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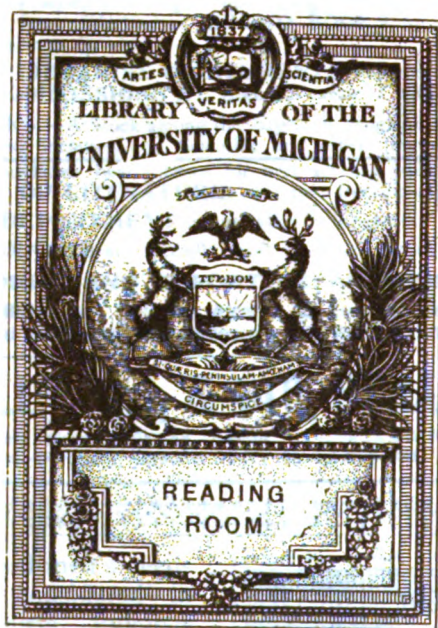
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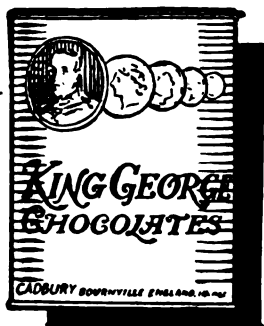
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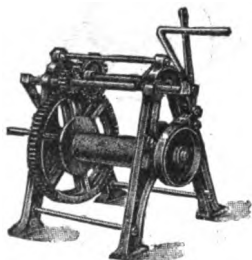
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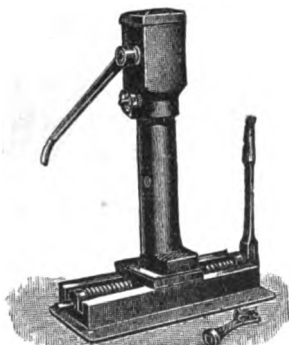
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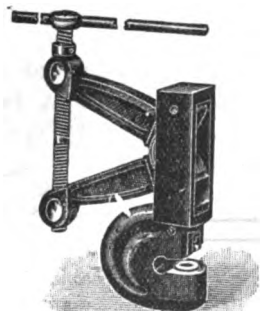
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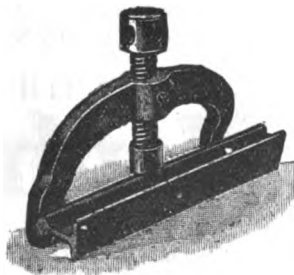
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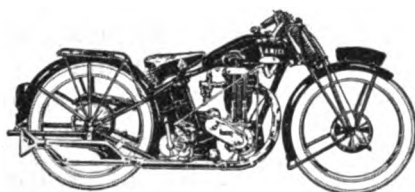
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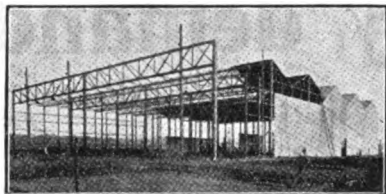
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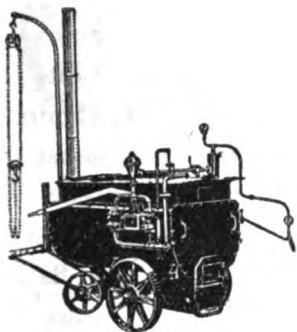
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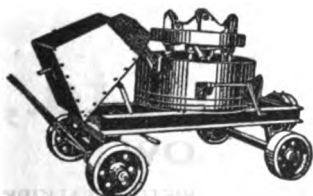
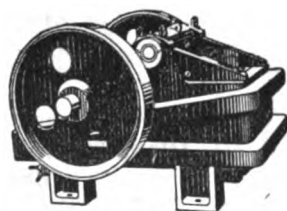
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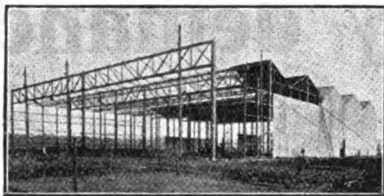
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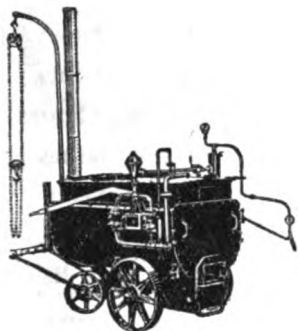
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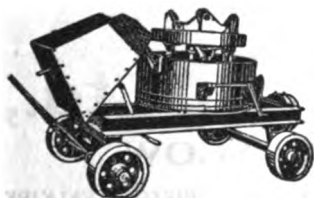
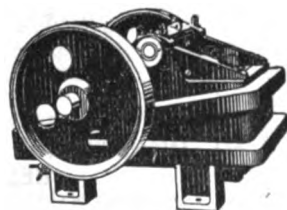
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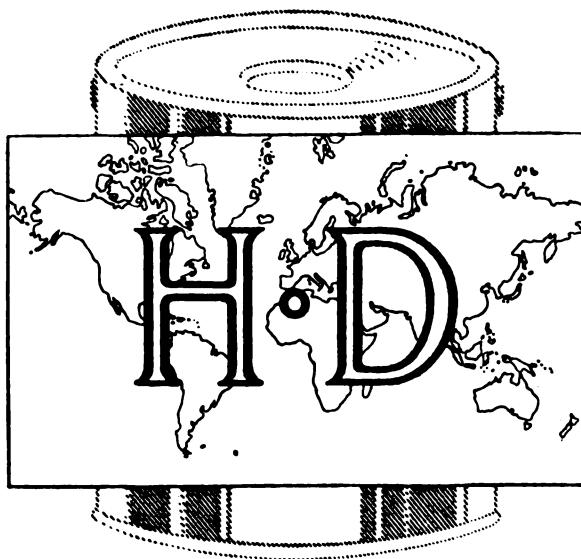
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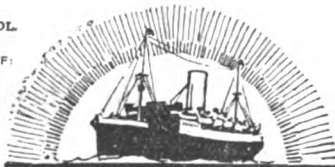


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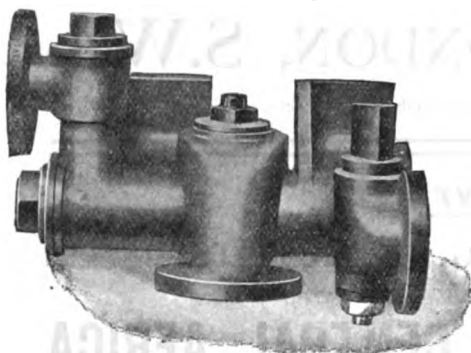
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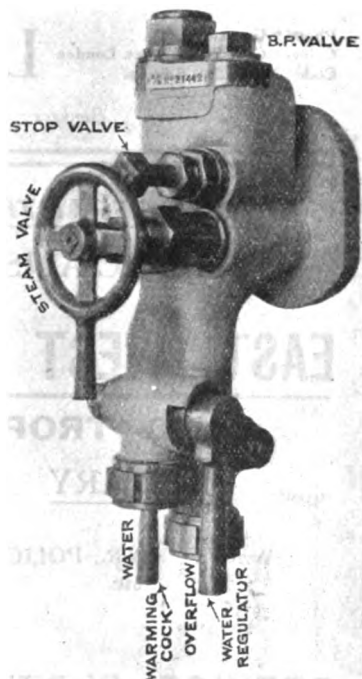
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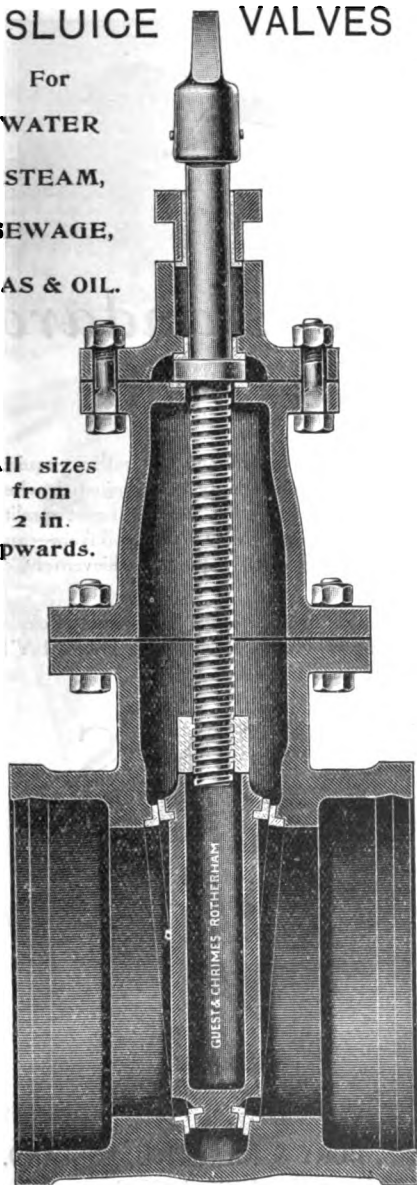
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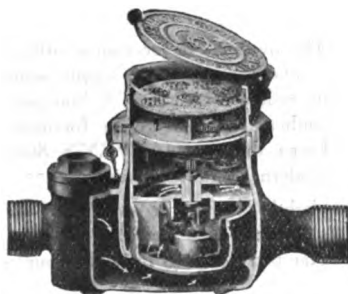


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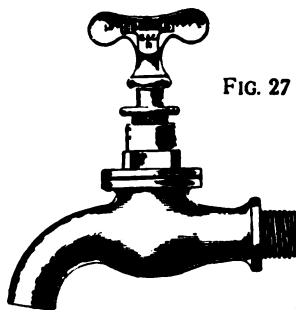
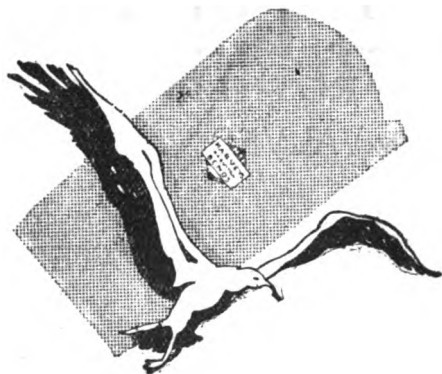


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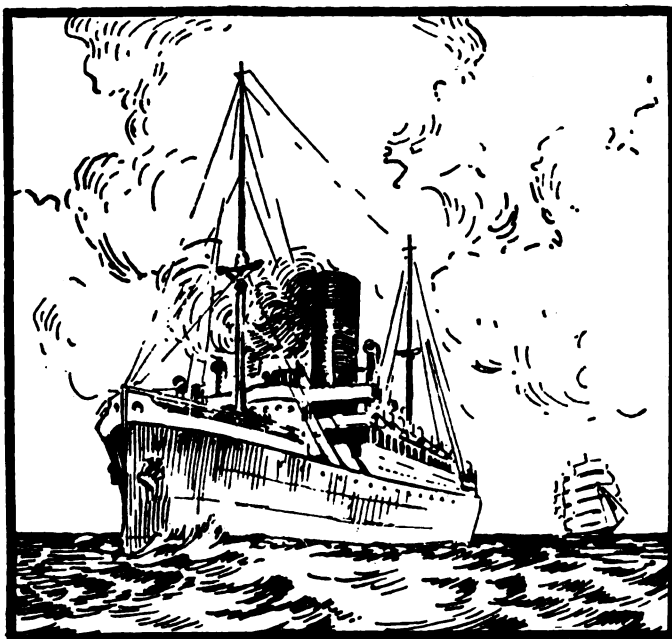
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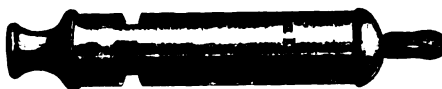
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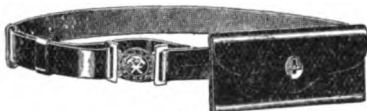
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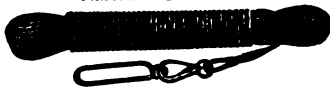
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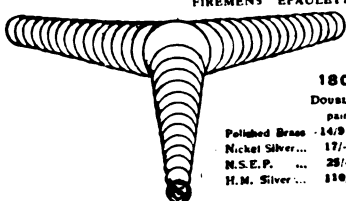
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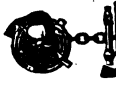
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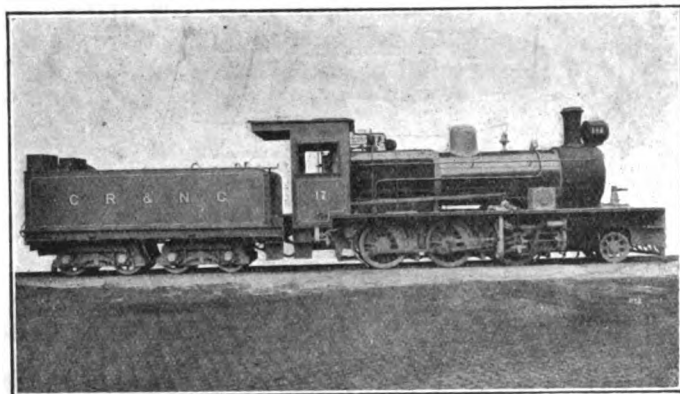
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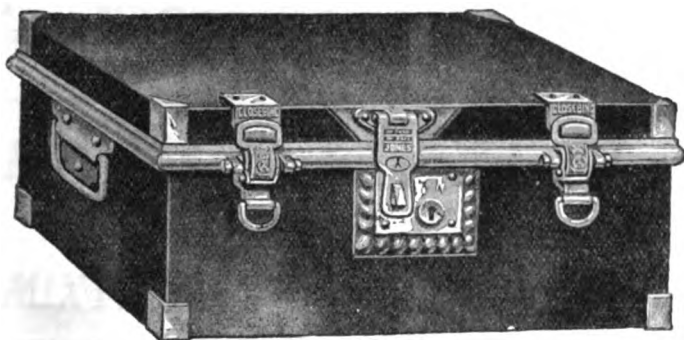
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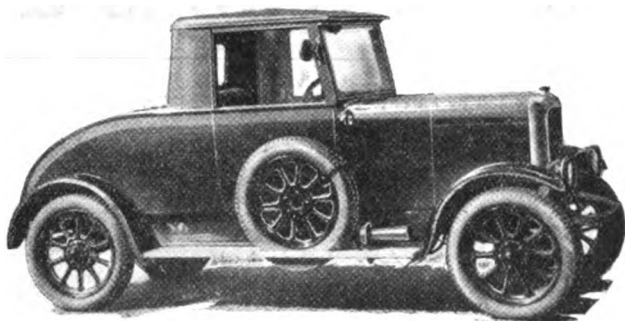
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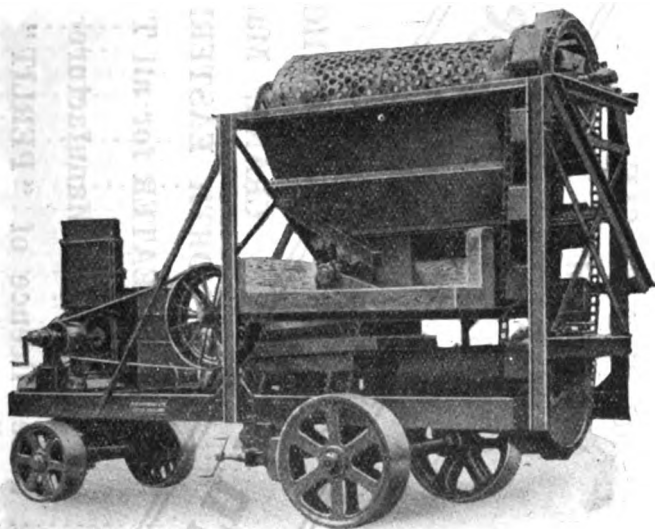
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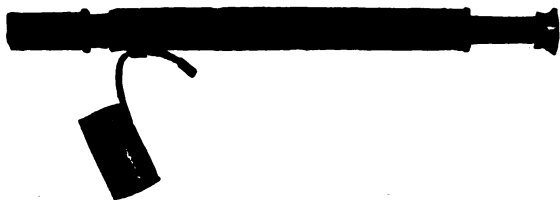
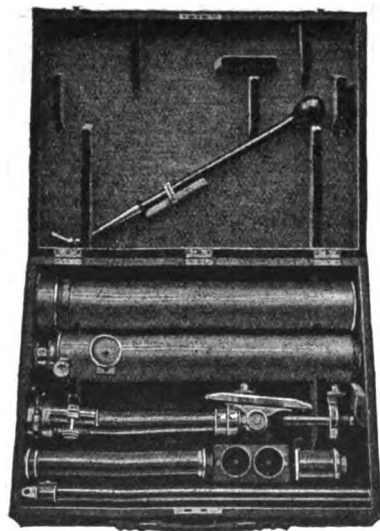
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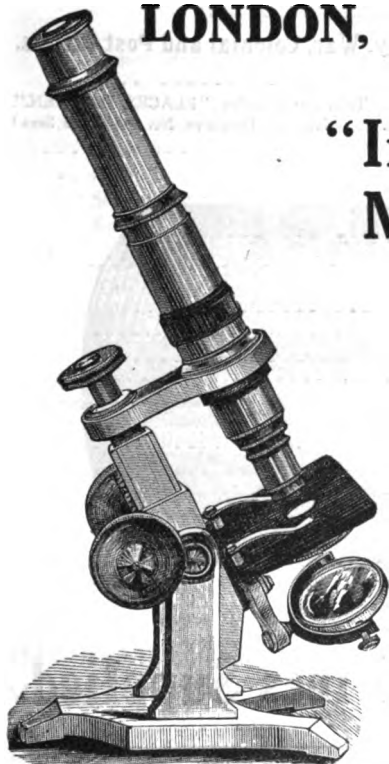
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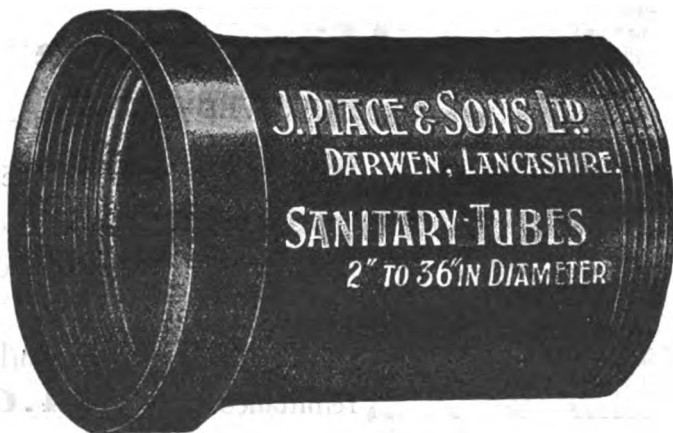
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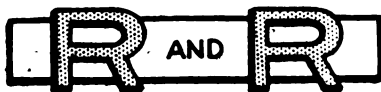
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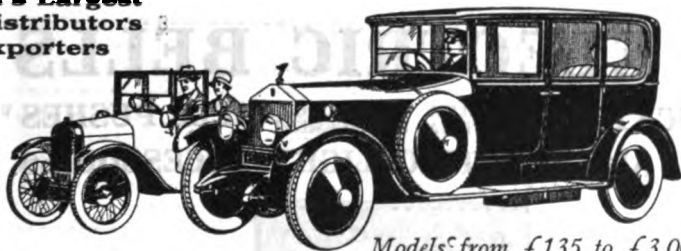
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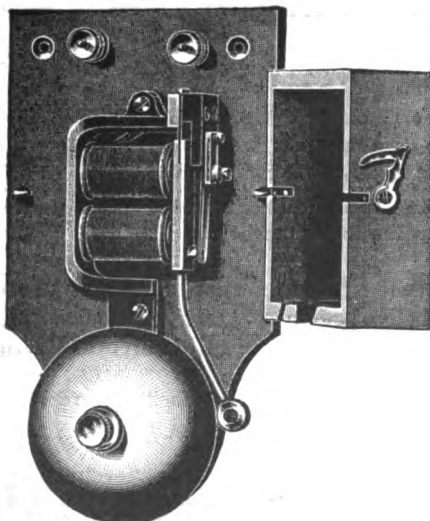
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FIG. 1.

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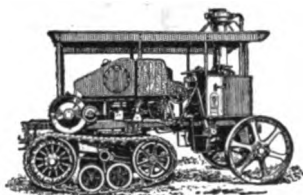
Figs. 1 & 2.



FIG. 2.

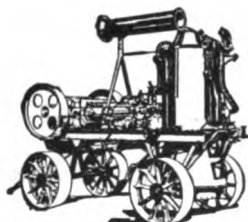
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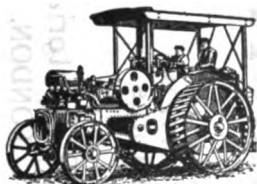
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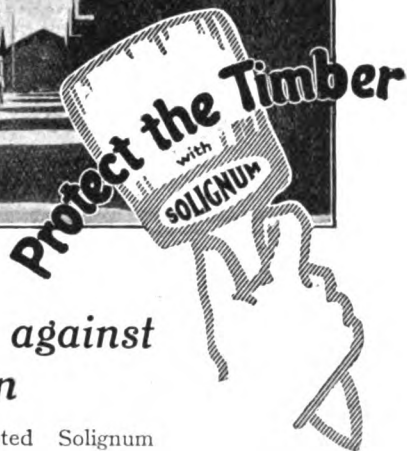
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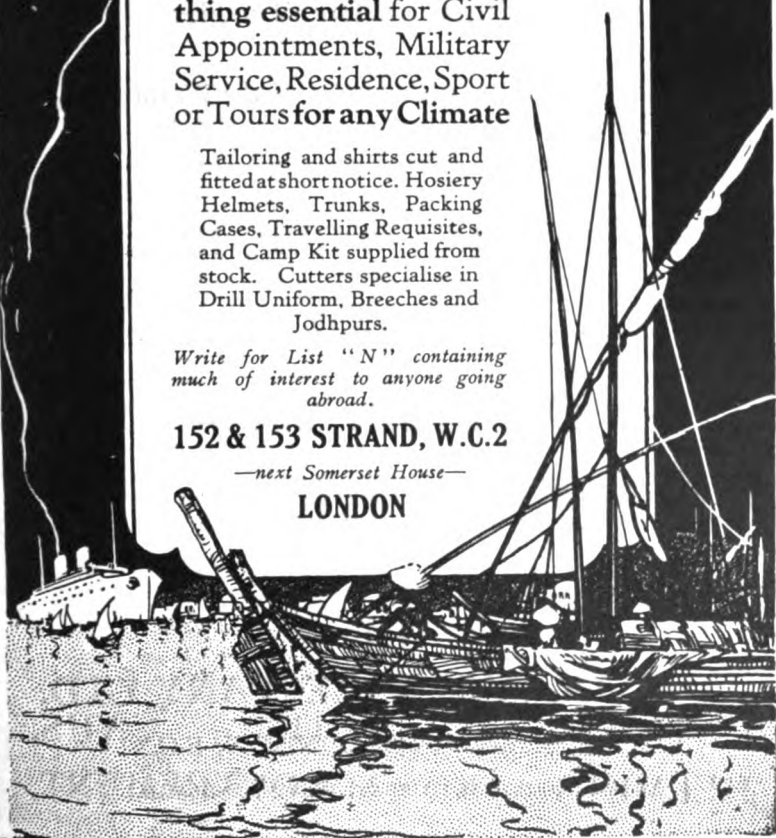
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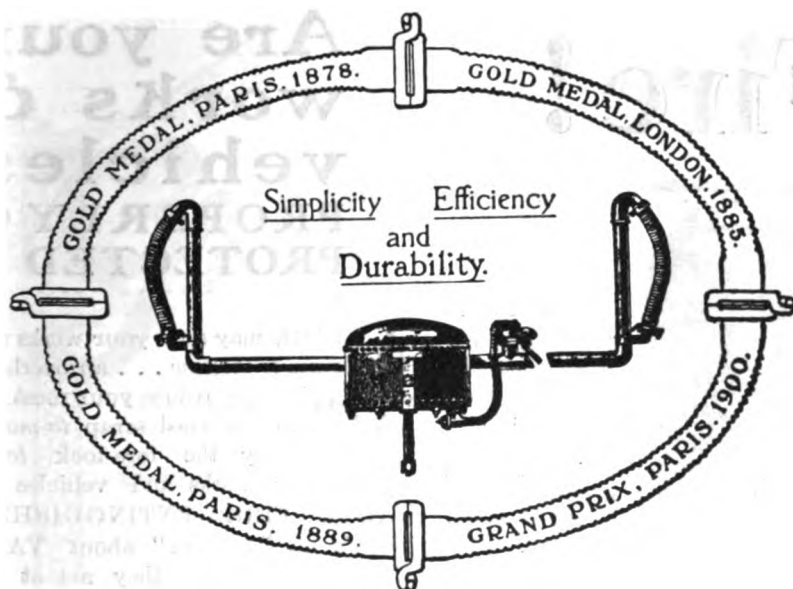
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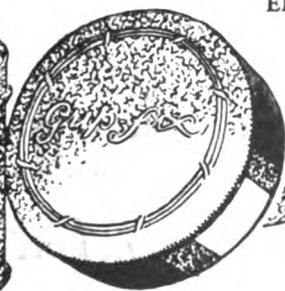
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Surplus Earned During the Year	£866,896	

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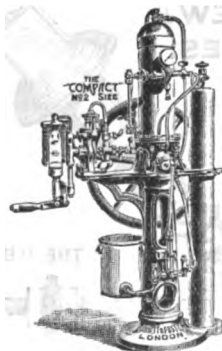
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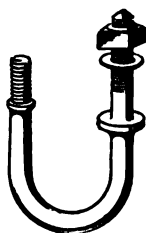
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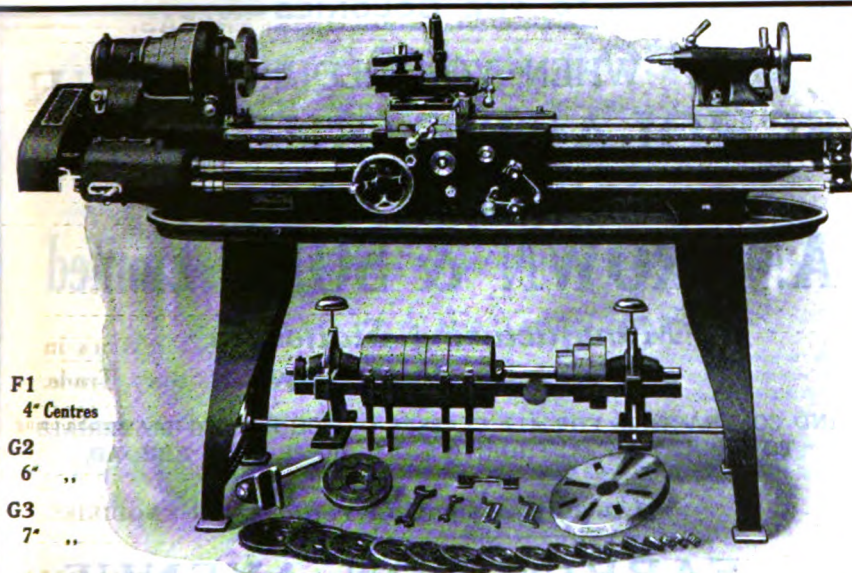


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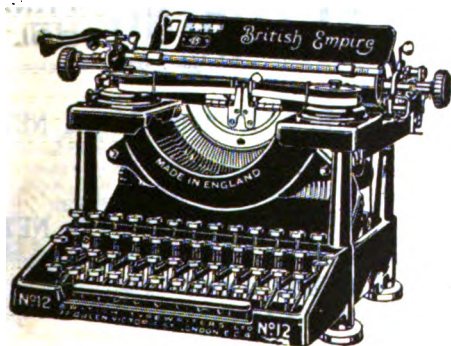
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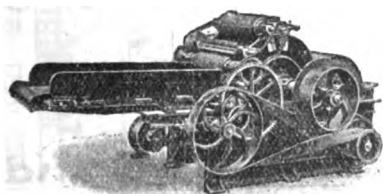
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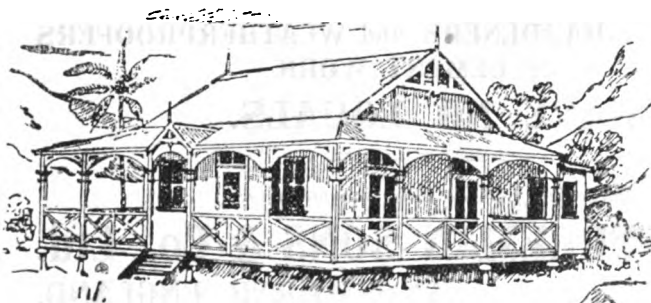
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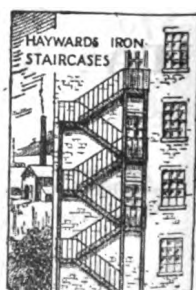
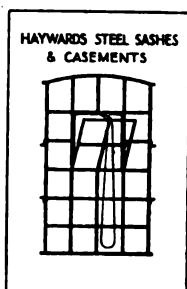
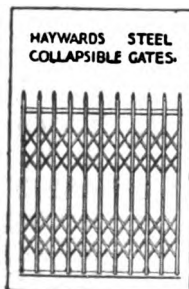
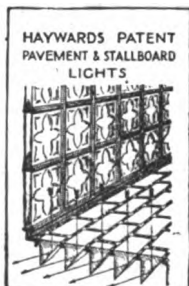
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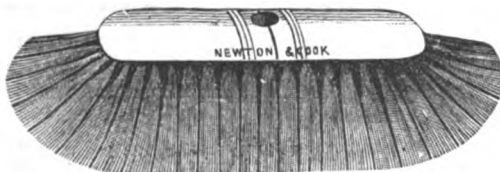
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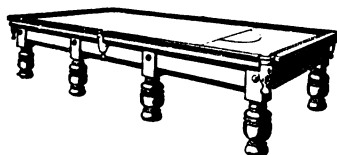
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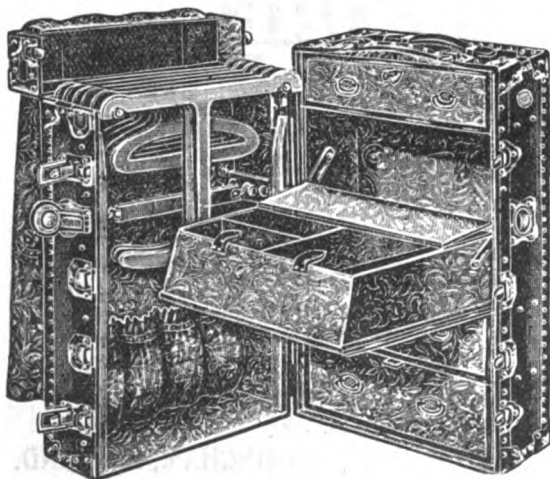
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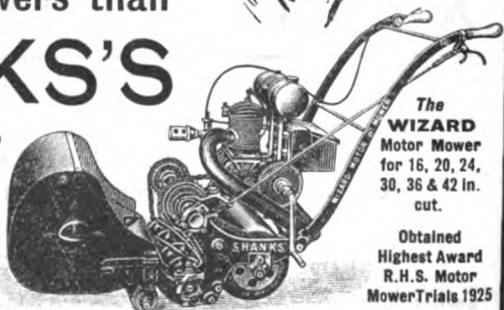
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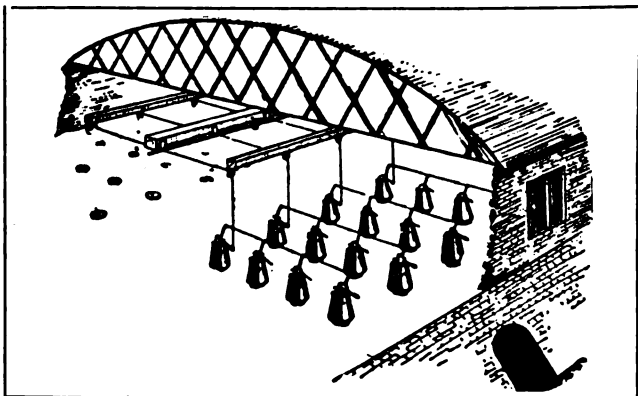
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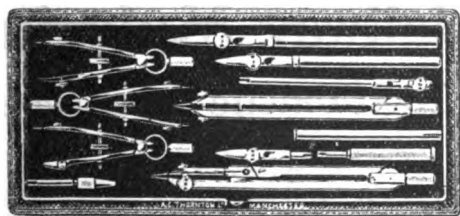
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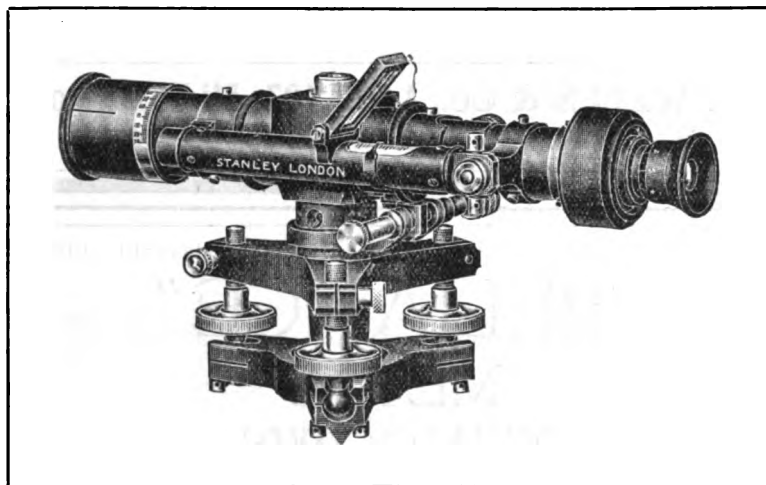
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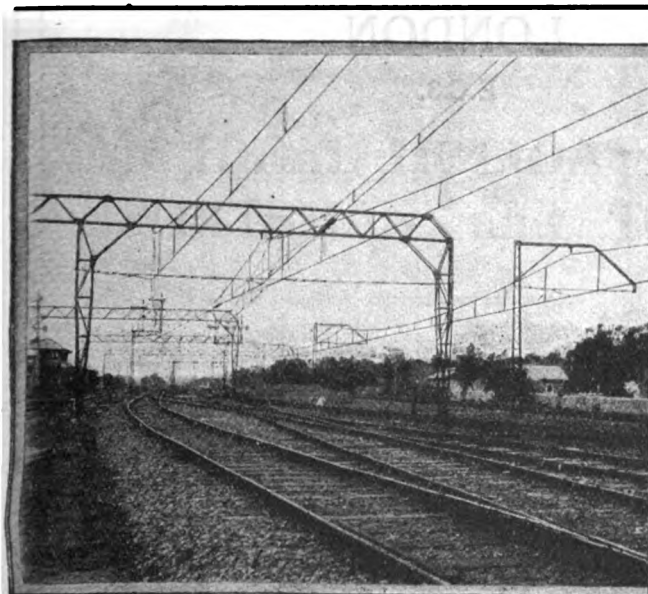
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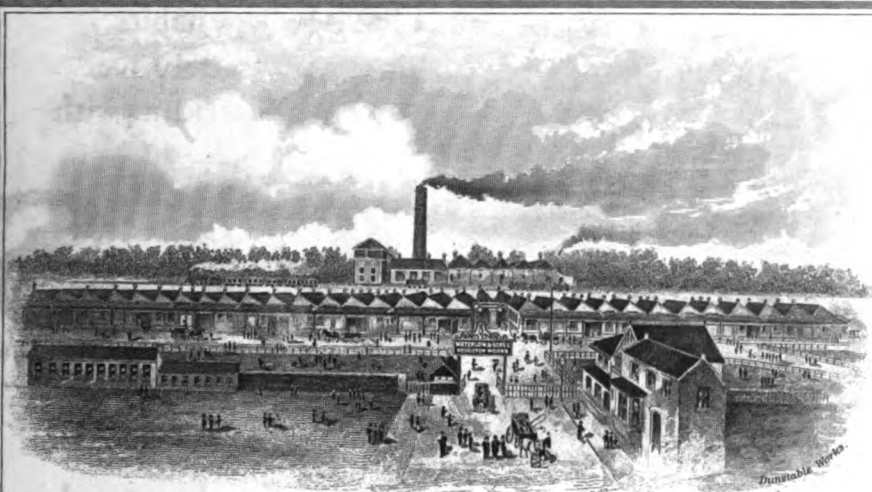
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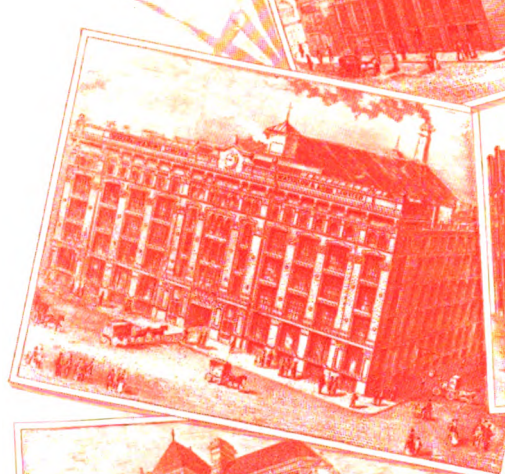
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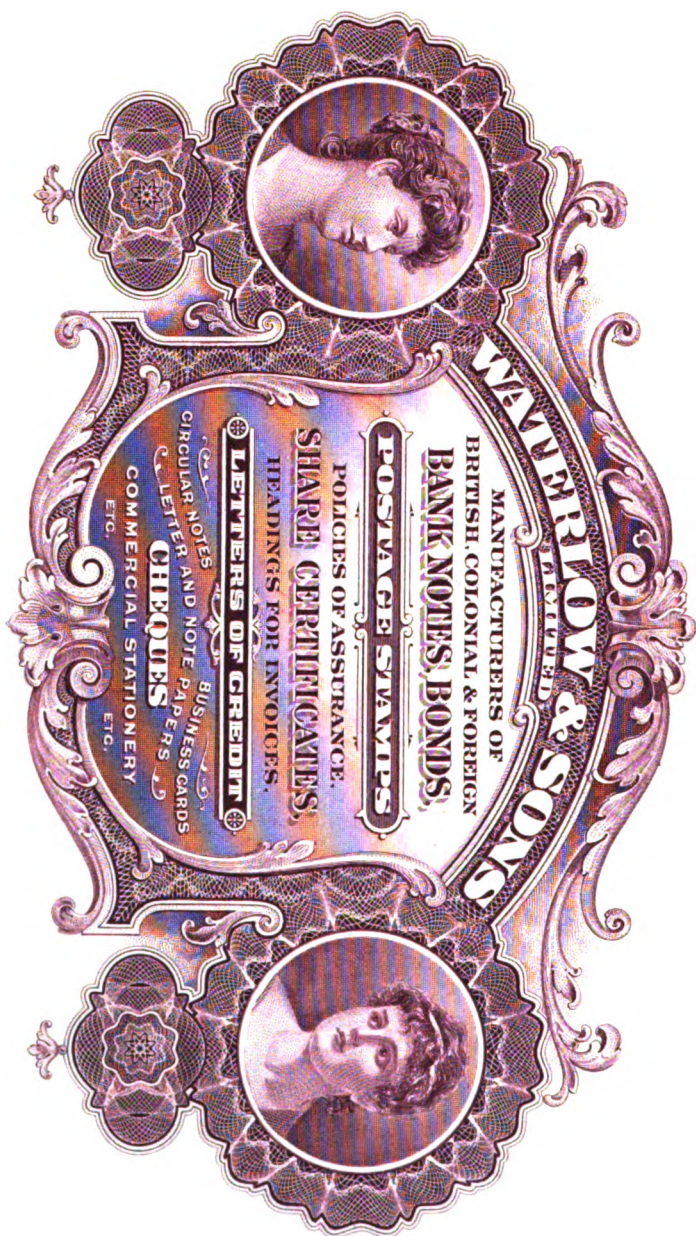
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PREFACE.

IN view of the creation of a Dominions Office (see page xii), the title of the publication was in 1926 altered to "The Dominions Office and Colonial Office List."

In 1927 Part II. was rearranged so as to collect together the accounts of the territories with which each Office is concerned.

The present Edition has been carefully revised throughout, and the Editors desire to express their thanks for the ready co-operation and assistance which the Dominion and Colonial Governments and their colleagues in the two Offices have accorded to them. They will be glad to receive information of any errors or omissions which may be discovered, and to have notified to them any alterations or additions to be made in the biographical portion of the work. All communications should be addressed to "The Editors, Dominions Office and Colonial Office List, Colonial Office, Downing Street, London, S.W.1."

The Editors are greatly obliged to the different Dominion and Colonial Governments and to the British North Borneo Company for the assistance afforded to them in regard to maps. It must, however, be distinctly understood that the maps in this publication are supplied for the purpose of illustrating the Handbook, and are (like the book itself) *not official*.

Special efforts have continued to be made to increase in number and bring up to date the biographies in the Appendix, and the Editors wish to express their acknowledgments to the Governments and Officers who have supplied them with information on the point. They are specially indebted to Mr. Thomas Mulvey, K.C., Under-Secretary of State of Canada, to the Government of the Union of South Africa, and to Mr. Fred. Johns, of Adelaide, author of "Johns's Notable Australians," and of "Who's Who in Australia."

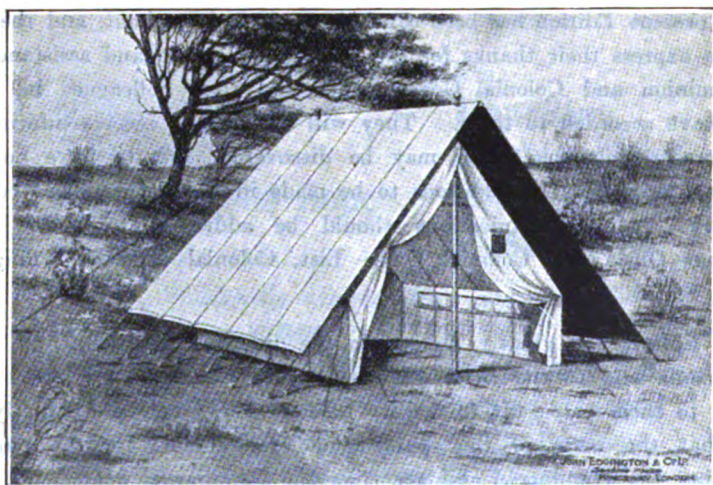
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THE DOMINIONS OFFICE

AND

COLONIAL OFFICE LIST

1928.

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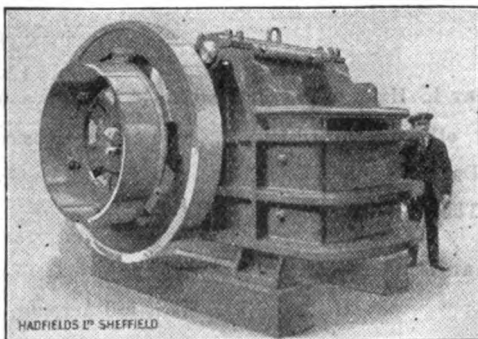
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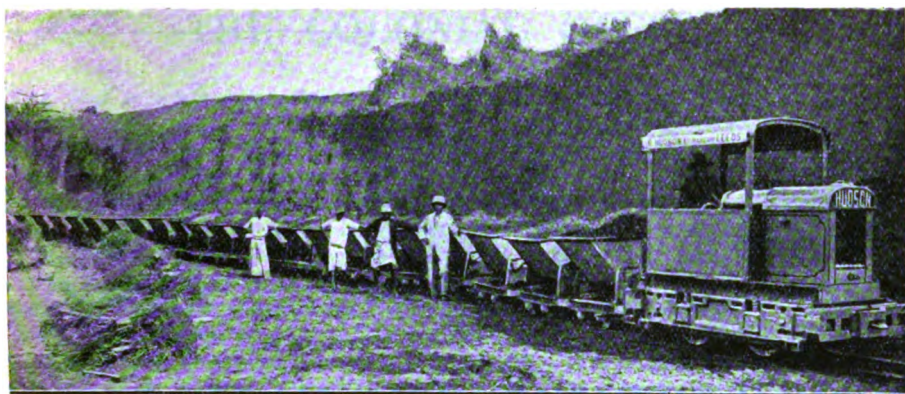
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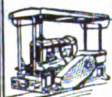
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THE COLONIAL OFFICE.

THE first separate organisation in this country for the central administration of Colonial affairs was a Committee of the Privy Council appointed by Order in Council of 4th July, 1660, "for the Plantations." On the 1st December, 1660, a separate "Council of Foreign Plantations" was created by Letters Patent.

It may be interesting to state that on the 28th of February, 1671, Evelyn's Diary records the author's appointment as a member of this Council, with "a salary of £500 per annum to encourage me."

In September, 1672, the Council was united, by Letters Patent, to the Council for Trade, and was henceforward known as the "Council of Trade and Plantations." It was suppressed on 21st December, 1677, and its functions, which had been much neglected, were transferred to the Privy Council. It was re-constituted in 1695, and continued to exist until 1782, at which date it consisted of eight Members of Parliament, who received a salary of £1,000 per annum each.

The affairs of India were placed under its charge in 1748, and remained so until the establishment of the Board of Control in 1784. From 1768 Colonial affairs have been dealt with by a Secretary of State.

The office of Secretary to the Sovereign dates at least from the reign of Henry III. There was one principal Secretary only (who was already called Secretary of State) down to 1539, when a second was appointed. From 1708 to 1746 a third Secretaryship existed, dealing exclusively with Scotland.

In 1768, a Secretary of State for the American, or Colonial Department, was appointed, in addition to the two principal Secretaries of State then existing; but the commissions to the Council of Trade and Plantations continued to run as before. Both the Council and the New Secretary of State's Department were abolished in 1782 by Burke's Act, 22 Geo. III., cap. 82, on the loss of the United States.

By this Act power was given to delegate to a Committee of the Privy Council all the functions hitherto exercised by the Council of Trade and Plantations, and by Order in Council of 11th September, 1782, circular instructions were sent to the Governors of the Plantations to transmit their returns and accounts to the Privy Council. Pending the appointment of a Committee, Colonial affairs were dealt with by a subordinate branch of the Home Department, styled the Plantations Branch.

At this time the duties of the two principal Secretaries of State were divided into "Home" and "Foreign," the affairs of Ireland devolving on the Home Department, which now undertook also those of the Colonies.

In 1784, by Order in Council of 5th March, a "Committee for Trade and Foreign Plantations" was appointed in pursuance of Burke's Act, and the new body was reorganised and placed upon a definite footing by the subsequent Orders of 22nd August and 25th August, 1786. The business hitherto dealt with by the Plantations Branch of the Home Office was transferred to this Committee.

At its commencement in 1793, the affairs of the French War were managed by the Home Department, but in 1794 Mr. Dundas (afterwards Lord Melville), who was then the Secretary of State dealing with the Home affairs of the Department, was appointed "Secretary for War," and also nominally Secretary of State for the Colonies; but the Departments of War and the Colonies were not actually united until 1801, when Lord Hobart was created Secretary of State for the War and Colonial Department. From 1794 the "Committee for Trade and Foreign Plantations" (now known as the Board of Trade) gradually ceased to have any connection with Colonial affairs.

From the conclusion of the French War the attention of the Secretary of State was chiefly occupied with the Colonies, and he was usually designated as Secretary of State for the Colonies. In 1854 a fourth principal Secretaryship of State was created, the Secretaryship for War; the affairs of the Colonies have since constituted the entire charge of a principal Secretary of State. When the third Secretaryship of State was created in 1794 he had only one Under Secretary of State assigned to his Department. In 1806 an additional Under Secretary of State was appointed, thus bringing his establishment to the level of the Home and Foreign Departments. This appointment was discontinued after the end of the French War, but was re-established in 1825. This second Under Secretaryship is held by an officer changing with the Government. An Assistant Under Secretary of State was appointed in 1847, and a Legal Adviser was added in 1867, and made an Assistant Under Secretary of State in 1870. A third Assistant Under Secretary of State was appointed in 1874, and a fourth in 1898. A new post, that of Assistant to the Legal Assistant Under Secretary of State, was created in 1897. In 1907 the office was divided into the Dominions, Crown Colonies, and General Divisions, and a new post, that of Secretary to the Imperial Conference, was created. In 1911 a Legal Adviser was appointed in place of the Legal Assistant Under Secretary of State and the number of Assistant Under Secretaries of State was reduced to two. The number was again raised to three in 1916. On 1st March, 1921, when the affairs of the Middle East (including Iraq and Palestine) were placed under the Colonial Office, a fourth Assistant Under Secretary of State was appointed provisionally. The post was placed on the permanent establishment on 1st April, 1924.

During 1922, the arrangements for carrying out the Articles of Agreement for a Treaty between Great Britain and Ireland, signed on 6th December, 1921, were placed by H.M. Government under the supervision of the Secretary of State for the Colonies. Upon the passing of the Irish Free State Constitution Act 1922 (Session 2) (13 Geo. V ch. 1), and upon the exercise by the Government of Northern Ireland of the option provided in Article 12 of the Treaty, the Secretary of State for the Colonies became responsible for business relating to the Irish Free State and the Secretary of State for Home Affairs for business relating to Northern Ireland.

THE DOMINIONS OFFICE.

In July, 1925, a new Secretaryship of State for Dominion Affairs was created, and as a result the Dominions Office was set up, to take over, from the Colonial Office, business connected with the self-governing Dominions (including the Irish Free State), the self-governing Colony of Southern Rhodesia, and the South African territories (Basutoland, Bechuanaland Protectorate and Swaziland), and business relating to the Imperial Conference.

The Staff of the Colonial Office and the Dominions Office is shown on pages xv to xx. The Permanent Under Secretaries of State, Assistant Under Secretaries of State, Legal Adviser, Chief Medical Adviser and Assistant Legal Adviser are Staff Officers selected by the Secretary of State. The rest of the Administrative and the Clerical Staff are recruited after competitive examinations held by the Civil Service Commissioners, from whom particulars can be obtained.

The present offices in Downing Street were occupied in 1875.

SECRETARIES OF STATE WHO ADMINISTERED THE AFFAIRS OF THE COLONIES BETWEEN 1768 AND 1794.

1768, Feb. 27.	Wills Earl of Hillsborough (afterwards Marquis of Downshire).	1783, April 18.	Frederick Lord North (afterwards Earl of Guilford).
1772, Aug. 27.	William Earl of Dartmouth.	1783, Dec. 23.	Thomas Lord Sydney.
1776, Jan. 25.	Lord George Sackville Germaine (afterwards Visct. Sackville).	1789, June 5.	William Wyndham Grenville (afterwards Lord Grenville).
1782, March 8.	Welbore Ellis, Esq. (afterwards Lord Mendip).	1791, June 8.	Henry Dundas (afterwards Visct. Melville).
1782, April 15.	William Earl of Shelburne.	1794, Aug. 7.	William Henry Duke of Portland.
1782, July 17.	Thomas Townshend (afterwards Lord Sydney).		

SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR THE COLONIAL AND WAR DEPARTMENTS FROM 1794 TO 1854.

1794.	Right Hon. Henry Dundas (afterwards Viscount Melville).	1830.	Viscount Goderich (afterwards Earl of Ripon).
1801.	Lord Hobart (afterwards Earl of Buckinghamshire).	1833.	Right Hon. E. G. Stanley (afterwards Earl of Derby).
1804.	Earl (afterwards Marquess) Camden.	1834.	Right Hon. Thomas Spring Rice (afterwards Lord Monteagle).
1806.	Viscount Castlereagh (afterwards Marquess of Londonderry).		Earl of Aberdeen.
1806.	Right Hon. W. Windham.	1835.	Right Hon. Chas. Grant (afterwards Lord Glenelg).
1807.	Viscount Castlereagh (afterwards Marquess of Londonderry).	1839.	Marquess of Normanby.
1809.	Earl of Liverpool.		Lord John Russell (afterwards Earl Russell).
1812.	Earl Bathurst.	1841.	Lord Stanley (afterwards Earl of Derby).
1827.	Right Hon. F. J. Robinson (afterwards Earl of Ripon).	1845.	Right Hon. William Ewart Gladstone.
	Right Hon. W. Huskisson.	1846.	Earl Grey.
1828.	Right Hon. Sir George Murray.	1852.	Right Hon. Sir John S. Pakington, Bart. (afterwards Lord Hampton).
		1852.	Duke of Newcastle.

SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES FROM 1854.

1854, June 10.	Right Hon. Sir G. Grey, Bart.	1886, Feb. 6.	Earl Granville, K.G.
1855, Feb.	Right Hon. Sidney Herbert (afterwards Lord Herbert of Lea).	1886, Aug. 3.	Right Hon. Edward Stanhope, M.P.
1855, March.	Lord John Russell (afterwards Earl Russell, K.G., G.C.M.G.)	1887, Jan. 14.	Right Hon. Sir Henry Thurstan Holland, Bart., G.C.M.G., M.P. (created Baron Knutsford, 1888, and Viscount Knutsford, 1895).
July 21.	Right Hon. Sir William Molesworth, Bart.	1892, Aug. 17.	The Marquess of Ripon, K.G.
Nov. 17.	Right Hon. Henry Labouchere (afterwards Lord Taunton).	1895, June 28.	Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, M.P.
1858, Feb. 26.	Lord Stanley (afterwards Earl of Derby).	1903, Oct. 9.	Right Hon. Alfred Lyttelton, K.C., M.P.
1858, May 31.	Right Hon. Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, Bart. (afterwards Lord Lytton, G.C.M.G.)	1905, Dec. 11.	The Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K.G., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.
1859, June 18.	Duke of Newcastle, K.G.	1908, Apr. 16.	The Earl (now Marquess) of Crewe, K.G.
1864, April 4.	Right Hon. Edward Cardwell (afterwards Viscount Cardwell).	1910, Nov. 7.	Right Hon. Lewis Harcourt, M.P. (afterwards Viscount Harcourt).
1866, July 6.	Earl of Carnarvon.	1915, May 27.	Right Hon. A. Bonar Law, M.P.
1867, March 8.	Duke of Buckingham & Chandos.	1916, Dec. 11.	Right Hon. W. H. Long, M.P.
1868, Dec. 10.	Earl Granville, K.G.	1919, Jan. 14.	Viscount Milner, G.C.B., G.C.M.G. (afterwards K.G.).
1870, July 6.	Earl of Kimberley, K.G.	1921, Feb. 14.	Right Hon. Winston S. Churchill, M.P.
1874, Feb. 21.	Earl of Carnarvon.	1922, Oct. 25.	Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.
1878, Feb. 4.	Right Hon. Sir Michael E. Hicks-Beach, Bart., M.P. (afterwards Earl St. Aldwyn).	1924, Jan. 23.	Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P.
1880, April 28.	Earl of Kimberley, K.G.	1924, Nov. 7.	Right Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.
1882, Dec. 16.	Earl of Derby, K.G.		
1885, June 24.	Colonel Right Hon. F. A. Stanley (afterwards Lord Stanley of Preston, G.C.B., and subsequently Earl of Derby).		

From the conclusion of the French War the attention of the Secretary of State was chiefly occupied with the Colonies, and he was usually designated as Secretary of State for the Colonies. In 1854 a fourth principal Secretaryship of State was created, the Secretaryship for War; the affairs of the Colonies have since constituted the entire charge of a principal Secretary of State. When the third Secretaryship of State was created in 1794 he had only one Under Secretary of State assigned to his Department. In 1806 an additional Under Secretary of State was appointed, thus bringing his establishment to the level of the Home and Foreign Departments. This appointment was discontinued after the end of the French War, but was re-established in 1825. This second Under Secretaryship is held by an officer changing with the Government. An Assistant Under Secretary of State was appointed in 1847, and a Legal Adviser was added in 1867, and made an Assistant Under Secretary of State in 1870. A third Assistant Under Secretary of State was appointed in 1874, and a fourth in 1898. A new post, that of Assistant to the Legal Assistant Under Secretary of State, was created in 1897. In 1907 the office was divided into the Dominions, Crown Colonies, and General Divisions, and a new post, that of Secretary to the Imperial Conference, was created. In 1911 a Legal Adviser was appointed in place of the Legal Assistant Under Secretary of State and the number of Assistant Under Secretaries of State was reduced to two. The number was again raised to three in 1916. On 1st March, 1921, when the affairs of the Middle East (including Iraq and Palestine) were placed under the Colonial Office, a fourth Assistant Under Secretary of State was appointed provisionally. The post was placed on the permanent establishment on 1st April, 1924.

During 1922, the arrangements for carrying out the Articles of Agreement for a Treaty between Great Britain and Ireland, signed on 6th December, 1921, were placed by H.M. Government under the supervision of the Secretary of State for the Colonies. Upon the passing of the Irish Free State Constitution Act 1922 (Session 2) (13 Geo. V ch. 1), and upon the exercise by the Government of Northern Ireland of the option provided in Article 12 of the Treaty, the Secretary of State for the Colonies became responsible for business relating to the Irish Free State and the Secretary of State for Home Affairs for business relating to Northern Ireland.

THE DOMINIONS OFFICE.

In July, 1925, a new Secretaryship of State for Dominion Affairs was created, and as a result the Dominions Office was set up, to take over, from the Colonial Office, business connected with the self-governing Dominions (including the Irish Free State), the self-governing Colony of Southern Rhodesia, and the South African territories (Basutoland, Bechuanaland Protectorate and Swaziland), and business relating to the Imperial Conference.

The Staff of the Colonial Office and the Dominions Office is shown on pages xv to xx. The Permanent Under Secretaries of State, Assistant Under Secretaries of State, Legal Adviser, Chief Medical Adviser and Assistant Legal Adviser are Staff Officers selected by the Secretary of State. The rest of the Administrative and the Clerical Staff are recruited after competitive examinations held by the Civil Service Commissioners, from whom particulars can be obtained.

The present offices in Downing Street were occupied in 1875.

SECRETARIES OF STATE WHO ADMINISTERED THE AFFAIRS OF THE COLONIES BETWEEN 1768 AND 1794.

1768, Feb. 27.	Wills Earl of Hillsborough (afterwards Marquis of Downshire).	1783, April 18.	Frederick Lord North (afterwards Earl of Guilford).
1772, Aug. 27.	William Earl of Dartmouth.	1783, Dec. 23.	Thomas Lord Sydney.
1776, Jan. 25.	Lord George Sackville Germaine (afterwards Visct. Sackville).	1789, June 5.	William Wyndham Grenville (afterwards Lord Grenville).
1782, March 8.	Welbore Ellis, Esq. (afterwards Lord Mendip).	1791, June 8.	Henry Dundas (afterwards Visct. Melville).
1782, April 15.	William Earl of Shelburne.	1794, Aug. 7.	William Henry Duke of Portland.
1782, July 17.	Thomas Townshend (afterwards Lord Sydney).		

SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR THE COLONIAL AND WAR DEPARTMENTS FROM 1794 TO 1854.

1794.	Right Hon. Henry Dundas (afterwards Viscount Melville).	1830.	Viscount Goderich (afterwards Earl of Ripon).
1801.	Lord Hobart (afterwards Earl of Buckinghamshire).	1833.	Right Hon. E. G. Stanley (afterwards Earl of Derby).
1804.	Earl (afterwards Marquess) Camden.	1834.	Right Hon. Thomas Spring Rice (afterwards Lord Monteagle).
1805.	Viscount Castlereagh (afterwards Marquess of Londonderry).		Earl of Aberdeen.
1806.	Right Hon. W. Windham.	1835.	Right Hon. Chas. Grant (afterwards Lord Glenelg).
1807.	Viscount Castlereagh (afterwards Marquess of Londonderry).	1839.	Marquess of Normanby.
1809.	Earl of Liverpool.		Lord John Russell (afterwards Earl Russell).
1812.	Earl Bathurst.	1841.	Lord Stanley (afterwards Earl of Derby).
1827.	Right Hon. F. J. Robinson (afterwards Earl of Ripon).	1845.	Right Hon. William Ewart Gladstone.
	Right Hon. W. Huskisson.	1846.	Earl Grey.
1828.	Right Hon. Sir George Murray.	1852.	Right Hon. Sir John S. Pakington, Bart. (afterwards Lord Hampton).
		1852.	Duke of Newcastle.

SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES FROM 1854.

1854, June 10.	Right Hon. Sir G. Grey, Bart.	1886, Feb. 6.	Earl Granville, K.G.
1855, Feb.	Right Hon. Sidney Herbert (afterwards Lord Herbert of Lea).	1886, Aug. 3.	Right Hon. Edward Stanhope, M.P.
1855, March.	Lord John Russell (afterwards Earl Russell, K.G., G.C.M.G.).	1887, Jan. 14.	Right Hon. Sir Henry Thurstan Holland, Bart., G.C.M.G., M.P. (created Baron Knutsford, 1888, and Viscount Knutsford, 1895).
July 21.	Right Hon. Sir William Molesworth, Bart.	1892, Aug. 17.	The Marquess of Ripon, K.G.
Nov. 17.	Right Hon. Henry Labouchere (afterwards Lord Taunton).	1895, June 28.	Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, M.P.
1858, Feb. 26.	Lord Stanley (afterwards Earl of Derby).	1903, Oct. 9.	Right Hon. Alfred Lyttelton, K.C., M.P.
1858, May 31.	Right Hon. Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, Bart. (afterwards Lord Lytton, G.C.M.G.).	1905, Dec. 11.	The Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K.G., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.
1859, June 18.	Duke of Newcastle, K.G.	1908, Apr. 16.	The Earl (now Marquess) of Crewe, K.G.
1864, April 4.	Right Hon. Edward Cardwell (afterwards Viscount Cardwell).	1910, Nov. 7.	Right Hon. Lewis Harcourt, M.P. (afterwards Viscount Harcourt).
1866, July 6.	Earl of Carnarvon.	1915, May 27.	Right Hon. A. Bonar Law, M.P.
1867, March 8.	Duke of Buckingham & Chandos.	1916, Dec. 11.	Right Hon. W. H. Long, M.P.
1868, Dec. 10.	Earl Granville, K.G.	1919, Jan. 14.	Viscount Milner, G.C.B., G.C.M.G. (afterwards K.G.).
1870, July 6.	Earl of Kimberley, K.G.	1921, Feb. 14.	Right Hon. Winston S. Churchill, M.P.
1874, Feb. 21.	Earl of Carnarvon.	1922, Oct. 25.	Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.
1878, Feb. 4.	Right Hon. Sir Michael E. Hicks-Beach, Bart., M.P. (afterwards Earl St. Aldwyn).	1924, Jan. 23.	Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P.
1880, April 28.	Earl of Kimberley, K.G.	1924, Nov. 7.	Right Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.
1882, Dec. 16.	Earl of Derby, K.G.		
1885, June 24.	Colonel Right Hon. F. A. Stanley (afterwards Lord Stanley of Preston, G.C.B., and subsequently Earl of Derby).		

UNDER-SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

Permanent.

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|---|--|
| 1825. Robert William Hay. | 1907. Sir Francis J. S. Hopwood, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. (now Rt. Hon. Lord Southborough, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.) |
| 1836. Sir James Stephen, K.C.B. | 1911. Sir John Anderson, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. |
| 1847. Herman Merivale, C.B. | 1916. Sir George V. Fiddes, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. |
| 1859. Sir Frederic Rogers, Bart., G.C.M.G. (afterwards Lord Blachford). | 1921. Sir James E. Masterton Smith, K.C.B. |
| 1871. Hon. Sir Robt. G. Wyndham Herbert, G.C.B. | 1925. Brig.-Gen. Sir Samuel H. Wilson, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B. (now K.C.B.) |
| 1892. Hon. Sir Robert H. Meade, G.C.B. | |
| 1897. Sir Edward Wingfield, K.C.B. | |
| 1900. Sir Montagu F. Ommamney, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., I.S.O. | |

Parliamentary.

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| 1830. Viscount Howick (Earl Grey). | 1881. Leonard H. Courtney, M.P. (afterwards Lord Courtney). |
| 1833. Sir John Shaw Lefevre, K.C.B., M.P. | 1882. Hon. (afterwards Rt. Hon.) Evelyn Ashley, M.P. |
| 1834. W. E. Gladstone, M.P. | 1885. Earl of Dunraven, K.P. |
| 1835. Sir George Grey, Bart., M.P. | 1886. Right Hon. G. Osborne Morgan, M.P. (afterwards Sir G. Osborne Morgan, Bart.) |
| 1839. Right Hon. Henry Labouchere, M.P. (afterwards Lord Taunton). | 1886. Earl of Dunraven, K.P. |
| 1839. Robert Vernon Smith, M.P. (afterwards Lord Lyveden). | 1887. Earl of Onslow, K.C.M.G. |
| 1841. George William Hope, M.P. | 1888. Baron Henry de Worms, M.P. (afterwards Baron Pirbright). |
| 1845. Lord Lyttelton, K.C.M.G. | 1892. Sidney Charles Buxton, M.P. (now Earl Buxton, P.C., G.C.M.G.) |
| 1846. Benjamin Hawes, M.P. | 1895. Earl of Selborne. |
| 1851. Frederick Peel, M.P. | 1900. Earl of Onslow, G.C.M.G. |
| 1852. Feb. Right Hon. Earl of Desart. | 1903. Duke of Marlborough, K.G. |
| 1852. Dec. F. Peel, M.P. | 1905. Winston S. Churchill, M.P. |
| 1855. John Ball, M.P. | 1908. Col. J. E. B. Seely, D.S.O., M.P. (now Maj.-Genl. the Right Hon. J. E. B. Seely, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.) |
| 1857. Chichester S. Fortescue, M.P. (afterwards Lord Carlingford). | 1911. Lord Lucas. |
| 1858. Earl of Carnarvon. | 1911. Lord Emmott, P.C., G.C.M.G. |
| 1859. Chichester S. Fortescue, M.P. (afterwards Lord Carlingford). | 1914. Lord Islington, P.C., G.C.M.G., D.S.O. |
| 1865. W. E. Forster, M.P. | 1915. Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland, Bt., M.P. |
| 1866. Right Hon. Sir C. B. Adderley, K.C.M.G., M.P. (afterwards Lord Norton). | 1917. W. A. S. Hewins, M.P. |
| 1868. Right Hon. W. Monsell M.P. (afterwards Lord Emly). | 1919. Lt.-Col. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P. |
| 1871. E. H. Knatchbull-Hugessen, M.P. (afterwards Lord Brabourne). | 1921. Hon. E. F. L. Wood, M.P. (now the Rt. Hon. Lord Irwin, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.) |
| 1874. James Lowther, M.P. | 1922. Hon. (now the Rt. Hon.) W. G. A. Ormsby-Gore, M.P. |
| 1878. Earl Cadogan. | 1924. Lord Arnold. |
| 1880. Right Hon. Sir M. E. Grant Duff, G.C.S.I. | 1924. Rt. Hon. W. G. A. Ormsby-Gore, M.P. |

Assistant.

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|---|--|
| 1849-68. Sir T. Frederick Elliot, K.C.M.G. | 1892-97. Edward Fairfield, C.B., C.M.G. |
| 1868-70. Sir F. R. Sandford, K.C.B. (afterwards Lord Sandford). | 1897-07. Frederick Graham, C.B. (afterwards Sir Frederick Graham, K.C.B.). |
| 1870-1. Hon. R. G. W. Herbert (afterwards Sir R. G. W. Herbert, G.C.B.). | 1897-11. Sir Charles Prestwood Lucas, K.C.M.G., C.B. (now K.C.B.). |
| 1870-4. H. T. Holland (afterwards Sir H. Holland, Bart., and Viscount Knutsford, G.C.M.G.). | 1897-11. Hugh Bertram Cox, C.B. |
| 1871-92. Hon. R. H. Meade, C.B. (afterwards Sir Robert H. Meade, G.C.B.). | 1898-09. Sir Reginald Laurence Antrobus, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| 1874-8. W. R. Malcolm. | 1907-16. Sir Hartmann W. Just, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| 1874-6. Sir Julian Pauncfote, Kt. Bach. (afterwards Lord Pauncfote, G.C.B., G.C.M.G.). | 1909-16. Sir George Vandeleur Fiddes, K.C.M.G., C.B. (now G.C.M.G., K.C.B.). |
| 1876-97. Sir John Bramston, G.C.M.G., C.B. | 1916-24. Sir Herbert J. Read, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| 1878-97. Edward Wingfield, C.B. (afterwards Sir Edward Wingfield, K.C.B.). | 1916. Sir Gilbert E. A. Grindle, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1916-21. Sir Henry Lambert, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1921-25. Sir Charles T. Davis, K.C.M.G. |
| | 1924. Sir John E. Shuckburgh, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1924-27. Sir Charles Strachey, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1927. W. C. Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., O.B.E. |

SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR DOMINION AFFAIRS.

1925 Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.

UNDER-SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR DOMINION AFFAIRS.

Permanent.

1925 Sir Charles T. Davis, K.C.M.G.

Parliamentary.

1925 Earl of Clarendon.

1927 Lord Lovat, K.T., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O.

Assistant.

1925 Sir Edward J. Harding, K.C.M.G., C.B.

The total estimated expenditure from Votes administered by the Dominions and Colonial Offices for the year 1927-28 was as follows:—

Colonial Office (Class II, Vote 8)	£143,094
Colonial Services (Class II, Vote 9)	£308,769
Dominions Office (Class II, Vote 4)	£49,440
Dominions Services (Class II, Vote 5)	£190,419
Oversea Settlement (Class II, Vote 7)	£1,540,000
Middle Eastern Services (Class II, Vote 10)	£3,395,000
Empire Marketing (Class II, Vote 6)	£1,000,000

THE COLONIAL OFFICE.

Secretary of State, The Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.	7 Nov., 1924.
Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Rt. Hon. W. G. A. Ormsby-Gore, M.P.	7 Nov., 1924.
Permanent Under-Secretary of State, Brig.-Genl. Sir Samuel H. Wilson, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.B.E.†	5 Aug., 1925.
Assistant Under-Secretaries of State	
Sir Gilbert E. A. Grindle, K.C.M.G., C.B.*||	4 June, 1916.
Sir John E. Shuckburgh, K.C.M.G., C.B.†††	1 April, 1924.
W. C. Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., O.B.E.§	18 Sept., 1927.
Legal Adviser, Sir John S. Risley, K.C.M.G., C.B., K.C.	19 May, 1911.
Chief Medical Adviser, A. T. Stanton, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H.	10 Aug., 1926.
Economic and Financial Adviser, Sir G. Schuster, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., M.C.	1 Oct., 1927.
Assistant Legal Advisers	
H. G. Bushe, C.M.G.	1 Jan., 1919.
A. Ehrhardt (tem.)	20 Nov., 1924.
Private Secretaries to the Secretary of State	
J. A. P. Edgumbe, C.B.E.	20 Nov., 1924.
Major R. D. Furse, D.S.O. (Appointments)	7 Nov., 1924.
Lieut.-Col. H. V. B. de Satgé, C.M.G., D.S.O. (Ceremonial and Reception Secretary)	20 Nov., 1924.
Assistant Private Secretaries to the Secretary of State	
S. L. Holmes, M.C.	20 Feb., 1928.
Capt. A. F. Newbolt (Appointments)	} 7 Nov., 1924.
G. N. Irby (Appointments)	
K. W. Blaxter (Appointments)	2 March, 1927.
Major G. S. M. Hutchinson (Appointments)	6 Nov., 1925.
D. L. P. Tovey (Temp. Admin. Asst. Appt.)	22 Dec., 1926.
Private Secretary to the Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, A. Bevir	13 Feb., 1926.
Private Secretary to the Permanent Under-Secretary of State, J. J. Paskin, M.C.	20 Feb., 1928.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

General and Miscellaneous Correspondence, including preparation of circular despatches to Colonial Governments; League of Nations work; International Conventions; Treaties and Agreements with foreign countries affecting Colonies, etc.; military, naval and air questions, including general problems of Colonial defence; postal, telegraph and wireless communications; merchant shipping; patents, trade marks, designs and copyright; general medical, sanitary, educational, agricultural, veterinary and forestry questions; correspondence relating to precedence, arms, flags, uniforms, honours, decorations, medals; the preparation of charters, letters patent, commissions, warrants, etc.; Colonial Regulations; promotions and transfers of Colonial Service officers; pensions legislation, Governors' pensions and inter-Colonial cases; questions affecting the establishment of the Colonial Office, Dominions Office and subsidiary Departments.

O. G. R. Williams.**	S. R. Pughe, M.B.E.††
E. B. Boyd.	J. Hunter.
G. E. J. Gent, D.S.O., M.C.	E. H. Howell, M.B.E.
J. A. Smith, M.B.E.	G. Venning.

Clerical Staff—W. H. Harman, P. E. Richards, G. W. Henlen, C. Laurence, S. Leadbetter, D. K. Malone, G. F. Riches, C. A. Grossmith, S. V. F. Dutton, Miss M. S. Hall.

* For the business of the General, West Indian, Far Eastern, and Ceylon and Mauritius Departments.

† For the business of the Middle East Department.

‡ Accounting Officer for the Colonial Office and Colonial Services Votes.

§ For the business of the Gold Coast and Mediterranean, Nigeria, East Africa, and Tanganyika and Somaliland Departments and the West African Frontier Force and King's African Rifles.

|| Deputy to Permanent Under-Secretary of State.

‡‡ Acting as Accounting Officer for the Middle Eastern Services Vote.

** In Establishment Office.

†† On loan to Discovery Committee.

UNDER-SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

Permanent.

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| 1825. Robert William Hay. | 1907. Sir Francis J. S. Hopwood, G.O.M.G.,
K.C.B. (now Rt. Hon. Lord Southborough,
G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.) |
| 1836. Sir James Stephen, K.C.B. | 1911. Sir John Anderson, G.O.M.G., K.C.B. |
| 1847. Herman Merivale, C.B. | 1916. Sir George V. Fiddes, G.O.M.G.,
K.C.B. |
| 1859. Sir Frederic Rogers, Bart., G.C.M.G.
(afterwards Lord Blachford). | 1921. Sir James E. Masterton Smith, K.C.B. |
| 1871. Hon. Sir Robt. G. Wyndham Herbert, G.C.B. | 1925. Brig.-Gen. Sir Samuel H. Wilson,
K.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B. (now K.C.B.) |
| 1892. Hon. Sir Robert H. Meade, G.C.B. | |
| 1897. Sir Edward Wingfield, K.C.B. | |
| 1900. Sir Montagu F. Ommanney, G.C.M.G.,
K.C.B., I.S.O. | |

Parliamentary.

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|--|--|
| 1830. Viscount Howick (Earl Grey). | 1881. Leonard H. Courtney, M.P. (afterwards
Lord Courtney). |
| 1833. Sir John Shaw Lefevre, K.C.B., M.P. | 1882. Hon. (afterwards Rt. Hon.) Evelyn Ashley,
M.P. |
| 1834. W. E. Gladstone, M.P. | 1885. Earl of Dunraven, K.P. |
| 1835. Sir George Grey, Bart., M.P. | 1886. Right Hon. G. Osborne Morgan, M.P. (after-
wards Sir G. Osborne Morgan, Bart.) |
| 1839. Right Hon. Henry Labouchere, M.P.
(afterwards Lord Taunton). | 1886. Earl of Dunraven, K.P. |
| 1839. Robert Vernon Smith, M.P. (afterwards
Lord Lyveden). | 1887. Earl of Onslow, K.C.M.G. |
| 1841. George William Hope, M.P. | 1888. Baron Henry de Worms, M.P. (afterwards
Baron Pirbright). |
| 1846. Lord Lyttelton, K.C.M.G. | 1892. Sidney Charles Buxton, M.P. (now
Earl Buxton, P.C., G.C.M.G.) |
| 1846. Benjamin Hawes, M.P. | 1895. Earl of Selborne. |
| 1851. Frederick Peel, M.P. | 1900. Earl of Onslow, G.C.M.G. |
| 1852. Feb. Right Hon. Earl of Desart. | 1903. Duke of Marlborough, K.G. |
| 1852. Dec. F. Peel, M.P. | 1905. Winston S. Churchill, M.P. |
| 1855. John Ball, M.P. | 1908. Col. J. E. B. Seely, D.S.O., M.P. (now
Maj.-Genl. the Right Hon. J. E. B. Seely,
C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.) |
| 1857. Chichester S. Fortescue, M.P. (afterwards
Lord Carlingford). | 1911. Lord Lucas. |
| 1858. Earl of Carnarvon. | 1911. Lord Emmott, P.C., G.C.M.G. |
| 1859. Chichester S. Fortescue, M.P. (afterwards
Lord Carlingford). | 1914. Lord Islington, P.C., G.C.M.G., D.S.O. |
| 1865. W. E. Forster, M.P. | 1915. Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland, Bt., M.P. |
| 1866. Right Hon. Sir C. B. Adderley, K.C.M.G.,
M.P. (afterwards Lord Norton). | 1917. W. A. S. Hewins, M.P. |
| 1868. Right Hon. W. Monsell M.P. (afterwards
Lord Emly). | 1919. Lt.-Col. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P. |
| 1871. E. H. Knatchbull-Hugessen, M.P. (after-
wards Lord Brabourne). | 1921. Hon. E. F. L. Wood, M.P. (now the Rt.
Hon. Lord Irwin, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.) |
| 1874. James Lowther, M.P. | 1922. Hon. (now the Rt. Hon.) W. G. A.
Ormsby-Gore, M.P. |
| 1878. Earl Cadogan. | 1924. Lord Arnold. |
| 1880. Right Hon. Sir M. E. Grant Duff,
G.C.S.I. | 1924. Rt. Hon. W. G. A. Ormsby-Gore, M.P. |

Assistant.

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|---|--|
| 1849-68. Sir T. Frederick Elliot, K.C.M.G. | 1892-97. Edward Fairfield, C.B., C.M.G. |
| 1868-70. Sir F. R. Sandford, K.C.B. (afterwards
Lord Sandford). | 1897-07. Frederick Graham, C.B. (afterwards Sir
Frederick Graham, K.C.B.). |
| 1870-1. Hon. R. G. W. Herbert (afterwards
Sir R. G. W. Herbert, G.C.B.). | 1897-11. Sir Charles Prestwood Lucas, K.C.M.G.,
C.B. (now K.C.B.). |
| 1870-4. H. T. Holland (afterwards Sir H. Holland,
Bart., and Viscount Knutsford,
G.C.M.G.). | 1897-11. Hugh Bertram Cox, C.B. |
| 1871-92. Hon. R. H. Meade, C.B. (afterwards Sir
Robert H. Meade, G.C.B.). | 1898-09. Sir Reginald Laurence Antrobus,
K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| 1874-8. W. R. Malcolm. | 1907-16. Sir Hartmann W. Just, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| 1874-6. Sir Julian Pauncefote, Kt. Bach. (after-
wards Lord Pauncefote, G.C.B.,
G.C.M.G.). | 1909-16. Sir George Vandeuleur Fiddes, K.C.M.G.,
C.B. (now G.C.M.G., K.C.B.). |
| 1876-97. Sir John Bramston, G.C.M.G., C.B. | 1916-24. Sir Herbert J. Read, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| 1878-97. Edward Wingfield, C.B. (afterwards Sir
Edward Wingfield, K.C.B.). | 1916. Sir Gilbert E. A. Grindle, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1916-21. Sir Henry Lambert, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1921-25. Sir Charles T. Davis, K.C.M.G. |
| | 1924. Sir John E. Shuckburgh, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1924-27. Sir Charles Strachey, K.C.M.G., C.B. |
| | 1927. W. C. Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., O.B.E. |

SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR DOMINION AFFAIRS.

1925 Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.

UNDER-SECRETARIES OF STATE FOR DOMINION AFFAIRS.

Permanent.

1925 Sir Charles T. Davis, K.C.M.G.

Parliamentary.

1925 Earl of Clarendon.

1927 Lord Lovat, K.T., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O.

Assistant.

1925 Sir Edward J. Harding, K.C.M.G., C.B.

The total estimated expenditure from Votes administered by the Dominions and Colonial Offices for the year 1927-28 was as follows:—

Colonial Office (Class II, Vote 8)	£143,094
Colonial Services (Class II, Vote 9)	£308,769
Dominions Office (Class II, Vote 4)	£49,440
Dominions Services (Class II, Vote 5)	£190,419
Overseas Settlement (Class II, Vote 7)	£1,540,000
Middle Eastern Services (Class II, Vote 10)	£3,395,000
Empire Marketing (Class II, Vote 6)	£1,000,000

THE COLONIAL OFFICE.

Secretary of State, The Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.	7 Nov., 1924.
Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Rt. Hon. W. G. A. Ormsby-Gore, M.P.	7 Nov., 1924.
Permanent Under-Secretary of State, Brig.-Genl. Sir Samuel H. Wilson, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.B.E.;	5 Aug., 1925.
Assistant Under-Secretaries of State	
Sir Gilbert E. A. Grindle, K.C.M.G., C.B.*||	4 June, 1916.
Sir John E. Shuckburgh, K.C.M.G., C.B.†††	1 April, 1924.
W. C. Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., O.B.E.§	18 Sept., 1927.
Legal Adviser, Sir John S. Risley, K.C.M.G., C.B., K.C.	19 May, 1911.
Chief Medical Adviser, A. T. Stanton, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H.	10 Aug., 1926.
Economic and Financial Adviser, Sir G. Schuster, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., M.C.	1 Oct., 1927.
Assistant Legal Advisers	
H. G. Bushe, C.M.G.	1 Jan., 1919.
A. Ehrhardt (tem.)	20 Nov., 1924.
J. A. P. Edgcumbe, C.B.E.	20 Nov., 1924.
Private Secretaries to the Secretary of State	
Major R. D. Furse, D.S.O. (Appointments)	7 Nov., 1924.
Lieut.-Col. H. V. B. de Satgé, C.M.G., D.S.O. (Ceremonial and Reception Secretary)	20 Nov., 1924.
S. L. Holmes, M.C.	20 Feb., 1928.
Assistant Private Secretaries to the Secretary of State	
Capt. A. F. Newbolt (Appointments)	7 Nov., 1924.
G. N. Irby (Appointments)	
K. W. Blaxter (Appointments)	2 March, 1927.
Major G. S. M. Hutchinson (Appointments)	6 Nov., 1925.
D. L. P. Tovey (Temp. Admin. Asst. Appts.)	22 Dec., 1926.
Private Secretary to the Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, A. Bevir	13 Feb., 1926.
Private Secretary to the Permanent Under-Secretary of State, J. J. Paskin, M.C.	20 Feb., 1928.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

General and Miscellaneous Correspondence, including preparation of circular despatches to Colonial Governments; League of Nations work; International Conventions; Treaties and Agreements with foreign countries affecting Colonies, etc.; military, naval and air questions, including general problems of Colonial defence; postal, telegraph and wireless communications; merchant shipping; patents, trade marks, designs and copyright; general medical, sanitary, educational, agricultural, veterinary and forestry questions; correspondence relating to precedence, arms, flags, uniforms, honours, decorations, medals; the preparation of charters, letters patent, commissions, warrants, etc.; Colonial Regulations; promotions and transfers of Colonial Service officers; pensions legislation, Governors' pensions and inter-Colonial cases; questions affecting the establishment of the Colonial Office, Dominions Office and subsidiary Departments.

O. G. R. Williams.**	S. R. Pughe, M.B.E.†
E. B. Boyd.	J. Hunter.
G. E. J. Gent, D.S.O., M.C.	E. H. Howell, M.B.E.
J. A. Smith, M.B.E.	G. Venning.

Clerical Staff:—W. H. Harman, P. E. Richards, G. W. Henlen, C. Laurence, S. Leadbetter, D. K. Malone, G. F. Riches, C. A. Grosse-Smith, S. V. F. Dutton, Miss M. S. Hall.

* For the business of the General, West Indian, Far Eastern, and Ceylon and Mauritius Departments.

† For the business of the Middle East Department.

‡ *Accounting Officer* for the Colonial Office and Colonial Services Votes.

§ For the business of the Gold Coast and Mediterranean, Nigeria, East Africa, and Tanganyika and Somaliland Departments and the West African Frontier Force and King's African Rifles.

|| Is Deputy to Permanent Under-Secretary of State.

‡‡ Acting as *Accounting Officer* for the Middle Eastern Services Vote.

** Is Establishment Officer.

†† On loan to Discovery Committee.

WEST INDIAN DEPARTMENT.

Jamaica, Turks Islands, British Honduras,
British Guiana, Bahamas, Bermuda, Trini-
dad, Barbados, Windward Islands, Leeward
Islands, Falkland Islands, Prince Edward
and Marion Islands.

E. R. Darnley.
L. B. Freeston.
S. M. Campbell.

R. R. Sedgwick.
N. F. S. Andrews,^b

FAR EASTERN DEPARTMENT.

Hong Kong, Weihaiwei, Straits Settlements,
Malay States. Business connected with
the Protected States of Sarawak and North
Borneo.

W. D. Ellis, C.M.G.
H. Beckett.

P. A. Clutterbuck, M.C.
S. Caine.

CEYLON AND MAURITIUS DEPARTMENT.

Ceylon, Mauritius, Seychelles, St. Helena, Fiji,
Western Pacific, including Gilbert and Ellice
Islands Colony, British Solomon Islands Pro-
tectorate, Tonga, New Hebrides Condominium,
Pitcairn and other islands; Tristan da Cunha.

H. R. Cowell.
A. Cooke.
G. A. Jones.

E. B. Bowyer.

GOLD COAST AND MEDITERRANEAN DEPARTMENT.

Gambia, Sierra Leone, Gold Coast, Ashanti,
Northern Territories of the Gold Coast,
British Togoland, Gibraltar, Malta and
Cyprus.

A. Fiddian.
J. A. Calder.
A. J. Dawe.

D. C. J. McSweeney.

NIGERIA DEPARTMENT.

Nigeria and British Cameroons.

J. E. W. Flood.
A. B. Acheson.
A. L. Ayton.

P. H. Morris.
G. Hazlerigg, O.B.E.;

EAST AFRICA DEPARTMENT.

Uganda, Kenya, Zanzibar.

A. C. C. Parkinson,
O.B.E.
H. T. Allen.
C. J. Jeffries.

G. F. Seel.
C. G. Eastwood.

TANGANYIKA AND SOMALILAND DEPARTMENT.

Tanganyika Territory, Nyasaland, Somaliland,
Northern Rhodesia.

J. F. N. Green.
E. G. S. Machtig, O.B.E.
H. F. Downie.

G. H. Creasy.
J. B. Sidebotham.
F. G. Lee.

WEST AFRICAN FRONTIER FORCE.

Col. S. S. Butler, C.M.G.,
D.S.O.

Lieut.-Col. V. H. B.
Majendie, D.S.O.
Major S. J. Cole.

KING'S AFRICAN RIFLES.

Col. H. A. Walker, C.B.,
C.M.G., D.S.O.

Major H. G. Moore-
Gwyn, D.S.O., M.C.

MIDDLE EAST DEPARTMENT.

Palestine, Iraq, Aden, and Arab areas under
British influence.

A. J. Harding, C.B.E.
G. L. M. Clauson, O.B.E.
F. J. Howard, O.B.E.,
J. H. Hall, D.S.O., M.C.

T. I. K. Lloyd.
S. Robinson.
W. J. Bigg.
A. N. Strong.^c

Departmental Assistants:

M. Jewell, East African Departments.
J. H. Emmens, Eastern Departments.

Confidential Clerks:

W. H. Bickle, Eastern Department.
N. L. Mayle } Middle East Department.
F. Farmer }
H. F. W. Nash }
R. A. Brown, assisting Departmental
Assistant W.A.F.F. and K.A.R.

F. H. Harper, W.A.F.F. and K.A.R.
C. M. Hatcher, West African Departments.

J. Megson } West African Departments.
M. A. Greenhill }
S. F. Whitcomber, East African Departments.
B. D. Edmonds, West Indian Department.

Library:—E. E. Wilkinson, M.B.E. (Librarian), W. R. Shipway, M.B.E. (Registrar of Colonial
Laws), J. H. Thompson (Assistant Librarian), H. I. H. Titchener, C. F. Haddrill, W. P. Fleming,
J. W. Staples, C. D. Grant, E. T. Mitchell.

Registries:—"C" Registry (Eastern, Middle East, West Indian, Fiji and Western Pacific and
General): L. J. Brearley, Registrar. A. H. Boyd, E. J. Allies, S. A. Pilbeam, A. E. Gaunt, S. F.
Chandler, R. A. Thorne, H. W. Atterbury, L. S. Smith, D. J. E. Harris, T. R. Parsons, P. H.
Perkins (drafting clerk), L. Martindale, W. V. C. White, M. F. Travers, E. Morris, H. Garton,
S. I. James, W. H. Edmunds, E. P. F. Wilson, R. G. Gill, J. M. Jardine, Miss M. E. Thompson,
Miss E. E. Scotland, K. H. Davies, T. G. Proctor, H. L. Coggin, E. Wall, F. S. Cutting.†

"X" Registry (West African, East African, Mediterranean and Military): B. C. G. Perry, Registrar.
F. H. McLean, H. T. Ashworth, J. E. King, L. V. Martin, P. Maynard, C. E. Pooley, A. H. Jordan,
J. J. F. Farrell, C. E. Lambert, W. S. Nicholls, C. J. Dabner, H. W. Hart, T. H. Woodward,
W. J. Muston, R. Eastleigh, F. B. Hart, Miss B. Macpherson, Miss D. M. Bromley, W. J. B.
Osborne, W. T. Needham, R. B. Gray, C. V. B. Hill, O. W. Mortibov.‡

Appointments Registry:—K. S. Minter, F. V. Shergold, L. G. Allen, F. C. Lamacq, A. Cattanch,
A. S. Devine, W. Sainsbury.¶

Telegraph Section:—E. Fleming, J. A. W. Sumner, M. A. Willis, Miss C. Peach, F. W. Leake.¶

Revision of Records:—A. E. Reynolds, W. H. Churns.

Printing:—J. H. S. Christian, M.C.; F. R. Stapley, M. Lemberger, Miss I. M. Powell.

Copying:—Miss C. Wroughton and Lady Typists.

^a Seconded temporarily from the War Office.

^b Seconded temporarily from Uganda Administration.

^c Seconded temporarily from Ceylon.

‡ Temporarily serving. ¶ Perm. Non-Pensionable.

ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Preparation of Parliamentary Estimates; accounting for Parliamentary Votes administered by Colonial Department; Correspondence in respect of such Votes and other matters affecting Imperial Finance, Receipts, Payments, etc.

M. J. Drayson, I.S.O.
V. H. Boyse.
W. G. Ives.
H. Palmer.
T. J. Hardy.
G. Bryant.
S. W. Smith.
G. J. Lunnnon.

F. J. Ireland.
P. R. Cliphams.
E. W. A. Scarlett.
J. G. Rogers.
W. Norrington.
F. L. Sewell.
A. W. Wells*.

THE DOMINIONS OFFICE.

Secretary of State, The Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.	9 July, 1925.
Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Lord Lovat, K.T., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O.	9 July, 1925.
Permanent Under-Secretary of State, Sir Charles T. Davis, K.C.M.G.*	9 July, 1925.
Assistant Under-Secretary of State, Sir Edward J. Harding, K.C.M.G., C.B.	30 July, 1925.
Vice-Chairman, Oversea Settlement Committee, T. C. Macnaghten, C.M.G., C.B.E.	1 Jan., 1919.
Legal Adviser, Sir John S. Risley, K.C.M.G., C.B., K.C.	9 July, 1925.
Assistant Legal Advisers { H. G. Bushe, C.M.G.	9 July, 1925.
{ A. Ehrhardt (temporary)	9 July, 1925.
Private Secretaries to { J. A. P. Edgcumbe, C.B.E.	9 July, 1925.
the Secretary of State { Lieut.-Col. H. V. B. de Satgé, C.M.G., D.S.O.	9 July, 1925.
(Ceremonial and Reception Secretary).	
Assistant Private Secretary to the Secretary of State { S. L. Holmes, M.C.	20 Feb., 1928.
Private Secretary to the Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State { C. R. Price.	20 Feb., 1928.
Private Secretary to the Permanent Under-Secretary of State { N. E. Archer.	18 Sept., 1927.

Business connected with Canada, Australia, Union of South Africa, New Zealand, the Irish Free State, Newfoundland, Southern Rhodesia, New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, Basutoland, Bechuanaland Protectorate, Swaziland and Nauru. General and Miscellaneous correspondence on matters affecting the Dominions. Correspondence with regard to the Imperial Conference and matters arising therefrom.

Assistant Secretaries:—Sir Harry F. Batterbee, K.C.V.O., C.M.G., G. G. Whiakard, C.B., and R. A. Wiseman.

Principals:—C. W. Dixon, O.B.E., H. N. Tait, J. E. Stephenson, W. C. Hankinson and P. Liesching (acting).

Assistant Principals:—C. G. L. Syers, B. Cockram and J. M. Martin.

Departmental Assistant:—R. A. Hamblin.

Confidential Clerks:—F. R. Fairclough and W. G. Head.

Registrar:—G. C. Green.

Registry:—H. W. Thompson, H. F. Goddard, E. N. Horne, G. A. Oliver, B. L. Parsons, F. Kennedy (drafting clerk), D. Delahunt, A. W. Baney, G. E. Bailey, H. G. Kilminster, E. Gill, D. Bootle, C. W. Tytherleigh, R. A. Chalkley†, H. E. Barnes†.

OVERSEA SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENT (CAXTON HOUSE, TOTHRILL STREET, S.W.1.)

His Majesty's Government have found it necessary to undertake closer responsibility than they have exercised in the past in connection with the movements of British subjects wishing to settle overseas within the Empire, or to emigrate to foreign countries. The Oversea Settlement Committee was appointed in order to assist them in carrying out the policy which is embodied in the Empire Settlement Act, 1922.

The Committee is composed as follows:—

President—The Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs.

Chairman—The Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs.

H. B. Betterton, C.B.E., M.P. (Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Labour).

Vice-Chairman—T. C. Macnaghten, C.M.G., C.B.E. (Dominions Office).

J. Ambrose.

G. E. Baker, C.B.E. (Board of Trade).

Mrs. Harrison Bell.

Miss Margaret G. Bondfield, M.P.

Viscount Burnham, G.C.M.G., C.H.

Sir Wm. Clark, K.C.S.I., C.M.G. (Department of Overseas Trade).

L. Cuthbertson (Treasury).

C. W. G. Eady (Ministry of Labour).

Sir Charles J. Howell Thomas, C.M.G. (Ministry of Agriculture).

Col. G. Edwards, D.S.O., M.C. (War Office).

Sir A. B. Lowry, C.B. (Ministry of Health).

W. Lunn, M.P.

Dame Meriel Talbot, D.B.E.

Oscar Thompson.

Christopher Turnor.

* Accounting Officer for the Dominions Office Vote.

† Perm. Non-Pensionable.

WEST INDIAN DEPARTMENT.

Jamaica, Turks Islands, British Honduras,
British Guiana, Bahamas, Bermuda, Trini-
dad, Barbados, Windward Islands, Leeward
Islands, Falkland Islands, Prince Edward
and Marion Islands.

E. R. Darnley. R. R. Sedgwick.
L. B. Freeston. N. F. S. Andrews.
S. M. Campbell.

FAR EASTERN DEPARTMENT.

Hong Kong, Weihaiwei, Straits Settlements,
Malay States. Business connected with
the Protected States of Sarawak and North
Borneo.

W. D. Ellis, C.M.G. P. A. Clutterbuck, M.C.
H. Beckett. S. Caine.

CEYLON AND MAURITIUS DEPARTMENT.

Ceylon, Mauritius, Seychelles, St. Helena, Fiji,
Western Pacific, including Gilbert and Ellice
Islands Colony, British Solomon Islands Pro-
tectorate, Tonga, New Hebrides Condominium,
Pitcairn and other islands; Tristan da Cunha.

H. R. Cowell. E. B. Bowyer.
A. Cooke.
G. A. Jones.

GOLD COAST AND MEDITERRANEAN DEPARTMENT.

Gambia, Sierra Leone, Gold Coast, Ashanti,
Northern Territories of the Gold Coast,
British Togoland, Gibraltar, Malta and
Cyprus.

A. Fiddian. D. C. J. McSweeney.
J. A. Calder.
A. J. Dawe.

NIGERIA DEPARTMENT.

Nigeria and British Cameroons.

J. E. W. Flood. P. H. Morris.
A. B. Acheson. G. Hazlerigg, O.B.E.†
A. L. Ayton.

EAST AFRICA DEPARTMENT.

Uganda, Kenya, Zanzibar.

A. O. C. Parkinson, G. F. Seal.
O.B.E. C. G. Eastwood.
H. T. Allen.
C. J. Jeffries.

TANGANYIKA AND SOMALILAND DEPARTMENT.

Tanganyika Territory, Nyasaland, Somaliland,
Northern Rhodesia.

J. F. N. Green. G. H. Creasy.
E. G. S. Machtig, O.B.E. J. B. Sidebotham.
H. F. Downie. F. G. Lee.
Col. S. S. Butler, C.M.G., Lieut.-Col. V. H. B.
D.S.O. Majendie, D.S.O.
Major S. J. Cole.

WEST AFRICAN FRONTIER FORCE.**KING'S AFRICAN RIFLES.**

Col. H. A. Walker, C.B., Major H. G. Moore-
C.M.G., D.S.O. Gwyn, D.S.O., M.C.

MIDDLE EAST DEPARTMENT.

Palestine, Iraq, Aden, and Arab areas under
British influence.

A. J. Harding, C.B.E. T. I. K. Lloyd.
G. L. M. Clauson, O.B.E. S. Robinson.
F. J. Howard, O.B.E. & W. J. Bigg.
J. H. Hall, D.S.O., M.C. A. N. Strong. c

Departmental Assistants:

M. Jewell, East African Departments.

J. H. Emmens, Eastern Departments.

Confidential Clerks:

W. H. Bickle, Eastern Department.

N. L. Mayle

F. Farmer

H. F. W. Nash

R. A. Brown, assisting Departmental

Assistant W. A. F. F. and K. A. R.

F. H. Harper, W. A. F. F. and K. A. R.
C. M. Hatcher, West African Departments.

J. Megson } West African Departments.
M. A. Greenhill }
S. F. Whitcomber, East African Departments.
B. D. Edmonds, West Indian Department.

Library—E. E. Wilkinson, M.B.E. (Librarian). W. R. Shipway, M.B.E. (Registrar of Colonial Laws), J. H. Thompson (Assistant Librarian), H. I. H. Titchener, C. F. Haddrell, W. P. Fleming, J. W. Staples, C. D. Grant, E. T. Mitchell.

Registries—“C” Registry (Eastern, Middle East, West Indian, Fiji and Western Pacific and General): L. J. Brearley, Registrar. A. H. Boyd, E. J. Allies, S. A. Pilbeam, A. E. Gaunt, S. F. Chandler, R. A. Thorne, H. W. Atterbury, L. S. Smith, D. J. E. Harris, T. R. Parsons, P. H. Perkins (drafting clerk), L. Martindale, W. V. C. White, M. F. Travers, E. Morris, H. Garton, S. I. James, W. H. Edmunds, E. P. F. Wilson, R. G. Gill, J. M. Jardine, Miss M. E. Thompson, Miss E. E. Scotland, K. H. Davies, T. G. Proctor, H. L. Coggin, E. Wall, F. S. Cutting.†
“X” Registry (West African, East African, Mediterranean and Military): B. C. G. Perry, Registrar. F. H. McLean, H. T. Ashworth, J. E. King, L. V. Martin, P. Maynard, C. E. Pooley, A. H. Jordan, J. J. F. Farrell, C. E. Lambert, W. S. Nicholls, C. J. Dabner, H. W. Hart, T. H. Woodward, W. J. Muston, R. Eastleigh, F. B. Hart, Miss B. Macpherson, Miss D. M. Bromley, W. J. B. Osborne, W. T. Needham, R. B. Gray, C. V. B. Hill, O. W. Mortiboy.†

Appointments Registry—K. S. Minter, F. V. Shergold, L. G. Allen, F. C. Lamacq, A. Cattanach, A. S. Devine, W. Sainsbury.¶

Telegraph Section—E. Fleming, J. A. W. Sumner, M. A. Willis, Miss C. Peach, F. W. Leake.¶
Revision of Records—A. E. Reynolds, W. H. Churns.

Printing—J. H. S. Christian, M.C.; F. R. Stapley, M. Lemberger, Miss I. M. Powell.

Copying—Miss C. Wroughton and Lady Typists.

a Seconded temporarily from the War Office. b Seconded temporarily from Uganda Administration.
c Seconded temporarily from Ceylon. d Temporarily serving. ¶ Perm. Non-Pensionable.

ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Preparation of Parliamentary Estimates; accounting for Parliamentary Votes administered by Colonial Department; Correspondence in respect of such Votes and other matters affecting Imperial Finance, Receipts, Payments, etc.

M. J. Drayson, I.S.O.
V. H. Boyse.
W. G. Ives.
H. Palmer.
T. J. Hardy.
G. Bryant.
S. W. Smith.
G. J. Lunnion.

F. J. Ireland.
P. R. Clipham.
E. W. A. Scarlett.
J. G. Rogers.
W. Norrington.
F. I. Sewell.
A. W. Wells†.

THE DOMINIONS OFFICE.

Secretary of State, The Rt. Hon. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P.	9 July, 1925.
Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Lord Lovat, K.T., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O.	9 July, 1925.
Permanent Under-Secretary of State, Sir Charles T. Davis, K.C.M.G.*	9 July, 1925.
Assistant Under-Secretary of State, Sir Edward J. Harding, K.C.M.G., C.B.	30 July, 1925.
Vice-Chairman, Oversea Settlement Committee, T. C. Macnaghten, C.M.G., C.B.E.	1 Jan., 1919.
Legal Adviser, Sir John S. Risley, K.C.M.G., C.B., K.C.	9 July, 1925.
Assistant Legal Advisers { H. G. Bushe, C.M.G.	9 July, 1925.
{ A. Ehrhardt (temporary)	9 July, 1925.
Private Secretaries to { J. A. P. Edgecumbe, C.B.E.	9 July, 1925.
the Secretary of State { Lieut.-Col. H. V. B. de Satgé, C.M.G., D.S.O.	9 July, 1925.
(Ceremonial and Reception Secretary).	
Assistant Private Secretary to the Secretary of State { S. L. Holmes, M.C.	20 Feb., 1928.
Private Secretary to the Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State { C. R. Price.	20 Feb., 1928.
Private Secretary to the Permanent Under-Secretary of State { N. E. Archer.	18 Sept., 1927.

Business connected with Canada, Australia, Union of South Africa, New Zealand, the Irish Free State, Newfoundland, Southern Rhodesia, New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, Basutoland, Bechuanaland Protectorate, Swaziland and Nauru. General and Miscellaneous correspondence on matters affecting the Dominions. Correspondence with regard to the Imperial Conference and matters arising therefrom.

Assistant Secretaries:—Sir Harry F. Batterbee, K.C.V.O., C.M.G., G. G. Whiskard, C.B., and R. A. Wiseman.

Principals:—C. W. Dixon, O.B.E., H. N. Tait, J. E. Stephenson, W. O. Hankinson and P. Liesching (acting).

Assistant Principals:—C. G. L. Syers, B. Cockram and J. M. Martin.

Departmental Assistant:—R. A. Hamblin.

Confidential Clerks:—F. R. Fairclough and W. G. Head.

Registrar:—G. C. Green.

Registry:—H. W. Thompson, H. F. Goddard, E. N. Horne, G. A. Oliver, B. L. Parsons, F. Kennedy (drafting clerk), D. Delahunt, A. W. Baney, G. E. Bailey, H. G. Kilminster, E. Gill, D. Bootle, C. W. Tytherleigh, R. A. Chalkley†, H. E. Barnes†.

OVERSEA SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENT (CAXTON HOUSE, TOTHILL STREET, S.W.1.)

His Majesty's Government have found it necessary to undertake closer responsibility than they have exercised in the past in connection with the movements of British subjects wishing to settle overseas within the Empire, or to emigrate to foreign countries. The Oversea Settlement Committee was appointed in order to assist them in carrying out the policy which is embodied in the Empire Settlement Act, 1922.

The Committee is composed as follows:—

President—The Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs.

Chairman—The Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs.

H. B. Betterton, C.B.E., M.P. (Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Labour).

Vice-Chairman—T. C. Macnaghten, C.M.G., C.B.E. (Dominions Office).

J. Ambrose.

G. E. Baker, C.B.E. (Board of Trade).

Mrs. Harrison Bell.

Miss Margaret G. Bondfield, M.P.

Viscount Burnham, G.C.M.G., C.H.

Sir Wm. Clark, K.C.S.I., C.M.G. (Department of Overseas Trade).

L. Outhbertson (Treasury).

C. W. G. Eady (Ministry of Labour).

Sir Charles J. Howell Thomas, C.M.G. (Ministry of Agriculture).

Col. G. Edwards, D.S.O., M.C. (War Office).

Sir A. B. Lowry, C.B. (Ministry of Health).

W. Lunn, M.P.

Dame Meriel Talbot, D.B.E.

Oscar Thompson.

Christopher Turnor.

* Accounting Officer for the Dominions Office Vote.

† Perm. Non-Pensionable.

Secretary—G. F. Plant, C.B.E.

British Migration Representative in Australia—W. Bankes Amery, C.B.E.

Finance Officer—E. T. Crutchley, C.B.E.

Assistant Principals—A. C. Kelly, W. Garnett, J. R. S. MacLeod.

Junior Administrative Officer—R. Chalmers.

Accountant—H. A. Dent, M.B.E.

Staff Officers—W. E. Neall, E. A. Brett.

Interviewers—Major J. J. Berington, A. Bromwich, H. W. Lilley.

Intelligence Officers—Dame Meriel Talbot, C. Beckett Platt, Malcolm Jones, O.B.E.

Clerical Officers—(Higher Grade) J. Rushmer, R. H. Burt, R. L. Dixon, W. J. Daines (acting), F. S. Wagland.

Clerical Officers—

E. A. Smith.

G. F. W. C. Joyce.

A. P. Heath.

R. H. Holding.

T. E. Nalder.

W. E. Embury.

J. Link.

H. A. Bennett.

W. G. Loltgen.

R. H. Ridley.

L. F. Steed.

W. H. Losh.

G. C. Redfern.

W. C. Collins

G. M. Hill.

W. W. Clark, M.C.

A. R. Bowles.

T. O. Spinks.

C. H. Tyndall.

P. W. Parkin.

J. T. George, M.C.

E. J. Edney.

Temporary Clerks—

J. H. St. Leger.

A. H. Boden.

J. H. Bindon.

H. C. Field.

A. E. Rhodes.

H. L. Spooner.

W. A. Middleton.

Supervisor of Copying—Miss H. Stamp.

9 Shorthand and Copying Typists.

5 Messengers.

The Committee is constituted in accordance with the recommendations made by the Dominions Royal Commission (see Cd. 8462) and the Empire Settlement Committee (see Cd. 8672). The Staff of their office form a department of the Dominions Office, and their salaries are borne upon the Dominions Office vote.

ESTABLISHMENT COMMON TO BOTH THE COLONIAL OFFICE AND THE DOMINIONS OFFICE.

The staff of the Colonial Office and Dominions Office below the rank of Assistant Under Secretary of State is interchangeable. The services of the Legal Staff, the General Department, the Accounts, Printing, Typist and Shorthand Typist Staffs, and the Library are at the disposal of both the Colonial Office and the Dominions Office.

Name.	†Assistant Principals.	†Principals.	†Assistant Secretaries.
W. D. Ellis, M.A., C.M.G.	1 April, 95	20 Dec., 99	1 Feb., 1909
J. F. N. Green, B.A.	11 Mar., 96	16 June, 1902	10 Mar., 1916
A. Fiddian, B.A.	12 Oct., 97	3 May, 1907	1 Nov., 1917
E. R. Darnley, M.A., B.Sc.	13 Oct., 98	30 June, 1909	1 Jan., 1920
A. J. Harding, M.A., C.B.E.	25 Oct., 1901	12 Oct., 1914	1 April, 1920
H. R. Cowell, B.A.	27 Mar., 1902	10 Mar., 1916	1 April, 1920
Sir Harry F. Batterbee, M.A., K.C.V.O., C.M.G.	18 May, 1905	6 July, 1917	12 Dec., 1924
R. V. Vernon, C.B. §			1 April, 1924
G. G. Whiskard, C.B.			1 April, 1924
A. C. C. Parkinson, M.A., O.B.E.	19 April, 1909	8 Dec., 1917	1 Oct., 1925
J. E. W. Flood, B.A.	10 Oct., 1910	15 Oct., 1918	6 Feb., 1926
O. G. R. Williams, B.A. ||	3 Mar., 1911	1 April, 1919	13 Feb., 1926
R. A. Wiseman, B.A.	22 Mar., 1911	1 Jan., 1920	18 Sept., 1927
E. H. Marsh, M.A., C.B., C.M.G., C.V.O. **	29 Sept., 96	1 April, 1905	
C. W. Dixon, M.A., O.B.E.	11 Oct., 1911	1 Jan., 1920	
H. N. Tait, B.A.	4 Mar., 1912	1 April, 1920	
E. G. S. Mächtig, B.A., O.B.E.	15 Oct., 1912	1 April, 1920	
J. A. Calder, M.A.	20 Nov., 1912	1 April, 1920	
H. F. Downie, M.A.	2 Dec., 1912	1 April, 1920	
A. Cooke, B.A.	13 Oct., 1913	1 April, 1920	
H. Beckett, B.A.	30 Nov., 1914	1 April, 1920	
H. T. Allen	16 June, 1916	1 April, 1920	
G. L. M. Clauson, B.A., O.B.E.	21 Feb., 1919	1 April, 1920	
G. A. Jones	14 Mar., 1919	1 April, 1920	
C. J. Jeffries	16 July, 1919	1 April, 1920	
A. J. Dawe, B.A.	16 July, 1919	1 Dec., 1921	
L. B. Freeston, B.A.	16 July, 1919	1 April, 1924	

† Prior to 1st April, 1920, these appointments were designated Second Class Clerkships, First Class Clerkships, and Principal Clerkships, respectively.

** Temporarily serving as Private Secretary to the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

§ Temporary Assistant Secretary from 11th April, 1921. Seconded for service in Iraq.

|| Establishment Officer.

Name.	†Assistant Principals.	†Principals.	†Assistant Secretaries.
J. B. Stephenson, B.A.	12 Jan., 1920	12 Dec., 1924	
S. M. Campbell, M.A.	31 Jan., 1920	1 Oct., 1925	
E. B. Boyd, M.A.	13 Jan., 1920	2 Nov., 1925	
W. C. Hankinson, M.A., M.C.	14 Feb., 1920	13 Feb., 1926	
F. J. Howard, O.B.E. <i>a</i>		15 Sept., 1921 (tem.)	
A. B. Acheson	12 Jan., 1920	13 Feb., 1926	
G. E. J. Gent, D.S.O., M.C.	19 July, 1920	13 Feb., 1926	
P. Liesching, B.A.	26 July, 1920	6 July, 1927 (actg.)	
G. H. Creasy	26 July, 1920	18 Sept., 1927 (actg.)	
M. E. Antrobus, B.A. §	7 Feb., 1921		
S. L. Holmes, B.A., M.C. †	7 Feb., 1921		
A. Bevir, M.A. ¶	9 Feb., 1921		
J. H. Hall, B.A., D.S.O., M.C.	17 Feb., 1921	11 July, 1923 (actg.)	
C. R. Price, B.A.	1 Mar., 1921		
J. J. Paakin, B.A., M.C. <i>d</i>	29 Mar., 1921		
N. E. Archer <i>c</i>	1 Dec., 1921*		
T. I. K. Lloyd	1 Dec., 1921*		
G. F. Seel	9 Jan., 1922*		
P. A. Clutterbuck, M.C.	13 Feb., 1922*		
J. B. Sidebotham, M.A.	13 Mar., 1922*		
R. R. Sedgwick, M.A.	4 Apr., 1922*		
S. Robinson	5 Nov., 1923		
K. W. Blaxter	1 Apr., 1924		
Major G. S. M. Hutchinson	1 Apr., 1924		
W. J. Bigg	1 Aug., 1925		
C. A. L. Cliffe, B.A. <i>c</i>	20 Oct., 1925		
C. G. L. Syers, B.A.	21 Oct., 1925		
D. C. J. McSweeney, M.A.	11 Oct., 1926		
F. G. Lee, B.A.	8 Nov., 1926		
P. H. Morris, B.A.	3 Nov., 1926		
B. Cockram, B.A.	4 Nov., 1926		
E. B. Bowyer M.A., B.Sc.	8 Nov., 1926		
S. Caine, B.Sc.	3 Nov., 1926		
C. G. Eastwood, B.A.	2 Nov., 1927		
J. M. Martin, B.A.	2 Nov., 1927		
A. L. Ayton <i>b</i>	16 Aug., 1920	9 Jan., 1923 (actg.)	

* Date of temporary secondment from another Government Department. Date of actual appointment to Colonial Office is 21st December, 1923.

† Prior to 1st April, 1920, these appointments were designated Second Class Clerkships, First Class Clerkships, and Principal Clerkships, respectively.

¶ Private Secretary to Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies.

‡ Asst. Private Secretary to Secretary of State.

§ Seconded temporarily to Ceylon as Private Secretary to Governor.

a Seconded temporarily from the War Office for service in connection with the Middle East.

b Appointed under Clause 51 of the Report of the Reorganisation Committee of the Civil Service National Whitley Council.

c Private Secretary to Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs.

d Private Secretary to Permanent Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies.

e Seconded temporarily to Nigeria as Private Secretary to Governor.

Accountant, M. J. Drayson, I.S.O.

Librarian, E. E. Wilkinson, M.B.E.

Assistant Accountants, V. H. Boyse, W. G.

Ives (temp.)

Registrars, L. J. Brearley, G. C. Green and

B. C. G. Perry.

Assistant Librarian, J. H. Thompson.

Chief Superintendent of Copying, Miss C. Wroughton.

Superintendent of the Printing Branch, J. H. S. Christian, M.C.

Precedent and Noting Clerk, A. H. Boyd.

Staff Officers:—

J. A. Smith, M.B.E.

S. R. Pughe, M.B.E.

W. R. Shipway, M.B.E.

J. Hunter.

M. Jewell.

J. H. Eumens.

F. H. Harper, M.B.E.

E. H. Howell, M.B.E.

C. M. Hatcher.

R. A. Hamblin.

G. Venning (acting).

Second Division Clerks:—

W. H. Harman.

A. E. Reynolds.

Clerical Officers (Higher Grade):—

W. H. Bickle.

R. Fleming.

E. J. Allies.

K. S. Minter.

F. H. McLean.

H. Palmer.

J. Megson.

F. R. Fairclough.

N. L. Mayle.

F. Farmer.

H. W. Thompson.

W. G. Head.

J. H. S. Christian, M.C.

S. A. Pilbeam.

H. T. Ashworth, M.M.

M. A. Greenhill

(acting).

G. Green (acting).

S. F. Whitcombe

(acting).

G. Bryant (acting).

B. D. Edmonds

(acting).

Clerical Officer (Lower Grade):—

A. E. Gaunt.

S. F. Chandler.

F. Kennedy.

J. E. King.

H. I. H. Titchener.

T. J. Hardy.

F. V. Shergold.

L. G. Allen.

P. E. Richards.

H. F. W. Nash.

G. W. Henlen.

S. W. Smith. L. V. Martin. H. F. Goddard. C. G. W. Laurence. G. J. Lunnon. S. Leadbetter. E. N. Horne. C. F. Haddrill. R. A. Thorne. F. J. Ireland. P. R. Cliphsham. P. Maynard. C. E. Pooley. D. K. Malone. W. H. Churms. H. W. Atterbury. A. H. Jordan. R. A. Brown. D. J. E. Harris. J. W. Staples. L. S. Smith. G. A. Oliver. F. C. Lamacq. M. Lemberger. T. R. Parsons.	B. L. Parsons. J. A. W. Sumner. M. A. Willis. E. W. A. Scarlett. J. J. F. Farrell. M. F. Travers. E. Morris. P. H. Perkins. W. P. Fleming. L. Martindale. F. R. Stapley. W. V. C. White. C. D. Grant. C. J. Dabner. G. F. Riches. A. Cattanch. E. P. F. Wilson. H. Garton. R. G. Gill. A. S. Devine. D. Delahunt. C. E. Lambert. A. W. Baney.	J. M. Jardine. W. S. Nicholls. H. W. Hart. T. H. Woodward. E. Gill. D. Bootle. S. I. James. C. A. Grossmith. J. G. Rogers. G. E. Bailey. H. G. Kilminster. E. T. Mitchell. W. H. Edmunds. W. J. Muston. S. V. F. Dutton. R. Eastleigh. K. H. Davies. W. J. B. Osborne. W. T. Needham. W. Norrington. C. W. Tytherleigh. T. G. Proctor. H. L. Coggin. F. L. Sewell. F. B. Hart.	R. B. Gray. Miss M. E. Thompson. Miss E. E. Scotland. Miss B. Macpherson. Miss C. Peach. Miss I. M. Powell. Miss M. S. Hall. Miss D. M. Bromley. <i>Permanent Non-Pensionable Clerks:—</i> F. W. Leake. W. Sainsbury. E. Wall. H. E. Barnes. R. A. Chalkley. C. V. B. Hill. A. W. Wells. <i>Temporary Clerks:</i> F. S. Cutting. O. W. Mortiboy.
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Office Keepers, H. Creed and G. H. Kempford.
King's Home Service or 1st Class Messengers,
W. G. Tice, W. C. Lawrence, A. Deacon and
W. M. Robinson.

Established Messengers, F. Lea, H. J. L. Battley,
A. Holland and W. C. Eglington.
Established Paper Keeper, E. A. Reed.
Office Porter, G. Pain.
Pensioner Messenger, W. J. Peters.

MEDICAL ADVISERS TO THE COLONIAL OFFICE.

Sir William Prout, C.M.G., O.B.E., M.B., C.M., and A. E. Horn, Esq., C.M.G., M.D., B.Sc., M.R.C.S., M.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H., 104, Harley Street, London, W.1 (hours, 10 a.m. to 12 noon, by appointment); C. V. Le Fanu, M.B., Ch.B., 33, Rodney Street, Liverpool (hours, 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m., afternoons by appointment); Lieut-Col. W. Glen Liston, C.I.E., I.M.S., 33, Comely Bank, Edinburgh (hour, by appointment); Major-General J. J. Gerrard, C.B., C.M.G., M.B., The Royal Hospital, Kingsbridge, Dublin (hours, 9.30 to 11 and 2.30 to 4 and by appointment); Foster Coates, Esq., M.D., D.P.H., 5, Shaftesbury Square, Belfast (hours, 2 to 4 p.m. except Saturdays, or by appointment).

ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.

The Rt. Honble. Earl Buxton, G.C.M.G., *Chancellor*; Brigadier-General Sir Samuel H. Wilson, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.B.E., *Secretary*; Sir Frank Athelstane Swettenham, G.C.M.G., C.H., *King of Arms*; Sir Edward J. Harding, K.C.M.G., C.B., *Registrar*; Sir Reginald L. Antrobus, K.C.M.G., C.B., *Gentleman Usher of the Blue Rod*; Bishop Montgomery, D.D., *Prelate*.

COLONIAL AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

The accounts of certain Colonies and Protectorates are audited, on behalf of the Secretary of State, by Auditors and Assistant Auditors acting under the supervision of the Director of Colonial Audit, who is assisted in London by a central establishment connected with, but not forming part of, the Colonial Office. The Auditors and Assistant Auditors, as well as the staff of the central office, form one Department, their salaries and expenses being defrayed by the Governments affected.

CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT:—58, Victoria Street, S.W.1.

Director of Colonial Audit—Sir Edward Stephenson, K.C.M.G.

Senior Clerks—H. D. Fisher, B.A., J. C. Fisher, O.B.E.

Second Class Clerks—C. E. Dale, C.M.G., C.B.E. (*acting*), P. J. A. Hamilton, R. H. Marshall, (*vacancy*).

Clerical Grade—A. J. Rodd, J. A. Flin.

ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE COLONIES AND PROTECTORATES.

BRITISH GUIANA.—

Auditor—H. W. Drake.

BRITISH HONDURAS.—

Auditor—E. M. Tibbitt.

CYPRUS.—

Auditor—J. A. Cremer, B.A.

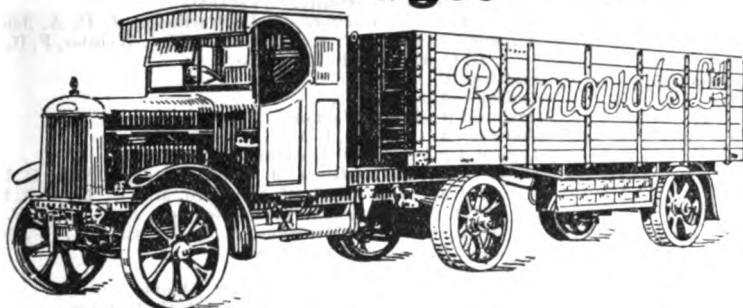
FALKLAND ISLANDS.—

Assistant Auditor (Local)—A. N. Branco.

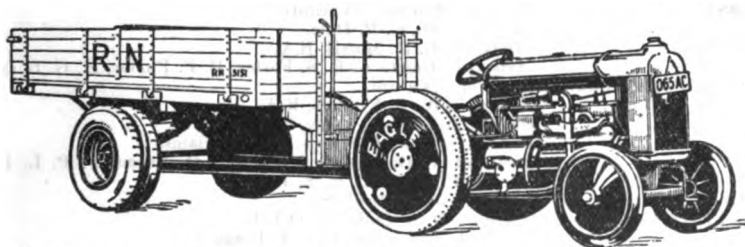
Auditor—M. C. Craigie-Halkett.

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GIBRALTAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. E. C. Merriek.
GOLD COAST.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. Bowerley, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —L. G. Corney, B.A.
HONG KONG.—	<i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. L. Mackinnon, M.A., W. H. Lempriere, A. C. Hands, E. H. C. Lillierup, F. W. Power, L. R. Barton, W. P. Legate.
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LEEWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —E. A. Smith.
MAURITIUS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. S. Cremer. <i>Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
NIGERIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. G. Biden, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —K. J. Douglas, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditors</i> —J. D. M. Bourne, C. E. de B. Biden. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —H. St. J. Sheppard, M.B.E., H. C. G. Bridger, H. H. S. Cheeseman, E. A. Stoodley, A. G. Still, F. W. P. Kingdom, C. J. Montague, A. G. Bowring, H. W. Skinner, A. J. R. Lucas, (3 Vacancies).
NORTHERN RHODESIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —R. H. Carter. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —H. Skinner. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —F. F. P. Smartt, P. H. Jennings.
NYASALAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —M. J. Flanagan, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant). <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —C. L. Todd, C. W. S. Seed.
PALESTINE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. S. Brain, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —J. Homa. <i>Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —S. G. White.
ST. HELENA.—	<i>Colonial Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
SEYCHELLES.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. C. P. Dale.
SIERRA LEONE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —E. H. Morris, B.A. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —R. S. Foster, R. F. Pinder, H. G. Imray.
SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. E. Knollys, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —J. Craig, M.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —F. S. Williams. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. B. Cox, W. P. Nason, F. P. L. Derriman, R. P. Caldwell, R. E. Irwin.
TRINIDAD.—	<i>Auditor</i> —J. B. Hewlett.
UGANDA PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —P. L. Colliason, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —A. Bragg. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —A. C. Getley, R. L. Thomas, M. C. S. Pakenham.
WINDWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. Pollard.
ZANZIBAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. N. Lee, O.B.E.

THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES.

The Crown Agents act as commercial and financial agents in the United Kingdom for the Governments of all the Colonies for the administration of which the Secretary of State for the Colonies is ultimately responsible. They receive instructions direct from the Colonial Governments, but are supervised by the Secretary of State. They do not act for the self-governing Dominions or for India, but in addition to the business of the Colonial Governments concerned they transact, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, that of the Governments of territories under the protection of His Majesty and territories in respect of which a mandate has been accepted by His Majesty, and of various public bodies such as Municipal and Harbour Authorities situated in the Colonies.

Down to 1833 each Colony appointed its own agent in London, but in that year all the agencies were consolidated into one office, with the exception of six agents, who continued for a time to represent some of the West Indian Governments.

The Crown Agents are appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, who fixes their salaries and pensions, regulates the appointment and the salaries and pensions of their staff, and exercises a general control over the funds by which their office is maintained. They and their staff are thus in a similar position to Civil Servants.

The chief heads under which business is transacted by the Crown Agents are:—

- (1) The purchase, shipment, insurance, and inspection, where necessary, of stores of all kinds.
- (2) The detailed design of bridges, buildings and engineering structures of all kinds; the preparation of specifications for, and the examination and approval of, detailed designs of locomotives, rolling stock, cranes, etc.

3

FIJI.—	<i>Auditor</i> —P. J. A. Hamilton. <i>Assistant Auditor</i> —L. H. Pope. <i>Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —T. J. Davis.
GAMBIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. F. B. Howard, M.C.
GIBRALTAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. E. C. Merriek.
GOLD COAST.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. Bowerley, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —L. G. Corney, B.A. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. L. Mackinnon, M.A., W. H. Lempric A. C. Hands, E. H. C. Lillierup, F. W. Power, L. R. Bart W. P. Legate.
HONG KONG.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. R. Phelps. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —T. Dallin, C. H. G. Bradley.
KENYA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. H. Smith, B.A. <i>Principal Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant). <i>Senior Assistant Auditors</i> —J. L. Worlledge, J. C. A. Jenks. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —C. A. J. S. Manger, H. J. Webster, F. H. Sible G. G. Roberts, F. R. Collins.
LEEWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —E. A. Smith.
MAURITIUS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. S. Cremer. <i>Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
NIGERIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. G. Biden, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —K. J. Douglas, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditors</i> —J. D. M. Bourne, C. E. de B. Biden, <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —H. St. J. Sheppard, M.B.E., H. C. G. Bridge H. H. S. Cheeseman, E. A. Stoodley, A. G. Still, F. W. } Kingdom, C. J. Montague, A. G. Bowring, H. W. Skinn A. J. R. Lucas, (3 Vacancies).
NORTHERN RHODESIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —R. H. Carter. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —H. Skinner. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —F. F. P. Smartt, P. H. Jennings.
NTASALAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —M. J. Flanagan, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant). <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —C. L. Todd, C. W. S. Seed.
PALESTINE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. S. Brain, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —J. Homa. <i>Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —S. G. White.
ST. HELENA.—	<i>Colonial Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
SEYCHELLES.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. C. P. Dale.
SIERRA LEONE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —E. H. Morris, B.A. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —R. S. Foster, R. F. Pinder, H. G. Imray.
SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. E. Knollys, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —J. Craig, M.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —F. S. Williams. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. B. Cox, W. P. Nason, F. P. L. Derriman, R. P. Caldwell, R. E. Irwin.
TRINIDAD.—	<i>Auditor</i> —J. B. Hewlett.
UGANDA PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —P. L. Collisson, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —A. Bragg. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —A. C. Getley, R. L. Thomas, M. C. S. Packenham.
WINDWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. Pollard.
ZANZIBAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. N. Lee, O.B.E.

THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES.

The Crown Agents act as commercial and financial agents in the United Kingdom for the Governments of all the Colonies for the administration of which the Secretary of State for the Colonies is ultimately responsible. They receive instructions direct from the Colonial Governments, but are supervised by the Secretary of State. They do not act for the self-governing Dominions or for India, but in addition to the business of the Colonial Governments concerned they transact, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, that of the Governments of territories under the protection of His Majesty and territories in respect of which a mandate has been accepted by His Majesty, and of various public bodies such as Municipal and Harbour Authorities situated in the Colonies.

Down to 1833 each Colony appointed its own agent in London, but in that year all the agencies were consolidated into one office, with the exception of six agents, who continued for a time to represent some of the West Indian Governments.

The Crown Agents are appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, who fixes their salaries and pensions, regulates the appointment and the salaries and pensions of their staff, and exercises a general control over the funds by which their office is maintained. They and their staff are thus in a similar position to Civil Servants.

The chief heads under which business is transacted by the Crown Agents are :—

- (1) The purchase, shipment, insurance, and inspection, where necessary, of stores of all kinds.
- (2) The detailed design of bridges, buildings and engineering structures of all kinds; the preparation of specifications for, and the examination and approval of, detailed designs of locomotives, rolling stock, cranes, etc.

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- (3) The negotiation of contracts for the execution of large public works, and the preparation of plans and general advice relating to such works whether carried out by contract or departmentally, consulting engineers being employed in special cases.
- (4) The negotiation, issue, management (including management of sinking fund and payment of interest), and repayment of loans.
- (5) The investment of surplus balances, reserve and depreciation funds, and the like.
- (6) The payment of salaries to officers on leave of absence in this country, allotments and allowances to their families, and pensions to retired officers, widows, and orphans.
- (7) The selection and engagement of candidates for appointments of certain classes, mainly technical, and the provision of passages for these officers and for others returning from leave of absence.
- (8) Any commercial, financial, or other business that may be entrusted to the Crown Agents.

The conditions under which the Crown Agents comply with requisitions from the Colonies for stores are laid down in Colonial Regulations 379-382. Branch offices in the city deal with shipping arrangements and the transfer of Colonial stock.

The Crown Agents' office is financially self-supporting, commissions and fees for work done being charged to the Colonial Governments etc., which it serves at rates approved by the Secretary of State. No vote for the office therefore comes before the Imperial Parliament. The accounts kept by the Crown Agents on behalf of Colonial Governments are audited in accordance with the Regulations in force in the Colonies concerned. The accounts of the separate office funds are audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General and are rendered to the Secretary of State.

Offices:—4 and 5, Millbank, Westminster, S.W.1; Stock Transfer Office, 1, Tokenhouse Buildings, E.C.2.

Crown Agents for the Colonies.

Sir Henry C. M. Lambert, K.C.M.G., C.B.
H. C. Thornton, C.M.G., C.V.O.
P. H. Ezechiel, C.M.G.
Lt.-Col. J. F. H. Carmichael, C.M.G., C.B.E.,
M.I.C.E., late R.E. (Engineer-in-Chief).

Clerical Staff.

Heads and Deputy Heads of Departments.

General, N. E. O. Willis (Chief Clerk), H. C. Ransom, O.B.E. (Deputy Chief Clerk).
Finance, H. F. Smith, O.B.E., F. Davis, G. F. Rowe.

Stores, H. M. J. Warde, M. S. Darroch.
Appointments, H. W. Naylor, O.B.E., F. M. Pearson.

Shipping, J. A. Blackwood, E. A. Nattriss, J. S. Truphet.

Pay, W. A. Phillips, M.B.E., H. K. Purcell.
Superintendent of Stock Transfer Office, G. N. K. Barrow.

Cashier, G. A. Gardner.

Assistant Heads, J. W. Potter, F. G. Bradstreet,
N. Rae, C. J. Reeves, J. M. Drennan, D.C.M.,
J. Goldburg, A. Ryder, H. Stanfield, T. F. Dalton, S. G. Reid, E. J. H. Boosé, W. A. F. Wickhart, T. C. Chilcot, J. O. Lamont, E. Ringwood, P. J. Elliott.

Superintendent of Packing Store, G. Walton.

Chief Inspector of Stamps, E. H. Wood.

Clerks (Executive Grade), V. C. R. Yearsley,
A. W. Abbott, F. W. Stokoe, A. H. Hicks,
E. K. Hills, E. N. Collins, F. S. Blomfield,
T. A. Pimm, P. W. C. Wratten, E. G. Maunder,
T. J. Aley, J. H. Brown, W. B. Walters, R. T. Fielding, A. D. C. Fisher, H. L. Durrell, R. T. Hill, J. Crook, W. P. Roberts, G. Turner,
E. Smith, H. Graham-Swales, L. C. Bain,
W. F. B. Quixley, H. A. Owen, J. Jamieson,
S. Bullwinkle.

Clerks (Higher Clerical Class), T. F. H. Bruce,
H. J. Robinson, H. Headley, C. D. Gilbert, J. Cannon, V. C. Mackay, S. G. Reardon, R. J. Bickmore, F. J. Stevens, A. L. Plowman, W. G. Ponder, H. P. Tattershall, F. R. Rose, W. H. Pain, C. H. Elliott, F. Harrington, H. J. A. Jones, F. W. Knight, W. E. Westcott, J. P.

Seconded for service with Government of Gold Mt.

Batten, W. B. Birch, H. W. Pledge, A. C. H. Sewell, F. R. Morgan, H. S. Glossop, H. W. Neville, H. J. Payne, A. Banfield, G. H. Symes, A. C. Drew, A. E. Knibb, W. M. T. Creber, F. Reed, E. J. West, F. E. Allen.

Assistant Inspector of Stamps, G. S. Smith.

Clerks, †W. G. Keen, †F. L. Hopkins, †W. Bowler, †J. D. Barnicoott, †W. J. Morgan, †G. J. W. Harrison, †E. C. Walters, †A. J. Power, E. J. Lanham, R. J. Grant.

Superintendent of London Shipments, E. T. Anderson.

Chief Superintendent of Typists and Principal Woman Clerk, Miss E. M. Blyth.

Superintendents of Typists, Miss L. Kesteven (Asst. Principal Woman Clerk), Miss M. V. Stewart, Miss E. O. Bailey, Miss L. F. Walker, Miss R. D. Wilkinson, Miss M. S. Hanrahan, Miss M. C. Kyle, Miss M. M. Bright, *Miss E. M. Beech, *Miss D. Gott, *Miss E. G. Badcock, *Miss E. I. Waterston, *Miss G. Denney, *Miss R. D. Smith.

Clerical Officers, W. Anderson, J. C. T. Hoar, W. A. Lock, A. S. Boyd, H. Free, R. Johnston, W. T. Rippengal, H. T. Lewis, M. W. Dodds, T. A. Sadler, A. H. Hughesman, R. W. Blackall, H. G. Thichener, R. C. W. Tunstall, E. Bellevue, A. C. Johnson, C. J. Fearon, J. A. Hulls, C. J. Palmer, E. A. H. Bolton, D. A. T. White, W. G. Thomas, G. F. Roebuck, T. K. Loughheed, B. de M. Death, S. P. Saddleton, A. S. Mayers, F. J. T. Smalldridge, C. L. Thiemé, S. F. Taylor, H. B. Hobbins, H. T. Webb, H. J. Earl, H. F. Pope, R. C. Southgate, S. Chappell, P. C. Seib, R. G. Davies, H. V. G. Harvey, F. L. Rider, S. Toynnton, A. Patten, R. Baker, W. A. Gray, S. W. Reid, W. J. Clegg, T. C. Hopkins, C. W. Smith, W. T. P. Andrews, S. S. Hillier, H. G. Luckett, R. W. Cook, H. G. Savage, N. T. Willis, J. H. Metcalfe, N. Pocklington, F. E. Rogers, L. A. Beadle, G. W. Faulkner, H. W. Holmwood, L. C. Mason, W. E. Curtis, T. P. Eminson, T. R. Whittaker, B. H. Millichamp, W. H. S. Gee, H. E. Filmer, L. Brooks, H. W. Eggleton, F. J. Stebbing, M. C. H. C. Henley, H. N. Cox, G. S. Mackay, E. W. Keys, I. G. Robson, F. W. Wythe, S. C. Phillips.

† Ex-Supplementary Class A.

* Ex-Supplementary Class B.

* Not on pensionable establishment.

A. McN. Grainger, W. G. Shipton, L. G. Wilkin, J. W. Vincent, G. C. Millar, W. G. Russell, S. W. Gann, W. G. Bawden, W. S. Smith, C. H. M. Miller, G. J. Garner, T. E. Robinson, H. V. Crosse, J. A. Taylor, A. A. Holmes, W. J. Jellis, S. G. Clutterham, A. W. Mumford, A. R. Squires, M. Faux, S. P. Colmer, S. A. Belcham, T. Dwyer, S. Bolton, F. A. McGregor, E. G. Millwood, A. E. Tiedeman, W. H. B. Etheridge, W. B. Lethaby, G. E. Lloyd-Jones, F. H. Jacob, J. M. Jones, S. A. Nightingale, A. J. Tyrrell, F. S. Foreman, H. R. Twyman, S. Dawson, E. J. Reynolds, A. J. E. Davis, O. S. Grey, H. O. Aldhous, L. K. Ware, F. E. Lerew, W. F. N. Bushbridge, W. A. Whyler, A. H. Ladhams, G. W. Wilford, *A. W. L. Savage, J. A. Hudson, S. C. N. Sackett, N. A. Talbot, *Miss E. M. Felce, *Miss A. Rowlands, *Miss A. E. Cornfield, *Miss A. Walker, *Miss F. G. Dunning, *Miss E. E. Tuppen, *Miss E. F. Green, *Miss G. E. Hodson, *Miss J. I. Fagg, *Miss D. M. Worsdale.

Unestablished Clerks, A. W. Taylor, *S. T. E. Adams.

4 Temporary Men Clerks.

**53 Shorthand Typists and Typists.*

94 Temporary Shorthand Typists and Typists, etc.

**5 Women Examiners (Stamp Inspection Dept.)*

30 Temporary Women Examiners (Stamp Inspection Dept.)

2 Telephone Operators.

2 Temporary Telephone Operators.

Higher Grade Attendant, J. C. McLaren.

Attendants, F. Harding, C. Dunkley.

16 Temporary Attendants.

6 Examiners (Stamp Inspection Dept.)

Technical Staff.

Chief Engineers, W. Braut, M.I.C.E., *J. W. Spiller, M.I.C.E., C. E. Williams, O.B.E., M.I.Mech.E.

Senior Assistant Engineers, G. R. Lock, B.A., *W. L. Watson, A.M.I.C.E., *W. E. Hogg, A.R.C.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., H. Horsburgh, A.M.I.C.E., *R. W. Foxlee, A.M.I.C.E., *R. M. McKechnie, A.M.I.Mech.E., *H. G. Tisdall, B.Sc., A.R.C.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.E.E.

Assistant Engineers, E. Owen, *E. A. McGill, M.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., C. W. Richmond, A.M.I.Mech.E., *J. W. Norris, A.O.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.Mech.E., *N. Porteous, D.S.O., M.C., A.M.I.C.E., *T. M. Carter, A.M.I.C.E., *A. Campbell, A.M.I.Mech.E., M.I. Loco. E., *W. R. Deuchar, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., *J. T. H. Burrell, A.K.C., A.M.I.C.E., *G. M. Wells, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I. Loco. E., *B. Percival, A.M.I.C.E., *A. C. Illston, A.M.I.Mech.E., *G. W. P. Roberts, M.B.E., B.Sc., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E.

**Draughtsmen*, H. H. Leys, B.Sc., A.M.I. Struct.E., H. Whittaker, A.M.I.Mech.E., N. J. Wallis, A.M.I. Struct.E., J. H. Marshall, B.Sc., J. A. Edwards, M.I.R.S.E., D. T. Strain, H. Finlayson, G.I.Mech.E., S. E. Coppen, W. Butterworth, A.M.I.C.E., H. G. Jenkins, A.C.G.I., F. H. Small, A.C.G.I., E. E. Caton.

**Junior Assistant Engineers*, L. Bown, A.M.I.C.E., R. P. Westbrook, B.Sc., A.C.G.I.

§ Seconded for service with the Government of Uganda.

** Seconded for service with Government of Northern Rhodesia.

* Not on pensionable establishment.

**Engineering Inspectors*, G. C. Lancaster, A.M.I.C.E., R. Oates, C. C. Henry, A.M.I.Mech.E., W. G. R. Crow, A.M.I.C.E., S. Richardson, A. W. Douglas, A.M.I.Mech.E., W. R. Shann, A.M.I.Mech.E., S. H. Morris, L. J. Rowed, S. Chadwick, E. O. Jones, A. W. H. Keen, B.Sc., F. J. Lynes, A.M.I.Mech.E., T. H. Daniels, A. Roberts, B. C. Bean, A.M.I.Mech.E., J. Gaunt, A.M.I.C.E., B. W. T. Smith, A.M.I.C.E., J. M. Heesem, A.O.G.I., A.M.I.Mech.E., F. W. Moore, A.M.I.Mech.E., L. M. Robinson, O.B.E., A.M.I.C.E., S. E. Venning, A.M.I.Mech.E., W. M. Bocquet, R. S. Hall, G. Ashworth, B.Sc., E. W. Selby, A.M.I.Loco.E.

**Assistant Engineering Inspectors*, W. B. Wade, F. L. Nolan, A.M.I.Loco.E., T. Barton, R. R. Henderson, S. Harris, R. H. Woolf, J. Tweedy, H. Burton, C. E. Broxup, J. Kirkham, A.M.I.Mech.E., J. W. Earnshaw, J. Macpherson, A. Lawrence, O.B.E., B.Sc., A.R.C.Sc., H. S. Affleck, B. A. Hill, A.M.I.Mech.E., F. L. H. Bascom, B.Sc., A.C.G.I., C. V. Mackay, B.Sc., A. E. Baker, B.Sc., R. J. Farrell, H. M. Le Fleming, B.A., R. K. Muir, B.A., J. P. Richards, A. S. Milward, B.Sc., A. Stowers, B.Sc., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.Mech.E., A. B. Shilstone, B.Sc., A.C.G.I., C. R. Stone, M.A., J. H. Willams, W. D. Farrington, B.Sc., R. Digby-Smith, B.Sc., J. F. Firth-Hand, J. W. Palmer, C. W. Hewlett, B.Sc., H. Wood, I. Midderigh, G. H. H. Collins, P. J. Allen, B.Sc., S. I. White.

Inspector of Stores, F. Watkins.

Assistant Inspectors of Stores, W. J. R. Musto, W. H. C. Ward, *E. P. Wharton, *R. C. Ayton, *G. Pemberton.

Subordinate Staff.

Office Keeper, E. Billingsley.

Clerk of Works and House Engineer, H. E. Knapton, *1 Assistant, *4 Stokers.

Office Messengers, H. Hurford, C. Hobson, F. T. Figures, 11 Temporary Men Messengers, 20 Temporary Girl Messengers, *2 Night Watchmen.

The following are the Colonies, Protectorates, etc., for which the Crown Agents transact business in this country:—

Bahamas.	Fiji.
Barbados.	Gambia.
Basutoland.	Gibraltar.
Bechuanaland.	Gold Coast.
Bermuda.	Hong Kong.
British Guiana.	Iraq.
British Honduras.	Jamaica.
Brunei.	Kenya.
Ceylon.	Leeward Islands—
Cyprus.	Antigua.
Falkland Islands.	Dominica.
Federated Malay States—	Montserrat.
Perak.	St. Kitts-Nevis.
Selangor.	Virgin Islands.
Negri Sembilan.	Malta.
Pahang.	Mauritius.
Kedah.	Nigeria.
Kelantan.	Northern Rhodesia.
Perlis.	Nyasaland.
Johore.	Palestine.
Trengganu.	St. Helena.
	Seychelles.
	Sierra Leone.

* Not on pensionable establishment.

Somaliland Protectorate
Straits Settlements.
Swaziland.
Tanganyika Territory.
Transjordan.
Trinidad and Tobago.
Turks Island.
Uganda Protectorate.
Wei Hai Wei.
Western Pacific (High Commission).

British Solomon Is.
Gilbert and Ellice Is.
New Hebrides.
Tonga.
Windward Islands—
Grenada.
St. Lucia.
St. Vincent.
Zanzibar.

The Crown Agents also act as Agents for the following Authorities:—The West African Frontier Force, and the King's African Rifles, the Kenya and Uganda Railway Administration, the Gibraltar City Council, the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation, Jamaica, the Lagos, Accra, Sekondi and Cape Coast Town Councils, the Kumasi Public Health Board, the Singapore Harbour Board and the Penang Harbour Board. They act also as Managers of the East and West African Widows' and Orphans' Pension Schemes, and as agents for the sale of Colonial Government Publications.

HIGH COMMISSIONERS AND AGENTS-GENERAL IN LONDON.

<i>High Commissioners.</i>		<i>Secretaries or Deputies.</i>	<i>Address.</i>
Canada . .	The Hon. P. C. Larkin.	L. Pacaud, Esq. . .	The Canadian Buildings, Trafalgar Square, S.W.1.
Commonwealth of Australia	Major-General Sir Granville de Laune Ryrie, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D.	T. Trumble, Esq., C.M.G., C.B.E.	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
New Zealand .	The Hon. Sir James Parr, K.C.M.G.	A. Crabb, Esq. . . .	415, Strand, W.C.2.
Union of South Africa	J. S. Smit, Esq.	J. P. J. Brunt, Esq. .	Trafalgar Square, W.C.2.
Irish Free State	James McNeill, Esq. . . .	T. J. Kiernan, Esq. .	15, Regent St., S.W.1.
Newfoundland	Victor Gordon, Esq., C.M.G.	W. Hutchings, Esq. (acting)	58, Victoria Street, S.W.1
Southern Rhodesia	Sir Francis Newton, K.C.M.G., C.V.O.	B. F. Wright, Esq. .	Crown House, Aldwych, W.C.2.
<i>Agents-General for the Australian States.</i>			
New South Wales	Sir George Fuller, K.C.M.G.	J. W. Ferguson, Esq.	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
Victoria . .	A. H. Wright, Esq. (acting) .	A. H. Wright, Esq. .	Melbourne Place, Strand, W.C.2.
Queensland .	The Hon. John Huxham . . .	L. H. Pike, Esq. . .	409-410, Strand, W.C.2.
South Australia	J. Lloyd Price, Esq.	J. B. Whiting, Esq. .	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
Western Australia	The Hon. W. C. Angwin . . .	C. B. Rushton, Esq.	Savoy House, 115 and 116, Strand, W.C.2.
Tasmania .	Lieut.-Col. R. Eccles Snowden	H. W. Ely, Esq. . .	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
<i>Agents-General for the Canadian Provinces.</i>			
Ontario . .	W. C. Noxon, Esq.	—	163, Strand, W.C.2.
Quebec . .	Dr. L. J. Lemieux	—	38, Kingsway, W.C.2.
Nova Scotia .	J. Howard, Esq.	—	33, St. James's Square, S.W.1.
British Columbia	F. A. Pauline, Esq.	—	British Columbia House, Regent St., S.W.1.

COLONIAL ADVISORY MEDICAL AND SANITARY COMMITTEE.

In October, 1909, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, on the recommendation of a Departmental Committee of Enquiry, appointed a Committee (the Advisory Medical and Sanitary Committee for Tropical Africa) to advise him on medical and sanitary questions connected with Tropical Africa.

In July, 1922, the functions of the Committee were extended to cover similar questions connected with all Dependencies, and the title "Colonial Advisory Medical and Sanitary Committee" was adopted. In August, 1926, Dr. A. T. Stanton was appointed Chief Medical Adviser to the Secretary of State and ex-officio Chairman of the Advisory Committee, which is now composed as follows:—

(Chairman)—A. T. Stanton, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Sir James Kingston Fowler, K.C.V.O., C.M.G., M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.P.
Sir William T. Prout, Kt., C.M.G., O.B.E., M.B., C.M.

FIJI.—	<i>Auditor</i> —P. J. A. Hamilton. <i>Assistant Auditor</i> —L. H. Pope. <i>Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —T. J. Davis.
GAMBIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. F. B. Howard, M.C.
GIBRALTAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. E. C. Merrick.
GOLD COAST.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. Bowerley, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —L. G. Corney, B.A. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. L. Mackinnon, M.A., W. H. Lempriere, A. C. Hands, E. H. C. Lillicrup, F. W. Power, L. R. Barton, W. P. Legate.
HONG KONG.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. R. Phelps. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —T. Dallin, C. H. G. Bradley.
KENYA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. H. Smith, B.A. <i>Principal Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant). <i>Senior Assistant Auditors</i> —J. L. Worledge, J. C. A. Jenks. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —C. A. J. S. Manger, H. J. Webster, F. H. Sibley, G. G. Roberts, F. R. Collins.
LEEWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —E. A. Smith.
MAURITIUS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. S. Cremer. <i>Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
NIGERIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. G. Biden, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —K. J. Douglas, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditors</i> —J. D. M. Bourne, C. E. de B. Biden. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —H. St. J. Sheppard, M.B.E., H. C. G. Bridger, H. H. S. Cheeseman, E. A. Stoodley, A. G. Still, F. W. P. Kingdom, C. J. Montague, A. G. Bowring, H. W. Skinner, A. J. R. Lucas, (3 Vacancies).
NORTHERN RHODESIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —R. H. Carter. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —H. Skinner. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —F. F. P. Smartt, P. H. Jennings.
NTASALAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —M. J. Flanagan, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant). <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —C. L. Todd, C. W. S. Seed.
PALESTINE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. S. Brain, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —J. Homa. <i>Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —S. G. White.
ST. HELENA.—	<i>Colonial Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
SEYCHELLES.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. C. P. Dale.
SIERRA LEONE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —E. H. Morris, B.A. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —R. S. Foster, R. F. Pinder, H. G. Imray.
SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. E. Knollys, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —J. Craig, M.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —F. S. Williams. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. B. Cox, W. P. Nason, F. P. L. Derriman, B. P. Caldwell, R. E. Irwin.
TRINIDAD.—	<i>Auditor</i> —J. B. Hewlett.
UGANDA PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —P. L. Colliason, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —A. Bragg. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —A. C. Getley, R. L. Thomas, M. C. S. Pakenham.
WINDWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. Pollard.
ZANZIBAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. N. Lee, O.B.E.

THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES.

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- (1) The purchase, shipment, insurance, and inspection, where necessary, of stores of all kinds.
- (2) The detailed design of bridges, buildings and engineering structures of all kinds; the preparation of specifications for, and the examination and approval of, detailed designs of locomotives, rolling stock, cranes, etc.

FIJI.—	<i>Auditor</i> —P. J. A. Hamilton. <i>Assistant Auditor</i> —L. H. Pope. <i>Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —T. J. Davis.
GAMBIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. F. B. Howard, M.C.
GIBRALTAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. E. C. Merrick.
GOLD COAST.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. Bowerley, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —L. G. Corney, B.A. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. L. Mackinnon, M.A., W. H. Lempriere, A. C. Handa, E. H. C. Lillicrup, F. W. Power, L. R. Barton, W. P. Legate.
HONG KONG.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. R. Phelps.
KENYA.—	<i>Assistant Auditors</i> —T. Dallin, C. H. G. Bradley. <i>Auditor</i> —W. H. Smith, B.A. <i>Principal Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant). <i>Senior Assistant Auditors</i> —J. L. Worledge, J. C. A. Jenks. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —C. A. J. S. Manger, H. J. Webster, F. H. Sibley, G. G. Roberts, F. R. Collins.
LEEWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —E. A. Smith.
MAURITIUS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. S. Cremer. <i>Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
NIGERIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. G. Biden, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —K. J. Douglas, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditors</i> —J. D. M. Bourne, C. E. de B. Biden. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —H. St. J. Sheppard, M.B.E., H. C. G. Bridger, H. H. S. Cheeseman, E. A. Stoodley, A. G. Still, F. W. P. Kingdom, C. J. Montague, A. G. Bowring, H. W. Skinner, A. J. R. Lucas, (3 Vacancies).
NORTHERN RHODESIA.—	<i>Auditor</i> —R. H. Carter. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —H. Skinner. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —F. F. P. Smartt, P. H. Jennings.
NTASALAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —M. J. Flanagan, B.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —(Vacant). <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —C. L. Todd, C. W. S. Seed.
PALESTINE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. S. Brain, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —J. Homa. <i>Assistant Auditor (Local)</i> —S. G. White.
ST. HELENA.—	<i>Colonial Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
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SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —(Vacant).
TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.—	<i>Auditor</i> —W. E. Knollys, B.A. <i>Deputy Auditor</i> —J. Craig, M.A. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —F. S. Williams. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —W. B. Cox, W. P. Nason, F. P. L. Derriman, R. P. Caldwell, R. E. Irwin.
TRINIDAD.—	<i>Auditor</i> —J. B. Hewlett.
UGANDA PROTECTORATE.—	<i>Auditor</i> —P. L. Collisson, O.B.E. <i>Senior Assistant Auditor</i> —A. Bragg. <i>Assistant Auditors</i> —A. C. Getley, R. L. Thomas, M. C. S. Packenham.
WINDWARD ISLANDS.—	<i>Auditor</i> —A. Pollard.
ZANZIBAR.—	<i>Auditor</i> —H. N. Lee, O.B.E.

THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES.

The Crown Agents act as commercial and financial agents in the United Kingdom for the Governments of all the Colonies for the administration of which the Secretary of State for the Colonies is ultimately responsible. They receive instructions direct from the Colonial Governments, but are supervised by the Secretary of State. They do not act for the self-governing Dominions or for India, but in addition to the business of the Colonial Governments concerned they transact, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, that of the Governments of territories under the protection of His Majesty and territories in respect of which a mandate has been accepted by His Majesty, and of various public bodies such as Municipal and Harbour Authorities situated in the Colonies.

Down to 1833 each Colony appointed its own agent in London, but in that year all the agencies were consolidated into one office, with the exception of six agents, who continued for a time to represent some of the West Indian Governments.

The Crown Agents are appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, who fixes their salaries and pensions, regulates the appointment and the salaries and pensions of their staff, and exercises a general control over the funds by which their office is maintained. They and their staff are thus in a similar position to Civil Servants.

The chief heads under which business is transacted by the Crown Agents are :—

- (1) The purchase, shipment, insurance, and inspection, where necessary, of stores of all kinds.
- (2) The detailed design of bridges, buildings and engineering structures of all kinds; the preparation of specifications for, and the examination and approval of, detailed designs of locomotives, rolling stock, cranes, etc.



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(3) The negotiation of contracts for the execution of large public works, and the preparation of designs and general advice relating to such works whether carried out by contract or departmentally, consulting engineers being employed in special cases.

(4) The negotiation, issue, management (including management of sinking fund and payment of interest), and repayment of loans.

(5) The investment of surplus balances, reserve and depreciation funds, and the like.

(6) The payment of salaries to officers on leave of absence in this country, allotments and remittances to their families, and pensions to retired officers, widows, and orphans.

(7) The selection and engagement of candidates for appointments of certain classes, mainly technical, and the provision of passages for these officers and for others returning from leave of absence.

(8) Any commercial, financial, or other business that may be entrusted to the Crown Agents.

The conditions under which the Crown Agents comply with requisitions from the Colonies for stores are laid down in Colonial Regulations 379-382. Branch offices in the city deal with shipping arrangements and the transfer of Colonial stock.

The Crown Agents' office is financially self-supporting, commissions and fees for work done being charged to the Colonial Governments etc., which it serves at rates approved by the Secretary of State. No vote for the office therefore comes before the Imperial Parliament. The accounts kept by the Crown Agents on behalf of Colonial Governments are audited in accordance with the Regulations in force in the Colonies concerned. The accounts of the separate office funds are audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General and are rendered to the Secretary of State.

OFFICES:—4 and 5, Millbank, Westminster, S.W.1; Stock Transfer Office, 1, Tokenhouse Buildings, E.C. 2.

Crown Agents for the Colonies.

Sir Henry C. M. Lambert, K.C.M.G., C.B.

H. C. Thornton, C.M.G., C.V.O.

P. H. Ezechiel, C.M.G.

Lt.-Col. J. F. H. Carmichael, C.M.G., C.B.E.,
M.I.C.E., late R.E. (*Engineer-in-Chief*).

Clerical Staff.

Heads and Deputy Heads of Departments.

General, N. E. O. Willis (*Chief Clerk*), H. C.

Ransom, O.B.E. (*Deputy Chief Clerk*).

Finance, H. F. Smith, O.B.E., F. Davis, G. F. Rowe.

Stores, H. M. J. Warde, M. S. Darroch.

Appointments, H. W. Naylor, O.B.E., F. M. Pearson.

Shipping, J. A. Blackwood, E. A. Natriss, J. S. Truphet.

l'ay, W. A. Phillips, M.B.E., H. K. Purcell.

Superintendent of Stock Transfer Office, G. N. K. Barrow.

Cashier, G. A. Gardner.

Assistant Heads, J. W. Potter, F. G. Bradstreet, N. Rae, C. J. Reeves, J. M. Drennan, D.C.M., J. Goldburg, A. Ryder, H. Stanfield, T. F. Dalton, S. G. Reid, E. J. H. Boosé, W. A. F. Wickhart, T. C. Chilcot, J. O. Lamont, E. Ringwood, P. J. Elliott.

Superintendent of Packing Store, G. Walton.

Chief Inspector of Stamps, E. H. Wood.

Clerks (Executive Grade), V. C. R. Yearley, A. W. Abbott, F. W. Stokoe, § A. H. Hicks, E. K. Hills, E. N. Collins, F. S. Blomfield, T. A. Pimm, P. W. C. Wratten, E. G. Maunder, T. J. Aley, J. H. Brown, W. B. Walters, P. Fielding, A. D. C. Fisher, H. L. Durrell, R. T. Hill, J. Crook, W. P. Roberts, G. Turner, E. Smith, H. Graham-Swales, L. O. Bain, W. F. B. Quixley, H. A. Owen, J. Jamieson, S. Bullwinkle.

Clerks (Higher Clerical Class), T. F. H. Bruce, H. J. Robinson, H. Headley, C. D. Gilbert, J. Cannon, V. C. Mackay, S. G. Reardon, R. J. Bickmore, F. J. Stevens, A. L. Plowman, W. G. Ponder, H. P. Tattershall, F. R. Rose, W. H. Pain, C. H. Elliott, F. Harrington, H. J. A. Jones, F. W. Knight, W. E. Westcott, J. P.

Batten, W. B. Birch, H. W. Pledge, A. C. H. Sewell, F. R. Morgan, H. S. Glossop, H. W. Neville, H. J. Payne, A. Banfield, G. H. Symes, A. C. Drew, A. E. Knibb, W. M. T. Creber, F. Reed, E. J. West, F. E. Allen.

Assistant Inspector of Stamps, G. S. Smith.

Clerks, † W. G. Keen, † F. L. Hopkins, † W. Bowler, † J. D. Barnicott, † W. J. Morgan, † G. J. W. Harrison, † F. C. Walters, † A. J. Power, E. J. Lanham, R. J. Grant.

Superintendent of London Shipments, E. T. Anderson.

Chief Superintendent of Typists and Principal Woman Clerk, Miss E. M. Blyth.

Superintendents of Typists, Miss L. Kesteven (*Asst.*

Principal Woman Clerk), Miss M. V. Stewart,

Miss E. C. Bailey, Miss L. F. Walker, Miss

R. D. Wilkinson, Miss M. S. Hanrahan, Miss

M. C. Kyle, Miss M. M. Bright, *Miss E. M.

Beech, *Miss D. Gott, *Miss E. G. Badcock,

*Miss E. I. Waterston, *Miss G. Denney, *Miss

R. D. Smith.

Clerical Officers, W. Anderson, J. C. T. Hoar,

W. A. Lock, A. S. Boyd, H. Free, R. Johnston,

W. T. Rippengal, H. T. Lewis, M. W. Dodds,

T. A. Sadler, A. H. Hughesman, R. W.

Blackall, H. G. Thichener, R. C. W. Tunstall,

E. Bellevue, A. C. Johnson, C. J. Fearon,

J. A. Hulls, C. J. Palmer, E. A. H. Bolton,

D. A. T. White, W. G. Thomas, G. F. Roebuck,

T. K. Loughed, B. de M. Death, S. P. Saddle-

ton, A. S. Mayers, F. J. T. Smallridge, C. L.

Thiémé, S. F. Taylor, H. B. Hobbins, H. T.

Webb, H. J. Earl, H. F. Pope, R. C. Southgate,

S. Chappell, P. C. Seib, R. G. Davies, H. V. G.

Harvey, F. L. Rider, S. Toynon, A. Patten,

R. Baker, W. A. Gray, S. W. Reid, W. J.

Clegg, T. C. Hopkins, C. W. Smith, W. T. P.

Andrews, S. S. Hillier, H. G. Luckett, R. W.

Cook, H. G. Savage, N. T. Willis, J. H. Metcalfe,

N. Pocklington, F. E. Rogers, L. A. Beale,

G. W. Faulkner, H. W. Holmwood, L. C. Mason,

W. E. Curtis, T. P. Eminson, T. R. Whittaker,

B. H. Milliohamp, W. H. S. Gee, H. E. Filmer, L.

Brooks, H. W. Eggleton, F. J. Stebbing, M. C.

H. C. Henley, H. N. Cox, G. S. Mackay, E. W.

Keys, I. G. Robson, F. W. Wyrthe, S. C. Phillips.

‡ Ex-Supplementary Class A.

† Ex-Supplementary Class B.

* Not on pensionable establishment.

§ Seconded for service with Government of Gold Coast.

A. McN. Grainger, W. G. Shipton, L. G. Wilkin, J. W. Vincent, G. C. Millar, W. G. Russell, S. W. Gann, W. G. Bawden, W. S. Smith, C. H. M. Miller, G. J. Garner, T. E. Robinson, H. V. Crosse, J. A. Taylor, A. A. Holmes, W. J. Jellis, S. G. Clutterham, A. W. Mumford, A. R. Squires, M. Faux, S. P. Colmer, S. A. Belcham, T. Dwyer, S. Bolton, F. A. McGregor, E. G. Millwood, A. E. Tiedeman, W. H. B. Etheridge, W. B. Lethaby, G. E. Lloyd-Jones, F. H. Jacob, J. M. Jones, S. A. Nightingale, A. J. Tyrrell, F. S. Foreman, H. R. Twyman, S. Dawson, E. J. Reynolds, A. J. E. Davis, S. Grey, H. O. Aldhouse, L. K. Ware, F. E. Lerew, W. F. N. Busbridge, W. A. Whyler, A. H. Ladhams, G. W. Wilford, *A. W. L. Savage, J. A. Hudson, S. C. N. Sackett, N. A. Talbot, *Miss E. M. Felce, *Miss A. Rowlands, *Miss A. E. Comfield, *Miss A. Walker, *Miss F. G. Dunning, *Miss E. E. Tuppen, *Miss E. F. Green, *Miss G. E. Hodson, *Miss J. I. Fagg, *Miss D. M. Worsdale.

*Unestablished Clerks, A. W. Taylor, *S. T. E. Adams.*

4 Temporary Men Clerks.

**53 Shorthand Typists and Typists.*

94 Temporary Shorthand Typists and Typists, etc.

**5 Women Examiners (Stamp Inspection Dept.), 30 Temporary Women Examiners (Stamp Inspection Dept.).*

2 Telephone Operators.

2 Temporary Telephone Operators.

Higher Grade Attendant, J. C. McLaren.

Attendants, F. Harding, C. Dunkley.

16 Temporary Attendants.

6 Examiners (Stamp Inspection Dept.)

Technical Staff.

*Chief Engineers, W. Erant, M.I.C.E., *J. W. Spiller, M.I.C.E., C. E. Williams, O.B.E., M.I.Mech.E.*

*Senior Assistant Engineers, G. R. Lock, B.A., *W. L. Watson, A.M.I.C.E., *W. E. Hogg, A.R.C.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., H. Horsburgh, A.M.I.C.E., *R. W. Foxlee, A.M.I.C.E., *R. M. McKechnie, A.M.I.Mech.E., *H. G. Tisdall, B.Sc., A.R.C.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.E.E.*

*Assistant Engineers, E. Owen, *E. A. McGill, M.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., C. W. Richmond, A.M.I.Mech.E., *J. W. Norris, A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.Mech.E., *N. Porteous, D.S.O., M.C., A.M.I.C.E., *T. M. Carter, A.M.I.C.E., *A. Campbell, A.M.I.Mech.E., M.I. Loco. E., *W. R. Deuchar, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., *J. T. H. Burrell, A.K.C., A.M.I.C.E., *G. M. Wells, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I. Loco. E., *B. Percival, A.M.I.C.E., *A. C. Illston, A.M.I.Mech.E., *G. W. P. Roberts, M.B.E., B.Sc., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E.*

**Draughtsmen, H. H. Leys, B.Sc., A.M.I. Struct.E., H. Whittaker, A.M.I.Mech.E., N. J. Wallis, A.M.I. Struct.E., J. H. Marshall, B.Sc., J. A. Edwards, M.I.R.S.E., D. T. Strain, H. Finlayson, G.I.Mech.E., S. E. Coppen, W. Butterworth, A.M.I.C.E., H. G. Jenkins, A.C.G.I., F. H. Small, A.C.G.I., E. E. Caton.*

**Junior Assistant Engineers, L. Bown, A.M.I.C.E., R. P. Westbrook, B.Sc., A.C.G.I.*

o Seconded for service with the Government of Uganda.

*** Seconded for service with Government of Northern Rhodesia.*

** Not on pensionable establishment.*

**Engineering Inspectors, G. C. Lancaster, A.M.I.C.E., R. Oates, C. C. Henry, A.M.I.Mech.E., W. G. R. Crow, A.M.I.C.E., S. Richardson, A. W. Douglas, A.M.I.Mech.E., W. R. Shann, A.M.I.Mech.E., S. H. Morris, L. J. Rowed, S. Chadwick, E. O. Jones, A. W. H. Keen, B.Sc., F. J. Lynes, A.M.I.Mech.E., T. H. Daniels, A. Roberts, B.C. Bean, A.M.I.Mech.E., J. Gaunt, A.M.I.C.E., B. W. T. Smith, A.M.I.C.E., J. M. Heesem, A.C.G.I., A.M.I.Mech.E., F. W. Moore, A.M.I.Mech.E., L. M. Robinson, O.B.E., A.M.I.C.E., S. E. Venning, A.M.I.Mech.E., W. M. Bocquet, R. S. Hall, G. Ashworth, B.Sc., E. W. Selby, A.M.I.Loco.E.*

**Assistant Engineering Inspectors, W. B. Wade, F. L. Nolan, A.M.I.Loco.E., T. Barton, R. R. Henderson, S. Harris, E. H. Woolf, J. Tweedy, H. Burton, C. E. Broxup, J. Kirkham, A.M.I.Mech.E., J. W. Earnshaw, J. Macpherson, A. Lawrence, O.B.E., B.Sc., A.R.C.Sc., H. S. Affleck, B. A. Hill, A.M.I.Mech.E., F. L. H. Bascom, B.Sc., A.C.G.I., C. V. Mackay, B.Sc., A. E. Baker, B.Sc., R. J. Farrell, H. M. Le Fleming, B.A., R. K. Muir, B.A., J. P. Richards, A. S. Milward, B.Sc., A. Stowers, B.Sc., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.Mech.E., A. B. Shilstone, B.Sc., A.C.G.I., C. B. Stone, M.A., J. H. Willans, W. D. Farrington, B.Sc., R. Digby-Smith, B.Sc., J. F. Firth-Hand, J. W. Palmer, C. W. Hewlett, B.Sc., H. Wood, I. Miderigh, G. H. H. Collins, P. J. Allen, B.Sc., S. I. White.*

Inspector of Stores, F. Watkins.

*Assistant Inspectors of Stores, W. J. R. Musto, W. H. C. Ward, *E. P. Wharton, *R. C. Ayton, *G. Pemberton.*

Subordinate Staff.

Office Keeper, E. Billingsley.

*Clerk of Works and House Engineer, H. E. Knapton, *1 Assistant, *4 Stokers.*

*Office Messengers, H. Hurford, C. Hobson, F. T. Figures, 11 Temporary Men Messengers, 20 Temporary Girl Messengers, *2 Night Watchmen.*

The following are the Colonies, Protectorates, etc., for which the Crown Agents transact business in this country :—

Bahamas.	Fiji.
Barbados.	Gambia.
Basutoland.	Gibraltar.
Bechuanaland.	Gold Coast.
Bermuda.	Hong Kong.
British Guiana.	Iraq.
British Honduras.	Jamaica.
Brunei.	Kenya.
Ceylon.	Leeward Islands—
Cyprus.	Antigua.
Falkland Islands.	Dominica.
Federated Malay States—	Montserrat.
Perak.	St. Kitts-Nevis.
Selangor.	Virgin Islands.
Negri Sembilan.	Malta.
Pahang.	Mauritius.
Kedah.	Nigeria.
Kelantan.	Northern Rhodesia.
Perlis.	Nyasaland.
Johore.	Palestine.
Trengganu.	St. Helena.
	Seychelles.
	Sierra Leone.

Not included in the Federation.

** Not on pensionable establishment.*

Somaliland Protectorate	British Solomon Is.
Straits Settlements.	Gilbert and Ellice Is.
Swaziland.	New Hebrides.
Tanganyika Territory.	Tonga.
Transjordan.	Windward Islands—
Trinidad and Tobago.	Grenada.
Turks Island.	St. Lucia.
Uganda Protectorate.	St. Vincent.
Wei Hai Wei.	Zanzibar.
Western Pacific (High Commission).	

The Crown Agents also act as Agents for the following Authorities:—The West African Frontier Force, and the King's African Rifles, the Kenya and Uganda Railway Administration, the Gibraltar City Council, the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation, Jamaica, the Lagos, Accra, Sekondi and Cape Coast Town Councils, the Kumasi Public Health Board, the Singapore Harbour Board and the Penang Harbour Board. They act also as Managers of the East and West African Widows' and Orphans' Pension Schemes, and as agents for the sale of Colonial Government Publications.

HIGH COMMISSIONERS AND AGENTS-GENERAL IN LONDON.

<i>High Commissioners.</i>		Secretaries or Deputies.	Address.
Canada . .	The Hon. P. C. Larkin.	L. Pacaud, Esq. . .	The Canadian Buildings, Trafalgar Square, S.W.1.
Commonwealth of Australia	Major-General Sir Granville de Laune Rylie, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D.	T. Trumble, Esq., C.M.G., C.B.E.	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
New Zealand .	The Hon. Sir James Parr, K.C.M.G.	A. Crabb, Esq. . . .	415, Strand, W.C.2.
Union of South Africa	J. S. Smit, Esq.	J. P. J. Brunt, Esq. .	Trafalgar Square, W.C.2.
Irish Free State	James McNeill, Esq. . . .	T. J. Kiernan, Esq. .	15, Regent St., S.W.1.
Newfoundland	Victor Gordon, Esq., C.M.G.	W. Hutchings, Esq. (acting)	58, Victoria Street, S.W.1
Southern Rhodesia	Sir Francis Newton, K.C.M.G., C.V.O.	B. F. Wright, Esq. .	Crown House, Aldwych, W.C.2.
<i>Agents-General for the Australian States.</i>			
New South Wales	Sir George Fuller, K.C.M.G.	J. W. Ferguson, Esq.	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
Victoria . .	A. H. Wright, Esq. (acting) .	A. H. Wright, Esq. .	Melbourne Place, Strand, W.C.2.
Queensland .	The Hon. John Huxham . .	L. H. Pike, Esq. . .	409-410, Strand, W.C.2.
South Australia	J. Lloyd Price, Esq. . . .	J. B. Whiting, Esq. .	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
Western Australia	The Hon. W. C. Angwin . .	C. B. Rushton, Esq.	Savoy House, 115 and 116, Strand, W.C.2.
Tasmania .	Lieut.-Col. R. Eccles Snowden	H. W. Ely, Esq. . .	Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
<i>Agents-General for the Canadian Provinces.</i>			
Ontario . .	W. C. Noxon, Esq.	—	163, Strand, W.C.2.
Quebec . .	Dr. L. J. Lemieux	—	38, Kingsway, W.C.2.
Nova Scotia	J. Howard, Esq.	—	33, St. James's Square, S.W.1.
British Columbia	F. A. Pauline, Esq.	—	British Columbia House, Regent St., S.W.1.

COLONIAL ADVISORY MEDICAL AND SANITARY COMMITTEE.

In October, 1909, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, on the recommendation of a Departmental Committee of Enquiry, appointed a Committee (the Advisory Medical and Sanitary Committee for Tropical Africa) to advise him on medical and sanitary questions connected with Tropical Africa.

In July, 1922, the functions of the Committee were extended to cover similar questions connected with all Dependencies, and the title "Colonial Advisory Medical and Sanitary Committee" was adopted. In August, 1926, Dr. A. T. Stanton was appointed Chief Medical Adviser to the Secretary of State and ex-officio Chairman of the Advisory Committee, which is now composed as follows:—

(Chairman)—A. T. Stanton, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H.
 Sir James Kingston Fowler, K.C.V.O., C.M.G., M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.P.
 Sir William T. Prout, Kt., C.M.G., O.B.E., M.B., C.M.

A. Balfour, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.P., D.P.H.
 Major-General Sir Wilfred W. O. Beveridge, K.B.E., C.B., D.S.O., M.B., D.P.H., K.H.P.
 Lieut.-Colonel S. P. James, M.D., I.M.S. (ret'd.).
 A. E. Horn, C.M.G., M.D., B.Sc., M.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.
 H. F. Downie } *Joint Secretaries.*
 W. J. Bigg }
 G. J. Rutherford, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., *Medical Secretary.*

A Sub-Committee, consisting of Sir James Kingston Fowler, Dr. Stanton, Dr. Horn and one of the Private Secretaries to the Secretary of State, advises the Secretary of State in connection with the selection of candidates for medical appointments in the Colonies.

COLONIAL SURVEY COMMITTEE.

The Colonial Survey Committee is an advisory Committee appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies to advise him in matters affecting the survey of British Colonies and Protectorates, more especially those in Tropical Africa, with a view to securing the rapid, economical, and methodical prosecution of accurate surveys where these are required, and rendering the results available as speedily as possible for use by the Home Government, the Colonial Governments, and the public. It was constituted in August, 1905, and its scope was extended in 1912 to include geological surveys in British Colonies and Protectorates.

The present members are :—

W. C. Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., O.B.E., Colonial Office (*Chairman*); Rear-Admiral H. P. Douglas, C.M.G., R.N. (Hydrographer of the Navy); Colonel Commandant E. M. Jack, C.M.G., D.S.O., R.E. (Director-General of the Ordnance Survey); Colonel H. St. J. L. Winterbotham, C.M.G., D.S.O., R.E., General Staff; J. F. N. Green, Colonial Office (*Chairman of the Geological Section*); Sir J. S. Flett, K.B.E., D.Sc., LL.D., F.R.S. (Director of the Geological Survey of Great Britain); and J. W. Evans, C.B.E., F.R.S., F.G.S. (Imperial College of Science and Technology); with Capt. G. T. McCaw, O.B.E., and E. B. Bowyer (Colonial Office) as *Joint Secretaries*.

THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON NATIVE EDUCATION IN THE BRITISH TROPICAL AFRICAN DEPENDENCIES.

This committee was appointed in 1923 to advise the Secretary of State on any matters of native education in the British Colonies and Protectorates in Tropical Africa which he may from time to time refer to it, and to assist him in advancing the progress of education in those Colonies and Protectorates. It is constituted as follows :—

The Parliamentary Under Secretary of State (*Chairman*).
 The Rt. Rev. Bishop M. J. Bidwell, C.B.E.
 W. C. Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., O.B.E.
 Miss S. A. Burstall, J.P.
 Major A. G. Church, D.S.O., M.C.
 Sir James Currie, K.B.E., C.M.G., LL.D.
 The Rt. Hon. Lord Lugard, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O.
 Professor T. P. Nunn.
 J. H. Oldham.
 Sir Michael Sadler, K.C.S.I., C.B., LL.D.
 H. Vischer, C.B.E. (*is also Secretary*).
 Miss A. W. Whitelaw.

THE AFRICAN LIQUOR TRAFFIC CONTROL COMMITTEE.

This Committee was appointed in 1924 to consider and advise upon

- (1) All applications for the placing of brands of gin on the Schedule of approved brands which will be admitted into the British West African Colonies and Protectorates.
- (2) Any question which may arise as to the retention on the Schedule of any brand which has been placed on it.

It is constituted as follows :—

Chairman—J. E. W. Flood.
 Lt.-Col. C. A. Gordon Clark, C.M.G., D.S.O.
 J. F. Halpin, F.I.C.
 R. B. Miller.
 R. F. Nicholson.
 T. Shelley.

Secretary—P. H. Morris (Colonial Office).

COLONIAL RESEARCH COMMITTEE.

The Colonial Research Committee was appointed in 1919 to administer a Parliamentary grant for the assistance of the poorer Colonies in undertaking research work upon matters of economic importance.

The research work so undertaken includes the investigation of forest problems in British Honduras, sponge cultivation in the Bahamas, geological and mineralogical work in the Leeward Islands, Windward Islands, British Honduras and Nyassaland, entomological work in Sierra Leone, and enquiry into cultural methods in Seychelles, and banana culture experiments at the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, Trinidad.

The Committee is composed as follows :—

Sir Halford Mackinder, (*Chairman*).

Sir Gilbert Grindle, K.C.M.G., C.B.

Sir Frank Heath, K.C.B.

J. F. N. Green.

E. R. Darnley.

Secretary—R. R. Sedgwick (Colonial Office).

COMMITTEE FOR RESEARCH IN THE DEPENDENCIES OF THE
FALKLAND ISLANDS.

In March, 1923, the Secretary of State for the Colonies appointed an Executive Committee (commonly known as the "Discovery" Committee) to control, subject to his instructions, the investigations, mainly connected with whaling, recommended by the Interdepartmental Committee on Research and Development in the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands (see Parliamentary Paper, Cmd. 657). For the purposes of the investigations, the late Captain R. Scott's Ship "Discovery," has been acquired on behalf of the Colonial Government and a Marine Biological Station has been established at South Georgia. Another ship, of the Whale Catcher type, which has been named "William Scoresby," has been built for the Committee.

The Committee is composed as follows :—

E. R. Darnley, Colonial Office (*Chairman*).

Sir Sidney F. Harmer, K.B.E., D.Sc., F.R.S., British Museum, Natural History, (*Vice-Chairman*).

H. T. Allen, Colonial Office (*Finance Member*).

J. O. Borley, O.B.E., Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

Sir J. Fortescue Flannery, Bart., M.I.C.E. (*Consulting Naval Architect*).

Rear-Admiral H. P. Douglas, O.M.G., R.N., Admiralty.

J. M. Wordie, F.R.S.E., Royal Geographical Society.

S. R. Pughe (*Secretary*).

H. Horsburgh, A.M.I.C.E. (*Technical Assistant*).

PACIFIC CABLE BOARD.

The Pacific Cable was laid in 1902, and ran as follows :—

	LENGTH.
(1) From Vancouver Island (Bamfield Creek) to Fanning Island ...	3,458 nautical miles.
(2) From Fanning Island to Fiji (Suva)	2,043 " "
(3) From Fiji to Norfolk Island	981 " "
(4) From Norfolk Island to Queensland (Southport)	837 " "
(5) From Norfolk Island to New Zealand (Doubtless Bay)	519 " "

Additional cables were subsequently laid between Doubtless Bay and Auckland, between Auckland and Sydney, between Auckland and Suva, and between Southport and Sydney, thus duplicating the southern sections. Contracts were placed early in 1925 for the duplication of the two northern sections, and these were laid before the end of 1926. In 1924 the Board undertook the management of the West Indian cable system.

The section from Bamfield to Fanning Island far exceeds in length any other stretch of cable in the world, and lies at great depths, the soundings for a great part of the route being from 2,800 to 3,400 fathoms.

The cable is owned and worked by the Governments interested, and the management is vested in a Board, the composition of which is as follows :—

Maurice Headlam, C.B. (Acting Chairman)	Representing His Majesty's Government.
Sir George Evelyn P. Murray, K.C.B.	Representing the Government of the Dominion of Canada.
Sir Campbell Stuart, K.B.E.	Representing the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia.
Lucien Pacaud, K.C.	Representing the Government of the Dominion of New Zealand.
Maj.-Gen. The Hon. Sir Granville Ryrie, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D.	
J. R. Collins, C.M.G., C.B.E.	
The Hon. Sir Christopher James Parr, K.C.M.G.	

IMPERIAL ECONOMIC COMMITTEE.

This Committee was established in 1925, following on proposals of the Imperial Economic Conference 1923, for the purpose of considering the possibility of improving the methods of preparing for market and marketing within the United Kingdom the food products of the Overseas parts of the Empire with a view to increasing the consumption of such products in the United Kingdom in preference to imports from foreign countries, and to promote the interests both of producers and consumers.

The Imperial Conference of 1926 widened the reference to the Committee by instructing it to put forward for the consideration of the various Governments concerned (a) a list of raw materials for possible further marketing enquiries, and (b) suggestions for the preparation and circulation of brief preliminary surveys of any branch of Empire trade and marketing, such preliminary surveys, if the Governments concerned so desire, to be followed up by further enquiries. The Governments of the Empire have agreed that, whilst putting forward such lists and suggestions, the Imperial Economic Committee shall conduct experimental enquiries with a view to ascertaining the most practical and useful form which the reports and surveys can take and the principles on which the lists will have to be based.

The Committee has produced so far five reports, viz. (1) a general interim report, (2) on meat, (3) on fruit, (4) on dairy produce, and (5) on fish.

The Rt. Hon. Sir Halford McKinder, *Chairman*.

Sir Algonon Firth, Bart., Sir Thomas Aller Mr. J. S. Wardlaw-Milne, M.P., Mr. F. N. Blundell, M.P., Representatives of Great Britain.

Mr. W. A. Wilson, Mr. Harrison Watson, Canada.

Mr. F. L. McDougall, C.M.G. (one seat vacant), Australia.

The Hon. Sir James Parr, K.C.M.G., Mr. R. S. Forsyth, New Zealand.

Mr. F. J. du Toit (one seat vacant), Union of South Africa.

Mr. J. W. Dulanty, C.B., C.B.E. (one seat vacant), Irish Free State.

Mr. Victor Gordon, C.M.G., Mr. William C. Job, Newfoundland.

Sir Atul Chandra Chatterjee, K.C.I.E., Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, C.S.I., C.I.E., India.

Sir Francis Newton, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., Southern Rhodesia.

Sir Gilbert Grindle, K.C.M.G., C.B. (one seat vacant), Colonies and Protectorates.

The following are advisers to the British Representatives:—

Mr. R. J. Thompson, C.B., O.B.E., Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

Sir Robert Greig, Board of Agriculture, Scotland.

Mr. G. Scott Robertson, D.Sc., Ministry of Agriculture, Northern Ireland.

Secretary—Sir David Chadwick, C.S.I., C.I.E.

Assistant Secretary—K. A. Weston, C.M.G.

Higher Executive Officer—T. L. Catling, M.C.

Temporary Administrative Officer—O. V. Calder.

Address—2, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, S.W.1.

Telephone—Victoria 3452.

EMPIRE MARKETING BOARD.

The Board was set up in 1926, with the Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs as Chairman to assist him in the administration of the sums of money to be annually granted in 1926 and successive years, to assist in furthering the marketing of Empire Produce in this Country, and to foster the interests of Inter-Imperial Trade generally.

The Board carries out its functions with the aid of various committees dealing especially with such aspects of the subject as research, publicity, and the marketing of fruit. In addition to representatives of the Home Government, there are also on the Board representatives of the Dominions, India, the Colonies and Protectorates.

The Staff of the Board is as follows:—

Secretary—S. G. Tallents, C.B., C.B.E.

Assistant Secretary—E. M. H. Lloyd.

Principals—W. P. Hildred, J. Wilkie.

Senior Staff Officer—L. F. C. Maclean, O.B.E.

Staff Officers—A. H. Clarke, F. Grant.

Executive Officer—W. E. Knox.

Clerks (High Grade)—L. C. Nash, H. J. Oram, R. F. Jenkins.

Clerks—F. V. F. Bennett, S. J. Fletcher, W. C. Hood, G. W. Rumble, Miss F. G. Orr, T. F. Skilton, J. Sill, P. M. Williams, W. Jones, L. T. Crofts, T. S. Horgan, A. J. Price, P. J. Eaton, E. J. Rae, R. St. John, G. C. Gilchrist, F. W. Sidwell, C. H. Wake, E. C. Atkins.

Superintendent of Typists—Miss D. E. White.

Temporary Administrative Officers—J. M. Blair, G. M. Dykes, G. Huxley, F. N. Ratcliffe, A. Ryan, W. Creighton, A. L. Irving.

Temporary Assistants—P. G. H. Barter, F. W. Heath, C. H. B. Kenyon, M. J. M. Makalus, M. E. Bentley, A. C. Shill, J. A. Gilchrist, T. D. Raphael, J. R. H. Shaul, A. C. Mason, W. S. Thomson, Miss J. Quigley.

Temporary Clerks—M. T. Corrigan, F. Kitteringham, A. G. Olley, E. P. Murrell, A. Faust, J. Herbert.

The address of the Board is 2, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, S.W.1.

WEST AFRICAN CURRENCY BOARD.

The West African Currency Board was appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies in November, 1912, on the recommendation of the West African Currency Committee of 1911-1912, to provide for and to control the supply of currency to the British West African Colonies and Protectorates.

The Board is represented in West Africa by Currency Officers at Lagos, Accra, Freetown, and Bathurst who supervise and control the work performed for the Board by the branches of the Bank of British West Africa Ltd., which acts as the Board's Agent. The present Currency Officers are the Treasurers of Nigeria, the Gold Coast, and Sierra Leone, and the Receiver-General of the Gambia.

The first Chairman of the Board was Sir G. V. Fiddes, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. The Board is at present constituted as follows:—Sir W. H. Mercer, K.C.M.G. (*Chairman*), L. Couper, C.M.G., A. J. Harding, C.B.E.; *Secretary*, W. A. F. Wickhart; *Assistant Secretary*, W. A. Templeman; *Accountant*, J. Goldburg.

The address of the Board is 4, Millbank, Westminster, S.W.1.

EAST AFRICAN CURRENCY BOARD.

The East African Currency Board was appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1920 to provide for and to control the supply of currency to Kenya and Uganda. Its functions have subsequently been extended to the Tanganyika Territory.

The Board is represented in East Africa by Currency Officers at Nairobi (for Kenya), Entebbe (for Uganda) and Dar-es-Salaam (for the Tanganyika Territory). The present currency officers are the Treasurers of Kenya, Uganda and the Tanganyika Territory.

The members of the Board are:—

Sir William H. Mercer, K.C.M.G. (*Chairman*).

W. C. Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., O.B.E.

P. H. Keeschiel, C.M.G.

Secretary, H. F. Smith, O.B.E.

The address of the Board is 4, Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

PALESTINE CURRENCY BOARD.

The Palestine Currency Board was appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1926 to provide for and to control the supply of currency to Palestine.

The Board is represented in Palestine by a Currency Officer at Jerusalem. The present Currency Officer is the Treasurer of Palestine.

The members of the Board are:—

P. H. Keeschiel, C.M.G. (*Chairman*).

L. Couper, C.M.G.

A. J. Harding, C.B.E.

Secretary—H. O. Ransom, O.B.E.

The address of the Board is 4, Millbank, Westminster, S.W. 1.

BUREAU OF HYGIENE AND TROPICAL DISEASES.

His Majesty's Government have established in London a Bureau for the collection and general distribution of information with regard to hygiene and tropical diseases, including the diseases of animals. Accommodation has been provided by the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, at 23, Endsleigh Gardens, London, N.W.1. The Bureau is partly maintained from Imperial funds, and from funds provided by various Dominion, Colonial and Protectorate Governments.

The Bureau is under the general control and direction of an Honorary Managing Committee, appointed by and responsible to the Secretary of State for the Colonies. The Committee is composed of the following members:—

A. T. Stanton, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H. (Chief Medical Adviser to the Secretary of State),
Chairman.

Andrew Balfour, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., F.R.C.P.

Major-General Sir David Bruce, K.C.B., M.B., F.R.S., A.M.S. (retired).

Sir Walter M. Fletcher, K.B.E., M.D., Sc.D., F.R.S. (representing the Medical Research Council).

Sir Charles J. Martin, C.M.G., F.R.S. (representing the Royal Society).

Sir John McFadyean, M.R.C.V.S.

G. R. A. Herbert (representing the Foreign Office and the Sudan Government).

A. E. Horn, C.M.G., M.D., B.Sc., M.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.

T. Carnwath, D.S.O., M.B. (representing the Ministry of Health).

W. H. Andrews, D.S.O., D.Sc., M.R.C.V.S. (representing the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries).

Major-General J. B. Smith, C.B., C.I.E., I.M.S. (ret'd.), (representing the Govt. of India).

J. B. Sidebotham, of the Colonial Office, as *Secretary*.

The Bureau is administered by a salaried Director and Assistant Director, who are assisted by a staff of sectional Editors. Its main function is to collect from all sources information regarding hygiene and tropical diseases; to collate, condense, and, where necessary translate, this information, and to distribute it as widely and quickly as possible among those who are engaged in combating these diseases. This information is made available by means of the publications of the Bureau, viz., the Tropical Diseases Bulletin and the Bulletin of Hygiene issued monthly, and the Tropical Veterinary Bulletin issued quarterly. The Bureau possesses a valuable Library which is now housed with that of the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine.

The Director of the Bureau is A. G. Bagshawe, C.M.G., M.B., late of the Uganda Medical Staff.

COLONIAL MEDICAL RESEARCH COMMITTEE.

The Colonial Medical Research Committee was constituted in 1927 by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, in consultation with the Medical Research Council, and is composed as follows:—

The Rt. Hon. W. Ormsby Gore, M.P. (*Chairman*).

Sir George Maxwell, K.B.E., C.M.G. (*Deputy Chairman*).

The Secretary of the Medical Research Council, Sir Walter Fletcher, K.B.E., M.D., F.R.S. (*ex officio*).

The Chief Medical Adviser to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, A. T. Stanton, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H. (*ex officio*).

Professor J. W. W. Stevens, M.D., F.R.S.

Sir Leonard Rogers, C.I.E., M.D., F.R.S.

Andrew Balfour, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Charles Todd, M.D., O.B.E.

P. H. Manson-Bahr, D.S.O., M.D., F.R.C.P.

C. M. Wenyon, C.M.G., C.B.E., M.B., F.R.S.

Wm. Fletcher, M.D., M.R.C.P., *Medical Secretary*.

A. Bevir (of the Colonial Office), *Secretary*.

The duties of the Committee are to advise the Secretary of State and the Medical Research Council on the initiation and promotion of medical research in the interests of the Colonial Empire and upon the management and allocation of any funds available for these purposes.

Amongst the duties of the Committee is the administration of the Tropical Diseases Research Fund. The income of this fund, amounting to about £2,000 a year, mainly contributed by Colonial Governments, is directed to assisting investigation and research into the various diseases prevalent in the tropical colonies of the Empire. The fund which was originally constituted in 1904 was until 1927 administered by an Advisory Committee whose functions were taken over in that year by the Colonial Medical Research Committee.

IMPERIAL BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY.

The Bureau was founded at the beginning of 1913 for the purpose of encouraging and co-ordinating entomological work throughout the Empire in relation both to human and animal diseases and to agriculture. The Head Office is at the British Museum (Natural History), Cromwell Road, S.W., and the Publication Office at 41, Queen's Gate, South Kensington, S.W. 7. Dr. Guy A. K. Marshall, O.M.G., F.R.S., is the Director of the Bureau, and Dr. S. A. Neave the Assistant Director. There is an Honorary Committee of Management composed as follows:—

Rt. Hon. Earl Buxton, G.C.M.G. (*Chairman*): Major E. E. Austen, D.S.O.; Dr. A. G. Bagshawe, C.M.G.; C. E. Baines; Andrew Balfour, C.B., C.M.G., M.D., F.R.C.P.; Major-Gen. Sir David Bruce, K.C.B., F.R.S., A.M.S. (retired); Dr. P. A. Buxton; J. C. F. Fryer; Sir Sidney Harmer, K.B.E., F.R.S.; Dr. R. S. MacDougall; Sir John McFadyean; Sir Daniel Morris, K.C.M.G.; Professor R. Newstead, F.R.S.; Professor G. H. F. Nuttall, F.R.S.; A. C. C. Parkinson, O.B.E.; Professor E. B. Poulton, F.R.S.; Lieut.-Col. Sir David Prain, C.M.G., C.I.E., F.R.S.; J. Murray, C.M.G.; Dr. Hugh Scott; Lt.-Col. R. Eccles Snowden; A. T. Stanton, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H.; F. V. Theobald; C. Warburton; with G. F. Seel (of the Colonial Office), as *Secretary*.

The Bureau has absorbed the Entomological Research Committee (with which the present Managing Committee is practically identical) appointed in June, 1909, by the Marquess of Crewe, when Secretary of State for the Colonies, with the object of furthering the study of economic entomology particularly in the British Tropical African Colonies and Protectorates.

Contributions for the upkeep of the Bureau, which amount to approximately £12,500 per annum, are made by the Imperial Government, the Governments of the self-governing Dominions and Colonies, the Government of India, the Colonies not possessing responsible government and other dependencies, the Sudan, and the British North Borneo Company.

The Bureau publishes a quarterly journal entitled "The Bulletin of Entomological Research," which includes original papers on entomological subjects; and a monthly journal entitled "The Review of Applied Entomology" (in two parts "Medical and Veterinary" and "Agricultural") summarizing all current entomological literature bearing on injurious insects. The identification of insects is also undertaken on a large scale for official entomologists in all parts of the Empire, and information and advice are given on any matters concerning injurious insects.

In 1927 a Laboratory for breeding beneficial parasites for export to Oversea Governments was opened at Farnham House, Farnham Royal, Buckinghamshire.

IMPERIAL BUREAU OF MYCOLOGY.

The Bureau, which was founded in 1920, was the outcome of a proposal unanimously adopted by the Imperial War Conference in 1918, that a central organisation should be established for the encouragement and co-ordination of work throughout the Empire on the diseases of plants caused by fungi, in relation to Agriculture.

The Bureau is situated at No. 17/19, Kew Green, Kew (Telephone, Richmond 0603), and is in charge of the Director, Dr. E. J. Butler, O.I.E., late Imperial Mycologist, Director of the Research Institute, Pusa, and Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India.

There is a Committee of Management composed as follows:—Earl Buxton, G.C.M.G. (*Chairman*) ; Professor V. H. Blackman, F.R.S., Professor F. O. Bower, F.R.S., F. T. Brooks, A. D. Cotton, F.L.S., H. R. Cowell, Professor H. H. Dixon, F.R.S., Professor Sir J. B. Farmer, F.R.S., Dr. A. W. Hill, F.R.S., Professor W. H. Lang, F.R.S., Sir Daniel Morris, K.C.M.G., Dr. P. A. Murphy, J. Murray, C.M.G., Dr. G. H. Pethybridge, B.Sc., Lieut.-Col. Sir David Prain, C.M.G., C.I.E., F.R.S., Dr. A. B. Rendle, F.R.S., H. N. Ridley, C.M.G., F.R.S., R. A. Robertson, F.R.S.E., Sir E. J. Russell, F.R.S., and Dr. H. W. T. Wager, F.R.S., with F. G. Lee (of the Colonial Office), as *Secretary*.

The funds of the Bureau are entirely provided from the various self-governing Dominions, India and the Sudan, and the non-self-governing Colonies and Protectorates. Its work on the diseases of plants caused by fungi is broadly on the same lines as that of the Imperial Bureau of Entomology in regard to insects. Its primary function is to assist economic mycologists in the overseas parts of the Empire by the accumulation and distribution of information on all matters connected with plant diseases and by the identification of specimens. The former purpose is fulfilled by the publication of a monthly *Review*, the establishment of a lending library, and the preparation of translations and summaries of existing knowledge. In addition to the identification of specimens, critical studies of parasitic fungi are carried out. Accommodation is provided for overseas workers who may wish to prosecute their researches while in England. An Imperial Mycological Conference, organised by the Bureau and attended by a large number of home and overseas mycologists was held in 1924.

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

Trustees:—

The Lord President of the Council.
The First Commissioner of H.M. Treasury.
The Secretary of State for India.
The President of the Board of Trade.
The Secretary of the Department of Overseas Trade (Development and Intelligence).
The Rt. Hon. The Earl of Selborne, K.G., G.C.M.G.
Sir Algernon Firth, Bart.
Sir Edward Davson.

The Imperial Institute building was erected at South Kensington as the National Memorial of the Jubilee of Queen Victoria, by whom it was opened in May, 1893. Since 1900 portions of the building have been in the occupation of the University of London.

The principal object of the Imperial Institute is to promote the utilisation of the commercial and industrial resources of the Empire, by the chemical and technical investigation of raw materials, by the supply of information relating to such materials and their production, and by the maintenance of comprehensive exhibits illustrating the economic resources of all the countries of the Empire overseas.

The Institute ceased to act as an independent institution in 1902, when it was placed under the management of the Board of Trade by Act of Parliament. The Colonial Office assumed the management by arrangement with the Board of Trade in 1907, and was placed in statutory control by the Imperial Institute (Management) Act of 1916.

As an outcome of the Report of the Committee of Enquiry appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1923 and the subsequent resolution of the Imperial Economic Conference, an Act of Parliament (the Imperial Institute Act, 1925) was passed which repeals the Acts of 1902 and 1916, and provides (1) for the transfer of the Institute to the control of the Parliamentary Secretary of the Department of Overseas Trade; (2) for its management, under that Minister, by a Board of Governors representing all the interests concerned, and (3) for the amalgamation of the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau with the Institute. The provisions of this Act were carried into effect as from July 1, 1925.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

President—D. H. Hacking, O.B.E., M.P. (Parliamentary Secretary, Department of Overseas Trade).
Vice-President—Sir William Clark, K.C.S.I., C.M.G. (Comptroller-General, Department of Overseas Trade).

Representatives of the Dominions and India:

Canada—The Hon. P. Larkin (High Commissioner).

Australia—Maj.-Gen. The Hon. Sir Granville de L. Ryrie, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D. (High Commissioner).

New Zealand—The Hon. Sir James Parr, K.C.M.G. (High Commissioner).

South Africa—Hon. J. S. Smit (High Commissioner).

Newfoundland—Captain V. Gordon, C.M.G. (High Commissioner).

India—Sir Atul Chatterjee, K.C.I.E. (High Commissioner).

*Representatives of Government Departments :**Treasury*—*C. L. Stooks.*Board of Trade*—P. W. L. Ashley, C.B., Dr. F. H. Hatch, O.B.E., M.Inst.C.E. (Mines Department).*Colonial Office*—*J. F. N. Green, *P. H. Ezechiel, C.M.G. (Crown Agents).*Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries*—H. E. Dale, C.B.*Department of Scientific and Industrial Research*—H. T. Tizard, F.R.S.*Representatives of Scientific and Commercial Interests :**Royal Society*—Prof. Sir J. B. Farmer, M.A., D.Sc., LL.D., F.R.S.*Former Governors of the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau*—W. Thorneycroft, F.R.S.E.,

M.I.M.E., W. Forster Brown, M.Inst.C.E., H. F. Marriott, A.R.S.M., M.Inst.C.E.

Association of British Chambers of Commerce—*Sir Stanley Machin, J.P.*Federation of British Industries*—A. Johnston.*Chairmen of Advisory Councils*—*Lieut.-Colonel Sir David Prain, C.M.G., C.I.E., F.R.S. (Plant and Animal Products), *Sir Richard Redmayne, K.C.B., M.Sc. (Mineral Resources).*Secretary*—Major O. J. F. Keatinge, D.S.O.

*Members of Managing Committee.

The following is a brief account of the operations of the Institute.

The Institute works in co-operation with the Agricultural, Mines and other technical departments in the Dominions, Colonies and India, whose operations it supplements by undertaking investigations and enquiries relating to the composition, uses and commercial value of products (animal, vegetable or mineral) which can be more efficiently conducted at home in consultation with merchants and manufacturers with a view to the local utilisation of the products or their export.

In addition to general laboratories for the investigation of products, special laboratories have been established for the examination of timber, rubber, cement, and ceramic materials, and complete technical trials of these and other materials can be carried out. By its close association with manufacturers and users of raw materials in this country, the Institute is able to arrange large-scale trials of promising materials when necessary. Samples of the principal raw materials which have been investigated and commercially valued during recent years, and as to which full information is available, can be inspected by interested enquirers.

Special analyses and investigations are undertaken for firms or private persons in any part of the Empire on payment of appropriate charges. Application for such investigations should be made in writing to the Director. Enquiries not involving laboratory work are dealt with without charge.

For the prompt execution of the investigation and enquiry work of the Institute, two Departments have been established, viz., Plant and Animal Products, and Mineral Resources. Each Department is under a Principal Officer and has its own laboratory and intelligence sections, and will be responsible in future for all publications dealing with their respective subjects. In each department a special feature is made of the collecting and indexing of such published and other information as is likely to be of service in dealing with enquiries and other work of the Institute.

Plant and Animal Products Department.—This department deals with all investigations and enquiries relating to foodstuffs, oilseeds, essential oils, rubber, fibres, drugs, tobacco, timbers, gums and resins, and such like products. An Advisory Council on Plant and Animal Products has been appointed and Advisory Technical Committees, including representatives of the trades or industries concerned co-operate in the work on timbers, silk, vegetable fibres, animal fibres, oils and oilseeds, essential oils and resins, tanning materials, and hides and skins; other Committees will be formed as and when required. Investigations of plantation rubber are also carried out at the Institute on behalf of the Ceylon Rubber Research Scheme under the direction of the London Committee of the Scheme.

A very large number of reports on these subjects have been made to the Governments of the Dominions, Colonies and India, a first instalment of which was printed in a volume of "Technical Reports and Scientific Papers," published in 1903. Later collected reports are issued in the Miscellaneous Series of Colonial Reports as "Selected Reports from the Scientific and Technical Department of the Imperial Institute," as follows:—Part I. Fibres [Cd. 4588], Part II. Gums and Resins [Cd. 4971], Part III. Foodstuffs [Cd. 5137], Part IV. Rubber and Gutta Percha [Cd. 6022], Part V. Oilseeds, Oils, Fats and Waxes [Cd. 7260].

Mineral Resources Department.—This department is responsible for dealing with all investigations and enquiries relating to minerals. An Advisory Council on Minerals has been appointed combining the Board of Governors of the late Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau with representatives of the late Advisory Technical Committee on Minerals of the Imperial Institute. The fifteen Advisory Technical Committees of the late Bureau, each of which deals with a special group of minerals and metals, have been reconstituted as Committees of the Institute, and form a most valuable link with the mineral industries of the Empire.

The publications of the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau, including the Statistics of the Mineral Industry of the British Empire and Foreign Countries and a series of volumes on the Mining Laws of the British Empire and of Foreign Countries, have been taken over by this Department, which has recently issued a Statistical Summary for 1924-26. The publication of the Mineral Monographs on specific minerals and metals, formerly issued by the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau, is being continued.

A series of twenty monographs on Mineral Resources with special reference to the British Empire was issued under the direction of the late Mineral Resources Committee of the Institute.

Reports by the Director on the results of mineral explorations in Ceylon, Northern Nigeria, Southern Nigeria and Nyasaland, containing the results of investigations conducted in the laboratories of the Institute, have been printed in the Miscellaneous Series of Colonial Reports.

Library.—The library of the Institute contains a large collection of Colonial and Indian works of reference, and is regularly supplied with the more important reports and other publications of government departments in Great Britain, the Dominions, Colonies and India, and also most foreign countries. More than 500 serial publications, mainly of a scientific or technical character, are regularly received.

The library is available for the use of enquirers between the hours of 10 a.m. and 5.30 p.m. on week-days (10 a.m. to 1 p.m. on Saturdays).

Statistical Section.—This section is concerned with the collection of statistics for the use of other Departments of the Institute, for which purpose the chief statistical publications of nearly all the British and foreign countries are regularly received.

Public Exhibition Galleries.—The collections in these galleries are supplied chiefly through the Governments of the countries concerned and every part of the Empire is represented. The exhibits are arranged geographically, and constitute a permanent exhibition illustrative of the commercial and industrial resources of the Dominions, Colonies and India, and of the life of the people and local scenery. The specimens of raw products on exhibition are of vegetable, mineral and animal origin, and have descriptive labels stating their nature, uses and commercial importance; and these are supplemented by pictures, photographs, maps, diagrams and models, sporting trophies, native handicraft, etc.

The following countries are represented :—

Canada, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Turks and Caicos Islands, British Honduras, British Guiana, Bahama Islands, Trinidad and Tobago, Barbados, Windward Islands, Leeward Islands, Bermuda Islands, Falkland Islands, Australia, Papua, New Zealand and Samoa, Fiji, Western Pacific, the Union of South Africa, Rhodesia, Nyasaland, St. Helena, Tristan da Cunha, Gambia, Sierra Leone, Gold Coast, Nigeria and Cameroons, Kenya, Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar and Pemba, Uganda, Somaliland, the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Iraq, Palestine, Malta, Cyprus, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Mauritius, Seychelles, Straits Settlements and Federated Malay States, North Borneo, and India.

There is a Central Stand in the Galleries for the supply of free literature and general information to enquirers and for the sale of publications and picture postcards. Visitors requiring scientific or technical information are referred from the Central Stand to the appropriate department. Pamphlets, circulars, hand-books, etc., containing information relating to the commerce, agriculture, mining and other industries of the principal British Possessions, and also to emigration, are available for gratuitous distribution.

Guide Lecturers conduct parties through the Galleries at stated times and explain the exhibits; special arrangements are made for school parties. Surplus specimens of economic products are supplied at a nominal charge to school museums on written application being made to the Director. When store material is available samples of raw products are supplied to manufacturers and others interested.

The Public Galleries are open free daily from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (except Christmas Day and Good Friday), and on Sundays from 2.30 to 6 p.m.

A Cinema has been installed where films depicting the life, sports and industries of the various countries of the British Empire overseas are shown daily, free.

General Publications.—The "Bulletin of the Imperial Institute" is published quarterly, price 3s. 6d. (annual subscription 15s. 4d., including postage), and may be ordered through any bookseller. The Bulletin contains records of the principal investigations conducted for the Dominions, the Colonies and India at the Imperial Institute, and special articles, chiefly relating to progress in tropical agriculture and the industrial utilisation of raw materials (animal, vegetable and mineral).

Under the authority of the Secretary of State for the Colonies the Institute issued a Series of Imperial Institute Handbooks, dealing with the Commercial Resources of the Tropics, with special reference to West Africa. The volumes are entitled: "The Agricultural and Forest Products of British West Africa," by G. C. Dudgeon, C.B.E., formerly Director-General of Agriculture in Egypt, and Inspector of Agriculture for British West Africa, 2nd edition; "Cocoa: Its Cultivation and Preparation," by W. H. Johnson, F.L.S., formerly Director of Agriculture in Southern Nigeria; "Rubber," by Harold Brown, Scientific and Technical Department, Imperial Institute; and "Cotton and other Vegetable Fibres," by E. Goulding, D.Sc., Scientific and Technical Department, Imperial Institute, 2nd edition. The volumes on Cocoa and Rubber are now out of print.

The Reports of the Indian Trade Enquiry which discuss the possibilities of increasing and developing the trade in Indian raw materials have also been published. The volumes deal with: "Hides and Skins," "Oil Seeds," "Rice," "Timber and Paper Materials," "Jute and Silk," "Lac, Turpentine and Rosin," and "Cinchona Bark and Myrobalans."

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Secretary.—Major O. J. F. Keatinge, D.S.O.

Secretarial Assistant.—G. S. Godfrey.

Accountant.—W. H. Gillham.

Registrar.—P. J. Redmond.

Librarian.—F. Henn.

PLANT AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT.

Chairman of Advisory Council.—Lt.-Col. Sir David Prain, C.M.G., C.I.E., F.R.S.

Principal.—H. Brown.

Vice-Principal.—K. Gouilding, D.Sc., F.I.C.

Chief Assistant (Intelligence).—S. E. Chandler, D.Sc., A.R.C.S., F.L.S.

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Vice-Principal.—T. Crook, A.R.C.S., F.G.S., M.Inst.M.M.

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Senior Assistants (Intelligence).—R. Allen, M.A., B.Sc., M.Inst.M.M.; G. E. Howling, B.Sc.; E. H. Halse, A.R.S.M., M.I.M.M.

Senior Assistants (Laboratory).—W. O. R. Wynn, F.I.C.; A. T. Fairecloth.

Assistants (Laboratory).—H. Bennett, B.Sc., A.I.C.; R. O. Groves, M.Sc., A.I.C.; W. A. Atkins; H. J. Broughton.

Legal Consultant.—G. Stone, B.A., LL.B.

Chief Statistician.—J. A. Nelson, B.Sc.

EXHIBITION GALLERIES.

Curator.—H. Spooner.

Deputy Curator.—A. B. Jackson, A.L.S.

Exhibition Officers.—F. W. Rolfe; F. Boulton; E. C. Moore.

Guide Lecturers.—Colonel M. C. Nangle; Capt. H. Luxmoore, R.N.

CYLON RUBBER RESEARCH STAFF.

Superintendent.—G. Martin, B.Sc., A.I.C.

Senior Assistant.—W. S. Davey, B.Sc., A.I.C.

Assistant.—F. L. Elliott, F.I.C.

ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS, KEW.

Kew as a scientific establishment dates from 1759, when a Botanic, or as it was then called a Physic Garden was established by the Princess Augusta of Saxe-Gotha, Dowager Princess of Wales.

It was energetically maintained by her son, George III., with the scientific assistance of Sir Joseph Banks, who was virtually, for the greater part of his life, director. Under his advice collectors were sent to all parts of the world. The first New Holland plants were introduced during Cook's voyages, 1768-1780. At Sir Joseph Banks's instance the system of inter-colonial exchange through Kew was commenced, which has been maintained ever since. The most memorable undertaking of this kind was

the voyage of the *Bounty* (1787), for the purpose of introducing the bread-fruit tree from the South Seas into the W. Indies. Nelson, the Kew collector, was amongst those sent adrift by the mutineers, and eventually died of the exposure. Another Kew gardener, James Hooper, who had been attached to Lord Amherst's Embassy to China, remained in Java, and was from 1817-30 Hortulanus of the celebrated Dutch Colonial Botanic Garden at Buitenzorg, which he helped to create.

Both George III. and Sir Joseph Banks died in 1820, and the colonial and other work of Kew languished, though it was not absolutely abandoned during the reign of George IV. and William IV. In 1838 the abolition of the whole establishment was contemplated by the Government. Public opposition led to the appointment of a Treasury Committee, the report of which was presented to Parliament in 1840. The following paragraphs briefly defined the functions of the reorganised establishment:—"A national garden ought to be the centre round which all minor establishments of the same nature should be arranged. . . . From a garden of this kind Government would be able to obtain authentic and official information on points connected with the founding of new colonies; it would afford the plants there required, without its being necessary, as now, to apply to the officers of private establishments for advice and assistance."

These recommendations having been adopted by the Government, Sir W. J. Hooker, F.R.S., was appointed Director in 1841 to carry them out. A close connection between Kew and the Colonial and India Offices immediately sprang up. A scheme for a complete series of Colonial Floras was sanctioned in 1856, and has been steadily prosecuted. Kew serves to a large extent as an advanced horticultural school. Special attention is given to the preparation of gardeners for Colonial and Indian service, in which some 100 men, trained at Kew, are now in official employment.

Relations with the botanical institutions of the self-governing Dominions are maintained by semi-official correspondence. With those of colonies under the control of the Colonial Office the connection is closer. In 1902, the Director was given the title of "Botanical Adviser to the Secretary of State for the Colonies."

With a view to furthering the co-operation between Kew and the botanical and agricultural departments of the Dominions and Colonies, the Empire Marketing Board in 1927 made a grant to be devoted partly to the employment of an Economic Botanist at Kew, who will be available either to visit the Dominions and Colonies from time to time or to set free a superior officer of the Kew staff to undertake overseas missions, and partly for sending botanical collectors to various parts of the world to study and bring home plants of economic importance for cultivation at Kew and distribution to the Dominions and Colonies.

Colonial botanical institutions fall roughly into three classes. Those of the first class are usually, like Kew, administered by a scientific director; those of the second class by a skilled superintendent; the third class consists of "Botanic stations." These last are small and inexpensive gardens, devised in 1885, in order to afford practical instruction in the cultivation of tropical crops, and were intended to develop the agricultural resources at first of the smaller West Indian islands, and subsequently (1887) British possessions in Tropical Africa. These are now an integral part of the Agricultural Departments of the Colonies concerned and usually are in charge of a Curator, who, in many cases, is a gardener trained at Kew.

The principal members of the Kew staff are:—

Director, A. W. Hill, C.M.G., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S.

Assistant Director, T. F. Chipp, M.C., D.Sc., Ph.D.

Economic Botanist, H. C. Sampson, C.I.E., B.Sc.

Keeper of the Herbarium and Library, A. D. Cotton, F.L.S.

Keeper of Museums, W. Dallimore.

Curator, W. J. Bean, I.S.O.

MALAY STATES INFORMATION AGENCY.

The offices of the Agency are at Malaya House, 57, Charing Cross.

The Agency has been established by the Government of the Federated Malay States, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies. The primary object of the Agency is to advertise the productions and attractions of the States of the Malay Peninsula under British protection, to furnish to enquirers interested in those States, or desirous of becoming acquainted with them, information as to the opportunities which they give for investment and the facility for travel and exploration which they have for the tourist or traveller, and to supply (on payment) publications and maps.

The great natural resources of the Malay States are but little known to the general public, and still less is known of their beautiful scenery. One of the objects for which the Agency has been created is to disseminate information on these points. Another reason for its existence is to bring into touch with one another persons desirous of obtaining employment in the Malay Peninsula and would-be employers, and to afford generally information regarding employment and prospects of employment to those desiring it.

The Agency undertakes for the Federated Malay States Government work that does not fall within the scope of the transactions of the Crown Agents for the Colonies, who are the recognized financial and commercial agents of the Federated Malay States.

The Agency is under the direction of a Board, consisting of an Agent, a Deputy Agent, a representative of mining interests, a representative of planting interests, a representative of commercial interests, and a senior member of the Federated Malay States service on leave in this country.

The present Board consists of:—

H. B. Ellerton.

J. F. Owen.

C. W. Harrison.

W. R. H. Chappel.

Eric MacFadyen.

I. H. Keer.

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the voyage of the *Bounty* (1787), for the purpose of introducing the bread-fruit tree from the South Seas into the W. Indies. Nelson, the Kew collector, was amongst those sent adrift by the mutineers, and eventually died of the exposure. Another Kew gardener, James Hooper, who had been attached to Lord Amherst's Embassy to China, remained in Java, and was from 1817-30 Hortulanus of the celebrated Dutch Colonial Botanic Garden at Buitenzorg, which he helped to create.

Both George III. and Sir Joseph Banks died in 1820, and the colonial and other work of Kew languished, though it was not absolutely abandoned during the reign of George IV. and William IV. In 1838 the abolition of the whole establishment was contemplated by the Government. Public opposition led to the appointment of a Treasury Committee, the report of which was presented to Parliament in 1840. The following paragraphs briefly defined the functions of the reorganised establishment:—"A national garden ought to be the centre round which all minor establishments of the same nature should be arranged. . . . From a garden of this kind Government would be able to obtain authentic and official information on points connected with the founding of new colonies; it would afford the plants there required, without its being necessary, as now, to apply to the officers of private establishments for advice and assistance."

These recommendations having been adopted by the Government, Sir W. J. Hooker, F.R.S., was appointed Director in 1841 to carry them out. A close connection between Kew and the Colonial and India Offices immediately sprang up. A scheme for a complete series of Colonial Floras was sanctioned in 1856, and has been steadily prosecuted. Kew serves to a large extent as an advanced horticultural school. Special attention is given to the preparation of gardeners for Colonial and Indian service, in which some 100 men, trained at Kew, are now in official employment.

Relations with the botanical institutions of the self-governing Dominions are maintained by semi-official correspondence. With those of colonies under the control of the Colonial Office the connection is closer. In 1902, the Director was given the title of "Botanical Adviser to the Secretary of State for the Colonies."

With a view to furthering the co-operation between Kew and the botanical and agricultural departments of the Dominions and Colonies, the Empire Marketing Board in 1927 made a grant to be devoted partly to the employment of an Economic Botanist at Kew, who will be available either to visit the Dominions and Colonies from time to time or to set free a superior officer of the Kew staff to undertake overseas missions, and partly for sending botanical collectors to various parts of the world to study and bring home plants of economic importance for cultivation at Kew and distribution to the Dominions and Colonies.

Colonial botanical institutions fall roughly into three classes. Those of the first class are usually, like Kew, administered by a scientific director; those of the second class by a skilled superintendent; the third class consists of "Botanic stations." These last are small and inexpensive gardens, devised in 1885, in order to afford practical instruction in the cultivation of tropical crops, and were intended to develop the agricultural resources at first of the smaller West Indian islands, and subsequently (1887) British possessions in Tropical Africa. These are now an integral part of the Agricultural Departments of the Colonies concerned and usually are in charge of a Curator, who, in many cases, is a gardener trained at Kew.

The principal members of the Kew staff are:—

Director, A. W. Hill, C.M.G., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S.

Assistant Director, T. F. Chipp, M.C., D.Sc., Ph.D.

Economic Botanist, H. C. Sampson, C.I.E., B.Sc.

Keeper of the Herbarium and Library, A. D. Cotton, F.L.S.

Keeper of Museums, W. Dallimore.

Curator, W. J. Bean, I.S.O.

MALAY STATES INFORMATION AGENCY.

The offices of the Agency are at Malaya House, 57, Charing Cross.

The Agency has been established by the Government of the Federated Malay States, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies. The primary object of the Agency is to advertise the productions and attractions of the States of the Malay Peninsula under British protection, to furnish to enquirers interested in those States, or desirous of becoming acquainted with them, information as to the opportunities which they give for investment and the facility for travel and exploration which they have for the tourist or traveller, and to supply (on payment) publications and maps.

The great natural resources of the Malay States are but little known to the general public, and still less is known of their beautiful scenery. One of the objects for which the Agency has been created is to disseminate information on these points. Another reason for its existence is to bring into touch with one another persons desirous of obtaining employment in the Malay Peninsula and would-be employers, and to afford generally information regarding employment and prospects of employment to those desiring it.

The Agency undertakes for the Federated Malay States Government work that does not fall within the scope of the transactions of the Crown Agents for the Colonies, who are the recognized financial and commercial agents of the Federated Malay States.

The Agency is under the direction of a Board, consisting of an Agent, a Deputy Agent, a representative of mining interests, a representative of planting interests, a representative of commercial interests, and a senior member of the Federated Malay States service on leave in this country.

The present Board consists of:—

H. B. Ellerton.

J. F. Owen.

C. W. Harrison.

W. R. H. Chappell.

Eric MacFadyen.

I. H. Keer.

BRITISH GUIANA TRADE COMMISSIONER.

The offices and showroom of the Government Trade Commissioner for British Guiana in London are situated at the Imperial Institute, South Kensington.

The appointment of Government Trade Commissioner was created by the Government of British Guiana, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, on the 1st October, 1924.

The principal objects of establishing a Trade Commissionership in London were:—

1. To advertise British Guiana and its potentialities, and to interest capitalists and pioneers in the possibilities of development of this Colony, which is one of the least developed of the British Tropical Possessions.
2. To furnish information regarding the climate, conditions of residence, etc., to intending visitors and to persons taking up appointments in the Colony; to afford assistance and information to persons desirous of obtaining employment in the Colony; and generally to furnish enquirers with information relating to all matters concerning the Colony.
3. To assist residents in the Colony, temporarily in England, in any way possible.

The principal members of the Staff are:—

Commissioner (vacant).

Secretary, Colonel Cecil May.

The Commissioner is assisted by an Advisory Board consisting of Sir Edward Davson, Bart., G. Ball-Greene, C.B.E. and G. Russell Garnett.

H.M.'s EASTERN AFRICAN DEPENDENCIES TRADE AND INFORMATION OFFICE.

This Office is situated in the Royal Mail Building, Cookspur Street, London, S.W.1.

It was established in 1925, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, by the Governments of Kenya, Uganda, the Tanganyika Territory, Nyasaland, Zanzibar and Northern Rhodesia, and the Kenya-Uganda Transport Administration.

The creation of such an Office was recommended by the Parliamentary Commission which visited East Africa in 1924. The functions of the office are to give all possible information to persons proposing to interest themselves in East Africa for the purpose of commerce, residence, or temporary visit, and also to stimulate the trade of East Africa by helping to introduce its products into home markets.

The office is under the control of Colonel W. H. Franklin, C.B.E., D.S.O., who is also H.M.'s Trade Commissioner in East Africa.

In connection with the office an advisory Committee has been formed. The Committee works mainly through three sub-committees, dealing respectively with matters relating to Kenya, Uganda and the other Dependencies concerned, the membership of which is as follows:—

Kenya Sub-Committee.

Lord Cranworth, M.C.

Major-General Sir John Davidson, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., M.P.

Sir Sydney Henn, K.B.E., M.P.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. P. Collings Wells, C.B.E., D.S.O.

Major W. M. Crowdy.

C. B. Hausburg.

F. S. Joelson, and

J. H. Wilson.

Major H. Blake Taylor, C.B.E.

Uganda Sub-Committee.

D. F. Basden, *Chairman*.

Major-General Sir John Davidson, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., M.P.

Sir Sydney Henn, K.B.E., M.P.

Major Sir E. Humphrey Leggett, D.S.O., R.E., and

Major H. Blake Taylor, C.B.E.

Third Sub-Committee.—(For Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Nyasaland and Northern Rhodesia).

Sir Sydney Henn, K.B.E., M.P., *Chairman*.

Sir Randolph Baker, Bart., D.S.O.

Sir Trevredyn Wynne, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E.

Sir Alfred Sharpe, K.C.M.G., C.B.

F. S. Joelson.

D. O. Malcolm.

C. Ponsonby.

A. Wigglesworth, and

J. H. Wilson.

Deputy Commissioner, Maj. C. H. Dale, O.B.E.

Officers, W. McHardy, O.B.E., and Maj. J. Corbet Ward, O.B.E. (*Secretary*).

GOLD COAST COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.

The Gold Coast Government Commercial Intelligence Bureau was opened in July, 1926. Its address is Abbey House, 8, Victoria Street, London, S.W. 1.

The object of the Bureau is to provide a centre in London at which enquirers can be given reliable and up-to-date information on all subjects—commercial, agricultural, mining, etc.—connected with the development of the country; at which the official publications of the Government—ordinances, gazettes, maps, departmental reports, etc.—can be consulted; and where selected specimens of the products of the Colony can be inspected.

The Bureau advises manufacturers and merchants what classes of goods are likely to obtain a sale in the Colony and what means they should adopt to place such goods.

The Bureau is in a position to give information respecting the railways of the Colony (including railway rates), roads, motor transport, harbours, posts and telegraphs, labour available and rates of pay, etc., and also general information as to the procedure to be following in obtaining land for either commercial or agricultural purposes.

Newly appointed officials can obtain information as to kit, passages, procedure on arrival in the Colony and any general information required.

Director, Lieut.-Colonel J. H. Levey, D.S.O., O.B.E.

Assistant Director, A. A. C. Finlay, I.S.O.

THE IMPERIAL COLLEGE OF TROPICAL AGRICULTURE.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

The Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, St. Augustine, Trinidad:—*Chairman of the Governing Body*: Sir James Currie, K.B.E., C.M.G.; *Vice-Chairman of the Governing Body*: Lieut.-Colonel Sir David Prain, C.M.G., O.I.E., F.R.S.; *Principal*: Geoffrey Evans, C.I.E. M.A.; *Secretary*, Sir Algernon Aspinall, Kt., C.M.G., C.B.E., B.A.; *Registrar*: A. G. Howell.

PROFESSORS AND LECTURERS:—*Zoology and Entomology*: H. A. Ballou, M.Sc.; *Mycology and Bacteriology*: H. R. Britton-Jones, D.Sc., Ph.D., D.I.C., A.R.C.S.; *Botany*: E. E. Cheesman, B.Sc., A.R.C.S.; *Chemistry*: F. Hardy, M.A., Dip. Agr.; *Agronomy*: Cecil Wood, M.A., Dip. Agric.; *Economics*: C. Y. Shephard, B.Sc.; *Sanitation and Hygiene*: E. A. Seager, M.B., Ch.B.; *Sugar Technology*: W. Scott, B.Sc.; *Assistant Professor of Entomology*: F. W. Ulrich, F.E.S., C.M.Z.S., V.D.; *Lecturer in Botany*: R. E. Hunter, B.Sc.; *Lecturers in Chemistry*: P. E. Turner, B.Sc., A.I.C. (seconded for special research), H. H. Croucher, B.Sc. and R. H. Hurst, B.Sc., Ph.D., A.I.C. (for Sugar); *Agronomy*: A. L. Baker, B.Sc. (Agric.); *Economics*: G. Wright, B.Com.; *Technologist (for Sugar)*: Vacant; *Veterinary Science*, H. V. M. Metivier, O.B.E., B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S. (Trinidad Department of Agriculture); *Sub-Editor and Librarian*: G. G. Gianetti, M.A., Dip. Agric. (Econ.).

General Information:—The Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture was incorporated in September, 1921, as the outcome of recommendations made in their Report (Command Paper 562) by the Tropical Agricultural College Committee appointed by Viscount Milner in 1919. The object of the College is to promote the study of Tropical Agriculture in suitable surroundings and to create a body of British Expert Agriculturists well versed in the knowledge of the cultivation of land in the tropics, of chemists and of scientific advisers possessing an intimate knowledge of the means of combating pests and diseases and to conduct Research. The College Buildings are at St. Augustine, near St. Joseph, Trinidad, on land granted to the College by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago. The funds of the College are derived from contributions from Colonies and Industries participating in the movement and an Imperial Grant. The Imperial Department of Agriculture, founded in 1898, was amalgamated with the College on April 1st, 1922.

The academic year extends from October 1st to June 30th. The following courses and facilities for study are available:—

1. Diploma Course extending over three years for giving a thorough training in the science and practice of Tropical Agriculture to those students intending to become tropical planters, investigators or experts in different branches of Agricultural Science or Technology.
2. A one year course in elementary Agricultural Science for students unable to afford a three years' course of study, with some practical acquaintance with the scientific side of tropical planting and the more up-to-date and efficient methods of production and management.
3. Courses for Agricultural Officers selected for Colonial Service in Tropical Agricultural Departments and
4. Post-Graduate Research in connection with problems arising in Tropical Agriculture and more especially those connected with plant pathology, agronomy and physiological botany.

Tropical Veterinary Science is also an important branch of the College curriculum.

The tuition fees are £50 per annum, but a limited number of students from contributing Colonies and Industries are admitted, on the nomination of the respective local Governments and/or Industries, without the payment of tuition fees. Other students from contributing Colonies are admitted on payment of tuition fees of £25 per annum. Further particulars regarding the College can be obtained from the Secretary, The Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, 14, Trinity Square, London, E.C.3, or from the Chief Clerk and Registrar, St. Augustine, Trinidad, B.W.I.

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE AND TROPICAL MEDICINE.

(University of London),

23 ENDSLEIGH GARDENS, LONDON, W.C.1.

Director :—Andrew Balfour, C.B., C.M.G., LL.D., M.D., D.Sc., D.P.H., F.R.C.P.

Secretary :—R. W. Harris.

The London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine was constituted by Royal Charter in 1924 and took over the London School of Tropical Medicine on 1st August, 1924.

BACTERIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY.

A course of study is given for the Diploma in Bacteriology of the University of London lasting for one academic year, beginning in October. Fee for the course 42 guineas. *Professor* : W. W. C. Topley, M.D., F.R.C.P.

EPIDEMIOLOGY AND VITAL STATISTICS.

Special three-monthly courses are given in Epidemiology and Vital Statistics. Fee £5 5s. for three months. *Professor* : M. Greenwood, F.R.S., F.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.

TROPICAL MEDICINE AND HYGIENE.

There are two courses of study in each academic year, commencing in October and March respectively. Each course lasts for 20 weeks inclusive of examinations. The fee for the course is 30 guineas, or for the course in Tropical Hygiene (if taken separately) 6 guineas.

In addition to medical officers in the Colonial Service the school is open to other qualified medical practitioners of any nationality and of either sex. Qualified Veterinary Surgeons are also eligible as students.

The school premises are fully equipped and divided into four principal departments—Entomology, Helminthology, Protozoology, and Tropical Pathology. Accommodation is provided in the main laboratory for 74 students and there are spacious Lecture Halls, Laboratories, Museum, and Library. The whole of these laboratories, etc., are equipped with the latest scientific requirements.

Facilities for clinical and pathological studies are afforded by the Seamen's Hospital Society, whose Hospital for Tropical Diseases is established at Endsleigh Gardens.

The offices of the Bureau of Hygiene and Tropical Diseases are housed in the school premises.

The museum contains many objects of interest in connection with the tropical colonies, and is frequently being added to by past students of the school. The library has assumed considerable size, and is replete with the most important works in regard to tropical medicine.

Tropical medicine has been admitted as a sixth alternative subject for the M.D. of London University, and the school curriculum is so adapted as to afford facilities to candidates desirous of taking the M.D. in this subject. The school course is designed to equip students for the Diploma of the Conjoint Board of the Royal College of Physicians of London, and the Royal College of Surgeons of England (D.T.M. & H. Lond.), and, in part, for the Diploma in Tropical Medicine and Hygiene of the University of Cambridge (D.T.M. & H. Cambs.).

The late Lord Milner raised a fund for research; and expeditions have from time to time been sent to the Tropics. A field station has been established in Southern Rhodesia, with Dr. G. R. Ross, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Ph.D. as Rhodesian Research Fellow and Mr. H. S. Leeson as Assistant for Research in Entomology. The School also possesses a Field Station for Entomology within easy reach of London. Four Research Studentships are provided and each carries with it an income of £250 per annum. The holders are required to devote a part of their time to giving assistance to the Heads of the Departments as Demonstrators.

The Wandsworth Scholarship of £370 per annum (with extra allowances for overseas work), the Honourable Edward John Stanley Memorial Fund of £50 p.a., and the Langley Memorial Prize of £30, are in the gift of the School.

The prospectus and calendar published by the school may be had on application.

Lecturers and Teachers, Sir Aldo Castellani, K.C.M.G., M.D., F.R.C.P.; R. H. Elliot, M.D., F.R.C.S. (Lt.-Col. I.M.S. ret'd.); Sir Thos. Carey Evans, M.C., M.D., F.R.C.S.; A. T. Gage, C.I.E., M.B. (Lt.-Col. I.M.S. ret'd.); Professor R. Tanner Hewlett, M.D., F.R.C.P.; D.P.H.; G. Carmichael Low, M.D., F.R.C.P.; J. M. H. MacLeod, M.D., F.R.C.P.; Philip Manson-Bahr, D.S.O., M.D., F.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.; Sir Leonard Rogers C.I.E., M.D., F.R.S., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S. (Lt.-Col. I.M.S. ret'd.); L. W. Sambon, M.D.; G. E. F. Stammers, O.B.E., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H. (Lt.-Col. R.A.M.C. ret'd.); T. H. Vaughan, L.D.S. (Eng.); Wing Comdr. H. E. Whittingham, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H., R.A.F.M.S.; W. M. Willoughby, M.D., D.P.H.

Director of the Division of Medical Zoology and of the Department of Helminthology, Professor R. T. Leiper, D.Sc., M.D., F.R.S., F.Z.S.

Director of the Department of Entomology, P. A. Buxton, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.

Director of the Department of Protozoology, J. G. Thomson, M.A., M.B., Ch.B.

Director of the Department of Tropical Pathology and Warden of Studies, H. B. Newham, C.M.G., M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.

Research Fellow in Comparative Pathology, H. H. Scott, M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H., F.R.S.E.

THE LIVERPOOL SCHOOL OF TROPICAL MEDICINE.

The Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine was founded in 1899 by the late Sir Alfred Jones, K.C.M.G., President of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce.

Objects of the School.—(1) To train medical men proceeding to the tropics in the special subject of tropical diseases.

(2) To conduct original researches into tropical diseases.

(3) To organise prophylactic measures against tropical diseases.

Its foundation was the direct result of an appeal issued by Mr. J. Chamberlain, who was then Secretary of State for the Colonies, advocating the formation of a school, or schools, of tropical medicine.

The school has, from its foundation, been dependent on voluntary contributions for support, but it at once received valuable assistance from the Government, first in the form of official recognition of the curriculum, and later by a Government grant, which still continues.

The school has sent out to the tropics since 1899 thirty-eight Research Expeditions.

From 1902 to 1906 the school published *Memoirs*. In 1907 the *Annals of Tropical Medicine and Parasitology* were founded, and have now reached their twenty-first volume.

Attached to the school is a Tropical Ward of ten beds at the Royal Infirmary, Liverpool, and four private wards for paying patients were opened in August, 1925.

The present buildings of the school comprising a Lecture Theatre, Library, Museum, etc., were opened in 1920.

In 1922, the Sir Alfred Lewis Jones Tropical Laboratory was opened at Freetown, Sierra Leone, a site having been placed at the disposal of the School by the Colonial Government and the War Office. The laboratory is a well-equipped two-storied building, and it is to be hoped that research workers will avail themselves of its facilities to study various problems of tropical medicine, as ample material will be at their disposal.

COMMITTEE.

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Chairman, F. C. Bowring.

Hon. Vice-Presidents, Earl of Derby, K.G., G.C.V.O., C.B., LL.D., Baron Kysant, G.C.M.G., Sir Edward Merewether, K.C.V.O., Sir H. Read, K.C.M.G., C.B., O. Harrison Williams, and Representatives of the University of Liverpool, the Royal Southern Hospital, and leading business men interested in the tropics.

The following is the staff:—

Alfred Jones Professor of Tropical Medicine, J. W. W. Stephens, B.A., M.D., F.R.S.

Dutton Memorial Professor of Entomology, Major W. S. Patton, M.D., F.E.S., I.M.S. (retired).

Walter Myers Professor of Parasitology, W. Yorke, M.D.

Professor of Tropical Diseases of Africa, B. Blacklock, M.D., D.P.H., D.T.M.

Lecturer on Entomology, A. M. Evans, M.Sc.

Assistant Lecturer on Entomology, vacant.

Lecturer on Protozoology, A. R. D. Adams, M.D., D.Sc., D.T.M.

Lecturer on Helminthology, T. Southwell, M.D., D.Sc., Ph.D., A.R.C.Sc., F.Z.S.

Clinical Pathologist, D. U. Owen, M.B., Ch.B., D.T.M.

Hon. Lecturer on Clinical Veterinary Parasitology, A. W. N. Pillers, F.R.C.V.S.

Assistant Lecturer and Demonstrator on Veterinary Parasitology, vacant.

Lecturer on Tropical Surgery, R. E. Kelly, C.B., M.D., B.Sc., F.R.C.S.

Lecturer on Tropical Sanitation, vacant.

Hon. Lecturer on Tropical Sanitation, Sir Wm. T. Prout, C.M.G., O.B.E., M.B., C.M.

Hon. Statistician, Walter Stott.

ROYAL INFIRMARY, LIVERPOOL (TROPICAL WARDS).

Physician, John William Watson Stephens, B.A., M.D. (Cantab.), F.R.S.

Assistant Physician, Warrington Yorke, M.D.

Consulting Surgeon, W. Thelwall Thomas, Ch.M., F.R.C.S.

SIERRA LEONE RESEARCH LABORATORY.

Director, Breadalbane Blacklock, M.D., D.P.H., D.T.M.

Assistant Director, Rupert Montgomery Gordon, M.D., Ch.B., D.T.M.

Research Assistant, G. Maedonald, M.B., Ch.B., D.T.M.

Secretary's Office:—C18, Exchange Buildings, Liverpool.

THE OVERSEAS NURSING ASSOCIATION.

The Colonial Nursing Association was founded in 1896 for providing fully trained nurses for private and hospital work in the Colonies, and amongst other British communities abroad, and to facilitate in any other way the work of nursing.

At the request of the Colonial Office the Association recommends nurses for government service.

Since its foundation, in 1896, it has supplied 2,163 nurses, of whom 1,473 have been recommended for Government work, 629 to private posts and Hospitals not under Government, and 62 to the Dominions.

Patroness, H. R. H. The Princess Beatrice.

President, The Rt. Hon. The Viscount Gladstone, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.B.E.

Vice-President, Sir Reginald Antrobus, K.C.M.G., C.B.

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Secretary, Miss O. M. Adams, Imperial Institute, S.W.

Scottish Branch—President, The Viscountess Novar, G.B.E.

Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Douglas Dawson, 10, Rothesay Terrace, Edinburgh.

**PARTICULARS RESPECTING THE ROYAL COLONIAL INSTITUTE AND
OTHER ASSOCIATIONS CONNECTED WITH THE COLONIES.**

ROYAL COLONIAL INSTITUTE, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, LONDON, W.C. 2.

Telephone : Regent, 6868.

Telegrams : Recital Westrand, London.

Cables : Recital, London.

Founded 1868 ; Incorporated by Royal Charter 1882.

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Vice-Patron.

Field-Marshal H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught, K.G., G.C.M.G.

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H.H. The Maharaja of Bikaner, G.C.S.I.,
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Admiral of the Fleet Earl Beatty, G.C.B.,
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Earl of Meath, K.P., G.C.V.O., G.B.E.

Earl of Rosebery, K.G., K.T.

Earl of Selborne, K.G., G.C.M.G.

General Viscount Byng of Vimy, G.C.B.,
G.C.M.G., M.V.O.

Viscount Chelmsford, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G.,
G.C.I.E.

Viscount Gladstone, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.B.E.

Viscount Novar, K.T., G.C.M.G.

Viscount Willingdon, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G.,
G.C.I.E., G.B.E. (Governor-General of
Canada).

Lord Forster, G.C.M.G.

Lord Glendyne.

Lord Kilsant, G.C.M.G.

Lord Leconfield.

Lord Lloyd of Dolobran, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.,
D.S.O.

Lord Lovat, K.T., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B.,
D.S.O.

Lord Morris, K.C.M.G., LL.D.

Lord Shaughnessy, K.C.

Lord Sinha, K.C.S.I.

Lord Stanley of Alderley, K.C.M.G.

Lord Sydenham, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E.,
G.B.E.

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Its four chief objects are :—

- (1) To draw together in the bond of comradeship British people all the world over.
- (2) To render individual service to our Empire.
- (3) To maintain the power of the Empire and to hold to its best traditions.
- (4) To help one another.

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The Over-Seas Club was founded on August 27th, 1910, and, in March, 1918, amalgamated with the Patriotic League of Britons Over-seas, a Society organised in 1914 for the purpose of enabling British residents in foreign countries to contribute their share towards the defence of the Empire. The Over-Seas Club was granted a Royal Charter of Incorporation in 1922 under the name of the Over-Seas League. The Headquarters of the Over-Seas League is situated in Vernon House, and 3-5, Park Place, St. James's Street, S.W.1.

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(2) To further the interests of the West Indies and British Guiana by providing headquarters for associated action, not political, but social.

(3) To afford facilities for organising, in connection with the West Indies and British Guiana, Cricket Matches and other kindred amusements recognised by our English Universities and Public Schools.

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11

DOMINION GOVERNORS GENERAL, &c.

Dominion, &c.	Office.	Name.	Date of Commission or Appointment.	Date of Appointment or Government.	Place of Residence.	Salary.
IRISH FREE STATE	Governor-General	His Excellency James McNell, Esq. ... ..	...	...	Dublin ...	£10,000 ^a
NORTH AMERICAN.						
CANADA... ..	Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief	His Excellency The Rt. Hon. Viscount Willington, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., T.D.	5 Aug., 1926	2 Oct., 1926	Ottawa ...	\$ 80,000
NEWFOUNDLAND	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir William Lamond Allardice, G.C.M.G.	1 Sept., 1923	1 Dec., 1923	St. John's ...	12,500 ^b
AUSTRALASIAN.						
COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA	Gov.-Gen. and Com.-in-Chief	His Excellency The Rt. Hon. Lord Stonehaven, P.C., G.C.M.G., D.S.O.	15 July, 1925	8 Oct., 1926	Canberra ...	£ 10,000
NEW SOUTH WALES	Governor	Admiral Sir Dudley R. S. De Chair, K.C.B., M.V.O.	20 Oct., 1923	28 Feb., 1924	Sydney ...	5,000
VICTORIA	Governor	Lieut.-Col. The Right Hon. Lord Somers, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C.	19 April, 1926	28 June, 1926	Melbourne ...	5,000
QUEENSLAND	Governor	Lieut.-General Sir T. H. J. C. Goodwin, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.	19 Feb., 1927	13 June, 1927	Brisbane ...	3,000
SOUTH AUSTRALIA	Governor	Colonel Sir W. R. Clapton, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., T.D.	13 July, 1924	23 Oct., 1924	Adelaide ...	4,000
WESTERN AUSTRALIA	Governor	Capt. Sir James O'Grady, K.C.M.G.	4 Nov., 1924	23 Dec., 1924	Perth ...	4,000
TASMANIA	Governor	His Excellency Gen. Sir Charles Ferguson, Bart., LL.D., G.C.M.G., K.C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O.	20 Oct., 1924	13 Dec., 1924	Hobart ...	2,750
NEW ZEALAND	Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief	His Excellency The Right Hon. The Earl of Athlone, G.C.E., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O.	21 Nov., 1923	21 Jan., 1924	Wellington ...	5,000 ^c
AFRICAN.						
UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA... ..	Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief	Sir J. R. Chancellor, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O. ...	3 Sept., 1923	1st Oct., 1923	Pretoria ...	10,000
SOUTHERN RHODESIA... ..	Governor	His Excellency The Right Hon. The Earl of Athlone, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O.	21 Nov., 1923	21 Jan., 1924	Salisbury ...	4,000 ^d
SOUTH AFRICAN HIGH COMMISSION.	High Commissioner	J. C. R. Sturrock, Esq., C.M.G. ... ..	...	27 May, 1926	Pretoria ...	3,000
BAROTSELAND	Resident Commissioner	Jules Ellenberger, Esq., C.M.G., I.S.O.	12 Nov., 1923	13 Nov., 1923	Maseru ...	1,650 ^e
BICHUANALAND PROTCTORATE	"	De S. M. G. Honey, Esq., C.M.G.	1 Jan., 1917	1 Jan., 1917	Mafeking ...	1,350 ^f
SWAZILAND	"	De S. M. G. Honey, Esq., C.M.G.	1 Jan., 1917	1 Jan., 1917	Mbabane ...	1,350 ^g

^a Also £20,000 allowance for expenses. ^b Also £2,500 travelling allowance. ^c Also £2,000 establishment allowance and £200 travelling allowance. ^d Also entertainment allowance £1,000 and personal allowance to present holder £1,000. ^e Also £250 travelling allowance. ^f Also £250 travelling allowance. ^g Also £250 travelling allowance.

COLONIAL GOVERNORS, &c.

Colony, &c.	Office.	Name.	Date of Commission or Appointment.	Date of Assumption of Government.	Place of Residence.	Salary.
AFRICAN.						
GAMBIA	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir John Middleton, K.B.E., C.M.G. ...	10 Dec., 1926	10 Mar., 1927	Bathurst ...	£ 2,500a
GOLD COAST	"	Sir Alexander Ramsford Slater, K.C.M.G., O.B.E. ...	31 May, 1927	20 July, 1927	Accra ...	4,500b
SIERRA LEONE	"	Brig.-Gen. Sir Joseph Aloysius Byrne, K.B.E., C.B. ...	31 May, 1927	"	Freetown ...	3,000c
NIGERIA	"	Sir Graeme Thomson, G.C.M.G., K.O.B. ...	31 Aug., 1925	13 Nov., 1925	Lagos ...	6,500d
KENYA	"	Lt.-Col. Sir Edward Griggs, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., M.C. ...	23 June, 1925	2 Oct., 1925	Nairobi ...	5,000e
UGANDA PROTECTORATE	"	Sir William Frederick Gowers, K.C.M.G. ...	4 Feb., 1925	18 May, 1925	Entebbe ...	3,000f
ZANZIBAR PROTECTORATE	"	Sir Alfred Claud Hollis, K.C.M.G., C.B.E. ...	30 Aug., 1923	24 Jan., 1924	Zanzibar ...	3,400g
NORTHERN RHODESIA	Governor	Sir J. C. Maxwell, K.B.E., C.M.G. ...	4 July, 1927	"	Livingstone ...	3,000h
NTSILAND PROTECTORATE	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir Charles Calvert Bowring, K.C.M.G., K.B.E. ...	30 Aug., 1923	27 Mar., 1924	Zomba ...	2,500i
SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE	"	H. B. Kittermaster, Esq., C.M.G., O.B.E. ...	9 Feb., 1926	9 Feb., 1926	Berbera ...	1,700j
TANGANYIKA TERRITORY	"	Sir Donald C. Cameron, K.C.M.G., K.B.E. ...	5 Sept., 1924	3 April, 1925	Dar-es-Salaam ...	4,270k
WEST INDIAN.						
BARBADOS	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Major Sir C. W. J. Orr, K.C.M.G. ...	8 Dec., 1926	15 Mar., 1927	Nassau ...	2,650l
BARBADOS	"	Sir William Charles Fleming Robertson, K.C.M.G. ...	23 Oct., 1925	31 Dec., 1925	Bridgetown ...	3,000
FRENCH	"	Lieut.-General Sir L. J. Bols, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O. ...	28 Mar., 1927	2 Sept., 1927	Hamilton ...	3,400m
BRITISH GUIANA	"	Sir Cecil Hunter Rodwell, K.C.M.G. ...	31 Aug., 1925	20 Nov., 1925	Georgetown ...	4,000n
BRITISH HONDURAS	"	Major Sir John Alder Burdon, K.B.E., C.M.G. ...	7 Mar., 1925	16 April, 1925	Belize ...	\$10,320o
JAMAICA	Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief	Sir Reginald Edward Stubbs, K.C.M.G. ...	31 Aug., 1925	27 April, 1926	Kingston ...	£5,500p
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS	Commissioner	H. E. Phillips, Esq. ...	"	"	Grand Turk ...	£ 700
LEeward ISLANDS—						
ANTIGUA	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Lieut.-Col. The Hon. Sir Eustace Edward Twissleton-Wychem-Fiennes, Bart. ...	29 Oct., 1921	4 Dec., 1921	St. John's ...	3,000q
ST. CHRISTOPHER-NEVIS	Administrator	Lt.-Col. T. R. St. Johnston, C.M.G. ...	"	"	Basseterre ...	900-1,000r
DOMINICA	"	E. C. Elliot, Esq. ...	"	9 July, 1923	Roseau ...	900-1,000s
NORTHERN	Commissioner	Major H. W. Fecheles, D.S.O., O.B.E. ...	25 Feb., 1922	4 Mar., 1922	Plymouth ...	700t
VIRGIN ISLANDS	"	F. C. Clarkson, Esq. ...	"	"	Fortola ...	500
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir Horace Archer Byatt, K.C.M.G. ...	18 Sept., 1924	22 Nov., 1924	Port of Spain ...	5,500u
WINDWARD ISLANDS—						
GRENADA	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir Frederick Sekon James, K.B.E., C.M.G. ...	23 Feb., 1924	26 July, 1924	St. George's ...	2,500v
ST. VINCENT	Administrator and Colonial Secretary	R. Walter, Esq., C.M.G. ...	"	1 May, 1923	Kingston ...	1,000w
ST. LUCIA	"	C. W. Dooley, Esq. ...	"	"	Caseries ...	1,100y

MEDITERRANEAN.						
GIBRALTAR	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	General Sir Charles Carmichael Monro, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.O.M.G.	26 May, 1923	18 Sep., 1923	In Fortresses	5,500s
MAITA	"	General Sir John Philip Du Cane, K.C.B.	4 Apr., 1927	9 May, 1927	Valletta	5,000s
CYPAUS	"	Sir Ronald Storrs, C.M.G., C.B.E.	"	"	Nicosia	3,600
EASTERN.						
CYPRON	"	Sir Herbert James Stanley, K.C.M.G.	30 May, 1927	20 Aug., 1927	Colombo	7,000s
HONG KONG	"	Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G.	31 Aug., 1925	1 Nov., 1925	Victoria	6,000s
MAURITIUS	"	Sir Herbert James Read, K.C.M.G., C.B.	1 Sept., 1924	19 Feb., 1926	Port Louis	75,000s
SEYHELLES	"	"	"	"	Port Victoria	15,000s
ST. HELENA	"	Charles Henry Harper, Esq., C.M.G., O.B.E.	20 Dec., 1924	2 Feb., 1925	Plantation Hse.	21,000
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS	"	Sir Hugh Clifford, G.C.M.G., G.B.E.	4 May, 1927	"	Singapore	27,000 ⁷
Fiji Islands	Governor and Com.-in-Chief	Sir Eyre Hutson, K.C.M.G.	15th Jan., 1925	25 April, 1925	Suva...	23,000 ⁸
WESTERN PACIFIC	High Commissioner	A. F. Grimble, Esq.	"	3 Jan., 1926	Ocean Island	230-1,000 ⁹
GUERNSEY AND JERSEY ISLANDS	Resident Commissioner	"	"	"	"	2
BRITISH SOLOMON ISLANDS	"	Capt. Richard Rutledge Kane, M.C.	"	10 Sept., 1921	Tulagi	1,000-
PROTECTORATE, NEW HEBRIDES	"	"	"	"	Vila	1,200 ¹⁰
MIDDLE EAST.						
PALESTINE	High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief	Field Marshal The Rt. Hon. Lord Plumer, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.O.V.O., G.B.E.	3 Aug., 1925	25 Aug., 1925	Jerusalem	275,000 ¹¹
IRAQ	"	Sir Henry R. C. Dobbs, K.C.S.I., K.O.M.G., K.C.I.E.	15 Sept., 1923	15 Sept., 1923	Baghdad	75,000s
MISCELLANEOUS.						
FALKLAND ISLANDS	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	A. W. Hodson, Esq., C.M.G.	22 Dec., 1926	9 June, 1927	Port Stanley	21,450s

a Also £750 duty allowance. b Also £1,500 duty allowance. c Also £1,000 duty allowance. d Also £1,750 duty allowance. e Also £2,500 duty allowance and £1,000 allowance as High Commissioner for Transport in Kenya and Uganda. f Also £1,000 duty allowance. g Also £1,125 duty allowance. h Also £1,000 duty allowance. i Also £250 duty allowance. k Also £1,050 duty allowance. l Includes £150 from Bahamas Crown Funds. m £2,200 from Imperial funds; £1,200 from Colonial funds; also £200 entertainment allowance from Colonial funds, and £500 table money from War Office. n Also £150 travelling allowance. o £250 for contingencies, £50 of the £1,000 is considered as duty pay. p Including £500 duty allowance. q £1,000 as Administrator of Antigua, £500 of remainder duty allowance. r Also £50 travelling allowance. s Also £50 entertainment allowance. t Also £200 Customs Duty allowance £10. u Also £100 table allowance. v Also £50 entertainment allowance. w Also £50 entertainment allowance. x Includes £1,500 duty allowance. Also £200 in lieu of exemption from Customs duties. y Also £200 entertainment expenses not exceeding £200. z Includes £200 duty allowance. aa £3,000 from Colonial funds and £2,000 from Imperial funds. ab Also £200 entertainment allowance. ac Including £1,200 entertainment allowance. ad Including Rs. 15,000 duty allowance. ae Also Rs. 3,000 entertainment allowance. af Including £1,500 duty allowance. ag Also High Commissioner for the Malay States and Brunei, and British Agent for North Borneo and Sarawak. ah Also £200 entertainment allowance. ai Also £100 duty allowance and £50 local allowance. aj Also £100 duty allowance and £200 bonus. ak Also £100 duty allowance and £200 bonus. al Including £200 entertainment allowance. am Also Rs. 15,000 entertainment allowance. Half borne by Imperial and half by Iraq funds. an Also £250 duty allowance.

COLONIAL GOVERNORS, &c.

Colony, &c.	Office.	Name.	Date of Commission or Appointment.	Date of Assumption of Government.	Place of Residence.	Salary.
AFRICAN.						
GAMBIA	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir John Middleton, K.B.E., C.M.G.	10 Dec., 1928	10 Mar., 1927	Bathurst...	£ 2,500s
GOLD COAST	"	Sir Alexander Ramsford Slater, K.C.M.G., O.B.E.	31 May, 1927	20 July, 1927	Accra ...	4,000s
SIERRA LEONE	"	Brig.-Gen. Sir Joseph Aloysius Byrne, K.B.E., C.B.	31 May, 1927	"	Freetown ...	3,000s
NIGERIA	"	Sir Graeme Thomson, G.O.M.G., K.O.B.	31 Aug., 1925	13 Nov., 1925	Lagos ...	6,500s
KENYA	"	Lt.-Col. Sir Edward Grigg, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., M.C.	23 June, 1925	2 Oct., 1925	Nairobi ...	5,000s
UGANDA PROTECTORATE	"	Sir William Frederick Gowers, K.C.M.G.	4 Feb., 1925	18 May, 1925	Entebbe ...	3,000s
ZANZIBAR PROTECTORATE	British Resident	Sir Alfred Claud Hollis, K.C.M.G., C.B.E.	30 Aug., 1923	24 Jan., 1924	Zanzibar ...	2,400s
NORTHERN RHODESIA	Governor	Sir J. C. Maxwell, K.B.E., C.M.G.	4 July, 1927	"	Livingstone ...	3,000s
NYASALAND PROTECTORATE	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir Charles Calvert Bowring, K.C.M.G., K.B.E.	30 Aug., 1923	27 Mar., 1924	Zomba ...	3,500s
SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE	"	H. B. Kittermaster, Esq., O.M.G., O.B.E.	9 Feb., 1928	9 Feb., 1928	Berbera ...	1,700s
TANGANYIKA TERRITORY	"	Sir Donald C. Cameron, K.C.M.G., K.B.E.	5 Sept., 1924	3 April, 1925	Dar-es-Salaam ...	4,270s
WEST INDIAN.						
BARBADOS	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Major Sir C. W. J. Orr, K.C.M.G.	8 Dec., 1928	15 Mar., 1927	Nassau ...	2,650s
BARBUDOS	"	Sir William Charles Fleming Robertson, K.C.M.G.	23 Oct., 1925	31 Dec., 1925	Bridgetown ...	3,000s
BELEMBA	"	Lieut.-General Sir L. J. Bols, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O.	28 Mar., 1927	2 Sept., 1927	Hamilton ...	3,400s
BRITISH GUIANA	"	Sir Cecil Hunter Rodwell, K.C.M.G.	31 Aug., 1925	20 Nov., 1925	Georgetown ...	4,000s
BRITISH HONDURAS	"	Major Sir John Alder Burton, K.B.E., C.M.G.	7 Mar., 1925	16 April, 1925	Belize ...	\$10,330s
JAMAICA	Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief	Sir Reginald Edward Stubbs, K.C.M.G.	31 Aug., 1925	27 April, 1928	Kingston ...	£5,500s
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS	Commissioner	H. E. Phillips, Esq.	"	"	Grand Turk ...	£ 700
LEeward ISLANDS—						
ANTIGUA	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Lieut.-Col. The Hon. Sir Eustace Edward Twissleton-Wychem, F.R.S., Bart.	29 Oct., 1921	4 Dec., 1921	St. John's ...	3,000s
ST. CHRISTOPHER-NEVIS	Administrator	Lt.-Col. T. R. St. Johnsson, C.M.G.	"	"	Basseterre ...	800-1,000s
DOMINICA	"	E. C. Elgar, Esq.	"	9 July, 1923	Roseau ...	800-1,000s
MONTserrat	Commissioner	Major H. W. Peckles, D.S.O., O.B.E.	25 Feb., 1922	4 Mar., 1923	Plymouth ...	700s
VIRGIN ISLANDS	"	F. C. Clarkson, Esq.	"	"	Tortola ...	500s
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir Horace Archer Hyatt, K.C.M.G.	16 Sept., 1924	22 Nov., 1924	Port of Spain ...	5,400s
Windward ISLANDS—						
GRENADE	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	Sir Frederick Selton James, K.B.E., C.M.G.	23 Feb., 1924	26 July, 1924	St. George's ...	2,500s
St. VINCENT	Administrator and Colonial Secretary	R. Walter, Esq., C.M.G.	"	1 May, 1923	Kingston ...	1,000s
St. LUCIA	"	C. W. Doody, Esq.	"	"	Castries ...	1,100s

MEDITERRANEAN.						
GIBRALTAR	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	General Sir Charles Carmichael Monro, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.O.M.G.	26 May, 1923	18 Sep., 1923	In Fortness	5,500s
MAITA	"	General Sir John Philip Du Cane, K.C.B.	4 Apr., 1927	9 May, 1927	Valletta	5,000s
OTRABO	"	Sir Ronald Storrie, O.M.G., C.B.E.	"	"	Nicosia	3,600
EASTERN.						
CYLON	"	Sir Herbert James Stanley, K.C.M.G.	30 May, 1927	20 Aug., 1927	Colombo	7,000s
HONG KONG	"	Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G.	31 Aug., 1924	1 Nov., 1925	Victoria	6,000s
MAURITIUS	"	Sir Herbert James Read, K.C.M.G., C.B.	1 Sept., 1924	19 Feb., 1925	Port Louis	75,000s
SEYCHELLES	"	Charles Henry Harper, Esq., C.M.G., O.B.E.	20 Dec., 1924	2 Feb., 1925	Port Victoria	15,000s
ST. HELENA	"	Sir Hugh Clifford, G.C.M.G., G.B.E.	4 May, 1927	"	Plantation Hse.	21,000
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS	"	Charles Henry Harper, Esq., C.M.G., O.B.E.	20 Dec., 1924	"	Singapore	27,000 ⁷
FJI ISLANDS	Governor and Com-in-Chief	Sir Hugh Clifford, G.C.M.G., G.B.E.	4 May, 1927	"	Singapore	27,000 ⁷
WESTERN PACIFIC	High Commissioner	Sir Fyfe Hutson, K.C.M.G.	15th Jan., 1925	25 April, 1925	Suva	23,000 ⁷
GILBERT AND ELLICK ISLANDS	Resident Commissioner	A. F. Grimble, Esq.	"	3 Jan., 1926	Oceania Island	21,200 ¹¹
COLONY	"	Capt. Richard Rutledge Kane, M.C.	"	10 Sept., 1921	Tulagi	1,000-
BRITISH SOLOMON ISLANDS	"	"	"	"	Vila	1,200 ⁷
PROTECTORATE.	"	"	"	"	"	500-1,000 ¹¹
NEW HEBRIDES	"	"	"	"	"	"
MIDDLE EAST.						
PALESTINE	High Commissioner and Com-mander-in-Chief	Field Marshal The Rt. Hon. Lord Plumer, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.O.V.O., G.B.E.	3 Aug., 1925	25 Aug., 1925	Jerusalem	275,000 ¹¹
IRAQ	"	Sir Henry R. C. Dobbs, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E.	15 Sept., 1923	15 Sept., 1923	Baghdad	75,000 ¹¹
MISCELLANEOUS.						
FALKLAND ISLANDS	Governor and Commander-in-Chief	A. W. Hodson, Esq., C.M.G.	22 Dec., 1926	9 June, 1927	Port Stanley	21,450 ¹¹

a Also £750 duty allowance. b Also £1,500 duty allowance. c Also £1,000 duty allowance. d Also £1,750 duty allowance. e Also £2,500 duty allowance and £1,000 allowance as High Commissioner for Transport in Kenya and Uganda. f Also £1,000 duty allowance. g Also £1,125 duty allowance. h Also £1,000 duty allowance. i Also £250 duty allowance. j Also £250 duty allowance. k Also £1,000 duty allowance. l Includes £150 from Bahamas Crown Funds. m £2,500 from Imperial funds; £1,250 from Colonial funds; also £200 entertainment allowance from Colonial funds, and £400 table money from War Office. n Also £1,000 for contingencies, £50 of the £1,000 is considered as duty pay. o Including £800 duty allowance. p Including £200 duty allowance. q £1,000 as Administrative of Antigua, £50 of remainder duty allowance. Also £250 travelling allowance. r Also £1,500 duty allowance. Also £100. Customs duty allowance £10. s Also £100 table allowance. t Also £50 entertainment allowance. u Also £50 entertainment allowance. v Including £1,500 duty allowance. Also £200 in lieu of exemption from Customs duties. w Also travelling expenses not exceeding £300. x Includes £200 duty allowance. y Also £200 entertainment allowance. z Also £200 entertainment allowance. aa £1,000 from Colonial funds and £2,000 from Imperial funds. ab Including £1,500 entertainment allowance. ac Including £1,500 entertainment allowance. ad Including £1,500 duty allowance. ae Also Rs. 3,000 entertainment allowance. af Also Rs. 3,000 entertainment allowance. ag Includes £300 entertainment allowance. ah Also £150 allowance as Consul-General for the Malay States and Brunel, and British Agent for North Borneo and Sarawak. ai Also £100 duty allowance and £50 local allowance. aj Also £100 duty allowance. ak Also £100 duty allowance and £20 bonus. al Including £21,000 entertainment allowance as Consul-General. am Also Rs. 15,000 entertainment allowance. Half borne by Imperial and half by Iraq funds. an Also £250 duty allowance.

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IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

The Imperial Conference was constituted under the terms of the first resolution of the Colonial Conference of 1907, which ran as follows:—

"That it will be to the advantage of the Empire if a Conference, to be called the Imperial Conference, is held every four years, at which questions of common interest may be discussed and considered as between His Majesty's Government and His Governments of the self-governing Dominions beyond the seas. The Prime Minister of the United Kingdom will be *ex-officio* President, and the Prime Ministers of the self-governing Dominions *ex-officio* members, of the Conference. The Secretary of State for the Colonies will be an *ex-officio* member of the Conference and will take the chair in the absence of the President. He will arrange for such Imperial Conferences after communication with the Prime Ministers of the respective Dominions.

Such other Ministers as the respective Governments may appoint will also be members of the Conference—it being understood that, except by special permission of the Conference, each discussion will be conducted by not more than two representatives from each Government, and that each Government will have only one vote.

That it is desirable to establish a system by which the several Governments represented shall be kept informed during the periods between the Conferences in regard to matters which have been or may be subjects for discussion, by means of a permanent secretarial staff, charged, under the direction of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, with the duty of obtaining information for the use of the Conference, of attending to its resolutions, and of conducting correspondence on matters relating to its affairs.

That upon matters of importance requiring consultation between two or more Governments which cannot conveniently be postponed until the next Conference, or involving subjects of a minor character or such as call for detailed consideration, subsidiary Conferences should be held between representatives of the Governments concerned specially chosen for the purpose."

The following further resolution was passed at the Imperial War Conference, 1917:—

"That the Imperial War Conference desires to place on record its view that the resolution of the Imperial Conference of 20th April, 1907, should be modified to permit of India being fully represented at all future Imperial Conferences and that the necessary steps should be taken to secure the assent of the various Governments in order that the next Imperial Conference may be summoned and constituted accordingly."

This resolution was duly communicated to the Governments of the self-governing Dominions, all of which agreed to the proposal.

The Irish Free State, which was constituted as a self-governing Dominion in 1922, was first represented at the Imperial Conference of 1923.

MEMBERS OF THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

President—The Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.

Chairman (in the absence of the President)—The Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs.

Other United Kingdom Ministers, the Prime Minister and other Ministers of the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand and the Union of South Africa.

The President of the Executive Council of the Irish Free State and other Free State Ministers. The Prime Minister and other Ministers of Newfoundland.

The Secretary of State for India and other representatives of India.

The Secretariat of the Conference is provided by the Governments represented.

Prior to the Conference of 1907 there were four Colonial Conferences (three in London and one in Ottawa). A brief account of these five Conferences follows :—

The invitations to the Conference of 1887, despatched by Mr. Stanhope in November, 1886, met with a prompt response in all quarters ; they were addressed to the Governors of all the Colonies in view of the celebration of the Jubilee of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria. All the then self-governing Colonies sent delegates, as well as Natal and Western Australia, and representative gentlemen from some of the larger Crown Colonies attended meetings at which matters of interest to these dependencies were discussed. The proceedings were opened on the 4th of April with an address from the President, Sir Henry Holland, afterwards Viscount Knutsford, in which he reviewed the progress of the Empire during Her Majesty's reign and indicated the object for which the Conference had been summoned. The most prominent question discussed was the organisation of Colonial Defence, and an important agreement was arrived at for the increase of the Australasian Squadron. Five fast cruisers and two torpedo gunboats were to be added to the squadron, the Colonies paying, for maintenance and depreciation of these vessels, 126,000*l.* per annum for ten years. All the Colonial Legislatures passed the necessary legislation for giving effect to this arrangement, and vessels for service on the Australasian Station reached Australia in September, 1891. The defence of the important stations of King George's Sound and Thursday Island were also fully discussed, but no final decision was arrived at. It was also agreed that an Imperial Officer should be selected to inspect the Colonial forces and military defences. Among the other questions which came before the Conference were the provision for the Government of British New Guinea, and it was agreed that Queensland, acting with New South Wales and Victoria, should contribute 15,000*l.* a year for ten years for this purpose, the Imperial Government undertaking to provide a suitable steamer and maintain it for three years at an estimated cost of 29,000*l.* Queensland passed the necessary legislation in 1887, and the proclamation of sovereignty over the territory took place on the 4th September, 1887. Dr. (afterwards Sir William) MacGregor was selected as the first administrator of the new colony.

A full interchange of views on the relations of the Australasian Colonies with the Islands in the Pacific took place between Her Majesty's Government and the Colonial delegates, and the Conference unanimously approved the position taken up with regard to Samoa, and also the proposal for a joint Anglo-French Naval Commission for the preservation of the neutrality of the New Hebrides.

Among other questions discussed were the Australian and Pacific Mail services, telegraphic communication with Australia, the proposal for an Imperial Penny Post, the adoption of similar legislation with regard to merchandise marks and patents, and the enforcement of Colonial judgments and Orders in Bankruptcy.

In pursuance of the arrangement as to the inspection of the local forces of Australasia referred to above, Major-Gen. Sir Bevan Edwards, K.C.M.G., C.B., visited all the principal Colonies during 1890, and inspected their forces and defences. One important result of his report was that it showed the importance of a closer union of the Australasian Colonies, and at the instance of Sir H. Parkes, the Premier of New South Wales, an Inter-colonial Conference was held in Melbourne during 1890, to consider the question of Federation. The result of its proceedings and also of the proceedings of the Federation Convention which followed will be found in the account of Australia. A Conference of Australasian Prime Ministers was held at Hobart in 1895 to discuss the question, and measures were passed by all the Colonies except Queensland for the election of delegates (ten from each Colony) to draft a Constitution Act. The delegates were elected in February, 1897, and prepared the basis of a constitution. The later developments are described under the heading "Australia."

During 1894 a Colonial Conference was held at Ottawa, on the invitation of the Dominion Government, to consider the question of trade and communications between the Colonies, and between the Colonies and the Mother Country. Delegates attended from New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand and from the Cape Colony, and important resolutions were passed urging the removal of legislative or treaty obstacles to preferential tariff treatment within the Empire, the establishment of a mail service between Great Britain and Australasia, *via* Canada, and the connection of Canada and Australasia by a cable under British control. A Committee of representatives of the Imperial and Colonial Governments was appointed in 1896 to consider the question of this cable, and eventually the execution of the project was decided on and a Board constituted to manage the undertaking. The work of laying was commenced in 1902.

The distinguishing event of the year 1897 was the celebration of the completion of the sixtieth year of the reign of Queen Victoria. Early in the year invitations were addressed to the Prime Ministers of all the self-governing Colonies to attend the celebration in London as guests of the Queen. The Prime Ministers, eleven in number, accepted and attended. Advantage was taken of their presence to hold a conference between them and the Secretary of State for the discussion of various questions of common interest. The proceedings were private, but a summary was presented to Parliament (C. 8596, July, 1897), in which were published the opening address by Mr. Chamberlain, setting forth the subjects of discussion, a short statement by Mr. Goschen on the question of naval defence, with special reference to the Australian naval agreement, and the resolutions arrived at by the Conference. It was generally agreed that the meeting had been most conducive to the interests of the Empire, and that it would be well to hold similar meetings in the future when occasion offered. As a result of a resolution passed at the Conference the existing commercial treaties with Germany and Belgium were denounced on the 30th of July, in order that the fiscal relations between the Mother Country and the Colonies might be completely independent of fiscal relations with foreign countries. This question had been brought prominently to the front by a Tariff Act passed in Canada, giving preferential treatment to the Mother Country, and the resolution was passed unanimously by the Conference largely in consequence of the urgent request of the Dominion Government. The matter of Imperial defence received much attention, and an offer was made by Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, on behalf of Cape Colony, to present a first-class battleship as a contribution to the British navy—for which a contribution in money was afterwards substituted.

Advantage was taken of the presence in London of the Prime Ministers of the self-governing Colonies in connection with the Coronation of King Edward VII, in 1902, to discuss with them various important questions of general interest, especially the political and commercial relations of the Empire and its naval and military defence. In the result a very considerable improvement was arranged, subject to the approval of the Parliaments concerned, in the terms of the Australasian Naval Agreement, by which the effectiveness of the squadron to which it related, as part of the naval force of the Empire, was to be greatly increased, and the amount of the Colonial contribution towards the maintenance of the squadron raised from 126,000*l.* a year to 240,000*l.* The Premiers of Cape Colony and Natal intimated their desire to increase their unconditional contributions to the Navy from 30,000*l.* and 12,000*l.* to 50,000*l.* and 35,000*l.* respectively. Newfoundland agreed to contribute 3,000*l.* a year towards the expense of a branch of the Royal Navy Reserve established in the Colony, on the condition that the number should be raised to 600 men. Various important resolutions were passed respecting commercial relations.

The last Colonial Conference (hereafter to be designated the Imperial Conference) was held in 1907, in which the Prime Ministers of all the self-governing Colonies took part, including the Transvaal, where the first elections under responsible government had just taken place. At the opening meeting, on April 15th, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman welcomed the Colonial representatives on behalf of His Majesty's Government in Great Britain.

Conference of 1907.
(See Cd. 3523.)

The primary subject for consideration was that of the future Constitution of the Conference, raised by Mr. Lyttelton's despatch of 20th April, 1905, proposing the establishment of an Imperial Council. The resolution adopted (which is quoted above) provided for the meeting of an Imperial Conference every four years between His Majesty's Government and the Governments of the self-governing Dominions beyond the Seas, with the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom as *ex-officio* President, the Secretary of State for the Colonies taking the chair in his absence; and also provided that a permanent secretarial staff should attend to the business of the Conference during the period between its meetings. In the course of discussion Lord Elgin undertook so to alter the organisation of the Colonial Office that there should be a separate division dealing with the self-governing Dominions. The manner in which this undertaking was carried out by him is explained in his despatch of 21st Sept., 1907 (Cd. 3795).

The Conference affirmed the need of developing a General Staff, selected from the forces of the Empire as a whole, to study military science in all its branches. With regard to naval defence, Australia indicated a desire to make provision for a local force, diverting to its service the subsidy paid to the Admiralty under the Naval Agreement.

The members of the Conference, with exception of His Majesty's Government in Great Britain, re-affirmed the resolutions of the Conference of 1902 on the subject of Preferential Trade within the Empire, His Majesty's Government being unable to admit that it was necessary or expedient to alter the fiscal system of the United Kingdom.

Among other subjects brought before the Conference were the improvement of mail communication with Australia, *via* Canada, the promotion of emigration to British Colonies, the adoption of uniform conditions of naturalisation throughout the Empire, uniformity in Company law, in trade statistics and in trade marks and patents, and the codification of the rules governing appeals to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

In consequence of the Parliamentary discussions concerning the naval position which took place in March, 1909, the offers of "Dreadnoughts" from New Zealand and Australia, and the Resolution passed by the Canadian House of Commons on the 29th March, His Majesty's Government decided to convene a special conference to discuss Naval and Military Defence, under the terms of Resolution I. of the Conference of 1907. The

Defence Conference, 1909.
(See Cd. 4948.)

Conference, at which all the then self-governing Dominions were represented, met for the first time on the 28th July, 1909, and for the last on the 19th August. The main results of the Conference were as follows:—

- (1.) The offers of New Zealand and of Australia to contribute a battleship each were accepted, with the substitution of cruisers of the new "Indomitable" type for battleships. The two ships were to be kept one on the China and the other on the Australian Station.
- (2.) Australia was to provide and maintain, with some temporary assistance from Imperial funds, an Australian unit of a general Pacific Fleet. The unit was to consist of a cruiser of the "Indomitable" type, three second-class cruisers of the "Bristol" type, six destroyers of the "River" class, and three submarines of "C" class.

- (3.) Canada was to make a start with cruisers of the "Bristol" class and destroyers of an improved "River" class.
- (4.) New Zealand was to continue her policy of a money contribution to be spent on the China unit of the Pacific Fleet. The cruiser of the "Indomitable" type given by New Zealand was to be the flagship of this unit.
- (5.) In regard to military defence, a plan was drawn up in outline for so organizing the forces of the Crown, wherever they might be, that they might be capable of being rapidly combined into one homogeneous Imperial army.

The South African delegates were not, of course, in a position to submit or approve any definite proposals as the Union of South Africa was then in process of establishment.

In accordance with the agreement arrived at at the Defence Conference, the Commonwealth of Australia placed orders through the Admiralty for the Second Class Cruisers required; Canada purchased the "Rainbow" and "Niobe"; orders were placed for the cruiser to be given by New Zealand, and in Canada and Australia Naval Defence Acts were passed, under which the Naval Defence Forces are governed by principles similar to those in force in the Imperial Navy.

In 1910 a Subsidiary Imperial Conference was convened to consider the subject of Imperial copyright. The Conference was held in May and June, and discussed fully the questions of the maintenance of the unity of copyright legislation throughout the Empire, and the desirability of the Empire accepting the Revised Copyright Convention of Berlin (1908). The Governments of all the Dominions were represented, and important resolutions were passed in favour of the adoption of a uniform copyright law for the Empire, and in favour of the acceptance of the Revised Copyright Convention, subject to certain reservations and, in particular, to the right of any self-governing Dominion to limit the obligations imposed by the Convention to works, the authors of which are subjects or citizens of a country of the union or *bona fide* residents in such a country. In accordance with the resolutions of the Conference an Imperial Copyright Act was passed in 1911. Legislation adopting its provisions was passed by the Commonwealth of Australia and Newfoundland in 1912, and by the Union of South Africa in 1916, and an Act, based on the Imperial Act, was passed in New Zealand in 1913. Legislation on the subject of copyright was also passed in Canada in 1921 and 1923, and came into effect on 1st January 1924.

Steps were taken in accordance with the fifth resolution of the Conference of 1907 to pass new Orders in Council respecting appeals from the Supreme Courts of New Zealand, the six Australian States, the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba, British Columbia, Alberta and Saskatchewan, while Orders in Council respecting procedure were passed in respect of the Commonwealth of Australia, and the Union of South Africa. In accordance with the wishes of the Conference, steps were taken for the appointment of Trade Commissioners in the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand and the Union of South Africa, and a paid correspondent of the Board of Trade was appointed in Newfoundland. These officers perform with regard to matters of trade much the same functions as are performed by His Majesty's consuls in foreign countries.

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Steps were taken to secure greater uniformity in the laws of the Dominions with regard to trade marks and patents. Moreover, the trade statistics of the Dominions were modified with a view to showing more clearly the trade with the United Kingdom, British possessions, and foreign countries.

Uniformity in company law was, in part, effected by legislation in the Transvaal in 1909, in Victoria in 1910, and in British Columbia. Moreover, the legislation of the Parliament at Westminster was consolidated in 1908. Arrangements were made to hold in April, 1911, a subsidiary conference with regard to reciprocity in the examination and authorization of surveyors throughout the Empire, at which the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, all the Australian States (except South Australia) and New Zealand were represented.

The question of naturalization was considered by an Inter-departmental Committee in 1908. Its report was forwarded for the consideration of the Dominions, and the question received further discussion at the Imperial Conference of 1911.

Steps were taken for the introduction of a silver currency in the Commonwealth of Australia, and, by an Order in Council of the 23rd January, 1911, the operation of the Imperial Act of 1870 was revoked so far as the Commonwealth is concerned.

The Radiotelegraphic Convention of 1906 was adhered to by the Dominion of Canada, the Union of South Africa, the Commonwealth of Australia, and the Dominion of New Zealand. A Bill was prepared for introduction into the Imperial Parliament, with a view to facilitating marriages in this country of persons coming from British Dominions and Colonies.

Steps were taken to secure a reduction in the Suez Canal dues.

Correspondence relating to Conference Work from May, 1907 to July, 1910, was published in Cd. 5273.

In accordance with the Resolution of the Conference of 1907, the first Conference which was officially styled "Imperial" was held in May and June, 1911. The

Imperial Conference, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom presided, the chair being taken in his absence by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, 1911. and, on one occasion, by the Prime Minister of Canada. The Prime (See Cd. 5745.) Ministers of all the Dominions were present, besides two other Ministers from Canada, Australia and the Union of South Africa, one other Minister from New Zealand and one from Newfoundland. The question of the constitution of the Conference and the reconstruction of the Colonial Office was considered at length, but a majority of the representatives were of opinion that no fundamental change was necessary.

The Conference also considered the question how far the Dominion Governments could be consulted with regard to Treaties, with special reference to the fact that the Declaration of London of 1908 was not submitted to the Dominions for approval before it was concluded. The representatives of His Majesty's Government in Great Britain proposed, and the representatives of the Dominions agreed, that in future the Dominions should be afforded an opportunity of consultation when the instructions to be given to British delegates at meetings at the Hague Conference were being framed, that Conventions affecting the Dominions provisionally assented to at that Conference should be circulated to the Dominion Governments before they were officially signed, and that a similar procedure, where time and opportunity and subject matter permitted, should, as far as possible, be used when preparing instructions for the negotiation of other international agreements affecting the Dominions. It was also agreed that, with a view to relieving the Dominions of obligations under "most favoured nation" clauses in Treaties concluded years ago and binding on the Dominions, His Majesty's Government should open negotiations with several foreign Governments having such Treaties with a view to securing liberty of any Dominion to withdraw from the operation of the Treaty without impairing the Treaty as respecting the rest of the Empire.

The question of an Imperial Court of Appeal was discussed at length, and it was proposed, and accepted that two Lords of Appeal should be added to the number of four already existing so that their services might be available both for service in the House of Lords and for service on the Judicial Committee.

The question of emigration to the Dominions also came up. The President of the Local Government Board showed that the numbers then emigrating were fully as large as could safely be spared by the United Kingdom. It was agreed that the present policy of encouraging British emigrants to proceed to British Dominions rather than to foreign countries should be continued and that full co-operation should be accorded to any Dominion desiring immigrants.

The discussion of the question of Naturalisation resulted in an Agreement on the main principles on which Naturalisation in one of the Dominions should be recognised in other parts of the Empire.

The question of improved Cable communications was considered and the Postmaster General of the United Kingdom was able to announce the prospect of important reductions from January 1st, 1912, in rates for deferred messages and in Press Cables. It was also agreed that a chain of Wireless Telegraph Stations should be constructed from the United Kingdom, *via* Cyprus, Aden, Bombay and Singapore, to some point in Australia from which there would be communication over the land lines to other parts of Australia, and from Australia both by cable and by wireless telegraphy to New Zealand. It was also agreed that the Pacific Cable Board should be authorised to lay a cable between Australia and New Zealand. The Governments of Canada and Australia undertook to consider favourably the extension of the Imperial Postal Order system and a resolution in favour of the lowering of the postal rates generally was agreed to.

In order to render possible further co-operation in commercial relations it was agreed that a Royal Commission should be appointed representing the Home and Dominion Governments with a view to investigating and reporting upon the natural resources of each part of the Empire represented at the Conference, the development attained and attainable, the facilities for production, manufacture and distribution, the trade of each part with the others and with the outside world, the food and raw material requirements of each and the sources thereof available, the extent, if any, to which the trade between each of the different parts had been affected by existing legislation in each, either beneficially or otherwise, and the methods by which, consistently with the existing fiscal policy of each part, the trade of each part with the others might be improved and extended.

It was agreed that all practical steps should be taken to secure uniformity of treatment of British shipping, to prevent unfair competition with British ships by foreign subsidized ships, to secure to British ships equal trading advantages with foreign ships, to promote the employment of British seamen on British ships, and to raise the status and improve the conditions of seamen employed on such ships. Proposals were made by the Dominion of New Zealand with the support of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of wider legislative powers in respect of shipping to the Oversea Dominions, but the Resolution was not accepted by the Governments of the United Kingdom, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Union of South Africa and Newfoundland.

In connection with the question of Merchant Shipping a discussion took place as to the treatment of British Indians in the Self-Governing Dominions. The Secretary of State for India (Lord Crewe) made a statement in which he pointed out that, while it was the undoubted right of the Self-Governing Dominions to determine in what manner their communities should be composed, and therefore to restrict in such way as they thought fit Indian immigration, it was important that this should

be done in a way compatible with the comity due to the Indian people, and that in all cases in which Indians were permitted to enter the Dominions or were domiciled therein due respect should be paid to their rights.

The principles laid down by Lord Crewe were accepted by the representatives of the Dominion Governments.

It was agreed to consider how far it was possible to make arrangements with a view to the enforcement in one part of the Empire of Judgments and Orders of the Courts of Justice in another part. Resolutions were also passed in favour of uniformity in the law of copyright, patents, trade-marks, companies and workmen's compensation. The questions of provision for deserted wives and children, the celebration of His Majesty's Birthday, and the Suez Canal Dues were discussed, and it was agreed that concerted action should be taken by all the Governments of the Empire to promote better trade and postal communications between Great Britain and the Oversea Dominions, and in particular to discourage shipping conferences or combines in so far as the operations of such conferences were prejudicial to trade.

Before separating the Conference agreed that it was desirable that between Conferences there should be interchange of visits between Ministers of the United Kingdom and Ministers of the Dominions and that His Majesty's Government in Great Britain should take into consideration the possibility of holding a meeting of the Conference, or a subsidiary Conference, in one of the Oversea Dominions.

After the termination of the Conference of 1911, steps were taken to carry out the several recommendations made. Agreements were made with the Governments of

**Action on
Resolutions
of 1911 Con-
ference.**

Sweden, Norway, Denmark, France, Costa Rica, and Colombia, authorising His Majesty's Government to terminate on twelve months notice the application of the Commercial Treaties with those Powers with regard to all or any of the self-governing Dominions. Similar power was obtained in the case of the Commercial Treaty with Switzerland. An Act was passed by the Parliament at Westminster

to add two Lords of Appeal, available for service in the House of Lords and on the Judicial Committee, and to increase to seven the number of Judges of the Courts of the Oversea Dominions who may be members of the Judicial Committee. In accordance with this provision, the Hon. Sir Joshua Williams, senior Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, became a member of the Judicial Committee. The Bill on Naturalization, which it was proposed to introduce into the Imperial Parliament, was re-drafted in accordance with the views of the Imperial Conference, and passed into law under the title of the "British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914." Legislation has been also passed in Canada and Newfoundland with effect from 1915, in Australia with effect from 1921, and in South Africa with effect from 1926. Legislation was passed providing for the laying of the cable by the Pacific Cable Board between Australia and New Zealand, and the work was successfully carried out. Reductions were made in cable rates between the United Kingdom and the Oversea Dominions (including the establishment of week-end telegrams in addition to deferred rates).

A Royal Commission was appointed to investigate and report upon the natural resources and trade of the Empire. The Commission was composed as follows :—

Lord D'Abernon, G.C.M.G., *Chairman*
Sir Alfred Bateman, K.C.M.G.
Sir H. Rider Haggard, K.B.E.
Mr. T. Garnett
Sir W. Lorimer
Mr. J. Tatlow

} Representing the United Kingdom;

The Right Hon. Sir George E. Foster, G.C.M.G., LL.D., Minister of Trade and Commerce, representing the Dominion of Canada ;
 Mr. Donald Campbell, LL.B., representing the Commonwealth of Australia ;
 Sir J. R. Sinclair, representing the Dominion of New Zealand ;
 Sir J. W. S. Langerman, representing the Union of South Africa ;
 The Hon. Sir E. R. Bowring, representing Newfoundland.

The Commissioners took evidence in London on several occasions, and also visited New Zealand, Australia, the Union of South Africa, Newfoundland, the Maritime Provinces of Canada, and Central and Western Canada. They submitted, in all, 15 volumes of minutes of evidence, three statistical volumes (dealing respectively with the Food and Raw Material Requirements of the United Kingdom, the Trade Statistics and Trade of the Dominions, and the Chief Harbours of the British Empire and Foreign Countries), five Interim Reports, and a Final Report [Cd. 8462]. The enquiry was delayed by the outbreak of war and was only completed in the early part of 1917. The Reports deal mainly with the following subjects :—Conservation and development of Natural Resources, Scientific Research, Migration, Oversea Communications (including Harbour Development and Telegraph and Wireless Services), Unification of Legislation, and the creation of an Imperial Development Board.

Representatives of Canada, the Commonwealth, New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa took part, in 1912, in the International Radiotelegraph Conference held in London and signed the Convention arrived at, which was subsequently ratified.

The Right Hon. Sir Herbert Samuel, G.B.E., then Postmaster General of the United Kingdom, visited Canada in the autumn of 1913, in accordance with the suggestion of the Conference for interchange of visits by Ministers, and several visits were paid to the United Kingdom by Ministers from the Dominions.

Contemporaneously with the meetings of the Imperial Conference in 1911, conferences took place between the Admiralty and representatives of the Dominion of Canada and the Commonwealth of Australia. The result of these conferences was laid before, and approved by, the Imperial Conference. An agreement was made as to the control of the naval services and forces of the Dominions of Canada and Australia, the limits of the naval stations to be allotted to them, and the mode of procedure to be adopted when vessels of the Dominion navies proceeded beyond the limits of their respective stations, whether to ports of the British Empire or to foreign ports. Military defence was discussed at a Committee of the Imperial Conference on the 14th and 17th of June, and the proceedings of that Committee were laid before, and approved by, the Imperial Conference (Cd. 5746-2). The two battle cruisers of the "Indomitable" type, H.M.A.S. "Australia" and H.M.S. "New Zealand," and also two cruisers of the "Bristol" type, H.M.A.S. "Melbourne" and H.M.A.S. "Sydney," constructed as a result of the Conference of 1909, were completed and in commission during the Great War. The "Brisbane" was constructed in the Government Dock, Sydney, and launched on 30th September, 1915.

On the 10th December, 1912, the Secretary of State for the Colonies addressed a despatch to the Governors-General of Australia and the Union of South Africa and to the Governors of New Zealand and Newfoundland, on the subject of the representation of the Dominions on the Committee of Imperial Defence. This despatch communicated the text of resolutions which had been adopted on May 30th, 1911, at a meeting of the Committee of Imperial Defence and which were to the effect that one or more representatives appointed by the respective governments of the Dominions should be invited to attend meetings of the Committee of Imperial

Defence when questions of naval and military defence affecting the overseas Dominions were under consideration, and that the proposal that a Defence Committee should be established in each Dominion was accepted in principle. It was stated that, the Canadian Government having changed in the Autumn of 1911, it was necessary to put the proposals before Mr. (afterwards Sir R.) Borden and his colleagues when they visited London in 1912, and that Mr. Borden had provisionally accepted the resolutions and had stated that he saw no difficulty in a Minister of the Dominion Government spending some months of every year in London in order to carry out the intention. Mr. Borden had also expressed the desire that the Canadian and other Dominion Ministers who might be in London as members of the Committee of Imperial Defence should receive in confidence knowledge of the policy and proceedings of the Imperial Government in foreign and other affairs. It had been pointed out to Mr. Borden that the Committee of Imperial Defence was a purely advisory body and could not become a body deciding on policy which must remain the sole prerogative of the Cabinet, subject to the support of the House of Commons. But any Dominion Minister resident in the United Kingdom would at all times have free and full access to the Prime Minister and the Secretaries of State for Foreign and Colonial Affairs for information on all questions of Imperial policy. From Mr. Borden's speech in introducing the Canadian Naval Bill, it appeared that he accepted the proposals, and the same offer was open to all the other self-governing Dominions if they wished to adopt it, but it could be varied in the case of each or any Dominion to suit their wishes or the special circumstances of their case. (This despatch and subsequent correspondence were published in Parliamentary Paper Cd. 7347.)

In June, 1914, the Hon. G. H. Perley (afterwards Sir George Perley), a Minister without portfolio of the Canadian Government, came to reside in London as the representative of that Government, and was from time to time summoned to meetings of the Committee of Imperial Defence.

After the Great War had broken out, it was assumed by His Majesty's Government in Great Britain that it would not be convenient that the normal Imperial Conference should meet on its due date in May, 1915, and after communications had

1914-16. taken place with the Prime Ministers of the Dominions in the course of December, 1914, it was definitely decided by general agreement to postpone the Conference. In intimating its postponement to the Dominions, the Secretary of State for the Colonies at the same time informed the Prime Ministers that it was the intention of His Majesty's Government to consult them most fully, and if possible personally, when the time arrived to discuss possible terms of peace.

Up to the end of 1916 every opportunity was taken of confidential consultation and discussion with the Prime Ministers and other Ministers of the self-governing Dominions on matters connected with the progress of the war. Thus the Prime Minister of Canada (Sir R. Borden) in 1915, and the Prime Ministers of the Commonwealth of Australia and New Zealand (Mr. Hughes and Mr. Massey) as well as Sir J. Ward (New Zealand) in 1916, attended meetings of the Cabinet in London during their stay in the United Kingdom, and Mr. Hughes and Sir G. E. Foster (Canadian Minister of Trade and Commerce) were two of the delegates of His Majesty's Government at the Paris Economic Conference in June, 1916.

When Mr. Lloyd George assumed office as Prime Minister in December, 1916, he announced, in the course of his speech in the House of Commons on December 19th, that it was proposed to summon an Imperial Conference at an early date in order to place the whole position before the Dominions and to take counsel with them as to the best means of securing an early and complete triumph. To this Conference repre-

representatives of India as well as of all the then self-governing Dominions were invited. All were able to attend with the exception of representatives of Australia, who were prevented from being present by the approach of a general election.

It was arranged that the meetings should take two forms. In the first place the overseas representatives were made temporarily members of the War Cabinet, which thus became, for the time being, an Imperial War Cabinet, an event subsequently described by Mr. Lloyd George as a "memorable landmark in the constitutional history of the British Empire." Whilst the Imperial War Cabinet was in session the overseas members had access to all the information which was at the disposal of His Majesty's Government in Great Britain and occupied a status of absolute equality with that of the members of the War Cabinet. It had prolonged discussions on all the most vital aspects of Imperial Policy. Its conclusions were necessarily secret, but it was announced that important decisions were reached which would be of the greatest value not only in the prosecution of the war but also when the time came for negotiations for peace.

Imperial
War
Cabinet,
1917 Session.

At the conclusion of its sittings the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom announced that the Imperial War Cabinet was unanimous that the new procedure had been of such service, not only to its members but to the Empire, that it ought not to be allowed to fall into desuetude. Accordingly he proposed, on behalf of His Majesty's Government, that meetings of an Imperial Cabinet should be held annually, or at any intermediate time when matters of urgent Imperial concern required to be settled, and that the Imperial Cabinet should consist of the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom, and such of his colleagues as deal specially with Imperial Affairs, of the Prime Ministers of each of the Dominions or some specially accredited alternate possessed of equal authority, and of a representative of the Indian people to be appointed by the Government of India. He hoped that the holding of an annual Imperial Cabinet would become an accepted convention of the British Constitution.

Concurrently with the sittings of the Imperial War Cabinet, there was held an Imperial War Conference presided over by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the special work of which was, to use the terms of an address which it presented to His Majesty the King, "to consider the steps that may be required to ensure that the fruits of victory may not be lost by unpreparedness in times of peace, and so to develop the resources of the Empire that it may not be possible hereafter for an unscrupulous enemy to repeat his outrages upon liberty and civilization." Much of the business of the Conference was necessarily of a highly confidential character, but it was found possible to publish, soon after it terminated, the majority of the Resolutions passed, and a part of the discussions.

Imperial
War
Conference,
1917.

(See Cd. 8566.)

Reference can only be made here to one or two of the most important of the Resolutions.

One (No. XXI) asserted the principle "that each part of the Empire, having due regard to the interests of our Allies, shall give specially favourable treatment and facilities to the produce and manufactures of other parts of the Empire."

Another Resolution (No. IX) dealt with the future constitution of the Empire, and placed on record the view of the Conference that "any readjustment of constitutional relations, while thoroughly preserving all existing powers of self-government and complete control of domestic affairs, should be based upon a full recognition of the Dominions as autonomous nations of an Imperial Commonwealth, and of India as an important portion of the same, should recognise the right of the Dominions and India to an adequate voice in foreign policy and in foreign

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relations, and should provide effective arrangements for continuous consultation in all important matters of common Imperial concern, and for such necessary concerted action, founded on consultation, as the several Governments may determine."

It was felt, however, that the subject was too intricate and important a one to be dealt with during the war, and the Resolution accordingly laid down that it should be the subject of a special Imperial Conference to be summoned as soon as possible after the cessation of hostilities.

Other of the published Resolutions dealt with the development of the material Resources of the Empire and their utilization for Imperial purposes. Of these one in particular (No. XIII) deserves notice. This advocated the establishment in London of an Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau to be specially concerned with the Mineral Resources and metal requirements of the Empire.

Of the Resolutions affecting India one (No. VII) dealt with its status as a partner State in the Empire, and recommended the full representation of India at all future Imperial Conferences, and another (No. XXII) accepted the principle of reciprocity of treatment between India and the self-governing Dominions.

Mention may be made also of two Resolutions (Nos. VIII and XII) which have resulted in the establishment of a permanent Imperial War Graves Commission, under the presidency of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on which all parts of the Empire are represented. The object of this Commission is to care in perpetuity for the graves of those who have fallen in the common cause of the Empire.

Lastly, a Resolution was passed (No. XV) urging that the system of Double Income Taxation within the Empire should be reviewed as soon as possible after the conclusion of the War.

In order to give the fullest effect possible to Resolution XXI of the 1917 Conference, His Majesty's Government in Great Britain appointed a Committee of Ministers to consider the best methods and machinery of giving specially favourable treatment and facilities to the produce and manufactures of other parts of the Empire. In accordance with Resolution XIII, a special Committee, on which the Dominions and the India Office were represented, was during 1917-18, appointed to frame a scheme for an Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau.

The proposal for full representation of India at future Imperial Conferences (Resolution VII) was put to the Dominion Governments and gladly concurred in by them.

In accordance with Resolutions VIII and XII, the Imperial War Graves Commission was established, and commenced active work at once.

Several of the other Resolutions were followed by Reports of specially constituted Committees, which formed the basis of the discussions at the Imperial War Conference, 1918.

In the summer of 1918, meetings of the Imperial War Cabinet and Imperial War Conference were again held. The meetings were on this occasion completely representative for the first time of all parts of the Empire since members from Australia were present as well as Ministers from all the other self-governing Dominions, whilst India was also fully represented.

The Imperial War Cabinet was in session from the beginning of June to the middle of August, 1918. In a communique issued at the termination of the meetings it was announced that every aspect of policy affecting the conduct of the war and the question of peace had been examined.

Imperial War Cabinet 1918 Session. It was further stated that the meetings had proved of such value that the Imperial War Cabinet had thought it essential that certain modifications should be made in the existing channels of communication

so as to make consultations between the different Governments of the Empire as continuous and intimate as possible. It had therefore been decided that, for the future, the Prime Ministers of the Dominions, as members of the Imperial War Cabinet, should have the right to communicate on matters of Cabinet importance direct with the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom whenever they saw fit to do so. It had also been decided that each Dominion should have the right to nominate a visiting or a resident Minister in London to be a member of the Imperial War Cabinet at meetings other than those attended by the Prime Ministers, and that these meetings would be held at regular intervals, arrangements being made also for the representation of India.

The Imperial War Conference in 1918, as in 1917, was held under the chairmanship of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

As in the previous year, the greater part of its deliberations was of a confidential nature, but it was found possible to publish a certain part of the discussions, and the great majority of the Resolutions passed.

Imperial
War
Conference,
1918.

(See Cd. 9177.)

Of these Resolutions, the most important (Nos. III, IV and XXIII) dealt with the future economic policy of the Empire with regard to raw materials. It was agreed that it was necessary to secure for the British Empire and the belligerent Allies the command of certain essential raw materials in order to enable them to repair the effects of the war as soon as possible and to safeguard their industrial requirements. The opinion was expressed that the Governments of the British Empire should make such arrangements amongst themselves as would ensure that essential raw materials produced within the Empire should be available for the purposes described, and should arrange with the Allied countries to utilize for the same purposes essential raw materials produced in those countries.

Before the Conference separated, the first steps were taken for practical action in this direction. A Committee of the Conference was appointed to investigate further the particular raw materials determined by the Conference as suitable for post-war control. This Committee's Report was approved by the Conference, and it was laid down that the Governments represented should forthwith consult with the representatives of the producers and trades concerned as to the method of obtaining command best suited to each individual commodity.

Other economic matters dealt with by Resolutions of the Conference were the non-ferrous metal industry (No. II), petroleum (No. XVIII), dyes (No. X), the creation of an Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau (No. XVI), a matter already considered at the 1917 Conference, and post-war supervision of shipping (Nos. XI and XXIV).

As to the latter, the Resolutions passed were to the effect that the Conference accepted in principle the establishment of an Imperial Investigation Board to review shipping on the principal routes, to enquire into and report on all matters connected with ocean freights and facilities, and to consider the development and improvement of the sea communications between the different parts of the Empire with particular reference to the size and type of ships and the capacities of harbours.

The question of communications within the Empire other than shipping also engaged the attention of the Conference, and Resolutions were passed dealing with an Imperial News Service (No. IX), Cable Communications (No. XIV), and Inter-Imperial Parcels Delivery (No. XII). Of these the first stated that the Conference was impressed with the importance of securing an adequate News Service, supplied from British sources, to be available in all parts of the Empire, and requested His Majesty's Government in

Great Britain to formulate a scheme with these objects in view. The second laid it down that it was in the highest interests of the Empire to reduce materially the rates for telegraphic communications between the United Kingdom and the various Oversea Dominions, and laid stress on the desirability of the co-operation of the various Governments in the provision of a State-owned cable across the Atlantic. The third recommended that the existing facilities for Inter-Imperial Parcels Delivery should be enlarged, improved, and co-ordinated, and recommended the preparation of a detailed scheme for this purpose.

The Conference of 1917 had accepted the principle of reciprocity of treatment between India and the Dominions in the matter of immigration. In 1918 a further Resolution (No. XXI) was passed elaborating the principle already laid down. Specified conditions were agreed to which should regulate in future the admission of British citizens domiciled in any British country, including India, into any other British country for visits for the purpose of pleasure or commerce, including temporary residence for the sake of education. It was further agreed that Indians already permanently domiciled in the other British countries should be allowed on certain specified conditions to bring in their wives and minor children.

Other matters forming the subject of Resolutions of the Conference were the creation of an Imperial Court of Appeal (No. XXII), Naturalization (Nos. XIX and XX), Demobilization (No. XVII), Inter-Imperial Migration (No. XIII), and Imperial Statistics (No. VIII).

On the close of hostilities in November, 1918, representatives of all the self-governing Dominions were immediately summoned. They took part, first in the preliminary discussions in London over the Peace negotiations, and secondly in the work of the Peace Conference at Paris.

**Peace
Conference
at Paris,
1919, and
Treaties, &c.,
arising out
of the Peace
Settlement.**

The Regulations governing the work of the Paris Conference laid down that the British Empire should be represented by five Delegates and that the British Dominions and India should be represented as follows:—Two delegates each for Australia, Canada, South Africa and India (including the Native States); one delegate for New Zealand.

It was added that each delegation had the right to avail itself of the Panel system, and that the representatives of the Dominions (including Newfoundland and India) might besides be included in the representation of the British Empire by the Panel system.

Co-ordination between the various British representatives was secured by frequent meetings and discussions in Paris. A special body was formed for the purpose of these discussions and was known as the "British Empire Delegation"; its secretariat was provided from the officials assisting the representatives of the various parts of the Empire.

Several Dominion Ministers were nominated to, and acted for the British Empire on, the allied Commissions which were appointed to consider various aspects of the conditions of peace. Thus Sir R. Borden (Canada) was a member of the Commission on Greek Questions, Mr. Hughes (Australia) of the Commission on Reparation, Mr. Massey (New Zealand) of the Commission on the Responsibility for the War, and General Smuts (South Africa) of the League of Nations Commission.

Sir R. Borden and Sir G. E. Foster had to return to Canada before the completion of the Treaty with Germany, and it was signed on behalf of Canada by Mr. Sifton and Mr. Doherty. The other Dominion representatives (Mr. Hughes and Sir J. Cook for Australia, General Botha and General Smuts for South Africa, and Mr. Massey for New Zealand) were able to remain until the Treaty was signed.

Under it, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa and India, as well as the "British Empire," became original members of the League of Nations, and were represented at the first and subsequent meetings of the Assembly of the League held at Geneva. The Irish Free State became a member of the League in 1923. At the Assembly of 1925, Senator Dandurand, the senior Canadian Delegate, was elected President of the Assembly. At the Assembly of 1927, Canada was elected to one of the non-permanent seats on the Council of the League.

The other important Treaties, Conventions, etc., arising out of the Peace Settlement, which were completed in 1919 and 1920, were also signed by representatives of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, the Union and India.

The work of carrying out the Resolutions of the Imperial Conference, 1911, and the Imperial War Conferences, 1917 and 1918, proceeded during 1919, 1920 and 1921.

At the end of 1918, the "Oversea Settlement Committee" was brought into existence in order to advise His Majesty's Government in Great Britain on the new problems in connection with Imperial Migration arising out of the termination of the War. Special delegates were sent by the Committee to Canada, Australia and New Zealand to investigate the openings for women in those Dominions: the policy of free passages from the United Kingdom to other parts of the Empire for ex-service men was inaugurated and maintained during the period 1919-1921. The adoption of a joint policy of State-aided settlement within the Empire was discussed between representatives of His Majesty's Government and the Governments of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia and New Zealand in January-February, 1921, and their Report was approved at the Conference of Prime Ministers held in the Summer with a reservation on the part of the South African representatives.

In introducing the Budget for 1919-1920, the Chancellor of the Exchequer brought forward proposals for Preference on certain articles (such as tea, cocoa, sugar and tobacco) already subject to duty when imported into the United Kingdom, which were (1) consigned from and (2) grown, produced or manufactured in the British Empire. These proposals were accepted by Parliament and incorporated in the Finance Act, 1919, the general rate of preference given being $\frac{1}{4}$ th of the full rate.

The Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau was incorporated by Royal Charter and began its labours.

Arrangements were made in 1919 for a special service of news of general Imperial interest to be sent to Australia and New Zealand, to South, East and West Africa and to the Eastern Colonies, contributions being made by His Majesty's Government and by most of the Dominions and Colonies concerned. These arrangements came to an end, however, in 1921.

An Imperial Statistical Conference was held in February, 1920 (Cmd. 648). It was followed by an Imperial Entomological Conference (Cmd. 835), an Imperial Forestry Conference (Cmd. 865) later in the year, and in 1921 by an Imperial Customs Conference (Cmd. 1231).

After consultations as to the composition and functions of the body to review the problems of Inter-Imperial Ocean Communications, an Imperial Shipping Committee was appointed in 1920 under the Chairmanship of Sir H. Mackinder. By the end of 1921 it had issued Reports on Bills of Lading (Cmd. 1205), Deferred Rebates as obtaining in the United Kingdom-Australia Trade (Cmd. 1486), and the functions and constitution of a Permanent Imperial Body for shipping questions (Cmd. 1483).

A Royal Commission set up in 1919 to enquire into the United Kingdom income tax included in its Report (Cmd. 615) recommendations for dealing with double income tax within the Empire (Resolution XV of Imperial War Conference 1917). These recommendations were adopted by His Majesty's Government in Great Britain and incorporated in section 27 of the Finance Act, 1920 (*see also* Finance Act, 1921, section 28). Corresponding legislation was passed by the Commonwealth Parliament in 1921 (Act 31 of 1921, section 5). Legislation had been in force in New Zealand since 1916 (Act 5 of 1916 section, 92).

Settlement of the questions of (a) provision for deserted wives and children (b) reciprocal enforcement of Judgments, in different parts of the Empire (both of which subjects had been much discussed between the Home and Dominion Governments since the Imperial Conference of 1911) was facilitated by the passing of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Act, 1920, and by Part II of the Administration of Justice Act, 1920, in the United Kingdom.

A Committee appointed at the end of 1919 to enquire into the high power wireless stations needed by the British Empire on commercial and strategical grounds presented its Report in 1920 (Cmd. 777), and preparations were begun in 1921 to carry the recommendations into effect.

From June-August, 1921, a Conference of Prime Ministers and representatives of the United Kingdom, the Dominions and India was held in London. The Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (Mr. Lloyd George) presided, and the Prime Ministers of Canada (Mr. Meighen), the Commonwealth of Australia (Mr. Hughes), New Zealand (Mr. Massey) and the Union of South Africa (General Smuts) were present as well as representatives of India. The Prime Minister of Newfoundland (Sir R. Squires) was unable to attend.

The greater part of the proceedings was highly confidential and comparable rather to the work of the Imperial War Cabinets of 1917 and 1918 than to that of the Imperial War Conferences of those years. The Conference considered in detail the Foreign Policy of the British Empire. Discussion took place in regard to the League of Nations, and general appreciation was expressed of its work, and of its claim to the support of the British Empire. Close consideration was given to the question of British Policy in Egypt. Several meetings were devoted to considering the Naval, Military and Air Defence of the Empire. Specific Resolutions were passed as to Empire Settlement and Migration, the nationality of children born abroad of British parents, Air Communications, the Imperial Wireless Scheme, Shipping, Wireless Telephony and Cable and Wireless Rates for Press Messages.

Agreement was reached as to the apportionment between the various parts of the Empire of the Reparation receipts falling to the British Empire under the Treaty of Peace with Germany.

The question of the position of British Indians in the Empire was further discussed, and a Resolution passed which, while reaffirming the Resolution of the 1918 Conference (*see* p. lxviii above), recognised that there was an incongruity between the position of India as a member of the British Empire and the existence of disabilities upon British Indians lawfully domiciled in some other part of the Empire, and expressed the opinion that, in the interests of the solidarity of the British Commonwealth, it was desirable that the rights of such Indians to citizenship should be recognised.¹

¹ NOTE.—The representatives of the Union of South Africa were unable to accept this Resolution in view of the exceptional circumstances of the greater part of the Union. The representatives of India expressed the hope that, by negotiation between the Governments of India and of South Africa, some way could be found to reach a more satisfactory position.

It was decided that, having regard to the constitutional developments in the Empire during the last few years, no advantage would be gained by holding the Constitutional Conference contemplated by Resolution IX of the Imperial War Conference, 1917 (*see* p. lxxv above); but stress was laid on the importance of continuous consultation between the Prime Ministers, and on the advantage of their meeting annually, or at such longer intervals as may prove feasible. The principle established in 1918 of direct communication between Prime Ministers, and of the right of the Dominion Prime Ministers to nominate Cabinet Ministers to represent them in consultation with the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (*see* p. lxxvii above), was reaffirmed.

In the course of the discussions on Foreign Policy at the Prime Ministers' Conference of 1921, much time was devoted to the problems of the Western Pacific and Far East; whilst the discussions were proceeding, the President of the United States of America issued his invitation to a Conference to be held at Washington in the Autumn of 1921, at which these matters would be discussed, as well as the question of limitation of armaments. The British Empire Delegation at this Conference included representatives of Canada (Sir R. Borden), Australia (Senator Pearce), New Zealand (Sir J. Salmond) and India. Several important conventions were concluded at the Conference, including that for the limitation of Naval Armament, the Quadruple Pacific Treaty and the Nine-Power Treaty regarding China (*see* Cmd. 1627). The Dominions were also represented at the International Conference held in Genoa in the spring of 1922, and some sent representatives to the subsequent technical Conference held at the Hague.

In 1922, in pursuance of the Resolution passed at the 1921 Conference, an Act, entitled the Empire Settlement Act, was passed by the Parliament at Westminster empowering His Majesty's Government in Great Britain, in association with Dominion Governments or public or private organisations either in the United Kingdom or overseas, to formulate and co-operate in carrying out agreed schemes for affording joint assistance to suitable persons in the United Kingdom to settle in the Oversea Dominions. The expenditure was not to exceed £1,500,000 in 1922-3 or £3,000,000 in subsequent years.

Legislation was enacted amending the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914 (*see* p. lxxii), in the direction of giving greater facilities for the retention of British citizenship by children born abroad of British parents.

Action in 1922 on Resolutions of 1921 Conference and of previous Conferences. By the end of 1922 the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Act, 1920, had been extended to New Zealand, Queensland, Western Australia, Tasmania and British India, and the Administration of Justice Act, 1920, to South Australia and Western Australia, the necessary reciprocal legislation having been passed.

Agreements were made between the Commonwealth Government and the Amalgamated Wireless Company in March, and between the Union Government and the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company in August, for the provision of long distance wireless communication. The arrangements to be made in the United Kingdom were still under examination at the end of the year.

A Conference on the subject of an Empire Patent was held in June.

Further reports of the Imperial Shipping Committee on Rates of Freight in the New Zealand Trade (Cmd. 1564) and on the Deferred Rebate System (Cmd. 1802) were completed.

Legislation was passed at the end of the year to facilitate the importation of cattle from Canada into the United Kingdom.

A Royal Commission set up in 1919 to enquire into the United Kingdom income tax included in its Report (Cmd. 615) recommendations for dealing with double income tax within the Empire (Resolution XV of Imperial War Conference 1917). These recommendations were adopted by His Majesty's Government in Great Britain and incorporated in section 27 of the Finance Act, 1920 (*see also* Finance Act, 1921, section 28). Corresponding legislation was passed by the Commonwealth Parliament in 1921 (Act 31 of 1921, section 5). Legislation had been in force in New Zealand since 1916 (Act 5 of 1916 section, 92).

Settlement of the questions of (a) provision for deserted wives and children (b) reciprocal enforcement of Judgments, in different parts of the Empire (both of which subjects had been much discussed between the Home and Dominion Governments since the Imperial Conference of 1911) was facilitated by the passing of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Act, 1920, and by Part II of the Administration of Justice Act, 1920, in the United Kingdom.

A Committee appointed at the end of 1919 to enquire into the high power wireless stations needed by the British Empire on commercial and strategical grounds presented its Report in 1920 (Cmd. 777), and preparations were begun in 1921 to carry the recommendations into effect.

From June-August, 1921, a Conference of Prime Ministers and representatives of the United Kingdom, the Dominions and India was held in London. The Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (Mr. Lloyd George) presided, and the Prime Ministers of Canada (Mr. Meighen), the Commonwealth of Australia (Mr. Hughes), New Zealand (Mr. Massey) and the Union of South Africa (General Smuts) were present as well as representatives of India. The Prime Minister of Newfoundland (Sir R. Squires) was unable to attend.

The greater part of the proceedings was highly confidential and comparable rather to the work of the Imperial War Cabinets of 1917 and 1918 than to that of the Imperial War Conferences of those years. The Conference considered in detail the Foreign Policy of the British Empire. Discussion took place in regard to the League of Nations, and general appreciation was expressed of its work, and of its claim to the support of the British Empire. Close consideration was given to the question of British Policy in Egypt. Several meetings were devoted to considering the Naval, Military and Air Defence of the Empire. Specific Resolutions were passed as to Empire Settlement and Migration, the nationality of children born abroad of British parents, Air Communications, the Imperial Wireless Scheme, Shipping, Wireless Telephony and Cable and Wireless Rates for Press Messages.

Agreement was reached as to the apportionment between the various parts of the Empire of the Reparation receipts falling to the British Empire under the Treaty of Peace with Germany.

The question of the position of British Indians in the Empire was further discussed, and a Resolution passed which, while reaffirming the Resolution of the 1918 Conference (*see p. lxxviii above*), recognised that there was an incongruity between the position of India as a member of the British Empire and the existence of disabilities upon British Indians lawfully domiciled in some other part of the Empire, and expressed the opinion that, in the interests of the solidarity of the British Commonwealth, it was desirable that the rights of such Indians to citizenship should be recognised.¹

¹ NOTE.—The representatives of the Union of South Africa were unable to accept this Resolution in view of the exceptional circumstances of the greater part of the Union. The representatives of India expressed the hope that, by negotiation between the Governments of India and of South Africa, some way could be found to reach a more satisfactory position.

It was decided that, having regard to the constitutional developments in the Empire during the last few years, no advantage would be gained by holding the Constitutional Conference contemplated by Resolution IX of the Imperial War Conference, 1917 (*see* p. lxxv above); but stress was laid on the importance of continuous consultation between the Prime Ministers, and on the advantage of their meeting annually, or at such longer intervals as may prove feasible. The principle established in 1918 of direct communication between Prime Ministers, and of the right of the Dominion Prime Ministers to nominate Cabinet Ministers to represent them in consultation with the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (*see* p. lxxvii above), was reaffirmed.

In the course of the discussions on Foreign Policy at the Prime Ministers' Conference of 1921, much time was devoted to the problems of the Western Pacific and Far East;

**Washington
Conference,
1921.**

**Genoa
Conference,
1922.**

whilst the discussions were proceeding, the President of the United States of America issued his invitation to a Conference to be held at Washington in the Autumn of 1921, at which these matters would be discussed, as well as the question of limitation of armaments. The British Empire Delegation at this Conference included representatives of Canada (Sir R. Borden), Australia (Senator Pearce), New Zealand (Sir J. Salmond) and India. Several important conventions were concluded at the Conference, including that for the limitation of Naval Armament, the Quadruple Pacific Treaty and the Nine-Power Treaty regarding China (*see* Cmd. 1627). The Dominions were also represented at the International Conference held in Genoa in the spring of 1922, and some sent representatives to the subsequent technical Conference held at the Hague.

In 1922, in pursuance of the Resolution passed at the 1921 Conference, an Act, entitled the Empire Settlement Act, was passed by the Parliament at Westminster empowering His Majesty's Government in Great Britain, in association with Dominion Governments or public or private organisations either in the United Kingdom or overseas, to formulate and co-operate in carrying out agreed schemes for affording joint assistance to suitable persons in the United Kingdom to settle in the Oversea Dominions. The expenditure was not to exceed £1,500,000 in 1922-3 or £3,000,000 in subsequent years.

Legislation was enacted amending the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914 (*see* p. lxiii), in the direction of giving greater facilities for the retention of British citizenship by children born abroad of British parents.

**Action in
1922 on
Resolutions
of 1921
Conference
and of
previous
Conferences.**

By the end of 1922 the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Act, 1920, had been extended to New Zealand, Queensland, Western Australia, Tasmania and British India, and the Administration of Justice Act, 1920, to South Australia and Western Australia, the necessary reciprocal legislation having been passed.

Agreements were made between the Commonwealth Government and the Amalgamated Wireless Company in March, and between the Union Government and the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company in August, for the provision of long distance wireless communication. The arrangements to be made in the United Kingdom were still under examination at the end of the year.

A Conference on the subject of an Empire Patent was held in June.

Further reports of the Imperial Shipping Committee on Rates of Freight in the New Zealand Trade (Cmd. 1564) and on the Deferred Rebate System (Cmd. 1802) were completed.

Legislation was passed at the end of the year to facilitate the importation of cattle from Canada into the United Kingdom.

Shortly after Mr. Bonar Law assumed office as Prime Minister in the autumn of 1922, enquiries were made of the Dominions and India as to the possibility of holding an Imperial Economic Conference in 1923 to study the question of co-operation in the development of the resources of the British Empire and the strengthening of economic relations between its constituent parts. It was ultimately decided to hold an Economic Conference and a meeting of the Imperial Conference concurrently. Both Conferences took place in London in October and November, 1923, the Irish Free State being represented for the first time.

The Prime Minister of Great Britain (Mr. Stanley Baldwin) presided at the Imperial Conference, and the Prime Ministers of Canada (Mr. Mackenzie King), the Commonwealth of Australia (Mr. Bruce), New Zealand (Mr. Massey), and the Union of South Africa (General Smuts), the President of the Executive Council of the Irish Free State (Mr. Cosgrave) and the Prime Minister of Newfoundland (Mr. Warren), attended the meetings, as well as other Ministers and representatives of India.

The United Kingdom, the Dominions, India and the Colonies and Protectorates were all represented at the meetings of the Imperial Economic Conference, over which the President of the Board of Trade (Sir Philip Lloyd-Graeme) presided.

The Imperial Conference gave detailed consideration to the Foreign Policy of the British Empire and reached a common understanding on the main heads of the policy to be pursued, subject to the approval of the Governments and Parliaments. The main conclusions, and extracts from the general statement made by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, were subsequently published. The question of the Naval, Air and Military Defence of the Empire was also considered and resolutions were passed placing on record the chief conclusions which had been reached. Certain points in connection with the negotiation, signature and ratification of Treaties were discussed and a Resolution was adopted. Other matters considered included the Condominium in the New Hebrides, the status of High Commissioners, the publication of correspondence between the several Governments, the contribution of India to the expenses of the League of Nations, certain Nationality questions, the question of the validity of marriages between British subjects and foreigners, and the proposed extension of the powers of the Imperial War Graves Commission.

Several meetings were devoted to a further discussion of the position of British Indians in the Empire and to the consideration of a proposal put forward by the representatives of India to the effect that the Dominion Governments concerned, and the British Government for the Colonies and Protectorates, should agree to the appointment of Committees to confer with a Committee appointed by the Indian Government as to the best and quickest means of giving effect to the Resolution of the 1921 Conference (*see* p. lxx above). This proposal was generally accepted, except by the Prime Minister of the Union of South Africa.

The Imperial Economic Conference considered in detail the economic relations between the several parts of the Empire and discussed fully all aspects of inter-Imperial trade. The most important Resolutions passed were on the subject of Imperial Preference, Oversea Settlement, Co-operation in financial assistance to Imperial Development, Communications Economic Defence, the future of the Imperial Institute, Immunity of State Enterprises, and the establishment of an Imperial Economic Committee.

**Imperial
Economic
Conference,
1923.**
(Cmd. 1990 and
Cmd. 2009.)

During 1923 and 1924 the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Act, 1920, was extended to the Union of South Africa, South Australia and New South Wales, and the Administration of Justice Act, 1920, to New Zealand, Newfoundland and Victoria, the required reciprocal legislation having been passed.

**Action in
1923 and
1924 on
Resolutions
of 1921
Conference
and of
previous
Conferences.**

Further Reports were issued by the Imperial Shipping Committee on the work of the Committee, 1920 to 1922 (Cmd. 1872), on the Economic size and speed of vessels trading between the United Kingdom and Australia (Cmd. 1917), on the Methods of Assessment of Shipping to Income Tax within the Empire (Cmd. 1979), on the Prospective size of Vessels in the Eastern and Australian Trades via Suez in relation to Proposals for the Deepening of Colombo Harbour (Cmd. 2250), on Canadian Marine Insurance Rates (Interim Report Cmd. 2249), on Rates of Freight on Canadian Flour in the North Atlantic (Interim Report Cmd. 2248), and on East African Shipping Services (Interim Report issued by the Stationery Office).

A British Empire Forestry Conference was held in Canada in the autumn of 1923 : its recommendations which were discussed at the Imperial Economic Conference 1923, are set out in the Record of Proceedings of the latter Conference (Cmd. 2009). An Imperial Mycological Conference was held in July 1924 (*see* Stationery Office Publication Colonial No. 8 of 1924).

Before steps had been taken to give effect to the resolutions of the Imperial Economic Conference, a new administration was formed in the United Kingdom, as a result of the general election in December, 1923, with Mr. Ramsay MacDonald as Prime Minister. Shortly after taking office, the new Government announced that they adhered generally to the resolutions of the Conference, with the exception of those relating to Tariff Preference and to the establishment of an Imperial Economic Committee ; later their views on the resolutions of the Conference were set out in a Parliamentary Paper (Cmd. 2115). The principal action taken was as follows. Effect was given to the proposals for co-operation in financial assistance to Imperial development by Section 2 of the Trade Facilities Act, 1924.

**Action in
1924 on
resolutions
of Imperial
Economic
Conference
1923.**

The Carriage of Goods by Sea Act, 1924, was passed, and similar legislation was carried in the Commonwealth of Australia. Provision was made in Section 31 of the Finance Act, 1924, for the exemption from United Kingdom taxation of shipping registered in such other parts of the Empire as grant reciprocal exemption to shipping registered in the United Kingdom. A Bill for the re-organisation of the Imperial Institute and the incorporation of the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau with it was introduced into Parliament and passed through the House of Lords, but lapsed on the dissolution of Parliament in October, 1924. It was announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in his budget statement that further consideration of the proposals relating to the Immunity of State Enterprises from taxation would be postponed for a year, during which time the views of the Dominion Governments on the question would be sought. Arrangements were made for the establishment at Oxford of an Imperial Forestry Institute. A Committee on Imperial Wireless Services under the chairmanship of Sir Robert Donald reported (*inter alia*) in favour of the ownership by His Majesty's Government in Great Britain of wireless stations in this country for communication with the Dominions (Cmd. 2060) ; and steps were taken for the completion of the Government high power wireless telegraphy station at Rugby. A contract was also entered into with the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company for the erection of "beam" stations, to be taken over on satisfactory completion and operated by the Government for communication

with Canada. The contract provided for the possible extension of the arrangement to cover communication with Australia, South Africa and India. In Canada steps were taken by the Canadian Marconi Company for the erection of the "beam" stations required. In Australia, the agreement with the Amalgamated Wireless Company was modified to provide for the erection of a "beam" station, and in the Union of South Africa arrangements were made with the Marconi Company for the erection of an experimental "beam" station. It was announced during the summer that, on further consideration, His Majesty's Government proposed that a Committee should be set up on the lines of the Imperial Economic Committee recommended by the Conference with one specific reference, namely, to consider the possibility of improving the methods of preparing for market and of marketing within the United Kingdom the food products of the oversea parts of the Empire. By the end of the year general agreement was reached for the establishment of a Committee on these lines. The definite proposals regarding Tariff Preference which were laid before the Conference were brought before Parliament in June in the form of resolutions, and, so far as they were put to the vote, rejected by varying majorities. In the latter part of the year, a general election took place, and as a result a new Government was formed with Mr. Baldwin as Prime Minister. The new Government announced that such of the proposals relating to Tariff Preference as involved no increase in existing duties would be placed before Parliament as part of the budget of 1925, and that, as regards the other proposals, the full money equivalent of the advantage which would have been conferred by them on Empire imports, would be made available for expenditure on alternative schemes for improving the marketing of Empire imports of food stuffs: the proposed Imperial Economic Committee would be asked to advise as to the best methods of employing this amount.

Among the most important matters discussed at the Imperial Conference, 1923, under the head of Foreign Policy, was the offer of the United States Government to take part in an international conference or enquiry to investigate the European Reparations problem. This led up to the appointment of the Expert Committees under the Reparation Commission and eventually to the London Reparation Conference of July-August 1924, which considered the steps necessary to give effect to the Reports of those Committees. In connection with the London Conference, arrangements were made for the establishment of a British Empire Delegation, of which the representatives of any Dominions so desiring were members on the panel system; also for the representatives of the Dominions so appointed to be able to be present at meetings of the Conference on days when it was not their turn to sit as members of the British Empire Delegation. Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand and the Union of South Africa availed themselves of this arrangement, which was announced to be a special one for this Conference, and not to be regarded or quoted as a precedent.

Action was also taken during 1924 on other matters of Foreign Policy which came up at the Imperial Conference of 1923, namely, that leading up to the eventual ratification of the Peace Settlement with Turkey and the signature and ratification of the Treaty with the United States of America for the regulation of the Liquor Traffic. The resolution regarding the Negotiation, Signature and Ratification of Treaties (*see* p. lxxii) was accepted by His Majesty's Government in Great Britain and the Governments of the Dominions and India, and advantage was taken on several occasions of the procedure contemplated in it.

A Squadron under Vice-Admiral Sir F. Field, consisting of the battle-cruisers Hood and Repulse and a squadron of light cruisers, left Plymouth in November, 1923, and

returned in September, 1924. In the course of its cruise the Special Service Squadron visited Sierra Leone, the Union of South Africa, Zanzibar, Ceylon, the Straits Settlement, the Federated Malay States, Australia, New Zealand, Western Samoa, Fiji, Western Canada, Jamaica, Eastern Canada and Newfoundland, as well as Honolulu and San Francisco. It was received everywhere with great enthusiasm.

In the early part of 1924, considerable correspondence with the Dominion Governments took place (Cmd. 2083) regarding the proposed development of the Singapore Naval Base. Mr. Ramsay MacDonald announced in the House of Commons on 18th March that His Majesty's Government in Great Britain had decided for the time being not to proceed with the proposal. This decision was reversed by the new Government after the General Election in the autumn.

The Commonwealth Government decided in the autumn of 1924 to initiate a programme of defence development to be spread over a period of five years, and as a first step to undertake the construction of two cruisers and two ocean going submarines, besides making provision for oil fuel, munitions etc. The New Zealand Government also undertook to maintain a second light cruiser as from October, 1925.

As regards the questions discussed in connection with the status of High Commissioners (namely, the possibility of obtaining some special precedence for High Commissioners on ceremonial occasions and the possibility of extending the privileges granted to them as regards exemption from taxation and similar matters) the action taken was as follows :—

(1) As regards precedence, the following notification was made in the London Gazette of the 29th July, 1924 :

"Amongst the matters discussed at the Imperial Conference, 1923, was the question of precedence of the High Commissioners in London. In accordance with the undertaking then given (see page 17 of (Cmd. 1987)), the matter was examined and suggestions were put forward, with His Majesty's approval, by the late Government for the consideration of the Dominion Prime Ministers and the Government of India. These proposals have proved generally acceptable, and His Majesty has now been pleased to direct that the High Commissioners for Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa, the Irish Free State, Newfoundland and India should be given precedence, on ceremonial occasions, according to the following principles :—

"(a) When British or Dominion Ministers, being at the time members of their respective Cabinets, are present, the High Commissioners should take precedence immediately after them; this precedence is subject to the qualification that the High Commissioner should not on any occasion be given a precedence higher than that accorded by the Table of Precedence to Secretaries of State.

"(b) When no members of the British or Dominion Cabinets are present, the High Commissioners should take precedence immediately after that accorded by the Table of Precedence to Secretaries of State."

(2) As regards exemption from taxation, rates, etc., it was announced in January, 1925, that His Majesty's Government would take the necessary action, including the introduction of legislation where necessary, to put High Commissioners personally in as favourable a position in these matters as Foreign Ambassadors and Ministers.

A Committee appointed by the Government of India came to England in the early part of 1924. Its discussions with the representatives of His Majesty's Government in Great Britain dealt more particularly with the position of British Indians in Kenya and Fiji.

A suggestion was made by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in the summer of 1924 that a preliminary enquiry should be held to consider the system of consultation with the Dominions on matters of Foreign Policy and general Imperial interest. After considerable discussion this was agreed to, in principle, by the Dominion Governments, but difficulties were experienced in arranging a suitable date, and no date had been fixed when the General Election took place in the autumn. The new Government, after considering the matter, intimated to the Dominion Governments its doubts whether there would be any advantage in pursuing the matter further at this stage.

Consultation on Foreign Policy &c.
(Cmd. 2301.)

In the autumn of 1924 the Commonwealth Government appointed a Liaison Officer in London for the purpose of studying the foreign situation and supplying the Prime Minister of the Commonwealth with any information necessary to supplement that received through existing channels.

In view of the terms of the Protocol for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes drawn up at the Fifth Assembly of the League of Nations in September, 1924, His Majesty's Government in Great Britain took steps in December to ascertain whether the Dominion Prime Ministers could arrange to attend or be represented at a special meeting of the Imperial Conference to consider the issues arising out of the Protocol. It was found, however, that the exigencies of Parliamentary and other business made a representative meeting impossible, and it was accordingly decided to deal with the matter by correspondence. As a result it was announced by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs at the meeting of the Council of the League in March 1925 that His Majesty's Government and the Governments of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa and India, were unable to accept the Protocol (see Cmd. 2368). A similar announcement was made later by the Government of the Irish Free State. Correspondence with the Dominions on the subject is printed in Cmd. 2468.

Protocol for Pacific Settlement of International Disputes.
(Cmd. 2273.)

Provision was made in the Finance Act, 1925 (sections 8 and 9), to give effect to those of the proposals relating to Tariff Preference placed before the Imperial Economic Conference which did not involve any increase of existing duties ; and a preferential rebate was also granted in respect of the new duties imposed by that Act (sections 4, 6 and 7) and by the Safeguarding of Industries (Customs Duties) Act, 1925. The Finance Act (section 25), by providing for the liability of Oversea Governments to taxation in respect of trading operations in this country, gave effect to the resolution of the Conference regarding the Immunity of State Enterprises from taxation. The Imperial Economic Committee was set up and in July issued two reports, viz. : a general report (Cmd. 2493) which *inter alia* contained the advice given by the Committee as to the method of employment of the sum to be made available for expenditure on improving the marketing of Empire imports of foodstuffs (see p. lxxiv), and a report on Meat (Cmd. 2499). The Imperial Institute Act, 1925, was passed to carry out the reorganisation of the Institute, and the incorporation with it of the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau, and came into operation on the 1st July. The Government high-power wireless telegraphy station at Rugby was completed and opened on the 1st January, 1926. The sites for the "beam" stations to be erected for

communication with Canada, Australia, South Africa and India were acquired, and progress was made towards the completion of the stations. A committee, on which the Dominions concerned were represented, was set up to advise the Postmaster-General on matters connected with the operations of services by the "beam" stations, and held regular meetings during the year.

The Imperial Shipping Committee issued a Second Report on Canadian Marine Insurance Rates (Cmd. 2447).

An Imperial Entomological Conference was held in June, 1925 (see Cmd. 2490).

In April, 1925, the Commonwealth Government placed an order in this country for the construction of two cruisers (see p. lxxv). In October, 1925, a second light cruiser was commissioned for service in the New Zealand Division of the Royal Navy.

Further Action in 1925 on the Resolutions of the Imperial Conference, 1923. The Finance Act, 1925 (section 26), gave further relief to High Commissioners, Agents-General and their staffs in respect of exemption from income tax in this country; and administrative action was taken to place the High Commissioners personally in the same position as regards exemption from taxation in this country as foreign Ambassadors and Ministers.

The Dominion Governments were kept fully informed of the negotiations on the subject of European Security which led up to the Locarno Conference of October, 1925, and the signature in London, on the 1st of December, 1925, of a Treaty of Mutual Guarantee and other connected instruments. Article 9 of the **Treaty of Locarno, 1925** provided that it should not impose any obligations on any of (Cmd. 2435 and the Dominions or India unless the Government of such Dominion (Cmd. 2525). or of India had signified its acceptance thereof. It was announced by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in the House of Commons on the 18th November, 1925, that His Majesty's Government hoped to discuss the whole situation resulting from the Locarno Conference with representatives of the Dominions and India at a meeting of the Imperial Conference. It was announced in February, 1926, that a meeting of the Conference had been arranged for October.

In accordance with the announcement made by the Prime Minister in December, 1924 (see p. lxxiv), and following upon the recommendations of the Imperial Economic Committee (see p. lxxvi) a sum of £500,000 was voted by Parliament in the financial year 1926-7 for expenditure on improving the marketing of imports of Empire products, together with home agricultural produce. The fund was to be administered by the Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs who would be assisted by a Board, called the Empire Marketing Board. A small secretarial staff was appointed to assist the Board and various schemes under the two main heads of publicity and research were recommended by the Board and approved by the Secretary of State. The Imperial Economic Committee issued two further reports on Fruit (Cmd. 2658) and Dairy Produce (Cmd. 2725). The Imperial Shipping Committee issued reports on "certain aspects of the Canadian cattle trade" (Cmd. 2609). "Prai River Railway Wharves (Penang Harbour)" (Cmd. 2703), "Mombasa (Kilindini) Harbour" (Cmd. 2713) and also a report on the work of the Committee from January, 1923, to May, 1926 (Cmd. 2706). In August the Irish Free State Government appointed a representative as member of the Committee. The wireless "beam" stations for communication with Canada were completed and the service was opened.

A considerable part of the work of the Imperial Conference, which met in October, 1926, consisted of the discussion of questions affecting Inter-Imperial Relations, which were referred to a Committee of Prime Ministers and Heads of Delegations presided over by Lord Balfour. The Report of the Committee, which was unanimously adopted by the Conference stated certain general principles which appeared to it to govern the relations between the various parts of the Empire and dealt with the application of those principles to a number of practical questions.

Imperial Conference, 1926
(Cmd. 2768 and 2769).

Questions affecting Inter-Imperial Relations. As regards general principles, the Report stated that equality of status was the root principle governing Inter-Imperial Relations so far as concerned Great Britain and the Dominions, which it described as "*autonomous Communities within the British Empire, equal in Status, in no way subordinate one to another, in any aspect of their domestic or external affairs, though united by a common allegiance to the Crown, and freely associated as members of the British Commonwealth of Nations.*" It pointed out, however, that the principle of equality and similarity, appropriate to status, did not universally extend to function.

The application of these principles to particular questions was dealt with by the Committee under the three heads of (a) relations between the various parts of the Empire, (b) relations with Foreign Countries and (c) the system of communication and consultation.

(a) The Committee recommended that, in view of the altered state of affairs arising from the establishment of the Irish Free State as a Dominion, legislative action should be taken, subject to the approval of His Majesty the King, to secure that His Majesty's title should in future read "George V. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India." It defined the position of the Governor General in a Dominion as the representative of the Crown and not the representative or agent of His Majesty's Government in Great Britain and expressed the view that the practice whereby the Governor General of the Dominion was the formal official channel of communication between His Majesty's Government in Great Britain and His Governments in the Dominions was no longer wholly in accordance with the constitutional position of the Governor General and that the recognised official channel of communication should be, in future, between Government and Government direct. It considered various points connected with the operation of Dominion legislation, with particular reference to the reservation of such legislation for the assent of His Majesty, the power of disallowance of such legislation, the competence of Dominion Parliaments to give their legislation extra-territorial effect and the principles embodied in or underlying the Colonial Laws Validity Act, 1865, and recommended the appointment of a special committee to enquire into these points. It also considered the question of principle involved in certain provisions of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, and recommended that a special Sub-Conference should be held to consider the subject.

(b) The Committee examined the working of the Resolution adopted by the Imperial Conference of 1923, on the subject of the negotiation, Signature and Rati-

fication of Treaties (*see* page lxxii) and made a number of recommendations as to Treaty procedure with a view to supplementing that Resolution. It considered, in the light of the same Resolution, the question of the representation of the different parts of the Empire at International Conferences and arrived at conclusions as to the most suitable procedure in the various classes of case arising. It examined the possibility of applying the principles underlying the Resolution of 1923 to matters arising in the conduct of foreign affairs generally and agreed that the Governments concerned might usefully adopt as a guide in all negotiations falling within their respective spheres the following general principle: "So long as the initiating Government receives no adverse comment and so long as its policy involves no active obligations on the part of the other Governments, it may proceed on the assumption that its policy is generally acceptable. It must, however, before taking any steps which might involve the other Governments in any active obligations obtain their definite assent." It also considered certain questions which had arisen as to the practice regarding the issue of exequaturs to Consuls in the Dominions.

(c) The Committee reviewed the system of communication and consultation during the intervals between Imperial Conferences, with special reference to the desirability of arranging that closer personal contact should be established between Great Britain, and the Dominions, and the Dominions *inter se*, and summed up its conclusions in a Resolution which it submitted for the consideration of the Conference.

A comprehensive statement on Foreign Affairs was made to the Conference by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and a general discussion on foreign affairs took place.

Foreign Relations and Defence. Certain particular aspects of Foreign Relations were referred to the Committee on Inter-Imperial Relations mentioned above. This course was adopted as regards the policy of Locarno (*see* page lxxvii). The results which that policy had already achieved and those which it was hoped to secure were explained and discussed, and the Committee recommended to the Conference the adoption of the following resolution. "The Conference has heard with satisfaction the statement of the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs with regards to the efforts made to ensure peace in Europe, culminating in the agreements of Locarno ; and congratulates His Majesty's Government in Great Britain on its share in this successful contribution towards the promotion of the peace of the world." The Committee also considered questions connected with compulsory arbitration in International disputes and the adherence of the United States of America to the Protocol establishing the Permanent Court of International Justice.

Certain other aspects of foreign relations were referred to special Committees of the Conference whose Reports were approved by the Conference. Questions connected with the work of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, with the Condominium in the New Hebrides and with British Policy in the Antarctic were dealt with in this manner.

As regards the question of defence and the methods by which the defence arrangements of each part of the Empire could be most effectively co-ordinated, a number of resolutions were adopted by the Conference.

Certain questions connected with the law of nationality were referred to a Committee under the Chairmanship of the Secretary of State for Home Affairs and various resolutions on the subject, recommended by the Committee, were adopted by the Conference.

Other matters.

Special Sub-Committees of the Conference were set up *inter alia* to deal with questions of Imperial Air Communications, Oversea Settlement, Research, Forestry, and General Economic questions especially the encouragement and production of Empire films, Industrial Standardisation, and the future of the Imperial Shipping Committee and Imperial Economic Committee). Resolutions were adopted on all these questions.

The opportunity afforded by the Conference was taken for a discussion between representatives of the partner Governments (Great Britain, Canada, Australia and New Zealand) of certain outstanding questions connected with the Pacific Cable. It was settled that legislation should be introduced to provide for the future composition of the Board, the amount of its reserve fund and the disposal of annual surpluses. The new cable laid by the Board in duplication of its existing cable across the Pacific was opened for traffic in November.

In order to give effect to the recommendation of the Inter-Imperial Relations Committee of the Imperial Conference of 1926 as to the Title of His Majesty the King, the Royal and Parliamentary Titles Act, 1927, was passed and a Proclamation thereunder was issued by His Majesty on the 13th May, 1927, making the change recommended by the Committee (page 16 of Cmd. 2768).

Action in 1927 on the Resolutions of the Imperial Conference, 1926.

In accordance with the wishes of His Majesty's Governments in Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Union of South Africa and the Irish Free State, the procedure of direct communication between Governments, referred to in Section IV(b) of the Committee's Report (page 16 of Cmd. 2768), was adopted in the case of communications between His Majesty's Government in Great Britain and His Majesty's Governments in those Dominions.

Action was taken for the collection of material preparatory to the convening of the special committee on the operation of Dominion Legislation and the sub-Conference on Merchant Shipping (pages 18 and 19 of Cmd. 2768).

A statement was made by Sir Austen Chamberlain at the meeting of the Council of the League of Nations on the 9th March, 1927, at the request of all His Majesty's Governments, that it was the desire of those Governments that the form of Treaties between Heads of States should be adopted in the case of all Conventions concluded under the auspices of the League, in accordance with the recommendation of the Imperial Conference (pages 22 and 23 of Cmd. 2768). This form was in fact adopted in the case of the various League Treaties negotiated during the year. Effect was given, in individual cases as they arose, to the other recommendations of the Imperial Conference on the subject of Treaty procedure.

As part of the development of a system of "personal contact" advocated by the Imperial Conference of 1926 as a means of supplementing the existing system of inter-communication (page 27 of Cmd. 2768) arrangements were made, at the request of the Prime Minister of New Zealand, for an officer from the Foreign Office in London to be seconded for attachment to the Department of the Prime Minister of New Zealand in an informative and consultative character, particularly in relation to foreign affairs. Preliminary arrangements were also initiated for liaison in the Union of South Africa between His Majesty's Governments in Great Britain and in the Union.

Legislation to give effect to the scheme for the re-organisation of the Pacific Cable Board was passed and the opportunity was taken to consolidate existing legislation (Pacific Cable Act, 1927).

The Workmen's Compensation (Transfer of Funds) Act, 1927, was passed to enable effect to be given to a recommendation of the Imperial Conference upon the subject (see page 47 of Cmd. 2768).

The Imperial Economic Committee (see pp. lxxvi and lxxvii) issued their Fifth Report on Fish (Cmd. 2934), and a note (Cmd. 2898) was published on the work of the Empire Marketing Board from July, 1926, to May, 1927, (see p. lxxvii). Provision of £1,000,000 for the Empire Marketing Fund was made on the Estimates for 1927-8.

The Imperial Shipping Committee issued a report on the Harbour of Dar-es-Salaam, Tanganyika Territory (Cmd. 2917).

An Imperial Education Conference was held in June, 1927, and an Imperial Agricultural Research Conference was held in October.

The wireless "beam" Stations (see p. lxxvi) for communication with Australia, South Africa and India were completed and the services were opened.

In September, 1927, the New Zealand Parliament, on the motion of the Prime Minister of New Zealand, passed a resolution approving proposals for a contribution of £1,000,000 in instalments towards the expenses of the Singapore Defence. Naval Base.

H.M.A.S. "Australia," one of the two cruisers constructed in Great Britain for the Commonwealth of Australia (page lxxvii) was launched in March 1927, and the two submarines, H.M.A.S. "Otway" and H.M.A.S. "Oxley" (see page lxxv) were completed during the year.

Arrangements were made for the loan to the Canadian Government of two destroyers, H.M.S. "Torbay" and H.M.S. "Toreador" to replace H.M.C.S. "Patrician" and H.M.C.S. "Patriot" which had become no longer serviceable.

The first course at the Imperial Defence College, the establishment of which was referred to in Conclusion eight of the Imperial Conference of 1926 on the subject of Defence (page 36 of Cmd. 2768), opened in January, 1927, and was attended by officers from Great Britain, Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand and India. In the case of the second course opening in January, 1928, arrangements were made for an officer from the Union of South Africa to attend in addition to officers from the parts of the Empire mentioned above.

The Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (the Right Honourable Stanley Baldwin, M.P.) visited Canada in July - August, 1927. In July, 1927, the Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs (the Right Honourable L. S. Amery, M.P.) left England on a visit to the Dominions, extending until February, 1928, which embraced South Africa, Australia, New Zealand and Canada.

Arrangements were made for a Conference to take place in January, 1928, in London comprising representatives of His Majesty's Governments in Great Britain, Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand, of the Union of South Africa and the Irish Free State, the Government of India, and of the Colonies and Protectorates, to discuss certain questions relating to cable and wireless communications.

Following on the appointment in 1924 of a Minister to represent the interests of the Irish Free State at Washington and the appointment late in 1926 of a Minister to represent the interests of Canada at the same capital (pages 26 and 27 of Cmd. 2768), the U.S. Government took steps for the appointment of Ministers at Ottawa and Dublin, who presented their credentials during the summer of 1927.

**Appoint-
ment of U.S.
Ministers
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At the Conference on the Limitation of Naval Armament held at Geneva during the summer of 1927, the several parts of the Empire were represented by plenipotentiaries, each holding a full power appointing him representative of His Majesty the King for the particular part of the Empire named in the full power. A statement to this effect, which also mentioned the desire of His Majesty's Governments that any resulting Treaty should be in the form recommended by the Imperial Conference of 1926, was made by the First Lord of the Admiralty at the opening session of the Geneva Conference (pages 5 and 6 of Cmd. 2964).

**Geneva
Naval Con-
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PART II.—INTRODUCTION.

A classification of the British Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates will be found in the Colonial Regulations Chapter I.

The greater portion of the Colonial Empire has accrued within comparatively recent times, though the first attempt at Colonial settlement, that of Sir Humphrey Gilbert in Newfoundland, was made as early as 1583. The Treaty of Utrecht (1713) left us in possession, in addition to the New England States, only of Newfoundland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, St. Helena, two slave-trading stations at the Gambia and the Gold Coast, the Bermudas, Jamaica, Barbados, the Bahamas, St. Kitts, Nevis, Antigua, Montserrat, the Virgin Islands and Gibraltar. Until the great wars which marked the second half of the eighteenth century, we made but little progress in territorial acquisition. The States of New England, and the steadily increasing business of the East India Company, afforded sufficient outlet for our colonising energy; but when the progress of the Seven Years' War brought us into collision with France in North America and India, we were fairly launched on our definite career of colonial extension. The Treaty of Paris (1763) gave us the rest of Canada and Dominica, St. Vincent, Grenada, the Grenadines and Tobago in the West Indies. The nucleus of the Colony of Sierra Leone was acquired in 1788. By the Treaty of Amiens (1802) the Dutch ceded to us Ceylon, and Spain, Trinidad. The two Treaties of Paris (1814 and 1815) gave us the Cape, British Guiana, Malta, Mauritius, Seychelles, St. Lucia, and Tobago (which had been given back to France in 1783), and left us with a free hand in India and the Pacific. During the reign of Victoria we occupied Natal, Rhodesia, Bechuanaland, Basutoland and the Transkei, Zululand, British Columbia and the wide North-West Territories of the Canadian Dominion, as well as Australia, New Zealand and Tasmania, British New Guinea and North Borneo. We also secured by cession Hong Kong, Labuan, Lagos, the greater portion of the Gold Coast, and Fiji, and we acquired by arrangement Cyprus and the basin of the lower Niger. During 1890 large additions were made to the Empire in Africa, as a result of the arrangements between the United Kingdom, Germany, France, and Portugal for the delimitations of their respective possessions and spheres of influence in that continent; and, by the end of the 19th century the United Kingdom had established its claims to the exclusion of other Powers, over the wide territories now known as Kenya, Zanzibar, Uganda, Nyasaland, British Somaliland, the Protectorate of Nigeria, the Northern Territories of the Gold Coast, and the Protectorate of Sierra Leone. A Protectorate was proclaimed over Amatongaland, now part of Natal, in 1895. In 1898 Weihaiwei was obtained on lease from China, as well as an extension of British Kowloon. In 1899, by an arrangement with Germany, certain of the Solomon Islands were transferred to the British sphere of interest. The Orange Free State and the Transvaal were annexed in 1900. In the same year Tonga, in the Western Pacific, came under British protection, and the Cook Islands, Savage Island, and other small islands were annexed.

British protection has been extended to all that part of the Malay Peninsula which is not in the possession of Siam, and the government of the various States is carried on in accordance with the advice of British Residents or Advisers.

The Great War of 1914-18 resulted in extensive territories, formerly belonging to Germany and Turkey, being placed under British administration under mandates from the League of Nations.

Of these, the following were entrusted to the control of the Government of the United Kingdom:—

Tanganyika Territory, *i.e.* the former German East Africa, less the north-west corner which was assigned to Belgium.

British Cameroons, a strip bordering on Nigeria of the former German Protectorate of the Cameroons.

British Togoland, a strip of former German Togoland bordering on the Gold Coast.

Palestine and Transjordan.

To Australia were entrusted German New Guinea and the neighbouring German islands in the Pacific Ocean; to New Zealand, the German Samoan Islands; and to the Union of South Africa, German South West Africa.

A mandate for Nauru was given to the British Empire.

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A mandate for Nauru was given to the British Empire.

Iraq was entrusted to the supervision of the Government of the U.K., which had recognised it as an independent state subject to certain special relations with the U.K., which were embodied in a treaty and a number of subsidiary agreements which were ratified and came into force in 1924.

Including India but excluding the countries held on mandatory conditions, the Empire now extends over 11 millions of square miles, or 91 times the area of the Mother Country. The area of the overseas Empire excluding India is nearly 80 times that of the United Kingdom, and the estimated population is 64½ millions.

Of the total area of over 9½ million sq. miles, the self-governing Dominions (exclusive of the Irish Free State) cover about 7½ million sq. miles, inhabited by a population of 23 millions, so that the area more or less under the direct authority of the Home Government amounts to 2 million sq. miles, with a population of about 48 millions. All but about 300,000 sq. miles of this is in Africa.

Since 1870 British troops have been gradually withdrawn from all the self-governing Dominions, and now the land defence of these Dominions rests entirely on their local forces. Of the Colonies, Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus, Mauritius, Sierra Leone, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Hong Kong, Jamaica and Bermuda possess British garrisons. British forces are stationed in Palestine, Transjordan and Iraq. The naval defence of the Empire still rests mainly on the Imperial Navy, though, as will be seen from the pages relating to the Imperial Conference, most of the self-governing dominions now give substantial assistance. There are Imperial naval stations at Simon's Town, Bermuda, Malta, Gibraltar and Hong Kong.

An account of the Colonial Conferences of 1887, 1894, 1897, 1902 and 1907, of the Imperial Conference of 1911, of the Defence Conference of 1909, of the Imperial War Conferences of 1917 and 1918 and of the Conferences of 1921, 1923 and 1926, is given under the heading "Imperial Conference."

A conference of Governors and other official representatives of the Dependencies not possessing responsible government was summoned by Mr. Amery, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in May, 1927, under the style of "The Colonial Office Conference". In all twenty-six Governments were represented. The Conference under the chairmanship of the Secretary of State, sat for three weeks, and the list of agenda comprised a great variety of subjects of concern to the Colonies generally, *e.g.* recruitment and training of Colonial Civil Servants and the conditions of their service, medical, agricultural, forestry and transport questions, organisation of scientific research, education, cinematograph films, Colonial Trade Agencies in London and Colonial participation in trade exhibitions, civil air development, wireless communications and broadcasting, co-operation in the exchange of information, etc.

A full summary of the proceedings and conclusions of the Conference was published by the Stationery Office as Cmd. 2883 and Cmd. 2884 (1/3 and 4/6 respectively).

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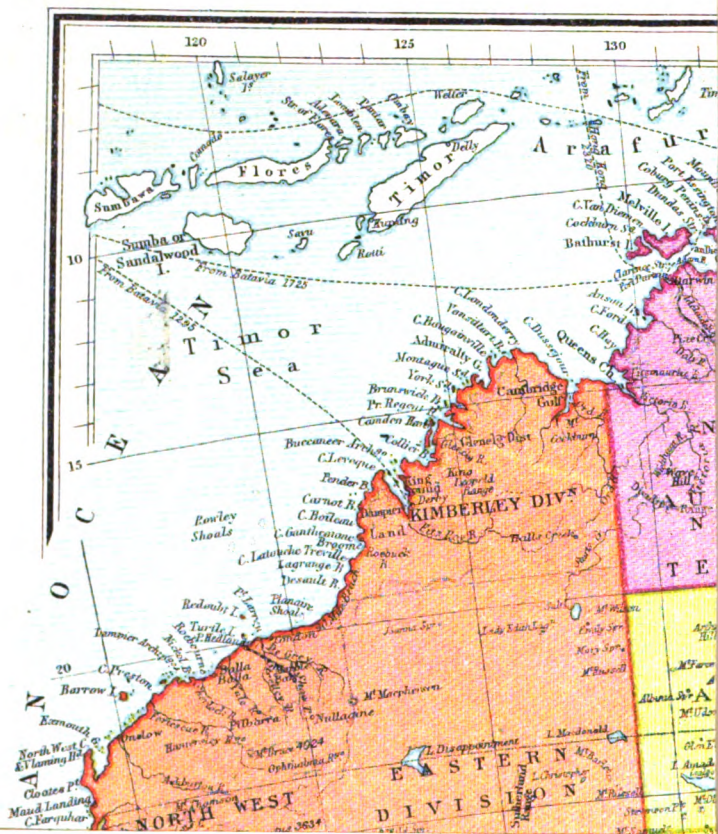
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PART II. — B. HISTORICAL AND STATISTICAL ACCOUNT, WITH PUBLIC ESTABLISHMENTS, OF THE OVERSEA DOMINIONS AND OTHER TERRITORIES WITH WHICH THE DOMINIONS OFFICE IS CONCERNED.

AUSTRALIA.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

The Commonwealth of Australia is constituted under an Act passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom in 1900—63 & 64 Vict., cap. 12. By this Act it was made lawful for the Queen, with the advice of the Privy Council, to proclaim that, on and after a day appointed in the proclamation, the people of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Queensland, and Tasmania, and also if Her Majesty were satisfied that the people of Western Australia had agreed thereto, of Western Australia, should be united in a Federal Commonwealth under the name of the Commonwealth of Australia.

A proclamation was accordingly issued by Her Majesty on the 17th of September, 1900, appointing the 1st of January, 1901, as the day on which the Commonwealth should be established—Western Australia being included as an original State in accordance with the result of a referendum taken before that date in the Colony and with Addresses passed by both Houses of the Legislature.

A short history of the events leading up to the establishment of the Commonwealth, and of the provisions of the Constitution, as fixed by the Act of Parliament above quoted, is given below. The account of the different States of the Commonwealth is arranged alphabetically, and a description of territories dependent on the Commonwealth follows.

The Earl of Hopetoun (afterwards Marquis of Linlithgow) was selected as the first Governor-General of the Commonwealth, a Commission was issued to him on the 29th of October, 1900, and he was sworn on the 1st January, 1901.

It was announced in September that the Queen would issue a special Commission to H.R.H. the Duke of York, for opening in Her Majesty's name the first session of the Commonwealth Parliament in the spring of 1901, and that H.R.H., accompanied by the Duchess of York, would pay visits to the different States of the Commonwealth. At the invitation of the Government of New South Wales, a representative body of troops, about 1,000 strong, sailed from England in November, to attend the inauguration of the Commonwealth at Sydney on the 1st of January, 1901. A small detachment of officers and non-commissioned

officers of the Indian Army also proceeded to Sydney on the same occasion. The Commission issued by the Queen to the Duke of York was renewed on the accession of King Edward VII. The Duke and Duchess landed at Melbourne on the 6th of May, and on the 9th the Duke opened the first session of the first Commonwealth Parliament in the Exhibition Building at Melbourne. The Duke and Duchess subsequently visited Brisbane, Sydney, New Zealand, Hobart, Adelaide and Perth, leaving Australia on the 26th of July to continue their tour to Mauritius, South Africa and North America.

Australian Federation.

Until the passing of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act the only means of joint legislative action in Australia was provided by the "Federal Council of Australasia Act, 1886" (48 & 49 Vict., cap. 60). This Act created a Council of two members from each Colony which adopted the Act, except in the case of Crown Colonies, which had only one member each, with power to Her Majesty at the request of the Legislatures of the Colonies to increase the number of representatives for each Colony by Order in Council. Such an increase was upon the request of the Legislatures made by Her Majesty on 3rd March, 1894, when an Order in Council was passed, providing that each Colony which was or should be represented on the Federal Council, except any Crown Colony, be represented by five members. This Council had power to legislate with regard to the relations of the Colonies with the Islands in the Pacific, prevention of the influx of criminals, fisheries in Australasian waters beyond territorial limits, service and enforcement respectively of civil and criminal process out of the jurisdiction of the issuing Court, the enforcement of judgments beyond the limits of the Colony where they had been passed, the extradition of offenders, and the custody of offenders on ships belonging to Colonial Governments beyond territorial limits, and generally on any matters referred to it by Order of Her Majesty in Council on the request of the Colonial Legislatures. The Legislatures of any two or more Colonies might also refer to it for legislation questions of defence, quarantine, patents, copyright, bills of exchange, recognition of marriage and divorce, naturalisation, status of corporations, and joint stock companies, and other matters of general Australasian interest; but legislation of the Council on such matters was to extend only to the Colonies by whose Legislatures the matters should have been so referred, and such Colonies as might afterwards adopt the same. It had also power to decide on any questions affecting the mutual relations of any two Colonies referred to it by consent. The Council was to meet at least once in every two years.

The first meeting took place on 25th January 1886, when representatives were present from

Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, Fiji, and Western Australia. Measures were passed authorising the service of the civil powers and the enforcement of the judgments of the Courts of the different Colonies throughout the territories of all those represented, and various important questions were discussed, including the defence of King George's Sound and Torres Straits. The second session opened on 16th January, 1888. An address was adopted to Her Majesty respecting the deportation of French criminals to the Pacific. An Act was also passed to regulate the Pearl Shell and Bêche-de-mer Fisheries in Australasian waters adjacent to Queensland. The Council met for its third session on 29th January, 1889, when representatives from South Australia were present for the first time. An Act was passed to regulate the Pearl Shell and Bêche-de-mer Fisheries in Australian waters adjacent to Western Australia. The amendment of the basis of representation in the Council was discussed at the session, and communications on the subject subsequently passed with the Imperial Government. The fourth session opened on 20th January, and closed on 24th January, 1891. South Australia was not represented, the Act (a temporary measure for two years only) under which that province joined the Council having expired. The only Bill passed was one to facilitate the recognition in other Colonies of Orders and Declarations of the Supreme Court of any Colony in matters of lunacy. An address to Her Majesty was also adopted referring to the desirability of British subjects being placed on an equal footing with subjects of other countries in regard to the acquisition of land in, and trading with, natives of the New Hebrides.

The fifth session was commenced on 26th January, 1893, when the Colonies of Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, and Western Australia were represented. An Act was passed providing for the discipline and government of the garrisons established at King George's Sound and Thursday Island; and a resolution was adopted in favour of an increase in the number of representatives for each Colony, except any Crown Colony, to five. The Standing Committee was instructed to take steps for giving effect to this resolution, and also for securing the adhesion of the Colonies not represented in the Council. As the result of action taken by the Standing Committee, the Legislatures of all the Colonies in the Council addressed Her Majesty, requesting that the proposed increase in the number of representatives might be made; and, on 3rd March, 1894, Her Majesty was pleased to make an Order in Council providing "that each Colony which is or shall be represented in the said Council, except any Crown Colony, shall be represented by five members."

The sixth session opened on the 30th January, 1896, when the same four Colonies were represented as at the preceding session. There were present, for the first time, five delegates from each Colony. At this session no Bills were brought forward, but resolutions were adopted affirming the desirability of defining the status, and of granting facilities for the winding up of companies carrying on business in different Colonies; of rendering uniform the laws relating to banking; of establishing an effectual system of quarantine; of adopting a more economic method of raising public loans; and of taking steps with a view to the holding of a second Federation Convention. An address to the Queen was also adopted praying for the appointment of an

Australian representative on the Privy Council Bench, in view of the special features often presented by Australian appeals.

The seventh session was commenced on 26th January, 1897, when the Colonies of Queensland, Tasmania, Victoria, and Western Australia, were represented. An Act was passed, upon a reference of the matter to the Council by the Legislatures of Victoria and Queensland, to provide for the naturalisation within the Australian Colonies, or some of them, of persons of European descent naturalised in any of such Colonies, also upon a reference of the subject by the Legislatures of Tasmania, Western Australia, Victoria, Queensland, an Act was passed to make provision for the enforcement in certain cases within the Australian Colonies, or some of them, of Orders of the Supreme Court of such Colonies for the production of testamentary instruments. The Council adopted an Address to Her Majesty, referring to the Address adopted in 1891 with regard to restrictions in the way of trade with the natives of the New Hebrides, urging that negotiations should be entered into with the other Powers concerned with a view to imposing on their subjects equal restrictions in that trade. This and all the previous sessions were held at Hobart. The Council resolved that the place of its next meeting should be Melbourne.

The Commonwealth Act.

Notwithstanding the existence of the Federal Council, however, a movement was made for the establishment of a more effective Federation, to embrace a Federal Executive, as well as Legislature, somewhat upon the model of Canada. Towards the end of 1889 negotiations were opened between the various Australasian Colonies, the result being that a Conference of the seven principal Australasian Colonies met in Melbourne, on the 6th February, 1890. At this Conference it was unanimously agreed that the best interests of the Australian Colonies would be promoted by their "early union under the Crown," and that the Legislatures of the various Colonies should be invited to appoint to a National Australasian Convention during the year 1890 delegates empowered to report upon the scheme for a Federal Constitution.

In accordance with these resolutions, delegates were appointed, and the Convention commenced its deliberations in Sydney on the 2nd March, 1891. After an animated discussion, which lasted more than five weeks, a "Bill to constitute a Commonwealth of Australia" was drawn up and adopted. The Convention recommended that this Bill should be submitted by the Parliaments for the approval of the people of the several Colonies. It provided for the union of the Australasian Colonies in a Federal Commonwealth under the Crown: for a Governor-General to be appointed by the Crown, who should be aided and advised by an Executive Council: the constitution of a Senate and House of Representatives, with certain definite powers, the latter to have the initiation of money bills, which the former might pass or reject, but not amend: for the establishment of a Federal Judiciary: the revenue of the Commonwealth to be derived from the Customs and Excise duties, and other taxation, which should be collected by Federal officers, and expended as required for Federal purposes, any surplus to be returned to the respective Colonies. It also provided for absolute free trade internally throughout the Commonwealth, so soon as the Parliament should have imposed uniform Customs duties. The draft Bill of

1891, though it crystallised the idea of Federation, failed to command the serious attention of the Legislatures, and Federalists began a popular agitation to place the movement on a new footing.

A meeting of the Premiers of all the Australasian Colonies took place in Hobart in January, 1895, and agreed to a scheme for framing a Federal Constitution to be submitted for the approval of their respective Parliaments. The Enabling Bill, agreed to at this Conference providing for the election by each Colony of 10 delegates to prepare a scheme of Federation, was adopted by the Parliaments of N. S. Wales, Victoria, S. Australia, and Tasmania, and in a modified form by Western Australia.

Delegates were accordingly duly elected and assembled in Convention at Adelaide on 22nd March, 1897, for the purpose of drafting a constitution. Having prepared a "Bill to constitute a Commonwealth of Australia," the Convention was on the 25rd April adjourned to reassemble at Sydney on 2nd September. The draft Bill was in the meantime submitted to the local Legislatures, and various amendments were suggested by those bodies. The Bill, together with those amendments, was further considered by the Delegates at the Sydney Session of the Convention, and a long discussion took place on various proposals submitted for settling questions of difference between the two Houses of the new Federal Legislature. Considerable progress was made with the rest of the measure, but the work of revision was not completed, and the Convention adjourned until 20th January, 1898, partly in the hope of seeing delegates from Queensland join in the final discussion. This hope was not realised, as the Queensland Legislature, for the second time, shelved the Enabling Bill.

The Convention met again at Melbourne on the 20th of January, 1898, and remained in session till the 17th of March, and a Bill was adopted which in accordance with the Federation Enabling Acts of the different Colonies was submitted to the popular vote for acceptance or rejection. In Victoria the polling was—For acceptance, 100,520; against, 22,099. The Bill was also accepted by the vote of the people in South Australia and Tasmania. But in New South Wales the statutory minimum number of 80,000 affirmative votes required by the Enabling Act of that Colony was not obtained, and the matter fell through for the time.

A further Conference of Premiers was held at Melbourne in January, 1899, to consider the objections of New South Wales; and this time Queensland was represented. The Premiers met in a spirit of compromise, and on the 2nd of February an agreement was come to which all the Premiers agreed to submit to their Parliaments for reference to the electors, it being understood that New South Wales should lead the way. South Australia, however, for purposes of local convenience, took a referendum vote upon the Bill on the occasion of the General Election, without waiting for New South Wales. This vote was taken on the 29th of April, when 65,990 votes were given for Federation and 17,053 against.

In New South Wales, the Bill providing for the reference to the people of the amended draft constitution was passed by the Lower House on the 2nd of March, but in the Upper House amendments were made. One of these required that one-third of the electors on the register should vote for the Bill in order to secure its acceptance. The Bill as amended passed the Legislative Council on the 21st of March. On the 22nd March the Lower House rejected the amendments of the Upper House. The latter body refused to give way. A

conference between the two Houses was held without result on the 28th of March. Mr. Reid, Premier of New South Wales, prorogued Parliament for a few days, and on his advice the Governor added twelve new members to the Council. The Bill was re-introduced in the Lower House, and passed on the 13th of April. It was accepted by the Legislative Council with an unimportant amendment (providing that a period of eight weeks should elapse before the referendum was taken) on the 20th of April, and on the 25th of April it was announced that the question would be submitted to the electors on the 20th of June. It was accepted by a majority of about 25,000.

On the 27th July, the amended Commonwealth Bill was accepted by overwhelming majorities in Victoria and Tasmania, and on the 2nd September by a majority of about 7,500 in Queensland. The delay in taking action in Western Australia led to some correspondence between Sir John Forrest, Premier of Western Australia, and Mr. Reid. Mr. Reid declared on behalf of the Federating Colonies that no amendments to meet the views entertained in Western Australia could now be considered; and the same assurance was repeated by Sir G. Turner, Premier of Victoria. Sir J. Forrest, in fulfilment of his undertaking at the Premiers' conference, brought the draft Constitution before the Legislature, which referred it to a Select Committee, who reported that it should not be accepted without considerable amendment. The Legislative Council finally refused to allow a referendum to be taken.

Addresses to the Queen from the five Colonies which had accepted the Constitution praying for the enactment of the Commonwealth Bill were received in the autumn of 1899.

As it appeared that some alterations in the Bill might be required by the Imperial Government, Mr. Chamberlain telegraphed to the Governor of New South Wales, expressing the hope that delegates were coming home to advise and assist during the passage of the Bill through Parliament.

Delegates were appointed, and reached England in March. Western Australia also sent a delegate to represent the views of that Colony, and the Agent-General for New Zealand was appointed to watch the interests of New Zealand.

The discussion between Her Majesty's Government and the Delegates turned chiefly on the clauses of the Bill relating to the Appeals to the Privy Council. Under the Bill, in Section 74, appeals were allowed both from the Supreme Courts of the States and from the Federal High Court, but there was a limitation in cases affecting the interpretation of the Constitution of the Commonwealth or of a State "unless the public interests of some part of Her Majesty's dominions other than the Commonwealth or a State are involved." Various memoranda passed on this subject of Clause 74, the delegates demurring to any alteration in the Bill, whilst Her Majesty's Government pointed out the difficulty of interpreting the Clause, and the danger that it might unduly restrict the right of appeal in cases where the interests of foreigners or British subjects outside Australia were affected.

The Bill was introduced into Parliament with amendments to secure Her Majesty's prerogative to grant special leave of appeal from the High Court of the Commonwealth or the Supreme Court of any State to the Privy Council. But the discussion with the delegates continued, and two successive compromises were arrived at. First, the appeal on Constitutional questions was made

dependent on the consent of the Executive Government or Governments concerned, and finally was made dependent on a certificate to be granted at the discretion of the High Court.

No other amendments of any consequence were made by Parliament in the Bill as received from Australia, except that provision was made for the inclusion of Western Australia as an original State, provided that Her Majesty was satisfied that the people of that Colony had agreed thereto prior to the issue of the Proclamation.

The Queen caused to be sent to Australia, for presentation to the Commonwealth Parliament, a duplicate of the Commission issued for the formal declaration of Her assent to the Act, together with the pen, inkstand, and table used on the occasion of its signature. She subsequently presented a duplicate of the Proclamation bringing the Act into force, duly signed and passed under the Great Seal.

Constitution of the Commonwealth.

The Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia is contained in the Act of Parliament 63 & 64 Vict., cap. 12. The opening part of the Act recites that the union is to be indissoluble and provides for the admission of other Australasian Colonies and possessions of the Queen. It makes provision for the proclamation and date of establishment of the Commonwealth, declares the binding force of Commonwealth laws, and makes definitions. The Federal Council of Australasia Act, 1885, is repealed, and the Commonwealth is declared to be a single self-governing Colony for the purposes of the Colonial Boundaries Act. The proclamation was made on 17th September, 1900, constituting the Commonwealth as from 1st January, 1901.

The leading features of the Constitution proper are as follows:—

The Parliament consists of the King, a Senate and a House of Representatives. The Governor-General acts for the King.

The Senate consists of six members from each State. The number may be increased or diminished, but so that the equal representation of the original States is maintained, and no original State has less than six Senators. Qualifications for Senators are the same as those for Members of the House of Representatives, as given below. Senators are chosen for six years. The qualifications of electors for the first Parliament were those for the more numerous House of the Parliament of the State in which the elector was competent to vote. In the first Parliament of the Commonwealth the *Franchise Act*, 1902, unified the franchise for both Houses, on the basis of universal adult suffrage.

The House of Representatives has approximately twice as many members as the Senate, and the number of members for each State is in proportion to the population, but not less than five for any State. The qualifications of electors are as stated in the preceding paragraph. Each elector is to vote only once. Qualification of a Member to be (a) 21 years of age; (b) to be an elector or entitled to be; (c) resident 3 years; (d) natural born or naturalised 5 years.

House may continue to exist for 3 years from first meeting, but may be dissolved sooner; number of members may be increased or diminished by Parliament, subject to the Constitution.

The general powers of the Parliament are grouped under 39 headings, the principal of which are to make laws for trade, taxation, bounties,

borrowing, postal services, naval and military, census and statistics, currency, banking, insurance, insolvency, corporations, divorce, marriage, invalid and old age pensions, immigration and railways, &c. Exclusive powers are held in regard to the seat of Government, State departments transferred, and other matters declared by the Constitution to be within the exclusive power of the Parliament.

Money Bills may not originate in, nor be amended by, the Senate, which House may, however, return the Bill requesting any omission or amendment. Equal power with the House of Representatives is possessed in respect of all other proposed laws. Tacking Bills are prohibited.

Provision for Dead-locks.—Joint dissolution, and if again passed in Lower House and rejected in Senate a joint sitting to be held, and if passed by an absolute majority of total number of both Houses disputed Bill to become law.

A Bill having passed both Houses the Governor-General shall either assent, withhold assent, reserve the Bill or return it and recommend amendments.

Executive power vested in King and exercisable by Governor-General in Council, who may appoint Ministers of State.

State departments of Customs and Excise transferred to Commonwealth on its establishment. Departments of posts, naval and military defence, light-houses, &c., and quarantine, on a date or dates to be proclaimed (Posts, telegraphs, &c., and naval and military defence became transferred to the Commonwealth on 1st March, 1901; quarantine on 1st July, 1909; and lighthouses, &c., on 1st July, 1915).

High Court of Australia established; appellate and original jurisdiction.

Collection of Customs to pass to Commonwealth. Customs and Excise duties to be uniform, and intercolonial free-trade established within two years after the establishment of the Commonwealth, after which period the Federal Government shall have exclusive power to levy such duties and to grant bounties on the production or export of goods. Western Australia may continue duties in force on intercolonial goods at the establishment of uniform tariff for five years, subject to reduction of one-fifth each year.

Of the net revenue from Customs and Excise not more than one-fourth to be applied by Commonwealth towards its expenditure. This holds good for the first 10 years and thereafter until the Parliament provides otherwise (Braddon clause).

Right of States to reasonable use of river waters for conservation or irrigation reserved.

Inter-State Commission provided for to regulate trade and commerce, and prevent discriminations being made by any State which may be deemed unreasonable or unjust to any other State. This Commission was established in 1913 and functioned till 1920, since which date no further appointments have been made.

Constitutions, powers, and laws of States protected. State Debts may be taken over.

Admission of new States provided for. Commonwealth to protect States against invasion or domestic violence.

Seat of Government to be in New South Wales, not less than 100 miles from Sydney, and to be within Federal territory. Parliament to meet at Melbourne until it meets at the new capital. The first session of Parliament at the Federal Capital City (Canberra) was opened by H. R. H. The Duke of York in May, 1927.

An alteration diminishing the proportionate representation of any State, or the minimum number of representatives of a State, or altering its limits, or in any way affecting the provisions of the Constitution in relation to it, shall not become law without the approval of a majority of the electors of such State.

The financial portion of the Act is too intricate to be briefly summarised. See Sections 81-106 of the Act.

Constitution may be altered by an absolute majority of each House; then to be submitted to electors, and if in a majority of States a majority of electors voting approve, also majority of all electors approve, then the change may be made. In case of a dead-lock between the two Houses, renewed after three months' interval, the Governor-General may submit the question to the electors in each State qualified to vote for the Lower House.

Two questions, both dealing with finance, were submitted to a referendum concurrently with the Federal elections of April 13th, 1910. The first provided that the Commonwealth should take the whole of the revenue from Customs and Excise, and pay to the States a sum equal to one pound five shillings per annum per head of their population, to be determined according to the latest available Commonwealth statistics. A special payment was to be made to Western Australia, in view of the large contribution per capita made by that State to the Customs revenue. It was intended that this arrangement should take the place of the Braddon clause but it was rejected by the electorate. The Surplus Revenue Act, 1910, retained to the Commonwealth for ten years the whole of the Customs and Excise Revenue, subject to each State receiving an annual payment equal to 25s. per head of the population of the State. This arrangement is still in force, although various proposals have from time to time been made for its modification. Special allowances are still made to Western Australia and Tasmania. The second proposal related to the conversion of the State debts. The Constitution provided for the conversion of all the debts existing at the time of Federation, and it was the object of the second proposal to amend the Constitution so as to give the Commonwealth unlimited power to assume all State debts existing at any time. This was passed but the Commonwealth has not yet taken advantage of the powers thus conferred upon it.

Two more "proposed laws" for the alteration of the Constitution were submitted to a referendum on 26th April, 1911. They were:—

A. Constitution Alteration (Legislative Powers) 1910, and

B. Constitution Alteration (Monopolies) 1910.

The object of A was to extend the legislative powers of the Commonwealth Parliament in four directions (a) Trade and Commerce (b) Corporations (c) Industrial Matters and (d) Trusts and Monopolies. The result would have been a great change in section 51 of the Constitution. The object of B was to give the Commonwealth the power of making laws for, or assuming control of, any business or industry which was declared by resolution of both Houses to be the subject of any monopoly. Both resolutions were rejected by a large majority. At the general election of 1913 (May 31st), six questions were submitted to referendum; each question representing a proposed alteration of the Constitution, on which the electors were asked to decide. Of these, five

were the old questions of 1911 re-submitted, and the sixth dealt with railway disputes. All the proposals were again rejected, but by much smaller majorities than in 1911.

Referenda were taken on 19th December, 1919, regarding a constitutional extension of Commonwealth powers in legislation and the nationalisation of monopolies. In each case the majority of votes was not in favour of the proposed extension.

On 4th September, 1926, a referendum was taken regarding an alteration of the Constitution in relation to the extension of legislative powers in regard to (a) Industry and Commerce, and (b) Essential Services. In each case the majority of votes was not in favour of the proposed extension.

It will be observed from the summary given above that the Constitution follows that of the United States rather than that of Canada so far as the distribution of Federal and State powers is concerned. The matters belonging to the Commonwealth are limited to those expressly specified, and in other respects State powers are maintained. But its general political scheme rests on the doctrine of the constant responsibility to Parliament of an Administration formed with the approval of the Representative of the Crown.

The Governorships of the States are still filled by the Crown, and the Governors correspond on State business directly with the Secretary of State. The Governor-General is, however, kept informed of the correspondence passing between the Governors of the different States and the Dominions Office.

Legislation, &c.

Up to the present time the Parliament of the Commonwealth has sat in Melbourne, the State Parliamentary buildings being assigned to them, and the State Parliament occupying the Exhibition building in that city. The site for the capital of the Commonwealth (which under the Constitution Act must be in N.S.W. but not less than 100 miles from Sydney) was fixed in 1908 at Canberra, N.S.W., and, as stated previously, the first session there of the Federal Parliament was opened by the Duke of York in May, 1927.

The subjects engaging the attention of the Federal Parliament have been numerous and important. A record of legislation enacted from the inauguration of the Commonwealth to 1915 is given in the 1920 edition and from 1916 to 1920 in the 1923 edition of this work.

The following is a summary of the more important legislative enactments of the Commonwealth Parliament during the year 1925:—

(i) *Export Guarantee.* Assistance is extended to growers of primary produce used in preparation of goods for export.

(ii) *States Loan.* Agreements may be made with the States for the Commonwealth to raise money to be loaned to the States, and to convert State loans.

(iii) *Immigration.* Provision is made for prohibiting the entrance of aliens of specified nationality and the deportation of certain persons guilty of creating industrial disturbance or of offences prejudicial to public welfare.

(iv) *Navigation.* Power is given to suspend certain provisions of the Navigation Act relating to coastal trade.

(v) *Nationality.* Definitions of British Consulate and of natural-born British subjects are amended.

(vi) *Peace Officers.* Power is given to appoint Peace Officers.

(vii) *Commonwealth Bank (Rural Credits)*. Provision is made for the establishment of a Rural Credits Department of the Commonwealth Bank.

(viii) *Main Roads Development*. An additional sum of £750,000 is provided for development or reconditioning of main roads.

(ix) *Australian War Memorial*. Provision is made for an Australian War Memorial. A Board of Management is to be appointed and a fund established.

(x) *Commonwealth Electoral*. Provisions regarding persons entitled to enrolment and qualifications of members of House of Representatives are amended.

(xi) *Customs*. Conditions as to the application of the Preferential Tariff are defined.

(xii) *Entertainments Tax*. Rates of tax are altered.

(xiii) *Invalid and Old-age Pensions*. The maximum pension is raised to £52 per annum.

(xiv) *Income Tax Assessment*. Taxable income is further defined especially as regards the income of companies.

(xv) *Income Tax*. Rates for 1925-26 are declared.

(xvi) *Excise Tariff Validation*. Validates Excise duties introduced into Parliament on 2nd September, 1925.

(xvii) *Customs Tariff Validation*. Validates Tariff proposals introduced into Parliament during September, 1925.

Commonwealth Departments.

The Trade and Customs Departments of the States were transferred to the Commonwealth Government on the 1st of January, 1901, and the Defence and Post and Telegraph Departments on the 1st of March, 1901. Other departments which have been created were those of Home and Territories, the Attorney-General's Department, the Treasury, the Prime Minister's and External Affairs Department, the Works and Railways Department, the Department of Health and the Department of Markets and Migration. (The Navy and Army are now in one Department, i.e., Defence.)

Statistics.

Full statistics relating to the various States, etc., are given under subsequent headings. It will be convenient, however, to summarise some of the more important statistics for Australia as a whole.

Population of Australia,

(Exclusive of Full-blood Australian Aborigines.)

Date.	States.						Territories.		Total.
	New South Wales.	Victoria.	Queensland.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	Northern.	Federal Capital.	
31.3.1901 (Census)	1,354,846	1,201,070	498,129	363,157	184,121	172,475	*	†	3,773,801
3.4.1911 (Census)	1,646,734	1,315,551	605,813	408,558	232,114	191,211	3,310	1,714	4,455,005
4.4.1921 (Census)	2,100,371	1,531,280	755,972	495,160	332,732	213,780	3,867	2,572	5,435,734
31.3.1927	2,360,326	1,721,093	885,741	569,254	381,470	210,529	4,085	7,384	6,139,882

* Included in South Australia.

† Included in New South Wales.

Average Annual Increase of Population in Australia. 1861-1921—By decades.

Period.	Increase per cent. per annum.
1861-71	3.75
1871-81	3.03
1881-91	3.50
1891-1901	1.72
1901-11	1.81
1911-21	2.20

The Periods referred to are from Census to Census.

AUSTRALIA.

7

Public Debt of Australia.

The referendum of 13th April, 1910, gave power to the Commonwealth, at any time to assume all the State debts existing at that time, but, so far, this power has not been exercised. The distinction which formerly existed between the debts which could be taken over under the Constitution, and those which could not, consequently exists no longer. The following table shows the complete indebtedness of the States and Commonwealth at 30th June, 1926.

Commonwealth.	New South Wales.	Victoria.	Queensland.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	Total.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
447,378,222	223,504,771	140,264,989	102,316,866	81,473,624	70,806,921	24,477,590	1,090,222,983

Loans by Commonwealth to States : 87,531,061*l*.

Shipping.

Number and tonnage of vessels entered and cleared in Australia :—

	Vessels.	Tons.		Vessels.	Tons.
1916-17 ...	2,986	7,694,442	1921-22 ...	3,111	9,081,278
1917-18 ...	2,191	5,030,630	1922-23 ...	2,945	9,172,226
1918-19 ...	2,614	6,180,486	1923-24 ...	3,122	9,922,814
1919-20 ...	2,981	8,086,507	1924-25 ...	3,449	11,200,519
1920-21 ...	3,673	9,503,018	1925-26 ...	3,156	10,668,689

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, OVERSEA, 1915-16—1926-27.

Year.	Imports.			Re-exports.	Net Imports.	Net Imports per Head of Population.	Exports of Australian Produce.
	Merchandise.	Specie and Bullion.	Total.				
	£	£	£	£	£	£ s. d.	£
1917-18 ...	60,681,924	1,652,525	62,334,449	2,980,306	59,354,143	11 18 2	78,448,915
1918-19 ...	95,264,120	7,071,039	102,335,159	7,937,175	94,397,984	18 11 6	106,026,801
1919-20 ...	98,928,206	46,086	98,974,292	5,254,185	93,720,107	17 13 4	144,569,324
1920-21 ...	163,781,682	20,144	163,801,826	5,728,231	158,073,595	29 4 2	126,430,681
1921-22 ...	103,023,132	43,304	103,066,436	4,359,023	98,707,413	17 18 3	123,487,512
1922-23 ...	131,727,011	30,824	131,757,835	3,118,838	128,638,997	22 16 9	114,751,309
1923-24 ...	140,556,501	61,792	140,618,293	3,324,619	137,293,674	23 17 7	116,162,545
1924-25 ...	146,600,489	10,542,807	157,143,296	3,087,742	154,055,554	26 4 7	158,942,417
1925-26 ...	151,638,000	420,767	152,058,767	3,070,699	148,988,068	24 15 7	145,495,074
1926-27† ...	—	—	164,745,000	—	—	26 19 3	141,783,036

* Including Bullion and Specie.

EXPORTS OF SPECIE AND BULLION, OVERSEA, 1915-16—1926-26.

Year.	Exports of Australian Produce.	Exports of Other Produce, i.e., Re-exports.	Total.
	£	£	£
1916-17 ...	11,750,440	265,065	12,015,505
1917-18 ...	7,216,013	173,903	7,389,916
1918-19 ...	4,164,761	5,025,442	9,190,203
1919-20 ...	6,568,091	76,125	6,644,216
1920-21 ...	5,433,465	15,275	5,448,740
1921-22 ...	4,327,150	1,550	4,328,700
1922-23 ...	3,300,339	600	3,300,939
1923-24 ...	3,812,219	277	3,812,496
1924-25 ...	2,039,735	3,300	2,043,035
1925-26† ...	5,435,704	53,695	5,489,399

Silver bullion is included above.

† Preliminary figures, subject to revision.

FOREIGN TRADE DIRECT INTO AND FROM EACH STATE OR TERRITORY.

YEAR 1926-27.†

State or Territory.	Imports.	* Exports.
	£	£
New South Wales	69,013,846	62,849,428
Victoria	55,559,214	34,682,813
Queensland	13,503,887	14,721,157
South Australia	15,456,427	17,018,796
Western Australia	9,447,412	13,073,922
Tasmania	1,736,853	2,396,496
Northern Territory	27,288	32,929
Total	164,744,927	144,775,541

* Goods destined for overseas countries are largely transferred from one State to another for transhipment to the overseas country. In this table goods are shown against the State from which they were finally despatched.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DURING THE YEAR 1925-26†, ARRANGED IN CATEGORIES ACCORDING TO THE NATURE OF THE GOODS.

Class.	Imports.	Exports.		
		Domestic Produce.	Re-exports.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
I. Foodstuffs of animal origin, excluding living animals	2,473,321	16,417,105	24,245	16,441,350
II. Foodstuffs of vegetable origin; non-alcoholic Beverages, etc.	7,097,534	33,673,323	359,072	34,032,395
III. Spirituous and alcoholic liquors	2,297,739	404,015	46,923	450,938
IV. Tobacco and preparations thereof	2,760,174	265,911	79,448	345,359
V. Live animals	183,338	220,780	5,408	226,188
VI. Animal substances (mainly unmanufactured) not foodstuffs	1,127,361	72,117,639	54,854	72,172,493
VII. Vegetable substances and fibres	3,567,727	676,200	576,761	1,252,961
VIII. Apparel, textiles, and manufactured fibres	39,057,344	177,128	382,817	559,945
IX. Oils, fats, and waxes	10,055,456	1,823,643	137,879	1,961,522
X. Paints and varnishes	702,404	47,110	10,812	57,922
XI. Stones and minerals including ores and concentrates	765,748	3,240,402	2,011	3,242,413
XII. Metals, Metal manufacturers, and machinery	45,426,026	7,054,311	526,742	7,581,053
XIII. Rubber and leather and manufacturers thereof, and substitutes therefor	5,727,141	782,200	35,860	818,060
XIV. Wood and wicker, raw and manufactured	5,923,655	1,421,676	50,123	1,471,799
XV. Earthenware, cements, china, glass and stoneware	2,458,255	93,240	16,984	110,224
XVI. Paper and stationery	7,120,312	156,838	87,453	244,291
XVII. Jewellery, timepieces, and fancy goods	2,747,122	133,500	100,439	233,939
XVIII. Optical, surgical, and scientific instruments	1,841,946	100,114	91,174	191,288
XIX. Drugs, chemicals, and fertilisers	4,317,721	603,599	50,671	654,270
XX. Miscellaneous	5,481,492	619,422	377,328	996,750
XXI. Gold and silver; and bronze specie	426,659	5,473,415	53,695	5,527,110
Grand Total	151,558,475	145,501,571	3,070,699	148,572,270

† Preliminary figures, subject to revision.

THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

EXPENDITURE.		1922-23	1923-24	1924-25	1925-26	1926-27†	REVENUE.							1926-27†
<i>Departments and Services:—</i>		£	£	£	£	£	<i>Departments and Services:—</i>							£
War and Reparation Services	30,100,472	38,770,106	28,482,761	29,171,850	...	...	<i>Taxation:—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Defence Department	3,409,167	2,500,000	3,421,176	3,011,118	...	...	Customs and Excise	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special Defence Provisions	...	...	988,140	3,742,745	...	...	Laud Tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Total War and Reparation</i>	<i>33,509,639</i>	<i>34,784,286</i>	<i>32,892,077</i>	<i>35,925,713</i>	...	...	Income Tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Special Appropriations:—</i>		£	£	£	£	£	Estate Duties	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Invalid and Old Age Pensions	5,424,016	6,523,881	6,992,905	8,252,387	...	...	War Time Profits Tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maternity Allowance...	688,435	670,175	688,205	800,855	...	...	Entertainments Tax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bounties	168,035	446,477	236,512	459,114	...	...	<i>Total Taxation...</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other	1,340,361	1,043,679	1,713,963	1,813,534	...	...	<i>Other Revenue:—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Total Special Appropriations</i>	<i>7,620,851</i>	<i>8,684,212</i>	<i>9,631,585</i>	<i>11,295,890</i>	...	...	Coinage	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ordinary Votes of Departments	2,772,920	2,688,710	2,758,448	2,876,794	...	...	Net Profit from Australian Note Issue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous Services	1,367,009	659,722	675,483	512,448	...	...	Interest on Loans for Soldier Settlement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Works	487,650	365,568	327,303	266,238	...	...	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Debt Redemption	...	4,915,755	1,500,000	1,000,000	...	...	<i>Total Other Revenue</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Total Dept. and Services...</i>	<i>45,758,069</i>	<i>52,098,253</i>	<i>47,784,896</i>	<i>52,387,083</i>	...	...	<i>Total Departments and Services</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Business Undertakings:—</i>		£	£	£	£	£	<i>Business Undertakings:—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Post Office	8,463,734	9,522,370	10,288,438	10,651,925	...	...	Post Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commonwealth Railways	650,269	669,513	742,292	898,424	...	...	Commonwealth Railways	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Total Business Undertakings</i>	<i>9,114,003</i>	<i>10,191,883</i>	<i>11,030,730</i>	<i>11,550,349</i>	...	...	<i>Territories:—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Territories:—</i>		£	£	£	£	£	Northern Territory (excluding Business Undertakings)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Territory (excluding Business Undertakings)	121,035	129,979	145,685	147,120	...	...	Federal Capital Terr. (do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Federal Capital Terr. (do.)	36,015	69,111	80,840	93,868	...	...	Papua	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Papua	84,494	83,779	71,239	96,745	...	...	Norfolk Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Norfolk Island	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,945	...	...	New Guinea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Guinea	...	...	10,064	10,214	...	...	New Works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Works	11,568	15,066	16,613	33,629	...	...	<i>Total Territories</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Total Territories</i>	<i>256,612</i>	<i>301,435</i>	<i>327,941</i>	<i>385,521</i>	...	...	<i>Payments to States:—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Payments to States:—</i>		£	£	£	£	£	Special Payments to Tasmania and Western Australia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special Payments to Tasmania and Western Australia	85,000	85,000	146,656	421,112	...	...	Capital Payments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Capital Payments	7,100,551	7,239,538	7,388,635	7,530,615	...	...	Grants for Main Roads Construction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grants for Main Roads Construction	500,000	...	500,000	750,000	...	...	Interest on loans raised for States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on loans raised for States	886,250	938,515	1,157,575	2,084,757	...	...	<i>Total Payments to States</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Total Payments to States</i>	<i>8,571,801</i>	<i>8,263,053</i>	<i>9,192,866</i>	<i>10,786,484</i>	...	...	<i>Surplus for Year</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Surplus for Year</i>	<i>1,020,150</i>	<i>...</i>	<i>518,376</i>	<i>...</i>	...	...	TOTAL	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	64,720,635	70,854,624	68,854,919	75,109,437	75,542,000	75,542,000	TOTAL	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

† Preliminary figures.

Postal and Telegraph Rates.

The rates of postage are :—

Letters.

Within the British Empire and to the U.S. America	1½d. per 1 oz.
Other Countries of Postal Union	3d. first oz., 1½d. each additional oz.

Newspapers.

Within the Commonwealth*	per 10 ozs., 1d.
To "Great Britain and Ireland."	" 4 " 1d.
Each newspaper not exceeding 4 ozs.	1d.
Exceeding 4 ozs., but not exceeding 10 ozs.	1½d.
For each additional 4 ozs., or fraction thereof	1d.
British possessions and U.S. America	" 4 " 1d.
Other places	per 2 ozs., 1d.
The cable rate to Great Britain is 2s. per word. Deferred rate 1s. per word; Weekend telegrams 12s. 6d. for 20 words, each additional word 7½d.	

Governors-General of the Commonwealth.

The Earl of Hopetoun, P.C., K.T., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O. (Marquis of Linlithgow), 1st Jan., 1901.
 The Lord Tennyson, G.C.M.G., Governor of South Australia (acting), 17th July, 1902.
 The Lord Tennyson, G.C.M.G., 9th Jan., 1903.
 The Lord Northcote, P.C., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., C.B., 21st Jan., 1904.
 The Earl of Dudley, P.C., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., 9th September, 1908.
 The Lord Chelmsford (acting), K.C.M.G., 21st December, 1909 to 27th January, 1910.
 The Lord Denman, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., 31st July, 1911.
 The Rt. Hon. Sir Ronald Craufurd Munro Ferguson (Viscount Novar), P.C., G.C.M.G., 18th May, 1914.
 The Rt. Hon. Henry William, Baron Forster of Lepe, P.C., G.C.M.G., 6th October, 1920.
 The Rt. Hon. John Lawrence, Baron Stonehaven, P.C., G.C.M.G., D.S.O., 8th October, 1925.

Ministries.

Rt. Hon. Sir E. Barton, P.C., K.C. (afterwards Sir Edmund Barton, G.C.M.G.), 1st Jan., 1901.
 The Hon. Alfred Deakin, 23rd Sept., 1903.
 The Hon. J. C. Watson, 26th April, 1904.
 Rt. Hon. G. H. Reid, P.C., K.C., 17th Aug., 1904.
 The Hon. Alfred Deakin, 4th July, 1905.
 The Hon. Andrew Fisher, 12th Nov., 1908.
 The Hon. Alfred Deakin, 2nd June, 1909.
 The Rt. Hon. Andrew Fisher, P.C., 29th Apl., 1910
 The Hon. Joseph Cook (now the Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph Cook, P.C., G.C.M.G.), 24th June, 1913.
 The Rt. Hon. Andrew Fisher, P.C., 17th Sept., 1914.
 The Rt. Hon. William Morris Hughes, P.C., K.C., 27th Oct., 1915; 14th Nov., 1916; 17th Feb., 1917; 10th Jan., 1918.
 The Rt. Hon. Stanley Melbourne Bruce, P.C., C.H., M.C., 9th Feb., 1923.

* If printed within the Commonwealth.
 † If printed outside the Commonwealth.

Ministers.

Prime Minister and Minister for External Affairs, The Rt. Hon. Stanley Melbourne Bruce, P.C., C.H., M.C.

Treasurer, The Hon. Earle Christmas Grafton Page.

Vice-President of the Executive Council, Senator The Rt. Hon. George Foster Pearce, P.C., K.C.V.O.

Postmaster-General, The Hon. William Gerrard Gibson.

Minister for Trade and Customs, The Hon. Herbert Edward Pratten.

Minister for Works and Railways, The Hon. William Caldwell Hill.

Minister for Health, Major-General The Hon. Sir Neville Reginald Howse, V.C., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.

Minister for Defence, Senator The Hon. Sir Thomas William Glasgow, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D.

Attorney-General, The Hon. John Greig Latham, C.M.G., K.C.

Minister for Home and Territories, Major The Hon. Charles William Clanran Marr, D.S.O., M.C., V.D.

Minister for Markets and Migration, The Hon. Thomas Paterson.

Honorary Ministers, Senator The Hon. Thomas William Crawford, Senator The Hon. Alexander John McLachlan.

15,300*l.* is provided for salaries of Ministers. The distribution of this sum is a matter of Cabinet arrangement. The Parliamentary Allowances Act of 1920, provides an annual sum of 800*l.* for each Minister, for the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chairman of Committees in each House.

Officers of the Senate.

The President, Senator The Hon. Sir John Newlands, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., 1,300*l.*

The Chairman of Committees, Senator The Hon. William Plain, 700*l.*

The Clerk of the Senate, G. H. Monahan, C.M.G., 1,250*l.*

The Clerk Assistant, F. U'Ren, 855*l.*

The Usher of the Black Rod, R. A. Broinowski, 680*l.*

Officers of the House of Representatives.

The Speaker, The Hon. Sir Littleton E. Groom, K.C.M.G., K.C., 1,300*l.*

The Chairman of Committees, James Garfield Bayley, 700*l.*

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, (vacant), 1,250*l.*

The Clerk Assistant, F. L. Clapin, 855*l.*

2nd Clerk Assistant, J. R. McGregor, 760*l.*

The Serjeant-at-Arms and Clerk of Committees, E. W. Parkes, 680*l.*

Parliamentary Reporting Staff.

Principal Parliamentary Reporter, C. H. P. Robinson, 1,000*l.*

Second Reporter, W. Admans, 830*l.*

Parliamentary Library.

Librarian, A. Wadsworth, 900*l.*

Assistant Librarian, K. Binns, 680*l.*

PARLIAMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

THE SENATE.

(1,000*l.* per annum each, except Ministers of the Crown, the President and the Chairman of Committees, who each receive 300*l.* plus an allowance from the sum of 15,300*l.* allocated for ministerial salaries.)

A—Senators elected for the period ending 30th June, 1929.

B—Senators elected for the period ending 30th June, 1932.

New South Wales :—

Major-General Charles Frederick Cox, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D. (B).

Walter Leslie Duncan (B).

John Grant (A).

The Hon. Walter Massy Greene (B).

Lt.-Col. Percy Phipps Abbott, C.M.G., V.D. (A).

Hon. Josiah Thomas (A).

Victoria :—

David Andrew (A).

John Barnes (A).

Brigadier-General Harold Edward Elliott, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., D.C.M. (B).

Hon. Edward Findley (A).

James Francis Guthrie (B).

Hon. William Plain (B).

Queensland :—

Hon. Thomas William Crawford (A).

Hattil Spencer Foll (A).

Hon. Thomas Givens (B).

Major General The Hon. Sir Thomas William Glasgow, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D. (B).

Matthew Reid (A).

William George Thompson, V.D. (B).

South Australia :—

Albert Alfred Hoare (A).

Charles Stephen McHugh (A).

Sir John Newlands, K.C.M.G., C.B.E. (A).

The Hon. Sir Henry Newman Barwell, K.C.M.G. (A).

John Hedley Chapman (B).

Hon. Alexander John McLachlan (B).

Western Australia :—

Charles Montague Graham (A).

Walter Kingsmill (A).

Hon. Patrick Joseph Lynch (B).

Edward Needham (A).

The Rt. Hon. Sir George Foster Pearce, P.C., K.C.V.O. (B).

William Carroll (B).

Tasmania :—

Hon. J. B. Hayes, C.M.G. (A).

Hon. Herbert Hays (A).

John Dunlop Millen (B).

James Ernest Ogden (A).

Hon. Herbert James Mockford Payne (B).

Lt. Col. Burford Sampson, D.S.O. (B).

Members of the House of Representatives.

(1,000*l.* per annum each, except Ministers of the Crown, the Speaker, and the Chairman of Committees, who each receive 800*l.* plus an allowance from the sum of 15,300*l.* allocated for ministerial salaries.)

NEW SOUTH WALES.

Constituencies.

Barton Ley, Hon. Thomas John.
 Calare Howse, Major-Genl. The Hon.
 Sir Neville Reginald,
 V.C., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.

Members.

Constituencies.

Cook Riley, Edward Charles.
 Cowper Page, The Hon. Earle
 Christmas Grafton.
 Dalley Theodore, Hon. Edward
 Granville.
 Darling Blakeley, Arthur.
 East Sydney West, John Edward.
 Eden-Monaro Perkins, John Arthur.
 Gwydir Abbott, Charles Lydiard
 Aubrey.
 Hume Moloney, Parker John.
 Hunter Charlton, Matthew.
 Lang Johnson, Hon. Sir Elliot,
 K.C.M.G.
 Macquarie Manning, Arthur Gibson.
 Martin Pratten, The Hon. Herbert
 Edward.
 Newcastle Watkins, Hon. David.
 New England Thompson, Victor Charles.
 North Sydney Hughes, Rt. Hon. William
 Morris, P.C., K.C.
 Parkes Marr, Major The Hon. Charles
 William Clanan, D.S.O.,
 M.C., V.D.
 Parramatta Bowden, The Hon. Eric
 Kendall.
 Reid Coleman, Percy Edmund.
 Richmond Green, Roland Fredk. Her-
 bert.
 Riverina Killen, William Wilson.
 Robertson Gardner, Sydney Lane.
 South Sydney Riley, Edward.
 Warringah Parkhill, Archdale.
 Wentworth Marks, Walter Moffit.
 Werriwa Lazzarini, Hubert Peter.
 West Sydney Lambert, William Henry.

VICTORIA.

Balaclava Watt, Rt. Hon. William
 Alexander, P.C.
 Ballaarat McGrath, David Charles.
 Batman Brennan, Frank.
 Bendigo Hurry, Col. Geoffry, D.S.O.,
 V.D.
 Bourke Anstey, Frank.
 Corangamite Gibson, The Hon. William
 Gerrand.
 Corio Lister, John Henry.
 Echuca Hill, The Hon. William
 Caldwell.
 Fawkner Maxwell, George Arnot, K.C.
 Flinders Bruce, The Rt. Hon. Stanley
 Melbourne, P.C., C.H.,
 M.O.
 Gippsland Paterson, Hon. Thomas.
 Henty Gullett, Henry Somer.
 Indi Cook, Robert.
 Kooyong Latham, Hon. John Greig,
 C.M.G., K.C.
 Maribyrnong Fenton, James Edward.
 Melbourne Maloney, William.
 Melbourne Ports Mathews, James.
 Wannon Rodgers, Hon. Arthur
 Stanislaus
 Wimmera Stewart, The Hon. Percy
 Gerald.
 Yarra Scullin, James Henry.

QUEENSLAND.

Brisbane Cameron, Colonel Donald
 Charles, C.M.G., D.S.O.,
 V.D.
 Capricornia Forde, Francis Michael.

*Constituencies.**Members.*

Darling Downs . . .	Groom, The Hon. Sir Littleton Ernest, K.C.M.G., K.C.
Herbert . . .	Nott, Lewis Windermere.
Kennedy . . .	Francis, Grosvenor Arundell.
Lilley . . .	Mackay, George Hugh.
Maranoa . . .	Hunter, James Aitchison Johnston.
Moreton . . .	Francis, Captain Josiah.
Oxley . . .	Bayley, James Garfield.
Wide Bay . . .	Corser, Edward Bernard Cresset.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Adelaide . . .	Yates, George Edwin.
Angas . . .	Parsons, Walter Langdon.
Barker . . .	Cameron, Malcolm Duncan.
Boothby . . .	Duncan-Hughes, John Grant, M.V.O., M.C.
Grey . . .	Lacey, Andrew William.
Hindmarsh . . .	Makin, Norman John Oswald.
Wakefield . . .	Foster, Hon. Richard Witty.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Forrest . . .	Prowse, John Henry.
Fremantle . . .	Watson, William.
Kalgoorlie . . .	Green, Albert Ernest.
Perth . . .	Mann, Edward Alexander.
Swan . . .	Gregory, Hon. Henry.

TASMANIA.

Bass . . .	Jackson, David Sydney.
Darwin . . .	Bell, Lt.-Col. George John, C.M.G., D.S.O.
Denison . . .	Gellibrand, Major-General Sir John, K.C.B., D.S.O.
Franklin . . .	Seabrook, Alfred Charles.
Wilmot . . .	Atkinson, The Hon. Llewelyn.

NORTHERN TERRITORY.

Nelson, Harold George.

Governor-General.

His Excellency The Right Hon. John Lawrence, Baron Stonehaven, P.C., G.C.M.G., D.S.O., Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the Commonwealth of Australia and its Dependencies, 10,000*l.*

Staff.

Military Secretary, Capt. A. R. W. Curtis, C.M.G., M.C. (Res. of Off.).
Chamberlain, Capt. W. R. Broadhurst (Res. of Off.).
Aides-de-Camp, Flight-Lieutenant A. P. Davidson (Royal Air Force), Lieut. R. B. Leggatt (R.N. retired).
Official Secretary and Secretary of Executive Council, J. H. Starling, C.M.G., O.B.E., 650*l.*

COMMONWEALTH DEPARTMENTS.

PRIME MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Secretary to Prime Minister's Department, P. E. Deane, C.M.G., 1,300*l.*

External Affairs Branch.

Senior Clerk (Melbourne), W. Henderson, 828*l.*
Senior Clerk (London), R. G. G. Casey, D.S.O., M.C., 828*l.*
Assistant Secretary, F. Strahan, B.A., LL.B., 804*l.*
Publicity Officer, D. B. Edward, 589*l.*

High Commissioner for Australia in Great Britain.

High Commissioner for Australia, Major-Gen. The Hon. Sir Granville Ryrie, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D.
Official Secretary, T. Trumble, C.M.G., C.B.E.

Commissioner for Australia in U.S.A.

Commissioner (vacant), 5,000*l.*
Official Secretary, D. McK. Dow, 1,150*l.*

Trade Representative in France.

C. H. Voss.

Nauru.

Administrator, W. A. Newman, M.B.E., 1,500*l.*

British Phosphate Commission.

Commissioner for Australia, C. McPherson.

Commonwealth Shipping Board.

H. B. G. Larkin, C.B.E. (*Chairman*), 3,500*l.*; Eng. Vice-Admiral Sir William Clarkson, K.B.E., C.M.G., R.A.N., 3,000*l.*; R. Farquhar, M.I.N.A., 3,000*l.*

Public Service Board.

Major-General Sir C. B. B. White, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., K.C.B., D.S.O. (*Chairman*), 2,500*l.*; W. J. Skewes, 2,000*l.*; Brig.-General J. P. McGlinn, C.M.G., C.B.E., V.D., 2,000*l.*
Secretary, W. J. Clemens, I.S.O., 1,100*l.*

Auditor-General's Office.

Auditor-General, C. J. Cerutti, C.M.G., 1,000*l.*, and 500*l.* allowance.
Secretary and Chief Inspector, G. H. Gatehouse, 852*l.*

TREASURY.

Secretary, J. T. Heathershaw, C.B.E., 1,500*l.*
Assistant Secretary, H. J. Sheehan, 1,000*l.*

New Guinea Trade Agency.

Commonwealth Agent, C. E. Leake, Sydney, 830*l.* and 270*l.* allowance.

Taxation Branch.

Commissioner of Taxation, R. Ewing, 1,250*l.*, and 250*l.* allowance.
Assistant Commissioner, H. B. Templeton, 1,100*l.*
Secretary, L. S. Jackson, 680*l.*

Taxation Board of Review.

Chairman, A. F. Twine.
Members, A. S. Canning; R. M. Lighthand.

Old Age Pensions, Invalid Pensions, and Maternity Allowances.

Commissioner, J. T. Heathershaw, C.B.E.
Assistant Commissioner, A. Metford, 680*l.*

Commonwealth Bank.

Governor, E. C. Riddell, 4,000*l.*

Commonwealth Government Printing.

Government Printer, H. J. Green; as *State Printer*, 900*l.*, and allowance from Commonwealth Government 150*l.*

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Solicitor-General, Secretary and Parliamentary Draftsman, Sir Robert R. Garran, K.C.M.G., M.A., J.P., 2,000*l.*

Assistant-Secretary and Assistant Parliamentary Draftsman, G. S. Knowles, O.B.E., M.A., LL.M., J.P., 1,150*l.*

Chief Clerk and Assistant, Parliamentary Draftsman, M. C. Boniwell, LL.B., 750*l.*

High Court of Australia.

Chief Justice, Rt. Hon. Sir Adrian Knox, P.C., K.C.M.G., 3,500*l.*

Justices, Rt. Hon. I. A. Isaacs, P.C., Hon. H. Bournes Higgins, Hon. F. Gavan Duffy, Hon. C. Powers, Hon. G. E. Rich, Hon. H. E. Starke, each 3,000*l.*

Principal Registrar, S. S. Mackenzie, 800*l.*

Court of Conciliation and Arbitration.

Chief Judge, G. J. Dethridge, 3,000*l.*

Judges, L. O. Lukin, G. S. Beeby, E. A. Drake Brockman, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D., each 2,500*l.*

Industrial Registrar, A. M. Stewart, 850*l.*, and 150*l.* allowance.

Commonwealth Crown Solicitor.

Crown Solicitor, W. H. Sharwood, 1,450*l.*

Public Service Arbitration.

Public Service Arbitrator, Atlee Hunt, C.M.G., 2,000*l.*

Patent, Designs and Trade Marks Office.

Commissioner and Registrar, C. V. Watson, D.S.O., 1,050*l.*

Copyright Office.

Registrar of Copyrights, G. S. Brown, 600*l.*

Investigation Branch.

Director, H. E. Jones, O.B.E., 850*l.*

Reporting Branch.

Chief Reporter, O. Bailey, 804*l.*; *Second Reporter*, N. I. P. Webbe, 732*l.*

COUNCIL OF DEFENCE.

President.

Prime Minister, The Right Hon. S. M. Bruce, P.C., C.H., M.C., M.P.

Members.

Minister of State for Defence, The Hon. Sir Neville Reginald Howse, V.C., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., M.P.

The Treasurer, Capt. The Hon. E. C. G. Page, M.P.

Naval Board:

President, Minister for Defence.

Naval Members, Rear-Admiral W. R. Napier, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Capt. J. E. Stevenson, C.M.G., R.A.N.

Finance and Civil Member, R. Abercrombie.

Commodore Commanding Australian Squadron, Commodore G. F. Hyde, C.B.E., C.V.O.

Military Board:

Chief of General Staff, Lieut.-General Sir H. G. Chauvel, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.

Adjutant-General, Major-Gen. J. H. Bruche, C.B., C.M.G.

Quartermaster-General, Major-Gen. W. A. Cosen, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.

Finance Member, Lieut.-Col. T. W. Jolliffe, C.M.G.

Associate ditto, Brig.-Gen. C. H. Brand, C.B., C.M.G., C.V.O., D.S.O.

Inspector-General of the Military Forces, Lieut.-General Sir H. G. Chauvel, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. (acting).

Air Board:

Chief of the Air Staff, Group-Capt. R. Williams, D.S.O., C.B.E.

Chief of the Admin. Staff, Squadron-Leader K. S. Brown, A.F.C.

Finance Member, A. C. Joyce.

Controller of Civil Aviation, Lieut.-Col. H. C. Brinsmead, O.B.E., M.C.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE.

Secretary, M. L. Shepperd, I.S.O., 1,350*l.*

Assistant Secretary, M. M. Maguire, O.B.E., 880*l.*

Finance Secretary, T. J. Thomas, O.B.E., 1,000*l.*

Royal Australian Naval College, Jervis Bay, N.S.W.

Captain in Command, Capt. R. H. O. Lane-Poole, O.B.E., R.N.

Royal Military College, Duntroon, Federal Territory.

Commandant, Colonel-Commandant F. B. Heritage, C.B.E., M.V.O.

Munitions Supply Board.

Chairman, A. E. Leighton, F.I.C. (Controller-General of Munitions Supply).

Members, Lieut.-Col. T. W. Jolliffe, C.M.G.; M. M. Maguire, O.B.E.

Secretary, J. K. Jensen.

Repatriation Commission.

Repatriation Commission, Col. J. M. Semmens, O.B.E., V.D. (Chairman), 1,500*l.*; Col. L. E. Tilney, D.S.O., V.D., 1,250*l.*; Major M. B. Ryan, 1,250*l.*

Secretary, C. P. W. Smith.

War Service Homes Commission.

Commissioner, H. L. Walters.

Secretary, C. W. Peterson, J.P., A.C.I.S., A.A.I.S., 800*l.*

POSTMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Secretary to Department, H. P. Brown, M.B.E., 2,500*l.*

Chief Electrical Engineer, J. M. Crawford, 1,100*l.*

Chief Accountant, G. G. Haldane, 950*l.*

Chief Inspector, M. B. Harry, 800*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. C. T. Vardon, 705*l.*

Telegraphs and Wireless Branch.

Chief Manager, J. Malone, M.I.R.E., 828*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF HOME AND TERRITORIES.

Secretary, J. G. McLaren, C.M.G., 1,300l.
Federal Capital Commission, Sir J. H. Butters, Kt., C.M.G., M.B.E., Sir J. Harrison, K.B.E., Col. T. J. Thomas, O.B.E.
Secretary, C. S. Daley, O.B.E., 900l.

Territory of Northern Australia.
Government Resident, R. H. Weddell.

Territory of Central Australia.
Government Resident, J. C. Cawood.

North Australia Commission.
Chairman, J. Horsburgh; W. R. Easton, G. A. Hobler.
Secretary, T. H. Moyes.

Papua.
Lieut.-Governor of Papua, Sir Hubert Murray, K.C.M.G., 1,800l.
Government Secretary, Hon. H. W. Champion, 900l.
Official Secretary, H. L. Murray, 700l.

New Guinea.
Administrator—Territory of New Guinea, Brig.-Gen. E. A. Wisdom, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D., A.D.C., 1,800l.
Expropriation Board (Chairman), Lieut.-Col. J. H. Peck, C.M.G., D.S.O., 1,500l.
Chief of Central Court, D. S. Wanliss, C.M.G., 1,200l.
Government Secretary, H. H. Page, 828l.

Norfolk Island.
Administrator, Major-General V. C. M. Sellheim, C.B., C.M.G., 700l., and 100l. allowance.

Commonwealth Electoral Officers.
Chief Electoral Officer, J. D. Farrar, 950l. *Assistant Chief Electoral Officer and Commonwealth Electoral Officer for Victoria*, S. Irwin, 708l. *New South Wales*, R. H. Allars, 606l.; *Queensland*, V. F. Turner, 552l.; *South Australia*, O. H. Stephens, 562l.; *Western Australia*, H. R. Way, 549l.; *Tasmania*, J. E. Cathie, 600l., and 50l. allowance, is also *Public Works Officer and Deputy Public Service Inspector*.

Commonwealth Statistician and Actuary.
 C. H. Wickens, I.S.O., F.I.A., F.S.S., Hon. M.S.S. (Paris), 1,150l.

Australian War Museum.
Director, J. L. Treloar, O.B.E., 750l.

Meteorological Branch.
Director (Commonwealth Meteorologist), H. A. Hunt, F.R.Met.Soc., 1,000l.
State Meteorologists: *New South Wales*, D. J. Marcus, 576l.; *Queensland*, G. G. Bond, 557l.; *South Australia*, E. Bromley, 557l.; *Western Australia*, E. B. Curlewis, 557l.; *Tasmania*, J. C. Foley, 444l.

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND CUSTOMS.

Comptroller-General, R. McK. Oakley, C.B.E., V.D., 2,000l.
Deputy Comptroller-General, H. McConaghy, 1,200l.
Assistant Comptroller-General, E. T. Hall, 1,200l.
Chief Surveyor, E. Abbott, 806l.
Chief Clerk, M. F. Brownrigg, 780l.

Tariff Board.

Chairman, E. T. Hall.
Members, H. R. Brookes, W. Leitch, C.B.E., D. Masterton.

Analyst's Branch.

Federal Analyst, W. Percy Wilkinson, F.I.C., 900l.

Marine Branch.

Director, Capt. J. K. Davis, 850l.
Assistant Director, L. F. East, 830l.
Engineer and Ship Surveyor-in-Chief and Principal Examiner of Engineers, A. E. Battle, 728l.
Principal Nautical and Ship Surveyor, L. R. Sundercombe, 728l.
Principal Examiner of Masters and Mates, W. MacGowan, 638l.
Chief Overseer of Seamen, A. H. D. Gransbury, 638l.
Senior Clerk and Accountant, J. Salmon, 589l.

Lighthouse Service.

Director, J. F. Ramsbotham, M.Inst.C.E., M.Am.Soc.C.E., 1,000l.
Engineer for Lighthouse Service, B. Wallach, B.C.E., 800l.

Department of Health.

Director-General of Health and Director of Quarantine, J. H. L. Cumpston, M.D., D.P.H., 1,500l.

DEPARTMENT OF WORKS AND RAILWAYS.

Secretary, H. L. Walters, 1,000l., and 250l. allowance.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, H. C. Brown, 900l.

Works Branch.

Chief Architect, J. S. Murdoch, C.M.G., 1,300l.

River Murray Commission.

President, Hon. W. C. Hill; *Members*, T. Hill, O.B.E., H. H. Dare, R. H. Horsfield, J. H. Eaton.
Secretary, P. A. Gourgaud.

Commonwealth Railways.

Commonwealth Railways Commissioner, N. G. Bell, M.Inst.C.E., 3,000l.
Secretary, K. Simms, 850l.

DEPARTMENT OF MARKETS AND MIGRATION.

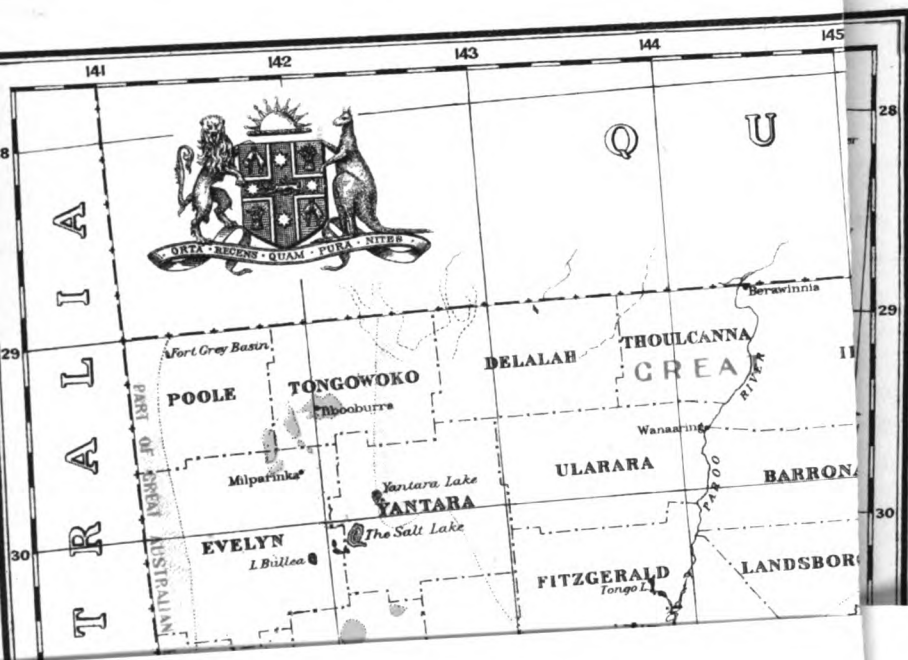
Secretary, E. J. Mulvaney, I.S.O., 1,000l.

Immigration.

Development and Migration Commission.
Commissioners, H. W. Gepp, Chairman, 5,000l.; Sir C. S. Nathan, Kt., C.B.E., Hon. J. Gunn and E. F. Fleming, 2,500l. each.
Deputy Director in Australia, Lieut.-Col. L. J. Hurley, C.M.G.
Deputy Director in London, J. Barnes.
Secretary (Melbourne), H. F. Farrands, 600l.

Council for Scientific and Industrial Research.
Council, G. A. Julius, B.Sc., B.E., M.I.M.E., M.I.E. (Aust.), Chairman; Prof. A. E. V. Richardson, M.A., D.Sc., Prof. A. C. D. Rivett, M.A., D.Sc.
Acting Secretary, G. Lightfoot, M.A., 589l., and 411l. allowance.





NEW SOUTH WALES.

Boundaries and Area.

The State of New South Wales lies on the eastern coast of Australia, almost entirely between the 29th and 36th parallels of south latitude, and between the 141st and 154th meridians east of Greenwich. It is bounded on the east by the Pacific Ocean, to which it presents a coast line extending from Point Danger at its north-eastern extremity to Cape Howe at the south-east. From the point last mentioned, which is also the north-east limit of the State of Victoria, it is bounded by a surveyed and marked line running in a north-westerly direction to the source of the River Indi and thence by the southern bank of the Murray, into which the first-named stream merges, as far as the 141st meridian of east longitude. The intersection of the Murray with this meridian forms a common point of the three States of New South Wales, Victoria, and South Australia.

On the west, the State is separated from South Australia by the line of the 141st meridian, as far as its intersection with the 29th parallel of south latitude, at which point New South Wales, South Australia, and Queensland touch. Commencing at this point, the northern boundary of the State follows the 29th degree of latitude, east of the Barwan River, then along the Macintyre and Dumaresq Rivers to the junction of the latter with Tentersfield Creek, thence along a spur extending from the great Dividing Range. Then it follows the Dividing Range to Macpherson Range and proceeds along that Range until it reaches the coast at Point Danger.

The area of New South Wales is 310,372 square miles (inclusive of Federal Territory—940 square miles and Lord Howe Island, a dependency of New South Wales, 5 square miles), or 198,638,000 acres, being a little over two and a half times that of Great Britain and Ireland. Excluding the surface covered by rivers, lakes and principal harbours, the area is 195,669,000 acres, or about 305,733 square miles.

The length of the State, from Point Danger on the north to Cape Howe on the south, is 683 miles, the length of the seaboard is 907 miles. From east to west, along the 29th parallel, the breadth is 756 miles, while diagonally from the south-west corner, where the Murray passes into South Australia, to Point Danger, the length reaches 850 miles.

Sydney, the seat of Government, is in 33° 51' 41" S. lat., and 151° 12' 23" E. long.

Of the total area of the State, 64,716,232 acres have been alienated, or were in process of alienation on the 30th June, 1926.

The number of alienated holdings over one acre in extent used for agricultural and pastoral purposes during the last year (1924-25) for which returns were compiled are:—

Area Series. (Freehold only).	Holdings	Area of Holdings. (Freehold only). Acres.
1- 50	14,192	322,159
51- 100	7,531	584,594
101- 320	18,229	3,648,762
321- 640	12,453	5,959,837
641- 1,000	6,470	5,206,578
1,001- 2,000	6,914	9,602,763
2,001- 5,000	4,055	12,303,512
5,001-10,000	1,260	8,629,240
10,001-50,000	738	13,614,679
50,001 and over	59	5,337,288
Total	71,901	65,209,412

In addition, there are 6,992 alienated Holdings with 35,907,736 acres of Crown leases attached.

History.

The name "New South Wales" was given to the eastern part of Australia on its discovery by Captain Cook in 1770, but the first settlement was not formed until 1788, at Port Jackson, under Captain Phillip, R.N. The capital was named after Viscount Sydney, who was Secretary of State for the Colonies when the settlement was formed.

New South Wales was then held to include the whole eastern portion of the continent. The first newspaper was established in 1803. The Merino sheep was introduced in 1797, but progress for a time was slow because a passage over the Blue Mountains, giving access to the interior plains, was not discovered until 1813. The population in 1800 was about 5,200. At the first census in 1828 the total population was only 36,598, but it increased rapidly thereafter, and the discovery of gold in 1851 brought much population to the State. Responsible government was established in 1856, and the next thirty years was a time of remarkable prosperity and progress. On the 1st January, 1901, the Colony of New South Wales united with the Colonies of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, and Tasmania, into a close political federation known as the Commonwealth of Australia. This, the second outstanding political event, was followed by a further period of phenomenal prosperity and progress which lasted until the outbreak of the European war in 1914. Then the extraordinary overseas demand for the staple products, which increased as the war continued, enhanced the value of local production, so that the critical period which followed the post-war trade boom passed without any economic disorder and the State entered upon a period of steady industrial expansion.

Climate.

New South Wales is situated entirely in the temperate zone and its climate is generally mild and equable with plenty of sunshine. The mean temperature at Kialinda in the coldest portion of the State is 43° Fah. and at Bourke in the western plains it is 67° 2". On the coast it varies from 54° 7" in the southern portion to 67° 2" in the northern districts, Sydney being 63° 1". On the mountains snow lies in a few places all the winter. On the tablelands the mean annual temperature is somewhat lower than in the coastal districts, where the winter is milder.

The rainfall decreases as the distance from the coast increases. The average rainfall of Sydney is about 48 inches annually, the average annual number of days on which rain falls is 157.

The prevalent winds in summer are the north-east sea-breeze and light westerly; in winter, westerly.

In winter, on the lowlands, frosts are common in the southern and rare in the northern districts.

Trade and Industry.

The staple products of New South Wales are wool and wheat.

The quantity and value of wool exported from New South Wales to countries outside Australia during the last five years is shown below; the figures include wool produced in other States and

exported through New South Wales, but exclude New South Wales wool transferred to other States for export overseas:—

1922-23	286,189,773 lbs.	value	22,764,603/.
1923-24	220,317,808 "	"	23,270,650/.
1924-25	228,296,269 "	"	26,953,680/.
1925-26	338,479,897 "	"	26,275,591/.
1926-27	364,657,943 "	"	28,896,680/.

The value of the wheat exported overseas during 1926-27, was 3,031,014/., and of wheaten flour, 1,984,684/.

The quantities were wheat 6,457,472 centals, and flour 3,059,471 centals.

The other principal exports of Australian produce to countries outside Australia in 1926-27 were:—Butter, 17,753,508 lbs., 1,239,541/.; lead, 2,193,797/.; coal, 961,551/.; coke, 76,078/.; skins and hides, 4,748,607/.; tallow, 761,585/.; frozen and preserved meat, 1,662,446/.; sausage casings, 249,933/.; fruit, fresh and preserved, 153,630/.; wines, 77,165/.; tobacco, 126,665/.; pearl shell, 128,605/.; leather, 500,013/.; timber, 335,742/.; copper ingots, 81,923/.; tin, 483,348/.; zinc, 96,722/.; other metals and manufactures of metal, 224,499/.; gold specie, 10,017,058/.. A re-export trade in manufactured goods is carried on with the islands of the Pacific.

The values of the chief articles of British and foreign produce imported in 1926-27 were:—Iron and steel—bars, rods, angles and tees, 334,231/.; plate and sheet, 1,309,186/.; electric cable and wire covered, 1,154,371/.; electrical machinery and appliances, 2,550,874/.; cement making and stone cutting machinery, 823,401/.; adding and computing machines, 94,889/.; dairy implements and machinery, 118,447/.; agricultural, horticultural and viticultural implements and machinery, 217,234/.; motive power machinery, except electric, 773,507/.; printing machinery, 315,978/.; timber, 2,295,277/.; whisky, 616,245/.; vehicles, etc., 6,410,705/.. (including bicycles, motor cars, etc.); tea, 2,297,585/.; tobacco, cigars, etc., 1,784,635/.; copra, 918,164/.; fish (preserved), 723,701/.; jewellery and precious stones (unset), 504,300/.; kapok, 233,019/.; musical instruments, parts, etc., 629,456/.; paper—news printing, 1,447,794/., books (printed), 564,847/.; piece goods—cotton and linen, 4,285,825/.; silk (or containing silk or having silk worked thereon), 2,520,530/.; canvas and duck, 337,622/.; sewing silks, cottons, etc., 330,396/.; woollen piece goods, 866,145/.; yarns, wool, 132,150/.; yarns, other, 527,220/.; carpets and carpeting, 582,982/.; linoleums, oilcloths, etc., 491,512/.; petroleum crude, petroleum and shale spirit, benzine, etc., 2,409,535/.; mineral oil (kerosene and lubricating), 821,894/.; glass and glassware, 550,563/.; socks and stockings—cotton, 88,124/., silk, 311,549/., woollen, 259,314/.; trimmings and ornaments, 408,894/.; linseed, 233,349/.; bags and sacks, 1,212,172/.; rubber tyres, 1,152,900/.. 38·9 per cent. of the overseas imports was the produce of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and 24·1 per cent. of the exports was shipped thereto.

Sydney and Newcastle are ports of registry; 25 vessels, of a total tonnage of 3,979, were registered during the year ended 30th June, 1927, while the total number of vessels on the registers at 30th June, 1927, was 988, with a tonnage of 122,272.

Manufactories and Works.

In 1925-26 there were 8,196 manufactories and works, employing 174,101 persons, of whom

132,239 were males and 41,862 females. The total value of plant and machinery was 45,994,534/.; the total salaries and wages paid amounted to 33,566,545/.; and the value of the output was 169,963,146/.

Agricultural Production.

The total area under crop during the season 1925-26 was 4,541,423 acres, and the total value of agricultural production 20,741,000/.. The principal crops in 1925-26 were wheat, 33,805,500 bushels, maize, 3,278,350 bushels, hay, 866,275 tons and sugar cane, 297,335 tons.

Pastoral and Dairying Production.

The number of live stock on 30th June, 1926, was as follows:—Horses, 651,035; cattle, 2,937,130; sheep, 53,860,000; and swine, 382,674. The wool clip in 1925-26 was 402,490,000 lbs. (as in the grease) and in 1926-27, 495,820,000 lbs.

The production of the dairying industry during 1925-26, included 106,967,661 lbs. of butter, 6,462,535 lbs. of cheese, and 22,958,371 lbs. of bacon and ham. The total value of pastoral production was 42,369,000/., and of dairying and farmyard production was 14,712,000/.

Mining.

Coal mining has advanced steadily since 1863. The produce of 18 mines in that year is given as 433,889 tons, valued at 236,230/., while in 1881, 1,769,597 tons, valued at 603,248/., were raised from 40 mines; and, in 1915, 9,449,008 tons, valued at 3,424,630/., were raised from 112 mines. In 1923, 10,478,513 tons, valued at 8,607,892/., were raised from 165 mines. In 1924, 11,618,216 tons valued at 9,589,547/., were raised from 159 mines. In 1925, 11,396,199 tons, valued at 9,302,515/., were raised from 157 mines. The production of coal in 1926 was 10,885,766 tons valued at 9,436,520/., from 141 collieries. Gold produced amounted to 19,435 ozs. (fine), and silver and silver lead to the value of 4,399,933/., and zinc concentrates valued at 1,359,588/., were produced in 1926. The total value of the minerals won during 1926 was 17,509,718/., excluding the value of Portland cement, lime and coke.

All Industries.

The total value of production from all industries during the year 1925-26 was 160,615,000/., or 69/.. 18s. 0d. per head of population.

Currency and Banking.

The currency of New South Wales is under the supervision of the Commonwealth Government. British or Australian coins are legal tender and the paper currency in the form of Australian Notes is managed by the Board of Directors of the Commonwealth Bank.

The 16 trading banks operating in the State in 1925 were:—Commonwealth Bank of Australia; Bank of New South Wales; Commercial Banking Company of Sydney, Ltd.; Bank of Australasia; Union Bank of Australia, Ltd.; Australian Bank of Commerce, Ltd.; English, Scottish, and Australian Bank, Ltd.; Queensland National Bank, Ltd.; Bank of New Zealand; Commercial Bank of Australia, Ltd.; National Bank of Australasia, Ltd.; Rural Bank (a department of the Government Savings Bank of New South Wales);

Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Bank of Adelaide; Primary Producers; Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd. Total average amount of deposits in trading banks for June quarter, 1927:—

Deposits not bearing interest	... £56,468,226
Deposits bearing interest	... 76,067,917

Total	... £132,536,143
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The average note circulation for the same period was 64,681*l.*, the decrease in recent years being due to the issue of Commonwealth notes, which are now practically the only bank notes in circulation.

The number of accounts in Government Savings Banks in New South Wales on the 30th June, 1926, was 1,446,432, and the value of deposits, 73,743,112*l.*, equivalent to 50*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* per depositor and 31*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.* per head of population. Interest on deposits is allowed at the rates varying from 3*½* to 4 per cent. per annum, according to the amount of the deposit.

Means of Communication.

On the 30th June, 1927, there were 5,750 miles of railways, owned and worked by the Government, the total cost of construction having been 112,789,149*l.* The receipts during the year ended 30th June, 1927, were 18,906,543*l.*, and the working expenses 13,795,853*l.*, the balance therefore available towards meeting the annual charge for interest being 5,110,690*l.* There were 112 miles of private railway, exclusive of 198 miles of branch lines connected with coal mines. There were also 209*½* miles of Government tramways, earning 3,806,098*l.*, against working expenses amounting to 3,487,834*l.* The total capital expenditure on tramways was 11,586,050*l.*

Posts and Telegraphs.

There are 2,894 telegraph stations, and the revenue received during the year ended 30th June, 1926, was 423,812*l.* from telegraph, 92,364*l.* from cablegrams and 1,584,155*l.* from telephone. There is a high-power radio station at Sydney capable of long distance communication. In 1925-6 licenses were in force for nine broadcasting stations, the total wireless licenses issued numbered 37,132.

In 1926 the cable messages sent from New South Wales numbered 350,146 and 350,129 were received. The amount of revenue for cable messages credited to New South Wales was 92,364*l.*

Of inland rivers the Murray, Darling, Murrumbidgee, and Lachlan are navigable most of the year for small river craft, and nearly all the coast rivers are navigable for varying distances by ocean-going steamers, especially the Richmond, the Clarence, the Macleay, the Manning, the Hunter and the Hawkesbury, while Port Jackson (Sydney Harbour), Port Stephens and Jervis Bay are large natural harbours. Steamers leave Sydney regularly for nearly all parts of the world, but communication with Europe is chiefly by the vessels of the P. and O. (*viâ* Colombo and Marseilles and *viâ* Capetown), the Orient Royal Mail lines (*viâ* Suez and Naples), the Australian Commonwealth Line of Steamers (*viâ* Suez), the Messageries Maritimes (*viâ* Marseilles), Canadian Australasian line (*viâ* Vancouver), Oceanic line (*viâ* San Francisco), the Union S.S. Company of New Zealand (*viâ* San Francisco), White Star and Aberdeen lines (*viâ* Durban

and Capetown), Scottish Shire line (*viâ* Suez), Blue Funnel line (*viâ* South Africa), the New Zealand Shipping Line (*viâ* Panama); Shaw, Savill and Albion Line; Canadian Government line (*viâ* Vancouver). The Clan line; Cunard line; Commonwealth and Dominion line; Federal Steam Navigation Co.; Ellerman and Bucknall line; Holland-Australia line; Swedish-Australia line; Norwegian-Australia line; German-Australian line; North German-Lloyd; Lloyd Sabauda line U.S. & A. line (inc.). Five or six mails are sent to and despatched from England monthly.

Letters from England reach Sydney in about 31 days.

The number of articles passing through the Post Offices in 1925-26 was:—

Letters and Postcards	... 318,832,176
Newspapers	... 73,802,200
Packets and Book Parcels	... 59,438,400
Parcels	... 5,662,600

Air mail services are in operation in Australia those over the State of New South Wales are from Adelaide (S.A.) to Cootamundra *viâ* Mildura, Hay and Narrandera, and branch services Broken Hill to Mildura and Hay to Melbourne, *viâ* Deniliquin and Echuca.

Education.

The education system of New South Wales is under the control of the Minister of Public Instruction, regulated by the Public Instruction Act of 1880. Teachers in State schools belong to the Public Service and are paid fixed salaries according to their qualifications and the classifications of their schools. Education is free and compulsory between the ages of 7 and 14 years.

At the close of 1926 there were 3,179 State schools divided into 30 high schools, 8 for boys, 5 for girls and 17 mixed; central junior technical schools, 2; public schools, 2,243; provisional schools, 570; half-time schools, 70; travelling schools, 1; correspondence schools, 1; evening continuation schools, 54; subsidised schools, 498; and industrial and reformatory schools, 3. School buildings are erected and maintained wholly at the expense of the Government.

State aid to denominational schools ceased many years ago, but general religious instruction is imparted by the State teachers, and for limited periods with the consent of parents by ministers of religion. Children are conveyed to central schools, and in very thinly-populated remote districts subsidies are paid either to families who combine and engage teachers, or to single families of 2 children and upwards; in the latter case it may take the form of assisting to board the children near existing schools. A properly equipped travelling school conveys a means of instruction to several outlying groups in rotation. As a further means of providing facilities for the education of children of isolated families correspondence schools have also been organised. All children are carried free by rail to the nearest school, while conveyances are subsidised by the Department to carry pupils residing in an outlying district to a Central School.

The "Bursary Endowment Act," passed in 1912, provides for the establishment of a fund for Bursaries tenable in public or private secondary schools and in the Sydney University and for the constitution of a Bursary Endowment Board.

About three hundred Bursaries, each tenable for four or five years at a High or District School, and carrying a monetary grant ranging from 12*l.* to 50*l.* per annum, are awarded annually. Provision is made for the supply of necessary text books to all pupils by the Department free of cost to the pupil. Agricultural Scholarships, Technical Scholarships and thirty University Bursaries are also awarded annually. A Higher Education Scheme has been established which provides for (a) higher primary education in Superior Public Schools which are of three types (commercial and junior technical for boys and domestic for girls), and (b) High School education of several types (general, commercial, technical and agricultural), in High Schools. There are also District Rural Schools, which provide elementary agricultural instruction. Intermediate Certificates are issued on the satisfactory completion of a three years' High School course, and leaving Certificates (equivalent in prescribed subjects, to the University Matriculation Certificates) are awarded on the satisfactory completion of a five years' High School course. Twenty-eight High Schools and two Agricultural High Schools are in operation. At the end of 1926, 1,018 students were undergoing courses of training, covering two years or more, at the Teachers' College, a large training establishment within the University Grounds. In addition, 238 students were receiving a short (12 months') course of training preparatory to taking charge of small bush State Schools, or of receiving appointments as assistants in country schools.

Evening Continuation Schools have been brought into operation in city and country centres divided into the following classes: (1) Junior Technical Schools; (2) Commercial Schools—in both cases the object being to assist lads to push on more rapidly in the callings they have chosen; and (3) Domestic Schools, for girls only.

For the year 1926 the net cost to the State of public instruction was 4,316,451*l.*, exclusive of 242,708*l.* expended on technical education.

The University of Sydney was established and endowed by the State in 1850. Its State endowment was originally 5,000*l.*, and from 1890 to 1892 was 13,900*l.*, but it has recently been increased to 32,000*l.* The endowment is largely added to by annual special grants and by private donations. The State endowment and special grants for 1925-26 amounted to 73,247*l.* Four denominational colleges are affiliated to the University. In addition, there is the women's college, also affiliated. During the year 1925-26, the total State endowment amounted to 2,500*l.* The University has the power of granting degrees in arts, law, medicine, science, engineering, agriculture, veterinary science and dentistry. Recently, several faculties have been added to its curriculum. In the metropolis there is a public grammar school, with an enrolment of 653 pupils, and having a State endowment of 1,500*l.* There are also technical colleges, under the Department of Public Instruction, and classes are held in Sydney and in the principal country towns. The Central College—a large establishment—is extensively equipped and staffed for trades, professional, and scientific instruction. The fees are within the reach of all, and the colleges are open to males and females alike. There is an Australian Museum, a National Art Gallery, a Public Library, including the Mitchell Library, with endowments of 1,000*l.*, 2,000*l.*, and 2,000*l.* respectively, a State Conservatorium of Music and a Music Library. Public libraries and

schools of arts are established throughout the State and obtain Government subsidies. There are also a Royal, a Medical, a Linnean, a Zoological, a Historical, a Geographical, and two Art Societies, a Government Observatory, Agricultural and Forestry Museum, and a Mining and Geological, and Technological Museums, Government Agricultural Colleges, Experimental Farms, with many other educational associations.

Local Government.

In New South Wales the greater portion of the State has been incorporated, leaving only the "Western Division" which is but sparsely settled, outside the scope of local government. Even in that division, however, several towns have been established as Municipalities.

The area incorporated comprises 183,977 square miles out of a total area of 309,439 square miles in the State (i.e., exclusive of Lord Howe Island and the Federal Capital Territory of Canberra and Jervis Bay).

The local government of this large area, with the exception of the City of Sydney, is provided for under the Local Government Act, 1919, as amended by Acts passed in 1920, 1922, 1924, 1926 and 1927.

The City of Sydney was first incorporated in 1842, being the first town in the State to be granted municipal government, but it has, since its incorporation, been governed under special Acts applying to it alone.

There are two types of local government provided for, viz.:—Shires and Municipalities—the former comprising country districts (sometimes of great extent, the largest being the Shire of Lachlan containing 5,736 square miles) and the latter the larger towns. There are now (October, 1927) 136 Shires and 180 Municipalities in the State. As regards town areas in Shires, a Shire Council may (subject to the Governor's approval and if a majority of the electors concerned do not veto the proposal at a poll which may be taken on a petition signed by not less than 100 of such electors) acquire the right to exercise the powers of a Council of a Municipality in any such area by having the area declared by Proclamation of the Governor to be an "Urban Area," without the expensive machinery of a separate municipal government having to be set up. Provision is also made for the continuance as cities of all towns so proclaimed before the Act came into force, and for the proclamation of any municipality as a city, if it fulfils the requirements laid down by the new Act. Cities, however, have no further powers than Municipalities, and are treated as Municipalities under the Act in all respects except as to name.

The franchise by which Councils were elected under the Local Government Act, 1906, was changed by the Local Government (Amendment) Act, 1927. It now provides practically for adult suffrage, that is, that every natural-born or naturalised British subject, male or female, of the full age of 21 years, who is an owner or rate-paying lessee of rateable land, or an occupier of land shall be entitled to enrolment as an elector. Occupier includes every person who is residing or has had his principal place of abode on land in a ward or riding and has continuously during the period of six months prior to the day prescribed for enrolment resided or had his principal place of abode in the area. Councils consist of not less than 6 and not more than 9 Councillors in the case of Shires and not less than 6 nor more

than 15 Aldermen in the case of Municipalities. Any person whose name is on a roll of electors is eligible for election as a Councillor or Alderman, except in certain cases where disqualification is provided for, the most important of which is on account of business or financial relations with the Council.

Each Shire is divided into Ridings, and a Municipality may be divided into Wards or may exist as an undivided area, but Ridings and Wards must be represented by an equal number of Councillors or Aldermen, as the case may be. Provision is made for the election of Urban Committees of three persons (or such other number as the Governor may determine from time to time) to manage the affairs of Urban Areas in Shires where such have been created. General elections of Councillors and Aldermen take place every three years, the next election being due to be held on 1st December, 1928, and it is further provided that in any Shire and Municipality elections may, if the electors so decide at a poll taken upon a petition of one-fifth of their number, be held according to the principles of proportional representation.

The functions of Shire and Municipal Councils include the control of roads, bridges, public watering places for stock, wharves and jetties, the lighting of streets, the regulation of traffic, the removal and disposal of nightsoil and garbage, the provision of water supplies and of sewerage services, the regulation and licensing of public vehicles, the control and management of parks and recreation grounds, etc.

To provide the revenue for carrying out its powers a Council is empowered to levy a general rate of not less than 1d. in the £ on the Unimproved Capital Value of all rateable land in its area. Where, however, a general rate of 1d. is more than sufficient in any year to meet the requirements of a Council, the Governor is empowered to authorise the levying of a rate less than that sum.

In addition to the general rate Councils are empowered to levy special rates for special works, local rates for works of benefit to a portion of the area only, and loan rates for the repayment of loans. In the case of these rates ratepayers may petition for a poll to be taken as to whether the rate shall be levied on the Unimproved Capital Value or the Improved Capital Value of the land subject to it.

The amount of rates which a Council may levy is limited as follows, but provision is made that the Governor may grant permission to exceed these limits in special cases.

Shires.—General rates—2d. in the £ on the Unimproved Capital Value of all rateable land in the Shire.

Rates in Urban Areas other than general, and water and sewerage local rates—2s. in the £ on the assessed annual value of all rateable land in the Urban Area.

Municipalities.—General rates—a sum equal to 2d. in the £ on the Unimproved Capital Value and 1s. 6d. in the £ on the assessed Annual Value of all rateable land in the area; provided that a general rate of more than 3d. in the £ on the Unimproved Capital Value shall not be levied on a mine worked for minerals other than coal and shale. All rates (other than water and sewerage local rates)—a sum of 2d. in the £ on the Unimproved Capital Value and 2s. in the £ on the assessed Annual Value of all rateable land in the Municipality.

Water local rates are limited in both Shires and Municipalities to a sum equal to 2s. in the £ on the assessed Annual Value of all land rateable to the water rate, and sewerage local rates to a similar sum.

There are four methods provided by which Councils may borrow for carrying out the purposes of the Act, viz.:—limited overdraft, renewal loans, ordinary loans and special loans. Ratepayers may petition for a poll of ratepayers to be taken as to whether a special loan shall be raised, as well as to whether the loan rate shall be on the Unimproved or Improved Capital Value.

It is compulsory to levy loan rates for the repayment of renewal, ordinary, and special loans, except in certain circumstances, and except in the case of special loans raised by Shire councils. The total borrowings of a Municipal Council are limited to twenty per cent. of the Unimproved Capital Value of all rateable land in the area, and special loans by Shire Councils must not in the aggregate exceed thrice the amount of the income of the Shire.

To assist Shire Councils it is provided that out of the Consolidated Revenue a sum of not less than 150,000*l.* shall be distributed each year among Shire Councils by way of endowment, according to an apportionment made by the Governor every three years. Special grants and loans for works are also made by the Government each year to both Shires and Municipal Councils, the amount paid to Shires in the year ended 30th June, 1927, being 192,922*l.* (special grants 180,891*l.*, loans 12,031*l.*), and to Municipalities 14,176*l.* (special grants 10,157*l.*, loans 4,019*l.*).

In addition to what has been stated above as to a Council's powers, some novel features which have been introduced by the Act of 1919 may be mentioned. These include the formation of groups of whole or parts of Shires and Municipalities—the groups being called "County Districts"—in order to carry out more effectively such functions of the Councils of the areas included, as the destruction of aquatic plants like water hyacinth, the growth of which in some districts has been found to render rivers unnavigable until the river is cleared and the plant destroyed; the prevention of river bank erosion or of floods; or any other function which would be a matter of concern to the district in which such Shires or Municipalities are situated. The Act provides for each "County District" to be administered by a "County Council" composed of delegates elected by the Council of each Shire or Municipality included in the district. The functions of a County Council are limited to the powers specially delegated to it by the Governor. The other powers of the Shire or Municipal Councils of the district will not be interfered with in any way. Four "County Districts" have so far been proclaimed.

Difficulty has been experienced in the past in many Shires and Municipalities in getting Councils to carry out works like the making of a new road or bridge desired by the residents of a particular Riding or Ward, and the 1919 Act accordingly provides that in circumstances like that, upon a petition signed by all the Councillors or Aldermen representing the Riding or Ward, or by at least one-fifth of the ratepayers of the Riding or Ward, the Council shall take a poll of ratepayers of that Riding or Ward, and, if such poll is favorable, shall carry out the work the people want and levy a local rate to provide repayment therefor.

It is also provided in the Act that a Council may at any time take a poll of electors or rate-payers on any question arising out of the administration of the Act, and any question of importance may be thus referred to the people themselves for decision.

Constitution.

The first Legislative Council dates from 1823; it was greatly enlarged and made chiefly elective in 1843. "Responsible government" was established by the Constitution Act, 18 & 19 Vict., cap. 54 (1855). The Governor is appointed by the Crown; so also is the Legislative Council, of whom not less than four-fifths must be persons not holding office under the Crown, except officers on H.M.'s sea or land forces on full or half pay. The members of the first Legislative Council were appointed for five years, but all subsequent appointments have been made for life, subject to certain provisions contained in the Act. The Council at present consists of 96 members, who are not paid, with the exception of the President and Chairman of Committees, and any members who may accept portfolios in a Ministry. All members are privileged to travel free over all Government Railways and Tramways.

The Legislative Assembly has varied from time to time in its numbers and method of election. The property qualification and plural voting were abolished in 1893. The franchise was extended to women in 1902.

The electoral franchise is held by male and female adults, who are natural born or naturalised subjects of the King, and absolutely free, with a residential qualification, which requires residence for a continuous period of six months in the Commonwealth of Australia, three months in the State of New South Wales, and one month in the electoral district for which enrolment is claimed, subject to disqualification for insanity, criminality, wife desertion, etc.

The Parliamentary Elections Act, 1911, provided that an elector absent from the district for which he or she is enrolled may vote for that district at any polling place in any other electorate, and extended the franchise to members of the Naval and Military service.

The electoral Acts were consolidated in 1912.

On 18th December, 1918, an Act was assented to providing for the election of members of the Legislative Assembly at General Elections in accordance with the principles of Proportional Representation; for postal voting in cases where an elector throughout the hours of polling is not within 15 miles of a polling place, or is travelling under conditions which preclude him from attending a booth; or where an elector through serious illness or infirmity, or, in the case of a woman by approaching maternity, was precluded from attending a booth.

The State was subdivided into 24 districts, 9 of which were 5-seat districts and 15 were 3-seat districts.

On 10th December, 1920, an Act was assented to providing for the filling of casual vacancies by the election of the unsuccessful candidate at the last General Election who represented the same party interests as the late member, and who, upon the count of the primary preference votes, was highest on the list as disclosed by such count as between the unsuccessful candidates representing such party interests who was willing to be elected and available to fill the vacancy.

On the 28th December, 1921, an Act was assented to whereby full compulsory expression of preferences was abolished in favour of compulsion to the extent of the number of seats to be filled.

It provides for compulsory enrolment and also that an elector's name is not to be removed on objection unless and until it is proved that he has left the Electoral District. Further, that an elector who has transferred to another polling place area in the same district is not to be removed from the roll until his enrolment is effected for the new polling place area, and in connection with the Supplemental Rolls the Registrar or Deputy Registrar's card of acknowledgment of receipt of application for enrolment of transfer enables the holder to exercise his vote (if by some mischance his name does not appear on the Supplemental Roll) on making a declaration.

The interval between the issue of the writ and the taking of the poll was extended from the 28th day to a day not later than the fortieth day after the date of the issue of the writ.

The polling hours were fixed from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., and nomination papers are now required to be signed by six electors instead of one hundred.

On 17th March, 1926, an Act was assented to, which provided for a redistribution of the State into ninety single seat electorates and for the repeal of the system of proportional representation upon completion of the redistribution and the preparation of the rolls.

The repeal of the Casual Vacancies Acts was also provided for, to take effect upon the issue of the writs for the first General Election on the basis of single seat electorates, and from that date casual vacancies are to be filled by the holding of by-elections. Preferential voting was also provided for.

In March, 1927, an Act was assented to which provided for a further redistribution for the purpose of giving the rural districts a greater measure of representation by increasing the number of electorates within the country area by at least three.

The duration of the Assembly is three years, but it may be dissolved by the Governor at any time.

The amount paid to members was increased from £600 per annum to £875 per annum as from 1st July, 1925.

Members may also travel free over the Government railways and tramways in the State, and are provided with official stamped envelopes for the transmission of correspondence through the post.

Shipping Entered and Cleared.

Year ended 30th June.	British Tonnage. (Net.)	Total Tonnage. (Net.)
1917 ...	10,271,791	11,606,134
1918 ...	7,613,700	8,824,789
1919 ...	7,436,035	8,753,621
1920 ...	9,084,635	10,736,789
1921 ...	11,479,469	14,245,540
1922 ...	12,482,504	14,248,337
1923 ...	14,172,716	16,586,491
1924 ...	15,252,037	17,893,784
1925 ...	15,041,535	18,104,671
1926 ...	13,929,524	17,029,323
1927 ...	—	18,525,699

Finances.

Year ended 30th June.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	£	£
1917	20,522,097	20,790,895
1918	21,543,742	21,519,918
1919	23,448,166	23,233,398
1920	28,650,496	30,210,013
1921	34,031,396	34,476,892
1922	35,637,820	36,966,525
1923	36,145,944	35,342,436
1924	37,351,809	37,251,419
1925†	39,549,048	40,336,783
1926†	41,569,166	42,820,400
1927†	47,059,765	45,820,400

† Including portion of proceeds of motor taxation collected and paid to Main Roads Board, and the revenue and expenditure of the metropolitan water supply and sewerage works, items which are not now included in the accounts of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

OVERSEA IMPORTS.
Country of Origin.

Year ended 30th June.	U.K.	Other British Possessions and Protectorates.*	Colonies.	Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£
1917	14,260,293	5,432,903	13,059,101	32,742,297	
1918	9,356,813	5,532,171	14,631,002	29,519,986	
1919	13,978,376	9,740,192	22,294,534	46,013,102	
1920	15,591,284	7,863,748	21,235,567	44,690,590	
1921	32,960,437	8,279,706	31,226,245	72,466,388	
1922	19,969,726	5,492,389	17,859,363	43,321,478	
1923	25,651,718	7,041,535	21,316,830	55,010,083	
1924	24,639,057	8,114,939	25,471,044	58,225,040	
1925	27,438,475	7,714,785	31,168,487	66,321,747	
1926	26,641,934	8,614,922	28,753,063	64,009,919	
1927	26,832,321	9,920,532	32,193,874	68,946,777	

OVERSEA EXPORTS.

Year ended 30th June.	To U.K.	To other British Possessions and Protectorates.*	Colonies.	Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£
1917	23,906,117	12,098,164	14,286,543	50,290,824	
1918	17,267,342	10,661,804	11,689,947	39,619,093	
1919	23,584,416	13,927,893	13,515,050	51,027,359	
1920	26,009,277	10,965,772	18,042,016	55,017,065	
1921	20,630,150	11,235,612	20,736,044	52,601,806	
1922	18,805,323	7,026,533	22,180,999	48,012,855	
1923	14,787,084	5,451,357	22,343,481	42,581,922	
1924	13,399,065	5,596,386	24,151,695	43,147,146	
1925	20,405,113	6,765,584	33,406,508	60,577,205	
1926	15,674,127	6,243,134	32,084,553	54,001,814	
1927	15,281,383	5,732,275	41,801,418	62,815,076	

The net revenue from Import Duties in 1926-27 was 14,143,132*l.* and from Excise 5,700,350*l.*

* Includes Pacific Islands under British Mandate.
† For the years 1923, 1926 and 1927 represents Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Funded Debt.

The amount of the Funded Debt on the 30th June, 1927, was 227,834,417*l.* (exclusive of Debentures issued for closer settlement, amounting to 2,395,050*l.* and 10,885,149*l.* raised for redemption purposes and proceeds not credited), with average rate of interest 4·8 per cent. Of this amount about 88 per cent. has been spent on reproductive works.

Population (including Aborigines).

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Census of 1871	275,551	228,430	503,981
" 1881	411,149	340,319	751,468
" 1891	612,562	519,672	1,132,234
" 1901	712,456	646,677	1,359,133
" 1911	858,850	789,896	1,648,746
" 1921	1,072,424	1,029,544	2,101,968
" 30th June, 1927† (estimated)	1,208,775	1,163,473	2,372,248

† Excludes population in Federal Territory—in 1911, 1,724 persons (967 males and 727 females), and in 1921, 2,572 persons (1,567 males and 1,005 females).

At the census of 1921 the Aborigines of full blood and half-castes in a nomadic state numbered 923 males, 674 females, or a total of 1,597.

	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages.
1926 ...	53,126	22,188	19,219

Annual Rate per 1,000 of Population.

	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages.
1926 ...	22·9	9·6	8·3

Deaths under 1 per 1,000 births, 1926, 57·6.

Chief Municipalities and Population.

Municipality.	Census 1901.	Census 1911.	Census 1921.	Estimated, 31-12-26.
Sydney & suburbs	487,900*	636,388	905,947	1,070,510
Newcastle and suburbs	54,991	55,380	86,255	99,530
Broken Hill . . .	27,500	30,974	2,633	24,010
Parramatta . . .	12,500	12,476	14,802	16,400
Auburn . . .	2,948	5,559	13,565	17,710
Granville . . .	5,094	7,231	13,320	16,500
Lithgow . . .	5,268	8,196	13,276	16,380
Goulburn . . .	10,612	10,023	12,596	11,940
Maitland, E. and W.	10,073	11,318	12,005	12,960
Bankstown . . .	1,246	2,039	10,602	17,270
Lidcombe . . .	4,496	5,419	10,519	13,540
Katoomba . . .	2,270	4,924	9,054	10,020

* Excludes Ku-ring-gai Shire which has been included since 1911.

DEPARTMENTS, ETC.

State.

*Governors since 1920.**

Lieut.-Gov. Admiral Sir Harry H. Rawson, R.N., G.C.B., 27th May, 1902, to 27th May, 1909.
Lieut.-Gov., The Right Hon. Sir F. M. Darley, P.C., G.C.M.G., 7th June, 1905, to 29th December, 1905.
Administrator of the Govt., Hon. G. B. Simpson, Acting Chief Justice, 24th March, 1909, to 28th May, 1909.
 Right Hon. Lord Chelmsford, G.C.M.G., 28th May, 1909, to 11th March, 1913.
Administrator, Hon. Sir G. B. Simpson, Kt., 21st December, 1909, to 27th January, 1910.
Lieut.-Gov., Hon. Sir W. P. Cullen, Kt., LL.D., 26th April to 12th November, 1911, and 11th to 14th March, 1913.

* For Governors previous to 1902, see edition for 1:27.

Sir Gerald Strickland, G.C.M.G., 14th March, 1913, to 27th October, 1917.
Lieut.-Gov., Hon. Sir W. P. Cullen, Kt., LL.D., 30th April, 1917, to 17th February, 1918.
Gov., Sir Walter E. Davidson, K.C.M.G., 18th February, 1918, to 14th September, 1923 (died 16th September, 1923).
Lieut.-Gov., Hon. Sir W. P. Cullen, K.C.M.G., 14th September, 1923, to 27th February, 1924.
Gov., Sir Dudley R. S. de Chair, K.C.B., 28th February, 1924.

Former Ministries.

Name.	Date.
1. S. A. Donaldson	6th June, 1886
2. Charles Cowper	26th August, 1886
3. H. W. Parker	8rd October, 1886
4. Charles Cowper	7th September, 1887
5. William Forster	27th October, 1889
6. John Robertson	9th March, 1890
7. Charles Cowper	10th January, 1891
8. James Martin	18th October, 1893
9. Charles Cowper	3rd February, 1896
10. James Martin, Q.C.	22nd January, 1896
11. John Robertson	27th October, 1898
12. Charles Cowper	13th January, 1870
13. Sir James Martin, Kt. Q.C.	16th December, 1870
14. Henry Parkes	14th May, 1872
15. John Robertson	9th February, 1875
16. Henry Parkes	22nd March, 1877
17. Sir J. Robertson, K.C.M.G.	17th August, 1877
18. J. S. Farnell	18th December, 1877
19. Sir H. Parkes, K.C.M.G.	21st December, 1878
20. Alexander Stuart	5th January, 1883
21. G. R. Dibbs	7th October, 1885
22. Sir J. Robertson, K.C.M.G.	22nd December, 1885
23. Sir P. A. Jennings, K.C.M.G.	26th February, 1886
24. Sir H. Parkes, G.C.M.G.	20th January, 1887
25. G. R. Dibbs	17th January, 1889
26. Sir H. Parkes, G.C.M.G.	8th March, 1889
27. Sir G. R. Dibbs, K.C.M.G.	23rd October, 1891
28. Rt. Hon. G. H. Reid, P.C.	3rd August, 1894
29. Sir W. J. Lyne, K.C.M.G.	14th September, 1899
30. Sir John See, K.C.M.G.	25th March, 1901
31. Thomas Waddell	15th June, 1904
32. J. H. Carruthers	30th August, 1904
33. C. G. Wade, K.C.	2nd October, 1907
34. J. S. T. McGowen	21st October, 1910
35. W. A. Holman	30th June, 1913
36. National (W.A. Holman)	15th November, 1916
37. J. Storey	13 April, 1920
38. J. Dooley	10th October, 1921
39. Sir Geo. W. Fuller, K.C.M.G.	20th December, 1921
40. J. Dooley	20th December, 1921
41. Sir George W. Fuller, K.C.M.G. (Coalition)	13th April, 1922
42. J. T. Lang	17th June, 1925
43. T. R. Bavin	October, 1927

Legislative Council.

Hon. F. Flowers, *President*, 1,200l.

The Hon. B. B. O'Connor, LL.B., *Chairman of Committees*, 700l.

Members.

Ainsworth, The Hon. W.
 Akhurst, The Hon. C. A.
 Alam, The Hon. A. A.
 Archer, The Hon. G. S.
 Ashton, The Hon. J.
 Black, The Hon. G.
 Black, The Hon. R. J.
 Boyce, The Hon. F. S. (*Attorney General, Vice-President of the Executive Council, and Representative of the Government*).
 Braddon, The Hon. Sir Henry Yule, K.B.E.

Brennan, The Hon. W.
 Bridges, The Hon. C. B.
 Brooks, The Hon. W.
 Browne, The Hon. J. A.
 Bryant, The Hon. F. H.
 Buzacott, The Hon. N. J.
 Carey, The Hon. W.
 Carruthers, The Hon. Sir Joseph Hector, K.C.M.G.
 Coates, The Hon. J. F.
 Cole, The Hon. S. L.
 Concannon, The Hon. J. M.
 Connington, The Hon. M. J.
 Cotter, The Hon. L.
 Cox, The Hon. Sir Edward Owen, G.B.E.
 Creed, The Hon. J. M.
 Cruickshank, The Hon. R. W.
 Culbert, The Hon. J.
 Dewar, The Hon. G. A.
 Dick, The Hon. W. T.
 Dickson, The Hon. W. E.
 Doyle, The Hon. H. M.
 Doyle, The Hon. T. P.
 Earp, The Hon. G. F., C.B.E.
 Estell, The Hon. J.
 Farleigh, The Hon. J. G.
 Farrar, The Hon. E. H. (*Minister for Labour and Industry*).
 FitzGerald, The Hon. R. G. D.
 Flowers, The Hon. F. (*President*).
 Grayndler, The Hon. E.
 Hemsley, The Hon. A. M.
 Hephner, The Hon. J.
 Hickey, The Hon. S.
 Higgins, The Hon. J. F.
 Hood, The Hon. J. E.
 Holden, The Hon. T. D. P.
 Horne, The Hon. H. E.
 Hughes, The Hon. Sir Thomas, Kt.
 Hunt, The Hon. A. E.
 Innes-Noad, The Hon. S. R.
 Kater, The Hon. N. W.
 Kavanagh, The Hon. E. J.
 Keegan, The Hon. J.
 Kelly, The Hon. W. P.
 Kirkness, The Hon. W. E.
 Lane Mullins, The Hon. John, M.A.
 Latimer, The Hon. W. F.
 Lyons, The Hon. J. D.
 Number of members quorum, 26.
 Macarthur - Onslow, Colonel the Hon. J. W.
 Mackay, Major-General The Hon. J. A. K. C.B., V.D., O.B.E.
 Magrath, The Hon. E. C.
 Mahony, The Hon. R.
 Malone, The Hon. D.
 McDonald, The Hon. G. R. W.
 McGirr, The Hon. P. M.
 McIntosh, The Hon. H. D.
 Meeks, The Hon. Sir Alfred William, K.B.E.
 Minahan, The Hon. J. M.
 Murdoch, The Hon. J. A., C.M.G.
 Murray, The Hon. T. G.
 Nesbitt, The Hon. G.
 Oakes, The Hon. C. W., C.M.G.
 O'Connor, The Hon. B. B. (*Chairman of Committees*).
 O'Regan, The Hon. J. F.
 Peden, Prof. The Hon. J. E.
 Percival, The Hon. J. W.
 Pillans, The Hon. R.
 Playfair, Lieut.-Col. The Hon. T. A. J., D.S.O., O.B.E., V.D.
 Robson, The Hon. W. E. V.
 Ryan, The Hon. J. (*Honorary Minister*).
 Ryan, The Hon. L. W.
 Shakespeare, The Hon. T. M.
 Sinclair, The Hon. A.
 Smith, The Hon. D. M.
 Smith, The Hon. Sir Joynton, K.B.E.
 Smith, The Hon. T. J.
 Spicer, The Hon. F. W.
 Sproule, The Hon. R.
 Storey, The Hon. T.
 Suttor, The Hon. J. B.
 Taylor, The Hon. Sir Allen Arthur, Kt.
 Travers, The Hon. J.
 Trethowan, The Hon. A. K.
 Tyrrell, The Hon. T. J.
 Varley, The Hon. G. H. G.
 Waddell, The Hon. T.
 Wall, The Hon. F. E.
 Warden, The Hon. W. D.
 Wetherspoon, The Hon. J.
 Willis, The Hon. A. C.
 Wise, The Hon. J. H.
 Wrench, The Hon. G.
 Yager, The Hon. A. W.
 required to form a

Legislative Assembly (90 Members).

Speaker, The Hon. D. Levy, 1,675l.

Chairman of Committees, R. B. Walker, Esq., 1,115l.

Members.

Constituencies.

Anderson, D. M.	Eastwood.
Arkins, J. G. D.	Rockdale.
Arthur, The Hon. R.	Mosman.
Baddeley, J. M.	Cessnock.
Ball, The Hon. R. T.	Corowa.
Bate, H. J.	South Coast.
Bavin, The Hon. T. R., K.C.	Gordon.
Bennett, The Hon. W.	Gloucester.
Best, E. O.	Ashburnham.
Booth, G.	Kurri Kurri.
Bruntnell, The Hon. A.	Paramatta.
Bruxner, Lt.-Col. The Hon. M. F., D.S.O.	Tenterfield.
Budd, A. E.	Byron.
Burke, F. M.	Newtown.
Burke, M.	Phillip.
Butler, W. J.	Hurstville.
Buttenshaw, The Hon. E. A.	Lachlan.
Cahill, J. J.	St. George.
Cameron, R., Junr.	Wallsend.
Cameron, W.	Upper Hunter.
Carter, H. C.	Liverpool Plains.
Chaffey, Capt. The Hon. F. A.	Tamworth.
Clyne, D.	King.
Connell, Major H. J., D.S.O., M.C.	Kahibah.
Connolly, P.	Newcastle.
Davidson, M. A.	Murray.
Davies, W.	Wollongong.
Drummond, The Hon. D. H.	Armistdale.
Dunn, Captain W. F.	Mudgee.
Ely, W. T.	Granville.
Evatt, H. V.	Balmain.
Fitzpatrick, The Hon. J. C. L.	Orange.
Flannery, The Hon. M. M.	Murrumbidgee.
Foster, W. F.	Vaucluse.
Fuller, The Hon. Sir George W., K.C.M.G.	Wollondilly.
Glasgow, C. F. S.	Waverlay.
Goldstein, H.	Coogee.
Gosling, M.	Oatley.
Hedges, W. W.	Monaro.
Henley, Sir Thomas, K.B.E.	Burwood.
Hoad, K. O.	Cootamundra.
Horsington, E. M.	Sturt.
Jackson, J.	Nepean.
Jaques, H. V.	Bondi.
Jarvie, Major M. L. F., M.C.	Ashfield.
Keegan, T.	Glebe.
Kelly, C. A.	Bathurst.
Kilpatrick, M.	Wagga.
Knight, H.	Hartley.
Lamaro, J.	Enmore.
Lang, J. T.	Auburn.
Lazzarini, The Hon. C. C.	Marrickville.
Lee, J. R.	Drummoynne.
Levy, The Hon. D.	Paddington.
Lynght, A. A.	Illawarra.
McDicken, H. J.	Ryde.
McGirr, J.	Bankstown.
McKell, W. J.	Redfern.
Main, H.	Temora.
Marks, E. S.	North Sydney.

Members.

Constituencies.

Martin, L. O.	Oxley.
Missingham, W. T.	Lismore.
Murray, D.	Hamilton.
Mutch, T. D.	Botany.
Ness, J. T.	Dulwich Hill.
Olds, B. C.	Leichhardt.
O'Hearn, W. F.	Maitland.
O'Sullivan, M.	Woollahra.
Pollack, A. J.	Clarence.
Quirk, J.	Rozelle.
Ratcliffe, W. J.	Alexandria.
Reid, Major A. D., M.C.	Young.
Reid, A. A. E. E. V.	Manly.
Ross, J.	Albury.
Sanders, E. L.	Willoughby.
Scully, W. J.	Namoi.
Shand, Major J. B., V.D.	Hornsby.
Shannon, T. J.	Surry Hills.
Stanley, F.	Lakemba.
Stevens, The Hon. B. S.	Croydon.
Stuart-Robertson, R. J.	Annandale.
Thorby, The Hon. H. V. C.	Castlereagh.
Tonge, A.	Canterbury.
Tresidder, E. P.	Randwick.
Tully, J. M.	Goulburn.
Vincent, R. S.	Raleigh.
Walker, R. B.	Hawkesbury.
Walmsley, B. C.	Lane Cove.
Wearne, The Hon. W. E.	Barwon.
Weaver, R. W. D.	Neutral Bay.

Legislative Council.

Clerk of the Parliaments, W. L. S. Cooper, 893l.
Assistant Clerk, C. H. H. Calvert, 693l.
Usher of the Black Rod and First Clerk, W. E. Clapin, 593l.

Legislative Assembly.

Clerk of Assembly, S. G. Boydell, 1,250l.
Clerk Assistant, W. R. McCourt, 804l.
2nd Assistant, F. B. Langley, 686l.
Serjeant-at-Arms and Clerk of Select Committees, H. L. Harnett, 699l.
1st Clerk and Clerk of Records, L. G. Langley, 555l.
Clerk of Bills and Chief Reader, J. M. Webb, 547l.
Parliamentary Accountant, A. Hurley, 544l.
Clerk in Charge of Printed Papers, N. Robbins, 477l.

Parliamentary Library.

Librarian, J. J. Quinn, 830l.

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Administrative Assistant, E. H. Swift.

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Government Architect, R. M. S. Wells.
Chief Electrical Engineer, H. G. Carter.
Accountant, J. Robertson.
Chief Survey Draftsman, D. R. Alderton.

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Designing Engineer, E. G. Stokes.
Supervising Engineers, J. J. Richardson, E. W. Nardin.

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Supervising Architect, H. B. Cranna.

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Superintendent of Stores, G. E. Peterson.
Secretary to Minister, E. Winch.
Senior Accounts Officer, J. B. Dalton.

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General Manager, A. C. Waters.
Secretary, T. H. Tennant.
Accountant, T. R. V. Hughes.

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Manager, J. R. Cameron.

State Brick Works.

Manager, H. S. Dale.

State Monier, Pipe, &c., Works.

Manager C. T. Stephens.

State Metal Quarries.

Manager, W. C. A. Parsons.

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Accountant and Paymaster, C. H. Campbell.
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Assessor and Receiver, F. J. Henry.
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Sewerage Engineer, J. N. C. MacTaggart.
Water Engineer, H. J. Renwick.
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Reconstituted 1925.
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 Stockton, Carrington A. Griffith.
 Wickham and Waratah E. Parker.
 Merewether, Hamilton J. M. Cram.
 Adamstown, New Lambton, }
 Lambton W. H. Jefferson.

Wallsend, Lake Macquarie, W. Beath.
Tarro.
West Maitland, East Maitland J. W. Birk-
and Morpeth enhead.
Cessnock and Kearsley J. Cousins.
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Chief Engineer, J. M. C. Corlette, C.M.G.,
D.S.O., B.E., Assoc. M.Inst.C.E.
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M.Inst. Mech. E.
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Assistant Railway Commissioners, O. W. Brain,
M.I.E.E., 2,500l.; A. D. J. Forster, M.Inst.E.
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Secretary, W. J. Morris, 1,400l.
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Traffic Auditor, W. H. Denneen, 1,000l.
Assistant Traffic Auditor, T. J. Mahoney, 710l.

Locomotive Branch, Railways.

Chief Mechanical Engineer, E. E. Lucy, 1,750l.
Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer, W. A. G.
Douglas, 1,300l.
Superintendent of Workshops, T. E. Barnes,
1,150l.
General Works Manager, J. Warren, 956l.
Superintendent of Carriage and Wagon Shops
J. Stewart, 721l.
Superintendent of Staff, A. E. Heaydon, 863l.
Locomotive Superintendent, W. Mecham, 821l.

Permanent Way Branch, Railways.

Engineer-in-Chief, R. L. Ranken, 1,560l.
Chief Assistant Engineer-in-Chief, W. B. Hudson,
1,000l.
Supervising Engineer, A. C. Fewtrell, 850l.
Divisional Engineers, W. R. H. Melville, 644l.;
E. G. Butcher, 708l.; J. V. Menzies, 711l.; J.
Hunter, 675l.

Traffic Branch, Railways.

Chief Traffic Manager and Metropolitan Area
Commissioner, C. A. Hodgson, 1,750l.
Assistant to Metropolitan Area Commissioner, D.
Ross, 1,250l.
Southern Area Commissioner, D. J. Reid, 1,250l.
Northern Area Commissioner, W. C. Quinton,
1,250l.
Western Area Commissioner, F. J. H. Williams,
1,250l.
Goods and Rolling Stock Superintendent, C. J.
Goode, 1,250l.
Superintendent of Passenger Transportation,
R. H. S. Attwill, 800l.

Signalling Branch.

Signal Engineer, C. B. Byles, 1,050l.

Stores Branch.

Comptroller of Stores, F. C. Garside, 1,250l.
Chief Stores Assistant, W. A. Clarke, 850l.

Traffic Branch, Tramways.

Tramway Traffic Manager, E. J. Doran, 1,400l.
Assistant Tramway Traffic Manager, C. N.
Neale, 1,000l.

Electrical Branch, Railways and Tramways.

Chief Electrical Engineer, W. H. Myers, M.I.E.E.
(Aus.), 1,450l.
Chief Assistant Electrical Engineer, W. F. S.
Corner, 1,100l.

Permanent Way Branch, Tramways.

Engineer for Tramways, A. G. Wray, 1,050l.
Chief Assistant Engineer for Tramways, D. J. R.
Jephcott, 750l.

Railway and Tramway Construction Branch.

Chief Engineer for Railway and Tramway Con-
struction, F. E. Wickham, M.Inst.C.E., 1,250l.
Chief Engineer for Metropolitan Railway Con-
struction, Doctor J. J. C. Bradfield, 1,200l.

General.

Solicitor for Railways, J. S. Cargill, 1,600l.
Assistant Solicitor, F. W. Brettnall, 1,075l.
Chief Railway Medical Officer, Dr. T. L. O'Reilly,
1,150l.
Assistant Medical Officers, Dr. B. Foulds, 1,050l.;
Dr. M. R. Finlayson, 850l.; Dr. H. M. Taylor,
750l.
Estate Agent and General Manager of Railway
Refreshment Rooms, P. S. Hunt, 1,400l.
Chairman, Staff Board, R. Blanch, 1,250l.
Director, Railway and Tramway Institute, D.
Cumming, 800l.
Director, Railway and Tramway Statistical
Bureau, W. Carroll, 1,188l.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND EXPLOSIVES.

Secretary for Mines, Capt. The Hon. F. A.
Chaffey, M.L.A.
Under-Secretary, Warden and Superintendent
Explosives Department, F. S. Mance, J.P.,
1,307l.
Assistant Under-Secretary and Warden, H.
Farr, J.P., 857l.
Inspector and Royalty Officer, A. N. Graham,
657l.
Registrar and Officer-in-Charge of Lease and In-
quiry Branches, J. A. Quinlan, 607l.
Accountant and Officer-in-Charge of Miners'
Accident Relief Branch, G. H. Barnett, 507l.
Clerk-in-Charge of Correspondence and Records,
F. J. Massey, 607l.
Chief Inspector of Coal Mines, J. P. Hindmarsh,
957l.
Chief Inspector of Mines and Superintendent of
Diamond Drills, J. B. Jaquet, 957l.
Chief Draftsman, M. F. Macdonald, 707l.
Government Geologist, E. C. Andrews, 1,007l.
Clerk-in-Charge, Explosives Department, R. A.
Crockett, 607l.
Secretary to Prospecting Board, J. E. Lancaster,
457l.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION AND SUBORDINATE DEPARTMENTS.

Minister of Public Instruction, Hon. D. H.
Drummond.
Under-Secretary and Director, S. H. Smith,
1,507l. 16s. 6d.
Assistant Under-Secretary, B. C. Harkness,
M.A., 907l. 16s. 6d.
Chief Inspector of Primary Schools and Deputy
Director of Education, S. Lasker, M.A.,
907l. 16s. 6d.

Chief Inspector of Secondary Schools, W. J. Elliott, M.A., B.Sc., 950*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.*
Accountant, C. G. Johnston, 757*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Chief Clerk, T. Green, 757*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Examiner of Accounts (vacant), 617*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.*
Principal of Training College, A. Mackie, M.A., 1,007*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*, also *Professor of Education*, University of Sydney, 100*l.*
Vice-Principal, Dr. P. R. Cole, M.A., 882*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* and fees.
Principal Medical Officer, Harvey Sutton, M.D., D.P.H., O.B.E., 1,202*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*
Acting Architect, A. Sparke, 657*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*

Conservatorium of Music.

Director, W. Arundel Orchard, 1,257*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Registrar, Noel L. Salmon, 650*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.*

Australian Museum.

Director, Dr. C. Anderson, 1,002*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*

National Art Gallery of New South Wales.

Director and Secretary, G. V. F. Mann, 657*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*

Public Library.

Principal Librarian, W. H. Ifould, 1,007*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Librarian, Mitchell Library, Hugh Wright, 590*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.*

Technical Education Branch.

Superintendent, J. Nangle, 1,107*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Acting Registrar, E. Forbes, 700*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.*

Technological Museum.

Curator (vacant), 800*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.*
Economic Zoologist, T. C. Roughley, 590*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.*
Economic Chemist, A. R. Penfold, 600*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Economic Botanist, M. B. Welch, 590*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.*

Child Welfare Relief Department.

Secretary, W. E. Bethel, 1,207*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*

DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

Minister for Local Government, Hon. T. Keegan, M.L.A.
Under Secretary, William Walker.
Chief Clerk, H. E. Street.
Inspectors of Accounts, W. R. Wylie and H. C. Burns.

First Clerk, C. H. N. Smart.
Senior Accounts Clerk, B. B. C. Hughes.
Chief Engineer, R. Vowell.
Senior Inspecting Engineer, Metropolitan District, C. W. Jenkins.
Supervising Engineers, G. W. J. Downey and L. G. Bucknell.

Sub-Department—Valuer General's Department.
Valuer General and Land Resumption Officer to the Government, G. H. Legge.

Valuers, O. L. Wild, J. Mortimer, J. B. Cane, A. L. Hinton, V. G. Manning, J. F. Leacock, E. H. S. Croxon, W. Robertson, F. P. Pring, H. H. P. Braddock, J. T. Smith, A. A. Cook, W. G. Cameron, V. G. Rush.
Chief Clerk, H. A. N. Puddicombe.
Registrar, E. Miller.

Electrical Contractors and Electricians Licensing Board.

President, J. A. Beasley.
Members, H. R. Forbes MacKay, D. E. Black, H. G. Holle, J. Stewart, J. Stokes, A. Waddell.
Secretary, R. Daly.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Minister of Agriculture, Hon. P. V. Stokes, M.L.A.
Under-Secretary, G. D. Ross, 1,307*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* per annum.
Director, A. H. E. McDonald, 952*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*
Accountant, W. R. Waddington, D.E.C., 702*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*
Sheep and Wool Expert, E. A. Elliott, 602*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*
Chief Chemist, A. A. Ramsay, 882*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Director of Plant Breeding, H. Wenholz, B.Sc. (Agric.), 802*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*
Chief Instructor, H. C. Stening, 602*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.*
Fruit Expert and Irrigationist, W. J. Allen, 780*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.*
Poultry Expert, J. Hadlington, 613*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.*
Herd Master (vacant), 732*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Editor of Publications, W. H. Brown, 532*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Entomologist, W. B. Gurney, B.Sc., 757*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Viticultural Expert, H. L. Manuel, 657*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Dairy Expert, L. T. MacInnes, 907*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Tobacco Expert, C. J. Tregenna, 705*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*
Supervising Architect, N. L. Jones, 507*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*

Officer-in-Charge of Exports and Imports and Chief Inspector, E. D. Butler, 657*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Senior Clerk and Accounting Officer, E. C. Hancock, D.E.C., 432*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*

Chief Engineer, Grain Elevator Construction, R. W. Adamson, B.E. (Sydney), A.M.I.E. (Aust.), 857*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Accountant, Grain Elevator Construction Branch, F. L. Hedges, 457*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Manager Government Grain Elevators, E. Harris, 907*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Engineer, Bulk Handling Branch, J. A. D. Macbeth, 765*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.*
Principal, Hawkesbury Agricultural College, E. A. Southee, O.B.E., M.A. (Oxon.), B.Sc., B.Sc. (Agric.) (Syd.), F.L.S., 822*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* and quarters, &c.
Registrar, E. S. F. Adams, 456*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* and quarters.

Managers, Experiment, &c., Farms.

Wagga Farm, H. Ross, 570*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.* and quarters.
Wollongbar Farm, A. H. Haywood, 445*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* and quarters.
Bathurst Farm, R. G. May, 497*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* and quarters.
Grafton Farm, Geo. Marks, 445*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* and quarters.
Berry Farm, C. G. F. Grant, 440*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* and quarters.
Cowra Experiment Farm, H. J. Kelly, 445*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* and quarters.
Glen Innes Farm, G. C. Sparks, 440*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* per annum and quarters.
Nyngan Farm, T. S. Rudkin, 402*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* per annum and quarters and living allowance 44*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* per annum.
Coonamble Farm, R. W. McDiarmid, 465*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.* with residence, and living allowance 50*l.*
Yanco Farm, F. G. Chomley, 454*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* per annum with quarters.
Temora Farm, L. Judd, 440*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* per annum and residence.
Condobolin Farm, E. W. Kennedy, 370*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* per annum and residence, and living allowance 40*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

Trangie Experiment Farm, A. H. MacDougall, 447l. 16s. 6d. with residence.
Superintendent, Narara Viticultural Nursery, H. G. White, 319l. 16s. 6d. per annum and quarters.
Superintendent Griffith Viticultural Nursery, N. D. Lackie, 305l. 5s. 2d. per annum and residence.
Glenfield Veterinary Research Station, J. W. Chapman (foreman), 236l. 5s. 2d. per annum, and residence.
Wauchope Bee Farm (Senior Inspector of Apiaries), W. A. Goodaore, 372l. 16s. 6d. per annum and quarters.
Government Poultry Farm, Seven Hills, E. E. Crispin (poultry instructor), 343l. 16s. 6d. per annum and quarters.

Stock Branch.

Chief Veterinary Surgeon, M. Henry, M.R.C.V.S., B.V.Sc., 807l. 16s. 6d.
Secretary, Registrar of Brands, &c., S. Smith, junior, 682l. 16s. 6d.
Director of Veterinary Research, Dr. H. R. Seddon, D.V.Sc. (Melb.), 757l. 16s. 6d. and quarters.
Chairman, Local Board of Control, Tick Quarantine Area, C. J. Sanderson, 807l. 16s. 6d.

Botanic Gardens, &c.

Biologist, Director Botanic Gardens and Officer in Charge Centennial Park, G. P. Darnell-Smith, D.Sc. (Syd.), B.Sc. (Lond.), B.Sc. (Bristol), F.I.C., F.C.S., 907l. 16s. 6d., less 120l. per annum quarters.
Curator, Botanic Gardens and Centennial Park, E. N. Ward, 582l. 16s. 6d. and quarters.
Agrostologist, J. N. Whittet, H.D.A., 582l. 16s. 6d.
Superintendent, Botanic Gardens and Outer Domain, W. Grant, 427l. 16s. 6d., less 50l. per annum quarters.
Superintendent, Garden Palace Grounds and Inner Domain, F. C. Clarke, 358l. 5s. 2d., less 50l. quarters.
Superintendent, Centennial Park, J. M. Nichol, 382l. 16s. 6d., less 65l. quarters.
Superintendent, Campbelltown Nursery, G. F. Hawkey, 358l. 5s. 2d., less 55l. quarters.

WATER CONSERVATION AND IRRIGATION COMMISSION.

Commissioners, The Hon. P. V. Stokes, M.L.A., *Minister for Agriculture* (ex officio), Chairman; H. H. Dare, M.E., M.Inst.C.E., 1,250l.; Geo. J. Evatt, 1,250l.
Principal Assistant Engineer, F. M. Smith, Assoc. M.Inst.C.E., 1,007l.
Chief Executive Officer, Murrumbidgee Irrigation Areas, Leeton, F. H. Brewster, A.M.I.E. (Aust.), 1,007l.
Secretary, H. G. Bevan, LL.B., 952l.
Engineer for Boring, R. F. Jenkins, 877l.
Manager Mirrool Irrigation Area, Griffith, J. G. Youll, 777l.
Cannery Manager, Leeton, J. Brady, 777l.
Supervising Engineer and Architect, W. Renshaw, A.M.I.E. (Aust.), 752l.
Chief Survey Draftsman and Executive Officer for Water Rights, J. E. Slade, 752l.
Resident Engineer, Burrinjuck Dam, D. F. Campbell, 727l.
Designing Engineer, Head Office, H. M. Larkins, B.E., A.M.I.E. (Aust.), 702l.

Designing Engineer, Leeton, J. M. S. Woore, B.E., Assoc. M.Inst.C.E., A.M.I.E. (Aust.), 702l.
Engineer-in-Charge of Surveys and River Gauging, P. E. Bailey, L.S., 702l.
Assistant Secretary, L. J. Hagarty, 702l.
Commercial Officer, A. E. Lewis, 702l.
Accountant, Head Office, D. Sillars, 652l.
Boring Superintendent, 1st Grade, D. W. Price, 652l.
Resident Engineer, Griffith, W. J. Whettam, A.M.I.E. (Aust.), 652l.
Acting Manager, Yanco Irrigation Area, Leeton, J. Seabrook, 632l.
Resident Electrical Engineer, Leeton, A. E. Lemaire, 627l.
Accountant, Murrumbidgee Irrigation Area, Leeton, F. S. Digby, 607l.
Legal Officer, B. J. Stanner, 602l.
Superintendent, Water Distribution and Maintenance, Griffith, F. K. Watson, A.M.I.C.E. (England), 602l.
Lands Administration Officer, Murrumbidgee Irrigation Areas, Griffith, J. Ward, 602l.
Land Settlement Inspector, Leeton, G. G. St. C. Potts, H.D.A., H.D.D., 562l.
Second Clerk and Publicity Officer, J. Messner, 557l.
Assistant Engineer and Official Trustee Bore Water Trusts, Moree, J. C. Yeo, 557l.
Superintendent, Water Distribution and Maintenance, Leeton, T. M. Wilson, 552l.
Land Settlement Inspector, Griffith, H. J. Braund, B.D.A., 532l., free residence valued 81l.
Branch Accountant, Griffith, R. M. Johnson, 502l.
Land Settlement Inspector, Yenda, S. M. Braithwaite, 477l.
Engineer and Manager, Curiwaa and Coomalla Irrigation Areas, H. Wagstaffe, 477l., value of free residence and water 32l.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR AND INDUSTRY.

Ministerial Office.

Minister for Labour and Industry, Hon. J. M. Baddeley, M.L.A.
Under-Secretary, F. W. Kitching, 1,308l.
Chief Clerk, L. W. M. Bennett, 758l.
Accountant, C. S. B. Cochrane, A.C.I.A., 658l. plus 200l. allowance.

Industrial Registrar's Office.

Industrial Registrar, A. M. Webb, 758l., plus 100l. allowance.
Chief Clerk, E. J. Kilpatrick, 558l.

Industrial Commission of N.S.W.

Industrial Commissioner, A. B. Piddington, K.C.
Deputy Commissioner, Hon. E. J. Kavanagh, M.L.C.
Chairmen of Conciliation Committees, C. J. Bellemore, T. H. W. Jackson, F. Iandon, A. Lewis, N. G. McWilliam, W. J. T. Morgan, W. F. Read.

Office of the Chief Inspector of Factories and Investigation Officer.

Chief Inspector of Factories and Investigation Officer, W. I. Taylor, 758l.
Superintending Inspector of Factories and Shops and Industrial Inspector, W. Armitage, 593l.

Superintending Inspector of Factories and Shops, and Senior Industrial Inspector, R. C. Huntley, 568l.

Superintending Inspector of Factories and Shops and Industrial Inspector, W. D. Clark, 431l.

Gas Examiner's Office.

Chief Gas Examiner, C. F. C. Evers, 656l.

Labour Exchanges and Immigration Branch.

Manager, Labour Exchanges, C. J. Bellemore, 658l.

Chief Clerk, Immigration, A. S. Davies, 560l.

Manager Government Agricultural Training Farm, Scheyville, J. F. Scully, 403l., plus quarters and 50l. allowance.

Scaffolding and Lifts Branch.

Departmental Engineer, P. A. Fildes, 783l.

THE UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.

Chancellor, The Hon. Sir William Portus Cullen, K.C.M.G., M.A., LL.D. (Lieutenant Governor of N.S.W.).

Deputy-Chancellor, The Hon. Sir Philip W. Street, K.C.M.G., B.A., (Chief Justice of N.S.W.).

*Vice-Chancellor, Professor R. S. Wallace, M.A., 1,600l.**

Registrar, Walter A. Selle, M.A., 1,100l.

Professors.

*Greek, W. J. Woodhouse, M.A., 1,100l.**

*Latin, F. A. Todd, B.A., Ph.D., 1,100l.**

*Mathematics, H. S. Carslaw, M.A., D.Sc., 1,100l.**

*Physics, O. U. Vonwiller, B.Sc., 1,100l.**

*Chemistry, C. E. Fawcitt, D.Sc., Ph.D., 1,100l.**

*Geology, L. A. Cotton, M.A., D.Sc., 1,100l.**

*Physiology, H. G. Chapman, M.D., B.S., 1,100l.**

*Pathology, David A. Welsh, M.A., B.Sc., M.D., F.R.C.P., 1,100l.**

*Veterinary Science, J. D. Stewart, M.R.C.V.S., 1,100l.**

*Agriculture, R. D. Watt, M.A., B.Sc., 1,100l.**

Education, A. Mackie, M.A., 100l.; also Principal of the Teachers' Training College.

*Economics, R. C. Mills, LL.M., D.Sc., 1,100l.**

Astronomy (vacant).

*Botany, T. G. B. Osborn, D.Sc., 1,100l.**

Organic Chemistry (vacant).

*Mechanical Engineering, Sir Henry E. Barraclough, B.E., M.M.E., Assoc. M.Inst.C.E., M.I. Mech. E., 1,100l.**

*Architecture, L. Wilkinson, A.R.I.B.A., 1,100l.**

*Philosophy, J. Anderson, M.A., 1,100l.**

History, G. A. Wood, M.A., 1,200l.

*Law, J. B. Peden, B.A., LL.B., K.C., M.L.C., 1,100l.**

*Anatomy, A. N. Burkitt, M.B., B.Sc., 1,100l.**

*Zoology, L. Harrison, B.A., B.Sc., 1,100l.**

*Civil Engineering, W. A. Miller, M.E., 1,100l.**

Medicine, A. E. Mills, M.B., Ch.M., 1,100l.

Oriental Studies, A. L. Sadler, M.A., 1,100l.

*International Law and Jurisprudence, A. H. Charteris, LL.B., 1,100l.**

*English Language, E. R. Holme, M.A., O.B.E., 1,100l.**

*English Literature, J. le Gay Brereton, B.A., 1,100l.**

*French, G. G. Nicholson, M.A., B.C.L., C.B.E., 1,100l.**

* Annuity provided in addition to salary.

*Electrical Engineering, J. P. V. Madsen, D.Sc., B.E., 1,100l.**

Dentistry, R. F. Reading, M.R.C.S., F.R.C.P., L.D.S., 1,100l.

Surgery, F. P. Sandes, M.D., Ch.M., B.Sc., 1,100l.

Psychiatry, W. C. Dawson, B.A., M.D., D.P.M., F.R.C.P., 1,100l.

Obstetrics, J. C. Windeyer, M.B., Ch.M., 1,100l.

Anthropology, A. R. Radcliffe-Brown, M.A., 1,100l.

Associate Professors.

History, J. F. Bruce, M.A., 900l.

German, E. G. Waterhouse, M.A., 900l.

Psychology, H. Tasman Lovell, M.A., Ph.D., 900l.

Physiology, H. Priestley, M.D., Ch.M., B.Sc., 900l.

Anatomy, C. W. Stump, M.D., D.Sc., 900l.

Physics, V. A. Bailey, M.A., D.Phil., 900l.

Chemistry (vacant), 900l.

Applied Mathematics, E. M. Wellish, M.A., 900l.

Geography, T. Griffith Taylor, D.Sc., B.E., B.A., F.R.G.S., 900l.

Engineering Technology and Metallurgy, F. A. Eastaugh, A.R.S.M., F.I.C., 900l.

Architectural Construction and Practice, A. S. Hook, A.R.C.A., 900l.

ECCLIASTICAL.

Archbishop of Sydney, Metropolitan of N.S. Wales, and Primate, The Most Rev. J. C. Wright, D.D.

Bishop Coadjutor of Sydney, Rt. Rev. G. A. D'Arcy-Irvine.

Bishop of Newcastle, Rt. Rev. R. S., D.D.

Bishop of Goulburn, Right Rev. L. B. Radford, D.D.

Bishop of Armidale, Right Rev. W. F. Wentworth-Sheilds, D.D.

Bishop of Bathurst, Rt. Rev. G. M. Long, C.B.E., D.D., LL.D.

Bishop Coadjutor of Bathurst (elect), Rt. Rev. A. L. Wylde, M.A.

Bishop of Riverina, Rt. Rev. R. C. Halse, M.A.

Bishop of Grafton, Rt. Rev. J. W. Ashton, D.D.

Vicar-General, Sydney, Rt. Rev. G. A. D'Arcy-Irvine, Bishop Coadjutor of Sydney.

Registrar and Official Secretary, Sydney, C. R. Walsh, Barrister-at-Law.

Delegate, Apostolic, The Most Rev. B. Cattaneo, D.D. (North Sydney).

Roman Catholic Archbishop, The Most Rev. M. Kelly, D.D. (Sydney).

Roman Catholic Bishops:—

Coadjutor Archbishop of Sydney, Most Rev. M. Sheehan, D.D.

Maitland, Rt. Rev. P. V. Dwyer, D.D.

Bathurst, Rt. Rev. M. O'Farrell, D.D.,

Coadjutor Bishop Rt. Rev. J. Norton, D.D.

Armidale, Rt. Rev. P. J. O'Connor, D.D.

Goulburn, Rt. Rev. J. Barry, D.D.

Lismore, Rt. Rev. J. Carroll, D.D.

Wilcannia-Forbes, Rt. Rev. W. Hayden, D.D.

Wagga-Wagga, Rt. Rev. J. Dwyer, D.D.

Presbyterian Church of New South Wales, Moderator, The Right Rev. D. McKay Barnet, M.A.

* Annuity provided in addition to salary.

The Methodist Church of Australasia, President of the N.S.W. Methodist General Conference.
 Rev. G. H. Hewitt.
Congregational Union of New South Wales,
 Chairman, The Rev. A. P. Doran.

Baptist Union of New South Wales, President.
 Rev. C. J. Tinsley.
The Great Synagogue, Sydney, New South Wales,
 Chief Rabbi, F. L. Cohen.
Salvation Army, Com. Sowton.

Foreign Consuls.

Country.	Name.	Rank.	Country.	Name.	Rank.
Argentina Republic.	Señor Don U. A. Bartoli	C.G.†	Germany	Busing, Dr. Hans	C.G.†
Austria	Nelson, Ivan	V.C.	Greece	Chrysanthopoulos, L.	C.G.
	Molinas, M.	V.C.†	Honduras	Matei, Señor Don	C.G.†
	Hauser, Leo	Hon. C.	Italy	Carosi, M.	V.C.†
	Lauwers, E.	C.G.†	Japan	Tokugawa, I.	C.G.
	Sagaert, H.	C.	Netherlands	Teppema, P. E.	A.C.*
Belgium	Balthasar, J.	C.		Arentz, E. K. B.	C.G.†
	Brown, Hon. Alexr.	C.†		Pauss, Olav E.	C.
	Nihotte, A.	V.C.	Norway	Waley, Sir Frederick	Hon. V.C.
Brazil	Barron, J. E.	C.		Langwill, H. C.	Hon. V.C.†
	McGirr, J. J. G.	Hon. V.C.	Panama	Gundelach, M.	C.†
Chili	Gundelach, M.	Hon. C.G.†	Paraguay	Royle, F. A.	C.G.
China	Ouei Tse-King	C.G.†	Poland	Earp, M.L.C., Hon. G. F.	C.G.
	Sze-shao-Tseng	C. de C.†	Peru	Paxton, J. Maitland	C.
Colombia	Simmonds, C. H.	C.		Alexander, W. R.	C.†
Costa Rica	Mulligan, J. J.	Hon. C.G.‡	Portugal	Cullen-Ward, Rex.	C.
Cuba	Señor Don Antonio Altamira	C.†	Roumania	Way, A. J.	Hon. C.
Czecho-Slovakia	Kuraz, Dr. R.	C.G.	Spain	Macfie, H. C.	Hon. V.C.
	Lunn, Ove	C.G.†	Sweden	Lindquist, E. H.*	C.G.
Denmark	Hansen, S. J. V.	C.		Pearce, S. G.	V.C.†
	Rasmussen, R. N.	Hon. V.C.†	Switzerland	Bloch, Eugene	C.
Ecuador	Bailey, G.	Hon. C.		Lawton, E.	C.
	Barratt, Chesley	C.A.†	United States of America	Stapleton, Wm.	S.
Estonia	Tanner, Harald	Hon. V.C.		Wormuth, R.	V.C.†
Finland	Naukler, Kaarlo, J. (M.A.)	C.A.		McDonough, D. C.	C.
				Rankin, R. L.	C.
France	Nettement, Louis	C.G.*	Uruguay	Nelson, Norman C.	Hon. C.
	Marcus, Paul	V.C.	Venezuela	Paxton, J. Maitland	C.
	Reid, John C.	C.A.†			

* Not authorised to practice any profession or engage in any commercial business.

† Melbourne. ‡ Newcastle. § Sydney.

C.G.—Consul General. C—Consul. V.C.—Vice Consul. C.A.—Consular Agent. Hon. C.—Honorary Consul. A.C.G.—Acting Consul General. A.C.—Acting Consul. C. de C.—Consul de Carrière. Temp.—Temporary.

LORD HOWE ISLAND.

Latitude, 31° 30' S. Longitude 159° 5' E.

This island lies 436 miles north-east from Sydney, and 300 miles from Port Macquarie, the nearest part of the Australian continent.

It was discovered on February 17th, 1788, by Lieutenant H. L. Ball, of H.M.S. "Supply," while on his way from Port Jackson to found a settlement at Norfolk Island. It is of volcanic origin and crescent shaped, about seven miles in length and from one-half to one-and-three-quarters in width, containing about 3,220 acres. It is of great beauty throughout and covered with a dense and most luxuriant vegetation, but from the peculiar bouldery character of the formation of the major part of its floor, it has scarcely more than 300 acres suitable for agriculture. The soil of these few acres is extremely rich, and will produce almost any sub-tropical vegetation.

No lands have been sold, and the people pay no rent, occupying the land upon sufferance only—the Government reserving the right of resuming whenever they may see fit.

The population numbers 120 souls. Very fair

and comfortable accommodation can be obtained amongst the settlers. The natural beauties of the island render it most attractive to visitors. Tourists are visiting this beautiful island in largely increasing numbers. Fish are very plentiful, and good sport can consequently be had. There is a monthly steam service to the island under the agency of Burns, Philp and Co.

The Island is a dependency of New South Wales and the Government of New South Wales have appointed a Board of Control consisting of the Hon. J. C. L. Fitzpatrick, M.L.A., Chairman; E. B. Harkness, Esquire, C.M.G. (Under-Secretary, Chief Secretary's Office, &c.); and Dr. G. P. Darnell-Smith, &c. (Director, Botanic Gardens, &c.); Members: S. L. Anderson, Chief Secretary's Office, Sydney. Secretary. The Board take charge of the affairs of the Island, and the management and control of the Kentia palm seed industry. Lord Howe Island is the home of the Kentia palms, the hardiest and most beautiful palms in the world and the seeds are collected and sold under the Board's direction. Hundreds of bushels of these seeds are shipped annually to all parts of the world.

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QUEENSLAND.

Situation and Area.

Queensland occupies the whole of the northern portion of Australia, commencing at a point on the east coast called Point Danger, in lat. $28^{\circ} 8'$ about 400 miles north of Sydney, the capital of New South Wales. The greater portion of the southern boundary is formed by the 29th parallel of south latitude. The eastern seaboard extends about 1,500 miles. Point Danger passing Cape York, the extreme northern point of the continent, and embracing the northern part of the Gulf of Carpentaria, terminates the boundary of the Northern Territory, in $10^{\circ} 40'$. Thursday Island, in Torres Straits, Moreton, Stradbroke, Fraser, Hinchinbrook, and the Isles of Wales, Wellesley, and many other islands, are included in the State. The breadth of the territory near the southern extremity is about 900 miles from the eastern coast to the meridian of 138° east longitude, which is the western boundary line of the State, separating it from the territory of South Australia. This includes the greater part of the Gulf of Carpentaria, which has a seaboard of about 750 miles. The area of the State of Queensland comprises 670,500 square miles, or 429,120,000 acres (being equal to more than the combined areas of France, Germany, Italy and the British Isles).

Early History.

Captain Cook landed in Moreton Bay in 1770, and the Brisbane River, running into Moreton Bay, was not discovered until 1823, and the Moreton Bay Settlement was formed from New South Wales in 1824. The Darling Downs were explored in 1828, and squatters or ranchers, as they are termed in America, began to settle on the rich pasture grounds. A territory was, however, not thrown open to colonisation until 1842, and, after explorations by Leichhardt, 1845-7, and by Kennedy in York Peninsula in 1847, it was separated from New South Wales on 10th December, 1859, when it became a separate colony, under the name of Queensland, with about 5,000 inhabitants, having responsible government from the time of the proclamation declaring the colony distinct.

Climate and Physical Features.

The climate is comparable to that of Madeira, the mean temperature being high but constant. The northern part is tropical. The mean temperature at Brisbane is about $69^{\circ} 8'$, the extreme range during 1926 being from $41^{\circ} 1'$ to $96^{\circ} 8'$. The rainfall in the interior is scanty and variable; the total for the year at Brisbane was about 30.81 inches in 106 wet days; mean barometer 30.003.

The country extending along the eastern seaboard is indented with several fine bays and estuaries, which are the outlets of rivers, a number of which are navigable for good-sized vessels.

A mountain range, called the "Main," or "Great Dividing Range," extends throughout the greater portion of the colony: it is a continuation of the Main range, or Cordillera of New South Wales and Victoria, and runs northerly throughout its course, and continues its course northerly to its termination at Cape York, the most northerly point of the continent of Australia. At or near the 21st parallel of south latitude another range leaves the Great Divide nearly at right angles, and traversing the State westerly, separates the

waters flowing east, south and west from those which, flowing northerly, debouch into the Gulf of Carpentaria. Between this range and the eastern shore are situated the highest mountains in the country, viz., the Bellenden Kerr Range, which reach an elevation of over 5,000 feet above the sea level.

Products and Industries.

Between the main range and the sea, especially on the banks of the rivers, there are large quantities of good alluvial land, which in its natural state is covered with a dense growth of timber. Much of this, in the more settled portions of the country, has been cleared and cultivated, and is found to yield a remunerative return to the farmers, who are usually small proprietors, cultivating the soil principally with their own labour, and growing chiefly sugar, maize, wheat, English and sweet potatoes, cotton, and semi-tropical fruits and vegetables.

Sugar growing is a very important industry. In 1926 there were 266,519 acres under cane, of which the crops on 189,312 acres were crushed, yielding a return of 2,925,662 tons of cane, which produced 389,272 tons of sugar at 94 % net titre.

Maize was grown on 137,542 acres, and returned a yield of 2,658,895 bushels.

Tobacco Cultivation.—During the year ended 31st Dec., 1926, 125 acres yielded 102,784 lbs. of cured leaf.

The cultivation of cotton is now being undertaken on a large scale, and during 1926, 31,460 acres were under this crop of which 18,743 acres produced 9,059,907 lbs. of unginned cotton.

*In 1926 the quantity of land under arrowroot was 831 acres, which yielded 9,235 tons of tuber. A small proportion of this root is utilised for pig food.

Amongst other fruits, bananas occupied 16,489 acres, of which 11,122 acres produced 2,754,796 bunches of fruit. Pineapples, 4,235 acres, of which 3,274 acres produced 953,248 dozen. Oranges, 3,899 (2,734 bearing, 1,165 not bearing) acres, with 283,775 bushels. The total value of all crops for 1926 was 12,181,917.

Much of the country to the west of the dividing range of mountains is elevated tableland, consisting of wide plains, sparsely timbered but well grassed and watered, embracing many millions of acres of excellent agricultural soil. Within a certain distance of the mountains where the rainfall is tolerably regular, most of the land is well adapted for the production of wheat. This is cultivated in the neighbourhood of Toowoomba and Warwick on the Darling Downs; also at Roma and Mitchell further to the west. There is every prospect of the area of cultivation extending to the Burnett District and further west in the near future. In 1926, out of the total area planted with this cereal, 2,794 acres were mown for hay, and 57,084 acres yielded 379,339 bushels of grain.

Grazing is far in advance of tillage farming in the State, and there are 1,858 squatted "runs" or tracts of land, containing 186,382,240 acres, leased from the Government at a very low annual rental, more than half the number of which are surveyed,

*Outside Australia there are restrictions as to the term "Arrowroot." Although it is admitted that the product in Queensland—derived from "Canna Edulis"—meets all requirements, yet the term "Arrowroot" having been acquired by virtue of many years of trading, dealing with the product of another plant, namely "Maranta Arundinacea," the Queensland product has been practically prevented from entering the English market without such qualifications on the package as would prevent sale and exportation outside the Commonwealth.

besides which an additional area of 81,464,121 acres are leased as grazing farms, homesteads, and 28,086,600 under occupation licence. Number of horses, 571,622, cattle, 5,464,845, sheep, 16,860,772 swine, 183,622.

Wool produced, 1925-26, expressed as greasy, 146,985,689 lbs., value 10,993,305*l*.

The chief exports overseas of home production were:

	1924-25.	1925-26.
	£	£
Wool	11,992,952	12,943,988
Live Stock ..	44,729	52,053
Meat (including bacon hams, pork, etc.), and extract ..	4,184,246	3,456,964
Hides	479,504	501,792
Tallow	598,048	521,768
Fruit and vegetables, green and preserved	12,766	621
Butter, cheese & milk	3,135,159	2,679,709
Furred and "other" skins	12,754	24,434
Fish and oysters ..	21,446	6,996
Silver Matte ..	23,007	34,418
Hoofs, horns, bones and hair	45,522	36,912
Copper Matte (con- centrates)	NIL	1,300
Lead Matte	73,351	106,288
Trochus Shell ..	44,086	73,727
Sandalwood	18,682	4,121
Precious Stones unset	26,533	47,851
Lard and Refined Animal Fat	10,360	14,707
Leather	15,059	28,450
Skins	180,644	218,730
Cobalt	38,852	17,655
Butter Substitutes ..	93,127	74,916
Cotton (Raw)	375,849	275,824
Copper Ore	1,737	2,644
Gold Matte	2,662	3,163
Silver and Silver Lead	47,092	15,073
Sugar	2,090,331	4,999,902
Bêche de Mer	NIL	2,165

Goods sent to other States of Australia are not now counted as exports.

On account of this the details given above for some items are of practically no value. Many products, notably sugar, agricultural produce and fruit, gold, etc., are transhipped in other States and are not officially recorded as Queensland exports.

The imports are apparel and soft goods, vehicles, oils in bulk, implements and machinery, metals and manufactures thereof, iron and steel, paper, etc.

About 54 per cent. of Queensland's direct overseas trade is with the United Kingdom, whilst 58 per cent. is within the British Empire.

The percentages with foreign countries in 1925-26 were as follows: United States of America, 10.78; France, 9.09; Japan, 5.45; Germany, 4.89; Belgium, 4.64; and Italy, 2.54.

The mining industry is one of the most important in the State.

Queensland's mineral output during recent years has shown successive decreases which, however, do not necessarily imply that her mining is at an end.

During 1926 gold was obtained chiefly from the following fields: Gympie, Kilkwane and Glastonbury, Ravenswood, Mt. Coolon, Etheridge, Oaks and Woolgar, Batavia River, Cloncurry, and Charters Towers.

The production for the year was 10,339 fine ozs., valued at 43,914*l*.

Many other minerals are worked in the State. The principal of which and their value for 1926 were:—

Tin.—174,147*l*.—Chief centres of production: Chillagoe, Cooktown, Herberton, Kangaroo Hills, and Stanthorpe.

Lead.—116,156*l*.—Chief centres: Burketown, Chillagoe, Cloncurry, Etheridge and Herberton.

Copper.—73,591*l*.—Chief centres of production: Cloncurry, Herberton, Mt. Perry.

Silver.—31,568*l*.—Chief centres: Chillagoe, Etheridge, Herberton.

Limestone.—36,657*l*.—Chief centres: Chillagoe, Gladstone, Gympie, Rockhampton, Stanthorpe and Townsville.

Zinc.—8,827*l*.—Chief centre: Chillagoe.

Arsenic.—5,450*l*, mainly from Stanthorpe.

Total value of minerals other than gold, 1,564,827*l*. Excellent coal continues to be raised in the environs of Ipswich, the Burrum and Peak Downs, the Dawson Valley and the Darling Downs, and at Bowen and Mount Mulligan, N.Q., whilst valuable deposits of this mineral are worked at Callide, as well as in other portions of the central districts; but besides these pits numerous workable seams of this mineral are known, and their being actively worked depends solely on the opening of an extended market. The total output for 1926 was 1,221,059 tons, valued at 1,098,927*l*.

A company has been formed with the object of prospecting for oil in the Roma district.

Useful timbers of various descriptions grow in abundance in Queensland, and ought to become a valuable export. The timber indigenous to the State is popularly divided into two classes, termed respectively "hard" and "soft" woods. The undermentioned trees supply the hard wood which is most in demand: blue gum, messmate, iron bark, blackbutt, turpentine, stringy bark, spotted gum, bloodwood, tallow wood, yellow wood, dark yellow wood, swamp mahogany, crows ash, &c., &c. Some of these woods are especially valuable for railway making, bridge, pier, and wharf building, as well as for fencing purposes, on account of their strength and durability. The timbers which are used for house and boat building, cabinet and ornamental work, have a fine grain, are easily worked, and take a bright polish; a few of those most in use are as follows: hoop, kauri and bunya pine, maple silk-woods, silky and satin oaks, black and walnut bean, rose walnut, mahogany and grey teak.

Amongst the medicinal plants supplying extracts and preparations which are attracting notice in both Europe and America may be mentioned—*Duboisia myoporoides*, the extract of which is in demand as a substitute for belladonna; *Alstonia constricta*, whose bark is a valuable tonic; *Euphorbia Drummondii*, the extract of which is effective in dysentery and low fever; *Euphorbia pilulifera*, or the asthma herb; and the lemon-scented iron bark (*Eucalyptus staigeriana*) which, on distillation, yields an essential oil equal to that of the lemon. The extract from leaves of the eucalyptus is used largely as a remedy for colds, fevers, &c.

During 1925-26 the value of the production of Queensland's fishing industry was as under:

	£
Fish, Crabs and Oysters	177,567
Pearls and Pearlshell	148,689
Tortoise and Trochus Shell ..	80,951
Bêche de Mer	12,688

Brisbane, Maryborough, Bundaberg, Rockhampton, and Townsville are ports of registry, and had, in 1925-26, 247 vessels on their registers, of a total tonnage of 24,591.

Water Supply.

A considerable sum has been advanced from time to time to municipalities and boards for the construction of works for the supply of water to the city of Brisbane and to towns in the State, of which a large proportion has been repaid, leaving at the end of 1926 an indebtedness to the Government of 2,685,565*l*. In addition 2,092,620*l*. has been advanced for Metropolitan Sewerage Works.

An important feature of the country west of the coast range is the proved existence of artesian water in some 376,800 of the 670,500 square miles comprising the area of the colony. At least 4,324 artesian bores have been sunk with an aggregate depth of 725-18 miles; the depth ranges from 3,000 feet to a maximum of 7,009 feet, the depth of the bore at Springleigh; 1,362 of these bores overflow. The daily yield ranges from 1,304,900 of gallons downwards, and the aggregate total output is over 291,631,190 of gallons per diem. Generally stated, the waters are soft, and otherwise of excellent quality. The static pressure at the surface ranges from fully 270 lbs. per square inch, as at the Government bore at Thargomindah, to a few lbs., and the temperatures of the waters range from 230° to 78° Fahr. The amount expended in boring for artesian water is estimated by the Government hydraulic engineer at about three-quarters of a million sterling, exclusive of the cost of casings, so that not far short of a million sterling represents the amounts expended, chiefly by pastoralists, in improving and increasing the value of the national estate. In addition to this expenditure, Government have expended large sums on the construction of water conservation works on main roads and stock routes, and these works have opened up country, facilitated settlement, and added to the value of public lands. The Dawson Valley irrigation project alone will supply water to some 200,000 acres and render this district immune from drought ravages.

The Nathan dam now under construction will impound 2,500,000 acre-feet of water and will be the largest artificial storage reservoir in the world.

During 1926 38,044 acres were artificially watered by various means. The crop chiefly benefited being sugar cane, but vegetables, fruit, Lucerne, other fodder crops and grass lands have been similarly treated.

Population.

The population of Queensland, excluding the aborigines, was found by the returns of the census of April, 1881, to be 213 525 persons; a census was taken on the 1st of May, 1886, when it was found that the total population was 322,853 persons, an increase of 51·20 per cent. in 5 years; and the census of 5th April, 1891, showed the population to be 393,718; of these 223,799 were males, and 169,939 females. The census of 3rd April, 1911, showed that there were 329,506 males and 276,307 females, making a total of 605,813, exclusive of 8,687 aborigines. The population is mostly either Australasian born or of European parentage. The figures for 1911 do not include all aborigines, but only those living under civilised conditions. Population of State 30th June, 1927, 894,444. The census of aborigines as on 30th June, 1926, revealed that there were at that date 13,640 full bloods and 4,046 half-castes in the State.

Census, 4th April, 1921.

	M.	F.	P.
Total	398,969	357,003	755,972
Chinese	3,764	320	4,084
Polynesians	1,460	535	1,995
Other Asiatics ..	2,129	362	2,491
Half-caste Aborigines	1,617	1,460	3,077

Local Authorities and Towns.

Practically the whole of the State is divided into Local Authority Areas (cities, towns and shires), a few islands only, occupied by a population of some 1,500 persons, being excluded. The Local Authority areas are governed by aldermen and councillors who are elected by the people and have authority in all parochial matters.

The receipts of these bodies, including Water and Sewerage Boards, in 1926 were 5,201,575*l*.; their expenditure 6,013,679*l*.; the assessed rateable value of the property in districts under their control 78,426,304*l*. (excluding cost of construction of water works 5,437,574*l*., and sewerage 3,676,844*l*.); their liabilities were 15,646,903*l*., whilst their assets totalled 14,063,693*l*. Liabilities and assets for the water and sewerage works, which are due principally on behalf of these local bodies, are included in the figures given and amounted to 8,926,007*l*. and 9,344,304*l*. respectively.

In addition, the various Local Authorities control other public utilities—electric light, small railways and tramways (including Rockhampton and Brisbane Street Tramways); particulars follow for year 1926:

Public Utility.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Liabilities.	Assets.
	£	£	£	£
Electric Light ..	490,841	477,211	923,226	1,012,611
Private Railways & Tramways ..	874,045	1,083,897	2,428,244	2,564,666
TOTALS	1,364,886	1,561,108	3,351,470	3,577,277

Brisbane, the capital of the State, is beautifully situated about 20 miles from the mouth of the fine river of that name. The city, including its suburbs, had, at the Census on 4th April, 1921, a population of 210,032 (ten mile radius). The City of Brisbane now consists of an area of 385 sq. miles and the estimated population on 31st December, 1926, was 274,260. It is only about 10 miles in a direct line from the sea coast; the climate is healthy, and during the greater part of the year most enjoyable.

The other chief towns are Townsville (29,800), Ipswich (20,526), Maryborough (12,000), Rockhampton, including North Rockhampton (30,000), Gympie (9,131), Toowoomba (23,886), Charters Towers (9,100), Bundaberg (10,000), Cairns (9,000), Mackay (7,250), Warwick (7,000) and Mt. Morgan (6,700).

Currency and Banking.

There were, on 30th June, 1926, 13 banks (exclusive of the Commonwealth Bank), with 444 branches. The value of the coin and bullion is given as 1,900,872*l.*; deposits, 34,476,052*l.*; assets, 37,219,956*l.*; liabilities, 35,549,524*l.*

At the same date the assets of the Commonwealth Bank were 26,706,490*l.*, and the liabilities 31,332,138*l.* (including 30,645,865*l.* deposits, of which 21,959,562*l.* was Savings Bank Deposits).

The Commonwealth Savings Bank, Queensland Branch, had on 30th June, 1926 :—

No. of Depositors	420,908
Value of Deposits	22,836,910 <i>l.</i>
Average Value of each Account ..	54 <i>l.</i> 5 <i>s.</i> 2 <i>d.</i>

The coinage of Queensland is the same as that of the United Kingdom and the same provisions as to legal tender apply. No coins are made in Queensland however. The Australian Note Issue is controlled by the Commonwealth Bank.

Education.

A Government system of elementary education was established in Queensland in 1875. Primary education is absolutely free and compulsory for children between the ages of five and fourteen years.

Schools are established at all places thickly enough populated to warrant them. These are administered by a central department under the jurisdiction of the Minister for Public Instruction.

Secondary education is provided for by high schools, technical colleges and grammar schools. The former two types are directly maintained and controlled by the Government, whilst the latter are State endowed. Primary school pupils by test examination may gain free admittance to secondary schools.

A university is also established, admission to which may also be obtained by examination.

In 1926 there were in operation 1,739 State Schools, with an average attendance of 108,526 pupils. Of these 13, with 99 teachers and 1,666 scholars, were High Schools. There are also 177 private schools, with average attendance of 22,317 children, and 10 grammar schools, with average attendance of 1,625 pupils. 13,871 pupils were enrolled at classes at 17 technical colleges during 1926. The University has 13 professors, 15 lecturers, 3 assistant lecturers and demonstrators, and 32 miscellaneous assistants, and an enrolment of 481.

The public expenditure on education, science and art during 1926 was 1,645,435*l.*

Immigration.

The arrivals into the State during 1926 from places outside the boundaries numbered 87,624, and the recorded departures to all countries 80,007, showing an excess of arrivals of 7,617.

Subsequent allowances for unrecorded departures are made by the Commonwealth Statistician when compiling population estimates, and he shows an excess of arrivals of 9,458, Queensland's allowance being a minus quantity.

Means of Communication.

Queensland is divided for the purpose of Railway administration into three divisional railway systems, Southern, Central and Northern, each in charge of General Managers, subject to the control of the Commissioner at Brisbane. On 30th June, 1927, there were 6,272 miles of 3 ft. 6 in. gauge and 30 miles of 2 ft. gauge Government Railway lines, open for traffic, being the greatest mileage of railway in any Australian State. In addition there are 134 miles of

Railways and Tramways of 3 ft. 6 in. gauge owned by private companies or Local Authorities, which are either worked by the Commissioner or are subject to his inspection.

On 30th June, 1927, there were 214 miles, including 68 miles of 4 ft. 8½ in. gauge of Railway under construction, exclusive of 186 miles on which work is temporarily suspended. The mileage of lines authorised by Parliament but not yet commenced is 1,165.

The rolling stock consists of 761 engines, 1,068 carriages, 18,612 wagons and 189 brake vans.

From Brisbane main trunk lines run west and north. The former crosses the Main Range (2,000 feet high) and shortly after passing Toowoomba at the entrance to the Darling Downs, 101 miles from Brisbane, bifurcates, one arm proceeding due west through pastoral and wheat growing country until it reaches Cunnamulla (604 miles from Brisbane), the other crosses the famous agricultural Darling Downs and then, passing through the granite district of Stanthorpe, in which are many flourishing fruit orchards, terminates at Wallangarra on the New South Wales border (223 miles from Brisbane).

Off the Southern and Western Lines beyond Toowoomba, there are 14 local Branches, with a total length of 476 miles. From Westgate (13 miles south of Charleville) the Great Western Railway links up with the main system, and is open to traffic to Quilpie (125 miles). The South-Western Railway joins the Southern system at Warwick and terminates at Dirranbandi (257 miles).

Within a radius of 100 miles from Brisbane there are 15 branch lines of 394 miles in length serving the suburban areas, seaside resorts, and rich agricultural and heavily timbered districts. One of these lines running due south meets the New South Wales border at Tweed Heads, 69 miles from Brisbane. In addition, between Brisbane and Rockhampton there are 13 branches (totalling 583 miles) serving agricultural, mineral and sugar lands, and heavily timbered districts.

From Rannes (on the Mount Morgan Branch), Many Peaks (on the Boyne Valley Branch) and Mundubbera (on the Gayndah Branch) three branches converging on a central point at Monto are being constructed in connection with the Northern Burnett Scheme of land settlement. The total length of these three lines will be 219 miles, of which 115 miles is open for public traffic. Another extension on the Mount Morgan Branch from Baralaba to Castle Creek, 59 miles is now open, and will serve an irrigation scheme on the Dawson River Valley.

The Central Line extends from the city of Rockhampton due west to Morella, 469 miles, passing through pastoral country, with 9 branches of 546 miles of line into agricultural, pastoral and mineral areas (including the Blair Athol Coalfield, where the seam is 90 feet thick), and to the ports of Broadmount on the Fitzroy River, some 36 miles below the city wharves, and Port Alma, 37 miles south-east from Rockhampton.

From the port of Mackay, a short line runs through the sugar growing country east of the Eugulla Range, to Netherdale, 45 miles, with three small branches, running north and south, a distance of 23 miles, into sugar country. In this district there are over 200 miles of light tramways into the sugar plantations and mills.

From Merinda (4 miles from the port of Bowen) a branch 49 miles in length has been opened to the extensive Bowen Coalfield, from which all coal supplies for the Townsville Railway system are now obtained instead of being sea-borne from the south. Shipping requirements can also be supplied from this field.

The Great Northern Railway which commences at the port of Townsville, 828 miles north of Brisbane, runs through the well-known mining town of Charters Towers, 83 miles from the Port, and from Hughenden (236 miles) continues due west for over 200 miles through Northern Downs, pastured with millions of sheep, to the rich copper mining district of Cloncurry, 481 miles, thence with a southerly sweep to Selwyn, 72 miles from Cloncurry, passing through Malbon, where it bifurcates to the mining districts of Hampden, Mt. Elliott and the Duchess, eventually reaching Dejarra, a distance of 582 miles from Townsville. From this point the line to Moonah Creek, 41 miles in the direction of Camoowal, is partially constructed. A line 54 miles in length from Duchess to Mt. Isa is now under construction. North from Cloncurry another line, 85 miles in length, has been built to serve the Mt. Cuthbert and Dobbyn mineral districts. At Hughenden a line runs south-west to Winton, a distance of 132 miles, through fine pastoral country. At 54 miles from Townsville another Branch runs south to the town of Ravenswood, once a flourishing mineral township.

The main systems are now joined up by the North Coast Railway as far North as Cairns, completing the link between Brisbane and Cairns (1,040 miles). This line passes through Gympie, Maryborough, Bundaberg, Gladstone, Rockhampton, Mackay, Bowen, Townsville, Ingham and Innisfail, and links up these towns with the Australian Capital Cities.

In the far north, from the port of Cairns a line of Railway runs west over the Barron Ranges, past the famous Barron Falls, through some of the most picturesque tropical scenery of the world, through the wonderful timber scrubs of Atherton, the mineral township of Herberton, to the rich table land at the heads of the Herbert and Johnstone Rivers. A Branch Line joining the Main Line 64 miles from Cairns runs along the Johnstone River, through rich scrub lands to Millaa Millaa, 37 miles. At Mareeba, 46 miles from the port, the line purchased from the Chillagoe Company connects with the Cairns Railway. This line runs to Mungana, a distance of 103 miles, and 75 miles from this junction, another line, 142 miles in length, serves the rich mineral fields of Etheridge, whilst from Dimbulah another line of 30 miles taps the coal fields of Mt. Mulligan.

From Cooktown, the furthest Northern port on the Eastern Coast, a railway runs to Laura, a distance of 67 miles.

From Normanton, in the Gulf country, a railway runs to the mineral town of Croydon, a distance of 94 miles.

Government.

The constitution is regulated by the Letters Patent of 6th June, 1859, and Act 31 Vict., No. 38. The Legislature is formed of one House of Parliament, the Legislative Assembly. The members are elected. There is no property qualification required for membership in the Legislature. The voting for members is by ballot. The Elections Act Amendment Act of 1905 provides for male and female adult franchise on residential qualification only, a twelve months' continuous residence in the State being the only proviso, subject to disqualifications for insanity, criminality, wife desertion, etc.

By the Electoral Districts Act, of 1910, the State is divided into 72 districts, each returning one member.

The Upper House, or Legislative Council, was abolished by an Act passed in 1922 (12 Geo. V. c. 32). Its members were nominated by the Governor and held office for life.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917-18	8,491,482	8,900,934	1,989,796	2,385,240
1918-19	9,415,543	9,587,532	1,962,760	2,297,307
1919-20	11,293,743	11,266,910	2,241,481	2,736,303
1920-21	12,601,031	12,591,201	2,950,200	3,555,912
1921-22	12,311,378	12,499,970	3,349,731	3,932,433
1922-23	12,099,403	12,784,382	4,579,220	5,465,735
1923-24	13,428,039	13,415,332	4,289,352	5,394,341
1924-25	14,897,356	14,890,289	4,472,871	5,697,921
1925-26	15,599,718	16,154,044	4,256,876	5,524,713
1926-27	16,147,787	16,490,954	4,546,578	5,999,874

IMPORTS.†

Year.	From U.K.	From Brit. Poss.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917-18	2,417,983	548,316	1,528,447	4,492,746
1918-19	3,064,892	419,725	2,591,057	6,075,674
1919-20	4,042,043	608,583	2,568,068	7,218,694
1920-21	7,424,366	825,827	3,590,249	11,840,442
1921-22	5,637,110	590,602	2,384,089	8,639,446
1922-23	6,084,036	823,392	3,876,113	10,783,541
1923-24	5,743,495	1,006,155	4,854,680	11,606,330
1924-25	6,588,561	787,408	5,457,406	12,833,375
1925-26	6,562,838	889,272	6,320,737	13,772,847
1926-27	5,740,840	975,005	6,781,934	13,497,779

EXPORTS.†

Year.	To U.K.	To Brit. Poss.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917-18	7,623,652	1,850,389	1,486,370	10,960,411
1918-19	9,628,039	2,068,373	1,052,804	12,447,416
1919-20	9,151,930	641,337	4,610,655	14,403,922
1920-21	11,060,141	1,101,911	2,989,687	15,171,719
1921-22	9,457,669	545,357	7,534,499	17,573,103
1922-23	6,795,637	453,009	8,533,276	15,782,072
1923-24	5,860,440	536,436	8,231,429	14,628,305
1924-25	13,886,090	1,021,876	9,533,634	24,441,600
1925-26	14,991,800	879,998	10,613,118	26,384,916
1926-27	5,866,321	1,256,848	7,598,007	14,721,176

Public Debt, 30th June, 1927, 106,479,915*s*.

1925-26.

	£
Customs	2,696,288
Excise	1,134,757
Bond Rents, &c.	9,068

NOTE.—Since records of transfers of goods from other States have ceased to be kept by the Customs authorities, no credit is given to Queensland for overseas goods consumed there; this accounts for apparent drop in Customs receipts. And no credit is given to Queensland for exports that go interstate and for transshipment overseas, which constitutes a large proportion of the Total Exports.

Governors of Queensland.†

Sir Anthony Musgrave, G.C.M.G., 6th November, 1883, and 13th December, 1886.
Gen. Sir H. W. Norman, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., C.I.E., 1st May, 1889.
Gen. Sir H. W. Norman, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., C.I.E., 7th May, 1891.
Lord Lamington, K.C.M.G., 9th April, 1896.
Lord Lamington, G.C.M.G., 27th April, 1900.

† Oversea only.

‡ For previous Governors see edition for 1903.

Maj.-Gen. Sir H. C. Chermide, G.C.M.G., C.B., 24th March, 1902.
 Lord Chelmsford, K.C.M.G., 30th Nov., 1905.
 Sir W. MacGregor, M.D., G.C.M.G., C.B., 2nd December, 1909.
 Major Sir H. J. Goold-Adams, G.C.M.G., C.B., 15th March, 1915.
 Lt.-Col. Sir Matthew Nathan, P.C., G.C.M.G., 3rd December, 1920.
 Lt.-Gen. Sir T. H. J. C. Goodwin, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., F.R.C.S., 19th February, 1927.

Ministries in Queensland.

Name of Premier.	Date of Assumption of Office.
R. G. W. Herbert, afterwards Sir R. G. W. Herbert, G.C.B.	10 Dec., 1859
Arthur Macalister	1 Feb., 1866
Sir R. G. W. Herbert, G.C.B.	20 July, 1866
Arthur Macalister	7 Aug., 1866
R. R. Mackenzie	15 Aug., 1867
Chas. Lilley, afterwards Sir Chas. Lilley	25 Nov., 1868
A. H. Palmer, afterwards Sir A. H. Palmer, K.C.M.G.	3 May, 1870
A. Macalister	8 Jan., 1874
Geo. Thorn	5 June, 1876
Hon. John Douglas, C.M.G.	8 Mar., 1877
Hon. T. McIlwraith, afterwards Sir T. McIlwraith, K.C.M.G.	21 Jan., 1879
Hon. S. W. Griffith, K.C., afterwards Sir S. W. Griffith, G.C.M.G.	13 Nov., 1883
Hon. Sir Thos. McIlwraith, K.C.M.G.	13 June, 1888
Hon. B. D. Morehead	30 Nov., 1888
Hon. Sir S. W. Griffith, K.C., G.C.M.G.	12 Aug., 1890
Hon. Sir Thos. McIlwraith, K.C.M.G.	27 Mar., 1893
Hon. Sir Hugh M. Nelson, K.C.M.G.	27 Oct., 1893
Hon. T. J. Byrnes	13 April, 1898
Hon. J. R. Dickson C.M.G.	1 Oct., 1898
Hon. A. Dawson	1 Dec., 1899
Hon. R. Philp, afterwards Sir R. Philp, K.C.M.G.	7 Dec., 1899
Hon. A. Morgan, afterwards Sir A. Morgan, Kt.	17 Sept., 1903
Hon. W. Kidston, LL.D.	19 Jan., 1906
Hon. R. Philp, afterwards Sir R. Philp, K.C.M.G.	19 Nov 1907
Hon. W. Kidston, LL.D.	18 Feb., 1908
Hon. D. F. Denham	7 Feb., 1911
Hon. T. J. Ryan	1 June, 1915
Hon. E. G. Theodore	22 Oct., 1919
Hon. W. N. Gillies	26 Feb., 1925
Hon. W. McCormack	22 Oct., 1925

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Lt.-Gen. Sir T. H. J. C. Goodman, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., 3,000*l.* and allowances.
 Private Secretary, Major C. H. Wolff.
 Aide-de-Camp, Lieut.-Colonel N. A. H. Campbell.
 Official Secretary, Frank Ryder, M.V.O.
 Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. W. Lennon.

Executive Council.

President, His Excellency the Governor.
 Vice-President, Hon. W. McCormack.
 Premier Chief Secretary and Treasurer, Hon. W. McCormack, 1,250*l.*
 Secretary for Agriculture and Stock, Hon. W. F. Smith, 1,250*l.*
 Secretary for Mines, Hon. A. J. Jones, 1,250*l.*
 Attorney-General, Hon. J. Mullan, 1,250*l.*
 Secretary for Railways, Hon. J. Larcombe, 1,250*l.*
 Home Secretary, Hon. J. Stopford, 1,250*l.*

Secretary for Public Works, Hon. M. J. Kirwan, 1,250*l.*
 Secretary for Public Instruction, Hon. T. Wilson, 1,250*l.*
 Secretary for Public Lands, Hon. T. Dunstan, 1,250*l.*
 Secretary for Labour and Industry, Hon. D. A. Gledson, 1,250*l.*
 Clerk of the Council, and Chief Clerk, Chief Secretary's Department, G. W. Watson, 640*l.*

Legislative Assembly (72 Members).

Speaker, Hon. W. Bertram, 1,250*l.*
 Chairman of Committees, G. Pollock, 950*l.*
 Clerk of Assembly, C. A. Bernays, 820*l.*
 Clerk Assistant and Sergeant-at-Arms, T. Dickson, 820*l.*
 Chief Reporter (State Reporting Bureau), J. Brennan, 860*l.*
 Deputy Chief Reporter, W. H. Smith, 650*l.*
 Parliamentary Librarian, J. Murray, 575*l.*

Electoral Districts. Members' Names.

Albert	Hon. J. G. Appel.
Aubigny	A. E. Moore.
Balonne	S. J. Brassington.
Barcoo	F. W. Bulcock.
Bowen	C. Collins.
Bremer	F. A. Cooper.
Briabane	Hon. M. J. Kirwan.
Bulimba	H. A. Wright.
Bundaberg	G. P. Barber.
Buranda	E. J. Hanson.
Burke	D. Riordan.
Burnett	B. H. Corser.
Burrum	W. A. Brand.
Cairns	Hon. Wm. McCormack.
Carnarvon	E. Costello.
Charters Towers	W. J. Wellington.
Chillagoe	J. O'Keefe.
Cook	H. J. Ryan.
Cooroora	H. F. Walker.
Cunningham	W. A. Deacon.
Dalby	W. A. Russell.
Eacham	C. J. Ryan.
East Toowoomba	T. R. Roberts.
Enoggera	J. S. Kerr.
Fassifern	E. T. Bell.
Fitzroy	H. L. Hartley.
Flinders	Hon. J. Mullan.
Fortitude Valley	Hon. T. Wilson.
Gregory	G. Pollock.
Gympie	Hon. T. Dunstan.
Herbert	P. Pease.
Ipewich	Hon. D. A. Gledson.
Ithaca	E. M. Hanlon.
Kelvin Grove	W. F. Lloyd.
Kennedy	H. A. Bruce.
Keppel	Hon. Jas. Larcombe.
Kuripa	J. P. Fry.
Leichhardt	T. A. Foley.
Lockyer	G. A. Logan.
Logan	R. M. King.
Mackay	Hon. W. F. Smith.
Maranoa	C. W. Conroy.
Maroo	Hon. Wm. Bertram.
Maryborough	D. Weir.
Merthyr	P. A. McLachlan.
Mirani	E. B. Swayne.
Mitchell	J. Payne.
Mount Morgan	Hon. J. Stopford.
Mundingburra	J. Dash.
Murilla	G. Morgan.
Murrumba	R. J. Warren.
Nanango	J. B. Edwards.
Normanby	J. C. Peterson.
Nundah	W. Kelo.

Electoral Districts.	Members' Names.
Oxley	A. C. Elphinstone.
Paddington	Hon. A. J. Jones.
Port Curtis	G. Carter.
Queensland	Vernon Winstanley.
Rockhampton	G. P. Farrell.
Rosewood	W. Cooper.
Sandgate	H. E. Sizer.
South Brisbane	M. A. Ferricks.
Stanley	F. L. Nott.
Toombul	H. M. Russell.
Toowong	J. F. Maxwell.
Toowoomba	E. J. Llewelyn.
Townsville	M. P. Hynes.
Warrego	Randolph Bedford.
Warwick	G. P. Barnes.
Wide Bay	E. H. C. Clayton.
Windsor	C. Taylor.
Wynnum	Hon. W. H. Barnes.

Chief Secretary's Department.

Under-Secretary, T. A. Ferry, 1,000l.
Auditor-General, G. L. Beal, F.F.I.A., 1,500l.
Deputy Auditor-General and Chief Inspector, S. A. Glassey, 800l.
Immigration Agent, etc., E. H. Abell, 650l.
Public Service Commissioner, J. D. Story, I.S.O., 1,500l.
Director, Intelligence and Tourists' Bureau, T. C. Troedson, 450l.
Director, Museum, H. A. Longman, 625l.
Librarian, Public Library, W. H. Brown, 450l.
Manager, State Stores, P. J. Ross, A.F.I.A., 735l.
Manager, Queensland Radio Service, J. W. Robinson, 850l.

London Agency.

Agent-General, Hon. J. Huxham, 1,500l.
Secretary, L. H. Pike, 610l.

Home Secretary's Department.

Under-Secretary and Comptroller-General of Prisons, W. J. Gall, F.F.I.A., 1,100l.
Assistant Under-Secretary, C. E. Chuter, 770l.
Commissioner of Police, W. H. Ryan, 900l.
Commissioner of Public Health, J. I. Moore, M.D., (Brux.), F.R.C.S. (Ire.), D.P.H., 1,000l.
Inspector of Asylums (Mental), H. B. Ellerton, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1,100l.
Medical Superintendent, Dunwich Benevolent Asylum (vacant).
Director State Children's Dept., G. A. Ferguson, 690l.
Chief Protector of Aborigines, J. W. Bleakley, 575l.

Department of Justice.

Under-Secretary, Brisbane, G. A. Carter, 1,100l.
Crown Solicitor, H. J. H. Henchman, 1,060l.
Registrar of Supreme Court, Prothonotary, etc., Brisbane, F. S. Kennedy, 700l.
Registrar, Supreme Court, etc., Rockhampton, J. R. Gair, 600l.
Registrar, Supreme Court, Prothonotary, etc., Townsville, J. Comerford, 650l.
Chief Police Magistrate, Brisbane, H. L. Archdall, 950l.
Principal Electoral Officer, R. J. Cole, 475l.
Registrar-General and Registrar of Friendly Societies, G. Porter, 680l.
Public Curator, F. W. Mole, 1,075l.
Deputy Public Curator and Official Solicitor to Public Curator and Public Defender, R. J. S. Barnett, 770l.
Registrar of Titles, F. J. Bradfield, 870l.
Parliamentary Draftsman, J. E. Broadbent, 635l.

Supreme Court Bench.

Chief Justice, Hon. J. W. Blair, 2,250l.
Senior Puisne Judge, H. D. Macrossan, 2,000l.
Puisne Judges, Hon. A. W. Macnaughton, 2,000l.; Hon. W. F. Webb, 2,000l.; Hon. J. L. Woolcock, 2,000l. (Southern Judge); Hon. F. T. Brennan, 2,000l. (Central Judge); Hon. R. J. Douglas, 2,000l. (Northern Judge).

Department of Public Instruction.

Under-Secretary, B. J. McKenna, 1,000l.
Chief Inspector of Schools, L. D. Edwards, M.A., 870l.
Chief Medical Officer, Dr. L. St. Vincent Welch, 850l.
Dental Inspector of Schools, E. W. Haenke, L.D.Q., 650l.
Superintendent of Technical Education, L. C. Morris, B. E. (Sydney), 870l.
Inspector of Technical Colleges, J. Hill, 750l.
Principal, Central Technical College, Brisbane, R. A. Wearne, 795l.
Principal, Queensland Agricultural High School and College, Gatton, J. K. Murray, B.A., B.Sc. Agr. (Sydney), 870l.
Principal, Teachers' Training College, J. Morris, B.A., 750l.

Treasury Department.

Under-Secretary, J. H. Stanley, 900l.
Assistant Under-Secretary, H. D. S. Forbes, 700l.
Government Analyst, J. B. Henderson, F.I.C., F.C.S., O.B.E., 830l.
Commissioner of Taxes, H. Magee, 1,100l.
Portmaster, and Chairman, Marine Board, W. V. B. Forrester, 750l.
Government Printer, A. J. Cumming, 1,000l.
Engineer for Harbours and Rivers, E. A. E. Cullen, M.I.C.E., 1,100l.
General Manager of Central Sugar Mills, W. J. J. Short, 1,000l.
Insurance Commissioner, J. A. Watson, F.I.C.A., 1,350l.
Commissioner of Stamp Duties, E. Fitzpatrick, 940l.

Department of Public Lands.

Members of Land Court, P. W. Shannon, 1,000l.; Hon. H. F. Hardacre, 1,000l.; W. L. Payne, 1,000l.
Under-Secretary, A. G. Melville, 1,000l.
Assistant Under-Secretary, C. W. Holland, 770l.
Chairman, Provisional Forestry Board, E. H. F. Swain, 900l.
Registrar Land Court, J. H. Shaw, 575l.
Surveyor-General (vacant).
Deputy Surveyor-General, F. B. C. Ford, 850l.
Commissioner of Irrigation, A. F. Partridge, 1,500l.

Main Roads Commission.

Commissioner, J. R. Kemp, 1,750l.

Prickly Pear Land Commission.

Chairman, W. L. Payne, paid as Member of Land Court.
Members, F. D. Power, 800l., W. Purrell, 800l.

Department of Agriculture and Stock.

Under-Secretary, Curator and Trustee Public Gardens, etc., A. E. J. C. K. Graham, 1,000l.
Assistant Under-Secretary, R. Wilson, 720l.
Chief Inspector of Stock, Slaughter-houses, etc., A. H. Cory, M.R.C.V.S., 720l.
Manager, Agricultural Bank, also Manager, State Advances Corporation, A. P. Deahon, 720l.
Director of Fruit Culture, A. H. Benson, M.R.A.C. (Eng.), 700l.
Director of Agriculture, H. C. Quodling, 665l.

Government Cotton Specialist, W. G. Wells, 1,250*l*.
Agricultural Chemist, J. C. Brünlich, F.I.C., 690*l*.
Government Bacteriologist (Stock Experiment Stations),
 C. J. Pound, F.R.M.S., 700*l*.
Chief Entomologist, R. Veitah, B.Sc., 730*l*.
Temporary Pathologist, H. Tryon, 475*l*.
Director, Sugar Experiment Stations, H. T. Easterby,
 800*l*.
Government Botanist, C. T. White, 555*l*.
Editor Departmental Publications, J. F. F. Reid, 500*l*.

Department of Railways.

Minister for Railways, Hon. J. Larcombe, M.L.A.,
 1,250*l*.
Commissioner for Railways, J.W. Davidson, M.Inst.T.,
 2,000*l*.
Secretary, C. A. Murton, A.F.I.A., F.I.C.A., 900*l*.
Commissioner's Inspector, P. R. T. Wells, 605*l*.
Assistant Secretary, J. Grant, 565*l*.
Chief Accountant, J. Alder, A.F.I.A., F.I.C.A., 700*l*.
Chief Railway Auditor, J. J. Fitzgerald, 655*l*.

Engineers.

Chief Engineer, R. E. Sexton, M.Inst.C.E., M.I.E.
 Aust., 1,250*l*.
Assistant Chief Engineer, H. B. Fraser, M.Inst.C.E.,
 730*l*.
Signal and Light Engineer, F. G. Nevill, 730*l*.
Bridge Engineer, W. J. Doak, B.E., M.Inst.C.E.,
 680*l*.
Principal Railway Architect, V. Price, 630*l*.
Officer-in-Charge of Surveys, E. H. R. Greensill, 630*l*.

Brisbane Division.

General Manager, J. B. Cochrane, 850*l*.
Traffic Superintendent, S. Green, 655*l*.
Maintenance Engineer, N. J. A. Amos, 655*l*.
Locomotive Engineer, J. H. Rees, M.I.M.E., 630*l*.

Maryborough Division.

Assistant General Manager, W. C. Harvey, 580*l*.
Maintenance Engineer, R. McArthur, 630*l*.

Toowoomba Division.

General Manager, J. J. Pettford, 750*l*.
Traffic Superintendent (Toowoomba), M. Carmody,
 605*l*.
Maintenance Engineer, R. Millar, M.Inst.C.E., 680*l*.
Locomotive Engineer, E. H. Skyring, 550*l*.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Roma),
 J. Murphy, 475*l*.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Warwick),
 J. McGregor, 595*l*.

Ipswich Workshops.

Chief Mechanical Engineer, R. J. Chalmers, M.I.M.E.,
 950*l*.

Central Division.

General Manager, J. Chambers, 950*l*.
Traffic Superintendent, H. Moran, 605*l*.
Maintenance Engineer, D. P. Smith, 605*l*.
Locomotive Engineer, R. Leetch, 630*l*.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Emerald),
 G. N. Burrows, 550*l*.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Mackay),
 W. Deacon, 580*l*.

Northern Division.

General Manager, A. J. Crowther, F.C.I.S., F.A.I.S.,
 1,050*l*.
Traffic Superintendent, J. Hudson, 550*l*.
Maintenance Engineer, T. F. M. Stanley, 630*l*.
Locomotive Engineer, A. J. Kidd, 555*l*.

Cairns District.

District Superintendent, W. A. Hooper, 620*l*.
Maintenance Engineer, O. H. Roehricht, 575*l*.

Stores Branch.

General Storekeeper, B. Gallagher, 750*l*.
Storekeeper, Townsville, M. R. Helion, 505*l*.
Storekeeper, Rockhampton (vacant).

Department of Mines.

Under-Secretary, H. Marshall, 1,000*l*.
State Mining Engineer and Chief Inspector of Mines,
 C. F. V. Jackson, B.E., A.M.I.C.E., 850*l*.
Chief Government Geologist, B. Dunstan, F.G.S., 850*l*.
Editor "Queensland Government Mining Journal,"
 C. Reynolds, 455*l*.

Department of Public Works.

Under-Secretary, also Manager, Workers' Dwellings
Branch, State Advances Corporation, A. H. Smith,
 F.F.I.A., 21,100*l*.
Assistant Under-Secretary; also Assistant Manager
Workers' Dwellings Branch, State Advances Cor-
poration, G. M. Colledge, 615*l*.
Director of Construction and Maintenance Work,
 R. N. F. Quinn, 1,000*l*.
Chief Inspector of Machinery and Scaffolding, J.
 Henderson, M.I.M.E. (Lond.), 715*l*.

Department of Labour and Industry.

Under-Secretary and Commissioner for Trade, W. H.
 Austin, 1,200*l*.
Manager State Stations, J. Barr, 1,000*l*.
President, Board of Trade and Arbitration, Hon. W. F.
 Webb, paid as Judge of Supreme Court.
Members, Hon. W. N. Gillies, 2,000*l*; W. J. Dunstan,
 2,000*l*.
Registrar, Court of Industrial Arbitration, J. P.
 Wallace, 530*l*.
Director of Labour and Chief Inspector of Factories
and Shops, F. E. Walsh, 665*l*.

Consuls for Foreign Countries.

Belgium, W. M. Hayne.
Denmark, T. W. Bouchard.
Greece, C. Freeleagus, Brisbane (Consul-General).
Netherlands, F. H. Hart, junr.
Norway, Captain O. Svensen.
Chile, F. S. Lucas (acting).
Switzerland, H. Schaub.
Panama, T. F. Moxon.
Sweden, R. M. Stodart.
Japan (vacant).
Czecho-Slovak, A. M. Tynan.

Consular Agents.

France (Brisbane), Major H. R. Carter.
Italy (Brisbane), Count Luigi Asinari di San Marzano.
United States (Brisbane), Colonel F. M. O'Donnell.

Vice-Consuls.

Denmark (Townsville), C. F. A. Sparre.
Denmark (Brisbane), V. Larsen.
Finland (Brisbane), H. G. Noble.
Italy, Commendatore Pascale.
Netherlands (Brisbane), R. J. Donaldson, (Thursday
 Island), R. Hockings, (Townsville), J. Donaldson,
 (acting).
Norway (Rockhampton), W. H. Rudd.
Spain (Brisbane), J. F. Stevens.
Sweden (Rockhampton), W. G. Thompson.
Argentina (Brisbane) (vacant).
United States (Brisbane), Franklin J. Kelley.



Government Cotton Specialist, W. G. Wells, 1,250l.
Agricultural Chemist, J. C. Brinnich, F.I.C., 690l.
Government Bacteriologist (Stock Experiment Stations),
 C. J. Pound, F.R.M.S., 700l.
Chief Entomologist, B. Veitch, B.Sc., 730l.
Temporary Pathologist, H. Tryon, 476l.
Director, Sugar Experiment Stations, H. T. Easterby,
 800l.
Government Botanist, C. T. White, 555l.
Editor Departmental Publications, J. F. F. Reid, 500l.

Department of Railways.

Minister for Railways, Hon. J. Larcombe, M.L.A.,
 1,250l.
Commissioner for Railways, J. W. Davidson, M.Inst.T.,
 2,000l.
Secretary, C. A. Murton, A.F.I.A., F.I.C.A., 900l.
Commissioner's Inspector, P. R. T. Wills, 605l.
Assistant Secretary, J. Grant, 555l.
Chief Accountant, J. Alder, A.F.I.A., F.I.C.A., 700l.
Chief Railway Auditor, J. J. Fitzgerald, 655l.

Engineers.

Chief Engineer, R. E. Sexton, M.Inst.C.E., M.I.E.
 Aust., 1,250l.
Assistant Chief Engineer, H. B. Fraser, M.Inst.C.E.,
 730l.
Signal and Light Engineer, F. G. Nevill, 730l.
Bridge Engineer, W. J. Doak, B.E., M.Inst.C.E.,
 680l.
Principal Railway Architect, V. Price, 630l.
Officer-in-Charge of Surveys, E. H. R. Greensill, 630l.

Brisbane Division.

General Manager, J. B. Cochrane, 850l.
Traffic Superintendent, S. Green, 655l.
Maintenance Engineer, N. J. A. Amos, 655l.
Locomotive Engineer, J. H. Rees, M.I.M.E., 630l.

Maryborough Division.

Assistant General Manager, W. C. Harvey, 580l.
Maintenance Engineer, R. McArthur, 630l.

Toowoomba Division.

General Manager, J. J. Petford, 750l.
Traffic Superintendent (Toowoomba), M. Carmody,
 605l.
Maintenance Engineer, R. Millar, M.Inst.C.E., 680l.
Locomotive Engineer, E. H. Skyring, 550l.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Roma),
 J. Murphy, 475l.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Warwick),
 J. McGregor, 595l.

Ipswich Workshops.

Chief Mechanical Engineer, R. J. Chalmers, M.I.M.E.,
 950l.

Central Division.

General Manager, J. Chambers, 950l.
Traffic Superintendent, H. Moran, 605l.
Maintenance Engineer, D. P. Smith, 605l.
Locomotive Engineer, R. Leetch, 630l.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Emerald),
 G. N. Burrows, 550l.
District Superintendent of Transportation (Mackay),
 W. Deacon, 580l.

Northern Division.

General Manager, A. J. Crowther, F.C.I.S., F.A.I.S.,
 1,050l.
Traffic Superintendent, J. Hudson, 550l.
Maintenance Engineer, T. F. M. Stanley, 630l.
Locomotive Engineer, A. J. Kidd, 655l.

Cairns District.

District Superintendent, W. A. Hooper, 620l.
Maintenance Engineer, O. H. Roehricht, 575l.

Stores Branch.

General Storekeeper, B. Gallagher, 750l.
Storekeeper, Townsville, M. R. Helion, 605l.
Storekeeper, Rockhampton (vacant).

Department of Mines.

Under-Secretary, H. Marshall, 1,000l.
State Mining Engineer and Chief Inspector of Mines,
 C. F. V. Jackson, B.E., A.M.I.C.E., 850l.
Chief Government Geologist, B. Dunstan, F.G.S., 850l.
Editor "Queensland Government Mining Journal,"
 C. Reynolds, 455l.

Department of Public Works.

Under-Secretary, also Manager, Workers' Dwellings
Branch, State Advances Corporation, A. H. Smith,
 F.F.I.A., £1,100.
Assistant Under-Secretary; also Assistant Manager
Workers' Dwellings Branch, State Advances Cor-
poration, G. M. Colledge, 615l.
Director of Construction and Maintenance Work,
 R. N. F. Quinn, 1,000l.
Chief Inspector of Machinery and Scaffolding, J.
 Henderson, M.I.M.E. (Lond.), 715l.

Department of Labour and Industry.

Under-Secretary and Commissioner for Trade, W. H.
 Austin, 1,200l.
Manager State Stations, J. Barr, 1,000l.
President, Board of Trade and Arbitration, Hon. W. F.
 Webb, paid as Judge of Supreme Court.
Members, Hon. W. N. Gillies, 2,000l.; W. J. Dunstan,
 2,000l.
Registrar, Court of Industrial Arbitration, J. P.
 Wallace, 630l.
Director of Labour and Chief Inspector of Factories
and Shops, F. E. Walsh, 665l.

Consuls for Foreign Countries.

Belgium, W. M. Hayne.
Denmark, T. W. Bouchard.
Greece, C. Freeleagu, Brisbane (Consul-General).
Netherlands, F. H. Hart, junr.
Norway, Captain O. Svensen.
Chile, F. S. Lucas (acting).
Switzerland, H. Schaub.
Panama, T. F. Moxon.
Sweden, R. M. Stodart.
Japan (vacant).
Czecho-Slovak, A. M. Tynan.

Consular Agents.

France (Brisbane), Major H. R. Carter.
Italy (Brisbane), Count Luigi Asinari di San Marzano.
United States (Brisbane), Colonel F. M. O'Donnell.

Vice-Consuls.

Denmark (Townsville), C. F. A. Sparre.
Denmark (Brisbane), V. Larsen.
Finland (Brisbane), H. G. Noble.
Italy, Commendatore Pascali.
Netherlands (Brisbane), R. J. Donaldson, (Thursday
 Island), R. Hockings, (Townsville), J. Donaldson,
 (acting).
Norway (Rockhampton), W. H. Rudd.
Spain (Brisbane), J. F. Stevens.
Sweden (Rockhampton), W. G. Thompson.
Argentina (Brisbane) (vacant).
United States (Brisbane), Franklin J. Kelley.

1204



N O R T H E I

TOMKINS
RANGES

RANGES

WOODROFFE
RANGES

EVERARD

resources, and offer
settlers and Homeseekers

SCALE

0 20 40 60 MILES

THE
NORTHERN
TERRITORY

TASMANIA

131°

132°

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Situation and Area.

That portion of the Continent of Australia bounded on the east by the 141st degree of east longitude, on the north by the 26th degree of south latitude, on the west by the 132nd degree of east longitude, and on the south by the Southern Ocean, was constituted a British Province by Act of Parliament, 4 and 5 William IV., c. 95, under the designation of SOUTH AUSTRALIA. In 1861, the territory known as "No Man's Land," about 80,000 square miles, lying between the boundaries of South and Western Australia, was added by Act 24 and 25 Vict., c. 44, making the western boundary the 129th degree of east longitude. The area contained within those limits is estimated to be 380,070 square miles.

The country known as the Northern Territory from the 26th parallel of south latitude to the Indian Ocean, between the 129th and 138th degree of east longitude, was also annexed to South Australia, but was on January 1st, 1911, taken over by the Commonwealth.

Kangaroo Island (90 m. by 25 m.; area 1,500 sq. m., 1,000 ft. highest point), Nuyts Archipelago, the Gambier, and other islands on the south coast, are included in the State.

Adelaide, the capital of the State, is situated about five miles from the eastern shore of St. Vincent's Gulf, in latitude 34° 57' S. and longitude 130° 38' E., and Port Adelaide, the principal port, is about seven miles north-west from the city, and connected therewith by rail.

Early History.

The south coast of the State was surveyed by Flinders in 1802, and Stuart in 1829 explored the Murray River to its mouth.

The province was founded on the Wakefield system of colonization under Act of Parliament 4 and 5 William IV. c. 95.

The first colonists landed at Kangaroo Island, but the settlement was almost immediately transferred to the mainland where the province was proclaimed at Glenelg on December 28, 1836.

Copper was discovered at Kapunda in 1842, and at the Burra in 1845.

Responsible government was established in 1856.

Stuart reached the Indian Ocean near the mouth of the Adelaide River in July, 1862, and the Northern Territory was annexed to South Australia in July, 1863.

Climate.

The rainfall at Adelaide averages 21 inches annually, mostly from May to October. It varies from 16 to 42 inches on the plains and hills respectively. The mean temperature 63°, the extreme range being from 33° to 111°.

The South Australian climate is very mild and healthy. The birth rate is 21 per 1,000 of population, and the death rate only 9. The infantile mortality is about the lowest in the world, being less than 50 per 1,000 births.

General Government.

The Parliament of South Australia consists of a Legislative Council and a House of Assembly, created by the Local Act No. 2 of 1855-56, which was proclaimed on October 25th, 1856. This Act, commonly called the Constitution Act, was passed by virtue of the Imperial Act 13 & 14 Vict., cap. 59.

The Legislative Council and House of Assembly, as originally constituted, consisted of 18 and 36 members respectively. By the Local Act No. 27 of 1875, the House of Assembly was increased to 46 members, representing 22 electoral districts. By Act No. 236 of 1881, six members were added to the Legislative Council, and the Colony was divided into four electoral districts for the purpose of Council elections. In 1882 the House of Assembly was further increased to 52 members, representing 26 electoral districts; and by Act No. 450 of 1888, the Northern Territory was created an electoral district, returning two members, thus raising the number to 54. By Act 779 of 1901, the number of members was reduced from 31st March, 1902, to 18 in the Legislative Council and 42 (representing 13 districts) in the House of Assembly. The Northern Territory having been transferred to the Commonwealth Government, the Electoral Districts then numbered 12, returning 40 members. By Act 1148 of 1913 the assembly Districts were altered, and now number 19, returning 46 members.

The five electoral districts of the Legislative Council are—Central No. 1, Central No. 2, Southern, Midland and Northern, each returning four members. (*Vote* Section 10, Act 959 of 1908, and Section 15 of 1148 of 1913). Elections are conducted by ballot. (*Vote* Section 21, Act 959 of 1908.)

The quorum of the Council consists of ten members, including the President.

The qualification for a member of the Legislative Council is that he shall have attained the age of 30 years, that he be a subject of the King, and that he has resided in the State for three years. The qualification of a voter is that he shall be 21 years of age, a natural-born or naturalized subject of His Majesty, and have resided in South Australia six months. As to other qualifications, see Act 1148, 1913. Members of both houses are paid 400*l.* per annum.

The House of Assembly, which is liable to dissolution by the Governor, is elected for three years; 8 Districts returning 3 members each, and 11 Districts returning 2 members each. The Constitution Act prescribes no other qualification as necessary for a member of the House of Assembly than that he shall be qualified and entitled to be registered as an elector. An elector's qualification to vote is that he shall be of full age, a natural born or naturalized subject of His Majesty, and have lived in South Australia for six months. The total number of electors in 1927 for the Legislative Council was 137,771, of whom 37,396 were females, and 100,376 males, and for the House of Assembly 309,588, of whom over half are females. The session is usually from June to December.

The franchise for both Houses was extended to adult women by Act 613 of 1894.

Responsible government is carried on by six Ministers, members of the Legislature, who form the Cabinet, and are *ex-officio* members of the Executive Council. The ministry has a total salary of 7,750*l.* per annum.

Local Government.

There are 39 municipalities in the State, whose powers are regulated by the "Municipal Corporations Act, 1890." The governing body consists of Mayor (Lord Mayor for the City of Adelaide), Aldermen (Aldermen are at present elected for City of Adelaide and some of the Suburban

Corporations only), and Councillors, elected by the ratepayers, who also elect the Auditors. The Council has power to levy rates for municipal purposes only on all house and land property within the municipal area, but the question of raising a loan must be submitted to a general meeting of the ratepayers, and a poll must be taken if demanded by six ratepayers. There are also 159 district councils having somewhat similar powers. The aggregate annual assessment of the property within the municipal areas and District Councils amounts to 7,580,423s.

Population.

The population of the State at the census of 1911, was 408,558 persons, and of 1921, 495,160. This does not include the aborigines, of whom there are 2,500, exclusive of those living in a wild state. In 1921 there were 251 Chinese in the State. The immigration of Chinese is controlled by the Commonwealth Government under the Immigration Restriction Act, No. 17 of 1901. The population of the State on 30th June, 1927, was estimated to be 571,500.

The inhabitants of the City of Adelaide, including the suburbs, on 31st December, 1926, were estimated to be 316,685.

About 87 per cent. of the whole population are members of Protestant Churches, and the remaining 13 per cent. are Roman Catholics. The Church of England is represented by 34 per cent.

Production and Industry.

It may be roughly estimated that not more than 150,000 square miles of the area of the State, are at present put to profitable use. Agricultural settlement has not extended 300 miles from the coast; and pastoral occupation may be said to have reached 1,200 miles. Forty-eight counties have been proclaimed to 31st December, 1926, embracing 84,680 square miles, or 54,194,880 acres. The area outside the declared counties covers 295,390 square miles, or 189,049,920 acres. Of the area of the State only 15,709,668 acres have been or are being alienated from the Crown—amounting, nevertheless, to about 100 acres for each male adult in the State, and 121,000,000 acres are held under lease from the Crown. 4,700,000 acres are in process of alienation under systems of deferred payments. About two in every five acres of the alienated land is under tillage; the remainder is used for pastoral purposes only. All land is surveyed by the Government prior to leasing, and is divided into farms of extent varying from 80 to 20,000 acres—the necessary reserves being made public for railways, highways, watering stock, etc.

Over half the total area of land cultivated is cropped with wheat (for grain, hay and fodder), of which 3,165,000 acres were cultivated in 1922-27. The total area under cultivation is about 6,150,000 acres. The following are the average yields of the main crops grown:—Wheat, 29,500,000 bushels; oats, 1,800,000 bushels; barley, 3,500,000 bushels; hay, 700,000 tons; and the estimated value of the crops in 1925-26 was 15,476,365s., or 28s. per head of population. The value of breadstuffs exported to overseas countries averages annually 8,000,000s.

Vine culture is an important and progressive industry; 50,000 acres of land are devoted to this purpose. Wine made, 16,300,000 gals. There is a considerable export trade to overseas countries, chiefly Great Britain. The slopes of the hills

produce wines of a full-bodied character similar to those of Spain and Portugal, whilst those made in the more elevated districts resemble the lighter wines of the Rhine. Whilst the local demand is fully supplied at very cheap rates, a considerable export trade in wines of a higher character is carried on. The wines of South Australia have always been awarded prizes at the several Great International Exhibitions.

Considerable attention has also been paid to the drying of raisins and currants; of the former 162,400 cwt., and of the latter, 84,160 cwt., were made in 1926-27. 9,242,457 lbs. raisins and 4,627,984 lbs. currants were sent to overseas countries in 1926-27.

Almond trees (250,000) are of rapid growth, and large quantities of a superior description of soft-shell almond are gathered yearly for home consumption and for shipment. Apple trees, 1,050,000; apricot trees, 365,000; orange trees, 500,000; lemon trees, 55,000; pears, 250,000; plums, 300,000; peaches and nectarines, 340,000; cherries, 80,000; and also figs, quinces, raspberries, strawberries, gooseberries, walnuts, peanuts, etc. The principal kinds of fruits produced each season is as follows:—Apples, 680,000 cases; apricots, 220,000 cases; peaches, 200,000 cases; oranges, 360,000 cases; pears, 160,000 cases; and plums, 130,000 cases. The dried fruit production is as follows:—Apricots, 9,000 cwt.; apples, 1,000 cwt.; peaches, 6,000 cwt.; pears, 2,000 cwt.; and plums, 4,000 cwt.

Returned soldiers and others are being settled on irrigation blocks for fruit and vine culture and for dairying along the River Murray, and the area under irrigated culture has increased from 7,000 acres in 1914, to 37,000 acres in 1926, and large areas are now being prepared for settlement by the building of locks, pumping stations, channels, &c.

The State possesses all the conditions requisite for the successful and profitable culture of the olive, 30,000 gallons of oil being expressed annually. Olive oil of the most delicate character has been expressed, and gained awards at the various Exhibitions. Its purity and superiority general over the imported article of commerce has acquired for it a high position in the local market. 8,000 gallons of eucalyptus oil are distilled, and an export trade is being worked up.

Potatoes, onions, turnips, carrots, mangolds, pumpkins and melons, tomatoes, and practically all kinds of vegetables grow well in the State, their production in 1925-26 being valued at 360,000s.

In 1861 the total area of land leased from the Crown for pastoral purposes was 15,000 square miles. In 1926 there were 160,000 square miles in pastoral occupation. During the same period the number of horses has increased from 6,500 to 236,352; of horned cattle from 75,000 to 340,007; and of sheep from 1,000,000 to 7,283,945; whilst the exports of wool have increased from 4,000 to 200,000 bales. Last year there were made 13,882,850 lbs. of butter, and 3,636,278 lbs. of cheese; and 5,600,760 lbs. of bacon and hams were cured. In normal seasons, large quantities of butter, frozen meat, etc., are exported to Europe, in addition to tallow and skins and hides. 1,589,885 lbs. of butter were sent last year. The value of pastoral and dairying products exported overseas averages 6,000,000s.

The keeping of bees is generally carried on in conjunction with other pursuits, and during 1924-25, 2,764,389 lbs. of honey were produced.

South Australian wattle bark holds a high place in the market for tanning purposes, about 6,000 tons being stripped every year.

The number of manufactures is 1,791, employing 40,061 hands and 118,496 horse-power actually used. Wages paid 8,203,761*l*. Total value production 35,437,147*l*. Value of land, buildings, plant and machinery, 15,842,650*l*.

A few years ago, flour mills and tanneries were almost the only representatives of local manufactures; whilst these have largely increased in number and efficiency, many important additions have been made to the list, and there are now many steam flour mills, saw mills, foundries, agricultural implement works, electric light and gas works, breweries, and factories for clothing, boots and shoes, saddlery, jams, aerated waters, soap and candles, fertilizers, joinery, cycles and motors, brushware, glassware, etc., etc. Shipbuilding has also been commenced. Several marble and slate quarries of excellent quality, and over 100 building stone quarries have been opened.

Out of 17,123,012*l*. worth of produce exported overseas during 1926-27, the value of breadstuffs amounted to 7,458,006*l*.; while wool represented 4,148,496*l*.; fruits and wine, 1,014,694*l*.; butter, 96,181*l*.; meats, 67,865*l*.; tallow, 46,704*l*.; concentrates 833,874*l*.; lead, pig, 1,642,999*l*.; hides, 572,855*l*.; bullion and specie, 896,249*l*.

The chief imports are textiles, sugar, alcohol, tea, hardware, and machinery, manures, paper, oils, timber and vehicles. The total external trade reaches 33,000,000*l*., almost half of which is with the United Kingdom, the bulk of the remainder being with other British Countries, the United States, France, Italy and Japan.

The minerals produced during the year 1926 were valued at 1,032,253*l*., the chief being copper 14,681*l*., salt 204,977*l*., ironstone flux 671,307*l*., and gypsum 57,411*l*.

Since the inception of the state, 44,183,935*l*. of minerals have been produced, of which copper accounts for 33,039,516*l*.

Value of Production, 1926-26.

The crops produced in South Australia were valued at 15,476,365*l*., and in addition the net factories output was 12,258,961*l*., pastoral 6,673,865*l*., minerals 1,028,471*l*., dairying 2,033,722*l*., poultry 1,094,206*l*., fisheries, game and forestry, etc., 1,177,422*l*., the grand total being 39,743,011*l*., equal to 72*l*. per head of population.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender and usual currency is exclusively British sterling.

Ten banking institutions in addition to the Commonwealth Government Bank carry on business within the State, all of which have establishments in the principal seaports and inland townships—numbering altogether 400 branches and agencies. Their names are: The Bank of Australasia; Union Bank of Australia, Limited; National Bank of Australasia, Limited; English, Scottish, and Australian Bank, Limited; Bank of Adelaide; Bank of New South Wales; Commercial Bank of Australia, Limited; Bank of Victoria, Limited; Australian Bank of Commerce, Limited; and Primary Producers Bank of Australia, Limited. The total average assets

of the eleven banks amount to (June, 1927) 28,147,740*l*., and the total deposits to 24,158,506*l*.

The Savings Bank is managed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Governor, and has 39 branches and 347 agencies. The number of depositors on 30th June, 1927, was 449,541 and the total deposits amounted to 21,034,598*l*. Rate interest paid to depositors, 4*1*/₂ per cent. The Commonwealth Savings Bank had 62,819 depositors and 2,564,924*l*. deposits at the same date. 85 in every 100 persons of the population are depositors in savings banks, the deposits averaging 40*l*. per head of population. The total deposits in Savings Banks and Banks of Issue amounted to 47,738,027*l*., being 80*l*. per inhabitant.

A State Bank was established in 1925, with power to make advances to primary producers.

Penny Banks.

Agencies at schools, 940; depositors, 51,394; deposits, 75,041*l*.

Education.

The University of Adelaide was founded by Royal Letters Patent in 1881, and an Act of the local Parliament in 1874. It was endowed by private munificence, aided by an annual grant of 5 per cent. on all sums contributed from private sources, and an endowment of land, the total amount of income for 1926 being 110,732*l*. The University has the power of granting degrees in arts, law, medicine, science, and music; the staff consists of 208 professors, lecturers, etc., 20 being lecturers and assistants and teachers in the Conservatorium of Music. All classes are open to women. It had in 1926 737 undergraduates and 756 non-graduating students (exclusive of 590 students at the Conservatorium of Music), besides those attending extension lectures. Total expenditure, 89,187*l*.

The School of Mines and Industries was established in 1889. It is supported by an annual parliamentary vote of about 25,000*l*. and by school fees. Diplomas are awarded in mining, metallurgy, and mechanical engineering. The staff consists of 88 teachers. The students number 3,760, including children from public schools receiving instruction in domestic economy. There are in addition nine Technical Schools in the country with 1,585 scholars; one School of Arts and Crafts, with 1,107 students, and Apprentice Classes, with 872 students.

Primary, secondary and technical education is provided for by the Education Acts, by which the management of public education is committed to a Minister of Education—a member of the Cabinet. The education is secular, but not to the exclusion of the Bible; free from January 1, 1892, up to the compulsory standard, and it has been compulsory since 1876. In 1926 there were 1,030 schools, with 3,350 teachers and teachers in training, and 84,889 scholars. Included in these are 24 High (secondary) schools, with 160 teachers, and 4,150 scholars, and technical education is imparted at 43 Domestic Art Centres and 14 Woodwork Centres and also at a number of primary schools in addition to the technical schools mentioned above.

The expenses of the Education Department for payment of teachers, etc., grants to educational institutions and buildings, were during 1926, 1,112,811*l*. The total expenditure from loan money on school buildings up to December 31, 1926, was 1,443,630*l*.

Towards the maintenance of the South Australian Public Library, Museum, and Art Gallery, also country institutes (244 in number) the sum of about 28,000*l.* is annually granted by the Government in addition to special grants for buildings.

There are also 182 Private Schools with 873 teachers and 14,990 scholars.

Administration of Justice.

The legal tribunals of the State consist of a Supreme Court, presided over by the Chief Justice and three Puisne Judges; the Court of Vice Admiralty, of which the Chief Justice is Judge; Circuit Courts at Mount Gambier, Port Augusta, and Gladstone, presided over by Judges of the Supreme Court; the Court of Insolvency, presided over by a Commissioner, who is a Stipendiary Magistrate, or by a Judge of the Supreme Court; Local Courts of Insolvency at Port Augusta, Gladstone, Mount Gambier, and Port Wallaroo, presided over by Stipendiary Magistrates; Local Courts of Civil Jurisdiction in all the principal towns throughout the State with full Jurisdiction, presided over by Stipendiary Magistrates, and Limited Jurisdiction, by Justices of the Peace; and Police Magistrates' Courts.

The number of persons convicted in the Supreme Court in 1925 was 123, approximately one in every 5,000 of the population.

Land Transfer.

The Statute known as the Real Property Act of South Australia affords a process by which the transfer of landed property may be accomplished in as easy and cheap a manner as any ordinary commercial transaction. There can be no question that the operation of the measure has been highly advantageous to the community.

Loans for Public Works.

Legislative sanction has been accorded from time to time for the raising of money by way of loan, for the prosecution of reproductive public works—such as railways, tramways, waterworks, telegraphs, harbour improvements, and other public purposes.

Means of Communication.

There are 42,500 miles of roads defined in the settled districts, the greater portion of the cost of which has been defrayed from the General Revenue—no special toll or rate having been levied. The aggregate number of miles macadamised is 12,000. In addition to the main lines, perhaps as many more miles of district or by-roads have been constructed and kept in repair by local municipalities out of rates and grants in aid.

The railways are all constructed and worked by the Government. The mileage opened for traffic in the State is 2,509, exclusive of the Port Augusta Oodnadatta railway, 478 miles, and the East West railway, 598 miles, which are controlled by the Commonwealth Government. Up to June 30th, 1926, the cost of construction and equipment reached 25,992,778*l.* The receipts in 1926-27 were 4,144,412*l.* There is daily railway communication between Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, and tri-weekly between Perth.

The geographical position of South Australia necessitated early and earnest attention being devoted to the extension of the South Australian

telegraphs, so as to afford communication with Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbane, Port Darwin, and Perth. To accomplish this South Australia, at her own risk, erected a line of telegraph, some 2,200 miles in length, at a cost of over 500,000*l.*, across a continent which had only been traversed by an exploring party. An additional wire has been erected at a cost of over 50,000*l.* At present the railway reaches Oodnadatta, 688 miles north of Adelaide, and Katherine River, 199 miles south of Palmerston, the intervening gap being 1,200 miles, and it is proposed to build another section from Oodnadatta to Alice Springs.

On the 30th June, 1926, there were 744 telegraph stations in the State, and the number of telegraph messages sent in 1925-26 was 2,426,730. There were 420 telephone exchanges, with 33,547 connections.

Internal water communication is afforded by the Murray River, on which steamers run for 2,000 miles. There is regular and frequent communication by mail steamers with all parts of Australasia as well as with Europe and San Francisco.

The total number of Post Offices, 808; letters sent in 1925-26, 55,084,400; packets, 16,408,300; newspapers, 10,064,700.

FINANCES.

SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Financial Year ended 30th June.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Shipping Entered and Cleared.	
	£	£	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1918	5,526,226	5,500,419	2,156,372	2,479,552
1919	5,798,314	5,876,807	2,839,000	3,174,872
1920	6,582,788	6,467,039	4,701,318	5,264,545
1921	7,151,366	7,543,640	5,087,487	5,805,883
1922	7,771,752	7,826,241	6,335,987	7,043,712
1923	8,431,700	8,426,517	7,688,907	8,670,563
1924	8,932,340	8,985,599	8,049,114	9,167,313
1925	9,733,038	9,680,037	8,009,153	9,206,131
1926	10,474,094	10,460,943	8,800,297	9,039,550
1927	10,784,898	11,834,947	—	—

IMPORTS OVERSEA.

Financial Year.	From U.K.	From Oversea Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1918	1,705,856	1,113,958	1,361,508	4,181,322
1919	2,867,405	1,169,689	2,459,347	6,496,441
1920	3,231,116	1,095,613	3,147,164	7,473,893
1921	5,655,576	1,673,095	5,063,302	12,381,973
1922	5,733,268	1,176,384	2,137,560	9,047,212
1923	5,733,557	1,563,537	3,550,077	10,847,171
1924	5,773,963	1,735,618	5,190,790	12,700,371
1925	6,264,681	1,874,637	5,838,978	13,978,296
1926	5,910,054	2,069,906	5,923,216	13,903,176
1927	Not yet available.			

EXPORTS OVERSEA.

Financial Year.	To U.K.	To Oversea Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1918	2,356,488	903,780	1,888,702	5,148,970
1919	6,820,899	3,066,303	1,683,268	11,570,470
1920	12,884,359	1,522,319	6,123,677	20,530,355
1921	10,495,488	2,879,169	4,295,000	17,669,657
1922	6,240,133	3,962,858	4,544,269	14,747,260
1923	5,273,585	2,500,288	5,812,030	13,585,903
1924	6,664,543	2,454,165	7,775,062	16,893,770
1925	8,240,054	2,854,061	8,114,542	19,208,657
1926	9,760,976	2,877,030	6,635,602	19,273,608
1927	Not yet available.			

*Public Debt, June 30th, 1927—82,638,849*l.**

List of Governors of South Australia from 1873.

Sir Anthony Musgrave, K.C.M.G., 1873.
 The Hon. S. J. Way, admin., 1877.
 Sir William W. Cairns, K.C.M.G., 1877.
 The Hon. S. J. Way, admin., 1877.
 Sir W. F. D. Jervois, R.E., G.C.M.G., C.B., 1877.
 The Hon. S. J. Way, admin., 1878.
 The Hon. S. J. Way, admin., 1883.
 Sir W. F. C. Robinson, K.C.M.G., 1883.
 The Hon. S. J. Way, admin., 1889.
 The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Kintore, G.C.M.G., 1889.
 The Hon. J. P. Boucaut, admin., 1890.
 The Hon. J. P. Boucaut, admin., 1891.
 The Hon. S. J. Way, Lt.-Governor, admin., 1893.
 The Hon. S. J. Way, Lt.-Governor, admin., 1895.
 Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, Bart., K.C.M.G., 1896.
 The Rt. Hon. Sir S. J. Way, Bart., P.C. Lieut.-Governor, admin., 1898.
 The Rt. Hon. Lord Tennyson, K.C.M.G., 1899.
 The Rt. Hon. Sir S. J. Way, Bart., P.C., Lieut.-Governor, admin., 1902.
 Sir George Ruthven Le Hunte, K.C.M.G., 1903.
 The Rt. Hon. Sir S. J. Way, Bart., P.C., Lieut.-Governor, admin., 1909.
 Sir Day Hord Bosanquet, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., 1909.
 The Rt. Hon. Sir S. J. Way, Bart., P.C., Lieut.-Governor, admin., 1914.
 Lieut.-Col. Sir Henry Lionel Galway, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., 1914.
 Hon. Sir G. J. R. Murray, K.C.M.G., LL.M., Lieut.-Governor, admin., 1920.
 Lieut.-Col. Sir W. E. G. A. Weigall, K.C.M.G., 1920-1922.
 Hon. Sir G. R. R. Murray, K.C.M.G., LL.M., Lieut.-Governor, admin., 1922.
 Lieut.-General Sir George Tom Molesworth Bridges, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., 1922-1927.
 Hon. T. S. Poole, Administrator 1925.

Ministries.

B. T. Finniss, 24 Oct., 1856	J. P. Boucaut, 26 Oct., 1877
J. Baker, 21 Aug., 1857	W. Morgan, 27 Sept., 1878
R. R. Torrens, 1 Sept., 1857	J. Cox Bray, 24 June, 1881
R. D. Hanson, 30 Sept., 1857	J. Colton, 16 June, 1884
T. Reynolds, 9 May, 1860	J. W. Downer, Q.C., 16 June, 1885
G. M. Waterhouse, 8 Oct., 1861	T. Playford, 11 June, 1887
F. S. Dutton, 4 July, 1863	J. A. Cockburn, 27 June, 1889
H. Ayers, 15 July, 1863	T. Playford, 19 Aug., 1890
A. Blyth, 4 Aug., 1864	
F. S. Dutton, 22 Mar., 1865	
H. Ayers, 20 Sept., 1865	F. W. Holder, 21 June, 1892
J. Hart, 23 Oct., 1865	Sir J. W. Downer, Q.C., K.C.M.G., 15 Oct., 1892
J. P. Boucaut, 28 Mar., 1866	Rt. Hon. C. C. Kingston, Q.C., 16 June, 1893
H. Ayers, 3 May, 1867	V. L. Solomon, 1 Dec., 1899
J. Hart, 24 Sept., 1868	
H. Ayers, 13 Oct., 1868	F. W. Holder, 11 Dec., 1899
H. B. T. Strangways, 3 Nov., 1868	J. G. Jenkins, 15 May, 1901
J. Hart, 30 May, 1870	R. Butler, 1 Mar., 1905
A. Blyth, 10 Nov., 1871	T. Price, 26 July, 1905
H. Ayers, C.M.G., 22 Jan., 1872	A. H. Peake, 5 June, 1909
A. Blyth, 22 July, 1873	
J. P. Boucaut, 3 June, 1875	
J. Colton, 6 June, 1876	

J. Verran, 3 June, 1910 Sir H. N. Barwell, A. H. Peake, 17 Feb., K.C.M.G., LL.B., 8 1912 April, 1920
 C. Vaughan, 3 April, J. Gunn, 16 April, 1924 1915 L. L. Hill, 28 Aug., 1926
 A. H. Peake, 14 July, B. L. Butler, 8 April, 1927

THE GOVERNOR.

Governor (vacant).
Lieutenant-Governor, Sir G. J. R. Murray, K.C.M.G., B.A., LL.M., K.C., *Chief Justice.*
Private Secretary, C. Legh Winser, C.M.G., M.V.O.
A.D.C. (vacant).

Executive Council.

President, His Excellency the Governor.
Chief Justice, Hon. Sir G. J. R. Murray, K.C.M.G., B.A., LL.M.
Premier, Treasurer and Minister of Railways, Hon. R. L. Butler, M.P.
Chief Secretary, Minister of Mines and Minister of Marine, Hon. H. Tassie, M.L.C.
Attorney General and Minister of Industry, Hon. H. Homburg, M.P.
Commissioner of Crown Lands and Minister of Local Government, Hon. G. F. Jenkins, M.P.
Commissioner of Public Works and Minister of Education, Hon. M. McIntosh, M.P.
Minister of Agriculture, Minister of Immigration, Minister of Repatriation and Minister of Irrigation, Hon. J. Cowan, M.L.C.
Clerk of Council, H. Blinnan, M.V.O.

*THE PARLIAMENT.**Legislative Council—20 Members.*

President, Hon. Sir J. L. Stirling, K.C.M.G., O.B.E., 800*l.*
Clerk and Clerk of Parliaments, J. P. Morice, 650*l.*
Clerk Assistant and Serjeant-at-Arms, E. H. Peake, 450*l.*

Central Electoral District, No. 1.

The Hons. J. Jelley, J. Carr, T. Gluyas and A. A. Kirkpatrick.

Central Electoral District, No. 2.

The Hons. J. H. Cooke, W. H. Harvey, H. Tassie and G. H. Prosser.

Southern Electoral District.

The Hons. Sir J. L. Stirling, K.C.M.G., O.B.E., J. Cowan, T. McCallum and H. D. Young.

Midland Electoral District.

The Hons. Sir D. J. Gordon, T. Pascoe, W. Hannaford and W. G. Duncan.

Northern Electoral District.

The Hons. W. Morrow, W. J. G. Mills, G. Ritchie, and A. P. Blessing.

House of Assembly—46 Members.

Speaker, Hon. G. R. Laffer, 800*l.*
Chairman of Committees, R. S. Richards, 600*l.*

*Constituencies.**Members.*

No. 1.—Adelaide...	W. J. Denny, M.C.
	A. A. Edwards.
	H. J. George.
No. 2.—North Adelaide...	F. W. Birrell.
	S. H. Jeffries.

<i>Constituencies.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
No. 3.—Port Adelaide ...	T. T. Thompson. J. F. D. Jonas.
No. 4.—West Torrens ...	A. J. Blackwell. J. McInnes.
No. 5.—Sturt ...	H. C. Richards. E. O. Vardon. E. Anthony.
No. 6.—East Torrens ...	F. W. Coneybeer. W. A. Hamilton. A. T. Sutton.
No. 7.—Victoria ...	E. J. Shepherd. P. Reidy.
No. 8.—Albert ...	M. McIntosh. F. M. McMillan. G. R. Laffer.
No. 9.—Alexandra ...	P. T. Heggarton. H. S. Hudd, M.C. E. H. Hannaford.
No. 10.—Murray ...	H. Homburg. C. R. Collins. H. B. Crosby.
No. 11.—Barossa ...	G. Cooke. Dr. H. Basedow. R. L. Butler.
No. 12.—Wooroora ...	A. G. Cameron. J. McLachlan. J. N. Pedler.
No. 13.—Walleroo ...	R. S. Richards. E. H. Giles. H. G. Tossell.
No. 14.—Yorke Peninsula ...	J. C. Fitzgerald. L. L. Hill.
No. 15.—Port Pirie ...	J. A. Lyons. R. D. Nicholls.
No. 16.—Stanley ...	R. J. Carter. G. F. Jenkins. F. T. Jettner.
No. 17.—Burra Burra ...	T. Butterfield. W. Harvey.
No. 18.—Newcastle ...	J. G. Moseley. E. Coles.
No. 19.—Flinders ...	

Clerk, F. L. Parker, 650l.

Clerk Assistant and Sergeant-at-Arms, J. P. Steele, 450l.

Office Clerk, E. C. Redmond, 300l.

Librarians, W. O. Quinton, 400l., J. H. Elsegood, 305l.

Electoral Department.

Returning Officer for State (also Judge in Insolvency), H. K. Paine.

Clerk-in-Charge (also Returning Officer, Central District, 25l. and fees), C. R. Peryman, 360l.

Government Reporting Department.

Director (also Secretary, Railways Standing Committee), J. Sincock, 750l. (also Member of Board of Management of State Bank of S.A., 300l.)

Leader Hansard Staff, F. Johns, 650l.

Assistant ditto, R. Cockburn, 625l.

Reporters, H. E. Batchelor, B. W. Smith and C. V. Jarvis, 575l. each; H. R. Underwood and H. E. White, 525l. each.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice and Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court, Hon. Sir G. J. B. Murray, K.C.M.G., B.A., LL.M. (Lieutenant-Governor), 2,500l.

Judges, H. A. Parsons, LL.B., Hon. J. M. Napier, LL.B., F. W. Richards and A. W. Piper, 2,000l. each.

DEPARTMENTS UNDER DIRECTION OF THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Chief Secretary's Department.

Chief Secretary, Minister of Mines and Marine, Hon. H. Tassie, M.L.C.

Under-Secretary (also Clerk of Executive Council and Secretary to Premier), H. Blinman, M.V.O., 900l.

Chief Clerk, A. L. Read, 550l.

Accountant, A. J. Moroney, 432l.

Clerks, L. King, 276l.; and others.

Inspector, Places of Public Entertainment, T. E. Smith, 475l.

Lay Supt., Inebriate Institution, R. J. Wilson, £399.

Public Service Commissioner.

Public Service Commissioner and Chairman, Classification and Efficiency Board, S. P. Weir, D.S.O., V.D., 800l.

Members, Classification and Efficiency Board, J. W. Wainwright, B.A., A.I.C.A., and E. Treloar.

Secretary, Public Service Commissioner, A. E. Kinnear, 650l.

Chief Clerk and Secretary, Classification and Efficiency Board, C. A. Pounsett, A.F.I.A., 432l.

Statistical.

Government Statist, W. L. Johnston, 600l.

Chief Compiler and Senior Clerk, H. L. Semmens, 414l.

Compiler, F. C. Lampe, 372l.

Assistant Compiler, W. T. Kelly, 324l., and others.

Audit.

Auditor General, W. E. Rogers, 1,000l.

Assistant Auditor General (and Chief Investigating Officer, Public Service Commissioner's Department, and Member, Classification and Efficiency Board), J. W. Wainwright, B.A., A.I.C.A., 825l.

Inspector (and Investigating Officer, Public Service Commissioner's Department) W. P. Bishop, A.F.I.A., 575l.

Senior Auditors, E. R. Dumas and F. J. Vawser, 500l. each.

Auditors, O. H. Nootnagel, 500l.; O. H. West and T. F. Rice, A.F.I.A., 450l. each.

Clerks, G. W. Dodson, 432l.; F. F. Cook and A. E. Craker, A.I.C.A., 384l. each; and others.

Public Actuary.

Public Actuary, etc., L. G. Melville, B.Ec., 900l.

Chief Clerk, etc., J. G. Hammer, 475l.

Clerks, E. P. O'Neil, 414l.; and others.

Police.

Commissioner of Police, R. L. Leane, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C., 1,100l.

Secretary, A. H. Oakley, 575l.

Accountant and Receiver of Revenue, G. Greenham, 432l.

Assistant Accountant, A. T. O. Kappler, 372l.

Inspectors, First Class, J. Clarke, W. J. McGrath and H. E. Whittle, 525l.

Inspectors, Second Class, P. A. Giles, M. J. Murphy, M. D. O'Connell, W. Nation, J. E. Noblet, T. F. Hannon, G. Horseman, 480l.

Inspectors, Third Class, T. O. Mattin, H. J. Church, 465l.; R. Giles, M. C. Shea, 450l.; W. F. Johns, 435l.; C. H. Howie, H. P. Trotter, 420l.

Sheriff's Department.

Sheriff and Comptroller of Labor Prison, O. H. Schomburgk, 760l.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, S. G. Blackman, 432l.
Keeper of Adelaide Gaol, &c., C. Molloy, 432l.
Chief Warder, P. A. C. Pettitt, 372l.

Yatala Labor Prison.

Comptroller, also Sheriff, &c., O. H. Schomburgk.
Superintendent, F. E. Becker, 575l.
Chief Guard, W. Reynolds, 396l.

Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.

Registrar-General, A. J. Korff, 550l.
Deputy Registrar, E. A. S. Thomas, 408l.
Chief Clerk and District Registrar, M. H. Wilson, 396l.
Clerks, A. M. Buick, 336l., and others.

Inspector General of Hospitals Department.

Inspector-General of Hospitals, B. H. Morris, M.B., B.S., 1,200l.
Secretary, C. E. Spiller, 625l.
Chief Clerk, H. T. Young, 625l.
Accountant, J. K. Shedley, A.F.I.A., 414l.
Correspondence Clerk, H. G. Nelson, 348l.
Receiver of Revenue and Assistant Accountant, S. V. Botting, A.F.I.A., 348l.
Senior Dental Surgeon and Demonstrator, J. F. Clark, B.D.S., 575l.
Medical Officers of Hospitals—
Port Adelaide, P. T. S. Cherry, 200l.
Mount Gambier, R. G. Burnard, 250l.
Port Lincoln, D. Steele, 250l.
Port Augusta, E. L. Symons, 350l.
Wallaroo, W. H. Harbison, 250l.
Port Pirie, L. G. Tassie, 300l.
Bedford Park, C. H. G. Ramsbottom, M.D., Ch.B., M.R.C.P., 850l.
Barmera, S. D. Sutton, 75l.
Medical Superintendent, Adelaide Hospital, J. G. Sleeman, M.B., Ch.B., 950l.
Dental Superintendent, T. D. Campbell, B.D.S., D.D.Sc., 675l.
Lay Superintendent, A. E. Botting, 550l.
Chief Dispenser, W. F. Hammer, M.P.S., 475l.
Assistant Dispensers, K. R. Mullen, 360l.; G. L. Kollasche, 348l.
Matron, E. Harrauld, 240l.
Director of Laboratory, L. B. Bull, D.V.Sc., 850l.
Assistants, R. J. Cowan, B.Sc., 360l.; and others.
Radiographer, H. C. Marshall, 550l.
Superintendent, Mental Hospital, M. H. Downey, L.R.C.P. & S., M.B., B.S., 1,060l.
Deputy Superintendent, A. J. Meikle, L.F.P. & S., Ch.M., L.R.C.P. & S., M.D., 850l.
Junior Medical Officer, A. O. Barkley, M.B., Ch.M., B.D.S., 650l.
Chief Clerk and Steward, C. J. Thomas, 475l.
Dispenser, &c., J. F. Bishop, 384l.
Dispenser and Steward (Mental Receiving House), E. Clark, M.A., 372l.

Vaccination.

Vaccination Officer (also City Coroner and Chairman Central Board of Health, &c.), W. Ramsay Smith, D.Sc., M.B., Ch.M.

Central Board of Health.

Chairman (also City Coroner), W. Ramsay Smith, D.Sc., M.B., Ch.M., 1,000l.
Senior Inspector, S. Kirkpatrick, 396l.
Inspector, F. W. Walton, 384l.
Secretary, S. C. Stenning, F.A.I.S., 550l.
Chief Clerk, H. T. Hutchins, 360l.

Children's Welfare and Public Relief.

Chairman, Children's Welfare and Public Relief Board, T. H. Atkinson, 700l.
Medical Officer (and other Institutions), vacant.
Secretary and Deputy Chairman, Children's Welfare and Public Relief Board, F. J. P. Kelsh, 550l.
Chief Relieving Officer, H. Taylor, 450l.
Accountant and Receiver of Revenue, H. J. Reilly, A.F.I.A., 450l.
Cashier, H. E. Leaney, 384l.
Ledgerkeeper, S. A. Bean, 360l.
Chief Prosecuting Officer, F. G. Byrne, 550l.
Prosecuting Officer, J. K. Alderman, 384l.
Enquiry Officer, S. W. Smith, 372l.
Visiting Officer, E. A. Riches, 372l.
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Superintendent, Boys' Reformatory, C. H. Arnold, 414l.

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Government Printer and Comptroller of Stationery, H. R. H. Weir, 700l.
Superintendent, J. MoEwen, 500l.
Overseers, F. Trigg, 432l.; T. H. Hillier and T. Chambers, 414l. each; S. B. Morter, 396l.
Accountant and Receiver of Revenue, E. H. Othams, 450l.
Assistant Accountant and Receiver of Revenue, W. T. Johns, 372l.
Stationery Clerk, W. J. Daymond, 384l.

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Minister of Education, Hon. M. McIntosh, M.P.

Education.

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Principal and Examiner, Adelaide School of Art, L. H. Howie, 435l.
Editor of Departmental Publications, B. S. Roach, 700l.
Assistant Inspector of Technical Schools, G. S. McDonald, 450l.

Psychologist, Constance M. Davey, M.A., Ph.D., 475*l*.
Principal Medical Officer, Ida G. M. Halley, M.B., B.S., 750*l*.
Medical Inspectors of Schools, W. Christie, M.B., B.S., 575*l*; Edith Clement, M.B., Ch.M., Mary C. Pukey, M.B., Ch.M., 500*l*. each; and Rita M. McAnaney M.B., B.S., 450*l*.
Senior Dentist (vacant).
Dentists, A. E. Bolt and C. Grosvenor, B.D.S., 475*l*. each; and J. C. Burns, B.D.S., 432*l*.
Chief Clerk, P. C. Trevor, 550*l*.
Accountant, L. Aitchison, 575*l*.
Assistant Accountant, P. J. McFaul, 384*l*.
Receiver of Revenue, S. H. Jones, 372*l*.
Correspondence Clerk, T. L. Oliver, 408*l*.
Comptroller of Stores, C. P. Cornish, 396*l*.
Secretary to the Director, C. G. Lewis, A.C.U.A., 414*l*.
Office of Examinations, L. J. Nelson, 360*l*.
Supervisor of Compulsory Branch, G. W. R. Lee, 550*l*.
Recorder of Apprentices, F. G. Corrin, 384*l*.
Clerks, W. J. Young, A.F.I.A., 360*l*., and others.
Storekeeper, W. G. Fraser, 384*l*.

Observatory.

Government Astronomer, G. F. Dodwell, B.A., F.R.A.S., 650*l*.
Deputy Government Astronomer (vacant).
Astronomical and Geodetic Assistant (vacant).

Teachers' Training College.

Principal, A. J. Schulz, M.A., Ph.D., 800*l*.
Senior Lecturers, W. Ham, 620*l*.; S. F. Robinson, Dip. Ed., 620*l*.
Lecturer, H. M. Lushey, M.A., 520*l*.
Supervisor of Music, F. L. Gratton, 560*l*.
Senior Lecturer, E. M. Claxton, 440*l*.
Assistant Nature Study Instructor, J. E. Machell, 410*l*.
Supervisor of Nature Study, A. G. Edquist, 650*l*.
Women's Warden, Phebe N. Watson, 440*l*.
Teacher of Voice Culture, O. M. Carter, 360*l*.
Lecturer, Flossie E. R. Batchelor, B.A., Dip. Ed., 330*l*.
Part Time Lecturer, W. Oldham, M.A., 170*l*.
Instructor of Physical Culture, May Cleggett, 330*l*.
Senior Lecturer in Domestic Art, F. Stevenson, B.A., 410*l*.
Lecturer in Domestic Art, L. M. Knill, 340*l*.

School of Mines and Industries.

Principal, F. W. Reid, B.Sc., A.S.A.S.M., 750*l*.
Instructors, J. P. Wood, B.E., R. W. Parsons, M.E., F.S.A.S.M., J. Dalby, B.A., A. H. Codrington, S. Moyle, G. H. B. Haskard, B.Sc., E. W. Hughes, A.R.S.M., A.S.A.S.M., R. F. Canney, M.A., B.Sc., F. M. Best, A.S.A.S.M., H. S. Roberts, A.S.A.S.M., R. A. L. Laughton, A.S.A.S.M., F. J. Lykke, J. D. T. Walters, L. L. Smith, B.E., F.S.A.S.M., F.S.A.I.A., and others.
Analyst and Assayer, W. S. Chapman, F.A.I.C.

University of Adelaide.

Chancellor, Hon. Sir G. J. R. Murray, K.C.M.G., B.A., LL.M., Chief Justice.
Vice-Chancellor, Sir W. Mitchell, K.C.M.G., M.A., D.Sc.

Professor, Classics, H. Darnley Naylor, M.A.
Philosophy, McKellar Stewart, D.Phil.
Modern History, W. K. Hancock, B.A.
English Language and Literature, Sir Archibald Strong, M.A., Litt.D.
Bio Chemistry and General Physiology, T. Brailford Robertson, D.Sc.
Human Physiology and Pharmacology, C. F. Hicks.
Mathematics, J. B. Wilton, M.A., D.Sc.
Engineering, R. W. Chapman, C.M.G., M.A., B.C.E.
Physics, Kerr Grant, M.Sc.
Chemistry, vacant.
Botany, T. G. B. Osborn, D.Sc.
Geology, Sir Douglas Mawson, D.Sc.
Music, E. H. Davies, Mus. Doc.
Anatomy, H. H. Woollard.
Law, A. L. Campbell, B.A., B.E.
Pathology, J. Burton Cleland, M.D.
Zoology, T. Harvey Johnston, M.A., D.Sc.
Waste Professor of Agriculture and Director of Waste Agricultural Research Institute, A. E. V. Richardson, M.A., D.Sc.
Waste Professor of Agriculture and Chemistry, J. A. Prescott.

Several Lecturers and Assistant Lecturers.

Registrar, F. W. Eardley, B.A.
Accountant, A. W. Bampton.
Librarian, R. J. M. Clucas, B.A.

Public Library, Museum and Art Gallery.

General Secretary, Hately W. Marshall, J.P.
Librarian, H. R. Purnell, F.L.A.
Archivist, G. H. Pitt, B.A.
Director, Museum, E. R. Waite, F.L.S.
Entomologist, A. M. Lea, F.E.S.
Curator, Art Gallery, Leslie Wilkie.
Institutes Association, F. E. Meleng, *Secretary*.

DEPARTMENTS UNDER DIRECTION OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Law Officers' Department.

Attorney-General, Hon. H. Homburg, M.P.
Crown Solicitor, Minister of Industry, A. J. Hannan, 1,500*l*.
Assistant Crown Solicitor, J. C. Martin, 850*l*.
Parliamentary Draftsman, E. L. Bean, 850*l*.
Assistant Parliamentary Draftsman, J. P. Cartledge, 600*l*.
Crown Prosecutor, E. Millhouse.
Secretary, S. A. Gregory, 600*l*.
Crown Law Clerk, A. C. Thomas, 408*l*.
Solicitors, K. J. Healy, 675*l*.; E. I. Stevens, 575*l*.; R. R. St. C. Chamberlain, 475*l*.
Public Solicitor, C. A. Sandery, 575*l*.
Chief Clerk, Crown Solicitor, J. H. Odium, 432*l*.
Clerks, S. H. Suckling, 432*l*.; E. A. H. Madge, 408*l*.; C. L. Johnston, 348*l*.; and others.

Supreme Court.

Master of Supreme Court (also Registrar of Probates), W. L. Stuart, 1,100*l*.
Deputy Master, F. B. McBryde, 675*l*.
Deputy Registrar of Probates, Hugh Boothby, 575*l*.

Associates, J. M. Hague, 360l.; A. B. Webb, 324l.; and others.
Clerk in Charge, C. L. Mortimer, 475l.
Law Reporters, H. S. Richards, 550l.; V. G. Lyons and V. R. Jones, 525l. each; H. W. Schapel, 475l.

Public Trustees Department.

Public Trustee, B. P. Martin, 700l.
Deputy Public Trustee, R. A. Peake, 500l.
Accountant, H. G. W. Chinner, 414l.
Assistant Accountant, A. A. House, 336l.

COURT OF INSOLVENCY.

Judge in Insolvency, H. K. Paine, 1,100l.
Registrar, A. S. Howland, 500l.
Official Receiver, H. Meegan, A.F.I.A., 348l.
Accountant, A. V. Richardson, A.F.I.A., 396l.

Magistrates and Local Courts.

Local Court Judge (also Judge in Insolvency), H. K. Paine.
Police Magistrate, R. M. Sabine, 950l.
Stipendiary Magistrates, L. H. Haslam, 900l.; S. D. Ronald, S.M., 750l.; H. M. Muirhead, S.M., 800l.
Stipendiary Magistrate, Children's and Traffic Courts, W. Hall, S.M., 600l.
Clerk of Local Court, W. H. Howell, 525l.
Clerk of Police Court, C. E. Tucker, 475l.
Receiver of Revenue, C. K. B. Scott, 348l.
Stipendiary Magistrates of Local Courts, G. W. Halcombe, 850l.; D. C. Scott, 725l.; W. R. Kelly, 725l.; K. F. V. Sanderson, 725l.; H. G. P. Nesbit, 700l.
Clerks of Court, H. S. Sutton, 475l.; W. H. Hilton, 450l.; G. C. Leaker, 429l.; L. B. Mars, 373l.; W. A. Bollmeyer, 348l.
City Coroner (also Chairman Central Board of Health), W. Ramsay Smith, D.Sc., M.B., Ch.M.
Assistant to City Coroner, C. L. Mathews, 550l.

Licensing Court.

President, R. G. Nesbit, S.M., 750l.
State Member, E. J. Thomas, 600l.
Clerk of Court, J. L. Laurence, 348l.
Chief Inspector, T. H. Davey, 432l.
Inspector, W. H. Smedley, 348l., and others.

Registrar-General of Deeds Department.

Registrar-General of Deeds, M. H. Salter, 750l.
Senior Deputy Registrar-General, V. E. R. Dumas, 625l.
Chief Draftsman, &c., W. F. Gardiner, 600l.
Deputy Registrar-General and Secretary, E. F. Playford, 575l.
Deputy Registrars-General, R. A. Kerwood, H. L. Cornish and T. I. Storen, 525l. each.
Assistant Chief Draftsman, H. Bowman, 500l.
Index and Journal Clerk, B. R. G. Blackmore, 396l.
Searcher, A. P. Cox, 525l.
Record Clerk, A. F. Siebert, 384l.
Draftsmen, W. A. West, 396l.; and others.

DEPARTMENTS UNDER DIRECTION OF THE TREASURER.

Treasury.

Treasurer (also Premier, Minister of Railways), Hon. B. L. Butler, M.P.
Under Treasurer, R. R. Stuckey, A.I.A., 1,200l. (also *Chairman of Board of Management of State Bank of S.A.*, 400l.; *President, South Australian Superannuation Fund Board*, 200l.).
Assistant Under Treasurer, &c., W. Laycock, 800l.
Receiver of Revenue, G. Hutton, 550l.
Chief Clerk, A. F. Cornish, 525l.
Accountant, Manager, Government Accident Insurance Office, Public Debt Officer and Secretary South Australian Superannuation Fund Board, &c., W. G. Tucker, 775l.
Paymaster, T. G. Gibbons, 475l.
Public Debt Clerk, V. E. Adams, 450l.
Assistant Public Debt Clerk, C. C. Mitchell, 414l.
Assistant Receiver of Revenue, D. D. Davidson, 414l.
Confidential Clerk, M. A. F. Pearce, A.F.I.A., 384l.
Appropriation Clerk, R. O. Pitcher, 396l.
Clerk, J. C. Collison, 384l.; and others.

Agent-General's Department (London).

Agent-General (also Emigration Agent), J. L. Price.
Secretary, J. B. Whiting, 725l.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, A. H. Greenham, A.C.U.A., 475l.

Land and Income Tax and Stamp Duty.

Commissioner, E. H. Cornish, A.I.A.S.A. 1,250l.
Deputy Commissioner Land Taxes, &c. W. M. Burns, 800l.
Deputy Commissioner Income Taxes, &c., F. B. Lee, 850l.
Senior Assessor (Land Tax Branch), C. L. McCarthy, 525l.
Land Tax Assessors, J. Macdonald, 475l.; H. S. Conigrave, 438l.; and A. N. Cain, 432l.
Pay Clerk, G. J. Morley, 510l.
Assistant Receiver of Revenue, A. T. Hutchison, 510l.
Senior Income Clerk, C. T. C. Hills, A.F.I.A., 475l.
Company Assessor, A. Eldridge, 510l.
Company Assessor and Investigating Officer, C. F. Severin, A.F.I.A., 450l.
Supervisors and Assessors, J. D. L. Morrissey, J. A. V. Craig, O. V. R. Adams, D. B. Crisp and W. L. Turner, 432l. each; J. H. Hill, A.F.I.A., 414l.
Supervisor and Firms and Trusts Assessor, D. Stanhope, 432l.
Assessors, J. A. Smith, 456l.; E. L. Magraith, 432l.; R. T. Wells and R. M. Lindsay, 396l. each; and others.
Law and Recovery Clerk, C. A. Small, 510l.
Investigating Officers, J. J. Stewart, 525l.; L. W. O. Leavor, A.F.I.A., 450l.
First Land Clerk, C. A. Davis, 432l.
Mail Officer, &c., D. J. Hewett, 396l.
Senior Clerk (Land Tax Branch), E. L. Johnson, 396l.
Cashiers, J. P. Russack, 360l., and others.
Banking Clerk, R. F. Wallington, 324l.
Deputy Commissioner of Stamps, J. H. Craigie, 600l.

Senior Assessor and Chief Clerk (Stamp Duty), D. W. Bruce, 456*l.*
Assessor and Receiver of Revenue (Stamp Duty), L. Ogden, 432*l.*
Printer of Stamps, H. J. Wadham, 348*l.*
Chief Clerk (Succession Duties), C. W. Hoffmann, 52*l.*
Assessor (Succession Duties), S. H. Hambridge, 396*l.*
Registrar of Companies, &c., A. G. H. Briskham, 396*l.*

Motor Vehicles.

Registrar, F. H. Wells, 525*l.*
Accountant and Receiver of Revenue, also Deputy Registrar, H. B. Walker, 414*l.*
Chief Clerk, L. M. Hurley, 396*l.*

South Australian Railways.

Chief Railways Commissioner, W. A. Webb, 5,000*l.*
Comptroller of Accounts, H. L. Goldbeck, 1,200*l.*
Secretary to Railways Commissioner, C. J. Boykett, 1,000*l.*
Chief Clerk, Railways Commissioner, F. C. W. Christison, 580*l.*
General Superintendent, G. J. Smith, 1,050*l.*
Sub-Comptroller of Accounts, D. J. Smith, 650*l.*
Expenditure Account, C. M. White, 625*l.*
Revenue Accountant, A. Hamon, 580*l.*
General Traffic Manager, A. N. Day, 1,200*l.*
Director, Railways Institute, B. H. Gillman, 750*l.*
Officer-in-Charge Road Motor Services, A. J. Kleemann, 650*l.*
Chief Clerk to General Traffic Manager, H. R. W. Osborne, 500*l.*
Chief Mechanical Engineer, F. J. Shea, 1,200*l.*
Works Manager, F. H. Harrison, 750*l.*
Chief Clerk, Loco., H. E. Green, 520*l.*
Chief Engineer, R. H. Chapman, 1,200*l.*
Assistant Chief Engineer, C. B. Anderson, 750*l.*
Inspecting Engineer for construction of new lines, E. J. Watson, 750*l.*
Signals and Telegraph Engineer, G. H. Williams, 650*l.*
Superintendent, Adelaide, S. H. Watson, 750*l.*
Railway Architect, A. M. Bonython, 560*l.*
Assistant Superintendents, Adelaide, R. Boothby, W. J. Ross, D. Collier, and R. B. Caldwell, A. E. Ferry, each, 580*l.*
Superintendent, Peterborough, F. Yeomans, 750*l.*
Assistant Superintendents, Peterborough, C. H. T. C. Smith, T. W. Messenger, each 580*l.*
Superintendent, Murray Bridge, J. E. Walton, 750*l.*
Assistant Superintendents, Murray Bridge, J. B. Tayler, H. H. Tucker, each 580*l.*, P. J. Conole, O. W. Howard, each 540*l.*
Assistant Superintendent, Naracoorte, J. C. Brimage, 520*l.*
Superintendent, Port Lincoln, S. J. Hudson, 650*l.*
Assistant Superintendent, Port Lincoln, W. J. Turner, 520*l.*; T. A. Kingdon, 480*l.*

DEPARTMENTS UNDER DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CROWN LANDS.

Department of Lands and Survey.

Commissioner of Crown Lands, Hon. G. F. Jenkins, M.P.
Secretary for Lands, &c., P. S. Messent, 1,000*l.* (also Member of Board of Management of State Bank of S.A., 300*l.*)

Assistant Secretary for Lands, A. Duffield, 675*l.*
Chief Clerk, A. H. Peters, 550*l.*
Accountant, J. Wadham, 575*l.*
Assistant Accountant, R. J. H. Veitch, 500*l.*
Receiver of Revenue, W. G. Crawford, 414*l.*
Assistant Receiver of Revenue, B. J. McCarthy, 348*l.*
Clerks, P. J. Willmott, 396*l.*; F. A. Messent, A.F.A.I., 396*l.*; F. J. J. McNally, A.F.A.I., 372*l.*; and others.

Survey.

Surveyor-General, &c., T. E. Day, 800*l.*
Deputy Surveyor-General, J. H. McNamara, 600*l.*
Chief Draftsman, A. Day, 575*l.*
Surveyors, R. B. Poyntz and L. C. Cornish, 550*l.* each, and others.
Assistant Chief Draftsman, R. O. Segerlind, 500*l.*
Senior Draftsmen, A. Slight and A. C. Catt, 450*l.* each, and others.
Draftsmen, P. J. Middleton, 384*l.*; T. O. Loutit, 372*l.*; and others.
Inspector of Pastoral Leases and Supervisor of Boring, C. H. Goode, 600*l.*
Storekeeper, P. V. E. Bannister, 414*l.*

Land Office.

Registrar, W. R. Rollison, 500*l.*
Statistical Clerk, G. Wilkinson, 432*l.*
First Rent Clerk, G. C. Catt, 432*l.*
Second Rent Clerk, H. R. Searcy, 384*l.*
Third Rent Clerk, R. B. Abbott, 372*l.*
Clerks, J. W. Culley and J. J. Crocker, 372*l.* each, and others.

Advances to Settlers Branch.

Acting Secretary, E. A. Evans, 432*l.*
Chief Inspector, W. R. Ewens, 432*l.*

Land Board.

Chairman, L. A. Wells, 675*l.*
Members, J. A. Fraser, 600*l.*, C. M. Hambidge, 575*l.*
Secretary, A. N. Angell, 396*l.*

Vermin Proof Fencing.

Officer-in-Charge, &c., W. G. Dixon, 475*l.*
Inspectors, W. Vokes-Dudgeon, 372*l.*, and others.
Clerks, C. C. Eldridge, 372*l.*, and others.

Photo-Lithographic.

Government Photo-Lithographer, H. E. Powell, 550*l.*
Deputy Government Photographer, O. Wall, 475*l.*
Chief Photographer, M. E. Sherrah, 360*l.*
Lithographic Draftsman, T. F. E. Moore, 414*l.*
Chief Printer, W. C. E. Wadham, 432*l.*

Soldier Settlement.

Superintendent, &c., J. W. Cosh, 700*l.*
Secretary to Superintendent, W. J. J. McDonnell, A.F.I.A., 475*l.*
Chief Inspector and Building Inspector, G. E. Lane, 525*l.*
Senior Horticultural Inspector, S. O. Smith, 414*l.*
Building Inspector, S. G. Brealey, 396*l.*; and others.

Botanical Garden.

Director and Secretary to Board, J. F. Bailey, 650l.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE COMMISSION.

Administrative Officers.

Chairman, R. J. Field, 1,500l. (also Deputy Chairman of Board of Management of State Bank of S.A., 300l.).
Commissioners, H. G. Tolley, D.S.O., A.M.I.E., M.I.S., 1,250l.; W. J. Colebatch, 1,250l.
Secretary, O. M. Fowles, 625l.
Chief Clerk, H. H. Craig, 500l.
Chief Engineer, E. R. Lawrie, 700l.
Chief Mechanical Engineer, J. I. McLauchlin, 650l.
Chief Surveyor, A. D. Smith, 550l.
Accountant, H. A. Solly, 625l.
Receiver of Revenue, R. H. Mansfield, 414l.
Expenditure Clerk, R. R. Pinch, 414l.
Controller of Stores, C. R. Kriekauff, 414l.
District Officer, Berr, V. E. Cook, 550l.
Waikerie, F. R. S. Goodchild, 525l.
Barmera, A. L. Shillabeer, 432l.
Renmark, A. C. Gordon, 450l.
Mypolonga, G. E. Horner, 525l.
Jervois, E. Joyce.
Cadell, H. T. Black, 372l. and district allowance.

DEPARTMENTS UNDER DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Office of Commissioner of Public Works.

Commissioner of Public Works, and Minister of Education, Hon. M. McIntosh, M.P.
Secretary, and Member Supply and Tender Board, C. H. Dewhurst, 725l.
Chief Clerk, S. Hawey, 500l.
Clerks, W. J. S. South, 348l.; and others.

Engineering.

Engineer-in-Chief (vacant).
Hydraulic Engineer, H. E. Bellamy, M.I.M.E., etc., 1,250l.
Engineer for Surveys, J. T. Furner, 800l.
Constructing Engineer, J. H. O. Eaton, M.I.E. (Aus.), 900l.
Resident Engineers, A. J. Green, M.I.C.E. (Aus.), 750l.; R. G. Wilton and J. I. Miller, 675l. each; J. W. Murrell, 650l.; C. G. F. Johnson, 625l.; J. M. Wannan, 600l.; E. J. Bradley, 550l.
Supervising Engineer for Construction, F. B. Ide, A.M.I.E. (Aus.), 550l.
Assisting Constructing Engineer, H. T. M. Angwin, B.E., 725l.
Controller, Revenue Branch, W. J. Carter, 675l.
Assistant Controller, Revenue Branch (and Member, Classification and Efficiency Board), E. Treloar, 600l.
Expenditure Accountant, A. W. Pettit, 650l.
Assistant Expenditure Accountant, T. H. Prince, 525l.
Secretary, A. W. Dunstone, 525l.
Designing Engineer and Chief Draftsman, C. L. Almers, 675l.
Draftsmen in Charge, C. H. Allen, 550l.; L. G. Temple and F. D. O'Brien, 432l. each.
Inspectors, W. H. M. Hargraves, 432l., and others.

Chief Assessor, W. E. A. Ide, 550l.
Chief Superintendent of Mains, W. Goss, 400l.
Shops Manager, J. M. Sara, 650l.
Chief Engineering Surveyor, F. M. Stuart, 575l.

Architect in Chief's Department.

Architect in Chief, A. E. Simpson, F.S.A.I.A., 1,000l.
Chief Clerk, H. H. B. Middleton, 525l.
Accountant and Paymaster, H. I. Kekwick, 525l.
Revenue and Property Officer, J. N. Taylor, 550l.
Assistant Accountant, S. H. Graham, 450l.
Senior Architect, W. Lindsay, 675l.
Assistant Senior Architect, E. L. P. Goddard, F.S.A.I.A., 475l.
Architects, R. L. Hurst, F.S.A.I.A., and S. M. Siddall, 432l. each.
Draftsmen, S. D. Spottawood, 384l.; and others.
Specification Writer and Quantity Surveyor, S. H. Stevenson, F.S.A.I.A., 525l.
Mechanical and Electrical Engineer, J. S. Dewhurst, 550l.
Assistant Mechanical and Electrical Engineer, R. W. Segnit, B.A., B.Sc., 450l.
Clerk of Works, G. Ritchie, 408l.; F. D. Henderson, 396l.; H. L. Elvage, A. Oliver and A. C. Bennett, 384l. each, and others.
Assistant Superintendent, Cemetery, A. J. Polkinghorne, 372l.

Public Stores.

Acting Chief Storekeeper, H. White, 650l.
Accountant, E. C. B. M. Linn, 550l.
Receiver of Revenue and Paymaster, J. Barrey, 492l.
Secretary, Supply and Tender Board, H. J. Day, 575l.
Clerks, F. Odlum and F. Ellis, 432l. each; T. A. Scott, 408l.; A. J. Taylor, 372l., and others.
Inspecting Engineer (London), H. F. C. Burton, 550l.
Chief Inspector of Stores, W. T. Richards, 525l.
Purchasing Officer, W. Barrey, 450l.
Inspectors of Stores, E. G. Jones and A. R. Black, 384l. each; and others.
Coal Viewer, S. Turner, 450l.

Aboriginals.

Chief Protector of Aboriginals, F. Garnett, 525l.
Protector, Accountant and Clerk, M. T. McLean, 384l.

Government Labor Exchange.

Superintendent, A. C. H. Richardson, 500l.
Chief Clerk, D. G. Conigrave, 384l.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRY.

Secretary to Minister of Industry, H. H. Bishop, 650l.

Industrial Court.

Temporary President of Industrial Court, and Board of Industry, T. Hewitson, LL.D., 1,700l.
Industrial Officer, G. E. Cresswell, 550l.
Industrial Registrar, C. G. D. Bowen, A.F.I.A., A.A.I.S., 525l.
Senior Clerk and Law Reporter, E. H. Coneybeer, 432l.

Factories and Steam Boilers.

Chief Inspector, J. P. Burnside, 675*l*.
Senior Inspector of Factories and Steam Boilers, H. A. Ward, 475*l*.
Inspectors of Factories and Steam Boilers, J. C. Playfair, 414*l*.; R. S. Longstaff, 396*l*.; H. M. Kneebone, 384*l*.; J. R. McColl 372*l*., and others.
Inspector of Scaffolding, F. Riley, 348*l*.
Inspector of Factories and Lifts, T. G. Ward, 396*l*.
Senior Inspector of Shops, and Inspector of Factories, W. E. Ellis, 372*l*.
Inspectors of Factories and Shops, W. S. Hamilton, 348*l*.; A. M. S. Edmunds, 336*l*.; O. C. Fort and A. C. Taylor, 312*l*. each;
 Ivorine O. MacGillivray, 300*l*., and others.
Chief Clerk, S. P. Bannister, 360*l*.

HARBOURS BOARD.

Chairman E. A. Farquhar, 1,100*l*.
Commissioner, W. J. P. Taylor, 900*l*.
Secretary, R. G. Peake, A.F.I.A., 650*l*.
Accountant, C. J. M. Shepherd, 575*l*.
Assistant Accountant, A. C. Wilson, A.F.I.A., 432*l*.
Assistant Cashier and Receiver of Revenue, J. N. Jackson, 408*l*.
Chief Clerk, A. G. Pengilly, 360*l*.
Pay Clerk, R. E. Horne, 396*l*.
Chief Engineer, R. de N. Lucas, 650*l*.
Senior Assistant Engineer, J. Jenkins, 525*l*.
Engineer for Deepening, E. R. Bayer, 625*l*.
Assistant Engineer for Construction, E. H. Price, M.I.E. (Aust.), 500*l*.
Engineering Assistants, G. R. Prosser, A.M.I.N.A., 414*l*.; E. H. G. Edwards, A.M.I.E. (Aus.), 396*l*.; H. C. Meyer, 384*l*.
Chief Draftsman, L. W. Dean, 456*l*.
Draftsmen, F. Andrea, 432*l*.; V. A. Langevad, M.I.E. (Aus.), 396*l*.; and others.
Chief Surveyor, J. P. A. O'Connell, A.M.I.E. (Aus.), 575*l*.
Surveyor, H. C. Gibbison, 396*l*.
Pilots, P. Snewin, J. McDiarmid, J. H. Henderson, M. F. Thomson, R. Girling, J. J. Leask, 600*l*. each.
Port Superintendent, F. G. Cornish, 700*l*.
Harbourmaster and Pilot, W. F. Baddams, 625*l*.
Harbour Masters (Outports), J. F. Hayter, 432*l*.; A. V. Perkins, 414*l*.; F. Wisdom, 396*l*.; and others.
Senior Wharfinger, R. H. Harris, 474*l*.
Wharfingers, K. Fotheringham, 432*l*.; H. G. B. Searoy, 396*l*.; and others.
Inspector of Outport Accounts, F. H. Williams, 384*l*.
Chief Clerk, Port Adelaide, G. L. Olifent, 450*l*.
Works Manager, Glanville Dockyard, W. M. Ewing, 475*l*.
Inspector of Dredging, F. Fettis, 475*l*.
Inspectors, T. Durham and G. J. Stevens, 432*l*. each.
Superintendent of Explosives, G. A. Halsey, 396*l*.

DEPARTMENTS UNDER CONTROL OF MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE.

Office of Minister of Agriculture.

Minister of Agriculture (also Minister of Immigration, Minister of Repatriation and Minister of Irrigation), Hon. J. Cowan, M.L.C.

Secretary, W. L. Summers, 800*l*. (also *Member of Board of Management of State Bank of S.A.*, 300*l*.).
Chief Clerk, L. S. Smith, 525*l*.

Agriculture.

Director of Agriculture, A. J. Perkins, 1,100*l*.
Chief Agricultural Instructor and Deputy Director of Agriculture, W. J. Spafford, R.D.A., 900*l*.
Accountant, J. W. McDonald, 475*l*.
Assistant Accountant, H. S. Soar, 384*l*.
Chief Clerk, P. D. Jeffery, 432*l*.
Managers, &c., of Experimental Farms and Orchards, F. E. Waddy, 484*l*.; L. J. Cook, R.D.A., 472*l*.; R. Fowler, 434*l*.; S. C. Billinghurst, E.D.A., 472*l*.; G. L. W. Smith and E. A. Bristow, 450*l*. each; N. S. Fotheringham, R.D.A., 414*l*.
District Agricultural Instructors, R. Hill, R.D.A., 475*l*.; E. S. Alcock, R.D.A., 456*l*.; and others.
Horticultural Instructor and Chief Inspector of Fertilizers, Fruit, &c., Geo. Quinn, 725*l*.
Deputy Horticultural Instructor, C. G. Savage, R.D.A., 600*l*.
Supervisor of Experimental Work, R. C. Scott, R.D.A., 500*l*.
Horticultural Instructors, F. R. Arndt and H. Beriman, 384*l*. each.
Botanical Assistant, E. W. Pritchard, Diplom. Econ., 396*l*.
Inspectors of Fruit, O. Brown, 384*l*.; J. Hunter, 348*l*.; L. M. Brown, 336*l*.
Inspectors of Orchards, &c., C. H. Beaumont, J. B. Harris, H. H. Orchard, R.D.A., and E. Leishman, R.D.A., 300*l*. each; and others.
Poultry Expert and Lecturer, D. F. Laurie, 560*l*.
Assistant Poultry Expert, &c., C. F. P. Anderson, 396*l*.
Poultry Inspector, P. R. Spiller, 348*l*.
Chief Dairy Instructor, H. B. D. Barlow, H.D.A., 625*l*.
Senior District Dairy Instructors, P. H. Suter, D.D.A., 525*l*.; H. J. Apps, 500*l*.
District Dairy Instructors, J. O. Hatter, H.D.D., and W. H. Downes, H.D.A., 360*l*. each.
Editor, Journal of Agriculture, and General Secretary, Agricultural Bureau, H. C. Pritchard, A.F.I.A., 475*l*.

Woods and Forests.

Conservator, E. Julius, 750*l*.
Secretary and Accountant (vacant).
Clerks, W. G. Jenkins, 348*l*.; and others.
Surveyor and Draftsman, W. R. Murray, 414*l*.
Inspector of Forests, F. Melville, 510*l*.; *Foresters*, F. Kay, W. Durward and F. R. Field, 450*l*. each; A. R. Lucas, 432*l*.; J. C. H. Russell, 372*l*., and others.

Immigration Intelligence and Tourist Bureau.

Director, Victor H. Ryan, O.B.E., 650*l*.
Chief Clerk, A. J. Baker, 432*l*.
Tourist Officer, J. T. Ashton, 360*l*.
Accountant, &c., L. H. M. Wright, 396*l*.

Agricultural College.

Principal, W. B. Birks, B.Sc., R.D.A., 1,000*l*.
State Agricultural Chemist, A. T. Jefferis, B.Sc., A.I.C., 550*l*.

Housemaster, etc., W. H. Cowper, L.I.C.A., 432.
Lecturer on Physical Science, A. J. Adams, M.A., 475.
Laboratory Assistant, J. P. Egan, 354.
Assistant Chemist, A. W. Peirce, B.Sc., 360.
Viticultural Instructor, D. G. Quinn, R.D.A., 450.
Lecturer on Dairying, etc., R. Baker, R.D.A., 450.
Assistant Lecturer on Agriculture, etc. (vacant).
Lecturer on Veterinary Science, F. E. Place, M.R.C.V.S., 508.

Stock and Brands.

Chief Inspector of Stock and Chief Veterinary Officer, C. A. Loxton, B.V.Sc., 750.
Registrar of Brands and Chief Clerk, H. O. Laurenti, 525.
Inspectors, S. A. C. Curtis, W. H. Wood and R. J. White, 432. each; G. L. Rankine and E. A. Pearce, 414. each.
Government Veterinary Officers, R. H. F. Macindoe, L.V.Sc., M.R.C.V.S., 550.; A. H. Robin, B.V.Sc., 500.; and C. T. McKenna, B.V.Sc., M.R.C.V.S., 475.
Meat Inspectors, P. Wise, E. J. Myles and E. M. Jenner, 360. each.

Highways and Local Government.

Commissioner of Highways, etc., D. V. Fleming, 1,200.
Engineer for Highways, E. C. Grigson, 675.
Secretary, R. A. Gibbins, 575.
Accountant, R. V. Davis, 475.
Inspectors, F. W. Ellis and W. T. Ayling, 432. each; and others.
Superintendent of Road Works and Industrial Officer, W. J. Greenlees, 450.
Superintendent of Bridge Works and Inspector, G. F. Park, 432.
Mechanical Engineer, P. W. Evans, 450.
Clerk and Storekeeper, F. P. Bovan, 395.
Draftsman-in-Charge, F. W. Frith, 414.
Draftsmen, C. J. Peters and P. A. Richmond, 360. each.

Town Planning.

Town Planner, etc., W. Scott Griffiths, 700.
Draftsman-in-Charge, H. C. Day, 395.

Fisheries.

Chief Inspector, W. D. Bruce, 475.
Inspectors, C. Milazzo, W. D. Randall and L. F. Shannon, 324. each; A. E. Frinsdorf, 312.

Chemistry

Director, etc., W. A. Hargreaves, M.A., D.Sc., B.C.E., F.I.C., 1,100.
Deputy Government Analyst, etc., W. T. Rowe, F.I.C., 650.
Senior Chemologist, etc., C. E. Chapman, F.I.C., 575.
Chemologists and Analysts, E. A. Pengelley and S. D. Shield, 455. each; A. H. Scarfe and G. D. Shaw, F.I.C., 432. each; A. J. Farquhar, 384.
Chemologists, etc., S. N. Sexton, 432.; H. T. Robjohns, 360.
Senior Clerk, W. H. Mongan, 372.
Secretary, Advisory Council of Science and Industry, A. N. Roupell, M.A., 414.

PRODUCE.

Adelaide.

General Manager, G. A. W. Pope, 1,000.
Secretary and Accountant, P. Cruickshank, 600.
Produce Salesman, W. Nash, 408.
Sub-Accountant, I. Siggins, 384.
Receiver of Revenue, A. R. Willamore, 384.
Works Manager, Port Adelaide, D. McKenzie, 525.
Engineer-in-Charge, Port Adelaide, J. Crocker, 500.
Engineer-in-Charge, Light Square, R. Bauld, 475.
Assistant Manager, Light Square, W. D. Price, 456.
Assistant Works Manager, Port Adelaide, H. V. Pope, 395.
Clerk-in-Charge, Port Adelaide, T. E. Cragen, 348.
Livestock Buyer, W. E. A. Peck, 348.

London.

Trade Commissioner, R. M. K. Lewis, 800.
Clerk, E. W. Heigho, 348.

MINES.

Government Geologist, L. K. Ward, D.Sc., B.A., B.E., 950.
Deputy Government Geologist, R. L. Jack, B.E., A.I.M.M., 675.
Chief Inspector, L. J. Winton, B.E., 575.
Government Metallurgist (vacant).
Chief Clerk, Registrar and Accountant, L. Bronner, 456.
Inspectors of Mines and Quarries, J. L. Pearson, 475.; H. Cornelius, 384.
Draughtsman, W. E. Lock, 348.
General Manager, Government Batteries and Cyanide Works, E. L. Grundy, 500.
Engineers for Boring, C. F. Duffield, 432.; A. W. Matthews, 414.

FOREIGN CONSULS.

Argentine Republic, G. A. Noble.
Belgium, Honorary Consul, W. F. Brownsworth; Consul, J. S. Rees.
Brazil (vacant).
Chili, Consul, J. R. Cave.
Denmark, Consul, J. H. Gosse (A. A. Pearce, J.P., Vice-Consul, Port Pirie).
France, Consular Agent, Sir F. B. Moulden.
Finland, Vice-Consul, A. V. Davenport.
Germany, Consul, Heinrich Krawinkel.
Italy, Consular Agent, Giuseppe Amerio.
Japan, Consul, F. L. Parsons.
Liberia, Vice-Consul, W. E. Coombs.
Mexico, Vice-Consul, E. A. Johnson, M.D.
Netherlands, Consul, F. G. Scarfe.
Norway, Consul, G. J. Abernethy, J.P.; Vice-Consuls, F. H. Wurm, Port Pirie; P. H. Sullivan, Wallaroo.
Paraguay, Consul, D. T. Lawes.
Peru, Honorary Consular Agent, Señor don W. Rippon Snow; Consular Agent, R. Shannon Davey.
Russia, Vice-Consul (vacant).
Spain, Honorary Vice-Consul, E. Phillips Dancker.
Sweden, Consul, J. W. Sandford; Vice-Consul, J. G. Sweeney, Port Pirie.
Switzerland, Vice-Consul (vacant).
United States Consul, H. H. Balch.

TASMANIA.

General Description.

Tasmania, the smallest State of the Australian Commonwealth, is an island at the southern extremity of the continent of Australia, from which it is divided by Bass' Straits, 120 miles wide, Victoria being on the other side of the straits. It lies between 40° 33' and 43° 39' S. lat., and 144° 39' and 148° 23' E. long.

History.

Tasmania was discovered in 1642 by the Dutch navigator, Abel Jan Tasman, and by him named Van Diemen's Land, the name by which it was known down to 1853. It was not known to be an island until 1798. It was formally taken possession of by England in 1803, and made auxiliary to the penal settlement at Botany Bay, from which it was separated in 1825. The first free emigrants arrived in 1816, and the last convicts in 1853. Responsible government was introduced in 1856. Federation with the other Australian Colonies came into effect on the 1st of January, 1901.

Climate.

Captain Cook described the climate as "the finest in the world," and succeeding generations have endorsed the verdict. It is of the type of the south of England, rather warmer in summer, considerably milder in winter, and with much more sun at all times. The rainfall varies from 20 ins. on the East Coast to over 100 ins. on the Western Mountains. The mean temperature at Hobart in the three hottest months is 62°, about the same as London, and in the three coldest months 47° which is 8° warmer than London.

Means of Communication.

There is a mail and passenger service, two or three times a week, between Launceston and Melbourne, and twice a week between Burnie and Melbourne, and a weekly service between Hobart and Sydney.

Mail and passenger communication with Europe and America is chiefly via Melbourne and Sydney. In the apple season (February to May) direct steamers leave Hobart every few days for England; at other times of the year less frequently.

Post and telegraphs are controlled by the Commonwealth. There are 2,585 pole-miles of telegraph, and telegrams were sent in 1925-26 at the rate of 2·5 per head of the population. Telegrams within the Commonwealth cost 1s. 3d. for 16 words.

There are 11,519 telephone instruments connected, which is 54 per 1,000 of population.

There are 560 Post Offices in the State, and the number of letters and postcards received and despatched in 1925-26 was 159 per head, and of packets and newspapers 61 per head.

Postage rates for all British Dominions are 1½d. per oz. for letters, and for newspapers 1d. per 4 oz.; for all other places, 3d. for first oz., 1½d. for each additional oz. for letters, and 1d. per 2 ozs. for newspapers.

The receipts for Post and Telegraph and Telephone services in Tasmania in 1925-26 were 319,868l. and expenditure 331,734l.

Area.

The State contains 26,215 square miles (16,778,000 acres) of which 6,239,934 acres had been granted or sold up to 1926. Of the balance

2,328,200 acres are held under pastoral and timber leases and occupation licences, which return 30,000l. in rentals to the State; and 49,992 acres for Mining purposes which return an annual rental of 13,000l. About 60 per cent. of the total area is still in the hands of the Crown, but a large proportion of this is unsuitable for settlement.

The adjacent islands are 55 in number, most of them being in Bass' Straits. The chief are the Furneaux group (including Flinders Island), Robins Island, King Island, Bruny Island on the south, and Maria Island on the east coast.

Roads.

All roads are constructed by the State Government, mostly out of Loans; but the Federal Government, beginning with 1924, gives a subsidy in aid of special new constructions. The maintenance of main roads is also borne by the partly out of a Motor Tax; of all others by local authorities. There are 7,700 miles of metalled, and 4,365 miles of other roads.

Railways.

There are now 860 miles of railways in the State, constructed mainly on the three foot six inch gauge. Of these 707 belong to Government, and cost 6,892,582l., and 153 to private companies costing 1,182,824l. The gross earnings of the government lines in 1925-26 were 545,191l. and working expenses 504,038l., making a profit on working of 0·64 per cent. of the capital cost, against an average rate of interest payable of 4·4 per cent. The net deficiency, 274,850l., is about 10 per cent. of the total (State and Commonwealth) taxation.

Land.

There is little first-class Crown land now available for selection. Most of the accessible land of all kinds has been alienated, though only a small proportion has been cleared for cultivation. Bush land suitable for fruit-growing is readily obtainable at from 5l. to 10l. per acre. Cleared land can often be had for little more than the present expense of clearing.

Some 100,000 acres of land have been re-purchased by the Government for closer settlement, besides 200,000 acres for soldier settlement. These are now held under lease from the Crown with right of purchase.

Trade.

The chief Exports in 1926-27 were:—

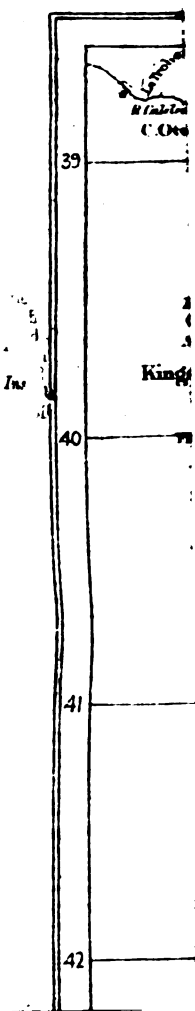
	£
Fruit, fresh and preserved, &c.	1,577,900
Zinc	1,403,000
Other Metals and Ores	1,068,000
Wool	877,000
Potatoes	622,000
Timber	497,000
Hides and Skins	371,000
Hops	184,554
Butter	121,000
Woollen Goods	422,000

Confectionery, Cement and Carbide of Calcium are other exports of growing importance.

Hobart does over one-half of the total trade, and Launceston over one-quarter. Burnie and Devonport are considerable exporters of farm produce to the mainland States.

Farming.

The land in crop in 1925-26 was 266,000 acres (5 per cent. below the decennial average), including



SEVERAL TUNNELS NOW WORKING OUT. A new field discovered in 1926 promises greater permanence. The output in 1926 was 3,173 oza., valued at £81,908.

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Area.

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(of which 6,239,934 acres had
been sold up to 1926. Of the balance

Farming.

The land in crop in 1925-26 was 266,000 acres
(5 per cent. below the decennial average), including

34,000 acres of orchard. The area under hops was reduced from 1,500 to 1,200 acres on account of over-production and unprofitable prices. Wheat production (average yield 18 bushels) is below home requirements; but oats (25 bushels), oat hay (1'4 tons), and potatoes (2'6 tons), produce a considerable surplus for export to the mainland. The apple crop goes normally two-thirds to Europe and one-third to Australian States, which also take the bulk of the soft fruits. Apple production was over three million bushels marketed, of which two million bushels shipped to Europe met with such disastrous prices as barely covered the costs of marketing.

Wool production in 1925-26 was valued at 1,177,875. The number of sheep was 1,619,075, and of cattle 212,373, which are respectively 2 per cent. below and 3 per cent. above the average for the last 10 years.

Farming wages are about 8s. per day, or 2l. per week for permanent hands.

Mining.

Tasmania has a particularly rich and varied store of minerals, particularly in the west, north-west and north-east parts of the island. The most important mines are copper, silver-lead, silver-lead-zinc and tin, followed by coal, omiridium and gold. Wolftram, asbestos, iron pyrites, bismuth and ochre are also produced, but in small quantities. Large and valuable deposits of iron ore and shale are being developed, but have not yet reached the producing stage. From 1880 to 1926 the State produced minerals valued at 53,152,380l.

The chief copper producer is the Mt. Lyell mine, one of the great mines of the world, which in the last 30 years has produced over 201,000 tons of copper. For 1926, the production was—copper, 6,915 tons; gold 2,306 ozs.

Tin is found in many parts of the island. The chief producer has been Mt. Bischoff, another of the great mines, which has produced tin to the value of over 5,000,000l., and paid dividends of 2,500,000l. Substantial quantities are also got from the alluvial deposits of the north east which are now more important than Bischoff.

Zinc is produced chiefly at the Electrolytic Works at Risdon, a suburb of Hobart, from concentrates brought from Broken Hill. The new plant with an output of over 100 tons of zinc per day, using 30,000 electrical h.p., is now in full operation. Subsidiary works are now in operation at Zeehan to treat the valuable complex ores near Dundas, which have hitherto resisted commercial treatment. The total output of zinc for the year 1926 was 47,214 tons, valued at £1,611,207, of which only 5,378 tons, valued at £183,362, was produced from Tasmanian ores.

Coal is widely distributed, but not generally of high quality as steam-coal. The production in 1926 was 102,358 tons. Valuable deposits of high grade steam-coal are now being developed at Reehorche Bay in the extreme south.

Gold, once of high importance, has now taken a minor place in mineral production. In 1926 4,223 ozs. were produced, worth 17,936l.

Omiridium of high quality is a special Tasmanian product. It has been won by simple washing methods from the serpentine detritus in several localities now worked out. A new field discovered in 1926 promises greater permanence. The output in 1926 was 3,173 ozs., valued at £61,908.

Hydro-Electric Power.

The water power of the island is under process of steady development, under a State department. The first scheme of using the waters of the Great Lake (on the Central Plateau, at a height of 3,300 feet), is now an assured success. The present capacity is 63,000 horse power, all of which is now being used for industrial or domestic purposes. A further development of 13,000 h.p. also on the Central Plateau is nearing completion. For the year to 30th June, 1927, the revenue was 265,258l.

The Great Lake station supplies the Zinc works at Risdon (electrolytic extraction of zinc, zinc-rolling and zinc oxide), the Carbide works at North West Bay, the Caddybury Combine of chocolate manufacture at Claremont, and the requirements of Hobart and Launceston for tramways and general and domestic use.

Further large demands for power are now a certainty in connection with wood-pulping. The old problem of turning the enormous waste of eucalypts into paper has now been solved. Operations will commence in the first instance at Geeston on the Huon River. It is expected that in a few years the Australian consumption of paper of all kinds will be fully met.

The Mount Lyell Hydro-electric plant at Lake Margaret, generating 8,000 h.p., supplies the Lyell mine, and the concentration of the Electrolytic Zinc Company of Zeehan, referred to above.

Other Industries.

The principal other industries, apart from those for the satisfaction of the State's own requirements, are saw-milling, fruit-preserving (jam making, canning, drying, etc.), confectionery, wool manufacture and cement.

Tasmanian ales have long enjoyed a good name throughout Australia.

Population.

The population, as determined on June 30th, 1927, is males, 103,389; females, 104,790. Total 208,179.

There was normally an excess of males in the population, amounting in 1914 to 2 per cent. of the population. After considerable fluctuation, due to the war, there is now an excess of females of 1 per cent.

The birth rate has dropped from a pre-war average of 30 per 1,000 to about 25 per 1,000. The death rate of 10 per 1,000 is little less than the pre-war average, so that the rate of natural increase has declined considerably. It is still, however, over 14 per 1,000, and the highest in Australasia. The infant death rate in 1926 was 47 per 1,000 births.

Hobart on the river Derwent is the capital, and had, with the suburbs, a population (census 3-4-21) of 53,400. Launceston, on the Tamar, had 27,000.

Migration.

The population is swelled annually during the summer by about 20,000 visitors from the mainland cities; for Tasmania is the natural play-ground of Australia. The permanent growth of population, however, in spite of high natural increase, is somewhat slower than in Australia as a whole. Tasmania has, in fact, since 1850 been a source of population for other parts of Australasia, and except for brief intervals there has been a steady outflow to those parts of the mainland which are in the state of most rapid development. On the other hand, Tasmania offers peculiar

attractions to a certain type of settler, such as the retired officer or civil servant, possessing a pension or some private means. Though the cost of the necessities of food and clothing are no lower than in other States, the amenities of life are more accessible and come within the reach of very moderate incomes. In education at moderate expense and in bringing up of children generally, the island has great advantages. These circumstances coupled with an attractive and healthy climate, great beauty of scenery, and an easy-going and friendly temper in the people, have always, and increasingly in recent years, attracted a fair number of settlers of this type, which has balanced in part the loss of the younger native-born, who have set out to push their fortunes in other States and Dominions.

Banking.

The system of coinage is the same as in Great Britain. Commonwealth notes replace Bank of England and Treasury notes as legal tender.

There are seven cheque-paying banks operating in Tasmania, including the Commonwealth Bank. By an Act of 1925 weekly returns of assets and liabilities must be made by banks.

The Commonwealth Savings Bank operates throughout the State through the Post Offices, having taken over, by agreement, the State Savings Bank. There is also a Savings Bank managed by Trustees at Hobart, with branches in a few country towns, and one at Launceston, and a State Agricultural Bank. The total deposits in Savings Banks are equal to about 24l. per head of population. The number of Savings Bank accounts is 67 per 100 of the population.

Education.

The University of Tasmania, established in 1890 at Hobart, grants degrees in Arts, Science, Law, Engineering and Commerce.

Its revenue comes largely from the State, which, however, exercises no direct control, but half of the members of the governing body are elected by the members of Parliament.

The University has 9 professors, 14 lecturers, and 236 students taking courses for degrees. Twenty-nine scholarships from public grant and private benefaction are tenable at the University; these cover tuition fees, and for country students add a maintenance allowance in most cases. The University also largely controls secondary education by conducting intermediate and leaving school examinations, and on the results of the latter most of the University scholarships are awarded.

Under the joint control of the Workers Educational Association and the University, 11 Tutorial classes, were held at different centres in 1926.

Secondary education is about equally divided between the older Secondary schools (partly "Public," partly "Private") and the newer State High Schools, which are free. Of the former the principal are Hutchins School and Friends' High School in Hobart, and the Launceston Grammar School; of the latter, full-course schools are working very successfully in Hobart, Launceston and Devonport.

Practically every qualified child in country districts can get a bursary, covering maintenance, to one of the State High Schools.

The expenditure on State High Schools, apart from capital cost and repairs, is about 16l. per pupil.

Primary education is mostly in the hands of the State. It is free, compulsory and non-sectarian in State schools. A complete course of training

at the Teachers' College has now been sufficiently long in operation to ensure an adequate supply of trained teachers for all requirements.

Tasmania was, in Australia, the pioneer State in the matter of medical inspection and treatment of school children.

Central Government.

The main lines of the present Constitution were laid down by a local Act in 1855. These have been amended from time to time and, of course, profoundly modified by Federation.

Parliament consists of two elected Houses. The Legislative Council of 18 members is elected by free-holders of 10l., and lease-holders of 30l. annual value. Returned soldiers are also entitled to vote. Three members retire annually, and the Council cannot be dissolved as a whole.

The House of Assembly is elected on adult suffrage for a maximum of three years, and consists of 30 members returned for five six-member constituencies, which are the same as the Commonwealth electoral divisions. The system of voting is substantially the Hare system of the single transferable vote, with obligation to record at least three preferences. After an earlier partial trial it was applied to the whole State in 1909, and seven General Elections have been held under it. The system has given general satisfaction. The machinery has worked easily and the elector has been so little troubled by its supposed intricacy that the proportion of informal votes is smaller than that for a block vote in Federal Elections. For each of the seven elections, the system has given representation to parties in almost exact proportion to their strength. A number of amendments have been proposed to improve and safeguard proportional representation, but no serious proposal has been made for reverting to older methods. Casual vacancies, the bugbear of proportional representation, are filled from the results of the previous General Election, and this method has been found satisfactory in practice. Full information may be found in the departmental reports, and the detailed rules of the scrutiny in the Commonwealth Year Book, No. 6.

The power of the Upper House to amend money bills sent up from the Assembly has always been a matter of some doubt, and at the end of 1924 was successfully challenged by the House of Assembly in respect both of the Appropriation Bill and of an Income Tax Bill. The controversy on the subject was early in 1926 settled by a compromise, by which the Upper House gave up any claim to amend the Appropriation Bill or bills imposing a rate of Income Tax, but maintained full powers of amendment of other money bills.

Taxation.

The State imposes graduated taxes on incomes and on land and estates passing at death. Income Tax is much the most important and includes a considerable sum drawn from winners of Lottery prizes throughout Australia.

Under the Land Tax Act the rates payable on unimproved values (without exemption) range from 1d. in £ on the first 2,500l. to 3d. on portions over 80,000l.

The Income Tax Act is based upon the Commonwealth Act in operation in 1922. The rates on taxable amounts not exceeding 2,000l. from property or 3,000l. from business are identical under both Acts; but the taxable amounts on corresponding gross incomes are different. Incomes of less than 125l., and in the case of married persons of 200l. are exempt.

Deductions from taxable amounts of 1*l.* for every 2*l.* by which the income is less than 500*l.*, and also a deduction of 39*l.* for each child, are allowed to married taxpayers, and £1 for every £6 by which the income is less than £400 to unmarried persons. The rates per £ on gross incomes from business range from 4*d.* to 2*s.* 5*d.*; and on incomes from property from 4*d.* to 2*s.* 11*d.*. A rebate of 20 % was allowed on the tax payable on incomes earned during 1925-26. The tax on Companies is 1*s.* 6*d.* in the £. In addition to these State Taxes, the Commonwealth also imposes taxes on income and land, and collects death duties.

Local Government.

There are 47 municipalities, under the Act of 1907, besides Hobart and Launceston, the constitutions of which are earlier and somewhat different. Police and Education are both centralised, but in other respects municipal powers and functions are of the usual type; the most important in the country being the maintenance of roads, other than main roads. The Councils elect a Warden as Chairman, and appoint a Council Clerk as permanent executive official. The Councils are elected by the ratepayers, with votes varying in number from one to six, according to the annual value of their property. All rating is on capital value, and not, as with State taxation, on the unimproved value.

About half the municipalities undertake some measure of water supply. The lighting for a number of municipalities is now supplied by the State Hydro-Electric scheme. The rates vary from about 1*s.* 3*d.* in some purely agricultural districts, to from 3*s.* to 5*s.* in the towns and mining districts.

Succession of Governors & Lieutenant-Governors of Tasmania since 1835.

	From	To
Viscount Gormanston, K.C.M.G.	Aug. 8, 1893	Aug. 14, 1900.
J. S. Dodds, Esq., O.M.G., C.J. (Sir John), Administrator	May 1, 1899	Nov. 8, 1899
John S. Dodds, Esq., O.M.G.	Aug. 14, 1900	Nov. 8, 1901
Sir A. E. Havelock, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G.	Nov. 8, 1901	Apr. 16, 1904
Sir J. Dodds, K.C.M.G., Lt.-Gov.	Apr. 16, 1904	Oct. 28, 1904
Sir Gerald Strickland, K.C.M.G.	Oct. 28, 1904	May 20, 1909
Sir J. Dodds, K.C.M.G., Lt.-Gov.	Feb. 22, 1908	Sept. 18, 1908
Sir John Dodds, K.C.M.G., Lt.-Gov.	May 20, 1909	Sept. 29, 1909
Sir H. Barron, K.C.M.G.	Sept. 29, 1909	Mar. 8, 1913
Sir J. Dodds, K.C.M.G., Lt.-Gov.	Mar. 9, 1913	June 5, 1913
The Rt. Hon. Sir William Grey-Ellison-Macartney P.C., K.C.M.G.	June 6, 1913	Mar. 31, 1917
Sir Herbert Nicholls, Kt.	Apr. 1, 1917	July 6, 1917
Sir Francis Newdigate-Newdigate, K.C.M.G.	July 6, 1917	Feb. 9, 1920
Sir Herbert Nicholls, Kt.	Feb. 9, 1920	Apr. 16, 1920
Sir William Lamond Allardye, K.C.M.G.	Apr. 16, 1920	Jan. 26, 1922
Sir Herbert Nicholls, Kt.	Jan. 26, 1922	Nov. 26, 1923
Hon. Norman K. Ewing	Nov. 26, 1923	June 13, 1924
Sir Herbert Nicholls	June 13, 1924	Dec. 23, 1924
Sir James O'Grady, K.C.M.G.	Dec. 23, 1924	—

* Administrator.

Ministries.

W. T. Napier Champ	Nov. 1, 1888
T. G. Gregson	Feb. 26, 1887
W. P. Weston	Apr. 25, 1887
Francis Smith	May 12, 1887
W. P. Weston	Feb. 1, 1890
T. D. Chapman	Aug. 2, 1891
James Whyte	Jan. 20, 1893
Sir Richard Dry	Nov. 24, 1896
J. M. Wilson	Aug. 4, 1899
F. Maitland Innes	Nov. 4, 1872
Alfred Kennerley	Aug. 4, 1873
T. Reibey	July 20, 1876
P. O. Fysh	Aug. 9, 1877
W. R. Giblin	Mar. 5, 1874
W. L. Crowther	Dec. 20, 1878
W. R. Giblin	Oct. 30, 1879
Adye Douglas	Aug. 15, 1884
Sir J. W. Agnew	Mar. 8, 1886
Sir P. O. Fysh	Mar. 30, 1887
H. Dobson	Aug. 17, 1892
Rt. Hon. Sir E. N. C. Braddon	Apr. 14, 1894
Sir N. E. Lewis, K.C.M.G.	Oct. 12, 1899
W. B. Prosping, C.M.G.	Apr. 9, 1903
J. W. Evans, C.M.G.	July 11, 1904
Sir N. E. Lewis, K.C.M.G.	June 10, 1909
Jno. Earle	Oct. 20, 1909
Sir N. E. Lewis, K.C.M.G.	Oct. 27, 1909
A. R. Solomon	June 14, 1912
J. Earle	April 9, 1914
Sir W. H. Lee, Kt.	April 16, 1916
J. B. Hayes, C.M.G.	Aug. 12, 1922
Sir W. H. Lee, Kt.	Aug. 14, 1923
J. A. Lyons	Oct. 26, 1923

Population.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Census 1851	43,127	25,482	70,130
" 1861	49,593	43,384	89,997
" 1911	97,591	93,620	191,211
" 1921	107,743	106,037	213,780

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	U. Kingdom Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1920-21	2,105,448	2,189,156	142,414	1,625,143
1921-22	2,181,395	2,395,307	345,668	2,142,237
1922-23	2,174,062	2,472,523	314,611	2,394,333
1923-24	2,447,677	2,658,382	414,221	2,757,186
1924-25	2,762,013	2,675,618	436,542	2,562,493
1925-26	2,726,482	2,698,262	431,650	2,629,907

During 1925-26 the total imports were valued at 8,450,713*l.*, and the total Exports at 8,703,854*l.* The direct overseas trade included in these figures amounted to 1,518,130 worth of Imports and 2,578,851 of Exports.

Public Debt, 30th June, 1927, 24,303,068*l.*

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Sir James O'Grady, K.C.M.G., 3,000*l.*
Lt.-Governor, Sir Herbert Nicholls, Kt., Chief Justice.
Private Secretary and A.D.C., N. Somers.

Cabinet.

Premier and Treasurer, Hon. Joseph A. Lyons.
Attorney-General, Minister for Education, Hon. G. G. Becker.
Chief Secretary and Minister for Railways, Hon. James A. Guy.
Minister for Lands, Works, Agriculture, Forestry and Mines, Hon. James Belton.
Honorary Minister, Hon. A. Lawson, M.L.C.
" " P. L. Kelly, M.H.A.

Premier's Office.

Premier, Hon. Joseph A. Lyons, 250*l.*
Secretary to the Premier, Edward Parker.

Executive Council.

Clerk of the Council, D'Arcy Addison, M.V.O.
I.S.O.

Legislative Council.

President, Hon. W. B. Propsting, C.M.G., 500*l*.
Chairman of Committees, Hon. A. L. Wardlaw, 350*l*.
Hon. J. W. Cheek Hon. J. Murdoch.
Hon. E. W. Freeland. Hon. J. A. McKenzie.
Hon. T. Murdoch. Hon. W. H. Calvert.
Hon. L. M. Shoobridge. Hon. F. B. Edwards.
Hon. J. Darling. Hon. G. H. Pitt.
Hon. A. Lillieo. Hon. T. Shields.
Hon. F. P. Hart. Hon. C. Eady.
Hon. A. Lawson. Hon. H. A. Nichols.

Clerk of the Council, C. H. D. Chepmell, 520*l*.
Clerk Assistant and Usher of the Black Rod, C. I. Clark, 320*l*.

House of Assembly.

Speaker, Hon. W. A. Woods, 500*l*.
Chairman of Committees, B. Watkins, 400*l*.

Hon. G. G. Beoker.	Hon. J. A. Lyons.
Hon. J. Belton.	F. E. Marriott.
D. N. Cameron.	H. H. McFie.
R. Cosgrove.	J. C. McPhee.
C. E. Culley.	P. Murdoch.
Neil Campbell.	Jas. C. Newton.
J. H. Cleary.	Hon. A. G. Ogilvie, K.C.
Sir J. W. Evans, C.M.G.	J. R. Palamountain.
Hon. J. A. Guy.	J. P. Piggott.
Ed. Hobbs.	V. J. Shaw.
H. Lane.	W. Sheridan.
C. E. W. James.	W. E. Shoobridge.
P. Kelly.	J. Soundy.
Sir W. H. Lee, Kt.	H. M. D. Thomson.

Clerk to the House and Librarian, H. McPherson, 575*l*.

Clerk Assistant and Sergeant-at-Arms, C. K. Murphy, 250*l*.

Chief Secretary's Department.

Chief Secretary and Minister for Railways, Hon. J. A. Guy, 1,250*l*.

Under-Secretary, Chief Electoral Officer, D. W. Addison, M.V.O., I.S.O., 700*l*.

Chief Clerk, E. Parkes, 533*l*.

Audit Department.

Auditor-General, E. H. Pretymann, 850*l*.

Deputy Auditor-General, F. J. Batt, A.F.I.A., 700*l*.

Chief Inspector, J. W. Hughes, 540*l*.

Machinery Inspection.

Chief Inspector, E. S. Ross, 540*l*.

Public Service Commissioner.

Public Service Commissioner, R. J. Meagher, 750*l*.

Secretary, E. O. Rowland.

Charitable Grants Department.

Administrator of Charitable Grants, C. F. Seager, 625*l*.

Superintendent, Newton Infirmary, R. J. Hawson, 490*l*.

Public Health.

Director of Public Health (vacant), 1,100*l*.

Secretary and Registrar of Midwives, E. Tudor, 500*l*.

Chief Inspector, also Food and Drugs, J. Riley, M.R.S.I., 490*l*.

Mental Diseases Hospital.

Medical Superintendent, E. A. McDonnell, L.R.C.P., and S. Edin., L.F.P.S., Glas., 880*l*.
Assistant Medical Officer, G. E. Aitken, L.R.C.P., L.R.O.S., L.F.P.S., 620*l*.

Matron, Miss J. Power, A.T.N.A., R.V.T.N.A., 348*l*.

Secretary, F. E. Westbrook, 480*l*.

Industrial Department.

Registrar and Chief Inspector of Factories, H. Reynolds, 675*l*.

Senior Inspector, C. E. Wilson, M.R.S.I., 380*l*.

Analyst's Office.

Analyst, W. F. Ward, 750*l*.

Fisheries.

Secretary to Fisheries Commission, J. A. Edwards.

General Hospital, Hobart.

Surgeon-Superintendent, V. B. Ratten, O.B.E., M.D.

House Surgeon, G. E. Murphy, M.B., B.S.

Junior House Surgeon, B. M. Carruthers, M.B., B.S.

Visiting Surgeon, E. T. Macgowan, M.B.

Secretary, F. H. Oldham.

Lady Superintendent (Nursing Staff), Miss A. A. Gluyas.

General Hospital, Launceston.

Surgeon Superintendent, Clifford Craig, M.D., B.S.

Junior House Surgeons, Dr. F. J. Drake, Dr. G. M. W. Clemons, Dr. H. F. C. Hallows.

Secretary, A. F. Kemp.

Lady Superintendent, Miss Eva I. Oakes.

NOTE.—There are many other Hospitals throughout the State, most of which are State-aided.

Agent-General in London.

Agent-General, R. Eccles Snowden, 1,000*l*.

Secretary, H. W. Ely, I.S.O., 550*l*.

Tasmanian Government Railways.

Commissioner, F. P. St. Hill, 2,000*l*.

Chief Accountant and Traffic Auditor, W. H. Crawford, 600*l*.

Secretary, C. J. Rollins, 650*l*.

Cashier and Paymaster, G. E. Boyes, 418*l*.

Chief Engineer for Existing Lines (vacant).

Resident Engineer, A. H. Wherrett, 600*l*.

Assistant Engineer, T. L. Miles, 438*l*.

Chief Mechanical Engineer, H. B. Bennett, 725*l*.

Traffic Manager, C. H. Harrison, 650*l*.

Transporting Manager, E. H. Connor, 514*l*.

Chief Storekeeper, A. B. Rapp, 540*l*.

Tasmanian Tourist Bureau.

Clerk-in-Charge, C. R. Osbourne.

Branches at Launceston, Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbane and Perth.

Department of the Treasury.

Treasurer, Hon. J. A. Lyons, 1,250*l*.

Under-Treasurer, P. J. Strutt, 800*l*.

Accountant, D. P. Young, 690*l*.

Taxation Department.

Commissioner of Taxes, etc., H. E. Downie, 1,050*l*.

Deputy-Commissioner of Taxes, Launceston.

William Hogg, 700*l*.

Chief Clerk and Assessor, H. C. Tapping, F.A.I.S., 600*l*.

Chief Clerk, Launceston, W. Ryan, 500*l*.

Printing Department.

Government Printer, John Vail, 700l.
Accountant, F. C. Hardinge, 490l.

Supply and Tender Department.

Commissioner of Stores, G. F. Dawson, 625l.
Chief Clerk, C. H. Harrison, 516l.

Registration Department.

Registrar-General, J. P. Loughton, 580l.
Deputy-Registrar, Hobart, F. Dickinson, 338l.

Education Department.

Director, G. V. Brooks, 850l
Chief Inspector and Secretary for Education, R. H. Crawford, 750l.
Superintendent of Technical Education, W. Gibson, B.E., 650l.
Principal of Training College, J. A. Johnson, M.A., 725l.
Technical Schools, Principals—Hobart, L. Dechauneux, 650l.; Launceston, D. V. Allen, 620l.; Queenstown, A. S. Winter, 500l.; Zeehan, E. H. O. White, 380l.

The University of Tasmania.

Chancellor, Hon. Sir Neil Elliott Lewis, K.C.M.G.
Vice-Chancellor, W. H. Stops, LL.B.
Registrar, Lt.-Col. L. R. Thomas, D.S.O.
Professors: English, A. B. Taylor; Mathematics, A. McAulay (Research), E. J. G. Pitman; Law, D. G. McDougall; Biology, T. T. Flynn; Classics, R. L. Dunbabin; Engineering, Alan Burn; Economics, J. B. Bridgen; Physics, A. L. McAulay.
Lecturers: Chemistry, P. J. Macleod; Applied Chemistry, R. E. Kurth; Botany, L. Rodway, C.M.G.; Modern Languages, C. Malthus; Psychology, E. M. Miller (Associate Professor); Tutorial Class Director, Prof. J. B. Bridgen; History C. S. King; Law, P. L. Griffiths; Economics, T. Hytten; Education, J. A. Johnson (also Principal, Training College); Accountancy, A. R. Hewer; Economics and History, North part of Tasmania, W. Judd; Electrical Engineering, H. P. Tuok; Mathematics, H.D. Erwin; Mech. Engineering, W. H. Schneider; Eng. Drawing, J. Field.

Attorney-General's Department.

Attorney-General, Hon. A. G. Ogilvie, K.C., 1,250l.
Secretary to Attorney-General, B. J. Thompson, 400l.
Parliamentary Draughtsman, H. B. White, 630l.
Associate Parliamentary Draughtsman, J. R. Rule, 590l.

Solicitor-General's Department.

Solicitor-General, L. E. Chambers, 850l.
Crown Solicitor, A. Banks Smith, 650l.

Judges.

Chief Justice, Hon. Sir. H. Nicholls, K.C.M.G., LL.B., 1,800l.
Puisne Judges, Hon. Harold Crisp, 1,500l.; Hon. N. K. Ewing, 1,500l.
Judges' Associate, C. S. Simmons, V.D., 480l.

Supreme Court.

Registrar of Supreme Court and Sheriff, A. G. Brammall, 600l.
Deputy Registrar, R. G. Bingham, 450l.

Lands Titles and Registry of Deeds.

Recorder of Titles, A. A. Richardson, 690l.
Deputy Recorder of Titles, L. C. Pitfield, 530l.

Public Trust.

Public Trustee, E. D. Kemp, 625l.

Magistracy.

Police Magistrate, Hobart, Commissioner, Court of Requests, E. W. Turner, M.A., LL.M., 775l.
Police Magistrate, Hobart, G. C. Gilmore, B.A., LL.M., 600l.
Police Magistrate, etc., Launceston, E. L. Hall, 775l.
Police Magistrate and Commissioner Court of Requests, North-Western Division, F. N. Stops, LL.B., 675l.

Police Department.

Commissioner of Police, J. E. C. Lord, C.M.G., D.S.O., 825l.
Secretary, E. P. Andrewartha, 564l.

Gaols.

Governor H.M. Gaol, Hobart, Capt. H. C. Davies, 530l.
Deputy Governor, E. P. Pope, 395l.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Minister for Public Works, Hon. James Belton, 1,250l.
Secretary, B. A. C. Elliott, 624l.
Engineer of Works, W. Ross Reynolds, A.A., M.I.C.E., 750l.
Assistant Engineer, A. E. Middleton, M.V.I.E., 552l.
Chief Inspector of Roads, F. W. Trappes, 498l.
Inspector of Public Buildings, H. Bucirde, 530l.
Main Roads Board, Hons. G. G. Beeker, M.H.A. (Chairman); E. W. Freeland M.L.C.; C. B. Davies, M.I.E. (Aust.).

Tasmanian Government Hydro-Electric Department.

Chief Engineer and General Manager, H. A. Curtis, A.M.I.E., Aust., A.A.M.I.E.E.
Engineer for Hydraulic Designs, A. P. Flockart, B.C.E., M.Sc.
Engineer for Electrical Construction, A. P. Binns, B.Sc.
Chief Operator, G. H. Evans, A.M.I.E., Aust.
Secretary and Auditor, Walter E. Taylor, F.F.I.A., F.A.I.S.
Accountant, W. R. Spinner, A.F.I.A.
District Manager, G. H. Lotts, A.M.I.E., Aust.
District Secretary, R. Scaife.

Agricultural and Stock Department.

Director of Agriculture, F. E. Ward, 750l.
Secretary for Agriculture, L. A. Evans, 625l.
Superintendent of Research, Dr. A. Nelson, 750l.
Superintendent of Extension Service, E. R. Hudson, 700l.
Agricultural Economist, I. W. Weston, 500l.
Senior Veterinary Officer, R. O. T. Philp, 550l.
Poultry Husbandryman, A. E. Powell, 350l.
Senior Agronomist, C. L. Gillies, 550l.
Agricultural Chemist, F. H. Johnstone, 416l.
Microbiologist, H. M. Nicholls, 416l.
Senior Dairy Officer, T. H. Atkinson, 500l.
Senior Horticulturist, P. H. Thomas, 500l.
Senior Port Inspector, S. H. Grueber, 384l.

*Lands and Surveys Department.**Minister for Lands*, Hon. James Belton.*Secretary for Lands*, W. N. T. Hurst, 625*l*.*Staff-Surveyor and Chief Computer*, A. B. Howell, 575*l*.*Chief Draftsman*, E. P. Lovett, 490*l*.*Chief Draughtsman, Mining*, O. J. Roper, 516*l*.*Returned Soldiers and Closer Settlement.**Secretary*, J. L. McGough, 600*l*.*Forestry Department.**Conservator of Forests*, L. G. Irby, 676*l*.*Mines Department.**Director of Mines*, A. McIntosh Reid, 750*l*.*Secretary for Mines*, W. A. Pretymann, 675*l*.*Chief Clerk*, A. B. Bryan, 500*l*.*Chief Inspector of Mines and Chief Inspector of Explosives*, J. O. Hudson, M.N.E.I.M.E., 650*l*.*Geologist*, P. B. Nye, B.M.E., 560*l*.*Chief Assayer*, W. D. Reid, 560*l*.

COMMONWEALTH DEPARTMENTS IN TASMANIA.

Deputy Director of Post and Telegraphs, Edgar M. Hannaford, 792*l*.*Local Auditor*, E. L. Puddicombe, 589*l*.*Deputy Commissioner for Taxation*, P. C. Douglas, 675*l*.*Commonwealth Electoral Officer, Commonwealth Works Registrar, also Deputy-Commissioner, Pensions Department, and Deputy P.S. Inspector*, J. E. Cathie, 636*l*.*Divisional Returning Officers*—Bass, E. A. J. Bengafield; Darwin, N. J. Warmbrunn; Denison, L. Ainsworth; Franklin, E. Parkes; Wilmot, A. R. Cooke.*Meteorological Divisional Officer*, J. C. Foley, 480*l*.*Statistical Department.**Deputy Statistician*, L. F. Giblin, D.S.O., M.C., 720*l*.*Assistant-Deputy Statistician*, W. T. Murphy, 516*l*.*Trade and Customs.**Collector of Customs*, R. B. Curd, 744*l*.*Treasury.**Accountant, Sub-Treasury*, P. C. Douglas.*Military Forces (6th Military District).**Commandant*, Lt.-Colonel H. J. Cox-Taylor, D.S.O.*Deputy-Director of Medical Services*, Col. W. W. Giblin, C.B., V.D.*Foreign Consuls and Consular Agents.**France*, Consular Agent, W. H. Burgess, Hobart.*Netherlands*, Consul, D. C. McLaren, Hobart.*Belgium*, Consul, Hon. T. Murdoch, M.L.C., Hobart.*Sweden*, Consul, L. L. Dobson, Hobart; George E. Harrap, Vice-Consul, Launceston.*Norway*, Consul, A. C. Paton, Hobart; George E. Harrap, Vice-Consul, Launceston.*Argentina*, Vice-Consul, L. D. Burgess, Hobart.*Denmark*, Vice-Consul (vacant).*Italy*, Consular-Agent, P. C. Smith, Launceston.*Brazil*, Vice-Consul, Germain Murdoch, Hobart.*Argentina*, under jurisdiction of Consul at Melbourne.*Japan*, under jurisdiction of Consul at Melbourne.*Switzerland*, under jurisdiction of Consul at Melbourne.

VICTORIA.

Situation and Area.

Victoria is situated at the south-east of the continent of Australia, and lies between the 34th and 39th parallels of south latitude and the 141st and 150th meridians of east longitude. Its extreme length from east to west is about 490 miles, and its greatest breadth is about 300 miles. Its extent of coast line is nearly 700 miles.

On the north and north-east Victoria is bounded by New South Wales, from which it is separated by the River Murray, and a direct line from the head waters of that stream, at Forest Hill, to Cape Howe. On the west it is bounded by South Australia, from which it is separated by a line approximating to the position of the 141st meridian, extending from the Murray to the sea. On the south and south-east its shores are washed by the Southern Ocean, Bass' Straits, and the Pacific Ocean.

The southernmost point in Victoria, and on the whole continent of Australia, is Wilson's Promontory, which lies in latitude 39° 8' S., longitude 146° 26' E.; the northernmost point is the place where the western boundary of the State meets the Murray, latitude 34° 2' S., longitude 140° 58' E.; the point furthest east is Cape Howe, situated in latitude 37° 31' S., longitude 149° 59' E.; the most westerly point is the line of the whole western frontier, which, according to the latest correction, lies upon the meridian 140° 58' E., and extends from latitude 34° 2' S. to latitude 38° 4' S., or 242 geographical miles.

The area of Victoria is, according to the most recent computation, 87,884 square miles, or 56,245,760 acres (nearly equal to Great Britain). The whole continent of Australia contains 2,974,581 square miles, and Victoria consequently occupies about a thirty-fourth part of its surface.

Physical Features.

Victoria is traversed, with more or less regularity, throughout its entire length from east to west by a chain of mountains and lesser hills, completely dividing it into two parts, and known as the Dividing Range. The summit of this range runs generally at a distance of 60 or 70 miles from the coast. The streams to the north of it flow towards the River Murray, and those to the south of it towards the sea. The eastern part of the range, which divides the Gippsland district from that of the Murray, is named the Australian Alps; and that part which separates the County of Ripon from that of Borung, and extends into the County of Kara Kara, is named the Pyrenees. The higher peaks of the Dividing Range are covered with snow for several months in the year. The mountainous country is, for the most part, densely wooded to the very summits with fine timber, but the peaks above the winter snow line are quite bare, or only partially covered with dwarfed trees or shrubs. From near Kilmore eastward, a distance of 200 miles, the mountains are generally so steep and inaccessible as to present a considerable barrier between the parts of the colony north and south of them, and they can only be traversed with great labour by the few passes that exist. From Kilmore westward the range rapidly dwindles, so that although presenting in places points of considerable height—such as Mount William and Mount Macedon—it is easily crossed. From Mount Macedon it becomes, as it stretches away to the Western district, a chain of hills, in parts only of considerable altitude, and offering no serious obstructions to crossing in very many places.

That portion of the Murray basin commencing at Woodonga on the east as a point, and extending in the form of a regular triangle to a width of 200 miles along the western boundary of Victoria, has almost a flat surface, with a very slight inclination towards the Murray. The remaining country north and south of the Dividing Range and its spurs is moderately undulating; it is in some parts destitute of timber, but closely wooded in others. Besides the main Dividing Range, there are also other ranges extending in different parts of the country, many of them being spurs of the main chain. The highest peaks, however, are found in the Dividing Range and its offshoots.

Population.

Although Victoria occupies no more than the thirty-fourth part of the Australian continent, from various causes such has been its attractiveness as compared with the other States of the group, that it now contains 28 per cent. of the inhabitants of the whole continent. The estimated population on the 31st March, 1927, was 1,721,093, viz., 856,716 males and 864,377 females. These numbers give a proportion of 101·0 females to 100 males.

Immigration.

For several years prior to the war the Government pursued a policy of assisted immigration from the United Kingdom and other countries, and met with a considerable amount of success. Agriculturists, rural workers, and domestic servants were the classes of immigrants principally encouraged. Assisted immigration was suspended during the war, but the nominated system on a reduced scale was continued. On 1st March, 1921, a joint Commonwealth and State scheme of immigration came into operation, and from that date the Commonwealth Government assumed responsibility for the booking of passages for nominated and other settlers proceeding to Australia. Approval of nominations is dealt with by the State authorities, who also indicate the classes and numbers of persons who may be absorbed in the population. Inquiries in Great Britain should be addressed to the Director, Commonwealth Migration and Settlement Office, Australia House, Strand, London.

Means of Communication.

Melbourne, the metropolis of Victoria, is distant from Sydney by sea about 650 English miles, and by land 577 miles; from Adelaide by sea 560 miles, and by land 483 miles. It is now connected with Sydney, Brisbane, Adelaide and Perth by railway. Steam postal communication with England, *via* Ceylon and Suez, is maintained weekly by the steamers of the P. and O., alternating with those of the Orient Company. Mails are also carried by the lines of steamers belonging to the Pacific, British India and Messageries Maritimes (French) Companies.

The post offices in Victoria number 1,792. The postal, telegraph and telephone revenue was 2,948,291*l.*, in 1925-26, and the expenditure 2,360,021*l.*

There are 12,985 miles of telegraph lines open (including railway telegraphs), and 43,110 miles of wire; also 465,674 miles of telephone wire. The number of telegrams transmitted during 1925-26 was 4,475,214. There are 127,000 telephones in use in the State, with 93,215 subscribers. The amount received on account of telegraphs and telephones during the year 1925-26 was 1,482,939*l.*

The railways in Victoria, with the exception of two small lines, are all owned by the Government.

The number of miles open for traffic on 30th June 1926, was 4,635, and 56 miles were in course of construction. In 1925-26 the gross receipts were 12,743,668*l.*, and the working expenses 9,833,240*l.* The interest and expenses on the debt incurred for construction amounted to 3,092,695*l.*, and the revenue deficit for the twelve months was 182,369*l.*

Climate.

From its geographical position Victoria enjoys a climate far more genial to Europeans than any other State of Australia. In regard to heat the weather is never severely oppressive, except during the prevalence of hot northerly winds, and these occur only at intervals during the summer months. Over a series of years the mean temperature at Melbourne was 58·4°; the mean atmospheric pressure noted first at an Observatory, 91 feet above the sea level, and later at the Weather Bureau 115 feet above sea level, was 30·012 inches; rain falls on the average upon 138 days in the year, the mean annual rainfall being 26·68 inches.

Early History.

It is believed that the first Europeans who ever sighted any portion of the land now embraced within the limits of the colony of Victoria were Captain Cook and the officers and crew of His Majesty's ship *Endeavour*. Cook, however, did not attempt to land, but passed on to other discoveries.

On his return to England he reported the eastern part of Australia to be suitable for colonisation, and this led to a party of convicts being despatched there in 1788, under Captain Arthur Phillip, R.N. On the shores of Port Jackson, a few miles to the north of Botany Bay, Phillip established a permanent settlement, but for nearly ten years afterwards nothing was done towards the exploration of the southern shores of Australia. At length George Bass, a surgeon in the Royal Navy, started in a whale-boat, manned by six seamen, and, passing Cape Howe, coasted along that part of Victoria now called Gippsland, and rounding Wilson's Promontory—the southernmost point on the Australian Continent—entered Western Port on the 4th June, 1798. He, however, returned to Sydney without discovering Port Phillip Bay, which was first entered in February, 1802, by Acting-Lieut. John Murray, in command of the armed brig *Lady Nelson*. In October of the following year an attempt was made to colonise the territory by Lieut.-Col. David Collins, of the Royal Marines, in command of a party of convicts. Collins, however, after the expiration of three months, abandoned Port Phillip as unfit for settlement, and for the next twenty years the district attracted but little attention. Then two explorers—Hume and Hovell—made their way overland from Sydney, and, on their return, gave a satisfactory report of the country, the result being that a convict establishment was soon afterwards founded on Western Port Bay, which, however, was in a short time abandoned, apparently on economic grounds. The first permanent settlement in Victoria was formed at Portland Bay, by Mr. Edward Henty, from Van Diemen's Land—as Tasmania was then called—who landed on 19th Nov., 1834, and soon commenced to till the soil, run and breed stock, and carry on whaling operations. Others followed, but the absence of good land in the immediate vicinity of the port, and the openness of the bay, which rendered it unsafe for shipping during the prevalence of certain winds, caused it to be considered an unsuitable site. The capital was

eventually founded at the northern end of Port Phillip Bay by two parties, one led by John Batman, who landed on 29th May, 1835, and the other by John Pascoe Fawcner, whose party arrived at the site of Melbourne on the 28th August of the same year. Both of these were from Van Diemen's Land, and they were soon followed by others from the same island, and from Sydney, who brought stock with them, and commenced to push their way into the interior. These were met by Major (afterwards Lieutenant-Colonel Sir) Thomas Mitchell, who, entering from New South Wales on the north, and traversing a considerable portion of the (as yet) unknown territory, was so struck with its wondrous capabilities that he named it Australia Felix, a title the aptness of which a subsequent knowledge of the geniality of its climate, the excellence of its soil, and the then unsuspected richness of its mineral treasures, has proved to be fully justified. The reports of Sir Thomas Mitchell, and the success of the first settlers, caused great excitement, not only in Australian settlements, but in the mother country. Herds of sheep and cattle driven overland from New South Wales speedily occupied the best parts of the new territory. Every available craft capable of floating was put into requisition to bring passengers and stock from Van Diemen's Land, and after a time shiploads of emigrants began to arrive from the United Kingdom. Regular government was first established under Captain William Lonsdale, who, having been sent from Sydney to take charge of the district, landed on the 29th Sept., 1836; and on the 2nd March of the following year Sir Richard Bourke, the Governor of New South Wales, visited it, and named the metropolis Melbourne. Mr. Charles Joseph La Trobe arrived on the 30th Sept., 1839, having been appointed to the principal official position in the settlement under the title of Superintendent. This title was changed to that of Lieutenant-Governor, when, on the 1st July, 1851, it was separated from New South Wales, and created a separate colony under the name of Victoria. Shortly afterwards rich deposits of gold were discovered, which led to a great influx of population. After a time discontent arose amongst the diggers in consequence of the oppressive character of the mining regulations, which culminated in riots on the Ballarat goldfield towards the end of 1854. The disturbance was soon quelled, with some bloodshed on both sides, and the grievances complained of were afterwards redressed. A new constitution, giving responsible government to the colony, was proclaimed on the 23rd November, 1855.

Industry.

The main industry is grazing and agriculture, 7,304,434 acres being under cultivation in 1926-27. The chief products were wheat, grown on an area of 2,915,315 acres, producing 46,886,020 bushels; oats, 303,424 acres, producing 4,884,006 bushels; barley, 88,896 acres, producing 1,920,722 bushels; potatoes, 66,188 acres, producing 162,909 tons; and hay, 1,080,993 acres, producing 1,387,971 tons. About 40,712 acres were devoted to the culture of the vine, producing 1,637,274 gallons of wine, 351,506 cwts. of raisins, and 123,733 cwts. of currants. A considerable area is devoted to the cultivation of fruit trees and vegetables; tobacco, hops, and olives are also grown. The dairying industry has made rapid strides; in 1925-26 there were produced 81,747,291 lbs. of butter (of which 32,874,047 lbs. were exported overseas) and

5,279,009 lbs. of cheese. In March, 1927, there were in the State 447,988 horses, 1,435,761 cattle (including 873,089 milch cows), 14,919,663 sheep, and 284,271 pigs. The wool exported overseas in 1925-26 amounted to 194,863,036 lbs., valued at 15,402,800*l*. The amount of gold raised in 1926 was 49,078 ozs., making a total since 1851 of 71,226,075 ozs., valued at 302,548,425*l*. Enormous deposits of brown coal exist, and seams of true coal of good quality which have been discovered are being worked with success, and it is anticipated that in a short time the State will be nearly independent of outside supplies; the quantity of coal raised in 1926 was 1,648,936 tons, valued at 846,697*l*. The chief exports other than wool and gold are grain and flour, butter, hides and skins, meats, live stock, leather, and tallow, besides a *dépôt* trade in wool, tea, textiles, timber, tobacco, and sugar. The chief imports are textiles and apparel, sugar, woollens, coal, tea, timber, paper, oils, machines and machinery, and iron. Melbourne does 87 per cent. of the trade, the other principal ports being Geelong, Portland, Warramboul, also Echuca, Wabgunyah, Yarrowonga, Gooramadda, Koondrook, Tocumwal, Cobram, Mildura, and Swan Hill on the Murray river.

The vessels on the Victorian register at the end of 1925 numbered 364, with a total tonnage of 170,423.

Victoria, as a manufacturing country, occupies a pre-eminent position in the Australasian group. The collectors of statistics are instructed to obtain returns only from establishments employing four hands or upwards, except when machinery worked by steam or other power is employed, and except when the existence of industries of an unusual or interesting nature seems to call for special comment. No attempt is made to enumerate mere shops, although some manufacturing industry may be carried on thereat; were this done, the manufactures of the State might be multiplied to an almost indefinite extent. The following is a statement of the number and nature of manufactures and hands employed therein during 1925-26:—

Manufactures and Works, 1925-26.

Nature of Industry.	Number of	
	Manu- factories	Hands em- ployed.
Tanning, fellmongering, &c. ...	267	4,209
Oil, soap, candle, &c. ...	30	891
Brick, stone, glass, &c. ...	264	5,975
Working in wood ...	694	9,685
Metal, machinery, &c. ...	950	25,663
Food, drink, tobacco, &c. ...	716	18,813
Woollen mills, clothing, boots, &c. ...	1,993	50,188
Printing, binding, paper, &c. ...	564	11,374
Organ, piano, &c. ...	19	529
Arms and explosives ...	8	471
Coachbuilding, bicycle, saddle, &c. ...	872	7,386
Shipbuilding, docks, &c. ...	11	388
Furniture, bedding, &c. ...	429	4,627
Drugs, chemicals, &c. ...	117	2,713
Surgical, &c., Instruments ...	39	230
Timepieces, jewellery, &c. ...	114	1,097
Heat, light and energy ...	216	4,186
Leatherware, &c. ...	58	919
Rubber goods, &c. ...	100	3,715
Total ...	7,461	152,969

The total number of all establishments is 7,461, of which 1,149 use steam or gas engines, 4,709 use electric power, and 463 oil, water, &c. They

employ 152,359 hands, and the approximate total value of lands, buildings, machinery, and plant is 60,396,500*l*. The value of materials used was 67,164,445*l*., and of articles produced or work done 119,946,439*l*. The wages paid amounted to 29,329,400*l*.

The estimated value of Victorian production in 1925-26 was as follows :—

	£
Agricultural Production	13,702,818
Pastoral and Dairying Production	24,420,210
Mining Production	1,667,528
Forest "	1,912,460
Miscellaneous Products	5,442,610
Total Primary Products	47,145,626
Manufacturing—value added during process	46,006,461
Total	93,152,087

Irrigation.

The climate of Australia is essentially a dry one, and it is to this that its superior salubrity is, to a great extent, attributed. The drawback, however, is that the rainfall is in parts so uncertain that great losses of stock, as well as of crops, occur in some years. Droughts in Victoria are neither so general nor so continuous as in several of the other States. Still, in certain districts, serious inconvenience and loss have been experienced at times on account of deficient rainfall. To obviate this the Government have passed several measures with the view of promoting national irrigation upon a large scale. By the Water Act of 1905 all existing irrigation trusts, with the exception of the First Mildura Irrigation Trust, were abolished, and their works and duties transferred to the State Rivers and Water Supply Commission. In 1909 an Act was passed extending the authority of this latter body by giving it the general construction of works formerly intrusted to the Department of Water Supply and by imposing on the Commission all the duties formerly performed by the Water Supply Department. The capital expenditure on the irrigation works controlled by the Commissioners on the 30th June, 1926, amounted to 9,769,288*l*. The Commission is empowered to levy rates on all lands capable of irrigation under their jurisdiction, the total area irrigated being 343,685 acres. The Mildura Irrigation Colony, lands, works, and approaches are controlled by the First Mildura Irrigation Trust. From time to time the Government has assisted the Mildura Trust until on the 30th June, 1926, the total amount advanced was 119,782*l*., of which 111,703*l*. was outstanding on 30th June, 1926. The extent of watering done by this Trust represented 42,230 water acres in 1925-26.

Chief Towns.

Melbourne, the capital, on the 31st December, 1926, had a population of 944,400. The first settlers established themselves on the site of the present city so recently as in 1835.

The other chief towns are Ballarat (41,550), Geelong (40,880), Bendigo (33,550), Warrnambool (8,050), Castlemaine (7,170), Mordialloc (7,760), Carrum (6,750), Wonthaggi (6,800), Mildura (6,000) Ararat (5,010), and Hamilton (5,260).

Coloured Immigrants.

With a view of restricting the immigration of Asiatics and other coloured persons, the Commonwealth Parliament passed the Immigration

Restriction Act in 1901, which provides that any person, who, when asked to do so by a public officer, fails to write out from dictation and sign in the presence of the officer, a passage of fifty words in any prescribed language, is prohibited from landing in Australia. Certificates of exemption are granted in certain cases, and members of the military and naval forces, as well as the master and crew of any public vessel of any government, are excepted. There are not more than 6,000 coloured persons in the State.

Banking and Currency.

The following banks had branches and agencies, numbering 901 in all, throughout the State during the June quarter of 1927 :—The Bank of Australasia; of New South Wales; of New Zealand; Commercial of Sydney; Commercial of Australia; English, Scottish and Australian; National of Australasia; the Union of Australia; Queensland National; Queensland; Ballarat Banking Co.; Comptoir National D'Escompte de Paris; Australian Bank of Commerce; Bank of Adelaide; and The Commonwealth Bank of Australia.

The deposits at that period amounted to 102,794,017*l*., and the paid up capital to 51,706,639*l*.

There are also 184 banks and branches, with 383 agencies of the Savings Bank. The number of depositors on the 30th June, 1927, was 1,167,631, and the amount on deposit was 59,101,046*l*. (including 797,539*l*. to the credit of deposit stock accounts). The legal tender and usual currency is exclusively British sterling.

A branch of the Imperial Mint is established at Melbourne, where gold to the value of 211,107*l*. was issued in 1926. Coinages of silver and bronze are also undertaken by the Mint.

Education.

Education establishments in Victoria are of four classes, viz., the University, with its four affiliated Colleges, for superior education; State schools, for primary and secondary education; registered schools for primary and secondary education; and technical schools for instruction in the various arts. The Melbourne University was established under a special Act of the Victorian Legislature in 1853, and Royal Letters Patent were issued on the 14th March, 1859, declaring that all its degrees except those of divinity should be recognised in the United Kingdom and the British colonies and possessions. Affiliated to the University are four Colleges—Trinity, Ormond, Queen's, and Newman—connected with the Church of England, the Presbyterian, the Methodist, and Roman Catholic Churches respectively; also the Ballarat School of Mines. The number of students attending lectures at the University during 1926 was 2,720. From the date of the opening of the University to the end of 1926, the total number of students who matriculated was 13,846, and 10,287 direct degrees were conferred during the same period. The technical schools, which are controlled by the Education Department, number 30, there are also 2 Agricultural Colleges and 1 School of Horticulture. The principal of these is the Melbourne Working Men's College, established for the purpose of improving the general and technical education of the working classes and open to women as well as men. The gross enrolment of pupils at senior technical schools, excluding those at agricultural and horticultural colleges, was 13,451.

The system of primary public instruction, which was commenced on 1st January, 1873, is strictly secular. Attendance at school is compulsory for children between the ages of 6 and 14, and State instruction is granted free of cost. In 1925 there were 2,525 State schools, with a total enrolment of 255,101 scholars, instructed by 7,510 teachers (including 490 temporary teachers). The average attendance was 175,131. In 1925-26 the cost of public instruction (exclusive of buildings, rent, &c.) was 1,955,626*l*. There is no local control over the schools.

The secondary schools are for the most part under the control of private persons or proprietary bodies, usually connected with some religious denomination. These now receive no State assistance, but formerly a few of the principal ones received money and grants of land from the Government. According to the returns for 1926, there were 494 registered schools in Victoria, with 2,212 teachers, and an attendance of 64,835 scholars. Of these schools the Roman Catholic denomination had about one-half and over half the scholars.

Government.

The Government of Victoria consists of a Governor appointed by the Crown, who is the official head of the Legislature, and assents in the name of the Crown to Acts passed by the Parliament. There is a Legislative Council, or Upper House of Parliament, consisting of 34 members elected for 17 Provinces, and an Assembly, or Lower House, consisting of 65 members returned by 65 Electoral Districts. The Constitution was established by an Act passed by the Legislature of Victoria, 1854, to which Her Majesty assented, in pursuance of the power granted by Act of the Imperial Parliament (18 & 19 Vict., cap. 55).

The constitution of the two Houses and the qualification of Members and Electors have been amended on several occasions; and a Reform Act received the Royal Assent on 26th November, 1903. By this Act the number of Members of both Houses was reduced, the franchise for the Upper House broadened, and the property qualification for membership reduced, and several other reforms made. In 1907 an Act was assented to abolishing the separate representation of railways and public officers in the Parliament of the State—one of the provisions of the Reform Act of 1903. Officers in the service of the Government are, however, forbidden to take any part in the political affairs of the State otherwise than by recording a vote, and are prohibited from using any influence in respect to any matter affecting their remuneration or position in the public service.

The Adult Suffrage Act of 1906, assented to on 31st March, 1909, places women on an equality with men as electors for the State Legislature.

One of the two Members of Council returned for each of the Electoral Provinces retires in rotation at the expiration of every three years, so that the tenure of seats is six years. The Governor has no power to dissolve the Council, except in case of a deadlock between the two Houses. The property qualification of members is possession of freehold property of an annual value of 50*l*. The property qualification of Electors of Members of Council is possession of freehold property rated in some municipal district at not less than 10*l*. per annum, or occupation of freehold or leasehold property of not less than a 15*l*. annual rating. Graduates of Universities within the British dominions, matriculated students of the University

of Melbourne, barristers and solicitors, legally qualified medical practitioners, officiating ministers of religion, certificated school-masters, and officers of the army and navy when not on active service, also have votes for the Legislative Council. The functions of this House differ very slightly from those of the House of Lords. Money Bills may be either accepted or rejected, but they may not be altered. By the Reform Act of 1903 the Council is now empowered to suggest alterations in these Bills.

An Act was passed in 1857 to abolish the property qualification required of members of the Legislative Assembly, and universal suffrage exists so far as the election of that body is concerned. Plural voting was abolished by an Act passed in August, 1899, so far as the election of members of the Assembly is concerned. The duration of the Assembly is, under ordinary circumstances, three years, but it may be dissolved by the Governor at any time. Vote by ballot has been in operation since 1856, and by an Act passed in October, 1900, provision is made for voting by post in certain cases.

All members of the Legislative Assembly, except such as are in receipt of official salary out of the Consolidated Revenue, are paid 500*l*. a year during the term of the present Parliament "for reimbursing their expenses in relation to their attendance in Parliament." The members of the Legislative Council are paid 200*l*. a year.

An Act was passed in December, 1903, limiting the amount which may be expended by candidates for election expenses to 400*l*. and 160*l*. for the Council and the Assembly respectively. The purposes for which such expenditure may be incurred are also defined.

Municipal Government.

A very complete system of local self-government exists in Victoria. The municipalities are of two kinds, the first being called cities, towns, and boroughs, and the second shires. The whole extend over 87,880 square miles, comprising nearly the whole area of the State. Each district is a body corporate, with perpetual succession and a common seal. The governing body is a Council, the members of which are elected by the ratepayers, including women. Rates may be levied on all land within a municipality, except that used for public purposes, for such amount between 6*d*. and 3*s*. in the pound, on the annual value as may be decided upon by the Municipal Council. The ratepayers if they so desire may have the rate imposed on the unimproved value of the land. In 1926-27 fourteen municipalities were rated on this method. In 1926-27 there were 55 cities, towns, and boroughs and 139 shires. The number of ratepayers was 573,971; the annual value of the rateable property was assessed at 32,446,736*l*., representing a value in fee simple of 606,322,402*l*.; the total income in 1926 was 6,112,546*l*., and the expenditure was 6,292,722*l*.; whilst their loan indebtedness amounted to 9,076,787*l*.

The harbour of Melbourne is under the control of the Melbourne Harbour Trust, created by Act in 1876. The revenue of the Trust in 1926 was 756,250*l*., and its expenditure 970,148*l*., including capital expenditure 405,456*l*. The outstanding debt of the Trust at the end of 1926 amounted to 2,968,970*l*.

The Melbourne Water Supply Works are now under the control of the Melbourne and Metropolitan Board of Works which body is also

empowered to undertake the sewerage of the metropolis. In 1925-26 the Board's ordinary revenue was 1,361,093*l.*, and its expenditure 1,356,277*l.*, exclusive of 1,651,921*l.* from loans; whilst there were loans outstanding at 30th June, 1926, amounting to 17,037,090*l.* The expenditure on the sewerage works completed and in course of construction amounted to 10,329,018*l.* up to the 30th June, 1926.

There are also two Fire Brigade Boards, supported by equal contributions by the Government, the Municipalities and the Insurance Companies. In 1926 their revenue amounted to 225,360*l.*, their expenditure to 242,823*l.*, including 14,236*l.* loan expenditure, and their debt to 167,083*l.*

The Melbourne tramways were constructed by a Trust at a cost of 1,706,794*l.*, provided for by loans secured on the rateable property of the Municipalities. The debt was gradually extinguished by a sinking fund, contributed by the Melbourne Tramways Company, a public company, to which the lines were let for a period of 30 years. The lease expired on 1st July, 1916, when the balance of the outstanding debentures (450,000*l.*) was paid off. A Board consisting of five members, was nominated by the Government to take over and operate the cable tramways from 1st July, 1916, to 31st October, 1919, or such earlier date as might be proclaimed by the Governor-in-Council. This Board was on 1st November, 1919, superseded by another Board of seven members appointed under authority of the Melbourne and Metropolitan Tramways Act, 1918. On 2nd February, 1920, the electric tramways systems were vested in the board. The capital cost of the tramways under the control of the board, including the suburban lines, amounted to 6,553,137*l.* at 30th June, 1926. The cost of the cable system, which is included in this sum, amounted to about 2,122,806*l.* The Board is empowered to borrow up to 3,000,000*l.*, this being in addition to the transferred liabilities attaching to the tramways vested in it.

*Governors of Victoria. **

Name.	Office.	Date of Assumption of Office.
Sir H. B. Loch, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.	Governor	15 July, 1884
Sir William C. F. Robinson, G.C.M.G.	Administrator	9 Mar., 1889
the Rt. Hon. The Earl of Hopetoun, G.C.M.G.	Governor	28 Nov., 1889
Sir John Madden, Kt., LL.D.	Administrator	7 Mar., 1896
The Rt. Hon. Lord Brassey, K.C.B.	Governor	25 Oct., 1896
Sir John Madden, Kt.	Administrator	27 Sept., 1897
The Rt. Hon. Lord Brassey, K.C.B.	Governor	10 Oct., 1897
Sir John Madden, Kt.	Administrator	23 Mar., 1898
The Rt. Hon. Lord Brassey, K.C.B.	Governor	26 Oct., 1898
Sir J. Madden, K.C.M.G.	Lieut. Gov.	15 Jan., 1900
Sir G. S. Clarke, K.C.M.G.	Governor	10 Dec., 1901
Sir R. A. J. Talbot, K.C.B.	Governor	26 April, 1904
Sir J. Madden, G.C.M.G.	Lieut. Gov.	20 Mar., 1907
Sir R. A. J. Talbot, K.C.B.	Governor	18 Nov., 1907
Sir J. Madden, G.C.M.G.	Lieut. Gov.	6 July, 1908
Str T. D. Gibson Carmichael, Bt., K.C.M.G.	Governor	27 July, 1908
Sir J. M. F. Fuller, Bt., K.C.M.G.	Governor	24 May, 1911

* For previous Governors, see Colonial Office List for 1908.

Name.	Office.	Date of Assumption of Office.
The Hon. Sir Arthur Lyulph Stanley, K.C.M.G.	Governor	23 Feb., 1914
Sir W. H. Irvine, K.C.M.G.	Lieut. Gov.	31 July, 1919
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Stradbroke, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.V.O., C.B.E., Aide-de-Camp to H.M. the King.	Governor	24 Feb., 1921
Lieut.-Col. The Rt. Hon. Lord Somers, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C.	Governor	28 June, 1926

Ministries in Victoria.

Name of Premier.	Date of Assumption of Office.
1 William Clark Haines	28 Nov., 1855
2 John O'Shanassy	11 Mar., 1857
3 William Clark Haines	29 April, 1857
4 John O'Shanassy	10 Mar., 1858
5 William Nicholson	27 Oct., 1859
6 Richard Heales	26 Nov., 1860
7 John O'Shanassy	14 Nov., 1861
8 James McCulloch	27 June, 1863
9 Charles Sladen	6 May, 1868
10 James McCulloch	11 July, 1868
11 J. A. MacPherson	20 Sept., 1869
12 James McCulloch	9 April, 1870
13 Charles Gavan Duffy	19 June, 1871
14 James Goodall Francis	10 June, 1872
15 George Briscoe Kerferd	31 July, 1874
16 Graham Berry	7 Aug., 1875
17 Sir Jas. McCulloch, Kt.	20 Oct., 1875
18 Graham Berry	21 May, 1877
19 James Service	5 Mar., 1880
20 Graham Berry	3 Aug., 1880
21 Sir R. O'Loghlen, Bart.	9 July, 1881
22 James Service	8 Mar., 1883
23 Duncan Gillies	18 Feb., 1886
24 James Munro	4 Nov., 1890
25 William Shiels	16 Feb., 1892
26 Sir J. B. Patterson, K.C.M.G.	23 Jan., 1893
27 Sir George Turner, K.O.M.G.	27 Sept., 1894
28 Allan McLean	5 Dec., 1899
29 Sir G. Turner, K.C.M.G.	19 Nov., 1900
30 Sir A. J. Peacock, K.C.M.G.	12 Feb., 1901
31 Sir W. H. Irvine, K.C.M.G.	10 June, 1902
32 Sir Thomas Bent, K.C.M.G.	16 Feb., 1904
33 John Murray	8 Jan., 1909
34 W. A. Watt	18 May, 1913
35 G. A. Elmslie	9 Dec., 1913
36 W. A. Watt	23 Dec., 1913
37 Sir A. J. Peacock, K.C.M.G.	18 June, 1914
38 John Bowser	29 Nov., 1917
39 H. S. W. Lawson	21 Mar., 1918
40 H. S. W. Lawson	7 Sept., 1922
41 H. S. W. Lawson	19 Mar., 1924
42 Sir A. J. Peacock, K.C.M.G.	28 April, 1924
43 G. M. Prendergast	18 July, 1924
44 J. Allan	18 Nov., 1924
45 E. J. Hogan	20 May, 1927

POPULATION OF VICTORIA FROM 1836 TO 1921.

Date of Enumeration.	Males.	Females.	Total.
May 25, 1836	142	35	177
Mar. 2, 1841	8,274	3,464	11,738
Mar. 2, 1846	20,184	12,695	32,879
Mar. 2, 1851	46,202	31,143	77,345
April 28, 1854	155,887	80,911	236,798
Mar. 29, 1857	264,334	148,432	410,766
April 7, 1861	328,651	211,671	540,322
April 2, 1871	401,050	330,478	731,528
April 3, 1881	452,083	410,263	862,346
April 5, 1891	598,414	541,991	1,140,405
Mar. 31, 1901	608,883	537,468	1,201,341
April 2, 1911	665,591	659,900	1,315,551
April 4, 1921	754,724	776,556	1,531,280

Year ended 30 June.	FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	11,813,879	11,795,295	7,336,647	8,062,214
1918	12,672,787	12,631,189	5,122,979	5,745,113
1919	13,044,088	12,979,407	5,079,407	5,686,912
1920	15,866,184	15,852,459	7,185,957	8,008,460
1921	19,054,475	19,041,686	8,139,826	9,314,944
1922	20,357,733	20,297,279	9,889,793	11,024,520
1923	21,634,677	21,611,309	11,508,793	13,230,320
1924	23,075,968	22,950,968	11,767,271	13,532,368
1925	24,314,887	24,170,483	11,609,721	13,683,712
1926	25,269,756	25,559,583	11,027,404	12,980,340

*Net Customs and Excise Revenue, 1925-26, 11,135,646.**

Year.	IMPORTS OVERSEA.			
	From U.K.	From British Possessions.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
1916-17	£ 13,625,185	£ 3,613,042	£ 8,236,712	£ 25,474,939
1917-18	8,823,946	4,459,482	7,390,160	21,113,588
1918-19	14,966,469	5,183,294	14,876,548	35,026,311
1919-20	16,555,247	4,690,546	13,542,404	34,788,287
1920-21	30,592,066	6,772,841	20,243,870	57,608,777
1921-22	18,835,097	4,825,557	12,891,402	36,352,056
1922-23	24,657,303	5,322,644	16,749,153	46,729,100
1923-24	22,923,002	5,670,976	20,908,665	49,592,643
1924-25	33,867,972	10,079,341	20,342,377	54,289,690
1925-26	22,114,491	6,919,056	21,299,298	50,332,845

Year.	EXPORTS OVERSEA.		
	To U.K.	To British Possessions.	To Elsewhere.
1916-17	£ 12,392,569	£ 2,797,872	£ 3,839,705
1917-18	8,601,231	6,512,680	5,602,777
1918-19	16,122,709	6,557,668	5,414,782
1919-20	24,354,313	9,219,949	9,551,074
1920-21	17,825,150	7,580,761	9,516,080
1921-22	16,308,899	6,514,350	11,320,933
1922-23	19,163,057	3,976,910	10,628,729
1923-24	12,953,761	3,662,459	13,097,328
1924-25	18,781,126	4,540,727	20,308,128
1925-26	14,062,376	4,124,658	14,903,197

Public Debt of Victoria on the 30th June, 1926, 140,264,969.

Government.

Governor, Lieut.-Colonel The Rt. Hon. Lord Somers, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C., 5,000.

Lieut.-Governor, The Hon. Sir William Hill Irvine, K.C.M.G.

Private Secretary, Lieut.-Col. E. H. Davidson, C.B.E., M.C., Reserve of Officers.

Aides-de-Camp, Major F. T. Drake-Brockman (18th (K.E.O.) Cavalry), Indian Army.

Honorary Aides-de-Camp, Lieut.-Col. C. R. M. Cox and Capt. R. T. A. McDonald.

Official Secretary, F. W. Mabbott.

Cabinet.

Premier, Treasurer and Minister of Markets, The Hon. E. J. Hogan, M.L.A.

Minister of Railways, Minister-in-Charge of Electrical Undertakings and a Vice-President of the Board of Land and Works, The Hon. T. Tunnecliffe, M.L.A.

Minister of Public Instruction and Minister of Labour, The Hon. J. Lemmon, M.L.A.

President of the Board of Land and Works, Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey and Minister of Water Supply, The Hon. H. S. Bailey, M.L.A.

*Amount collected by the Federal Government in the State of Victoria.

Chief Secretary, The Hon. G. M. Prendergast, M.L.A.
Attorney-General, Solicitor-General and Minister of Agriculture, The Hon. W. Slater, M.L.A.
Commissioner of Public Works, Minister of Mines, Minister-in-Charge of Immigration and a Vice-President of the Board of Land and Works, The Hon. J. P. Jones, M.L.C.
Minister of Forests, Minister of Public Health and a Vice-President of the Board of Land and Works, The Hon. W. J. Beckett, M.L.C.
Ministers without Portfolio, The Hon. J. H. Disney, M.L.C., The Hon. R. Williams, M.L.C., The Hon. J. Cain, M.L.A., and the Hon. G. C. Webber, M.L.A.
Secretary to the Premier, H. T. Vickers, 5981.
Clerk of the Executive Council, F. W. Mabbott, 5201.

PARLIAMENT OF VICTORIA.

[Members of the Executive Council of Victoria are entitled to the prefix "The Honourable" and retain office during the Royal pleasure. The Members of the Legislative Council and Speaker of the Legislative Assembly are entitled to the prefix of "Honourable" during the period for which they are elected.]

Legislative Council.

Thirty-four Members, representing 17 Provinces. Number of Electors, 430,077.

President, The Hon. Sir Frank G. Clarke.
Chairman of Committees, The Hon. W. H. Edgar.

Province.	No. of Electors.	Name.
Bendigo	11,329	H. Keok. J. Sternberg.
East Yarra.....	59,996	J. K. Merritt. W. H. Edgar.
Gippsland	18,021	M. McGregor. G. M. Davis.
Melbourne	23,231	H. H. Smith. H. I. Cohen, K.C.
Melbourne	20,197	John P. Jones. (East) D. L. McNamara.
Melbourne	55,039	E. L. Kiernan. (North) W. J. Beckett.
Melbourne	30,350	T. H. Payne. (South) Sir F. G. Clarke.
Melbourne	33,563	J. H. Disney. (West) R. Williams.
Nelson	12,024	T. Beggs. E. G. Rath.
Northern	16,329	R. H. S. Abbott. G. J. Tuckett.
North-Eastern	13,253	A. M. Zwar. Dr. J. R. Harris.
North-Western	22,378	W. P. Crockett. G. L. Goudie.
Southern.....	17,261	W. C. Anglias. W. L. R. Clarke.
South-Eastern	47,295	W. Tyner. A. K. Chandler.
South-Western	22,554	H. F. Richardson. H. Hitchcock.
Wellington.....	11,361	F. W. Brawn. A. Bell.
Western.....	15,896	M. Saltau. E. J. White.

Legislative Assembly.

Parliament was elected on 9th April, 1927.
First Session opened 6th July, 1927.
Sixty-five Members representing 65 Electorates.
Number of Electors, 993,211.
Speaker, The Hon. O. R. Snowball.
Chairman of Committees, R. H. Solly.

Constituencies.	No. of Electors.	Name of Member.
Albert Park . . .	23,697	R. M. Cuthbertson.
Allandale . . .	9,709	Hon. Sir A. J. Peacock, K.C.M.G.
Ballarat . . .	16,521	W. J. McAdam.
Barwon . . .	11,441	E. Morley.
Benalla . . .	9,717	E. F. Cleary.
Benambra . . .	8,066	Hon. H. Beardmore
Bendigo . . .	16,384	A. E. Cook.
Boroondara . . .	21,831	R. Linton.
Brighton . . .	22,753	O. R. Snowball (<i>Speaker</i>).
Brunswick . . .	22,998	J. R. Jewell.
Bulla-Dalhousie . . .	9,971	R. T. Pollard.
Carlton . . .	22,034	R. H. Solly (<i>Chairman of Committees</i>).

Castlemaine & Kyneton	9,928	Hon. H. S. W. Lawson.
Caulfield . . .	23,388	F. E. Forrest.
Clifton Hill . . .	24,347	M. M. Blackburn.
Coburg . . .	20,528	F. Keane.
Collingwood . . .	23,879	Hon. T. Tunnecliffe (<i>Minister of Railways and Minister in Charge of Electrical Undertakings</i>).

Dandenong . . .	20,571	Hon. F. Groves.
Dundas . . .	10,568	Hon. W. Slater (<i>Attorney-General, Solicitor-General and Minister for Agriculture</i>).

Essendon . . .	20,677	A. S. Drakeford.
Evelyn . . .	9,494	W. H. Everard.
Flemington . . .	21,687	J. J. Holland.
Footscray . . .	21,599	Hon. G. M. Prendergast (<i>Chief Secretary</i>).

Geelong . . .	17,621	W. Brownbill.
Gippsland East . . .	7,040	A. E. Lind.
Gippsland North . . .	9,962	J. W. McLachlan.
Gippsland South . . .	10,042	H. G. Bodman.
Gippsland West . . .	10,060	A. L. N. Walter.
Goulburn Valley . . .	10,778	Colonel Hon. M. W. J. Bourchier, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Grant . . .	9,172	R. T. Hjorth.
Gunbower . . .	10,719	Hon. H. Angus.
Hampden . . .	10,358	A. Hughes.
Hawthorn . . .	21,641	Hon. Sir W. M. McPherson, K.B.E.

Heidelberg . . .	21,954	Hon. G. C. Webber (<i>Minister without Portfolio</i>).
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Kara Kara-Borong . . .	10,535	Hon. J. W. Pennington, O.B.E.
Kew . . .	21,610	W. S. Kent Hughes
Korong-Eaglehawk . . .	10,776	A. A. Dunstan.
Lowan . . .	10,923	Hon. M. E. Wettenhall.

Maryborough-Daylesford . . .	10,515	G. C. Frost.
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(c)

Constituencies.	No. of Electors.	Name of Member
Melbourne . . .	23,045	T. Hayes.
Mildura . . .	9,066	A. G. Allnutt.
Mornington . . .	10,520	Hon. A. Downward
Northcote . . .	22,405	Hon. J. Cain (<i>Minister without Portfolio</i>).
Nunawading . . .	19,012	E. W. Greenwood.
Oakleigh . . .	24,730	S. H. Reid.
Ouyen . . .	10,499	H. Glowrey.
Polwarth . . .	10,961	J. McDonald.
Port Fairy-Glenelg . . .	10,898	E. E. Bond.
Port Melbourne . . .	22,076	J. L. Murphy.
Prahran . . .	25,087	A. R. Jackson.
Richmond . . .	24,059	E. J. Cotter.
Rodney . . .	10,855	Hon. J. Allan.
St. Kilda . . .	24,958	B. Gray.
Stawell & Ararat . . .	10,881	Hon. R. F. Toucher
Swan Hill . . .	8,837	Hon. F. E. Old.
Toorak . . .	22,193	Hon. Dr. S. S. Argyle.

Upper Goulburn . . .	9,333	Hon. E. J. Mackrell
Upper Yarra . . .	11,556	G. H. Knox.
Walhalla . . .	9,296	W. A. Moncur.
Wangaratta-Ovens . . .	9,306	Hon. Sir J. Bowser.
Waranga . . .	9,349	E. A. Coyle.
Warrenheip-Grenville . . .	9,743	Hon. E. J. Hogan (<i>Premier, Treasurer & Minister of Markets</i>).

Warrnambool . . .	9,991	Hon. H. S. Bailey (<i>Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey and Minister of Water Supply</i>).
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Williamstown . . .	20,379	Hon. J. Lemmon (<i>Minister of Public Instruction and Minister of Labour</i>).
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Wonthaggi . . .	9,662	W. G. McKensie.
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Legislative Council:—

Clerk of the Council, T. R. Gilchrist, 900l.
Clerk Assistant, W. R. Heywood, 800l.
Usher, Clerk of Committees and Accountant, P. T. Pook, 546l.

Legislative Assembly:—

Clerk of the Parliaments and Clerk of the Assembly, W. R. Alexander, 1,000l.
Clerk Assistant, W. R. Barstow, 800l.
Accountant, P. P. Conlan, 520l.

Parliament Library:—

Librarian, A. Wadsworth, 520l.

Parliamentary Reporting Staff:—

Chief Reporter, A. H. Angel, 793l.
Government Shorthand Writer, P. Dugard, 533l.
Public Service Commissioner, C. S. McPherson, 1,500l.
Secretary Public Service Commissioner, W. A. Robinson, 715l.
Auditor-General, J. A. Norris, 1,500l.
Secretary to the Premier, H. T. Vickers, 598l.

CHIEF SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

Chief Secretary, The Hon. G. M. Prendergast, M.L.A.
Under-Secretary, W. P. Heathershaw, 1,000l.
Chief Clerk, C. G. Green, 715l.
Building and Friendly Societies:—
Registrar and Certifying Barrister, G. B. Vasey, 450l.

Office of the Government Statist.
Government Statist and Actuary for Friendly Societies, A. M. Loughton, 825*l*.
Assistant Government Statist, J. B. Hourigan, 624*l*. ; J. Cummins, 507*l*.
Assistant Actuary, J. Ley, 559*l*.

Police.

Chief Commissioner, A. Blamey, 1,500*l*, with quarters.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, S. A. Heathershaw, 715*l*.

Penal.

Inspector-General of Penal Establishments and Gaols and Sheriff, J. Akeroyd, 850*l*.
Senior Clerk and Accountant, G. F. Dicker, 520*l*.
Governor of Penal Establishment, H. Barolay, 559*l*, with quarters.
Governor of Metropolitan Gaol, J. Burke, 460*l*. and quarters.

Medical.

Government Medical Officer, C. G. Godfrey, 1,100*l*.
President of Medical Board, George Moore, M.D. Secretary, W. J. Attwood.

Hospitals for the Insane.

Inspector-General of the Insane, Dr. W. E. Jones, 1,500*l*.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, J. D. B. Smith, 767*l*.
Medical Superintendent, Kew, J. T. Hollow, 900*l*.
Ditto, Ararat, D. A. Campbell, 825*l*.
Ditto, Beechworth, R. G. S. Naylor, 825*l*.
Ditto, Sunbury, J. K. Adey, 900*l*.
Ditto, Ballarat, P. Shaw, 825*l*.
Ditto, Mont Park, J. C. Catarinich, 900*l*.
Ditto, Royal Park Asylum and Receiving House, A. J. W. Philpott, 900*l*.
Industrial and Reformatory Schools.
Secretary and Inspector, L. Thomas, 875*l*.

Melbourne Public Library.

Chief Librarian and Secretary, R. D. Boys, 850*l*, with quarters.

Industrial and Technological Museum.
Scientific Superintendent, B. H. Walcott, Curator, 572*l*.

National Gallery.

Director, L. B. Hall, 728*l*.

National Museum.

Curator of the Zoological Collection, J. A. Kershaw, 572*l*.

Observatory.

Government Astronomer, J. M. Baldwin, 741*l*. with quarters, etc.

Government Botanist.

Government Botanist, F. J. Rae.

Inspection of Stores.

Inspector of Officers in Charge of Stores, A. B. Stanhope, 715*l*.

Board for the Protection of Aborigines.

Chairman, The Hon. the Chief Secretary.
Secretary, A. E. Parker, 416*l*.

Marine Board.

President, C. W. McLean, 100*l*.

Vice-President, G. Kermode.

Members, J. R. Barter, R. Jones, H. Belfrage, D. Y. Syme, C. Hallett, C. E. Jarrett, G. Lush, T. D. Snape, P. W. Bull and C. F. Orr, 1*l*. per sitting.

* Less deductions for quarters, &c.

LABOUR DEPARTMENT.

Minister of Labour, The Hon. J. Lemmon, M.L.A.
Secretary, M. H. Stevens, 950*l*.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Supreme Court Judges.

Chief Justice, Sir William Hill Irvine, K.C.M.G., LL.D., 3,000*l*.
Puisne Judges, Sir L. F. B. Cussen, F. W. Mann, S. McArthur, J. R. McFarlan, C. J. Lowe, and J. S. Wasley (acting), 2,500*l*. each.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Attorney-General, The Hon. W. Slater, M.L.A.
Secretary to the Law Department, A. T. Lewis, 1,000*l*.
Parliamentary Draftsman, J. T. Collins, 1,500*l*.
Assistant Parliamentary Draftsman, B. O'Dowd, 1,250*l*.
Chief Clerk, A. C. Fairhall, 793*l*.

Prosecutors for the King.

At Sittings of Supreme Court:—
Melbourne, C. H. Book, 1,200*l*. ; W. St. G. Sproule, 850*l*.
At Courts of General Sessions:—
J. A. Gurner, 800*l*.
Crown Solicitor, F. G. Menzies, 1,000*l*.
Prothonotary, W. Richards, 741*l*.

Vice-Admiralty Court.

Judge, The Chief Justice.

Master in Equity and Lunacy.

Master, M. M. Phillips.
Registrar of Probates, T. Kelly, 741*l*.

Judicature.

Chief Clerk and Tazing Master, M. M. Phillips, 1,200*l*.

Commissioner of Titles and Registrar-General.

Commissioner of Titles, W. C. Guest, 1,200*l*.
Chief Examiner of Titles, H. J. Heath, 900*l*.
Examiners of Titles, F. L. D. Homan, J. A. Ross, F. W. W. Betts, A. O. O'Dowd, 752*l*. each ; and A. E. Rasmussen, 728*l*.
Registrar-General and Registrar of Titles, N. R. Currey, 850*l*.
Deputy Registrars-General and Assistant Registrars of Titles, A. W. Comport, 715*l*. ; A. E. Horton, 546*l*. ; W. H. Paterson, 624*l*. ; and A. Allen, 596*l*.
Surveyor and Chief Draftsman, J. Paterson, 793*l*.
Collector of Imposts, H. F. Metzner, 850*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE.

Solicitor-General, The Hon. W. Slater (paid as Attorney General).

Court of Insolvency.

Judge, W. H. Moule (paid as County Court Judge).
Official Accountant, H. A. Gullifer, 637*l*.
Judges of County Courts, Courts of Mines, and Chairmen of General Sessions, W. H. Moule, H. C. Winneke, C. J. Z. Woinarski, W. H. Williams, H. C. G. Macindoe and A. W. Foster, 1,500*l* each.

Police Magistrates, Coroners, and Wardens of the Goldfields of Victoria.

A. A. Kelley, 950*l.*; P. Cohen, 1,000*l.*; D. Berriman, P. H. V. Elliget and A. M. Cook, 800*l.* each; P. Bartold, J. W. K. Freeman, W. G. Smith, C. J. Rogers, D. W. O'Grady, T. B. Wade, P. J. Conlon, D. Grant, W. C. Wilson, F. W. Bond, F. W. House, J. Macnamara, T. D. O'Callaghan, T. M. Williams, H. R. McDonald, 776*l.* each; R. Melver and J. W. Clarke, 728*l.* each, with forage and travelling allowances.

Coroners.

Melbourne, D. Berriman. All Police Magistrates are Coroners of Victoria at the respective places at which they are stationed.

DEPARTMENT OF TREASURER.

Treasurer, The Hon. E. J. Hogan, M.L.A.
Under-Treasurer, H. A. Pitt, 1,500*l.*
Accountant, J. Harnetty, 900*l.*
Receiver and Paymaster, Melbourne, W. P. H. Owen, 637*l.*
Secretary, T. E. Meek, 1,000*l.*
Inspector of Charities, J. Love, 1,000*l.*
Secretary, Superannuation Board, L. G. Wilson, 455*l.*

Income and Land Tax Office.

Commissioner of Taxes, R. M. Weldon, 1,100*l.*
Deputy-Commissioner of Income Tax, R. W. Chenoweth, 800*l.*
Deputy-Commissioner of Land Tax, G. J. Whitelock, 637*l.*

Curator of Estates of Deceased Persons.

Curator, W. B. House, 950*l.*
Accountant, B. J. Davies, 637*l.*

Pensions.

Paying Officer of Pensions, V. Sarah, 520*l.*

Government Printer.

Government Printer, H. J. Green, 900*l.*
Printing Overseer, T. Rider, 506*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS AND SURVEY.

Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey, The Hon. H. S. Bailey, M.L.A.
Secretary for Lands, W. McIver, 1,750*l.*
Under Secretary for Lands, H. O. Allan, 1,100*l.*
Surveyor-General, F. D. Mott, 2800*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF STATE FORESTS.

Director of Melbourne Botanical Gardens and Government Grounds, F. J. Rae, 800*l.*, with quarters.

FORESTS COMMISSION.

Chairman, A. V. Galbraith, 1,000*l.*
Members, W. W. Gay and D. Ingle, 800*l.* each.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Minister of Agriculture, The Hon. W. Slater, M.L.A.
Director of Agriculture, Dr. S. S. Cameron, 1,250*l.*
Superintendent of Agriculture, H. A. Mullett, 900*l.*
Superintendent of Horticulture, J. M. Ward, 800*l.*
Chief Veterinary Officer, E. A. Kendall, B.V.Sc., 800*l.*

Agricultural Research Chemist, W. R. Jewell, 741*l.*

Government Analytical Chemist, P. R. Scott, 702*l.*
Entomologist, C. French, Junr., 559*l.*

Vegetable Pathologist, C. C. Brittlebank, 702*l.*

Experts—Viticulture, F. de Castella, 559*l.*

Fruit Preserving, Mrs. A. Nicholas, 256*l.*

Sheep and Wool, W. A. Bowman, 539*l.*

Poultry, W. C. Rugg, 408*l.* *Potato*, J. T. Ramsay, 455*l.*

Tobacco, T. A. J. Smith, 702*l.*; G. E. Marks, 481*l.*

Superintendent of Exports, R. Crowe, 800*l.*

Manager, Beet Sugar Factory, W. L. Williams, 800*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Commissioner of Public Works, The Hon. W. J. Beckett, M.L.C.

Secretary, A. H. Merrin, 1,250*l.*

Chief Clerk and Accountant, H. M. Jamieson, 715*l.*

Port and Harbours.

Engineer-in-charge Ports and Harbours, also Superintendent Mercantile Marine, G. Kermodé, 1,000*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

Minister of Mines, The Hon. J. P. Jones, M.L.C.
Secretary, A. H. Merrin, 1,250*l.*

Director Geological Survey, W. Baragwanath, 793*l.*

MELBOURNE HARBOUR TRUST.

Chairman of Commissioners, G. F. Holden.
Secretary, J. H. McCutchan.
Assistant Secretary, B. E. Shepherd.
Treasurer and Collector of Wharfage Rates, R. S. Dalton.
Harbour Master, D. Kerr.
Engineer, C. W. K. Allison.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Minister of Public Instruction, The Hon. J. Lemmon, M.L.A.

Director of Education, F. Tate, C.M.G., 1,500*l.*

Chief Inspector of Secondary Schools, M. P. Hansen, 1,000*l.*

Secretary, M. H. Bottoms, 850*l.*

Accountant, J. C. Jensen, 800*l.*

Chief Inspector, J. McRae, 900*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Minister of Health, The Hon. W. J. Beckett, M.L.C.

Commission of Public Health:—

Chairman and Medical Inspector, E. Robertson, M.D., 1,100*l.*

Secretary, T. Dimelow, 741*l.*

Engineering Inspector, F. E. T. Cobb, 741*l.*

Distilleries, Excise and Explosives.

Inspector of Excise, H. J. Mercer, 534*l.*

Inspector of Explosives, E. J. Lewis, 900*l.*

VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.

Minister of Railways, The Hon. T. Tunnecliffe, M.L.A.

Commissioners (Chairman), H. W. Clapp, 5,000*l.*; W. M. Shannon and T. B. Molomby, 1,750*l.* each.

Secretary, E. C. Evers, 1,250*l.*

Accountant, T. F. Brennan, 1,300*l.*

Superintendent of Transportation, M. J. Canny, 1,500l.
Assistant Superintendent of Transportation, W. Thomas, 1,150l.
General Passenger and Freight Agent, W. E. N. Keast, 1,200l.
Chairman, Staff Board, D. Cameron, 1,000.
Chief Engineer for Railway Construction, C. A. Perrin, 1,500l.
Assistant Chief Engineer for Railway Construction, F. W. Box, 1,150l.
Chief Engineer of Way and Works, E. H. Ballard, 1,500l.
Chief Mechanical Engineer, A. E. Smith, 1,500l.
Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer, N. C. Harris, 1,150l.
Chief Electrical Engineer, H. P. Colwell, 1,400l.
Asst. Chief Electrical Engineer, C. G. H. McDonald, 1,050l.
Chief Engineer Signals and Telegraphs, F. M. Calcutt, 1,200l.
Chief Storekeeper, O. W. J. Coleman, 1,200l.
Superintendent of Refreshment Rooms, W. D. Bracher, 1,150l.

MELBOURNE AND METROPOLITAN BOARD OF WORKS.

Chairman, W. J. C. Riddell, 1,500l.
Secretary, G. A. Gibbs, 1,450l.
Treasurer, R. Richardson, 1,200l.
Engineer of Sewage, A. M. Grant, 1,200l.
Engineer of Water Supply, E. G. Ritchie, 1,200l.

LICENSING COURT AND LICENCES REDUCTION BOARD.

Chairman, R. Barr, 1,000l.
Members, J. Look and V. Tanner, 900l.

STATE RIVERS AND WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION.

Commissioners, W. Cattnach, C.M.G. (Chairman), 2,000l., R. H. Horsfield, 1,250l., and E. Shaw, 1,250l.

COUNTRY ROADS BOARD.

Chairman, W. Calder, 1,550l.
Members, W. T. B. McCormack and F. W. Fricke, 1,200l.

ELECTRICITY COMMISSION.

Chairman, Lieut.-General Sir John Monash, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., Dr. Engineering.
Members, Sir T. R. Lyle, K.B., M.A., D.Sc., F.R.S., Sir Robert Gibson, K.B.E., and F. W. Clements.

STATE INSURANCE OFFICE.

Insurance Commissioner, W. H. Holmes, 1,000l.

LONDON AGENCY.

Agent-General for Victoria in the United Kingdom (Office, Melbourne Place, The Strand, W.C.), A. H. Wright (acting).
Acting Secretary and Accountant, A. H. Wright.

FOREIGN CONSULS.

Argentine Republic, Consul-General, U. A. Bartoli; Vice-Consul, S. Mackay.
Austria, L. Hauser (Hon.).
Belgium, Consul, C. Barber (acting).
Brazil, Vice-Consul, H. A. Sheppard.
Chile Republic, Consul, C. W. Le Plastrier.

China, Consul-General, Ouei-Tze-King; Vice-Consul, Uo Kao.
Colombia, *United States of*, Consul-General, M. Lyle.
Czecho-Slovakia, Vice-Consul, E. R. Peacock (Hon.).
Denmark, Consul, P. J. Holdenson (Hon.); Vice-Consul, E. N. Belcher.
Finland, H. C. Sleigh (Hon. Vice-Consul).
France, Consul, R. Turck.
Germany, Consul-General, Dr. Hans Busing; Vice-Consul, H. H. F. Fricke.
Greece, Consul, A. V. Maniachi (Hon.); Vice-Consul, J. Martyn.
Guatemala, Consul, A. de Bayay.
Honduras, Consul-General, Senor Don Rafael Medina Mattel (Hon.).
Italy, Consul, Commendatore A. Grossardi; Hon. Vice-Consul, L. B. Vitali.
Japan, Consul, Sir W. G. McBeath, K.B.E. (Hon.); Vice-Consul, P. J. Black (Hon.).
Netherlands, Consul, F. H. Wright (Hon.).
Nicaragua, Consul, Senor Don R. Medina.
Norway, Consul-General, E. K. B. Arentz; Consul, Anders Torkelsen Schreuder (Hon.); Vice-Consul, J. Howard (Hon.).
Panama, Acting Consul, V. J. Kelson.
Paraguay, Vice-Consul, W. S. Fraser.
Peru, Consul-General, L. A. Vargas.
Portugal, Consul, J. Thomson (Hon.).
Salvador, Hon. Consul, V. N. T. Karagheusian.
Spain, Hon. Consul, H. Cave.
Sweden, Consul, H. Helin (Hon.).
Switzerland, Hon. Consul-General, G. Stahel; Consul, P. Frossard.
Uruguay, Consul, S. J. Morell (Hon.).
United States, Consul-General, A. Garrels; Consul, T. H. Robinson; Vice-Consuls, T. C. Wasson, J. E. Moran and L. J. Callanan.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Situation and Area.

Western Australia comprises nearly one-third of the Australian continent, namely, all that portion west of the 129th meridian. The total area is 975,920 square miles (equal to half European Russia, or to over one-fourth of Europe). The city of Perth, the capital, is in lat. 31° 57' S., long. 115° 51' E.

Coast Line.

The Southern and Western coast lands are to a great extent of a more or less flat and sandy character, even though mostly protected by rocky cliffs and headlands, or dunes; there are here comparatively few natural harbours or other indentations, until the Kimberley Division is reached, where the character of the coast changes, and it becomes bold and broken, and fringed with numerous islands. The total length of the coast line, not including minor features, is estimated to be 4,350 miles.

Bays, Gulfs, &c.

The principal inlets, beginning from the north, are: Cambridge Gulf, Napier Broome Bay, Vansittart Bay, Admiralty Gulf, Montague Sound, York Sound, Brunswick Bay, Camden Sound, Collier Bay, King Sound, Beagle Bay, Roebuck

the Margaret and Mann Rivers and Christmas Creek. In the North-West of the country is of limestone formation, clayey soils and ranges. Between the 30th para of latitude and the Great Australian Bight, m

Consul, C. Barber (acting).
ice-Consul, H. A. Sheppard.
public, Consul, C. W. Le Plastrier.

sittart Bay, Admiralty Gulf, montague Sound,
York Sound, Brunswick Bay, Camden Sound,
Collier Bay, King Sound, Beagle Bay, Roebuck

Bay, Lagrange Bay, Port Walcott, Nickol Bay, Exmouth Gulf, Shark Bay, Champion Bay, Cockburn Sound, Koombana Bay, Geographe Bay, Flinders Bay, King George Sound, Bremer Bay, and Esperance Bay. With the exception of Princess Royal Harbour (the inner harbour of King George Sound), the principal anchorages used to the south of the 19th parallel of latitude are open roadsteads, which, as a rule, are only partially protected; but the holding grounds of these are fairly good, and accidents seldom happen to vessels properly found. Fine harbours have, however, been artificially provided at Fremantle, at the mouth of the Swan River, and at Bunbury, in Koombana Bay.

Capes.

The principal capes are: Capes Domett and Dussejour at the entrance of Cambridge Gulf; Cape Londonderry, which is the most northerly point of the State, with Cape Talbot, on the same peninsula; Cape Bougainville, lying between Admiralty Gulf and Vansittart Bay; Cape Voltaire, which is the western boundary of Admiralty Gulf; Cape Torrens, at the entrance to York Sound; Cape L'évêque, the western boundary of King Sound; Cape Bruguieres, to the west of Nickol Bay; North-West Cape, which forms the western boundary of Exmouth Gulf; Cape Cuvier, at the northern extremity of Shark Bay; Cape Inscription, at the north end of Dirk Hartogs Island, so named because of an inscription plate placed there by Dirk Hartogs in 1616; Steep Point, situated on the southern entrance to Shark Bay, which is the most westerly point of the Continent; Cape Vlaming, being the Western extremity of Rottnest Island; Capes Naturaliste and Leeuwin at the south-western extremity of the Continent, and Point D'Entrecasteaux, West Cape Howe, Bald Head, Cape Riche, Hood Point, Cape le Grande, and Cape Arid on the Southern coast.

Tides.

As would naturally be expected with so extensive a coast line, the tides are very varied, little or no rise and fall being experienced on the South and South-Western coasts, whilst from Shark Bay northwards they increase rapidly, though not uniformly in range, attaining at King Sound a height of 46 feet.

Islands.

The islands which occur on the coast are, as a rule, small and unimportant, those best known being Garden and Rottnest Islands off Fremantle; the Houtman Abrolhos, near Champion Bay, on which guano is found; Dirk Hartogs and other islands in Shark Bay, used for pastoral purposes; Dampier Archipelago and the Montebello Group on the North-West coast; and off the Kimberley or extreme Northern coast, the Lacepedes, on which are guano deposits, and the Buccaneer and Bonaparte Archipelagos, for the most part unexplored.

Rivers.

The principal rivers are: in the North, the Ord, with its tributaries, the Denham, Bow, Negri, and Panton; the Pentecost, with its tributary, the Chamberlain; the Durack, Drysdale, King Edward, Prince Regent, Charney, Isdell, and the Fitzroy, with its tributaries the Margaret and Hann Rivers and Christmas Creek. In the North-West the De Grey, with its tributaries, the Oakover,

Shaw, and Strelley; the Yule, the Fortescue, and the Ashburton, with its tributaries, the Henry and Hardy. Then, falling to the Western Coast, the Minilya, the Gascoyne, with its tributary, the Lyons; the Wooramel, the Murchison, with its tributary, the Sanford; the Greenough; the Swan, on which is situated the capital of the State, and which, inland, is called the Avon; the Murray, the Collie, and the Preston. And lastly, on the Southern Coast, the Blackwood, Donnelly, Warren, Deep, Frankland, Denmark, Hay, Kalgan, Pallinup, Gairdner, FitzGerald and Phillips Rivers.

Mountains.

In the Kimberley District the principal range of hills is the King Leopold range. The highest point in it is Mount Broome, 3,040 feet. In the North-West, between the Fortescue and Ashburton Rivers, the highest range is the Hamersley, with Mount Bruce (4,024 feet) in the vicinity. The Darling range, which extends from Yatheroo in the North to Point D'Entrecasteaux in the South, a distance of about 300 miles, attains its highest elevation, 1,910 feet above the level of the sea, at Mount Cooke in the Cockburn Sound District. In the South, the loftiest range is the Stirling range, the highest point of which is Bluff Knoll (3,640 feet). Between it and the coast, and parallel with both, extends the less elevated Porongorup range.

Lakes.

There are no lakes of any considerable importance in the State. Between the Darling range and the coast there are a few salt water lagoons, and many fresh water lakes, the majority of which are nothing more than swamps during the dry season, and none of them are of any economic importance. The so-called lakes in the interior of the State, which are frequently of very considerable area, are, except after the occasional heavy rains, merely immense salt marshes or clay-pans.

Contour of the Country.

That part of the State lying to the north of the 19th parallel of latitude may be described as mountainous, consisting of alternating high and lower lying plateaux; the highest country here is principally of sandstone formation. The North-West Division and much of the Gascoyne Division also are distinctly mountainous, the ranges here being principally granite. The north and north-eastern parts of the State contain a large area of good pastoral country. A large proportion of the South-Western and Southern sea-boards shows indications of a recent geological formation, and may be described as a vast forest, principally timbered with jarrah, karri, wandoo, tuart, marri (or red gum), most of which timbers are of great commercial value. From some points on the Western sea-board settlement has extended for about 500 miles inland. That portion of the interior lying between the 19th and 30th parallels of latitude, and between the 123rd and 129th meridians is to a very large extent unexplored, but from information furnished by gold prospectors and other travellers, this area may be described as a great tableland, with an altitude of from seven hundred and fifty to two thousand feet above sea level, the surface of which consists partly of sand dunes, varied by wide stretches of clayey soils and ranges. Between the 30th parallel of latitude and the Great Australian Bight, much of the country is of limestone formation, and

here there are immense areas of grass land, which only await the discovery of subterranean water to make them rank amongst the most productive areas of the State.

Early History.

The first authentic record of European explorers visiting any portion of Western Australia is contained in the words cut into the tin plate, now in the State Museum at Amsterdam, which was nailed on the 25th October, 1616, by Dirk Hartog, the commander of the Dutch vessel *Eendragt*, to a post erected on Point Inscription on what is now called Dirk Hartog Island. Other vessels successively visited, or were driven by stress of weather to the West coast of the Continent, notably the *Lecuwijn* in 1622, the *Batavia* (Capt. Pelsart) in 1628, the *Limmen* (Capt. Tasman) in 1644, and the *Geelvinck* (Capt. de Vlaming) in 1696. The first Englishman, however, to land on these coasts was William Dampier, who, in 1688, in the *Oyney*, landed at King Sound. French navigators followed during the next century and after, viz., de St. Alouarn, in *Le Gros Ventre*, in 1772, d'Entrecasteaux, in *La Recherche*, in 1792, Baudin, in the *Géographie*, in 1801, de Freycinet, in the *Uranie*, in 1818, and De Bougainville, with the vessels *Thétis* and *Espérance*, in 1825. In 1791, Vancouver, in the *Discovery*, took formal possession of the country about King George Sound. In 1801, Matthew Flinders, in the *Investigator*, explored the Southern coast of the Continent, which, at his suggestion, subsequently received the name of Australia; whilst from 1818 to 1822 Philip Parker King, first in the *Mermaid* and afterwards in the *Bathurst*, explored and carefully charted its Northern Coasts.

In 1826 the Government of New South Wales sent 20 convicts and a detachment of soldiers to King George Sound and formed a settlement then called Fredericks Town. In 1827 Captain James (afterwards Sir James) Stirling, in H.M.S. *Success*, surveyed the coast from King George Sound to the Swan River, and in May, 1829, Captain Fremantle (afterwards Sir Charles Fremantle, G.C.B.), in H.M.S. *Challenger*, took possession of the territory. In June, 1829, Captain Stirling founded the Swan River Settlement, now the Commonwealth State of Western Australia, and the towns of Perth and Fremantle, and was appointed Lieutenant-Governor.

Large grants of land were made to the early settlers, and agricultural and pastoral occupations were pursued by a small population with varying success, until, in 1850, the Settlement was in a languishing condition, and the inhabitants' petition that it might be made a penal settlement was acceded to. Between 1850 and 1868, when transportation ceased, 9,718 convicts were sent out. The Imperial convict establishment was transferred to the Colonial Government on the 31st March, 1886.

Constitution and Government.

In 1870 the constitution, which was what is called "Representative," was established by Act 33 Vict., No. 13. The Governor was assisted by an Executive Council composed of the principal officers of the Government, and the Governor also had power to appoint two unofficial members to the Executive Council. There was also a Legislative Council, consisting then of three official members of the Executive Council, three unofficial nominees of the Governor, and 12 elected members.

Responsible government was granted to Western Australia in October, 1890, and the first Ministry was sworn in on 29th December, 1890.

The Legislature consists of two Houses: the Legislative Council, consisting of 30 members, and the Legislative Assembly, of 50 members.

Both Houses are elective.

By the Parliament (Qualification of Women) Act, 1920, it has been enacted that a woman shall not be disqualified by sex or marriage for being elected to, or sitting or voting as a member of the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Council.

Provinces.—The State is divided into 10 electoral provinces, each returning 3 members.

Tenure of Seat.—6 years.

Qualification of Member.—Any person who is (1) 30 years of age, and free from any legal incapacity; (2) a natural born subject of His Majesty and a resident in the State for at least 2 years; or (3) naturalised for 5 years, and a resident in the State during that period.

Qualifications of Electors.—"The Constitution Act Amendment Act, 1899," has extended the right to vote equally to both sexes. The qualifications of an elector are as follows:—is not under 21 years of age, and not otherwise disqualified; is a subject of the King, either natural-born, or having been naturalised for at least 12 months; has resided in the State for 6 months; and in the province for which enrolment is claimed has freehold property of the clear value of £50, or is a householder or a leaseholder in respect of property of the clear annual value of £17, or a ratepayer of property of the annual rateable value of £17, or a Crown leaseholder paying a rental of £10 per annum.

Legislative Assembly.

Districts.—There are 50 electoral districts for the Legislative Assembly, each represented by one member.

Tenure of Seat.—The members of the Assembly are elected for a period of 3 years.

Qualification of a Member.—Any person, 21 years of age, who has resided in the State for 12 months, is not subject to any legal incapacity, is a natural-born subject of the King, or naturalised for 5 years, and has resided in the State for 2 years.

Qualifications of Electors.—Subject to certain qualifications every person not under twenty-one years of age, who—

- (a) is a natural born or naturalised subject of His Majesty; and
- (b) has resided in Western Australia for six months continuously; and
- (c) has resided in the district for which he claims to be enrolled for a continuous period of one month immediately preceding the date of his claim,

is entitled to be enrolled as an elector, and when enrolled, and so long as he continues to reside in the district for which he is enrolled, to vote at the election of a member of the Legislative Assembly for that district. No person can be a registered voter in more than one electorate.

The claiming of enrolment is compulsory.

The Governor is advised by the following responsible Ministers, who form the Cabinet:—The Premier, Colonial Treasurer, and Minister

for Forests; the Minister for Railways, Justice and Police; the Minister for Public Works, Water Supply, Trading Concerns, etc.; the Minister for Lands, Migration and Agriculture; the Chief Secretary and Minister for Education, and the Minister for Mines and Health.

Western Australia is represented in the Federal Senate of Australia by six members, and in the House of Representatives by five members.

Local Government.

Under the "Municipal Corporations Act, 1906," municipal councils are allowed to levy general rates not exceeding 2s. in the £ per annum upon the ratable value of all house and land property. All license fees, tolls, dues, &c., under the Municipal Corporations Act are appropriated by the council of the municipality. Under the "Road Districts Act, 1919," Boards are allowed to levy a general rate as follows:—Upon the unimproved ratable value of land not more than 3d. in the £, and upon the annual value not more than 2s. in the £. Provision is also made for a minimum rate of 2s. 6d. in the case of Road Districts, whilst in municipalities this is provided for by a minimum valuation. Municipalities and Road Boards have power to borrow money for the construction of roads and other purposes. Both may levy "loan rates" for interest and Sinking Fund in connection with loans; for the former the rate must not exceed 1s. 6d. in the £, but for the latter no maximum has been fixed. The following municipalities have been proclaimed: Albany, Boulder, Bunbury, Busselton, Carnarvon, Claremont, Collie, Cottesloe, East Fremantle, Fremantle, Geraldton, Guildford, Kalgoorlie, Midland Junction, Narrogin, Northam, North Fremantle, Perth, Subiaco, Wagin, York. The municipal councils in towns where the population does not exceed 1,000 consist of a mayor and six councillors; where the population is between 1,000 and 5,000, of a mayor and nine councillors; where the population exceeds 5,000, a mayor and 12 councillors—the mayor being elected annually by the ratepayers, by whom also the councillors are elected for a term of three years.

Population and Chief Towns.

The total population of the State at the census of 4th April, 1921, was ascertained to be 332,732, and on the 30th June, 1927, was estimated at 386,043, excluding the aboriginal natives. The number of Chinese at the 1921 census was 1,327, of whom 1,280 were males and only 47 females. In addition to these there were 67 male and 52 female half-caste Chinese.

The chief town is Perth (population, including Fremantle and the various suburbs within the Metropolitan Area, estimated to be, at 31/12/26, 184,223). The capital is picturesquely situated on the right bank of the Swan River estuary. The King's Park (approximately 1,000 acres), on a hill overlooking the city and the wide estuarine reaches of the river, is one of unique natural beauty. The chief ports are:—Fremantle (31,158), Albany (3,980), Bunbury (4,900), Geraldton (4,199), and Broome, with a considerable floating population of pearlers, mostly Asiatics. The chief centre of the agricultural districts is Northam (5,000), and of the goldfields areas Kalgoorlie (including Boulder), with a population of 11,184.

Crown Lands.

Of the total area of the State, 31,740,177 acres only were, on the 30th June, 1927, alienated or in process of alienation, while 234,160,422 acres were leased, viz., 229,970,629 for pastoral, and the balance for other purposes. No less than 358,688,201 acres were still unoccupied, and in great part unexplored. At present, the whole of the coast line, a length of 4,350 miles, not including minor features, from Eucla in the south to Cambridge Gulf in the north, may be said to be more or less settled, for a distance inland varying from one hundred to, in some places, five hundred miles, though a considerable portion of the land taken up, especially in the Kimberley, Eucla, and interior goldfields districts, has not yet been stocked or occupied.

North of Champion Bay large tracts of rural lands are only held on lease from the Crown for pastoral purposes. The south-west corner of the State, however, where the older settlements are situated, is destined to become one of the world's greatest wheat producing areas, and agriculture here is progressing at an almost phenomenal rate, the wheat harvest having increased from 2,460,823 bushels in 1909, to 30,021,616 bushels in 1927. As a rule, a sufficient rainfall can be relied upon. The areas under farms and cultivation are constantly and rapidly extending. The total area of land under cultivation on 28th February, 1927, was 10,474,172 acres, viz., under crop 3,324,523 acres, under permanent artificially sown grasses 128,751 acres, new ground cleared during the season and prepared for next season's crops 527,474 acres, land in fallow 1,677,372 acres, area of other cleared land, previously cropped, now used for grazing or lying idle 2,592,887 acres, ring-barked or partially cleared land 2,223,165 acres; beyond this, the traveller's way still lies for the most part through Savannahs or forests, varied by open sand plains covered in the season with shrubs and flowering plants in infinite variety and beauty. Western Australia is famed for its "bush flowers." The flora is the most highly specialised in the world, four-fifths of the plants being endemic.

The Agricultural Bank, established under the "Agricultural Bank Act, 1894," had, to 30th June, 1927, advanced a total amount of 6,110,331/. The Industries Assistance Board, established in 1915, had, to 31st March, 1927, advanced to assisted settlers a total amount of 11,373,406/. Under the Government scheme for Soldier Settlement, advances made to 30th June, 1927, amounted to 5,709,019/. Up to the same date, 5,212 returned soldiers had been assisted.

Industry.

One of the principal industries, as in the case of the other Australian States, is wool-growing. Sheep (of which in 1926 there were 7,458,766) are depastured in all parts of the State. The export of wool in the year ended 30th June, 1927, was 53,787,555 lbs. valued at 3,618,313/. A considerable quantity of wine is made, nearly a quarter million gallons annually. To show the advance of the wheat (and flour) industry it may be pointed out that in 1907 the export of wheat was valued at 96,675/., that of flour at 34,565/. In 1910 the figures were respectively 406,326/., and 25,427/., and for the year ended 30th June, 1916, 1,023,362/., and 214,166/.. The figures for 1927 were 4,667,096/., and 1,161,324/.

Another progressive industry is fruit-growing, especially apples, which latter are already exported in considerable quantities. The export of fruit rose in value from 925*l.* in 1907 to 32,274*l.* in 1913, whilst the figures for the three years ended 30th June, 1926, 1926 and 1927, were 246,536*l.*, 232,149*l.* and 334,272*l.*

The principal forest areas lie between south latitude 31° and 36°. Western Australian Jarrah is well known throughout the world for its extraordinary durability, and is in great demand for paving, railway sleepers, piles for bridges, harbour works, etc., and is being used in increasing quantities for the manufacture of furniture and office fittings. There is a large and increasing export of this and other timbers, and the forests are worked by companies enjoying concessions from the Government, and also by the State itself. The export of timber for the years ended 30th June, 1925, 1926, and 1927, were respectively 1,477,997*l.*, 1,522,958*l.* and 1,658,018*l.* Sandal-wood is still abundant, and was exported to Asiatic countries to the value of 186,778*l.* in 1924-25, 238,203*l.* in 1925-26, and 199,754*l.* in 1926-27.

At Broome and on the north-west coast generally, during the half-year ended 30th June, 1926, a fleet of 217 schooners, cutters, and luggers were employed on the pearling banks, giving occupation to 141 white, 22 aboriginal, and 1,446 Asiatic pearl-ers. The export of pearls and shell amounted to 255,751*l.* in 1926-27.

For a long period lead and copper mines were held and worked in the neighbourhood of Champion Bay, but of late years little continuous work has been done in them. Copper, however, has since been found also in several other districts, notably those of Mt. Morgana, Phillips River, and West Pilbara.

The other mineral resources of Western Australia were almost unknown, and quite undeveloped until three decades since. Gold was found in considerable quantity in the Kimberley goldfield in 1887, and this attracted a large number of experienced miners to Western Australia. The result was the discovery of gold in great quantities elsewhere.

After the discovery and opening up of the Central and Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia, gold-mining became for the time being the principal industry of the State, and so rapidly did the annual output of gold increase for a number of years, that it placed Western Australia at the head of the gold-producing States of Australasia—a position it still occupies, producing 68 per cent of the total gold output.

The value of gold produced up to the end of June, 1927, exclusive of premiums, was 156,758,379*l.* During 1926, the value of the gold production was 1,857,716*l.*, exclusive of premiums, realised on export sales.

There is good coal in the south-west corner of the State, and evidence of its existence in the vicinity of Champion Bay and the Irwin river. Coal is also said to exist in the Kimberley district. On the Collie Coalfield, situated in the Wellington district, several companies are successfully working coal-leases. The output in 1926-27 was 492,134 tons.

At the end of 1888 large deposits of stream tin were discovered at Greenbushes, on the Blackwood river. Considerable quantities of tin have also been raised at Marble Bar.

Silver is found, mostly together with other minerals, and extracted in conjunction with gold. Other minerals found are antimony, gadolinite,

bismuth, tantalite, lead, arsenical ore, asbestos, copper, mica, wolfram and scheelite, zinc, graphite and magnesite, molybdenite, gypsum, manganese, pyritic ore, also limestone and iron-stone.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender and usual currency is exclusively British sterling.

The following banks have establishments in the State: The National Bank of Australasia, Limited, Union Bank of Australia, Limited, Bank of New South Wales, the Commercial Bank of Australia, Limited, the Bank of Australasia, the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, the English, Scottish and Australian Bank, Limited, the Bank of Adelaide, the Primary Producers Bank of Australia, Limited, and the Australian Bank of Commerce, Limited. The Western Australian Bank was amalgamated with the Bank of New South Wales on 29th March, 1927, and the Royal Bank of Australia Limited with the English, Scottish and Australian Bank, Limited, on 1st April, 1927.

The deposits in the banks during the quarter ended 30th June, 1927, averaged 14,897,290*l.*

The Commonwealth Bank of Australia commenced business in Western Australia on 20th January, 1913. The average deposits for the quarter ended 30th June, 1927 (included above), amounted to 4,829,478*l.*, including Commonwealth Savings Bank Deposits.

The State Government Savings Bank at Perth, with branch offices, was established in 1863; the deposits during the year ended 30th June, 1927, amounted to 7,057,817*l.*, exclusive of amounts deposited in the Schools Savings Bank, viz., 37,455*l.*

Branches of the Commonwealth Savings Bank were opened in this State at the beginning of 1913, and the deposits during the year ended 30th June, 1927, amounted to 2,759,595*l.*

A branch of the Royal Mint exists in Perth. The number of sovereigns minted during the year ended 30th June, 1927, was 1,439,516. The total value of sovereigns and half-sovereigns minted since the foundation in June, 1899, was, on 30th June, 1927, 100,186,718*l.*

Education.

Government Primary Schools exist in all parts of the State, and are under the control of the Minister for Education. The whole cost of the schools is borne by the Government, and the staffs are appointed by the Education Department.

Attendance at school is compulsory for all children between the ages of six and fourteen, and only in cases of poverty or sickness on the part of the parents is exemption granted to children between the ages of twelve and fourteen. General religious teaching, exclusive of dogmatic or polemic theology, is included in the course of instruction given, whilst representatives of various denominations are admitted to give instruction during school hours to the children of adherents.

The number of Government Primary Schools open in 1926 was 822. The average enrolment for the year was 51,867, and the average attendance 46,458.

Where an average attendance of eight children cannot be maintained, the Department pays an annual grant (from 10*l.* to 11*l.* 10*s.*) for each child if the parents secure a suitable teacher.

Children in isolated localities are taught by correspondence.

Children who complete satisfactorily the primary course may pass to a District High School for a five years' Secondary Course, or to the upper classes of a Central School for a two years' course.

Three courses—Commercial, Industrial, and Domestic—are provided in the upper classes of the Central Schools.

The five years' course in the Government High Schools is divided into two sections. The work of the lower section is, with very few exceptions, common to all students. In the upper section there is a considerable amount of specialisation.

Manual training in woodwork is included in the course of all the larger Primary Schools. In the Central Schools and High Schools metalwork is also taken.

Domestic work—Cookery, Laundry and Housewifery—is included in the course of all the larger Primary Schools, and also in the course of the Central Schools and High Schools.

Continuation Classes are provided for those who leave school without passing through the upper classes of the Central Schools or the High Schools. The courses of these classes are designed to lead to higher work in the Technical Schools.

Technical Schools are established in the principal centres. They include advanced work in Science, Trades Classes, Commercial Classes, Art Classes, Domestic Classes, etc. There is also a large School of Mines at Kalgoorlie.

The University in Perth provides courses for Degrees in Arts, Science (including Agriculture), and Engineering.

Scholarships are provided by the Government to enable pupils from the Primary Schools to pass to the Secondary Schools. Further scholarships are provided to be held at the Technical Schools, and eleven exhibitions are offered each year for the University.

A number of scholarships is offered each year to enable children from country schools to attend District High Schools or the Narrogin School of Agriculture.

Scholarships for children of fallen or disabled soldiers are also offered. They are tenable at Secondary Schools, District High Schools, Narrogin School of Agriculture, Technical Schools, School of Mines, and the University.

Private Schools are open to Government inspection, and must be declared efficient. The Government Secondary School Scholarships may be held at non-Government Secondary Schools.

The total Government expenditure upon education during 1925-26 (apart from the University and the cost of buildings) was 595,209*l*. The amount expended on buildings for the Education Department was 59,601*l*. There was also a grant of 20,000*l*. to the University. Other Educational expenditure amounted to 19,829*l*. The aggregate expenditure upon Education was therefore 694,639*l*.

Means of Communication.

The State possesses at present eight lines of Government railways as shewn below. The first four form the Southern System, which is connected with the Northern System by No. 5. The Midland Railway Company's (Private) line of 277 miles, constructed on the land grant system, and running from Midland Junction to Walkaway, also affords a connection between the Southern and Northern Systems.

The Hopetoun to Ravensthorpe and Port Hedland to Marble Bar Railways are not geographically connected with the above-mentioned systems.

Division.	M Line. Mile
1. EASTERN RAILWAY— Fremantle to Perth and Northam, including Belmont, Karragullen, Mundaring Weir, and Miling Branches, and Mahogany Creek Deviation	218
2. SOUTH WESTERN RAILWAY— From East Perth Junction Southward to Bunbury and Jardee, including Canning and Bunbury Race-course lines, Armadale-Fremantle, Pinjarra-Dwarda, Railway Mill, Dwellingup, Brunswick-Narrogin, Collie-Cardiff, Bowelling-Wagin, Boyanup-Busselton, Flinders Bay, Wonnerup-Nannup, and Donnybrook-Katanning lines	792
3. GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY— Spencer's Brook to Albany, including York-Bruce Rock-Merredin, Brookton-Corrigin, Narrogin-Bruce Rock, Yilliminning-Narembene-Merredin, Wagin-Newdegate, Katanning-Pingrup, Tambellup-Ongerup and Elleker-Denmark lines	982
4. EASTERN GOLDFIELDS RAILWAY— From Northam Eastward to Southern Cross, Coolgardie, Kalgoorlie and Laverton, including Bullfinch, Norseman, Boulder-Brown Hill, Boulder-Lakeside-White Hope, and Leonora branches, and Salomon Gums-Exeprance line	777
5. EAST NORTHAM-MULLEWA RAILWAY— Including the Goomalling-Merredin Railway and Wyalkatchem-Lake Brown Branch	459
6. NORTHERN RAILWAY— Geraldton to Meekatharra, including Narngulu-Walkaway, Mt. Magnet-Sandstone, Geraldton-Ajana, and Wokarina-Yuna lines	542
7. HOPETOUN-RAVENSTHORPE RAILWAY—	34
8. PORT HEDLAND-MARBLE BAR RAILWAY—	114
Total... ..	3,918

These lines have numerous sidings, totalling in all 404 miles.

On the 1st July, 1913, the Government took over the Perth Electric Tramways which now have a total length of 37 miles of lines laid.

There are also several other private railway lines, mostly constructed by timber companies in the south of the State, in extent about 600 miles.

Since 1917 the Transcontinental Railway (4ft. 8½ in. gauge) from Kalgoorlie to Port Augusta, unites the railway systems of Western and South Australia, a distance of 1,051 miles.

The earnings of the Government railways for the year ended June, 1927, were 3,607,989*l*. and the working expenses 2,685,893*l*. The total cost of construction has been 21,566,262*l*.

Of electric telegraph on the 30th June, 1927, there were 27,514 miles of wire. During 1926-27 the revenue received by the telegraph branch was 132,429*l*.; telephone receipts amounted to

*Exclusive of Dwarda-Narrogin section opened 18/9/26, and Jardee-Pemberton extension opened 11/10/26.

256,708*l.*, and postal and other revenue of the post and telegraph department to 351,081*l.*; cost of post and telegraph, for year ended 30th June, 1927, was 937,450*l.* There is telegraphic communication with Europe, *via* South Australia, also with South Africa by Coos Island. Postal arrangements embrace the whole of the settled portion of the State, both by inland services and by steamers on the coast. There are 88,381 miles of telephone wire in the State; further there are 5,764 miles of railway telephone circuits and 13,757 miles of telegraph, comprising a total length of 18,521 miles of wire; in addition, about 600 miles of private railway telephone wire.

A high-power wireless station has been erected at Applecross, between Perth and Fremantle, by the Commonwealth Government. Stations of lower power have been erected at Esperance, Geraldton, Broome and Wyndham.

The steamers of the P. and O. and Orient Companies carry mails to and from the United Kingdom and Europe, which are further supplemented by those of the Australian Commonwealth Line whilst the Blue Funnel, P. & O. branch, line, etc., of steamers conveys those from and to South Africa. Mails are despatched to and received from Australian States, New Zealand, and Polynesia, by the Trans-Australian Railway. Local steamers supply coastal communication. Letters from England reach Perth in about 26 days *via* France.

The federal postal statistics for the year ended 30th June, 1926, give the following as the number (each counted once) of letters, postcards, etc., received and despatched in this State:—

	Within Common- wealth.	Beyond Common- wealth.
Letters, Post Cards and Letter Cards	33,961,800	4,807,100
Newspapers	6,954,100	2,266,200
Packets	6,748,600	1,028,300
Parcels	678,300	49,000
Registered Articles	489,392	93,808

Fremantle is a modern port equipped with all up-to-date appliances necessary to give rapid despatch to shipping. It is the first and last port of call in Australia for all mail and other liners using the Suez route and for many on the Cape route. All ships up to 35 feet draft can berth day or night at dead low water. It is an important fueling port for coal or oil and all other provisions are available and all repairs can be effected.

The cargo handling equipment is the best in Australia. For the year ending 30th June, 1927, the number of vessels which used the port was 748 of an aggregate gross tonnage of 5,524,144 tons. The largest vessel to berth at the wharves to date was H.M. Battleship "Hood" in February 1924.

The tonnage of cargo, including live stock, handled during the year ending 30th June, 1927, was 1,495,179.

Aborigines Department.

It was estimated that the aboriginal population of the State on 30th June, 1927, was, including half-castes, 25,581, 15,581 of whom are in touch with civilization and the remainder in those portions of the State as yet uninhabited by the

white man. In the more populous centres of the State—principally in the South-West—the native population is on the decline, whilst in the North slight increases are recorded.

The Aborigines are still assisting, to no small extent, in the development of the Northern portion of the State, and, had it not been for their assistance in the past, this work would not have proceeded so satisfactorily as it has done.

Some 4,500 aborigines are engaged throughout as stock-boys, shepherds, station-hands, domestic servants, etc., all of whom are engaged under permit in accordance with the provisions of "The Aborigines Act, 1905."

Generally speaking the Aborigines are not hostile, though they at times become somewhat troublesome owing to their predilection for cattle killing. Some years ago, cattle killing by natives was very prevalent, and the State spent a considerable amount of money in apprehending offenders and maintaining them in prison while undergoing sentence. To minimise these depredations amongst settlers' stock, the Government has established three Cattle Stations in the Kimberleys in order to breed cattle with which to supply the natives with meat and so prevent them from killing cattle belonging to pastoralists. The scheme has proved most successful.

Other Settlements have been established both in the North and in the South, while some sixty Rationing Stations are controlled by the Aborigines Department. One large Settlement has been established for some years on the Moore River, about 80 miles north of Perth, especially for aged and indigent natives and children requiring the care of the Department. The male adults who are capable of working are employed on farm and garden work, and the women assist with domestic duties. The children are schooled and trained in various ways. The establishment includes a sewing room, in which the girls and young women are taught to sew and manufacture garments for natives throughout the state. In addition there are seven Mission Stations, six in the north and one in the south. Six of these Missions are subsidised by the State.

There are 100 Protectors of Aborigines, including three women, scattered throughout the State. These Officers assist in the administration of "The Aborigines Act," and generally look after the welfare of the natives.

The total expenditure of the Aborigines Department for the year ended 30th June, 1927, was 27,895*l.*

The policy of the Department is in the direction of inducing the natives to support themselves by their own labors, and it is hoped that all Native Stations will eventually become entirely self-supporting.

Approximately, 12,426*l.* was spent during the year mentioned in direct relief in the shape of clothing and medical attendance, while a considerable sum was spent upon buildings and improvements at Stations.

Climate.

The climate of Western Australia, though hot towards the north, is one of the finest and healthiest in the world. The average death-rate during 1926, was 8.93 per 1,000. The average rainfall at Perth is 34.32 inches (for 51 years), and the mean temperature is 65°. The rainy season extends from May to October.

Governors of Western Australia.†

Sir W. C. F. Robinson, G.C.M.G., 20th Oct., 1890.
 Alexander Campbell Onslow, Administrator, 21st Sept., 1891.
 Sir W. C. F. Robinson, G.C.M.G., Gov., 9th July, 1892.
 Sir Alexander Campbell Onslow, Kt., Administrator, 18th Mar., 1895.
 Sir Gerard Smith, K.C.M.G., Gov., 23rd Dec., 1895.
 Sir Alexander Campbell Onslow, Kt., Administrator, 23rd Mar., 1900.
 Edward Albert Stone, Administrator, 4th Mar., 1901.
 The Hon. Sir Arthur Lawley, K.C.M.G., Gov., 1st May, 1901.
 Sir Edward Albert Stone, Kt., Administrator, 14th Aug., 1902.
 Admiral Sir Fredk. G. D. Bedford, G.C.B., 24th March, 1903.
 Sir Gerald Strickland, Count della Catena, K.C.M.G., 31st May, 1909.
 Major-General Sir H. Barron, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., 17th March, 1913.
 Rt. Hon. Sir William Grey Ellison-Macartney, P.C., K.C.M.G., 9th April, 1917.
 Sir Francis Alexander Newdegate, K.C.M.G., 9th April, 1920.
 Sir Robert Furse McMillan, Kt., Lieutenant Governor, 7th June, 1921.
 Sir Francis Alexander Newdegate, K.C.M.G., 14th December, 1922.
 Sir Robert Furse McMillan, Kt., Lieutenant-Governor, 17th June, 1924.
 Col. Sir William R. Campion, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., 12th July, 1924.

Population, exclusive of Aborigines.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Census 1870 . . .	15,375	9,410	24,785
" 1881 . . .	17,062	12,646	29,708
" 1891 . . .	29,807	19,975	49,782
" 1901 . . .	112,875	71,249	184,124
" 1911 . . .	161,565	120,549	282,114
" 1921 . . .	177,278	155,454	332,732
Estimate for . . .			
Sept., 1927 . . .	209,229	178,988	388,217

FINANCES.

SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
(b)	£	£		
1918	4,622,536	5,328,279	2,071,559	2,196,295
1919	4,944,850	5,596,865	4,048,210	4,234,333
1920	5,863,501	6,531,725	4,712,430	5,319,342
1921	6,789,565	7,476,291	4,392,533	5,669,056
1922	6,907,107	7,639,242	5,521,387	6,470,758
1923	7,207,492	7,612,856	5,391,775	6,254,062
1924	7,865,594	8,094,753	5,365,500	6,198,552
1925	8,381,446	8,439,844	6,178,774	7,327,753
1926	8,808,166	8,907,309	5,712,645	6,525,015
1927	9,750,833	9,722,588	6,490,871	7,573,336

Total Customs and Excise Revenue, year ended 30th June, 1927—£2,344,030l.

Year (b)	IMPORTS.			
	From U.K. £	From British Possessions. £	From Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1918	1,112,995	5,809,349	726,889	7,649,233
1919	1,444,314	5,573,263	959,873	7,977,450
1920	2,250,268	8,319,936	1,798,127	12,368,331
1921	3,411,884	8,858,168	2,569,189	14,839,241
1922	2,484,521	8,281,393	1,271,865	12,037,779
*1923	4,010,895	7,906,778	1,861,006	13,777,679
*1924	3,737,593	7,781,006	2,825,546	14,344,145
*1925	4,204,487	8,307,998	3,561,550	16,074,035
1926	3,915,828	8,965,971	3,580,715	16,462,514
1927	4,265,665	9,743,857	4,365,031	18,374,553

* Figures for these years show "country of origin," and not "country of shipment."

Year (b)	EXPORTS.			
	To U.K. £	To British Possessions. £	To Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1918	1,129,992	3,963,253	714,090	5,807,335
1919	7,045,299	3,157,453	719,923	10,922,675
1920	6,669,269	6,447,651	2,951,870	16,068,790
1921	6,318,961	4,849,756	1,589,923	11,258,639
1922	4,869,531	6,892,130	1,867,222	13,628,883
1923	4,106,769	4,797,354	2,201,097	11,105,220
1924	4,838,768	5,353,280	3,777,197	13,969,152
1925	4,847,568	4,473,926	5,343,054	14,664,548
1926	5,217,871	4,709,922	4,653,864	14,581,657
1927	4,078,046	5,092,980	5,980,933	15,151,959

Gross Public Debt, 30th June, 1927—70,806,175l.

Executive Council.

The Governor, *President*.
Premier, Treasurer, and Minister for Forests,
 The Hon. Philip Collier, M.L.A.
Minister for Railways, Justice, and Police, The Hon. John Collings Wilcock, M.L.A.
Minister for Public Works, Water Supply, Labour, and State Trading Concerns, The Hon. Alexander McCallum, M.L.A.
Minister for Lands, Migration, Agriculture, and Industries, The Hon. Michael Francis Troy, M.L.A.
Chief Secretary, and Minister for Education, The Hon. John Michael Drew, M.L.C.
Minister for Mines, and Health, The Hon. Selby Walter Munsie, M.L.A.
Honorary Ministers: The Hon. Harold Millington, M.L.A.; The Hon. James Cunningham, M.L.A., The Hon. James William Hickey, M.L.C.
Clerk, L. E. Shapcott, M.V.O., I.S.O., J.P.

§ Legislative Council (30 Members).

President, The Hon. John Waters Kirwan.
Chairman of Committees, The Hon. James Corwell.
The Clerk of the Council and Clerk of the Parliaments, Bernard Parker, 650l.
The Clerk Assistant and Usher of the Black Rod, E. A. Brown, 400l.
 Baxter, Charles Farquharson (East).
 Brown, John Reid (North-East).
 Burvill, Alfred (South-East).
 Cornell, James (South).
 Dodd, Jabez Edward (South).
 Drew, John Michael (Central).
 Ewing, John (South-West).
 Gray, Edmund Harry (West).

† For Governors previous to 1890, see Colonial Office List for 1898.

* Year ended 30th June.

§ Year ended 30th June.

‡ Members of the Legislative Council are entitled to prefix "The Honourable."

Glasheen, William Thomas (South-East).
 Hamersley, Vernon (East).
 Harris, Edgar Henry (North East).
 Hickey, James William (Central).
 Holmes, John Joseph (North).
 Kempton, George Adam (Central).
 Kirwan, John Waters (South).
 Kitson, William Henry (West).
 Lathlain, Sir William Francis (Metro-Suburban).
 Lovekin, Arthur (Metropolitan).
 Macfarlane, James Mortimer (Metropolitan).
 Mann, William Joseph (South-West).
 Miles, George James Gallop Warden (North).
 Nicholson, John (Metropolitan).
 Potter, George (West).
 Rose, Edwin (South-West).
 Saw, A. Athelstan John Henton M.A., M.D.,
 F.R.C.S.E. (Metropolitan Suburban).
 Seddon, Harold (North-East).
 Stephenson, Henry Alfred (Metro-Suburban).
 Stewart, Hector, M.C.E. (South-East).
 Wittenoom, Sir Edward Horne, K.C.M.G.
 (North).
 Yelland, Herbert John (East).

Legislative Assembly (50 Members).

Speaker, The Hon. Thomas Walker.
Chairman of Committees, John Thomas Lutey.
Clerk of Assembly, Alexander Ronald Grant, 650*l*.
Assistant ditto, Francis Grylls Steere, 400*l*.
Sergeant-at-Arms, Charles Barclay Kidson, 200*l*.
 Angelo, Edward Houghton (Gascoyne).
 Barnard, George William (Sussex).
 Brown, Henry James (Pingelly).
 Chesson, Thomas (Cue).
 Clydesdale, Alexander McAllister (Canning).
 Collier, Hon. Phillip (Boulder).
 Corboy, Edwin Wilkie (Yilgarn).
 Coverley, Aubrey Augustus Michael (Kimberley).
 Cunningham, Hon. James (Kalgoorlie).
 Davy, Thomas Arthur Lewis (West Perth).
 Ferguson, Percy Douglas (Moore).
 George, Hon. William James, C.M.G. (Murray-Wellington).
 Griffiths, Harry Albert (Avon).
 Heron, Thomas John (Mt. Leonora).
 Holman, Mary Alice (Forrest).
 Johnson, Hon. William Dartnell (Guildford).
 Johnston, Edward Bertram (Williams-Narrogin).
 Kenneally, James Joseph (East Perth).
 Kennedy, Maurice John (Greenough).
 Lambert, George James (Coolgardie).
 Lamond, Alfred (Pilbara).
 Latham, Charles George (York).
 Lindsay, John Canaan (Toodyay).
 Lutey, John Thomas (Brownhill-Ivanhoe).
 Maley, Charles Crowther (Irwin).
 Mann, Henry Willoughby (Perth).
 Marshall, William Mortimer (Murchison).
 McCallum, Hon. Alexander (South Fremantle).
 Millington, Hon. Harold (Leederville).
 Mitchell, Hon. Sir James, K.C.M.G. (Northam).
 Munsie, Hon. Selby Walter (Bannans).
 North, Charles Frederick John (Claremont).
 Pantom, Alexander Hugh (Menzies).
 Richardson, Walter (Subiaco).
 Rowe, Francis (North East Fremantle).
 Sampson, Richard Stanley (Swan).
 Sleeman, Joseph Bertram (Fremantle).
 Smith, James McCallum (North Perth).
 Smith, John Henry (Nelson).
 Stubbs, Sydney (Wagin).
 Taylor, Hon. George (Mount Margaret).
 Teedsdale, Frederick William (Roebourne).

Thomson, Alexander (Katanning).
 Troy, Hon. Michael Francis (Mount Magnet).
 Walker, Hon. Thomas (Kanoona).
 Wansbrough, Arthur (Albany).
 Wansbrough, Charles Frangle (Beverley).
 Willcock, Hon. John Collings (Geraldton).
 Wilson, Arthur Allan (Collie).
 Withers, Frederick James (Bunbury).

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Colonel Sir William R. Campion,
 K.C.M.G., D.S.O., 4,000*l*.
Private Secretary, Major B. Kerr-Pearse, M.V.O.
 (late Rifle Brigade).
Honorary Aide-de-Camp, Capt. V. C. Secombe.
Honorary Aide-de-Camp, Capt. R. McDonald,
 3rd Bde., A.F.A.
Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. A. C. Davidson Houston.

Premier's Department.

Premier (also Treasurer and Minister for Forests), The Hon. P. Collier, M.L.A., 1,700*l*.
Secretary, Premier's Department, L. E. Shapcott,
 M.V.O., I.S.O., J.F., 900*l*.
Clerk in Charge, H. T. Stitfold, A.I.C.A., 480*l*.

Public Service Commissioner.

George William Simpson, 1,000*l*.
Secretary, Geo. Higgins, 552*l*.

London Agency.

Agent-General in London, The Hon. William Charles Angwin, 1,500*l*. and quarters.
Secretary and Officer in Charge of Emigration, Charles Berkeley Rushton, 708*l*.
Accountant, William Christie, 432*l*.

Government Printing and Lithographic Office.

Government Printer, F. W. Simpson, 960*l*.
Clerk-in-Charge, F. J. Baldwin, 456*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF TREASURER.

Treasurer (also Premier, etc.), The Hon. P. Collier, M.L.A., 1,700*l*.

Treasury Department.

Under-Treasurer, Geo. W. Simpson, 960*l*.
Assistant Under-Treasurer, A. Berkeley, 636*l*.
Accountant, K. D. Wilson, 528*l*.
Public Debts Accountant and Statistical Officer,
 H. S. Whitfield, 552*l*.

Audit Department.

Auditor-General, C. S. Toppin, 800*l*.
Chief Inspector, A. T. M. Gordon, 672*l*.

Government Savings Bank.

Manager, J. H. Leach, 756*l*.

Government Stores Department.

Controller of Stores, J. Anderson, 708*l*.
Assistant Controller, A. R. Wieland, 480*l*.

Perth Museum and Art Gallery and Public Library of Western Australia.

General Secretary, J. S. Battye, B.A., LL.D.

Workers' Homes Board.

Chairman, W. B. Hardwick, 900*l*.
Secretary, T. H. Thomas, 600*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF MINISTER FOR LANDS.

Minister for Lands and Immigration, Hon. M. F. Troy, M.L.A., 1,500*l*.
Under-Secretary for Lands, C. G. Morris, J.P., 960*l*.

Senior Assistant to Under Secretary Lands,
W. P. Odell, J.P., 600*l*.
Second Assistant to Under Secretary Lands,
A. R. T. Brown, 480*l*.
Accountant, R. G. Courtenay, 600*l*.

Surveys.

Surveyor General, J. P. Camm, 960*l*.
District Surveyors, J. H. M. Lefroy, 756*l*.; S. E. Smith, 708*l*.; J. A. Hall and T. S. Parry, 708*l*.
Chief Draftsman, N. S. Bartlett, 600*l*.

Immigration.

Officer-in-Charge, H. M. Pullin, 528*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE.

Minister for Agriculture, Hon. M. F. Troy, M.L.A.
Director of Agriculture, G. L. Sutton, 1,080*l*.
Secretary, L. St. J. Jones, 528*l*.
Chief Inspector under Rabbit and Vermin Act,
C. J. Craig, 504*l*.
Asst. to Chief Inspector of Rabbits and Registrar of Brands, A. A. Arnold, 456*l*.
Chief Veterinary Officer, F. Murray-Jones, B.V.Sc., M.B.C.V.S., L.V.Sc., 708*l*.
Veterinary Officer, Fremantle, J. F. Filmer, B.V.Sc., 456*l*.
Veterinary Officers, A. L. McK. Clark, V.Sc., 528*l*.; A. F. Flood, M.R.C.V.S., 432*l*.; J. H. Toop, B.V.Sc., 408*l*.
Veterinary Pathologist, H. W. Bennetts, B.V.Sc., 576*l*.
Superintendent of Horticulture, G. W. Wickens, 672*l*.
Viticulturist, H. K. Johns, 456*l*.
Officer in Charge of Irrigation, A. R. C. Olifton, 456*l*.
Superintendent of Wheat Farms, I. Thomas, 456*l*.
Research Officer and Adviser in Plant Nutrition, L. J. H. Teakle, B.Sc.Agric., 504*l*.
Principal, Muresk Agricultural College, H. J. Hughes, 756*l*.
Acting Controller of Abattoirs, E. H. Golding, 750*l*.
Economic Botanist and Plant Pathologist, W. M. Carne, F.L.S., 600*l*.
Economic Entomologist, L. J. Newman, F.E.S., 504*l*.
Sheep and Wool Inspector, H. McCallum, 456*l*.
Superintendent of Dairying, P. G. Hampshire, 672*l*.
Senior Potato Inspector, G. N. Lowe, 456*l*.

AGRICULTURAL BANK, INDUSTRIES ASSISTANCE BOARD AND SOLDIERS SETTLEMENT SCHEME.

General Manager, E. A. McLarty, 1,500*l*.
Assistant General Manager, W. Grogan, 852*l*.
Accountant, W. Beck, 600*l*.

Agricultural Bank.

Managing Trustee, E. A. McLarty (As above).
Deputy Managing Trustee, W. Grogan (As above).
Manager, A. G. Hewby, 756*l*.
Trustees, Hon. F. V. Cooke and C. J. Moran (paid by fees).

Industries Assistance Board.

Board Members, Hon. F. V. Cooke (Chairman); C. J. Moran (paid by fees); E. A. McLarty (permanent official).
Manager, R. D. Heuston, 576*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF MINISTER FOR MINES.

Minister for Mines, also Minister for Health, Hon. S. W. Munsie, 1,500*l*.
Under-Secretary for Mines, M. J. Calanchini, 960*l*.

Asst. Under-Secretary and Principal Registrar, T. Y. A. Lang, 636*l*.

State Mining Engineer, A. Montgomery, 852*l*.
Asst. State Mining Engineer, R. C. Wilson, 708*l*.
Inspector of Plans and Surveys, T. J. Breen.
Chief Draftsman, S. E. C. Underwood, 480*l*.
Wardens, F. M. I. Read, A. E. Stenning (acting), F. Kelly (acting), W. O. Mansbridge (acting), J. E. Geary, E. Y. Butler, T. Y. A. Lang (acting), J. Kenny (acting), L. L. Crockett.
Inspectors of Mines, W. M. Deeble, H. P. Rockett, A. W. Winzar, W. Phoenix, E. J. Gourley, J. McVee, 504*l*.

Director, Mining School, F. B. Allen, 852*l*. (half salary paid by Education Department).
Supt. of State Batteries and Acting Chief Inspector of Machinery, A. M. Howe, 756*l*.

Chemical Branch.

Government Mineralogist and Analyst, E. S. Simpson, 960*l*.

Geological Survey.

Government Geologist, T. Blatchford (acting), 756*l*.
Asst. Government Geologist (vacant).
Petrologist, C. O. G. Larcombe (acting).

DEPARTMENT OF THE MINISTER FOR FORESTS.

Minister for Forests (also Premier and Colonial Treasurer), The Hon. P. Collier, M.L.A.
Conservator of Forests, S. L. Kessell, B.Sc. (Adel.), Dip. For. (Oxon.), 960*l*.
Senior Assistant Conservator and Working Plans Officer, T. N. Stoate, B.Sc., 756*l*.
Assistant Conservator, A. C. Shedley, B.Sc., 708*l*.
Divisional Forest Officers, A. D. Helms, M.D.F.F., 504*l*.; G. E. Brockway, B.Sc., 432*l*.
Research Officer, S. A. Clarke, B.E., A.M.I.E.A., 432*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF MINISTER FOR RAILWAYS.

Minister for Railways and Tramways (also Minister for Justice and Police), Hon. J. C. Willcock, M.L.A., £1,500.

Government Railways.

Commissioner, Col. H. Pope, C.B., 2,000*l*.
Secretary, J. F. Tomlinson, 850*l*.
Chief Traffic Manager, C. S. Gallagher, 1,100*l*.
Chief Engineer, Way and Works, H. A. Cresswell, M.I.C.E., 1,100*l*.
Chief Mechanical Engineer, E. A. Evans, M.I.M.E., 1,100*l*.
Chief Accountant, W. H. C. Bromfield, 850*l*.
Comptroller of Stores, C. S. Holm, 700*l*.

Government Tramways.

General Manager Tramways and Electricity Supply, W. H. Taylor, M.I.E.E., 1,100*l*.
Electrical Engineer, R. H. G. Clark, 725*l*.
Traffic Superintendent, E. E. Shillington, 620*l*.
Permanent Way Engineer, S. Ogden, 620*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Minister for Justice, Hon. John Collings Willcock, M.L.A.

Crown Law Officers.

Under-Secretary for Law, H. G. Hampton, J.P., 960*l*.
Solicitor-General and Parliamentary Draftsman, W. F. Sayer, K.C., 1,500*l*.
Solicitor and Assistant Parliamentary Draftsman, J. L. Walker, 804*l*.

Crown Prosecutor, A. A. Wolff, 756l.
Clerk-in-Charge, Civil Business, W. H. Nairn, 552l.

Accountant and Assistant Under-Secretary, H. Gordon, J.P., 600l.
Conveyancing Clerk, J. G. Wilcox, 408l.

Supreme Court.

Chief Justice, Sir Robert F. McMillan, K.C.M.G., 2,000l.

Puisne Judges, R. B. Burnside, J. A. Northmore, T. P. Draper, C.B.E., 1,700l. each.

Registrar, and Master of Supreme Court, etc., T. F. Davies, 900l.

Deputy Registrar and Taxing Officer, R. E. Fawcings, 576l.

Sheriff, T. F. Davies.

Official Trustee, M. M. Moss, 900l.

Curator of Intestates' Estates, M. M. Moss.

Land Titles Department.

Commissioner and Registrar of Titles, Registrar of Deeds and Parliamentary Draftsman, F. L. Stow, 900l.

Assistant Registrar of Titles and Deeds, A. G. Harvey, 636l.

Inspector of Plans and Surveys, T. J. Breen, 636l.

Electoral Department.

Chief Electoral Officer, T. E. Cooke, 528l.

Stipendiary Magistrates.

G. T. Wood, 900l.; H. J. Craig, 756l.; A. E. Burt, 756l.; L. L. Crockett, 756l.; H. D. Moseley, 600l.; G. A. Eastaugh, 672l.; F. M. I. Read, 600l.; A. E. Stenning, 400l.; J. Kenny, 450l.; A. R. Adams; W. T. Hodge, 450l.; W. P. Davis; I. George; A. B. Kidson (acting), 600l.; F. F. Horgan (acting), 600l.; J. E. Geary (acting); E. Y. Butler (acting), 672l.; W. O. Mansbridge (acting), 672l.; T. Y. A. Lang (acting); F. Kelly (acting); C. E. Felstead (acting).

Chairmen of Courts of Session.

L. L. Crockett.	A. E. Stenning.
A. E. Burt.	F. M. I. Read.
G. A. Eastaugh.	J. E. Geary (acting).
I. George.	E. Y. Butler (acting).
A. R. Adams.	W. O. Mansbridge (acting).
W. T. Hodge.	J. Kenny (acting).
W. P. Davis.	F. Kelly (acting).

DEPARTMENT OF MINISTER FOR EDUCATION.

Chief Secretary and Minister for Education—Hon. J. Drew, 1,300l.

Director of Education, C. R. P. Andrews, M.A., 1,140l.

Secretary, J. L. S. Miller, 600l.

Chief Inspector of Schools, R. Hope Robertson, M.A., 852l.

Senior Inspectors of Schools, Wallace Clubb, B.A., 756l.; J. A. Klein, M.A., 756l.; J. A. Miles, B.A., 756l.

Inspectors of Schools, C. Hadley, B.A., 708l.; W. C. S. McLintock, B.A., 708l.; H. Thomas, 708l.; E. A. Coleman, B.A., 708l.; J. A. Hatfield, 708l.; J. Blair, 708l.; T. Edmondson, 672l.; W. Rockliff, 708l.

Principal of Teachers' College, R. G. Cameron, M.A., 900l.

Director of Technical Education, F. B. Allen, M.A., B.Sc., 426l.; also receives from Mines Department as Director of School of Mines, 426l.

Inspector of Continuation Classes and Technical Schools, W. G. Worner, B.A., 672l.

Organiser and Inspector of Manual Training, J. Hart, 640l.

Organiser and Inspector of Household Management, Miss M. Wylie, 480l.

Travelling Instructor (Rural Schools), A. Morrison, 550l.

Travelling Instructor (Nature Study), C. Hamilton, 480l.

Instructors in charge of Physical Training, R. B. Blyth, 500l., and Miss E. Ware, 336l.

Inspector of Needlework, Miss E. Sheath, 348l.

Head Master of Perth Modern School, J. Parsons, M.A., 760l.

Headmaster Goldfields High School, Kalgoorlie, A. Irvine, B.A., 640l.

Headmaster Northam High School, T. N. Lee, M.A., B.Sc., 590l. and 50l.

Headmaster Bunbury High School, F. Sherlock, B.A., 590l.

Headmaster Albany High School, F. M. Reedy, 590l.

PUBLIC WORKS, LABOR TRADING CONCERNS, WATER SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE DEPARTMENT.

Minister for Works Labor and Trading Concerns, and Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage, Hon. Alec McCallum, 1,500l.

Administrative Division.

Under-Secretary, Chas. Arthur Munt, J.P., 960l.

Assistant Under-Secretary (exclusive of Labor), H. W. Stanley-Low, 600l.

Assistant Under-Secretary for Labor, W. S. Andrew, 480l.

Accountant, F. H. Young, 576l.

Officer in Charge of Land Resumption, T. S. J. Hall, 576l.

Officer in Charge of Local Government, A. E. Sanderson, 504l.

Branch Offices.

Managing Clerk, Northam, H. W. Sergeant, 432l.

Managing Clerk, Kalgoorlie, J. C. Hutchinson, 432l.

Engineering Division.

Engineer-in-Chief, F. W. H. Stileman, M.I.C.E., 2,100l.

Engineer for Railway Construction, J. A. Ellis, 804l.

Engineer for Harbour and Rivers (excluding North West Coast), S. Stevenson Young, 804l.

Hydraulic Engineer, B. S. Crimp, 804l.

Engineer for the North-west, G. Drake Brockman, 708l.

Investigating Engineer, E. G. Turnbull, 600l.

Electrical Engineer, Arthur Fredk. Williamson, M.I.E.E., 576l.

First Class Assistant Engineers, Railway Construction, Harbours and Rivers, Irrigation and Drainage, Wm. Leonard Dartnall, 600l.; W. A. McCullough, 552l.; D. C. Milne, 600l.; F. S. Oliver, 504l.; A. S. Deveni, 552l.; R. W. Edwards, 552l.; C. P. Morgan, 528l.; J. J. Cadden, 528l.

Assistant Engineer (Mechanical), Harry Bennett, 672l.

Principal Architect, J. M. J. Tait, 852l.

Assistant Principal Architect, A. E. Clare, 600l.

Senior District Architect, W. Graham, 504l.

Architect-in-Charge Drawing Office, W. H. Buck, 456l.

Assistant Engineer-in-Charge Drawing Office, E. C. B. Bone, 650*l*.
Engineer for Water Supply, Percy Vincent O'Brien, M.Inst. C.E., 1,080*l*.
First Class Assistant Engineers, Walter Kirkwood Weller, 708*l*.; Archibald Muir Hutchinson, 600*l*.; G. D. MacCabe, 600*l*.; H. Bregenzner, 552*l*.
Superintendent of Machinery, Wm. Henry J. Lewis, 600*l*.
Assistant Superintendent of Machinery, Archibald G. Kirkwood, 504*l*.

Trading Concerns.

Manager, State Implement and Engineering Works, F. E. Shaw, 950*l*.
Manager, State Brickworks and Quarries, W. Machor, 650*l*.
State Saw Mills : General Manager (acting), E. B. Sinclair, 756*l*.
Assistant Manager (acting), S. D. Gomme, 600*l*.
Accountant, S. P. Hall, 432*l*.

Arbitration Court.

Clerk of Court of Arbitration and Registrar of Industrial Unions, F. E. Walsh, 708*l*.

Factories, Shops and Scaffolding.

Chief Inspector of Factories and Scaffolding, A. C. Bradshaw, 528*l*.

METROPOLITAN WATER SUPPLY, SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE DEPARTMENT.

Minister of Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage, Hon. Alex McCallum, 1,500*l*.

Administrative Division.

Under-Secretary, G. C. Haywood, J.P., 852*l*.

Accounts Division.

Accountant and Assessor, G. H. Long, J.P., 600*l*.

Engineering Division.

Engineer, Metropolitan Water Supply, John Parr, B.S., A.M.I.C.E., 960*l*.
Principal Assistant, A. L. Houston, 672*l*.
Resident Engineer, R. J. Dumas, 750*l*.
Mechanical Engineer, C. H. Hickson, 528*l*.
Assistant Engineers, G. M. Griffith, A. E. Hopkins, J. T. Elphinstone, E. H. Oldham, F. M. Kenworthy R. J. Cavanagh, F. L. W. Morison—range 408*l*. to 504*l*.

CHIEF SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

Chief Secretary, The Hon. J. M. Drew, M.L.C., 1,500*l*.

Chief Secretary's Office.

Under-Secretary and Comptroller-General of Prisons, H. C. Trethowan, 960*l*.
Assistant Under-Secretary, F. J. Huelin, 600*l*.
Accountant, F. A. Woodman, 480*l*.

State Ferries.

Manager, E. Croker.

Observatory.

Government Astronomer, H. B. Curlerwis, 708*l*.

State Children Department.

Secretary, S. Watson, 576*l*.

Fisheries Department.

Chief Inspector of Fisheries, Fred Aldrich, 600*l*.

Registrar General and Government Statistician, Registrar General, Government Statistician, Registrar of Friendly Societies, and Government Actuary, Samuel Bennett, 900*l*.

Deputy Registrar General and Deputy Registrar Friendly Societies, A. J. Reid, 480*l*.
Deputy Government Statistician and Compiler, W. Morrison, 456*l*.

Gaols Department.

Comptroller-General of Prisons (also Under-Secretary), H. C. Trethowan.
Superintendent, Fremantle Prison, A. T. Badger, 552*l*. and quarters.
Surgeon, Fremantle Prison (vacant).

State Labour Bureau.

Secretary, J. B. Hitchens, 384*l*.

Harbour and Light Department.

Chief Harbour Master, J. W. K. Harris, 636*l*. and quarters.
Engineer Surveyor, W. Davison, 480*l*.
Clerk-in-Charge and Secretary Navigation Act, V. Ward, 456*l*.
Harbour Master and Pilot, Albany, P. T. Robertson, 528*l*. and quarters.
Harbour Master and Pilot, Bunbury, J. Donaldson, 552*l*. and quarters.
Harbour Master and Pilot, Wyndham (vacant).

State Hotels.

General Manager, J. R. Campbell, 756*l*.

State Steamship Service.

Manager, S. S. Glyde, 852*l*.

Lunacy and Inebriacy Departments.

Inspector-General of the Insane and of Institutions for Inebriates, and Medical Superintendent, Jas. Bentley, 960*l*. and quarters, etc.
Assistant Medical Officer (Senior), E. J. T. Thompson, 576*l*. and quarters.
Assistant Medical Officer, Dr. G. C. Bury, 480*l*. and quarters.
Secretary and Chief Steward, C. A. Hames (acting), 360*l*., quarters, etc.

Aborigines Department.

Chief Protector of Aborigines, A. O. Neville, 600*l*.
Manager, Moola Bulla Cattle Station, A. T. Woodland, 498*l*.
Inspector of Aborigines, E. C. Mitchell, 468*l*.

Medical and Public Health Department.

Commissioner of Public Health, and Principal Medical Officer, R. C. E. Atkinson, 1,300*l*.
Medical Officer and Inspector (vacant)
Secretary Medical and Health Department, F. J. Huelin, 600*l*.
Woolooloo Sanatorium Medical Officer, R. M. Mitchell, 1,020*l*. and quarters, etc.
Medical Officers of Schools, E. M. Stang, 552*l*.; Ruth Anderson, 528*l*.; R. H. M. Jull, 600*l*.
Psychologist, Ethel T. Stoneman, 504*l*.
Dental Officer of Schools, A. G. McKenna, 528*l*.
Chief Health Inspector, G. A. Greenhill, 504*l*.
District Medical Officers and Quarantine Officers.

Police Department.

Commissioner, R. Connell, 850*l*.
Inspector and Secretary, C. Treadgold, 486*l*. and allowances.
Acting Chief Inspector, W. C. Sellenger, 550*l*. and allowances.
Inspector, Criminal Investigation Dept., G. V. Purdue, 440*l*. and allowances.
Inspectors, M. O'Halloran, 486*l*. and allowances; L. V. Simpson, H. G. S. Smith, M. P. Barry, W. Douglas, 457*l*. and allowances; D. Hunter, M. Leen, J. Teahan, G. Johnston, 440*l*. and allowances.

FOREIGN CONSULS RESIDING IN WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Country.	Name.	Address.
Belgium	Antoine, Edmond	Fremantle (Hon. Consul).
Chili	Noble, J. H.	Perth (Consul).
Czechoslovak Republic	Burnell, L. N.	Perth (Hon. Consul).
Denmark	Fraenkel, P.	Perth (Hon. Consul).
France	Michelides, P.	Perth (Consular Agent).
Greece	Downing, H. P.	Perth (Vice Consul).
Italy	Commendatore Virgilio Lancelotti	Perth (Vice Consul).
Japan	Male, A.	Broome (Hon. Consul).
Luxemburg	Antoine, Edmond	Fremantle (Acting Consul).
Netherlands	Wittenoom, Sir Ed.	Fremantle (Consul).
Norway	Dickson, A. H.	Albany (Vice Consul).
"	Sles, F. D.	Bunbury (Vice Consul).
"	Stang, August	Perth (Consul).
Paraguay	Padbury, Wm.	Guildford (Consul).
Spain	Clydesdale, J. W.	Perth (Vice Consul).
Sweden	Stenberg, E. G.	Perth (Consul).
"	Haynes, S. J.	Albany (Vice Consul).
United States of America	Morgans, A. E.	Perth (Consular Agent).

COMMONWEALTH DEPARTMENTS.

Commonwealth Public Service Inspector (representing the Board of Commissioners in Western Australia), C. H. Brown, 816*l*.
Clerk in-Charge, J. H. Page, 516*l*.

Postmaster General's Department.

Deputy Director, Posts and Telegraphs, S. R. H. Roberts, 864*l*.
State Engineer, J. G. Kilpatrick, 656*l*.
Senior Inspector, F. W. Milbank, 672*l*.
Accountant, A. M. Cameron, 676*l*.
Superintendent of Mails, E. D. Fels, 636*l*.
Superintendent of Telegraphs, C. D. McLauchlan, 582*l*.
Superintendent of Telephones, S. L. Monaghan, 599*l*.
Superintendent of Stores, A. E. Demer, 534*l*.

Department of Trade and Customs.

Collector of Customs, H. E. Neal, 816*l*.
Senior Inspector, Fremantle, H. St. G. Bird, 612*l*.
Inspector, Landing Branch, J. J. Barry, 516*l*.
Boarding Inspector, O. W. Hough, 534*l*.
Accountant, J. E. B. Price, 489*l*.
Clerk in-Charge, Statistical Branch, E. Hobson, 489*l*.
Inspector of Excise, J. M. Clifton, 489*l*.
Sub-collector, Perth, J. Blinco, 552*l*.

*Department of the Treasury**(Taxation Branch).*

Deputy Commissioner, E. A. Black, 1,000*l*.
Assistant Deputy Commissioner, W. Peet, 589*l*.
Chief Clerk, A. E. Crisp, 489*l*.

*Department of the Treasury**(Old Age Pensions Branch).*

Deputy Commissioner, O. G. Dutton, 612*l*.

*Department of the Treasury**(Sub-Treasury Branch).*

Accountant, R. G. Friel, 528*l*.

Electoral Office.

Commonwealth Electoral Officer for Western Australia, H. R. Way, 569*l*.

Department of Works and Railways.

Works Director, G. S. Cook, 708*l*.

Lighthouse Branch.

District Officer and Deputy Director of Navigation, Capt. J. J. H. Airey, 704*l*.
District Lighthouse Engineer, C. R. Hunter, 567*l*.

Department of Health.

Chief Quarantine Officer, Dr. F. E. Cox, 1,112*l*.

Department of Repatriation.

Deputy Commissioner, Chas. Taylor, 696*l*.

Defence (Naval Forces).

District Naval Officer, Commander R. Griffiths-Bowen, A.D.C., R.A.N., 758*l*. and deferred pay.

Defence (Military Forces).

Commander Field Troops and District Base Commandant, Brig.-Gen. C. H. Jess, C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O., 906*l*.
General Staff, Brevet Lieut.-Colonel G. F. G. Wiecek, D.S.O., 740*l*.
D.A.A. and Q.M.G. District Base, Major P. W. Dobson, M.C., 694*l*.
D.A.A. and Q.M.G. Field Troops, Major S. F. Rowell, 662*l*.
Brigade Major, Brevet Major A. J. Boase, 590*l*.
D.D. Medical Services, Col. D. M. McWhae, C.M.G., C.B.E., 300*l*.
Officer Commanding R.A.A., Major C. A. Kelly, 628*l*.
Officer Commanding R.A.E., Captain V. C. Secombe, 472*l*.
Director of Works, W.-Officer H. C. R. Korner, 417*l*.
District Finance Officer, Mr. J. C. D. MacBride, 588*l*.
Chief Ordnance Officer, Major W. Chalmers, 612*l*.
Chief Clerk, Mr. A. J. Bolland, 414*l*.

THE NORTHERN TERRITORY.

Area and Population.

The first attempt at settlement in North Australia was made in 1821.

Upon the extension of New South Wales westward to the 129th meridian in 1827, the portion of North Australia subsequently known as the Northern Territory was included within that colony, and in 1863 was annexed by Royal Letters Patent to the province of South Australia. With the adjacent islands, it was transferred to the Commonwealth on 1st January, 1911.

The total area of this Territory is 523,620 square miles, or 335,116,800 acres. Its length from north to south is about 900 miles, while its breadth from east to west is 560 miles. Its eastern boundary, dividing it from Queensland, is the 138th meridian of east longitude; and its western boundary, separating it from Western Australia, the 129th meridian. Its southern boundary is the 26th parallel of south latitude, dividing it from South Australia. The northern boundary is the coast line of those parts of the Indian Ocean known as the Timor and Arafura Seas at about the 11th parallel of south latitude. The length of coast line is about 1,040 miles. The Territory includes a number of islands most of them being small and of little importance. The best known are Melville Island, Bathurst Island and Groote Island.

In 1881 there were 670 Europeans in the Territory, and at the Census of 4th April, 1921, there were 2,459. The Chinese population, at its maximum during the years of railway construction, 1887 and 1888, has gradually dwindled, the number recorded at the Census of 1921 being only 722. Japanese, first recorded in 1884, increased up to the year 1898, falling again after five years, the number at the Census of 1921 being 34. The highest recorded population, excluding aborigines, was 7,533 in 1888. The estimated population on 31st March, 1927, was, exclusive of full-blood aborigines, 4,085.

The interior of the Territory is the most thickly populated by the natives, but it is believed that they are dying out. In the regions remote from contact with other races the native has maintained his primitive simplicity, and furnishes an interesting subject of study to the anthropologist and the ethnologist. At the census of 1921, full-blood aborigines in the employ of whites, and those who were living in a civilised or a semi-civilised condition in the vicinity of European settlements, were enumerated—the males being 1,184, females 866; total 2,050. The estimated number of natives in the Northern Territory is about 20,000. There are, however, areas in the north-east and north-west, where it is difficult to obtain satisfactory information, and is quite possible that with fuller knowledge the estimate will need adjustment.

*Historical.**Exploration and Colonisation.*

(i.) *Coastal Surveys.* The coast was surveyed by King in 1818, and by Wickham and Stokes in 1838 and 1839. Port Darwin, the site of Darwin, the present capital, was discovered in the latter year.

(ii.) *Exploration of Interior.* Leichhardt traversed a great deal of the country in 1844-5, journeying from Queensland to Port Essington.

Gregory started from Point Pearce in 1855, and reached Brisbane. Minor explorations were also successfully undertaken.

(iii.) *Crossing the Continent.* In 1861, Stuart began his transcontinental journey from Adelaide, and reached the north coast in July, 1862. His track has become the main route, and along it the telegraph line is constructed.

(iv.) *Demarcation of Boundaries.* Upon the extension westwards of New South Wales, in 1827, the Territory was included in that colony, and remained so until 1863, when it was added to South Australia, which in 1836 had been created a separate province.

(v.) *The Military Settlement.* A military post was formed on Melville Island in 1824. This was transferred in 1827 to Raffles Bay, and a few years later to Port Essington. Little public attention was given to the station, and no attempt at colonisation was made. It was abandoned in 1849.

Control by South Australia.

(i.) *Transfer.* As a result of representations to the Imperial Government by South Australia, the Territory was incorporated with that State in 1863, and administered through a Government Resident located at Port Darwin up to 31st December, 1910. Early attempts at settlement failed. Ultimately, Port Darwin was chosen for the site of the capital, and Palmerston (now officially named Darwin) founded.

(ii.) *Land Legislation.* The South Australian Government's land legislation was framed to attract settlers, viz., low rents with easy entry and unencumbered holding over long periods; or grant of fee simple at low price. Special arrangements were made to foster tropical agriculture, including the establishment of botanic gardens at Port Darwin, for observation and experiment. Large "runs" were established on the northern well grassed and watered pastures.

(iii.) *Mining.* The survey and construction of the overland telegraph revealed the auriferous nature of the country, and gold and other minerals were discovered in various localities. The Government regulated the area of claims and the conditions upon which they were held.

(iv.) *Cessation of Supervision by South Australia.* Progress was not as marked as was desired, the Territory being thought capable of more rapid development. Accordingly the Federal and State Governments agreed upon a surrender by the latter as from 1st January, 1911, since which date the Territory has been a dependency of the Commonwealth.

Transfer to Commonwealth.

(i.) *The Agreement.* An agreement of transfer, afterwards ratified by the representative Parliaments, was made between the two Governments. In accordance with a proclamation issued in the terms of the Commonwealth Acceptance Act (No. 20 of 1910), the transfer was effected on 1st January, 1911.

(ii.) *The Northern Territory Acceptance Act.* By the Commonwealth Act, the agreement was ratified and approved, and the Territory was accepted together with the Palmerston and Pine Creek Railway; laws and courts of justice remained in operation, powers and functions of magistrates and officials remained vested; estates and interests continued upon the same terms; trade with

Australian States was declared free. The Commonwealth assumed responsibility for the State loans in respect of the Territory, paying the interest yearly to the State, providing a sinking fund to pay off the loans at maturity, and paying off the deficit in respect of the Territory. It also purchased the Port Augusta to Oodnadatta railway, and agreed to complete the construction of the trans-continental railway from Port Darwin to Port Augusta.

(iii.) *The South Australian Surrender Act.*—The State Act approved and ratified the agreement surrendering the Territory.

(iv.) *The Northern Territory (Administration) Act, 1910.*—The Act provided for Government authorising the appointment of an administrator and officials. South Australian laws applicable to the Territory at the date of the transfer were declared to continue in force as laws of the Territory and certain Commonwealth Acts to apply. Power was given to the Governor-General to make Ordinances having the force of law.

(v.) *Administration.*—A Resident Administrator, vested with authority in internal affairs, was appointed in the Department of the Minister for External Affairs in February, 1912.

The Northern Australia Act, 1926, provides for the appointment by the Governor-General in Council, of a North Australia Commission consisting of three (3) members. The powers of the Commission will extend to various matters in relation to the development of so much of the Northern Territory as is situated north of the twentieth parallel of South latitude (North Australia), and to the administration of Crown Lands throughout the Northern Territory.

An agreement may be made by the Governor-General with the Governor in Council of any State adjoining the Northern Territory for the application to any part of the State contiguous to the Territory of all or any of the measures of development which have been or may be applied by the Commission to North Australia. This agreement may also provide for the appointment as a Commissioner of a person nominated by the Governor in Council of the State concerned.

On and after a date to be fixed by Proclamation the Northern Territory will be divided for administrative purposes into two parts, separated by the twentieth parallel of South latitude. That part north of the twentieth parallel will be known as North Australia, and that south of the twentieth parallel as Central Australia. The seat of Government of North Australia will be established as soon as practicable at Newcastle Waters, but until the seat of the Government is so established it will be at Darwin. The seat of Government of Central Australia will be at Alice Springs.

A Government Resident may be appointed for North Australia, and one for Central Australia. The Act provides for the creation of Advisory Councils in North and Central Australia, whose function it will be to advise the Resident in relation to matters coming under its jurisdiction. The Advisory Council is to consist of the Resident (who will be Chairman ex officio), and four members, two to be appointed by the Minister and the other two elected.

On and after the date to be fixed by Proclamation for the division of the Territory into North and Central Australia, the office of Administrator will cease to exist, and the power of the Governor-General to make Ordinances having the force of law in the Northern Territory will be exercised

under the Northern Australia Act. Subject to any Ordinance made by the Governor-General under the Northern Territory (Administration) Act 1910, or which may be made under the Northern Australia Act, the South Australian laws in force at the date of acceptance will continue in force in the Northern Territory.

The date fixed by Proclamation was 1st March, 1927, and thereupon for administrative purposes the Northern Territory was divided into the Territory of Northern Australia and the Territory of Central Australia, the Government Residents respectively being Mr. R. H. Weddell and Mr. J. C. Cawood.

(vi.) *Legislation.*—The main provisions of the Ordinances passed are as follows:—The powers and duties of the Administrator vested in the appointee, include custody of the public seal, appointment and suspension of officials, and execution of leases of Crown lands. A Supreme Court with original and appellate jurisdiction is instituted, the method of appointment of the Judge is prescribed, and provision is made for trial by jury, and for the registration and summoning of jurors.

By the *Observance of Law Ordinance, 1921*, the trial on indictment of any offences against any law of the Northern Territory, other than an offence for which the punishment is death, shall be by a Judge without a jury. A Sheriff, a Registrar-General, and a Health Officer are provided for, also the registration of births, marriages and deaths, and of deeds and documents. Custody and control of aborigines with extensive powers of supervision are vested in the Chief Protector. Provision is made for the control of fisheries. Crown lands are classified, and their mode of acquisition, entry and holding defined. The prevention and eradication of diseases in plants have been provided for. Under the Stock Diseases Ordinance the Chief Inspector of Stock has wide powers in regard to the movement of stock control and prevention of diseases, etc. A town council has been constituted for Darwin and provision made for assessment, rates, etc. Mining is encouraged by the provision of rewards for the invention of new processes, and the discovery of valuable deposits and of new mineral fields; subsidization of the industry and the issue of prospecting licences are also provided for. Provision has been made for the issue of licences to search for mineral oil, and leases of land for the working of the industry. A Board is constituted for the purpose of making advances to settlers, who intend to improve and stock their holdings, to purchase farm implements, plant, etc., or to pay off mortgages, the rate of interest and terms of repayment being set out. Advances in aid of the erection of workmen's dwellings have also been provided for. Provision has also been made for the compensation of injured workers, for controlling the sale, etc., of necessary commodities, for the appointment of a Public Trustee, for amendment of the "Taxation Act of 1884" of South Australia in its application to the Territory. A new Land Ordinance was passed in May, 1924, which repealed the then existing ordinances and provided for the appointment of a Land Board.

By an Act of Parliament passed in 1922, the Northern Territory elects a member of the House of Representatives. As this member represents a very small number of electors, he is not entitled to vote, but he may take part in any debate in the House.

Physiography.

Tropical Nature of the Country.—The territory is within the torrid zone, with the exception of a strip 2½ degrees wide, which lies south of the Tropic of Capricorn.

Contour and Physical Characteristics.—The low flat coast line seldom reaches a height of 100 feet. Sandy beaches and mud flats, thickly fringed with mangroves, prevail. Sandstone, marl, and ironstone form the occasional cliffy headlands. The sea frontage of more than 1000 miles is indented by bays and inlets, and intersected by numerous rivers many of which are navigable for considerable distances from their estuaries.

Inland, the country is generally destitute of conspicuous landmarks. From the coast there is a general rise southwards to the vicinity of the 17th or 18th parallel of south latitude, where the higher lands form the watershed between the rivers that flow northwards to the sea, and those that form the scanty supply of the interior systems. Towards the centre of the continent the land over a wide area is of considerable elevation, and there are several mountain ranges, generally with an east and west trend.

Climate.

On the northern coast, as in the tropics generally, there are two main climatic divisions—the wet season, November to April, and the dry season, May to October. The changes of season are uniform and regular. Immediately after the vernal equinox, the wet season is heralded by the cessation of the east-south-easterly monsoon, which gives place to calm and light variable winds. Intensely hot weather prevails for a few days, thunder-clouds gathering and increasing daily until they burst in heavy thunderstorms accompanied by hurricanes, and increasing in strength and frequency until the end of November, when they become of almost daily occurrence, about an inch of rain falling during each storm. During December the north-west monsoon sets in gradually, with rain nearly every day, and increasing in force until about the end of January. At this period of the year the wet season penetrates into the heart of the continent. This monsoon dies away at the autumnal equinox, and is succeeded by light and variable winds till the end of April, when the dry season commences with the setting in of the south-east monsoon. Nearly the whole of the rainfall occurs in the summer months.

Fauna and Flora.

Native Animals.—The ordinary types of Australian fauna inhabit the territory. As elsewhere on the continent, the higher *Theria* are rare. There are many genera of marsupials, and individuals are numerous. The birds also are typically Australian, with brilliant plumage, and not generally gifted with song. Crocodiles and fresh-water tortoises frequent the northern rivers. There are some species of snakes, mostly non-venomous, the most numerous being the harmless python. Frogs abound, the water-holding frog being common in Central Australia. The rivers contain many varieties of freshwater fish. The molluscan fauna of the coast is mostly carnivorous, the vegetable feeders being very poorly represented, probably on account of the dearth of seaweed. Land and freshwater shellfish are not abundant. Among insects, many beautiful butterflies thrive in the warm damp atmosphere. Beetles also are strongly represented.

The white ant is a pest, very few timbers being immune from its ravages. Anthills in the Territory sometimes attain a height of twenty-five feet and a diameter of ten feet. Another destructive insect, particularly active and mischievous inland, is the borer. Mosquitoes and sandflies are very troublesome, particularly from January to April. There are not many crustaceans.

Imported Stock.—Buffalo thrive in the coastal districts, but their numbers have been greatly reduced through indiscriminate shooting for the sake of the hides. Timor ponies have also been introduced. Sheep-breeding has so far not been a success, but cattle thrive well.

Protection of Fauna.—Ruthless destruction of native birds is prohibited. An Ordinance gives the Administrator power to declare that any bird is protected; and provides that permits to export protected birds, or the skins or eggs of such birds, will only be issued subject to such conditions as the Administrator directs.

Flora.—The vegetation is tropical, many of the forms belonging to the Malayan and Oceanic regions. The timber trees are not of great commercial value, but in the coastal regions tropical vegetation grows luxuriantly to the water's edge. The indented arms of the coast are thickly fringed with the mangrove. On the ranges, pines, fig trees, and orange trees flourish. The Roper River drains extensive forest lands. Leichhardt pines and palms form the vegetation of the tableland, which stretches across the Territory about the 14th degree of south latitude. On the higher steppes there are a few varieties of eucalyptus, and many fibre plants are also indigenous. On the wide expanses of plain country of the interior, there is little vegetation, tree growth being very scanty, consisting chiefly of stunted eucalypts, such as the gimlet gum, black box, and desert sheoak. In the north-western districts there is an almost entire absence of lichens and mosses, though ferns are plentiful in the vicinity of the Victoria River. The following orders are well represented:—*Euphorbiaceae*, *Compositae*, *Convolvulaceae*, *Rubiaceae*, *Goodeniaceae*, *Leguminosae*, *Urticaceae*.

Production.

Agriculture.—Up to the present agriculture has not made much progress in the Territory, although it has been proved that various industrial plants thrive. Rice, tobacco, coconuts, mangoes, cotton, peanuts, and various fodder plants can be grown. Expense of harvesting at present appears to be against the economic production of rice. Trial plantations of tobacco and cotton have given promising results. Good crops of peanuts have been obtained. Much of the coastal area is suitable for coconuts, but except at the Mission Stations and one or two small isolated plantations, little attention has been devoted to planting.

Pastoral.—The spacious, well-grassed "runs" of the Territory are suitable for horse and cattle breeding. It is anticipated that the cattle trade with the East will develop. Large numbers are overlanded to neighbouring States, which also take considerable quantities of horse and cattle hides. The estimated number of stock on 31st December, 1925, was:—

Horses, 46,380; cattle, 970,342; sheep, 8,030; pigs, 382; goats, 21,859; camels, 452; donkeys, 1,113; mules, 280.

Dairying as an industry is non-existent. The abundant indigenous herbage is, however, well suited for stock, and the making of hay and ensilage would ensure the development of the industry.

Mining.—Gold, tin, wolfram, copper and mica are mined. Both alluvial and reef gold are found, and there are several batteries and cyanide plants. The total mineral production in 1924-25 was valued at 21,715*l.* which included tin ore valued at 15,966*l.*

Pearl Shell and other Fisheries.

In 1884 mother-of-pearl shell was discovered in the harbour of Port Darwin. Difficulty in working, principally through heavy tides and muddy water, retarded the development of the industry for many years. Subsequently, however, the opening up of new patches led to a revival, but the war gave the industry a setback.

The territorial waters abound in marketable fish, and despite inadequate transport facilities a commencement has been made with a trade in fish, dried or otherwise preserved.

The value of sea products exported from Darwin during 1924-25 was as follows:—

Pearl Shell	£2,070
Dried Fish	1,485
Trepang	1,986

Commerce and Shipping.

No record is kept of the direction of trade between the Commonwealth States and Territories. It is, therefore, impossible to give the total imports and exports of the Northern Territory. The figures for imports from and exports to outside Australia for 1916-17, and following years are given below.

Period.	Annual Imports.	Annual Exports.	Period.	Annual Imports.	Annual Exports.
	£	£		£	£
1916-17	82,775	13,251	1922-23	12,804	14,627
1917-18	32,287	268,419	1923-24	14,432	8,000
1918-19	25,140	377,258	1924-25	20,636	41,944
1919-20	29,056	277,627	1925-26	34,168	35,902
1920-21	19,857	14,752	1926-27	27,288	32,929
1921-22	12,115	5,036			

Shipping, Northern Territory.

Discharged.	Shipped.	Inter-State Shipped.
5,000 tons.	4,000 tons.	2,000 tons.

Internal Communication.

Railways.—Under the Agreement ratified by the Northern Territory Acceptance Act, 1910, the Commonwealth is to construct or cause to be constructed as part of the Transcontinental Railway a railway from a point on the Port Augusta Railway to connect with the other part of the Transcontinental Railway at a point on the northern boundary of South Australia proper.

The Northern line from Adelaide terminates at Oodnadatta, about 150 miles south of the southern boundary of the Territory. The only line at present in the Territory is one from Darwin to Katherine, a length of 198·68 miles, of 3 ft. 6 in. gauge; and Katherine is distant about 1,045 miles from Oodnadatta. The line from Katherine River to connect with the Oodnadatta (about 1,012 miles) has been surveyed, and the section from Katherine to Daly Waters authorized by the Commonwealth Government at a cost not to exceed £1,545,000 is under construction. The railway bridge over the Katherine River has been completed and opened for traffic and construction work south of the river is now proceeding. The completion of the gap would permit of the development of the broad belts of pastoral and mineral country towards the centre of Australia. The Commonwealth also acquired on 1st January, 1911, the property in the line from Port Augusta to Oodnadatta (478 miles). The continuation of this line from Oodnadatta to Alice Springs, a further distance of 292 miles, was authorised during the last session of the Commonwealth Parliament. The surveys for the extension have been completed and construction work from Oodnadatta has commenced.

Posts.—Postal communication is maintained by vessels belonging to Burns, Philp & Co., which maintain a monthly service between the Territory and the Eastern States. In addition the vessels belonging to the State Steamship Service of Western Australia give a service once every 60 days between Fremantle and Darwin. Inland the northern part of the territory receives its mail *via* Darwin, while the southern districts are served *via* Adelaide.

Telegraphs.—The transcontinental telegraph line, covering a length of 2,230 miles, was completed on 2nd August, 1872, at a cost of nearly half-a-million sterling. The line runs in a northerly direction from Adelaide to Darwin, whence telegraphic communication is provided with Asia and Europe, *via* Banjoewangie (Java), Singapore and Madras.

Between Darwin and Banjoewangie the submarine cable is duplicated. High-power wireless stations have been constructed by the Federal Government at Wave Hill, in the Territory, and at Camooweal, just over the Eastern boundary, in Queensland.

Land Tenure.

A Lands Ordinance was passed in 1924 repealing all previous Acts and Ordinances and may be summarized as follows:—

(i.) *Pastoral Leases.* A pastoral lease may be granted for such term, not exceeding 42 years, as the Land Board determines. The rental for the first period is fixed by the Board, and is subject to re-appraisalment on such dates as are specified in the lease or are prescribed. A holder of a pastoral lease under previous Acts or Ordinances may

exchange his lease for one under the present (1924) Ordinance, in which case the rent varies according to the district in which the lease is situated from a minimum of two shillings per square mile to a maximum of eight shillings per square mile. A lessee must within five years stock the land to the extent provided in the lease, and keep the land so stocked during the continuance of his lease.

(ii.) *Agricultural Leases.* Agricultural lands are classified, and the maximum area which may be included in any one lease is as follows:—Division A, Cultivation Farms, Class I, 1,280 acres, Class 2, 2,560 acres; Division B, Mixed Farming and Grazing, Class I, 12,800 acres, Class 2, 38,400 acres. Agricultural leases are granted in perpetuity, and the rent for the first period is fixed by the Land Board, and is re-appraised every 21 years. The lessee must—(a) in the case of lands for mixed farming and grazing, stock the land to the extent prescribed by the regulations and keep it so stocked; (b) establish a home within two years and reside on the leased land for six months in each year in the case of land for cultivation, and for four months in each year in the case of land for mixed farming and grazing; (c) cultivate the land to the extent notified by the Board; and (d) fence the land as prescribed.

(iii.) *Lease of Town Lands.* Leases of town lands are granted in perpetuity, the rental being fixed every fourteen years. Such leases must, in the first instance, be offered for sale by public auction, and if not so sold, may be allotted by the Board to any applicant, at the rental fixed by the Board. The lessee must erect, within such time as is notified, buildings to the value specified in the conditions of sale.

(iv.) *Miscellaneous Leases.* The Land Board may grant a lease of any portion of Crown lands, or of any dedicated or reserved lands, for any other prescribed or approved purpose. Such leases are for a term not exceeding 21 years, and may be offered for sale by public auction, or granted to any applicant at an annual rental fixed by the Board.

(v.) *Grazing Licences.* Licences may be granted to any person to graze stock on any vacant Crown lands or on any reserved or dedicated lands for such period, not exceeding one year, as is prescribed, and at the rent and on the conditions prescribed.

(vi.) *Occupation Licences.* Licences may be granted for any period not exceeding five years, and on prescribed rentals and conditions, for the purpose of drying or curing fish, or for any manufacturing or industrial purpose, or for any prescribed purpose.

(vii.) *Miscellaneous Licences.* The Board may grant licences for miscellaneous purposes for a period not exceeding twelve months on prescribed terms and conditions.

(viii.) *Leases to Aborigines.* The Governor-General may grant to any aboriginal native, or to the descendant of any aboriginal native, a lease of Crown lands not exceeding 160 acres for any term of years upon such terms and conditions as he thinks fit.

(ix.) *Area held under Leases, Licences and Permits.* The following table shows the total area held under lease, license and permit, at the end of the years 1920 to 1925.

Freehold.

Under the Crown Lands Ordinance, 1926, an amendment of the principal (1924) Ordinance,

which came into force on the 5th August, 1926, provision is made for the granting of freehold in respect of:—(a) Town lands; (b) agricultural lands; (c) garden lands; and (d) tropical lands.

The following is a summary of the provisions of the amending Ordinance.

Town Lands. The holder of any existing Town Lease or of a Town Lease that may hereafter be granted, may, at any time, apply for a grant in fee simple of the lands included in the lease, and the grant may be made, provided that, in addition to complying with the conditions of the lease, the lessee has—securely fenced the land; erected on the land a residence of the value of at least 50*l.*, within the first twelve months of the lease; resided on the land continuously for twelve months immediately prior to the application; and paid the purchase money and all moneys due in respect of the land. The purchase price fixed by the Land Board shall not in any case be less than 5*l.* per block.

Agricultural Lands. Agricultural Lands consist of any lands within an area declared to be an agricultural area for the purposes of the proposed Ordinance. The holder of any existing Agricultural Lease or of any Agricultural Lease that may hereafter be granted, may at any time apply for a grant in fee simple of the lands, or portion of the lands, included in the lease. A grant of the fee simple may be made, provided that the applicant, in addition to complying with the conditions of the lease, has—securely fenced the land over which the fee simple is required; cultivated not less than one-tenth of that land; stocked and kept stocked the land as directed by the Land Board; erected a residence and buildings on the land of the value of at least 50*l.*; and paid the purchase money and all moneys due in respect of the land. (Note—Residential conditions are already provided in Agricultural Leases under the principal Ordinance.) The purchase price fixed by the Board shall in no case be less than 2*s.* 6*d.* per acre. The maximum area of agricultural lands which may be granted in fee simple to any one person is 1,280 acres of Class 1 lands, or 2,560 acres of Class 2 lands. Where the lands included in an agricultural lease, or leases, include both Class 1 and Class 2 lands, the maximum area that may be granted in fee simple shall be the maximum area that could be so granted if the lands were all of the same class. For this purpose one acre of Class 1 lands shall be deemed to be equivalent to two acres of Class 2 lands.

Garden Lands. Garden lands consist of Crown Lands or dedicated or reserved lands within ten miles of a town, which have been declared by the Minister to be Garden Lands. Leases of Garden Lands may be granted for vineyards, orchards or gardens, but for no other purpose. The maximum area of a lease of garden lands may not exceed ten (10) acres. The holder of a lease of garden lands may at any time apply for a grant in fee simple of the land or any portion of it. A grant of the fee simple may be made, provided the lessee has—complied with the conditions of the lease; fenced the land; cultivated and kept under cultivation at least one-third of the area for a period of not less than two years prior to the issue of the grant; erected on the land a residence and buildings of the value of at least 50*l.*, and is permanently residing on the land; and has paid the purchase price, which shall be not less than 10*s.* per acre.

Tropical Lands. Tropical Lands consist of areas north of the 16th parallel of South latitude which have been declared by the Minister to be tropical lands, for the purposes of the production of cotton or tropical products. Any Company incorporated or registered in the Northern Territory may, upon entering into an agreement in the prescribed form, hold an area of tropical lands, not exceeding, in the aggregate, 20,000 acres, for a term of 14 years. Every such agreement shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, and no transfer of any agreement shall be permitted by the Minister except to a Company, but not to a Company which would thereby hold more than 20,000 acres of tropical lands. If the Company fails to comply with any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of the agreement, the Minister may resume the whole or any portion of the lands, and, on such resumption, all improvements (except tenant's fixtures), upon the land resumed will become the property of the Crown. The agreement will provide that the Company shall use the land for the growth of cotton or other tropical products, and that it shall plant, during the first three years of the term, one twenty-fifth of the land, and keep cultivated the said one twenty-fifth of the land so planted, and, during the last four years of the term, it shall cultivate and keep cultivated at least one-fifth of the land. The Company will also be required, after the first seven years of occupation, to pay an annual rental of 1*sd.* per acre per year or portion of a year thereafter until the completion of the purchase or other determination of the agreement. The Company will be entitled to a grant of the land in fee simple at any time during the term of the agreement, on payment of 2*s.* 6*d.* per acre, and provided that it proves to the satisfaction of the Minister:—That it has spent 10*s.* per acre in the aggregate in cultivation and for necessary plant and machinery; that it has produced from the land two hundred pounds weight of cotton, or tropical products of an equal amount in value, for every acre held under the agreement; and that it has cultivated one-third of the land.

Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous provisions of the amending Ordinance provide, *inter alia*, that:—(a) A husband and wife shall not hold jointly in fee simple a greater area of land than the maximum area which may be granted to any one person under the Ordinance; (b) no person shall be entitled to hold in fee simple, for his own use and benefit, whether by grant from the Crown or by transfer from any person, a greater area of any lands than the maximum area which may be granted to him in the name of the Crown in pursuance of the Ordinance; (c) no alien shall be entitled to acquire any land in fee simple; (d) no application from an alien for the fee simple of any land shall, therefore, be accepted unless it is accompanied by the statutory declaration of the alien that he has resided in the Northern Territory continuously during the period of 12 months immediately preceding the application and intends to apply within five years after the date of the application for a certificate of naturalisation; (e) the grant of any land in fee simple shall be subject to the following reservation:—A reservation to the Crown of all minerals and mineral substances in or upon the land, including gold, silver, copper, tin, metals, ores and substances containing metals, gems, precious stones, coal, shale, mineral oils, and valuable earths and substances, together with the right to authorise any persons to enter upon the land to mine, work for, win, recover and remove them or any of them,

and to do all things necessary or convenient for those purposes.

Area held under Leases, Licences and Permits, 1921-1925.

Particulars.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.
Right of Purchase Leases	356	356	356	—	—
Pastoral Leases and Grazing Licences	136,464,960	130,410,720	134,214,800	137,209,866	143,673,866
Other Leases and Licences	1,211,337	5,167,720	2,112,816	1,945,088	2,740,840
Total Leased	137,676,653	135,578,796	136,327,972	139,154,954	146,414,706

On the 31st December, 1925, the areas held under leases and licences were:—Pastoral leases 111,747,466 acres annual pastoral leases 33,280 acres; pastoral permits 2,211,840 acres; grazing licences 29,681,280 acres; miscellaneous leases (including water leases) 2,738,994 acres; mining leases 1,846 acres; tin dredging leases 329 acres; mission station leases 1,051,520 acres. There were also 32,724 square miles under reserve for aboriginal natives of Australia, and 8,210 square miles mostly over pastoral holdings under licences to prospect for mineral oil and coal.

Finance.

Revenue and Expenditure. The following statement shows the receipts and expenditure for the financial years 1923-24 and 1924-25.

Revenue and Expenditure, Northern Territory.

	REVENUE.	
	1923-24.	1924-25.
Customs and Excise	£ 5,028	£ 5,191
Health	85	37
Postal, Telegraph and Telephone	7,081	8,274
Darwin-Katherine River Railway	16,461	29,106
Territorial	18,953	21,243
Land and Income Tax	3,051	3,519
Stamp Duties	584	1,271
Miscellaneous	8,070	12,687
Lighthouses and Light Dues ..	58	484
Deficiency on year's transactions	246,427	257,488
Total	£305,798	£339,300

EXPENDITURE.

	1923-24. £	1924-25. £
Salaries and Contingencies	117,105	119,958
Buildings, Bores, Roads, Bridges, Experimental Farms, Repairs, Rents, &c.	15,066	16,613
Interest and Sinking Fund, Northern Territory Loans, &c.	114,276	119,388
Northern Territory Railway . .	31,280	42,907
Miscellaneous	28,071	40,434
Total	£305,798	£339,300

PAPUA.

Situation and Area.

Papua (formerly called British New Guinea) is composed of a portion of the island of New Guinea, and of a number of islands, most of which lie to the south-east of New Guinea. The boundaries of the Territory are as follows:—"The S. and S.E. shores of New Guinea, from 141° E. long. eastward as far as East Cape, thence N.W. to 8° S. lat. in the neighbourhood of Mitre Rock, together with the territory lying south of a line from Mitre Rock, proceeding along the said 8° S. parallel to 147° E. long., then in a straight line N.W. to the intersection of 6° S. lat. and 144° E. long., and continuing W.N.W. to the intersection of 5° S. lat. and 141° E. long., thence proceeding Southward along the 141st meridian of E. long. to its intersection with the right bank of the Fly River, thence by the right bank of the Fly River bearing Southerly to its intersection with the meridian 141° 1' 47.9" of East longitude, thence by the said meridian bearing South to a point on the Southern coast of the Island of New Guinea at the middle of the mouth of the Bensbach River, together with the Trobriand, Woodlark, D'Entrecasteaux, and Louisiade groups of islands, and all other islands lying between 8° and 12° S. lat. and between 141° and 155° E. long., and not forming part of Queensland; and including all islands and reefs lying in the Gulf of Papua to the north of 8° S. lat."

New Guinea, the largest island in the world if Australia is excluded, lies some 80 miles to the north of Queensland, between 0° and 12° 0' S. lat., and between 130° 50' and 154° 30' E. long. Its greatest length is 1,490 miles, and its maximum breadth 430 miles; its area being about 234,768 square miles. The islands which lie near Papua, and which form part of the Territory, number, great and small, about two hundred. Of these the principal ones are: Kiriwina (in the Trobriand group of D'Entrecasteaux), Woodlark, Normanby, Goodenough, Fergusson, St. Aignan, Rossel and Sudet.

History.

The island of New Guinea was discovered in 1511 by Antonio de Abrea, and it was touched at by several of the early navigators. The Archipelagos lying to the south-east of New Guinea was visited by Torres in 1606, and by French navigators towards the close of the eighteenth century. The waters that are adjacent to the Archipelagos, and to the south-eastern coasts of New Guinea, have at different periods been partly surveyed and mapped by British ships of war.

The whole island to the west of 141° E. long. is claimed by the Dutch as suzerains of the Sultan of Tidore. The Dutch have established a post on the south coast of New Guinea, known as Merauk, which is in charge of a Resident. It is a little to the West of the S.W. extreme of the Anglo-Dutch boundary. That portion of the island which lies to the eastward of 141° E. long. and to the north of British New Guinea belonged to the German Empire. The acquisition by the British Crown of the portion of the island not claimed by Holland was long advocated by Australian statesmen, and the growing influence of France and Germany in the Pacific Ocean, coupled with the establishment of a penal settlement in the French island of New Caledonia, created some alarm in Australia lest a country lying so near to Australia as New Guinea should pass into the hands of a foreign Power. To prevent this from taking place as regards the eastern part of New Guinea, the Government of Queensland annexed it to the Empire on the 4th of April, 1883, but this proceeding was not ratified by the Imperial Government. The Intercolonial Convention held at Sydney in Nov. and Dec., 1883, passed resolutions urging the annexation of Eastern New Guinea, and undertook to recommend their respective Legislatures to provide for defraying a part of the cost of a Protectorate if one were established by the Imperial Government. On the Australasian colonies agreeing to guarantee 15,000*l.* a year to meet the cost, a Protectorate was proclaimed by Commodore Erskine on the 6th November, 1884, over the south-east coast of New Guinea and the adjacent islands.

General Sir Peter Scratchley was appointed Special Commissioner for the Protectorate, and arrived in 1885, but he succumbed, in the Protectorate, to malarial fever in November of the same year. He was succeeded by the Hon. John Douglas, C.M.G., formerly Premier of Queensland. At the Colonial Conference held in 1887, the Colonies of Queensland, N.S. Wales and Victoria undertook to guarantee 15,000*l.* a year for ten years, for defraying the cost of administering the territory now forming the Possession, on the understanding that Her Majesty's Sovereignty would be proclaimed over it. By the Queensland British New Guinea Act, 1887, that colony undertook to be responsible for the payment of the 15,000*l.* a year. The territory was annexed to the Crown by the newly appointed Administrator, Dr. (afterwards Sir W.) Macgregor, on 4th September, 1888.

The Imperial Government has contributed some 52,000*l.* towards the founding of the Possession. The local revenue raised in the Possession was formerly paid over to Queensland, for distribution amongst the guaranteeing colonies, in reduction of their contribution of 15,000*l.* a year, but is now kept and expended by the Government of the Possession.

At the end of 1901 the Government of the Commonwealth agreed to take over the Possession as a territory of the Commonwealth, and brought proposals before the Federal Parliament (which were adopted) for providing towards the expenses of administration a sum not exceeding 20,000*l.* a year. The provision ran from 1st July, 1901, and was subject to revision at the end of five years. On the 1st Sept., 1906, a Proclamation was issued by the Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia, under the provisions of the Papua Act, 1905, declaring British New Guinea a Territory of the Commonwealth, under the name of "Papua." The above Act provides that a sum

of £20,000 shall be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Commonwealth towards the revenue of the Territory in each financial year, up to and including 30th June, 1906, and thereafter such sums, if any, as the Parliament appropriates for that purpose. In 1921-22, 50,000*l.* was paid by the Commonwealth towards Administration.

Description and Formation.

Papua extends from east to west upwards of 800 miles, and about 200 from north to south towards either end, but is only about 50 miles deep behind Freshwater Bay, near the middle of the portion of the colony that is situated on the island of New Guinea. The total coast line of the Possession has been computed at 3,664 statute miles, 1,728 on the mainland and 1,936 on the islands. The total superficial area is about 90,540 square miles, of which about 87,786 are on the mainland of New Guinea, and 2,754 made up of many islands.

With the exception of the low coral islands of Kiriwina, Nada, part of Murua, and a few others of small dimensions, the islands are mountainous and principally of schistose formation, the highest, Goodenough, 8,000 feet. The eastern end of the Territory is also mountainous, and as the mountains extend westward they rise and coalesce to form a great central chain, which attains its greatest altitudes in the Owen Stanley range, the highest point of which is Mount Victoria, 13,200 feet, and in Mount Scratchley, the Wharton Range, and Mount Albert Edward, the latter about the same height as Mount Victoria. Further west the main range becomes more broken and lower, while pursuing nearly the same general trend towards the north-west as it had in the more eastern part of the colony. The western end of the Territory is for nearly 300 miles generally low and swampy until a long distance from the coast is reached. The mountains near the east end, on the mainland, are of igneous origin; the great masses of the central part of the main range are all schistose, while in the west sandstone predominates, but there are outcrops of igneous formation, such as Mount Yule, upwards of 10,000 feet high. On the Fly River, near the point of junction of British, Dutch, and ex-German territory, there are limestones with fossil corals, and these are also met with at many other places in the low and swampy regions of the western end of the colony and elsewhere. The whole Territory is remarkably well watered. The great mountains, and by far the larger portion of the lower country, are all covered by forest.

Rivers.

The majority of the principal rivers open into the Gulf of Papua. They have a general direction towards a point near the middle of the Gulf. The two largest are the Fly and the Purari. The Fly spreads out its head branches over a large area in the centre of the island, comprising considerable portions of the three different territories. Its course is about 620 miles from the sea to the boundary of Papua. The influence of the tide is felt for six or seven score of miles up the Fly. It is navigable by a steam launch for over 500 miles.

The Purari River is the second in point of size, and seems to start from the southern side of the Bismarck range of Kaiser-Wilhelmsland. It is navigable by steam launch for 120 miles. The Bailala and Lakekamu rise in undetermined

mountains in the central main range. The Angabunga River has its origin from the western spurs of Mount Albert Edward; the Vanapa from the Owen Stanley Range, the Wharton Chain and the southern slopes of Mount Albert Edward; the Brown from the Owen Stanley Range east of Mount Victoria. On the northeast coast the rivers are all small, except four that open into the sea between Cape Nelson and the former German boundary. These are, proceeding northwards, the Musa, Kumusi, Mambare, and Gira. Each of them pursues a course from the central main range towards the north-east until it enters the sea. The Gira rises from the eastern spurs of Mount Albert Edward, and is smaller than the other three, all of which are nearly of the same size.

Climate and Natural Resources.

As Papua lies between five and eleven and a half degrees of south latitude, the climate of the lower part of the country is warm. It is outside the range of the hurricanes that pervade the southern part of the Western Pacific. At Port Moresby, the seat of Government, and situated near the middle of the colony, the average temperature for the year 1925-26 at 9 a.m. was 80°6. The average maximum readings for the same period, 85°7; the average minimum readings, 75°6. The hot season is from November to May; the hottest months are January and February; the cold season is from June to October, the coldest month is August. During the hot season winds on the south coast are from the north and west, and are unsteady; during the cold season they are from the south-east, and are much more regular.

At Port Moresby the rainfall for the year 1925-26 was 26'16 inches, and at Kikori 198'14 inches, these represent the minimum and maximum rainfalls near the coast. It is much greater, but undetermined, on the central mountain ranges. On the south coast the climate is rather comfortable than oppressive during the cold season. It is generally greable at an altitude of 2,000 feet, a height that can be reached on foot in one day from Port Moresby. At 5,000 to 6,000 feet it becomes distinctly cold at night, the thermometer sometimes reading 55° F.; at 10,000 feet ice is met with in the early morning. Above that the grass is often covered with hoar frost, and the cold is severe.

Malarial fever, as a rule quite mild, is not rare in the low parts of the country. About the time of the change of seasons inflammatory diseases of the chest have always frequently occurred amongst the natives, and more recently the country has suffered from influenza. The mortality from this latter complaint has been estimated to be about two per cent. of the population.

The obstinate scaly ringworm, so common in many parts of the Pacific, occurs frequently amongst the natives. Plague, smallpox and cholera have not been met with since the country has been occupied by Europeans. Yaws is prevalent amongst the natives, and is now being dealt with by means of the new salvarsan compounds. Dysentery, once very prevalent in epidemic form, seldom occurs now. Europeans suffer from cancer much as they do in non-tropical countries, but cases of cancer amongst the natives are exceedingly rare. As in other parts of the tropics, the natives, with the exception of the dry Port Moresby area, are frequent carriers of ankylostomiasis (hookworm). Syphilis is practically unknown amongst the natives, but gonorrhoea

occurs in most districts. Granuloma inguinale occurs especially at the west, east and northern parts of the Territory.

The climate is favourable to the cultivation of all tropical products. The coconut palm bears well everywhere, and is common anywhere along the coast line, but in the far interior it is not met with. Cotton would be specially suited to the dry climate of the central district. Tobacco, in certain localities, of superior quality, and sugar cane seem to be indigenous or to be long domesticated; there are several native trees and plants that yield good classes of rubber. There are some good varieties of timber, including sandal wood, ebony, and cedar. Tea, cocoa, and coffee thrive well, but are not indigenous; the latter has been introduced and propagated. The climate is very congenial to rice and maize and all kinds of tropical fruit. The mineral deposits comprise gold, which exist over a large area; osmiridium, which has been found from the Gira River to the Owen Stanley Range; and in the Purari sandstone district there is coal. Indications of petroleum have been located at scattered intervals over an area of country covering about 1,500 square miles between Yule Island and the Purari Delta, in the Gulf Division of Papua. Quantities of oil and inflammable gas have been met with in the test bores put down, but not in sufficient bulk as yet for commercial purposes.

The marine resources comprise pearl-shell and pearls, trepang, sponges, trocas, snail and turtle shell.

Fauna and Flora.

There are no dangerous wild beasts in the Territory; wild swine are common. There are several varieties of wallaby, phalanger, and echidna. There are no hares or rabbits; deer are found in the vicinity of Port Moresby, they were introduced many years ago and are apparently doing well; the most dangerous creature is the crocodile. Many lives are lost each year through these amphibians and by snake-bite. The snakes are nearly related to those of Australia. The birds include the cassowary, many birds of paradise, a great variety of pigeons, the hornbill, the black and the white cockatoo, geese, many species of ducks, quails, and on the mountain tops snipe and woodcock.

The flora is as varied as the climate. On the tops of the highest mountain chains there are many species of grasses: several kinds of buttercup, forget-me-nots, daisies, rhododendrons, heaths, and other flowers of temperate climates. The forest there is principally cypress. From seven to ten thousand feet it is chiefly myrtaceous, often covered by trailing bamboo or mixed with pandanus. From two to five thousand feet the evergreen oaks are common. On the low lands there are several varieties of hardwood trees, azeleic bijuga, calophyllum, etc. Native cloth is made by beating out the bark of the paper mulberry, of the bread fruit tree, or of certain trees of the nettle family. Fibre is obtained from the banana, the coconut, from the bark of many saplings, and the best of all from the aerial roots of certain species of pandanus. Most of the trees and flowers that are met with in the tropical islands of the Pacific, or in North Queensland, occur also in Papua.

The People.

The races of Papua are now known to be very diverse as regards physical type and language. As regards culture there is less difference. When Europeans first arrived, the inhabitants used

stone, wood and bone implements, but no metals. They cultivated the taro, yam, sweet potato, the banana, and on the coast, the coconut. Weaving and the use of the potters wheel were unknown.

There are believed to be three constituent elements in the native population of Papua. The first is the Negritto, a short dark race. After the Negritto probably came a race called "Papuaans," who are dark but taller than the Negrittoes. Subsequently the Melanesians settled along the coast, and are now so mixed with the Papuaans that it is difficult to distinguish them. They were of medium height and light-skinned, and probably were the first seamen of the Pacific and travelled in out-rigger canoes.

The present day population of Papua consists of these three elements mixed together in varying proportions.

The European population of Papua is 1,452. A census of a portion of the indigenous population has been taken and the total number of natives actually counted is 181,509, chiefly residing on the coasts. The balance of the population is estimated by District Officers at 93,034, making a grand total of 274,543.

The country and people have no history, and but few current well-defined traditions. These refer to only local movements and actions of tribes within the last four or five generations.

A large part of the interior of Papua is still in the stone age, much of it is in a stage of transition in which the stone axe and the steel tomahawk are used side by side. The aboriginal methods of house-building, of canoe-making, of pottery manufacture, of cultivation, are still generally maintained. Nearly all the coast line and considerable part of the interior has been brought under missionary influence. With the exception of two blocks between the Strickland and the Kikori, and north of the Samberigi Valley, practically the whole of the territory has been explored and most of it brought under Government control.

Five missionary societies are established in the Territory. They are the London Missionary Society, which has for its field the south coast of New Guinea; the Society of the Sacred Heart, which is established at Yule Island, and along the banks of the St. Joseph River extending to the Main Range; the Methodist Missionary Society of Australasia, which extends its influence over all the archipelagos; the Church of England Mission, which has as its field the north-east coast of New Guinea, the last-named constituting the Diocese of New Guinea, organised under a Bishop of the Church of England; and the 7th day Adventist, whose sphere of influence is comprised in the Central Division and is bounded on the North by the Brown River, on the South by the Laloki River and on the East by a line bearing approximately north-east from the coastal village of Kaile to the Main Range. The two first-named societies were in New Guinea before annexation was proclaimed: the last two have come there since the proclamation of sovereignty. The native population take readily to civilisation in most great matters, while they often cling tenaciously to their own habits and customs in smaller and less important things.

Mode of Government.

Papua had formerly the constitution of a Crown colony, regulated by Royal letters patent of 8th June, 1888, under which the Government was

carried on by an Administrator, with the advice and assistance of an executive and a legislative council. The correspondence of the Administrator of British New Guinea with the Secretary of State passed first through the Governor of Queensland, and afterwards through the Governor-General of Australia. By Letters Patent, of 18th March, 1902, provision was made for placing the Possession under the authority of the Commonwealth, and for the revocation of the Letters Patent governing the Constitution as soon as the Commonwealth Parliament had provided by law for the future government. Provision was made by the Papua Act, 1906, proclaimed on the 1st September, 1906, as above stated. There was no form of Government among the native population, the Polynesian system of chiefs being practically unknown; patriarchal authority did not extend beyond near family relatives, and even then was only loose. A certain measure of chiefly influence is being created now by a few men under Government authority, but control over the natives is being best acquired by the gradual creation of a force of village policemen. The Administration has at its disposal an armed constabulary, consisting of about 257 natives, enrolled from many different districts. Special laws have been passed for the protection of the native population, and for dealing with lands. A code consisting of a series of simple regulations, which are from time to time being added to, has also been passed for the benefit of the native population. The courts of the Possession consist of the Central, Petty Sessions, and Native Magistrates' Courts.

Magisterial Divisions.

The Territory is divided into eight magisterial divisions, in each of which there is a resident magistrate, who is also invested with the executive authority of dealing in the first instance with any administrative matter that may arise. Besides these there are assistant resident magistrates in certain more populous districts. The Central Court, which possesses the jurisdiction of an ordinary Supreme Court, sits wherever there is occasion. The principal seat of Government is at Port Moresby. This place is centrally situated. It is easy to approach the harbour, and the latter is large, commodious, and sheltered from all winds. It is not well watered, but is very picturesque, and comparatively healthy. The immediate neighbourhood is not well suited for ordinary cultivation on account of the rather scanty rainfall. Port Moresby is a port of entry.

Samarai, the next place in importance, is an island of some sixty acres two miles from the south-east end of the mainland. There is no native village on that island. It is a port of entry, and the headquarters of the Resident Magistrate of the district. There is good anchorage there, but no convenient water supply. It is the port from which miners, pearl fishers, etc., generally obtain their supplies. Like Port Moresby, the neighbourhood of Samarai is very picturesque. Its rainfall is nearly three times as great as at the former place.

The third port of entry is the island of Daru, the headquarters of the Resident Magistrate for the Western Division. It has a good and safe harbour, with an approach that presents no difficulty. It is the only harbour Papua possesses in the west, and the island supplies the best building sites obtainable in that part of the country. It is visited by many boats engaged in the pearl-shell fishery of Torres Straits. Kwaiapan

Bay, Woodlark Island, in the extreme east of the Possession is the fourth Port of Entry.

Industries.

There are no European manufactories in the Possession.

The chief industry worked by Europeans is agriculture, principally coconuts, para rubber and sisal hemp. Cotton is still in the experimental stage. Gold and copper mining are carried on and petroleum of good quality has been obtained in the Gulf Division, but not as yet in commercial quantities. During 1923-24 there were 24 white miners and 361 indentured labourers employed in gold mining. Gold to the value of 6,792*l.* in 1923-24, 14,980*l.* in 1924-25 and 32,450*l.* in 1925-26 was declared at the custom house for export. The gold-bearing country is extensive, but it is for various reasons very difficult to prospect. There are also indications of auriferous reefs, and several crushing plants have been established. *Pearls*, 16,600*l.* in 1923-24; 19,300*l.* in 1924-25 and 13,249*l.* in 1925-26. *Trochus-shell* was exported, 5,980*l.* in 1923-24; 8,578*l.* in 1924-25 and 14,140*l.* in 1925-26. The shell is widely distributed over the eastern seas of the colony, but large areas of water are difficult to work on account of their depth. *Beche-de-mer* is found on most of the reefs, and will always figure as a small industry: 10,441*l.* in 1923-24; 10,351*l.* in 1924-25 and 10,205 in 1925-26. *Sandal-wood* was exported: 585*l.* in 1923-24; 666*l.* in 1924-25 and 250*l.* in 1925-26. It is sometimes found in the form of large trees, so far only in the central district on the mainland. It commands a fair price in the market. *The rubber industry*: 33,334*l.* in 1923-24; 68,507*l.* in 1924-25 and 194,849*l.* in 1925-26. Since 1907, coconuts have been largely planted by white settlers, the acreage on 30th December, 1926, being 50,506. There is also a very large area of native-owned coconuts. The old trees are only in small clumps, except in a few instances, and in those exceptional cases the groves are the property of large communities, who make extensive use of the coconut as an article of food. The value of copra exported was 136,659*l.* in 1923-24; 172,906*l.* in 1924-25 and 204,097*l.* in 1925-26. There are large sago fields in the colony, but this article has not yet been worked for export. Hemp, copper ore, and mangrove bark are also exported.

External Trade.

The customs tariff is comparatively light one; *ad valorem* duties do not exceed 10 per cent. The external trade is chiefly with Queensland and New South Wales. The external trade, imports and exports, as entered at the customs, amounted to 434,359*l.* in 1918-19; 693,222*l.* in 1919-20; 667,442*l.* in 1920-21; 526,941*l.* in 1921-22; 494,876*l.* in 1922-23; 594,373*l.* in 1923-24; 826,709*l.* in 1924-25 and 1,120,147*l.* in 1925-26.

A monthly service from Sydney is carried on by a steamer belonging to Messrs. Burns, Philp and Co. under contract for the conveyance of mails and passengers. The coasting and general inter-island trade is carried on by means of a small steamer and some small cutters or luggers, many of which are manned exclusively by Papuans. There are suitable substantial wharves for working cargo at Port Moresby and Samarai, at which places all manner of supplies are obtainable at reasonable prices. Much of the internal communication will be made by the rivers. Tracks have been cut in many directions,

and the natives are becoming accustomed to travel alone or with Europeans over great areas. During the prevalence of the south-east trades, travelling by small boat is uncomfortable and difficult west of Yule Island, where there is no barrier reef; but east of that the coast is largely protected. East of Yule Island harbours and good anchorages are numerous. In the interior travelling is done always on foot, but in the central district horses can be used on many tracks.

	Local Revenue.	Imports.	Exports.	Shipping.
	£	£	£	Tons.
1916-17	63,568	271,640	156,535	231,008
1917-18	72,594	283,792	220,699	121,727
1918-19	73,121	258,112	176,247	60,108
1919-20	85,537	422,741	270,481	59,189
1920-21	138,175	484,770	172,672	67,624
1921-22	123,287	305,705	220,236	74,206
1922-23	120,624	315,423	179,452	77,676
1923-24	133,317	354,965	239,408	68,170
1924-25	140,798	459,080	367,629	78,613
1925-26	172,395	470,774	649,373	129,553

Executive Council.

Lieut.-Governor and Judge, Sir John Hubert Murray, K.C.M.G.
Commissioner for Lands, Mines and Agriculture, Stanforth Smith, M.B.E.
Government Secretary, H. W. Champion.
Judge, C. E. Herbert.
Treasurer, R. W. T. Kendrick.
Chief Medical Officer and Government Anthropologist, Dr. W. M. Strong.
Commissioner for Native Affairs, J. T. O'Malley.
Director of Public Works, J. T. Bensted.
Official Secretary, H. L. Murray.
Non-Official, E. S. Huntley.

Legislative Council.

The same members as the Executive Council, and 5 non-official members appointed by the Governor-General of Australia :—
 The Hon. J. G. Nelson.
 The Hon. E. S. Huntley.
 The Hon. A. Jewell.
 The Hon. A. H. Bunting.
 The Hon. The Rev. H. M. Dauncey.

Civil Establishment.

Lieutenant-Governor, Sir John Hubert Murray, K.C.M.G., 1,800*l*.
Official Secretary, H. L. Murray, 732*l*.

Judicial.

Judge, Sir John Hubert Murray, K.C.M.G.
Judge, C. E. Herbert, 1,200*l*.
Registrar, Central Court, A. J. Bates, 564*l*.

Government Secretary's Department.

Government Secretary, H. W. Champion, 900*l*.
Chief Clerk (vacant).

Magisterial Department.

Resident Magistrates—
Central Division, J. W. Baldie, 636*l*.
Eastern Division, A. P. Lyons, 684*l*.
South Eastern Division, F. J. Berge, 564*l*.
Western Division, E. R. Oldham, 600*l*.
North Eastern Division, A. C. Rentoul (Acting)
Gulf Division, W. R. Humphries, 564*l*.
Delta Division, A. L. Blyth, 510*l*.
Northern Division, C. T. Wurth, 600*l*.
Relieving Resident Magistrate, E. M. Bastard, 564*l*.

Assistant Resident Magistrates—

1st Grade, R. A. Woodward, 510*l*.; G. F. W. Zimmer, 510*l*.; R. L. Dick, 492*l*.; H. W. H. Huntington, 474*l*.; F. R. Cawley, 456*l*.; A. E. Cridland, 456*l*.
2nd Grade, L. A. Flint, 474*l*.; R. W. Grist, 474*l*.; R. A. Vivian, 474*l*.; O. J. Atkinson, 456*l*.; C. A. Leonard, 474*l*.; J. G. Fowler, 456*l*.; L. Austen, 456*l*.; C. H. Karius, 438*l*.; W. J. Lambden, 438*l*.; W. H. H. Thompson, 420*l*.; S. H. Chance, 420*l*.; L. E. Ashton, 438*l*.; E. Whitehouse (European Medical Assistant, Trobriand Islands, and Assistant Resident Magistrate), 438*l*.

Treasury, Customs and Postal Department.

Treasurer, R. W. T. Kendrick, 828*l*.
Accountant, E. C. Harris, 582*l*.
Paying Officer, Treasury, T. P. Byrne, 438*l*.
Cashier, Treasury, T. Grahamslaw, 400*l*.
Collector of Customs, Samarai, N. F. Davies, 546*l*.
Collector of Customs, Port Moresby, N. E. Imlay, 492*l*.
Collector of Customs, Kukumadai, L. V. Brossey, 510*l*.
Customs Officer, Daru, E. Grant, 438*l*.
Boarding Inspector, Port Moresby, H. F. Stuart-Russell, 456*l*.
Boarding Inspector, Samarai, S. Smith, 456*l*.
Government Storekeeper, H. A. Ross, 600*l*.

Lands and Mines, Survey and Agricultural Departments.

Commissioner, M. S. C. Smith, 1,000*l*.
Chief Clerk, H. W. Hardy, 456*l*.
Government Geologist (vacant).
Survey Department.
Staff Surveyors, W. T. Panton, 582*l*.; H. G. Shannon, 582*l*.
Draughtsmen, C. P. Pinney, 582*l*.; H. S. O'Reilly, 492*l*.

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, J. T. Bensted, 732*l*.
Draughtsman, G. M. Turnbull, 546*l*.

Agricultural Department.

Manager Orangerie Bay Coconut Plantation, H. E. Catt, 582*l*.
Manager Kemp Welch Rubber Plantation, T. K. Bowes, 438*l*.

Medical Department.

Chief Medical Officer, Dr. W. M. Strong, 950*l*.
Government Medical Officer, Samarai, Dr. W. E. Giblin, 800*l*.
Government Medical Officer, Port Moresby, Dr. W. T. Harse, 800*l*.
Travelling Medical Officers (2 at 828*l*.), Dr. R. L. Bellamy, Dr. F. B. Leigh.
Matron, P.M. Hospital, Miss R. D'Aroy, 240*l*. board and free quarters.
Matron, Samarai Hospital, Miss G. M. Doherty, 216*l*. board and free quarters.

Department of Native Affairs.

Commissioner for Native Affairs, J. T. O'Malley.
Chief Inspector, A. S. Greenland, 510*l*.
Government Anthropologist, Dr. W. M. Strong.

Gaols.

Head Gaoler, Port Moresby, M. T. Healy, 426*l*.
Gaoler, Samarai, C. S. Speedie, 408*l*.

Government Printing Office.

Government Printer, E. G. Baker, 582*l*.
Foreman, W. A. Bock, 450*l*.
Compositor, Alfred Gibson, 426*l*.
Machinist, S. J. Anderson, 400*l*.

NORFOLK ISLAND.

Norfolk Island is the principal of three small islands lying 930 miles E.N.E. of Sydney, in 29° 4' S. lat. and 167° 58' E. long., the other islets being Phillip and Nepean Islands. They comprise altogether about 15 square miles, and were discovered in 1774 by Captain Cook. They remained uninhabited until 1788, when a penal settlement was formed there. This was removed in 1855, and in 1856 the inhabitants of Pitcairn Island were brought to the group, about 194 persons settling there, with their cattle, sheep, and pigs. The Pitcairn Islanders were the descendants of the mutineers of H.M.S. "Bounty," who occupied Pitcairn in 1790, and were removed at their own request to Norfolk Island. Of these 40 returned to Pitcairn. The total population at the census of 1921 was males 339, females 378, total 717. The chief occupation is agriculture, but the men take part in the whale fishery.

There was formerly but little regular administration, the community being presided over by two of the leading inhabitants as unpaid magistrates, with a simple code of laws. The island was on the 24th June, 1856, placed under the control of the Governor of New South Wales, who was given power to appoint officers, make laws and grant lands. On 1st July, 1914, the island was made a territory of the Commonwealth. The office of the administration is the Department of Home and Territories, Melbourne (*Minister for Home and Territories*, Senator Sir Thomas W. Glasgow, K.C.B., C.M.G., I.S.O., V.D.; *Secretary*, John Gilbert McLaren, C.M.G.). It is a station of the Pacific Cable Board. Communication is maintained once every 5 weeks by steamer from Sydney. There is a resident doctor. Education is free, and there is an efficient school which is conducted by a head master (D. R. Culey) placed at the disposal of the Commonwealth Government by the Department of Public Instruction, New South Wales. The village is Kingston.

Administrator and Chief Magistrate, Major

General V. C. M. Sellheim, C.B., C.M.G., 800*l*.

Government Medical Officer, Dr. L. S. Duke.

Chaplain, Rev. F. Berry.

President Executive Council, Eustace Christian.

Registrar of Lands, E. Stephenson.

Clerk (vacant).

Head of Police, G. H. Wickstead.

Registrar of the Magistrates' Court and Collector of Customs, E. Stephenson.

Postmaster, F. W. Heape (acting).

THE TERRITORY OF NEW GUINEA.

(FORMERLY GERMAN NEW GUINEA).

In 1884, Germany declared a Protectorate over Kaiser Wilhelm Land (the north-eastern part of the Island of New Guinea) and the adjacent Islands of the Bismarck Archipelago, and in later years the Protectorate was extended to the German Solomon Islands, Nauru, and to the Marshall, Caroline, Mariana and Pelew groups, North of the Equator.

The control and development of Kaiser Wilhelm Land was from 1885 to 1899 vested in the German New Guinea Company, which, to all intents and purposes, constituted a Government in itself, and issued its own coinage, but in

1899, the Imperial German Government again assumed control, making annual grants from the Imperial Treasury towards the cost of administration. The seat of Government was at Rabaul in New Britain.

That portion of German New Guinea, which, has, since the 12th September, 1914, been administered by Australia, consists of Kaiser Wilhelm Land, the Bismarck Archipelago, and Buka and Bougainville (Solomon Islands). At the meeting of the council of the League of Nations in December, 1920, a mandate to administer these territories was issued to the Commonwealth. The islands North of the Equator are administered by Japan.

During the German regime, German New Guinea was administered by a Governor, who was appointed by the Imperial Crown. He was not assisted by any advisory council; to a great extent the laws of Germany were enforced, these being supplemented by the issue of ordinances by the Governor or higher authority. For better administrative control, the Colony was divided into seven districts, each in charge of a District Officer with certain judicial powers. This system has been adhered to by the Australian authorities.

Geographical Description.

The Mainland of New Guinea (Kaiser Wilhelm Land) is the North East part of New Guinea, having an area of about 70,000 square miles, nearly one third of the whole Island of New Guinea, the balance of which is divided between Holland (Dutch New Guinea), and the British Empire (Papua). It is divided into four districts namely, Aitape, Sepik, Madang and Morobe, the most important of the three being Madang, with head-quarters at Madang (formerly Friedrich Wilhelm Hafen) on Astrolabe Bay.

Possessing a long, but little indented coast line, the Mainland has few good harbours, the best being probably Madang and Vanimo Harbour, Sek Harbour, Hatzfeldt Harbour, Monumbo Harbour, and Finsch Harbour, though Morobe Haven on which Morobe is situated is a well protected little port. Aitape is practically an open roadstead, and here, as is the case generally right along the coast, shipping, when desiring to anchor during heavy weather, is forced to do so under the lee of one of the many islands which dot the coast.

In respect of rivers, however, these three districts are more fortunate. The Sepik River in the Sepik and Aitape districts is a fine stream which rises in the mountains of Dutch New Guinea and has its mouth situated about 70 miles south east of Aitape. For vessels of, up to about 600 tons it is navigable for a distance of over 400 miles from its mouth, whilst vessels of greater size have covered a distance of over 200 miles. The Ramu or Ottilien River, a long but smaller river than the Sepik, rises in the Bismarck Ranges in the Madang District and discharges at a spot not many miles South East from the mouth of the Sepik. In the Morobe District is the Wussi (or Markham) River, which is smaller than the two above-mentioned streams. It flows into the Huon Gulf.

The whole of the Mainland is very mountainous, some peaks rising to a height of about 13,000 feet. One or two of the islands along the coast are also mountainous, Vulcan Island being an active volcano. The mainland is believed to possess considerable mineral wealth, though, owing principally to the difficulties encountered in inland transport, no extensive mining operations have yet been undertaken. At various

points along the coast, large plantations are found and Mission stations exist at many places, but comparatively little is known yet of the interior, though extensive patrols are now despatched from time to time by the Government. These it is anticipated will serve the double purpose of opening up the unknown country, and of bringing the inland native into touch with the representatives of the Government in the various districts.

The *Bismarck Archipelago* consists of New Britain, New Ireland, the Admiralty Islands and all the smaller adjacent groups of islands such as Lavongai and the Duke of York Group.

New Britain, a long, narrow crescent shaped island is the largest and most important island of the Archipelago.

The total area of the island is estimated at 13,000 square miles and as the mean breadth is only 50 miles, its extreme narrowness can be easily realized. Despite this, however, except at the northern and western extremities, it has never been crossed by white man. This is due to the fact that a high and very rugged range of mountains runs from one end of New Britain to the other. Little is known of the interior; the natives therefrom are considered, and have often proved to be, very treacherous, but with the vigorous system of patrols instituted during the past few years, and the development of roads into the interior it is hoped that before long, the whole interior will have been explored.

The highest peak in New Britain is an active volcano, The Father, 7,500 feet high, on the north west coast, near which are the two mountains, the North and South Son. Close to Rabaul are three peaks, the Mother and the South and North Daughter, the first named being an extinct volcano.

Volcanic action is very evident throughout New Britain, especially in the north, where, close to Rabaul, are found the Matupi Sulphur Springs situated at the foot of the Mother in Matupi Harbour. Vulcan Island, 193 acres in area, which lies on the south side of Blanche Bay, made its appearance in one night, in 1878, during an eruption from Mount Mother, when violent earthquakes were also experienced. At the present time earth tremors are of frequent occurrence.

Unlike the Mainland, New Britain is fortunate in possessing several good harbours, the best being Simpson Harbour, the inlying portion of Blanche Bay; others are Jacquot Bay, Arawe, Linden Harbour and Powell Harbour on the south-east and south coasts and Rein Bay and Talasea Harbor on the north coast.

There are no rivers of any importance in the island, those that do exist being short rapid-flowing streams.

Rabaul is situated upon Simpson Harbour, which is horse-shoe in shape, with good depths, well protected from winds and weather, and affords a most excellent anchorage for overseas shipping.

The bulk of the white population of New Britain has grouped itself in or near Rabaul, though settlers with coconut plantations, have operated at various suitable points practically round the whole coast line.

New Ireland lies close and practically at right angles to the northern end of New Britain. It is a long narrow island, very mountainous, without any rivers of size, and geologically older than New Britain. The volcanic appearances so definite in the latter island are not evident in New Ireland. Its coast line is fairly unbroken and its best harbours are at Kavieng, Namatanai and

Muliama on the north and east coasts and Kalili on the west coast. Crossings of the island have been made from time to time in several places, and here and there very fair roads exist.

New Ireland is divided into a northern and a southern district, the former, which includes the island of Lavongai being known as Kavieng District, and the latter Namatanai District. Kavieng is a substantial little tropical town with good Government Buildings. During recent years a Government Wharf capable of berthing ships of 2,000 tons has been built.

For some years, concern has been felt at the rapid decrease of the native population of New Ireland. This was believed to be to a great extent attributable to the fact that too many men were being recruited for labour in other parts of the Territory; and for several years some parts of the island was closed against recruiting.

The *Admiralty Islands* comprise a small group lying about 380 miles to the north west of Rabaul, and constitute the district of Manus, with headquarters at the principal port, Loringau, situated on the north east corner of the island of Manus, which is the largest of the group and of the same rugged mountainous type as its neighbours, New Britain and New Ireland, though apparently free from volcanoes. It is only recently that government patrols have succeeded in pushing their way right across Manus, thus gaining some idea of the interior. What rivers exist are naturally small and unimportant. Several useful though small harbours provide good anchorages for small shipping which touches at these islands.

To the north west of the Admiralty Islands, at a distance of about 200 miles, are the three small groups, the Ninigo, Hermit and Anchorite Islands, better known as the North Western Islands. A particularly fine type of native is found inhabiting these islands. The groups contain no harbours, excepting in the lagoons at The Hermit and Ninigo Groups; and in most cases depths ranging to about 200 fathoms are found close inshore, rendering it impossible for vessels to anchor while loading copra, of which a fair quantity is produced.

It is in the waters adjacent to the Admiralty Islands that most of the shell fishing in the Territory is carried on, trochus and gold-lip being obtained in large quantities.

The *Solomon Islands*.—Germany's share of the Solomon Islands consisted of the islands of Bougainville and Buka, which constitute the district of Kieta, their total area being about 3,400 square miles.

These two islands are very mountainous, particularly Bougainville, where there are found several volcanoes. Mount Balbi, a peak in the Emperor Range in the centre of the island, with a height of over 10,000 feet, is a dormant volcano, whilst Mount Bagana, in the Crown Prince Ranges is at the present time an active crater.

There are several good harbours along the coast, the principal being Kieta on the East coast of Bougainville. This is a very well protected bay, almost landlocked, with its entrance protected by a well defined coral reef. Shipping of fair draught finds a suitable anchorage close inshore to the little town of Kieta. Other good harbours are found at Rava and Tiniputs, also at Carola Haven on Buka Island.

The interior of Bougainville was practically unknown, but during 1919, it was partially explored by Australian patrols, and a well equipped

expedition commenced to construct a road which will ultimately link up the Eastern and Western sides of the Island. It will then be possible to get into touch with the tribes of the interior which at present are principally notable for their aggressive attitude towards white men.

Agriculture, etc.

The Territory comprises some 60 million acres of land, most of which is capable of cultivation under tropical staples. Of this area, about 700,000 acres are alienated, and 176,460 are under cultivation.

In the many islands of the Archipelago and the North-East New Guinea, land of all kinds is to be met with, from coral atolls to granite peaks. A considerable portion is flat and comparatively low lying, with soil ranging from sand to light sandy loam, usually overlying a sub-soil of broken coral—ideal for coconuts, with which much has been planted.

Larger islands, while they frequently have a margin, or at least stretches of soil similar to the above, rise into undulating foot-hills, with or without peaks and headlands. On these the soil is of a heavier nature, ranging from sedimentary deposits to rich, and in some cases, comparatively recent, volcanic soils. Still larger islands, which often have a range of hills as a backbone, and areas of swamp near the coast, have soils grading from light sand to rich heavy clays. Many of these are well watered with creeks and rivers, in the valleys of which the richest of alluvial soils are to be met with, capable of growing anything.

Not only is the Territory particularly favoured in the matter of soils and rainfall, but the fact that it is outside the cyclone and hurricane belts, enables agricultural industries to be undertaken with greater security than many places afford.

At present the Territory is entirely dependent upon the one industry of agriculture, and almost entirely on the one staple of coconuts for the manufacture of copra. There are at present, some 350 to 400 coconut plantations opened, owned and worked by Europeans, of an average area of between four and five hundred acres, scattered through the Archipelago.

Other staples being cultivated to a smaller extent are, in about the order mentioned, coconuts, rubber, coffee, tobacco, arrowroot and kapok, often in conjunction with coconuts or each other.

The mineral wealth of the islands can only be surmised. Gold is known to exist, especially in N.E. New Guinea whilst mineral oil has been found although as yet not in commercial quantities. Sulphur is obtainable, whilst it is believed that copper and nickel deposits exist. The transport difficulty has proved a very effectual bar to the efforts of prospectors up to the present; and it is only with the expenditure of considerable capital that any venture is likely to be successful until the country has been opened up.

The shell fishing industry is one that cannot be overlooked when assessing the commercial value of the colony. Large quantities of trochus, green snail, gold-lip and black-lip are obtained yearly and the revenue obtained therefrom, which includes a royalty, is considerable. The value of marine products exported from the Territory during the year ended 30th June, 1925, amounted to 17,279/.

Climate and Health.

The climate, and particularly the rainfall over so widely spread a group of islands, must

naturally vary considerably in different parts. Generally speaking, the rainfall is plentiful and reliable. A N.W. monsoon period between December and February; and a S.W. between March and November are experienced. The latter, during which steady trade winds occur, and the islands are seldom without a breeze, constitutes the cooler and more pleasant portion of the year. No especial dry belts exist, and droughts of more than a few months' duration are unknown.

The average rainfall for the Territory may be taken as 100 to 125 inches per annum. The following are the averages for the districts:—

Rabaul, New Britain	86.19
Aitape, New Guinea	86.1
Madang, New Guinea	146.30
Kavieng, New Ireland	123.71
Manus, Admiralty Islands ..	140.14
Kokopo, New Britain	95.70
Morobe, New Guinea	98.50
Kieta, Bougainville	129.59
Namatani, New Ireland	117.4
Gasmata, South New Britain ..	254.54

The following are results of observations taken at Rabaul, the capital, on the Island of New Britain, about 4½ degrees south of the equator, from 1916 to 1923:—

Shade temperature—

Average monthly mean	81.3° F.
Yearly average rainfall	86.19 ins.

Many settlers, after a few years, affirm that the climate is pleasant, and certainly the lure of the tropics is no myth to those who have the temperament. For all this, the climate is tropical, and is not to be treated with disdain. Reasonable care and the exercise of common sense, with due attention to hygiene, are necessary to avoid the effects of malaria and other tropical ailments that any neglect of precautions render practically inevitable.

Malarial fever offers the principal obstacle to white colonists in this territory, some parts of the islands being more subject to the ravages of the fever than others. The efforts of the Australian medical authorities have met with great success, and the percentage of people suffering regularly from malaria has gradually decreased from year to year. In Rabaul, where much work has been performed on sanitation and bush clearing around the town, the malarial carrier, the anopheline mosquito, has been almost eliminated, with the result that malaria cases are at present few and far between. The man who suffers is of course the planter living in places remote from the activities of the medical authorities. Elephantiasis makes an appearance occasionally amongst the native population; and, as is the case in most tropical countries, dysentery and tubercular diseases yearly claim a number of victims from the colored races.

Constant care has to be exercised to prevent the introduction of epidemic diseases, such as smallpox, influenza or measles, the latter of which, while comparatively harmless among white races, becomes calamitously destructive among the careless living slightly clad natives.

Native Population.

Head-taxes are collected every year and a census is taken regularly in the parts of the Territory under Government influence. The total native population is estimated at 378,701. The non-native population is 3,132.

Generally speaking the New Guinea aborigine is of a good type, well built, and, when civilised, very amenable to discipline. As a rule he is fairly stolid, though flashes of brilliance are found amongst members of some of the tribes. In every island the different branches or tribes appear to be innumerable, and even at short distances it is found that great physical differences occur in the types; while tribes only ten or twelve miles from each other often speak totally different dialects. The result is that interpretation is very difficult for travellers or for the natives amongst themselves, but throughout the colony the use of "pidgin" English has become so established, that even the Germans spoke "pidgin" English to their labourers. Natives are recruited for many purposes; they make good plantation labourers, boat crews, or domestic servants, whilst many who have received special training have become adept artisans. The German Government had commenced a technical school for natives at Rabaul. This school has been continued by the Australian Authorities who have also established an Elementary School and a school for half-caste children.

Work of this nature is also carried out by the Missions.

Communications.

Between Rabaul and the various islands a line of small steamers maintains a regular service, carrying mails and stores to the outlying districts, and loading with copra, etc., for transhipment at Rabaul, prior to shipment to Australia.

Regular communication is maintained to and from Australia by a three-weekly shipping service.

Telegraphic communication is well maintained throughout the group by a system of wireless stations, some of which had been installed by the German Government.

Revenue and Expenditure.

	REVENUE.	EXPENDITURE.
1922-23 ..	£259,286	.. £250,431
1923-24 ..	£248,743	.. £268,337
1924-25 ..	£242,775	.. £250,902
1925-26 ..	£259,018	.. £212,991

Public Debt on 31st Dec., 1924, £23,465.

Trade.

	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.
	£	£
1917-18 ..	258,040	.. 401,504
1918-19 ..	271,861	.. 269,668
1919-20 ..	506,767	.. 849,422
1920-21 ..	661,441	.. 673,992
1921-22 ..	468,711	.. 499,197
1922-23 ..	516,455	.. 630,892
1924-25 ..	537,940	.. 858,990
1925-26 ..	568,339	.. 509,249

CIVIL ADMINISTRATION.

The following are the names of the principal officials of the Civil Administration, which came into force on the 9th May, 1921:—

Central Administration.

Administrator, Brig.-Gen. Evan A. Wisdom, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D.

Government Secretary, H. H. Page.

Legal Department.

Chief Judge, D. S. Wanlass, C.M.G.

Crown Law Officer, G. Hogan.

Stipendiary Magistrate, F. B. Phillips.

(c)

Treasury.

Treasurer, H. O. Townsend.

Audit Branch.

Local Auditor, D. E. Aikins.

Department of Customs.

Collector of Customs, E. F. Phibbs.

Native Affairs Department.

Commissioner, H. C. Cardew.

Government Store.

Superintendent, J. E. Savage, M.B.E., M.C.

Department of Lands, Surveys, Mines and Forests.

Secretary, J. L. Street (acting).

Harbour Master's Department.

Harbour Master, C. J. B. Webb.

Post and Telephones Department.

Postmaster, E. K. Abraham.

Department of Public Health.

Director, Dr. R. W. Cilento.

Department of Agriculture.

Director (vacant).

Anthropological.

Anthropologist, E. W. P. Chinnery.

Expropriation Board.

Chairman, J. H. Peck, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Second Member, A. J. Egan.

Third Member (vacant).

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

District Inspector, J. Walstab.

New Britain.

District Officer, E. Taylor.

Assistant District Officers, L. F. S. Hore, E. W.

Oakley, F. W. Mantle.

Kavieng.

District Officer, D. Waugh.

Assistant District Officer (vacant).

Madang.

District Officer, A. J. Hunter.

Assistant District Officer, S. J. Appleby.

Kieta.

District Officer, T. L. McAdam.

Assistant District Officer, N. R. Tutton.

Namatanai.

District Officer, S. S. Skeats (acting).

Manus.

District Officer (vacant).

Assistant District Officer, W. J. Townsend.

Ailape.

District Officer, R. Melrose.

Assistant District Officer, E. A. Feldt.

Morobe.

District Officer, J. H. Lukin.

Sepik.

District Officer (vacant).

Assistant District Officer, G. W. L. Townsend.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE DOMINION.

The Provinces of Ontario, Quebec (formerly constituting the Colony of Canada), New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, were, by the Imperial Act, 30-31 Vict., c. 3, formed into one Dominion. This Act was brought into force on July 1st, by Royal Proclamation, bearing date the 22nd May, 1867. Its essential provisions are given below.

The Governor-General of Canada was, by Letters Patent of 1st April, 1870, appointed Governor of Rupert's Land. The admission of Rupert's Land into the Dominion of Canada after the 15th July, 1870, was provided for by Order in Council of the 23rd June, 1870, and the Province of Manitoba was erected out of this Territory by a Canadian Act, 33 Vict., cap. 3, and made a Province of the Dominion 15th July, 1870.

By Order of Her Majesty in Council, dated 16th May, 1871, issued on the authority of the British North America Act, 1867, on Addresses from the Houses of Parliament of Canada and the Legislature of British Columbia, that Colony was incorporated in the Dominion, the union taking effect from the 20th of July, 1871.

Prince Edward Island was admitted by Order in Council, bearing date 26th of June, 1873, on the 1st of July in that year.

By an Act passed in 1876, the portion of the N.W. Territories lying to the north of Manitoba was created into a separate district, under the name of the District of Keewatin, but under the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba.

By a Canadian Act, 38 Vict., cap. 49 (1875), the territories formerly known as "Rupert's Land" and the North-Western Territory (with the exception of the portion forming the Province of Manitoba) were placed under the jurisdiction and control of a Lieutenant-Governor and Council, separate and distinct from Manitoba.

On the 31st of July, 1880, in compliance with the prayer of an address from the Parliament of Canada, dated the 3rd of May, 1878, Her Majesty issued an Order in Council annexing to the Dominion of Canada from the 1st of September, 1880, such British Possessions in North America (other than Newfoundland) as were not previously included in the Dominion.

By Minute of Council of May 17th, 1882, the districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and Athabaska, were created, and

by Order in Council October 2nd, 1895, modified by Order in Council 18th December, 1897, the remaining territory was subdivided into the districts of Ungava, Franklin, Mackenzie, and Yukon, the last-named being made a separate territory, distinct from the North-West Territories, under special regulations by chapter 6 of the Acts of the Federal Parliament, 1898.

By chapters 3 and 27 of the Act of 1905 the four provisional districts of Alberta, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, and Athabaska were formed into the two provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and were admitted into the Dominion as such on the 1st September, 1905. The dividing line runs north and south. Alberta has an area of 255,285 square miles, and Saskatchewan of 251,700 square miles.

By Federal Act passed in the Session of 1912, the boundaries of the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba were extended. Ontario was enlarged by 146,400 square miles, Quebec by 354,961, and Manitoba by 178,100. The area of Quebec was reduced by 112,400 square miles as a consequence of the Labrador Boundary Award, made on March 1st, 1927, by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

History.

Particulars as to the history of each province will be found in the following pages, but it may here conveniently be stated that the north-east coast of the Dominion seems to have been first discovered by the Norse seamen of the middle ages. Cabot reached Labrador in 1497, and the fisheries off this coast were frequented early in the sixteenth century. In 1535 Cartier settled on the St. Lawrence on behalf of France, and others followed. The whole territory became British by the Treaty of Paris, 1763.

Constitution.

The Executive Government is vested in the Crown, and is exercised by a Governor-General appointed by the King, assisted by a Privy Council chosen and summoned by himself. The Cabinet, as in England, is a Committee of the Privy Council, formed of the principal members of the Government. The seat of Government, until the King shall otherwise direct, is Ottawa, in Ontario.

The supreme legislative power is vested in a Parliament, consisting of the King, a Senate, and a House of Commons. The Senate now consists of 96 members nominated for life by the Governor-General, and so chosen that 24 represent Ontario, 24 Quebec, 24 the Maritime Provinces, and 24 the Western Provinces. The qualification for Senator is the possession of property worth \$4,000, age of not less than thirty years, British nationality and residence within the province for which he is appointed. The House of Commons consisted originally of 181 elected members, which number has been increased by additions on the accession of new provinces, and by the increase in population, and is at present 245; 82 representing Ontario, 65 Quebec, 14 Nova Scotia, 11 New Brunswick, 17 Manitoba, 14 British Columbia,

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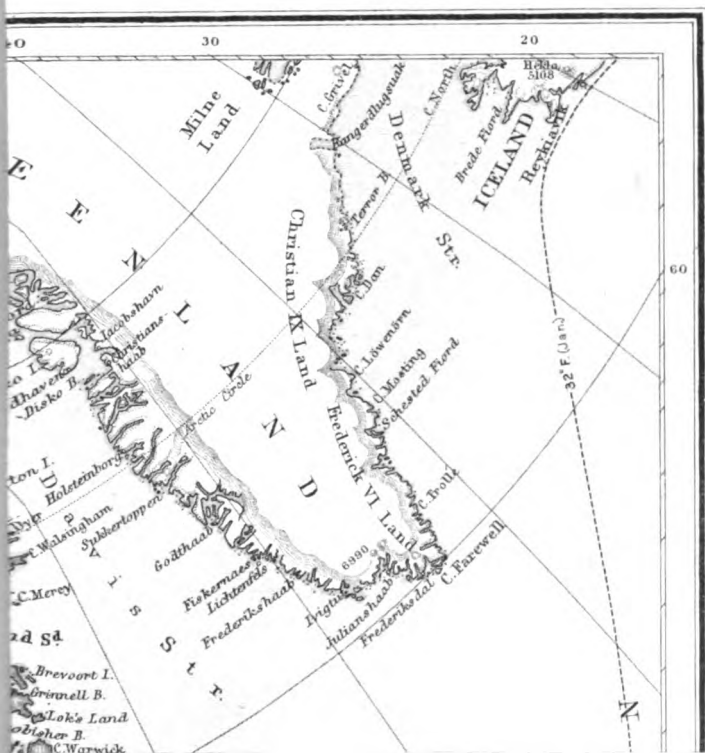
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allowance, payable half-yearly, on the difference between their respective debts and certain stipulated amounts.

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the whole municipal organisation (a) the townships, being rural districts of 8 or 10 miles square (b) the

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athabaska, were created, and Ontario, 65 Quebec, 14 Nova Scotia, 11 New Brunswick, 17 Manitoba, 14 British Columbia.

4 Prince Edward Island, 16 Alberta, 21 Saskatchewan, and 1 the Yukon Territory. The basis on which the number of members allotted to each province is regulated, is that Quebec shall always have 65, and the other provinces a proportional number according to their population at each decennial census. There is no property qualification. Each member of the Senate receives \$4,000 per annum, and each member of the Commons a maximum of \$4,000 per session, with certain deductions for days of non-attendance. A Parliament lasts five years if not sooner dissolved. Election is by ballot.

For each province there is a Lieutenant-Governor, appointed by the Governor-General, and holding office during pleasure, but not removable within five years of appointment, except for cause assigned. He receives a salary fixed and provided by the Dominion Parliament, and is assisted by an Executive Council or Cabinet possessing the confidence of the Provincial Assembly.

Each province has a "Legislative Assembly," and in Quebec and Nova Scotia there is also a "Legislative Council," forming a second chamber. The Provincial Legislatures possess the power of altering their constitutions. The territory not comprised within any province (Yukon and the North-West Territories) is very thinly inhabited. The Yukon Territory is governed by an appointed Gold Commissioner and an elective council of three members. The Northwest Territories are governed by a Commissioner and six councillors appointed by the Governor-General in Council.

The Dominion Parliament has exclusive legislative power in all matters except those specifically delegated by the constitution to the Provincial Legislatures. The Canadian Constitution is in this respect the reverse of that of the United States. Among such general matters may be named public finance, trade regulation, postal service, currency, coinage, banking and navigation matters, defence, the law relating to crimes, bankruptcy, copyright, patents, naturalisation, and Indian affairs.

The powers of the Provincial Legislatures are confined to certain specified subjects, of which the chief are the alteration of their own constitutions, direct taxation within the province and provincial loans, the management of provincial public lands, and of provincial and municipal offices, hospitals, gaols, &c., licences, local works, and the general civil law and procedure. With regard to education, they have full powers, subject only to certain provisions to secure protection to religious minorities. In agricultural, quarantine, and immigration matters, they possess concurrent legislative powers with the Dominion Parliament.

The Judges are appointed by the Governor-General in the superior, district, and county courts throughout the Dominion, except in the probate courts of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

The Dominion Government assumed the Provincial debts existing at the time of the Union, and agreed to pay to each Province an annual subsidy at the rate of 80 cents per head. Each Province also received an annual allowance for Government.

The Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, whose public debts were less, proportionally, at the Union than that of the old Province of Canada became entitled to receive an interest allowance, payable half-yearly, on the difference between their respective debts and certain stipulated amounts.

(c)

The annual subsidies granted to the several provinces were revised by Imperial enactment (1907), with the following effect:—

(a) A fixed grant according to population :
Where population is—

Under 150,000.....	100,000
150,000, but does not exceed 200,000	150,000
200,000	400,000
400,000 " "	800,000
800,000 " "	1,500,000
over 1,500,000.....	240,000

(b) A grant at the rate of 80 cents per head of the population of the province up to 2,500,000, and at the rate of 60 cents per head of so much of the population as exceeds that number.

(c) An additional grant of \$100,000 yearly to the province of British Columbia for a period of ten years, from 1907.

In lieu of public lands in Alberta and Saskatchewan, which the Dominion retains, each province receives until its population reaches 400,000, an annual sum of \$375,000, payable half-yearly; thereafter until the population reaches 800,000, an annual sum of \$562,500; thereafter until the population reaches 1,200,000, \$750,000; thereafter the sum payable shall be \$1,125,000.

Each of these two provinces, inasmuch as they were not in debt at the time (1905) of their statutory creation, are entitled to be paid half-yearly, in advance, an annual sum of \$405,375.

By chapter 32 of the Acts of the Parliament of Canada, 1912, the boundaries of the Province of Manitoba were extended northward to the 60th parallel of north latitude, and eastward to the shores of Hudson Bay, the area of the enlarged province as a result approximating the respective areas of the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan. In consequence of this enlargement allowances from the Federal Treasury practically identical in amount and upon the same basis as the allowances or grants to Alberta and Saskatchewan, as recited in the preceding paragraphs became payable to the Province of Manitoba.

By chapter 42 of the Acts of 1912, an additional annual grant of one hundred thousand dollars was made to the Province of Prince Edward Island.

Bills passed by the Provincial Legislature require the assent of the Lieutenant-Governor, and may be disallowed within a year by the Governor-General. Those passed by the Dominion Parliament require the assent of the Governor-General, and may be disallowed within two years by the King.

Provision was made in the Act constituting the Dominion for the admission into it of any of the other British possessions on the continent of North America, and they have all been since admitted except Newfoundland. Provision was also made for the construction of a railway from the River St. Lawrence to Halifax, and (in the Order in Council admitting British Columbia) for the construction of a railway from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean. Both these have been constructed.

Local Government.

In all the provinces local self-government has been developed to the fullest extent. In the complete form as adopted by Ontario, Manitoba, British Columbia, and other provinces, the whole municipal organisation comprises : (a) the townships, being rural districts of an area of 8 or 10 miles square (in the Prairie

x2

Provinces 6 miles square); (b) villages with a population over 750; (c) towns with a population of over 2,000. Such of these as are comprised within a large district, called a county, constitute (d) the county municipality; (e) cities in the provinces of Manitoba and Ontario are established from the growth of towns when their population exceeds 10,000 and 15,000 respectively. In the other provinces they are incorporated under certain Municipal Codes and Acts. The townships and villages are administered by a reeve and councillors; the towns by a mayor and councillors, and the cities by a mayor and aldermen. The governing body of the county municipality is composed of the members elected by districts containing one or more townships or villages, the presiding officer being styled "Warden." The Councils have powers to levy rates, create debts, promote agriculture, trade or manufactures, or railways, powers relating to drainage, roads, paupers, cemeteries, public schools, free libraries, markets, fire companies, preservation of the peace, &c.

Situation and Area.

The Dominion of Canada occupies the northern half of the American continent (except Labrador, Newfoundland, and Alaska, the latter belonging to the United States), stretching from latitude 49° to beyond the polar circle, and comprises an area computed at 3,684,723 square miles (30 times the area of the United Kingdom, over three times that of British India). The seven older Provinces of the Dominion (including territory added to the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba) comprise a little over 1,660,900 square miles. The Dominion includes all the Arctic islands (but not Greenland, which is Danish), as well as Anticosti, Prince Edward Island, and Cape Breton on the east, and Vancouver and Queen Charlotte Islands on the west.

Population of Dominion.

	1901.	1911.	1921.
Alberta . . .	73,022	374,295	588,454
British Columbia . . .	178,657	392,480	524,582
Manitoba . . .	255,211	461,394	610,118
New Brunswick . . .	331,120	351,889	387,876
Nova Scotia . . .	459,574	492,338	523,837
Ontario . . .	2,182,947	2,527,292	2,933,662
Prince Edward Island . . .	103,259	93,728	88,615
Quebec . . .	1,648,898	2,005,776	2,361,199
Saskatchewan . . .	91,279	492,432	757,510
N.W. Territory . . .	20,129	6,507	7,988
Yukon . . .	27,219	8,512	4,157
Canadian Navy . . .	—	—	485
Total . . .	5,371,315	7,206,643	8,788,483

Note—A Census of the population of the Prairie Provinces was taken as on 1st June, 1926, and is given below:—

Manitoba . . .	639,056
Saskatchewan . . .	821,042
Alberta . . .	607,584
Total . . .	2,067,682

The estimated total population on 1st June, 1927, was 9,519,000.

The population of the chief towns according to the census of 1921, was as follows:—

Montreal . . .	618,506
Toronto . . .	521,893
Winnipeg (1926) . . .	191,998
Vancouver . . .	117,217
Ottawa . . .	107,843
Hamilton . . .	114,151
Quebec . . .	95,193
Halifax . . .	58,372
London . . .	60,959
Calgary (1926) . . .	65,513
St. John, N.B. . . .	47,166
Victoria, B.C. . . .	38,727
Regina (1926) . . .	37,329
Edmonton (1926) . . .	65,163
Brantford . . .	29,440
Kingston . . .	21,753
Peterborough . . .	20,994
Hull . . .	24,117
Saskatoon (1926) . . .	31,234
Verdun . . .	25,001
Three Rivers . . .	22,367
Sault Ste Marie . . .	21,092
Windsor, Ont. . . .	38,591
Sydney, N.S. . . .	22,545
Fort William . . .	20,541
Sherbrooke . . .	23,515
Kitchener . . .	21,763

2,452,751 of the people are of French extraction, 1,889,277 of these residing in Quebec, where French is the language generally spoken.

The total population includes about 110,814 Indians, living chiefly in Manitoba, British Columbia, and the North-West Territories. They are under the supervision of Government agents, and have large districts reserved for them, where they live mainly by hunting, fishing, and traffic in furs. According to the census of 1921 there were 39,587 Chinese in Canada, many of whom (23,533) were in British Columbia, and a few thousand Esquimaux along the northern coasts, included with Indians in census figures.

The number of immigrants arrived during the year ended 31st March, 1927, was 143,991, of whom 49,784 were British, and 21,025 were from the United States.

FINANCES.*

SHIPPING ENTERED
AND CLEARED.
(Seagoing, not including
Coasting or Inland
Lake Tonnage.)

Year.	Revenue. \$	Expenditure. \$	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1918	260,778,963	178,234,313	21,303,643	27,871,273
1919	312,946,747	232,731,283	17,812,694	25,261,393
1920	349,746,336	303,843,930	16,755,628	25,244,754
1921	434,386,467	361,118,145	16,058,103	24,916,729
1922	381,952,397	347,560,691	10,471,403	27,594,470
1923	394,614,900	332,293,732	13,968,906	34,278,337
1924	396,837,682	324,813,190	15,158,994	37,018,402
1925	346,834,479	318,891,901	16,463,204	40,981,026
1926	380,745,506	320,660,479	17,749,067	46,014,906
1927	398,695,776	319,548,173	—	—

	1925-26. \$	1926-27. \$
Public Debt, gross . . .	2,768,779,184	2,774,046,323
Public Debt, net . . .	2,389,731,009	2,347,634,307
Assets of the Dominion . . .	379,048,085	426,211,953
Capital Expenditure . . .	16,798,549	19,558,703

* The financial year ends on March 31st.

Ended 31st March.	Imports (Home Consumption).			Total.
	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	
1918	\$ 91,324,814	\$ 46,799,790	\$ 846,898,325	\$ 974,922,919
1919	73,035,118	50,636,423	793,757,795	918,429,335
1920	126,362,631	47,969,028	890,176,464	1,064,528,123
1921	213,973,562	52,029,126	974,156,194	1,240,158,882
1922	117,134,576	31,925,665	598,744,091	747,804,332
1923	141,530,143	38,308,663	622,940,439	802,579,244
1924	153,586,080	41,804,011	697,976,168	893,366,259
1925	161,100,207	43,860,869	601,841,471	796,932,527
1926	163,731,210	43,987,823	719,809,889	927,528,732
1927	163,941,062	49,463,392	817,469,061	1,030,862,506
Ended 31st March.	Exports.			Total.
	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	
1918	\$ 861,073,399	\$ 44,722,078	\$ 683,965,718	\$ 1,589,661,195
1919	540,760,977	64,408,812	611,284,017	1,216,443,806
1920	489,152,637	72,635,360	677,704,096	1,239,492,098
1921	312,844,871	90,607,348	786,711,463	1,189,163,701
1922	290,361,675	46,490,223	394,398,782	740,240,680
1923	379,067,445	60,558,447	601,825,551	931,451,433
1924	380,057,782	76,538,587	608,754,687	1,045,351,056
1925	395,850,982	79,389,277	593,927,094	1,069,067,353
1926	508,237,560	90,330,435	716,787,798	1,315,355,791
1927	446,876,101	93,564,910	711,716,495	1,252,157,506

The imports for home consumption from the United States in 1926-27 were \$687,707,719. \$134,971,629 of dutiable goods were imported from the United Kingdom.

Industry.

The main industry of the Dominion is agriculture, an enormous quantity of cereals and dairy produce being raised and exported. "Homesteads" of 160 acres can be obtained without any payment, and the process of settlement on the land in the west is rapidly going on; about 35 per cent. of the population is engaged in agriculture, and 4,685 "homesteads" were granted in the fiscal year 1926. In 1926 there were 3,021 butter and cheese factories and 26 factories producing condensed milk and cream. In 1926 the quantity of creamery butter made was 177,209,287 lbs., valued at \$61,753,390, and the quantity of cheese made was 171,731,631 lbs., valued at \$28,807,841. The value of land, buildings and plant was \$53,287,335. The number of persons employed in factories during the year was 13,467, and the amount paid for salaries and wages was \$14,304,403.

Canadian manufacturing has grown steadily to reach the stage indicated by the table which follows. The utilization of hydro-electric power in Ontario and Quebec, which lack coal, is an important phase of the recent development.

PROVINCES.	No. OF ESTABLISH- MENTS.	CAPITAL. \$	TOTAL EMPLOYEES.	SALARIES AND WAGES. \$	COST OF MATERIALS. \$	VALUE OF PRODUCTS. \$
1925.						
Canada	22,331	3,808,289,981	544,014	596,015,171	1,587,665,408	2,948,545,315
P.E. Island	318	2,576,677	2,317	572,130	2,805,665	4,290,149
Nova Scotia	1,184	117,326,491	16,529	12,082,693	37,854,196	65,033,701
New Brunswick	861	91,509,933	17,275	14,430,252	44,886,292	73,374,660
Quebec	6,995	1,136,033,133	168,237	169,686,055	412,460,003	820,563,757
Ontario	9,386	1,925,593,482	262,307	307,304,007	828,939,668	1,527,154,660
Manitoba	769	120,342,238	20,027	25,286,173	71,683,113	124,145,763
Saskatchewan	650	31,607,896	4,405	5,755,629	24,353,581	40,093,273
Alberta	734	69,805,848	9,366	11,785,604	45,855,910	75,113,517
British Columbia & Yukon	1,434	313,494,283	43,551	49,112,628	118,826,980	218,775,835

SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION—	Fiscal Years ended March 31st.	
	1925-26.	1926-27.
	\$	\$
Dutiable Goods . . .	583,051,670	659,897,013
Free Goods . . .	344,277,062	370,995,492
Total Imports . . .	927,328,732	1,030,892,505
Duty collected . . .	143,933,110	158,966,356
EXPORTS—		
Canadian . . .	1,315,355,791	1,252,157,506
Foreign . . .	13,344,346	15,415,636
Total Exports . . .	1,328,700,137	1,267,573,142

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FOR CONSUMPTION. (Year ending March 31st, 1927.)

	\$
Animals, living . . .	2,334,311
Books and printed matter . . .	13,741,022
Breadstuffs . . .	18,216,352
Bricks, clays and tiles . . .	8,590,056
Chemicals . . .	31,844,715
Coal—Anthracite . . .	35,091,257
Bituminous . . .	21,980,950
Cocoa and chocolate . . .	1,320,949
Coffee . . .	6,130,001
Cotton . . .	54,149,009
China table ware . . .	3,670,229
Eggs . . .	1,046,603
Fish . . .	2,790,455
Flax, hemp and jute . . .	14,255,758
Furs . . .	13,365,124

	(Year ending March 31st, 1927.)
Hides and skins . . .	9,057,183
Jewellery . . .	1,475,461
Lard . . .	295,111
Leather . . .	9,236,368
Meats . . .	4,561,648
Metals—Brass . . .	4,995,981
Copper . . .	7,071,553
Precious metals . . .	2,598,542
Iron and steel . . .	229,429,485
Lead . . .	377,135
Tin . . .	3,455,959
Zinc . . .	865,403
Musical instruments . . .	2,535,951
Paints, colours and varnish . . .	4,607,411
Paper . . .	11,359,582
Ribbons . . .	1,373,312
Rubber . . .	27,377,947
Seeds . . .	3,492,183
Settlers' effects . . .	7,797,518
Silk . . .	30,077,476
Soap . . .	1,204,622
Stone, marble and slate . . .	5,965,893
Sugar and molasses . . .	40,486,316
Tea . . .	12,236,714
Tobacco . . .	7,602,013
Tobacco-pipes . . .	880,121
Vegetables . . .	6,594,722
Vehicles . . .	59,874,191
Vessels . . .	2,680,813
Wood, unmanufactured . . .	13,104,109
Wool . . .	50,575,753
Total principal and other articles imported . . .	1,030,892,505

‡ Coin and bullion not included this year and subsequently.

**PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF CANADIAN PRODUCE
EXPORTED.**

(Year ending March 31st, 1927.)

Animals, living, dols.	18,982,833
Butter, lb.	9,478,400
" dols.	3,351,589
Cheese, cwt.	1,366,654
" dols.	24,956,179
Coal, tons.	1,288,611
" dols.	7,187,000
Explosives, dols.	131,250
Fish, dols.	35,253,420
Furs, dols.	20,608,687
Grain—Oats, bush.	15,438,329
" dols.	8,598,755
" Wheat, bush.	248,467,482
" dols.	353,994,940
Total grain, dols.	394,423,836
Hides and skins, dols.	7,058,786
Leather, dols.	9,090,787
Meats, fresh, etc.—	
Bacon and ham, cwt.	787,447
" dols.	19,117,097
Beef, fresh, cwt.	335,555
" dols.	2,635,227
Pork, fresh, cwt.	153,906
" dols.	3,360,832
Total meats, dols.	29,408,705
Metals—	
Aluminium, etc., dols.	6,583,217
Asbestos, etc., dols.	10,674,125
Brass, etc., dols.	668,693
Copper, dols.	14,917,456
Gold, dols.	6,554,342
Iron and steel, dols.	74,294,824
Nickel, dols.	12,921,190
Silver, dols.	13,356,823
Milk and cream, dols.	8,740,979
Paper—newsprint, cwt.	35,437,629
" dols.	118,452,158
Total paper, dols.	123,222,734
Rubber, dols.	26,696,803
Seeds—Flax, bush.	2,664,073
" dols.	5,371,830
Textiles, dols.	7,665,563
Vegetables, dols.	12,340,934
Vehicles—Autos, No.	71,715
" dols.	31,751,262
" Auto parts, dols.	4,665,369
Wheat flour, brl.	10,147,705
" dols.	68,720,334
Wood—	
Unmanufactured, dols.	107,855,430
Manufactured Wood pulp, cwt.	18,959,351
" dols.	49,897,739
Total Wood and its products, dols.	284,120,267
Total principal and other articles exported (Canadian produce).	1,252,157,506

Immigration.

Canada, with an area of 3,684,723 square miles, and with numerous resources of field, forest, mine, water powers and fisheries, has long been an attractive field for immigration. As long ago as 1832, settlers entering Canada had numbered more than 100,000 a year, and immediately preceding the outbreak of war the movement had reached figures approximating 400,000 persons per year. During the war period immigration from Great Britain was almost entirely discontinued and the movement fell to relatively small figures. After 1918, there was again a steady increase, the total movement of immigrants to Canada for 1920-1 being 148,477, but in 1921-2 the number fell to 89,999 and to 72,887 in 1922-23, but rose to 148,560 in the year ending March 31st, 1924, falling off in 1925 to 111,362, and again in 1926, to 96,064. In 1927, there was an increase of 47,927 over the previous year.

In view of the world wide industrial conditions during the period of reconstruction only those types

of immigrants which can readily be absorbed into the industries of the country, namely, farmers, farm labourers and domestic workers, have been generally encouraged to migrate to Canada. Artisans and skilled labourers are welcomed only as conditions afford assurance of their employment. A vigorous system of inspection of immigrants is in effect, and the immigrant must satisfy the Canadian officials that he is desirable, physically and morally, before he can gain admission into Canada. At the present time each adult immigrant is also required to have \$250 in money, in addition to a ticket to his destination, and half that sum is required with respect to children. This regulation may be waived in the case of farmers, farm labourers or domestic workers coming to assured employment, and in the case of certain immigrants from the United Kingdom.

By an Agreement concluded in 1925 between the British and Canadian Governments greatly reduced fares to Canada became available as from January 1st, 1926, for women proceeding to the Dominion as household workers, and for approved families, and single men proceeding under agreement to work on the land. The scale of fares varies from £2 to East Coast centres, *e.g.*, Halifax, Quebec City, to £8 to Vancouver. In certain special cases settlers under this Agreement may receive a loan of the difference between the minimum fare of £2 and the fare to the distributing centre in the Dominion to which they are proceeding. Officers of the Land Settlement Branch of the Canadian Government will supervise migrants proceeding under this scheme for a period of five years after their arrival and will afford them free advice, instruction and any assistance possible.

Products.

The total yield of wheat in Canada for the year 1926 was returned as 409,811,000 bushels from 22,987,048 acres. The average yield per acre for Canada was 17·8 bushels. For oats the production was 383,419,000 bushels from 12,741,057 acres. The average yield per acre was 30·1 bushels. Barley yielded 99,684,100 bushels from 3,636,663 acres, the average yield per acre being 27·4 bushels. Flaxseed gave a total yield of 5,947,700 bushels from 733,065 acres. The yield per acre was 8·1 bushels. For the remaining grain crops the total yields and average yields per acre were in bushels as follows:—Rye, 12,113,900, average 16·1; peas, 2,635,000, average 18·2; beans, 1,159,500, average 16·2; buckwheat, 9,932,300, average 21·6; mixed grains, 34,559,000, average 38·3; husking corn, 7,815,000, average 37·2.

The production of potatoes in Canada in 1926 was 48,682,000 cwt. from 545,918 acres, an average of 89·2 cwt. per acre. Turnips, mangolds, etc., yielded 34,576,000 cwt. from 201,782 acres, an average of 171·3 cwt. per acre. Sugar beets yielded 529,000 tons from 46,988 acres, or 11·26 tons per acre. The yield of hay and clover was 14,916,000 tons from 10,069,519 acres. The average yield per acre is 1·48 tons. Grain hay yielded 4,763,000 tons from 1,910,100 acres, the average being 2·49 tons per acre. Alfalfa yielded 2,116,000 tons from 858,043 acres, or an average of 2·47 per acre.

The fisheries of the maritime provinces are very extensive, and large quantities of dried, pickled and canned fish and lobsters are exported. The value of the yield in the calendar year 1926 was \$56,360,633, and the number of persons employed in connection with the fisheries was 78,336.

The principal minerals produced in 1926 were coal \$59,797,181; copper, \$17,386,867; gold, \$36,141,891; silver, \$13,934,035; nickel, \$14,374,163; natural gas, \$8,328,371; lead, \$19,282,242; asbestos, \$10,095,487; zinc, \$11,996,601; gypsum, \$2,761,937; cobalt, \$1,116,504; salt, \$1,480,149; cement, \$13,013,283; lime, \$3,790,386; sand and gravel, \$4,656,437; stone, \$7,807,393. The total production of minerals was \$241,245,898.

The pulp and paper industry made satisfactory progress in 1926; there were 115 mills in operation, and the value of pulpwood exported, pulp exported, and paper manufactured was \$224,539,271.

A century ago the value of the furs exported was greater than that of any other product. Canada is still the great fur preserve of the world; furs to the value of \$20,608,687 were exported in the fiscal year 1927.

The value of lumber production in 1925 was \$99,725,519. The timber on about two-thirds of the forest area is either too small or too far from transportation facilities to be worked profitably under present conditions.

Shipping.

The arrivals and clearances show, in the year 1926, a total tonnage of 158,134,482 tons. Engaged in sea going trade, 45,654,996 tons; 82,887,655 tons engaged in coasting trade, and 29,591,831 tons engaged on inland waters between Canada and the United States.

The number of vessels on the Register Books of the Dominion on 31st December, 1926, was 7,913, with a net tonnage of 1,283,033. Of this number 4,634 were steamers, with a gross tonnage of 1,311,897. The estimated number of men and boys (inclusive of masters) employed was 43,700.

Shipping figures in 1926 were as follows:—

Nationality.	Entered.		Cleared.	
	No. Vessels.	Tons Register.	No. Vessels.	Tons Register.
British ...	3,250	9,025,869	3,265	8,723,198
Canadian ...	8,830	5,075,577	9,076	4,801,477
Foreign ...	9,105	9,096,274	9,012	9,292,601
TOTAL ...	21,185	23,197,720	21,353	22,817,276

On March 31st, 1926, the number of lights shown was 1,675, lightships 10, and fog-alarm stations, 13; the number of fog whistles 8, hand fog horns, fog bells, etc., was 510; the number of gas buoys, whistling buoys, bell buoys, and submarine bells, 330; the number of light keepers and engineers of fog-alarms, with masters of lightships, was over 1,000.

Railways.

Railways.—The total railway mileage in Canada on December 31st, 1926, was 40,352 miles. On the same date the capital liability was \$3,560,948,932. Of this amount \$1,381,762,345 represents stocks, and \$2,179,186,587 funded debt.

During the year ended December 31st, 1926, the steam railways carried 42,686,166 passengers and 122,476,822 (excluding duplications) 105,221,906 tons of freight. The total earnings during the year were \$493,599,753. The operating expenses were \$389,502,452 as against \$372,149,656 in the previous year.

The aid granted in the form of cash subsidies, loans, subscription to shares, etc., by the Dominion and Provincial Governments and Municipalities up to December 31st, 1926, is as follows:—

Dominion Government:—

Cash subsidies	\$118,600,799
Loans... ..	15,142,633
Cost of Lines handed over to C.P.R.	37,790,025
Paid to Quebec Government	5,160,053
Total	\$176,693,510
Provincial Governments	\$ 33,060,615
Municipalities	12,988,128
Grand Total	\$222,742,253

The Dominion and Provincial Governments have also made land grants amounting to 47,187,037 acres.

The implement clause of the Grand Trunk Pacific agreement provides that the Government shall make up the difference between the amount realised in certain bonds and their par value. Since 1886 the aid granted to other railways includes the sum of \$10,189,521 paid by the Government to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for land taken over by the Government from the Company's land subsidy.

In 1917 an Act was passed authorising the Dominion Government to take over the Stock of the Canadian Northern System. This was appraised and finally acquired for \$9,733,333 and the road taken over in September, 1919, and operated by the Government, through a Board of Directors.

In 1918 certain branch lines in New Brunswick were taken over by the Dominion Government, and during 1920 the Lotbinière and Megantic, Caraquet and Gulf Short, Cape Breton, and Quebec and Saguenay also became part of the Government railways. The system known as the Canadian Government Railways, to distinguish from the Canadian Northern system, both systems comprising the Canadian National Railways, now includes the Intercolonial, National Transcontinental, Prince Edward Island, and the several small lines, and operated in 1921 a total of 4,535 miles (including trackage rights). The Canadian Government Railways also operated under contract the St. John and Quebec Railway with 172.07 miles of track.

In 1920 the Government took over control of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway and branch lines as receiver, and during the same month entered into an agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway Company whereby the Government agreed to acquire the preference and common stock of the company, the value to be determined by arbitration and to guarantee payment of dividends on the present guaranteed stock amounting to 12,500,000, and payment of interest upon the present debenture stock aggregating 31,926,125.

In 1923 the whole of the preference and common stock of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, was, by Order in Council, vested in the Minister of Finance in trust for His Majesty.

In the same year an Order in Council was passed handing over to the Canadian National Railway Board the management and operation of the Canadian Government Railways, designated specifically as: The Intercolonial Railway, The National Transcontinental Railway, The Lake

Superior branch, leased from the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, The Prince Edward Island Railway, The Hudson Bay Railway, and all other railways and branch lines vested in His Majesty, and comprising what has been known as the Canadian Government Railways. This Order in Council superseded and cancelled the Order in Council of November 20th, 1918, which had appointed the Canadian Northern Board to operate and manage these railways.

The unification of the Grand Trunk and Canadian National Railways was provided for by Order in Council of January 30th, 1923, which also brought into effect the Act to incorporate the Canadian National Railway Company and respecting Canadian National Railways (Chap. 13, 1919). This was followed on February 5th, 1923, by an Order in Council establishing the head office of the Canadian National Railways at Montreal, Quebec.

The mileage operated, gross earnings, operating expenses and net operating revenue of the large systems of Canada, of which the first five now constitute the Canadian National Railways as one system are as follows:—

Canadian Government St. John and Quebec...	(Total mileage including lines in United States = 23,683.)
Canadian Northern ...	20,980 miles of single track
Grand Trunk ...	
Grand Trunk Pacific ...	
Canadian Pacific ...	14,004 " " " "
Total ...	34,864 " " " "

The total single track mileage operated in Canada was 40,352.

	1926.	
	Gross Earnings.	Operating Expenses. Net Operating Revenue.
Canadian Government		
Canadian Northern ...	\$235,547,852	\$190,173,371 \$35,374,561
Grand Trunk		
Grand Trunk Pacific		
Canadian Pacific	197,636,215	149,713,396 47,922,817
Totals ...	433,184,067	339,886,669 83,297,396

The Canadian National lines and the Canadian Pacific, the latter with 14,004 miles of track—comprise 85 % of the total mileage in Canada and form three transcontinental systems. The Canadian Pacific main line extends from St. John to Vancouver, about 3,367 miles. The former Intercolonial and Canadian Northern main line extend from Halifax to Vancouver via Edmonton, while the Intercolonial from Halifax to Moncton, with the Transcontinental and Grand Trunk Pacific from Moncton to Prince Rupert, constitutes the third great transcontinental railway.

Telegraphs.

There were in 1926, 52,961 miles of telegraph line, and 305,933 miles of wire in operation in Canada, of which 14,020, including 355 miles of cables, are owned and operated by the Dominion Government; 12,199,068 land messages were sent in 1926 (not including weather and shipping reports), and the number of offices was 4,801. Canada ranks seventh in actual telegraphic mileage among the various countries of the world, and first with respect to the number of offices in proportion to population. There is direct cable communication with Great Britain, Newfoundland, and Bermuda, and also a deep-sea cable between

Vancouver Island and the United States. In the latter part of 1902 telegraphic communication was opened up between Canada and the Australian Colonies by the Pacific Ocean Cable. Wireless Telegraphy.—At March 31st, 1926, there were 135,484 Radio-telegraph and wireless stations in Canada (including private receiving stations). At Glace Bay, Cape Breton, N.S., and at Montreal, there are long distance stations with ranges of 3,000 and 7,000 nautical miles; five at Vancouver, B.C., with a range of 7,000 nautical miles; and also at Louisbourg, N.S., Laprairie, Que., and Markham, Ont., with a range of 1,000 nautical miles. Twenty-three Government steamers are equipped with wireless apparatus having ranges of 100 to 1,000 miles. The telephone is very generally used. On the 31st December, 1925, there were 1,144,095 telephones and 3,048,647 miles of telephone wire in use. The revenue amounted to \$47,233,617, and the operating expenses to \$35,566,947. On December 31st, 1925, the capital liability of telephone companies in Canada was \$174,164,547, of which \$65,514,130 are stocks and \$108,650,417 are funded debt.

There were, on December 31st, 1925, 501 companies generating electric power and 945 selling electric power in Canada.

Canals.

There are six important systems of Government canals, affording, with the St. Lawrence River connections, magnificent inland communications. From Lake Superior to the sea there is water passage nowhere less than 14 feet deep. The total length of canals proper open is 1,534 miles (of which 117.2 are constructed canals), but the aggregate length of inland navigation rendered available by them is 3,000 miles, the St. Lawrence system alone having a length of 2,384 miles. The receipts for the year ending March 31st, 1927, were \$961,694, and the working expenses, including repairs were \$2,114,145. The sum of \$175,812,316 has been expended on the construction, enlargement and repairs of these canals, including the amount expended on the Sault St. Marie Canal to connect Lakes Superior and Huron, which was opened in the season of 1895.

The Canal tolls were abolished by way of experiment in 1903, and have not been reimposed.

Total vessel tonnage through the canals during 1926 was 17,687,351, carrying 197,561 passengers, and 13,477,663 tons of freight.

Currency and Banking.

There is a uniform currency throughout the Dominion, consisting of dollars and cents, \$1.86 $\frac{2}{3}$ being equal at par to one pound sterling. For convenience in reckoning, especially in taxation, the mill, one-tenth of a cent., is used, although it is not a unit of currency. In addition to this Canadian coinage, the gold coins of the United States as well as British gold coins are legal tender.

The Ottawa Branch of the Royal Mint was established in pursuance of The Ottawa Mint Act, 1901 (1 Edw. VII., c. 4), under which an annual sum not exceeding \$75,000 is payable to the Imperial Treasury for the purpose of defraying the salaries of officials and other expenses of the Mint, the fees and all sums received being retained by Canada.

Memorandum of silver and bronze coin struck and issued by the Ottawa Mint during the calendar years :—

Description of Coins.	1925.		1926.	
	Struck.	Issued.	Struck.	Issued.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Silver	—	—	—	50,000.00
Bronze	10,003.60	22,100.00	21,459.00	28,200.00
Nickel	10,002.50	126,000.00	46,579.00	168,500.00

The Mint issues silver, nickel, and copper coins for circulation in Canada.

The Dominion Government and Postal Savings Banks, on March 31st, 1927, had \$31,922,043 on deposit. There are two savings banks operating under special charter, and these had on deposit on March 31st, 1927, \$69,940,351. In addition all the 11 chartered banks have savings departments, in which the deposits are "payable after notice or on a fixed day." The average amount of such deposits for 1926 was \$1,340,559,021.

The following banks were established in Canada, October, 1927 :—

Ontario—(Headquarters).	
Bank of Toronto.	Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Dominion Bank.	Imperial Bank.
Standard Bank.	Bank of Nova Scotia.
Quebec—(Headquarters).	
Bank of Montreal.	Banque Canadienne
Banque Provinciale du Canada.	Nationale.
	Royal Bank of Canada.
Saskatchewan—(Headquarters).	
Weyburn Security Bank.	
The chartered banks had, Dec. 31, 1926, 3,770 branches distributed throughout the Dominion and 195 in other countries.	

BANKS AND BANKING.

General statement of Chartered Banks, 1924-1926.

Note.—The statistics in this table are averages computed from the twelve monthly returns.

Calendar year.	Capital paid up.	Notes in Circulation.	Totals on Deposit.	Current Loans in Canada.	Liabilities.†	Assets.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1924.....	122,409,544	166,136,765	2,130,621,160	1,048,118,113	2,438,608,206	2,701,427,011
1925.....	118,831,327	165,235,168	2,221,160,611	967,255,763	2,532,832,004	2,789,619,061
1926.....	116,638,254	168,885,996	2,277,192,043	934,022,544	2,604,601,786	2,864,019,213

† Excluding capital and rest or reserve fund.

In addition to the notes issued by the chartered banks, the Government issues notes of small denominations (and of large denominations for the use of the banks only) and the average monthly circulation in 1890 amounted to \$15,501,360, and at March 31st, 1925, to \$182,583,404. Under the Dominion Notes Act, 1914 (5 Geo. V. c. 4), the Dominion Government is authorized to issue notes up to and including \$50,000,000 against a reserve in gold equal to one quarter of the amount. By Chapter 4, Acts of 1915, "an Act respecting the issue of Dominion Notes," the Dominion Government is authorized to issue notes up to \$26,000,000 without any reserve of gold, \$16,000,000 of the notes to be against certain specified Canadian railway securities guaranteed by the Dominion Government. Notes may be issued to any additional amount in excess of \$76,000,000, but (except as provided by the Finance Act, 1914), an amount of gold equal to the excess must be held. Thus Dominion notes are under normal conditions gold certificates. No notes are issued below five dollars except by the Government. In 1912, the Dominion Government issued five-dollar notes for the first time. Since July 1st, 1925, Dominion notes are redeemable in gold.

Post Office.

The number of offices on March 31st, 1926, was 12,439. The net revenue for the year ended March 31st, 1926, was \$31,624,464, and the expenditure \$30,499,686. At the end of the

fiscal year 1925-26, there were about 3,800 rural mail delivery routes, on which were erected 200,731 boxes.

On March 31st, 1926, there were 5,706 Money Order offices; Orders issued, 14,784,230, value \$177,840,231. During the year ended March 31st, 1927, the Dominion Government paid \$1,008,999 in Ocean Mail subsidies and steamship subventions.

The mail communication with Great Britain is now two or three times a week *via* Montreal or Quebec and New York in summer, and *via* Halifax or St. John and New York in winter. With the West Indies there is a fortnightly mail service *via* Halifax, and from three to four trips per week *via* United States ports. There is a through service twice a day across the continent from Halifax on the Atlantic to Vancouver on the Pacific coast by the Canadian Pacific and Inter-colonial Railways, a monthly direct steam service with New Zealand and *via* New Zealand with Australia *via* Vancouver. With Japan and China there is a direct connection by steamer from Vancouver once every two weeks throughout the year.

The rates of postage are as follows :—

LETTERS. — To Canada, Newfoundland, United States and Mexico, 2 cents for the first oz., 2 cents for each additional oz.; Great Britain and all other places within the Empire, 3 cents for the first oz., 3 cent- for each additional oz.; other countries, 8 cents for the first oz., 4 cents for each additional oz.

POSTCARDS.—Canada, Great Britain and all other places within the Empire, United States and Mexico, *2 cents each; other countries 4 cents each.

NEWSPAPERS.—To Canada, United States and Mexico, and (if published in Canada) to United Kingdom and certain British Colonies, 1 cent per 4 oz.; in all other cases 2 cents per 2 oz.

There is a direct parcel post to Newfoundland, West Indies, New Zealand, Australia, United Kingdom, Hong Kong, and Japan, Fiji, France, St. Pierre and Miquelon, British Guiana, British Honduras, Mexico, Venezuela, Argentine Republic, and the Union of South Africa, and parcel post via England to other countries.

Governors-General since Confederation.

1867. Viscount Monck, G.C.M.G., P.C.
 1868. Lord Lisgar, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., P.C.
 1872. The Earl of Dufferin, K.P., G.C.M.G., G.C.B., P.C.
 1878. The Marquis of Lorne, K.T., G.C.M.G.
 1883. The Marquis of Lansdowne, G.C.M.G.
 1888. Lord Stanley of Preston, G.C.B.
 1893. The Earl of Aberdeen, G.C.M.G., P.C.
 1898. The Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G., P.C.
 1904. The Earl Grey, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., P.C.
 1911. H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P., P.C., etc.
 1916. The Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.
 1921. General The Lord Byng of Vimy, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., M.V.O.
 1926 Rt. Hon. Viscount Willingdon, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.E.

Ministries since Confederation.

Name of Premier.	Date of Assuming Office.	Date of Retirement.
Rt. Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, G.C.B.	1 July, 1867	6 Nov., 1873
Hon. Alex. Mackenzie	7 Nov., 1873	16 Oct., 1878
Rt. Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald, G.C.B.	17 Oct., 1878	Died 6 June, 1891
Hon. Sir J. J. C. Abbott, K.C.M.G.	16 June, 1891	5 Dec., 1892
Rt. Hon. Sir J. S. D. Thompson, K.C.M.G.	5 Dec., 1892	Died 12 Dec., 1894
Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, K.C.M.G.	21 Dec., 1894	27 Apr., 1896
Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, P.C., Bart., G.C.M.G., C.B.	1 May, 1896	8 July, 1896
Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, P.C., G.C.M.G.	11 July, 1896	6 Oct., 1911
Rt. Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C., LL.D.	10 Oct., 1911	10 July, 1920
Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, P.C., K.C.	10 July, 1920	29 Dec., 1921
Rt. Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie King, C. M. G., B.A., LL.B., LL.D.	29 Dec., 1921	28 June, 1926
Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen	29 June, 1926	25 Sept., 1926
Rt. Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie King, C.M.G., B.A., LL.B., LL.D.	25 Sept., 1926	—

* War tax included.

II. DOMINION ESTABLISHMENTS.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT—OTTAWA.

Civil Establishment.

Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief,
 Rt. Hon. Viscount Willingdon, G.C.S.I.,
 G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.E.

Staff.

Governor-General's Secretary, Eric O. Miéville, Esq.
Comptroller of the Household, Lt.-Col. H. W. Snow, C.M.G., D.S.O.
Aides-de-Camp, Major H. Willis O'Connor, D.S.O., P.P.C.L.I., Captain The Hon. John C. C. Jervis, M.C. (the King's Royal Rifle Corps), Captain The Viscount Hardinge (7th Queen's Own Hussars), Lieut.-Colonel George P. Vanier, D.S.O., M.C. (Royal 22nd Regiment).

Governor-General's Secretary's Office.

Assistant Secretary to the Governor-General, J. F. Crowley, M.V.O., B.A.
Deputy Assistant Secretary, F. L. C. Pereira.
Head Clerk, J. R. M. Walker.

THE KING'S PRIVY COUNCIL FOR CANADA.

THE MINISTRY.

Rt. Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie King, C.M.G., M.A., LL.B., LL.D., *Prime Minister, Secretary of State for External Affairs and President of the Privy Council.*
 Hon. Charles A. Dunning, *Minister of Railways and Canals.*
 Hon. Peter J. Veniot, *Postmaster General.*
 Hon. Raoul Dandurand, K.C., *Minister without Portfolio.*
 Hon. James H. King, M.D., *Minister of Soldier's Civil Re-Establishment and Minister of Health.*
 Hon. Ernest Lapointe, K.C., LL.B., *Minister of Justice and Attorney General.*
 Hon. James Alexander Robb, *Minister of Finance and Receiver-General.*
 Hon. Charles Stewart, *Minister of the Interior, Minister of Mines, and Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.*
 Hon. William Richard Motherwell, *Minister of Agriculture.*
 Hon. John C. Elliott, *Minister of Public Works.*
 Hon. Colonel J. L. Ralston, *Minister of National Defence.*
 Hon. Pierre Joseph Arthur Cardin, *Minister of Marine and Fisheries.*
 Hon. William D. Euler, *Minister of National Revenue.*
 Hon. Lucien Cannon, *Solicitor-General.*
 Hon. Fernand Rinfret, *Secretary of State.*
 Hon. James Malcolm, *Minister of Trade and Commerce.*
 Hon. Robert Forke, *Minister of Immigration and Colonization.*
 Hon. Peter Heenan, *Minister of Labour.*

Office of the Privy Council.

Clerk of the Privy Council, E. J. Lemaire.
Assistant Clerk of the Privy Council, C. G. Kesar.

Privy Councillors who are not members of the Cabinet:

Hon. J. C. Patterson.
 Hon. Sir H. J. Macdonald, Kt., K.C.

Rt. Hon. Sir William Mulock, K.C.M.G., K.C., M.A., LL.D.
 Hon. Sir Clifford Sifton, K.C.M.G., K.C.
 Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, P.C. G.C.M.G., K.C., LL.D.
 Hon. N. Belcourt, K.C., LL.D.
 Hon. Frank Oliver.
 Hon. Sir Allen Bristol Aylesworth, K.C.M.G., K.C., M.A.
 Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, K.C., LL.D., M.P.
 Hon. Sir George H. Perley, K.C.M.G.
 Hon. Robert Rogers.
 Hon. John Douglas Hazen, B.C.L.
 Hon. William James Roche, M.D., LL.D.
 Hon. Wilfrid B. Nantel.
 Hon. Charles Maroil, LL.D., M.P.
 Hon. Louis Coderre.
 Hon. E. L. Patenaude.
 Rt. Hon. William Morris Hughes (Australia).
 Hon. Albert Sevigny.
 Hon. Sir Hormidas Laporte.
 Rt. Hon. Sir William Thomas White, P.C., K.C.M.G.
 Hon. Martin Burrell.
 Hon. Newton Wesley Rowell, K.C.
 Hon. Sydney C. Mewburn, C.M.G., K.C., M.P.
 Hon. Alexander K. Maclean, M.P.
 Hon. Thomas Alexander Crerar.
 Rt. Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden, P.C., G.C.M.G.
 Hon. Edgar N. Rhodes.
 Hon. William A. Charlton.
 Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, P.C., K.C., B.A.
 Rt. Hon. Sir George Eulas Foster, P.C., G.C.M.G.
 Rt. Hon. Charles Joseph Doherty, P.C., D.C.L.
 Hon. John Dowsley Reid, M.D.
 Hon. Sir Albert Edward Kemp, K.C.M.G.
 Hon. Pierre Edouard Blondin.
 Hon. Charles Colquhoun Ballantyne.
 Hon. James Alexander Calder.
 Hon. Gideon Decker Robertson.
 Hon. Hugh Guthrie, K.C., M.P.
 Hon. Sir Henry Lumley Drayton, K.C.
 Hon. Simon Fraser Tolmie.
 Hon. Fleming Blanchard McCurdy.
 Hon. Rupert W. Wignmore.
 Hon. Louis de Gonzague Bellefleur, K.C.
 Hon. John Babington Macaulay Baxter, K.C., Hon. John Wesley Edwards, B.A., M.D.
 Hon. Louis Philippe Normand, M.D.
 Hon. Henry Herbert Stevens, M.P.
 Hon. Rodolphe Monty, K.C.
 Hon. Robert James Manion, M.C., M.D., M.P.
 Hon. James Robert Wilson.
 Hon. Richard Bedford Bennett, K.C., LL.B.
 Hon. Hewitt Bostock.
 Hon. D. Sutherland.
 Hon. Peter Charles Larkin.
 Hon. Sir Lomer Gouin, K.C., K.C.M.G.
 Rt. Hon. W. S. Fielding, LL.D., D.C.L.
 Hon. Jacques Bureau, LL.B.
 Hon. T. A. Low.
 Hon. A. B. Copp.
 Hon. James Murdock.
 Hon. J. E. Sinclair.
 Hon. C. J. McMurray.
 Hon. H. B. McGivering.
 Hon. G. N. Gordon.
 Hon. W. E. Foster.
 Hon. F. L. Béique, LL.B.
 Hon. Philippe Roy.
 Hon. W. A. Black.
 Hon. J. D. Chaplin.
 Hon. G. B. Jones.
 Hon. E. B. Ryckman.

Hon. B. D. Morand.
 Hon. J. A. McDonald.
 Hon. J. L. Chabot.
 Hon. Eugene Paquet.
 Hon. G. A. Fauteux.
 Hon. Lucien Cannon.
 Hon. B. J. Veniot.
 Hon. James Malcolm.
 Rt. Hon. G. P. Graham, P.C.
 Hon. C. Murphy, K.C.
 Hon. H. S. Bédard, M.D.
 Hon. E. M. McDonald, K.C., LL.D.
 Hon. H. Marler.
 Hon. C. V. Massey.
 H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G., K.T., K.P., etc.
 Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin.

THE TREASURY BOARD.

Secretary, J. C. Saunders, Deputy Minister of Finance.

THE SUPREME COURT OF CANADA.

Chief Justice of Canada, Rt. Hon. F. A. Anglin, \$15,000.

Justice Judges:—Rt. Hon. Lyman Poore Duff, Hon. E. L. Newcombe, Hon. Pierre B. Mignault, Hon. Thibault Rinfret, Hon. J. H. Lamont, and Hon. B. Smith, \$12,000 each.

Registrar, E. R. Cameron, K.C., \$6,000.

THE COURT OF EXCHEQUER OF CANADA.

President, Hon. A. K. McLean, \$10,000.

Justice Judge, Hon. L. A. Audette, LL.D., \$9,000.
Registrar, Editor and Publisher Law Reports, Charles Morse, K.C., D.C.L., \$5,000.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

Speaker, Hon. Hewitt Bostock, \$6,000.

Clerk of the Parliaments and Clerk of the Senate, A. E. Blount, C.M.G.

Law Clerk, J. G. A. Creighton, C.M.G., K.C.
Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, Andrew R. Thompson.

Assistant Clerk, L. P. Gauthier.

Chief Accountant, Harrison Gross, B.A.

Chief Clerk of Committees, A. H. Hinds.

Senators.

ONTARIO—24.

Hon. Napoleon A. Belcourt, K.C., LL.D.	Hon. Sir Albert Edward Kemp, K.C.M.G.
" George Gordon.	" Archibald H. Macdonell, C.M.G.,
" Ernest D. Smith.	" D.S.O.
" James J. Donnelly.	" Geo. Lynch-Staunton.
" Geo. Lynch-Staunton.	" Archibald Blake McCoig.
" Gideon D. Robertson.	" Arthur O. Hardy.
" John Henry Fisher.	" Sir Allen B. Aylesworth, K.C.M.G.
" John Webster.	" Andrew Haydon.
" Gerald Verner White.	" Chas. Murphey.
" John D. Reid.	" John Lewis.
" John D. Reid.	" Jas. P. Rankin.
Rt. Hon. Sir George E. Foster, P.C., G.C.M.G.	Rt. Hon. Geo. P. Graham, P.C.
	Hon. William H. McGuire.

QUEBEC—24.

Hon. Raoul Dandurand	Hon. David O. L'Espérance.
" Joseph P. B. Casgrain.	" George G. Foster.
" Fredk. L. Bélique.	" Richard S. White.
" Joseph H. Légris.	" Pierre E. Blondin.
" Jules Tessier.	" Thomas Chapais.
" Henry J. Cloran.	" Lorne C. Webster.
" George C. Des-saules.	" Gustave Boyer.
" Louis Lavergne.	" Henri S. Béland.
" Joseph M. Wilson.	" Jacques Bureau.
" Rufus Pope.	" Wilfrid L. McDougald.
" Charles P. Beau-bien.	" Donat Raymond.

NOVA SCOTIA—10.

Hon. Edward M. Farrell.	Hon. Chas. E. Tanner.
" Nathaniel Curry.	" John Stanfield.
" William B. Ross.	" John McCormick.
" Edward L. Girroir.	" Peter Martin.
" John S. McLennan.	" P. L. Hatfield.

NEW BRUNSWICK—10.

Hon. Pascal Poirier.	Hon. Frank Bunting
" Geo. Gerald King.	" Black.
" John W. Daniel.	" Onesiphore Turgeon
" Thomas J. Bourque.	" C. W. Robinson.
" Irving Todd.	" A. B. Copp.
" John Anthony McDonald.	

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—4.

Hon. Benj. C. Prowse.	Hon. James J. Hughes.
" John McLean.	" Creelman McArthur

BRITISH COLUMBIA—6.

Hon. Hewitt Bostock.	Hon. Robert Francis
" Albert E. Planta.	" Green.
" George H. Barnard.	" Sanford Johnson
" K.C.	" Crowe.
" James D. Taylor.	

MANITOBA—6.

Hon. Robert Watson.	Hon. Aimé Bérard.
" William H. Sharpe.	" Frederick L.
" Lendrum McMeans.	" Schaffner.
	" J. P. Molloy.

SASKATCHEWAN—6.

Hon. James H. Ross.	Hon. James Alexander
" Henry W. Laird.	" Calder.
" Wellington B.	" Archibald Beaton
" Willoughby.	" Gillis.
" John G. Turriff.	

ALBERTA—6.

Hon. Edward Michener.	Hon. P. E. Lessard.
" Wm. Jas. Harmer.	" W. R. Buchanan.
" William Antrobus.	" Daniel E. Riley.
" Griesbach, C.B.,	
" C.M.G., D.S.O.	

House of Commons.

Speaker, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, K.C., LL.D., \$6,000.

Clerk, Arthur Beauchesne, M.A., K.C.

Clerk Assistant, Thos. M. Fraser, B.C.L.

Sergeant-at-Arms, Lt. Col. H. W. Bowie.

Joint Librarians of Parliament, J. de L. Taché and Hon. Martin Burrell.

ONTARIO.

Electoral Districts.	Members.
Algoma, East	B. Bowman
Algoma, West	T. E. Simpson
Brant	F. Smoke
Brantford City	R. E. Byerson
Bruce, North	J. Malcolm
Bruce, South	W. A. Hall, M.D.
Carleton	W. F. Garland
Dufferin-Simcoe	W. E. Rowe
Durham	F. W. Bowen
Elgin, West	M. F. Hepburn
Essex, East	E. G. Odette
Essex, South	E. J. Gott
Essex, West	S. C. Robinson
Fort William	Hon. R. J. Manion, M.D.
Frontenac - Addington	Hon. J. W. Edwards, M.D.
Glengarry	A. J. Macdonald
Grenville-Dundas	A. C. Casselman
Grey, North	W. P. Telford
Grey, Southeast	A. C. Macphail
Haldimand	M. C. Senn
Halton	R. K. Anderson, M.D.
Hamilton, East	G. S. Rennie, M.D.
Hamilton, West	C. W. Bell, K.C.
Hastings-Peterborough	A. T. Embury, M.D.
Hastings, South	W. E. Tummon
Huron, North	Geo. Spotton
Huron, South	T. McMillan
Kenora - Rainy River	P. Heenan
Kent	J. W. Rutherford, M.D.
Kingston City	A. E. Ross, M.D.
Lambton, East	B. W. Fansher
Lambton, West	W. T. Goodison
Leamark	R. F. Preston, M.D.
Leeds	H. A. Stewart
Lincoln	Hon. J. D. Chaplin
London	J. F. White
Middlesex, East	A. K. Hodgins
Middlesex, West	Hon. J. C. Elliott
Muskoka-Ontario	P. McGibbon, M.D.
Nipissing	E. A. Lapierre
Norfolk-Elgin	W. H. Taylor
Northumberland	M. E. Maybee
Ontario	T. E. Kaiser, M.D.
Ottawa	E. R. E. Chevrier
Oxford, North	G. C. Edwards
Oxford, South	H. Allan
Parkdale	T. M. Cayley
Parry Sound	D. Spence
Peel	J. Arthurs
Perth, North	S. Charters
Perth, South	F. W. Hay
Peterborough, West	F. G. Sanderson
Port Arthur - Thunder Bay	E. A. Peck
Prescott	D. J. Cowan
Prince Edward-Lennox	L. M. Auger
Renfrew, North	John Hubbs
Renfrew, South	I. D. Cotnam, M.D.
Russell	M. J. Maloney, M.D.
Simcoe, East	A. Goulet
Simcoe, North	A. B. Thompson
Stormont	W. Alves Boys
Timiskaming, North	A. N. Smith
Timiskaming, South	J. Bradette
Toronto, East	Malcolm Lang
Toronto, East Centre	Hon. E. B. Ryckman
Toronto-High Park	R. C. Matthews
Toronto, Northeast	A. J. Anderson
Toronto, Northwest	N. M. Young
Toronto, Scarborough	T. L. Church
Toronto, South	J. H. Harris
	G. R. Geary, K.C.

<i>Electoral Districts.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Toronto, West Centre.	H. C. Hocken
Victoria	T. H. Simpson
Waterloo, North	W. D. Euler
Waterloo, South	A. M. Edwards
Welland	G. H. Pettit
Wellington, North	Duncan Sinclair
Wellington, South	Hon. H. Guthrie, K.C.
Wentworth	G. C. Wilson
York, North	T. H. Lennox, K.C.
York, South	R. H. McGregor
York, West.	Hon. Sir H. L. Drayton

QUEBEC.

Argenteuil	Hon. Sir G. H. Perley
Bagot	G. D. Morin
Beauce	E. Lacroix
Beauharnois	Maxime Raymond
Bellechasse	O. L. Boulanger
Berthier-Maskinonge	J. C. T. Gervais
Bonaventure	Hon. Charles Maroil
Brome-Missisquoi	W. F. Kay
Chambly-Verchères	Aimé Langlois
Champlain	A. L. Desaulniers
Charlevoix-Saguenay	P. F. Casgrain
Châteauguay-Huntingdon	Hon. J. A. Robb
Chicoutimi	J. E. A. Dubuc
Compton	J. E. Letellier
Dorchester	Hon. Lucien Cannon, K.C.
Drummond - Arthabaska	Wilfred Girouard
Gaspé	Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, K.C.
Hull	J. E. Fontaine, M.D.
Joliette	J. J. Denis, K.C.
Kamouraska	G. Bouchard
Labelle	Henri Bourassa
Lac St. Jean	J. E. A. Sylvestre
Laprairie-Napierville	Roch Lantôt
L'Assomption - Montcalm	P. A. Séguin
Laval-Two Mountains	Liguori Lacombe
Lévis	J. E. Dussault
L'Islet	J. F. Fafard
Lotbinière	J. A. Verville
Matane	G. L. Dionne
Mégantic	Eusèbe Roberge
Montmagny	L. K. Lafamme
Nicolet	J. F. Descoteaux
Pontiac	F. S. Cahill
Portneuf	M. S. Delisle
Quebec-Montmorency	H. E. Lavigueur
Quebec, East.	Hon. E. Lapointe, K.C.
Quebec, South	C. G. Power
Quebec, West	G. Parent
Richelieu	Hon. P. J. A. Cardin
Richmond-Wolfe	E. W. Tobin
Rimouski	Sir Eugène Fiset
St. Hyacinthe - Rouville	L. S. R. Morin
St. Jean-Iberville	A. J. Benoit
Shefford	P. E. Boivin
Sherbrooke	C. B. Howard
Stanstead	W. K. Baldwin
Témiscouata	J. F. Pouliot
Terrebonne	J. E. Prévost
Three Rivers - St. Maurice	Arthur Bettez
Vaudreuil-Soulanges	L. A. Wilson
Wright	F. W. Perras
Yamaska	Aimé Boucher

<i>Electoral Districts.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Cartier	S. W. Jacobs
Hochelaga	E. C. St-Père
Jacques-Cartier	J. T. Rhéaume
Laurier-Outremont	J. A. Mercier
Maisonnette	C. Robitaille
Mount Royal	R. S. White
St. Ann	J. J. E. Guerin, M.D.
St. Antoine	L. G. Bell
St. Denis	J. A. Denis, M.D.
St. Henri	Paul Mercier
St. James	L. E. F. Rinfret
St. Lawrence-St George	C. H. Cahan, K.C.
St. Marie	H. Deslauriers, M.D.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Antigonish - Guysborough	Wm. Duff.
Cape Breton North-Victoria	L. W. Johnstone, M.D.
Cape Breton South	Finlay Macdonald
Colchester	G. T. MacNutt
Cumberland	R. K. Smith
Digby-Annapolis	H. B. Short
Halifax	Hon. W. A. Black
Halifax	F. P. Quinn
Hants-Kings	J. L. Isley
Inverness	I. D. Macdougall
Pictou	Thomas Cantley
Queens-Lunenburg	W. G. Ernst
Richmond-West Cape Breton	J. A. Macdonald, M.D.
Shelburne-Yarmouth	Hon. J. L. Ralston

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Charlotte	R. W. Grimmer
Gloucester	P. J. Veniot
Kent	A. E. Bourgeois
Northumberland	C. J. Morissy
Restigouche - Madawaska	S. Blanchard
Royal	Hon. G. B. Jones
St. John-Albert	M. MacLaren, M.D.
St. John-Albert	Thomas Bell
Victoria-Carleton	A. R. Foster
Westmorland	O. B. Price
York-Sunbury	R. B. Hanson

MANITOBA.

Brandon	Robert Forke
Dauphin	W. J. Ward
Liagar	J. L. Brown
Macdonald	W. J. Lovie
Marquette	J. A. Glen
Neepawa	Robert Milne
Nelson	Rev. T. W. Bird
Portage la Prairie	E. A. McPherson
Provencher	A. L. Beaubien
Selkirk	L. P. Bancroft
Souris	J. Steedsman
Springfield	E. D. R. Bissett, M.D.
St. Boniface	J. P. Howden, M.D.
Winnipeg, North	A. A. Heaps
Winnipeg, North Centre	J. S. Woodsworth
Winnipeg, South	J. S. McDiarmid
Winnipeg, South Centre	J. T. Thorson

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Cariboo	J. A. Fraser
Comox-Alberni	A. W. Neill
Fraser Valley	H. J. Barber

<i>Electoral Districts.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Kootenay, East . . .	Hon. J. H. King, M.D.
Kootenay, West . . .	W. K. Keling.
Nanaimo	C. H. Dickie
New Westminster . . .	W. G. McQuarrie
Skeena	J. C. Brady
Vancouver-Burrard . .	J. A. Clark
Vancouver, Centre . .	Hon. H. H. Stevens
Vancouver, North . . .	A. A. Duncan McRae
Vancouver, South . . .	L. J. Ladner
Victoria	Hon. S. F. Tolmie
Yale	Grote Stirling

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Kings	Hon. J. A. Macdonald
Prince	A. E. MacLean
Queens	R. H. Jenkins
	Hon. J. E. Sinclair

SASKATCHEWAN.

Assiniboia	R. McKenzie
North Battleford . . .	C. R. McIntosh
Humboldt	A. F. Totzke
Kindersley	A. M. Carmichael
Last Mountain	W. R. Fansher
Long Lake	J. F. Johnston
Mackenzie	M. Neil Campbell
Maple Creek	George Spence
Melfort	Malcolm McLean
Melville	Hon. W. R. Motherwell
Moose Jaw	J. G. Ross
Prince Albert	Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King.
Qu'Appelle	John Millar
Regina	Hon. C. A. Dunning
Rosetown	John Evans
Saskatoon	A. M. Young, M.D.
South Battleford . . .	John Vallance
Swift Current	C. E. Bothwell
Wayburn	E. J. Young
Willow Bunch	Thomas Donnelly, M.D.
Yorkton	G. W. McPhee

ALBERTA.

Acadia	Robert Gardiner
Athabasca	D. F. Kelner
Battle River	H. E. Spencer
Bow River	E. J. Garland
Calgary, East	H. B. Adshead
Calgary, West	Hon. R. B. Bennett, K.C.
Camrose	W. T. Lucas
Edmonton, East	K. A. Blatchford
Edmonton, West	Hon. Charles Stewart
Lethbridge	L. H. Jelliff
Macleod	G. G. Cooté
Medicine Hat	F. W. Gershaw, M.D.
Peace River	D. M. Kennedy
Red Deer	Alfred Speakman
Vegreville	M. Luckovich
Wetaskiwin	W. Irvine

YUKON TERRITORY.

Yukon	George Black
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DEPARTMENTS OF STATE.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

<i>Secretary of State of Canada,</i> Hon. Fernand Rinfret, B.A.
<i>Under-Secretary of State and Deputy Registrar-General,</i> Thomas Mulvey, B.A., K.C., \$8,000.
<i>Solicitor, Naturalization Branch,</i> Oscar Coderre, \$3,360.
<i>Solicitor, Companies Branch,</i> W. P. J. O'Meara, B.A., \$3,960.
<i>Accountant,</i> M. J. Birdwhistle, \$2,940.

Clearing Office—

Office of the Alien Property Custodian.

<i>Custodian,</i> Hon. Fernand Rinfret, B.A.
<i>Deputy-Custodian,</i> Thomas Mulvey, B.A., K.C.
<i>Assistant Deputy-Custodian,</i> H. S. Relph, \$5,000.

Public Archives.

<i>Dominion Archivist,</i> A. G. Doughty, C.M.G., M.A., LL.D., F.R.S.C., \$8,000.
<i>Chairman, Historical Documents Publication Board,</i> Adam Shortt, C.M.G., M.A., LL.D., F.R.S.C., \$6,000.
<i>Assistant Keeper of Public Records,</i> William Smith, I.S.O., B.A., \$4,620.

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

<i>Secretary of State for External Affairs,</i> Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, C.M.G., M.A., LL.B., LL.D., Prime Minister.
<i>Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs,</i> O. D. Skelton, M.A., Ph.D.
<i>Assistant Under-Secretary,</i> W. H. Walker, C.M.G., I.S.O., B.A.
<i>Counsellor,</i> Jean Désy, LL.L.
<i>H.M. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington (to represent especially the interests of Canada),</i> Hon. C. Vincent Massey.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

<i>Minister of the Interior,</i> Hon. Charles Stewart, \$10,000.
<i>Deputy Minister of the Interior,</i> W. W. Cory, C.M.G., \$8,000.
<i>Assistant Deputy Minister,</i> Roy A. Gibson, \$5,500.
<i>Secretary,</i> J. M. Roberts, \$4,620.
<i>Dominion Lands Commissioner,</i> J. W. Greenway, \$4,920.
<i>International Boundary Commissioner and Director-General of Surveys,</i> J. D. Craig, \$5,400.
<i>Director, Geodetic Survey,</i> N. J. Ogilvie, D.L.S., \$4,920.
<i>Commissioner of Dominion Parks,</i> J. B. Harkin, \$5,220.
<i>Director, Water Power Branch,</i> J. T. Johnston, \$7,000.
<i>Controller, Land Patents Branch,</i> N. O. Cote, I.S.O., \$4,320.
<i>Director, Natural Resources Intelligence Branch,</i> F. C. C. Lynch, \$5,220.
<i>Director, Dominion Observatory, Ottawa,</i> R. M. Stewart B.A., \$4,620.
<i>Director, Astrophysical Observatory, Victoria, B.C.,</i> J. E. Plaskett, D.Sc., \$4,800.
<i>Director of Forestry,</i> E. H. Finlayson, \$5,220.
<i>Superintendent of Mining Lands,</i> H. H. Rowatt, \$4,620.
<i>Director, N.W.T. and Yukon Branch,</i> O. S. Finnie, B.Sc., D.L.S., \$4,620.
<i>Superintendent of Ordnance Lands,</i> J. P. Dunne, \$3,600.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

<i>Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,</i> Hon. Charles Stewart.
<i>Deputy Superintendent-General,</i> Duncan C. Scott, Litt. D., F.R.S.C., \$8,000.
<i>Assistant Deputy and Secretary,</i> John Douglas McLean, \$4,920.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Minister of Finance, Hon. J. A. Robb, \$10,000.
Deputy Minister of Finance and Secretary of the Treasury Board, J. C. Saunders, \$10,000.
Assistant Deputy Minister, G. W. Hyndman, \$6,000.

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE.

Deputy Minister of Insurance, G. D. Finlayson B.A., A.I.A., \$10,000.
Chief Actuary, A. D. Watson, B.A., A.I.A., F.A.S.
Chief Examiner—
 W. H. Gilliland, B.A., A.I.A.
Senior Examiner of Companies—
 A. J. O'Reilly.
Actuarial Examiner—
 R. W. Warwick.
Insurance Examiners—
 A. D. Jamieson, T. B. Holmes, W. R. McDonald, J. R. E. Patterson, C. A. Ranson.

AUDITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Auditor-General, Georges Gonthier, L.I.A., C.A., \$15,000.
Assistant Auditor-General, William Kearns, \$6,000.
Chief Supervisor of Audit, J. W. Reid, B.A., \$4,920.
Chief Executive Assistant, A. H. Brown, B.A., \$4,920.
Chief Auditor of Revenue and Stores, E. E. Stockton, \$4,920.
Audit Accountants, Grade 4, E. S. Johnston, \$4,320; C. Douglas, B.A., \$4,080; R. S. Glass, B.A., \$4,080; J. N. Tribble, B.A., \$3,900; S. V. Roberts, \$3,900.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Minister of Public Works, Hon. John C. Elliott, \$10,000.
Deputy Minister, James Blake Hunter, B.A., \$8,000.
Secretary, S. E. O'Brien, \$4,620.
Accountant, Alfred George Kingston, \$4,620.
Chief Architect,
Chief Engineer, K. M. Cameron, \$7,500.
Director, National Art Gallery, Eric Brown, \$4,620.
General Supt., Govt. Telegraph Service, J. E. Gobeil, \$4,920.

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Minister of Trade and Commerce, Hon. James Malcolm.
Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, Francis Charles Trench O'Hara, \$8,000.
Assistant Deputy Minister, J. G. Parmalee, O.B.E., \$5,220.
Dominion Statistician, R. H. Coats, \$5,400.
Chief Grain Commissioner, Leslie Hale Boyd, K.C., \$10,000.
Director Weights and Measures Standards, E. O. Way, \$4,620.
Commissioner of Patents, Thos. L. Richard (acting), \$5,000.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

Minister of Mines, Hon. Charles Stewart.
Deputy Minister of Mines, Charles Camsell, B.Sc., LL.D., F.R.S.C.

Assistant Deputy Minister of Mines, L. L. Bolton, M.A., B.Sc.
Director, Mines Branch, John McLeish, B.A., F.S.S.
Director, Geological Survey, W. H. Collins, B.A., Ph.D., F.R.S.C.
Director, Victoria Memorial Museum, W. H. Collins, B.A., Ph.D. (acting).
Chief Inspector of Explosives, Lt.-Col. G. Ogilvie, C.M.G.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE.

Minister of Customs and Excise, Hon. William D. Euler, \$10,000.
Commissioner of Excise, George W. Taylor.
Commissioner of Customs, R. W. Breadner.
Commissioner of Taxation, C. S. Walters.

DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Minister of Railways and Canals, Hon. C. A. Dunning, \$10,000.
Deputy Minister, Graham A. Bell, C.M.G., \$10,000.
Assistant Deputy Minister, Geo. W. Yates, \$4,920.
Chief Engineer, Col. A. E. Dubuc, D.S.O., \$8,000.
Assistant Chief Engineer, L. Sherwood, \$5,400.
Counsell, H. F. Alward, \$5,120.
Financial Comptroller, W. V. Cope, \$4,920.
Assistant Comptroller, F. M. MacLennan, \$4,260.
Chief Commissioner of Highways (vacant).

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Postmaster-General, Hon. Peter J. Voniot, \$10,000.
Deputy Postmaster-General, L. J. Gaboury, \$8,000.
Assistant Deputy Postmaster-General, General Superintendent of Postal Service, P. T. Coolican, \$6,000.
Financial Superintendent, H. E. Atwater (acting), \$4,920.
Superintendent, Mail Service Branch, George Clayton Anderson, \$5,700.
Secretary, A. Webster, \$4,920.
Superintendent, Equipment and Supply, T. P. Murphy, \$4,920.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Minister of Justice and Attorney-General, Hon. Ernest Lapointe, B.A., LL.B., K.C., \$10,000.
Solicitor-General, Hon. Lucien Cannon, K.C., \$10,000.
Deputy Minister, W. S. Edwards, \$10,000.
Assistant Deputy Ministers, J. Chisholm, J. A. Renaud.
Superintendent of Penitentiaries, W. St. P. Hughes, \$5,040.
Chief Electoral Officer, Jules Castonguay, \$6,000.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE OFFICE.

Commissioner, Cortlandt Starnes.
Assistant Commissioners, George S. Worsley, R. S. Knight.
Financial Comptroller, Angus A. McLean, K.C.
Secretary, George F. Hann.
Director, Criminal Investigation Bureau, R. Y. Douglas.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Minister of Agriculture, Hon. William Richard Motherwell, \$10,000.
Deputy Minister, J. H. Grisdale, D.Sc.A., B. Agr., \$7,500.
Assistant Deputy Minister, A. T. Charron, \$5,220.
Director of Experimental Farms, Edgar S. Archibald, B.A., B.S.A., \$5,000.
Veterinary Director-General, Dr. Geo. Hilton, \$5,160.
Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, J. A. Ruddick, LL.D., \$5,000.
Seed Commissioner, G. H. Clark, B.S.A., \$5,000.
Live Stock Commissioner, H. S. Arkell, \$4,920.
Dominion Entomologist, Arthur Gibson, \$4,620.
Fruit Commissioner, G. E. McIntosh, \$4,620.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Minister, Hon. P. J. Arthur Cardin, \$10,000.
Deputy Minister, Alexander Johnston.
Assistant Deputy Minister, H. E. A. Hawken.
Chief Engineer, L. E. Côté, C.E., B.A.Sc.
Commissioner of Lights, J. G. Macphail, B.A., B.Sc.
Chairman, Board of Steamship Inspection, F. McDonnell.
Chief Naval Architect, C. F. M. Duguid, A.M., I.N.A.
Superintendent, St. Lawrence Ship Canal, V. F. W. Forneret, C.E., B.A.Sc.
Director of Meteorological Service and Director of Magnetic Observatory, Toronto, Sir Robert Frederick Stupart, F.R.S.C.
Director of Radiotelegraph Service, C. P. Edwards, O.B.E.
Chief Hydrographer, F. Anderson.
Chief Accountant, A. Boyle.

Fisheries Branch.

Director Fisheries Service, W. A. Found.
Chief Inspector, J. J. Cowie.
Chief Accountant, E. W. Gilbert.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE.

Minister of Militia, Col. J. L. Ralston, \$10,000.
Deputy Minister, G. J. Desbarats, C.M.G.
Assistant Deputy Minister, H. W. Brown.
Chief of the General Staff, Maj.-Gen. H. C. Thacker, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
Director of the Naval Service, Commodore W. Hose, C.B.E.
Quartermaster-General, Maj.-Gen. E. C. Ashton, C.M.G., V.D.
Adjutant-General, Maj.-Gen. H. A. Panet, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
Director of the Royal Canadian Air Force, Group Capt. J. S. Scott, M.C., A.F.C.
Chief Accountant, R. P. Brown.
Departmental Secretary, Lieut.-Col. Chas. L. Panet.
Director of Contracts, J. A. McCann.

DEPARTMENT OF SOLDIERS' CIVIL RE-ESTABLISHMENT.

Minister, Hon. James H. King, M.D., \$10,000.
Deputy Minister, N. F. Parkinson, \$6,000.
Assistant Deputy Minister, E. H. Scammell, \$4,500.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

Minister, Hon. James H. King, M.D.
Deputy Minister, Lieut.-Col. J. A. Amyot, M.B., C.M.G.
Assistant Deputy Minister, Lieut.-Col. David A. Clark, M.D.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

Minister of Labour, Hon. Peter Heenan.
Deputy Minister of Labour, H. H. Ward.
Assistant Deputy Minister, Gerald H. Brown.
Superintendent of Government Annuities, E. G. Blackadar.
Director of Employment Service, R. A. Rigg.
Director of Technical Education, A. W. Crawford.
Registrar under Combines Investigation Act, F. A. McGregor.
Accountant, K. A. Thomas.

PUBLIC PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

King's Printer, F. A. Acland, \$8,000.
Director and Superintendent of Printing, P. M. Draper, \$5,220.
Supervisor of Government Publications, Fred Cook, \$5,120.
Superintendent of Supplies, J. O. Patenaude, \$4,320.
Chief Accountant, F. G. Bronskill, \$4,140.
Supervisor of Production, R. E. Cook, \$3,720.
Supervisor of Plant, J. Munro, \$3,720.
Superintendent of Stationery, E. Ryder, \$3,720.

DEPARTMENT OF IMMIGRATION AND COLONIZATION.

Minister of Immigration and Colonization, Hon. Robert Forke.
Deputy Minister, W. J. Egan.
Assistant Deputy Minister, F. C. Blair.
Director of European Immigration, J. Bruce Walker.
Director of Publicity, Robert J. C. Stead.
Exhibition Commissioner, J. O. Turcotte.
Commissioner of Immigration, A. L. Jolliffe.
Superior of Juvenile Immigration, J. Bogue Smart.
Commissioner of Colonization, W. R. Little.

HIGH COMMISSIONER IN LONDON.

High Commissioner, Hon. Peter Charles Larkin.
Secretary, Lucien Pacaud, \$6,000.

COMMISSIONS.

Railway Commission.

Chief Commissioner, Hon. H. A. McKeown, K.C., \$12,500.
Assistant Chief Commissioner, S. J. McLean, M.A., LL.B., Ph.D., \$9,000.
Deputy Chief Commissioner, T. Vien, \$8,000.
Commissioners, A. C. Boyce, C.M.G., Calvin Lawrence, Hon. Frank Oliver, \$8,000 each.
Counsel, A. G. Blair, K.C., \$6,000.
Secretary, A. D. Cartwright, \$6,000.
Chief Operating Officer, George Spencer, \$6,000.

Civil Service Commission.

Commissioners, Hon. W. J. Roche, M.D., LL.D., *Chairman*, \$7,000; Newton MacTavish; Joseph E. Tremblay, \$6,000 each.
Secretary, Wm. Foran, \$5,220.

*International Joint Commission.**Canadian Section.*

Chairman, C. A. Magrath.
Commissioners, H. A. Powell, K.C., Sir William Hearst, K.C.M.G., \$7,500 each.
Secretary, L. J. Burpee, \$4,000.

III. THE PROVINCES.

ONTARIO AND QUEBEC (OLD CANADA).

History.

It is claimed that Sebastian Cabot discovered Cape Breton Island in 1497, but the first discoverer of Canada, properly so called, was Jacques Cartier, who having spent some time in Gaspé Harbour took possession of the country by setting up a cross, on the 24th July, 1534. In 1535 he sailed up the St. Lawrence which he named the River of Hochelaga, the name applied by the Indians to the region about the Lachine Rapids.

In 1608 Quebec, the first settlement, was founded. During their early days and for a considerable time after, the French settlers were few in number, suffered great hardships, and were much engaged in conflicts with the Indian tribes, the aboriginal inhabitants. The principal incentives to their colonisation were the profits of the fur trade and missionary zeal.

In 1759 Quebec succumbed to the British forces under General Wolfe; and in 1763 the whole territory of Canada was ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Paris. It may be mentioned that for three years, from 1629 to 1632, Quebec had been in English possession, having been captured by David Kirk, but was retroceded to France by the peace of *St. Germain-en-laye*.

From 1763 to 1774 Canada was governed in the main by military authority. In the latter year a nominee council was established by Act of the Parliament of Great Britain. By the same Act the Roman Catholics were given the free exercise of their religion; the Catholic clergy were declared entitled to receive their accustomed dues and rights, but with respect only to those professing the Catholic religion; and in civil cases it was declared that resort should be had to the Laws of Canada for the decision of the same.

In 1791 an Act of Parliament was passed (31 Geo. III., cap. 31), authorising the Crown to issue a proclamation dividing Canada into two Provinces, Upper Canada (now Ontario) and Lower Canada (now Quebec), and establishing a constitution for each. As the form of government was similar in each Province, a description of that of the Lower Province will suffice. By the Act in question the Legislative authority was vested in a Legislative Council appointed by the Crown, and in a House of Assembly elected by the inhabitants; the Lower Province was under a Governor, whilst the Upper was under a Lieutenant-Governor. Both the Houses of Assembly thus created, and especially that of Lower Canada, were in constant conflict with the Executive Government from the end of the American War in 1814, until the Canadian Rebellion of 1837-8. The risings in both Provinces were caused by Governor after Governor attempting to rule by the aid of Executive Councils not possessing the confidence of the Provincial Assemblies. The rebels were suppressed with very little difficulty. Afterwards the constitution of Lower Canada was suspended, and Lord Durham was sent out from England as Governor-General, with special powers and instructions to report on the affairs of the country. He recommended a Union of the Provinces, and indeed foreshadowed the larger confederation, which has since been adopted. In accordance with Lord Durham's recommenda-

tion, the two Provinces were re-united by Act 3 & 4 Vic., cap. 35, and the Legislative Bodies of the united Provinces were consolidated: the new Legislative Council was to consist of not less than 20 members (it used in fact to exceed double that number); the members were appointed for life. Subsequently, by 17 & 18 Vict. c. 118, the Canadian Legislature was empowered to alter the Constitution of the Legislative Council. This power was utilised in 1856 by an Act of Canada which made half of the Legislative Council elective for terms of eight years. This modification was an important one, for it was because of the dissatisfaction caused by the behaviour of the elected Councillors that, on the creation of the Dominion of Canada in 1867, the new Senate was made appointive. The new House of Assembly, created in 1840, consisted of 84 members, there being an equal number from each Province. Municipal Institutions were established in Canada in 1841.

Constitution.

The constitution of Canada in operation under this union was defined in its main features under title I. of the Local Consolidated Stat., 1859. Canada was divided into 125 electoral districts and boroughs, returning in all 130 members to the House of Assembly, 65 for Upper Canada, and 65 for Lower Canada; whilst the Legislative Council consisted of 48 elected members, and 22 members nominated under the old constitution.

In 1854 the question of the "Clergy Reserves" was settled by the application of the property to municipal purposes, vested interests being respected. In the same year seigniorial tenure was abolished in Lower Canada.

As years passed, increasing difficulty was experienced in the conduct of public affairs owing to the antagonism of the members for Upper and Lower Canada. Things having come almost to a "deadlock" about 1864, an escape from the difficulty was sought in a project for the union of all the British North American provinces, which, after negotiation, was agreed to, and embodied in the "British North America Act, 1867."

There is an elected Legislative Assembly in each Province (Ontario, 112 members; Quebec, 85 members), elected for four years in Ontario and five years in Quebec by general suffrage, with no property qualification. Members in Ontario are paid mileage and \$20 per day for 30 days, or a maximum of \$2,000. Members in Quebec receive \$2,500 for each session of more than 30 days. Quebec also possesses a Legislative Council or Upper House of 24 members, who hold their seats for life, nominated by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. The members are paid \$2,500 as sessional indemnity.

Industry.

The industrial wealth of Ontario is derived, primarily, from its farms, its forests, mines, and fisheries; secondarily, from its manufactures. In 1926, the value of the farm land, buildings, implements production, and live stock of the province was estimated at \$2,209,937,000. There are over 22,628,901 acres of cleared farm land now occupied and over 30,000,000 acres still available. The farms average 114 acres in extent, of which 84% are owned by the occupants. The average value of farm products per acre is greater than in any other province, and the total production

of field crops was placed at \$261,264,000 in 1925. Dairying and the breeding and feeding of live stock are combined with general farming. The value of the cheese and butter factory output is at present about \$45,000,000 annually.

All the fruits usually grown in the temperate zone may be produced in Ontario, not only successfully, but in a very high degree of excellence. Apples constitute the principal crop, but tender fruits such as peaches, pears, plums, and grapes, are very extensively grown in the Niagara peninsula. The canning and preserving of fruits and vegetables is a well established industry. Total apple production in 1926 was estimated at 573,600 barrels.

The value of the mines and mineral industries of Ontario in 1926 was \$84,702,296, as compared with \$87,980,436 in 1925. This decrease is accounted for partly by the fact that the prices of lead, silver and cement were lower in 1926 than in 1925 and partly by a new method of evaluating copper. The London price of lead for the year was used in 1926 as against the Montreal price in 1925, the latter figure being slightly higher. The value of the gold produced in 1926 was \$30,950,180, as compared with \$30,202,367 in 1925. In 1926, the quantity of silver produced was 9,274,965 ounces, valued at \$5,760,402. The quantity of nickel produced in Ontario in 1926 was 66,714,294 lbs. and of copper 41,312,867 lbs. which were valued at \$14,374,163 and \$4,828,964 respectively. Crude petroleum amounting to 137,850 barrels was produced in 1926, with a total value of \$379,221, natural gas 7,764,996 M. cu. ft., valued at \$4,409,593, 4,065,477 pounds arsenic, valued at \$135,549, as well as 3,398,860 barrels of cement worth \$4,792,857.

Education.

In Ontario the central control is vested in the Minister of Education, who is a member of the Provincial Cabinet. General regulations are framed by him with the approval of the Cabinet for the elementary (public and separate) the continuation and high schools (including collegiate institutes) and the Vocational schools, all of which number 7,527, with 697,101 scholars (exclusive of evening school pupils) in 1925-6. The schools are under the control of local boards of trustees, are required to have only certificated teachers, and are efficiently inspected. There is a provincial (non-denominational) university (Toronto), with an affiliated university college, and five theological colleges are also affiliated. There are also two non-denominational and two denominational universities in the Province, and numerous high schools or colleges (private foundations) for boys and girls. Ample provision is made for the instruction of the deaf and the blind. There is also a well-equipped agricultural college, now affiliated with the provincial university. Schools are attached to the reformatories for juvenile offenders of both sexes. Education, elementary and secondary, is free and is practically compulsory up to 16 years of age in urban centres. In rural sections it is practically compulsory up to 14 years. Public libraries receive Government grants.

Climate.

The climate is dry, bracing, and very healthy, although the range of temperature is great. The mean temperature at Toronto is 44°, at Montreal 41°; the extreme range at Toronto being from 5°

below zero to 91°. The average annual rainfall at Toronto is 25 inches; at Montreal 29 inches, principally from May to September. The snow-fall between December and March is about 122 inches on the average at Montreal.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Lieutenant-Governors since 1897.

ONTARIO.

- 1897 Hon. Sir Oliver Mowat, G.C.M.G.
 1903 Sir William Mortimer Clark, K.C.
 1908 Hon. Sir John Morison Gibson, K.C.M.G.,
 K.C., LL.D.
 1914 Sir John Strathearn Hendrie, K.C.M.G.,
 C.V.O., LL.D.
 1919 Lionel Herbert Clarke, Esq.
 1921 Colonel Henry Cockshutt.
 1926 W. D. Ross, Esq.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, TORONTO.

The Province is represented by 24 Members in the Senate and 82 Members in the House of Commons of Canada.

Provincial Revenue and Expenditure.

	Total Ordinary Revenue.	Dominion Subsidy.*	Ordinary Expenditure.
1926	\$50,841,843	\$2,642,612†	\$51,251,781

Lieutenant-Governor, The Honourable W. D. Ross, \$10,000.

Official Secretary, Colonel Alexander Fraser, LL.D., F.S.A.S.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Premier and President of the Council, and Minister of Education, Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, B.A., K.C., LL.B., \$12,000.
 Attorney-General, Hon. William H. Price, K.C., LL.B., \$8,000.
 Minister of Public Works, Hon. G. S. Henry, B.A., LL.B., \$8,000.
 Secretary, Hon. Lincoln Goldie, \$8,000.
 Treasurer, Hon. J. D. Monteith, \$8,000.
 Minister of Agriculture, Hon. John S. Martin, B.A., \$8,000.
 Minister of Lands and Forests, Hon. William Finlayson, \$8,000.
 Minister of Mines, Hon. Charles McCrea, \$8,000.
 Minister of Labour and Health, Hon. Forbes E. Godfrey, M.B., L.R.C.P. & S., \$8,000.
 Ministers without portfolio, The Hon. J. R. Cooke, The Hon. Leeming Carr, M.B.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY (112 MEMBERS).

Speaker, Hon. Wm. D. Black.
 Clerk, Alex. C. Lewis.
 Clerk Assistant, C. F. Bulmer.
 Librarian, A. T. Wilgress.
 Sergeant-at-Arms, Col. G. H. Ogilvie.
 King's Printer, Horace Wallis.
 Law Clerks, A. M. Dymond, K.C., W. B. Wilkinson, K.C.
 Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, C. F. Bulmer.
 Provincial Archivist, Alexander Fraser, LL.D.

* Included in revenue.

† Year ended March 31, 1926.

<i>Constituencies.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Addington . . .	Black, William David.
Algoma . . .	Robb, John M.
Brant County . . .	Nixon, Hon. Harry Corwin.
Brantford . . .	Martin, Wm. Geo.
Brookville . . .	Clark, Hezekiah Allen.
Bruce . . .	Mewhinney, Alexander P.
Bruce, South . . .	
Carleton . . .	Acres, Adam Holland.
Cochrane, North . . .	Waters, Albert Victor.
Cochrane, South . . .	Kenning, Alfred F.
Dufferin . . .	Slack, Thomas Kerr.
Dundas . . .	Smyth, George.
Durham . . .	Bragg, William J.
Elgin, East . . .	Miller, Edward B.
Elgin, West . . .	MacDiarmid, Hon. Finlayson G.
Essex, North . . .	Poisson, Paul.
Essex, South . . .	Fletcher, Charles G.
Fort William . . .	Spence, Frank.
Frontenac-Lennox . . .	Ming, Edward.
Glengarry . . .	McGillis, Angus.
Grenville . . .	Ferguson, Hon. G. Howard.
Grey, North . . .	Taylor, David James.
Grey, South . . .	Oliver, Farquhar R.
Haldimand . . .	Miller, Robert F.
Halton . . .	Hillmer, George.
Hamilton, Cntre . . .	Jutten, Thomas W.
Hamilton, East . . .	Carr, Hon. Leeming.
Hamilton, West . . .	Smye, Frederick T.
Hastings, East . . .	Hill, James F.
Hastings, North . . .	Cooke, Hon. John Robert.
Hastings, West . . .	Ireland, Wm. H.
Huron, North . . .	Robertson, Charles A.
Huron, South . . .	Medd, William George.
Kenora . . .	Earnsey, Joseph P.
Kent, East . . .	Gardiner, Chris.
Kent, West . . .	Calder, Archibald C.
Kingston . . .	Kidd, Thomas Ashmore.
Lambton, East . . .	Oke, Leslie Warnor.
Lambton, West . . .	Haney, Wilfrid S.
Lanark, North . . .	Thompson, Thomas A.
Lanark, South . . .	Stedman, Egerton R.
Leeds . . .	Skinner, Frederick J.
Lincoln . . .	Kemp, Robert H.
London, North . . .	Moore, James Percy.
London, South . . .	Wilson, J. Cameron.
Mantoulin . . .	Farquhar, Thomas.
Middlesex, North . . .	McLean, Alexander D.
Middlesex, West . . .	Lethbridge, John Giles.
Muskoka . . .	Ecclestone, George W.
Niagara Falls . . .	Willson, William G.
Nipissing . . .	Morel, Harry.
Norfolk . . .	Martin, Hon. John S.
Northumberland . . .	Robertson, William G.
Ontario, North . . .	Widdifield, John Wesley.
Ontario, South . . .	Sinclair, Wm. E. N.
Ottawa, East . . .	Pinard, Joseph Albert.
Ottawa, North . . .	Honeywell, Albert E.
Ottawa, South . . .	Birkett, Thomas N.
Oxford, North . . .	Ross, David M.
Oxford, South . . .	Scott, Merton E.
Parry Sound . . .	Harcourt, Geo. Vernon.
Peel . . .	Kennedy, Thomas L.
Perth, North . . .	Monteith, Hon. Joseph D.
Perth, South . . .	Colquhoun, Albert A.
Peterborough City . . .	Bradburn, William H.
Peterborough County . . .	Anderson, William A.
Port Arthur . . .	Hogarth, Donald M.
Prescott . . .	Proulx, Edmond.
Preston . . .	Horace S. Colliver.
Rainy River . . .	Mathieu, James A.
Renfrew, North . . .	Stuart, Alexander.

<i>Constituencies.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Renfrew, South . . .	Costello, Thomas M.
Russell . . .	Belanger, Aurelien.
St. Catharines . . .	Graves, Edwin Cyrus.
Sault Ste. Marie . . .	Lyons, Hon. James.
Simcoe, Centre . . .	Wright, Chas. Ernest.
Simcoe, East . . .	Finlayson, Hon. Wm.
Simcoe, Southeast . . .	Mitchell, John Henry.
Stormont . . .	McNaughton, Duncan A.
Sturgeon Falls . . .	Legault, Theo.
Sudbury . . .	McCrea, Hon. Charles.
Temiskaming . . .	Kennedy, John Angus.
Toronto—	
Beaches . . .	Murphy, Thomas A.
Bellwoods . . .	Edwards, William H.
Bracondale . . .	Nesbitt, Arthur Russell.
Broton . . .	McBrien, Frederick G.
Dovercourt . . .	Wright, Samuel T.
Eglinton . . .	Ball, Herbert H.
Greenwood . . .	Smith, George J.
High Park . . .	Baird, William A.
Parkdale . . .	Price, Hon. Wm. H.
Riverdale . . .	Oakley, George
St. Andrew . . .	Flett, William R.
St. Davids . . .	Thompson, Hon. Joseph E.
St. George . . .	Schofield, Henry O.
St. Patrick . . .	Currie, John Allister.
Woodbine . . .	Shields, George S.
Victoria, North . . .	Newman, William.
Victoria, South . . .	Sandy, Frederick Geo.
Waterloo, North . . .	Weihel, William G.
Waterloo, South . . .	Womuth, Karl K.
Welland . . .	Vaughan, Marshall.
Wellington, North-East . . .	McQuibban, George A.
Wellington, South . . .	Goldie, Hon. Lincoln.
Wentworth, North . . .	Shaver, Alexander L.
Wentworth, South . . .	Mahoney, Thomas Jos.
Windsor East . . .	Wilson, Frank A.
Windsor, West . . .	Reid, John Frederick.
York, East . . .	Henry, Hon. George S.
York, North . . .	Pearson, Peter William.
York, South . . .	Macaulay, Leopold.
York, West . . .	Godfrey, Hon. Forbes.

OFFICE OF PRESIDENT OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

President of the Executive Council and First Minister, Hon. George Howard Ferguson, K.C., \$12,000.

Deputy Minister, Horace Wallis.

General Secretary, C. C. Hele.

Clerk of the Executive Council, C. F. Bulmer.

Civil Service Commissioner, J. M. McCutcheon.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Attorney-General, Hon. W. H. Price, K.C., LL.B., \$8,000.

Deputy Attorney-General, Edward Bayly, K.C.

Private Secretary and Assistant Clerk, Executive Council, Matthew Currey.

Solicitor to Department, A. N. Middleton.

Assistant Solicitor, F. P. Brennan.

Legal Secretary, A. W. Rogers.

Inspector of Legal Offices, J. A. Humphries.

Inspector of Registry Offices, J. A. Humphries.

Master of Titles, G. W. Holmes.

Superintendent of Insurance, R. L. Foster.

Inspector of Division Courts, J. A. Humphries.

Auditor, Criminal Justice Accounts, C. A. Fitch.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

Provincial Secretary and Registrar, Hon. Lincoln Goldie, \$8,000.
Assistant Provincial Secretary and Lieutenant-Governor's Deputy for Signing Marriage Licenses, F. V. Johns, B.A.
Deputy Provincial Secretary, H. M. Robbins.
Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities, A. L. McPherson.
Superintendent, Neglected and Dependent Children, J. J. Kelso.
Director, Municipal Bureau, J. A. Ellis.
Municipal Auditor, W. J. Crawford.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Minister of Agriculture, Hon. J. S. Martin, B.A., \$8,000.
Deputy Minister, W. B. Roadhouse.
Director of Colonization, G. A. Elliot.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

Treasurer, Hon. J. D. Monteith, \$8,000.
Assistant Treasurer and Financial Controller, F. M. Turnbull.
Provincial Auditor, Gordon A. Brown.
Assistant Provincial Auditor, T. R. Jennings.
Controller of Revenue, J. T. White.
Solicitor under the Succession Duties Act, R. E. M. Meighen.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Minister, Hon. G. S. Henry, B.A., LL.B., \$8,000.
Deputy Minister, G. Hogarth.
Architect, F. R. Heakes.
Secretary and Purchasing Agent, D. Horrell.
Engineer, A. J. Halford.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS AND FORESTS.

Minister, Hon. William Finlayson, \$8,000.
Deputy Minister of Lands and Forests, Walter C. Cain.

DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT.

Deputy Minister, C. H. Fullerton.
Chief Engineer, J. Sinton.
Settlers' Loan Commissioner, F. Dane.
Chief Clerk, F. G. Beardall.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

Minister, Hon. Charles McCrea, \$8,000.
Deputy, Thos. W. Gibson.
Deputy, Game and Fisheries Dept., D. McDonald.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Minister of Education, Hon. G. H. Ferguson, K.C., B.A., LL.B.
Deputy, A. H. U. Colquhoun, LL.D.
Chief Director of Education, F. W. Merchant, D.Sc.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, J. R. Humphreys.
Clerk of Records, A. C. Paull.
Registrar Departmental Examinations, R. A. Crookery.
Chief Inspector of Public and Separate Schools, V. K. Greer.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR AND HEALTH.

Minister, Hon. F. E. Godfrey, M.B., L.R.C.P. & S.
Deputy Minister of Labour, Jas. H. H. Ballantyne.
Deputy Minister of Health, W. J. Bell, M.D.

SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO.

APPELLATE DIVISION.

FIRST DIVISIONAL COURT.

Chief Justice of Ontario, Rt. Hon. Sir William Mulock, K.C.M.G., P.C., \$10,000.
Puisne Judges, Hon. James Magee, Hon. Frank Egerton Hodgins, Hon. William Nassau Ferguson, Hon. David Ingles Grant, \$9,000 each.

SECOND DIVISIONAL COURT.

Chief Justices, Hon. Francis Robert Latchford, \$10,000; Hon. W. R. Riddell, Hon. W. E. Middleton, Hon. C. A. Masten, Hon. J. F. Orde.

HIGH COURT DIVISION.

Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, Hon. Richard Martin Meredith, president, \$10,000.
Puisne Judges, Hon. Hugh Thos. Kelly, Hon. Hugh Edward Rose, Hon. William Alexander Logie, Hon. Herbert Macdonald Mowat, Hon. Robert G. Fisher, Hon. William Henry Wright, \$9,000 each, Hon. J. M. McEvoy, Hon. W. E. Raney.

Officers of Supreme Court:—

Master, Charles Garrow, K.C.
Assistant Masters, E. W. Boyd, W. J. Reilly, Geo. Drew.
Senior Registrar, E. Hurley, K.C.
Assistant Registrars, D. Hinds, C. Bell, A. E. Trow, C. J. McCabe.
Official Guardian of Infants, F. W. Harcourt, K.C.
Accountant, L. Boyd.
Surrogate Registrar, C. J. McCabe.

EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

TORONTO ADMIRALTY DISTRICT.

Judge, Hon. F. E. Hodgins.
Registrar, John Bruce.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Quebec is growing rapidly through its agriculture, its industry, and its forests. The municipalities of the Province have a total area of 24,964,842⁺ acres, which is about one-ninth of the total area, excluding the northern part (formerly Ungava), which was annexed in 1912.

Most farmers own their farms, and the chief products are hay, oats, and potatoes.

The value of the field crops, for the year 1926, is estimated at \$139,263,000, compared with \$88,000,000 for the year previous to the war (1913).

The raising of beef cattle is a business of considerable importance in the Eastern Townships, and throughout the Province mixed farming is a general practice.

* Provincial Municipal Statistics, 1924.

Dairying is one of the most important industries on the farm. The total yield of the butter and cheese manufactured was over \$24,935,248 in 1926. The butter of the Province of Quebec is renowned for its flavour, and has taken first prizes in International competitions, and the cheese commands the highest prices paid on the Montreal market by exporters to Europe.

In industrial development, Quebec has made rapid progress. The census of 1911 showed that the total value of manufactured products for 1910 was \$350,901,656; during the last twelve years the growth has been quite phenomenal. A statement published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics shows that the industrial production of Quebec for 1925 had a gross value of \$820,563,757. Montreal's share of that production was \$460,252,857.

Amongst the most important industries are the following : pulp and paper, cotton yarn and cloth, cigars and cigarettes, flour and grist mill products, butter and cheese, electric light and power, railway rolling stock, boots and shoes, leather, slaughtering and meat packing, clothing, saw-mills, electrical apparatus and supplies, bread, breweries.

To those interested in the mining industry, the Province of Quebec offers an attractive diversity of geological formations, including the Keewatin, Laurentian and Huronian, containing gold, silver, asbestos, lead, nickel, copper, iron, zinc, phosphate, mica and granite.

In the Eastern Townships are located the well renowned mines of asbestos. Their production, which had a value of only \$2,677,829 in 1910, reached in 1926 a production estimated at \$10,095,488. The Province produces also several of the so called "War minerals," such as pyrite, molybdenite, magnesite, the mining of which received a very strong impetus during the hostilities. Zinc and copper rank next to asbestos in production (excluding production of structural materials and clay products), with values of \$956,199 and \$368,886 respectively in the year 1926.

While land values, both in town and country, show a steady improvement in this Province from year to year, Quebec has never experienced the speculative crises that have characterized real estate transactions elsewhere, especially during the years previous to the war. During the war, production was greatly intensified in the Province, and every fiscal year ended with a material surplus. Quebec was the only Province where the moratorium was not imposed during the hostilities, and its credit, on the foreign markets, instead of diminishing, during the last years was increasing, and, hence, has largely escaped the financial stringency of the after-war readjustment.

The entire school organization in the Province of Quebec is under the immediate control of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, who is under the Provincial Secretary. The Superintendent is assisted by an English Secretary and a French Secretary, who have the rank of deputy-minister. To a Council of Public Instruction is delegated certain large powers, and it is divided into two Committees, a Roman Catholic and a Protestant, and each of these Committees have the right to make the regulations in regard to the organization and discipline of their respective schools. These powers include the adopting of a programme of studies, the authorization of text books, the issuing of diplomas and all such matters as directly

affect the internal management of the schools. The local control is vested in local elective boards. The schools are maintained partly by local taxation and fees, and partly by grants from the Provincial Government. There were, in 1925, 8,086 schools, with 593,414 scholars. There are included in the total given above forestry schools, dairy schools, trade schools, technical schools, schools for agriculture, normal schools, a school for higher commercial studies and classical colleges, and four universities—two protestant: McGill University (Montreal) and Bishop's College (Lennoxville) and two Catholic: Laval University (Quebec) and Montreal University (Montreal).

In 1898, the schools' revenue was \$3,055,771; ten years later, it amounted to \$5,148,887; in 1924-25, it was \$28,980,568.

The average cost of education per pupil in the Province of Quebec has increased rapidly; in 1900, it was \$9.87; in 1910, \$15.72; in 1925, \$48.84.

Lieutenant-Governors since 1838

- 1898 Sir L. A. Jetté, K.C.M.G., appointed for a second term in 1903.
 1908 Sir C. A. P. Pelletier.
 1911 Sir François Langelier, K.C.M.G.
 1915 Sir Pierre Evariste Le Blanc, K.C.M.G.
 1918 Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, P.C., G.C.M.G.
 1923 Hon. Louis P. Brodeur.
 1924 Hon. Narcisse Pérodeau.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, QUEBEC CITY.

The Province is represented in the Council by 24 Councillors, and in the Assembly by 85 Members.

Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. N. Pérodeau.
Private Secretary, L. J. Paquin.

Provincial Revenue and Expenditure.

	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Surplus.
	\$	\$	\$
1926-27	30,924,997	29,078,703	1,846,294

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Premier, Attorney-General and Minister of Municipal Affairs, Hon. L. A. Taschereau.
Minister of Agriculture, Hon. J. E. Caron.
Minister of Roads, Hon. J. L. Perron.
Minister of Lands and Forests, Hon. Honoré Mercier.
Provincial Treasurer, Hon. J. Nicol.
Minister of Public Works and Labour, Hon. A. Galipeault.
Minister of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries, Hon. J. E. Perrault.
Provincial Secretary and Registrar, Hon. A. David.
Ministers without portfolio, Hon. L. Lapierre, Hon. A. Moreau, Hon. Alfred Leduc, Hon. J. H. Dillon.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (24 Members).

Speaker, Hon. Adélar Turgeon, \$4,000.
Clerk, R. Campbell, K.C., D.C.L., \$6,000.
Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, Athanase Guy.

<i>Divisions.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
Alma	M. Martin.
Bedford	H. J. J. B. Gosselin.
De la Durantaye	G. E. Amyot.
De la Vallière	A. Turgeon.
De Lanaudière	—
De Lorimier	J. Girouard.
De Salaberry	—
Golfe	F. Carrel.
Grandville	J. H. Kelly.
Inkerman	G. Bryson, junior.
Kennébec	—
La Salle	P. J. Paradis.
Laurentides	Thos. Chapais.
Lauzon	E. Roberge.
Mille Isles	H. Champagne.
Montarville	J. L. Perron.
Repentigny	Geo. A. Simard.
Rigaud	Edouard Ouellette.
Rougemont	E. Choquette.
Shawinigan	Némèse Garneau.
Sorel	P. R. Du Tremblay.
Stadacona	G. Power.
Victoria	Henry Miles.
Wellington	W. F. Vilas.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY (85 Members).

Speaker, Hon. J. N. Francoeur, \$4,000.
Clerk, L. P. Geoffrion, K.C., \$4,000.
Asst. Clerk, C. A. Fournier.
Sergeant-at-Arms, C. Delisle.
Librarian, J. Desjardins.

<i>Divisions.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Abitibi	H. Authier.
Argenteuil	Georges Dansereau.
Arthabaska	Joseph Edouard Perrault.
Bagot	Joseph Emery Phaneuf.
Beauce	Joseph Hugues Fortier.
Beauharnois	Louis Joseph Papineau.
Bellechasse	Antonin Galipeault.
Berthier	Cléophas Bastien.
Bonaventure	Pierre Côté.
Brome	C. Oliver.
Chambly	Alexandre Thurber.
Champlain	William Pierre Grant.
Charlevoix-Saguenay	Edgar Rochette.
Châteauguay	Honoré Mercier.
Chicoutimi	Gustave Delisle.
Compton	Jacob Nicol.
Deux-Montagnes	Arthur Sauvé.
Dorchester	J. Charles Ernest Ouellet.
Drummond	Hector La Ferté.
Frontenac	Cyrille Baillargeon.
Gaspé	Gustave Lemieux.

Divisions.

Hull
Huntingdon
Iberville
Îles-de-la-Madeleine
Jacques-Cartier
Joliette
Kamouraska
Labelle
Lac Saint Jean
L'Assomption
Laval
Lévis
L'Islet
Lotbinière
Maisonneuve
Maskinongé
Matane
Matapédia
Mégarantic
Missisquoi
Montcalm
Montmagny
Montmorency
Montréal Dorion
Montréal Laurier
Montréal Mercier
Montréal Ste. Anne
Montréal St. Marie
Montréal St. Georges
Montréal St. Henri
Montréal St. Jacques
Montréal St. Laurent
Montréal St. Louis
Montréal Verdun
Napierville Laprairie
Nicolet
Papineau
Pontiac
Portneuf
Québec Centre
Québec-Comté
Québec Est.
Québec Ouest.
Richelieu
Richmond
Rimouski
Rouville
Saint Hyacinthe
Saint Jean
Saint Maurice
Saint Sauveur
Shelford
Sherbrooke
Soulanges
Stanstead
Témiscamingue
Témiscouata
Terrebonne
Trois Rivières

Members.

Aimé Guertin.
Andrew Philips.
Lucien Lamoureux.
Joseph Edouard Caron.
Victor Marchand.
Alfred Lucien Dugas.
Phydimie Gagnon.
Pierre Lortie.
Emile Moreau.
Walter Reed.
Joseph Oliver Renaud.
Alfred Valère Roy.
Elisée Thériault.
J. Napoléon Francoeur.
William Tremblay.
T. Welly Gagnon.
Joseph Arthur Bergeron.
Joseph Dufour.
Lauréat Lapierre.
Alexandre Saurette.
Joseph Ferdinand Daniel.
Charles A. Paquet.
Louis Alex. Taschereau.
Aldéric Blain.
Ernest Poulin.
Anatole Plante.
J. Dillon.
Joseph Gauthier.
Charles Ernest Gault.
Alfred Leduc.
Irénee Vautrin.
Joseph Cohen.
Peter Bercovitich.
Pierre Auguste Lafleur.
J. Euclide Charbonneau, fils.
Joseph Alcide Savoie.
Désiré Lahaie.
Wm. Reginald McDonald.
Pierre Gauthier.
Joseph O. Samson.
Jos. Ephraim Bédard.
Louis A. Létourneau.
Joseph J. Power.
J. B. Théophile Lafrenière
Stanislas E. Desmarais.
Louis Joseph Moreault.
C. Amerio Bernard.
Télesphore Damien Bouchard.
Alexis Bouthillier.
Joseph Auguste Frigon.
Charles Edouard Cantin.
William Stephen Bullock.
Armand C. Crépeau.
J. Avila Fafard.
Alfred J. Bissonnet.
Joseph Edouard Piché.
Léon Casgrain.
Louis Athanase David.
Maurice L. Duplessis.

<i>Divisions.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Vandrevuil	Hormisdas Pilon.
Verehères	Felix Messier.
Westmount	Charles Allan Smart.
Wolfe	J. P. Cyrinus Lemieux.
Yamaska	David Laperrière.

OFFICERS OF DEPARTMENTS.

Clerk of the Executive Council, Alfred Morisset.
Deputy Provincial Secretary, C. J. Simard, K.C.
Deputy Minister of Lands and Forests, F. X. Lemieux.
Assistant Attorney-General, Charles Lanctot, K.C.
Deputy Minister of Agriculture, A. Grenier.
Deputy Minister of Roads, J. Boulanger.
Assistant Provincial Treasurer, A. P. B. Williams.
Deputy Minister of Public Works, Alphonse Métayer.
Deputy Minister of Labour, Louis Guyon.
Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs, Oscar Morin, K.C.
Superintendent of Public Instruction, C. F. Delage.
Secretaries to the Department of Public Instruction, S. W. Parmelee and L. Bergeron.
Law Clerk of the Legislature, Jos. Hudon, K.C.

JUDICIAL AND LEGAL DEPARTMENTS.

Chief Justice, Hon. P. E. Lafontaine, \$10,000.
 Puisne Judges, King's Bench :—
 Hon. R. A. E. Greenshields, Hon. E. W. P. Guerin, Hon. V. Allard, Hon. J. M. Tellier, Hon. E. E. Howard, Hon. C. E. Dorion, Hon. Louis Alphonse Bernier, Hon. Adjutor Rivard, Hon. Severin Letourneau, Hon. A. B. Hall, \$9,000 each.
Chief Justice, Superior Court, Hon. Sir F. X. Lemieux, Quebec, \$10,000.
Acting Chief Justice, Montreal, Hon. J. E. Martin, \$10,000.

<i>District Puisne Judges.</i>	<i>Salary \$9,000.</i>
Hon. W. Mercier.	Hon. Ernest Roy.
„ Chas. Archer.	„ L. J. Loranger.
„ P. G. Martineau.	„ E. F. Surveyer.
„ C. Lane.	„ Ph. Cousineau.
„ F. S. MacLennan.	„ Chas. D. White.
„ L. P. Demers.	„ Albert Sévigny.
„ Louis E. Panneton.	„ Pierre D'Auteuil.
„ E. Lafontaine.	„ Joseph Demers.
„ I. N. Belleau.	„ Charles Adolphe
„ A. A. Bruneau.	„ Stein.
„ Auguste M. Tessier.	„ Charles A. Wilson
„ Louis Coderre.	„ Gonsalve
„ W. A. Weir.	„ Desaulniers.
„ M. F. Hackett.	„ Arthur Trahan.
„ J. C. Pouliot.	„ J. W. Archambault.
„ B. Letellier.	„
„ C. A. Ducloux.	„ J. C. Walsh.
„ A. E. De Lorimier.	„ W. L. Bond.
„ Geo. F. Gibbons.	„ H. A. Fortier.
„ Louis Boyer.	„

Judges, Circuit Court, District of Montreal, J. A. C. Ethier, \$8,000 ; Achille Dorion, R. T. Stackhouse and J. B. Archambault, \$7,000 each.
Recorders of Montreal, A. Geoffrion and G. H. Semple.
Ditto, Quebec, Eug. des Rivières.
Ditto, Hull, J. Albéric Parent.
Ditto, St. Hyacinthe, Emile Marin.
Chief Judge of Sessions of Peace (vacant).
Judge of Sessions of Peace, Montreal, C. Cusson.
Ditto, Montreal, Victor Cusson, Gustave Perrault, Amedé Monet, F. T. Enright, J. O. Lacroix.
Ditto, Quebec, Arthur Lachance and P. A. Choquette.
Local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court of Canada, Hon. F. S. MacLennan, Montreal.
Sheriff, Quebec, C. Blouin.
Ditto, Montreal, O. Lapierre.
Clerks of Appeal, Alph. Pouliot, K.C., and Louis Ouimet.
Clerks of the Crown and Clerks of the Peace, Montreal, L. P. Caisse and A. E. B. Ladouceur.
Clerk of the Crown, Quebec, Alph. Pouliot, K.C.
Clerk of the Peace, Quebec, Charles Gendron.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Situation, Area, and Population.

Nova Scotia is a peninsula between the 43rd and 47th parallels, connected with New Brunswick by an isthmus about 14 miles wide ; its length is about 386 miles, and its breadth about 100 at its widest, with much variation. The island of Cape Breton, separated by the Gut of Canso, forms part of the Province. It contains an area of 3,120 square miles. The Province is 21,428 square miles in area, a small part of which consists of lakes, rivers, and inlets of the sea. The population at the census of 1921 was 523,837.

History.

Nova Scotia was discovered by John Cabot in 1497 ; it was colonised by the French in 1598 ; was taken by the English, and a grant of it made to Sir W. Alexander by James I. in 1621. In 1632 it was restored to France, with Quebec, by the Treaty of St. Germain-en-laye, but again ceded to England at the Peace of Utrecht in 1714. After the Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle, in 1748, a settlement of disbanded troops was formed there by Lord Halifax, and the city which now bears his name is the capital of that province. Cape Breton was not finally taken from the French until 1768. From 1784 to 1819 it formed a separate colony.

Description.

Halifax is the capital ; population at the census of 1921 was 58,372. Its harbour is open at all seasons, and is not surpassed by any in the world, affording safe anchorage for at least 1,000 ships. A dry dock and ship-building plant is also situated at Halifax capable of accommodating the largest ships.

There are many other fine harbours which are able to afford shelter to the largest vessels. There is no point in the province distant over thirty miles from a good seaport.

Some of the other chief towns are: Annapolis, Antigonish, Dartmouth, Digby, Glace Bay, Kentville, New Glasgow, Truro, Yarmouth, Pictou, Windsor, Sydney, Sydney Mines, North Sydney, Amherst, Lunenburg, and Liverpool.

Extensive iron and steel works are established at Sydney and New Glasgow, and these centres are developing very rapidly.

Minerals of almost all kinds abound. The production of some of the principal minerals, that are at present mined, for the calendar year 1926, is as follows:—

Coal raised	...	6,747,477 short tons.
Gypsum	...	678,107 "
Gold	...	1,678 ounces.

There are large deposits of other minerals which have not, as yet, been commercially mined.

The greater portion of the inhabitants are engaged in mining, fishing, agriculture and the growth of fruit, for which the province is well adapted. Apples of different varieties and of very superior quality are extensively grown and exported to England and other parts of Europe. The 1926 crop was estimated at 622,800 barrels, valued at \$2,646,900.

A considerable quantity of wood pulp is manufactured and exported, principally to England; the conditions prevailing are well suited for this industry, which is rapidly growing.

The fisheries of the province are very valuable. Their value in 1926 was \$12,510,885. There are many establishments for canning and preserving lobsters and drying and preserving other fish.

The timber trade is carried on to a considerable extent. England is the chief customer, but shipments are also made to other parts of Europe. Spruce and pine are the principal kinds of timber manufactured and exported.

There are a number of shipyards for the building of wooden vessels, and there are plants for the construction of steelships at New Glasgow and at Halifax. A large mill for the manufacturing of steel ships' plates is operating at Sydney.

The climate is remarkably healthy and more temperate than that of any other part of the Dominion. In 1926 the mean temperature at Yarmouth was 42°2', the extreme range being from 1° above zero to 81°.

Constitution.

Nova Scotia is represented in the Dominion Parliament by 10 Members in the Senate and 14 Members in the House of Commons.

The local government is administered by a Lieut.-Governor, advised by an Executive Council of nine members (five of whom are departmental heads), responsible to the Legislature, which consists of a Legislative Council appointed by the Governor, and a House of Assembly of 43 representatives elected every five years.

Education.

The present system of elementary education was established by law in 1864. The central control is vested in the Council of Public Instruction—a body identical in membership with the Executive Council of the Province. The local management of schools is vested, so far as the ordinary school sections or districts are concerned,

in a Board of Trustees chosen by the ratepayers of the section or district. But in incorporated towns, the powers of trustees are exercised by a Board of Commissioners partly appointed by the Town Council and partly by the Government.

In 1926 there were 3,089 (classrooms) schools in operation, with a gross attendance of 112,391. 4,039 attended the technical schools. Education is compulsory in towns, i.e., non-attendance exposes to pecuniary penalties between the ages of 7 and 14 in rural schools and 6 and 16 in towns and cities.

Under "The Technical Education Act," of 1907, local technical schools have been established in all the larger industrial centres in order to produce a class of educated, skilled workmen for the various manufacturing industries. A central institution called the "Nova Scotia Technical College" has been established at Halifax, where instruction of a college grade is provided in mining, civil, mechanical, and electrical engineering. The principal of this college is the Director of Technical Education.

Provincial Finances.

Year.	Total Revenue.	Dominion Subsidy.	Expenditure.
		\$	\$
1926	5,744,575	661,841	6,327,043
Year ended Sept. 30, 1926.			

Lieutenant-Governors since 1900.

- 1900 Hon. A. G. Jones, P.C.
- 1906 Hon. D. C. Fraser.
- 1910 Hon. James D. McGregor.
- 1915 Hon. David MacKeen.
- 1916 McCallum Grant, Esq.
- 1925 James R. Douglas, Esq.
- 1925 James C. Tory, Esq.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT—HALIFAX.

Lieutenant-Governor, His Honour James C. Tory, \$9,000.

Private Secretary, Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Almon, late R.C.A.

Aides-de-Camp, Lieutenant-Colonel A. Nagle Jones, 1st (Halifax) Coast Brigade, C.A.; Capt. Gerald Dwyer, 2nd Bn. P.L.F.; Lieut. W. Marshall Rogers, late 63rd Halifax Rifles.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Premier and Provincial Secretary, Hon. E. N. Rhodes.

Attorney-General, Hon. W. L. Hall.

Minister of Public Works and Mines, Col. the Honorable G. S. Harrington.

Minister of Highways, Hon. P. C. Black.

Minister of Natural Resources, Hon. J. A. Walker.

Without Portfolio.

- Hon. J. F. Fraser; Capt. the Hon. J. F. Cahan;
- Hon. B. A. LeBlanc, M.D.; Hon. W. N. Rehfuess, M.D.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President, Hon. Frederick P. Bligh.*Clerk*, E. McK. Forbes.

William H. Owen	Bridgewater.
C. P. Chisholm	Antigonish.
Neil J. Gillis	Glace Bay.
Fulton J. Logan	Musquodoboit Harb.
Rich. G. Beazley	Halifax.
A. W. Redden	Halifax.
W. Davison Hill	Onslow.
Henry S. Le Blanc	West Pubnico.
Rufus Carter	Maconn.
Burchell B. Fulmore	Shubenacadie.
Hon. A. S. MacMillan	Halifax.
J. W. Comeau	Comeauville.
J. G. Mombourquette	Lower L'Ardoise.
C. A. Campbell	Port Williams.
J. A. Macdonald	Iona.

N.B.—The Legislative Council has been abolished as from the 29th of February, 1928.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY (43 members).—New House of Assembly, elected 1925.

Clerk, W. A. Dickson.*Sergeant-at-Arms*, M. D. McAskill.

<i>County.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Annapolis ...	{ Obed P. Goucher. Harry T. Mackenzie. William Chisholm.
Antigonish ...	{ Dr. J. L. McIsaac. Col. the Hon. G. S. Harrington.
Cape Breton, Centre ...	{ Joseph Macdonald.
Cape Breton, East ...	{ Alexander O'Handley.
Colechester ...	{ William B. Armstrong. Frank Stanfield.
Cumberland ...	{ Hon. Percy Chapman Black. Daniel George McKenzie. Archibald Terris.
Digby ...	{ William Hudson Farnham. John Louis Philip Robicheau.
Guyaboro ...	{ Simon O. Giffin. Howard A. Rice.
Halifax ...	{ Hon. J. F. Fraser. Alexander Montgomerie. John Francis Mahoney. Hon. John Archibald Walker. William Drysdale Piercey. Albert Parsons.
Hants ...	{ Hon. Edgar Nelson Rhodes, P.C.
Inverness ...	{ Hubert M. AuCoin. Malcolm McKay.
King's ...	{ George Clyde Nowlan. Reginald Tucker Caldwell. Hon. Wallace Norman.
Lunenburg ...	{ Rehfuß, M.D., C.M. William Haslam Smith. John Doull.
Pictou ...	{ Robert A. Douglas. H. Allan Macquarrie.
Queen's ...	{ Hon. William Lorimer Hall. Hon. Benjamin Amedee.
Richmond ...	{ LeBlanc, M.D., C.M. J. A. Stewart.

*County.**Members.*

Shelburne ...	{ Norman Emmons Smith. Ernest Reginald Nickerson.
Victoria ...	{ Donald Buchanan McLeod. Philip McLeod.
Yarmouth ...	{ Capt. the Hon. John Flint Cahan. Raymond Henry D'Entremont.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Chief Justice, Hon. Robert E. Harris, \$10,000.

Puisne Judges, Hon. Joseph A. Chisholm, Hon. Humphrey Mellish, Hon. Tecumseh Sherman Rogers, Hon. E. H. Graham, Hon. W. J. Carroll, Hon. Stuart Jenks, \$9,000 each.

Local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court, Hon. Humphrey Mellish.

COUNTY COURT JUDGES.

W. B. Wallace, L. H. Martell, Walter Crowe, George Patterson, John A. Grierson, Allan MacDonald, E. H. Armstrong, \$5,000 each.

DEPARTMENTAL CHIEFS AND OFFICERS.

Provincial Secretary, Hon. E. N. Rhodes, P.C.
Deputy Secretary and Clerk of the Executive Council, Arthur S. Barnstead, LL.B.
Attorney-General, Hon. W. L. Hall, K.C.
Deputy Attorney-General, F. F. Mathers, K.C.
Minister of Public Works and Mines and King's Printer, Hon. G. S. Harrington, K.C.
Deputy Minister and Inspector of Mines, Norman McKenzie.
Minister of Highways, Hon. P. C. Black.
Assistant Minister of Highways, Capt. Hon. J. F. Cahan.
Provincial Health Officer, A. C. Jost, M.D.
Superintendent Government Asylum for Insane, F. E. Lawlor, M.D.
Minister of Lands and Forests, Hon. W. L. Hall, K.C.
Chief Clerk, Dept. Lands and Forests, John H. Congdon.
Council of Public Instruction, President of, Hon. E. N. Rhodes (*Premier*).
Superintendent of Education, H. M. Munro, LL.D.
Director of Technical Education, Frederic Sexton, B.Sc., LL.D.
Minister of Natural Resources, Hon. J. A. Walker.
Deputy Minister of Natural Resources, Col. R. Innes.
Director of Marketing, M. Cumming, LL.D.
Deputy Registrar-General, A. C. Jost, M.D.
Workmen's Compensation Board, V. J. Paton, K.C., *Chairman*.
Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities, John U. Ross, *Chairman*.
Power Commission, Hon. J. F. Fraser, *Chairman*.
Deputy Provincial Treasurer, R. Gordon.
Agent-General in London, John Howard, 31 Spring Gardens, Trafalgar Square, S.W. 1.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Situation, Area, and Population.

New Brunswick is situated between 44° 40' and 48° 5' N. lat., and 63° 30' and 69° W. long.; its area is 27,985 square miles, or about 17,910,400 acres. It is connected with Nova Scotia by a low isthmus. The population in 1921, was 387,876.

History.

New Brunswick was part of the ancient French Province of Acadia and was ceded to England by the Treaty of Utrecht in 1713. Great Britain, however, did not obtain full possession of the country until after the fall of Quebec in 1759. It was first colonised by British subjects from New England in 1762, and in 1783, at the close of the Revolutionary War, it received a large body of Loyalists from the Thirteen Colonies. In 1784 it was separated from Nova Scotia, of which it had formed a part.

Climate.

In 1926 the mean temperature of Fredericton was 39° 1', the extreme range being from 21° below zero to 90° 0'. The average annual rainfall is 32° 1 inches, and the snowfall 94° 0 inches, the latter extending from December to March inclusive.

Industries.

Coal is abundant. Recent valuable discoveries of oil have been made; copper and gypsum exist in large quantities. There are also several salt springs, and antimony, iron, and manganese have been found in considerable quantities. There are also vast deposits of rich bituminous shale, which is likely to have a good commercial value. A great portion of the country is covered by dense forests of fine timber, the cutting and working of which—or "lumbering"—furnishes remunerative employment to many. Extensive development of the pulp and paper industry, in which the water powers are being utilized, is in progress. Live stock raising and dairying feature the agricultural activities. Wheat, Indian corn, barley, buckwheat, and oats, are the principal cereals raised. Potatoes are the most valuable field crop. Apples and plums of excellent quality are largely grown, also strawberries, raspberries, and other small fruits. The fisheries are extensive, both sea and river. Some of the finest salmon fishing in the world is to be had in this province. Fredericton, 65 miles inland, is the capital (pop. 8,114 (1921)), but Saint John, on the mouth of the river of the same name, is the leading commercial centre (pop. 47,166 (1921)). Other towns are Moncton (17,488 (1921)), Campbellton (5,570), Edmundston (4,035), Chatham (4,506), Woodstock (3,380), St. Stephen (3,452), and Newcastle (3507).

Constitution.

New Brunswick is represented in the Canadian Senate by 10 Members, and sends 11 Members to the House of Commons.

There is a Legislative Assembly of 48 Members, elected under a liberal franchise. An Act was passed in 1891 abolishing the Legislative Council from the end of the then present Parliament, and the Council came to an end with the dissolution of 1892.

Members receive \$1,000 per session, and their travelling expenses.

Education.

A system of elementary education was established by Act, 1871. The central control is vested in a Board of Education, and the local management is in the hands of Boards of School Trustees. Education is free between the ages of 6 and 20. There were in 1926, 2,300 (classrooms) schools and 80,769 scholars, exclusive of schools for teacher training, which had an enrolment of 376.

The Provincial University is at Fredericton, and there are other universities at Sackville and Memramook.

	Local Revenue. \$	Dominion Subsidy.* \$	Local Expenditure. \$
1926	4,206,853	666,766	4,078,775

1926. Bonded Debt, \$35,325,909.00.
Net Debt, \$33,736,939.00.

* Year ended Oct. 31, 1926.

Lieutenant-Governors since 1902.

- 1902 Jabez Bunting Snowball, Esq., D.C.L.
LL.D.
1907 Lemuel John Tweedie, K.C., LL.D.
1912 Josiah Wood, LL.D., D.C.L.
1917 Gilbert White Canong.
Hon. William Pugsley, K.C., D.C.L.
1923 W. F. Todd, LL.D.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, FREDERICTON.

Civil Establishment.

Lieutenant-Governor, His Hon. W. F. Todd,
LL.D.
Aide-de-Camp, Lieut-Colonel George Keefe.
Official Secretary, R. S. Barker.

Executive Council.

Premier and Attorney-General, Hon. J. B. M.
Baxter.
Minister of Public Works, Hon. D. A. Stewart.
Provincial Secretary-Treasurer, Hon. Antoine J.
Leger.
Minister of Lands and Mines, Hon. C. D.
Richards.
Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Lewis Smith.
Minister of Health, Hon. H. I. Taylor.
Minister without Portfolio, Hon. E. A. Reilly.
President of the Council, Hon. L. P. D. Tilley.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Speaker, Hon. J. Leonard O'Brien.
Clerk, George Bidlake.
Clerk Assistant, J. Frederick Payne.
Chaplain, Rev. A. F. Bate.
Sergeant-at-Arms, Henry Charles Rutter.

*Constituencies.**Members.*

Albert	{ Lewis Smith. Conrad J. Osman.
Carleton	{ Fred C. Squires. Edwin W. Melville.
Charlotte	{ B. Frank Smith. Henry I. Taylor. James S. Lord. Scott D. Guptill.

<i>Constituencies.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Gloucester	J. Andre Doucet. John B. Lordon. Seraphin Leger. Clovis T. Richard.
Kent	Allison A. Dysart. A. J. Bordage. F. G. Richard.
King's	H. V. Dickson. A. J. Brooks. J. W. Smith.
Madawaska	Hon. J. E. Michaud. Dr. L. J. Violette.
Northumberland	Sydney D. Heckbert. Francis T. Levoie. Akerley Holmes. J. Leonard O'Brien.
Queen's	W. B. Evans. Arthur Moore.
Restigouche	David A. Stewart. Henry Diotte.
St. Stephen and Milltown	Arthur R. McKenzie.
St. John City	Leonard P. D. Tilley. James Lewis. W. Henry Harrison. Miles E. Agar.
St. John County	J. B. M. Baxter. H. Colby Smith.
Sunbury	Alton D. Taylor. Ewart C. Atkinson.
Victoria	Oran B. Davis. John W. Niles.
Westmorland	Merville A. Oulton. Antoine J. Leger. Herbert M. Wood. Medley G. Siddall.
Moncton City	E. Albert Reilly.
York	B. H. Dougan. G. C. Grant. J. M. Scott.
Fredericton City and Marysville and Devon	Charles D. Richards.

Provincial Establishment.

Chief Superintendent of Education, W. S. Carter, M.A., LL.D., \$4,000.
Comptroller-General, Wilson A. Loudoun, \$3,000.
Clerk of the Executive Council, M. B. Dixon, \$2,100.
Deputy Provincial Secretary-Treasurer and Deputy Registrar General, Robert Bayley, \$2,400.
Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Harvey Mitchell, \$3,000.
Deputy Minister of Lands and Mines, G. H. Prince, \$3,000.
Deputy Minister of Public Works, B. H. Kinghorn, \$3,500.
Chief Medical Officer, Dr. Geo. G. Melvin, \$4,000.

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice of New Brunswick, Hon. Sir J. Douglas Hazen, K.C.M.G., \$10,000.
Chief Justice King's Bench, Hon. J. H. Barry, \$10,000.
Puisne Judges, Hon. J. P. Byrne, Hon. A. S. White, Hon. W. C. H. Grimmer, Hon. O. S. Crocket, A. J. Le Blanc, \$9,000 each.
Local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court, Hon. Sir J. Douglas Hazen, K.C.M.G., \$1,000.

Judge of the Court of Marriage and Divorce, Hon. O. S. Crocket, \$500.
County Court Judges, Hon. A. R. Slipp, John L. Carleton, Henry F. McLatchy, W. B. Jonah, Albert W. Bennett and John A. Barry, \$5,000 each.

Registrar of the Supreme Court (vacant), \$3,300.

MANITOBA.

Area and Situation.

Manitoba became a Province of the Canadian Federation by legislative enactments taking effect on the 15th July, 1870. It is bounded on the north by the 60th parallel of latitude; on the west by the Eastern boundary of the Province of Saskatchewan; on the south by the United States; on the east by the western boundary of the Province of Ontario to Hudson's Bay, and by Hudson's Bay for a distance of 300 miles.

The area of Manitoba is 251,832 square miles, of which 232,000 square miles are land and about 20,000 square miles are water.

Description.

The agricultural capabilities of the province of Manitoba are very great. The soil is a rich, black loam, the surface deposit showing a very high content of nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash. It is, therefore, peculiarly adapted to the growth of cereal grains, and owing largely to the presence of the element nitrogen in large quantities, wheat possessing a high percentage of gluten is produced.

Manitoba No. 1 Northern, because of its superior milling qualities, is in great demand by English millers, and has made the province famous. Winnipeg is now the leading grain market on the Continent. There is a steady trend toward diversified agriculture in Manitoba and but few farmers now confine their activities solely to grain growing.

The principal agricultural exports of the country are wheat, oats, beef, cattle, bacon and dairy products. In 1926, agricultural production included:—

Manitoba Field Crops, 1926.

Crop.	Area. Acres.	Yield per sown acre.	
		Bush.	Bush.
Spring Wheat	2,285,838	22'6	51,677,000
Oats	1,643,979	31'9	52,517,000
Barley	1,760,279	28'9	50,808,000
Rye	227,390	15'8	3,586,000
Peas	1,156	18'1	21,000
Mixed Grains	14,438	30'1	435,000
Flaxseed	195,359	10'5	2,043,000
		Cwt.	Cwt.
Potatoes	29,043	83'5	2,368,000
Turnips, etc. .	4,411	97'0	428,000
		Tons.	Tons.
Hay and Clover	346,729	1'66	575,000
Alfalfa	8,620	1'90	17,000
Fodder Corn ..	28,716	6'44	185,000

The average yield of wheat per acre for four years is 16'5 bushels per acre, and it is estimated that the province is capable of sustaining 30,000,000 of people. Good farms within easy reach of a railway may be purchased at from \$12 to \$50 per acre.

The growth of Winnipeg, the principal city, is remarkable. In 1871 it contained about 241 inhabitants, and in 1881 it had a population of

7,985; in 1896, 35,000; and in 1926 it was 191,998. The other chief towns of the province are Brandon, St. Boniface, Portage la Prairie, Neepawa, Emerson, Carman, Selkirk, Minnedosa, Morden, Manitou, Dauphin, Transcona, Souris, Virden, Morden and Pas. Population of Manitoba, 1921, 610,118; and in 1926 it was 639,056.

Several brick manufacturing plants have been established throughout the province, and the manufacturing of cement for building purposes has proved to be successful. A sand suitable for glass is found in great quantities. Gold, copper and other valuable minerals have been discovered in great quantities in different parts of the province, particularly in the new territory North of the Saskatchewan River, also to the East of Lake Winnipeg. Development, retarded by the war, is proceeding apace, and Manitoba, hitherto regarded as an agricultural province, gives every promise of becoming an important mining province.

Manufacturing industries are becoming numerous in Winnipeg, the net annual output having grown from \$3,616,248 in 1901 to \$74,755,670 in 1924, and to \$79,614,829 in 1925. There were then 769 factories, employing 20,025 workers, with a capital invested of \$120,342,238 and a gross value of production of \$124,145,763 in the entire province.

The Winnipeg Power Plant on the Winnipeg River, 77 miles from the City of Winnipeg, now develops about 90,000 h.p. and is capable of developing 110,000 h.p., is owned and operated by the City. The cost of power energy is from 1/2 to 3 cents, per K.W. hour, and household lighting is supplied at 2½ to 3 cents, per K.W. hour. The Winnipeg Electric Railway has a development of 35,000 h.p. on the Pinawa Channel of the Winnipeg River; also the Manitoba Power Company has a development of 168,000 h.p. capacity, of which 4 units of 23,000 h.p. each have been installed with about 120,000 h.p. now being developed.

Railway Facilities.

In the year 1879 there was no railway in the whole of the country between Lake Superior and the Rocky Mountains. At the close of 1926 there were in the province of Manitoba 4,296 miles of steam railways in operation. These railways afford easy access to market from all parts of the Province.

Climate.

In 1926 the mean temperature at Winnipeg was 37.4° the extreme range being from 29°0' below zero to 98°0'. The climate is bracing and healthy. The average annual precipitation at Winnipeg is 20·06 inches.

Constitution.

Manitoba is represented by 6 members in the Dominion Senate and 17 members in the House of Commons.

The Province has a Legislative Assembly of 55 members elected by adult suffrage, for 5 years. The Legislative Council or Upper Chamber was abolished by a local Act passed in 1876. The members of the Legislative Assembly are paid \$1,500 per session.

Education.

By the "Public Schools Act" of 1890, a system of schools was established throughout the Province. This Act provides "that all public schools shall be free schools, and that every person in rural

municipalities between the ages of 5 and 21 years, and in cities, towns and villages between the ages of 6 and 21 years shall have the right to attend some school." Attendance is compulsory to the age of 14.

In 1926 there were 1,995 school houses employing 14,067 teachers and with an enrolment of 145,834 pupils. There are 42 high schools, 9 junior high schools, 11 collegiate departments, 13 collegiate institutes and 122 intermediate schools, i.e., high schools with one teacher devoting full time to high school work. Normal schools are provided for the training of teachers.

There is one University, The University of Manitoba, with four faculties, namely, Arts and Science (including Pharmacy), Medicine, Engineering and Architecture, Agriculture and Home Economics. The enrolment in 1926-1927 was 2,453 in regular courses, and in addition 1,088 in Summer School and Extension courses. The following colleges are affiliated: St. Boniface College (Roman Catholic), St. John's College (Church of England), Manitoba College and Wesley College (jointly administered by the United Church of Canada). Law is taught in Manitoba Law School, which is under the direction of trustees jointly appointed by the University and the Law Society of Manitoba. Brandon College, which is affiliated with McMaster University, does University work.

Finances.

Fiscal year ending August 31, 1926:—

Total Revenue.	Dominion Subsidy.	Expendi- ture.
\$10,582,537	\$1,501,551	\$10,431,652

Lieutenant-Governors since 1895.

- 1895 Hon. James Colebrooke Patterson.
- 1900 Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.
- 1911 Sir D. C. Cameron, K.C.M.G.
- 1914 Sir James Aikins, Kt.
- 1926 Hon. Theodore Arthur Burrows

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT—WINNIPEG.

Lieut.-Governor, Hon. Theodore A. Burrows.
Private-Secretary, J. H. Meanwell.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Premier, President of Executive Council and Provl. Treasurer, Minister of Telephones and Telegraphs, Hon. John Bracken.
Attorney-General, Hon. W. J. Major.
Minister of Public Works, Hon. W. R. Clubb.
Minister Public Welfare, Hon. E. W. Montgomery, M.D.
Municipal Commissioner, and Public Utilities Commissioner, Hon. D. L. McLeod.
Provincial Secretary, Provincial Lands Commissioner, Railway Commissioner, Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, Hon. Albert Prefontaine.

Deputy Provincial Treasurer, R. McN. Pearson.
Deputy Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, J. H. Evans.
Deputy Provincial Secretary, and Deputy Minister of Lands, Lewis J. Howe.
King's Printer, Philip Purcell.

Deputy Minister of Public Works, D. L. McLean.
Clerk of Executive Council, Fred. Axford.
Deputy Attorney-General, John Allen, K.C.
Comptroller General, Robert Drummond.
Deputy Municipal Commissioner, E. M. Wood.
Deputy Minister of Education, Dr. Robert Fletcher.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Chief Justice, Hon. W. E. Purdue.

Court of Appeal.

Chief Justice, Hon. W. E. Purdue.

Puisne Judges, Honorables C. P. Fullerton,
 J. E. P. Prendergast, R. M. Dennistoun,
 W. H. Trueman.

Court of King's Bench.

Chief Justice, Hon. D. A. MacDonald.

Puisne Judges, Honorables A. C. Galt, J. P.
 Curran, A. K. Dysart, J. E. Adamson, J. F.
 Kilgour.

County Courts.

Judges, Honorables L. St. G. Stubbs, L. P.
 Roy, S. E. Clement, Corbet Locke, Gregory
 Barrett, A. L. Bonnycastle, A. N. McPherson,
 J. G. Cory, H. F. Maulson, D. A. Staepoole.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY (55 Members).

Speaker, not chosen, Election June, 1927.

Clerk, Legislative Assembly, J. W. Fleming.

Librarian, W. J. Healy.

*Constituencies.**Members.*

Arthur	Hon. D. L. McLeod.
Assiniboia	Joseph Henry Cotter.
Beautiful Plains	Adalbert James M. Poole.
Birtle	John William Pratt.
Brandon City	Dr. J. H. Edmison.
Carillon	Hon. A. Prefontaine.
Cypress	William Hoey Spinks.
Dauphin	Robert George Ferguson.
Deloraine	Hugh MacKenzie.
Dufferin	John Alfred Munn.
Emerson	Robert Franklin Curran.
Ethelbert	Nicholas A. Hryhorczuk.
Fairford	Stuart Sinclair Garson.
Fisher	Norman V. Bachynsky.
Gilbert Plains	Arthur Ritchie Berry.
Gimli	Ingimar Ingaldson.
Gladstone	William Morton.
Glenwood	James W. Breakey.
Hamiota	Thomas Wolstenholme.
Iberville	Arthur Rivers Boivin.
Kildonan and St. Andrews	James McLoughlin.
Killarney	John Bell Laughlin.
Lakeside	Douglas L. Campbell.
Lansdowne	Tobias Crawford Norris.
La Vérandrye	Peter Adjutor Talbot.
Manitou	Joseph P. Lusignan.
Minnedosa	Earl James Rutledge.
Morden & Rhineland	Hugh McGavin.
Morris	Hon. William R. Clubb.
Mountain	Irving Moffat Cleghorn.
Norfolk	John Muirhead.
Portage la Prairie	Fawcett G. Taylor, K.C.
Roblin	Frederick Young Newton.
Rockwood	William C. McKinnell.
Rupert's Land	Herbert G. Beresford.
Russell	Isaac Bertie Griffiths.
St. Boniface	Joseph Bernier.
St. Clement	Hon. Robert A. Hoey.
St. George	Skuli Sigfusson.

*Constituencies.**Members.*

Ste. Rose	Dane McCarthy.
Springfield	Murdoch MacKay.
Swan River	Andrew McCleary.
The Pas	Hon. John Bracken.
Turtle Mountain	Richard Gardiner Willis.
Viriden	Robert Henry Mooney.
Winnipeg	W. Sanford Evans.
	Seymour James Farmer.
	John Thomas Haig.
	William Ivens.
	William James Major.
	Edward W. Montgomery.
	John Queen.
	Hugh Amos Robson.
	Edith Rogers.
	William Verner Tobias.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Situation and Area.

British Columbia is the western province of the Dominion of Canada, situated on the north-west coast of North America, and comprising the territory bounded on the north by the 60th parallel, on the east by the 120th meridian to the 54th parallel, and the Rocky Mountains to the 49th parallel, on the south by the United States, and on the west by the Pacific Ocean to the 55th parallel and Alaska to the 60th parallel.

The length of the coast line in a direct line north and south, is 541 miles, but the total length, following the sinuosities of the coast, is 4,334 miles, exclusive of islands. The coastline of Vancouver Island is 1,884 miles, and the length 288 miles. The area (including Vancouver Island and Queen Charlotte Island) is 355,855 square miles. The distinguishing physical features of British Columbia are the great mountain ranges which intersect the country in parallel lines, the general direction being north and south; the extensive plateaux of the central interior; the rich valleys which produce in abundance all kinds of agricultural produce; the vast forests of commercial timber; and the deeply indented seaboard. The population, at the census of 1891, was 98,173, 1901, 178,657, 1911, 392,480; 1921, 524,582.

History.

Vancouver Island was granted to the Hudson's Bay Company under certain conditions in 1849, and the same year it was made a Crown colony. British Columbia was constituted a Crown colony in 1858, in consequence of the large immigration on the discovery of gold in the Thompson and Fraser Rivers. In 1866 the colonies of British Columbia and Vancouver Island were united under the former name, and in 1871, British Columbia entered the Dominion of Canada as a Province. The Province is represented by six members in the Senate, and fourteen members in the House of Commons of Canada.

Constitution.

The Provincial Government is administered by a Lieutenant-Governor and an Executive Council, or Cabinet, of eight Ministers, members of the legislative assembly of 48 members, on the British system of ministerial responsibility. The House of Assembly is elected for five years, every male and female adult (British subjects) having resided

six months in the Province and duly registered, being entitled to a vote. In 1917 the franchise was extended to women. Members of the Legislature receive a sessional indemnity of \$2,000, and a mileage allowance for travelling expenses.

Crown Land and Surveys.

The area of the Province of British Columbia is 227,747,200 acres. Of this area about 9,000,000 acres are crown granted, 2,000,000 granted to Railway Companies, 15,000,000 acres controlled by the Dominion Government, and about 1,900,000 acres in process of alienation. About 50,000,000 acres are estimated to be available for agricultural and grazing purposes. About 7,500,000 acres are held under timber licences or leases, 700,000 acres under grazing or coal leases, and 8,500,000 acres under parks and game reserves. A total of 22,510,903 acres of land have been surveyed, 8,947,269 acres of which are surveys of timber areas, and 471,867 acres of mineral claims. Approximately 3,000,000 acres of surveyed lands are available for free preemption. Geographic and land maps can be obtained on application to the Department of Lands; also maps, handbooks and descriptive matter from the Bureau of Provincial Information.

Agriculture.

Agriculture in British Columbia has progressed steadily during the past four years. Mixed farming, stockraising, dairying, fruit-growing, poultry raising, and truck-gardening are the principal sources of agricultural production in the Province. Preserving of fruit and vegetables has become quite an industry in the last year or two. The total value of farm products in 1926 was \$71,362,209*—live stock \$20,752,433*; field crops \$20,082,021*; poultry and eggs \$5,539,521*; fruit and vegetables \$9,848,404*; wool \$124,557*; dairy products \$11,627,300*; other \$3,387,973.*

Mining Industry.

The total mineral production of British Columbia in 1926 amounted in value to \$67,188,842,* towards which gold contributed \$4,519,362*; silver \$6,675,606*; coal and coke \$11,650,180*; copper \$12,324,421*; lead \$17,757,535*; zinc \$10,586,610.

Detailed reports are obtainable from the Bureau of Mines, Victoria.

Shipping, 1926.

<i>Coastwise.</i>		No. of Vessels.
Inward ..	..	35,407
Outward ..	..	35,310

Sea-going.

Inward ..	..	9,589
Outward ..	..	9,954

Exports and Imports, 1927.

Exports..	..	\$170,510,188
Imports..	..	\$84,936,551

Revenue and Expenditure, 1927-28 (Estd.)

Receipts.	Expenditure.
\$19,757,296.*	\$19,502,806.*

*Provincial figures.

Forest Wealth.

The stand of merchantable timber in the Province of British Columbia is estimated to reach the enormous total of four billion (400,000,000,000) feet board measure, which is over half the total of all Canada.

British Columbia occupies an especially advantageous position for supplying the overseas markets. It has vast quantities of timber unsurpassed in size, quality, and suitability for the manufacture of all kinds of dimension timber, lumber, piling, railway ties, pulp, paper and other products. The principal export timber trees of British Columbia are Douglas Fir, Western Red Cedar, Western Hemlock, and Sitka Spruce or Silver Spruce. The total production from British Columbia forests during 1926 was \$84,802,000,* including sawn lumber to the value of \$42,516,000,* shingles \$10,500,000,* pulp and paper \$16,315,000.*

Water Resources.

All the water in rivers and streams of the Province is in the right of the Crown and may be appropriated for various purposes under the rules and regulations of the Water Act. Of these purposes the most important is Power and Irrigation. In respect of the first mentioned, there is probably no area on the continent of America so favoured in water power resources. Large power sites are strategically situated so that in time many districts may be served with electrical energy by transmission lines of economic length. It is of interest to note that contiguous to Vancouver, the largest centre of population, within a radius of one hundred miles, there is available well over 750,000 horse power, of which over 150,000 is developed, while 250,000 horse power is developed on the Kootenay River near Nelson, and is supplying smelters at Trail, Grand Forks, Hedley, and Princeton. In regard to irrigation, such is largely practised south of the 51st parallel of latitude. Water has been recorded for upwards of 600,000 acres of lands, of which approximately 100,000 have been brought under cultivation. The fruit areas depend to considerable extent upon irrigation. The largest and one of the most important of these is the Okanagan Valley, which now has a well-established fruit and vegetable industry. Through co-operation in production and marketing, those areas dependent upon irrigation are becoming very attractive.

Fisheries.

The commercial fisheries of British Columbia are of considerable importance. Salmon, halibut, and herring are the principal food fishes, and cod, oolachans, pilchard, clams, oysters, shrimps, etc., are also produced in large quantities. The canning of salmon has been an important industry for half a century; 1926 pack, 2,065,190 cases. The whale fisheries are also a not unimportant branch of the fishing industry.

Value of total production, 1926, \$27,367,109.

Iron and Steel.

Large iron deposits, magnetite, limonite, and hematite, exist, with large metallic iron content and sufficiently free from impurities to be within the "Bessemer limit." Anticipations are that steel and iron will be developed in the near future.

* Provincial figures.

Railways.

British Columbia has 4,072 miles of steam railway in operation (Dec. 31st, 1926). The Canadian Pacific Railway, the Canadian National Railways, and the Pacific Great Eastern Railway, are the main railways of the Province, with various branches of the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways extending through the southern and south-western portions of the Province, and additional lines entering the Province from the United States.

Education.

A complete system of free and compulsory education was established by Act No. 16 of 1872. The central control is vested in the Council of Public Instruction, composed of members of the Executive Council. The Minister of Education directs the general management of the schools through the Superintendent of Education. In each rural school district three trustees are elected to attend to the local affairs of the school, and in municipal school districts seven, five or three (according to grade, whether cities of the first, second or third class, or district municipalities) trustees are elected for this purpose.

There are at present 73 high schools, with 11,779 scholars in the Province. The number of school districts in operation is 746, with 73 high and 989 elementary schools, 3,225 classrooms, under 3,396 teachers. The total enrolment is 101,688. The schools are free and non-sectarian. The highest morality must be inculcated, but no religious dogma or creed is permitted to be taught. Schools are established wherever there are 10 children between the ages of 7 and 15 years available for school purposes.

Lieutenant-Governors since 1900.

- 1900 Sir Henri Joly de Lotbinière, K.C.M.G., LL.D., D.C.L.
 1906 James Dunsmuir, Esq.
 1909 Thomas W. Paterson, Esq.
 1914 Sir Frank Stillman Barnard, K.C.M.G.
 1919 Hon. Edward G. Prior.
 1921 Walter Cameron Nichol, Esq.
 1926 R. R. Bruce, Esq.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, VICTORIA.

Lieut.-Governor, His Honour R. R. Bruce, \$9,000.
Private Secretary, A. M. D. Fairbairn, \$2,400, and residence.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

President of Council, Prime Minister, Minister of Finance, Minister of Education, and Minister of Industries, Hon. John Duncan MacLean, M.D., C.M., LL.D. \$9,000.
Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Edward Dodsley Barrow, \$7,500.
Attorney-General and Minister of Labour, Hon. A. M. Manson, K.C., \$7,500.
Minister of Lands, Hon. Thomas Dufferin Pattullo, \$7,500.
Minister of Mines, Provincial Secretary, and Commissioner of Fisheries (vacant), \$7,500.
Minister of Public Works, and Minister of Railways, Hon. W. H. Sutherland, \$7,500.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

(Elected June 20th, 1924 ; Term expires 1929).

Speaker, Hon. J. A. Buckham, \$1,800.

Deputy Speaker, H. G. Perry, \$500.

Clerk of the House, W. H. Langley, \$1,200.

Constituency.	Member.
Alberni	R. J. Burde.
Atlin	H. F. Kergin.
Burnaby	F. A. Browne.
Cariboo	D. A. Stoddart.
Chilliwack	Hon. E. D. Barrow.
Columbia	Hon. J. A. Buckham.
Comox	P. P. Harrison.
Cowichan - New castle	C. F. Davie.
Cranbrook	N. A. Wallinger.
Creston	Fred. Lister.
Delta	A. McD. Paterson.
Dewdney	J. A. Catherwood.
Esquimalt	R. H. Pooley.
Fernie	Thomas Uphill.
Fort George	H. G. Perry.
Grand Forks - Greenwood	Dougald McPherson.
Islands	C. W. Peck, V.C.
Kamloops	J. B. Colley.
Kaslo - Slocan	C. S. Leary.
Lillooet	A. E. Munn.
Mackenzie	Michael Manson.
Nanaimo	James A. McDonald.
Nelson	Arthur Wells Gray.
New Westminster	W. F. Kennedy.
North Okanagan	J. M. Bryan.
North Vancouver	Hon. A. M. Manson, K.C.
Omineca	Hon. T. D. Pattullo.
Prince Rupert	Hon. W. H. Sutherland, M.D., C.M.
Revelstoke	
Richmond - Point Grey	G. A. Walkem.
Rossland - Trail	J. H. Schofield.
Saanich	T. G. Coventry.
Salmon Arm	R. W. Bruhn.
Similkameen	W. A. McKenzie.
Skeena	H. C. Wrinch, M.D., C.M.
South Okanagan	J. W. Jones.
South Vancouver	R. H. Neelands.
Vancouver City	Charles Woodward.
Vancouver City	V. W. Odium, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
Vancouver City	Christopher McRae.
Vancouver City	Ian A. Mackenzie.
Vancouver City	Mary Ellen Smith.
Vancouver City	A. McC. Creery.
Victoria City	R. Hayward.
Victoria City	Joshua Hinchliffe.
Victoria City	H. D. Twigg.
Victoria City	Allan Lyons.
Yale	Hon. J. D. MacLean, M.D., C.M., LL.D.

Prime Minister's Office.

Premier, Hon. J. D. MacLean, \$9,000.

Secretary, James Morton, \$2,100.

Department of Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary, Hon. William Sloan, \$7,500.

Deputy Provincial Secretary, J. L. White, \$4,200.

Secretary of Provincial Board of Health, H. E. Young, B.A., M.D., C.M., LL.D., \$4,500.

Provincial Librarian and Archivist, John Hosie, \$2,400.

Director Provincial Museum, Frank Kermod, \$2,520.

King's Printer, C. F. Banfield, \$3,180.

Civil Service Commissioner, A. H. Cox, \$4,120.

Department of Agriculture.

Minister of Agriculture, Hon. E. D. Barrow, \$7,500.
Deputy Minister, David Warnock, O.B.E., M.R.C.V.S., \$4,500.
Director Land Settlement Board, Col. W. S. Latta, \$3,120.

Department of the Attorney-General.

Attorney-General, Hon. A. M. Manson, K.C., \$7,500.
Deputy Attorney-General, W. D. Carter, K.C., \$5,000.
Legislative Counsel, A. V. Pineo, \$5,000.
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, H. G. Garrett, \$4,040.
Superintendent of Insurance, J. P. Dougherty, \$3,720.
Inspector of Municipalities, R. Baird, \$3,600.
Superintendent of Police and Game Warden, J. H. McMullin, \$3,600.

Department of Education.

Minister of Education, Hon. J. D. MacLean, M.D., C.M.
Superintendent of Education, Dr. S. J. Willis, \$4,800.
Assistant Superintendent of Education, J. D. Gillis, \$3,840.
Director of Agricultural Education, J. W. Gibson, M.A., \$3,420.
Organizer of Industrial Education, J. Kyle, \$3,360.

Department of Finance.

Minister of Finance, Hon. J. D. MacLean, M.D., C.M.
Deputy Minister, E. D. Johnson, \$5,000.
Inspector of Trust Companies, Probate and Succession Duties, A. C. Campbell, \$3,180.
Surveyor of Taxes, E. E. Leason, \$3,840.
Commissioner of Income Tax, C. B. Paterson, \$3,840.
Secretary Bureau of Provincial Information, R. J. Hartley, \$2,520.

Controlling and Audit Branch.

Comptroller-General, Alexander N. Mouat, C.A., \$6,000.
Deputy Comptroller-General, H. Neville Wright, Cert. A.I.B., \$3,420.
Purchasing Agent, James Paterson, \$5,400.

Agent-General, London.

F. A. Pauline, British Columbia House, 1-3, Regent Street, London, England, \$8,000.

Department of Fisheries.

Commissioner of Fisheries, Hon. William Sloan.
Assistant to the Commissioner, J. P. Babcock, \$3,720.

Department of Industries.

Minister of Industries, Hon. J. D. MacLean, M.D., C.M.
Commissioner, D. B. Martyn, \$3,600.

Department of Labour.

Minister of Labour, Hon. A. M. Manson, K.C.
Deputy Minister, J. D. McNiven, \$4,200.

Department of Lands.

Minister of Lands, Hon. T. D. Pattullo, \$7,500.
Deputy Minister, G. R. Naden, \$4,800.
Surveyor-General, J. E. Umbach, B.Sc., D.L.S., \$4,000.

Comptroller of Water Rights and Consulting Engineer, J. C. MacDonald, M.E.I.C., \$4,320.
Chief Forester, P. Z. Caverhill, B.Sc.F., M.Sc.F., \$4,620.

Department of Mines.

Minister of Mines (vacant).
Deputy Minister, Robert Dunn, \$4,000.
Chief Inspector of Mines, James Dickson, \$4,400.
Provincial Mineralogist, J. D. Galloway, \$4,150.

Department of Public Works.

Minister of Public Works, Hon. W. H. Sutherland, \$7,500.
Deputy Minister and Public Works Engineer, P. Philip, M.E.I.C., \$5,000.

Department of Railways.

Minister of Railways, Hon. W. H. Sutherland.
Deputy Minister and Chief Engineer, J. E. Griffith, M.E.I.C., \$4,320.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Court of Appeal.

Chief Justice, Hon. J. A. Macdonald, \$10,000.
Puisne Judges, Hon. Archer Martin, Hon. W. A. Gallihier, Hon. A. E. McPhillips, Hon. M. A. Macdonald, \$9,000 each.

Supreme Court.

Chief Justice of British Columbia, Hon. Gordon Hunter, \$10,000.
Puisne Judges, Hon. A. Morrison, Hon. F. B. Gregory, Hon. D. Murphy, Hon. W. A. Macdonald, Hon. David A. McDonald, \$9,000.
Local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court, Hon. Archer Martin.
Deputy Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court, Hon. W. A. Gallihier.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Situation and Area.

This island, which was admitted to union with the Dominion of Canada on the 1st July, 1873, is situated almost wholly between 46° and 47° N. lat., and between 62° and 64½° W. long. Its area is 1,397,990 acres, or 2,184 square miles; it is about 150 miles long, and 34 its greatest breadth. It was discovered by Sebastian Cabot, 1497; it was first settled by the French, but was taken from them in 1758. It was annexed to Nova Scotia in 1763, but, on the petition of the inhabitants, was constituted a separate Colony in 1769.

The population at the last census (1921) was 88,615.

Description.

The climate is milder than in the neighbouring provinces, and is considered very healthy. The island is generally well wooded and watered, and the soil is fertile.

Besides the usual domestic industries of an agricultural people, there are numerous grain

mills, and establishments for canning and preserving lobsters, fish, etc. Many cheese and butter factories have lately been established. The breeding and raising of silver and black foxes in captivity is an important industry, there being in 1926, 567 fox ranches in the province.

The waters adjoining comprise by far the most valuable section of the fishing grounds of America, and are very largely resorted to.

The chief towns are Charlottetown (12,347) and Summerside (3,228). A line of railway traverses the island, belonging to, and worked by, the Dominion Government. It is 210 miles in length, including branches. A railway is constructed through Belfast and Murray Harbour (about 50 miles), and one of the longest bridges in Canada is erected across the Hillsboro' River, over which trains and carriages run. New branch railways are built to Montague and Vernon River Bridge.

Constitution.

Responsible Government was established in Prince Edward Island in 1851. There is a Lieutenant-Governor, appointed by the Governor-General, an Executive Council (the Cabinet) of 9 members, and a Legislative Assembly of 30 elected members.

Each member receives a payment of \$500 per annum.

The island is divided into three counties, King's, Queen's, and Prince, each of which elects ten representatives to the Assembly. The island is also represented in the Dominion Parliament by four members in the Senate and four in the House of Commons.

Education

A system of general education is established by law. The central control is vested in a Board of Education, consisting of the Executive Council and the Chief Supt. of Education and the Principal of Prince of Wales College. The local management is in the hands of a chief superintendent. Education is free, non-sectarian, and compulsory between the ages of 7 and 13 years. There were in 1926, 474 schools, with 17,324 pupils. There is one higher college amalgamated with the normal school. In addition to the above there is also a Roman Catholic University not under the control of the Government. There are also two private Kindergartens.

Finance.

There is a provincial tax on Land, Incomes and personal Property, also a Succession Duty. There is a road tax in the country, and municipal rates in the towns.

Total Ordinary Revenue
for the year ended 31st
Dec., 1926 \$832,551.
Total Expenditure, same year \$756,114.
Dominion Subsidy \$381,932 (included in
above receipts).

Lieutenant-Governors since 1890.

1899 Peter A. McIntyre, Esq., M.D.
1904 D. A. Mackinnon, Esq., K.C., L.J.B.
1910 Benjamin Rogers, Esq.
1915 Augustine C. Macdonald, Esq.
1919 Murdoch Mackinnon, Esq.
1924 Frank R. Heartz, Esq.

(c)

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT—CHARLOTTETOWN.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Lieutenant-Governor, His Honour Frank R. Heartz, Esq., \$7,000.
Private Secretary, Harold L. Palmer.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Chief Justice, Hon. John A. Mathieson, \$10,000.
Master of the Rolls and Assistant Judge of the Supreme Court, Hon. Francis L. Hazard, \$9,000.
Vice-Chancellor and Assistant Judge of the Supreme Court, Hon. Aubin Edmund Arsenault, L.L.D., \$9,000.
Surrogate and Judge of Probate, A. Bannerman Warburton, D.C.L.
Local Judge in Admiralty, Hon. William S. Stewart, \$800.
Prothonotary and Clerk of the Crown, Harold L. Palmer.
County Judges, Hon. W. S. Stewart, Austin Levi Fraser, Neil McQuarrie, \$5,000 each.
Sheriff of Queen's County, Anthony J. Dougan.
Sheriff of Prince County, Fred J. E. Wright.
Sheriff of King's County, Michael Murphy.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

President of the Executive Council, and Attorney General, Hon. Albert C. Saunders, K.C., \$3,500.
Provincial Secretary-Treasurer, and Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Walter M. Lea, K.C. (acting), \$2,000.
Minister of Public Works, Hon. James P. McIntyre, \$2,000.
Without Portfolio :—

Hon. David McDonald.
" Jeremiah Blanchard.
" Bradford W. LePage.
" Wallace B. Butler.
" John F. McNeill, M.D.
" George S. Inman.

Clerk, H. R. Stewart.

Provincial Legislature reconstituted in 1893 into one Legislative body, called the "Legislative Assembly."

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Speaker,
Clerk,

KING'S COUNTY.

District.	Councillors.	Assemblymen.
1st ..	H. D. McLean, .. Souris	A. A. McDonald, Souris.
2nd ..	J. P. McIntyre, West St. Peters	H. H. Cox, Morell.
3rd ..	T. V. Grant, .. Montague	J. Mustard, Head of Cardigan.
4th ..	W. B. Butler, .. Murray River	J. A. Campbell, Heatherdale.
5th ..	J. D. Stewart, .. Charlottetown	P. A. Scully, Georgetown.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

1st ..	W. F. Allan Stewart Strathgartney	P. Sinclair, Summerfield.
2nd ..	B. W. LePage, .. Charlottetown	A. McPhee, New Haven.
3rd ..	D. MacDonald, .. Glenfinnan	R. C. Clark, Mount Stewart.
4th ..	G. S. Inman, .. Charlottetown	J. J. Larabee, Eldon.
5th ..	W. J. P. McMillan, Charlottetown	W. Chester S. McLure, Char- lottetown.

PRINCE COUNTY.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Councillors.</i>	<i>Assemblymen.</i>
1st ..	R. H. Gordon, .. Alberton	J. Blanchard, Duvar.
2nd ..	W. H. Dennis, .. O'Leary	A. C. Saunders, Summerside.
3rd ..	H. A. Darby, .. Abram's Village	A. F. Arseneault, Summerside.
4th ..	W. M. Lea, Tryon	H. Wright, Bedesque.
5th ..	L. R. Allen, .. Summerside	J. F. McNeill, Summerside.

Assistant Provincial Secretary, Treasurer and Clerk, Executive Council, H. R. Stewart, \$2,200.

Provincial Auditor, John Anderson, C.A., \$1,800.

Registrar of Deeds and Commissioner Public Lands, William Higgins, \$1,400.

Legislative Librarian, A. D. Fraser, \$1,000.

Chief Engineer Public Works and Superintendent of Education, H. H. Shaw, B.Sc., \$2,400.

Secretary of Public Works, L. B. MacMillan, \$2,000.

King's Printer, Frank L. Dillon.

Collector of Customs at Charlottetown, J. D. Macmillan.

PROVINCES OF SASKATCHEWAN AND ALBERTA.

By a Canadian Act, 38 Vict., cap. 49, the territories formerly known as "Rupert's Land" and the North-Western Territory, were, with the exception of such portions thereof as form the Province of Manitoba and the district of Keewatin, called and known as the North-West Territories, and were created into a Government entirely separate

and distinct from Manitoba. The Act was put into force by Proclamation of 7th October, 1876. The Territories were governed by a Lieutenant-Governor, aided by an Executive Council.

By chapters 3 and 27 of the Acts of 1905, the two provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan were formed out of the southern portion of the Territories, and were admitted into the Dominion as such on the 1st September, 1905. The dividing line runs North and South being meridian 110° West of Greenwich.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Saskatchewan, called after the river of the same name, meaning "rapid current," has an area of 251,700 sq. miles, and a population in 1921 of 757,510 persons, an increase of 265,078 over that of 1911. (Census population in 1926—821,042.) It lies between 102°-110° West and 49°-60° North, with Manitoba on the East and Alberta on the West. The Government consists of a Lieut.-Governor, an Executive Council and a representative Assembly of 63 members. The Province is represented in the Dominion Parliament by 21 members in the House of Commons, and 6 in the Senate. The seat of Government is at Regina (named in honour of Queen Victoria).

The remarks regarding the agricultural capabilities of Manitoba apply to Saskatchewan. Free grants of lands can still be had, although the bulk of the land within convenient reach of the railways has already been allotted. The agricultural industry of the Province has made phenomenal progress, and marked development is seen in manufacturing spheres.

Particulars of the principal agricultural products in 1926:—

Final Estimate of Acreage, Yield, Production, Price and Total Value of Grain and other Crops of Saskatchewan for the Season 1926.

Crop.	Acreage.	Yield. per acre.	Production.	Price.	Total value.
Wheat (Spring) ..	13,496,457	16.2 bus.	218,643,006	\$1.08	\$236,134,000
Oats	5,940,431	28.1 "	110,726,000	.42	46,505,000
Barley	872,343	25.1 "	21,896,000	.45	9,853,000
Fall rye	233,644	18.5 "	4,322,000	.74	3,198,000
Spring rye	71,158	15.1 "	1,074,000	.74	795,000
Mixed grains ..	30,534	26.2 "	800,000	.53	424,000
Peas	1,778	15.0 "	27,000	1.80	49,000
Hay and clover	407,328	1.40 tons	570,000	8.00	4,560,000
Alfalfa	5,290	2.42 "	13,000	13.25	172,000
Fodder corn ..	33,073	2.91 "	96,000	10.00	960,000
Potatoes	44,823	67.6 cwt.	3,030,000	1.45	4,394,000
Roots	3,387	87.0 "	295,000	1.08	319,000
Flax seed	514,736	7.2 bus.	3,706,000	1.60	5,930,000
Area under cultivation	21,654,991 acres		Total value of Production \$313,298,000		

1926.

	Estimated Numbers.	Estimated Value per head.	Estimated Total Value.
LIVESTOCK.			
Horses and Mules	1,203,247	(Horses) \$66	\$78,928,000
Cows	613,987	} 37	45,304,000
Bulls	37,116		
Calves	332,457		
Yearlings	286,134		
Other Cattle	150,251	} 9	1,197,000
Sheep and Lambs	133,000		
Swine	599,601	17	10,193,000
Total number of livestock	3,355,793	valued at	\$135,622,000
<hr/>			
Dairy Products (value, 1926)			\$20,810,300
Wool Clip (1926)			745,555lbs.
Furs (1926)			\$1,370,554
Poultry and Products (value, 1926, estimated)			\$7,121,000

Financial Report, April 30, 1927.

AREA—251,700 square miles—161,088,000 acres.

POPULATION—

Census 1911	492,432
Census 1921	757,510
Census 1926	821,042

PUBLIC DEBT—

Gross Debt	\$57,761,276 75
Less debt created for utilities, etc., which carry public debt charges	\$24,382,885 24
Sinking Funds created for the redemption of debt incurred for purposes other than utilities, etc.	268,062 84
	<hr/> 24,650,948 08
Net Debt	\$33,110,328 67
Debt per capita: Gross \$70 35, Net \$40 33.	

SINKING FUNDS	\$1,959,404 30
Special	\$1,001,181 00
General Sinking Fund	958,223 30

PROVINCIAL ASSETS	87,102,004 10
(No intangible assets included)	

REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1926-27—

Revenue	13,050,217 18
(Dominion Subsidy \$2,032,575 00)	
Expenditure	12,962,216 75

PROVINCIAL RAILWAY GUARANTEES	27,392,910 66
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The Canadian Northern Railway (guarantee \$14,196,066 66) and The Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Lines (guarantee \$13,196,844 00) are now part of the Canadian National Railways. Interest charges accordingly paid by Dominion Government.

OTHER GUARANTEES	1,467,317 05
Given in advancement of Agricultural Interests	

ESTIMATED ASSESSABLE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY WITHIN THE PROVINCE	\$1,000,000,000 00
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The Province is traversed by three lines of steam railway, there being a total of 7,267 miles of tracks at Dec. 31, 1926.

The University of Saskatchewan located at Saskatoon grants degrees in arts and science, pharmacy and accounting, agriculture, law and engineering. The summer school offers courses for degrees for teachers and courses leading to various degrees. There are also courses in biology, bacteriology, and subjects leading to degrees in medicine and dentistry. The University has an Extension Department for the conveyance of information to those unable to attend the University. The enrolment for 1927 was over 1,500. In 1926 there were 4,721 public school districts with 6,220 teachers and 206,962 pupils.

Lieut.-Governor, His Honour The Hon. H. W. Newlands, K.C.
A.D.C., Major A. G. Styles.
Secretary, Miss L. Clements.

Executive Council.

Premier, President of Council and Provincial Treasurer, Hon. Jas. J. Gardiner.
Minister of Education, and Minister in Charge of the King's Printer's Office and Bureau of Publications, Hon. S. J. Latta.
Minister of Agriculture, Hon. C. M. Hamilton.
Attorney-General and Minister in Charge of the Bureau of Child Protection, Hon. T. C. Davis.
Minister of Public Health and Minister of Public Works, Hon. J. M. Uhrich, M.D.
Minister of Highways and Minister of Telephones, Hon. W. J. Patterson.
Minister of Municipal Affairs, Provincial Secretary, and Minister in Charge of the Bureau of Labour and Industries, Hon. T. C. Davis.
Minister of Railways, Hon. Geo. Spence.

Chief Departmental Officials.

Deputy Attorney-General, A. L. Geddes, \$4,500.
Deputy Provincial Secretary and Clerk of Executive Council, J. W. McLeod, \$4,500.
Deputy Provincial Treasurer, A. Perring Taylor, \$4,500.
Deputy Minister of Public Works, J. M. Smith, \$4,250.
Deputy Minister of Agriculture, F. H. Auld, \$4,800.
Deputy Minister of Education, A. H. Ball, \$4,500.
Superintendent of Education, D. P. McColl, \$4,500.
Deputy Minister of Telephones, W. Warren.
Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs, J. J. Smith, \$4,250.
Provincial Auditor, G. L. Hopkins, \$4,250.
Deputy Provincial Auditor, W. O. Lott, \$3,000.
King's Printer, John W. Reid, \$3,500.
Deputy Minister of Highways and Inspector of Railways, H. S. Carpenter, \$4,750.
Deputy Minister of Public Health (acting), Dr. F. C. Middleton.
Clerk of Legislative Assembly, G. A. Mantle, \$2,500.
Superintendent of Insurance and Fire Commissioner, A. E. Fisher, \$3,750.
Civil Service Commissioner, P. G. Ward, \$3,750.

Chairman, Local Government Board, S. P. Grosch, \$6,000.

Legislative Counsel (acting), J. P. Runciman.
Commissioner of Provincial Police, C. A. Mahony, \$5,000.

Commissioner of Bureau of Child Protection, F. J. Reynolds, \$3,750.

Commissioner of Bureau of Labor and Industries, T. M. Molloy, \$4,000.

Provincial Librarian and Commissioner Bureau of Publications, W. F. Kerr, \$4,000.

CONSTITUENCIES OF THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN AND MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Speaker, Hon. W. G. Robinson.

Clerk, George A. Mantle.

Constituency.	Member.
Arm River	George A. Scott (Gov.).
Battlefords	Alan D. Pickel (Gov.).
Bengough	Thos. E. Gamble (Gov.).
Biggar	R. P. Hassard (Gov.).
Cannington	A. E. Steele (Gov.).
Canora	J. A. McClure (Prog.).
Cumberl'nd	D. A. Hall (Govt.).
Cut Knife	William H. Dodds (Gov.).
Cypress	Henry T. Halvorson (Gov.).
Elrose	W. Hagarty (Gov.).
Estevan	Dr. J. F. Creighton (Ind.).
Francis	W. G. Robinson (Gov.).
Gravelbo'rg	B. F. McGregor (Gov.).
Hanley	Dr. Reginald Stipe (Prog.).
Happyland	J. J. Keelan (Gov.).
Humboldt	H. M. Therres (Gov.).
Ile a la Crosse	A. Jules Marion (Gov.).
Jack Fish Lake	D. M. Finlayson (Gov.).
Kerrobert	D. Laing (Gov.).
Kindersley	E. S. Whately (Prog.).
Kinistino	Chas. McIntosh (Gov.).
Last Mountain	Hon. S. J. Latta (Gov.).
Lloydminster	Robert J. Gordon (Gov.).
Lumsden	Hugh K. Miller (Gov.).
Maple Creek	William Bock (Gov.).
Melfort	O. D. Hill (Gov.).
Milestone	F. B. Lewis (Gov.).
Moose Jaw City (1)	W. G. Ross (Gov.).
Moose Jaw City (2)	W. G. Baker (Lab.).
Moose Jaw County	Thos. Waddell (Gov.).
Moosomin	John L. Salkeld (Prog.).
Morse	D. M. Robertson (Gov.).
North Qu'Appelle	Hon. Jas. G. Gardiner (Gov.).
Notukeu	Alex. L. Grant (Gov.).
Pelly	Dr. C. A. Tran (Prog.).
Pheasant Hills	James A. Smith (Gov.).
Pipestone	Hon. Wm. J. Patterson (Gov.).
Prince Albert	Hon. T. C. Davis (Gov.).
Redberry	George Cockburn (Gov.).
Regina City (1)	D. A. McNiven (Govt.).
Regina City (2)	M. A. MacPherson (Con.).
Rosetown	J. A. Wilson (Gov.).
Rosthern	Hon. J. M. Uhrich (Gov.).
Salcoats	Dr. G. W. Sahlmarmk (Gov.).
Saskatoon City (1)	Howard McConnell (Cons.).
Saskatoon City (2)	J. T. M. Anderson (Con.).
Saskatoon County	Chas. Agar (Gov.).
Souris	J. P. Tripp (Gov.).
South Qu'Appelle	A. Huck (Gov.).

<i>Constituencies.</i>	<i>Member.</i>
Swift Current . .	D. J. Sykes (Gov.).
Shellbrook . . .	E. S. Clinch (Gov.).
Thunder Creek . .	R. S. Donaldson (Gov.).
Tisdale	W. O. Buckle (Con.).
Touchwood . . .	John M. Parker (Gov.).
Turtleford . . .	A. B. Gemmell (Gov.).
Vonda	James Hogan (Gov.).
Wadena	W. H. McKinnon (Gov.).
Wayburn	Hon. Chas. M. Hamilton (Gov.).
Wilkie	R. E. Nay (Gov.).
Willow Bunch . .	Hon. J. A. Cross (Gov.).
Wolseley	Rev. T. McAfee (Gov.).
Wynyard	W. H. Paulson (Gov.).
Yorkton	Thos. H. Garry (Gov.).

*Judicial Establishment.**Court of Appeal.*

Chief Justice, Hon. Sir Frederick William Gordon Haultain, \$10,000.

Justice Judges of Appeal, Hon. J. H. Lamont, Hon. W. F. A. Turgeon, Hon. Jas. Mackay, Hon. W. M. Martin, Hon. P. E. Mackenzie, \$9,000 each.

Court of King's Bench.

Chief Justice, Hon. J. T. Brown, \$10,000.

Justice Judges, Hon. H. Y. MacDonald, Hon. H. V. Bigelow, Hon. J. F. L. Embury, Hon. G. E. Taylor, Hon. Donald Maclean, and Hon. W. E. Knowles, \$9,000 each.

Registrar and Tazing Officer, and Local Registrar Court of King's Bench, R. Charlton.

District Court Judges, R. Rimmer (Arcola and Assiniboia), A. Ross (Yorkton), E. A. McLorg (Saskatoon), J. W. Hannon (Regina), F. A. G. Ouseley (Moosejaw), J. N. Fish (Wayburn), A. D. Dickson (Humboldt), A. E. Doak (Prince Albert), W. J. Leahy (Kerrobert and Wilkie), C. H. Bell (Wynyard), E. R. Wylie (Estevan), D. Buckles (Kindersley and Battleford), W. O. Smyth (Swift Current and Leader), A. G. Farrell (Moosomin), H. M. P. de Roche (Melville), S. A. Hutcheson (Oyress and Maple Creek), H. E. Pope (Melfort), A. Gravel (Gravelbourg), \$5,000 each.

NOTE.—District Court Judges receive \$1,500 each from Province of Saskatchewan.

Officials at Regina.

Master of Titles and Registrar of Land Titles, W. G. Haultain, \$4,000.

Master in Chambers, E. T. Buoke, \$4,500.

Inspector of Legal Offices, D. M. Woodhams, \$3,400.

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA.

Alberta, as noted above, was created a Province by an enactment of the Parliament of Canada, taking effect September 1st, 1905, out of the territory acquired from the Hudson's Bay Company. Previously it formed part of the North-West Territories. The total area of the Province is 255,285 square miles, including

about 2,500 square miles of water. The Government is vested in a Lieut.-Governor, an Executive Council, and a Legislative Assembly composed of sixty (60) members elected by the people, for five years. The Executive Council consists of eight Members. The seat of Government is at Edmonton. The population of Alberta increased from 73,022, in 1901, to 588,454, in 1921, and to 807,599 in 1926.

Alberta has about 85 per cent. of the coal resources of the Dominion, and 25 per cent. of the coal resources of North and South America. It has some anthracite, but very large supplies of domestic, and also steam and coking coal. Coal beds cover a large part of the area of the province. The production of coal mines for 1926 was 6,503,706 tons.

It has valuable fish and timber resources in the centre and north, and is noted for its game of all kinds.

The total area in field crops, 1926, was 10,845,280 acres. Of this almost 9,000,000 acres was in grain.

	1926.	
	Acres.	Yield.
Fall Wheat . .	58,128	1,073,000
Spring Wheat . .	6,056,296	112,047,000
Oats	1,907,195	57,210,000
Barley	404,992	8,910,000
Rye	111,662	1,344,000
Flax	11,777	82,000

Millions of acres of free lands are open for entry, chiefly in the northern part of the province.

The dairy factory productions in 1926 were worth approximately \$7,817,729. The province has a large outside market for surplus creamery butter.

There are some 5,100 miles of steam railway in operation (Dec. 31, 1926). The Government of Alberta own, control, and operate the telephone system of the Province, the Long Distance lines consisting of approximately 37,000 miles.

There is a University of Alberta at Edmonton.

There were in 1926, 3,361 public school districts, with 4,759 classrooms and 147,996 pupils.

Revenue and Expenditure (Year ended Dec. 31).

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
1926	\$11,912,128.	\$11,894,328.

Lieut.-Governor, His Honour William Egbert, \$9,000.

Private Secretary, Capt. Gillespie, \$2,000.

Executive Council.

Premier and Provincial Secretary, Hon. J. E. Brownlee, \$8,500.

Attorney-General, Hon. J. F. Lymburn, \$6,000.

Minister of Public Works, Hon. O. L. McPherson, \$6,000.

Minister of Agriculture and Health, Hon. George Hoadley, \$6,000.

Provincial Treasurer and Minister of Municipal Affairs, Hon. R. G. Reid, \$6,000.

Minister of Education, Hon. P. E. Baker, \$6,000.

Minister of Railways and Telephones, Hon. V. W. Smith, \$6,000.

Minister without Portfolio, Hon. Mrs. Parlyb.

Deputy Ministers.

Deputy Attorney-General, G. B. Henwood, \$4,250.
Deputy Minister of Public Works, J. D. Robertson, \$4,500.
Deputy Minister of Education, John Ross, \$4,500.
Deputy Minister of Agriculture, H. A. Craig, \$4,500.
Deputy Minister of Railways and Telephones, J. Callaghan, \$4,000.
Deputy Provincial Treasurer, W. V. Newson, \$4,500.
Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs, J. H. Lamb, \$4,500.
Deputy Minister of Health, Dr. M. Bow, \$4,500.
Deputy Provincial Secretary, E. Trowbridge, \$4,250.
Clerk of Executive Council, J. D. Hunt, \$4,800.
Provincial Auditor, Jas. C. Thompson, \$5,000.
Clerk of the House, Robt. A. Andison, \$2,400.
Civil Service Commissioner, F. Smailes, \$4,000.

Public Utility Commission.

E. J. Fream, \$6,000.
 A. A. Carpenter, \$6,000.
 Secretary, G. A. Thibault, \$2,200.
Liquor Control Board, R. J. Dinning, Chairman, \$9,000.

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

<i>Constituencies.</i>	<i>Members.</i>
Acadia	Lorne Proudfoot
Alexandra	P. J. Enzenauer
Athabasca	
Beaver River	Amos Delisle
Bow Valley	Ben Plummer
	{ A. A. McGillivray
	{ John Irwin
Calgary	{ Geo. H. Webster
(5 members)	{ R. H. Parkyn
	{ Fred J. White
Camrose	Hon. V. W. Smith
Cardston	Geo. L. Stringam
Clareholm	G. B. Walker
Cochrane	R. McCool
Coronation	G. N. Johnston
Cypress	Hon. P. E. Baker
Didsbury	A. B. Claypool
	{ Hon. J. F. Lymburn
Edmonton	{ C. Y. Weaver
(5 members)	{ W. W. Prevey
	{ C. L. Gibbs
Edson	{ D. M. Duggan
Empress	{ Chris. Pattinson
Gleichen	{ W. C. Smith
Grouard	{ J. C. Buckley
Hand Hills	{ L. A. Giroux
High River	{ G. A. Forster
Innisfail	{ Samuel Brown
Lacombe	{ D. Cameron
Lac Ste Anne	{ Hon. Mrs. Irene Parlyb
Leduc	{ M. C. McKeen
Lethbridge	{ D. C. Breton
Little Bow	{ Arthur Smeaton
Macleod	{ Hon. O. L. McPherson
Medicine Hat	{ W. H. Shield
Nanton	{ C. S. Pingle
Okotoks	{ D. H. Galbraith
Olds	{ Hon. Geo. Hoadley
Peace River	{ N. S. Smith
	{ Hugh Allen

*Constituencies.**Members.*

Pembina	Geo. MacLachlan
Pincher Creek	E. G. Cook
Ponoka	Hon. J. E. Brownlee
Red Deer	G. W. Smith
Ribstone	W. G. Farquharson
Rocky Mountain	P. M. Christophers
St. Albert	Lucien Boudreau
St. Paul	Laudas Joly
Sedgewick	A. G. Andrews
Stettler	A. L. Sanders
Stony Plain	W. M. Washburn
Sturgeon	S. A. Carson
Taber	L. Peterson
Vegreville	A. M. Matheson
Vermilion	Hon. R. G. Reid
Victoria	Rudolf Hennig
Wainwright	J. R. Love
Warner	M. J. Conner
Wetaskiwin	E. E. Sparks
Whitford	Geo. Mihalcheon

Judges of the Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Chief Justice, Hon. Mr. Justice Harvey, \$10,000; Hon. Mr. Justice Beck, Hon. Mr. Justice Hyndman, Hon. Mr. Justice Clarke, \$9,000 each.

Judges of the Supreme Court, Trial Division, Hon. Mr. Justice Simmons, Chief Justice (Calgary), \$10,000; Hon. Mr. Justice Walsh, Hon. Mr. Justice Ives (Calgary), Mr. Justice McCarthy (Calgary), The Hon. Mr. Justice Tweedie (Calgary), The Hon. Mr. Justice Boyle (Edmonton), \$9,000 each.

District Court Judges, His Honour Judge Taylor (Edmonton), His Honour Judge Dubuc (Peace River), His Honour Judge Lees (Wetaskiwin), His Honour Judge Crawford (Edmonton), His Honour Judge Winter (Calgary), His Honour Judge Jackson (Lethbridge), His Honour Judge McNeil (Calgary), His Honour Judge Greene (Medicine Hat), His Honour Judge Mahaffy (Red Deer), His Honour Judge Morrison (Stettler), His Honour Judge Stewart (Hanna), His Honour Judge Macdonald (Macleod), \$5,000 each.

Sheriffs, John Rae (Edmonton), \$3,600; F. M. Graham (Calgary), \$3,600; J. I. Poole (acting), (Wetaskiwin), \$2,500 (also Clerk of the Court); E. S. Hogg (Red Deer), \$2,000 (also Clerk of the Court); J. W. McBrine (Stettler), \$2,040; S. A. Wallace (Medicine Hat), \$2,520 (also Clerk of the Court); Miss Lillie Thomas, Acting Clerk (Macleod), \$1,500; Miss Margaret Henry, Acting Sheriff (Macleod), \$1,400; H. J. Adames (Hanna), \$2,400 (also Clerk of the Court); Geo. E. Macleod (Peace River), (acting), \$1,800 (also Clerk of the Court); M. Young (Lethbridge), \$2,520.

S. S. Dunham, Clerk Supreme Court (Lethbridge), \$2,700; E. E. Chandler, Clerk District Court (Wetaskiwin), \$1,350; R. P. Wallace, Clerk Supreme Court (Edmonton), \$3,100; L. J. Clarke, Clerk Supreme Court (Calgary), \$3,000; H. T. Harding, Clerk Supreme Court (Stettler), \$2,000.

Assistant Sheriff, John McCaffary (Calgary), \$2,100.

Deputy Sheriffs, E. T. Westlake (Taber), \$1,500 (also Deputy Clerk of the Court; D. Twomey (Camrose), \$2,400, also Deputy Clerk of the Court; A. G. Bond, Deputy Clerk of the Court (Bassano), also Deputy Sheriff; George Robertson, Deputy Clerk and Sheriff (Grande Prairie), \$2,400.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

ORGANIZED 1ST SEPTEMBER, 1905. SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, OTTAWA.

Constitution and Government.—The North-West Territories now consist of the territories formerly known as Rupert's Land and the North-West Territories, except such portions thereof as form the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and the Yukon Territory; together with all British Territories and possessions in North America and all islands adjacent thereto not included within any province, except Newfoundland and its dependencies. By Order in Council dated the 16th March, 1918, this area was sub-divided into the provisional districts of Mackenzie, Keewatin and Franklin. The North-West Territories are governed by a Commissioner and six Councillors appointed by the Governor General in Council. The Commissioner in Council has power to make ordinances for the Government of the Territories under directions from the Governor General in Council or the Minister of the Interior, who may authorize him to make ordinances respecting direct taxation within the Territories in order to raise revenue, etc., establishment and tenure of territorial offices, and the appointment and payment of officers, maintenance, etc., of prisons, municipal institutions, licenses, solemnization of marriage, property and civil rights, administration of justice, and generally all matters of a merely local and private nature in the Territories.

Commissioner, William Wallace Cory, C.M.G.
Deputy Commissioner, Roy Alexander Gibson.
Council, John Wesley Greenway, Charles Cammell, Cortlandt Starnes, Oswald Sterling Finnie, Hugh Howard Rowatt,
Director, O. S. Finnie, B.Sc., D.L.S., Ottawa, Canada.

Registrar, K. R. Daly, Ottawa.
Public Administrator, Mackenzie District, H. M. Martin, Edmonton.

Area and Population.—The area of the territories is 1,309,682 square miles. Total population numbered 7,988, census 1921.

Information concerning Government publications of the North-West Territories may be obtained from the North-West Territories and Yukon Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

YUKON TERRITORY.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT—DAWSON, Y.T.

Gold Commissioner, Crown Timber and Land Agent, Percy Reid.

Legal Adviser and Public Administrator, C. E. McLeod.

Disbursing Officer, G. A. Jeckell.

Judge, Territorial Court, and Local Judge in Admiralty, Hon. Mr. Justice C. D. Macaulay.

Director, North-West Territories and Yukon Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, O. S. Finnie, B.Sc., D.L.S.

The boundaries of the Yukon Territory were defined by a Proclamation of the 16th August, 1897, amended by C. 41 of 1 Ed. VII.

By 61-62 Vict., C. 6, the Yukon Provisional District was declared and constituted a separate territory, and by C. 63, S. 7, the local government of the territories is vested in a Commissioner and an elective council. The Commissioner administers the government of the territory under instructions from time to time given him by the Governor in Council or the Minister of the Interior.

By Order in Council dated the 28th March, 1918, the Office of Commissioner was abolished and the duties transferred to and vested in the Gold Commissioner of the Territory.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

Primate of All Canada, His Grace the Most Reverend S. P. Matheson, D.D., LL.D., D.C.L.

Province of Canada.

Metropolitan and Archbishop of Nova Scotia, Most Rev. C. L. Worrell, D.D., D.C.L.

Bishop Co-Adjutor, Rt. Rev. John Hackenley, D.D.

Bishop of Fredericton, Rt. Rev. J. A. Richardson, D.D.

Bishop of Montreal, Rt. Rev. J. C. Farthing, D.D., LL.D., D.C.L.

Bishop of Quebec, Rt. Rev. L. W. Williams, D.D.

Province of Ontario.

Metropolitan and Archbishop of Huron, Most Rev. D. Williams, D.D.

Bishop of Algoma, Rt. Rev. G. Thornloe, D.D., D.C.L.

Bishop Co-Adjutor, Rt. Rev. R. R. Smith, D.D.

Bishop of Toronto, Rt. Rev. J. F. Sweeney, D.D., D.C.L., LL.D.

Bishop of Ottawa, Rt. Rev. J. C. Roper, D.D.

Bishop of Niagara, Rt. Rev. D. T. Owen, D.D.

Bishop of Ontario, Rt. Rev. C. A. Seager, D.D., LL.D.

Province of Rupert's Land.

Metropolitan and Archbishop of Rupert's Land, The Most Rev. S. P. Matheson, D.D., LL.D., *Primate of All Canada*.

Bishop of Yukon, Rt. Rev. Isaac O. Stringer, D.D.

Bishop of Qu'Appelle, Rt. Rev. M. McA. Harding, D.D.

Bishop of Moosonee, Rt. Rev. J. G. Anderson, D.D.

Bishop of Athabasca, Rt. Rev. E. F. Robins, D.D.

Bishop of Mackenzie River (vacant).

Bishop of Edmonton, Rt. Rev. H. A. Gray, D.D., LL.D.

Bishop of Keewatin, Rt. Rev. A. D. A. Dewdney, D.D.

Bishop of Saskatchewan, Rt. Rev. G. E. Lloyd, D.D.

Bishop of Brandon, Rt. Rev. W. W. H. Thomas, D.D.

Bishop of Calgary, Rt. Rev. L. R. Sherman, D.D.

Province of British Columbia.

Metropolitan and Archbishop of New Westminster,
The Most Rev. A. U. De Pensier, D.D., O.B.E.
Bishop of Kootenay, Rt. Rev. A. J. Doull, D.D.
Bishop of Columbia, Rt. Rev. Charles Schofield,
D.D.
Bishop of Cariboo, Rt. Rev. W. R. Adams, D.D.
Bishop of Caledonia (vacant).

Missionary Bishops.

Bishop in Honan, China, Rt. Rev. W. C. White,
D.D.
Bishop in Mid-Japan, Rt. Rev. H. J. Hamilton,
D.D.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH IN CANADA.

Apostolic Delegation.

Apostolic Delegate, Most Rev. Andrea Cassulo,
D.D.
Secretary and Chargé d'Affaires, Very Rev.
J. Bearzotti.

Archdioceses.

Archbishop of Quebec, Most Rev. R. M. Rouleau,
D.D. (1923).
Archbishop of Edmonton, Most Rev. Henry J.
O'Leary, D.D. (1913).
Archbishop of Halifax, Most Rev. E. J. McCarthy,
D.D. (1906).
Archbishop of Kingston, Most Rev. M. J. Spratt,
D.D. (1911).
Archbishop of Montreal, Most Rev. P. Bruchesi,
D.D. (1897).
Archbishop Administrator Apostolic of Montreal,
Most Rev. G. Gauthier, D.D. (1912).
Auxiliary Bishop of Montreal, Rt. Rev. E. A.
Deschamps, D.D. (1925).
Archbishop of Ottawa (vacant).
Archbishop of Regina, Most Rev. O. E. Mathieu,
D.D. (1911).
Archbishop of St. Boniface, Most Rev. A. Beliveau,
D.D. (1913).
Archbishop of Toronto, Most Rev. Neil McNeil,
D.D. (1895).
Archbishop of Vancouver, Most Rev. T. Casey,
D.D. (1899).
Archbishop of Winnipeg, Most Rev. A. A.
Sinnott, D.D. (1915).

Dioceses.

Bishop of Alexandria, Rt. Rev. F. Couturier,
D.D. (1919).
Bishop of Antigonish, Rt. Rev. J. Morrison,
D.D. (1912).
Bishop of Calgary, Rt. Rev. J. T. Kidd, D.D.,
LL.D. (1925).
Bishop of Charlottetown, Rt. Rev. L. J. O'Leary,
D.D. (1912).
Bishop of Chatham, Rt. Rev. P. Chiasson,
D.D. (1917).
Bishop of Chicoutimi, Rt. Rev. M. T. Labrecque,
D.D. (1892).
Bishop of Gaspé, Rt. Rev. F. X. Roas, D.D.
(1923).
Bishop of Haileybury, Rt. Rev. L. Rhéaume,
D.D. (1923).
Bishop of Hamilton, Rt. Rev. J. T. McNally,
D.D. (1913).
Bishop of Joliette, Rt. Rev. G. Forbes, D.D.
(1913).

Bishop of London, Rt. Rev. M. F. Fallon,
D.D. (1909).
Bishop of Mont Laurier, Rt. Rev. J. E. Limoges,
D.D. (1922).
Bishop of Nicolet, Rt. Rev. J. S. H. Brunault,
D.D. (1899).
Bishop of Pembroke, Rt. Rev. P. T. Ryan,
D.D. (1912).
Bishop of Peterborough, Rt. Rev. M. J. O'Brien,
D.D. (1913).
Bishop of Prince Albert and Saskatoon, Rt. Rev.
J. H. Prud'homme, D.D. (1921).
Bishop of Rimouski, Rt. Rev. J. R. Léonard,
D.D. (1919).
Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, Rt. Rev. F. L. Decallea,
D.D. (1924).
Bishop of St. John, Rt. Rev. Edward Leblanc,
D.D. (1912).
Bishop of Sault Ste. Marie, Rt. Rev. D. J.
Scollard, D.D. (1904).
Bishop of Sherbrooke, Rt. Rev. Alph. Osiat
Gagnon.
Vicar Capitular of Sherbrooke, Rt. Rev. A. O.
Gagnon, D.D. (1923).
Bishop of Trois-Rivières, Rt. Rev. F. X. Cloutier,
D.D. (1899).
Auxiliary Bishop of Trois-Rivières, Rt. Rev. A.
Comtois, D.D. (1926).
Bishop of Valleyfield, Rt. Rev. J. A. Langlois,
D.D. (1924).
Bishop of Victoria, Rt. Rev. Thos. O'Donnell,
D.D. (1923).

Vicariates Apostolic.

Vic. Apostolic of Athabasca, Rt. Rev. E.
Grouard, D.D. (1890).
Vic. Apostolic Coadjutor of Athabasca, Rt. Rev.
C. Jousard, D.D. (1909).
Vic. Apostolic of Keewatin, Rt. Rev. O. Charle-
bois, D.D. (1910).
Vic. Apost. of MacKenzie, Rt. Rev. G. Breynat,
D.D. (1901).
Vic. Apostolic of Northern Ontario, Rt. Rev.
J. G. B. Hallé, D.D. (1921).
Vic. Apost. of Gulf of St. Lawrence, Rt. Rev.
J. M. Leventoux, D.D. (1922).
Vic. Apostolic of the Yukon and Prince Rupert,
Rt. Rev. E. Buno, D.D. (1917).

Ruthenian Greek Catholic Church.

Ordinary for the Ruthenians in Canada, Rt. Rev.
N. Budka, D.D., *Titular Bishop of Patara*
(1912).

Abbey Nullius.

Abbey Nullius of St. Peter at Muenster, Sask.
(vacant).

Prefecture Apostolic.

Prefect Apostolic of Hudson Bay, Very Rev. A.
Turquetil, D.D.

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA.

Moderator, Rev. Geo. C. Pigeon, D.D., Toronto.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN CANADA.

Moderator, Rev. Ephraim Scott, D.D., Montreal.

The year given after the names is the date of
election to the bishopric.

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NEWFOUNDLAND.

Situation and Area.

Newfoundland is an island situated between 46° 37' and 51° 39' N. lat., and 52° 35' and 59° 25' W. long., on the north-east side of the Gulf of St. Lawrence; the greatest length from north to south is 350 miles, and average breadth about 130; its estimated area is 42,000 square miles, or one-third of that of the United Kingdom. Population, 259,358.

Labrador.

By the decision, on March 1st, 1927, of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, the Atlantic watershed of the Labrador peninsula, including the basin of the Hamilton, was awarded to Newfoundland. This decision was the outcome of a dispute between Canada and Newfoundland as to the ownership of this region, which has lasted for 25 years and was ultimately by agreement submitted to the arbitration of this Tribunal. Canada claimed that the "Coast of Labrador" which was attached to Newfoundland in 1763, was merely a strip of seaboard necessary for carrying on of the fisheries prosecuted there, and suggested that Newfoundland should only be awarded a strip one mile deep following the sinuosities of the seaboard. Newfoundland, however, contended that the word "coast" should be interpreted in its larger sense as a region or country, such as "the Gold Coast" or the "Coromandel Coast," and that this should embrace the whole territory to the height of land. This contention was upheld by the Tribunal which fixed the boundary as follows: "A line drawn due north from the eastern boundary of the bay or harbour of Ance Sablon as far as the fifty-second degree of north latitude, and from thence westward along that parallel until it reaches the Romaine river, and then northward along the left or east bank of that river and its head waters to their source and from thence due north to the crest of the watershed or height of land there, and from thence westward and northward along the crest of the watershed of the rivers flowing into the Atlantic Ocean until it reaches Cape Chidley," at the entrance to Hudson's Strait. The remainder of the Labrador peninsula forms part of Canada. The area is about 120,000 square miles (equal to that of the United Kingdom), with a coast line of some 600 miles. The outside coast line is bleak, but the shores of the bays and rivers are well wooded, and in some cases densely so, the timber being high and sound, the temperature of the interior being, as a rule, like that of northern Canada. There are about 4,000 permanent inhabitants (some 1,300 Eskimo, the remainder of British descent), occupied in the fisheries and in trapping. The population is greatly increased in summer by fishermen and sportsmen, over 1,000 vessels being employed. Battle Harbour (Strait of Belle Isle) is the chief port, amongst the other villages being the Moravian Mission stations (commenced 1770) at Hopedale, Nain, Okkak, Hebron, Ramah, and Killinek. The Customs duties are those of Newfoundland.

Labrador, discovered by the Norseman Lief, son of Eric the Red, in A.D. 1,000, and (in 1498) by Cabot, was early frequented by Basque, and subsequently by Breton, fishermen. It became British on the conquest of Canada (1759). In 1763 the Atlantic coast was annexed to Newfoundland, but was temporarily re-annexed to

Quebec from 1774 to 1809. The first judicial court was established in 1824; it was revived in 1863 and again in 1909. During the summer months several Justices of the Peace are upon the coast.

History.

The island was discovered by John Cabot in 1497; it was as early as 1500 frequented by the Portuguese, Spanish, and French, for its fisheries. Sir Walter Raleigh and others, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, attempted to colonise this island, but were not successful. In 1583 Sir Humphrey Gilbert formally took possession of the island in the name of Queen Elizabeth, and it was incorporated into the realm of England. In 1623, Sir G. Calvert, afterwards Lord Baltimore, established himself in the Peninsula of Avalon, the south-east part of the island, and appointed his son Governor. In 1634 a party of colonists were sent over from Ireland, and twenty years after some English colonists arrived, having emigrated by means of a Parliamentary grant.

The French, about 1620, established a station at Placentia; and for many years the French and English settlers were constantly annoying each other. At the Peace of Utrecht in 1713, subsequently ratified by the Treaty of Paris, the exclusive sovereignty of Newfoundland was acknowledged to belong to Great Britain, certain rights being granted to French fishermen, the extent of which long remained in question between the two nations. The French possess the small islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, and the district is resorted to annually by a French fishing fleet from St. Malo, Granville, St. Brieuc, Bordeaux, Quimper, St. Nazaire, &c. They claimed the exclusive right to fish along the coast from Cape John on the east coast round the north to Cape Ray on the west coast, upon which they were allowed temporary structures for drying the fish. That this right was an exclusive one was never admitted by Great Britain, which also contended that it did not include a right to the lobster fishery. By the declaration attached to the Treaty of Versailles in 1763, the King of Great Britain undertook to remove the fixed fishery settlements on the part of the coast to which the French rights extend. A proposal for the settlement of all the questions was agreed to in 1885 by commissioners representing France and England, but was rejected by Newfoundland. An agreement for the reference to arbitration of the lobster fishery question was signed in 1891, but the law approving it did not pass the French Chamber. Pending the arbitration, the *modus vivendi*, which had been adopted in 1890, limiting the erection of new factories, was renewed. The Colony reluctantly passed legislation in 1891 for enforcing it for three years, but rejected the draft permanent Bill for giving effect to the treaty obligations in the session of 1892. The Act was first continued to 31st December, 1895, then to 31st December, 1897, and in 1897 it was further continued to 31st December, 1898. By legislation passed in each subsequent session the Act of 1891 was continued until the 31st day of December.

The dispute was finally settled by the Anglo-French Convention of the 8th April, 1904, in connection with other outstanding questions between the two countries. Under that Convention, France renounced the privileges under Art. xiii. of the Treaty of Utrecht (see Cd. 1952). The arrangement has been of great benefit to the

Colony, since it removed an obstruction to local development, to mining and other industrial enterprises, over some two-fifths of the whole coast line.

Industries.

The industries of the island—fishing, agricultural, mining, and lumbering—are mainly confined to the sea coast. Dried cod is the largest export (1,366,461 qtls. in 1926); other large exports are herrings, lobsters, salmon, iron, fish oils, seal skins, and timber. Copper is worked for export at Tilt Cove and Little Bay, iron pyrites at Pilley's Island, on the N.E. coast, and asbestos in the interior from Port-au-Port, west coast, and lead, silver, coal, and gold are also found. Immense beds of hematite iron ore have been laid bare at Bell Island, Conception Bay, and large quantities are being exported.

The establishment of large and well-equipped paper mills at Grand Falls, in the interior, by the Anglo-Newfoundland Development Company, has opened up a very large industry. The paper and paper pulp is shipped to the United Kingdom and used in the principal London printing offices. A model town has been laid out which is well lighted, watered, and drained. It is very picturesquely situated, and is on the line of the Reid Newfoundland Company's railway through the interior, while a private line of rail connects the works with Botwood, the principal port on the Exploits for summer shipments.

The Albert Reed Company, of London, have completed a large pulp mill at Bishop's Falls, about nine miles from Grand Falls, where pulp is being manufactured for English mills. This company have also installed machinery for the manufacture of paper. At Lomond, in Bonne Bay, on the West Coast, the St. Lawrence Lumber and Pulp Co. are erecting large mills for the manufacture of lumber and pulp, and propose to erect mills for the making of paper. At Glovertown, on the Terra Nova River, Bonavista Bay, a company is now installing a plant for the manufacture of sulphite pulp. Both these companies will operate on a large scale.

The Humber development scheme, launched by the Newfoundland Power and Paper Co., Ltd., with the full sanction of the Newfoundland Government, was designed to utilize water power capable of developing hydro-electric energy of 250,000 horse power, and to involve the employment of more than 1,500 people, and the making of a new town at Comer Brook of about 7,000 people in the western portion of the island. The mills were to have a producing capacity of 400 tons of finished paper daily. Apart from the power required for the mills, a surplus was estimated sufficient for all local or domestic purposes on the whole of the west coast, and also for the large mining areas in that part.

The scheme received support from both the British and Newfoundland Governments, the British Government guaranteeing £2,000,000 under the Trade Facilities Act. Early in 1927 it became known that this enterprise was in financial difficulties and that its owners were trying to dispose of it. Eventually they interested the International Paper Company of New York one of the largest American paper-making companies, which in turn effected an agreement with the Newfoundland Government, ratified by the Legislature in September, 1927, whereby the International acquired the enterprise, and undertook its enlargement, under certain concessions from the Colony.

At the same time the Legislature validated another agreement with the International Co. for the establishment of another paper-making industry in the Gander Valley, on the East Coast.

The cod-fishery is the staple industry, and after this in importance rank the fisheries for seal, lobster, herring, and salmon. Haddock and mackerel are now only taken occasionally. The cod appears off the coast early in May, and the fishery extends north for over 1,000 miles, including the coast of Labrador, the grounds varying in depth from 50 to 360 feet. The home consumption is about 300,000 quintals, and the export in 1924-25 was 1,165,097 quintals, value \$10,445,617; 30 bank cod go, on an average, to one quintal. A fair average of fish (general run) per quintal would be 125. The export is mainly to Portugal, Spain, Brazil, Italy, Greece, and the United Kingdom. The chief imports are flour, textiles, woollens and cottons, hardware, cutlery, salt pork, molasses, butter, and salt. These are obtained mainly from Canada, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

Currency and Banking.

Branch banks of the Bank of Montreal, Bank of Nova Scotia, Royal Bank of Canada and Canadian Bank of Commerce have been opened in St. John's, branches of the Bank of Nova Scotia in Harbour Grace and in twenty-two other towns; branches of the Bank of Montreal at Carbonear, Bay of Islands, Grand Falls, and four other places; and seven branches of the Royal Bank of Canada at various points.

The legal tender currency (see Act IV. of 1895) is British sterling, United States gold and Colonial coins. Silver is legal tender to the extent of \$10, and copper to the amount of 25 cents. Accounts are kept in dollars and cents. Exchange \$4/8 $\frac{1}{2}$ to the pound sterling.

In the Government Savings Bank deposits in 1926 were \$2,011,262.

Means of Communication.

There is a railway from St. John's to Carbonear, 84 miles in length, the property of the Government. The total approximate cost of construction was \$2,500,000. A branch line has been constructed by the Government, connecting with Placentia. Its length is 27 miles, and it was built at a cost of \$525,000. The railway to the Exploits River, a distance from Whitbourne of 200 miles, was built at a cost of \$3,120,000. The line from Exploits, mid Bay of Islands and Bay St. George, to Port-aux-Basques (a distance of 285 miles approximately) is completed, the cost being \$4,446,000. Branch lines to Carbonear, and Lewisport, N.D.B., are also completed. The total length of these lines, with branches, is about 638 miles. Other branch lines have been constructed to Bonavista, Hearts' Content, Grate's Cove and Trepassay, in all about 189 miles. By the transinsular railway regular connection is made with the continent thrice weekly, the intervening strait being crossed in the first-class passenger steamer "Caribou" which makes the passage in six hours. About 750 miles of postal and 1,700 miles of district roads are maintained. There are 5,200 miles of postal telegraph lines and 2,000 miles of postal telephones. There are 224 Postal Telegraph stations, 22 of which are internal point-to-point wireless stations; also 10 wireless stations along the Labrador coast. Cape Race and Foyo wireless

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stations, operated by the Marconi Wireless Co., have constant communication with ships at sea. Cape Race has also a Navigation direction finding station available to ships crossing the Atlantic. The Government cable, laid in 1905 between Port-aux-Basques and Canso in Nova Scotia, gives quick communication with both America and Europe. This cable was sold to the Commercial Cable Company in 1922. The Anglo-American cables start for Europe (at Hearts' Content) and America (at Placentia). The Commercial cable landed at St. John's, the Direct (now "Imperial") cable at Harbor Grace, and the Western Union at Bay Roberts, and all connect with both Europe and America. Constant connection by water with Montreal, Halifax, Boston and New York is made by private lines of steamers. The Furness-Withy Line of steamers runs between Liverpool and St. John's, and between St. John's, Halifax, and Boston, U.S.A., making about sixteen trips each way annually, monthly in winter, and at intervals of about three weeks in summer. The south and west coast has a weekly steamer service from Argentina, P.B., and also a fortnightly service by steamer from St. John's. Two steamers make trips from St. John's to the Labrador Coast with mails and passengers during the summer at intervals of eight to ten days, and another makes fortnightly trips between St. John's and Cape Norman in the north of the island, calling at all the important intermediate settlements. Smaller steamers ply on the five great bays, while another steamer visits each week the ports in the Strait of Belle Isle. All these steamers make close connection with the railway. The rates of postage are as follows:—

	Letters, 1st 1 oz.	News- papers.
In St. John's	2 cents	} under 4 oz. 1 cent.
Within Colony . . .	3 cents	
To United Kingdom, Dominions and Colonies	4 ..	1 cent for 2 oz.
Europe	6 cents for 1st oz.	} 1 .. ditto.
South America, etc.	3 cents per suc- ceeding oz.	
To United States . .	4 cents	1 .. ditto.
St. Pierre	10 cents 1st oz. 6 cents, each addi- tional oz.	...

Climale.

The climate is milder than that of Canada; the mean temperature at St. John's is about 42°, the extreme range being from 0° to 81°. There is an almost total absence of spring, the summer setting in very suddenly in May. The rainfall in 1918 was 49 inches. Two-thirds of the inhabitants are descended from the British settlers, English being everywhere spoken, but about one-third belong to the Roman Catholic religion, and a small number of these are of French extraction. The last of the aboriginal inhabitants died out about 1829; they were of the Beothuck tribe.

Education.

The Government system of primary education rests upon the Act of 1916 and its Amendment

Act of 1920. By the new Act the Central Administration is vested in the Department of Education, presided over by the Minister of Education who is a member of the Executive Council. There are three Superintendents of Education belonging respectively to the Roman Catholic, the Anglican and the Methodist Denominations. There were in 1924, 1,451 schools with 58,093 scholars. The schools are denominational, and fees are charged. Grants are also made in aid of secondary schools, and a small vote of \$4,767 was passed for technical education. In 1910 a special grant of \$100,000 was made for the erection, re-modelling and equipment of school buildings in places outside the city of St. John's.

In 1893 an Act was passed appointing a council of higher education, and empowering them to adopt certain rules and regulations with the object of fostering higher education in the Colony. A sum of money in aid of the council is annually granted by the Legislature.

A general Training School for teachers was opened in 1921, and in September, 1925, the first real attempt at University work was made, when the Newfoundland Memorial University College was opened, an institution which gives a two years' University Course. The Training School for teachers has been combined with the new College and the whole institution is now known as the Newfoundland Memorial University College and Normal School.

Chief Towns.

The capital is St. John's, with 37,047 inhabitants. Other towns of importance are Harbour Grace, with a population of 3,825; Bonavista 4,052; Carbonear 3,320; Twillingate 3,217; Grand Falls, 3,769; Burin, 2,763, and Bay Roberts, 2,168. St. John's, which had similarly suffered in 1846, was almost completely destroyed by fire in 1892, the Cathedral and many Government buildings being burnt, with the public records which they contained. The city has been rebuilt in an improved manner.

Constitution.

Newfoundland has had a Legislature since 1832, but it was the last of the North American Colonies to which responsible Government was conceded; it was established in 1855. The Government is at present administered by a Governor, aided by a responsible Executive Council in which the Governor presides, a Legislative Council, and a House of Assembly of 36 members, elected by ballot under manhood suffrage. There are—registration 1924—63,883 electors registered on the electoral roll, and 18 districts, or subdivisions of districts, of which 7 return three members, 4 return two members, and 7 return one. There is a property qualification for members, viz., property exceeding 500*l.* in amount or value, or a net annual income of 100*l.* The ordinary duration of the restricted session is about three months, and the Legislature generally meets about the middle of February.

Members of the Council receive \$150 each (President \$250) per session. Members of the Assembly receive \$1,000 each per session. The Speaker receives \$750. This pay to the Legislature is provided for annually in a local Act. The city of St. John's is governed by a Mayor and 6 Councillors elected under the provisions of the Municipal Act, 1921.

FINANCIAL.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.		
Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18	6,540,083	5,369,455	1,408,518	1,783,970
1918-19	9,535,725	6,766,389	1,315,704	1,711,668
1919-20	10,597,562	9,247,007	1,484,073	1,813,804
1920-21	8,438,040	10,951,489	1,454,951	1,869,263
1921-22	8,269,680	9,127,542	1,101,144	1,629,327
1922-23	8,576,772	9,552,301	847,764	2,294,070
1923-24	8,401,669	10,022,137	1,501,667	2,151,296
1924-25	9,783,188	9,436,185	1,365,488	2,579,791
1925-26	9,762,521	9,865,167	1,324,527	2,092,312

Population.

Newfoundland.

	Males.	Females.	Labrador.	Total.
1926	132,580	129,597	3,977	266,154

In 1763 the population was 13,122, and in 1837, 75,000.

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
1917-18	2,248,781	11,939,616	12,704,549	26,892,946
1918-19	2,399,853	14,791,022	16,106,309	33,297,184
1919-20	4,637,074	19,989,028	15,907,286	40,533,388
1920-21	3,230,305	15,790,107	9,889,262	28,909,727
1921-22	2,036,218	9,500,215	6,673,420	18,209,853
1922-23	3,130,605	8,875,274	7,315,945	19,321,824
1923-24	6,250,360	12,488,400	8,938,422	27,677,182
1924-25	11,357,585	14,493,059	10,554,030	36,404,674
1925-26	5,785,093	12,343,254	9,423,958	27,552,305

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	Elsewhere.	Total.
1917-18	3,822,931	3,986,825	22,343,761	30,153,517
1918-19	2,713,089	3,861,811	30,209,716	36,784,616
1919-20	6,411,967	4,011,389	24,442,082	34,865,438
1920-21	6,275,098	3,111,588	13,054,881	22,441,267
1921-22	4,866,821	2,278,608	12,332,988	19,478,417
1922-23	6,961,491	2,706,817	11,288,555	20,966,863
1923-24	7,615,069	3,754,533	9,701,969	21,071,571
1924-25	7,146,320	3,071,148	13,372,718	23,590,186
1925-26	6,460,197	3,861,295	17,241,721	27,563,213

Public Debt, May 31st, 1927, \$72,017,932.*

The total Customs revenue in 1925-26 was \$7,790,533.

Governors.

1899	Sir H. McCallum, K.C.M.G., A.D.C.
1901	Sir C. Boyle, K.C.M.G.
1904	Sir William MacGregor, G.C.M.G., C.B.
1909	Sir Ralph C. Williams, K.C.M.G.
1913	Sir W. E. Davidson, K.C.M.G.
1917	Sir Charles Alexander Harris, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.V.O.
1922	Sir William Lamond Allardice, G.C.M.G.

Executive Council.

His Excellency The Governor.

Prime Minister and Minister of Education, Hon. W. S. Monroe.
Colonial Secretary, Hon. Sir J. R. Bennett, K.B.E.
Minister of Justice, Hon. W. J. Higgins, K.C.
Minister of Finance and Customs, Hon. Sir J. C. Crosbie, K.B.E.

Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, Hon. W. J. Woodford.

Hon. Sir A. B. Morine, Kt., K.C. (without Portfolio), Hon. M. S. Sullivan (without Portfolio), Hon. Richard Cramm (without Portfolio), Hon. R. Duff (without Portfolio), Hon. Jos. J. Long (without Portfolio).

(10 members in Executive.)

*Includes municipal debt (St. John's), \$1,905,688.

Not in Executive Council.

Minister of Agriculture and Mines, Wm. J. Walsh.
Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Wm. C. Winsor.

Legislative Council.

Hon. Sir P. T. McGrath, K.B.E., LL.D., President.

Hon. Robert K. Bishop.	Hon. Geo. Shea.
" John Anderson.	" F. H. Steer, M.B.E.
" Saml. Milley.	" Eli Dawe.
" M. P. Gibbs.	" John Davey.
" Sir M. G. Winter,	" J. A. Robinson,
Kt., C.B.E.	M.B.E.
" Michael Power.	" F. C. Alderdice.
" J. J. Murphy.	" C. P. Ayre.
" F. McNamara.	" S. K. Bell.
" T. K. Cook.	" G. A. Bartlett.
" D. A. Ryan.	" A. Kean.
" Alex. Campbell,	" E. B. Job.
M.D.	

Clerk to the Legislative Council, R. A. Parsons, \$750.

Usher Black Rod, C. E. A. Jeffery, \$400.

House of Assembly.

(As in October, 1927.)

Speaker, C. J. Fox, \$750.

Chairman of Committees, J. C. Puddester, \$400.

Constituencies.	Names.
Bay de Verde (2)	Hon. R. Cramm. J. C. Puddester.
Bonavista (3)	Hon. W. S. Monroe. Lewis Little. Wm. C. Winsor.
Burgeo (1)	W. McK. Chambers.
Burin (2)	H. B. C. Lake. Hon. J. J. Long.
Carbonear (1)	R. Duff.
Ferryland (2)	P. J. Caahin. P. F. Moore.
Fogo (1)	R. Hibbs.
Fortune Bay (1)	H. M. Mosdell.
Harbor Grace (3)	A. E. Hickman. Hon. Sir J. R. Bennett, K.B.E. C. E. Russell.
Harbor Main (2)	Hon. W. J. Woodford. C. J. Cahill.
Placentia (3)	Hon. M. S. Sullivan. Wm. J. Walsh. Edward F. Sinnott.
Port de Grave (1)	F. G. Bradley.
St. Barbe (1)	John H. Scammell.
St. George (1)	T. J. Power.
St. John's, East (3)	Hon. W. J. Higgins, K.C. C. J. Fox. W. E. Brophy.
St. John's, West (3)	Hon. Sir J. C. Crosbie, K.B.E. W. J. Browne. W. J. Linegar.
Trinity (3)	W. W. Halfyard. I. R. Randell. E. J. Godden.
Twillingate (3)	Thos. G. W. Ashbourne. K. M. Brown. G. F. Grimes.

Clerk of the House of Assembly, H. Y. Mott, \$2,000.

Assistant Clerk, P. K. Devine, \$750.

Sergeant-at-Arms, R. T. Parsons, \$400.

Law Clerk to the Legislature, F. A. Mews, \$750.

Governors of the Newfoundland Savings Bank,
Hon. J. R. Bennett, Hon. A. B. Morine, K.C.,
Hon. R. Duff, Hon. D. A. Ryan, The
Speaker of the House of Assembly, P. F. Moore,
Oly de Lake, W. McK. Chambers.
Board of Works, W. McK. Chambers (Chairman);
Hon. W. S. Monroe, W. J. Linegar, T. F.
Power, J. Whiteway, Jas. S. Ayre, Jas. Gould.
Commissioners of Pilots for the Port of St. John's,
W. C. Winsor, *Minister of Marine and*
Fisheries; Hon. Geo. Shea, Hon. R. B. Job,
and Capt. Edward T. English.

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Commander-in-Chief, and Vice-Admiral, Sir William Lamond Allardye,
G.C.M.G., \$12,500 and allowance of \$2,500 for
travelling expenses.

Private Secretary, Capt. A. G. Stewart Good-
fellow, \$1,450.

Honorary Private Secretary, Hon. Robert
Watson.

Honorary A.D.C.'s, Capt. Gerald C. Harvey and
Capt. Alexander B. Baird.

Confidential Clerk, George B. Cake, \$1,700.

Assistant Clerk, Miss N. Rendell, \$1,000.

Department of Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary, Hon. Sir J. R. Bennett, K.B.E.,
\$4,000.

Deputy Colonial Secretary, Arthur Mews, C.M.G.,
J.P., \$3,600.

Assistant Deputy Colonial Secretary, Fred. M.
Stirling, J.P., \$3,000.

2nd Clerk and Accountant, W. Halfyard, \$1,800.

3rd Clerk, H. Pippy, \$1,000.

Registrar of Vital Statistics, Wm. J. Martin, J.P.,
\$2,600.

Department of Posts and Telegraphs.

Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, Hon. W. J.
Woodford, \$4,000.

Deputy Minister, J. G. Hodder, J.P., \$3,100.

Assistant Deputy Minister and Secretary, Wm.
Campbell, \$2,200.

Inspector, M. F. Aylward, \$2,200.

Superintendent, Money Order Branch, Geo. B.
Lloyd, \$2,160.

Superintendent Postal Telegraphs, Geo. J. Veitch,
\$2,400.

Postmaster, St. John's, Jordan Milley, \$2,500.

Public Charities.

Commissioner, H. J. Brownrigg, \$3,600.

Hospital Surgeon, Dr. L. E. Keegan (resident),
\$3,220.

Senior House Physician, Dr. Ray Bennett,
\$1,032.

Assistant House Physician, Dr. Jos. Murphy,
\$1,032.

Hospital Surgeons, Dr. N. S. Fraser (visiting),
\$1,150.

" " Dr. Thos. Anderson " ,
\$780.

" " Dr. H. H. Cowperthwaite
(visiting), \$780.

Lunatic Asylum, Dr. W. H. Parsons, M.C.,
resident physician, \$3,200.

Medical Health Officer, St. John's, Dr. R. A.
Brehm, \$3,600.

Departments of Finance and Customs.

Minister of Finance and Customs, Hon. Sir J. C.
Crosbie, K.B.E., \$4,000.

Department of Finance.

Deputy Minister, J. S. Keating, \$3,600.

1st Clerk, George Bursell, \$2,200.

Department of Customs.

Deputy Minister, H. W. Le Messurier, J.P.,
C.M.G., \$3,600.

Assistant Deputy, H. V. Hutchings, \$3,400.

Inspecting Auditor (vacant), \$3,000.

Inspector of Customs, R. T. McGrath, \$2,200.

Inspector Preventive Service, J. Dee, \$1,728.

1st Clerk, J. F. Fox, \$2,160.

Landing Surveyor, S. Samson, \$2,016.

Chief Statistical Clerk, Thos. P. Jackman,
\$1,728.

Collectors, L. Harvey, \$1,100; M. P. Murphy,
\$1,500; M. Doyle, \$500; J. M. Dooley, \$825;
P. W. O'Dea, \$658; G. E. Banfield, \$163;
I. Parsons, \$1,000; F. Curnew, \$1,300; O. F.
Taylor, \$1,300; F. Colbourne, \$1,260; J. Butt,
\$1,200; J. Abbott, \$1,200; M. Jenkins, \$1,300;
T. Antle, \$1,230; S. E. Chafe, \$1,130; J. L.
Leawood, \$665; W. Paul, \$1,500; E. L.
Parsons, \$1,300; J. T. Caraw, \$825; T. Hogan,
\$1,500; M. Murphy, \$1,300; A. J. Hoffe,
\$1,050; W. J. Bragg, \$1,100; W. H. Adey,
\$1,100; E. J. Gillis, \$660; Jas. Leary, \$330;
W. A. King, \$1,500; A. B. Soevliour, \$1,200;
W. Winsor, \$1,000; J. F. Staples, \$900; M. J.
White, \$710; N. Caravan, \$761; R. F. Scott,
\$1,300; R. Spencer, \$1,100; F. Davis, \$560;
S. Blandford, \$577; B. A. Brazil, \$900; W. R.
Andrews, \$980; J. W. Aitken, \$146; V. Roache,
\$678; Geo. Rose, \$1,100; N. Pike, \$1,520;
D. Blandford, \$1,300; G. A. Tuck, \$120; L.
Gorman, \$1,100; A. Collett, \$1,100; T. G. Ford,
\$1,620; L. Sheppard, \$1,000; J. Kennedy,
\$335; C. G. Rendell, \$950; M. Way, \$650;
M. Simms, \$430; E. Kirby, \$235; W. Garland,
\$1,150; E. Neil, \$1,150; C. C. Pittman, \$1,150;
G. F. Read, \$850; D. P. Duggan, \$460; C.
Murphy, \$825; W. W. Bradley, \$1,030; A.
Batstone, \$1,000; J. C. Batten, \$700; J. E.
Long, \$1,350; A. Corner, \$825; J. Roberts,
\$500; J. W. Aitken, \$600; J. Power, \$850;
C. Barrett, \$400; J. W. Collins, \$1,400; M.
Pike, \$1,500; L. Davis, \$1,151; J. R. Rowse,
\$900; A. S. DuBourdieu, \$1,200; A. E. Butler,
\$350; F. Skanes, \$1,000; S. J. Bishop, \$1,300;
T. Sullivan, \$255; J. Rowse, \$700; A. H.
Ingraham, \$980; A. O'Leary, \$300; S. Mills,
\$500; J. J. Shears, \$900; F. Vatcher, \$1,150;
W. Parsons, \$1,150; J. White, \$500; J. Burden,
\$40; A. Tilley, \$1,210; N. Simms, \$750; J. J.
Doyle, \$800; A. O'Reilly, \$1,200; A. J. St.
Croix, \$1,000; M. J. Murray, \$900; W. Hogan,
\$600; W. Mitchell, \$530; S. Gosse, \$839; W.
Smith, \$1,000; H. F. Abbott, \$780; F. R.
Dinhnam, \$245; J. F. Devereux, \$650; H. F.
Hennessey, \$900; W. White, \$1,000; J. A. S.
Peyton, \$1,250; T. Bishop, \$500; J. Bishop, Jr.,
\$245; G. N. Sparkes, \$200; T. M. Costello,
\$1,200; I. R. Parsons, \$1,400; J. W. Andrews,
\$600.

Department of Marine and Fisheries.

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, W. C. Winsor,
\$4,000.

Deputy Minister, \$3,600.

Accountant, Geo. Badcock, \$1,800.

Department of Agriculture and Mines.

Minister of Agriculture and Mines, W. J.
Walsh, \$4,000.

Deputy Minister, W. Noel, \$3,600.

Assistant Deputy, \$2,500.

1st Clerk, S. Hart, \$1,800.

Director of Surveys (vacant), \$5,000.

Department of Public Works.

Minister of Public Works, W. McK. Chambers, \$4,000.

Deputy Minister, James Harris, \$3,600.

1st Clerk, R. Manning, \$2,200.

Government Analyst, D. J. Davies, B.Sc., F.C.S., \$3,800.

Government Geologist, H. A. Baker, D.Sc., F.R.G.S., \$3,500.

Office of Government Engineer.

Government Engineer, T. A. Hall, C.B.E., B.A., B.E., \$4,600.

Chief Assistant, W. J. Robinson, \$3,000.

Draftsman and Accountant, C. B. Dicks, \$2,000.

Office of Comptroller and Auditor-General.

Comptroller and A.G., F. C. Berteau, I.S.O., \$4,000.

Deputy Auditor General, \$2,800.

Assistant Auditor General, A. W. Mews, \$2,800.

1st Clerk, E. Taylor, \$2,200.

Ecclesiastical Establishment.

Bishop of Newfoundland (Church of England), The Rt. Rev. Wm. Charles White, D.D.

Roman Catholic Archbishop of St. John's, The

Most Rev. E. P. Roche, D.D.

Roman Catholic Bishop of Harbor Grace, The Right Rev. John March, D.D.

Roman Catholic Bishop of the West Coast, Right Rev. H. T. Renouf.

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice and Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court, Hon. Sir W. H. Horwood, Kt., \$8,000.

Judges, Hon. J. M. Kent, (one vacancy), \$7,000.

Minister of Justice, Hon. W. J. Higgins, K.C., \$4,000.

Chief Clerk and Registrar of the Supreme Court, Rt. Hon. Sir W. F. Lloyd, P.O., K.O.M.G., K.C., D.C.L., \$4,600.

Sheriff of Newfoundland, Hon. S. D. Blandford, \$2,760.

Central District Court Judge, Hon. F. J. Morris, O.B.E., K.C., \$5,000.

District Court Judge, Harbor Grace, (vacant), \$1,728.

Magistrates:—

Springdale, Wm. Cunningham, \$1,237.

Twillingate, E. J. Wornell, \$1,404.

Grand Falls, H. F. Fitzgerald, \$1,404.

Fogo, N. Short, \$1,170.

Greenspond, J. W. Janes, \$1,237.

Bonavista, John S. Rowsell, \$1,404.

Trinity, F. Somerton, \$1,404.

Harbour Main, M. F. O'Toole, \$1,237.

Ferryland, R. J. Freebairn, M.D., \$1,237.

Trepassey, Dr. F. Gill, \$1,035.

St. Mary's, Dr. Wm. Hogan, \$899.

Placentia, M. Sinnott, \$1,404.

Presque, Thos. Sullivan, \$1,237.

Burin, M. Hollett, \$1,237.

Belleoram, J. R. Courage, \$1,170.

Harbor Breton, W. E. Parsons, \$1,237.

Channel, A. Squarey, \$1,404.

St. George's, Engr.-Com. R. A. Howley, R.N.

(Ret.), \$1,404.

Bay of Islands, A. Vatcher, \$1,404.

Bonne Bay, G. W. Wilton, \$1,404.

Carbonear, W. F. Penney, \$1,404.

Grand Bank, A. MacDonald, M.D., \$1,237.

La Scie, D. P. Duggan, \$760.

Old Perlican, W. H. Newhook, M.D., \$1,170.

Bell Island, P. F. Power, \$1,237.

Brigus, J. P. Thompson, \$1,237.

Burgeo, Jos. Small, \$1,237.

St. Lawrence, Wm. B. Coulter, M.D., \$999.

Clerk of the Peace at St. John's, and Clerk of Central District Court, J. J. McCarthy, J.P., \$2,500.

Inspector-General of Constabulary, C. H. Hutchings, O.B.E., K.C., \$3,600.

Bureau of Education.

President, Hon. W. S. Monroe, D.C.L., LL.D.

Deputy-President, Vincent P. Burke, M.B.E., M.A., B.Sc., LL.D. (*Secretary for Education*), \$3,600.

Accountant, A. B. Butt, \$1,800.

*Educational Establishment.**Superintendents of Schools:—*

Church of England, W. W. Blackall, M.B.E., B.A., D.C.L., \$3,332.

Assistant, I. J. Samson, \$2,650.

Methodist, Rev. Levi Curtis, M.B.E., M.A., D.D., \$3,332.

Assistant, Ezra Lodge, \$2,650.

Roman Catholic:—

R. K. Kennedy, A.A., \$3,332.

Assistant, Rev. T. Flynn, B.A., \$2,650.

Foreign Consuls.

Argentine Republic.—M. Queralt, Vice-Consul.

Belgium.—A. Remes, Consul-General, Ottawa; E. A. Hayward, Newfoundland.

Brazil.—John Fenelon, Consul; G. R. Williams, Vice-Consul (interino).

Denmark.—Johannes E. Boggilla; Consul-General at Montreal, for Canada and Newfoundland, Hon. Tasker Cook.

France.—Consul, Mons. Leon Morand, Consular Agent, Sandy Point, Walter Le Roux.

Italy.—Consular Agent, Chas. McK. Harvey.

Netherlands.—Consul-General at Montreal for Canada and Newfoundland, Mons. Th. H. de Meester; T. J. Kennedy, Vice-Consul (St. John's).

Panama, A. E. Hickman.

Portugal.—Senor Joao J. Diniz, Hon. Consul; A. J. Goodridge, Consul, St. John's; Graham Munn, Consular Agent, Harbor Grace; Henry Earle, Vice-Consul, Fogo; J. D. Lockyer, Vice-Consul, Twillingate and Herring Neck; D. A. Ryan, Vice-Consul, King's Cove; P. Templeman, Consular Agent, Bonavista; Chas. Bishop, Consular Agent, Burin; G. A. Buffett, Consular Agent, Grand Bank.

Spain.—Don L. Palazuelo Garcia, Consul at Montreal; H. J. Wyatt, honorary Vice-Consul, St. John's; Consular Agents—Harbor Grace, G. Munn; Harbor Breton (vacant); La Poile, Joseph C. Le Scellieur.

Norway, Canada (ex. of British Columbia) and Newfoundland.—L. C. M. Aubert, Consul-General, Montreal; Hon. Tasker C. Cook, Vice-Consul, St. John's.

United States of America.—A. M. Warren, St. John's Consul for Newfoundland; T. V. Hartnett, Vice-Consul; Joseph P. Ragland, Vice-Consul; O. Gould, Consular Agent, Bay of Islands.

Cuba.—T. H. Carter.

Latvia.—Olaf K. Olsen, Vice-Consul; Joseph V. Desaulniers, Hon. Consul.

Dominican Republic, F. T. Palfrey, Consul.

Finland, Mons. Akseli Rauanneimo, Consul-General.

Hungary, Mons. Albert de Haydin, Consul-General.

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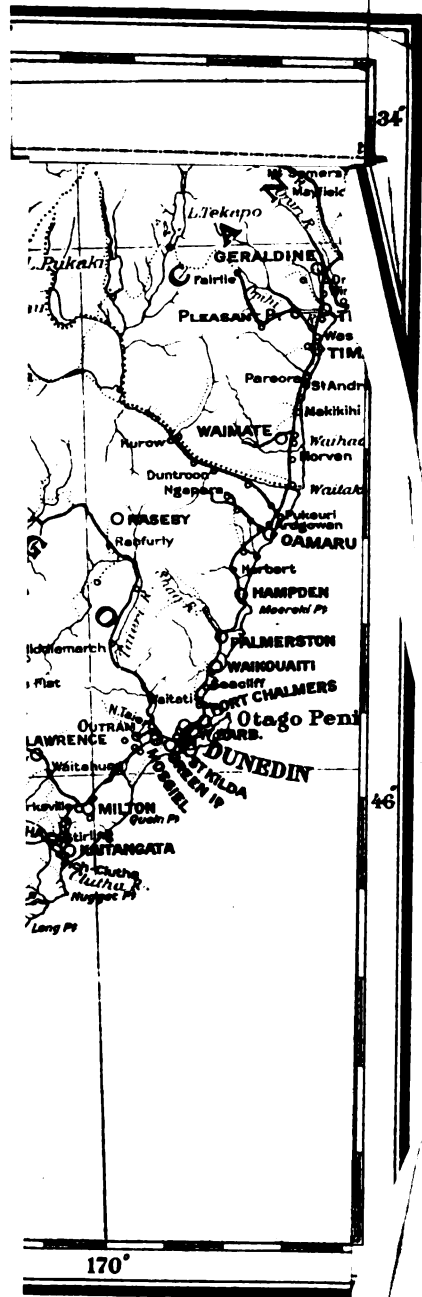
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Hungary, Mons. Albert de Haydin, Cons.

H. Newhook, M.D., \$1,170.

General.

NEW ZEALAND.

Situation and Area.

The Dominion of New Zealand consists of three principal islands, called respectively the North, the South, and Stewart Islands. There are several small islets (mostly uninhabited) within the boundaries of the Dominion: the chief of these are the Chatham Islands, 536 miles eastward of Lyttelton, in 43-45° S. lat., 176-177° W. long. (Chatham and Pitt are the principal islands); and the Auckland Islands. The main group lies between 33° and 53° S. lat., and 162° E. long. and 173° W. Long. The three principal islands extend in length 1,100 miles, but their breadth is extremely variable, ranging from 46 miles to 250 miles, the average being about 140 miles. The area of the North Island and adjacent islets is 44,131 square miles. of the South Island 58,120 square miles, of Stewart Island 662 square miles, of Chatham Islands 372 square miles, and other islands, including the Cook Islands, 577 square miles, a total area of 103,862 square miles (twice the size of England).

In April, 1842, by Royal Letters Patent, and again by the Act 26 & 27 Vict., cap. 23, all islands between 162° E. and 173° W. long., and 33° and 53° S. lat., were annexed to New Zealand.

By Letters Patent, dated 18th January, 1887, the group called the Kermadec Islands, situated about 614 miles N.E. of the Bay of Islands, was annexed to New Zealand. These are a chain of widely separated islets, lying between 29° and 32° S. lat., and 177° and 180° W. long. The principal are Raoul or Sunday, and Macaulay, the next in size being Curtis and Esperance. Raoul comprises 12 square miles, is covered with forest, and rises to a height of 1,720 feet.

The Protectorate over the Cook Islands was administered through the Governor of New Zealand until 1900; in October of that year the group was annexed to Her Majesty's Dominions, and resolutions were passed by the New Zealand Parliament for the extension of the boundary of the Dominion to include the group as well as Savage (Niue) Island and other small islands. By proclamation finally fixing the date from which the boundaries of New Zealand are deemed to be extended, from the 11th June, 1901, the following islands are included:—Rarotonga, Mangaia, Atiu, Aitutaki, Mitiaro, Maukē, Hervey (Manuae), Palmerston (Avarau), Savage (Niue), Pukapuka (Danger), Nassau, Rakaanga, Manihiki, Penrhyn (Tongareva), and Suvarrow.

An account of the Cook Islands is given below.

The principal Allied and Associated Powers, assembled at Versailles, decided that the islands of Western Samoa should be assigned under mandate to New Zealand; and a mandate was issued by the Council of the League of Nations in December, 1920, in favour of New Zealand. The group which lies about 400 miles N.E. from Fiji contains several islands, of which Savai'i and Upolu are the largest. The total area is some 1,250 square miles.

It was also decided that the phosphate island of Nauru (Pleasant Island), lying in 0-33° south latitude, and 166-56° east longitude, should be administered by New Zealand conjointly with the United Kingdom and Australia.

By Order-in-Council of 30th July, 1923, the Government of the Ross Dependency, comprising the coasts of the Ross Sea and adjacent islands and territories, was transferred to the Governor-General of New Zealand.

Arrangements were made in 1925 for the administration of the Tokelau or Union Islands,

part of the colony of Gilbert and Ellice Islands, to be taken over by New Zealand. This transfer was effected as from February 11th, 1926, on the publication of the Union Islands Orders in Council, 1925, in the respective Government Gazettes. The islands are administered by the Administrator of Western Samoa on behalf of New Zealand.

Climate.

The climate is temperate and very healthy, the average death rate being less than 10 per 1,000. The temperature is more equable than in the British Isles. While the summers are as cool as those of England, the winters are as warm as those of Italy. The mean annual temperature at Auckland (59°) is nearly the same as at Rome; at Wellington (55°) nearly the same as at Milan; at Dunedin (50°) nearly the same as at London. The extreme range of temperature at Wellington in 1926 was 49-4°, from 31-1° on the hottest day in summer to 31-7° on the coldest day in winter. The rainfall varied for the year 1926 from 16½ inches in the interior and 23½ inches on the east coast, to 118½ inches on the west coast of the South Island, and from 21 inches on the east coast, to 68 inches on the west coast, and 98 inches in the interior of the North Island.

The average birth rate for the 5 years 1922-1926 was 21-8 per 1,000 living, and the average death rate for the same period 8-6. The birth rate in 1926 was 21-05 per 1,000; the death rate in that year was 8-74. New Zealand has the lowest rate of infantile mortality in the world, a fact attributed to such matters as climate, virility of race, comparative absence of large industrial undertakings, and partly to legislative and educative measures. The average rate for the last 5 years was 41 per 1,000 births, and the rate for the year 1926 was slightly under 40.

History.

New Zealand was discovered in 1642 by the Dutch navigator, Tasman, who, however, did not land upon its shores. In 1769 it was visited by Captain Cook, who in that year, and during subsequent voyages, explored its coasts. The country subsequently became a resort for whalers and traders, chiefly from Australia, as well as a field for the labours of the Missionary Societies from 1814. In 1840 the native chiefs ceded the sovereignty of New Zealand to the British Crown by the Treaty of Waitangi, concluded by the British Consul, Captain Hobson, and the islands became a British colony.

The aborigines, called Maoris, are a remarkable people—a branch of the Polynesian race. According to their own traditions, their forefathers came about 600 years, or twenty generations ago, from Hawaiki, which was probably Hawaii in the Sandwich Islands, or Savai'i, in the Navigator, or Samoa, group. They are divided into about twenty different clans, analogous to those of the Highlands of Scotland. There have been two Maori wars; the first lasted from 1845 until 1848; the second lasted from 1860, with little intermission, until 1870. But fully half the clans have always been friendly to the English; and many of them fought on the side of the Colonial Government against their own countrymen. Permanent tranquillity was established in 1871 throughout the country. An agitation amongst certain tribes in 1881, which threatened for a time to create a disturbance, was promptly quelled by the Colonial Government. At the census taken in 1926, the Maoris (including half-castes) amounted to 63,670, almost all of whom dwelt in the North

Island. Contrary to the results found in other civilised countries the Maoris in New Zealand are steadily increasing.

Constitution.

The country was at first a dependency of New South Wales, but was separated by Letters Patent in 1842. Its settlement was largely effected by the New Zealand Company, with a royal charter, which was surrendered in 1850.

Down to 1847 the Executive and Legislative Councils were both nominated by the Governor, and a constitutional form of Government was established by the Imperial Statute 15 & 16 Vict., cap. 72. By that Act New Zealand was divided into six provinces, afterwards increased to ten, but subsequently reduced to nine—viz., Auckland, Taranaki, Wellington, Nelson, Canterbury, Otago, Hawke's Bay, Westland, and Marlborough—each governed by a Superintendent and Provincial Council, elected by the inhabitants under a franchise which practically amounted to household suffrage.

By an Act of the General Assembly, 39 Vict., No. XXI., passed in 1876, the provincial system of government was abolished. The powers previously exercised by superintendents and provincial officers were now exercised by the Governor or by local boards. The provincial system being abolished, provision was made for the division of the Dominion into counties and boroughs, and the necessary machinery for their self-government was provided.

A Central Legislature, called the General Assembly was also established by the Imperial Statute of 1852, consisting of the Governor (now Governor-General), a Legislative Council, and House of Representatives. The Governor-General is assisted by an Executive Council, composed of the Responsible Ministers of the Dominion for the time being, according to the usual practice of Parliamentary Government. The Legislative Councilors are appointed by the Governor-General, and up to 1891 held their seats for life. Under the Act passed in that year, future appointments were made tenable for seven years only. Provision was made by legislation some years ago for an elective Legislative Council to consist of 40 European members and not more than 3 Maori members, the latter to be appointed by the Governor-General but the Act has not yet been brought into operation. The members of the House of Representatives are chosen by electors possessing a liberal franchise. Every elector, male or female, is qualified to become a member (the Women's Parliamentary Rights Act, passed in 1919, gives women the right to be elected to either house). The House of Representatives now consists of 80, including 4 Maori members, elected by the natives. The session is usually from June to October.

Payment of Members of the Legislative Council is at the rate of 315*l.* a year, payable monthly.

Members of the House of Representatives receive 450*l.* per annum.

The Electoral Act, 1893, extended to women (of both races) the right to register as electors, and to vote at the elections for members of the House of Representatives.

The franchise for European representation is as follows:—Every adult person, other than aliens, lunatics, and certain criminal offenders, if resident one year in the Dominion and three months in an electoral district, is required to be registered as an elector.

The property qualification was abolished by "The Electoral Act Amendment Act, 1896," and residence alone now entitles a man or woman to have his or her name placed upon an electoral roll. Compulsory enrolment of electors was introduced in 1924.

For Maori representation every adult Maori resident in the district can vote, and no registration is required. There are four Maori electoral districts.

For local bodies the qualification is a property or residential one. Women can vote and are eligible for election as well as men.

The control of native affairs, and the entire responsibility of dealing with questions of native government were transferred in 1863 from the British to the New Zealand Government. In 1865 the seat of Government was removed from Auckland to Wellington, on account of the central position of the latter city.

Local Government.

For the purposes of local government the Dominion is divided into 119 municipalities and 129 counties; the latter being subdivided into 35 road districts and 69 town districts, besides River, Drainage, Water Supply, Local Railway, Harbour, Electric Power, Fire, and Rabbit Districts, a special Tramway District, and a Gas-lighting District. For the year ended 31st March, 1926, the total receipts of the above local authorities amounted to 20,879,268*l.* and their expenditure to 20,915,645*l.* Their outstanding loans at the same date amounted to 51,726,897*l.* (net 46,029,549*l.*), exclusive of 5,453,240*l.* (net) outstanding in loans from the New Zealand Government State Advances Office, and also of 2,239,617*l.* (net, 1,067,009*l.*), inscribed by the Treasury under the now-repealed Local Bodies' Loans Acts and outstanding at 1st Feb., 1926. A class of local district not included in the statistical returns for which the above statistics are compiled consists of the Hospital Districts. The income of Hospital Boards for the year ended 31st March, 1926, was 1,770,397*l.* and the expenditure 1,687,629*l.*

Education.

A Government system of primary education was established in 1877. The central administration is vested in a Minister of Education, and the local control is in the hands of nine Education Boards, and of School Committees with functions subordinate to those of the Boards. Number of primary schools (called "public schools"), 2,601; scholars on roll, 216,807. Primary education is free, secular, and compulsory. There are also 6 junior High schools in operation, with a total enrolment of 1,887 pupils. In addition for native (Maori) education there are 130 village schools maintained by the Government and under the control of the Minister, eight Native mission schools, and twelve denominational boarding schools. Scholars on roll of village schools, 6,591 (including 835 Europeans); on the roll of mission schools, 364; and on roll of boarding schools, 570 of whom 145 hold Government free places. Net cost of native school education in 1926-27 was 80,709*l.* In the Chatham Islands three schools are maintained, and there are nine schools, under the control of the Cook Islands Administration, in the Cook Islands (including Niue). During the year 1926, 301 private primary schools with a roll number of 26,778 were registered under the Education Act. A School Journal providing suitable reading

matter is provided by the Department and issued free to all children in Government schools. A comprehensive system of physical education and schemes of dental and medical inspection are in operation in the primary schools, the latter now being under the control of the Department of Health. Four training colleges make provision for the training of teachers, the total number in attendance during 1926 being 1,198. There is also provision for training classes at smaller centres. The number of adult primary school teachers in 1926 was 6,183, and the number of probationers 700. The total expenditure by the Government under the head of primary education was for 1926-27, 2,505,675*l*. There is a system of superannuation for teachers giving an annuity of one-sixtieth of the average of the final three years' salary for each year of service.

Secondary education is provided at secondary schools, district high schools, technical high schools and technical day schools, the numbers of operative schools under each heading in 1926 being 41, 77, 14, and 8 respectively, with a total roll number as follows:—Secondary schools, 13,651; district high schools (secondary departments), 3,162; technical high schools, 5,700, and technical day schools, 1,096. In addition 35 private secondary schools were registered under the Education Act, the roll number being 2,794. In scholarships and free places at secondary schools, district high schools, technical high schools, technical day schools and junior high schools, 22,241 pupils received free secondary education. Provision is made for manual instruction in both primary and secondary schools, cookery, dressmaking, woodwork, elementary agriculture, dairy-work, and the various branches of elementary science being included in the subjects taken. Instruction of a technical or vocational character is provided at a large number of technical schools and classes, besides the technical high schools and technical day schools mentioned above, the courses of instruction followed being commercial and general, industrial, domestic, agriculture, and art. The total number of students attending such classes in 1926 was 12,681, of whom 5,157 received free education.

For higher education there are four endowed colleges affiliated to the University of New Zealand, and each specializes in one or more directions. At Dunedin the special subjects are mining, medicine, dental, veterinary, and domestic science; at Christchurch, engineering and technical science; at Wellington, law and science; at Auckland, commerce, engineering, and mining. There is an agricultural college at Lincoln possessing a large endowment and an experimental farm of a very complete character. Another agricultural college connected with the New Zealand University is being established at Palmerston North. The number of students on the books of the University Colleges was, in 1926, 4,653, of which number 1,750 or 38 per cent. were receiving free education. The total expenditure by the Government on university education in 1926-27 was 219,211*l*.

The Child Welfare Act, 1925, provides for the creation of a special branch of the Education Department known as the Child Welfare Branch. The Act is designed to make better provision with respect to the maintenance, care, and control of children who are specially under the protection of the State, and to provide generally for the protection and training of indigent, neglected, or delinquent children.

An important section of the Act provides for the establishment of Children's Courts, to be presided over by Stipendiary Magistrates or Justices specially authorized to exercise jurisdiction in these courts. Provision is made for the appointment of honorary associates of either sex, whose function it will be to consider all the facts concerning children brought before the Courts and to advise the presiding Magistrate or Justice as to what action should be taken. The appointment of Child Welfare Officers for the investigation of all cases coming before the Courts has also been provided for.

The Act gives very wide discretionary powers to the Magistrates of these special Courts in dealing with children. The ordinary procedure of requiring the child to plead, of taking evidence on oath, and, in fact, of hearing the particular charge may be dispensed with altogether. Wherever practicable the Children's Court is to be held in premises apart from the ordinary Police Court, and no newspaper is permitted to publish either the names of children appearing before these Courts or any particulars that are likely to identify the child.

Another important provision contained in the Act authorises the Children's Court to exercise jurisdiction over any young person under eighteen years of age charged with any offence. Such cases would be referred by a Stipendiary Magistrate or Judge of the Supreme Court.

In order to provide for the greater protection of infants of unmarried mothers and for the assistance and guidance of the mothers themselves, there is provision for Child Welfare Officers, on being notified of such births, to investigate each case and to render such assistance as is required, either in placing the child in a suitable foster-home or in advising the mother in the matter of affiliation proceedings, or in assisting her in obtaining employment, etc.

In addition to the work in connection with the maintenance and education of destitute, neglected, and delinquent children committed by the Courts, the Child Welfare Branch (1) supervises all infants and young children under the age of six years who are living apart from their parents; (2) makes inquiry through its field officers, for the information of Magistrates, of all applications for the adoption of children and for widows pensions; (3) supervises all children and young persons placed under the field officers by order of the Court; and (4) provides for the maintenance, education, and training of all afflicted children who are deaf, blind, feeble-minded or have speech-defects.

The total number of children under the supervision of the State in 1926-27 was 5,592, classed under the following headings:—

Boarded out, industrial schools,	
receiving-homes &c.	3,908
Juvenile probation	412
Infant-life protection	878
Deaf Children	121
Feeble-minded children	273

The expenditure in 1926-27 in connection by the Child Welfare Branch was 128,972*l*.

For the financial year 1926-27 the total cost to the Education Department of the services mentioned above was 3,910,241*l*.

Population.

The population of New Zealand on 20th April, 1926, was found by the census to be 1,344,469 persons, excluding the Maoris, who numbered

63,670, Cook and other Pacific Islands (13,877), Western Samoa (40,229) and Tokelau Islands (1,033). The estimated population of New Zealand proper (including Maoris), on 30th June, 1927, was 1,437,167.

The population of the four principal urban areas on the 2nd April, 1911; 15th October, 1916, 17th April, 1921; and 20th April, 1926, was as follows:—

	1911.		1916.†	
	City.	City and Suburbs.	City.	Urban Area.
Auckland . . .	40,536	102,676	64,951	133,712
Christchurch . .	53,116	80,193	54,925	92,733
Dunedin . . .	41,529	64,237	55,256	68,716
Wellington . . .	64,372	70,729	73,305	95,235

	1921.†		1926.†	
	City.	Urban Area.	City.	Urban Area.
Auckland . . .	81,712	157,757	88,429	193,385
Christchurch . .	67,291	105,670	83,266	118,644
Dunedin . . .	58,074	72,255	67,625	85,197
Wellington . . .	88,920	107,488	98,893	121,961

Industry.

All the productions of the temperate climates of Europe and Asia can be cultivated with great success in New Zealand. There are extensive coal mines and rich gold fields. The gold entered for exportation from the Dominion up to 31st December, 1926, was valued at 92,403,399*l*. The wool exported in 1926 amounted to 213,154,399 lbs., valued at 11,830,190*l*. In 1856 it amounted to 2,569,618 lbs., valued at 146,070*l*. The trade in frozen meat, which began in 1882 with an export of 15,244 cwt., valued at 19,339*l*., had developed an export for 1889 of 656,822 cwt., valued at 783,374*l*., in 1898, 1,551,773 cwt., valued at 1,698,750*l*., in 1913, 2,578,693 cwt., valued at 4,449,933*l*., in 1925, 3,414,205 cwt., valued at 11,174,567*l*., and in 1926, 3,034,356 cwt., valued at 8,656,213*l*. The live stock in New Zealand, as returned in 1927 (preliminary figures) was: horses, 302,088 against 99,859 in 1874; cattle, 3,241,630 against 494,917 in 1874; sheep, 25,649,016 against 11,704,853 in 1874. The total area of occupied holdings over one acre in extent in 1926 was 43,606,829 acres; in 1927, 213,134 acres were in wheat (for threshing only), having a total yield of 7,668,591 bushels. Of the area under oats for all purposes 115,426 acres were threshed, giving a total yield of 4,912,072 bushels.

Auckland, Dunedin, Invercargill, Lyttelton, Napier, Nelson, Wellington, and Timaru are ports of registry, and had, on 31st Dec., 1926, 568 vessels registered, of 117,337 (net) tons in the aggregate. Many of the larger vessels formerly on the register were transferred to the London register to take advantage of the Imperial War rates.

The imports consist chiefly of textiles, hardware and machinery, sugar, tea, tobacco, alcohol, books, stationery, motor vehicles and accessories, drugs and chemicals, and oils; and they are obtained almost entirely from the United Kingdom, Australia, the United States, Canada, Ceylon, Japan, and Pacific islands.

Banking and Currency.

The following banks have branches, two are New Zealand Institutions, in the Dominion:—Bank of New Zealand, National Bank of New

Zealand (Limited), Union Bank of Australia (Limited), Bank of New South Wales, Bank of Australasia, and Commercial Bank of Australia (Limited). The total amount of their deposits in New Zealand for the year 1926 (average of four quarters), was 50,135,114*l*., and of their note circulation 6,730,421*l*. There is also a Post Office Savings Bank established in the Dominion, having on 31st March, 1927, 875 branches; the amount deposited therein at that date was 48,985,502*l*. The private savings banks number five, and the total amount to credit of depositors at March 31st, 1927, was 7,008,110*l*.

The currency and legal tender is exclusively British sterling, but the issues of the six banks carrying on in the Dominion have been declared legal tender until 10th January, 1928.

Government Life Insurance Department.

This department commenced to transact business in March, 1870. It is under the management of the Government Insurance Commissioner, and is conducted almost exactly on the same principles as those generally adopted by private mutual life offices.

It has canvassing agents, and pays its own expenses including postage and taxes.

The premiums originally adopted by the Department were extremely low, and were not framed to provide bonuses. Even with these small premiums, however, the methods of management, assisted by the low mortality of New Zealand, produced surpluses from the beginning. It was, however, quickly realized that it would be necessary to provide substantial bonuses to policyholders in order to enable the Department to compete successfully with the private offices. The rates of premium were therefore raised, but although higher than formerly, these rates are on the whole considerably lower than those charged by the private offices transacting business in the Dominion. Besides its low premiums the Department makes a feature of its liberal and sympathetic administration.

Profits belong absolutely and entirely to the policyholders themselves and are distributed triennially in the form of compound reversionary bonuses. The basis employed in the actuarial valuation—the most stringent in use by Australasian Offices, namely, the O.M. (British Offices) Tables with interest at 3 %—indicates the strength of the Department and when taken in conjunction with the fact that the rate of interest earned on the funds is over 5½ % constitutes the best possible augury of future bonus prospects. The figures for the last ten years in respect of new business, premium income, funds, and total business in force are as follows:—

Year.	New Business.	Premium Income.	Funds at end of year.	Business in Force.
	£	£	£	£
1917	784,600	383,727	5,199,320	14,188,774
1918	1,262,538	399,672	5,191,745	14,770,543
1919	1,617,795	411,307	5,354,904	15,546,744
1920	1,659,660	435,816	5,542,552	16,259,310
1921	1,631,250	460,302	5,726,356	17,279,734
1922	1,686,609	473,141	5,922,825	17,449,101
1923	1,581,722	489,171	6,222,485	17,906,612
1924	1,718,842	511,380	6,448,658	18,887,164
1925	1,910,013	537,574	6,731,118	19,593,329
1926	1,883,705	566,440	7,029,584	20,218,404

It will be seen from these figures that the Department would in point of the magnitude of its operations take high rank even among the Insurance Companies of England.

† In each case the Urban Areas include a greater area than the former "City and Suburbs." These figures are therefore to that extent incomparable with those for the 1911 and previous censuses.

*State Fire and Accident Insurance.**Fire Branch.*

In the year 1903 was passed an Act "to establish a State Fire Insurance Office and to make other provisions for the insurance and protection of insurable property, in New Zealand against loss or damage by fire."

The statute provided for the establishment of an office to be administered by a General Manager appointed by the Governor-General, and for the necessary staff.

Provision is made for the constitution of a Board, to consist of the Minister of Finance, the General Manager and three other persons appointed by the Governor-General, of whom at least one shall be an officer of the Public Service. The appointed members hold office for two years with eligibility for re-appointment.

The Department opened for business with branches and agencies throughout the Dominion in January, 1905. The opening of the office resulted in a reduction in the rates then current of 33½ per cent. on dwellings and the less hazardous risks, and of 10 per cent. on all others.

Under an Amending Act passed in 1922, the Board is authorised to declare rebates to insured persons out of surplus profits and the first rebate of 15 % was declared for a period of 12 months from 8th August, 1923. As from 1st August, 1924, the rebate was reduced to 10 %, and the operation of this rebate was extended to 31st December, 1925, in order that the period of future rebates might run concurrently with the financial year which ends on 31st December. A rebate of 12½ per cent. has been in operation since 1st January, 1926.

The amount granted in rebates up to 31st December, 1926, is estimated at 74,902½, and as the Associated Companies adopted the same system of rebates as the State Office the total saving to the public is estimated at 644,406½. to the end of 1925.

The total accumulated profit made to the end of December, 1926, was 489,634½, and the net income and net losses for each of the ten years to that date have been as follows:—

	Net Income, less Re-Insurances.	Net Losses.
	£	£
1917	91,381	27,302
1918	99,459	29,872
1919	110,565	23,211
1920	135,670	21,182
1921	150,073	38,126
1922	156,476	46,091
1923	169,249	46,178
1924	190,300	60,817
1925	207,418	56,997
1926	233,545	79,062

Accident Branch.

The Government Accident Branch attached since January 1st, 1925, to the State Fire Insurance Office, was opened in 1901, for the purpose of transacting Personal Accident Insurance and Employers' Liability Insurance. General accident business is undertaken, but the branch was opened more especially with a view to relieve employers of labour of the liability imposed upon them by "The Workers' Compensation for Accidents Act, 1900." This Act greatly extended

the liability of employers, and gave to a workman the right of compensation for all injuries arising out of, and in the course of, his employment, not attributable to his own serious and wilful misconduct.

This liability has been extended by subsequent Acts, the principal amendments being in 1908, 1920, 1922 and 1926.

The scale of compensation is as follows:—

- (a) Where death results from the injury and the workman leaves dependants wholly dependent upon his earnings, the compensation is two hundred and eight times his average weekly earnings, but not to be less than 300%, nor to exceed 1,000%.
- (b) If the dependants are only partially dependent upon the workman's earnings, the compensation is to be such sum as is reasonable and proportionate to the injury to such dependants, but not exceeding the amount payable under paragraph (a).
- (c) In either of the above cases the employer is also liable for medical and burial expenses not exceeding 50%, and an amount not exceeding this sum can be claimed where there are no dependants.
- (d) Where a workman is totally incapacitated for work, he is entitled to a weekly payment of 66⅔ % of his average weekly earnings. Persons employed otherwise than by way of manual labour, whose earnings exceed 400% a year, are excluded from the benefits of the Act and the maximum weekly payment is limited to 4%.
- (e) Where the workman is partially incapacitated only, the compensation is 66⅔ % of the loss of wages, with a maximum of 4% per week.
- (f) In addition to the compensation for incapacity medical or surgical expenses are allowed, not exceeding 1%.

Weekly payments are not to extend over a longer period than six years, and the aggregate amount is not to exceed 1,000%.

The Department's policies cover the full liability of an employer to his workmen under the Workers' Compensation Act, and also suitably protect him against liability under the Deaths by Accident Compensation Act, and the Common Law.

Policies protecting mortgagees from loss through the charge of an injured workman taking precedence of a mortgage are issued at premiums varying from 1s. per cent. of the mortgage for small mortgages to 6d. per cent. for large mortgages.

Personal accident policies are also issued securing amounts for accidental death and permanent total or partial disablement, and weekly allowances during temporary disablement whether caused by accident or sickness.

Under the Government Accident Insurance Amendment Act of 1924, the Department is authorised to underwrite all classes of Accident Insurance accepted by Accident Insurance Companies, and the office now accepts motor car comprehensive, plate glass and fidelity guarantee insurance.

The premium income and claims of the Accident Branch during the last ten years have been as follows:—

Year.	Premium Income.	Claims.
	£	£
Year ending 31st December, 1917	22,058	9,270
" " " 1918	21,630	10,830
" " " 1919	25,285	13,150
" " " 1920	29,852	14,975
" " " 1921	35,932	16,786
" " " 1922	33,348	20,330
" " " 1923	35,268	22,402
" " " 1924	39,614	24,764
" " " 1925	49,966	30,552
" " " 1926	58,340	33,854

Public Works.

All the more important public works of New Zealand are in the hands of the Government and other public bodies, comparatively few having been undertaken by companies. The initiation of public works in New Zealand is coeval with the founding of the Colony. In the early days they simply kept pace with the spread of settlement, but in 1870 a great impetus was given to the progress of the country by the inauguration of the "Public Works Policy," which provided for carrying out works in advance of settlement, and for immigration.

The first public works initiated were roads, many thousands of miles having been constructed in all directions. Some of the main roads through sparsely settled districts were made, and are still maintained by the Government, but the ordinary main roads are under the control of the counties, and the district roads under road boards. All the larger rivers on the main roads in both islands are bridged.

At the end of the last financial year, 31st March, 1927, there were 3,164 miles of Government and 116 miles of private railways in operation in New Zealand, and 261 miles of Government railway under construction. The construction of new lines and the extension of existing ones has proceeded steadily in recent years.

The expenditure on the 3,164 miles of opened Government railways has been 49,183,916*l.*, or an average of 15,545*l.* a mile. This includes all charges connected with the construction and equipment of the lines.

The operating revenue from the Government railways for the year 1926-1927 was 7,423,472*l.*, and the operating expenses 6,158,283*l.* The gauge throughout is 3ft. 6in.

Of telegraph and inter-urban telephone circuits there are 13,158 miles of pole line and 61,732 miles of wire. There are 347 Morse telegraph offices, 1,831 telephone offices, and 342 telephone exchanges, the latter having 132,089 connections with 11,912 miles of line and 440,253 miles of wire. 435 coin-in-the-slot telephones are in use.

There are now 22 automatic exchanges in operation and 5 in course of installation at places where the existing magneto systems cannot be economically extended. Extensions to telegraph, toll and telephone exchange systems are being proceeded with in all parts of the Dominion to meet the increasing demands for telegraph and telephone facilities. There are eight submarine cables, connecting the two islands of New Zealand; two Wellington-Sydney, one Auckland-Sydney, and one Auckland-Brisbane, *via* Norfolk Island, connecting the Dominion with Australia, and one connecting Auckland with Suva.

The Pacific cable, which was opened for traffic to Australia and Fiji in April, 1902, was completed to Bamfield, Vancouver Island, on the

31st October following, and opened for international traffic on the 8th December, 1902. The laying of the Auckland-Suva cable was completed on the 25th August, 1923. The duplicated cable between Suva (Fiji) and Bamfield (British Columbia) was opened for traffic on November 22nd, 1926.

On the opening of the Pacific cable for through traffic the ordinary rate to Great Britain was 3*s.* per word, Government messages 1*s.* 6*d.*, and Press 1*s.* per word. On the 1st April, 1915, these rates were reduced to 2*s.* 8*d.* per word for ordinary messages, and 1*s.* 4*d.* per word for Government messages, and on the 1st December, 1924, were further reduced to 2*s.* 3*d.*, and 1*s.* 2*d.*, per word, respectively. From the 1st February, 1927, the rate to Great Britain and Ireland was reduced to 1*s.* 11*d.* per word ordinary rate and 1*s.* per word for Government messages.

In 1909, the charge for Press messages was reduced to 9*d.* per word, and in 1912, to 7*d.* per word. A further reduction in the Press rate, to 6*d.* per word, was made in 1925. In 1911, a deferred Press rate of 4*d.* per word was instituted.

A system of deferred ordinary telegrams, *i.e.*, telegrams subject to a delay of twenty-four hours, was introduced in 1912, these messages being accepted at one-half the ordinary rate.

Two other classes of cheap cable messages known respectively as Daily Letter Telegrams (which are subject to 48 hours delay during transmission) and Week-End Letter Telegrams are exchanged with the United Kingdom and Canada. The rates are as follows:—

Daily Letter Telegrams.

	Per Word.	Min. Charge.
United Kingdom	.. 8 <i>d.</i>	.. 13 <i>s.</i> 4 <i>d.</i>
Canada .. ..	.. 6 <i>d.</i>	.. 10 <i>s.</i> 0 <i>d.</i>

Week-End Telegrams.

	Per Word.	Min. Charge.
United Kingdom	.. 7 <i>d.</i>	.. 11 <i>s.</i> 8 <i>d.</i>
Canada .. ..	.. 5 <i>d.</i>	.. 8 <i>s.</i> 9 <i>d.</i>

The average number of messages transmitted to and from New Zealand prior to the opening of the Pacific cable was about 425 per day. The present average is 2,000 a day by both routes.

In the year ending 31st March, 1926, excluding the value of service messages, the telegraph revenue was 1,824,387*l.* (including telephone exchange and other telegraph receipts); number of messages 16,372,226 (of which number 16,316,436 were private or press messages). The minimum rate on ordinary telegrams is 9*d.* for 12 words; additional words 1*d.* each. Letter-telegrams (inland), for delivery by post on the morning of the day following lodgment, are accepted at the rate of 9*d.* for the first 27 words and 1*d.* for each additional 3 words.

There are nineteen radio coast stations in and around New Zealand, which are under the control of the New Zealand Government, namely: Awanui, Auckland, Wellington, Awarua, on the mainland and in addition Chatham Islands, Kawau Island and Stephens Island on the Islands of those names off the coast of New Zealand, Puysegur Point (at the entrance to Preservation Inlet), Atiu, Aitutaki, Mangaia and Rarotonga, in the Cook Group; Apia, Aleipata, Fagamalo Salailua, and Tuasivi, in Western Samoa; Fakaofu, in the Tokelau or Union Group; and Niue Island. Of these, all but Awanui, Awarua and Apia are low power stations; and all but Atiu and Niue Island, which are radio-telephone stations, are radio-telegraph stations. The small stations at

Aitutaki, Aleipata, Atiu, Fagamalo, Fakaofo, Salailua, Tuaeivi, Kawanu Island, Mangaia, Niue Island, Puysegur Point and Stephens Island engage exclusively in point-to-point communication. By means of the Wellington and Apia stations communication is maintained between New Zealand and the Pacific Islands.

In addition there are 66 wireless ship-stations registered in New Zealand.

Tramways have been established in most of the principal towns in New Zealand.

Auckland, Dunedin, Christchurch, Wellington, New Plymouth, Invercargill, Napier and Wanganui have electric tramway systems on the overhead principle, while a system in Gisborne is worked with storage battery cars. In Wellington and Dunedin there are cable tramways connecting with the higher levels. In Wanganui the higher levels of Campbelltown are reached by means of an elevator. In Christchurch, in addition to electricity, some casual traffic is operated by means of steam tramway locomotives.

The total expenditure by the central Government on the construction of roads and bridges from the inauguration of the Public Works policy in 1870, till the end of March, 1926, amounted to 16,368,870*l.*, including expenditure by the Main Highways Board.

The Government has also expended 677,408*l.* on the construction of reservoirs, water-races, and sludge-channels, and 882,975*l.* in aiding works on mineral lands, etc.,

All the cities and principal towns are supplied with water at the cost of the corporations.

All the principal towns in the Dominion have gasworks, some of them belonging to private companies, but the majority to the corporations. The native coal from Greymouth is stated to be one of the best in the world for making gas.

The electrical supply in the Dominion is now largely in the hands of electric power boards. Until 1915, when the Government schemes at Lake Coleridge commenced supply, the distribution of the power was carried out by local authorities and companies operating various power stations, subject to licenses issued under the Public Works Amendment Act, 1911. On the Government entering into the business of generating electricity it was found desirable to delegate the responsibility for the distribution to the local authorities. The smaller local authorities had only a few hundred consumers each, and with annual revenue ranging from 1,000*l.* to 4,500*l.* each were found too small to take a comprehensive grasp of the commercial problems involved. The Electric Power Board Act of 1918 set up a new local authority especially charged with the responsibility of electric power supply and its retail distribution. The areas to be constituted are determined by petition, which must be signed by at least 25 per cent. of the ratepayers in the proposed district. The Board is elected by the ratepayers of the various constituent areas of the district, and has full powers of borrowing for the construction of works and rating to make up any deficiency in the revenue. The areas of the power districts are intended to be large, and to include several constituent local districts, boroughs or counties. The Boards have wide powers to purchase energy from the Government when available, or to develop it from water power or any other source where such a supply is not available. Up to March, 1927, forty-three Boards had been gazetted covering an area equal to 62½ per cent of the total area of the Dominion and

containing 64 per cent of the total population of the Dominion. The unimproved value of the land included in the above area equals 79 per cent of the total unimproved value of the Dominion. Thirty-six Boards have so far taken their loan polls, and have received authority from their ratepayers to borrow a total of 11,067,115*l.* Twenty-two Boards are distributing power purchased in bulk from the Government hydro-electric plants at Hora Hora, Mangahao or Lake Coleridge. One Board has taken over a large city steam power-house, and is extending both the generating plant and the mains. It has also agreed to take the whole of its power from the Government when the Arapuni plant is completed in 1929. Six Boards have their own power stations in operation and two others are constructing water power plants. Eight others are constructing distribution lines and will purchase power from the Government Stations. Three others have arranged to purchase power in bulk from other authorities. Including the Government stations, there are 35 water power plants, 5 gas power plants, 5 steam power plants and 3 oil power plants making a total of 48 plants with a total installed capacity of 138,915 kilowatts. The total population included in the various areas of electric power supply is 90 per cent of the total population of the Dominion. The maximum demand per head of population in the areas supplied is 0.085 kilowatts and the units sold per head of population supplied were 310. The total length of distribution lines, mostly overhead, is 14,975 route-miles. Out of the 101 distributing authorities 71 showed a profit, for the year ended 31st March, 1926, amounting to 276,426*l.*, and 28 showed a loss amounting to 91,667*l.* making a nett profit for the whole Dominion of 184,759*l.*

The Dominion is particularly well supplied with available water power, the total available in sources of 1,000 h.p. or over is about 770,000 h.p. in the North Island and 4,100,000 h.p. in the South Island. Of the total of the installed capacity in the power stations of the Dominion, 103,288 kilowatts, or 74.53 per cent, is driven by water power, and the proportion is increasing each year. The Government have three hydro-electric plants in operation and two under construction. Those in operation are Lake Coleridge 27,000 kilowatts, Hora Hora 13,000 kilowatts and Mangahao 24,000 kilowatts. The schemes under construction are Arapuni 45,000 kilowatts, (ultimately 120,000 kilowatts) and Waikaremoana 30,000 kilowatts capable of extension to 97,500 kilowatts. Current is transmitted from Lake Coleridge at 66,000 volts, Hora Hora at 50,000 volts and Mangahao 110,000 volts. In order to carry out the construction of the Government schemes, the following authorizations have been passed by Parliament:—

Aid to Water Power Act, 1910.

Lake Coleridge and other Works .. £500,000

Electric Power Works Loan, 1919.

Arapuni Electric Power Works	.. £4,500,000
Mangahao Electric Power Works	.. 1,600,000
Extensions to Lake Coleridge electric power works	.. 267,500
Hora Hora Electric Power Works purchase	.. 212,500
Extensions to Hora Hora Electric Power Works	.. 200,000
Waikaremoana Scheme Surveys	.. 30,000
Otago Scheme Surveys	.. 30,000

Finance Act, 1920.

Waikaremoana Electric Power Works	£2,600,000
Kaituna River Electric Power Works	150,000
Extensions to Lake Coleridge	720,000
Other Surveys	30,000

The total capital outlay on all plants in the Dominion in operation at March 31st, 1926, was 16,516,684*l.*, the units were 264,994,867, and the number of consumers 137,527.

The coasts of the Dominion are well marked with lighthouses and beacons, and all the ports are provided with wharves and jetties in proportion to the trade. Important works to afford shelter and increase the depth of water have been executed or are in course of construction at Thames, Gisborne, Wairoa, Napier, Wanganui, Patea, New Plymouth, Opunake, Waitara, Nelson, Westport, Greymouth, Hokitika, Wairau, Lyttelton, Timaru, Oamaru, and Dunedin. There are graving docks at Port Chalmers, Lyttelton, and Auckland. At Wellington there is a patent slip capable of taking up a two thousand ton ship.

Road and railway formation works are carried out under contracts and by the co-operative system, under which the Government provides all materials and lets the work of construction to parties of labourers and artisans at rates fixed by Government officers on the ground. These rates are calculated so that an average workman will be able to earn the current rate of wages ruling in his trade in the district where the work is situated. The ruling rates of wages are from 16*s.* to 18*s.* per day for artisans, and from 13*s.* to 14*s.* for labourers. Eight hours constitutes a working day. Buildings and large bridges are built by contract, but after inviting tenders through the press.

Mail Communication.

There is regular mail communication with England and Europe and with Australian ports, the South Sea Islands, United States and Canada.

Postage Rates.

The postage on letters inland is 1*d.* for the first ounce or fraction thereof, and 3*d.* for each additional ounce or fraction thereof, and to such places as accept matter at the reduced rate, 1*d.* for the first ounce or fraction thereof, and 1*d.* for each additional ounce or fraction thereof. The reduced rate applies in any case to British possessions, and to a number of foreign countries. The letter postage to other places beyond New Zealand is 2*d.* for the first ounce, and 1*d.* for each succeeding ounce, or fraction thereof. The inland rate for newspapers is 3*d.* each. The minimum rate for newspapers printed and published in New Zealand, for the United Kingdom, is 1*d.* for each newspaper, irrespective of weight, but subject to certain conditions as to despatch. The ordinary rate for Australia and New Guinea (except Dutch New Guinea) and certain other British possessions is 1*d.* for each newspaper. The rate for newspapers for other places, and for newspapers not printed and published in New Zealand addressed to the United Kingdom, is for each newspaper:—4*d.* for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof. The inland parcel post rates are:—6*d.* for the first lb. and 2*d.* for each additional lb. up to 10 lbs., and 1*d.* for each additional lb. up to 28 lbs. The postage rates applicable to an 11 lb. parcel are charged on all parcels (except parcels containing fishing rods, golf clubs or similar articles) that weigh less than

11 lb. if such parcels exceeds 4 ft. length and girth combined. A fragile fee is charged on all inland parcels which the senders desire forwarded to destination in hampers, the fee being 9*d.* in cases where length and girth combined exceed 4 ft., and when parcels, not exceeding 1 in. in thickness, exceed 4 ft. in length and width combined. In all other cases the fee is 6*d.*

DEPENDENCIES OF NEW ZEALAND.*

COOK ISLANDS.

The Cook Islands were declared to be under British protection in October, 1888, by Captain Bourke, of H.M.S. "Hyaacinth," and Manuae, Te Au-o-Tu and Takutea (at that time known as the Hervey Group) by Commander Nicolls, of H.M.S. "Cormorant," in June, 1889. The latter name has fallen into disuse, all of the Islands collectively being known as the Cook Group.

Until 1901 British authority was represented by a Resident who was paid by the Government of New Zealand, and reported direct to the Governor of that Dominion. The first British Resident, Mr. F. J. Moss, who was appointed in 1890, succeeded in 1891 in arranging for the establishment of an Elective Federal Parliament to make laws for the whole group. Each island, however, continued to enjoy self-government in such purely local affairs as it could properly manage for itself. The Federal Executive Council or Government was composed of the Arikis, who are also the principal landowners. The chief of these, Queen Makea, Ariki of Avarua, was the nominal head of the Government. A Supreme Court was established, and a law was passed regulating the sale of intoxicants, and imposing a general *ad valorem* duty of 10 per cent. on imports. All laws and administrative acts were subject to the approval of the Resident, who was also a Deputy and Judicial Commissioner for the Western Pacific, and Chief Justice of the High Court of the Cook Islands.

The Islands became part of the Dominion of New Zealand from the 11th June, 1901. The administration and laws were continued in force subject to the provisions of the Cook Islands Government Act, passed in that year.

In 1915 an Act was passed by the New Zealand Parliament consolidating the laws relating to the Cook Islands and Niue Island, and providing for the appointment of a member of the Executive Council of New Zealand as the Minister for the Cook Islands, who is charged with the administration of the government of the Islands.

The Act also makes provision for the constitution of Island Councils; for the establishment of public schools, Courts of Justice, Native Land Court, etc.

The population of the Cook Islands on 20th April, 1926, was 13,876 (including Niue).

Minister for the Cook Islands, Hon. Sir Maui Pomare, K.B.E., C.M.G., M.P.

Secretary, Cook Islands Department, Wellington, J. D. Gray.

Resident Commissioner at Rarotonga, H. F. Ayson.

* A full account of these Dependencies will be found in the "New Zealand Official Year Book," to which the Editors desire to express their acknowledgments.

RAROTONGA.

Distant from Auckland, 1,638 miles; circumference, 20 miles; height, 2,100 ft.; area, 26 square miles; population, 3,936.

Rarotonga is the most fertile and valuable of the Cook group, and it has the largest population. The island has been exceptionally favoured by nature, not only with delightful scenic attractions, but also with a remarkably rich and productive soil.

The aborigines are very closely akin to the Maoris of New Zealand.

The seat and centre of the government of the Cook Islands—the double township of Avarua and Avatiu—is situated on the north or lee side of the island of Rarotonga, opposite two small openings in the coral reef. The former has the advantage of a boat harbour, where small craft can be moored in safety when the wind is not blowing in from the sea. The residence of the Commissioner is situated here.

New Zealand postal notes apply in the Cook Islands and a government money-order office is in operation. Wireless stations are established at Rarotonga, Aitutaki, Mangaia, Atiu and Niue, and further stations are to be installed as funds permit.

The total value of exports from the Cook Islands (excluding Niue) for 1926 was 138,588*l.*, and imports amounted to 134,473*l.* The principal items of export were fresh fruit, coconuts, copra and shell.

Revenue and expenditure of the Cook Islands (excluding Niue) for the year 1926-27: Revenue, 21,103*l.*; expenditure, 24,303*l.*

MANGAIA.

Distant from Rarotonga, 110 miles; circumference, 30 miles; height, 656 ft.; area, 30 square miles; population, 1,249.

A government wireless station is established here.

Mangaia is the most southerly island of the Cook group, and is second in importance to Rarotonga.

Coconuts, bananas, oranges, limes, citrons and other fruits grow plentifully.

Resident Agent, J. McGruther.

ATIU.

Distant from Rarotonga, 120 miles; circumference, 20 miles; height, 374 ft.; area, 22 square miles; population, 933.

A wireless station is erected at Atiu.

Atiu resembles Mangaia in formation, being a raised mass of coral with high jagged cliffs facing the sea.

On the highest point of the central ridge coconuts, bananas, oranges, and coffee grow with the utmost luxuriance; and the kumera, one of the most valuable of South Sea vegetables, yields large crops. The coconut-palm grows well everywhere, but especially so on the coral rock formation.

Resident Agent, W. H. Scott.

MAUKU.

Distant from Rarotonga, 151 miles; circumference, 10 miles; height, about 60 ft.; area, 5½ square miles; population, 511.

Mauke is a low circular island about two miles across, lying to the north-east of Rarotonga. Like Mangaia and Atiu, it is surrounded by an unbroken

fringing reef. It is marvellously fertile, and produce of considerable value and quantity is exported.

Resident Agent, J. Dyer.

MITIARO.

Distant from Rarotonga, 142 miles; circumference, 5 miles; height, about 50 ft.; area, 6 square miles; population, 238.

This island is a good instance of an elevated coral reef, thinly coated with sand and gravel of the same material. The surface is not more than six feet above high-water mark.

Resident Agent, Tou Ariki.

TAKUTEA.

Distant from Rarotonga, 120 miles; area, ½ square mile; population nil.

This island was presented to the Crown by the Ariki of Atiu to whom it belonged. It is a coral island, moderately fertile.

AITUTAKI.

Distance from Rarotonga, 140 miles; circumference, 1½ miles; height, 450 ft.; area, 7 square miles; population, 1,431.

The name includes the island anciently known as "Ara-ura," and some seven or eight smaller islands on the vast barrier reef. Some of these are volcanic, and would seem to have been small peaks on the lip of an extinct volcano, now submerged.

The island itself is pear-shaped, about four miles by two; its highest part being 450 feet high.

Copra is the chief production, and some of the best oranges and pineapples on the market are grown here.

The Aitutakians are naturally a hardy race, and industrious. They are said to be the best sailors in the Cook group. They make fans and mats, and are expert at plaiting various fibres for hatmaking.

A wireless station is erected on the island.

Resident Agent, E. C. Vellenoweth.

MANUAU AND TE AU-O-TU.

Distant from Rarotonga, 128 miles; area of Manua, 2½ square miles.

These two small islands are situated about midway between Atiu and Aitutaki, and are owned by the people of the latter place. Population, 23.

NIUE.

Distant from Auckland, 1,343 miles, and from Rarotonga, 590 miles; circumference, 40 miles; height, 200 ft.; area, 100 square miles; population, 3,795, census, 1926. Steamer connection from Auckland—about ten trips each year are made. In order to establish communication with New Zealand, and also with the remaining islands of the Cook group, a wireless station has been erected.

Niue, or Savage Island, was placed under a separate administration by an Amending Act of 1903. It is a long, low island, fringed with a misty cloud of fine spray. The shores being too deep and steep to support a barrier reef, the coastline is deprived of its protection. It is fertile, but fresh water is very scarce.

The orange, the coconut, the banana, and other tropical products grow well, and the lemon flourishes on the rocky shores. Experiments in cotton growing have been most successful and the product highly reported upon by the British Cotton Growing Association.

The natives of Niue are somewhat different in character from other Polynesians. They are very industrious. The girls and women plait hats, which are exported to New Zealand and Australia. They are keen traders, but are averse to strangers obtaining a foothold in the island itself.

The exports for 1926 amounted to 17,655*l.*, and the imports to 17,563*l.* The revenue for 1926-27 was 4,690*l.*, and the expenditure 5,718*l.* The principal exports were copra, 14,441*l.*; hats and baskets, 2,162*l.*; fungus, 403*l.*; bananas, 280*l.*

Resident Commissioner, A. A. Luckham.

PALMERSTON ATOLL.

Distant from Rarotonga, 277 miles; area, 1 square mile; population, 97.

The Palmerstons are situated upon an irregular ring of coral reef, measuring outside about four miles and a half by two miles and a half, just awash with the tide. The narrow ring is about half a mile in width, and it supports eight little islets, nearly all covered with coconut palms. The largest of these is little more than half a mile in length and about a quarter of a mile wide.

Copra is the only article of export.

Resident Agent, J. Marsters.

PENRHYN.

Distant 740 miles from Rarotonga; area, 3 square miles; population 396.

This atoll is known to the Polynesians as Tongareva or Ma-ngaro-ngaro and is valuable by reason of the existence of pearlshell beds in the extensive lagoon. The lagoon has now been proclaimed a reserve for public pearlshell fishing, and regulations controlling pearlshell diving have been made.

The coconut crop is considerable. Fresh water is very scarce, and large concrete tanks have been built by the Administration in the various villages for storage of rain water.

Resident Agent, W. Wilson.

SUWARROW.

Distant from Rarotonga, 525 miles; area, $\frac{1}{2}$ square mile. It is at present uninhabited.

Suwarrow is an atoll with a splendid lagoon, which produces a very good class of pearlshell. Part of the anchorage has been gazetted as a naval reserve. The remainder of the island is leased to A. B. Donald, Ltd., of Auckland and Rarotonga.

MANIHIKI AND BAKAHANGA.

Distant from Rarotonga, 650 and 670 miles respectively; area, each 2 square miles; population, Manihiki, 416; Rakahanga, 327.

Manihiki is nearly circular. Bêche-de-mer is obtained from the lagoon. The island occasionally suffers from drought and similar tanks to those at Penrhyn have been erected.

Rakahanga is also an atoll.

The former has until lately produced a limited amount of pearlshell, but about the end of 1900 it was found that the beds were exhausted. The Manihiki lagoon has now been proclaimed a reserve for public pearlshell fishing, and regulations controlling diving made as at Penrhyn.

The only industry is now that of copra-making.

Resident Agent, H. Williams.

PUKAPUKA, OR DANGER ISLAND.

Pukapuka is a small solitary atoll about three miles in diameter, which produces pearlshell. It is 720 miles from Rarotonga, and has an area of two square miles. The population is 526 persons.

Resident Agent, G. Henry.

NASSAU.

This small island has an area of about 360 acres, of which 300 acres are under cultivation with coconuts. It lies a few miles distant from Pukapuka. The plantation belongs to the Burns, Philp (South Sea) Coy., Ltd., of Sydney. There is no indigenous population. The present residents consist of labourers, introduced by the Company to work the plantation.

Education.

The control of education in the Cook Islands has, by the Cook Islands Act, 1915, been placed under the Minister for the Cook Islands. Four schools have been established in Rarotonga. Schools have also been established at Aitutaki, Mauke, Mitiaro, Pukapuka, Mangaia, and Atiu. The instruction given is similar to that of the New Zealand State Schools. Technical instruction is being made a special feature.

At Niue Island there are two schools conducted on the same lines.

Trade of Cook Islands.

Oranges, bananas, tomatoes, and copra are the chief exports and trade is developing satisfactorily. Tomatoes are sent to New Zealand in winter and spring.

The Wellington-San Francisco mail steamer makes 4-weekly calls (North and South bound) at Rarotonga, and during the fruit season (April to September) regular monthly visits are paid by cargo steamer from Auckland to Rarotonga, Aitutaki, Mangaia, Atiu, and Mauke.

FINANCE, SHIPPING AND TRADE OF NEW ZEALAND.

Year.	FINANCES.*		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917	20,206,222	15,120,288	2,667,954	2,787,658
1918	22,352,372	18,673,599	2,461,915	2,590,175
1919	26,081,340	23,781,924	2,825,736	2,986,139
1920	34,260,961	28,068,830	3,695,895	4,038,625
1921	28,127,007	28,466,838	3,631,080	3,884,577
1922	27,579,443	26,263,760	3,465,377	3,572,967
1923	27,960,370	26,148,005	4,037,492	4,172,381
1924	28,643,000	27,399,200	4,177,677	4,440,162
1925	24,725,762	23,570,083	3,953,731	4,261,933
1926	24,943,107	24,355,965	4,156,571	4,498,641

* For the financial year ending 31st March following. From 1925-26 railway revenue and expenditure are transferred to a separate account.

Year.	Imports.			Total.
	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	
1917	8,817,519	6,773,789	5,327,957	20,919,265
1918	8,977,725	6,288,073	6,968,209	24,234,007
1919	11,839,430	9,317,038	9,515,230	30,671,698
1920	29,806,416	16,908,439	14,790,973	61,595,828
1921	21,448,817	11,218,228	10,275,398	42,942,443
1922	19,416,476	8,577,865	7,018,220	35,012,561
1923	24,003,671	9,842,039	9,532,873	43,378,493
1924	24,904,178	13,169,642	10,453,783	48,527,603
1925	27,263,509	13,220,064	11,972,834	52,456,407
1926	24,331,410	11,637,642	13,920,511	49,889,563

EXPORTS.

Year.	Exports.			Total.
	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	
1917	26,023,396	2,635,002	2,929,149	31,587,547
1918	18,244,250	3,806,892	6,466,046	28,516,188
1919	44,312,048	3,750,655	5,907,372	53,970,075
1920	34,364,300	4,235,132	7,852,514	46,441,946
1921	33,716,593	3,133,760	2,978,474	44,828,827
1922	36,154,174	3,183,386	3,388,689	42,726,249
1923	37,324,605	4,056,314	4,587,246	45,967,165
1924	42,038,886	4,107,665	6,466,660	52,612,711
1925	44,073,323	3,519,309	7,689,640	55,262,272
1926	35,102,087	4,424,530	5,748,958	45,275,575

Gross Public Debt, 31st March, 1927, 245,800,889*l*.

Accrued Sinking Fund, 31st March, 1926, 2,443,540*l*. Net Public Debt, 243,407,349*l*. A scheme of systematic public debt repayment is in operation for that part of the debt for which sinking funds do not exist.

Customs Revenue in 1926-1927, 8,252,575*l*., not including Beer Duty, 621,813*l*., and tire-tax, paid into Main Highways Account, 142,475*l*.

Population.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Census, 1911	531,910	476,558	1,008,468
Maoris	26,475	23,369	49,844
Residents of Cook and other Pacific Islands (census, 1911)	6,449	6,149	12,598
Census, 1921	623,243	595,670	1,218,913
Maoris	27,908	24,843	52,751
Residents of Cook and other Pacific Islands (census, 1921)	6,692	6,517	13,209
Census, 1926	686,364	658,085	1,344,469
Maoris	33,258	30,412	63,670
Residents of Cook and other Pacific Islands (census, 1926)	7,047	6,830	13,877

The estimated population of New Zealand on 30th June, 1927 (exclusive of 64,380 Maoris and 14,178 residents of Cook and other Pacific Islands, of the Tokelau Islands 1,033, or of Western Samoa, 42,339), was 1,372,787 (males, 700,468; females, 672,319).

Governors of New Zealand.

1875	The Marquis of Normanby, P.C., G.C.M.G. (Governor from 9th January, 1875).
1879	Sir Hercules G. R. Robinson, G.C.M.G.
1880	Sir Arthur H. Gordon, G.C.M.G.
1883	Lieut.-Gen. Sir W. F. D. Jervois, G.C.M.G., C.B., R.E.
1889	The Earl of Onslow, G.C.M.G.
1892	The Earl of Glasgow, G.C.M.G.
1897	The Earl of Ranfurly, G.C.M.G.
1904	The Lord Plunket, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O.

† Excluding 513 natives absent at labour abroad.

‡ Half-castes living as Europeans were formerly counted as Europeans. All half-castes are now counted as Maoris.

Governor-Generals.

1910	The Lord Islington, P.C., K.C.M.G., D.S.O.
1912	The Earl of Liverpool, P.C., G.C.M.G., M.O.
1917	The Earl of Liverpool, P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.B.E., M.V.O.
1920	Admiral of the Fleet, Viscount Jellicoe of Scapa, G.C.B., O.M., G.C.V.O.
1924	General Sir Charles Fergusson, Bart., G.C.M.G., K.C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O., LL.D.

Ministries.

Premier.	Date of Assumption.
Henry Sewell	7th May, 1856.
William Fox	20th May, 1856.
Edward William Stafford	2nd June, 1856.
William Fox	12th July, 1861.
Alfred Domett	6th August, 1862.
Frederick Whitaker	30th October, 1863.
Frederick Aloysius Weld	24th November, 1864.
Edward William Stafford	16th October, 1865.
William Fox	28th June, 1869.
Hon. Edward William Stafford	10th September, 1872.
George Marsden Waterhouse	11th October, 1872.
Hon. William Fox	3rd March, 1873.
Hon. Julius Vogel, C.M.G.	8th April, 1873.
Hon. Daniel Pollen, M.L.C.	6th July, 1876.
Sir Julius Vogel, K.C.M.G.	15th September, 1876.
Harry Albert Atkinson	1st September, 1876.
Harry Albert Atkinson (re-construction)	13th September, 1876.
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.	15th October, 1877.
Hon. John Hall	8th October, 1879.
Frederick Whitaker, M.L.C.	21st April, 1882.
Harry Albert Atkinson	25th September, 1883.
Robert Stout	16th August, 1884.
Harry Albert Atkinson	28th August, 1884.
Sir Robert Stout, K.C.M.G.	3rd September, 1884.
Sir H. A. Atkinson, K.C.M.G.	8th October, 1887.
John Ballance	24th January, 1891.
Rt. Hon. R. J. Seddon, P.C.	1st May, 1893.
William Hall-Jones	21st June, 1906.
Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph George Ward, Bart., P.C., K.C.M.G.	6th August, 1906.
Thomas Mackenzie	28th March, 1912.
Rt. Hon. Wm. Ferguson Massey, P.C.	10th July, 1912.
Rt. Hon. Wm. Ferguson Massey, P.C. (National Ministry)	12th August, 1915.
Rt. Hon. Wm. Ferguson Massey, P.C.	25th August, 1910.
Hon. Sir Francis Henry Dillon Bell, G.C.M.G., K.C.	14th May, 1925.
Rt. Hon. Joseph Gordon Coates, P.C., M.C.	30th May, 1925.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(October, 1927.)

Speaker, Hon. Sir W. C. F. Carnarross, Kt., 720*l*.
Chairman of Committees, Hon. John Barr, 450*l*.

Members.

Name.	Provincial District.	Date of Appointment.
Alison, E. W.	Auckland ..	7 May, 1925.
Allen, Col. Sir J., G.C.M.G., K.C.B.	Otago	1 June, 1927.
Barr, J.	Canterbury ..	22 Jan., 1921.
Bell, Rt. Hon. Sir F.H. D., P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.	Wellington ...	21 May, 1926.
Carnarross, Sir W. C. F., Kt.	Taranaki ...	1 Mar., 1924.
Carrington, C. J.	Auckland ...	1 June, 1926.
Clark, E. H.	Otago	25 June, 1927.
Cohen, M.	Otago	25 June, 1927.
Collins, Col. W. E., C.M.G.	Wellington ...	14 July, 1921.
Craigie, J.	Canterbury ..	1 June, 1921.

Name.	Provincial District.	Date of Appointment.
Earnshaw, W.	Wellington ...	25 June, 1927.
Fleming, D. T.	Otago... ..	7 May, 1925.
Garland, G. J.	Auckland ...	7 May, 1925.
Gow, J. B.	Auckland ...	7 May, 1925.
Hall-Jones, Hon. Sir W., K.C.M.G.	Wellington ...	6 Oct., 1927.
Hannan, J. A.	Otago... ..	17 June, 1926.
Hawke, A. F.	Otago... ..	7 May, 1925.
Istitt, L. M.	Canterbury ...	28 Oct., 1925.
Lang, Hon. Sir F. W., Kt.	Auckland ...	22 Feb., 1924.
MacGregor, J.	Otago... ..	14 July, 1921.
McIntyre, W. H.	Nelson	2 Sept., 1921.
Mackenzie, Hon. Sir T., G.C.M.G.	Otago... ..	12 Mar., 1921.
Malcolm, A. S.	Otago... ..	16 June, 1924.
Mander, F.	Auckland ...	1 June, 1923.
Michel, H. L.	Westland ...	7 May, 1925.
Mitchelson, Hon. Sir E., K.C.M.G.	Auckland ...	25 June, 1927.
Moore, R.	Canterbury ...	14 July, 1921.
Newman, E., C.M.G.	Wellington ...	1 June, 1923.
Reed, V. H.	Auckland ...	16 June, 1924.
Rhodes, Hon. Sir R. H., K.C.V.O., K.B.E.	Canterbury ...	29 Oct., 1925.
Rikihana, Wiremu	Auckland ...	1 June, 1923.
Scott, R.	Otago... ..	25 June, 1927.
Sinclair, Sir J. R., Kt.	Otago... ..	7 May, 1925.
Smith, Col. G. J., C.B.E.	Canterbury ...	25 June, 1927.
Snodgrass, W. W., M.B.E.	Nelson	2 Sept., 1921.
Stewart, W.	Auckland ...	7 May, 1925.
Stout, Rt. Hon. Sir R., P.C., K.C.M.G.	Wellington ...	3 Aug., 1926.
Thomson, G. M.	Otago	7 May, 1925.
Triggs, W. H.	Canterbury ...	7 May, 1925.
Weston, T. S.	Wellington ...	17 June, 1926.
Witty, G.	Canterbury ...	23 Oct., 1926.

Clerk of Parliaments, Clerk of the Legislative Council, and Examiner of Standing Orders upon Private Bills, A. F. Lowe, C.M.G., 800l.

Clerk-Assistant, B. E. S. Stocker, M.A., 600l.

Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, A. T. Bothamley, I.S.O.

Second Clerk-Assistant, C. M. Bothamley, 470l.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(October, 1927.)

Speaker, Hon. Sir C. E. Statham, Kt. Bach., 900l.
(with sessional allowance of 100l. per annum).

Chairman of Committees, F. F. Hockley, 675l.

Members.	Constituencies.
Anderson, Hon. G. J.	Mataura
Armstrong, H. T.	Christchurch East.
Atmore, H.	Nelson
Bartram, F. N.	Grey Lynn
Bell, A.	Bay of Islands.
Bellringer, C. E.	Taranaki
Bitchener, J.	Waitaki
Buddo, Hon. D.	Kaipoi
Burnett, T. D.	Temuka
Campbell, H. Mc. L.	Hawke's Bay
Coates, Rt. Hon. J. G., P.C., M.C.	Kaipara
Dickie, H. G.	Patea
Dickson, J. Mc. C.	Chalmers
Dickson, J. S.	Parnell
Elliott, J. G.	Oroua
Field, W. H.	Otaki
Forbes, G. W.	Hurunui
Forsyth, T.	Wellington East
Fraser, P.	Wellington Central
Girling, W. J.	Wairau

Members.	Constituencies.
Glenn, W. S.	Rangitikei
Hamilton, A.	Wallace
Hamilton, J. R.	Awarua
Harris, A.	Waitemata
Hawken, Hon. O. J.	Egmont
Hockley, F. F.	Rotorua
Holland, H.	Christchurch North
Holland, H. E.	Buller
Horn, J.	Wakatipu
Howard, E. J.	Christchurch South
Hudson, R. P.	Motueka
Hunter, Sir G., Kt.	Waipawa
Jones, D.	Ellesmere
Jones, W.	Marsden
Jordan, W. J.	Manukau
Kyle, H. S. S.	Riccarton
Lee, E. P.	Oamaru
Lee, J. A.	Auckland East
Linklater, J.	Manawatu
Luke, Sir J. P., Kt., C.M.G.	Wellington North
Lysnar, W. D.	Gisborne
McCombs, J.	Lyttelton
McKeen, R.	Wellington South
McLennan, E. D.	Franklin
McLeod, Hon. A. D.	Wairarapa
McMillan, C. E. de la B.	Tauranga
Martin, W. L.	Raglan
Mason, H. G. R.	Eden
Mason, J.	Napier
Nash, J. A.	Palmerston
Noesworthy, Hon. W.	Ashburton
Parry, W. E.	Auckland Central
Potter, V. H.	Roskill
Ransom, E. A.	Pahiatua
Reid, D. S.	Waikato
Rhodes, T. W.	Thames
Rolleston, Hon. F. J.	Timaru
Rolleston, J. C.	Waitomo
Samuel, A. M.	Ohinemuri
Savage, M. J.	Auckland West
Seddon, T. E. Y.	Westland
Sidey, T. K.	Dunedin South
Smith, R. W.	Waimarino
Statham, Hon. Sir C. E., Kt. (Speaker)	Dunedin Central
Stewart, Hon. W. D.	Dunedin West
Sullivan, D. G.	Avon
Sykes, G. R.	Maerterton
Tapley, H. L., C.M.G.	Dunedin North
Veitch, W. A.	Wanganui
Waite, F.	Clutha
Walter, E.	Stratford
Ward, Rt. Hon. Sir J. G., Bart, P.C., K.C.M.G.	Invercargill
Wilford, T. M.	Hutt
Williams, Hon. K. S.	Bay of Plenty
Wright, Hon. R. A.	Wellington Suburbs
Young, Hon. J. A.	Hamilton

For Maori Electorates.

Tau Henare.	Northern Maori
Ngata, Hon. Sir Apirana Turupa, Kt.	Eastern Maori
Pomare, Hon. Sir Maui, K.B.E., C.M.G.	Western Maori
Uru, Henare Whakatau	Southern Maori
<i>Clerk of the House, E. W. Kane, 800l.</i>	
<i>Clerk-Assistant, W. E. Dasent, 600l.</i>	
<i>Second Clerk-Assistant, W. Collings, 500l.</i>	
<i>Sergeant-at-Arms, H. H. Browne, 300l.</i>	
<i>Reader and Clerk of Bills and Papers, G. F. Bothamley, 400l.</i>	

Chief Hansard Reporter, D. Cameron, 550l.
Hansard Supervisor, P. E. Brandon, 440l.
Clerk of Writs, J. Hislop, C.V.O., O.B.E.
Deputy Clerk of Writs, G. P. Newton.
Chief Librarian, Dr. G. H. Scholesfield., D.Sc.,
 775l.
Assistant Librarian, W. S. Wauchop, M.A.,
 450l.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief,
 General Sir Charles Fergusson, Bart., G.C.M.G.,
 K.C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O., LL.D., 5,000l. (and
 2,500l. allowances).
Military Secretary, Captain E. P. O. Boyle,
 M.V.O., Royal Scots Fusiliers.
Official Secretary, A. Cecil Day, C.M.G., O.B.E.
Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. E. L. Orr Ewing, M.C.,
 The Black Watch.
Assistant Private Secretary, The Lord Waleran.
Honorary Naval Aides-de-Camp, Captain C. N.
 Reyne, R.N., Captain J. S. M. Ritchie,
 R.N.
Honorary Aides-de-Camp, Colonel J. Findlay,
 C.B., D.S.O.; Colonel M. M. Gard'ner,
 D.S.O.; Lieut.-Colonel F. Symon, C.M.G.,
 D.S.O.; Lieut.-Colonel N. S. Falle, C.M.G.,
 D.S.O.; Colonel S. S. Allen, C.M.G., D.S.O.,
 and Colonel J. Hargest, D.S.O., M.C.
Honorary Physician, Colonel E. Tracy-Inglis,
 C.B.E., M.B.
Honorary Surgeon, Colonel P. C. Fenwick,
 C.M.G., M.D., F.R.C.S.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The Executive Council now consists of:—

His Excellency the Governor-General.
*Prime Minister, Minister of Railways, Native
 Affairs, in charge of Public Trust, Native
 Trust, and Scientific and Industrial Research
 Departments*, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C., M.C.
*Member of Executive Council without Portfolio
 and Leader of the Legislative Council*, Rt. Hon.
 Sir F. H. D. Bell, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.
*Minister of Finance, Minister of Stamp Duties,
 Minister of Customs, Minister in Charge of
 Land and Income Tax and State Advances
 Departments*, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
*Postmaster-General, Minister of Telegraphs,
 Minister of External Affairs, Minister of
 Immigration, Minister in charge of Legislative,
 Tourist and Health Resorts, Government Life
 Insurance, State Fire and Accident Insurance,
 and Public Service Superannuation Departments*,
 Hon. W. Nosworthy.
*Minister of Labour, Mines and Marine, Minister
 in Charge of Pensions, Printing and Stationery,
 Publicity, and Inspection of Machinery Depart-
 ments*, Hon. G. J. Anderson.
Member of Executive Council without Portfolio,
 Hon. Sir R. H. Rhodes, K.C.V.O., K.B.E.
*Minister of Lands, Minister of Industries and
 Commerce, in charge of Electoral, Valuation,
 Land for Settlements, Discharged Soldiers'
 Settlement, and Scenery Preservation Depart-
 ments*, Hon. A. D. McLeod.
*Minister of Cook Islands and Member of
 Executive Council representing Native Race*,
 Hon. Sir M. Pomare, K.B.E., C.M.G.
*Minister of Internal Affairs, Minister in Charge
 of High Commissioner's, Audit, Museum, Regis-
 trar-General's, Census and Statistics, Laboratory
 and Advertising Departments*, Hon. Sir M.
 Pomare, K.B.E., C.M.G. (acting).

*Minister of Agriculture and Commissioner of
 State Forests*, Hon. O. J. Hawken.
*Attorney-General, Minister of Justice and
 Defence, Minister in Charge of Police, Prisons,
 and War Pensions Departments*, Hon. F. J.
 Rolleston.
*Minister of Health and Minister in Charge of
 Mental Hospitals Department*, Hon. J. A.
 Young.
*Minister of Education, Minister in Charge of
 Friendly Societies and National Provident
 Fund Departments*, Hon. R. A. Wright.
*Minister of Public Works, Minister in Charge
 of Roads and Public Buildings*, Hon. K. S.
 Williams.
Clerk of Executive Council, F. D. Thomson,
 B.A., C.M.G.

PRIME MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Prime Minister, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C.,
 M.C.
Permanent Head, F. D. Thomson, B.A., C.M.G.,
 1,150l.
Imperial Affairs Officer, C. A. Berendsen, LL.M.,
 715l.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

The Treasury.

Minister of Finance, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
*Secretary to the Treasury, Receiver-General, Pay-
 master-General, and Registrar of New Zealand
 Consols, and N.Z. Inscribed Stock*, R. E. Hayes,
 I.S.O., 1,350l.
*Assistant Secretary and Accountant and Deputy
 Registrar*, A. D. Park, 1,150l.

LAND AND INCOME TAX.

Minister, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
Commissioner of Taxes, A. E. Fowler, 1,000l.

STAMP DUTIES AND LAND AND DEEDS.

Minister, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
*Registrar-General of Land, Secretary of Land
 and Deeds and Commissioner of Stamp Duties*,
 C. E. Nalder, 1,600l.
Deputy Commissioner of Stamp Duties, J. Murray,
 800l.

VALUATION DEPARTMENT.

Minister, Hon. A. D. McLeod.
Valuer-General, T. Brook, 925l.
Chief Clerk, C. J. Lovatt, 565l.

POST AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Postmaster-General and Minister of Telegraphs,
 Hon. W. Nosworthy.
Secretary, G. McNamara, 1,300l.
First Assistant Secretary, J. Robertson, 1,050l.
Second Assistant Secretary, M. B. Eason, 950l.
Chief Telegraph Engineer, A. Gibbs, M.I.E.E.,
 1,250l.
Deputy Chief Telegraph Engineer, C. S. Plank,
 A.M.I.E.E., 875l.
Inspecting Engineer, H. L. Cummings, 825l.
Controller of Savings Banks and Accounts,
 H. D. Edwards, 825l.
Chief Inspector, A. P. Bennett, 825l.
Chief Postmaster (Auckland), W. J. Gow, 790l.
Ditto (Wellington), J. C. McCrea, 765l.
Ditto (Christchurch), H. P. Donald, 715l.
Ditto (Dunedin), F. W. Penlington, 715l.

Name.	Provincial District.	Date of Appointment.
Earnshaw, W.	Wellington ...	25 June, 1927.
Fleming, D. T.	Otago... ..	7 May, 1925.
Garland, G. J.	Auckland ...	7 May, 1925.
Gow, J. B.	Auckland ...	7 May, 1925.
Hall-Jones, Hon. Sir W., K.C.M.G.	Wellington ...	6 Oct., 1927.
Hanan, J. A.	Otago... ..	17 June, 1926.
Hawke, A. F.	Otago... ..	7 May, 1925.
Isitt, L. M.	Canterbury ...	28 Oct., 1925.
Lang, Hon. Sir F. W., Kt.	Auckland ...	22 Feb., 1924.
MacGregor, J.	Otago... ..	14 July, 1921.
McIntyre, W. H.	Nelson ...	2 Sept., 1921.
MacKenzie, Hon. Sir T., G.C.M.G.	Otago... ..	12 Mar., 1921.
Malcolm, A. S.	Otago... ..	16 June, 1924.
Mander, F.	Auckland ...	1 June, 1923.
Michel, H. L.	Westland ...	7 May, 1925.
Mitchelson, Hon. Sir E., K.C.M.G.	Auckland ...	25 June, 1927.
Moore, R.	Canterbury ...	14 July, 1921.
Newman, E., C.M.G.	Wellington ...	1 June, 1923.
Reed, V. H.	Auckland ...	16 June, 1924.
Rhodes, Hon. Sir R. H., K.O.V.O., K.B.E.	Canterbury ...	28 Oct., 1925.
Rikihana, Wiremu	Auckland ...	1 June, 1923.
Scott, R.	Otago... ..	25 June, 1927.
Sinclair, Sir J. R., Kt.	Otago... ..	7 May, 1925.
Smith, Col. G. J., C.B.E.	Canterbury ...	25 June, 1927.
Snodgrass, W. W., M.B.E.	Nelson ...	2 Sept., 1921.
Stewart, W.	Auckland ...	7 May, 1925.
Stout, Rt. Hon. Sir R., P.C., K.C.M.G.	Wellington ...	3 Aug., 1926.
Thomson, G. M.	Otago... ..	7 May, 1925.
Triggs, W. H.	Canterbury ...	7 May, 1925.
Weston, T. S.	Wellington ...	17 June, 1926.
Witty, G.	Canterbury ...	28 Oct., 1925.

Clerk of Parliaments, Clerk of the Legislative Council, and Examiner of Standing Orders upon Private Bills, A. F. Lowe, C.M.G., 800l.
Clerk-Assistant, B. E. S. Stocker, M.A., 600l.
Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, A. T. Bothamley, I.S.O.
Second Clerk-Assistant, C. M. Bothamley, 470l.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(October, 1927.)

Speaker, Hon. Sir C. E. Statham, Kt. Bach., 900l.
(with sessional allowance of 100l. per annum).
Chairman of Committees, F. F. Hockley, 675l.

Members.	Constituencies.
Anderson, Hon. G. J.	Mataura
Armstrong, H. T.	Christchurch East.
Atmore, H.	Nelson
Bartram, F. N.	Grey Lynn
Bell, A.	Bay of Islands.
Bellringer, C. E.	Taranaki
Bitchener, J.	Waitaki
Buddo, Hon. D.	Kaiapoi
Burnett, T. D.	Tenuka
Campbell, H. Mc. L.	Hawke's Bay
Coates, Rt. Hon. J. G., P.C., M.C.	Kaipara
Diekie, H. G.	Patea
Dickson, J. Mc. O.	Chalmers
Dickson, J. S.	Parnell
Elliott, J. G.	Oroua
Field, W. H.	Otaki
Forbes, G. W.	Hurunui
Forsyth, T.	Wellington East
Fraser, P.	Wellington Central
Girling, W. J.	Wairau

Members.	Constituencies.
Glenn, W. S.	Rangitikei
Hamilton, A.	Wallace
Hamilton, J. R.	Awarua
Harris, A.	Waitemata
Hawken, Hon. O. J.	Egmont
Hockley, F. F.	Rotorua
Holland, H.	Christchurch North
Holland, H. E.	Buller
Horn, J.	Wakatipu
Howard, E. J.	Christchurch South
Hudson, R. P.	Motueka
Hunter, Sir G., Kt.	Waipawa
Jones, D.	Ellesmere
Jones, W.	Marsden
Jordan, W. J.	Manukau
Kyle, H. S. S.	Riccarton
Lee, E. P.	Oamaru
Lee, J. A.	Auckland East
Linklater, J.	Manawatu
Luke, Sir J. P., Kt., C.M.G.	Wellington North
Lysnar, W. D.	Gisborne
McCombs, J.	Lyttelton
McKeen, R.	Wellington South
McLennan, E. D.	Franklin
McLeod, Hon. A. D.	Wairarapa
McMillan, C. E. de la B.	Tauranga
Martin, W. L.	Raglan
Mason, H. G. R.	Eden
Mason, J.	Napier
Nash, J. A.	Palmerston
Nosworthy, Hon. W.	Ashburton
Parry, W. E.	Auckland Central
Potter, V. H.	Roskill
Ransom, E. A.	Pahiatua
Reid, D. S.	Waikato
Rhodes, T. W.	Thames
Rolleston, Hon. F. J.	Timaru
Rolleston, J. C.	Waiotomo
Samuel, A. M.	Ohinemuri
Savage, M. J.	Auckland West
Seddon, T. E. Y.	Westland
Sidey, T. K.	Dunedin South
Smith, R. W.	Waimarino
Statham, Hon. Sir C. E., Kt. (Speaker)	Dunedin Central
Stewart, Hon. W. D.	Dunedin West
Sullivan, D. G.	Avon
Sykes, G. R.	Masterton
Tapley, H. L., C.M.G.	Dunedin North
Veitch, W. A.	Wanganui
Waite, F.	Clutha
Walter, E.	Stratford
Ward, Rt. Hon. Sir J. G., Bart, P.C., K.C.M.G.	Invercargill
Wilford, T. M.	Hutt
Williams, Hon. K. S.	Bay of Plenty
Wright, Hon. R. A.	Wellington Suburbs
Young, Hon. J. A.	Hamilton

For Maori Electorates.

Tau Henare.	Northern Maori
Ngata, Hon. Sir Apirana	Eastern Maori
Turupa, Kt.	
Pomare, Hon. Sir Maui, K.B.E., C.M.G.	Western Maori
Uru, Henare Whakatau	Southern Maori
<i>Clerk of the House, E. W. Kane, 800l.</i>	
<i>Clerk-Assistant, W. E. Dasset, 600l.</i>	
<i>Second Clerk-Assistant, W. Collings, 500l.</i>	
<i>Sergeant-at-Arms, H. H. Browne, 300l.</i>	
<i>Reader and Clerk of Bills and Papers, G. F. Bothamley, 400l.</i>	

Chief Hansard Reporter, D. Cameron, 550l.
Hansard Supervisor, P. E. Brandon, 440l.
Clerk of Writs, J. Hislop, C.V.O., O.B.E.
Deputy Clerk of Writs, G. P. Newton.
Chief Librarian, Dr. G. H. Scholefield., D.Sc., 775l.
Assistant Librarian, W. S. Wauehop, M.A., 450l.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief,
 General Sir Charles Fergusson, Bart., G.C.M.G.,
 K.C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O., LL.D., 5,000l. (and
 2,500l. allowances).
Military Secretary, Captain E. P. O. Boyle,
 M.V.O., Royal Scots Fusiliers.
Official Secretary, A. Cecil Day, C.M.G., O.B.E.
Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. E. L. Orr Ewing, M.C.,
 The Black Watch.
Assistant Private Secretary, The Lord Waleran.
Honorary Naval Aides-de-Camp, Captain C. N.
 Reyne, R.N., Captain J. S. M. Ritchie,
 R.N.
Honorary Aides-de-Camp, Colonel J. Findlay,
 C.B., D.S.O.; Colonel M. M. Gardner,
 D.S.O.; Lieut.-Colonel F. Symon, C.M.G.,
 D.S.O.; Lieut.-Colonel N. S. Falle, C.M.G.,
 D.S.O.; Colonel S. S. Allen, C.M.G., D.S.O.,
 and Colonel J. Hargest, D.S.O., M.C.
Honorary Physician, Colonel R. Tracy-Inglis,
 C.B.E., M.B.
Honorary Surgeon, Colonel P. C. Fenwick,
 C.M.G., M.D., F.R.C.S.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The Executive Council now consists of:—

His Excellency the Governor-General.
*Prime Minister, Minister of Railways, Native
 Affairs, in charge of Public Trust, Native
 Trust, and Scientific and Industrial Research
 Departments*, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C., M.C.
*Member of Executive Council without Portfolio
 and Leader of the Legislative Council*, Rt. Hon.
 Sir F. H. D. Bell, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.
*Minister of Finance, Minister of Stamp Duties,
 Minister of Customs, Minister in Charge of
 Land and Income Tax and State Advances
 Departments*, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
*Postmaster-General, Minister of Telegraphs,
 Minister of External Affairs, Minister of
 Immigration, Minister in charge of Legislative,
 Tourist and Health Resorts, Government Life
 Insurance, State Fire and Accident Insurance,
 and Public Service Superannuation Departments*,
 Hon. W. Nosworthy.
*Minister of Labour, Mines and Marine, Minister
 in Charge of Pensions, Printing and Stationery,
 Publicity, and Inspection of Machinery Depart-
 ments*, Hon. G. J. Anderson.
Member of Executive Council without Portfolio,
 Hon. Sir E. H. Rhodes, K.C.V.O., K.B.E.
*Minister of Lands, Minister of Industries and
 Commerce, in charge of Electoral, Valuation,
 Land for Settlements, Discharged Soldiers'
 Settlement, and Scenery Preservation Depart-
 ments*, Hon. A. D. McLeod.
*Minister of Cook Islands and Member of
 Executive Council representing Native Race*,
 Hon. Sir M. Pomare, K.B.E., C.M.G.
*Minister of Internal Affairs, Minister in Charge
 of High Commissioner's, Audit, Museum, Regis-
 trar-General's, Census and Statistics, Laboratory
 and Advertising Departments*, Hon. Sir M.
 Pomare, K.B.E., C.M.G. (acting).

*Minister of Agriculture and Commissioner of
 State Forests*, Hon. O. J. Hawken.
*Attorney-General, Minister of Justice and
 Defence, Minister in Charge of Police, Prisons,
 and War Pensions Departments*, Hon. F. J.
 Rolleston.
*Minister of Health and Minister in Charge of
 Mental Hospitals Department*, Hon. J. A.
 Young.
*Minister of Education, Minister in Charge of
 Friendly Societies and National Provident
 Fund Departments*, Hon. R. A. Wright.
*Minister of Public Works, Minister in Charge
 of Roads and Public Buildings*, Hon. K. S.
 Williams.
Clerk of Executive Council, F. D. Thomson,
 B.A., C.M.G.

PRIME MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Prime Minister, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C.,
 M.C.
Permanent Head, F. D. Thomson, B.A., C.M.G.,
 1,150l.
Imperial Affairs Officer, C. A. Berendsen, LL.M.,
 715l.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

The Treasury.

Minister of Finance, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
*Secretary to the Treasury, Receiver-General, Pay-
 master-General, and Registrar of New Zealand
 Consols, and N.Z. Inscribed Stock*, R. E. Hayes,
 I.S.O., 1,350l.
*Assistant Secretary and Accountant and Deputy
 Registrar*, A. D. Park, 1,150l.

LAND AND INCOME TAX.

Minister, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
Commissioner of Taxes, A. E. Fowler, 1,000l.

STAMP DUTIES AND LAND AND DEEDS.

Minister, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
*Registrar-General of Land, Secretary of Land
 and Deeds and Commissioner of Stamp Duties*,
 C. E. Nalder, 1,000l.
Deputy Commissioner of Stamp Duties, J. Murray,
 800l.

VALUATION DEPARTMENT.

Minister, Hon. A. D. McLeod.
Valuer-General, T. Brook, 925l.
Chief Clerk, C. J. Lovatt, 565l.

POST AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Postmaster-General and Minister of Telegraphs,
 Hon. W. Nosworthy.
Secretary, G. McNamara, 1,300l.
First Assistant Secretary, J. Robertson, 1,050l.
Second Assistant Secretary, M. B. Esson, 950l.
Chief Telegraph Engineer, A. Gibbs, M.I.E.E.,
 1,250l.
Deputy Chief Telegraph Engineer, C. S. Plank,
 A.M.I.E.E., 875l.
Inspecting Engineer, H. L. Cummings, 825l.
Controller of Savings Banks and Accounts,
 H. D. Edwards, 825l.
Chief Inspector, A. P. Bennett, 825l.
Chief Postmaster (Auckland), W. J. Gow, 790l.
Ditto (Wellington), J. C. McCrea, 765l.
Ditto (Christchurch), H. P. Donald, 715l.
Ditto (Dunedin), F. W. Penlington, 715l.

District Telegraph Engineers:—

Auckland, E. C. Gage, A.M.I.E.E., 790*l*.
 Wellington, J. McDermott, A.M.I.E.E., 790*l*.
 Christchurch, J. O. Fairbairn, 765*l*.
 Dunedin, L. L. Macey, 765*l*.

PENSIONS DEPARTMENT.

Minister for Old-Age, Widows', Military and Miners' Pensions, Hon. G. J. Anderson.
 Minister for War Pensions, Hon. F. J. Rolleston.
 Commissioner, G. C. Fache, O.B.E., 950*l*.

RAILWAYS DEPARTMENT.

Minister of Railways, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C., M.C.
 Chairman, Railway Board, F. J. Jones, M.V.O., I.S.O., 1,750*l*.
 Members, Railway Board, J. Mason and A. W. Mout, each 1,250*l*.
 Divisional Superintendent, North Island, E. Casey, 1,000*l*.
 Divisional Superintendent, South Island, R. S. Kent, 1,000*l*.
 Operating and Equipment Assistant, S. E. Fay, 1,000*l*.
 Chief Accountant, H. Valentine, 900*l*.
 Comptroller of Stores, E. J. Guinness, 900*l*.
 Chief Engineer for Working Railways, F. C. Widdop, 1,200*l*.
 Assistant Chief Engineer, W. R. Davidson, 925*l*.
 Signal Engineer, H. J. Wynne, A.M.Inst.C.E., 925*l*.
 Chief Mechanical Engineer, G. S. Lynde, 1,200*l*.
 Superintendent of Workshops, E. T. L. Spidy, 1,000*l*.
 Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer, P. R. Angus, 900*l*.

NATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Minister for Native Affairs, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C., M.C.
 Under-Secretary, R. N. Jones, 1,050*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Minister of Justice, Hon. F. J. Rolleston.
 Under-Secretary, R. P. Ward, 850*l*.
 Chief Clerk, J. T. Bishop, 490*l*.

Judicial.**Supreme Court Judges.**

Chief Justice:—
 Wellington—Hon. Sir C. P. Skerrett, K.C.M.G., 2,250*l*.

Judges:—

Wellington, Hon. J. B. Reed, 2,000*l*.; Hon. W. C. MacGregor, 2,000*l*.; Hon. H. H. Outler, 2,000*l*.
 Auckland, Hon. T. W. Stringer, 2,000*l*.; Hon. A. L. Herdman, 2,000*l*.
 Christchurch, Hon. A. S. Adams, 2,000*l*.
 Dunedin, Hon. Sir W. A. Sim, Kt., 2,000*l*.

Registrars of the Supreme Court:—

Auckland, C. J. Hewlett, 665*l*.
 Wellington, W. W. Samson, 715*l*.
 Christchurch, J. Miller, 665*l*.
 Dunedin, W. D. Wallace, 615*l*.

Stipendiary Magistrates in principal Cities:—

Auckland, E. C. Cutten, 1,000*l*.; J. W. Poynton, 900*l*.; F. K. Hunt, 900*l*.; W. R. McKean, 900*l*.
 Wellington, W. G. Riddell, 1,000*l*.; E. Page, 900*l*.; and J. H. Salmon, 900*l*.

Christchurch, H. A. Young, 1,000*l*.; E. D. Mosley, 900*l*.; H. P. Lawry, 900*l*.
 Dunedin, J. R. Bartholomew, 1,000*l*.; H. W. Bundle, 900*l*.

Patent Office.

Registrar, H. T. Atkinson, 665*l*.

PRISONS DEPARTMENT.

Controller General of Prisons and Chief Probation Officer, B. L. Dallard, 815*l*.
 Chief Clerk, D. A. Mackintosh, 515*l*.

CROWN LAW OFFICE.

Solicitor-General, A. Fair, LL.B., 1,350*l*.
 Crown Solicitors, A. E. Currie, LL.B., 900*l*.; J. Prendeville, B.A., LL.B., 874*l*.; C. H. Taylor, M.A., LL.B., 874*l*.

LAW DRAFTING OFFICE.

Law Draftsman, J. Christie, LL.M., 1,070*l*.
 Assistant Law Draftsman, J. W. A. Heenan, LL.B., 618*l*.
 Assistant Law Draftsman, T. D. H. Hall, LL.B., 615*l*.
 Compiler of Statutes, E. Y. Redward, LL.B., 700*l*.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Minister, Hon. F. J. Rolleston.
 Commissioner of Police, W. B. McIlveney, M.V.O., 925*l*.

MINES DEPARTMENT.

Minister of Mines, Hon. G. J. Anderson.
 Under-Secretary, A. H. Kimbell, 925*l*.
 Chief Clerk, T. H. Sherwood, 470*l*.
 Inspecting Engineer of Mines and Coal Mines, J. A. C. Bayne, 790*l*.
 Superintendent of State Coal Mines, I. A. James, 790*l*.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Minister of Internal Affairs, Hon. Sir Maui Pomare, K.B.E., C.M.G. (acting).
 Under-Secretary, J. Hislop, C.V.O., O.B.E., 950*l*.
 Assistant Under-Secretary, G. P. Newton, 850*l*.
 Inspector of Fire Brigades, T. T. Hugo, 665*l*.
 Chief Clerk, P. J. Kelleher, 565*l*.
 Deputy Chief Electoral Officer, G. G. Hodgkins, 665*l*.

Public Service Commissioner's Office.

Public Service Commissioner, P. D. N. Verschaffelt, 1,500*l*.
 Secretary, Public Service Commissioner, A. C. Turnbull, 715*l*.
 Chief Clerk and Registrar, T. Mark, 615*l*.
 Inspector, P. G. Pearce, 615*l*.

Audit Office.

Controller and Auditor-General, Colonel G. F. C. Campbell, C.M.G., 1,300*l*.
 Chief Clerk, J. H. Fowler, 800*l*.

Registrar-General's Office.

Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, W. W. Cook, 615*l*.

Census and Statistics Office.

Government Statistician, M. Fraser, O.B.E., 765*l*.
 Chief Compiler, J. W. Butcher, 515*l*.

Dominion Museum.

Director, J. A. Thomson, M.A., D.Sc., F.G.S., A.O.S.M., 765*l*.

Government Actuary's Office.

Government Actuary, C. Gostelow, F.I.A., 1,100*l*.
 Assistant Government Actuary, G. W. Melville, F.F.A., 850*l*.

High Commissioner's Office.
High Commissioner, Hon. Sir C. J. Parr,
 K.C.M.G., 2,000.
Secretary, A. Crabb, 1,065l.

IMMIGRATION.

Minister in charge, Hon. W. Nosworthy.
Under Secretary for Immigration, H. D. Thom-
son, 850l.

PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Minister in charge, Hon. G. J. Anderson.
Government Printer, Stationery Office Manager,
and Controller of Stamp Printing, W. A. G.
Skinner, 850l.
Superintendent, G. H. Loney, 615l.

MENTAL HOSPITALS.

Minister, Hon. J. A. Young.
Inspector-General, T. G. Gray, M.B., 1,250l.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

Minister, Hon J. A. Young.
Director-General of Health and Registrar of
Nurses and Midwives, T. H. A. Valintine,
M.R.C.S., L.R.O.P., D.P.H., R.C.P., 1,250l.
Deputy Director - General of Health, M. H.
Watt, M.D., D.P.H., 1,100l.
Director, Division of Public Hygiene, T.
McKibbin, M.B., Bac. Surg., D.P.H., 955l.
Director, Division of Maori Hygiene, E. P.
Ellison, M.B., Bac. Surg., 851l.
Director, Division of Dental Hygiene, T. A.
Hunter, C.B.E., 837l.
Director, Division of School Hygiene, Miss A. G.
Paterson, M.B., Ch.B., L.M., 837l.

Bacteriological Laboratory.

Bacteriologist and Director Government Vaccine
Station, F. L. Armitage, 765l.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE.

Minister of Defence, Hon. F. J. Rolleston.
G.O.C. N.Z. Forces, Major-General R. Young,
C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., 1,100l.
O.C. Northern Command, Colonel-Commandant
H. B. Potter, C.M.G., 850l.
O.C. Central Command, Colonel-Commandant,
C. G. Powles, C.M.G., D.S.O., 825l.
O.C. Southern Command, Colonel-Commandant,
M. M. Gardiner, D.S.O., 785l.
Chief of the General Staff, Colonel W. L. H.
Burgess, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., 825l.
Adjutant-General, Lieut.-Colonel R. B. Smythe,
D.S.O., 765l.
Quartermaster-General, Lieut.-Colonel H. E.
Pilkington, C.B.E., 765l.

NAVAL DEPARTMENT.

Naval Adviser and Commodore Commanding
New Zealand Station, Commodore G. T. C. P.
Swabey, D.S.O., R.N., 2,356l.

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND CUSTOMS.

Minister of Customs, Hon. W. Downie Stewart.
Comptroller, G. Craig, C.M.G., 1,300l.
Assistant Comptroller, T. R. Herd, 900l.
Collector of Customs, Auckland, A. V. Penn,
765l.
Ditto, Wellington, E. T. W. MacLaurin, 765l.
Ditto, Christchurch and Lyttelton, W. J. Wratt,
715l.
Collector of Customs, Dunedin and Port Chalmers,
J. McIntosh, 715l.
Official Representative, London, F. W. Lawrence,
615l.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Minister of Marine, Hon. G. J. Anderson.
Secretary, G. C. Godfrey, 925l.
Chief Inspector of Machinery, W. Cullen, 765l.
Nautical Adviser and Chief Examiner of Masters
and Mates, G. S. Hooper, 765l.
Assistant Secretary and Chief Clerk, B. W.
Millier, 615l.
Chief Inspector of Fisheries, A. E. Hefford, 750l.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

Minister of Labour, Hon. G. J. Anderson.
Secretary for Labour, Registrar of Industrial
Unions, and Chief Inspector of Factories,
F. W. T. Rowley, 850l.
Deputy Chief Inspector and Deputy Registrar of
Industrial Unions, W. Newton, 665l.

Court of Arbitration.

Judge, His Honour Mr. Justice Frazer, M.A.,
L.L.B., 2,000l.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS AND SURVEY.

Minister of Lands, Hon. A. D. McLeod.
Under Secretary of Lands, J. B. Thompson,
1,150l.
Surveyor-General, W. T. Neill, 800l.
Asst. Under-Secretary, W. Robertson, 715l.
Controller of Accounts, J. H. O'Donnell, 715l.
Commissioners of Crown Lands and Chief Sur-
veyors:—
North Auckland, O. N. Campbell, 715l.
Auckland, K. M. Graham, 715l.
Gisborne, E. H. Farnie, 665l.
Hawke's Bay, J. D. Thomson, 615l.
Taranaki, W. D. Armit, 665l.
Wellington, H. W. C. Mackintosh,
665l.
Marlborough, J. Stevenson, 590l.
Nelson, A. F. Waters, 665l.
Westland, W. T. Morpeth, 665l.
Canterbury, W. Stewart, 715l.
Otago, R. S. Galbraith, 715l.
Southland, N. C. Kensington, 665l.
Drainage Engineer, R. G. Macinorrain, 590l.

STATE FOREST SERVICE.

Commissioner of State Forests, Hon. O. J.
Hawken.
Director, Captain L. M. Ellis, B.Sc. (F.),
C.S.F.E., 1,000l.
Secretary, E. P. Turner, F.R.G.S., 675l.
Conservators of Forests:—
Auckland, R. D. Campbell, 715l.
Whakarewarewa, W. T. Morrison, 690l.
Palmerston North, D. Macpherson, 715l.
Nelson, C. McL. Smith, 590l.
Hokitika, A. D. McGavock, 715l.
Christchurch, W. G. Morrison, 590l.
Invercargill, S. A. C. Darby, 590l.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Minister of Agriculture, Hon. O. J. Hawken.
Director-General of Agriculture, C. J. Reakes,
C.B.E., D.V.Sc., M.R.C.V.S., 1,250l.
Assistant Director-General, F. S. Pope, 800l.
Director, Fields Division, A. H. Cookayne,
715l.
Director, Horticulture Division, J. A. Campbell,
715l.
Director, Dairy Division, W. M. Singleton, 765l.
Director, Live Stock Division, J. Lyons,
M.R.C.V.S., 765l.
Chemist, B. C. Aston, F.I.C., F.C.S., 715l.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE.
Minister, Hon. A. D. McLeod.
Secretary, J. W. Collins, 6661.

DEPARTMENT OF TOURIST AND HEALTH RESORTS.
Minister, Hon. W. Nosworthy.
General Manager, B. M. Wilson, 8501.
Balneologist (Rotorua), Dr. J. D. C. Duncan, 1,0011.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.
Minister of Education, Hon. Sir R. A. Wright.
Director of Education, T. B. Strong, M.A., B.Sc., 1,2501.
Assistant Director of Education, A. Bell, M.A., 9001.
Superintendent of Technical Education, W. S. La Trobe, M.A., 7901.
Chief Inspector of Secondary Schools, E. J. Parr, M.A., B.Sc., 7901.
Chief Inspector of Primary Schools, W. W. Bird, M.A., 7901.

PUBLIC TRUST OFFICE.
Minister, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C., M.C.
Public Trustee, J. W. MacDonald, 1,3001.
Assistant Public Trustees, H. Turner, 1,0001.; E. O. Hales, 1,0001.
Solicitor, G. G. Rose, M.A., LL.B., 9001.
Chief Accountant, W. McL. Barr, 8501.
Controller of Estates, W. G. Baird, 8501.
Chief Inspector, A. R. Coad, 8151.
Chief Auditor, A. Purdie, 7651.

NATIVE TRUST OFFICE.
Minister, Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, P.C., M.C.
Native Trustee, W. E. Rawson, 9501.
Deputy Native Trustee, H. S. King, 7151.

GOVERNMENT LIFE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.
Minister, Hon. W. Nosworthy.
Commissioner, A. E. Allison, 1,0001.
Secretary, H. Rose, 8151.
Chief Clerk, G. A. Noble-Campbell, 6651.

STATE FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.
Minister, Hon. W. Nosworthy.
General Manager, J. H. Jeram, 1,1001.
Accountant, C. B. Redward, 7651.

STATE ADVANCES DEPARTMENT.
Minister, Hon. W. D. Stewart.
Superintendent, W. Waddell, 1,1501.
Solicitor, J. B. Christie, 7401.
Deputy Superintendent, A. A. Prichard, 6651.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
Minister of Public Works, Hon. K. S. Williams.
Under Secretary and Engineer-in-Chief (also Marine Engineer), F. W. Furkert, M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., 1,5001.
Assistant Engineer-in-Chief, C. J. McKenzie, A.M.I.C.E., 1,2001.
Chief Electrical Engineer, F. T. M. Kissel, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., M.I.E.E., 1,1501.
Inspecting Engineers, J. Wood, A.M.I.C.E., 9751.; H. H. Sharp, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., 8751.; A. J. Baker, A.M.I.C.E., 8751.; A. Gavey, M.I.M.E., M.I.E.E., 8501.

Architect, J. T. Mair, A.R.I.B.A., 9001.
Assistant Under-Secretary, C. E. Bennett, 8001.

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.
Minister, Hon. W. Nosworthy.
Secretary, J. D. Gray, 8501.
Chief Clerk, S. J. Smith, 5151.

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.
Secretary, E. Marsden, D.Sc., 1,2001.
Dominion Analyst, J. S. MacLaurin, D.Sc., F.C.S., 1,0001.
Director, Geological Survey, P. G. Morgan, M.A., A.O.S.M., F.G.S., 7901.
Government Astronomer and Seismologist, C. R. Adams, D.Sc., F.R.A.S., A.I.A., 7151.
Director of Meteorology, Dr. E. Kidson, O.B.E., M.A., D.S.C., 8001.

BISHOPS.
Church of England.
Auckland, Alfred Walter Averill, M.A., D.D. (Archbishop and Primate).
Wellington, T. H. Sprott, D.D.
Christchurch, Campbell West West-Watson, M.A., D.D.
Waiapu, William Walmsley Sedgwick, M.A., D.D.
Nelson, William Charles Sadlier, M.A., D.D.
Dunedin, Isaac Richards, M.A.
Waikato, Cecil Arthur Cherrington, B.A., B.D.

FOREIGN CONSULS.—CONSULS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES RESIDING IN, OR WITH JURISDICTION OVER, NEW ZEALAND, OCTOBER, 1927.

Argentine Republic, Consul-General (vacant); Vice-Consuls, F. S. Battley (Auckland); E. S. Baldwin (Wellington); J. A. Johnstone (Dunedin).
Belgium, Consul (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Armand Nihotte (Wellington); Consuls, A. M. Ferguson (Auckland), Sir J. J. Kinsey (Christchurch); G. L. Denniston (Dunedin); Vice Consuls, C. R. J. Ward (Christchurch); W. A. Moore (Dunedin); R. A. Anderson (Invercargill).
Brazil, Vice-Consul, G. Robertson (Wellington).
Chile, Consul-General for Australia and New Zealand, Don Manuel Gundelach (Sydney); Consuls, E. A. Craig (Auckland); J. Montgomery (Christchurch).
China, Consuls, Li Kwang Heng (Wellington); Chu Chih-Ching (Samoa).
Czecho-Slovakia, Consul-General (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Dr. R. Kuraz (Sydney); Consul, E. J. Hyams (Wellington).
Denmark, Consul-General for Australia and New Zealand, Ove Lunn (Melbourne); Consul (for North Island), S. A. Longuet (Wellington); Consul (for South Island), H. D. Acland (Christchurch); Vice-Consuls, S. P. Anderson (Auckland), William Edward Perry (Hokitika), Odin Henry Möller (Dunedin), C. Dahl (Palmerston North).
Finland, Consul (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Harald Tanner (Sydney); Vice-Consuls (honorary), Robert Burns (Auckland), Vaino Saarelius (Christchurch).

France, Consul, Paul A. Serre (Auckland); Consular Agents, George Humphreys (Christchurch); O. R. Bendall (Wellington); S. E. D. Neill (Dunedin).

Germany, Consul-General (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Dr. Hans Busing (Melbourne); Honorary Consul for New Zealand and its Dependencies and Samoa, W. Penseler (Wellington).

Greece, Hon. Consul for New Zealand, Joseph Frank Dyer (Wellington).

Honduras, Consul-General for Australia and New Zealand, Frederic Walsh (Sydney).

Italy, Consul-General for Australia, New Zealand, and Fiji; Commendatore Nob. A. Grossardi (Melbourne); Consul, Michele Blunno (Wellington); Consular Agents, Joseph Wallace (Christchurch), J. A. Roberts (Dunedin), Geraldo G. Perotti (Greymouth); Giovanni (J. H.) Pagni (Auckland).

Japan, Consul-General (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Izemasa Tokugawa (Sydney); Honorary Consuls, A. B. Robertson (Auckland); A. Young (Wellington).

Jugo-Slavia, Hon. Consul, John Totich (Dargaville).

Latvia, Consul-General (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Edward Birin (London).

Liberia, Consul, Dr. A. W. Isard (Wellington).

Mexico, Consul (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), José Gras y Fort (Melbourne).

Netherlands, Consul-General for Australia and New Zealand, P. E. Teppema (Sydney); Consul (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Walter Goring Johnston (Wellington); Vice-Consuls, George Ritchie (Dunedin), M. Copeland (Auckland), C. J. Cooper (Christchurch).

Norway, Consul-General for Australia and New Zealand, E. K. B. Arentz, (Melbourne); Consul, Alex. W. Newton (Wellington); Vice-Consuls, Robert Millar (Auckland), George Jameson (Christchurch), Mathias Ericksen Wiig (Invercargill), John Hayes Enright (Westport), William Fraser Edmond (Dunedin).

Paraguay, Consul, A. E. Kernot (Auckland).

Peru, Consul-General (for Australia and New Zealand), J. Maitland Paxton (Sydney); Consul, G. H. Baker (Auckland).

Poland, Consul-General (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), Hon. George Earp (Sydney).

Portugal, Consul, David L. Nathan (Auckland); Hon. Vice-Consul, Alfred Nathan (Auckland); Vice-Consuls, Arthur Donald Stuart Duncan (Wellington), Charles William Rattray (Dunedin).

Spain, Acting Consul-in-Chief (with jurisdiction over Australia and New Zealand), H. Cave (Melbourne); Hon. Vice-Consul, Cheviot W. D. Bull (Wellington).

Sweden, Consul-General for Australia, New Zealand and Fiji, E. H. Lindquist (Sydney); Consul, J. T. Martin (Wellington); Vice-Consuls, Charles I. Nathan (Auckland), W. Machin (Christchurch), J. S. Ross, C. M. G. (Dunedin).

Switzerland, Consul (with jurisdiction over New Zealand), M. Stahl (Melbourne); Gerant of consulate, J. A. C. Allum (Auckland).

United States of America, Consul-General, W. L. Lowrie (Wellington); Consul, W. F. Boyle (Auckland); Vice-Consuls, M. I. Mays (Wellington); J. C. Hudson (Wellington), L. A. Bachelder (Auckland), Q. F. Roberts (Apia); Consular Agents, H. P. Bridge (Christchurch), H. Reeves (Dunedin).

Uruguay, Vice-Consul (vacant).

THE ROSS DEPENDENCY.

The Ross Dependency, the government of which was placed under the Governor-General of New Zealand by Imperial Order-in-Council of 30th July, 1923, is defined as "all the islands and territories between the 160th degree of east longitude and the 150th degree of west longitude, which are situated south of the 60th degree of south latitude." The dependency includes Edward VII Land, and portion of South Victoria Land. There are no permanent inhabitants of the territory, but whaling is carried on by a Norwegian firm under licence.

Captain G. S. Hooper is the New Zealand Government representative and administrative officer.

TOKELAU OR UNION GROUP.

BRITISH.

This Group consists of three islands, or groups of islets (Atafu, Nukunono and Fakaofu), and lies about 4 degrees due north of Apia, Samoa. Copra is the chief article of trade.

The Natives are Polynesians, numbering slightly over 1,000 and the language is allied to that of Samoa. The islanders are ruled by their own Chiefs with the assistance of Native Village Committees.

An invitation from the British Government that the New Zealand Government should take charge of the Union Islands was accepted in 1925, and the administration of the Group was accordingly transferred from the High Commissioner for the Western Pacific to the Governor General of the Dominion on February 11th, 1926, by the publication of the Union Islands Orders in Council, 1925. The Islands are administered from Apia, Samoa, which is the nearest natural trading port and (since 1923) the port of entry for the Group.

WESTERN SAMOA.

The Territory of Western Samoa, formerly in the possession of Germany, was seized and occupied by New Zealand Troops on behalf of the Imperial Government on the 29th August, 1914. It remained in military occupation during the war, and was surrendered by Germany under the Treaty of Peace to the Allied and Associated Powers, by whom the mandate to govern the ex-German territory was assigned to the Dominion of New Zealand. The mandate was approved by the Council of the League of Nations in December, 1920.

On the 1st May, 1920, by Orders passed by the Governor-General of New Zealand in Council, provision was made for the Civil Administration of the Territory; and by the Samoa Act, 1921, of New Zealand, the constitution and legal system of the territory were settled.

Western Samoa is administered by an Administrator appointed by the Governor-General of New Zealand and responsible to the Minister of External Affairs (a member of the N.Z. Executive Council who is charged with the Government of the territory). There is a Legislative Council consisting of not less than four nor more than six official members appointed by the Governor-General and of three elected members, chosen by the votes of European population. The Administrator, acting with the advice and consent of this Council, is empowered to make Ordinances for the peace, order, and good government of the Territory, subject to disallowance by the Governor-General. A High Court is established, and the Supreme Court of New Zealand is given jurisdiction over Western Samoa.

The Samoan natives are to a large extent granted domestic self-government.

The Fono of Faipules (Native Parliament, leading chiefs representing every district) who are appointed by the Administrator, meet twice yearly to consider matters relative to native welfare and draft native orders for submission to the Government.

Minister for External Affairs at Wellington,
Hon. Wm. Nosworthy.

Secretary for External Affairs at Wellington,
J. D. Gray.

Administrator of Samoa, Major-General Sir G. S. Richardson, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.

Secretary Samoan Administration, Colonel J. W. Hutchen, C.M.G., C.B.E.

The Territory consists of the Islands of Upolu, Savai'i, Apolima, and Manono, together with several small islets lying between the 13th and 15th degree S. Lat., and 171st and 173rd degrees West Long., situated some 130 miles North of Tonga and 450 miles N.E. of Fiji. The sailing distance from Auckland (N.Z.) is 1,560 miles, from Sydney 2,570 miles, and from San Francisco 4,400 miles.

The total area of Western Samoa is 725,000 acres. 143,630 acres are alienated, of which (apart from native cultivation) 18,050 acres are under cultivation. The main products for 1926 were copra, 12,592 tons (of which three quarters was produced by the Natives), cocoa, 495 tons, all European produced. 1,750 acres of hevea rubber are being returned to cultivation. Exports for 1926 were 41 tons, and are estimated for 1927 to be 150 tons. The production of cotton by natives has been commenced; 3 tons being exported in 1926.

There is a four-weekly steamer between Auckland and Apia, which connects en route with the San Francisco-Sydney mail steamers at Suva (Fiji), and also a four-weekly connection at Pago Pago (American Samoa), with the same service.

During 1927 the N.Z. Government motor-ship "Mani Pomare" is to undertake a fruit carrying service to New Zealand, in anticipation of which bananas have been planted extensively.

The bulk of other produce is carried direct to England and Europe by cargo steamers.

A radio station situated at Apia works directly with New Zealand and Honolulu, and is also the transmitting station for the stations at Fiji, Tonga, Karotonga and Tahiti.

Postal and Banking.—New Zealand postage rates apply in the Territory. A Government Money Order and Savings Bank Office and a Branch of the Bank of New Zealand are in operation at Apia. British currency is in circulation.

Population.—

Census of 1st January, 1926.

British	..	..	1,327
American	..	..	295
Swedes	..	..	29
Danes	..	..	77
French	..	..	63
Germans	..	..	349
Not stated	..	..	358
Native Samoan	..	..	36,308
Other Polynesian Islanders	..	..	380
Solomon Island Labourers	..	..	155
Chinese Coolies	..	..	890

40,231

Education.—Practically every Samoan can read and write his own language. Government Schools are maintained at Apia and Avele (Upolu) and Vaipouli (Savaii), which, together with 41 subsidised schools, provide for 2,417 pupils.

Medical Services.—A Government Hospital is maintained at Apia, with a staff of European doctors and nurses; district hospitals have been established at Tuasivi (Savaii) and Aleipata (Upolu) and 15 outstations, in charge of trained native practitioners or nurses, are distributed elsewhere. The medical services of Samoa are a feature of New Zealand's administration, and annual reports thereon are made by the New Zealand Government to the League of Nations. Dangerous fevers and reptiles are unknown.

Roads and Locomotion.—Roads radiate from Apia chiefly following the coast line. 15 miles of roads are tar-sealed. Motor traffic is rapidly developing both on land and on water, some 260 motor vehicles being registered. The coral lagoons form natural highways around many parts of the Islands.

Climate.—The climate is tropical and very equable. The wet season extends from December to March, the remainder of the year being pleasant with trade winds blowing.

Revenue and Expenditure.

Revenue.		
1922-23	..	131,250l.
1923-24	..	133,917l.
1924-25	..	130,914l.
1925-26	..	150,038l.
1926-27	..	133,812l.

Expenditure.

	Ordinary.	Extraordinary.
1922-23	.. 132,659l.	20,777l.
1923-24	.. 143,010l.	5,658l.
1924-25	.. 135,523l.	—
1925-26	.. 145,687l.	—
1926-27	.. 141,710l.	—

Imports and Exports.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£
1917	.. 301,173	.. 320,444
1918	.. 309,396	.. 306,640
1919	.. 291,368	.. 532,500
1920	.. 561,153	.. 386,587
1921	.. 408,892	.. 241,539
1922	.. 282,939	.. 365,610
1923	.. 268,881	.. 288,774
1924	.. 274,803	.. 361,418
1925	.. 345,989	.. 379,388
1926	.. 324,940	.. 320,783



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could obtain a vote, but under conditions

Provinces it was as follows :—Cape, 8·56
Natal, 16·13 per cent. ; Transvaal, 11·99
Orange Free State, 7·65 per cent.

(c)

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1924-25	..	130,914l.
1925-26	..	150,038l.
1926-27	..	133,812l.

Expenditure.		
	Ordinary.	Extra-ordinary.
1922-23	..	132,659l.
1923-24	..	143,010l.
1924-25	..	135,523l.
1925-26	..	145,187l.
1926-27	..	141,710l.

Imports and Exports.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£
1917	..	301,173
1918	..	309,396
1919	..	291,368
1920	..	561,153
1921	..	408,892
1922	..	282,939
1923	..	268,881
1924	..	274,803
1925	..	345,989
1926	..	324,940



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(c)



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1924	..	214,000	..	301,710
1925	..	345,989	..	379,388
1926	..	324,940	..	320,788

SOUTH AFRICA.

The Union of South Africa is constituted under the South Africa Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, ch. 9), passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom, on the 20th September, 1909. In terms of that Act the self-governing Colonies of the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, the Transvaal, and the Orange River Colony became united on the 31st day of May, 1910, in a legislative Union under one Government under the name of the Union of South Africa, those Colonies becoming original provinces of the Union under the names of the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, the Transvaal, and the Orange Free State respectively.

The Act constituting the Union provides for the appointment by the Sovereign of a Governor-General, who, with an Executive Council (of which the members are chosen and summoned by him), administers the executive government of the Union as the Governor-General in Council. Departments of State are established by the Governor-General in Council, the Governor-General appointing not more than ten officers to administer them. Such officers are King's Ministers of State for the Union and members of the Executive Council.

The Senate consists of forty members. For ten years after the establishment of the Union eight were nominated by the Governor-General in Council and thirty-two were elected, eight for each province. The first election was made prior to the establishment of the Union by the two Houses of each of the Colonial Legislatures sitting as one body, and a vacancy will be filled by the united choice of members of the Assembly and of the Provincial Council in respect of whose province a vacancy occurs.

The first Senate automatically dissolved in 1920 and a new senate was appointed early in 1921.

The House of Assembly consists of 135 elected members, 51 of whom represent the Cape of Good Hope, 17 Natal, 50 Transvaal, and 17 the Orange Free State. Members of both Houses must be British subjects of European descent.

The qualifications of voters are the same as in the Colonies at the time of union, and no subsequent law is to disqualify any person in the Cape from voting, by reason of his race or colour, who could vote under the existing law, unless the bill is passed by both Houses sitting together in joint session, with a two-thirds majority of the total membership. [In the Transvaal and Orange River Colony the franchise was restricted to white men; in Natal a native could obtain a vote, but under conditions

which made this very difficult; in Cape Colony any native could do so who has a certain property qualification and can write his name.]

Pretoria is the administrative capital and seat of government of the Union. Cape Town is the seat of the Legislature.

The first Parliamentary Election under the South Africa Act was held on the 15th September, 1910, and the Union Parliament was opened by H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught, K.G.

Provinces.

A Provincial Council in each province has power to legislate by ordinance on certain subjects specified in the Act, and on such other subjects as may be delegated to it. The specified subjects include direct taxation for provincial purposes, the borrowing of money on the credit of the province, primary education (for five years), agriculture, hospitals, municipal institutions, local works other than railways and harbours, roads, markets, game preservation, and other purely local or private matters. In addition the Union Parliament may delegate the power of making Ordinances on any subject to Provincial Councils. All ordinances passed by a Provincial Council are subject to the veto of the Governor-General in Council. Members of the Provincial Council are elected on the same system as members of Parliament, but the restriction as to European descent does not apply. The number of members in each Provincial Council is as follows:—

Cape of Good Hope	...	...	...	51
Natal	...	...	...	25
Transvaal	...	...	...	50
Orange Free State	...	...	...	25

The first Provincial elections for the Cape of Good Hope and the Transvaal were held on the 15th September, 1910; those for Natal and the Orange Free State on the 12th October, 1910.

The executive power in the subjects on which the Provincial Council is empowered to make ordinances is vested in an Executive Committee consisting of an Administrator, appointed by the Governor-General in Council, and four members elected by the Provincial Council.

Areas and Population.

	Area, Square Miles.	Population, Census, May, 1921.	European Census, May, 1922.
Cape of Good Hope	276,966	2,782,719	706,137
Natal	...	35,284	1,429,398
Transvaal	...	110,450	2,087,636
Orange Free State	49,647	628,827	202,985
Total	...	472,347	6,928,580
			1,676,660

Of the total 6,928,580 persons (1921), 3,536,992 were males and 3,391,588 females. Of the 1,676,660 Europeans (1926) 856,918 were males and 819,742 females.

The increase for the Union (1911-21) was 15.99 per cent. For the Provinces it was as follows:—Cape, 8.49 per cent.; Natal, 19.71 per cent.; Transvaal, 23.81 per cent.; Orange Free State, 19.06 per cent. The increase in the European population of the Union (1921-6) was 10.34 per cent. For the Provinces it was as follows:—Cape, 8.53 per cent.; Natal, 16.13 per cent.; Transvaal, 11.99 per cent.; Orange Free State, 7.65 per cent.

The population comprised (1921) 1,519,488 Europeans or whites (737,453 females); 5,409,092 non-Europeans (natives, Asiatics, and other coloured) (2,654,135 females). In 1911 the figures were:—Europeans, 1,276,242 (increase 1911–21 of 19·06 per cent.); non-Europeans (natives, Asiatics, and other coloured), 4,697,152 (increase 1911–21, 15·16 per cent.) The proportion of Europeans in the total population in 1904 was 21·58 per cent.; in 1911, 21·37 per cent.; and in 1921, 21·93 per cent.).

The principal urban centres in the Union with over 10,000 European inhabitants in 1921, had a population as follows:—

Cities (including Suburbs.)	Census.	
	1926	1921 Non-European.
Johannesburg	170,741	136,295
Cape Town	130,568	94,102
Durban	70,883	89,215
Pretoria	54,326	28,691
Port Elizabeth	33,371	20,112
East London	23,210	14,299
Bloemfontein	22,695	19,667
Kimberley	17,268	21,414
Pietermaritzburg	19,748	18,025
Germiston	16,645	26,658
Benoni	14,899	33,158
Krugersdorp	14,524	29,077
Boksburg	12,144	25,563

Climate.

Cape Province.

The climate of the Cape Province is very favourable to Europeans. The air is dry and bracing, the heat seldom oppressive, and the winter weather mild and delightful; snow or ice is practically unknown except in the more elevated localities, particularly of the north-east. The mean annual temperature at the Royal Observatory, near Cape Town, in 33° 56' S. lat., and 18° 29' E. long., is 62° 0", the mean maximum being 70° 4", and the mean minimum 53° 6"; the average rainfall for the last 84·85 years is 25·28 inches. Cape Town itself has a mean annual temperature of 62° 6", the mean day temperature being 71° 8" and the mean night temperature 53° 4". Aliwal North, 30° 41' S. lat., and 26° 40' E. long. (4,350 feet above sea level), shows a mean temperature of 59° 2", the mean maximum being 74° 2", and the mean minimum 44° 3"; the rainfall average of 42·43 years being 20·60 inches. At the Royal Observatory the warmest days occur in February, when the average maximum is 79° 2" F., and the coldest nights in July, with an average minimum of 47° 2" F.; compared with these data the average maximum temperature of the warmest month (February), in Cape Town, is 81° 8", and the average minimum of the coldest month (July), is 47° 4"; at Aliwal North, January and February are the warmest months, the day temperature averaging 82° 5", whereas in July, when the coldest nights are experienced, the average minimum is only 29° 1" F.

In the Eastern and Midland divisions the chief rainfall is during the summer months (November to April), in the Western districts during the winter months, while along the south coast the rainfall is fairly uniformly distributed throughout the twelve months.

The Cape offers many localities presenting the requisites of altitude and extreme dryness for the modern treatment of consumptive patients.

Natal Province.

The climate of the Natal Province varies at different levels. On the coast-line it is sub-tropical, but is considerably modified inland owing to increased altitude. Thus Umzinto in the south near the coast, at an altitude of 400 feet, has a mean annual temperature of 69° 2"; Durban (261 feet), 70° 8"; whilst Howick, at an elevation of 3,439 feet, has an average yearly temperature of 63° 0". In the winter the air is generally exceedingly dry, and several degrees of frost at night are not uncommonly experienced. Snowstorms occasionally occur. There is a large proportion of cloudless days in the summer and the sky is bright throughout the winter months. Hot winds occasionally occur towards the end of the year (September–November), when temperatures of 100° to 110° may be recorded. At Pietermaritzburg (2,200 feet) the annual temperature is 66° 6", with an average maximum of 79° 9" and a minimum of 53° 4". The warmest days occur in February, when the mean maximum averages 85° 3" and the coldest nights in June, when the mean minimum is 41° 3". Again, Weenen (2,840 feet), situated in a deep cup-shaped valley, has a mean annual temperature of 66° 4", the mean maximum being 83° 7", and the mean minimum 49° 2"; the hottest month is December, when the mean maximum is 92° 7", and the coldest nights are experienced in July, when the mean minimum is only 31° 4".

The average rainfall over the Province is approximately 34 inches, being about 40 inches along the coast belt (Durban 44·87 inches) and mostly about 30·00 inches inland, but decreasing to 27·01 inches at Weenen. Thunderstorms are frequent and destructive hailstorms are common during the summer months.

Malarial fever was epidemic in coast districts during 1906 and 1906, but, thanks to the energetic measures taken by the authorities, it has been stamped out, while very few cases have occurred inland.

Transvaal Province.

Owing to the altitude (4,000 to 6,000 feet) of the plateau constituting the greater part of the Transvaal Province, the climate on the whole is healthy, cool, and bracing; over the Lowveld to the north and east, however, it is hot and fever-stricken, and not at all adapted for stock owing to various endemic diseases. During summer the days are hot, occasionally exceeding 100 deg., but tempered by frequent thunderstorms, while the nights are mild to warm. During the winter months (April to September) the days are usually bright, sunny and almost cloudless, being frequently almost as warm as in summer, while the nights are cold with frequent frost and haze or fog. The rainfall is greatest in the east, Woodbush in the north-east (Zoutpansberg District) having an average of 71·98 inches in 132 days; it decreases rapidly, however, westward from the escarpment falling to about 18 inches in the extreme south-west of the Province. The mean annual temperature shows considerable variation according to position and altitude; thus, Volksrust in the south-east, near the Natal border, at an elevation of 5,300 feet, has an annual temperature of 56·9 deg., whilst Komati Poort, bordering Portuguese East Africa, at a height of only 460 feet above sea level, has an average temperature of 73·2 deg. Pretoria, the administrative capital, has an annual average temperature of 63·5 deg., with a rainfall of 29·45

inches; the warmest days there occur in December, when the mean maximum is 84.0 deg., whereas the coldest nights are met with during July, when the mean minimum is 34.8 deg. The warmest month, however, is January, with a mean of 71.7 deg., and the coldest July, with 51.7 deg. The town of Johannesburg has a mean yearly temperature of 59.9 deg., with an average rainfall of 30.45 inches. Although the mean warmest month there is also January (67.5 deg.), the warmest days occur in December, when the mean maximum is 79.4 deg., and the coldest nights in July, when the mean minimum is 37.3 deg., and the monthly temperature 49.5 deg. Duststorms are frequent during the latter part of August and throughout September. Thunderstorms also are frequent during summer, more particularly from November to January, and destructive hailstorms are apt to occur at this season, destroying trees and crops. Strong, biting, cold, southerly winds blow from time to time during the winter, although the prevalent winds are mostly northerly.

Orange Free State Province.

The Orange Free State can be separated, roughly, into three divisions, viz., the Western, the Middle and the Eastern.

The Western division is the driest, but is the best for grazing of sheep. The soil is fertile. Rainfall averages 15 to 20 inches.

The Middle division, through which the main line railway runs, holds moisture longer than the Western division. There are large tracts of grass lands good for grazing stock. Rainfall averages 20 to 25 inches.

The Eastern division is the best watered of the three, the climate being moist. This division is the wheat-growing area, and large quantities of wheat and other cereals can be grown. It is fairly well adapted for stock, but the winter is somewhat severe. Rainfall averages 25 to 30 inches.

The heat, especially in the Middle and Western divisions, is great during the months of December, January and February, the temperature at Bloemfontein (altitude 4,510 feet above the sea) has risen on individual days to 102 deg. Fahr. at noon in the shade, the mean maximum being 74.2 deg. and the mean minimum 47.8 deg.

The Eastern division is cooler, and in winter it is no unusual sight to see snow on the mountains. Harrismith is a great summer resort for the people of Durban and Maritzburg (Natal), the temperature there being cool and delightful in summer.

The following is the mean monthly and annual rainfall at Bloemfontein:—January, 3.70 inches; February, 3.37; March, 3.56; April, 1.81; May, 1.10; June, 0.39; July, 0.33; August, 0.49; September, 0.86; October, 1.59; November, 2.12; December, 2.26. Total 21.58 inches.

Vital Statistics.

As the registration of births and deaths amongst the non-European population is imperfect, the birth and death rates cannot be calculated accurately.

The following are the figures for 1926 in regard to Europeans in the Union and the several Provinces:—

	Birth Rate.	Death Rate.
Cape	26.44	9.98
Natal	22.56	9.45
Transvaal ..	26.77	9.71
O.F.S.	26.14	7.93
Union	26.16	9.59

(c)

In 1926, the European marriage rates for the Union and Provinces were:—Union, 8.89 per 1,000; Cape of Good Hope, 8.45 per 1,000; Natal, 8.44 per 1,000; Transvaal, 9.70 per 1,000; and Orange Free State, 8.32 per 1,000.

Railways and Harbours.

During 1926, 4,938 vessels of 13,879,228 tons net entered the harbours of the Union.

Prior to Union, which took effect in May, 1910, the state railways of the several colonies now comprising the Union were operated by the separate Governments. In May, 1910, the Government lines were merged into one system, the South African Railways, under the control of the Union Government. The total open mileage of this system at 31st March, 1927, was 12,205 miles (comprising Cape 4,931, Orange Free State 1,504, Transvaal 2,959, Natal 1,459, and South-West Africa 1,352), of which 11,286 miles are 3 ft. 6 in. gauge, and 920 miles 2 ft. gauge.

The capital expenditure on Government railways up to 31st March, 1927, amounted to 128,024,206*l*.

The gross earnings for 1926-27 were 24,093,347*l*. and the net profit after payment of interest 262,514*l*.

Working expenditure (including renewals), amounted to 19,437,177*l*., or 80.68 per cent. of the gross revenue, as compared with 18,735,325*l*., or 77.58 per cent. of the gross revenue in the preceding year. Between 1922 and 1927, Railway Construction Acts were passed authorising the construction of 1,958 miles of new railway; 1,170 miles had been completed and opened by 30th September, 1927. Of the balance of 788 miles, active construction work is in progress on lines aggregating 422 miles and a further 47 miles will be commenced before 31st March, 1928. The remaining lines will follow in due course. In August, 1926, the Administration acquired the 205 miles of railway between Worcester and Fore Bay Junction, formerly owned by the New Cape Central Railway Company.

Harbours.

Harbour works on an extensive scale have been constructed at Table Bay (Cape Town), Port Elizabeth, East London, and Durban. All Union ports are under direct control of the Department of Railways and Harbours.

Table Bay.

The shipping accommodation consists of an outer harbour, formed in part by the breakwater 3,640 feet long and a south arm running parallel with it, enclosing an area of 67 acres, which, with the inner basin, makes a total area of 75½ acres, with about 2½ miles of berthage, and a depth ranging from 20 to 38 feet at low water. The depth at Harbour entrance is 40 feet L.W.O.S.T. Roadstead anchorage under shelter of the breakwater is available for vessels of any draught. The normal capacity of the Docks is 8,000 tons per diem. There is also a graving dock of 500 feet capacity on the keel blocks with a depth of 25 feet over the sill at entrance at H.W.O.S.T. and a slip is available for vessels up to 500 tons, also a floating dock with a lifting capacity of 450 tons.

The following harbour extension works have been authorised and are in hand:—

- (1) Extension of the Breakwater by 1,500 feet to shelter entrance to new basin.

(2) Widening of the South Arm to a width of 700 feet providing for quays equipped with modern electric cranes and four double-storey sheds, together with adequate railway siding accommodation.

(3) A protecting random block mole to the southward of the widened South Arm which will enclose a new basin of 196 acres.

The port is also equipped with a grain elevator of 30,000 tons capacity and loading facilities to the quay adjacent there, also cold storage accommodation on one of the principal quays, etc., capacity 4,728 shipping tons. This installation is most up-to-date in that it embodies the latest improvements in refrigeration.

Port Elizabeth.

The works at Port Elizabeth consist of two jetties, 1,160 feet and 1,204 feet respectively long, and a third jetty, 1,460 feet long.

There is also a slipway capable of carrying vessels of 400 tons dead weight drawing 9 feet 3 inches to 14 feet 7 inches at H.W.O.S.T.

The existing capacity of the Port so far as safe anchorage is concerned is very large, and is limited only by the available appliances for landing and shipping. These can handle approximately 6,000 tons of cargo per diem.

A scheme has been approved by Government for the provision of large sheltering works. The proposal involves the construction of a solid breakwater extending in continuation of the Dom Pedro Jetty for about 3,000 feet in an easterly direction, when it changes its course to a northerly direction for about another 5,000 feet.

This breakwater will shelter the anchorage up to a depth of 6½ fathoms.

The estimated cost of this proposed breakwater is 1,500,000*l*. Up to 31st March, 1927, 2,414 feet length of breakwater wall has been constructed and the work is still in progress.

East London.

The port of East London is situated at the mouth of the Buffalo River, the entrance being protected by solid breakwaters on both sides. The South Breakwater extends beyond the North Breakwater to the extent of 750 feet with a width between them of 700 feet.

The demolition of the old Eastern Pier is approaching completion and will provide a width of 500 feet between the banks of the river inside the entrance, thus greatly facilitating navigation.

The Harbour area is 100 acres in extent. Vessels drawing up to 25 feet and of a tonnage of 9,000 tons gross register can enter the river and discharge alongside the quays, the total length of which amounts to 3,000 feet of deep water berthage with depths of from 27 feet 9 inches to 32 feet L.W.O.S.T. and 2,000 feet of lesser depth suitable for berthing smaller vessels.

A patent slip provides every facility for slipping and effecting repairs to vessels up to 1,000 tons dead weight.

Durban.

Durban harbour is accessible at all times to the largest vessels navigating southern waters.

The harbour is approached through the Bluff Channel, 4,000 feet in length, formed by a north pier and a south breakwater. The width and depth of channel vary, but nowhere is there a less width than 400 feet and there is an average working depth of 32 feet at L.W.O.S.T. The average working depth at the entrance is 37 feet at L.W.O.S.T. The land-locked bay

inside these piers extends about 3½ miles east and west, and nearly two miles north and south. The wharves have a length of 2,74 miles, with depths alongside of from 23 feet to 38 feet 6 inches L.W.O.S.T. The deep-water space available for shipping covers about one-ninth of the area, and gives a low-water depth of not less than 30 feet over its greater part.

The harbour is equipped with a grain elevator of 42,000 tons capacity and is capable of handling bulk grain at the rate of 1,000 tons per hour.

There is a floating dock of the following dimensions:—

Length over platform ..	475 feet.
Breadth	60 "
Draught over keel block ..	23 "
Lifting capacity	6,500 tons.

The Prince Edward Graving Dock was opened in June, 1925. The dock may be divided into two compartments, the inner 460 feet in length and the outer 660 feet. Extreme length 1,166 feet 4 inches. Length on keel blocks, 1,150 feet (in case of emergency the length can be increased to 1,191 feet); width at entrance, 110 feet; width at coping, 138 feet 6 ins.; width at floor, 110 feet; depth on sill, H.W.O.S.T., 41 feet, L.W.O.S.T., 35 feet; spring tide rise, 6 feet; coping above L.W.O.S.T., 12 feet; floor of outer end (below L.W.O.S.T.), 40 feet; rise of floor, 1 in 660.

Sea and Land Communications.

The mail steamers of the Union-Castle Mail Steamship Company, under contract with the Union Government, leave England and the Union (Table Bay) weekly on Fridays, the passage to be effected in 16 days 15 hours, and in 17 days 6 hours when the steamer is required to touch at St. Helena and Ascension. The calls at St. Helena and Ascension however are made by the intermediate steamers under agreement with the British Post Office. The distance by sea from England to the Union varies from 5,866 to 6,146 miles, according to the course followed. The mail steamers call at Madeira on the outward and homeward voyages.

The mail steamers leave Table Bay weekly on Tuesdays for Natal, calling at Port Elizabeth and East London to land and embark passengers, while a frequent service to Mossel Bay, Port Elizabeth, East London and Durban, is also maintained by the intermediate steamers of the Union-Castle Company. The passage to Port Elizabeth takes two days, to East London three, and to Natal four to five. From Natal the mail steamers leave weekly, calling at East London, Port Elizabeth (the call at Mossel Bay is fortnightly) and Cape Town. The Union-Castle Company also has a service via the Eastern route (through the Suez Canal), both outwards and homewards.

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There is a mail Service with Mauritius and East Coast Ports (Inhambane, Chiloane, Beira, Mozambique, Ibo, etc.), once or twice a month and at intervals of ten or twelve days with India. There are also two direct lines of Steamers between London and Durban, the average passage of which is 26 days.

Passenger train services afford communication between all the principal towns in the Union several times each week; with Rhodesia four times a week, and with Lourenço Marques four times a week. Mail trains depart from Cape

Town daily, except Mondays and Fridays, at 4 p.m. for the North and at 9.0 p.m. daily, except Fridays, for Eastern portions of Cape Province, Orange Free State, Transvaal and Natal. Return trains depart from Pretoria at 7.55 p.m., and Johannesburg at 10.0 p.m., daily, except Sundays and Thursdays, for Cape Town *via* Kimberley, and daily, except Saturdays, *via* Orange Free State, from Johannesburg at 7.45 p.m. (Pretoria, 6.30 p.m.), arriving at Cape Town on the third morning and afternoon respectively. Fast limited express trains, conveying first class passengers, are run twice weekly, leaving Cape Town 10.45 a.m. on Mondays and Fridays, arriving at Johannesburg 4.30 p.m. Tuesdays and Saturdays (Pretoria 6.25 p.m.), and leaving Johannesburg 9.50 a.m. Sundays and Thursdays (Pretoria 8.15 a.m.), arriving Cape Town 2.13 p.m. Mondays and Fridays. The train from Cape Town on Mondays connects with the incoming European mail steamer, and the train from Johannesburg on Thursdays connects with the outgoing mail steamer from Cape Town at 4 p.m. on Fridays. The trains are specially fitted throughout to ensure the comfort of passengers and are very popular with travellers.

On Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays a train departs from Cape Town at 4.0 p.m. for Rhodesia. Connection from Transvaal is made at Mafeking by 8.0 p.m. train from Johannesburg on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays. Bulawayo is reached at 8.15 a.m. on Thursdays, Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays from which station connecting trains are run to Victoria Falls, the Congo, Salisbury and Beira. In the opposite direction trains depart from Bulawayo at 5.0 p.m. on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays and are due to arrive at Johannesburg at 4.34 a.m., Pretoria at 8.32 a.m., on Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, Mondays, and Cape Town at 6.30 a.m. on Thursdays, Fridays, Sundays, Tuesdays.

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Mail trains depart from Durban at 2.15 p.m. and 5.40 p.m. daily for Johannesburg and Pretoria. In the return direction trains depart from Johannesburg at 9.15 a.m. and 8.45 p.m. daily for Durban.

Posts and Telegraphs.

At the end of March, 1927, there were in the Union 3,154 post offices, and 2,795 telegraph offices.

During the year 354,758,000 articles of mail matter were posted addressed to places within and without the Union. 2,911,000 of the articles posted were registered; 6,289,006 telegrams of all classes were forwarded; there were approximately 138,878,000 telephone calls. The number of money orders issued was 577,844 of a total value of 2,761,470*l.*, while the number paid was 539,620 of a total value of 2,483,984*l.* Postal orders issued numbered 4,461,276 amounting to 2,439,310*l.* in value, and the number paid was 3,912,519, valued at 2,085,772*l.*

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The number of depositors in the Government Savings Bank at 31st March, 1927, was 350,587, and the total amount standing to their credit 5,658,366*l.*

The Union is in telegraphic communication with Europe, *via* Loanda and Bathurst, and *via* St. Helena, Ascension, and St. Vincent by the Western route, and *via* Zanzibar and Aden by the Eastern route, and with Australia, India and the Far East, *via* Mauritius and Cocos.

Wireless Installations are established at Cape Town, Durban (Port Natal) and Port Elizabeth. A short range wireless station also exists at East London. The Cape Town and Durban stations have an effective daylight range of 1,200 miles, and the Port Elizabeth station of 300 miles; these distances are considerably exceeded in night operations, which have been successfully carried out over more than 2,500 miles at Cape Town and Durban and 1,000 miles at Port Elizabeth.

"Beam" Wireless Telegraph operations are also carried out between Capetown and London.

The rates of postage are:—

	Letters.	Newspapers.
Internal	1 <i>d.</i> per oz.	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d.</i> per 4 oz.
U.K. India & British Possessions	2 <i>d.</i> ..	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.
Other Countries ...	3 <i>d.</i> per oz.	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.
	1 <i>d.</i> each additional oz.	

Customs and Excise.

The four self-governing colonies prior to the operation of the Act of Union gave notice to the Administrations of Southern and North-Western Rhodesia of their intention to retire from the South African Customs Union Convention in terms of Article xxiii. of that Convention, with effect from 30th June, 1910; and subsequently, on the consummation of the Union of South Africa, an agreement was concluded with these Administrations to continue all the essential features of the previous Customs Convention, which agreement has been subsequently amended to permit of freedom of charges for excise. A new agreement was entered into as from the 1st January, 1925, which provided for

- The free interchange of the produce and manufactures of the Provinces of the Union, and the Territories of Southern and Northern Rhodesia, excepting any goods upon which either Government imposes any excise duties.
- The payment to the Administrations of a sum equal to (i) twelve per centum of the values originally entered for customs purposes on imported goods removed thereto ex open stocks and (ii) six per centum of the export value of goods manufactured in the Union and removed thereto: Provided that the payment on goods removed to Southern Rhodesia shall not be less than 125,000*l.* per annum and to Northern Rhodesia not less than 12,500*l.* per annum.
- The collection for and payment to the Administrations of the excise duties on Union products, other than potable spirits which are collected by the Administration as a customs duty, intended for consumption in the Territories and vice versa.
- The prohibition of the importation of (i) beef or cattle below a certain weight and (ii) scrap tobacco, dust tobacco and tobacco stems and tobacco in any form manufactured therefrom.

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37,836 miles of telegraph wire, and 320,488 miles of telephone wire were in use; there were 81,997 telephone instruments and 67,649 subscribers.

The number of depositors in the Government Savings Bank at 31st March, 1927, was 350,587, and the total amount standing to their credit 5,658,368*l.*

The Union is in telegraphic communication with Europe, *via* Loanda and Bathurst, and *via* St. Helena, Ascension, and St. Vincent by the Western route, and *via* Zanzibar and Aden by the Eastern route, and with Australia, India and the Far East, *via* Mauritius and Cocos.

Wireless Installations are established at Cape Town, Durban (Port Natal) and Port Elizabeth. A short range wireless station also exists at East London. The Cape Town and Durban stations have an effective daylight range of 1,200 miles, and the Port Elizabeth station of 300 miles; these distances are considerably exceeded in night operations, which have been successfully carried out over more than 2,500 miles at Cape Town and Durban and 1,000 miles at Port Elizabeth.

"Beam" Wireless Telegraph operations are also carried out between Capetown and London.

The rates of postage are:—

	Letters.	Newspapers.
Internal	1 <i>d.</i> per oz.	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d.</i> per 4 oz.
U.K. India & British Possessions	2 <i>d.</i> ..	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.
Other Countries ...	3 <i>d.</i> per oz.	$\frac{1}{2}$ <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.
	1 <i>d.</i> each additional oz.	

Customs and Excise.

The four self-governing colonies prior to the operation of the Act of Union gave notice to the Administrations of Southern and North-Western Rhodesia of their intention to retire from the South African Customs Union Convention in terms of Article xxiii. of that Convention, with effect from 30th June, 1910; and subsequently, on the consummation of the Union of South Africa, an agreement was concluded with these Administrations to continue all the essential features of the previous Customs Convention, which agreement has been subsequently amended to permit of freedom of charges for excise. A new agreement was entered into as from the 1st January, 1925, which provided for

- The free interchange of the produce and manufactures of the Provinces of the Union, and the Territories of Southern and Northern Rhodesia, excepting any goods upon which either Government imposes any excise duties.
- The payment to the Administrations of a sum equal to (i) twelve per centum of the values originally entered for customs purposes on imported goods removed thereto ex open stocks and (ii) six per centum of the export value of goods manufactured in the Union and removed thereto: Provided that the payment on goods removed to Southern Rhodesia shall not be less than 125,000*l.* per annum and to Northern Rhodesia not less than 12,500*l.* per annum.
- The collection for and payment to the Administrations of the excise duties on Union products, other than potable spirits which are collected by the Administration as a customs duty, intended for consumption in the Territories and vice versa.
- The prohibition of the importation of (i) beef or cattle below a certain weight and (ii) scrap tobacco, dust tobacco and tobacco stems and tobacco in any form manufactured therefrom.

The Agreement is for periods of 12 months ending 30th June of each year subject to six months' notice by either party of its intention to retire therefrom as from the 30th June following such notice. If, however, either party take steps in conflict with the spirit and intent of the Agreement, the other is at liberty to retire forthwith.

For like reasons, a Customs Agreement has been entered into between the Government of the Union and His Majesty's High Commissioner on behalf of the Territories of the Bechuanaland Protectorate, Basutoland, and Swaziland. The agreement is somewhat similar to that referred to above, but the basis laid down in Section No. 12 of the South Africa Act, 1909, for the adjustment of duties between the parties to the Agreement is followed, viz.:—The Treasury of the Union will pay out quarterly a sum in respect of such duties which shall bear to the total Customs revenue of the Union in each year the same proportion as the average amount of the Customs revenue of such Territories for the three completed financial years last preceding the taking effect of the South Africa Act 1909. The percentage so arrived at is applicable to both Customs and excise duties, other than the excise duties on spirits and beer, which are collected by the Territories themselves.

A uniform rate of excise duty now applies throughout the Union on spirits distilled, or beer brewed, within the Union, except in the case of spirits distilled from the products of the sugarcane, on which, when removed for consumption outside Natal, an additional excise duty is levied.

A rebate of the whole excise duty is granted on methylated spirits, on spirits used in the fortification of pure wine, or in the manufacture of motor-fuel, and on spirits exported, and a rebate of part duty on plain spirits used in any art or manufacture.

An excise duty is also levied throughout the Union on acetic and pyroligneous acids, extracts and essences of vinegar, matches, playing cards, sugar and cigarette tobacco.

Excise is levied by means of stamps on cigarettes manufactured in the Union, or in the Bechuanaland Protectorate, Basutoland, and Swaziland, when entered for consumption in the Union, or in these Territories, and an equivalent surtax is levied on imported cigarettes, whether from overseas or from Southern or Northern Rhodesia.

The principle of granting a rebate of Customs duties on all goods the growth, produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom has been abandoned and under the new Customs Tariff Act of 1925 a preferential rebate is granted on certain specified articles only. The same applies to Canada and New Zealand.

Rebates of duty are granted on numerous articles which are essential to certain specified industries.

All duties are rebated on goods in transit through any part of the Union to places outside the Union.

The duty paid on *bond fide* samples of commercial travellers is refunded if the samples are exported within twelve months from the date of importation.

A refund of the duty originally paid will be made on all articles not intended for consumption in the Union imported by *bond fide* tourists for their use while in the Union provided such articles are exported within six months from the date of importation. As regards tourists' motor cars the triptyque system is in vogue.

A rebate of Customs duty will be allowed on used household effects the *bona fide* property of settlers to the value of one hundred pounds for each adult and fifty pounds for each child but not exceeding four hundred in all for each family.

A refund of import duties is granted on goods subsequently exported to Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika, Nyasaland, Belgian Congo and Portuguese East Africa.

Commerce.

The total value of the imports and exports of the Union, exclusive of specie, has been as follows:—

Year.	Imports. £	Exports. £
1923	57,814,440	81,047,094
1924	65,815,517	84,256,972
1925	67,928,799	82,365,219
1926	72,598,157	75,267,358

Principal Articles of Import and Export, 1926.

IMPORTS (UNION).		£
Apparel .. ..	..	3,768,057
Arms and Ammunition .. ..	..	519,464
Bags .. ..	..	1,173,028
Cotton Manufactures .. ..	..	6,664,568
Drugs and Chemicals .. ..	..	1,139,790
Electrical Material and Machinery .. ..	..	2,620,242
Food and Drink .. ..	..	7,268,442
Furniture .. ..	..	810,999
Glycerine .. ..	..	346,800
Haberdashery .. ..	..	1,451,846
Hardware .. ..	..	3,979,074
Hats and Caps .. ..	..	726,540
Implements (Agricultural)† .. ..	..	1,083,910
Iron and Steel .. ..	..	1,818,300
Leather Manufactures (including Boots and Shoes) .. ..	..	1,244,237
Machinery* .. ..	..	3,954,892
Oils .. ..	..	3,093,203
Tobacco .. ..	..	85,492
Wax (Candle) .. ..	..	319,313
Wood and Timber .. ..	..	1,861,073
Woollen Manufactures .. ..	..	2,078,421

EXPORTS (UNION).		£
Asbestos .. ..	..	143,491
Bark Wattle .. ..	..	917,187
Blasting Compounds .. ..	..	9,984
Buchu Leaves .. ..	..	8,841
Coal‡ .. ..	..	1,418,908
Copper .. ..	..	2,000
Diamonds .. ..	..	10,732,810
Feathers (Ostrich) .. ..	..	71,922
Fish .. ..	..	269,265
Fodder .. ..	..	114,396
Fruit .. ..	..	888,649
Gold .. ..	..	32,559,637
Hides and Skins .. ..	..	2,619,045
Mohair .. ..	..	741,715
Oil (Whale) .. ..	..	287,217
Sugar .. ..	..	797,702
Tin Ore .. ..	..	205,614
Tobacco .. ..	..	109,915
Wines .. ..	..	26,906
Wool .. ..	..	12,645,851

(UNION).

The Imports from the United Kingdom and British Possessions amounted to 48·90 and 13·52 per cent. respectively, and 61·42 per cent. of the Exports were shipped to the United Kingdom.

* Includes Agricultural Machinery.

† Excluding Agricultural and Electrical Machinery.

‡ Excluding Bunker Coal.

The following table gives the total values and percentages of general merchandise imported, according to countries, for two years :—

Imports into British South Africa of General Merchandise (exclusive of Specie and Government Stores).

Country of Origin.	1925.		1926.	
	Value.	Per cent. of Total.	Value.	Per cent. of Total.
	£		£	
United Kingdom	33,354,710	50·4	34,899,149	49·3
Australia	2,023,521	3·1	1,432,188	2·0
India	5,212,265	4·8	2,630,525	3·8
Canada	2,335,551	3·5	2,235,805	3·2
Other British Possessions ...	917,719	1·4	1,469,604	2·0
Total British Possessions ...	3,489,356	12·8	7,806,122	11·0
Total British Empire	41,844,066	63·2	42,697,271	60·3
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>				
Germany	3,948,632	6·0	4,732,964	6·7
United States	9,915,473	15·0	11,915,261	16·8
Belgium	961,148	1·3	1,060,217	1·5
Sweden	948,822	1·4	1,238,224	1·7
Holland	951,965	1·4	1,122,123	1·6
Brazil	1,115,436	1·7	994,364	1·4
France	1,189,639	1·8	1,402,657	2·0
Other Foreign Countries ...	5,424,699	8·2	5,641,358	8·0
Total Foreign Countries ...	24,356,064	36·8	28,127,167	39·7
Total General Merchandise ...	66,200,130	100·0	70,824,438	100·0

Production and Industries.

The value of mineral production of Union for the years 1925 and 1926 was as follows :—

Description.	1925.	1926.
	£	£
Arsenic	790	122
Asbestos	152,115	216,466
Coal	3,882,118	4,046,620
Coke	92,643	106,153
Copper	514,219	494,852
Corundum	13,229	44,871
Diamonds	8,198,128	10,683,647
Gold*	40,767,981	42,285,139
Graphite	1,510	1,575
Iron Ore	—	16,958
Iron Pyrite	3,400	3,376
Lead	55,966	5,726
Magnesite	4,007	4,211
Manganese	817	744
Mica	4,577	2,969
Mineral Paints	—	507
Platinum	—	93,307
Quarry Products†	105,248	84,107
Silver	166,898	128,580
Soda	13,480	22,970
Sulphate of Ammonia	11,920	10,680
Talc	262	385
Tar	8,441	15,466
Tin	304,552	310,899
Other Coal By-products	4,010	5,044
Osmiridium	170,995	96,734
Chrome Ore	21,001	14,623
Kaolin	—	—
Vanadium	—	—
Total	54,478,307	58,694,781

* Premium included, 4,087,191*l.* in 1924.

† Including flintand gypsum.

In 1926 the Witwatersrand mines produced 9,656,778 ounces of fine gold, valued at 41,019,384*l.*

The average number of employees on the mines in 1926 was : gold mines, 215,747 ; diamond mines, 72,041 ; coal mines, 33,312 ; other mines, 14,933.

The principal cereal and other crops for the Union of South Africa for the years 1923-24 and 1924-25 were as follows :—

Description.	1923-24.	1924-25.
	Tons. (2,000 lb.).	Tons. (2,000 lb.).
Wheat	179,196	213,957
Barley	25,077	24,607
Oats	105,540	119,503
Kaffir Corn	122,962	243,653
Maize	1,123,884	2,429,558
Potatoes	105,886	155,447
Cotton	5,002	10,196
Tobacco	5,703	6,861
Tea (manufactured)	438	510
Sugar	203,360†	161,250†

† Gross output at mills.

The number of the principal classes of live stock in 1923-24 and 1924-25 were as follows :—

Description.	1923-4†.	1924-25.
Horses	848,436	814,894
Mules	124,686	124,010
Asses	721,850	729,856
Cattle	9,606,274	9,738,337
Ostriches	206,785	162,732
Sheep, Woolled	26,936,897	32,005,627
Sheep, other than Woolled	5,065,951	3,564,085
Goats, Angora	2,126,631	2,137,194
Goats, other than Angora	5,937,123	5,886,663
Pigs	778,147	800,883

† Excluding Livestock in towns.

Manufacturing Industries.

In 1924-25, there were 7,206 establishments employing 71,004 Europeans and 120,594 non-Europeans. Value of land and buildings 21,671,888*l.*; value of machinery, plant and tools 31,952,302*l.*; total amount of salaries and wages paid, 21,504,084*l.*; value of fuel used 3,453,954*l.*; value of materials used, 42,292,316*l.*; the gross value of output, 84,159,604*l.*

The following are some of the chief articles manufactured.

Description.	Quantity.	Value.
		£
Bacon and Ham ..	3,055 tons	380,898
Butter	5,383 "	909,254
Cheese	2,761 "	251,918
Flour and Meal ..	254,285 "	4,891,518

Description.	Quantity.	Value.
		£
Fruit, dried ..	346 tons	17,823
Fruit, bottled and canned ..	2,721 "	123,370
Jams and Jellies ..	7,982 "	346,924
Sweets	11,931 "	998,606
Crayfish, canned ..	2,671 "	240,762
Boots and Shoes ..	2,663,182 pairs	1,471,216
Candles	9,432 tons	521,744
Leather	4,769 "	812,662
Manures and Fer-		
tilizers	87,588 "	569,476
Soap	24,437 "	1,231,761
Tobacco	4,788 "	593,381
Cigars	3,745,159 No.	10,327
Cigarettes	1,684,281,064 "	1,642,818

JOINT STOCK BANKS.

Years ending 31st Dec.	Including Head Offices.		*Notes in Circulation.	Deposits.	Coin and Bullion.
	Capital Subscribed.	Paid-up.			
	£	£	£	£	£
1923	11,468,960	4,773,065	1,043,798	77,764,715	2,720,991
1924	11,468,960	4,773,065	713,866	76,863,464	2,545,739
1925	11,497,502	4,801,607	790,967	78,642,325	3,030,747
1926	16,404,492	7,706,731	1,318,100	94,658,612	3,585,858

* *NOTE.*—The notes circulate outside the Union. The S.A. Reserve Bank has sole right of note issue for twenty-five years and its notes alone circulate in the Union.

Money, Weights and Measures.

Coinage.—A Coinage Act passed in 1922 provided for the minting of Union coins with the same denominations and relative values as those of Great Britain.

Weights and Measures.—The Weights and Measures Act, 1922, which was to come into effect early in 1923, makes provision for the standardization of the metric system of weights and measures, with the optional use of imperial standards in defined cases.

The following old Dutch measures are still used: *Liquid Measure:* Leaguur=about 129 imperial gallons; half aum=16½ imperial gallons; anker=7½ imperial gallons. *Capacity:* muid=3 bushels. The general surface measure is *Morgen*, equal to 2·1165402 acres; 1,000 Cape lineal feet are equal to 1,033 British imperial feet.

*Land Administration.**Union of South Africa.*

The Land Settlement Act (No. 12 of 1912), as amended by Act No. 23 of 1917, 28 of 1920, 21 of 1922, 38 of 1924 and 26 of 1925, provides *inter alia*, for the purchase by government of private farms for persons able to pay not less than one-tenth of the purchase price of such farms in cash, the remainder of the purchase price including inspection, survey and transfer costs (if any) and an amount representing 4 per cent. for the first and second years, being repayable in seventy-six equal half-yearly instalments, including capital and interest calculated from the date of purchase at the rate of four per cent. per annum. No instalments are payable during the first and second years of the lease. The Act also provides for the disposal of Crown land, and any land the government may under this Act acquire from private persons, on lease for five years with option of purchase to approved applicants. One important condition of the allotment is that of continuous personal occupation of the land by the

lessees. Advances may be made to lessees for the purchase of stock, implements, seeds and other things necessary for the development and working of the holding, but such advances must not exceed 500*l.* The Minister of Lands, on the recommendation of a Land Board, may cause boring operations to be effected or improvements of a substantial and permanent nature to be constructed and add the cost thereof to the valuation of the holding.

The Act lays down the qualifications of intending lessees, and prescribes that they must possess capital sufficient for beneficially developing and working the holdings applied for.

Not less than ten years after the date of commencement of a lease, a lessee is entitled to a Crown grant of his own holding, provided the purchase price has been paid and the provisions of the Act have been complied with.

In special cases the 10 year period may be waived and the 1922 Act provides that if after 5 years the holding has been sufficiently enhanced Crown grant can be issued and a mortgage bond passed for the residue of the purchase price and any sums owing for advances.

Geological Survey.

The geological survey of the Transvaal, together with what was formerly the Cape geological commission, have been incorporated together as the geological survey of the Union of South Africa, under the direction of A. W. Rogers, Sc.D.

The publications consist of annual reports, memoirs, maps, and palaeontological papers.

Forests.

The total area reserved for forest purposes in the Union of South Africa in March, 1926, was approximately 2,668,000 acres. The timbered area of the reserves is approximately 900,000 acres, of which some 154,548 acres consist of

plantations. The Union is divided into six conservancies, each controlled by a Conservator of Forests, stationed at Cape Town, King William's Town, Knysna, Umtata, Pretoria, and Maritzburg respectively, who is responsible to the Chief Conservator of Forests for the Union at Pretoria. The policy of the Forest Department is to conserve and utilise to the best advantage the indigenous forests, and to add to the forest resources of the country by the afforestation of about 15,000 acres per annum. Expenditure on forests, including Railway Sleeper Plantations, for financial year 1926-27, 399,826*l.*, and the total revenue 124,843*l.* Timber production on forest estate during 1926-27, aggregated 2,013,066 cubic feet.

Education.

In the South Africa Act (1909), Section 85 (3), it is provided that "Education, other than higher education, for a period of five years and thereafter until Parliament otherwise provides, shall be and remain under the jurisdiction of the respective Provincial Councils."

Under Act No. 5 of 1922, a definition is given of the term "higher education."

Section 11 of that Act, as amended by Section 14 of Act No. 46 of 1925, reads as follows:—

The expression "higher education" as used in Section 85 of the South Africa Act, 1909, shall include *inter alia*—

- (a) education provided by Universities and University Colleges incorporated by law;
- (b) education provided by the South African native College;
- (c) education provided by such technical institutions (including schools of art, music, commerce, technology, agriculture, mining and domestic science), as the Minister of Education may declare to be places of higher education;
- (d) such part of the education provided by other technical institutions as the Minister of Education may, after consultation with the provincial administration concerned, declare to be higher education;
- (e) any other education which, with the consent of the provincial administration concerned, the Minister of Education may declare to be higher education.

In terms of clauses, (c), (d) and (e) above, the Provinces have been relieved of all vocational education (technical, industrial, and agricultural) and the Department of Education under the Minister is therefore now concerned with—

I. Universities and university colleges comprising the following:—

1. *University of South Africa* with the following constituent colleges—Transvaal University College, Pretoria; Potchefstroom University College, Potchefstroom; Grey University College, Bloemfontein; Rhodes University College, Grahamstown; Huguenot University College, Wellington, C.P.; Natal University College, Pietermaritzburg.
2. *University of Capetown.*
3. *University of Stellenbosch.*
4. *University of the Witwatersrand.*

II. Technical colleges which have been established under Act No. 30 of 1923 at the following centres—Capetown, Durban, Johannesburg, Port Elizabeth, East London, Pretoria, Pietermaritzburg.

III. Industrial, trade and agricultural schools, (State and State-aided), at various centres throughout the Union.

The number of students at Universities and University Colleges for the year 1925, was 5,600. The State expenditure on higher education as above defined during the financial year 1925-26, was 541,000*l.*

Provision is made on the vote of the department of a grant-in-aid to the South African Native College at Alice, Cape Province, an institution for the higher education of natives, which was formally opened in February, 1916, and at the end of the 1926 Session (December), had 96 students. The administration of the Children's Protection Act, 1913, and the Government Industrial Schools established thereunder has recently been transferred to this department.

Native Affairs.

The native population of the Union at the census of 1921 was as follows:—Cape of Good Hope, 1,640,162; Natal, 1,139,804; Transvaal, 1,495,869; Orange Free State, 421,978, making a total of 4,697,813, or 67·80 per cent. of the whole population. In the Cape Province the native population is centred in the native territories and a number of eastern districts, with Kingwilliamstown as the area with the densest native population. In Natal, about one-quarter of the native population is to be found in Zululand, while in the rest of the province the natives are distributed evenly throughout the various districts. In Zululand they are, however, less densely settled than in the remainder of Natal. In the Transvaal the bulk of the native population is contained in the Witwatersrand area, which is largely urban and has a high density, and in the northern portion of the province forming the greater part of the Bushveld. In the Orange Free State the natives are principally located in the central and eastern districts, adjoining the Basutoland border.

The South Africa Act preserves for the election of members of the House of Assembly the franchise laws of the different colonies comprising the Union, as they existed on the 31st May, 1910. In the Cape Province no distinction was made between European and native, and the names of a large number of natives who are qualified in respect of property or salary, as well as educationally, are included in the electoral rolls. In Natal, natives are only entitled to become parliamentary voters with the specific authority of the Governor-General. The number so authorized at the present time is negligible. There is no provision for the direct representation of the natives of the Transvaal and Orange Free State Provinces in the House of Assembly. In the Senate provision is made under the constitution for the inclusion of four members nominated by the Governor-General who "shall be selected on the ground mainly of their thorough acquaintance, by reason of their official experience or otherwise with the reasonable wants and wishes of the coloured races in South Africa."

The Native Affairs Act of 1920 established the Native Affairs Commission, which is an advisory body consisting of not less than three or more than five members, appointed by the Governor-General and presided over by the Minister of Native Affairs. The Act also revived for the Union the obsolescent provision of the Transvaal Law for the summoning of conferences of native persons and bodies representative of native opinion, with the object of enabling the Government to gauge more accurately the state of native thought and feeling and of affording to those not otherwise represented, the opportunity of expressing their views.

The control and administration of native affairs throughout the Union are vested in the Governor-General-in-Council, who is authorized to exercise all special powers in regard to native administration vested at the time in the Governors of the Colonies entering the Union, or exercised by other authorities as superior chiefs. The executive authority rests with a Minister of Native Affairs, who is in control of a department of state under a permanent Secretary for Native Affairs with an under-secretary and staff. In all four provinces of the Union there are native chiefs and headmen, many of whom are subsidized by the Government. Their powers, duties and jurisdiction vary in different parts of the country. All serve under district officials and are in charge of tribes and locations, as the case may be.

Local government of natives is established under the following bodies:—The Glen Grey District Council, the Transkeian Territories General Council, the Pondoland General Council, the Eastern Pondoland Trust Fund, Orange Free State Native Reserves, and Mission Stations and Communal Reserves. The Native Affairs Act of 1920 provides for the establishment of local councils in native areas which have been set aside or may hereafter be set aside as such by Parliament. Apart from such native areas, the local government and control of natives rests with the various municipal and other local government bodies.

The tenure of land by natives is regulated by the Native Land Act of 1913, which was avowedly a temporary measure with the object of maintaining the *status quo* as regards the ownership and occupation of land in the Union relatively by natives and by persons other than natives—so far as that could be done without imposing undue hardship “until Parliament should make other provision.” In 1917, the further legislation contemplated in the Act was introduced into Parliament in the shape of the Native Affairs Administration Bill, which has not, however, passed into law.

Various considerations led the Government to the conclusion that the time was not yet ripe for passing definite segregation legislation, which is the objective of the South African Government's native affairs policy, and the Native Affairs Act of 1920 was passed merely as a preliminary step in that direction. Pending the enactment of further legislation on the native land question, the Government has not hesitated to supply by administrative action indispensable requirements which it was originally intended should be met by the legislation foreshadowed in the Natives Land Act.

Applications for permits to prospect in native areas are not encouraged. Several native locations in the Cape Province have been proclaimed as areas within which prospecting is not allowed. In the Transvaal permission to prospect in locations can only be obtained with the approval of the Minister of Native Affairs and since the discovery of platinum in the province, a limited number of permits have been issued having regard to the undesirability, from an economic point of view, of looking up what might prove to be assets of national importance.

All state and state-aided native education in the Union, with the exception of that represented by the South African Native College, is controlled by the provincial administrations in terms of the South Africa Act. Native education, other than state and state-aided education, is under the control of missionary societies.

There are numerous institutions in the Union which endeavour to provide for the needs of the native peoples in regard to higher education, i.e., education beyond Standard IV, including industrial, agricultural, and commercial education, preparation for religious ministry, and the teaching profession. By far the most important of these is the South African Native College, which was established in 1914, and has rendered inestimable service in the cause of native education. In 1923, it was declared to be “a place of higher education” under Act No. 30 of 1923. As a result of this development, the college became eligible for the receipt of grants in aid of higher education under the Act.

There are about one hundred and thirty native separatist churches, and the tendency is for the number to increase rapidly. The Select Committee of the House of Assembly on Native Affairs in 1925 recommended that, with regard to applications by churches or religious bodies for sites or other privileges depending upon Government recognition, as a general rule permission should only be granted to churches long established and enjoying universal public recognition, and, in all other cases before any application is considered by the Native Affairs Department a report should be submitted by the Native Affairs Commission in regard to the applicant body as to the demand for its existence, its stability, its capacity both financially and educationally, and the general fitness for religious work amongst natives. The recommendation was adopted and now forms the basis for administration in connection with the separate churches.

Before the establishment of the Union the control and administration of matters affecting natives in urban areas were vested in the local authorities having jurisdiction. Since 1910, the Native Affairs Department has been concerned with the oversight of all regulations submitted by local authorities for approval, and with the preparation of legislation affecting natives. The conditions prevailing in the urban native locations in all the provinces have been far from satisfactory. In the Cape of Good Hope, under the Public Health Act of 1897, local bodies are entitled to exercise supervision over native locations and to secure punishment of breaches of regulations, but no duty is cast upon them by law to see that proper provision is made for the native population. The Native Affairs Department has, however, been in a position by virtue of its indirect control, to impose this obligation on the local authorities and to enforce its fulfilment to a certain extent. In the urban areas of Natal, with the exception of Durban and Pietermaritzburg, although local authorities have the power to lay out locations and compel the residence of natives therein, the location system is untried. The native population of the town squats on the town lands, and is subject to a minimum of control. In the Transvaal, regulations for the control of locations have been framed and contain provisions in regard to public health matters, but no power exists for compelling the local authorities to carry out their share of the necessary reforms. In the Orange Free State the powers granted to local authorities in respect of the control of coloured persons (here including natives) are very wide, but are directed rather to the preservation of status than to the amelioration of the condition of the natives.

Union legislation in regard to natives in urban areas has been under consideration since 1912, but it was not until 1923 that the Natives (Urban

areas) Act was passed. The Act provides for improved conditions of residence for natives in or near urban areas and defines and describes the powers and duties of urban local authorities in respect of the native population within their areas. A system of Pass Laws is in force throughout the Union, with the exception of the Cape Province. Letters of exemption, however, are issued to natives with certain qualifications in Natal, the Transvaal, and the Orange Free State.

The principal sources of native revenue in the various provinces have been as follows:—Cape Province, hut tax, quitrent, and private location fees; Natal, hut tax and rent levied in respect of native huts on crown lands as distinct from locations; Transvaal, poll tax and rent from natives squatting on crown lands as distinct from locations; Orange Free State, poll tax. These different systems of taxation were abrogated by the Native Taxation and Development Act, 1925, which substituted a uniform system throughout the Union. Under that Act every adult male native is liable annually for a general tax of 1*l.* and in addition every native occupier of a hut or dwelling in a native location, unless he be the holder of a quitrent allotment, is liable for a local tax of 10*s.* per annum. One fifth of the general tax and the whole of the local tax are to be used for the direct benefit, educationally or otherwise, of the natives. The former charges in respect of the occupation of land, i.e., rents, etc., remain. No direct taxation can be imposed on natives by any body other than the Union Government.

The regulation of native labour employed by large industrial undertakings—a matter of fundamental economic importance to South Africa—is governed by an act of 1911, which consolidated the laws in force in the various provinces with regard to the recruiting and employment of native labour. The law provides for the appointment of a director of native labour, the issue of licences to employers and agents to recruit natives, and to compound managers, and the assessment of compensation for injuries contracted during service. The average number of natives employed in Transvaal labour districts, including mines and works, in December, 1923, was 303,230. Owing to special measures adopted and improved conditions of work, there has been a steady decline in the death rates of native labourers and an improvement in health generally during the last few years.

Cape: The Northern Border.—Early in 1878, while the war with the Amaxosa was being carried on, a number of Koranas, Griquas, Kaffirs and others living along the Orange River took up arms against the colony, their object being simply plunder. It was difficult to move a military force to such a remote quarter, and it was more than a year before the insurrection could be suppressed. A magistrate with a body of police was then stationed at Uptington, on the northern bank of the Orange. Since this date there have been no further disturbances. The northern border establishment was broken up and the special commissioner recalled on 30th June, 1888. The territory now forms the "Gordonia" district of British Bechuanaland, now part of the Cape Province.

Fingoland, Idutywa Reserve and Noman's Land were annexed to the Cape in October, 1879.

In 1877 the Gaelekas, a tribe residing beyond the Kei, under Krel, one of the leaders of the great Kaffir war of 1860-53, defied the authority of the British Government and invaded what is

now British territory. They were, however, defeated by the Colonial forces under the immediate leadership of Col. C. D. Griffith, C.M.G., then commandant of the frontier armed and mounted police. Their territory was overrun, and Krel, deposed, and his country taken as British in October, 1877.

In 1875-6 the Tembus, of Tembuland proper, gave themselves over to the Government, and in 1878 the Bomvanas did the same.

While giving effect to the desire of these tribes to come under the Cape government, it was also arranged to include in the same scheme of incorporation Gaelekaland, and a settlement of native British subjects called the Emigrant Tembus.

The above-named territories, viz., Tembuland, Emigrant Tembuland, Bomvanaland and Gaelekaland, were formally proclaimed British territory in November, 1881, and in 1885 they were annexed to the Cape Colony.

In 1885, the chief Krel, who requested to be placed on the same footing as the others, and was located in Bomvanaland, on a tract of land purchased from the chief of the Bomvanas. Palir, chief of the Ametshazi, who had previously been living in practical independence in Lower Tembuland, formally tendered his submission to Colonial rule in 1886, and he and his people were registered in the same manner as the Tembus.

The Pondomisi tribe, under the chiefs Umditshwa and Umhlonhlo, and some of the most powerful clans, allied with the Tembu tribe, took up arms against the Colony at the outbreak of the Basuto Rebellion. The Tembus proper aided the Colony. The insurrection was suppressed, and a re-settlement of the lands previously occupied by the insurgents effected, by which greater security in the future is promised.

The port at the St. John's River mouth was annexed to the Colony in 1884, and Customs dues are now levied there under a Proclamation dated 2nd August, 1881.

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In March, 1894, in consequence of the failure of Sigcau and Nqwiliso to put a stop to the cruelties and marauding prevailing in Pondoland, they were required to submit to Colonial rule and magistrates were placed in the country. By Act of the Cape Parliament, No. 5 of 1894, the whole country was annexed to the Colony.

West Pondoland was, until the date of annexation, under the chief Nqwiliso. A small strip of his territory at the mouth of the St. John's River was acquired by the Cape Government for 1,000*l.*

The District of Mount Ayliff, or the Xesibe country, after having long been administered as a dependency of Griqualand East, was formally annexed to the Colony in October, 1886, and the Rode Valley in October, 1887.

The whole of these territories are now within the Province of the Cape of Good Hope and are grouped under one Chief Magistrate, who is stationed at Umtata, while there are 27 subordinate

The control and administration of native affairs throughout the Union are vested in the Governor-General-in-Council, who is authorized to exercise all special powers in regard to native administration vested at the time in the Governors of the Colonies entering the Union, or exercised by other authorities as superior chiefs. The executive authority rests with a Minister of Native Affairs, who is in control of a department of state under a permanent Secretary for Native Affairs with an under-secretary and staff. In all four provinces of the Union there are native chiefs and headmen, many of whom are subsidized by the Government. Their powers, duties and jurisdiction vary in different parts of the country. All serve under district officials and are in charge of tribes and locations, as the case may be.

Local government of natives is established under the following bodies:—The Glen Grey District Council, the Transkeian Territories General Council, the Pondoland General Council, the Eastern Pondoland Trust Fund, Orange Free State Native Reserves, and Mission Stations and Communal Reserves. The Native Affairs Act of 1920 provides for the establishment of local councils in native areas which have been set aside or may hereafter be set aside as such by Parliament. Apart from such native areas, the local government and control of natives rests with the various municipal and other local government bodies.

The tenure of land by natives is regulated by the Native Land Act of 1913, which was avowedly a temporary measure with the object of maintaining the *status quo* as regards the ownership and occupation of land in the Union relatively by natives and by persons other than natives—so far as that could be done without imposing undue hardship “until Parliament should make other provision.” In 1917, the further legislation contemplated in the Act was introduced into Parliament in the shape of the Native Affairs Administration Bill, which has not, however, passed into law.

Various considerations led the Government to the conclusion that the time was not yet ripe for passing definite segregation legislation, which is the objective of the South African Government's native affairs policy, and the Native Affairs Act of 1920 was passed merely as a preliminary step in that direction. Pending the enactment of further legislation on the native land question, the Government has not hesitated to supply by administrative action indispensable requirements which it was originally intended should be met by the legislation foreshadowed in the Natives Land Act.

Applications for permits to prospect in native areas are not encouraged. Several native locations in the Cape Province have been proclaimed as areas within which prospecting is not allowed. In the Transvaal permission to prospect in locations can only be obtained with the approval of the Minister of Native Affairs and since the discovery of platinum in the province, a limited number of permits have been issued having regard to the undesirability, from an economic point of view, of locking up what might prove to be assets of national importance.

All state and state-aided native education in the Union, with the exception of that represented by the South African Native College, is controlled by the provincial administrations in terms of the South Africa Act. Native education, other than state and state-aided education, is under the control of missionary societies.

There are numerous institutions in the Union which endeavour to provide for the needs of the native peoples in regard to higher education, i.e., education beyond Standard IV, including industrial, agricultural, and commercial education, preparation for religious ministry, and the teaching profession. By far the most important of these is the South African Native College, which was established in 1914, and has rendered inestimable service in the cause of native education. In 1923, it was declared to be “a place of higher education” under Act No. 30 of 1923. As a result of this development, the college became eligible for the receipt of grants in aid of higher education under the Act.

There are about one hundred and thirty native separatist churches, and the tendency is for the number to increase rapidly. The Select Committee of the House of Assembly on Native Affairs in 1925 recommended that, with regard to applications by churches or religious bodies for sites or other privileges depending upon Government recognition, as a general rule permission should only be granted to churches long established and enjoying universal public recognition, and, in all other cases before any application is considered by the Native Affairs Department a report should be submitted by the Native Affairs Commission in regard to the applicant body as to the demand for its existence, its stability, its capacity both financially and educationally, and the general fitness for religious work amongst natives. The recommendation was adopted and now forms the basis for administration in connection with the separate churches.

Before the establishment of the Union the control and administration of matters affecting natives in urban areas were vested in the local authorities having jurisdiction. Since 1910, the Native Affairs Department has been concerned with the oversight of all regulations submitted by local authorities for approval, and with the preparation of legislation affecting natives. The conditions prevailing in the urban native locations in all the provinces have been far from satisfactory. In the Cape of Good Hope, under the Public Health Act of 1897, local bodies are entitled to exercise supervision over native locations and to secure punishment of breaches of regulations, but no duty is cast upon them by law to see that proper provision is made for the native population. The Native Affairs Department has, however, been in a position by virtue of its indirect control, to impose this obligation on the local authorities and to enforce its fulfilment to a certain extent. In the urban areas of Natal, with the exception of Durban and Pietermaritzburg, although local authorities have the power to lay out locations and compel the residence of natives therein, the location system is untried. The native population of the town squats on the town lands, and is subject to a minimum of control. In the Transvaal, regulations for the control of locations have been framed and contain provisions in regard to public health matters, but no power exists for compelling the local authorities to carry out their share of the necessary reforms. In the Orange Free State the powers granted to local authorities in respect of the control of coloured persons (here including natives) are very wide, but are directed rather to the preservation of status than to the amelioration of the condition of the natives.

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In 1877 the Gcalekas, a tribe residing beyond the Kei, under Krel, one of the leaders of the great Kaffir war of 1850-53, defied the authority of the British Government and invaded what is

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The whole of these territories are now within the Province of the Cape of Good Hope and are grouped under one Chief Magistrate, who is stationed at Umtata, while there are 27 subordinate

magistrates. *Griqualand East* with a population of 6,245 Europeans, 253,601 Bantu, 4,981 mixed, has eight magistrates; *Tembuland*, comprising Tembuland proper, Bomvanaland, Emigrant Tembuland, with a population of 4,204 Europeans, 228,512 Bantu, 1,849 mixed, has six magistrates; *Transkei*, comprising Fingoland, the Idutywa Reserve, Gcalekaland, with population of 2,292 Europeans, 195,410 Bantu, 393 mixed, has six magistrates; *Pondoland*, comprising East and West Pondoland and Port St. John's, with a population of 1,512 Europeans, 261,467 Bantu, 1,925 mixed, has seven magistrates.

Natal and Zululand.—In 1873, Langalibalele, chief of the Amahlubi tribe, residing in a location at foot of the Drakensberg Mountains, rebelled and escaped into Basutoland with his people and cattle. A Colonial force was despatched against the tribe and Langalibalele and many of the tribe were secured in Basutoland and given up. Langalibalele, his sons, indunas, and certain of his tribe were brought to trial under "Native Law." About 290 prisoners were condemned to various terms of imprisonment. Langalibalele himself was condemned to banishment or transportation for life and one of his sons to a similar punishment for five years. The cattle and land of the tribe were confiscated. Langalibalele and his sons were transported to the Cape of Good Hope. They were allowed to return to Natal in 1886.

The native population had until then been governed chiefly under the authority of Ordinance No. 3 of 1849, which withdrew them from the authority of the Roman-Dutch law and placed them under the personal authority of the Governor as Supreme Chief, and made native law and custom the measure of justice among them in civil and criminal matters; a concurrent jurisdiction being reserved to the ordinary law courts in cases of crime, *Mala in se*. This system of Government remains in operation at the present time, under the provisions of Laws 26, 1875, and 44, 1887. The native population was debarred from the franchise by a Law, No. 11, of 1866; but at the same time and by the same Law, regulations were laid down by which any native may, in certain cases, apply to the Governor for a certificate entitling him to the privilege. Subsequently by a Law, No. 28 of 1866, machinery was provided by which a native might procure his relief from the operation of native law.

It was decided to supersede very gradually the tribal organisation and the judicial and other authority of the chiefs. A Law No. 26 of 1875, established a Native High Court to administer civil justice to the natives and placed them under the ordinary criminal law of the Colony, except as regards political crimes, crimes arising out of native customs, and crimes declared triable under any local law by native law, all which crimes are reserved for the Native High Court. By Act No. 13, 1886, the Native High Court and the Court established by Law No. 10, 1876, were abolished and the jurisdiction of these courts transferred to the Supreme and Circuit Courts, and in certain cases to the Magistrates' Courts.

As it was found, however, that this arrangement did not work so well as had been anticipated, the Native High Court was re-established under Act No. 49, 1898, with effect from 1st July, 1899. Certain locations were specially reserved by Government and vested in the Natal Native Trust, for exclusive occupation by natives. But besides the natives occupying these lands

there are many native squatters on Crown lands and many living by regular labour on farms. By Law No. 13 of 1876, the native hut tax was raised from 7s. to 14s. Under Law No. 41 of 1884, a rent of 1l. per hut was imposed upon natives living on Crown lands. This was raised by Act No. 48 of 1903, to 2l. per hut per annum.

The area vested in the Native Trust for occupation by natives is about 2,400,000 acres, the land (127,716 acres) formerly held by certain religious missions in trust for the natives having, by Act No. 49 of 1903, been transferred to the Natal Native Trust.

Defence.

The South Africa Defence Act, 1912, which became law on the 14th June, 1912, as amended by the South Africa Defence Act Amendment Act, of 1922, provides for the establishment of Defence Forces, comprising :—

1. *The South African Permanent Force*, which consists of :—

- (i) The South African Staff Corps.
- (ii) The South African Field Artillery.
- (iii) The South African Air Force.
- (iv) The South African Permanent Garrison Artillery.
- (v) The South African Naval Service.
- (vi) The South African Instructional Corps.
- (vii) The South African Engineer Corps.
- (viii) The South African Ordnance Corps.
- (ix) The South African Service Corps.
- (x) The South African Medical Corps.
- (xi) The South African Veterinary Corps.
- (xii) The South African Administrative, Pay, and Clerical Corps.

The South African Naval Service includes the officers and men of the South African Division of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve engaged for whole-time service.

2. *The Coast Garrison Force.*

3. *The Citizen Force.*

4. *The Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.*

5. *Special Reserves.*

Every citizen between the ages of 17 and 60 is liable to render personal service in time of war and those between 17 and 25 are liable to undergo a prescribed peace training with the Active Citizen Force spread over a period of four consecutive years. The Act states, however, that only 50 per cent. of the total number liable to peace training shall actually undergo that training unless Parliament makes financial provision for the training of a greater number.

The establishment of Rifle Associations is a marked feature of the Act; citizens between the ages of 21 and 25 who are not entered for peace training with the Active Citizen Force are to be required to undergo training during these four years in a Rifle Association, thus ensuring that, in course of time, all citizens will at least know how to handle and use a rifle. As an alternative, citizens may enter for service in the South African Division of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.

Provision is also made in the Act for the cadet training of boys between 13 and 17 in urban and other populous areas where facilities can conveniently be arranged.

The Union is divided into 6 military districts. To each military district has been allotted various

units of different arms, to which the citizens entered for peace training in their 20th and 21st years are posted.

The object of the Amending Act is to provide for a small standing army with an efficient Air Force and the nucleus of a Naval Service for coastal defence.

Finances.

Year 1927-28 (to 31st March) Est. :—

Revenue £27,433,000

Expenditure 27,619,757†

The gross Public Debt of the Union at 31st March, 1927, was 231,475,948*l*.

THE PARLIAMENT OF THE UNION.

Members of the Senate, 1927.

President—The Hon. H. C. van Heerden.

Chairman of Committees—The Hon. H. G. Stuart.

Elected to represent the Cape of Good Hope Province:—Senators Frans Ginsberg, Cornelis Jakob Langenhoven, Francois Stephonus Malan, Jacobus Petrus Malan, Okkert Almero Oosthuisen, Constantine Alexander Schweizer, Charles Edward Tod (one vacancy).

Elected to represent the Natal Province:—Senators Frank Oliver Fleetwood Churchill, Walter Frederick Clayton, William Cochrane, Frank Greaves, Alexander James McGibbon, James Schofield, Jacobus Johannes Uys, Pieter and Jurie Wessels.

Elected to represent the Transvaal Province:—Senators James Dominie Francis Briggs, Nicolaas Jacobus de Wet, K.C., Johannes Lodewicus Grobler, Robert Ashford Kerr, George Glaeser Munnik, Francis William Reitz, William Kidger Tucker, C.M.G., and Andries Daniel Wynand Wolmarans.

Elected to represent the Orange Free State Province:—Senators William John Cormack Brebner, Daniel Jacobus Johannes Malan, Hendrik Francois de Wet, Charles Frederick Hammersley Meintjes, Hendrik Potgieter, Nicolaas Wilhelmus Serfontein, Wessel Jacobus Wessels and Christiaan Andries van Niekerk.

Nominated Senators, Senators *Alexander William Roberts, D.Sc., F.R.S.E., F.R.A.S., *Henri George Stuart, *Col. Sir Walter Ernest Mortimer Stanford, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., *Brig.-Gen. Daniel Jacobus Elardus Opperman, Petrus Jacobus van der Walt, Sir Charles George Smith, K.C.M.G., Johannes Petrus Steyl and Hercules Christian Van Heerden.

Officers of The Senate.

President, The Hon. H. C. van Heerden.

Chairman of Committees.—The Hon. H. G. Stuart.

Clerk of the House and Tazing Officer, E. M. O. Clough, C.M.G., 1,500*l*.

Clerk-Assistant, Accountant and Committee Clerk, Maurice Green, V.D., 1,050*l*.

Translator and Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, S. F. Du Toit, LL.B., 850*l*.

Members of the House of Assembly.

A General Election took place in June, 1924, with the following result:—

	Seats.	Gains.
South African Party	... 53 ...	0
Labour	... 18 ...	5
Nationalists	... 63 ...	14
Constitutional Democrat	... 1 ...	0

† Including Subsidies to Provinces.

* Selected on the ground mainly of thorough acquaintance, by reason of official experience or otherwise, with the reasonable wants and wishes of the coloured races.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Electoral Division.

Member.

Albany	R. H. Struben, O.B.E.
Albert	L. J. Steytler.
Aliwal	C. A. A. Sephton.
Barkly	W. B. de Villiers.
Beaconsfield	Col. Sir David Harris, K.C.M.G.
Beaufort West	P. N. Basson.
Bechuanaland	I. v. W. Raubenheimer.
Caledon	Hon. C. J. Krige.
Calvinia	Dr. The Hon. D. F. Malan.
Cape Town (Central)	Hon. J. W. Jagger.
Cape Town (Gardens)	O. W. A. Coulter.
Cape Town (Hanover Street)	M. Alexander, K.C.
Cape Town (Harbour)	Maj. G. B. van Zyl.
Ceres	J. W. J. van Roux.
Colesberg	G. A. Louw.
Craddock	G. C. van Heerden.
East London (City)	Rev. W. W. Rider.
East London (North)	Brig.-Gen. the Hon. J. J. Byron, C.M.G., D.S.O.
Fort Beaufort	Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas W. Smartt, P.C., K.C.M.G.
George	G. F. Brink.
Gordonia	J. H. Conradie.
Graaff-Reinet	I. P. van Heerden.
Griqualand	L. D. Gilson.
Hopetown	Dr. A. J. Stals.
Humansdorp	Hon. C. W. Malan.
Kimberley	Sir Ernest Oppenheimer, Kt.
Kingwilliamstown	Maj. R. Ballantine.
Ladismith	J. J. M. van Zyl.
Liesbeek	C. Pearce.
Malmesbury	P. A. Bergh.
Namaqualand	J. P. Moert.
Newlands	R. Stuttaford.
Oudshoorn	S. P. Le Roux.
Paarl	Dr. A. L. de Jager.
Piquetberg	J. H. H. de Waal.
Port Elizabeth (C.)	Col. The Hon. D. Reitz.
Port Elizabeth (S.)	Sir W. Maciutoeh, Kt.
Queenstown	L. Moffat.
Riversdale	A. L. Badenhorst.
Rondebosch	R. W. Close, K.C.
Salt River	W. J. Snow.
Somerset	L. J. Vosloo.
South Peninsula	Sir F. D. P. Chaplin, G.B.E., K.C.M.G.
Stellenbosch	J. P. Louw.
Swellendam	E. Buirsik.
Tembuland	A. O. B. Payn.
Three Rivers	D. M. Brown, O.B.E.
Uitenhage	F. T. Bates.
Victoria West	F. J. du Toit.
Wodehouse	O. S. Vermooten.
Worcester	C. B. Heatlie.

NATAL.

Dundee	Sir Thomas Watt, K.C.M.G.
Durban (Berea)	J. Henderson.
Durban (Central)	C. P. Robinson.
Durban (Greyville)	Hon. T. Boydell.
Durban (Point)	Maj. A. M. Miller, D.S.O.
Durban (Stamford Hill)	F. J. Lennox.
Durban (Umbilo)	G. Reyburn.
Illovo	J. S. Marwick.
Klip River	H. E. K. Anderson.
Natal (Coast)	Brig.-Gen. W. Arnott, C.M.G.
Newcastle	O. R. Nel.

<i>Electoral Division.</i>	<i>Member.</i>
Pietermaritzburg (N.)	T. G. Strachan.
Pietermaritzburg (S.)	W. J. O'Brien, O.B.E.
Umvoti	Hon. W. A. Deane.
Vryheid	Hon. E. G. Jansen.
Weenen	Maj. G. B. Richards.
Zululand	G. H. Nicholls.

TRANSVAAL.

Barberton	W. H. Rood.
Benoni	Hon. W. B. Madeley.
Bethal	Lt.-Col. H. S. Grobler, D.T.D.
Bezuidenhout	L. Blackwell, M.C.
Boksburg	J. J. McMenamin.
Brakpan	R. B. Waterston.
Christiana	H. H. Moll.
Delarey	A. S. van Hees.
Denver	Hon. F. H. P. Creswell, D.S.O.
Ermelo	Col.-Cdt. W. R. Collins, D.T.D., D.S.O.
Fordsburg	J. S. F. Pretorius.
Germiston	G. Brown.
Heidelberg	S. D. de Wet.
Hospital	H. B. Papenfus, K.C.
Jeppe	H. W. Sampson, O.B.E.
Johannesburg (North)	L. Geldenhuys.
Klerksdorp	P. C. de Villiers.
Krugersdorp	Rev. B. R. Hattingh.
Langlaagte	J. Christie.
Lichtenburg	Hon. T. J. de V. Roos, K.C.

Losberg	G. P. Brits.
Lydenburg	J. Nieuwenhuize.
Marico	J. J. Pienaar.
Middelburg	J. D. Heyns.
North-East Rand	Dr. H. Reitz.
Parktown	W. Rockey, O.B.E.
Pietersburg	J. F. Naudé.
Potchefstroom	Rev. M. L. Fick.
Pretoria (Central)	C. T. te Water.
Pretoria District (N.)	H. Oost.
Pretoria District (S.)	Dr. H. D. van Broekhuizen.
Pretoria (East)	C. W. Giovanetti, C.B.E.
Pretoria (West)	G. A. Hay.
Rodepoort	Rev. J. Mullineux.
Rustenburg	Hon. P. G. W. Grobler.
Springs	J. Allen.
Standerton	Gen. The Rt. Hon. J. C. Smuts, P.C., C.H., D.T.D., K.C.

Troyeville	M. Kentridge.
Turffontein	A. C. Fordham.
Ventersdorp	L. J. Boshoff.
Von Brandis	E. Nathan.
Vrededorp	Dr. T. C. Visser.
Wakkerstroom	A. S. Naudé.
Waterberg	P. W. le R. van Niekerk.
Witbank	A. I. E. de Villiers.
Witwatersberg	Lt.-Col. N. J. Pretorius, D.T.D., D.S.O.
Wolmaransstad	Gen. The Hon. J. C. G. Kemp.
Wonderboom	B. J. Pienaar.
Yeoville	Hon. P. Duncan, K.C., C.M.G.
Zoutpansberg	O. Pirow, K.C.

ORANGE FREE STATE.

Bethlehem	Dr. D. G. Conradie.
Bloemfontein (North)	A. G. Barlow.
Bloemfontein (South)	Dr. C. F. Steyn, K.C.
Boshof	J. J. van Rensburg.
Edenburg	Hon. F. W. Beyers, K.C.

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Ficksburg	J. G. Keyter.
Frankfort	J. B. Weesels.
Harrismith	A. A. Cilliers.
Heilbron	M. L. Malan.
Hoopstad	E. A. Conroy.
Kroonstad	P. J. Terreblanche.
Ladybrand	O. R. Swart.
Smithfield	Gen. The Hon. J. B. M. Hertzog.
Vrededorp	J. H. Munnik.
Wepener	D. Hugo.
Winburg	Dr. N. J. van der Merwe.

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<i>Deputy-Chairman,</i> A. G. Barlow, 100l.
<i>Clerk of the House,</i> D. H. Visser, 1,700l.
<i>Clerk-Assistant and Accountant,</i> R. Kilpin, 1,090l.
<i>Second Clerk-Assistant,</i> C. Wyndham, 920l.
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<i>Assistant Committee Clerks,</i> J. F. Knoll, 800l.; J. Meier, 700l.; L. A. Wyndham, 500l.
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<i>Assistant Librarian,</i> J. F. Zahn, 550l.
<i>Library Assistant,</i> M. Murray, 350l.

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<i>Governor-General,</i> Major-General the Earl of Athlone, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., A.D.C., 10,000l. per annum.
<i>Secretary,</i> Captain H. T. Birch Raynardson.
<i>Private Secretary and Comptroller of the House- hold,</i> Capt. R. C. Hargreaves, M.V.O., M.C.
<i>Aides-de-Camp,</i> Capt. J. N. P. Lascelles, Cold- stream Guards, Capt. G. Fielden, 7th Hussars, Lieut. E. St. J. Edmonstone, R.N.
<i>Chief Clerk,</i> H. L. Smith.

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<i>Prime Minister and Minister of Native Affairs,</i> General the Hon. J. B. M. Hertzog, 3,500l.
<i>Minister of Mines and Industries,</i> Hon. F. W. Beyers, 2,500l.
<i>Minister of Railways and Harbours,</i> Hon. C. W. Malan, 2,500l.
<i>Minister of Justice,</i> Hon. Tielman J. Roos, K.C., 2,500l.
<i>Minister of the Interior, of Public Health, and of Education,</i> Hon. Dr. D. F. Malan, 2,500l.
<i>Minister of Lands,</i> The Hon. P. G. W. Grobler, 2,500l.
<i>Minister of Public Works and of Posts and Telegraphs,</i> Hon. W. B. Madeley, 2,500l.
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<i>Minister of Agriculture,</i> General The Hon. J. C. G. Kemp, 2,500l.
<i>Minister of Defence,</i> Col. The Hon. F. H. P. Creswell, 2,500l.

Minister of Labour, Hon. T. Boydell, 2,500l.
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Assistant Secretary to the Prime Minister and Assistant Clerk of the Council, W. J. H. Farrell.
High Commissioner for the Union in London, J. S. Smit.

Prime Minister's Department.

Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs, General The Hon. J. B. M. Hertzog, 3,500l.
Secretary to the Prime Minister and Secretary for External Affairs, Dr. H. D. J. Bodenstein.
Assistant Secretary to the Prime Minister, Assistant Secretary for External Affairs, and Clerk of the Executive Council, W. J. H. Farrell.
Private Secretary, D. Steyn, B.A., LL.B.

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Minister of Agriculture, General The Hon. J. C. G. Kemp.
Secretary for Agriculture, Lt. Col. G. N. Williams, D.S.O., 1,440l.*
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Accountant, W. H. L. Friedrichs, 800l.*
Editor of Publications, G. W. Klerck, 750l.*

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Senior Veterinary Officer (Cape West), J. Spreull, F.R.C.V.S., 900l.*
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Chief of Division, St. C. O. Sinclair, M.A., D.Sc., F.C.S., F.I.C., 1,010l.*

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Chief of Division, Col. H. S. Du Toit, D.T.D., M.Sc., 1,040l.
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Chief of Division, W. J. Lamont, 1,040l.*
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Cedara (Natal), *Principal*, J. Fisher, B.Sc., N.D.A., 1,000l.
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A. Kuit.

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C. T. M. Wilcocks.

O. M. Hoffe, *Secretary.*

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 R. B. Gettliffe, M.Inst.T., *Assistant General Manager, Johannesburg.*
 G. H. Whitehouse, M.Inst.C.E., M.Inst.T. (acting), *Assistant General Manager, Durban.*
 T. H. Watermeyer, M.Inst.C.E., *Assistant General Manager, Cape Town.*
 J. A. Harris, M.Inst.T. (acting), *Assistant General Manager, Bloemfontein.*
 R. C. Wallace, M.Inst.C.E., M.Inst. T., *Chief Civil Engineer, Johannesburg.*
 Col. F. R. Collins, V.D., D.S.O., M.Inst.C.E., M.Inst.Loco.E., *Chief Mechanical Engineer, Pretoria.*
 W. Marshall, M.Inst.T. (acting), *Chief Accountant, Johannesburg.*
 H. J. Lyddon, *Chief Railway Storekeeper, Johannesburg.*
 A. H. Simmons, *Catering Manager, Johannesburg.*
 A. H. Tatlow, F.R.G.S., *Manager, Publicity Department, Johannesburg.*
 C. A. Smith, M.Inst.T., *Shipping Manager, Johannesburg.*
 J. D. White, *Manager, Road Motor Services, Johannesburg.*
 W. B. Dawson, *Tourist and Travel Manager, Johannesburg.*
 G. S. Oettle, *Director, South African Government Tourist Bureau, New York.*
 G. E. Chittenden, *Director, South African Government Publicity Bureau, London.*

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Administration.

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* Draw local allowance in addition to salary.

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*Assistant Health Officers for the Union:—Pretoria, *Sir E. N. Thornton, K.B.E., M.R.C.S., D.P.H., 1,300l.; *E. H. Cluver, M.D., M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H., 1,080l.; *W. A. Murray, B.A., M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., 1,080l. Cape Town, F. C. Willmot, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H., 1,240l. Durban, *G. A. Park-Ross, M.D., D.P.H., 1,240l.*

*Chief Clerk and Secretary to the Council of Public Health, Pretoria, *A. de V. Brunt, 900l. plus 100l. personal.*

Medical Superintendent, Rietfontein Hospital, Johannesburg, J. Daneel, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S., 900l.

*Medical Superintendent, Leper Institution, Pretoria, *J. W. de Vos, M.B., Ch.B., 1,000l.*

Medical Superintendent, Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Nelspoort, S. S. Hewitt, M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., R.O.P.S., 900l.

Medical Officer, Robben Island Leper Institution (post vacant).

Medical Officer, Emjanyana Leper Institution, A. R. Davison, M.B.C.S., L.R.O.P., 725l.

Pathological Laboratories.

Government Pathologist, Cape, Dr. G. W. Robertson, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Consulting Pathologist (part-time), 600l.

*Government Pathologist, Durban, *Dr. W. F. Rhodes, B.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., 980l.*

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Under Secretary for the Interior, H. Pring, 950l.

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Principal Immigration Officer, Cape, J. L. Conway, 650l.

Principal Immigration Officer, Natal, H. R. Teague, 675l.

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Physician Superintendent, Grahamstown Mental Hospital, Dr. E. F. W. Moon, 1,000l., quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Fort Beaufort Mental Hospital, Dr. H. W. Glashan, 1,000l., quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Queenstown Mental Hospital, Dr. F. D. Crosthwaite, 1,000l., quarters.

Assistant Physician Superintendent, Port Alfred Mental Hospital, Dr. A. H. Croly, 800l., quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Witrand Institution for Feeble-minded, Potchefstroom, Dr. W. Russell, M.C., 1,000l., quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Pietermaritzburg Mental Hospital, Dr. H. E. Brown, O.B.E., 1,200l., quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Valkenberg Mental Hospital, Dr. E. W. D. Swift, 1,200l., quarters. Physician Superintendent, Bloemfontein Mental Hospital, Dr. H. C. Watson, 1,110l., quarters. Physician Superintendent, Alexandra Institute for Feeble-minded, C. P., Dr. R. A. Forster, 1,000l., quarters.

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Director, S.A. Museum, Cape Town, L. Gill.

Director Natal Government Museum, E. Warren, 750l.

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Assistant Director of Census and Statistics, A. W. Carruthers, 850l., allowance, 86l.

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Registrar of Births and Deaths, etc. (Cape Province), C. W. H. Smit, 650l.

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Under Secretary for Mines and Industries, F. A. Nixon, 1,040l., allowance, 100l.

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Inspectors of Mines, Transvaal, James Evelyn Vaughan, A.R.S.M., M.I.M.E., 1,300l., allowance, 115l.; Malcolm Ferguson, A.R.S.M., F.R.G.S., M.S.A.L.E., 1,300l., allowance, 115l.; Charles Edward Hutton, 1,300l., allowance, 115l.; Charles John Gray, A.R.S.M., F.G.S., 1,300l., allowance, 115l.; C. J. N. Jourdan, 1,080l., allowance, 100l.

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Inspector of Mines, Orange Free State, J. D. Marquard, 1,110l., allowance, 85l.

Chief Inspector of Machinery, C. Mullins, 980l., allowance, 91l.

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Inspectors of Machinery, Natal, A. R. Anderson, R.N.E., 900l.; G. M. Stirling, 900l.

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Mine Surveyor, Alexander C. Sutherland, M.A., M.C.E., A.M.I.C.E., 1,350l., allowance, 65l.

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* Draw local allowance in addition to salary.

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Assistant Registrar of Mining Titles and Rand Townships, F. J. Holmes, 825*l.*, allowance, 85*l.*
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Under-Secretary for Labour, Col. E. H. W. Muller.
Chief Clerk, E. J. Scholtz.
Accountant, E. Hope-Jones.
Chief Inspector of Factories, H. C. Fowler.
Chief Inspector of Labour, I. L. Walker.
Principal Clerks, F. J. Trüter, L. Hotz, F. McGregor.
Divisional Inspectors, R. H. Miller, W. Free-stone, F. L. A. Buchanan, F. J. Moffitt, F. J. Street.
Industrial Inspectors, R. Beattie, A. C. van der Horst, H. Beynon, H. W. Felling, G. H. Ludorf, G. J. Otto, Miss E. Winter, Mrs. D. C. Tonkin, Mrs. K. McG. Hofmeyr.

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Secretary for Defence (Post Combined with Chief of General Staff), Brig.-General A. J. E. Brink, D.T.D., D.S.O.

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Adjutant-General, Brig.-General W. E. G. Tanner, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.

Quartermaster-General's Section.

Quartermaster-General, Colonel C. Brink, D.T.D., D.S.O.

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Director of Medical Services, Lieut.-Colone (temp. Col.) Sir E. N. Thornton, K.B.E.

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Under Secretary for Justice, D. D. Keay, 1,300*l.*, local allowance, 115*l.*
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Chief Clerk and Secretary to the Council of Public Health, Pretoria, *A. de V. Brunt, 900*l.* plus 100*l.* personal.

Medical Superintendent, Rietfontein Hospital, Johannesburg, J. Daneel, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S., 900*l.*

Medical Superintendent, Leper Institution, Pretoria, *J. W. de Vos, M.B., Ch.B., 1,000*l.*

*Medical Superintendent, Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Teyateyanan, S. S. Hewitt, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., R.C.P.S., 900*l.**

Medical Officer, Robben Island Leper Institution (post vacant).

Medical Officer, Emjanyana Leper Institution, A. R. Davison, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 725*l.*

Pathological Laboratories.

Government Pathologist, Cape, Dr. G. W. Robertson, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Consulting Pathologist (part-time), 600*l.*

Government Pathologist, Durban, *Dr. W. F. Rhodes, B.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., 980*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Administration.

Minister of the Interior, Public Health and Education, Dr. The Hon. D. F. Malan.

Secretary for the Interior, C. F. Schmidt, B.A., 1,440*l.*

Under Secretary for the Interior, H. Pring, 950*l.*

Immigration.

Commissioner for Immigration and Asiatic Affairs, H. N. Venn, 1,300*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. R. Hartshorne, 725*l.*

Principal Immigration Officer, Cape, J. L. Conway, 650*l.*

Principal Immigration Officer, Natal, H. R. Tesque, 675*l.*

Protector of Indian Immigrants, and Director, Indian Immigration Bureau, Durban, H. Robinson, B.A., 700*l.*

Printing and Stationery.

Government Printer, J. J. Kruger, 1,110*l.*

Mental Hospitals and Leper Asylums.

Commissioner for Mental Hygiene and Physician Superintendent, Pretoria Mental Hospital, J. T. Dunston, M.D., 1,700*l.*

Physician Superintendent, Grahamstown Mental Hospital, Dr. E. F. W. Moon, 1,000*l.*, quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Fort Beaufort Mental Hospital, Dr. H. W. Glaslan, 1,000*l.*, quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Queenstown Mental Hospital, Dr. F. D. Crosthwaite, 1,000*l.*, quarters.

Assistant Physician Superintendent, Port Alfred Mental Hospital, Dr. A. H. Croly, 800*l.*, quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Witrand Institution for Feeble-minded, Potchefstroom, Dr. W. Russell, M.C., 1,000*l.*, quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Pietermaritzburg Mental Hospital, Dr. H. E. Brown, O.B.E., 1,200*l.*, quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Valkenberg Mental Hospital, Dr. E. W. D. Swift, 1,200*l.*, quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Bloemfontein Mental Hospital, Dr. H. C. Watson, 1,110*l.*, quarters.

Physician Superintendent, Alexandra Institute for Feeble-minded, C. P., Dr. R. A. Forster, 1,000*l.*, quarters.

Museums.

Director, S.A. Museum, Cape Town, L. Gill.

Director Natal Government Museum, E. Warren, 750*l.*

Director, Transvaal Museum, C. J. Swierstra, 1,000*l.*

Miscellaneous.

Union Astronomer, Union Observatory, Johannesburg, H. E. Wood, 1,100*l.*

Chief Archivist for the Union, C. G. Botha, 900*l.*

Statistics.

Director of Census and Statistics, J. E. Holloway, D.Sc. (Lond.), 1,080*l.*

Assistant Director of Census and Statistics, A. W. Carruthers, 850*l.*, allowance, 86*l.*

Registrar of Births and Deaths, etc. (Transvaal, Natal, Orange Free State and South-West Africa Protectorate) O. J. Boesman, 650*l.*

Registrar of Births and Deaths, etc. (Cape Province), C. W. H. Smit, 650*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND INDUSTRIES.

Minister of Mines and Industries, Hon. F. W. Beyers, K.C.

Secretary for Mines and Industries, Commissioner of Mines, Natal (vacant), Dr. H. Pirow, acting.

Under Secretary for Mines and Industries, F. A. Nixon, 1,040*l.*, allowance, 100*l.*

Government Mining Engineer, Dr. H. Pirow, D.Sc., 1,800*l.*, 70*l.* local.

Chief Inspector of Mines, Umfreville Peroy Swinburne, F.G.S., A.R.S.M., M.I.M.E., M.I.M.E., 1,350*l.*, local allowance, 65*l.*

Inspectors of Mines, Transvaal, James Evelyn Vaughan, A.R.S.M., M.I.M.E., 1,300*l.*, allowance, 115*l.*; Malcolm Ferguson, A.R.S.M., F.R.G.S., M.S.A.I.E., 1,300*l.*, allowance, 115*l.*; Charles Edward Hutton, 1,300*l.*, allowance, 115*l.*; Charles John Gray, A.R.S.M., F.G.S., 1,300*l.*, allowance, 115*l.*; C. J. N. Jourdan, 1,080*l.*, allowance, 100*l.*

Inspector of Mines, Natal, Norman Boarer Milne, M.I.M.E., 1,110*l.*

Inspector of Mines, Orange Free State, J. D. Marquard, 1,110*l.*, allowance, 85*l.*

Chief Inspector of Machinery, C. Mullins, 980*l.*, allowance, 91*l.*

Inspectors of Machinery, Transvaal, H. H. Middleton, 900*l.*, allowance, 89*l.*; R. A. Robertson, 900*l.*, allowance, 89*l.*; R. Wilson, 900*l.*, allowance, 89*l.*; C. H. Hearn, 900*l.*, allowance, 89*l.*; W. A. Pitts, 730*l.*, allowance, 40*l.*

Inspectors of Machinery, Cape, P. G. Wishart, 900*l.*, allowance, 51*l.*; J. H. Hughes, 900*l.*

Inspectors of Machinery, Natal, A. R. Anderson, R.N.R., 900*l.*; G. M. Stirling, 900*l.*

Inspector of Machinery, Port Elizabeth, O. H. Clutterbuck, 900*l.*

Mine Surveyor, Alexander C. Sutherland, M.A., M.C.E., A.M.I.C.E., 1,350*l.*, allowance, 65*l.*

Chief Inspector of Explosives, W. B. Jackson, 960*l.*, allowance, 29*l.*

Inspector of Mining Leases, H. R. Brown, 1,060*l.*, allowance, 100*l.*

* Draw local allowance in addition to salary.

Registrar of Mining Titles and Rand Townships, D. J. Stewart, 1,040*l.*, allowance, 100*l.*
Assistant Registrar of Mining Titles and Rand Townships, F. J. Holmes, 825*l.*, allowance, 85*l.*
Mining Commissioners, J. P. du Toit, 1,000*l.*, allowance, 100*l.*; A. Andreoli, 625*l.*, allowance, 37*l.*; G. H. Trevelyan, 850*l.*, allowance, 48*l.*; W. D. Poynter, 850*l.*, allowance, 48*l.*; C. M. Jack, 775*l.*, allowance, 44*l.*; G. M. McNeight, 700*l.*, allowance, 80*l.*
Director of Geological Survey, A. W. Rogers, Sc.D., F.R.S., 1,200*l.*, local allowance, 110*l.*
Assistant Director, A. L. Hall, B.A., F.G.S., F.R.S.S.A., 900*l.*, local allowance, 89*l.*
Field Geologists, S. H. Haughton, 800*l.*; L. Krige, 800*l.*, allowance, 84*l.*; L. T. Nel, 700*l.*, allowance, 39*l.* 10*s.*; B. V. Lombard, 270*l.*, allowance, 27*l.*
Inspector of Claims, Barkly West (vacant).
Superintendent of Assize, J. C. Davidson, 1,000*l.*, allowance, 100*l.*
Chairman, Board of Trade and Industries, A. J. Bruwer, M.A., Ph.D., 1,200*l.*
Trade Commissioner, London, J. Dimond, 1,050*l.*
Trade Commissioner, America, E. L. Louw, 2,000*l.*, allowance, 625*l.*
Trade Commissioner, Kenya, Col. R. B. Turner, D.S.O., C.M.G., 750*l.*, allowance, 162*l.*
Commissioner of Commerce on Continent, C. Pienaar, 2,000*l.*

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR.

Minister of Labour, Hon. T. Boydell.
Secretary for Labour, C. W. Cousins, M.A.
Under-Secretary for Labour, Col. E. H. W. Muller.
Chief Clerk, E. J. Scholtz.
Accountant, E. Hope-Jones.
Chief Inspector of Factories, H. C. Fowler.
Chief Inspector of Labour, I. L. Walker.
Principal Clerks, F. J. Trüter, L. Hotz, F. McGregor.
Divisional Inspectors, R. H. Miller, W. Free-stone, F. L. A. Buchanan, F. J. Moffitt, F. J. Street.
Industrial Inspectors, R. Beattie, A. C. van der Horst, H. Beynon, H. W. Felling, G. H. Ludorf, G. J. Otto, Miss E. Winter, Mrs. D. C. Tonkin, Mrs. K. McG. Hofmeyr.

Wage Board.

Chairman, F. A. W. Lucas.
Members, A. T. Roberts, J. F. Malherbe.
Registrar-Secretary, C. E. L. Bell.
Cost Accountant, J. M. Winter.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE.

Minister of Defence, Lt.-Col. the Hon. F. H. P. Creswell, D.S.O.
Secretary for Defence (Post Combined with Chief of General Staff), Brig.-General A. J. E. Brink, D.T.D., D.S.O.

Council of Defence.

Colonel The Hon. F. H. P. Creswell, D.S.O. (*Minister of Defence*), F. A. Conroy, Esq., M.L.A., Brig.-General J. S. Wylie, D.S.O., M.V.O., V.D., Capt. W. Wilkins, Major R. Ballantyne, V.D.

Union Defence Forces.

Chief of the General Staff, Brig.-General A. J. E. Brink, D.T.D., D.S.O.

Air Section.

Director of Air Services, Col. Sir H. A. van Ryneveld, K.B.E., D.S.O., M.C.

Adjutant-General's Section.

Adjutant-General, Brig.-General W. E. G. Tanner, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.

Quartermaster-General's Section.

Quartermaster-General, Colonel C. Brink, D.T.D., D.S.O.

Medical Services Section.

Director of Medical Services, Lieut.-Colonel (temp. Col.) Sir E. N. Thornton, K.B.E.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Minister of Justice, Hon. Tielman Roos, K.C., 2,500*l.*
Secretary for Justice, Dr. W. E. Bok, 1,700*l.*, local allowance, 135*l.*
Under Secretary for Justice, D. D. Keay, 1,300*l.*, local allowance, 115*l.*
Chief Clerk, A. J. Waters, M.B.E., B.A., 900*l.*, local allowance, 89*l.*
Senior Law Adviser, C. W. H. Lansdown, K.C., B.A., LL.B., 1,520*l.*, local allowance, 125*l.*
Law Advisers, Dr. A. A. Schoch, 1,380*l.*, local allowance, 115*l.*; F. P. van den Heever, B.A., LL.B., 1,380*l.*, local allowance, 115*l.*; G. G. R. Brebner, M.A., LL.B., 1,050*l.*, local allowance, 50*l.*
Government Attorney, W. G. Hoal, B.A., LL.B., 1,040*l.*, local allowance, 100*l.*
Attorney-General, Transvaal, A. S. Welsh, B.A., LL.B., 1,350*l.*, local allowance, 115*l.*
Professional Assistant to Attorney-General, Transvaal, S. W. Jones, 730*l.*; local allowance, 80*l.*
Crown Prosecutor, Johannesburg, C. C. Jarvis, B.A., LL.B., 1,050*l.*, local allowance, 100*l.*
Professional Assistant to Crown Prosecutor, Johannesburg, E. Beardmore, 850*l.*, local allowance, 86*l.*
Attorney-General, Cape, L. G. Nightingale, K.C., B.A., B.C.L., 1,560*l.*
Professional Assistant to Attorney-General, Cape, F. C. M. Voigt, B.A., LL.B., 760*l.*
Solicitor-General, Grahamstown, E. W. Baxter, 1,050*l.*
Attorney-General, Natal, L. Ward, B.A., LL.B., 1,150*l.*
Professional Assistant to Attorney-General, Natal, J. D. M. Rosenow, B.A., LL.B., 700*l.*
Attorney-General, Orange Free State, S. J. de Jager, K.C., 1,400*l.*, local allowance, 100*l.*

Patents Office.

Registrar of Patents, Designs, Trade Marks, Copyright and Companies, C. W. T. B. Juta, 1,100*l.*, local allowance 105*l.*

SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH AFRICA.

APPELLATE DIVISION.

Chief Justice of South Africa, Sir William Henry Solomon, K.C.M.G., 3,000*l.*
Judges of Appeal, J. de Villiers, 3,250*l.*; Sir J. W. Wessels, 3,000*l.*; J. S. Curlew, 3,000*l.*; J. Stratford, 2,750*l.*
Registrar, Taxing Officer and Librarian, M. C. Cloete, 800*l.*, local allowance 66*l.*

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE PROVINCIAL DIVISION.

Judge President, F. G. Gardiner, 2,500l.
Puisne Judges, L. E. Benjamin, 2,250l.; H. S. van Zyl, 2,250l.; E. F. Watermeyer, 2,250l.; H. M. Louwrens, 2,250l.; P. S. T. Jones, 2,250l.
Registrar, Taxing Officer and High Sheriff, J. C. Hinsbeek, 875l.

Eastern Districts Local Division.

Judge President, Sir T. L. Graham, 2,500l.
Puisne Judges, F. J. W. van der Reit, 2,250l.; W. Pittman, M.A., 2,250l.
Registrar and Taxing Officer, A. M. Black, 850l.

Grigoland West Local Division.

Puisne Judge, F. A. Hutton, 2,250l., allowance, 250l.
Assistant Registrar and Taxing Officer, T. O'Hagan, 550l., allowance 33l.

TRANSCAAL PROVINCIAL DIVISION.

Judge President, D. de Waal, 2,500l., local allowance 250l.
Puisne Judges, B. A. Tindall, 2,250l., local allowance, 250l.; F. E. T. Krause, 2,250l., local allowance, 250l.; R. Feetham, C.M.G., 2,250l., local allowance, 250l.; L. Greenberg, 2,250l., local allowance, 250l.; J. H. F. E. R. C. Gey van Pittius, 2,250l., local allowance, 250l.; C. E. Barry, 2,250l., local allowance, 250l.; S. Solomon, 2,250l., local allowance, 250l.
Registrar and Taxing Master and Sheriff of the Transvaal, E. G. Rousseau, 950l., local allowance, 91l.
Registrar and Taxing Master, Witwatersrand Local Division, Johannesburg, F. St. C. Fearon, B.A., 700l., local allowance, 79l.

NATAL PROVINCIAL DIVISION.

Judge President, Sir J. C. Dove Wilson, 2,500l.
Puisne Judges, T. F. Carter, F. S. Tatham, D.S.O., E. L. Matthews, C.M.G., 2,250l. each.
Registrar, Taxing Master and Sheriff, K. W. McAlister, 850l.

Native High Court, Natal.

Judge President, H. G. Boshoff, 1,500l.
Judges, A. W. Leslie, 1,400l.; F. A. Farrer, 1,400l.; C. F. Hignett, 1,400l.
Registrar, W. H. D. Goss, 700l.

ORANGE FREE STATE PROVINCIAL DIVISION.

Judge President, Sir J. E. R. de Villiers, 2,500l., allowance 250l.
Puisne Judges, A. J. McGregor, 2,250l., local allowance 250l.; C. L. Botha, 2,250l., local allowance 250l.
Registrar, Taxing Officer and Sheriff, W. H. Fitchett, 850l., local allowance 68l.

Masters of the Supreme Court.

Master, Transvaal Provincial Division, U. S. Barrett, B.A., LL.B., 1,200l., local allowance 110l.
Master, Cape Provincial Division, R. J. Barry, 1,170l.
Master, Natal Provincial Division, H. G. Botha-Reid, 950l.
Master Orange Free State Provincial Division, C. T. Knoblauch, 825l., local allowance, 67l.

PRISONS DEPARTMENT.

Director and Under Secretary for Justice, W. S. Bateman, O.B.E., 1,400l., allowance 120l.
Assistant Director of Prisons, C. P. A. Batho, M.B.E., 950l., allowance 91l.
Accountant, T. Scott, 800l., allowance 84l.
Superintendent, Cape Town Gaol and Female Gaol and Robben Island Prison and Simonstown Hospital Prison, E. C. Dyason, M.B.E.
Warden, Tokai Reformatory, H. W. Eldred.
Assistant Warden, Tokai Reformatory, R. K. Anderson.
Superintendent, De Beers Convict Prison, Kimberley, and Kimberley Gaol, R. Kemp.
Superintendent, East London Convict Prison and Gaol, and Warden, Fort Glamorgan Reformatory, East London, A. A. Robb.
Superintendent, Johannesburg Gaol, and Warden, Diepkloof Reformatory, Capt. P. H. Normand, D.S.O.
Assistant Superintendent, Johannesburg Gaol, and Assistant Warden, Diepkloof Reformatory (vacant).
Superintendent, Central Prison and Gaol, Pretoria, and Warden, Baviaanspoort Farm Colony, J. C. J. Knobel.
Assistant Superintendent, Central Prison and Gaol, Pretoria, and Assistant Warden, Baviaanspoort Farm Colony, H. S. S. Gresty.
Superintendent, East Rand Prisons, R. M. Crux.
Superintendent, Barberton Convict Prison and Local Gaol, E. H. Robbens.
Superintendent, Pietermaritzburg Gaol, C. E. G. Benham.
Superintendent, Durban Prisons and Durban Gaol, C. de Kock.
Assistant Superintendent, Durban Prisons and Durban Gaol, C. S. Jones.
Assistant Superintendent-in-Charge, Chelsea Convict Prison, J. J. Nye.
Warden and Head Schoolmaster, Houtpoort Reformatory, F. M. Weich.

Senior Magistrates, Cape Province.

W. B. Magennis, 1,200l.; D. Eadie, F. J. Jansen, H. Britten, 1,100l.; St. J. Cole-Bowen, 1,100l., local allowance, 65l.; R. J. Gill, 950l.
M. J. Lyne, A. C. van Renen, D. D. Leslie, J. Drysdale, H. F. J. Borchers, F. Kuys, 900l.; J. Shand, 875l.

Senior Magistrates, Natal Province.

P. C. Cochran, 1,200l.; C. F. W. Hime, 1,200l.; W. E. Peachey, 950l.; V. E. P. Bradshaw, T. R. Bennett, J. B. K. Farrer, H. W. Drew, B. Hodson, 900l.; A. D. Graham, 875l.

Senior Magistrates, Transvaal.

S. A. McCormick, 1,200l., allowance 110l.; J. Young, 1,200l., allowance 110l.; G. H. Hull, B.A., LL.B., 1,000l., allowance 100l.; A. B. Herold, 1,000l., allowance 60l.; I. G. Horak, B.A., LL.B., 1,000l., local allowance 60l.; Dr. J. G. Heath, 900l., allowance 44½l.; P. C. Dalmahoy, 900l., allowance 89l.; E. T. Stubbs, A. G. H. Daller, 900l., allowance 51½l.; K. R. Stewart, 875l., local allowance 87l.; J. T. A. Verschuur, 875l., allowance 49l.; J. C. Collins, B.A., LL.B., D. May, 850l., local allowance 48l.; J. M. Richards, J. M. Graham, 825l., local allowance 47l.; J. W. Robertson, 825l., local allowance 85l.

Senior Magistrates, Orange Free State.

J. B. Skirving, 1,100l., local allowance 85l.; W. J. Thompson, D.S.O.; C. J. Corser, 900l., allowance 42l.; R. Colson, 900l.

Police.

Commissioner, South African Police, Sir T. G. Truter, K.B.E., C.M.G., 2,000l.
Deputy Commissioner, South African Police Headquarters, M. S. W. du Toit, 1,020l., allowance 100l.
Chief Paymaster and Accountant, F. R. Hay.
Assistant Paymaster, E. W. Lydall, M.B.E.
Deputy Commissioner, Witwatersrand, R. S. Godley, O.B.E., 992l., allowance 93l.
Deputy Commissioner, C.I.D. for the Union, G. D. Gray, O.B.E., 992l., allowance 93l.
Deputy Commissioner, Transvaal Division, G. S. Beer, O.B.E., 992l., allowance 93l.
Deputy Commissioner, Kimberley, and Chief of the Detective Department, Kimberley, T. M. Davidson, M.C., 992l., allowance 55l.
Deputy Commissioner, Cape Western Division, Cape Town, H. F. Trew, 992l.
Deputy Commissioner, Cape Eastern Division, Grahamstown, H. J. Kirkpatrick, D.S.O., 992l.
Deputy Commissioner, Orange Free State Division, Bloemfontein, A. T. Haywood, 800l., allowance 33l.
Deputy Commissioner, Natal Division, J. S. G. Douglas, D.S.O., 992l.
Deputy Commissioner, Transkei Division, Umtata, E. W. Woon, D.S.O., M.C., 992l.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (UNION).

Secretary for Education, Dr. S. F. N. Gie, 1,300l., local allowance, 115l.
Under-Secretary, Dr. G. W. Eybers, 950l., local allowance, 91l.
Organising Inspector, Dr. L. van Schalkwyk, 900l., 89l. local allowance.
Inspector of Continuation Classes, H. C. Green, M.A., 900l., local allowance, 89l.
Inspector of Vocational Training, A. B. Linscott, A.M.I.O.E., 825l., local allowance, 85l.
Chief Clerk, J. E. van Zijl, 750l., 81l. local allowance.
Inspector of Agricultural Training, B. J. de Klerk, M.Sc., 625l., local allowance, 75l.
Principal Clerk, D. G. Roux, B.A., 650l., local allowance, 89l.
Examinations Officer, D. S. van der Merwe, B.Sc., A.M.I.E.E., A.S.C.E., 650l., 76l. local allowance.
Inspector of Institutions, C. N. Kempff, 625l., 75l. local allowance.
Accountant, J. E. du Plessis, 600l., 74l. local allowance.
Industrial Schools, Principals, W. D. Marais, B.A., 550l.; J. L. Pretorius, B.A., 700l., 41l. local allowance; J. N. Struwig, B.A., 575l., 25l. local allowance; P. J. Theron, 600l., 56l. local allowance; H. J. v. d. Merwe, 650l.; W. A. v. d. Walt, 650l., 38l. local allowance; S. K. Hauptfleisch, 525l.

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTS.

Chief Conservator of Forests, C. E. Legat, B.Sc., 1,300l., and local allowance of 115l.
Chief Clerk, W. J. Gyde, 825l., local allowance, 85l.
Accountant, T. M. Steele, B.A., 700l., and local allowance 79l.
Conservators, Cape, Western Conservancy, C. R. Ross, 1,000l.; *Midland Conservancy*, R. C. Burton, 950l.; *Transkeian Conservancy*, J. E. Kaufmann, 790l.; *Eastern Conservancy*, J. J. Boocock, 900l.; *Natal Conservancy*, A. J.

O'Connor, 760l.; *Transvaal and Orange Free State Conservancy*, J. D. M. Keet, 870l., local allowance, 89l.
Professional Assistant to Chief Conservator, C. C. Robertson, M. F., 900l., and local allowance 44l.
Officer-in-Charge, Timber Seasoning Investigations, N. B. Bekbo, M.F., 900l., local allowance 89l.

TREASURY.

Minister of Finance, Hon. N. C. Havenga.
Secretary for Finance, E. H. Farrer, C.M.G., A.O.A.
Under Secretary for Finance, J. J. I. Middleton.
Chief Accountant, J. G. Hubball.
Chief Clerk, H. S. Wilkinson.
Accountant, H. J. Dewar.
Chief Pensions Officer, G. C. J. W. F. Hausmann.
Secretary Public Debt Commission, F. W. Meadley.
Government Buyer, D. Wilkie.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner for Inland Revenue, A. P. McLoughlin.
Chief Clerk, T. J. Kenmuir.
Chief Clerk (Income Tax), E. W. Snell.
Surveyors, E. Ashburner, O. W. Marshall, S. H. Brookelbank.
Principal Clerks, F. W. Medway, G. G. Locke, A. F. Corbett, R. Gray.

District Offices.

Cape Town—*Receiver of Revenue*, A. H. Day.
Chief Clerk, C. B. Rose-Innes.
Principal Clerks, A. Whiting, A. E. Hoffe.
Johannesburg—*Receiver of Revenue*, W. P. Jones.
Chief Clerk,
Principal Clerks, H. W. Blair, E. G. Davies.
Bloemfontein—*Receiver of Revenue*, G. J. Beyers.
Principal Clerk, A. D. Wiggott.
Benoni—*Receiver of Revenue*, R. van Renen.
Boksburg—*Receiver of Revenue*, D. McAuliffe.
Brakpan and Springs—*Receiver of Revenue*, L. G. Richmond.
Durban—*Receiver of Revenue*, P. Davidson.
Principal Clerk, W. J. R. Cunningham.
East London—*Receiver of Revenue*, E. W. Pemberton.
Germiston—*Receiver of Revenue*, P. L. Lovelace.
Kimberley—*Receiver of Revenue*, W. M. Boyes.
Krugersdorp—*Receiver of Revenue*, F. H. Mackinnon.
Pietermaritzburg—*Receiver of Revenue*, A. H. T. Buller.
Port Elizabeth—*Receiver of Revenue*, R. W. Wamsley.
Pretoria—*Receiver of Revenue*, K. C. Gunn.
Principal Clerk, H. E. Moroney.

Public Debt Office.

Board of Commissioners, The Minister of Finance (Chairman); Samuel Evans, LL.D.; O. T. M. Wilcocks.
Secretary to the Board, F. W. Meadley.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.

Minister of Lands, Hon. P. G. W. Grobler.
Secretary for Lands, J. Sommerville, O.B.E.
Under Secretary, G. Cross.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Director of Irrigation, A. D. Lewis, M.A., M.I.C.E.
Assistant Director, F. J. Paterson, M.I.C.E.
Superintending Engineer, C. H. Warren, A.M.I.C.E., M.L.Meoh.E.
Boring Engineer, G. Ireland, D.S.O.
Chief Meteorologist, C. Stewart, B.Sc.
Hydrographic Surveyor, W. van Warmelo, Dipl. C.E.

Surveyors-General.

Surveyor-General, Transvaal, W. P. Murray.
Surveyor-General, Cape, A. H. Cornish-Bowden.
Director of Trigonometrical Survey, Cape, W. C. van der Sterr.
Surveyor-General, Orange Free State, W. M. Edwards.
Surveyor-General, Natal, F. J. Lewis.

DEPARTMENT OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

Commissioner of Customs and Excise, B. V. O'Riley.
Deputy Commissioner of Customs and Excise, J. D. Heddon.
Chief Clerk, W. T. Anthony.
Surveyor of Excise, W. E. T. Walters.
Accountant, J. A. Cordouan, R.P.A.
Collector of Customs and Excise, Johannesburg, L. A. Marsh.
Collector of Customs and Excise and Registrar of Shipping, Cape Town, P. A. Myburgh.
Collector of Customs and Excise and Registrar of Shipping, Port Elizabeth, A. Robb.
Collector of Customs and Excise and Registrar of Shipping, East London, W. G. Griffith.
Collector of Customs and Excise, Mossel Bay, A. G. Ashley.
Collector of Customs and Excise and Registrar of Shipping, Durban, P. D. Bray, O.B.E.
Collector of Customs for Union of South Africa (Lourenco Marques), and Union Agent, A. T. Long, C.B.E.
Collector of Customs and Excise, Pretoria, J. G. Bam.

CONTROLLER AND AUDITOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Controller and Auditor-General, J. de V. Roos, 1,800l.
Assistant Controller and Auditor-General, T. Scott, 1,050l.
Chief Inspector of Expenditure Accounts, W. H. Calderwood, 975l.
Chief Inspector of Revenue and Accounting Office, W. H. Green, 875l.
Chief Inspector (Railways and Harbours), A. B. Wighton, 950l.
Senior Inspector, W. H. Green, 850l.
Senior Inspector (Railways and Harbours), T. H. Rowell, 800l.
Chief Clerk, B. Lewis, 725l.
Principal Clerks, G. Hodgson, G. H. Miller, W. H. Scott, C. E. H. Tripp, O. Chapman, W. M. S. Hope, 700l.; A. Duncan, 650l.; T. W. Koller, A. d'A. Dowaley, 650l.; E. N. Simpson, 625l.
Provincial Auditor, Cape, G. F. W. Batho, 900l.
Provincial Auditor, Natal, W. P. Morgan, 800l.
Provincial Auditor, Transvaal, A. Tilley, 900l., plus 44l. 10s.
Provincial Auditor, Orange Free State, J. Thatcher, 800l., plus 66l.

Registrars of Deeds.

Registrar of Deeds, Transvaal, A. N. Rowan.
Registrar of Deeds, Cape, G. Denoon, M.A., LL.B.

Registrar of Deeds, Orange Free State, J. S. Louw.

Registrar of Deeds, Natal, A. N. M. Lloyd.

NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT.

Minister, Gen. The Hon. J. B. M. Hertzog.
Secretary for Native Affairs, Major J. F. Herbst, C.B.E., 1,420l.
Under Secretary for Native Affairs, E. H. R. Garthorne, 980l.
Chief Clerk, J. S. Allison, 750l.
Chief Magistrate, Transkeian Territories, W. T. Welsh, 1,400l.
Chief Native, Commissioner, Natal, C. A. Wheelwright C.M.G., 1,400l.
Chief Native Commissioner, Cape, King William's Town, T. W. C. Norton, 1,070l.
Chief Native Commissioner, Witwatersrand, and Director of Native Labour, Johannesburg, Major H. S. Cooke, O.B.E., 1,140l.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Minister of Public Works, The Hon. W. B. Madeley.
Secretary for Public Works, O. W. Staten.
Under Secretary for Public Works, J. A. Macphail.
Chief Engineer, H. Bell-John, M.C., F.S.I., M.S.A., M.Inst.M. & C.E., L.R.I.B.A.
Principal Clerks, C. Christie, A. E. Geers.
Architect, J. S. Cleland, M.B.E., F.R.I.B.A.
Assistant Architects, J. G. Wilson, F.R.I.B.A., C. C. Deuchar, A.R.I.B.A.
Quantity Surveyor, W. E. Puntia, O.B.E., F.S.I.
Assistant Quantity Surveyors, W. E. Puntia and W. M. Warne, F.S.I., A. W. Springthorpe.
Electrical Engineer, F. C. Stephens, Assoc. M. Inst. E.E.
Assistant Electrical Engineer, W. B. Cleeves, A.I.E.E., M.I.E.E.
Accountant, R. J. Bentote.
District Engineers (Transvaal), A. Stratton, M.C., F. Taylor, W. W. Tonkin, L.R.I.B.A., M.I. Struct. E.
Assistant District Engineers (Transvaal), J. G. Laver and R. W. Scott.
District Engineers (Cape Province), J. C. Edwards, M.I.S.E., and W. B. Shand.
Assistant District Engineer (Cape Province), J. Robertson.
District Engineers (Natal), A. Head and W. J. Beall, A.R.I.B.A.
Assistant District Engineer (Natal), D. F. Ellis.
District Engineer (Orange Free State), H. A. Fuhr, A.M.I.C.E.
Assistant District Engineer (Orange Free State), G. O. Newey.
District Engineer, J. N. Cormack.

DEPARTMENT OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, Hon. W. B. Madeley.
Postmaster-General and Secretary for Posts and Telegraphs, H. J. Lenton, 1,400l.
Assistant Postmaster-General (acting), J. N. Redelinghuys, 900l.
Assistant Secretary, M. Buxton-Forman, 990l.
Assistant Secretary (acting), L. B. Maggs, M.B.E., 900l.
Chief Clerk, T. Rhodes, 750l.
Accountant, G. C. C. Jewett, 900l.
Chief Engineer, Lieut.-Colonel R. T. McArthur, D.S.O., 1,070l.
Controller of Stores, T. A. Cookhead, 900l.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE PROVINCE.

Extent and Boundaries.

The Cape of Good Hope, strictly speaking, is a small promontory near the south-west extremity of the continent of Africa. But the extensive Province of the name is bounded by the Atlantic and the Southern or Indian Oceans on the west and south; it is bounded on the north to the west of longitude 22° by the Orange River, and on the north-east by the Orange Free State and Natal Provinces. The Cape Province, with the Transkei, contains an area of 276,966 square miles, being over five times that of England. It extends from 26 to 35 deg. S. lat., and from 17 to 30 deg. E. long.

In 1844 Letters Patent were issued annexing Natal to the Cape, but in 1856 it was constituted a separate Colony.

Twelve islands off Angra Pequena, on the coast of Damaraland (Plum-pudding, Roast-beef, Holland's Bird, Mercury, Ichaboe, Seal, Penguin, Halifax, Long, Possession, Albatross, and Mona), with the adjacent rocks, were annexed in 1867, and added to the Cape Colony in 1874.

In 1876, three large tracts of Kaffraria—namely, Fingoland, Idutywa Reserve, and Noman's Land, were brought under the more direct control of Government, and on the 12th of June, 1876, Letters Patent were issued authorising the Governor to annex these territories to the Cape of Good Hope, on condition of the Cape Parliament passing an Act to provide for their government. Such an Act was passed as No. 38 of 1877, but the territories were not actually incorporated until the 1st of October, 1879.

On the 12th March, 1878, the Port of Walfish Bay, situated a few miles north of the tropic of Capricorn, was proclaimed British territory. It was annexed to the Colony by proclamation dated 7th August, 1884.

On the 15th October, 1880, the Province of Griqualand West was incorporated with the Cape Colony.

Under Proclamation No. 13 of the 26th January, 1882, were issued certain laws and regulations for the government of the territories known respectively as Tembuland, Emigrant Tambookieland, Bomvanaland, and Gcalekaland, of which, by Royal Warrant dated the 14th November, 1881, the officer administering the government of the Cape of Good Hope was appointed Governor. By proclamation No. 140 of 26th August, 1885, issued under Act 3 of 1885, these territories were annexed to the Cape Colony. A similar Warrant was passed on the 27th July, 1881, in respect to the St. John's River Territory, which was annexed to the Colony by Proclamation No. 215 of the 15th September, 1884.

The Xesibe country ("Mount Ayliff") was annexed to the Colony by Letters Patent of the 23rd August and Proclamation of 25th October, 1886, and the Rode Valley, Pondoland, by Letters Patent of 29th July, 1887, and Proclamation of October, 1887 (Act No. 45 of 1887). Under Act No. 5 of 1894 the whole of Pondoland was annexed. Basutoland, now an independent Colony, formed part of the Cape from 1871 to 1884.

On the 16th of November, 1895, British Bechuanaland was incorporated with the Cape under Law No. 41 of 1895.

History.

On 14th September, 1486, Bartholomew de Diaz, a Portuguese commander, landed in Algoa Bay;

Vasco de Gama doubled the Cape 11 years later, from which time it appears to have been resorted to by European navigators of all nations, but chiefly by Portuguese, Dutch, and English. British ships visited the Cape in 1591, and about 1602 the Dutch made it a place of call. In 1620 two English East India commanders, by a proclamation dated from Saldanha Bay, took possession of the Cape in the name of Great Britain; but no settlement was formed. In 1648 a Dutch East Indiaman, the *Haarlem*, was wrecked in Table Bay, the crew remaining there some time. In 1652 J. A. Van Riebeeck, duly commissioned by the "Chamber of Seventeen" at Amsterdam, landed at Table Bay accompanied by 100 persons, and took possession of what is now the site of Cape Town on behalf of the Dutch East India Company. In 1671 the first formal purchase of land was made from the Hottentots, and another purchase took place the following year. At the time of the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, the European population received a slight addition of French Protestants, but their descendants have not maintained any distinctive position in the country. The rule of the Dutch East India Company proved very distasteful to the burghers, who were continually prompted to move further and further from the seaboard and original seat of colonisation. Following these migratory colonists, a magistracy was established at Swellendam in 1745, and another at Graaff Reinet in 1786, and in 1788 the Great Fish River was proclaimed the boundary of the Colony. In 1795, Holland having yielded to the French Revolutionary Government, an English force proceeded to the Cape of Good Hope to secure it against the French for the Prince of Orange, but the Governor refused to obey the mandate of the Prince, and the British force thereupon proceeded to take possession, upon which a capitulation was arranged, and the administration of the Government was assumed by General Craig. An Act of Parliament (37 Geo. III., c. II.) was passed to regulate the trade with the new possession. By the Peace of Amiens the Cape of Good Hope was restored to the Batavian Republic, and evacuated in 1803, but it was again captured by a British Force in 1806, and at the general Peace of 1814 it was ceded in perpetuity to the British Crown. During the interval between the Peace of Amiens and the recapture by the British in 1806, the Colony had made rapid progress, owing to the abolition of the rule of the Dutch East India Company, and the wise regulations of government which had been substituted. An important event in the history of the Cape was the expulsion in 1809 of the Kaffirs from the Zuurveldt, a district west of the Great Fish River. In 1817 that district was visited by the then Governor, who saw the importance of its colonisation as a barrier against the Kaffir power, and in 1820 Parliament voted a sum of 50,000*l.* to promote emigration to the Cape, and 4,000 British immigrants were brought to the Colony and settled in the eastern districts. In December, 1834, began the first of what are called the Kaffir wars, when the Gaiqua tribe, 20,000 strong, overran the whole south-eastern portion of the Colony, but were defeated, and their lands up to the Kei River proclaimed British territory, but Lord Glenelg, then Secretary of State, refused to ratify the annexation. In 1846 the second Kaffir war broke out, but was speedily suppressed, and the colonial border was extended to the Kei River, as proposed by Sir Benjamin D'Urban. On Christmas Day, 1850, began the third Kaffir

war, which lasted nearly three years, and in its earlier stages was aggravated by a simultaneous rebellion of the Kat River Hottentots.

In 1836 began what is called the trekking of a part of the Dutch or Boer population. This remarkable movement, which resulted in the colonisation of Natal, the Free State, and the Transvaal, may be ascribed to several causes, of which the chief were: (1.) General dislike of the policy of Great Britain in relation to slavery and the Native question. (2.) Particular resentment against the policy of Lord Glenelg in reversing the policy of Sir Benjamin D'Urban in relation to the first Kaffir war. (3.) Resentment against the mode in which compensation had been made to them for the loss of their slaves under the Imperial Act abolishing slavery, namely, by orders for payment payable in London, which they could only dispose of on the spot at an enormous discount.

The years 1849 and 1850 were years of continued excitement, owing to the proposals of the Government at home to send convicts to the Cape. In view of the agitation, carried almost to the point of active resistance, the project was abandoned. In 1856 the German Legion, which had been formed during the Crimean war, was brought to the Cape, and the men, numbering 2,300, disposed in selected spots on the frontier for defensive purposes. The same year (1856) was remarkable for the prevalence in Native Kaffraria of a cattle-killing delusion, preached by a young prophetess, which resulted in wide-spread starvation.

Population.

The final figures for the European Census of 1926, are:—Cape Province proper, 690,079; E. Griqualand, 7,065; Tembuland, 4,693; Transkei, 2,477; Pondoland, 1,823; total, 706,137 (male 357,583, female 348,554).

The Census of 1921 showed the following European population: Colony proper, 635,631; E. Griqualand, 6,245; Tembuland, 4,627; Transkei, 2,292; Walvis Bay, 232; Pondoland, 1,512; giving a total of 650,609 (329,394 males, 321,215 females). The total population of the Province in 1921 was 2,782,719, of whom 2,132,110 were coloured (1,019,195 males, 1,112,915 females).

Of the non-European population in 1921, 7,696 were Asiatics, 1,640,162 were Bantus, and 484,252 were of mixed and other races; total, 2,132,110. Of the European population in 1918, 311,312 were males and 307,513 were females. Of the European population in 1911, 301,268 were males and 281,109 females; of the non-European 954,403 were males and 1,028,185 females.

Chief towns with European population in 1926:—Cape Town (incl. suburbs), 130,568; Port Elizabeth (incl. suburbs), 33,371; East London (incl. suburbs), 23,210; Kimberley (incl. suburbs), 17,268; Uitenhage, 8,121; Grahams-town, 7,652; Paarl, 6,678; King William's Town, 6,444; Queenstown, 6,070; Oudtshoorn, 5,649.

Of the European population in 1921, 79,333 were engaged in fishing and agriculture, 2,352 mining, 38,370 industrial, 14,366 transport and communication, 45,142 commercial, 11,674 administrative government, 14,816 other professions, 11,308 personal service, 7,991 independent, 412,141 dependent, and 13,116 other and unspecified. Of the non-European population the great majority are engaged in agricultural or domestic employments.

In 1921 there were 1,684,906 Christians—546,065 Dutch Churches, 358,827 Anglican Churches, 105,696 Presbyterians, 115,941 Congre-

gationalists, 394,085 Methodists, 76,421 Lutherans, 47,293 Roman Catholics, 16,102 Baptists, and 24,476 other Christians. Mohammedans, 24,513, Hebrews, 21,244, heathen 1,002,450.

The population of Bechuanaland, as ascertained at the census of 1911, was: Europeans, 14,917; Bantu, 71,877; mixed and other coloured, 12,759. In 1918 the number of Europeans was 18,716. In 1921 the population was 119,911, of whom 20,804 were Europeans and 99,107 coloured persons.

The population of the Transkeian Territories at the Census of 1911 was: Europeans, 13,383; Bantu, 871,602; mixed and other coloured, 9,201. In 1918 the Europeans numbered 13,697. In 1921 the population was 962,814, of whom 14,676 were Europeans and 948,138 coloured persons.

The number of European births registered in 1926 was 18,675, the number of deaths 7,053, and of marriages 5,972.

Constitution and Government.

The Colony of the Cape of Good Hope was originally founded by the Dutch in the year 1652. Great Britain took possession of it in 1795, but evacuated it in 1803. A British force again took possession in 1806, and the Colony has remained a British Possession since that date. It was formally ceded to Great Britain by the Convention of London, August 15th, 1814. The original Colony has been extended from time to time. East and West Pondoland were annexed in 1894 and Bechuanaland in 1895. For many years the form of Government in the Colony depended on the terms of the Royal Letters Patent and Instructions to Governors. Letters Patent issued in 1850 to Governor Sir Henry Smith declared that in the Colony there should be a Parliament which should consist of the Governor, a Legislative Council, and a House of Assembly.

A Constitution Ordinance was enacted by Order in Council of March 11th, 1853, and took effect on May 1st ensuing. This Order in Council provided that nothing it contained should prevent the Parliament of the Colony from making Acts (subject to the power of Her Majesty in Council either to disallow or assent to such Acts) in amendment of the said Ordinance. This power of amending the Constitution was exercised from time to time as the bounds of the Colony were extended. In 1872 an Act was passed at the Cape and assented to by Order of the Council providing for the system of Executive Administration known as Responsible Government. The Constitution formed under these various Acts vested the Executive in the Governor and an Executive Council, composed of certain office holders appointed by the Crown. On the 31st May, 1910, the Colony was merged in the Union of South Africa, thereafter forming an original Province of the Union. Cape Town is the seat of the Provincial Administration.

The Province proper is divided into 95 Magisterial districts and the Transkeian Territories into 27 Magisterial districts. A Magistrate is stationed in each district, and in the Province proper there is a Divisional Council in each district except (a) Wellington, which for Divisional Council purposes forms portion of the Paarl Division; (b) Wynberg and Simonstown, which for Divisional Council purposes form portion of the Cape Division; and (c) Glen Grey and Herschel which, being native areas, are separately administered. Each Divisional Council consists of at least six members (14 in the

Cape Division) elected triennially by the owners or occupiers of immovable property. These Councils are charged with the duty of constructing and maintaining roads and bridges, controlling public outpans, trek-paths and public servitudes, and perform other local duties.

There are 128 Municipalities, each governed by a Mayor, or Chairman and Councillors, a certain number of whom are elected annually by the ratepayers. There are also 77 Village Management Boards, 14 Local Areas, established under the Divisional Councils and Roads Ordinance, No. 13 of 1917, and 14 Local Boards, established under Ordinance No. 11 of 1921.

The educational system (for other than higher education) is maintained by the Provincial Administration under the general control of the Administrator of the Province. It is administered by the Department of Public Education under the direction of the Superintendent-General of Education, financial matters being regulated by the Provincial Secretary in his capacity of Controller of Educational Finance. Practically the whole cost of the maintenance of the schools under the Department's control is borne by the Administration.

The local administration of undenominational public schools is conducted by school boards and school committees, the unit of administration being the school district. There are 112 such districts. Every public school under a board is ordinarily managed by a committee elected by the parents, or, in default, nominated by the board. Of the members of school boards two thirds are elected locally, and one third nominated partly by the Administration and partly by Municipal or Divisional councils. School boards have the power, subject to departmental approval, to establish and maintain schools; further, subject to departmental approval, they have the general financial management of schools under their jurisdiction. They also have the power to enforce school attendance.

Denominational Schools are mainly mission schools for coloured or native children and are

under the local management of representatives of the various religious denominations at whose instance they were established.

Primary education (education up to and including Standard VI) is free for all children, whether European, coloured or native, except in a limited number of European schools known as *fee-paying schools*. For secondary education (available from Standard VII to Standard X in high schools and from Standard VII to Standard VIII in secondary schools) fees are payable according to approved scales. All fees received are paid into the Provincial revenue. The Superintendent-General of Education, however, may grant bursaries for the purpose of assisting any European pupil who has passed Standard VI or a higher standard to take advantage, by means of either conveyance or boarding, of the facilities offered for secondary education at a secondary or high school under the Department. Further, school boards, with departmental consent, may to a limited extent grant remission of *school fees* in whole or in part in suitable cases. The secondary school curriculum is divided into two stages, each covering a period of two years. An examination is held at the conclusion of each two year course of study, Standard VIII pupils taking the Secondary School Junior Certificate Examination, and Standard X pupils the Secondary School Senior Certificate Examination. A pass in the latter examination, provided a certain selection of subjects is taken, constitutes a qualification for admission to any South African University.

School attendance is compulsory throughout the Province for children of European parentage or extraction who have completed their seventh but not their sixteenth year, unless the child has passed the sixth standard and is engaged in a regular occupation or has been otherwise exempted under certain statutory conditions.

A statement showing the classification and number of schools and the enrolment of pupils, at the end of 1926, is given below for general information:—

CLASS OF SCHOOL.	NUMBER OF SCHOOLS.				NUMBER OF PUPILS.			
	European.	Coloured.	Native.	Total.	European.	Coloured.	Native.	Total.
Training Colleges of Schools	12	6	15	33	1,298	471	1,618	3,387
Special.. ..	1	0	0	1	121	0	0	121
High	119	1	0	120	39,283	120	0	39,403
Secondary	84	2	3	89	15,258	738	164	16,160
Primary	1,894	19	1	1,914	78,756	3,525	306	82,587
Farm	319	0	0	319	2,307	0	0	2,307
Part-Time	12	5	3	20	820	294	165	1,279
Coloured Mission ..	0	485	0	485	0	51,674	0	51,674
Native Mission ..	0	0	1,604	1,604	0	0	117,880	117,880
TOTAL	2,441	518	1,626	4,585	137,843	56,822	120,133	314,798

Provincial expenditure on Education (excluding Higher Education, which is under the control of the Central Government): 1923-24, £2,448,969; 1924-25, £2,761,964; 1925-26, £2,702,743.

In the state-aided hospitals in the province 147,188 out-patients, and 29,448 in-patients, were treated during the year 1926.

Fisheries.

This subject has been engaging the attention of the Cape Provincial Government since the inception of Union.

Under the Fisheries Ordinance which was passed in 1920, regulations were promulgated providing for the better protection of both sea and fresh-water fish. Fishing boats employed for purposes of profit are now licensed and registered, and a licence is also necessary before trout can be caught in any of the public waters of the Cape Province.

The license fee to catch trout is £1 during the open season, which is, in the case of the *Western Area*, including all Divisions situate West of the Eastern boundaries of the Divisions

of Knysna, George, Oudtshoorn, Prince Albert, Beaufort West, Victoria West, Britstown and Hope Town; (1) in rivers, between the 1st day of October in any year and the 30th day of April in the following year, both days inclusive; (2) in vleis, between the 15th day of September in any year and the 31st day of March in the following year, both days inclusive; (3) in the Eerste River, Division of Stellenbosch, from 15th September in any year, to the 30th April in the following year, both days inclusive; (4) in the rivers in the Division of Ceres, from the 1st October to the 31st December and from the 1st March to 31st May, both days inclusive; (5) in the Berg River in the Division of Paarl, from 15th September in any one year to the 30th April in the following year, both days inclusive; and in the *Eastern Area* including the Transkeian Territories and all Divisions situate East of the boundary of the Western portion of the Province as defined above. (1) In the Rivers in the Eastern Area, excepting those in the Transkeian Territories between the 1st of October in any year and the 30th of April in the following year, both days inclusive. (2) In the rivers throughout the whole of the Transkeian Territories, from the 15th September in any year to the 15th May in the following year, both days inclusive.

Scientific investigations into the habits and spawning seasons of various kinds of fish are also carried on at the Aquarium at St. James under the Director, Dr. C. von Bonde, Fishery Adviser to the Provincial Government.

Provincial Administration.

Administrator, Hon. A. P. J. Fourie 2,500*l*.

Provincial Secretary, Chief Local Government

Inspector, Accounting Officer and Controller of

Educational Finance, A. Weisbecker, 1,300*l*.

Chief Clerk, G. Fisher, 750*l*.

Principal Clerks, W. E. May, 700*l*.; H. F. Pentz, 650*l*.; J. D. de Villiers, 650*l*.

Chief Inspector of Roads, D. Holtzhausen, 750*l*.

Provincial Auditor, G. F. W. Batho, 900*l*.

Local Government Inspector, H. Conyers Kirby, 850*l*.

Accountant, J. H. Reeler, 775*l*.

Director of Valuations, H. P. Solomon, 800*l*.

Clerk of the Provincial Council, A. E. Marks, 675*l*.

Education Department.

Superintendent-General of Education, W. J. Viljoen, M.A., L.N.O. Phil. D., 1,700*l*.

Chief Clerks, P. A. Millard, 850*l*.; P. S. Duffett, 700*l*.

Principal Clerk, F. H. Long, 700*l*.

MEMBERS OF THE PROVINCIAL COUNCIL.

(i) CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

<i>Electoral Division.</i>	<i>Name of Member.</i>
Albany	J. C. Rae.
Albert	T. F. N. Coetzee
Alwal	J. H. Botha
Barkly	G. M. H. Barrett
Beaconsfield	J. Adams
Beaufort West	W. M. Luscombe
Bechuanaland	P. J. du Plessis
Caledon	J. L. Z. le Roux
Calvinia	C. A. van der Merwe
Cape Town (Central)	C. J. Sibbett
" (Harbour)	C. M. Gibbs
" (Gardens)	R. W. Bowen
" (Hanover st.)	Dr. A. Abdurahman
Ceres	B. Muller
Colerberg	F. J. du Toit

<i>Electoral Division.</i>	<i>Name of Member.</i>
Craddock	P. J. J. Coetzee
East London (City)	J. A. Bowie
" (North)	A. Wilson
Fort Beaufort	B. Niland
George	H. D. van Huysteen
Gordonia	S. S. Grove
Graaff-Reinet	G. P. Steyn
Griqualand	P. A. Myburgh.
Hope Town	C. P. Mathewson
Humansdorp	G. Zondagh
Kimberley	W. B. Humphreys
King William's Town	B. O. Schonegevel
Ladismith	J. I. Mann
Liesbeek	T. S. Somerville
Malmesbury	S. F. Malan
Namaqualand	W. A. Booysen
Newlands	W. H. D. Pearce
Oudtshoorn	J. W. C. Anderson
Paarl	D. Retief
Piquetberg	A. de Waal
Port Elizabeth (Central)	A. P. J. Wares
" (South)	E. R. Mollwraith
Queenstown	W. F. de Wet
Riversdale	H. Muller
Rondebosch	W. D. Hare
Salt River	J. Lomax
Somerset	P. S. Hayward
South Peninsula	A. J. Chiappini
Stellenbosch	P. D. Cluver
Swellendam	M. J. van Breda
Tembuland	W. Meaker
Three Rivers	D. M. Brown, jun.
Uitenhage	A. B. Cunningham
Victoria West	C. H. Geldenhuys
Wodehouse	S. C. J. van Niekirk
Worcester	G. Z. Wolfardt

Members of Executive Committee.

D. Retief, C. H. Geldenhuys, G. F. Zondagh, J. I. Mann.

PROVINCE OF NATAL.

Area and Population.

Natal* derives its name from its discovery by Vasco da Gama, the celebrated Portuguese navigator, on Christmas Day, 1497. It lies on the south-east coast of Africa, about 800 miles from Cape Town, and between the 26th and 32nd parallels of S. lat. It is bounded on the north by the Portuguese possessions and the Transvaal, on the west by the Orange Free State and Basutoland, and on the south by the Province of the Cape of Good Hope and Umtamvuna River. It is a well-watered country, no less than 35 distinct rivers running into the Indian Ocean in the 376 miles of coast. Unfortunately none of them are navigable. Pietermaritzburg is the seat of the Provincial Government, and has a population of 36,023. According to the final figures of the 1926 census, the European population was: males 9,365, females 10,383, total 19,748. The largest town and only port is Durban, the European population of which according to the same census was stated to be: males 35,767, females 35,116, total, 70,883.

The Province (including Zululand, 10,427 square miles) has an area of 35,284 square miles,

* There was formerly another British settlement named Natal, a factory of the East India Company on the west coast of Sumatra, founded 1781, and not finally abandoned until the cession of Sumatra to the Dutch in 1824.

with a seaboard of about 360 miles. The climate is sub-tropical on the coast and somewhat colder inland. It is well suited to Europeans. The Province is divided into 38 Magisterial Divisions. The European population has more than trebled since 1879. The returns of the total population in 1921 were:—

	1921.
Europeans	136,838
Indians and Asiatics	141,649
Natives	1,150,911†
Totals	<u>1,429,398</u>

† Including 11,107 mixed and other coloured.

The final figures of the European population of Natal in 1926 show: males 81,170, females 77,746, total 158,916.

According to the census of 1921 the population of Durban Borough was 95,541 (Europeans, 47,358; others, 48,183), and of Pietermaritzburg, 35,160 (Europeans, 17,492; others, 17,668).

In 1926 the number of European births registered was 3,588 and the number of European deaths was 1,503, and of marriages 1,342.

History.

From the discovery of Natal by Vasco da Gama, in 1497, little is to be found respecting it until 1686, when a Dutch vessel was wrecked in the Bay of Natal. The Dutch formed a settlement in 1721, but soon abandoned it.

In 1824 Lieutenant Farewell, of the Royal Navy, having in the previous year visited Natal on an exploring voyage, endeavoured to colonise it. Tshaka, a chief of the greatest talent, who had fused into a nation under his own despotic sway the various tribes inhabiting a vast tract of country, sanctioned the formation of a settlement by this small band of white men, which, however, was broken up about four years later.

Towards the close of 1837 a large body of Boers from the Cape Colony, taking offence at what they regarded as the weak and vacillating frontier policy of the British Government which gave them no adequate protection against native marauders, migrated to Natal. Many of them were treacherously murdered by Dingana, then Zulu chief, the murderer of, and successor to, his brother Tshaka. For two years the Zulus and the Boers waged war with varied success; but in 1839 the Boers obtained a decisive victory, and placed Mpande, an ally of theirs, and brother of Dingana, on the Zulu throne.

Owing chiefly to these disturbances, the Governor of the Cape decided to take military possession of the district, and sent there a force under Captain Smith (1842). These troops came into collision with the Boers, were defeated by them, forced to entrench themselves, and completely blockaded until the arrival of considerable reinforcements under Colonel Cloete. The Boers submitted, on the 5th July, to Colonel Cloete at Pietermaritzburg.

In consequence of the outbreak of war between the South African Republic (as the Transvaal was at that time called) and Orange Free State on one side and Her Majesty's Government on the other, Natal was invaded by the Boer forces in Oct., 1899. The first important engagement took place at Dundee, the Boers being repulsed by an advanced British force under Sir W. Penn Symons, who was mortally wounded. The British troops, under General Buller, then fell back upon Ladysmith,

and rejoined the main army of defence under Sir G. White, who in the meantime had gained a decided victory over a Boer commando at Elandsalaagte. Ladysmith was invested by a largely superior Boer army on the 28th October. Ladysmith was relieved by the British forces under Sir R. Buller at the end of February, 1900, and the Boers were cleared out of Natal in the course of the following few months, the British advancing into the Transvaal, where Lord Roberts was already operating with an invading army. It was not, however, until the signature of the terms of surrender by the Boer leaders on the 31st May, 1902, that peace was generally restored throughout South Africa, and that Natal was relieved from all further danger from the Boer forces remaining in the field up to that date.

An Act was passed in 1902, providing for the annexation to Natal of certain territories hitherto forming part of the Transvaal, and a Commission appointed to report as to the new boundaries. The new territory was annexed to Natal in January, 1903, and is divided into the five Magisterial divisions of Vryheid, Utrecht, Paulpietersburg, Ngotshe, and Babanango. The population at the census of April 17th, 1904, was 5,764 Europeans (mostly Dutch), 45 mixed and others, 5 Indians and Asiatics, 4,104 Natives in service, and 86,911 Natives in native areas: total 96,819. This territory represents an area of 6,970 square miles.

Zululand and Tongaland.

The Zulus are a warlike tribe who, in the beginning of the century, under Tshaka, pressed southwards and became consolidated into a powerful and well-organised kingdom. Tshaka was murdered and was succeeded by Dingana in 1828, who came into conflict with the emigrant Dutch, by whom he was deposed in 1839, in favour of his brother Mpande. In the latter years of Mpande Zululand was distracted by the rival ambitions of his sons, and the Natal Government in 1861 sent Mr. (the late Sir) Theophilus Shepstone, Secretary for Native Affairs, on a mission to Zululand, to induce the Zulus to recognise some one of Mpande's sons as heir to his throne, and thus restore tranquillity to the country. The son chosen, with the consent of the nation, the king, and the Natal Government, was Cetshwayo, who from that time acted to a great extent as regent for his father until the latter died in 1873. Cetshwayo, at the instance of Mr. Shepstone, proclaimed certain new laws, which in effect came to this, that he was not to kill his subjects without adequate cause and without trial. The relations between Cetshwayo and Natal during the first years of his reign were not unfriendly, though they became occasionally strained through disregard by him of his coronation law. But after the annexation by England of the Transvaal, a material change in the relations of the two Powers took place. Cetshwayo had long hated the Boers, with whom he had a boundary dispute, dating from 1861, and after the annexation his enmity appeared to be transferred to the new Government. The Zulu war party wanted at once to occupy the whole territory in dispute, and a collision between the Zulus and the British Government of the Transvaal appeared imminent, but was averted by the suggestion of Sir Henry Bulwer, Lieutenant-Governor of Natal, to refer the dispute to the arbitration of three Commissioners to be selected by himself. This was accepted, both by Sir T. Shepstone, as Governor of the Transvaal, and

by Cetshwayo, and approved by Her Majesty's Government; the final award being, however, by them reserved to Sir B. Frere as Her Majesty's High Commissioner in South Africa. The Natal Commission reported, in June, 1878, in favour of the claims of the Zulu king, and in September Sir B. Frere arrived in Natal and took up the consideration of the boundary dispute, and also of our general relations with the Zulus, which were becoming more and more strained. On the 11th of December his award in the arbitration was delivered to the representatives of the Zulu nation at the Lower Tugela Drift. At the same time Cetshwayo was required to introduce some modification of his administration, especially as regards military service, and to surrender certain refugees from Natal, and pay a fine for harbouring them, and for border outrages by his subjects.

The king not having complied, the further enforcement of the demands was confided to Lieut.-General Lord Chelmsford, whose forces advanced into Zululand in three columns between the 11th and 14th of January, 1879. On the 22nd of January two engagements were fought; one at Isandhlwana, the other at Inyezane; the former with disastrous, the latter with doubtful, results to the British. On the same night part of the Zulu impi crossed the Buffalo and attacked the commissariat and hospital post of Rorke's Drift, held by one company of the 24th Regiment. The post was without defences; but the officer in command, Lieut. Chard, V.C., R.E., with great rapidity and skill converted the stores themselves into a defence, and throughout the whole night the little garrison, behind a flimsy rampart of rice bags and biscuit boxes, successfully maintained an heroic defence.

In the meantime, the northern column, under Colonel (the late Sir Evelyn) Wood, continued to engage and harass the enemy. Even in this part, British arms were not free from disaster at the Intombi River, and in a reconnaissance at the Hlobane Mountain; but immediately after the whole Zulu army, numbering 24,000 men, having attacked Wood's camp at Kambula Kop, suffered a severe defeat.

At the beginning of April, reinforcements having begun to arrive from England and the neighbouring colonies, Lord Chelmsford advanced across the Lower Tugela to the relief of Colonel Pearson, who was shut up in Eshowe; defeated the enemy at Ginginhlovu on the 2nd of April, and relieved the garrison.

The military power of the Zulu kingdom was finally broken to pieces at the battle of Ulundi on the 4th of July, and Cetshwayo fled to the bush with a few followers. Chief after chief submitted, and Cetshwayo himself was captured. The dynasty of Tshaka was deposed, and the country was divided into thirteen districts, each under an independent chief, holding office by the gift of the Queen of England, subject to certain conditions accepted by him; a British resident was appointed to reside in Zululand, and be the adviser of the chiefs and channel of communication between them and the British Government.

Difficulties were soon experienced in working this arrangement. Some of the chiefs quarrelled and fought with one another and with their subjects, many of whom refused to recognise their authority; while a large and influential party were anxious for the restoration of Cetshwayo.

Sir H. Bulwer, who had assumed the government of Natal in the early part of 1882, was specially commissioned to inquire into the whole question of the Zulu settlement. After fully considering his report, Her Majesty's Government decided to replace the ex-king over the whole country north of the Umhlathuze River, with the exception of a small territory in the north-east, which Usibepu, one of the thirteen chiefs appointed by Sir Garnet Wolseley, was allowed to retain. The territory between the Umhlathuze and the Natal frontier was constituted a native reserve, under the supervision of a British commissioner, and it was arranged that locations should be provided in this reserve for any of the Zulus who might be unwilling to again submit to the restored king. Cetshwayo, who had at his own request been allowed to visit England, where the decision of the Government was communicated to him, and by him formally accepted, was reinstated by Sir Theophilus Shepstone on the 29th January, 1883, in the presence of 5,000 Zulus.

His enemies, headed by Usibepu, proved more formidable than he or others had anticipated, and after a struggle of some months he was overthrown and his kraal destroyed. He took refuge in the Reserve, where he lived practically under the care of the Resident, until the 8th of February, 1884, when he died. Soon after his death his followers, the Uututs (the name by which the personal adherents of Cetshwayo—as distinct from the Zulus in general—were known), finding themselves no match for Usibepu, called in some Boer adventurers, with whose assistance they inflicted a crushing defeat on Usibepu, who took refuge in the Reserve. And as a reward for this service the Boers received a grant of land, in which they established the "New Republic."

Finding that the Zulu people were unable to form any orderly administration of the remaining territory, Her Majesty's Government decided, with the general assent of the Zulus, to declare their country to be British territory, which was done in May, 1887. Some disturbances occurred soon after in connection with an attempt to set up Dinuzulu, a son of Cetshwayo, as King; but it was soon checked, with the assistance of the Imperial troops, and Dinuzulu with his uncles Ndabuko and Tshingana were arrested, tried and convicted of high treason, and removed to St. Helena, while other offenders were tried on other charges, and imprisoned or fined. Dinuzulu and his two uncles were permitted to return from exile at the beginning of 1898.

In 1890 Tongaland and the districts of Fokoti, Umjindi, and Manaba, were proclaimed part of Zululand.

In 1895 the territories of the Chiefs Mbikiza and Sambana, in extent 668 square miles, lying between Zululand and Swaziland, the Portuguese territories, and Tongaland, were annexed to Zululand.

By Government Notice, dated 11th June, 1895, a British Protectorate was declared over the territory of Tongaland, also called Maputaland, which is about 1,200 square miles in area, and is bounded on the north by Portuguese possessions, on the west and south by Zululand, and on the east by the Indian Ocean. Under the Anglo-Portuguese Convention, signed at Lisbon on 11th June, 1891, the spheres of influence of Great Britain and Portugal over the country occupied by the Tongas was defined by a line following the parallel of the confluence of the River Pongolo with the River Maputa to the sea coast. The

boundary then agreed upon was surveyed in 1896, and laid off by a joint commission appointed by the British and Portuguese Governments.

In November, 1897, a Bill was introduced into the Natal Parliament to provide for the annexation of Zululand to Natal, and became law. A Proclamation was issued by the Governor on the 30th December, giving effect to the annexation from that date. The British Tongaland Protectorate had been previously annexed to the Queen's dominions, and were incorporated with Zululand on the 27th December, 1897.

In 1906 a serious native rebellion broke out in the colony and spread to Zululand. It was suppressed by the Colonial forces, with assistance from detachments of volunteers from the Transvaal and the Cape Colony. A Commission was appointed to enquire into the native question generally, and the Commission's Report has since been published.

In 1907 there was a further recrudescence of unrest amongst the natives in Zululand, which was, however, easily suppressed without actual bloodshed. Dinuzulu, son of Cetshwayo, together with other chiefs and ringleaders, was arrested, and tried on charges of high treason, rebellion, sedition, murder, etc., and found guilty, though complicity in the murders of several noted loyalist Chiefs was not proved as against Dinuzulu. Dinuzulu was sentenced to four years' imprisonment, whilst other Chiefs were sentenced for longer periods and transported to St. Helena.

Constitution.

Natal, which had been annexed to Cape Colony in 1844, was placed under separate government in 1845, and under charter of July 15, 1856, was erected into a separate Colony. By this charter partially representative institutions were established, and, under a Natal Act of 1893, assented to by Order in Council June 26, 1893, the Colony obtained responsible government. The province of Zululand was annexed to Natal on December 30th, 1897. The districts of Vryheid, Utrecht and part of Wakkerstroom, formerly belonging to the Transvaal, were in January, 1903, annexed to the colony. On May 31, 1910, the Colony was merged in the Union of South Africa, becoming an original province of the Union.

Instruction.

With the exception of higher and vocational education, which has been placed under the control of the Union Government, education comes under the Provincial Administration.

There are in the Province, 1 Training College for Teachers, 21 secondary and intermediate schools, 2 preparatory schools and 136 primary schools for Europeans; 66 schools for Natives; 9 for Indians, and 9 for Coloured children, all under direct Government administration, and the following numbers of schools which receive Government aid and inspection: 36 for Europeans (of which 3 are secondary schools for girls), 300 farmhouse schools; 482 for Natives, 43 for Indians, and 14 for Coloured children; and about 30 purely private schools for Europeans, which number includes about a dozen large and successful secondary schools.

The aggregate number of Europeans in attendance in Government and Government-aided schools in 1926 was 24,781 (the average daily attendance being 91 per cent of that figure), and 913 in farmhouse schools. With the large number attending private schools, it is estimated

that there are few European children who are receiving no education. Primary education is now free in Government European and Coloured schools, and is compulsory for Europeans between the age of 7 and 15 (or Standard VI if below 15), who live within three miles of a school. For indigents who live beyond that radius boarding or transport assistance is available.

The attendance in non-European schools for 1926 was: Native 34,406, Indian 8,955, Coloured 1,975.

The Government expenditure on education for 1926 was 601,473*l*.

Fishing.

All fishing in Natal is administered under the Natal Fisheries Ordinance No. 11, 1916, and regulations published thereunder. A Principal Fisheries Officer is in charge of the Department.

The Natal Fisheries Advisory Board, consisting of fourteen members, meets once a month.

The principal classes of edible Natal fish are red and silver breams, bass, rockcod, barracoudas, seventy-fours, and steenbras.

Whaling operations on the Natal coast generally commence in May and end in October of each year. The species of cetacea captured are sperm, humpback, finner, blue, sei, and occasionally Right whales. Porpoise and dolphin abound all the year round on the coast. A whaling licence, subject to the approval of the Administrator, costs 50*l*. per annum, which fee includes a free Factory Licence. In addition a licence fee of 50*l*. is charged for each vessel and 5*l*. for each harpoon gun. Experimental nettings in enclosed waters are periodically thrown open to public tender during the season when shoal mullet and other fish visit the Natal coast. Shellfish—mussels and oysters—are marketed under licence during the season, which extends from March to October in each year. The local fisheries also provide a limited supply of crustaceans—crabs, crayfish, prawns and shrimps, but the demand largely exceeds the take.

Rod and line salt-water angling on the Natal coast is extremely popular and well organised. Several Angling Clubs are in existence and are controlled by the Natal Coast Anglers' Union.

The cost of a Government Trout Fishing Licence is 1*l*., but an Occasional Licence, available for seven consecutive days following the date of issue, is obtainable at a fee of 7*s*. 6*d*. Licences are issued by the Provincial Secretary, Pietermaritzburg, Principal Fisheries' Officer, Durban, and the Revenue Officer of the division within which the licence is sought.

Active measures are taken to foster and extend the scope of trout fishing, both brown and rainbow, and at the present time there are sixteen rivers with numerous tributaries well stocked and furnishing excellent results. The trout fishing season embraces the period 1st August to 31st May of the following year.

Finance.

Since the passing of the Financial Relations Act No. 10 of 1913 all expenditure incurred by any Province in respect of matters entrusted to that Province has been defrayed from the Provincial Revenue Fund. The Act quoted provided for the payment to each Province by the Union Government of a subsidy based on the expenditure of the Province (approximately one-half) and for the transfer and assignment of certain Union revenues.

Act 46 of 1925 altered the basis of the subsidies which are now calculated on the number of pupils and students attending schools in each Province, and have no reference to expenditure.

The Provinces publish their own accounts and financial statements, and their revenues and expenditure are not included in the figures of revenue and expenditure published by the central government.

Provincial Administration.

Administrator, H. Gordon Watson, I.S.O., 2,000*l*.

Provincial Secretary, John M. Hershensohn, 1,200*l*.

Chief Clerk, G. F. Lord, 800*l*.

Provincial Accountant, J. Austin, 800*l*.

Engineer-Superintendent of Roads, H. B. Jameson, 900*l*.

Principal Fisheries Officer, W. H. Bell-Marley, 500*l*.

Provincial Auditor, W. Powell-Morgan, 800*l*.

Education Department.

Superintendent, H. Bryan, M.A., 1,275*l*.

Chief Inspector of Schools, F. D. Hugo, 900*l*.

Secretary, Education Department, E. D. Davies, 731*l*.

Hospitals.

Medical Superintendent, A. G. Stewart, 1,330*l*.

Natal Provincial Council.

Election of New Provincial Council took place early in 1927.

Electoral Division. Name of Member.

Dundee	J. Dyson.
Durban (Berea Road)	T. M. Wodley.
Durban (Central) . . .	J. C. de Wet.
Durban (Congella) . .	F. H. Acutt.
Durban (Essenwood Road)	F. C. Hollander.
Durban (Greyville) . .	J. W. Coleman.
Durban (Point)	V. L. Nicoll.
Durban	A. Eaton.
(Stamford Hill)	
Durban (Toll Gate) . .	C. Henwood.
Durban (Umlazi) . . .	J. G. Fleming.
Ixopo	F. W. Fell.
Ladysmith	J. Macaulay.
Melmoth	A. L. Pretorius.
Newcastle	M. B. Brink.
North Coast	O. J. Johnson.
Pietermaritzburg . . .	W. E. Thraah.
(East)	
Pietermaritzburg . . .	P. H. Taylor.
(Umzunduzi)	
Pietermaritzburg . . .	
(West)	
Umgeni	J. A. Lidgett.
Umvoti	H. J. Comins.
Umzimkulu	J. F. Bethman.
Utrecht	H. F. G. Hohls.
Victoria County . . .	C. F. Clarkson.
Vryheid	G. M. Botha.
Weenen	W. P. Bawden.

Members of Executive Committee.

J. Dyson, C. F. Clarkson, F. C. Hollander, F. W. Fell.

PROVINCE OF THE ORANGE FREE STATE.

Situation, Area, and Population.

The Province of the Orange Free State lies to the north of the Orange River and the Province of the Cape of Good Hope, and to the south of the Vaal River. On the east it is bounded by Basutoland and the Province of Natal. The country, which lies at an altitude of 4,000 to 5,000 feet above the sea, consists chiefly of grassy plains; but to the east, on the Basutoland border, it is hilly. The rainfall is moderate, and the country is mainly devoted to stock-farming, though grain is raised in parts.

The area of the province is 49,647 square miles; it is divided into 29 districts. The population at the complete census of 1921 was as follows:—

The capital, Bloemfontein, had in 1921, 17,711 European inhabitants (9,041 males and 8,670 females), and 18,780 Non-European (9,729 males and 9,051 females); total 36,491.

According to the figures of the census of Europeans taken in 1926, the European population of Bloemfontein was: males 11,226, females 11,469, total 22,695.

Religion.—The principal body, according to the census of 1921, is the Dutch Reformed Church with 207,536 adherents; of Methodists there were 137,778; Anglican Communion 50,807; Presbyterians 13,562; Congregationalists 8,638; Lutherans 7,931; Roman Catholics 9,879; Jews 4,761; Heathen, 174,697.

History.

The Orange River was first crossed by a European in 1780, but no attempt was made to

Year.	European.			Non-European.			Total.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	In all.
1921	97,776	90,780	188,556	223,597	216,674	440,271	321,373	307,454	628,827

In 1926 the European population of the Province, according to the final figures of the census of Europeans in that year, was: Males 104,392, females 98,593, total 202,985.

In 1926 there were registered 5,309 births, 1,611 deaths and 1,690 marriages of Europeans.

settle the country for many years after. Emigrants from the great trek established themselves at Winburg and elsewhere, but the Colonial Government for some time made no attempt to establish any administration. In 1848, however, owing to the disputes between the settlers and the natives, Sir

Harry Smith issued a Proclamation declaring the whole territory between the Orange River and Vaal River to be under the sovereignty of the Queen, and a British Resident was appointed at Bloemfontein, with Assistant-Commissioners at Winburg and the Caledon River. The discontented farmers under Pretorius took up arms, but were defeated by Sir Harry Smith at Boomplaats. The British Government, however, before long determined to abandon the territory because of the increasing difficulties with the Basutos; and in 1854 Sir George Clerk, the Special Commissioner for "the settling and adjustment of the affairs of the Orange River Sovereignty," signed the Convention of Bloemfontein, by which, much against the will of many of the inhabitants, British sovereignty was withdrawn, and the independence of the country was recognised.

The history of the Orange Free State was in the main peaceable, but a good deal of fighting followed with the Basutos, and in 1866 Moshesh was compelled to cede much of his best cornland. The Basutos appealed to the High Commissioner and were taken under British protection, but by the Treaty of Aliwal North in 1869 the incorporation of the conquered territory into the Orange Free State was recognised.

About the same time the discovery of diamonds at Kimberley and the inrush of diggers led to a dispute between Her Majesty's Government and that of the Orange Free State as to the boundary, which was ultimately settled in 1876 by a Convention signed in London by President Brand providing for a payment by Great Britain of a sum of 90,000*l.* in consideration of the abandonment of the Free State claim.

The Government of the Orange Free State consisted of a President, elected every five years, assisted by an Executive Council and a Volksraad, containing 60 members, half of whom retired every two years. The Orange Free State had since 1889 been a member of the Customs Union, to which the Cape and latterly Natal also belonged. In the same year the railway to the Vaal was completed by the Cape Government, which continued to work the line until after the Jameson raid, when the Free State took it over.

In 1889, not long after the death of President Brand, whose wisdom and moderation had won general recognition, the Orange Free State entered into an alliance with the South African Republic. This alliance was renewed in 1897, and was appealed to as binding the Free State to assist the South African Republic in her quarrel with Great Britain in 1899. This course was determined on by a resolution of the Volksraad taken on the 27th of September, 1899, and resulted in the annexation of the country to the British dominions by a Proclamation of Lord Roberts issued on the 28th of May, 1900, the new Colony being called the Orange River Colony, and Lord Roberts being appointed Administrator. Sir Alfred Milner succeeded to the Administration on the departure of Lord Roberts from South Africa at the end of the year 1900, and was afterwards selected for appointment as Governor both of the Transvaal and of the Orange River Colony. Major (afterwards Sir) H. J. Goud-Adams was selected for the post of Lieut.-Governor. Early in 1906 Lord Milner resigned, and in May of that year his successor, Lord Selborne, arrived in South Africa. On the establishment of responsible government, July, 1907, Sir Hamilton Goud-Adams became Governor of the Colony.

On the restoration of peace in 1902 Crown Colony government was established, and continued till 30th June, 1907, when responsible government was granted. The election of the first Legislative Assembly took place in November, 1907.

The Legislature consisted of two Chambers—a Legislative Council and a Legislative Assembly, consisting of 11 and 39 members respectively.

On the 31st May, 1910, the Orange River Colony became, under the name of the Orange Free State, a Province of the Union of South Africa, and is now governed in terms of the South Africa Act which constituted the Union of South Africa. Apart from the general control of the Union Parliament the Act provided that the control of certain specified matters should be vested in an Administrator and Provincial Council.

Education.

Higher education is under the control of the Minister of Education for the Union, while primary (including elementary) and secondary education is controlled by the Administrator of the Province. Under the Educational Ordinance No. 9, of 1920, the Province is divided into a number of School Districts. Each Government School is under the supervision of a School Committee elected by the parents. For each District there is also a School Board, appointed partly by the School Committees and partly by the Government, which exercises general supervision over all schools within its district. The School Committees have the right of nominating teachers, subject to the approval of the Department. Grants are given conditionally to private schools. At present there are 857 Government and Government-aided European schools in the Province with a total enrolment of 44,691 to December, 1926. Education is free but fees may be charged under certain circumstances, and attendance is compulsory up to Standard VI. Except where the parent objects, both official languages are taught to all children and where possible are used as equal media of instruction.

Bloemfontein is the chief educational centre, and maintains the following institutions:—

(a) *Primary and Secondary Education.*—Grey College School, a boys' high school; the Eunice High School for Girls; the Brebner School (mixed, secondary); the Preparatory Technical School (mixed, intermediate); the Model School (mixed, primary); the President Brand School (mixed, primary); the Dr. Viljoen School (mixed, primary); the Temple School (mixed, primary). These are Government schools, Grey College School and the Eunice High School having large boarding departments. The "Oranje," St. Michael's Home and St. Andrew's Schools are Government-aided schools, whilst the Convent School and the Mariet Brothers' School are purely private. All these have large boarding establishments.

(b) *Training of Teachers.*—The Normal School, established soon after the Anglo-Boer war, has been replaced by the Normal College, where about 180 students complete the Training Course prescribed by the Education Ordinance of 1920, a limited number receiving a more advanced training. The first years of the Course are taken out at secondary schools throughout the country and at the Grey University College, Bloemfontein, the total number of students being about 500.

In 1925 all the Technical and Industrial Schools were taken over by the Union Department of Education and are not now under Provincial control.

Secondary schools have been established in all the leading towns of the Province with more advanced departments, preparing pupils up to University Matriculation Standard.

The gross expenditure on education of white and coloured scholars for the year 1926-27 was 837,609*l*. This sum does not include the cost of construction of educational buildings.

Provincial Council.

<i>Electoral Division.</i>	<i>Member.</i>
Bethlehem	H. D. Viljoen.
Bloemfontein District	G. H. Erwee.
Bloemfontein East . .	F. Shaw.
Bloemfontein West . .	Pieter Jacobus van Breda Faure.
Boshof	N. J. Minnaar.
Edenburg	J. O. D. du Toit.
Fauresmith	Erasmus Albertus van der Walt.
Ficksburg	Daniel Johannes de Villiers.
Frankfort	J. C. Kriek.
Harrismith	C. H. Ochse.
Heilbron	Marthinus Joachim Vermeulen.
Heopstad	H. J. J. van Rensburg.
Jacobsdal	J. A. D. Serfontein.
Kroonstad (East) . . .	C. P. J. Prinsloo.
Kroonstad (West) . . .	I. J. Coetzer.
Ladybrand	J. D. T. Prinsloo.
Lindley	J. C. Buys.
Parys	G. F. de Villiers.
Rouxville	H. J. Odendaal.
Senekal	A. H. Lamprecht.
Thaba Nchu	I. L. Rautenbach.
Vrede	C. du T. Thom.
Vrededorst	B. Cilliers.
Wepener	J. C. de Wet.
Winburg	C. T. van Schalkwyk, jun.

Members of Executive Committee.

D. J. de Villiers, E. A. van der Walt, J. A. D. Serfontein, H. J. Odendaal.

Provincial Administration.

Administrator, Hon. E. R. Grobler, 2,000*l*.
Provincial Secretary, R. A. Gregorowski, 1,040*l*.
Chief Clerk and Assistant Provincial Secretary,
 J. H. B. de Villiers, 900*l*.
Accountant, J. McKinley, 900*l*.
Superintendent of Roads and Local Works,
 W. F. Murray, 775*l*.

Education Department.

Director of Education, S. H. Pellissier.
Secretary, J. Gray.

TRANSVAAL PROVINCE.

Situation Area and Population.

The Transvaal lies to the north of the Orange Free State Province and to the south of Rhodesia, being bounded on the west by the Province of the Cape of Good Hope, and by the Bechuanaland Protectorate, and to the east chiefly by the Portuguese possessions, but touching Natal Province at the south-east corner. Its limits stretch from 28°40 to 22° S. degrees of latitude and between 28°40 and 32°10 E. in longitude. The greater part lies high, seldom less than 4,000 feet above the sea.

The area of the Province is 110,450 square miles, divided into 33 districts. In 1921 the population was as follows:—Europeans 543,485 (244,388 males, 259,097 females); non-European 1,544,151 (875,042 males, 669,109 females); total, 2,087,636 (1,159,430 males, 928,206 females). In 1926 there were 16,304 births, 5,913 deaths and 5,904 marriages of Europeans.

According to the final figures of the Census of Europeans in 1926, the European population of the Province was: males 313,773, females 294,849, total 608,622.

The European population of Pretoria in 1921 was 45,361. The largest town is Johannesburg, the mining centre of Witwatersrand goldfields, with a population (1921) of 288,131 of whom 151,836 were Europeans and 136,295 non-European persons.

The figures of the 1926 Census showed the European population of Pretoria and Johannesburg to be:—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Pretoria	27,897	28,429	54,326
Johannesburg	85,208	85,533	170,741

Churches, &c.	1921.	
	European.	Non-European.
Dutch Churches	287,630	49,578
Anglican	98,849	94,643
Presbyterian	31,715	12,407
Methodists	37,921	143,441
Roman Catholics	23,419	14,490
Lutherans	4,583	136,336
Other Christians	19,542	64,437
Jews	33,515	4
Other Non-Christians	4,670	450,798
Others	1,641	14,048

History.

The first European settlers in the Transvaal Territory were emigrant Cape farmers. The original destination of these emigrants was Natal, but upon the annexation of Natal to the English Crown most of them left the new district, and turning back over the Drakensberg went, some to the Orange River Territory, and others to the country beyond the Vaal. In 1848 British sovereignty was extended over the Orange River Territory, but no attempt was made by the British Government to exercise authority over its unwilling subjects beyond the Vaal, and in January, 1852, a treaty was made with them, containing a promise that they would not be interfered with in the management of their own affairs. This treaty is known as the Sand River Convention. The emigrants at the time formed three independent communities, which did not unite until 1858, when

they adopted for themselves the name of the South African Republic. After fifteen years of somewhat chequered history, the people of the Transvaal elected as President the Rev. Thomas Burgers, a clergyman of the Dutch Reformed Church, from the Cape Colony, and high hopes were entertained by many for the future of the Republic under his guidance. These hopes were not fulfilled. Misfortunes followed one another in rapid succession, and only ended with the collapse of the Government, and the extinction of the Republic.

The President early conceived the project of a railway to be made from Delagoa Bay into the Republic, to carry its produce profitably to the sea; and to promote this project he visited Europe in 1875, concluded a treaty with Portugal, and essayed to launch a loan of 300,000*l.* in Amsterdam, of which, however, only about 74,000*l.* was subscribed. This money he spent in buying plant for the proposed railway. In the meantime the Provisional government of the Republic had drifted into a dispute with the Zulu King, Cetshwayo, touching the boundary of Utrecht Province; and on his return the President himself engaged, first in a dispute with, and then in actual military operations against, Sikukuni, a Bechuana chief, living on the north-east of the Republic, whose country was claimed under an ambiguous and not very intelligible treaty in the Dutch language, to which some Boers had obtained the assent of Sikukuni's father in the year 1857. The operations against Sikukuni, which were upon a large scale, looking to the resources of the Republic, and were directed in person by the President, ended in failure. The Republican field army melted away; a guerilla war, however, was continued by a small mercenary force, until a peace was concluded early in 1877. In the meantime the defeat of the Boers by an insignificant tribe of an unwelcome branch of the native race, and their inability to repair the disaster, were producing alarming excitement in the native mind, and the peace of South Africa being deemed to be in evident danger, Her Majesty's Government despatched Sir Theophilus Shepstone, who happened to be in London at the time, to South Africa, as a Special Commissioner from Her Majesty, to watch events, and take such action as might be necessary to secure the general peace. When Sir Theophilus Shepstone arrived in the Transvaal, he considered on a review of all the circumstances that no other course was open to him than to proclaim the Queen's sovereignty. This he did on the 12th of April by a proclamation which was approved by Her Majesty's Government.

The annexation of the Transvaal was effected without the aid of physical force. Sir T. Shepstone at the time had with him but a few mounted policemen; and Her Majesty's troops did not arrive in the province for some time after the English Government had been set up, with the apparent acquiescence of its people. But subsequently hostile feelings towards the annexation were widely manifested, and two deputations were sent to England after annexation, to represent those who were opposed to that measure and desired a withdrawal of the British Government. In each case the answer of Her late Majesty's Government was a decided refusal.

In December, 1880, a majority of the Boers took up arms against the Government, and hoisted the flag of the South African Republic at Heidelberg. The towns held by Imperial troops were immediately invested, and a detachment of the 94th Regiment, which was being withdrawn from Lydenburg to Pretoria, to strengthen the force

at headquarters, was surprised, and after suffering very heavy loss, compelled to surrender.

The towns, however, held out, and Sir G. Pomeroy Colley, without waiting for reinforcements, collected the small force at his disposal and advanced from Pietermaritzburg in Natal to relieve them. A large force of Boers successfully opposed his entry into the Transvaal at Laing's Nek, the path across the Drakensberg mountains and they followed up this advantage by cutting off Sir G. Colley's communications with Newcastle, with a view to preventing the arrival of reinforcements. To re-open his communications he crossed the Ingogo River on the morning of the 8th of February, and was immediately attacked by the Boers. The action continued all day; at nightfall the Boers drew off, and the English forces returned to their camp.

In the meantime strenuous efforts were being made by President Brand, of the Orange Free State, to bring about an understanding, and in reply to the appeal which he made to Her Majesty's Government, they declared that if the Boers would desist from armed opposition to the English troops, a scheme would be framed for the permanent friendly settlement of all difficulties. This message was forwarded to the Boers on the 21st of February in a letter addressed to Mr. Paul Kruger, one of their leaders, by General Colley, and an answer was required within forty-eight hours. Mr. Kruger was away at Rustenburg, and the letter was sent unopened to the headquarters of the Boers at Heidelberg. Dr. Bok, who was acting as State Secretary, sent it on to Mr. Kruger, and replied to General Colley that no definite answer could be given to the message from Her Majesty's Government until Mr. Kruger's views were known. Dr. Bok's message did not reach the camp at Laing's Nek till the 1st of March. On the night of the 26th of February, General Colley, having received no reply to his message, moved out with three hundred and fifty men, and took possession of the summit of the Majuba Mountain, a spur of the Drakensberg, commanding the Boer camp at Laing's Nek. The Boers attacked the mountain next day, and carried it by storm, with little loss, while only about one-fifth of the defenders escaped, the rest being killed, wounded, or taken prisoners. Sir G. Pomeroy Colley himself was killed.

The command now devolved on Sir E. Wood, who was at Pietermaritzburg organising the advance of the reinforcements, and, at the instance of President Brand, an interview took place on the 6th of March between him and General Joubert, who was in command of the Boers at Laing's Nek, which resulted in the conclusion of an armistice, and on the 21st of March a preliminary agreement for peace was signed. The terms of the agreement were that Her Majesty's Government should allow the Transvaal self-government as regards its own interior affairs; that the control and management of the foreign relations of the State should be reserved to Her Majesty as suzerain; and that the Government of the Transvaal should recognise a British Resident. The functions of this officer, and the provisions for the protection of the interests of the native population, were to be determined by Her Majesty's Government on the recommendation of a Royal Commission.

As a result of the Commission's recommendations a Convention was framed embodying the terms of the peace agreement, assigning the boundaries of the State, defining the functions of the Resident as analogous to those of a consul-general and chargé d'affaires, and conferring upon

him extensive powers for the protection of the interests of the natives in the Transvaal. He also formed the medium of communication between the Government of the Transvaal and the native States on its borders. Stipulations were made for the repayment of the sums advanced by Her Majesty's Government in aid of the revenue of the Transvaal during the occupation; and a sub-commission, composed of the two judges of the High Court and Mr. Hudson, the British Resident, was appointed to consider claims for compensation for losses sustained during the hostilities.

The Convention was signed on the 3rd of August, and on the 8th of that month the Government was handed over to the representatives of the Boers. The Convention was finally ratified by a duly-elected Volksraad on the 25th of October.

By a further Convention of 1884, signed at London, fresh articles were substituted for the articles of the Pretoria Convention, a point which, as the reservation of suzerainty and grant of self-government to the Transvaal State both occur in the "preamble," or introduction of the Pretoria Convention, became of importance in the subsequent controversy regarding the status of the South African Republic, as the Transvaal State was now called.

The new Convention provided for the extension of the boundary of the Republic on the south-west, and abolished the British Resident and all direct control over native affairs, the Republic being bound, however, by Articles VIII. and XIX., to abstain from slavery and fulfil certain pledges made to the natives in 1881.

The concession of a larger degree of independence did not, however, prevent further trouble in Bechuanaland, while in Zululand adventurers from the Transvaal succeeded, by interfering in native disputes, in acquiring a large part of the country, where they formed a new State called the New Republic, the incorporation of which in the South African Republic was ultimately allowed by Her Majesty's Government in 1888. A trek to the north into Rhodesia in 1890 was only prevented with difficulty; while the efforts of the Government of the Republic to extend its influence in Swaziland resulted in 1894 in the recognition by Her Majesty's Government of its protectorate over that country.

The Transvaal, which had been bankrupt in 1877, when it was annexed, remained for some years after the retrocession in great financial difficulties. From these, however, it was not only saved, but raised to an unprecedented height of prosperity by the development by immigrants, chiefly British subjects, of the gold industry on the Witwatersrand, which began to grow soon after the signature of the London Convention. The progress achieved is clearly reflected in the fact that the revenue of the Republic, which, in 1885, amounted to 177,877*l.*, had risen in 1890 to 1,229,061*l.* reaching 3,329,968*l.* in 1898. The Republic, fearing that the newly-acquired independence would be jeopardised by the influx of the newcomers, adopted a repressive policy towards them. From 1890 to 1894 legislation was passed restricting the grant of the franchise, which at the time of the Pretoria Convention had been open to all settlers after a year's residence, and since 1882, after five years' residence, until it became practically unattainable to the ordinary immigrant. At the same time the abuses of the Administration, among which the Uitlander population especially reckoned the grant of concessions and monopolies,

and against one of which, the dynamite monopoly, Her Majesty's Government entered in 1899 a special protest, created much discontent among the new population.

In 1894 the discontent assumed a threatening aspect, owing to the commandeering of British subjects to fight in a native war, but this question was arranged by the High Commissioner, Lord Loch, who visited Pretoria at that time; other questions, however, remained unsettled. In 1895 the action of the Government of the South African Republic in closing the drifts by which trade entered the Transvaal from the Cape, brought the Republic to the verge of war with Great Britain. Towards the end of 1896, a revolutionary movement was set on foot in Johannesburg. On the 29th of December, however, Dr. Jameson crossed the border of the Transvaal on his disastrous raid, and was defeated, and surrendered at Krugersdorp on the 2nd January, 1896. The High Commissioner, Sir Hercules Robinson, hurried to Pretoria, and by his inter-mediation Johannesburg laid down its arms.

President Kruger, at the time of the raid, had issued Proclamations promising, to consider the redress of grievances, and laying down the principle, "Forget and Forgive." Little result, however, beyond the erection of an unsatisfactory municipality, followed his promises of reform; while the action of the Government of the Republic in disregarding the London Convention gave rise to questions with Her Majesty's Government. In addition to infringing Art. IV., the Republic passed in 1896 an Aliens' Immigration Restriction Law, which Her Majesty's Government contended was in violation of Art. XIV., and the law was repealed next year.

In 1897 the Government, in consequence of the complaints of the mining industry, appointed a commission of inquiry, whose report showed clearly the existence of very serious maladministration. Little or no reform, however, resulted.

The dissatisfaction which the Uitlanders manifested with the treatment which they received was brought to a high pitch by the shooting of an Englishman by a policeman at Johannesburg on the 18th of December, 1898, and the action of the authorities in the matter, followed by the acquittal of the accused, aroused great excitement on the Rand—and, indeed, throughout the English-speaking part of South Africa. A petition, signed by 21,000 British subjects, calling attention to the grievances of the Uitlanders, and asking for the protection of Her Majesty's Government, was addressed to the Queen in March, 1899. The Government of the South African Republic at this time appeared to recognise the need for reform by proposing some slight alterations in the franchise law, but their negotiations, conducted with some of the leaders of the mining industry, broke down because the latter insisted that the Uitlander population generally must be consulted, and the Government repudiated responsibility for their negotiators. Her Majesty's Government, in a despatch dated 10th May, represented the grievances of the Uitlanders to the Government of the South African Republic, and urged that they should be redressed, proposing a conference between the High Commissioner and the President. Before, however, the despatch was presented, Sir A. Milner, on the invitation of the President of the Orange Free State, met President Kruger at Bloemfontein on the 31st of May, and proposed the grant of the franchise to the Uitlanders to relieve the situation. The proposals of the President were quite inadequate for the purpose

of giving any substantial and immediate representation, and the Conference broke up.

After successive proposals, and after Her Majesty's Government had asked that, if these proposals were to form any element in the settlement of differences between the two Governments, full particulars might be furnished, a franchise law, giving a seven years' retrospective franchise, was passed by the Volksraad without reference to Her Majesty's Government, and came into operation on 26th July. This law was an improvement on any previous proposal, but there was good ground for doubting whether it did not contain many provisions which would render it illusory in actual practice, and Her Majesty's Government, therefore, proposed a joint inquiry as to whether it would give "immediate and substantial representation." However, the Government of the Republic were extremely unwilling to accept the joint inquiry, and an alternative proposal for a five years' franchise was made by the State Attorney, Mr. Smuts, to Her Majesty's Agent, on three assumptions. These assumptions were (1) that Her Majesty's Government would not in future interfere in the internal affairs of the Republic; (2) that Her Majesty's Government would not insist further upon the assertion of suzerainty, the controversy being allowed tacitly to drop (this point had acquired special importance since the South African Republic, on the 9th May, had claimed the status of a sovereign international state); (3) that arbitration without a foreign element should be conceded.

The proposal was put forward in writing by the Republic and the three "assumptions" were put forward as express conditions. To these notes Her Majesty's Government replied, that they could not bind themselves never to intervene again, but they expressed the hope that further intervention would be unnecessary if the franchise was granted. As to suzerainty they referred to their despatch in which they had intimated their refusal to continue the discussion; and as to arbitration, they agreed to discuss the form of a tribunal. The South African Republic thereupon withdrew their five years' offer, and officially declared their objections to the joint inquiry, which they represented was an interference with the independence of the country. Her Majesty's Government then (8th September) being convinced by accumulating evidence of the unworkable character of the law which had been passed, while maintaining their position as regards interference and suzerainty, declared that they would be satisfied with a franchise on the five years basis if shown by an inquiry, either unilateral or joint, not to be encumbered with impossible conditions. If this was accepted they were ready to have a conference about arbitration, etc., but, failing acceptance, they would have to formulate their own proposals for a final settlement. To this the Government of the Republic replied by maintaining their withdrawal of the five years' franchise unless accepted with the conditions above stated, and called on Her Majesty's Government to revert to the proposal for a Joint Commission on the seven years' franchise. On the 22nd of September Her Majesty's Government repeated their views, and stated that their own proposals for a settlement would be formulated later.

After some correspondence between the President of the Orange Free State and the High Commissioner, in which the High Commissioner, as late as the 5th of October, said that any definite proposal

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would still be considered, the South African Republic, without waiting for Her Majesty's Government to formulate their proposals, handed to the British Agent an ultimatum, dated 9th October, requiring the instant withdrawal of British troops on the borders of the Republic, and the removal of all reinforcements which had arrived in South Africa since the 1st of June, and demanding an answer by five o'clock on the 11th of October. It was deemed impossible by Her Majesty's Government to discuss such a demand, and war broke out accordingly. The Orange Free State, in pursuance of a resolution passed on the 27th of September, threw in its lot with the Transvaal.

On the outbreak of war, the Boers immediately invaded British territory to the south-east and west of the Republics. The operations on the western side were chiefly concerned with the investment of Mafeking and Kimberley. Meantime the main body of the Boers invaded Natal under General Joubert. The first considerable engagement of the war occurred at Dundee on the 20th of October, where General Symons attacked and repulsed a Boer commando. On the 21st of October the British army at Ladysmith attacked a Boer commando at Elandsagte, and inflicted a severe defeat. On the 30th Sir G. White made a reconnaissance from Ladysmith, and during the engagement which then took place two battalions and a mountain battery were cut off and captured by the Boers. Ladysmith was then surrounded by the Boers and communication cut. On the 3rd of November Colenso was evacuated, and the garrison there fell back on Estcourt.

Meanwhile troops were on the way from England. The Governments of Canada and of all the Australian Colonies offered the services of contingents, and the offer was gratefully accepted; the despatch of troops from the different colonies was rapidly organised, and they left amidst enthusiastic demonstrations of loyalty. Offers of troops were also made by several of the Crown Colonies, and by the Federated Malay States, and contingents of mounted Volunteers were accepted from India and Ceylon.

As the troops from England arrived, a move forward was made in two directions. A Natal relief column prepared for an advance to the relief of Ladysmith. Sir Redvers Buller, who was in chief command of the British forces, left Capetown for Natal to direct the general plan of advance, and by the end of November the British forces had arrived near Colenso. On December 15th, Sir R. Buller made an attack on the enemy and attempted to cross the Tugela at Colenso, but he had to retire to his camp at Chieveley after suffering severely in casualties and abandoning a large number of guns. On the western side a force under Lord Methuen pushed up along the railway to the relief of Kimberley. On the 23rd of November he attacked the Boers at Belmont and dispersed them. Two days later he pushed aside a further force at Enalin, and on the 28th November he forced a large body of the enemy to evacuate a strong position at the Modder River. On December 11th he attacked the enemy at Magerfontein, but was unsuccessful in carrying the position, and fell back on the Modder River.

The northern borders of Cape Colony, where there were a few British garrisons, were invaded by parties of Orange Free State Boers, with the apparent object of gaining recruits from the Dutch residents in the Colony, in which they were partially successful. General Gatacre, on his arrival, took command of the British troops in these

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districts. His first important action took place on the 10th of December, when he was unsuccessful in a night attack on Stormberg.

On the receipt of news of the capture of the battalions at Ladysmith orders were at once given for the despatch of further reinforcements from England. The repulses experienced early in December made it necessary to take further measures. On the 7th of the month it was announced that Field-Marshal Lord Roberts would go out to take supreme command at the Cape, leaving Sir R. Buller to confine his attention to the operations in Natal; Lord Kitchener was appointed Chief of the Staff to Lord Roberts. Large reinforcements were ordered out from England, and further help offered by Australia and Canada was gladly accepted.

Lord Roberts reached Modder River on 9th February, 1900, and General French relieved Kimberley on the 16th. General Cronjé was caught up and surrendered with all his force on the 27th. Ladysmith, after two unsuccessful attempts, was relieved by General Buller on the 28th of the same month. Lord Roberts reached Bloemfontein on the 13th of March, and Pretoria on the 5th of June.

The Transvaal was annexed to Her Majesty's dominions Lord Roberts becoming Administrator, in which office he was succeeded on his departure from South Africa at the end of the year by Sir Alfred Milner. Sir A. Milner (afterwards Lord Milner) was selected for the post of Governor of the Transvaal and of the Orange River Colony, an office which he combined with that of High Commissioner for South Africa.

The Transvaal Colony remained the scene of military operations till May, 1902, when on the last day of that month Articles of Peace were signed at Pretoria.

Prior to this, the Civil Administration was partly organised on a provisional basis, resident magistrates and district Commissioners having been appointed in many districts. Numerous proclamations were issued to provide for administrative requirements, and amongst those issued in 1902 may be mentioned those making provision for the acquisition of lands for public purposes (Proclamation 7), placing subsidised schools under the control of the Director of Education (9), amending the law relating to the registration of deeds (10), levying a tax of 10 per cent. on the annual net produce of gold-bearing produce (34), regulating the registration of mining rights (35, amended by Ordinance 6 of 1902), and several relating to the administration of justice. On the 21st of June, 1902, Letters Patent were published constituting the Government of the Transvaal, and providing for an Executive and a Legislative Council, the members of which are to be appointed by the Crown; the subsequent legislation being accordingly by Ordinance.

On the 31st March, 1906, Letters Patent were passed providing for the constitution of a Legislative Assembly to consist of the Lieutenant-Governor and not less than six or more than nine official members, and (provisionally) not less than thirty or more than thirty-five elected members. But in December, 1906, this Constitution was revoked and a new one substituted.

On 6th December, 1906, Letters Patent were issued conferring full responsible government upon the Transvaal. The legislature consisted of two chambers, the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly, the former containing fifteen members and the latter sixty-nine.

The Transvaal was included as an original Province of the Union of South Africa in terms of the South Africa Act, 1909, which came into operation on the 31st May, 1910, and is now governed under that Act. Apart from the general control of the Parliament of the Union, the control of certain matters specified in the South Africa Act is vested in an Administrator and Provincial Council.

Municipal Government.

Municipal Government was established in the principal towns of the Province by Ordinances enacted in 1903. These Ordinances were subsequently extended and amended, and were during the 1912 session of the Provincial Council consolidated and further amended so as to give local authorities more extensive powers, principally in regard to matters affecting the public health, although other important amendments, e.g., the basis of the municipal franchise, and the principle of councillors contracting with Councils, were incorporated in the consolidating and amending Ordinances. Three Ordinances were enacted dealing with:

- (a) the constitution of Local Authorities, i.e., Town and Village Councils and Health Committees, and the powers and duties of such bodies;
- (b) the election of councillors, and
- (c) the levying of assessment rates.

Under these Ordinances, as under previous legislation, the Provincial Administration retains some measures of control over the government of Municipalities, limited, however, to powers of audit and surcharge, the approval of loan proposals, local improvement schemes, the approval of by-laws and the alienation of Municipal property. There are now 52 Municipalities (22 Town Councils and 30 Village Councils) in the Province and considerable progress in the improvement of the towns has been made since the inauguration of local self-government.

In areas under the jurisdiction of Town Councils the Municipal franchise under the Ordinance is extended to all white persons, males or females of the age of 21 years and upwards being British subjects who have resided within the Municipality for a period of six months immediately preceding the compilation of the voters' roll, or who are the owners of rateable property in the municipality.

Any person, male or female, qualified to be registered as a voter is eligible to be elected a Councillor.

In areas under the jurisdiction of village Councils the qualification of voters and Councillors is the same as that for Town Councils. There are 30 such bodies in the province.

In all municipal areas elections are by ballot, a more simple form of procedure being followed in the case of Village Councils than with Town Councils.

Legislation enacted in 1906 and 1906 provides for the creation of Health Committees where the density of population makes it necessary in semi-urban areas for sanitary measures to be enforced. Provision is now made in the Local Government Ordinance of 1912 for the constitution of such bodies and wider powers of control are delegated to them under that Ordinance. There are 27 Health Committees in the Province.

Education.

	Schools.	Final Enrolment.	Average Enrolment.	Average Attendance.
High Schools and Secondary Dept. of Primary Schools ...	41	10,163	10,832	10,248
Town and Village Schools ...	227	67,525	65,171	60,092
Country Schools and Farm-Aided Schools	935	44,769	44,370	40,754
Total ...	1,203	122,457	120,373	111,094
Schools for Coloured Children ...	39	5,557	5,482	4,746
Total ...	1,242	128,014	125,855	115,840

On the 26th November, 1926, the 4 Normal Colleges had 815 students. There were 396 state-aided native schools, with 42,755 scholars. On the 31st December, 1926, the 3 Trades Schools had 814 students, and the Domestic Science School, 323 students.

Education in Government Schools, both primary and secondary, is free.

Provincial Administration.

Administrator, Hon. J. H. Hofmeyr, 2,500*l.*
Provincial Secretary, D. E. Van Velden, 1,400*l.*, 120*l.* local allowance.
Provincial Accountant, S. C. A. Cosser, M.M., 900*l.*, 89*l.* local allowance.
Chief Clerk, A. E. Charter, O.B.E., 900*l.*, 89*l.* local allowance.
Clerk to the Provincial Council, G. H. C. Hannan, 750*l.*, 81*l.* local allowance.
Provincial Auditor and Local Government Inspector, A. Tilley, 900*l.*, 44½*l.* local allowance.

Education Department.

Director of Education, H. S. Scott, 1,480*l.*, 120*l.* local allowance.
Secretary, Education Department, F. S. Malan, 1,000*l.*, 100*l.* local allowance.
Registrar, Education Department, R. H. Perks, 650*l.*, 76*l.* local allowance.
Examiner, Education Department, P. I. Hoogenhout, 900*l.*, 89*l.* local allowance.

Provincial Council of the Transvaal.

<i>Electoral Division.</i>	<i>Name of Member.</i>
Barberton	H. J. Raubenheimer.
Benoni	G. Hills.
Bethal	J. P. Jooste.
Bezuidenhout	W. A. Harper.
Boksburg	E. Goodman.
Brakpan	J. H. König.
Christiana	F. Jooste.
Delarey	J. P. de la Rey.
Denver	G. Milligan.
Ermelo	S. P. Bekker.
Fordsburg	A. N. Bloch.
Germiston	S. A. van Lingen.
Heidelberg	F. W. R. Robertson.
Hospital	J. Weightman.
Jeppes	H. Carter.
Johannesburg North	J. W. O'Hara.
Klerksdorp	H. L. M. Leibbrandt.
Krugersdorp	J. T. Halse.
Langlaagte	W. Bawden.

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*Electoral Division.**Name of Member.*

Lichtenburg	G. A. van der Walt.
Loosburg	C. H. Mostert.
Lydenburg	E. de Souza.
Marico	O. J. Oosthuizen.
Middelburg	I. J. van Heerden.
North-East Rand	F. F. Alexander.
Parktown	J. F. Brown.
Pietersburg	C. Hofmeyr.
Potchefstroom	A. J. Nel.
Pretoria Central	A. E. Campbell.
Pretoria District (North)	J. M. Bredenkamp.
Pretoria District (South)	C. G. du Toit.
Pretoria East	A. Andresen.
Pretoria West	P. A. Harms.
Rodepoort	N. Toomey.
Rustenburg	J. A. du Plessis.
Springs	W. A. Jessop.
Standerton	P. B. du Plessis.
Troyeville	F. H. Thompson.
Turffontein	G. B. Steer.
Ventersdorp	T. C. Stoffberg.
Von Brandia	T. F. Allen.
Vrededorp	J. J. Landmann.
Wakkerstroom	W. K. A. Knauer.
Waterberg	B. H. Schonken.
Witbank	G. T. Robertson.
Witwatersberg	A. J. de la Rey.
Wolmaransstad	L. M. Wentzel.
Wonderboom	W. O. Solomon.
Yeoville	H. J. Lamb.
Zoutpansberg	W. H. Vorster.

Members of the Executive Committee.

J. F. Brown; B. D. G. Pienaar; E. de Souza; T. C. Stoffberg.

SOUTH WEST AFRICA.

Area and Boundaries.

The Territory of South West Africa, including the Caprivi Zipfel, embraces an area of 322,393 square miles (83,500,000 hectares) and excluding the Caprivi Zipfel 311,820 square miles (80,759,563 hectares). The Territory lies between latitudes 17° (south) and 28° 57' south, the Atlantic Ocean, and longitude 21° east, so that from practically the centre of the Rehoboth district northwards it falls within the tropics, and from there southwards within the South Temperate Zone. As the Caprivi Zipfel, for administration purposes, has been transferred to the Protectorate of British Bechuanaland, and Walvis Bay which is 374 square miles in extent, to the Administration of South West Africa the area of the territory as now administered is 312,194 square miles (80,856,427 hectares).

The boundaries are as follows:—

North. Angola, which for a considerable distance is separated from South West Africa by the Kunene and Okavango Rivers.

East. The Protectorate of British Bechuanaland and the Province of the Cape of Good Hope.

South. The Orange River, which is also the boundary of the Province of the Cape of Good Hope.

West. The Atlantic Ocean.

An agreement for the settlement of the dispute concerning that portion of the Angola-South West Africa boundary lying between the Kunene and the Okavango Rivers was concluded in June, 1926. The plenipotentiaries were Dr. Augusto de Vasconcellos, Vice-Admiral Ernesto de Vasconcellos, and Colonel Carlos Roma Machado, representing the Republic of Portugal, and the Hon. Justice Jacob de Villiers, Judge of Appeal, the Hon. G. R. Hofmeyr, Ex Administrator of South West Africa, and Mr. Reenen Jacob van Reenen, representing the Mandatory power.

Formation.

South West Africa forms a portion of the main South African Plateau with its great interior basin the Kalahari. The Territory has a mean average height of approximately 3,600 feet above sea level, sloping gradually, especially on the eastern portion, from 2,500 feet in the south to 4,800 feet in the north interspersed with small mountain ranges, of which the Moltkebliek rises as high as 7,886 feet above sea level. The Brandberg, which is near the coast, and is the highest of these, has an elevation of 8,277 feet. The plateau, or interior upland is separated from the sea by a practically rainless desert, commonly called the Namib, which rises rapidly, but evenly, from the sea to the plateau, the average width being 100 kilometres (62 miles), attaining its greatest width towards the south, and its narrowest towards the north, the annual rainfall there being less than one inch. A good deal of the plateau in the south may be classed as semi-desert as the average annual rainfall is less than 10 inches, but in the north there is a marked improvement, the average rainfall in parts being over 20 inches. The edge of the South African Plateau is well defined in the north and south of South West Africa by broken ranges of mountains like the Kaokoveld, and Aus-Kubub Mountains (Huib Hochebene), but in the centre there is no defined escarpment. The plateau attains its greatest average elevation around Windhoek, which lies between the Khomas Hochlands and the Awas Mountains. From there isolated eminences and ranges super-imposed on the main plateau extend in a northerly direction to the Kaokoveld Mountains. To the south the Highlands are succeeded at some little distance by the plateau and the tabletopped mountains of Great Namaqualand, eastward and north-east of these elevated tracts the upland assumes a very level character composed mostly of sand dune formation merging eventually into the sand-veld of the Kalahari.

Mountains.

The most mountainous section is the Windhoek district in which are the Khomas Hochland, a very rugged lofty tableland with a mean altitude of 6,000 feet rising in places to 6,700 feet above sea level; rugged ranges north-east of Windhoek of which the principal are the Onyati Mountains (7,198 feet); and to the south and south-east the Awas Mountains having a mean average elevation of approximately 6,700 feet, attaining their greatest altitude in the Moltkebliek peak (7,886 feet). In this section, which may be termed the watershed of South West Africa, the Kuiseb, the Fish, the Elephant, the Nosob, the Swakop, and the Auob rivers have their source.

With the exception of the Kaokoveld mountains, which form the edge of the plateau, the rest of the mountains are broken ranges and isolated

eminences rising out of the Great Plateau. Among these are the Amatako (7,270 feet), Brandberg (8,277 feet), Erongo (7,044 feet), Chuos (5,081 feet), Naukluft (6,266 feet), Weissrand (3,770 feet), Tsaaris (5,749 feet), Schwarzrand (4,399 feet), Tiras (5,930 feet), Huib Hochebene (Aus Kubub), Klein Karas (4,729 feet), and Gross Karas (6,168 feet).

Rivers.

With the exception of the boundary rivers, the Kunene, Okavango and Orange Rivers and the Kwandi in the Caprivi Zipfel, there are no perennial streams. There are, however, dry sandy river beds, which flow after heavy rains, but except in very wet seasons few of these flow for any considerable distance. The Swakop, the Kuiseb and the Omaruru reach the sea perhaps once in five years or at even longer intervals. These river beds have the appearance of having been blocked up by loose sand under which the water percolates and eventually reaches the sea. By sinking shallow wells in them plentiful supplies of fresh water are obtained, a good illustration of this is at Rooibank near the mouth of the Kuiseb and at Goanikontes near the mouth of the Swakop. The principal of these sandy rivers are:—The White Nosob, the Black Nosob, the Vereinigte Nosob, the Auob, the Elephant, flowing east and south-east, the Fish, flowing south, and the Kuiseb, the Swakop, the Omaruru, the Ugab, flowing west.

Ocean Currents.

The coast is swept by the cold Benguela current, which originates in the Antarctic Ocean and flows along the western coast of South Africa as far as the mouth of the Congo. There can be no doubt that the arid character of the Namib is due primarily to the influence of this current.

Pans.

Very characteristic of the northern and eastern section of the Territory are the peculiar shallow depressions without any outlet, commonly known as pans, which range in diameter up to a couple of miles. They can, according to the water contained in them, be classified as fresh pans, brack pans and salt pans. The surface of the salt pans, such as the salt pans at Aminuis, and west of the Etosha pan, during the dry season become covered with a dazzling white crust composed chiefly of common salt. The Etosha pan can hardly be classified amongst these pans as it covers an area of approximately 1,355 square miles (351,700 hectares). In the winter it is dry, but during the summer months it is covered by a shallow sheet of water, which varies according to the rainfall and the amount of water flowing into it from the Kunene.

Vegetation.

Namib. Along the sea coast there is no vegetation whatsoever; from about 25 miles inland the landscape is characterized by such plants as the milk bush (*Euphorbia*) and *Caoti*; towards the east, in years of abundant rainfall, it is fairly well grassed. In the river beds trees and rich verdure are found, such as various acacias, etc., the principal of which are the Kameeldoorn (*Acacia Giraffae*) and the Ana (*Acacia Albida*).

South. In the extreme south for a considerable distance semi-desert conditions prevail, consisting of an arid stony plateau and plains supporting

edible shrubs and a sparse growth of grass. In heavy rainy seasons, however, nutritious grasses and flowers spring up everywhere. The river courses as in the Namib are clothed with trees. The most widely distributed plants are the milk bush, the Ganna bush (*Salsola Aphylla*), the three thorn bush (*Rhigozum Trichotumum*) and the Noonie bush (*Boscia Foetida*). The principal trees are the Camel-thorn (*Acacia Giraffae*) and the Koker-boom (*Aloe Dichotoma*).

Centre. From the southern portion northwards, the veld assumes the characteristics of the Karroo until Rehoboth is reached, when it changes into a park-like grass country studded with large thorn trees, and is especially well timbered along the water courses. From the mountainous portion of the Windhoek district northwards towards Omaruru, the country is covered with level bush with an undergrowth of very nutritious grass, the valleys and water courses being well timbered with mostly acacia trees especially the Kameeldoorn (*Acacia Giraffae*).

North. Towards the north the bush becomes denser. It is traversed in its most northern section by belts of open Mopane forests and towards the Okavango it is covered by fertile tropical vegetation.

East. In the southern portion of the eastern section the vegetation is karroo bush, intermixed with grass, the valleys being covered with thorn bush. Towards the centre trees become more numerous and the dunes themselves are covered with thorn bush, large acacia trees, and good grass. From Rehoboth northwards the whole is well timbered and merges into thick tropical vegetation.

Government and Administration.

Early in the late war the country was invaded by the Military Forces of the Union, and on the 9th July, 1915, was surrendered to them at Khorab. It is now administered by the Union under a Mandate from the League of Nations dated 17th December, 1920.

In terms of the Mandate, military training of the natives, except for police or defence purposes, is forbidden, and no naval or military fortifications may be established.

The supply of intoxicating liquor to the natives is prohibited, as also is any system of forced labour.

The administration of the country is conducted from central offices situated at Windhoek, and the country is divided into 17 districts, controlled by magistrates. This excludes Ovamboland in the extreme north which contains the bulk of the native population and is administered by Native Affairs officials.

There is also a Native Affairs official stationed at Kuring Kurru who controls the native tribes on the Okavango River.

Windhoek, the Capital, is pleasantly situated at an altitude of 5,600 ft., in the centre of the Territory. The town, with its surrounding district, contains a population of over 4,000 Europeans and 13,000 Natives.

Previous to 1920 German Imperial and Local Laws were in force. On the 1st January, 1920, however, the Roman Dutch Law became the Common Law of the country.

By Act No. 42 of 1925, the Union Parliament made provision for the grant of representative institutions to the European inhabitants of the Mandated Territory. Under this Act, an Executive Committee, Advisory Council, and Legislative

Assembly are constituted: the Assembly to consist of 18 members, of whom 6 are to be appointed by the Administrator and the remainder to be directly elected. Every male European is qualified to be registered as a voter provided that he is not less than 21 years of age, is a British subject, and has been resident in the Territory for 12 months. General Elections are to be held at intervals not longer than every three years. The Advisory Council is to consist of 8 members, viz.: the Administrator as Chairman, the other members of the Executive Committee, and 3 members nominated by the Administrator, one of whom shall be selected mainly on the ground of his knowledge of the wishes of the non-European races in the Territory. The Executive Committee is to consist of the Administrator and four persons chosen by the Assembly from among its own members or otherwise.

The Assembly is vested with the power to make Ordinances for the Territory except on certain subjects which are reserved: the latter include native affairs, immigration, customs tariffs, currency and banking, and other subjects, though they may by resolution recommend that legislation be enacted on any of such matters. The function of the Advisory Council includes advising the Administrator in regard to the reserved subjects, and in regard to assenting to the Ordinances which the Assembly has passed.

The present Administrator is Mr. A. J. Werth, who was the Member for Koonstad in the Union House of Assembly from 1920 to 1926, and succeeded Mr. Gysbert Reitz Hofmeyr, C.M.G., as Administrator in April, 1926.

The chief executive officer for the country is the Secretary for South-West Africa, Mr. H. P. Smit. The official languages of the Territory are English and Dutch. For the convenience of the older section of the population the German language is recognised for purposes of official correspondence.

Population.

The final results of the census of 1926 give the European population as 24,115—Males, 13,741; Females, 10,374.

The European population, according to the figures of the 1921 census, was 19,432, and the native population about 218,000. As large areas of the country, particularly along the coast and in the North, are uncivilised, it has been impossible to procure precise figures. In particular it has been difficult to estimate the numbers of the Bushmen, who still exist in considerable tribes in the North-Eastern portion of the country.

It is estimated that of the 19,432 European inhabitants in 1921 some 7,800 were Germans. The remainder were almost all South Africans, and farmers by occupation.

The principal native races of South-West Africa are the Ovambos, Hereros, Bergdamares or Klipkaffers, Hottentots, and Bushmen.

The Ovambos are a Bantu race, and follow agriculture as a pursuit. They still possess to its full extent tribal organisation, and are fairly well armed, but have given no trouble since the British occupation of the country. The Germans in pre-war times exercised no authority whatever over them, and never entered their territory.

The Hereros are a pastoral people who formerly owned enormous herds of cattle. The Germans in dealing with these people pursued a policy of oppression, with the result that in 1904 they rebelled, and 75 per cent. of them were destroyed.

Their tribal organisation has completely disappeared, and they are now scattered throughout the country on farms and in the different towns, where they form the ordinary source of labour.

Owing to the fact that formerly tribal organisation was based on the ownership of cattle, and that they have consequently for generations been familiar with cattle and their ways, the Herero makes an excellent herd. It is not an unusual thing for a member of this race to have charge of, say, 3,000 head, and to know each one individually.

Since the British occupation of the country reserves have been set aside for the Hereros, who have increased considerably in numbers and in animal wealth.

The Bergdamas are, it is believed, also of Bantu origin, though some authorities hold that they belong rather to the Hottentot race, whose language they now speak. They are an inferior tribe, and were alternatively the slaves of the Hereros and the Hottentots in pre-European days, as the former or the latter prevailed in the constant struggles that were going on between them.

The Hottentots, so called, consist of two distinct sections, one of which, whose remnants are found in the central portions of the country, is of pure native extraction, the source of which is but little understood, while the other is composed of tribes which have resulted from an admixture of European blood in the Cape with the Hottentot races residing there a couple of centuries ago, and which after conflict with their European neighbours sought refuge across the Orange river in this country.

The Bushmen are the oldest inhabitants of South West Africa, and are to be found in considerable numbers in its eastern portion from Lat. 26° right away to the Northern boundary. There are also remnants of a bushmen tribe in the desert wastes just north of the Orange River and in the Kaokoveld, in the North North-Western portion of the country. These may be of the "Strandlooper" type.

Situated in the centre of the country just South of the Windhoek District is the Bastard Gebiet, occupied by a semi-independent race known as the Bastards, whose origin is much the same as the second class of Hottentots mentioned above, with the difference that the admixture of European blood is much greater, and that their ordinary language is Cape Dutch. According to the census taken in 1921, they number about 5,720. These people used to control their own affairs to a very large extent, and were governed by a Raad (Council) which is partly hereditary and partly elected. The Administration is represented by a magistrate, who assists them with advice, and takes cognisance of serious crimes. But in 1924 owing to political dissension a deadlock was reached. The Administration, therefore, by Proclamation declared that the Raad ceased to function and vested all its powers and duties in the Magistrate.

Education.

(European.) There are 50 schools under the Administration with an enrolment of 3,083 pupils. In addition there are 33 registered private schools with an enrolment of 783 pupils. Hostels are conducted by the Administration in conjunction with 21 of the government schools. In view of the scattered nature of the population it is difficult and expensive to bring a sufficient number of children together to establish a Government

school. The Administration therefore encourages smaller schools by paying capitation grants for pupils attending approved private schools.

(Native.) The education of the natives is under the direct supervision of the various Missions. In Ovamboland it is mainly in the hands of the Finnish Mission, whilst the Rhenish and Catholic Missions operate in Namaland and Damaraland. The Wesleyan and the Anglican Churches are also taking an active interest in this work. There are 52 government-aided mission schools with an enrolment of approximately 3,000 pupils. In addition there are 13 registered mission schools that have not yet qualified for government aid. There are two training schools for native teachers. Both are subsidized by the Administration. The one at Okahandja is under the aegis of the Rhenish Mission, and that at Döbra under the Catholic Mission.

Religious Organizations.

Mission and other religious activities are being carried on within the Territory by various organizations, such as the Dutch Reformed Church, Church of England, Wesleyan Methodist Church, Finnish Mission, Roman Catholic Church, German Lutheran Church, Rhenish Mission, etc.

Finance.

For the financial year 1925-26 the revenue amounted to 752,811*l.* and the expenditure to 852,494*l.* of which 137,858*l.* is loan expenditure. The corresponding figures for the preceding year were 652,114*l.* and 832,362*l.* The estimates for the year 1926-27 were Revenue 706,000*l.*, and Expenditure 987,077*l.*

The principal source of revenue is the tax on diamonds, which is 66 per cent. of the gross proceeds, less 70 per cent. of the working costs. Owing to the extensive depression in the diamond market, revenue was expected to fall off considerably.

Customs.

For the purposes of customs and excise revenue this territory is included in the customs union. All customs and excise collections are paid over to the Union consolidated revenue fund and a lump sum based on the customs and excise duties on goods consumed in this territory after deducting a sum equivalent to the said duties in goods removed from this territory for consumption in the Union, is paid over to this Administration. The total annual revenue is approximately 190,000*l.*

Trade.

Imports and Exports, 1920 to 1926 (including specie).

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£
1921	1,211,364	1,587,305
1922	1,147,637	1,247,229
1923	1,301,304	2,672,094
1924	1,777,164	2,851,473
1925	2,189,851	2,828,222
1926	2,507,625	3,292,966

The principal exports are diamonds, the exports being in 1926, 683,024 carats, valued at 1,863,860*l.* In 1926, 54,535 tons of copper were exported, valued at 502,187*l.*

Mineral Production.

The staple industry is diamonds, which are found along the coast from the Orange river to

Conception Bay. The fields are alluvial and the deposits shallow. The stones are small, but of a very good quality. In 1926 the yield was 713,056 carats, valued at 2,020,701l. Other minerals worked are copper, rich deposits of which exist at Tsameb and in the neighbourhood, vanadium, marble, and tin. Gold (alluvial) is being worked on a small scale at Ondundu-Otiwapa in the Omaruru District. In 1926 the production of tin ore was 137 tons, valued at 37,440l. and 2,321 tons of vanadium ore were produced, valued at 120,706l.

Agriculture.

Rainfall varies from an average of 25 ins. in the north to 3 ins. in the extreme south, and raising of crops is attended with some difficulty. Locating underground water sources and conservation in dams is in progress. The soils north of 22° are fair to excellent, while south they are somewhat sandy—"with new systems of crop rotation and farming generally it is expected that the country will raise most of its own maize and fodder requirements."

So far as stock is concerned the country, with the exception of the desert strips, is excellent, and even portions of the latter are valuable at certain times of the year.

Generally speaking, the Southern half of the Territory is suited for the raising of small stock, while the central and northern portions are better fitted for cattle.

As already mentioned, the Hereros in earlier days possessed immense herds of cattle, and the Ovambos in the North also own numbers.

It is estimated that in December, 1926, there were 621,364 head of cattle, and 2,142,678 head of small stock within the borders of South-West Africa.

A Land Board has been established, and Government ground is being rapidly allotted to suitable applicants on 5 years' leases, with the option of purchase on very easy terms as to instalments. Personal occupation is essential.

As in almost all cases boring is necessary in order to provide a sufficient supply of water the proceedings of this Board are naturally slow.

A strong Irrigation Section has been established, which now has in its possession some 50 drills, and will shortly receive still more. It is found that each drill can on the average provide four satisfactory bore-holes in 12 months, and it will be seen therefore that only a few farms can be given out each year. They vary in size from 3,000 hectares in the North to 20,000 in the South.

Applications, which come mainly from the Union, are far in excess of the existing provision.

Harbours.

Walvis Bay.—In pre-war times the Germans used Swakopmund and Luderitz as ports of entry to their territory (now South West Africa Mandated Territory). With the occupation, however, Swakopmund was abandoned in favour of Walvis Bay, which is a sheltered port, affording safe anchorage, and is connected by rail via Swakopmund with South West Africa and Union Stations. A new wharf and basin, together with a channel leading thereto, have recently been constructed. The wharf is 1,500 feet long with a depth alongside of 33 feet L.W.O.S.T., which depth extends for 100 feet into the basin. Electric cranes are being installed

on the wharf, also an adequate fresh water service. The basin is 2,150 feet long by 700 feet wide, with a depth of 30 feet L.W.O.S.T. This depth is maintained throughout the channel, which is 3,000 feet wide at the entrance, narrowing to 440 feet, and again widening as it approaches the basin to 1,200 feet. The South West Imperial Cold Storage Company, Ltd., has erected cold storage works and abattoirs, with a transporter to convey meat direct from cold storage to ship.

Luderitz.—At Luderitz a new jetty, 500 feet long, is in course of erection to replace the jetty erected during the German regime, and which is fast becoming useless due to the ravages of the torredo and natural depreciation.

Swakopmund, which possesses a climate equal to that of any watering place in South Africa although it lies within the tropics, is now developing as a seaside resort, and is very popular with the European inhabitants of the country during the summer months.

Railways.

The Mandated Territory is served by a main line connecting with the Union system at De Aar, a branch line extending from the main route at Seeheim Junction to Luderitz, and a narrow gauge system extending from Usakos to Tsameb, Grootfontein and Outjo, the total mileage within the Territory being 1,352 (998 standard gauge and 354 narrow gauge).

There are also several small narrow gauge private lines. The whole of the railway system from De Aar in the Union to the border and within the border is controlled by the Divisional Superintendent of Railways with headquarters at Windhoek.

A comfortable mail train service, with sleeping accommodation and dining-car service, is run bi-weekly between the Union and Swakopmund with connection to Luderitz, Tsameb and Grootfontein. The duration of the through journey to and from the places enumerated being:—

From WINDHOEK to—	Hours.
Johannesburg	72
Pretoria	74½
East London	84
Port Elizabeth	73
Cape Town	72½
Durban	107
To WINDHOEK from—	
Johannesburg	71½
Pretoria	73½
East London	77
Port Elizabeth	72½
Cape Town	72½
Durban	96

Cattle Industry.—The territory is essentially a stock-raising country, and to assist farmers to compete in the Union markets, livestock trains are run through from Windhoek to Upington (623 miles) where the stock is detrained, fed, watered, and rested, and thereafter trucked to destination which is generally to Maitland for Cape Town or Newtown for Johannesburg.

Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones.—Excellent postal, telegraph and telephone services exist. Telegraphic communication beyond the borders of South West Africa is maintained via the Union of South Africa. The wireless telegraph station at Walvis Bay has a day range of 2,000 miles, which is increased at night to 3,000 miles.

SOUTH AFRICAN HIGH COMMISSION.

THE OFFICE OF HIGH COMMISSIONER.

The office of High Commissioner in and for South Africa was created by Letters Patent in 1878. In 1879 a second High Commissioner was appointed, to whom was assigned South-Eastern Africa, including Zululand and Amatongaland; but this arrangement ceased in 1881, when a Special Commissioner for Zulu affairs was appointed, who was also Governor of Natal (which now includes Zululand and Amatongaland). The High Commissioner for South Africa, who, under the Commission of 1889, was the officer for the time being administering the Government of the Cape, now represents the Crown in all matters occurring in South Africa beyond the limits of the Union and Southern and Northern Rhodesia. He was, till 1899, charged with the conduct of British relations with the South African Republic (Transvaal) and the Orange Free State, as well as those with native states and tribes outside the Colonies of the Cape and Natal, including Swaziland, which was administered by the Government of the South African Republic under the Convention of 1894.

The High Commissioner is Governor of Basutoland, and supervises the affairs of the Bechuanaland Protectorate and of Swaziland.

Prior to the 1st October, 1923, Southern Rhodesia was administered by the British South Africa Company, and the High Commissioner exercised certain powers of control under the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council 1898. Upon the establishment of responsible government the Order in Council of 1898 lapsed, but under the Southern Rhodesia Constitution Letters Patent certain of the High Commissioner's previous powers and functions in regard to native administration were reserved to him and the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council, 1920, whereby the Native Reserves were vested in the High Commissioner, was continued in full force and effect.

The office of High Commissioner, which was formerly held by the Governor of Cape Colony, was, by a Commission dated the 6th Oct., 1900, vested in Lord Milner, and by a similar Commission, dated the 15th March, 1905, in Lord Selborne. Since 1910, the office has been vested, by separate Commission, in the successive Governors-General of the Union of South Africa.

High Commissioner and Staff.

(Salaries paid from Imperial Funds.)

High Commissioner, His Excellency the Earl of Athlone, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., 3,000*l.* (see also under "Union").

Imperial Secretary and Accountant, Captain the Hon. B. E. H. Clifford, C.M.G., M.V.O., 1,150*l.*, and 700*l.* allowance.

Assistant Imperial Secretary, Shirley Eales, O.B.E., 1,000*l.*, and house allowance, 90*l.*

Chief Clerk, H. L. Smith.

Clerical Staff, E. Cohen, M.B.E., H. E. Houghton, R. B. M. Sullivan, Miss R. Honey, Miss J. MacKintosh, Mrs. J. Merry and Miss E. Gudgeon.

BASUTOLAND.

Situation and Description.

Basutoland forms an irregular oval within the Union of South Africa; the main axis, about 150 miles in length, lying in a north-easterly direction.

The Orange Free State Province, Natal, and the Cape Province form its boundaries. Its area is 11,716 square miles, or nearly as large as Belgium.

It lies between 29 and 30 degrees south lat., and between 27 and 28 degrees east long.

A portion of the great Drakensberg range of mountains forms the eastern boundary of Basutoland. Peaks in this range rise to heights of eleven and twelve thousand feet. Westward the country is occupied by the Malutia, mountains inferior in height to the Drakensberg. They form a jumbled mass so closely packed that the valleys are of the narrowest, and there is little ground which can be cultivated. It is only along the Western border that mountains give place to hills and the cultivation of larger portions of land becomes possible.

In favourable seasons the territory produces large crops of wheat, mealies, and Kafir corn. It also produces large numbers of cattle, horses, and sheep. The range of temperature is approximately from a maximum of 93° F. to a minimum of 11° F. The average rainfall is 30 inches.

The climate is good for Europeans and natives alike. Its high altitude and pure atmosphere prove most invigorating. *Phthisis pulmonalis* is little known except among Europeans who have come to the country on account of their disease. The latter in early stages of the disease improve at once. Persons suffering from malarial fever or its results are benefited greatly by a short residence in Basutoland. Leprosy imported from the Orange River Colony and Cape Colony has now a firm hold in the country, the proportion being about '91 per 1,000. As yet it has been possible to do little to check the spread of the disease. With the authority of the High Commissioner, a Leper Settlement was formed in 1912, about 4 miles from Maseru for the segregation and care of all lepers within the Territory.

Population and Industry.

In 1875 when Basutoland formed part of the Cape Colony, at the general census of the Colony taken in that year, the European population of Basutoland was 499, and the native 127,707.

The following are the census figures for 1921 :—

Natives	...	...	495,937
Whites	...	...	1,603
Indians	...	...	172
Mixed and Coloured	...	...	1,069

Total ... 498,781

Maseru, the capital, and largest town, has a population of 1,890 natives and 400 Europeans.

The productions are wool, wheat, mealies, and Kafir corn. There are indications of iron, and coal has been found and used in some parts by natives in small quantities.

History.

The Basutos appear to have been composed of the remnants of several tribes which were broken up in the wars waged by Moselikate, the king of the Matabele, in the early years of the last century. These remnants were united in about 1818 under Mosheah, a chief of great ability, who ruled for many years.

In 1852 war broke out between Mosheah and the British Government; the Basuto were defeated by Sir G. Cathcart at the battle of the Berea Mountain, and Mosheah sent in his submission, and made peace.

A few years later, in 1856, disputes arose between Moshesh and the Orange Free State respecting boundary questions, and hostilities resulted which lasted from 1856 to 1868, with indecisive results, and were concluded by the Treaty of Aliwal, 1858, but collisions frequently recurred.

In 1865 the war broke out afresh, and Moshesh again claimed the protection of the Governor, Sir Philip Wodehouse. He declined to interpose actively, but despatched a British Commissioner to Thaba Bosigo, the capital of Basutoland, to settle the difficulties. This measure met with little success, and in the end the Boers were successful, and Moshesh sued for peace. At the treaty of Thaba Bosigo, April, 1866, he recognised the permanent cession of a portion of his district and acknowledged himself a subject of the Orange Free State.

The peace was of short duration, the war was renewed, and the Basuto, pressed by the Boers, were on the brink of destruction, when they again appealed to be taken under the authority of the Queen, and in January, 1868, Sir Philip Wodehouse received authority to recognise Moshesh and his tribe as British subjects, and for the incorporation of their territory. This was carried into effect by a proclamation dated March 12th, 1868.

The country remained in a very unsettled condition, until it was annexed to the Cape, by an Act of the Cape Legislature, No. 12 of 1871. The Act expressly declared that Basutoland was not to be subject to the general law of the Colony, and gave the Governor power to legislate for it by proclamation, and to extend to it by proclamation any Cape Act not otherwise in force therein.

The subsequent history of Basutoland was one of much trouble and disturbance.

In March, 1879, Mofosi, the chief of the Quithing district, in the south-east of Basutoland, rescued from justice his son Doda, who had been arrested for horse-stealing; and, on the Colonial authorities demanding his surrender, broke out into open defiance of its authority. Owing to the great natural strength of his country and stronghold, considerable difficulty was experienced in subduing him; but in December of that year his stronghold was carried by storm, and he himself fell in the assault. The proposals of the Colonial Government to divide the territory occupied by the adherents of this chief into lots for occupation by European settlers gave rise to great discontent among the Basuto who had remained loyal. This discontent was further increased by the extension of the Cape Peace Preservation Act of 1878, providing for a general disarmament, to Basutoland by proclamation in April, 1880, and culminated in the revolt of almost the whole tribe when an attempt was made to put the Act in force. The rebellion spread to the native territories east and south of Basutoland, East Griqualand, Tambookieland, and the Pondomai, where the rising was signalled by the treacherous murder of Mr. Hope, the magistrate, and other Europeans.

Strenuous efforts were made by the Colony to reduce the Basuto to submission by force of arms, but without decisive success, though the loss of their cattle, and the interruption of cultivation, caused great distress amongst them. Early in 1881 overtures for an arrangement were made by the leading chiefs, and, at the instance of Her Majesty's Government, the High Commissioner acted as arbiter between the Colonial Government and the Basuto.

The terms of his award were, the registration of arms, the payment of compensation to those natives who had remained loyal by the tribe, and also the payment of a fine of 5,000 head of cattle. The award, was accepted by the Basuto and the fine paid, but little was done towards fulfilling the other conditions. The Colonial Ministry, with a view to facilitate a settlement, cancelled the award and induced the Cape Parliament to assume the burden of compensating the loyal. The Disarmament Proclamation was also repealed, and at a Pitso held on the 24th of April, 1883, a very liberal constitution was offered to the Basuto. Masupha, however, the chief of the Berea district, with several other chiefs of influence, held aloof, and practically declared their intention to have no further connection with the Colonial Government, and the tribe generally were understood to wish to be under the direct authority of the Imperial Government. In the meantime a strong feeling in favour of the entire abandonment of Basutoland had grown up in the Colony, and on the request of the Colonial Ministry the Imperial Government decided to undertake for a time the administration of the country on condition that satisfactory evidence was given by the Basuto of their desire to remain under the British Crown, that the Orange Free State should undertake to cause the frontier to be respected by its subjects, and that the Colony should pay over towards the cost of administration the Customs duties received on goods imported into Basutoland. This offer was accepted by the Colony, and provision was made in the Basutoland Disannexation Act of 1883 for the payment of 20,000*l.* a year, and the Free State also intimated its willingness to comply with the conditions so far as it was concerned.

A great national Pitso of the Basuto was held on the 29th of November, 1883, attended by the representatives of more than two-thirds of the whole tribe, who unanimously expressed their willingness to comply with the conditions on which the Imperial Government was prepared to assume the responsibility of the administration of the country. Several important chiefs who were not at the Pitso subsequently expressed their concurrence in this resolution, Masupha alone refusing to accept the offers of the Government, and desiring to remain independent. Her Majesty's Government upon this decided that their conditions were sufficiently complied with, advised the Queen to sanction the Disannexation Act, and immediately took steps for carrying on the government under the immediate authority of the Crown, from the 13th March, 1884. Masupha tendered his submission in 1886, and asked for a magistrate to be resident in his district.

Constitution.

The territory is now governed by a Resident Commissioner under the direction of the High Commissioner for South Africa, the latter possessing the legislative authority, which is exercised by proclamation.

The chiefs adjudicate on cases between natives, with a right of appeal to the Courts of Assistant Commissioners where all cases between the natives and Europeans are brought. There is a Court of the Resident Commissioner, with jurisdiction in all cases, civil and criminal, subject to a right of appeal in certain civil cases to the Privy Council.

For fiscal and other purposes the country is divided into 7 districts, namely, Maseru, Leribe,

SOUTH AFRICAN HIGH COMMISSION.

THE OFFICE OF HIGH COMMISSIONER.

The office of High Commissioner in and for South Africa was created by Letters Patent in 1878. In 1879 a second High Commissioner was appointed, to whom was assigned South-Eastern Africa, including Zululand and Amatongaland; but this arrangement ceased in 1881, when a Special Commissioner for Zulu affairs was appointed, who was also Governor of Natal (which now includes Zululand and Amatongaland). The High Commissioner for South Africa, who, under the Commission of 1889, was the officer for the time being administering the Government of the Cape, now represents the Crown in all matters occurring in South Africa beyond the limits of the Union and Southern and Northern Rhodesia. He was, till 1899, charged with the conduct of British relations with the South African Republic (Transvaal) and the Orange Free State, as well as those with native states and tribes outside the Colonies of the Cape and Natal, including Swaziland, which was administered by the Government of the South African Republic under the Convention of 1894.

The High Commissioner is Governor of Basutoland, and supervises the affairs of the Bechuanaland Protectorate and of Swaziland.

Prior to the 1st October, 1923, Southern Rhodesia was administered by the British South Africa Company, and the High Commissioner exercised certain powers of control under the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council 1898. Upon the establishment of responsible government the Order in Council of 1898 lapsed, but under the Southern Rhodesia Constitution Letters Patent certain of the High Commissioner's previous powers and functions in regard to native administration were reserved to him and the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council, 1920, whereby the Native Reserves were vested in the High Commissioner, was continued in full force and effect.

The office of High Commissioner, which was formerly held by the Governor of Cape Colony, was, by a Commission dated the 6th Oct., 1900, vested in Lord Milner, and by a similar Commission, dated the 15th March, 1905, in Lord Selborne. Since 1910, the office has been vested, by separate Commission, in the successive Governors-General of the Union of South Africa.

High Commissioner and Staff.

(Salaries paid from Imperial Funds.)

High Commissioner, His Excellency the Earl of Athlone, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., 3,000*l.* (see also under "Union").

Imperial Secretary and Accountant, Captain the Hon. B. E. H. Clifford, C.M.G., M.V.O., 1,150*l.*, and 700*l.* allowance.

Assistant Imperial Secretary, Shirley Eales, O.B.E., 1,000*l.*, and house allowance, 90*l.*

Chief Clerk, H. L. Smith.

Clerical Staff, E. Cohen, M.B.E., H. E. Houghton, R. B. M. Sullivan, Miss R. Honey, Miss J. MacKintosh, Mrs. J. Merry and Miss E. Gudgeon.

BASUTOLAND.

Situation and Description.

Basutoland forms an irregular oval within the Union of South Africa; the main axis, about 150 miles in length, lying in a north-easterly direction.

The Orange Free State Province, Natal, and the Cape Province form its boundaries. Its area is 11,716 square miles, or nearly as large as Belgium.

It lies between 29 and 30 degrees south lat., and between 27 and 28 degrees east long.

A portion of the great Drakensberg range of mountains forms the eastern boundary of Basutoland. Peaks in this range rise to heights of eleven and twelve thousand feet. Westward the country is occupied by the Malutia, mountains inferior in height to the Drakensberg. They form a jumbled mass so closely packed that the valleys are of the narrowest, and there is little ground which can be cultivated. It is only along the Western border that mountains give place to hills and the cultivation of larger portions of land becomes possible.

In favourable seasons the territory produces large crops of wheat, mealies, and Kafir corn. It also produces large numbers of cattle, horses, and sheep. The range of temperature is approximately from a maximum of 95° F. to a minimum of 11° F. The average rainfall is 30 inches.

The climate is good for Europeans and natives alike. Its high altitude and pure atmosphere prove most invigorating. *Phthisis pulmonalis* is little known except among Europeans who have come to the country on account of their disease. The latter in early stages of the disease improve at once. Persons suffering from malarial fever or its results are benefited greatly by a short residence in Basutoland. Leprosy imported from the Orange River Colony and Cape Colony has now a firm hold in the country, the proportion being about '91 per 1,000. As yet it has been possible to do little to check the spread of the disease. With the authority of the High Commissioner, a Leper Settlement was formed in 1912, about 4 miles from Maseru for the segregation and care of all lepers within the Territory.

Population and Industry.

In 1875 when Basutoland formed part of the Cape Colony, at the general census of the Colony taken in that year, the European population of Basutoland was 499, and the native 127,707.

The following are the census figures for 1921 :—

Natives	...	...	495,937
Whites	...	...	1,603
Indians	...	...	172
Mixed and Coloured	...	...	1,069

Total ... 498,781

Maseru, the capital, and largest town, has a population of 1,890 natives and 400 Europeans.

The productions are wool, wheat, mealies, and Kafir corn. There are indications of iron, and coal has been found and used in some parts by natives in small quantities.

History.

The Basutos appear to have been composed of the remnants of several tribes which were broken up in the wars waged by Mosilikatse, the king of the Matabele, in the early years of the last century. These remnants were united in about 1818 under Mosheah, a chief of great ability, who ruled for many years.

In 1852 war broke out between Mosheah and the British Government; the Basuto were defeated by Sir G. Cathcart at the battle of the Berea Mountain, and Mosheah sent in his submission, and made peace.

A few years later, in 1856, disputes arose between Mosheah and the Orange Free State respecting boundary questions, and hostilities resulted which lasted from 1856 to 1858, with indecisive results, and were concluded by the Treaty of Aliwal, 1858, but collisions frequently recurred.

In 1855 the war broke out afresh, and Mosheah again claimed the protection of the Governor, Sir Philip Wodehouse. He declined to interpose actively, but despatched a British Commissioner to Thaba Bosigo, the capital of Basutoland, to settle the difficulties. This measure met with little success, and in the end the Boers were successful, and Mosheah sued for peace. At the treaty of Thaba Bosigo, April, 1856, he recognised the permanent cession of a portion of his district and acknowledged himself a subject of the Orange Free State.

The peace was of short duration, the war was renewed, and the Basuto, pressed by the Boers, were on the brink of destruction, when they again appealed to be taken under the authority of the Queen, and in January, 1858, Sir Philip Wodehouse received authority to recognise Mosheah and his tribe as British subjects, and for the incorporation of their territory. This was carried into effect by a proclamation dated March 12th, 1858.

The country remained in a very unsettled condition, until it was annexed to the Cape, by an Act of the Cape Legislature, No. 12 of 1871. The Act expressly declared that Basutoland was not to be subject to the general law of the Colony, and gave the Governor power to legislate for it by proclamation, and to extend to it by proclamation any Cape Act not otherwise in force therein.

The subsequent history of Basutoland was one of much trouble and disturbance.

In March, 1879, Moliroi, the chief of the Quithing district, in the south-east of Basutoland, rescued from justice his son Doda, who had been arrested for horse-stealing; and, on the Colonial authorities demanding his surrender, broke out into open defiance of its authority. Owing to the great natural strength of his country and stronghold, considerable difficulty was experienced in subduing him; but in December of that year his stronghold was carried by storm, and he himself fell in the assault. The proposals of the Colonial Government to divide the territory occupied by the adherents of this chief into lots for occupation by European settlers gave rise to great discontent among the Basuto who had remained loyal. This discontent was further increased by the extension of the Cape Peace Preservation Act of 1878, providing for a general disarmament, to Basutoland by proclamation in April, 1880, and culminated in the revolt of almost the whole tribe when an attempt was made to put the Act in force. The rebellion spread to the native territories east and south of Basutoland, East Griqualand, Tambookieland, and the Pondomai, where the rising was signalled by the treacherous murder of Mr. Hope, the magistrate, and other Europeans.

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For fiscal and other purposes the country is divided into 7 districts, namely, Maseru, Leribe,

Mohale's Hoek, Berea, Mateteng, Quthing, and Qacha's Nek. Each of the districts is subdivided into wards, presided over by hereditary chiefs allied to the Mosheah family. The revenue arises from the post office, native tax, the sale of licences, customs, and income tax.

Serious crime is rare, and the drinking habits, which threatened to destroy the people, have been to a great extent abandoned owing to the influence of the missionaries and the Government. The area under arable cultivation steadily increases, and there is less and less tendency to stock-thieving and petty warfare.

Education.

Excellent work is being carried on in the country by missionaries, in whose hands the labour of education is almost exclusively vested. There are 531 schools, with 44,252 scholars, a very large proportion being in the schools of the French Protestant Mission. There are eight small European schools with 114 pupils. There is also a Government Industrial School for natives at Maseru, with 50 pupils on the roll.

The Education vote for 1926-27 was 41,183*l.*, and a separate vote of 2,543*l.* for the Government Industrial School.

Means of Communication.

There are no navigable waterways, the rivers being low in winter and flooded generally in summer. The usual mode of conveyance is by motor car, ox-waggon or light cart, and by pony riding off the roads and in the mountain areas.

The roads in the country are now in good condition for any kind of transport, but the periodical rains draining down from the high watersheds seriously damage them. Bridges have been constructed across the Hlotse river, the Khomokhoana river, the Caledon river at Ficksburg and Peka and the Little Caledon river near Maseru, across the Phutiatsana river near Teyateyaneng and the Mekhaleng river near Mohale's Hoek, and over the Tsoaeing and Tlametlu streams in Maseru district, and a bridge is in course of construction across the Telle River in the Quthing district. There are no railways through the country, but in December, 1905, the Central South African Railways opened a branch line running from Marseilles station on their Bloemfontein-Modderpoort line to a point just within the Basutoland border, and close to Maseru. A road and railway bridge has been built across the Caledon river at Maseru.

The line of postal communication is through the Cape Province and Orange Free State Province. Letters to and from Europe take about 20 days, to Cape Town 3 days. Postal rates are similar to those of the Union Post Office. Savings bank facilities and a money order system have been extended to Basutoland. The telegraph stations are Hlotse Heights, Teyateyaneng, Maseru, Morija, Mateteng, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing, and Qacha's Nek; while a Government telephone line runs throughout the country to all Government stations, except Qacha's Nek. There is telephonic communication with the Orange Free State and Matatiele in the Cape Province.

Trade.

The imports consist chiefly of blankets, ploughs, saddlery, clothing, iron and tin ware, and groceries.

The exports consist chiefly of grain, cattle, wool, and horses. The commercial intercourse is almost exclusively with the Cape Province and the Orange Free State Province.

	<i>Exports.</i>	<i>Imports.</i>
	<i>£</i>	<i>£</i>
1923 ...	803,769	827,054
1924 ...	958,810	942,279
1925 ...	756,106	850,978
1926 ...	696,950	665,014

Basutoland from the 1st July, 1891, was admitted into a Customs Union with the Cape Province and the Orange Free State, by which arrangement a share of Customs duties collected at the ports of the Cape Province was credited to Basutoland, but retained by the Cape Government on account of the annual contribution of 18,000*l.* Basutoland now receives, by arrangement, a proportion of Customs Revenue collected by the Union Government (*see* under South Africa, "Customs").

Currency and Banking.

The Standard Bank has opened a branch in Maseru, and there are branches of Post Office Savings Bank at most of the Government Stations. The Bloemfontein Board of Executors has also opened a branch in Maseru, with a Savings Bank Department. The currency is exclusively British, but exchange, and occasionally the payment of taxes, is still largely conducted by barter.

	<i>Revenue.</i>	<i>Expenditure.</i>
	<i>£</i>	<i>£</i>
1917-18 .	175,028	173,198
1918-19 .	191,428	180,881
1919-20 .	199,885	202,441
1920-21 .	226,323	252,953
1921-22 .	209,802	243,078
1922-23 .	212,534	224,547
1923-24 .	252,300	241,570
1924-25 .	261,008	250,197
1925-26 .	281,572	268,076
1926-27 .	274,332	272,413

The financial year ends on the 31st March.

Establishment.

Resident Commissioner:—

*Resident Commissioner, J. C. R. Sturrock, C.M.G., M.A., 1,650*l.**

Deputy Resident Commissioner, (vacant).

*Government Secretary, R. M. B. Smith, 1,000*l.**

*Chief Clerk, Master of Court and Registrar, H. J. Godden, 615*l.**

*Clerks to the Resident Commissioner, G. J. Armstrong, 350*l.*; J. H. Gage, 200*l.**

Treasury and Stores:—

*Financial Secretary, L. G. Luscombe, 830*l.**

*Accountant, G. M. Petrie, 500*l.**

*Clerks in Treasury, A. C. Booth, 500*l.*; E. P. Perkins, 215*l.*; Mrs. K. F. Quinn, 300*l.**

*Comptroller of Stores, S. B. Dutton, 650*l.**

*Clerk in Stores Department, E. D. G. P. Heering, 500*l.**

*Storeman, D. M. Grieg, 320*l.**

District Administration:—

Assistant Commissioners, A. T. Bond, 850*l.*; F. Jenner, 850*l.*; F. L. Foord, 850*l.*; J. H. Sims, 850*l.*; E. G. Dutton, 770*l.*; H. Ashton, 720*l.*; D. W. How, 630*l.*

Deputy Assistant Commissioner, Butua Buthe, T. B. Kennan, M.C., 575*l.*

Clerks to Assistant Commissioners, I. R. Russell, 510*l.*; H. S. Doherty, 420*l.*; H. J. D. Elliot, 230*l.*; D. M. Wilson, 230*l.*; A. G. T. Chaplin, 200*l.*

Police:—

Inspectors, Capt. L. Clementi (Staff Officer), 600*l.*; Captain F. A. Piers, 550*l.*; Captain R. Collier, 550*l.*; Captain R. W. Booth, 550*l.*; Captain J. Smith, 550*l.*; Captain R. S. Balfe, 550*l.*

Sub-Inspectors, E. E. Strong, 550*l.*; H. A. Smith, 510*l.*; G. T. Stanley Clarke, 520*l.*; F. D. Warren, 500*l.*; M. Kennan, 500*l.*; E. C. Butler, 400*l.*

Medical:—

Principal Medical Officer, N. M. Macfarlane, C.B.E., 1,000*l.*

Medical Officers, H. R. F. Nattle, 850*l.*; J. W. Stirling, 800*l.*; H. W. Dyke, 800*l.*; K. H. Dyke, 610*l.*; A. E. Young, 610*l.*; C. H. de la Harpe, 590*l.*; A. E. Murray, 590*l.*; D. H. R. Vollet, 550*l.*

Nursing Staff, Matrons, A. I. Brizzell, M.B.E., 220*l.*; L. A. Pears, 190*l.*; C. J. Adshade, 190*l.*; A. Stead, 175*l.* *Staff Nurses*, E. Wilson, 150*l.*; E. M. Dyke, 150*l.*; A. C. Troughton, 150*l.*; H. Cattanaach, 150*l.*; A. M. I. Piggott, 140*l.*; Mrs. M. M. Kenyon, 130*l.*; J. Quinn, 130*l.*; C. Brown, 120*l.*; R. D. Daly, 110*l.*; M. A. Watts, 110*l.*

Lepet Settlement:—

Superintendent, P. D. Strachan, 850*l.* and special duty 100*l.*

Medical Officer, E. Slack, 800*l.* and special duty 50*l.*; *Chief Clerk and Storekeeper*, G. B. Robertson, 470*l.*; *Compound Manager*, H. C. Mitchell, 385*l.*; *Assistant Compound Manager*, L. E. C. Turvey, 280*l.*; *Farm Bailiff*, A. J. Pitout, 350*l.*; *Mechanic*, C. L. Lindberg, 380*l.*; *Matron*, M. M. Wildon, M.B.E., 300*l.*; *Nurses*, M. Martin, 190*l.*; S. M. van Hollick, 160*l.*; G. E. Mills, 140*l.*

Public Works:—

Director, H. W. Gibson, 800*l.*

Assistant Engineer, H. L. Burdett, A.M.I.C.E., 625*l.*

2nd Assistant Engineer (Mechanical), J. H. Smyth, 500*l.*

Education:—

Director, F. H. Dutton, O.B.E., M.A., 800*l.*

Senior Inspector of Schools, F. M. Reid, 575*l.*

Inspectors of Schools, F. H. Pickett, B.A., 400*l.*; J. A. Cottrell, B.A., 400*l.*

Industrial School:—

Director, H. R. Vimpany, 650*l.*

Veterinary and Agriculture:—

Principal Veterinary Officer, F. A. Verney, O.B.E., F.R.C.V.S., 875*l.*

Clerk in Veterinary Department, R. E. K. Murray, 245*l.*

Agricultural Officer, L. F. Wachter, 600*l.*

Officers attached to High Commissioner's Office:—

Assistant Imperial Secretary, S. Kales, O.B.E., 1,000*l.* and house allowance, 90*l.*

Clerk, H. E. Houghton, 360*l.*

BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.*Situation and Area.*

The territory of the Bechuanaland Protectorate is bounded, on the South and East by the Union of South Africa, on the North by Southern Rhodesia and the Zambesi and Chobe Rivers, and on the West by South-West Africa. Its area is estimated at about 275,000 square miles, and the population, according to the census taken on the 3rd of May, 1921, was 158,152, of whom 1,743 were Europeans or white.

In view of the geographical position of that part of the territory of South-West Africa East of longitude 21° East known as Caprivi Zipfel, the Zipfel is now administered as if it were a portion of the Bechuanaland Protectorate.

History.

During the year 1885, Sir Charles Warren, who was in command of an expedition despatched from England to pacify Southern Bechuanaland, where for some time previously hostilities had been proceeding between the Bechuana and Boers from the South African Republic, visited the principal chiefs in Northern Bechuanaland (known as the Bechuanaland Protectorate), Khama, Gaseitsiwe, and Sebele, and as a result a British Protectorate was proclaimed over their territories. No further steps were taken until the year 1891, when, by an Order in Council dated 9th May, the limits of the Bechuanaland Protectorate were more clearly defined, and the High Commissioner was authorised to appoint such officers as might appear to him to be necessary to provide for the administration of justice, the raising of revenue, and generally for the peace, order, and good government of all persons within the limits of the Order. Sir Sidney Shippard, the Administrator of Bechuanaland, was appointed Resident Commissioner, and an Assistant Commissioner was appointed for the Northern Protectorate, and another for the Southern Protectorate.

For fiscal and several other purposes the Protectorate was treated as a portion of the Crown Colony of British Bechuanaland, until the latter was annexed to the Cape Colony on the 15th November, 1895. In the autumn of that year arrangements were made for the transfer of the administration of the Bechuanaland Protectorate, with the exception of certain reserves for native chiefs, to the British South Africa Company, and the Company's police were moved down to a camp in the Protectorate at Pitsane Potlugo. On the 29th of December Dr. Jameson, with his police, crossed the border of the South African Republic and marched towards Johannesburg, which was at the time in a state of great unrest, but being defeated by the Boers at Doornkop, surrendered on the 2nd January, 1896. In consequence of the raid, the administration of the Protectorate was not transferred to the Company. Since the annexation of British Bechuanaland to the Cape the Protectorate has been governed as a separate territory under the name of the Bechuanaland Protectorate, and the form of government is very similar to that which obtains in Basutoland. There is a Resident Commissioner, who is under the direction of the High Commissioner, and there is an Assistant Resident Commissioner who is stationed at Francistown and is Chief Magistrate of the Territory. There are also Magistrates at Gaborone, Maun, Ghanzi, Serowe, Kanye, Lehututu (Tshane), Lobatsi, Molepolole, Kasane, Francistown and Selika. For the maintenance of

law and order there is a force of police known as the Bechuanaland Protectorate Police, numbering 256. This force is under the direct control of the Resident Commissioner. There are 6 officers, 2 warrant officers, 22 European sergeants and 50 Basuto non-commissioned officers and men (mounted), and 200 Bechuana dismounted constables. The police are stationed in small detachments at various places in the Protectorate. The head quarters of the Administration is at Mafeking, in the Cape Province.

Climate and Industries.

The climate is delightful during the winter and fairly healthy during seven months of the year. During the summer months malarial fever is generally prevalent.

The Protectorate is essentially a pastoral country, and although mealies and Kaffir corn are reaped by the natives in large quantities when the season is favourable, the rainfall is insufficient, or perhaps too uneven and uncertain in its distribution, to render agriculture anything but a hazardous pursuit. The staple product consists of horned cattle, of which, according to the census in 1921, the natives owned 436,344. They also owned 357,926 sheep and goats. A large quantity of fire-wood is exported by rail from the Southern Protectorate, chiefly to Kimberley, and a considerable quantity of timber suitable for mining props is also sent out of the country. Precautions are taken to see that none other than dead wood is exported for fuel, and that in felling trees for mining purposes only those of a certain size are used and only a certain limited number cut down in each locality. In the North, in the Tati district, gold mining has been carried on, on a small scale, for years. During the year 1926-27, 3,807 oza. gold and 418 oza. silver, of a total value of 16,020*l.* were produced.

Native Chiefs.

The principal chiefs are :—

Tshekedi, Chief of the Bamangwato, whose chief town is Serowe (acting during minority of Chief Seretse).

Sebele II., Chief of the Bakwena, who lives at Molepolole.

Chieftainess Ntebogafi, Chief of the Bangwaketse, who lives at Kanye (acting during minority of Chief Bathoen).

Isang, Chief of the Bakgatla, who lives at Mochudi (acting during minority of Chief Kgafela).

Mathibe, Chief of the Batawana, who lives at Lake N'gami, near which at Mauñ there is a Resident Magistrate and a small detachment of police under a sub-inspector.

Seboko Mokgoi, Chief of the Bamalete, who lives at Ramoutsa.

Means of Communication.

The main trunk railway to the North, which connects Rhodesia with Cape Town and which has now been extended beyond the Victoria Falls, runs through the Protectorate. The line north of Vryburg in the Cape Province is the property of the Rhodesia Railways, Limited, to whom, under an agreement made in 1894, the Protectorate Government was to pay a subsidy of 20,000*l.* a year for ten years, which has now lapsed.

A Commission was appointed in 1927 under Proclamation No. 8 of 1927, in conjunction with Statutory enactments in Southern and Northern Rhodesia, to fix railway charges in the three territories. The commission consists of a chairman and three members, one in respect of each territory, viz.: Sir William Hoy, K.C.B. (chairman), Mr. J. Fulton (Southern Rhodesia), Sir Richard Goode, C.M.G., C.B.E. (Northern Rhodesia), and Mr. Alexander Warren (Bechuanaland Protectorate).

Finances.

	REVENUE.	EXPENDITURE.
1923-24	£100,235	£81,809
1924-25	99,576	87,372
1925-26	107,344	104,173
1926-27	131,551	108,575

Figures for 1924-25 are those which were settled after final audit adjustments had been made.

The estimated expenditure for the year ending the 31st March, 1928, is 136,251*l.*, and the estimated revenue is 116,500*l.* The revenue is derived principally from Customs and Hut Tax, and the chief item of expenditure is police. Except as stated below, no customs duty is collected in the Protectorate, but under an Agreement with the Government of the Union of South Africa, Customs revenue, calculated on the average receipts for three completed years prior to Union, is received from the Union Treasury. The Territory collects its own customs duties on spirits and beer manufactured in the Union of South Africa, or in any British Protectorate or possession in South Africa, the Government of which has entered into a customs agreement with the Union.

Establishment.

Resident Commissioner, Lt.-Col. R. M. Daniel, C.B.E., 1,350*l.*, and 350*l.* travelling allowance. *Assistant Resident Commissioner* (stationed at Francistown) (vacant).

Clerk, S. Forster-Towne, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Government Secretary and Director of Customs, C. L. O'Brien Dutton, 1,000*l.*

Financial Secretary, Master and Registrar of Deeds, R. E. Goodman, 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 800*l.* (700*l.*).

Chief Clerk and Registrar, H. H. Price, 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 550*l.* (550*l.*) (50*l.* personal).

2nd Clerk, E. Harris, B.A., 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 350*l.*

Record Clerk, J. Hope, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Accountant (vacant), 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.*

Typists, E. H. Midgley, M. Martin, 150*l.* by 10*l.* to 200*l.*

Lady Clerk (Treasury), M. Joyce.

Resident Magistrate, Francistown, Capt. G. B. Moseley, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (700*l.*)

Clerk, J. Joyce, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Gaborone, E. O. Butler, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (750*l.*)

Clerk and Acting Assistant Resident Magistrate, B. Cronen, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Resident Magistrate, N'Gamaland, Capt. H. B. Neale, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 650*l.* (675*l.*), special local allowance, 100*l.*

Clerk, J. D. A. Germond, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*, special local allowance, 36*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Ghanzi, W. E. Mangan (acting), 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 550*l.*, special local allowance, 50*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Nwato (Serowe), Capt. G. E. Nettelton, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (550*l.*), entertainment allowance, 50*l.*

Clerk, S. Langton, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Ngwaketsi (Kanye) (vacant), 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 650*l.*

Clerk (vacant), 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Lobatsi, Capt. R. Reilly, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (750*l.*)

Clerk, S. C. Sinclair, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Kweneng (Molepolole), Capt. A. G. Stigand, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (750*l.*) (50*l.* personal).

Clerk, W. H. Eilam, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Kgalagadi (Lehututu), Sub-Inspr. H. Beeching, (acting) 3*s.* p.d. allowance in addition to pay as Sub-Inspector.

Resident Magistrate, Chobe (Kasane), E. H. M. Drury, M.B.E. (acting), 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (725*l.*), special local allowance, 50*l.*

Clerk, H. A. Knott, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.* special local allowance, 27*l.*

Resident Magistrate, Tuli Block (Selika), C. M. Ledebor, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (675*l.*)

Clerk (vacant), 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Resident Magistrate (unattached), A. L. Cuzen, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.* (675*l.*)

Inspector, J. W. Potts, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Sub-Inspectors, H. B. Poole, V. G. Gash, G. C. Guilbert, V. F. Eilenberger and H. Beeching, 400*l.* by 15*l.* to 480*l.*

Principal Medical Officer, Donald M. MacRae, M.D., M.S., 800*l.* by 25*l.* to 900*l.* (900*l.*)

Medical Officer, Gaberones, R. H. Mackintosh, L.R.C.S. (Ed.), L.R.C.P. (Ed.), L.R.F.P. & S. (Gl.), 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 700*l.* (500*l.*)

Medical Officer, Serowe, D. Drew, B.A., M.B., Ch.B., 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 700*l.* (680*l.*)

Medical Officer, Ngamiland, S. Batchelor, M.C., M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.S. Ed., M.R.C.S., B.S., 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 700*l.* (540*l.*), special local allowance 50*l.*

Medical Officer, Francistown, Duncan M. MacRae, M.A., M.D., B.S., 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 700*l.* (700*l.*)

Medical Officer, Molepolole, H. A. Spencer, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (temporary appointment), 400*l.*

Hospital Assistant and Dispenser, Gaberones, A. M. Boyle, 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Hospital Assistant and Dispenser, Ghanzi, T. E. Booker, 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Hospital Assistant and Dispenser (unattached, temporarily stationed at Francistown), J. C. Warren, 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Chief Veterinary Officer, W. H. Chase, O.B.E., F.R.C.V.S., 700*l.* by 25*l.* to 800*l.*, and 100*l.* travelling allowance (800*l.*)

Veterinary Surgeon, F. M. Hill, M.R.C.V.S., 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 700*l.* (700*l.*)

Veterinary Surgeon, B. Holmes, M.R.C.V.S., 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 700*l.* ()

Stock Inspectors, A. Rutherford, C. E. Betts, 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

*Scab Inspectors, C. J. Nelson, 350*l.*; A. A. Pedlar, 300*l.** (temporary appointment.)

Laboratory Assistant (vacant), 300*l.* allowance 50*l.* p.a.

Clerk, C. R. Duhy, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*

Cattle Export Inspectors, E. J. Davys, R. K. F. Hurdall, 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 360*l.*, and 100*l.* travelling allowance.

Controller of Stores, A. E. Fosdike, 350*l.* by 15*l.* to 480*l.* and house allowance 80*l.* p.a. (50*l.* personal).

Clerk and Storeman, M. C. Jones, 200*l.* by 15*l.* to 300*l.* (100*l.* personal).

Clerk, M. Boorman, 150*l.* by 10*l.* to 200*l.*

Crown Prosecutor, Spencer Minchin, LL.B., allowance 250*l.*

Clerk attached to High Commissioner's Office, E. Cohen, (720*l.*)

Local Auditor, T. A. Williams.

Inspector of Education, F. H. Dutton, M.A. (Director of Education, Basutoland).

Principal of Bakgatla National School (Mochudi), R. S. Steensman, B.A., 600*l.*

President of the Special Court, G. T. Morice, K.C.

SWAZILAND.

Situation and Area.

Swaziland is bounded on the North, West, and South by the Transvaal, and on the East by Portuguese territory and Tongaland, now part of the Natal Province.

Its area is 6,704·6 square miles.

Description and Climate.

The territory is divided geographically into three longitudinal regions.

The mountainous region on the West approximates an altitude of over 4,000 feet.

What is known as the Middle Veld is some 2,000 feet lower, while the Low Veld, bounded on the East by the Ubombo Mountains, attains an average altitude of not more than 1,000 feet. The first two regions are remarkably well watered. Innumerable small streams unite with the large rivers which traverse the country from West to East; except for these the Low Veld is not very well watered, though bore holes put down recently by private enterprise have revealed the existence of underground supplies of water at several places.

Swaziland is on the whole very healthy, but in common with other parts of similar country in South Africa, malaria is prevalent in the Low Veld during some of the summer months.

Mbabane, the headquarters of the Administration, is situated on the hills at an altitude of 4,000 feet, and Bremersdorp, the old capital, is on the Middle Veld. Other European centres are the Government Stations at Hlatikulu, Mankasiana, Stegi, Pigg's Peak and Goedgegun.

Native History.

The Swazis are an allied race to the Zulus and speak the same language, with minor modifications. According to themselves the tribe lived originally in Southern Tongaland, from whence they migrated about 300 years ago to the Tshiselweni country, that is the country to the West of the Ubombo Range, between the Pongolo and the Great Usutu Rivers. Here they remained until 1815 when being attacked by Zwide, Chief of the Ndwande, the major portion of the tribe under their chief Sobhuza, better known as Somhlolo, fled north and settled near the present site of Bremersdorp. The petty tribes or clans of Baroswi, Bavenda or Bapedi origin then in

occupation of Swaziland North of the Great Uututu, were conquered and absorbed. Under Sobhuza and his successor Mswazi, they occupied territory up to Barberton in the North and extending towards Carolina and Ermelo on the West, while the tribes occupying what is now the Lydenburg District also paid tribute to the Swazi King.

The Swazis are known to themselves and other native tribes as the Ama-Ngwane, that is, the people of Ngwane, one of their early Chiefs, and the country as Kwa-Ngwane, the land of Ngwane. After their flight to the North they were never seriously disturbed, though they were occasionally raided by Zulu tribes from the South, especially after the death of Dingana, who was killed by a Swazi Impi on the Southern border, after his defeat by the Boers and his brother Mpande. Subsequently through the good offices of Sir Theophilus Shepstone (Somtseu) amicable relations subsisted with Mpande, the Zulu King and his successor Cetshwayo. In 1879 the Swazis lent assistance to the British in the war against Sikukuku (Sikukuni), but took no part in the Zulu War. Through the possession of secret medicines, used in the propitiation of the spirits of ancestral Chiefs, the Swazi Chiefs hold a pre-eminent position as rain makers. The native Government consisted of the King and his Council, made up of the *Matangeni*, the Chiefs of royal blood, and the Chief indunas of the tribe. The assistance of the witchdoctors was called in whenever necessary, to communicate with the spirits of departed Chiefs and to clean the country of sorcerers and other doers of evil. A military system of trained regiments on the lines formulated by Dingiswayo and Tehaka was adopted, mainly no doubt as a defence against the Zulus.

In the year 1846 Mswazi ceded whatever rights he had in the Lydenburg District to the Lydenburg Republic. Subsequently he, and later, Mbandini, entered into agreements purporting to cede the whole of the territory to that Republic and to its successor the late South African Republic. These later cessions were in fact nullified by the Conventions of 1881 and 1884 entered into between Great Britain and the Republic though the boundaries of the Transvaal laid down in the 1881 Convention constituted a considerable encroachment on what was claimed to be Swazi Territory.

In 1921 the Chief Regent Labotsibeni handed over her duties to her grandson Sobhuza, who was duly installed as Paramount Chief. The Chief Regent had a long term of office after the death of her husband, Mbandini, in 1889 and, later, of her son Bhunu. She was a wise chief and did valuable work for her people and country. Her relations with the Administration were always of a friendly nature; she died in 1925. The Paramount Chief is 27 years of age. He was educated at Zombode and Lovedale.

European Settlement.

During the eighties the King Mbandini in return for money and other payments granted concessions for various periods. Every conceivable right was granted away, not only for land, minerals, grazing, and timber, but also for all imaginable purposes, including exemption from taxes, for railways, telegraphs, mining patents, collection of the King's revenue, trading, etc., All unallotted land and minerals also formed the subject of concessions.

In 1888 a charter of self-government was granted to the whites in the country. Later, in 1890, under a Convention between the British Government and the South African Republic, a provisional Government was, with the consent of the Swazis, set up, consisting of a Government Committee composed of representatives of those two Powers, and a representative of the Swazis, a Government Secretary, Attorney General and other officials and of a Chief Court. This Court adjudicated on the initial validity of all concessions granted by the King, and, with a few exceptions, confirmed the grants in respect of such initial validity.

In accordance with pledges given to the Government of the South African Republic the provisional Administration came to an end three years later, when the British Government signed a fresh Convention, which permitted the South African Republic to acquire from the Regent and her Council an Organic Proclamation conferring on the South African Republic rights of jurisdiction, legislation and administration without incorporation in the South African Republic. The Swazis refused to sign the Organic Proclamation which had been drafted for them, and accordingly its provisions, with some of those in the 1893 Convention, were embodied in the final Convention of 1894, under which the South African Republic exercised powers of protection, legislation, jurisdiction and administration in Swaziland, subject to the limitations of the Convention.

On the conquest of the Transvaal, all the rights and powers of the late South African Republic passed to His Majesty, but since the other party to the Convention of 1894 had disappeared without the limitations therein, an Order in Council under the Foreign Jurisdiction Act was issued in June, 1903, providing that the Governor of the Transvaal should administer Swaziland, and conferring on him the right to legislate by Proclamation.

On the cessation of hostilities a British Special Commissioner, with a small force of South African Constabulary, was sent into the country, and a provisional Administration was established.

In accordance with the powers granted to him, the Governor issued a Proclamation in 1904 providing for administration and for dealing with the concessions question. The Laws of the Transvaal in force at the date of the Proclamation were applied to Swaziland, *mutatis mutandis*. Courts were established with the rights of appeal to the Supreme Court of the Transvaal, and an appeal was permitted from the decisions of the chiefs in civil matter to the Court of the Resident Magistrate. The chiefs were otherwise confirmed in their civil jurisdiction over natives, subject to the exclusion of usages incompatible with the due exercise of His Majesty's power and jurisdiction, or clearly injurious to the welfare of the natives.

The Commission constituted under the Proclamation of 1904 to deal with the concessions examined the concessions granting the exclusive rights, except exclusive rights to land and minerals, with a view to their expropriation at their value prior to the commencement of hostilities. The Commission reported in 1906, and the concessions, the subject of its report, were, with few exceptions, expropriated. The Commission subsequently dealt with the question of boundaries of land, mineral and grazing concessions. The general survey of these concessions,

necessary to determine the conflicting rights, was also completed. Under the Concessions Partition Proclamation issued in 1907 land and grazing concessions were subjected to a deduction of one-third of their area for the sole and exclusive use and occupation of the natives of Swaziland and the remaining two-thirds were freed from such occupation subject to the provision that for five years from July 1st, 1909, no natives actually resident on such land could be compelled to move therefrom but after that period they could only continue to occupy such land on terms to be agreed upon between themselves and the concessionaires. These Agreements are subject to confirmation by the Resident Commissioner. Proclamation No. 24 of 1913 provided simple and effective machinery for the removal of natives from concessions after the period of five years had elapsed. This took place in 1914 and there was no large movement of natives from concessions. Those who desired to move did so voluntarily and the remainder made terms with the concessionaires and remained on the farms.

Of the total area of Swaziland, 4,290,661 acres, 1,638,093 acres have been set aside for the exclusive use of the Swazis and they have, in addition, acquired by purchase, 77,076 acres.

By an Order in Council, dated 1st December, 1906, the control of Swaziland was transferred from the Governor of the Transvaal to the High Commissioner for South Africa. Under the Order in Council the High Commissioner issued a Proclamation in March, 1907, providing for the appointment of a Resident Commissioner, a Government Secretary, Assistant Commissioners, and the establishment of a Police Force. The Laws of the Transvaal were re-enacted, *mutatis mutandis*, and, except where modified by Statute, the Roman-Dutch Common Law was put in force by the Proclamation. A special Court, having the full jurisdiction of a Superior Court, was established together with Courts of Assistant Commissioners with a limited jurisdiction.

The paramount chief and other chiefs were confirmed in their Civil Jurisdiction over natives subject to appeal to the Resident Commissioner. Provision was made for the Swaziland Deeds Office and Surveyor-General's Office to remain at Pretoria under control of the officers responsible prior to the date of the Proclamation.

An elected Advisory Council, representative of the Europeans, was established in 1921, to advise the Administration on purely European affairs.

Population.

The population of Swaziland, according to the census of 1921, was 2,203 whites, 463 coloured, 111,106 Natives—Bantu.

Religion and Education.

The Anglican Church, the Roman Catholic Church, The South Africa General Mission, the Scandinavian Alliance Mission, the African Methodist Episcopal Mission, the Wesleyan Methodist Mission, the Independent Methodist Mission, the Pentecostal Church of the Nazarene, the American International Holiness Union, the Berlin Lutheran Mission, the Full Gospel Mission of Norway, and the Swedish Alliance Mission have representatives in the country.

The Administration has established a native school at Zombode, at which the paramount chief was educated. The Government also maintains

12 schools for European children at various centres, and makes annual grants to the various native missions which undertake native education.

Industries, Agriculture and Trade.

Mining in Swaziland is carried out under the authority of Concessions granted by the late King Mbandini. Tin is found in payable quantities in the vicinity of Mbabane. Gold mining was carried on for some years at the Pigg's Peak and other mines, but, owing to the increased cost of this class of mining all work has ceased for the present except at one mine at Pigg's Peak. The Crown owns a few mineral areas, and legal provision has been made for the exploitation of these by the public in the event of payable minerals being discovered.

Output of Tin.

1924	-	241 tons	valued at £59,082
1925	-	277 "	" " 67,722
1926	-	189 "	" " 52,947

Gold.

1924	-	376 ozs.	valued at £1,693
1925	-	1,308 "	" " 5,551
1926	-	1,510 "	" " 6,342

There are approximately 320,000 head of horned stock, and 130,000 native sheep and goats in the territory. Cattle ranching on a large scale has been in operation for some years. Ranches Limited have about 6,000 head of cattle, 50 imported pure bred and 50 grade bulls.

The Coal Mines Ranch has about 8,000 head of cattle. Several other farmers have herds of cattle ranging from 1,000 to 3,000 head. The young stock from the imported bulls on the ranches show a very marked improvement on the local cattle.

The stock is fat all the year round and fat oxen can be put on the market in the winter and spring without any artificial feeding.

Dipping of all cattle is consistently carried out and diseases of stock are not more virulent here than elsewhere in South Africa. The East Coast fever disease has now almost been eradicated.

Approximately 350,000 sheep (Merinos) are brought in from the Transvaal high veld for winter grazing but this class of sheep has not so far been farmed in the Territory otherwise.

From an agricultural point of view farming is assuming some importance owing mainly to the grant on easy terms of allotments of Crown Land to European settlers.

Maize is the staple product. The growing of cotton in suitable localities has proved successful and in 1926, 5,000 acres were under cultivation. Tobacco is also a paying crop, 720,000 lbs. being grown in 1926, and many portions of the Territory have been favourably reported on for citrus and sub-tropical fruits. At present, in the absence of a railway, no sufficient market exists for products of this nature. The Swazis grow the usual native crops but in insufficient quantity to feed themselves. Efforts are however being made to improve their methods.

No statistics of the imports into and the exports from Swaziland are now kept. By an agreement with the Government of the Union of South Africa, Swaziland is dealt with, for

Customs purposes, as a part of the Union. Payments due to Swaziland are assessed on the proportions which the average of the collections for the three years ended March 31st, 1910, bear to the total customs collections of the Union in each year. The imports consist principally of maize, flour, groceries, wearing apparel, hardware, spirits, tobacco, and kaffir truck; while the principal exports are Cassiterite tin, cotton, tobacco, hides, and slaughter oxen.

There are branches of Barclay's Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) at Mbabane, and Hlatikulu, as also a Post Office Savings Bank at Mbabane. The currency is British.

Stores exist where necessary to serve the needs of the population, but the volume of trade is small.

Revenue and Expenditure.

The revenue and expenditure for the two years ended March 31st, 1927, was:—

1925-26 Revenue	£110,132
Expenditure	£96,980
1926-27 Revenue	£92,090
Expenditure	£111,835

The public debt on March 31st, 1927, was 35,000*l.* for the repayment of which provision has been made through the medium of a sinking fund.

Swaziland Administration Establishment.

Resident Commissioner (vacant), 1,350*l.*, and 380*l.* travelling and subsistence allowance.

Deputy Resident Commissioner and Government Secretary, B. Nicholson, C.B.E., D.S.O., M.C., 1,100*l.* personal salary.

Chief Clerk, L. J. Puttick, 620*l.* personal salary.

Record Clerk, C. G. Leary, M.C., 400*l.* personal salary.

Clerk, R. W. Blanchard, 430*l.*, personal salary.

Financial Secretary, J. R. Armstrong, 700*l.*

Assistant Accountant, W. H. Russell, 500*l.*

Clerk, A. W. Walters, 300*l.*

Assistant Commissioner, Mbabane District, B. H. Warner, B.A., 800*l.*, and 111*l.* horse and subsistence allowance, motor allowance.

Deputy Assistant Commissioner, Mbabane (Piggs Peak), T. W. Vine, D.C.M., 540*l.* and 100*l.* p.a. horse and travelling allowance.

Clerks, H. W. Boast, 420*l.* personal salary, 51*l.* horse and travelling allowance.

Gaolet, H. O'Farrell, 385*l.* personal salary.

Resident Justice of the Peace, Bremersdorp, S. B. Williams, 450*l.* personal salary, and 76*l.* p.a. horse and travelling allowance.

Assistant Commissioner, Mankaiana District, D. H. Harvey, 800*l.*, and 111*l.* horse and subsistence allowance, motor allowance.

Clerk, A. C. Hulett, 360*l.*, and 51*l.* horse and travelling allowance.

Assistant Commissioner, Hlatikulu District, A. G. Marwick, O.B.E., 1,000*l.* personal salary, and 76*l.* subsistence allowance, motor allowance.

Deputy Assistant Commissioner and Clerk, H. B. A. McCarter, 625*l.*, subsistence allowance 40*l.*, motor allowance.

Clerk, A. E. Pasea, 360*l.*, horse and travelling allowance 51*l.*

Clerk, R. Armstrong, 215*l.*

Gaolet, J. C. Pullen, 300*l.*

Assistant Commissioner, Ubombo District, T. A. F. Steward, 800*l.*, and 76*l.* travelling allowance, 100*l.* climatic allowance, motor allowance.

Clerk, A. H. B. Hoare, 335*l.*, horse and travelling allowance 51*l.*

Clerk, B. A. Marwick, 215*l.*

Auditor, T. A. Williams.

Judicial.

Special Court of Swaziland: President, G. T. Morice, K.C.; *Members*, The Resident Commissioner, The Deputy Resident Commissioner, and five District Assistant Commissioners.

Master, Registrar and Sheriff, W. W. Usher, 550*l.*, also Deputy Assistant Commissioner, Mbabane District.

Crown Prosecutor, C. T. Blakeway, B.O.L. (Advocate).

Medical Department.

Principal Medical Officer, R. Jamison, F.R.C.S., 800*l.* and 76*l.* subsistence allowance, and motor allowance.

Assistant Medical Officer, Hlatikulu, F. A. Donnelly, 500*l.* and 133*l.* horse and travelling allowance, motor allowance.

Hospital Assistant, Mbabane, J. Anderson, 350*l.*

Hospital Assistant, Mankaiana, H. B. Barnard, 390*l.* personal salary.

Veterinary Department.

Principal Veterinary Officer, W. A. Elder, O.B.E., F.R.C.V.S., 800*l.*, subsistence allowance, 76*l.*; horse allowance 36*l.*, motor allowance.

Stock Inspectors, 3 at 380*l.*, 1 at 370*l.*, 1 at 332*l.*, one at 295*l.* and one at 300*l.*

Educational Department.

Teachers, Mrs. I. I. Fanner, 240*l.*; Miss J. Grobler, 190*l.*; Mrs. S. Maritz, 270*l.*; J. C. Breytenbach, 315*l.*; Miss H. S. A. du Plessis, 180*l.*; P. Erasmus, 255*l.*; Mrs. Pieterse, 180*l.*; R. P. G. van der Nist, 140*l.*; Miss E. McMahon, 160*l.*; Miss A. M. C. Maritz, 120*l.*; P. F. van der Watt, 240*l.*; Miss S. van Oudtshoorn, 150*l.*; L. R. Cameron, 245*l.*; Mrs. M. J. Dekker, 150*l.*; Mrs. C. FitzPatrick, 230*l.*; G. Neamu, 192*l.*; Native Teachers, 1 at 120*l.*, 1 at 100*l.*; 1 at 75*l.*; 1 at 60*l.*

Police.

Inspector and Staff Officer, Major G. D. Roberts, 600*l.*, and 136*l.*, horse and travelling allowance. *Superintendent*, A. J. Sweetman, 400*l.*

6 *European Sergeants*, four at 360*l.*, two at 345*l.*

4 *European Corporals*, two at 320*l.*, one at 300*l.*, one at 285*l.*

10 *European Troopers*, 180*l.* by 10*l.* to 220*l.* each.

1 *Native Officer*, 120*l.*

135 *Native N.C.O.'s and Constables*, 36*l.* to 96*l.*

Public Works Department.

Government Engineer, J. H. Gardner, B.Sc., 700*l.*, subsistence allowance 76*l.*, and motor allowance.

Clerk, C. H. F. Apthorp, 245*l.*

Officer attached to High Commissioner's Office, Chief Clerk, H. L. Smith, 600*l.*



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SOUTHERN RHODESIA.

The limits of Southern Rhodesia, as defined by the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council, dated 30th October, 1898, are the parts of South Africa bounded by the Portuguese Possessions, by the Transvaal Colony to a point opposite the mouth of the River Shashi, by the River Shashi to its junction with the Tati and Ramaquaban rivers, thence by the Ramaquaban river to its source, thence by the watershed to the Rivers Shashi and Ramaquaban until such watershed strikes the Hunter's Road (called the Pandamatenka Road), thence by that road to the River Zambesi, and by that river to the Portuguese boundary. The said limits include an area of ten miles' radius round Fort Tuli, but exclude the area of the district known as the Tati district as defined by the Charter.

History.

On the 29th October, 1889, a Royal Charter was granted to the British South Africa Company, conferring upon it large powers of administration to carry out the objects for which it was formed, the principal being to extend northwards the railway and telegraph systems of the Cape Colony and Bechuanaland, to encourage emigration and colonisation, to promote trade and commerce, and to develop and work mineral and other concessions.

Early in 1890 a police force of Europeans was raised and equipped, and in June of that year, after obtaining permission from King Lobengula, a pioneer expedition on a large scale was organised to cut a road from a point on the Macloutsie River, a tributary of the Limpopo, through the south-eastern part of Matabeleland into Mashonaland, the objective point of the expedition being Mount Hampden, near which large belts of gold-bearing quartz were known to exist. This point was duly reached, and Fort Salisbury, 12 miles South-east of Mount Hampden, having been founded (12th September, 1890) the pioneers were disbanded, and, in accordance with the agreement made with them, were allowed to peg off aridiferous claims and farms.

In July, 1893, the Matabele made a raid into Mashonaland, and killed a number of natives living under the Company's protection, near Victoria, when they were attacked and driven back by the Company's police. After an unsuccessful attempt to arrange matters, preparations were made for the invasion of Matabeleland, to anticipate an expected attack on the Bechuanaland Protectorate and Mashonaland. The Company's police and a small force of volunteers and native allies advanced on Bulawayo from the east, while the Bechuanaland Police, which had been largely reinforced, advanced with Khama and some 2,000 of his men by way of Tati from the south. Two successful engagements were fought by the Company's forces near Bulawayo, in which the Matabele suffered very severely. The Bechuanaland police were also attacked by a strong force of Matabele, which they repulsed with great loss. Lobengula fled, and Bulawayo was occupied, and a force sent in pursuit of the king.

This force was unfortunately divided by the sudden rising of the River Shangani, and Major Wilson and a small party of men were, after a heroic resistance, killed to a man. Arrangements for the future administration of the country

were completed by the High Commissioner and Mr. Rhodes on behalf of the Company. Lobengula, who was said to be endeavouring to escape across the Zambesi, is reported to have died from small-pox or fever.

In 1896, owing to a variety of causes, the Matabele broke out in rebellion, and shortly after the Mashonas followed suit. After a prolonged struggle the rebellion was subdued in September, 1897.

From 1897 to 1899 the development of the country advanced rapidly, but the outbreak of the war with the Republics, in October, 1899, practically put a stop to progressive work of every kind and the investment of Mafeking and the occupation by the Boers of a section of the railway in Bechuanaland cut the Territory completely off from communication with the South. During the operations that followed, a conspicuous part was played by the British South African Police and by Volunteers from the civilian population of Rhodesia, many of whom continued, after the relief of Mafeking, to serve until peace was declared in other parts of the theatre of War. It was estimated that the number of men contributed by Rhodesia, was approximately 1,600, being at least 12½ per cent. of the European population. Their good work earned frequent mentions in despatches and secured the special approbation of the Commander-in-Chief.

A brief account of the operations against the German territory in East and South-west Africa, and of the part played in the Great War by Southern and Northern Rhodesia, appears under the section Northern Rhodesia.

Constitution.

In 1888 that portion of Rhodesia now known as Southern Rhodesia was declared to be within the British sphere of influence, and on the 29th October, 1889, a Royal Charter was granted to the British South Africa Company, conferring upon it large powers of administration to carry out the objects for which it was formed.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the British South Africa Company, held on the 14th of December, 1899, a resolution was passed agreeing to accept the amendments proposed by Her Majesty's Government to be made in the original Charter of the Company by a Supplemental Charter, and a further resolution was passed approving certain alterations in the original Deed of Settlement of the Company.

The Constitution of Southern Rhodesia, originally laid down by the Charter, was subsequently amended by the Orders in Council of the 9th May, 1891; 30th July, 1891; and 18th July, 1894, the latter being known as the "Matabeleland Order in Council." This Order was revoked by the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council of 1898, which provides for the Administration of the Territory, Legislation, the Preservation of Peace and Order, the Constitution of Courts of Justice, and Native Administration. This Order was amended by several Orders in Council.

By a Proclamation, dated 10th June, 1891, the laws of the Cape Colony in force on that date were adopted for and are administered in Southern Rhodesia as far as the circumstances of the country will permit, unless amended or repealed by the Legislative Council. The laws of the Cape Colony passed subsequent to the 10th June, 1891, do not apply to Rhodesia.

For the administration of justice there is a High Court with civil and criminal jurisdiction, the judges being appointed by the Governor. In the districts there are Magistrates' Courts. Appeals from the High Court lie to the Supreme Court of the Cape of Good Hope, and thence to the Privy Council.

Clause 33 of the Company's Charter reserved to the Crown the power at the end of twenty-five years from the date of the Charter, and at the end of every succeeding period of ten years, to add to or repeal any of the provisions of the Charter or to enact other provisions in substitution for or in addition to any of its existing provisions. It was further provided that this power should only be exercised in relation to so much of the Charter as related to administrative and public matters, and failing the exercise of this power the Charter was automatically extended for another ten years.

At the expiration of the first period of twenty-five years, viz., in October, 1914, His Majesty's Government, after ascertaining the views of the Company and of the Legislative Council of Southern Rhodesia, decided to advise the issue of a Supplemental Charter containing a proviso that if during the ensuing ten years the Legislative Council should, by an absolute majority, pass a resolution praying the Crown to establish a responsible government, and should support it by evidence showing that the condition of the Territory, financially and in other respects, was such as to justify this course, it should be lawful for the Crown to make such alterations in the Charter as might be necessary for the purpose.

A Supplemental Charter, giving effect to this arrangement, was issued on 13th March, 1915.

In May, 1920, the Legislative Council passed a resolution praying that responsible government should be established forthwith in Southern Rhodesia. In March, 1921, the Secretary of State for the Colonies appointed a committee, of which Earl Buxton was chairman, to consider certain questions relating to Southern and Northern Rhodesia. The first report of the committee, dealing with Southern Rhodesia, recommended that the question whether that territory was or was not prepared to adopt responsible government should be decided at the earliest possible moment, and that a scheme for responsible government should be drawn up in detail and placed before the electors for their acceptance or rejection, by referendum rather than a general election.

In accordance with the recommendations of the report, the Secretary of State invited a deputation of the elected members of the Legislative Council to discuss with him the drafting of a provisional scheme of responsible government for Southern Rhodesia. The deputation came to London, and after confidential discussions returned to Southern Rhodesia in December, taking with it draft Letters Patent providing for the constitution of responsible government in that territory. These were shortly afterwards made public by the Secretary of State, who at the same time stipulated that the Government of the Union of South Africa should be approached with the object of ascertaining the terms upon which Southern Rhodesia could be admitted to the Union, and that the alternative policies should in due course be submitted to the people of Southern Rhodesia in the form of a Referendum.

The delegation proceeded to Cape Town, and as a result of conferences held by them with General Smuts and his ministers an official

memorandum was published on the 31st July giving the terms which the Government of the Union was prepared to recommend to Parliament for the admission of Southern Rhodesia. The draft Letters Patent for responsible government and the terms of admission to the Union were placed before the electors at a Referendum on the 27th October, 1922, with the result that 8,774 voted for responsible government and 5,989 for joining the Union—a majority of 2,785 in favour of the former.

On the 12th September, 1923, the 23rd anniversary of the occupation of Mashonaland, the territory was formally annexed to the British Dominions with the title of "Colony of Southern Rhodesia," and on the 1st October following, the Colony was granted by Letters Patent responsible government under a constitution which provides for a legislature consisting of a Legislative Council and a Legislative Assembly of thirty members. Pending the election of the first Legislative Assembly, the constitution provided for the temporary continuance of the existing Legislative Council. Subject to reservations as to the alteration of the constitution, legislation in relation to native affairs and certain other matters, the Legislature may make all laws required for the peace, order and good government of the Colony.

The Governor is empowered to assent to a law passed by the legislature, withhold his assent or reserve the law for signification of the King's pleasure.

Appointments to the office of Minister are made by the Governor. They shall not exceed six in number, one of whom shall be the head of the ministry and is styled the Premier.

The Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony is assisted by an Executive Council. A session of the legislature is to be held once at least in every year. The duration of each house will be five years. Women are entitled to vote at elections.

Sir Drummond Chaplin retired from the post of Administrator of Southern Rhodesia on the grant of responsible government, and on the 1st October, 1923, Lieut.-Col. Sir John Robert Chancellor, G.C.M.G., D.S.O., assumed office as Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

Local Government.

Salisbury and Bulawayo were constituted municipalities in October, 1897, Gwelo and Umtali in August, 1914, and Gatooma in August, 1917. Town Management Boards have been appointed at Que Que, Victoria, and Umvuma. Village Management Boards are appointed for the other principal places.

Chief Towns.

The six chief towns of Southern Rhodesia are Salisbury (the seat of the Government), Gatooma, and Umtali in Mashonaland; and Bulawayo, Gwelo, and Que Que in Matabeleland.

Railways.

The Bechuanaland Railways (now Rhodesia Railways, Limited) reached Bulawayo on the 19th October, 1897, and the line to that town was formally opened on the 4th November.

An extension of the Beira Railway from Umtali reached Salisbury on the 1st May, 1899, and was opened on the 22nd May. On the 1st August 1900, the widening of the gauge of the Beira Railway to 3 feet 6 inches, the standard gauge of South Africa, was completed. On the 6th October, 1902, the line was completed between Salisbury and Bulawayo, a distance of 299 miles, thus establishing through communication between Cape Town and Beira (2,033 miles). The line passes through the mining districts of Hartley, Queque, Gwelo, Bembesi, etc. The railway from Bulawayo to the Victoria Falls (280 miles) on the River Zambesi was completed in June, 1904, and the further extension northward into Northern Rhodesia, *vid* Kalomo, to the Broken Hill Mine, 375 miles from the Falls, was opened for traffic on 1st September, 1906. A further section of the line from Broken Hill to the Congo Border (132 miles) was completed in December, 1909, by the Rhodesia-Katanga Junction Railway and Mineral Company, Limited. There is, therefore, through communication between Cape Town and the northern border of Northern Rhodesia, a total distance of 2,165 miles. The Zambesi river is crossed by a bridge 650 feet long, 30 feet wide, and about 420 feet above the level of the water. The structure was formally opened by the late Sir G. H. Darwin, K.C.B., President of the British Association, on the 12th September, 1905.

The total mileage of the Rhodesian Railway Systems (including the Beira Railways) at the end of 1926 was 2,470 miles.

The Trans-Zambesia Railway was officially opened in 1922. The railway is 157 miles in length from its junction at Dondo with the Beira and Mashonaland trunk line, and the total distance from Beira to the Zambesi is 175 miles. The gauge of the line is the same as that in Rhodesia and Nyasaland.

Settlements with British South Africa Company.

In 1923 a settlement of the various outstanding questions relating to the Company's position in Southern and Northern Rhodesia was arrived at with His Majesty's Government. The effect of the settlement, which was conditional upon its acceptance by the shareholders and the approval of Parliament, was that the Company surrendered its rights and claims under the judgment of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council relating to Southern Rhodesia, and under the award of Lord Cave's Commission; that it surrendered its buildings and assets used for administrative purposes, and its land and monopoly rights other than mineral rights under its concessions in Northern Rhodesia; that on the other hand the Company would receive on 1st October a cash payment of 3,750,000*l.* from His Majesty's Government, and would retain a half interest for 40 years in the net proceeds of the disposal of land in North-Western Rhodesia, such disposal to be in the hands of the administration of the territory; that it would receive the Crown's recognition of its mineral rights throughout Rhodesia, Southern and Northern, and a considerable measure of protection for its railway interests; and that the Crown would waive its whole claim against the Company in respect of extraordinary military expenditure incurred in the course of the Great War. Subject to the foregoing, the Company would retain the whole

of its commercial rights and assets; no further question would be raised as to any liability of the Company in respect of land appropriated for the purpose of its own commercial undertakings or granted to other parties; and the Company would be relieved of the duty of carrying on the administration of Northern as well as of Southern Rhodesia. Consequently no further litigation or proceedings before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council would be required. At an Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 24th July, 1923, the shareholders unanimously approved the provisional arrangement made with His Majesty's Government, and on the 25th July it was approved by the House of Commons. On the 1st October the Company received a cash payment from His Majesty's Government of 3,750,000*l.*

The Board of the Company is at present constituted as follows:

Sir Henry Birchenough, Bart., K.C.M.G.

(President).

Baron Emile Beaumont d'Erlanger.

Dougal O. Malcolm, Esq.

C. Hely-Hutchinson, Esq.

The Hon. Sir Lewis Mitchell, C.V.O.

The Most Hon. The Marquis of Winchester.

Sir Otto Beit, Bart., K.C.M.G.

His Grace The Duke of Abercorn, K.P.

Sir F. Drummond Chaplin, G.B.E., K.C.M.G.,

M.L.A.

Sir William Edgar Nicholls.

Sir Edmund Davis.

Secretary, Lt.-Col. H. Marshall Hole, C.M.G.

Registrar, R. C. Bolton, Esq.

Chief Accountant, P. J. Baird, Esq., O.B.E., A.C.A.

General Manager in South Africa, Major P. S. Inskipp, O.B.E. M.L.A.

Climate.

The Rhodesian plateau lies at an altitude of from 3,000 to 6,000 feet above sea level. Broadly speaking, the year has two divisions, the wet and the dry season. The early rains of the wet season (which is the summer) gradually appear towards the end of October, increase in frequency and force until January, and disappear about the end of April. From May to September there is practically no rain. Taking into consideration the vast extent of the territory the climate naturally varies. In the highlands it is very healthy and bracing. Formerly, in the low-lying districts, malarial fever was very prevalent, but with the opening up of the country, better housing and food, it is rapidly disappearing. The summer is not oppressively hot, nor is the winter very cold. The average temperature shown by the maximum and minimum thermometers in the shade at the principal towns, is as follows:—

Mean for 24 years. ° F.

	max.	min.	mean
Salisbury ...	77·7	53·0	65·4
Bulawayo... ..	78·4	54·5	66·5
Gwelo ...	78·8	51·8	65·3
Umtali ...	78·9	56·2	67·6

The mean annual rainfall is 28·8 inches distributed as under :—

	Normal annual rainfall.
Western Matabeleland	28·0 ins.
South-Eastern Matabeleland ..	21·4 "
Western Mashonaland	31·6 "
North-Eastern Mashonaland ..	33·7 "
South-Eastern Mashonaland ..	31·6 "
Eastern Border	52·9 "

Hospitals.

There are Government hospitals at Salisbury, Bulawayo, Umtali, Gwelo, Fort Victoria, Enkeldoorn, Gwanda, Gatooma, Shamva, Sincio, and Bellingwe, each supplied with a complete staff of Doctors and Nurses. There are also Maternity Hostels at Umtali, Salisbury, Fort Victoria, Rusape, Sincio, Hartley, Selukwe, and Gwelo, which receive Government aid.

Population.

At the Census for Southern Rhodesia which was taken in 1926, the European population was found to number 39,174 persons, and the coloured and Asiatic inhabitants 2,158 and 1,454 respectively. It is estimated that the European population at 30th June, 1927, is 42,000. The permanent native population of the Colony was estimated to be 850,180 men, women, and children at the 31st December, 1926. The principal towns and their European inhabitants at the time of the Census were :—Salisbury (Capital), 7,324; Bulawayo, 8,351; Umtali, 1,951; Gwelo, 1,230; Gatooma, 602; and Que Que, 562.

Full details as to the administration of Rhodesia, and as to climate and products, with routes to and from Rhodesia, can be obtained at the office of the High Commissioner of Southern Rhodesia, Crown House, Aldwych, W.C.2. Sir F. J. Newton, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., was appointed the first High Commissioner in London in 1924.

Secretary, B. F. Wright.

Government Agent at Cape Town.

F. B. Philip, M.B.E.

Native Administration.

The Letters Patent provide that there shall be a Native Department of Southern Rhodesia, the permanent head of which shall be appointed by the Governor-in-Council with the approval of the High Commissioner. The Department is administered by the Minister of Native Affairs. The duties of the Chief Native Commissioner are defined by High Commissioner's Proclamation No. 32 of 1913.

The Colony is divided into 32 native districts, each in charge of a Native Commissioner, who is appointed by the Governor, with the approval of the High Commissioner, as laid down in the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council, 1898, and whose duties are defined by the High Commissioner's Proclamation, No. 55 of 1910.

The estimated population of indigenous Natives and other natives permanently settled in the Colony was, according to the last returns, 850,180, who are distributed as under :—

On reserves	553,932
On unalienated land	113,446
On alienated land	159,375
On mines, townships, etc.	23,527
	<hr/>
	850,180

On the recommendations of the special commission (The Native Reserves Commission) appointed by the Imperial authorities, which recommendations His Majesty's Government decided to accept, a total area of 19,428,691 acres was set apart as native reserves for the sole and exclusive use of the native population. This has now been increased to 21,594,957 acres.

The Order in Council giving effect to the recommendations of this Commission, subject to certain minor adjustments, was issued on 10th November, 1920.

The only tax imposed upon the natives is an annus poll tax of 1l. on each adult male native, and should such native have more than one wife a further tax of 10s. for each additional wife is payable.

The wages paid to unskilled native labourers vary from 15s. to 3l. per month, with board and lodging.

There is also an increasing number of skilled native artisans, who command a much higher rate of pay.

Education.

The number of public and aided schools for European children open in December, 1926, was 190, with 7,125 pupils. The public expenditure on education during the year 1926 was 259,076l., and the receipts from fees were 81,732l.

Native education was provided at 1,410 schools of different grades in the year 1926, all of which were under the control of missionary societies operating in Southern Rhodesia, inspection and financial aid on a capitation basis being provided by Government. The number of pupils in these schools was 91,919, and the amount of grant earned by them (which is included in the total expenditure of the department) was 29,866l. There were also open at the end of 1926, seven public and aided schools for Eurafrian and Asiatic children. At the end of December these had a total enrolment of 445 pupils. The expenditure on these schools, also included in the total expenditure of the department, was 4,043l., and a revenue of 132l. was received from school fees.

Owing to the munificent bequests of the late Cecil Rhodes and Alfred Beit, largely increased educational facilities are now afforded. Scholarships and Bursaries are granted to pupils in the country itself, and to matriculated Rhodesian students who continue their education at the various institutions of university standing in South Africa. In addition, there are nine "Rhodes Scholarships" (three per annum), which enable Rhodesian boys to take a three years' course at the University of Oxford.

Minerals.

GOLD.—That gold was obtained from Rhodesia in prehistoric times is evidenced from the innumerable "ancient workings," the ruins of temples and forts supposed to date from the time of the Himyarites and Phoenicians, and the discovery of gold beads, gold plates, fine chains, wire, nails, etc. From the occupation of the country in 1890 by the British South Africa Company when the European population amounted to about 500 persons, consisting of the

pioneers and a few officials, up to September, 1898, the gold produced only amounted to 6,470 ounces. Since that date the mining industry has been greatly developed, and numerous mines are producing gold. Large beds of coal of excellent quality are worked at Wankie, about 212 miles from Bulawayo, and 70 miles from the Victoria Falls on the River Zambesi, and the production of chrome iron ore and of asbestos is of importance in the markets of the world. The following shows the mineral output from Southern Rhodesia to 31st December, 1926 :—

Mineral.	Output, 1926.	Output from com- mence- ment to 31/12/26.
Gold, ounces	593,429	15,585,924
Gold, value	£2,508,527	£65,509,873
Silver, ounces	110,024	3,880,433
Coal (raised tons) ..	963,579	9,071,841
Chrome Ore, tons ..	181,194	1,406,101
Copper, tons	8	35,854
Asbestos, tons	33,344	204,797
Mica, tons	183	819
Arsenic, tons	54	3,409
Diamonds, carats ..	105	15,343

In addition to the above, lead, tungsten ores, antimony, tin, corundum, and barytes have been produced.

The total value of the mineral production for 1926 amounted to £4,100,592.

The total value of the mineral production from the commencement to 31st December, 1926, amounted to £82,373,279.

Lands and Agriculture.

Southern Rhodesia as a whole is a well watered country suitable in most parts for mixed farming. In some areas the rainfall is less generous, but here the excellence of the natural pasture renders the conditions particularly favourable for ranching. European breeds of cattle do well, and in the experience of many breeders improved stock under proper management are as hardy as the native stock of the country. Prime slaughter bullocks command a ready sale and the dairy industry, though as yet in its infancy, is ever assuming increasing importance. Pigs thrive exceptionally well, the only limiting factor in pig raising being the markets. There are, however, at present two bacon factories in Southern Rhodesia, and many in the adjoining Territory of the Union. Under the influence of cattle farming, the long grass is being eaten down and made finer. Experiments in sheep-farming are being made. The poultry industry is well established and the monthly cheque from this source figures prominently on many farms.

Under agreement with the Government, The Imperial Cold Storage and Supply Company has erected a modern up-to-date freezing establishment in the Colony. The Company's Works at Bulawayo are now completed and are capable of killing and freezing from 120 head of cattle upwards per day. There are one beef chilling room of 12,670 cu. ft., refrigerated by air circulation, and 10 freezing and storage rooms, totalling 108,000 cu. ft., refrigerated on the Ammonia Direct Expansion System. The machinery consists of 2 steam-driven refrigerating machines of the Ammonia Compression System. Each machine is of

70 tons refrigerated capacity. There is an ice-making plant capable of producing 10 tons of ice daily. There are also the usual by-product plants for producing edible and industrial fats, bone-, meat- and blood-meal, a curing house for hides, and general store sheds. It is anticipated that the provision of these facilities will prove of material advantage to the farming and livestock industry.

Maize is the staple grain crop, and the Colony has specialised in the production of the flat whites used overseas chiefly for manufacturing purposes. The quality of Rhodesian maize is second to none, and in the season 1925-26 some 1,400,000 bags (208 lbs. weight) of this grain were grown by the European farmers. The out-turn in 1926-27 has been estimated at about 1,450,000 bags.

The climate of the greater part of the Colony is sub-tropical, and while maize remains the principal grain crop, European cereals are also grown together with potatoes, beans, buckwheat, linseed, and oil yielding crops such as ground nuts and sunflower, the two latter being sold to the local mills for oil extraction and any surplus being exported. Tobacco-growing is firmly established and has been greatly stimulated by the preferential rate of Customs duty granted by the Imperial Government. Production reaches about 3,000 short tons annually. Many settlers, particularly those on the lighter types of soil, make this their main crop. Here the prospects for future development are of the brightest, for in addition to a strong demand in South Africa for Rhodesian leaf, there is a large market in Great Britain.

There are very good indications that parts of Southern Rhodesia will eventually become cotton producing areas. The success of the crop in 1923-24 led to an increased acreage being put down to cotton in 1924-25. The rate of increase, however, was too rapid for the supply of suitable seed available for planting. This, combined with the wettest season on record, materially affected the yield of cotton, but has not deterred the Southern Rhodesian farmers from continuing their efforts to make cotton one of their staple crops. The country is now equipped with first class facilities for ginning the cotton crop, and turning out high-density bales suitable for export to Liverpool and the Continent. The quantities ginned amounted to 6,958,000 lbs. in 1924-25, and to 8,975,000 lbs. in 1925-26. The question of finding out the most suitable variety of cotton is receiving the attention of the Government, who have established a cotton breeding and Experiment Station at Gatooma, which is considered as being representative of some of the best, middle-valley, cotton growing areas in the Colony. The Empire Cotton Growing Corporation are collaborating with the Government of Southern Rhodesia in their endeavour to establish the industry on a sound basis, and have sent out one of their staff of specialists, assisted by two plant breeders, to advise and help forward what promises to be a flourishing industry.

The principal particulars relating to the agricultural, livestock and allied industries are as follows:—

	1921-22.	1925-26.
A.—Area under principal crops :—	Acres.	Acres.
Maize (grain) ..	181,729	239,663
Cotton	135	66,086
Tobacco	10,174	13,915
Ground Nuts ..	5,432	6,175
Other Crops ..	30,530	29,043

	1921-22.	1925-26.
B.—Yield of principal crops :—	Acres.	Acres.
Maize (bags) (a) ..	663,000	1,394,000
Cotton (lbs.) ..	—	8,220,000
Tobacco (lbs.) ..	3,182,000	5,660,000
Ground Nuts (bags) (b) ..	27,000	52,058

(a) Bags of 203 lbs.

(b) Bags of 78 lbs.

C.—Cattle Owned.

	1921.	1926.
—	Number in thousands (000's omitted).	
European Cattle Owned ..	906	991
Native Cattle Owned ..	845	1,197
TOTAL CATTLE ..	1,751	2,189

D.—Farm or Dairy Products produced or sold.

Product.	1921.	1926.
Eggs	(1,000 doz.) 213	(1,000 doz.) 375
Cream :—	(1,000 lbs.)	(1,000 lbs.)
Sold as Butter Fat ..	244	618
Sold as Cream ..	346	595
(as returned by farmers)		
Milk production ..	(1,000 gals.) 435	(1,000 gals.) 1,232
	(1,000 lbs.)	(1,000 lbs.)
Butter	255	438
Butter made ..	—	1,607
Cheese made on farms ..	41	153
Bacon made ..	—	619

The citrus fruit industry is expanding: export in 1926 was 34,945 standard boxes of fruit and in 1927 (Jan.—July) 51,000 boxes.

Southern Rhodesia offers many advantages to those seeking an opportunity for the investment of capital, to those looking for a country in which to settle and make homes and also to the tourist and big game hunter. Full information for prospective settlers can be obtained from the Director, Department of Lands, Salisbury. On the arrival of settlers in the country, this Department will also render assistance and advice towards their acquiring the necessary knowledge of local farming conditions, for obtaining training with well known and successful farmers and eventually, if desired, for the purchasing of land. No charge is made for these services, nor for similar assistance obtainable from the staff of the Department of Agriculture amongst whose members there are specialists dealing with each of the more important branches of the agricultural industry. Special efforts are made to safeguard the interests of new settlers in the matter of the purchase of land.

Crown Land in Southern Rhodesia may be acquired from the Department of Lands of the Government, subject to reasonable occupation conditions; the

purchase price with interest at the rate of 5% per annum, being payable in forty half-yearly instalments, the first instalment being payable on taking up the land. A provisional deed of title is issued on payment of the first instalment, and a final deed of title on full payment of purchase price, provided the terms of the provisional deed have been fulfilled, and occupation and development effected for a period of ten years.

The title deed gives the purchaser the freehold of the land subject to an annual payment of quit rent amounting approximately to one shilling for every fifty acres held.

Further information can be obtained from the High Commissioner for Southern Rhodesia, Crown House, Aldwych, London, and also from the Director, Department of Lands, Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia.

Customs and Excise.

Customs duties were first imposed in this Colony in 1899, and agreements were then entered into with the Cape Government and the Bechuanaland Protectorate Administration for a payment of the share of the duties collected upon goods removed from one territory to the other. These arrangements terminated in 1901, and until 1903 this Government collected the whole of its own duties.

Excise duties were imposed in 1901.

In 1903 this Colony joined the South African Customs Union, which terminated in 1910, owing to the Union of the Southern Colonies, and has been replaced by Customs agreements between this Colony and the Union, Northern Rhodesia, and the Territories of the South Africa High Commission.

The Customs Tariff provides for the suspension of duty upon certain necessities, and for granting greater preference on British goods under the Order in Council, generally known as the Rhodes' Clause.

The estimated value (exclusive of Customs Duty) of merchandise entered for consumption in Southern Rhodesia, as compared with the value of exports, for the preceding four years is shown in the table below. In these figures the value of specie has been excluded.

	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£
1922	3,764,160	4,593,234
1923	3,458,433	5,262,656
1924	3,902,324	5,547,546
1925	4,712,646	5,690,492
1926	6,193,868	5,954,806

Customs Houses are established at the following ports of entry, viz. :—

Beira, Bulawayo, Gwelo, Plumtree, Salisbury, and Umtali.

Posts and Telegraphs.

The mails to and from the United Kingdom and Southern Rhodesia are conveyed by the mail steamers of the Union-Castle Company between Southampton and Cape Town. From Cape Town they are conveyed by rail to Bulawayo in 2 days 16 hours, and to Salisbury in 3 days 16 hours.

On the 31st of December, 1926, 187 post offices were open in Southern Rhodesia, at 34 of which Money Order and Savings Bank business was transacted. Telegraph Money Orders are also exchanged with Northern Rhodesia, Mocambique, the Union of South Africa, the United Kingdom, and Nyasaland.

The rate for inland letters is 1d. per oz. The rate for letters to the Union of South Africa, Northern Rhodesia, and Mocambique is 1d. per oz. For letters

to Belgian Congo and all foreign countries the rate is 3d. for the first oz. and 1½d. for each additional oz.; to the United Kingdom and all British possessions, except those mentioned above, the rate is 2d. per oz.

The Southern Rhodesia Telegraph and Telephone system extends from Ramathlabama, on the northern border of the Cape Province, to Zinto in Portuguese East Africa, and comprised 9,342 miles of wire, on 3,772 miles of poles, exclusive of private wires and telephone exchange lines. Including these latter items the system extends to 14,060 miles of wire and 4,424 miles of poles.

At the 31st December, 1926, there were 125 telegraph offices open. The rate for Inland telegrams is 1s. for 12 words and 1d. for each additional word; between Southern Rhodesia and the Union of South Africa and Portuguese East Africa (Lourenco Marques), 2s. for every 12 words and 2d. per word thereafter; for Belgian Congo the rate is 5s. for 12 words and 5d. for each additional word. To places served by the Beira Railway Telegraph Offices in Mocambique and Northern Rhodesia the rate is 1s. 6d. for every 12 words and 1½d. for each additional word; whilst to places in the Mocambique territory served by the Trans-Zambesia Railway the rate is 4s. for 12 words and 4d. for each additional word. To places on the African Trans-Continental Telegraph Line and Shire Highland Railway Telegraph Offices the rate is 5s. for the first 12 words and 5d. for each additional word. To Tanganyika, 7s. 6d. and 7½d.; Kenya Colony and Uganda, 13s. 6d. and 1s. 1½d. for the first 12 words and each additional word respectively.

Telegrams and cablegrams from South Africa and Europe for the Provinces of Manica and Sofala, including Chinde and Quelimane (Portuguese East Africa), Nyasaland Protectorate, etc., pass over Southern Rhodesian lines.

The rate for telegrams to the United Kingdom, including Northern Ireland, is via Eastern 1s. 10d. per word, deferred rate 11d. per word; via Beam 1s. 6d. per word, deferred rate 9d. per word. Letter telegrams, via Eastern 10s. for twenty words and 6d. per word thereafter; via Beam 8s. 4d. for twenty words and 5d. per word thereafter. Week-end letter telegrams (T.W.T) via Eastern 8s. 4d. for twenty words and 5d. per word thereafter; via Beam 7s. 6d. for twenty words and 4½d. per word thereafter.

The Post Office Savings Bank was established in 1906. Up to the 31st December, 1926, the amount deposited, including accrued interest, was 2,073,480l., and the amount withdrawn was 1,894,664l. 190,916l. was invested in Trustee Securities at the latter date.

Revenue and Expenditure (Southern Rhodesia).

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
1917-1918	£737,443	£790,470
1918-1919	£887,800	£888,913
1919-1920	£1,063,396	£1,082,372
1920-1921	£1,367,827	£1,350,006
1921-1922	£1,506,429	£1,335,041
1922-1923	£1,326,469	£1,357,442
1923-1924	£1,521,881	£1,355,929
1924-1925	£1,599,455	£1,591,746
1925-1926	£1,842,283	£1,752,254
1926-1927	£2,009,629	£2,006,958

SOUTHERN RHODESIA GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Lieut.-Colonel Sir John R. Chancellor, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., R.E., 4,000l., 1,000l. personal allowance and 1,000l. entertainment allowance.

Secretary, W. C. Robertson.

A.D.C., Capt. H. G. Gregory-Smith, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders).

Executive Council.

The Governor and Members of the Ministry.

Clerk of Council, W. C. Robertson.

Members of the Ministry.

Premier, H. U. Moffat, C.M.G.

Colonial Secretary, W. M. Leggate, C.M.G.

Treasurer, P. D. L. Fynn, C.M.G.

Attorney-General and Minister of Defence, R. J. Hudson, M.C., K.C.

Minister of Mines and Public Works, J. W. Downie.

Minister of Agriculture and Lands, Lt.-Col. O. C. Du Port, D.S.O.

Members of the Legislative Assembly.

Electoral District.

Salisbury:—

North	.. ..	The Hon. P. D. L. Fynn, C.M.G.
		G. M. Huggins, F.R.C.S.
		Capt. H. Bertin.
South	.. ..	Lt.-Col. F. W. F. Johnson, D.S.O.
Northern	.. ..	The Hon. W. M. Leggate, C.M.G.
		J. M. Eaton.
Mazoe	.. ..	The Hon. J. W. Downie.
		Major P. S. Inakipp, O.B.E.
Eastern	.. ..	C. E. Gilfillan.
		J. L. Martin.
Umtali	.. ..	C. Eichhoff.
		Mrs. E. Tawse Jollie.
Hartley	.. ..	Sir E. W. S. Montagu.
		Lieut.-Col. O. C. Du Port, D.S.O.
Midlands	.. ..	R. D. Gilchrist.
		Major W. J. Boggie.
Gwelo	.. ..	Lieut.-Col. D. C. D. Munro, D.S.O., M.C., D.C.M.
		M. Danziger.
Victoria	.. ..	The Hon. H. U. Moffat.
		L. K. Robinson.

Bulawayo:—

North	.. ..	Major The Hon. R. J. Hudson, M.C., K.C.
		Allan Welsh.
Central	.. ..	F. L. Hadfield.
		J. Cowden.
South	.. ..	Col. C. F. Birney, D.S.O.
		H. R. Barbour.
District	.. ..	F. P. Mennell.
		A. R. Thompson.
Western	.. ..	R. A. Fletcher.
		J. P. Richardson.

Speaker, The Hon. L. Cripps.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, J. G. Jearey.

DIVISION OF THE PREMIER.

Premier's Department.

Premier and Minister of Native Affairs, H. U. Moffat, C.M.G.

Secretary to the Premier, J. G. Jearey.

*Department of Native Affairs.**Chief Native Commissioner, Sir H. J. Taylor.**Assistant Chief Native Commissioner, H. M. G. Jackson, O.B.E.**Native Commissioners.**Mashonaland :—*

Bikita, H. N. Watters
Charter, J. W. Pomselt
Chibi, H. N. Hemans
Chilimansi, J. H. M. Sweeney
Darwin, D. M. Powley
Guts, E. W. Morris
Hartley, L. F. Bibra
Inyanga, E. R. R. Morkel
Lonagundi, C. Bullock
Makoni, D. H. Moodie

Marandellas, F. W. T. Pomselt
Mazoe, W. A. Devine
Meletter, N. P. M. Nielsen
Mreva, W. Edwards
Mtoko, E. G. Lenthall
Ndanga, J. L. Oliver
Salisbury, E. G. Howman
Umtali, W. S. Bazeley
Victoria, C. L. Carbutt

Matabeleland :—

Belingwe, A. St. J. Harvey
Bubi, S. W. Greer
Bulalima - Mangwe, R. Lanning
Bulawayo, S. N. G. Jackson
Gwanda, F. A. Yates
Gwelo, C. T. Stuart
Inezita, T. M. Thomas
Matopo, W. R. Benzie

Nyamandlovu, J. S. Harris
Sebungwe, J. L. R. Stap (ag.)
Selukwe, F. J. Wane
Umsingwane, A. L. Jones
Wankie, A. H. Johnstone
Relieving Native Commissioner, G. G. B. Woods

Superintendents of Natives.

Victoria, C. L. Carbutt.
Matabeleland, S. N. G. Jackson.
Director of Native Education, H. Jowitt.

*DIVISION OF THE TREASURER.**Treasurer's Department.*

Treasurer, P. D. L. Fynn, C.M.G.
Secretary, A. W. Beadle.
Accountant, Capt. E. T. Fox, O.B.E.
Principal Revenue Examiner, A. G. Williams.

High Commissioner, London.

High Commissioner for S. Rhodesia, Sir F. J. Newton, K.C.M.G.
Secretary, B. F. Wright.

Postmaster-General's Department.

Postmaster-General, A. E. Holloway (on leave).
Acting Postmaster-General, J. Collyer.
Secretary, P. G. Hunt.
Accountant, C. J. Swift.

Customs and Excise Department.

Controller of Customs and Excise, A. G. Pett.
Collectors, S. M. Symons, J. R. B. Baxter, S. Ashley.
Agent, Rhodesia Customs, Beira, R. N. Evans.

Taxes Department.

Commissioner of Taxes, H. A. Cloete.
Senior Assessor, F. D. Winskill.

Audit Department.

Auditor General, R. H. Everett.
Assistant Auditor and Inspector, E. D. Smith.
Inspector, O. Cartwright.
Senior Examiner, S. H. C. Palgrave.

DIVISION OF THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND LANDS.

Minister of Agriculture and Lands, Lt.-Col. O. C. Du Port, D.S.O.

Department of Agriculture.

Secretary, Department of Agriculture, D. MacDonald.
Chief Agriculturist, H. G. Mandy, Dip. Agric., F.L.S.
Agriculturist, J. A. T. Walters.
Chief Entomologist, R. W. Jack, F.R.S.
Chief Chemist, A. D. Husband.
Irrigation and Agricultural Engineer, C. L. Robertson, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E.
Forest Officer, J. S. Henkel, Dip. in Forestry, Cooper's Hill.
Poultry Expert, A. Little.
Stock Adviser, W. Fleming.
Tobacco and Cotton Expert, D. D. Brown.
Tobacco Advisers, A. C. Newton, B.Sc., and E. M. Matthews, B.Sc.
Mycologist, J. C. F. Hopkins, B.Sc., A.I.C.T.A.
Cotton Specialist (Empire Cotton Growing Corporation), G. C. Cameron.
Botanist, F. Eyles, F.L.S.
Editor, Rhodesia Agricultural Journal, W. E. Meade.
Statistician, A. B. Bell.
Dairy Expert, T. Hamilton, M.A., N.D.D.
Accountant, H. A. Harper.

Department of Lands.

Director, Department of Lands, and Surveyor-General, W. J. Atherstone.
Assistant Director, Department of Lands, A. C. Jennings, A.M.I.C.E.

Surveyor-General's Department.

Chief Draughtsman, A. Stidolph.

Veterinary Department.

Chief Veterinary Surgeon, J. M. Sinclair, M.R.C.V.S.
District Veterinary Surgeons, G. C. Hooper-Sharp, M.R.C.V.S., P. D. Huston, M.R.C.V.S., C. F. Johnston, M.R.C.V.S., M. H. Kingcome, M.R.C.V.S., J. D. Ferguson, M.R.C.V.S., J. Park Hamilton, M.R.C.V.S., B. A. Myhill, M.R.C.V.S., B. L. King, M.R.C.V.S., G. Gordon, M.R.C.V.S., J. D. Cootts, M.R.C.V.S.
Assistant District Veterinary Surgeons, J. S. Adamson, H. K. Henketh.

Department of Veterinary Research.

Director, Veterinary Research, Lt. E. W. Bevan, M.R.C.V.S.

Land and Agricultural Bank.

Members of the Board, A. W. Redfern (Chairman and Manager), H. S. Hopkins, H. G. M. Huntley, E. C. Pulbrook and John Richardson.

*DIVISION OF MINISTER OF MINES AND PUBLIC WORKS.**Mines and Roads Department.*

Minister of Mines and Public Works, J. W. Downie.
Secretary for Mines and Public Works, A. C. Bagshawe.
Mining Commissioners, C. D. Fleming, B. A. M. Helm, E. E. F. Blackwell, K. H. Borchers.
Registrar of Claims, S. B. Norris.
Inspectors of Mines, C. A. B. Colville, H. C. Milton.
Accountant, Mines and Works, T. H. M. Tobiloock.
Chief Road Engineer, Stuart Chandler.
Divisional Road Engineers, W. D. Harris, W. G. Brind.
Assistant Divisional Road Engineers, E. Greenshields, A. S. Rogers.

Department of Public Works.

Director, W. J. Roberts.
Assistant Architect, B. B. Bowley.

Geological Survey.

Director, H. B. Maufe, B.A., F.G.S.
Geologists, B. Lightfoot, M.C., M.A., A. M. Macgregor, B.A., F.G.S.

DIVISION OF COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Colonial Secretary's Department.

Colonial Secretary, W. M. Leggate, C.M.G.
Secretary, C. E. Duff.
Government Statistician, T. G. Gibson, M.B.E., F.S.S.
Superintendent of Assize, R. Dunbar.

Education Department.

Director of Education, L. M. Foggia, O.B.E.
Inspectors of Schools, S. de J. Lenfestey, A. R. McKenzie, J. Condy, H. D. Sutherns, A. G. Cowling.
Chief Clerk, J. S. Blackwell.
Accountant, G. E. S. Gilliland.

Public Health Department.

Medical Director, Chief Health Officer, and Inspector, Registrar of Births and Deaths and Principal Medical Officer, B.S.A. Police, Dr. A. M. Fleming, C.M.G., C.B.E., M.B., F.R.C.S., Edin., D.P.H., Camb.
Medical Superintendent, Ingham's Mental Hospital, and Senior Government Medical Officer, Bulawayo, Dr. F. H. Ellis, M.C.
Medical Inspector of Schools, Dr. H. V. A. Gatchell.
Chief Clerk, G. A. Taylor.
Senior Government Medical Officers, Dr. A. J. Mackenzie, Dr. F. P. Maitland, Dr. O. E. Jackson, Dr. A. P. Martin.
Government Medical Officer, Dr. W. G. Rose.
Assistant and Relieving Government Medical Officers, Dr. T. J. Williams, Dr. C. J. Lyons, Dr. P. Wallace, Dr. V. C. W. Vickers, Dr. E. P. Carmody, Dr. P. H. Henson, Dr. Grantley Barratt, Dr. M. E. K. Kane, Dr. M. Pearson, Dr. T. D. McLaren, Dr. H. J. Plowright, Dr. J. S. Liptz, Dr. C. W. Robertson, Dr. R. J. W. Burrell, Dr. J. Patton, Dr. R. M. Morris, Dr. J. H. Kennedy.
Additional Health Officer, Bacteriologist and Director of Pasteur Institute, Dr. L. J. J. Orpen.
Government Analyst, A. W. Faecor.
Schools Dentist, C. Fletcher.
Senior Matron, Miss L. A. Adam.

Department of Controller of Printing and Stationery.

Controller, A. F. Davis.

DIVISION OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Law Department.

Attorney General and Minister of Defence, Major R. J. Hudson, M.C., K.C.
Solicitor-General and Judge of Water Court, R. Mollwaine, K.C., M.A., LL.B.
Legal Adviser and Secretary, Law Department, A. E. Speight, B.A., LL.B.
Legal Assistant, W. E. Thomas, B.A., LL.B.
Registrar of Deeds, Companies, and Patents, G. J. King, O.B.E.
Registrar of Deeds (Bulawayo), A. R. Tonge.

High Court.

Senior Judge, Murray Blissett, K.C.
Judge, A. F. Russell.
Master, Registrar and Sheriff, F. G. Brooks.

*District Courts.**Mashonaland.*

Salisbury :—
Civil Commissioner, G. J. King.
Magistrate, J. P. L. de Smidt.
Assistant Magistrate, J. S. Crossley.
Enkeldoorn :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, C. M. Fletcher.
Assistant Magistrate, C. C. Girdlestone.
Umtali :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, N. H. Chataway.
Assistant Magistrate, Capt. C. H. Harding, M.G.
McMethuen :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, W. A. Brooks.
Assistant Magistrate, N. D. Jackson.
Victoria :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, C. W. Cary.
Assistant Magistrate, C. L. G. Wright.
Harley :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, F. J. Clarke.
Assistant Magistrate, R. Archibald.

Matabeland.

Bulawayo :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, P. G. Smith.
Assistant Magistrate, M. W. Bernard.
Gwelo :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, A. L. Baker.
Assistant Magistrate, S. D. Caldecott.
Gwanda :—
Civil Commissioner and Magistrate, F. A. Yates.
Assistant Magistrate, C. Deane Simmons.
Que Que :—
Assistant Magistrate, A. E. Boyton.

Defence Department.

Commandant, Colonel H. W. M. Watson, C.M.G., D.S.O.
Chief Staff Officer, Major G. Parson, D.S.O., B.S.A.P.
District Staff Officers, Capt. W. C. Hoaten, B.S.A.P., Capt. H. Harnell, B.S.A.P., Lieut. J. W. Watson, B.S.A.P.
Secretary, Department of Defence, Lieut.-Col. E. Hope Carson, D.S.O., M.C., V.D.
Controller, Defence Force, Major L. S. Dacomb, O.B.E., B.S.A.P.
Assistant Controller, Defence Force, Capt. F. H. Warnock Fielden, B.S.A.P., Lieut. H. P. P. Tice, B.S.A.P.
Staff Officer, War Records, Capt. F. O'Dell, B.S.A.P.

British South Africa Police.

Commissioner, Lieut.-Col. G. Stops.
District Superintendents, Major J. S. Ingham, Major H. J. K. Brereton, Capt. C. E. Pitt-Schenkel, Capt. W. J. Phillips, O.B.E., Capt. R. Hamilton, Capt. J. S. Bridger, Capt. H. T. Onyett, M.C., Hon. Capt. W. Lawrence.
Assistant District Superintendents, Lieut. H. Rochester, Lieut. H. Bugler, Lieut. F. C. Edwards, M.M., Lieut. A. V. Adams, Lieut. J. M. W. Parr, Lieut. J. E. Ross, Lieut. H. F. M. Surgy, Lieut. J. H. S. Adam, Lieut. J. Appleby, Lieut. H. G. Seward.

*Town Police.**Superintendent, Hon. Capt. D. McLean.**Assistant Superintendent, Lieut. T. G. McElligott.**Criminal Investigation Department.**Chief Superintendent, Capt. J. C. Brundell.**Superintendent, H. Hammond, M.B.E.**Superintendent, J. S. Morris.**Assistant Superintendent, H. W. Clemow.*

NAURU.

Nauru (0° 26' S., 166° 56' E.), an uplifted atoll, about 12 miles in circumference, was discovered by Captain Fearn in 1798, and was annexed by Germany in 1888. It has an area of nearly 8½ square miles. There is a ring of fertile land between the sea and a plateau about 40 to 60 feet above sea level. The plateau contains extensive deposits of phosphate bearing rock.

Nauru was surrendered to H.M.A.S. "Melbourne" in November, 1914, and, at the request of the Commonwealth Government, was administered under the High Commissioner for the Western Pacific until June 10th, 1921. A mandate conferred by the Principal Allied and Associated Powers on the British Empire to administer Nauru was approved by the Council of the League of Nations in December, 1920.

By an agreement of 2nd July, 1919, confirmed by the Nauru Island Agreement Act, 1920, and by the Parliaments of the Commonwealth of Australia and New Zealand, the British Government and the Governments of the Commonwealth and New Zealand agreed that the island should be governed by an Administrator, the first to be appointed for a term of 5 years by the Commonwealth Government, thereafter the Administrator to be appointed in such manner as the three Governments should decide. The first Administrator, Brigadier-General T. Griffiths, C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O., assumed office in June, 1921, and his term of appointment was extended until June, 1927, when he was succeeded by Mr. W. A. Newman, M.B.E., of the Australian Public

Service, who was appointed by the Commonwealth Government, in terms of an agreement between the three Governments concerned, for a period not exceeding three years.

The Administrator has power to make Ordinances for the peace, order, and good government of the Island, to provide for the education of the children on the Island, to establish and maintain the necessary Police Force, and to establish and appoint Courts and Magistrates with civil and criminal jurisdiction.

The agreement dated 2nd July, 1919, also provided for the working of the phosphate deposits. The exclusive right to work these deposits was granted by the German Government to a German company, which transferred it in 1905 to the Pacific Phosphate Company, a company registered in Great Britain, which commenced to work the deposits in 1906. In 1920 the interests of the Company in Nauru and in the phosphate deposits of Ocean Island were purchased by the British, Commonwealth, and New Zealand Governments. By the agreement between the three Governments, the deposits in Nauru were vested in, and the working and sale of the phosphate entrusted to, a Board of three Commissioners, one appointed by each Government. In 1922, 182,170 tons, in 1923, 212,300 tons, in 1924, 280,990 tons, in 1925, 224,260 tons and in 1926, 274,935 tons of phosphate were exported, mainly to Australia and New Zealand. The only other export is a small quantity of copra—the quantity exported being as follows—in 1922, 93 tons, in 1923, 121½ tons, in 1924, 383 tons, in 1925, 170 tons and in 1926, 117½ tons.

The population in 1927 numbered 2,163; of these, 1,266 were natives of Nauru, 761 Chinese, and 115 Europeans, the remainder being South Sea Islanders other than Nauruans.

Administrator, W. A. Newman.

Statistics.

Year.	REVENUE.	EXPENDITURE.	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.
	£	£	£	£
1922	11,182	11,424	78,320	275,115
1923	11,837	10,266	53,685	320,870
1924	17,065	14,362	100,253	429,345
1925	15,174	15,256	63,575	339,790
1926	16,424	13,963	104,117	412,402





PART II. — C. HISTORICAL AND STATISTICAL ACCOUNT, WITH PUBLIC ESTABLISHMENTS, OF THE COLONIES AND OTHER TERRITORIES WITH WHICH THE COLONIAL OFFICE IS CONCERNED.

BAHAMAS.

Situation and Area.

The Bahamas, the most northerly of the British West Indian Colonies, are a chain of coral islands lying between 21° 42' and 27° 34' N. lat., and 72° 40' and 79° 5' W. long., composed of about 20 inhabited islands, and an immense number of islets and rocks. The principal islands are New Providence (containing the capital, Nassau), Abaco, Harbour Island, Eleuthera, Inagua, Cat Island, Ragged Island, Rum Cay, Exuma, Long Island, Long Cay, the Biminis, and Watling's Island (or San Salvador), all of which are ports of entry; and Great Bahama, Crooked Island, Acklin Island, Mayaguana, the Berry Islands, and Andros Island (containing the only river). The total area is 4,403½ square miles, or about half the size of Wales.

History.

San Salvador, so called by Columbus, the native name being Guanahani, one of the islands composing this chain, and identical with Watling's Island, was the first land discovered by him on his voyage in 1492. A few years later all the Carib inhabitants were transported to work in the Cuba mines. It does not appear that the Spaniards had any settlements on any of the islands of this group at any time. Early in the 17th century the islands were well known to the settlers of Bermuda and the Carolinas. They were included in the Royal Grant of Sir Robert Heath, the Attorney-General of England, of the 30th of October, 1629. By 1640 the islands had become a well-known place of resort by the inhabitants of Bermuda, and on the 9th of July, 1647, The Company of Eleutherian Adventurers was formed in London for the purpose of making an organised attempt at a systematic colonization and development of the islands. William Sayle, a former Governor of Bermuda, was the moving spirit of this venture, and associated with him were a number of influential city merchants and Members of Parliament. On the 31st of August, 1649, Parliament, on the petition of Sayle and others, passed "An Act for the Adventurers for the Eleutherian Islands," which constituted Sayle and his associates the Proprietors of the Islands. Notwithstanding the Royal Grant to Heath in 1629 and the Cromwellian Act of 1649, Charles the Second, on the 1st of November, 1670, granted the Islands to Six of the Lords Proprietors of Carolina, namely, the Duke of Albermarle, the Earl of Craven, Lord Berkeley, Lord Ashley, Sir George Carteret and Sir Peter Colleton. Before the Royal Grant of 1670 the inhabitants of the islands had organised the Settlement and instituted a form of Government which included an elective House of Assembly, and had selected Captain John Wentworth as their Governor. Wentworth applied to and received Commissions from the Governors of Jamaica. The Lords Proprietors appointed Hugh Wentworth as their first Governor on 24th April, 1671, but he did not take up the appointment.

They then confirmed in office John Wentworth, the popularly elected Governor, on the 26th of December, 1671. A regular system of government was established including a Parliament, the Lower House of which was elective, and this was continued with several breaks until the Civil and Military Government of the Islands was resumed by the Crown on the surrender of their rights by the Lords Proprietors on the 28th October, 1717. Thirteen Proprietary Governors were appointed between 1671 and 1715. The Settlement on New Providence was sacked by the Spaniards on several occasions between 1680 and 1684. In 1684 nearly all the inhabitants were driven away, and it was not until 1688 that the Settlement was re-formed by their return, principally from Jamaica, under the leadership of Thomas Bridges. Bridges was recognised as Governor by the Lords Proprietors on the 12th July, 1688, and the Settlement had reached some importance when it was practically annihilated by the French and Spaniards in 1703. However, a year or so after this the dispersed inhabitants returned to New Providence and another Proprietary Governor was appointed in 1707. But the Islands became a regular rendezvous for pirates, and this finally determined the Crown to resume the Civil and Military Government of the place, and thus accede to the numerous petitions which the inhabitants had been making for several years and also carry out the express wishes of Parliament. Since 1717 there has been a continuous line of Royal Governors. The Islands were surrendered to a Fleet of the American rebels in 1776, and again to the Spaniards in 1781, but they had been re-taken by a British force under Colonel Deveau before the conclusion of the war, which was brought to an end by the Peace of Versailles, 1783, when the British possession was confirmed. After the American Revolution a number of Loyalists settled throughout the Bahamas Group and received substantial assistance from England, and on the 19th of March, 1787, the Lords Proprietors surrendered all their proprietary rights to the King for the sum of 12,000£, which was provided by Parliament.

The Turks and Caicos Islands, which geographically form part of the Bahamas chain, and which had often in their early history been claimed both by Bermuda and the Bahamas, were separated from the other Bahamas in 1848, and formed into a distinct Presidency, under the government-in-chief of the Governor of Jamaica.

Climate and Inhabitants.

The climate is salubrious and very pleasant in the winter season, and the Colony has in recent years been much frequented by visitors from the United States and Canada, there being excellent hotels and other accommodation for tourists. The cost of living is very high; houses are difficult to obtain and rentals are high. The average annual rainfall for the past 19 years was 46 inches, the rainy season extending from June

to October. From November to May the temperature averages 70° Fahrenheit, there is little rain, and cool breezes prevail. The lowest recorded temperature (in January, 1905) is 51.5°. In the summer month temperatures as high as 92° have been recorded. Three severe hurricanes passed over the Bahamas in 1926, on 26th July, 17th September and 20th October, causing loss of life and great destruction to property and shipping.

The majority of the inhabitants are of the negro race. About one-sixth are of European descent. English is universally spoken.

Trade and Industry.

The commercial relations of the Colony are mainly with the United States. Considerable quantities of pine-apples (canned), sponges, sisal and tomatoes are exported. In 1926 the principal exports were:—Sisal, 1,742 tons, value 40,493*l.*; sponges, 12,712 cwts., value 134,243*l.*; lumber, 9,062,000 feet, value 48,958*l.*; pineapples, value 1,712*l.*; shell, value 12,469*l.*; tomatoes, 106,000 bushels, value 26,516*l.*; bark, value 2,039*l.*; salt, 206,000 bushels, value 561*l.*

The cultivation and preparation of the sisal fibre plant is an important industry. The estimated area planted at the end of 1926 was over 14,691 acres.

Fishing is extensively carried on for the Nassau market, about 70 native-built boats, with 2750 men, being employed. Turtle-shell, shells and pearls are largely exported. Sponge-fishing employs a large fleet. The approximate number of vessels engaged in the industry is 476—aggregate tonnage 4,515—with 2,760 open boats, and a large number of long shore open boats; men and boys employed, 5,000.

Nassau is a port of registry, and had, on the 31st December, 1926, 213 vessels of 10,121 tons.

Principal imports during 1926; foodstuffs, value 408,273*l.*; malt, value 46,890*l.*; spirits and wines, value 806,037*l.*; tobaccos, cigars and cigarettes, value 24,787*l.*

Lighthouses on several of the islands have been established, and are maintained by the Imperial Government. Several lights are also maintained by the local government.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender currency is British sterling, and United States current coin*. Accounts are kept in sterling. There is a branch bank of the Royal Bank of Canada with deposits amounting to 621,765*l.* A Post Office Savings Bank was established in January, 1886, and had, on 30th June, 1926, 29,010*l.* deposited.

Means of Communication.

There are no railways or telegraphs in the Colony, and but few good roads except in New Providence and Eleuthera.

There are no direct passenger steamers between England and the Bahamas. The cheapest route is via Jamaica, by Elder and Fryles line from Avonmouth to Kingston (14 days) and by the small steamers of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine from Kingston to Nassau (3 days). The quickest route is via New York, the journey from New York to Nassau taking only three days by the steamers of the Munson Line, which leave New York weekly in winter and fortnightly in summer.

The cargo steamers of the Frederick Leyland Co. (Liverpool) and Thomas and James Harrison Co. (Liverpool) lines leave every four weeks from

Liverpool and Glasgow, proceeding to Bahamas via Bermuda. The cargo steamers of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company sail for the Bahamas from London every three weeks.

There is also a regular contract Mail, Passenger and Freight Service during the winter months, from January to April, between Nassau and Miami, Florida. These vessels make two voyages a week in January and April, and three voyages a week in February and March.

Besides this Service there are motor boats plying almost daily between the ports of Miami and Nassau.

Till February, 1892, the nearest point in telegraphic communication with Europe was Key West, but in that month a cable from Nassau to Florida was completed. The cable is not however at present in working order. Wireless stations have been installed at Nassau (New Providence), Harbour Island, Governor's Harbour (Eleuthera), Grand Bahama, Norman's Castle and Hope Town (Abaco), Inagua, Bimini and Long Island, Marsh Harbour (Abaco), San Salvador or Watlings, The Bight (Cat Island), Fresh Creek (Andros), George Town (Exuma), Long Cay (Fortune Island), Ragged Island and Rum Cay.

Postal rates are as follows:—

	<i>Letters.</i>	<i>Newspapers.</i>
Internal	1 <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.	1 <i>d.</i> per 4 oz.
U.K., and the Empire	1 <i>d.</i> per oz.	½ <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.
U.S. America	1 <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.	—
Other Foreign	2½ <i>d.</i> per oz. &	—
Postal Union	1 <i>d.</i> for each successive unit	½ <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.
Countries		

A parcels post with the United Kingdom (1*s.* 6*d.*, 4*s.* and 6*s.*) and the United States (6*d.* a lb.) has been established, also money order agreements with the United States and Canada.

Constitution.

The Executive Government is conducted, under Letters Patent, by the Governor, aided by an Executive Council not exceeding 9 members. The Legislative authority resides in the Governor, a Legislative Council, nominated by the Crown, and a Representative Assembly of 29 members, elected for 15 districts. An elector must be of full age, and either the owner for 12 months of land of the value of £5 or a house-holder of premises value 2*l.* 8*s.* in New Providence, or 1*l.* 4*s.* elsewhere, for six months. The qualification of Members is possession of an estate of real or personal property of the value of 200*l.* The Executive Council is composed partly of official and partly of unofficial Members who have a seat in one of the branches of the Legislature. In the absence of the Governor the Senior Member of the Executive Council administers the Government.

Education.

There is a Government system of elementary education, established in 1847, and modified by laws of 1864, 1875, 1885, and Consolidating Act of 1908. The central control is in a Board of Education nominated by the Governor. Local Committees, partly elected, exercise local supervision only.

There are 52 unsectarian Government schools, with 7,143 scholars; 42 aided schools, with 2,674 scholars; 12 Church of England schools, with 409 scholars; 6 private schools, with 169 scholars; 12 Roman Catholic schools, with 859 scholars; 2 Wesleyan Methodist schools, with 196 scholars; 4 Secondary Schools, with 210 scholars.

* On proclamation.

The Government schools were made free in 1885. The compulsory clauses of the law are enforced only in Nassau and the larger villages. Higher education is provided at the Queen's College, St. Hilda's School, Government High School, and Diocesan Western School, all in Nassau.

***FINANCES.**

Year.	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
			1st Jan. to 31st Dec.	
1917-18	86,767	105,254	44,984	553,667
1918-19	81,048	98,236	5,407	203,965
1919-20	204,296	108,939	33,098	159,320
1920-21	254,019	269,495	55,347	307,484
1921-22	470,987	267,402	221,342	649,652
1922-23	852,573	377,164	453,362	1,439,956
1923-24	553,376	452,044	468,131	1,201,822
1924-25	414,314	425,070	504,888	1,253,317
1925-26	505,097	378,812	576,255	1,284,219
1926-27	533,583	476,951	549,207	1,068,345

Year.	From U.K. £	IMPORTS. From		Total. £
		Colonies. £	Elsewhere. £	
1917	32,857	30,868	419,859	483,584
1918	19,575	44,252	303,353	367,180
1919	34,179	66,092	438,971	539,242
1920	228,649	93,502	768,066	1,090,217
1921	408,745	59,671	627,583	1,095,999
1922	672,785	93,651	1,226,716	1,963,152
1923	758,041	189,095	1,173,000	2,120,136
1924	507,459	204,513	841,172	1,553,144
1925	560,794	271,787	928,406	1,760,987
1926	525,625	491,835	1,042,295	2,059,755

EXPORTS OF COLONIAL PRODUCE.

Year.	To U.K. £	To		Total. £
		Colonies. £	Elsewhere. £	
191	47,796	12,671	339,685	400,152
1918	17,378	6,813	253,980	278,171
1919	62,771	4,509	289,869	357,149
1920	39,741	11,693	222,181	273,615
1921	34,809	79,493	263,868	378,170
1922	35,021	193,120	1,599,594	1,827,735
1923	29,908	8,891	206,708	245,507
1924	58,677	24,726	542,921	626,324
1925	55,434	16,154	409,764	481,352
1926	48,501	33,189	324,581	406,271

The total customs revenue in 1924-25 was 304,993*l.*; 1925-26, 368,026*l.*; 1926-27, 371,645*l.*

*Public Debt, 31st March, 1927, 154,103*l.**

Population.

53,735 (census 1901), 55,944 (census 1911), and 55,481 (census 1921). Estimated population Jan., 1927—58,101. The island of New Providence contains 12,975 inhabitants according to census of 1921.

List of Governors since 1880.

Sir C. C. Lees, K.C.M.G.	...	1882
Sir H. A. Blake, C.M.G.	...	1884
Sir A. Shea, K.C.M.G.	...	1887
Sir W. F. Haynes Smith, K.C.M.G.	...	1895
Sir G. T. Carter, K.C.M.G.	...	1898
Sir W. Grey-Wilson, K.C.M.G.	...	1904
Sir G. B. Haddon-Smith, K.C.M.G.	...	1912
Sir W. L. Allardye, K.C.M.G.	...	1914
Maj. Sir H. E. S. Cordeau, K.C.M.G., C.B.	...	1920
Major Sir C. W. J. Orr, K.C.M.G.	...	1926

* The Revenue and Expenditure are made up for the financial year ending 31st March.

Executive Council.

<i>The Colonial Secretary.</i>	G. H. Gamblin.
<i>The Attorney-General.</i>	G. H. Johnson.
<i>The Receiver-General.</i>	J. R. C. Young.
	W. K. Moore.
	A. K. Solomon, K.C.

Clerk, E. V. Manners-Smith.

Legislative Council.

G. H. Gamblin, <i>President</i> , 150 <i>l.</i>	
W. Miller, I.S.O.	A. H. B. Pearce.
J. H. Brown.	N. B. Burnside, I.S.O.
H. W. Lightbourn.	C. O. Anderson.
P. W. D. Armbrister.	J. R. C. Young.

*Clerk, E. C. Moseley, 120*l.**

House of Assembly (29 Members).

Elected May and June, 1925.

*Speaker, Harcourt Malcolin, O.B.E., K.C., 240*l.**
*Deputy Speaker, W. C. B. Johnson, 150*l.**

Abaco	{ F. Duncombe. B. R. Russell. H. G. Christie. R. H. Curry.
Andros	{ W. P. Adderley.
Crooked Island	{ J. E. B. Williams.
Eleuthera	{ R. W. Sawyer. O. H. Curry. A. H. Pritchard. R. J. Bove.
Exuma	{ E. Solomon.
Grand Bahama	{ W. K. Moore.
Harbour Island	{ W. C. B. Johnson R. T. Symonette. G. H. Johnson.
Inagua	{ A. E. J. Dupuch.
Long Island	{ L. C. Brice. E. D. Knowles.
New Providence : City	{ Harcourt Malcolin. O. B. E., K. C. C. O. Sweeting.
South	{ A. K. Solomon, K.C. S. O. McPherson.
East	{ L. W. Young. W. G. Cash.
West	{ C. E. Bethell. A. C. Burns, C.M.G. G. W. Armbrister.
San Salvador	{ Thaddeus Toote.
Watling's and Rum Cay	{ T. A. Toote.

*Chief Clerk, K. Macleure, 200*l.**

*Second Clerk and Serjeant-at-Arms, J. Smith, 150*l.**

Governor's Office.

*Governor, 2,650*l.**, Major Sir C. W. J. Orr, K.C.M.G.
*Private Secretary and Clerk Executive Council, 200*l.**, E. V. Manners-Smith.
*Clerk, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.**, Miss Cynthia Duncombe (170*l.*)

Secretariat.

*Colonial Secretary, 1,500*l.**, A. C. Burns, C.M.G.
*Clerk, Grade I., 360*l.*-18*l.*-420*l.**, C. P. Bethel (500*l.*).
*Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.**, Miss S. Burnside.
*Clerk, Grade IV., 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.** (Supernumerary)
F. A. S. Taylor.
*Clerk, Grade IV., 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.**, W. H. Sweeting.
*Clerk, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.**, Miss S. L. Bode.

Judicial Department.

*Chief Justice, 1,500*l.**, Sir Kenneth J. Beatty.
Provost-Marshal, The Commandant of Police.
*Bailiff, Officer, Usher and Messenger, 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.**, J. F. Greenidge.

Marshal Admiralty Side, Supreme Court, G. Roberts.

Attorney-General, 1,000*l.*, H. C. F. Cox.
Clerk, Grade IV., 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.*, Miss H. Turtle.
Stipendiary and Circuit Magistrate, 600*l.*, E. A. Collymore.
Clerk, Grade III., *Magistrate's Court*, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, J. F. Greenidge, Jr. (a).
Coroner, 100*l.*, E. A. Collymore.

Registrar General's Department.

Registrar General, 500*l.*, R. de Glanville.
Assistant Registrar General, 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, Miss I. Butler.
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, F. A. C. Duncombe.
Clerk, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.*, Miss E. S. Clarke.

Receiver General and Treasurer's Department.

Receiver-General and Treasurer, 650*l.* (vacant).
 H. A. Smallwood, C.M.G. (acting), 1,250*l.*
Clerk, Grade I., 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, O. H. Mason.
Clerk, Grade II., 300*l.*-14*l.*-360*l.*, W. Peet (acting).
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, A. H. Cole, R. J. Harris (acting).
Clerk, Grade IV., 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.*, M. Gerassimos.
Clerks, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.*, E. S. Wells, Miss D. R. Symonette.

Customs Department.

Comptroller of Customs, 500*l.*, J. H. Peet.
Assistant Comptroller and Examining Officer, 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, A. K. Cole.
Clerk, Grade II., S. A. Eldon (360*l.*).
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, H. D. Bascombe.
Clerk, Grade IV., 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.*, Miss A. Smith.
Harbour Master and Port Officer, 300*l.*-14*l.*-360*l.*, G. C. Roberts.
Two Tidewaiters, 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.* each, H. R. Cooper, J. H. Wallace.
Three Tidewaiters, 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.* each, F. C. C. Lightbourn, T. McCartney, E. S. Mitchell.
Collector of Revenue, West End, Grand Bahama, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, F. H. S. Bowe (276*l.*).
Collector of Revenue, Green Turtle Cay, Abaco, 100*l.*, L. E. Pinder.

Audit Department.

Auditor of Public Accounts, 500*l.*, W. H. Bethell.
Clerk, Grade I., 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, J. L. Lightbourn.
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, E. H. Stuart.
Clerk, Grade IV., 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.*, Miss H. J. E. Moore.
Clerk, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.*, B. C. Roberts.

Medical Department.

Chief Medical Officer, 480*l.*, A. H. B. Pearce.
Resident Surgeon, 650*l.*, J. J. Culmer.
Colonial Surgeon, 300*l.*, H. M. Hare.
Medical Officers, Out Islands, 450*l.* each (vacant) (*Harbour Island*), E. S. Greaves (*San Salvador*), W. J. Miller (*Bimini*) (acting), W. A. Foulkes (*Inagua*).
Bacteriologist, 600*l.*, A. V. Greaves.
Sanitary Inspector, 300*l.*-14*l.*-360*l.*, A. Sweeting.
Quarantine Officer, 85*l.*, M. H. Hall.
Superintendent, 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, H. L. Sumner (acting).
Matron, 300*l.*-14*l.*-360*l.*, Miss G. A. Wharton.
Sisters, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, Miss K. Toft, Miss C. A. Wyeth, Miss D. Ball, Miss E. A. Smith.

(a) Also draws 20*l.* p.a. as Clerk, Licensing Authority.

Dispenser, 300*l.*-14*l.*-360*l.*, F. A. Burnside (364*l.*-14*l.*-410*l.*) and personal allowance, 40*l.*
Relieving Officer, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, C. H. Reeves.
Chaplain, 100*l.*, Rev. W. H. Richards.

Post Office Department.

Postmaster, C. O. Anderson (500*l.*), and personal allowance, 100*l.*
Assistant Postmaster, 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, Miss E. M. Johnson.
Clerk, Grade II., 300*l.*-14*l.*-360*l.*, C. W. O. Prudden.
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, A. E. Eldon.
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, C. A. Bowen.
Clerk, Grade IV., 200*l.*-10*l.*-240*l.*, Miss M. I. Anderson.
Clerk, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.*, Miss V. T. Knowles.

Police Department.

Commandant, 500*l.*, C. J. Whebell.
Medical Officer, the Colonial Surgeon.
Detective Inspector, 500*l.* (vacant).
Sergeant-Major, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, C. H. King.
Mechanical Engineer, 400*l.*, R. Lotmore.

Nassau Prison.

Inspector, the Commandant of Police.
Gaoler, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, A. S. Clarke, and a personal allowance of 60*l.*

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, 700*l.*, G. M. Gordon.
Deputy Director of Public Works, 450*l.*, F. C. Van Zeylen.
Assistant Engineer, 450*l.* (vacant).
Assistant to Director of Public Works, 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, J. D. Weir, personal allowance, 60*l.*
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, Y. Clare.
Clerk, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.*, H. F. Knowles.

Public Works Department.

Clerk, Boards of Works and Health, 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.*, Miss K. Albury.
Superintendent of Roads, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, R. N. A. Burnside.
Clerk, Nassau Market, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, F. R. Burnside.

Lighthouse Department.

Keeper, Hog Island Lighthouse, 180*l.*, J. Drudge.
Assistant Keeper, Hog Island Lighthouse, 120*l.*, E. I. Hall.

Educational Department.

Inspector and General Superintendent, 450*l.*, W. G. Albury, personal allowance, 60*l.*
Secretary, 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, J. E. Russell (acting).

Telegraph Department.

Superintendent, P. H. Burns, 500*l.*, personal salary, 730*l.*
Clerk, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, Miss E. Farrington.
Telegraphist, Grade I., 360*l.*-16*l.*-420*l.*, D. Salter.
Telegraphists, Grade II., 300*l.*-14*l.*-360*l.*, H. W. Brown, J. A. Stuart.
Telegraphists, Grade III., 240*l.*-12*l.*-300*l.*, R. H. Sands, E. H. McKinney.
Telegraphists, Grade V., 170*l.*-8*l.*-200*l.*, L. G. Bethel, S. Symonette, K. Inghram, P. Albury, J. L. Saunders, R. G. Sands, M. Russell.



Telephones.

Eight Operators.
Linesman, 300L.-14L.-360L., R. Cartwright.

Electrical Department.

Director, 800L., Major C. H. Brazel, M.O.
Superintendent and Chief Engineer, 500L., E. L. Moore.
Clerk, Grade II., 300L.-14L.-360L., N. E. Lightbourn.
Sensor Shift Engineer, 430L., J. H. Knowles.
Engineers, Grade I, 360L.-16L.-420L., G. Pearce, F. R. Moultrie.
Engineer, Grade II, 300L.-14L.-360L., W. Lightbourn.
Linesman, 300L.-14L.-360L., D. A. W. Taylor.

Out-Island Commissioners.

*Commissioners, Grade I., 360L.-16L.-420L., each (a) (+) G. A. Albury (Seconded as *Sisal Inspector, Nassau*), E. H. McKinney (Seconded for special duty at *Eleuthera*) (b) (470L.); D. O. Johnson (*Harbour Island*), A. S. M. O'Brien (*Andros, Fresh Creek*) (c); H. N. Burnside (*Inagua*).*
Commissioners, Grade II., 300L.-14L.-360L., each (a), J. S. Culmer (Rock Sound); H. F. Pickwood (Long Cay, F. I.); W. H. Sands (Abaco, Norman's Castle); J. J. Albury (Long Island, Clarence Town); H. F. Duncombe (Bimini); L. E. W. Forsyth (e).
Commissioner - Teacher (Supernumerary) (a), T. E. Greenslade (Rum Cay) (264L.) (d).
Commissioners, Grade III., 240L.-12L.-300L., each (a), W. P. Roberts (Governor's Harbour); W. B. Cooper (Ragged Island) (d); H. A. Bartlett (San Salvador); R. N. Thompson (Grand Bahama); H. Pyfrom (Exuma).
Commissioners, Grade IV., 200L.-10L.-240L., each (a), N. Dorsett (Bight, Cat Island); J. V. Malone (acting) (Simms, Long Island); J. Z. Bethell (Mangrove Cay, Andros).

Surveyor-General's Office.

Surveyor General, 500L., William Miller.
Deputy Surveyor, 450L., William N. Aranha.
Clerk, Grade IV (210L.), Geo. E. Johnson.
Clerk, Grade VI (144L.), Mac. K. Johnson.

Imperial Lighthouse Service.

Inspector of Lighthouses, Capt. G. E. Corbett, C.B.E., R.N. (from the General Lighthouse Fund).
Store Officer, Kenneth Maclure.
Chief Officer of Tender, E. J. V. Armsden.
Chief Engineer, Ditto, G. W. Oliver (maintained out of General Lighthouse Fund).

Foreign Consuls.

United States of America, H. J. Anslinger, Consul; J. F. Points, Vice-Consul.
Germany.
France, C. F. Solomon, Consular Agent.
Norway, B. H. Curry.
Sweden, A. S. Sweeting.
Hayti, A. L. Symmonette (resident at Inagua).
Cuba, C. R. A. Menendez.
Lloyd's Agent, R. H. Curry & Co.

- (+) Supernumerary.
- (a) Quarters.
- (b) Personal Salary.
- (c) Personal Salary 380-16-420L.
- (d) Draws 50L. extra as Public School Teacher.
- (e) Seconded for duty as "Hurricane Commissioner" for Andros.

BARBADOS.*

Situation and Area.

Barbados is situated in latitude 13° 4' North and longitude 59° 37' West, and is the most easterly of the Caribbee Islands. It is nearly 21 miles long by 14 in breadth, and contains an area of 106,470 acres, or about 166 square miles, somewhat larger than the Isle of Wight.

History.

The exact date of the discovery of Barbados is not known. It is said to have been first visited by the Portuguese, who, finding it uninhabited and rude in appearance, named the isle *Los Barbados*, from the number of bearded fig-trees which they found. It was nominally taken possession of by the English ship *Olive Blossom* in 1605, when it was almost uninhabited. In 1625 or 1627 (the exact date is uncertain), Sir William Courteen, a London merchant, under the protection of the Earl of Marlborough, who held a grant of the island from James I., fitted out two large ships, only one of which arrived at Barbados, and the party, which consisted of some thirty persons, landed on the leeward side of the island, formed a town called James' (or Hole) Town, and appointed Captain William Deane their Governor. In 1627 the Earl of Carlisle obtained a grant from Charles I. of all the Caribbee Islands. This grant was opposed by the former patentee, Lord Marlborough, but the matter was compromised on the Earl of Carlisle agreeing to settle on the Earl of Marlborough an annuity of 300L. Soon after this the Earl of Carlisle being employed on a diplomatic mission, the Earl of Pembroke, then Lord Chamberlain, obtained a revocation of the former nobleman's patent in his favour and supported Sir W. Courteen; but on the Earl of Carlisle's return from his embassy, he remonstrated with the king, who reinstated him in possession of the territory. Wolferstone, a native of Bermuda, was then commissioned by the Earl of Carlisle as Governor, and in 1628 sixty-four settlers arrived in Carlisle Bay, commenced the erection of wooden houses, threw a bridge across the river which intersected the ground, and laid the foundation of Bridgetown, the present capital. The Leeward and Windward men opposed each other, the latter ultimately triumphing. The civil war which raged in England contributed to people and enrich the island; and on the downfall of Charles, many families attached to the Royal cause found shelter in Barbados. The island was afterwards governed by Lord Willoughby, a Royalist, to whom it was conveyed by Lord Carlisle (son of the first patentee); but when the island was subdued by the Commonwealth he was banished. In 1662, after the Restoration, Lord Willoughby renewed his claim, and the kinsmen and heirs of the two earls brought forward demands on the settlers. To satisfy these claims, a duty of 4½ per cent. on all exports was imposed; and under certain conditions the proprietary government was dissolved and the sovereignty of Barbados annexed to the British Crown. The inhabitants long protested against the imposition of the 4½ per cent. duties, but without success; and it was not till 1838, four years after the abolition of slavery, that the tax was abolished by an Act of Parliament.

Barbados has not, like most of the neighbouring islands, changed owners; it has always remained in possession of Great Britain.

* See under Windward Islands for general map of the West Indies.

General Description.

Bridgetown, the chief town and port, is situated in the parish of St. Michael, in latitude 13° 5' 42" North, and longitude 5° 58' 29" West. This town contains, according to the census of 1921, 13,486 inhabitants. Speightstown, the only other town, has about 1,500 inhabitants.

Carlisle Bay, the harbour of Barbados, is an open roadstead, much exposed to the wind from the south and south-west. There is an inner harbour or carenage, protected by a structure called the Mole Head. It is a port of registry, and had registered, on 31st December, 1926, 34 vessels, of a total net tonnage of 6,504 tons.

The island is almost encircled by coral reefs, which in some parts, as off the parish of St. Phillip, extend nearly 3 miles to seaward, and prove very dangerous to navigation.

The area of the island called the Scotland district, which is the part enclosed by a semi-circular sweep of the ridge in the north-east, is composed of sandstones, clays, and infusorial earths.

Asphaltum has been mined on a small scale since 1896, and in 1926 the total amount of manjak exported from the island was about 107·12 tons, of the value of 3,551*l.*, prices averaging about 33*s.* a ton.

Traces of oil have been discovered in certain districts and experimental borings are being carried out by the British Union Oil Company, Ltd., which has also established an oil depot and bunkering station for ships in Carlisle Bay.

A water supply is provided for all the parishes of the island by the Colonial Government, which bought up and extended the water works formerly operated by two companies, the Bridgetown Water Works Company and the Barbados Water Supply Company.

Owing to the steady Easterly Trade winds, which blow almost continuously from December to June, the climate is bracing and the heat is never oppressive. During the remainder of the year, the wet season of the Island, the heat is seldom excessive, although the absence of the Trade Winds renders the climate less invigorating. The average temperature is 79·8, and rainfall 61 inches.

The Island is largely visited as a Health resort by residents of neighbouring West Indian Colonies and British Guiana. It is, to a considerable extent also utilised as a winter resort by visitors from temperate climates. Generally the Island is extremely healthy; it possesses the unique advantage in the West Indies of being completely free from malaria, the Anopheles mosquito being unknown.

Industry.

The chief articles planted for exportation for some years after the settlement of the island were indigo, cotton-wool, ginger, and aloes, besides several kinds of woods; and the manufacture of sugar does not appear to have been practised with much success till about the middle of the 17th century, when the cultivation of the sugarcane increased rapidly, and the plant became, in commercial importance, the island's most valuable production. At that period, too, the introduction of African labour was commenced. The produce exported during the last three years has been as follows:—

	Sugar.	Molasses.
	Hogsheads.	Gallons.
1924 ...	46,300	5,987,453
1925 ...	41,527	7,869,275
1926 ...	52,327	7,760,334

The area under sugar cultivation is estimated at 74,000 acres. In September, 1898, the island, in common with St. Lucia and St. Vincent, suffered severely from the effects of a disastrous hurricane. In 1902-3 there was an epidemic of small-pox, which caused a prolonged quarantine and seriously affected trade. Cotton-growing has been revived, with help from the Colonial Treasury and the British Cotton-growing Association. In 1926, 315,192 lbs., of the estimated value of 40,623*l.*, were exported to the United Kingdom.

Population.

The population of the island in 1861 amounted to 135,839. By the census of 1891 the population was returned at 182,306. By the census of April, 1921, the population was 156,312, the decrease, as compared with the figures for 1891, being attributed to the large numbers of the labouring classes which have from time to time emigrated to Panama in connection with the Canal Works, while many others have gone to Para, Brazil, Cuba, the United States of America and Canada in search of more remunerative employment than what can be obtained locally. The population at the end of 1926 was 169,385. English is universally spoken. Labour is cheap, and the soil is well cultivated, the island having the appearance of a well-kept garden.

Currency and Banking.

Accounts are kept in sterling, and British coin is legal tender and the chief medium of circulation. There is no limit to the legal tender of British silver, and there is no gold in circulation. There are three banks doing business in Barbados, Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), capital paid up 5,975,600*l.* sterling, and the Royal Bank of Canada, with a paid up capital of 5,083,333*l.*, and the Canadian Bank of Commerce with a paid up capital of 4,166,666*l.* There is a Government savings bank, which had, on 31st December, 1926, 11,644 depositors, and deposits amounting to 228,766*l.* The total amount at credit of depositors on 31st December, 1926, was 623,746*l.*

Internal Communication.

A railway from Bridgetown to the parish of St. Andrew (24 miles as surveyed) was commenced in 1880, and completed in September, 1882.

In 1916 the Railway was bought by the Government from the Company which operated it for the sum of 20,000*l.*, the cost of construction in 1882 being 195,284*l.* and considerable sums having been spent on reconstruction between 1898 and 1904.

An elaborate road system exists throughout the Island, 474 miles of road being suitable for use by motor vehicles.

The Barbados Telephone Co., Limited, a private company, maintains a total of 1,814 services, with a total length of line in use of about 4,990 miles. There is also a railway telephone line connecting all stations from Bridgetown to St. Andrews, about 24 miles.

Steamer Communications, Postage, &c.

Steamers of the Leyland and Harrison Lines from Liverpool, and the Harrison Line from Glasgow and London run direct to Barbados at irregular periods. Length of passage between 15 and 17 days.

The Royal Dutch West India Line runs a regular fortnightly service, touching at Dover on the outward journey and at Plymouth on the return journey. Length of passage 12 days.

The Elders and Fyffes Line of steamers run fortnightly.

The Quebec Line of steamers from the United States via the West Indian Islands, and the Canadian Government Merchant Marine from Canada, via Bermuda and the West Indian Islands, arrive fortnightly.

The cargo steamers of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine and the Canadian Pacific Line arrive frequently from Montreal direct.

There are many irregular arrivals of the Booth and Lloyd Brasileiro Lines from New York direct; and regular fortnightly arrivals of the Lamport and Holt Lines from Brazil and New York.

Besides these an occasional Italian Steamer from Mediterranean Ports, and many tramp steamers from South American Ports call at Barbados.

Telegraphic communication up to 1924 was mainly carried on by the West India and Panama Company via Cuba. The contract with this Company has now terminated and a new system of cable and wireless telegraph stations has been erected by the Imperial, Canadian, and West Indian Governments under the management of the Pacific Cable Board. Cables have been laid from Turks Islands (where connection is made with the Direct West India Company), Trinidad, and British Guiana to Barbados, which is the headquarters of the system. Other Colonies are being served by wireless telegraph stations communicating with Barbados. The principal tariffs per word are:—

	s.	d.
To the United Kingdom	1	10½
To Eastern Canada ...	1	0½
To Western Canada ...	1	3

There are also half-rates (Deferred) and cheaper rates for letter telegrams.

The Western Telegraph Company was granted permission to land their cable from Brazil in 1920, and the cable is working.

The Western Union Telegraph Company was also granted permission to land their cable, the other end of which was landed at Miami, Florida, in 1922, and the cable was opened for traffic on 29th August, 1922.

Rules of Postage.

Within the Island: Letters, 1d. per 1 oz.

Postcards, ½d. each.

Newspapers, ½d. per 4 oz.

Parcels, 2d. per ½ lb. up to 5 lbs.

U.K., India, and British Colonies and dependencies: Letters per 1 oz. 1d., and for every additional oz. 1d.

United States of America and Porto Rico and The American Virgin Islands: Letters per 1 oz. 1d., and for every additional oz. 1d.

Elsewhere: Letters per 1 oz. 2½d., and for every additional oz. 1½d.

Postcards 1d. each.

Printed Papers and Books ½d. for 2 ozs. and for every additional 2 ozs. ½d.

Parcels to United Kingdom, 2s. per 3 lbs.; 3s. 6d. 7 lbs.; 4s. 6d. 11 lbs. not exceeding 22lb. 7s.

Do. West Indies, 1s. per 3 lbs.; 2s. 7 lbs.; 3s. 11 lbs.; 5s. 22 lbs.

Do. United States, 6d. per lb.

Do. Canada, 6d. per lb. up to 15lbs.

Do. Bermuda, 6d. per lb. up to 11 lbs.

Through United Kingdom in addition to postage charged in Great Britain: 3lbs. 1s. 2d.; 7 lbs. 2s. 2d.; 11 lbs. 2s. 9d.; 22 lbs. 4s. 6d.

(c)

Education.

A Government system of elementary education was established by Act No. 41 of the 9th December, 1878, which authorised a total expenditure not exceeding 15,000l. annually on all grades of education. This section of the Act of 1878 was repealed, and Section 9 (d) of the Education (Amendment) Act, 1897, authorised an annual expenditure of a sum not exceeding 11,000l. on elementary education. This section has now been repealed by the Education (Amendment) Act, 1910, which authorised the amount to be spent on elementary education at 14,200l. In 1926 the sum of 29,995l. was voted by the Legislature for Elementary Education, and the total vote for all grades of education amounted to 45,870l.

The central administration is vested in a Board appointed by the Governor, and the local control of elementary schools is in the hands of the clergymen of the various districts assisted by committees of lay managers. There are 133 elementary schools with 14,610 scholars (average attendance), and 22,595 on the rolls. Secondary schools are managed by Governing Bodies working under schemes formulated by the central Board of Education and approved by the Legislature.

Barbados possesses a college founded by General Sir Christopher Codrington, a native of the island, who died in 1710, and whose name it bears. It was affiliated to Durham University in 1875. It is under the administration of the S.P.G., who are the Trustees of General Codrington's will. There are several theological scholarships of the value of 30l. per annum from the College funds, and six Island Scholarships at 40l. per annum paid from the Colonial Treasury. The latter are competitive, and are confined to natives or sons of natives, or of persons domiciled in the island who have resided therein for at least ten years.

There is a good grammar school, called Harrison College, in Bridgetown, established on an old foundation, which has been liberally supported by the Legislature. It has a staff of eight university men as Masters, a Professor of Chemistry, and a Lecturer in Natural and Agricultural Sciences. The number of pupils at the close of 1926 was 191. Another First Grade School, "The Lodge," situated in St. John's parish, to the N.E. of the island, was re-opened in 1882, after having been closed for several years. The number of pupils at the close of 1926 was 112. There are three Barbados English Scholarships, established by the Education Board, and endowed by the Colony, each of the annual value of 2500l., tenable at an English University, or at an Agricultural or Technical College in Europe or America, for three years.

The number of years for which these scholarships are tenable may be varied to four or five, but the total value of each scholarship cannot be more than 7500l.

A first grade school for girls was opened in 1883, called the Queen's College. It has a staff of nine mistresses. The number of pupils at the close of 1926 was 139.

There are five second grade schools for boys and one for girls. These First and Second Grade schools cost the Government, including grants for scholarships, 8,660l. during 1926. They also receive annual grants for scholarships from the Vestries of the various parishes in which they are situated.

Police, &c.

A police force was established in Barbados in 1835 by an Act of the Legislature, and is stated to

have been the first attempt in the British West India Colonies to establish a force of that description upon a similar footing. The Force consists of 4 officers and 403 non-commissioned officers and men. In 1882 the Harbour Police (established in 1867) were combined with the Land Police. A Juvenile Reformatory for boys was opened in April, 1883, and one for girls in April, 1911.

There is a lunatic asylum, a lazaretto and a general hospital in Bridgetown, to the latter of which the Colony contributed 16,950*l.* in 1926.

Constitution.

The Colony possesses representative institutions, but not responsible Government. The Crown has only a veto on legislation, but the Home Government retains the appointment and control of public officers, except the Treasurer, who is an officer of the House of Assembly. The Legislature consists of a Governor, a Legislative Council, consisting of nine members appointed by the King, and a House of Assembly, having twenty-four members elected annually on the basis of a moderate franchise. The qualifications of members and electors are regulated by a Franchise Act, which became law in April, 1884, and which repeals all previous legislation on the subject. By this Act an extension of the franchise was granted, and 2,004 electors were registered under its provisions, the number previous to its enactment being only 1,641. This and other Acts relating to the franchise was consolidated by the Representation of the People Act, 1901. The only change made was the extension of the franchise to persons enjoying a pension of 50*l.* a year or more. The number of registered electors for the year 1926 was 3,789. The executive part of the Government is vested in the Executive Council appointed by the Crown and consists of the Governor, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General *ex officio*, Sir F. J. Clarke, K.C.M.G., Speaker of the House of Assembly, and Sir W. K. Chandler, K.C.M.G., LL.D., President of the Legislative Council, and such other persons as may be nominated by the King, and the Executive Committee consisting of the members of the Executive Council *ex officio*, one member from the Legislative Council, and four members of the House of Assembly nominated annually by the Governor. This body introduces all money votes, prepares the estimates, and initiates all Government measures. The Governor of Barbados was for many years the Governor-in-Chief of the Windward Islands, consisting of Barbados, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Grenada, and Tobago, but in 1885, by Royal Letters Patent, Barbados was separated from the other Windward Islands and made a distinct Government.

Local Government.

The island is divided into eleven parishes, each of which has its local affairs administered by a Vestry which is elected annually, the Rector of the Parish being the Chairman. The functions of the Vestry include sanitation, the care of the sick and poor, and the upkeep of roads. The latter is carried out by Highway Commissioners appointed by each Vestry from its members. The Vestries levy rates on lands and houses, and taxes on trade vehicles, draught animals, etc.

The total revenue collected by the Vestries in 1926 amounted to 124,478*l.*

Year.	FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917-18	399,969	456,303	1,375,380	2,588,944
1918-19	347,497	347,817	1,037,950	2,101,359
1919-20	420,136	351,851	1,650,526	3,648,259
1920-21	454,284	508,390	1,824,192	3,201,535
1921-22	340,814	409,055	1,568,750	2,373,692
1922-23	519,213	402,524	1,989,319	2,885,756
1923-24	444,646	420,461	2,457,665	3,228,704
1924-25	504,696	364,531	2,450,651	3,229,906
1925-26	404,133	394,250	2,627,726	3,241,164
1926-27	387,462	418,711	2,960,764	3,798,933

Year.	IMPORTS.			Total.
	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	
	£	£	£	£
1917	617,503	710,653	957,122	2,285,278
1918	597,571	1,118,248	1,270,187	2,986,006
1919	739,861	1,436,392	1,717,206	3,893,458
1920	1,599,498	1,577,495	2,008,544	5,145,537
1921	948,066	933,836	763,838	2,645,730
1922	784,335	947,790	748,195	2,480,320
1923	827,449	1,020,847	665,686	2,513,982
1924	840,617	955,936	750,744	2,547,297
1925	834,681	827,828	831,268	2,293,777
1926	664,242	840,061	648,864	2,153,167

Year.	EXPORTS.			Total.
	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	
	£	£	£	£
1917	512,897	1,214,532	462,685	2,190,114†
1918	479,346	1,428,332	572,968	2,480,646
1919	348,589	2,002,534	405,969	3,306,382†
1920	1,083,420	2,079,424	764,497	4,866,780†
1921	133,613	1,153,668	221,122	1,508,403†
1922	159,700	941,297	158,112	1,259,109†
1923	435,273	1,599,236	155,231	2,189,740
1924	211,629	1,452,371	185,301	1,849,301
1925	210,015	1,071,970	139,050	1,421,035†
1926	252,816	865,248	169,097	1,287,161†

*Customs Revenue, 1926—186,484*l.**

*Public Debt, 31st March, 1925—591,000*l.**

*Sinking Fund to redeem it—286,780*l.**

Governors of Barbados since 1901.

Sir F. M. Hodgson, K.C.M.G.	1901
Sir G. T. Carter, K.C.M.G.	1904
Sir Leslie Probyn, K.C.M.G.	1911
Lieut.-Col. Sir C. R. M. O'Brien, K.C.M.G.	1918
Sir W. C. F. Robertson, K.C.M.G.	1925

Executive Council.

The Governor.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
Sir F. J. Clarke, K.C.M.G.
Sir William K. Chandler, K.C.M.G.

Executive Committee.

The Governor, *Chairman*.
The Members of the Executive Council.
E. A. Hinkson.
H. W. Reece, K.C.
E. B. Skeets.
H. B. G. Austin.
W. B. H. Massiah, M.D.

Members of
Assembly.

† Includes bunker coal supplied vessels.

Legislative Council.

Sir William K. Chandler, K.C.M.G.,
President.
 G. Laurie Pile.
 J. R. Phillips, O.B.E.
 J. O. Wright.
 A. P. Haynes.
 J. Hutson, M.B.E.
 E. A. Hinkson, M.B.E.
 A. S. Bryden.
 D. R. Stewart.
Clerk, C. E. Stoute, ex-officio.
Sergeant-at-Arms, The Provost-Marshal, ex-officio.
Chaplain, Rev. Canon W. G. Murray, 30l.

*House of Assembly (elected annually).
 Session 1926-27.*

Hon. Sir F. J. Clarke, K.C.M.G., *Speaker.*
 Bridgetown . . . { H. B. G. Austin, O.B.E., and
 C. W. Haynes, O.B.E.
 St. Michael . . . { H. J. Jones and C. A. Brath-
 waite.
 St. George . . . { Dr. N. L. Boxill and K. E.
 Poyser, K.C.
 Christ Church . . . { Sir F. J. Clarke, K.C.M.G.
 (Speaker) and G. S. Evelyn.
 St. Philip E. L. Skeete and E. B. Skeete.
 St. John { Dr. W. B. Clarke and G. D. L.
 Pile.
 St. James C. B. Austin and E. K. Walcott.
 St. Thomas G. C. Mahon and S. C. Thorne.
 St. Andrew C. H. Kinch and W. S. Patterson.
 St. Joseph { H. Graham Yearwood and H. A.
 Williams.
 St. Peter { J. De L. Chandler and T. W.
 B. O'Neal.
 St. Lucy { W. B. H. Massiah, M.D. and
 H. W. Reece, K.C.
Clerk, F. A. Layne, 400l., fees.
Deputy Clerk, M. Shilstone, 150l.
Marshal, J. W. Parris, 62½l.
Chaplain, Rev. P. A. Farrar, 30l.

Civil Establishment.

*Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir W. C.
 F. Robertson, K.C.M.G., 3,000l.*
Private Secretary, Lieut. H. Bradburn, R.N.

Salaries.

The Clerical Service is paid according to the
 following incremental scale :—
 1st Grade, 300l. to 400l.
 2nd Grade, 250l. to 300l.
 3rd Grade, 200l. to 250l.
 4th Grade, 150l. to 200l.
 5th Grade, 100l. to 150l.
 6th Grade, 75l. to 100l.

Colonial Secretary's Office.

Colonial Secretary, Douglas Roy Stewart, 1,000l.
 1st Grade Clerk, C. E. Stoute.
 2nd Grade Clerks, F. R. Howell, H. N. Armstrong.

Treasurer's Office.

Colonial Treasurer, H. W. Lofty, 700l.
 1st Grade Clerks, H. P. Simmons-Anderson, C.
 L. L. Bowen.

Audit Office.

Auditor-General, P. W. Browne, 500l.
 1st Grade Clerk, W. H. Alder.
 2nd Grade Clerks, G. B. King, H. S. Jemmott.

Customs.

*Controller, G. A. Brierley, 600l.; with fees as
 Registrar of Shipping, etc.*
*Customs Officers, 1st Grade Clerks, J. O'D. Boyce,
 H. N. Roach, E. D. Stokes.*
 2nd Grade Clerks, R. Browne, S. A. Rudder.
 3rd Grade Clerks, F. E. D. Bynoe, P. A.
 Yearwood, N. D. Dickson, N. B. Warren, A. G.
 Hinkson, B. A. T. Williams.
 4th Grade Clerks, A. A. Browne and B. I.
 Gilkes.
Admeasurer of Ships, J. O'D. Boyce, fees, 58l.
Examining Officer, E. A. Carter, 200l.

Police and Prisons.

*Commandant of the Local Forces and I. G. Police,
 Lt.-Col. Oscar C. Heidenstam, 500l., and
 quarters.*
Staff Officer, Capt. R. M. Phillips (Welsh Regt.)
Deputy I. G. Police, Major R. A. E. Lindop, 400l.
*Inspectors of Police, Capt. T. A. Goddard, 250l.;
 and Lt. H. D. Bell, 250l.*
*Medical Officer Central Station, etc., L. C.
 Hutson, M.B., C.M., 100l.*
Inspector of Prisons, G. Clyde Williams.
Visiting Justice at Glendairy, P. W. Browne
*Governor of Glendairy Prison, Capt. C. A.
 Reed, 350l., and quarters.*
*Surgeon to Glendairy Prison, L. C. Hutson, M.B.,
 C.M., 200l.*
*Chaplain to Prisons, Revd. A. E. Armstrong,
 200l.*
Schoolmaster at Glendairy, B. A. Rouse, 125l.
*Superintendent of Government Industrial Schools,
 M. A. Puckerin, 250l., 30l. allowance for a
 horse and quarters.*
*Chief Officer (Boys), L. A. Chase, 150l. to 200l.,
 and quarters.*
*Chief Matron (Girls), Miss C. E. Deane, 175l.,
 and quarters.*

Fire Brigade.

*Superintendent, Lt.-Col. Oscar D. Heidenstam,
 100l.*
*Assistant Superintendent, Capt. T. A. Goddard,
 50l.*

Post Office.

Colonial Postmaster, H. H. Heath, 500l.
 1st Grade Clerks, L. K. Grant.
 2nd Grade Clerk, H. D. Blackman.
 3rd Grade Clerk, C. A. Durant.
 4th Grade Clerks, H. S. Sainsbury, R. A. Dear,
 E. A. Newsam, A. R. Foster and A. G. Smith.

Public Works.

Superintendent, L. C. G. Taggart, 500l.
Draughtsman, H. G. Murray, 200l. to 300l.
Overseer, A. C. Weatherhead, 225l. to 250l.

Harbour Master's Department.

Harbour and Shipping Master (vacant), 500l.
*Engineer in Charge of Government Craft, A. C.
 Weatherhead, 150l.*
 3rd Grade Clerk, A. H. Johnson.
*Captain of Steam Launches, J. E. Griffith, 150l.
 to 200l.*

Savings Bank.

Manager, J. B. Howell, O.B.E., V.D., 500l.
 1st Grade Clerk, J. C. Kellman.
 2nd Grade Clerk, J. A. Roberts.
 4th Grade Clerks, F. Gooding, S. B. Inniss, F.
 L. Delamere.

Public Library.

Librarian, Mrs. G. B. R. Burton, 150l.

Public Market.

Clerk and Inspector of Weights and Measures, A. L. S. Pontifex, 200l., and fees.
Inspector of Meat, W. H. Thorpe, 150l.
Medical Surveyor, R. M. Johnson, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Edin.), fees.

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice, R. H. Furness, 1,200l.
Attorney-General, K. E. Poyser, K.C., D.S.O., 750l., and 250l. per annum for conducting Government business in the House of Assembly.
Clerk, E. C. Dear, 200l. to 250l., personal allowance, 100l.
Solicitor-General, H. W. Reece, K.C., 250l., private practice.
King's Solicitor and Proctor, H. Graham Yearwood, fees (private practice).
Registrar, J. S. Sainsbury, 550l.
Deputy Registrar, C. L. Elder, 300l. to 400l.
4th Grade Clerk, G. C. Williams.
Provost-Marshal, E. B. Bynoe, 400l.
4th Grade Clerk, V. H. B. Rocheford.
Casual Receiver, W. W. Gowdey, fees.
Registrar in Admiralty, J. S. Sainsbury.
Commissioners for taking the Probates of Deeds, etc., C. W. Flemming, W. W. Gowdey, J. S. Sainsbury, J. B. Howell, and C. L. Elder, fees.
Judges of the Assistant Court of Appeal, E. C. Jackman and G. Clyde Williams, 500l. each; H. S. Thorne, 450l.*
Clerk to ditto and Chief Clerk of the Petty Debt Court of Bridgetown, 2nd Grade Clerk, C. L. Abrams.
Judge of Petty Debt Court, P. A. Lynch, 400l.
2nd Grade Clerk, C. L. Abrams.
Police Magistrates of District "A," H. M. Seon, and T. F. Goodman, 400l. each.
4th Grade Clerk, F. A. C. Clairmonte.
Police Magistrates of Rural Districts, C. N. C. Roach, A. K. Bynoe, C. W. Reece, W. G. Mahon, and F. Reece, 350l. each.
† Clerks to the above, 3rd Grade Clerk, E. L. Walcott.
4th Grade Clerks, D. D. Morris, S. H. Nurse, E. F. L. Morris, L. D. Bannister.
Coroners, E. C. Jackman, C. N. C. Roach, A. K. Bynoe, F. Reece, C. W. Reece, W. G. Mahon.

Medical.

Poor Law Inspector, L. C. Hutson, M.B., C.M. (temporary).
Public Health Inspector, L. C. Hutson, M.B., C.M. (t-m-porary).
Bacteriologist, R. M. Johnson, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Edin., 500l.
Health Officer, J. D. Alleyne, M.D., 500l. and fees.
Assistant Health Officer, A. G. Bancroft, M.D., C.M. (McGill), 200l. (and private practice).
Clerk, Board of Health, 3rd Grade Clerk, A. De V Chase.
Visiting Surgeon, General Hospital, G. Manning, M.D., C.M., 100l.

* This office is combined with that of Registrar of Friendly Societies and Inspector of Prisons.

† The Police Magistrate's Clerk of District "E" is also Revenue Officer of that District, and receives an extra 90l. a year. The Clerks of the Rural Districts receive 40l. a year for house and travelling allowance extra.

Visiting Surgeon, General Hospital, Mortimer Johnson, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Edin., 100l.
Visiting Surgeon, General Hospital, H. G. Massiah, M.D., C.M., 100l.
Ophthalmic Surgeon, C. H. St. John, M.B.B.S. (London), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.A.M.S., 100l.
Radiologist, H. E. Skeete, M.D., C.M., 50l.
Assistant Ophthalmic Surgeon, E. W. Roberts, M.D., 50l.
Dental Surgeon, E. D. W. Deane, D.D.S., 50l.
Assistant Surgeons, A. G. Bancroft, M.D., C.M.; F. C. Clarke, M.D., C.M.; H. E. Skeete, M.D., C.M.
Senior Resident Surgeon, General Hospital, R. E. Faussett, M.B., B.Ch. (Dublin), 300l., and quarters.
Resident Surgeon, Miss I. Guillaume, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.F.P.S., 250l., and quarters.
Resident Surgeon, A. C. Edwards, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), 250l. and quarters.
Head Nurse, Miss A. Veacock, 200l., and quarters.
Manager and Secretary, Jabez Ward, 200l.
Medical Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, A. B. Hawkins, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., 600l., and quarters; W. S. Birch, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (London).
Resident Steward, L. A. Fielda, 200l.
Visiting Physician, Lazaretto, F. C. Clarke, M.D., C.M., 300l. (and private practice).
Superintendent, H. A. Davis, 250l. to 300l., and quarters.
Steward, J. H. O. Goddard, 100l. to 125l.

Educational.

President of the Education Board, H. B. G. Austin, M.O.P.
Principal of Codrington College, The Rev. J. C. Wippl, M.A., B.D.
Professor of Mathematics, O. de C. Emtage, M.A.
Lecturer, W. W. C. Dunlop, M.A.
Medical Lecturer, etc., of Codrington College, W. Briggs Clarke, M.B., C.M., 40l.
Island Professor of Chemistry and Agricultural Science, J. P. d'Albuquerque, M.A.
Assistant Professor of Chemistry, etc., R. R. Hall.
Lecturer in Agricultural Science, J. H. Robinson, B.A.
Head Master of Harrison College, H. N. Haskell, M.A., 750l., and quarters.
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Assistant Masters, W. A. Farmer, 350l., and P. G. Browne, 300l.; G. H. Burns, B.A., 350l., and S. G. Le Maistre, B.A., 300l.; Miss M. J. Vaughan, 100l.; Miss E. L. G. Phillips, 100l.
Science Master, R. R. Hall, B.A.
Music Mistress, Miss W. Stukes.
Inspector of Schools, Rev. J. R. Nichols, 300l., and 150l. travelling allowance. Personal allowance 100l.

Assistant Inspector of Schools, N. Greenhalgh, B.Sc., 200*l.*, and 150*l.* travelling allowance. Personal allowance 100*l.*
Secretary of Education Board, M. T. G. Mahon, B.A., 200*l.* Personal allowance 100*l.*

Poor Law Board.

President, Sir W. K. Chandler, Kt., C.M.G.
Members, E. A. Hinkson, Sir F. J. Clarke, K.C.M.G.; K. E. Poyser, D.S.O., and G. S. Evelyn.
Secretary, A. De V. Chase, 3rd Grade Clerk, and 25*l.* per annum extra as Vaccination Officer.

Water Works Department.

Officers:—
Engineer and Manager, Major G. E. Peck, M.C., R.E., A.M.I.C.E., 1,000*l.**
Assistant Manager, J. R. M. Cave, M.S.E., 500*l.*
Superintendent, E. A. Chase, A.M.S.E., M.I.J.E., 300*l.* to 400*l.*
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Second Clerk, Gilpin Dudley Ramsey, 153*l.*
Third Clerk, Conrad Gordon Humphrey, 130*l.*
Fourth Clerk, Daisy Isabel Seale.
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Registrar of Diocese, G. B. Evelyn, fees.

Dean and Rector of St. Michael, Very Rev. A. Shankland, 400*l.*
Christ Church, Rev. P. A. Farrar, 300*l.*
St. Philip, Rev. F. G. Stanton, 300*l.*
St. George, Rev. J. A. Partridge, 300*l.*
St. John, Rev. R. T. I. Johnson, 300*l.*
St. Joseph, Rev. W. G. Hutchinson, 300*l.*
St. Andrew, Rev. W. E. Dash, 300*l.*
St. Thomas, Rev. G. V. Frederick, B.A., L.Th., 300*l.*
St. James, Rev. C. W. Johnson, 300*l.*
St. Peter, Rev. P. C. Branch, 300*l.*
St. Lucy, Rev. N. B. Watson, M.A., 300*l.*

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Traffic Manager, A. B. Clinckett, 300*l.*
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France, G. Gloumeau, Consular Agent.
Sweden, H. B. G. Austin.
Norway, F. E. W. G. Austin.
Portugal, V. Parravicino.
Dominican Republic, V. Parravicino.
Colombia, T. E. Hunte.
Paraguay, V. Parravicino, Consul.
Netherlands, A. J. Henschell.
Venezuela, A. J. Henschell, Hon. Consul.
Haiti, W. W. Watkins.
Spain, A. J. Henschell, Vice-Consul.
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Brazil, A. M. Torres, Consul.
Uruguay, J. Crawford.
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Panama, A. J. Henschell, Vice-Consul.
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Staff Officer, Captain R. M. Phillips, Welch Regt.

* Also Consulting Engineer to the Government.

Public Library.

Librarian, Mrs. G. B. R. Burton, 150*l*.

Public Market.

Clerk and Inspector of Weights and Measures, A. L. S. Pontifex, 200*l*., and fees.
Inspector of Meat, W. H. Thorpe, 150*l*.
Medical Surveyor, R. M. Johnson, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Edin.), fees.

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice, R. H. Furness, 1,200*l*.
Attorney-General, K. E. Poyser, K.C., D.S.O., 750*l*., and 250*l*. per annum for conducting Government business in the House of Assembly.
Clerk, E. C. Dear, 200*l*. to 250*l*., personal allowance, 100*l*.
Solicitor-General, H. W. Reece, K.C., 250*l*., private practice.
King's Solicitor and Proctor, H. Graham Yearwood, fees (private practice).
Registrar, J. S. Sainsbury, 550*l*.
Deputy Registrar, C. L. Elder, 300*l*. to 400*l*.
4th Grade Clerk, G. C. Williams.
Provost-Marshal, E. B. Bynoe, 400*l*.
4th Grade Clerk, V. H. B. Rocheford.
Casual Receiver, W. W. Gowdey, fees.
Registrar in Admiralty, J. S. Sainsbury.
Commissioners for taking the Probates of Deeds, etc., C. W. Flemming, W. W. Gowdey, J. S. Sainsbury, J. B. Howell, and C. L. Elder, fees.

Judges of the Assistant Court of Appeal, E. C. Jackman and G. Clyde Williams*, 500*l*. each; H. S. Thorne, 450*l*.

Clerk to ditto and Chief Clerk of the Petty Debt Court of Bridgetown, 2nd Grade Clerk, C. L. Abrams.

Judge of Petty Debt Court, P. A. Lynch, 400*l*.

2nd Grade Clerk, C. L. Abrams.

Police Magistrates of District "A," H. M. Seon, and T. F. Goodman, 400*l*. each.

4th Grade Clerk, F. A. C. Clairmonte.

Police Magistrates of Rural Districts, C. N. C. Roach, A. K. Bynoe, C. W. Reece, W. G. Mahon, and F. Reece, 350*l*. each.

† *Clerks to the above, 3rd Grade Clerk*, E. L. Walcott.
4th Grade Clerks, D. D. Morris, S. H. Nurse, E. F. L. Morris, L. D. Bannister.

Coroners, E. C. Jackman, C. N. C. Roach, A. K. Bynoe, F. Reece, C. W. Reece, W. G. Mahon.

Medical.

Poor Law Inspector, L. C. Hutson, M.B., C.M. (temporary).

Public Health Inspector, L. C. Hutson, M.B., C.M. (t-mporary).

Bacteriologist, R. M. Johnson, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Edin., 500*l*.

Health Officer, J. D. Alleyne, M.D., 500*l*. and fees.

Assistant Health Officer, A. G. Bancroft, M.D., C.M. (McGill), 200*l*. (and private practice).

Clerk, Board of Health, 3rd Grade Clerk, A. De V. Chase.

Visiting Surgeon, General Hospital, G. Manning, M.D., C.M., 100*l*.

Visiting Surgeon, General Hospital, Mortimer Johnson, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Edin., 100*l*.

Visiting Surgeon, General Hospital, H. G. Massiah, M.D., C.M., 100*l*.

Ophthalmic Surgeon, C. H. St. John, M.B.B.S. (London), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.A.M.S., 100*l*.

Radiologist, H. E. Skeete, M.D., C.M., 50*l*.

Assistant Ophthalmic Surgeon, E. W. Roberts, M.D., 50*l*.

Dental Surgeon, E. D. W. Deane, D.D.S., 50*l*.

Assistant Surgeons, A. G. Bancroft, M.D., C.M.; F. C. Clarke, M.D., C.M.; H. E. Skeete, M.D., C.M.

Senior Resident Surgeon, General Hospital, R. E. Fausett, M.B., B.Ch. (Dublin), 300*l*., and quarters.

Resident Surgeon, Miss I. Guillaume, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.F.P.S., 250*l*., and quarters.

Resident Surgeon, A. C. Edwards, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), 250*l*. and quarters.

Head Nurse, Miss A. Veacock, 200*l*., and quarters.

Manager and Secretary, Jabez Ward, 200*l*.

Medical Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, A. B. Hawkins, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., 600*l*., and quarters; W. S. Birch, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (London).

Resident Steward, L. A. Fields, 200*l*.

Visiting Physician, Lazaretto, F. C. Clarke, M.D., C.M., 300*l*. (and private practice).

Superintendent, H. A. Davis, 250*l*. to 300*l*., and quarters.

Steward, J. H. O. Goddard, 100*l*. to 125*l*.

Educational.

President of the Education Board, H. B. G. Austin, M.O.P.

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* This office is combined with that of Registrar of Friendly Societies and Inspector of Prisons.

† The Police Magistrate's Clerk of District "E" is also Revenue Officer of that District, and receives an extra 90*l*. a year. The Clerks of the Rural Districts receive 40*l*. a year for house and travelling allowance extra.

Assistant Inspector of Schools, N. Greenhalgh, B.Sc., 200*l.*, and 150*l.* travelling allowance. Personal allowance 100*l.*
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Colombia, T. E. Hunte.
Paraguay, V. Parravicino, Consul.
Netherlands, A. J. Henschell.
Venezuela, A. J. Henschell, Hon. Consul.
Hayti, W. W. Watkins.
Spain, A. J. Henschell, Vice-Consul.
Peruvian Republic, D. W. Lashley.
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Mexico, V. Henschell.
Brazil, A. M. Torres, Consul.
Uruguay, J. Crawford.
Belgium, J. Crawford.
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Staff Officer, Captain R. M. Phillips, Welch Regt.

BERMUDA.

Situation and Area.

The "Bermudas" or "Somers' Islands" form a group or cluster of about 300 small islands, situated in the Western Atlantic Ocean, in lat. 32° 15' N., and long. 64° 51' W., about 580 miles to the eastward of Cape Hatteras in North Carolina, the nearest point of the neighbouring American Continent. The distance from Liverpool is about 2,900 miles, from Halifax in Nova Scotia 730, from New York 677, and from the nearest of the West Indian Islands about 800 miles. The total area is estimated at 19 square miles (less than one-eighth of Rutland).

History.

These islands were discovered in the year 1515, by a Spanish mariner, Juan Bermudez, after whom they were called The Bermudas. The Spaniards, however, took no steps to form a settlement on the islands, and they were still entirely uninhabited when, in 1609, Admiral Sir George Somers' ship, *The Sea Venture*, while on a voyage with a fleet of eight other vessels, conveying a party of colonists to the new plantations then being formed in Virginia, was wrecked upon one of the numerous sunken reefs which surround the islands on every side. The reef is still called after the name of the Admiral's ship, *The Sea Venture Flat*.

Sir George Somers died in Bermuda the following year, and his companions, ignorant possibly of the prior claims of Juan Bermudez, called the group after him, "The Somers' Islands." The reports of the beauty and fertility of the land, taken home by Somers' nephew, Captain Mathew Somers, induced the Virginia Company to seek an extension of their Charter, so as to include the islands within their dominion, and this extension was readily granted by King James I., but shortly afterwards the Virginia Company sold the islands for the sum of 2,000*l.* to a new body of adventurers, called "The Governor and Company of the City of London for the Plantation of the Somers Islands," and thenceforward, for a considerable time, the islands bore the name of the Admiral who had led thither the first body of settlers.

General Description.

The Bermudas, of which a good account will be found in the narrative of the voyage of the *Challenger*, may be described as a singular agglomeration of small islands and submarine sand-hills and coral reefs, forming together an irregular oval ring, measuring about 22 miles in length from N.E. to S.W., and about 3 miles in width from N.W. to S.E. The external ring—whether composed of islands or of sunken banks or reefs—is seldom more than a mile in width, and generally considerably less.

At present the southern portion only of the encircling ring is formed of islands, the northern, eastern, and western sides being composed of almost continuous reefs of coral. The largest island, generally known as The Main Island, is about 14 miles in length, and about a mile in average width; it contains about 9,000 acres of land, the highest point being only 240 feet above the sea. All the other islands taken together measure about 3,000 acres. The city of Hamilton, now the seat of Government, is situated about the centre of the main island, where a deep inlet running up for two or three miles into the land from the sheltered waters, enclosed between the

encircling reef, forms a safe and convenient harbour for the vessels which carry on the island trade.

Next in importance to the main island is the island of St. George, on which stands the town of St. George, so named after Admiral Sir George Somers, whose heart is buried there. This town was formerly the capital of the Colony, and though now shorn of much of its importance by the transfer of the seat of Government to Hamilton, is still a town of considerable trade, and its harbour is much frequented as a harbour of refuge.

The other principal islands of the group are—Ireland Island, entirely given up for the accommodation of His Majesty's Dockyard and a number of other naval establishments; Boaz and Watford Islands, intervening between Ireland Island and the rest of the group, and now exclusively occupied by military depôts and garrisons; Somerset, Smith's, St. David's, Cooper's, Nonsuch, Rivers, Ports, and Godets—all inhabited by a civil population. The islands form an almost continuous chain, and there is uninterrupted communication by roads and bridges and causeways from St. George over the main island and Somerset, and over Watford and Boaz to Ireland Island—a distance of about 22 miles.

About one-half of the inhabitants are of English descent, the remainder belonging for the most part to the negro race. English is universally spoken.

The climate has been long celebrated for its mildness and salubrity. The rainfall in 1926 was 70·30 inches, as against 66·26 in 1925, 56·18 in 1924, and 45·23 in 1923. There is no winter, the thermometer never falling below 40 deg. of Fahr., and the summers are never very hot, the thermometer rarely rising above 86 deg. The summer heat, too, is generally tempered by a pleasant sea breeze.

In 1914 the Legislature voted the sum of 51,750*l.*, payable in fifteen yearly instalments, as a contribution to the Imperial Treasury in aid of the war fund.

The state of the Colony's finances did not admit of an immediate cash contribution and these annual payments represent a lump sum of the present value of 40,000*l.*

Trade and Agriculture.

In former days the inhabitants of Bermuda gave themselves up almost entirely to maritime pursuits. Numerous small vessels, of from 200 to 300 tons burthen, built by the islanders themselves, of their native cedar, traded between the West Indies and Demerara, and the United States, and the British colonies of North America. Later they extended their voyages, carrying the salt fish of Newfoundland to Italy and Portugal, and taking back the Port wine for which Newfoundland became celebrated, or running down to Madeira or Ascension to meet the homeward-bound Indian fleet, and taking back cargoes of tea or other Indian and Chinese products to be distributed along the American seaboard.

The repeal of the British navigation laws, the introduction of steam, and the very general substitution of iron for wooden ships, gradually destroyed the carrying trade which had been so profitable to Bermuda, and now the maritime fleet may be said to have ceased to exist, and the industry of the islanders is entirely confined to mercantile pursuits and to turning to account the small quantity of agricultural land which they possess.

The soil of Bermuda is naturally calcareous, free-draining, and poor in humus. A fair state of fertility is, however, readily maintained by the regular use of manures and fertilisers. Not more than one-fourth of the total area of the colony can be cultivated, but the climate, combined with the geographical position of these islands, compensates for the small extent of arable land. There is never any danger of frost, and seeds may be sown and plants put out at any time. The main crops, potatoes, onions and green vegetables, are planted from August to March, and are reaped and shipped from December to June when the New York market is comparatively bare of early potatoes and fresh vegetables.

Two main crops of potatoes are grown; the Bliss Triumph in the fall and the Chili Garnet in the winter. The "seed" for the former is imported from Long Island and for the latter from Nova Scotia. Government Regulation passed in 1915 prevent the importation into the Colony of seed potatoes that have not passed a field inspection conducted by a representative of the Board of Agriculture. Onions are not as extensively grown as formerly but still form one of the important crops of the Colony. The green vegetable industry has developed rapidly and large quantities of vegetables, consisting mainly of carrots, beets, lettuce, parsley and celery, are exported annually. In order that the vegetables may arrive in New York in fresh condition they are shipped under refrigeration. The lily industry is very much smaller than in former years.

The summer months are hot and the winter crops cannot be successfully grown, but corn, melons, sweet potatoes, pumpkins, etc., are planted and give satisfactory returns.

Practically the whole of the exports go to the United States, and two-thirds of the imports come from that country, the remainder coming from the United Kingdom and Canada. There is a small trade with the West Indies.

The Islands of Bermuda have become a favourite winter resort for Americans and Canadians seeking to escape the rigours of the climate of the continent. Large hotels have sprung up, and a considerable amount of money is expended by the visitors.

The total number of tourists to Bermuda during 1926 was 23,271, of whom 24,656 came from the United States of America, 1,071 from Canada and 64 from the United Kingdom.

The quantity of shipping is remarkable for so small a place. During 1927, as will be seen from the tables, 3,188,913 tonnage entered and cleared, of which 2,465,977 was British.

Currency and Banking.

The coins in circulation are British currency, which is legal tender. There is no limit to the legal tender of British silver. Bermuda Government £1 Currency Notes to the value of £38,000 have been placed in circulation since 1915. There are two incorporated banks, the Bank of Bermuda, Limited, and the Bank of N. T. Butterfield & Son, Limited, and several of the leading merchants do a considerable amount of business as private bankers and agents. A Government savings bank was established in 1871, and there are branches at Hamilton, St. George's, and Sandy's Parish. The number of depositors at the end of 1926 was 3,733, the total amount of deposits 78,740l.

On the 1st of January, 1922, the Savings Bank was transferred from the Treasury to the Post Office Department.

Education.

In 1839 the Colonial Legislature first granted a sum of money to aid elementary schools.

The central control is vested in a Board of Education, consisting of ten members appointed by the Governor under the provisions of the Schools Act, 1922.

All the schools are private schools, charging fees. Attendance is compulsory, and there were, in 1926, 32 aided schools with about 3,455 scholars.

There are, in addition, about 12 schools which receive no State aid.

In August, 1906, the Legislature established an annual scholarship of 160l., tenable by youths, natives of Bermuda, for two years at some educational institution abroad to be approved by the Governor, with a view to assisting youths to prepare to compete for the Rhodes' Scholarship awarded to Bermuda. The amount was increased to 200l. p.a. in 1920, and the tenure of the scholarship to three years in 1927.

At the end of the year 1924, the Bermuda (Technical Education) Scholarship Act was passed establishing four new scholarships each of the value of 125l. and tenable for four years at some educational institution out of the Colony.

Means of Communication.

Telegraphic communication with the United Kingdom is carried on by the cable between the Islands and Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Rates to Halifax, 1s. 4d. per word.

„ England, 2s. 6d. „

This cable has also been carried on to Turks Island and Jamaica, thus giving direct telegraphic communication with the West Indies.

Communication between Bermuda and England is maintained by steamers of Messrs. Elders and Fyffes, Ltd., and of the Pacific Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., which make regular calls at Bermuda every month outward and homeward, Bermuda being a port of call in both directions. The ships of the former line sail from Avonmouth and of the latter from Liverpool.

Communication between Bermuda and New York is maintained by steamers of the Furness-Bermuda Line, with bi-weekly sailings.

The R.M.S.P. also maintain a weekly service with New York from December to April.

The Canadian Government Merchant Marine, Ltd., maintain a passenger and freight service between Montreal, Bermuda, Nassau, Kingston, Belize and British Honduras, sailing every two weeks from Montreal in summer and from Halifax in winter, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company a freight service from Montreal to Bermuda, Barbados, Trinidad and Demerara, sailings about twice a month.

Letters from England usually take from nine to twelve days. Postage rates are:—

Letters.	Newspapers.
Within the Colony, per 1 oz. 1d.	Books, 4d. per 2 oz.
To U.K., India and British Colonies, per ½ oz. 1d.	per 2 oz. } ½d.
To all other countries } „ 2½d.	Papers per 2 oz. }
Parcels to England, 1s. for 3 lbs.; 2s. for 7 lbs.; 3s. for 11 lbs.	

Internal Communications.

A light railway is under construction in the Colony. There are approximately 105 miles of colonial and 15 miles of military roads. There is a private telephone company, which has about 1,300 subscribers and about 1,600 miles of wire in line.

Government and Constitution.

Representative government was introduced into the Colony in 1620, but the charter of the Bermuda Company of London was annulled in 1684, and since then the Governors have always been appointed by the Crown, and the laws of the Colony have been enacted by a local legislature consisting of the Governor, the Legislative Council, and the House of Assembly. The session lasts usually from November to June.

The Governor is assisted by an Executive Council, consisting at present of four official and three unofficial members. The Legislative Council consists of nine members, three of whom are official and six unofficial. The House of Assembly consists of thirty-six members, four of whom are elected by each of the nine parishes. The members of Executive Council and of the Legislature are paid 8s. a day for each day's attendance. There are 1,523 electors, the electoral qualifications being the possession of freehold property of not less than 60*l.* value. The qualification for a member of the House of Assembly is the possession of freehold property rated at 240*l.*

On the 1st August, 1920, the 300th anniversary of the first meeting of the General Assembly was celebrated by a joint session of all branches of the legislature held at St. Georges in the "Old State House," in which the early assemblies sat.

Local Government.

Hamilton and St. George have been incorporated since 1793 and 1797 respectively, and there are nine parish vestries, all the members of which, as well as of the two municipal corporations, are elected annually.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	SHIPPING ENTERIES AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total. Tonnage.
1917	100,447	107,055	687,340	1,087,980
1918	91,645	90,684	368,343	732,613
1919	119,091	107,240	632,212	1,258,188
1920	219,753	186,470	1,019,373	2,471,616
1921	201,382	237,492	1,210,649	2,387,797
1922	214,082	220,476	1,737,141	2,178,562
1923	309,916	277,925	2,404,763	2,817,015
1924	324,139	312,969	2,358,159	2,758,306
1925	248,476	312,283	2,367,482	2,749,780
1926	314,298	291,209	2,465,977	3,188,913

*Public Debt, 1927—50,000*l.**

*Customs Revenue, 1924—273,226*l.* 1925—174,276*l.* 1926—195,705*l.**

Year.	From United Kingdom. £	IMPORTS. From Colonies. Elsewhere.		Total. £
		£	£	
1917	47,796	158,599	468,098	674,493
1918	35,773	221,673	435,296	692,742
1919	59,990	266,126	466,567	792,683
1920	271,708	397,941	744,601	1,414,250
1921	351,289	239,489	749,462	1,340,240
1922	366,072	220,943	679,681	1,266,696
1923	708,413	264,172	913,816	1,882,401
1924	646,316	357,442	791,265	1,815,023
1925	384,044	264,163	676,834	1,325,041
1926	367,521	272,245	765,058	1,404,824

Exports.

Year.	To United Kingdom. £	To Colonies. Elsewhere.		Total. £
		£	£	
1917	197	18,423	189,104	207,724
1918	250	16,656	103,011	119,977
1919	NIL	19,706	189,002	208,708
1920	NIL	20,603	245,265	265,868
1921	NIL	12,053	212,574	224,626
1922	2,796	18,989	211,511	233,296
1923	450	47,911	445,439	493,800
1924	9,872	48,344	388,056	446,252
1925	10,892	14,664	140,462	166,020
1926	9,275	32,118	198,160	239,553

White. Coloured.

Population, Census, 1871—12,121.	4,725.	7,396.
1881—13,948.	5,384.	8,564.
1891—15,013.	5,690.	9,323.
1901—17,535.	6,383.	11,152.
1911—18,994.	6,691.	12,303.
1921—20,127.	7,006.	13,121.

Population of Hamilton, 2,578; of St. George's, 1,129.

Estimated population on 31st Dec., 1926, was 30,113 (15,613 white and 14,500 coloured).

*Governors since 1888.**

1888	Lieut.-Gen. E. Newdigate-Newdegate, C.B.
1892	Lieut.-Gen. Thos. Casey Lyons, C.B.
1896	Lieut.-Gen. G. Digby Barker, C.B.
1902	Lieut.-Gen. Sir H. L. Geary, K.C.B.
1904	Lieut.-Gen. Sir Robert McG. Stewart, K.C.B.
1907	Lieut.-Gen. Joscelyn Heneage Wodehouse, C.B., C.M.G.
1908	Lieut.-Gen. Sir Frederick Walter Kitchener, K.C.B.
1912	Lieut.-Gen. Sir George M. Bullock, K.C.B.
1917	General Sir James Willcocks, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., K.C.S.I., D.S.O.
1922	General Sir Joseph John Asser, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O.
1927	Lieut.-Gen. Sir Louis Jean Bols, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O.

In the absence of the Governor the Senior Military Combatant Officer administers the Government.

Executive Council.

The Governor, Colonial Secretary, Attorney-General, Receiver-General (ex-officio); S. S. Spurling, C.M.G., O.B.E., M.C.P., W. Watlington, O.B.E., M.C.P. John P. Hand, C.M.G., M.B.E., M.C.P., (unofficial members). Clerk, John T. Trimmingham.

Legislative Council.

The Chief Justice, Colonial Secretary, Receiver-General (ex-officio); Ambrose Gosling, E. C. Wilkinson, M.D., C.V. Ingham, H. J. Cox, H. D. Butterfield, T. H. Outerbridge. Clerk, A. W. Booth.

House of Assembly (36 Members).

*Speaker, Sir Reginald Gray, Kt., K.C., 300*l.* per annum.*

<i>Sandy's parish</i>	J. H. P. Patterson.
	R. A. Roberts.
	F. C. Misiok.
	C. G. Gilbert.
<i>Southampton parish</i>	O. R. Loblain.
	J. N. Lambe.
	W. S. Perinchief.
	J. H. Watson.

* For Governors previous to 1888, see Edition for 1915.

<i>Warwick parish</i>	H. V. Smith.
	W. A. Moore.
	G. S. Patton.
	A. B. Smith.
<i>Paget parish</i>	F. G. Gosling, O.B.E.
	Sir R. Gray, Kt., K.C., <i>Speaker.</i>
	N. W. Hutchings.
	J. D. B. Talbot.
<i>Pembroke parish</i>	A. W. Bluck.
	H. G. Hill.
	J. P. Hand, C.M.G., M.B.E.
	J. R. Conyers, J.P.
<i>Devonshire parish</i>	H. B. Dunkley.
	H. W. Watlington, O.B.E.
	E. F. Zuill.
	T. M. Dill, O.B.E.
<i>Smith's parish</i>	J. S. Pearman.
	B. C. C. Outerbridge.
	Dr. F. W. E. Peniston.
	W. J. H. Trott.
<i>Hamilton parish</i>	T. H. H. Outerbridge.
	H. T. North.
	W. B. Smith.
	T. H. Davis.
<i>St. George's parish</i>	R. O. Clifford.
	W. J. Boyle.
	S. S. Toddings.
	S. S. Spurling, C.M.G., O.B.E.

Clerk, E. H. Gosling, Grade II.

Sergeant-at-Arms, E. L. E. Cooper, 160*l*.

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Lieut.-General Sir Louis Jean Bols, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., *3,400*l*. and **1,000*l*. entertainment allowance.

Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. G. F. Boles, 17/21st Lancers.

Salaries.

The Civil Service is paid according to the following incremental scale:—

Special,	£600—£25—£700.
Grade I.,	£450—£20—£550.
Grade II.,	£350—£15—£440.
Grade III.,	£250—£10—£340.
Grade IV.,	£150—£10—£240.
Grade V.,	£100—£ 5—£150.

Colonial Secretary's Department.

Colonial Secretary, H. Henniker-Heaton, 1,000*l*. and rent allowance 100*l*.

Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk to H.M. Executive Council, John T. Trimmingham, Grade. Special.

Senior Clerk and Clerk to Legislative Council, A. W. Booth, Grade II.

Junior Clerk, C. H. V. Talbot, Grade III.

Stenographer, Miss M. E. Hallett, Grade IV.

2nd Stenographer, Miss T. A. Mitchell, Grade IV.
Office Keeper and Messenger, W. J. G. Rawling, Grade IV.

Revenue Department.

Receiver-General and Registrar of Shipping (vacant), 800*l*.

1st Clerk, C. H. Clay, Grade I.

2nd Clerk, Miss R. I. P. Dickinson, Grade II.

3rd Clerk, T. H. Parker, Grade III.

4th Clerk, Miss Esther Smith, Grade IV.

5th Clerk, A. R. Smith, Grade IV.

1st Revenue Officer, Hamilton, T. St. G. Gilbert, Grade I.

2nd " " " " " " J. W. Kempe, Grade II.

*2,300*l*. from British funds. **400*l*. from British funds.

Revenue Officer, Ireland Island, H. St. G. Tucker, Grade II.

Collector of Customs, St. George's and Assistant Receiver-General (vacant), Grade I.

Revenue Officer, St. George's, H. D. Fox, Grade II.

Post Office Department.

Colonial Postmaster, C. H. Tucker, 750*l*.

Assist. Colonial Postmaster, P. S. Ingham, Grade I.

1st Clerk, Hamilton, H. J. Williams, Grade II.

2nd " " " " " " A. C. C. Jones, Grade II.

3rd " " " " " " L. Wrigg, Grade III.

4th " " " " " " W. A. Manuel, Grade III.

2nd 4th Clerk, Hamilton, A. E. Gauntlett, Jr., Grade IV.

5th 4th Clerk, Hamilton, Miss G. Dickinson, Grade IV.

6th 4th Clerk, Hamilton, Miss A. Beek, Grade IV.

7th 4th Clerk, Hamilton, Miss E. B. Johnson, Grade V.

8th 4th Clerk, Hamilton, Miss A. Dale, Grade V.
Postmaster, St. George's, R. H. Higinbotham, Grade II.

Clerk, St. George's, H. J. Pearson, Grade IV.

Postmistress, Ireland Island, Mrs. L. A. Merrick, 250*l*.

Postmistress, Somerset, Miss F. Fowle, 250*l*.

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, P. N. H. Jones, M.Inst.C.E., O.B.E., 800*l*.

1st Works Assistant, R. Kemsley, Grade I.

2nd " " " " " " N. B. Taylor, Grade II.

Clerk to Board and Director, L. R. Motyer, Grade III.

Junior Clerk, F. E. Adams, Grade IV.

Stenographer, Miss M. E. L. Wainwright, Grade IV.

Public Health Department.

Director of Medical and Health Department (vacant), 1,000*l*.

Chief Sanitary Inspector (vacant), Grade III.

Sanitary Inspectors, A. E. Redman, J. Card, C. P. Fisher, Grade IV.

Clerk to General Board of Health and Director, P. Pattison, Grade III.

Police and Gaols Department.

Chief of Police and Provost Marshal General, D. R. A. Bettington, Special.

Superintendent of Police, W. N. T. Williams, Grade I.

Inspector of Police, J. S. McBeath, Grade II.

Sub-Inspector of Police, A. H. Burrows, 300*l*.-10*l*.-350*l*.

Keeper, Hamilton Gaol, H. F. Wilton, Grade III.

" *St. George's Gaol*, Wm. Cox, 260*l*.

Lunatic Asylum.

Medical Superintendent, O. A. Arton, M.D., C.M. (acting), 220*l*.

Head Keeper, E. S. Smith, Grade III.

Matron, Mrs. L. Robinson, 150*l*.

Quarantine.

Director of Medical and Health Department, Health Officer, P. W. Graham Shelley, M.D.

Extra Health Officers, E. E. Walker, M.D., C.M.; O. A. Arton, M.D., C.M.; R. D. Parker, M.D., C.M.

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice, S. O. Rowan-Hamilton, 1,150*l*.

Assistant Judges, C. V. Ingham and A. W. Bluck, fees.

Attorney-General, Major T. M. Dill, O.B.E., 800*l*.

Registrar of Supreme Court and Registrar General, G. H. Gray, Grade I.
Clerk to Registrar General, N. Parker, Grade III.
Police Magistrate, Central District, R. W. Appleby, J.P., 500*l*.
 " " *Eastern District*, R. J. Tucker, O.B.E., J.P., 400*l*.
 " " *Western District*, H. Villiers Smith, J.P., 400*l*.
Marshal, Admiralty Court, D. R. A. Bettington.
Coroners, W. J. Boyle and H. V. Smith, fees.

Department of Agriculture.

Director of Agriculture, E. A. McCallan, Special.
Plant Pathologist, L. Ogilvie, Grade I.
1st Agricultural Assistant, W. R. Evans, Grade II.
Inspector of Produce, E. L. Adams, Grade II.
Government Veterinary Officer, R. L. Tucker, D.V.S., Grade III.
Clerk to Board and Director, G. L. Young, Grade III.

Board of Trade.

Inspector Board of Trade, Pilotage and Fisheries, J. R. Pearson, 600*l*.
Curator, Aquarium, L. L. A. Mowbray, 500*l*.
Clerk to Trade Development Board, J. J. Outerbridge, Grade II.

Department of Education.

Director of Education, C. G. G. Gilbert, B.A., M.O., Special.
Clerk to Board and Director, Miss G. Gilbert, Grade IV.

Hospital, King Edward VII. Memorial.

Medical Superintendent, H. C. Curtis, M.D., O.M., Special.
Secretary, Lieut.-Col. C. H. G. Collins, Grade II.

Library and Museum.

Librarian, Miss K. G. S. Seon, Grade III.
First Assistant Librarian, Miss H. Gosling, Grade IV.

Chief Military Officers.

General Commanding, General Sir Louis Jean Bols, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O.
Brigade Major, Major L. A. Newnham, M.C.
Commanding Royal Artillery, Major R. S. Leach, M.C.
Commanding Royal Engineers, Lieut.-Colonel F. B. Legh, O.B.E., R.E.
Officer Commanding Royal Army Service Corps, Major H. H. Wright, D.S.O.
Chief Ordnance Officer,
Senior Medical Officer, Lieut.-Col. P. Davidson, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Foreign Consuls.

Argentina, L. B. Harnett, M.B.E. Vice-Consul.
Belgium, J. P. Hand, C.M.G., M.B.E.
Chile, G. Le B. Harnett.
Denmark, J. D. C. Darrell, Vice-Consul.
France, C. M. Allen.
Greece, E. P. T. Tucker, Vice-Consul.
Italy, W. E. Meyer, Consular Agent.
Netherlands,
 " J. D. C. Darrell, Vice-Consul.
Norway, W. M. Conyers, Acting.
Peru, W. J. Richardson.
Spain, W. M. Conyers, Hon. Vice-Consul.
Sweden, P. L. Lightbourn, Vice-Consul.
United States, Robertson Honey.
 " E. C. Merrell, Vice-Consul.
 " F. J. Robinson, Consular Agent.

BRITISH GUIANA.

Situation and Area.

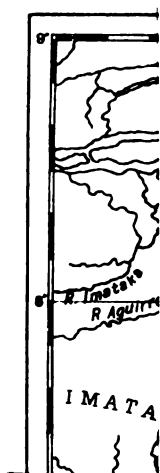
This Colony is a portion of the South American Continent, extending from east to west about 270 miles, and from north to south about 540 miles. It includes the settlements of Demerara, Essequibo, and Berbice, and is bounded on the east by Dutch Guiana, from which it is divided by the River Corentyne, on the south by Brazil, on the west by Venezuela, and on the north and north-east by the Atlantic Ocean. Its area is about 89,464 square miles, extending from 9° to 1° north latitude, and from 57° to 61° west longitude. About 275 square miles only are under cultivation.

The western boundary was till 1899 in dispute with Venezuela. The Dutch, while British Guiana was in their possession, claimed the whole watershed of the Essequibo river, while the Venezuelans asserted that the Spanish province of Guayana extended up to the Essequibo itself. Various attempts were made to settle the question by negotiation, but without result; and in 1886 Her Majesty's Government, without prejudice to their claim to the whole territory held by their Dutch predecessors in title, declared definitely that they would not allow any advance on the part of Venezuela beyond the boundary recommended by Sir R. Schomburgk, who surveyed it in 1842-43, as a good natural boundary, well within the limits which Great Britain might have rightfully claimed. Shortly after this, in 1887, Venezuela broke off diplomatic relations with Great Britain, which were only resumed in 1897 after arbitration on the territory in dispute had been agreed upon between the British and Venezuelan Governments by a treaty dated 2nd February, 1897. The tribunal constituted by the treaty—composed of two judges of the High Court of England, two judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, with Professor de Martens as President—met at Paris on 15th June, 1899, and after hearing arguments by counsel on both sides gave their decision in favour of a line not greatly differing from the Schomburgk line, though they awarded to Venezuela Point Barima and the immediately adjacent land and the district between the Wenamu and the upper reaches of the Cuyuni.

A further claim to the southern portion of the western boundary was made by Brazil; and the Paris tribunal, while pronouncing in favour of the British claim at this part of the line, expressly reserved the rights of Brazil. This matter had been the subject of negotiation since 1843, and after renewed and partly successful attempts to settle the question completely by negotiation, the more important difference was referred to the arbitration of the King of Italy by a treaty of November, 1901. The proceedings in this case were entirely written, and were completed in February, 1904. The judgment of the King of Italy was given on 14th June, 1904, and resulted in the establishment of the British title to about half the area which His Majesty's Government claimed against Brazil. Great Britain retained everything to the east of the Mahu or Ireng and the Upper Takutu, including the Savannah country of the Macusis and Wapishanas. Brazil was awarded the country between the Mahu and Cotinga.

History and Constitution.

The coast line of the country between the Rivers Amazon and Orinoco was first traced by Spanish sailors in 1499 and 1500; and, during the



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Commanding Royal Engineers, Lieut.-Colonel F. B. Legh, O.B.E., R.E.
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Peru, W. J. Richardson.
Spain, W. M. Conyers, Hon. Vice-Consul.
Sweden, P. L. Lightbourn, Vice-Consul.
United States, Robertson Honey.
 " E. C. Merrell, Vice-Consul.
 " F. J. Robinson, Consular-Agent.

BRITISH GUIANA.

Situation and Area.

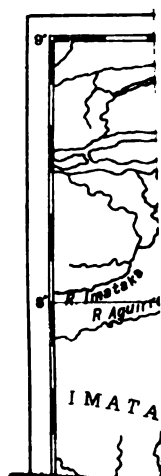
This Colony is a portion of the South American Continent, extending from east to west about 270 miles, and from north to south about 540 miles. It includes the settlements of Demerara, Essequibo, and Berbice, and is bounded on the east by Dutch Guiana, from which it is divided by the River Corentyne, on the south by Brazil, on the west by Venezuela, and on the north and north-east by the Atlantic Ocean. Its area is about 89,464 square miles, extending from 9° to 1° north latitude, and from 57° to 61° west longitude. About 275 square miles only are under cultivation.

The western boundary was till 1899 in dispute with Venezuela. The Dutch, while British Guiana was in their possession, claimed the whole watershed of the Essequibo river, while the Venezuelans asserted that the Spanish province of Guayana extended up to the Essequibo itself. Various attempts were made to settle the question by negotiation, but without result; and in 1886 Her Majesty's Government, without prejudice to their claim to the whole territory held by their Dutch predecessors in title, declared definitely that they would not allow any advance on the part of Venezuela beyond the boundary recommended by Sir R. Schomburgk, who surveyed it in 1842-43, as a good natural boundary, well within the limits which Great Britain might have rightfully claimed. Shortly after this, in 1887, Venezuela broke off diplomatic relations with Great Britain, which were only resumed in 1897 after arbitration on the territory in dispute had been agreed upon between the British and Venezuelan Governments by a treaty dated 2nd February, 1897. The tribunal constituted by the treaty—composed of two judges of the High Court of England, two judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, with Professor de Martens as President—met at Paris on 15th June, 1899, and after hearing arguments by counsel on both sides gave their decision in favour of a line not greatly differing from the Schomburgk line, though they awarded to Venezuela Point Barima and the immediately adjacent land and the district between the Wenamu and the upper reaches of the Cuyuni.

A further claim to the southern portion of the western boundary was made by Brazil; and the Paris tribunal, while pronouncing in favour of the British claim at this part of the line, expressly reserved the rights of Brazil. This matter had been the subject of negotiation since 1843, and after renewed and partly successful attempts to settle the question completely by negotiation, the more important difference was referred to the arbitration of the King of Italy by a treaty of November, 1901. The proceedings in this case were entirely written, and were completed in February, 1904. The judgment of the King of Italy was given on 14th June, 1904, and resulted in the establishment of the British title to about half the area which His Majesty's Government claimed against Brazil. Great Britain retained everything to the east of the Mahu or Ireng and the Upper Takutu, including the Savannah country of the Macusis and Wapishanas. Brazil was awarded the country between the Mahu and Cotinga.

History and Constitution.

The coast line of the country between the Rivers Amazon and Orinoco was first traced by Spanish sailors in 1499 and 1500; and, during the



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16th and early 17th centuries, the search for the fabulous city of Eldorado stimulated exploration of this region. The territory was first partially settled in 1616 by Dutch merchants, who erected a fort and dépôt at Fort Kykoveral in the present county of Essequibo. This colony subsequently came under the control of the Dutch West India Company, which was formed in 1621. In 1624 a settlement was founded on the Berbice by Van Peere, a Flushing merchant, and held by him under a license from the Company. The first English attempt at settlement was made by Captain Charles Leigh on the O'apook river (now French Guiana) in 1604. The effort, though followed up by Robert Harcourt in 1613 and 1627, failed to establish a permanent settlement. Lord Willoughby, famous in the early history of Barbadoes, also turned his attention to Guiana, and founded a settlement in Surinam in 1660, which was captured by the Dutch in 1667, and ceded to them at the peace of Breda in exchange for New York. The Dutch retained their hold on the three colonies with more or less firmness, now yielding to England, now to France or Portugal, till 1796, when during the war of the French Revolution they were captured by a British Fleet from Barbados. The territory was restored to the Dutch in 1802, but in the following year retaken by Great Britain, and finally ceded to that Power in 1814.

In 1745 colonists from Essequibo settled on the Demerara River, and in 1773 Demerara was constituted a separate colony, but in 1784 it was reunited under one government with Essequibo, Berbice being under a separate government, an arrangement which continued in force under the British Administration down to the year 1831.

The constitution of the Colony of Berbice dates from the year 1732. Under it the Governor was nominated by the Directors of the Mercantile Body called the Berbice Association, and was assisted by a council of six. In 1826 an order of the King in Council was issued, dissolving the then Council of Government, appointing another, and thenceforward vesting the right of appointing to vacancies in the Governor as representing the Crown.

The Court of Policy for Essequibo appears to have been established very early in the history of the Colony. Until 1773, Demerara was represented on it. In 1773 a separate Court of Policy was set up for the latter, but provision was made for representatives of the two Courts of Policy to form a Combined Council, and the two bodies were merged in 1789, when the two Colonies of Essequibo and Demerara were united. Disputes having arisen between the Colonists, the local Government and the West India Company as to the right of appointing the colonial members of the Court of Policy, in the year 1787, a provisional "Plan of Redress," as it was termed (being in fact the draft of a new constitution) was framed by a Committee of the States-General, to whom had been referred sundry petitions of the Colonists. This being approved of, a commission was despatched by the States-General to the Colony, who on their arrival in 1789 dissolved the then existing Government and established a new one for the conjoined Colonies upon the basis of the scheme in question, which continued in operation notwithstanding the captures of the Colony by the British in 1796 and 1803, the Articles of Capitulation having stipulated that the laws, usages, and institutions of the Colony should be maintained as before.

The Council or Court of Policy consisted of 1st, The Director-General; 2, The Commander

of Essequibo; 3, The Fiscal of Essequibo; 4, The Fiscal of Demerara; 5 and 6, two Colonists from Essequibo; 7 and 8, two Colonists from Demerara.

In the first instance, the unofficial portion of the Council was to be chosen from a double nomination by the Colleges of Kiezers or Electors, of which there were two, one for each County,* each consisting of seven Members elected by a majority of the votes of the inhabitants possessing not fewer than twenty-five slaves, such votes to be in writing and signed by the voter. The tenure of the office of Kiezer, as subsequently defined by Proclamation of Sir Benjamin d'Urban in 1831, was to be for life, unless the party resigned or ceased to be an inhabitant.

In 1795 it was deemed necessary, during a period of some confusion, to introduce four members "commissioned" by the Colleges of Electors of both Colonies to have, jointly with the Court of Policy, the administration of the public funds. In the following year, however, Governor Beaujon annulled this arrangement, and to secure to the inhabitants more ample control of taxation enacted that in lieu of the four above-mentioned, there should be six inhabitants adjoined to the Governor and Court of Policy, three from each Colony, to be elected by the inhabitants qualified as in the case of Kiezers, and to serve for two years, but with powers strictly limited to raising Colony taxes, and assisting in the audit of the public accounts.

Beaujon's proclamation was materially modified, though without affecting the definition of the duties of the financial representatives, by a proclamation of Acting Governor Carmichael in 1812, consolidating the two Colleges of Kiezers and Financial Representatives. This proclamation remained operative, though unconfirmed by the Crown, until, in 1831, when the three provinces were united, it was annulled by a Royal Instruction restoring the pre-existing arrangement, and extending the right of suffrage to the inhabitants of Berbice.

With an exception in regard to the franchise, to be noticed hereafter, this has been the usage and procedure till now, from which the inference has been drawn that the Financial Representatives had, and have, no authority whatever, except by express permission from the Crown, to discuss any item upon the estimate so as to alter its amount, although they might refuse to include any sum to which they objected in their calculations of the funds necessary to be raised by taxation.†

The colonial members have never acquiesced in this interpretation of the constitution, and there have been frequent collisions between the Executive and Elective sections of the Court.‡ The position they assume is based upon the construction of a passage in a decree of the States-General, dated 27th August, 1788, to the effect that "the contributions for the Colonial Chest are to be regulated by the inhabitants themselves"; and a passage in the instructions issued to Director-General Van Grovestein in 1793, "He will take care not to leave the administration of the Colony Chest wholly to the Colony Members of the Court of Policy, but will thereto admit a great number of the Colonists—for example, the

* Demerara and Essequibo only are here alluded to.

† Proceedings relative to the Functions of the Financial representative, 1832.

‡ During the discussions on the Civil List in 1848-9, it was suggested by some of the Elective Section to adopt this course, leaving upon the Governor the responsibility of paying the difference between the sums fixed and the amount provided.

'Kiezers of both rivers.' The nature of certain entries in the Minutes from 1798 to 1806 has also been held to support this contention.

In the year 1865 under the administration of Sir Philip Wodehouse, an Ordinance was passed to alter and amend the Political Institutions of the Colony, but it was not approved by Her Majesty; and from that date till 1891 the only constitutional legislation was the passing of Ordinance No. 1 of 1864, a declaratory Act, defining the meaning of the term "Colonist," as employed in the "Plan of Redress" above noticed; and Ordinance No. 16 of 1864, to remove some difficulties in the exercise of the functions of the College of Electors.

The Constitution, as it existed up to 1891, may be summed up very briefly. It consisted of a Governor, Court of Policy, and a Combined Court. The unofficial members of the Combined Court and Court of Policy were chosen by a College of Electors. The functions of an Executive and Legislative Council and House of Assembly were performed by the Governor and Court of Policy, except as regards taxation and finance, which were and still are dealt with by the Combined Court, composed of the Governor and Members of the Court of Policy, combined with the six Financial Representatives. The Court of Policy passes all laws and ordinances, except the Annual Tax Ordinance, which is passed by the Combined Court.

During 1891 an Act was passed, which came into force in 1892, effecting a considerable change in the constitution. By this Act the administrative functions of the Court of Policy were transferred to an executive council, and the duties of the former became purely legislative.

The College of Electors was abolished, and the unofficial members have since been elected by the direct vote of the whole body of electors.

The Combined Court has the power of (1) imposing the Colonial taxes and auditing the public accounts; and (2) discussing freely and without reserve the items on the annual estimates prepared by the Governor in Executive Council; it can reduce or reject, but not increase, any item. The first of these powers is the birthright of the Combined Court, having been bestowed in 1796, when Governor Beaujon called the financial representatives into being, "with a right of voting only for the raising of colonial taxes and not further"; while the second is conferred periodically by His Majesty's Order in Council after each renewal of the Civil List and is co-existent with the Civil List. The Civil List was renewed for five years from the 16th December, 1922.

The Court of Policy, under the new constitution, consists of the Governor, seven official members, and eight elected members. It may be prorogued or dissolved at any time by the Governor and in any case is dissolved at the end of five years, and a general election must be held within two months of the date of dissolution. The number of financial representatives, who with the Court of Policy form the Combined Court, remain unchanged (6).

The qualifications for members and electors are now contained in Ordinance 24 of 1909, and are too complex to be recapitulated here.

Local Government.

In 1837 the first municipal body was incorporated. The principle has now been materially extended in its application.

The existing municipal authorities are: mayor and town council, Georgetown; and mayor and town council, New Amsterdam. Their revenue

in 1926 was respectively 121,937*l.*, and their expenditure 127,608*l.* There are also 113 village and country districts, whose revenue and expenditure in 1926 were respectively 25,012*l.* and 25,138*l.*; in 1925 the figures were 26,534*l.* and 27,830*l.*

The Roman-Dutch law was in force in the Colony until 1st January, 1917, at which date the Civil Law of British Guiana Ordinance came into force. This enactment, along with two others, was the outcome of a Common Law Commission and Statute Law Committee. The Criminal Law is based upon that of Great Britain, and is administered in the same manner, except that indictments are preferred by the Attorney General and there is no Grand Jury.

Internal Communications.

The three rivers, Demerara, Essequibo, and Berbice, are navigable for 90, 35, and 150 miles respectively. Beyond these distances, owing to the nature of the country, they abound in cataracts and waterfalls. There is a good network of roads, and there are small canals in connection with the Demerara River. There is a railway from Georgetown to Rosignol on the Berbice River, 60½ miles in length, and one from Vreed-en-Hoop on the Demerara River to Parika on the Essequibo River, 18½ miles in length, both lines having been constructed by the Demerara Railway Company at a total cost of 694,621*l.* 8*s.* 1*d.* The Railways were acquired by the Colony from the Company in 1921 as from the 1st January, 1919, and are now operated by Government in conjunction with certain steamer services under the control of the Colonial Transport Department. The Colonial Government steamers operate ferries across the Demerara, Berbice and Essequibo Rivers and services from Georgetown to Adventure on the Essequibo Coast to Bartica at the junction of the Mazaruni and Cuyuni Rivers, to Mount Everard in the North-West District and to Pickersgill on the Pomeroon River and also from New Amsterdam to Paradise on the Berbice River. Launch services are also run by the Department on the Canje, Cuyuni and Pomeroon-Moruka Rivers.

A railway, 18½ miles in length, owned by a local company, connects Wismar on the Demerara River with Rockstone on the Essequibo River and is operated in conjunction with a steamer service from Georgetown to Wismar on the Demerara River, and with launch services from Wismar to Mallali on the Demerara and from Rockstone to Potaro on the Essequibo.

The postal telegraph system comprises about 574 miles of line, with 12 cables, having a total length of 23½ miles. The Colony is in telegraph communication with Barbados, and through Barbados with the United Kingdom, Canada, North America and other parts of the world over cables maintained by the Pacific Cable Board (All Red Route). Communication with the British West Indies generally is maintained by the Pacific Cable Board's cable to Barbados and thence by wireless.

The principal tariffs are:—

To the United Kingdom..	2 <i>s.</i> 4 <i>d.</i>	per word.
To Eastern Canada ..	1 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>	" "
To Western Canada ..	1 <i>s.</i> 8½ <i>d.</i>	" "

There are also cheap rates at half and quarter of the ordinary tariff, the latter being subject to a minimum charge.

The wireless station in Georgetown is in communication with six stations in the interior, and also with ships and points outside the Colony.

There is a Direction Finding Station at Georgetown.

There is an up-to-date Postal Telephone Service in the Colony, with Exchanges in Georgetown, New Amsterdam and nine of the larger villages, including two semi-automatic exchanges. Two separate police exchanges are maintained in Georgetown and one in New Amsterdam. A full automatic exchange is in course of erection for extending the Georgetown service. Length of telephone and telegraph lines 3,140 miles, aerial wire, 1320 conductor miles of cable.

Roads have been also opened by the Government between the Barima and Barama rivers, between the Potaro and Konawaruk rivers, from Bartica towards the Kaburi creek between the Essequibo and Mazaruni; and a road has been constructed by private enterprise between Cartabo point on the Mazaruni River to the Puruni River. A cattle trail 182 miles long extends from Takama on the Berbice River, picking up a branch from Arakwa Creek on the Demerara River, to Annai on the Rupururi River, whence the open savannah extends for a further 129 miles to Dadanawa. A well-organised postal service extends throughout the colony, letters reaching Pomeroy in 24 hours from Georgetown, and the North-Western District in 36 hours. Georgetown and New Amsterdam are lighted by electricity; and in the former there is an efficient electric tram service on the overhead trolley system.

Education.

A State-aided system of elementary education was established by Law No. 3 of 1876.

The elementary schools are denominational. The central administration is vested in a Director and Education Committee, and the local control in managers, who are usually ministers of religion.

The number of schools receiving aid in 1926 was 266, with 43,071 scholars, and the aid granted amounted to 69,988.

Provision is made for the higher education of boys by a Government college in Georgetown, in which the course of instruction is similar to that of a public school or first grade grammar school in England. Three secondary schools for girls, one for boys and one for boys and girls receive grants-in-aid from the Government, and there is awarded annually one public scholarship of the value of 9000, open to boys and girls and tenable at a University or College in the British Empire. Twelve Scholarships, entitling the holders to free education at the Government College or at other approved schools, are granted to scholars of the elementary schools. In 1924-25 the whole system of education in the Colony was investigated by a Commission. Important changes were recommended which are being made as opportunities arise.

Currency and Banking.

Accounts are kept in dollars and cents. British sterling and United States gold coin is current and legal tender.

On the 16th August, 1915, the Combined Court approved of the issue of Government Currency Notes of the face value of \$1=4s. 2d., and \$2=8s. 4d. The first notes were issued in January 1917; and on the 31st December, 1926, there were Notes in circulation to the face value of 104,166.

Barclay's Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd. and Royal Bank of Canada have establishments at Georgetown, with branches at New Amsterdam, Berbice. The former, on the 31st December, 1926, had a note circulation in British Guiana of 123,606, and the Royal Bank of Canada, 108,265. The total note circulation in the Colony on the 31st December, 1926, was 336,037.

The first Government savings banks were established at Georgetown and New Amsterdam in the year 1836. There are 52 Post Office Savings Banks. At the end of 1926 these banks had 37,762 depositors, with 288,988 to their credit.

The Combined Court in November, 1910, passed a resolution approving of the amalgamation of the two Banks, and authorising the transfer of the Government Savings Bank to the Post Office on the 1st July, 1911.

The British Guiana Bank, now the Royal Bank of Canada, opened a Savings Bank Department when this amalgamation took place, and a considerable amount of business went into their hands. The Colonial Bank has also since opened a Savings Bank department.

Industry and Productions.

The staple products of British Guiana are sugar, rum, molasses, molasses, concentrated lime juice, rice, coconuts, coconut-oil, copra, coffee, balata and rubber. Sugar and rice are the chief industries of the Colony. Sugar and its by-products furnish 53 per cent. in value of the total exports. Timber—including the famous Demerara Greenheart, which is unrivalled for underwater structures, piling, etc., and Mora, which is becoming increasingly known and valued for railway sleepers—charcoal and hides are also exported. There are 32 sugar estates in active operation, with a total area of 145,401 acres, of which 58,589 are under sugar, 32,798 under rice and 54,014 under other cultivation, and the remainder used as pasture lands or uncultivated.

The forests, with which the interior of the colony is covered, abound in woods of rare beauty and value. Some of the hard woods are, from their remarkable durability, peculiarly suitable for house and shipbuilding purposes, and for railway sleepers, while others are equally prized for the manufacture of household furniture.

During 1926, 98,152 tons of sugar, 1,622,966 pl. gallons of rum, and 1,075 tons molasses or cattle foods were produced. The bulk of the production is high class vacuum pan sugar for refining purposes, while certain quantities of the far-famed "Demerara Crystals" are still exported.

Coconuts, coffee and cocoa are grown on the alluvial soils on the banks of the rivers.* Rice is now grown to a considerable extent, chiefly by free coolies, on the low lands within the empoldered areas. Rice exported, 1926, milled 2,914 tons, valued at 45,447, and unmilled, Nil tons, valued at Nil. The development of the minor industries is receiving considerable attention.

Gold and diamond working is carried on by about 8,000 diggers. The diamonds exported during 1926 amounted to 145,097 carats, valued at 687,698.

* The cocoa estates are chiefly on the banks of the Demerara River, and on Canal No. 1, West Bank. Coffee was grown principally in the county of Berbice, and Liberian coffee has been planted with great success on estates on Canal No. 1 and in the Pomeroy and North-West Districts.

The values of the principal exports besides sugar (84,693 tons valued at 1,260,470*l.*) and rice are:—Bauxite, 191,809*l.*; gold, 20,471*l.*; timber, 53,819*l.*; balata, 74,675*l.*; charcoal, 8,473*l.*; firewood, 5,337*l.*; coconuts, 3,904*l.*; lumber, 3,649*l.*

The chief imports are beef, pork, cheese, butter, cornmeal, flour, machinery, dried fish, manure, tobacco, oils, earthenware, glass and hardware, cutlery, textiles, spirits, wines and malt liquors.

Forty-two per cent. of the trade is with the United Kingdom, 29 per cent. with Canada, and 11 per cent. with the United States; the other important countries being British West Indies, Holland and Dutch Guiana.

Climate.

The climate is a pleasant one for a tropical country, its characteristics being more sub-tropical than tropical. The mean temperature throughout the year is 80°4' Fahr., the mean maximum being about 84°8' Fahr., and the mean minimum 75° Fahr. The heat, which is greatly tempered by cooling breezes from the sea prevailing during the greater portion of the year, is felt more from July to October than at other times, owing to the partial cessation of these breezes. There are annually two wet seasons, from June to the end of August and during December, January and February. The annual rainfall for the past 80 years averages about 87 inches in Georgetown. The rainfall in 1926 was 63·25 inches, the lowest recorded since 1899, as compared with 80·32 inches in the year 1926.

Towns.

The capital is Georgetown, situated in lat. 6° 49' 30" N., and long. 58° 11' 30" W., and possessing an estimated population of 56,616 in 1926. New Amsterdam has a population of 8,789. Both these are ports of registry, having on 31st December, 1926, 36 vessels, of a total tonnage of 4,332.

Means of Communication.

Since the expiration of the contract with the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, the mail communication between the Colony and the United Kingdom is very irregular, but nevertheless there are many opportunities.

The steamers of the Harrison and Bookers Lines are used, also via Trinidad:—

English—Elder and Fryes Ltd. Line.

French—Plymouth and St. Nazaire Line.

Dutch—Colon Line

via Havre-Dutch-Surinam Line

Mails for North America are received and despatched fairly regularly by the following steamers:—Canadian Government Merchant Marine, Pickford and Black, Trinidad Shipping Company and via Trinidad by Lamport and Holt Line.

Rates of Postage.

<i>Letters.</i>		<i>Newspapers.</i>
To the British Empire and United States of America	4 cents. per 1 oz. 3 cents. each addtl. (for 1 oz. 6 and 3 cents. for every succeeding 1 oz. or part of 1 oz.)	For every 2 oz. 1 cent.
To other postal union countries	each letter not exceeding 1 oz. 2 cents; over 1 oz. not over 2 oz. 3 cents; over 2 oz. not over 4 oz. 4 cents; each additional 2 oz. 1 cent.	For every 2 oz. 1 cent.
Within Colony ...		2 cents.

Parcels Post.

To the United Kingdom	up to 3 lbs.	54 cents.
	up to 7 lbs.	88 "
	up to 11 lbs.	\$1·20 "
	from 11 lbs. to 22 lbs.	\$1·80 "
To West Indies ...	up to 3 lbs.	24 cents.
	7 lbs.	48 "
	11 lbs.	72 "
	22 lbs.	\$1·20 "

The money orders issued during 1926 on United Kingdom amounted to 11,212*l.*, and on other places 12,305*l.* British postal orders, 4,589*l.*

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917	736,473	733,689	567,587	682,906
1918	863,625	774,481	501,907	598,197
1919	862,491	868,568	591,333	711,518
1920	1,270,675	1,007,047	622,792	899,748
1921	968,947	1,195,893	642,952	876,709
1922	905,254	1,097,784	680,388	916,007
1923	1,114,704	1,081,649	764,157	1,070,822
1924	1,056,238	1,065,457	821,960	1,183,562
1925	1,095,574	1,126,394	798,248	1,219,231
1926	1,054,127	1,173,491	692,141	1,090,806

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	
1917	1,038,485	644,098	1,588,434	3,271,017
1918	971,829	950,103	1,913,894	3,835,826
1919	1,178,082	901,314	1,511,416	3,590,812
1920	2,099,137	1,098,372	1,981,977	5,179,486
1921	1,528,370	778,732	968,866	3,272,968
1922	1,021,846	661,171	609,569	2,922,586
1923	1,386,618	708,176	574,167	2,668,961
1924	1,482,515	719,718	541,913	2,744,146
1925	1,539,269	748,640	620,525	2,908,434
1926	1,231,543	777,098	590,287	2,598,928

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	1,910,807	1,936,940	468,192	4,315,939
1918	1,629,090	1,427,443	468,265	3,524,798
1919	1,494,829	2,009,188	736,815	4,240,832
1920	1,897,864	2,669,523	1,575,611	6,142,998
1921	2,009,342	1,178,224	236,924	3,424,490
1922	1,279,972	1,264,801	380,710	2,925,586
1923	1,692,797	1,419,376	645,474	3,757,647
1924	1,258,490	1,612,041	469,756	3,340,287
1925	1,339,250	991,781	636,064	2,967,095
1926	989,482	1,115,490	629,133	2,734,105

*Customs, 1926, 584,650*l.**

*Public Debt, 31st December, 1926, 2,701,126*l.**

Population in 1841, 98,154; 1851, 135,994; 1861, 155,907; 1871, 193,491; 1881, 252,186; 1891, 278,328; 1911, 296,041.

By Census of 1921, 297,691.

Estimated Population on 31st Dec., 1926, 306,844.

The estimated population of the colony was made up in 1926 of—Aborigines, 9,270; East Indians, 126,908; Chinese, 2,791; Europeans (Portuguese), 8,570; Europeans other than Portuguese, 3,229; Blacks, mixed, &c., 156,076. Of the total 156,486 were males and 151,358 females.

Immigrant Population on Estates, 31st Dec., 1925.

	Under Indenture.	Not under Indenture.	Children.
East Indians	Nil.	39,686	17,439

The approximate number of East Indian immigrants not residing on estates is 69,301. Total immigrant population, 126,426.

The aboriginal Indians actually within the settled districts of the Colony at the period of taking the Census of 1921 were found to number 9,150, but the numbers of the tribes within the British territories vary, and are at all times very uncertain.

Governors since 1898.

Sir Walter J. Sendall, G.C.M.G.	27 Mar., 1898
Sir Alexander Swettenham, K.C.M.G.	25 Dec., 1901
Sir Fred. M. Hodgson, K.C.M.G.	26 Sept., 1904
Sir W. Egerton, K.C.M.G.	5th July, 1912
Sir W. Collet, K.C.M.G.	15 Apr., 1917
Sir Graeme Thomson, K.C.B.	4th Apr., 1923
Sir Cecil Hunter Rodwell, K.C.M.G.	31 Aug., 1925

*Executive Council.**The Governor.**Colonial Secretary.**Attorney-General.*

J. Hampden King, C.B.E., A. P. G. Austin, T. T. Smellie, P. J. Kelly, M.B., Ch.B.
Clerk, G. D. Owen.

*Court of Policy.**President, The Governor.**Members:—*

C. D. Douglas-Jones, C.M.G., *Colonial Secretary.*
Hector Josephs, K.C., *Attorney-General.*
J. Hampden King, C.B.E., *Immigration Agent-General.*
(vacant) *Colonial Treasurer.*
P. J. Kelly, M.B., Ch.B., Major W. Bain Gray,
E. G. Woolford, K.C., J. Mullin, R. V.
Evan Wong, N. Oannon, A. V. Crane, E. A.
Luckhoo, R. E. Brasington, P. A. Fernandes.
Clerk, G. D. Owen.

Financial Representatives.

J. Eleazer, A. R. F. Webber, J. Gonsalves, E. F. Fredericks, A. E. Seeram, S. le Freitas.
Clerk to Combined Court, G. D. Owen.

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Sir Cecil H. Rodwell, K.C.M.G.,
4,000*l.*, contingencies 1,000*l.*
Trade Commissioner in London, J. B. Cassels,
M.B.E., 800*l.*, Ent. Allowance 250*l.*

Legislature.

Official Reporter and Librarian, B. D. McDougall, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

Colonial Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary, C. D. Douglas-Jones, C.M.G.,
1,485*l.* to 1,635*l.*
Assistant ditto, G. D. Owen, 800*l.* to 900*l.*
2nd Assistant Colonial Secretary, B. H. Bayley,
580*l.* to 680*l.*, with personal allowance of 100*l.*

Principal Clerk, G. C. Green, M.B.E., 480*l.* to 580*l.*

1st Class Clerks, M. B. Laing and R. D. E. Hill,
375*l.* to 475*l.*

2nd Class Clerk, G. F. Hopkinson, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd Class Clerks, H. H. Wilson and Miss O. H. Rose, 280*l.* to 310*l.*

4th Class Clerk, C. E. Gray, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Audit Office.

Auditor, (vacant) 825*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. R. Hill, 480*l.* to 580*l.*, with 100*l.* personal, 100*l.* house allowance and 50*l.* service allowance.

Clerks in Audit Office:—

1st Class Clerks, J. E. Parker, J. G. Cruickshank (vacancy) 375*l.* to 475*l.*

2nd " D. P. Hutchinson, J. N. Humphrys and J. A. M. Osborn, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd " C. T. Uehlein and J. R. Henry, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

4th " Miss I. Uehlein and E. A. Q. Potter, 195*l.* to 245*l.* and

5th " 130*l.* to 180*l.*

Treasury.

Colonial Treasurer, (vacant) 900*l.*

Deputy Colonial Treasurer, C. J. Chatterton, 675*l.* to 775*l.*

Chief Clerk, R. N. Gilchrist, 480*l.* to 580*l.*

Accountant, A. B. Campbell, 480*l.* to 580*l.*

1st Class Clerk, J. C. Chalmers, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

2nd " H. D. Brasington, W. R. Bayne, P. Ruboman and M. K. Khan, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd " J. W. Fraser, Miss L. B. Hampden King, L. Dummatt and J. A. T. Ries, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

4th " Mrs. D. Cole, J. C. Devonish and C. L. Kranenburg, 195*l.* to 245*l.* and 5th Class Clerks, 30*l.* to 180*l.*

Public Officers Guarantee Fund, Secretary, Miss A. Hampden King, 180*l.*

Commissaries Department:—

Chief Commissary, I. F. King, 750*l.* and travelling allowance of 100*l.*

1st Grade, D. J. J. O. Low, and L. R. Hill, 525*l.* to 618*l.* 15*s.*, and travelling allowance of 100*l.* each.

2nd " C. H. Norton, J. R. Sherrett and C. R. Weatherhead, 395*l.* to 500*l.* each, and travelling allowance of 100*l.* each; A. McNicol, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd " C. G. A. Thompson, F. W. V. Green and J. Psaila, 260*l.* to 310*l.* each.

Assistant Commissaries, A. G. Austin, J. Pile, E. P. Niven, D. H. Read, 243*l.* 15*s.* each, and travelling allowances from 60*l.* to 100*l.*, according to the distances they travel.

Stamps, etc.

Commissioners of Stamps, The Colonial Treasurer—The Postmaster-General, The Registrar.

Currency.

Commissioners of Currency, The Colonial Secretary, The Colonial Treasurer, The Comptroller of Customs.

Secretary, H. E. Anderson, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

The values of the principal exports besides sugar (84,693 tons valued at 1,260,470*l.*) and rice are:—Bauxite, 191,809*l.*; gold, 20,471*l.*; timber, 53,819*l.*; balata, 74,675*l.*; charcoal, 8,473*l.*; firewood, 5,337*l.*; coconuts, 3,904*l.*; lumber, 3,649*l.*

The chief imports are beef, pork, cheese, butter, cornmeal, flour, machinery, dried fish, manure, tobacco, oils, earthenware, glass and hardware, cutlery, textiles, spirits, wines and malt liquors.

Forty-two per cent. of the trade is with the United Kingdom, 29 per cent. with Canada, and 11 per cent. with the United States; the other important countries being British West Indies, Holland and Dutch Guiana.

Climate.

The climate is a pleasant one for a tropical country, its characteristics being more sub-tropical than tropical. The mean temperature throughout the year is 80°4' Fahr., the mean maximum being about 84°8' Fahr., and the mean minimum 75° Fahr. The heat, which is greatly tempered by cooling breezes from the sea prevailing during the greater portion of the year, is felt more from July to October than at other times, owing to the partial cessation of these breezes. There are annually two wet seasons, from June to the end of August and during December, January and February. The annual rainfall for the past 80 years averages about 87 inches in Georgetown. The rainfall in 1925 was 63·25 inches, the lowest recorded since 1899, as compared with 80·32 inches in the year 1926.

Towns.

The capital is Georgetown, situated in lat. 6° 49' 30" N., and long. 58° 11' 30" W., and possessing an estimated population of 56,616 in 1925. New Amsterdam has a population of 8,789. Both these are ports of registry, having on 31st December, 1926, 36 vessels, of a total tonnage of 4,332.

Means of Communication.

Since the expiration of the contract with the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, the mail communication between the Colony and the United Kingdom is very irregular, but nevertheless there are many opportunities.

The steamers of the Harrison and Bookers Lines are used, also via Trinidad:—

English—Elder and Fryes Ltd. Line.

French—Plymouth and St. Nazaire Line.

Dutch—Colon Line

via Havre-Dutch-Surinam Line

Mails for North America are received and despatched fairly regularly by the following steamers:—Canadian Government Merchant Marine, Pickford and Black, Trinidad Shipping Company and via Trinidad by Lamport and Holt Line.

Rates of Postage.

	Letters.	Newspapers.
To the British Empire and United States of America	4 cents.	For every 2 os. 1 cent.
	per 1 os.	
	3 cents.	
To other postal union countries	each addnl. for 1 os. 6 and 5 cents.	For every 3 os. 1 cent.
	for every succeeding 1 os. or part of 1 os.	
	each letter not exceeding 1 os. 2 cents; over 1 os. not over 2 os. 3 cents; over 2 os. not over 4 os. 4 cents; each additional 2 os. 1 cent.	
Within Colony ...	...	3 cents.

Parcels Post.

To the United Kingdom	up to 3 lbs.	54 cents.
	up to 7 lbs.	88 "
	up to 11 lbs.	\$1'30 "
	from 11 lbs. to 22 lbs.	\$1'90 "
To West Indies ...	up to 3 lbs.	24 cents.
	" 7 lbs.	48 "
	" 11 lbs.	75 "
	" 22 lbs.	\$1'30 "

The money orders issued during 1926 on United Kingdom amounted to 11,212*l.*, and on other places 12,305*l.* British postal orders, 4,589*l.*

FINANCES. SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917	736,473	733,689	567,587	682,906
1918	863,625	774,481	501,907	598,197
1919	862,491	886,568	591,333	711,518
1920	1,270,675	1,007,047	622,792	899,748
1921	968,947	1,195,893	642,952	876,709
1922	906,254	1,097,784	680,388	916,007
1923	1,114,704	1,081,549	784,157	1,070,822
1924	1,056,238	1,065,457	821,960	1,183,562
1925	1,096,574	1,126,394	798,248	1,219,231
1926	1,064,127	1,173,491	692,141	1,090,806

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	
1917	1,038,485	644,098	1,588,434	3,271,017
1918	971,829	950,103	1,913,894	3,835,826
1919	1,178,082	901,314	1,511,416	3,590,812
1920	2,099,137	1,098,372	1,981,977	5,179,486
1921	1,528,370	775,732	968,866	3,272,968
1922	1,021,846	661,171	609,569	2,292,586
1923	1,386,618	708,176	574,167	2,668,961
1924	1,482,515	719,718	541,913	2,744,146
1925	1,539,269	748,640	620,525	2,908,434
1926	1,231,543	777,098	590,287	2,598,928

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	1,910,807	1,936,940	468,192	4,315,939
1918	1,629,090	1,427,443	468,265	3,524,798
1919	1,494,829	2,009,188	736,815	4,240,832
1920	1,897,864	2,669,523	1,676,611	6,142,998
1921	2,009,342	1,178,224	236,924	3,424,490
1922	1,279,972	1,264,801	380,710	2,925,586
1923	1,692,797	1,419,376	645,474	3,757,647
1924	1,258,490	1,512,041	469,756	3,240,287
1925	1,339,250	991,781	636,064	2,967,095
1926	989,482	1,115,490	629,133	2,734,105

Customs, 1926, 584,650*l.*

Public Debt, 31st December, 1926, 2,701,126*l.*

Population in 1841, 98,154; 1851, 135,994; 1861, 155,907; 1871, 193,491; 1881, 252,186; 1891, 278,328; 1911, 296,041.

By Census of 1921, 297,691.

Estimated Population on 31st Dec., 1926, 306,844.

The estimated population of the colony was made up in 1926 of—Aborigines, 9,270; East Indians, 126,908; Chinese, 2,791; Europeans (Portuguese), 8,570; Europeans other than Portuguese, 3,229; Blacks, mixed, &c., 156,076. Of the total 155,486 were males and 151,358 females.

Immigrant Population on Estates, 31st Dec., 1925.

	Under Indenture.	Not under Indenture.	Children.
East Indians	Nil.	39,686	17,499

The approximate number of East Indian immigrants not residing on estates is 69,301. Total immigrant population, 128,426.

The aboriginal Indians actually within the settled districts of the Colony at the period of taking the Census of 1921 were found to number 9,150, but the numbers of the tribes within the British territories vary, and are at all times very uncertain.

Governors since 1898.

Sir Walter J. Sendall, G.C.M.G.	27 Mar., 1898
Sir Alexander Swettenham, K.C.M.G.	25 Dec., 1901
Sir Fred. M. Hodgson, K.C.M.G.	26 Sept., 1904
Sir W. Egerton, K.C.M.G.	5th July, 1912
Sir W. Collet, K.C.M.G.	15 Apr., 1917
Sir Graeme Thomson, K.C.B.	4th Apr., 1923
Sir Cecil Hunter Rodwell, K.C.M.G.	31 Aug., 1925

*Executive Council.**The Governor.**Colonial-Secretary.**Attorney-General.*

J. Hampden King, C.B.E., A. P. G. Austin, T. T. Smellie, P. J. Kelly, M.B., Ch.B.
 Clerk, G. D. Owen.

*Court of Policy.**President, The Governor.**Members:—*

C. D. Douglas-Jones, C.M.G., *Colonial Secretary.*
 Hector Josepha, K.C., *Attorney-General.*
 J. Hampden King, C.B.E., *Immigration Agent-General.*
 (vacant) *Colonial Treasurer.*
 P. J. Kelly, M.B., Ch.B., Major W. Bain Gray, E. G. Woolford, K.C., J. Mullin, B. V. Evan Wong, N. Cannon, A. V. Crane, E. A. Luckhoo, R. E. Brassington, P. A. Fernandes.
 Clerk, G. D. Owen.

Financial Representatives.

J. Eleazar, A. R. F. Webber, J. Gonsalves, E. F. Fredericks, A. E. Seeram, S. le Freitas.
 Clerk to Combined Court, G. D. Owen.

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Sir Cecil H. Rodwell, K.C.M.G., 4,000*l.*, contingencies 1,000*l.*
Trade Commissioner in London, J. B. Cassels, M.B.E., 800*l.*, Ent. Allowance 250*l.*

Legislature.

Official Reporter and Librarian, B. D. McDougall, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

Colonial Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary, C. D. Douglas-Jones, C.M.G., 1,485*l.* to 1,635*l.*
Assistant ditto, G. D. Owen, 800*l.* to 900*l.*
2nd Assistant Colonial Secretary, B. H. Bayley, 580*l.* to 680*l.*, with personal allowance of 100*l.*

Principal Clerk, G. [C. Green, M.B.E., 480*l.* to 580*l.*

1st Class Clerks, M. B. Laing and R. D. R. Hill, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

2nd Class Clerk, G. F. Hopkinson, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd Class Clerks, H. H. Wilson and Miss O. E. Rose, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

4th Class Clerk, C. E. Gray, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Audit Office.

Auditor, (vacant) 825*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. R. Hill, 480*l.* to 580*l.* with 100*l.* personal, 100*l.* house allowance and 50*l.* service allowance.

Clerks in Audit Office:—

1st Class Clerks, J. E. Parker, J. G. Cruickshank (vacancy) 375*l.* to 475*l.*

2nd " D. P. Hutchinson, J. N. Humphrys and J. A. M. Osborn, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd " C. T. Uchlein and J. R. Henry, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

4th " Miss I. Uchlein and E. A. Q. Potter, 195*l.* to 245*l.* and

5th " 130*l.* to 180*l.*

Treasury.

Colonial Treasurer, (vacant) 900*l.*

Deputy Colonial Treasurer, C. J. Chatterton, 575*l.* to 675*l.*

Chief Clerk, R. N. Gilchrist, 480*l.* to 580*l.*

Accountant, A. B. Campbell, 480*l.* to 580*l.*

1st Class Clerk, J. C. Chalmers, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

2nd " H. D. Brassington, W. R. Bayne, P. Ruboman and M. K. Khan, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd " J. W. Fraser, Miss L. B. Hampden King, L. Dummett and J. A. T. Ries, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

4th " Mrs. D. Cole, J. C. Devonish and C. L. Kranenburg, 195*l.* to 245*l.* and *5th Class Clerks*, 30*l.* to 180*l.*

Public Officers Guarantee Fund, Secretary, Miss A. Hampden King, 180*l.*

Commissaries Department:—

Chief Commissary, I. F. King, 750*l.* and travelling allowance of 100*l.*

1st Grade, D. J. J. O. Low, and L. R. Hill, 525*l.* to 618*l.* 15*s.*, and travelling allowance of 100*l.* each.

2nd " C. H. Norton, J. R. Sherrett and C. R. Weatherhead, 395*l.* to 500*l.* each, and travelling allowance of 100*l.* each; A. McNicol, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd " C. G. A. Thompson, F. W. V. Green and J. Psaila, 260*l.* to 310*l.* each.

Assistant Commissaries, A. G. Austin, J. Pile, E. P. Niven, D. H. Read, 243*l.* 15*s.* each, and travelling allowances from 60*l.* to 100*l.*, according to the distances they travel.

Stamps, etc.

Commissioners of Stamps, The Colonial Treasurer, The Postmaster-General, The Registrar.

Currency.

Commissioners of Currency, The Colonial Secretary, The Colonial Treasurer, The Comptroller of Customs.
Secretary, H. E. Anderson, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

Customs.

Comptroller of Customs and Rum Duties, and Registrar of Shipping, W. A. D'Andrade, 850*l.*
Sub-Comptroller, New Amsterdam, G. H. Croal, 290*l.*

Sub-Comptroller, Springlands, C. G. Chalmers, 375*l.*

Chief Clerk, F. O. Richards, 675*l.*

Surveyor, G. A. R. Benson, 575*l.*

Assistant Surveyor, G. D'Ornellas, 525*l.*

1st Class.—G. M. Steele, R. M. Bury, G. T. Armstrong, E. D. Glasford, and C. G. Chalmers, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

2nd „ E. F. Johnson, N. L. Fraser, and J. L. D. Goulding, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

3rd „ E. W. Butts, C. D'Ornellas, J. R. Tranquada, E. Brand, G. H. Croal, and E. V. D. Goulding, 260*l.* to 305*l.*

4th „ C. P. Ouckama, C. B. Roberts, G. S. Dragten, F. R. Mittelholzer, A. R. Sinson, G. B. Melville, C. A. Hirschfeld, E. A. Clarke, O. J. de Freitas, G. H. Quick, W. A. H. Knight, E. S. McK. Chabrol, C. K. Hayley, R. D. Reece, W. U. Mapp, and C. A. L. Mittelholzer, 195*l.* to 232*l.* 10*s.*

5th „ 130*l.* to 167*l.* 10*s.*

6th „ 105*l.* to 125*l.*

Immigration Department.

Agent-General, J. Hampden King, C.B.E., 880*l.* and 200*l.* personal.

Senior Immigration Agent, R. P. Stewart, 600*l.*

**Immigration Agents*, A. H. Hill, 500*l.* and 100*l.* personal allowance; C. W. H. Collier, 500*l.*; and E. H. King (*also Superintendent Underneeming Industrial School*).

1st Class Officer, C. F. Minns, 375*l.* to 475*l.*

3rd „ Clerk, J. F. Irving, M.C., 260*l.* to 310*l.*

4th „ „ W. A. R. Aird, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Emigration Agent at Calcutta, A. Denham-White, I.M.S.

Interpreters (seventeen), Hindi, Tamil, and Telegu. Salaries ranging from 50*l.* to 200*l.*

Medical Department.

Surgeon-General, P. James Kelly, M.B., Ch.B., 1,000*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 50*l.* (Travelling expenses and consulting practice.)

Clerks.—

Chief Clerk, J. R. Farnum, 480*l.* to 580*l.*

3rd Class Clerk S. Sandiford, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

4th „ „ H. A. Howard, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Government Medical Officers.

Ophthalmologist, J. A. Browne, M.B., Bae. Surg., 700*l.* House allowance 100*l.* Duty allowance 150*l.* Consulting practice.

Government Medical Officer of Health, R. O. Sibley, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.B., M.D., D.P.H., R.C.P.S., 900*l.*, travelling allowance 100*l.*

Assistant Government Medical Officer of Health, B. N. V. Bailey, M.B., Ch.B. (acting), 600*l.* to 700*l.*, travelling allowance 100*l.*

Bacteriologist, G. H. Steven, M.B., Bae. Surg., 450*l.* to 700*l.* and quarters. Duty allowance, 150*l.*

Resident Surgeon, Public Hospital, Georgetown (vacant), 500*l.* to 700*l.* duty allowance 300*l.*, free house.

Assistant Resident Surgeon, Public Hospital, Georgetown, R. K. Grant, M.B., Ch.B. (acting), 500*l.* to 700*l.*, duty allowance 150*l.* (free house).

Resident Surgeon, Public Hospital, Berbice, R. Huey, M.B., Ch.B. (acting), 500*l.* to 700*l.*, duty allowance, 200*l.* (free house).

Resident Surgeon, Public Hospital, Suddie, Government Medical Officer, Suddie District, and Medical Officer, Onderneeming Industrial School, J. E. Chow, M.B., Ch.B., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, free house, duty allowance 50*l.*, travelling allowance 83*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Private practice.

Resident Surgeon, Public Hospital, Bartica, Government Medical Officer, Bartica District, and Surgeon, H.M. Penal Settlement, E. G. H. Payne, M.B., Ch.B., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, free house and private practice.

Resident Surgeon, Public Hospital, Mabaruma, and Government Medical Officer, North-Western District, O. M. Francis, M.D., C.M., L.M.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, free house, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Medical Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, C. E. S. Mitchell, M.B., Ch.B., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, duty allowance, 150*l.*, personal allowance 100*l.*, free house.

Medical Superintendent, Leper Asylum, F. G. Rose, 500*l.* to 700*l.*, free house. Duty allowance, 200*l.* Personal allowance, 100*l.*

Sheldon District, D. J. Taitt, M.D., C.M., M.C.P. and S. (Ont.), 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Port Mourant District, L. R. Sharples, M.B., Ch.B., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 83*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

Canje-Highbury District, A. C. L. La Frenais, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.F.P.S., F.R.F.P.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Cotton Tree District, R. S. Miller, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Mahaicony District, G. E. Carto, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 83*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

Mahaica District, J. E. R. Ramdeholl, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice, travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Buxton District, Q. B. De Freitas, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Plaisance District, F. T. Wills, M.D. C.M., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Peter's Hall District, W. G. Boase, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 300*l.* to 950*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Belle Vue District, J. Nedd, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 100*l.*

Leonora District, R. N. Cozier, L.M.S.S.A., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 83*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

Philadelphia-Leguan District, G. M. Kerry, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 141*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Wakenaam District, W. D. Pollard, M.B., Ch.B., 500*l.* to 700*l.*, private practice and travelling allowance, 75*l.*

* These officers have travelling allowances of from 37*l.* 10*s.* to 150*l.*

Anna Regina District, J. Glavina, M.D., 500l. to 700l., private practice and travelling allowance, 100l.

Assistant Medical Officers, G. T. G. Boyce, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., G. A. Grandsoult, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., E. W. Reece, M.D., C.M., M.O.P. and S. (Ont.), E. Brazao, L.M.S.S.A., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., B. N. V. Bailey, M.B., Ch.B., C. R. Subryan, M.B., Ch.B., S. C. Gomes, M.B., Ch.B., G. W. Mearns, M.B., Ch.B., A. Brooks, M.B., Ch.B., J. N. Hay, M.B., Ch.B., A. G. Coia, M.B., Ch.B., W. W. Besson, M.B., Ch.B., S. T. M. Sang, M.B., Ch.B., R. L. J. Le Clezio, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., N. H. S. Maelzer, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 500l. to 700l.

Health Officer, Georgetown, and Surgeon to Police and Prisons, W. de W. Wishart, M.B., C.M., D.P.H., 475l. and travelling allowance, 75l. (moiety).

Surgeon, No. 1 Dispensary and Alms House, L. Clavier, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., 325l. to 375l., travelling allowance, 56l. 6s.

Public Hospital, Georgetown.

Steward, A. F. Camacho, 325l. to 375l., and 62l. 10s. house allowance.

Government Pharmacist, A. Fry, 325l. to 375l., and 62l. 10s. house allowance.

Superintendent of Nurses, Mrs. H. Hunter, 300l., and furnished quarters.

Divisional Nurses, Miss V. M. Bush (2 vacancies), 180l. and furnished quarters.

Public Hospital, Berbice.

Steward, S. O. Mortimer, 195l. to 245l., 37l. 10s. house allowance.

Superintendent of Nurses, Miss E. E. Clarke, 200l., and furnished quarters.

Public Hospital, Suddie.

Steward, Wm. Brummell, 130l. to 180l., free quarters.

Public Hospital, Bartica.

Steward, S. A. Ganaway, 100l. to 150l., free quarters.

Public Hospital, Mabarama.

Steward (vacant), 75l. to 100l., free house.

Lunatic Asylum, Berbice.

Steward, F. A. Angoy, 260l. to 310l., free house. Personal allowance, 50l.

Leper Asylum, Mahaica.

Steward, E. B. Khan, 130l. to 180l. and free house. Duty allowance 37l. 10s.

X-Ray Department.

Radiographer, E. A. H. Barham, 350l. to 450l., house allowance, 75l.

Assistant Radiographer, T. A. Law, 300l. to 350l., house allowance, 75l.

General Register Office.

Registrar-General: The Surgeon-General, P. James Kelly, M.B., Bac. Surg.

Deputy Registrar-General, J. R. Farnum.

3rd Class Clerk, J. W. Barker, 260l. to 310l.

Police.

Inspector-General of Police, Col. W. E. H. Bradburn, 1,000l., free house, and 100l. transport allowance.

Deputy Inspector-General, Major C. P. Widdup, 650l. to 750l., and Superintendent of Fire Brigade, free house and 75l. transport allowance.

County Inspectors, J. R. Booth, A. D. M. White, C. T. Matthey and J. H. Ashmore, 450l. to 550l.

Staff Officer, Local Forces, Capt. W. L. Tolputt, M.C., 450l. to 550l.

Pay and Quartermaster, E. E. FitzGerald, 425l. to 475l.

Detective Inspector, Capt. C. C. Murland, 450l. to 550l.

District Inspectors, L. C. B. Jones, W. A. McNie, J. Nicole, T. W. Whittingham and 1 vacancy, 350l. to 450l.

Sub-Inspectors, F. K. Harris, C. E. M. de Bretton, L. F. Edmonds, D. G. Carruthers, F. St. Maur Gerrard and 1 vacancy, 250l. to 350l.

Inspectors of all ranks have quarters, and all, except Sub-Inspectors, receive transport allowance, from 62l. 10s. to 100l. according to district.

1st Class Clerk, J. R. Johnson, 375l. to 475l.

3rd Class Clerk, E. C. Johnson, 260l. to 310l.

Warrant Officers:

Assistant Adjutant, W. T. Sanders, 350l. to 400l.

Riding Master, S. Billyeald, 350l. to 400l.

Assistant Quartermaster, A. V. Grace, 350l. to 400l.

Chief Armourer (vacant), 300l. to 350l.

Musketry Instructor, J. T. Gudge, 300l. to 350l.

Infantry Instructor (vacant), 300l. to 350l.

Post Office.

Postmaster-General, F. Birkitt, 825l.

Assistant Postmaster-General, O. Webber, 480l. to 580l., with a personal allowance of 200l.

Accountant, J. T. Gresham, 480l. to 580l.

1st Class Clerk, K. M. King, 375l. to 475l.

Inspector of Post Offices, W. G. G. Pearce, 375l. to 475l.

2nd Class Clerks, Geo. F. McPherson and 1 vacancy, 325l. to 375l.

3rd Class Clerks, C. A. Playter and K. Kirkpatrick, 260l. to 310l.

4th Class Clerks, J. Blair, E. G. D. Hinds, T. A. Wason, 195l. to 245l.

And 5th Class Clerks, 130l. to 180l.

Postmaster, New Amsterdam, I. Edinboro, 375l. to 475l.

Postmaster, Georgetown, A. E. King, 267l. 10s. to 317l. 10s.

Postmaster, Suddie, J. C. Adams, 195l. to 245l.

1st Class Postmasters, 2 at 140l. to 210l., 17 at 140l. to 190l.

2nd Class Postmasters, 100l. to 140l.

Five 6th Class Clerks.

9 Relief Clerks, 7 Sorters, 9 Travelling Sorters, 16 Letter Carriers, 9 Clerical Assistants, 5 Stamp Vendors, 19 Postal Agents, 17 Apprentices, 43 Rural Letter Carriers and 4 Mail Carriers, 6 messengers.

Post Office, Electrical Branch.

Electrical Engineer, H. G. Spain, M.A.I.E.E., 660l. to 760l.

Assistant Engineer, W. K. Brasher, 450l. to 500l.

2 Telephone Inspectors, 1 Telephone Superintendent, 1 Electrical Inspector and 1 Clerical Assistant.
 3 Mechanicians, 1 Storekeeper, Telegraph Office, 23 Telegraph Operators, 15 Linesmen, 4 Faultsmen, 72 Telegraph messengers, 50 Telephone Attendants.

Post Office, Savings Bank.

Accountant, R. Mc. N. Fraser, 375*l.* to 475*l.*
 3rd Class Clerk, Miss A. E. Rupertie, 260*l.* to 310*l.*
 4th Class Clerks, Miss G. Campbell and Miss H. Gainfort, 195*l.* to 245*l.*
 5th Class Clerks, 130*l.* to 180*l.*
 Six 6th Class Clerks.

Wireless Department.

One Station in Georgetown, and five stations in Interior, with one direction finding station.
 Officer-in-Charge, H. G. Spain, 200*l.*
 Superintendent, A. Gagan, 400*l.* to 450*l.* and quarters.
 26 Clerks, Engine Attendants, Apprentices, etc.

Harbour Dept.—Harbour Board.

Chairman, C. D. Douglass-Jones, C.M.G., Colonial Secretary.
 Vice-Chairman, W. A. D'Andrade, Comptroller of Customs.

Members—

T. T. Smellie; E. G. Woolford, K.C., H. C. Humphrys, Representatives of Combined Ct.; M. B. G. Austin (1 vacancy).
 Harbour Master, Commander H. de B. Tupper, R.N., 650*l.*
 Deputy Harbour Master, C. Dowding, 475*l.*
 Deputy Harbour Master, New Amsterdam, G. H. Croal.
 Deputy Harbour Master, Springlands, C. G. O. Chalmers.
 Deputy Harbour Master, Morawhanna, L. Edmonds.*
 Secretary, W. O. Fraser, 475*l.*
 Chief Pilot, J. M. McInnis, 550*l.*
 First Class Pilots, J. V. Mittelholzer, Jr., 350*l.*; J. B. Donovan.
 Second Class Pilots, E. R. Davies, and C. H. Walcott, 300*l.*
 Clerk, I. O. Smith, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Colonial Transport Department.

Board of Management—
 Chairman, C. Farrar, 200*l.*
 Managing Director, S. H. Bayley, 1,000*l.*
 Directors, T. H. Dalgleish, 150*l.*; E. G. Woolford, R. Evan Wong, Stanley De Freitas, F.R.
 Chief Clerk and Secretary to the Board, Harry Abraham, 500*l.*
 Record Clerk, E. Veacock, 250*l.*
 Stenographer and Typist.

Accountant's Branch.

Chief Accountant, E. F. McDavid, 600*l.*, with a personal allowance of 100*l.*
 Cashier, W. V. Colvin, 400*l.*
 Accountant's Assistants, C. H. Lord, 300*l.*; V. C. Johnson, 325*l.*

Traffic Inspector, J. DeCambra, 300*l.*, and bicycle allowance.

Twenty-four Clerks.

Store.

Storekeeper, M. Harding, 200*l.*
 Three Clerks.

Engineering (Maintenance) Branch.

Engineer of Way and Works, A. McDougall, 750*l.* to 850*l.*
 Permanent Way Inspector, 150*l.*
 Six District Foremen.

Engineering (Mechanical and Marine Branch).

Superintendent Engineer, A. Grant, M.I.Mech.E., M.I.Mar.E., M.I.Struct.E., 850*l.*
 Assistant Mechanical Engineer, G. I. Goring, A.R.T.C., Glasgow, A.M.I.Mech.E., 1st class
 B.O.T. Marine Engineering, 575*l.* to 675*l.*
 Locomotive Superintendent, A. H. July, M.I.Loco.E., 600*l.*
 Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, T. Delmore, M.I.Loco.E., 425*l.*
 Machine Shop Foreman, J. Da Silva, 406*l.* 5s.
 Foreman Fitter, J. De Weever, 175*l.*

Traffic Branch, East Coast.

Stations Superintendent, E. L. Innis, 200*l.*
 Goods Superintendent, R. R. Hill, 350*l.*
 Chief Goods Clerk, E. Groeves, 250*l.*
 Eight Clerks, Goods Department.
 Five Clerks, Passenger Department.
 Four Guards, thirteen Collectors and one Agent.

Traffic Branch (West Coast).

Stations Superintendent, A. C. Isaacs, 187*l.* 10s.
 Three Guards.
 Three Clerks.
 Five Collectors and two Agents.

Traffic Branch (Steamer).

Superintendent, Georgetown, Captain C. A. Douglas, 375*l.*
 Sixteen Clerks.
 Clerk-in-Charge, New Amsterdam (vacant), 200*l.*
 " " Leguan, J. Johnson, 115*l.*
 " " Wakenaam, T. D. Jeffrey, 115*l.*
 " " Supenaam, J. Mendes, 62*l.* 10s.
 " " Aurora, S. M. Barnwell, 95*l.*
 " " Adventure, F. A. Callender, 137*l.* 10s.
 " " Bartica, A. E. Stull, 165*l.*
 " " and Motor Mechanic, Camaria (vacant), 112*l.* 10s.

Eight Pursers.

Poor.

Chairman of Poor Law Board, P. James Kelly, M.B., Bac., Surg., Surgeon General.
 Secretary, Inspector, and Superintendent of Alms Houses, Harry Bamford, M.P.S., Eng., 480*l.* to 580*l.*, personal allowance, 100*l.*
 Medical Officer, Dr. L. Clavier, 325*l.* to 375*l.*, travelling allowance, 56*l.* 5s.
 Assistant Superintendent of Alms Houses, J. E. Forde, 320*l.*, house allowance, 50*l.*
 Members, Dr. S. O. Sibley, Rev. Fr. J. E. Darby, Rev. J. B. Brindley, Rev. J. L. Rowe, and Rev. J. A. Ramsay, acting.

* Is also Sub-Inspector of Police.

Education.
Queen's College.

Principal, E. R. D. Moulder, M.A., 790*l.* and quarters.
Senior Masters, E. O. Pilgrim, B.Sc., F. Daniel, B.Sc., 550*l.*
Assistant Masters, W. Mulcahy, M.A., H. A. M. Beckles, B.A., 450*l.* to 550*l.*
Junior Masters, J. C. L. T. Potter, B.A., 325*l.* to 425*l.*

Education Department.

Commissioner of Education, Major W. Bain Gray, M.A., B. Litt., Ph. D., 900*l.*
Inspector of Schools, R. Patrick, M.A., 550*l.* to 650*l.*
Assistant Inspector and Secretary, Education Board (vacant), 437*l.* 10*s.* to 478*l.* 10*s.*
Assistant Inspector and District Educational Officer, H. V. Taitt, M.A., 325*l.* to 375*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, W. E. Davis, 325*l.* to 375*l.*
4th Class Clerk, L. E. Kraenburg, 195*l.* to 245*l.*
Compulsory Attendance Officers, D. W. Simpson, J. A. Wilson, 150*l.*; and A. C. Armstrong, 112*l.* 10*s.*

Government School for Vagrants and Youthful Offenders (Onderneeming).

Superintendent, E. H. King, 500*l.* and a house.
Chief Officer, W. Earle, 195*l.* to 220*l.*
Schoolmaster, P. M. de Wever, 211*l.* 5*s.*

Public Works.

Director of Public Works and Sea Defences; Major John Cormack Craig, D.S.O., 1,200*l.*, travelling allowance, 100*l.*, fees as Chairman, Board of Examiners for Land Surveyors.
Assistant Director of Public Works, Capt. R. G. Wright-Nooth, M.C., A.M.I.C.E., 800*l.* by 50*l.* to 900*l.*; travelling allowance, 100*l.*
Mechanical Engineer, F. H. Allen, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., 700*l.*, travelling allowance, 100*l.*
Executive Engineer, H. S. Whittaker, 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 700*l.*
Assistant Engineer and Chief Draughtsman, W. A. Lea, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., M.R.S.I., M.C.I., 650*l.* by 25*l.* to 700*l.*, 25*l.* as Secretary, Board of Industrial Training.
District Engineer (Georgetown), Thomas Fowler Tomlinson, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 650*l.*, travelling allowance, 100*l.*, duty allowance, 35*l.* 10*s.*
District Engineer (West Coast), J. W. Mearns, B.Sc., 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 650*l.*, travelling allowance, 100*l.*
District Engineer (Essequibo), W. Livingston, P.A.S.I., 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 650*l.*; travelling allowance, 100*l.*
Assistant Engineer, R. B. Craig, 400*l.*
2nd Assistant Engineer (vacant), 350*l.* by 25*l.* to 400*l.*
Inspector of Works (Berbice), C. F. S. Arthy, 350*l.* by 25*l.* to 400*l.*; house allowance, 75*l.*; travelling allowance, 100*l.*
* *Yard Superintendent*, C. P. Roberts, 300*l.* by 2*l.* to 350*l.*
* *Manager, Saw Mill, Christianburg*, A. W. Burgess, 250*l.*
Surveyor for Sea Defences, R. Manson-Hing, 290*l.* by 15*l.* to 500*l.*

* Unfixed Establishment.

† *Field Manager, Pure Water Supply Scheme*, Major W. E. Goodwin, M.C., 1,000*l.*, travelling allowance 100*l.*
† *Drillers*, L. Forbes-Todd, 625*l.*, John Hilda, 625*l.*, John H. Penny, 625*l.*, V. Forbes-Todd, 500*l.*, each with mileage allowance and free quarters.
† *Assistant Engineer*, V. H. Tripp, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., 825*l.*, travelling allowance, 100*l.*
Chief Clerk, Capt. F. W. Bury, 480*l.* by 25*l.* to 580*l.*
Accountant, H. McN. Brassington, 480*l.* by 25*l.* to 580*l.*
2nd Class Clerks, T. B. Reed, P. H. N. Saunders, (with fees as Secretary, Board of Examiners for Land Surveyors), 325*l.* by 15*l.* to 375*l.*
3rd Class Clerks, C. I. Rodrigues, C. W. Delph, with risk allowance of 25*l.* as Paymaster, J. M. Aird*, 260*l.* by 15*l.* to 310*l.*
4th Class Clerks, P. C. Cox, C. A. Bruton*, 195*l.* by 10*l.* to 245*l.*
* *Drawing Office Assistant*, J. C. Alves, 100*l.* by 25*l.* to 200*l.*
* *1st Class Overseers*, W. F. Elcock, J. O. Humphrey (with duty allowance, 100*l.*), A. O. Williams, O. A. Richardson, E. J. Cook, C. M. Burgess, 195*l.* by 15*l.* to 295*l.*

Department of Lands and Mines.

Commissioner (vacant), 1,000*l.*
Assistant Commissioner, John Mullin, Assoc. Inst. M. M., 700*l.* to 800*l.*
Senior Surveyor, W. Cunningham, 650*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.*
1st Class Government Surveyor, F. U. Tronchin, 500*l.* to 700*l.*
1st Class Officer, G. A. Pases, 375*l.* to 475*l.*
4th Class Officers, P. A. Bunbury, V. N. S. Gomes, C. G. Belmonte, R. P. Young, 195*l.* to 245*l.*, each.
Drawing Office Superintendent, H. P. Christiani, F.R.G.S., 500*l.* to 700*l.*
Assistant Draughtsman, C. A. Cole, 195*l.* to 310*l.*
Government Surveyors, E. S. E. Parker, M. P. Hastings, F.S.I., V. Roth, A. J. Cheong, F.R.G.S., C. H. Parsley, W. T. Lord, A. G. la Fargue, C. L. Ridley, F.S.I., J. Phang, R. S. Kaufmann (two vacancies), 290*l.* to 500*l.*
Chief Clerk, G. F. Messervy, 480*l.* to 580*l.*
1st Class Clerk, N. C. H. King, 375*l.* to 475*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, J. R. Winter, 325*l.* to 375*l.*
3rd Class Clerk, L. O. Van Sertima, 260*l.* to 310*l.*
4th Class Clerks, Ivy W. McKay, Mabel I. L. Davis, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Forestry Department.

Conservator of Forests, B. R. Wood, M.A., I.F.S., 1,250*l.*, house allowance, 150*l.*
Deputy Conservator of Forests and Superintendent of Forest Surveys, L. S. Hohenkerk, M.B.E., 700*l.* to 800*l.*
§ *Assistant Conservators of Forests*, M. S. Mackay, D.F.C., B.Sc., T. A. W. Davis, J. R. Lockie, B.Sc., 450*l.* to 500*l.*, each, house allowance, 100*l.*, each.
§ *Forest Surveyors*, A. G. S. Davenport, F. W. D. Pratt, G. G. Brinsley, 290*l.* to 500*l.*, each.
I *Third Class Clerk*, N. B. W. Smith, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

* Unfixed Establishment.

† Special temporary appointments of Engineers in connection with Coastal Drainage and Pure Water Supply Schemes.

Prisons.

Inspector of Prisons, N. W. King, 600*l*.
Accountant and Clerk, W. E. Stewart, 260*l*. to 310*l*.
Superintendent, Georgetown Gaol, R. C. Pook, 390*l*.
Chief Warder, R. A. Crouch, 195*l*.
Keeper of the New Amsterdam Gaol, A. J. Hercules, 195*l*. by 10*l*. to 245*l*.

H.M. Penal Settlement, Mazaruni.

Superintendent of the Penal Settlement, N. W. King, see above (paid as *Inspector of Prisons*).
Assistant ditto, J. F. Burton, 325*l*.
Chaplain, Rev. J. W. Papworth, 325*l*.
Storekeeper, T. N. Daniels, 195*l*.
Principal Warder, A. Thomas, 195*l* by 10*l*. to 245*l*.

Judicial.

Chief Justice, Sir Anthony de Freitas, Kt., O.B.E., 1,800*l*.
Puisne Judge, W. J. Douglass, 1,450*l*.
Puisne Judge, W. J. Gilchrist, 1,200*l*.
Registrar, W. A. Parker, 900*l*.
Chief Clerk and Sworn Clerk and Notary Public, C. A. Campbell, 563*l*. 6s. 8d. to 630*l*.
Accountant, B. O. Smith, 480*l*. to 580*l*.
1st Class Clerks and Sworn Clerks and Notaries Public, H. L. Franck and G. H. Westmaas, 425*l*. to 575*l*.
Assistant Sworn Clerks:
2nd Class Clerk, J. B. Sharples, 325*l*. to 375*l*., with duty allowance of 50*l*.; *3rd Class Clerks*, J. H. Nathoo, 260*l*. to 310*l*. (with duty allowance of 75*l*.), H. F. Earl, 260*l*. to 310*l*.; *4th Class Clerks*, W. Harrison, P. Ramotar (with risk allowance of 20*l*.), J. F. Todd, 195*l*. to 245*l*.
First Marshal, J. D. Rohee, 195*l*. to 245*l*.
District Stipendiary Magistrates, W. J. Gilchrist, C. H. E. Legge, H. T. King, N. C. Ruggles, Capt. J. P. Coghlan, R. T. Egg, 675*l*. to 775*l*.; J. H. S. McCowan, 675*l*. to 675*l*.; Dr. W. E. Roth, 630*l*.; Capt. P. E. F. Cressall, M.C., 675*l*.; E. H. King*, 580*l*.
Clerks, J. R. R. Muss, E. N. Edwards, Badris Nauth, 260*l*. to 310*l*. each; E. S. W. Sealy, D. P. Debidini, 195*l*. to 245*l*. each; J. T. Roberts, A. McL. Thorn, 130*l*. to 180*l*. each; T. H. Barton, 80*l*. to 130*l*.

Law Officers.

Attorney-General, Hector Josephs, K.C., 1,400*l*. to 1,600*l*.
Clerk to Attorney-General, C. J. H. King, 375*l*. to 475*l*.
6th Class Clerk, Miss E. M. Kelly, 130*l*.
Assistant to the Attorney-General, B. F. King, 480*l*. to 580*l*., with private practice.
Crown Solicitor, P. W. King.

Stipendiary Magistrates in Georgetown.

R. T. Egg and C. H. E. Legge, 675*l*. to 775*l*., and a duty allowance of 100*l*.
Clerks, E. A. H. Campbell, 260*l*. to 310*l*.; S. W. Cole, 195*l*. to 245*l*.

* Also Commissioner, North Western District.

North Western District.

Commissioner, A. W. B. Long, 500*l*. and house.
4th Class Clerk, E. S. W. Sealy, 245*l*. and service allowance 30*l*.

Official Receiver and Public Trustee's Department.

Official Receiver, Public Trustee and Crown Solicitor, P. W. King, 880*l*.
First Class Clerk, J. A. Skerrett, 375*l*. to 475*l*.
Third Class Clerk, A. J. Gaskin, 260*l*. to 310*l*.

Department of Science and Agriculture.

Director and Director of Science and Agriculture, Prof. J. Sydney Dash, B.S.H., 1,200*l*., and 41*l*. 13s. 4d. travelling allowance.
Government Analyst and Assistant Director, W. Francis, F.I.C., 660*l*. to 760*l*., and 21*l*. travelling allowance. Duty allowance, 100*l*.
Superintendent Botanic Gardens and Agricultural Stations (vacant).
Assistant Botanist and Mycologist, R. A. Altson, A.R.C.S., B.Sc., 400*l*. to 500*l*.
First Assistant Analyst, L. S. Davis, 375*l*. to 425*l*.
Second Assistant Analyst, N. Newsam, 150*l*. to 200*l*.
Horticultural Superintendent, A. A. Abraham, 325*l*. to 375*l*.
Economic Biologist, L. D. Cleare, junr., F.L.S., F.E.S., 480*l*. to 580*l*.; 83*l*. 6s. 8d. travelling allowance.
Veterinary Surgeon (vacant).
Scientific Assistant, C. L. C. Bourne, 325*l*. to 375*l*., and *Editor, Journal Board of Agriculture*, 50*l*.
Clerk, and Secretary Board of Agriculture, E. M. Peterkin, 325*l*. to 375*l*. and personal allowance 50*l*.
Assistant Clerk, J. A. V. Bourne, 195*l*. to 245*l*.
Agricultural Instructors, W. H. Matthews, 260*l*. to 310*l*.; E. M. Morgan, 260*l*. to 310*l*.; and C. C. Dowding, 195*l*. to 245*l*.
Agricultural Assistants, Indrobaharry, 130*l*. to 180*l*.; H. B. France, 130*l*. to 180*l*.; H. A. Cole, 130*l*. to 180*l*.

Militia.

Commandant, Colonel W. E. H. Bradburn.
Staff Officer, Local Forces, Capt. W. L. Tolpitt, M.C., The Prince of Wales' Volunteers.
Bandmaster, Militia, Capt. A. Fawcett, 437*l*. 10s. and quarters.

Local Government Board.

Chairman, P. J. Kelly, M.B., Ch.B., Surgeon-General (acting).
Deputy Chairman, J. Mullin, A.I.M.M., Commissioner of Lands and Mines (acting).
Members—
The Director of Public Works.
The Government Medical Officer of Health.
S. M. de Freitas.
A. E. Seeram.
H. L. Humphrys.
H. Aaron Britton, President Village Chairmen's Conference.
J. J. Da Silva.
Inspector of Districts, L. M. Nightingale, 500*l*. to 700*l*.
Secretary to the Board, E. S. Christiani, 500*l*. to 600*l*.

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Prisons.

Inspector of Prisons, N. W. King, 600*l.*
Accountant and Clerk, W. E. Stewart, 260*l.* to 310*l.*
Superintendent, Georgetown Gaol, R. C. Pook, 390*l.*
Chief Warder, R. A. Crouch, 195*l.*
Keeper of the New Amsterdam Gaol, A. J. Hercules, 195*l.* by 10*l.* to 245*l.*

H.M. Penal Settlement, Mazaruni.

Superintendent of the Penal Settlement, N. W. King, see above (paid as *Inspector of Prisons*).
Assistant ditto, J. F. Burton, 325*l.*
Chaplain, Rev. J. W. Papworth, 325*l.*
Storekeeper, T. N. Daniels, 195*l.*
Principal Warder, A. Thomas, 195*l.* by 10*l.* to 245*l.*

Judicial.

Chief Justice, Sir Anthony de Freitas, Kt., O.B.E., 1,800*l.*
Puisne Judge, W. J. Douglass, 1,450*l.*
Puisne Judge, W. J. Gilchrist, 1,200*l.*
Registrar, W. A. Parker, 900*l.*
Chief Clerk and Sworn Clerk and Notary Public, C. A. Campbell, 563*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to 630*l.*
Accountant, B. O. Smith, 480*l.* to 580*l.*
1st Class Clerks and Sworn Clerks and Notaries Public, H. L. Franck and G. H. Westmaas, 425*l.* to 575*l.*

Assistant Sworn Clerks:

2nd Class Clerk, J. B. Sharples, 325*l.* to 375*l.*, with duty allowance of 50*l.*; *3rd Class Clerks*, J. H. Nathoo, 260*l.* to 310*l.* (with duty allowance of 75*l.*), H. F. Earl, 260*l.* to 310*l.*; *4th Class Clerks*, W. Harrison, P. Ramotar (with risk allowance of 20*l.*), J. F. Todd, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

First Marshal, J. D. Rohee, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

District Stipendiary Magistrates, W. J. Gilchrist, C. H. E. Legge, H. T. King, N. G. Ruggles, Capt. J. P. Coghlan, R. T. Egg, 675*l.* to 775*l.*; J. H. S. McCowan, 575*l.* to 675*l.*; Dr. W. E. Roth, 630*l.*; Capt. P. E. F. Cressall, M.C., 675*l.*; E. H. King*, 580*l.*

Clerks, J. R. R. Muss, E. N. Edwards, Badris Nauth, 260*l.* to 310*l.* each; E. S. W. Sealy, D. P. Debidini, 195*l.* to 245*l.* each; J. T. Roberts, A. McL. Thorn, 130*l.* to 180*l.* each; T. H. Barton, 80*l.* to 130*l.*

Law Officers.

Attorney-General, Hector Josepha, K.C., 1,400*l.* to 1,600*l.*
Clerk to Attorney-General, C. J. H. King, 375*l.* to 475*l.*
6th Class Clerk, Miss E. M. Kelly, 130*l.*
Assistant to the Attorney-General, B. F. King, 480*l.* to 580*l.*, with private practice.
Crown Solicitor, P. W. King.

Stipendiary Magistrates in Georgetown.

R. T. Egg and C. H. E. Legge, 675*l.* to 775*l.*, and a duty allowance of 100*l.*
Clerks, E. A. H. Campbell, 260*l.* to 310*l.*; S. W. Cole, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

* Also Commissioner, North Western District.

North Western District.

Commissioner, A. W. B. Long, 500*l.* and house.
4th Class Clerk, E. S. W. Sealy, 245*l.* and service allowance 30*l.*

Official Receiver and Public Trustee's Department.

Official Receiver, Public Trustee and Crown Solicitor, P. W. King, 880*l.*
First Class Clerk, J. A. Skerrett, 375*l.* to 475*l.*
Third Class Clerk, A. J. Gaskin, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

Department of Science and Agriculture.

Director and Director of Science and Agriculture. Prof. J. Sydney Dash, B.S.H., 1,200*l.*, and 41*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* travelling allowance.

Government Analyst and Assistant Director, W. Francis, F.I.C., 660*l.* to 760*l.*, and 21*l.* travelling allowance. Duty allowance, 100*l.*

Superintendent Botanic Gardens and Agricultural Stations (vacant).

Assistant Botanist and Mycologist, R. A. Alston, A.R.C.S., B.Sc., 400*l.* to 500*l.*

First Assistant Analyst, L. S. Davis, 375*l.* to 425*l.*

Second Assistant Analyst, N. Newsam, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Horticultural Superintendent, A. A. Abraham, 325*l.* to 375*l.*

Economic Biologist, L. D. Cleare, junr., F.L.S., F.E.S., 480*l.* to 580*l.*; 83*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* travelling allowance.

Veterinary Surgeon (vacant).

Scientific Assistant, C. L. O. Bourne, 325*l.* to 375*l.*, and *Editor, Journal Board of Agriculture*, 50*l.*

Clerk, and Secretary Board of Agriculture, E. M. Peterkin, 325*l.* to 375*l.* and personal allowance 50*l.*

Assistant Clerk, J. A. V. Bourne, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Agricultural Instructors, W. H. Matthews, 260*l.* to 310*l.*; E. M. Morgan, 260*l.* to 310*l.*; and C. C. Dowding, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Agricultural Assistants, Indrobeharry, 130*l.* to 180*l.*; H. B. France, 130*l.* to 180*l.*; H. A. Cole, 130*l.* to 180*l.*

Militia.

Commandant, Colonel W. E. H. Bradburn.

Staff Officer, Local Forces, Capt. W. L. Tolputt, M.C., The Prince of Wales' Volunteers.

Bandmaster, Militia, Capt. A. Fawcett, 437*l.* 10*s.*, and quarters.

Local Government Board.

Chairman, P. J. Kelly, M.B., Ch.B., Surgeon-General (acting).

Deputy Chairman, J. Mullin, A.I.M.M., Commissioner of Lands and Mines (acting).

Members—

The Director of Public Works.

The Government Medical Officer of Health.

S. M. de Freitas.

A. E. Seeram.

H. L. Humphrys.

H. Aaron Britton, President Village Chairmen's Conference.

J. J. Da Silva.

Inspector of Districts, L. M. Nightingale, 500*l.* to 700*l.*

Secretary to the Board, E. S. Christiani, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

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Senior Assistant Inspector of Districts, O. T. Henderson, 375*l.* to 475*l.*
Assistant Inspectors of Districts, E. McWatt, R. Thomson and W. Roberts, 325*l.* to 375*l.*
Third Class Clerk (vacant), 260*l.* to 310*l.*
Fourth " " J. S. Talbot, 195*l.* to 245*l.*

Co-operative Societies Department.
Director, G. L. B. Gall, 600*l.* to 700*l.*
3rd Class Clerk, W. G. Delph, 260*l.* to 310*l.*

Public Health Department.

Government Medical Officer of Health, R. O. Sibley, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.D., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H., 900*l.*

Assistant Government Medical Officer of Health (acting), B. N. V. Bailey, M.B., Ch.B., 600*l.* to 750*l.*

3 *County Sanitary Inspectors, Class I*, F. E. Levermore, Demerara; M. Nairn, Berbice; F. J. July, Essequibo, 325*l.* to 375*l.*, and each house allowance, 62*l.* 10*s.* or house provided.
 4 *Sanitary Inspectors, Class II*, 195*l.* to 245*l.*
 21 *Sanitary Inspectors, Class III*, 130*l.* to 155*l.*

Ecclesiastical Establishments (Church of England).

Bishop, The Right Rev. Oswald Parry, D.D.
Registrar, Canon O. Haydock Wilson.
Grant to Church, 2,565*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*

Missionary purposes to Aboriginal Indians and Coolies.

Missionary purposes to Pomeroon Indians, 340*l.*
 " " *Essequibo Indians*, 340*l.*
 " " *Potaro Indians* ... 170*l.*
 " " *North West District*, 340*l.*
 " " *East Indian Coolies*, 255*l.*
 " " *Rupununi Indians*, 340*l.*
 " " *Bishop of Guiana*, 255*l.*
 " " *Duffryn, Essequibo*, 25*l.*

Church of Scotland.

Minister of St. Andrew's Parish, Rev. A. E. Dyett.
Grant to Church, 623*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*
Grant in aid of Supenaam Mission, 287*l.* 10*s.*

Roman Catholic Church.

Bishop, The Right Rev. C. T. Galton, 556*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* for support of the Church.
Missionary purposes, North Western District, 340*l.*

Wesleyan Missionary Society.

Superintendent of British Guiana Branch, Rev. J. B. Brindley, 354*l.* 3*s.* for support of this Mission.

Foreign Consuls.

United States of America, Wilbert L. Bonney; Vice-Consul, Paul E. Manheim.
France, Louis Adrien Gaussen (resides in Trinidad). Consular Agent, C. Psaila.
Sweden, M. B. G. Austin.
Norway, Jorgen Brumelhorst, Consul-General at Havana, Hony. Consul, F. A. Mackey.
Spain, S. Psaila (acting), Honorary Vice-Consul.
Portugal, Consul, J. De B. F. de Silva. S. S. de Freitas, Vice-Consul.
The Netherlands, E. M. Walcott, Jules Pairaud, Vice-Consul.
Republic of Venezuela, A. P. Camisuli.
Brazil, Jorge Camacho (acting).

Belgium, Monsieur H. Rothé (Belgium Charge d'Affaires at Caracas); R. Genar (acting in Georgetown).

Italy (Jurisdiction added to the Consulate at Trinidad).

Denmark, E. M. Walcott.

Dominican Republic, Honorary Consul, Alphonse Paul Camisuli.

Latvia, Gabriel Descamps (resides in Trinidad with jurisdiction over British Guiana). Vice-Consul, S. Psaila.

*BRITISH HONDURAS.

Situation and Area.

British Honduras is a Colony on the east coast of Central America, bounded on the north by Yucatan, on the west by a straight line drawn from the rapids of Gracias a Dios on the River Sarstoon, to Garbutt's Falls on the River Belize, and thence due north to the Mexican frontier, on the south by Guatemala, and on the east by the Bay of Honduras. It lies between 18° 29' and 15° 54' N. latitude and 89° 15' and 87° 50' W. longitude.

The area of the Colony is 8,598 square miles, about the size of Wales, including Albion Island in the River Hondo (about 26 square miles), and Ambergris, St. George's, English, Turneffe and other Cays (Islands), 212 square miles, a large portion of the latter being mangrove swamps without any soil. It is estimated that about 155 square miles are under cultivation.

History.

The coast was discovered in 1502 by Columbus, and its early settlement is supposed to have been effected from Jamaica, about 1638, by adventurers, who were attracted by the logwood which grew on the banks of the Hondo and other rivers. Their headquarters were long at St. George's Cay. The name of the present chief town and of the River Belize is alleged to be a corruption of the name of the buccaneer Wallis, who was driven from Hispaniola in that year, and who is said to have been the leader of the settlers. The Spaniards frequently endeavoured to expel the logcutters; but, though they succeeded in driving them from the northern coast of Yucatan about 1717, they failed to dislodge them from the eastern coast.

An earlier settlement had been made by a chartered company, of which the Earl of Warwick was chairman and John Pym treasurer, on two small islands off the Mosquito coast, in 1630. The Mosquito natives were very friendly to the English settlers, and their king, shortly after the conquest of Jamaica, placed himself under English protection, and the Governors of Jamaica exercised a sort of supervision over the affairs of the settlement. In 1739 the native king made a treaty resigning his country to Great Britain, and forts were built in 1742 at the Island of Ruatan, and at Black River on the mainland. Ruatan was abandoned in 1749, but at the same time an officer was formally appointed by the Government of Jamaica to superintend the settlements on the Mosquito Coast. As a result of the treaty of Paris in 1763, the forts were dismantled and the garrisons withdrawn. The settlers remained,

* See under the Windward Islands for general map of the West Indies.

however, and from that date until 1798, when the last attempt to establish the sovereignty of Spain over the territory was defeated by the inhabitants in the "Battle of St. George's Cay," the Spaniards made frequent but ineffectual attempts to expel the woodcutters by force of arms. By the Treaty of Versailles of 1783, Spain recognised a district (within what is now British Honduras) within which the British logcutters might work without interference; and by the Convention of London signed in 1786, it was agreed that the British Colonists should evacuate the Mosquito Coast and the adjacent islands. In spite of these treaties, many of the settlers remained outside the agreed limits; and it was not until the treaties of 1859 with the Republic of Honduras and 1860 with Nicaragua that the Bay Islands and the Mosquito Coast were finally recognised as belonging to those States, Nicaragua agreeing to allow the Mosquito Indians autonomy in the Reserve which was assigned to them.

The only other events of external significance which need here be noticed, are the definition, as above, of the boundaries of the Colony (of which a survey has been partially executed); and the frequent border troubles, connected with the revolt in 1849 of the Indian population of Yucatan against the Spanish inhabitants, the result of which was that the Indians were in possession of the country to a considerable distance north of the Hondo until 1901, when the Mexicans subjugated them. Occasional incursions into the Colony were made from time to time by the Indians, the last being in 1872, by the Icaiché tribe on the N.W. frontier.

Constitution.

The first settlers from 1638 to 1786 managed their own affairs. Persons were annually elected to act as Magistrates at public meetings held for the purpose. These Magistrates discharged all executive and judicial functions. Resolutions were passed at public meetings, and they formed the laws binding on the community. In 1765 these customs were formally recognised by the King's Government, after the visit of Admiral Sir William Burnaby to the settlement in that year. The customs of the settlers were codified and published, and became known as "Burnaby's Laws."

In 1786 a Superintendent was appointed by the Home Government, but during the years 1790-1797 elected Magistrates again ruled the settlements. From this latter date Superintendents were regularly appointed until 1862. An Executive Council was established in 1839 to assist the Superintendent, and in 1853 a Legislative Assembly was formally constituted, consisting of 18 elected and 3 nominated members. The settlement was declared a Colony on the 12th May, 1862, and a Lieutenant-Governor was appointed subordinate to the Governor of Jamaica. In 1870 the Legislative Assembly was abolished by a local enactment, and a Legislative Council substituted therefor, consisting of five official, and not less than four unofficial, members, with the Lieutenant-Governor as President. Since 1913 the Council contains five official and seven unofficial members. On the 31st October, 1884, Letters Patent were proclaimed constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief, which rendered the Colony independent of Jamaica. These were renewed by Letters Patent proclaimed on the 10th September, 1909.

The English Common Law and all statutes of the Imperial Parliament "in abrogation or derogation or in any way declaratory of the Common

Law passed before 1899 extend to the Colony as far as local circumstances render such extension suitable, and subject to modification by Colonial ordinances. Pursuant to Ordinance No. 31 of 1923, a new and revised edition of the Laws of this Colony has been published in two volumes. This edition, referred to as "The Consolidated Laws, 1924," came into force on the 4th February, 1925, and supersedes the revised edition published in 1915 and all ordinances passed before July, 1924. Appeals to His Majesty in Council are regulated by Chapter 155 of the Consolidated Laws, 1924.

The Executive Council consists of the Governor, and six members, three of whom are *ex officio*, the other three being appointed members.

For administrative purposes the Colony is divided into six districts—Belize, which includes the capital at the mouth of the river of the same name; the Corosal district; the Orange Walk district; the Cayo district; the Stann Creek district; and the Toledo district, the main station of which is Punta Gorda.

General Description.

In its physical outlines the Colony resembles other parts of Central America, the land being flat and swampy throughout the greater portion of the coast line, and gradually rising as the interior is approached. The characteristic soils of the Colony are known as Cahoon ridge (the vegetable alluvium along the river valleys), the Pine ridge (sandy tracts covered with pines, scrub, and wiry grass), and Broken ridge (intermediate between these two). Besides these there are swamp, savannah, and mountain.

The chief rivers are in the north of the Colony, and run in a north-easterly direction, the Belize reaching the sea on the east, and the Hondo and the New River on the north.

The northern district, of which the Hondo forms the natural boundary, is but little raised above the sea; but towards the south the character of the country becomes more elevated, until in the Cockcomb Mountains a height of some 4,000 feet is attained. That district of the Colony remained until 1879 wholly unexplored, when it was traversed by the then Colonial Secretary, Mr. Fowler, from Garbutt's Falls on the Belize River, at the western frontier, to the sea coast south of Deep River. The country proved to be a succession of valleys and hills, from 1,200 to 3,000 feet above sea level. The westerly portion was an open undulating grassy country, forming magnificent pasturage lands. Towards the coast it was all forest, full of valuable timber. No inhabitants were seen, but ancient Indian ruins, consisting of large stone buildings, were discovered. The soil generally was rich, but a few rugged spots were encountered. Some fine gold-bearing quartz veins were discovered, and other indications of minerals were noticed.

In 1888 Governor Sir R. Goldsworthy, with an exploring party, ascended the Cockcomb Mountains.

Industry.

For more than 200 years the Colony has subsisted mainly on the natural resources of its forests. In 1926, the percentage values of exports of domestic produce were forest produce 84, agricultural produce 14, and marine produce 2. A Forest Department has been in existence since 1922, and its finance is administered by a Forest Trust established for that purpose.

The chief items of export in 1926 were as follows:—Mahogany, 18,745,537 superficial feet; cedar, 292,741 superficial feet; secondary woods, 517,810 superficial feet; pine lumber, 422,318 superficial feet; chicle, 3,206,171 lbs.; rosewood, 76 tons; logwood, 667 tons; cocoanuts, 5,512,560 nuts; copra, 1,489,221 lbs.; bananas, 161,281 bunches; plantains, 998,400; grape fruit, 318,432; canned rock lobster, 2,282 cases; tortoiseshell, 3,187 lbs.

Belize is a port of registry, and there were registered on 31st December, 1926, 219 vessels aggregating 2,098 tons net.

The imports consist mainly of cotton goods and hardware, malt liquors, spirits, refined sugar, tea, tobacco, wines, provisions and specie. The commercial intercourse is mainly with the United States, Great Britain and Canada.

Communications.

The easiest communication is by water along the coast. There is regular communication once a week alternately with New Orleans and Mobile, weekly with Puerto Barrios and Puerto Cortes, monthly with New York and with Liverpool and Colon. There is also a tri-weekly mail and passenger service by the Canadian Government Merchant Marine with Jamaica, Bermuda, Bahamas and Canada. The usual length of the journey between England and British Honduras is 16 days, *via* the United States and about 21 days *via* Jamaica. Telegraphic communication with Europe is maintained by a land line to Consejo on the Hondo River, which connects, by a cable across the Hondo, with the Mexican Telegraph System through Payo Obispo in Yucatan (1911); and by radio-telegraphic communication with New Orleans (1916).

A telegraph and telephone line has also been constructed from Belize to the most southerly town of Punta Gorda, and another from Belize to the Cayo. A Radio-telegraph Station is situated in Belize.

A short railway leads from the town of Stann Creek, 25 miles inland, the first section of which was opened towards the end of 1908, and the second section in March, 1909. The line was practically completed in 1910, but extraordinary floods in 1911 carried away a couple of bridges, and did other damage, which have been replaced.

Rates of Postage.

	Letters.	Newspapers
Within the Colony	per 2 ozs. 2 cents, and 1 cent. for each subsequent oz. or fraction of an oz.	1 cent per 4 oz.
To Canada and the B.W.I. generally	per oz. or fraction, 2 cents.	1 cent. per 2 oz.
To the United Kingdom, British Possessions (except as above), Egypt and United States	per oz. 4 cents. and for every subsequent oz. or fraction of an oz., 2 cents.	1 cent. per 2 oz.
Elsewhere . . .	5 cents for first oz. and 3 cents for each subsequent oz. or fraction of an oz.	1 cent per 2 oz.

Climate.

Though situated within the tropics, the climate is sub-tropical in character. The maximum shade temperature is 90°, the minimum 62°. The dew point in Belize, a seaport, is relatively high. Sea breezes prevail for the greater part of the year. The average rainfall during the past twenty years has been 81.48 inches per annum. From the middle of February to the middle of May is the dry season. For the rest of the year there is rain to some extent during every month, the heaviest rainfall being in the months of September, October and November, during which months about one-third of the total rain occurs.

Currency and Banking.

By Ordinance No. 31 of 1894, the currency was established on a gold basis, the United States gold dollar being adopted as the standard coin. Gold coins of the United States Mint are legal tender for the amounts of their respective denominations in standard dollars; also the British sovereign and half-sovereign for the amounts of \$4.867 and \$2.433 respectively. There is a local subsidiary currency of 50 cent, 25 cent, 10 cent, and 5 cent silver pieces, and a Government note issue of the following denominations: 1, 2, 5 and 10 dollars; a nickel bronze 5 cent piece and a bronze cent piece are also current. The legal tender in silver is unlimited, and in nickel or bronze, 50 cents. The Government Savings Bank, established in 1846 at Belize (with branches at Corozal, Orange Walk, Stann Creek, Punta Gorda and the Cayo), had, on 31st March, 1927, \$177,255.58.

On the 14th October, 1912, The Bank of British Honduras, Ltd., was bought over as a going concern by the Royal Bank of Canada. Banking business of every character is conducted.

Education.

The schools, both Secondary and Primary, are, with one or two exceptions, denominational. With few exceptions, all Primary schools are inspected and aided by the Colonial Government. Seventy-one received aid in 1926, to the extent of \$61,159, with 6,768 scholars on the roll, and 5,028 average attendance. The total cost of Primary education for the year was \$66,077.

The total number of pupils on the roll in all the schools was about 8,012, with an average attendance of 6,067.

A law "To provide for Compulsory Education in certain cases" was passed in January, 1915. It was intended chiefly for Indian towns and villages, but its scope has since been extended so as to include practically all school areas.

Population.

The population of the several Districts of the Colony, based on the census taken on the 24th April, 1921, was:

Belize District	...	...	17,398
Corozal District	...	...	6,756
Orange Walk District	...	...	5,607
Stann Creek District	...	...	4,850
Toledo District	...	...	5,242
Cayo District	...	...	5,464
Total	...	...	45,317

Of the total population 39,734 were, at the date of the 1921 census, British subjects. Of this number, 279 were born in the United Kingdom.

There were 167 Americans, of whom 155 were born in the United States, and 1,348 Mexicans who were all born in Mexico.

Population of towns at census of 1921: Belize, 12,661; Corozal, 2,079; Orange Walk, 1,175; Stann Creek, 2,577; Mullins River, 348; Punta Gorda, 926; Monkey River, 424; El Cayo, 1,237; Benque Viejo, 1,097.

FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.		
Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	\$	\$	(Calendar years).	
1917-18	676,227	675,235	75,394	696,987
1918-19	721,233	670,737	76,182	322,490
1919-20	1,065,622	981,816	83,066	304,541
1920-21	1,129,932	928,817	111,968	533,202
1921-22	1,105,207	1,410,780	154,848	479,447
1922-23	1,137,529	1,093,915	158,370	515,850
1923-24	1,093,149	1,203,220	170,235	536,931
1924-25	938,969	920,998	133,096	592,602
1925-26	996,287	970,497	275,774	643,163
1926-27	1,116,432	1,040,490	220,789	635,901

IMPORTS.				
Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1917	390,369	14,690	2,388,714	2,793,773
1918	355,215	44,970	3,165,231	3,565,416
1919	405,017	123,897	4,166,307	4,695,216
1920	867,666	168,085	4,850,990	5,876,711
1921	502,846	191,520	2,648,766	3,343,132
1922	667,412	233,403	2,389,587	3,290,402
1923	919,915	417,025	2,699,748	4,036,688
1924	726,375	498,848	2,669,058	3,894,281
1925	776,531	588,947	3,149,643	4,515,121
1926	858,149	630,421	3,577,093	5,065,663

EXPORTS.				
Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1917	179,827	—	2,623,140	2,802,967
1918	11,902	—	3,656,755	3,668,657
1919	667,880	—	3,780,929	4,448,809
1920	750,606	—	4,295,065	5,045,671
1921	491,381	14,390	2,539,688	3,045,459
1922	441,381	104,681	2,271,535	2,817,597
1923	328,924	338,669	2,529,291	3,196,884
1924	269,345	200,829	2,877,570	3,337,744
1925	417,332	48,102	3,110,585	3,576,018
1926	245,502	209,200	3,474,088	3,928,790

Public Debt, \$327,559.

Governors.*

- 1899 Colonel Sir David Wilson, K.C.M.G.
 1904 Sir E. B. Sweet-Escott, K.C.M.G.
 1906 Col. Sir E. J. E. Swayne, K.C.M.G., C.B.
 1913 Sir Wilfred Collet, K.C.M.G.
 1918 W. Hart Bennett, C.M.G.
 1919 Sir Eyre Huteon, K.C.M.G.
 1925 Major Sir J. A. Burdon, K.B.E., C.M.G.

* For Governors previous to 1899, see Edition for 1904.

Executive Council.

The Governor.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 The Attorney-General.
 The Treasurer.
 Lt.-Col. J. Cran, O.B.E., V.D.
 S. Cuthbert.
 A. R. Usher, M.B.E.

Clerk, E. A. Baber.

Legislative Council.

President, The Governor.
Official Members—The Colonial Secretary; The Attorney-General; The Treasurer; Lt.-Col. J. Cran, O.B.E., V.D., H. C. Carter, M.C.
Unofficial Members—A. R. Usher, M.B.E.; V. L. Bryant; Rev. R. Cleghorn; C. Hummel; A. J. Hunter; H. Melhado; E. J. Hofus.
 Clerk, E. O. B. Barrow.

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Major Sir J. A. Burdon, K.B.E., C.M.G., \$9,720 and \$600 duty allowance.
 Private Secretary, A. H. Anderson, \$1,230.

Colonial Secretary's Department.

Colonial Secretary, E. W. Evans.
 Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk of the Executive Council, E. A. Baber, \$2,000 to \$2,400.
 Senior Clerk and Clerk of the Legislative Council, E. O. B. Barrow, \$1,200 to \$1,590.
 1st Class Clerk, R. E. Gabourel, \$850 to \$1,230.
 2nd Class Clerk, W. Harrison Courtenay, \$690 to \$906.
 Govt. Printer, J. P. O'Neill, \$2,430.
 General Overseer, W. G. Waterman, \$2,250.

Treasury and Savings Bank Department.

Treasurer, G. S. W. Smith, \$3,402.
 Cashier, W. M. McField, \$1,230 to \$1,590; personal \$300.
 Accountant, H. E. Westby, \$1,230 to \$1,590.
 1st Class Clerks, M. M. Mitchell, W. S. Lealie, \$850 to \$1,230.
 2nd Class Clerk, R. A. Pitts, \$650 to \$950.

Internal Revenue Branch.

Internal Revenue Officer, M. S. Metzgen, \$1,900 to \$2,400.
 Assistant Internal Revenue Officer, R. H. Kyles, \$1,230 to \$1,590.
 2nd Assistant Internal Revenue Officer, L. J. Marchand, \$1,230.
 2nd Class Clerk, A. E. Vello, \$650 to \$950.

Customs and Excise Department.

Collector of Customs and Harbour Master, V. Grey-Wilson, \$2,430, personal \$400.
 First Customs and Excise Officer, R. K. Masson, \$1,500 to \$1,800.
 Customs and Excise Officers, Senior: A. Alcocker, L. C. Sawers, R. J. Gabourel, \$1,230 to \$1,590 each; 1st grade: E. Yasguirre E. L. McG. Arthur, \$942 to \$1,230 each; 2nd grade: E. P. Bradley, \$750 to \$1,050; T. J. Hudson, S. E. Hulse, D. E. Bradley, P. M. Ewing, \$690 to \$906 each; 3rd grade: S. R. Vasquez, \$550 to \$850; C. R. W. Usher, H. O. E. Longworth, B. I. Smith, 1 vacant, \$504 to \$866.

Post Office Department.

Colonial Postmaster, H. W. Beaumont, \$1,800 to \$2,400.
1st Class Clerk, A. T. Smith, \$850 to \$1,230.
2nd Class Clerk, Allan Warner, \$650 to \$950.

Telephone and Telegraph Department.

Electrical Engineer and Superintendent, Morton Cuthbert, \$2,000 to \$2,400.
Foreman, C. Anderson, \$1,000 to \$1,300.
Wireman, H. Smith, \$890.
Inspectors, J. Gabourel, J. Scott, R. Westby, \$702 each.
Linemen, J. Walker, I. S. Hall, \$652.
Operators, Mrs. D. Wolffsohn, Miss D. Cervantes, \$652.
Superintendent, Radio Telegraph Department, L. H. J. Bouchier, \$1,500 to \$1,800, and quarters.
Wireless Operators, R. A. Gill, \$990; D. A. Fairweather, \$990; W. Elliot, \$726.
Engineer, D. Naverette, \$670 to \$906.

Judicial Department.

Chief Justice, Sir Herbert K. McD. Sissett, Kt., \$6,000.
Attorney-General, F. P. Genève \$3,402, without private practice.
1st Class Clerk, A. O. Longworth, \$850 to \$1,230.
Registrar-General, F. C. P. Bowen, \$1,800.
Clerk, J. Hunter, \$850 to \$1,230.
2nd Class Clerk, J. N. Meighan, \$690 to \$906.

District Commissioners.

Belize C. M. Murray-Aynsley, \$2,916 (*Official Administrator and Official Receiver in Bankruptcy*).
2nd Class Clerk, C. J. Benguche, \$650 to \$950.
Bailiff, District Court, A. H. Gordon, \$450 to \$752.
Corozal, D. Q. Blakely, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance, \$300.
Clerk and Interpreter, A. Majarrez, \$850 to \$1,230.
Orange Walk, B. Wyatt, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance \$200.
Clerk and Interpreter, S. Alpuhe, \$650 to \$900.
Stann Creek District, T. V. Maccall, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance \$300.
2nd Class Clerk, E. N. Trapp, \$690 to \$906.
Toledo District, J. Taylor, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance, \$200.
Clerk and Interpreter, R. M. Bautista, \$450 to \$700.
Cayo District, P. E. Matthews, M.B.E., \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, duty allowance, \$400.
Clerk and Interpreter, I. E. Lewis, \$650 to \$950, duty allowance, \$150.

Audit.

Auditor, E. M. Tibbitt, \$2,041.20 to \$2,430.
1st Class Clerks, M. M. Tennyson, J. Pepitune, \$850 to \$1,230.
2nd Class Clerk, A. B. Tingling, \$650 to \$950.
2nd Class Clerk, S. Tench, \$690 to \$906.

Education.

Inspector of Schools, A. B. Dillon, \$1,600 to \$2,000; personal \$400.
Assistant Inspector, T. E. Anderson, \$1,230 to \$1,590; personal \$200.

Lands.

Surveyor-General, F. W. Brunton, \$3,888.
Surveyor, L. E. Williams, \$2,680.
Surveyor, A. N. Wolffsohn, \$2,430.
Surveyor, G. S. Busby, \$1,600 to \$1,900.
Draughtsman, G. A. Elliott, \$1,800.
Inspector of Crown Lands, (temporary), S. P. Arnold, \$1,050.
1st Class Clerk, D. Rosado, \$850 to \$1,230.
Tracer, I. Hulse, \$650 to \$950.

Forest Trust.

Chairman, His Excellency the Governor.
Official Members, Colonial Secretary; Conservator of Forests; F. W. Brunton.
Unofficial Members, C. Hummel, O.B.E.; E. J. Hofius.
Secretary, R. C. Gallego, \$120.

Forest Department.

Conservator of Forests, J. N. Oliphant, M.B.E., \$5,760, house allowance \$360.
Deputy Conservator of Forests, D. Stevenson, 500l. by 20l., to 580l., 625l. by 25l. to 750l., 780l. by 30l. to 900l.
Assistant Conservators of Forests, N. S. Stevenson, Capt. H. M. Heyder, M.C., J. B. Aitken, G. H. Donald, J. B. Kinloch, 500l. by 20l. to 580l., 625l. by 25l. to 750l., 780l. by 30l. to 900l.
Chief Clerk, R. C. Gallego, 1,230l.
Forest Rangers, M. O. Hope, \$840; H. G. Nether-sole, \$840; A. Dawson \$660l.; M. A. Balderamos, \$600; J. A. Burns, \$600.

Stann Creek Railway.

Superintendent, G. W. E. Francis, \$1,800 to \$2,000, personal \$300.

Public Works, etc.

Director of Public Works, H. C. Carter, M.C., M.E.I. (Can.), \$3,402.
Clerk of Works, W. A. Campbell, \$1,800.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, H. E. C. Cain, \$1,230 to \$1,590.
2nd Class Clerk, I. Russell, \$650 to \$950.

Medical.

Principal Medical Officer, Lt.-Col. J. Cran, O.B.E., V.D., \$4,008 to \$4,128, quarters.
 † *Assistant Medical Officers*, G. H. Lewis, C. S. Harwood (acting), T. Patterson, J. E. Hoare, W. A. S. George, W. Johnson, \$2,430 to \$3,150.
Matron, Miss L. M. Roberts, \$1,000 to \$1,200, quarters, uniform, and free board and lodging.

Central Board of Health.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Clerk to Board, J. H. Peach, \$2,400.

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, Belize J. A. Nisbet, V.D., \$1,600 to \$1,800, and quarters.
2nd Class Clerk, H. K. Smith, \$650 to \$950.

† Allowed but not entitled to private practice.

There were 167 Americans, of whom 155 were born in the United States, and 1,348 Mexicans who were all born in Mexico.

Population of towns at census of 1921: Belize, 12,661; Corosal, 2,079; Orange Walk, 1,175; Stann Creek, 2,577; Mullins River, 348; Punta Gorda, 926; Monkey River, 424; El Cayo, 1,237; Benque Viejo, 1,097.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	\$	\$	(Calendar years).	
1917-18	676,227	675,235	75,394	696,987
1918-19	721,233	670,737	76,182	322,490
1919-20	1,065,622	981,816	83,066	304,541
1920-21	1,129,932	928,817	111,968	533,202
1921-22	1,105,207	1,410,780	154,848	479,447
1922-23	1,137,529	1,098,915	158,370	515,850
1923-24	1,093,149	1,203,220	170,235	536,931
1924-25	938,969	920,998	133,096	592,602
1925-26	996,287	970,497	275,774	643,163
1926-27	1,116,432	1,040,490	220,789	635,901

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1917	390,369	14,690	2,388,714	2,793,773
1918	355,215	44,970	3,165,231	3,565,416
1919	405,017	123,897	4,166,307	4,695,216
1920	857,656	168,085	4,850,990	5,876,711
1921	502,846	191,520	2,648,766	3,343,132
1922	667,412	233,403	2,389,587	3,290,402
1923	919,915	417,025	2,699,748	4,036,688
1924	726,375	498,848	2,669,058	3,894,281
1925	776,531	588,947	3,149,643	4,515,121
1926	858,149	630,421	3,577,093	5,065,663

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1917	179,827	—	2,623,140	2,802,967
1918	11,902	—	3,656,755	3,668,657
1919	667,890	—	3,780,929	4,448,809
1920	750,606	—	4,295,065	5,045,671
1921	491,381	14,390	2,539,688	3,045,459
1922	441,381	104,681	2,271,535	2,817,597
1923	328,924	338,669	2,529,291	3,196,884
1924	259,345	200,829	2,877,570	3,337,744
1925	417,332	48,102	3,110,585	3,576,018
1926	245,502	209,200	3,474,088	3,928,790

Public Debt, \$327,559.

Governors.*

- 1899 Colonel Sir David Wilson, K.C.M.G.
 1904 Sir E. B. Sweet-Escott, K.C.M.G.
 1906 Col. Sir E. J. E. Swayne, K.C.M.G., C.B.
 1913 Sir Wilfred Collet, K.C.M.G.
 1918 W. Hart Bennett, C.M.G.
 1919 Sir Eyre Hutson, K.C.M.G.
 1925 Major Sir J. A. Burdon, K.B.E., C.M.G.

* For Governors previous to 1899, see Edition for 1904.

Executive Council.

The Governor.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 The Attorney-General.
 The Treasurer.
 Lt.-Col. J. Cran, O.B.E., V.D.
 S. Cuthbert.
 A. R. Usher, M.B.E.

Clerk, E. A. Baber.

Legislative Council.

President, The Governor.
Official Members—The Colonial Secretary; The Attorney-General; The Treasurer; Lt.-Col. J. Cran, O.B.E., V.D., H. C. Carter, M.C.
Unofficial Members—A. R. Usher, M.B.E.; V. L. Bryant; Rev. R. Cleghorn; C. Hummel; A. J. Hunter; H. Melhado; E. J. Hofus.
 Clerk, E. O. B. Barrow.

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Major Sir J. A. Burdon, K.B.E., C.M.G., \$9,720 and \$600 duty allowance.
 Private Secretary, A. H. Anderson, \$1,230.

Colonial Secretary's Department.

Colonial Secretary, E. W. Evans.
 Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk of the Executive Council, E. A. Baber, \$2,000 to \$2,400.
 Senior Clerk and Clerk of the Legislative Council, E. O. B. Barrow, \$1,200 to \$1,590.
 1st Class Clerk, R. E. Gabourel, \$850 to \$1,230.
 2nd Class Clerk, W. Harrison Courtenay, \$690 to \$906.
 Govt. Printer, J. P. O'Neill, \$2,430.
 General Overseer, W. G. Waterman, \$2,250.

Treasury and Savings Bank Department.

Treasurer.
 Treasurer, G. S. W. Smith, \$3,402.
 Cashier, W. M. McField, \$1,230 to \$1,590; personal \$300.
 Accountant, H. E. Westby, \$1,230 to \$1,590.
 1st Class Clerks, M. M. Mitchell, W. S. Lealie, \$850 to \$1,230.
 2nd Class Clerk, R. A. Pitts, \$650 to \$950.

Internal Revenue Branch.

Internal Revenue Officer, M. S. Metzgen, \$1,900 to \$2,400.
 Assistant Internal Revenue Officer, R. H. Kyles, \$1,230 to \$1,590.
 2nd Assistant Internal Revenue Officer, L. J. Marchand, \$1,230.
 2nd Class Clerk, A. E. Vellos, \$650 to \$950.

Customs and Excise Department.

Collector of Customs and Harbour Master, V. Grey-Wilson, \$2,430, personal \$400.
 First Customs and Excise Officer, R. K. Masson, \$1,500 to \$1,800.
 Customs and Excise Officers, Senior: A. Alooser, L. C. Sawers, R. J. Gabourel, \$1,230 to \$1,590 each; 1st grade: E. Yasaguirre E. L. McG. Arthur, \$942 to \$1,230 each; 2nd grade: K. P. Bradley, \$750 to \$1,050; T. J. Hudson, S. E. Hulse, D. B. Bradley, P. M. Ewing, \$690 to \$906 each; 3rd grade: S. R. Vasquez, \$650 to \$850; O. R. W. Usher, H. O. E. Longworth, B. I. Smith, 1 vacant, \$504 to \$666.

Post Office Department.

Colonial Postmaster, H. W. Beaumont, \$1,800 to \$2,400.

1st Class Clerk, A. T. Smith, \$850 to \$1,230.

2nd Class Clerk, Allan Warner, \$650 to \$960.

Telephone and Telegraph Department.

Electrical Engineer and Superintendent, Morton Cuthbert, \$2,000 to \$2,400.

Foreman, C. Anderson, \$1,000 to \$1,300.

Wireman, H. Smith, \$890.

Inspectors, J. Gaboural, J. Scott, R. Westby, \$702 each.

Linemen, J. Walker, I. S. Hall, \$652.

Operators, Mrs. D. Wolffsohn, Miss D. Cervantes, \$652.

Superintendent, Radio Telegraph Department, L.H.J. Bouchier, \$1,500 to \$1,800, and quarters.

Wireless Operators, R. G. Gill, \$990; D. A. Fairweather, \$990; W. Elliot, \$726.

Engineer, D. Naverette, \$670 to \$906.

Judicial Department.

Chief Justice, Sir Herbert K. McD. Sisnett, Kt., \$6,000.

Attorney-General, F. P. Genève \$3,402, without private practice.

1st Class Clerk, A. O. Longworth, \$850 to \$1,230.

Registrar-General, F. C. P. Bowen, \$1,800.

Clerk, J. Hunter, \$850 to \$1,230.

2nd Class Clerk, J. N. Meighan, \$690 to \$906.

District Commissioners.

Belize C. M. Murray-Aynsley, \$2,916 (*Official Administrator and Official Receiver in Bankruptcy*).

2nd Class Clerk, C. J. Benguche, \$650 to \$960.

Bailiff, District Court, A. H. Gordon, \$450 to \$752.

Corozal, D. Q. Blakely, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance, \$300.

Clerk and Interpreter, A. Majarrez, \$850 to \$1,230.

Orange Walk, R. Wyatt, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance \$200.

Clerk and Interpreter, S. Alpuche, \$650 to \$900.

Stann Creek District, T. V. Maccall, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance \$300.

2nd Class Clerk, E. N. Trapp, \$690 to \$906.

Toledo District, J. Taylor, \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, and duty allowance, \$200.

Clerk and Interpreter, R. M. Bautista, \$450 to \$700.

Cayo District, P. E. Matthews, M.B.E., \$1,600 to \$2,000, free, partly furnished, quarters, duty allowance, \$400.

Clerk and Interpreter, I. E. Lewis, \$650 to \$950, duty allowance, \$150.

Audit.

Auditor, E. M. Tibbitt, \$2,041.20 to \$2,430.

1st Class Clerks, N. M. Tennyson, J. Pepitune, \$850 to \$1,230.

2nd Class Clerk, A. B. Tingling, \$650 to \$950.

2nd Class Clerk, S. Tench, \$690 to \$906.

Education.

Inspector of Schools, A. B. Dillon, \$1,600 to \$2,000; personal \$400.

Assistant Inspector, T. E. Anderson, \$1,230 to \$1,590; personal \$200.

Lands.

Surveyor-General, F. W. Brunton, \$3,888.

Surveyor, L. E. Williams, \$2,680.

Surveyor, A. N. Wolffsohn, \$2,430.

Surveyor, G. S. Busby, \$1,600 to \$1,900.

Draughtsman, G. A. Elliott, \$1,800.

Inspector of Crown Lands, (temporary), S. P. Arnold, \$1,050.

1st Class Clerk, D. Rosado, \$850 to \$1,230.

Tracer, I. Hulse, \$650 to \$950.

Forest Trust.

Chairman, His Excellency the Governor.

Official Members, Colonial Secretary; Conservator of Forests; F. W. Brunton.

Unofficial Members, C. Hummel, O.B.E.; E. J. Hofius.

Secretary, R. C. Gallego, \$120.

Forest Department.

Conservator of Forests, J. N. Oliphant, M.B.E., \$5,760, house allowance \$360.

Deputy Conservator of Forests, D. Stevenson, 500*l.* by 20*l.*, to 580*l.*, 625*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.*, 780*l.* by 30*l.* to 900*l.*

Assistant Conservators of Forests, N. S. Stevenson, Capt. H. M. Heyder, M.C., J. B. Aitken, G. H. Donald, J. B. Kinloch, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 580*l.*, 625*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.*, 780*l.* by 30*l.* to 900*l.*

Chief Clerk, R. C. Gallego, 1,230*l.*

Forest Rangers, M. O. Hope, \$840; H. G. Nether-sole, \$840; A. Dawson \$660*l.*; M. A. Baldern-amos, \$600; J. A. Burns, \$600.

Stann Creek Railway.

Superintendent, G. W. E. Francis, \$1,800 to \$2,000, personal \$300.

Public Works, etc.

Director of Public Works, H. C. Carter, M.C., M.E.I. (Can.), \$3,402.

Clerk of Works, W. A. Campbell, \$1,800.

Chief Clerk and Accountant, H. E. C. Cain, \$1,230 to \$1590.

2nd Class Clerk, I. Russell, \$650 to \$950.

Medical.

Principal Medical Officer, Lt.-Col. J. Cran, O.B.E., V.D., \$4,008 to \$4,128, quarters.

† *Assistant Medical Officers*, G. H. Lewis, C. S. Harwood (acting), T. Patterson, J. E. Hoare, W. A. S. George, W. Johnson, \$2,430 to \$3,150.

Matron, Miss L. M. Roberts, \$1,000 to \$1,200, quarters, uniform, and free board and lodging.

Central Board of Health.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Clerk to Board, J. H. Peach, \$2,400.

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, Belize J. A. Nisbet, V.D., \$1,600 to \$1,800, and quarters.

2nd Class Clerk, H. K. Smith, \$650 to \$950.

† Allowed but not entitled to private practice.

Police.

Superintendent, J. H. Sempill, M.B.E., \$2,916, and quarters.
Assistant Superintendent, F. H. E. McDonald, \$1,200 to \$1,500, and quarters.

Harbour Board.

Assistant Harbour Master and Secretary, Harbour Board, R. K. Masson, \$480.

Fire Brigade.

Superintendent, F. H. E. McDonald, \$720.

Foreign Consuls.

United States, E. A. Bonnet (Vice-Consul).
Vice-Consul, U.S.A., J. H. Biddle.
Norway, A. D. P. Williamson.
Sweden, J. J. Franco.
Republic of Honduras, C. Corrales.
France, A. R. Usher (Consular Agent).
Spain, A. D. P. Williamson (Vice-Consul).
Guatemala, J. Bouloy (Consul-General).
Mexico, F. B. Salazar.
Belgium, V. L. Bryant (Consul General).
Nicaragua, O. A. Meyer.
Panama, L. E. Cuevas.
Netherlands, F. W. Ross.
Costa Rica, L. E. Cuevas.

Ecclesiastical.

Church of England, The Right Rev. E. A. Dunn, D.D.
Roman Catholic, The Right Rev. J. Murphy, S.J.
Church of Scotland, Rev. A. E. Adamson.
Wesleyan-Methodist, The Rev. W. H. Harvey, Superintendent.
Baptist, The Rev. R. Cleghorn.
Salvation Army, Field Major W. Martin.

No Church is established, nor are any grants made.

CEYLON.

Situation and Area.

Ceylon, the ancient Taprobane, is an island in the Indian Ocean, off the southern extremity of Hindústán, lying between 5° 55' and 9° 50' N. lat. and 79° 42' and 81° 53' E. long.; its extreme length from north to south i.e., from Point Palmyra to Dondra Head, is 270 miles; its greatest width 140 miles, from Colombo on the west coast to Sangamankanda on the east. Its area is 25,332 square miles, or about equal to Holland and Belgium.

The Máldive Archipelago, 400 miles south-west of Ceylon, made up of 18 groups—known as atolls—or islets, which are sparsely inhabited by a mixed race of probably Aryan original stock, speaking a dialect akin to Elu, or old Sinhalese, is tributary to Ceylon, to which the Sultan sends an embassy annually. The inhabitants of the Archipelago have for nearly eight centuries professed the Muhammadan religion. The islands are covered with coco-nut palms and yield millet, fruit, and coconut produce. Communication is mainly by native craft with India and Ceylon. The population enumerated at the census 1921 was 70,413, including 137 Indian Borahs, 22 Malabarics, and 58 Ceylon Moors who were at Mál

Island for purposes of trade; the principal occupations are fishing (14,760 males), coir and lace making (10,799 females and 13 males), toddy drawing (1,273 males), carpentry (1,133 males), and cultivation (853 males and 572 females). Málé, the residence of the Sultan and the capital of the Islands, is a little over 3 miles in circumference.

The Laccadive Islands are under the administration of the Government of India.

Climate.

The climate of Ceylon for a tropical country is comparatively healthy; the heat in the plains, which is nearly the same throughout the year, being much less oppressive than in Hindústán.

Along the coast the annual mean temperature is about 80° F., and a noteworthy feature is the smallness of the variation both between day and night in the same twenty-four hours, and between the different parts of the year. At Kandy, 1,654 feet above sea level the mean temperature is 76° F., and the rule of 1° F. drop in temperature for each 300 feet rise in altitude holds fairly well throughout the island.

At Colombo and Galle the mean monthly temperature in the coldest months (December and January) is less than four degrees below those in the warmest months (April and May), while the mean daily ranges for the year are 12·3° and 7·4° respectively.

At Trincomalee, on the other side of the island, conditions are only slightly more varied. The mean monthly temperature in May (86° F.) is seven degrees above that in December (79° F.), while the mean daily range for the year is 13·7 F.

It must be remembered, however, that the change in the capacity of the air for moisture for each degree of change of temperature in the Ceylon low country is far greater than the corresponding change per degree at the mean temperature of London.

The highest temperatures are experienced in the district to the north of the hills, and to the north-east, but it is only in a very few days in the year that a temperature of 100° Fahr. or over is experienced. Trincomalee holds the record with 103·7° Fahr. In the hills there is of course a great variety of climate, and at Nuwara Eliya, over 6,000 feet above mean sea level, frost is occasionally recorded in the early part of the year.

The annual average rainfall varies from below 40 inches in the dry zones to the north-west and south-east of the Island to above 150 inches at certain places on the south-west slopes of the hills. The chief rainy seasons extend from April to June and from October to January, but as there is a sharp antithesis between the windward and lee side during both monsoons (particularly the S.W.), it is hard to summarise the island as a whole in one sentence. It may fairly be said that there is not a month without some rain, and the result is the luxuriant vegetation for which the island is famous.

History.

The authentic history of the island begins at the fifth century B.C., when an Aryan invasion from the north of India established the Sinhalese dynasty. Buddhism was introduced in the third century B.C., and from that time this faith has been preserved in comparative purity. The island abounds in interesting relics of antiquity, and in rock inscriptions, which, with the written annals left by the Sinhalese kings, are of peculiar value in revising Indian chronology.



In the sixteenth century the Portuguese formed settlements on the west and south of the island; in the next century they were dispossessed by the Dutch. In 1796 the British took possession of the Dutch settlements in the island, which were then annexed to the Presidency of Madras, but five years later, in 1802, Ceylon was constituted a separate Colony. In 1815 war was declared against the Sinhalese Government of the interior; the last Kandyan King was taken prisoner, and the whole island came under the rule of the British.

Constitution.

The Government is administered by a Governor, aided by an Executive Council and a Legislative Council. The present constitution of these Councils was settled by the Ceylon (Legislative Council) Orders in Council 1923 and 1924, and by Letters Patent and Instructions issued in 1920. The Executive Council consists of four *ex-officio* members, viz., the Colonial Secretary, The Attorney General, the Controller of Revenue, and the Colonial Treasurer, and five other members, of whom four are unofficial. The Legislative Council consists of 49 members, including five *ex-officio* members, viz., the Officer Commanding the Troops, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney General, the Controller of Revenue, and the Treasurer, seven nominated official and three nominated unofficial members, and 34 elected unofficial members.

Of the elected members, eleven represent special interests and communities, viz., the European Electorate (Urban), 1; the European Electorate (Rural), 1; the Commercial Electorate, 1; the Burgher Electorate, 2; the Indian Electorate, 2; the Muslim Electorate, 3; the Western Province (Ceylon Tamil) Electorate, 1; and 23 represent territorial constituencies.

The nine Provinces are presided over by Government Agents, who with their assistants and subordinate Headmen are the channel of communication between the Government and the people.

Population, Area, and Statistics.

According to the decennial census, taken on the 18th March, 1921, the population was 4,504,549, an increase of 9.6 per cent. on the population enumerated in 1911. The details of the population were as follows (including the military, shipping, estates, and miscellaneous*):—

Western Province ...	1,251,639
Central ditto ...	717,739
Southern ditto ...	717,358
Northern ditto ...	375,462
Eastern ditto ...	192,947
North-Western Province ...	492,287
North-Central ditto ...	96,525
Province of Uva ...	234,027
Province of Sabaragamuwa ...	471,814
Miscellaneous ...	751
Total	4,504,549

Among these were 8,937 Europeans, 29,532 Burghers and Eurasians, 3,016,659 Sinhalese, 1,121,018 Tamils, 285,876 Moors, 13,461 Malays, and 29,066 persons of other nationalities. The Buddhists (2,770,391) numbered more than half the

population, there were 982,733 Hindus, 445,015 Christians (mostly Roman Catholic), 303,863 Muslims, and 2,547 other religionists. The population of the principal towns was as follows:—Colombo, 248,826; Negombo, 21,349; Moratuwa, 28,608; Kalutara, 13,596; Kandy, 32,563; Jaffna, 42,511; Galle, 39,157; Matara, 16,779; Batticaloa, 10,646; Trincomalee, 9,442; Kurunegala, 10,187; Badulla, 8,126.

The number of Indian coolies on the tea estates, etc., was about 500,000. They are under no indentures, and are free to quit on giving a month's notice. The total number of plantation labourers, including coolies born and settled in Ceylon, as well as of other races, was estimated at 569,000.

The entire area of the Colony is 25,332 square miles. About one quarter of this area, after deducting backwaters, etc., is under cultivation. Some 4,000 square miles in the centre form the mountain zone with an altitude of from 1,500 to 8,292 feet above the sea level. The approximate acreages under the most important products are:—

	Acres.
Coconuts ...	900,000
Rice ...	830,000
Tea ...	440,000
Grain (other than Rice) ...	104,000
Rubber ...	475,000
Cinnamon ...	25,000
Cacao ...	34,000
Tobacco ...	13,000

At the end of 1926, the number of plumbago mines reported to be working was 66. The amount of plumbago exported during the year was 232,453 cwt., valued at rs. 2,616,994.

The minimum upset price of Crown land is rs. 16 to 20 per acre. 13,660 acres were sold in 1926 at an average price of 133rs. per acre.

The revenue is principally derived from Customs Duties, Land Sales, Licences (under which head is entered the amount realised by the sale of Arrack and Toddy Rents), Salt (which is a Government monopoly), Stamps, and Railway Receipts. The revenue from the sale of salt for the financial year 1925-26 was rs. 906,228. This is local salt worked by the Government, but the importation of foreign salt is allowed on an import duty of rs. 3 per cwt.

The local revenues raised by the Municipalities of Colombo, Kandy, and Galle, by the Provincial and District Road Committees, by the Local Boards of Health and Improvement and Urban District Councils which have been established in the towns of Kalutara, Panadura, Negombo, Minuwangoda, Gampola, Nuwara Eliya, Matale, Nawalapitiya, Hatton-Dickoya, Matara, Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Kurunegala, Puttalam, Chilaw, Anuradapura, Badulla, Bandarawela, Ratnapura, Kegalla, Moratuwa, and Jaffna, and by Gansabawwas amounted in 1926 to rs. 13,236,104.60. The revenue collected by the Sanitary Boards amounted to rs. 1,043,846.04.

The municipal debt outstanding on 31st Dec., 1926, was rs. 14,250,302.51. Of this amount rs. 10,452,705.91 is the balance of the loan borrowed from the Government for the Colombo Drainage Works, and rs. 2,831,949.29 for Water Works. Rs. 357,077.67 is the balance of a loan obtained by the municipality of Galle for the construction of waterworks, sanitary improvements and electric lighting, and rs. 608,569.64 is the balance due from the municipality of Kandy for waterworks, drainage, housing and electric lighting.

* By "Miscellaneous" are meant persons enumerated in trains and in the Great and Little Basins.

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The basis of the law is the Roman-Dutch law, much modified by the introduction of English law and by Colonial ordinances. Kandyan law and Muslim law also prevail among Kandyans and Muslims respectively. The criminal law has been codified on the model of the Indian Penal Code, and the codification of the law of Criminal and Civil procedure respectively has been completed.

Justice is administered by the Supreme Court, which has an original criminal jurisdiction and decides appeals from the inferior Courts both in civil and criminal cases; by the Police Courts and Courts of Requests, which dispose, respectively, of minor criminal and civil suits; and by the District Courts, which have a criminal jurisdiction intermediate between that of the Supreme Court and the Police Courts, and a civil jurisdiction in all cases. In addition to these there are the Gansabawas, Village Councils, and Village Tribunals, instituted under the Ordinance No. 24 of 1889, with powers to deal with petty offences and trifling claims. They have worked well and are thoroughly adapted to the genius of the people. Besides settling a considerable amount of litigation, they have provided a valuable machinery for carrying out local improvements. They are empowered to make rules, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council, relating to their village economy, and it is noticeable that in many instances they have not only voluntarily provided school buildings and undertaken the cost of the current expenses and repairs, but have made elementary education compulsory.

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Police.

Superintendent, J. H. Sempill, M.B.E., \$2,916, and quarters.

Assistant Superintendent, F. H. E. McDonald, \$1,200 to \$1,500, and quarters.

Harbour Board.

Assistant Harbour Master and Secretary, Harbour Board, R. K. Masson, \$480.

Fire Brigade.

Superintendent, F. H. E. McDonald, \$720.

Foreign Consuls.

United States, E. A. Bonnet (Vice-Consul).

Vice-Consul, U.S.A., J. H. Hiddle.

Norway, A. D. P. Williamson.

Sweden, J. J. Franco.

Republic of Honduras, O. Corrales.

France, A. R. Usher (Consular Agent).

Spain, A. D. P. Williamson (Vice-Consul).

Guatemala, J. Bouley (Consul-General).

Mexico, F. B. Salazar.

Belgium, V. L. Bryant (Consul General).

Nicaragua, O. A. Meyer.

Panama, L. E. Cuevas.

Netherlands, F. W. Ross.

Costa Rica, L. E. Cuevas.

Ecclesiastical.

Church of England, The Right Rev. E. A. Dunn, D.D.

Roman Catholic, The Right Rev. J. Murphy, S.J.

Church of Scotland, Rev. A. E. Adamson.

Wesleyan-Methodist, The Rev. W. H. Harvey, Superintendent.

Baptist, The Rev. R. Cleghorn.

Salvation Army, Field Major W. Martin.

No Church is established, nor are any grants made.

CEYLON.

Situation and Area.

Ceylon, the ancient Taprobane, is an island in the Indian Ocean, off the southern extremity of Hindústán, lying between 5° 55' and 9° 50' N. lat. and 79° 42' and 81° 53' E. long.; its extreme length from north to south i.e., from Point Palmyra to Dondra Head, is 270 miles; its greatest width 140 miles, from Colombo on the west coast to Sangamankanda on the east. Its area is 25,332 square miles, or about equal to Holland and Belgium.

The Máldive Archipelago, 400 miles south-west of Ceylon, made up of 18 groups—known as atolla—or islets, which are sparsely inhabited by a mixed race of probably Aryan original stock, speaking a dialect akin to Elu, or old Sinhalese, is tributary to Ceylon, to which the Sultan sends an embassy annually. The inhabitants of the Archipelago have for nearly eight centuries professed the Muhammadan religion. The islands are covered with coco-nut palms and yield millet, fruit, and coconut produce. Communication is mainly by native craft with India and Ceylon. The population enumerated at the census 1921 was 70,413, including 137 Indian Borahs, 22 Malabarries, and 58 Ceylon Moors who were at Méal

Island for purposes of trade; the principal occupations are fishing (14,760 males), coir and lace making (10,799 females and 13 males), toddy drawing (1,273 males), carpentry (1,133 males), and cultivation (853 males and 572 females). Málé, the residence of the Sultan and the capital of the Islands, is a little over 3 miles in circumference.

The Laccadive Islands are under the administration of the Government of India.

Climate.

The climate of Ceylon for a tropical country is comparatively healthy; the heat in the plains, which is nearly the same throughout the year, being much less oppressive than in Hindústán.

Along the coast the annual mean temperature is about 80° F., and a noteworthy feature is the smallness of the variation both between day and night in the same twenty-four hours, and between the different parts of the year. At Kandy, 1,654 feet above sea level the mean temperature is 76° F., and the rule of 1° F. drop in temperature for each 300 feet rise in altitude holds fairly well throughout the island.

At Colombo and Galle the mean monthly temperature in the coldest months (December and January) is less than four degrees below those in the warmest months (April and May), while the mean daily ranges for the year are 12° 3' and 7° 4' respectively.

At Trincomalee, on the other side of the island, conditions are only slightly more varied. The mean monthly temperature in May (86° F.) is seven degrees above that in December (79° F.), while the mean daily range for the year is 13° 7' F.

It must be remembered, however, that the change in the capacity of the air for moisture for each degree of change of temperature in the Ceylon low country is far greater than the corresponding change per degree at the mean temperature of London.

The highest temperatures are experienced in the district to the north of the hills, and to the north-east, but it is only in a very few days in the year that a temperature of 100° Fahr. or over is experienced. Trincomalee holds the record with 103° 7' Fahr. In the hills there is of course a great variety of climate, and at Nuwara Eliya, over 6,000 feet above mean sea level, frost is occasionally recorded in the early part of the year.

The annual average rainfall varies from below 40 inches in the dry zones to the north-west and south-east of the Island to above 150 inches at certain places on the south-west slopes of the hills. The chief rainy seasons extend from April to June and from October to January, but as there is a sharp antithesis between the windward and lee side during both monsoons (particularly the S.W.), it is hard to summarise the island as a whole in one sentence. It may fairly be said that there is not a month without some rain, and the result is the luxuriant vegetation for which the island is famous.

History.

The authentic history of the island begins at the fifth century B.C., when an Aryan invasion from the north of India established the Sinhalese dynasty. Buddhism was introduced in the third century B.C., and from that time this faith has been preserved in comparative purity. The island abounds in interesting relics of antiquity, and in rock inscriptions, which, with the written annals left by the Sinhalese kings, are of peculiar value in revising Indian chronology.

1



In the sixteenth century the Portuguese formed settlements on the west and south of the island; in the next century they were dispossessed by the Dutch. In 1796 the British took possession of the Dutch settlements in the island, which were then annexed to the Presidency of Madras, but five years later, in 1802, Ceylon was constituted a separate Colony. In 1815 war was declared against the Sinhalese Government of the interior; the last Kandyan King was taken prisoner, and the whole island came under the rule of the British.

Constitution.

The Government is administered by a Governor, aided by an Executive Council and a Legislative Council. The present constitution of these Councils was settled by the Ceylon (Legislative Council) Orders in Council 1923 and 1924, and by Letters Patent and Instructions issued in 1920. The Executive Council consists of four *ex-officio* members, viz., the Colonial Secretary, The Attorney General, the Controller of Revenue, and the Colonial Treasurer, and five other members, of whom four are unofficial. The Legislative Council consists of 49 members, including five *ex-officio* members, viz., the Officer Commanding the Troops, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney General, the Controller of Revenue, and the Treasurer, seven nominated official and three nominated unofficial members, and 34 elected unofficial members.

Of the elected members, eleven represent special interests and communities, viz., the European Electorate (Urban), 1; the European Electorate (Rural), 1; the Commercial Electorate, 1; the Burgher Electorate, 2; the Indian Electorate, 2; the Muslim Electorate, 3; the Western Province (Ceylon Tamil) Electorate, 1; and 23 represent territorial constituencies.

The nine Provinces are presided over by Government Agents, who with their assistants and subordinate Headmen are the channel of communication between the Government and the people.

Population, Area, and Statistics.

According to the decennial census, taken on the 18th March, 1921, the population was 4,504,549, an increase of 9·6 per cent. on the population enumerated in 1911. The details of the population are as follows (including the military, shipping, estates, and miscellaneous*):—

Western Province ...	1,251,639
Central ditto ...	717,739
Southern ditto ...	671,358
Northern ditto ...	375,462
Eastern ditto ...	192,947
North-Western Province ...	492,287
North-Central ditto ...	96,525
Province of Uva ...	234,027
Province of Sabaragamuwa ...	471,814
Miscellaneous ...	751

Total 4,504,549

Among these were 8,937 Europeans, 29,532 Burghers and Eurasians, 3,016,659 Sinhalese, 1,121,018 Tamils, 285,876 Moors, 13,461 Malays, and 29,066 persons of other nationalities. The Buddhists (2,770,391) numbered more than half the

population, there were 982,733 Hindus, 445,015 Christians (mostly Roman Catholic), 303,863 Muslims, and 2,547 other religionists. The population of the principal towns was as follows:—Colombo, 248,826; Negombo, 21,349; Moratuwa, 28,608; Kalutara, 13,596; Kandy, 32,562; Jaffna, 42,511; Galle, 39,187; Matara, 16,779; Batticaloa, 10,646; Trincomalee, 9,442; Kurunegala, 10,187; Badulla, 8,126.

The number of Indian coolies on the tea estates, etc., was about 500,000. They are under no indentures, and are free to quit on giving a month's notice. The total number of plantation labourers, including coolies born and settled in Ceylon, as well as of other races, was estimated at 569,000.

The entire area of the Colony is 25,332 square miles. About one quarter of this area, after deducting backwaters, etc., is under cultivation. Some 4,000 square miles in the centre form the mountain zone with an altitude of from 1,500 to 8,292 feet above the sea level. The approximate acreages under the most important products are:—

	Acrea.
Coconuts ...	900,000
Rice ...	830,000
Tea ...	440,000
Grain (other than Rice) ...	104,000
Rubber ...	475,000
Cinnamon ...	25,000
Cacao ...	34,000
Tobacco ...	13,000

At the end of 1926, the number of plumbago mines reported to be working was 66. The amount of plumbago exported during the year was 232,453 cwt., valued at rs. 2,616,994.

The minimum upset price of Crown land is rs. 16 to 20 per acre. 13,560 acres were sold in 1926 at an average price of 133rs. per acre.

The revenue is principally derived from Customs Duties, Land Sales, Licences (under which head is entered the amount realised by the sale of Arrack and Toddy Rents), Salt (which is a Government monopoly), Stamps, and Railway Receipts. The revenue from the sale of salt for the financial year 1925-26 was rs. 906,228. This is local salt worked by the Government, but the importation of foreign salt is allowed on an import duty of rs. 3 per cwt.

The local revenues raised by the Municipalities of Colombo, Kandy, and Galle, by the Provincial and District Road Committees, by the Local Boards of Health and Improvement and Urban District Councils which have been established in the towns of Kalutara, Panadura, Negombo, Minuwangoda, Gampola, Nuwara Eliya, Matale, Nawalapitiya, Hatton-Dickoya, Matara, Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Kurunegala, Puttalam, Chilaw, Anuradapura, Badulla, Bandarawela, Ratnapura, Kegalla, Moratuwa, and Jaffna, and by Gansabawwas amounted in 1926 to rs. 13,236,104·60. The revenue collected by the Sanitary Boards amounted to rs. 1,043,846·04.

The municipal debt outstanding on 31st Dec., 1926, was rs. 14,250,302·51. Of this amount rs. 10,452,705·91 is the balance of the loan borrowed from the Government for the Colombo Drainage Works, and rs. 2,831,949·29 for Water Works. Rs. 357,077·67 is the balance of a loan obtained by the municipality of Galle for the construction of waterworks, sanitary improvements and electric lighting, and rs. 608,569·64 is the balance due from the municipality of Kandy for waterworks, drainage, housing and electric lighting.

* By "Miscellaneous" are meant persons enumerated in trains and in the Great and Little Basins.

The development of the tea industry is shown by the following statistics:—Export, 1884, 2,392,963 lbs.; 1900, 149,284,802 lbs.; 1926, 217,000,000 lbs.

There has been a remarkable development in rubber cultivation in recent years. Rubber was first brought to Ceylon in 1878, and its growth proved successful. On the failure of coffee, planters preferred to substitute cinchona and tea. Cinchona however did not survive low prices and was replaced by tea. Within recent years great attention has been given to rubber. In 1898, 750 acres were estimated to be planted with rubber, in 1906, 100,000 acres, and in 1926 about 475,000 acres under this cultivation.

The value of the products of the coconut palm exported in 1926 was rs. 79,146,085. During the past few years greater attention has been given to the cultivation of coconuts, and large areas of land formerly occupied with cinnamon are now planted in this crop. The value of cacao exported in 1926 was rs. 1,953,684 and of cinnamon rs. 4,210,205.

The chief imports are rice from India (including Burma), valued at rs. 93,873,268, and from other countries valued at rs. 4,188,352 in 1926, and coal and textiles from the United Kingdom.

Law and Justice.

The basis of the law is the Roman-Dutch law, much modified by the introduction of English law and by Colonial ordinances. Kandyan law and Muslim law also prevail among Kandyans and Muslims respectively. The criminal law has been codified on the model of the Indian Penal Code, and the codification of the law of Criminal and Civil procedure respectively has been completed.

Justice is administered by the Supreme Court, which has an original criminal jurisdiction and decides appeals from the inferior Courts both in civil and criminal cases; by the Police Courts and Courts of Requests, which dispose, respectively, of minor criminal and civil suits; and by the District Courts, which have a criminal jurisdiction intermediate between that of the Supreme Court and the Police Courts, and a civil jurisdiction in all cases. In addition to these there are the Gansabawas, Village Councils, and Village Tribunals, instituted under the Ordinance No. 24 of 1889, with powers to deal with petty offences and trifling claims. They have worked well and are thoroughly adapted to the genius of the people. Besides settling a considerable amount of litigation, they have provided a valuable machinery for carrying out local improvements. They are empowered to make rules, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council, relating to their village economy, and it is noticeable that in many instances they have not only voluntarily provided school buildings and undertaken the cost of the current expenses and repairs, but have made elementary education compulsory.

Education.

Satisfactory progress is being made in education. The number of scholars in Government schools at the end of 1926 was 188,168, in schools aided by Government 279,771, and in unaided schools 26,085.

The total expenditure on account of the Education Department in 1925-26 was rs. 7,228,374. In 1868, the number of scholars was only 6,897, and the expenditure rs. 161,660. The improvement is due to the institution of a Department of Education and the adoption of a system under which the educational wants of the Island are met partly by Government, partly by schools receiving grants in aid from Government. The Government schools are all unsectarian, and no fee is charged for vernacular education; fees are charged for English teaching.

The only Secondary School entirely supported by Government is the Royal College, but there are numerous and excellent Grant-in-aid Secondary Schools. Five Government scholarships, each of 300l. per annum, three for two years and two for three years, with outfit allowances of 50l. each and free passages, are awarded annually, on the results of the B.A. and B.Sc. Examinations of the University of London, to enable the best five students of the year to complete their education at English universities.

Industrial education is provided in 88 Government and Grant-in-aid Schools and in a number of Orphanages. A central Technical College was founded in Colombo in 1893; its title has since been changed to "Government Technical Schools."

A University College was opened in Colombo in January, 1921, when lectures were started in the following subjects:—English Language and Literature, Classics and Philosophy, Modern History and Economics, Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics, Sanskrit and Pali, Tamil, Sinhalese, Modern Languages, Botany, Zoology, Geography.

The Science Block was opened on 1st October, 1921. The College offers instruction for the Degrees, Pass and Honours, of the University of London.

A Government Training College for Masters and Mistresses in English Schools and Government Vernacular Schools was opened in 1903.

Medical Institutions.

Medical College.—The Ceylon Medical College was founded in 1870 to provide a course of Medical training for the Ceylonese. The curriculum is a full five years' course, and since 1887 the Licence of the College has been recognised by the General Medical Council as a registrable Colonial qualification. The courses of instruction and examinations are also recognised by many of the British Examining Boards. The licence has been conferred upon 458 candidates since the College was opened; of recent years about 18 qualify annually.

There is a Junior or Apothecary Department in which students go through a two years' course, and after passing the prescribed examinations are qualified to serve as Apothecaries.

The College has a staff of over 30 lecturers and is managed by a Council incorporated by law.

There are at present about 150 students.

Owing to changes introduced by the Medical Council of Great Britain, the preliminary subjects, Physics, Chemistry and Biology, are now pre-medical subjects, and arrangements have been made for these to be studied at the University College. Students must pass an examination in these subjects before they can be admitted to the Medical College for their purely medical studies.

The Medical College fees amounted to rs. 36,120 in 1926-27.

There are 86 Government general hospitals, providing about 6,448 beds, with varying accommodation from 8 beds in smaller outstations to 720 beds in the General Hospital, Colombo.

There are in addition a number of special hospitals, viz., a lying-in-home with 100 beds, an eye hospital with 58 beds, a women's hospital with 35 beds, a children's hospital with 67 beds, a women's venereal hospital with 29 beds, a police hospital with 31 beds, a tuberculosis hospital for chronic cases with 338 beds, a tuberculosis sanatorium with 72 beds, an infectious diseases hospital with 158 beds, a lunatic asylum with 1,572 beds, two jail hospitals at Colombo and Mahara with 188 and 136 beds respectively, two leper asylums, one with 440 beds at Hendala (near Colombo), and the other with 152 beds at Mantivu, Eastern Province.

Seventy-eight estate hospitals and 645 estate dispensaries are maintained by proprietors of estates.

There were 543 Government dispensaries in different parts of the Island in 1926, and 2,864,733 patients who paid 4,102,466 visits were treated at these dispensaries.

There is a Bacteriological and also a Pasteur, and a Dental Institute.

The Department of Medical and Sanitary Services includes 280 grade medical officers, 164 of whom have only obtained licences in medicine and surgery granted by the Ceylon Medical College, 21 medical officers of health, and 234 sanitary inspectors. There are two institutions where nurses are trained, and the nursing staff consists of 42 European qualified matrons and sisters, 116 European Roman Catholic sisters, 340 matrons and nurses trained locally, and pupils in training.

The cost of working the department amounted in 1925-26 to rs. 8,598,923. The expenditure on account of estate medical aid was rs. 1,272,935 for 1925-26. The receipts, which included cost of maintenance of paying patients, sale of medicines, etc., amounted to rs. 1,782,445 for 1925-26. The export duty levied for the partial upkeep of the Estates Branch of the Department yielded rs. 1,279,545 for 1925-26.

Currency and Banking.

The weights and measures in common use are British.

Accounts are kept in rupees, and the money in circulation is Indian and Ceylon rupee currency, sovereigns having ceased to be legal tender in the Colony in 1920. Ceylon cents take the place of the Indian annas and pice. The notes of the Chartered Mercantile Bank remained in circulation to some extent until 1888, when its charter expired, but since the failure of the Oriental Banking Corporation in 1884, the Government has instituted a note-issue of which the amount in circulation on the 31st December, 1926, was rs. 62,744,615. These notes are legal tender except at the Colombo Issue Office.

The following banks have establishments in the Colony: Mercantile Bank of India, Limited; Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China; Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation; Imperial Bank of India; National Bank of India, Limited; Eastern Bank, Limited; P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd. None of these issues notes in Ceylon.

The Ceylon Savings Bank was established in 1832, and Post Office savings banks were opened in 1885. On 31st December, 1925, the deposits were: Ceylon Savings Bank, rs. 6,544,482; Post Office Savings Bank, rs. 11,368,099.

The Colombo Harbour.

A body designated the Colombo Port Commission was established in 1913, to administer the affairs of the Port of Colombo. The Commission is responsible for the efficient working of the Port, and has powers of executive action and initiative. It is composed of seven official members, seven unofficial members, and a secretary. The official members are the Principal Collector of Customs (Chairman), the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, the General Manager of the Railway, the Chairman, Municipal Council, and Mayor of Colombo, the Deputy Collector of Customs, Colombo, the Master Attendant, Colombo and Galle, and the Harbour Engineer. Six of the unofficial members are nominated by the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce, and the seventh (representative of the Ceylonese and Indian interests of the Port) by the Governor.

The Harbour Works consist of three breakwaters. The South-West, commenced in 1873, and completed in 1885, at a cost of 705,207l., is 4,212 feet long, and runs from the shore in a direction North by East.

It is built of concrete blocks weighing from 18 to 30 tons, set in what is known as the sloping bond system.

The North-East and North-West breakwaters were begun in 1894, and completed in 1906, at a total cost of 531,657l. The North-East breakwater is a rubble embankment 1,100 feet long, tipped from a staging.

The North-West breakwater is an island work, 2,670 feet in length, running between the two shore breakwaters, leaving a southern entrance of 800 feet, and a northern entrance of 700 feet. This breakwater is of similar construction to the South-West arm.

These three breakwaters enclose an area of 643 acres, or one square mile.

An extension of the S.W. breakwater, starting from a point 3,150 feet from the shore end, was commenced in December, 1907, and completed in April, 1912. The arm is 1,800 feet long, and runs in a direction almost due north, protecting the present main entrance from the S.W. Monsoon seas. The cost of this additional arm was 338,931l.

The Graving Dock. A Graving Dock was commenced in 1899, and was completed in 1906. It is 723 feet long, 85 feet wide at the entrance, and has a depth over the sill of 30 feet at low water. Its cost was 438,523l. There is also a guide pier, 800 feet long, to assist vessels entering the dock. The dock has its own electric light installation. The docking of ships can be carried out by day or night.

The Patent Slip was commenced in 1899, and opened in 1903, the cost being 46,266l. It is 800 feet long, the cradle being 220 feet, and is capable of dealing with vessels up to 1,200 tons dead weight.

Oil Facilities. The Oil Installations Depot, which is 92 acres in extent, lies 3½ miles inland from the harbour front. The Oil Companies' storage tanks are situated within this area, with pipe line connection from the harbour for fuel oil, kerosene, and benzene imported in bulk. There is also a Measuring Tanks Depot (19 acres in extent) at Bloemondahl, about three-quarters of a mile from the Harbour. Three reinforced concrete jetties, two for bunkering purposes and one for the discharge of oil tankers, have been provided. The Outer Bunkering Jetty can accommodate vessels of 550 feet in length with a draught of 27 feet after bunkering; the Inner Bunkering Jetty is only available for barges. The area in the vicinity of the Outer Bunkering Jetty is being dredged to accommodate vessels of 30 feet draught after bunkering. The Discharge Jetty can accommodate vessels 500 feet in length with a draught of 27 feet. The number of ships calling at Colombo for oil fuel bunkers has increased rapidly. The duplication of the 10-inch fuel oil pipe line from the Harbour to the Kolonnawa Oil Depot has been completed. The two new steam-driven pumps obtained to replace the fuel oil and the kerosene and petrol pumps at the Boosting Station at the Graving Dock, have been installed. The expenditure on the oil scheme up to 30th September, 1926, was rs. 4,901,643.

The Coaling Depot consists of 24 acres of land, reclaimed from the sea, with a frontage of 2,200 feet, from which 17 jetties project into the harbour for the landing, stacking, and shipping of coal. The total cost of this depot was 64,746l.

The total cost of the Reclamation and Jetties amounts to 174,698l.

The Fishery Harbour has been constructed to the northward of Colombo harbour for the use of the fishermen as a beaching ground, the whole of the

foreshore inside Colombo harbour being fully utilised. The fishery harbour consists of a rubble breakwater running out from the shore in a curve for 800 feet, the sheltered part forming a natural beaching ground for fishing canoes. The cost was 11,507*l*.

The total expenditure on the Colombo harbour from 1873, when work in connection with the first breakwater was commenced, to 1913, when the Colombo Port Commission assumed control of the harbour, was rs. 44,790,267, or 2,986,018*l*., taking the value of the rupee at 1*s*. 4*d*.

In the period 1st July, 1913, to 30th September, 1926, a sum of rs. 25,193,445 or 1,679,563*l*., has been spent on various development and maintenance works by the Colombo Port Commission, and a sum of rs. 2,031,464 or 135,431*l*. by the Public Works Department, making a total of rs. 27,224,909 or 1,814,994*l*. In addition to the above expenditure a sum of rs. 118,184 or 7,746*l*. was charged to Loan Funds during the year 1st October, 1925, to 30th September, 1926, in connection with the dredging of the Colombo Harbour (including rock excavation), making up a total of rs. 680,052 or 44,004*l*. since the 1st October, 1922. Prior to the 1st October, 1922, this expenditure was met from Revenue and is included in the sum of rs. 27,224,909 or 1,814,994*l*. mentioned above.

Since the Colombo Port Commission assumed control of the Port, many improvements have been carried out, and the facilities on shore have been much improved and increased; the warehouse accommodation which in 1913 was 291,600 sq. ft. is now 522,377 sq. ft. and the quays have been increased from 4,645 lineal ft. to 10,802 lineal ft. in the corresponding period. A new warehouse 31,755 sq. ft. in area was brought into use in October, 1927. The programme of deepening the harbour to provide for large ships on the Eastern route is being rapidly pursued. There are already five berths available in each monsoon for vessels of 33 feet draught, and this number is being increased.

A scheme for the development of the Colombo Lake by partially reclaiming it and connecting it to the harbour was completed in 1925 at a total cost of rs. 9,206,490. The Lake to Harbour Canal and Lake to Harbour Locks are in charge of the Colombo Port Commission. The area on the Western bank of the Canal has been developed for the landing of import cargo, and is in use.

Colombo Water Supply.

The Colombo Water supply is obtained from Labugama Reservoir which is situated in the Western Province, at a distance of 28½ miles from the City.

The Reservoir was formed by impounding the water of the Wak-Oya, a tributary of the Kelani Ganga.

The Catchment area, which is 2,500 acres in extent, is free from any habitation or cultivation, all the land to the summit of the water shed having been reserved together with a strip two chains in depth along the adjacent water sheds.

The area of the reservoir at present top water level is 203 acres. This lake, the scenery of which is very charming, is 370 feet above sea level and has a maximum depth of 70 feet.

The storage capacity of the reservoir is 1,900 million gallons.

Filtration works of the "Jewell Gravity" type are situated immediately below the Reservoir Dam.

The water has a very low alkalinity and is remarkably pure. It is conveyed to the two service Reservoirs in Colombo through three separate pipe lines; two of these are of cast iron each 20 inches in diameter, and the other of steel 30 inches in diameter.

There are some 250 miles of supply and distribution mains, varying in size from 30 to 3 inches in diameter. Water service is available to all premises within the City and also to shipping in Colombo Harbour.

The average daily consumption is estimated at 11 million gallons, and equals about 40 gallons per head of population.

Railways.

The lines of railway, all of which are owned and worked by the Government, are distributed thus:—*Broad Gauge* (5ft 6 in.), Colombo to Badulla (181½ miles), Polgahawela to Kankasanturai (212½ miles), Peradeniya Junction to Kandy and Matale (21½ miles), Ragama Junction to Mahara Quarry (1½ miles), Colombo to Matara (98½ miles), Ragama to Puttalam (74½ miles), Maho to Polonnaruwa (76 miles), Galoya Junction to Trincomalee (43½ miles), Madawashi to Talaimannar Pier (66 miles), Kolonnawa Oil Line and Harbour Branch (3½ miles). *Narrow Gauge* (2ft. 6 in.), Colombo Port to Yatiyantota (49½ miles), Avisawella to Opanaika (48½ miles), Nanu Oya to Ragalla (19½ miles). *Total Mileage* 895 miles. The total cost of construction up to 30th September, 1926, charged in account was rs. 195,645,018. The receipts for the 12 months ended 30th September, 1926, were rs. 29,236,369, and expenditure rs. 20,362,664.

The section from Galoya Junction to Trincomalee (43½ miles) of the Batticaloa-Trincomalee Light Railway is under construction.

By the completion of the Talaimannar extension the railway systems of India and Ceylon were brought within 20 miles of one another, the intervening distance being covered by steamers of the South Indian Railway Co., which ply between Dhankudi (the Indian Port) and Talaimannar (the Ceylon Port). The other extensions are for the better transport of planting produce (tea, rubber, coconuts, etc.).

Roads.

Of metalled roads there are 3,534 miles; gravelled and natural roads, 408 and 204 miles respectively; of canals 153 miles. The maintenance of 4,146 miles of road cost, in 1926, rs. 5,967,309, or an average rate of rs. 1,334 per mile. This is exclusive of roads within municipal limits, and of minor roads which are not in the charge of the Department of Public Works.

Telephones.

The Government telephone system comprises two exchanges at Colombo, viz., Central Exchange (2,731 subscribers) and Havelock Town Exchange (244 subscribers), in trunk communication with exchanges at Kandy (196 subscribers), Nuwara Eliya (148 subscribers), Galle (106 subscribers), and smaller exchanges at Anuradhapura, Avisawella, Bandarawella, Beruwela, Chilaw, Dehiowita, Dehiwela, Diyatalawa, Gampola, Haputale, Hattton, Horana, Igiriya, Kaduganawa, Kalutara, Katugastota, Katunayaka, Kegalla, Kelaniya, Kesbewa, Kiriella, Kochehikade, Kotte, Kurunegala, Matale, Matara, Mawatagama, Moratuwa, Mt. Lavinia, Nawalapitiya, Negombo, Padukka, Paiyagala, Panadura, Peradeniya, Polgahawela, Ragama, Ramboda, Ratnapura, Ruwanwella, Teldeniya, Trincomalee, Waga, Watagoda, Watawala, Wattala, and Wategama, and also purely local exchanges at Chunnakam and Jaffna. There are, in addition, 77 licensed private systems of various sizes, several of which are connected by means of junction lines and subsidiary trunks with one another and the main trunk lines. The mileage of telephone wire in the Government system at the end of September, 1927, was estimated at 4,646 (aerial) and 25,260 (underground).

Telegraphs.

Nearly all parts of the island are served by the Government telegraph system, which has 260 offices working, inclusive of Railway offices open for postal telegrams. The system comprises 2,773 miles of line and 9,128 miles of wire. Ceylon is in direct telegraphic communication with India by a cable which starts from Talaimannar and crosses the Pamban Channel. It is also connected with Europe by direct cables from Colombo to Aden and with the Far East and Australia by direct cables to Penang.

There is a Government Radio Station in Colombo equipped for Continuous Wave and Interrupted Continuous Wave telegraphic services, and also for telephony.

The Continuous Wave service is conducted on a wave length of 2,300 metres with a normal daylight range of 1,000 miles.

The Interrupted Continuous Wave Service is conducted on the 600 metre wave length, and has a normal daylight range of 500 miles.

The telephonic equipment is for providing a broadcasting service on a wavelength of 800 metres. The rating of the set for telephony is 2 kilowatt. The number of licence holders at the end of September, 1927, was 762.

Means of Communication.

1. There is a regular fortnightly mail service between London and Colombo by the P. & O. steamers, continuing to Australia. There is also a regular fortnightly mail service by the Orient line steamers continuing to Australia, except from April to September, when it is monthly.

2. There are also fortnightly services by the P. & O. line between London and Japan, and London and Australia, via Colombo. There is also a fortnightly service by the Orient line between London and Australia, via Colombo, except from April to September, when it is monthly.

3. The M.M. Co. runs a fortnightly mail service between Marseilles and the Straits and Japan, via Colombo, and a monthly service (irregular at present) to Australia.

4. The Nippon Yusen Kaisha line of steamers maintains a fortnightly service between Liverpool and Marseilles and the Straits, China and Japan, via Colombo, and the Bibby line between Liverpool and Marseilles, Port Said and Rangoon, via Colombo.

5. The Natal Direct line and the Indian and African line maintain a somewhat irregular monthly service between Calcutta and Durban, Delagoa Bay and Cape Town, via Colombo, while a monthly service by the steamers of the Ossen Shoen Kaisha exists between Japan and Argentine and Brazil, via Colombo, Durban and Cape Town.

6. The steamers of the Rotterdam Lloyd and Amsterdam Lloyd provide a fortnightly service between Holland and Java, via Colombo. The steamers of the Rotterdam Lloyd also provide a fortnightly service from Java to Holland, via Colombo.

7. The British Indian Steam Navigation Company maintains an irregular monthly service between Calcutta (or Rangoon) and Mauritius, via Colombo, and a regular bi-weekly service between Tuticorin and Colombo.

8. There is an irregular mail service between Ceylon and the Maldiv Islands by baggals.

The mail service between England and Colombo takes from 16 days to 18 days in transit at present.

Rates of Postage.

Registration Fee.	Samples.	Printed Matter.	Post Cards.	Letters.
15 cents	—	Per 20s. 2 cents Registered newspapers each 2 cents.	Each 3 cents	Within the Colony and to India
20 cents	First 4 oz. or part thereof 8 cents and every additional 2 oz. 3 cents.	3 cents for every 2 oz. or part thereof.	6 cents	To the United Kingdom and each of the British Dominions
ditto	First 4 oz. or part thereof 8 cents, and every additional 2 oz. 4 cents.	4 cents for every 2 oz. or part thereof.	13 cents	To Foreign Countries and 10 cents each additional oz.

Finances, Shipping and Trade.

FINANCES.			SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.*	
Year.	Revenue. Rs.	Expenditure. Rs.	British Tonnage. Tons.	Total Tonnage. Tons.
1919	81,200,418	84,883,270	5,986,838	9,538,859
1920	—	—	7,565,929	11,872,513
1920-21	70,619,061	91,767,891	9,068,589	13,328,799
1921-22	79,270,117	77,359,068	9,342,201	14,705,250
1922-23	93,720,169	85,583,910	10,309,396	16,252,984
1923-24	102,363,116	100,695,713	11,553,118	18,508,406
1924-25	115,539,670	105,004,348	12,026,497	19,419,444
1925-26	124,516,155	109,996,336	12,381,078	20,402,629

Public Debt, on 30th Sept., 1926, Sterling debt, £12,666,893 8s. 4d.; rupee debt, Rs.3,000,000.

IMPORTS.				
Year	From U.K. Rs.	From Colonies. Rs.	From Elsewhere. Rs.	Total. Rs.
1917	32,595,206	123,652,893	27,875,887	184,123,986
1918	28,684,487	121,864,745	27,217,551	177,716,783
1919	33,890,842	153,877,610	51,555,279	239,323,731
1920	37,443,996	193,771,588	50,080,068	321,275,652
1921	35,438,017	154,331,998	41,127,146	280,897,161
1922	62,073,875	169,965,999	49,701,428	281,740,702
1923	83,356,230	172,933,779	55,869,775	292,159,784
1924	69,448,553	173,769,871	59,110,043	312,328,467
1925	84,767,656	202,663,315	72,959,346	360,380,317
1926	95,134,287	214,101,740	98,631,082	407,867,109

* The Shipping Figures are for the Calendar year.

Year.	To U.K.	EXPORTS.		Total.
		To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	
	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.
1917	121,475,098	55,015,482	127,669,877	304,160,457
1918	91,026,336	70,033,118	50,265,685	211,325,334
1919	154,641,527	53,076,129	158,787,123	367,064,779
1920	123,660,470	41,177,837	103,623,876	268,462,183
1921	118,597,199	42,031,773	95,971,441	256,600,413
1922	137,770,062	48,732,699	111,230,454	297,733,215
1923	163,705,410	59,879,673	127,613,665	351,198,748
1924	172,322,283	70,315,154	142,879,981	385,517,418
1925	188,592,160	74,383,372	229,640,898	492,616,430
1926	208,323,308	71,001,879	224,323,203	503,648,909

The total customs revenue in 1925-26 was Rs.47,724,649.

List of Governors.†

1850	Sir George William Anderson, K.C.B.
1855	Sir Henry George Ward, K.C.M.G.
1860	Sir C. J. MacCarthy, Knt.
1863	Major-Gen. Terence O'Brien (acting).
1865	Sir Hercules G. R. Robinson, K.C.M.G.
1872	The Rt. Hon. Sir W. H. Gregory, K.C.M.G.
1877	Sir James R. Longden, K.C.M.G.
1883	The Hon. Sir Arthur H. Gordon, G.C.M.G.
1890	Sir Arthur E. Havelock, G.C.M.G.
1896	Right Hon. Sir J. West Ridgeway, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., K.C.S.I.
1903	Sir Henry A. Blake, G.C.M.G.
1907	Col. Sir H. E. McCallum, G.C.M.G., R.E.
1913	Sir Robert Chalmers, G.C.B.
1916	Sir John Anderson, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.
1918	Brig.-General Sir William H. Manning, G.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B.
1925	Sir Hugh C. Clifford, G.C.M.G., G.B.E.
1927	Sir Herbert J. Stanley, K.C.M.G.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Governor, Sir Herbert James Stanley, K.C.M.G.

Ex-Officio Members.

Colonial Secretary, A. G. M. Fletcher, C.M.G., C.B.E.
 Attorney-General, L. H. Elphinstone, K.C.
 Controller of Revenue, F. G. Tyrrell, C.M.G.
 Treasurer, W. W. Woods, C.M.G.
 Official Nominated Member, R. N. Thaine, C.M.G., Government Agent, Western Province.

Unofficial Nominated Members.

Sir H. M. Fernando, M.D., K. Balasingham,
 A. C. G. Wijekoon and J. W. Oldfield, O.B.E.
 Clerk to the Council, M. A. Young.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The Governor (President).
 Sir James Peiris, Kt. (Vice-President).

Ex-officio Members.

Officer Commanding the Troops, Colonel-Commandant
 A. C. Girdwood, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
 Colonial Secretary, A. G. M. Fletcher, C.M.G., C.B.E.
 Attorney-General, L. H. Elphinstone, K.C.
 Controller of Revenue, F. G. Tyrrell.
 Treasurer, W. W. Woods, C.M.G.

Nominated Official Members.

Principal Collector of Customs, W. E. Wait.
 Director of Public Works, H. B. Lees.
 Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, J. F. E. Bridger.
 Controller of Indian Immigrant Labour, T. Reid.
 Director of Agriculture, F. A. Stockdale.
 Director of Education, L. Macrae.
 Solicitor-General, M. T. Akbar.

Nominated Unofficial Members.

H. A. Loos, K. Balasingham, A. C. G. Wijekoon.

Elected Unofficial Members.

N. H. M. Abdul Cader, Sir P. Ramanathan, Kt., C.M.G., K.C., W. Duraiswamy, D. H. Kotialawala, Sir James Peiris, Kt., E. W. Perera, E. R. Tambimuttu, C. W. W. Kannangara, N. J. Martin, T. L. Villiers, A. Canagaratnam, C. E. V. Corea, P. B. Rambukwelle, C. H. Z. Fernando, H. B. Freeman, T. B. Jayah, D. B. Jayatilaka, H. M. Maan Marikar, G. E. Madawala, A. Mahadeva, A. F. Molamure, A. H. E. Molamure, F. A. Obeyesekere, I. X. Pereira, S. Rajaratnam, D. S. Senanayake, M. M. Subramaniam, V. S. de S. Wickremanayake, G. A. H. Wille, T. M. Sagaratnam, W. A. de Silva, K. Natesa Aiyer, C. S. Burna, H. D. Garriok.
 Clerk to the Legislative Council, W. L. Murphy.

Civil Establishment.

Governor, etc., Sir Herbert James Stanley, K.C.M.G., 7,000.*

Private Secretary, M. E. Antrobous.

Assistant Private Secretary, R. C. Byng.

Aide-de-Camp, Capt. L. Holbeck, D.S.O., M.C., late Grenadier Guards.

Maya Mudaliyar and Chief Interpreter and Extra Aide-de-Camp, J. P. Obeyesekere, Ra. 4,000.

Colonial Secretary, A. G. M. Fletcher, C.M.G., C.B.E., 2,400.

Principal Assistant, M. A. Young, 1,300.

Second Assistant, W. L. Murphy, 1,200.

Third Assistant, W. D. Battershill, 800.

Fourth Assistant, G. E. Miles, 700.

Fifth Assistant, K. Somasantharam, 660.

Office Assistants, B. Belleth, 620., G. Phoebus, 510.

Chief Clerk, J. C. Janusz, R. 6,200.

Cadets, commencing at 400. per annum:—B. F. Perera, W. C. D. Pentelow, W. H. Moore, S. F. Amarasinghe, G. de Soya, C. H. Hartwell, M. F. De S. Jayaratne, C. B. P. Perera, R. H. D. Manders, C. D. V. S. Corea, P. O. S. E. Silva, A. R. Hallock, W. A. De Silva, R. M. Gybbon-Monypenny, W. D. Gunaratna, H. S. M. Hoare.

Government Printer, H. R. Cottle, 850.

Assistant ditto, A. C. Richards, 550.

Second Assistant ditto, E. Sellayah, 410.

Third Assistant ditto, W. Francis Silva, 262.

Controller of Revenue, F. G. Tyrrell, C.M.G., 1,800.

Assistant Controller, J. H. Wadia, 920.

Treasurer, W. W. Woods, C.M.G., 1,800.

Assistant Treasurer, C. W. Bickmore, 1,300.

Accountant and Financial Assistant, F. J. Tothill, 840.

First Assistant Accountant, F. E. Loos, 720.

Second Assistant Accountant, P. F. de Liversa, 600.

Colonial Auditor, F. G. Morley, 1,500.

Assistant Colonial Auditor, O. E. Goonetilleke, 960.

Assistant Auditor for Railways, J. J. Jacob, 760.

Chief Audit Examiners, J. A. Muthuvalao, 480., K. Kanakaratnam, 480., A. R. Kale, 450.

Commissioner of Stamps, W. W. Woods, C.M.G.

Deputy Commissioner of Stamps, J. C. Whook, 1,300.

Government Agencies.

WESTERN PROVINCE.

Government Agent, R. N. Thaine, C.M.G., 1,600.

Assistant, Colombo, T. G. Willet, 1,000.

Additional Assistant, Colombo, D. B. Senevisatue, 800.

Office Assistant, W. A. Weerakoon, 700.

Extra Office Assistant, R. J. Pereira, 600.

Assistant Government Agent, Kalutara, E. T. Dyson, 1,200.

Office Assistant, K. T. S. Gurusinghe, 480.

Cadet, S. F. Amarasinghe, 450.

* Including 1,500. entertainment allowance.

† For Governors previous to 1850, see Edition for 1889.

CENTRAL PROVINCE.

Government Agent, W. L. Kindersley, Rs. 25,500.
Assistant Government Agent, Kandy, R. M. Davies, 920l.
Office Assistant, Kandy, E. R. Sudbury, 800l.
Cadet, Kandy, C. H. Hartwell, 400l.
Assistant Government Agent, Matale, W. J. L. Rogers, 1,100l.
Office Assistant, N. W. Morgappah, 540l.
Assistant Government Agent, Nuwara Eliya, C. C. Woolley, 920l.
Office Assistant, W. H. Moore, 400l.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

Government Agent, T. B. Russell, 1,750l.
Office Assistant, Jaffna, L. A. Northcroft, 540l.
Extra Office Assistant, C. Rasanayagam, 540l.
Cadet, Gde Soya, 400l.
Assistant Government Agent, Mannar, C. E. Jones, 920l.
Assistant Government Agent, Mullaitivu, P. Saravanamuttu, 840l.

SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

Government Agent, L. W. C. Schrader, Rs. 25,500.
Office Assistant, K. Vaithianathan, 580l.
Extra Office Assistant, P. H. de la Harpe, 540l.
Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, V. Coomaraswamy, 1,100l.
Office Assistant, C. Senaratne, 600l.
Assistant Government Agent, Matara, R. H. Whitehorn, 1,200l.
Office Assistant, J. A. Gunaratna, 600l.
Cadet, C. V. D. S. Corea, 400l.

EASTERN PROVINCE.

Government Agent, C. Harrison-Jones, 1,300l.
Assistant Government Agent, C. J. S. Pritchett, 1,000l.
Office Assistant, Batticaloa, E. H. Tenison, 700l.
Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, J. R. Walters, 1,200l.
Office Assistant, W. G. Vallipuram, 600l.

NORTH WESTERN PROVINCE.

Government Agent, T. A. Hodson, 1,450l.
Assistant Government Agent, R. B. Naish, 920l.
Office Assistant, W. Holmes, 540l.
Extra Office Assistant, H. W. Abeyawardena, 510l.
Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam and Chilaw, C. L. Wickremesinghe, 1,100l.
Office Assistant, Puttalam, B. F. Perera, 450l.

NORTH CENTRAL PROVINCE.

Government Agent, M. M. Wedderburn, 1,400l.
Office Assistant, Anuradhapura, J. A. Mulhall, 600l.
Cadet, C. B. P. Perera, 400l.

PROVINCE OF UVA.

Government Agent, H. W. Codrington, 1,550l.
Office Assistant, R. N. Bond, 540l.

PROVINCE OF SABARAGAMUWA.

Government Agent, E. T. Millington, 1,550l.
Office Assistant, W. D. Goodall, 500l.
Extra Office Assistant, J. M. de Silva, 450l.
Assistant Government Agent, Kegalla, W. E. Hobday, 1,100l.
Office Assistant, Kegalla, W. C. D. Pentelow, 400l.

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice, Sir Stanley Fisher, Kt., 2,500l.
Private Secretary, G. V. Wille, Rs. 4,200.
Senior Puisne Judge, G. S. Schneider, K.C., 1,750l.
Private Secretary, H. Sansoni, Rs. 3,200.

Puisne Justice, T. F. Garvin, K.C., 1,750l.
Private Secretary, E. O. Dias, Rs. 3,200.
Puisne Justice, L. C. Dalton, 1,750l.
Private Secretary, E. O. Dias Bandayanisake, Rs. 3,200.
Puisne Justice, R. W. Lyall Grant, 1,750l.
Private Secretary, F. C. van Cuylenburg, Rs. 3,200.
Puisne Justice, A. Driberg, 1,750l.
Private Secretary, H. W. R. Weerasuruja, Rs. 3,200.
Attorney-General, L. H. Elphinstone, 1,800l.
Solicitor-General, M. T. Akbar, 1,550l.
Deputy Solicitor-General, S. Obeyesekere, 1,150l.
Assistant to Attorney-General, L. M. D. de Silva, 900l.
Draftsman, A. Dyer Ball, 1,200l.
Crown Counsel :—

W. E. Barber, 1,000l.
 V. M. Fernando, 1,000l.
 G. V. Grenier, 1,000l.
 R. F. Dias, 840l.
 C. A. Brito-Muttunayagam, 720l.
 J. W. R. Ilangakoon, 720l.
 M. W. H. de Silva, 650l.
Registrar of Supreme Court, G. O. Grenier, 800l.
First Deputy Registrar of Supreme Court, E. W. Gunaratne, 510l.
Second Deputy ditto, P. W. Vanlangenberg, 380l.
Third Deputy ditto, R. C. Proctor, 320l.
Fourth Deputy ditto, R. L. Perera, 320l.
Fifth Deputy Registrar, C. E. Stork, 320l.

DISTRICT OF COLOMBO AND MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

District Judge, Colombo, L. M. Maartensz, 1,550l.
Additional District Judge, Colombo, W. S. de Saram, 1,400l.
Second Additional District Judge, Colombo, V. M. Fernando, 1,050l.
District Judge and Additional Commissioner of Requests, Kandy, P. E. Pieris, 1,750l.
Additional District Judge, Kandy, R. S. V. Poulter, 840l.
District Judges, Commissioners of Requests, and Police Magistrates at :—
Kurunegala, D. H. Balfour, 1,200l.
Kalutara, N. M. Bharncha, 1,350l.
Aussawella, E. F. Marshall, 700l.
Negombo, G. F. Roberts, 1,550l.
Badulla, H. R. R. Blood, 920l.
Ratnapura, H. E. Jansz, 920l.
Kegalla, S. D. Dhondy, 1,000l.
Hatton-Nuwara Eliya, G. N. Farquhar, 800l.
Police Magistrate, Colombo, H. P. Kaupmann, 920l.
Commissioner of Requests, Colombo, E. G. P. Jayatilake, 900l.
Commissioners of Requests and Police Magistrates at :—
Dandagamuwa, D. C. R. Ganawardana, 500l.
Kandy, E. H. Lucette, 800l.
Aussawella, E. F. Marshall, 700l.
Police Magistrate, Gampola, G. L. D. Davidson, 700l.
Kalutara, R. T. Daniel, 840l.
Kurunegala, W. O. Stevens, 920l.
Matale and Panwila, C. F. Ingledew, 840l.
Negombo, L. H. de Alwis (act.), 540l.
Ratnapura, W. Sansoni, 540l.
Pandure, P. O. Fernando, 540l.
Gampaha, G. Koch (acting), 620l.
Municipal Magistrate, Colombo, Mervyn Joseph, Rs. 9,300.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

District Judges, Commissioners of Requests, and Police Magistrates at :—
Galle, T. W. Roberts, 1,550l.
Tangalla, V. P. Redlich, 920l.
Matara, M. Prasad, 1,100l.

Commissioners of Requests and Police Magistrates at :—

Galle, C. E. de Pinto, 920L.
 Hambantota, V. Coomaraswamy, 1,100L.
 Balapitiya, E. W. Kannangara, 800L.
 Matara, J. Light, 660L.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

District Judge and Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Jaffna, G. W. Woodhouse, Rs. 25,500.

Additional District Judge, Additional Commissioner of Requests and Additional Police Magistrate, Jaffna, M. H. Kautawala, 920L.

District Judges, Commissioners of Requests and Police Magistrates at :—

Anuradhapura, H. J. L. Leigh-Clare, M.C., 920L.
 Batticaloa, W. D. Niles, 800L.
 Chilaw, O. L. de Kretser, 1,000L.
 Trincomalee, G. C. Thambyan (acting), 650L.
 Mannar, C. E. Jones, (A.G.A.) 880L.
 Mullaitivu, P. Saravanamuttu, 840L.

Additional District Judge, Additional Commissioner of Requests and Additional Police Magistrate, Mannar and Mullaitivu, P. O. Fernando, 540L.

Commissioners of Requests and Police Magistrates at :—

Jaffna and Kayts, A. G. Ranasinha, 660L.
 Point Pedro and Chavakacheri, L. J. de S. Senewiratus, 540L.
 Chilaw, J. N. Arumugam, 660L.
 Puttalam, N. Moonesinghe, 540L.

Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Anuradhapura, M. M. Wedderburn, 1,400L. (G.A.).

Fiscal, Western Province, The Government Agent, Western Province.

Deputy Fiscal, R. O. de Saram, 920L.

Customs Department.

Principal Collector, W. E. Wait, 1,550L.
Deputy Collector and Landing Surveyor, C. H. Collins, 1,250L.

Landing Surveyor, Colombo, F. C. Gimson, 920L.

Office Assistant and Second Landing Surveyor, R. Aluwihare, 840L.

Third Landing Surveyor, E. A. G. van der Straaten, 600L.

Fourth Landing Surveyor, M. M. Anthonisz (acting), 540L.

Accountant, J. P. de Vos, 480L.

SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

Collector, L. W. C. Schrader, (G.A.)

Assistant Collector and Landing Surveyor, N. E. Ernst (Police Magistrate).

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

Collector, T. B. Russell (G.A.).

Assistant Collector and Landing Surveyor, Jaffna, L. A. Northcroft.

Assistant Collector and Landing Surveyor, Mannar, C. E. Jones (A.G.A.).

Assistant Collector and Landing Surveyor, Mullaitivu, P. Saravanamuttu (A.G.A.).

EASTERN PROVINCE.

Collector, C. Harrison-Jones.

Assistant Collector and Landing Surveyor, Trincomalee, R. M. Davies.

Master Attendant, Trincomalee, R. M. Davies (A.G.A.).

" " Jaffna, T. B. Russell (G.A.).

" " Batticaloa, C. Harrison-Jones.

" " Hambantota, V. Coomaraswamy (A.G.A.).

Colombo Port Commission.

Chairman, W. E. Wait.

Secretary, H. K. Hillyer, O.B.E., 1,160L.

Accountant, W. H. D. E. Pereira, 570L.

Assistant Accountant, L. W. E. Wijesekira, 480L.

Master Attendant, Capt. E. C. Stubbs, 900L.

Deputy Master Attendant (vacant).

Harbour Engineer, G. W. Dodds, A.M.I.C.E., 1,450L.

Chief Assistant Engineer, A. H. Morgan, 1,150L.

Assistant Engineers, T. A. Owles, 890L., C. S. Richards, 850L.

Mechanical Superintendent, H. S. Caswell, 700L.

Excise Department.

Excise Commissioner, G. S. Wodeman (acting), 1,300L.

Deputy Commissioner, E. Rodrigo, 1,200L.

Assistant Commissioner, Central Division, B. de Saram, 700L.

Assistant Commissioner, Distilleries, G. F. de Livera, 700L.

Assistant Commissioner, North-Western Division, P. E. Parsons, 700L.

Assistant Commissioner, Northern Division, S. S. Navaratnam, 700L.

Superintendents :—

H. C. R. Anthonisz, Rs. 7,600; H. E. Dis Bandaranyaka, Rs. 7,200.

Assistant Superintendents :—

R. G. de Livera, Rs. 5,200.

T. V. Saravanamuttu, Rs. 5,000.

J. S. Nichola, Rs. 5,000.

E. J. Christoffels, Rs. 5,000.

D. de Kretser, Rs. 5,000.

J. R. S. Perera, Rs. 5,000.

N. S. Sanders, Rs. 5,000.

D. A. Wijeyewardene (Distillery Officer), Rs. 4,800.

A. T. A. Everts, Rs. 4,800.

C. A. H. Keuneman, Rs. 4,800.

C. W. Nicholas, Rs. 4,200.

E. J. Sinnnetamby, Rs. 4,200.

A. Dias Abeyesinghe, Rs. 4,000.

R. C. Chetty, Rs. 3,800.

Public Works Department.

Headquarters, Colombo :—

Director of Public Works, H. B. Lees, A.M.I.C.E., 1,600L.-50L.-1,750L.

Deputy Director of Public Works, A. H. F. Clarke, 1,350L.

Assistant Director of Public Works, W. J. Thornhill, A.R.T.C. (Glasgow), 1,250L.

2nd Assistant Director of Public Works, H. L. Grocock, 1,200L.

3rd Assistant Director of Public Works, G. W. Bartholomew, 910L.

Architectural Assistant, A. Woodson, F.R.I.B.A., 1,200L.

Engineering Assistant, G. S. Goodman, A.M.I.C.E., 1,200L.

2nd Architectural Assistant, A. D. Parham, A.R.I.B.A., M.S.A., P.A.S.I., 840L.

3rd Architectural Assistant, N. Wynne-Jones, A.R.I.B.A., M.S.A., 720L.

Financial Assistant and Accountant, S. E. D. Muller, 760L.

Office Assistant, L. B. Emmanuel, 510L.

Assistant Accountant and Store Superintendent, A. Chellappa, 570L.

Government Factory, Colombo :—

Factory Engineer, J. Gray, A.M.I.M.E., M.I.A.E., 1,200L.

Assistant Factory Engineer, P. G. Macfarlane, M.I.J.E., A.M.I.M.E., 840L.

Mechanical Engineer, E. L. Johnson, 780*l*.
Electrical Engineer, D. J. Wimalasurendra, 1,080*l*.
Assistant Electrical Engineer, P. C. Fernando, 760*l*.
Assistant Electrical Engineer (Local Division),
 D. M. Wyasinghe, Rs. 5,440*l*.

Provincial Engineers (1,000 to 1,200*l*.):
 E. H. van der Straeten, M.I.C.E.; A. Rothwell;
 E. W. Cade, M.Inst.M. & Cy.E. (Victoria); F. W.
 Sproule; D. K. McMinn, A.M.I.C.E.; W. R. W.
 Morgan, A.M.I.C.E.; H. E. de Kretser, A. C. B.
 Jonklaas, V.D., S. W. Dassanaike, and H. K. de
 Kretser, F.C.H.

Construction Engineer, S. Davies, M.C., 1,080*l*.

District Engineers, (500*l*. to 960*l*.):—

A. H. Nathanielsz, A.M.Inst.W.E., M.I.M. & Cy.E.,
 M.R.S.I., A.M.I.C.E.; S. M. S. Rajasooriya;
 J. A. Moraes; E. J. Peries; O. T. Nettelton,
 A.M.I.C.E., P.A.S.I.; W. J. Price, A.M.I.C.E.;
 W. A. Coradine, M.R.S.I.; P. M. Battle,
 A.M.I.C.E.; R. G. Bartholomew, A.M.I.C.E.;
 H. P. G. Young, A.M.I.C.E., M.I.S.A.; C. H.
 Linnell, A.M.I.C.E.; A. J. R. Scharenguivel,
 A.M.I.C.E.; A. S. Barker, A.M.I.C.E.; C. H.
 Bradley, M.C., A.M.I.C.E.; F. G. Stevens,
 A.M.I.C.E.; J. C. Cooper, A.M.I.C.E.; T. H.
 Leader, A.M.I.C.E.; H. N. Worth, A.M.I.C.E.;
 W. G. Scott; E. B. Bowen, A.M.I.C.E., P.A.S.I.;
 C. G. Schokman; S. J. Kirby, A.M.I.C.E.,
 A.M.Inst.M. & Cy.E.; P. M. Norris, A.M.I.C.E.;
 B. A. R. Hughes, B.Sc. (Engineering) London,
 A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E.; J. T.
 Morrison, A.M.I.C.E.; J. L. Longbottom, B.Sc.
 (London), A.M.I.C.E., P.A.S.I.; G. H. Pritchard,
 A.M.I.C.E., M.R.S.I.; A. S. Crow; R. A. M.
 Thuraiappah, A.M.I.C.E.; J. M. Adam, B.A.,
 B.A.I., A.M.I.C.E.; M. Jeffery, M.I.M. & Cy.E.;
 J. T. van Twest, A.M.I.C.E.; Moses de Silva,
 A.M.I.C.E.; G. Gilchrist, A.M.I.C.E.; J. A.
 Vary, A.M.I.C.E.; M. S. Christoffelsz,
 A.M.I.C.E.; R. C. Fernando, A.M.I.C.E.;
 C. W. Dias; J. H. E. de Kretser; R. G. Leem-
 bruggen, B.Sc. (Engineering) London; C. E.
 Bingham; A. C. Box, A.M.I.M. & Cy.E.,
 A.R.S.I.; E. H. Martin, B.A. (Dublin),
 A.M.I.C.E., F.R.G.S.; E. L. Ohlms; L. P.
 Stork; A. E. Wijesinghe; A. L. Fretz;
 H. E. E. Koch. *Temporary*:—A. W. H.
 Casinader, A.M.I.C.E.; S. Mahadeva; T. A.
 Burns, B.Sc. (Engineering); J. Saverimuttu,
 B.Sc. (Engineering); A. F. Allen; H. E. D.
 Pearce, B.Sc. (Hon.), A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.Struct.E.;
 J. D. Bush, B.Sc. (Birmingham), A.M.I.C.E.;
 S. Rouse, A.M.I.C.E.; G. L. Davies, B.Sc.,
 A.M.I.C.E.; G. H. Todd, A.M.I.C.E.; E. E.
 Benest, M.A., A.F.R.Ae.S., A. Inst.N.Arch.;
 T. P. de S. Munasinghe, A.M.I.C.E.; A.
 Selvadurai, A.M.I.C.E.; W. I. de Zilva.

Building Foreman, S. J. Lines, 525*l*.

Local Division.

Nineteen Assistant Engineers at Rs. 4,000 to
 Rs. 7,000.

Seventeen Inspectors at Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 3,600.

Thirty Head Overseers at Rs. 1,700 to Rs. 2,300.

Department of Electrical Undertakings.

Director of Electrical Undertakings, B. G. de Glanville,
 actg.

Deputy Chief Engineer, D. G. Wimalasunden, 1,350*l*.

Five Electrical Asst. Engineers at Rs. 4,000 to Rs.
 7,000.

Five Electrical Inspectors at Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 3,300.

Colombo Lake Development Scheme.

Engineer-in-Charge, L. P. Stork, 600*l*.

Irrigation Department.

Director of Irrigation, R. F. Morris, M.I.C.E., 1,550*l*.

Deputy Director of Irrigation, W. Brown, B.Sc.
 M.I.C.E., 1,300*l*.

Divisional Irrigation Engineers (1,140*l*. to 1,200*l*.):—
 L. F. Emerson, A.M.I.C.E.
 C. C. Harward, A.M.I.C.E.

Divisional Irrigation Engineers (900*l*. to 1,100*l*.):—

O. W. Henman, A.M.I.C.E.

B. G. Meaden, A.M.I.C.E.

T. Hamer.

J. A. Wilson, M.I.Mining E.

Irrigation Engineers (500*l*. to 900*l*.):—

W. H. Biddell, B.Sc. (London), A.M.I.C.E.,
 F.R.G.S.

J. S. Kennedy, M.C., M.A., B.Sc. (Glas.),
 A.M.I.C.E.

E. C. Hillman, M.C., B.Sc. (Birmingham).

J. H. Wilson, M.C., M.A., B.Sc. (Edin.).

J. N. Rutherford, A.M.I.C.E.

L. T. Burgess, B.Eng., M.Eng. (Liverpool).

Temporary Irrigation Engineers:—

John Aitken, A.M.I.C.E.

F. L. Bruce.

S. G. Taylor, B.Sc. (Engineering) London.

A. Webster, A.M.I.C.E.

A. P. Wier, A.M.I.C.E.

W. A. Guthrie, B.Sc. (Engineering), Birmingham.

H. W. L. Poole, A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E.

T. E. Beveridge, A.M.I.C.E.

C. M. Marsh, B.Sc. (Engineering), London,
 A.C.G.I.

J. H. Amos.

C. H. Steven.

D. M. Hodgson.

Assistant Irrigation Engineers (Rs. 4,000 to Rs. 7,000).

G. E. Syme, A.M.I.C.E.

J. L. Casparus.

G. C. Bartlett.

W. T. I. Alaga Ratnam, A.C.E. (Madras).

C. M. Jennings, B. C. Somanader, E. Goones-
 singhe, and A. W. Kirthisinghe.

Inspectors.

22 at Rs. 2,640 to Rs. 4,440.

Inspector (old scheme).

1 at Rs. 2,400.

Sub-Inspectors.

66 at Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 2,520.

Survey Department.

Surveyor-General, A. H. G. Dawson, 1,400*l*.

Deputy Surveyor-General, C. R. Lundie, A.M.I.C.E.,
 1,150*l*.

Assistant Surveyor-General, G. K. Thornhill, F.R.G.S.,
 1,080*l*.

Accountant, O. J. H. Nicholas, 720*l*.

Superintendent Colombo Observatory, A. J. Bamford,
 M.C., M.A. (Cantab.), B.Sc. (London), F.R.A.S.,
 F.R.G.S., F.R.Met.S., 1,040*l*.

Assistant Astronomer, H. Jameson, B.Sc. (Durham),
 780*l*.

Superintendents of Surveys (12 at 840*l*. to 1,040*l*.):

C. H. Vinco, P.A.S.I.; F. J. Salmon, M.C., A.C.G.I.,

A.I.M.M., F.R.G.S.; D. Bloxham, P.A.S.I.;

L. G. O. Woodhouse; P. J. May, F.S.I.; R. W. E.

Ruddock; K. W. S. Mitchell, A.I.C.E.; F. L.

Baker, P.A.S.I.; H. P. Harrison, F.S.I.; H. O.

Clark, M.C., F.S.I.; C. C. S. Stephenson, P.A.S.I.,

F.R.G.S.; A. E. Droke.

Forty Assistant Superintendents of Surveys (at 450*l.* to 810*l.*):—

E. O. de Fonseka; S. Easton, M. Eng. (Sheffield University); L. E. S. Mitchell; J. Ferguson, A.M.I.C.E.; C. W. F. Wavell, F.S.I.; R. J. Johnston, P.A.S.I.; T. Y. Pries, M.A. (Cantab.); W. A. Davis, P.A.S.I.; P. Moriarty; L. M. Symes; P. Mo. C. Thornhill; E. Keyt; W. H. T. Bartlett, B.A.; A. L. Grice; I. F. Wilson, M.C.; G. B. King, B.Sc. (Engineering), London, A.C.G.I.; E. B. Dissanaika; J. W. Sennanayake; R. L. Brohier; H. T. W. Jayasekera; C. A. d'With Barbut; V. Rasaretnam; A. C. James; H. S. Perera; O. S. Bird, M.A. (Oxon); W. B. Paterson, C.S.M.; F. S. Tippet, B.A. (Oxon); W. W. Williams; H. A. S. Smith, B.A. (Oxon); J. K. Clegg, B.A. (Oxon); J. L. T. E. Dassanaika, B.Sc. (Lon.); E. A. Jayarajasingham, B.Sc. (Lon.); D. B. Ellapola, B.Sc. (Lon.); S. Karthugesu, B.Sc. (Lon.).

Assistant Superintendents (Headquarters), 450*l.* to 600*l.*):—

H. W. Johnson, W. S. Maddams, M.B.E., and E. E. O'Leary.
Superintendent of the Instrument Department, G. H. Tabor, 450*l.* to 600*l.*

Surveyors:—

Grade I.—30 at Rs. 4,600 to Rs. 6,000.
Grade II.—60 at Rs. 2,880 to Rs. 4,440.
Grade III.—200 at Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 3,600.

Land Settlement Department.

Settlement Officer, M. T. Archibald (acting), 1,300*l.*
Assistant Settlement Officers, N. J. Luddington, 1,110*l.*; A. H. Egan, 1,100*l.*; L. L. Hunter, 960*l.*; L. D. C. Hughes, 920*l.*; R. Jones-Bateman, 880*l.*; P. J. Hudson, 800*l.*; R. H. Bassett, 800*l.*; F. Leach, 700*l.*

Department of Mineralogy.

Government Mineralogist, J. S. Coates, 1,200*l.*

Registrar-General's Department.

Registrar-General, C. Coomasawamy, 1,250*l.*
Assistant Registrar-General, E. R. de Silva, 450*l.*
2nd Assistant Registrar-General, P. W. Ratnatunga, Rs. 5,500.
3rd Assistant Registrar-General, E. A. Jayasekera, Rs. 4,500.

Post Office.

Postmaster-General and Director of Telegraphs, M. S. Sroshtha, 1,750*l.*
Assistant Postmaster-General, G. W. J. Praet, 1,150*l.*
Assistant, Post and Telegraph Dept., A. E. P. Wijegunewardene, 480*l.*
Superintendent of Mails, E. S. Dissanaika, 510*l.*
Accountant, H. J. Lovett, 1,120*l.*
Assistant Accountants, P. H. M. Perera, 720*l.* and D. M. Amerasinghe, 510*l.*
Chief Engineer of Telegraphs, E. Harper, M.I.E.E., Mem. Institute Radio Engineers, 1,250*l.*
Assistant Chief Engineer, J. Penman, A.M.I.E.E., 960*l.*
Divisional Engineers, G. H. Schofield, 810*l.*; J. Shillitoe, 810*l.*; H. S. Bryant, 750*l.*; A. T. Kingston, M.B.E., 720*l.*
Assistant Engineers, H. J. White, 600*l.*; G. A. Platt, 600*l.*; R. P. Amerasinghe, 510*l.*
Superintendent Telegraph and Telephone Traffic, A. G. Tillekeratne, A.M.I.E.E., 930*l.*
Assistant Superintendent of Telegraph and Telephone Traffic, W. D. Fernando, 510*l.*

Education Department.

Director, L. Macrae, M.A. (Aberdeen), M.A. (Cantab.), 1,550*l.*
Assistant Director, L. McD. Robison, B.A. (Manchester), 1,200*l.*
Additional Assistant Director, C. J. D. Lauktree, 800*l.*
Office Assistant, E. E. Davidson, 600*l.*
Accountant, H. E. Grenier, 570*l.*
Chief Inspector of English Schools, C. A. Wicks, M.A. (Cantab.), 1,000*l.*
Divisional Inspectors of Schools, E. H. Vanderwall, 840*l.*; H. S. Perera, 780*l.*; S. N. Godfrey, 630*l.*
District Inspector of Schools, E. de La Harpe, Rs. 8,750.
Ditto, L. J. Gratiaen, B.A. (Lond.), Rs. 7,250.
Ditto, W. R. Watson, B.A., B.Sc. (Calcutta), Rs. 7,250.
Ditto, J. C. Wirakoon, Rs. 5,750.
Inspectress of Girls' English Schools, Miss R. McLeod, 550*l.*
Inspector of Art, C. F. Winzer, 600*l.*
Inspectress of Needlework, Miss F. Moreira, Rs. 5,750.
Chief Inspector of Vernacular Schools, W. Charles de Silva, Rs. 6,000.

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Professor of Classics and Philosophy, (vacant).
Professor of Mathematics, C. Suntharalingam, B.A. (Oxon), B.Sc., 1,100*l.*
Professor of Modern History and Economics, S. A. Pakeman, M.C., M.A. (Cantab.), 1,150*l.*
Professor of Physics, J. W. Hinton, M.Sc. (University New Zealand), 1,000*l.*
Professor of Chemistry, W. N. Rae, M.A. (Cantab.), F.I.C., F.C.S. London, 1,050*l.*
Professor of Botany and Director of Biological Laboratories, N. G. Ball, 920*l.*

Royal College.

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Classics Master and Vice-Principal, L. H. W. Sampson, B.A. (Oxon), F.R.G.S., 810*l.*
Science Master, H. J. Wijesinghe, Rs. 6,000.
Mathematical Master, M. M. Kulasekaram, B.Sc. (Lond.), Rs. 5,700.

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Principal, F. E. Kennard, B.Sc. (Lond.), M.I.E.E., 870*l.*

Training College.

Principal, A. S. Harrison, M.Sc. (Manch.), 1,000*l.*
Vice-Principal, G. E. Harding, B.A. (London), 750*l.*
Lecturer, J. Bleakley, M.Sc. (Manchester), 700*l.*
Assistant Lecturer, A. J. R. Vethavanam, B.A. (Calcutta), Rs. 3,000 to 6,000.
Assistant Lecturers, R. A. Krickersbeck (acting) and E. C. T. Holsinger (acting), Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 6,000.
Instructor and Inspector of Manual Training, F. H. Bergen, 700*l.*
Lecturer to Infant Teachers, Miss E. D. Arnold, 500*l.*
Lecturer to Women Students, Miss E. M. Gould, 500*l.*

Department of Agriculture.

Director of Agriculture and Registrar of Co-operative Societies, F. A. Stockdale, M.A.(Cantab), F.L.S., 1,560*l*.

Office Assistant and Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, J. I. Gnanamuttu, 450*l*.

Research Branch :—

Entomologist, J. C. Hutson, B.A.(Oxon), Ph.D.(Mass.), 870*l*.

Economic Botanist, L. Lord, M.A.(Oxon), 630*l*.

Systematic Botanist, A. H. G. Alston, 530*l*.

Agricultural Chemist, A. W. R. Joachim, B.Sc.(London), A.I.C. Dip. Agr. (Cantab), 630*l*.

Mycologist, W. Small, 600*l*. to 960*l*.

Assistant Mycologist, M. Park, A.R.C.S. (Lond.), 660*l*.

Assistant Entomologist, F. P. Jepson, M.A.(Cantab.), F.E.S., M.S.E.A.C., 810*l*.

Manager, Experiment Station, Peradeniya, T. H. Holland, M.S.E.A.C., 750*l*.

Inspectorate Branch :—

Inspector for Plant Pests and Diseases (Central), N. K. Jardine, F.E.S.(Lond.), F.E.S. (Amer.), 690*l*.

Inspector for Plant Pests and Diseases (Southern), W. C. Lester Smith, 530*l*.

Inspector for Plant Pests and Diseases (North Western), C. N. E. J. de Mel, B.Sc.(Lond.), M.S.E.A.C., 630*l*.

Agricultural Branch :—

Divisional Agricultural Officer, Central, F. Burnett, M.C., M.A.(Oxon).

5 Divisional Agricultural Officers, 500*l*. to 960*l*. ; G. Harbord, Dip.Agr.(Wye) ; G. E. J. Hulgalle ; W. P. A. Cooke.

Manager, Experiment Station, Anuradhapura, H. A. Deutrom, Rs. 5,400.

Gardens Branch :—

Superintendent of Botanic Gardens,

Curator, Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, T. H. Parsons, 670*l*. and quarters.

Curator, Hakgala Gardens, Nuwara Eliya, J. J. Nook, 494*l*. and quarters.

Rubber Controller, H. A. Burden, 1,400*l*.

Department of Statistics and Office Systems.

Director of Statistics and Office Systems, L. J. B. Turner, 1,300*l*.

Assistant Director of Statistics and Office Systems, E. H. Davies, 840*l*.

Department of Indian Immigrant Labour.

Controller, T. Reid, 1,550*l*.

Colombo Museum and Fisheries Department.

Director of the Colombo Museum and Marine Biologist, J. Pearson, D.Sc., Liverpool, B.Sc.(Manchester), F.R.S.E., F.L.S., 1,200*l*.

Librarian of the Colombo Museum, A. N. Weinman, Rs. 3,000.

Assistant in Systematic Entomology, G. M. R. Henry, 360*l*.

Assistant Marine Biologists, A. H. Malpas, 750*l*. ; P. E. P. Deraniyagala, B.A. (Cantab), M.A. (Harvard), 630*l*.

Marine Superintendent, Lt.-Commander E. L. Pawsey, R.D., R.N.R., 630*l*.

Forest Department.

Conservator of Forests, J. D. Sargent, B.A. (Oxon), Diploma of Forestry (Oxon), 1,560*l*.

Deputy Conservators of Forests, F. J. S. Turner, D.D.R., Advanced Forestry and Forest Botany (Edin.) ; A. B. Lushington, D.D.R., Special Course of Forestry and Botany at Oxford, W. W. Fyres, D.D.R., Special Course of Forestry and Botany at Oxford.

Assistant Conservators, A. B. Fontyn, H. C. King, Diploma of Forestry (Oxon), A. J. Plummer, B.A. (Oxon), Diploma of Forestry (Oxon), G. Spencer, B.A. (Cantab), Diploma of Forestry (Cantab), W. M. McNeill, B.A. (Oxon), Diploma of Forestry (Oxon), H. E. C. Lushington (Ed. Univ.), P. Godfrey-Faussett, B.A. (Cantab), Degree of Agriculture and Forestry (Cantab), E. C. Fernando ; A. Henaman ; C. A. H. P. Jayawardena, B.A. (Oxon.), Diploma of Forestry, Oxford, 600*l*. to 900*l*.

Extra Assistant Conservator, D. W. Abeta Goonesekera, 510*l*.

Accountant, D. H. de S. W. Weeraratne, 480*l*.

Medical Department.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, J. F. E. Bridger, 1,700*l*.

Deputy Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, V. Vaulangenberg, 1,300*l*.

Assistant Director of Medical Services, R. G. Jayatilaka (acting), 960*l*.

Assistant Director of Sanitary Services, Dr. S. T. Gunasekera, 1,100*l*.

Office Assistant to Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, G. Mc. C. Rennie, M.C., 840*l*.

Inspecting Medical Officers, H. L. Ludovici, L. A. Prins, A. L. Pereira, 700*l*. to 960*l*.

Accountant, W. H. D. E. Pereira (acting) 600*l*.

Assistant Accountant, J. L. Stanislaus, 420*l*.

Director Bacteriological Institute, L. Nicholls, 1,200*l*.

Bacteriologist, E. Burgess, 930*l*.

Assistant Bacteriologist, S. Chelliah, Grade II., M.O., 400*l*. plus allowance, Rs. 1,720.

Medical Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, L. D. Parsons, 1,100*l*. plus allowance, Rs. 1,125.

Medical Superintendent, Leper Asylum, R. Pestonjee, 960*l*.

Medical Superintendent, General Hospital, H. U. Leembrugger (acting), 600*l*.

Medical Officer, King Edward VII. Anti-Tuberculosis Institute, C. I. de Silva, 850*l*.

*Provincial Surgeons (700*l*. to 960*l*.):—*

E. N. Jan.

E. P. Aserappa.

F. R. Alles.

E. W. Scharanguivel.

F. Keyt.

M. J. Jinadasa (acting).

S. Subramaniam (acting).

S. P. Joseph (acting).

W. E. de Silva (acting).

*Senior Medical Officers of Health (700*l*. to 960*l*.), S. F. Chellappa, M. de Costa.*

*1st Grade Medical Officers (480*l*. to 800*l*.):—*

L. A. E. de Zilva, S. C. Paul, E. Garvin Mack, Miss C. E. Anderson, H. M. Peiris, S. Subramaniam, S. P. Joseph, M. J. Jinadasa, A. A. M. Werraperumal, C. H. K. Scharanguivel, A. M. de Silva, R. L. Spittell, H. de Silva, C. Sivasithamparam, A. E. Herat, H. E. Ekanayake, V. A. Gunatilake, W. E. de Silva, E. C. Spaar

L. C. Wijesinghe, W. S. Ratnavale, D. T. de Kretser, F. E. R. Bartholomeusz, P. H. Perera, J. B. F. Caldera, R. W. Willenberg, W. Wijeyegunawardana, W. H. Wijesaka, W. F. H. Perera, E. C. Alles, E. A. Blok, A. C. A. Fernando, K. K. Jacob, C. G. Kurien, A. T. Kuriyen, E. S. Godleib, S. E. Aldons, K. T. Nath, P. K. K. Naidu, T. S. Nair, J. M. Somasundaram, K. Ponniah, P. B. Fernando, D. S. V. Walpola, K. Rajah, J. B. Rodrigo, H. C. van Dort, S. Ponniah, D. B. de Alwis, S. Thambipillai, D. D. S. Outechoonn, J. P. Subramaniam, V. Vaithialingam, A. Chellappa, C. Sebapathi, B. Fernando, H. E. Schokman, S. F. Wickremesingha, H. Amarasingha, C. Kandiah, T. K. Jayaram, A. B. Jayasuriya, V. Gabriel, S. de Vos, K. Pootathamby, E. W. Arndt, E. L. Christoffelz.

280 Medical Officers 2nd Grade, 200l. to 450l.

5 Medical Officers of Health, Grade I (500l. to 775l.).

16 Medical Officers of Health, Grade II (275l. to 450l.).

Superintendent, Civil Medical Stores, A. D. Cotton, 650l.

Ceylon Medical College.

Principal, Dr. J. F. E. Bridger, 1,700l.

Registrar and Professor of Physiology, F. O'B. Ellisan, 920l.

Lecturer on Anatomy, A. G. Smith, 800l.

Government Analyst's Department.

Government Analyst, C. T. Symons, 1,200l.

Assistant Analyst, J. V. Collins, 600l.

Veterinary Department.

Veterinary Surgeon, G. W. Sturgess, Ra. 11,250.

Mines.

Inspector of Mines, T. G. Hunter, 800l.

Police.

Inspector-General of Police, H. L. Dowbiggin, 1,550l.

Deputy Inspectors-General, 1,000l. to 1,200l., T. P. Attygalle, A. G. Gottelior.

Superintendents, Grade I. (780l. to 1,000l.), D. V. Altendorff, W. Ludovici, R. G. B. Spicer, M.C., Capt. E. F. L. Wright, R. J. Tyler, P. N. Banks, A. I. Sherringham, H. N. Wood, W. C. C. King, J. D. Aitken.

Superintendents, Grade II. (640l. to 760l.), C. G. Piggford, G. Manwaring, J. E. Bennett, B. Langran, G. H. Bromley, G. H. Ferguson, J. Ludovici, G. K. Pippet, G. S. Baker, A. Jackson.

Assistant Superintendents (480l. to 620l.), M. H. Ratton, A. Peries, W. A. Muller, Capt. W. T. Brindley, Capt. S. G. Nottley, M.C., A. S. Eliatamby, J. Deheragoda, C. B. A. Roberts, J. R. G. Bantock, D. J. G. Hennessy, P. P. Wickramasuriya, R. J. Weerasinghe, H. R. de Silva.

Prisons.

Inspector-General of Prisons, A. F. G. Walker, 1,250l.
1st Assistant Superintendent of Prisons, Major W. H. Robinson, 800l.

2nd Ditto, J. Lambert, 600l.

3rd Ditto, C. P. Brohier, 500l.

4th Ditto, C. C. Schokman, 450l.

Government Stores Department.

Colonial Storekeeper, John Gibb, 850l.

1st Assistant Colonial Storekeeper, J. W. Warby, 650l.

2nd Ditto, H. M. Petris, Ra. 4,800.

Railway Department.

(Offices, Colombo.)

General Manager, T. E. Dutton, M.Inst.T., 1,600l. to 1,750l.

Deputy General Managers, 1,150l. to 1,300l., E. W. Head, M.I.Mech.E., M.I.Loco.E. (Operating); J. M. Orkney, A.M.Inst.T. (Administrative); W. C. D. Davey (Commercial).

Assistants to General Manager, 3 at 760l. to 1,000l. and 1 at 450l. to 720l., R. F. Goonaratne, G. E. W. Janz, W. R. Wild, one vacant.

Mechanical Engineer, A. S. Bobby, M.I.L.E., 1,100l.

Works Superintendent (Loco.), R. J. Armstrong, 780l.

Works Superintendent (Carriage and Wagon), R. V. Williams, 780l.

Drawing Office Assistant, N. McLeod, 600l.

Divisional Transportation Superintendents, 1,000l. to 1,100l., F. C. French, M.I.Mech.E., J. J. P. Felix, A.M.Inst.T., W. G. Hills, A.M.Inst.T.

Chief Accountant, W. T. A. Gentle, 840l. to 1,120l.

Deputy Chief Accountant, G. E. W. Janz, Asst. to G.M. (acting), 680l. to 920l.

1 Assistant Accountant, Class III, B. A. Muttunayagam, 640l. to 720l.

3 Assistant Accountants, Class IV, B. Abeywardena, M. Perera, E. A. Winn, 420l. to 570l.

Engineer, Way and Works, G. E. Hooper, A.M.I.C.E., 1,300l.

Railway Storekeeper, J. E. Hancocks, 700l. to 850l.

Chief Construction Engineer, F. W. Bakewell, M.I.C.E. (acting), 1,300l.

Chief Assistant Construction Engineer, W. J. Shelley, M.I.C.E., 1,200l.

Archaeological Department.

Archaeological Commissioner, A. M. Hocart, 1,200l.

Ecclesiastical.

Church of England:—The Right Rev. M. R. Carpenter Garnier, Bishop of Colombo.

Presbyterian Church:—

Rev. C. V. A. MacEharn, M.A., St. Andrews, Colombo.

Rev. D. Tweed, B.A., Rev. W. C. Fleming, and Rev. D. E. Joseph, Wavendal Church, Colombo, and branch Churches at Bambalapitiya Wellawatte, Dehiwala, Regent Street, and Maligakanda.

Dutch Reformed Church:—Galle, Rev. A. Vandergert; Matara, Rev. G. Francke.

Roman Catholic Church:—The Most Rev. Dr. A. Coudert, O.M.I., Archbishop of Colombo.

Foreign Consuls.

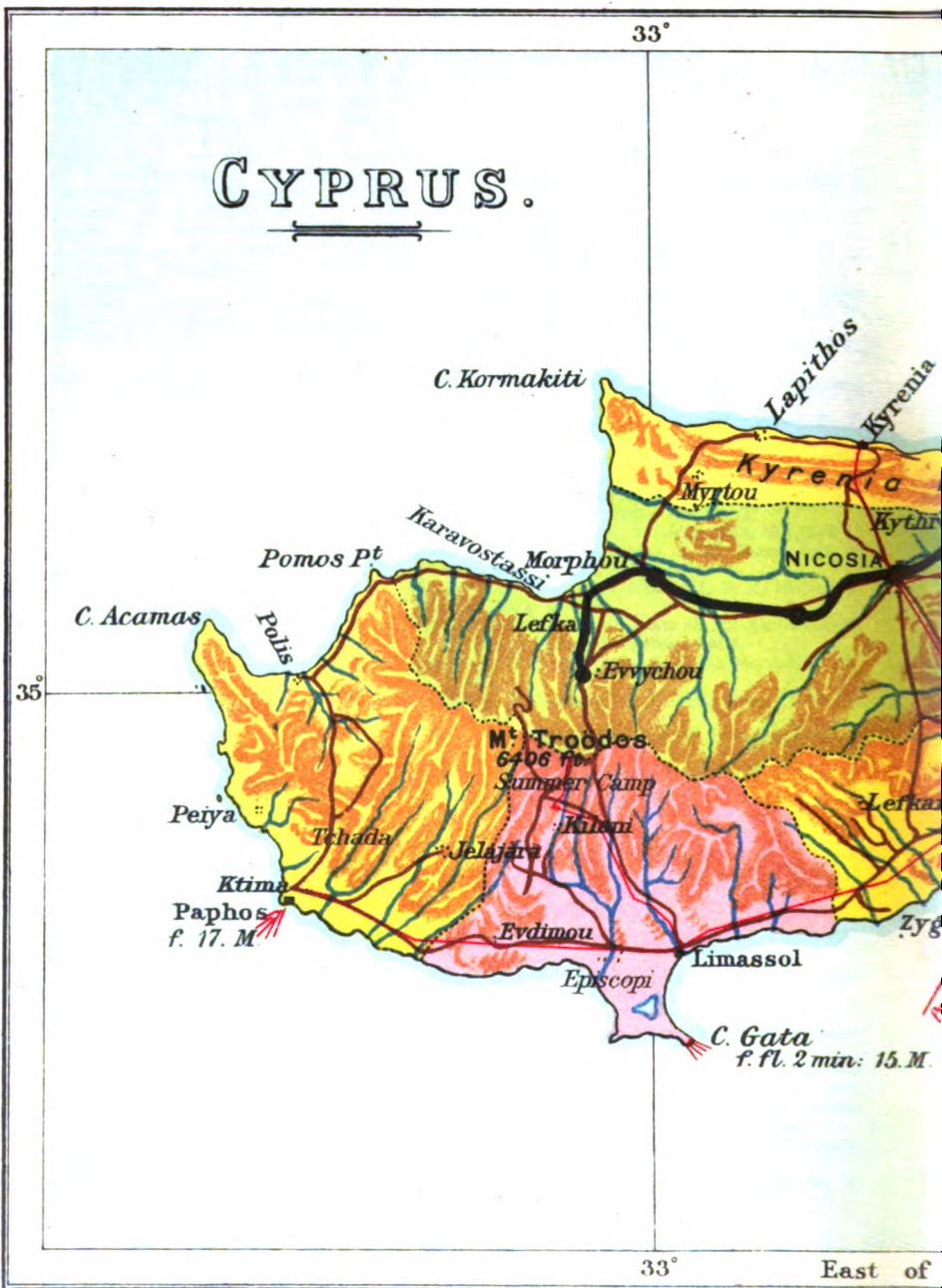
America—Mason Turner (Vice-Consul de Carriere), John H. Williams (Vice-Consul).

Argentine Republic—H. P. G. Maddocks.

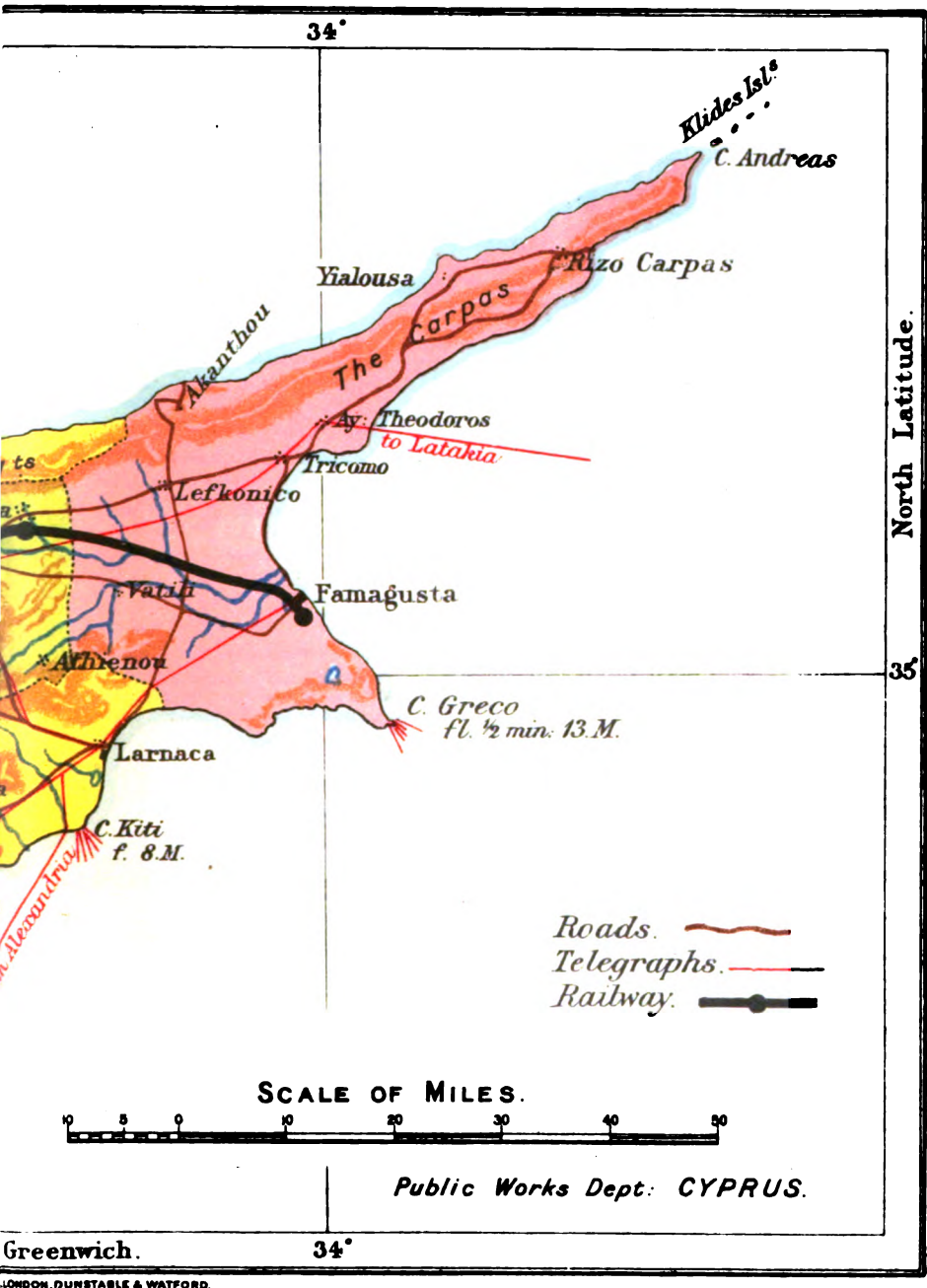
Austria—Austrian Consul-General in Bombay in charge.



CYPRUS.



WATERLOW & SONS LIMITED





Belgium—S. Stansby.

Bolivia—W. E. Mitchell, F. A. W. Mitchell (acting).

Brazil—American Consul (acting provisionally).

Chile—P. Smart.

Cuba—American Consul (acting).

Denmark—Kai Neilson.

Finland—T. E. Wagner.

France—F. Dupuy (Consul de Carriere), Baude de Bunnelat (acting).

Germany—Dr. P. Schwarz (Consul de Carriere).

Hungary—Consul for Sweden in charge.

Italy—A. G. Fombertaux (acting), E. Caudiere (acting).

Japan—Tomoji Jo (Consul de Carriere), C. Mogaki (acting).

Latvia—H. L. de Mel, C.B.E.

Netherlands—L. Vanderspoel.

Norway—E. B. Creasy (Colombo), D. I. Durham (Galle).

Panama—American Consul (acting).

Persia—Mohammed Ismail Mohamed Ali.

Peru—H. Tarrant.

Portugal—T. W. Hockley, O. L. Beresford-Hope (acting).

Siam—A. N. L. Clark.

Spain—T. W. Hockley, O. L. Beresford-Hope (acting).

Sweden—S. P. Hayley.

Switzerland—T. E. Wagner.

Turkey—American Vice-Consulate in charge of Turkish archives and property, but do not perform any services on behalf of Turkish nationals.

Venezuela—C. D. Carolis.

Military and Naval Officers.

Colonel Commandant Troops, Ceylon, Colonel A. C.

Girdwood, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.
District Intelligence Officer, Colombo, Major St. G. F. G. Caulfield, R.M.

Commanding Royal Artillery, Lieut.-Colonel W. B. G. Barne, C.B.E., D.S.O.

Commanding Royal Engineers, Lt.-Colonel H. G. Gandy, D.S.O., O.B.E.

Commanding Royal Army Service Corps, Major N. Winkle.

Chief Ordnance Officer, Major T. T. O'Neill.

Command Paymaster, Captain E. F. Bridger, R.A.P.C., O.B.E.

Senior Medical Officer, Lieut.-Col. N. Dunbar-Walker, O.B.E., M.B.

Ceylon Defence Force.

Commandant, Colonel A. E. Andrews, O.B.E., 600*l*.

Staff Officer, Captain I. A. Brown, 800*l*.

Adjutant C.M.R. and C.P.R.C., Captain Sir Berkeley Piggott, 800*l*.

Adjutant C.L.I., Captain H. C. N. Trollope, D.S.O., M.C., 800*l*.

Quartermaster C.D.F., Capt. E. T. Fulcher, 600*l*.

Civil Master Armourer, Lt. S. R. Spicer.

Veterinary Officer, Capt. G. W. Sturgess, C.M.R.

CYPRUS.

Situation and Topography.

The Island of Cyprus is situated in the eastern-most basin of the Mediterranean Sea, with Asia Minor to the north and Syria to the east, at distances of 60 and 41 miles respectively. It lies between 34° 33' and 35° 41' N. latitude, and between 32° 20' and 34° 35' E. longitude. Famagusta, with a harbour able to accommodate vessels up to 23 ft. draught, is 295 miles from Egypt, while the port of Larnaca on the southern coast is 258 miles from Port Said, and 1,117 miles from Valletta in Malta.

Its area is 3,584 square miles, equal to Kent, Sussex, and Middlesex combined. It is the third largest island in the Mediterranean, being only exceeded in size by Sicily and Sardinia. Its greatest length from west-south-west to east-north-east, between Cape Drepano and Cape St. Andrea, is about 140 miles, and its greatest breadth from north to south is about 60 miles.

The main topographical features of the island are the northern and southern mountain chains, and the great plain of the Mesaoria extending between them across the island from the Bay of Morphou to that of Famagusta. The northern range, called the Carpas Mountains, and, towards their western extremity, the Kyrenia Mountains, forms a continuous chain near the northern shore from Cape St. Andrea to Cape Kormakiti, a distance of about 100 miles. The southern range, which is the more extensive and lofty of the two, occupies the western and south-western portions of the island, and trending thence eastwards along the south coast, terminates in the isolated peak called Santa Croce (or Stavrovouni), about 12 miles west of Larnaca. The highest summit of this range is Mount Troödos, 6,406 feet above the sea level, and on its south-eastern slopes are the summer quarters of the garrison, of the Governor, and some of the principal officials.

The rivers of Cyprus are nearly all mountain torrents, dry in summer. None are navigable. The principal are the Pedias and the Idalia.

History and Archaeology.

The history of Cyprus is too long and eventful to be related here except in the briefest outline. Excavations have shewn that in the second millennium B.C. the island must have been an important centre of Aegean civilization, having intercourse both with Assyria and with Egypt, and at a very early date important Greek and Phœnician colonies were established in it. In the 6th century B.C. it passed under the rule of Egypt, but in 525 B.C. it joined Cambyses in his war against the Egyptians and so was absorbed in the Persian Empire. The whole island, with the exception of the Phœnician town of Amathos, took part in the Ionic revolt in 502 B.C., but the Persians recovered possession in about a year and at the battle of Salamis the fleet of Xerxes included 160 Cypriot ships. At the end of the 5th century the famous Evagoras of Salamis established his supremacy over the whole island and raised it for a brief period to a position of practical independence, but after his death it again came under the control of Persia. After the battle of the Issus, Cyprus hastened to join Alexander the Great and sent 120 ships to assist him in the siege of Tyre. At the division of Alexander's Empire, the possession of Cyprus was disputed by Syria and Egypt, but it eventually passed to the latter. In 58 B.C. it became a Roman province and was for a time joined to Cilicia, during which period it was administered

by Cicero. Presented by Antonius to Cleopatra, it reverted to Rome on her death, and remained a Roman province until the division of the Empire, when it was assigned to the Byzantine Emperor. Its proximity to Syria exposed it to the assaults of the Saracens, and it changed hands more than once between the 7th and 10th centuries A.D. It was finally recovered for Byzantium by Nicephorus Phocas in 965, and remained attached to the Eastern Empire until 1184. In that year its Governor, Isaac Comnenus, revolted and declared himself Emperor of Cyprus. Isaac maintained his independence until 1191, when Cyprus was conquered by Richard I. of England, in revenge for the ill-treatment of the crews of some English ships which had been wrecked on the island. Richard sold the island first to the Order of the Temple and later, when the Templars found the task of government beyond their powers, to Guy de Lusignan, King of Jerusalem. Cyprus was ruled by the Lusignan dynasty from 1192 until 1489, but during that period the Genoese Republic exercised a suzerainty over part of the kingdom, from 1373 until 1464, by holding possession of the principal port of Famagusta. From 1489 until 1671 Cyprus belonged to the Republic of Venice. In the latter year the Turks conquered the island, and retained possession of it until its cession to England, in 1878, for administrative purposes. On the outbreak of war with Turkey in 1914 the island was annexed to the British Crown by Order in Council of the 5th of November, 1914. By Article 20 of the Treaty of Peace with Turkey signed at Lausanne on 24th July, 1923, Turkey recognised the annexation.

On the 1st of May, 1925, by Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, the island was formally elevated to the status of a Colony and the High Commissioner assumed the title of Governor.

Historical Monuments and Museums.

Bronze Age, Phœnician, Hellenic, and Roman antiquities have been found in immense quantities all over Cyprus from time immemorial, and scientific explorations on a large scale were conducted during the latter part of the last century, and even still an occasional treasure trove of importance may be found. But it is more the ambition of the present administration of antiquities to place the numerous classic sites and monuments in a condition rendering them accessible and of greater interest to the visitor than has hitherto been attempted. Paphos, Salamis, Idalion, and many other places demand attention in order to preserve their ancient character, now threatened by the island becoming once more a centre of revived life and activity. Salamis possesses the remains of probably the largest entrepot (agora) ever built by the Romans, foreshadowing perhaps the famous "Emporium of the East" as Famagusta was called in the middle ages. A Roman temple of the largest size at Nea-Paphos lies in ruins which have never been explored (*vide* Hogarth's "Devia Cypria," 1889).

The Museum, Nicosia, built partly as a memorial to Queen Victoria and much added to in recent years, contains a very magnificent collection of Cypriot pottery, stone carving, gold and metal works of art. Separate smaller collections of the mediæval architectural fragments, which are always coming to light, have been formed as *Musées Lapidaires* in the principal towns.

The superb Gothic cathedrals and churches of Nicosia and Famagusta, in their curious Eastern surroundings, attract numerous visitors. These buildings, of the finest type of French mediæval art, are singularly well preserved where they have been converted into mosques; in other cases they are interesting ruins.

The Venetian and Genoese Republics left few traces of their rule in the island beyond the imposing fortifications of the seaports of Famagusta, Kyrenia and Limassol, all of which are scheduled as Ancient Monuments.

The number of Ancient Monuments in Cyprus now protected by the Antiquities Law of 1905 amounts to 41.

Climate.

The mean temperature, as recorded in the screen at Nicosia, for the last fifteen years is 66.0° Fahr.; mean maximum, 77.7°; mean minimum, 54.4°. Highest shade temperature during that time 110.0°; lowest 26°. Average rainfall for last ten years, 19.46 inches. The year 1926 had a rainfall of 28.19 inches. Figures for rainfall refer to the whole Island. The rainy and cool season is from October to March. The climate is varied, hot and dry in the plains in summer, and damp on the sea-shore; the climate on the hills inland is bracing and healthy. In winter the temperature rarely falls below freezing point. Malarial fevers are prevalent during the hot months, and, if the winter is mild, they occur throughout the year. Sanitary improvements and plantations of trees have, however, had a beneficial effect.

Population.

The population of the several districts, excluding the military, at the census taken in 1901, 1911, and 1921, was:—

	1901.	1911.	1921.
Nicosia ...	71,289	81,497	93,765
Famagusta ...	48,508	58,530	63,755
Larnaca ...	26,073	29,737	34,918
Limassol ...	39,139	46,084	54,332
Paphos ...	35,205	38,508	42,330
Kyrenia ...	16,808	19,752	21,615
Total ...	237,022	274,108	310,715

The Moslems, who are all Ottoman Turks, form about 19.74 per cent. of the population, the rest being nearly all Christians of the Independent Cypriote Church.

The Cypriote Church is a branch of and in communion with the Orthodox Eastern Church, but is "autocephalous" (i.e., The Archbishop of Cyprus is not subordinate to any Patriarch). This position of independence it has retained undisputed since the 5th century when the Emperor Zeno finally decided against the claims of the Patriarch of Antioch to exercise authority over it.

Christianity was originally introduced into the island by St. Paul and St. Barnabas, the latter of whom, a Cypriote Jew by birth, was martyred at Salamis.

Towns.

The chief towns are Nicosia, the capital, 18,579 inhabitants; Larnaca, 9,765; Limassol, 13,302. The two latter are open roadsteads. At Famagusta, on the east, it has often been proposed to

construct a great commercial and naval harbour. The inner harbour is dredged over an area of 900 feet by 600 feet, to 24 feet at low water (ordinary spring tides), with a channel of approach 250 feet wide and 26 feet deep. The curtain wall, south of Othello's Tower, has been pierced with three arches, giving access from the town to the new quay. The quay is faced with a concrete wall 900 feet long in 24 feet of water. Further accommodation for sailing vessels and local craft has been provided in a basin 450 feet long, 200 feet wide, and 15 feet deep at low water. At present the town is little more than a collection of ruins encircled by fortifications, and it has 1,887 inhabitants, nearly all Moslems, but it is now being rebuilt and opened out. Varosia, a suburb of Famagusta, has a population of 5,093, nearly all Christians. The four towns already mentioned are the capitals of four of the six administrative provinces into which the island is divided—the other two capitals being Ktima, 4,117, the modern capital of Paphos, on the south-west, and Kyrenia, 1,910, where a small harbour has been constructed, in the district of the same name on the north coast, which has some trade with the opposite coast of Karamania. A harbour for small coasting vessels exists at Paphos, the site of the ancient capital of that district. This had become silted up and almost useless, but it has recently been dredged sufficiently to enable small sailing vessels to enter and lie in safety.

Industry.

Cyprus was in ancient times famous for its copper mines, and an American syndicate is now operating on a considerable scale in the Eryichou Valley. Gypsum is exported in the form of plaster-of-paris from Larnaca and Limassol, where machinery has been set up for grinding it; from these ports it is mostly sent to Egypt. Asbestos is found on Mount Troódos, and is exploited by the Cyprus Asbestos Company, Limited, and a local syndicate. Terra Umbra is burnt in large quantities in Larnaca and exported to Italy, the United Kingdom, Germany, and the United States of America, in both a raw and burnt condition. Chrome is being mined by two companies.

Within the last few years tobacco cultivation has been revived.

The main industry of the island is agriculture, the products chiefly consisting of cereals, caroubs, raisins, wine and spirits, tobacco, cotton, linseed, aniseed, silk cocoons, cheese, wool, potatoes, fruit, and vegetables; cattle, mules, donkeys, sheep, and poultry are also exported. Flax growing has greatly extended within the past two years and three modern scutching plants are now operating. Agriculture has been greatly retarded by want of water, the rainfall being deficient, and much of what does fall being allowed to run to waste. A scheme for storing water for irrigation was completed in 1901 under the superintendence of an engineer lent by the Government of India, and is under the direction of the Director of Public Works. In March, 1922, the report of the Irrigation Expert whose services were obtained by the Government was received. The conclusions arrived at were that it is impracticable to extend existing irrigation works, that the best method of conserving the water supply is by afforestation and that the sinking of wells is the only immediate means of increasing the water supply. Experiments in boring for sub-artesian water have been resumed with encouraging results.

The improvement of agriculture is fostered by the Government by means of Government Gardens for the raising and distribution of plants and seeds, by village experiments and demonstrations, by the establishment of School Gardens, by travelling agricultural experts, agricultural shows, &c. The planting of almond, olive, carob, and other fruit trees by school gardens is increasing rapidly.

Live stock is raised at the Government farm from imported stock. There is an agricultural department school, and young Cypriotes are from time to time sent to Europe for agricultural training. There are Government stud stables in the districts.

Cyprus wine, which has been famous from very early times, is somewhat heady for ordinary use, and its value in commerce has been lessened by the tarry flavour it acquires from the practice of carrying it to port in tarred skins. This practice has for some time been discouraged as much as possible, and the construction of roads through the grape districts enables the wine to be conveyed in barrels. Improved methods of manufacture are being brought into use. Both wine and spirits have, since the extra duty was imposed in France, found a fairly good demand in Egypt and elsewhere in the Levant. One firm is now producing light table wines somewhat similar to Graves and Claret.

The restoration in recent years of a weekly mail service with Egypt has led to an increased production of fruit and vegetables, for which the island is well adapted. It has also given a great impetus to the export of the surplus oxen, sheep, and other animals. Mules and donkeys were exported in considerable numbers for the use of the allied troops in Macedonia and are still exported to Palestine, Egypt and Greece.

In past years much injury was done to the crops by locusts, but the work of locust destruction was vigorously prosecuted for many years with great success, chiefly on what is known as the "screen and pit" system. Screens topped with American cloth, over which the locusts cannot pass, were stretched across the country in front of the armies of young locusts on the march. The locusts were then gradually forced into pits dug at intervals transversely to the screens, from which, as they are topped with a zinc lining, they could not emerge. This system, as the locusts became more scattered, was discarded in favour of a system of collecting locust eggs and purchasing live locusts. Both the purchase and the spraying systems have been employed in recent years.

The forests of the island, which had been largely destroyed in the past, are recovering under the protection now afforded. Natural re-afforestation is very slow, partly in consequence of the depredations of goats, of which Cyprus, in proportion to its area, contains a large number, and partly in consequence of the forest fires that occur through the summer months.

Sponge fishing has been extensively carried on along the coast by boats from the Greek islands. By a law passed in 1890 power was given to the High Commissioner to grant exclusive privileges for fishing the coasts for sponges.

Sea fishing is comparatively neglected, and it is difficult to obtain fish all the year round except at the seaport towns.

The chief imports are cotton and woollen goods, tobacco, groceries, rice, leather, petroleum, timber, sugar, soap, copper and iron; the exports are

chiefly cereals, cotton, carobs, silk cocoons, linseed, aniseed, raisins, fruit and vegetables, cheese, sumac, wool, wines and spirits, vinegar, flax, sesame, asbestos, gypsum, iron pyrites, chrome and terra umbra.

Currency and Banking.

Under an Order in Council, which came into operation on the 1st January, 1901, the following coins are legal tender currency:—Gold, the sovereign. Silver, 18, 9, 4½, 3 piastre pieces, limit of tender 540 piastres (nine equal to one shilling). Bronze, 1 piastre, half piastre, quarter piastre, limit of tender, 27 piastres (40 paras=1 piastre). Currency Notes have been issued from time to time since September, 1914, as a war measure.

The Ottoman Bank has a branch established at Nicosia, and agencies at Larnaca, Limassol, Famagusta and Paphos.

The Bank of Athens has a branch established at Limassol and agencies at Nicosia, Larnaca, Famagusta and Paphos.

The Ionian Bank has a branch established at Nicosia.

There is a Bank of Cyprus, with headquarters in Nicosia.

A Government savings bank was opened in 1903. The Agricultural Bank of Cyprus, Limited, which operates under a Government Guarantee, was established in 1925, with head offices at Nicosia. It lends money to farmers through the medium of Co-operative Credit Societies or direct to individuals.

The Turkish weights and measures are in use. The oke=28lbs. avoirdupois; and the donum=about ½ acre. A law relating to weights and measures was passed in 1890.

Means of Communication.

The Government Railway from Famagusta Harbour to Nicosia (37 miles) came into use in August, 1905, was extended to Morphou (24 miles), in 1907, and to Evrychou, in the direction of Troodos (15 miles), in 1915.

There is no navigable waterway in the island. Roads between all important places are maintained, and many villages are now connected with them by cart roads. There are motor car services between Nicosia, Larnaca, Limassol, Famagusta, Paphos, and Kyrenia, the chief towns of each district. The Famagusta harbour was completed in June, 1906. An extension of the pier at Larnaca, with a solid sheltering arm at the sea end, giving protection to small boats and lighters in all weathers, was completed in 1909. The ancient harbour at Paphos has recently been dredged to a sufficient depth to admit of its use by the small coasting craft that trade between Egypt, Syria, Asia Minor and Cyprus, and the area available for such craft increased in the Kyrenia Harbour. Proposals for the improvement of the harbours at Larnaca, Famagusta and Kyrenia are under consideration. There are no Government telegraphs, other than those along the railway, but the Eastern Telegraph Company, Limited, maintain a cable from Egypt to Cyprus and land lines connecting the six principal towns of the Island and the Troodos Government Quarters. A weekly Mail Service is maintained between Egypt, Cyprus, Syria and Cilicia by subsidized steamers of the Khedivial S.S. Co. Steamers of the Lloyd Triestino Company, of Trieste, call fortnightly from Egypt via Palestine, Syria and Messina en route for Greece and Italy,

and another line of the same Company fortnightly from Italy and Greece en route for Messina, Syria, Palestine, Egypt, Greece and Italy. The Messageries Maritimes and Sitar lines also maintain services between Cyprus and France and Italy.

The rates of postage are as follows:—

Within the Colony:—	<i>Letters.</i>
Not exceeding 1 oz.	½ c. piastre.
For every additional 1 oz. or fraction thereof	½ c. piastre.
	<i>Printed Papers.</i>
For every 4 ozs. or fraction thereof	½ c. piastre.
For every additional 2 ozs. or fraction thereof	½ c. piastre.
For a single newspaper published locally and its supplement irrespective of weight	½ c. piastre.
To U.K., India, Egypt, Tangier, Palestine, & British Possessions:—	<i>Letters.</i>
Not exceeding 1 oz.	1½ c. piastres.
For each additional 1 oz.	1 c. piastre.
	<i>Printed Papers.</i>
For each 2 ozs.	½ c. piastre.
To other Countries:—	<i>Letters.</i>
Not exceeding 1 oz.	2½ c. piastres.
For each additional 1 oz.	1½ c. piastres.
	<i>Printed Papers.</i>
For each 2 ozs.	½ c. piastre.

The Parcels Post is established between Cyprus and the United Kingdom and the principal colonies and foreign countries, as well as within the colony.

Money Orders and British Postal Orders are also issued and paid in the colony. "Cash on Delivery" parcels for delivery within the colony are accepted and delivered at the principal post offices. A reciprocal service of "Cash on Delivery" of parcels has been established between Cyprus and the United Kingdom, Egypt and the Sudan.

Education.

A general system of grants in aid of elementary schools was established in 1882, and was further regulated by Laws passed in 1923 which are now in force.

There is a Board of Education for each religious community in the Island, i.e. the Greek Christian, the largest, the Moslem, next in size, and Armenian, Latin, Maronite and Jews which are quite small. All schools are supported by local taxation which is kept separate for each community, and by grants from the Government.

The following are the schools and enrolments of each community according to the latest statistics:—

Greek Christian.—613 schools, 23,904 boys, 14,573 girls, annual expenditure 73,007l.

Moslem.—262 schools, 5,261 boys, 3,526 girls, annual expenditure 18,377l.

Other communities.—14 schools, 1,237 scholars, annual expenditure 2,563l.

Secondary Schools.

There is a Moslem "Idadi" school in Nicosia which is supported entirely by the Government and the Evqaf as an inheritance from the previous Administration.

A Greek-Christian gymnasium in Nicosia, Limassol, Paphos, and Varosha, and a commercial lyceum at Larnaca, and a high school at Kyrenia, are managed by elective committees under the Secondary Education Law, 1923, but are supported mainly by entrance fees, without State aid. There is also a Seminary school at Larnaca, under the control of the Holy Synod of Cyprus, of which the Archbishop is President, with an enrolment of 109 pupils.

The "English School," conducted by English masters on the lines of an English grammar school, prepares boys who are going to England for their education and also for commerce. It has 190 pupils, chiefly sons of Government officials of all nationalities, and is supported by school fees. The American Academy at Larnaca is supported by the Reformed Presbyterian Mission, with an enrolment of 153 pupils.

There is also an American Academy for girls at Nicosia with 51 pupils and a Private Girls' School at Limassol with 130 pupils, supported chiefly by school fees.

British Occupation.

On the 4th June, 1878, a Convention was signed at Constantinople between the representatives of Her Britannic Majesty and the Sultan of Turkey, by which England engaged to join the Sultan in defending his Asiatic possessions against Russia in certain contingencies, and the Sultan, "in order to enable England to make necessary provision for executing her engagements," consented "to assign the Island of Cyprus, to be occupied and administered by England." On the 1st of July an Annex to this Convention was signed at Constantinople, in explanation of the conditions of the occupation. The following is the English official version of its provisions :—

"I. That a Mussulman religious Tribunal (Makhémé-i-Shérieh) shall continue to exist in the island, which will take exclusive cognisance of religious matters, and of no others, concerning the Mussulman population of the island.

"II. That a Mussulman resident in the island shall be named by the Board of Pious Foundations in Turkey (Evqaf) to superintend, in conjunction with a Delegate to be appointed by the British Authorities, the administration of the property, funds, and lands belonging to mosques, cemeteries, Mussulman schools, and other religious establishments existing in Cyprus.

"III. That England will pay to the Porte whatever is the present excess of revenue over expenditure in the island; this excess to be calculated upon and determined by the average of the last five years, stated to be 22,936 purses, to be duly verified hereafter, and to the exclusion of the produce of State and Crown lands* let or sold during that period

"IV. That the Sublime Porte may freely sell and lease lands and other property in Cyprus belonging to the Ottoman Crown and State (Arazi Miri ve Emlakı Houmayoun), the produce of which does not form part of the revenue of the island referred to in Article III.

"V. That the English Government, through their competent authorities, may purchase compulsorily, at a fair price, land required for public improvements, or for other public purposes, and land which is not cultivated.

"VI. That if Russia restores to Turkey Kars and the other conquests made by her in Armenia during the last war, the Island of Cyprus will be evacuated by England, and the Convention of the 4th of June, 1878, will be at an end."

On the 14th of August, 1878, a supplementary agreement was signed, giving to Her Britannic Majesty for the term of the occupation full powers for making laws and conventions for the government of the island in Her Majesty's name, and for the regulation of its commercial and consular relations and affairs, free from the Porte's control.

The Order in Council of the 5th of November, 1914, annexing the island contains the following provisions :—

"1. From and after the date hereof the said Island shall be annexed to and form part of His Majesty's Dominions and the said Island is annexed accordingly.

"2. Nothing in this Order shall affect the validity of any Instructions issued by His Majesty under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to the High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief of Cyprus, or of any Order in Council affecting Cyprus, or of any Law or Proclamation passed or issued under any such Instructions or Order, or of any act or thing done under any such Instructions, Order, Law or Proclamation, save in so far as any provision of any such Order in Council, Law or Proclamation may be repugnant to the provisions of any Act of Parliament which may, by reason of the annexation hereby declared, become extended to Cyprus, or to any Order or Regulation made under the authority of any such Act or having in Cyprus the force and effect of any such Act."

Government.

Letters Patent, bearing date 10th March, 1925, are the instrument now regulating the government of the Colony. The Government is administered by a Governor aided by an Executive and a Legislative Council. The Legislature consists of the Governor, who is usually to preside, nine official Members and fifteen elected Members, three chosen by the Mohammedan and twelve by the non-Mohammedan voters. Only British subjects over 25 years of age are eligible for election. Every male person, being a British subject, or having resided in the Colony not less than five years, who has attained the age of 21 years and has paid any class of the taxes called Verghi, may exercise the franchise. The Council may be prorogued or dissolved by the Governor whenever he thinks fit, and must be dissolved at the end of five years. The island, for administrative purposes, is divided into six districts namely—Nicosia, Larnaca, Limassol, Famagusta, Kyrenia, and Paphos. In each the Government is represented by a Commissioner.

For judicial purposes it is divided into three judicial districts, namely the administrative districts of (1) Nicosia and Kyrenia, of (2) Famagusta and Larnaca, and of (3) Limassol and Paphos.

The Courts established by the Cyprus Courts of Justice Order, 1882 (as amended) and superseding those in existence at the time of the occupation,

* The exercise of these rights by the Porte was agreed to be abandoned, from the 1st of April, 1879, for a payment of 5,000*l.* a year. (Agreement of the 3rd February 1879.)

were reconstituted by an Order in Council which came into force on 1st October, 1927, and provides for :—

(1) A Supreme Court, consisting of five judges, two of whom are Christian and Moslem Cypriots respectively, and having power to hear criminal and civil appeals from the decisions of all other courts, including divisional courts of the Supreme Court.

(2) Three Divisional Courts consisting of one or two judges of the Supreme Court, as may be directed by the Chief Justice, and exercising the original jurisdiction conferred upon the Supreme Court to hear and determine (a) defended actions over £300 and (b) election petitions.

(3) Three District Courts, the personnel of each consisting of a President and four Cypriot Judges, two Christians and two Moslems, but when functioning constituted by the President and one or two Judges of differing religions, and having appellate civil jurisdiction in appeals from Assistant District Judges and original civil jurisdiction in all actions except those within the exclusive jurisdiction of a Mussulman Religious Tribunal or triable by a Divisional Court, as stated in 2(a) *supra*. In bankruptcy, petitions for winding up companies, probate and in actions in respect of injury to property their jurisdiction is unlimited.

(4) Assistant District Judges' Courts of which there are at present nine. The Courts are held by an Assistant District Judge, and the President and the District Judges have also jurisdiction. These Courts have civil jurisdiction up to 25*l*. and, exceptionally, up to 50*l*.

(5) Three Assize Courts having unlimited criminal jurisdiction and consisting of three or five judges, as may be directed by the Chief Justice, these being in the former case a non-Cypriot Judge of the Supreme Court and either two Judges or the President and one Judge of the District Court, and in the latter two non-Cypriot Judges of the Supreme Court and the President and two Judges of the District Court.

(6) (I) Magisterial Courts, consisting of the President and one or two District Judges of differing religions, having summary jurisdiction in cases involving up to three years' imprisonment or 100*l*. fine or both, and with or without an order for compensation not exceeding 100*l*.

(II) Magisterial Courts, consisting of the President sitting alone or of two District Judges of differing religions sitting together, having summary jurisdiction up to twelve months' imprisonment or 50*l*. fine or both, and with or without an order for compensation not exceeding 50*l*.

(III) Magisterial Courts, consisting of a District Judge sitting alone, and having summary jurisdiction up to three months' imprisonment or 10*l*. fine or both, and with or without an order for compensation not exceeding 10*l*.

(IV) Magisterial Courts, consisting of an Assistant District Judge, and having summary jurisdiction up to one month's imprisonment or 5*l*. fine or both, and with or without an order for compensation not exceeding 2*l*.

(7) Three Mussulman Religious Tribunals, consisting of a Sheri Judge, and having jurisdiction restricted to marriage, divorce, maintenance in

relation thereto, inheritance and succession, wills and their registration, and the registration of vakfihs, and concerning persons of the Mussulman faith only.

The Governor in Council may also establish a Sheri Tribunal of Appeal, consisting of the Moslem Judge of the Supreme Court as ex-officio President and any two Moslem District Judges nominated by the Chief Justice, and having jurisdiction to hear appeals from the decisions of Mussulman Religious Tribunals.

The above statements apply to jurisdiction over both Cypriots and non-Cypriots, the distinction created by the Order in Council of 1882 having been abolished by that of 1927.

There is a police force of 914 men, when at full strength, mostly Moslems, including the rank and file detailed for duty as prison warders.

Finances.

The principal sources of revenue in Cyprus are :—

1. Verghi Kimat, a tax of 4 per 1,000 on the capital value of lands, houses, and other immovable property.

The above rate of 4 per 1,000 has been modified to the extent of the valuation in any town or village so as to yield, as nearly as may be (provided that any fraction of 10 paras in such rate shall be counted as 10 paras) a sum equivalent to the amount of the assessment prior to the coming into operation of the Valuation Law 13 of 1913, Section 5.

2. Sheep, goat, and pig tax.

3. An excise on tobacco and spirits.

4. Stamps, court fees, royalties, licences, &c., &c.

5. Salt monopoly.

6. Import duties.

All exemptions formerly enjoyed by foreigners have been abolished.

Grants in aid have been received from the British Government annually since 1897, and since 1911-12 the annual grant has been at the fixed rate of 50,000*l*. a year.

Year.	FINANCES.		Year.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	£	Expenditure.		British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18.	498,460	382,599	1917	70,812	81,249
1918-19.	610,499	494,675	1918	28,660	36,239
1919-20.	602,927	485,400	1919	108,258	329,474
1920-21.	658,519	691,780	1920	167,260	644,340
1921-22.	644,416	645,912	1921	272,348	831,245
1922†.	475,303	405,469	1922	213,912	949,329
1923.	567,890	582,700	1923	207,797	904,611
1924.	593,318	535,870	1924	284,960	1,121,223
1925.	668,131	619,621	1925	340,225	1,333,306
1926.	629,266	655,227	1926	471,273	1,584,686

Public Debt on 31st December, 1926, 186,731*l*.

Customs revenue in 1924—142,280*l*.

1925—170,750*l*.

1926—194,552*l*.

§ Excluding Grants in list.

‡ Excluding Tribute Payments.

† The shipping figures are for calendar years.

Principal Exports.

During the year ended 31st December, 1926.

Article.	Quantity.	Value. £
Animals (various) ...	6,655 No. ...	71,666
Beans and Peas ...	6,960 cwts. ...	4,739
Carobs ...	37,682 tons ...	153,905
Cheese ...	6,080 cwts. ...	22,001
Barley ...	268,728 kiles. ...	33,735
Oats ...	21,779 „ ...	2,527
Almonds ...	612 cwts. ...	4,509
Grapes ...	28,109 „ ...	9,563
Lemons and Oranges ...	15,667,219 No. ...	31,342
Pomegranates ...	98,329 cwts. ...	25,631
Raisins ...	66,069 „ ...	58,198
Spirits ...	15,442 gallons ...	3,052
Onions ...	43,630 cwts. ...	8,044
Potatoes ...	173,993 „ ...	64,389
Vinegar ...	199,195 gallons ...	5,058
Wine ...	954,713 „ ...	39,178
Cigarettes ...	4,988 okes ...	4,949
Aniseed ...	1,613 cwts. ...	2,548
Asbestos ...	6,522 tons ...	124,707
Cotton (raw) ...	8,601 cwts. ...	31,592
Flax ...	1,805 „ ...	3,307
Hides and Skins ...	2,565 „ ...	24,705
Linseed ...	11,512 „ ...	8,166
Pyrites ...	150,363 tons ...	156,240
Silk cocoons ...	284 cwts. ...	6,204
Silk (raw) ...	221 „ ...	18,885
Spices and Seeds ...	13,956 „ ...	18,193
Sponges ...	29 „ ...	2,303
Straw ...	68,748 „ ...	3,703
Sumac ...	20,845 „ ...	12,190
Terra Umbra ...	5,361 tons. ...	11,796
Wool ...	4,902 cwts. ...	20,872
Bricks ...	1,764,907 No. ...	4,428
Embroidery & needlework ...	—	17,650
Gypsum ...	19,138 tons. ...	23,943

Year.	IMPORTS.			Total. £
	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	
1917.	262,433	577,454	128,281	968,168
1918.	352,418	535,738	125,426	1,013,582
1919.	532,601	707,273	285,563	1,525,427
1920.	774,421	651,040	648,123	2,073,584
1921.	545,758	377,298	526,191	1,449,247
1922.	432,269	84,525	894,903	1,411,697
1923.	314,260	77,873	680,434	1,072,567
1924.	315,880	200,485	727,040	1,243,405
1925.	423,640	277,702	882,094	1,583,436
1926.	421,243	266,357	882,678	1,570,278

These values are exclusive of specie.

Year.	EXPORTS.			Total. £
	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	
1917.	108,293	374,343	305,286	787,922
1918.	128,108	535,938	197,299	861,345
1919.	313,455	664,424	393,701	1,371,580
1920.	257,449	434,590	508,620	1,200,659
1921.	207,796	343,782	366,031	917,609
1922.	161,190	47,631	662,390	871,211
1923.	212,504	14,810	666,419	893,733
1924.	301,504	12,169	957,666	1,271,339
1925.	238,844	25,148	934,623	1,198,515
1926.	97,966	58,948	946,657	1,103,571

These values are exclusive of specie.

For fuller information on all the above subjects see the "Handbook of Cyprus," issued under the auspices of the Government (pubd. by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., London).

High Commissioners since 1892.

Sir W. J. Sendall, K.C.M.G., 5th April, 1892.
 Sir W. F. Haynes-Smith, K.C.M.G., 23rd April, 1898.
 Sir C. A. King-Harman, K.C.M.G., 17th October, 1904.
 Major Sir H. J. Gool-Adams, G.C.M.G., C.B., 12th October, 1911.
 Major Sir J. E. Clauson, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., R.E., 8th Jan., 1915.
 Sir Malcolm Stevenson, K.C.M.G., 25th Aug., 1920.

Governors.

Sir Malcolm Stevenson, K.C.M.G., 1st May, 1925.
 Colonel Sir Ronald Storrs, Kt., C.M.G., O.B.E., 30th November, 1926.

Executive Council.

Colonial Secretary, R. P. Nicholson, C.M.G.
Attorney General, C. C. Gerahty.
Treasurer, E. du Boulay.
Chief Commandant of Police, Lieut.-Col. A. E. Gallagher, O.B.E., D.S.O.
Clerk, H. P. M. McLaughlan, I.S.O., M.B.E.

Legislative Council.

President, The Governor.
Official Members, The Colonial Secretary; the Attorney General; the Treasurer; E. E. McDonald; C. H. Hart-Davis; G. F. Wilson; Lt.-Col. A. E. Gallagher, C.B.E., D.S.O.; Dr. E. S. Corssellis, and A. A. P. D. Stone.

Elected Members.

MOHAMMEDAN MEMBERS.

1st Electoral District;
 Mehmed Munir Bey.
2nd Electoral District;
 Mahmoud Djelaleddin Effendi.
3rd Electoral District;
 Dr. Eyioub Mussa Effendi.

NON-MOHAMMEDAN MEMBERS.

1st Electoral District;
 Stavros Georghiou Stravrinakis.
2nd Electoral District;
 Haji Eftychios Haji Procopi.
3rd Electoral District;
 George Haji Pavlou.
4th Electoral District;
 (Vacant).
5th Electoral District;
 George Soteriou Emphiedjia.
6th Electoral District;
 Kyriakos Pavlou Rossides.
7th Electoral District;
 Luke Zeno Pierides.
8th Electoral District;
 The Most Reverend the Metropolitan Nicodimos Mylonas.
9th Electoral District;
 Panayiotis Loizou Kakoyannia.
10th Electoral District;
 Michael Heracles Michaelides.

11th Electoral District;
(Vacant).

12th Electoral District;
Phaedon Ioannides.

*Clerk, Thales Cababé, 75l.

*Turkish Interpreter, H. H. A. Utidjian, 75l.

*Greek Interpreter, N. Stylianakis, 75l.

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, 3,600l.,†
Colonel Sir Ronald Storrs, Kt., C.M.G., C.B.E.
Private Secretary, Captain R. Gunnis.

Office of the Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary, R. P. Nicholson, C.M.G.,
1,400l.

Chief Assistant Secretary to Government, Lt.-
Colonel A. E. Beattie, C.B.E., M.C., 600l.-
750l.

Assistant Secretaries, A. B. Wright, M.C., B. J.
O'Brien, R. St. J. O. Wayne, 400l.-600l.

Chief Clerk, H. P. M. McLaughlan, I.S.O.,
M.B.E., 350l.-450l., 500l. personal.

Turkish Translator, H. H. A. Utidjian, 300l.-
350l.

Chief Greek Translator (vacant), 300l.-350l.

Government Printing Office.

Superintendent, W. J. Archer, 500l.-600l. and 48l.
allowance for Stationery Store.

Overseer, P. H. Y. Attashlia, 230l.-270l.

18 Compositors, Machinists, and Bookbinders.

District Administration.

Commissioners, C. H. Hart-Davis, 800l.-950l.;
Capt. A. M. Fleury, 800l.-900l.; B. J. Surridge;
R. P. L. Browne; H. B. Popham, M.B.E.,
600l.-750l., and duty allowance 50l.

Assistant Commissioner and Local Commandant
of Police, First Grade, Kyrenia (vacant), 400l.-
600l., with 100l. duty allowance.

Assistant Commissioner and Forest Officer-in-
Charge, Lefka Forest Division, B. J. Reilly,
400l.-600l., with 150l. duty allowance.

Mudirs, 9.

Treasury.

Treasurer, E. du Boulay, 1,000l.

Deputy Treasurer, C. Watts, 600l.-750l.

Accountant (vacant), 400l.-600l.

Chief Clerk, S. W. Caruana, 350l.-450l.

Bookkeeper, A. M. H. Kevorkian (300l.-350l.),
380l. personal.

Assistant Bookkeeper, A. M. Pietroni, 230l.-270l.

32 Tax Collectors, 150l.-220l.

Customs Department.

Comptroller of Customs and Excise, G. F. Wilson,
750l.-850l.

3 **Collectors of Customs and Excise,** W. H.
MacKay; L. F. Prosser, 350l.-450l., (one
vacancy).

Assistant Collectors and Harbour Masters,
T. P. Michaelides, 300l.-360l. personal; G. K.
Mitinkas, 300l.-350l.

Chief Excise Officer, 230l.-270l.

4 **Customs and Excise Officers, 1st Grade,** 2 at
240l.-300l. and 2 at 230l.-270l.

4 **Customs and Excise Officers, 2nd Grade,** 1 at
190l.-230l. and 3 at 180l.-220l.

* In addition to salaries drawn in Colonial Secre-
tary's office.

† Of which 600l. is payable to the O.A.G.

13 **Customs and Excise Officers, 3rd Grade,** 6 at
150l.-180l. and 7 at 150l.-174l.

18 **Customs and Excise Officers, 4th Grade,** 6 at
120l.-144l. and 12 at 90l.-120l.

18 **Customs and Excise Officers, 5th Grade,** 3 at
72l.-114l. and 15 at 60l.-96l.

59 **Guards and Boatmen,** 60l.-96l., 60l.-72l. and
48l.-60l.; 1 at 108l. personal.

6 **Inspectors of Preventive Service,** 5 at 132l.-162l.
and 1 at 120l.-150l.

4 **Assistant Inspectors of Preventive Service,** 60l.-
96l.

11 **Lightkeepers,** 60l.-96l. and 48l.-60l.; 1 at 126l.
personal.

Land Registration and Survey Department.

Director of Land Registration and Surveys, B. T.
Watts (750l.-850l.), 1,000l. personal.

Assistant Director of Land Registration and
Surveys, A. Papapetrou, 400l.-500l.

Chief Clerk, Land Registration and Survey
Department, P. S. Georgiades, 350l.-450l.

Survey Staff.

1 **Surveyor, First Grade,** L. A. Lauder (350l.-450l.),
500l. personal.

2 **Surveyors, Second Grade,** H. Feneck, Ph.
Avraamides (230l.-270l.), 360l. personal.

3 **Assistant Surveyors** (180l.-220l.), 250l. personal.

Registration and Valuation Staff.

4 **Land Registry Clerks, First Grade,** 300l.-350l.
plus 30l. Examination allowance; 450l. personal
to 1 Clerk.

8 **Land Registry Clerks, Second Grade,** 230l.-270l.
plus 30l. Examination allowance; 330l. personal
to 5 Clerks.

22 **Land Registry Clerks, Third Grade,** 180l.-220l.
plus 20l. Examination allowance; 250l. personal
to 15 Clerks.

90 **Land Registry Clerks, Fourth Grade,** 90l.-120l.
plus 20l. Examination allowance; salary beyond
12½l. personal to 76 Clerks.

31 **Land Registry Clerks, Fifth Grade,** 60l.-72l.

16 **Land Registry Student Clerks,** 48l.-60l.; 66l.
personal to 8 Clerks.

Audit Department.

Auditor J. A. Cremer (750l.-850l.), 800l.-950l.
personal.

Local Assistant Auditor, A. N. Branco, 350l.-450l.

Examiners of Accounts, P. Michaelides, P. E.
Prince, 300l.

Judicial Departments.

Supreme Court:—

Chief Justice, C. F. Belcher, O.B.E., 1,500l.

4 **Justice Judges,** B. Dickinson, J. A. Lucie-
Smith, O.B.E., V.D., 1,000l.; B. D. Sertaios;
M. Fuad Ziai, 800l.

Chief Registrar and Interpreter, J. S. Markides
(360l.-500l.), 550l. personal.

2 **Assistant Registrars and Interpreters,** H.
Tahsin, 300l. personal; V. R. Bairamian,
230l.-270l.

District Courts:—

3 **Presidents of District Courts,** A. M. Thomas;
C. E. L. Cox; R. S. de Vere, 750l.

12 **District Court Judges,** M. Shevket, M. Halid,
M. Houloussi, M. Izzet, J. N. Dimitriou,
E. Evangelides, S. Stavrinides, G. Ioannides,
M. R. Hussein, S. P. Mavromatis, E.
Themistos, M. Dervish, 500l.

9 *Assistant District Judges*, S. G. Tinghiris, E. A. Jacovides, P. A. Anastasiades, G. Soteriades, M. Hifzi, J. G. Hlmonides, N. Hadji Gavriel, 300*l.*; M. Melimas, M. Fehmi, 270*l.*

6 *Registrars and Interpreters*, N. G. Papadopoulos, C. Yannakis, S. T. Stavrinides, A. O. Eleftheriades, J. O. Peristianis, 320*l.*-400*l.*; H. Fikri, 300*l.*-350*l.*

Musulman Religious Tribunals—

3 *Sheri Judges*, A. Burhaneddin, M. Beha, A. Essad, 270*l.*

6 *Deputy Sheri Judges*, 60*l.*

4 *Sheri Judges Clerks*, 90*l.*-120*l.*

Attorney-General.

Attorney-General, C. C. Gersahy, 1,200*l.*

Solicitor-General, N. Paschalis, 750*l.*-850*l.*

Crown Counsel, S. Pavlides, 400*l.*-600*l.*

The Mufti.

The Mufti, Hurremzade Mehmed Hakki, 350*l.*

Police Department.

Chief Commandant of Police and Inspector of Prisons, Lt.-Col. A. E. Gallagher, C.B.E., D.S.O. (750*l.*-850*l.*), 900*l.* personal, and 36*l.* 10*s.* forage allowance.

Local Commandants of Police, 1st Grade, Major L. A. S. Northcote, J. D. Montagu, 400*l.*-600*l.*, and 36*l.* 10*s.* forage allowance; Major R. H. W. Baker, 400*l.*-600*l.*, with 72*l.* p.a. duty allowance. *Local Commandant of Police, 1st Grade, and Assistant Commissioner*, Kyrenia, 400*l.*-600*l.*, with 100*l.* duty allowance (vacant); *2nd Grade*, I. M. Tilliro, M. Ch. Kareklas, C. Shellish, (350*l.*-450*l.*), 500*l.* personal, and 36*l.* 10*s.* forage allowance.

Inspectors of Police:

2 *First Grade*, M. Antoniou, A. Fais (300*l.*-350*l.*), 370*l.* personal.

5 *Second Grade*, C. D. Demetriades, M. Ahmet, Y. Daniel, S. Pavlou, Ahmet Izzet Hassan, (230*l.*-270*l.*), 300*l.* personal.

8 *Sub-Inspectors* (150*l.*-174*l.*), 180*l.* personal to 4 *Sub-Inspectors*.

747 *N.C.O.'s and Men* (273 Mounted).

Prison Department.

Inspector of Prisons, Lieut.-Col. A. E. Gallagher, C.B.E., D.S.O. (paid as Chief Commandant of Police).

Resident Superintendent, Central Prison, A. Hopkins, 350*l.*-450*l.*, and free quarters.

Chief Warder, Central Prison, H. A. Marshall, (230*l.*-270*l.*), 340*l.* personal, and free quarters.

Assistant Chief Warder (150*l.*-174*l.*), 180*l.* personal, and 9*l.* house allowance.

80 *N.C.O.'s and Men*.

2 *Female Warders*.

Medical Department.

Chief Medical Officer, E. S. Corsellis, (750*l.*-850*l.*) 900*l.* personal.

District Medical Officers:—

3 *First Grade*, L. Fraser, E. F. Peck, 400*l.*-600*l.*; C. H. Cuff, 400*l.*-600*l.* plus 100*l.* duty allowance.

3 *Second Grade*, S. Vasiliades, C. Terezopoulos, (230*l.*-270*l.*) 300*l.* personal; P. M. Polydorides, 230*l.*-270*l.*

Assistant District Medical Officer, H. J. Symeondas, 230*l.*-270*l.*

13 *Rural Medical Officers* (180*l.*-220*l.*), 250*l.* personal.

14 *Rural Medical Officers*, 180*l.*-220*l.*

7 *Compounders, First Grade* (120*l.*-150*l.*), 180*l.* personal.

3 *Compounders, Second Grade*, 60*l.*-96*l.*

5 *Student Compounders*, 48*l.*-60*l.*

Assistant Medical Storekeeper (60*l.*-72*l.*), 90*l.* personal.

Storeman, Medical Stores (48*l.*-60*l.*), 72*l.* personal.

15 *Rural Compounders* (60*l.*-96*l.*), six at 114*l.* personal.

2 *Vaccinators* (78*l.*-108*l.*), 132*l.* personal.

2 *Nursing Sisters-in-charge*, Miss A. Moxon and Miss M. M. Forse, 120*l.*-150*l.*, and quarters in Hospital and 12*l.* each duty allowance.

4 *Nursing Sisters*, Miss M. Watling, Miss M. E. Johnston, Miss C. Stuart, Miss A. W. Trafford, 120*l.*-150*l.*

1 *Housekeeper, Central Hospital*, 90*l.*-120*l.*

1 *Nurse and Housekeeper, Sanatorium*, 60*l.*-72*l.*

13 *Hospital Attendants* (42*l.*-54*l.*); 4 at 66*l.* personal; 14*l.* personal allowance to George Loizou.

7 *Probationer Nurses*, at 1*l.* 10*s.* a month each. *Medical Officer of Health*, A. S. Millard, 600*l.*-750*l.*

Specialist in Venereal Diseases, R. E. Hopton, 700*l.* *Chief Sanitary Inspector* (180*l.*-220*l.*), 240*l.* personal.

8 *Sanitary Inspectors* (90*l.*-120*l.*), 150*l.* personal.

8 *Lunatic Asylum Attendants* (42*l.*-54*l.*); 1 at 72*l.* and 5 at 63*l.* personal.

Leper Farm Superintendent (48*l.*-60*l.*), 72*l.* personal and 10*s.* transport allowance a month.

2 *Leper Farm Guardians* (42*l.*-54*l.*), 66*l.* personal. *Government Analyst* (vacant), 400*l.*-600*l.*

Assistant, Chemical Laboratory (90*l.*-120*l.*), 132*l.* personal.

Attendant, Chemical Laboratory (42*l.*-54*l.*), 66*l.* personal.

Quarantine Department.

Health Officers, N. Iatrides, E. Magnis (180*l.*-220*l.*), 250*l.* personal; G. Pietroni, 180*l.*-220*l.*

4 *Quarantine Guards* (42*l.*-54*l.*), 1 at 72*l.* and 1 at 66*l.* personal.

Mechanic, Disinfecting Apparatus (60*l.*-96*l.*), 108*l.* personal.

Education Department.

Director of Education, Rev. Canon F. D. Newham, M.A., 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.*

Inspector of Moslem Schools, I. Hakki, 300*l.*

Inspector of Greek Schools, A. Arapis, 338*l.* (personal).

2 *Assistant Inspectors of Greek Schools*, 180*l.* by 10*l.* to 220*l.*

6 *Sub-Inspectors* (4 of Greek Schools, 2 of Moslem Schools), 150*l.* by 6*l.* to 210*l.* and 120*l.* by 6*l.* to 180*l.*

Postal Department.

Postmaster-General, L. J. E. Dench, 600*l.*-750*l.*

Assistant Postmaster-General, A. J. Shellish, 360*l.*-500*l.*

4 *Mail Officers, 1st Grade*, 114*l.* and 96*l.*

5 *Mail Officers, 2nd Grade*, 96*l.*, 90*l.*, and 75*l.*

9 *Mail Officers, 3rd Grade*, 72*l.* and 60*l.*

14 *Probationary Mail Officers*, 54*l.* and 42*l.*

Agricultural Department.

Director of Agriculture, C. Noble, M.B.E., 600l.-750l.

Inspector of Agriculture, P. M. Symeonides (350l.-450l.), 500l. personal.

2 *Assistant Inspectors* (300l.-350l.), 360l. personal. *Viticulturist and Wine Expert* (300l.-350l.), 360l. personal.

5 *District Overseers* (180l.-220l.), 230l. personal.

8 *Agricultural Demonstrators* (90l.-120l. and 78l.-108l.), 180l. personal.

Superintendent, School Gardens (230l.-270l.), 300l. personal.

Entomologist, H. M. Morris, M.Sc., F.E.S., 400l.-600l.

Agricultural Chemist (180l.-220l.), 230l. personal.

Veterinary Surgeon, R. J. Roe, M.E.C.V.S., 400l.-600l. and free quarters.

2 *Stock Inspectors* (150l.-174l.), 180l. personal.

Veterinary Compounder (60l.-96l.), 132l. personal.

Manager of Stock Farm, G. Barrett, 350l.-450l. and free quarters.

Foreman, Stock Farm (78l.-105l.), 126l. personal and free quarters.

Mechanic, 150l.-174l.

Forest Department.

Principal Forest Officer, A. H. Unwin, D. Oec., M.E.F.A., M.C.S.F.E. (750l.-850l.), 900l. personal.

Assistant Conservators of Forests, G. N. Sale, B. J. Reilly, F. S. Danks, 400l.-600l. and 36l. 10s. forage allowance; B. J. Reilly receives 150l. duty allowance while acting as Assistant Commissioner and Officer-in-Charge Lefka Forest Division.

2 *Inspectors*, M. Vehbi, Loizo Cassino (230l.-270l.), 300l. personal.

1 *Surveyor*, P. A. C. Douglas, 230l.-270l.

Senior Forest Ranger, John Yerides, 180l.-220l.

Timber Store Superintendent, Ali Fehmi (150l.-174l.), 180l. personal.

Inspector of Machinery and Plant, A. Zachariades, 150l.-174l.

2 *Forest Rangers* (150l.-174l.), 1 at 250l. personal.

3 *Foresters, 1st Grade* (90l.-120l.), 180l. personal.

4 *Foresters, 2nd Grade* (78l.-108l.), 2 at 114l. personal.

4 *Mounted Forest Guards, 1st Grade*, 60l.-96l.

4 *Mounted Forest Guards, 2nd Grade* (60l.-72l.), 78l. personal.

30 *Foot Forest Guards, 1st Grade* (48l.-60l.), 19 at 72l. and 11 at 66l. personal.

34 *Foot Forest Guards, 2nd Grade* (42l.-54l.), 8 at 66l. and 7 at 60l. personal.

6 *Timber Storekeepers (Towns)*, 48l.-60l.

5 *Timber Storekeepers (Saw Mills)* (48l.-60l.), 4 at 72l. personal.

5 *Foremen (Saw Mills)* (48l.-60l.), 3 at 72l. personal.

1 *Gardener* (42l.-54l.), 66l. personal.

3 *Plantation Guards* (42l.-54l.), 2 at 66l. personal.

Railway Department.

General Manager, Railway, W. M. Smithers (600l.-750l.), 780l. personal, and house.

Maintenance of Way, Works and Telegraph Draughtsman Clerk, 90l.-120l.

Inspector of Way and Works, 180l.-220l.

District Inspector (90l.-120l.), 150l. personal.

Telegraph Linesman (90l.-120l.), 180l. personal.

Locomotive, Carriage and Wagon Department.
Assistant Locomotive Superintendent (vacant), 350l.-450l.

Locomotive Foreman, J. W. Bulman, M.I.L.E. (230l.-270l.), 300l. personal and quarters.

Head Boiler Maker (180l.-220l.), 240l. personal.

Head Fitter (180l.-220l.), 240l. personal.

1 *Railway Clerk*, 60l.-180l.

Chargeman, 78l.-108l.

Traffic Department.

4 *Station Masters, 1st Grade* (120l.-150l.), 180l. personal.

5 *Station Masters, 2nd Grade* (90l.-120l.), 144l. personal.

Station Clerks, Conductors, Porters.

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, A. A. P. D. Stone, F.S.I., A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.Mech.E., M.I.M., and C.E. (750l.-850l.), 950l. personal.

4 *Engineers*, J. C. Gaffero, A. Merrifield, M.B.E., H. R. Price, B.A., B.A.I. and M. Babington, A.M.I.C.E., 500l.-600l.; 50l. personal allowance to J. C. Gaffero.

Inspector of Mines, H. G. Mountain, A.I.M.M., 600l.

Inspector of Water Supplies, V. Levonian (230l.-270l.), 300l. personal.

1 *Storekeeper* (150l.-174l.), 220l. personal.

3 *Storemen* (48l.-60l.), 2 at 72l. personal.

3 *Chief Foremen* (230l.-270l.), 300l. personal.

2 *Assistant Chief Foremen* (180l.-220l.), 250l. personal.

1 *Mechanical Foreman*, 230l.-270l.

2 *Draughtsmen and Recordkeepers* (150l.-174l.), 1 at 180l. personal.

1 *Tracer*, 48l.-60l.

1 *Technical Clerk & Storekeeper* (120l.-150l.), 180l. personal.

Accountant, C. F. Lee, 400l.-600l.

2 *Pay Officers* (230l.-270l.), 1 at 290l. personal.

1 *Assistant Pay Officer*, 180l.-220l.

Irrigation Department.

Officer-in-Charge, The Director of Public Works.

Irrigation Superintendent, A. W. Douglas, 180l.-220l. and forage allowance and quarters.

Assistant Irrigation Superintendent, J. K. Karapetian (90l.-120l.), 150l. personal and forage allowance and quarters.

3 *Irrigation Guards, 1st Grade* (48l.-60l.), 1 at 90l. and 2 at 72l. personal.

4 *Irrigation Guards, 2nd Grade* (42l.-54l.), 3 at 66l. and 1 at 60l. personal.

Ecclesiastical.

Chief Mussulman Dignitaries, His Eminence Hurremzadé Mehmed Hakki, Mufti of Cyprus.

Greek Orthodox Church, The Most Reverend Kyrillos III., Archbishop of Cyprus.

Church of England, The Ven. Archdeacon Beresford Potter.

Armenian Church, The Most Reverend Bishop Bedros Saradjian.

Latin Church, Very Rev. Antonios Zeitoun (Vicar-General, Larnaca).

Maronite Church, The Rev. J. Triantafyllides, (Suffragan Bishop and Vicar-General (acting)).

Foreign Consuls.

Austria, D. Z. Pierides.

Belgium, Consul, G. Mavroidi.

Czechoslovakia, R. Troester.

Denmark, D. N. Dimitriou.

France, Consul, du Perier de Larsan.

Germany, Consul, L. Z. Pierides.

Greece, Consul, D. Inglessis.

Italy, Consul, P. Mantovani.

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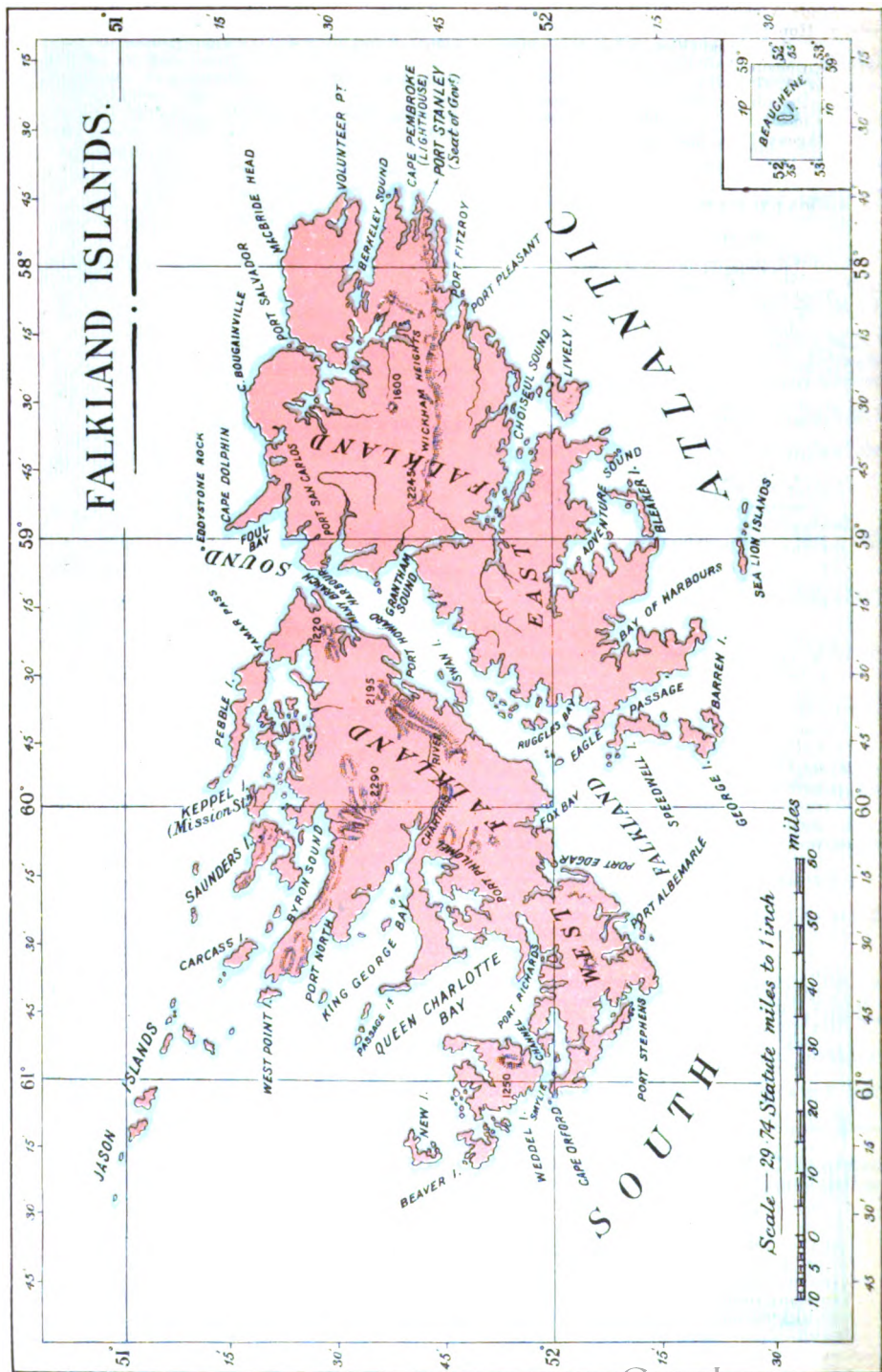
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Netherlands, Vice-Consul, G. Mavroidi.
Norway, Hon. Consul, G. G. Pierides.
Poland, T. Zbyszewski (Resident at Jerusalem).
Portugal, Consul, A. Vontitsianos.
Roumania, A. G. Loizou.
Spain, L. Papadopoulos.
Sveeden, Consul, L. Z. Pierides.
U.S.A., Agent, L. A. Mantovani.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Situation and Area.

The Falkland Islands ("Les Iles Malouines" of the French, "Islas Malvinas" of the Spaniards) are situated in the South Atlantic Ocean, between 51° and 53° S. lat., and between 57° and 62° W. long., about 480 miles N. E. of Cape Horn, and about 1,000 miles due south of Monte Video. They consist of East Falkland Island and West Falkland Island, which, with the adjacent islands, have an area of 2,580 square miles and 2,038 square miles respectively.

There are two groups of dependencies (i) South Georgia with South Orkney and South Sandwich, the boundaries being the 50th parallel of south latitude and the 20th and 50th meridians of west longitude (ii) South Shetland and Graham Land bounded by the parallel of latitude 58° S., and the meridians of longitude 50° and 80° W. The territory of both the dependencies extends to the South Pole.

This area contains about 3,100,000 square miles or 14% of the entire surface of the globe. Much of it is ice-bound, but there are more than a million square miles of sea readily accessible for whaling, fishing and sealing.

The island of South Georgia lies about 800 miles to the east of the Falkland Islands, South Orkney and South Sandwich being about 450 miles to the south-west and south-east respectively of South Georgia. The northern point of South Shetland is about 500 miles to the south of the Falklands.

History.

The Falklands were discovered by Davis in 1592, and visited by Hawkins in 1594. In 1764 they were taken possession of by France and Bougainville planted a small colony of Acadians at Port Louis in East Falkland. Bougainville was bought out by Spain, ever jealous of interference by other nations in the southern seas, in 1766.

In the following year Captain Byron took possession of West Falkland, and left a small garrison at Port Egmont, whence it was driven out by the Spaniards in 1770; this action on the part of Spain brought that country and Britain to the verge of war. The Spaniards restored the island in 1771, but it was abandoned in 1774 and no further formal occupation was made until 1820, when the Republic of Buenos Aires established a settlement which was destroyed by the Americans in 1831.

In 1832 occupation of the islands was resumed by the British Government for the protection of the whale fishery. Until 1843, they were under the charge of the Naval officers engaged in making Admiralty surveys. In 1843, a Civil Administration was formed, the headquarters being at Port Louis until the following year when they were removed to Stanley, then known as Port William.

The colony received regular grants in aid from 1841 until 1880 and for a mail service until 1884-5, since which year the colony has been self supporting.

On the 8th of December, 1914, in an action off the Falklands, a British squadron under the late Admiral Sir F. C. Doveton Sturdee defeated and sank a German squadron consisting of two armoured cruisers *Scharnhorst* and *Gneisenau*, two light cruisers, *Leipzig* and *Nürnberg*, and two transports. The light cruiser *Dresden*, having escaped from this action was subsequently sunk in March, 1915. No British ships were lost, and the casualties were seven killed and twelve wounded.

South Georgia and the South Sandwich group were discovered in 1775 by Captain James Cook, who took possession of them for Britain. South Shetland was discovered and taken possession of by Captain William Smith in 1819, and South Orkney by Captain G. Powell in 1821.

The dependencies were visited only by exploring expeditions, sealers, and whalers until the rise of the modern whaling industry in those regions.

In May, 1916, Sir Ernest Shackleton arrived in Stanley in a whale catcher from South Georgia, having left 22 members of his exploring expedition on Elephant Island, South Shetland, while he made his way to South Georgia to seek help. He had sailed 700 miles in an open boat with five companions and had crossed South Georgia on foot for the first time in its history. Every member of the expedition was saved.

General Description.

(a) Falkland Islands.

The Falkland Islands have a very deeply indented coast line and many good natural harbours. The surface is hilly, attaining its maximum elevation of 2,315 feet in Mount Adam, West Falkland.

The entire country is covered with wild moorland interrupted by outcrops of rock and the peculiar collections of angular boulders named "stone runs."

There is no cultivation except in the immediate vicinity of the settlements and shepherds' houses where vegetables and in a few places hay is grown. The soil is chiefly peat but considerable areas of sand also occur.

Communication is maintained by sea and horses, but there are no roads outside Stanley, the traveller being guided by natural landmarks. Trees are completely absent but nurseries for them have been established.

The only town is Stanley in East Falkland, with a population of about 950. The houses are mostly iron and wood, built as they are required for occupation. It is difficult to rent a house but there are several small hotels and boarding houses affording fair accommodation. Stanley is a port of register and had, on the 31st December, 1925, nineteen vessels aggregating 23,516 tons.

The cost of mutton 3d. per lb., of beef 5d., fowls' eggs when procurable cost 3d. to 3½d. each, while penguin eggs in spring are sold at a price varying from 4s. to 8s. 6d. per hundred. Milk is priced at 1s. per quart.

Climate and Health.

In the Falklands the temperature is uniformly low, ranging from 40° to 65° in summer and from 30° to 50° in winter, with an annual mean of 42°.

The annual rainfall seldom exceeds 25 inches, and although snow falls frequently it does not as a rule lie long. In summer the atmosphere is very dry and evaporation rapid.

The climate is rendered somewhat severe by the almost perpetual high winds which usually have a westerly direction, but it is very healthy. The birth rate in 1926 was 29·98 per 1,000 and the death rate 14·09.

(b) Dependencies.

The island of South Georgia is a mass of high mountains which are covered with deep snow where they are not too precipitous, while the valleys between are filled with glaciers which in many cases descend to the sea. There is a coastal fringe free from snow in summer and more or less clothed with vegetation, including tussock "grass." Land whaling stations have been established in some of the numerous bays.

The remaining dependencies are even more inhospitable, being nearly completely covered with snow and ice and almost entirely destitute of plant life. All the dependencies have a rigorous climate of Antarctic character.

Industries.

The inhabitants of the Falkland Islands are almost entirely occupied in sheep farming, the whole acreage of the colony being divided into large sheep runs; the number of sheep in the Colony in 1926 was 606,675. Wool is the principal product but tallow and cow hides are also exported.

The whaling field of the dependencies, in which whaling by modern methods was first carried on in 1904, has become more productive than all those in the rest of the world combined; a small quantity of seal oil is also produced.

An expedition for research, mainly into whaling, for which the ships "Discovery" and "William Scoresby" have been acquired, has been operating in the southern seas (see page xxvii).

Education.

There is a Government school with 165 pupils, and a Roman Catholic school with 68. The attendance averages eighty-five per cent. of the number on the rolls. At Darwin, East Falkland, there is a small settlement where the Falkland Islands Company have a school with about 25 pupils. The children in the country districts are taught by travelling teachers, two of whom are employed by the Government and two by the Falkland Islands Company. The average number of children thus receiving instruction is, in normal times, about 350.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender currency is British sterling, and local 5s., 1l., 10s. and 5s. notes. There are no private banks in the Colony. On 1st April, 1888, a Government Savings Bank was established, in which, on 30th September, 1926, the deposits were 129,345l., belonging to 897 depositors.

The Falkland Islands Company, Limited.

This company was formed in 1851 to take over from Mr. Lafone, of Monte Video, the district in the East Falkland, now called Lafonia; this district abounded with wild cattle, said to be the descendants of the stock introduced by the Acadian settlers, the capture of which was the company's original object. This, however, was not found profitable, and the company have of late years been engaged in sheep farming on an extensive scale, not only on their own freehold at Lafonia, but also on 97,128 acres purchased from the Government, the importation of

goods of all sorts, and the repairing of ships, which occasionally call at Stanley in distress.

The company maintains a doctor and a school at Darwin, and contributes to the provision of a salary for a clergyman of the Church of England.

Means of Communication.

There is mail communication with England at irregular intervals of about six weeks to two months. The Pacific Steam Navigation Company's Steamers call at Stanley on their voyage round South America and proceed homeward via Panama. There are few opportunities of travelling from the Colony to the United Kingdom direct via Monte Video. Postage to the United Kingdom, British Possessions, and Egypt, 1d. per 1 oz.; to elsewhere, 2½d. per 1 oz., and 1½d. for every additional oz., or fraction of an oz. There is an internal post, 1d. the oz. Parcel post to the United Kingdom weighing not over 3 lbs., 1s. 9d.; over 3 lbs. but not over 7 lbs., 3s. 3d.; over 7 lbs. but not over 11 lbs. 4s. 6d.; over 11 lbs. but not exceeding 22 lbs. 8s. Inland parcel post: for a parcel not exceeding 2 lbs. 9d.; exceeding 2 lbs. but not exceeding 5 lbs., 1s.; exceeding 5 lbs. but not exceeding 8 lbs. 1s. 3d.; exceeding 8 lbs. but not exceeding 11 lbs. 1s. 6d. There is a Wireless Service from Stanley to Monte Video; rate per word to United Kingdom for messages over 10 words is 4s. 2d. There is a lighthouse at Cape Pembroke maintained by the Board of Trade at an annual cost of from 500l. to 600l.

Constitution.

The Government is administered by a Governor, aided by an Executive and Legislative Council.

The Legislative Council is composed of the Governor, the Colonial Secretary, the Treasurer, and the Colonial Surgeon, and two unofficial members appointed by warrant under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet for five years.

Population.

(Including population resident at South Georgia.)

	Males.	Females.	Total.
1921 census	2,522	909	3,431
1926 (estimate)	3,163	1,003	4,136

Nearly all the population of the Colony are British, while the inhabitants of South Georgia are mostly Scandinavians.

Governors.

From 1833 to 1842 the Settlement was in charge of a naval officer.

Sir W. Grey-Wilson, K.C.M.G., 1897.

Sir W. L. Allardye, K.C.M.G., 1904.

Sir W. Douglas Young, K.B.E., C.M.G., 1915.

Sir John Middleton, K.B.E., C.M.G., 1920.

A. W. Hodson, C.M.G., 1927.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	45,588	29,687	198,208	278,953
1918	46,365	26,270	182,058	258,383
1919	56,682	26,910	94,682	166,267
1920	71,558	53,575	123,644	202,535
1921	139,230	49,545	139,699	213,892
1922	174,437	51,391	172,292	267,450
1923	190,337	45,304	163,495	298,758
1924	169,594	61,478	231,465	358,068
1925	237,609	139,258	161,275	297,756
1926	—	272,357	—	377,324

There is no Public Debt.

The assets of the colony on the 1st January, 1927, amounted to 235,702*l.* on account of the Colony and 352,278*l.* on account of the Dependencies.

Year.	Imports.			Total.
	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From elsewhere. £	
1917	681,603	89,088	486,215	1,256,906
1918	487,787	94,964	357,162	939,937
1919	564,178	168,363	299,741	1,022,282
1920	583,592	91,161	242,016	916,769
1921	245,893	27,443	165,362	437,880
1922	333,710	20,223	147,628	501,561
1923	291,282	5,663	127,767	424,712
1924	270,850	49,561	154,980	475,341
1925	336,596	—	197,250	533,846
1926	—	—	—	709,246

Year.	Exports.			Total.
	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To elsewhere. £	
1917	1,777,487	—	93,416	1,870,903
1918	1,891,409	350	162,527	2,054,286
1919	2,083,920	2,540	137,475	2,173,935
1920	2,978,001	75,471	79,437	3,132,909
1921	1,691,083	18,158	35,025	1,734,266
1922	909,959	360	1,698,247	2,608,566
1923	629,946	60	2,456,813	3,086,819
1924	359,897	20,000	2,205,961	2,585,848
1925	1,481,305	10,146	2,423,924	3,915,375
1926	—	—	—	4,399,701

Executive Council.

Governor.
Colonial Secretary.
Treasurer.
Colonial Surgeon.
Unofficial, G. Bonner.

Legislative Council.

Governor.
Colonial Secretary.
Treasurer.
Colonial Surgeon.
Unofficial { G. J. Felton.
H. H. R. Gresham.
Clerk of Councils, G. R. L. Brown.

Civil Establishment.

Governor.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, A. W. Hodson, C.M.G., 1,450*l.*, duty allowance, 350*l.*, and fees.
Gardener, C. A. Parkinson, 200*l.* and quarters.

Colonial Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary, J. M. Ellis, 700*l.* by 25*l.* to 800*l.*, and quarters.
Chief Clerk and Clerk of Councils, G. R. L. Brown, 400*l.*
Second Clerk, A. I. Fleuret, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Chief Printer, C. G. Allan, 180*l.*
Assistant Printer, H. Sedgwick, 165*l.*

Treasury and Customs.

Treasurer, Collector of Customs, Manager Savings Bank, Registrar of Shipping and Receiver of Wrecks, M. C. Craigie-Halkett, 600*l.*

Stanley—

First Clerk, H. C. Ley, 250*l.* to 300*l.* and fees.
Second Clerk, A. Jones, 200*l.*
Customs Officer, A. G. Bennett, 200*l.* and fees and quarters.
Assistant Customs Officer, S. Riches, 175*l.*, 20*l.* personal allowance, and 24*l.* house allowance.

South Georgia—

Deputy Collectors, E. B. Binnie and Wm. Barlas (also Magistrates).
Customs Officer, W. W. Stuart, 215*l.* and 50*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Customs Officer, C. W. Rumbolds, 150*l.* and 50*l.* duty allowance.

Post Office.

Postmaster, Registrar-General, Local Auditor, J. K. Nethercoate, 550*l.* and fees.
Postal Clerk, Miss E. M. Carey, 125*l.* to 175*l.*

Medical.

Colonial Surgeon, Frederick Gustave Wooding Deane, F.R.C.S. (Edin.), L.R.C.P. (Edin), 600*l.* 150*l.* personal allowance, quarters and private practice.
Assistant Colonial Surgeon, East Falkland, (vacant), 500*l.* and 50*l.* house allowance and private practice.
Government Dentist, J. M. Coutts, L.D.S., R.C.S.E., 500*l.* and 50*l.* house allowance, and private practice.
King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital—
Nurse Matron, Miss E. M. S. Warner, 150*l.* with board and quarters at Hospital.

Judicial Department.

Judge (vacant).
Registrar, etc., and Magistrate, East Falkland, E. B. Binnie, 500*l.* and house allowance 50*l.*
Magistrate, West Falkland and South Shetlands, J. E. Hamilton, M.Sc., F.Z.S. (also Government Naturalist).
Magistrate, South Georgia, Lt.-Com. F. B. Alison, R.N. (retired), 500*l.* and 100*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy Magistrate, South Georgia, Wm. Barlas, 400*l.* and 50*l.* duty allowance.

Educational.

Stanley Government School—
Schoolmaster, A. R. Hoare, 400*l.* and quarters.
Assistant Master, H. S. Valentine, 300*l.*
Assistant Mistress, Miss I. Begg, 260*l.*
Travelling Teachers, J. J. Wilson and L. A. Michie, 150*l.* a year and free board and lodging in houses visited.

Police and Prisons.

Chief Constable and Keeper of Prison, D. J. Sullivan, 200*l.* and quarters, personal allowance 20*l.*, and allowance as Inspector of Nuisances, 50*l.*
Five Constables at 120*l.* and quarters.

Public Works.

Colonial Engineer, R. B. Baseley, M.I. Moh. E., 550*l.* and quarters.
Clerk and Storekeeper, W. Noye, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Foreman of Works, E. H. Bound, 228*l.*
Wireless Operator, Fox Bay, W. Myles, 150*l.* and quarters.

Stock Department.

Chief Inspector of Stock, R. W. Carter, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Stock Attendant, A. Hall, 120*l.*

Port and Harbour.

Harbour Master and Government Pilot Shipping Master, Comdr. R. T. Amedroz, R.N. (ret.), 300*l.*, and fees and quarters.

Engine Driver, Launch, G. Kelway, 150*l.* and quarters.

Principal Lighthouse Keeper, A. W. Sully, 225*l.* and quarters.

Two Assistants, N. A. Page, 165*l.* and quarters; F. Dixon, 111*l.* and quarters.

Scientific Department.

Naturalist, J. E. Hamilton, M.Sc., F.Z.S., 450*l.* (also Magistrate, West Falkland and South Shetland Islands).

Ecclesiastical.

Bishop of Falkland Islands, Right Rev. N. S. de Jersey, D.D., V.D.

Incumbent of Christ Church Cathedral, Rev. F. S. Vaughan, Hon. C.F.

Assistant Cathedral and Camp Chaplain (vacant). *Wesleyan Minister* (vacant).

Roman Catholic Priest, Rev. M. L. Migone.

Foreign Consuls.

Consul for Italy, Chili and Norway, H. H. R. Gresham.

Vice-Consul for Belgium, Mons. A. Beaudrier.

French Consular Agent, A. Newing.

FIJI.

Situation and Area.

The Colony of Fiji comprises all islands, rocks, and reefs lying between latitude 16° and 22° S. and between longitude 177° W. and 175° E. It is distant from Sydney about 1,700 miles, and from Auckland 1,100 miles. The Tongan or Friendly Islands lie 180 miles to the south-east, and Samoa 500 miles to the north-east. The French colony of New Caledonia lies to the westward about 700 miles. The number of islands has been variously stated at from 200 to 250; but this includes mere uninhabited rocks and islets.

The dependency of Rotumah consists of all islands, rocks, reefs between 12° and 15° S., and between 175° and 180° E.

The principal inhabited islands are Viti Levu, 4,053 square miles, Vanua Levu, 2,130 square miles, Taviuni, 217 square miles, Kadavu, 124 square miles, Koro, 58 square miles, Gau, 45 square miles, and Ovalau, 43 square miles. The total area of the Colony (including Rotumah, 14 square miles) is 7,083 square miles (nearly equal to Wales).

Physical Features.

The more important islands are hilly and mountainous, rising more or less abruptly from the shore to a height of from 4,000 to 4,300 feet. The hills are generally of a grand and picturesque outline, being composed for the most part of old volcanic lavas. Upon the south-eastern or windward sides the islands are covered with dense forests. The lower lands are more lightly timbered, and apparently have all been under cultivation at a not distant period when the native population was much larger. On these flats the soil is almost everywhere deep, easily worked, and especially

rich in humic acid. The northern and north-western sides of the larger island, or leeward sides, are characterised by a comparative absence of forest lands; and here hills or plains are covered with long reeds or grass, and dotted with clumps of Casuarina and Pandanus.

Copper ore is found in many places, but does not appear to be of sufficiently high grade to justify working. There are also traces of gold, silver (chloride), tin, antimony, manganese, and other metals.

The country is well watered. Frequent rains keep alive the sources of the thousands of small affluents feeding the main rivers. Of these rivers the Rewa stands first. It is navigable for boats, punts, or flat-bottomed steamers, for 40 or 50 miles from its mouth. Several large streams fall into it, the sources of which lie in the high mountains of the interior 3,000 or 4,000 feet above the level of the sea. Besides these, the Sigatoka, the Nadi, and Ba rivers, with many others, drain the principal watersheds of Viti Levu. In Vanua Levu the rivers are not so large, though they are nearly as numerous. The Dreketi river being first in size is navigable for craft of considerable size for a distance of 15 miles from its mouth. Almost every valley in the group has its stream or brook, from which the native occupants irrigate their plantations of "dalo" (*Calocasia esculenta*).

Fiji is as rich in harbours and roadsteads as it is in rivers. Each island is surrounded by a barrier reef, and, with few exceptions, is accessible through passages usually found opposite to the most considerable valley or river. Between this river and the shore ships lie safely at anchor, protected by an indestructible natural breakwater.

Rotumah.

The Island of Rotumah, situated in 12° 30' S. lat., 177° 10' E. long., was discovered by the *Pandora*, in 1793, when searching for the mutineers of the *Bounty*. Lying to the north-west from two to four miles from the shore, are three small islets, Hattana, Hofua and Waya. Of these only the last named is inhabited, and it contains but one small village. In 1879 the three principal Rotumah chiefs offered the islands to Great Britain, and they were annexed 13th May, 1881. The population was found at the census of 1921 to number 2,402, of whom two-thirds are Methodists, and the remainder Roman Catholics. The principal island is seven miles long by three miles broad, and contains about 9,000 acres. The staple export is copra.

The natives differ entirely from Fijians in language and in polity. A resident European commissioner is, under the governor, the chief executive and judicial authority. The commissioner's court, except in capital cases, takes the place of the supreme court of Fiji. There are two native stipendiary magistrates, who have jurisdiction in minor cases. The island is divided into seven districts, over each of which a chief, appointed by the governor, rules. The framing of local laws is entrusted to the Rotumah Regulation Board (consisting of the resident commissioner and any number of natives, not exceeding ten). Their enactments are subject to the approval of the legislative council of Fiji.

Population.

The aboriginal population of Fiji belongs to the darker of the two great Polynesian families, but, living on the confines of the fairer race, its

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blood has received considerable admixture. It was estimated in 1869 at 200,000; in 1868 at 170,000; and in 1871 at 140,000. By the epidemic of measles which occurred in 1875 it was reduced by more than one-fourth. The population of the colony, as ascertained at the census of 1891, 1901, 1911, and 1921 respectively, is shown in the following table:—

Class of Population.	Census of 1891.				Census of 1901.				Census of 1911.				Census of 1921.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Males.	Females.	Total.		Males.	Females.	Total.		Males.	Females.	Total.	
Europeans ..	1,273	763	2,036		1,531	928	2,459		2,403	1,304	3,707		2,297	1,581	3,878	
Half-Castes ..	629	547	1,076		759	757	1,516		1,217	1,184	2,401		1,454	1,327	2,781	
Indians ..	4,998	2,470	7,468		11,383	5,752	17,135		26,073	14,213	40,286		37,015	23,619	60,634	
Polynesian ..	1,923	344	2,267		1,384	366	1,750		2,429	1,329	3,758		1,271	293	1,564	
Fijians ..	56,445	49,355	105,800		50,357	44,040	94,397		46,110	40,986	87,096		44,023	40,453	84,475	
Rotumans ..	1,056	1,163	2,219		1,036	1,134	2,230		1,043	1,133	2,176		1,129	1,106	2,235	
Chinese ..	—	—	—		—	—	—		276	29	306		846	65	910	
Others ..	143	171	314		254	213	467		457	355	812		431	358	789	
Total ..	66,367	54,813	121,180		66,874	53,250	120,124		80,008	59,533	139,541		88,464	68,802	157,266	
Net decrease during the decade ..	4,034	2,272	6,306		—	1,563	1,066		—	—	—		—	—	—	
Net increase during the decade ..	—	—	—		507	—	—		13,134	6,283	19,417		8,456	9,269	17,725	

The births among the native population in 1926 totalled 3,035, and the deaths 2,065. The birth rate was 33·95, and the death rate 23·09 per mil.

The Methodist and Roman Catholic missions give the following as the number of their adherents at the end of the year 1926:—

Methodist ..	...	...	...	79,634
Roman Catholic ..	...	...	...	11,564
Total ..	...	...	...	91,198

History.

The islands were discovered by Tasman in 1643, and visited by Captain Cook in 1769. Captain Bligh, on his memorable voyage in the launch of the *Bounty*, sighted part of the group in 1789, and was chased by a canoe from the island of Waya, in the Yasawa group. Missionaries settled in Fiji in 1835, and, after a time, met with great success.

In 1859 Thakombau, the most powerful chief of Fiji, offered the sovereignty of the islands to Great Britain. The offer was declined by the Duke of Newcastle in 1862. About that time the demand for cotton, owing to the American civil war, led to an influx of Europeans into Fiji for the purpose of cotton cultivation. In June, 1871, certain Englishmen set up a Fijian Government, with the principal chief, Thakombau, as king. A constitution was agreed upon, and a Parliament elected. The Parliament and the Government before long drifted into mutual hostility, and the Ministry latterly governed without the aid of the Parliament.

The question of annexing Fiji had been agitated both in Australia and England since 1869 on many grounds, and in August, 1873, the Earl of Kimberley commissioned Commodore Goodenough, commanding the squadron on the station, and Mr. E. L. Layard, Her Majesty's Consul in Fiji, to investigate and report on the matter. These Commissioners, on the 21st of March, 1874, reported an offer of the cession of the sovereignty of the islands from the chiefs, with the assent of the Europeans, but on certain terms which were not acceptable, and Sir Hercules Robinson, the Governor of New South Wales, was despatched to Fiji in September, 1874, to negotiate. This mission was completely successful, and the sovereignty of the islands was ceded to Her Majesty by Thakombau, the Chief of Bau, Maafu, who was Chief of the so-called Lau Confederacy, which included not only the Lau Islands, but Tavuni and the greater part of Vanua Levu, and the other principal chiefs, in a deed of cession dated the 10th day of October, 1874. A charter was shortly afterwards issued by Her Majesty, erecting the islands into a separate colony, and providing for their government.

Climate.

The climate of Fiji is cool for the tropics, and the country is remarkably free from zymotic and endemic diseases. Malarial fevers have never been met with.

The highest shade temperature at Suva in 1925 was 91° in December, and the lowest 62° in June, July and August. The total rainfall during the year at Suva was 103·39 inches. There is great variety of temperature and climate to be found in the group. The rainfall extends over the whole year, but May to September is usually the driest period. Between December and April hurricanes or heavy gales occasionally occur.

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blood has received considerable admixture. It was estimated in 1859 at 200,000; in 1868 at 170,000; and in 1871 at 140,000. By the epidemic of measles which occurred in 1875 it was reduced by more than one-fourth. The population of the colony, as ascertained at the census of 1891, 1901, 1911, and 1921 respectively, is shown in the following table:—

Class of Population.	Census of 1891.			Census of 1901.			Census of 1911.			Census of 1921.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Europeans ..	1,273	763	2,036	1,531	928	2,459	2,403	1,304	3,707	2,297	1,581	3,878
Half-Castes ..	529	547	1,076	769	757	1,516	1,217	1,184	2,401	1,454	1,327	2,781
Indians ..	4,998	2,470	7,468	11,353	5,762	17,105	26,073	14,213	40,286	37,016	23,619	60,634
Polynesians ..	1,923	344	2,267	1,584	366	1,950	2,429	329	2,758	1,271	283	1,554
Fijians ..	56,445	49,385	105,830	50,357	44,040	94,397	46,110	40,986	87,096	44,023	40,453	84,475
Rotumans ..	1,056	1,163	2,219	1,036	1,194	2,230	1,043	1,133	2,176	1,129	1,106	2,235
Chinese ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	276	29	306	845	63	910
Others ..	143	171	314	254	213	467	457	366	812	431	358	789
Total ..	66,367	54,813	121,180	66,874	53,250	120,124	80,008	59,533	139,541	88,464	68,802	157,266
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Constitution.

The constitution is regulated by Letters Patent of 31st January, 1914, as amended by Letters Patent of 20th July, 1916. The Executive Council consists of the Governor, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General, the Colonial Treasurer, the Chief Medical Officer, the Secretary for Native Affairs, and two unofficial members nominated by the Governor.

The Legislative Council consists of the Governor and not more than twelve nominated members (including one Indian member), seven elected members, two native members. The natives retain a large share of self-government. Their system of village and district councils has been recognised and improved, and supplemented by a triennial meeting of the high chiefs and representatives from each province, presided over by the Governor. There is a Native Regulation Board, constituted under "The Native Affairs Ordinance, 1876," which has power to make regulations with regard to the marriage and divorce of natives, succession to property, the jurisdiction and powers of native courts and magistrates in matters of civil and criminal procedure, and also in regard to other matters having reference to the good government and well-being of the native population. All such regulations have to receive the sanction of the Legislative Council.

Levuka, in the island of Ovalau, was at first selected as the European capital, but during the year 1882 the seat of government was transferred to Suva, on the south coast of the island of Viti Levu, with a fine harbour. The white population of Suva numbered 1,434 at the census of 1921.

Shipping.

Suva and Levuka are ports of Registry, and had, on 31st December, 1926, six steam, three sailing and nine motor vessels registered of a total net tonnage of steam, 5,358 tons, sail, 395 tons, and motor 1,174 tons.

During the year 1926 sea going certificates were issued by the Fiji Marine Board to 168 vessels, of a total tonnage of 38,818 tons, of which, 102 were owned by Europeans (tonnage 38,032), 56 by Natives (tonnage 601), 9 by Chinese (tonnage 98), 6 by Indians (tonnage 79), and 1 by Japanese (tonnage 8).

The number of merchant vessels entered at the three ports of entry in the Colony during 1926, is steam, 160, of 641,201 tons, and 6 sailing, of 6,455 tons; of these vessels, 118 were British.

Local Government.

A municipality was established in 1877 in Levuka, and in 1882 one was established in Suva, on the transfer of the seat of government. These boards are at present regulated by the Municipal Institutions Ordinance, 1909. The governing body in each town is elected by the ratepayers. Rates are collected on land and house property.

The revenue and expenditure in 1926 were :

	Revenue.			Expenditure.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Suva municipal council... ..	43,752	0	10	36,845	11	2
Levuka municipal council... ..	3,678	13	5	3,493	19	8
Total... ..	£47,430	14	3	£40,339	10	10

Education.

The Public Education Ordinance, 1890, provided for the creation of school boards in constituted districts. Under this Ordinance school boards were created in Suva and Levuka, and in each of these towns a public school for children of European descent was established, the cost of education being borne by a school rate on the town and a Government grant based on the attendance.

The Education Ordinance, 1916, replacing the 1890 Ordinance aims at the establishment of an education system to meet the needs of the Colony as a whole and of the various races. A Board of Education has been created, of which the Governor is Chairman, and a Superintendent of Schools has been appointed. School Committees in education districts are appointed by the Governor. The Ordinance gives power to the Board to establish Government schools both secondary and primary, and to give assistance to denominational schools. Rules and Regulations for Government and assisted primary schools were made by the Board of Education in May, 1917. An Ordinance to make compulsory the Registration of Schools and Teachers was passed in 1918.

The public school for Europeans in Suva has been replaced by two grammar schools, one for boys and one for girls; and the Levuka Public School is now under Government control. The highest enrolment during 1926 at the Boys Grammar School, Suva, was 107; at the Girls Grammar School, Suva (where boys under 8 are taken), 150. The average roll in 1926 for the Levuka Public School was 162 (boys and girls).

The Queen Victoria Memorial School at Nasinu, near Suva, is intended to provide for the higher education of natives, and is maintained from public revenue. The number of boys on the roll during 1926 was 89.

Schools for the primary education of Fijians may be conducted by the Methodist and Roman Catholic Missions, by the Provincial Councils, or by Government. Six Provincial schools have been established at Lau, Taveuni, Lodonu, Kadavu, Nadi and Sawani, in charge of European headmasters. The Methodist Mission has 876 schools with an attendance of 15,437 pupils; the Roman Catholic Mission has 140 schools with 2,775 pupils.

There are 66 Government and assisted schools, 22 for Indians, 34 for Fijians, 3 receiving both Indians and Fijians, and 7 for Europeans, other races and half-castes. They have 5,610 pupils, of whom 1,661 are Indians, 3,284 are Fijians, and 665 are Europeans, other races and half-castes. They have 60 European, 90 Fijian, and 47 Indian teachers. There are village schools in the great majority of native villages. These are supervised by native teachers and instruction is given in the vernacular.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender currency, and the only coin in circulation, is British sterling.

The Bank of New South Wales has branches at Suva, Levuka, and Lautoka, and the Bank of New Zealand at the two former places. No return of coin in circulation is available.

Under Ordinance I., of 1907, a Government Savings Bank was opened during 1908. At the end of 1926, there were 5,197 depositors and

116,364. in deposits. Arrangements were made during 1914 for the issue of Government Currency Notes. At the end of 1926, the circulation of Government Currency Notes was 364,999.

Industries.

The trade and commerce of the Colony depends for its existence on three staple industries, viz., (1) the cultivation, manufacture, and export of sugar; and (2) of copra (the dried kernel of the coconut); and (3) the growth and export of fruit, principally bananas.

The principal exports at the date of the annexation of the Colony were copra, cotton (Sea Island), and maize, but the export of maize was soon displaced by that of sugar. Cotton continued to be the third export in point of value until the year 1882, after which it gradually subsided until the year 1888, when only 3½ tons were exported. The cotton industry is again receiving attention and 190,243 lbs. of cotton and 183½ tons of cotton seed were exported in 1926. Owing to the Commonwealth Government having imposed a prohibitive duty on imported bananas, the entire fruit trade of Fiji has been diverted to the New Zealand market.

The export of fruit consists almost entirely of bananas and pineapples and citrus fruits.

The following table will illustrate the course of the trade in the three staple exports of the Colony:—

Year.	SUGAR.		FRUIT.		COPRA.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	tons.	£		£	tons.	£
1875	96	3,417	—	97	3,471	40,058
1890	15,291	244,655	—	57,653	4,657	42,901
1900	32,961	393,987	—	28,112	15,605	151,701
1910	61,760	669,432	—	47,301	13,682	258,914
1920	72,985	2,092,990	—	96,182	14,666	508,830
1923	91,744	1,371,267	—	138,532	24,133	497,713
1926	56,991	808,195	Bunches.	£	27,868	573,475
			664,397	133,040		
			Fresh	£		
			cases	3,277		
				9,332		

The other principal exports in 1926 consisted of:—Molasses, 7,374½.; biscuits, 9,148½., 456,467 lbs.; rubber, 23,581½., 233,990 lbs.; trocas shell, 31,127½., 385 tons.

Considerable quantities of rice are grown and a Government rice mill has been established.

Dairying and rubber planting may now be regarded as established industries.

Many parts of the Colony seem admirably adapted for cattle and sheep raising.

A biscuit factory and an oil mill have been established in Suva.

The total trade of the Colony in 1926 was £3,221,372, made up as follows:—

With United Kingdom ..	£569,385
„ British Empire ..	1,961,811
„ Foreign Countries ..	686,355
Ships Stores and Bunkers ..	3,821

Means of Communication.

There is a direct quarterly cargo service with the United Kingdom by the New Zealand Shipping Company's Line of steamers.

There is regular steam communication with Australia and New Zealand, and a monthly service with Canada. Inter-island communication is maintained by regular steamer or cutter services.

Postage to the United Kingdom, India, the Australian States, New Zealand, and British Colonies is 2d. for 1 oz., 1d. for every additional oz. To other countries in the Postal Union 3d. per oz., every succeeding oz. 1½d.

Internal postal rates: letters, 2d. for 1 oz., 1d. for every additional oz.; newspapers, for every 4 oz., ½d. A Parcels Post with the United Kingdom was established in June, 1890. The rate of postage is 3 lbs. 2s. 9d., 7 lbs. 5s. 2d., and 11 lbs. 7s. 6d. There is also a parcels post with the Australian States, New Zealand, Canada, India, Ceylon and the United States of America. The rates of postage are as follows:—

Australia and New Zealand—

1 lb., 6d.; every additional lb. up to 11 lbs., 6d.

Canada—

1 lb., 6d.; „ „ „ „ 6d

India and Ceylon—

3 lbs. 2s. 5d.; 7 lbs. 4s. 7d.; 11 lbs. 7s. 1d.

United States of America—

1 lb., 6d.; every additional lb. up to 11 lbs. 6d.

The Colony entered the Postal Union on 1st September, 1891.

The Imperial Postal Order system has been adopted by this Colony.

Letters from England sent *via* San Francisco or Vancouver, reach Fiji in about 28 days.

There is a telephone from Suva to Lautoka, a distance of 125 miles, which is maintained by the Colonial Government, the Colonial Sugar Refining Company, and the Union Steamship Company jointly. There is a telegraph line between Suva and Levuka, a distance of 54 miles. A system of wireless telegraphy has been established in the Colony, and there are now stations at Suva in the island of Viti Levu, at Labasa and Savusavu in the island of Vanua Levu, and at Waiyavo, Taviuni. Telephone Exchanges have been established at Suva, Levuka, Nausori, Navua, and Taviuni.

There is no railway in the Colony. The Colonial Sugar Refining Co. own various tramlines connecting their estates, and these tramlines are in certain cases open to public use. A few good roads have been constructed on the larger islands, and more are in process of construction. Suva is connected by cable with Southport (Queensland) and Auckland, *via* Norfolk Island, and with Vancouver, *via* Fanning Island.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Shipping Entered and Cleared.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£			
1917	335,064	322,332	676,029	712,048	
1918	371,189	342,140	606,885	653,813	
1919	415,432	440,232	530,668	571,203	
1920	488,753	611,944	631,584	671,790	
1921	569,722	752,038	644,511	662,880	
1922	450,155	530,361	650,787	669,116	
1923	479,982	429,666	725,102	778,869	
1924	488,907	451,267	690,076	799,214	
1925	550,236	478,174	877,359	1,112,220	
1926	584,515	535,957	983,402	1,357,907	

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From British Possessions.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	125,598	762,865	104,406	+992,869
1918	118,104	867,012	161,391	1,146,507
1919	151,626	760,851	129,913	1,042,390
1920	240,757	1,212,800	219,564	1,673,121
1921	368,129	951,925	189,678	1,509,732
1922	219,920	625,609	100,534	**946,063
1923	279,971	610,853	98,236	***989,060
1924	269,231	675,401	121,962****	1,066,594
1925	332,080	770,595	168,460	1,271,135
1926	444,047	875,807	161,091	a1,480,945

† Exclusive of parcel post 18,539l.
 ‡ Exclusive of parcel post 19,860l.
 § Exclusive of parcel post 17,924l.
 ¶ Exclusive of parcel post 30,987l.
 || Inclusive of parcel post 28,104l.
 ** Inclusive of parcel post 26,382l.
 *** Inclusive of parcel post 21,752l.
 **** Inclusive of parcel post 25,916l.
 ¶ Inclusive of parcel post 26,656l.
 a Inclusive of parcel post 32,305l.

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To British Possessions.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	7,645	1,726,753	334,003	2,068,401
1918	2,805	1,186,810	466,450	1,656,065
1919	76,346	1,173,545	621,171	1,871,062
1920	23,765	2,314,794	557,889	2,896,448
1921	166,512	2,209,728	165,218	2,541,458
1922	140,096	1,393,474	254,322	1,787,892
1923	58,159	1,056,773	435,677	1,553,239
1924	21,239	968,311	529,384	1,508,934
1925	57,385	1,574,525	522,105	2,154,015
1926	125,338	1,086,004	529,085	1,740,427

The total revenue from Import Customs dues was 271,394l., and from Export Customs dues, 4,919l.

Governors.

1888, Feb.	Sir J. B. Thurston, K.C.M.G.
1897, Mar.	Sir G. T. M. O'Brien, K.C.M.G.
1902, Sept.	Sir Henry M. Jackson, K.C.M.G.
1904, June	Sir Everard im Thurn, K.C.M.G., C.B.
1911, Feb.	Sir Henry May, K.C.M.G.
1912, July	Sir Ernest Bickham Sweet Escott, K.C.M.G.
1918, Oct.	Sir Cecil Hunter Rodwell, K.C.M.G.
1926, April	Sir Eyre Hutson, K.C.M.G.

Executive Council.

The Governor.

The Colonial Secretary.

The Attorney-General.

The Colonial Treasurer.

The Chief Medical Officer.

The Secretary for Native Affairs.

Sir Maynard Hedstrom.

Sir H. M. Scott, Kt., K.C.

Clerk (vacant), C. H. Nott (acting).

Legislative Council.

The Governor.

Nominated Members:

A. W. Seymour, Colonial Secretary.

K. J. Muir Mackenzie, Attorney-General.

H. H. Rushton, Colonial Treasurer.

A. Montague, Chief Medical Officer.

I. McOwan, Secretary for Native Affairs.

C. A. Holmes, Commissioner of Lands.

G. J. L. Golding, Inspector General of Constabulary.

E. J. March, Comptroller of Customs.

J. D. Tothill, Superintendent Agriculture.

W. Wise, Commissioner of Works.

R. Boyd, Chairman, Native Lands Commission.

Badri Mahraj.

Elected Members:

Sir Maynard Hedstrom, Sir H. M. Scott, Kt., K.C.

K.C., H. Marks, C.B.E., A. Barker, P. W.

Faddy, H. Ragg, W. E. Willoughby-Tottenham.

Native Members:

Ratu Joni Mataitini, Ratu D. Toganivalu.

Clerk (vacant), C. H. Nott (acting).

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir Eyre Hutson, K.C.M.G., 3,000l. (in addition to 1,200l. as High Commissioner for the Western Pacific).

Private Secretary, Mrs. I. Luochinelli, 300l.

Aide-de-Camp, Capt. G. G. Symons, M.C., 300l.

Colonial Secretary's Department.

Colonial Secretary, A. W. Seymour, 1,200l.

Assistant Colonial Secretary (vacant), 700l.-800l.

Chief Clerk, C. W. T. Johnson, 500l.-600l.

1st Class Clerk and Clerk to Executive and Legislative Councils (vacant), 400l.-500l.

2nd Class Clerk, Miss W. Forster, 270l.-400l.

3rd Class Clerks, Miss I. Milne, A. G. Reay, 150l.-270l.

Stenographer, Miss I. M. Smith, 270l.-400l.

Stenographer, Miss E. Martin, 150l.-270l.

Cadets, J. R. Stevenson, G. A. Peck, C. H. Nott, 350l.

Native Section.

Secretary, Native Affairs, I. McOwan, 1,000l.

Assistant, Secretary for Native Affairs, A. L.

Armstrong, 500l.-600l.

1st Class Clerk, A. W. Small, 400l.-500l.

Indian Section.

Secretary for Indian Affairs, J. R. Pearson, 1,000l.

2nd Class Clerk, W. M. Caldwell, 270l.-400l.

Native Lands Commission.

Chairman, R. Boyd, 600l.-700l. and personal allowance 100l.

Chief Assistant Native Lands Commission, Ratu

J. L. V. Sukuna, 400l.-500l., and duty allowance of 50l.

Assistants to Native Lands Commission, Ratu S. Komaisavai, Ratu J. Mataitini, Ratu W. Gucake, 200*l.*-250*l.*
3rd Class Clerks, S. M. Koto, E. D. Ravula, 150*l.*-270*l.*

District Administration.

District Commissioners, J. Stuart, H. C. Monckton, 600*l.*-700*l.*; E. L. Baker, A. A. Wright, C. E. Pennefather, A. J. Armstrong, M. T. Maxwell, W. Burrows, H. E. Disbrowe, R. N. Caldwell, 500*l.*-600*l.*; A. E. S. Howard, J. E. Windrum, W. D. Carew, 400*l.*-500*l.* and quarters.

6 Roko Tui, or Native Administrators of Provinces, with salaries varying from 200*l.*-300*l.*

There are also 186 Bulis, or Native Administrators of Districts, and a number of other officers with small salaries.

Treasury.

Colonial Treasurer, H. H. Rushton, 1,200*l.*
Deputy Treasurer, and Commissioner of Inland Revenue and Stamps, H. W. Harcourt, 700*l.*-800*l.*
Assistant to Commissioner of Inland Revenue, K. M. Almao, 400*l.*
1st Class Clerks, D. Lees, R. R. Higgins, D. Bannatyne, 400*l.*-500*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, Mrs. A. Bannatyne, 270*l.*-400*l.*
3rd Class Clerks, H. A. N. Keith, J. Talemaicolo, Miss K. Nicholson, 150*l.*-270*l.*

Customs Department.

Comptroller of Customs and President, Fiji Marine Board, E. J. March, 700*l.*-800*l.*
Collector of Customs, Levuka, J. M. Wilson, 500*l.*-600*l.* and house allowance 50*l.*
Collector of Customs, Lautoka, A. Walker, 450*l.*-550*l.*, and quarters.
Chief Clerk and Secretary, Fiji Marine Board, W. W. Savage, 400*l.*-500*l.*, and allowance in lieu of overtime 60*l.*
Comparing Officer, H. J. S. Allen, 400*l.*-500*l.*
2nd Class Clerks, R. E. Bach and H. I. Horton, 300*l.*-400*l.* and overtime fees.
3rd Class Clerks, I. B. Hooker, A. E. W. Thomas and V. R. Cleary, 150*l.*-270*l.*
Chief Landing Waiter, H. D. Walcott, 350*l.*-450*l.* and allowance in lieu of overtime 60*l.*
Senior Customs Officers, R. H. Phillips, F. Reay, A. W. James, R. Humble, A. M. Benjamin, A. P. Michel, T. Marchington, C. E. Leembruggen, T. W. Davis, L. J. Christoffersen and G. G. Lennox, 200*l.*-300*l.*, and overtime fees.
Junior Customs Officers, G. Stephen, B. P. Nicholson, K. Kennedy, and R. C. Freeman, 150*l.*-200*l.* and overtime fees.
Harbour Master, Suva, E. W. G. Twentyman, 400*l.*-500*l.*, and *Marine Board Surveyor*, 30*l.*
Harbour Master, Levuka, E. F. Wallack, 350*l.*-450*l.*, and *Marine Board Surveyor*, 30*l.*

Audit Department.

Auditor, R. H. Carter, 700*l.*-800*l.*; receives 100*l.* from Western Pacific High Commission Funds.
Assistant Auditors, L. H. Pope, T. J. Davis, 500*l.*-600*l.*
1st Class Clerk, R. B. Aokland, 400*l.*-500*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, W. E. Donovan, 270*l.*-400*l.*
3rd Class Clerk, Miss R. Davis, 150*l.*-270*l.*

Lands Department.

Commissioner of Lands (also Crown Surveyor, Conservator of Forests and Chairman Mining Board), Charles A. Holmes, 700*l.*-800*l.*
Assistant Commissioner of Lands (also Assistant Crown Surveyor), F. K. Charlton, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
2nd Class Clerk (also Secretary Mining Board), Nelson Graburn, 270*l.*-400*l.*
Surveyors, Ernest V. Leembruggen, Clarence A. Leembruggen, T. W. Wignall, R. V. Cole, 400*l.*-500*l.*
Native Tribal Boundary Surveyors, Eugene L. Leembruggen, R. V. Saunders, P. T. Cahill, R. A. Tomb, E. T. Walton, A. M. Darling, C. L. Langdale, 300*l.*-400*l.*; A. J. Carew, 75*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, A. S. Martin, 270*l.*-400*l.*
3rd Class Clerk, Mrs. G. M. Taylor, 150*l.*-270*l.*
Chief Draughtsman, E. W. G. Simm, 350*l.*-450*l.*
Draughtsman, 1st Grade, H. C. Fryer, 300*l.*-350*l.*
Draughtswomen, 2nd Grade, Miss Zena Rennie and Mrs. D. Stafford, 200*l.*-300*l.*

Judicial and Legal Department.

Chief Justice and Judicial Commissioner for the Western Pacific, Sir A. K. Young, 1,250*l.*
Attorney-General, P. A. McElwaine, 1,000*l.*-1,100*l.*, also 50*l.* duty allowance for Western Pacific High Commission.
2nd Class Clerk, C. S. de C. Reay, 270*l.*-400*l.*
Chief Police Magistrate and Registrar-General, R. C. G. D. Higginson, 600*l.*-700*l.*
Titles Clerk, D. R. McDonald 400*l.*-500*l.*
Draughtsman and Clerk, E. J. Pollard, 300*l.*-350*l.*
Registrar of Supreme Court, etc., J. S. Neill, 600*l.*-700*l.*
Deputy Registrar and Accountant, B. St. J. Fisher, 450*l.*-550*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, S. S. Chowla, 270*l.*-400*l.*

Constabulary.

Inspector-General of Constabulary, Colonel G. J. L. Golding, 500-600*l.* with quarters (is also Sheriff).
Deputy Inspector General, E. A. Barnett, 400*l.*-500*l.* with quarters.
District Inspectors, G. Kermode, J. Judd, J. L. Macleod, I. Lucchinelli, G. A. Wright, 400*l.*-500*l.*
Sub-Inspectors, M. Macleod, A. J. Chichester, 300*l.*-400*l.*
Pay and Quartermaster, C. W. Tucker, 250*l.*-350*l.*
Head Constables, J. Anning, H. W. Thomas, W. J. G. Holland, J. C. Munday, 250*l.*-300*l.*

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, N. B. Casey, 400*l.*-500*l.* and quarters.
Gaoler, Suva Gaol, P. Lamb, 330*l.*-400*l.* and quarters.
Overseer, Suva Gaol, W. P. Marr, 270*l.*-330*l.* and quarters.
Overseer, Suva Gaol, F. S. Baker, 200*l.*-270*l.* and quarters.

Medical Department.

Chief Medical Officer, A. Montague, 1,000*l.*-1,150*l.*, with quarters.
Medical Superintendent, Colonial Hospital, P. T. Harper, 1,000*l.* with quarters and horse allowance. Is also Officer in charge of Medical School.

Medical Officer of Health and Port Officer, C. H. B. Thompson, 775/-900/.

District Medical Officers, A. W. Campbell, W. M. Ramsay, J. W. Hunt, V. W. T. McGusty, A. R. Macdurkin, A. J. Borg, H. S. Evans, W. K. Carew, Thomas Clunie, Ian Robertson, F. E. Montague, 500/-725/. and quarters, with private practice.

Indian Sub-Asst. Surgeon, C. M. Gopalan, 250/-350/., and free partly furnished quarters.

Pharmacist, Analyst, and Medical Storekeeper, R. E. Wright, 350/-450/.

2nd Class Clerk, H. A. Walker, 270/-400/.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Ankylostomiasis Officer, C. Kendrick, 400/-450/.

Sanitary Inspector, Central Board of Health, J. Probert, 330/, and horse allowance.

Meat Inspector, C. B. H., H. E. Ellis, 225/.

Colonial War Memorial Hospital, Suva.

Medical Superintendent,

Matron, Miss H. Pankhurst, 250/-350/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Assistant Matron, Miss E. Lee, 160/. with quarters, board and uniform.

Staff Nurse, Miss R. M. MacKinnon, 140/.

Graduate Nurses, Miss M. W. Sanders, Miss V. Fredericks, Miss A. Rennison, 120/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Steward and Clerk, C. A. Brabant, 250/-350/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Housekeeper, Mrs. A. E. Wright, 120/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Levuka Branch Hospital.

Medical Superintendent, The District Medical Officer, Levuka.

Nurse, Miss I. W. Bucknell, 140/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Lepet Asylum.

Medical Superintendent, Dr. E. A. Neff, 700/-950/., with furnished quarters.

Lay Superintendent, J. S. Macnair, 300/-450/., with furnished quarters.

Launch Driver and Assistant Mechanic, J. Bryson, 200/-275/., with furnished quarters.

Public Lunatic Asylum.

Superintendent, The Chief Medical Officer.

Head Attendant, G. B. Anderson, 200/-350/., with quarters.

Female Resident Attendant, A. A. Baker, 140/-175/. with quarters and uniform.

Lautoka Branch Hospital.

Sister in Charge, Miss J. Sinclair, 160/. with quarters, board and uniform.

Graduate Nurse, Miss O. A. Collett, 120/. with quarters, board and uniform.

Education Department.

Director of Education (vacant), 1,000/.

Assistant Director of Education, D. W. Hoodless, B.Sc., 700/-800/.

Third Class Clerk, Miss M. Forster, 270/-400/.

Headmaster, Lau Provincial School, C. J. Haskoll, 425/-450/. and quarters.

Headmaster, Boys' Grammar School, Suva, D. T. McCormick, 415/.

Secondary Assistant Master, B.G.S., J. L. Thomas, M.A., 350/.

Assistant Master, B.G.S., B. W. Taylor, 300/.

Assistant Mistress, B.G.S., Miss G. E. Atherton, 310/.

Headmistress, Girls' Grammar School, Suva, Miss K. P. Wills, B.A., 385/.

Assistant Mistresses, Girls' Grammar School, Miss E. M. Mason, 265/.; Miss G. Banks, 260/.; Miss M. Banks, 215/.; Miss M. L. Brown, B.A., 225/.; Miss M. M. Westwood, 245/.

Headmaster, Levuka Public School, W. O'Connor, 415/.

Assistant Master, Levuka Public School, A. G. Reece, 320/.

Assistant Mistresses, Levuka Public School, Mrs. E. Hamilton, 290/.; Miss E. McKinnon, 215/.; Miss E. Kelly, 225/.; Mrs. L. Bailey, 200/.

Headmaster, Queen Victoria Memorial School, A. H. Phillips, B.Sc., 550/. and quarters.

Assistant Masters, P. E. Warner, 450/. and quarters; Thomas Mason, B.Sc. (Agric.), 300/-400/. and quarters.

Native Master, Opetala Dreketirua, 150/. and quarters.

Headmaster, Northern Provincial School, J. Russell, 550/.

Headmaster, Provincial School Eastern, David Saunders, 425/-450/.

Headmaster, Kadavu Provincial School, Stanley H. Thomas, 450/.

Headmaster, Western Provincial School, J. G. Brown, 450/.

Headmaster, Southern Provincial School, A. A. Thomson, 450/.

Headmaster, Natabua Indian School, S. Dildar Ali Shah, 250/.

Headmistress, Rarawai Government School, Miss M. Ogden, 200/.

Post and Telegraph Department.

Colonial Postmaster and Superintendent of Telegraphs, J. McDonald, 700/-800/.

Accountant, A. Gray, 500/-600/.

Postal Superintendent, W. Hayward, 400/-500/.

Assistant Accountant, K. W. A. Black, 350/-450/.

Senior Postal Clerks and Telegraphists, M. B. Collins, D. F. McCaig, C. O. Taylor, M. J. Benjamin, 270/-400/.

2nd Class Clerk, A. E. Fuller, 270/-400/.

Junior Postal Clerks and Telegraphists, M. Gray, R. J. Christoffersen, L. H. Osborn, H. Edmunds, F. C. Beddoes, D. E. French, S. M. Waddingham, 150/-270/.

Postmaster, Levuka, S. Yeates, 270/-400/. and 50/, in lieu of quarters.

Postmaster, Lautoka, E. W. Mathews, 270/-400/. and quarters.

Postmaster, Ba, A. E. Beddoes, 270/-400/. and quarters.

Telephone Inspector, A. Alcock, 400/-500/.

Mechanic, G. P. Nelligan, 300/-400/.

Faultman, F. Burrows, 250/-350/.

Engineer Operator in Charge, Suva Radio, B. C. Farquhar, 350/-450/., 50/. overtime and 25/. transport allowance and quarters partly furnished.

Senior Wireless Officers, W. Kearsley, H. Boffey, A. O. Barrack, 330/-430/. and quarters partly furnished.

Junior Wireless Officers, L. M. Browne, W. J. Ragg, H. W. Halstead, F. H. Rostier, 250/-330/. and quarters partly furnished.

Department of Agriculture.

Superintendent of Agriculture, J. D. Tothill, D.Sc., 1,000l.; receives also 200l. personal allowance as *Director of Entomology*.
Inspector of Produce, E. S. Gordon, 400l.
Government Entomologist, H. W. Simmonds, F.E.S., 600l.-700l.
Government Chemist, C. L. Southall, B.Sc., A.I.C., 550l.-750l.
Government Mycologist, J. G. C. Campbell, B.Sc., 550l.-750l.
Veterinary Surgeons, C. R. Turbet, B.V.Sc., 600l.; W. A. Carr Fraser, B.V.Sc., 500l.-600l.; W. G. Bennett, B.V.Sc., 500l.-600l.
Clerk, First Class, A. B. Ackland, 400l.-500l.
2nd Class Clerk, M. A. Forsyth, 270l.-400l.
Temporary Clerk, 3rd Class, Miss G. Riemen-schneider, 150l.-270l.
Inspectors of Plantations, G. H. V. Saunders, C. T. McNamara, J. White, 270l.-400l.; E. Whittenbury, 200l.
Manager, Rice Mill, J. P. Tarby, 500l.

Printing Office.

Government Printer, S. Bach, 500l.-600l.
Foreman Compositor, J. J. McHugh, 300l.-400l.
Compositors, V. F. Lobendahn, J. W. Dewhirst, L. L. Ryland, G. W. Cockburn, D. T. Sale, 250l.-300l.; Dwarka Singh, 200l.-250l.
Bookbinder, R. Campbell, 250l.-300l.
Machinist, L. Cox, 250l.-300l.
3rd Class Clerk, L. L. Hulek, 150l.-270l.

Stores Department.

Government Storekeeper, E. I. March (also *Comptroller of Customs*).
1st Class Clerk, F. W. J. Plucknett, 400l.-500l.
2nd Class Clerk, H. J. Hulek, 270l.-400l.
3rd Class Clerk, L. B. Benjamin, 150l.-270l.

Transport Department.

Master, H.M.C.S. "Pioneer", J. P. Mullins, 504l.
1st Engineer Officer, O. B. Corbett, 420l.
Temporary Chief Officer, J. R. Neville, 300l.
2nd Engineer, L. S. Whysall, 360l.
3rd Engineer, D. T. Bentley, 275l.

Works Department.

Commissioner of Works, W. Wise, B.Sc., Hons. (Lond.), A.M.Inst.C.E., A.C.G.I., M.Inst. M. & Cy.E., 900l.-1,000l.
Assistant Commissioner of Works, 750l.-800l. (vacant), V. Kenniff (acting).
District Engineers, V. Kenniff, B.E. Hons. (Syd.), A.M.I.E. (Aust.), A.M.Inst. C.E., M.Inst. M. & Cy. E., H. E. Smythe, B.E. Hons. (Syd.), A.M.I.E. (Aust.), C. M. Teulon, Assoc.M.Inst. M. & Cy.E. (temporary), 600l.-750l.
Mechanical Engineer, A. A. Ragg, 600l.-750l.
Assistant Mechanical Engineer, H. Sabben, 450l.-550l.
Architect, O. C. Ludolph, 600l.-750l.
Draughtsman, S. Brown (temporary), 400l.-450l.
Junior Draughtsman, H. A. Ragg, 150l.-200l.
Junior Engineer, B. W. B. Cooper, B.E. (temporary), 450l.-550l.
Engineering Assistant, C. J. Thompson, 400l.-500l.
Foremen of Works, E. W. W. Harnes, F. Midson, 350l.-450l.; H. F. Tripp, 75l.; J. Macnair, 50l.
Overseers, W. T. C. Edwards, 300l.-400l.
Inspector of Water Supply, A. le B. F. Struthers, 300l.-350l.

1st Class Clerk, C. W. R. Hooker, 400l.-500l.

2nd Class Clerk, W. de B. Tate, 270l.-400l.

3rd Class Clerks, D. P. Cantlon, Miss E. Rostier, H. R. Caten, Miss L. Reay, Jughan Singh, G. Brown, 150l.-270l.

Fiji Defence Force.

Commandant, Colonel G. J. L. Golding (also *Inspector-General of Constabulary*).
Adjutant, Capt. A. H. Stafford, 300l., 50l. house allowance.
Bandmaster, Lieut. A. W. Caten, 300l.
Drill and Musketry Instructor, Sergt.-Major F. Stanley, 150l.-350l.

Foreign Consuls.

Italy, H. M. Scott, Suva.
Sweden, Sir Maynard Hedstrom, Suva.
France, Capt. C. B. Joske, M.C.
Norway, Capt. C. B. Joske, M.C.

Ecclesiastical.

Church of England, Right Rev. L. S. Kempthorne, Bishop in Polynesia; Rev. W. J. Hands (Suva), Rev. G. A. Forrest-Sale (Levuka), Rev. H. A. Flavell (Labasa), Rev. A. Stackhouse (Lautoka).
Roman Catholic, Monseigneur Bishop C. J. Nicolas, S.M., Vicar Apostolic.
Presbyterian, Rev. J. Jackson.
Wesleyan Methodist, Rev. McDonald, Chairman.

THE GAMBIA.

Situation and Area.

The Gambia is a great river of Western Africa, falling into the Atlantic Ocean by a large estuary measuring in some parts nearly 27 miles across, but contracting to 10 miles between Bird Island bank and Cape St. Mary, and to little more than two between Barra Point and the town of Bathurst on St. Mary's Island. There are 26 feet of water at the entrance of the river at low tide, and ocean-going steamers drawing no more than 13 feet can at present proceed without trouble to MacCarthy Island. There is no bar to the Gambia River. The seat of Government is Bathurst, 13° 27' N. lat., 16° 34' W. long., situated on St. Mary's Island, a sandbank about three and a half miles long and a mile and a quarter broad, separated from the mainland by a narrow channel called Oyster Creek. A large portion of the island is a swamp, the level of which is in many parts below that of the river.

The Colony on the river Gambia consists of the Island of St. Mary, British Kombo, Albreda, the Ceded Mile, the territories of Brefet and Bajana, and MacCarthy Island, situated between the Falls of Barraconda and Bathurst, and 158 miles distant from the latter. This island forms the line of demarcation between those portions of the river known as the Upper and Lower River. The total area of the Colony proper is about 69 square miles (equal to Jersey and Guernsey). The Protectorate extends on both banks of the river for 250 miles from its mouth. But by an ordinance No. 7 of 1902 (repealed and replaced by Ordinance No. 30 of 1913) all parts of the Colony, except the Island of St. Mary's, were placed under the Protectorate system of

Medical Officer of Health and Port Officer, C. H. B. Thompson, 775/-900/.

District Medical Officers, A. W. Campbell, W. M. Ramsay, J. W. Hunt, V. W. T. McGusty, A. R. MacLurkin, A. J. Borg, H. S. Evans, W. K. Carew, Thomas Clunie, Ian Robertson, F. E. Montague, 500/-725/ and quarters, with private practice.

Indian Sub-Asst. Surgeon, C. M. Gopalan, 250/-350/., and free partly furnished quarters.

Pharmacist, Analyst, and Medical Storekeeper, R. E. Wright, 350/-450/.

2nd Class Clerk, H. A. Walker, 270/-400/.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Ankylostomiasis Officer, C. Kendrick, 400/-450/.

Sanitary Inspector, Central Board of Health, J. Probert, 330/., and horse allowance.

Meat Inspector, C.B.H., H. E. Ellis, 225/.

Colonial War Memorial Hospital, Suva.

Medical Superintendent,

Matron, Miss H. Pankhurst, 250/-350/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Assistant Matron, Miss E. Lee, 160/ with quarters, board and uniform.

Staff Nurse, Miss R. M. MacKinnon, 140/.

Graduate Nurses, Miss M. W. Sanders, Miss V. Fredericks, Miss A. Rennison, 120/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Steward and Clerk, C. A. Brabant, 250/-350/ with quarters, board and uniform.

Housekeeper, Mrs. A. E. Wright, 120/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Levuka Branch Hospital.

Medical Superintendent, The District Medical Officer, Levuka.

Nurse, Miss I. W. Bucknell, 140/., with quarters, board and uniform.

Leper Asylum.

Medical Superintendent, Dr. E. A. Neff, 700/-950/., with furnished quarters.

Lay Superintendent, J. S. Macnair, 300/-450/., with furnished quarters.

Launch Driver and Assistant Mechanic, J. Bryson, 200/-275/., with furnished quarters.

Public Lunatic Asylum.

Superintendent, The Chief Medical Officer.

Head Attendant, G. R. Anderson, 200/-350/., with quarters.

Female Resident Attendant, A. A. Baker, 140/-175/ with quarters and uniform.

Lautoka Branch Hospital.

Sister in Charge, Miss J. Sinclair, 160/ with quarters, board and uniform.

Graduate Nurse, Miss O. A. Collett, 120/ with quarters, board and uniform.

Education Department.

Director of Education (vacant), 1,000/.

Assistant Director of Education, D. W. Hoodless, B.Sc., 700/-800/.

Third Class Clerk, Miss M. Forster, 270/-400/.

Headmaster, Lau Provincial School, C. J. Haskoll, 425/-450/ and quarters.

Headmaster, Boys' Grammar School, Suva, D. T. McCormick, 415/.

Secondary Assistant Master, B.G.S., J. L. Thomas, M.A., 350/.

Assistant Master, B.G.S., B. W. Taylor, 300/.

Assistant Mistress, B.G.S., Miss G. E. Atherton, 310/.

Headmistress, Girls' Grammar School, Suva, Miss K. P. Wills, B.A., 380/.

Assistant Mistresses, Girls' Grammar School, Miss E. M. Mason, 265/; Miss G. Banks, 260/; Miss M. Banks, 215/; Miss M. L. Brown, B.A., 225/; Miss M. M. Westwood, 245/.

Headmaster, Levuka Public School, W. O'Connor, 415/.

Assistant Master, Levuka Public School, A. G. Reece, 320/.

Assistant Mistresses, Levuka Public School, Mrs. E. Hamilton, 290/; Miss E. McKinnon, 215/; Miss E. Kelly, 225/; Mrs. L. Bailey, 200/.

Headmaster, Queen Victoria Memorial School, A. H. Phillips, B.Sc., 550/ and quarters.

Assistant Masters, P. E. Warner, 450/ and quarters; Thomas Mason, B.Sc. (Agric.), 300/-400/ and quarters.

Native Master, Opetaia Dreketirua, 150/ and quarters.

Headmaster, Northern Provincial School, J. Russell, 550/.

Headmaster, Provincial School Eastern, David Saunders, 425/-450/.

Headmaster, Kadavu Provincial School, Stanley H. Thomas, 450/.

Headmaster, Western Provincial School, J. G. Brown, 450/.

Headmaster, Southern Provincial School, A. A. Thomson, 450/.

Headmaster, Natabua Indian School, S. Dildar Ali Shah, 250/.

Headmistress, Rawawai Government School, Miss M. Ogden, 200/.

Post and Telegraph Department.

Colonial Postmaster and Superintendent of Telegraphs, J. McDonald, 700/-800/.

Accountant, A. Gray, 500/-600/.

Postal Superintendent, W. Hayward, 400/-500/.

Assistant Accountant, K. W. A. Black, 350/-450/.

Senior Postal Clerks and Telegraphists, M. B. Collins, D. F. McCaig, C. O. Taylor, M. J. Benjamin, 270/-400/.

2nd Class Clerk, A. E. Fuller, 270/-400/.

Junior Postal Clerks and Telegraphists, M. Gray, R. J. Christoffersen, L. H. Osborn, H. Edmunds, F. C. Beddows, D. E. French, S. M. Waddingham, 150/-270/.

Postmaster, Levuka, S. Yeates, 270/-400/ and 50/ in lieu of quarters.

Postmaster, Lautoka, E. W. Mathews, 270/-400/ and quarters.

Postmaster, Ba, A. E. Beddows, 270/-400/ and quarters.

Telephone Inspector, A. Alcock, 400/-500/.

Mechanic, G. P. Nelligan, 300/-400/.

Faultman, F. Burrows, 250/-350/.

Engineer Operator in Charge, Suva Radio, R. C. Farquhar, 350/-450/., 50/ overtime and 25/ transport allowance and quarters partly furnished.

Senior Wireless Officers, W. Kearsley, H. Roffey, A. O. Barrack, 330/-430/ and quarters partly furnished.

Junior Wireless Officers, L. M. Browne, W. J. Ragg, H. W. Halstead, F. H. Rostler, 230/-330/ and quarters partly furnished.

Department of Agriculture.

Superintendent of Agriculture, J. D. Tothill, D.Sc., 1,000*l.*; receives also 200*l.* personal allowance as *Director of Entomology*.
Inspector of Produce, E. S. Gordon, 400*l.*
Government Entomologist, H. W. Simmonds, F.E.S., 600*l.*-700*l.*
Government Chemist, C. L. Southall, B.Sc., A.I.C., 550*l.*-750*l.*
Government Mycologist, J. G. C. Campbell, B.Sc., 550*l.*-750*l.*
Veterinary Surgeons, C. R. Turbet, B.V.Sc., 600*l.*; W. A. Carr Fraser, B.V.Sc., 500*l.*-600*l.*; W. G. Bennett, B.V.Sc., 500*l.*-600*l.*
Clerk, First Class, A. B. Auckland, 400*l.*-500*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, M. A. Forsyth, 270*l.*-400*l.*
Temporary Clerk, 3rd Class, Miss G. Riemen-schneider, 150*l.*-270*l.*
Inspectors of Plantations, G. H. V. Saunders, C. T. McNamara, J. White, 270*l.*-400*l.*; E. Whittenbury, 200*l.*
Manager, Rice Mill, J. P. Tarby, 500*l.*

Printing Office.

Government Printer, S. Bach, 500*l.*-600*l.*
Foreman Compositor, J. J. McHugh, 300*l.*-400*l.*
Compositors, V. F. Lobendahn, J. W. Dewhirst, L. L. Ryland, G. W. Cockburn, D. T. Sale, 250*l.*-300*l.*; Dwarka Singh, 200*l.*-250*l.*
Bookbinder, R. Campbell, 250*l.*-300*l.*
Machinist, L. Cox, 250*l.*-300*l.*
3rd Class Clerk, L. L. Hulek, 150*l.*-270*l.*

Stores Department.

Government Storekeeper, E. I. March (also *Comptroller of Customs*).
1st Class Clerk, F. W. J. Plucknett, 400*l.*-500*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, H. J. Hulek, 270*l.*-400*l.*
3rd Class Clerk, L. B. Benjamin, 150*l.*-270*l.*

Transport Department.

Master, H.M.C.S. "Pioneer", J. P. Mullins, 504*l.*
1st Engineer Officer, O. B. Corbett, 420*l.*
Temporary Chief Officer, J. R. Neville, 300*l.*
2nd Engineer, L. S. Whyall, 360*l.*
3rd Engineer, D. T. Bentley, 275*l.*

Works Department.

Commissioner of Works, W. Wise, B.Sc., Hons. (Lond.), A.M.Inst.C.E., A.C.G.I., M.Inst. M. & Cy.E., 900*l.*-1,000*l.*
Assistant Commissioner of Works, 750*l.*-800*l.* (vacant), V. Kenniff (acting).
District Engineers, V. Kenniff, B.E. Hons. (Syd.), A.M.I.E. (Aust.), A.M.Inst. C.E., M.Inst. M. & Cy. E., H. E. Smythe, B.E. Hons. (Syd.), A.M.I.E. (Aust.), C. M. Teulon, Assoc.M.Inst. M. & Cy.E. (temporary), 600*l.*-750*l.*
Mechanical Engineer, A. A. Ragg, 600*l.*-750*l.*
Assistant Mechanical Engineer, H. Sabben, 450*l.*-550*l.*
Architect, O. C. Ludolph, 600*l.*-750*l.*
Draughtsman, S. Brown (temporary), 400*l.*-450*l.*
Junior Draughtsman, H. A. Ragg, 150*l.*-200*l.*
Junior Engineer, B. W. B. Cooper, B.E. (temporary), 450*l.*-550*l.*
Engineering Assistant, C. J. Thompson, 400*l.*-500*l.*
Foremen of Works, E. W. W. Harnes, F. Midson, 350*l.*-450*l.*; H. F. Tripp, 75*l.*; J. Macnair, 50*l.*
Overseers, W. T. C. Edwards, 300*l.*-400*l.*
Inspector of Water Supply, A. le B. F. Struthers, 300*l.*-350*l.*

1st Class Clerk, C. W. R. Hooker, 400*l.*-500*l.*

2nd Class Clerk, W. de B. Tate, 270*l.*-400*l.*

3rd Class Clerks, D. P. Cantlon, Miss E. Rostier, H. R. Caten, Miss L. Reay, Jughan Singh, G. Brown, 150*l.*-270*l.*

Fiji Defence Force.

Commandant, Colonel G. J. L. Golding (also *Inspector-General of Constabulary*).
Adjutant, Capt. A. H. Stafford, 300*l.*, 50*l.* house allowance.
Bandmaster, Lieut. A. W. Caten, 300*l.*
Drill and Musketry Instructor, Sergt.-Major F. Stanley, 250*l.*-350*l.*

Foreign Consuls.

Italy, H. M. Scott, Suva.
Sweden, Sir Maynard Hedstrom, Suva.
France, Capt. C. B. Joske, M.C.
Norway, Capt. C. B. Joske, M.C.

Ecclesiastical.

Church of England, Right Rev. L. S. Kemp-thorne, Bishop in Polynesia; Rev. W. J. Hands (Suva), Rev. G. A. Forrest-Sale (Levuka), Rev. H. A. Flavell (Labasa), Rev. A. Stack-house (Lautoka).
Roman Catholic, Monseigneur Bishop C. J. Nicolas, S.M., Vicar Apostolic.
Presbyterian, Rev. J. Jackson.
Wesleyan Methodist, Rev. McDonald, Chairman.

THE GAMBIA.

Situation and Area.

The Gambia is a great river of Western Africa, falling into the Atlantic Ocean by a large estuary measuring in some parts nearly 27 miles across, but contracting to 10 miles between Bird Island bank and Cape St. Mary, and to little more than two between Barra Point and the town of Bathurst on St. Mary's Island. There are 26 feet of water at the entrance of the river at low tide, and ocean-going steamers drawing no more than 13 feet can at present proceed without trouble to MacCarthy Island. There is no bar to the Gambia River. The seat of Government is Bathurst, 13° 27' N. lat., 16° 34' W. long., situated on St. Mary's Island, a sandbank about three and a half miles long and a mile and a quarter broad, separated from the mainland by a narrow channel called Oyster Creek. A large portion of the island is a swamp, the level of which is in many parts below that of the river.

The Colony on the river Gambia consists of the Island of St. Mary, British Kombo, Albreda, the Ceded Mile, the territories of Brefet and Bajana, and MacCarthy Island, situated between the Falls of Barraconda and Bathurst, and 158 miles distant from the latter. This island forms the line of demarcation between those portions of the river known as the Upper and Lower River. The total area of the Colony proper is about 69 square miles (equal to Jersey and Guernsey). The Protectorate extends on both banks of the river for 250 miles from its mouth. But by an ordinance No. 7 of 1902 (repealed and replaced by Ordinance No. 30 of 1913) all parts of the Colony, except the Island of St. Mary's, were placed under the Protectorate system of

administration. The Island of St. Mary's has an area of about 2,500 acres, the greater part of which is swampy, and a population of 9,227. The territory administered as Protectorate is 4,069 sq. miles, and has an estimated population of 211,223. A survey of the boundaries dividing the Gambia from Senegal was completed by the Anglo-French Boundary Commission in 1905.

History.

The Gambia was discovered by the early Portuguese navigators, but they made no settlement.

In 1588 a patent was granted by Queen Elizabeth to some merchants in London and Exeter to trade with the Gambia. This Company did not prosper. Its voyages were not slave trading ventures but were made for legitimate commerce. In 1618 King James I. of England granted a charter to Sir Robert Rich and other London merchants. Their enterprise was entitled "The Company of Adventurers of London trading in Africa," and Fort James was built by them on a small island 17 miles above the island of Banjola (now St. Mary's).

About the year 1631 another British chartered company was formed, King Charles I. having granted a charter to Sir B. Young, Sir R. Digby and others. This venture was responsible for supplying British settlements in the West Indies with slaves for working on the estates.

In 1662 King Charles II. granted a charter to a third company, known as the "Royal Adventurers of England trading in Africa." A few years later this company exhausted its capital and surrendered its charter. In 1672 a fourth company was incorporated under the name of the "Royal African Company," and it was not until 1752, after having in its early days reached the highest point of commercial prosperity which had been touched by England in Africa, that it was superseded by the "Company of Merchants." The right of trade was abandoned to England by France under the treaty of Versailles, 1763, which guaranteed to the English their possession of Fort James and of the River Gambia, with the exception of a French factory established at Albreda on the north bank of the river. The same treaty gave the Senegal river to the French, with the exception of an exclusive right to trade with the Arabs at Portendic for gum, which was retained by England. The year 1807 saw the abolition of the slave trade, and though the "Company of Merchants" lingered on with an annual subsidy, the general commerce between Great Britain and Gambia fell off till 1816, in which year a new settlement was formed on the island of Banjola by the English merchants, who resided at Gorée and in Senegal until those places were given up to the French by the Treaty of Paris (1814). The island was re-named "St. Mary's," and the town which was laid out took its name from Lord Bathurst, Secretary of State at that time. The streets to be inhabited first were named after Lord Wellington and his generals at Waterloo.

The settlement was subject to the Government of Sierra Leone, and was annexed to it by Act of Parliament in 1821. From 1816 to 1822 a Military Commandant, aided by a Board of Merchants, called the "Settlement court," administered the government. From 1822 to 1829 the Commandant governed alone.

In December, 1829, the Secretary of State appointed Lieut.-Colonel Alex. Findlay, R.A.C. Corps, as Lieutenant-Governor (the first) "of the settlement of Bathurst and its dependencies in the Gambia." The laws of Sierra Leone remained in force, but the Lieutenant-Governor was not accountable to the officer administering the government there.

The Gambia, in the year 1843, was created an independent Colony, with a Governor and Executive and Legislative Councils for the administration of its affairs. Captain H. P. Seagram, R.N., was the first Governor of the Colony.

By the charter of 19th February, 1866, it became a portion of the Government of the West African Settlements, and continued to be so under the charter of the 19th December, 1874, until it was made a separate Government in 1888.

MacCarthy Island was purchased in 1823, and named after Maj.-General Sir Charles MacCarthy, K.C.B., Governor-in-Chief of the British West African possessions; the ceded mile was granted by the King of Barra in 1826; and British Kombo was granted by the King of Kombo in various sessions in 1840, 1850, and 1855.

In 1897 the countries of Foni and Jarra, on the south bank of the river, came under British protection.

Foreign Kombo was annexed by the British Government and is now divided into North, South and Central Kombo.

The Protectorate system of administration has been established since 1894, and extended from time to time by agreement with the different chiefs concerned, until Ordinance No. 7 of 1902 was passed, providing fully for the Government of the whole Protectorate, which is divided into five Provinces and again into Districts. There is a Travelling Commissioner in each Province, and each District is under a Head Chief, with a native tribunal specially appointed by the Governor.

The Provinces are as follows:—North Bank Province, with the districts of Lower Niumi, Upper Niumi, Jokadu, Lower Baddibu, Central Baddibu, Upper Baddibu, 110 miles in length. MacCarthy Province, with the districts of Sami, Niani, Nianija, Upper Saloum, Lower Saloum, 85 miles in length. Upper River Province, with the districts of Sandu and Wuli on the North bank, and Kantora and Fulladu East on the south bank of the river, 100 miles in length. South Bank Province, with the districts of Fulladu West, Fulladu Central, Eastern Niamina, Western Niamina, Niamina (Dunkunku), Central Jarra, Eastern Jarra, Western Jarra, Eastern Kiang and Central Kiang, 120 miles in length. Kombo and Foni Province, with the districts of Western Kiang, Foni Karensi, Foni East Kansala Foni, Bondali and Foni Jarrol; Foni West, Bintang, and Brefet; Kombos East, Central, South, North, and Kombo St. Mary, 85 miles in length.

Inhabitants of the Gambia.

The inhabitants are mostly of the negro race, the chief tribes being the Jollofs, Mandingos, Sarahulis, Fullas and Jolas. The country of the Jollofs is on the North Bank or Senegal side of the river, and they form a large portion of the community in the town of Bathurst.

The Mandingos are the most numerous people on this portion of the African coast, and derive their name from Manding, a town some 700

miles inland and towards the boundary of the Colony of Sierra Leone. They are mostly Mohammedans.

The Jolas come from Foni, between the southern limit of Kombo and on the north bank of the Cassamance River. Their country runs in a north easterly direction towards the south bank of the Gambia River as far as the mouth of the Vintang Creek. They are pagans and a wild un-civilised tribe.

The Sarahulis are the most recent arrivals in the Gambia having migrated from the interior of Senegal. They are chiefly found in the eastern portion of the Upper River where they have established fairly large villages. They are all Mohammedans.

The Fullas (not the pure race, the nomads of West Africa) are good farmers and herdsmen. Their features are somewhat of the Asiatic type and their skins of a lighter colour than negroes. The capital of the Fulla country is Timbo in Futta Jallon, and is situated in north latitude $10^{\circ} 38'$ and west longitude $11^{\circ} 10'$.

Industry.

There are no mines in the Colony, but in several places in the Protectorate iron ore is to be found in large quantities, although not worth exportation.

A small quantity of cotton is grown, but only for local consumption, and it is made into narrow strips of rough coloured cloth, common to all West Africa. The strips average 27 yards in length and 9 inches in width.

There is a good deal of boat building and repairing carried out. Most of the cutters used in the ground nut trade have been built in the Colony, and there are a number of expert shipwrights in Bathurst.

Pottery is made in the Upper River Province. A considerable amount of excellent leather is produced from goat skins. It is however not exported but utilised by the people in making bags, slippers, sandals, scabbards, saddles and horse trappings, and the skilful manner in which coloured grasses, silk cotton, etc., are laced through the decorative portion of the leather work is common to most of Mohammedan West Africa. Each town or village usually has a "Koranki" man, or leather worker.

There is an abundance of fish in the lower reaches of the Gambia River, and large quantities are dried and taken each season into the Protectorate for sale. Quantities of oysters are obtained in the creek, and are cooked by the people for food, the shells being made into native lime.

The ground nut is the staple article of cultivation, the people devoting their whole attention to this product, growing, in comparison, but small quantities of rice and corn for their own consumption.

Ground nuts pay the producer on an average £4 to £6 per acre, and, beyond the sowing of the seed and an occasional hoeing, give the farmer very little trouble, and he knows that there will be no difficulty in disposing of his crop, and therefore prefers cultivating this to any other economic product known to him.

There is in Bathurst a fair supply of vegetables such as garden eggs, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, ochras, cassada, peppers, native spinages, etc., and it is possible to procure lettuces, cabbages, carrots, turnips and beans from December to May at a price.

Pawpaws, limes, oranges, bananas and mangoes are obtainable at different times of the year and in a very limited quantity.

Maize, guinea-corn, palm kernels, india-rubber and wax are also produced in the Protectorate, and a great number of medicinal roots and herbs are to be found. There is no timber in the country suitable for exportation.

A considerable trade is done with the French settlements and the adjoining coast districts in cotton goods, tobacco, rice, and hardware.

Large quantities of kola nuts are imported from Sierra Leone.

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS, 1926.

Articles.	Quantity.	Value.
Apparel	—	£10,860
Bags and Sacks empty	196,721 No.	8,191
Biscuits, Bread and Cakes	2,935 cwts.	5,427
Boots, Shoes and Slippers	42,577 pairs	5,325
Cotton piece goods	5,321,388 sq. yds	162,196
Cotton manufactures, other	—	40,564
Cotton yarn	229,770 lbs.	20,784
Flour, wheaten	11,347 cwts.	11,622
Hats and Caps	—	4,762
Kola nuts	17,459 cwts.	98,473
Lumber	309,146 sup. ft.	4,686
Metals, all kinds	—	18,569
Oils, edible	58,984 galls.	12,108
Oils, not edible	163,259 galls.	11,362
Rice	92,239 cwts.	72,270
Salt	1,995 tons	2,866
Soap	6,315 cwts.	8,778
Spirits, potable	3,971 galls.	3,281
Sugar	18,512 cwts.	18,504
Tobacco	265,349 lbs.	17,383
Wines	57,269 galls.	5,887

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS, 1926.

Articles.	Quantity.	Value.
Ground nuts	61,072 tons	£862,578
Hides	9,771 No.	2,795
Palm kernels	676 tons	11,293

Percentage of Imports and Exports, 1926.

	Imports. Exports.	
United Kingdom	44.28	37.32
Other parts of British Empire	15.82	02.43
France	24.63	25.80
Germany	02.54	14.26
Holland	03.18	16.47
Other Countries	09.55	03.72
	100.	100.

Bathurst is a port of registry, and had, on its Register on 31st December, 1926, 151 vessels of 3,609 gross aggregate tonnage.

Relations with the Interior.

Since the delimitation of the boundary of the Protectorate by the Anglo-French Commissioners in 1891, steps have been taken to bring the inhabitants of the Protectorate gradually into closer relationship with the Government of the Colony. An Order in Council, issued on the 23rd of November, 1893, provided for the establishment of Her Majesty's jurisdiction within the Protectorate, and

since then Ordinances have been passed providing for the establishment of magistrates and also native courts.

Travelling Commissioners regularly, during the eight months of dry weather, travel through the Protectorate on both banks of the river for 250 miles, and in Kombo and Foni. A "yard" or "hut" tax, which averages about 4s. per annum for a family, is imposed in the Protectorate.

Currency and Banking.

The currency is British West African silver alloy and nickel-bronze coins and British West African currency notes for 20s. and 10s. French 5 franc pieces were demonetised at the beginning of 1922. There is one Bank in Bathurst; the Bank of British West Africa.

A Government savings bank was established in 1886, and had on 31st Dec., 1924, 1,509*l.* deposited by 304 persons; 31st Dec., 1925, 1,233*l.* 10s. 2*d.* deposited by 133 persons; 31st December, 1926, 939*l.* 5s. 11*d.* deposited by 148 persons.

Land.

Land in the Protectorate can be obtained from the Chief of a district for purposes of farming with the sanction of the Governor. Small lots suitable for trading stations may be rented for 3*l.* per annum and upwards. Freehold interests in Crown lands in the Colony are not disposed of except in special circumstances. No leases are issued in the first instance of lands either in the Colony or Protectorate for a longer period than twenty-one years.

Education.

The Christian schools, which are wholly in the hands of the several denominations, receive grants-in-aid. Of ordinary elementary schools in Bathurst, there are one Anglican, two Wesleyan and two Roman Catholic, with 1,397 scholars in all. Education is not compulsory, and fees are charged. There are two Wesleyan High schools, one for boys and one for girls, and St. Joseph's Convent School for girls, all under European control. There is also a Mohammedan school with 240 pupils, at which the ordinary rudiments of an English and Arabic education are taught, the upkeep of the premises and the payment of the teachers being borne by the Government, the native Mohammedan community contributing a small fixed annual sum. At MacCarthy Island there is an elementary Wesleyan school with 47 pupils. The number of pupils on the rolls of all the Government aided schools in 1926 was 1,637.

Means of Communication.

Communication between the Colony and Europe is effected by the steamers of the African Steamship Co. (Messrs. Elder Dempster & Co.), which nominally run fortnightly between Liverpool and Bathurst, and those of the Woermann Linie A.G. Hamburg, which call at Bathurst monthly both homeward and outward. Steamers of the Messageries Maritimes sail to and from Bordeaux and Dakar fortnightly, and Dakar being only 90 miles from Bathurst, passengers often join these steamers there, and get to Europe in eight days.

Internal communication is comparatively easy for West Africa, most of the important firms having steamers or launches which make frequent trips during the trading season up the river; these vessels are ready to accept any passengers or freight which may offer.

Telegraph cables place Bathurst in communication with Europe and West Africa.

The Admiralty erected a Wireless Station in the first half of the year 1915, at Cape St. Mary. The Station was closed down in the latter part of 1921, in accordance with the Admiralty's policy of retrenchment.

A wireless service is in operation between Bathurst and the river towns of Georgetown, Kontaur and Basse. Communication is maintained with ships at sea within a wave length of 600 metres. A central battery telephone system is employed in the town of Bathurst, and in direct connection with Cape St. Mary.

There are no railways or metalled roads, save one, from Bathurst to Cape St. Mary, 7½ miles across the Oyster Creek Bridge, which connects the island of St. Mary with the mainland of British Kombo. Horses will live, and the river forms an unrivalled highway for 300 miles. The roads (unmade) in the Protectorate are kept clear, and light traps or bicycles could pass along in those districts which are free from swamps.

Motor cars are in use in and around Bathurst.

The rules of the Postal Union have been adopted by the Colony and its Protectorate.

The following are the rates of postage:—

Letters.

Internal—1½*d.* per oz.

Empire and U.S.A.—1½*d.* for each oz. or fraction thereof.

Other Countries—3*d.* for the first oz., and 1½*d.* for each succeeding oz. or fraction thereof.

Parcels Post.

If posted locally for delivery within the Colony, 6*d.* for first 2 lbs., 4*d.* for each additional lb.

Parcels from abroad redirected to an Inland Office, 6*d.* for first 2 lbs., 4*d.* for each additional lb.

If addressed to the United Kingdom or British West African Colonies:—

Not over 3 lbs. in weight, 2s. 3*d.*

Over 3 lbs., but not over 7 lbs., 3s. 6*d.*

Over 7 lbs., but not over 11 lbs., 4s. 9*d.*

Over 11 lbs. but not over 22 lbs., 6s. 9*d.*

There is no direct parcel post scheme at present with foreign countries. All parcels are forwarded through the medium of the General Post Office, London, a small additional charge being made for onward transmission.

Climate.

The climate of the Gambia during the dry season from the end of November to the middle of May is pleasant and fairly healthy. But during the wet season—June to October—the conditions are much the same as elsewhere on the West Coast of Africa, though the change from excessive dryness to the damp atmosphere so prevalent in the Gulf of Guinea probably makes them more felt. In the interior from March to June it is intensely hot.

The lowest reading of the thermometer in the shade during 1926 was at Bathurst 58° in February, the highest recorded temperature being 103°5' in April.

The rainfall during the year 1926 in Bathurst was 35·05 inches. The rainfall varies considerably; the average is 50 inches.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	£117,977	£ 94,519	290,288	398,524
1918	133,324	88,703	262,274	282,066
1919	180,585	143,451	354,837	441,860
1920	263,789	171,160	592,969	802,028
1921	183,201	225,461	440,522	688,740
1922	243,603	430,312	556,283	835,663
1923	229,688	211,316	593,772	1,052,982
1924	208,613	203,635	643,796	1,100,729
1925	189,086	271,836	712,052	1,097,642
1926	214,181	213,643	771,971	1,255,241

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
1917	£529,342	£234,421	£227,863	£ 991,626
1918	920,320	285,771	251,923	1,458,014
1919	725,508	175,638	349,175	1,250,321
1920	1,759,946	301,622	650,312	2,711,880
1921	580,237	146,521	197,690	924,448
1922	549,463	126,301	186,351	862,115
1923	444,329	109,791	259,778	813,898
1924	280,509	83,937	307,572	672,018
1925	256,773	78,556	282,494	617,823
1926	288,800	103,010	264,497	656,307

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
1917	£765,380	£ 85,978	£195,146	£1,046,504
1918	828,357	225,691	46,162	1,100,210
1919	1,124,675	328,812	100,037	1,553,524
1920	1,961,178	22,587	482,380	2,466,145
1921	607,977	11,081	174,377	793,435
1922	615,818	6,291	414,899	1,037,008
1923	440,368	6,750	452,391	899,509
1924	484,347	106,180	411,803	1,032,230
1925	329,738	6,265	391,812	727,815
1926	337,447	22,005	544,714	904,106

Customs revenue in 1924—133,425*l*.

" " 1925—111,470*l*.

" " 1926—141,003*l*.

Governors.

1901	Sir G. C. Denton, K.C.M.G.
1911	Lieut.-Colonel Sir H. L. Galway, K.C.M.G., D.S.O.
1914	Sir Edward J. Cameron, K.C.M.G.
1920	Captain Sir C. H. Armitage, K.B.E., C.M.G., D.S.O.
1927	Sir John Middleton, K.B.E., C.M.G.

Executive Council.

The Governor, *President*.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 C. M. Barton.
 H. Densham Smith.
 K. B. Allan.
 Clerk of Council, B. A. Finn.

Legislative Council.

The Governor, <i>President</i> The Colonial Secretary The Judge of the Supreme Court C. M. Barton H. Densham Smith K. B. Allan S. J. Forster, M.B.E. W. Yare Ousman Jeng Clerk of Council, B. A. Finn.	} <i>Ex-officio</i> } <i>Members.</i> } <i>Official Members.</i> } <i>Unofficial Members.</i>
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CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir John Middleton, K.B.E., C.M.G., 2,500*l*., and 750*l*. duty allowance.
Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary, Lieut. A. R. C. Prentis, R.N., 450*l*.
2nd Grade Confidential Clerk, M. L. Valentine, 160*l*. to 230*l*.

Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary, C. R. M. Workman, C.B.E., 1,000*l*., and 200*l*. duty allowance.
Senior Assistant Colonial Secretary, B. A. Finn, 600*l*. to 800*l*.
2nd Assistant Colonial Secretary, B. P. E. Bulstrode, 450*l*. to 720*l*.
Cadet, W. T. Hamlyn, 400*l*. to 720*l*.
African Assistant Colonial Secretary, W. Topp, 300*l*. to 450*l*.
2nd Grade Clerks, S. A. Riley, F. D. D. Roach, 160*l*. to 230*l*.

Printing Branch.

Chief Printer, J. M. Lawani, 160*l*. to 230*l*.

Receiver-General's Department.

Receiver-General, H. Densham Smith, 960*l*., and 96*l*. duty allowance.
Assistants Receiver-General, Captain W. H. Eccles, F. A. Mathias, 400*l*. to 720*l*.

Treasury Branch.

Accountant, F. D. MacPhail, 400*l*. to 720*l*.
Chief Clerk, E. L. Auber, 260*l*. to 360*l*.
Cashier, E. G. C. Gabbidon, 160*l*. to 230*l*.
2nd Grade Clerks, D. T. Taylor, E. W. Carroll, 160*l*. to 230*l*.

Customs Branch.

I. Indoor Staff.

Supervisor of Customs, O. E. Kernahan, 400*l*. to 720*l*.
Chief Clerk, 1st Grade, M. L. Davis, 260*l*. to 360*l*.
2nd Grade Clerk, S. W. Davies, 160*l*. to 230*l*.

II. Outdoor Staff.

Landing Waiter (2nd Grade), M. O. Palmer, 160*l*. to 230*l*.

Legal Department.

Judge of the Supreme Court, J. Aitken, 1,000*l*., and 200*l*. duty allowance.
Legal Adviser, C. M. Barton, 600*l*. to 920*l*.
Police Magistrate, Capt. J. M. De Freitas, O.B.E., 630*l*. to 800*l*.
Clerk of Courts, 1st Grade, J. J. Thomas, 260*l*. to 360*l*.
Interpreter of Courts, 2nd Grade, F. A. R. Gibson, 160*l*. to 230*l*.
Sheriff's Bailiff and Beadle of the Court of Requests, 2nd Grade, N. J. Allen, 160*l*. to 230*l*.
Legal Adviser's Office: 2nd Grade Clerk, W. M. Bright, 160*l*. to 230*l*.
Sheriff, Capt. C. Greig (salary included in that of Commissioner of Police.)

Education.

Inspector of Schools, the Police Magistrate.

Provincial Administration.

Travelling Commissioners, Dr. E. Hopkinson, C.M.G., D.S.O., Capt. E. B. Leese, Major R. W. Macklin, M.C., Major L. A. W. Brooks, 450*l*. to 960*l*., with 72*l*. seniority allowance from 720*l*.
Assistants, Captain P. Jeffs, M.C., A. R. Clark, Captain T. W. Duke, 450*l*. to 960*l*.

Police Force.

Commissioner, Capt. Clinton H. Greig, 720*l.* to 920*l.*, 72*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant, H. L. Webley, 400*l.* to 720*l.*
Superintendent, C. R. Bell, 400*l.* to 500*l.*
Bandmaster, W. Collins, 350*l.* to 450*l.*

Prison.

Inspector of Prisons, Capt. Clinton H. Greig (salary included in that of Commissioner of Police).
Gaoler, 2nd Grade, T. B. Shyngle, 160*l.* to 230*l.*
Chaplain, Rev. L. W. Humphrey.

Medical

Senior Medical Officer K. B. Allan, 1,000*l.* to 1,150*l.* and 250*l.* staff and seniority allowances.
Medical Officers, G. E. Craig, J. C. Cruickshank, A. M. W. Rae, S. G. Harrison, 660*l.* to 960*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Senior Nursing Sister, M. Thompson, 380*l.* to 440*l.*, and 40*l.* charge allowance.
Nursing Sisters, J. Roberts, T. Grant, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Chief Dispenser and Storekeeper, 2nd Grade, J. F. Johnson, 160*l.* to 230*l.*
Dispensers, 2nd Grade, E. W. Johns, W. M. Rollings, 160*l.* to 230*l.*
2nd Grade Clerk, T. R. King, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Board of Health.

Chairman, Senior Medical Officer.
Medical Officer of Health, Capt. F. A. Innes, 800*l.* to 960*l.*, staff and seniority allowances, 222*l.*
Sanitary Inspector, A. F. V. Vaughan, 440*l.* to 500*l.*
Assistant Sanitary Inspector, F. A. Wilford, 360*l.* to 460*l.*

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, H. A. Tyler-Smith, 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Engineer, P. G. Burrage, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Reclamation Officer, C. Wolfendale, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Clerks of Works, H. F. Gibbons, S. Geering, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Mechanical Foreman, H. W. Duffield, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Electrical Foreman, E. T. H. Wilkinson, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Assistant Electrical Foreman, A. Baynham, 360*l.* to 460*l.*
Wireless Electrician, A. Wallis, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Accountant and Storekeeper, H. Heya, 540*l.* to 720*l.*
Assistant Accountant and Storekeeper, C. H. Philp, 400*l.* to 600*l.*
Architectural Draughtsman, A. R. Woods, 480*l.* to 600*l.*
Chief Clerk, 1st Grade, J. C. Johnson, 260*l.* to 360*l.*
African Assistant Storekeeper, 2nd Grade, A. R. Mason, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Land and Survey Department.

Land Officer and Surveyor, W. H. McTurk, 600*l.* to 800*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Assistant Land Officer and Surveyor (vacant), 480*l.* to 600*l.*
2nd Grade Clerk, J. Monday, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Audit Office.

Auditor, Capt. A. F. B. Howard, M.C. 400*l.* to 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*
Chief Clerk, 2nd Grade, E. H. Joiner, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Marine.

Harbour Master and Marine Superintendent, A. D. Steele, 480*l.* to 720*l.*, 100*l.* duty allowance, and 80*l.* messing allowance.
Chief Engineer, J. M. Simpson, 480*l.* to 720*l.*
Assistant Engineer, J. B. Fathers, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Boatswain, A. Roberts, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Postal Department.

Director of Posts, J. L. Fenton, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Postmaster (vacant), 260*l.* to 360*l.*
2nd Grade Clerk, F. E. Danner, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Agricultural Department.

Director of Agriculture, A. J. Brooks, F.L.S., F.C.S., F.R.H.S., 600*l.* to 920*l.* and 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*
Assistant Director, C. W. J. Line, B.A., 510*l.* to 720*l.*
Agricultural Superintendent, J. Pirie, 450*l.* to 600*l.*
Assistant Agricultural Superintendent, J. W. Sparrow, 480*l.* to 600*l.*
Agricultural Assistant in Charge of Seed Farms, T. R. Hayes, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

West African Frontier Force.

Officer Commanding, Capt. C. S. Burt, D.S.O., 700*l.*, and 54*l.* duty allowance.
Lieutenants, A. J. Chrystal, B. W. Wright and C. H. B. Beer, 600*l.*

All European officers are provided with furnished quarters.

Foreign Consuls.

Belgium, A. Rives, *Vice-Consul*.
France, F. Orceel, *Consular Agent*.
Portugal, F. Orceel, *Consul*.
Spain, J. Howie, *Vice-Consul*.
Norway, V. Q. Petersen, *Consul*.
Finland, V. Q. Petersen, *Vice-Consul*.
Denmark, V. Q. Petersen, *Consul*.

GIBRALTAR.*Situation and Area.*

Gibraltar is a narrow peninsula running southwards from the south-west coast of Spain, in N. lat. 36° 6' 30", and W. long. 5° 21' 12". It consists of a long high mountain called "The Rock," and a very flat sandy plain to the north of it, raised only a few feet above the level of the sea, and called the North Front. Its greatest elevation is 1,396 feet, its length 2½ miles, and its greatest breadth ¾ of a mile. Its area is 1¼ square miles.

History.

The rock of Gibraltar, the Mons Calpe of the ancients, remained under the dominion of the Moors until the 15th century, when it was incorporated with the Spanish kingdom of Granada. It was captured by the British forces under Sir George Rooke, 24th July, 1704, and was ceded by the Treaty of Utrecht in 1713. The Treaty of Utrecht was renewed by Article 2 of Treaty of Versailles, 1783. It was successfully defended by Gen. Eliot (afterwards Lord Heathfield) in the great siege of 1779-83.

General Description.

The promontory forms one side of a bay, called the Bay of Gibraltar, which is about 4 or 5 miles across, and affords good anchorage for the shipping passing through the Straits. The eastern and northern faces of the Rock are an inaccessible precipice rising abruptly from the sea and the sandy plain known as the North Front, which lies between Gibraltar and the Spanish town of La Linea; from the northern end the Rock runs along southward like a knife edge to the ancient site of O'Hara's Tower, from which it slopes gradually till it terminates in a perpendicular cliff about 100 feet high at the water's edge at Europa; these cliffs are continued along the western face to the New Mole, beyond which the fortress is protected by artificial ramparts. Behind these latter lies the larger portion of the town, covering an area of only $\frac{1}{2}$ by $\frac{1}{2}$ mile. It is one of the most thickly inhabited places in the world, but it is not unhealthy. Between this part of the town and the southern portion is a picturesque public garden, called the Alameda. The civil population in the southern part of the town is confined to the east and south-east of the South Mole, the remainder of the southern portion of the Rock being entirely taken up with barracks, hospitals, &c., for the Military and the Navy.

Gibraltar is extensively used as a port of call and coaling station by shipping, and it is also an *entrepôt* of the trade between England and the Arabian states of Northern Africa, for which it has many advantages, having been ever since its occupation by the British a free port, or practically so.

The naval harbour is on the West side of the Rock. It is formed by three separate Moles known as the "North," "Detached" and "South" Moles. The North Mole runs westward from Devil's Tongue for about 2,900 feet, and then southward, giving a total length of over a mile. The South Mole projects into the sea for a distance of 3,660 feet in a north-westerly direction. The Detached Mole, 2,717 feet long, is so situated between these two Moles as to form a breakwater and leave two means of entrance and exit. The harbour contains a water area of 440 acres. There are three large graving docks for naval purposes, and a small dock which is available for merchant vessels of light draught.

The old wharf at Waterport has been extended and improved by the addition of a new mole, which has been provided with sheds for transit cargo, electrical cranes and other equipment to facilitate the handling of cargo.

About 300 persons are employed in tobacco manufactories, and about 1,200 in the coal depôts. It is a port of registry, having, on 31st December, 1926, 40 vessels, of together 8,992 tons (gross). No statistics of imports or exports are taken.

The revenue is derived from port dues, the rent of the Crown estate in the town, duties upon wine, spirits, beer, tobacco, motor spirit, perfumery and licence duties and fees.

The Government is administered under Letters Patent of the 12th September, 1922, by a Governor, aided by an Executive Council composed of 4 official and 3 unofficial members. The power of legislation is vested in the Governor, who is also the General commanding the garrison. The management of the drainage, water supply, &c., is in the hands of the City Council. Their receipts for 1926 were 114,219*l.*, their expenditure 144,286*l.*, and their debt, on the 31st of Dec., 1926, 187,250*l.* and pesetas 100,000.

(c)

There are branches of Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), the Credit Foncier d'Algerie et de Tunisie, and several private bankers.

A Government savings bank was founded in 1882, and had on 31st Dec., 1926, 116,882*l.* deposited by 3,113 depositors. Since the 1st Oct., 1898, the legal tender currency has been that of the United Kingdom, and the public accounts are now kept in it, but Spanish money is still freely current. The change from Spanish currency, which had previously been the legal tender, was effected under the provisions of the Orders in Council of the 9th of August, 1898. Under the Currency Note Ordinance, 1927, the currency includes notes issued by the Government of Gibraltar. These notes are of the value of 5*l.*, 1*l.* and 10*s.*

There is daily postal communication with England by way of Spain and France. Rates of postage: Letters, 1*d.* per oz.; newspapers, $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* The internal postage rate is 1*d.* per oz. There is direct telegraphic communication with Spain, and by cables to England, Tangier, Malta, Lisbon, and Cadiz.

Education is compulsory since 1917. There are thirteen elementary schools, subsidised by Government, and several private schools, the number of scholars in average attendance being 2,222 for the school year ending 31st March, 1927. The Government-aided schools are for the most part managed by boards of the different denominations.

Year.	FINANCE.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	125,876 <i>l.</i>	119,636 <i>l.</i>	7,747,174	19,093,461
1918	158,693 <i>l.</i>	133,387 <i>l.</i>	21,767,888	33,316,327
1919	239,396 <i>l.</i>	136,432 <i>l.</i>	12,951,901	26,768,920
1920	287,051 <i>l.</i>	372,994 <i>l.</i>	9,703,448	23,103,720
1921	249,134 <i>l.</i>	289,393 <i>l.</i>	7,629,385	14,494,643
1922	291,592 <i>l.</i>	276,733 <i>l.</i>	7,004,595	11,708,873
1923	150,283 <i>l.</i>	167,087 <i>l.</i>	6,211,212	10,814,291
1924	166,115 <i>l.</i>	160,363 <i>l.</i>	8,048,586	14,061,176
1925	162,251 <i>l.</i>	167,268 <i>l.</i>	7,584,760	12,420,022
1926	158,636 <i>l.</i>	147,942 <i>l.</i>	3,552,511	6,121,288

The Customs revenue in 1926 was 44,253*l.*

Population (Civil).

Census, 1911, 19,120; Census, 1921, 18,061.

Executive Council.

The Governor.
The Combatant Military Officer next in seniority after the Governor.

Colonial Secretary.

Attorney-General.

Treasurer.

J. Andrews-Speed, J.P., A. C. Carrara, K.C., J.P.

G. Gaggero, J.P.

Clerk of the Council, C. G. S. Follows.

Governor, General Sir C. C. Monro, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., 5,500*l.*, and 500*l.* Entertainment Allowance from Colonial Funds (with table allowance of 500*l.* from Army Funds).

Assistant Military Secretary, Captain Sir A. Stanier, Bt., M.C., Welsh Guards.

Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. G. H. MacCarthy, R.A.

Civil Establishment.

Colonial Secretary, Major H. W. Young, C.M.G., D.S.O., 1,466*l.*

Chief Assistant Secretary, C. G. S. Follows, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Police Force.

Commissioner, Capt. Clinton H. Greig, 720*l.* to 920*l.*, 72*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant, H. L. Webbley, 400*l.* to 720*l.*
Superintendent, C. R. Bell, 400*l.* to 500*l.*
Bandmaster, W. Collins, 350*l.* to 450*l.*

Prison.

Inspector of Prisons, Capt. Clinton H. Greig (salary included in that of Commissioner of Police).
Gaoler, 2nd Grade, T. B. Shyngle, 160*l.* to 230*l.*
Chaplain, Rev. L. W. Humphrey.

Medical

Senior Medical Officer K. B. Allan, 1,000*l.* to 1,150*l.* and 250*l.* staff and seniority allowances.
Mechanical Officers, G. E. Craig, J. C. Cruickshank, A. M. W. Rae, S. G. Harrison, 660*l.* to 960*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Senior Nursing Sister, M. Thompson, 380*l.* to 440*l.*, and 40*l.* charge allowance.
Nursing Sisters, J. Roberts, T. Grant, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Chief Dispenser and Storekeeper, 2nd Grade, J. F. Johnson, 160*l.* to 230*l.*
Dispensers, 2nd Grade, E. W. Johns, W. M. Rollings, 160*l.*-230*l.*
2nd Grade Clerk, T. R. King, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Board of Health.

Chairman, Senior Medical Officer.
Medical Officer of Health, Capt. F. A. Innes, 800*l.* to 960*l.*, staff and seniority allowances, 222*l.*
Sanitary Inspector, A. F. V. Vaughan, 440*l.* to 500*l.*
Assistant Sanitary Inspector, F. A. Wilford, 360*l.* to 460*l.*

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, H. A. Tyler-Smith, 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Engineer, P. G. Burrage, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Reclamation Officer, C. Wolfendale, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Clerks of Works, H. F. Gibbons, S. Geering, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Mechanical Foreman, H. W. Duffield, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Electrical Foreman, E. T. H. Wilkinson, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Assistant Electrical Foreman, A. Baynham, 360*l.* to 460*l.*
Wireless Electrician, A. Wallis, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Accountant and Storekeeper, H. Heys, 540*l.* to 720*l.*
Assistant Accountant and Storekeeper, C. H. Philp, 400*l.* to 600*l.*
Architectural Draughtsman, A. R. Woods, 480*l.* to 600*l.*
Chief Clerk, 1st Grade, J. C. Johnson, 260*l.* to 360*l.*
African Assistant Storekeeper, 2nd Grade, A. R. Mason, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Land and Survey Department.

Land Officer and Surveyor, W. H. McTurk, 600*l.* to 800*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Assistant Land Officer and Surveyor (vacant), 480*l.* to 600*l.*
2nd Grade Clerk, J. Monday, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Audit Office.

Auditor, Capt. A. F. B. Howard, M.C. 400*l.* to 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*
Chief Clerk, 2nd Grade, E. H. Joiner, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Marine.

Harbour Master and Marine Superintendent, A. D. Steele, 480*l.* to 720*l.*, 100*l.* duty allowance, and 80*l.* messing allowance.
Chief Engineer, J. M. Simpson, 480*l.* to 720*l.*
Assistant Engineer, J. B. Fathers, 500*l.* to 560*l.*
Boatswain, A. Robarts, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Postal Department.

Director of Posts, J. L. Fenton, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Postmaster (vacant), 260*l.* to 360*l.*
2nd Grade Clerk, F. E. Danner, 160*l.* to 230*l.*

Agricultural Department.

Director of Agriculture, A. J. Brooks, F.L.S., F.C.S., F.R.H.S., 600*l.* to 920*l.* and 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*
Assistant Director, C. W. J. Line, B.A., 510*l.* to 720*l.*
Agricultural Superintendent, J. Pirie, 450*l.* to 600*l.*
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The Governor.

The Combatant Military Officer next in seniority after the Governor.

Colonial Secretary.

Attorney-General.

Treasurer.

J. Andrews-Speed, J.P., A. C. Carrara, K.C., J.P. G. Gaggero, J.P.

Clerk of the Council, C. G. S. Follows.

Governor, General Sir C. C. Munro, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., 5,600*l.*, and 500*l.* Entertainment Allowance from Colonial Funds (with table allowance of 500*l.* from Army Funds).

Assistant Military Secretary, Captain Sir A. Stanier, Bt., M.C., Welsh Guards.

Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. G. H. MacCarthy, R.A.

Civil Establishment.

Colonial Secretary, Major H. W. Young, C.M.G., D.S.O., 1,465*l.*

Chief Assistant Secretary, C. G. S. Follows, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Secretary, H. J. S. Norton, 400*l.* by 10*l.* to 500*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, G. A. Lavarello, 250*l.* by 10*l.* to 320*l.*
3rd Class Clerk, L. J. Morello, 156*l.* to 276*l.*

Tourist Bureau.

Chief Clerk, C. J. Edwards, 384*l.* to 480*l.*

Revenue Department.

Treasurer, W. A. Bowring, 975*l.*

Chief Clerk and Accountant, H. Bacarissas, 492*l.* to 540*l.*

Book-Keeper, J. L. Andrew, 336*l.* by 12*l.* to 384*l.*

3rd Class Clerks, F. J. Cabutto, F. W. Tamplin, L. J. Gomez, A. V. Santos and F. P. Galliano, 3 at 156*l.* by 12*l.* to 276*l.* and 2 at 120*l.* by 6*l.* to 240*l.*

Port Department.

Captain of the Port and Shipping Master, Commander H. Biron, R.D., R.N.R., 780*l.*

Assistant Shipping Master, M. V. Figueras, 360*l.* by 10*l.* to 450*l.*

2nd Class Clerk, L. P. Sanguinetti, 250*l.* by 10*l.* to 320*l.*

3rd Class Clerk, C. A. Caetano, 120*l.* by 6*l.* to 240*l.*

Public Works.

Director of Public Works (vacant).

Assistant Engineer, J. Coelho, 384*l.* to 480*l.*

Chief Clerk, H. Cavilla, 360*l.* by 10*l.* to 450*l.*

Draughtsman (vacant).

Tracer, J. Azopardi, 60*l.*

Overseers, S. Chiappe, 276*l.* by 12*l.* to 384*l.*, and J. Viotto, 276*l.* by 12*l.* to 336*l.*

2nd Class Clerk, J. Hayward, 250*l.* by 10*l.* to 320*l.*

Audit.

Auditor, H. E. C. Merriek, 700*l.*

3rd Class Clerks, J. E. Griffin and C. Gomez, 1 at 156*l.* by 12*l.* to 276*l.* and 1 at 120*l.* by 6*l.* to 240*l.*

Judicial Department.

Chief Justice, Sir S. C. K. Nettleton, 1,350*l.*

Attorney-General, Capt. M. H. Anderson, C.B.E., K.C., R.N. (retired), 1,170*l.*

Clerk to the Attorney-General (2nd Class), A. Verano, 250*l.* by 10*l.* to 320*l.*

Registrar of Supreme Court, J. Discombe, 580*l.* to 730*l.*

Assistant Registrar, A. S. Prescott, 384*l.* to 480*l.*

2nd Class Clerk, E. Pizzarello, 276*l.* by 12*l.* to 344*l.*

3rd Class Clerk, J. R. N. Amor, 156*l.* by 12*l.* to 276*l.*

Clerk to the Justices, E. F. Teuma, 384*l.* to 480*l.*

Chief of Police, Captain W. S. Gulloch, 650*l.*

Registrar of Births, &c., E. F. Teuma, 48*l.*

Education Department.

Inspector of Schools, C. G. S. Follows, 100*l.*

School Attendance Officer, P. Hayden, 120*l.*

Post Office and Telegraph Department.

Postmaster-General, G. E. Jones, 580*l.* to 730*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. A. Chipulina, 384*l.* to 480*l.*

Cashier and Accountant, T. Chipulina, 384*l.* to 444*l.*

Principal Clerks, E. Jones and E. Coll, 336*l.* to 396*l.*

Senior Clerks, A. Pons and A. Gilbert, 1 at 276*l.* to 384*l.* and 1 at 250*l.* to 320*l.*

Junior Clerks, H. Gonzalez, H. O. Gonzalez, M. Rodriguez, R. Baldorino, 3 at 156*l.* to 276*l.* and 1 at 120*l.* to 240*l.*

Supernumerary Clerks, E. Canovas, 132*l.* to 180*l.*; C. W. Andrew, 72*l.*

Medical Department.

Surgeon, Colonial Hospital, J. Loohead, O.B.E., M.D., 730*l.*, with free quarters.

Assistant Surgeons, G. H. C. St. G. Griffiths, £700, and J. E. Deale, £600, and free quarters to both.

Extra Assistant Surgeon, L. H. Gill, 240*l.*

Surgeon, Isolation Hospital, J. A. Durante, 90*l.*

District Medical Officers, 2 at 132*l.* each; 1 at 96*l.*

Secretary, Colonial Hospital, A. W. Dotto, 360*l.*

by 12*l.* to 456*l.*, and free quarters.

Clerk, ditto, H. Recaño, 276*l.* by 12*l.* to 384*l.*

Port Surgeon, J. V. Abrines, 96*l.*

Deputy Port Surgeon, P. F. Lyons, 72*l.*

(Note.—All the medical officers, with the exception of the Assist. Surgeons, are allowed private practice. The Assistant Surgeons are allowed consulting practice only.)

Civil Prison.

Gaoler, S. Wall, 276*l.* by 12*l.* to 336*l.*, personal allowance 24*l.*, quarters, fuel and light; 6 Warders, and 1 Matron.

Lunatic Asylum.

Superintendent, F. Tamplin, 336*l.* by 12*l.* to 384*l.*, personal allowance 48*l.*, fuel and light; 1 Matron, 7 Male, and 5 Female Attendants.

Markets.

Supervisor, A. Tipping, 384*l.* by 12*l.* to 480*l.*; 5 Inspectors.

Ecclesiastical.

Anglican Bishop, The Right Rev. F. C. N. Hicks, D.D. (non-resident).

Roman Catholic Bishop, The Right Rev. R. Fitzgerald, D.D.

Dean of Gibraltar (vacant).

Chief Military and Naval Officers.

Assistant Military Secretary, Captain Sir A. Stanier, Bt., M.C., Welsh Guards.

A.A. and Q.M.G. i.-c. Administration, Colonel L. A. E. Price-Davies, V.C., C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., A.D.C.

Commanding Royal Artillery, Colonel E. J. Wighton, D.S.O.

Commanding Royal Engineers, Lieut.-Col. G. F. B. Goldney, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Assistant Director of Ordnance Services, Lieut.-Colonel H. C. Travers, C.B.E., D.S.O.

Deputy Director of Medical Service and *O.C. R.A.M.C.*, Colonel J. W. Langstaff, D.S.O.

Senior Chaplain to the Forces, Rev. E. A. Fitch, O.B.E. (C. of E.).

Admiral Superintendent, Rear-Admiral C. S. Townsend, C.B.

Chief Staff Officer, Captain F. Burges Watson, D.S.O.

Surgeon, Surgeon-Comdr. P. N. Button, O.B.E. *Commander H.M.S. "Cormorant,"* Commander J. A. Scott.

Consuls.

Argentine Republic, J. A. Rugeroni (Vice-Consul).

Belgium, M. Y. Bergel.

Bolivia, L. A. Carrara (Vice-Consul).

Brazil, Dr. P. F. Lyons, J.P. (Vice-Consul).

Chili, E. Guetta Sheriff.

Colombia, J. F. Carrara.

Costa Rica, F. J. Piccone.

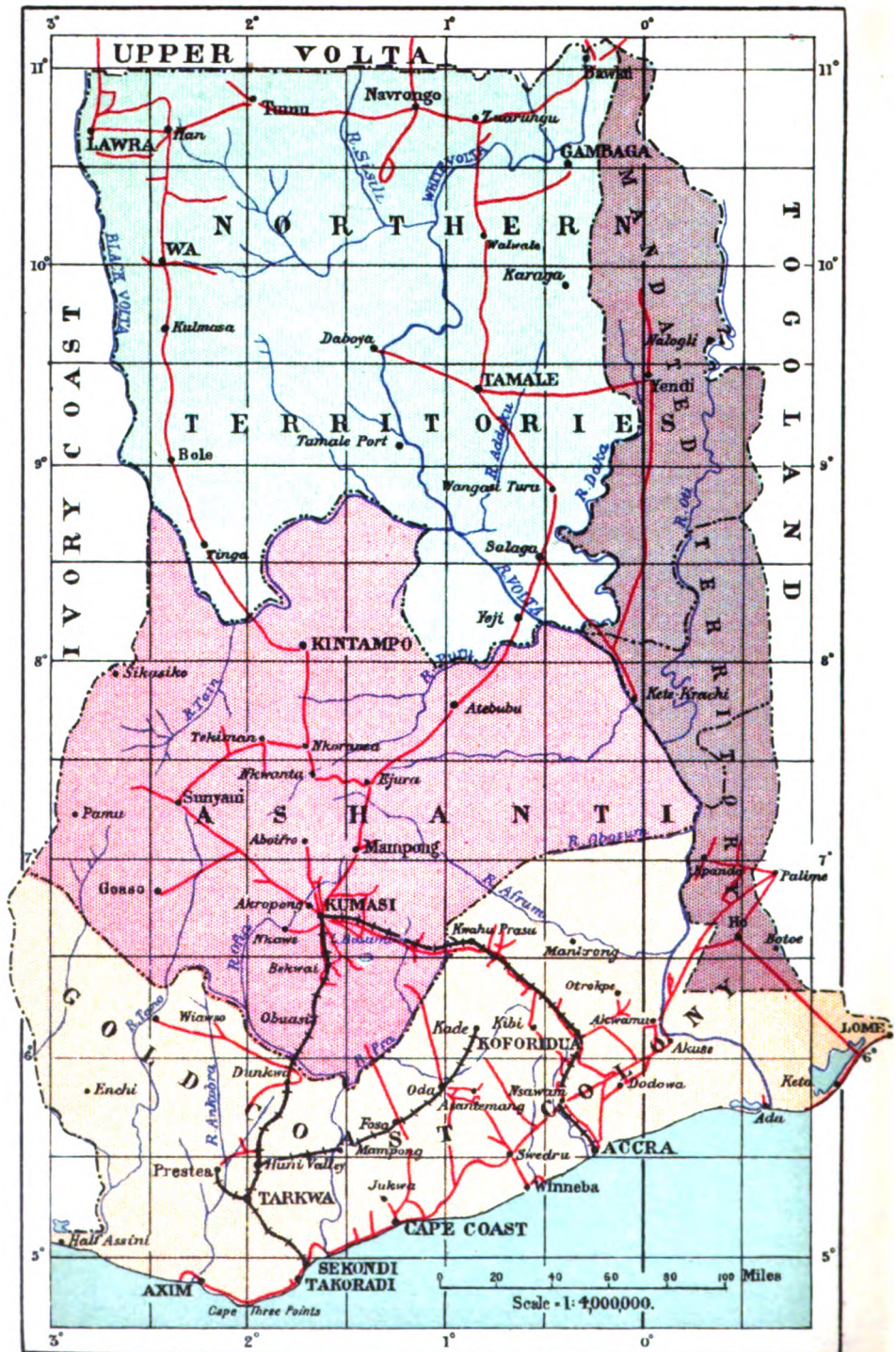
Cuba, J. J. Russo.

Denmark, J. Mackintosh (Consul); C. W. Savignon (Vice-Consul).

Estonia, L. A. Carrara (Vice-Consul).

Finland, A. H. S. Capurro (Vice-Consul).

THE GOLD COAST



Main Motor Roads
Railways Completed



Drawn & Printed at SURVEY HEADQUARTERS ACCRA, 1927.

France, L. C. P. Sandrier.
Germany, G. F. Imossi.
Greece, L. J. Imossi.
Holland, W. J. J. Thomson (Consul); W. S. Roscoe (Vice-Consul).
Italy, Signor Comm. Giovanni Pascate (Consul-General); L. A. Carrara (Vice-Consul).
Japan, W. H. Smith.
Latvia, A. E. Imossi, (Vice-Consul).
Liberia, W. U. Thornton.
Mexico, A. C. Rugeroni (Consul); E. Rugeroni (Vice-Consul).
Norway, J. Mackintosh; C. W. Savignon (Vice-Consul).
Paraguay, A. E. Ferrary.
Peru, G. Imossi (Vice-Consul).
Portugal, St. Dn. C. A. Cotelto (Consul-General); M. F. dos Santos (Vice-Consul).
Roumania, H. J. King, J.P.
Siam, H. J. King; F. J. W. Porral (Vice-Consul).
Spain, L. Lopez Ferrer (Consul-General); Vice-Consul, St. Dn. A. A. Buyla de Lozana.
Sweden, J. Andrews Speed, J.P.
U.S. of America, R. L. Sprague.
Uruguay, M. G. Corsi, M.B.E.

* THE GOLD COAST.

THE GOLD COAST COLONY.

Situation and Native Tribes.

The Gold Coast Colony, with Ashanti, the Protected Northern Territories, and the British mandated territory of Togoland, is situated on the Gulf of Guinea, between 3° 7' W. long. and 1° 14' E. long., and is bounded on the west by the French colony of the Ivory Coast, on the east by the French mandated territory of Togoland, on the north by the French Colony of the Upper Volta, and on the south by the sea.

The area of the Colony is 23,490 square miles, of Ashanti, 24,560, of the Northern Territories, 30,600, and of the British mandated territory of Togoland, 13,040.

The Colony is inhabited by a large number of tribes, whose customs and forms of government are of a more or less similar character. Each tribe has its own head chief and every town or village of the tribe a chief or headman.

The head chiefs and chiefs form the council of the tribe, and assist in dealing with matters affecting its general welfare. The succession to the chiefs' stools is for the most part in the female line, the heir to the stool being selected from among the sons of the occupant's sisters, his brothers and the male off-spring of his aunts on the father's side.

The principal sea coast tribes are the following:—Apollonia, Ahanta, Shama, Komenda, Elmina, Cape Coast or Fanti, Winneba, Assin Gomoa, Ga, Adangme, Awuna, Agbosome and Aflao.

In the interior of the Colony the principal tribes are:—Aowin, upper and lower Wasaw, Sefwi, upper and lower Denkera, Tufel, Aasen, Esikuma, Ajumako, Akim Abuakwa, and Akim Kotoku, Akwapim, eastern and western Krobo, Akwamu, Krepi, Shai and Ningo.

* For map of part of West Africa, including Gold Coast and Nigeria, see under Nigeria.

A number of different languages and dialects are spoken, the principal being, Twi, Fanti, Ewe and Ga; but the use of English is widespread.

For the purposes of administration the Colony is divided into three provinces, each presided over by a Provincial Commissioner. These Provinces are further divided into districts, presided over by District Commissioners. Most of these Officers perform judicial duties as magistrates in addition to being in administrative charge of their districts. The districts are as follows:—

1. Western province:—Districts—Axim, Ankobra, Tarkwa, Sekondi-Dixcove, Sefwi and Aowin.
2. Central province:—Districts—Cape Coast, Saltpond, Winneba, Western Akim.
3. Eastern province:—Districts—Accra, New Juaben, Akwapim, Volta River, Keta-Ada, Akim-Abuakwa, Kwahu, Ho (Togoland).

History.

It is said that as early as the reign of Edward I. (1272-1307) English navigators made voyages to the Gold Coast, and that a hundred years later French adventurers reached the coast, who, about 1364, built several lodges or forts, one being at Elmina, parts of which are supposed to have been subsequently incorporated in the present castle there. No definite evidence however exists to support these claims, although it is quite possible they are both correct; indeed, the natives until quite recently used to point out a hill near Takoradi as the site of a French fort built there many years ago. For our earliest knowledge of the Gold Coast we are indebted to the Portuguese navigators of the later years of the 14th and first part of the 15th centuries. They had been slowly extending their voyages down the West Coast of Africa, and it is recorded that in 1471 Juan de Santerem and Pedro d'Escobar traded for gold in the neighbourhood of Elmina or Chama. They made the first European settlement eleven years later, when an expedition under Diego d'Azumbuja built and garrisoned the fort San Jorge da Mina (Elmina), the materials for which he brought with him from Portugal. Several other settlements were founded, and the country was claimed for the King of Portugal by virtue of a Papal Bull granted in 1430, which gave to Portugal all the islands already discovered and all future discoveries in Guinea. This Bull was confirmed a few years after the foundation of Elmina by Pope Sixtus IV. The Portuguese remained in undisputed possession for over fifty years until British merchant adventurers commenced trading on the coast, the earliest voyages of which records remain being those of Thomas Windham and Antonio Aneis Pinteado, in 1553, John Lok, in 1554, and William Towerson, in 1555, 1556 and 1558. The British made no settlements at this time and their trade soon lapsed altogether until the early years of the 17th century. The Dutch, however, who made their first appearance on the coast in 1590, rapidly became serious rivals of the Portuguese and practically terminated their occupation by capturing Elmina in 1637, and Fort St. Anthony at Axim in 1642. After the activities of the Elizabethan sailors and merchant companies had come to an end, the English connection with the Gold Coast was revived by the efforts of a series of merchant companies, the first of which, called the "Company of Adventurers of London trading into Africa" was founded in 1618, but did not enjoy a successful career. Another company was formed in 1631, which established the first British fort on the coast at Kormantin, and lodges at

several other places. This company was engaged in the slave trade, as were also the other European nations. Its charter was renewed in 1651, but in 1662 a new company was incorporated as the "Company of Royal Adventurers of England trading to Africa." Settlements were formed at Anomabu, Accra, and at Cabo Corso (Cape Coast), at which place the castle was built about this time by the English, although the Portuguese probably had a lodge there earlier. Three other European nations succeeded in acquiring territories on the Gold Coast, viz.:—The Swedes, the Brandenburgers, and the Danes. The first-mentioned built the fort of Christiansborg, near Accra about 1645, but were driven out by the Danes in 1657, and retired from the Coast. The Brandenburgers established "Fort Great Fredericksburg" at Princes River in 1683, and "Fort Dorothea" at Akwida in 1685, but their enterprise does not seem to have been prosecuted with much vigour, and was finally abandoned in 1720, their possessions falling into the hands of the Dutch. The Danes, however, after first selling the Fort at Christiansborg to the Portuguese, and re-buying it three years later, rapidly improved their position, building forts at several stations to the East of Accra, as far as Ada and Keta, and exercising a kind of Protectorate over Akwapim, and the Volta River district.

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In 1824, the Governor of Sierra Leone, Sir Charles Macarthy, on visiting Cape Coast Castle, found the neighbouring country of the Fantis in possession of the Ashantis. He formed the resolution or inciting the Fantis against their oppressors, and led an army of them, with a few disciplined soldiers, against the Ashantis at Insamankow, where, on the 24th of January, 1824, he was killed, and his force totally routed.

The war which ensued was ended by the victory of the English at Dodowa, near Accra, in 1826.

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Hitherto the forts of the various nations were intermixed with each other, and there was no defined limit as to where the influence of one or the other began or ended. The imposition of Customs duties was rendered difficult, if not impossible, by the existence of the free ports of a rival nation within a stone's throw, as it were, of the duty ports. On the 24th of January, 1850, by Letters Patent, the Settlements on the Gold Coast ceased to be dependencies of Sierra Leone, and in the same year, by the purchase of the forts and protectorate of the Danes, the Coast line from Christiansborg to Keta and the districts of Shai, eastern and western Krobo, Akwapim, Akwamu, and Krepi, were acquired by England. By a Commission dated the 19th February, 1866, the Gold Coast Settlements were reunited to the Colony of Sierra Leone under one Governor-in-Chief. In 1867, a convention was made with the Dutch by which the portion of the Coast lying to the west of the Sweet River, which flows into the sea between Cape Coast and Elmina, was allotted to Holland, England taking all the territory to the east of the river, and a customs union between the two nations was established. The Dutch, however, found many difficulties in the way of their occupation of the forts and possessions received from the English in exchange for those of their own lying to the East of the boundary line. The native tribes refused to recognise their authority, and the prospect before them was that of a long series of petty wars with no reasonable hope of profit to be gained in the future. The result was the convention made between England and Holland in 1871, by which the Dutch transferred all their forts and possessions on the Coast to the English, and Great Britain obtained at last the sole sovereignty and control of the territory from Half-Asinie to Aflao. The forts were transferred on the 6th of April, 1872. The present extent and limits of the colony are defined in the Order in Council of 1906.

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The Municipal Corporations Ordinance passed in 1924 provides for elected municipal councils and abolishes the official majority which was a feature of former municipal councils. This law comes into operation when applied to a particular municipality by Order-in-Council.

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The Mark System is applied to convicts sentenced to two years and over.

Climate.

The climate, though hot and damp, is cooler than that of most tropical countries situated in similar latitudes. It is not in itself unhealthy; but the prevalence of mosquito-borne diseases demands the taking of all possible precautions. The exact death rate among the non-official European population is difficult to ascertain, but the rate per 1,000 is believed to have been 9.44 in the financial year 1926-27. Among the European officials the death rate per 1,000 was 2.87 during the same period. No data are at hand for estimating the death rate among the natives. Infant mortality is great. The rainfall varies with the physical configuration of the country, and is very heavy in Axim and the mining districts of Tarkwa, Upper and Lower Wasaw, etc. The rainy season is irregular and not clearly defined, but it may perhaps be said that the "first rains" begin in March and end in July; the "latter rains" are spread over the months of September and October. The rainy season is marked by a considerable fall in temperature, which is found to be refreshing to many Europeans, but proves trying to some. The

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Harmattan season begins in December and ends in February. It is characterised by a cool wind which is dry and bracing.

The maximum shade temperature in 1926 was:—At Accra 84°7' F., at Sekondi 84°8' F., at Kumasi 80°1' F., and at Tamale 93°7' F. The rainfall in inches at those towns in 1926, was 16·13, 37·23, 56·81, and 44·45 respectively.

MAIL AND STEAMSHIP SERVICES.

The African Steamship Company and the British and African Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., are under contract with the Postmaster-General for conveyance of His Majesty's mails between Liverpool and the West and South-West coasts of Africa.

Regular sailings are maintained between Liverpool and West African ports for mails, passengers and cargo. There are regular sailings from London.

A Mail Steamer of these Companies leaves Liverpool for Lagos once a fortnight, calling at Sekondi and Accra, the usual length of voyage being 14 to 15 days, and once a month for Calabar.

Cargo Steamers are despatched weekly from Liverpool, and twice monthly from London, calling at the principal Gold Coast Ports. Length of voyage varies from 20 to 25 days. The London steamers call occasionally at Cardiff.

Cargo Steamers are despatched monthly, or as inducement offers, from New York, calling at the principal Gold Coast Ports outwards and homewards. Length of voyage varies from 30 to 35 days.

Cargo Steamers are despatched from Hamburg thrice monthly, calling at Rotterdam and Antwerp for the principal Gold Coast Ports. Length of voyage varies from 20 to 30 days.

Cargo Steamers are despatched monthly or as inducement offers, from Canada, calling at Sierra Leone outwards and frequently at Gold Coast Ports homewards. Length of voyage about 25 days.

Elder Dempster & Co., Ltd., act as managers for these two companies and the Agents in the Colony are the West African Lighterage and Transport Co., Ltd.

Mail Steamers of Chargeurs Réunis Line, sailing from Bordeaux, call at Accra and Sekondi on the homeward trip for passengers and cargo once a month. Local Agents:—F. & A. Swanzy Ltd., Lighterage Department.

Cargo Steamers of Compagnie C. Fabre and Compagnie Fraissinet, sailing from Marseilles, call frequently outwards and homewards at Gold Coast Ports. Local Agents:—F. & A. Swanzy, Ltd., Lighterage Department.

Cargo Steamers of the Société Navale de l'Ouest sail monthly from Hamburg, Antwerp, Havre and Bordeaux through the principal Gold Coast Ports down to Matadi. Homewards they call at all continental ports as inducement offers. Local Agents:—Anglo-Guinea Produce Co., Ltd.

Cargo Steamers of the Roma Società di Navigazione sail once every month from Trieste, Genoa, Marseilles and Barcelona, through Gold Coast Ports to Duala. Homewards they call at all continental ports optionally. Local Agents:—Anglo-Guinea Produce Co., Ltd.

Cargo Steamers of the Navigazione Libera Triestina Line sailing from Venice, Trieste, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles and Barcelona, call at the principal Gold Coast Ports once every month. Local Agents:—Anglo-Guinea Produce Co., Ltd.

Cargo Steamers of the Bull Line are despatched every three weeks from New York and monthly from the Gulf of Mexico, calling at the principal Gold Coast Ports. Length of voyage 30 to 35 days. Local Agents:—Messrs. F. and A. Swanzy, Ltd., Lighterage Department.

The Holland West Afrika Lijn, Amsterdam, maintain freight and passenger services from Hamburg, Amsterdam and Bordeaux to the West African Ports. The Lagos River Express leaves Hamburg and Amsterdam once a month and calls at Sekondi and Accra. Length of voyage varies from 20 to 23 days.

The Gold Coast Benin Express leave Hamburg and Amsterdam once a month through Gold Coast Ports down to Nigeria. Homewards they leave Accra on the 15th of every month and reach Amsterdam on the 3rd or 4th of the following month. Cargo Steamers of this Line are despatched from Hamburg, Amsterdam and Bordeaux to the principal Gold Coast Ports four times in a month. Length of voyage about three to four weeks. Local Agents:—West African Shipping Agency and Lighterage Company.

Mail and Passenger Steamers of the Woermann Line (German Africa Service) leave Hamburg on the 3rd of every month, via Southampton, and go as far as Fernando Po, calling at Sekondi and Accra on the 23rd and 24th of the same month. Homewards they call at Accra and Sekondi on the 7th and 8th of the following month and reach Hamburg via Southampton and Boulogne on the 26th. Cargo Steamers of this Line leave Hamburg on the 15th, 20th and 28th of every month and go as far as (a) Cameroons and Spanish Guinea (b) Oilivers (c) Benin-District. They call at the Gold Coast Ports (a) on the 5th (b) 14th/18th (c) 21st/30th of the following month. Local Agents:—F. & A. Swanzy, Ltd., Lighterage Department.

Harbours.

The Gold Coast has always been at a great disadvantage, in that it possesses no deep water harbour. Jetties have been built at Sekondi, but owing to the continuous silting up of the harbour they cannot be used to their full capacity. At Accra a breakwater and jetty have also been constructed, but here again the silting difficulty prevents the use of anything except surf boats.

A harbour is now in course of construction at Takoradi, near Sekondi, which will provide still-water anchorage close to the shore, and berths alongside for three ships. The scheme admits of future extensions whereby three more berths (and, if necessary, another pier with eight berths) could be provided. It is expected that the harbour will be opened to shipping during 1928.

Internal Communications.

Railway communication now consists of a main line running from Sekondi to Kumasi thence to Accra, a distance of 362 miles, with branches, Inchaban Junction to Inchaban (4 miles), Tarkwa to Prestea (18 miles) and Huni Valley to Kade (98 miles). All these lines are 3' 6" gauge. There is a branch line Accra to Weehang (Accra Water Works), 10 miles in length, which is 2' 6" gauge.

The railway revenue for the year 1926-27 was 1,156,453*l.* and the working expenditure was 572,882*l.* The total number of miles open for traffic on the 31st March, 1927, was 475, and the capital cost 8,297,938*l.*

The mileage of motor roads maintained by the Public Works Department is 1,689 miles, as follows:—

PROVINCE.	Gravel Roads, Miles.	Tar-met Roads, Miles.	Total Miles.
Eastern and Togoland	316	91	407
Central	372	101	473
Western	250	15	265
Ashanti	152	119	271
Northern Territories	273	Nil.	273
	<u>1,363</u>	<u>326</u>	<u>1,689</u>

The mileage of metalled and tarred roads has been increased to 326 miles. In addition to the 1,689 miles of motor roads which are under the control of the Public Works Department, there are some 3,815 miles of motorable roads which have been constructed and are maintained by the Chiefs. These roads are all motorable during the dry season and have opened up the country in all directions to motor traffic, and ferries have been installed and bridges built whenever necessary.

The principal waterway is the Volta River, which rises in the Kong Mountains, and flows into the sea at Ada, after a course of 200 miles. It is navigable for light draught launches as far as Akuse, and, with the exception of the Krachi rapids, can be used for canoe traffic during certain seasons of the year as far as Yeji. The Ankobra River has been largely used for transport purposes to the mines in the Prestea and Himan Districts, and is navigable for many months of the year by surf-boats and light draught launches for a distance of 50 miles. The Tano, connected with Half Assinie, by the main lagoon, and by a tramway, three miles in length, is navigable for light draught launches and canoes as far as Tanoso, a distance of about 60 miles.

Rapids at Sutri prevent this river being further utilised.

The old canoe ferry over the Volta at Senkye has been replaced by a stern wheel ferry capable of taking the largest cars and lorries.

The Government maintains a Motor Transport Service, which operates in centres where vehicles provided by private enterprise are unobtainable or more costly than a Government owned fleet. The headquarters is at Accra, with branches at Sekondi and Kumasi. The department also handles Government cargo and officials' baggage and stores arriving by sea and arranges the coastwise shipping of Government personnel and stores between ports within the Colony.

In addition to their departmental duties, the officers of the Transport Department assist in carrying out the provisions of the Motor Traffic Ordinance by acting as Testing and Certifying Officers.

Medical Facilities.

European medical attendance can be obtained at all the principal centres of the Colony and Ashanti. In the Northern Territories a European hospital has been built at Tamale.

In many places where no medical officer is stationed, village dispensaries under the supervision of the nearest medical officer have been established.

New stations are being opened and several stations which were closed during the war re-opened.

The Gold Coast Hospital which was opened at Accra in October, 1923, and which is entirely modern in its equipment, and up-to-date in its methods, does excellent and steadily increasing work and continues to grow in popularity with the native community.

This hospital contains 198 beds and 18 cots, which are nearly always occupied and has an out-patient department which treats an average of 140 cases daily. The surgical work of the hospital is especially heavy, as many as 87 major operations having been performed in one month, in addition to very numerous minor operations and daily dressings.

Sanitation.

Sanitation is a branch of the Medical Department controlled by a Deputy Director of Sanitary Services who is responsible to the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.

Medical Officers of Health are stationed in the larger ports and towns in the Colony and in Kumasi; but all medical officers are charged with public health duties in their respective districts.

The infant mortality rate is high, the figures for Accra for the year 1926-27 being 124 per 1,000 births.

Infant Welfare Clinics, in charge of women medical officers, have been established at Accra and Sekondi, and medical inspection of school children is systematically carried out.

Posts and Telegraphs.

The mails exchanged fortnightly between the Colony and other British Colonies on the West Coast and the United Kingdom are carried by the steamers of the British and African Steam Navigation Company and of the African Steamship Company. Mails are exchanged overland with the French sphere of Togoland and with the French Ivory Coast; and direct mails from Hamburg are received monthly.

There are 62 post offices and 145 postal agencies, the distribution being effected principally by rail and motor. When this is impossible a runner service is employed. The rate for letter (1 oz.) within the Empire is 1d., to the United States of America, 1½d., elsewhere, 3d.

There are 4,230 miles of telegraph line wire serving all the principal centres. The rate is 1/- for 12 words, and 1d. per word in excess of 12.

There are 830 miles of overhead line and 735 miles of underground cable circuits in use by telephone subscribers at the various exchanges throughout the Colony.

The trunk telephony system consists of 2,340 miles of double wire line linking up the following exchanges:—Accra, Akuse, Bekwai, Axim, Cape Coast, Dodowa, Dunkwa, Koforidua, Kpong, Kumasi, Mampong (Ashanti), Mangoase, Nkwakaw, Neawam, Obuasi, Sekondi, Huni Valley, Tarkwa, Winneba, Saltpond, Swedru, Ada, Ho, Somanya, Tamale, Salaga, Sunyani; and Call Offices at Aburi, Accra-beach, Akropong, Anomabu, Anyinam, Apam, Dixoeve, Rfiduasi, Elmina, Foso, Huhunia, Juaso, Kwanyako, Duakwa, Nsaba, Nyakrom, Oda, Otrokpe, Pakro, Shama, Tafo, Kibi, Yeji, Akrokeri, Senchi, Peki, Suhum, Asuboi, Denu, Atuabo, Newtown, Half Assini.

There are about 1,200 telephones including those in Government offices in operation.

Further extensions to the telephone system are in progress.

Parcel Post despatches are exchanged direct with the United Kingdom and with other British Colonies in West Africa. Parcels for other countries are forwarded through the United Kingdom.

British Imperial Postal Orders are issued and paid in the Colony, and both an inland and a foreign Money Order system is in operation.

A coastal radiotelegraph station at Accra transmits radiotelegrams at 9d. per word.

The Eastern Telegraph Company transmits messages by cable to any part of the world from Accra.

Education.

Education in this Colony has hitherto largely been and is now to a still greater extent, aided and controlled by Government, and all schools are open to inspection by officers of the Education Department. On the 1st January, 1927, a new Education Ordinance came into operation, the more important of its provisions having as their aim the compulsory registration of all teachers and the awarding of definite incrementally graded salaries according to the qualifications possessed by Africans engaged in teaching.

Other effects will be to raise the quality of instruction in the schools by the payment of grant according to the efficiency of the teachers in them, and the protection of children against "instruction" by well-meaning but ignorant persons under conditions which seriously militate against health and right progress.

Apart from a large number of non-aided primary schools, many of which will automatically close under the new Ordinance, there are seventeen Government Schools and 221 Assisted Schools in the Colony and Ashanti. The latest figures show that these Government and Assisted Primary Schools had an enrolment of 32,461 pupils, of whom 6,779 were girls.

The largest of the Missions working in these territories is the Presbyterian Mission, with 96 Assisted Schools, followed next in order of size by the Wesleyan Mission with 48 Assisted Schools.

In addition to the Government Primary Schools, there are the Accra Government Technical School, and three Junior Trade Schools in different parts of the country which are all boarding schools established by Government for the purpose of giving instruction in the more common building and engineering trades with simple literary and technological training.

There are also training schools controlled by the departments concerned, e.g., Posts and Telegraphs, Agriculture and Forestry, and Surveys, where pupils are trained, being paid a salary while undergoing instruction.

Teachers intended for Government Service and certain others receive free board and instruction at the Accra Government Training College. Since January, 1926, the work of this College has been carried on by members of the Prince of Wales's College, Achimota.

Teachers and Ministers are also trained at Wesley College, Kumasi, and at the Presbyterian Training College at Akropong, Akwapim.

There are two residential Secondary Schools at Cape Coast, both of which are Government-aided, one being under the Wesleyan Mission and the other under the English Church Mission local authority.

The Roman Catholic, English Church, Wesleyan and Presbyterian Missions each have residential Girls' Schools, in which literary and domestic training is given.

Educational policy in the Northern Territories of the Gold Coast has, since the 1st April, 1926, been separated from that of the Colony proper, in order that the special needs and difficulties arising with a people who are only just beginning to come much into contact with other peoples of the Gold Coast, may receive due and proper consideration.

The Prince of Wales' College, Achimota, near Accra, of which the Kindergarten and Lower Primary Departments were opened in January, 1927, while the Upper Primary and Secondary classes are to commence in 1928, forms a separate Government Department, and is to provide a complete course of instruction for boys and girls from the Kindergarten stage up to the standard of the London Intermediate Examination. It is hoped that eventually it will become a University, granting degrees of its own. It will be entirely a boarding school, and while open to pupils of all nationalities and religions, will be based on the teaching of the Christian faith. The usual primary and secondary school subjects will be taught, with arts and science, and there will be agricultural, manual and domestic training and an engineering school. The College will also train teachers for Government and Assisted Schools. All teaching in the College is to be based on a vernacular foundation, and in the lowest classes instruction will be given in four African languages. An effort will be made throughout to keep local conditions in view.

Currency and Banking.

Prior to 1912 and 1913 the currency consisted chiefly of British gold (comparatively rare), silver and copper. In 1912, subsidiary nickel-bronze coins (1d., ½d. and ¼d. pieces) were introduced, and in 1913 a special silver currency common to all the British West African Colonies of the same weight and fineness as the corresponding British coins. The coins issued are 2s., 1s., 6d. and 3d. pieces. Owing to the great increase in the demand for currency and the difficulties in obtaining adequate supplies, it was found necessary in 1915 to make British Treasury Notes legal tender, and in 1916 special West African Currency Notes were introduced. 20s. and 10s. Notes are the only values now in circulation, 5s., 2s. and 1s. Notes having been withdrawn. In 1920, owing to the rapid disappearance of silver coins, an alloy coinage was introduced of the same denominations as the silver coins and silver has now practically been withdrawn from circulation. The special West Africa silver and alloy currency and the West African Currency Notes are under the management of the West African Currency Board and are secured by sterling securities held by the Board. Current British gold and silver coins, British 20s. and 10s. Treasury Notes, West African Currency silver and alloy coins, West African Currency Notes, and West Africa nickel-bronze coins are all legal tender.

The Bank of British West Africa, Limited, opened at Accra on the 1st January, 1897, and now has branches at all the principal business centres in the Colony.

The Colonial Bank (now Barclay's Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd.) began business at Accra in 1917, and branches have

now been opened at other centres. Both Banks have a savings department. In 1883, a Government Savings Bank was established which is now under Post Office management. On 31st March, 1927, the amount to the credit of depositors was 77,636*l*.

Accounts are kept in sterling.

Population.

The first attempt to take a census was made in 1891 which, however, covered the Colony only. Since then a census has been made at ten-year intervals, viz.:—1901, 1911 and 1921. Except in 1901, the whole of Ashanti and the Northern Territories have been included. In a country such as the Gold Coast, imperfect communications and lack of education make the holding of a complete census a matter of great difficulty and even now the figures cannot be considered absolutely accurate.

The resident population on census day, 1921, was as follows:—

The Colony	1,174,971
Ashanti	408,640
Northern Territories	530,391
	<hr/>
	2,112,002

Of this total, 2,384 were non-Africans, the majority being British. The population of the British sphere of Togoland was 187,959, of whom 20 were non-Africans. The grand total therefore for the area administered by the Gold Coast Government was 2,299,961. There was also a maritime population of 1,528 in the various harbours on census day.

The African population of the chief towns was as follows:—

Accra	38,049
Kumasi	23,694
Cape Coast	14,921
Keta	9,839
Sekondi	9,500
Teshi	7,604
Winneba	6,980
Saltpond	6,342
Nswam	6,143
Asamankese	5,413
Koforidua	5,364

Trade and Industries.

The chief products of the Colony are cocoa, gold and manganese. Palm oil, palm kernels, lumber, kola and copra are also shipped.

The cultivation of cocoa was started in Akwapim in 1879, and exports in 1891 realised 4*l*. Coffee at that time fetched a fair price, and it was not until 1898, when the price for the latter article fell so low as to make its cultivation at any distance from the coast unremunerative, that attention was paid to cocoa. Since that year the cocoa industry has made rapid strides. In 1900 the value exported was 27,280*l*., in 1918, 1,796,985*l*., and in 1920, 10,066,298*l*. In 1921, although the value fell considerably to 4,764,067*l*., the quantity of cocoa exported exceeded the 1920 export by 8,422 tons. In 1923 197,664 tons, valued at 6,566,973*l*; in 1924, 223,329 tons, valued at 7,249,878*l*; in 1925, 218,151 tons, valued at 8,222,263*l*; and in 1926, 230,840 tons, valued at 9,181,235*l*. were exported respectively. There is a tax of $\frac{1}{2}$ of a penny per lb. on cocoa exported.

Gold has been exported from the Gold Coast more or less continuously since the discovery of

the country by Europeans in the fifteenth century. Up to 1874, however, the industry was almost entirely in the hands of the natives. The first company for gold mining in West Africa was founded in 1874, but did little beyond exploration. A second company, formed in 1879, engaged in mining operations in the neighbourhood of Tarkuash, and from that year the progress of mining enterprise is indicated by the rapid increase in the exports of gold bars, the result of European operations, as compared with those of gold dust, the produce of native mining. In 1899 there was a very remarkable development of the mining industry, which, though checked for a while by the disturbances in Ashanti, received a fresh impetus from the passing of the Concessions Ordinance in 1900, the progress of the railway, and general improvement in means of transport.

Gold is widely diffused throughout the Colony, Ashanti, and some parts of the Northern Territories, in quartz and alluvial deposits, while in Wassaw there is good conglomerate or banket formation which is now reported to extend to the Birrim District in the Eastern Province. The rivers are said to be rich in alluvial deposits. From the year 1903 (the first in which reliable statistics of production were kept) to 1921, the gold produced in the colony and Ashanti amounted to 5,062,267 fine ozs., valued at 21,504,750*l*. The highest annual production was in 1914, viz.:—410,655 fine ozs., valued at 1,744,498*l*. In 1925 the value of gold and gold dust exported was 840,525*l*.; in 1926, gold, valued 850,042*l*. Bitumen is found along the banks of the river Bonni, in Apollonia and the stream Akyikyiri, flowing into the Ehi lagoon near Half Assinie. Extensive deposits of Bauxite exist, the most important being situated near Mpraeso in the Kwahu district where a large quantity of high grade ore has been located. In the Eastern Province near Kibbi, diamonds have been found, and the alluvial is being worked. The diamond exports in 1925 were 77,313 carats, valued at 98,760*l*; in 1926, 299,835 carats, valued at 362,833*l*. Small diamonds have also been found in other localities.

Manganese exists in large quantities close to the railway line about 33 miles from the port of Sekondi, and the shipments of this ore reached 338,657 tons in 1925, and 344,933 tons in 1926. New machinery is being installed at the mines, which is expected to raise the capacity for output to between 360,000 and 400,000 tons per annum. With the provision of proper shipping facilities at the port of Takoradi, now under construction, manganese will improve its position as one of the Colony's most valuable exports.

The trade in products of the oil-palm has suffered severely in the last quarter of a century from the competition of cocoa, and except in certain localities, notably the Volta River District, the farming of this kind of produce is neglected. The potential wealth of the Gold Coast oil-palm however is great, and every encouragement is given to the chiefs to start new plantations.

13,656,162 lbs. of Kola were exported by sea during 1925, almost entirely to Nigeria; in 1926, 12,470,025 lbs. of Kola Nuts, valued at 259,479*l*. Kola is also exported overland in a northerly direction but statistics of this trade cannot be kept.

An experimental sisal hemp plantation was started by Government in 1920 near Accra for the purpose of demonstrating to the people scientific

methods of cultivating and harvesting this plant in order to induce them to take up the industry. The first shipment, of about 10 tons, was made in October, 1924, whilst the total for the year was 86 tons. The fibre is of good quality and can be prepared and shipped at present prices with a large margin of profit. The exports of the commodity in 1925, amounted to 176 tons, valued at 6,995*l*; in 1926, 456 tons, valued at 18,196*l*.

The values of the following exports for 1926 were:—

	Value.
Cocoa	£9,181,235
Raw Gold	850,042
Manganese Ore	684,852
Kola Nuts	259,479
Lumber	213,928
Palm Kernels	125,556
Palm Oil	52,283
Copra	33,482
Diamonds	362,833

The first in value of the imports in 1926 was cotton piecegoods, followed by Railway Plant and rolling stock, and silk goods, but there is a steady demand for provisions, hardware, machinery, oils, motor spirits, flour, illuminating oils, building materials, cement and lime, soap, bags and sacks, spirits and malt liquors. The use of motor transport is rapidly extending in the colony; in 1925, the number of motor cars and lorries imported was 1,291; in 1926, 1,453.

Native manufactures are insignificant. Cloths are woven in many parts of the country, for the most part of English spun yarn, but in the northern districts occasionally of thread manufactured from the indigenous cotton plant. Narrow strips of four to six inches are woven on a rough hand loom, and stitched together to make clothes of various sizes. Gold and brass are worked by native smiths; canoes are made on the coast rivers; pottery for domestic purposes is made by hand, and wood-carving is done chiefly in Ashanti and Kwahu. Salt is roughly prepared from the lagoons between Accra and Quittah, and sent up country to the markets of the Northern Territories. Fishing is extensively carried on along the coast, and large quantities of sun-dried fish are sent to the villages and markets of the interior.

ASHANTI.

Ashanti is inhabited by a large number of confederated tribes, the principal of which are the Bekwais, Adansis, Kokofus, Nkwantas, Kumasis, Agunas, Mampons, Nuntas, Kumawus, Bompats, Juabins and Ejisus. Each tribe has its own Head Chief, but from time immemorial the King of Kumasi was recognised as the King paramount of the Confederation.

In 1873 the King of Ashanti invaded the British Protectorate with a large army, and reached Elmina, where he was entirely defeated by the British forces under Colonel (afterwards Sir) Francis Festing. Later in the year Captain (afterwards Sir) John Glover was sent to the eastern districts of the Protectorate to organise the tribes in that quarter, for a flank movement against the Ashanti territory. At the same time Sir Garnet, (afterwards Viscount) Wolseley was despatched to the Gold Coast, with British and West Indian troops, native levies, and some seamen and marines, to operate against the Ashantis, starting from Cape

Coast. On the 31st of January, 1874, he came into general engagement with the enemy at Amoafu, where he drove them from their position after desperate resistance. The next four days were employed continuously in fighting, until, on the evening of the 4th of February, the British force entered Kumasi. The King had fled to the bush. A few days later Sir John Glover also reached Kumasi. On the 13th, messengers sent by the King concluded a peace with Sir Garnet Wolseley at Fomana, which was afterwards signed with a pencil cross by King Kofi. By the Treaty of Fomana, the King of Ashanti renounced all claims on the Protectorate, promised to protect traders, to abandon human sacrifices, and to pay an indemnity of 50,000 ozs. of gold.

In 1894 Prempeh, who was then King of Kumasi, and had successfully fought against the Nkoranzas, who had revolted against his rule, threatened to attack the Atebusus. This attack was averted by the despatch of a force under Sir Francis Scott, and an ultimatum was then sent to Prempeh warning him not to enter British territory, and suggesting that he should acquiesce in the establishment of a Residency at Kumasi. No definite reply to this suggestion could be obtained, and a military expedition accordingly proceeded to Kumasi, to compel compliance with the demands of Her Majesty's Government. The expedition, under the command of Sir Francis Scott, entered Kumasi without resistance, January, 1896. Prempeh made submission, but, failing to comply with the terms dictated, was brought to the coast as a political prisoner and lodged in Elmina Castle, whence he was eventually deported to the Seychelles. A Resident was at the same time installed at Kumasi, and thus commenced an entirely new departure in the relations of the Gold Coast Colony with Ashanti.

In 1900 the Governor visited Kumasi, and was there besieged by the Ashantis, the town being closely invested. Provisions ran short, and a part of the garrison, with the Governor, cut their way out; the rest were relieved by Colonel (afterwards Sir J.) Willcocks, commanding the Ashanti Field Force, on 15th July, after severe fighting. The Ashantis were subsequently thoroughly routed at Abuosu.

An Order of the King in Council, dated September 26th, 1901, defined the boundaries of Ashanti, annexed it to His Majesty's Dominions, and provided for its administration under the Governor of the Gold Coast. Ashanti is under a Chief Commissioner, with Commissioners of Provinces and Districts under him. By a subsequent Order in Council of the 22nd of October, 1906, the boundaries between the Colony and Ashanti, and between Ashanti and the Northern Territories, were re-adjusted and defined, with due regard to tribal lands and natural features.

Ashanti is now divided into two provinces, the Eastern with headquarters at Kumasi and the Western with headquarters at Sunyani. Each of these is subdivided into districts under a District Commissioner who exercises limited jurisdiction; as does also a Police Magistrate in the town of Kumasi.

In 1919 a Circuit Judge was appointed for Ashanti. This officer relieves the Chief Commissioner of practically all judicial work except civil cases and matters in which native customary law is applicable.

The peaceful relations which, under the auspices of the Gold Coast Government, have existed for many years now between the Ashantis

and the neighbouring tribes have been signified by not infrequent petitions emanating from the Gold Coast Colony as well as from Ashanti for the return from exile of Prempeh, the former Chief of Kumasi. The confidence felt by the Government of the Gold Coast in the loyalty of the Ashanti people led to the granting of this request in 1924, and to approval being given in 1926 of his election by his people as Omanhene or Head Chief of the Kumasi tribe.

THE NORTHERN TERRITORIES.

In 1897 the territories to the north of Ashanti were constituted a separate district with the title of "The Northern Territories," and placed in charge of a Commissioner, and a grant-in-aid of the expenditure in the Northern Territories was voted by Parliament.

Major H. P. Northcott was appointed Commissioner and Commandant of these territories, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. The negotiations between the British and French Governments for the settlement of territorial questions in West Africa, which had been suspended in 1896, were resumed in October, 1897; and on 14th June, 1898, after a period of considerable tension in consequence of the proximity of the British and French forces in the disputed territories, a Convention was signed at Paris with a proviso that it should be ratified within six (subsequently extended to twelve) months. By this Convention the boundary between the Gold Coast and the French Colony of the Ivory Coast, which had only been settled in 1889, as far as the 9th parallel of north latitude, was continued northwards along the course of the Black Volta River to the 11th parallel, and it was then drawn along the 11th parallel with a deflection to the north in the neighbourhood of Mamprusi, until it met the Franco-German boundary of 1897. The effect of the Anglo-French Convention of 14th June, 1898, was to leave Bona, Lobi, and Moshi to France, while Dagati, Wa, Mamprusi, and the southern portion of Grunshi were included in the British sphere.

On 14th November, 1899, an agreement was concluded with Germany for the partition of the "neutral zone." This partition assigned Salaga to Great Britain, and Yendi to Germany, and to the north of the zone gave Mamprusi to the former and Chakosi to the latter.

Survey operations were undertaken by Anglo-French and Anglo-German Commissions during 1901-2, for the delimitation of those portions of the boundaries which had not yet been settled.

By the demarcation on the ground of the Anglo-German boundary between the Trans-Volta District and the adjoining Colony of Togo; of the Anglo-German boundary north of the 9th parallel of north latitude; and of the Anglo-French boundary along the 11th parallel of north latitude, all the frontiers of the Colony, Ashanti and the Northern Territories have now been exactly defined.

Provision was made for the administration of the Northern Territories under the Gold Coast Government by an Order of the King in Council of 26th September, 1901, and by an Administrative Ordinance of January 1st, 1902, the Northern Territories were placed under a Chief Commissioner, and divided into the White Volta, Black Volta, Kintampo and Gonja Districts with headquarters at Gambaga, Wa, Kintampo and Salaga.

By proclamation of 30th Dec., 1922, the country was re-divided as follows:—

Northern Province, consisting of the districts of Northern Mamprusi; Kusasi (Protectorate Section of), Southern Mamprusi (Protectorate Section of), Lawra-Tumu and Wa.

Southern Province, consisting of Western Dagamba, Eastern Gonja (Protectorate Section of), and Western Gonja.

The Districts are presided over by Commissioners, who are responsible to the Chief Commissioner and have Courts of Justice, with appeal to the Chief Commissioner at Tamale.

By Order in Council, of the 22nd of October, 1906, the boundaries between the Northern Territories and Ashanti were re-adjusted and defined.

An important step was taken with regard to the Government of this Protectorate by replacing, with effect from the 1st of January, 1907, the former semi-military administration by a staff of Civil District and Assistant District Commissioners, and by establishing new stations. Simultaneously, the 2nd Battalion of the Gold Coast Regiment was disbanded and a force of armed constabulary substituted therefor.

In 1920 the Circuit Judge, Ashanti, was appointed to exercise in the Northern Territories powers similar to those which he exercises in Ashanti.

THE BRITISH SPHERE OF TOGO-LAND.

The former German protectorate of Togoland is situated on the Gulf of Guinea, bounded on the east by Dahomey and on the west by the Gold Coast and its Protectorates. The actual coast-line lies between 1° 45' and 1° 14' W. longitude, the frontiers, however, especially on the west, opening out considerably. The total area is about 36,500 square miles.

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Four *parlers* then took place between Sir Hugh Clifford, governor of the Gold Coast, and M. Noufflard, governor of Dahomey, as the result

methods of cultivating and harvesting this plant in order to induce them to take up the industry. The first shipment, of about 10 tons, was made in October, 1924, whilst the total for the year was 86 tons. The fibre is of good quality and can be prepared and shipped at present prices with a large margin of profit. The exports of the commodity in 1925, amounted to 176 tons, valued at 6,995; in 1926, 456 tons, valued at 18,196.

The values of the following exports for 1926 were:—

	Value.
Cocoa	£9,181,235
Raw Gold	850,042
Manganese Ore	684,852
Kola Nuts	259,479
Lumber	213,928
Palm Kernels	125,556
Palm Oil	52,283
Copra	33,482
Diamonds	362,833

The first in value of the imports in 1926 was cotton piecegoods, followed by Railway Plant and rolling stock, and silk goods, but there is a steady demand for provisions, hardware, machinery, oils, motor spirits, flour, illuminating oils, building materials, cement and lime, soap, bags and sacks, spirits and malt liquors. The use of motor transport is rapidly extending in the colony; in 1925, the number of motor cars and lorries imported was 1,291; in 1926, 1,453.

Native manufactures are insignificant. Cloths are woven in many parts of the country, for the most part of English spun yarn, but in the northern districts occasionally of thread manufactured from the indigenous cotton plant. Narrow strips of four to six inches are woven on a rough hand loom, and stitched together to make clothes of various sizes. Gold and brass are worked by native smiths; canoes are made on the coast rivers; pottery for domestic purposes is made by hand, and wood-carving is done chiefly in Ashanti and Kwahu. Salt is roughly prepared from the lagoons between Accra and Quittah, and sent up country to the markets of the Northern Territories. Fishing is extensively carried on along the coast, and large quantities of sun-dried fish are sent to the villages and markets of the interior.

ASHANTI.

Ashanti is inhabited by a large number of confederated tribes, the principal of which are the Bekwai, Adansia, Kokofus, Nkwantas, Kumasis, Agunas, Mampons, Nutas, Kumawus, Bompats, Juabins and Ejisus. Each tribe has its own Head Chief, but from time immemorial the King of Kumasi was recognised as the King paramount of the Confederation.

In 1873 the King of Ashanti invaded the British Protectorate with a large army, and reached Elmina, where he was entirely defeated by the British forces under Colonel (afterwards Sir) Francis Festing. Later in the year Captain (afterwards Sir) John Glover was sent to the eastern districts of the Protectorate to organise the tribes in that quarter, for a flank movement against the Ashanti territory. At the same time Sir Garnet, (afterwards Viscount) Wolsley was despatched to the Gold Coast, with British and West Indian troops, native levies, and some seamen and marines, to operate against the Ashantis, starting from Cape

Coast. On the 31st of January, 1874, he came into general engagement with the enemy at Amoafu, where he drove them from their position after desperate resistance. The next four days were employed continuously in fighting, until, on the evening of the 4th of February, the British force entered Kumasi. The King had fled to the bush. A few days later Sir John Glover also reached Kumasi. On the 13th, messengers sent by the King concluded a peace with Sir Garnet Wolsley at Fomana, which was afterwards signed with a pencil cross by King Kofi. By the Treaty of Fomana, the King of Ashanti renounced all claims on the Protectorate, promised to protect traders, to abandon human sacrifices, and to pay an indemnity of 50,000 ozs. of gold.

In 1894 Prempeh, who was then King of Kumasi, and had successfully fought against the Nkoranzas, who had revolted against his rule, threatened to attack the Atebusus. This attack was averted by the despatch of a force under Sir Francis Scott, and an ultimatum was then sent to Prempeh warning him not to enter British territory, and suggesting that he should acquiesce in the establishment of a Residency at Kumasi. No definite reply to this suggestion could be obtained, and a military expedition accordingly proceeded to Kumasi, to compel compliance with the demands of Her Majesty's Government. The expedition, under the command of Sir Francis Scott, entered Kumasi without resistance, January, 1896. Prempeh made submission, but, failing to comply with the terms dictated, was brought to the coast as a political prisoner and lodged in Elmina Castle, whence he was eventually deported to the Seychelles. A Resident was at the same time installed at Kumasi, and thus commenced an entirely new departure in the relations of the Gold Coast Colony with Ashanti.

In 1900 the Governor visited Kumasi, and was there besieged by the Ashantis, the town being closely invested. Provisions ran short, and a part of the garrison, with the Governor, cut their way out; the rest were relieved by Colonel (afterwards Sir J.) Willcocks, commanding the Ashanti Field Force, on 15th July, after severe fighting. The Ashantis were subsequently thoroughly routed at Abuosu.

An Order of the King in Council, dated September 26th, 1901, defined the boundaries of Ashanti, annexed it to His Majesty's Dominions, and provided for its administration under the Governor of the Gold Coast. Ashanti is under a Chief Commissioner, with Commissioners of Provinces and Districts under him. By a subsequent Order in Council of the 22nd of October, 1906, the boundaries between the Colony and Ashanti, and between Ashanti and the Northern Territories, were re-adjusted and defined, with due regard to tribal lands and natural features.

Ashanti is now divided into two provinces, the Eastern with headquarters at Kumasi and the Western with headquarters at Sunyani. Each of these is subdivided into districts under a District Commissioner who exercises limited jurisdiction; as does also a Police Magistrate in the town of Kumasi.

In 1919 a Circuit Judge was appointed for Ashanti. This officer relieves the Chief Commissioner of practically all judicial work except civil cases and matters in which native customary law is applicable.

The peaceful relations which, under the auspices of the Gold Coast Government, have existed for many years now between the Ashantis

and the neighbouring tribes have been signified by not infrequent petitions emanating from the Gold Coast Colony as well as from Ashanti for the return from exile of Prempeh, the former Chief of Kumasi. The confidence felt by the Government of the Gold Coast in the loyalty of the Ashanti people led to the granting of this request in 1924, and to approval being given in 1926 of his election by his people as Omanhene or Head Chief of the Kumasi tribe.

THE NORTHERN TERRITORIES.

In 1897 the territories to the north of Ashanti were constituted a separate district with the title of "The Northern Territories," and placed in charge of a Commissioner, and a grant-in-aid of the expenditure in the Northern Territories was voted by Parliament.

Major H. P. Northcott was appointed Commissioner and Commandant of these territories, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. The negotiations between the British and French Governments for the settlement of territorial questions in West Africa, which had been suspended in 1896, were resumed in October, 1897; and on 14th June, 1898, after a period of considerable tension in consequence of the proximity of the British and French forces in the disputed territories, a Convention was signed at Paris with a proviso that it should be ratified within six (subsequently extended to twelve) months. By this Convention the boundary between the Gold Coast and the French Colony of the Ivory Coast, which had only been settled in 1889, as far as the 9th parallel of north latitude, was continued northwards along the course of the Black Volta River to the 11th parallel, and it was then drawn along the 11th parallel with a deflection to the north in the neighbourhood of Mamprusi, until it met the Franco-German boundary of 1897. The effect of the Anglo-French Convention of 14th June, 1898, was to leave Bona, Lobi, and Moshi to France, while Dagati, Wa, Mamprusi, and the southern portion of Grunshi were included in the British sphere.

On 14th November, 1899, an agreement was concluded with Germany for the partition of the "neutral zone." This partition assigned Salaga to Great Britain, and Yendi to Germany, and to the north of the zone gave Mamprusi to the former and Chakosi to the latter.

Survey operations were undertaken by Anglo-French and Anglo-German Commissions during 1901-2, for the delimitation of those portions of the boundaries which had not yet been settled.

By the demarcation on the ground of the Anglo-German boundary between the Trans-Volta District and the adjoining Colony of Togo; of the Anglo-German boundary north of the 9th parallel of north latitude; and of the Anglo-French boundary along the 11th parallel of north latitude, all the frontiers of the Colony, Ashanti and the Northern Territories have now been exactly defined.

Provision was made for the administration of the Northern Territories under the Gold Coast Government by an Order of the King in Council of 26th September, 1901, and by an Administrative Ordinance of January 1st, 1902, the Northern Territories were placed under a Chief Commissioner, and divided into the White Volta, Black Volta, Kintampo and Gonja Districts with headquarters at Gambaga, Wa, Kintampo and Salaga.

By proclamation of 30th Dec., 1922, the country was re-divided as follows:—

Northern Province, consisting of the districts of Northern Mamprusi; Kusasi (Protectorate Section of), Southern Mamprusi (Protectorate Section of), Lawra-Tumu and Wa.

Southern Province, consisting of Western Dagamba, Eastern Gonja (Protectorate Section of), and Western Gonja.

The Districts are presided over by Commissioners, who are responsible to the Chief Commissioner and have Courts of Justice, with appeal to the Chief Commissioner at Tamale.

By Order in Council, of the 22nd of October, 1906, the boundaries between the Northern Territories and Ashanti were re-adjusted and defined.

An important step was taken with regard to the Government of this Protectorate by replacing, with effect from the 1st of January, 1907, the former semi-military administration by a staff of Civil District and Assistant District Commissioners, and by establishing new stations. Simultaneously, the 2nd Battalion of the Gold Coast Regiment was disbanded and a force of armed constabulary substituted therefor.

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of which an agreement, subsequently ratified by the governments concerned was drawn up. Under this agreement Togoland was provisionally divided into British and French spheres. To the British were allotted the western administrative areas of Lome and Lomeland, Misahohe, Kete-Krachi and Yendi, and to the French Anecho, Atakpame, Sokode and Sansanne Mangu.

By proclamation dated the 30th September, 1914, civil courts were established under the presidency of political officers seconded from the Gold Coast, appeal lying from the district courts to that of a senior political officer. In the absence of a local criminal code, that of the Gold Coast was introduced as a basis of procedure.

In June, 1915, the office of senior political officer was merged in that of the senior military commander, without prejudice, however, to the civil nature of the court concerned.

Boundary adjustments with the French took place in 1920 in accordance with an agreement signed by Lord Milner and M. Simon on 10th July, 1919. Lome and the whole of the coast were given over to the French, and the British received additional territory in the interior. The area of the British sphere is 13,040 square miles.

In October, 1921, the Council of the League of Nations approved in principle the arrangements made between the British and French Governments for the division of Togoland in accordance with the agreement of 10th July, 1919, and the application to the territories of the Mandate system; and on 20th July, 1922, after a delay due to negotiations between the United States Government and the Mandatory Powers, the Council confirmed the mandates and defined their terms.*

The British Sphere of Togoland is now administered under the provisions of the British Sphere of Togoland Order in Council, 1923, which was issued on the 11th of October, 1923.

Under this instrument, the British Sphere is divided into the Northern Section and the Southern Section. The Northern Section is administered as if it formed part of the Northern Territories of the Gold Coast, and the Southern Section is administered as if it formed part of the Eastern Province of the Gold Coast Colony. The Chief Commissioner's Court of the Northern Territories of the Gold Coast exercises jurisdiction in the Northern Section; and the Supreme Court of the Gold Coast Colony exercises the jurisdiction in the Southern Section.

Subject to the terms of the Mandate, the law for the time being in force in the Northern Territories of the Gold Coast is the law in force in the Northern Section, and the law for the time being in force in the Gold Coast Colony is the law in force in the Southern Section. The Governor of the Gold Coast Colony is empowered to enact Ordinances with respect to the British Sphere as a whole, or with respect to either Section thereof separately. The British Sphere of Togoland is not distinguished from the Gold Coast in the statistical returns, but it is beyond question that the revenue which it brings to the Gold Coast is inconsiderable compared with the money expended upon it. It contains no part of the old German railway system, which retains most of the export and import trade of the Southern and richest Section. The towns of Ho and Kpandu are joined to the Gold Coast road system by a road which meets the Volta River at Senchi where there is a motor ferry. There is also a direct road from

Yendi to Tamale, but the Gold Coast cannot offer prices sufficiently attractive to induce the people to abandon their accustomed market centres on the Lome Railway.

Statistics of the Colony.

Year.	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	Shipping Entered and Cleared.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	1,624,124	1,424,279	1,218,940	1,447,345
1918	1,298,674	1,369,486	957,599	1,081,677
1919	2,601,360	1,781,170	1,404,715	1,670,806
1920	3,721,772	2,856,347	1,767,492	2,358,264
1921 (1st gr.)	792,488	1,021,647	—	—
1921-22	3,016,520	3,285,290	1,675,108	2,509,161
1922-23	3,357,196	2,934,994	1,797,877	2,775,638
1923-24	3,742,834	3,156,124	1,977,364	3,297,869
1924-25	3,971,187	3,828,333	2,189,097	3,671,964
1925-26	4,116,442	4,256,126	2,490,651	4,181,150
1926-27	4,365,321	4,328,169	2,698,872	4,812,222

Year.	From U.K. £	Imports.		Total. £
		From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	
1917	2,308,797	128,528	949,155	3,386,480
1918	2,125,002	55,022	739,891	2,919,915
1919	6,065,777	179,974	1,711,230	7,946,981
1920	11,826,204	224,216	3,101,725	15,152,145
1921	5,827,740	157,152	1,676,432	7,661,324
1922	5,986,325	417,790	1,515,224	7,919,339
1923	5,847,795	251,722	2,349,345	8,448,862
1924	5,406,983	283,691	2,624,560	8,315,234
1925	6,363,666	240,856	3,178,197	9,782,619
1926	5,717,461	1,141,922	3,426,493	10,285,876

Year.	To U.K. £	Exports.		Total. £
		To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	
1917	3,666,743	970,282	1,737,900	6,364,925
1918	1,243,810	299,133	1,098,984	2,641,927
1919	4,961,110	382,060	5,481,005	10,814,175
1920	5,864,725	530,430	5,967,052	12,352,207
1921	3,215,645	488,674	3,237,878	6,942,197
1922	3,522,555	343,993	4,477,087	8,343,635
1923	3,058,616	347,699	5,552,898	8,959,213
1924	2,884,926	429,509	6,600,502	9,914,937
1925	3,372,680	426,161	7,091,442	10,890,223
1926	3,570,865	437,809	8,096,126	12,104,800

Customs receipts, 1924—2,208,709l.

" " 1925—2,531,811l.

" " 1926—2,244,629l.

Governors of the Gold Coast (since 1900).

- 1900. Sir Matthew Nathan, K.C.M.G.
- 1904. Sir John P. Rodger, K.C.M.G.
- 1910. J. J. Thorburn, Esq., C.M.G.
- 1912. Sir Hugh C. Clifford, K.C.M.G.
- 1919. Brigadier-General Sir F. Gordon Guggisberg, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., R.E.
- 1927. Sir Alexander Ramsford Slater, K.C.M.G., C.B.E.

Executive Council.

- The Governor, President.
- The Colonial Secretary.
- The Attorney-General.
- The Treasurer.
- The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.
- The Secretary for Native Affairs.

* For text of the British mandate, see Omd. 1794.

* These figures refer to calendar years.

The Legislative Council is composed of the same members as the Executive Council, with the addition of the following Members:—

Ex Officio Members:

The Comptroller of Customs.
The Director of Public Works.
The General Manager of Railways.
The Commissioner of the Eastern Province.
The Commissioner of the Central Province.
The Commissioner of the Western Province.
The Surveyor General.
The Director of Education.

Nominated Official Members:

The Conservator of Forests.
The Director of Agriculture.

Unofficial Members.

6 Provincial Members:

Elected, Nana Kwesi Akuffo (Omanhene of Akwapim); Nana Ayirebi Aquash III. (Omanhene of Winneba); Nene Mate Koe (Konor of Many Krobo); Nana Otu Ababio II (Omanhene of Abura); Togbi Sri II (Awame Fia of Awuna).

Nominated, Sir Nana Ofori Atta, K.B.E. (Omanhene of Akim Abakwa).

Elected Mercantile Member, R. Harris.

Nominated Mining Member, J. D. McKay, O.B.E.

Nominated Unofficial Members, J. S. Bonitto, F. E. Talland, T. Whitfield.

Nominated Municipal Members, J. Glover-Addo, J. E. Casely Hayford, M.B.E.

Clerk of Councils, D. B. Strathairn.

† CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor's Office.

*Governor, Sir A. Ransford Slater, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., 4,500*l.*, plus 1,500*l.* duty allowance.*

*Private Secretary, V. Basevi, 500*l.**

Aside-de-Camp, (vacant).

† In the following particulars of the Civil Establishment:—

*Scale A is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 450*l.* for three years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.**

*For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 400*l.*, 415*l.*, 430*l.*, 450*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.**

*Scale B is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 500*l.* for three years, then 570*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 900*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.**

*For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 450*l.* for three years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 900*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.**

*Scale C is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 400*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.**

*For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 450*l.* for three years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.**

*Scale D is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 400*l.* by 12*l.* to 450*l.**

*For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 350*l.* by 12*l.* to 450*l.*, the last increment being 15*l.**

*Scale E is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 420*l.* by 12*l.* to 450*l.**

*For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 350*l.* by 12*l.* to 450*l.*—the last increment being 15*l.**

*Scale F is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 440*l.* by 12*l.* to 500*l.**

*For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 400*l.* by 12*l.* to 500*l.*—the last increment being 15*l.**

Colonial Secretary's Office.

*Colonial Secretary, T. S. W. Thomas, O.B.E., 1,800*l.*, and duty allowance, 350*l.**

*Chief Assistant Colonial Secretary, G. C. Du-Boulay, 1,200*l.*, and duty allowance, 240*l.**

Senior Assistant Colonial Secretaries, D. B. Strathairn, E. A. T. Taylor, J. P. Ross, 1,050*l.*, and duty allowance, 210*l.**

*Assistant Colonial Secretaries, J. L. Trafford, L. W. Wood, Capt. W. H. Gilliland, R. B. Crabb, W. T. Harragin, Capt. G. C. B. Pariah, Scale B, and Secretariat allowance, 120*l.**

*Secretariat Assistant, F. J. Ribeiro, 335*l.*—15*l.*—350*l.*—25*l.*—600*l.**

*Superintendent, Miscellaneous Branch, Paul Azu, 300*l.*—12*l.*—384*l.*—15*l.*—400*l.*—20*l.*—500*l.**

*Superintendent, Registration Branch, L. R. J. Ruttmern, 300*l.*—12*l.*—384*l.*—15*l.*—400*l.*—20*l.*—500*l.**

*Superintendent, Correspondence Branch, C. M. Holm, 300*l.*—12*l.*—395*l.**

*Superintendent, Despatch Branch, A. W. Clerk, 300*l.*—12*l.*—395*l.**

*Superintendent, Personnel Branch, H. H. Malm, 300*l.*—12*l.*—395*l.**

Native Affairs Department.

*Secretary for Native Affairs, C. W. Welman, 1,350*l.*, and 270*l.* duty allowance.*

*Assistant Secretary for Native Affairs, J. C. de Graft Johnson, 375*l.*, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 35*l.* to 780*l.**

Administrative and Political Service.

*Chief Commissioner, Ashanti, John Maxwell, C.M.G., 1,600*l.*, and duty allowance, 320*l.**

*Chief Commissioner, Northern Territories, Maj. A. H. C. Walker Leigh, 1,600*l.*, and duty allowance, 320*l.**

*Provincial Commissioners, Major F. W. F. Jackson, C.M.G., D.S.O., L. Castellain, H. E. G. Bartlett and Capt. J. A. Ballantine, H. S. Newlands, A. J. Cutfield, Capt. R. S. Ratray, M.B.E. (super-numerary), W. J. A. Jones, 1,200*l.* plus 240*l.* duty allowance.*

*Deputy Provincial Commissioners, Capt. A. W. Norris, E. H. Bleasdale, A. C. D. Johnstone, H. W. Thomas, Lt.-Col. P. F. Whittall, D.S.O., C. E. Skene, 1,050*l.* plus 210*l.* duty allowance.*

District Commissioners, and Assistant District Commissioners, G. R. Manners, W. R. Rainsford, Capt. E. T. Mansfield, E. O. Rake, Capt. A. S. Watt, G. B. Freeman, W. W. Kilby, A. W. Cardinal, G. H. Sumner-Wilson, Paymaster Comdr. S. W. Saxton, R.N. (retired), F. W. Applegate, A. F. E. Fieldgate, W. J. Pitt, W. E. Gilbert, M.C., C. E. E. Cockey, Lieut. A. F. L. Wilkinson, C. St. B. Shields, Major S. B. Jones, Capt. W. Price-Jones, M.C., L. W. Judd, T. R. O. Mangin, Capt. J. C. Warrington, Capt. V. J. Lynch, M.C., A. J. Walker, Capt. R. J. Ramsey, Major C. J. G. G. Cumine, D.S.O., Capt. R. C. Sumner, Capt. C. C. Lilley, Lt.-Col. G. H. Gibbs, M.C., Major W. R. Gosling, O.B.E., Paymaster Lieut. G. P. H. Bewes, Capt. O. F. Ross, E. A. Burner, Capt. J. R. Dickinson, M.C., C. S. Masser, C. O. Butler, Major J. S. R. Robertson, Capt. St. J. R. Eyre-Smith, M.C., Capt. J. V. W. Shaw, G. O. Parker, Capt. G. M. Puckridge, G. Hall, R. A. Brace Hall, B. D. Austin-Cathie, Capt. H. P. Dixon, F. P. Holtsbaum, P. W. Rutherford, M.C., R. W. Sanderson, Major P. C. R. Moreton, D.S.O., J. E. Miller, R. E. Page, Capt. E. F. Burn, O.B.E., O. J. Collison, M.C., G. E. C. Wisdom, D. R. Caruth, Capt. J. A. Armstrong, D. R. Daltry, Lt.-Col. A. D. Cameron, D.S.O., M.C., Capt. G. Blackburne-Kane, G. D. Chamberlain, J. H. G. Way, E. N. Jones,

* Seconded for duty as Commissioner for Municipal Affairs.

Capt. H. G. Ardron, A. H. Williams, F. Drake-Brockman, J. P. W. Evershed, Capt. V. W. Bratton, W. H. Beeton, C. C. Eilershaw, Scale B. *Cadets*, G. F. Mackay, P. C. B. Shirreffs, H. V. Wimshurst, D. A. Sutherland, R. W. Woolley, J. A. Prendergast, Scale B.
Chief Clerks, M. C. Hansen, M. O. Daane, J. Welsting, E. J. Steele, J. H. Mensah, 300*l.*, by 12*l.* to 396*l.*

Judicial Department.

Chief Justice, Sir P. C. Smyly, LL.D., Kt., 2,000*l.* and 400*l.* duty allowance.
 Puisne Judges, R. E. Hall, W. P. Michelin, A. B. Howes, S. S. Sawrey-Cookson, E. Gardiner-Smith, 1,400*l.*, and 280*l.* duty allowance each.
Chief Registrar and Sheriff, J. F. St. A. Fawcett, 960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.
European Police Magistrates, C. A. Good, B. H. A. F. Berlyn, R. J. Manning, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.* plus 72*l.* seniority allowance.
African Police Magistrates, C. E. W. Bannerman, O. B. E., and W. A. Renner, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 840*l.* plus 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*
Divisional Court Registrars, Frank Vardon, J. B. Aikins, Samuel Bannerman, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 396*l.*

Ashanti and Northern Territories Judiciary.

Circuit Judge, J. M. St. John Yates, 1,200*l.*, and 240*l.* duty allowance.
Police Magistrates, F. J. J. F. McDowell, M. H. Tighe, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, plus 72*l.* seniority allowance.

Law Officers' Department.

Attorney-General, R. W. H. Wilkinson, K.C., 1,500*l.* and 300*l.* duty allowance.
Solicitor-General, J. de Hart, 1,100*l.* and 220*l.* duty allowance.
Crown Counsel, L. E. V. McCarthy, C. Furness Smith, H. Glyn Morgan, 720*l.* to 960*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Chief Clerk, J. A. Tagoe, 300*l.* to 396*l.*

Printing Office.

Government Printer, T. D. Hower, 630*l.* to 800*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Assistant Government Printers, C. E. Heath, W. H. Crocker, A. Johnson and G. M. Hardie, 420*l.* to 600*l.* by 16*l.*
African Assistant Government Printer, M. G. Okai, 335*l.* to 480*l.* by 16*l.*
 4 *African Superintendents*, D. E. Martins, J. A. Campbell and two vacancies, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 396*l.*

Treasury Department.

Treasurer, C. W. Leese, 1,350*l.*, and 270*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy Treasurer, R. E. Burns, 1,050*l.*, and 210*l.* duty allowance.
Assistants, D. B. Hinson, H. Vane Pery, G. A. D. Davies, Capt. J. H. Stephens, M.C., F. A. C. Jones, and Major C. N. C. Field, M.C., Scale A.
African Assistants, F. L. J. Cato and Sam Baidoo, 375*l.*, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 36*l.* to 780*l.*
Sub-Assistants, C. R. Hammond, Stephen Coleman, J. A. Sackey, M. F. Wristberg, and W. F. Hutchison, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 396*l.*
Chief Clerk, A. I. Anteson, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 396*l.*

Audit Department.

Auditor, W. Bowerley, 1,100*l.*, duty allowance 220*l.*, and personal allowance 100*l.*
Deputy Auditor, L. G. Corney, 960*l.* and duty allowance, 96*l.*

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 301.

7 *Assistant Auditors*, W. L. Mackinnon, Capt. W. H. Lempriere, A. C. Hands, E. H. C. Lilliorup, F. W. Power, E. A. Smith, and W. P. Legate, Scale A.
Chief Audit Clerk, V. C. Randolph, 335*l.* by 15*l.* to 350*l.*, by 25*l.* to 600*l.*, by 36*l.*, to 780*l.*

Customs Department.

Comptroller, R. Sharpe, 1,200*l.*, and 240*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy-Comptroller, R. K. Gibbons, 1,050*l.*, and 210*l.* duty allowance.
Provincial Collectors, S. R. Messum, Capt. A. D. Mackenzie, and H. E. Davis, 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.
Senior Collectors, D. R. M. May, N. D. Macbeth, and Capt. G. Paterson, M.M., Scale A. *Collectors*, A. M. Archer, A. J. Beekley, Capt. J. R. Braddick, M.C., Capt. H. W. R. Chandler, M.C., W. E. Conway, J. L. O'Connor, M.C., G. J. Freeman, J. McLagan, J. Milne, P. G. E. A. Chevallier, Capt. C. L. d'Albani, G. H. Barraclough, A. G. Simon, C. G. Packwood, Capt. C. W. Dann, M.C., H. G. Gowen, A. G. Davidson, Scale A., A. S. Daddie, 335*l.* by 15*l.* to 350*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 36*l.* to 780*l.*
Supervisors, S. D. Quaynor, M. Ashun, W. Tackey, Wm. Quansah, and T. L. Odamtten, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 396*l.*

Railway Department.

General Manager, R. H. Dawson, M.Inst.T., 1,500*l.* and 300*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy General Manager, R. Higham, 1,200*l.*, and 240*l.* duty allowance.
Secretary to General Manager, F. J. Bush, Scale A.
Assistant Secretary to General Manager, E. J. Howard, Scale A. with maximum of 720*l.*
Chief Engineer, J. H. Dodd, A.M.I.C.E., 1,050*l.*, and 210*l.* duty allowance.
District Engineers, D. W. Ridsdale, A. Thexton, A. C. Roberts, Scale C.
Assistant Engineers, F. V. Macdonald, A.M.I.C.E., W. J. O. Reeves, W. R. Clark, A.M.I.C.E., J. R. S. Sutherland, J. W. Moran, O.B.E., B.A., B.A.I., A.M.I.C.E., A. C. E. Anthony, P. A. Oppenheim, Scale C.
Draughtsman, A. A. Heath, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Foremen of Works, R. T. Hewit, S. F. Robinson, A. Ward, W. J. Blight, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*
Chief Mechanical Engineer, R. T. Kerr, M.I.Loco.E., A.M.I.Mech.E., 1,050*l.*, and 210*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer, G. S. Simmons, 960*l.* and 96*l.* duty allowance.
District Locomotive Superintendents, F. P. O'Sullivan, Major C. R. Turner, Scale C.
Works Manager, C. T. Toft, 720*l.* to 920*l.* and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Assistant Locomotive Superintendents, J. E. Cutforth, W. Venner, J. H. Burt, A. T. G. Power, Scale C.
Chief Draughtsman and Technical Instructor, R. G. Wickham, Scale A.
Loco. Office Superintendent, S. A. Muddle, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Locomotive Foremen, J. H. Hibbert, H. J. Kill, D. W. Noble, T. Taberner, J. Neary, G. R. Bruce, J. Hardstaff, S. Riley, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*
Chief Electrical Engineer, W. D. Frost, 800*l.* to 920*l.*; duty allowance, 80*l.*
Assistant Electrical Engineers, A. R. Townsend, M. H. Rooney, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*
Traffic Manager, T. R. Seddon, 1,050*l.*, and 210*l.* duty allowance.
District Traffic Superintendents, W. E. Lewis, L. G. Tancock, W. Woods, Scale A.

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 301.

Assistant Traffic Superintendents, W. L. Williams, A. Bennett, H. Macdonald, H. Munro, R. Creighton, W. Dickinson, W. Hill, A. C. Sykes, Scale A.
Senior District Station Masters, H. W. A. Mason, (1 vacancy), 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*
District Station Masters, C. V. F. Brown, G. W. Staig, A. Macmillan, R. J. Hudman, J. A. Smith, T. S. Breokon, E. Roberts, R. S. Cunningham, Scale F.
Chief Accountant, C. W. Foster, A.M.Inst.T., 1,050*l.* and 210*l.* duty allowance.
Senior Accountants, G. F. Browne, A. G. Moreton, 720*l.* to 920*l.*; seniority allowance, 72*l.*
Accountants, F. H. Brown, C. B. Hughes, G. Henderson, 600*l.* to 720*l.* and 800*l.*, seniority allowance, 72*l.* from 720*l.*
Assistant Accountants, C. O. Parker, S. W. Arrow-smith, W. A. Hutchinson, E. Oldham, J. S. Birt, D. V. Summers, (1 vacancy), Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*; J. W. Yorke, J. B. Vanderpuye, 335*l.*-780*l.*
Stock Verifier (vacant), Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Printing Superintendent, T. Turner, 420*l.* to 800*l.*
Chief Storekeeper, F. C. Deacon, 800*l.* to 920*l.* and 80*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Chief Storekeeper, J. G. Thomson, 720*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance, 72*l.*
Assistant Storekeepers, J. H. Pryer, T. H. Taylor, D. C. Bailey, (1 vacancy), Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Store Accountant, B. W. Taylor, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Harbour Works Staff, Railway.

Assistant Engineer, L. G. Lloyd, Scale C.
General Foreman, J. T. Hoskins, 600*l.*
Foreman of Works, J. Merry, 500*l.* to 560*l.*

Railway Construction Staff.

Chief Resident Engineer, H. Prescott, 1,500*l.*, field allowance, 120*l.*, charge allowance, 150*l.* and bonus 50 %.

Railway Extension Survey Staff.

Engineer-in-Charge, Major L. E. Silcox, D.S.O., 1,000*l.*, 150*l.* duty allowance, 120*l.* field allowance.
District Engineers, G. D. Rae, E. G. Richards, 720*l.* to 920*l.*, 72*l.* seniority allowance, 90*l.* field allowance.
Assistant Engineers, H. W. G. Drummond, J. B. Wise, F. R. Ridgwell, C. H. Silcox, G. E. H. Allen, (1 vacancy), 600*l.* to 720*l.* to 920*l.*, 90*l.* field allowance, 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Posts and Telegraphs Department.

Postmaster-General, Major S. B. Goaling, 1,200*l.* and 240*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy Postmaster-General, Maj. W. T. E. Wallace, A.M.I.E.E., 1,000*l.*, and 200*l.* duty allowance.
Chief Accountant, E. C. Crewe, 920*l.*; duty allowance, 80*l.*
Assistant Accountants, E. A. Martin, W. Emmett, and L. C. Saville, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Divisional Surveyors, V. Sutcliffe, S. Pope, H. Brooks, and *District Surveyors*, J. Youll, A. E. Stride, J. W. Webber, L. A. B. Small, J. Petrie, L. P. Wallis, D. McLennan, and E. A. Pocock, Scale A.
Head Storekeeper, Capt. A. Hastings, M.C., Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Assistant Storekeepers, A. B. Cawthra (and 1 vacancy), Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Telephone Exchange Superintendents, Miss M. T. Wood, Miss W. Murchison, Miss M. E. Whittaker, 400*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 801.

Telegraph Instructor (vacant), Scale C, with maximum of 920*l.*
Wireless Operators, L. C. C. Miles, A. W. Spurling, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*
Senior Division African Officers, J. E. Holdbrook, J. E. Abbey, P. F. Plange, G. M. Gunn, W. H. Smith-Mensah, W. F. Creppy, Albion Menda, D. C. Lamptey, A. C. Quist, and J. P. Baddoo, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 396*l.*

Engineering Branch.

Engineer-in-Chief, D. B. Evans, 1,000*l.*, and 200*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Engineer-in-Chief, R. S. Baker, 960*l.* and 96*l.* duty allowance.
Divisional Telegraph Engineers, C. J. O'Callaghan, C. V. Close and J. L. Shearer, Scale C, with maximum of 920*l.*
Telegraph Engineers and Assistant Telegraph Engineers, L. G. M. Keovil, S. S. Kellaway, D. G. M. Lawson, W. S. Bailey, J. Macklin, D. H. Mackay, Scale C, with maximum of 800*l.*
Technical Instructor, vacancy, Scale C.
Assistant Technical Instructor, A. Duckering, one vacancy, Scale C.
Workshop Superintendent, W. Samples, Scale C, with maximum of 920*l.*
Senior Inspectors, C. P. Wills, E. J. Beare, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*
Inspectors, S. H. C. Scott, E. L. Claringbold, H. E. Mallows, S. Hughes, R. J. Rigney, J. S. Page, F. H. Thompson (and two vacancies), Scale F.
Senior Mechanician, W. Foxcroft, 600*l.*
Mechanicians, O. D. Smart, T. Tannock, one vacancy, Scale F.
Telegraph Foremen, J. D. Evans, H. D. Coe, W. Gough, H. O. Hogben, H. H. Alder, C. W. Long, W. T. West, F. G. Taylor, R. A. Cook, A. E. Clarkson, three vacancies, Scale F.

Medical Department.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, W. J. D. Inness, 1,600*l.*, and 320*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, G. Hungerford, 1,400*l.*, and 280*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Directors of Medical Services, E. W. Wood-Mason, F. S. Harper, 1,300*l.*, and 260*l.* duty allowance.
Specialists, A. J. R. O'Brien, 1,400*l.*, and 280*l.* duty allowance; H. W. Guah, and one vacancy, 1,300*l.* and 260*l.* duty allowance.
Senior Medical Officers, J. M. O'Brien, E. M. Franklin, D. Duff, J. E. Moffatt, P. D. Oakley and R. Mugliston, 1,000*l.* to 1,150*l.*, with seniority allowance of 100*l.*
Medical Officers, E. F. Ward and S. L. Brohier, 1,000*l.* to 1,150*l.*, with seniority allowance of 100*l.* to 1,150*l.*, with seniority allowance of 100*l.*; F. H. Cooke, T. R. Robertson, A. C. Paterson, J. R. Forde, P. Walsh, J. Byrne, B. Knowles, W. Spiteri, E. S. E. Mack, V. E. Critien, A. M. MacRae, A. G. Mackay, M. T. Cassidy, G. F. T. Saunders, M. de Bono, E. M. Fraser, O. G. Wilde, E. J. Daly, J. H. Matthews, F. W. Thompson, J. H. Penman, F. M. Purcell, G. W. Vaughan, J. H. Owen-Flood, W. N. Greer, P. L. Gray, T. V. Fitzpatrick, M. MacSweeney, A. J. Hawe, F. S. Paterson, L. D. Quigley, F. McKernan, V. J. G. MacGregor, W. Chisholm, H. S. Townsend, J. F. Southward, H. G. Maguire, A. M. Gillespie, E. L. Sandem, six vacancies, 660*l.* to 960*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*
Dental Surgeons, W. H. Donald, one vacancy, 660*l.* to 720*l.* to 960*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.*

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 301.

African Medical Officers, A. F. Renner Dove, E. Tagoe, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Junior African Medical Officer, Francisco Ribeiro, 400*l.*

Office Assistant and Accountant, F. G. Ashby, 450*l.* to 720*l.*

Radiographer and Mechanic, vacant, 600*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*

Assistant Radiographer, A. Buckner, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Analytical Chemists, R. Simmons and R. W. Clarke, 720*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.*

Dispensers' Instructor, C. J. Price, 500*l.* to 560*l.*

Medical Storekeeper, W. J. Phillips, 450*l.* to 720*l.*

Secretary, Gold Coast Hospital, L. C. Whitcombe, 400*l.* to 415*l.*, 430*l.*, 450*l.*–720*l.*

Senior Nursing Sisters, I. J. Evans, H. F. Furley, G. M. Murphy and M. Rigney, 380*l.* to 440*l.*, with seniority allowance of 40*l.*

Nursing Sisters, I. A. Marr, M. G. Le Bas, D. J. Taylor, C. E. Robinson, M. L. Brown, M. K. Parr, G. M. Spencer, E. L. Motts, F. Gilbey, A. B. Bailey, M. E. Williams, V. Riggs, M. A. A. Swynnerton, M. M. E. Brodriek, E. D. Higham, E. M. Stringer, M. J. Shannon, S. M. E. Edwards, B. M. Head and M. Beasley, 250*l.* by 10*l.* to 300*l.*, and 200*l.* by 10*l.* to 250*l.*, and subsistence allowance of 5*s.* a day.

Chief Dispensers, F. W. C. Wulf and D. B. Odonkor, 300*l.* to 398*l.*

Chief Clerk, T. E. Hyde, 300*l.* to 398*l.*

Sanitation Branch.

Deputy Director of Sanitary Services, H. O'Hara-May, 1,300*l.* and 260*l.* duty allowance.

Senior Sanitary Officers, W. G. Watt, P. S. Selwyn-Clarke, M.C., M. B. Hay, 1,050*l.* to 1,200*l.*, with duty allowance of 210*l.*

Medical Officers of Health, J. A. A. Duncan, H. C. E. Quin, W. M. Howells, D. Lennor, R. D. Reid, A. B. Monks, J. Hamilton, G. M. Minifie, and one vacancy, 800*l.* to 960*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.*, and staff pay of 150*l.*

Women Medical Officers, A. M. K. O'Halloran, M. C. Chappel, Mrs. H. Vane-Percy, A. M. A. Downing, 660*l.* to 720*l.* to 960*l.*

Superintending Sanitary Inspectors, H. T. Lucas, E. G. Gray, P. P. Horn, V. R. Coe, W. R. Lawless, W. Gilling, G. Gilmore, R. G. Connolly, R. A. Jones, G. A. Scales, J. Harper, one vacancy, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. C. Barnor, 300*l.* to 398*l.*

Sanitary Inspector and Training Officer, C. M. G. Hoyte, 300*l.* to 398*l.*

Senior Division Sanitary Inspector, A. Quao Thompson, 300*l.* to 398*l.*

Medical Research Institute.

Director of Medical Research Institute, W. A. Young, 1,300*l.* and 260*l.* duty allowance.

Pathologists, A. S. Burgess and two vacancies, 1,000*l.* to 1,150*l.*, with seniority allowance of 100*l.* and staff pay of 150*l.*

Assistant Pathologists, W. Thompson and G. Robinson, one vacancy, 800*l.* to 960*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* and staff pay of 150*l.*

Medical Entomologist, A. W. J. Pomeroy, 1,000*l.*, with 200*l.* duty allowance.

Laboratory Superintendent, F. Leeson, 480*l.* to 720*l.*

Laboratory Assistants, F. W. Abbott and S. F. Woodward, one vacancy, 440*l.* to 500*l.*

Public Cemeteries.

Registrar of Births and Deaths, H. O'Hara-May.

Veterinary Department.

Principal Veterinary Officer, Captain W. P. B. Beal, M.R.C.V.S., 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance, and 100*l.* personal allowance.

Veterinary Officers, Captain J. L. Stewart, M.C., B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S., W. C. L. Orr, B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S., A. Fulton, M.R.C.V.S., J. McDonald, M.R.C.V.S., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Inspector of Live-stock, Lieut. A. E. Miller, M.C., 480*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Education Department.

Director of Education, D. J. Oman, O.B.E., V.D., 1,200*l.*, duty allowance 240*l.*, and personal allowance of 100*l.*

Deputy Director of Education, Major H. A. A. F. Harman, D.S.O., 1,050*l.*, duty allowance 210*l.*

Assistant Director of Education, T. D. Cranston, 1,050*l.*, duty allowance 210*l.*

Shorthand Instructor and Office Assistant, E. J. Knethoe, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

Office Assistant, E. Leaster, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

Chief Clerk, P. G. Clerk, 300*l.* to 398*l.*

Provincial Inspector of Schools, A. Gardner, and *Inspectors of Schools*, Capt. A. B. Douglas, Capt. H. D. Harrison, W. J. D. Wadley, F. F. Womley, M. G. Smith, G. H. Ardill, J. Trevelyan, A. L. Brickford-Smith, and three vacancies, Scale C.

African Inspectors of Schools, J. S. Garbrah and V. A. Tetley, 400*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 36*l.* to 780*l.*

Cadet Inspector of Schools, J. A. Addo, 800*l.*

Organizer of Practical Education, V. W. Wright, Scale C.

Female Organizer of Girls' Schools, Miss D. B. Evans, Scale C.

Acce Technical School :—

Principal, H. McLaren, 960*l.*, duty allowance 96*l.*

Housemaster, W. R. Roberts, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

European Masters, T. A. Calvin, W. T. Perrett, G. Sutton, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

Junior Trade Schools :—

Headmasters, J. S. McDermid, R. Hornley, B. D. Burnett, J. Bevan, Scale C.

Government Primary Schools, Boys :—

Head Masters, three vacancies, 400*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 36*l.* to 780*l.*

Assistant Headmasters, I. S. Lamptey, J. Ayansu, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 398*l.*

Government Primary Schools, Girls :—

Head Mistresses, Miss E. W. Telfer and one vacancy, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

African Headmistress, Miss M. K. Quartey-Papafio, 400*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Headmistress, Miss H. Simons, 300*l.* to 398*l.*

Northern Territories.

Superintendent of Education, Rev. A. H. Candler, 960*l.*, duty allowance 96*l.*

Inspectors of Schools, J. S. Dunn, one vacancy, Scale C.

European Headmistress, Miss E. B. Pitt, Scale C.

Headmaster, Junior Trade School, Yendi, Capt. H. G. Hendrie, Scale C.

Achimota College.

Principal, Rev. A. G. Fraser, 1,600*l.*, duty allowance 320*l.*

Vice Principal, Rev. R. C. Blumer, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,200*l.*, duty allowance 200*l.*

Assistant Vice-Principals, Rev. C. K. Williams, and one vacancy, 1,000*l.*, duty allowance, 200*l.*

Librarian, Rev. C. E. Stuart, Scale C.

Masters, Rev. R. Fisher, S. T. Dunstan and F. R. Irvine, Scale C.

Assistant Masters, A. Bolton, C. S. Deakin, W. E. F. Ward, A. G. Fraser, junr., G. A. Stevens, P. P. Brown, D. Benzie, J. Scragg, N. A. T. Young, E. S. Watson, W. J. K. Bunner, D. T. Adams, H. G. Neill, D. G. R. Herbert, A. R. B. Fraser, C. P. Woodhouse, Capt. F. Maxwell Lawford, M.B.E., Scale C, A. H. R. Joseph (Games), Scale C, with maximum 720*l.*, H. A. Barker (Arts and Crafts), Scale C, with maximum 600*l.*

Assistant Mistresses, L. M. Tucker, L. O. Deakin, M. Armstrong, H. E. S. Brewis, Scale C, with maximum 720*l.*

Kindergarten Mistress, A. M. Witten, 700*l.* by 30*l.* to 1,020*l.*

Physical Instructor, J. H. Rignell, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Senior Bursar, A. D. W. Skinner, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Junior Bursar, W. P. Gunn, 400*l.* by 15*l.* to 430*l.* by 30*l.* to 600*l.*

Matron, Hon. Miss M. M. H. Scott, Miss M. I. Williams, Scale C, with maximum of 600*l.*

*Department of Agriculture.**Headquarters.*

Director of Agriculture, C. H. Knowles, B.Sc. (Lond.), 1,200*l.*, plus 240*l.* duty allowance.

Deputy Director of Agriculture, G. G. Auchinleck, M.Sc. (McGill), F.I.C., 1,000*l.*, plus 200*l.* duty allowance.

Secretary, J. M. Dunbar, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Research Branch.

Assistant Director of Agriculture for Research, R. H. Bunting, F.L.S., 960*l.*, plus 96*l.* duty allowance and 100*l.* personal allowance.

Mycologist, H. A. Dade, A.R.C.S., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Entomologists, W. H. Patterson, M.B.E., G. S. Cotterell, A.R.C.S., D.I.C., F.E.S., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Agricultural Chemists, Capt. R. Coull, B.Sc. (Edin.), and one vacancy, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Botanist (vacant), 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Provincial Staff.

Provincial Superintendents, A. C. Miles, C. Saunders, N.D.A., N.D.D., A. B. Culham, A. W. Paterson, N.D.A., N.D.D. and Capt. G. C. Coull, B.Sc. (Edin.), Scale C.

Superintendents, G. H. Eady, W. C. Fishlock, J. Steele, M.C., N.D.A., N.D.D., H. K. Hewison, H. Nicholas, B.A., Scale C.

Assistant Superintendents, W. H. Beckett, M.A. (Cantab.), N. P. Chamney, B.Sc. (Lond.), J. C. Muir, B.Sc. (Glasgow), N.D.A., N.D.D., F. A. Robb,

B.Sc. (Edin.), N.D.A., B. T. Steemson, B.A. (Oxon), E. M. Cook, M.S.E.A.C., J. E. Symond, J. M. Wingate, J. L. Scott, B.Sc. (Edin.), Scale C.

African Assistant Superintendent, J. S. Martinson, 400*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 35*l.* to 780*l.*

Agricultural and Forestry Training Centre.

Superintendent, T. Hunter, Scale C.

Assistant Superintendent, W. T. O. Maidment, B.A. (Cantab.), Scale C.

Sisal Plantation.

Superintendent (vacant), Scale C with maximum of 600*l.*

Communal Coconut Plantations.

2 *Coconut Instructors*, P. A. Herft, and one vacancy 300*l.*

Plant Sanitation.

Inspectors of Plants, S. T. Phillips, W. R. Hudson, F. Pyatt, J. B. Bedingfield, D. V. Parkes, H. L. Hill, G. D. Ross, E. D. Hill, L. J. Packham, A.R.C.S., C. J. Pym, and four vacancies, Scale C with maximum of 600*l.*

Cotton Development.

Temporary Assistant Superintendent, J. T. H. Stein, B.Sc. (Edin.), 480*l.*

Forestry Department.

Conservator of Forests, L. A. King-Church, 1,200*l.*, duty allowance 240*l.*

Deputy Conservator of Forests, J. R. P. Gent, 960*l.*, duty allowance, 96*l.*

Assistant Conservators of Forests, Capt. R. W. Brent, M.C., N. T. Garnett, P. G. Arnold, Capt. G. S. Greene, L. C. Rowney, J. A. Wills, F. Burnett, C. Vigne, J. D. McAlinsh, H. W. Moor, A. J. Cox, G. M. Tolmie, W. T. S. Brown, H. J. A. Rea, Scale C.

European Foresters, H. G. Mackay, L. V. Wilcox, B. Bennett, Scale F.

Mines Department.

Secretary for Mines, W. F. Holmes, B.A., F.G.S., A.R.S.M., A.R.C.S., M.I.M.M., 1,200*l.*, and 240*l.* duty allowance.

Senior Inspector of Mines (vacant), 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.

Inspector of Mines, Capt. R. P. Wild, F.G.S., M.I.M.M. Scale C.

Inspector of Machinery, P. V. R. Bray, A.M.I.Mech.E., A.M.I.Mar.E., Scale C.

Geological Survey.

Director of Geological Survey, Sir Albert E. Kitson, Kt., C.M.G., C.B.E., F.G.S., F.R.G.S., M.I.M.M., M.Aust.I.M.M., 1,200*l.*, and duty allowance, 240*l.*

Assistant-Director of Geological Survey (vacant), 960*l.*, duty allowance 96*l.*

Personal Assistant, W. J. Felton, B.Sc. (Econ.), F.R.Econ.S., Scale A, with maximum 720*l.*

Geologists, W. G. G. Cooper, B.Sc., F.G.S., A.R.C.S., A.I.M.M., O. A. I. Whitelaw, F.R.G.S., M.I.M.M., F. Oates, M.B.E., B.Sc., A.R.S.M., A.I.C., 540*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, plus seniority allowance 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Superintendent of Records (London Office), W. T. James, 600*l.*

Gold Coast Regiment, W.A.F.F.

Commanding Officer, Lieut.-Colonel I. H. Macdonell, D.S.O.

Second in Command, Major N. P. Shand, M.C.

Adjutant, Capt. D. S. Marchant, M.C.

Assistant Adjutant, Lieut. H. A. Fitt.

Quartermaster, Capt. C. R. Smith.

Battery Commander, Capt. G. H. Wateridge, R.A.

Intelligence Officer, Capt. S. C. Askwith, R.A.

O.C. Signal School, Lieut. J. S. Wallace, R.A.

Volunteers.

Officer Commanding, Capt. D. J. Oman, V.D.

Adjutant and Musketry Instructor, Capt. A. Johnson, R. of O., Loyal Regt.

Gold Coast Defence Force.

Staff Officer, Capt. C. E. Hamilton.

Staff Sergeant, Coy. Sgt.-Major J. Morgan, M.M.

Police Department.

Inspector General of Police, Lt.-Col. H. W. M. Bamford, O.B.E., M.C., 1,200*l.*, and 240*l.* duty allowance.

Deputy Inspector General of Police, E. W. de T. Prevost, 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.

Staff Officer, G. A. Champion, Scale A.

Inspector of Weights and Measures, H. Inman, 450*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

Chief Clerk, H. Geo. Annan, 300*l.* by 12*l.* to 396*l.*

Director, Criminal Investigation Department (vacant), 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.

Assistant Director, Criminal Investigation Department, A. W. G. Moorman, Scale A.

Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners of Police, Capt. L. S. D. H. Venour, B. C. Sanderson, Capt. C. Thomas, V. E. R. de Carteret, H. J. O'Connor, Capt. E. K. W. Thompson, W. S. Gulloch, A. P. Taylor, M.C., Major F. L. Hamilton, M.C., E. F. L. Penno, J. C. Plegrome, M.C., Capt. H. M. Mitchell, M.C., N. S. Mansergh, Capt. J. W. S. Barlow, C. E. Duruty, P. Eckel, M. L. Fraser, Major H. E. Smith, M.C., Capt. D. S. Gowing, J. E. Workman, J. P. Gildes, Capt. C. E. Wingrove, R. Tottenham, Scale A.

African Assistant Commissioners of Police, W. H. Simmons, W. Callender, 375*l.*, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 36*l.* to 780*l.*

Prisons Department.

Director of Prisons, Capt. O. L. Hancock, O.B.E., 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.

Deputy Director of Prisons, H. J. L. Cavenagh, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.* and 72*l.* duty allowance.

Senior Prison Superintendents, J. Concannon and B. A. Francois, 540*l.*-30*l.*-720*l.*

Prison Superintendents, C. H. Conn, A. J. Avenell, J. H. Conibear, Scale F.

Technical Instructors, A. A. Wood, J. T. Mills, 500*l.*-12*l.*-660*l.*

Assistant Prison Superintendent, P. H. Roberts, 235*l.*-15*l.*-340*l.*

Chief Clerk, K. Kameron Sackey, 300*l.*-12*l.*-396*l.*

*Survey Department.**Headquarters.*

Surveyor General, J. Clendinning, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., 1,200*l.*, plus 240*l.* duty allowance.

Deputy Surveyor General, F. W. Mindham, B.Sc., F.R.G.S., F.R.A.I., 1,050*l.* plus 210*l.* duty allowance.

Office Assistant, P. G. Macdonald, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*

Records and Reproduction.

Record Keeper and Cartographer, F. C. Blake, Scale C.

Chief Draughtsman, A. F. R. Morris, Scale C, maximum 800*l.*

Draughtsman, Sergt. W. T. Harrington, R.E., 500*l.* to 660*l.* by 12*l.*

Chief Lithographer, G. Fisher, Scale C, maximum 720*l.*

Lithographic Draughtsman, Cpl. T. M. Smith, R.E., 500*l.* to 660*l.* by 12*l.*

Lithographic Prover and Vandyker, Loc.-Sgt. H. R. Dunn, R.E., 500*l.* to 660*l.* by 12*l.*

Lithographic Printer, J. L. Henderson, 500*l.* to 660*l.* by 12*l.*

Survey School.

Instructor, W. Cutland, Scale C.

Surveyor, C. E. Gibson, Scale C.

Field Supervising Staff.

Field Supervisors, Capt. S. C. Seward, M.C., M.M., Capt. R. L. Brown, 960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.

*Cadastral Branch.**Headquarters.*

Computer and Examiner, B. P. Riddett, Scale C.

Computer, F. Yates, Scale C.

Chief Draughtsman, L/Sgt. G. Meredith, R.E., Scale C, maximum 800*l.*

Provincial Survey Sections.

Surveyors, P. Hallahan, K. M. Vaughan, C. R. Petty, M. W. Hayes, W. Gemmell, E. W. Kenward, Major E. W. Newham, and one vacancy, Scale C.

Surveyors and Inspectors of Lands, Capt. C. L. M. Douet, B.Sc., G. C. L. Chamberlain, Scale C.

African Surveyors, K. Asante, A. A. Young, 400*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 36*l.* to 780*l.*

Supernumerary Surveyors (Temporary Assistance), J. F. W. Plascott, and two vacancies, Scale C.

Topographical Branch.

Surveyors, G. C. Rogerson, and one vacancy, Scale C.

Special Cadastral Framework Party.

Surveyors, Lieut. F. B. Baines-Hewitt, R.E., and one vacancy, 720*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*, plus 72*l.* seniority allowance.

Special Topographical Survey and International Boundary Surveys.

Officer in Charge (vacant), 960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.

Surveyor (Wireless Officer), Capt. J. F. Phipps, R.E., 960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.

Camp Officer, Lieut. F. O. Metford, R.E., and three vacancies, 720*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*, plus 72*l.* seniority allowance.

Forest Reserves Boundary Survey.

Surveyors, Lieut. E. R. Green, R.E., Capt. F. K. Stranaok, M.C., R.E., 720*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*, plus 72*l.* seniority allowance.

Lands Department.

Commissioner of Lands (vacant), 1,200*l.*, plus 240*l.* duty allowance.

Deputy Commissioner of Lands (vacant), 1,050*l.*, plus 210*l.* duty allowance.

Assistant Commissioners of Lands, W. L. Shepley-Taylor, G. W. Staopools, and four vacancies, Scale C.
Executive Officer (vacant), Scale C.

Northern Territories Constabulary.

Commandant, Capt. J. Massie, 960*l.*, duty allowance, 96*l.*
Adjutant, Major C. T. Williams, O.B.E., 600*l.*-30*l.*-720*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.*, duty allowance 72*l.*
Assistant Commandants, Major B. A. S. Bennett, Lieut. W. M. Harrington, M.C., M.M. (one vacancy), Scale A.

Transport Department.

Chief Transport Officer, R. Nichols, A.M.Inst.T., 720*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.*, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.
Engineer Transport Officers, A. H. Cruickshank, Capt. E. Doole, R.E., Capt. W. T. C. Riley, Capt. H. A. Jarred, Scale C, 480*l.*-510*l.*-920*l.*, plus 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*
Accountant, J. A. Kelly, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*
European Fitter (vacant), Scale F.
African Assistant Transport Officers, T. Abraham and J. K. Ansah, 300*l.* to 396*l.* by 12*l.*

Public Works Department.

I. Direction.

Director of Public Works, E. H. D. Nicolls, O.B.E., A.M.I.C.E., F.R.Met.Soc., 1,600*l.*, plus 300*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy Director of Public Works, J. D. Sharman, M.I.Mun. & Cy.E., 1,200*l.*, plus 240*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Directors of Public Works, E. P. Brown, Major S. Banks Keast, M.C., R.E. (R. of O.), M.L.S.E., M.R.S.I., F.R.G.S., 960*l.*, plus 96*l.* duty allowance and 100*l.* personal allowance; Wm. Miller (seconded to Takoradi Harbour), 960*l.*, plus 96*l.* duty allowance.
Secretary, H. F. Skelton, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*
Stock Verifier, F. Barlow, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*
Estate Officer, J. O. Plange, 350*l.*-20*l.*-450*l.*

II. Provincial Engineering Staff.

Senior Provincial Engineer, H. Gayton, F.S.I., A.M.Q.S.A., 960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.
Provincial Engineers, M. F. Inglis, A.M.I.C.E. (Ireland), S. Gifford, Capt. D. R. Mackie, M.C., A.M.I.C.E., (one vacancy), Scale C, with 92*l.* duty allowance.
Executive Engineers, J. B. Fallowfield (Resident Engineer, Cape Coast Water Supply), A.M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., L. M. Grover, A.M.I.C.E. (Ireland), M.S.E., P.A.S.I., M.R.S.I., H. Dyson, A.M.I.C.E., E. M. W. Williams, G. C. Cuthbert, J. C. Renshaw, F.S.I., F.R.G.S., M.Geol.Assn., A.M.I.A.E., J. P. Ede, T. A. Finch, B.A., B.A.I., A.M.I.C.E., G. W. Randall, H. Williams, A. J. Kitchener, J. T. Longstaff, A.M.I.Mun. & Cy.E., A. Holland, A.M.E.I.C. (Canada), E. Govett, R. M. Fisher, H. O. Hooper, J. Cumming, H. Darnell, W. J. Goldfinch (Municipal Engineer), A.M.I.San.E., A.R.S.I., N. J. Silcock, A.M.I.M.E. (Australia), W. A. Coveney, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., T. L. Bowring, C. J. Rigby, B.Sc. (Eng.), G. F. Stewart, Major C. Alderson, D.S.O., B.Sc. (Eng.), J. W. Watts, J. W. Croxford, M.I.M. & C.E., A. T. R. Grimson, A. Drury, B.E., Scale C.
African Probationer Engineer, M. H. Addy, 400*l.*-20*l.*-500*l.*
Chief Inspectors of Works, C. E. Webb, O. Jelly, A. L. Hackett, 600*l.*

Inspectors of Works, Grade I, W. Jacob, A. Stother, F. J. Neel, W. J. Twydell, A. H. M. Harding, E. H. Brewer, F. J. Duval, J. H. MacGillivray, E. A. Bradfield, J. Hall, W. C. Boniface, J. M. Robertson, B. O. W. Cantrell, T. Simpson, A. N. Strachan, J. Williamson, A. T. Wood, A. E. Tromp, W. H. Smith, W. H. J. Whatley, C. Smith, E. Tomes, H. Dinsdale, 500*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.*
Inspectors of Works, Grade II, J. G. F. England, W. N. Waterson, W. C. Lee, R. J. Fry, G. A. Millbank, W. MacFarlane (seconded to Acora Town Council), R. West, 400*l.*-12*l.*-500*l.*
Workshops Foreman, G. Taylor, 600*l.*
Foremen of Works, J. Bailey, P. Reid, J. D. Mitchell, J. W. Hopper, E. S. Jenkins, M. L. Manuel, J. W. Snowden, A. J. Bannister, C. Featherstone, T. M. Ritchie, A. W. Garden, J. Wilkins, H. A. Peters, W. Quinlan, W. T. H. Lewis, C. A. Ford, J. W. Green, A. Harrison, M.C., 400*l.*-12*l.*-500*l.*
African Foremen of Works, E. G. Quartey, J. M. Hudson, 250*l.*-10*l.*-350*l.*

III. Public Health Engineering Staff.

Senior Public Health Engineer, P. Hall, A.M.I.C.E., 960*l.*, plus 96*l.* duty allowance.
Public Health Engineers, W. G. Jamieson, B.Sc., W. R. Sheffield, A.M.I.C.E., 600*l.*-920*l.*
Foreman of Works (Drainage), H. E. Jarvis, Scale F.
Maintenance Engineers, J. H. Armstrong, M.I.Struct.E., S. M. Colman, A.M.I.C.E., W. S. Saunders, A.M.I.C.E., Scale C.
Building Inspector, A. C. Fairbrother, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*
Fitter Superintendent, J. F. Wiggott, 600*l.*
Distribution Foremen, J. A. Grove, F. F. Grove, T. Powles, A. W. J. Taylor, 500*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.*; one at 400*l.*-12*l.*-500*l.*
Engineering Chemist, H. E. Course, A.I.C., Scale C, with 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Senior Hydraulic Engineer, Capt. C. Wilson Brown, M.C., A.R.T.C. (Glasgow), F.R.G.S., A.M.I.C.E., 960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Engineers, G. Little (vacant), Scale C.

IV. Mechanical Engineering Staff.

Chief Mechanical Engineer, G. A. Pickles, Scale C, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.
Mechanical Engineers, G. B. Morgan, A.M.I.M.E., F. Hinton, J. C. L. Taylor, T. F. Quinlan, Scale C.
General Fitters, J. W. Stevenson, R. J. Gregg, H. A. Dalgleish, S. H. Barnett, H. Leigh, J. H. Hill, J. McNeill, W. J. Arsoott, J. Maiden, H. Pank, D.C.M., B. T. Townsend, R. Macaulay, W. J. Phillips, at 600*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.*; or Scale F.

V. Architectural and Drawing Office Staff.

Chief Architect, W. F. Hodges, O.B.E., F.R.I.B.A., M.I.Struct.E., F.S.Arch., 960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Chief Architect, I. B. Pite, M.A., A.R.I.B.A.
European Draughtsmen, E. F. Carey, J. R. W. Reid, Lic.R.I.B.A., A.M.I.Struct.E., C. S. Moiley, A.R.I.B.A., A.M.I.Struct.E., C. A. G. Mandel, Scale C, maximum 800*l.*
Structural Engineer, H. Cooper, M.I.Struct.E., Scale C.
Engineering Draughtsman, C. W. H. Lawrence, Scale C, maximum 800*l.*
Quantity Surveyors, R. P. Bush, Lic.R.I.B.A., A.M.I.Struct.E., L. A. Hagen, P.A.S.I., Scale C, maximum 800*l.*

VI. *Accounting and Storekeeping Staff.*(a) *Headquarters Accounting Staff.*

Chief Accountant, H. E. Dean, 800*l.*—40*l.*—920*l.*, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.

Assistant Chief Accountant, E. V. Adams, F.R.C.A., Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

Assistant Accountant, J. D. Haugh, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

(b) *Headquarters Storekeeping Staff.*

Chief Storekeeper, J. T. E. Kramer, 800*l.*—40*l.*—920*l.*, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.

Assistant Accountants, T. M. Logan, M.M., H. A. Steedman, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*, R. E. Hunt, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*

Mechanical Storekeepers, J. L. G. Jones, and one vacancy, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

(c) *Provincial Accounting and Stores Staff.*

Assistant Accountants, T. Lever, E. A. Jacob, L. W. Bowden, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*, J. A. Hutchinson, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*

VII. *Electric Light and Power Staff.*

Chief Electrical Engineer, Major J. S. Thain, M.C., 720*l.*—40*l.*—920*l.*, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.

Electrical Engineers, G. H. C. Stupart, A.M.I.E.E., B. McGuckin, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., Scale C.

Electrical Fitters, W. H. Evans, W. Allan, G. Wilkins, A. H. Clarke, J. O. Haswell, V. Longden, E. Fitton, J. E. Atkinson, W. H. Greenall, F. J. Smith, W. Beatty, G. B. Jones, at 500*l.*—12*l.*—560*l.*, or Scale F.

Assistant Accountant, J. H. F. Meacham, Scale A, maximum, 720*l.*

Special Staffs for Municipal Engineering Works.

Municipal Engineer, Capt. W. J. Goldfinch, A.M.I.San.E., A.R.S.I., Scale C.

Inspector of Works, W. MacFarlane, Scale F.

Building Inspectors, T. E. J. King, H. O. Ventress, J. H. Hutchinson, R. H. Phillips, W. Studholme, M. Holdsworth, A. C. Fairbrother, M.C., Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

Kumasi Town Engineering Branch.

Assistant Engineers, F. S. Drake, B.Sc., and two vacancies, Scale C.

Foreman of Works, F. C. Holman, Scale F.

Building Inspectors, F. A. Grant, H. L. Evans, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*

African Subordinate Staff.

Chief African Draughtsman, J. Q. Solomon, 300*l.*—12*l.*—396*l.*

Sub-Assistant Accountants, D. J. Thorpe, B. Y. Quarshie, D. Sackey, J. O. Renner, J. De Graft (vacant), 300*l.*—12*l.*—396*l.*

Superintendent of Correspondence Branch, G. A. Yankah, 300*l.*—12*l.*—396*l.*

*Harbours Staff.**Takoradi.*

Chief Resident Engineer, W. Miller, 1,250*l.* with duty allowance, 250*l.*

Assistant Resident Engineer, W. Hewitt, 1,050*l.* with duty allowance 210*l.*

Assistant Engineer, D. G. Anderson, 850*l.* plus 85*l.* duty allowance.

Secretary, A. Haxwell Hicks, 540*l.*

Inspector of Works (Diving), F. Law, 580*l.* plus 48*l.* diving allowance.

Inspectors of Works, C. W. W. Early, C. E. W. Hockin, G. H. Gardner, 580*l.*

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 301.

HONG KONG.

Situation and Area.

Hong Kong is one of a number of Islands situated off the south-eastern coast of China, at the mouth of the Canton River, and lies about 40 miles east of Macao, 91 miles south of Canton, between 22° 9' and 22° 17' N. lat., and 114° 5' and 114° 18' E. long. The island is an irregular ridge, stretching nearly east and west; its broken and abrupt peaks rising to the height of nearly 2,000 feet above the sea level. Its length is about 11 miles, its breadth from 2 to 5 miles, its area about 32 square miles. It is separated from the mainland of China by a narrow strait, known as the Lyeemum Pass, which does not exceed half a mile in width. The opposite peninsula of Kowloon (2½ square miles) was ceded to Great Britain by a Treaty entered into by Lord Elgin in 1860 with the Government of China, and now forms part of the Colony; which also includes Stonecutter's, Green, Apichau, Middle, Round, and other islets.

In 1898 an agreement was concluded with the Chinese Government for the extension of Hong Kong territory by an area adjacent to British Kowloon, in the province of Kwang-tung, including Mirs Bay and Deep Bay, this area to be leased for 99 years; a stipulation was included that within the walled city of Kowloon (which lies outside of British Kowloon) the Chinese officials then stationed there should continue to exercise jurisdiction except so far as might be inconsistent with the military requirements for the defence of Hong Kong, but that within the remainder of the newly-leased territory Great Britain should have sole jurisdiction. In 1899 the Chinese officials ceased to exercise jurisdiction within Kowloon City, which thereafter, by Her late Majesty's Order in Council, was incorporated in the leased territory and became subject to British rule. The area of the mainland and islands leased is about 359 square miles. A careful survey of the territory was completed in 1904. This New Territory is divided into two main districts—the Northern and the Southern—and is in charge of two District Officers, who perform the duties of land officers and magistrates, and are authorised to hold small debts courts. The District Officer of the Northern district has his headquarters at Tai Pó on an arm of Mirs Bay; the headquarters of the Southern district are in Victoria.

General Description.

The waterways of the Colony form one of the most magnificent harbours in the world, having an area of ten square miles. The granite hills which surround it rise between 2,000 and 3,000 feet high, the whole offering a *coup d'œil* which blends the wild scenery of Scotland with the classic beauty of Italy. The city of Victoria extends for four miles at the base of the hills which protect the south side of the harbour. Being built on the slope of the hills facing the sea, the general aspect of the town is perhaps more striking and picturesque from the water than that of any other city in the east, whilst many of the streets are shaded with well-grown and handsome trees. Some large and handsome buildings stand on the Praya West Reclamation, which was completed in 1903. The reclamation of a large area (2,249,000 sq. ft.) in front of the Praya East, is now being carried out.

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VI. *Accounting and Storekeeping Staff.*(a) *Headquarters Accounting Staff.*

Chief Accountant, H. E. Dean, 800*l.*–40*l.*–920*l.*, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.

Assistant Chief Accountant, E. V. Adams, F.R.C.A., Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

Assistant Accountant, J. D. Haugh, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

(b) *Headquarters Storekeeping Staff.*

Chief Storekeeper, J. T. E. Kramer, 800*l.*–40*l.*–920*l.*, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.

Assistant Accountants, T. M. Logan, M.M., H. A. Steedman, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*, R. E. Hunt, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*

Mechanical Storekeepers, J. L. G. Jones, and one vacancy, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

(c) *Provincial Accounting and Stores Staff.*

Assistant Accountants, T. Lever, E. A. Jacob, L. W. Bowden, Scale A, maximum 800*l.*, J. A. Hutchinson, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*

VII. *Electric Light and Power Staff.*

Chief Electrical Engineer, Major J. S. Thain, M.C., 720*l.*–40*l.*–920*l.*, plus 80*l.* duty allowance.

Electrical Engineers, G. H. C. Stupart, A.M.I.E.E., B. McQuinn, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E., Scale C.

Electrical Fitters, W. H. Evans, W. Allan, G. Wilkins, A. H. Clarke, J. O. Haswell, V. Longden, E. Fitton, J. E. Atkinson, W. H. Greenall, F. J. Smith, W. Beatty, G. B. Jones, at 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*, or Scale F.

Assistant Accountant, J. H. F. Meacham, Scale A, maximum, 720*l.*

Special Staffs for Municipal Engineering Works.

Municipal Engineer, Capt. W. J. Goldfinch, A.M.I.San.E., A.R.S.L., Scale C.

Inspector of Works, W. MacFarlane, Scale F.

Building Inspectors, T. E. J. King, H. O. Ventress, J. H. Hutchinson, R. H. Phillips, W. Stadholme, M. Holdsworth, A. C. Fairbrother, M.C., Scale A, maximum 800*l.*

Kumasi Town Engineering Branch.

Assistant Engineers, F. S. Drake, B.Sc., and two vacancies, Scale C.

Foreman of Works, F. C. Holman, Scale F.

Building Inspectors, F. A. Grant, H. L. Evans, Scale A, maximum 720*l.*

African Subordinate Staff.

Chief African Draughtsman, J. Q. Solomon, 300*l.*–12*l.*–396*l.*

Sub-Assistant Accountants, D. J. Thorpe, B. Y. Quarrie, D. Sackey, J. O. Renner, J. De Graft (vacant), 300*l.*–12*l.*–396*l.*

Superintendent of Correspondence Branch, G. A. Yankah, 300*l.*–12*l.*–396*l.*

*Harbours Staff.**Takoradi.*

Chief Resident Engineer, W. Miller, 1,250*l.* with duty allowance, 250*l.*

Assistant Resident Engineer, W. Hewitt, 1,050*l.* with duty allowance 210*l.*

Assistant Engineer, D. G. Anderson, 850*l.* plus 85*l.* duty allowance.

Secretary, A. Haxwell Hicks, 540*l.*

Inspector of Works (Diving), F. Law, 580*l.* plus 48*l.* diving allowance.

Inspectors of Works, C. W. W. Early, C. E. W. Hockin, G. H. Gardner, 580*l.*

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 801.

HONG KONG.

Situation and Area.

Hong Kong is one of a number of Islands situated off the south-eastern coast of China, at the mouth of the Canton River, and lies about 40 miles east of Macao, 91 miles south of Canton, between 22° 9' and 22° 17' N. lat., and 114° 5' and 114° 18' E. long. The island is an irregular ridge, stretching nearly east and west; its broken and abrupt peaks rising to the height of nearly 2,000 feet above the sea level. Its length is about 11 miles, its breadth from 2 to 5 miles, its area about 32 square miles. It is separated from the mainland of China by a narrow strait, known as the Lyeemum Pass, which does not exceed half a mile in width. The opposite peninsula of Kowloon (2½ square miles) was ceded to Great Britain by a Treaty entered into by Lord Elgin in 1860 with the Government of China, and now forms part of the Colony; which also includes Stonecutter's, Green, Aplichau, Middle, Round, and other islets.

In 1898 an agreement was concluded with the Chinese Government for the extension of Hong Kong territory by an area adjacent to British Kowloon, in the province of Kwang-tung, including Mirs Bay and Deep Bay, this area to be leased for 99 years; a stipulation was included that within the walled city of Kowloon (which lies outside of British Kowloon) the Chinese officials then stationed there should continue to exercise jurisdiction except so far as might be inconsistent with the military requirements for the defence of Hong Kong, but that within the remainder of the newly-leased territory Great Britain should have sole jurisdiction. In 1899 the Chinese officials ceased to exercise jurisdiction within Kowloon City, which thereafter, by Her late Majesty's Order in Council, was incorporated in the leased territory and became subject to British rule. The area of the mainland and islands leased is about 359 square miles. A careful survey of the territory was completed in 1904. This New Territory is divided into two main districts—the Northern and the Southern—and is in charge of two District Officers, who perform the duties of land officers and magistrates, and are authorised to hold small debts courts. The District Officer of the Northern district has his headquarters at Tai Pó on an arm of Mirs Bay; the headquarters of the Southern district are in Victoria.

General Description.

The waterways of the Colony form one of the most magnificent harbours in the world, having an area of ten square miles. The granite hills which surround it rise between 2,000 and 3,000 feet high, the whole offering a *coup d'œil* which blends the wild scenery of Scotland with the classic beauty of Italy. The city of Victoria extends for four miles at the base of the hills which protect the south side of the harbour. Being built on the slope of the hills facing the sea, the general aspect of the town is perhaps more striking and picturesque from the water than that of any other city in the east, whilst many of the streets are shaded with well-grown and handsome trees. Some large and handsome buildings stand on the Praya West Reclamation, which was completed in 1903. The reclamation of a large area (2,249,000 sq. ft.) in front of the Praya East, is now being carried out.

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Work is in hand, and it is expected that the whole reclamation will be completed in 1929.

Other large areas are being reclaimed on the mainland at Kowloon Bay (9,689,000 sq. ft.), Taikok-tsui (1,868,500 sq. ft.), Sham-shui-po (2,842,000 sq. ft.), the latter being a further reclamation to that already completed.

The rainfall for 1925 was 87.58 inches, and for 1926, 100.78 inches. In 1925 the mean temperature was 71.4° and in 1926, 71.6°, the mean minimum temperature during the latter year ranging from 78.4° in July to 57.3° in February and the mean maximum temperature from 86.9° in July to 63.9° in February. Typhoons are prevalent during the months July to October.

History.

The Colony, then a desolate island, sparsely inhabited by fishermen, was ceded to Great Britain in January, 1841; the cession was confirmed by the Treaty of Nankin in August, 1842; and the charter bears date 5th April, 1843. The additions subsequently obtained on the mainland have been noted above.

Hong Kong did not become of much commercial importance until the discovery of gold in Australia, in 1851, and the consequent Chinese emigration. Its trade has gradually increased with the opening up of China to foreign trade.

Large local banking, dock, steamboat, and insurance companies were established between 1865 and 1872, and the trade was greatly increased by the opening of the Suez Canal.

The city is the *dépôt* for an incessant flow of Chinese emigration and immigration, the number in 1926 being 345,188 (principally to and from the Straits); emigrants, 216,527; immigrants, 128,661, excluding to and from China ports.

Industry.

The position of the island has made it a distributing centre for trade in many kinds of goods. Amongst the principal commodities handled are coal, cotton, and cotton goods, hides, iron and steel, matches, nuts, oils, rice, sugar, silk, sandalwood, tea, tin, wolframite, etc.

Ship-building is a large and growing industry, and there are also factories of very considerable importance engaged in the manufacture of cigars and cigarettes, rope, cement, and the refining of sugar.

Native industries such as the manufacture of vermilion, sauces, bamboo-ware, building of native craft, etc., are of large and increasing dimensions.

The natural products of Hong Kong are few and unimportant. There is little land suitable for tillage, and nothing is grown but a little rice and some vegetables near the outlying villages. There are large granite quarries both on the island and in Kowloon. A bed of fire clay exists at Deep Water Bay, and bricks and earthenware pipes are manufactured from it. A dairy farm supplies fresh meat, poultry, eggs, and milk. The fishing in the waters of the Colony is good and is a source of livelihood to a vast number of Chinese.

The New Territories have extensive cultivable land, on which are grown sugar, rice, vegetables, lychees, pineapples, etc. The cultivation is entirely in the hands of the Chinese villagers and it is doubtful whether European enterprise would be successful.

Year.	FINANCE.		SHIPPING CLEARED AND ENTERED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	\$	\$		
1917	15,058,105	14,090,828	9,167,595	33,827,325
1918	18,665,248	16,252,172	7,072,021	29,518,189
1919	16,824,975	17,915,925	10,095,805	35,615,169
1920	14,689,672	14,489,594	11,608,069	40,122,527
1921	17,728,132	15,739,652	12,766,492	43,420,970
1922	22,291,064	18,563,003	13,420,118	46,566,764
1923	24,783,762	21,571,904	16,920,491	53,402,239
1924	24,209,840	26,726,428	18,369,413	56,731,077
1925	23,244,366	28,266,818	15,321,935	41,469,584
1926	21,131,582	23,524,716	14,730,846	36,821,364

There is a Public Debt of 1,485,733*l.* and \$3,000,000. The amounts at credit of the Sinking Funds are respectively £533,788, \$1,834,928, and £120,654.

Shipping.

Hong Kong is a free port except as regards importation of intoxicating liquors and tobacco, and no details of the trade of previous years are available, but the control of trade rendered necessary by the war gave an opportunity of collecting some statistics. Figures of a tentative kind were available for a part of 1917 and full trade returns have been published annually from the year 1918 onwards.

The total tonnage entering and clearing during the year 1926 amounted to 36,821,364 tons, a decrease of 4,648,220 tons compared with 1925.

There were 14,961 arrivals of 14,142,661 tons and 15,270 departures of 14,228,443 tons.

Of British ocean-going tonnage 4,597,357 tons entered, and 4,660,060 tons cleared.

Of British river steamers 2,722,225 tons entered, and 2,751,204 tons cleared.

Of foreign ocean-going tonnage 6,022,203 tons entered, and 6,035,076 tons cleared.

Of foreign river steamers 53,249 tons entered, and 54,486 tons cleared.

Of steamships under 60 tons trading to ports outside the Colony, 43,516 tons entered, and 43,814 tons cleared.

Of junks in foreign trade 704,111 tons entered, and 683,803 tons cleared.

Of steamships under 60 tons plying within the waters of the Colony 6,975,072 tons entered and 6,975,072 tons cleared.

Of junks in local trade 323,352 tons entered, and 415,148 tons cleared.

Docks.

Hong Kong is well provided with dock accommodation. The Hong Kong and Whampoa Dock Company have three dry docks, the larger one being re-constructed, and two slips at their Kowloon establishment, one dry dock at Mong Kok Tsui on the western side of the Kowloon Peninsula, and two at Aberdeen on the south side of the island. The Taikoo Dockyard and Engineering Company have one large dock and three slipways situated at Quarry Bay, just inside the Lyceum Pass.

The Admiralty have built a large dock in the Naval Dockyard in the middle of the City of Victoria. Besides these, there are several building slips and repairing shops owned by Europeans and Chinese in various parts of the Colony.

Wharves.

The Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., situated on the mainland, have five wharves and can accommodate vessels of 550 ft. in length. No. 1 and No. 5 Wharves are capable of accommodating vessels up to 660 feet.

Alf. Holt & Co. have two wharves at the East Point of the Kowloon Peninsula and have accommodation for large vessels.

In addition, there are many wharves privately owned by shipping firms, situated in the Central district.

Government Harbour Moorings.

There are at present laid down in the Harbour for the use of vessels frequenting the Port fifty-six (56) complete sets of Government Harbour Moorings, classed as follows:—

A Class. Moorings for vessels of 450 feet to 600 feet in length ...	17
B Class. Moorings for vessels of 300 feet to 450 feet in length ...	17
C Class. Moorings for vessels of 300 feet in length or under ...	22
Total ...	56

Currency and Banking.

The currency of Hong Kong consists of the following coins (*vide* Order in Council, 2nd Feb., 1895):—

1. The silver dollar of Mexico.
2. British dollar.
3. The Hong Kong dollar, half-dollar, and 20-cent, 10-cent, and 5-cent pieces, issued from the Hong Kong Mint (1866-68).
4. Half-dollars, 20-, 10-, and 5-cent pieces, imported from England, and coined at the Royal Mint and Birmingham Mint.
5. Copper coins representing one-hundredth part of the dollar (called one cent), and one-thousandth part of the dollar (mil or cash), imported from England.

There were issued from the Hong Kong Mint 2,108,054 dollars and 58,587 half-dollars; and 20-, 10-, and 5-cent pieces to the nominal value of \$402,671. There were obtained from England, and there were in circulation on 31st Dec., 1926, subsidiary coins (which now include half dollars) to the nominal value of \$17,914,370.

The coins issued from the Hong Kong Mint are never met with in the Colony now.

The principal Banks are the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Ltd., the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, the Mercantile Bank of India, the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd., the International Banking Corporation, the Yokohama Specie Bank, the Bank of Taiwan, the Netherlands-India Commercial Bank, the Netherlands Trading Society, the Banque de l'Indo-Chine, the Crédit-Foncier d'Extrême Orient. The first named bank conducts a Savings Bank. There are also a large number of Chinese banks.

The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, and the Mercantile Bank of India are authorised to issue notes in the Colony, the total circulation amounting to \$68,185,751 at the close of 1926.

Local weights and measures are the following: 1 tael = 1½ oz.; 1 picul = 133½ lbs. (avoirdupois); 1½ catties = 1 imperial gallon; 1,000 Chinese cash = 1 dollar.

Means of Communication.

Hong Kong is extremely well situated as regards telegraphic communication in all directions with all parts of the world. The Eastern Extension Telegraph Company (British) by means of three cables to Singapore, one direct and one each *via* Labuan and Cape St. James respectively, provide good connections with Europe, *via* India, with Australasia, and with the other British Colonies and possessions. By their cable to Manila connection is made with the direct American cable, thence to San Francisco. Two cables to Shanghai, belonging respectively to the Eastern Extension and to the Great Northern (Danish) Companies, *via* Foochow and Amoy respectively, give a good connection with Shanghai, North China, Japan, and Russia; and the system of the Great Northern Telegraph Company gives a good service to Europe, *via* Asiatic Russia.

A radio-telegraph station established at Cape d'Aguilar provides communication with vessels inter ports. The Kowloon Royal Observatory W/T station, long. 114° 10', 18.7 E., lat. 22° 18' 13.2 N., opened for meteorological traffic on 1st April, 1927. Call sign "G.O.W."

Hong Kong possesses unrivalled steam communication. The P. & O. S. N. Co., M. M. Cie, Holt's Line, City Line, and N.Y.K. maintain a regular service with the United Kingdom and Europe. The Holt's line, Admiral Line, O. S. K., N. Y. K., and Dollar Line maintain a regular service between Hong Kong and the United States of America. The Canadian Pacific S.S. Limited maintain a regular service with Vancouver, B.C.

The E. & A., Australian Oriental Line, and N. Y. K. keep up a frequent service to Australian ports. In addition to these main lines of steamers, there are other lines which call at Hong Kong from various ports, such as the Shire, Glen, and Bank lines, and Lloyd Trestino.

Regular steam communication between Java and Hong Kong has been established by the Indo-China S. N. Co. and the Java-China-Japan Line. Between the ports on the east coast of China, Formosa and Hong Kong the steamers of the Douglas S. S. Co. ply regularly twice a week, and those of the Osaka Shosen Kaisha weekly, and there is constant steam communication with Hoihow, Manila, Saigon, Haiphong, Tourane, Bangkok, Borneo, etc. With Shanghai, Tientsin, and the ports of Japan there is frequent communication by steamers of the Indo-China S. N. Co., China Navigation, and other lines, in addition to the English, French and American mail steamers. With Calcutta there are services by the Indo-China S. N. Co. and the British India Line, about once a fortnight by each line. Between Hong Kong, Macao, and Canton there is a daily steam service, and numerous steamers as far as Wuchow on the West River.

A cable tramway connects the city with the higher levels. An electric tramway from Shaukiwan to Kennedy Town, along the whole extent of the city, was completed and opened in July, 1904. The island possesses roads available for vehicular traffic both in the town and outside from which unrivalled views can be obtained, especially from the wind-swept roads in the hill districts. There is also a fine motor road round the island.

There are excellent motor roads in Kowloon and the New Territory—the road to Fanling via Castle Peak and back via Taiipo being a panorama of views over a route of several miles.

The usual means of transport is by motor, ricksha, chair, or boat. A railway was completed in 1910 from Kowloon to the Chinese frontier, where it joins the line from Canton. Telephonic communication is available to all parts of the Colony.

	Letters.	Each additional os.
United Kingdom, India, Egypt, and all other British Colonies and Protectorates, China and Macao	4 cents	4 cents
Europe and America	10 "	6 "
Hong Kong, and New Territory	2 "	2 "

Direct Money Orders are exchanged with the United Kingdom, China, Canada, United States of America, Union of South Africa, India, Ceylon, the Australian Commonwealth, the Dominion of New Zealand, Straits Settlements, Federated Malay States, State of North Borneo, Sarawak, Siam, Macao, Japan, French Indo-China, Netherland Indies, and the Philippine Islands. British Postal Orders are issued and paid in Hong Kong. Telegraphic Money Orders are exchanged with the United Kingdom only.

Education.

Since 1913 the schools in the Colony, with few exceptions, have been placed by Ordinance under the supervision and control of the Education Department. The total number of pupils is about 44,947, of whom, roughly speaking, one-third are in schools in which English is the medium of instruction, and two-thirds are in Vernacular Schools. There are five schools exclusively for children of British parentage, with an average attendance of 315. Queen's College is the principal school for Chinese, with an average attendance of 451. Including the above, the average attendance at Government schools is 3,171. Most of the non-Government English schools are assisted by grants, which amounted in 1926 to \$103,031. Many of the vernacular schools are assisted by subsidies and grants, amounting in 1926 to \$87,265.

A technical institute supplies instruction in commercial and technical subjects. The enrolment in 1926 was 460.

The University of Hong Kong, incorporated under the local University Ordinance, 1911, and opened in 1912, is a residential University for students of both sexes, the object of which is declared by that Ordinance to be "the promotion of Arts, Science and Learning, the provision of higher education, the conferring of degrees, the development and formation of the character of students of all races, nationalities and creeds, and the maintenance of good understanding with the neighbouring country of China."

Instruction is provided in the three Faculties of Medicine, Engineering and Arts. The standard aimed at is that of University degrees in Great Britain, and the Medical degrees of the University are recognized by the General Medical Council for registration in Great Britain.

The land, buildings, and equipment of the University are of an original value of not less than \$1,750,000, while the endowment fund exceeds \$3,000,000, of which \$750,000 represents a recent grant from the Rockefeller Foundation for the establishment of full-time chairs in Surgery, Medicine, and Obstetrics and Gynaeco-

logy. The Colonial Government has contributed land to the approximate value of \$175,000, together with capital sums amounting to \$1,700,000, and provides an annual subsidy of \$60,000.

The course is one of 4 years in Engineering and Arts, and of 6 years in Medicine. The annual entry is now somewhat in excess of 100. Students are of all nationalities, but the great majority are Chinese drawn from all parts of China and the Far East.

Revenue.

Revenue is derived from duties on intoxicating liquor, which in 1927 were expected to realize \$1,450,000, tobacco (imposed July, 1916), \$2,000,000, stamp revenue \$3,200,000. A considerable sum is also derived from the Opium monopoly, municipal rates for police, lighting, water, etc. (the rates according to the districts varying from 7 to 13 per cent. on the annual value of property) land revenue, stamps duties and other fees. It was expected that land sales would realise \$100,000.

The total revenue for 1927 is estimated at \$20,535,901.

Constitution.

The Government is administered under Letters Patent of 14th February, 1917, by a Governor, aided by an Executive Council, composed of six official and three unofficial members, besides the Governor. The Legislative Council is presided over by the Governor, and is composed of seven official and six unofficial members, three of whom are nominated by the Crown on the recommendation of the Governor (two being usually Chinese), one is nominated by the Justices of the Peace from their body, and one by the Chamber of Commerce. The unofficial members of the Executive and Legislative Councils, appointed after receipt of the Additional Instructions passed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet and dated 10th January, 1922, vacate their seats after five and four years respectively from date of appointment. The "Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890," regulates the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in Admiralty cases. The English Common Law forms the basis of the legal system, modified by Colonial Ordinances, of which a revised edition to 1923 has been issued. The law as to civil procedure was codified by Ordinance No. 3 of 1901.

Population.

1926—Non-Chinese ...	...	16,500
Chinese ...	...	857,920
Total (Civil) ...	...	<u>874,420</u>

Governors.*

- 1887 Sir G. W. Des Voeux, K.C.M.G.
- 1891 Sir W. Robinson, K.C.M.G.
- 1898 Sir H. A. Blake, G.C.M.G.
- 1904 Major Sir M. Nathan, K.C.M.G., R.E.
- 1907 Sir F. J. D. Lugard, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O.
- 1912 Sir F. H. May, K.C.M.G., LL.D.
- 1919 Sir R. E. Stubbs, K.C.M.G.
- 1925 Sir C. Clementi, K.C.M.G.

Executive Council.

- Governor, President.
- Officer Commanding the Troops.
- Colonial Secretary.
- Attorney-General.
- Treasurer.

* For previous Governors see edition of 1903.

H. T. Creasy, C.B.E., *Director of Public Works*.
E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., C.B.E., *Secretary for Chinese Affairs*.

Unofficial Members, Sir H. E. Pollock, K.C.,
Sir Shouson Chow, Kt., D. G. M. Bernard.

Legislative Council.

Governor, President.

Officer Commanding the Troops.

Colonial Secretary.

Attorney-General.

Treasurer.

H. T. Creasy, C.B.E., *Director of Public Works*.

E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., C.B.E., *Secretary for Chinese Affairs*.

E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G., *Capt. Superintendent of Police*.

Unofficial Members, Sir H. E. Pollock, K.C.,
Sir Shouson Chow, B. H. Kotewall, C.M.G.,
D. G. M. Bernard, A. C. Hynes, and J. Owen Hughes.

Clerk of Councils, Cadet Officer.

Deputy Clerk of Councils, Cadet Officer.

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Sir C. Clementi, K.C.M.G., 6,000*l.*, of which 1,200*l.* is an entertainment allowance.

Private Secretary, B. R. Forster, 300*l.*

Aide-de-Camp, Capt. O. H. Steele, M.C., Royal Irish Fusiliers, 300*l.*

Cadet Officers.

J. H. Kemp, Kt., C.B.E., K.C., 1,800*l.*, *Attorney General*.

C. McI. Messer, O.B.E., 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.* by 50*l.* annually, *Colonial Treasurer*.

E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., C.B.E., 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.* by 50*l.* annually, *Secretary for Chinese Affairs*.

E. D. C. Wolfe, 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.* by 50*l.* annually, *Capt. Superintendent of Police*.

J. R. Wood, 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.* by 50*l.* annually, *Puisne Judge*.

D. W. Tratman, 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.* by 50*l.* annually, *Asst. Colonial Secretary, and Clerk of Councils*.

A. E. Wood, 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.* by 50*l.* annually, *Director of Education*.

J. D. Lloyd, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*

M. J. Breen, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Post-master General*.

B. E. Lindsell, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *1st Police Magistrate*.

S. B. B. McElderry, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*

N. L. Smith, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Head of Sanitary Department*.

G. R. Sayer, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Supt. of Imports and Exports*.

W. Schofield, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Police Magistrate, Kowloon*.

E. W. Hamilton, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *2nd Asst. Colonial Secretary and Deputy Clerk of Councils*.

R. A. C. North, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Chief Assistant to Secretary for Chinese Affairs*.

W. J. Carrie, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Asst. Supt. of Imports and Exports*.

T. W. Ainsworth, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *2nd Asst. Secretary for Chinese Affairs*.

B. A. D. Forrest, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Asst. Head of Sanitary Department*.

J. A. Fraser, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *District Officer, North*.

E. I. Wynne-Jones, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *District Officer, South*.

H. R. Butters, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *3rd Asst. Colonial Secretary*.

G. S. Kennedy-Skipton, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*

T. Megarry, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*

A. W. G. H. Grantham, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *attached to Colonial Secretary's Office*.

J. S. MacLaren, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 50*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *Asst. Colonial Treasurer*.

E. H. Williams, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *3rd Asst. to Secretary for Chinese Affairs*.

R. R. Todd, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *attached to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs*.

B. C. K. Hawkins, 400*l.* to 1,500*l.* by 2 annual increments of 25*l.* and 15 annual increments of 50*l.*, *attached to the Treasury*.

Unpassed Cadets.

J. Barrow, R. S. Jenyns, J. R. Moreton, A. A. Macfadyen, 350*l.* to 400*l.* by 25*l.* annually.

Colonial Secretary's Department and Legislature.

Colonial Secretary, W. T. Southern, C.M.G., 2,000*l.*

Assistant Colonial Secretary, Cadet Officer;

receives 50*l.* allowance as Clerk of Councils.

Second Assistant Colonial Secretary, Cadet Officer.

Third Assistant Colonial Secretary, Cadet Officer.

Chief Clerk, J. A. E. Bullock, I.S.O., M.B.E.,

D.C.M., 600*l.* to 800*l.*

First Clerk, J. H. Gelling.

Unpassed Cadets, J. Barrow, R. S. Jenyns, 350*l.*

to 400*l.*, free quarters.

Secretariat for Chinese Affairs.

Secretary for Chinese Affairs, E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., C.B.E., 1,500*l.*

Chief Assistant to the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Cadet Officer.

Second Assistant to Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Cadet Officer.

Third Assistant to Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Cadet Officer.

Audit Department (under the Director of Colonial Audit, London).

Auditor, H. R. Phelps, 900*l.* to 1,000*l.*, and 75*l.* from Wei-hai-wei Government.

Assistant Auditor, T. Dallin, 650*l.* to 900*l.*

2nd Assistant Auditor, C. H. G. Bradley, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Senior Clerk, B. E. Maugham, 450*l.*

Treasury.**Treasurer's Office.**

Treasurer, Assessor, and Estate Duty Commissioner, C. McI. Messer, O.B.E., 1,250l. to 1,500l.

Assistant Treasurer and Estate Duty Commissioner, Cadet Officer.

Assistant Treasurer and Assessor, Cadet Officer.

Accountant, T. Black, 600l. to 700l.

Cashier, L. A. Barton, 500l. to 600l.

Stamp Office.

Superintendent, J. Pestonjee, \$6,000 to \$7,200.

Post Office.**Hong Kong Post Office.**

Postmaster-General, Cadet Officer.

Accountant, A. J. Reed, \$7,200.

Superintendent, M. O. Office, H. Dixon, \$7,200.

Deputy Superintendent, M. O. Office, J. J. Osborne, 200l. to 350l.

Superintendent of Mails, T. Hynes, 500l. to 600l., free quarters.

Assistant Superintendent of Mails (Registration Branch), P. da Roza, \$3,600 to \$4,200.

Assistant Superintendent of Mails (Parcels Branch), F. H. Holdman, 400l. to 480l.

Assistant Superintendent of Mails, T. M. Perpetuo, \$3,000 to \$3,800.

Assistant Superintendent of Mails, T. Lay, 200l. to 350l.

Harbour Master's Department.**Harbour Office.**

Harbour Master, &c., Lieut.-Commander G. F. Hole, R.N., 1,150l. to 1,350l.

Deputy Harbour Master, Commander J. B. Newill, D.S.O., R.N., 850l. by 40l. to 1,050l.

Assistant Harbour Master, T. W. H. Hosegood, 550l. by 30l. to 820l.

Office Assistant and Accountant, C. J. Roe, 400l. to 550l.

Chief Boarding Officer, C. J. Thomson, 400l. to 540l.

1st Boarding Officer, J. R. G. Wyatt, 350l. to 450l.

2nd ditto, R. Elvidge, 350l. to 450l.

3rd ditto, C. H. Thompson, 350l. to 450l.

4th ditto, R. J. Nunn, 350l. to 450l.

Chief Inspector of Junks and Cargo Boats, W. McKay, 400l. to 540l.

Inspector of Junks, W. R. Hillyer, 320l. to 360l.

Mercantile Marine Office.

Deputy Shipping Master, G. W. Coysh, 400l. to 540l.

Marine Surveyor's Office.

Government Surveyor, W. Russell, 725l. to 950l.

Assistant Surveyors, W. O. Lambert, Robert Hall, P. J. Taylor, T. E. Jackson, G. Swan, B. H. Church and 1 vacant, 460l. to 700l.

Gunpowder Dépôt.

Officer in Charge, A. Julian, \$2,400 to \$3,000.

Lighthouses.

Lighthouse Keepers, G. F. H. Taylor, 400l. to 480l.; W. H. Hast, A. E. Harvey, R. Roskrige, 320l. to 400l.; R. P. Brown, H. C. Brown, S. Bamsey, \$1,800 to \$2,400.

Imports and Exports Office.

Superintendent, Cadet Officer.

Assistant Superintendent, Cadet Officer.

Monopoly Analyst, H. A. Taylor, 600l. to 750l.

Royal Observatory.

Director of the Observatory, T. F. Claxton F.R.A.S., 750l. to 900l.

Chief Assistant, C. W. Jeffries, F.R.A.S., 400l. to 700l.

First Assistant, B. D. Evans, F.R.A.S., 400l. to 700l.

Judicial and Legal Departments.**Supreme Court.**

Chief Justice, Sir Henry Cowper Gollan, Kt., C.B.E., K.C., 2,400l.

Puisne Judge, J. R. Wood, 1,600l.

Registrar of Supreme Court and Registrar of Trade Marks and of Companies, Official Assignee, Official Administrator, Cadet Officer.

Deputy Registrar and Appraiser, Cadet Officer.

Magistracy, Hong Kong.

Police Magistrate and Coroner, Cadet Officer.

Magistrate and First Clerk, Major C. Willson, O.B.E., 500l. to 600l.

Magistracy, Kowloon.

Magistrate, Cadet Officer, 400l. to 1,200l.

Magistrate and First Clerk, W. J. Lockhart-Smith, 400l. to 500l.

District Officers.

District Officer, North, Cadet Officer, 400l. to 1,200l.

District Officer, South, Cadet Officer, 400l. to 1,200l.

Law Officers.

Attorney-General, Sir J. H. Kemp, Kt., K.C., C.B.E., 1,800l.

Assistant Attorney-General (vacant), 400l. to 1,200l.

Office of Crown Solicitor and Land Registry.

Crown Solicitor, H. K. Holmes, 1,000l. to 1,200l.

Assistant Crown Solicitor, T. M. Haslerigg, 600l. to 800l.

Land Officer, P. Jacks, 900l. to 1,100l.

Assistant Land Officer, F. Eaves, D.S.O., 600l. by 25l. to 800l.

Police and Prison Departments.**Police.**

Captain Superintendent, E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G., 1,250l. to 1,500l.

Deputy Superintendents, P. P. J. Wodehouse, C.I.E., T. H. King, 950l. to 1,100l.

Assistant Superintendents, D. Burlingham, 700l. to 800l.; C. G. Perdue, 500l. to 800l.; L. H. V. Booth, 325l. to 1,100l.

Fire Brigade.

Chief Officer, E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G.

Superintendent, H. T. Brooks, 500l. to 700l.

Consulting Engineer, R. Hall, \$1,200.

Station Officer, G. C. Moss, 360l. to 450l.

Prison.

Superintendent, J. W. Franks, 600l. to 900l.

Assistant Superintendent, H. F. Bloxham, 500l. to 700l.

*Medical Departments.**Staff.*

Principal Civil Medical Officer (vacant), 1,000*l.* to 1,200*l.*

Health Officer of Port and Inspector of Emigrants, Dr. B. H. Mellon, 600*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Second Health Officer of Port and Inspector of Emigrants, Dr. J. R. Craig, 600*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Medical Officers, Dr. W. A. B. Moore, Dr. J. T. Smalley, Dr. D. J. Valentine, Dr. W. L. Paterson, Dr. J. P. Fehily, Dr. I. Newton, 600*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Hospitals and Asylums.

Analyst, E. R. Dovey, 600*l.* to 750*l.*

Assistant Analysts, O. F. Lubatti and V. C. Branson, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Institutes.

Bacteriologist, Dr. E. P. Minett, 700*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Sanitary Department.

Head of Sanitary Department, N. L. Smith, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.*

Assistant Head of Sanitary Department, R. A. D. Forrest, 400*l.* to 1,200*l.*

Sanitary Staff.

Secretary to the Sanitary Board, D. Davies, 350*l.* to 450*l.*

Superintendent of Staff and Works, P. T. Lamble, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Medical Officer of Health, Dr. G. W. Pope, 600*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Assistant Medical Officers of Health (two vacancies), 600*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Veterinary Staff.

Veterinary Surgeon, W. J. E. Mackenzie, 600*l.* to 1,000*l.* plus \$1,000 personal allowance.

Assistant Veterinary Surgeon, M. J. Reidy, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Botanical and Forestry Department.

Superintendent, H. Green, 600*l.* to 800*l.*

*Education.**Department of Director of Education.*

Director of Education, A. E. Wood, 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.*

Inspectors of English Schools, E. Ralphs, 750*l.* to 900*l.*; G. P. de Martin, 625*l.* to 850*l.*

Inspectors of Vernacular Schools, Y. P. Law, W. Yu, Li King Hong, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Technical Institute Director, E. Ralphs, 120*l.*

Head Master, Queen's College, A. H. Crook, 750*l.* to 900*l.*

Head Master, Central British School, G. F. Nightingale, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Head Mistress, Victoria British School, E. M. Clark, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Head Mistress, Kowloon British Junior School, M. Cooper, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Head Mistress, Peak School, P. Y. Stark, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Head Mistress, Quarry Bay School, G. M. Cotton, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Head Master, Ellis Kadoorie School, F. J. de Rome, 650*l.* to 750*l.*

Head Master, Saiyingpun School, A. Morris, 650*l.* to 750*l.*

Head Master, Yaumati School, A. O. Brawn, 650*l.* to 750*l.*

Head Master, Wanchai School, B. J. Birbeck, 750*l.* to 850*l.*

Head Mistress, Belilios Public School, H. F. Skinner, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Head Master, English School for Indians, A. R. Sutherland, 650*l.* to 750*l.*

Volunteers.

Administrative Commandant, Major L. G. Bird, D.S.O., \$900 command allowance.

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, Harold T. Creasy, C.B.E., 1,250*l.* to 1,500*l.*

Assistant Directors of Public Works, H. T. Jackman, E. W. Carpenter, H. E. Goldsmith, 1,050*l.* to 1,200*l.*

Technical Secretary, J. Ring.

Accounts and Stores.

Superintendent of Accounts and Stores, W. J. Anderson, 600*l.* to 700*l.*

Deputy Storekeeper (vacant), 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Architectural.

Engineers-in-Charge, A. G. W. Tickle, H. C. Lowick, 725*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Engineers, R. P. Shaw, S. C. Feltham, R. J. B. Clark, A. W. Hodges, W. H. Owen, R. J. Vernal, 460*l.* to 600*l.*

Correspondence.

Secretary to Director of Public Works, W. G. Fitz-Gibbon, 700*l.* to 900*l.*

Crown Lands.

Superintendent of Crown Lands, L. C. P. Rees, 900*l.* to 1,000*l.*

First Assistant Superintendent of Crown Lands, H. West, 700*l.* to 875*l.*

Second Assistant Superintendent of Crown Lands, E. Larmour, 650*l.* to 750*l.*

Drainage.

Engineer-in-Charge, P. D. Wilson, 725*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Engineers, G. S. Graver, D. S. Edward, C. J. Waddell, 460*l.* to 600*l.*

Electrical.

Engineer-in-Charge, L. H. King, 725*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Engineer, R. Cryan, 460*l.* to 600*l.*

General Works.

Engineer-in-Charge, H. S. Rouse, 725*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Engineer, E. S. Carter, 460*l.* to 700*l.*

Engineers, S. O. Hill, A. H. McBride, 460*l.* to 600*l.*

Port Development.

Engineer-in-Charge, Adam Anderson, 725*l.* to 1,000*l.*

Engineers, A. Nicol, W. J. S. Key, G. S. Brown, N. K. Littlejohn, 460*l.* to 600*l.*



General ; Consuls, L. W. Franklin, H. Shantz,
J. J. Mascio ; Vice-Consul, K. C. Kreutz.

* For general map of the West Indies
Windward Islands.

† See account below.

see Hol.



de Kadoorie School, F. J. de
1901.

1,000.
Engineers, A. Nicool, W. J. S. Key, G. S. Brown,
N. K. Littlejohn, 4601. to 6001.

*Public Health and Buildings Ordinance.**Engineer-in-Charge*, A. E. Wright, 1,060*l.* to 1,200*l.**Engineers*, H. J. Pearce, 460*l.* to 1,000*l.*; C. B. Robertson, R. S. W. Paterson, J. Bottomley, K. S. Robertson, 460*l.* to 600*l.**Office Assistant*, J. Wattie, 400*l.* to 600*l.**Resumptions.**Engineer-in-Charge*, A. Kirk, 460*l.* to 600*l.**Roads, Piers, Bridges, &c. (Maintenance).**Engineer-in-Charge*, E. Newhouse, 725*l.* to 1,000*l.**Engineers*, H. H. Pegg, 460*l.* to 1,000*l.*; A. E. Lissaman, 460*l.* to 600*l.**Mechanical Engineer*, E. P. Fletcher, 500*l.* to 600*l.**Surveys.**Superintendent of Surveys*, E. B. Reed, 850*l.* to 1,000*l.**Assistant Superintendent of Surveys*, F. Sutton, 700*l.* to 850*l.**First-Class Land Surveyors*, E. B. Lambert, B. H. C. Hallows, F. W. Wood, 650*l.* to 750*l.**Second-Class Land Surveyors*, J. Angwin, C. H. Douglas, C. H. Lamb, O. C. Womack, 400*l.* to 600*l.**Waterworks.**Engineer-in-Charge*, R. M. Henderson, 725*l.* to 1,000*l.**Engineers*, A. B. Purves, 460*l.* to 1,000*l.*; R. S. Logan, W. Woodward, C. W. E. Bishop, 460*l.* to 600*l.**Kovloon-Canton Railway.**Manager and Chief Engineer*, R. Baker.*Chief Mechanical Engineer*, C. D. Lambert, 620*l.* by 20*l.* to 750*l.**Chief Accountant*, J. Morris, 600*l.* by 10*l.* to 700*l.**Traffic Superintendent and Storekeeper*, G. A. Walker, 600*l.* by 10*l.* to 700*l.**Consuls.**Belgium*, Dufaure de la Prade.*Bolivia*, C. H. Basto, Honorary Consul.*Brazil*, José Miguel Alves, Consul, A. L. Alves, Vice-Consul.*Chili*, J. G. Cruchaga.*Costa Rica*, J. M. de Roela, Consul.*Cuba*, F. B. y Romero, Consul.*Denmark*, Karsten Larsen, Consul.*France*, Dufaure de la Prade.*Germany*, Wilhelm Wagner, Consul.*Guatemala*, C. A. da Roga, Consul (acting).*Honduras*, R. V. Botelho, Consul.*Italy*, S. Carrara, Consul-General; U. Galluzzi, Vice-Consul.*Japan*, Yoshiatsu Murahami, Consul-General.*Mexico*, P. Castillo, Consul.*Netherlands*, M. J. Quist, Consul-General; A. Methöfer, Vice-Consul.*Nicaragua*, Pedro Vicente Botelho, Consul.*Norway*, S. Berg, Consul.*Panama*, Roberto Vallarino, Consul.*Peru*, Eleodoro Rouillon, Consul.*Portugal*, Antonio Luiz Carneira de Albuquerque e Castro, Consul-General; P. V. Botelho, Honorary Vice-Consul.*Siam*, J. T. Bagram, Vice-Consul.*Spain*, G. Dufaure de la Prade, in charge of the Vice-Consulate.*Sweden*, G. Miskin, Vice-Consul.*United States of America*, R. C. Tredwell, Consul-General; Consuls, L. W. Franklin, H. Shantz, J. J. Muscio; Vice-Consul, K. C. Kreutz.***JAMAICA.***Situation and Area.*

Jamaica is an island in the Caribbean Sea, to the southward of the eastern extremity of the Island of Cuba, within N. lat. 17° 42' 20" and 18° 32' 30", and W. long. 76° 11' 55" and 78° 23' 35". It is the largest of the British West Indies, being 144 miles in length, and 50 in extreme breadth, and containing about 4,450½ square miles, about half the size of Wales. The island is very mountainous, the main ridge running east and west, with numerous subsidiary ridges, some parallel to the main ridge, others spreading out in a N.W. and S.E. direction from it, terminating in the famous Blue Mountains in the east, the highest peak being 7,388 ft. high. There are numerous rivers and streams, with a rapid fall for the most part, and not navigable. The largest are the Black River in the south-west, and the Rio Grande in the north-east. Kingston, the capital, with a population of 62,707 in 1921, is situated on the south coast of the Island, and has a fine harbour. In St. Ann's Parish, in the middle part of the island, on the north of the main ridge, is the Roaring River, so called on account of its many picturesque waterfalls.

The Cayman Islands, lying between 19° 16' and 19° 45' N. lat., and 79° 83' and 81° 30' W. long, and the Turks and Caicos Islands, are dependencies of Jamaica,† as are also Pedro and Morant Cays (two guano islands in 17° N. lat.).

It is estimated that Jamaica contains 2,848,160 acres, from which may be deducted 80,000 acres as useless for agriculture, consisting chiefly of swamps, rocks, and inaccessible lands, leaving 2,768,160 acres available for cultivation. Of this 1,128,739 acres are returned as under cultivation in 1926-27.

	1926-27.
	<i>Acres.</i>
Tilled lands ...	288,286
Para and Guinea grass ...	92,615
Commons ...	747,838
	<hr/> 1,128,739
	<hr/>
	1926-27.
Canes ...	52,676
Coffee ...	21,726
Cocoanuts ...	32,730
Bananas ...	89,768
Ground provisions... ..	54,942
Cocoa ...	4,407
Minor items... ..	31,666
	<hr/> 287,915

The dependencies have an area of 89 sq. miles.

History.

The island was discovered by Columbus on the 3rd May, 1494. He called it St. Jago, after the patron saint of Spain, but the new name was soon dropped in favour of the native one of Jamaica (Xaymaca—well watered). The first settlement

* For general map of the West Indies, see under Windward Islands.

† See account below.

on it was effected on the shores of St. Ann's Bay, by Esquivel in 1509, under the direction of Diego, the son of Columbus, the Governor of Hispaniola. It was raided by Sir Anthony Shirley in 1596-7, and by Colonel Jackson in 1643, but it remained in the possession of the Spaniards for 161 years, when it was attacked by a force, sent by Cromwell, under Admiral Penn and General Venables against Hispaniola, and capitulated, after a trifling resistance, on the 11th May, 1655. Until the Restoration, Jamaica remained under military jurisdiction, but in 1660 a regular civil government was established by Charles II., who appointed General Edward Dooley Governor-in-Chief, with an Elective Council. In 1670 peace was made with Spain, and the title of England to Jamaica was recognised by the Treaty of Madrid. The colony grew fast, stimulated by the wealth brought into it by the buccaneers, who made Port Royal their headquarters and storehouse. Part of this town was engulfed in the great earthquake of 1692. Kingston which then consisted of a few sheds, soon rose into a place of importance. During the 18th century the island suffered from hurricanes, earthquakes, numerous slave insurrections, as well as wars with the maroons, or mountaineers, the descendants of African slaves. These consisted primarily of the slaves the Spaniards left, who inhabited mainly the east of the island, among the Blue Mountains, but before long runaway slaves from English masters took refuge in the mountains of the centre of the island and were only subjugated in 1738, when both classes of maroons were settled in five reserves under their own leaders, and henceforth gave little trouble except for a partial rising in 1795, which was soon suppressed, the prisoners taken being sent to Sierra Leone. When the Slave Trade was abolished, in 1807, there were 323,827 slaves in Jamaica. During the last eight years of the trade, 86,821 slaves were imported. On the abolition of slavery in 1833, Jamaica received 6,161,927*l.* of the 20,000,000*l.* granted by the Imperial Government as compensation to the slave-owners. A rebellion among the coloured population in 1865 was suppressed by Governor Eyre with unnecessary violence, and he was recalled. In January, 1907, Kingston was devastated by a terrible earthquake, which caused great loss of life and immense destruction of property. A Mansion House Fund was opened, and contributions poured in from all parts of the Empire for the relief of distress. A free grant of 150,000*l.* was voted by Parliament, and a loan of 800,000*l.*, chiefly in aid of re-building, was authorised from the Home Exchequer.

Climate and Inhabitants.

There is great variety of climate; the mean temperature of Kingston is 78°*F.*, rising to 87°*F.* in the day time, and falling to 71°*F.* in the early morning. As the temperature falls about 1° for every 300 feet of ascent, it is possible, in a few hours, to reach, in the central range of mountains, a cool and delightful climate. From Kingston, the capital, a change of 10° or 15° lower in temperature can be attained by a ride of one hour by motor car.

The rainy seasons occur generally over the whole island in May and June and again in September, October and November; but besides these heavy and periodical rainfalls, the ground is refreshed by occasional showers; and in the N.E. portion of the island there is usually a rainy season at the

end of the year, and light rains generally during the month of August. The mean annual rainfall varies throughout the island from about 34 inches to as much as 187 inches at Fellowship and 222 inches at Moore Town, both on the northern slope of the Blue Mountain Range. And the 50-year average is 76 inches.

Under two per cent. of the inhabitants are white; the remainder are chiefly of African descent, somewhat over three-fourths being pure negroes. There are about 18,000 East Indians and about 3,700 Chinese (in 1921). English is universally spoken.

Constitution.

The original Constitution, granted by Charles II. in 1662, which, after existing for nearly 200 years, was surrendered in 1866, was a representative one, consisting of a Governor, a nominated Council, and an elected Assembly which on its first meeting in 1664, consisted of 30 members but which fluctuated in numbers from time to time. The depression caused by the abolition of slavery led to a grave constitutional crisis, the Assembly refusing to vote supplies, and endeavouring to enforce sweeping reductions in establishments, without compensation to the displaced officers. Lord Melbourne's Government, in 1839, actually introduced a Bill into Parliament for the suspension of the constitution, but was defeated, and it was not till 1854 that, by a change in the constitution of the Council, harmony was temporarily restored. A separate Privy Council was set up and an Executive Committee was established. The latter was to act as a sort of Cabinet, especially as regards financial matters.

After the suppression of the rebellion in 1865, Governor Eyre, at the meeting of the Legislature, urged the unsuitability of the then existing form of Government to meet the circumstances of the community, and the necessity of making some sweeping change, by which a strong Government might be created. The Legislature responded by abrogating all the existing machinery of legislation, and left it to Her Majesty's Government to substitute any other form of Government which might be better suited to the altered circumstances of the Colony.

Accordingly a Legislative Council was, by Orders in Council of the 11th June, 1866, and 11th November, 1869, established, consisting of such numbers of official and unofficial members as Her Majesty might think fit. The numbers of each were six until 1878, when they were enlarged to eight, and a ninth was added in 1881.

By Order in Council dated 19th May, 1884, and Amending Order of 3rd October, 1895, the constitution was fixed in the following manner:—

The Council to consist of the Governor (with only a casting vote) and five *ex-officio* members, viz.: the Senior Military Officer, the Colonial Secretary, Attorney-General, Director of Public Works and Collector-General, and such other persons, not exceeding ten in number, as Her Majesty may from time to time appoint, or as the Governor may from time to time provisionally appoint, and fourteen persons to be elected as therein provided. The Council shall be dissolved at the end of five years from the last preceding general election, if it shall not have been previously dissolved.

There is also a Privy Council, with the usual powers and functions of an executive council. It consists of the Lieutenant-Governor, if any, the Senior Military Officer in command, the Colonial Secretary, and Attorney-General and such other

persons as may be named by the King, or provisionally appointed by the Governor subject to the approval of His Majesty, but the number of members is not to exceed eight. The Governor is to preside at each meeting, and the Governor and two members form a quorum.

A special feature of this constitution is that nine elected members can carry any financial measure, while the unanimous vote of the whole fourteen elected members on other matters cannot be overridden by the other votes unless the governor declares that such a decision is of paramount importance in the public interest.

Administration.

The Colonial revenue is derived mainly from import duties on food stuffs, alcohol, and an *ad valorem* duty, the excise on rum and stamps and licences. A tax of 1s. (in Kingston 8d.) on every £10 of the gross value of property is levied.

There is a Supreme Court of Judicature together with Resident Magistrate Courts and Petty Sessions of Justices of the Peace throughout the island. The Resident Magistrates, besides holding courts of their own, preside in the courts of Petty Sessions.

An "Island medical service," under the control of a superintending medical officer, was established in 1870. The several medical practitioners, who receive a retaining fee or salary from the Government, are designated "district medical officers." They are located throughout the island, and for the fixed salary paid by Government they have to attend sick paupers, parochial hospitals and almshouses, the constabulary officers and men, and prisons.

The parish is the unit of local government, and each parish has its own parochial institutions, viz., poorhouses, &c., &c., managed by the Parochial Board of the parish, the members of which are elected by the persons entitled to vote for the election of members of the Legislative Council. The administration of poor relief by the Parochial Boards is controlled by a Board of Supervision.

There is a Corporation of the amalgamated parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew with a Mayor, Council and Corporate officers.

In the 13 other parishes there are elective Parochial Boards under Laws 13 of 1900 and 17 of 1901, with jurisdiction over roads, markets, sanitation, poor relief, water-works, and pounds. The chief towns are Kingston (population, in 1921, 62,707), Port Royal (population 1,004), Spanish Town (population 8,694), Port Antonio (population 6,272), Montego Bay (population 6,580), Falmouth (population 2,136), Port Maria (population 2,481), and Savanna la Mar (population 3,442).

The total revenue of all the local bodies in 1926-27 was 375,022l.; their expenditure 368,572l. Their debt at the end of the year was 583,012l.

Currency and Banking.

British currency and United States gold are legal tender. Accounts are kept in sterling, and the coin in circulation is almost exclusively British silver and Jamaica nickel pence. Total estimated coin 300,000l. Barclay's Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd., the Bank of Nova Scotia, the Royal Bank of Canada and the Canadian Bank of Commerce are the only private banking establishments in the Colony. Barclay's Bank has one branch and 10 sub-branches; it had an average weekly note circulation in 1926 of 106,443l. The

Bank of Nova Scotia has 10 branches and 1 sub-branch, and had an average note circulation in 1926 of 24,251l. The Royal Bank of Canada has one branch and 2 sub-branches and had an average note circulation in 1926 of 23,158l. The Canadian Bank of Commerce has a branch in Kingston, and had an average note circulation in 1926 of 5,765l. There are also 100,000l. of British currency notes in circulation. British silver coins of and above the denomination of 6d. are legal tender to any extent; coins below the denomination of 6d. are legal tender to the extent of 40s. in any one payment.

Under Law 27 of 1904, local Currency Notes, which are made legal tender under section 5, have been issued to the extent of 362,500l. in denominations of 2s. 6d., 5s. and 10s.; 2s. 6d. notes, 31,250l.; 5s. notes, 156,250l.; 10s. notes, 175,000l. Estimated amount of local currency notes in circulation on 31st March, 1927, was 78,615l. The 2s. 6d. notes have been recalled and nearly all are withdrawn from circulation.

Government savings banks were instituted in all the principal towns in 1871, the rate of interest allowed being at first 4 per cent., but this was reduced in 1881 to 3 per cent., and in 1897 to 2½ per cent. In 1917 the rate of interest was again increased to 3 per cent. There are 80 branches now operating. The total deposits on 31st December, 1926, was 571,300l.

Co-Operative Loan Banks.

There are now 52 Loan Banks on the Register of Industrial and Provident Societies. Of these, 38 have obtained loans from the Agricultural Loan Societies Board appointed under Law 6 of 1912, "A Law for the encouragement of Agricultural Loan Societies."

The following is a summary of these transactions to 31st December, 1926:—

Loans made under Law 6 of 1912,	39,466l.	9s. 0d.
" " " Hurricane or Special Loan Laws	80,489l.	12s. 4d.
	119,956l.	1s. 4d.

Of this amount, 104,122l. 19s. 0d. has been repaid, leaving 15,833l. 2s. 4d. outstanding.

The 39 Banks from which returns were obtained also collected to 31st December, 1926, the sum of over 38,747l. share capital. These figures may be taken as an indication that the work of the Loan Banks has been successfully carried on and that they are likely to prove a permanent benefit to Small Holders and Peasant Proprietors. Some of these Banks have extended their sphere of usefulness by taking advantage of the Land Settlement Scheme, whereby Government moneys are lent for the purchase of properties for the purpose of re-sale in lots to small settlers. 56,641l. 3s. 11d. has been loaned to nine Banks, under this head, and 28,221l. 6s. 10d. repaid. The scheme has been well received, and its extension in the future seems certain.

Education.

Elementary education is provided for from public funds and, during recent years, 125 Government (undenominational) elementary schools have been established. The number of schools is 670,

with 75,063 scholars in average attendance, and the grant-in-aid for 1926 was 120,627*l.*; no fees are charged. The Government maintains a system of inspection, and provides a training college for women teachers which is mainly supported from public funds, besides largely assisting the Mico undenominational training college for men, and two denominational colleges for women teachers. By a law passed in 1892 a Board of Education was constituted. The District School Boards manage the Government schools, some of which are held in Government buildings, others in rented buildings.

Provision was made in 1892 for the opening of Government secondary schools where required; there are sixteen secondary schools receiving aid from public funds under regulations for grants in aid. Secondary education is provided for in general by endowed schools, under local governing bodies controlled by the Jamaica Schools Commission, and a number of private schools. A beginning has been made in providing from public funds for technical education. There are three scholarships (one for girls) tenable at English universities or elsewhere within the British Empire. One Rhodes Scholarship is annually awarded in Jamaica. The following examinations are held:—London University, Cambridge Locals, Oxford and Cambridge Joint Board, Associated Board of the Royal Academy of Music and the Royal College of Music, Royal Drawing Society.

In the Institute of Jamaica (in Kingston) is a Public Library with 24,500 books, of which 6,500 form a West India Reference Library; a Natural History Museum, with a small collection of live animals; and a Jamaica History Gallery.

Industry.

Fruit, consisting of bananas, oranges, &c., is now one of the largest exports, the output of oranges in 1926 being 124,770 boxes, with a value of 51,470*l.* and that of bananas being 18,301,410 stems, with a value of 2,072,155*l.*

1926.		£
Sugar	963,091 cwt.	654,736
Coffee	66,420 "	290,739
Ginger	27,403 "	71,640
Pimento	77,306 "	190,017
Rum	693,435 gals.	89,521
Dyewoods	32,712 tons	113,566
Cocoa	60,168 cwt.	122,374
Logwood Extract	7,197 pkgs.	74,830
Coconuts	23,040,616 nuts	103,378

N. B. These figures represent the exports, there being no record of quantities consumed in the Island.

The area under sugar cane in 1926-27 was 52,676 acres, and under coffee 21,726. There are 150 acres of Government cinchona plantations. Area under banana cultivation, 89,768 acres.

The large coffee plantations are mainly on the Blue Mountain Range. Comparatively few of the large plantations remain however, and the great bulk of the coffee exported is grown by small landowners on the limestone formation, which is the principal geological area. The great fruit growing districts are in St. Mary, with Port Maria, Annotto Bay, Portland with Port Antonio, and St. Catherine, with Kingston for its outlet. Sugar is largely grown in Westmoreland and in the district of Vere Clarendon parish, and

in the seaward parts of St. James and Tre lawney, where the best rum in the world is produced. The cattle-raising districts are in St. Ann's, and in Hanover and Westmoreland and the western part of St. James. The uplands of Manchester parish are rich in coffee and fruit. St. Elizabeth parish grows a large quantity of logwood and other dye woods, as well as maize and fine pasture for horses and cattle.

The cultivation of cotton has recently been undertaken. There are 61 acres now under cultivation.

The chief imports are food stuffs, clothing, hardware, potable spirits and beer, building materials, oils, motor vehicles, cotton piece goods and cigarettes. Of the total trade of the island the greater portion is with the United States and the United Kingdom, Canada being next in importance.

Means of Communication.

There is a daily postal service throughout the island.

The rates of postage are as follows:—

	Letters.	Newspapers.
Within the Colony	For the first oz. 1 <i>d.</i> , and 1 <i>d.</i> for each additional oz. or fractional part of an oz.	1 <i>d.</i> each.
To places in Imperial Penny Postage	For the first oz. 1 <i>d.</i> , and 1 <i>d.</i> for each additional oz. or fractional part of an oz.	1 <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.
To other Postal Union countries, per 1 oz.	2 <i>d.</i> and 1 <i>d.</i> for each oz. after.	1 <i>d.</i> per 2 oz.

† Parcels post with England. Triple scale of postage, up to 3 lbs. 1/7, up to 7 lbs. 2/10, up to 11 lbs. 4/-; and, up to 22 lbs. 6/6. B.W. I. Colonies†, up to 3 lbs. 1/-, up to 7 lbs. 2/-, up to 11 lbs. 3/-; and up to 22 lbs. 5/- only for Antigua, Grenada and Trinidad; with United States and Canal Zone, 6*d.* per lb., maximum 11 lbs. Canada, 6*d.* per lb. up to 15 lbs. maximum.

The estimated number of letters and Post Cards handled is as follows:—

Year 1926.				
	Internal.	External.		Total.
		Outwards.	Inwards.	
Letters	10,843,542	1,432,687	3,861,863	16,138,092
Post Cards	261,757	118,306	86,340	466,403

There is regular and frequent communication between Europe and Jamaica via the United States. Messrs. Elder's and Fyffe's steamers sail frequently from Liverpool. The voyage takes 13 to 14 days. The Leyland Line Steamers (West India and Pacific Branch) leave Liverpool on the 10th of each month, their average passage being 21 days. There is also frequent steam communication between the United States and Jamaica.

Telegraphic communication with Europe is complete. The two cables from Cuba touch at Jamaica, from which they branch away via St. Thomas,

† Every incoming parcel post packet containing dutiable matter bears a tax of 6*d.*, which is collected from the addressee.

† Jamaica has joined the arrangement for exchange of parcels with the U.K. and British W. I. Colonies.

to Demerara, and in the opposite direction to the Isthmus of Panama. On 31st January, 1898, the Direct West India Cable Company established communication between Jamaica and Halifax via Bermuda and Turks Island.

Telegraph lines connect all the principal towns, and there are 144 telegraph and telephone stations. The total mileage open is 1,336—954 miles along roads, 172 miles P.O. lines on railway, and 210 along railway lines. The receipts in 1926 were 18,007.

The railway extends from Kingston to Montego Bay, in the parish of Saint James, a distance of 112·69 miles, and to Ewarton, in the parish of St. Catherine, in the other direction, by a branch line from Spanish Town of 17·16 miles; and to Port Antonio by a branch line from Bogwalk, on the Ewarton branch, of 54·18 miles, and by a branch line from May Pen to Frankfield, 23·05 miles; also from Linstead to New Works, 2·92 miles. The total length of line open is 210 miles. The railway was purchased by an American syndicate, who, under agreement, extended it to Port Antonio on the north-east, and to Montego Bay on the north-west, but the company having failed, the Government resumed possession of the line on 16th August, 1900. The total railway debt charge for 1926-27, providing for interest and repayment, is 189,198. The receipts in 1926-27 were more than the expenditure by 57,990, leaving a deficiency of 131,208. There is also a line of telegraph and telephone along the railway from Kingston to Montego Bay, 112½ miles; Spanish Town to Ewarton, 17½ miles; from Bogwalk to Port Antonio, 54½ miles; from May Pen to Frankfield, 23 miles; and from Linstead to New Works 2½ miles.

The island is intersected by an extensive system of metalled and gravelled roads, suitable for motoring, the highest one passes over a gap at an elevation of a little over 4,000 feet. Owing to the configuration of the island there are many bridges and culverts and sharp turns; the maximum grades are generally 1 in 15. There are 2,271 miles of main roads, and about 4,366 miles of parochial roads.

A coastal service is run by the United Fruit Co., the Royal Mail Co. and the Webster Co. with motor vessels and sailing vessels whenever cargo is available.

The United Fruit Co., the Royal Mail Co., Jamaica Fruit and Shipping Co., Atlantic Fruit Co. and Leyland Line maintain a weekly steamship service and also call at outports when necessary.

Kingston, Montego Bay, Falmouth, and St. Ann's Bay are ports of registry. During the year ended 31st December, 1926, no ships were built.

FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18	1,229,560	1,287,862	871,576
1918-19	1,157,304	1,228,608	378,247
1919-20	1,802,778	1,444,818	801,791
1920-21	2,347,362	2,332,635	1,387,608
1921-22	1,927,976	2,250,165	1,525,181
1922-23	2,067,412	1,949,034	1,795,251
1923-24	2,061,202	2,074,271	1,767,450
1924-25	1,922,963	2,022,746	1,795,940
1925-26	2,021,046	2,009,593	1,865,410
1926-27	2,147,042	2,046,205	2,254,226

* For the calendar year.

Year.	IMPORTS.			Total. £
	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	
1917	623,887	323,640	2,350,138	3,297,665
1918	542,030	529,346	2,304,421	3,375,798
1919	1,012,576	674,002	3,399,036	5,085,615
1920	3,063,986	1,047,055	6,202,241	10,313,282
1921	1,601,235	760,220	3,112,275	5,473,790
1922	1,302,762	879,941	2,398,272	4,580,975
1923	1,523,526	1,078,605	2,679,047	5,281,078
1924	1,437,563	1,113,416	2,276,095	4,827,074
1925	1,631,916	1,224,517	2,530,000	5,386,435
1926	1,377,984	1,521,798	2,466,168	5,365,950
Per Parcels Post ...				269,392.
Grand Total...				5,635,342.

Year.	EXPORTS.			Total. £
	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	
1917	1,112,116	446,750	920,051	2,478,917
1918	1,347,998	500,644	836,254	2,684,897
1919	3,567,103	470,852	1,589,372	5,627,327
1920	3,049,080	1,696,500	2,400,430	7,146,010
1921	994,628	502,470	1,860,594	3,357,692
1922	1,120,551	991,741	2,511,332	4,623,666
1923	1,241,068	653,703	2,368,467	4,263,238
1924	787,773	668,043	1,867,145	3,122,961
1925	1,032,649	882,409	1,999,942	3,915,000
1926	914,061	847,672	2,478,122	4,238,855
Per Parcel Post ...				22,136.
Grand Total ...				4,258,991.

Public Debt, 31st March, 1925, 4,671,640.

Customs Revenue, { 1924-25, 786,590.
(Import Duties) { 1925-26, 866,871.
 { 1926-27, 917,849.

Population.

	White.	Coloured.	Black.	East Indian, &c.	Total.
1881	14,432	109,946	444,186	12,240	580,804
1891	14,692	121,955	488,624	14,220	639,491
1911	15,605	163,201	630,181	22,396	831,383
1921	14,476	167,223	660,420	25,999	858,118

Governors since 1883.

1883, Gen. Sir H. W. Norman, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., C.I.E.

1888, Sir Henry Arthur Blake, G.C.M.G.

1898, Sir A. W. L. Hemming, G.C.M.G.

1904, Sir J. A. Swettenham, K.C.M.G.

1907, Sir Sydney Olivier, K.C.M.G.

1913, Sir W. H. Manning, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B.

1918, Sir Leslie Probyn, K.C.M.G.

1924, Brig.-Gen. Sir Samuel H. Wilson, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B.

1926, Sir R. E. Stubbs, K.C.M.G.

Civil Establishment.

NOTE.—All salaries over 100, a year are by Law 21 of 1904 subject to a deduction of 4 per cent. payable to a Widows' and Orphans' Pension scheme, and officers receiving 150l. per annum, must contribute 2 per cent. of their salaries towards their pension on their retirement.

Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief, Sir R. E. Stubbs, K.C.M.G., 5,000l., and 500l. duty allowance.

Private Secretary, T. S. P. Molony.

Asides-de-Camp, Lt. P. G. Agnew, R.N., Capt. J. Hamilton, late the Buffs.

Privy Council.

The Senior Officer Commanding the Troops.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 The Attorney-General.
 T. L. Roxburgh, C.M.G.
 Sir William Morrison, Kt.
 A. E. Wigan.
Clerk Privy Council, D. H. Hall, 50*l*.

*LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.**Ex-officio Members.*

The Captain-General and Governor, President.
 The Senior Officer Commanding the Troops.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 The Attorney-General.
 The Director of Public Works.
 The Collector-General.

Nominated Members.

Charles Grey Howick Davis.
 Sir William Morrison, Kt.
 William Arthur Stirling Vickers.
 Alfred Edmund Wigan.
 Dr. Lawson Gifford.
 Lionel Albert Isaacs.
 John Herman McPhail.
 Francis Ernest Reed, O.B.E.
 Dr. Basil Mayor Wilson.
 Horace Victor Myers, M.B.E.

Elected Members.

Joseph Henriques Phillippis, St. Thomas.
 James Alexander George Smith, K.C., Clarendon.
 Guy Seymour Ewen, Trelawny.
 Altamont Ernest Da Costa, M.B.E., Kingston.
 Emanuel Vivian Wesley Mellard, Portland.
 Peter Watt Sangster, St. Elizabeth.
 George Seymour Seymour, St. Andrew.
 Thomas James Cayley, St. Catherine.
 Frederick Richard Evans, Westmoreland.
 Philip Frazer Lightbody, St. James.
 Alfred George Nash, Manchester.
 Dunbar Theophilus Wint, St. Ann.
 Rev. Henry Berdin Wolcott, St. Mary.
 Harry Gerald Watson-Taylor, Hanover.
Clerk of the Legislative Council, Harold V. Alexander, 450*l*.
Deputy Clerk, E. G. Soutar, 160*l*. to 275*l*.

Colonial Secretary's Office.

Colonial Secretary, A. S. Jelf, C.M.G., 1,500*l*.
Assistant Colonial Secretary, C. W. Doorly, 800*l*. to 1,000*l*.
2nd Assistant Colonial Secretaries, D. H. Hall, A. R. Dignum, 550*l*. to 650*l*.
Principal Clerks, P. G. Duff, E. C. Aitken and H. Nankivell, 450*l*. to 550*l*.
First Class Clerks, J. D. Lucie-Smith, S. M. F. Binns, W. P. O'B. Thomson, 325*l*. to 450*l*.
Second Class Clerks, F. C. H. Wilson, L. C. Roberts, C. L. Swaby and A. C. Thomas, 200*l*. to 325*l*.
Superintendent Government Printing Office F. S. Passingham, 500*l*. to 600*l*.
Deputy Superintendent, W. J. Papps, 300*l*. to 400*l*.

Department of Public Works.

Director, H. Simms, M.V.O., A.M.I.C.E., 1,200*l*. by 50*l*. to 1,350*l*.

Deputy Director, N. Roota, M.I.C.E., 800*l*. to 1,000*l*. by 50*l*.
Assistant Director, D. L. Feurtado, 650*l*. by 50*l*. to 750*l*.
Engineer, P. M. Cooper, A.M.I.C.E., 600*l*. to 700*l*. by 50*l*.
Inspecting Engineers, J. M. Fletcher, A.M. Am. S.C.E., Col. F. S. I., 500*l*. to 650*l*. by 50*l*.
Inspector, J. E. Streadwick, 500*l*. to 600*l*. by 50*l*.
Superintendent for Irrigation, F. E. Taylor, 300*l*. to 400*l*. and 130*l*. travelling allowance.
1st Class Superintendents, C. S. Farquharson, C. S. Henriquez, G. S. R. Walcott, J. G. Cover. A. M. Gold, A. M. Hall and T. E. Terrier, 400*l*. to 500*l*.
2nd Class Superintendents, D. H. Lynch, H. P. Rubie, G. H. E. Lyons, L. B. Spence, H. F. Hoyes, A. B. Magnus and A. R. Suarez, 300*l*. to 400*l*.
Superintendent Public Works Stores, L. B. Bicknell, 400*l*. to 500*l*.
Superintendent, Machinery, A. Scarff, 400*l*. to 500*l*.
Chief Draftsman, J. G. Young, A.R.I.B.A., 400*l*. to 500*l*. and *Assistant Draughtsmen*, H. M. Pratt and W. Y. Fuertado, 300*l*. to 400*l*.
Surveyor, G. R. McGahan, 450*l*.
Accountant, H. C. Livingston, 400*l*. to 500*l*.
Chief Clerk, G. S. Cox, 400*l*. to 500*l*.
1st Class Clerks, H. E. Pigou, H. Hylton and H. E. Mendes, 300*l*. to 400*l*.
2nd Class ditto, D. C. Mais, W. O. Duval and D. P. Lacy, 160*l*. to 275*l*.

Lighthouses.

Superintendent, Morant Point, C. Durant, 200*l*. to 250*l*.
Superintendent, Negril Point, J. S. Brownhill, 200*l*. to 250*l*.

Crown Lands Department.

Surveyor-General, W. A. Baker, F.R.G.S., F.S.I., 800*l*.
Assistant Surveyor-General, H. D. Rogers, 500*l*. to 600*l*.
Surveyors, H. W. Bowker, F.R.G.S., E. D. Fort, 400*l*. to 500*l*. each (one vacant).
Accountant and First Class Clerk, G. C. Foster, 300*l*. to 400*l*.
2nd Class Clerk, R. D. Robinson, 160*l*. to 275*l*.

Railways.

Director, J. Powter, 1,200*l*. to 1,350*l*.
Office Superintendent, Directors' Office, H. G. Pascoe, 400*l*. to 500*l*. Personal allowance, 50*l*.
Secy. Advisory Board, 25*l*.
Chief Engineer, H. R. Fox, 700*l*. to 800*l*.
District Engineer, J. E. Bird, 650*l*. and house allowance.
Junior Assistant Engineer, V. J. Streadwick, A.R.I.B.A., 400*l*. to 450*l*.
Telegraph and Telephone Inspector, E. H. Cartwright, 400*l*. to 450*l*.
Senior Clerk, Engineer of Way and Works Office, H. A. Hamilton, 300*l*. to 400*l*.
Locomotive, Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, P. M. McKay, 600*l*. to 800*l*.
Chief Clerk, Locomotive Branch, A. L. Wilson, 400*l*. to 500*l*.
Traffic Superintendent, H. C. Powell, 600*l*. to 800*l*.

Chief Clerk, Traffic Branch, W. G. Gigg, 450*l.* to 500*l.*
Chief Trains Controller, H. E. de Casseres, 350*l.* to 450*l.*
Chief Accountant, G. C. Gunter, 600*l.* to 800*l.*
Assistant Accountant, A. B. Milner, 400*l.* to 500*l.*
Pay Clerk, S. A. McLaverty, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
Superintendent, Stores, Alan Farquharson, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Chief Clerk, Railway Audit, B. P. Burrowes, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Agricultural Society.

The Governor, *President*.
 Three *Vice-Presidents* (elected).
 An elected Board of Management (14 members).
 The *Director of Agriculture* (ex-officio).
Secretary and Treasurer, J. Barclay, O.B.E., 700*l.*
Assistant Secretary, L. L. Carrington, 400*l.* to 500*l.*
Accountant, D. G. Macdonald, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
 Fourteen *Agricultural Instructors*, 225*l.* to 500*l.* (includes travelling allowance).
Supervisor of Instructors, E. Arnett, 700*l.* (includes travelling allowance).

Department of Science and Agriculture.

Director of Agriculture and Island Chemist, H. H. Cousins, M.A., 850*l.* to 1,000*l.*, quarters.
Chief Clerk, G. D. Goode, 400*l.* to 500*l.*, with quarters.
2nd Class Clerk, W. E. Watson, 160*l.* to 275*l.*
Accountant, N. B. Donaldson, 300*l.*
Superintendent of Public Gardens and Plant Breeder, M. S. Goodman, 400*l.* with quarters.
Horticulturist, E. Downes, 350*l.* and quarters.
Microbiologist, F. E. V. Smith, B.Sc., 600*l.* to 750*l.*
Entomologist, C. C. Gowdey, B.Sc., F.E.S., 500*l.* to 750*l.*
Deputy Island Chemist, W. L. Barnett, M.A., B.Sc., F.I.C., 550*l.* to 750*l.*
Assistant to Deputy Island Chemist, E. N. Richards, 275*l.* to 350*l.*
Superintendent of Agriculture, P. W. Murray (seconded), 400*l.* to 500*l.*
Travelling Instructors, W. Cradwick, 400*l.*, J. Briscoe, 250*l.*
Veterinary Surgeon, Dr. S. Lockett, D.V.S., 500*l.* to 750*l.*
Supervising Inspector of Plant Diseases, J. B. Sutherland, 275*l.* to 350*l.*
Inspectors of Plant Diseases, H. G. Coote (seconded), E. M. Brown, N. R. McHardy, A. T. Wilmot, N. A. Wainwright, W. S. Wittingham, 150*l.* to 250*l.*, and eleven Additional Inspectors, 150*l.*
Headmaster Farm School, R. S. Martinez, 350*l.* and quarters.
Assistant Masters, A. F. Thelwell and L. A. Powell, 160*l.* to 250*l.*, with board and quarters.
Superintendent, Grove Place Stud Farm (vacant), 300*l.*, with quarters.
Stock Manager, Grove Place Stud Farm, E. U. Lewis, 208*l.*, with quarters.
Chief Inspector of Produce, P. W. Murray (acting), 800*l.*, travelling allowance, 200*l.*
Inspectors of Produce, H. G. Coote, R. L. Constantine (acting), 600*l.*, travelling allowance, 200*l.*

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Agricultural Loan Societies Board.

Secretary, C. J. Hay, 500*l.*
Inspecting Officer, E. L. Jack, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Institute of Jamaica.

Secretary and Librarian, Frank Cundall, F.S.A., F.R. Hist. S., 700*l.*
Assistant Librarian, Miss H. W. Morris, 250*l.*
Clerical Assistant, Miss C. Dias, 200*l.*
Accountant and Library Superintendent, Miss A. M. Duncker, 200*l.*
Superintendent of Museum (vacant), 200*l.*

Audit Office.

Auditor-General, C. G. H. Davis, 800*l.* to 1,000*l.*
Deputy Auditor-General, J. L. Pietersz, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Senior First Class Clerk, C. C. Kelly, 350*l.* to 450*l.*
First Class Clerks, J. M. Burke, G. V. Livingston, A. W. Perkins, O. A. Burrowes, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
Second Class Clerks, R. C. Henriques, O. R. Nunes, L. R. Francis, H. W. McNair, V. A. Wilson, H. M. Littlejohn, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Treasury.

Treasurer, W. M. Fraser, 900*l.*
Deputy Treasurer, C. G. C. Kerr, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Senior 1st Class Clerk, (vacant), 350*l.* to 450*l.*
Cashier, O. S. V. Brown, 160*l.* to 275*l.*
Clerks, 1st Class, E. G. Wilson, H. E. A. Romney, F. P. Bond, A. L. Hylton, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
Clerks, 2nd Class, J. E. C. McFarlane, V. L. Cappé, H. M. White, E. A. Gadishaw, A. A. Box, J. S. Mordecá and A. M. Brown, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Currency Notes.

Clerk, 1st Class, J. R. Lewis, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
Clerk, 2nd Class, L. J. McPherson, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Government Savings Bank.

Manager, The Public Treasurer.
Secretary, A. G. Richards, 25*l.*
Accountant, A. G. Richards, 400*l.* to 500*l.*
Cashier, E. P. Andrews, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
1st Class Clerks, J. B. Facey and A. W. Burke, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
2nd Class Clerks, F. A. Erskine, E. J. Andrews and L. A. Hall, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Stamp Office.

Stamp Commissioner, A. E. V. Barton (holds this office in conjunction with that of Collector General).
Deputy Stamp Commissioner, C. C. Manton, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
1st Class Clerk, G. A. Howden, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
2nd Class Clerk, L. L. Ingram, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Post Office.

Postmaster for Jamaica, R. H. Fletcher, 700*l.* to 800*l.*
Assistant Postmaster, H. C. Savage, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Travelling Supervisor and Electrical Inspector, G. A. Rock, 550*l.* to 650*l.*
Chief Clerk and Accountant, S. W. Royes, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Superintendent, Telegraphs, T. J. Guilfoyle, 450*l.* to 500*l.*

Assistant Superintendent, Telegraphs, S. P. Bather, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

1st Class Clerks, W. E. B. Sinclair, A. E. Pullar, T. H. Smith, W. A. Campbell and A. E. Fielding, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

2nd Class ditto, E. L. Morris, G. F. White, L. Lewis, V. H. Murphy, E. M. Morales, B. C. Marsh, E. O. Marson and R. Charlton, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Auxiliary Female Staff, District Postmasters, Telegraph Clerks and Assistants, 334 = 25,393*l.*

Revenue Department.

Collector-General, A. E. V. Barton, 1,000*l.*

Supervisor (vacant), 600*l.* to 700*l.*, Val. Comr., 60*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. W. Gayner, 400*l.* to 500*l.* (Sec. Marine Board, 80*l.*).

1st Class Clerks, M. A. Sullivan, H. C. Stedman, G. A. Robinson, S. A. Chambers, and W. De Witt Logan, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

2nd Class Clerks, Emily J. Vine, V. E. Johns, R. K. Stimpson, D. K. Wynter, W. S. Murray, C. T. Livingstone, and H. G. Williams, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

1st Class Collectors of Revenue, C. H. Vidal Hall, E. F. Wilson, E. C. Harriott (20*l.* travelling), and W. C. Gauntlett, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

2nd Class Collectors of Revenue, E. B. Levy, C. M. Arscott, E. T. Reid, D. N. Norman, L. G. Carvalho, A. P. Williams, T. E. Fray, D. T. Seaton, J. M. Fonseca, and G. L. Facey, 450*l.* to 500*l.*

Assistant Collectors of Revenue, C. R. Campbell, E. A. Millingen, D. E. Lofthouse, H. L. Murray, D. G. Archer, V. H. Fonseca, H. B. Batley, R. H. Nicholas, A. J. Depass, J. A. M. Smith, T. A. Foote, St. G. V. Thompson, A. H. Packer, J. C. Whyte, C. H. Cameron, J. H. Scott, E. A. Swaby, C. S. L. Hogarth, J. S. Lopez, F. L. Nicholas and J. W. Weller, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

2nd Class Landing Waiters, D. D. Oliver, E. A. Davis, D. B. Barned, G. T. Farquharson, J. F. S. Hill, E. C. Forbes, A. J. Barned, E. A. Steele, L. A. Robertson, H. E. Hitchens, C. F. Crooks, A. M. Bennett, S. S. Owen, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Lockers and Gaugers, N. V. Millengen, W. P. Watkins, E. D. G. Coombs, J. A. Binns, W. L. Crawford, E. Thompson, and D. A. Saunders, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

2nd Class Clerks, D. A. Stirling, O. W. Grossett, L. F. Reid, J. P. H. McLaughlin, G. T. Foster, W. B. Clark, C. A. Robinson, H. A. Ellis, I. A. Wallace, H. V. Lewis, A. B. Brandford, A. D. V. Gauntlett, H. B. Brown and R. O. Evans, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Customs, Kingston.

Collector, Shipping Master, and Inspector of Invoices, G. S. Shaw, 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 650*l.*

Chief Clerk, A. T. Pullar, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

1st Class Clerks, K. V. Samuel, L. D. Brandon, V. A. Bird and C. L. Campbell, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

2nd Class Clerks, A. H. C. Packer, L. C. Isaacs, F. G. Burrows, G. R. Johns, L. A. Doran, and A. G. Turner, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Surveyor, G. A. Gauntlett, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Assistant Surveyor, C. H. Dickson, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

1st Class Landing Waiters, A. E. Marshall, A. J. Mohrman, D. V. Jacobs, E. T. Moore, A. C. Murray, R. R. Facey, F. R. Dehaney, R. Hutton, O. H. Nash, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Tide Surveyor, Port Royal, F. C. Lofthouse, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Income Tax Office.

Inspector, E. S. Murray, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Chief Clerk, W. A. E. Pigou, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

1st Class Clerks, E. S. Hendriks and S. M. French, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

2nd Class Clerks, G. H. Scott, P. F. Francis, E. H. Evans, and G. P. Stephenson, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Harbour Master.

Commander C. C. Dix, C.M.G., D.S.O., 650*l.*

Deputy Harbour-Master, J. W. Gayner.

Immigration Department.

Agent in India, Calcutta.†

Agent at Madras.†

Protector of Immigrants in Jamaica, F. N. Isaacs (acting), 175*l.*

Jamaica Constabulary.

Inspector-General, M. D. Harrel, O.B.E., 800*l.*

Deputy Inspector-General, W. H. F. Sidley, 450*l.* to 500*l.*, servant, 36*l.* 10s.

1st Class Inspectors, J. C. Knollys, M. B. O'Sullivan, T. J. Field, H. J. Dodd and O. F. Wright, 450*l.*

2nd Class Inspectors, W. P. C. Adam, W. A. Orrett, L. R. O'Hanlon (*Detective*), W. Magee, and J. M. O'Connor, 400*l.*

3rd Class Inspectors, G. O'Toole, R. C. Waters, F. N. Miles, W. V. Beaumont, H. I. Parker, E. G. Orrett, and T. N. Drake, 350*l.*

Sub-Inspectors, R. T. Michelin, C. A. Smith, J. H. H. Clark and J. Murphy, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

[Inspectors and sub-inspectors have either quarters provided for them or an allowance, and receive a servant allowance of 36*l.* 10s.]

Chief Clerk, G. R. Rickards, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

1st Class Clerk, E. Poulle, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

2nd Class Clerks, H. J. F. Kerr, 160*l.* to 275*l.*, W. D. Campbell, 160*l.* to 275*l.*, S. A. O. Martin, 160*l.* to 275*l.*, and G. L. Keeling, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Passport and Permit Officer,

Passport and Permit Officer, J. W. Sheridan, 250*l.*

Defence.

Staff Officer, Local Forces, Capt. A. R. Ford.

W. Magee, Inspector of Police (acting).

Prison Department.

Director of Prisons (vacant), 650*l.* and quarters, 100*l.*

1st Class Clerk, A. B. Wood, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

General Penitentiary,

Superintendent (vacant), 400*l.*, and quarters.

Surgeon, Dr. G. S. Escoffery, 450*l.*

Overseer of Works, J. Walker, 300*l.*

2nd Class Clerks, S. F. Hearne, J. Johnston, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

† Duties performed by Protector of Emigrants at Calcutta and Madras, for which they receive a small remuneration.

Chief Warder, W. H. Cox (acting superintendent), 225*l.* to 275*l.*, and quarters.

Chief Warder and Storekeeper (vacant), 225*l.* to 275*l.*, and quarters.

Principal Warders, C. T. Phillips, H. A. D. Noad (acting chief warder), R. K. Bird and F. J. Horner, 200*l.* to 225*l.*, and quarters.

Matron Female Prison (vacant), 140*l.* to 200*l.*

Superintendent of St. Catherine District Prison, (vacant), 300*l.* to 400*l.*, and quarters.

Chief Warder, R. B. Parkinson (acting), 225*l.* to 275*l.*, and quarters.

Principal Warders, G. Anderson, T. E. Rippin and C. J. Lawrence, 200*l.* to 225*l.*, and quarters, L. J. Hobson, *Schoolmaster and Clerk*, 160*l.* to 275*l.*, J. E. Wakefield, *Clerical Aid*, 100*l.*

Preventive Detention Section, Principal Warder, J. Coughlin, 200*l.* to 225*l.*, and quarters.

Superintendent of Boys' and Girls' Industrial School, Stony Hill, J. J. G. Mair (acting superintendent, St. Catherine District Prison), 300*l.* to 400*l.*, and quarters.

Assistant Superintendent, C. H. Dent, 160*l.* to 275*l.*, and quarters.

Registrar-General's Department.

Registrar-General of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, A. R. Suarez (also Deputy Keeper of Records), 600*l.* to 750*l.*

First Class Clerk, S. L. Thompson, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Second Class Clerk, H. A. Carnegie, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Island Record Office.

Keeper of Records, The Chief Justice (ex-officio).

Deputy Keeper of Records, A. R. Suarez.

2nd Class Clerks, O. A. Lyon, and J. F. Rickards, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Titles Office.

Registrar of Titles, C. E. Mellish, 600*l.*

1st Class Clerk, S. G. Sanguinetti, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

2nd Class Clerk, James M. Richardson, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Medical Department.

Superintending Medical Officer, B. M. Wilson, 1,000*l.* to 1,200*l.*, and actual travelling expenses.

Chief Clerk, M. C. Solomon, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

1st Class Clerk, B. M. Clark, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Medical Storekeeper and 1st Class Clerk, C. Don, 300*l.* to 400*l.*, and actual travelling expenses.

First Assistant Medical Storekeeper, S. M. Edwards, 250*l.* to 350*l.*

Second Class Clerk, E. A. Morris, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

Senior Medical Officer, Public Hospital (vacant), 700*l.*, house allowance, 150*l.*

Resident Medical Officers, A. S. Westmorland, G. F. Baxter, A. de Mercado (100*l.* house allowance), 600*l.*, L. M. Clark, 400*l.* to 600*l.* (no residence).

Bacteriologist, A. W. Grace (seconded for service with the Royal Society in British Guiana, I. M. Hargreaves, acting), 700*l.* to 800*l.*

1st Assistant, S. M. Dailey, 160*l.* to 275*l.*

2nd Assistant, J. Reid, 150*l.*

Dental Surgeon, S. C. De Pass, 150*l.*

Matron, Miss A. J. Douglas, 250*l.* to 300*l.*; uniform, 12*l.* per annum; light, 6*l.*; servant, 16*l.* per annum; rations 1*s.* 6*d.* per day; furnished quarters.

Assistant Matron, Miss A. Walton 130*l.* to 170*l.*; uniform, 12*l.*; light, 6*l.*; rations, 1*s.* 6*d.* per day; quarters.

Dispenser, R. A. N. Gordon, 160*l.* to 275*l.*, and quarters.

Warden, C. H. Valencia, 200*l.*, and quarters.

Supernumerary Medical Officer, A. R. C. Hayden, 400*l.*

Senior Sanitary Medical Officer, G. C. Strathairn, 800*l.* to 1,000*l.*, and actual travelling expenses.

Health Officer at Port Royal for the Port of Kingston and Quarantine Station, J. N. McIntosh (ag.), 425*l.* to 600*l.*

District Medical Officers, Drs. A. A. Anderson, S. J. Arthurs, R. M. Atkinson, F. W. W. Baillie, J. A. Barnes, T. M. Bartlett, J. A. L. Calder, G. P. Campbell, L. M. Clark, A. T. Clarke, R. F. C. Cooper, A. G. Curphey, R. H. Davidson, T. A. Dryden, C. R. Edwards, W. I. Escoffery, F. R. Evans, W. G. Farquharson, E. D. Gideon, L. Gifford, G. Hargreaves, C. E. Harvey, S. A. Isaacs, C. D. Johnston, H. Joslen, G. I. Leceane, W. O. R. Lofthouse, L. B. Lyon, A. G. McKenley, A. M. Mills, C. A. Moseley, R. Mott-Trille, A. E. C. Myers, F. A. Ritchie, G. H. Robertson, N. Sanford, R. G. Sherlock, F. A. Sinclair, R. M. Stimpson, H. T. Strudwick, D. L. Tate, A. W. Thomson, A. J. Thomas, J. A. Watson, W. E. Wilson. 1 at 300*l.* salary and fees. 7 at 250*l.* salary and 75*l.* trav. allice. and fees. 37 at 200*l.* salary and fees.

Lepers' Home.

Medical Attendant, G. P. Campbell, 175*l.*

Superintendent and Dispenser, E. A. A. Levy, 150*l.* to 300*l.* and quarters.

Lunatic Asylum.

Medical Superintendent, R. W. D. Hewson, 700*l.* to 800*l.* and quarters.

First Assistant Medical Officer, J. S. Myers, 600*l.* to 700*l.* and quarters.

Second Assistant Medical Officer, J. J. Cameron, 500*l.* to 600*l.*, and quarters.

Third Assistant Medical Officer, U. N. Murray, 500*l.* to 600*l.*, and quarters.

Clerk and Purveyor, R. R. Wynter, 300*l.* to 400*l.* and quarters.

Second Class Clerk, V. A. Isaacs, 160*l.* to 275*l.*, allowance for shortage, 2*l.*

Matron, H. J. Tyler, 200*l.* to 250*l.*; uniforms, 12*l.*; rations, 28*l.*; servant, 16*l.*

Chief Male Attendant, A. Carney, 140*l.* to 200*l.*; allowance for uniform, 9*l.*; allowance for soap, etc., 4*l.*, and quarters.

Victoria Jubilee Lying-in Hospital.

Visiting Surgeon, M. Grabham (acting), 200*l.* and 25*l.* travelling allowance.

Matron, Miss M. E. Thompson, 250*l.* to 300*l.*; rations, 1*s.* 6*d.* per day; uniform, 12*l.* per annum; washing, 12*l.* per annum; servant, 16*l.* per annum. Furnished quarters.

Assistant Matron, Miss E. McNeil-Smith, 80*l.* to 120*l.*, with quarters, rations, uniforms, light and washing.

Judicial and Legal.

Chief Justice, and Keeper of the Records, Sir F. C. A. Barrett-Lennard, Kt., 2,000*l*.

First Puisne Judge, H. I. C. Brown, 1,200*l*.

Second Puisne Judge, Adrian J. Clark, 1,200*l*.

Attorney-General, F. C. Wells Durrant, K.C., 1,500*l*.

Clerk to ditto, O. E. Tomlinson, 300*l*. to 400*l*.

**Assistant to Attorney-General*, H. M. Radcliffe, K.C., 250*l*. by 50*l*. to 500*l*., and private practice.

Crown Solicitor, G. Harvey Clark, 1,200*l*.

Chief Clerk Crown Solicitors Office, A. Foote, 300*l*. to 400*l*.

Registrar and Librarian of the Supreme Court of Judicature, L. I. de Montagnac, 700*l*.

Chief Clerk, Reginald Seaton, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

Second Class Clerk, C. O. Segre, 160*l*. to 275*l*.

Usher, Supreme Court, J. M. Reeves, 160*l*., personal allowance, 40*l*.

Administrator-General and Trustee in Bankruptcy, J. M. Nethersole, 500*l*., and fees.

Deputy Administrator-General and Trustee in Bankruptcy, Alan O. Ritchie, 500*l*. to 600*l*.

First Class Clerks, W. A. Lindo, M. L. Levy, W. Kirkpatrick, C. A. Rickards, G. V. Rennie, 300*l*. to 400*l*.

Second Class Clerks, A. S. Lyon, E. N. Bird, J. M. Hippolyte, R. E. Collins, H. F. Barry, H. D. Chambers, J. L. S. Gayner, 160*l*. to 275*l*.

Resident Magistrates.

Kingston, A. K. Agar, 800*l*.

St. Andrew, H. C. Robinson, 800*l*.

St. Catherine, B. Burrows, 800*l*.

St. Thomas, B. B. Bodilly, 800*l*.

Portland, E. G. Cooper, 800*l*.

Westmoreland (vacant), 800*l*.

Hanover, Wm. Scholefield, 800*l*.

St. Ann, A. C. Robinson, 800*l*.

Clarendon, K. R. Brandon, 800*l*.

St. Mary, John Verity, 800*l*.

St. Elizabeth, W. T. S. Fretz, 800*l*.

Manchester, C. H. Yorke Slater, 800*l*.

Trelawny, L. C. Levy, 800*l*.

St. James, C. M. Ogilvie, 800*l*.

Clerks of the Courts.

Kingston, C. M. McGregor, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

St. Andrew, C. C. Sandford, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

St. Catherine, A. O. Thomson, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

St. Thomas, H. G. Gauntlett, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

Portland, W. A. Duffus, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

Westmoreland, J. M. Nethersole, Jr., 400*l*. to 500*l*.

Clarendon, P. C. Ogilvie, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

St. Elizabeth, R. H. McLaughlin, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

St. Ann, J. E. D. Carberry, 400*l*. to 500*l*.

St. Mary, S. L. Scott, 400*l*. to 500*l*., travelling allowance, 130*l*.

Manchester, W. O. Reid, 400*l*. to 500*l*., travelling allowance, 80*l*., and 5*d*. per mile.

Trelawny, H. A. Cooper, 400*l*. to 500*l*., travelling allowance, 80*l*., and 5*d*. per mile.

St. James, A. J. Cox, 400*l*. to 500*l*., travelling allowance, 130*l*.

Hanover (vacant), 400*l*. to 500*l*., travelling allowance, 100*l*.

Senior Assistant Clerks of Courts.

Kingston, H. O. Hendriks, 350*l*. ; L. V. D. Turner, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

St. Andrew (vacant), 200*l*. to 300*l*.

St. Thomas, H. A. Levy, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

Portland, C. H. Collman, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

St. Mary, N. A. Clare, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

St. Ann, L. A. Hopwood, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

Trelawny, J. S. Wigan, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

St. James, S. T. Ellington, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

Hanover, F. St. J. Hill, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

Westmoreland, C. J. St. L. Henry, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

St. Elizabeth, G. A. Hogg, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

Manchester, A. D. Pixley, Jr., 200*l*. to 300*l*.

Clarendon, A. C. McIntosh, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

St. Catherine, B. G. McDonald.

Assistant Clerks of Courts.

Kingston, A. H. Cotterell, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

St. Andrew, C. N. McCartney, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

St. Thomas, H. H. Blackwood, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Portland, C. Bedasee, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

(vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

St. Mary, I. D. Eccleston, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

(vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

St. Ann, K. W. Polack, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

V. L. Scott, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Trelawny, C. S. Grant, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

St. James, R. R. Phillips, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

(vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Hanover (vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Westmoreland, C. W. Cox, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

(vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

St. Elizabeth, T. L. W. Tucker, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

(vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Manchester (vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Clarendon, A. C. V. Graham, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

J. E. Gordon, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

W. H. Alexander, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

St. Catherine, A. G. Stephens, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

L. I. Davis, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

H. G. Keeling, 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Kingston Court.

Judge, C. E. Law, 900*l*.

Clerk, W. H. B. Cathcart, 500*l*.

Senior Assistant Clerk, W. M. Penny, 160*l*. to 275*l*.

Assistant Clerks, D. McK. Seivwright, (vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*., (vacant), 100*l*. to 160*l*.

Education Department.

Director of Education and Inspector of Industrial Schools, P. J. O'L. Bradbury, M.A., 800*l*. to 1,000*l*.

Assistant Director of Education, G. H. Deerr, M.A., 500*l*. to 600*l*.

Supervising Inspector of Secondary Schools, W. H. Mitchell, M.A., 500*l*.

Examiner, H. Hughes, M.A., 400*l*. to 500*l*.

Chief Inspector of Schools, E. V. Lockett, B.A., 400*l*. to 500*l*.

Inspectors of Schools, W. J. Mornan, C. D. Neilson, A. A. Kennedy, B.A., C. W. Howard, B.A., S. A. Schliefer, C. Mc L. Morales, B.A., F. Ogle, B.Sc., S. L. Burey, B.A., 375*l*. to 450*l*.

Assistant Inspectors of Schools, A. Chambers, K. N. Phillips, E. A. Tomlinson, R. H. Korr, G. M. Bygrave, C. H. Williams, J. J. Simpson, M. A. Graham, A. L. Neita, 200*l*. to 300*l*.

Chief Clerk, W. A. Logan, 400*l.* to 500*l.*
1st Class Clerk, B. T. Josephs, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
2nd Class Clerks, M. V. Hearne, A. D. Soutar,
 L. M. Kirkpatrick, E. A. Hewett 160*l.* to
 275*l.*
Assistants, A. L. Noad, N. A. Hussey, 100*l.* to
 160*l.*

Board of Education.

Director of Education, Chairman ex-officio.
Ven. Archdeacon Simms, M.A., Vice-Chairman.
Right Rev. Bishop de Carteret, M.A., D.D.,
Rev. S. C. Ashton, Rev. D. Davis, B.A.,
Mrs. K. H. Bourne, Hon. D. T. Wint, Rev. F.
Kelly, S.J., Rev. J. Currey, Rev. W. B. Esson,
M.A., F. A. Myers, A. J. Newman, B.A., Dr.
D. J. Phillips, Hon. Rev. H. B. Wolcott, Mrs.
Passingham.

Secretary, Rev. J. Reinke, D.D., 100*l.*

Technical and Continuation School.

Headmaster, W. R. Goldsworthy, 400*l.* to 450*l.*,
 with residence.
Second Master, R. M. Alston, 300*l.* to 350*l.*

Jamaica Schools Commission.

Chairman, Right Rev. G. F. C. de Carteret,
 M.A., D.D., Bishop of Jamaica.
Vice-Chairman, Ven. Archdeacon Simms,
 M.A.
Members, Rev. E. Price, B.A., B.D., Hon. T. L.
 Roxburgh, C.M.G., P. J. O'Leary Bradbury,
 M.A., C. A. H. Thomson, M.B., M.C., Hon.
 A. G. Nash, B.Sc., V. E. Manton, LL.B., Major
 Hon. E. T. Dixon, M.A.
Secretary, W. H. Mitchell, M.A.

Cornwall College

(Montego Bay Secondary School).

Headmaster, Rev. E. B. Baker, M.A., LL.B.,
 600*l.* to 650*l.*

Board of Supervision for the Relief of the Poor.

Chairman, H. A. L. Simpson, O.B.E.
Members, Dr. B. M. Wilson, C. H. Davis, Major
 Dixon, O.B.E., H. Simms, M.V.O., J. H.
 Levy, M.B.E., Dr. L. A. Crooks, Dr. Lawson-
 Gifford and F. E. Reed, O.B.E.
Secretary, F. N. Isaacs, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

Ecclesiastical.

Bishop of Jamaica, Right Rev. George Frederick
 Cecil de Carteret, M.A., D.D.
Registrar of the Diocese, N. B. Livingstone,

There are also about 90 clergymen who are paid
 by the Diocesan Church Fund of the Disestablished
 Church of England.

Foreign Consuls.

United States, Jose de Olivares, Kingston.
Denmark, S. D. List.
Venezuela, C. L. Martin.
Belgium, L. P. Fernandez (acting).
Brazil, L. P. Fernandez.
Germany, Joseph Stevens.
Mexico, Manuel Movenio.
Roumania, L. P. Fernandez.
Netherlands, C. A. Gay.

Hayti, C. L. Martin (Consul-General).
Norway, R. S. Gamble.
Sweden, H. V. Myers, M.B.E.
Costa Rica, J. W. Martin Carazo (Consul-General).
Colombia, Señor Don Fernan Pertuz (Consul).
Guatemala, Pedro R. Machado.
Greece, L. P. Fernandez (Hon.).
Honduras, H. E. H. Lynch.
Nicaragua, Alberto Orozco.
San Salvador, M. de Cordova.
Italy, F. C. Henriques.
Cuba, Amando de Leon.
Spain, L. P. Fernandez (Vice).
Panama, F. Maleck, Jr. (Consul-General).
Dominican Republic, F. W. Kennedy.
Peru, C. D. Rowe.
Chile, L. P. Fernandez (acting).
Latvia, L. P. Fernandez.
France, Wellesley Bourke.

Vice-Consuls and Consular Agents.

Spain, L. P. Fernandez, V.C.
Norway, I. M. Abendana, Port Antonio; C. G.
 Farquharson, V.C., Sav-la-Mar; E. T. Hart,
 V.C., Montego Bay; Wm. Cochrane, V.C.,
 Grand Cayman.
Sweden, E. Parsons, V.C., Grand Cayman.
United States, G. F. Kelly, V.C., Kingston.
Honduras, Edmund Parsons, V.C., Grand
 Cayman.
Panama, A. Miller, V.C., Kingston, and G. A. L.
 Sanftleben, C.A., Lucea.
Argentine Republic, L. P. Fernandez, V.C.,
 Kingston.
Latvia, L. P. Fernandez, V.C.

Officers (Military, &c.).

Officer Commanding, Col.-Commandant A.
 Mudge, C.B., C.M.G.
Commanding Royal Artillery, Major J. H. Thom,
 D.S.O.
Commanding Royal Engineers, Lt.-Col. J. S.
 Bisset.
Commanding Army Service Corps, Capt. D. H.
 H. Barrett.
Senior Medical Officer, Lt.-Col. E. V. Aylen,
 D.S.O.
Senior Ordnance Store Officer, Lieut. F. G.
 Coleman.
District Paymaster, Capt. G. W. Butler.

CAYMAN ISLANDS.

The Cayman Islands (a dependency of Jamaica)
 with an area of 104½ square miles and a population
 (in 1921) of 5,253, consist of three islands, Grand
 Cayman (85 square miles), Little Cayman (9
 square miles), and Cayman Brac (10½ square
 miles), lying between 79° 83' and 81° 30' W.
 longitude, and 19° 16', and 19° 45' N. latitude. They
 were discovered by Columbus, on his return
 voyage from Porto Bello to Hispaniola, but were
 never occupied by the Spaniards. The English
 took possession of them soon after the conquest
 of Jamaica, and they were mainly colonised from
 that island.

Grand Cayman is distant about 178 miles from the nearest point of Jamaica. It is 17 miles in length, and varies from 4 to 7 miles in breadth. The coasts are for the most part rock-bound, protected by coral reefs and enclosing some fair-sized harbours. One on the north side of the island, called the Great Sound, measures over six miles across.

The principal industry of the inhabitants is catching turtle. These turtle are brought to the island and placed in "kraals," to recover and fatten before being sent to their next stage, Key West, United States. Over 2,000 turtles a year are thus disposed of at an average price of 2*l.* each.

The Island of Grand Cayman is in some parts fruitful, and the usual tropical products are grown, but a considerable acreage is traversed by honey-combed limestone, and unfit for cultivation. Mahogany, cedar and other valuable timber and some dye-woods are found in quantities. Phosphate deposits of some value exist, and were worked, but have lately been neglected.

There are two towns, Georgetown and Bodden-town, and several villages. The population of Grand Cayman numbered 3,945 at the census of 1921.

The smaller Cayman Islands, viz., Little Cayman and Cayman Brac, are about 70 miles distant from Grand Cayman; they are almost entirely given up to the growth of cocoanuts. Their inhabitants numbered at the last reckoning 95 and 1,213 persons respectively.

The proportion of white inhabitants in the Cayman Islands is much larger than in most parts of the West Indies.

Fine schooners of native woods are constructed at these islands for sale and for local use, the people being first-rate ship-wrights.

The Legislative Assembly of the Cayman Islands consists of the Justices of the Peace and elected Vestrymen, and the laws passed by this body are subject to the assent of the Governor of Jamaica before becoming operative.

The government of the Dependency is administered by a Commissioner.

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
1926	£7,320	£7,437
	Imports.	Exports.
1926	£42,448	£11,484

Civil Establishment.

Commissioner, H. H. Hutchings, furnished house, 500*l.*-600*l.* and fees.

Clerk to Commissioner, C. M. Connor, 60*l.*

Government Medical Officer, Dr. G. N. Overton, partially furnished residence, 65*l.* for drug and travelling allowances, private practice and 300*l.*

Clerk of the Courts, Clerk of the Vestry, and Auditor, A. E. Pantou, 150*l.*

Collector of Customs (Georgetown), Postmaster, R. J. Watler, 180*l.*

Assistant to Collector and Treasury Clerk, A. C. Pantou, 125*l.*

Collector of Customs, Collector of Taxes, Postmaster, Inspector of Roads, Health Officer, Receiver of Wrecks, Registrar of Births and Deaths, Lesser Cayman Islands, H. W. Rutty, 180*l.* and fees.

Inspector of Police, Bailiff Grand Court, &c., J. R. Watler, 150*l.*, fees and quarters.

TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS.

Situation and Area.

The Turks and Caicos Islands lie between 21° and 22° N. lat., and 71° and 72° 37' W. long. Their area is about 166 square miles. The most important island, Grand Turk, is 6½ miles long and 1½ miles broad. According to the census of 1921 Grand Turk contains 1,568 inhabitants, being one-third of the total population which in 1921 was 5,612. Cockburn Harbour in S. Caicos, immediately opposite Grand Turk, is the principal settlement in the Caicos group.

History.

Grand Turk claims to have been the scene of the first discovery of Columbus, but the group remained uninhabited till the end of the 17th century, when it began to be annually visited by salt rakers from Bermuda. These were expelled by the Spaniards in 1710, but soon returned, and for some 40 years continued this industry with more or less frequent interruption by attacks from the Spaniards. It was not, however, till 1799 that, for the purposes of government, they were included in the Colony of the Bahamas, to which group they geographically belong. In 1848 they were made independent of the Bahamas. In 1873 they were annexed to Jamaica and still remain one of its dependencies.

Two hurricanes passed over these Islands in 1926, on July 24th and September 16th respectively, and did great damage. The second one was the most disastrous, as regards damage to property, in the history of the Dependency.

Industries.

Salt raking is the only industry of any importance, the average quantity annually gathered being about 1,600,000 bushels, equal to 56,000 tons. 1,510,817 bushels were exported in 1926 valued at 30,111*l.* Sponges are found on the Caicos Bank, and there is a sponge-curing establishment at Cockburn Harbour, South Caicos. The export of sponge in 1926 was valued at 1,937*l.* 1,522,700 dried conchs (shell fish), value 1,523*l.* were shipped, all but 1,000, to Haiti, in 1926.

Practically the whole of the food and household necessities are imported. Commercial intercourse is almost wholly with the United States.

The inhabitants are of mixed European and African extraction, the proportion of whites to coloured people being larger than in most of the West Indies. The majority of the people are connected with the Bermudas, from which these islands were first settled. They all speak English. Grand Turk is a port of registry, and had, on the 31st Dec., 1926, 37 vessels registered, of a total tonnage of 1,059 tons. Salt Cay and Cockburn Harbour are ports of entry, possessing good anchorage.

Climate.

The climate is equable and healthy, and rarely unpleasantly hot, owing to the constant sea breezes, but there is a scarcity of fresh provisions and good water, owing to the low lying barren nature of the soil.

The mean temperature (day) is 78°, the extreme range being from 60° to 93°. The rainfall at Grand Turk during 1926 amounted to 40·61 inches, the average rainfall during the five years 1922-1926 was 25·13 inches.

Means of Communication.

The Clyde Line of New York, U.S.A., maintain a mail, passenger and freight service calling at Grand Turk every three weeks north bound only from Santo Domingo direct for New York, the length of passage from Grand Turk being five days. Passengers travelling to the Turks Islands from New York by this line must go to Santo Domingo first and the length of passage is twelve days.

The Columbus Line of New York call at Grand Turk at least once a month from New York for Santo Domingo and north bound from Santo Domingo for New York bringing and carrying mails and freight.

Steamers of the Royal Netherlands West India Mail, trading between New York and South America, now call at Grand Turk about twice a month for stevedores and call again on the return voyage to land them. These ships bring mails and passengers from New York but no cargo.

The Elders and Fyffes Line make occasional calls on their way to Jamaica when passengers offer and on such occasions take mails to Jamaica.

There is a telephone exchange at Grand Turk with 40 connections.

The rate of letter postage is 2d. per ounce to all British Possessions; 2½d. to the U.S.A., and to all other countries 3d. per ounce.

Cable communication with Bermuda and Jamaica was established by the Direct West India Cable Company in January, 1898, the station being at Grand Turk. The rates are per word: To England 2s. 4d., to Jamaica 1s., to Halifax 1s. 6d.

A new cable was laid in 1924 connecting Grand Turk with Barbados.

Communication between Grand Turk and Salt Cay in the Turks Islands and Cockburn Harbour has been established by wireless telephone. The station at Grand Turk is also a telegraphic one with a sending range of about 500 miles.

Education.

In 1921 a secondary school was opened at Grand Turk and controlled by a Board of Management appointed by the Commissioner. This school receives an annual government grant of 150L., and other revenue is derived from school fees.

There are ten elementary schools supported by Government, with 886 pupils enrolled in 1926 and an average attendance of 670. The schools are entirely unsectarian and free.

During 1924 a Centre for the Cambridge Local Examinations was established at Grand Turk.

Currency and Banking.

The coins in circulation, all of them being legal tender under Bahama Acts, 2 Vict. cap. 4, and 8 Vict. cap. 49, also Jamaica Law 10 of 1880, consist of British sterling, United States gold and silver, and Jamaica nickel tokens. There is no limit to the legal tender of silver. There is a local Government paper currency of five shillings, ten shillings and one pound notes. Commercial accounts are usually kept in dollars, and Government accounts in sterling. A Government savings bank was established on 1st Jan., 1890, and had, on 31st Dec., 1926, 878 depositors, with 22,621L. deposits.

Constitution.

By Jamaica Law No. 6 of 1926 which came into operation on the 1st day of August 1926, the

Legislature consists of a Legislative Board comprising the Commissioner, who by virtue of his office is President, and seven other persons, three of whom are holders of offices under the Crown, appointed by the Governor of Jamaica. Taxation and expenditure and all local matters, are regulated by this board. Laws passed by the Legislative Council of Jamaica which are in express terms made applicable to Turks Islands take effect there. The subjects of currency, bills of exchange, patents, and the custody of prisoners and lunatics have been so dealt with.

FINANCES. SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	9,626	8,722	34,485	433,917
1918	8,671	8,323	24,016	372,608
1919	11,164	9,263	38,872	378,204
1920	11,294	10,780	64,281	559,078
1921	11,733	11,000	48,964	427,741
1922	10,409	11,474	68,697	680,488
1923	11,751	10,950	101,396	605,024
1924	9,693	12,186	68,888	499,895
1925	10,460	11,177	48,336	310,067
1926	—	—	57,969	200,239

There is no Public Debt.

Total Customs Revenue, 1926.

	£
On Imports	3,706
On Exports (Royalty on Salt) ...	2,203
	<hr/> £5,909

Population by Census.

Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1901	2,408	2,879	5,287
1911	2,505	3,110	5,615
1921	2,545	3,067	5,612

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	1,664	4,090	29,176	34,930
1918	1,347	8,368	29,560	39,276
1919	2,140	8,747	27,455	38,343
1920	3,610	7,021	49,122	59,753
1921	4,924	5,866	45,147	55,937
1922	4,657	3,022	40,506	48,185
1923	3,577	2,960	40,023	46,560
1924	4,282	3,230	35,741	43,253
1925	4,592	3,520	33,458	41,570
1926	6,791	6,742	35,317	48,850

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	—	13,021	29,064	42,085
1918	360	12,243	12,995	25,598
1919	590	14,802	18,172	33,554
1920	382	19,466	24,644	44,492
1921	1,400	17,620	14,073	33,093
1922	882	19,743	26,035	46,660
1923	750	14,843	21,862	37,455
1924	131	13,160	18,204	31,495
1925	485	18,412	20,165	39,062
1926	1,018	20,550	14,368	35,936

List of Commissioners since 1893.

1893. E. J. Cameron.
 1901. W. Douglas Young.
 1906. F. H. Watkins, I.S.O.
 1914. G. Whitfield Smith, O.B.E.
 1923. Harold E. Phillips.

The Legislative Board.

The Commissioner, *President*.

T. G. Southby.	} <i>Officials.</i>
Robert O'Reilly, M.D.	
C. W. Frith.	} <i>Non-Officials.</i>
B. C. Frith.	
H. F. Harriott.	
J. D. Wood.	
A. J. M. Durham.	

Clerk of the Board, Clifford G. Darrell.

Civil Establishment.

Commissioner and Judge, Harold E. Phillips
 (with residence), 700*l.*, duty allowance 50*l.*
Magistrate, Registrar-General, Registrar of the
Supreme Court, Inspector of Police and
*Auditor, T. G. Southby, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*
Assistant Treasurer, Collector of Customs, Regis-
trar of Shipping, Postmaster and Manager of
*the Savings Bank, Geoffrey H. Frith, 300*l.*
Clerk to the Commissioner, Clifford G. Darrell,
 187*l.* 10*s.*
Harbour Master and Warehouse Keeper, R. G.
*Been, 150*l.*
*Treasury Clerk, T. W. Willis, 120*l.*
Superintendent of Public Works, C. W. Frith,
 312*l.* 10*s.*, personal allowance, 87*l.* 10*s.*
Government Officer, Salt Cay, G. N. Astwood,
 175*l.*
District Commissioner, Caicos Islands, also Board-
ing Officer and Foreman of Works, Cockburn
*Harbour, E. G. Ewing, 275*l.*
*Government Printer, N. J. Francis, 126*l.*******

Judicial.

Registrar, T. G. Southby
Bailiff, C. B. Jennings

Medical.

Government Medical Officers, Robert O'Reilly,
 M.D., Personal allowance, 50*l.*, 500*l.*, house
 allowance, 30*l.* (Turks Islands).
 J. A. Boffin, M.D. 350*l.* (Caicos Islands).

Police and Prisons.

Inspector, The Assistant Commissioner,
 Grand Turk

Lighthouse.

*Head Keeper, B. H. Roberts 120*l.**

Ecclesiastical.

Anglican Rector, Rev. W. T. Johnson.
Wesleyan Minister, Rev. B. E. Clark.
Baptist Minister, Rev. J. A. Lynch.

Foreign Consuls.

France, W. S. Jones, Consular Agent.
Haiti, W. S. Jones.
San Domingo, Consul, Carlos Franceschini; Vice-
Consul, W. S. Jones; Vice-Consul, Cockburn
Harbour, C. H. Durham; Vice-Consul, Salt
Cay (vacant).

KENYA COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE.*Extent and Administration.*

The territories comprised under the name of "Kenya Colony and Protectorate," until recently known as the East Africa Protectorate, include the whole of the coast line from Umba River to Diok's Head, and vast territories in the interior bounded in part by international convention lines. The eastern boundary was defined along the Juba and north-east by an agreement with Italy (1891), and on the north by an agreement with Abyssinia in 1908, but upon the cession of Jubaland to Italy on June 29th, 1925, a Commission was appointed to adjust the eastern and north-eastern boundaries. On the west, the Colony adjoins the Uganda Protectorate, and on the south the mandated Tanganyika Territory. It includes the Witu Protectorate, a small tract of country at the mouth of the Tana. The British East Africa Protectorate was proclaimed on November 19th, 1890. In March, 1891, the Imperial British East Africa Company undertook the administration of the country, from which they withdrew on July 31st, 1893. Witu is now regarded for administrative purposes as part of Tanaland.

The Kenya Protectorate consists of the mainland dominions of the Sultan of Zanzibar—viz., a strip extending 10 miles inland along the coast from the Tanganyika mandated Territory frontier to Kipini and the islands of the Lamu Archipelago. In respect of these territories Kenya pays a rent of 10,000*l.* per annum to the Sultan of Zanzibar.

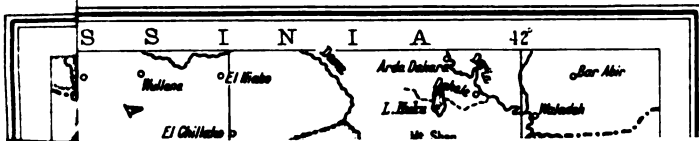
The original concession was made to a company, subsequently called the Imperial British East Africa Company, but the territory was transferred in 1895 to His Majesty's Government, and the whole Protectorate was placed under the control of a Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief. It was transferred on April 1st, 1905, from the authority of the Foreign Office to that of the Colonial Office. By an Order in Council dated 9th November, 1906, the Protectorate was placed under a Governor and Commander-in-Chief, and the Order in Council of 22nd October, 1906, constituted Executive and Legislative Councils. The frontiers were defined by agreements with Germany (1890 and 1893) and Italy (1891), but the latter has now been varied by the cession of Jubaland to Italy under the Treaty with the Italian Government dated 24th July, 1924. All Foreign Consular Jurisdiction was, during the year 1908, transferred to the British Court.

By the "Kenya Annexation Order in Council, 1920," the territories outside the mainland dominions of the Sultan of Zanzibar were recognised as a Colony. This Order in Council came into operation on the 23rd July, 1920, and the Sultan's mainland dominions are now styled the Protectorate of Kenya, whilst the remaining territory is known as the Colony of Kenya. The area of the Protectorate and Colony of Kenya is about 225,100 square miles.

A scheme of administration providing for the separate control of the native and the settled areas, was brought into operation on the 1st of January, 1921.

The Colony and Protectorate is divided into the following areas:—

1. *The Nyanza Province*, comprising the districts of North Kavirondo, South Kavirondo, Central Kavirondo, Nandi, Kericho, Kisumu, and Lumbwa.



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2. *The Kerio Province*, comprising the districts of Ravine, Baringo, Elgeyo, Marakwet, West Suk, and Turkana.

3. *The Kikuyu Province*, comprising the districts of Kiambu, Fort Hall, South Nyeri, Embu, Meru, North Nyeri.

4. *The Ukamba Province*, comprising the districts of Machakos, Kitui, Teita, and Nairobi.

5. *The Coast Province*, comprising the districts of Digo, Malindi, Tana River, Lamu.

6. *The Masai Province*.

7. *The Northern Frontier Province*.

8. *The Extra-Provincial Districts* of Laikipia, Naivasha, Nakuru, Uasin-Gishu, and Trans-Nzoia.

The capital of the Colony is Nairobi, which is also the largest centre in the Colony. A Municipality has been established here in respect of a population estimated as under:—

1925.

Europeans	3,612
Asiatics	9,589
Natives	19,633

Mombasa is the principal port; the inhabitants number about 39,824, of whom about 869 are Europeans. It is situated on the eastern side of an island of the same name, possessing two fine harbours, one at Mombasa itself and the other at Kilindini, on the south-western side of the island. There is a lighthouse and signal station at the entrance to the Port. Kilindini is the finest land-locked and sheltered harbour on the East coast of Africa; it possesses an ample water supply and a scheme for improved harbour facilities is being carried out. Two deep-water berths have been constructed, and two more are under construction.

The principal river flowing into the Indian Ocean is the Tana, which is navigable for about 400 miles by shallow draught steamers.

Population.

The total population is estimated at 2,736,517. A census of the non-native population taken in February, 1926, showed a European population of 12,529 and an Asiatic population of 41,140. On the coast the Arabs and Swahilis predominate; further inland are races speaking Bantu languages, and non-Bantu tribes, such as the Nilotic Navirondo, the Nandi, the Lumbwa, the Suk, the Turkana, the Masai, the Somalis, and the Gallas.

The prevailing religious beliefs are Pagan, but on the coast Mohammedanism has made great progress. There are in the Colony and Protectorate many Christian mission stations, representing thirteen different societies—British, French, Italian, Swedish, and American, two of them being Roman Catholic. At these stations are schools for elementary instruction and handicrafts.

Constitution.

Under the Royal Instructions dated the 11th September, 1920, as amended by Additional Instructions dated the 28th December, 1925, the Executive Council of the Colony consists of the Colonial Secretary, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Chief Native Commissioner, Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, the Director of Agriculture, and Director of Education (*ex officio* members), such other persons holding office in the public service of the Colony as the Governor may appoint (official members), and such persons (if any) not holding such office as the Governor may appoint (unofficial members), with the Governor as President. It is further provided that the Legislative Council of the

Colony shall consist of the Governor as President, eleven *ex officio* members, not more than nine nominated official members, eleven European elected members, five Indian elected members, one Arab elected member, and one nominated unofficial member to represent the interests of the African community. Under Royal instructions dated the 28th March, 1927, it was provided that if at any time the number of Indian elected members is less than five the vacancy or vacancies so arising might be filled by the appointment of nominated Indian unofficial members. The *ex officio* members are to be the *ex officio* members of the Executive Council, with the General Manager of the Kenya and Uganda Railway, Commissioner of Lands, Director of Public Works, and Commissioner of Customs.

By the "Kenya Protectorate Order in Council, 1920," it was provided that the Governor of the Colony should be Governor of the Protectorate, that the Executive Council of the Colony should be deemed to be the Executive Council of the Protectorate, and that it should be lawful for the Legislative Council of the Colony to legislate for the Protectorate. The Supreme Court is situated at Nairobi, and sessions are also held at Mombasa, Nakuru, Eldoret, Kisumu, and various other places. In all cases to which natives are parties local ideas and customs are considered. The legal status of slavery has been abolished throughout the Colony and Protectorate.

By local ordinance in January, 1924, provision was made for the election of the Indian and Arab members. The Indian franchise (like the European franchise) is adult (over 21) suffrage and the whole Colony and Protectorate form one five-member constituency. The Arab franchise is adult (over 21) male suffrage subject to ability to write Arabic or Swahili in Arabic characters. Here too the whole country forms one constituency.

By the enactment in 1924 of the Native Authority Amendment Ordinance a considerable measure of local self-government was conferred on the various Native Councils in Kenya in regard to the social welfare of the tribes and the management of communal matters such as land, forests, veterinary services, etc., as well as the local control of health, education, agriculture, trade and labour recruitment.

Climate.

For purposes of rainfall Kenya may be divided into three parts:—

(1). Northern Desert area where there is usually less than 20 inches a year.

(2). The coastal strip and the Nyanza and Kikuyu Provinces where there may be from 40 to 80 inches a year, and

(3) the remainder of Kenya where rainfall is from 20 to 40 inches a year. On the Coast there is usually a single rainy season from April to November, but up-country there are generally "long" rains from April to June, and "short" rains from October to December. The Coastal regions have a tropical climate though nights are cool except during the hottest months from December to April. In the Highlands the climate is invigorating with cool breezes; at Nairobi the mean maximum shade temperature in 1926 was 79° and the mean minimum 56°. The rainfall at Nairobi was 32·15 inches.

Currency and Banks.

The currency originally consisted of the Indian rupee as the standard coin, with smaller local

coins and notes of higher denominations, all expressed in terms of the rupee; the British sovereign was also legal tender at Rs. 15. The exchange value of the rupee, after being maintained for many years by the Government of India at 1s. 4d., began to rise in 1917 and early in 1920 reached 2s. 9d. It was then decided to fix the rate in the East Africa Protectorate, the Uganda Protectorate and the Tanganyika Territory at 2s. sterling to the rupee, and to issue a new currency in local rupee coin and notes, but subsequently it was decided that the new coinage should be expressed in terms of florins, instead of rupees, the 50 cent. piece being alternatively termed a shilling. Some rupee notes were introduced but no rupee coins. Later the shilling was made the standard coin instead of the florin, and arrangements were made to withdraw the Indian rupee, which was demonetised from July, 1921, from circulation. The nickel-bronze coins (1, 5 and 10 cents. of a rupee) have been withdrawn from circulation, and new copper-bronze coins (1, 5 and 10 cents. of a shilling) have been introduced.

The old Local Board of Currency Commissioners has been abolished, and the Currency of the Colony and Protectorate is now in the hands of the East Africa Currency Board in London, represented locally by the Treasurer.

The National Bank of India Ltd. (Head Office:—26 Bishopsgate Street, London) are bankers to the Government of Kenya, with branches in the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya at Mombasa, Nairobi, Nakuru, and Kisumu, and at Kampala, Entebbe, and Jinja in the Uganda Protectorate.

The Standard Bank of South Africa, Ltd. (Head Office:—10, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, London) have branches at Mombasa, Nairobi, Eldoret, Nakuru, Kisumu, Nyeri, Kitale in the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, and at Kampala and Jinja in the Uganda Protectorate.

Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), with which is amalgamated *The National Bank of South Africa, Ltd.*, has branches at Mombasa, Nairobi, and Eldoret.

Land and Products.

The agricultural products of the lowlands are coconuts, cotton, maize, sisal, sugar cane and the miscellaneous native grains, and oil seed.

Effort towards an extension of the area under cotton is being made. In the highlands, coffee, maize, sisal are the premier crops and an increasing export trade in these products is noteworthy. Cereals (wheat and barley) are successfully grown, while sugar cane, potatoes, vegetables, fruit and a large variety of miscellaneous crops are cultivated on an increasing scale.

Extensive pasture grounds exist throughout the highlands, and maintain considerable herds of grade and native stock.

Sheep thrive in restricted areas, and the export of wool is steadily increasing.

The forest products of the coast are man-grove poles and bark, timber and gum-copal. The scrub forests further inland contain ebony and scrub mahogany. The highland forests contain croton, pencil cedar in large quantities and several good timbers. Several large areas of fibre-bearing land have been leased near Voi and Kibwezi for the purpose of developing the *Sansevieria* fibre, which is indigenous. Sisal and rubber are being extensively planted.

The mineral resources of the Colony are not yet well ascertained, but iron is known to occur abundantly in most districts; mica diatomite and graphite are found in Ukamba; limestone is worked near Kitui, Makindu and Lake Victoria; opals are common in the Rift Valley; a large deposit of carbonate of soda has been found in the south part of Ukamba; gold prospecting activities exist south of Kisii. Recent concessions include prospecting rights and grants of agricultural and grazing land.

The total area of land alienated as at December 31st, 1926, was 6,005,774 acres of which 5,489,599 acres were leasehold. Sale of leases of land by public auction has been resumed.

Trade and Customs.

Since 1917 Kenya and Uganda have been one administrative unit for purposes of Customs.

The Customs Tariff has not been subjected to any considerable revision since 1923. A consumption tax was placed on wines and spirits in 1926. Up to 1921 an *ad valorem* duty of 10 per cent. was in force for practically all imports other than spirits, and certain articles for industrial, agricultural, stock breeding, railway and other services, were admitted free of duty.

The principal export duties were derived from:

- (a) a specific tax ranging between 2 and 2½ shillings on birds and animals.
- (b) an *ad valorem* tax ranging between 4 per cent. and 30 per cent. on bories (rafters), chillies, ebony, gum copal, hides, horns, ivory, rubber, sea shells and hippopotamus teeth.

Legislation enacted in 1921-3, terminating with the Kenya Customs Tariff Ordinance of the 31st December, 1923, has introduced many important changes, the most notable being:—

- (a) a uniform Tariff for Kenya and Uganda which operates also in Tanganyika Territory.
- (b) free trade between Kenya and Uganda, and Tanganyika Territory, in goods the growth, produce or manufacture of each of the Territories.
- (c) specific duties on certain classes of imports generally ranging between 10 per cent. and 50 per cent. of their value.
- (d) *ad valorem* duties ranging between 10 per cent. and 30 per cent. on imports not included in the specific list or otherwise provided for. These duties are assessed on the basis of the value of the goods at the port of shipment, plus the cost of packing, loading, freight, insurance, landing and all other charges up to the time of deposit in the Customs premises at the port of importation.
- (e) thorough revision of the free list which, while generally maintaining existing exemptions, has added passengers' personal and used household effects, disinfectants, surgical instruments, mining materials, and school stationery and similar requisites, etc.
- (f) entire abolition of export duties.

The import tariff as it now stands has been designed, as far as possible, to protect imports essential to the opening up and development of the country at the expense of those of less utility; and to foster local production of agricultural and other commodities in which Kenya and Uganda are, or can be made, self-supporting.

For Kenya and Uganda, the value, in £ sterling, of trade imports (excluding imports on Government

account, railway material, and goods in transit and transshipment) and of exports (domestic and foreign), and the net amount of Customs receipts from all sources (rupee 16d. till 1921) and the tonnage entered at Kenya ports were as follows:—

Years.	Imports.	Total Exports.	Customs Receipts.	Tonnage entered.
				Gross tonnage.
1919-20	3,119,536	4,321,454	287,032	911,018
				Net Tonnage.
1920-21	6,911,858	5,746,196	614,198	839,622
1921	2,370,269	2,887,518	357,477	622,915
(9 months)				
1922	2,871,240	5,504,579	575,595	1,065,177
1923	4,302,574	5,377,122	779,731	1,153,326
1924	6,277,907	7,720,122	1,016,817	1,231,256
1925	8,061,448	9,576,153	1,192,920	1,314,691
1926	7,440,649	7,844,681	1,150,593	1,555,570

Up to 31st March, 1921, the fiscal year was from 1st April to 31st March. The nine months in 1921 was from 1st April to 31st December. From then onwards the year is:—1st January to 31st December.

The main imports during 1926 were:—

Cotton goods and Manufactures	£1,082,880
Tea	...cwt. 6,901
Sugar	... 19,567
Salt	... 177,354
Rice	... 142,153
Wheatmeal and Flour	... 58,257
Soap	... 30,985
Motor Cars	... No. 1,403
Motor Lorries and Tractors	... 1,135
Bicycles	... 11,629
Motor Spirit	... Gallons 2,570,493
Fuel Oil	... 5,731,483
Machinery	... £300,592
Textiles and textile manufactures	£327,941
Cutlery, hardware, etc.	£202,089
Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes	£198,986
Wearing apparel and haberdashery	£130,658

The Principal Countries of origin were:—

Great Britain 37.12%; British Possessions 30.61% (Total British Empire 67.73%); United States of America 10.06%; Holland 4.77%; Germany 3.70%; Japan 3.90%.

The principal articles of domestic produce exported during 1926 were:—

	£
Maize	280,596
Other grain, pulse and flour...	67,045
Cattle (for food)	4,273
Coffee, raw	895,080
Other food stuffs	43,568
Cedar wood	17,278
Mangrove poles	6,188
Carbonate of soda	87,426
Raw cotton	3,066,940
Flax fibre and flax tow	5,966
Sisal fibre and sisal tow	579,499
Seed, cotton	194,915
Seed, sesame	80,689
Nuts and kernels	63,324
Hides and skins	272,327
Rubber	138,261
Ivory (elephant)	41,396
Wool	6250,4

The Chief Countries of consignment were:—

Great Britain 49.5%; British Possessions 26.2% (British Empire 75.7%); Belgium 5.4%; Germany 1.2%; Japan 7.8%; Holland 1.7%; Italy 1.1%; France 2.5%; United States of America 1.6%.

Communications.

The Union Castle Line and the British India Steam Navigation Co. maintain a monthly service of passenger steamers from and to London.

The Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles to Madagascar call fortnightly at Mombasa, home-wards and outwards.

The "Italiana" Navigation Company have two lines calling monthly; one steamer running as far as Zanzibar, and back to Genoa, and the other as far as Durban, and also back to Genoa, calling at the principal ports *en route*, including those of Italian Somaliland.

The Clan Ellerman Harrison Line maintains a three-weekly service of fast cargo steamers from Liverpool as far as Beira.

The Holland Africa Line maintains a fortnightly service from London and continental ports to South and East Africa calling at this Port.

The Deutsche Ost Afrika line maintains a six-weekly passenger and cargo service between Mombasa, Continental ports and Southampton.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha Line also serves Mombasa and calls are made by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and by Danish and Norwegian Lines.

The fortnightly Mail Service to Bombay and Durban is maintained by the British India Steam Navigation Company passenger and cargo steamers.

Communication between the ports of the Protectorate is maintained by steamers belonging to the B.I.S.N. Co. and Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw Bros.

The Kenya and Uganda Railway was formerly worked as a State Railway of Kenya Colony, but in 1921 it was decided that from 1st April this line together with all branch lines and steamer services both in Kenya and Uganda should be controlled by a Central Railway Council, consisting of a chairman and one official and one unofficial member from each Colony (Kenya and Uganda), and that railway surpluses should not be available for general colonial revenue purposes.

On the 3rd February, 1926, the Kenya and Uganda (Transport) Order-in-Council, 1925, came into force, by which was established the office of High Commissioner for Transport for the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and the Protectorate of Uganda. It provided that this office should be held by the Officer administering the Government of Kenya, and that he should have the control of the transport services owned, controlled, or managed, by the Governments of either of the two Territories, including railways, ports, wharves and steamships; the services were to be known as the Kenya and Uganda Railway. The Order-in-Council further provided for the constitution of a Kenya and Uganda Railway Advisory Council to consist of not more than two official and two unofficial members representing Kenya, and not more than two official and two unofficial members representing Uganda, each territory's representatives, official and unofficial, to be appointed by the respective Governors; and it directed that a Railway and Harbour Fund should be formed, into which was to be paid all revenue derived from the administration of the Services, and from which all disbursements were to be made.

The length of the line including branches, open to traffic at the end of 1926, was 1,128 miles, with a gauge of one metre. A further length of 233 miles was under construction at that date. Ten steamers on Lake Victoria are worked in connection

with the railway and there are flotillas on Lake Kioga and Lake Albert. The following figures include all services both in Kenya and Uganda. The construction cost, including steamers, etc., to December 31st, 1926, was £14,483,586. During the year ending 31st December, 1926, 573,282 tons of goods (exclusive of railway material) and 991,754 passengers were carried.

	Year ending 31/12/26.
Revenue	£2,058,710
Expenditure	1,216,773

A branch railway has been constructed from Nakuru (at mile 448 on the Uganda Railway) to Turbo (142 miles) on the Uasin Gishu plateau, and is now open to traffic. This line is at present being extended through Tororo in Uganda to Mbulamuti on the Busoga Railway, and when completed will afford through communication between Kilindini and the Port of Jinja on Lake Victoria. The approximate mileage of this extension with branches is 255.

Pauling & Co., Ltd., have constructed a deep-water wharf wall at Ras Kilindini, with sheds. A contract for 1,000 feet extension of the quay, together with single-storied transit sheds and the necessary roads and railways in connection therewith, estimated to cost £63,947, was entered into with the same company in November, 1926.

The Post Office of the Colony (inclusive of the Uganda Post Office, which is worked by the Kenya Post Office) received and despatched during 1926 11,451,700 letters, packets, etc., and 522,044 telegrams.

The telegraph system has 7,124 miles of wire (exclusive of Uganda). The lines connect Mombasa with Lamu (200 miles), Mombasa with Gazi (31 miles), Mombasa with Kisumu (587 miles), Kisumu with Entebbe (281 miles) (75 miles double line in Kenya, remainder in Uganda), Londiani with Eldama Ravine (22 miles), Lumbwa with Kericho (17½ miles), Nairobi with Nyeri, West Kenya, Meru and Archers Post (204 miles), Kibigori with Nandi, Eldoret, Sergoit, Hoey's Bridge and Kitale (107 miles), Magadi Junction with Machakos (16½ miles), Magadi Railway (91 miles), Elmenteita with Narok (58 miles), Nakuru with Rumuruti (59 miles), Rongai with Solai (27 miles), Muhoroni with Songhor (10 miles), Nairobi with Kyambu (10 miles), Voi to Tanganyika Border (81 miles). Lines follow all Railway lines and Branch lines. Communications between Mombasa and Kisumu (325 miles), from both these stations with ships at sea and, (for Government traffic only), between Mombasa and Zanzibar is maintained by means of radio-telegraphy. A cable connects Mombasa with Zanzibar.

Telegraph communication exists with Tanganyika Territory by means of lines between Voi on the Kenya and Uganda Railway and Taveta. The Kenya telegraph system is also linked up by land lines with South African and Belgian Congo telegraph systems.

Telephone exchanges are worked at Nairobi, Mombasa, Nakuru and Kisumu Post Offices; 1782 telephones were in use in Kenya and Uganda at the end of 1926.

Preliminary survey flights between Kisumu and Khartum, the cost of which is to be borne in part by the Kenya, Uganda, and Sudan Governments, were started in February, 1927, with a view to deciding the feasibility of an air mail service on that route.

E. Africa Governors' Conference.

In pursuance of a recommendation of the Parliamentary Commission which visited E. Africa in 1924, a Conference of Governors of the British East African dependencies was held in Nairobi in January and February, 1926, for the discussion of matters of mutual concern. It was decided that Conferences should be held from time to time at Nairobi. There is a permanent Secretary of the Conference at Nairobi, Col. C. W. G. Walker, D.S.O., I.A., whose salary of 1,500*l.* a year together with the cost of the Secretariat is jointly contributed by the Governments members of the Conference.

Finances.

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
1918-19	1,548,703 <i>l.</i>	1,670,705 <i>l.</i>
1919-20	1,726,435 <i>l.</i>	2,024,861 <i>l.</i>
1920-21	2,978,785 <i>l.</i>	2,976,960 <i>l.</i>
1921 (Apl. to Dec.)	1,891,679 <i>l.</i>	1,666,785 <i>l.</i>
1922	1,649,032 <i>l.</i>	1,972,212 <i>l.</i>
1923	1,839,447 <i>l.</i>	2,137,632 <i>l.</i>
1924	2,111,665 <i>l.</i>	1,861,511 <i>l.</i>
1925	2,430,509 <i>l.</i>	2,339,996 <i>l.</i>
1926	2,627,223 <i>l.</i>	2,414,681 <i>l.</i>

A loan of 5,000,000*l.* was successfully issued in London in November, 1927.

The following are the chief sources of Revenue:

	1926.
Customs	741,374 <i>l.</i>
Port, Harbour, Wharf and Light-house Dues	21,357 <i>l.</i>
Licences and Taxes	842,587 <i>l.</i>
Fees of Court or Office	125,734 <i>l.</i>
Post and Telegraphs	148,258 <i>l.</i>
Revenue from Government Property and Royalties	106,908 <i>l.</i>
Sale of Government Property	26,774 <i>l.</i>
Miscellaneous Receipts	11,646 <i>l.</i>
Earnings of Government Departments	48,713 <i>l.</i>

GOVERNORS.

1909—Col. Sir E. P. Girouard, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., R.E.	
1910—F. J. Jackson, Esq., C.B., C.M.G., administering.	
1911—Col. Sir E. P. C. Girouard, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., R.E.	
1912—C. C. Bowring, Esq., C.M.G., administering.	
1912—Sir H. C. Belfield, K.C.M.G.	
1913—C. C. Bowring, Esq., C.M.G., administering.	
1914—Sir H. C. Belfield, K.C.M.G.	
1917—C. C. Bowring, Esq., C.M.G., administering.	
1919—Major-General Sir E. Northey, K.C.M.G., C.B.	
1922—Sir R. T. Coryndon, K.C.M.G.	
1925—Lt.-Col. Sir E. W. M. Grigg, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., M.C.	

GOVERNMENT.

Executive Council.

The Governor.	The Director of Agriculture.
The Colonial Secretary.	The Director of Education.
The Attorney-General.	Lord Delamere.
The Treasurer.	Capt. H. E. Schwartz.
The Chief Native Commissioner.	Rev. Canon H. Leakey.
The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.	B. S. Varma.

Clerk of the Council, J. E. S. Merriok.

Legislative Council.

Ex-Officio Members, The Governor, The Colonial Secretary, The Attorney General, The Treasurer, The Chief Native Commissioner, The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, The Director of Agriculture, The Director of Education, The General Manager, Kenya and Uganda Railway, The Commissioner of Lands, The Director of Public Works, The Commissioner of Customs.

Nominated Official Members, T. Fitzgerald, O.B.E., Sheikh Ali bin Salim, C.M.G., C.B.E., A. G. Baker, Col. A. G. Doherty, M.C., C. M. Dobbs, R. W. Hemsted, H. R. Montgomery, T. D. H. Bruce, Major A. L. Kent-Lemon.

European Elected Members, Right Hon. Lord Delamere, Conway Harvey, Major H. F. Ward, Major R. W. B. Robertson-Eustace, D.S.O., H. E. Schwartz, T. J. O'Shea, Lieut.-Col. Lord Francis Scott, D.S.O., Capt. E. M. V. Kenesly, G. G. Atkinson, Lieut.-Col. C. G. Durham, D.S.O., Lieut.-Col. J. G. Kirkwood, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Indian Elected Member, A. H. Malik.

Indian Nominated Members, P. K. Ghandy, R. S. Nehra, J. B. Pandya, B. S. Varma.

Arab Elected Member, Hamed Mohammed bin Issa.

Nominated Member Representing African Interests, Rev. Canon H. Leakey.

Clerk to Council, G. R. Sandford, O.B.E.

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Lt.-Col. Sir E. W. M. Grigg, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., M.C., 5,000*l.*, and duty allowance, 2,500*l.*; allowance as High Commissioner for Transport, 1,000*l.*

Aide-de-Camp, Capt. J. M. P. Spring-Smyth, 400*l.*
Private Secretary, Major E. A. T. Dutton, 450*l.*

Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary, Sir E. B. Denham, K.B.E., C.M.G., B.A., 2,200*l.*

Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary (vacant), 1,350*l.*

Assistant Colonial Secretary, J. E. S. Merrick, B.A., 1,000*l.*

Secretaries, W. M. Logan, B.A., R. W. Lambert, B.A., C. J. J. T. Barton, M.A., 475*l.* to 920*l.*

Clerk to Legislative Council, G. R. Sandford, O.B.E., M.A., 720*l.* to 920*l.*

Establishment Officer, G. W. Knapman, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 810*l.*

Assistant Establishment Officer, A. J. Field, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Office Superintendent, E. Brady, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

European Clerks, F. V. Preston, H. E. Stacey, Miss E. A. Hart, Miss C. M. Melhuish, Miss H. J. Downey; 300*l.* to 500*l.*, and 240*l.* to 300*l.*

Reporters, Legislative Council, Miss A. Sonen, H. W. Stacey, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Government Press.

Government Printer, F. W. Knightly, 1,000*l.*

PROVINCIAL ADMINISTRATION.

Native Affairs Department.

Chief Native Commissioner, G. V. Maxwell, 1,450*l.*

Deputy Chief Native Commissioner, Lieut.-Col. O. F. Watkins, C.B.E., D.S.O., 1,200*l.*

Junior Secretary, K. G. Lindsay, 475*l.* to 920*l.*

Registrar of Natives, A. E. T. Imbert, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Labour Inspectors, W. P. Shields, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*; E. E. C. McInnes, P. de V. Allen, H. K. Coates, N. E. G. Levett, 300*l.* to 500*l.*

Officer-in-Charge, Finger-Print Bureau, W. W. C. Burgess, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Finger-Print Officer, S. F. Taylor, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

European Clerks, G. H. Booth, G. Wedderburn.

Provincial Administration.

Senior Commissioners, 1st Class, J. O. W. Hope, C.M.G., A. J. Maclean, M.A., R. W. Hemsted, O.B.E., E. B. Horne, 1,350*l.*

Senior Commissioners, 2nd Class, G. H. Osborne, B.A., C. M. Dobbs, B.A., E. C. Crewe-Read, 1,200*l.*

District Officers, D. R. Crampton, A. E. Chamier, B.A., W. A. F. Platts, M.A., W. F. G. Campbell, S. F. Deck, B.A., R. G. Stone, H. R. Montgomery, Ll. A. F. Jones, C. H. Adams, B.A., G. A. Fuller-Maitland, B.A., Lieut. J. A. G. Elliot, F. M. Lamb, C. E. Ward, B.A., A. M. C. Champion, T. D. Butler, P. R. Filleul, B.A., S. H. La Fontaine, D.S.O., M.C., B.A., T. A. Dickson, M.C., Major W. B. Brook, H. W. Gray, H. E. Welby, B.A., S. H. Fazan, B.A., C. B. Thompson, B.A., A. de V. Wade, M.A., G. M. Castle-Smith, G. H. C. Boulderson, B.A., M. R. R. Vidal, B.A., W. M. Logan, B.A., H. G. Evans, B.A., H. H. Trafford, R. W. Lambert, B.A., A. A. Seldon, B.A., E. B. Hoaking, B.A., E. J. Waddington, O.B.E., B.A., V. G. Glenday, M.A., J. M. Silvester, B.A., S. O. V. Hodge, B.A., J. L. B. L. Llewellyn, M.A., J. W. K. Pease, J. W. E. Wightman, M.A., R. Pedraza, B.A., C. J. W. Lydekker, M.A., R. F. Palethorpe, B.A., C. J. J. T. Barton, M.A., H. Izard, B.A., C. Tomkinson, S. V. Cooke, B.A., H. E. L. Brailsford, J. D. McKean, J. G. Hopkins, W. S. Marchant, H. B. Sharpe, K. L. Hunter, W. Slade-Hawkins, Lieut. F. G. Jennings, Lieut. H. E. Lambert, H. G. Oldfield, D. O. Brumage, J. G. Hamilton Ross, R.N.R., Lieut.-Col. E. L. B. Anderson, D.S.O., Major J. V. Dawson, D.S.O., Capt. E. G. S. Tisdall, M.C., Major C. E. V. Buxton, M.C., M.A., Capt. C. T. Davenport, B.A., Lieut. I. R. Gillespie, B.A., Capt. W. R. Kidd, M.C., B.A., Capt. G. B. Rimington, Major A. W. Sutcliffe, D.S.O., M.C., U.S.C., Capt. C. G. Usher, M.C., Major B. W. Bond, M.C., Major F. C. Jack, D.S.O., M.C., Lieut. D. Storrs-Fox, Capt. J. H. Clive, Capt. V. M. McKeag, A. N. Bailward, Capt. F. H. J. Hillier, C. W. Hayes-Sadler, M.A., Lieut. C. A. Cornell, E. D. Emley, K. G. Lindsay, L. A. Weaving, V. G. Cole, H. L. G. Gurney, Sir H. G. Elphinstone, Bt., S. R. Lowder, D. McKay, R.N., Capt. F. D. Hislop, M.A., 475*l.* to 920*l.*

Cadets, Major J. L. Willocks, D.S.O., M.C., B. V. Shaw, Lieut. G. Reece, H. E. Bader, B.A., LL.B., W. A. Perreau, R. T. Lambert, A. E. Brierley, B.A., G. B. Stooke, Capt. D. H. Wickham, C. P. B. Norman, E. A. C. Talbot, H. A. Carr, G. R. B. Brown, R. R. Young, Capt. M. F. J. R. Mahoney, J. F. G. Troughton, B.A., P. W. Harris, A. C. M. Mullins, B.A., T. H. Horry, D. L. Morgan, R. G. Darroch, H. R. Carver, H. S. Potter, R. P. Platt, 400*l.*

Superintendents of Inland Revenue and Conservancy, W. B. Acton, H. V. Borain, A. H. Gunnell.

Superintendent of Nairobi Suburban Areas
W. W. Ridout, 500*l.* to 720*l.*
Town Clerk, Mombasa, H. O. Jones, M.C., 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Overseer of Native Buildings, Mombasa, A. Ma-Nab, 300*l.* to 426*l.*
H. B. M. Consul for Southern Abyssinia, A. T. Miles, D.S.O., M.C., 1,000*l.*
Administration Clerks, F. R. C. Marshall, S. G. Sharp.

Treasury.

Treasurer, R. C. Grannum, C.M.G., 1,450*l.*
Deputy Treasurer, H. L. Bayles, 1,000*l.*
Accountant, A. E. Forrest, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*
Assistant Treasurers, P. C. M. Watson, J. H. Niblock-Stuart, A. B. Balmer, J. S. Ross, H. E. G. Milstead, D. S. Wardle, Capt. R. C. M. Wood, Capt. C. S. Littlefair, 425*l.* to 720*l.*, K. S. J. Chamberlain, 300*l.*

Customs.

Commissioner of Customs, G. Walsh, 1,400*l.*
Deputy Commissioner of Customs, E. G. Bale, 920*l.*
Collector of Customs, J. H. McQuade, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Assistants, E. G. Gulliver, E. A. Shelver, E. E. Lord, S. Bloomberg, J. P. L. Maingot, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, H. J. Le Mare, 360*l.*
Accountant and Statistical Officer, J. D. Ritchie, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Assistant Accountant, R. A. Bolton, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Examining Officers, F. J. Thomas, C. W. G. Lane, H. V. Chignall, V. A. Willey, W. Barnes, C. D. Fitzpatrick, R. E. W. Sandall, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 500*l.*, G. Gulliver, 240*l.*
Inspector of Customs, Watchmen and Boatmen, A. C. Manning, 444*l.*

Port and Marine Department.

Port Captain, G. V. O. Bulkeley, A.M.I.Mech.E., 1,150*l.* to 1,350*l.*
Port Officer and Pilot, Captain R. G. Sargeant, 840*l.* to 920*l.*
Assistant Port Captain, Lt.-Comdr. F. C. Greenwood, R.D., R.N.R., 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Pilots, Captain A. N. Newitt, C. G. Somers, Lieut. C. B. Hoggan, R.N.R., N. H. Blake, 480*l.* to 600*l.*
Engineer of Tug, T. Lothian, 480*l.* to 540*l.*

Audit Department.

Auditor (vacant), 1,150*l.*
Senior Assistant Auditors, H. N. Lee, O.B.E., J. L. Worlledge, J. C. A. Jenks, 600*l.* to 840*l.*
Assistant Auditors, H. J. Webster, F. H. Sibley, 425*l.* to 720*l.*, G. G. Roberts, F. R. Collins, 360*l.*
Examiners of Accounts, J. A. Ellis, L. R. Fisher, H. C. O'Brien, 300*l.* to 500*l.*, E. T. Land, 240*l.* to 300*l.*
Clerks, Miss K. M. Shuttleworth, Miss D. E. Strange, 240*l.* by 18*l.* to 300*l.*

Judicial Department.

Chief Justice, Sir J. W. Barth, C.B.E., M.A., 2,200*l.*
1st Puisne Judge, G. H. Pickering, B.A., 1,450*l.*
2nd Puisne Judge, J. A. Sheridan, 1,450*l.*
3rd Puisne Judge, J. E. R. Stephens, 1,450*l.*
Resident Magistrates, E. T. Johnson, B.A., LL.B., S. H. Carnelly, B. A. Crean, F. C. Gamble, B.A., 600*l.* to 920*l.*
Registrar of the Supreme Court, Capt. D. Edwards, M.A., LL.B., 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Deputy Registrars of the Supreme Court, E. J. O'Farrell, Capt. M. M. Jack, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
European Process Server, A. H. Price, 240*l.* by 18*l.* to 300*l.*

Registrar-General's Department.

Registrar-General, Official Receiver and Public Trustee, W. M. Keatinge, B.A., LL.D., 1,050*l.*
Assistant to Registrar-General, B. Stone, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Accountant, J. B. Witherick, 500*l.*

Attorney General's Department.

Attorney General, W. C. Huggard, K.C., B.A., LL.D., 1,800*l.*
Solicitor General, T. D. H. Bruce, B.A., 1,200*l.*
Senior Crown Counsel (vacant), 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*
Crown Counsel, A. J. McCarthy, M.B.E., C. G. Howell, B.A., C. F. G. Doran, B.A., E. J. Davies, B.A., LL.B., 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Police Department.

Commissioner of Police, R. G. B. Spicer, M.C., 1,200*l.*
Deputy Commissioner, J. M. Lumley, 1,000*l.*
Assistant Commissioner, Capt. J. F. Wolseley-Bourne, M.C.
Superintendents, R. T. H. Anderson, Capt. M. St. C. Thom, Capt. R. F. Rainsford, C. F. Bristow, E. R. Sullivan-Tailleur, Capt. G. Pritchard-Brown, Capt. E. S. Higgins, Capt. H. P. Rice, J. B. Grenfell-Hicks, N. Stewart, M.M., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*
Assistant Superintendents, C. I. Sempill, M.M., Capt. E. K. Catchpole, E. D. Theunissen, A. Finch, F. Peacock, G. Kearney, T. R. J. Ridgway, Capt. B. W. D. Cochrane, H. C. Croysdale, S. L. Vincent, J. A. Palfreman, 425*l.* to 600*l.*
Probationary Assistant Superintendents, D. D. M. McJoun, R. G. Forbes-Bassett, 360*l.*
Chief Inspector, R. Middleditch, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 540*l.*
Inspectors, A. T. Robinson, R. V. M. Beckman, B. J. Rand, C. W. Ward, G. E. H. T. Cripps, C. Rawlinson, H. T. Bugden, M. A. Stewart, A. Ash, 372*l.* to 480*l.*
Sergeant Instructor, C. A. Christian, 372*l.* to 480*l.*
Assistant Inspectors, F. G. Drake, G. E. Griffiths, E. E. Bristow, J. W. Griffin, W. Kerr, D.C.M., C. A. Frost, A. B. Acton, A. E. Waldie, W. H. Scott, W. R. Elliott, S. D. Overton, E. J. Harrison, G. M. Taylor, H. Blackwell, H. G. Beverton, J. H. Walker, H. H. L. Higgins, J. R. Tully, J. Dale, H. C. Hole, W. S. Taylor, H. C. Money, B. Woodroffe, L. N. Reynolds, J. G. Leslie, R. Alton, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 372*l.*
Chief Clerk, J. S. Craig, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 390*l.*
41 European Police Constables, 24*l.* by 18*l.* to 300*l.*

Prisons Department.

Commissioner of Prisons, C. E. Spencer, 1,000*l.* and 100*l.* personal allowance.
Deputy Commissioner of Prisons (vacant), 750*l.*
Superintendents of Prisons, R. A. Poulden, H. P. Robertson.
Assistant Superintendents, J. Finch, M. Darda, A. C. Taylor, B. B. Donald.
Technical Instructor (Carpentry) (vacant), 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Matron, Mrs. M. Landels, 300*l.*

Medical Department.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, J. L. Gilks, 1,500l.
Deputy Director of Medical Service, C. J. Wilson, M.C., 1,200l.
Deputy Director Sanitary Service, A. R. Paterson, 1,200l.
Senior Medical Officers, N. P. Jewell, M.C., A. D. J. B. Williams, O.B.E., T. H. Massey, M.C., P. F. Nunan, V. M. Fisher, D. S. Scott, 1,000l. by 500l. to 1,100l.
Surgical Specialist, European Hospital, Nairobi, N. P. Jewell, M.C., 1,200l.
Medical Officers, A. S. Mackie, R. C. Briscoe, C. V. Braimbridge, K. T. K. Wallington, R. A. W. Procter, R. J. Harley-Mason, J. C. J. Callanan, C. H. Brennan, M.C., J. A. Ross, P. Milne, F. R. L. Miller, E. W. C. Jobson, A. R. Esler, A. J. Enzer, C. R. Philip, W. Wilkinson, J. R. Davies, A. G. Thomson, C. P. Donnison, J. A. Carman, D. Bell, J. H. H. Chataway, H. A. Cole, R. McFiggans, P. Ross, A. A. Battson, N. McLean, C. S. Hale, A. T. Howell, W. A. Bullen, E. A. Trim, 600l. by 30l. to 840l., by 40l. to 920l.
District Surgeons, F. L. Henderson, J. Forbes, C. J. Caddick.
Senior Sanitation Officers, F. C. J. Johnstone, H. S. de Boer, M.C., R. N. Hunter, 1,000l. by 50l. to 1,100l.
Sanitation Officers, J. McP. Campbell, P. C. C. Garnham, K. A. T. Martin, W. J. Hutchinson, P. P. D. Connolly, N. M. MacLennan, 600l. to 920l.
Dispensers, A. H. Ball, F. E. Welch, W. C. A. Skedge, 300l. by 18l. to 390l.
Medical Storekeeper, Captain J. S. Robertson, M.B.E., 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
Office Superintendent, H. Ogden, 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
Accountant, G. E. Scattergood, 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
European Clerks, T. R. Wilson, D.C.M., J. L. Byrne, M.C., A. E. W. Webb, 300l. to 500l.
Stenographers, Miss M. E. Cameron, R. L. O'Shea, Miss M. A. Corfe, Mrs. S. F. Stacey, Miss I. B. Venner, Mrs. E. L. Feast, Miss T. M. Raper, Miss J. M. C. Millett, Miss K. L. Grant, 180l. to 300l.
Matron, Miss E. B. Wishart, 300l. to 426l.
Nursing Sisters, Miss I. Wilson, Mrs. S. J. Harrison, Miss A. E. Davis, Miss M. I. Rhind, Miss R. Anderson, Miss D. M. Kenny, Miss F. M. Biggar, Miss H. Baumann, Miss A. K. Wilson, Miss R. F. Nimmo, Miss A. Hagan, Miss C. E. Eason, Miss E. M. Birch, Miss E. T. Rogers, Miss M. E. Roche, Miss B. A. Robertson, Miss Rice-Orley, Miss I. M. Nicholson, Miss P. K. Dutton, Miss S. I. Beazley, Miss M. S. Neville, Miss M. McLeod, Miss C. S. Irvine-Robertson, Miss R. M. Hook, Mrs. F. H. Paul, 240l. by 18l. to 300l.
Superintendent, Mathari Mental Hospital, W. G. Howe, 372l. to 500l.
Matron, Mathari, Mental Hospital, Mrs. A. T. Howe, 300l. to 372l.
Assistant Matron, Mrs. M. A. Boesch, 240l. to 300l.
Warders, S. J. Boesch, F. M. Smurthwaite, 240l. to 372l.
Senior Sanitary Inspectors, J. P. Cook, A. P. Ling (one vacancy).
Sanitary Inspectors, 1st Grade, D. P. Broad, A. Bunker.

Sanitary Inspectors, 2nd Grade, R. C. Mills, H. E. Taylor, F. Hewitt, H. O. Salt, S. M. Jackson, A. C. Arnold, H. Martin, R. W. Robinson, H. A. Rodgers, D. Mackintosh, C. A. Lewis, T. Hughes, F. Franks, R. D. Pearson, F. C. Gaffney, G. F. Newbury, H. Jordan, J. S. Storton, 372l. to 540l.
 6 *Sanitary Overseers*, 240l. by 18l. to 300l.
Nursing Sisters, Miss R. K. Sharp, Miss M. A. Perkin, Miss E. A. M. Riordan, 240l. to 300l.
Superintendent, Infectious Diseases Hospital, W. J. Henfrey, 300l. to 426l.
Director of Laboratory, W. H. Kauntze, M.B.E., 1,200l.
Senior Bacteriologist (vacant), 1,000l. to 1,100l.
Assistant Bacteriologist, F. P. G. de Smidt, 600l. to 920l.
Government Analyst, M. H. Fox, 600l. to 840l.
Chemical Officer, F. C. Kelly, 600l. to 840l.
Entomologists, C. B. Symes, G. H. E. Hopkins, 600l. to 720l.
Laboratory Assistants, F. A. Bailey, J. A. Bell, J. S. MacDonald, H. M. Nefdt.

Education.

Director of Education, J. R. Orr, O.B.E., 1,200l.
Chief Inspector of Schools, E. E. Biss, 1,000l.
Supervisor of Technical Education, H. O. Weller, 840l. to 920l.
Office Superintendent, R. Davis, 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
 9 *European Clerks*.
Inspectors of Schools, H. L. Bradshaw, G. E. Webb, R. H. W. Wisdom.
Principals, Capt. B. W. L. Nicholson, D.S.O., R.N., 840l. by 40l. to 920l.; Capt. J. H. Maxwell, 720l. by 20l. to 840l.; F. W. Humphries, E. R. Pratt, R. McKay, R. H. Wake-Bowell, D.S.O., Capt. T. W. Hodkin, 600l. by 35l. to 720l.; G. W. B. Huntingford, A. I. Roach, L. E. Whitehouse, 480l. to 500l.
Principal, Jeanes Teachers' School, Kabete, J. W. C. Dougall, 600l. by 35l. to 720l.
Senior Assistant Masters, J. Twells, R. W. Wotton, 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Assistant Masters, Capt. R. E. Madge, Capt. G. A. Southby, A. E. Proctor, G. M. Bell, T. A. McKay, Capt. F. White, R. P. Rounthwaite, D. Somen, Lt. R. Hunter, W. H. Taylor, E. Watson, G. H. Chaundy, T. G. Benson, G. R. Fooks, 400l. to 720l.
Chief Technical Instructors, J. W. Francis, J. MacMunn.
Senior Technical Instructors, Capt. C. W. Stubbs, C. A. Bungey, W. Nutman, D. A. Kerr, 400l. to 600l.
Junior Technical Instructors, J. Miles, E. H. Corben, F. Ashton, E. Jones, 300l. to 426l.
Principals (Lady), Mrs. G. Humphries, M.B.E., Miss W. D. Alcock, 475l. to 600l.
Senior Assistant Mistresses, Mrs. D. G. Cameron, Miss M. C. Tunstall, Miss L. V. Shelton, Mrs. E. Southey, Miss G. Plaskitt, Miss H. M. Reynolds, Miss G. H. Kerby, Miss M. E. Cloete, Miss G. M. Lacey, Miss M. Galbally, Miss K. Stuart King, Miss E. J. Bannister, Mrs. E. McKay, Miss M. M. Burge, Mrs. V. E. Bruce.
Matrons, Mrs. A. D. Gethin, Miss M. E. Bleakman, Mrs. E. Stanley, 240l. by 18l. to 300l.
Assistant Matrons, Miss M. S. Shelton, Mrs. A. D. Hammon, Mrs. M. L. Angus, Miss B. Channon, 180l. by 20l. to 240l., Miss J. C. Bell, 240l. to 300l.
Medical Officers, Dr. M. Mackinnon, 150l., Dr. Leroux, Dr. F. E. Henderson, Dr. C. E. Cowen,

Agricultural.

Director of Agriculture, Alex. Holm, C.B.E., 1,500l.
Deputy Director, E. Harrison, 1,100l.
Live Stock Officer (vacant), 480l. to 840l.
Statistical Officer, A. C. Hunter, 480l. to 720l.
Accountant, H. S. Land, 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
Office Superintendent, E. J. Kelley, 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
Clerks, J. E. Harrison, R. F. Dalziel-Armstrong, F. Parker, R. Abram, R. F. Palmer, J. Riddell, 300l. to 500l.; Mrs. M. A. Carr-Hole, R. J. Dukes, R. C. Parish, 240l. by 18l. to 300l.
Senior Coffee Officer, A. D. Le Poer Trench, 600l. by 30l. to 720l. by 30l. to 840l.
Inspector of Plantations, H. Wilkinson, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Chief Grader and Inspector and Manager, Cool Stores, C. C. T. Sharp, 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Grader and Inspector, F. B. L. Butler, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Assistant Grader and Inspector, B. F. Ratcliffe, 300l. by 18l. to 480l.
Clerk, L. Myers, 300l. to 500l.
Foreman Mechanic and Assistant Manager, Cool Stores, D. F. Sergeant, 372l. to 500l.
Senior Agricultural Officer, D. F. Blunt, M.A., 720l. to 920l.
Agricultural Officers, P. Booth, A. G. Bailey, 600l. to 720l.
Assistant Agricultural Officers, W. Lyne-Watt, W. G. Leckie, A. S. Hartley, N. D. Spranger, H. J. Taylor, 372l. to 600l.

Scott Agricultural Laboratory.

Mycologist, J. McDonald, 600l. by 30l. to 840l.
Junior Clerk, F. W. Evans, 144l.
Entomologist, T. J. Anderson, 600l. by 30l. to 840l.
Assistant Entomologist, T. W. Kirkpatrick, 480l. to 720l.
Agricultural Chemist, V. A. Beckley, 600l. by 30l. to 840l.
Assistant Agricultural Chemist, D. S. Graeie, 480l. to 720l.

Plant Breeding Services.

Plant Breeder, G. J. L. Burton, M.C., 600l. by 30l. to 840l.
Assistant Plant Breeder, R. J. Lathbury, 480l. to 720l.

Veterinary.

Chief Veterinary Officer, A. G. Doherty, M.C., 1,100l.
Deputy Chief Veterinary Officer, H. H. Brassey-Edwards, 1,000l.
Senior Veterinary Officers, O. Dixon, R. C. Wheeler, M.B.E., J. T. C. Bradshaw, 720l. to 840l.
Veterinary Officers, R. S. Little, R. L. Creery, E. J. Mulligan, W. G. Emerson, E. A. Wilschaw, F. R. Hale, G. Scade, J. R. Hudson, E. Beaumont, 600l. to 840l.
Stock Inspectors, D. Wyart, R. A. C. Campbell, W. L. Lewis, G. White, H. E. Evans, J. Mackay, L. E. Smith, F. G. Chapman, H. Thorne, T. Harris, F. T. O'Meagher, J. F. Greig, C. B. Jolley, P. H. Poolman, C. P. Glover, J. Denwett, A. Lambie, J. H. Ward, A. M. Brauen, G. B. P. Curry, A. H. Moeran, H. C. W. Guy, H. Alton, B. Stabin, J. J. Scally, 300l. to 500l.

Veterinary Research.

Chief Veterinary Research Officer, J. Walker, 1,100l.
Assistant Chief Veterinary Research Officer, R. Daubney, 1,000l.

Veterinary Research Officers, S. H. Whitworth, R. W. M. Mettam, 600l. by 30l. to 840l.
Laboratory Superintendent, A. Walker, 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
Laboratory Assistants, J. T. Schultz, H. J. Gray, E. J. Hall, W. P. Bruce, F. Lyons, S. R. Pelling, 354l. to 500l.
Overseer, J. Burton, 300l. by 18l. to 372l.
Yard Foreman, J. Forayth, 300l. by 18l. to 372l.
Clerks, W. White, A. E. Johnstone, A. J. Kemp, (1 vacant), 300l. to 500l.
Mechanic, O. Stenmark, 300l. to 426l.
Storekeeper, J. Scott, 300l. to 500l.
Assistant Storekeeper, G. W. Clochley, 300l. to 372l.
Junior Clerk, Miss R. M. Dennis, 144l.

Forestry.

Adviser in Forestry, Kenya and Uganda, J. W. Nicholson, 1,400l.
Senior Assistant Conservator of Forests, H. M. Gardner, 720l. by 30l. to 840l.
Assistant Conservators of Forests, N. V. Brasnett, J. C. Rammell, C. W. Elliott, M. F. R. Hockliffe, R. M. Graham, S. M. Wimbush, E. J. Honore, 480l. to 720l.
Forest Surveyor, E. H. Pickwell, M.C., 372l. to 500l.
Foresters, J. L. Moon, A. Wye, A. M. Cooper, W. Munro, G. A. Hoult, R. R. Stock, G. Fairbairn, H. H. G. Deakin, H. J. Galt, T. A. Angus, H. McIntyre, A. C. Sprunt, E. A. Holyoak, H. D. Neave, 300l. to 500l.
Accountant, F. R. Stacey, 300l. to 500l.

Game Department.

Warden, Capt. A. T. A. Ritchie, 840l.
Assistants, Capt. K. F. T. Caldwell, F. H. Clarke, R. E. Dent, Capt. R. Whittet, M.C., 500l. to 600l., C. G. MacArthur, 360l.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Head Office.

Director of Public Works, H. L. Sikes, B.A., B.E., F.G.S., M. Inst. C.E., 1,200l.
Assistant Director, W. M. Lynde, F.S.I., 1,000l.
Road Engineer, R. S. Moore, M.C., C.E., A.M.I.E.A., 1,000l.
Hydraulic Engineer, S. H. Noaks, 800l.
Boring Superintendent, F. Turner, 600l.
Senior Assistant Quantity Surveyors, G. R. Thomas, F. C. Bridle, 600l. to 720l.
Office Superintendent, J. P. F. Galway, 500l. by 20l. to 600l.
Clerks, L. E. Lavers, 300l. by 18l. to 390l., Miss J. M. Haslewood, Miss C. G. Borthwick, 240l. to 300l. W. Browning, 180l.

Divisional Staff.

Executive Engineers, H. M. Birch, A. M. Inst. C.E., S. C. Bennett, A. M. Inst. C.E., F. A. Buckley, B.A., B.E., A. M. Inst. C.E., C. H. Walmsley, M. Inst. Mun. & Cty. E., W. Fairley, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., Major J. R. Sandler, M.C., C. De G., B.Sc., A. M. Inst. C.E., M. I. Mun. & Cty. E., F.S.I., 840l. by 40l. to 920l.
Assistant Engineers, F. E. Abbott, M.I.M.E., H. W. Lane, A.M.I.C.E., S. McConnel, B.Sc. Eng., A.M.I.C.E., H. A. Campbell, A.M. Inst. C.E., 600l. to 720l.
Senior Overseers, A. W. Burgess, H. G. Walby, 500l. to 600l.
Overseers, W. G. Usher, E. Wilkinson, P. G. Harding, C. G. J. White, 372l. to 500l.

Inspector, Mombasa Water Supply, T. R. Ginger, 475*l*.

Foremen, A. W. Walker, J. Lang, T. S. Paterson, K. V. Rasmussen, W. D. Dale, H. R. H. Gilbert, G. G. Dennis, 300*l*. to 426*l*.

Drill Foremen, D. C. McKeggan (3 vacancies).

Surveyor, F. E. Ferrary, 372*l* to 500*l*.

Accounts and Stores.

Chief Accountant, S. E. J. Howarth, 720*l*. by 30*l*. to 840*l*.

Accountant, J. W. Johnson, 500*l*. by 20*l*. to 600*l*.

Storekeepers, J. E. Harmston, H. Lamont.

Coast Agency.

Coast Agent, J. Doherty, 600*l*. by 30*l*. to 720*l*.

Head Drawing Office.

Architect, P. D. Dangerfield, 700*l*. to 800*l*.

Draughtsmen, P. J. M. J. Foubister, R. A. Sutcliffe, 480*l*. to 600*l*.

Government Transport.

Transport Officer, J. H. Noon, 500*l*. to 600*l*.

Loan Staff.

Superintending Engineer, Buildings, J. C. Stronach, B.A., B.A.I., I.S.E., 1,300*l*.

Assistant Architects, D. G. Boucher, G. B. E. Norburn, A. J. S. Hutton, W. J. Price, C. H. Whittingham, 650*l*.

Architectural Draughtsmen, A. E. Smith, S. L. Blackburne, 500*l*.

Chief Quantity Surveyor, G. H. Allison, 1,120*l*.

Junior Assistant Quantity Surveyors, H. A. Bock, W. A. Wickens, 400*l*.

Assistant Engineers, S. R. Boyd, B.A., B.A.I., F. E. Murrell, B.A., B.Sc., A.M.I.M.E., 650*l*.

Engineers (Road Surveys), J. P. Purnell Edwards, B.A., J. McIntyre, 650*l*.

Waterworks Supervisor, R. C. Spencer, 550*l*.

Chief Storekeeper, R. S. Brown, 800*l*.

Assistant Transport Officer, E. Brady, 500*l*. to 600*l*.

Clerks of Works (nine).

Railway.

General Manager, C. L. N. Felling, C.M.G., 3,000*l*. *Superintendent (Administrative)*, W. McHardy, M.A., O.B.E., 950*l*. by 50*l*. to 1,150*l*.

Assistant Superintendent (Administrative), A. E. R. Mayne, 720*l*. by 30*l*. to 840*l*.

Superintendent of Native Labour, S. F. Deck, B.A., 720*l*. to 920*l*.

Secretary to Railway Advisory Council and Private Secretary to General Manager, A. G. R. Higgins, 600*l*. by 30*l*. to 720*l*.

Senior Assistant Superintendent (vacant), 720*l*. by 30*l*. to 840*l*.

Accounts—Chief Accountant, H. E. Goodship, 1,400*l*. *Deputy Chief Accountant*, S. N. Faulkner, O.B.E., 950*l*. by 50*l*. to 1,100*l*. *Senior Assistant Accountants*, F. Jarrett, F. Blaker, 720*l*. to 840*l*. *Assistant Accountants*, H. A. Bailey, H. W. Cox, J. H. Baldwin, 480*l*. to 720*l*.

Press Superintendent, R. Hill, 480*l*. to 720*l*.

Engineering—Chief Engineer, Brig.-Gen. G. D. Rhodes, C.B.E., D.S.O., R. E., 1,750*l*. *Assistant Chief Engineer*, C. M. Bunbury, 1,250*l*.

District Engineers, St. C. Grant-Davie, Capt. T. F. Linnell, R.E., A. E. Hamp, P. Macfarlane,

840*l*. by 40*l*. to 920*l*. *Estates Officer*, J. H. MoEwen, 720*l*. to 840*l*. *Senior Assistant Engineers*, W. A. McClelland, J. G. Nisbet, 720*l*. to 840*l*. *Chief Draughtsman*, T. H. Stone, 720*l*. to 840*l*. *Assistant Engineers*, J. E. M. Noad, E. S. Faulconer, E. J. B. Gahan, R. J. Melsome, J. R. Farquharson, H. M. Kirkland, W. Urquhart, A. Johnston, H. G. White, 480*l* to 720*l*. *Senior Draughtsmen*, F. H. Harris, W. H. Norris, 500*l*. to 600*l*.

Transportation—Superintendent of the Line, F. Browning, 1,500*l*. *Divisional Superintendent*, Uganda, T. Neilson, 1,000*l* by 50*l*. to 1,200*l*. *Assistant Superintendent of the Line*, R. E. Robins, 950*l*. by 50*l*. to 1,150*l*. *Locomotive Running Superintendent*, J. S. Halliwell, 840*l*. by 40*l*. to 920*l*. *Senior Assistant Superintendent*, A. B. Cameron, 720*l*. to 840*l*. *Assistant Superintendents*, G. Bullock, R. A. Lawson, H. W. Gauld, H. Vanhegan, 480*l*. to 720*l*. *Catering Manager*, R. D. W. Crockett, 720*l*. *Assistant Superintendent (Locomotive)*, P. S. A. Newhook, 480*l*. to 720*l*. *Motor Transport Officer*, W. S. Godfrey, 600*l*. to 720*l*.

Locomotive, Carriage and Wagon Department—Mechanical Engineer and Workshop Manager, H. B. Emley, 1,350*l*. *Assistant Workshop Manager*, W. A. Andrews, 840*l*. by 40*l*. to 920*l*. *Workshop Accountant*, C. H. Bloomfield, 720*l*. by 30*l*. to 840*l*.

Stores—Chief Storekeeper, B. M. Carter, 1,250*l*. *Deputy Chief Storekeeper*, W. Welch, 840*l*. by 40*l*. to 920*l*. *Assistant Chief Storekeepers*, R. L. Briars, A. G. Tyler, A. Beacham, 480*l*. by 20*l*. to 600*l*. by 30*l*. to 720*l*.

Marine Department—Marine Superintendent, Comdr. F. M. Jenkins, 1,150*l*.

Assistant Marine Superintendent, Lieut.-Comdr. J. O. Buckler, R.N.R., 840*l*. by 40*l*. to 920*l*.

Chief Marine Engineer and Works Manager, H. A. Swan, 840*l*. by 40*l*. to 920*l*.

Engineer-in-Charge (Lake Kioga), G. P. Ellis, 720*l*. by 30*l*. to 840*l*.

Commanders, Lieut.-Comdr. C. B. Blencowe, R.N.R., Lieut.-Comdr. E. C. Bosanquet, R.N. (retired), J. L. Marshall, A. E. Marsh, Lieut.-Comdr. F. R. Hemsted, R.N.R., 720*l*. by 30*l*. to 840*l*.

Survey Officer (Marine) (vacant), 600*l*. to 840*l*.

Assistant Survey Officer (Marine), Lieut. G. D. Brown, R.N.R.

Chief Officers, Lieut. L. B. Watts, R.N.R., Lieut. N. J. Stacey-Marks, R.N.R., R. D. Hoskins, J. Lockhead, 600*l*. to 720*l*.

Second Officers, Lt.-Comdr. C. J. Davis, R.N.R., T. A. Burnett, Lieut. J. S. Sharpe, R.N.R., R. D. Phimister, A. J. Booth, D. L. Davies, R. Hocken, 390*l*. to 600*l*.

Chief Engineers, W. E. Woods, J. Anderson, G. W. Ingleby, S. H. Carter, R. Mercer, R. McFarlane, 600*l*. by 30*l*. to 720*l*.

Department of Lands.

Lands Division.

Commissioner of Lands, H. T. Martin, 1,450*l*.

Land Assistants, H. W. Borrow, H. R. Harris, R. Elliott, C. E. Mortimer, 425*l*. by 25*l*. to 600*l*. by 30*l*. to 720*l*.

Accountant, G. H. W. Annells.

Clerks, A. L. Basford, L. J. Cooke, J. R. Kennedy, J. A. McCabe, E. N. Hewitt, 300*l*. to 500*l*.

Lady Typists, Miss M. M. Hargreaves, Miss E. Mathews, Miss D. Harris

Lands Survey Division.

Director of Land Surveys, A. G. Baker, 1,000*l.*
District Surveyors, C. O. Gilbert, C. T. Cogle,
 F. B. Ballenden, P. W. E. Flint, W. McDonald,
 L. C. Wright, C. G. Fannin, M. C. B. A., 720*l.*
 by 30*l.* to 840*l.*
Chief Computer and Examiner of Diagrams,
 J. H. Williams, A.M.I.C.E., 840*l.*
Computers, J. G. F. McKay, F. J. Goeden, T. R. L.
 Nestor, J. F. Walker, M. A. B.Sc., W. Woods,
 J. F. O'Farrell, W. N. Low, H. A. Baumann,
 R. H. Tyrwhitt Drake, 500*l.* to 720*l.*
Draughtsmen, J. Downey, F. J. E. Wood, A. P.
 Best, H. Shields, A. G. Hansard, M. B. E., B. A.,
 M. I. E. E., G. B. Norman, 372*l.* to 600*l.*
Survey Records Officer, F. G. Robinson, 372*l.* to
 600*l.*

Land Registry Division.

Deputy Registrar General of Titles, W. A. B.
 Pailthorpe, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Registrars of Titles, P. E. Wolfe, H. J. Snelgar,
 E. B. Lloyd, G. J. Robbins, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to
 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Clerks, R. A. Hawkins, N. Y. Kilminster, W. G.
 Buckingham.
Lady Clerks, Miss R. Williams, Mrs. K. M. D.
 Vickerstaff.

Post and Telegraph Department.

Postmaster General, T. Fitzgerald, O. B. E., 1,350*l.*
Deputy Postmaster General (vacant), 840*l.*
Assistant Postmasters General, W. G. M. Mac-
 Donald, G. R. F. Martin, 600*l.* to 720*l.*
Postmasters, H. B. Hayter, J. B. Moir, D. J.
 McIntyre, H. Hudson, F. T. Templeton, J. W.
 Wilkinson, L. E. Graves, H. C. Willbourn,
 M. C., 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Junior Postmasters, F. C. Holt, C. H. Terry,
 E. J. Lewis, R. M. Douglas, A. Carriline, F. W.
 Hale, A. Kane, D. Cormack, D. C. M., C. R.
 Rowlands, M. M., F. J. Woodcock, J. Robson.
Postal Clerks and Telegraphists (20), 372*l.* to 500*l.*
Chief Accountant, F. E. Balmer, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to
 840*l.*
Deputy Chief Accountant, B. J. Freeman, 600*l.* by
 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Accountant, H. E. A. Durham, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to
 600*l.*
Accounts Clerks, R. J. Field, F. C. Oxford, 300*l.*
 to 500*l.*

Engineering Staff.

Chief Telegraph Engineer, G. P. Willoughby,
 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*
Assistant Telegraph Engineers, R. Rabson, W.
 Griffiths, E. Jessop, S. C. Stredwick, 600*l.* to
 720*l.*
Sub-Engineers, F. M. Wolff, J. T. Duffy, F. L.
 Stevens, C. R. Minns, J. H. Hall, E. C. Baker,
 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*
Chief Electrical Mechanician, Captain E. Tarlton,
 500*l.* to 600*l.*
Wireless Telegraph Engineer Operators, G. F.
 Ball, G. E. Hughes, L. J. Hughes, 372*l.* to 500*l.*
Electrical Mechanicians, J. J. Curran (2 vacancies).
Electrician, A. O. Cosgrave, 500*l.*
2nd Class Telegraph Inspectors, N. R. Jolley,
 H. W. Large, S. F. Green, W. G. Edwards, H.
 L. Donaldson, A. E. Faithfull, D. C. M., W. A.
 Andrews, P. A. McSparran, J. S. Shennan,
 J. A. Gilbertson, R. Woodfall, T. W. Clark, J.
 W. Williams, H. A. Heppes, 372*l.* to 500*l.*
Telegraph Storekeeper (vacant), 372*l.* to 500*l.*

THE LEEWARD ISLANDS.Situation and Area.*

The Leeward Islands, so called in contrast to the Windward Islands, which are most exposed to the N.E. Trade, the prevailing wind in the West Indies, form the most northerly group of the Lesser Antilles, the whole of which were included among the Windward Islands as the term was used by the Spaniards. Some of them belong to Holland (St. Eustatius, Saba, a part of St. Martin), France (Guadeloupe, Martinique, St. Bartholomew, and part of St. Martin) and the United States of America (Bieques and Culebra and St. Thomas, St. Croix and St. John, which were formerly Danish and form part of the Virgin Islands). The English Leeward Islands comprising the Presidencies of Antigua (with its dependencies, Barbuda and Redonda), Montserrat, St. Kitts and Nevis (including Anguilla), Dominica, and the Virgin Islands, were constituted a single Federal Colony by an Act passed in the Imperial Parliament in the Session of 1871, 34 & 35 Vict., cap. 107. The total area of the Colony is 704 square miles, about the size of the county of Surrey, and its population according to the 1921 census, 122,242.

The island of Sombroero was added to the colony by Order in Council under the Colonial Boundaries Act, on August 10th, 1904.

History.

The islands were discovered by Columbus on his second voyage, in 1493, and became British during the 17th century. Particulars of their subsequent history will be found in the separate articles, but it may here be mentioned, that with the exception of Dominica, they have been from the first associated politically as well as geographically. They were all colonised from St. Kitts as centre, all included in the Carlisle grant, and possessed a common Legislature as far back as the reign of William and Mary. The General Legislature met for the last time in 1798, when it passed a highly humane slave amelioration Act, which was allowed; a Catholic Emancipation Act, and an Act repealing the duty on exports of 4½ per cent. for the benefit of the English exchequer—both which were disallowed. An attempt was made by Sir William Colebrook in 1837 to revive the General Legislature, and though the attempt was regarded unfavourably in some quarters, and the Legislature never actually met, yet the right to revive it was clear, and there is no doubt that the Act of 1871, the passing of which was largely due to the energy and activity of Sir Benjamin Pine, is no more than a revival of the ancient constitution of the islands. The Presidencies of St. Kitts and Nevis, with Anguilla and their respective dependencies, were united into one Presidency by the Federal Act No. 2 of 1882.

Climate.

The climate of the islands varies, but is usually dry and fairly healthy. Antigua is subject to drought, and has an average rainfall of about 40 inches; St. Kitts, Nevis and Montserrat have average rainfalls of from 50 to 60 inches; the rainfall of Dominica averages about 120 inches.

* For general map of the West Indies, see under Windward Islands.

The mean temperature is about 80°, with but a slight range. The Virgin Islands are cooler. The hot season is from May to October; the rainy season from August to December.

Constitution.

By "The Leeward Islands Act, 1871," one Executive and one Legislative Council, under one Governor, were constituted for the six (now five) presidencies. The Legislative Council now consists of ten official and ten elected members. Three elected members are chosen by the unofficial members of the Legislative Council of Antigua, two by those of the Legislative Council of Dominica, three by those of the Legislative Council of St. Kitts and Nevis, and one by those of the Legislative Council of Montserrat. They must be and continue members of their respective island councils. As there is no Legislative Council in the Virgin Islands, one member is appointed by the Governor to represent that Presidency under "The Leeward Islands Act, 1871, Amendment Act, 1924." The official members are the Governor, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General, the Federal Treasurer, the Administrators of St. Kitts-Nevis, and Dominica, and the Commissioners of Montserrat and the Virgin Islands, and such other person holding office under the Government of the Colony of the Leeward Islands as the Governor with the approval of the Secretary of State may appoint. (*vide* L. I. Act, No. 6 of 1923.)

The Legislative Council has concurrent legislative powers with the local legislatures on certain subjects specified in the Act, such as matters of property, mercantile and criminal law, the law relating to status, the maintenance of a general police force and a common convict establishment, quarantine, postal and telegraph affairs, currency, audit, weights and measures, education and the care of lunatics, all matters relating to immigration, copyright and patents, and its own constitution and procedure. Any island legislature is, in addition, competent to declare other matters to be within the competency of the general legislature. Any island enactment on such subjects is void if repugnant to an enactment of the general legislature, or may at any time be repealed or altered by one.

The Council meets at least once a year, at a place notified by proclamation, and no Council lasts more than three years. The session usually lasts for about one week.

The expenses of the federal establishments are voted by the Council, and apportioned among the Presidencies.

The Council has power to alter its constitution by an ordinary Act, to be reserved for the King's pleasure, and the King has power, by Order in Council, at any time to include any other West Indian Island in the federation, upon joint addresses from the Legislative Body of such island, and from the Council, on such terms and conditions in each case as are in the addresses expressed. This power has not actually been exercised, and the inclusion in the Colony of Sombrero, which had no legislative body, was effected as above mentioned under a different Act.

Currency and Banking.

The usual currency is British silver, a few British and United States gold coins being occasionally met with. Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd. and the Royal Bank of Canada have branches in Antigua, St.

Kitts, and Dominica, and the latter bank has a branch in Montserrat. In Nevis and the Virgin Islands there are no banks.

Government savings banks have been established in all the Presidencies.

Total Deposits on 31st March, 1927.	No. of Depositors on 31st March, 1927.
Antigua... .. £ 20,157	867
St. Kitts & Nevis 5,304	206
Dominica 6,031	323
Montserrat 866	99
Virgin Islands... .. 1,554	111
33,902	1,606

Means of Communication.

The following Steamship Lines serve the Colony:—

Canadian Government Merchant Marine Ltd., from Canada and Bermuda call at the chief ports in the Colony proceeding to Windward Islands, Barbados, Trinidad and British Guiana. Passenger ships call every four weeks, and cargo ships call weekly.

Furness-Bermuda Line (Br.) and Comombian Line (U.S.) once every four weeks from New York and St. Thomas call at St. Kitts, Antigua and Dominica, proceeding to French West Indies, Windward Is., Barbados, Trinidad, etc.

A cargo steamer from London (Harrison Line) proceeds direct to Antigua and St. Kitts every two months, and a passenger ship of this line or of the Elders & Fyffes Line will call at Antigua sailing direct to or from England if a sufficient number of passengers offers, but this is usually only once a year in both directions. Normally, passengers travelling between England and the Leeward Islands travel direct between England and Barbados by the Elders & Fyffes Line, or Harrison Line, or the Royal Dutch West India Line, etc., and between Barbados and the Leeward Islands by Canadian Government Merchant Marine or by the Furness Bermuda Line.

Passengers may also travel to or from England via New York or Canada by the Lines mentioned, but in practice, the route via Barbados is usually adopted for passenger traffic for Europe.

Posts and Telegraphs.

Mails with Great Britain are exchanged via New York, and occasionally via Barbados, and direct with Canada, the United States and the British West Indies.

There are 42 Post Offices throughout the Colony and the rates of postage are as follows:—

Inland.—Letters, 1d. for the first 2 oz., ½d. per additional 2 oz.; Post cards, ½d.

British Empire, United States and Egypt.—Letters, 1½d. for the first oz., 1d. per additional oz.; Post cards, 1d.

Other places.—Letters, 2½d. for the first oz., 1½d. per additional oz.; Post cards, 1½d.

All places.—Printed matter, ½d. per 2 oz.

Telephone Systems are maintained by the Government in Antigua, St. Kitts, Dominica, and Montserrat.

Parcel Post.

Parcel post despatches are exchanged with Great Britain via Canada and New York (limit of weight 22 lb.) and direct with Canada (limit 15 lb.), the United States (limit 22 lb.) and British West Indies (limit 22 lb.).

British Imperial Postal Orders are issued and paid in the Colony and Money Orders are exchanged direct with Great Britain, Canada, the United States and British West Indian Colonies.

Telegraph communication is maintained by means of Wireless operated by the Pacific Cable Board, there being stations at Antigua, Dominica and St. Kitts, all of which communicate with one another and with Barbados for telegrams to the United Kingdom, Canada, North America, etc. There is also a wireless station in Montserrat maintained by the Colonial Government but operated by the Pacific Cable Board.

The principal tariffs are:—

To England	2/4d. per word.
To Eastern Canada	1/6d. „ „
To Western Canada	1/8d. „ „

There are also cheap rates at half and quarter of the ordinary tariff, the latter being subject to a minimum charge.

The West India and Panama Telegraph Co. Ltd. maintains stations at Antigua, Dominica and St. Kitts.

General Statistics of the Leeward Islands.

Total population, census 1921, 122,242, being a decrease of 4,951 on that of 1911.

Year.	Imports. £	Exports. £	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £
1917-18	901,779	1,094,631	192,047	198,157
1918-19	908,401	912,877	198,019	202,054
1919-20	974,612	1,172,775	240,476	220,578
1920-21	1,527,889	1,781,361	304,136	274,706
1921-22	1,059,312	970,694	260,671	303,575
1922-23	754,359	736,050	250,417	272,270
1923-24	765,732	808,255	267,597	276,021
1924-25	753,170	667,623*	240,272	269,402
1925-26	786,558	727,862	267,602	268,861
1926-27	842,464	689,113	289,393*	259,037

Chief Towns.

The most important towns are St. John (Antigua), 6,997; Basseterre (St. Kitts), 7,736; and Roseau (Dominica), 6,803.

Education.

The system of elementary education is denominational in Montserrat and the Virgin Islands, the various denominations being Anglicans, Moravians, Wesleyans and Roman Catholics. In St. Kitts-Nevis the State-aided denominational schools were closed at the end of the financial year 1914-15, and by amalgamating certain schools in proximity one to another the number of schools was reduced to 33, which are under the sole control of the Government and are entirely supported from public funds. On 31st March, 1927, there were 99 aided and Government schools in the Colony. The clergy of the various denominations are granted facilities for giving religious instruction during school hours to the children of their respective churches. During the financial year 1926-27 the Government grants to all the elementary schools in the Colony amounted to 16,351l. 8s. 10d.

School fees have now been abolished in all public elementary schools throughout the colony. The schools are required to receive all children applying for admission. Grants-in-aid are refused to superfluous or inefficient schools. In the 99 aided and Government schools there were enrolled on 31st March, 1927, 24,944 children, with a

Includes a Grant in Aid from the Imperial Govt. of £30,000.

daily average attendance of 15,823. Grants of varying amounts are also made to grammar or high schools established in each Presidency, except Montserrat and the Virgin Islands. Provision is also made for agricultural instruction. The amount of Government Grant to secondary schools in the Colony was 1,725l.

Civil Service.

A system of grading civil service clerks is in process of being established throughout the Colony. The pay assigned to the several grades is as follows:—

Assistant Clerks (Men)	£65-£5-£90.
„ (Women)	£60-£5-£90.
Junior Clerks (Men)	£100-£10-£200.
„ (Women)	£100-£10-£160.
Senior Clerks	£200-£10-£250.
Principals	£250-£10-£350.

List of Governors of the Leeward Islands from 1885.

- 1885 Lord Gormanston, K.C.M.G.
- 1888 Sir W. F. Haynes Smith, K.C.M.G.
- 1895 Sir F. Fleming, K.C.M.G.
- 1901 Sir H. M. Jackson, K.C.M.G.
- 1902 Sir Gerald Strickland, K.C.M.G.
- 1904 Sir C. C. Knollys, K.C.M.G.
- 1906 Sir Bickham Sweet-Escott, K.C.M.G.
- 1912 Sir H. Hesketh Bell, K.C.M.G.
- 1916 Sir E. M. Merewether, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O.
- 1921 Lt.-Col. The Hon. Sir E. E. Fiennes, Bart.

GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT OF THE LEEWARD ISLANDS.

Executive Council.

- The Governor.
- The Colonial Secretary.
- Lt.-Col. T. R. St. Johnston, C.M.G. (Administrator of St. Kitts-Nevis).
- E. C. Eliot (Administrator of Dominica).
- The Attorney-General.
- Lt.-Col. E. Bell, O.B.E.
- Major W. H. Peebles, D.S.O., O.B.E., (Commissioner of Montserrat).
- A. E. Collens, F.I.C., F.C.S.
- W. M. Wigley.
- G. C. Johnson.
- M. M. Auchinleck.
- F. C. Clarkson (Commissioner of the Virgin Islands).
- W. Campbell Roy.
- W. D. Auchinleck, I.S.O.
- R. S. D. Goodwin.
- N. Scott-Johnston.
- A. M. Reid.
- K. P. Penchoen.
- H. H. V. Whitechurch.

Clerk, E. D'A. Tibbits.

General Legislative Council.

Official Members.

- The Governor, President.
- The Colonial Secretary.
- The Administrator of St. Kitts and Nevis.
- The Administrator of Dominica.
- The Attorney-General.
- The Federal Treasurer.
- The Commissioner of Montserrat.
- The Commissioner of the Virgin Islands.
- Lt.-Col. E. Bell, O.B.E., Chief Inspector of Police.
- A. E. Collens, F.I.C., F.C.S., Superintendent of Agriculture.

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Elected Members.

Antigua—R. S. D. Goodwin.
N. Scott-Johnston.
T. E. Peters.

St. Kitts-Nevis—C. Malone.
J. R. Yearwood.
A. L. Evelyn.

Dominica—C. E. A. Rawle.
J. R. H. Bridgewater.

Montserrat—W. L. Wall.

Virgin Islands—W. C. Roy.

Clerk. E. D'A. Tibbits.

Civil Establishment.

Governor.

Governor, Lt.-Col. The Hon. Sir Eustace Fienness, Bart., 3,000*l.* (of which 600*l.* is duty allowance), and 250*l.* travelling allowance.
Private Secretary and Governor's Clerk (vacant).

Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary, Edward Baynes, O.B.E., 900*l.*
Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk to Federal Councils, E. D'A. Tibbits, 400*l.*, to 450*l.*

Audit.

Auditor, P. J. A. Hamilton, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*
Principal, H. L. Humphrys.
Senior Clerks, K. S. Lockhart, J. G. Tavernier.

Treasury.

Federal Treasurer, M. N. Auchinleck, 50*l.* (is also *Treasurer of Antigua*).
Federal Accountant, H. L. Humphrys, 62*l.* 10*s.* (is also *Principal, Audit Dept.*)

Education.

Inspector of Schools, L. Tucker, 375*l.*, by 31*l.* 5*s.* to 480*l.*, and travelling expenses.
Senior Clerk, E. A. Stevens.

Police.

Chief Inspector of Police, Lieut.-Col. Edward Bell, O.B.E., 500*l.*, house allowance, 50*l.*, and 50*l.* personal allowance.
Inspectors, O. St. A. Duke, and one vacancy, £400 and house allowance £36.
Sub-Inspectors, S. A. McKinstry, C. H. E. Shepherd, J. R. A. Branch, A. M. Bell, £225, house allowance, 36*l.*

Military.

Commandant of Local Forces, Lieut.-Col. Edward Bell, O.B.E., 50*l.*

Department of Agriculture, Federal.

Government Analytical and Agricultural Chemist and Superintendent of Agriculture, A. E. Collens, F.I.C., F.C.S., 600*l.* by 20*l.* to 700*l.*
Assistant Chemist, F. H. S. Warneford, B.Sc. (McGill), M.A. (Cantab.), A.I.C., F.C.S., 40*l.* by 15*l.* to 450*l.*

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice and Keeper of the Records, H. C. Stronge, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,200*l.*
1st Puisne Judge, R. E. Noble, 800*l.*
2nd Puisne Judge (vacant), 700*l.*
Attorney-General, H. H. Truisted, 800*l.*
Senior Clerk, E. P. S. Bell.

Crown Attorneys, W. M. Wigley (St. Kitts), F. B. B. Shand (Dominica), 250*l.* each.
Chief Registrar, J. P. Turner, 31*l.* 5*s.*, also receives 437*l.* 10*s.* as *Registrar and Protost Marshal of Antigua*.

Printing Department.

Superintendent, S. C. Carmichael, 200*l.*—10*l.*—250*l.*

ANTIGUA.

Antigua is situated in W. long. 61° 45', and N. lat. 17° 6'. It is about 54 miles in circumference, and its area is 108 square miles, about half the size of Middlesex.

The islands of Barbuda (population 902) and Redonda are dependencies of Antigua. They have a total area of 62½ square miles. Barbuda lies about 25 miles due north of the main island, with an area of 62 miles, is very flat, with a large lagoon on the west side, separated from the sea by a spit of sand. It was long owned by the Codrington family. It produces some salt and phosphates of lime, and is well adapted for cattle grazing and horse rearing. Cotton is being grown with favourable results. It is one of the few islands where wild deer are still found. Redonda, lying between Montserrat and Nevis, 25 miles S.W. of Antigua, in 25° 6' N. lat., 61° 35' W. long., 1 mile by ½ mile, 1,000 feet high, is valuable for its phosphate of alumina mines, discovered in 1865, formerly worked by the Redonda Phosphate Company under license and subject to an annual rental of 50*l.*

Antigua was discovered by Columbus in 1493, who named it after a church in Seville, called Santa Maria La Antigua. It was first inhabited by a few English from St. Kitts in 1632. In 1663 Charles II. made a formal grant of the island to Lord Willoughby, who sent out a large number of colonists. After an interval of French occupation, it was declared a British possession by the Treaty of Breda, 1666. There are no rivers, and few springs in the island, and consequently it is exposed to frequent droughts. The island is in the main low-lying and has no forests. Rainfall:—

Year.	St. John's.	Average all Stations.
1924	49·83	41·57
1925	36·41	30·75
1926	59·23	50·20

On the 22nd March, 1898, the Legislative Council, which was previously partly elected and partly nominated by the Governor, passed an Act abrogating itself and substituting the Crown Colony system. The new Council consists of sixteen members, eight official and eight non-official, all nominated by the Governor under Royal Letters Patent. The Governor presides. By Ordinance No. 7 of 1910, the duration of the Council is limited to three years.

The chief productions are sugar, cotton and pine-apples, but much of the land has been allowed to become ruinant in the hands of the old planting families. There are 127 estates in cultivation, comprising approximately 52,000 acres. St. John, the chief town, has a population of 6,997, and is a port of registry, having on 31st December, 1926, 27 sailing vessels registered, with a total tonnage of 509. The other towns are Falmouth, Parham and English Harbour.

FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.		
Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917-18	66,768	64,398	596,663	600,205
1918-19	63,528	66,188	401,428	401,506
1919-20	70,168	70,829	536,421	538,983
1920-21	106,893	93,093	624,712	639,076
1921-22	89,149	105,931	570,017	635,160
1922-23	76,435	101,123*	641,241	723,697
1923-24	88,434	99,782†	660,132	759,324
1924-25	78,983	84,126	640,409	727,277
1925-26	81,671	79,003	507,852	670,286
1926-27	81,280	80,736	628,886	700,655

		IMPORTS.		Total.
Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	
	£	£	£	£
1917	54,681	98,804	140,373	293,858
1918	53,741	102,890	141,509	298,140
1919	63,169	130,858	133,811	327,838
1920	171,173	213,127	170,442	554,742
1921	135,856	130,213	115,242	381,311
1922	74,459	83,903	79,034	237,396
1923	87,477	82,673	76,039	246,089
1924	71,905	76,298	74,050	222,253
1925	82,511	87,952	82,828	253,291
1926	63,446	75,851	71,038	215,335

(Internal trade not included.)

		EXPORTS.		Total.
Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	
	£	£	£	£
1917	130,842	145,406	92,130	368,378
1918	212,825	15,119	16,967	244,911
1919	283,256	77,323	14,537	375,116
1920	470,935	136,237	64,982	672,174
1921	214,741	71,897	11,858	298,496
1922	99,071	116,037	17,222	232,350
1923	169,761	152,470	2,664	324,895
1924	39,859	127,369	5,027	172,225
1925	182,925	79,664	3,779	266,368
1926	58,560	122,355	5,655	186,570

(Internal trade not included.)

The total Customs Revenue in 1926-27 was— £

Imports	44,276
Exports	4,498

£48,774

Public Debt (1926-27), 145,500*l*.Amount to credit of Sinking Fund (1926-27), 88,400*l*.

Population.				
Year.	White.	Black.	Coloured.	Total.
1901	—	—	—	34,178
1911	1,009	26,458	3,927	31,394
1921	914	24,854	3,999	29,767

* Includes Loan Expenditure £13,655.

† Includes Loan Expenditure £16,265.

Executive Council (Local).

The Governor.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
R. H. K. Dyett.
M. M. Auchinleck.
L. I. Henzell.
R. S. D. Goodwin.
N. Scott-Johnston.

Clerk, E. P. S. Bell.

Legislative Council (Local).

President—The Governor.

Official Members.

Colonial Secretary, Edward Baynes, O.B.E.
Attorney-General, H. H. Trusted.
Treasurer, M. M. Auchinleck.
Superintendent of Agriculture, A. E. Collens, F.I.C., F.C.S.
R. H. K. Dyett.
J. E. Wright.
J. P. Turner.

Non-Official Members.

R. S. D. Goodwin.
N. Scott-Johnston.
J. A. A. Harney.
W. R. Forrest.
T. E. Peters.
D. F. Ross.
J. B. Martin.
Major J. T. Dew, M.B.E., V.D.

Clerk, E. P. S. Bell.

*Civil Establishment.**Island Secretary.*

President and Island Secretary, Edward Baynes, O.B.E., Colonial Secretary of the Leeward Islands.

Clerks (see Federal Establishment).

Treasury and Customs.

Treasurer and Collector of Customs, M. M. Auchinleck, 375*l*. to 425*l*. and 50*l*. as Federal Treasurer.

Principals, F. V. D. Griffith, R. E. Henry.
Senior Clerks, H. B. Thompson, A. E. Peters,
C. E. de Silva.

Junior Clerk, S. E. Mercier.

Harbour Master, F. V. D. Griffith.

*Post Office.*Postmaster, F. de Freitas, 250*l*. to 300*l*.*Telephone Department.*

Superintendent of Telephones, J. Goodwin, 250*l*.
travelling allowance, 50*l*., house allowance, 36*l*.

Public Works and Municipal Departments.

Superintendent of Public Works and Chairman
City Commissioners, W. J. Essex, 400*l*. by 25*l*.
to 450*l*., and 100*l*. transport allowance.
Principal (City Clerk, &c.), vacant.
Senior Clerk (Road Overseer), G. Sutherland.
Medical Officer of Health, Dr. W. M. McDonald,
O.B.E., 125*l*.

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(Internal trade not included.)

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Year.	White.	Black.	Coloured.	Total.
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* Includes Loan Expenditure £13,655.

† Includes Loan Expenditure £16,265.

Executive Council (Local).

The Governor.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
R. H. K. Dyett.
M. M. Auchinleck.
L. I. Henzell.
R. S. D. Goodwin.
N. Scott-Johnston.

Clerk, E. P. S. Bell.

Legislative Council (Local).

President—The Governor.

Official Members.

Colonial Secretary, Edward Baynes, O.B.E.
Attorney-General, H. H. Trusted.
Treasurer, M. M. Auchinleck.
Superintendent of Agriculture, A. E. Collens,
F.I.C., F.C.S.
R. H. K. Dyett.
J. E. Wright.
J. P. Turner.

Non-Official Members.

R. S. D. Goodwin.
N. Scott-Johnston.
J. A. A. Harney.
W. R. Forrest.
T. E. Peters.
D. F. Ross.
J. B. Martin.
Major J. T. Dew, M.B.E., V.D.
Clerk, E. P. S. Bell.

*Civil Establishment.**Island Secretary.*

President and Island Secretary, Edward Baynes, O.B.E., Colonial Secretary of the Leeward Islands.
Clerks (see Federal Establishment).

Treasury and Customs.

Treasurer and Collector of Customs, M. M. Auchinleck, 375l. to 425l. and 50l. as Federal Treasurer.
Principals, F. V. D. Griffith, R. E. Henry.
Senior Clerks, H. B. Thompson, A. E. Peters, C. E. de Silva.
Junior Clerk, S. E. Mercier.
Harbour Master, F. V. D. Griffith.

Post Office.

Postmaster, F. de Freitas, 250l. to 300l.

Telephone Department.

Superintendent of Telephones, J. Goodwin, 250l., travelling allowance, 50l., house allowance, 36l.

Public Works and Municipal Departments.

Superintendent of Public Works and Chairman City Commissioners, W. J. Essex, 400l. by 25l. to 450l., and 100l. transport allowance.
Principal (City Clerk, &c.), vacant.
Senior Clerk (Road Overseer), G. Sutherland.
Medical Officer of Health, Dr. W. M. McDonald, O.B.E., 125l.

25l., horse

R.C.V.S.,

Watt, 50l.

Most Rev.
Archbishop

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Legal.

Registrar and Provost Marshal, J. P. Turner, 437l. 10s., and 31l. 5s. as Chief Registrar, Supreme Court.
Senior Clerk, E. E. Harney.

Prisons and Training School.

Chief Keeper of Prisons and Superintendent of Training School, Captain J. M. Skirving, 300l., with free fuel, light, washing, partly furnished quarters and medical attendance; personal 25l. as Superintendent of Pauper Cemetery.

Magistracy.

District Magistrate and Coroner, R. H. K. Dyett, 100l. and pension.
Magistrate and Coroner, District "B," S. L. Athill, 300l., and 65l. travelling allowance.

Education.

Sub-Inspector and Educational District Officer, E. A. Stevens, is also a *Senior Clerk Federal Establishment*.

Medical.

Chief Medical Officer, J. E. Wright, F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.D.S., 50l.
Medical Officers, 312l. 10s., with private practice:—

- District No. 1.—W. M. McDonald, O.B.E., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
" " 2.—C. N. Griffin, M.D., C.M. (McGill).
" " 3.—W. G. Heath, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin).
" " 4.—Mrs. E. L. Roden, L.R.C.P. and S., M.D.
" " 5.—H. D. Weatherhead, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Hospital and Poor House.

Medical Superintendent, Hospital, Asylums, &c., J. E. Wright, F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.D.S., 600l. and a travelling allowance of 25l. a year, and quarters valued 40l. p.a., with private practice.
Matron, Hospital, Miss F. A. Mycock, 212l. 10s., quarters valued at 31l. 5s.
Assistant Matron, Hospital, Miss M. E. Molyneux, 150l., ration allowance 62l. 10s., quarters with matron.

Lunatic Asylum and Leper Home.

Superintendent, W. J. Essex, 100l. and quarters valued at 31l. 5s.

Board of Guardians.

Chairman, W. G. Richardson.

Agricultural Department, Antigua.

Agricultural Superintendent, A. W. Gallwey, 250l. to 350l.

Military.

Commanding Officer, Defence Force (vacant).
Officer Instructor to Local Forces, The Sub-Inspector L. I. Police, *ex officio*.
Chaplain, The Very Rev. H. Y. Shepherd, M.A.

Registration and Vaccination.

Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, &c., J. P. Turner.

Country Health Board.

Chairman, R. Warneford.
Clerk, J. S. Watt, 100l. by 12l. 10s. to 125l., horse allowance, 50l.

Miscellaneous Department.

Inspector of Animals, H. Goodwin, M.R.C.V.S., 300l., and private practice.
Inspector Weights and Measures, J. S. Watt, 50l.

Public Library.

Chairman, H. H. Trusted.

Clergy.

Anglican Bishop of Antigua, The Most Rev. Edward Hutson, C.M.G., D.D. (Archbishop of the West Indies).
The Very Rev. H. Y. Shepherd, M.A., Dean of St. John.
The Venerable Archdeacon S. Edmund Branch, M.A.
Roman Catholic Priest, Revd. Father J. Rabsey, C.S.S.R.
Moravian Supt., The Revd. A. B. Hutton.
Wesleyan Supt., Rev. A. E. Harris.

Foreign Consuls.

Denmark, R. A. L. Warneford, *Vice-Consul*.
Norway, R. A. L. Warneford, *Vice-Consul*.
France, W. R. Forrest, *Consular Agent*.
Portugal, John J. Camacho.
Netherlands, W. G. Richardson.
Sweden, W. G. Richardson.
Venezuela, R. Bryson.

BARBUDA.

Manager, Captain G. G. D. Downing, 250l. and quarters valued at 50l. per annum.
Assistant Manager, V. G. Pereira, 187l. 10s. and quarters valued at 36l. per annum.
Magistrate and Coroner, Captain G. G. D. Downing, 62l. 10s.
Veterinary Surgeon, H. Goodwin, 25l.

ST. CHRISTOPHER AND NEVIS.

This Presidency consists of the Islands of St. Christopher (St. Kitts), Nevis and Anguilla, with their several dependencies. These were united to form one Presidency by the Federal Act No. 2 of 1882.

The total population on 31st December, 1926, was estimated at 35,715, as compared with 38,214, the population at the census of 1921. The total area is about 150 square miles.

Constitution and Government.

In 1625 Mr. (afterwards Sir Thomas) Warner landed in St. Christopher, bearing a Royal Commission to the Earl of Carlisle, by which the islands of St. Christopher (or Merwar's Hope), Nevis, Barbados and Montserrat were taken under royal protection, and given over to his custody as the King's Lieutenant.

In 1671 St. Christopher, Nevis, Montserrat, Antigua, Barbuda, Anguilla "and all other the

Leeward Islands" were separated from Barbados and created the "Leeward Caribbee Islands Government," and Sir Charles Wheler was appointed "Captain-General" of the same. The chief seat of government was then at Nevis, but afterwards transferred to Antigua, and the government of each island, in the absence of the Captain-General, was administered by a Lieutenant-Governor, or, when none such was appointed, by the President of the Council.

In 1689 Colonel Christopher Codrington was appointed Governor-in-Chief, and his Commission, granted by William III., and dated 20th October, 1689, authorised him to call assemblies of freeholders and planters within any of the islands "jointly and severally to make laws for the public peace, welfare and good government of the said islands," thus providing for separate and federal legislatures. The Legislature in St. Christopher and in Nevis, as in the other islands of the government, consisted of two houses, a nominated Council and an elected Assembly, and had secured to it its own peculiar laws and local jurisdiction.

By Letters Patent, dated 26th April, 1816, the Commission originally granted to Sir William Stapleton was revoked, and the Leeward Caribbee Islands formed into two distinct governments, the first comprising Antigua, Montserrat and Barbuda, and the other St. Christopher, Nevis, Anguilla and the Virgin Islands.

By Letters Patent, dated 23rd November, 1832, the General Government was restored, Dominica being for the first time included, and a Governor and Commander-in-Chief, with two Lieutenant-Governors for St. Christopher, Nevis and Anguilla, and for Dominica respectively, were appointed, each island possessing a Legislative Council and House of Assembly, which continued, under the supervision of the Governor-in-Chief, to legislate for local interests.

In 1866 measures were introduced in each island to alter the constitution, and the two houses then existing were replaced by a single Legislative Assembly, consisting of *ex-officio* members, nominees of the Crown, and representatives of the people elected under a limited franchise.

In 1873 the single chamber constitution was repealed in St. Kitts and in Nevis, and the Crown Colony form of government adopted in its stead, and in 1882 these two islands, with Anguilla, were united into one Presidency.

The office of Lieutenant-Governor, which existed until 1870, has been abolished, and the Presidency, in the absence thereof of the Governor, is under the immediate supervision of an Administrator, acting under his instructions.

There is one Executive Council for the Presidency, consisting of the Governor, the Administrator, certain *ex-officio* members, and such other persons as His Majesty may from time to time appoint. The Legislative Council consists of seven official and seven nominated unofficial members, besides the Governor and the Administrator. Of the unofficial members not more than six shall be from among the people of St. Kitts and Anguilla, and one at least from among the people of Nevis. The Governor, or, in his absence, the Administrator, or, in the absence of both of them, a member of the Council appointed in writing, presides, and the President of the Council enjoys an original and a casting vote. The Council meets at the town of Basseterre in St. Kitts.

Industry.

Tobacco was at first the principal crop grown, but it soon lost its pre-eminence, and the main industry of the two larger islands is now the production of sugar, and the growth of Sea Island cotton. Rum is manufactured in small quantities. About 6,700 acres are in sugar-cane cultivation, and 4,000 in cotton. The crop produced in the Presidency during 1926-27 amounted to 18,068 tons of sugar, 748,059 gallons of syrup and molasses, and 416,739 lbs. of Sea Island cotton. Arrowroot, coffee, peanuts and vegetables are also grown in small quantities for local consumption. Coconuts are extensively grown in Nevis. Cattle, horses and small mules are raised.

St. Kitts.

The island lies in latitude 17° 18' N., and longitude 62° 48' W. The area of the main body of it presents a long oval, from the south-eastern end of which runs a narrow neck, gradually expanding into a small knob of land, within which are the salt ponds.

The total length of the island is about 23 miles. The total area is 68 square miles.

The central part of the main body consists of a range of lofty rugged mountains, which traverses it from south-east to north-west, attaining its greatest height at Mount Misery, which is about 3,711 feet above the sea. This range of hills describes nearly a semicircle, forming the spacious and fertile valley or plain, on the seaboard of which lies Basseterre, the principal town, with a population of about 7,736. On the south-west side of the island, between the mountains and the sea, but nearer the latter, is Brimstone Hill, formerly the seat of the garrison. It is quite isolated, and about 750 feet in height.

The circle of land formed by the skirts and lower slopes of the mountain-range of the main body of the island, and the valley of Basseterre, constitute nearly the whole of the arable and cultivated portion of the island. The higher slopes of the mountains are covered with short grass, affording excellent pasturage, while their summits are crowned with dense wood.

The climate, for a tropical one, is decidedly healthy. The highest temperature in the shade is about 88°, the lowest 66°, and the mean average about 76°.

The average rainfall in St. Kitts for the year 1926 was 62·57 inches, i.e., 8·79 inches above the average for the past 13 years.

St. Christopher or St. Kitts, the Carib name of which was Lianmuiga or Llamuiga, "The Fertile Isle," was the first settled of the British West Indies. Mr. Thomas Warner was despatched thither in 1623 by Mr. Ralph Merrifield, and commenced tobacco cultivation. His first crop, however, was destroyed by a hurricane, and the Colony was for some time in a precarious condition until the arrival of the ship *Hopewell* with supplies for the settlement.

In 1625, Warner, at the instance of the Earl of Carlisle, to whom Charles I. had granted Letters Patent over the islands of St. Christopher, Nevis, Antigua, Montserrat and Barbados, was appointed Governor-General of these Islands and Governor of St. Kitts.

Upon the same day in the year that Warner returned from a recruiting visit to England M. D'Enambuc, with a few Frenchmen, reached the island, and was permitted to form a settlement beside the English, a treaty of partition being

afterwards made, the French obtaining the two ends of the island and the English the middle portion. From thence the greater number of the Lesser Antilles were colonised, thus earning for St. Kitts the name "Mother of the Antilles."

In October, 1628, a Spanish squadron devastated the island and ordered its abandonment, an order that had quite a contrary effect, and the two settlements rapidly increased. Warner was knighted in 1629.

War between the mother countries led to war between "the two nations" at St. Kitts, with the result that in April, 1666, the English were expelled from the island. Repelling an attempt at its recapture, the French remained in possession until 1671, when, after prolonged negotiations, they evacuated the English portion. Again, in 1689, the English suffered expulsion under cruel and barbarous circumstances, but a year later Sir Timothy Thornhill, after three weeks' fighting, recovered the island for the British arms, the whole of it remaining in England's possession for seven years, when, by the treaty of Ryswick in 1697, the French were restored to their former portions of it.

Once again did England become sole mistress when, in 1702, the French capitulated without resistance to General Hamilton, supported by a fleet of twenty ships. A French invasion four years later proved futile, and in 1712 the whole island was ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Utrecht.

For seventy years there was peace, and then, in 1782, after a memorable siege and two naval encounters, France enjoyed possession of the Fertile Isle. It was restored to England by the Treaty of Versailles on 28th January, 1783, and two French raids in 1805 and 1806 mark the close of the remarkable history of this island's warfare.

Nevis.

The island of Nevis is situated in 17° 40' N. lat., and 62° 33' W. long. It was discovered in 1498 by Columbus, and was colonised by the English from St. Kitts in 1628. Charlestown, the principal town, has a population of about 1,150. The population of Nevis largely consists of peasant proprietors.

The island, which is divided into five parishes, is nearly of a circular form; its area is about 50 square miles, or about 32,000 acres, of which about 16,000 acres are fit for cultivation; its greatest elevation 3,596 feet above the sea.

The climate is very similar to that of St. Kitts, from which place it is separated by a strait of about two miles in breadth at its narrowest part, which, however, lies out of the direct course for boats plying between the two islands. The distance between Basseterre (St. Kitts) and Charlestown (Nevis) is about twelve miles. The roughness of the sea occasionally prevents communication, but, as a rule, the boats which ply between the two ports have the wind abeam.

Anguilla.

Anguilla is situated in 18° 12' N. lat., and 63° 5' W. long., about 60 miles N.W. of St. Kitts, and is sixteen miles in length, and varies in breadth from three to one and a half miles, containing an area of thirty-five square miles. The "Dogs" and neighbouring islands are dependencies of Anguilla.

The local courts for the administration of justice are the Magistrate's Court and the Civil Jurisdiction Court. The island is also within

the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the Leeward Islands, and is visited periodically by a Judge of the Summary Jurisdiction Court.

The island is healthy, but suffers from want of an adequate water supply.

Besides cattle, ponies and small stock, the chief product is salt. Sea Island cotton is cultivated.

Population according to the Censuses of 1911 and 1921.

St. Kitts	1911	26,283	1921	22,415
Nevis		12,945		11,569
Anguilla		4,076		4,230

FINANCES. SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1918-19	64,491	64,081	446,265	462,083
1919-20	80,007	73,501	565,814	578,990
1920-21	106,750	91,476	633,400	727,103
1921-22	84,056	102,657	581,357	692,342
1922-23	88,129	88,015	645,398	789,421
1923-24	93,228	92,696	790,730	889,776
1924-25	88,095	95,510	665,816	755,808
1925-26	90,405*	88,888	627,384	687,651
1926-27	88,103	86,418	651,550	715,220

* Includes £3,300 Imperial Grant-in-aid for repairs to Govt. property damaged in 1924 hurricane.

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	63,264	80,461	152,869	296,594
1918	50,194	117,897	138,218	306,309
1919	56,721	142,548	164,821	364,090
1920	157,233	229,184	177,700	564,117
1921	92,777	143,292	122,150	358,219
1922	71,750	104,213	98,746	274,529
1923	78,027	10,547	98,795	282,369
1924	107,354	101,150	88,676	297,180
1925	91,918	115,542	85,357	292,817
1926	94,312	174,015	98,246	366,573

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	160,174	188,136	24,205	372,515
1918	270,888	43,223	30,522	344,633
1919	334,569	53,013	37,868	425,450
1920	564,622	113,249	90,493	768,364
1921	157,769	161,422	54,425	373,616
1922	31,816	165,674	21,736	219,226
1923	189,386	150,848	19,553	359,787
1924	27,163	210,519	13,894	251,576
1925	197,006	54,704	27,927	279,637
1926	104,815	163,005	19,903	287,723

Public Debt ... 1926-27—18,898*l.* 5*s.* 7*d.*

(Amount of Sinking Fund deducted.)

Customs Revenue, 1924-25—50,221 <i>l.</i>
" " 1925-26—49,712 <i>l.</i>
" " 1926-27—49,132 <i>l.</i>

Administrators of St. Kitts since 1904.

Sir Robert Bromley, Bart. ...	1904
T. L. Roxburgh, C.M.G. ...	1906
Major J. A. Burdon, C.M.G. ...	1916
Lt.-Col. T. R. St. Johnston, C.M.G. ...	1925

Executive Council.

The Governor.
 The Administrator.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 The Attorney-General.
 W. M. Wigley (*Magistrate District "C" and Crown Attorney*).
 G. C. Johnson (*Treasurer*).
 C. H. Durrant, M.B., Ch.B. (*Chief Medical Officer*).
 D. H. Semper (*Magistrate, District "D"*).
 A. C. K. Tibbits (*Magistrate and Warden, Nevis*).
 R. B. Pameuter.
 James Rankin.
 Philip M. Todd.

*Legislative Council.**Official Members.*

The Administrator.
 W. M. Wigley (*Magistrate, District "C," and Crown Attorney*).
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 A. C. K. Tibbits (*Magistrate and Warden, Nevis*).
 C. H. Durrant, M.B., Ch.B. (*Chief Medical Officer*).
 J. Landreth Smith (*Superintendent, Public Works*).
 Edw. A. Evelyn (*Registrar, Supreme Court*).

Unofficial Members.

J. R. Yearwood.
 Clement Malone.
 P. M. Todd.
 Aubrey L. Evelyn.
 R. B. Pameuter.
 A. Moir Reid.
 Basil B. Davis.

Civil Establishment.

Administrator, Lt.-Col. T. R. St. Johnston.
 C.M.G., 1,000*l.* and 315*l.* allowances.
Clerk to Administrator and Clerk of Councils, and Clerk Income Tax Commissioners, H. Boon, 400*l.*

Treasury and Customs.

Treasurer, Comptroller of Customs and Registrar of Shipping, G. C. Johnson, 500*l.*, and personal allowance 160*l.*
Cashier, S. E. Moir, 250*l.*
Clerk, J. K. French, 250*l.*, personal allowance 25*l.* and fees 35*l.*
Second Clerk, W. H. Delisle, 200*l.*
Accountant, V. S. Brookes, 225*l.*, also *Assistant Shipping Master*, fees 40*l.*
Revenue Officers (St. Kitts), D. K. Macwilliam, M.B.E., 225*l.*; Kenneth Slack, 125*l.*, and fees, 85*l.*; E. S. Richards, 93*l.* 15*s.*, and fees, 100*l.*; C. M. Stevens, 62*l.* 10*s.* and fees, 90*l.*
Revenue Officers (Nevis), M. Evelyn, 187*l.* 10*s.* and personal allowance, 37*l.* 10*s.*, and quarters; C. O. Lambert, 100*l.* by 10*l.* to 200*l.* and fees 20*l.*
Revenue Officers (Sandy Point), Herbert Walters, 137*l.* 10*s.*, and fees, 11*l.*; (Anguilla), J. F. Gumbs, 125*l.*, personal allowance 20*l.*, fees, 3*l.*, and horse allowance, 10*l.*; P. A. Carter, 65*l.* by 5*l.* to 90*l.*, and fees, 10*l.*, and horse allowance, 10*l.*, quarters valued at 10*l.*; George van B. Lake, 75*l.*, and fees, 10*l.*, and horse allowance, 10*l.*, quarters valued at 10*l.*

Audit.

(For Auditor-General, see *Leeward Islands, Federal Establishment*.)

Audit Clerk, K. S. Lockhart, 220*l.* to 250*l.* by 12*l.* 10*s.*

Post Office.

Postmaster (St. Kitts), G. H. King, 275*l.*, by 10*l.* to 325*l.*, and fees, 36*l.*
Chief Clerk, E. A. Evelyn, jnr., 100*l.*, by 10*l.* to 200*l.*, and fees, 18*l.*

Public Works.

Surveyor of Roads and Superintendent of Public Works, Protector of Forests and Town Clerk, C. G. Thibou, 350*l.* by 20*l.* to 400*l.*, and travelling allowance 80*l.*
Public Works Officer, St. Kitts, J. C. C. John, 100*l.*, by 10*l.* to 200*l.*, travelling allowance, 36*l.*
Foreman of Works (Nevis), Jas. H. Stevens, 125*l.*, travelling allowance, 50*l.*

Botanic and Agricultural.

Curator, Botanic Station and Agricultural Superintendent (with chemical duties), R. E. Kelack, 400*l.*, quarters, 37*l.* 10*s.*, and 40*l.* travelling allowance.
Agricultural Instructor (Nevis), W. I. Howell, 175*l.*, and 25*l.* for house and 36*l.* horse allowance.

Forestry.

Chief Forestry Officer (St. Kitts), H. Boon, 35*l.*, and travelling allowance 15*l.*

Education.

Headmaster, Grammar and Agricultural School, A. B. Williams, 400*l.*, and fees, 135*l.*, and quarters.
Inspector of Schools, Leslie Tucker, B.A. (see *Federal Establishment*).
Local Inspector of Schools and Educational Officer (St. Kitts), J. E. James, 187*l.* 10*s.* to 250*l.*, and travelling allowance 80*l.*; *Educational Dist. Officers* (Nevis), S. D. Morton, 30*l.*, and travelling allowance 45*l.*; (Anguilla), F. H. Schouten, 52*l.* 10*s.* and travelling allowance 15*l.*

Hospitals.

Medical Officer, Cunningham Hospital, T. J. Costello, M.D., C.M., Queen's University, Ont., Canada, 405*l.* and private practice in Basseterre.
Steward, Cunningham Hospital, J. J. Howell, 100*l.*, by 10*l.* to 200*l.*, free quarters.
Matron, Cunningham Hospital, Miss F. E. Dunning, 162*l.* to 186*l.*, ration allowance, 15*l.*, uniform allowance, 5*l.*, and quarters.
Assistant Matron and District Matron for Midwifery and Infant Welfare (vacant) 150*l.*, ration allowance, 15*l.*, uniform allowance, 5*l.*, and quarters; travelling, 75*l.*
Matron, Alexandra Hospital, Nevis, Miss E. Weaver, 150*l.*, ration allowance 15*l.*, uniform 5*l.*, and quarters.
Medical Officer, Leper Asylum, W. E. Burton, M.D. (McGill), 100*l.*

*Medical and Sanitary.**St. Kitts.*

Chief Medical Officer, Inspector of Public Health, Registrar General of Births and Deaths, Health Officer and Analyser of Vital Statistics, C. H. Durrant, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), 700*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.*, fees, 75*l.*, and travelling allowance, 75*l.*

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 James Rankin.
 Philip M. Todd..

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Revenue Officers (St. Kitts), D. K. Macwilliam, M.B.E., 225*l.*; Kenneth Slack, 125*l.*, and fees, 85*l.*; E. S. Richards, 93*l.* 15*s.*, and fees, 100*l.*; C. M. Stevens, 62*l.* 10*s.* and fees, 90*l.*
Revenue Officers (Nevis), M. Evelyn, 187*l.* 10*s.* and personal allowance, 37*l.* 10*s.*, and quarters; C. O. Lambert, 100*l.* by 10*l.* to 200*l.* and fees 20*l.*
Revenue Officers (Sandy Point), Herbert Walters, 137*l.* 10*s.*, and fees, 11*l.*; (Anguilla), J. F. Gumbs, 125*l.*, personal allowance 20*l.*, fees, 3*l.*, and horse allowance, 10*l.*; P. A. Carter, 65*l.* by 5*l.* to 90*l.*, and fees, 10*l.*, and horse allowance, 10*l.*, quarters valued at 10*l.*; George van B. Lake, 75*l.*, and fees, 10*l.*, and horse allowance, 10*l.*, quarters valued at 10*l.*

Audit.

(For Auditor-General, see *Leeward Islands, Federal Establishment*.)

Audit Clerk, K. S. Lockhart, 220*l.* to 250*l.* by 12*l.* 10*s.*

Post Office.

Postmaster (St. Kitts), G. H. King, 275*l.*, by 10*l.* to 325*l.*, and fees, 36*l.*
Chief Clerk, E. A. Evelyn, jr., 100*l.*, by 10*l.* to 200*l.*, and fees, 18*l.*

Public Works.

Surveyor of Roads and Superintendent of Public Works, Protector of Forests and Town Clerk, C. G. Thibou, 350*l.* by 20*l.* to 400*l.*, and travelling allowance 80*l.*
Public Works Officer, St. Kitts, J. C. C. John, 100*l.*, by 10*l.* to 200*l.*, travelling allowance, 36*l.*
Foreman of Works (Nevis), Jas. H. Stevens, 125*l.*, travelling allowance, 50*l.*

Botanic and Agricultural.

Curator, Botanic Station and Agricultural Superintendent (with chemical duties), R. E. Kelsick, 400*l.*, quarters, 37*l.* 10*s.*, and 40*l.* travelling allowance.
Agricultural Instructor (Nevis), W. I. Howell, 175*l.*, and 25*l.* for house and 36*l.* horse allowance.

Forestry.

Chief Forestry Officer (St. Kitts), H. Boon, 35*l.*, and travelling allowance 15*l.*

Education.

Headmaster, Grammar and Agricultural School, A. B. Williams, 400*l.*, and fees, 135*l.*, and quarters.
Inspector of Schools, Leslie Tucker, B.A. (see *Federal Establishment*).
Local Inspector of Schools and Educational Officer (St. Kitts), J. E. James, 187*l.* 10*s.* to 250*l.*, and travelling allowance 80*l.*; *Educational Dist. Officers* (Nevis), S. D. Morton, 30*l.*, and travelling allowance 45*l.*; (Anguilla), F. H. Schouten, 52*l.* 10*s.* and travelling allowance 15*l.*

Hospitals.

Medical Officer, Cunningham Hospital, T. J. Costello, M.D., C.M., Queen's University, Ont., Canada, 405*l.* and private practice in Basseterre.
Steward, Cunningham Hospital, J. J. Howell, 100*l.*, by 10*l.* to 200*l.*, free quarters.
Matron, Cunningham Hospital, Miss F. E. Dunning, 162*l.* to 186*l.*, ration allowance, 15*l.*, uniform allowance, 5*l.*, and quarters.
Assistant Matron and District Matron for Midwifery and Infant Welfare (vacant) 150*l.*, ration allowance, 15*l.*, uniform allowance, 5*l.*, and quarters; travelling, 75*l.*
Matron, Alexandra Hospital, Nevis, Miss E. Weaver, 150*l.*, ration allowance 15*l.*, uniform 5*l.*, and quarters.
Medical Officer, Leper Asylum, W. E. Burton, M.D. (McGill), 100*l.*

*Medical and Sanitary.**St. Kitts.*

Chief Medical Officer, Inspector of Public Health, Registrar General of Births and Deaths, Health Officer and Analyst of Vital Statistics, C. H. Durrant, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), 700*l.* by 25*l.* to 750*l.*, fees, 75*l.*, and travelling allowance, 75*l.*

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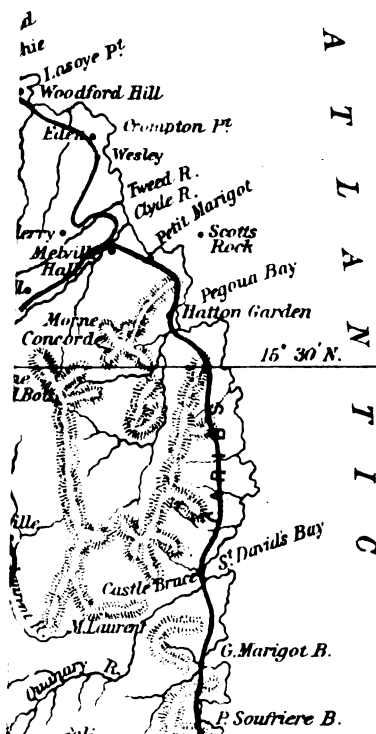
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OMINICA.



Medical Officers, 375l., District No. 1, E. R. Branch, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.); No. 2, S. B. Jones, M.B.E., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S. (Edin.), L.R.F.P.S. (Glas.); No. 3 (vacant); No. 4, W. E. Burton, M.D. (McGill).
Government Veterinary Surgeon, Ernest Jardine, B.V. Sc., 230l. and private practice.
Chief Sanitary Officer, St. Kitts, E. Blanchette, 187l. 10s., and travelling allowance, 18l.

Nevis.

District No. 6, G. R. Gomez, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), 412l. 10s.
 District No. 7, W. A. Slack, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), 437l. 10s.

Anguilla.

District 5, J. Y. MacFadyen, M.D., Queen's Medical School, Kingston, Ont., 393l. and fees.

Telephone Department.

Superintendent, C. G. Thibou, 30l.
Linesman, O. S. Hill, 150l.

Judicial and Legal.

(For Judges of the Supreme Court and Attorney-General, see *Leeward Islands, Federal Establishment*.)

2nd Puisne Judge (vacant), 700l.

Crown Attorney, W. M. Wigley, 250l.; and **Magistrate** (District C), 406l. 5s., and travelling allowance, 12l.

Registrar and Provost-Marshal, E. A. Evelyn, 312l. 10s. to 437l. 10s., and travelling allowance, 42l. 10s., is also **Registrar Births and Deaths**, fees 50l.

Clerk, E. M. Ross, 150l., is also **Clerk, Law Library**, 12l. 10s.

Clerk (Nevis), D. R. Walwyn, 100l., by 10l. to 200l.

Additional Magistrate and Coroner (District C), D. H. Semper, 93l. 15s.

Magistrate and Coroner (District D), D. H. Semper, 437l. 10s. and travelling allowance, 75l.

Clerk and Bailiff (District D), A. W. Osborne, 150l., and horse allowance, 25l.

Magistrate and Coroner (Nevis), A. C. K. Tibbits, 400l., allowed free residence at Government House, Nevis, and travelling allowance, 75l.

Magistrate and Coroner (Anguilla), Dr. J. Y. MacFadyen, 62l. 10s.

Police.

Inspector of Police, Officer Commanding Local Forces, Staff Officer Local Forces, Supt. Fire Brigade, and Inspector of Weights & Measures, (vacant), 402l. 10s. house allowance, 36l., horse allowance, 50l.

Sergt.-Major, H. J. Geen, 160l., 18l. 15s. personal.

Gaol.

Officer in Charge of Prison Discipline, D. H. Semper, 31l. 5s.

Gaoler, S. H. Knight, 125l., and quarters.
Surgeon, Dr. T. R. Costello.

Ecclesiastical.

Chief Ministers of Religion.

Anglican Church, St. George, Basseterre, Venble. Archdeacon H. T. Jullion.
Roman Catholic Church, Rev. Father Claeys, C.ss.R.
Wesleyan Mission, Rev. W. J. Williams.
Moravian Mission, Rev. C. P. Julian.

CONSULS.

St. Kitts.

Denmark, John August Uddenberg (Vice-Consul).
France, John August Uddenberg (Consular Agent).
Netherlands, John August Uddenberg (acting, Consul).
Norway, John August Uddenberg (Vice-Consul).

DOMINICA.

Dominica is situated between 15° 10' and 15° 40' N. lat., and 61° 14' and 61° 30' W. long.; 29 miles long and 16 broad. It lies between the French Islands of Guadeloupe and Martinique, being distant from each about thirty miles, and has an area of 304½ square miles.

The island is very mountainous and picturesque, rising at Imray's View, the culminating point of Morne Diablotin to 4,747 feet. It was discovered by Christopher Columbus on Sunday (hence its name), the 3rd of November, 1493, in the course of his second voyage. It was included in the grant made of sundry islands in the Caribbean Sea to the Earl of Carlisle, by a patent, dated 2nd June, 1627; but several attempts to bring the place under subjection to the English proved abortive. By the treaty signed at Aix-la-Chapelle, in 1748, it was stipulated between the English and French that Dominica and some other islands should remain neutral, and that the original proprietors, the Caribs, should be left in possession. During the time that Dominica was thus professedly regarded by the English and by the French as a "neutral" island, many French planters and adventurers settled on it and established plantations.

Dominica was captured by the English in 1756, and by the ninth article of the peace of Paris, in 1763, was assigned to Great Britain. Commissioners were sent out for the purpose of surveying and selling lands capable of cultivation, which yielded to the British Crown the sum of 312,092l. 11s. 1d. sterling. The French settlers were generously secured in their possessions, on condition of taking the oath of allegiance and paying a small quit rent. Dominica at this time formed a unit of a General Government, which comprised Grenada and the Grenadines, St. Vincent, and Tobago.

In 1771, the island was constituted a separate Government, under the administration of Sir Wm. Young, Bart. On the 21st June, 1775, a Royal Proclamation was issued, establishing a House of Representatives, fixing a new qualification for candidates and electors, and regulating proceedings at elections.

In 1778, the French, attracted by the fertility of the place, and invited over from Martinique by some of their countrymen, prepared a military and naval expedition against the island, under the Marquis de Bouillé, Governor of Martinique, and became masters of it on the 7th of September, after an obstinate resistance. Marquis Duchilleau, a cruel and tyrannical officer, was appointed Governor. Trade failed, and great distress followed.

In 1783 the island was again restored to the English, and Sir John Ord, Bart., was appointed Governor.

In 1795 another invasion of the island was attempted by Victor Hugues, the French Republican leader, who had previously forced the British troops to evacuate Guadeloupe. The brave and well-directed resistance of the inhabitants, under the command of Governor Hamilton, forced part of the enemy to fly, and the rest to surrender.

In 1803, now referred to in the island for marking the time of events, by the name of *La Grange* (the name of the invading General), the French again landed at each flank of Roseau. The regular troops and the militia fought gallantly, but unfortunately Roseau, the capital, was set on fire accidentally, and was obliged to capitulate, paying the enemy 12,000*l.* to quit; whilst the Governor, Sir George Prevost, and the troops (regular and militia) proceeded across the island to the superior position of Prince Rupert's, near the town of Portsmouth.

In 1833 the island was, with Antigua and the other Leeward Islands, formed into a General Government, under a Governor-in-Chief, resident at Antigua.

Riots occurred in 1893, in the district of La Plaine on the Windward Coast of the island, in connection with the collection of taxes. The police and a party of marines and blue jackets, landed from H.M.S. *Mohawk*, were stoned, and compelled to fire on the rioters, with fatal results. An inquiry into the administration was ordered by the Secretary of State, and entrusted to Sir R. Hamilton, formerly Governor of Tasmania, who visited the island, and made a report (*vide* H. L. 280, 1893, and C—7447, 1894).

Dominica, in common with other West Indian islands, was visited in 1897 by the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into the condition of the West Indian colonies; and an important outcome of their recommendations was the grant, in 1898, of 15,000*l.* by the Imperial Parliament for road construction in the island.

Considerable areas in the island are at present uncultivated. Much of this was at one time under coffee, but "blight" and the marauding of the Maroons led to the abandonment of many estates, while the depreciation of sugar still further reduced the area of cultivation. The soil is good and the climate healthy. Limes and cacao flourish throughout the coastal zone, and the higher slopes in the centre of the island are well adapted to the cultivation of coffee, nutmegs, spices and such tropical fruits that require humid conditions.

There are many thermal, chalybeate, sulphur, and other medicinal springs in the island, which is volcanic, and on the Grand Soufrière Hills there is a geyser or boiling lake at an elevation of 2,300 feet.

An eruption in the great crater took place on 4th January, 1880, volcanic ash covering the roofs of the houses in Roseau to a depth of two or three inches.

The island abounds in rivers, with fish in some, and there is a plentiful supply of water power.

Lime-juice, citrate of lime, cocoas, coconuts, and fruit (including green limes) are the chief products; sugar, formerly the staple industry, has now ceased to be made. A considerable trade is carried on also in spices, oils, and timber. The principal exports in 1926 were: cocoas, 12,117*l.*; limes and lime juice, 67,989*l.*; coconuts, 1,174*l.*; essential oils, 52,691*l.*; vanilla, 1,057*l.*

The rainfall in Roseau for 1926 was 59.38 inches; the average for the whole island was 103.67 inches; the mean temperature 80.59 Fahr.

The chief town is Roseau, with a population of 6,803 according to the census of April, 1921: it is a port of registry, and had registered on 31st December, 1925, 14 vessels, of a total tonnage of 208 tons. The other town is Portsmouth, to the north-west of the island, in Prince Rupert's Bay. There is a branch of Barclays Bank (Dominions, Colonial and Overseas) at Roseau, and one of the Royal Bank of Canada, established in April, 1915.

There is a Government telephone system of 542 miles, with 7 exchanges, and a Government electric light service for the town of Roseau.

The Local Government is administered by an Administrator, aided by an Executive Council of 7 members. In July, 1898, the Legislative Assembly, which was previously partly elected and partly nominated, passed an Act abrogating itself, and substituting the Crown Colony system. A Legislative council was created, consisting of twelve members, six officials and six non-officials, all nominated by the Governor under Royal Letters Patent. Ordinance No. 21 of 1924, provides for the election of four of the unofficial members of the council. The Administrator presides in the absence of the Governor from the Presidency.

A considerable number of the inhabitants speak a French *patois*, but the use of English is becoming general.

A remnant of the original Carib inhabitants of the Island is still in existence (*vide* Cd. 1298, 1902).

According to the Census of 1921 there are about 420 Caribs in the island, of whom about 141 are estimated as of pure blood.

Year.	FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917-8	46,106	54,040	606,629	618,971
1918-9	47,259	52,678	392,760	397,658
1919-20	56,097	52,095	495,995	503,509
1920-21	59,219	58,567	524,034	569,142
1921-22	57,809	63,414	561,590	590,909
1922-23	58,315	52,959	617,033	759,447
1923-24	51,803	55,994	543,005	694,639
1924-25	48,153	55,483	521,809	648,069
1925-26	61,623 (a)	62,511 (b)	539,898	604,064
1926-27	87,833 (c)	62,395 (d)	564,242	634,006

(a) Includes Imperial Grant of 13,000*l.*

(b) Of this amount 4,252*l.* represents expenditure from Imperial Grant.

(c) Includes Imperial Grant of 30,000*l.*

(d) Expenditure from Imperial Grant 6,244*l.*

Year.	Imports.			Total.
	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	
1917	60,117	71,561	101,155	232,833
1918	34,016	107,694	63,506	205,216
1919	39,877	85,525	77,958	203,360
1920	84,171	115,195	86,802	286,168
1921	66,038	85,222	60,561	211,821
1922	49,484	56,506	51,795	157,784
1923	42,580	58,832	49,543	150,955
1924	47,696	53,013	42,870	143,579
1925	52,111	50,308	43,785	146,204
1926	48,833	71,743	44,308	164,884

Year.	Exports.			Total.
	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	
1917	123,662	9,448	90,068	223,178
1918	106,824	15,514	86,967	209,305
1919	95,790	16,141	144,858	256,789
1920	116,965	19,480	95,195	231,640
1921	82,657	14,356	110,770	207,783
1922	80,033	10,642	73,192	163,867
1923	55,216	10,453	56,999	122,668
1924	37,826	16,859	116,572	171,257
1925	40,367	17,919	67,310	125,596
1926	32,792	15,972	97,107	145,871

Population, Census 1901—28,894.

" " 1911—33,863.

" " 1921—37,039.

Debt, 31st Dec., 1926—60,000*.

Customs Revenue, 1925-26—24,605l.

" " 1926-27—25,679l.

Administrators, Dominica.

P. A. Templer, C.M.G.	...	...	1895
H. Hesketh Bell, C.M.G.	...	...	1899
W. Douglas Young, C.M.G.	...	...	1906
Edward Drayton, C.M.G.	...	...	1914
Arthur Mahaffy, O.B.E.	...	...	1915
R. Walter, C.M.G.	...	...	1920
E. C. Eliot	...	...	1923

Executive Council.

The Governor of the Leeward Islands.
The Administrator.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
H. A. Bascom, *Treasurer*.
T. Cools Lartigue, *Magistrate, District "E."*
F. B. B. Shand, *Crown Attorney*.

Non-Official—

H. H. V. Whitchurch, J. R. H. Bridgewater.
Clerk, R. B. Skinner.

Legislative Council.

President, The Administrator.

Official Members.	Non-Official Members.
F. B. B. Shand.	S. L. V. Green (elected).
H. A. Bascom.	H. D. Shillingford (elected).
Dr. C. M. Rolston.	C. E. A. Rawle (elected).
F. C. Clarkson.	A. A. Baron (elected).
F. G. Harcourt.	J. R. H. Bridgewater (nominated).
T. E. P. Baynes.	H. H. V. Whitchurch (nominated).

Clerk, R. B. Skinner.

*Accumulated Sinking Fund, 1926—£41,785.

Civil Establishment.

Administrator, E. C. Eliot, 800l. by 50l. to 1,000l., and 100l. table allowance.
Chief Clerk and Clerk of Councils, R. B. Skinner, 375l.
Warden of the Northern District, T. E. P. Baynes, 500l. and 50l. horse and travelling allowance.

Treasury and Customs.

Treasurer and Comptroller of Customs, Henry Alexander Bascom, 375l. to 437l. 10s., with 20l. as Manager Savings Bank, and 25l. as Receiver Crown Revenue.
Treasury Government Officers, C. A. Seignoret, 218l. 15s. to 250l. and Sunday fees and 50l. personal; P. I. Boyd, 187l. 10s. to 218l. 15s., with 17l. 10s. as Accountant Savings Bank; J. J. Daway, 156l. 5s. to 187l. 10s.; Statistical Clerk, S. S. Thomas, 200l. to 250l.; H. Dyett, 156l. 5s. to 187l. 10s. and Sunday fees; H. Butler, 156l. 5s. to 187l. 10s. and Sunday fees; L. J. S. Giraud, 143l. 15s. to 175l. with 12l. 10s. as Cashier Savings Bank; T. J. S. Rawle, 125l. to 156l. 5s.; J. N. Macintyre, 125l. to 156l. 5s.

Sub-Treasurer, Portsmouth, the Warden of the Northern District.

Judicial Establishment.

(For Judges of the Supreme Court and Attorney General, see *Leeward Islands Federal Establishment*.)

First Puisne Judge, Leeward Islands, R. E. Noble, 800l.
Crown Attorney, Registrar of the Supreme Court and Provost-Marshal, F. B. B. Shand, Crown Attorney, Mr. E. H. E. Dalrymple, acting as Provost Marshal.
First Clerk and French Interpreter, A. M. Rock, 200l., by 10l. to 250l.
Magistrate, District E., T. Cools-Lartigue, 437l. 10s. and 62l. 10s. as Registrar-General, and travelling allowance 30l.
Magistrate, District F. and Govt. Officer, Eastern District, D. O. Riviere, 400l. and travelling allowance 50l.
*Magistrate, District G., T. E. P. Baynes (see *Warden of the Northern District*).*

Medical Establishment.

Chief Medical Officer and Medical Officer of the Public Institutions, C. M. Rolston, M.D., F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Quarantine Officers, H. Dyett, H. W. Butler, and J. N. Macintyre (as Treasury Officers).
Medical Officer, District A., Clarence Ham Sills, M.D., C.M., Toronto, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 400l. by 25l. to 450l., 50l. travelling allowance, and private practice.
Medical Officer, District B., Edward Brown Garrard, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 400l. by 25l. to 450l., 50l. allowance in lieu of quarters, 50l. travelling allowance and private practice.
Medical Officer, District C., R. F. Armour, 400l. by 25l. to 450l., quarters, 50l. travelling allowance, and private practice.
Medical Officer, District D., G. Kinneard, M.D., 400l. by 25l. to 450l., 50l. allowance in lieu of quarters, 50l. travelling allowance, and private practice.
Port Health Officers, Roseau, C. H. Sills, M.D.; Portsmouth, E. B. Garrard, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Public Works Department.

Colonial Engineer and Surveyor-General, E. C. Patrickson, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 450*l.*, horse allowance 30*l.*

Clerk to ditto, R. H. Shillingford, 187*l.* 10*s.* to 250*l.*
Superintendent Telephones, and Foreman Electric Light, L. Deschamps (acting), 180*l.*

Road Surveyor, Northern District, W. A. Knight, 225*l.* to 250*l.*, with 10*l.* travelling allowance, and 30*l.* horse allowance.

Road Surveyor, Western District, G. A. Winston, 156*l.* 5*s.* to 187*l.* 10*s.*, with 10*l.* travelling allowance, and 30*l.* horse allowance.

Botanical.

Curator of Botanical Gardens and Agricultural Superintendent, F. G. Harcourt, 500*l.*, travelling, and allowance in lieu of quarters.

Assistant Curator, J. W. Wright, 300*l.* by 25*l.* to 350*l.*, travelling and quarters.

2nd Assistant Curator, F. L. Squibbs, 300*l.* by 12*l.* 10*s.* to 350*l.*

Police.

Inspector of Police, Capt. O. St. A. Duke, 400*l.* and quarters; horse allowance, 72*l.*; Keeper of Powder Magazine, is also Officer Instructor to Local Forces and Officer Commanding Local Forces.

Sub-Inspector, J. R. Branch, 200*l.*, quarters, horse and travelling allowance, 36*l.*

Inspector of Weights and Measures, Capt. O. St. A. Duke, fees.

Surgeon, The Chief Medical Officer *ex-officio*.

Prison.

Officer in Charge of Prison Discipline, Capt. O. St. A. Duke.

Keeper of Prison, N. A. Clarke, 125*l.*, and quarters.

Post Office.

Postmaster, G. B. Seignoret, 250*l.* to 312*l.* 10*s.* with 15*l.* personal.

Deputy - postmaster, Portsmouth, The Sub-Treasurer, *ex-officio*.

Educational Establishment.

Head Master, Dominica Grammar School, H. B. Pidduck, 250*l.* and quarters.

Assistant Master, ditto, N. A. Jeffers, 150*l.* and 40*l.* allowance in lieu of quarters.

Inspector of Schools, G. W. Pearson, 200*l.* by 20*l.* to 240*l.* and 60*l.* travelling allowance.

The Inspector of Schools performs the duties of *Educational Officer*.

There are 23 Government Schools in the several districts of the Island under the charge of:—

6 *First Class Teachers*, 90*l.* to 120*l.* each,

5 *Second Class Teachers*, 65*l.* to 80*l.* each,

12 *Third Class Teachers*, 45*l.* to 60*l.* each,

with result grants and allowances for quarters. Free Education.

Chief Ministers of Religion.

Anglican Church, The Rev. P. K. P. Bolton.

Roman Catholic Church Bishop, The Right Reverend James Moris, C.Ss.R.

Vicar-General, The Very Reverend C. De Vos, C.Ss.R.

Wesleyan, The Rev. E. G. Errey, Superintendent.

Foreign Consuls.

France, J. F. Giraud, Consular Agent.

Belgium, A. R. Cools-Lartigue, Vice-Consul.

United States of America, H. A. Frampton, Consular Agent.

MONTSERRAT.

This Island, discovered by Columbus in 1493, was named by him after a famous mountain in Spain, where is situated the monastery in which Ignatius Loyola conceived the project of founding the Society of Jesus.

It is situated 27 miles from Antigua in 16°45' N. lat., and 61° W. long., and is about 11 miles in length, and 7 in the broadest part. Its total area is 32½ square miles. It is of volcanic formation and very rugged and mountainous. The hills are covered with forest, the highest elevation being Chance's Mtn. (3,000 feet) in the southern part of the island. Plymouth, the chief town, with a population of 1,730, is on an open roadstead on the south-west coast. It is a port of registry, and had, on 31st December, 1926, 4 sailing vessels, total tonnage 134 tons net.

Montserrat was colonised by the Irish in 1632; the French took it in 1664, and levied heavy imposts on the inhabitants; it was restored to England in 1668. It capitulated to the French in 1782, but was restored to the English in 1783.

Montserrat possessed a Legislative Council and Assembly as early as 1668. In 1861, these were replaced by a single Chamber of eight elected and four nominated members.

By an Act of the Legislative Assembly, dated 24th Dec., 1866, and confirmed by Order in Council 26th Feb., 1867, this Chamber was replaced by a Legislative Council of not more than six nominated members. By Act No. 2, of 1902, which rescinded these Acts, the number of members was limited to four. Ordinance No. 4 of 1909 repealed No. 2 of 1902 and limited the tenure of office of the members of the Council to three years. Ordinance No. 2 of 1911 amended No. 4 of 1909 and increased the number of members to six. Ordinance No. 18 of 1922 amended No. 4 of 1909 and increased the number to eight. Unofficial representation on the General Legislative Council of the L.I. has now been provided for.

The cultivation of sugar and limes, once the staple industries of the island, has declined, and onions and cotton are now the principal products. 377,294 lbs. of cotton lint (value 39,097*l.*) were exported in 1926.

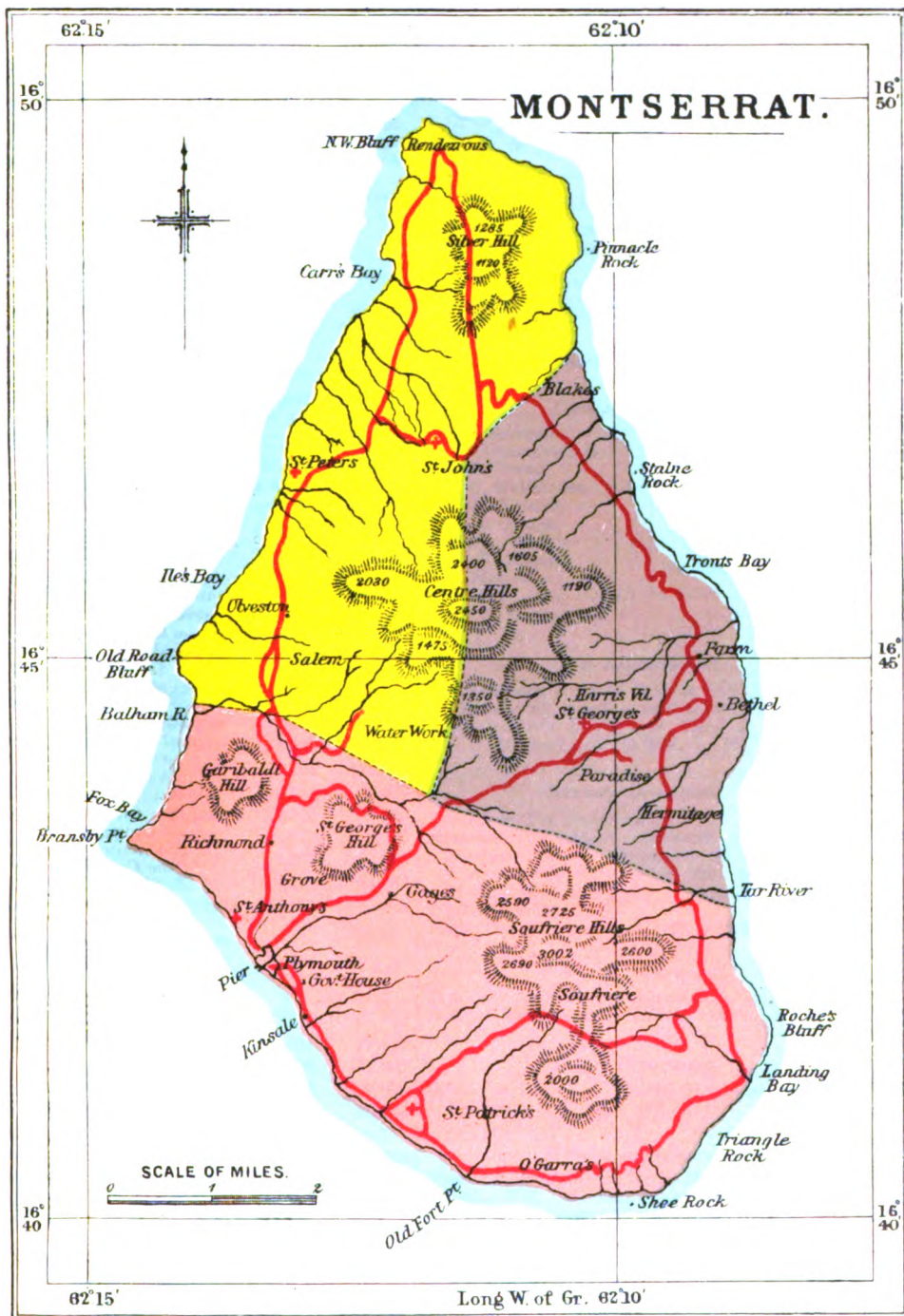
The cultivation of Sea Island cotton, which was once grown during the American Civil War, was re-introduced in 1901, and, where the lands are suitable, has superseded the sugar industry.

Approximately 5 tons of tobacco were produced in the island during 1925.

Among the other exports may be mentioned a drug known as "papaïn," essential oils, lime juice, cotton-seed oil and cattle.

There are eight Anglican schools with 1,478 scholars, three Wesleyan with 753, one Roman Catholic with 217, and one undenominational with 253 scholars.

The roads of the island have of late years been much improved, and drained by masonry culverts and surface drains; and every year progress is made in these respects.



Public Works Department.

Colonial Engineer and Surveyor-General, E. C. Patrickson, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 450*l.*, horse allowance 30*l.*

Clerk to ditto, R. H. Shillingford, 187*l.* 10*s.* to 250*l.*
Superintendent Telephones, and Foreman Electric Light, L. Deschamps (acting), 180*l.*

Road Surveyor, Northern District, W. A. Knight, 225*l.* to 250*l.*, with 10*l.* travelling allowance, and 30*l.* horse allowance.

Road Surveyor, Western District, G. A. Winston, 156*l.* 5*s.* to 187*l.* 10*s.*, with 10*l.* travelling allowance, and 30*l.* horse allowance.

Botanical.

Curator of Botanical Gardens and Agricultural Superintendent, F. G. Harcourt, 500*l.*, travelling, and allowance in lieu of quarters.

Assistant Curator, J. W. Wright, 300*l.* by 25*l.* to 350*l.*, travelling and quarters.

2nd Assistant Curator, F. L. Squibbs, 300*l.* by 12*l.* 10*s.* to 350*l.*

Police.

Inspector of Police, Capt. O. St. A. Duke, 400*l.* and quarters; horse allowance, 72*l.*; Keeper of Powder Magazine, is also Officer Instructor to Local Forces and Officer Commanding Local Forces.

Sub-Inspector, J. R. Branch, 200*l.*, quarters, horse and travelling allowance, 36*l.*

Inspector of Weights and Measures, Capt. O. St. A. Duke, fees.

Surgeon, The Chief Medical Officer *ex-officio*.

Prison.

Officer in Charge of Prison Discipline, Capt. O. St. A. Duke.

Keeper of Prison, N. A. Clarke, 125*l.*, and quarters.

Post Office.

Postmaster, G. B. Seignoret, 250*l.* to 312*l.* 10*s.* with 15*l.* personal.

Deputy - postmaster, Portsmouth, The Sub-Treasurer, *ex-officio*.

Educational Establishment.

Head Master, Dominica Grammar School, H. B. Pidduck, 250*l.* and quarters.

Assistant Master, ditto, N. A. Jeffers, 150*l.* and 40*l.* allowance in lieu of quarters.

Inspector of Schools, G. W. Pearson, 200*l.* by 20*l.* to 240*l.*, and 60*l.* travelling allowance.

The Inspector of Schools performs the duties of *Educational Officer*.

There are 23 Government Schools in the several districts of the Island under the charge of:—

6 *First Class Teachers*, 90*l.* to 120*l.* each,

5 *Second Class Teachers*, 65*l.* to 80*l.* each,

12 *Third Class Teachers*, 45*l.* to 60*l.* each,

with result grants and allowances for quarters. Free Education.

Chief Ministers of Religion.

Anglican Church, The Rev. P. K. P. Bolton.

Roman Catholic Church Bishop, The Right Reverend James Moris, C.Ss.R.

Vicar-General, The Very Reverend C. De Vos, C.Ss.R.

Wesleyan, The Rev. E. G. Errey, Superintendent.

Foreign Consuls.

France, J. F. Giraud, Consular Agent.

Belgium, A. R. Cools-Lartigue, Vice-Consul.

United States of America, H. A. Fraughton, Consular Agent.

MONTSERRAT.

This Island, discovered by Columbus in 1493, was named by him after a famous mountain in Spain, where is situated the monastery in which Ignatius Loyola conceived the project of founding the Society of Jesus.

It is situated 27 miles from Antigua in 16°45' N. lat., and 61° W. long., and is about 11 miles in length, and 7 in the broadest part. Its total area is 32½ square miles. It is of volcanic formation and very rugged and mountainous. The hills are covered with forest, the highest elevation being Chance's Mtn. (3,000 feet) in the southern part of the island. Plymouth, the chief town, with a population of 1,730, is on an open roadstead on the south-west coast. It is a port of registry, and had, on 31st December, 1926, 4 sailing vessels, total tonnage 134 tons net.

Montserrat was colonised by the Irish in 1632; the French took it in 1664, and levied heavy imposts on the inhabitants; it was restored to England in 1668. It capitulated to the French in 1782, but was restored to the English in 1783.

Montserrat possessed a Legislative Council and Assembly as early as 1668. In 1861, these were replaced by a single Chamber of eight elected and four nominated members.

By an Act of the Legislative Assembly, dated 24th Dec., 1866, and confirmed by Order in Council 26th Feb., 1867, this Chamber was replaced by a Legislative Council of not more than six nominated members. By Act No. 2, of 1902, which rescinded these Acts, the number of members was limited to four. Ordinance No. 4 of 1909 repealed No. 2 of 1902 and limited the tenure of office of the members of the Council to three years. Ordinance No. 2 of 1911 amended No. 4 of 1909 and increased the number of members to six. Ordinance No. 18 of 1922 amended No. 4 of 1909 and increased the number to eight. Unofficial representation on the General Legislative Council of the L.I. has now been provided for.

The cultivation of sugar and limes, once the staple industries of the island, has declined, and onions and cotton are now the principal products. 377,294 lbs. of cotton lint (value 39,097*l.*) were exported in 1926.

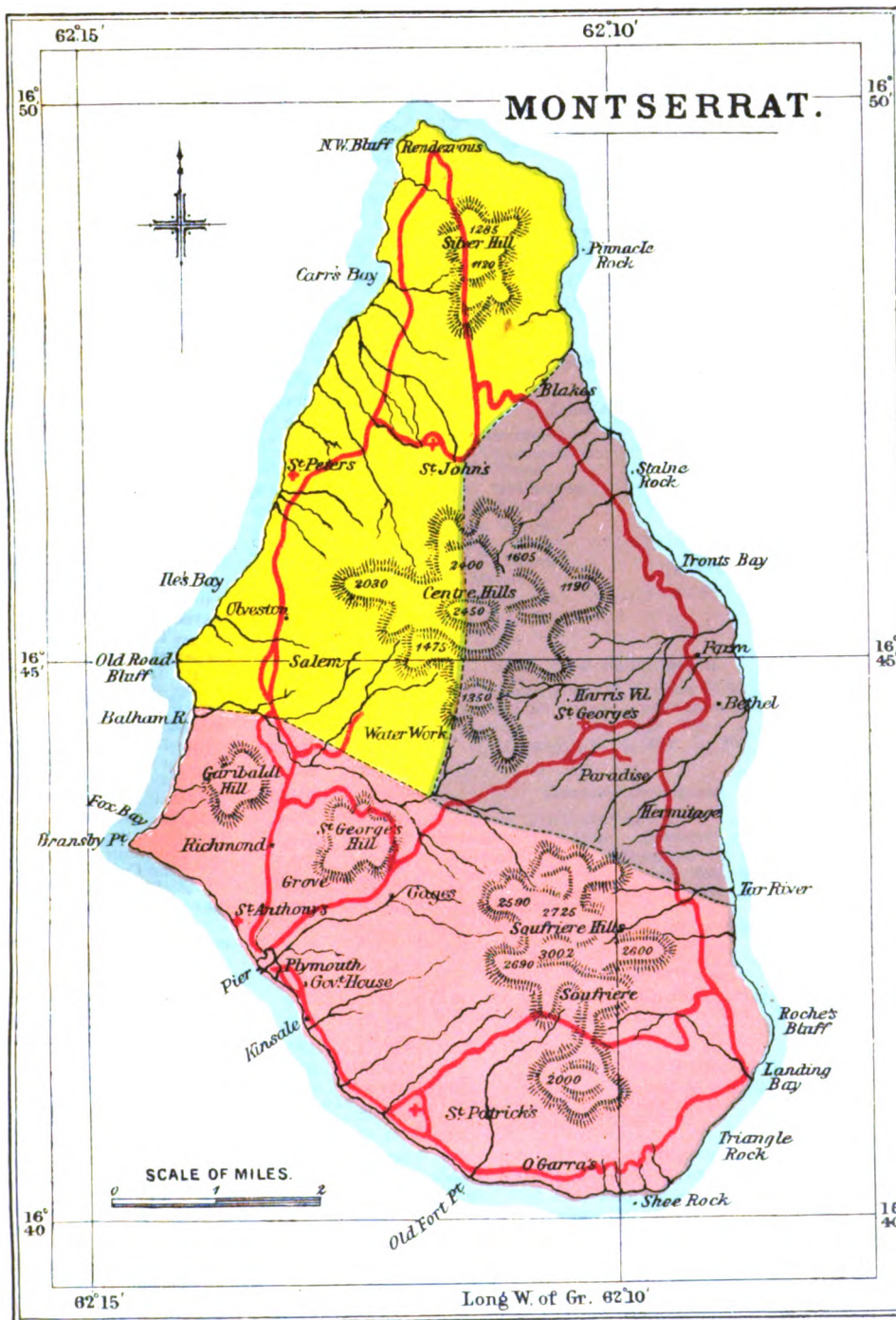
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There are eight Anglican schools with 1,478 scholars, three Wesleyan with 753, one Roman Catholic with 217, and one undenominational with 253 scholars.

The roads of the island have of late years been much improved, and drained by masonry culverts and surface drains; and every year progress is made in these respects.



On 7th August, 1899, the island was devastated by a hurricane; and again on 28th August, 1924.

On 27th September, 1920, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales visited Montserrat.

There is telephonic communication throughout the Island; a Wireless Station was erected in 1925.

The island is considered to be one of the most healthy of the Antilles. Death-rate 1926, 13·85 per 1,000. Birth-rate 1926, 14·78 per 1,000.

The rainfall in 1926, was 61·09 inches at Grove station; and the mean temperature was dry bulb 81·3°, wet bulb 74·1°.

FINANCES.			SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
Year.	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18	12,805	12,614	303,172	304,698
1918-19	17,671	12,893	167,327	168,375
1919-20	19,336	16,014	301,329	302,629
1920-21	19,622	21,743	317,592	318,238
1921-22	17,102	24,267	331,797	332,712
1922-23	18,097	17,017	388,407	388,929
1923-24	23,693	19,653	484,637	485,756
1924-25	17,168	24,053	445,425	446,737
1925-26	21,371	21,040	278,303	279,410
1926-27	22,659	21,140	309,260	311,114

IMPORTS.				
Year.	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	14,950	27,548	15,134	57,632
1918	15,973	37,954	16,902	70,829
1919	9,245	16,662	33,238	59,145
1920	31,689	64,098	15,856	111,643
1921	5,736	27,093	10,261	43,090
1922	6,676	28,858	11,292	46,826
1923	9,536	26,894	13,013	49,443
1924	8,500	33,145	11,550	53,195
1925	14,638	35,491	9,674	59,803
1926	15,718	35,139	14,092	64,949

EXPORTS.				
Year.	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	38,198	25,242	542	63,982
1918	70,521	11,474	5,017	87,012
1919	85,771	9,001	7,286	102,058
1920	182,545	25,004	343	207,092
1921	59,212	7,992	1,146	68,350
1922	42,585	16,535	633	59,753
1923	53,300	13,171	10,853	77,324
1924	49,428	9,181	716	59,325
1925	40,121	3,813	1,408	45,342
1926	53,763	7,442	1,508	62,713

Public Debt, 31st March, 1925—14,100l.

Population, Census, 1901—12,215; 1911—12,196; 1921—12,120.

Customs Revenue, for financial year 1926-27, 15,820l.

Commissioners of Montserrat.

Edward Baynes, March, 1889.

F. H. Watkins, I.S.O., January, 1900.

Lt.-Col. Wilfred B. Davidson-Houston, C.M.G., March, 1906.

C. F. Condell, October, 1918.

Major H. W. Peebles, D.S.O., O.B.E., September, 1922.

Executive Council.

The Colonial Secretary, } of the Leeward
The Attorney-General, } Islands.

L. R. Twose.

J. C. McPherson, M.B.

S. W. Howes, O.B.E.

H. F. Shand.

C. Mercer.

Clerk, J. D. Maloney.

Legislative Council.

The Governor.

The Commissioner.

L. R. Twose.

J. C. McPherson.

O. R. Kelsick.

C. A. Gomez.

W. L. Wall.

H. F. Shand.

C. Mercer.

O. G. Bladen.

Clerk, J. D. Maloney.

Civil Establishment.

Commissioner, Major H. Peebles, D.S.O., O.B.E., 700l. and 500l. entertainment allowance.

Commissioner's Clerk and Clerk of Councils, J. D. Maloney, 1500l. to 2000l., by 100l.

Treasury Department.

Treasurer, The Commissioner.

Assistant Treasurer, Collector of Customs, Harbour Master, Admeasurer of Vessels, and Postmaster, O. R. Kelsick, 2250l. to 3120l. 10s. by 120l. 10s., and fees, average 120l. House allowance 360l.

First Clerk, W. O. Peters, 1500l. to 2000l. by 100l.

Judicial Department.

Registrar and Provost-Marshal, L. R. Twose.

District Magistrate, L. R. Twose, 3000l.

Prison Department.

Officer in charge of Prison Discipline, S. A. McKinstry.

Medical Department.

Senior Medical Officer, J. C. McPherson, M.D., C.M., 3750l., 50l. drug allowance and private practice, travelling allowance 500l.

Junior Medical Officer, N. L. Margetson, M.D., C.M., M.C., P. and S. Ont. ditto, and travelling allowance 500l.

Medical Officer of Health, J. C. McPherson.

Post Office Department.

Postmaster, The Commissioner.

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Education Department.

Educational District Officer, D. White, 25l. and 15l. travelling allowance.

Public Works Department.

Superintendent of Works and Roads, The Commissioner.
Inspector of Works and Roads (vacant).

Telephone Department.

Superintendent of Telephones, The Commissioner.

Agricultural Department.

Curator, C. A. Gomez, 250l. by 10l. to 350l., horse allowance 30l., house allowance 25l.

Clergy.

Anglican Rector of St. Anthony's and St. Patrick's Parishes, Rev. Canon F. W. Haines.
Anglican Rector of St. Peter's Parish (vacant).
Anglican Rector of St. George's Parish, Rev. J. W. Leverock.
Roman Catholic Vicar, Rev. Father A. Moris.
Wesleyan Minister, Rev. W. Sunter.

VIRGIN ISLANDS.

The Virgin Islands were discovered by Columbus in 1493; they consist of a cluster of islands to eastward of and adjacent to Porto Rico; the largest in the group belonging to Great Britain is Tortola, which is situated in 18° 27' N. lat., and 64° 39' W. long. These islands, so far as they are British, became so in 1666.

The British islands (about 32 in number) include Tortola, Virgin Gorda, Anegada, Jost van Dyke, Peter Island, Salt Island, and all others not in the possession of the United States of America. The total area of the British colony is about 58 square miles. A lighthouse is maintained by the Board of Trade on Sombrero, which was first included in the Colony in 1904.

The Americans possess St. Thomas, St. John, and St. Croix.

A civil government and courts of justice were established in the Virgin Islands in 1773.

In April, 1867, an Ordinance was passed to amend the Constitution of the Virgin Islands. It was enacted that a Legislative Council should be constituted, to consist of the Colonial Secretary and the Colonial Treasurer, and not more than three unofficial members, to be nominated by the Administrator of the Government. This Ordinance was repealed May 1st, 1902, under which the Governor of the Leeward Islands ordains the laws. There is also an Executive Council.

The chief town is Road Town, Tortola, population (1921) 437, which is a port of registry, having, on 31st December, 1925, 7 vessels, total tonnage, 93.

The cultivation of sea island cotton, once the principal industry of the Virgin Islands, has been abandoned in consequence of the destruction wrought by the Pink Boll Worm. A tobacco industry has been started at the Experiment Station where cigars are manufactured for export. Attempts are being made to establish other industries. The land is admirably adapted for the growth of coconuts, sugar-cane, tobacco, sisal, etc.

A small quantity of sugar is made for local consumption.

The peasants own and cultivate most of the land in small plots for subsistence. They also raise a few cattle, and catch fish. They take their produce in small boats to St. Thomas, and this constant sailing among the reefs and currents which surround the Virgin Islands, makes them the finest seamen in the West Indies. They are a hardy, intelligent race, remarkably distinct from the inhabitants of the neighbouring islands. Their trade and intercourse is with the Virgin Islands of the U.S., and to a smaller extent with Hayti and San Domingo.

During the years 1914 and 1915, the planting of coconuts by the Government Experiment Station and by proprietors of land in the Virgin Islands received much attention. Considerable damage was done to the coconut cultivation by the hurricane in 1924, but active measures for its re-establishment are being taken by the Agricultural Department. A large area of land in the Virgin Islands is well adapted to coconut cultivation, and the existing trees are quite free from any serious insect or fungoid pests.

The currency consists almost entirely of foreign money, which circulates at the following rates of exchange: Danish money at 25 francs to 1l., American money at \$5 to 1l.

The climate is more healthy than that of the other West Indies, and the heat not so great. The average annual rainfall at Road Town is about 54 inches.

Large quantities of fibrous plants (agaves and bromelias) grow wild everywhere in Tortola.

The mail communication is weekly by Government motor launch to St. Thomas. Mails are also despatched to St. Thomas nearly every day, letters for Europe being usually sent *via* Porto Rico and New York weekly.

FINANCES.			SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
Year.	Local Revenue. £	Local Expenditure. £	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18	6,148	5,774	10,359	12,572
1918-19	5,070	6,227	10,381	11,248
1919-20	14,880	8,149	11,903	12,059
1920-21	11,715	9,826	14,622	15,201
1921-22	12,554	7,319	12,714	15,169
1922-23	9,441	8,156	12,709	15,276
1923-24	10,448	7,896	13,496	17,153
1924-25	7,872	9,110	12,630	16,850
1925-26	8,582	13,469	13,345	16,485
1926-27	9,486	8,348	13,766	16,473

Public Debt—Nil.

Population according to Census.

1921 5,187

Year.	IMPORTS.			Total. £
	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	
1917	957	1,959	11,072	13,988
1918	1,547	2,774	12,839	17,160
1919	987	2,425	16,297	19,709
1920	3,081	774	39,558	43,413
1921	2,111	6,545	23,906	32,562
1922	1,896	11,125	22,919	35,940
1923	1,940	14,353	20,583	36,876
1924	1,708	14,081	21,174	36,963
1925	3,093	8,712	22,638	34,443
1926	1,927	12,342	18,048	32,317

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	225	1,769	6,823	8,817
1918	1,653	1,244	6,149	9,046
1919	2,965	1,915	8,484	13,364
1920	—	212	23,890	24,102
1921	—	4,297	16,079	20,376
1922	—	114	12,720	12,834
1923	15	1,103	12,463	13,581
1924	—	502	12,708	13,210
1925	187	361	10,361	10,909
1926	86	206	11,076	11,368

Customs Revenue. 1924-25, 5,270*l.*; 1925-26, 5,096*l.*; 1926-27, 5,178*l.*

*Executive Council.**

The Colonial Secretary, } of the Leeward
The Attorney-General, } Islands.
D. P. Wailling (*official*).
W. Campbell Roy (*unofficial*).
J. E. W. Georges (*unofficial*).

Civil Establishment.

Commissioner, F. C. Clarkson, 500*l.*, 50*l.* entertainment allowance and residence.

Treasury and Customs.

Treasurer, Registrar of Shipping, etc., The Commissioner (*ex-officio*).
Clerk to Treasurer, C. R. Meade, 218*l.* 15*s.* to 250*l.* by 6*l.* 5*s.*, personal allowance, 36*l.*
Government Officers, J. T. Parker, 150*l.* and fees; C. C. Crandall, 62*l.* 10*s.* to 75*l.* by 6*l.* 5*s.*, and fees; G. F. Norman, 62*l.* 10*s.* and fees.

Legal Departments.

Deputy Judge of the Summary Jurisdiction Court, Magistrate, Registrar, Provost-Marshal, Coroner, Registrar of Deeds, etc., The Commissioner (*ex-officio*).

Medical Department.

Medical Officer, D. P. Wailling, M.R.C.S., &c., 400*l.* and private practice, travelling allowance, 60*l.*

Registration Department.

Registrar - General of Births, Deaths and Marriages, Civil Marriage Officer, The Commissioner (*ex-officio*).
District Registrars: *District A.*, O. O. Saunders; *District B.*, A. Norman; *District C.*, Alecia Penn; *District D.*, The Commissioner; *Districts E. and F.*, C. C. Crandall.

Post Office Department.

Postmaster, The Commissioner (*ex-officio*).

Agricultural Department.

Agricultural Instructor and Curator, Botanic Station (vacant), 187*l.* 10*l.* by 12*l.* 10*s.* to 250*l.* and quarters.

*When the Governor is present in the Presidency, the Commissioner becomes a member of the Council

MALTA.

Situation and Area.

The Maltese Islands form a group in the Mediterranean Sea, about 58 miles from the nearest point of Sicily, 80 miles from Syracuse, and 142 from Reggio, and about 180 from the nearest point of the mainland of Africa. The length of Malta is about 17 miles, by 9 miles in breadth; its area is 94'870 square miles; that of Gozo, 25'899 square miles, and that of Comino about one square mile. Filifa and Cominotto are mere islets. The whole group is about half the area of the Isle of Man.

History.

The Maltese Islands were inhabited as early as the beginning of the Mousterian cultural period, about 40,000 B.C., by Neanderthal man, of whom remains were discovered in a cave to the south-east of Malta. Traces of paleolithic civilization are not wanting in the islands, and evidence of a neolithic civilization, in the shape of cave dwellings, stone circles, menhirs and dolmens, is found all over the islands. The Phoenicians probably took possession of Malta as soon as they made themselves masters of the Mediterranean Sea. Phoenician remains are few, but there are numerous rock-cut graves of Phoenician type.

At the beginning of the Punic wars the islands were held by Carthage. In the course of the first Punic war they changed hands more than once, but at its conclusion they were still in the possession of the Carthaginians. In 218 B.C., they passed finally to Rome. Under the Romans Malta appears to have enjoyed great prosperity. Diodorus Siculus speaks of the excellence of its harbours, the wealth of its inhabitants, and its many skilful artificers, and refers to its fertility, and Cicero, in the Verrine orations, speaks of it as abounding in riches and famous for its textile manufactures. Inscriptions show that it enjoyed municipal rights in the time of Hadrian, and an interesting fact in its recorded history is that it was the scene of St. Paul's shipwreck (Acts xxviii.). On the final division of the Empire in 395 A.D., Malta fell to the share of the Byzantine Emperor, and for the next four centuries its history is almost a blank. In the 9th century it was three times invaded by the Arabs, who finally conquered it in 870, the Byzantine garrison being massacred in an insurrection of the inhabitants.

In 1090, Count Roger the Norman, with a handful of men, subjected the islands to Sicily. The Sicilian domination lasted for four hundred years, Norman, Angevin, Aragonese and Castilian ruling in turn. During this time, Malta had Sicilian governors and laws, but there is no record of any extensive Sicilian immigration, and the persistence of the old Semitic names in the parish registers, instituted at this period, stands as further evidence that no great ethnographic changes occurred.

The connexion with Sicily was broken in 1530, when the Emperor Charles V gave Malta to the Knights of St. John of Jerusalem, who had been driven from Rhodes by the Turks, and who held Malta until 1798. The loyalty of the Maltese to their new sovereigns, who for the first time were resident in the island, was put to a severe test on several occasions, the most notable being the great siege of 1565, when the Order of St. John, under Grand Master Jean de la Valette, resisted the attacks of the land and sea forces of Solymán

the Magnificent. It was after this great feat of arms that the city of Valletta was built, strong enough to defy the Turkish attacks threatened yearly by the Sultan.

Napoleon Bonaparte invested the island on his way to Egypt, having prepared the ground by intrigue and revolutionary propaganda, and, on the 12th July, 1798, Ferdinand de Hompesch, the last Grand Master in Malta, capitulated without any resistance, and the Order was dispersed.

The French installed themselves in the islands, but their interference with Maltese laws and customs brought about a sharp reaction, and the natives drove the French troops within the fortified towns and, with the help of the British fleet, held them closely blockaded for two years, after which the French, reduced to extremities, surrendered to the British.

In 1800 the government was placed in the hands of Great Britain. The Treaty of Amiens provided that the islands should be restored to the Knights, but this was prevented by the re-commencement of the war, and they were finally annexed to the British Crown by the Treaty of Paris in 1814.

Climate.

The climate of Malta is equable and very healthy in winter. In August the heat at the sea level approaches that experienced in the tropics. The nights, however, are pleasant and cool, except during the prevalence of the scirocco wind. The mean maximum temperature during the three coldest months (December, January, February) is 60° 3' Fahr., and the mean minimum 54° 6'; but during the four hottest months (June, July, August, and September) the mean maximum is 87° 2' Fahr., and the mean minimum 70° 70'. The mean temperature is 64° 0', and the mean annual rainfall is 21·5 inches. There is no river or rivulet in the island, the water drainage becoming absorbed in the porous sandstone beds and finding its way through underground channels and aqueducts.

Industry.

The island is highly cultivated. Besides products for home consumption, early potatoes, onions, cummin seed and oranges are exported. A large number of the inhabitants are employed in connection with the trade of Valletta as a coaling station and an *entrepôt* and port of call. It is a port of registry, having, on 1st January, 1927, 40 vessels, 6,213 gross tonnage. There is a large trade with Tunis, Algeria, Italy, and the Levant.

Chief Towns.

The chief town and capital is Valletta, having, with its suburbs of Floriana, Sliema, and St. Julian's, a population which, in April, 1921, when a census was last taken, was 48,240. The "Three Cities" (Senglea, Cospicua, and Vittoriosa) have a population of 25,770. Citta Vecchia, the old capital, is in the interior of the island, and, with its suburbs, had a population of 9,014. The chief town of Gozo is Victoria (formerly called Rabat), with a population of about 5,219.

Inhabitants and Language.

The Maltese dialect, which is generally spoken, is of Semitic origin, and is akin to Arabic. The educated and commercial classes also speak Italian and English. The Maltese are remarkably thrifty, and industrious. They are excellent seamen and

mechanics: large numbers of them are to be found in Algeria, Gibraltar, the Regency of Tunis, Egypt, the United States, Canada, and Australia.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender currency is, under Order in Council of September 24th, 1886, exclusively British. There are two local banks (Banco di Malta and Anglo-Maltese Bank), and branches of Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), the Banco di Roma, and the Crédit Foncier d'Algérie et de Tunisie. There is also Scicluna's Bank which is a private bank. The amount of British currency notes in circulation on 31st March, 1927, was roughly estimated at 800,000*l.* The Government savings bank was established in 1833. On 31st March, 1927, the deposits amounted to 1,034,868*l.* with 10,533 depositors.

Means of Communication.

The railway, which is of metre gauge, is 7½ miles long; it was originally built by the Malta Railway Company at the cost of about 100,000*l.* The railway became the property of the Local Government in 1890, under a clause of the concession which provided that if the service was suspended for a certain period, the railway would be forfeited to the Government. An electric tramway service was started in 1905, connecting the principal towns and some of the villages with Valletta. There is a telephone exchange with 785 miles of wires. Malta is a station of the Eastern Telegraph Company, with direct cables to Alexandria (3), Gibraltar (3), Bone (2), Messina (1), Tripoli (1), Sicily (1), and Zante (1).

Malta is a port of call for nearly all the Mediterranean lines of steamers, and is an important coaling station, facilities being given for coaling at any hour, day and night. There is direct mail communication with several Mediterranean ports and with England. The rates of postage are as follows:—

Letters:

Local . . . First oz., ½*d.*; every additional oz., ½*d.*
To the United Kingdom, British Dominions,
Protectorates and Colonies, the U.S.
America, Tangier and H.M.'s Forces
First oz., 1½*d.*; every additional oz., 1*d.*
To other countries and places
First oz., 2½*d.*; every additional oz., 1½*d.*

Postcards:

Local ½*d.*
Foreign 1½*d.*

Newspapers:

Local ½*d.* for each 2 ozs.
In the case of a local newspaper exceeding in weight 2 ozs., the rate will not be more than ½*d.*
Foreign ½*d.* for each 2 ozs.

Public Works.

The drainage of the fortified towns, which was commenced in 1876 at the joint charge of the Colonial and Imperial Treasuries, was completed in 1885, and has greatly improved their sanitary condition. New drainage works were commenced in 1899, and Cottonera, Sliema, St. Julian's, Misida, Pietà, Calcara, Zabbar, Hamrun, Curmi, Rabato Tarxien, Paula, Zejtun, Birkirkara, Balzan and Attard, part of Caal Lija and other places have been drained. The waterworks have also been much improved, and have now been extended to all the villages and to Gozo. Considerable progress has been made in public lighting, and in improving the roads and streets. Electric lighting has been

installed, and current is supplied to the following places, Valletta, Floriana, Sliema, St. Julian's, St. George's, Pietà, Misida, Marsa, Birkirkara, Attard, the Three Cities, including the two harbours, Rabato and Notabilo, Paulo, Tarxien, Zeitun, Zabbar, Zebbug and Victoria, Gozo.

Constitution.

A Council of Government, partly elected, was constituted by Letters Patent in 1849, and reconstituted in 1887, the Letters Patent being amended in 1898 and again in 1903.

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the Magnificent. It was after this great feat of arms that the city of Valletta was built, strong enough to defy the Turkish attacks threatened yearly by the Sultan.

Napoleon Bonaparte invested the island on his way to Egypt, having prepared the ground by intrigue and revolutionary propaganda, and, on the 12th July, 1798, Ferdinand de Hompesch, the last Grand Master in Malta, capitulated without any resistance, and the Order was dispersed.

The French installed themselves in the islands, but their interference with Maltese laws and customs brought about a sharp reaction, and the natives drove the French troops within the fortified towns and, with the help of the British fleet, held them closely blockaded for two years, after which the French, reduced to extremities, surrendered to the British.

In 1800 the government was placed in the hands of Great Britain. The Treaty of Amiens provided that the islands should be restored to the Knights, but this was prevented by the re-commencement of the war, and they were finally annexed to the British Crown by the Treaty of Paris in 1814.

Climate.

The climate of Malta is equable and very healthy in winter. In August the heat at the sea level approaches that experienced in the tropics. The nights, however, are pleasant and cool, except during the prevalence of the scirocco wind. The mean maximum temperature during the three coldest months (December, January, February) is 60°3' Fahr., and the mean minimum 54°6'; but during the four hottest months (June, July, August, and September) the mean maximum is 87°2' Fahr., and the mean minimum 70°70'. The mean temperature is 64°0', and the mean annual rainfall is 21·5 inches. There is no river or rivulet in the island, the water drainage becoming absorbed in the porous sandstone beds and finding its way through underground channels and aqueducts.

Industry.

The island is highly cultivated. Besides products for home consumption, early potatoes, onions, cummin seed and oranges are exported. A large number of the inhabitants are employed in connection with the trade of Valletta as a coaling station and an *entrepôt* and port of call. It is a port of registry, having, on 1st January, 1927, 40 vessels, 6,213 gross tonnage. There is a large trade with Tunis, Algeria, Italy, and the Levant.

Chief Towns.

The chief town and capital is Valletta, having, with its suburbs of Floriana, Sliema, and St. Julian's, a population which, in April, 1921, when a census was last taken, was 48,240. The "Three Cities" (Senglea, Cospicua, and Vittoriosa) have a population of 25,770. Citta Vecchia, the old capital, is in the interior of the island, and, with its suburbs, had a population of 9,014. The chief town of Gozo is Victoria (formerly called Rabat), with a population of about 5,219.

Inhabitants and Language.

The Maltese dialect, which is generally spoken, is of Semitic origin, and is akin to Arabic. The educated and commercial classes also speak Italian and English. The Maltese are remarkably thrifty, and industrious. They are excellent seamen and

mechanics; large numbers of them are to be found in Algeria, Gibraltar, the Regency of Tunis, Egypt, the United States, Canada, and Australia.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender currency is, under Order in Council of September 24th, 1886, exclusively British. There are two local banks (Banco di Malta and Anglo-Maltese Bank), and branches of Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), the Banco di Roma, and the Crédit Foncier d'Algérie et de Tunisie. There is also Scieluna's Bank which is a private bank. The amount of British currency notes in circulation on 31st March, 1927, was roughly estimated at 800,000. The Government savings bank was established in 1833. On 31st March, 1927, the deposits amounted to 1,034,868. with 10,533 depositors.

Means of Communication.

The railway, which is of metre gauge, is 7½ miles long; it was originally built by the Malta Railway Company at the cost of about 100,000. The railway became the property of the Local Government in 1890, under a clause of the concession which provided that if the service was suspended for a certain period, the railway would be forfeited to the Government. An electric tramway service was started in 1906, connecting the principal towns and some of the villages with Valletta. There is a telephone exchange with 785 miles of wires. Malta is a station of the Eastern Telegraph Company, with direct cables to Alexandria (3), Gibraltar (3), Bone (2), Messina (1), Tripoli (1), Sicily (1), and Zante (1).

Malta is a port of call for nearly all the Mediterranean lines of steamers, and is an important coaling station, facilities being given for coaling at any hour, day and night. There is direct mail communication with several Mediterranean ports and with England. The rates of postage are as follows:—

Letters:

Local . . . First oz., ½d.; every additional oz., ½d.
To the United Kingdom, British Dominions, Protectorates and Colonies, the U.S. America, Tangier and H.M.'s Forces
First oz., 1½d.; every additional oz., 1d.
To other countries and places
First oz., 2½d.; every additional oz., 1½d.

Postcards:

Local ½d.
Foreign 1½d.

Newspapers:

Local ½d. for each 2 ows.
In the case of a local newspaper exceeding in weight 2 ows., the rate will not be more than ½d.
Foreign ¾d. for each 2 ows.

Public Works.

The drainage of the fortified towns, which was commenced in 1876 at the joint charge of the Colonial and Imperial Treasuries, was completed in 1885, and has greatly improved their sanitary condition. New drainage works were commenced in 1899, and Cottonera, Sliema, St. Julian's, Misida, Pietà, Calceira, Zabbar, Hamrun, Curmi, Rabato Tarxien, Paula, Zejtun, Birchirara, Balzan and Attard, part of Casal Lia and other places have been drained. The waterworks have also been much improved, and have now been extended to all the villages and to Gozo. Considerable progress has been made in public lighting, and in improving the roads and streets. Electric lighting has been

installed, and current is supplied to the following places, Valletta, Floriana, Sliema, St. Julian's, St. George's, Pieta, Misida, Marsa, Bircirkara, Attard, the Three Cities, including the two harbours, Rabato and Notabilo, Paulo, Tarxien, Zeitun, Zabbar, Zebbug and Victoria, Gozo.

Constitution.

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not well versed in English or Italian. The English and Italian languages are recognised as equal languages of culture in Malta at the University, in Secondary Schools, and in the higher classes of Elementary Schools as subjects of study.

Italian remains the official language of the Courts. Persons, however, who do not understand Italian, but understand English, have the right to have the proceedings conducted in that language.

Finance.—The revenue from all sources is paid into a Consolidated Fund, out of which the Public Service is supplied. The Legislature provides for audit and (subject to an obligation to pay the Reserved Civil List) controls expenditure. Money bills must originate in the Lower House and may not be altered by the Senate, but the Senate may return a money bill with their suggestions, which the Lower House must consider. The Senate may, finally, reject a money bill, but may not alter it. The Legislature can only appropriate money out of the Consolidated Fund or alter or impose taxation upon a recommendation of the Governor (advised by his Ministers), and money may only be paid out of the Treasury upon a Governor's Warrant to the Treasurer. The Consolidated Fund has to defray the expenses of the Maltese Imperial Government, and to pay any other sum which the Governor declares to the Lower House to be necessary either to pay the expenses of the Nominated Council, the Privy Council (*see infra*) or the Joint Committee of the Privy Council, or to meet other expenses entailed in dealing with questions as to reserved matters.

Appointment to Public Offices in Malta (except those of Ministers) are made by the Governor in Council. The Crown reserves power at any time to revoke or amend all or any of the provisions relating to reserved matters, language in debates, religious toleration, language generally, and the Reserved Civil List.

The Reserved Civil List covers the charges for the Maltese Imperial Government (that is for the Governor's salary and establishment, and the salaries and establishments of the Lieutenant-Governor and Legal Adviser), and also the Judges' salaries.

Councils.

The Governor is assisted by two Councils—an Executive Council, consisting of such of the Ministers as he selects, and a Nominated Council, consisting of the Lieutenant-Governor and Legal Adviser (who are *ex-officio* members) and three Officers chosen from the Navy, Army and Air Force. The Governor may summon these two Councils to sit together as the "Privy Council of Malta." When any legislative or administrative act is done or proposed which in the Governor's opinion affects a reserved matter, he may submit the consideration of it to a Joint Committee consisting of three members of the Nominated Council appointed by himself, and three members of the Executive Council appointed by the Head of the Ministry.

Education and Religion.

Elementary education is carried on principally in Government schools, which are Roman Catholic and free. There are two secondary schools with 199 scholars, 4 central schools and 108 elementary schools (including 17 infant schools) and 59 night schools with an average enrolment of 28,080 pupils, and an average

attendance of 23,125. There is a public Lyceum with 375 day scholars, and 310 who attend evening classes, and a university (founded in 1769) with an average attendance of about 100 students. At these two latter institutions the fees are comparatively low, ranging from 80s. to 120s. per annum in the Lyceum and not exceeding 6s., exclusive of laboratory and other fees, per annum for all lectures in the University. There are numerous private, elementary and secondary schools. The total number of these schools is about 65, with an approximate attendance of 5,244 pupils. Education is not compulsory, but instruction is obligatory for pupils attending a Government school. The Roman Catholic religion is universal amongst the Maltese.

Revenue.

The most important sources of revenue are the Customs duties, licences, stamp duties, succession and donation duties, fees of office and reimbursements, post office, water and electricity receipts, land revenue, interest and Public Lotto profit.

Weights and Measures.

Malta barrel is equal to 9½ imperial gallons.
 " salm " 1 " quarter.
 " cantar " 175 lbs. English.
 " caffiso " 4½ imperial gallons.

SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	FINANCES.		CLEARED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917-18	470,976	484,726	648,483	1,153,302
1918-19	615,226	601,033	1,003,139	1,380,761
1919-20	650,489	632,233	2,587,669	3,774,468
1920-21	1,063,743*	1,060,664†	2,390,819	4,204,602
1921-22	727,697	710,464	2,307,039	4,220,321
1922-23	728,287	664,330	2,823,808	5,578,176
1923-24	763,298	737,589	3,301,232	6,672,852
1924-25	773,014	757,968	3,391,987	7,712,052
1925-26	862,246	828,725	3,176,693	7,041,174
1926-27	912,977	826,106	3,153,536	7,030,674

Civil Population.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Census 1921	102,745	109,513	212,258

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.	Bullion and Specie.
	£	£	£	£	
1922	1,233,611	292,968	2,146,777	3,673,356	100
1923	1,294,722	644,971	1,902,100	3,841,793	—
1924	1,367,291	257,037	2,792,096	4,416,343	—
1925	1,370,913	263,637	3,961,416	4,495,966	—
1926	1,043,370	303,183	3,192,504	4,539,057	—

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.	Bullion and Specie.
	£	£	£	£	
1922	60,590	24,182	657,106	750,883	107,651
1923	53,548	10,133	1,073,063	1,136,744	20,000
1924	80,479	4,280	1,366,919	1,451,678	88
1925	42,543	2,480	1,116,131	1,161,153	26,000
1926	31,502	2,515	1,323,241	1,357,246	—

Total weight of goods transhipped.

	Tons.
1922	3,417
1923	3,943
1924	3,072
1925	3,400
1926	3,384

* Including Imperial Grant of 250,000.

† Including 238,918, paid for bread subsidy.

Public Debt.

There is, strictly speaking, no public debt in Malta, but interest at 2½% is paid by the Government on 79,081½ outstanding balance on 31st March, 1927, of the debt known as "Massa Frumentaria," incurred by the Municipality of Valletta under the Government of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, in connection with the monopoly of the trade of wheat. The funds of the "Massa Frumentaria" were, in 1798, appropriated by the French Government, then in occupation of the Island.

Governors since 1884.

- 1884 Field-Marshal Sir John Lintorn Arabin
Simmons, G.C.B., G.C.M.G.
1888 Lieut.-Gen. Sir H. D'O. Torrens, K.C.B.,
K.C.M.G.
1890 Lieut.-Gen. Sir Henry Augustus Smyth,
K.C.M.G., R.A.
1893 Gen. Sir Arthur James Lyon Fremantle,
G.C.M.G., C.B.
1899 Lt.-Gen. Sir Francis W. Grenfell, G.C.B.,
G.C.M.G.
1903 Gen. Sir Charles Mansfield Clarke, Bart.,
G.C.B., G.C.V.O.
1907 Lieut.-Gen. Sir Henry Fane Grant,
G.C.V.O., C.B.
1909 Gen. Sir H. M. L. Rundle, G.C.B., G.C.M.G.,
G.C.V.O., D.S.O.
1915 Field-Marshal Rt. Hon. Lord Methuen,
G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.
1919 Field-Marshal Rt. Hon. Lord Plumer,
G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., G.B.E.
1924 General Sir W. N. Congreve, V.C., K.C.B.,
M.V.O., A.D.C.
1927 General Sir John P. Du Cane, K.C.B., A.D.C.

Executive Council.

Governor, General Sir J. P. Du Cane, K.C.B.
Head of the Ministry and Minister for Police and Posts, Lord Strickland, G.C.M.G., LL.B.
Minister for Public Instruction and Migration, Prof. Augusto Bartolo, LL.D., B.Litt., F.R.H.S.
Minister for the Treasury, Colonel A. Samut, C.B., C.M.G.
Minister for Public Health and Charitable Institutions, Prof. R. V. Galea, L.S. & A.
Minister for Justice, Prof. A. Parnis, O.B.E., LL.D.
Minister for Public Works, E. P. Vassallo, L.S. & A.
Minister for Industry and Commerce, W. Salomone.
Clerk of the Council, E. R. Mifsud, O.B.E., 6001.

Nominated Council.

The Governor.
Sir T. A. Vans Best, K.B.E., C.M.G., *Lieutenant-Governor (ex-officio)*.
R. P. Mahaffy, *Loyal Adviser (ex-officio)*.
Rear-Admiral A. V. Campbell, C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O., *Rear-Admiral in Charge and Admiral-Superintendent, H.M. Dockyard*.
Colonel I. C. Mudie, D.S.O., A.A. & Q.M.G., *in charge Administration*.
Air Commodore R. H. Clark-Hall, C.M.G., D.S.O., *Air Officer Commanding, R.A.F.*
Clerk to the Nominated Council, F. R. Mifsud, O.B.E.

*The Senate.**Representatives of the Clergy.*

The Hon. and Most Rev. Can. Mgr. Paul Gauci.
The Hon. and Most Rev. Can. Mgr. Prof. Carmelo Zammit, D.D.

Representatives of the Nobility.

The Hon. and Most Noble Captain Igino De Piro d'Amico, Baron of Budak.
The Hon. and Most Noble Daniele Testaferatta Bonici, Marquis of San Vincenzo Ferreri, Baron of Culeja.

Representatives of the Graduates.

The Hon. Contino Prof. Luigi Preziosi, B.Sc., M.D., D.O. (Oxon).

The Hon. and Reverend Prof. Anastasio Cuschieri, O.C., Ph.D., D.D., J.C.D.

Representatives of the Chamber of Commerce.

The Hon. Edgar Arrigo, M.B.E.

The Hon. Alexander Mizzi.

Representatives of the Trade Union Council.

The Hon. Michel 'Angelo Borg.

The Hon. Col. William Savona, M.B.E., LL.D.

*General Members:**First Division.*

The Hon. Col. Achille Samut, C.B., C.M.G.

The Hon. Prof. Luigi A. Randon, LL.D., B.A.

The Hon. Prof. Salvatore Cassar, M.D.

The Hon. Andrea Pulicino, M.D.

Second Division.

The Hon. Notary Salvatore Borg Olivier.

The Hon. Prof. Augusto Bartolo, LL.D.,

B.Litt., F.R.H.S.

The Hon. Gaetano Lanson, L.P.

*The Legislative Assembly.**First Division.*

Sir Ugo P. Mifsud, Kt., LL.D., B.Lit.

Professor Carlo Mallia, LL.D., B.Lit.

Professor Robert V. Galea, L.S. & A.

Alfred Gera de Petri, Esq., Ph.C.

Second Division.

The Reverend Enrico Dandria, D.D., Ph.D.,

B.L. Can.

Anthony P. Montano, Esq., L.S. & A.

Alfred W. Azzopardi, Esq., M.D.

Eric Parnis, Esq., LL.D.

Third Division.

Antonio Dalli, Esq.

Enrico Sacco, Esq., M.D.

Robert Bencini, Esq.

Joseph Muscat, Esq., Ph.C.

Fourth Division.

Carmelo Mifsud Bonnici, Esq., LL.D.

Robert E. Hamilton, Esq.

Lieut.-Col. Michael Dundon, M.D.

Giuseppe Agius Muscat, Esq., M.D.

Fifth Division.

Giovanni Adami, Esq., LL.D.

Professor Alfred Parnis, O.B.E., LL.D.

Paul Boffa, Esq., M.D.

Alfredo Cachia Zammit, Esq.

Sixth Division.

Walter Salomone, Esq.

Roger Strickland, Esq.

John Bugeja, Esq., LL.D.

Tommaso French, Esq., LL.D.

Seventh Division.

Edwin P. Vassallo, Esq., L.S. & A.

Anthony J. Montanaro Gauci, Esq., LL.D.

Giuseppe Degiorgio, Esq., LL.D.

Niccolo' Dalia, Esq., LL.D.

Eighth Division.

Enrico Mizzi, Esq., LL.D.

Giuseppe Micallef, Esq., LL.D.

Lord Strickland, G.C.M.G., LL.B., Count della Catena.

Joseph Micallef, Esq., M.D.

Civil Establishments.

Governor, General Sir John P. Du Cane, K.C.B., A.D.C., 5,000.

Colonial A.D.C., Capt. W. R. Gatt, M.B.E., R.M.A., 300*l*.

* *Private Secretary*, Edward R. Mifsud, O.B.E.

Lieutenant Governor's Office.

Lieut.-Governor, Sir Thomas Alexander Vans Best, K.B.E., C.M.G., 2,000*l*.

Secretary to the Maltese Imperial Government, E. R. Mifsud, O.B.E., 600*l*.†

Clerks, 2nd Class, J. Briffa, P. Calleja Gera, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Shorthand Typist, Miss E. Lanson, 110*l*.

Legal Adviser's Office.

Legal Adviser, R. P. Mahaffy, B.A. (Cantab), 1,200*l*.

Office of the Legislature.

Chief Clerk, E. L. Petrocchino, 400*l*.

Clerk Assistant, V. R. Rizzo, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Chief Stenographer and Editor of Parliamentary Debates, P. P. Deesare, 460*l*.

Stenographers, John Amato, Alfred Curmi, Victor Vella Zarb, Victor Pace, George A. Bonello, V. B. Caruana, 120*l*. to 250*l*.

Office of the Head of the Ministry.

Official Secretary, A. Galea, 540*l*.

Private Secretary, Major E. J. Briffa de Piro (Clerk, 2nd Class), 180*l*. to 290*l*.‡

Clerk, 2nd Class, V. Bonavita, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Shorthand Typist, R. Farrugia, 110*l*.

Audit Office.

Auditor, Lieut.-Col. A. Trapani, 500*l*.

Chief Examiner, A. Agius, 410*l*.

Clerks, 1st Class, J. Bajona, R. Farrugia, J. Gatt Rutter, M.B.E., 320*l*. to 360*l*.

Clerks, 2nd Class, A. Gera de Petri, A. G. Schranz, J. Gauci, E. Pizzuto, L. Borg Cardona, M.B.E., A. Bonello, G. J. Gatt, H. Mifsud, A. Vella Tanti, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Treasury.

Treasurer, The Hon. J. Huber, O.B.E., 720*l*. §

Senior Assistant Treasurer, G. Roncali, 460*l*.

Assistant Treasurer, F. Tortell, 410*l*.

Clerks, 1st Class, F. Lanson, G. Beck, J. L. Trapani, 320*l*. to 360*l*.

Clerks, 2nd Class, O. Sammut, G. Grima, W. J. Briffa, V. Camilleri, J. Pace, E. Grungo, A. Sammut, P. Aquilina, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Assessor of Taxes, L. Zrinzo, L.P., 180*l*. to 250*l*.

Savings Bank.

Clerk, 2nd Class, A. De Cesare, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Public Lotto Branch.

Officer in charge Lotto Office, H. Parlato, 360*l*.

Clerk, 2nd Class, A. Catania, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Clerk, 3rd Class, J. Mifsud, 100*l*. to 170*l*.

Office of the Commissioner for Gozo.

Commissioner, A. Tonna, 450*l*.

Clerk, 2nd Class, C. Trionfi, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Assessor of Taxes, S. Attard, LL.D., 110*l*. to 140*l*. ¶

Crown Lawyers.

Public Prosecutor and Treasury Counsel, Major V. Frendo Azopardi, LL.D., M.A., 600*l*.

* Is also Secretary to the Maltese Imperial Government, Clerk of the Executive Council, the Nominated Council and the Privy Council.

† Is also Clerk of the Executive Council, the Nominated Council, the Privy Council and Private Secretary to the Governor.

‡ Receives also 250 p.s. as Private Secretary.

§ Is ex-officio Director of Contracts.

¶ Is also Assistant Treasury Counsel and Advocate for the Poor (Gozo).

Assistant Treasury Counsel and Public Prosecutor, S. Vella, LL.D., 425*l*.

Legal Procurator, J. Ellul, L.P., 140*l*. to 180*l*.

Advocate for the Poor, Philip Pullicino, LL.D., B.Litt., 180*l*.

Assistant Treasury Counsel and Advocate for the Poor, Gozo, S. Attard, LL.D., 120*l*.*
Clerk, 3rd Class, E. G. Montanaro, 100*l*. to 170*l*.

Judicial Establishment.

Chief Justice and President of the Court of Appeal, His Honour Sir A. Meroieca, Kt., LL.D., M.A., 1,200*l*.

Judges, G. Agius, LL.D., G. Cremona, LL.D., L. Camilleri, LL.D., F. Buhagiar, LL.D., 800*l*. each; R. F. Ganado, LL.D., 700*l*.

Registrar, Superior Courts, R. Lapira, 450*l*.

Assistant Registrar, P. Lupi Grech, 320*l*. to 360*l*.

Deputy Registrars, A. E. Camilleri, M. Ciantar, C. Bajona, C. J. Micallef, E. Staines, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Magistrates of Judicial Police, A. Montanaro, LL.D., 470*l*.; A. Depasquale, LL.D., E. Micallef, LL.D., M. A. Scerri, LL.D., L. A. Camilleri, LL.D., 400*l*.

Registrar, T. Goudier, 410*l*.

Clerk, 1st Class, C. Formosa, 320*l*. to 360*l*.

Clerks, 2nd Class, P. Cassar, E. L. Camilleri.

Major P. Iliff, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Magistrates of Judicial Police for Gozo, E. Bartoli, LL.D., L. Ellul, LL.D., 360*l*.

Registrar, A. Refalo, LL.D., 200*l*.

Public Registry and Notary to Government.

Director of the Public Registry and Keeper of the Government Archives, S. Cremona, Notary, 410*l*.

Acting Assistant Director of the Public Registry, V. Gatt, Notary, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Clerks, 2nd Class, P. Xuereb, W. Vassallo, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Notary to Government, C. Gatt, Notary, 320*l*.

Clerk, 3rd Class, J. G. Borg Cardona, 100*l*. to 170*l*.

Police Department.

Commissioner, Major F. M. Stivala, 500*l*.

Deputy Commissioner, A. F. Inglott, 330*l*.

Clerk, 2nd Class, W. J. Montanaro, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Superintendents, P. Calleja, A. Borg, A. H. Borg Cardona, R. Vassallo, 240*l*. to 280*l*.

Inspectors, E. Galea, G. Meli, J. A. Semini, J. E. Axia, A. Leone Enriquez, Capt. J. Ullo (Adjutant), Capt. J. E. Agius, G. Briffa, J. Bussuttil, C. M. Saliba, P. Galea, N. G. Buccia, H. F. Grech, A. J. Borg Cardona, J. E. de Piro, 120*l*. to 156*l*. each.

Prisons (Corradino Prison).

Superintendent, S. Galea, 360*l*.

Clerk, 2nd Class, P. Portelli, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Medical Officer, D. Calleja, M.D., 120*l*.

Chaplain, Rev. G. Calleja Grech, 100*l*.

Reformatory.

Superintendent, R. Flores, 300*l*.

Schoolmaster, J. Tabone, 150*l*.

Chaplain, Rev. A. Camilleri, D.D., B.A., 60*l*.

Public Instruction.

Rector of the University, Professor T. Agius, M.D., M.A., 500*l*.

Registrar and Secretary of the University, A. F. Sciortino, Clerk, 2nd Class, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Professors in the Malta University.

Dogmatic Theology, Most Rev. Mons. Giovanni Formosa, B.A., D.D., J.U.D., 175*l*. to 270*l*.

* Is also Assessor of Taxes (Gozo).

Moral Theology, Most Rev. Canon Mons. Carmelo Zammit, D.D., 175*l.* to 270*l.*
Canon Law, Most Rev. Canon Mons. Emmanuele Vassallo, J.C.D., 90*l.*
Holy Scripture and Hebrew, Very Rev. Father D. Callus, O.P., 150*l.* to 190*l.*
Civil Law, Edgar Ganado, LL.D., 210*l.* to 270*l.*
International Law and Constitutional Law, Enrico C. Vassallo, LL.D., M.A., 155*l.* to 235*l.*
Commercial Law, Carlo Mallia, LL.D., B. Lit., 135*l.* to 210*l.*
Criminal Law, Luigi A. Randon, LL.D., B.A., 135*l.* to 210*l.*
History of Legislation, Augusto Bartolo, LL.D., B. Lit., 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*
Medicine, Edgar H. Ferro, B.A., M.D., 150*l.* to 220*l.*
Surgery, Peter Paul Debono, M.D., D.P.H., F.R.C.S., 150*l.* to 220*l.*
Anatomy and Histology, R. Busuttil, M.D., M.A., 150*l.* to 220*l.*
Pathology and Bacteriology, Romeo Vincenti, M.D., 135*l.* to 210*l.*
Midwifery and Gynaecology, Giorgio Debono, M.D., 195*l.* to 290*l.*
Hygiene and Preventive Medicine, Albert V. Bernard, M.B.E., M.D., D.P.H., 90*l.*
Forensic Medicine (vacant).
Physiology, Peter Xuereb, M.D., B.Sc., 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*
Ophthalmology, Luigi Preziosi, B.Sc., M.D., D.O. (Oxon.), 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*
Mental Diseases, Gustavo Ullo Xuereb, M.D., 43*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*
Engineering, Architecture and Mathematics, Robert V. Galea, L.S. and A., 145*l.* to 220*l.*
Applied Mechanics and Descriptive Geometry, John L. Gatt, L.S. & A., 145*l.* to 220*l.*
Mathematics and Practical Engineering, William F. Nixon, B. Sc., A.R.C. Sc., Wh., Exh., 200*l.* to 240*l.*
English Literature, O. Fogarthy, B.A., 320*l.*
Latin Literature (vacant).
Italian Literature, Vincenzo Laurenza, D.Litt., 320*l.*
Logic and Philosophy, Very Rev. Anastasio Cuschieri, O.C., 155*l.* to 235*l.*
Physics, S. Borg, M.D., 195*l.* to 260*l.*
Chemistry, A. Sultana, M.D., 100*l.*
Natural History, John Borg, M.D., M.A., 120*l.*
Materia Medica, Isidoro Cassar, M.D., 100*l.*
Political Economy and Statistics, Alfredo Sultana, LL.D., 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*
Fiscal Laws, Statistics and Administration, P. G. Frendo, LL.D., 46*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*
Demonstrator in Experimental Sciences (vacant), 100*l.*

Meteorological Observatory
 (attached to the University).

Officer-in-Charge, Prof. T. Agius, M.D., M.A., 20*l.**

Lyceum and Secondary Schools.

Headmaster, C. Leach, 450*l.*†
Clerk, C. Pandolfino, 185*l.*
Masters, R. Bamber, A. D. Calnan, J. Brennan, Rev. P. A. Vella, D.D., M.A., V. Tonna Barthet, G. Calabritto, D.Litt., A. Fabriani, D.Litt., 250*l.* to 330*l.* each; Rev. J. Cumbo Psaila, D.D., B.L., Can. Rev. A. M. Agius, D.D., A. Vella, Rev. C. Buhagiar, D.D., P. Busuttil, C. J. Flores, Rev. A. Pantallerascio, D.D., Rev. G. Lubrano, D.D., 190*l.* to 290*l.*

* Receives also £500 p.a. as Rector of the University.

† Is also Secretary to the Oxford Local and the London Chamber of Commerce Examinations, 50*l.* p.a.

Teacher of Shorthand, P. P. De Cesare, 40*l.* to 65*l.*
Teacher of Typewriting, J. Briffa, 40*l.* to 65*l.*
Teacher of Drawing, R. Cali, 80*l.*
Teacher of Sacred History and Spiritual Director, Rev. Mgr. P. Gauci, 80*l.*

Secondary Schools.

Secondary School for Girls, Malta.
Head Mistress, M. E. Collins, LL.A., 250*l.*
Form Mistress, E. Keefe, 160*l.*

Secondary School for Boys, Gozo.

Master, L. J. Clark, 250*l.*
Master, Rev. G. Galea, 150*l.* to 180*l.*

Elementary Schools.

Director, A. V. Laferla, LL.D., 490*l.* to 540*l.*
Inspector of Elem. Schools, G. Rossignaud, 220*l.* to 300*l.*
Inspectresses of Elem. Schools, Miss M. Gatt, Miss Y. Vassallo, 180*l.* to 200*l.*
Inspector of Religious Instruction, Rev. Mgr. G. Darmanin, D.D., 120*l.* to 180*l.*

Public Library.

Librarian, H. P. Scicluna, L.P., 320*l.*
Assistant Librarian, Mons. Prof. C. Psaila, D.D., 120*l.*
Writer, Miss H. Castaldi, 90*l.* to 110*l.*

Public Library, Gozo.

Librarian, G. Cutajar, 36*l.*

Museum.

Director of the Museum and Curator of the Archeological and Historical Section, The Hon. Prof. T. Zammit, C.M.G., M.D., D.Litt. (Oxon.), 180*l.*
Curator of the Natural History and Paleontological Section, G. Despoti, M.B.E., 70*l.*†
Curator of the Arts Section, V. Bonello, 100*l.*

Public Health Department.

Office.

Chief Government Medical Officer and Superintendent of Public Health, The Hon. A. Critien, O.B.E., M.D., M.A., D.P.H., D.T.M., 620*l.*
Chief Clerk, Col. C. B. Sciorino, 320*l.* to 360*l.*
Clerk, 1st Class, A. Cesareo, 320*l.* to 360*l.*
Clerks, 2nd Class, Major R. G. Micallef, Capt. E. A. Gatt, A. Arrigo, 180*l.* to 290*l.*

Sanitary Branch.

Medical Officers of Health, Malta, Prof. A. V. Bernard, M.B.E., D.P.H., M.D., 430*l.* to 470*l.*; Edw. Calleja, B.A., M.D., 360*l.* to 430*l.*
Ditto, Gozo, A. Cremona, M.A., M.D., 250*l.* to 350*l.*
Sanitary Engineer, L. Agius, L.S. & A., 240*l.* to 430*l.*
Government Analyst, Prof. Alex. Sultana, M.D., 390*l.* to 430*l.*
Assistant Ditto, F. Rizzo Marich, M.D., and Victor J. Mifsud, M.D., 320*l.* to 360*l.*

Quarantine Branch.

Quarantine Medical Officer, F. S. Ross, M.D., B.A., 380*l.*
Assistant Quarantine Medical Officers, S. Portelli, M.D., 240*l.* ‡; and A. Briffa, M.D., 320*l.*

Veterinary Branch and Slaughterhouses.

Veterinary Surgeon, A. M. MacFarlane, M.B.E., M.R.C.V.S., and F.E.V.M.A., 470*l.*
Assistant ditto, Malta, T. Mercieca, M.R.C.V.S., F.E.V.M.A., Ed., 320*l.*
Veterinary Surgeon, Gozo, John H. Bardon, 250*l.*

† Receives also 350*l.* as Superintendent of Fisheries.
 ‡ Besides 80*l.* as Medical Officer in charge of Hospital for Infectious Diseases.

Charitable Institutions.

Comptroller, F. Mercieca, 500*l*.
Clerk, 1st Class, R. E. Peralta, 360*l*.
Clerks, 2nd Class, J. Pace, J. M. Borg Cardona, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Hospitals, &c.

Resident Medical Superintendent, Central Hospital, L. G. Bonello, M.D., 260*l*. to 320*l*.
Visiting Physician, Central Hospital, Prof. E. H. Ferro, B.A., M.D., 85*l*. to 135*l*.
Visiting Surgeon, Central Hospital, Prof. P. P. Debono, M.D., D.P.H., F.R.C.S., 85*l*. to 135*l*.
Accoucher, Prof. G. Debono, M.D., 195*l*. to 290*l*.
Pathologist, Prof. Romeo Vincenti, M.D., 300*l*. to 390*l*.
Ophthalmic Surgeon, Prof. L. Preziosi, B.Sc., M.D., D.O. (Oxon.), 85*l*. to 115*l*.
Radiographer, J. Briffa, M.D., B.Sc., 80*l*.
Junior Visiting Physician, Prof. P. Xuereb, M.D., B.Sc., 75*l*.
Junior Visiting Surgeons, C. Attard, M.D., B.Sc., F. Borg, M.D., B.Sc., 70*l*. each.
Junior Accoucher, J. Ellul, M.D., B.Sc., 60*l*.
Anaesthetist, G. Busuttli, M.D., 70*l*.
Dental Surgeon, E. Lapira, 36*l*.
Resident Physician and Surgeon and Superintendent of Hospital of Santo Spirito, A. Cassar, M.D., 170*l*. to 240*l*.
Resident Physician, Surgeon and Superintendent, Connaught Hospital, S. Muscat, M.D., 170*l*. to 240*l*.
Superintendent of the Poor House and of the Leper Hospital, E. Micallef, M.D., 295*l*. to 355*l*.
Assistants, M. S. Marguerat, M.D., 205*l*. to 270*l*. ; G. Anastasi, M.B.E., M.D., B.Sc., 150*l*. to 220*l*.
Visiting Physician and Surgeon, Lunatic Asylum (vacant).
Resident Medical Superintendent of Lunatic Asylum, R. Toledo, M.D., 260*l*. to 320*l*.
Assistants, G. Attard, M.D., and L. Frendo, M.D., 170*l*. to 225*l*.
Resident Superintendent of Orphan Asylum, G. Sammut, 150*l*. to 170*l*.
Medical Officer in Charge of Hospital for Infectious Diseases, S. Portelli, M.D., 80*l*. †
Superintendent of Hospital and Ospizio of Gozo, P. Grima, M.D., 260*l*. to 320*l*.

Monte di Pietà.

(Under the control of the Comptroller of Charitable Institutions.)

Clerk, 1st Class, A. Denaro, 320*l*. to 360*l*.
Clerk, 3rd Class, J. W. Camilleri, 100*l*. to 170*l*.

*District Medical Officers.**Malta.*

Valletta, C. Calamatta, M.D. †
Ditto, V. Milanes, M.D. †
Floriana, G. Cauchi Ellul, M.D. †
Vittoriosa, A. Paris, M.D. †
Senglea, F. Soolaro, B.A., M.D. †
Cospicua, F. Jaccarini, M.D. †
Stemmi and St. Julian's, F. S. Darmanin, B.A., M.D. †
Hamrun, &c., C. Borg, B.A., M.D. †
Marsa, C. Jaccarini, M.D. †
Misida, A. Frendo, M.D. †
St. Paul's Bay, A. Vella, M.D. †
Tarxien, &c., W. Aquilina, M.D. †
Birkirkara, G. Zammit, M.D. †
Curmi, G. C. Baldacchino, M.D. †

Zabbar, A. Cremona, M.D. †
Zeitun, &c., L. Debono, M.D. †
Zebbug, C. Outajar, M.D. †
Siggiew, D. Galea, M.D. †
Lia, &c., P. P. Galea, M.D. †
Musta, R. Miszi, B.A., M.D. †
Naxos, &c., A. Pace, M.D. †
Notabile, &c., V. Xerri, M.D. †
Zurricco, &c., R. Milanesi, M.D. †
Melleha, G. Bonavia, M.D. †§

Gozo.

Victoria, T. Cauchi, M.D. †
Xewshia, &c., D. Marguerat, M.D. †
Xaghra, &c., J. Caruana, M.D. †
Nadur, &c., R. Ruggier, M.D. †

Customs and Port Department.

Collector of Customs and Superintendent of the Ports, J. Turner, 500*l*.
Chief Clerk, A. Camilleri, 320*l*. to 360*l*.
Clerks, 1st Class, E. Sammut, G. Caruana, 320*l*. to 360*l*.
Clerks, 2nd Class, S. Cremona, L. J. Randon, M.B.E., F. Agius, F. Casolani, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Landing and Warehousing Branch.

Chief Landing and Warehousing Officer, M. Ciappara, 300*l*. to 350*l*.
2nd Class Officers, A. C. Costanzi, R. Carbonaro, E. Galea, P. Agius, G. Vassallo, S. Camilleri, 170*l*. to 280*l*.

Shipping and Excise Branch.

Customs and Excise Superintendent, G. Darmanin Demajo, 300*l*. to 350*l*.
2nd Class Officers, C. Grech, H. V. Soler, J. Portanier, E. Inglott, A. Ruggier, 170*l*. to 280*l*.

Registry of Shipping and Marine Branch.

Marine Superintendent, Capt. S. J. Galea, 300*l*.

Post Office.

Postmaster-General, A. A. Tortell, 450*l*.
Chief Clerk, J. Bonett, 380*l*.
Accountant, E. Camilleri, 270*l*.
Postal Clerks, Special Class, W. Borg, R. Farrugia Demajo, 225*l*.
Postal Clerks, 1st Class, A. Dimech, C. Coppini, E. Scicluna, J. Attard Galea, P. Grech Cumbo, E. J. Psaila, J. Muscat, 150*l*. to 190*l*.

Agriculture.

Superintendent of Agriculture, Professor J. Borg, M.A., M.D., 450*l*.
Plant Pathologist, P. Borg, 300*l*.
Superintendent of Public Gardens, John Briffa, M.B.E., 240*l*. to 300*l*.
Clerk, 3rd Class, E. Fiorini Lowell, 100*l*. to 170*l*.

Fisheries.

Superintendent of Fisheries, G. Despott, M.B.E., 350*l*.
Clerk, 2nd Class, F. Camilleri, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Emigration Department.

Superintendent of Emigration, Henry Casolani, M.B.E., 460*l*.
Examining Officer (Clerk, 1st Class), H. Arrigo, 320*l*. to 360*l*.
Officer-in-charge Labour and Tourist Bureau, H. Curmi, *Clerk, 2nd Class*, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

† Receives 240*l*. as Quarantine Medical Officer.

‡ Salary 100*l*. to 225*l*.

† Salary 100*l*. to 235*l*.

§ Receives 30*l*. Station Allowance.

‡ 170*l*.



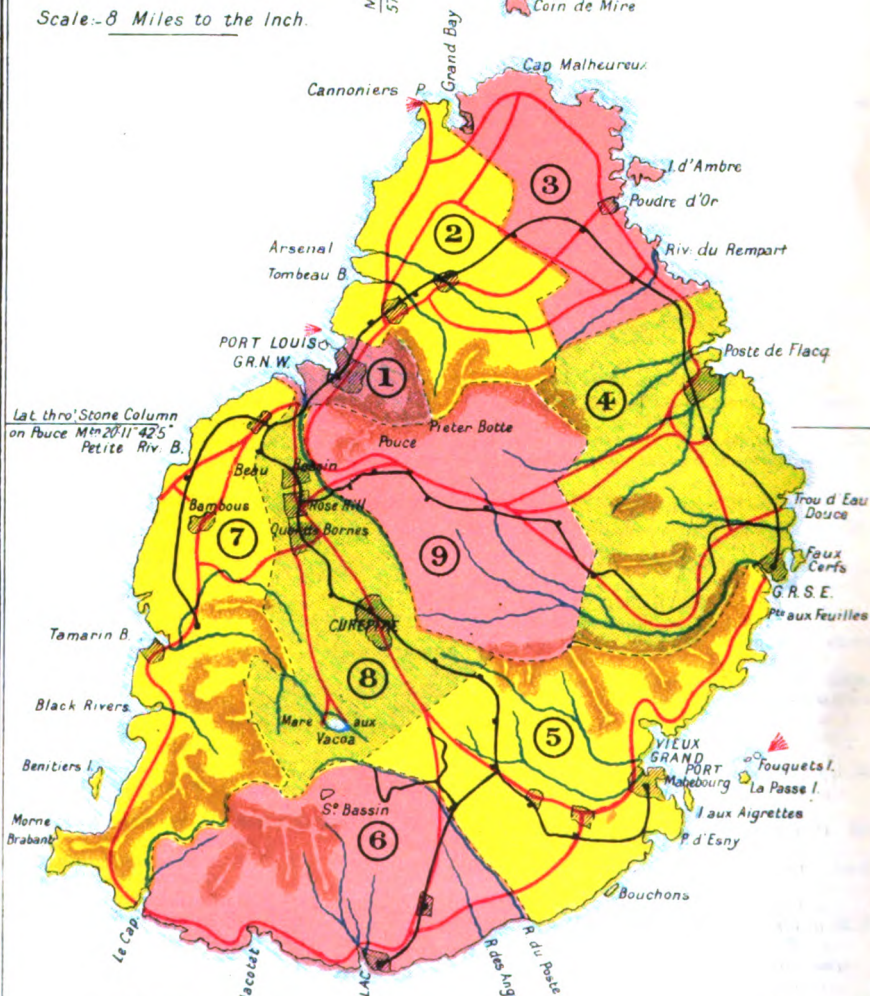
*Charitable Institutions.**Comptroller*, F. Merisica, 500*l*.*Clerk, 1st Class*, R. E. Peralta, 360*l*.*Clerks, 2nd Class*, J. Pace, J. M. Borg Cardona, 180*l*. to 290*l*.*Hospitals, &c.**Resident Medical Superintendent, Central Hospital*, L. G. Bonello, M.D., 260*l*. to 320*l*.*Visiting Physician, Central Hospital*, Prof. E. H. Ferro, B.A., M.D., 85*l*. to 135*l*.*Visiting Surgeon, Central Hospital*, Prof. P. P. Debono, M.D., D.P.H., F.R.C.S., 85*l*. to 135*l*.*Accoucher*, Prof. G. Debono, M.D., 195*l*. to 290*l*.*Pathologist*, Prof. Romeo Vincenti, M.D., 300*l*. to 390*l*.*Ophthalmic Surgeon*, Prof. L. Preziosi, B.Sc., M.D., D.O. (Oxon.), 85*l*. to 115*l*.*Radiographer*, J. Briffa, M.D., B.Sc., 80*l*.*Junior Visiting Physician*, Prof. P. Xuereb, M.D., B.Sc., 75*l*.*Junior Visiting Surgeons*, C. Attard, M.D., B.Sc., F. Borg, M.D., B.Sc., 70*l*. each.*Junior Accoucher*, J. Ellul, M.D., B.Sc., 60*l*.*Anaesthetist*, G. Busuttill, M.D., 70*l*.*Dental Surgeon*, E. Lapira, 36*l*.*Resident Physician and Surgeon and Superintendent of Hospital of Santo Spirito*, A. Cassar, M.D., 170*l*. to 240*l*.*Resident Physician, Surgeon and Superintendent, Connaught Hospital*, S. Muscat, M.D., 170*l*. to 240*l*.*Superintendent of the Poor House and of the Lepor Hospital*, E. Micallef, M.D., 295*l*. to 355*l*.*Assistants*, M. S. Marguerat, M.D., 205*l*. to 270*l*.; G. Anastasi, M.B.E., M.D., B.Sc., 150*l*. to 220*l*.*Visiting Physician and Surgeon, Lunatic Asylum (vacant)*.*Resident Medical Superintendent of Lunatic Asylum*, R. Toledo, M.D., 260*l*. to 320*l*.*Assistants*, G. Attard, M.D., and L. Frendo, M.D., 170*l*. to 225*l*.*Resident Superintendent of Orphan Asylum*, G. Sammut, 150*l*. to 170*l*.*Medical Officer in Charge of Hospital for Infectious Diseases*, S. Portelli, M.D., 80*l*.†*Superintendent of Hospital and Ospizio of Gozo*, P. Grima, M.D., 260*l*. to 320*l*.*Monte di Pietà.**(Under the control of the Comptroller of Charitable Institutions.)**Clerk, 1st Class*, A. Denaro, 320*l*. to 360*l*.*Clerk, 3rd Class*, J. W. Camilleri, 100*l*. to 170*l*.*District Medical Officers.**Malta.**Valletta*, C. Calamatta, M.D. ‡*Ditto*, V. Milanes, M.D. ‡*Floriana*, G. Cauchi Ellul, M.D. ‡*Vittoriosa*, A. Paris, M.D. ‡*Senglea*, F. Scolaro, B.A., M.D. ‡*Cospicua*, F. Jaccarini, M.D. ‡*St. Paul's Bay*, F. S. Darmanin, B.A., M.D. ‡*Hamrun*, etc., C. Borg, B.A., M.D. ‡*Marsa*, C. Jaccarini, M.D. ‡*Misda*, A. Frendo, M.D. ‡*St. Paul's Bay*, A. Vella, M.D. ‡*Tarzien*, etc., W. Aquilina, M.D. ‡*Birkirkara*, G. Zammit, M.D. ‡*Curmi*, G. C. Baldochino, M.D. ‡*Zabbar*, A. Cremona, M.D. ‡*Zeitun*, etc., L. Debono, M.D. ‡*Zebbug*, C. Outajar, M.D. ‡*Siggiewi*, D. Galea, M.D. ‡*Lia*, etc., P. P. Galea, M.D. ‡*Musta*, R. Mizzi, B.A., M.D. ‡*Nazaro*, etc., A. Pace, M.D. ‡*Notabile*, etc., V. Xerri, M.D. ‡*Zurricco*, etc., E. Milanese, M.D. ‡*Melleha*, G. Bonavia, M.D. ‡§*Gozo.**Victoria*, T. Cauchi, M.D. ‡*Xeuchia*, etc., D. Marguerat, M.D. ‡*Xaghra*, etc., J. Caruana, M.D. ‡*Nadur*, etc., R. Ruggier, M.D. ‡*Customs and Port Department.**Collector of Customs and Superintendent of the Ports*, J. Turner, 500*l*.*Chief Clerk*, A. Camilleri, 320*l*. to 360*l*.*Clerks, 1st Class*, E. Sammut, G. Caruana, 330*l*. to 360*l*.*Clerks, 2nd Class*, S. Cremona, L. J. Randon, M.B.E., F. Agius, F. Casolani, 180*l*. to 290*l*.*Landing and Warehousing Branch.**Chief Landing and Warehousing Officer*, M. Ciappara, 300*l*. to 350*l*.*2nd Class Officers*, A. C. Costanzi, R. Carbonaro, E. Galea, P. Agius, G. Vassallo, S. Camilleri, 170*l*. to 280*l*.*Shipping and Excise Branch.**Customs and Excise Superintendent*, G. Darmanin Demajo, 300*l*. to 350*l*.*2nd Class Officers*, C. Grech, H. V. Soler, J. Portanier, E. Inglott, A. Ruggier, 170*l*. to 280*l*.*Registry of Shipping and Marine Branch.**Marine Superintendent*, Capt. S. J. Galea, 300*l*.*Post Office.**Postmaster-General*, A. A. Tortell, 450*l*.*Chief Clerk*, J. Bonett, 380*l*.*Accountant*, E. Camilleri, 270*l*.*Postal Clerks, Special Class*, W. Borg, R. Farrugia Demajo, 225*l*.*Postal Clerks, 1st Class*, A. Dimech, C. Coppini, E. Scicluna, J. Attard Galea, P. Grech Cumbo, E. J. Psaila, J. Muscat, 150*l*. to 190*l*.*Agriculture.**Superintendent of Agriculture*, Professor J. Borg, M.A., M.D., 450*l*.*Plant Pathologist*, P. Borg, 300*l*.*Superintendent of Public Gardens*, John Briffa, M.B.E., 240*l*. to 300*l*.*Clerk, 3rd Class*, E. Fiorini Lowell, 100*l*. to 170*l*.*Fisheries.**Superintendent of Fisheries*, G. Despott, M.B.E., 350*l*.*Clerk, 2nd Class*, F. Camilleri, 180*l*. to 290*l*.*Emigration Department.**Superintendent of Emigration*, Henry Casolani, M.B.E., 460*l*.*Examining Officer (Clerk, 1st Class)*, H. Arrigo, 320*l*. to 360*l*.*Officer-in-charge Labour and Tourist Bureau*, H. Curmi, Clerk, 2nd Class, 180*l*. to 290*l*.† Salary 100*l*. to 225*l*.‡ Receives 30*l*. Station Allowance.§ 170*l*.

MAURITIUS.



Scale: 8 Miles to the Inch.

Meridian thro' Pouce
57° 34' E of Greenwich



DISTRICTS.

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Port Louis. | 6. Savanne. |
| 2. Pamplemousses. | 7. Black River. |
| 3. Riv du Rempart. | 8. Plaines Wilhems. |
| 4. Flacq. | 9. Moka. |
| 5. Grand Port. | |

- Existing Railways.
Railway Stations.
Main Road.

Public Works Department.

Superintendent, The Hon. J. A. Galizia, O.B.E., 620*l*.

Chief Civil Engineer, F. C. Bonavia, L.S. & A., 430*l*.

Engineers, 1st Class, H. Sant, L.S. & A., A. Drago, L.S. & A., 240*l*. to 430*l*.

Chief Clerk, Col. A. Briffa, O.M.G., 320*l*. to 360*l*.

Clerk, 1st Class, K. H. Briffa, 320*l*. to 360*l*.

Clerks, 2nd Class, R. Castillo, S. Samut Tagliaferro, J. Huber, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Water and Electricity Department.

Manager, The Hon. J. A. Galizia, O.B.E.

Clerks, 1st Class, Lt.-Col. A. Micallef, C. Mompalao de Piro, 320*l*. to 360*l*.

Clerk, 2nd Class, A. Fenech, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Engineer, Water Works, C. Rizzo, L.S. & A., 430*l*.

Engineer, Electric Lighting, G. Muller, A.M.I.E.E., 430*l*.

Railway Department.

Manager and Engineer (vacant).

Clerk, 2nd Class, W. O. Martin, 180*l*. to 290*l*.

Printing Office.

Superintendent, L. Pace, 400*l*.

Storekeeper and Clerk, A. Caruana, 190*l*.

Foreman, G. Micallef, 190*l*.

Ecclesiastical.

Archbishop of Rhodes, Bishop of Malta, His Grace Monsignor Dom Maurus Caruana, K.B.E., O.S.B.

Vicar General, Mgr. Can. L. M. Camilleri, D.D.

Bishop of Gozo, His Lordship Mgr. M. Gonzi, B.L. Can., D.D., J.C.D.

Vicar General, Very Rev. Mgr. J. Pace.

Foreign Consuls.

Argentina, Romeo Vadala.

Belgium, R. Smith.

Bolivia, Edgar Moore.

Brazil, J. Dunbar Vella, M.A., LL.D.

Bulgaria, Rinaldo Vadala.

Chili, C. Micallef Eynaud.

Czecho-Slovakia, Rinaldo Vadala.

Denmark, Wm. Gollcher.

Estonia, Rinaldo Vadala.

Finland, Capt. J. L. Muscat (Vice-Consul).

France, Pierre Louis Elio Garés.

Greece, A. Vitales (Vice-Consul).

Guatemala, A. Tabone.

Haiti, Remigio Vadala.

Italy, Comm. V. Rey de Villarey (Consul-General).

Japan, Robert Howard.

Latvia, Rinaldo Vadala.

Liberia (vacant).

Mexico, John Ellis.

Netherlands, William Gollcher.

Norway, F. W. Paterson.

Panama, John Ellis.

Paraguay, L. Mazzone (Vice Consul).

Persia (vacant).

Peru, A. Cassar Torreggiani, O.B.E.

Portugal, J. Dunbar Vella, M.A., LL.D.

Roumania, Edgar Moore.

Serb-Croat-Slovene State, John R. Agius.

Siam, Major A. W. Micallef Eynaud.

Sweden, Wm. Gollcher.

United States of America, S. O'Donoghue.

Uruguay, L. Mazzone (Vice Consul).

zeila, Stefano Micallef Eynaud.

MAURITIUS.*Situation and Area.*

Mauritius is an island in the Indian Ocean, between 57° 18' and 57° 48' E. long., and 19° 50' and 20° 31' S. lat., distant 115 miles from Réunion, 934 miles from Seyohelles, 1,300 miles from Natal, 2,000 miles from Cape Comorin, 11,000 miles from England, 2,300 from the Cape of Good Hope, and 500 from Madagascar. It comprises an area of about 720 square miles (nearly equal to Surrey), having an extreme length of 39 miles from north to south, and an extreme breadth of 29 miles from east to west.

The island is chiefly of volcanic formation but is almost entirely surrounded by coral reefs. There are several small chains of mountains but none of great height. The principal peaks are the Piton de la Rivière Noire (2,711 ft.), Pieter Both (2,690 ft.), and the Pouce (2,661 ft.). There are numerous rivers and streams; they flow generally through deep ravines and their course is broken by many small waterfalls and rapids. None of them are navigable beyond a short distance from the sea. The land rises gradually from the coasts, and the centre of the island is composed chiefly of a fertile and picturesque plateau varying in altitude from 1,000 to 1,500 feet. On this high and healthy tableland the temperature and climate are excellent.

History.

The island was discovered by the Portuguese between 1506 and 1528. Although neither the date of the event nor the name of the discoverer can be ascertained with accuracy, tradition has attributed its discovery to Pedro Mascarenhas. The island at that time went under the name of Santa Appolonia, which was later changed to Cerné. The Portuguese merely used the island as a port of call, without making any settlement. The first settlers were the Dutch. In 1598 a Dutch fleet landed in the South-Eastern harbour of the island, to which its commander, Admiral Wybrandt Van Warwyk, gave the name of Mauritius, in honour of the Statholder, Prince Maurice of Nassau. For many years no attempt was made at colonisation, but from 1638 downwards petty settlements were established at various points, the seat of government being at the place known as Old Grand Port. The colony did not prosper, and was finally abandoned by the Dutch in 1710.

In 1715 the Island was formally taken possession of by the French, but was not actually occupied till 1721, when a small party of colonists were sent out on behalf of the French East India Company. The island was then named Isle de France. This name was retained until the landing of the English in 1810, when the former name of Mauritius was restored. Of all the Governors of the island, the most celebrated was Mahé de Labourdonnais (1735-1746), "a man of eminent talents" (in the words of Lord Macaulay), who encouraged the cultivation of sugar-cane and introduced many other valuable plants. He was the real founder of the prosperity of the Isle de France.

In 1767, the French East India Company, having gone into liquidation, handed over the island to the Crown, Jean Daniel Dumas being appointed Governor General for the King, and Pierre Poivre, Intendant. Poivre was a man of great ability; he introduced into the colony cloves and nutmegs secretly obtained from the Dutch Sunda Archipelago. Having purchased

the ancient residence of the Company's Governors, at Monplaisir, he converted the grounds into a nursery where many useful plants introduced by him were cultivated. On his departure this property was sold to Government, the garden being entrusted to Poivre's friend, Nicolas Céré, under whose able management it became famous under the name of King's Gardens. It is now the Royal Botanical Gardens, Pamplemousses.

In 1771 an epidemic of small pox caused many deaths among the slave population.

In 1790, at the outbreak of the French Revolution, a Colonial Assembly was elected, which for 13 years governed the island *de facto*.

In 1792 another very able Governor was sent out from France, Comte de Malartic, who during this troubled period managed to gain the affection of the whole community. In 1803, the Isle de France was taken charge of by General Decaen, appointed Captain General by Napoleon Bonaparte, then First Consul, with instructions to suspend the Colonial Assembly and the Isle de France's constitution for a period of ten years.

During the long war between England and France, the Isle de France was a source of great mischief to our merchant vessels, owing to the facility with which sorties were made from its harbour by French men-of-war and privateers; and in 1809 the British Government determined on its capture. The neighbouring islands of Rodrigues and Reunion were taken possession of and several naval engagements were fought to the credit of both navies. The most famous of these was the battle of the Isle de la Passe, fought in the bay of Grand Port on the 23rd and 24th August, 1810, between four English frigates and two French frigates, a corvette and a captured East Indiaman. The English lost the day, two of their ships having gone on shoals early in the engagement, but the great gallantry shown by both sides has rendered the fight memorable in the annals of the two navies.

A strong expeditionary force was then sent out from the three presidencies of India and the Cape. Twelve thousand troops under General Abercrombie were landed, and the island finally surrendered to Great Britain on December 3rd, 1810, the laws, religion, and customs of the inhabitants being guaranteed in the instrument of capitulation.

The possession of the island was confirmed to England by the Treaty of Paris, 1814.

The first English Governor, Mr. (later Sir) R. T. Farquhar (1810-1823) gained a well-deserved popularity. During his tenure of office, on 25th September, 1816, the fourth part of the town of Port Louis was destroyed by a conflagration. On 28th February, 1818, the island was laid waste by a terrific cyclone, causing immense destruction to property.

In the year 1832, the Council of Government which was established on the 19th August, 1825, was abolished, and a Legislative Council, with half the members official, created. The oaths of office were taken by the new members on the 23rd January, 1832.

On the 1st April, 1835, the emancipation of slaves took place without disorder; but as this new class of free men refused employment as labourers the planters were obliged to resort to the introduction of labour from India, which was finally authorised in 1842, under the supervision of an agent residing in India, and which continued, with temporary interruptions, until 1910.

In 1849, the Legislative Council voted the law constituting a municipal corporation for the town of Port Louis.

During the years 1854, 1856, 1861-62, epidemics of cholera prevailed, of which that of 1854 was the most severe, causing 7,650 deaths.

The year 1864 saw the opening of the North Railway Line from Port Louis to Pamplemousses, the Midland Line being inaugurated two years after.

In December, 1866, malaria broke out with great severity. During the year 1867, 31,758 persons died from fever, including 18,308 in Port Louis.

In 1868 and 1874, Mauritius was visited by severe cyclones. During the former two spans of the Grand River Railway Viaduct were brought down by the force of the wind. On the 25th April, 1892, one of the most violent cyclones ever recorded ruined a considerable portion of Port Louis, besides causing infinite havoc to buildings and crops. The death roll amounted to 1,232. In order to assist the planters and other owners of immovable property affected by the calamity, a loan of £800,000 was guaranteed by the Imperial Government.

On the 23rd of July, 1893, part of Port Louis was again destroyed by fire. At the end of the same year ocean telegraphic communication was opened.

In 1902, an outbreak of Surra caused great loss of draught animals, and mechanical means of transport had to be resorted to for the sugar plantations. A number of locomotives and traction engines were introduced, and a loan was raised to enable the planters to lay down tramways, and take other steps to provide for transport.

In 1909, a Royal Commission visited the island to enquire into the administration and finances of the Colony.

During the Great War Mauritius suffered in no way by direct action on the part of the enemy. A number of volunteers proceeded to Europe for military service and a 'Labour Battalion' was supplied for Mesopotamia.

The enormous rise in the price of sugar brought great prosperity to the Colony, and the gross value of the crop of 1920-1921 is estimated to have been approximately Rs. 250,000,000.

In 1921 investigations of the sanitary and health conditions were made by Dr. Andrew Balfour, C.B., C.M.G., M.D. Of the minor works recommended, many have already been carried out while others are in progress.

In 1923 the Indian Government consented to the resumption of immigration of labourers from India consequent on the repeal of the penal clauses of the Labour Law of 1878 affecting labour.

Immigration was accordingly resumed for a period of 12 months ending on 31st May, 1924, but with disappointing results, most of the immigrants having returned to India by the end of the same year.

General Description.

The permanent settled population of European race is greater in Mauritius than in any other tropical colony of its size. Many of the inhabitants are descendants of the ancient French noblesse. The higher and middle classes possess much intellectual culture.

Eight daily newspapers and ten other periodicals are published in the capital. The French language and a creole *patois* are spoken all over the island, English being used in the supreme court of justice. Debates in the Council of Government may take place in either language.

Mauritius is divided into nine districts, Port Louis, Pamplémousses, Rivière du Rempart, Flacq, Grand Port, Savanne, Moka, Plaines Wilhems, and Black River.

The City of Port Louis is the capital, and seat of Government, and contained, with its suburbs, an estimated population of 53,663 on 31st December, 1926. The harbour is one of the best in the East, and is sufficiently spacious to receive a large number of vessels. It possesses three graving docks.

Works for the reconditioning of the Harbour and improvements thereto are being carried out. The Harbour is defended by Fort Adelaide (the citadel) and by Fort George. There are large barracks and military stores. The trade of the island passes almost entirely through Port Louis. The city has an elected municipal corporation, and raised in 1926 a revenue of Rs. 816,029, against an expenditure of Rs. 913,407. Its debt amounts to 86,518*l.* at 31st Dec., 1926.

The principal public edifices of Port Louis are the Government House, the Institute, the Roman Catholic and Anglican cathedrals, the Civil Hospital, the Town Hall, the theatre, and the public offices. There is a racecourse most beautifully situated in the Champs de Mars.

A sewage scheme, designed by Messrs. James Mansergh & Sons, provides for the disposal of the sewage of the central part of the town.

After Port Louis, the largest town is Curepipe, incorporated in 1890 (population 17,709, census of 1921), situated on the uplands in the Plaines Wilhems district.

In the district of Grand Port is the small town of Mahébourg (population 2,641, census of 1921), so called in honour of Mahé de Labourdonnais.

Population.

At the Census of 1921 the population of Mauritius (exclusive of the Dependencies, but including Military) was found to consist of:—

Persons of European, African, or mixed descent	104,216
Indo-Mauritians, i.e., persons of Indian descent, born in Mauritius	248,468
Other Indians	17,506*
Chinese	6,745
	<hr/> 376,935

The total number of Indians was thus 265,974 or 70·5 per cent. of the total population.

The descendants of the immigrants from India—the Indo-Mauritians—now form the largest section of the population; they are steadily increasing in numbers. They are predominant in the domestic, commercial, and still more in the agricultural callings, and the amount of land held by them as small planters is rapidly growing.

Constitution.

The constitution of Mauritius was altered in 1894-95. It now consists of a Governor, with an Executive Council of four *ex-officio* members, and a Legislative Council of twenty-seven members, eight being *ex-officio*, nine nominated by the Governor, and ten elected—two for the town of Port Louis, and one for each of the eight rural districts. At least one-third of the nominated members must be persons not holding any public office.

* There is reason to believe that a number of old Indian immigrants (i.e. those whose contract has expired) returned themselves as Indo-Mauritians.

Members are not paid; they may speak either in French or English. The number of registered electors on 31st December, 1925, was 11,366; the franchise qualification is ownership of immovables of annual value of Rs. 300, or movables worth Rs. 3,000, or payment of rent of Rs. 25 monthly, or of license duty of Rs. 200 annually, or receipt of salary of Rs. 50 monthly. The session usually lasts from April to December.

The law is based on the Code Napoléon, and other French laws modified by Colonial Ordinances.

Climate and Rainfall.

From December to April is the hottest season in Mauritius, but it is comparatively cool during the remainder of the year. The average mean temperature of Port Louis is 77·1°, the average rainfall 38 inches and the relative humidity 71 per cent. The average mean temperature of Curepipe is 67·5°, the average rainfall 124 inches, and the relative humidity 87 per cent. The climate at Curepipe, from 1,700 to 1,900 feet above the sea, resembles that of the South of France or Italy. The cyclone season extends officially from December to the end of April, but cyclones occur in the Indian Ocean eastward of Mauritius, from the equator down to 30° S. latitude, in every month of the year, except August and September.

The mean rainfall in 1926 from 24 stations was 74·95 inches compared with an average of 66·99 inches.

During cyclones over 30 inches of rain have occasionally been registered in 24 hours.

Water Supply.

The Town of Port Louis is supplied by the Grand River, N.W. This source is not altogether satisfactory. Two reservoirs have been constructed by the Government to ensure a better supply to the town. It is proposed to provide Port Louis with Mare-aux-Vacoas water as advised by Mr. E. Mansergh, of Messrs. James Mansergh & Sons, who visited the Island in September and October, 1921. The erection of a chlorination plant with filter beds at Grand River, N.W., as recommended by them, to purify the water, is nearing completion.

The *Mare aux Vacoas* works were started by the Government in 1895, and were extended by the addition of a filtering plant. The whole of the district of Plaines Wilhems and a part of Moka are now supplied with pure water from these works and a small main was also laid to supply the Barracks and Fort in Port Louis and also the Government Establishments and soda water factories. These works have cost about 2,000,000 rupees and the revenue derived therefrom, Rs. 118,851 in 1925-26, now exceeds the cost of the upkeep.

The water supply of other districts is under the control of other Local Boards and with the co-operation of the Government, works have been undertaken to distribute water from upland springs to the villages in the country districts; these works are now completed for some districts and in course of execution in others.

Irrigation.

Important schemes have been in progress in recent years. A reservoir, with an area of 562 acres and a capacity of 416 million cubic feet has been constructed at "La Ferme," in the District of Black River, and 3,337 acres of land are now

under irrigation. A second scheme, the "La Nicoliers," in the District of Pamplemousses, is making good progress.

Scenery.

The famous tale of *Paul and Virginia*, by Bernardin de St. Pierre, an engineer officer in the service of France, who was stationed in the island towards the close of the 18th century, scarcely exaggerates the picturesque beauty of large portions of Mauritius. Many of the forests have, however, been felled to make room for the cultivation of the sugar-cane, the staple industry of the colony. In the remaining woods deer abound (being carefully preserved) and afford good sport; there are also partridges, quails, hares, and wild ducks in several parts of the island. The far-famed Botanical Gardens of Pamplemousses contain many rare and valuable plants and flowers.

Railways.

There are seven lines of railway, all owned and worked by Government, viz.: (1) The North line, from Port Louis to the sea coast village of Grand River South-east. Its length is 31 miles, and its course is approximately parallel to the northern coast line of the island. (2) The Montagne Longue branch from Terre Rouge station on the North Line to the village of Montagne Longue; its length is $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles. (3) The Midland line, beginning at Port Louis and running across the island to the sea coast town of Mahébourg on the other side; its length is 35·3 miles, with a summit level of 1,822 feet at Curepipe; the gradient in many places is 1 in 27. Four miles of this line have been doubled and opened for traffic. (4) The Moka-Flacq line from the Rose Hill station on the Midland line to Rivière Sèche station on the North line; length 26·2 miles. (5) Savanne branch from Rose-belle station on the Midland line to the sea coast town of Souillac at the southern extremity of the island; its length is 10·90 miles. (6) Black River branch, from Richelieu on the Midland line to Tamarin, distance 12·75 miles. (7) Rivière du Poste to Mexico and Richebois, length 24 miles. All the above are of standard gauge, 4' 8½", except the 7th which is 75 centimetres (2' 6"). The total number of miles of railway now open is 119·65 of standard gauge and 24 of 2' 6" gauge, the total cost up to date being about 2,253,434*l.* or Rs. 33,786,509 (£1 = Rs. 15). The receipts in 1926 were Rs. 4,048,616 (including traffic done for other Government departments), and expenditure, Rs. 4,586,987, not including the charge on account of Railway Loans.

Religion.

The Christian Churches are assisted by State grants. According to the census of 1921, the Roman Catholics numbered 117,491, and the Protestants about 3,400, including Dependencies and Military. The Roman Catholics receive an annual grant from Government amounting to Rs. 142,016, the Protestants Rs. 45,533, and the Church of Scotland Rs. 8,558.

Education.

The system of education had been remodelled by Ordinance No. 33 of 1899, which repealed all former enactments. This Ordinance was amended in some important respects by Ordinance No. 35 of 1913.

Under the Education Ordinance of 1899, a Department of Public Instruction was created under a "Director of Public Instruction."

This system remained in force until it was superseded by the Education Consolidation Ordinance of 1919, under which the Department of Public Instruction was replaced by a Royal College Department and a Schools Department, the post of Director of Public Instruction being abolished. The Rector is the Head of the Royal College Department; and the Superintendent of Schools of the Schools' Department.

The Royal College provides for the Secondary Education of Boys. A Committee styled the "Royal College Committee" is annually appointed by the Governor to advise in the framing of Regulations and to act as a consultative body. It consists of the Rector as Chairman, and of six members chosen by the Governor.

The Schools' Department provides for Primary, Secondary, and Technical and Industrial Education:—

- (1) Primary Education is carried on through a system of Government Schools and of Grant-in-aid Denominational Schools, the latter under the immediate control of local managers.
- (2) Secondary Education is provided by means of a system of Grant-in-aid schools for boys and girls.
- (3) As regards Technical and Industrial Education, provision is made for the training of students in Engineering (Mechanical and Civil), in Horticulture and Woodwork, and for the training of students as Teachers. A consultative committee styled the "Schools Committee," similar to that of the Royal College, is annually appointed by the Governor. It consists of 10 members: five members are nominated by the Primary and Secondary Grant-in-aid Schools and four are chosen by the Governor, with the Superintendent of Schools as Chairman.
- (4) A sum of Rs. 500,000 has been set aside from the Colony's Surplus Balances as a "Scholarship Fund." The interest on this amount is devoted annually to provide further facilities, in the shape of scholarships and educational grants, for young Mauritians in the Government service and on leaving school to pursue their studies and obtain higher technical qualifications.

Higher Education.

On the books of the Royal College on the 31st December, 1926, there were 315 pupils.

Primary Education.

There were in 1926—

	Number.	Pupils.
Government schools	57	14,244
Grant schools	94	19,501
Total	151	33,745

The total expenditure on education in 1925-26 amounted to Rs. 1,419,138. There are about 800 masters, mistresses, assistants, and monitors and monitoresses employed in Government and Grant Schools. Of the pupils in the aided schools 59·0 per cent. are Roman Catholics, 2·0 per cent. belong to the Church of England, and 1·0 per cent. to other Christian denominations. Five Hindoo and three Moslem schools are also assisted.

Agricultural Education.

To facilitate higher agricultural education, a small Agricultural College has been established. Regular delivery of courses of lectures on Agricultural Science is being made to Primary School Teachers by the Department of Agriculture.

Communications.

Mail steamers of the Messageries Maritimes, starting from Marseilles, maintain a regular service *via* the Suez Canal, and the Union-Castle line provides a service *via* the Cape of Good Hope.

The British India Steam Navigation Company runs an irregular service between Colombo and Mauritius. There is frequent communication by both sailing and steam vessels with India, Australia, Madagascar, Natal, Réunion, &c.

The Imperial Wireless Station at Rose-belle, which was closed on the 30th June, 1922, has been taken over by the Government from the Admiralty for a term of 21 years, from 1st June, 1923. Telegraphic and telephonic communication is established along and beyond the railway, the total length of line being 594 miles of telegraph* and 202 of telephone; and cable communication through a branch office of the Eastern and South African Telegraph Company with Europe, *via* Seychelles, Zanzibar, and Aden, was opened in November, 1893. Through rate: United Kingdom to Mauritius, 3s. per word; and from Mauritius to United Kingdom, Rs. 1'50.

There are in Mauritius the General Post Office in the city of Port Louis, and 64 branch post offices in the rural districts, 64 money order offices, 54 telegraph and 7 telephone offices. In the island of Rodrigues there is one post office at Port Mathurin. There is no post office in any other of the Dependencies. The rates of postage as from 1st October, 1925, are :—

	Letters, per 20 grs., 10 cents; every additional 20 grs. or fraction thereof, 6 cents.	Newspapers, per 50 grs. or fraction thereof, 3 cents.
United Kingdom, and British Possessions, &c.		
Dependencies of Mauritius	Letters per 20 grs., 5 cents; every additional 20 grs. or fraction thereof, 5 cents.	
Other countries of the Postal Union or non- Union Countries . . .	Letters per 20 grs., 15 cents.; every additional 20 grs. or fraction thereof, 10 cents.	

Parcels Post Rates.—For parcels addressed to the United Kingdom.

<i>Via</i> Marseilles.	<i>Rs. c.</i>	<i>Via</i> Cape of Good Hope.	<i>Rs. c.</i>
Not over 3 kilos	3 25	Not over 3 lbs. . . .	1 50
Over 3 kilos and not over 5 kilos or 11 lbs.	3 60	Over 3 lbs. but not over 7 lbs. . .	2 90
		Over 7 lbs. but not over 11 lbs. .	3 75
Not over 10 kilos	5 80	Over 11 lbs. but not over 22 lbs. .	5 25

Commerce.

The island produces barely one-tenth of the food required for its inhabitants and almost all agricultural enterprise is devoted to the production of exports.

* Including Block Telegraph for the Railway.

The chief exports are sugar, rum, molasses, aloe-fibre, oil, copra, &c. Oxen are imported from Madagascar and Rodrigues, and food-stuffs from India.

The imports consist mainly of grain (rice, wheat, &c.), cotton manufactures, wine, coals, hardware, and manure. Efforts are being continued to establish a tobacco industry. About 93 per cent. of the value of the exports consists of shipments of sugar. In 1926 the weight of sugar exported was 181,215,772 kilos., with an estimated value of Rs. 37,991,240. The value of the rum exported was Rs. 24,576; that of aloe-fibre, Rs. 838,980; that of cocoa-nut oil, Rs. 43,126. The number of vessels registered at Port Louis is now 22, of a total tonnage of 5,989.

Currency and Banking.

The Mauritius Commercial Bank has establishments in the Colony, the total amount of deposits on 31st Dec., 1926, being Rs. 10,484,991, with paid up capital of Rs. 2,000,000.

The Bank of Mauritius (Limited) (now Mercantile Bank of India) was established in October, 1894, with paid up capital of 125,550l., and opened in Mauritius in Dec., 1894. Total deposits on 31st Dec., 1926, Rs. 4,565,110. The business of that bank was taken over by the Mercantile Bank of India Limited on the 3rd May, 1916. The total paid up capital is now 1,050,000l.

The National Bank of South Africa, now Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), has opened branches in the Island since 1919. The paid up capital being 4,975,500l., and the total amount of deposits on 31st December, 1926, Rs. 2,224,564.

A Government savings bank was established in 1837. The total deposits during the year ended 30th June, 1926, amounted to Rs. 1,479,993. The sum standing to the credit of depositors at the end of June, 1926, was Rs. 5,026,698.

All accounts are kept in rupees and cents of a rupee, which is the currency of the island. A Government note issue was re-established in 1876, the notes being legal tender except at the office of issue. The average circulation for the year 1925-26 was Rs. 15,460,500.

Weights and Measures.—The Metric System, as regards weights and measures, came into force on the 1st May, 1878.

DEPENDENCIES.

The dependencies of Mauritius comprise a large number of islands scattered over the Indian Ocean.

Rodrigues, the most important, is situated in latitude S. 19° 44' and longitude E. 63° 34', and is 344 nautical miles from Mauritius. The island which has an area of 42 sq. miles, about 26,000 acres, is 18 miles long by 7 miles broad, and is surrounded by coral reefs, extending in some places 5 or 6 miles from the shore. It is under the administration of a magistrate, who takes his instructions from the Governor of Mauritius. Laws for the island are made in the form of regulations framed by the Governor of Mauritius in Executive Council. The estimated population at 31st December, 1926, was 7,269. The birth rate in 1926 was 41·3 and the death rate 9·8 per 1,000. Cable communication, through a branch of the Eastern and South African Telegraph Company, was opened on 16th May, 1902.

The island, which is volcanic, mountainous, and in some parts well wooded, is beautiful and picturesque in the extreme. The highest land is 1,760 feet above the level of the sea, and may be seen in clear weather at a distance of 10 or 12 leagues. The temperature differs little from that of Mauritius, although the breezes are stronger and hurricanes more frequent and severe. The climate is healthy. The principal industries are fishing and the rearing of cattle and goats, for which latter the pasturage is excellent. The soil is good: cotton, coffee, tobacco, maize, beans, and vanilla grow luxuriantly; a trained officer has of late (1921) been appointed Agricultural Superintendent in view of the agricultural development of Rodrigues. The wild guinea fowl and partridges, likewise the deer and wild pigs, which used to be plentiful, have almost disappeared.

The value of the imports in 1926 was Rs. 364,067. The exports of the island produce in 1926 were valued at Rs. 361,304. The people are all peasant proprietors and there is abundance of food.

The principal exports at present are beans, maize, salt-fish, cattle, goats, pigs, poultry, tobacco-leaf and acacia seeds.

Communication with Rodrigues is maintained by H.M.C.S. "Secunder" and occasional sailing vessels.

Diego Garcia (population, 445, census 1921), the most important of the Oil Islands group, consists of four islands, at four days' steaming from Mauritius, the chief one being about 30 miles in length, extending in an irregular horse-shoe shape, and embracing between its extremities three minor islets. It is a coral atoll, fifteen miles by six and a half, nowhere over ten feet high, but forming a spacious bay, roomy enough for large vessels to enter, being fifteen miles in length from end to end, and from two to five miles in breadth.

Diego Garcia is situated at 7° 20' latitude S. and 72° 26' longitude E., on the straight line between the entrance to the Red Sea and Cape Leeuwin. In 1885 it was placed under the jurisdiction of a magistrate, with a small force of police from Mauritius, which was, however, withdrawn in 1888.

The population of the smaller Dependencies, according to the 1921 census, was 1,773.

GOVERNORS OF MAURITIUS FROM 1897.

Sir C. Bruce, K.C.M.G. 11 May 1897
Sir Cavendish Boyle, K.C.M.G. 20 Aug. 1904
Major Sir J. R. Chancellor,
K.C.M.G., D.S.O., R.E. 13 Nov. 1911
Sir Hesketh Bell, K.C.M.G.I. 18 May 1916
Sir Herbert J. Read, K.C.M.G., C.B. 19 Feb. 1925

Year.	Revenue. Rs.	Expendi- ture. Rs.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.†	
			British Tonnage.	Total. Tonnage.
1916-17	13,844,060	12,788,824	438,234	592,854
1917-18	13,666,420	12,860,380	235,998	387,265
1918-19	13,813,069	14,711,349	509,319	648,358
1919-20	18,132,807	18,967,993	530,421	716,488
1920-21	39,683,931a	24,312,126	651,026	896,482
1921-22	25,599,994	26,237,658	616,164	908,997
1922-23	23,547,734	22,031,176	599,508	928,493
1923-24	19,897,483	16,588,702	596,074	968,209
1924-25	19,672,843	17,653,716	714,800	1,262,172
1925-26	15,894,763	16,117,988	562,914	1,049,675

† Year ending 30th June. † Calendar year.

(a) Include Rs. 16,756,016 collected under Ordinances Nos. 36 and 37 of 1920.

Public Debt, 30th June, 1926, 1,765,724[†] (not including 86,518[†] Foreign Debenture Debt, of the Municipal Corporation of Port Louis).

Customs and Harbour Revenue, 1925-26, Rs. 7,389,384 + Rs. 307,719.

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K. Rs.	From Colonies.‡ Rs.	From Elsewhere. Rs.	Total. Rs.
1917	11,043,426	22,050,240	9,105,534	42,199,200
1918	7,016,235	30,012,233	5,781,982	42,810,250
1919	11,422,848	23,388,960	12,225,216	47,037,024
1920	23,827,889	49,264,730	23,093,711	96,186,330
1921	40,563,302	54,016,345	32,536,603	127,116,250
1922	23,880,773	33,311,798	20,187,301	77,379,872
1923	23,661,652	34,430,606	21,943,815	80,036,073
1924	24,746,862	32,220,949	23,671,992	80,639,803
1925	16,881,286	27,798,165	16,936,804	61,616,255
1926	11,346,796	24,584,678	14,802,253	50,733,627

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K. Rs.	To Colonies.‡ Rs.	To Else- where. Rs.	Total. Rs.
1917	31,489,476	11,356,661	19,079,587	61,925,724
1918	21,257,627	31,809,630	2,664,417	55,731,674
1919	96,362,366	18,238,683	13,261,404	127,862,453
1920	98,635,642	18,496,307	10,375,356	127,507,305
1921	135,029,437	19,561,630	3,308,755	157,899,822
1922	62,992,735	38,061,157	1,333,708	102,387,600
1923	66,052,535	12,379,352	863,506	79,295,393
1924	12,311,527	36,365,920	3,662,236	52,459,683
1925	27,609,534	13,055,690	3,977,749	44,642,973
1926	36,000,557	9,023,941	2,128,200	47,152,698

Population.

Estimate, 1767, 19,000	Male.	Female.	Total.
" 1837, 134,000			
Census, 1881 (General)	57,303	53,578	110,881
" " Indian	151,352	97,641	248,993
Census, 1891 (General)	58,539	56,129	114,668
" " Indo-Mauritian	80,653	75,938	156,591
" " Other Indians	66,846	32,483	99,329
Census, 1901 (General)	59,457	58,447	117,904
" " Indo-Mauritian	100,369	89,658	190,027
" " Other Indians	43,727	27,382	71,109
Census, 1911 (General)	59,783	59,049	118,832
" " Indo-Mauritian	115,421	107,236	222,657
" " Other Indians	23,934	11,660	35,594
Census, 1921 (General)	55,141	56,078	111,219
" " Indian	139,119	126,342	265,461
1st Jan., 1927 (Estimate)	398,236 (General and Indian)		

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Governor.
Officer Commanding the Troops.
Colonial Secretary.
Procureur and Advocate-General.
Receiver-General.
Clerk.

COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENT.

Governor.
Officer Commanding the Troops.
Colonial Secretary.
Procureur and Advocate-General.
Receiver-General.
Collector of Customs.

‡ Excluding Dependencies.
* Including Chinese.

Protector of Immigrants and Poor Law Commissioner.

Director of Public Works and Surveys.

Director, Medical and Health Department.

Elected Members.

Dr. E. Laurent.	S. Fouquereaux.
A. Rohan.	J. A. M. Martin.
J. P. Raffray.	L. H. A. Noel.
R. Pezzani.	D. Lallah.
F. M. L. Rouillard, K.C.,	R. Gujadhur.
C.B.E.	

Nominated Members.

H. G. Robinson.
 T. Avioe, *Registrar General.*
 R. Deane, *Inspector General of Police and Superintendent of Prisons.*
 P. Adam (on leave), F. J. Elyard (provisional).
 H. A. Tempny, D.Sc., F.I.C., F.C.S., *Director of Agriculture.*
 Dr. J. A. Ferrière.
 G. M. D. Atchia.
 J. M. Brodie, O.B.E.
 E. Lecléso, K.C.
 Clerk and Shorthand Writer (English), E. Jullienne, Rs. 8,000.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir Herbert James Read, K.C.M.G., C.B., Rs. 75,000.†
Private Secretary, Capt. A. G. C. Northcroft, Rs. 5,500.

Salaries.

The Clerical Service is paid according to the following incremental scale:—

1st Class,	Rs. 6,200—Rs. 7,200.
2nd „	Rs. 5,000—Rs. 6,000.
3rd „	Rs. 3,800—Rs. 4,800.
4th „	Rs. 2,600—Rs. 3,600.
5th „	Rs. 1,800—Rs. 2,400.
6th „	Rs. 1,200—Rs. 1,680.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Colonial Secretary, Sir E. A. Granum, Kt., O.M.G., Rs. 22,500.
Assistant Colonial Secretary (vacant), Rs. 12,000.
2nd Assistant Colonial Secretary, R. Viader, Rs. 8,000.

Clerical Staff.

2nd Class Clerks, R. Toureau and R. de Fontenay.
3rd Class Clerks, E. E. Blackburn, O. Terrière and W. Wilson.
4th Class Clerks, N. Martin Moncamp and J. Nalletamby.

Printing Office.

Government Printer, P. Bumstead, Rs. 4,000, by Rs. 250, to Rs. 5,000, and duty allowance Rs. 360.
Assistant Government Printer, L. Chanier, Rs. 2,000, by Rs. 200, to Rs. 3,000.

RECEIVER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Receiver-General, H. Pickwood, Rs. 18,000.

General Branch.

Assistant Receiver-General, P. Duhau, Rs. 10,000.
Head Accountant and Chief Examiner, N. Deoetter, Rs. 8,000.
1st Class Clerks, T. Dijou and P. Yerriah.
2nd Class Clerks, F. Fanchette, J. A. Sicard, S. Aroumanayagum and J. Koenig.

† Of which Rs. 15,000 is drawn by the O.A.G. when the Governor is absent on full pay or half-pay leave.

3rd Class Clerks, E. Grégoire, L. A. Thenet, J. E. Yerriah, D. S. Gnany, F. Grégoire, B. St. C. Cateaux, G. Marcello, L. Hubert, J. L. Melotte, J. L. M. Rault, B. Leconstant, L. Thirieux, A. Moutou, O. Henrison and E. Adrien.

4th Class Clerks, A. Johnson, B. H. Adrien, L. Moutou, E. Rosette, I. C. Nallétamby, L. E. Stephen, M. L'Etang, D. Kalle, W. Juste, and W. B. Bazire.*

Inland Revenue Branch.

Superintendent, E. Lagoarde, Rs. 8,000.
Inspectors (Revenue), H. Régnard, Rs. 5,000; L. Houeix, Rs. 4,500; R. Bouquet, R. Armand, A. Antoinette, H. Mattock, L. E. Dagorne, L. Crétin, S. Manancourt, H. G. Vellin, H. B. Bonnet, J. Sèvrement and L. Carver, Rs. 1,800—Rs. 3,600.

AUDIT OFFICE.

Auditor, A. S. Cremer, Rs. 12,000.
Assistant Auditor, C. A. J. S. Manger, Rs. 8,000.
2nd Class Clerks, A. Nayna and G. Florentin.
3rd Class Clerks, A. Patté, J. A. Gouges and W. Argent.
4th Class Clerks, G. Antoine, L. N. Russie, M. Maree and J. R. Silvio.

PUBLIC WORKS AND SURVEYS.

Director of Public Works and Surveys, Major F. Régnard, R.E., Rs. 15,000.
Assistant Directors, M. Desbleds, Rs. 10,000, and X. Koenig, Rs. 8,000—Rs. 9,000.
4th Class Clerk, E. Clément.

Building, Drainage and Water Works.

Divisional Engineer, M. Savrimoutou, Rs. 8,000—Rs. 500—Rs. 9,000.
Chief Inspector of Works, A. Régnard, Rs. 5,000—Rs. 6,200.

Roads and Bridges Branch.

District Inspectors, Rs. 3,600—Rs. 4,800; J. Mangot, G. A. Baptiste, E. Bouffé, R. Mellish.

Survey Branch.

Government Surveyor, L. E. Belcourt, Rs. 9,000—Rs. 500—Rs. 10,000.
1st Assistant Surveyor, F. Parsons, Rs. 6,000.
2nd Assistant Surveyor, F. Mathieu, Rs. 5,000.

MARE-AUX-VAOUES WATERWORKS.

Head Inspector, G. Wilmann, Rs. 4,800—Rs. 6,000.
Store Clerk, R. Poilly, Rs. 2,400—Rs. 3,000.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Collector of Customs and Registrar of Shipping, Capt. B. A. Francis, Rs. 15,000.
Deputy Collector, W. Johnston, Rs. 9,000.
Chief Clerk, 1st Class Clerk, T. Lemerle.
2nd Class Clerk, A. G. Somnarain.
3rd Class Clerk, J. G. Ambroisine.
4th Class Clerks, X. Chouchoux and V. Dabadie.
Bonded Warehousekeeper, W. Rose, Rs. 5,000—Rs. 6,000.
King's Warehousekeeper, A. Thatcher, Rs. 3,600—Rs. 4,800.
Assistant King's Warehousekeepers, E. Bonenfant, S. Camille and G. Thompson, Rs. 2,500—Rs. 3,500.

* Draws also Rs. 600 p.m. as Secretary, Tender Board.

Outdoor Branch.

Examining Officers (a). E. Appou, M. Fox (b), H. Duhamel, L. Denneumont and G. Jardin, Rs. 3,600-Rs. 4,800; L. Aumond, L. Magnien and C. Foster, Rs. 2,500-Rs. 3,500.
Preventing Officers, W. Pung, Rs. 3,600-Rs. 4,800; J. Hardouin, Rs. 2,500-Rs. 3,500; L. Hugon and J. M. Bernou, Rs. 1,800-Rs. 2,400.

HARBOUR DEPARTMENT.

Harbour Master and Superintendent of Mercantile Marine and Collector of Customs, Capt. B. A. Francis (see under Customs Department).
Port Captain, G. M. Smith, M.B.E., Rs. 8,000 and quarters.
Pilots, R. Morin and A. Commins, Rs. 6,000.

REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Registrar General, T. Avicé, Rs. 13,500, personal allowance, Rs. 1,000.

Registration and Mortgage Branch.

Assistant Registrar General, L. R. Giraud, Rs. 8,000, personal allowance, Rs. 1,000.
2nd Class Clerks, G. Clair, M. Yardin, and H. Herchenroder.
3rd Class Clerk, M. Gouges.
4th Class Clerks, A. Vacher, W. Theodore, and E. Joachim.

Archives Branch.

Custodian of Archives, E. Perdrau, Rs. 4,000-Rs. 5,000.

Civil Status Branch.

3rd Class Clerk, A. Emile.

POSTAL AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Colonial Postmaster and Superintendent of Telegraphs, H. W. Lavers, Rs. 10,000.
Inspector of Post Offices, E. Azor, Rs. 3,000-Rs. 3,600.
Parcels Clerk, I. Chaperon, Rs. 3,000-Rs. 3,600.
Instructor, Training School, J. Voltaire, Rs. 2,000-Rs. 2,400.
Chief Clerk, 1st Class Clerk, J. S. Ahnee.
Accountant, 2nd Class Clerk, J. E. Perombelon.
Deputy Postmaster, Port Louis, C. Chavry, Rs. 3,000-Rs. 3,600.
4th Class Clerk, R. Lassémillante.

IMMIGRATION AND POOR RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Protector of Immigrants and Poor Law Commissioner, L. Collet, Rs. 12,000.
Chief Clerk, 2nd Class Clerk, I. Rajabally.
3rd Class Clerks, A. Brunaud and P. E. Tahicatte.
4th Class Clerks, M. Ducasse, L. Pascal, L. Madhoo and H. Aliphon.
Inspector of Immigrants, 2nd Class Clerk, L. Besson, Rs. 5,000-Rs. 6,000 and house rent.

MEDICAL AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Director, Dr. T. B. Gilchrist, Rs. 20,250.
Medical Officers of Health, Dr. J. B. Kirk, Rs. 12,000-Rs. 15,000, and Dr. J. E. R. Mompilé, Rs. 13,500, and personal allowance Rs. 1,500.
Medical Assistant to Director, Rs. 7,000-Rs. 10,000 (vacant).

(a) These officers receive a non-pensionable allowance of Rs. 240 p.a. in lieu of overtime.

(b) Receives a personal allowance of Rs. 1,000 p.a. for performing the duties of Analyst.

Superintendent, Bacteriological Laboratory, and Government Analyst, Dr. L. G. Barbeau, Rs. 13,500.

Superintendent, Mental Hospital, Dr. D. Dyson, Rs. 10,000 by Rs. 500 to Rs. 11,000.

Superintendent, Civil Hospital, Dr. F. A. Rouget, O.B.E., Rs. 13,500; *Superintendent, Victoria Hospital*, Dr. Y. Cantin, Rs. 12,000.

Medical Officers, Drs. C. L. d'Arifat, A. G. Masson, F. L. Keisler, E. F. Bour, B. A. Sinnatambou, A. Leclézio, P. de Chaumont, S. Piarroux, G. Lamberty H. André, and D. D. Anderson (7 at Rs. 9,000-Rs. 12,000, 1 at Rs. 10,000-Rs. 12,000, 3 at Rs. 7,000-Rs. 10,000).

Resident Medical Officers—Civil Hospital, Dr. H. Sénèque, Rs. 7,500; *Victoria Hospital*, Dr. W. Dupré, Rs. 7,500, and two vacancies.

Sanitary Engineer, J. L. Naz, M.I.C.E., A.C.G.I., F.S.I., Rs. 9,000.

Chief Clerk, 2nd Class Clerk, N. D. Lutchmaya.

3rd Class Clerk, L. A. Moutou.

4th Class Clerk, B. J. Savrimoothoo.

Medical Storekeeper, G. E. F. Mason, Rs. 3,600-Rs. 4,800.

Assistant Bacteriologist and Analyst, E. Maya, Rs. 6,000-Rs. 8,000.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Director, Dr. H. A. Tempany, B.Sc., F.I.C., F.C.S., Rs. 15,000.

Assistant Director, D. D'Emmerez de Charmoy, Rs. 9,000 and personal allowance of Rs. 1,000.

Lecturer in Agricultural Chemistry, N. Craig, Rs. 7,500-9,000.

Senior Agricultural Officer and Instructor and Inspector, Co-operative Societies, C. A. O'Connor, Rs. 7,000.

Lecturer in Entomology and Zoology, W. H. Edwards, Rs. 6,000.

Assistant Chemist, R. Lincoln, Rs. 5,175-5,500.

Scientific Assistants, F. Berchon and A. Moutia, Rs. 2,808-3,588, and R. Rivalland, Rs. 937'50-1,250.

Botanist and Mycologist, E. S. Shepherd, Rs. 7,500-8,000.

Veterinary Surgeon, F. E. Lionnet, Rs. 7,500-9,000.

Statistician, 2nd Class Clerk, M. Koenig.*

3rd Class Clerk, H. Nicolin.

4th Class Clerk, L. E. Emile.

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTS.

Director, P. Koenig, Rs. 10,000.

Assistant Director, F. Bijoux, Rs. 5,000, and quarters.

Chief Inspector, G. Rennie, Rs. 4,000, and quarters.

Chief Clerk, 3rd Class Clerk, O. Delisse.

MUSEUM AND PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Librarian and Curator, R. E. Hart, Rs. 4,485.

ROYAL ALFRED OBSERVATORY.

Director, R. A. Watson, Rs. 12,000-15,000.

Computer, 4th Class Clerk, M. Herchenroder.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.**Supreme Court.**

Chief Judge, Sir F. A. Herchenroder, Kt., Rs. 24,000.

Justice Judges, T. E. Roseby, E. Serret, Rs. 18,000.

Clerks to Judges, 3rd Class Clerks, J. B. Selsis, R. Hardy and C. M. G. Deville.

* Draws Rs. 1,000 as Lecturer in Physics and Registrar of Agricultural College.

*Master and Registrar's Office and Curator
Accountant's Office.*

Master and Registrar, J. E. Rouillard, Rs. 12,500.
Registrar in Bankruptcy and Chief Clerk,
1st Class Clerk, L. Halais.
Curator Accountant, G. Koenig, Rs. 7,500.
2nd Class Clerk, L. Delafaye.
3rd Class Clerks, H. H. de Froberville, A.
Antoine and M. Duvivier.
4th Class Clerks, H. Poirier, E. Leguen and L. A.
Lamy.

Procureur-General's Department.

Procureur and Advocate General, G. E. Nairac,
K.C., Rs. 20,000.
Substitute Procureur and Advocate General,
R. H. d'Unienville, Rs. 13,500.
*Additional Substitute Procureur and Advocate
General*, G. Noël, Rs. 12,000.
Crown Attorney, C. Grégoire, Rs. 11,000.
2nd Class Clerk, M. A. J. Townsend.
3rd Class Clerk, E. Latour.
4th Class Clerks, T. W. E. Henrison and V.
Govinden.

District and Stipendiary Magistracies.

J. R. L. Clair, L. Leconte, E. Duvivier, L. Ulcoq,
F. Herchenroder, A. Legras, P. K/Vern, M. de
Comarmond and M. V. de Latour, Rs. 9,000-
12,000.
2nd Class Clerks, B. Halooman, L. H. W.
Cateaux, E. Gérard, E. Sérieuse and J. W.
Casse.
3rd Class Clerks, J. Alfred, A. E. Gnany, J. M.
Danjoux, G. Bouloux, G. Moutia, A. Loumeau,
L. Gébert and A. Boudou.
4th Class Clerks, L. Clair, C. E. d'Avray, A.
Athow, J. S. Cossigny, J. E. Robert, R.
Antoine, V. Moutou, A. Bonnet, C. Boudou,
H. S. Emile and J. U. Richard.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Inspector-General and Superintendent of Prisons,
R. Deane, Rs. 13,500.
Deputy Inspector-General, F. Ross, Rs. 9,000.
Inspectors, I. H. E. J. Stourton, H. Coombes, S.
Ghoorun, L. Vellin, L. L. J. Cadet, L. du B.
Ferrine and J. Fitzgibbon, Rs. 5,200-7,200, and
F. R. Rountree, Rs. 8,000, and quarters, or
lodging allowances.
Probationary Inspector, H. C. Lavers, Rs. 4,500-
5,000.
Sub-Inspectors, H. S. Rolfe, L. Hennequin,
T. D. Julien, H. R. Old, J. E. Guichard, E. E.
César, L. C. Ward and L. S. Gerald, Rs. 3,600-
4,800, with quarters, or lodging allowance, and
travelling allowance.
Pay and Quarter Master, J. Glenn, Rs. 4,000-
6,000.
Staff Sergeant-Major, J. E. Charles, Rs. 3,000
and personal allowance of Rs. 600 p.a.

PRISONS DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent of Prisons and Reformatory,*
Chief Warders, W. Kennedy, Rs. 5,500-6,600;
and J. F. Henry, Rs. 4,600-5,500.
3rd Class Clerk, R. Hurdwar.
Assistant Chief Warders, D. Walker and H.
Newlands, Rs. 3,450-Rs. 4,140, and house allow-
ance.

* See Police Department.

ECCLIASTICAL.

Church of England.

Bishop of Mauritius, Right Rev. C. H. Golding-
Bird, D.D., Rs. 10,000, and travelling allowance,
Rs. 1,000.
Archdeacon, Ven. H. Otter-Barry, Rs. 4,500.
Civil Chaplain, Port Louis, Rev. J. H. Duff,
Rs. 3,900.
Civil Chaplain, Curepipe, Rev. G. M. Hughes,
Rs. 3,900.
Civil Chaplain, Vacoas and Black River, Ven.
H. Otter-Barry, Rs. 3,900.
Civil Chaplain, Beau Bassin, and Rose Hill,
Rev. W. A. Norton, M.A., Rs. 3,900.
Civil Chaplain, Moka and Quatre Bornes, Rev. H.
Rolph, Rs. 3,900.
Assistant Civil Chaplain, Quartier Militaire,
Rev. Canon J. N. Yerriah, Rs. 1,200.

Roman Catholic Church.

Bishop of Port Louis, The Rt. Rev. J. Leen,
Rs. 10,000, and travelling allowance Rs.
1,000.
Vicar-General, Rev. R. M. Lee, Rs. 3,900, and
travelling allowance Rs. 500.
1st Class Priests, J. Mamet, A. Martin, A.
Charpiat, L. Frésia, J. Fitzpatrick, J. B.
Borbes, M. Liste, E. Dabdoub, X. Lavoipierre,
J. F. Trottet, J. M. Pivault and P. O'Carrol,
Rs. 2,600.
2nd Class Priests, A. Sester, C. Neyrolles, M.
Guérin, M. de Boucherville, A. Sylvand, J.
Leclerc, J. Thuet, C. Streicher, E. Schnepf,
A. Kauffman, W. Murphy and J. Harmonic,
Rs. 1,950.

Church of Scotland.

Minister and Chaplain (vacant), Rs. 5,200.

EDUCATION.

Rector, Royal College, M. H. Phillips, B.A.
(Oxon.), Rs. 15,000.
4th Class Clerk, M. Zamudio.
Senior Master, A. E. d'Avray, B.Sc., Rs. 9,000,
and personal allowance of Rs. 1,000.
Masters, P. Henri, R. E. Vaughan, P. Bacon,
T. B. Barnes, J. A. Castelain, Rev. J. R.
Fowler, M.A., P. L. Dumas, H. Nobbs,
Rs. 7,000-9,000.
Drawing Master, A. Leitch, Rs. 6,000.
Assistant Masters, L. O. Toureaux, W. Ithier,
B. Némorin, Lio-ès-Sc. Paris, Rs. 5,000-6,000;
F. Jean Louis, L. C. E. Besson, B.A. (London),
P. Randabel, E. Némorin, L. Pouzet, M. Pierrot,
Rs. 4,000-5,000; D. Picard, S. David, Rs. 2,400.
Gymnastics and Games Instructor, C. Lamb,
Rs. 4,000, and personal allowance of Rs. 1,000.
Usher, A. R. LeFebure, Rs. 3,000, and personal
allowance of Rs. 1,000.

Government Schools.

Superintendent of Schools, H. Lalouette,
Rs. 10,000.
Chief Inspector of Schools, A. Bancilhon,
Rs. 6,000-7,500.
Inspectors of Schools, C. Crighton, A. Poisson,
J. Pablot and G. Collendavello, Rs. 3,600 to
Rs. 4,800.
Chief Clerk, 2nd Class Clerk, A. Bruneau.
4th Class Clerk, J. U. Moutou.

Training College.

Principal, J. R. de Lengon Kilburn, Rs. 9,000.
Male Assistant, V. René, Rs. 3,600-4,800.
Female Assistant, Miss M. Foster, Rs. 3,000-4,000.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

General Manager (vacant), R. J. B. Hewson (acting), Rs. 22,500.

Permanent Way Engineer, A. Vallet, A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., and R. J. B. Hewson, Rs. 12,500.

Auditor and Accountant, H. W. Winson, Rs. 10,500.

Assistant Auditor and Accountant, H. E. Barlow, Rs. 7,500.

Chief Storekeeper, J. S. Morrison, Rs. 10,500.

Commercial Superintendent, M. P. M. Greany, Rs. 8,000.

Inspector, Permanent Way and Bridges, P. Cantin, Rs. 4,500-5,500 and one vacancy, Rs. 3,000-4,200.

Operating Superintendent, G. H. Tanner, A.M.I.M.E., Rs. 12,500.

Works Manager, T. B. B. Giles, Rs. 14,000.

Foreman, Works Branch, L. Rae, Rs. 6,000-7,500.

Electrical Department.

Government Electrician, T. Williams, Rs. 7,500.

Inspectors, L. Ahnee, R. T. Stevens and A. L. Mackay.

RODRIGUES.

Magistrate, J. B. Colin, Rs. 9,000-12,000.

Clerk, F. Bave, Rs. 2,600-3,600.

Roman Catholic Chaplains, Rev. V. Laffont and I. Simon, Rs. 2,600.

Government Medical Officer, Dr. E. Mangénie, Rs. 7,000-10,000.

Schoolmasters, P. Stephen and S. Hujardin, Rs. 1,560-Rs. 2,160 and quarters, result grants and servant allowance.

MINOR DEPENDENCIES.

District and Stipendiary Magistrates, W. J. Hanning and M. Béranger, Rs. 9,000 to Rs. 12,000.

MILITARY OFFICERS, &c. (in Mauritius).

Officer Commanding the Troops, Major J. I. A. McDiarmid, D.S.O., R.A.

Commanding Royal Artillery, Major J. I. A. McDiarmid, D.S.O., R.A.

Commanding Royal Engineers, Major H. P. Jesson, R.E.

Commanding Royal Army Service Corps, Capt. A. S. Parkin, R.A.S.C.

Chief Ordnance Officer, Capt. J. E. Ruddock, R.A.O.C.

Principal Medical Officer, Major W. F. M. Loughnan, M.C., R.A.M.C.

Command Paymaster, Capt. A. S. Parkin, R.A.S.C.

FOREIGN CONSULS (in Mauritius).

Argentine Republic, G. MacCarthy (residing in South Africa).

Belgium, H. J. Jourdain.

Denmark, A. McIrvine.

France, R. du Gardier.

Italy, F. J. Elyard.

Netherlands, F. J. Elyard.

Norway, J. M. Brodie, O.B.E.

Peru, A. Coutanceau (Consular Agent)

Portugal, G. Antelme.

Siam, H. Goupille (Consular Agent).

Spain (vacant), (Vice-Consul).

Sweden, H. G. Robinson.

Finland, Louis V. Goupille (Vice-Consul).

NIGERIA.

Situation, Area and Population.

The British Colony and Protectorate of Nigeria is situated on the north-eastern shore of that deep indentation in the western coast of the African continent known as the Gulf of Guinea, and is enclosed roughly by parallels of latitude 4° and 14° N. and by meridians of longitude 3° and 14° E.

It is bounded on the north and north-west by the military territories of the French Sudan, on the east and south-east by the Cameroons, on the south and south-west by the waters of the Gulf of Guinea, and on the west by the French colony of Dahomey. Its greatest length from east to west is 700 miles and greatest breadth from north to south 650 miles.

The area of Nigeria is about 329,389 square miles, and of the British sphere of the Cameroons about 34,236 square miles, making in all about 363,625 square miles. The country is therefore a little less in area than the United Kingdom, France and Belgium together, or about one-third that of British India. The coloured population is estimated at 18,765,690, while the number of Europeans of all classes, on an average, in the country is 5,200.

Physiography.

Topographically speaking, Nigeria consists of the following four main zones or areas:—

(1) An area of swamp and mangrove forest with almost impenetrable undergrowth, running parallel to the coast-line and varying in depth from 20 to 60 miles. This area, which includes the deltaic region of the River Niger, is covered by a network of creeks and traversed by numerous rivers, the most important of which are the Rivers Benue, Forcados (branch of the River Niger), Nun (branch of the River Niger), Sombaire, Bonny, Imo, Kwa-Ibo, and Cross.

(2) A belt of dense forest with thick undergrowth extending from the western to the eastern boundary and from 50 to 100 miles in width. The southern border of this area is some 20 miles from the coast-line in the west and thence follows the northern limit of the swamp and mangrove area. Its northern edge is difficult to determine exactly, as the belt gradually changes to patches of forest alternating with thick scrub and grass plains running approximately along a line drawn in a general east-south-easterly direction from about 7° 30' N. on the western border to 6° N. on the extreme east. The country is generally undulating with scattered hills, and an extensive view can seldom be obtained; there are, however, hills rising to over 3,000 feet, and the region becomes mountainous as the Cameroons frontier is approached. The zone is well watered by numerous rivers, which with few exceptions run from north to south, and contains extremely rich oil-palm areas. There are no open spaces, except around villages and clearings for farms.

(3) A zone of comparatively open country gradually developing into park-like land and thence into open expanses covered with high grass as the watershed of the River Benue and that of the Niger (above its confluence with the Benue) are neared. The zone is generally hilly and mountainous on the Cameroons frontier, where heights above 6,000 feet are to be found.

(4) A plateau occupying the greater portion of Nigeria north of the Rivers Niger and Benue. East of longitude 7° the southern limits of this plateau are determined by a zone of hills which succeeds the undulating grass country to the



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south. The features of the plateau are generally similar, and although many rivers take their rise in this tableland, it is broken to no great extent by their valleys, except in the cases of those of the Rivers Niger and Benue on the south and west. In elevation it does not exceed an altitude of much over 2,000 feet, except in the mountainous parts of Bauchi, where heights of 6,000 feet and more occur, and in the south-west of Yola, which is occupied by a part of the Cameroons mountain system. The surface is generally undulating, marked here and there by hills of granite and sandstone, which rise abruptly from the surrounding land. The country is clothed to a large extent with thin forests which become more and more scanty as the Western Sudan is entered and the arid "steppes" of the Sahara Desert are approached.

Climate.

West Africa formerly had the reputation of being so unhealthy that almost certain death would be the fate of the white man who endeavoured to make it his permanent home. And in this general condemnation Nigeria has been included. Though it cannot be claimed, even at the present day, that the country is a healthy one for the European except to a moderate extent on the plateau, the conditions of living have been so greatly improved during recent years that the possibilities of good health during temporary residence have been enormously increased. Medical and sanitary efforts have effected much by anti-malaria precautions, such as the use of quinine, and, around Lagos, the reclamation of considerable areas of swamp lands at great expense to Government. In spite, however, of this undoubted improvement in the conditions of life, Nigeria is not a land which can be colonised in the proper sense of the term by Europeans.

The "dry season," characterised by the "Harmattan," a dry north-easterly wind accompanied by a thick haze composed chiefly of dust, and the "rainy season" are the predominating features in the climate of Nigeria. The former begins in the north in October, extending its influence gradually southward until it is perceptible at Lagos early in November. There it appears intermittently up to the beginning of March, but in the north the dust and haze are more continuous and last until April. During this period the maximum diurnal variations of temperature occur. In 1922, the absolute minimum temperature recorded at Hadeija was 35°, and the absolute maximum was 115°. The wind blows generally from the north-east, and both diurnal variation and humidity vary with the severity of the Harmattan. Even in Lagos, where hourly observations are taken, during December and January the humidity has been known to fall to 28 per cent. This season is ushered in and out by short periods of tornadoes and the rainy season fills the remainder of the year. A prevailing south-west wind supplies on the coast a copious precipitation which decreases rapidly as it travels inland. At Bonny, on the coast, the rainfall recorded in 1923 was 150·99 inches, rain falling on 151 days; at Kaduna, in the middle of the country, 43·55 inches, rain falling on 112 days; while the lowest recorded was 25·06 inches at Sokoto, rain falling on 44 days.

History.

As far back as the 17th century British traders have had mercantile depôts on the mouths of the Niger and adjacent rivers and creeks, known as the Oil rivers, and in those early times the trade

was mainly confined to the traffic in slaves. At this epoch the French attempted a settlement at the mouth of the Niger, but were unsuccessful, and during the 18th century British interests preponderated.

At the beginning of the 19th century the exploration of the upper river, which had hitherto been supposed to be identical with the Nile or Congo, began, and Mungo Park traced its course from Bamako to Bussa, where he lost his life in the rapids. Lander in 1830 demonstrated the identity of Mungo Park's river at Bussa with the lower Niger, and followed its course to the sea.

In the next two decades, 1840-60, efforts were made, both by the British Government and private individuals, including French and German merchants, to develop the trade of the Niger, while our knowledge of the interior was greatly enlarged by the travels of Clapperton and Allen, both British, and of Barth and others, all at British instigation. A consulate was founded at Lokoja, and, at the cost of much money and many lives, some progress seemed to have been made only to result in failure. The pioneer of these efforts was McGregor Laird, who in 1852 began to establish stations and to endeavour to secure the country for England, but the stations were destroyed by natives, or removed after Laird's death in 1861. The good results of his work were not, however, entirely lost.

The situation in the early seventies was that there were numerous trading firms—English, French, and German—on the Oil rivers, where the export trade in palm oil had begun to assume importance, the imports being chiefly confined to spirits, guns and powder. The expeditions sent by the British Government to the higher river, and the subsidies voted by Parliament, had been withdrawn, and European intercourse with the Niger would have ceased had it not been for the perseverance of a few British firms, who during the four months of high water each sent a trading steamer up the river, and soon established a few primitive stations, where the white population of Nigeria lived. These bold pioneers were at the mercy of powerful chiefs, and gross outrages were from time to time avenged by the despatch of a light draught gunboat.

At the close of 1877, Mr. Goldie-Taubman—afterwards Sir G. Taubman Goldie—visited the Niger and recognised that amalgamation of interests and a settled government must replace the chaotic rivalry of traders. With this object in view he determined to secure a charter for a British Company. After much negotiation the small British interests, which were the only ones existent on the Niger at that date, were amalgamated in the United African Company in 1879, and in 1881 a charter was applied for. The objection was raised that the capital of the Company was too small, and hence the National African Company was formed with a capital of a million sterling, with the object of opening up direct relations with the great chiefs of the interior.

With great energy the new company founded stations, sent out a river flotilla, and pushed up the Niger and Benue, but meanwhile the foresight of Gambetta had prompted the establishment of two French Companies, which, being backed by the French Government, acquired a great influence on the lower Niger. Of these the Compagnie du Senegal had a capital of 600,000£, and some thirty French stations were formed, and while the French flag remained the charter could not, of course, be granted. The energy of

Sir George Goldie, however, secured the disappearance of the French flag just in time to announce at the Berlin Conference in 1886 that the British flag alone flew on the Niger, and to secure to Great Britain the guardianship of the international navigation rights on the Niger while the French companies and rival British interests which had meantime grown up were absorbed in the National African Company.

In April, 1886, a new danger arose from the mission of Herr Flegel to secure treaties with Sokoto and Gando on behalf of Germany, but he was anticipated by the British Company, who concluded treaties with those powerful emirs. Great Britain was, therefore, able to conclude the Agreement of 1886 with Germany, which settled the frontiers between Nigeria and the Cameroons as far north as Yola, and in July, 1886, the long-delayed charter was granted, and the Company changed its title to that of the Royal Niger Company. Meanwhile, the territories adjacent to the river had been placed under British protection.

The first decade was spent in founding a number of commercial and quasi-administrative stations on the Niger and Benue Rivers, and in making treaties with the native tribes, and consolidating the commercial organisation on which the Company was dependent for its revenue. The expeditions of Montell to Lake Chad from the west, of Crampel from the south-east, and of Mizon by way of the Niger and Benue, were checkmated, and finally, in 1890, an agreement was arrived at with France by which the line dividing the French Sudan on the north from Nigeria was drawn with certain deflections from Say, on the Niger, to Berua, on Lake Chad, and in 1893 the Cameroons boundary was extended from Yola to the south of the same lake.

In 1897 the growing hostility of the great Fulah Power culminated in a plan to drive the white men out of the country. The Company were not unprepared, and they took the field with some 500 or 600 soldiers, led by about 30 British officers, against many thousands of the enemy, of whom a large proportion were mounted. Nupe, a dependency of Sokoto, which had thus challenged the Company's existence, was divided by the Niger into two nearly equal portions. The southern portion was first conquered, and then northern Nupe after a two days' fight before the capital at Bida. Florin, a smaller dependency, was next subdued. Prior to this southern Nupe had been partially cleared of the Fulah slave raiders, and on the 20th June, 1897, the legal status of slavery in the Niger Territories was declared abolished by the Company.

Simultaneously with this crisis another, which was to have far-reaching effects, arose. The only indeterminate frontier remaining was that to the west. The Company perceiving, in 1894, that French enterprise contemplated the annexation to Senegal and Dahomey of the Borgu country, sent out Captain Lugard (now Sir F. D. Lugard) to negotiate treaties with the king or chiefs of that country. Anticipating the powerful French expeditions by only a few days, he succeeded in making treaties at the capital of Nikki, and with other semi-independent chiefs of districts. Disregarding these prior British treaties, a swarm of French expeditions spread over Borgu, and having obtained a pledge from our Government that Sir George Goldie's powerful expedition, then in the field against the Fulani, should not advance north of latitude 9°, they invaded Bussa, with which we had a specific treaty of many

years' standing, and established themselves on the Niger at several points.

At the end of 1897, in view of this situation, the British Government decided to raise an Imperial local force, and the task was confided to Colonel Lugard, who left England in March, 1898. After a period of great tension, during which the British and French troops faced each other, and a conflict was daily imminent, a convention was signed laying down a boundary line from the intersection of the 9th parallel with the frontier of Dahomey to Illo on the Niger, and thence to the northern frontier, which was more accurately defined, to Lake Chad, and to its junction with the Cameroons frontier. Meanwhile, the Emir installed at Bida by the Company was ousted, and the Nupe were again in arms, while the army of Rabeh, which had penetrated from the Nile Valley to Lake Chad, conquered and laid waste the territory of Bornu, but eventually returned to the south of Lake Chad.

The Imperial force, called the West African Frontier Force, with a "Commissioner and Commandant" at its head, and independent of the Company, was rapidly being formed, with its headquarters at Jebba, and with numerous detachments holding the posts evacuated by the French throughout Borgu, and a strong garrison at Lokoja.

The Imperial Government having decided that the charter of the Royal Niger Company should be revoked, and that its administrative rights and powers should be transferred to the Crown, steps to this end were taken at the end of 1898, when the convention with the French Government had been signed. The actual transfer of the Company's rights and possessions to the Crown took place on the 1st of January, 1900, when the territories north of a line extending, with deflections, from approximately latitude 9° on the Dahomey frontier to Idah on the River Niger, thence to Takum on the Cameroons border, were formed into the Protectorate of Northern Nigeria under Colonel Lugard as High Commissioner.

During the first years of the protectorate of Northern Nigeria, the Government was engaged in bringing under control the powerful Emirates of the Hausa States and the Kanuri Kingdom of Bornu. These Emirs, who maintained large standing armies, a large proportion of which was mounted, annually took the field and devastated vast tracts of country in slave-raiding expeditions. Despite the treaty with Sokoto, under which the Royal Niger Company paid him an annual subsidy, the Fulani Emirates now defied the Government. The Emirs of Nupe and Kontagora were brought under control in 1901; Yola, Bauchi and Bornu in 1902; and the work of pacification was practically completed in 1903 with the taking of Kano and Sokoto, and the action at Birmi. Since that date the Hausa States have maintained a record of peaceful progress, with the exception of a rising by a so-called "Mahdi" in 1906 at Satiru in the Sokoto Province, which was, however, quickly suppressed with the loyal assistance of the Emir of Sokoto. The minor Emirate of Hadejia in the extreme north, which had not previously been brought under control, assumed an aggressive attitude in 1906 which, however, was suppressed. It was necessary also to send minor expeditions against various unruly and truculent pagan tribes, of which the more important were the Munahis on both banks of the Benue, the Okpotes in the

Bassa Province, and various hill-tribes in the Bauchi and Nassarawa Provinces.

In addition to the pacification of these vast areas—hitherto largely unexplored—the early years of the Protectorate were devoted to creating a Civil Government in all its departments, and to the housing of the civil and military officials, and the erection of public offices; the building of the first light railway from Barijuko (on the navigable Kaduna) to Zungeru (22 miles), to which place the seat of Government was transferred in 1902 from the temporary capital at Jebba; and the opening up of communications both by land and by the navigable waterways of the Niger, Benue, Kaduna and Gongola Rivers. In 1907 the construction of the main trunk line from the navigable Niger at Baro to Kano (356 miles), the great market of the Hausa States, was commenced and completed, as a pioneer line, in 1912. During the 14 years from the inception of the Government of Northern Nigeria on 1st January, 1900, to its amalgamation with Southern Nigeria on 1st January, 1914, there were constructed in the Protectorate 700 miles of railways and 5,500 wire miles of telegraphs, while the Marine Department worked 1,000 miles of river.

In the political and administrative sphere a complete Civil Service was created, which increased from half a dozen officers in 1900 to an establishment of 132 residents and assistants in 1913. The guiding principle of the Administration was indirect rule through the native chiefs, the powers delegated to whom varied with their degree of enlightenment. A form of direct taxation was evolved, based on the elaborate system which obtained in the Hausa States prior to the British occupation, but shorn of its abuses. The collection of these taxes was made through the chiefs, a fixed proportion of them being retained in "Native Treasuries," from which the salaries of the native officials were paid.

As an indication of the progress achieved, the Durbar held at Kano on 1st January, 1913, may be instanced, when practically all the chiefs of the Protectorate—from the great Mohammedan Emirs to the petty chiefs of pagan hill tribes—asssembled with such retinues as they were allowed to bring, estimated at 20,000 horsemen and 40,000 foot.

THE OIL RIVERS PROTECTORATE.—When, in 1885, the British Government at the conference of the European Powers, held at Berlin, was able to obtain acknowledgment of the fact that a British protectorate had been virtually established over the Niger districts, an Order-in-Council defining them was made, and the portion lying on the coast line was designated the Oil Rivers Protectorate, and placed under Consular rule.

In 1891 the rule of the Consul over the Oil Rivers Protectorate was exchanged for that of a Commissioner and Consul-General, stationed at Old Calabar (now Calabar), while Deputy Commissioners and Vice-Consuls were appointed to the Rivers Benue, Bonny, Brass and Forcados, and to the districts of Sapele and Warri.

By an Order-in-Council of 1893 the Oil Rivers Protectorate was extended definitely into the hinterland under the name of the Niger Coast Protectorate, and an administration established under an Imperial Commissioner and Consul-General.

BENIN.—In 1892 Captain Gallwey (now Sir H. L. Galway) concluded a treaty with the king of Benin.

As time passed, however, it became evident that this potentate had no intention of adhering to its provisions.

At this period Benin held enormous power over the surrounding territory, and it was said that her influence extended even so far as Sierra Leone on one side and the Congo River on the other. The terrible nature of the fetish rites and the wholesale human sacrifices which took place in Benin City, urgently demanded European intervention and the introduction of civilised rule.

Early in 1897 a peaceful mission, organised by the Acting Consul-General to establish friendly relations with Overami, the king of Benin, and to induce him to carry out the terms of the treaty of 1892, was treacherously attacked, and with the exception of two, all the European members of the party were massacred. A powerful expedition was sent against Benin, and in a short time the capital had been captured, but the king made good his escape. The state in which Benin City was found passes all description. In every direction human remains, pits filled with bodies in various stages of decomposition, and altars dripping with fresh human blood were to be seen.

Overami eventually surrendered and was sent into exile at Calabar, where he died in the early part of 1914. In 1899 there was a second expedition into the Benin country, which resulted in the capture and execution of Ologbohere, the leader of the attack on the mission.

THE PROTECTORATE OF SOUTHERN NIGERIA, 1900-1906.—When in 1900 the charter of the Royal Niger Company was revoked by the Crown that portion of its territories lying between Idah and the coast was added to the Niger Coast Protectorate. At the same time by an Order-in-Council the Niger Coast Protectorate was constituted the Protectorate of Southern Nigeria, the administration being transferred from the Foreign Office to the Colonial Office, and placed under Sir R. Moor as High Commissioner. In 1901 the Niger Coast Protectorate troops were organised into a regiment of the West African Frontier Force, and remodelled on the lines of the original corps of that name raised in the Niger Company's territories by Colonel F. D. Lugard in 1898.

Towards the close of 1901 preparations for the Aro Expedition were commenced. These operations were directed against the southern Ibo people in general and the Aro, or Inokun tribe in particular. The Aros, who may be described as the dominant section of the great Ibo family, held paramount power over a large extent of country lying between the Niger and Cross Rivers. They had established a powerful fetish, probably derived from Benin, known as the Long Juju which exercised an extremely evil influence on the ignorant and superstitious natives for miles around. After five months of arduous work, the Field Force accomplished the subjugation and disarmament of the Aro tribe, the destruction of the Long Juju and the bringing under Government control of that portion of the territories as far north as about the 5th parallel.

Between 1905 and 1909 several expeditions were sent into the hinterland with the object of opening to trade and civilisation previously unexplored tracts of country. The principal operations were the Bende-Onitsha Hinterland Expedition, 1905-06, and the Niger-Cross River Expedition, 1908-09. As the troops progressed through the country new administrative districts and stations

were formed, broad roads constructed in all directions, and many new markets established.

The eastern frontier from the Cross River rapids to the sea was surveyed by an Anglo-German Commission in 1905-06; and from Cross River rapids to Yola in 1907-09. For some years before these delimitations, there were frequent raids across the border by German native soldiery from the Cameroons, which were invariably accompanied by robbery with violence and seizure; and even after the boundary line had been demarcated this violation of British territory did not cease.

LAGOS OR EKO.—During the reign of Kosoko, Lagos, or Eko as it is known to the natives, became the chief centre of the slave trade in the Bight of Benin. Akitoye, his cousin, from whom the throne had been usurped, issued a proclamation to the effect that he would make common cause with the British against slavery if he were reinstated. Acting on this statement, the British Government took decisive measures, and in 1851 a party of bluejackets from Her Majesty's warships attacked and reduced the town. Kosoko fled and Akitoye was restored to power. In 1852 Akitoye and his chiefs signed a treaty by the terms of which they agreed to abolish the export of slaves, and to encourage the work of missionaries and the establishment of stations for them. A Consul was appointed to Lagos for the protection of British interests.

About nine months after the signature of this treaty some Portuguese slave traders, who had been expelled, returned to Lagos and renewed their old practices. Akitoye was informed of what was going on, and their attempts were promptly suppressed. In consequence of this, the slave trade party, under the leadership of Kosoko, organised a rebellion which broke out in 1853. Indecisive encounters took place between the two factions, and bluejackets were landed to protect the Consulate. Attempts which were made by the Consul and officers to mediate failed, and finally marines were sent to assist Akitoye, when, after a short fight, Kosoko was defeated and fled. Dosumu, who succeeded his father Akitoye, was unable to adhere to the terms of the treaty, and was induced in 1861 to cede the sovereignty of Lagos and dependent territories to the Crown in consideration of a pension, which he continued to draw until his death in 1885.

THE COLONY OF LAGOS.—In 1862 these territories were erected into a Colony, and the following year Kosoko, who in 1854 had been acknowledged king of Lekki and Palma, districts lying to the eastward, ceded these places to the Lagos Government. At the same time Protectorate rights were established over Ado and Oke-Odan on the west. In 1866 the Colony became a portion of the West African Settlements, retaining a separate Legislative Council, but being subject to the Governor-in-Chief at Sierra Leone. In 1874 the Colony, which extended from Badagry on the west to Odi on the east with an indefinite inland boundary, was united to the Gold Coast Colony.

In 1883 Appa, lying on the western border of the Colony, was the next district to be brought under British jurisdiction. In 1884, the British Consul concluded a treaty with the Jekris by which their country as far as Mollume, was placed under British protection, and similar treaties were made with the chiefs of Ogbo and Mahin, small tribal areas situated in the creek region to the eastward. In 1886 the Lagos territories were

separated from the Gold Coast and erected into a separate Colony and Protectorate. Between the years 1886 and 1895 Mahin, Ijebu-Ro, Itebu, and Aiyesan to the east, and Kotonu, Igbesa, Ado and Ilaro to the west were proclaimed part of the Protectorate. An expedition was sent against the Ijebus in 1892, which resulted in the military occupation of their country, and in the opening of a most important trade route to the interior.

From this time onward British influence gradually spread inland towards the Niger, and in 1899 the Protectorate was extended to the confines of Northern Nigeria and to the border of the Niger Coast Protectorate. The country generally prospered, and Lagos became a great trading port with many large mercantile firms, both European and native, established. Great trade routes were opened into the interior, and a railway was constructed from Lagos to Ibadan, passing through a thickly populated and fertile agricultural country.

THE COLONY AND PROTECTORATE OF SOUTHERN NIGERIA, 1906-1913.—In 1906 the Colony of Lagos and its protected territory were amalgamated with the Protectorate of Southern Nigeria under one administration and designated the Colony and Protectorate of Southern Nigeria. For administrative purposes the country was partitioned into three main divisions—the Western Province, which coincided with the former Colony and Protectorate of Lagos; and the Central and Eastern Provinces, which previously formed the Protectorate of Southern Nigeria.

The next few years were spent in building up an extensive system of communications. The railway from Lagos to Ibadan was extended over the Northern Nigeria border to Jebba; thence across the Niger to Zungeru; and finally linked up with the railway in operation from Baro on the Niger to Kano, the great Mohammedan trade centre of the north. A light railway was built joining the main line at Zaria with the tin fields of Bauchi. Broad main roads were driven in all directions and telegraph lines constructed between important administrative and trade centres.

In 1901 the great undertaking of making Lagos an open port by the construction of huge moles and by the dredging of the sandbar, which obstructed the entrance to the harbour, was commenced; and by the end of 1913 sufficient progress had been made to permit of large ocean-going steamers entering the harbour and berthing alongside the wharves. For several years vessels drawing 20 feet of water have been able to use the harbour.

Large areas in the north-eastern portion of the Protectorate, notably the country inhabited by the warlike and hitherto intractable Munshe people were brought under Government supervision.

THE AMALGAMATION OF NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN NIGERIA, 1914.—By Letters Patent of 29th November, 1913, and an Order-in-Council dated the 22nd of November, 1913, which Instruments came into operation on the 1st January, 1914, the Colony and Protectorate of Southern Nigeria and the Protectorate of Northern Nigeria were formed into the Colony and Protectorate of Nigeria. By another Order of the same date the boundaries of the Colony of Nigeria were defined, and by a third Order, which applied to the Colony and to the Protectorate, an advisory and deliberative body known as the Nigerian Council was established.

Provision was made for an Executive Council and for a Legislative Council for the Colony. The legislative power for the Protectorate was vested in the Governor. The Colony was placed under an Administrator, and the Protectorate, divided into two groups of provinces—Northern and Southern—under two Lieutenant-Governors.

Since the amalgamation, the chief events in the history of Nigeria have been the Great War, which resulted in the conquest of the Cameroons; the building of the Eastern Railway, and the development of the ports of Lagos and Port Harcourt, and of the Government Colliery at Enugu; the great trade boom of 1919 and 1920, and the great trade depression which succeeded it in 1921; the institution in 1923 of an enlarged and partly elected Legislative Council for the Colony and the Southern Provinces of the Protectorate (*see under Constitution*); and the visit of the Prince of Wales in 1925.

Political and Administrative Divisions.

Nigeria is arranged in three main divisions, the "Colony" and two groups of provinces designated the "Northern Provinces" and the "Southern Provinces," which have areas of 1,400, 255,700, and 78,600 square miles respectively. The Colony comprises the former Colony of Southern Nigeria, while the two groups of provinces are formed from the late Protectorates of Northern and Southern Nigeria.

The Northern Provinces are Adamawa, Bauchi, Benue, Bornu, Ilorin, Kabba, Kano, Niger, Plateau, Sokoto, and Zaria.

The Southern Provinces are Abeokuta, Benin, Calabar, Cameroons, Ijebu, Oyo, Ogoja, Ondo, Onitsha, Owerri, and Warri.

The Provinces are each partitioned into divisions. The seat of Government is established at Lagos. The Administrative Head-quarters of the Colony and of the Southern Provinces are at Lagos, while that of the Northern Provinces is at Kaduna.

THE CAMEROONS:—The conquest of the Cameroons was completed in February, 1916, after a series of operations which commenced in August 1914.

An Anglo-French military and naval force under the command of Brigadier-General C. Dobell, (afterwards Major-General Sir C. Dobell), the Inspector General of the West African Frontier Force, compelled Duala to surrender on 27th September, 1914, and after hard fighting drove the German forces from the surrounding districts.

On the 10th June, 1915, Garua, on the River Benue, fell after a siege of a few weeks by forces from Nigeria and the French Chad Territory under the command of Brigadier-General Cunliffe, the Commandant of the Nigeria Regiment, W.A. F.F.; having cleared the north of the Cameroons, except Mora, these forces marched southwards driving the Germans before them to the Sanaga River.

French forces, with a Belgian contingent from the Congo, invaded the Cameroons from French Equatorial Africa under the command of General Aymerich and gradually pushed forward from the south-east and south towards Yaounde, which had become the headquarters of the German forces. Finally the main German forces, being almost surrounded by the converging advance of the Allied troops, retreated southwards into the Spanish territory of Muni, where they were interned, and the isolated garrison of Mora in the north then surrendered.

By an arrangement which came into effect on 1st April, 1916, the Cameroons was provisionally divided into British and French spheres. The British sphere (about 31,150 square miles in extent) consisted of two portions. The smaller, in the extreme north was intended to include the whole of the Sultanate of Dikwa or German Bornu. The larger consisted of a strip of country bordering on Nigeria, about 400 miles in length and with a maximum width of 80 miles, extending from about 30 miles south of Yola to the Cameroonian estuary. It included Buea, the German administrative capital of the Cameroons, and the ports of Victoria, Tiko, and Rio del Rey, and consisted of nearly the whole of the Victoria District, the Kumba (or Johann Albrechtshöhe) District, the Ossidinge District, part of the Chang District, the Bamenda District, and parts of the Banyo and Garua Districts.

The estimated population of the British sphere was about 650,000.

The rest of the Cameroons, about 275,000 square miles, with Duala and Kribi, the chief ports, was assigned to France. Boundary adjustments with the French took place in 1920 in accordance with an agreement signed by Lord Milner and M. Simon on 10th July, 1919. The principal features of these were the transfer to the British of the country west of the Mandara Mountains from the Dikwa Sultanate in the north to the River Tiel in the south, and the transfer of nearly all the Chang District to the French.

The British sphere was placed under the control of the Governor of Nigeria, and the parts of the sphere to the north of the Bamenda District were administered by the staffs of the adjoining Nigerian Provinces of Bornu and Yola. The Bamenda, Ossidinge, Kumba and Victoria Districts were administered as a separate Cameroons Province with four Divisions (Bamenda, Mamfe, Victoria, Kumba) under a Resident stationed at Buea, responsible to the Governor of Nigeria through the Lieutenant-Governor of the Southern Provinces. The large German cocoa, rubber and banana plantations in the Victoria District, with about 48,000 acres under cultivation, were placed in the charge of a Plantation Department, in order that they might be kept in good order as far as possible until their mode of disposal was settled. They were sold by auction in November, 1924.

By the Treaty of Versailles, Germany renounced in favour of the Principal Allied and Associated Powers all her rights over the Cameroons.

In December, 1920, the British and French Governments submitted to the Council of the League of Nations draft mandates for the British and French spheres with a joint recommendation (dated 17th December, 1920) for the division of the Cameroons in accordance with the Milner-Simon agreement of 10th July, 1919. In October, 1921, the Council of the League approved in principle the division of the country in accordance with that agreement and the application of the mandate system to those territories, and on 20th July, 1922, after a delay due to negotiations between the United States Government and the Mandatory Powers, the Council confirmed the mandates and defined their terms.*

By an Order in Council, dated 1923 and brought into force in February, 1924, and by Nigerian Ordinance No. 3 of 1924, provision was made for the future government of the British Sphere as if it were part of the Protectorate of Nigeria.

* For text of the British mandate *see Cmd. 1794.*

Under these enactments, the Cameroons Province is administered and legislated for as if it formed one of the Southern Provinces of the Protectorate, while the northern parts are administered and legislated for as if they formed parts of the Northern Provinces of Bornu and Yola; and most of the laws of Nigeria are applied to the British Sphere, subject to the terms of the mandate as regards the few provisions thereof which are not in accordance with ordinary Nigerian law and practice.

Commerce and Industry.

The progress of Nigeria may be illustrated by the fact that in 1904 the total value of imports and exports (excluding specie) was a little over 5 millions sterling, as compared with over 12 millions in 1914 and over 29 millions in 1926.

Imports consist chiefly of the following goods, which are arranged alphabetically, and not in order of value:—Aërated waters, bags and sacks, beads, beef, bicycles, biscuits, chemicals and drugs, cigars and cigarettes, kola-nuts, cooper's stores, cotton and woollen goods, cutlery, earthenware, enamelware, firearms, fish, flour, furniture, galvanized iron, gunpowder, haberdashery, hardware, kerosene, matches, perfumery, rice, rope and twine, salt, silk goods, soap, spirits, stationery, sugar, timber, tobacco, umbrellas, wearing apparel, wines, and a great number of miscellaneous articles. Cotton-piece goods form the principal class in the import table, 3,244,973*l.* worth being received in 1926.

The principal exports are palm-kernels, palm-oil, tin, hides and skins, ground-nuts, cotton lint, cocoa, mahogany, rubber, and shea produce.

The influence of railway extensions in the Northern Provinces is shown by the largely increased exports of ground-nuts, hides and skins, and shea produce. In 1911, the year before the railway to Kano was opened, the total value of these three products shipped overseas was 89,000*l.* only, as compared with 2,342,739*l.* for ground nuts alone in 1925. There is also a large increase in cotton goods carried to Kano.

Deposits of lignite and coal have been discovered near Asaba and Udi in the Southern Provinces. A colliery was opened by Government in 1915 at Enugu, the coal won being used by Government Departments or sold to the public. The output for 1926 was 322,301 tons.

Amongst minor products exported from the Colony and Protectorate may be mentioned ivory, ebony, copra, coffee, gutta percha, beeswax, silk, gums, benniseed, piassava fibre, capsicums, ginger and ostrich feathers.

Crops cultivated for home consumption include maize, yams, cassava, sweet potatoes, sugar cane, guinea corn, ground-nuts, rice, millet, tobacco, plantains and bananas, beans of various kinds, etc. Wheat is grown to a small extent in some parts of the Northern Provinces.

Large herds of cattle, sheep, and goats are raised in the Northern Provinces, and in the extreme north, ostriches and camels are bred. Horses and donkeys are bred and in common use in the northern part of the Protectorate.

The ports served by ocean steamers are, from west to east, Lagos, Forcados and Burutu, Warri, Sapele, Koko Town, Akassa, Brass, Bonny, Port Harcourt, Degema, Opobo, Calabar, and Victoria, Cameroons.

Import and export merchants are established at the ports, and also up-country along the main waterways, the Niger, Benue, and Cross Rivers, and at inland railway stations.

The Nigerian Tin Fields.

The principal tin fields are situated on the western boundary of the Bauchi Province and in the Provinces of Nassarawa, Zaria, and Kano adjoining that boundary. Tin is also known to exist in the Provinces of Ilorin, Calabar, and Yola, but as yet has not been found in payable quantities.

The tin is in the form of cassiterite, and is mostly found in the detrital deposits resultant on the vast denudation that has taken place all over the known field; it is therefore more readily discovered in the existing river-beds; and shows a tendency to increase in size and richness of deposit nearer their sources.

The pagan town of Bukuru may be taken roughly as the centre of the field (about 6,000 feet above sea level), from which three great waterways of the Northern Provinces take their origin. Flowing westwards we have the N'gel River, becoming the Kwall Danchandon, and eventually the Kaduna, flowing north-east the Delimi River that goes to Lake Chad, and flowing east the numerous tributaries of the Gongola which joins the Benue, such as the Shen, Forum, Ropp and Jarawa Rivers.

Tin ore has been worked and smelted by the natives during the last hundred years, the Seriki (Chief) of Liruein-Delma being a grandson of the native who historically first discovered and worked it. There is, however, strong evidence to show that some former race knew of its existence. Beads may be seen that have been found in the deep detrital deposits that could only have been made by man. These beads bear no resemblance to the modern ornaments made by tin workers, nor are such beads worn by any existing race of natives near the fields, also the depth at which they have been found precludes a modern origin.

The ore won by the existing mines amounted in 1913 to 5,530 tons. The exports were 8,475 tons in 1921, 8,852 in 1924 and 10,562 tons valued at 2,217,046*l.* in 1926.

Banking, Currency, Weights and Measures.

Banking facilities are afforded by the Bank of British West Africa Ltd., and Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas). The former is established at Lagos (local head office), Aba, Abonema, Abeokuta, Calabar, Ebute Metta, Enugu, Ibadan, Jos, Kaduna, Kano, Lokoja, Onitsha, Opobo, Oshogbo, Port Harcourt, Sapele, Warri and Zaria, and there are also a number of agencies. Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) is established at Lagos, Aba, Burutu, Ebute Metta, Ibadan, Jos, Kano, Port Harcourt, Zaria and Victoria (British Cameroons).

The coins current in Nigeria are:—U.K. gold, silver and bronze coins; *West African* silver coins value 2*s.*, 1*s.*, 6*d.* and 3*d.*, and *West African* alloy coins of the same denomination; *West African* nickel-bronze coins value 1*d.*, ½*d.* and ¼*d.* (tenthpence).

All coins, which under the Coinage Acts, 1870 and 1891, are legal tender in the United Kingdom, and all subsidiary coins coined in pursuance of the provisions of His Majesty's Order-in-Council dated 28th July, 1906, as amended by Orders-in-Council dated respectively 9th September, 1907, 19th October, 1908, 2nd August, 1910, and 7th May, 1913, are current in all parts of Nigeria. The United Kingdom coins, however, are being superseded by the *West African* coins. Gold and silver coins of the United Kingdom and *West African* silver coins are legal tender to any

amount; United Kingdom bronze coins and West African nickel-bronze coins are legal tender to the extent of one shilling.

The West African silver coins, authorised by the Nigerian Coinage Order, 1913, were introduced in May, 1913. Owing to the rapid disappearance of silver coins other West African coins of alloyed metal of the same denominations, and of the same standard weights, but of a low intrinsic value, were introduced in pursuance of the provisions of His Majesty's Order-in-Council dated 9th February, 1920, and the silver coins are being withdrawn. This alloy coinage has been in circulation since 31st July, 1920. The West African nickel-bronze coins were introduced in 1907, 1908 and 1911. Towards the end of 1915 an Ordinance was passed making the Imperial Treasury Notes of 10s. and 20s. legal tender, and a supply was sent out for temporary purposes. Currency notes were introduced in 1916 under the Currency Note Ordinance of that year. Notes of the values of 20s. and 10s. are now in circulation.

The weights and measures in common use are the same as those in Great Britain.

Chief Towns and Means of Communication.

The principal towns of the Northern Provinces are:—Bauchi, Bida, Ibi, Ilorin, Jemaa, Kaduna, Kano, Katsina, Keffi, Kontagora, Lokoja, Maidugari, Naraguta, Sokoto, Yola, Zaria, and Zungeru; while those of the Southern Provinces are:—Abokuta, Benin City, Calabar, Forcados, Ibadan, Ijebu-Ode, Iwo, Ogbomoso, Ogoja, Ondo, Onitsha, Opobo, Oshogbo, Owerri, Oyo, Port Harcourt and Warri. The only large town in the Colony is Lagos, the capital of Nigeria.

Steamships maintain a regular service between Nigeria, Europe, other West African Colonies, etc., and there is cable communication with West and South West African ports, Europe and South Africa, and thus with all parts of the civilised world.

The Western Division of the Nigerian Railway (3ft. 6in. gauge) runs from Lagos on the coast through the important towns of Abokuta, Ibadan, Kaduna and Zaria, to Kano, a distance of 706 miles, thus connecting large and populous commercial centres in the interior with each other and with the sea. There are also two branch lines, one of 111 miles running from Minna to Baro, on the River Niger, and the other, a 2ft. 6in. light railway 144 miles long, from Zaria to Bukuru on the Bauchi Plateau. The construction of a branch line from Zaria through Funtua to Gusau was approved in 1925, and earthworks are completed over 65 miles. In 1913-16 a 3ft. 6in. gauge railway was built from Port Harcourt, on a branch of the Bonny River, to Enugu, a distance of 151 miles. This line, which is generally known as the Eastern Railway, runs through a rich oil-palm belt, and taps the coal field at the Government Colliery at Enugu. Construction was resumed after the war, and the next section, of 140 miles, from Enugu to Makurdi on the Benue River, was completed in 1923. The final section (302 miles), from the Benue to Kaduna, was completed in 1927. The line is 593 miles in length and will afford an alternative outlet for the tin-ore and agricultural produce of the north, and render the coal mined at Enugu available throughout the districts served by the Western Division of the Railway. A branch from the Eastern line to Bukuru connects the tin mines of the Bauchi Plateau with Port Harcourt.

A system of inland telegraphs, also owned and operated by Government, connects the majority of the principal towns on the coast and in the interior, and the African Direct Telegraph Company controls a wireless station at Lagos.

The Government has constructed a very large number of roads, many of which are suitable for motor traffic, between the headquarter stations of the Provinces, and there are, in addition, many minor roads. Construction is proceeding vigorously. The Rivers Niger and Benue are in themselves great natural highways, and in the south there are numerous other navigable waterways, which provide means of communication and transport.

Religion and Education.

The bulk of the population of the Northern Provinces is Muhammadan, the majority of the remainder being pagan. In the Southern Provinces however, the proportions are reversed: Muhammadan communities, occur especially in the western districts. Missionary societies of various Christian denominations have established many stations with churches and schools throughout the country.

Education work for the most part is carried on by the several missionary bodies whose schools outnumber those established and maintained entirely by Government. In the Southern Provinces the 1926 returns show that there are 48 Government Schools; 192 Assisted Schools in receipt of an annual grant-in-aid from Government awarded in accordance with the regulations of the Education Code; and 3,878 Non-Assisted Schools which are in no way controlled by the Department of Education. In addition to the above schools, a high-grade secondary school for boys is maintained at Lagos by the Government. This school called King's College was built and equipped at a cost of nearly 10,000. Pupils are prepared for London Matriculation, and a branch for instruction in commercial subjects has been instituted. A secondary school for Girls was opened in Lagos in 1927. A new Education Code was introduced in 1916, under which grants in aid are paid on the general efficiency of the schools as disclosed by the reports of the Inspectors, account being taken of (1) adequacy and efficiency of staff; (2) tone, discipline, organisation, and moral instruction; (3) results of examinations by Masters and test examinations by Inspectors, and general progress; and (4) buildings, equipment, etc. The Education Boards set up under the Ordinance are in the Northern Provinces confined in their functions to Christian assisted schools.

In the Northern Provinces there are 69 Government Schools, in which elementary and primary instruction are given, and 133 Non-Assisted and over 29,384 Muhammadan schools. The local vernacular language is first employed as the medium for teaching elementary subjects; the course is then repeated in Hausa, and in Hausa only is given primary instruction in all standards except the highest, where the study of English is begun. In addition to the Government Schools there are very many Native Muhammadan Schools in which, however, little is taught except the study of the Koran and of the traditions of Islamic faith. Missionary societies also have opened schools, more especially in the southern pagan parts of the Northern Provinces.

Constitution.

The territorial divisions of Nigeria are the "Colony of Nigeria," the "Northern Provinces" and the "Southern Provinces." The Northern Provinces and the Southern Provinces together form the Protectorate.

The Government of the Colony of Nigeria is provided for by Letters Patent of 9th December, 1922, and Royal Instructions to the Governor of the Colony of the same date. The Government of the Protectorate is provided for by the Nigeria Protectorate Order in Council, 1922, of 21st November, 1922, and Royal Instructions to the Governor of the Protectorate of 9th December, 1922.

The Nigeria (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1922, dated 21st November, 1922, provides for a Legislative Council for the Colony and the Southern Provinces of the Protectorate, and this Council is also given control over Protectorate Government expenditure in the Northern Provinces. The new Legislative Council consists of:—

The Governor, as President.

The Official Members, viz:

The Members of the Executive Council.

The Senior Residents.

The Deputy Chief Secretary to Government.

The Secretary, Northern Provinces, and the Secretary, Southern Provinces.

The General Manager of the Railway.

The Director of Public Works.

The Postmaster General.

The Elected Members, viz:

Three members elected by persons resident within the Municipal Area of Lagos, E. O. Moore, Dr. C. O. Adeniyi-Jones, Dr. J. A. Caulrick.

One member elected by persons resident within the Municipal Area of Calabar, K. Ata-Amonu.

The Nominated Unofficial Members, not exceeding 15 in number.

One member nominated by the Lagos Chamber of Commerce, R. F. Irving.

One member nominated by the Calabar Chamber of Commerce, G. Graham Paul.

One member nominated by the Port Harcourt Chamber of Commerce, F. B. Jones.

One member nominated by the Kano Chamber of Commerce, J. W. Speer.

One member nominated by the local Chamber of Mines, A. L. Butler.

One member to represent Banking interests in Nigeria, W. F. Becker.

One member to represent Shipping interests in Nigeria, H. L. Peggetter.

Members representing African interests:—

Colony Division, Kitoyi Ajasa; Ibo Division, I. O. Mba; Egba Division, S. H. Pearce; Rivers Division, Mark Pepple; Niger African Traders, S. C. Obianwu; Oyo Division, E. H. Oke; Warri Division, vacant.

The qualifications for registration as an elector in Lagos or Calabar are that the elector must be a male person who:—(1) is a British subject, or a native of the Protectorate of Nigeria; (2), is of the age of twenty-one years or upwards; (3), has been ordinarily resident for the twelve months immediately preceding the date of registration in the municipal area for which the election is being held; and (4), was during the calendar year immediately preceding in possession of a gross annual income from all sources, of not less than one hundred pounds.

The Nigerian Council, created in 1914, was abolished in 1923.

Statistics of Nigeria.

Year.	FINANCES.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	£	£
1917	3,450,180	3,104,545
1918	4,013,987	3,429,183
1919	4,911,470	4,352,937
1920	6,738,042	6,020,739
1921-23	4,869,220	6,556,510
1922-23	5,505,465	5,410,963
1923-24	6,260,561	5,501,243
1924-25	6,944,220	5,768,715
1925-26	8,268,928	6,583,177
1926-27	7,734,429	7,584,692

Year.	IMPORTS.	
	From the United Kingdom.	Total.
	£	£
1917	4,837,662	5,808,592
1918	6,220,826	7,423,159
1919	8,864,467	10,796,671
1920	17,025,599	20,763,382
1921	8,203,204	10,232,117
1922	8,247,596	10,303,688
1923	7,931,250	10,271,066
1924	7,572,142	10,948,309
1925	10,901,832	14,783,209
1926	8,881,307	12,761,129

Year.	EXPORTS.	
	To the United Kingdom.	Total.
	£	£
1917	7,108,237	8,602,486
1918	8,637,511	9,511,970
1919	12,337,158	14,675,789
1920	15,478,787	16,956,270
1921	6,695,141	8,258,500
1922	6,760,575	8,936,302
1923	7,284,502	10,885,136
1924	8,692,627	14,460,930
1925	9,284,731	16,962,995
1926	9,331,928	16,681,310

SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

	British Tonnage.	
	Entered.	Total.
	Tonnage.	Tonnage.
1924	1,344,099	2,193,905
1925	1,616,679	2,655,001
1926	1,787,417	3,096,116

*GOVERNORS FROM 1907.**Protectorate of Northern Nigeria.*

1907	Sir E. P. C. Girouard.
1909	Sir H. Hesketh Bell, K.C.M.G.
1912	Sir F. D. Lugard, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O.

Governors and Administrators of the Colony and Protectorate of Southern Nigeria.

1907	Sir Walter Egerton, K.C.M.G.
1912	Sir F. D. Lugard, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O.

*Governor.**Colony and Protectorate of Nigeria.*

1914	Sir F. D. Lugard, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O.*
1919	Sir Hugh Clifford, G.C.M.G., G.B.E.
1926	Sir Graeme Thomson, K.C.B.

Executive Council.

<i>Governor,</i>	Sir Graeme Thomson, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.
<i>Chief Secretary to the Government,</i>	Sir F. M. Baddeley, Kt., C.M.G.
<i>Lieutenant-Governor, Southern Provinces, and Administrator of the Colony,</i>	Major U. F. H. Ruxton, C.M.G.

* Had the personal title of Governor-General.

Lieutenant-Governor, Northern Provinces, H. R. Palmer, C.M.G., C.B.E.
Attorney-General, D. Kingdon, K.C.
Commandant, Nigeria Regiment, Colonel W. B. Greenwell, D.S.O.
Director of the Medical and Sanitary Service, D. Alexander, C.M.G.
Treasurer, D. S. MacGregor, C.B.E.
Director of Marine, Capt. R. H. W. Hughes, C.B., C.S.I., C.M.G., D.S.O., R.D., R.N.R.
Comptroller of Customs, F. A. Clinch.
Secretary for Native Affairs, S. M. Grier.†
 G. J. F. Tomlinson (acting).

§ CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor and Staff.

Governor, Sir Graeme Thomson, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., 6,500*l.*, duty, 1,750*l.*
Private Secretary, C. A. L. Cliffe.
Aide-de-Camp, Lt. M. H. A. Fletcher.

Nigerian Secretariat.

Chief Secretary to Government, Sir F. M. Baddeley, Kt., C.M.G., 2,400*l.*, duty 600*l.*
Secretary for Native Affairs, S. M. Grier,† 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*
Deputy Chief Secretary, H. M.-M. Moore, O.B.E., 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*
Acting Assistant Secretaries for Native Affairs, G. J. F. Tomlinson,* 1,400, duty, 280*l.*, H. B. James, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*
Principal Assistant Secretary, K. L. Hall, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

* Acting as Secretary for Native Affairs.

† Seconded to be Director of Education, S.P.

§ In the following particulars of the Civil Establishment:—

Scale A is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 450*l.* for three years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 400*l.*, 415*l.*, 430*l.*, 450*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Scale B is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 500*l.* for three years, then 570*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 450*l.* for three years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Scale C is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 490*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 460*l.* for three years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Scale D is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 400*l.* by 12*l.* to 460*l.*

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 360*l.* by 12*l.* to 460*l.*—the last increment being of 16*l.*

Scale E is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 430*l.* by 12*l.* to 460*l.*

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 380*l.* by 12*l.* to 460*l.*—the last increment being 16*l.*

Scale F is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 440*l.* by 12*l.* to 500*l.*

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 400*l.* by 12*l.* to 500*l.*—the last increment being 16*l.*

Assistant Secretaries, H. L. Ward-Price, E. V. Rochfort-Rae, H. F. M. White, W. O. P. Rosedale, H. E. Priestman, A. B. Mathews, J. I. Outram, J. B. Miller, D. F. H. MacBride, Scale B.

Assistant Secretary, J. R. P. McEwen, 375*l.*, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Confidential Clerks, Scale A, with maximum of 600*l.*, G. Meade, S. McWilliam, Miss I. A. Reading.

Lieutenant-Governor Northern Provinces.

Lieutenant-Governor, H. R. Palmer, C.M.G., C.B.E., 2,400*l.*, duty, 600*l.*

Secretariat, Northern Provinces.

Secretary, G. J. Lethem (acting), 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*

Principal Assistant Secretary, H. O. S. Wright, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Anthropological Officer, C. K. Meek, 1,050*l.*, duty, 210*l.*

Assistant Secretaries, M. J. de la P. Beresford, F. le C. Belmar, A. D. Hamlyn, J. R. Patterson, B. R. Lawrence, H. C. MacMichael, O. R. Niven, G. Macdonald, M.C., A. W. Hook, Capt. W. S. E. Warran, Scale B.

Assistant Secretary, P. G. da Silva, 375*l.*, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Confidential Clerk, Scale A, with maximum of 600*l.*, W. W. Hoar.

Lieutenant-Governor Southern Provinces.

Lieutenant-Governor and Administrator, Major U. F. H. Ruxton, C.M.G., 2,400*l.*, duty, 600*l.*

Secretariat, Southern Provinces and Colony.

Secretary (vacant), 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*

Principal Assistant Secretary, Major C. T. Lawrence, O.B.E., 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Anthropological Officer, H. F. Mathews, 1,050*l.*, duty, 210*l.*

Assistant Secretaries, L. H. Boileau, Capt. A. R. A. Dickens, F. B. Carr, Capt. T. A. Mackenzie, M.C., Major H. C. Stevenson, M.C., Scale B.

Confidential Clerk, A. C. E. Darke, D.C.M., Scale A, with maximum of 600*l.*

Judicial.

Chief Justice, Sir R. M. Combe, Kt., 2,000*l.*, duty, 400*l.*

Puisne Judges, A. F. C. Webber, M. L. Tew, T. D. Maxwell, and P. B. Petrides, 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*

Chief Registrar, M. T. Hincks, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Police Magistracy.

Police Magistrates, J. C. Cotton, M. C. Greene, H. S. Berkeley and H. A. Young, K.C., 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, duty, 72*l.* or 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, duty, 72*l.*

Legal.

Attorney-General, D. Kingdon, K.C., 1,600*l.*, duty, 320*l.*

Solicitor-General, J. C. Howard, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Crown Counsel, C. W. V. Carey, H. W. B. Blackall, Capt. W. J. Fitzgerald, M.C., G. T. Watta, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.* or 780*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, duty, 72*l.*

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE.

Staff Grade.—R. A. Roberts, C.B.E., E. J. Arnett, C.M.G., Capt. W. A. Ross, C.M.G., G. W. Webster, M.B.E., Major J. M. Fremantle, C.M.G., M.B.E., J. C. C. P. Sciorlino, Capt. P. Lonsdale, C. W. Alexander, E. H. B. Laing, G. J. F. Tomlinson, W. Buchanan Smith, M.C., Lt.-Col. R. H. Rowe, D.S.O., M.C., R.A., H. M. M. Moore, Major W. Birrel-Gray, 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*

*Class I, Grade I (1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*):—*

A. C. Francis, Major C. T. Lawrence, O.B.E., P. A. Talbot, C. Wightwick, F. H. Ingles, S. H. P. Vereker, W. H. Cooke, Lt. E. M. Falk, C. A. Woodhouse, H. H. Middleton, F. N. Ashley, F. B. Adams, G. J. Lethem, Major T. A. G. Bugden, M.C., W. E. Hunt, Hon. H. B. Hermon Hodge, G. L. Monk, H. B. Butler, H. O. S. Wright, H. F. Backwell, H. O. Lindsell, F. P. Lynch, T. C. Newton, H. Morgan Owen, T. H. Houghton, P. de Pietrou, W. Morgan, H. de B. Bewley, H. B. James, R. H. J. Sasse, Major F. S. Williams-Thomas, D.S.O., K. L. Hall.

Class II, Scale B:—

R. S. Seton, M. J. de la P. Beresford, P. J. Gardner, Capt. E. B. Wanton, H. M. Brice-Smith, Major C. A. Booth, J. D. Thomson, J. B. I. Mackay, H. W. Cowper, A. L. Weir, F. le C. Belmar, J. N. Smith, R. W. M. Dundas, H. G. Aveling, G. S. Hughes, J. G. Lawton, O. W. Firth, G. H. Findlay, V. F. Biscoe, H. A. Prankard, A. R. Whitman, P. R. Diggle, J. W. C. Rutherford, E. A. Pemberton, J. S. Ross, M. Macgregor, A. E. F. Murray, J. H. M. Molyneux, C. N. Monsell, Capt. H. Webber, H. T. B. Dew, G. E. Murphy, A. D. Hamlyn, H. L. Ward-Price, C. J. Chaytor, Capt. P. E. M. Richards, E. V. R. Rae, F. E. Knapp, R. H. Lapage, R. L. Archer, J. H. Kirk, H. D. de la Mothe, F. S. Purchas, G. V. Evans, Capt. J. H. G. Smyth, L. H. Boileau, H. N. Nevina, Major D. S. Cook, Capt. B. W. Macpherson, G. G. Feasey, F. de F. Daniel, H. Maddocks, B. M. Carkeek, W. O. P. Rosedale, R. S. Davies, L. S. Ward, K. A. B. Cochran, N. J. Brooke, G. W. Izard, G. C. Whiteley, C. R. Walker, L. H. Shelton, G. G. Shute, J. R. Patterson, B. R. Lawrence, E. J. Price, M. D. W. Jeffreys, W. M. Hyne, A. E. V. Walwyn, H. F. M. White, F. Ferguson, R. L. Payne, E. G. Bryan, W. H. Lloyd, Capt. J. H. B. de Montmorency, H. M. Lloyd, Lieut. E. K. Milbourne, W. Naah, S. W. Walker, E. C. Pickwood, E. H. Hufton, D. M. H. Beck, M.C., P. G. Harris, Capt. P. E. Lewis, M.C., Lt.-Comdr. J. H. Carrow, D.S.O., R.N., Capt. E. W. Thompson, M.C., Capt. E. J. A. Kelly, M.C., Lieut. F. B. Carr, Lieut. M. H. Martindale, Lieut. P. G. Butcher, Capt. F. G. B. Reynolds, Capt. T. M. Macleod, Lt.-Col. W. R. R. French, D.S.O., M.C., O. H. Best, Capt. J. Ashley, H. N. Cleverly, Major H. C. Stevenson, M.C., Capt. H. Waddington, Capt. K. V. Hanitsch, Capt. N. C. Denton, Capt. F. C. Royce, Capt. R. O. Ramage, J. B. Welman, Capt. H. R. Oke, Capt. J. P. Smith, Major B. Glasson, M.C., P. W. D. Thurlay, Capt. J. J. Emberton, M.C., Capt. E. S. Walsh, Major J. Wann, Major W. G. Cragg, D.S.O., Lieut. F. N. Noad, Capt. G. C. B. Cotterell, N. M. Jones, Lieut. C. B. Coleman, Capt. E. A. Miller, Lieut. C. J. A. Gregg, I. F. Macdonald, D. P. J. O'Connor, Major R. L. Bowen, M.C., H. E. Priestman, Capt. H. Fox, R. D. Ross, E. V. S. Thomas, R. L. A. Underwood, M.C., E. V. H. Toovey, H. H. Wilkinson, Capt. C. G. McKenzie, A. L. Milroy, M.C., J. Jackson, R. F. P. Orme, M.C., E. Burgess, G. G. Harris, M.C., E. K. Featherstone, T. Hoskyns.

Abraham, G. M. Clifford, M.C., E. N. Mylius, R. J. Hook, D.F.C., G. B. Williams, M.C., Capt. C. N. A. Clarke, B. E. Sharwood Smith, J. C. Porter, M.C., Capt. R. R. Oakley, M.C., Lieut.-Comdr. A. R. W. Sayle, T. J. Southern, Capt. H. C. MacMichael, Capt. R. M. Downes, M.C., Capt. A. R. A. Dickens, Major L. R. C. Sumner, M.C., A. A. Cullen, Major R. Logan, A. F. B. Bridges, Capt. J. A. Mackenzie, M.C., Capt. G. A. Williams, M.B.E., Capt. J. C. F. Pender, M.C., E. G. Hawkesworth, M.C., A. E. Tweed, C. R. Niven, M.C., Capt. S. S. John, M.C., Capt. H. P. James, Capt. J. A. Boyd, Capt. G. P. Wilkinson, Capt. J. N. Hill, Capt. T. A. Izard, Capt. E. J. Saltwell, M.C., Capt. L. C. Schlötel, M.C., Capt. C. W. Scott, A. W. Hook, Capt. A. P. Pullen, C. B. Wolfe, Capt. H. Mercer, M.C., D.F.C., F. A. S. Nesbitt, Capt. S. T. Harvey, M.C., P. M. Riley, Capt. G. H. Hudson, Major C. M. Browne, O.B.E., M.C., F. G. C. Dickinson, A. C. Cooper, J. C. Drummond-Hay, P. F. Masterton-Smith, M.C., G. P. O'Sullivan, M.C., E. O. Pretheroe, M.C., Capt. H. S. Bridel, Capt. P. A. Tegetmeier, C. G. Ames, B. J. A. Matthews, I. W. E. Doda, E. R. W. Gillmor, Lieut. J. M. B. Homfray, Capt. G. D. Pitcairn, Capt. H. D. Tupper-Carey, Capt. A. J. Hicks-Gower, Lieut. J. A. Bulger, Capt. J. D. Symes, Capt. D. J. Sheridan, T. MoW. Bampfild, M.C., J. R. P. McKean, L. A. C. Helbert, Major L. Sealy-King, Capt. D. S. Gribble, A. B. Mathews, A. C. C. Swayne, Capt. V. C. M. Kehey, Major F. Chadwick, D.S.O., M.C., Major W. T. Trench, M.C., L. L. Cantle, Capt. E. F. Haig, Capt. J. R. Wilson-Haffenden, C. G. Braher, L. E. H. Fellows, Lieut. M. V. Hoyle, R.N., Capt. R. W. Westmacott, Capt. J. Cook, D. E. L. Bowron, Capt. V. Fox-Strangways, D. A. F. Shute, Lieut. S. E. Johnson, R.N., J. W. Skelly, Capt. E. J. Douglas, G. E. McCabe, Lieut. J. G. Pyke-Nott, Capt. G. Macdonald, M.C., H. B. Leonard, M.C., C. J. Pleas, P. G. da Silva, H. B. Shephard, J. S. Smith, Capt. P. R. Foulkes-Roberts, M.C., W. M. Bridges.

*Class III, Cadets, 450*l.*:—*

E. V. H. Toovey, Capt. G. Darby, O.B.R., M.C., J. W. Hartley, W. J. W. Norcott, G. E. W. Ward, J. H. H. Pollock, Capt. E. C. Clegg, M.C., J. G. Cary, C. M. Barlow, M.C., R. L. B. Maiden, W. M. McCreery, A. Leeming, H. M. S. Brown, D. F. Heath, R. J. Lynch, J. W. Jewell, H. F. Wilkinson, R. N. O. Marshall, S. L. Knight, R. Rutherford, A. I. Hett, Capt. P. B. Hebbert, Capt. R. C. Abraham, Capt. G. D. C. Money, M.C., A. F. M. Tuke, D. E. R. M. Lambert, A. T. E. Marsh, G. F. T. Colby, M. V. Backhouse, R. B. Kerr, J. I. Outram, L. T. Chubb, G. T. Monckton, Capt. L. N. Reed, M.C., Capt. N. A. C. Weir, Capt. J. N. Scott, Capt. W. S. E. Warren, M.C., R. C. S. Stanley, G. W. Hodgson, M. H. W. Swaby, J. A. H. Maund, Capt. B. L. A. Kennett, Lieut. H. A. H. Doelberg, R. E. Beevor, H. L. M. Butcher, B. M. MacFarlane, E. A. Carr, H. L. McCullagh, T. E. Purchas, I. V. Hoskins, Capt. R. F. Salt, Capt. W. J. W. Chessman, E. H. F. Gorges, S. A. S. Leslie, F. G. Bennett, A. S. Horsley, G. H. Payton, J. V. Dewhurst, G. I. Stockley, D. C. Fletcher, B. G. Stone, D. F. Carey, H. C. Gill, K. G. Bryant, A. R. A. de Garston, Capt. C. F. Coley, G. R. Osborne, R. J. D. Fremlin, C. V. Williams, M. A. G. L. Louth, J. D. Harford, J. A. Hilton, R. B. du Boe, Capt. T. F. Vernon, Capt. W. J. Warren, E. R. Ward, Major, D. A. D. Sewell, O.B.E., G. E. Watts, V. K. Johnson, J. G. C. Allen, C. J. Mayne, C. M. Holmes, Capt. H. J. M. Earle, R. H. Maddox, W. R. de la Cour Shirley, J. G. Frost, C. B. G. Watson, J. B. Miller, D. F. H. MacBride, H. J. S.

Clark, K. Dewar, C. H. Croasdale, E. N. C. Dickinson, E. R. Chadwick, L. R. Delves-Broughton, G. I. Jones, C. W. Rawling, T. F. Smith, I. F. W. Schofield, A. F. R. Stoddart, H. C. B. Denton, J. H. Shaw, G. B. G. Chapman, R. G. Biddulph, J. M. Simpson, P. F. Brandt, J. M. Smallwood, A. G. C. Stainforth, R. S. Mallinson, R. A. Vasper, P. V. Main, H. O. Anderson, Capt. G. M. Baker.

Audit.

Auditor, A. G. Biden, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*
Deputy-Auditor, K. J. Douglas, 1,000*l.*, duty, 200*l.*
Senior Asst. Auditors, C. E. de B. Biden, 960*l.* and 96*l.* duty pay.
Assistant Auditors, H. St. J. Sheppard, M.B.E., †F. G. Langley, H. H. S. Chessman, E. L. Guaritz, H. C. G. Bridger, *A. A. Allen, E. A. Stoodley, A. G. Still, F. W. P. Kingdom, C. J. Montague, Capt. H. V. Cusack, A. G. Bowring, H. W. Skinner, (1 vacancy), Scale A.

Printing.

Government Printer, W. H. de Boltz, 630*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, with 72*l.* duty pay.
Superintendent, Govt. Press, C. H. Townley, 540*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*
Assistant Superintendents, Govt. Press, F. C. Smith, C. H. T. Jeal, H. Hardwick, 450*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.* or †420*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*
Proof Reader, H. Hedges, 420*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

Treasury.

Treasurer, D. S. MacGregor, C.B.E., 1,500*l.*, duty, 300*l.*
Deputy Treasurer, A. H. Hodges, 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*
Two Senior Assistant Treasurers, A. L. Darrell and F. C. Farquhar, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*
Assistant Treasurers and Treasury Assistants, Scale A, H. P. Fyfe, S. McCullagh, G. W. Gibbs, B. M. Drayton, W. S. Phillips, A. M. Bury, R. D. Johnson, S. R. Marlow, Capt. L. Tester, M.C., M. S. Lewis, R. le Mare, B. M. Stanton, J. O. Williams, C. L. C. Hawtin, S. J. Butler, Capt. E. H. O. Keates, M.C., S. E. Avery, R. Temple, H. S. Jervois.
Treasury Assistants, J. T. O'B. Torto, H. W. Thomas, 375*l.*, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Customs.

Comptroller, F. A. Clinch, 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*
Deputy-Controller, W. K. Duncombe, 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*
Senior Collectors, J. Cowper, J. D. B. Sealy, W. Moyes, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*
Collectors and Supervisors, K. S. Martin, E. N. Howlett, J. L. Thorburn, N. H. Cox, E. C. B. Bonyn, C. D. Blayney, F. A. Makin, C. F. C. Everett, Lieut.-Commr. A. Purdon, R.N.R., A. M. Jarvis, C. R. Miles, D. L. F. Manson, L. G. Perkins, G. F. Mason, A. H. Morrison, W. J. E. Rodwell, J. A. C. Cobb, R. L. Wroughton, Scale A.
Supervisor, G. N. Martins, 325*l.*, 375*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Wharfinger, A. G. Martin, Scale F.

Marine.

Director, Capt. R. H. W. Hughes, C.B., C.S.I., C.M.G., D.S.O., R.D., E.N.R., 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*
Deputy Director, Comdr. L. J. Hall, O.B.E., R.D., R.N.R., 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*

Superintendent Engineer (vacant), 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*

Principal Marine Officers, Commr. J. H. Fairweather, D.S.O., R.D., R.N.R., Comdr. A. W. Hughes, R.D., R.N.R., 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Senior Marine Officers and Marine Officers, Lieut.-Commr. A. S. Woodward, R.N.R., Commr. R. H. Rojas, R.N.R., Lieut. M. McD. Kennelly, R.N.R., Lieut. C. J. Webb, R.N.R., Lieut.-Commr. F. H. Drake-Clarke, R.N.R., Lieut. A. V. P. Ivey, R.N.R., Lieut. G. Tait, R.N.R., Lieut. G. W. Trenick, R.N.R., Capt. J. N. Wilson, A.F.C., R.A.F., Lieut.-Commr. M. M. Johnson, R.N., Lieut. E. A. Bennett, R.N.R., Lieut. G. S. E. Bird, R.N., S. H. Butler, R.N.R., Lieut. E. B. Causier, R.N., Lieut.-Commr. F. L. de Spon, R.N.R., Scale C.

Principal Marine Engineers, J. Sullivan, T. B. Dawson, R.E., 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Engineers, and Assistant Engineers, J. Foggitt, L. J. Lee, J. G. Trehearn, G. A. Smeaton, D. B. Bisset, C. Hall, F. Smith, Lieut. E. Other, R.N., Lt.-Col. C. A. L. Booth, R. N. McMurrich, T. W. Pennington R.E., Scale C.

Reclamation Officer, D. E. Chalk, 480*l.*, 510*l.* to 920*l.* and 100*l.* charge allowance.

Ship's Draughtsman, C. L. Prowse, 480*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Senior Pilot, T. Evans, 700*l.*

Junior Pilots, A. J. Wright, F. E. Brooks, W. H. Suffolk, 660*l.*

Chief Accountant, J. A. Brownell, 960*l.*, duty pay, 96*l.*

Senior Accountant, C. S. Honey, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Assistant Accountants, M. R. Harris, W. J. Worthy, W. J. Harrowell, A. T. G. Trumble, F. E. Wells, C. W. Hayward, W. I. Whitehouse, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

One Assistant Accountant, B. H. Johnson, 800*l.*, 315*l.*-330*l.*-350*l.*-25*l.*-575*l.*

Chief Storekeeper, H. J. Morley, 630*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, duty pay 60*l.*

Navigating Masters, Dredgers, B. Murdock, W. J. A. Bowman, J. S. Cave, R.N.R., G. K. Austin, 585*l.* by 25*l.* to 660*l.* or †570*l.* by 20*l.* to 650*l.*

Navigating Masters, Colliers and Tugs, C. E. Bell, Lieut. P. Hayward R.N.R., E. P. Nurse, 510*l.* by 25*l.* to 585*l.* or †480*l.* by 20*l.* to 560*l.*

Tug Masters, A. W. Flack, H. A. Westcott, Temp. Sub. Lt. R. R. Quinn, D.S.M., R.N., L. H. Brown, W. H. Sizer, 400*l.* by 15*l.* to 560*l.*

Mates, W. Shearer, H. J. Perks, F. E. Woodward, L. B. Parsons, Lieut. Comdr. A. R. Hair, R.N.R., C. E. MacArthur, T. P. Griffith, G. P. Williams, J. L. Bishop, F. K. Earl, R. J. Mather, J. H. Hall, F. J. Blower, A. L. E. Dennis, T. B. Webster, T. Bowditch, Lt. W. E. George, R.N., Sub-Lt. D. M. Cole, R.N.R., A. Skinner, 450*l.* by 15*l.* to 510*l.* or †400*l.* by 15*l.* to 475*l.*

Chief Engineers, Dredgers, G. F. Porter, W. Robertson, A. H. Jones, G. H. Campbell, A. B. Mack, 585*l.* by 25*l.* to 660*l.* or †570*l.* by 20*l.* to 650*l.*

Chief Engineers, Colliers and Tugs, T. J. Davies, R. J. M. Ledder, G. Lowry, J. H. Calder, Temp. Sub. Lt. W. H. Waid, B.Sc., R.N., R. H. Jacobson, 510*l.* by 25*l.* to 585*l.* or †480*l.* by 20*l.* to 560*l.*

Junior Engineers, M. C. Collis, P. H. Laval, J. A. Gibson, A. J. Ogilvie, J. H. Hyslop, J. A. Hendry, W. E. McDade, F. P. Clarke, C. W. Stanbridge, Eng. Lt. H. H. Marshall, R.N.R., J. Simpson,

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 379.

* Seconded to the Eastern Railway as Construction Accountant.

† Revised scale for officers offered appointment on or after 1st October, 1933.

‡ Seconded to the Eastern Railway as Deputy Chief Construction Accountant.

J. J. M. Johnston, G. F. Goodwin, A. B. Waters, C. W. M. Turner, F. W. Richardson, R.E., R. S. Oakley, G. R. Farrington, A. H. Heron, T. T. Wilson, W. Scott, W. Arno, 450*l.* by 15*l.* to 510*l.* or †400*l.* by 15*l.* to 475*l.*

Chief Foreman, E. V. Leighton, 600*l.*

Senior Foremen, T. S. Bryant, T. H. Court, W. Owen, T. G. Driver, 600*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Foremen—Shipwrights, A. A. Child, T. Myers. *Boilermakers*, J. Brown, J. H. Holden. *Fitters*, R. Reid, B. Easey, J. B. Selly. *Ship's Platers*, T. J. Goodings, H. W. Wright, J. M. Groves. *Turner*, R. J. Eeler, Scale F.

Beachmasters, H. C. Petersen, H. Williams, A. J. Flack, Scale F.

Superintendent of Accounts, E. S. Boardman, 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.*

Harbour Works, Lagos.

Port Engineer, Major J. E. Bostock, O.B.E., 1,400*l.* duty, 280*l.*

Deputy Port Engineer, G. E. B. Coulcher, M.C., 1,100*l.* duty, 220*l.*, and 100*l.* personal allowance.

Assistant Engineers, 1st Grade, Major P. P. O. Smith, 800*l.*–40*l.*–920*l.* duty, 72*l.*

Assistant Engineers, L. G. M. Lyon, A. M. Burke, 600*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*–40*l.*–920*l.* and Scale C.

Accountant and Storekeeper, P. J. Robb, 600*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*

Assistant Accountant, A. Noyes, 450*l.*–30*l.*–600*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*

Quarry Superintendent, W. Chadwick, 600*l.*

Inspectors of Works, W. H. W. Houston, T. Robinson, 600*l.*

Foreman Diver, A. E. McCarthy.

Foremen of Works, S. Robinson, C. Reynolds, P. G. Brazier, E. G. Horton, R. Tunley, A. M. Winters, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Quarrymen, J. J. C. James, J. Ford, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Harbour Works, Port Harcourt.

Resident Engineer, H. W. Lawson, 1,050*l.* duty, 210*l.*

Assistant Engineer, W. C. Glegg, 720*l.*–40*l.*–920*l.*

Assistant Engineer, L. S. Kingston, 480*l.*

Accountant and Storekeeper, F. R. Duce, 510*l.*–30*l.*–600*l.*

Mechanical Foremen, C. G. Tomlinson, A. M. Milne, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Diver Erector, J. Low, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Foreman of Works, R. G. Smith, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Foreman Re-inforced Concrete Construction, S. R. Pine, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Police, Northern Provinces.

Inspector-General, Capt. A. G. Uniake, D.S.O., 1,000*l.* duty, 200*l.*

Deputy Inspector-General, F. S. Merrick, 960*l.* duty, 96*l.*

Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners, J. Chartres, Capt. A. K. Rickards, Lieut. G. H. Farrell, S. H. Grantham, Maj. R. F. Ellis, F. B. Smith, Capt. E. C. Nottingham, M.C., Capt. A. J. P. Mateer, Capt. H. B. Griffiths, R. T. Johnson, Lieut. G. Callow, Capt. A. J. Wilson, Capt. J. R. Anderson, Capt. R. G. H. Wilson, D.S.O., M.C., Capt. J. T. Spender, D.C.M., L. S. Clinton, M.C., Capt. S. H. V. White, Capt. The Hon. L. St. L. Harmon-Hodge, M.C., Capt. F. He Mellor, R. S. Shuel, A. C. Luck, G. A. V. D. Bossiere. Scale A.

Police, Southern Provinces.

Inspector-General of Police, C. W. Duncan, 1,200*l.* duty, 240*l.*

Deputy Inspector-General, Major G. H. Walker, D.S.O., 960*l.* duty, 96*l.*

Senior Commissioners, R. C. A. Cavendish, Capt. R. D. Nunn (vacancy), 960*l.* and 96*l.* duty pay.

Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners, Capt. E. T. P. Ford, Capt. H. W. R. Armstrong, M.C., F. J. Sloley, Major G. N. Faux Powell, R. A. H. Wortham, A. W. Nolan, T. H. Wilson, H. M. King, Capt. N. S. Flint, M.C., Capt. R. W. H. Ballantine, R. E. Foulger, Capt. T. H. Irving, C. W. Clark, W. M. Beresford, T. P. Phillips, M.C., Capt. C. T. Bailey, R. H. Maunsell-Eyre, T. V. W. Finlay, H. Harris, Capt. E. C. Gilbert, D. L. Hill, L. G. Matthews, J. B. G. Austin, R. V. D. White, A. V. D. Ince, F. W. Tristram, G. E. Faithful. Scale A.

Superintendents, T. M. Jukes, P. Barton, H. Field, P. Shannon, H. L. Wilkins, R. Winter, D.C.M., M.M., Scale F.

Forestry.

Director, H. N. Thompson, C.M.G., 1,400*l.* duty, 280*l.*

Deputy Director, L. H. Palfreman, 1,100*l.* duty, 220*l.*

Three Senior Conservators, J. H. J. Farquhar, J. R. Ainalie and J. Bunny, 960*l.* duty, 96*l.*

Conservators and Assistant Conservators, C. F. Vetch, Capt. W. B. Hellard, S. Lauchlan, H. V. Lely, H. C. Tebbutt, F. Cornish, T. G. Wood, D. F. Chesters, A. H. W. Weir, T. H. Espley, L. Nicholls, M.C., W. B. G. Mitchell, W. M. Robertson, F. T. Brand, G. R. G. Kerr, F. S. Collier, R. A. Sykes, G. C. R. Gray, D. R. Rosevear, A. J. Johnstone, R. E. St. B. Baker, J. W. Costello, W. A. Fairbairn, E. C. W. Tuke, G. W. Russell, A. S. Thornwill. Scale C.

Sylviculturists, J. D. Kennedy, W. D. MacGregor, 600*l.*–920*l.*

Superintendent Victoria Botanic Gardens, T. D. Maitland, O.B.E., 600*l.*–920*l.*

Assistant Superintendent Victoria Botanic Gardens, W. E. Bassett, 480*l.*, 480*l.*, 480*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*

Foresters, 1st Grade, J. Fidler, W. S. Nichol, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Foresters, 2nd Grade, P. Cameron, J. T. Clatworthy, Scale F.

Prisons, Northern Provinces.

Director, Capt. A. G. Uniake, D.S.O. (see Police). *Superintendent*, J. H. Dixon*, 540*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.* *Assistant Superintendents*, E. J. Wilton, M.M.,* W. A. S. Tingle.

Prisons, Southern Provinces.

Director, F. W. Garvey, 1,000*l.* duty, 200*l.* *Deputy Director of Prisons*, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 900*l.*

Capt. V. L. Mabb, M.C., duty 80*l.*

Inspector, T. Stone, 720*l.* to 800*l.* and 72*l.* duty pay or †600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*

Superintendents, D. C. Redington, Capt. E. S. Lilley, Capt. W. A. V. Neill, Major J. P. Magrane, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* or †540*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Superintendents, 1st Grade, C. J. McCarthy, P. G. Noot, C. Henley, G. W. Reed, Scale F.

Assistant Superintendents, 2nd Grade, G. H. Lanning, S. H. Clark, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 371.

* To retain titles of Senior Superintendent and Superintendent respectively.

† Revised scale for officers offered appointment on or after 1st October, 1923.

Agriculture.

Director, O. T. Faulkner, C.M.G., 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*
Deputy Director, P. H. Lamb, 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*
Assistant Directors, K. T. Rae, A. J. Findlay, 1,050*l.*, duty, 210*l.*

Deputy Assistant Directors, H. B. Watern, J. O'N. Hewitt, M.C., 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Entomologists, F. D. Golding, O. B. Lean, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Mycologists, T. Laycock, G. H. Jones, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.* with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Agricultural Chemists, C. H. Wright, W. E. de B. Diamond, K. T. Hartley, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Botanists, C. J. Lewin, J. K. Mayo, A. G. G. Hill, E. H. G. Smith, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Superintendents, T. Thornton, H. Roebuck, Capt. J. R. Mackie, S. M. Gilbert, B. Browne, Capt. W. B. Dowson, A. G. Beattie, D. H. Urquhart, O. S. Swainson, J. W. R. Pedder, J. D. Brown, G. W. Lines, R. B. Shorter, H. G. Poynter, B. G. Owen, I. E. James, E. T. Holmes, J. R. V. Smyth, A. de K. Frampton, J. L. B. Kincaid, Scale C. Schoolmaster, R. J. Newberry, 480*l.*, 510*l.*-30*l.*-720*l.*

Agricultural Engineer, L. E. Davis, 840*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.*
Superintending Produce Inspector, E. MacL. Watson, 700*l.*

Produce Inspectors, C. E. L. Anderson, D. P. Stanfield, A. H. Young, J. F. B. Watling, D. B. Sabiston, G. W. G. Briggs, H. E. Woods, F. R. Passmore, J. P. Walters, 400*l.*

Veterinary Department.

Chief Veterinary Officer, vacant, 1,000*l.*, duty, 200*l.*

Veterinary Officers, G. E. Owen, Capt. W. W. Henderson, R. W. Sainsbury, M.R.C.V.S., W. V. Earnshaw, M.R.C.V.S., W. G. Beaton, R. Dunwoody, N. Clarke, T. F. O'Brien, R. Coulthard, 600*l.*, by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Pathologist, W. Kearney, 660*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*

Assistant Pathologist, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Veterinary Research Officer, 600*l.*-30*l.*-720*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.* vacant.

Stockmen, F. V. Kelway, A. A. James, W. G. Phelps, A. C. Barnett, Scale F.

Laboratory Assistants, J. Ford, S. V. Fryer, Scale F.

Outdoor Assistants, L. H. Saunders, S. F. Saunders, W. H. Heynes, Scale F.

Yard Foreman, Scale F, vacant.

Mechanic, Scale F, vacant.

Medical.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Service, D. Alexander, C.M.G., 1,800*l.*, duty, 360*l.*

Deputy Director of Medical and Sanitary Service, T. B. Adam, 1,500*l.*, duty, 300*l.*

Deputy Director, Sanitary Service, G. J. Pirie, 1,500*l.*, duty, 300*l.*

Assistant Director of Medical and Sanitary Service, Kaduna, H. T. Palmer, 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*

Assistant Directors of Medical Service, T. M. R. Leonard, D.S.O., J. M. W. Pollard, T. L. Craig, M. W. Fraser, S. Goodbrand, 1,300*l.*, duty, 260*l.*

Assistant Director of Sanitary Service, W. S. Clark, 1,300*l.*, duty, 260*l.*

Specialists, E. E. Maples, W. B. Johnson, H. H. Stewart, E. C. Braithwaite, F. Ross, 1,300*l.*, duty, 260*l.*

Senior Medical Officers, T. H. Rankin, C. W. O'Keefe, G. F. Forde, L. H. Booth, A. J. M. Crichton, L. W. Davies, O.B.E., J. W. Thomson, H. R. M. Ferguson, R. H. Nolan, J. S. Pearson, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,150*l.*, seniority allowance 100*l.*

Pathologist, G. G. Butler, M.B.E., 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,150*l.*, 100*l.* seniority allowance, and 150*l.* staff pay, H. Morrison, G. W. St. C. Ramsay, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*

Medical Officers, S. L. G. D. MacLaine, J. Lindsay, G. H. Gallagher, W. A. Nicholson, C. G. Grey, J. P. B. Snell, R. H. Brierley, B. J. Courtney, W. I. Martyn-Clark, B. A. Featherstone-Dilke, W. G. Cobb, D.S.O., C. Kelsall, E. B. L. Anderson, K. K. Grieve, B. W. F. Wood, H. North, W. E. Glover, W. E. S. Digby, J. W. B. Hanington, R. H. Miller, E. Gibson, M.C., C. Mackey, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,500*l.*, and 100*l.* seniority allowance; J. T. Watt, J. R. C. Stephens, L. N. Lee, M. Morrison, W. I. McClintock, G. D. K. Waldron, M.C., *J. B. Steven, N. A. Dye-Sharp, Q. Stewart, D. G. F. Moore, C. J. Sharp, R. M. Burnie, E. W. Adcock, *R. P. Crawford, W. E. McCulloch, *Major H. B. Lee, D.S.O., M.C., E. G. A. Don, P. J. Caffrey, *F. McGarth, J. Naudi, E. J. Crawford, C. E. Sharp, A. Robertson, W. Nelson, C. Wilson, J. H. Pasqual, F. Herbert King, H. C. E. Chandler, P. H. Rawson, H. B. Boucher, W. H. Cowper, T. James, N. S. Williams, G. Clark, D. M. Mackay, T. Cullen, H. P. Fowler, E. H. L. Le Clezio, H. M. O. Lester, G. Sanders, I. G. MacGregor, J. C. Paisley, C. S. J. Kearney, T. O'Carroll, T. B. McAleer, J. S. Robinson, G. Simpson, J. S. Oliphant, W. S. Ormiston, C. F. McCon, J. D. Horsburgh, A. J. Murray, W. C. Smith, L. H. Thomas, G. G. Brander, F. L. G. Selby, A. E. F. Forbes, B. G. T. Elmes, R. K. Phillips, G. V. Fiddian, R. N. Hall, 660*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* at 720*l.*

Superintendent, Dispensers' Training School, G. Taylor, 800*l.*-40*l.*-960*l.*

Lady Medical Officers, Miss H. S. Keer, Miss M. J. Farrell, Miss B. E. Ebdon, 660*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*

Twelve Fly Investigator, L. L. Lloyd, 1,000*l.*-50*l.*-1,200*l.*

African Medical Officers, O. O. Sapara, L.S.O., K. Faderin, I. G. Cummings, A. B. W. Smart, two at 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 700*l.*; four at 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Junior Medical Officers, S. L. A. Manuwa, R. G. A. Savage, 400*l.*

Senior Sanitary Officers, W. Allen, T. A. Dowse, G. C. M. Davies, M.C., J. A. A. Dunoon, 1,060*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,200*l.*, duty, 210*l.*

Sanitary Inspector, Grade I, N. W. J. Turnbull, 500*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.*

Sanitary Inspectors, T. H. Smitherman, W. R. Church, A. P. Pretious, B. B. Bevan, M. E. Greebe, S. Harvey, J. R. McCarthy, W. F. Morgan, W. Sellers, J. Y. Brown, W. D. Waugh, W. E. A. Crozier, E. O. Manners, C. T. O'Connell, J. Ford, T. N. Marley, Scale F.

Medical Officers of Health, G. B. Walker, G. R. Waller, J. Cauchi, J. Macdonald, N. S. Turnbull, J. G. S. Turner, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, and seniority allowance of 72*l.*

Government Dentist, C. N. Pearson, 660*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, and seniority allowance of 72*l.* at 720*l.*

Assistant Accountant, W. J. Booking, 400*l.* by 15*l.* to 430*l.*; 450*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Office Assistant, C. G. Hearn, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 379.

* Seconded to Eastern Railway construction.

Nursing Staff.

Senior Nursing Sisters, L. M. Single, F. A. King, E. O'Hara, L. Mernagh, W. Norwood, B. Hulme, E. N. Price, M. Slaney, M. Macdonald, 380*l.* to 20*l.* to 440*l.*, duty, 40*l.*

Nursing Sisters, A. E. Blakemore, E. Cordiner, E. M. Soammell, M. A. L. Gummow, E. Williams, V. M. Gillespie, I. W. Dron, P. Roche, C. M. Caulfield, J. M. Garvey, E. Patchell, E. Walker, L. S. Buist, K. M. C. Cambridge, R. Baldock, W. C. Evans, B. Skerritt, A. V. Butcher, E. Taylor Smith, K. E. Jones, A. Macdonald, A. McTavish, B. M. Thomas, K. W. Storrer, H. K. Donaldson, M. Lancaster, C. A. Maude, M. G. Duke, M. Earl, K. L. Cowan, M. Butler, V. S. McAndrew, A. V. Marks, F. M. Harner, 250*l.* by 10*l.* to 300*l.*, 5*s.* per diem, subsistence allowance.

Sergeants, W. A. Maynam, S. A. Stowe, Scale F.
Male Nurse, A. G. Croker, Scale D.

Hospital Dispensers and Storekeepers, E. G. Stoneham, G. H. Green, E. M. Cragg.

Medical Research Institute.

Director and Bacteriologist, A. Connal, 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*

Assistant Bacteriologists, E. C. Smith, J. A. Young, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance, and 100*l.* staff pay.

Laboratory Attendants, E. F. Hines, F. W. Randall, Scale F.

Laboratory.

Government Analyst, Capt. A. B. Hobson, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Land.

Commissioner of Lands, Lt.-Col. R. H. Rowe, D.S.O., 1,400*l.*, 280*l.* duty pay.

Land Officers, F. E. Knapp, Major D. S. Cook, E. O. Pretheroe, M.C., H. B. Shephard.

Senior Executive Officer (vacant), 720*l.*–40*l.*–920*l.*

Executive Officer, H. R. Spencer, M.M., Scale A.

Chief Plans Officer (vacant), Scale C.

Plans Officer, A. G. E. Sly, Scale C.

Surveyors and Inspectors of Lands (vacant), 325*l.*–25*l.*–600*l.*

Mines, Northern Provinces.

Chief Inspector of Mines, E. A. Langslow Cock, 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*

Deputy Chief Inspector of Mines, A. T. Roberts, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Inspectors of Mines, A. H. Mottram, W. J. Russell, A. Leaver, T. C. Tonkin, Scale C.

Mines, Southern Provinces.

Inspector of Mines, J. B. S. Henderson, Scale C.

Education, Northern Provinces.

Director of Education, F. M. Urling Smith, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Deputy Director of Education, H. H. Annetts, 1,000*l.*, duty, 200*l.*

Head of Training College, G. A. J. Bieneman, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority allowance of 72*l.*

Superintendents, †Rev. G. P. Bargery, M. W. Oakes, G. Power, C. R. Butler, Capt. F. W. Taylor, E. L. Mort, T. S. Phillips, S. L. Price, H. W. Cole, E. D. Craig, R. F. S. Parry, Capt. C. B. Campbell, M.C., S. J. Hogen, T. H. Baldwin, L. R. O. Norwood, S. A. Hammond, J. B. Gott, C. E. J. Whitting, J. R. A. Hodge, R. M. East, P. F. G. Browning,

J. P. Attenborough, H. R. Phillips, A. A. Shillingford, O. Waterfield, R. G. G. Squibbs, J. S. Clarke, C. K. Brooke-Hunt, T. R. Batten, 480*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, Scale C. (5 vacant).

Superintendents, Arts and Crafts, F. A. Beminster, W. E. Nicholson, G. C. Sambidge, R. Carruthers, D. W. Forshaw, J. G. K. Wilcox, Capt. E. J. H. Bowler, J. G. Speer, K. A. Robertson, H. A. Whittaker, J. C. Beggs, P. G. S. Baylis, Capt. C. Titterton, L. H. T. Sloan, Capt. E. C. Grover (2 vacant), Scale C.

Education, Southern Provinces.

Director of Education, S. M. Grier, 1,400*l.*, duty, 280*l.*

Deputy Director of Education (vacant), 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Assistant Directors of Education, T. Hyde, C. B. Smith, 1,100*l.* and 220*l.* duty pay.

Superintendents of Education, D. L. Kerr, P. F. Herbert, W. B. Stimson, M.C., J. St. C. Clarke, E. A. L. Gaskin, W. N. Tolfree, F. R. H. Hewson, J. W. A. Thorburn, J. N. Panes, C. H. Baynes, W. H. S. Curry, Capt. H. T. C. Field, H. W. McCowan, A. K. Beauchamp, A. H. Clift, R. F. G. Adams, T. N. Lloyd, R. A. McL. Davidson, R. Hargreaves, W. H. Thorp, G. R. Oake, C. T. Quinn-Young, K. M. Willey, J. D. Clarke, L. E. G. Laughton, S. Milburn, J. H. Blair, W. M. Knight, A. F. Clarke, A. D. B. Trevor, W. W. Thomson, R. P. King, W. T. Mackell, H. Dutton, H. H. Jeffers, W. Simpson, Scale C.

King's College Staff—

Principal, W. M. Peacock, 1,100*l.* and 220*l.* duty pay.

Secretary to the Board of Education, Mrs. S. H. Leith-Ross, 480*l.*, 510*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*

Principal, Miss M. F. Wordworth, 480*l.*, 510*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*

European Schoolmistress, 480*l.*–30*l.*–600*l.* (vacant).

Drill Instructor, G. E. Lanning, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Surveyors.

Surveyor-General, Capt. T. J. Waters, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Deputy Surveyor-General, Capt. J. Calder Wood, 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*

Assistant Surveyors-General, Capt. T. H. Galbraith, M.C., Capt. C. Gilbert-Evans, R.E., 1,000*l.*, duty, 200*l.*

Senior Surveyors and Surveyors, C. la T. Franks, R. A. L. P. Hurt, M.C., H. Morphy, W. K. Robertson, E. W. J. Edwards, R. R. Rowland, A. W. N. de Norman, E. du R. Botha, R. B. W. Forsyth, C. J. Arnall, H. E. Bradley, F. E. Taverner, T. H. Fallows, R. Buckingham, W. D. Orshard, E. M. Lilley, R. C. Burgess, R. Lindsey, H. L. Hearne, A. W. Sanford, J. F. Morris, A. E. Thomas, W. A. Kuenen, H. Isherwood, J. A. Bentley, A. E. Lee, Scale C.

Surveyors, J. C. Johnston, A. O. Craig, E. O. Aiyede, C. T. Olumide, A. C. B. Cole, 325*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*

Draughtsman, I. O. Gilbert, 325*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*

Accountant, D. Henderson, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

Lithographer, J. H. Pook, Scale F.

Special R.E. Minesfield Party.

Capt. B. T. Godfrey-Faussett, R.E., 960*l.* and 96*l.* duty pay.

Subalterns, Lieut. S. W. Joslin, R.E., Lieut. H. E. Pike, R.E., Lieut. J. D. Newman, R.E., Lieut. F. G. Clark, R.A., 720*l.* and 72*l.* duty pay.

† Seconded to prepare Hausa dictionary.

! Seconded from post of Secretary for Native Affairs with salary of substantive post.

Topographical Surveys, Special R.E. Party.

Capt. C. S. V. Cooke, M.C., R.E., 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*
Subalterns, Lieut. H. A. L. Shewell, R.E., Lieut.
 E. C. R. Stileman, R.E., H. T. Heard, R.E.,
 A. V. Bird, R.A., W. W. Cowan, R.A., 720*l.*, duty,
 72*l.*
Wireless Officer, Lieut. E. N. Bickford, R.E., 720*l.*,
 duty, 72*l.*

Geological Survey.

Director, Capt. R. C. Wilson, 1,200 and 240*l.*, duty
 pay.
Geologists, C. Raeburn, A. D. N. Bain, W. Russ, 540*l.*
 by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with seniority
 allowance of 72*l.* at 720*l.*

Public Works.

Director of Public Works, C. L. Cox, M.Inst.C.E.,
 1,700, and duty pay, 340*l.*
Deputy Director of Public Works, F. D. Evans,
 M.Inst.C.E., 1,300*l.*, and duty pay, 260*l.*
Assistant Directors of Public Works, S. C. Hanson,
 A.M.Inst.S.E., L.R.L.B.A., E. G. Parker, A.M.Inst.,
 C.E., A.C.G.I., E. Hall, M.I.M. & C.E., F. S.
 Robinson, A.M.I.C.E., 1,100*l.* and duty pay, 220*l.*
Senior Executive Engineers, A. J. Goodwin, C. J. H.
 Adderley, B.Eng., B.A., A.M.Inst., C.E.L., H. M.
 Peppercorne, 960*l.* and duty pay, 96*l.*
Executive Engineers and Assistant Engineers, H. S.
 Meilandt, E. R. Kendrick, A.M.Inst., C.E., A.R.S.I.,
 J. Johnson, M.Inst., M. & C.E., L. W. Peach, A.M.
 Inst., C.E., A.M.Inst.M. & C.E., G. Paulin, B.Sc.
 (Electrical), B.E. (Mechanical), A.M.Inst.C.E., J.
 McGregor, A.R.T.C. (Glasgow), H. G. Peak, B.Sc.,
 A.M.Inst.C.E., R. A. Brown, C. G. Cotton,
 A.M.Inst.C.E., A.M.Inst.M.E., F.R.G.S., Capt.
 H. J. Brock, R.E., A.M.Inst.M.E., A. C. Truelove,
 B.Eng., A.M.Inst.C.E., J. Middleton, H. E.
 Walker, A.M.Inst.C.E., E. Camm, A.M.Inst.C.E.,
 L. D. Street, R. Jones, M.Inst.S.E., C. H. Barham,
 B. P. Chadwick, A.R.S.I., J. H. Wood, J. R.
 Roberts, A.M.Inst.C.E., J. T. Cradock, F. L. V.
 Mills, M.C., A.M.Inst.C.E., C. Greenup, H. S.
 Aldred, A.M.Inst.C.E., P. L. Forwood, B.A.,
 A.M.Inst.C.E., E. M. Munceaster, M.C., B.Sc.(Eng.),
 L. A. Gordon, M.C., B.Sc.(Eng.), A. L. Vangon,
 B.Sc.(Eng.), H. Wharton, A.M.Inst.C.E., C. E.
 Thorpe, B.Sc. (Glasgow), A.M.Inst.C.E., R. E.
 Keely, B.A., B.A.I., T. W. McLeod, S. J. Slaughter,
 R. F. B. Crook, B.Sc.(Eng.), R. E. G. Ferguson,
 A. R. Smee, A. H. McDonald, B.Sc.(Eng.), J. K.
 Fisher, B.Sc.(Eng.), A.M.Inst.C.E., J. M. Sleight,
 B.Sc.(Eng.), H. Chatterton, B.Sc.(Eng.), C. E.
 Andree, B.Sc.(Eng.), A.M.Inst.C.E., W. J. Morgan,
 B.A., B.A.I., A. L. Simpkins, A.Inst.M.E., G. R.
 Hasselhuhn, B.Sc.(Eng.), A. S. Elliott, B.Sc.(Eng.),
 K. P. Humphidge, B.Sc., J. L. Malloy, B.Sc., D. B.
 O'Shea, B.A., J. S. Long, B.A., B.A.I., D. M.
 MacLaughlin, B.A., B.A.I., J. M. MacAlpine,
 J. A. Henry, B.Sc., W. S. Hamilton, C. B. Brown,
 B.A., B.A.I., W. H. Jackson, M.I.S.E., N. L.
 Samson, H. Samuel, B.E., J. C. O'Hara, B.E.,
 B.Sc., E. Iiff, A.M.I.M. & C.E., Scale C.
Works Manager (vacant), 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.* with
 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Senior Architect, H. A. Porter, A.R.Inst.B.A.,
 960*l.* and 96*l.* duty pay.
First Architect, F. I. Tillery, A.R.I.B.A., A.I.Struct.E.,
 600*l.*-30*l.*-720*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.*
Architects, W. L. Haile, A.R.I.B.A., C. C. A. Hobbs,
 F.F.A.S., T. Scott, A.S.A. (Scott), F.F.A.S., A. T.
 Fhitter, A.R.I.B.A., Scale C.
Chief Accountant, H. L. Crudgington, 960*l.* and
 duty pay, 96*l.*

Assistant Chief Accountant, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.* with
 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Accountants, G. J. Pringle, B. Hughes, O.B.E., 600*l.*
 by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority
 allowance from 720*l.*
Assistant Accountants, D. W. Patrick, F. J. Bonner,
 B. J. Tigar, G. D. Hallet, H. H. Williams, A. I.
 Graham, H. S. Light, D. S. Johnson, H. H. Headley,
 W. C. Carter, J. M. Pryde, A. A. Taylor, R. Taylor,
 A. E. Moore, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Chief Storekeeper, R. C. Sykes, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*,
 and duty pay, 60*l.*
Storekeeper, Iddo Saumill, C. W. Dunhill, Scale A,
 with maximum of 720*l.*
Assistant Storekeepers, G. D. Stockwell, J. T. Tuck,
 C. G. Sandford Elvey, F. Selby, K. H. Vernon,
 Scale A with maximum of 600*l.*
Senior Water Engineer, vacant, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*
Water Engineers, F. L. Morgan, M.C., B.Sc.(Eng.),
 M.Sc.(Eng.), A.M.I.C.E., M.I.W.E., F.R.G.S.,
 vacant (1), 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.* with 72*l.* seniority
 allowance.
Chief Pumpers, vacant, 600*l.*
Assistant Pumpers, J. W. Brown, W. Elderton,
 R. V. Cleave, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*
Quantity Surveyor, C. H. Gregory, Scale C, with
 maximum of 800*l.*
Chief Inspectors, S. Rhodes, W. W. Jones, C. A.
 Brown, 600*l.*
Inspectors, Grade I, G. P. Webber, H. M. Forrest,
 G. Binks, R. F. Bailey, E. Stewart, A. G. Mills,
 E. G. Garrity, T. C. Laing, A. Hands, E. E. W. K.
 Gambrill, W. H. Morey, W. E. Saunders, A. H.
 Cherry, R. Lloyd, W. F. Parslow, J. W. Luckins,
 C. Ingleson, W. A. Lampshire, V. J. Turton,
 600*l.* by 12*l.* to 600*l.*
Inspectors Grade II, W. W. Mitchell, A. G. Clark,
 A. M. Simpson, A. Mokler, A. K. Kerr, H. J.
 Spriggs, F. G. Morley, E. W. Chubb, J. Hoskins,
 G. W. Dill, W. J. Maize, A. G. Bagley, J. L. Roberts,
 J. J. Rathbone, C. M. Tytler, H. E. Needles,
 G. W. Tucker, D.S.M., A. Ashford, J. J. Miller,
 H. W. Daley, A. Lofthouse, W. P. Shields, R. G.
 Hume, W. G. Critchell, C. Ambrose, J. Fraser,
 F. J. Fern, H. Earnshaw, W. S. Pierce, F. R.
 Phillips, W. J. Lucas, F. J. Hoskins, E. Smith,
 E. Brookman, W. Hogg, H. C. Ashe, W. Wilkie,
 C. H. W. Surr, J. D. Gray, S. H. Davies, A. F.
 Farnfield, G. H. Tucker, S. G. Smith, A. Lovett,
 G. A. Izod, A. E. Philpot, W. D. Ball, A. Roberts,
 J. W. Jones, C. H. Leach, R. S. Sheppard, T. F.
 Ogg, D. A. Smith, F. Shawcross, S. J. Dudley,
 W. F. Phillips, J. K. Dawson, E. A. Ashe, H.
 Sellers, W. W. Hoy, Scale F.
Mechanical Engineer, S. Lightband, 600*l.* by 30*l.*
 to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, with 72*l.* duty
 pay.
Assistant Mechanical Engineer, D. A. B. Tonks,
 Scale C with maximum of 720*l.*
Chief Electrical Engineer, G. L. Hales, 800*l.* by 40*l.*
 to 920*l.*, duty, 80*l.*
Assistant Chief Electrical Engineer, A. V. Layton,
 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, with seniority
 allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*
Electrical Engineers, J. L. F. Middleton, E. C. Lee,
 S. Evans, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*
Station Superintendent, Iddo, C. Haywood, A.M.I.C.E.
 A.M.I.M.E., 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, duty pay 72*l.*
Assistant Station Superintendent, Iddo, G. F. Corder,
 M.I.E.E., Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*
Mechanical Engineer, C. R. Ward, Scale C, with
 maximum of 720*l.*
Second Mechanical Engineer, F. W. Fox, 450*l.* by
 15*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Electrical Engineers, D. A. Farrell, G. Carruthers, W. R. Fitton, W. Miller, W. T. S. Thurston, 460*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

Cable Joiner, C. E. Fawcett, 400*l.* by 12*l.* to 500*l.*

European Supervisor, Extraordinary—Waterworks Specialist, Major R. L. Nunn, D.S.O., A.M.I.C.E.

Roads Engineers, W. F. Hackman, R. S. Rodger, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., F.R.G.S., B. V. Grealy, C. D. A. Molver, B.E., T. J. G. Sproule, W. C. FitzHenry, A.M.I.C.E., A. R. Wileman, E. F. Nash, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Road Engineers (Seconded), Capt. H. P. W. Hutson, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C., R.E., Lieut. T. J. P. Price, R.E.

Assistant Engineers (Roads), G. Osmand, A.M.I.C.E., A.C.G.I., C. B. Glenesk, W. A. Borland, E. M. Elox, D. W. J. M. Gordon, B.Sc.; W. H. Quick, Scale C.

Foreman (Roads), Corporal H. T. Smith, Sergt. W. Sharp, Corpl. S. H. Leggart, C. Cooke, H. Trowbridge, J. E. Gosling, S. A. Ralph, R. T. Samson, F. H. Ackrill, J. R. Hedger, H. W. Chaplin, A. J. Friend, H. Sylvester, J. M. Lewis, G. E. Faithful, Scale F.

Inspector of Works, H. R. Kay, 500*l.*—12*l.*—560*l.*

Resident Engineers (vacant), 480*l.*, 510*l.*—30*l.*—720*l.*—40*l.*—800*l.*

Foremen, G. W. Tuok, H. Aitken, J. Melville, R. J. Tyler, F. J. Yahaley, R. E. Yahaley, F. M. Collier, A. C. Allen, H. J. Scott, W. H. Gill, J. I. Rook, A. Pearce, W. J. Owens, J. Bremner, R. C. S. Fowler, W. C. Mowatt, F. J. Stook, J. M. Lander, R. Wadsworth, D. McKenzie, P. C. Sadler, J. Brunton, R. West, S. R. Collyer, J. A. Anderson, L. Redwood, H. Clayton, T. E. Walsh, S. Bennett, E. C. Forrest, E. West, D. J. Anderson, J. A. Bootes, E. G. Cooke, P. C. Wright, Scale F.

Plumbers, G. W. Gerrard, J. W. W. Hallam, Scale F.

Posts and Telegraphs.

Postmaster-General, G. I. Righton, 1,300*l.*, duty, 260*l.*
Deputy Postmaster-General, L. Bettsworth, 1,050*l.*, duty, 210*l.*

Engineer-in-Chief, G. B. Hebden, 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*

Assistant Engineer-in-Chief, J. E. Cumming, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Divisional Surveyors, W. A. Flacks, (vacancy), 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Surveyors and Assistant Surveyors, L. A. Harcourt, E. S. Moore, C. S. Innes, M.B.E., W. Adams, H. G. Jessop, C. B. Plenderleith, A. G. Hunt, E. Tull, J. M. Cunningham, R. V. H. Terry, T. B. Bales, C. R. Rowlands, Scale A.

Telegraph Instructor, E. Seppings, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Postmaster-Surveyors, J. N. Raffell, H. A. Paris, J. A. Raffell, 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 330*l.*, 350*l.* by 25*l.* to 575*l.*

Engineers and Assistant Engineers, F. J. Head, F. Atkins, G. F. Davies, M.B.E., T. Brandon, G. L. Carter, R. Lessells, J. A. Gundry, S. P. Greer, T. R. Beckett, H. A. Smith, W. J. Smith, D. S. Foulkes-Roberts, D. Sanderson, T. G. King, Scale C.

Works Superintendent, F. M. Tupper, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Chief Accountant, G. F. Sharp, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Senior Accountant, A. McCormick, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Assistant Accountants, F. H. Buckridge, W. J. Collison, L. Roberts, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

* *Assistant Accountant*, A. G. R. Nylander, 300*l.*, 315*l.*, 330*l.*, 350*l.*—25*l.*—575*l.*

Storekeeper, J. A. Bruton, 450*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Storekeeper, R. W. Mitchell, Scale A with maximum of 600*l.*

Chief Inspector, H. V. Seume, 600*l.*

Inspectors, 1st Grade, J. K. Adams, H. H. Loney, J. I. Greenwood, C. Roach, W. Hyde, W. Horsley, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Inspectors, 2nd Grade, T. D. Leach, A. J. Paul, S. G. Reed, A. E. Laver, H. H. Williamson, F. H. Everitt, G. P. Williams, P. L. Barkway, R. Worthington, G. E. Faurey, J. Maloney, D.S.M., J. L. Hanks, A. E. Cheal, Scale F.

Foremen, E. B. Cleary, W. H. Campion, T. F. Ledbetter, E. F. Perry, P. W. Christie, G. H. Neal, C. H. Clarke, W. Hawkes, Scale F.

Colliery.

Colliery Manager, W. J. Leek, 1,150*l.*, duty, 230*l.*

Deputy Colliery Manager, G. G. Askew, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Assistant to Colliery Manager, T. Maltby, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Surveyor, D. G. C. Murphy, Scale C with maximum of 720*l.*

Accountant (vacant), 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Under Managers, C. W. Parker, A. Stelfox, N. Ball, 600*l.*

Colliery Engineer, G. W. Bertram, 600*l.* to 800*l.*, duty, 72*l.*

Assistant Colliery Engineer, J. Graham, 600*l.*

Mechanics, B. Thomas, M. Clamp, T. Llewellyn, Scale F.

Overmen, Scale F.

Surface Foreman, Scale F.

Electrician (vacant), Scale F.

Railway.—General.

General Manager, E. M. Bland, C.M.G., M.Inst. T., 2,000*l.*, duty, 400*l.*

Deputy General Manager, W. C. Bostock, M.Inst. T., 1,600*l.*, duty, 320*l.*

Assistant to the General Manager, W. H. Thatcher, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Office Assistant, M. V. P. O'Byrne, A. Busby, A. J. Marinho*, Scale A with maximum of 600*l.*

Chief Accountant, R. E. Miller, 1,300*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Assistant Chief Accountant, L. E. Lloyd, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Senior Accountants, F. J. Finney, A. Gibbons, J. A. Greenway, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, seniority allowance 72*l.*

Accountants, W. W. Hedley, H. R. A. Chelu, H. H. Norman, C. B. Mears, A. L. Angless, R. V. Whitehead, D. B. Fox, M.C., H. D. Wylis, W. Nield, S. Chivers, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Assistant Accountants, W. C. Marshall, H. B. Schofield, H. J. Williams, R. L. Leith, F. G. R. Port, F. W. Gray, D. E. Riddle, H. R. G. T. Chapman, M.C., S. T. Crampton, A. L. Peters, R. L. Gardiner, W. Morrison, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*; E. C. N. Scott, M. O. Ebinisi, 300*l.*, 350*l.* by 25*l.* to 575*l.*

Stock Verifiers, S. T. Jeffries, H. Stuart, † H. J. R. Farrow, M.C., (a) H. Wilson, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

Superintendent Railway Press, J. A. Blair, 540*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

* African.

† Seconded to Railway construction.

(a) Seconded to Eastern Railway Construction.

For Scales A to F, see footnote on page 379.

Assistant Superintendent Railway Press, H. V. Gray, 450*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

Chief Storekeeper, A. H. Bridgman, 1,000*l.*, duty 200*l.*

Assistant Chief Storekeeper, †A. B. Campbell, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance 72*l.*

Storekeepers, A. Wilde, W. H. Avery, S. Fairman, A. H. Davey; and *Assistant Storekeepers*, T. Price, F. H. Down, B. L. R. Reeve, A. J. Barford, S. C. Griffiths, H. Payne, (b) W. A. Akiyemi, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

Ways and Works.

Chief Engineer, W. Henderson, 1,300*l.*, duty, 260*l.*

Assistant Chief Engineer, A. R. Seymour, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Engineer-in-Charge, Surveys, J. J. Humphreys, 1,050*l.* and 210*l.* duty pay.

Senior District Engineers, (a) W. W. Bishop, †H. W. Lawson, M.I.C.E., M.C.I., J. H. Forbes, *G. A. Buchanan, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

District Engineers, S. W. F. Kreiser, (a) Lt.-Col., J. H. Boyd, O.B.E., *G. A. Buchanan, A.M.I.C.E.; and *Assistant Engineers*, W. R. Milliken, H. Weightman, V. St. L. Carter, J. L. Peddie, F. Pike, G. F. Gloster, E. Shirreffs, J. Ogilvie, R. C. Wells, H. G. R. Peet, P. Peel-Iderton, W. W. De Mattos, G. S. S. Collyns, H. Llewellyn, G. Brown, R. A. Haworth, M. L. Cobb, G. C. Totton, M.C., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., M.Amer., R.E.A., R. J. M. Leakey, Scale C.

Chief Draughtsman (vacant), Scale C, with maximum of 800*l.*

Chief Foremen of Works, (a) W. F. Stevenson, D. Hoskins, J. Simpson, T. E. Cook, 600*l.*

Foremen of Works, 1st Grade, W. T. P. Dyer, J. F. Cadigan, W. Clark, T. H. M. Yates, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Chief Signal Foreman, J. F. Trezise, 600*l.*

Foremen of Works, 2nd Grade, E. F. Upson, L. P. Durham, L. M. Pierpoint, A. D. Cross, E. Rich, Scale F.

Signal Foreman, J. Gould, Scale F.

Inspecting Foreman Platelayer, G. A. Whalley, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Senior Foremen Platelayers, A. T. Ayling, P. Clewes, J. Crank, 480*l.* by 12*l.* to 520*l.*

Foremen Platelayers, Scale D.

Locomotive.

Chief Mechanical Engineer, Major M. P. Sells, O.B.E., A.M.I.C.E., M.I.Loco.E., 1,200*l.*, duty 240*l.*

Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer, W. White, 1,050*l.*, duty 210*l.*

Works Manager, W. G. W. Wilson, M.I.Loco.E., 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Works Manager, J. D. Weir, 920*l.*, duty 72*l.*

Assistant Works Managers, E. B. Laundry, R. W. Brown, Scale C.

Boiler Inspector, J. W. Booth, 600*l.*

Senior Locomotive Foreman, H. A. Harding, 600*l.*

Chief Draughtsman, W. Henderson, Scale C with maximum of 800*l.*

Draughtsman and Instructor, H. E. Allwood, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

Office Assistant, J. W. Duggan, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Workshop Foremen, W. C. Hill, H. Walker, J. Fitzpatrick, F. G. W. Potter, A. J. Tillman, F. E. H. Godfrey, A. W. Fowler, 600*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.*

Senior Workshop Artisans, S. G. Northmore, G. R. Samson, W. G. McNally, W. A. Maxwell, A. W. Fentam, P. I. Amesbury, J. Bennie, W. T. Borsberry, Scale F.

Fifty-two Workshop Artisans, Scale E.

Chief Electrical Engineer, H. Trattles, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, duty 80*l.*

Assistant Electrical Engineer, C. L. Paake.

Shift Engineers, D. W. Thompson, W. W. Sweeting, H. Sherriff, H. G. Thomas.

Transportation.

Superintendent of the Line, D. H. Elias, M.C., 1,400*l.*, duty 280*l.*

Divisional Superintendents, †Sir A. G. Graham, Kt., F. A. Pope, C. E. Brassey, D. Gaskin, H. D. Gibson, 1,200*l.*, duty 240*l.*

Assistant Superintendent of the Line, Locomotive, A. H. Discombe, 1,050*l.*, duty 210*l.*

Assistant Divisional Superintendents, Traffic, F. O. Willis, J. A. Oldfield, H. Creighton, J. W. Fenwick, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Assistant Divisional Superintendents, Locomotive, L. Nell, H. A. Freeland, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Office Superintendents, L. Symons, D.C.M., M.M., W. D. Shreeve, J. J. Laing, A.M.I.T., A. H. Wood.

Assistant Traffic Superintendents, F. A. Sherriff, W. G. Dawson, P. J. McKenna, S. W. Shinn, M. C. Wright, E. A. Ashton, R. A. Morris, G. F. Waring, G. Alderson, P. L. Dawson, F. W. Doggett, M.C., W. J. Y. Stevens, C. D. Richards, J. J. Walker, A. J. F. Bunning, Scale A.

Assistant Locomotive Superintendents, F. O. Lyon, P. M. Egan, E. Milne, C. F. Fennoh, T. B. Welch, G. O. Urion, H. A. Johnson, C. M. Temple, G. Gibson, E. Waters, W. H. Jocelin, Scale A.

Traffic Inspectors, 1st Grade, H. W. Croden, C. F. Parr, J. Ivory, S. H. Perkins, F. Rolfe, J. G. Downing, J. Patton, C. Mitten, H. J. Palmer, Q. Miller, L. L. Berry, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Superintendent Traffic Training School, A. E. Westlake, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Traffic Inspectors, 2nd Grade, E. H. Warham, W. H. Best, T. W. Sharp, J. R. Oldfield, Scale F.

Locomotive Inspectors, A. Kelly, J. J. Curtis, A. E. Crawley, G. H. Lunn, 500*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.*

Warehouse Supervisors, E. W. Dady, W. H. Langridge, W. H. J. F. Derham, J. Lewis, R. Carverhill, Scale F.

Senior Locomotive Foremen, A. Jones, G. Leckie, 600*l.*

European Guards, Scale D.

Locomotive Foremen, Grade I, 500*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.*

Locomotive Foremen, Grade II, Scale F.

Shed Artisans, Scale E.

Locomotive Drivers, Scale E.

Carriage and Wagon Inspectors, 500*l.*-12*l.*-560*l.* and Scale E.

Motor Engineer, C. H. Webster, 720*l.*, duty 72*l.*

Assistant Motor Engineer, F. J. MacLaren, 500*l.*-12*l.*-600*l.*

Motor Mechanics, F. C. Stythe, E. B. Wade, Scale F.

NIGERIA REGIMENT.

WEST AFRICAN FRONTIER FORCE.

HEADQUARTERS STAFF (Kaduna).

Commandant, Col. W. B. Greenwell, D.S.O., 1,400*l.*, 10*s.* per diem, duty pay.

Assistant Commandant, Lieut.-Col. G. T. Burney, M.C., 1,200*l.*

General Staff Officer, Major A. E. Percival, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C., 1,000*l.*

Staff Captain, Capt. E. F. Bolton, 850*l.*

* Temporarily promoted, Senior District Engineer.

† Seconded to Railway construction.

‡ Seconded to Construction in Wharves, Port Harcourt.

(a) Seconded to Eastern Railway Construction.

(b) African.

Assistant Electrical Engineers, D. A. Farrell, G. Carruthers, W. R. Fitton, W. Miller, W. T. S. Thurston, 450*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*
Cable Joiner, C. E. Fawcett, 400*l.* by 12*l.* to 500*l.*
European Supervision, Extraordinary—
Waterworks Specialist, Major R. L. Nunn, D.S.O., A.M.I.C.E.

Roads Engineers, W. F. Hackman, R. S. Rodger, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., F.R.G.S., B. V. Grealy, C. D. A. McIver, B.E., T. J. G. Sproule, W. C. FitzHenry, A.M.I.C.E., A. R. Wileman, E. F. Nash, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Road Engineers (Seconded), Capt. H. P. W. Hutson, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C., R.E., Lieut. T. P. Price, R.E.

Assistant Engineers (Roads), G. Osmand, A.M.I.C.E., A.C.G.I., C. B. Glenesk, W. A. Borland, E. M. Elox, D. W. J. M. Gordon, B.Sc.; W. H. Quick, Scale C.

Foreman (Roads), Corporal H. T. Smith, Sergt. W. Sharp, Corporal S. H. Leggatt, C. Cooks, H. Trowbridge, J. E. Gosling, S. A. Ralph, R. T. Sarnon, F. H. Ackrill, J. R. Hedger, H. W. Chaplin, A. J. Friend, H. Sylvester, J. M. Lewis, G. E. Faithful, Scale F.

Inspector of Works, H. R. Kay, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Resident Engineers (vacant), 450*l.*, 510*l.*–30*l.*–720*l.*–40*l.*–800*l.*

Foremen, G. W. Tuck, H. Aitken, J. Melville, R. J. Tyler, F. J. Yabaley, R. E. Yabaley, F. M. Collier, A. C. Allen, H. J. Scott, W. H. Gill, J. I. Rook, A. Pearce, W. J. Owens, J. Bremner, R. C. S. Fowler, W. C. Mowatt, F. J. Stook, J. M. Lander, R. Wadsworth, D. McKenzie, P. C. Sadler, J. Brunton, R. West, S. R. Collyer, J. A. Anderson, L. Redwood, H. Clayton, T. E. Walsh, S. Bennett, E. C. Forrest, E. West, D. J. Anderson, J. A. Bootes, E. G. Cooke, P. C. Wright, Scale F.

Plumbers, G. W. Gerrard, J. W. W. Hallam, Scale F.

Posts and Telegraphs.

Postmaster-General, G. I. Righton, 1,300*l.*, duty, 260*l.*

Deputy Postmaster-General, L. Bettsworth, 1,050*l.*, duty, 210*l.*

Engineer-in-Chief, G. B. Hebden, 1,100*l.*, duty, 220*l.*

Assistant Engineer-in-Chief, J. E. Cumming, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Divisional Surveyors, W. A. Flacke, (vacancy), 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Surveyors and Assistant Surveyors, L. A. Harcourt, E. S. Moore, C. S. Innes, M.B.E., W. Adams, H. G. Jessop, C. B. Plenderleith, A. G. Hunt, E. Tull, J. M. Cunningham, R. V. H. Terry, T. B. Bales, C. R. Rowlands, Scale A.

Telegraph Instructor, E. Seppings, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Postmaster-Surveyors, J. N. Roffell, H. A. Paris, J. A. Roffell, 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 330*l.*, 350*l.* by 25*l.* to 575*l.*

Engineers and Assistant Engineers, F. J. Head, F. Atkins, G. F. Davies, M.B.E., T. Brandon, G. L. Carter, R. Lessells, J. A. Gundry, S. P. Greer, T. R. Beckett, H. A. Smith, W. J. Smith, D. S. Foulkes-Roberts, D. Sanderson, T. G. King, Scale C.

Works Superintendent, F. M. Tupper, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Chief Accountant, G. F. Sharp, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Senior Accountant, A. McCormick, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, with 72*l.* seniority allowance from 720*l.*

Assistant Accountants, F. H. Buckeridge, W. J. Collison, L. Roberts, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

* *Assistant Accountant*, A. G. R. Nylander, 300*l.*, 315*l.*, 330*l.*, 350*l.*–25*l.*–575*l.*

Storekeeper, J. A. Bruton, 450*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Storekeeper, R. W. Mitchell, Scale A with maximum of 600*l.*

Chief Inspector, H. V. Seume, 600*l.*

Inspectors, 1st Grade, J. K. Adams, H. H. Loney, J. I. Greenwood, C. Roach, W. Hyde, W. Horsley, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Inspectors, 2nd Grade, T. D. Leach, A. J. Paul, S. G. Reed, A. E. Laver, H. H. Williamson, F. H. Everitt, G. P. Williams, P. L. Barkway, R. Worthington, G. E. Fairey, J. Maloney, D.S.M., J. L. Hanks, A. E. Cheal, Scale F.

Foremen, E. B. Cleary, W. H. Campion, T. F. Ledbetter, E. F. Perry, P. W. Christie, G. H. Neal, C. H. Clarke, W. Hawkes, Scale F.

Colliery.

Colliery Manager, W. J. Look, 1,150*l.*, duty, 230*l.*

Deputy Colliery Manager, G. G. Askew, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Assistant to Colliery Manager, T. Maltby, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Surveyor, D. G. C. Murphy, Scale C with maximum of 720*l.*

Accountant (vacant), 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Under Managers, C. W. Parker, A. Stelfox, N. Ball, 600*l.*

Colliery Engineer, G. W. Bertram, 600*l.* to 800*l.*, duty, 72*l.*

Assistant Colliery Engineer, J. Graham, 600*l.*

Mechanics, B. Thomas, M. Clamp, T. Llewellyn, Scale F.

Overmen, Scale F.

Surface Foreman, Scale F.

Electrician (vacant), Scale F.

Railway.—General.

General Manager, E. M. Bland, C.M.G., M.Inst. T., 2,000*l.*, duty, 400*l.*

Deputy General Manager, W. C. Bostock, M.Inst. T., 1,600*l.*, duty, 320*l.*

Assistant to the General Manager, W. H. Thatcher, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Office Assistant, M. V. P. O'Byrne, A. Busby, A. J. Marinho*, Scale A with maximum of 600*l.*

Chief Accountant, R. E. Miller, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Assistant Chief Accountant, L. E. Lloyd, 960*l.*, duty, 96*l.*

Senior Accountants, F. J. Finney, A. Gibbons, J. A. Greenway, 800*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, seniority allowance 72*l.*

Accountants, W. W. Hedley, H. R. A. Cheln, H. H. Norman, C. B. Means, A. L. Angless, R. V. Whitehead, D. B. Fox, M.C., H. D. Wylis, W. Niel, S. Chivers, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Assistant Accountants, W. C. Marshall, H. B. Schofield, H. J. Williams, R. L. Leith, F. G. R. Port, F. W. Gray, D. E. Riddle, H. R. G. T. Chapman, M.C., S. T. Crampton, A. L. Peters, R. L. Gardiner, W. Morrison, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*; E. C. N. Scott, M. O. Ebinisi, 300*l.*, 350*l.* by 25*l.* to 575*l.*

Stock Verifiers, S. T. Jeffries, H. Stuart, † H. J. R. Farrow, M.C., (a) H. Wilson, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

Superintendent Railway Press, J. A. Blair, 540*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

* African.

† Seconded to Railway construction.

(a) Seconded to Eastern Railway Construction.

Assistant Superintendent Railway Press, H. V. Gray, 450*l.* by 15*l.* to 600*l.*

Chief Storekeeper, A. H. Bridgman, 1,000*l.*, duty 200*l.*

Assistant Chief Storekeeper, †A. B. Campbell, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance 72*l.*

Storekeepers, A. Wilde, W. H. Avery, S. Fairman, A. H. Davey; and *Assistant Storekeepers*, T. Price, F. H. Down, B. L. R. Reeve, A. J. Barford, S. C. Griffiths, H. Payne, (b) W. A. Akiyemi, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

Ways and Works.

Chief Engineer, W. Henderson, 1,300*l.*, duty, 260*l.*

Assistant Chief Engineer, A. R. Seymour, 1,200*l.*, duty, 240*l.*

Engineer-in-Charge, Surveys, J. J. Humphreys, 1,050*l.* and 210*l.* duty pay.

Senior District Engineers, (a) W. W. Bishop, †H. W. Lawson, M.I.C.E., M.C.I., J. H. Forbes, *G. A. Buchanan, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

District Engineers, S. W. F. Kreiser, (a) Lt.-Col., J. H. Boyd, O.B.E., *G. A. Buchanan, A.M.I.C.E.; and *Assistant Engineers*, W. R. Milliken, H. Weightman, V. St. L. Carter, J. L. Peddie, F. Pike, G. F. Gloster, E. Shirreffs, J. Ogilvie, R. C. Wells, H. G. R. Peet, P. Peel-Iderton, W. W. De Mattos, G. S. S. Collyns, H. Llewellyn, G. Brown, R. A. Haworth, M. L. Cobb, G. C. Totton, M.C., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., M.Amer., R.E.A., R. J. M. Leakey, Scale C.

Chief Draughtsman (vacant), Scale C, with maximum of 800*l.*

Chief Foremen of Works, (a) W. F. Stevenson, D. Hoskins, J. Simpson, T. E. Cook, 600*l.*

Foremen of Works, 1st Grade, W. T. P. Dyer, J. F. Cadigan, W. Clark, T. H. M. Yates, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Chief Signal Foreman, J. F. Trezise, 600*l.*

Foremen of Works, 2nd Grade, E. F. Upson, L. P. Durham, L. M. Pierpoint, A. D. Cross, E. Rich, Scale F.

Signal Foreman, J. Gould, Scale F.

Inspecting Foreman Platelayer, G. A. Whalley, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Senior Foremen Platelayers, A. T. Ayling, P. Clewes, J. Crank, 480*l.* by 12*l.* to 520*l.*

Foremen Platelayers, Scale D.

Locomotive.

Chief Mechanical Engineer, Major M. P. Sells, O.B.E., A.M.I.C.E., M.I.Loco.E., 1,200*l.*, duty 240*l.*

Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer, W. White, 1,050*l.*, duty 210*l.*

Works Manager, W. G. W. Wilson, M.I.Loco.E., 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Works Manager, J. D. Weir, 920*l.*, duty 72*l.*

Assistant Works Managers, E. B. Laundry, R. W. Brown, Scale C.

Boiler Inspector, J. W. Booth, 600*l.*

Senior Locomotive Foreman, H. A. Harding, 600*l.*

Chief Draughtsman, W. Henderson, Scale C with maximum of 800*l.*

Draughtsman and Instructor, H. E. Allwood, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

Office Assistant, J. W. Duggan, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Workshop Foremen, W. C. Hill, H. Walker, J. Fitzpatrick, F. G. W. Potter, A. J. Tillman, F. E. H. Godfrey, A. W. Fowler, 600*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Senior Workshop Artisans, S. G. Northmore, G. R. Samson, W. G. McNally, W. A. Maxwell, A. W. Fentum, P. I. Amesbury, J. Bennie, W. T. Borsberry, Scale F.

Fifty-two Workshop Artisans, Scale E.

Chief Electrical Engineer, H. Trattles, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.* duty 80*l.*

Assistant Electrical Engineer, C. L. Packer.

Shift Engineers, D. W. Thompson, W. W. Sweeting, H. Sherriff, H. G. Thomas.

Transportation.

Superintendent of the Line, D. H. Elias, M.C., 1,400*l.*, duty 280*l.*

Divisional Superintendents, †Sir A. G. Graham, Kt., F. A. Pope, C. E. Braensley, D. Gaskin, H. D. Gibson, 1,200*l.*, duty 240*l.*

Assistant Superintendent of the Line, Locomotive, A. H. Discombe, 1,050*l.*, duty 210*l.*

Assistant Divisional Superintendents, Traffic, F. O. Willits, J. A. Oldfield, H. Creighton, J. W. Fenwick, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Assistant Divisional Superintendents, Locomotive, L. Nell, H. A. Freeland, 960*l.*, duty 96*l.*

Office Superintendents, L. Symons, D.C.M., M.M., W. D. Shreeve, J. J. Laing, A.M.I.T., A. H. Wood.

Assistant Traffic Superintendents, F. A. Sherriff, W. G. Dawson, P. J. McKenna, S. W. Shinn, M. C. Wright, E. A. Ashton, R. A. Morris, G. F. Waring, G. Alderson, P. L. Dawson, F. W. Doggett, M.C., W. J. Y. Stevens, C. D. Richards, J. J. Walker, A. J. F. Bunning, Scale A.

Assistant Locomotive Superintendents, F. O. Lyon, P. M. Egan, E. Milne, C. F. Fennoh, T. B. Welch, G. O. Urion, H. A. Johnson, C. M. Temple, G. Gibson, E. Waters, W. H. Jocelin, Scale A.

Traffic Inspectors, 1st Grade, H. W. Croden, C. F. Parr, J. Ivory, S. H. Perkins, F. Rolfe, J. G. Downing, J. Patton, C. Mitten, H. J. Palmer, Q. Miller, L. L. Berry, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Superintendent Traffic Training School, A. E. Westlake, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Traffic Inspectors, 2nd Grade, E. H. Warham, W. H. Best, T. W. Sharp, J. R. Oldfield, Scale F.

Locomotive Inspectors, A. Kelly, J. J. Curtis, A. E. Crawley, G. H. Lunn, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Warehouse Supervisors, E. W. Dady, W. H. Langridge, W. H. J. F. Derham, J. Lewis, R. Carverhill, Scale F.

Senior Locomotive Foremen, A. Jones, G. Leckie, 600*l.*

European Guards, Scale D.

Locomotive Foremen, Grade I, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.*

Locomotive Foremen, Grade II, Scale F.

Shed Artisans, Scale E.

Locomotive Drivers, Scale E.

Carriage and Wagon Inspectors, 500*l.*–12*l.*–560*l.* and Scale E.

Motor Engineer, C. H. Webster, 720*l.*, duty 72*l.*

Assistant Motor Engineer, F. J. MacLaren, 500*l.*–12*l.*–600*l.*

Motor Mechanics, F. C. Stythe, E. B. Wade, Scale F.

NIGERIA REGIMENT.

WEST AFRICAN FRONTIER FORCE.

HEADQUARTERS STAFF (Kaduna).

Commandant, Col. W. B. Greenwell, D.S.O., 1,400*l.*, 10*s.* per diem, duty pay.

Assistant Commandant, Lieut.-Col. G. T. Burney, M.C., 1,200*l.*

General Staff Officer, Major A. E. Percival, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C., 1,000*l.*

Staff Captain, Capt. E. F. Bolton, 850*l.*

* Temporarily promoted, Senior District Engineer.

† Seconded to Railway construction.

‡ Seconded to Construction Wharves, Port Harcourt.

(a) Seconded to Eastern Railway Construction.

(b) African.

Officer attached to the General Staff, Capt. W. A. Dimoline, M.C., 750l.
Staff Quarter-Master, Capt. J. D. Cameron, 720l. by 30l. to 840l.
Officer-in-Charge of Records, Capt. J. G. Collins, M.C., 600l. by 20l. to 700l.
Lieutenant-Colonel, K. G. F. Collins, M.C., 1,000l., duty 10s. day.
Majors, G. H. Bell, M.C., R. K. B. Walker, D. J. Grant, M.C., G. P. Atkinson, D.S.O., M.C.
Adjutants, Capt. A. E. Lawrence, M.C., Temp.-Capt. G. T. Fletcher, Lieut. F. N. H. Nies, Temp.-Capt. T. Y. Whitfield, 700l., duty 5s. day.
Four Quartermasters, J. Waterson, C. L. Chandless, M.M., Capt. D. Taylor, Capt. E. B. Millwood, 600l. to 700l. by 20l.
*Twenty-Seven Captains.**
Seventy-Nine Subalterns.†
Transport Officer, A. S. Parnter, 600l. by 20l. to 720l.

NORTHERN RHODESIA.

Situation and Area.

Northern Rhodesia comprises the northern part of the Territory formerly administered by the British South Africa Company, whose principal field of operations was defined in the Charter of Incorporation as "the region of South Africa lying immediately to the North of British Bechuanaland, and to the North and West of the South African Republic, and to the West of the Portuguese dominions." It lies wholly to the north of the Zambesi River and is bounded by Tanganyika Territory and the Belgian Congo on the north; Nyasaland and Portuguese East Africa on the east; Southern Rhodesia and South-West Africa on the south and Portuguese West Africa on the west.

The area of the Territory is estimated at about 287,950 square miles.

A map of Northern Rhodesia and Southern Rhodesia will be found in the section relating to the latter.

Northern Rhodesia is divided into nine magisterial districts for fiscal and administrative purposes. The seat of government is at Livingstone, situated seven miles from the Victoria Falls. Other important settlements are at Broken Hill, the centre of the mining industry, Fort Jameson, Lusaka, Mazabuka, Ndola near which the copper mines of Bwana Mkubwa are situated, Abercorn, Kasama, Fort Rosebery and Mongu-Lealui in Barotseland.

History and Constitution.

In 1855, Dr. Livingstone, the great explorer, with whose advent the authentic history of Northern Rhodesia may be said to begin, arrived at the Zambesi near the place where the town bearing his name now stands. The Arab slave trade had begun a few years before Livingstone's arrival and flourished from that time onwards till 1893, twenty years after the death of Livingstone at Chitambo. The Arab influence was at first most felt in the North but soon extended over the whole country. It was not until 1893, by which time a Government post (Abercorn) near the south

of Lake Tanganyika, and several mission stations were established, that this trade received any check. Blow after blow was inflicted by the destruction of the Arab settlements on Lake Nyasa, and with the defeat of the Arab chief Mlozi by Sir Harry Johnston at Karonga in 1894, the days of the slave trade in British Central Africa were numbered. The last caravan of slaves in Northern Rhodesia (intercepted on its way to the East coast via Lake Nyasa) was released at Fort Jameson, which had just been established, in 1898. An account of the early operations of the British South Africa Company under the Royal Charter of Incorporation of 1889 will be found under the section relating to Southern Rhodesia. Prior to 1911 the territory now called Northern Rhodesia consisted of two separate territories (a) Barotseland-North-Western Rhodesia and (b) North-Eastern Rhodesia. On the 4th May of that year these two territories were amalgamated under the title of Northern Rhodesia. Mr. (now Sir) Lawrence Wallace was appointed the first Administrator of the combined territory, and continued in office until 1921.

Several engagements took place during the great war with forces from German East Africa, and on the 2nd May, 1916, General Northey ordered a general advance into German East Africa of the troops under his command, and by July all enemy territory adjacent to the Northern Rhodesia border had been cleared of the enemy. Towards the end of October, 1918, the fugitive German force, under Colonel Von Lettow-Vorbeck doubled southwards, and on the 1st November made an unsuccessful attack on the frontier station, Fife. From there they proceeded south-west to Kasama, the advanced base of supplies for the forces operating on the border. The bulk of the stores had, however, been evacuated on the first news of the enemy's advance. After burning most of the buildings and their remaining contents, Von Lettow marched along the Kasama-Kashitu motor-road, and early on the 13th November, his advanced parties opened fire on the British South Africa Company's rubber factory on the Chambesi River. At this juncture the news of the Armistice was received by the District Commissioner and communicated to Von Lettow, who accepted the position and suspended hostilities. The number of individual Rhodesians (men and women) known to have undertaken duties in connection with the war was 7,009. Of these 6,859 served with H.M. Forces during the war, 459 being from Northern Rhodesia. 791 were killed in action or died of wounds or disease.

In March, 1921, Sir Drummond Chaplin, Administrator of Southern Rhodesia became also Administrator of Northern Rhodesia. He relinquished office on the 20th September, 1923, and was succeeded by Mr. R. A. J. Goode as Acting Administrator in Northern Rhodesia.

In July, 1923, a settlement was arranged of the various outstanding questions relating to the British South Africa Company's position in Southern and Northern Rhodesia. As far as Northern Rhodesia was concerned, the effect of the settlement, which was conditional on its acceptance by the shareholders and the approval of Parliament, was that the Company surrendered its buildings and assets used for administrative purposes, and its land and monopoly rights other than mineral rights under its concessions in Northern Rhodesia but retained three freehold areas in the Tanganyika District of North-Eastern Rhodesia; on the other hand the Company

* Captains with fifteen years total service receive 750l. per annum. Captains with less than fifteen years total service receive 700l. per annum.

† Lieutenants with seven years total service receive 600l. per annum. Lieutenants with less than seven years total service receive 510l. per annum.

would receive on the 1st October, 1923, a cash payment from His Majesty's Government, and would retain a half interest for 40 years in the net proceeds of the disposal of land in North-Western Rhodesia, such disposal to be in the hands of the administration of the territory; the Company would receive the Crown's recognition of its mineral rights in Northern Rhodesia and a considerable measure of protection for its railway interests; and the Crown would waive its whole claim against the Company in respect of extraordinary military expenditure incurred in the course of the Great War. Subject to the foregoing, the Company would retain the whole of its commercial rights and assets; no further question would be raised as to any liability of the Company in respect of land appropriated for the purpose of its own commercial undertakings or granted to other parties; and the Company would be relieved of the duty of carrying on the administration of Northern Rhodesia. This provisional arrangement was unanimously approved by the shareholders, and on the 25th July, 1923, was approved by the House of Commons.

By Orders in Council dated 20th February, 1924 the office of Governor of Northern Rhodesia was created, an Executive Council constituted and provision made for the constitution of a Legislative Council. The Executive Council is composed of the Governor as President, the Chief Secretary to the Government, the Attorney-General, the Treasurer, the Secretary for Native Affairs and the Principal Medical Officer. The Legislative Council comprises the Governor as President, the members of the Executive Council, *ex officio*, four nominated official members and five unofficial elected members. On the 1st April, 1924, Mr. H. J. Stanley, C.M.G. (now Sir Herbert Stanley, K.C.M.G.), assumed office as the first Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Northern Rhodesia.

Administrative and Judicial.

The natives are administered as far as possible through their own chiefs or headmen. Administrative and judicial functions are combined in the District officers. The Barotsé District is a native reserve, and is administered under conditions differing in some respects from those obtaining elsewhere. The Paramount Chief of the Barotsé has a Khotla or Native Council to assist him.

The law of the Territory is that of England except in so far as it may be inapplicable or may have been or may hereafter be modified by legislation, but no Act of Parliament of the United Kingdom passed subsequent to the 17th August, 1911, is deemed to apply to the Territory unless it has been specifically applied. The Civil jurisdiction of Native Commissioners' Courts is limited to causes or matters concerning natives. They also have criminal jurisdiction over natives with limitations. Appeals, both civil and criminal, lie from Native Commissioners' Courts to Magistrates, and from Magistrates' Courts to the High Court.

Population.

Census.	European.			Native.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1911 ...	1,131	376	1,497	—	—	631,102
1921 ...	2,263	1,371	3,634	447,841	532,064	979,906

The European population at the 31st December, 1926, was returned as 5,581, comprising 2,742 adult males, 1,326 adult females and 1,513 children. The native population was estimated to be 1,199,641.

Education.

European.—For the education of European children, there were, in 1927, Government Schools at Livingstone, Mazabuka, Lusaka, Broken Hill and Fort Jameson. At all of these, with the exception of the school at Fort Jameson, primary education up to Standard VII was given, with the additional subjects, Latin, French, Algebra in Standards VI and VII and Geometry in Standard VII. At Fort Jameson primary education was given up to Standard V. Four Farm Schools were open during the year at Silver Rest, Mulendema, Chilongolo and Lubombo, 1 mine school at Bwana M'Kubwa and 3 aided schools at Malanda, Kalomo and the M'tuga Mine. In all these education was given up to Standard V.

The Codrington School at Mazabuka has been a mixed boarding school throughout the year, but, on the opening of the Beit School at Choma, the girls will be transferred to that school, which is being built to provide a separate girls' boarding school.

Native.—With the exception of the Barotsé National School at Mongu which is under Government control, the actual education of the natives is in the hands of the Missionary Societies. A Director of Native Education has been appointed, and a system of Government Grants-in-aid to Missionary Societies who agree to conform to the general educational policy of the Government has been instituted. An Advisory Board in Native Education has been set up, upon which missionaries, settlers, and Government Departments are represented. A central agricultural research station at which native agricultural and veterinary demonstrators can be trained is under construction.

Climate.

The climate, except in the low-lying parts, may be described as sub-tropical. Temperatures are moderate during the winter months, viz., from April to August. In low-lying parts the mean temperature varies from 70° to 90° with a maximum of 103° and a minimum of 56°. In the high plateau the mean temperature varies from 55° to 75° with a maximum of 86° and a minimum of 40°. In some parts the maximum temperature has been known to reach the high figure of 120°, whilst minima round about 30° are not infrequent.

As a whole the country may be said to be suitable for white settlement, and Europeans have little to fear from the point of view of health if reasonable precautions are taken.

The average rainfall varies from 50 inches in the northern and high-lying portions of the territory to 25 and 30 inches only in the southern and south-eastern parts. On the average little or no rain falls during the period July to September. The month of October usually brings from about half an inch to two inches. The period, November to March, is the real wet season, during which anything from 70 % to 90 % of the total annual rainfall occurs. From April onwards the rains diminish again. The average rainfall so far as present investigations show is 37.5 inches per annum.

Commerce and Industry.

Farming and ranching occupy a considerable portion of the European inhabitants. Maize was, formerly, the chief crop and the demand for this is steadily increasing.

The cultivation of cotton has received a severe check on account of insect pests and fungoid diseases. The amount of tobacco produced is rapidly increasing and it is estimated that the value of tobacco to be exported will be between 100,000*l.* and 200,000*l.* at local prices. The variety grown, a Rhodesian strain of Virginia tobacco, produces high grade tobacco and finds a ready market. The amount of wheat produced is increasing annually. The establishment of a Co-operative Wheat Mill in the wheat area, has been a great incentive to industry. Other crops are citrus, coffee, ground nuts, and potatoes. The increase in mining activities has caused a greater demand in the Territory and in the Belgian Congo for foodstuffs of all varieties. The ranching industry is of considerable importance but it is quite incapable of supplying the demands made upon it. As a consequence, many thousands of cattle pass through Northern Rhodesia from Southern Rhodesia and N'Gamiland each year to supply the markets of the Belgian Congo. The estimated requirements of Northern Rhodesia and the Belgian Congo, for slaughter cattle, is 40,000 head per annum.

The dairying industry is small but is making steady progress. There is scope for greater increase in the production of dairy products, as the Territory produces under a quarter of the requirements of the local demand and of the Belgian Congo. The balance is imported from the south.

A central agricultural research and demonstration station is in the course of establishment where plant breeding, seed selection, demonstration work with crops and plantations of exotic trees are to be carried out. A herd of pedigree cattle is to be established. A laboratory for veterinary research is to be erected. The station will be of value to intending settlers who may wish to gain experience before commencing farming in the Territory and will be used for training native artisans, farm capitalists, and village demonstrators. Land suitable for mixed farming and ranching is available within easy distance of the railway and the price ranges between 3*s.* and 15*s.* per acre depending upon the quality of the soil, water supply, distance from railway, etc. A settler must be in possession of at least 2,000*l.* capital in order to obtain a grant of a farm from the Government on permit of occupation. Special travelling facilities are given to bona fide farm settlers and their wives and families proceeding to Northern Rhodesia for the first time to take up land, and special local railway rates are in force for their benefit. Applications for land in Northern Rhodesia should be addressed to the Lands Department, Livingstone.

Extensive mineral deposits of lead and zinc have been located at Broken Hill and of copper at Bwana Mkubwa and elsewhere in the north-western districts. Gold and silver have been discovered and coal exists in quantity but is not being worked at present. The total value of the mineral output of Northern Rhodesia from the commencement of operations to the 31st December, 1926, was 3,957,901*l.* (subject to adjustment).

In the year 1926, 778 ounces of gold, 114 ounces of silver, 3,835 tons of lead, 708 tons of copper

3 tons of mica, 485 tons zinc ore, 235 tons zinc, 25 tons vanadium were produced.

Imports and Exports.

Year.	Exports. £	Imports. £
1922 ..	616,083	500,321
1923 ..	463,585	528,068
1924 ..	455,917	684,183
1925 ..	432,997	1,317,907
1926 ..	490,382	1,725,682

Included in the exports for the year 1926 were :— Animals (living) 52,606*l.*; Hides, Skins and Horns, 15,591*l.*; Ivory, 7,117*l.*; Butter, 1,219*l.*; Maize, 31,246*l.*; Wheat, 18,585*l.*; Maize Meal, 10,566*l.*; Tobacco (unmanufactured), 155,832*l.*; Cotton (raw), 4,746*l.*; Vanadium, 4,498*l.*; Copper, 23,560*l.*; Lead (pig), 42,294*l.*; Timber (unmanufactured), 12,217*l.*; Gold (bar), 2,697*l.*

Means of Communication.

The extension of the railway from Victoria Falls northward was opened for traffic as far as Broken Hill, 374 miles from the Falls, in 1906, and the further extension to the northern border of Northern Rhodesia was completed by the Rhodesia Katanga Junction Railway and Mineral Company Limited in 1909. The Zambesi is crossed by a bridge 650 feet long, 30 feet wide and about 420 feet above the level of the river. The gauge of the railway is 3 feet 6 inches, the standard gauge of South Africa. Road communications are gradually being opened and good motor tracks are now in use from Livingstone to Elizabethville in the Congo Belge, and also to Abercorn and from thence to Tanganyika and Kenya Colony. The Zambesi, Kafue, Luapula, and Chambesi rivers are navigable for small boats for a considerable portion of their course.

Mails to and from England are despatched and received weekly via Bulawayo and Cape Town. Mails from and to Fort Jameson are carried via Beira and Nyasaland. There are 38 post offices in the territory, 10 of which are money order offices. There is a telegraph line alongside the railway line from Livingstone to the Congo Border and other lines link up Abercorn and Fort Jameson with Nyasaland and Southern Rhodesia. The total mileage of telegraphic line through the territory is 2,350 miles.

Finance.

Year.	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £
1924-1925 ..	309,795	340,327
1925-1926 ..	371,046	394,145
1926-1927 ..	421,035	455,451

An income tax was first imposed in Northern Rhodesia in 1921. The rates of tax now in force are :—

For each pound of the first 100 <i>l.</i>	of the chargeable amount	6 <i>d.</i>
" " " " next 100 <i>l.</i>	" "	1 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>
" " " " " 100 <i>l.</i>	" "	1 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>
" " " " " 100 <i>l.</i>	" "	2 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>
" " " " " 100 <i>l.</i>	" "	2 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>
" " " " in excess of 500 <i>l.</i>	" "	3 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>

Before arriving at the chargeable amount the following deductions are allowed :—

- (i) Ten per cent of earned income subject to a maximum deduction of 200*l.*
- (ii) Personal, 300*l.*
- (iii) For wife, 600*l.*

(iv) For children—90*l*. for first child, other children 60*l*. each. Age limit 18.

(v) For Insurance, &c.—One sixth of chargeable income before making deductions for insurance and deductions under (iii) and (iv) above.

(vi) For dependant, 50*l*.

The tax upon the chargeable income of a Company is at the rate of 3*s*. on every pound thereof.

There are branches of the Standard Bank of South Africa at Livingstone and Lusaka and an Agency at Mazabuka and branches of Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) at Broken Hill and Fort Jameson, and an Agency at Bwana M'Kubwa.

ADMINISTRATORS.

North Eastern Rhodesia.

R. E. Codrington, 1900 to 1907.

Sir L. A. Wallace, K.B.E., C.M.G., 1907 to 1909.

Sir L. P. Beaufort, Kt., 1909 to 1911 (acting).

North Western Rhodesia.

Sir R. T. Coryndon, K.C.M.G., 1900 to 1907,

R. E. Codrington, 1907 to 1908.

Sir L. A. Wallace, K.B.E., C.M.G., 1907 to 1911 (acting).

Northern Rhodesia.

Sir Lawrence Wallace, K.B.E., C.M.G., May, 1911, to March, 1921.

Sir Drummond Chaplin, G.B.E., K.C.M.G., March, 1921, to September, 1923.

R. A. J. Goode, C.M.G., C.B.E., September, 1923, to March, 1924, (acting).

Governors.

His Excellency Sir Herbert J. Stanley, K.C.M.G., 1st April, 1924, to 25th July, 1927.

His Excellency Sir James Crawford Maxwell, K.B.E., C.M.G., M.D., 31st August, 1927.

Executive Council.

The Governor (President).

The Chief Secretary.

The Attorney-General.

The Treasurer.

The Secretary for Native Affairs.

The Principal Medical Officer.

Clerk, H. V. Francis, M.B.E.

Legislative Council.

The Governor (President).

Members of the Executive Council, ex officio.

Nominated official members—

J. Smith, Major T. G. Trevor, Lt.-Col. A. Stephenson, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C., H. C. Parkin.

Unofficial Elected Members, H. L. Goodhart, L. F. Moore, L. Gordon, Capt. T. H. Murray, M.C., D. E. C. R. Stirke.

Clerk, H. V. Francis, M.B.E.

Civil Establishment.*

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir James Crawford Maxwell, K.B.E., C.M.G., M.D., 3,000*l*. and 1,000*l*. duty allowance.

Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp, T. J. Gaisford-St. Lawrence, M.C., 300*l*.

Clerk, Miss C. M. Orpen, 300*l*.

Secretariat.

Chief Secretary, G. A. S. Northcote, 1,400*l*.

First Assistant Chief Secretary, H. C. D. C. Mackenzie-Kennedy, 700*l*. to 800*l*.

Second Assistant Chief Secretary, R. S. W. Dickinson, D.S.O., 600*l*. to 700*l*.

Assistant Secretary and Clerk of Councils, H. V. Francis, M.B.E., 600*l*. and 50*l*. as Editor of Government Gazette.

Chief Clerk, W. C. Freeston, 425*l*. to 600*l*.

Senior Clerk, A. E. Oldfield, 425*l*. to 600*l*.

Junior Clerks, R. M. Barratt, 375*l*., H. M. Adams, 120*l*.

Lady Clerk, Miss C. M. Dowling, 260*l* to 300*l*.

Native Affairs.

Secretary for Native Affairs, E. S. B. Tagart, C.B.E., 750*l*. to 1,100*l*.

Assistant Magistrate (Seconded), R. S. Jeffreys, 580*l*. to 700*l*.

Senior Clerk, E. E. Brooker, 425*l*. to 600*l*.

Clerk, A. Wilson, 420*l*.

Native Education.

Director of Native Education, G. C. Latham, 700*l*. to 900*l*.

Barotse National School.

Principal, Revd. P. F. Holland, M.M., 500*l*.

Assistant Master, J. F. Ritchie, 325*l*. to 400*l*.

Industrial Superintendent, P. C. Southwell, 400*l*. to 475*l*.

Agricultural Instructor, F. J. S. Morkel, 400*l*.

District Administration.

Magistrates and District Commissioners, P. E. Hall (100*l*. allowance as Resident Magistrate, Barotseland); C. R. B. Draper, M.B.E., J. M. Thomson, E. H. Cholmeley, H. G. Willis, J. H. Venning, C. R. Rennie, 750*l*. to 900*l*.

Assistant Magistrates, E. Sharpe, R. H. Palmer, L. C. Heath, C. F. Molyneux, M. Goslin, E. B. H. Goodall, M.B.E., J. W. Hinds, A. W. M. S. Griffin, M.C., E. H. K. Jordan, S. Hillier, G. Stokes, D. C. Thwaites, T. F. Sandford, M.B.E., F. V. B. Miller, W. E. M. Owen, J. Beringer, D. W. Gordon, H. A. Green, M.C., C. P. Oldfield, R. E. B. Woods, S. P. L. Lloyd, L. A. Russell, H. F. Cartmel-Robinson, R. T. Chicken, P. W. M. Jelf, V. R. Anley, E. H. L. Poole, K. S. Kinross, M.C., M. J. B. Otter, R. O. Ingram, E. H. Jalland, J. W. Sharratt-Horne, J. F. S. T. Warrington, G. F. W. C. Hughes-Chamberlain, E. S. Jeffreys, P. A. T. Simey, H. A. Sylvester, A. W. Bonfield, H. C. N. Hill, M.C., B. J. Mathews, J. G. Read, L. J. Tweedy, 580*l*. to 700*l*.

Native Commissioners, A. M. Alexander, G. H. Morton, E. H. B. Wickens, J. H. C. Griffiths, E. H. Cooke, J. P. K. Robinson, G. L. C. Langford, E. V. Gabb, B. D. N. Latimer, E. O. Colloutt, A. S. Chapman, J. L. Keith, R. S. Hudson, H. C. Brooks, M.C., C. H. Hazell, G. W. H. Bloomfield, 500*l*. to 550*l*.

Assistant Native Commissioners, H. L. Brigham, F. L. Brown, M.C., F. O. Hoare, M.C., E. Munday, F. C. A. Church, G. Howe, E. G. F. Thomson, E. D. Clough, H. A. Watmore, V. E. Bourdillon, A. McKisack, A. F. B. Glennie, G. R. R. Stevens, C. H. J. Rawstorne, 325*l*. to 550*l*.

* A general revision of salaries is under consideration.

Cadets, C. J. Bowden, F. B. Macrae, J. N. Russell, R. P. Bush, K. G. Bradley, J. B. Thomson, W. F. Stubbs, G. E. F. Smith, L. F. Leversedge, G. E. Noad, T. S. L. Fox-Pitt, J. H. Wallace, T. C. Fooks, J. S. Moffat, G. R. Onions, 325*l.* to 475*l.*

Senior Clerks of Magistrates' Courts, J. Walker, H. S. Algar, S. W. Cooper, J. P. Bliss, F. A. Cross, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Junior Clerks, J. H. Nisbet, 440*l.*, M. Barker, 325*l.*, R. F. L. Hatchwell, 325*l.*

3 *Temporary Clerks*, 360*l.*, 300*l.*, 200*l.*

Treasury.

Treasurer, C. H. Dobree, O.B.E., 1,200*l.*

Deputy Treasurer, R. A. Kelly, 750*l.* to 900*l.*

Assistant Accountants, M. McNeill, V. D. Browne, P. A. May, L. G. Walker, J. M. Brown, E. J. Whindus, W. F. Hastings, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Junior Clerks, W. D. Cotton, S. A. Thomas, F. W. E. Keller, 300*l.* to 460*l.*

Printing and Stationery.

Government Printer, E. S. Eagland, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Government Printer, B. Pullon, 420*l.*

Monotype Operator, R. H. Payne, 300*l.* to 400*l.*

1 *Compositor*, 8*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* a week.

Judicial.

Judge of the High Court, E. R. Logan, 1,750*l.*

Registrar of the High Court, A. E. Harrison, 700*l.* to 900*l.*

Assistant to Registrar of the High Court, K. B. Fairbairn, 390*l.*, 60*l.* allowance.

Junior Clerk, J. L. Leith, M.C., 300*l.* to 460*l.*

Legal.

Attorney-General, F. Gordon-Smith, 1,300*l.*

Assistant Attorney-General, Major C. G. M. Place, D.S.O., M.C., 700*l.* to 900*l.*

Crown Counsel, H. K. Ryan, O.B.E., 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Lady Clerk, Miss E. W. Stuart, 260*l.* to 300*l.*

Prisons.

Head Gaoler, C. F. Sohronen, 450*l.* *

Gaolers (3), 300*l.* *

Warders, (2) 290*l.* *, (2) 250*l.* *

Survey.

Director of Surveys, W. G. Fairweather, 850*l.* to 1,050*l.*

Deputy Director of Surveys and Examiner of Diagrams, L. W. G. Eodes, M.C., 660*l.*

Assistant Surveyors, T. J. Cassidy, R. V. Tivy, K. W. Hartland, C. Claxton, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Junior Assistant Surveyors, S. F. Turner, A. D. Hamilton, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Clerk, C. F. Morkel, 300*l.*

Medical.

Principal Medical Officer, A. W. May, C.M.G., 850*l.* to 1,100*l.* and 300*l.* personal.

Medical Officers, H. Leach, P. H. Ward, A. F. Wallace, M.C., A. Kinghorn, R. R. Murray, 850*l.*; W. J. Sheehan, J. D. Harmer, 750*l.*; G. M. C. Powell, 700*l.*; J. A. Acheson, 650*l.*; H. A. Gilkes, M.C., A. Brown, J. A. McGregor, P. B. Robinson, N. D. Sanderson, T. R. F. Kerby, 600*l.*

Dispenser and Secretary to P.M.O., A. Douglas, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Dispenser and Clerk, E. McPhee, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Clerk, Miss M. B. Cookson, 200*l.*

* Exclusive of allowances.

Matron, Miss E. M. Coates, 156*l.* *

Sisters-in-Charge, Mrs. E. M. Cronin, 132*l.* *;

Miss H. B. G. Eastland, Miss M. Roden, 120*l.* *

Nurses, Miss E. Bradfield, Miss S. Adair, Mrs. M. C. Lewis, Miss M. A. A. G. Goodyear, Miss S. K. Hanna, Miss M. P. White, Miss A. B. A. Buck, Miss R. Allender, Miss S. A. L. Davies, Miss A. H. Gittens, Miss A. Ottiwell, Miss L. Woolley, Miss E. Bowyer, 84*l.* to 120*l.* *;

Miss E. Hodnett, 200*l.*

Posts and Telegraphs.

Postmaster-General, J. McDonald, 700*l.* to 900*l.*

Deputy Postmaster-General, J. B. Moir, 550*l.* to 700*l.*

Accountant to Post Office (vacant), 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Clerks, Miss W. M. Squires, 150*l.*; Miss E. Eagland, 120*l.*

Postal Assistants, G. D. Hamilton, T. R. Jenkinson, W. M. Jenkinson, J. J. Fourie, H. Thompson, 400*l.* to 560*l.*; J. McIntyre, W. A. Clarke, S. G. Davies, W. G. Walton, T. H. Dale, C. D. Brokensha, H. Mansfield, A. V. Courtney, J. Murphy, G. Porter, W. C. B. Gascoigne, C. W. Fraser, 4 temporary lady postal assistants, 300*l.* to 460*l.*

Maintenance Officer, J. L. Adams, 460*l.* to 550*l.*

Linemen, C. Greenfield, R. Gourley, J. Carver, 300*l.* to 460*l.*

Customs.

Controller of Customs, H. C. Parkin, 700*l.* to 900*l.*

Senior Collector, E. S. Marillier, 545*l.* to 650*l.*

Collector, N. Lacey, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Junior Clerks, C. H. H. Coleman, W. J. Page, G. Owen-Smith, N. A. H. Blake, A. L. D. Goodwin, 300*l.* to 460*l.*

Lady Clerks, Miss M. C. May, Miss T. M. E. Hasseriia, 220*l.* to 260*l.*

Education.

Director of European Education, J. B. Clark, 700*l.* to 900*l.*

Clerk, Mrs. F. Kitchener, 190*l.*

3 *Matrons*, 1 at 144*l.*, 2 at 120*l.*

Mines and Works.

Secretary for Mines and Works, Major T. G. Trevor, 1,000*l.*

Mines Department.

Assistant Secretary for Mines, A. C. Vivian.

Senior Clerk, F. B. Coulson, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Public Works Department.

Superintendent, E. T. Jones, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Senior Clerk, E. W. Caplen, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Inspector and Draughtsman, W. H. J. Walker, 450*l.*

Technical Assistant, H. H. B. Hall, 370*l.*

Assistant Inspectors, 2 at 435*l.*; 2 at 400*l.*; 2 at 360*l.*

Assistant Engineer, 1 at 400*l.* to 500*l.*

2 *Temporary Assistant Inspectors* at 480*l.* and 400*l.*

Road Foreman, 1 at 400*l.*

Roads Department.

Director of Roads, R. A. Godwin-Austen, 540*l.* to 600*l.*, 100*l.* allowance.

Acting Chief Clerk, F. A. Chastell, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Junior Clerk, A. L. F. Savage, 300*l.* to 460*l.*

1 *Assistant Engineer*, 500*l.* to 600*l.*; 1 *Road Engineer*, 480*l.*; 2 *Road Surveyors*, 400*l.*; 2

Bridge Foremen, 1 at 402*l.*, 1 at 360*l.*; 8 *Road Foremen*, 1 at 360*l.*, 4 at 330*l.*, 3 at 300*l.*

* Exclusive of allowances.

Northern Rhodesia Police.

Headquarters Staff.

Commandant, Lieut.-Col. A. Stephenson, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C., 850*l.* to 1,000*l.*
Second-in-Command, Major E. G. Dickinson, M.C., 750*l.* to 850*l.*
Adjutant, Lieut. H. Ockendon, M.C., 410*l.* to 530*l.* and 5*s.* per diem as Adjutant.
Chief Paymaster and Quartermaster, Capt. A. A. Smith, O.B.E., 575*l.*
Machine Gun Officer, Lieut. A. B. Cree, 385*l.*
Regimental Sgt.-Major, B. J. Thomas, 450*l.**
Regimental Quartermaster-Sgt., F. A. Dickinson, 450*l.**
Regimental Orderly Room Sgt., E. K. McBride, 325*l.* to 345*l.**
Sergeant, J. Loggie 325*l.**

Military Branch.

Captains, A. O. de O. Cussans, M.C., G. M. Withers, G. P. Burton, B. J. Graham, E. C. Castle, H. Allport, 550*l.* to 675*l.*
Lieutenants, C. S. Gardiner, F. A. Hopkins, M.B.E., A. L. Measum, W. Tysoe, D.S.O., M.C., A. N. Bagshaw, 410*l.* to 530*l.*
2nd Lieutenant, H. T. Hughes, 385*l.*
Company Sergeants-Major, J. D. Giddings, E. Cliff, 410*l.* to 430*l.**
Sergeants, J. T. H. Saunders, G. R. E. Upton, 329*l.* to 349*l.**
1 Constable, 250*l.*

Town and District Police Branch.

Captain, P. R. Wardroper, M.B.E., 550*l.* to 675*l.*
Lieutenant, H. G. Hart, 410*l.*
Sergeants-Major, R. A. Howe, J. B. Parkin, 410*l.* to 430*l.**
Sergeant, 1st Class, R. E. Camfield, 410*l.* to 430*l.**
Sergeants, 2nd Class, G. G. S. Johnson, W. J. Hubbard, 365*l.* to 385*l.**
Sergeants, 3rd Class, A. E. Berwick, A. Dixon, M.C., J. Maxwell, F. Fish, E. S. Fold, D. G. Lancaster, G. E. James, 325*l.* to 345*l.**
12 Constables—250*l.* to 310*l.*

Criminal Investigation Department.

Officer-in-Charge, Lieut. T. Hamilton, 530*l.*
Det.-Inspector, F. J. Willson, 450*l.**
Det.-Sergeant (2nd class), C. R. Arnott, M.C., 365*l.*
Det.-Sergeants (3rd Class), L. H. Robinson, N. Brodie, W. E. Boyle, 325*l.* to 345*l.**

Transport and Supply.

Controller, Capt. A. A. Smith, O.B.E. (*Quartermaster, Northern Rhodesia Police*), 550*l.* to 675*l.*
Regimental Quartermaster Sergeant (First Class Warrant Officer), F. A. Dickinson, 450*l.*
Sergeant (2nd Class), L. S. Kiggels, 365*l.**
Sergeant (3rd Class), E. G. P. Wilson, 325*l.**
Civilian Clerk, F. B. Partell, 250*l.*
2 Store Assistants, J. A. Wilson, 385*l.*, B. Thomson, 35*l.* p. m.
Constable (1), 300*l.**

Veterinary.

Chief Veterinary Officer, J. Smith, 700*l.* to 1,000*l.*
Veterinary Officers, E. H. Brogan, D. O. Turnbull, D.S.O., J. P. A. Morris, 700*l.* to 750*l.*; R. A. S. Macdonald, 630*l.* to 675*l.*; E. T. Fern, F. E. Jones, 570*l.*; G. F. Elliott, 540*l.*
Junior Clerk, C. M. Hartley, 300*l.* to 460*l.*
13 Stock Inspectors, 300*l.* to 370*l.*

* Exclusive of allowances.

Agriculture.

Secretary for Agriculture, J. Smith (acting), 200*l.* allowance, also Chief Veterinary Officer.
Chief Clerk, A. E. Owen, 600*l.* and 50*l.* allowance.
Clerk, E. W. Pendry, 485*l.*
Senior Agricultural Research Officer, T. McEwen, 700*l.*
Instructional Officer, T. C. Moore, 600*l.*
2 Assistant Agriculturists, G. Walton, 500*l.*, R. J. Hart, 300*l.*
2 Foremen, Waterboring Plant, H. S. Wroe, 35*l.* p.m., T. W. Twilley, 360*l.*
Foreman, Research Station, C. G. Rickett, 300*l.*

Audit.

Auditor (vacant).
Senior Assistant Auditor, H. Skinner, 550*l.* to 700*l.*
Assistant Auditors, F. F. P. Smartt, P. H. Jennings, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

Income Tax.

Commissioner of Taxes, C. H. Dobree, O.B.E., also Treasurer.
Asst.-Commissioner of Taxes, K. B. Jobling, 580*l.* to 700*l.*
2 Senior Clerks, G. E. Thornton, J. S. Foulds, 425*l.* to 600*l.*
Lady Clerk, Miss F. S. L. Williams, 290*l.*

Lands.

Secretary, Lands Department, B. L. Hunt, 600*l.* to 800*l.*
2 Clerks, W. J. Donnelly, 300*l.* to 400*l.*; K. J. Clarke, 280*l.*

NYASALAND PROTECTORATE.†

Situation and Area.

The Protectorate comprises the western shore of Lake Nyasa, with the high tablelands separating it from the basin of the Loangwa River, and the region lying between the watershed of the Zambesi and the Shiré Rivers on the west, and the Lakes Chiuta and Chilwa and the River Ruu (an affluent of the Shiré) on the east, including the mountain systems of the Shire Highlands and Mlanje.

It is bounded on the north by Tanganyika Territory, on the west by Northern Rhodesia, on the south and east by Portuguese East Africa, and according to the most recent survey has a total area of about 39,956 square miles (land, 37,890).

It is divided into four Provinces, each under the control of a Provincial Commissioner. These provinces are sub-divided into twenty districts, each in charge of a resident, who is also a district magistrate.

The chief town is Blantyre, in the Shiré Highlands, where there are about 400 Europeans. The headquarters of the Government are at Zomba.

History.

In 1859 Dr. Livingstone was placed at the head of a Government Expedition, and reached the southern shore of Lake Nyasa on the 16th of

† See Map under Southern Rhodesia.

September of that year. His expedition was recalled in 1863, but resulted in the founding, from 1874 to 1881, of various Missionary Societies, notably the Universities Mission, the Livingstonia Mission, and the Church of Scotland Mission.

The Missions were followed by the African Lakes Corporation, and in 1883 Captain Foote, R.N., was appointed first British Consul for the Territories north of the Zambesi, to reside at Blantyre.

Opposition of the new settlers to the slave trade carried on by Arab coastmen and natives alike resulted in a conflict with the Arab traders under Chief Mlozi, settled at the north end of Lake Nyasa, which spread to the Yao chiefs, who were under their influence.

In 1889 public attention was drawn to Nyasaland by the application for a Charter by the British South Africa Company, and the despatch of an imposing expedition under Major Serpa Pinto to the Upper Zambesi and Lower Loangwa. At the same time Mr. D. Rankin announced the discovery of a navigable entrance to the Zambesi by the Chinde mouth.

In the summer of 1889 Mr. Johnston (later Sir H. H. Johnston, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.) arrived at Mozambique as H.B.M. Consul, and proceeded to travel in the interior to inquire into the troubles with the Arabs.

Treaties having been concluded with the remaining Makololo chiefs and with the Yaos round Blantyre, Mr. Johnston proceeded up Lake Nyasa, leaving Mr. John Buchanan, Acting-Consul, in charge, who, after the first encounter between Major Serpa Pinto and Mlauri, a powerful Makololo chief, proclaimed on the 21st September, 1889, a British Protectorate over the Shire districts.

Mr. Johnston, during his progress up the Lake, induced the "Jumbe" or Sultan of Kota-Kota to place his country under British protection, and on arriving at Karonga arranged similar treaties with Mlozi and other Arab and Wahenga chiefs, after which he proceeded to Lake Tanganyika. On his return an agreement was made with Mponda, a Yao chief at the south end of Nyasa.

In 1891, an Anglo-Portuguese convention ratified the work of Mr. Johnston, Mr. Sharpe (later Sir A. Sharpe, K.C.M.G., C.B.), and other pioneers of British Central Africa, and in the following spring a British Protectorate over the countries adjoining Nyasa was proclaimed. The Protectorate of Nyasaland, under the administration of an Imperial Commissioner, was confined to the regions adjoining the Shire and Lake Nyasa; the remainder of the territory under British influence north of the Zambesi being placed, subject to certain conditions, under the British South Africa Company.

In the autumn of 1891 an expedition was successfully conducted by the Commissioner and Captain Maguire against Mohandandji and Mponda, slave-raiding Yaos at the south end of Nyasa, which resulted in the former being attacked and his followers effectually dispersed, and the latter suing for peace after his town had been shelled. The next few years brought much trouble to the Protectorate in the way of slave-trading and constant raids, but owing to three gun-boats being placed on the Lake for the suppression of the slave trade, further reinforcements of Sikhs arriving from India, and the recruitment of native troops from the Atonga of West Nyasa, the slave trade was abolished and the peaceful development of the Protectorate secured. On the 22nd February, 1893, the name of the Protectorate was changed to "The British Central Africa Protectorate," but

the old name "Nyasaland Protectorate" was revived in October, 1907, by the Order in Council which amended the Constitution.

Constitution.

The administration of the Protectorate, which was transferred to the Colonial Office from the Foreign Office in March, 1904, was originally conducted by a Commissioner and Consul-General, assisted by the Deputy and Assistant Deputy Commissioner. On transfer to the Colonial Office the post of Consul-General was abolished, and by an Order in Council which came into force in October, 1907, the Commissioner became a Governor and Commander-in-Chief. By the same Order Executive and Legislative Councils were established.

The Laws consist of local Ordinances duly enacted with such British Acts as are of general application. Justice is administered in the High Court, which has jurisdiction in Civil and Criminal matters, and also as a Court of Admiralty. Subordinate Courts are held by Magistrates and Assistant Magistrates in the various districts. Appeals from decision of the High Court are heard in H.B.M.'s Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa sitting at Nairobi.

Climate and Products.

There are two distinct climates in the Protectorate, one of the Shire Valley and Lake Nyasa, the other of the Shire Highlands and the rest of the country which lies at a high elevation. The first has a rainfall averaging 35 inches yearly, and a temperature which touches 120° in the summer. The second has a pleasant climate, the thermometer ranging from 96° or 97° in the summer to a minimum of about 40° in the winter. The rainfall in the Shire Highlands varies from about 40 to 100 inches.

Industry.

The chief products of the Protectorate are cotton, tobacco, tea, chillies, rubber, rice, maize, wheat, and fibre.

The export of cotton for the year ended 31st December, 1926, was 3,085,022 lbs. Tobacco shows a considerable increase; in the year ended 31st December, 1926, 9,142,437 lbs. were exported. 98.89 per cent. of the export trade in 1926 was to the United Kingdom and British Colonies. Further development is greatly dependent on improved transport, which it is hoped will be provided in the form of a bridge across the Zambesi and a railway to Lake Nyasa.

The chief imports are, provisions, cotton goods, motor vehicles, earthenware, hardware, wines and spirits, salt, silk and woollen goods, agricultural machinery, arms and ammunition. 75 per cent. of the imports in 1926 came from the United Kingdom and British Colonies.

Population (Census of 1926).

Europeans, 1,656; Asiatics, 850; Natives, 1,290,885.

Means of Communication.

A railway from Port Herald, on the Lower Shire, to Blantyre, 113 miles, via Chiromo and Luchenza, was built by the Shire Highlands Railway, under an agreement made in 1902 with the Nyasaland Government under which a subsidy was paid to the Railway. Subsequently the Central African Railway Co., Ltd., constructed a section, opened in 1915, from Chindio on the Zambesi to Port Herald, 61 miles, of which the

first 45 are on Portuguese territory. Both lines are of 3ft. 6in. gauge. A railway of the same gauge was opened for traffic in April, 1922, by the Trans-Zambesia Railway Co., Ltd., which runs from Murraco on the south bank of the Zambesi to Dondo, the junction with the Mashonaland trunk line, about 20 miles from Beira (165 miles, all in Portuguese territory). The Nyasaland Government has had under consideration a railway from Luchenza to Lake Nyasa. There are eight British steamers plying on the Zambesi and Shiré between Chinde and the railway terminus. Main roads and "carrier" roads are open all over the Protectorate, the total mileage being about 4,000. There are eight steamers on Lake Nyasa.

Mails to and from England, are despatched every week *via* Cape Town and Beira.

Rates of Postage.

Letters to the United Kingdom, not exceeding 1 oz., 2d., each additional oz., 1½d.; letters to other parts of the world, per oz., 5d., each additional oz., 2½d.; Post-cards, single, 1½d. each; Newspapers, not exceeding 2 ozs., ½d.; Printed papers and samples, per 2 ozs., ½d.; Commercial papers, 2 ozs., 1d., minimum charge, 3d.

Parcels to and from United Kingdom (south route), 3 lbs., 4s., 7 lbs., 6s.; 11 lbs., 7s. 6d.; 22 lbs., 11s. Money Orders are issued at a commission of 6d. up to £3, and 2d. for each additional £1 or portion thereof (up to a limit of £40 for one order), for orders payable in Nyasaland, Southern and Northern Rhodesia, the Union of South Africa, and the Province of Mozambique.

For Money Orders payable in the United Kingdom and all other countries not enumerated above, the commission is for sums not exceeding £3, 1s., and 4d. for every additional £1 (up to a limit of £40 for one order). Local parcels, 2 lbs. 1s.; 5 lbs. 2s.; 8 lbs. 3s.; 11 lbs. 4s. British Postal Orders issued and paid at all Post Offices. Rates of postage, 6d. to 2s. 6d., 2d.; 3s. to 15s., 3d.; 15s. 6d. to 21s., 4d.

In 1926—Money Orders sent, 22,835½; received, 13,468½; British Postal Orders issued, 10,669½.

Telegraphs.

In 1925 the Government purchased the assets of the African Trans-continental Telegraph Company. The line is in use from Ujiji on Lake Tanganyika southwards through the Protectorate, *via* Blantyre and Tete, to Umtali in Southern Rhodesia and thence to Cape Town and England. The total mileage through the Protectorate is 787 miles. Telegrams may also be transmitted over the railway line and the Portuguese line between Chinde and Tete.

Education.

An educational policy has been prepared by the Director of Education. Provision is made for the education of European children; native education, at present in the hands of the missionary societies, will be controlled by the Government.

A grant of 4,000£. was made by the Government in 1926.

Currency and Banking.

By a Proclamation of February, 1894, the legal currency is declared to be English sterling.

Banking operations in the Protectorate are governed by "The Banking Ordinance, 1902."

Two Banks have branches at Blantyre, the principal trading centre of the country, viz., The Standard Bank of South Africa, Limited, and The National Bank of South Africa, Limited; the former has a branch at Zomba, and agencies at other centres.

A Post Office Savings Bank has also been established in the Protectorate.

Finance.

1926-27 Local Revenue ... 348,320£.

1926-27 Expenditure ... 318,899£.

Public Debt at 31st March, 1927 ... 727,104£.

	Imports.*	Exports.*	Total.*
1917-18	354,373£.	156,915£.	511,288£.
1918-19†	648,979£.	511,193£.	1,160,172£.
1919-20	606,624£.	430,223£.	1,036,847£.
1920	516,832£.	748,110£.	1,264,942£.
1921	637,567£.	416,404£.	1,153,971£.
1922	522,119£.	442,164£.	964,283£.
1923	462,284£.	425,181£.	887,465£.
1924	548,156£.	583,556£.	1,131,711£.
1925	591,654£.	564,928£.	1,156,582£.
1926	791,064£.	671,086£.	1,462,150£.

Governors since 1918.

1919, May	... Sir George Smith, K.C.M.G.
1921, October	... R. S. D. Rankine, C.M.G. (acting).
1922, January	... Sir George Smith, K.C.M.G.
1923, April	... R. S. D. Rankine, C.M.G. (acting).
1923, December	... Sir Charles Bowring, K.C.M.G., K.B.E.
1926, May	... R. S. D. Rankine, C.M.G. (acting).
1926, November	... E. F. Colville, C.M.G.
1926, December	... Sir Charles Bowring, K.C.M.G., K.B.E.

Government—Executive Council.

The Governor.
The Chief Secretary.
The Treasurer.
The Attorney General.
The Provincial Commissioner, Zomba Province.

Legislative Council.

Ex officio members, as above.
Unofficial Members, Rev. W. H. Murray, D.D., T. M. Partridge, W. T. Bowie.
Clerk of the Council, S. S. Murray.

Civil Establishment. ‡

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir C. C. Bowring, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., 2,500£., 500£. allowance.
Private Secretary and A.D.C., Lieut.-Col. L. E. S. Ward, C.M.G., D.S.O., 450£.

Secretariat.

Chief Secretary, Lieut.-Col. W. B. Davidson Houston, 1,450£.
Assistant Chief Secretary, C. H. Wade, 1,000£.

* Exclusive of goods and specie in transit through the Protectorate.

† The abnormal increase in this year is due largely to the congestion of traffic, which held up both imports and exports in the previous year, being relieved.

‡ A general revision of salaries is under consideration.

Senior Assistant Secretary, S. S. Murray, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*, to 840*l.* by 30*l.*, to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Chief Clerk, W. J. Roper, 480*l.* to 600*l.*, by 20*l.*
Clerks, Senior, H. P. Coombes, J. H. Anderson, 400*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Clerks, J. Mackenzie, H. G. Lawrence, E. C. Allen, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*, 390*l.* to 480*l.* by 18*l.*

Printing and Stationery.

Government Printer, T. T. Davies, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*; Stationery allowance 25*l.*
Assistant, A. T. Ball, 372*l.* to 480*l.* by 18*l.*
Clerk, A. Ruxton, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*, to 480*l.* by 18*l.*
Editor of Gazette, S. S. Murray, 25*l.*

District Staff.

Provincial Commissioners, H. D. Aplin, W. Kirby Green, A. J. Brackenbury, 1,100*l.*
Administrative Officers, G. B. Anderson, B. H. Murray, C. T. Verry, H. H. Vassall, J. C. Abraham, M.B.E., A. G. O. Hodgson, H. C. Foulger, A. C. Kirby, L. H. L. Foster, B. J. F. Franklin, E. Smith, H. L. Mood, W. S. Phillips, H. C. J. Barker, W. H. Murphy, G. F. Philip, I. C. Ramsay, R. C. Allen, S. G. Williams, M.C., C. B. Nichols, M.C., J. O'Brien, S. J. Pegler, D.S.O., G. S. Inglis, C. E. Parker, M.C., H. S. Selous, G. W. Kenyon-Slaney, O. C. Ardagh, R. H. Keppel Compton, I. B. Moir, M.C., W. E. L. Jennings, A. E. Wilson, E. C. Barnes, 475*l.* to 600*l.* by 25*l.*; to 720*l.* by 30*l.*; to 840*l.* by 30*l.*; to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Cadets, G. N. Burden, M. E. Leslie, C. Y. Jones, M. C. Hoole, M.C., E. E. Jenkins, J. W. D. Looker, L. H. A. Watson, V. B. Cammell, 400*l.* for 2 years.
Clerk, S. Macrae, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*

Treasury.

Treasurer, K. R. Tucker, 1,100*l.*, and 50*l.* as Commissioner of Income Tax.
Deputy Treasurer, L. S. Matthews, 700*l.* to 840*l.* by 30*l.*
Senior Assistant Treasurers, G. H. Adams, F. J. Lock, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Assistant Treasurers, R. R. Harris, R. G. Fentum, K. W. Switzer, C. H. Nicholl, 360*l.* (for 2 years) 425*l.* to 600*l.* by 25*l.*; to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Cashier, A. D. Wilks, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Book-keeper, J. S. Pring, 250*l.* to 400*l.* by 15*l.*; 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*
Senior Clerk, E. I. Christie, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*
Clerk, A. A. Bacon, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; to 480*l.* by 18*l.*

Education.

Director, R. F. Gaunt, 1,000*l.*

Customs.

Comptroller of Customs, E. H. Warren, 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Assistant Comptroller of Customs, F. L. Garrick, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Customs Assistants, H. Barlow, D. M. Black, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Senior Clerk, B. Bishop, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*
C. Jeremy, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; to 18*l.*

Audit.

Auditor, M. J. Flanagan, 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Senior Assistant Auditor, H. W. Drake, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Assistant Auditors, C. L. Todd, C. W. S. Seed, 360*l.* (for 2 years), 425*l.* to 600*l.* by 25*l.*
Clerk, S. F. D. Smith, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; to 480*l.* by 18*l.*

Marine Transport

Marine Superintendent, Commdr. C. G. Tonge, R.N.R., R.D., 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Commander, Lieut.-Commr. R. George, R.N.R., 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Engineer, A. Urquhart, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Assistant Engineer, F. Buckle, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Clerk and Storekeeper, J. A. A. Channer, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; to 480*l.* by 18*l.*

Legal and Judicial.

Judge of the High Court, H. Reed, 1,450*l.*
Attorney-General, W. H. Harragin, 1,100*l.*
Assistant Attorney-General, L. I. N. Lloyd-Blood, M.C., 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Registrar and Administrator-General, A. J. Stone, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Assistant Registrar and Administrator-General, J. E. Jones, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Clerk, W. A. E. Rossiter, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; to 480*l.* by 18*l.*
 The Residents hold warrants as District Magistrates and Assistant District Magistrates.

Medical.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, F. R. Whitehead, O.B.E., 1,300*l.*
Medical Storekeeper, R. W. G. Pegg, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Senior Medical Officers, R. Bury, M.B.E., 1,000*l.* to 1,100*l.* by 50*l.*
Medical Entomologist, W. A. S. Lamborn, 1,000*l.* to 1,100*l.* by 50*l.*
Senior Sanitation Officer, G. M. Sanderson, 1,000*l.* to 1,100*l.* by 50*l.*
Medical Officers, W. Milne-Tough, R. Calleja, H. H. B. Folliot, H. M. Shelley, H. G. Fitzmaurice, H. G. Wiltshire, W. H. Watson, C. R. Selous-Jones, 600*l.* to 840*l.* by 30*l.*, 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Nurses—
Matron, K. R. Cameron, M.B.E., 300*l.* to 426*l.* by 18*l.*, and 20*l.* uniform allowance.
Nurses, N. M. Cremen, H. M. Phillips, B. Eager, M. V. Todrick, M. E. S. Cummings, N. K. Clemence, L. M. Bishop, 240*l.* to 300*l.* by 18*l.*, and 20*l.* uniform allowance.

Transport.

Chief Transport Officer, C. C. Metcalfe, M.C., 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Clerks, W. H. Warren, 250*l.* to 400*l.* by 15*l.*; F. J. Kidman, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; to 480*l.* by 18*l.*
Supt. Engineer, W. G. Phelps, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Asst. Engineers, P. R. Aitken, F. H. Dally, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; to 480*l.* by 18*l.*

Posts and Telegraphs.

Postmaster-General, A. H. Jepson, 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Assistant Postmaster-General, F. Flavin, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*

Postmasters, D. E. Mark, J. A. Hudson, A. R. E. Balderstone, C. L. L. Cole, J. Reilly, W. R. H. Morgan, C. Thompson, J. W. Crompton, L. R. Langridge, R. E. G. Wilkins, (one vacancy), 425*l.* to 480*l.* by 18*l.*

Agricultural.

Director, E. J. Wortley, O.B.E., 1,100*l.*
Assistant Director, E. W. Davy, 840*l.*
District Agricultural Officers, F. Barker, N. D. Clegg, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*; 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Agricultural Chemist, A. J. W. Hornby, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*; 840*l.* by 30*l.*
Entomologist, C. Smees, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*; 840*l.* to 20*l.*
Clerks, Senior, A. C. Stewart, J. A. Callow, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*

Forestry.

Conservator of Forests, J. B. Clements, 840*l.*
Forest Officers, J. E. A. Carver, R. G. R. Townsend, P. Topham, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*; 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Forester, C. G. Searle, 372*l.* to 426*l.* by 18*l.*

Veterinary.

Chief Veterinary Officer, J. A. Griffiths, 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Veterinary Bacteriologist, J. de Meza, 720*l.* to 840*l.* by 30*l.*
Veterinary Officers, J. H. Culhane, S. Anderson, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*; 840*l.* by 30*l.*
Stock Inspector, E. C. Holt, 372*l.* to 426*l.* by 18*l.*

Public Works.

Director of Public Works, F. G. Pratt, 1,100*l.*
Assistant Director, J. D. Milner, 840*l.*
Executive Engineer, N. J. C. Farmer, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*; 840*l.* by 30*l.*
Assistant Engineers, E. F. Bryan, R. E. Allen, E. Wall, H. L. Smith, C. R. P. Curran, H. J. Ready, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*; 840*l.* by 30*l.*
Architectural Assistant, A. Bailey, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Chief Accountant and Storekeeper A. W. B. Northern, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Senior, Clerks, H. W. Llewellyn, G. Westwood, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*
Clerk, L. F. Haselgrove, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; 480*l.* by 18*l.*
Inspectors of Works, E. G. Snow, D. I. Morgan, S. Harmer, T. Lamb, J. Carey, L. G. Walker, 372*l.* to 426*l.* by 18*l.*
Workshop Manager, A. E. Wiltshire, 372*l.* to 480*l.* by 18*l.*
Road Supervisors, M. W. Bartlett, 300*l.* to 400*l.* by 15*l.*
Paymasters, H. W. Devereux, K. W. West, 400*l.*
Temp. Local Supervisor, R. Thomas, 300*l.*

Lands.

Lands Officer, J. E. Alexander, 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Assistant Surveyors, D. Wallace, C. A. Higman, (vacant), 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*; 720*l.* by 30*l.*
Lands Assistant, H. Malpass, 480*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*

Police, Prisons and Lunatic Asylum.

Chief Commissioner of Police and Chief Inspector of Prisons, Major F. T. Stephens, O.B.E., M.C., 840*l.* to 920*l.* by 40*l.*
Comptroller, A. H. Walker, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Superintendents, R. J. Paul, W. L. Ozanne, B. J. Pearson, 600*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*; 840*l.* by 30*l.*
W. B. Birthrey, J. Green, 425*l.* to 600*l.* by 25*l.*

Assistant Superintendents, H. Stevens, G. D. A. Branfill, 425*l.* to 600*l.* by 25*l.*
Cadets, C. P. Guise, G. B. Foote, W. A. N. Thatcher, G. H. W. Kitson, 360*l.*
Assistant Superintendents (Criminal Investigation Department), V. C. Curnock, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.*
Superintendent, Central Prison, J. Archer, 480*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Deputy Superintendent, Central Prison, G. S. Paveley, 300*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.*; 480*l.* by 18*l.* uniform allowance.

Geological.

Director of Geological Survey, F. Dixey, 920*l.*
Well Borer, W. H. Rider, 500*l.*

Relief Clerks.

J. F. Williams, J. L. Gamble, C. T. Stafford, N. A. Whitechurch, U. J. Chamberlain, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 390*l.*, by 18*l.* 480*l.*

Nyasaland Volunteer Reserve.

Staff Officer, Major H. E. Green, D.S.O., 700*l.*
Pay and Quartermaster, W. J. Roper.

PALESTINE.

Palestine is bounded on the north by the French sphere of Syria and Lebanon, on the west by the Mediterranean, and on the south by Egyptian and Hejaz territory, the boundary running from just west of Rafa on the Mediterranean to just east of Taba at the end of the Gulf of Akaba, and then north-east. On the east, the boundary is defined as a line drawn from a point two miles west of the town of Akaba in the Gulf of Akaba up the centre of the Wady Araba, the Dead Sea and the River Jordan to the junction of the latter with the River Yarmuk, thence up the centre of the River Yarmuk to the Syrian frontier.

The boundary on the north was settled by the Anglo-French Convention of 23rd December, 1920. From the Mediterranean Sea, just south of Ras-el-Nakura, and about half way between Tyre and Acre, it runs eastwards and northwards to Metulla (British), and across the Upper Jordan Valley to Banias (French). It then runs south-eastwards to Skek, and thence down the rivers Jeraba and Massadiye to the north-eastern shore of the Lake of Tiberias and across the Lake to Samakh at its southern extremity.

The detailed delimitation is set out in a Parliamentary Paper (Cmd. 1910), published in 1923.

Palestine comprises four zones of country. On the west, along the shores of the Mediterranean, which are deficient here in good natural harbours, is a low plain, which varies from 15 to 20 miles in width at Gaza to about two miles at Acre, but which, at one place, the plain of Kedraelon, stretches for a considerable distance into the interior, and separates the high lands of Galilee from those of Samaria and Judea. From the coastal plain, the country rises into a plateau, intersected by deep valleys, which drops steeply to the east to the third zone, which is formed by the great depression down which the River Jordan runs to the Dead Sea, and which is prolonged for another 100 miles to the Red Sea as the Wadi Araba. This depression reaches a depth below sea level of 2,600 feet in the deepest portion of the Dead Sea, the surface of which is about 1,300 feet below sea level, and which is 46 miles long with an average breadth of 8½ miles.

The climate of Palestine varies with the altitude: the coastal region is sub-tropical and humid; the elevated hilly zone is drier and more temperate; while the Jordan Valley is hot and the rainfall slight. The summer months are almost rainless. January and February are the wettest months, and the main rainfall occurs between November and April.

Water for domestic use is obtained in towns mostly from rock-out cisterns in which rain water is collected, and in rural districts also from wells. Jerusalem has a piped water supply, pumped partly from a spring about 10 miles south of the town by an installation made by the Military Authorities soon after its occupation, partly from Solomon's Pools, near Bethlehem, by an installation made by the Civil Administration, and partly from the springs of Ain Farah by works constructed for the Municipality in 1926.

Considerable progress has been made toward the eradication of malaria, formerly so prevalent, by Government distribution of quinine in villages, oiling of wells and cisterns, provision of pumps, and drainage of swamps. The Government is assisted in anti-malarial work by research and survey units attached to the Department of Health by the Joint Distribution Committee of America and the Rockefeller Institute of America.

The country is relatively free from epidemic disease.

Government.

Under Turkish rule, part of Palestine was in the Vilayet of Beirut and part in the independent Sanjak of Jerusalem. After its conquest in 1917-1918 by the British forces, the country remained under British Military Administration until July 1st, 1920, when Sir Herbert Samuel was appointed High Commissioner, and a Civil Administration set up.

By the Treaty of Peace, signed at Lausanne on 24th July, 1923, Turkey renounced all rights over Palestine. The Principal Allied Powers had selected His Britannic Majesty as Mandatory at the Conference at San Remo on 26th April, 1920. The terms of the Mandate* were approved by the Council of the League of Nations on the 24th July, 1922, and the Mandate came into force on September 29th, 1923. The Mandatory is responsible for carrying into effect the terms of the Balfour Declaration of November 2nd, 1917, viz.:—"His Majesty's Government view with favour the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavours to facilitate the achievement of that object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish Communities in Palestine, or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country."

Constitution.

On 1st September, 1922, a new constitution was promulgated to replace the existing arrangements. It provided for the appointment of a High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief and an Executive Council.

Under this Constitution a Legislative Council is provided for and is given authority to pass such Ordinances as may be necessary for the peace, order and good government of Palestine, provided (1) that no Ordinance shall restrict complete freedom of conscience and the free exercise of

all forms of worship, save in so far as is required for the maintenance of public order and morals, or shall tend to discriminate in any way between the inhabitants of Palestine on the ground of race, religion or language; (2) that no Ordinance shall take effect until either the High Commissioner or His Majesty has assented thereto; (3) that the High Commissioner may reserve any Ordinance for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure, and shall so reserve any Ordinance which concerns matters dealt with specifically by the provisions of the Mandate, and (4) that His Majesty may disallow any Ordinance to which the High Commissioner may have assented within one year of the date of the High Commissioner's assent.

The Legislative Council is to consist, in addition to the High Commissioner, of 22 members, of whom 10 will be official members and 12 unofficial members. All the unofficial members are to be elected, not less than two of them being Christians and two Jews, and the rest Moslems.

The elected members are to be chosen by primary and secondary elections. Every male Palestinian citizen over 25 years of age is entitled to vote at the primary election, unless he has lost his civil rights or claims to be a foreign subject, or under foreign protection, or is otherwise disqualified. The number of secondary electors to be elected in each electoral area is determined on the basis that every 200 primary electors elect one secondary elector. If any village or quarter has between 150 and 200 primary electors, it is entitled to vote for one secondary elector; if it has between 350 and 400 primary electors it is entitled to vote for two secondary electors, and so on.

Any person may be elected as a secondary elector provided he is on the register of primary electors for the district.

The secondary electors are then to be formed into twelve electoral colleges according to the religious community to which they belong; the number of colleges to be allotted to each religious community being proportioned to the number of secondary electors belonging to the several communities; and each electoral college elects one member of the Council.

Owing to the refusal of the Arabs to take part in the elections, no Legislative Council has yet been elected; and, in order to secure the enactment of legislation until such time as the Legislative Council can be elected according to the provisions of the Constitution, the High Commissioner, under the Palestine (Amendment) Order in Council, 1923, has formed an Advisory Council composed of a number of the chief officials.

English, Arabic and Hebrew are the official languages of the country.

The Jewish population of Palestine is represented in its dealings with the Administration by a National Committee chosen by an elected Assembly.

The British Government and Palestine Administration recognise the World Zionist Organisation, which in Palestine is represented by the Palestine Zionist Executive, as the Agency of the Jewish people in all matters pertaining to the upbuilding of the Jewish National Home.

The Supreme Moslem Council was constituted by order of the High Commissioner in December, 1921, to control and manage Moslem Awqaf and affairs in Palestine; it consists of a President (Rais-ul-Ulema), and four members elected by secondary electors, who again are

* For Terms of Mandate, see Cmd. 1785.

elected by the inhabitants of the Liwa of Jerusalem (two members) and the Liwas of Nablus and Acre. It nominates, for approval by Government, the officers of the Sharia Courts, and controls the appointments and dismissals of Sharia and Waqf officers. It has established an orphanage in Jerusalem and a technical office to deal with the repair of sacred buildings, and has carried out extensive tree planting on Waqf land and in Moslem cemeteries.

Area and Population.

The country is, at present, divided into two districts—the Northern and Southern Districts, each administered by a District Commissioner—and the Division of Jerusalem administered by a Deputy District Commissioner.

Palestine, as administered by the Palestine Government, is nearly 10,000 square miles in extent, and includes only that part of historic Palestine which lies to the west of the Jordan. The population of this territory taken by census on October 23rd, 1922, was 757,182, of which number one-third was located in 22 small towns and large villages.

There were then 590,890 Moslems, 83,794 Jews, 73,024 Christians, some 7,028 Druzes, and 163 Samaritans, 265 Bahais, and the remainder Sikhs, Hindus and Metawileh.

The present Jewish population is about 165,000.

The chief town, Jerusalem, which had been in Moslem hands since 1244, and under Turkish rule since 1517, surrendered to General Allenby on December 9th, 1917. Its population at the date of the 1922 census was 62,578. The Church of the Holy Sepulchre is visited annually by large numbers of Christian pilgrims, principally of the Orthodox and Coptic Churches. The site of Solomon's Temple is occupied by the Dome of the Rock, which contains a relic of Muhammad and the reputed sacrificial stone of Abraham. Bethlehem, the scene of Christ's Nativity and the birthplace of King David, is five miles south of Jerusalem. The Church of the Nativity, at the east end of the present village, is said to be the oldest Christian church in existence.

The population figures for the other principal towns at the 1922 census were: Jaffa, 47,709; Haifa, 24,634; Gaza, 17,480; Nazareth, 7,424; Nablus, 15,947; Safad, 8,761; Tiberias, 6,950; Hebron, 16,577; Ramleh, 7,312; Bethlehem, 6,658; Lydda, 8,103; Acre, 6,420.

The present population of Tel-Aviv is approximately 40,000.

The Jewish Settlements number about 120. Their total population is now about 32,000. More than thirty of them are built on land belonging to the Jewish National Fund, which was established by the Zionist Organization for the purpose of acquiring land to remain the property of the Jewish people, and was founded with the assistance of Keren Hayesod, also created by the Zionist Organisation. The American Zion Commonwealth owns about 100,000 dunums of land, mostly in the Valley of Esdraelon, on which six settlements are established. The Palestine Land Development Company, also organised by the Zionist Organization, owns lands on the Carmel, on the Kishon, at Jaffa, Jerusalem, etc. About 30 settlements were founded by Baron Edmond de Rothschild, and are administered by the Palestine Jewish Colonization Association. The total area of the Jewish Settlements exceeds 1,200,000 dunums ($\frac{1}{4}$ dunums equals 1 acre).

The local affairs of the smaller Jewish settlements are controlled by Vaads or Councils elected by the male and female residents who own registered holdings or pay taxes.

The larger villages, Arab and Jewish, are, for internal order and rates, administered by Local Councils, constituted under Ordinance, which exercise modified municipal powers.

Education.

The approximate number of children between the ages of 3 and 18 years in Palestine is as follows:—Moslem, 175,000; Jews, 48,000; Christian, 25,000. The schools maintained by the Government number 318, and contain 19,737 scholars; the great majority of whom are Moslems. In the Government Colleges for Teachers there are 78 men and 64 women students. Technical education is being carried out systematically in the villages and in some of the towns. A Law School exists in Jerusalem, in which lectures are given in the three official languages by Judges and Government officers learned in law and by practising advocates.

The Christian and Jewish Communities provide, the former to a very large extent, and the latter almost entirely, for the education of their own children.

The Zionist Organization, through the Department of Education attached to the Palestine Zionist Executive, and other Jewish bodies control 256 educational institutions in Palestine, attended by about 26,500 pupils. These institutions include Secondary Schools in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Haifa, Teachers' Training Colleges (General, Orthodox, Women's and Kindergarten), Schools of Music in Jerusalem and Jaffa, an Agricultural School, an Arts and Crafts Institute (Bezalel), Evening Classes, and a Technical College at Haifa. A Hebrew University has also been established in Jerusalem with Institutes of Chemistry and of Jewish studies. The Christian schools maintained by various foreign and religious bodies number about 183, including several secondary schools and two higher colleges; some 16,000 pupils are on their rolls.

There are also about 50 private Moslem schools, mainly maintained by local committees; these provide for about 3,500 children. Two of these schools are secondary. Most non-government schools receive a capitation grant-in-aid from the Department of Education, conditional on the acceptance of a certain measure of Government supervision and inspection.

Justice.

The Courts in Palestine are either civil or religious courts. The former have jurisdiction over local subjects in all matters save those of personal status and Waqfs, or charitable endowments, and over foreign subjects in all matters, subject to the provisions mentioned below.

There is a Magistrate's Court in every sub-district and, in the larger towns, such as Jerusalem, Jaffa and Haifa, two such courts. The Magistrate is in every case a Palestinian and has jurisdiction in first instance in minor criminal cases for which the punishment is not more than one year's imprisonment, and in civil cases where the value of the subject-matter does not exceed £E.100. He has also jurisdiction in actions for the recovery of the possession of land.

There are four District Courts, each composed of a British President and two Palestinian judges.

They serve respectively the sub-districts of Jerusalem, Hebron and Beersheba; Jaffa and Gaza; Nablus, Jenin, Tulkarem, and Nazareth; and Haifa, Acre, Tiberias and Safad. They go on circuit within the area of their jurisdiction. A District Court has jurisdiction in first instance over all crimes except those punishable with death and civil cases outside the jurisdiction of a Magistrate. It also hears appeals from the decisions of Magistrates both in civil and in criminal cases, except in cases for the recovery of the possession of land. Crimes punishable with death are tried by a Court of Criminal Assize composed of the Chief Justice or senior British Judge of the Supreme Court sitting with the District Court.

In the Southern District, in addition to the District Court, there are two Land Courts, each composed of a British President and a Palestinian judge, which hear all cases in which the ownership of land is in issue. In the other District such cases are tried by the District Court.

The highest Court in Palestine is the Supreme Court, which is composed of a British Chief Justice and one other British judge and four Palestinian judges. The Court sits in two forms:

(1) As a Court of Appeal, in which capacity it has appellate jurisdiction in civil and criminal matters decided in first instance by the District Courts, the Land Courts and the Court of Criminal Assize;

(2) As a High Court of Justice, in which capacity it hears applications of the nature of habeas corpus and mandamus proceedings.

The Court of Appeal is composed normally of three judges, while the High Court may sit with two judges. In either case a British judge presides. An appeal lies from the Supreme Court in civil cases to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council where the value of the suit exceeds £500.

A bench of honorary magistrates has been established in Jerusalem, Jaffa, Haifa and other towns, who try contraventions for which the maximum penalty does not exceed £E. 5 fine and 15 days imprisonment.

Special arrangements exist in the Beersheba sub-district, where minor cases are disposed of according to tribal custom by the Court of Sheikhs. The District Court of Jerusalem visits Beersheba every month to hear appeals from the local courts and to try more serious criminal cases.

All matters of personal status affecting Moslems are within the jurisdiction of the Sharia Courts. A Sharia Court consists of a Kadi, and appeals from his decision lie to the Moslem Court of Appeal, which is composed of a President and two members.

Jewish Religious Courts have exclusive jurisdiction in certain matters of personal status of Jews, and jurisdiction by consent in other matters. An appeal from the decision of the Jewish Religious Courts lies to the Rabbinical Council.

The different Christian communities (such as the Latin and Orthodox) have similar jurisdiction to that of the Jewish Courts.

Special provisions exist with regard to the trial of foreigners. The general effect of these rules is that where a foreign subject is charged with an offence other than a petty offence, he may claim to be tried by a British magistrate or by a court containing a majority of British judges. In the Court of Appeal he can claim a majority of British judges, and in matters of personal status that the action be heard by the British President.

Production and Industry.

Although economic conditions are still primitive, modern methods are making headway and hold out hopes of development and progress. The country is generally fertile, and cereals, wine, olives and various fruits are produced, while sheep and goats thrive both in the lowlands and in the mountains.

For the most part the crops are raised without irrigation, except where springs exist, and on the banks of the Ajaja, in the district of Jaffa. There are generally two cereal crops each year, harvested in May and September.

The yield of crops in 1926 was:—

Wheat	...	99,023 tons.
Barley	...	69,358 "
Durra	...	23,746 "
Lentils	...	3,312 "
Olive Oil	...	4,302 "

Limestone is found all over the country; sandstone abounds on the coast; gypsum of good quality is found at Mount Gipsia near Menahemia (Galilee). Rock salt abounds in the Jordan Valley and on the shores of the Dead Sea, where sulphur is also obtainable. Mineral oil is said to be found, but work has not yet commenced. The Dead Sea contains sodium chloride, chloride of potash, magnesium chloride and bromides. There are medicinal hot springs in the Jordan Valley, the most important being at Tiberias.

The principal industries of export importance are those of wine-making, especially in the Jewish Colonies, Zichron-Jacob, Rishon-le-Zion, and Petah-Tikva; soap-boiling in Nablus and Haifa; olive oil in Nablus, Acre, and the district round Jaffa; and tanning. An export trade with Syria in cement and textiles is being developed.

Unleavened bread is also exported in considerable quantity.

Oranges, grown chiefly in the Jaffa District, are exported to Egypt and Europe, the total quantity exported during 1926 being valued at £E. 566,199.

The value of melons exported mainly to Egypt and Syria, in 1926, was £102,000.

A Woods and Forests Ordinance has been promulgated and also various Forestry Regulations, supplementary to the Ordinance, for the protection, management and control of existing forests. The country had been terribly deforested during the Ottoman régime.

Fourteen Government nurseries are conducted for the raising of forest trees and fruit stock. Planting, commenced in 1920 at each centre where nurseries exist, is being considerably extended. Special attention is being given to the reclamation of sand dunes and the planting of roadsides.

Manufactures.

There are a considerable number of small factories and industries, including flour mills, soap, brick and tile, and cigarette factories, oil mills and distilleries. One flour mill produces 1,500 tons of flour monthly. There is a brick factory with an annual output of 15,000,000 bricks and tiles, a cigarette factory producing annually one hundred million cigarettes, and an oil factory with an annual capacity of 10,000 tons of refined oil, and a cement factory capable of producing 40,000 tons annually.

The Palestine and Jaffa Electric Corporations, Ltd., supply electric light and power to Haifa and Tiberias, and to the Jaffa district.

Shipping and Communications.

The chief ports of Palestine are Jaffa and Haifa. There is a small haven at Acre, and coasting vessels touch at Gaza and Caesarea.

In the year ending December 31st, 1926, 712 steamers of 1,580,540 tons (including men-of-war), and 1,939 sailing vessels of 34,094 tons arrived at Palestinian Ports; while 722 steamers of 1,596,238 tons and 1,995 sailing vessels of a tonnage of 34,868 cleared.

Thirty Shipping Lines call, of which the following run regular services: Khedivial, Lloyd Triestino, Servizzi Maritimi, and Affrèteurs Réunis, weekly; Messageries Maritimes, Fabre Line, Dutch Oriental, Dutch Levant, and Maritimi Italiani, twice monthly; and the Prince Line, monthly.

Calls are made at irregular intervals by the Compagnie Russe de Navigation, Moss & Ellerman Line, Greek Line, Dutch Lines & Co., Kerr Line.

Postal despatches are exchanged daily (in some cases twice daily) between all principal towns. There is also a daily exchange of despatches with Egypt and Syria. Direct mails for Great Britain are despatched thrice weekly but supplementary mails are forwarded to Egypt at other than the regular mail days for transmission by intermediate steamers.

There is a weekly Overland and Desert Mail service (letters and parcels) with Iraq and Persia and a weekly Air Mail service (letters and newspapers) with Iraq.

All the principal towns are connected by telegraph and telephone. There is direct telegraph communication with Egypt and Syria and a trunk telephone service with Egypt. Total length of main telegraph and telephone line, 11,700 kilometres; local lines 5,700 kilometres. Number of telephone subscribers 1,820; instruments in use 2,763.

The total length of the Palestine Railways, which are State-owned, is approximately 774½ miles, including branch lines and sidings, subdivided in the following sections:—

Standard Gauge (4' 8½").

	Miles.
Kantara-Haifa	259½
Ludd Section, Jaffa-Jerusalem	54½
Safrieh-Sarafand	2½
Kafr Jinis-Beit Nabala Quarry Sliding	2½
Ras El Ain-Petah Tikva Line	4½

Narrow Gauge (3' 6"). Hejaz Railway.

Haifa-El Hamme	59½
Nasib South-Kalat-el-Madawara	282½
Acre Junction-Acre	11
Afula-Nablus-Tulkarem	61

737½

The Kantara-Rafa Section, known as the "Sinai Military Railway" (125 miles) is operated by the Palestine Railways on behalf of the Air Ministry.

There is through communication with Egypt, and trains connect at Kantara West daily with Cairo, Alexandria, Port Said, and Suez and other parts of Egypt, railway vehicles being sent across the canal by means of a truck transporter.

East of Haifa the Palestine Railways system terminates at El Hamme, and the Section El Hamme-Deraa (Junction of the Hejaz Railway to Medina) is operated by the Hejaz Railway, which in turn is controlled by the French Government.

There are 394 miles of metalled roads in Palestine extensively used by motor transport, and

in addition, many hundreds of miles of tracks passable for wheeled traffic of all kinds during dry weather.

Banking and Currency.

The most important Bank in Palestine is Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), with which is amalgamated the Anglo-Egyptian Bank Ltd., with branches at Jerusalem, Jaffa, Tel Aviv, Haifa and Gaza. The Anglo-Palestine Company has its head office in Jaffa, with branches in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa, Tiberias and Safad. In addition, there are branches in Jerusalem of the Crédit Lyonnais, the Ottoman Bank (of the latter also in Haifa, Jaffa, Nablus and Amman, and sub-offices at Bethlehem and Ramallah), and the Banco di Roma. There is a Workers' Bank at Jaffa, and banks have been established for granting building loans to co-operative societies.

Egyptian Bank and Currency Notes, gold, silver and nickel coins, and British gold sovereigns at the rate of 97½ piasres Egyptian, are legal tender.

Other foreign coins, previously legal tender, were demonetised on 22nd January, 1921, by a Public Notice.

A Currency Board was appointed in London in 1926 in order to introduce and control a Palestine currency based on the pound sterling; and the new currency was issued on the 1st November, 1927, under the authority of an Order of His Majesty in Council dated the 7th of February, 1927.

The metric system is followed by the Government, but the local weights and measures are still commonly employed.

For further information on all the above subjects, see the "Handbook of Palestine," (Luke, H. C. and Keith-Roach, E.), published in 1922 by Macmillan & Co., and issued under the authority of the Government of Palestine.

Finance.

Period.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	£.	£.
9 months ended		
31st March, 1921.	1,107,486	1,227,056
1921-22	2,048,737	1,929,342
1922-23	1,764,585	1,857,173
1923-24	1,633,893	1,633,227
1924-25	2,101,072	1,806,660
1925-26	2,739,091	2,040,332
1926-27	2,451,365	2,123,568

Year.	Imports.		Exports.	
	From the U.K.	Total.	To the U.K.	Total.
	£E.	£E.	£E.	£E.
1919-20	1,204,682	4,191,060	92,069	773,443
1920-21	1,696,629	5,216,633	94,244	771,701
1921-22	1,872,405	5,790,106	221,821	864,766
1922-23	1,390,475	5,428,146	286,639	1,376,649
1923 ..	1,122,240	4,935,265	291,355	1,554,780
1924 ..	981,385	5,266,349	367,156	1,200,812
1925 ..	1,083,156	7,338,491	443,774	1,297,559
1926 ..	730,462	6,513,331	608,361	1,497,921

Executive Council.

The High Commissioner, Field-Marshal The Right Honourable Lord Plumer, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., G.B.E.
Chief Secretary, Lt.-Col. G. S. Symes, C.M.G., D.S.O.
Attorney General, N. de M. Bentwich, O.B.E., M.C.
Treasurer, S. S. Davis, C.M.G.
Clerk to Council, A. S. Kirkbride, M.C.

ADVISORY COUNCIL.

The High Commissioner (President).
Chief Secretary.
Attorney General.
Treasurer.
Commandant of Police.
Director of the Department of Health.
Director of Public Works.
Director of Education.
Director of Agriculture and Forests.
Director of Department of Customs, Excise and Trade.
General Manager, Palestine Railways.
The Two District Commissioners.
Postmaster General.
Clerk of Council, A. S. Kirkbride, M.C.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief, Field-Marshal The Right Honourable Lord Plumer, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., G.B.E., £4,000 and £1,000 entertainment allowance.
A.D.C.
Private Secretary, Capt. F. H. B. Drummond, M.C., £500.

*Administrative Service.**(i) Secretariat.*

Chief Secretary, Lt.-Col. G. S. Symes, C.M.G., D.S.O., £1,600.
Assistant Chief Secretary, E. Mills, O.B.E., £1,100.
Assistant Secretaries, S. Moody, M. Nurock, A. S. Kirkbride, M.C., † G. Antonius, C.B.E., Class II.
Junior Assistant Secretaries, C. L. Horton, C. T. Evans, Class III.
Principal Stores Officer, I. R. de W. Lash, O.B.E., Class II.
Superintendent, Printing and Stationery, W. H. Wyatt, Class III.

(ii) District Staff.

District Commissioners, Lt.-Col. C. H. F. Cox, C.M.G., D.S.O., A. Abramson, C.B.E., J. E. F. Campbell, O.B.E., £1,200.*
Deputy District Commissioner, E. Keith-Roach, O.B.E., £1,100.
Assistant District Commissioners, R. E. H. Crosbie, G. MacLaren, O.B.E., £850—£50—£1,050.
District Officers, L. Andrews, R. D. Badcock, M.C., M. Bailey, R. S. Champion, A. N. Law, M.C., F. G. Lowick, W. J. Miller, I. N. Camp, C. F. Reading, L. G. Cust, E. H. Samuel, Ruhi Bey Abdul Hadi, O.B.E. and Mahmoud Abu Khadra, M.B.E., Class II.*

* Seconded for service in Trans-Jordan.

† Seconded from Department of Education.

For salaries of Class I, II, III, see Note on page 404.

Assistant District Officers, Nasuhi Bey Beydun, N. Fiani, M.B.E., W. Francis, J. Kupperman, C. Lubbat, A. J. Mantura, M. Nassir, Khalil Abdel Nur, N. Saba, A. Sifri, D. Farradj, A. Khardus, M.B.E., Abdel Razak Kleibo, A. Epstein, Rafiq Bey Beydun, M.B.E., N. Bawarshi, Said Daud, W. Isawi, B. Nasir, B. Binah, G. Kriachevsky, Aref-el-Aref, M. B. Bushruvi, Abdul Rauf Judeh, D. B. Carmi, J. Khuri, Hilmi Hussein, J. Bergman, H. Bulos and T. Yazdi, Class III.*

*Judicial.**Supreme Court.*

Chief Justice, M. F. J. McDonnell, £1,600.
Senior Member, O. C. K. Corrie, M.C., £1,200.
Members, Ali Jarallah, O.B.E., Mustapha Bey El Khaldi, Gad Frumkin and Francis Khayat, Class I.
Superintendent, Courts, B. O. Denham, Class III.

District Courts.

Presidents, F. H. Baker, W. G. Litt, C. R. W. Seton, M.C., A. H. Webb, K.C., £1,100.*
Relieving Presidents, R. Copland, £850—£50—£1,050, (vacancy), Class I.
Members, M. Mani, M.B.E., Mejid Abdel Hadi, Sheikh Raghib El Khaldi, Izzat Nammar, Yosef Strumza, Moise Valero, Muhammad Shafiq el Dajani, Ali Hasna, Class II.

Magistrates.

Senior Magistrates, Mohammed Yusef El Khaldi, Mohammed Barady, Dr. Selim Shehadeh George, Muhamed Said Bey Tukan, Class II.
Magistrates, T. Afghany, Ahmed Jaouni, Rafiq Abu Gazaleh, Ibrahim Judeh, Ismail Kamal, Jawdat Kasim, Saba Said, Sheikh Omar Souan, Mordekhai Levanon, Israel Mani, I. Neufach, Muhammed Judeh, Nassib Bey Tukan, Anten Asusa, Sheikh Muhyiddin-el-Mallah, Amin Nasr, Jamil Habibi, A. A. Shems, Class III.

Land Courts.

Presidents, R. C. Tute, £840—£50—£1,050.
Members, Muhamed Ishak Budeiri, Abdel Aziz El Daoudi, Class II.

Supreme Moslem Council.

Rais el Ulema, Haj Amin al Hussein.
Members, Sheikh Muhammad Murad, Haj Said al Shawa, Amin Tamimi, Abdul Rahman Taji.

Moslem Religious Court of Appeal.

President, Sheikh Khalil el Khaldi, Class II.
Members, Sheikh Muhammad Amin el-Uri, Sheikh Nimr el-Dari, Class III.
And a number of Qadis and Muftis.

Legal Department.

Attorney General, N. de M. Bentwich, O.B.E., M.C., £1,400.
Solicitor General, R. H. Drayton, £900—£50—£1,100.
Government Advocate and Registrar of Companies, Co-operative Societies and Patents, S. G. Kermack, Class I.
Public Prosecutors, Z. Harakabi, Musa Nammar, Class III.
Junior Legal Adviser, Musa Rff. el-Alami, Class III.

* Seconded for service in Trans-Jordan.
For salaries of Class I, II, III, see Note on page 404.

Treasury.

Treasurer, S. S. Davis, C.M.G., £1,400.
Deputy Treasurer, W. J. Johnson, O.B.E., £900—£50—£1,100.
Senior Assistant Treasurers, C. D. Harvey, Class I., M. F. Abcarius, J. Gress, Class II.
Inspector of Revenue, P. C. F. Aylmer Harris, Class II.
Junior Assistant Treasurers, N. J. Davis, C. F. Wolfe, V. N. Levi, A. K. Saba, Class III.

Department of Health.

Director, Col. G. W. Heron, C.B.E., D.S.O., £1,200.
Deputy Director, R. Briercliffe, O.B.E., £900—£50—£1,100.
Assistant Director, Laboratories, G. Stuart, Class I.
Senior Medical Officers, J. A. Henderson, A. Rankine, M.C., W. P. H. Lightbody, W. K. Bigger, J. W. P. Harkness, Class I.; J. MacQueen, Class II.
Government Analyst, G. W. Baker, Class II.
Sanitary Engineer, L. Cantor, Class II.
Medical Officers, D. Bulos, M.B.E., R. Oplarka, M.B.E., *H. Abu Rahmeh, M.B.E., M. Shiahmanoglou, J. Tucktuok, Z. Haddad, Y. Chami, H. F. Khalidi, K. Krikorian, F. K. Abla, A. Abdel Al, G. E. Ayoub, S. Bodossian, K. Eid, M. Erikian, F. I. Haddad, Y. Hajjar, I. Haurani, K. Kesheshian, H. S. Khalidi, Taher el-Khatib, M. S. Malouf, M. K. Mishallany, A. A. Shehadeh, F. Shubeita, E. Sikkarieh, H. M. Torian, K. Abu Ghazaleh, Naif Hamzeh, B. Franco, M. A. Shukair, A. Haddad, J. Hassoun, A. Shehadeh, I. Itayim, S. Salim, A. Sternberg, S. Yassin, F. Dajani, A. Malchi, K. Bandy, I. Weitzman, Class III.
Inspector of Pharmacies, Farid Haddad, Class III.
Inspector of Public Establishments and Unhealthy Trades (vacant), Class III.
Assistant Analyst, W. Itayim, Class III.
Chief Clerk, C. Morrall, Class III.

Department of Agriculture and Forests.

Director, E. R. Sawyer, £1,100.
Deputy Director, F. J. Tear, Class I.
Chief Veterinary Inspector, J. M. Smith, O.B.E., Class I.
Manager, Stud Farm, Br.-Gen. A. J. McNeill, C.B.E., D.S.O., £1,000 (consolidated).
Inspectors of Agriculture and Forests, G. G. Maason and A. F. Nathan, O.B.E., Class II.
Senior Veterinary Officer, S. G. Gilbert, Class II.
Entomologist, G. E. Bodkin, Class II.
Travelling Instructor, A. Liphshitz, Class III.
Sub-Inspectors of Agriculture and Forests, Muhammed Ragheb, C. Weizmann, A. Grasovsky and S. Antebi, Class III.
Veterinary Sub-Inspectors, Ahmed Khatri, Abdel Sabassi, Muhammed Sidky, Muhammed Wasef, J. Samsonoff and J. M. Deouell, Class III.
Agricultural Chemist, H. Raczkowsky, Class III.
Chief Clerk, M. Brown, Class III.

Department of Customs, Excise and Trade.

Director, K. W. Stead, £1,100.
Deputy Director,
Collector of Customs, N. S. Boutagy, M.B.E., Class II.

Inspectors of Customs, T. F. Doyle, W. J. Montgomery, Class II.
Collector of Customs, N. Habash, Class III.
Assistant Collectors, J. W. Gregory, A. Ben-David, M.B.E., Class III.
Port Officers, W. Gibb, W. G. Smithers, M.B.E., Class III.
Office Surveyor, L. K. Pope, Class III.
Surveyors, J. Attalah, M. Makhlof, A. Sabella and E. Waisel, Class III.
Accounting and Statistical Officer, W. G. Peaseley, Class III.

Department of Education.

Director, H. E. Bowman, C.B.E., £1,100.
Assistant Director, W. J. Farrell, M.C., Class I.
Senior Inspectors, †G. Antonius, C.B.E., Class II.
Headquarters Inspectors, J. Katul, A. Yellin, Issa' Nashashibi, Class III.
District Inspectors, Sharif Subh and J. Zananiri, *Husameddin Jarallah, H. Ruhi, C.I.E., M.B.E., Class III.
Principal, Men's Training College, Ahmed Khalidi, Class III.
Vice-Principal, H. Khoury, Class III.
Principal, Women's Training College, and Inspector of Girls Schools, Miss H. Ridler, Class II.
Vice-Principal, Miss M. M. Young, Class III.

Department of Police and Prisons.

Commandant, A. S. Mavrogordato, £1,100.
Deputy Commandant, A. Saunders, M.C., £850—£50—£1,050.
District Superintendents of Police, E. P. Quigley, M.C., G. R. E. Foley, O.B.E., *F. G. Peake, O.B.E., W. F. Wainwright, O.B.E., Class I.
Officer Commanding Training School and Depot, A. J. Kingley-Heath, Class II.
Deputy Superintendents, F. A. Partridge, E. Lucie-Smith, M.C., L. Harrington, M. Fitzgerald, M.C., M. J. McConnell, J. Munro, M.C., *E. R. Stafford, A. T. Blackett, Class II.
Superintendent, Criminal Investigation Branch, J. F. Broadhurst, Class II.
Assistant Superintendents, Selim Hanna, M.B.E., J. A. M. Faraday, M.C., M. S. O'Rourke, W. J. H. Beard, Abdin Husheimi, M.B.E., Shawky Saad, M.B.E., S. C. Atkins, A. T. Barker, M.C., R. Cafferata, R. L. Worsley, F. M. Scott, M.C., E. M. V. James, J. M. Kyles, Kheir el-Din Beassou, M.B.E., E. G. Bryant, D.C.M., Hassan Abdes-Samad, T. Abboud, Ibrahim Bey Stambouli, M.B.E., Hassan Faiz Idriasi, A. Lamont, A. W. Riggs, K. Cohen, H. M. Khatib, N. Nassir, B. Shitreet, Class III.
Quartermaster, W. A. Henderson, Class III.
Prison Superintendents, J. H. Frew, F. C. Steel, F. H. Miller, Halim B. B. Shams, Class III.
Assistant Superintendents (C.I.B.), E. T. Cosgrove, G. Kort and B. Saig, Class III.
Instructional Officer (vacant), Class III.

Immigration and Travel Section.

Chief Immigration Officer, A. M. Hyamson, £850—£50—£1,050.
Assistant Passport Control Officer, G. F. Sulman, M.C., Class II.
Immigration Officer, N. I. Mindel, Class II.
Inspectors, H. Stephan, S. Prosser, G. Z. Mersa, A. Tattenbaum, F. G. Parkhouse, E. T. Best, J. Jacobs, Class III.

* Seconded for service in Trans-Jordan.
 For salaries of Class I, II, III, see Note on page 404.

* Seconded for service in Trans-Jordan.
 † Seconded to Secretariat.
 For Salaries of Class I, II, III, see Note on page 404.

*Department of Public Works.**Director*, F. Pudsey, £1,200.*Deputy Director*, J. F. Rowlands, £900-£50-£1,100.*District Engineers*, R. Hedley and P. Noble, Class I.*Architect*, A. St. B. Harrison, Class II.*Mechanical and Electrical Engineer*,*Assistant Engineers*, G. T. Caryar, F. C. Gill,

Class II, P. Ettes, T. T. Millar, *A. E.

Gorayib, A. Tukan, P. P. Taylor, M. Reiner,

H. J. Pearce, Class III.

Assistant Architect, P. H. Winter, Class III.*Office Superintendent*, I. Melamed, Class III.*Housing and Claims Officer*, C. W. Cowell, £550 (special).*Audit Department.**Auditor*, H. S. Brain, £1,000.*Senior Assistant Auditor*, J. Homa, Class I.*Junior Assistant Auditor*, S. G. White, Class III.*Department of Lands.**Director*, J. N. Stubbs, M.O., £1,100.*Lands Officers*, M. Doukhan, O.B.E., M. C.

Bennett,† Class II; Mitri Hanna, A. Araman,

B. Fishman, Class III.

Geological Adviser, G. S. Blake, £1,000 (consolidated).*Department of Antiquities.**Director*, E. T. Richmond.*Chief Inspector* (vacant).*Assistant Inspectors*, L. A. Mayer, J. Ory, Class III.*Departmental and Museum Assistant*, C. Lambert, Class III.*Palestine Railways.**General Manager and Chief Engineer*, Col. R. B. W. Holmes, O.B.E., £2,000 (consolidated).*Assistant General Manager and Superintendent of Line*, Lt.-Col. G. M. Campigli, M.C., £900-£50-£1,100.*Chief Mechanical Engineer*, H. A. Cotohing, Class I.*Engineer, Ways and Works*, R. F. Scrivener, Class I.*Superintendent of Stores*, J. A. Hawkes, Class II.*Telegraphs and Signals Engineer*, J. L. Price, Class II.*Assistant Superintendent of the Line*, P. C. J. Baker, Class I.*Divisional Superintendent*, C. L. Eyres, Class II.*Assistant Chief Mechanical Engineer*, A. L. Jones, Class II.*Works Manager*, J. Mouchly, Class II.*District Traffic Superintendents*, H. Simpson,

W. H. A. Phillips, F. A. Sargent, Class II.

Carriage and Wagon Works Manager, J. A. Lavens, Class II.*Chief Accountant*, W. M. Young, Class I.*District Engineers*, J. P. Graham, F. H. Taylor, Class II.*Cashier*, T. Crawford, Class III.*Running Superintendent*, G. R. H. Sykes, Class II.*Assistant District Traffic Superintendent*, F. G. Tibshirani, Class III.*Assistant Running Superintendent*, D. Cornet, Class III.*Chief Boiler Inspector*, E. Morgan, Class III.*Secretary*, L. F. Williams, Class II.*Assistant Secretary*, C. W. Bridgen, Class III.*Trains Controller*, J. O. Baker, Class III.*Chief Draughtsman and Surveyor*, F. J. Hoesack, Class III.*Assistant District Engineers*, A. A. Gross, J. R.

Dallmeyer, Class III.

Chief Clerk, C. E. Coulman, Class III.*Department of Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones.**Postmaster-General*, W. Hudson, O.B.E., M.C., £1,100.*Deputy Postmaster-General*, W. Foster, M.B.E., £850-£50-£1,050.*Chief Engineer*, A. A. Evans, O.B.E., M.C., Class I.*Engineer (South)*, W. R. Hay, M.B.E., Class II.*Chief Storekeeper*, W. T. Heavens, Class II.*Assistant Director (North)*, G. D. Kennedy, Class II.*Secretary*, G. H. Webster, Class II.*Chief Accountant*, B. Lewis, Class II.*Engineer*, E. B. Garnett, Class II.*Assistant Engineer*, R. Moffatt, Class III.*Telephone Superintendent*, L. M. Smith, Class III.*Postmasters*, T. H. Brown, C. F. Huckleby, F.

H. Smith, Class III.

Assistant Accountant, T. Griffiths, Class III.*Department of Surveys.**Director*, C. H. Ley, O.B.E., £1,100.*Inspector*, H. G. Le Ray, Class II.*Assistant Inspectors*, H. G. Miller, R. B. Crusher,

W. S. Moffatt, Class III.

Sub-Inspectors, S. H. Lanfear, J. H. Mankin, N.

Foutorian, F. Holstein, Class III.

*Transjordan Frontier Force.**Lt.-Col. Commanding*, Lt.-Col. F. W. Bewaher, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C.*Major (Second in Command)*, Major C. A. Shute, C.B.E.*Company Commanders*, Majors C. E. Howard, R. S. Y. Buller, J. W. Smith, Capt. Y. R. D.

Wigan.

Senior Medical Officer, Captain A. P. Draper, M.C.*Senior Veterinary Officer*, Capt. H. A. Idenden.*Adjutant*, Capt. R. Smith.*Paymaster*, Lt. D. W. Roy.*Quartermaster*, Lt. G. T. Paley, D.C.M.

NOTE.—In the above particulars of the Civil Establishment, the salaries of Classes I, II, and III are as follows:—

Class I £750-£25-£950.

Class II £550-£25-£750.

Class III £300-£10-£550.

NOTE.—In addition to the salaries stated above, officers who are neither Palestinians nor natives of Egypt, Iraq, Syria, and other neighbouring territories receive an Expatriation Allowance at the following annual rates:—Officers with fixed salaries of £1,100 and over—£200. Officers on £900-£50-£1,100 and on £850-£50-£1,050-£150. Officers of Class I and Class II—£100. Officers of Class III—£50.

* Seconded for service in Trans-Jordan.

† Supernumerary.

For salaries of Class I, II, III, see Note on page 404.

ST. HELENA.

Situation, Area, &c.

St. Helena is an island in the South Atlantic Ocean, 800 miles S.E. of Ascension, and 1,200 miles from the coast of Africa, in 15° 55' S. lat., and 5° 42' W. long. It is 10½ miles long and 6½ broad, covering an area of 47 square miles, or about 30,000 acres (a little larger than Jersey). The distance from Southampton is 4,477 miles, and from Capetown 1,696 miles. The usual mail passage is, from England, 17 days, and from Capetown, 6 days.

A census taken in April, 1921, showed a population of 3,747, of whom 49 were members of the Garrison, and 32 East African deportees.

The capital and only town is Jamestown, on the N.W. of the island, with a population of 1,500. The climate is mild, and varies little, the thermometer in Jamestown ranging in summer between 68° and 84°, and in winter between 57° and 70°. The country is 10° colder. The rainfall in 1924 was 36.16 inches in the country. The island is very healthy. The death-rate per 1,000 inhabitants was for 1924, 10.26; for 1925, 12.16 and for 1926, 17.97.

History.

St. Helena, then uninhabited and well wooded, was discovered by the Portuguese Commander Juan de Nova Castella, on St. Helena's day, May 21st, 1502. The Portuguese contrived to keep secret the situation of the island from other European nations until 1588, when it was visited by Captain Cavendish, on his return from a voyage round the world. They built a church there, but made no permanent settlement. The Dutch held it from 1645 to 1650, when they abandoned it. It was taken possession of by the East India Company in 1651, and a charter for its administration was granted in 1661. In 1665 it was seized by the Dutch, who were, however, expelled the same year. Again, in January, 1673, they seized it, to be driven out finally in May, by Captain Munden, of the English Navy. A new charter was issued by Charles II. to the East India Company for its possession in December, 1673, and it remained under that Company, with the exception of the period of Napoleon's imprisonment there, till 22nd April, 1834, when it was brought under the direct government of the Crown by an Act of Parliament of 1833.

Education and Local Government.

The Government maintain 3 schools, having 236 scholars. There are also 6 endowed and private day schools, two of which are aided by Government, having 364 scholars. School attendance is compulsory under Ordinance No. 11 of 1903, and fees of 1d. a week per child are charged.

The only local authority is the Poor Relief Board, the revenue and expenditure of which for 1926 were 991*l.* and 985*l.*

Industry.

St. Helena is well watered by clear springs, which are abundant. It is situated in the heart of the South Atlantic trade wind, blowing from the S.E. for about 330 days in the year, and in the direct track of vessels homeward bound from the East round the Cape of Good Hope. Previous to the opening of the Red Sea route it was a port of call for a vast quantity of shipping and passengers to

and from India and other parts of the East, and in consequence of its importance in connection with the Eastern trade, large establishments were maintained, both civil and military. For many years it was also a depot for liberated Africans landed from slavers captured by the West Coast squadron. As early as 1818 a law was passed that all future children born in the Island should be free.

Beyond the supply of the passing shipping it has never produced any article of export properly so called, except flax fibre (*phormium tenax*). The company which started this industry failed from bad management in transporting the green leaves to town for treatment. For every 100 tons so transported at a heavy cost the yield was only about three tons of fibre, though, under present conditions of working, ten tons of phormium leaves give one ton of fibre and a quarter ton of tow. The industry was re-started with the help of a grant from the Home Exchequer. The Government Mill opened in 1907, but was closed down in May, 1910, on exhaustion of millable leaf. It was re-opened on 13th November, 1911, and still continues to run but Government has handed over control to a Limited Liability Company.

Between July, 1913, and 1923, four private mills were opened.

Land under cultivation of Flax, 1926, 1,800 acres approximately.

A lace-making industry was established in August, 1907, with the help of a grant from Imperial funds.

The number of ships calling at Jamestown (now a free port) for supplies, including steamers and ships of war was 40 in 1926. It is a port of registry.

The chief industries are phormium fibre, lace-making, aloe and bead work, fishing and agriculture, the main arable crop being phormium tenax.

A branch of the National Bank of S. Africa was established in January, 1920, and closed 31st May, 1922. The Government savings bank was established in 1865 (total deposits on 31st December, 1925, were 14,013*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.*), and the Government issues bills of exchange on England at par.

There are excellent facilities for the supply of coal and water to ships.

Means of Communication.

Steamers arrive from England at regular intervals of 4 weeks, and proceed to the Cape and Natal, steamers arrive from thence at the same interval and proceed to England. The interval between the arrival and departure of the mails is 6 days. The rate of postage to the U.K., India, and certain Colonies is 2*d.* per oz.; to other parts of the world 3*d.* per oz. There is no internal post, but there are 40 miles (about) of telegraph, constructed by the Colonial Government and the War Office at a cost of 400*l.* The cable from the Cape (which is being worked by the Eastern Telegraph Company with a staff of 13, including a Superintendent) reached St. Helena at the end of 1899, and was carried forward to Ascension by February, 1900. It is completed to St. Vincent.

Constitution.

The Government is administered by a Governor, aided by an Executive Council.

The Governor alone makes Ordinances, there being no Legislative Council, but power is reserved to legislate by Order of His Majesty in Council.

Year.	FINANCES.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.		
	†Revenue. £	Expendi- ture. £	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	9,308	15,966	119,328	119,328
1918	15,639	12,548	73,252	73,252
1919	12,169	11,432	115,635	115,635
1920	13,123	12,175	92,129	92,129
1921	10,229	11,757	87,708	90,453
1922	16,282	11,621	128,604	128,604
1923	11,509	13,959	122,261	122,261
1924	16,727	14,182	116,243	116,243
1925	21,731	19,566	119,413	119,413
1926	23,944	23,154	142,578	142,578

† Including grant-in-aid from Home Exchequer.

The grants-in-aid have amounted to:—For 1917—2,200£.; 1918—8,000£.; 1919—3,800£.; 1920—2,900£.; 1921—3,200£.; 1922—3,000£.; 1923—nil; 1924—4,000£.; 1925—7,000£.; 1926—2,500£.

Population (including Military and Shipping, and, in 1901, 4,650 Boer Prisoners of War).

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Census, 1901	7,937	1,913	9,850
" 1911	1,658	1,862	3,520
" 1921	1,756	1,991	3,747

Year.	IMPORTS.	
	From U.K. £	Total. £
1917	£21,930	£51,301
1918	10,723	49,487
1919	14,147	44,084
1920	26,790	*67,441
1921	22,172	44,647
1922	23,310	44,636
1923	30,959	*47,948
1924	36,466	51,421
1925	44,090	57,805
1926	38,188	56,040

*† Includes specie, 2,000£. ‡ Includes specie, 2,000£.

* Includes specie £500.

Year.	EXPORTS.	
	To U.K. £	Total. £
1917	53,561	54,830
1918	61,951	63,502
1919	29,387	1,491
1920	†39,657	‡41,857
1921	12,321	14,334
1922	19,523	22,141
1923	23,359	26,344
1924	32,926	36,040
1925	41,844	46,976
1926	35,166	38,891

† Specie, £100.

‡ Specie, £50.

Governors since 1890.

1890 W. Grey-Wilson, C.M.G.
1897 R. A. Sterndale, C.M.G.
1902 Lieut.-Colonel Sir H. L. Gallway (now Galway), K.C.M.G., D.S.O.
1912 Major H. E. S. Cordeaux, O.B., C.M.G. (now Sir Harry Cordeaux).
1920 Colonel R. F. Peel, C.M.G.
1925 C. H. Harper, C.M.G., O.B.E.

Executive Council.

The Governor; O.C. Troops; H. W. Solomon, J. Deason, E. Lee Lander (Ascension); Clerk (vacant), L. Lea (acting).

Civil Establishment.

Governor.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, C. H. Harper, C.M.G., O.B.E., 1,000£.
A.D.C., Captain T. A. C. Mainwaring, late R.E. (unpaid).

Secretariat.

Chief Clerk and Clerk of Council (vacant), H. J. Pink (acting), 250£.
Emigration Agent (vacant), H. J. Pink (acting), fees.

Treasury.

Colonial Treasurer, H. J. Pink, 400£. and fees.

Audit.

Colonial Auditor, H. J. Pink (acting).

Customs and Port Office.

Collector of Customs and Taxes, and Harbour Master, S. Cullen.

Post Office and Government Savings Bank.

Postmaster and Manager Government Savings Bank, T. R. Bruce, 190£.

Medical.

Colonial Surgeon, R. P. Cartwright, M.B., Ch.B., 550£., 30£. horse allowance and private practice.
Assistant Colonial Surgeon, F. C. Cassidy, M.B., Ch.B., B.A.O., 500£. and 30£. horse allowance and private practice.
Sanitary Inspector, A. Nicholls, 9£.

Judicial.

Acting Chief Justice, The Governor (*ex officio*).
Police Magistrate, Judge Small Debts Court, Registrar, Supreme Court Coroner, Leslie Lea (paid under legal).

Legal.

Law Officer, Legal Adviser and Crown Prosecutor, H. J. Pink (acting).

Educational.

Supervisor of Education, Rev. L. C. Walcott, 54£.
School Attendance Officer, A. Nicholls (horse allowance).
Head Master, Government Boys' School, W. Corker, 100£.

Registration Department.

Registrar General, S. Cullen.
Registrar of Deaths, Registrar of Births, Marriages and Deaths, S. Cullen, fees.

Troops.

Officer Commanding, Major G. H. Kendle, R.M.

Police and Prison.

Sergeant of Police and Gaoler, A. Nicholls 120£., quarters and 18£. ration allowance.

Public Works.

Clerk of Works, F. W. Lane, 350£., quarters and 30£. horse allowance.

Ecclesiastical.

Bishop of St. Helena, The Rt. Rev. W. A. Holbech, D.D.
Chaplain to Hospital and Prison, Rev. L. C. Walcott, 25£.
Roman Catholic, Rev. Father J. Tymons.

Aride



S. 4. 15' 0 Booby
Vn 4 1/2°
E. 55° 45'

PRASLIN and GROUP. Part of the Seychelles Archipelago.

SCALE OF MILES.

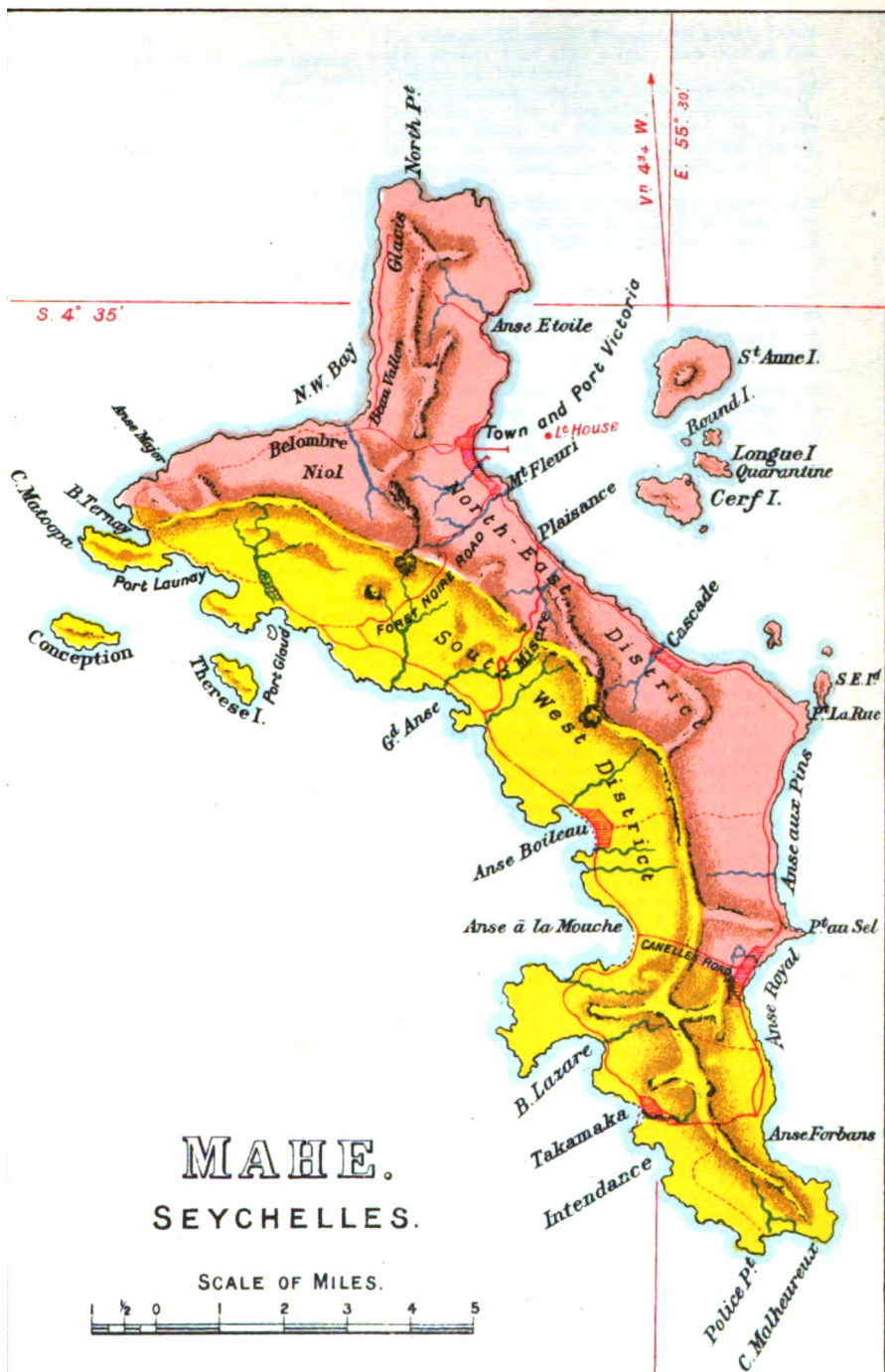


West
East Sister



Felicite

Marianne



Consuls.

H. W. Solomon, Consul for *Netherlands* (acting),
Denmark, Portugal, and Norway, Vice-Consul
 for *Russia* (acting), Vice-Consul for *Spain*.
 Consular Agent for *France*, Georges Colin.

ASCENSION.

The island of *Ascension*, 34 square miles in area, lying in the South Atlantic, lat. 7° 53' S. and long. 14° 18' W., was taken possession of in 1815, and, until 1922, it was under the supervision of the Admiralty and a small naval station was maintained there.

By Letters Patent dated 12th September, 1922, it was made a Dependency of St. Helena and placed under the control of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

It is famous for its turtles, large numbers of which are caught between December and May. It is connected by telegraph with St. Vincent, St. Helena, and Sierra Leone, and is an important cable station of the Eastern Telegraph Company. It is a barren, rocky peak of purely volcanic origin, and destitute of vegetation, except at the highest point, 2,870 feet high, but has been cultivated to an extent permitting the maintenance of 3,000 sheep.

Estimated population on 31st December, 1925, was 328.

Resident Magistrate and Receiver of Wrecks,
 K. Lee Lander.

Controller of Labour, Lt.-Col. E. L. Salier, M.C., 4004.

Postmaster, A. L. Spalding (acting).

Harbour Master, F. Robson.

SEYCHELLES.

Description.

The Seychelles Islands are situated between the parallels of S. lat. 4° and 5°. The total area of the Colony and its dependencies is 156½ sq. miles. The number of islands under the Seychelles Government is 92.

The death-rate in 1925 was 14·96 per 1,000; the birth-rate being 27·99 per 1,000.

Mahé is the largest and most populous of the Seychelles Islands. It is 17 miles long and 4 to 7 miles broad, and is estimated to contain 55½ square miles. It has about 105 miles of good roads and paths, and communication between all the districts of the island is easy.

It is distant from Mauritius 934, from Madagascar 600, and from Zanzibar 970 miles. It is fertile, and healthy. The shade temperature seldom exceeds 84, and falls frequently at night to 72, and the records taken on the hills are several degrees lower. The rainfall at Victoria was in 1925, 134 inches.

The island rises abruptly from the sea, and the highest peak reaches the elevation of 2,937 feet. Victoria, the capital of the island, is situated in a valley in the north-east, and has a safe and commodious harbour, provided with a lighthouse showing a white flash of 1 second duration every 10 seconds.

The other chief islands are Praslin (9,700 acres); Silhouette (4,900 acres); La Digue (2,500 acres); Curieuse (900 acres); Félicité (800 acres); North Island (525 acres); St. Anne (500 acres);

Providence (500 acres); Frigate (500 acres); Denis (340 acres); Cerf (290 acres); and Bird or Sea Cow Island (160 acres).

The following islands are also dependencies of Seychelles:—The Amirantes, Alphonse Island, Bijoutier Island, St. Francois Island, St. Pierre Island, the Cosmoledo Group, Astove Island, Assumption Island, Coëtivy, Aldabra and Farquhar Island.

The island of Coëtivy, formerly a dependency of Mauritius, was transferred to Seychelles by Letters Patent in 1907, and the Farquhar Island in 1922.

History.

The islands are believed to have been discovered by a Portuguese named Pedro Mascaregnas, in 1505, but the discovery was not apparently followed by any attempt at colonisation.

Previous to the French occupation they were the resort of pirates or corsairs who infested the Indian Ocean, some of whose names are borne by descendants in Mahé at the present time.

Under the Government at Mauritius of Labourdonnais, whose name they originally bore, their position was first defined in 1743, and M. Picault, who took possession of the Islands in the name of the King of France, called the principal island Mahé. In 1756 the group was re-named the Seychelles Islands, in honour of the Vicomte Moreau des Séchelles, who was Controller-General of Finance under Louis XV., from 1754 to 1756.

The natural resources of the Islands, and their freedom from hurricanes, induced the French to transplant from the Isle de France (now Mauritius) cinnamon, cloves, and nutmegs, under the directions of M. Poivre. Much secrecy was at first observed in regard to the existence of these retired plantations, the object being to wrest from the Dutch the lucrative spice monopoly which the colonies of that nation then enjoyed in Europe from their own possessions.

The rumours of the war that broke out between France and England in 1778, induced the then French Governor of Mauritius, Count de Souillac, to issue peremptory orders that in the event of an attack the spice plantations should be at once destroyed. Soon afterwards a French ship from Madagascar, having slaves on board, called at Mahé to take in wood and water, but fearing that the English might be in possession, adopted the ruse of hoisting the English flag. The small French force at Mahé had already been withdrawn, and the officer in charge, knowing that resistance was useless, at once set fire to the whole of the spice trees, each of which had previously been surrounded with dry wood and inflammable material.

During the war of the French Revolution Mahé was extremely useful to French ships as a place of refuge and refitment, but on the 17th May, 1794, it was captured by Captain Newcome, of His Majesty's ship "Orpheus."

The last French Governor, Mr. De Quincy, who was born at Paris in November, 1748, became, after Lieutenant Sullivan, R.M., who had been placed in charge, had left, the first Agent Civil under the British Government. Mr. De Quincy's reign as French Governor lasted twenty years. He remained for eighteen years in the service of the British Government, and died on the 10th July, 1827.

The capitulation was renewed in 1806 by Capt. Ferrier, of His Majesty's ship "Albion," but it was not until the capture of Mauritius in 1810, that Seychelles was formally taken possession

of by the appointment of an Agent, and incorporated as a dependency of that Colony. From 1794 to 1810 Seychelles, though nominally a British Colony, seems to have been administered as a French Colony, and all Civil Status Acts ran in the name of the French Government. A Board of Civil Commissioners was appointed in 1872, when the finances of the Seychelles were separated from those of Mauritius. The title of the Head of the Government was changed from that of Civil Commissioner to that of Chief Civil Commissioner. The powers of the Board were further enlarged in 1874 by another Order in Council.

The increasing importance of these islands was considered sufficient to warrant an alteration in the constitution of the Government, and in December, 1888, an Order in Council was passed creating the office of Administrator, and nominating an Executive and Legislative Council. In 1897, by Letters Patent and Royal Instructions, the Administrator was given full powers as Governor, and Seychelles was practically separated from Mauritius. The separation was completely carried out by Letters Patent of 31st August, 1903, by which Seychelles was erected into a separate Colony under its own Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

An education grant of Rs. 19,964 is given for assisting schools of all denominations, of which there were 22 in 1925. All schools are now denominational, and Government Scholarships and Awards are offered both to primary and secondary schools. Technical education is dealt with by means of Government apprenticeships. All schools are inspected by the Inspector of Schools.

Communications, &c.

The British India Company's steamers call regularly once every 4 weeks from Bombay to East African Ports, and once every 8 weeks on their return voyage from Mombasa to Bombay. The Norwegian East Africa Line and the Havraise steamers call irregularly at this port on their way to Europe. The Admiralty used Victoria as a coaling station. Seychelles is now included in the East Indies Naval Station.

Telegraphic communication with Mauritius and Europe *via* Zanzibar was completed in November, 1893. Direct cables to Aden and Colombo were completed in 1922. The rates for telegrams from Seychelles are 75 cts. per word to Mauritius or Zanzibar, and Rs. 1.50 to Aden or Europe.

The present letter rate of postage to the United Kingdom, India, Dominions and British Possessions is 12 cents; to other countries of the Postal Union 20 cents. The parcels post has been in full operation since April, 1890. The cash on-delivery service for parcel post was introduced in 1911. The money order system is in operation with England and numerous other countries and colonies, including Bombay, Aden, Zanzibar, Mauritius and Ceylon.

Savings Bank and Currency.

A Government Savings bank was established in March, 1897, and at the close of the year 1926, the amount standing to the credit of depositors was Rs. 227,145. All the Savings Bank funds are invested. There is a Branch Savings Bank at Praslin. The branches which were established at Anse Royale and La Digue were closed during 1906, as there were no transactions.

The currency consists of the Indian rupee and the Mauritius subsidiary coinage. Accounts are kept in rupees and cents. Indian, Mauritius, and Seychelles Government Notes also circulate freely.

Local Boards.

A Local Board of Health, vested with power and duties somewhat similar to those entrusted to Municipal Bodies, was created in Victoria at the end of 1900. In 1922 the title was changed to that of "The Victoria Town Board." Similar Boards were created for the Islands of Praslin and La Digue at the end of 1901, and for the South Mahé District in March, 1902.

Revenue, Trade, Products, &c.

The revenue is derived principally from specific import duties, which are light, and an *ad valorem* duty of 15 per cent. on articles not otherwise enumerated (10 per cent. surtax on Customs Imports duty has been imposed for the period of the War and is still in force), licences, a capitation tax and a tax on immovable property and stamps. An export duty of Rs. 1 a ton is levied on guano, prepared fertiliser, and mangrove bark, and Rs. 1 per hectolitre of whale oil. There is also a fixed export duty of Rs. 2.50 per kilo. on tortoise-shell (carot).

In 1926 the chief exports were copra, 5,444 tons; guano, 6,935 tons; vanilla, 551 kilos; tortoise-shell, 984 kilos; calipee, 4,080 kilos; coconut oil, 128 hect.; essential oils, 463 hect.

In Victoria, there is a Botanic Garden containing many interesting tropical plants.

More especially at Praslin, though also in other parts of the group, are to be found the celebrated coco-de-mer, with the leaves of which beautiful hats and delicate basket work are made by the natives.

The Aldabra group of islands under the Seychelle administration is the habitat of the gigantic land tortoises; numerous living specimens are, however, to be seen in Mahé and the neighbouring islands, and there are some, large and small, in the tortoise pens at Government House.

There are lighthouses on Denis Island and Mamelles Island (9 miles north-east of Mahé in long. 55° 32' 20" E., and lat. 4° 29' S.), and in Victoria Harbour. The light installed on Capucien Point was discontinued on the 31st July, 1922. The quarantine station is placed on Long Island opposite to Victoria.

Year.	Revenue. Rs.	Expenditure. Rs.	Imports. Rs.	Exports. Rs.	Shipping, Inwards only. Tons.
1917	446,533	435,560	1,272,530	1,346,939	185,969
1918	408,849	441,235	954,931	622,504	69,709
1919	523,643	628,844	1,125,316	2,101,377	66,381
1920	678,696	625,919	1,716,408	1,910,015	84,888
1921	619,753	619,883	1,348,063	1,465,964	90,341
1922	641,006	521,462	1,779,839	1,870,531	113,361
1923	683,979	555,940	1,683,069	1,779,699	87,112
1924	765,758	659,463	1,736,780	2,087,260	87,112
1925	770,781	687,015	1,793,110	2,507,531	116,300
1926	662,541	713,692	1,692,547	2,370,931	

The surplus of assets over liabilities on 31st December, 1926, was Rs. 490,050 and the market value of surplus funds invested was, on the same date, Rs. 306,162.

Population.

Census, 1901 — 19,237; 1911 — 22,691; 1921 — 24,523.

Administrators.*

T. Riseley Griffith. C.M.G....	...	1899.
H. C. Stewart. C.M.G. ....	...	1895.
E. B. Sweet-Escott. C.M.G. ....	...	1899.

* For Officers previously administering the Government since 1800, see Edition for 1908.

Governors.

E. B. Sweet-Escoff, C.M.G. ...	1903.
W. E. Davidson, C.M.G. ...	1904.
Lt.-Col. C. R. M. O'Brien, C.M.G. ...	1912.
Lt.-Col. The Hon. Sir Eustace Edward Twissleton-Wykeham-Fiennes, Bart.	1918.
Brig.-General Sir Joseph Byrne, K.B.E., C.B. ...	1922.
Sir Malcolm Stevenson, K.C.M.G. ...	1927.

Executive Council.

The Governor, *President*.
The Crown Prosecutor.
The Treasurer and Collector,
Major H. Kenworthy, O.B.E.
Clerk, Capt. C. C. Thomas.

Legislative Council.

The Governor, *President*
The Crown Prosecutor
The Treasurer and Collector,
Major H. Kenworthy, O.B.E.
W. F. Stephens.
M. Lemarchand.
C. Nageon de Lestang.
Clerk, Capt. C. C. Thomas, T.D.

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief (vacant).
Private Secretary, Captain C. C. Thomas, T.D.,
Rs. 675.

Governor's Office.

Clerk to Governor and Clerk to Councils, Captain
C. C. Thomas, T.D., Rs. 2,700 to Rs. 4,050.

Treasury and Customs.

Treasurer, Postmaster and Collector, D. F.
Watson, O.B.E., Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 6,450 (with
Rs. 1,000 as Commissioner of Income Tax,
and Rs. 500 for quarters).
Chief Clerk, E. Petit, Rs. 2,115 to Rs. 2,760.
2nd " F. Morgan, Rs. 2,760.
3rd " F. Vel, Rs. 1,800 to Rs. 2,400.
4th " L. Hoareau, Rs. 1,763 to Rs. 2,115.
1st Customs Officer, A. de St. Jorre, Rs. 1,800 to
Rs. 2,760.

Audit Department.

Auditor, W. Dale, Rs. 7,000.

Port Department.

Port Officer and Pilot, Captain A. Sauvage,
Rs. 3,120.
Port Coxswain.

Legal Department.

Chief Justice, J. L. Devaux, Rs. 9,675 (with
Rs. 500 for quarters).
Crown Prosecutor, Legal Adviser, &c. (vacant),
Rs. 7,740 (with Rs. 500 for quarters).
Assistant Legal Adviser and Police Magistrate,
S. B. de Burgh Edwardes, Rs. 4,950.
Registrar and Chief Clerk Mortgage Dept., O.
Lablache, Rs. 3,600 to Rs. 4,000.
1st Clerk Registry, F. Purcell, Rs. 2,000 to
Rs. 2,400.

Justices of the Peace —

South Mahé, D. F. Watson, O.B.E.
Praslin District, L. E. Evans.

Mortgage and Registration Department.

Conservator of Mortgages and Receiver of Regis-
tration Dues (vacant).
Chief Clerk, C. Congrove.

Bankruptcy and Curatelle.

Official Assignee in Bankruptcy and Curator of
Vacant Estates (vacant). Is paid under Legal
Department.

Police Department.

Inspector of Police, G. Savy, Rs. 2,300 to Rs. 2,875
(with Rs. 500 for quarters).

Prison Department.

Superintendent of Prisons, G. Savy.

Printing Department.

Government Printer, F. Marie, Rs. 1,800.

Medical Department.

Chief Medical Officer, John Thomas Bradley, M.D.
(Brussels), L.R.C.P. and S. (Edin.), L.F.P. and
S. (Glasgow), Rs. 7,000 (with private practice),
free quarters.

Resident Surgeon, H. N. Turner, M.B., B.Ch.,
B.A.O.

Assistant Medical Officer, Victoria, and Visiting
Magistrate, Outlying Islands, A. D. Maxwell,
M.B., B.Ch., Rs. 6,500 (with quarters and
private practice).

Assistant Medical Officer, South Mahé District
(vacant), Rs. 5,000 (with quarters and private
practice).

Assistant Medical Officer, Praslin District,
K. C. Mathew, M.B.B.S. (Madras), Rs. 3,000
(with quarters and private practice).

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.**Roman Catholic Church.**

Bishop of Victoria, The Right Rev. Father Justin
Gumy, B.D., Rs. 3,375.

Church of England.

Civil Chaplain, Archdeacon J. W. G. Lavers,
Rs. 3,375.

Education Department.

Inspector of Schools, J. D. E. Harter, Rs. 3,600.

Post Office.

Postmaster, D. F. Watson, O.B.E.
Chief Clerk, J. Calais, Rs. 1,800 to Rs. 2,400,
personal allowance Rs. 600.

Department of Agriculture.

Director of Agriculture, P. R. Dupont.

Public Works Department.

Superintendent of Public Works and Surveys,
Major H. Kenworthy, O.B.E., Rs. 5,500,
personal allowance, Rs. 500 (with Rs. 500 for
quarters).

Assistant Govt. Surveyor, Louis Hermitte,
Rs. 1,100 to Rs. 2,500.

Victoria Town Board.

Chairman
Town Surveyor } Major Kenworthy, O.B.E.

Carnegie Public Library, Board of Directors.
Chairman, J. D. E. Harter.

Foreign Consuls.

Italy, Captain G. C. Jounais.
Netherlands, A. d'Emmerez de Charmoy.
(Vice-Consul).
Portugal, A. Merian.
France, H. de Cailla.

SIERRA LEONE.

Situation and Area.

The territory known as the Colony and Protectorate of Sierra Leone is an area of some 27,250 square miles, roughly circular in shape, lying between 6° 55' and 10° of N. lat., and 10° 20' and 13° 25' of W. long. The sea coast, 210 miles in length, extends from Kiragba at about lat. 9° N., on the border of French Guinea, to the Mano River at lat. 6° 55' N. on the border of the Republic of Liberia.

The Colony portion of this area, i.e. the territories acquired by the Crown by Treaty of Cession or otherwise consists of the following:—the Sierra Leone Peninsula in which is situated Freetown (the seat of Government), Sherbo Island, the islands of Tasso, Bananas, Turtles, York, Buna, Shaye and other small islets, the Lower Lokko and Matoki Chiefdoms in the Northern Province, and the Bumpe, Kagboro, Bagru, Mano Bagru, Timdel, Bendu, Cha, Mongoba Bullon, Messu Krim, and part of the Manosa Krim Chiefdoms in the Southern Province. The Crown has also acquired a strip of land, varying in depth from a quarter of a mile to one mile throughout the whole coast line not included in the areas specified above. Of these areas the Peninsula of Sierra Leone, Tasso Island, Bananas Islands, York Island, and the township of Bonthe in Sherbro Island, only, are administered as strictly Colony; the other areas are administered as part of the Protectorate.

History.

The Colony of Sierra Leone originated in the sale and cession of a portion of land by "King" Nembana and his subordinate chiefs to Captain John Taylor, of His Britannic Majesty's brig "Miro," on behalf of the "free community of settlers, their heirs, and successors, lately arrived from England, and under the protection of the British Government." This portion of land was described in the treaty as extending from the bay commonly called Frenchman's Bay, but of which the name was changed to St. George's Bay, coast-wise up the River Sierra Leone to Gambia Island, and southerly or inland from the riverside 20 miles. The treaty is dated 22nd August, 1788.

The main purpose of the Colony in its inception was to secure a home on the African Continent for a number of natives of Africa, and some others, who from various circumstances had been separated from the countries of their origin, and were destitute in and about London. Subsequently the Colony was used as a settlement for Africans rescued from slave-ships during the period when England was putting forth her efforts for the suppression of the over-sea traffic in slaves. The territory of the Colony received additions from time to time by various concessions from the native chiefs. Thus, on the 10th July, 1807, "King" Farima and "King" Tom ceded all the land they possessed in the peninsula of Sierra Leone lying to the westward of the Colony; and in 1861 Bai Conteh, "King" of Kwaia, with his chiefs, ceded a portion of the Kwaia country abutting on the Colony of Sierra Leone, measuring 10 miles in width and 16 miles in length from the River Sierra Leone to the River Ribbi, and particularly described as to its inland boundary in the Treaty of Cession. In 1825 the Governor of Sierra Leone made a treaty of cession with various Chiefs in, and in the neighbourhood of, Sherbro Island, for the purpose of adding these countries to the territories of the Colony. This

treaty, not immediately ratified by the Crown, was revived by a new agreement made in 1882. Other Treaties of Cession were made from time to time.

On August 21st, 1896, a Proclamation was issued declaring a Protectorate over the Hinterland of Sierra Leone, and Ordinances were passed providing for the administration of this Protectorate, which, by Order-in-Council No. 11 of 1920, and subsequent amending orders, is divided into three Provinces as follows:—

Northern Province Districts.—Port Loko, Karene, Bombali, Kambia, Koinadugu and Ronietta.

Central Province Districts.—Moyamba, Kono, Kenema, Panguma and Pendembu.

Southern Province Districts.—Shebar, Sembahun and Gbangbama, Sumbuya, Pujehun and Mano River.

By Order-in-Council No. 8 of 1925, dated 5th October, 1925, parts of the Port Loko and Bombali Districts of the Northern Province were constituted a new District, called the Ronietta District.

General Description.

The peninsula of Sierra Leone is about 25 miles in length, and from 10 to 12 miles in breadth at its widest part. It is one of the few points on the African coast where there is high land near the sea. It is formed by a range of volcanic mountains, running parallel to the sea from N.N.W. to S.S.E., the summits of which, in the Picket Hill, Sugar Loaf and Leicester Mountains, rise in conical form to a height of from 2,000 to 3,000 feet. The mountains are composed principally of novite, and are thickly wooded. They are intersected by ravines and small valleys, and there are considerable tracts of level ground, especially on the eastern side of the peninsula, where it sinks to the mainland.

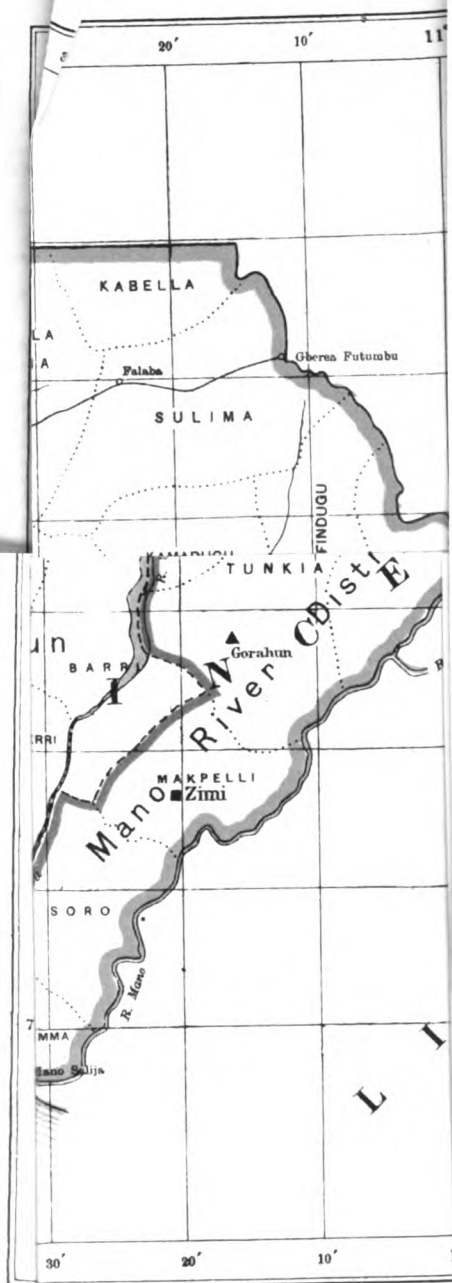
The configuration of the Protectorate varies much in different localities. The parts on the banks of the rivers are low and swampy, while away from the rivers the country consists of low rolling downs, with here and there, in the northern portion, a range of hills some 3,000 feet in height. Unlike many regions on the West Coast of Africa, the country is well watered by rivers and streams. The principal rivers which empty themselves into the Atlantic on the Sierra Leone Coast are the Great and Little Skarceas, the Sierra Leone or Rokell, the Sherbro, the Jong, the Manneh or Mano, the Ribbi, Bum, Kittam, and Moa, most of which are navigable for several miles.

The capital, Freetown, lies about four miles up the Sierra Leone River, at the foot of a chain of hills rising 2,900 feet above the sea. In 1921 it contained 44,142 inhabitants. It possesses the best harbour in West Africa, and is an important coaling station and a port of registry.

The peninsula of Sierra Leone and the lands immediately adjoining have a population (including Freetown and its Districts) of 85,163. It yields only a small quantity of exportable commodities, but ginger and coffee thrive if well looked after. The extent of the territory is, however, small (256 square miles), and the generally rocky soil is not very well adapted for cultivation.

Considerable quantities of palm kernels, palm oil, piassava, with other articles of lesser importance are exported via Bonthe in the Southern Province.

Many districts in the Protectorate are fertile and well adapted to the growth of oil palms, coco-



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Imports are tobacco, cotton goods, etc., cotton goods, etc.,
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nuts, bene seed, kola nuts, gum-producing trees, ginger, cocoa, rice, and other tropical products. No minerals have been discovered, except iron, which can hardly be reckoned as of exportable value.

The population of the Protectorate was in 1921 estimated at 1,456,148 and is composed of the following tribes:

Northern Province	{ Temnes, Limbas, Susus, Lokkos, Fulahe, Mandingoes, Korankos, Yalunkas.
Central Province	{ Mendes, Sherbro, Konnohs, a few Kissis.
Southern Province	{ Mendes, Krims, Sherbro, Gallinas, Golas and Vais.

Constitution.

A Charter, issued on May 27th, 1863, created an Executive Council for the Colony composed of four members nominated by the Crown. The Legislative Council was to consist of the members of the Executive Council and nominated members.

A Charter, dated the 19th of February, 1866, established a Central Government of the settlements on the West Coast of Africa, with the seat of government at Sierra Leone.

A new Charter, dated the 24th of July, 1874, revoked so much of the Charter of the 19th of February, 1866, as provided for the government of the Gold Coast and Lagos under the Governor-in-Chief of the West Africa Settlements, and those settlements were erected into a distinct government. A further Charter, dated 17th of December, 1874, erected a new government of the "West Africa Settlements," consisting of Sierra Leone and the Gambia, and created a Legislative Council in each settlement, consisting of the officer administering the government, and not less than two other persons, to be designated by royal instructions or warrant. New letters patent dated 17th June, 1885, provided for the continuance of the government on the same lines, with some minor differences. By letters patent of 23rd Nov., 1888, the Gambia was again made a separate government. By letters patent, dated 3rd April, 1913, and Royal Instructions, dated 4th May, 1922, there were constituted an Executive Council composed of the Officer in command of the troops, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General, the Colonial Treasurer and the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, and a Legislative Council, composed of the members of the Executive Council and four unofficial members nominated by the Crown.

On March 7, 1913, an Imperial Order-in-Council was issued providing for the administration of the Protectorate of Sierra Leone. The Order applies to the territories, not being portions of the Colony of Sierra Leone, lying between the sixth and tenth degrees of north latitude and the tenth and fourteenth degrees of west longitude, and beginning at the extreme southerly point of the Colony on the Anglo-Liberian boundary, as delimited under the provisions of the Anglo-Liberian Conventions, November 11, 1885, and January 21, 1911.

The Governor and Commander-in-Chief for the time being of the Colony of Sierra Leone is also the Governor of the Protectorate. Authority is given to the Governor by Ordinances passed in the Legislative Council to exercise and provide for giving effect to the powers and jurisdiction acquired by the Crown in Sierra Leone.

Letters Patent, dated the 28th January, 1924, revoked those issued on the 3rd April, 1913, and made fresh provision for the appointment of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, and instru-

tions issued under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet on the same date cancelled those of the 3rd April, 1913, and 4th May, 1922. An Order of the King in Council dated the 16th January, 1924, provided for a new and considerably enlarged Legislative Council, introducing an elective element and direct representation of Protectorate interests into the constitution of that Council for the first time in the history of Sierra Leone.

Climate.

The seasons may be divided into wet and dry, the former commencing in May and lasting till October. The shade temperature varies during the year from about 62° to 97°. Tornadoes or violent thunderstorms occur at the commencement and close of the rainy season. They are accompanied by strong wind, but do not last long, and seldom do much damage. The atmosphere during the rainy season is excessively damp. The rainfall in Freetown for the year 1924 was 149·67 inches. Between the months of December and March the wind known as the "Harmattan" is prevalent; it is very dry, and often brings with it a fine dust said to come from the Sahara. Its direction ranges from N.E. to S.E.

The climate of Sierra Leone, as elsewhere on the West Coast of Africa, is trying, but conditions have been greatly improved in recent years through the efforts of the Medical and Sanitary Services, and if ordinary precautions are taken the risk of contracting malarial fever can be much reduced. Conditions at "Hill Station," Freetown, where most headquarters officials, and a few unofficials, reside, are exceptionally good.

Vegetable Products.

The principal products exported from Sierra Leone are palm kernels, palm oil, bene seed (sesame), ground nuts, kola nuts, ginger and hides. The chief agricultural work lies in the cultivation of rice and cassava for local consumption. The kola tree is found near almost every village, and from its product a considerable portion of the revenue of the native inhabitants is derived. Gum copal and maize are also produced.

Trade.

The inhabitants of Freetown and the Colony generally are traders and shop-keepers, and do little in the way of agriculture beyond the planting of cassava. In the Protectorate the inhabitants plant "farms," chiefly of rice and cassava, and collect natural products for sale to the various merchants and traders of the Colony. They also weave "country cloths," many of which are of a good texture and handsome design. There is also a flourishing industry of mat making, basket making, etc., and in the Northern Province, a certain amount of ornate leather work is produced. The fishing industry at Sherbro is of considerable importance, vast quantities of dried fish being taken inland.

The staple food of the inhabitants is rice and foofoo made from cassava.

The products from the Protectorate which constitute the principal exports are palm kernels, palm oil, kola nuts, piassava, pepper, hides and ginger. The British Cotton Growing Association made an experiment in cotton growing on European principles, which was not successful, chiefly owing to the withering effect of the harmattan wind, but local varieties of cotton are successfully grown in considerable quantities. The principal imports are tobacco, cotton goods, spirits, furniture, groceries, etc., and hardware.

Currency and Banking.

Besides English currency, West Africa silver coins (2s., 1s., 6d. and 3d.) were put into circulation in 1913, and alloy coins of similar denominations in 1920. Currency Notes of the value of 20s. and 10s. were introduced in 1916 and of 2s. in 1917, and 1s. in 1919, but the last two denominations are not now current. The Bank of British West Africa has two branches in the Colony and some agencies in the Protectorate. Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial & Overseas) Ltd. also is established in Freetown. A Government Savings Bank was established in 1882, and had invested by the end of 1926 the sum of 62,129*l*.

Education.

The number of schools on the assisted list in 1926 was 139. Fifteen schools were maintained wholly from public funds, making a total of 154. Of these 139 were primary, 2 industrial and 13 secondary. At the end of 1926 the enrolment number was 13,333. Education is not compulsory. The Church Missionary Society and the Wesleyan Mission have a college at Fourah Bay affiliated to Durham University. A scheme for the education, on Western lines, of Mohammedan children was started in 1901. There are now five Mohammedan Schools or Madrasas in Freetown, with 676 pupils on the roll in 1926. A Government school for the sons and nominees of native chiefs was established at Bo in the Kenema District of the Protectorate on 1st March, 1906, under European supervision. The number of pupils at the close of the year 1926 was 157. There is also a Government Model School in Freetown at which 216 pupils attended in 1926.

An agricultural training college for vernacular teachers was established in 1919 at Njala in the Protectorate; 94 pupils were enrolled in 1926. There are also eight Government Rural schools in the Protectorate, with an attendance of 341 pupils.

The total number of children being instructed in the Government and assisted Mission Schools in the Colony and Protectorate was as follows:—

Primary Schools	..	..	11,024
Prince of Wales' School	..	..	81
Secondary Schools	..	..	833
Bo School	..	..	157
Government Model School	..	..	216
Njala School	..	..	94
Government Rural Schools (Colony)	..	..	454
Do. do. do. (Protectorate)	..	..	341
Industrial Schools	..	..	133

Total 13,333

Means of Communication.

Steamers leave Liverpool for Freetown, and Freetown for Plymouth and Liverpool, about three times a month. The passage takes about 10 days.

Telegraphic communication with Europe was established in 1886, there being now three cables, to Bathurst, Conakry, and Accra respectively. A wireless telegraphic station was opened in 1913. The main line of the Sierra Leone Government Railway, which was the first Railway to be constructed in British West Africa, runs from the Freetown terminus to Pendembu in the Railway District, a distance of 227½ miles. The number of stations and flag stations is 53. From Boia Junction, 64½ miles from Freetown, a branch line runs to Kamabai, a distance of 104 miles.

There are 1,269 miles of combined telegraph and telephone lines in operation. The gauge of the Railway is 2 ft. 6 in. There are about 120 miles of motorable roads in the Protectorate and the main thoroughfares in Freetown and its vicinity are motorable.

There is another line, known as the Mountain Railway, which connects Freetown with Hill Station, 5 miles, 59 chains distant.

There are also lines connecting the terminus with the Government Wharf, Government Quarry, Ascension Town Cemetery, and the Recreation Ground.

The total railway receipts for 1926 were 228,527*l*.; the working expenses for the same year were 175,392*l*.

The Sherbro river is navigable for over 20 miles (up to York Island), the Sierra Leone, or Rokell river, for 40 miles (as far as Magbile).

For six months of the year the Kittam River is navigable for launches to Mopalma (about 80 miles) all the year and for 6 months to Pujehun. Much of the produce from the Northern Sherbro District is thus transported to Bonthe.

There are 69 post offices and postal agencies. The estimated number of letters, &c., handled in 1926 was 1,777,783: of parcels 40,686, of which the Inland Post dealt with 915,316 and 13,667 respectively.

The rates of postage are as follows:—

	Letters, per ½ oz.	Post Cards.	Newspapers, Books, etc., per 2 ozs.
	d.	d.	d.
Internal	1	½	½
To U.K. British	2 per oz.	1½	½
Dominions and Colonies	(1½d. each additional oz.)		
To Other Countries	3 (1½d. each additional oz.)	1½	½

Parcels: maximum weight 22 lbs. for places inland and to certain countries which accept heavy parcels; 11 lbs. other countries.

Inland, 6d. for 2 lbs.; 3d. each additional lb. U.K., W. A. Colonies, Liberia—Up to 3 lbs. 3s.; 7 lbs., 3s.; 11 lbs., 4s.

Parcels for other countries are forwarded through the U.K.

British Imperial Postal Orders are issued and paid in the Colony; there is also an Inland and Foreign Money Order Service.

At the close of 1926 the Post Office Savings Bank held 62,129*l*. to the credit of 5,819 depositors.

Sport and Recreation.

There are excellent shooting and fishing to be had in the Protectorate, and ample facilities for games (tennis, cricket, golf, football, rifle shooting) are available in Freetown.

Year.	FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	546,449	512,843	1,417,894	1,526,640
1918	583,159	544,011	1,669,984	1,736,247
1919	748,779	740,383	1,953,760	2,016,699
1920	999,381	843,403	2,098,925	2,422,337
1921	638,515	982,032	1,698,515	2,101,145
1922	786,540	816,977	1,804,730	2,474,296
1923	845,319	727,661	2,126,944	3,121,136
1924	868,319	777,790	2,340,243	3,317,513
1925	945,581	843,321	2,714,663	3,737,064
1926	855,440	867,155	2,748,704	4,068,057

Year.	From U.K.	IMPORTS.		Total.	Year.	To U.K.	EXPORTS.		Total.
		From other B.W.A. Colonies.	From Elsewhere.				To other B.W.A. Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	
	£	£	£	£		£	£	£	£
1917	1,000,126	17,393	315,233	1,332,752	1917	919,102	160,359	418,534	1,497,995
1918	1,313,113	22,377	344,846	1,680,336	1918	787,022	169,443	560,406	1,516,871
1919	1,372,985	65,982	684,377	2,123,344	1919	1,374,510	288,608	438,451	2,101,569
1920	2,559,047	88,020	901,411	3,548,478	1920	1,569,300	503,653	876,427	2,949,380
1921	1,225,313	72,510	471,805	1,769,628	1921	1,053,836	217,226	354,066	1,625,128
1922	1,076,408	24,151	410,937	1,511,496	1922	941,394	164,549	266,919	1,372,862
1923	1,456,799	16,651	476,530	1,949,981	1923	1,143,494	142,543	381,188	1,607,225
1924	1,124,955	33,118	572,570	1,730,643	1924	1,253,892	137,556	319,990	1,711,438
1925	1,428,177	35,623	714,661	2,178,461	1925	1,221,767	162,224	436,644	1,820,635
1926	1,122,617	52,929	668,576	1,844,122	1926	773,299	297,671	800,476	1,871,446

*Customs Revenue, 1926, 452,675*l*.*

Population of Sierra Leone according to the Census of 1921.

Nationality.	COLONY.			PROTECTORATE.				TOTAL, COLONY AND PROTECTORATE.			
	Per-sons.	Males	Fe-males.	Persons.	Males.	Fe-males.	Child-ren.	Persons.	Males.	Fe-males.	Child-ren.
TOTAL POPULATION . . .	85,163	47,564	37,599	1,456,148	428,185	601,432	426,531	1,541,311	475,749	639,031	426,531
British . . .	773	702	71	131	121	10	—	904	823	81	—
Americans . .	20	9	11	47	16	31	—	67	25	42	—
Foreigners . .	118	106	12	72	67	5	—	190	173	17	—
Asiatics . . .	198	148	50	401	293	108	—	599	441	158	—
Africans . . .	84,054	46,599	37,455	1,455,497	427,688	601,278	426,531	1,539,551	474,287	638,733	426,531

For further particulars of Sierra Leone, see "The Handbook of Sierra Leone," by T. N. Goddard, published for the Sierra Leone Government by Messrs. Grant Richards Ltd., London, W. C. 2.
See also H. C. Luke's "Bibliography of Sierra Leone," 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 1925.

**Governors of Sierra Leone since 1911.*

1911. Sir E. M. Merewether, K.O.V.O., C.M.G.
1916. R. J. Wilkinson, C.M.G.
1922. Sir A. R. Slater, K.C.M.G., C.B.E.
1927. Brigadier-General Sir J. A. Byrne, K.B.E., C.B.

Executive Council.

- The Governor, *President*.
The Officer Commanding the Troops (if Lieut.-Col.).
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
The Colonial Treasurer.
The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.

*Clerk of Executive Council, T. N. Goddard, 50*l*.*

Legislative Council.

- The Governor, *President*.
The Officer Commanding the Troops.

* The Colonial Secretary acts as Governor during the absence of the latter.

The Colonial Secretary.

- The Attorney-General.
The Colonial Treasurer.
The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.
The Commissioner, Central Province.
The Commissioner, Northern Province.
The Commissioner, Southern Province.
The Comptroller of Customs.
The Director of Public Works.
The Commissioner of Lands and Forests.
The Director of Education.
The First Urban Member (E. S. Beoku Betta).
The Second Urban Member (H. C. Bankole Bright).
Paramount Chief Bai Comber.
Paramount Chief Bai Kompa.
The Rural Member (A. E. Tuboku-Metager).
C. E. Wright.
Rt. Rev. G. W. Wright, Bishop of Sierra Leone.
Paramount Chief Kene Coker.
J. Songo Davies.
The Mercantile Member (C. F. Loxley).

*Clerk of Legislative Council, J. L. John, 100*l*.*

†CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.

Governor's Office.

Governor, Commander-in-Chief and Vice-Admiral, Brigadier-General Sir J. A. Byrne, K.B.E., C.B., 3,000l., and 1,000l. duty allowance.
Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp, Major H. E. Allen, 450l.
First Grade Clerk, J. L. John, 210l. to 250l.

Colonial Secretary's Office.

Colonial Secretary, H. C. Luke, C.M.G., 1,400l., and 280l. duty allowance.
Senior Assistant Colonial Secretary, Capt. C. E. Cookson, 1,050l., and 210l. duty allowance.
Assistant Secretaries, Capt. J. E. Benham, T. N. Goddard, M.B.E., D. C. Thompson, D. B. Drummond, Scale B; African Assistant Secretary, J. H. Cheetham Smart, 360l. to 500l.
Staff Superintendent, T. A. Thompson, 310l. to 450l.
Chief Clerk, S. T. Johnson, 264l. to 372l.
First Grade Clerks, M. S. Macauley, A. E. Scott and H. B. Marke, 210l. to 250l. each.

Printing Branch.

Government Printer, J. McCulloch, 600l. to 720l. by 30l. and 72l. duty allowance.
Assistant Government Printer (vacancy) Scale F.
African Assistant Government Printer, G. B. Cassell, 190l. to 240l. by 10l.

Provincial Administration.

Provincial Commissioners, W. D. Bowden, Captain W. B. Stanley, C.M.G., M.B.E., H. Ross, R. S. Hooker, 1,100l. and 220l. duty allowance each.

†—In the following particulars of the Civil Establishment:—

Scale A is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 460l. for three years, then 510l. by 30l. to 720l. by 40l. to 920l., with seniority allowance of 72l. from 720l.

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 400l., 415l., 430l., 460l. by 30l. to 720l. by 40l. to 920l., with seniority allowance of 72l. from 720l.

Scale B is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 500l. for three years, then 570l. by 30l. to 720l. by 40l. to 960l., with seniority allowance of 72l. by 720l.

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 450l. for three years, then 510l. by 30l. to 720l. by 40l. to 960l., with seniority allowance of 72l. from 720l.

Scale C is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 480l. by 30l. to 720l. by 40l. to 920l., with seniority allowance of 72l. from 720l.

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 480l. for three years then 510l. by 30l. to 720l. by 40l. to 920l., with seniority allowance of 72l. from 720l.

Scale D is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 400l. by 12l. to 460l.

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 360l. by 12l. to 460l., the last increment being of 16l.

Scale E is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 420l. by 12l. to 480l.

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 350l. by 12l. to 480l., the last increment being 16l.

Scale F is as follows:—For those appointed before 1st October, 1923; 440l. by 12l. to 500l.

For those appointed on or after 1st October, 1923; 400l. by 12l. to 500l., the last increment being 16l.

District Commissioners, N. G. Frere, N. C. Hollins, H. C. Hodgson, Maj. W. R. Lyon, G. W. James, E. R. Langley, A. H. Stocks, E. F. Sayers, S. M. Despicht, J. T. Kemp, J. S. Fenton, A. V. E. Pearse, L. W. Wilson (one vacancy), Scale B.

Assistant District Commissioners, Capt. J. C. Page, Capt. F. R. Ellis, J. de B. Shaw, E. Harnetty, P. H. Smith, J. C. Wratislaw, E. J. Tyndall, C. G. Hancock, G. Jackson, L. H. Humpherson, G. P. Taylor, W. W. Barnhill, A. M. Sim, N. M. McRobert, F. H. McCleary, Scale B.

Office Assistants, C. R. Morrison, A. T. A. Beckley, F. A. Devenaux, 350l. to 450l. each.

First Grade Clerks, M. P. Cole, A. F. G. Taylor, 210l. to 250l.

Treasury Department.

Colonial Treasurer, P. F. Barton, V.D., 1,100l., and 220l. duty allowance.

Senior Assistant Treasurer, Edwin Taylor, 840l. to 920l., and 72l. seniority allowance.

Assistant Treasurers, C. J. Hodgson and C. S. Rayner, Scale A; E. Godman Taylor, 400l. to 500l.

Staff Superintendent, C. E. Hoyte, 350l. to 450l.

Chief Clerk, T. R. Jones, 264l. to 372l.

First Grade Clerks, A. E. Laverse and S. D. Palmer, 210l. to 250l. each.

Customs Department.

Comptroller of Customs, J. I. Lauder, 1,100l., and duty allowance of 220l.

Assistant Comptroller of Customs, R. B. Mackie, Scale A.

Collector of Customs, Freetown, D. A. Finlayson, Scale A.

Supervisor of Customs, Sherbro, F. N. Jones, 360l. to 500l.

Supervisor of Customs, Freetown, A. C. A. Johnson, 360l. to 500l.

Senior Outdoor Officer, A. R. Harris, 264l. to 372l.

Chief Clerks, M. A. Lewis, W. M. Peeler, M. A. Smith, E. F. Clarke, C. D. Williams, 264l. to 372l. each.

Audit Department.

Auditor, E. H. Morris, 1,000l. and 200l. duty allowance.

Assistant Auditors, R. S. Foster, R. F. Pinder, H. G. Imray, Scale A.

Chief Clerk, U. W. Coker, 264l. to 372l.

First Grade Clerks, S. B. Logan and S. A. Adams, 210l. to 250l. each.

Port and Marine Department.

Harbour Master, Lieut. R. L. Wikner, D.S.C., R.N.R., Scale C.

Deputy Harbour Master, T. M. Johnson, 264l. to 372l.

Government Pilot, A. E. Adams, 500l.

Judicial and Legal.

Chief Justice, Sir G. K. T. Purcell, Kt., 1,600l. and 300l. duty allowance.

Puisne and Circuit Judge, W. B. Lloyd, 1,200l., and 240l. duty allowance.

Attorney-General, A. C. V. Prior, 1,200l., and 240l. duty allowance.

Solicitor-General, I. J. T. Turbett, 960l., and 96l. duty allowance.

Police Magistrate, Mr. B. A. K. McRoberts, 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Master and Registrar General, J. R. Wright, 360*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*
Senior Crown Counsel, L. E. C. Evans, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority pay.
Junior Crown Counsel, vacant, Scale B.
Police Clerk, J. A. Williams, 264*l.* to 372*l.*
Assistant Master, Circuit Court, F. B. E. McEwen, 210*l.* to 250*l.*
First Grade Clerk, J. N. P. Nicol, 210*l.* to 250*l.*

Civil Police.

Commissioner of Police, Major C. H. King, 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Commissioner of Police, Capt. P. T. Brodie, D.S.O., M.C., Scale A.
Chief Inspector, J. Rabbitt, 450*l.* to 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
Senior Inspector, Capt. R. J. Craig, M.C., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, G. E. Biddle, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*
Assistant Superintendent of Prisons, A. P. Simmonds, Scale F.
Storekeeper, D. A. Williams, 264*l.* to 372*l.*

Survey Department.

Director, Major J. Dare, M.C., 1,050*l.*, duty 210*l.*
Survey and Lands Officer, R. Temple, Scale C.
Instructor, Survey School, C. A. Smith, Scale C, maximum 720*l.*

Medical.

Director, Medical and Sanitary Service, J. C. S. McDouall, 1,400*l.*, and 280*l.* duty allowance.
Surgeon Specialist, Q. Stewart, 1,300*l.*, and 260*l.* duty allowance.
Senior Medical Officers, J. Y. Wood and D. T. Birt, 1,000*l.* to 1,150*l.* by 50*l.*, and 100*l.* seniority allowance each.
Medical Officers, M. Jackson, J. D. Dimock, E. S. Walls, J. W. Hartley, W. A. A. Malone, A. W. Lewis, C. B. Jennings, R. F. Campbell, H. J. Birmingham and G. L. Alexander, 660*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*
Lady Medical Officer, Mrs. D. B. Blacklock, 660*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*
African Medical Staff, E. J. Wright, M. C. F. Eason, E. H. Taylor - Cummings, G. N. Metzger, E. A. Renner, W. E. B. Hughes, W. F. O. Taylor, and J. A. Williams, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* each.
Senior Nursing Sisters, C. Littlewood and A. E. MacMaster, 500*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.* each.
Nursing Sisters, C. H. B. Goodwin, M. A. Henry, L. D. S. McPetrie, and N. M. Brown, 350*l.* then 400*l.* then 415*l.* by 15*l.* to 430*l.* by 20*l.* to 480*l.* each.

Sanitary Department.

Deputy Director, Sanitary Service, W. H. Peacock, 1,300*l.*, and 260*l.* duty allowance.
Senior Sanitary Officer, J. M. MacKay, M.C., 1,050*l.* to 1,200*l.* by 50*l.*, and 210*l.* duty allowance.
Medical Officer of Health, F. V. Hill, 800*l.*, by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, and 100*l.* seniority allowance, Staff Pay at 150*l.* p.a.
Sanitary Superintendent and Training Officer, G. V. Herd, 500*l.* to 560*l.* by 12*l.*
Superintendent, Sanitary Inspectors, A. E. Wilkinson and P. Osment, Scale F.

Education.

Director of Education, H. S. Keigwin, M.B.E., 1,100*l.*, and 220*l.* duty allowance.
Deputy Director of Education and Chief Inspector of Schools, H. Blackmore, 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Principal, Prince of Wales' School, H. Evans, 800*l.* to 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Principal, Bo School, V. de Lisle, 800*l.* to 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Principal, Training College, H. Michell, 800*l.* to 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Vice-Principal, Prince of Wales' School, W. A. J. Musson, Scale C.
Vice-Principal, Bo School, K. J. Ritchie, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, and seniority allowance of 72*l.* from 720*l.*
European Masters, Bo School, Mr. H. E. T. Hodgson and Mr. F. A. Lacey, Scale C.
African Assistant Director of Education, C. A. E. Macaulay, 360*l.* to 500*l.*
Inspector of Schools, J. O. Wallace, 210*l.* to 250*l.*
Senior Master, Prince of Wales' School, W. G. Nicol, 264*l.* to 372*l.*
Senior Master, Model School, W. T. Thomas, 264*l.* to 372*l.*
Senior Master, Agricultural Training College, A. T. Sumner, 264*l.* to 372*l.*
Chief Clerk, A. P. King, 264*l.* to 372*l.*

Post Office.

Postmaster General, N. S. Davis, 960*l.*, and 96*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Postmaster General and Accountant, V. K. Edwin, 360*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.*
Staff Superintendent, J. H. Smyth, 310*l.* by 20*l.* to 450*l.*
Chief Clerks, M. A. John, D. A. Davies, V. E. George, 264*l.* by 12*l.* to 372*l.*
First Grade Clerks, J. G. Johnson, J. T. Nottidge, A. T. W. Richards, W. J. Cole, E. S. B. Francis, Z. H. Smith, G. H. H. Branche, P. S. Godwin, A. E. Mammah, M. Y. Sanusi, 210*l.* by 10*l.* to 250*l.*

Lands and Forest Department.

Commissioner of Lands and Forests, M. T. Dawe, O.B.E., 1,200*l.*, and 240*l.* duty allowance.
Secretary, H. O. Luxford, 400*l.* by 15*l.* to 430*l.* to 450*l.* by 30*l.* to 600*l.*
Director of Agriculture, D. W. Scotland, 1,000*l.*, and 200*l.* duty allowance.
Entomologist, E. Hargreaves, A.R.C.S., F.E.S., 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, and 72*l.* seniority allowance.
Agricultural Chemist, F. J. Martin, Ph.D., F.I.C., 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*
Assistant Agricultural Chemist, H. C. Doyne, Scale C.
Mycologist, F. C. Deighton, B.A., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*
Agricultural Instructor, D. C. Edwards, B.Sc., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*
Provincial Superintendents of Agriculture, Capt. J. W. D. Fisher, R. R. Glanville, E. J. Nisbett, J. V. R. Brown, P. J. Moss, Scale C.
Conservator of Forests, K. G. Burbridge, 1,000*l.*, and 200*l.* duty allowance.
Assistant Conservators of Forests, E. Macdonald, D. G. Thomas, A. Burns and one vacancy, Scale C.
Inspector of Plants and Produce, G. Tuach, Scale F.
First Grade Clerk, E. F. W. Smart.

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, W. S. Lake, M.Inst. C.E., 1,100*l.*, duty allowance 220*l.*

Assistant ditto, A. S. Bradshaw, A.M.I.C.E., 960*l.*, duty allowance 96*l.*, personal allowance 100*l.*

Public Health Engineer, O. G. Price, A.M.I.C.E., Ireland, F.S.I., 960*l.*, duty allowance 96*l.*

Executive Engineers, Grade 1, B. W. Fitch-Jones, M.S.A., J. R. Gwyther, M.C., A.M.S.E., 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, allowance 72*l.*

Executive Engineers, Grade 2, J. R. C. Tyler, A.M.I.C.E., W. G. Tomlinson, B.Eng., D. J. Brown, M.I.M.C.E., C. J. Kemp Small, J. H. C. Shakespear, A.M.I.C.E., 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Executive Engineers, Grade 3, A. A. Clements, B.Sc., Eng., London, Dip. in Civil and Mun'l. Engineering, A.M.I.C.E., A. W. Lindsay, B.A., B.A.I. (Dub.), one vacant, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

Architect, A. Archer-Betham, F.R.I.B.A., 600*l.*
Accountant and Storekeeper, W. C. T. Rolfe, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, seniority allowance 72*l.* from 720*l.*

Deputy Accountant and Storekeeper, B. L. Philips, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Assistant Accountant and Storekeeper, T. V. Badger, Scale A, with maximum of 600*l.*

Stock Verifier, J. Lawson, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* (part salary paid by Railway).

Building Inspector, E. G. Russell, 500*l.* to 560*l.* by 12*l.*

Electrical Engineer, F. H. Judd, Scale C.

Assistant Electrical Engineer, S. Shenton, 500*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.*

African Assistant Accountant, S. C. Benjamin, 350*l.* by 20*l.* to 450*l.*

African Assistant Storekeeper, M. B. Reader, 350*l.* by 20*l.* to 450*l.*

Inspector of Works, A. W. Spencer, 560*l.* to 600*l.*

Clerk of Works, W. H. Brown, 460*l.* by 12*l.* to 544*l.* by 16*l.* to 560*l.*

Senior Foreman of Works, H. Flint, 500*l.* to 560*l.* by 12*l.*

Foremen of Works, S. Bennett, G. A. Rimmer, A. R. Bull, J. F. Gigg, R. C. Quin, F. G. B. Mortimer, C. J. R. Elms, C. Carter, P. M. Haste, T. Walsh, W. W. Wallace, A. Moore, J. Edminson, Scale F.

Mechanical Foreman of Works, E. F. Rhodes, 500*l.* by 12*l.* to 560*l.*

Roads Foremen, F. H. Bowden, O.B.E., S. G. Farley, W. G. Morgan, Scale F.

Electrical Fitter, T. Maloney, Scale F.

Chief African Surveyor, E. T. Macfay, 264*l.* to 372*l.*

Chief African Draughtsman, A. C. Jones, 264*l.* to 372*l.*

Office Assistant, G. H. Porter, 310*l.* by 20*l.* to 450*l.*

African Clerks, Grade 1, J. T. D. Smith, A. A. Thompson, 210*l.* to 250*l.*

Railway Department.

General Manager and Traffic Manager, O. R. Webb, O.B.E., M.C., 1,400*l.*, duty allowance 280*l.*

Assistant to General Manager, R. Lane, Scale A with maximum of 800*l.*

Principal Clerk, Management Branch, M. W. B. Wright, 264*l.* by 12*l.* to 372*l.*

First Grade Clerk, W. A. FitzJohn, 210*l.* by 10*l.* to 250*l.*

Chief Engineer, T. A. Young, A.M.I.C.E., 960*l.* duty allowance 96*l.*

Assistant Engineers, A. R. Homan, J. M. M. Whellens, A. E. Crocker and A. Woodburn, Scale C.

Telegraph Engineer, G. Crosswell, Scale C, with maximum of 720*l.*

Chief Mechanical Engineer, R. Malthus, A.M.I.M.E., 960*l.*, duty allowance 96*l.*

Assistant Locomotive Superintendents, J. A. Wood, one vacancy, Scale C.

Deputy Traffic Manager, F. E. M. Beatley, 900*l.*

Assistant Traffic Superintendents, A. Hides, V. Dunglinson, J. Hamilton, W. H. Salkield, Scale A, with maximum of 800*l.*

Chief Accountant, H. C. F. Fisher, 960*l.*, duty allowance 96*l.*

Assistant Accountants, 1st Grade, J. Hunter, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*; *2nd Grade*, R. J. Dickinson, Scale A, with maximum of 720*l.*

Chief Storekeeper, A. C. Blanchfield, 800*l.*, duty allowance 72*l.*

Assistant Storekeeper, C. W. Adamson, Scale A with maximum of 720*l.*

Staff Superintendent, J. C. Hamilton, 310*l.* by 20*l.* to 450*l.*

Chief Clerks, 264*l.* by 12*l.* to 372*l.*—*Stores Branch*, S. G. Thompson; *Traffic Branch*, E. Thomas; *Loco. Branch*, M. J. Aube; *Engineering Branch*, H. R. Pratt; *Accounts*, E. E. Wilson.

First Grade Clerks, T. E. Stanley, T. N. Pratt, F. Worley, Z. D. M'Cauley, G. C. Williams, S. J. C. Johnson, 210*l.* by 10*l.* to 250*l.*

Sierra Leone Battalion, West African Frontier Force.

Major, Major W. A. Taaffe, 850*l.*, and 182*l.* duty allowance per annum.

Adjutant and Quartermaster, Lieut. R. P. M. Davis, 700*l.*, and 91*l.* duty allowance per annum.

3 Captains, C. R. Carter, D.S.O., 750*l.* per annum, A. E. Salter, V. J. Bradey, 700*l.* per annum.

8 Lieutenants, G. W. Kempster, M.C., A. S. W. Willis, M.C., H. S. Thomas, E. A. W. L. Crouch, G. S. Renny (46*l.* signalling allowance), 510*l.* to 600*l.* per annum.

SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE.

In 1884, a Protectorate was established over the tribes on the Somali Coast, extending from Lahadu (Loyi-ada), half-way between Ras Jibouti and Zeyla, to the 49th meridian E. long. The boundary has been settled by agreements with France, Italy and King Menelik of Abyssinia. Till 1898, the Somaliland Protectorate was administered by the Resident at Aden, as a dependency of the Government of India. In that year, it was transferred to the charge of the Foreign Office, and on 1st April, 1905, to that of the Colonial Office. The chief ports are Berbera, Bulhar, and Zeyla. Area about 68,000 square miles.

Exports consist of skins and hides, sheep and cattle, gums, ostrich feathers, and salt.

Imports consist of rice, dates, cotton piece goods and shirtings, iron and hardware.

All transport is by animals. There is a weekly steamer service with Aden.

The climate at the coast is trying for Europeans, but is comparatively healthy in the interior, where an elevation of from 4,500 feet to 6,800 feet is reached.

The Haud waterless plains constitute the principal pastures of the country. The chief source of wealth of the people lies in their live stock.

In the beginning of 1901, operations were commenced against a fanatical Somali leader, the Mullah Mohammed Abdullah, and a native levy with British Officers, under Captain (local Lieut.-Colonel) E. J. E. Swayne, Indian Army, penetrated into the Nugal Valley. After defeating the Mullah at Somala and Foddiddin, and killing 1,200 men and taking 600 prisoners, he drove him into Italian territory.

The dervishes afterwards gathered together again, and a similar expedition, strengthened by the 2nd King's African Rifles (Yao), was despatched under Colonel Swayne in the summer of 1902, and again drove the Mullah into Italian territory with heavy loss, but met with a severe check in Italian territory at Erego, on October 6th. The Mullah, however, retired as the result of this action still further into Italian territory, to Geladi.

Five months later a third expedition, co-operating with the Abyssinian Army, under Brevet Lieut.-Colonel (local Brigadier-General) W. H. Manning, Insp.-General K.A. Rifles, comprising British and Boer M.I., Indian and African troops, with the main base at Obbia in Italian Somaliland, proceeded to Mudug, thence detaching a force under Lieut.-Colonel Cobbe, V.C., to Geladi, which place was up till then the head-quarters of the enemy. A force of 200 Yao and Sikha, under the late Lieut.-Colonel Plunkett, was overwhelmed at Gumburru, in April, 1903, after a fight of the fiercest description. A column of 200 men under Major Gough, was at the same time attacked at Daratoleh, whence it retired fighting to Bohotleh, and in June the expedition fell back on the Berbera-Bohotleh lines of communication, when Lieut.-General Sir C. C. Egerton, K.C.B., was placed in command.

Reinforcements, increasing the force to 7,000 rifles, were despatched and placed in the field, and in January, 1904, 3,250 troops defeated 5,000 dervishes at Jidballi, about 1,000 of the latter being killed.

In March, 1905, an agreement was concluded between the Italian Government and the Mullah Seyyid Mahomed, whereby peace was declared between the dervishes and the neighbouring tribes, both those subject to the Government of Italy and those under the protection of the British Government. The Mullah was given a port on the east coast and was assigned certain territories within the Italian sphere of interest, beyond which he and his dervishes undertook not to encroach.

In the latter part of 1908, some unrest was caused by the unfriendly attitude of the Mullah, and reinforcements were brought into the Protectorate from East Africa, Uganda, Nyasaland, and India during 1909.

Subsequently, arrangements were made to arm the friendly tribes to enable them to defend themselves against attack, and in March, 1910, all troops were withdrawn from the interior; the 6th Battalion King's African Rifles was disbanded, and a policy of strict coastal concentration was then adopted. This policy having disappointed expectations, a Camel Constabulary, 180 strong, under the command of the late Mr. R. C. Corfield, was raised at the end of 1912 to check inter-tribal fighting, which by this time had assumed serious

proportions. A measure of peace among the friendly tribes was quickly restored, but in August, 1913, the Corps, at a strength of 109 rank and file, encountered at Dulmadoba a raiding party of dervishes estimated at 2,000 rifles, and in the action which ensued, though heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy, the Camel Constabulary sustained casualties amounting to 50 %, including the Commandant, killed. The force thereupon fell back on Sheikh, and reinforcements of Indian Infantry were moved up from the coast. His Majesty's Government later decided to increase the forces of the Protectorate in order to preserve the necessary grazing grounds of the friendlies from dervish attack, and to maintain peace among the tribes living in the west.

In November, 1914, Military Headquarters were established at Burao, 80 miles from the coast. At this time the Dervishes were in occupation of the Ain Valley, which is one of the principal grazing grounds of the friendlies. Strong forts had been constructed by the Mullah at Jidali and Shimber Berris and these were used as forward bases for raids against our tribes. The position at Shimber Berris was accordingly attacked by the local troops under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Cubitt, D.S.O., and after a stubborn resistance all the forts were finally captured and blown up. In 1914 the Dervishes made serious raids and their aggressions went on during the war, but early in 1920 operations against them were carried out by air attacks followed up by mounted forces with infantry supports. These operations were completely successful, the power of the Dervishes was completely destroyed, and the Mullah became a fugitive in Abyssinian territory; he died there in 1921. Since 1923 the condition of the country has been peaceful and as a result the stock wealth of the native population has largely increased while in the western areas the development of agriculture has made great progress. A geological survey of the Protectorate has been made which has shown some areas of promise.

Statistics.

	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.
1917-18 ...	304,480l.	239,444l.
1918-19 ...	347,543l.	240,257l.
1919-20 ...	503,213l.	281,011l.
1920-21 ...	393,815l.	187,041l.
*1921 ...	349,003l.	317,659l.
*1922 ...	379,277l.	324,445l.
1923 ...	328,945l.	228,640l.
1924 ...	340,563l.	233,145l.
1925 ...	357,697l.	242,722l.
1926 ...	307,423l.	245,301l.
	REVENUE.	EXPENDITURE.
1917-18 ...	42,000l.	115,854l.
1918-19 ...	54,497l.	147,328l.
1919-20 ...	81,869l.	322,989l.
1920-21 ...	58,991l.	208,400l.
*1921-22 ...	120,405l.	203,128l.
1922-23 ...	82,316l.	255,345l.
1923-24 ...	78,542l.	144,384l.
1924-25 ...	82,607l.	150,564l.
1925-26 ...	89,057l.	167,955l.
1926-27 ...	90,569l.	149,125l.

* Reckoned at Rs. 10s. to £1 sterling.

Grants in Aid.

1919-20	...	...	199,000 <i>l.</i>
1920-21	...	...	210,000 <i>l.</i>
Grants 1921-25 to be split up into Grants and Loans:—			
1921-22	{ Grant in Aid	...	58,000 <i>l.</i>
	{ Loan in Aid	...	42,000 <i>l.</i>
1922-23	{ Grant in Aid	...	54,000 <i>l.</i>
	{ Loan in Aid	...	21,000 <i>l.</i>
1923-24	{ Grant in Aid	...	45,000 <i>l.</i>
	{ Loan in Aid	...	29,000 <i>l.</i>
1924-25	{ Grant in Aid	...	47,000 <i>l.</i>
	{ Loan in Aid	...	25,000 <i>l.</i>
1925-26	Grant in Aid	...	60,000 <i>l.</i>
1926-27	...	...	45,000 <i>l.</i>

Governors since 1919.

1919, Oct. G. F. Archer, C.M.G. (later Sir G. F. Archer, K.O.M.G.)
 1922, Aug. Lt.-Col. G. H. Summers, C.M.G. (now Colonel Sir G. H. Summers, K.C.M.G.)
 1926. H. B. Kittermaster C.M.G., O.B.E.

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, H. B. Kittermaster, C.M.G., O.B.E., 1,700*l.* and duty allowance 350*l.*

Secretary to the Government, Major A. S. Lawrance, D.S.O., 900*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,100*l.*

Assistant Secretary to the Government, W. L. Heape, 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*

Administration.

Commissioners, R. R. H. Jebb, O.B.E., Major B. H. Horsley, D.S.O., M.C., Capt. E. N. Park, M.C., 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 700*l.*; J. Beattie, M.C., R. H. Smith, Capt. H. E. Long, Capt. D. J. C. Walsh, T. Donovan, D.C.M., A. McCallum, M.C., J. H. B. Murphy, D. Forbes, 1 vacancy, each 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*

Consul at Harar, O. H. F. Plowman, 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*

Treasury.

Treasurer, V. S. Bryan, 800*l.*

Senior Assistant Treasurer, D. L. Bethell, 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.*

Police.

Commandant, Capt. J. H. Bloomburgh, O.B.E., 800*l.*

Assistant Commandant, A. P. Oakes, M.M. 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.*

Pay and Quartermaster (vacant), 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.*

Prisons.

Director, Assistant Commandant of Police.

Medical Department.

Principal Medical Officer, R. S. Taylor, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,100*l.*

Medical Officers, A. W. H. Donaldson, O.B.E., L. V. Tebbs (temporary at *700*l.*), C. G. Timms, M.C., each 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*; one vacancy.

Medical Officer of Health (vacant).

Customs Department.

Chief of Customs, H. M. O'Byrne, 900*l.*

Assistant Chief of Customs (vacant).

* Plus 12½ % exchange allowance in respect of resident service.

Posts and Telegraphs Department.

Director of Posts and Telegraphs, C. V. Magill, 800*l.*

Postal Assistant Director of Posts and Telegraphs, G. G. Kellie, 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.*

Telegraph Assistant Director, G. Hill, 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.*

Public Works Department.

Director, L. H. Macnaghten, 900*l.*

Assistant Director of Public Works A. T. R. Grimson, 450*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.* by 30*l.* to 700*l.*

Director of Agriculture and Geologist, R. A. Farquharson, M.A., M.Sc., F.G.S., 900*l.*

Veterinary Department.

Chief Veterinary Officer, Major T. A. B. Cockedge, M.R.C.V.S., 700*l.* by 25*l.* to 800*l.*

Geological and Agricultural Department.

Director of Agriculture and Geologist, R. A. Farquharson, M.A., M.Sc., F.G.S., 900*l.*

Camel Corps, King's African Rifles.

Officer Commanding, Somaliland Camel Corps, K.A.R., Capt. (temp. Lt.-Col.) B. F. Hornby, 1,000*l.*

Company Commander (Major), Capt. (local Major) W. G. Mackay, O.B.E., 775*l.*

Company Commanders, Lieut. (temp. Capt.) K. G. Fernie, Lieut. (temp. Capt.) E. P. S. Shirley, 700*l.*

Company Officers, Lieuts. A. D. M. Lewis, J. H. H. Willans, N. W. Holbrook, C. L. Ferrard, M.C., E. O. Burne, A. S. Poulton (one vacancy), each 550*l.* or 500*l.*

Adjutant, Lieut. J. W. Kaye, 550*l.* and allowance 50*l.*

Pay and Quartermaster, Capt. W. R. Haymes, 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*

Quartermaster-Sergeant, Sergt. A. E. Gardner, M.M., 300*l.* by 15*l.* to 400*l.*

Store Staff-Sergeant, H. O. Cain, 300*l.* by 20*l.* to 450*l.*

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

The Straits Settlements, comprising Singapore, Penang, and Malacca, were transferred from the control of the Indian Government to that of the Secretary of State for the Colonies on the 1st April, 1867, by an Order in Council, issued under the authority of an Act of the Imperial Parliament (29 & 30 Vict. c. 115).

Situation and Area.

Singapore is an island of which the greatest length is about 27 miles by 14 wide, containing an area of 217 square miles, situated at the southern extremity of the Malay Peninsula, from which it is separated by a narrow strait about three-quarters of a mile in width. There are a number of small islands adjacent to it which form part of the settlement, which now comprises also Christmas Island, and the Cocos Islands.

The seat of Government is the town of Singapore, at the southern point of the island, in lat. 1° 17' north, and long. 103° 50' east.

Penang is an island about 15 miles long and 9 broad, containing an area of 108 square miles, situated off the west coast of the Malay Peninsula

in 5° N. latitude, and at the northern extremity or entrance to the Straits of Malacca. On the opposite shore of the mainland, from which the island is separated by a strait from 2 to 10 miles broad, is Province Wellesley, a strip of territory forming part of the settlement, averaging 8 miles in width, and extending 45 miles along the coast, including 10 miles of territory to the south of the Krian (*vide infra*), the whole containing an area of 280 square miles.

The chief town is George Town, in 5° 24' north lat. and 100° 21' east long.

Malacca is situated on the western coast of the peninsula between Singapore and Penang, about 110 miles from the former and 240 from the latter, and consists of a strip of territory about 42 miles in length, and from 8 to 25 miles in breadth, containing an area of 720 square miles. The town, called Malacca, is in 2° 10' north lat. and 102° 14' east long.

The *Dindings*, area about 183 square miles, include the island of Pangkor and a strip of territory opposite on the mainland, about 80 miles from Penang, in 4° 15' north lat., and 100° 35' east long. Lumut, the headquarters on the mainland, possesses a fine harbour with deep anchorage, and arrangements have been made for coasting steamers to call regularly.

The *Cocos or Keeling Islands*, which were declared a British possession in 1867, were placed, by Letters Patent of 13th October, 1878, under the control of the Governor of Ceylon, and by Letters Patent dated the 1st of February, 1886, under the Governor of the Straits Settlements. In 1903 they were annexed to the Straits Settlements and incorporated with the Settlement of Singapore. The islands lie between lat. 11° 50' to 12° 45' S., long. 96° 50' E., 700 miles S.W. of Batavia. The largest is 5 miles by $\frac{1}{2}$ mile. There are large coconut plantations, and copra, oil, and nuts are exported. In 1902 a station on the Cape-Australia cable route was established on Direction Island, in the north-eastern part of the group. The population numbers about 795.

Christmas Island, situated in the Indian Ocean. 190 miles S. of Java, lat. 10° 30' S., long. 105° 40' E., was annexed in June, 1888, and placed under the administration of the Governor of the Straits Settlements by Letters Patent of 5th Jan., 1889. In 1900 it was annexed to the Straits Settlements, and incorporated with the Settlement of Singapore. The island, which is densely wooded, has an area of about 62 square miles. In shape it is a rough parallelogram with deeply indented sides, its greatest length being about 12 miles, and its greatest breadth about 9 miles. The inhabitants, who number about 1,100, are all, with the exception of the District Officer and his staff, employes of the Christmas Island Phosphate Company, which was formed in 1897 to work the extensive deposits of phosphate of lime, to which the island owes its importance.

The total area of the Colony with these dependencies is about 1,600 square miles.

By Letters Patent issued at the end of 1906, provision was made for the incorporation of the Colony of *Labuan* in that of the Straits Settlements. The provision came into effect from the 1st of January, 1907. An account of Labuan will be found below.

The Colony became associated with the administration of *Brunei* from about the same time (*see below*). A Commission as High Commissioner for Brunei was issued in 1906 to the

Governor of the Straits Settlements, and a subsequent Commission of the same year vested the post in the officer for the time being administering the government of the Straits Settlements.

History.

Malacca, said to have been founded by fugitives from the sack of Singapore, and known as an important independent State from early in the fifteenth century, is one of the oldest European settlements in the East, having been captured by the Portuguese under Albuquerque in 1511, and held by them till 1641, when the Dutch, after frequent attempts, succeeded in driving them out. The settlement remained in the possession of the Dutch till 1795, when it was taken by the English, who held it till 1818. It was then restored to Holland, but was again transferred to British rule as a consequence of the Treaty of London (17th March, 1824), being exchanged for the British settlements in Sumatra.

When Malacca was captured by the Portuguese in 1511, it was one of the grand *entrepôts* for the commerce of the East, but as the Portuguese pushed their operations further to the east, in the archipelago and neighbouring countries, the trade of Malacca gradually declined and it ceased to be of consequence as a collecting centre, except for the trade of the Malay Peninsula and the Island of Sumatra. This trade it retained under Dutch rule till the establishment of Penang in 1786. In a few years from that date its trade almost ceased, and it became, what it has ever since been, a place of little commercial importance, but possessing great agricultural resources. The trade of the Malay Peninsula and Sumatra passed to Penang, which also carried on a large traffic with China, Siam, Borneo, the Celebes, and other places in the archipelago not under Dutch control; but no sooner was Singapore established than Penang in its turn had to yield the first place to Singapore, and came to depend chiefly on the local trade. At first unimportant, that trade has now assumed enormous proportions, owing to the development of the rich tin-mining areas and rubber-bearing lands of the Malay Peninsula.

Penang, or Prince of Wales' Island, was the first British settlement in the Malay Peninsula, having been ceded to the East India Company by the Raja of Kedah in 1786, with the proviso that the sum of 6,000 dols. should be paid annually to the Raja of Kedah so long as the British occupied the island. In 1800, in consequence of the prevalence of piracy, a strip of the coast of the mainland, now called Province Wellesley, was acquired from the Raja, the annual payment being in return increased to \$10,000. This has been subsequently enlarged from time to time, until it now extends from the Muda River to 10 miles south of the Krian River, a distance of 45 miles, containing in all 280 square miles. This province is in a high state of cultivation, the chief articles cultivated being sugar, paddy, coconuts, and rubber. In 1806 Penang was made a separate Presidency, of equal rank with Madras and Bombay. In 1826 Singapore and Malacca were incorporated with it under one government. Penang still remaining the seat of government. In 1836 the seat of government was transferred to Singapore.

The island of Pangkor and the Sembilan Islands were ceded by Perak in 1826, with a view to the suppression of piracy, but no use was made of the

cession at the time. In 1874 the cession of these islands was confirmed by the Treaty of Pangkor (to which reference is made in dealing with the relations of the Colony with the Malay States), by which a strip of territory in the mainland opposite also became British. The whole now forms, under the name of the Dindings Territory, an outlying portion of the Settlement of Penang.

The original city of Singapore is said to have been founded by immigrants from Sumatra. It rose into prominence in the fourteenth century. Its greatness came to a sudden end in 1377, when it was sacked and destroyed by the Javanese, and thenceforth the island was scarcely inhabited until Sir Stamford Raffles took possession of it in 1819, by virtue of a treaty with the Johore princes. The new settlement was at first subordinate to Bencoolen (Fort Marlborough) in Sumatra, but in 1823 it was placed under the Government of Bengal; in 1826 it was, as above stated, united with Penang and Malacca, under the Governor and Council of the Incorporated Settlements.

Constitution, Law, and Justice.

The Government consists of a Governor, aided by an Executive and Legislative Council. The latter body consists of 13 official members and 13 unofficial members, of whom 2 are nominated by the Chambers of Commerce of Singapore and Penang.

The law in force is contained in local ordinances, and in such English and Indian Acts and Orders in Council as have been made applicable to the colony. The Indian Penal Code, with slight alterations, has been adopted, and there is a Civil Procedure Code based on the English Judicature Acts, as well as a Criminal Procedure Code based on the Indian one.

There is a Supreme Court, which holds assizes at Singapore and Penang every two months, and quarterly at Malacca; and which holds civil sittings, monthly at Singapore and Penang, and once a quarter at Malacca.

Climate.

The climate varies but little during the year. The mean temperature in Singapore for 1926 was 79° 9' F.; in Penang 82° 2' F.; in Province Wellesley, 81° 9' F.; and in Malacca, 83° F. In Singapore there is a rainy season during the months of November, December and January. Otherwise the rainfall is pretty evenly distributed throughout the year. From carefully kept records of observations for a period of 10 years, from 1912 to 1921, it is found in Singapore that there is an annual average of 169 wet days; the average monthly rainfall for the same period was 259·32 millimetres. In 1926 the total rainfall in Singapore was 2,172·38 m.m.; in Penang 2,367 millimetres; in Province Wellesley 2,608 millimetres; in Malacca 2,409·1 millimetres. The wettest year recorded in Singapore was 1913 with 3,442·37 millimetres (158·37 inches). The force of the monsoons is not much felt, though the prevailing winds are generally in the direction of the monsoons blowing at the time, viz.:—S.W. from May to October, N.E. from November to April. At the change of these monsoons, short explosive storms (known as "Sumatras") are not infrequent, and are accompanied by some electrical disturbance.

Population.

At the census taken in 1901, 1911, and 1921, the total population of the Straits Settlements was found to be as follows:—

	1901.	1911.	1921.
Singapore*	228,555	311,985	425,912
Penang†	258,207	278,003	304,335
Malacca	95,487	124,081	153,522
Total	572,249	714,069	883,769

Trade.

The ports are, except in the case of petroleum, opium, liquors and tobacco, free from duties on imports or exports, nor are tonnage dues levied for general purposes.

The chief exports comprise tin, sugar, pepper, nutmeg, mace, sago, tapioca, rice, buffalo hides and horns, rattans, gutta, para rubber, gambier, gum, coffee, preserved pineapples, dyestuffs, tobacco, etc. Of these the only articles produced to any considerable extent in the colony are tapioca, rice, and rubber (chiefly in Malacca and Prov. Wellesley); and pineapples and rubber (in Singapore). The approximate quantities of some of the exports and imports in 1926 were:—

EXPORTS 1926.

Coffee (raw)	11,692,850 lbs.
Pineapples (canned)	36,916 tons.
Sago	41,757 "
Spices	83,355 "
Tapioca	37,161 "
Tin	76,340 "
Copra	168,083 "
Gums	10,979 "
Para Rubber	272,545 "
Gutta Percha, etc.	9,533 "
Rattans	16,993 "

IMPORTS 1926.

Fish (dried and salted)	67,566 tons.
Rice	679,293 "
Wheat Flour	48,523 "
Opium	625,600 lbs.
Tin (5,745 tons)	99,633 tons.
Tin Ore (93,888 tons)	
Coal	799,094 "
Petroleum (Kerosene)	79,684 "
Cotton Piece Goods	147,876,310 yards.
Sarongs, Slendangs and Kains (Cotton)	12,310,809 (Nos.)
Silk Piece Goods	6,695,315 yards.

The main trade is with the United Kingdom, India, Hong Kong, the Continent of Europe, the United States, the Dutch Indies, Siam, and the Malay States.

Imports.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
1926	114,325,240	555,162,530	650,039,087	1,319,526,857

Exports.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
1926	112,545,563	306,114,714	789,619,617	1,208,279,894

* Including Christmas, Cocos-Keeling, and Labuan Islands.

† Including Province Wellesley and Dindings.

The native Weights are :—

1 kati = 16 tahlil =	1½ lb.
100 kati = 1 picul =	133½ lbs.
40 picul = 1 koyan =	5333½ lbs.

Singapore and George Town (Penang) are ports of registry ; Singapore had, on the 31st December, 1926, 734 steam, motor and sailing vessels registered, of a total gross tonnage of 123,075 tons.

The ports of Singapore and Penang are administered by Harbour Boards under the authority of Ordinance No. 130 (Ports). The number of steamships and the aggregate tonnage entering the ports in 1926, were :—

	Singapore.	Penang.
No. of Steamships .	7,981	3,106
Tonnage entered .	12,776,470	5,707,009

A list of the members and principal officers of the Boards is appended below.

Means of Communication.

Over 50 lines of seagoing steamers touch at Singapore. There is regular communication with Europe fortnightly by British India steamers, *vid* Rangoon, Calcutta and Bombay, and fortnightly services by the Peninsular and Oriental and Messageries Maritimes vessels, *vid* Ceylon; in addition there are fortnightly services by the Steamship Co. "Nederland" and the Rotterdam Lloyd; and at frequent intervals by the Holt's, Chargeurs-Réunis, Glen and Shire, Japanese and other lines; with China and Japan once a fortnight by the P. and O. and M.M. lines, and by other lines frequently; with Cochin China fortnightly by the Messageries Maritimes and by other lines frequently; with Manila *vid* Hong Kong by Holt's Ellerman Line, and Spanish packets direct; with Bangkok by Straits steamship and other steamers and by train; with Batavia and other Netherlands India ports by various steamers; with Australian ports frequently by British India, Burns Philp, Ocean Steamship Co., Western Australia Steam Navigation Co., Austral—East Indies Line, K.P.M., and other lines direct, and occasionally *vid* Colombo, with the sailings thence of Orient Packets, P. and O. Packets, and Australian Commonwealth Line; with Madras (direct), and other ports on the Coromandel Coast, fortnightly by the British India Co's. steamers and by other steamers *via* Colombo; and with Rangoon and Calcutta weekly by the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., British India, Apar, and other steamers. In addition to the above, there is frequent communication with Penang, Malacca, and ports of the Native States, Hong Kong, etc., by local lines. Most of the larger steamers call at Penang. Letters from England reach Singapore in from 22 to 24 days.

*Postage and Communications.***A. Letters addressed to foreign countries :—**

First oz.	12 cents.
Each succeeding oz.	6 "

Letters addressed to places in the British Empire except those places named in C :—

Per oz.	6 cents.
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C. Letters addressed to places in the Straits Settlements, the Federated Malay States, Kedah, Perlis, Kelantan, Johore, North Borneo, Sarawak, Brunei, Trengganu, and Kemaman :—

First 2 ozs.	4 cents.
Each succeeding 2 ozs.	
or fraction thereof	2 "

D. Postcards addressed to :—

- (i.) Foreign countries 6 cents.
- (ii.) Places in the British Empire except those named in C 4 "
- (iii.) Countries named in C 2 "

E. Printed papers :—

Every 2 ozs.	2 "
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except that the rate of postage on a newspaper (a) printed and published within the Straits Settlements or in any British Possession or Protected State in Malaya; or

(b) registered as a newspaper at the General Post Office, London, if posted in the Straits Settlements addressed to any place in the Straits Settlements, Federated Malay States, Johore, Kedah, Kelantan, Perlis, Trengganu (including Kemaman), North Borneo, Sarawak or Brunei, is 2 cents. for any weight not exceeding 5 ozs., and 2 cents. for each succeeding 5 ozs. or fraction thereof provided that no enclosure which is not part of the newspaper or a supplement thereto is enclosed with the newspaper. If two or more copies are sent in a single packet, each newspaper shall be liable to the same postage as if posted separately. But in no case shall a packet of such newspapers be chargeable with a higher rate than that chargeable on a packet of printed papers of the same weight.

The operations of the Money Order Branch amounted in 1926 to \$7,687,495, the principal business done being with India, Federated Malay States, United Kingdom, Netherlands East Indies, Ceylon, and United States of America.

Eleven sub-marine cables radiate from Singapore: 5 to Penang, thence to Madras (3), Colombo (2), Deli (1); 2 to Batavia, of which one thence to Cocos; 1 to Banjoewangie, thence to Darwin (2); 1 direct to Hong Kong; 1 to Cochin-China, thence to Hong Kong (1), and 1 to Labuan, thence to Hong Kong (1). There are also Government telegraph lines from Penang to Province Wellesley, and thence to Pérak, Sélángor, Pahang, Trengganu, Negri Sembilan, Kedah, Perlis, Kelantan, Siam, Johore, Malacca, and Singapore. The land line from Singapore to Penang *via* Kuala Lumpur (503 miles) was opened for traffic in June, 1909. There are 690 miles of telegraph line, 24½ nautical miles of submarine cable between Penang and Province Wellesley and 2 miles between Singapore and Johore and there are 22,502 miles of telephone line. The telephone exchange in Singapore, is worked by the Oriental Telephone Co. and the exchanges in Penang, Province Wellesley and Malacca, are worked by the Post Office; there are 1,675 connections to the three systems. A section of the Federated Malay States Railway system connects Singapore and Bangkok, Province Wellesley from South to North with a section from Bukit Mertajam to Prai. Another section of the system runs from the docks of Singapore to Kranji, and a third section connects Malacca with the main line at Tampin, in Negri Sembilan.

Education.

The control of all the Government schools is vested in the Director of Education, Straits Settlements and Federated Malay States.

By an Ordinance passed in 1909, an Education Board has been established, consisting of official and unofficial members, under the chairmanship of the Director of Education. Provision has been made by the same Ordinance for the levying of an Education Rate, the expenditure of which is under the control of the Board.

Vernacular instruction is provided for Malays free of charge. Attendance at these schools is compulsory for Malay children. The Government assists Chinese vernacular education by grants-in-aid to such schools as apply for them and are satisfactorily conducted. Instruction in English for all nationalities is provided in Government or grant-in-aid schools, and fees are charged. All the schools established by Government are secular. There is a reformatory in Singapore for juvenile offenders and vagrants, in which technical instruction is provided.

The number of schools and scholars in 1926 was as follows:—

	No. of schools.	Enrolment.	Attendance.
Government English schools (boys and girls).	17	6,995	6,693
Grant-in-aid English schools (boys and girls).	29	14,746	13,899
Government vernacular schools (boys and girls).	212	17,719	16,138
Grant-in-aid vernacular schools (boys and girls).	16	1,660	1,594
Total.	274	41,120	38,324

Currency and Banking.

The standard coin of the Colony, by an Order of the Queen in Council, dated 2nd February, 1895, was the silver Mexican dollar, the British dollar and the old Hong Kong dollar being also legal tender.

A Committee to consider the currency question was appointed at home in 1902, and reported in favour of a change to the gold standard, if the local Government so desired. In accordance with the Committee's recommendations, a new Straits Settlements dollar was coined in India and introduced into the Colony and the adjoining Malay States. This coin was of the same weight and fineness as the British dollar. Under Order of the King in Council of 25th June, 1903, the Government declared this dollar to be the standard coin on 5th October, 1903. The Mexican and British dollars were demonetised from 1st September, 1904.

Under Order of the Governor in Council dated 29th January, 1906, the Currency Commissioners were empowered to issue notes in exchange for gold at the rate of \$60 for £7 sterling, thus fixing the sterling value of the dollar at 2s. 4d. In November, 1906, gold sovereigns were declared legal tender at this rate under an Order of the King in Council of the 22nd October, 1906. In view of the great rise in the value of silver, an Order of the King in Council was passed on 11th February, 1907, under which the weight of the Straits Settlements dollar and fifty cent piece was reduced in order to preserve the fixed ratio to gold and by an order of the King in Council dated the 17th day of May, 1920, the fineness of the Straits Settlements dollar and fifty cent piece has been reduced.

Local silver and nickel coins representing fractional parts of the dollar are legal tender up to \$2 and copper coins are legal tender up to \$1. The half-dollar is unlimited legal tender. Under an Ordinance passed in 1917 currency notes of denominations 25 cents and ten cents have been

issued to the public owing to shortage of subsidiary silver. These notes are only legal tender to the extent of \$2.

By the Currency Ordinance passed in 1923 the various funds controlled by the Currency Commissioners were amalgamated into one fund styled the Currency Guarantee Fund.

The following banks have establishments in the Colony: the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China; the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation; the Mercantile Bank of India Limited; the Netherlands Trading Society; the National City Bank of New York; the Banque de l'Indo Chine; the Netherlands India Commercial Bank; and Sze Hai Tong Banking and Insurance Company, Bank of Taiwan, Chinese Commercial Bank, The Yokohama Specie Bank, The Ho Hong Bank, The Oversea Chinese Bank, the China Southern Bank, Lee Wah Bank, the P. and O. Banking Corporation and Thomas Cook & Son (Bankers) Limited.

The first-mentioned Bank is allowed under its Charter to issue notes, but none have been issued since 1909. The amount of notes of local banks in circulation at the end of 1926 was \$140,165 only.

In addition to bank-notes a Government Currency Note issue was introduced in 1899. The amount of notes in circulation at the under-mentioned dates was as follows:—

Notes in circulation 31st Aug., 1909—	\$27,569,475
" " 31st Dec., 1920—	\$101,587,186
" " " 1925—	\$161,432,313
" " " 1926—	\$163,279,713

These notes circulate freely within the Colony and the Federated Malay States, and are largely used in North Borneo.

There is a Post Office Savings Bank at each Settlement. On 31st December, 1926, the deposits amounted to \$3,462,435.

Statistics.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED, EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVE CRAFT.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917 ...	19,672,104	11,389,392	7,704,572	15,784,389
1918 ...	23,262,015	15,964,145	5,534,334	13,064,270
1919 ...	34,108,465	34,901,233	10,081,130	18,895,183
1920 ...	42,469,620	39,260,318	13,133,409	23,964,043
1921 ...	39,545,735	35,439,999	13,404,055	25,965,796
1922 ...	34,103,462	24,797,064	14,912,113	26,913,364
1923 ...	33,318,014	26,717,777	15,844,160	29,938,949
1924 ...	28,639,161	26,706,316	16,967,161	32,617,101
1925 ...	53,850,990	57,593,959	17,970,564	35,032,127
1926 ...	36,465,213	36,955,640	19,032,763	38,028,630

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
1922 ...	57,794,337	249,741,746	264,112,837	571,648,920
1923 ...	70,438,626	327,415,811	364,771,944	762,671,381
1924 ...	77,575,500	362,394,468	407,972,469	847,942,437
1925 ...	106,825,621	558,603,320	641,334,472	1,306,753,413
1926 ...	132,238,000	570,039,000	663,963,000	1,366,239,000

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
1922 ...	41,065,518	125,653,092	365,202,513	531,920,123
1923 ...	64,427,115	178,618,942	464,871,398	707,917,355
1924 ...	73,465,375	189,698,174	504,374,737	766,538,276
1925 ...	108,869,199	258,410,384	859,624,485	1,226,904,268
1926 ...	114,365,000	311,690,000	797,061,000	1,223,096,000

Local Government.

There are Municipalities at Singapore, Penang, and Malacca, administered by Boards of Commissioners, appointed by the Governor. Their revenue and expenditure in 1926 were as follows :—

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	\$	\$
Singapore ...	12,357,875·84	11,906,957·80
Penang... ..	4,047,874·00	3,981,093·00
Malacca ...	395,965·01	305,769·35

Governors.

Since the union of the three Settlements.

- 1826. Mr. Fullerton.
- 1828. Mr. Ibbetson.
- 1833. Mr. Kenneth Murchison.
- 1837. Mr. Samuel G. Bonham.
- 1843. Col. W. J. Butterworth.
- 1855. Mr. E. A. Blundell.
- 1861. Col. Cavenagh.
- 1867. Maj.-Gen. Sir H. St. G. Ord, C.B., R.E.
- 1873. Sir A. Clarke, K.C.M.G., C.B., R.E.
- 1875. Sir W. F. D. Jervois, K.C.M.G., O.B., R.E.
- 1877. Sir W. O. F. Robinson, K.C.M.G.
- 1880. Sir F. A. Weld, K.C.M.G.
- 1887. Sir Cecil C. Smith, K.C.M.G.
- 1893. Lt.-Col. Sir C. B. H. Mitchell, G.C.M.G.
- 1901. Sir Frank Athelstane Swettenham, K.C.M.G.
- 1904. Sir John Anderson, G.C.M.G.
- 1911. Sir Arthur Henderson Young, G.C.M.G., K.B.E.
- 1919. Sir Laurence Nunns Guillemard, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.
- 1927. Sir Hugh Clifford, G.C.M.G., G.B.E. (Malayan Civil Service).

Government.

Executive Council.

Official Members.

- The Governor.
- The General Officer Commanding the Troops.
- The Colonial Secretary.
- The Resident Councillor of Penang.
- The Attorney-General.
- The Colonial Treasurer.
- The Colonial Engineer.
- The Resident Councillor of Malacca.

Unofficial Members.

- Sir D. J. Galloway, M.D.
- Sir Clement Everitt, Kt.

The Legislative Council.

The Official Members of the Executive Council and the following :—

Official Members.

- The Director of Education.
- The Secretary for Chinese Affairs.
- The Principal Civil Medical Officer.
- The Commissioner of Lands.
- Mr. H. Fairburn.
- Mr. G. G. Wilson.

Unofficial Members.

- Mr. J. Bagnall.
- Mr. P. M. Robinson.

- Sir Clement Everitt, Kt.
- Mr. P. K. Nambyar.
- Mr. Tan Cheng Look.
- Mr. Mohamed Unus bin Abdullah.
- Mr. Song Ong Siang, C.B.E. V.D.
- Mr. H. E. Nixon.
- Mr. Quah Beng Kee, O.B.E.
- Mr. P. Simpson.
- Dr N. L. Clarke.
- Mr. G. S. Carver.
- Mr. G. C. Clarke.

Civil Establishment.

Governor, Sir Hugh Clifford, G.O.M.G., G.B.E. (Malayan Civil Service) *7,000l.

Private Secretary, J. Huggins (Malayan Civil Service).

Aides-de-Camp, Capt. G. N. C. H. A. Macartney and Lieut. W. A. Woods.

Secretary to High Commissioner, Federated Malay States, J. D. Hall (acting).

Staff Officers and Officers of the Malayan Civil Service (Cadet Service) in the Straits Settlements.

Staff.

Colonial Secretary, Sir Hayes Marriott, K.B.E., C.M.G., \$1,950 p.m., plus \$300 p.m. Entertainment allowance.

Resident Councillor, Penang, R. Scott, \$1,400 p.m., plus \$400 p.m. Entertainment allowance.

Class I, Grade A.

Treasurer, S.S., L. McLean, \$1,600 p.m.

Resident Councillor, Malacca, M. Frost, M.C., \$1,200 p.m., plus \$200 p.m. Entertainment allowance.

Director of Education, S.S. & F.M.S., R. O. Winstedt, C.M.G., D.Litt, \$1,200 p.m.

Under Secretary, G. Hemmant, \$1,200 p.m.

Controller of Labour, Malaya, E. W. F. Gilman, \$1,200 p.m.

Secretary for Chinese Affairs, A. M. Goodman, \$1,200 p.m.

Director of Fisheries, S.S. & F.M.S., C. F. G. Green, \$1,200 p.m.

Secretary for Postal Affairs, F.M.S. & S.S., H. C. Sells, \$1,200 p.m.

Class I, Grade B.

District Judge and First Magistrate, Singapore, C. H. G. Clarke, \$1,050 p.m.

District Judge and First Magistrate, Penang, G. A. Hereford (J. S. W. Arthur, acting), \$1,050 p.m.

District Judge, Singapore, H. G. Sarwar, \$1,050 p.m.

Registrar of Supreme Court, Singapore, †W.A.N. Davies, \$1,050 p.m.

Senior District Officer, Province Wellesley, E. Pratt, \$1,050 p.m.

Solicitor-General, Singapore, G. G. Seth, K.C., \$1,050 p.m.

Commissioner of Lands (vacant), W. Bartley, M.B.E. (acting), \$1,050 p.m.

Auditor-General, †W. A. White, \$1,050 p.m.

Public Trustee (vacant), \$1,050 p.m.

Deputy Treasurer (A), M. B. Shelley, \$1,050 p.m.

* Including 1,500l. duty allowance.

† Not a member of Cadet Service.

Registrar of Companies and Official Assignee,
E. K. Colman, \$1,050 p.m.
Superintendent, Government Monopolies, Singapore, G. G. Wilson, \$1,050 p.m.
Secretary for Agriculture, S.S. & F.M.S., A. S. Haynes, \$1,050 p.m.
Director, Political Intelligence Bureau, S.S. & F.M.S. (vacant), R. H. de S. Onraet (acting), \$1,050 p.m.
Secretary to High Commissioner (vacant), J. D. Hall (acting), \$1,050 p.m.
Officer-in-charge, Co-operative Societies, F.M.S. and S.S., A. Cavendish, \$1,050 p.m.
Supernumerary Officer, R. J. Farrers, \$1,050 p.m.

Class II.

V. G. Ezechiel, W. H. Lee Warner, J. S. W. Arthur, N. K. Bain, G. E. Cator, N. D. Mudie, G. L. Ham, W. Bartley, M.B.E., \$880 to \$1,000 p.m. each.

Class III.

F. T. Tree, J. D. Hall, C. D. Ahearn, H. R. Bull, W. S. Edden, G. C. G. Muller, F. J. Morten, L. V. J. Laville, R. Ingham, J. H. Pedlow, E. T. Williams, G. R. Sykes, N. A. Sedwick, G. B. Kellagher, B. S. Walton, F. K. Wilson, G. C. Dodd, O. E. Venables, H. F. Monk, E. E. F. Pretty, C. W. A. Sennett, \$730 to \$850 p.m. each.

Class IV.

B. R. Whitehouse, G. Hawkins, J. I. Miller, R. Bird, J. R. Neave, A. L. Birse, W. D. Horne, H. J. Eley, W. N. Gourlay, A. V. Aston, W. H. Gatfield, L. B. Gibson, C. W. Dawson, S. N. King, P. A. B. McKerron, J. G. Black, \$570 to \$690 p.m. each.

Class V.

R. J. Curtis, G. E. Clayton, M.C., W. E. Rigby, M.C., R. W. Grant, M.C., Capt. E. V. G. Day, A. Gilmour, S. M. Middlebrook, J. Calder, S. E. King, T. B. Cocker, R. Moor, D. Wills, and A. W. Hay, \$450 to \$540 p.m. each.

Cadets.

A. Williams*, W. C. Taylor, A. Hyde*, F. V. Duckworth, E. A. Winnington-Ingram, R. P. Bingham, J. P. Biddulph, A. B. Cobden-Ramsay, E. C. S. Adkins, \$350 p.m. each.

Audit Office.

Auditor-General, W. A. White, \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Assistant Auditor, G. F. Jackson, \$950 p.m.
Assistant Auditors, A. F. Mathews, H. T. Hedley, T. S. Evans, \$500 to \$800 p.m. each.

Chinese Protectorate.

Secretary for Chinese Affairs, S.S., A. M. Goodman, \$1,200 p.m.
Protector of Chinese, \$880 to \$1,000 p.m., J. A. Black (acting).
Assistant Protector of Chinese, \$730 to \$850 p.m., W. H. Gatfield (acting).
Extra Assistant Protector of Chinese, W. G. Stirling, \$700 to \$850 p.m.

Colonial Secretary's Office.

Colonial Secretary, Sir Hayes Marriott, K.B.E., C.M.G., \$1,950 p.m., and \$300 p.m. for entertainment allowance.
Under Secretary, G. Hemmant, \$1,200 p.m.

Passed Cadet, \$400 p.m. each.

1st Assistant Colonial Secretary (A), \$880 to \$1,000 p.m., G. C. G. Muller (acting).
1st Assistant Colonial Secretary (B), \$880 to \$1,000 p.m., F. J. Morten (acting).
2nd Assistant Colonial Secretary (A), \$730 to \$850 p.m., R. Irvine, M.C. (acting).
2nd Assistant Colonial Secretary (B), \$730 to \$850 p.m., H. J. Eley (acting).
Office Assistant, Pay-Lieut. S. G. H. Leyh, R.N.R., \$450 to \$750 p.m.
Confidential Clerk (vacant), \$400 to \$550 p.m.
Official Shorthand Reporter, S. I. Saul, \$600 to \$800 p.m.

Coroner, Singapore.

F. G. Bourne, \$375 to \$750 p.m.

District Court (Civil).

District Judge, H. G. Sarwar, \$1,050 p.m.
Assistant District Judge (vacant), \$450 to \$540.

District and Police Courts.

District Judge and First Magistrate, C. H. G. Clarke, \$1,050 p.m.
Second Magistrate, H. R. Bull, \$730 to \$850 p.m.
Third Magistrate, C. H. Dakers, \$450 to \$540 p.m.

Education.

Director of Education, S.S. and F.M.S., R. O. Winstedt, C.M.G., M.A., D.Litt., \$1,200 p.m.
Assistant Director of Education for Chinese Schools, S.S. & F.M.S., N. A. Worley, B.A., \$730 to \$850 p.m.
Chief Inspector of Chinese Schools, S.S. and F.M.S., \$800 p.m. (vacant).
Chief Inspector of English Schools, S.S. and F.M.S., J. Watson, M.A., B.Sc., \$1,050 p.m.
Inspector of Schools, Singapore and Labuan, H. T. Clark, \$900 p.m.
Inspector of Schools, Penang, \$900 p.m., H. R. Cheeseman.
Inspector of Schools, Malacca, \$850 p.m., (vacant), L. R. Wheeler (acting).
Chief Superintendent of Physical Education, S.S. & F.M.S., J. W. Jefferson, B.P.E., \$400 to \$650 p.m.
Second Assistant Director of Education for Chinese Schools, S. E. King, \$570 to \$690 p.m.
Principal, Raffles Institution, Singapore, D. A. Bishop, M.A., \$900 p.m.
Headmaster, Free School, Penang, \$900 p.m. (vacant), D. R. Swaine, M.A. (acting).
Headmaster, Victoria Bridge School, Singapore, R. E. Smith, B.A., \$850 p.m.
Headmaster, High School, Malacca, \$850 p.m., C. G. Coleman.
Principal, Raffles Girls' School, Singapore, Miss D. M. Buckle, \$600 p.m.
Headmistress, Pearls' Hill School, Singapore, Mrs. A. L. Bishop, \$600 p.m.
Headmistress, Penang Girls' School, Miss A. M. Waugh, \$600 p.m.
Lady Supervisor of Malay Girls' School, S.S. & F.M.S. (vacant), Miss N. Purdom (acting), \$600 p.m.

External Audit.

Director of External Audit, W. A. White, \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Assistant Auditor, G. F. Jackson, A.S.A.A., \$950 p.m.
Assistant Auditors, A. F. Mathews, F.S.A.A., T. S. Evans, A.C.A., H. T. Hedley, A.S.A.A., \$500 to \$800 p.m.

'Gardens.

Director of Gardens, R. E. Holtum, \$750 to \$850 p.m.
Assistant Director (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Curator of Herbarium, Singapore, M. R. Henderson, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Curator (Gardens), G. A. Best, \$300 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Curator (Parks), J. Lennon, \$300 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Curator (Penang), F. Flippance, \$300 to \$600 p.m.)

Government Monopolies, Singapore.

Superintendent, G. Gordon Wilson, \$1,050 p.m.
Assistant Superintendent, A. Gilmour, \$570 to \$690 p.m.
Assistant Superintendent, Chandu and Liquors Revenue. Allowance of \$150 p.m. is drawn by the Govt. Analyst.
Deputy Superintendent, Government Monopolies, Labuan, E. G. Goldfinch, \$400 to \$500 p.m.
Accountant, W. C. Hodges, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Chief Assistant Accountant and Officer-in-charge, Opium Shops, Singapore, L. Cox, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Head of Preventive Service, Singapore, \$500 to \$750 p.m. (vacant).
Head of Preventive Service, Penang, J. Byrne, \$400 to \$500 p.m.

Imports, Exports and Statistical Office.

Registrar General of Statistics, \$380 to \$1,000 p.m. (vacant).
Assistant Registrar of Statistics, R. G. Evans, \$500 to \$650 p.m.
Assistant Registrar of Imports and Exports, A. Roose, \$500 to \$650 p.m.

Judicial Department.

Chief Justice, Hon. Sir J. William Murison, Kt.B., \$1,800 p.m.
Senior Puisne Judge, Penang, P. J. Sproule, \$1,300 p.m.
Puisne Judges, R. D. Acton, G. C. Deane, each \$1,250 p.m.
Registrar, W. A. N. Davies, \$1,050 p.m.
Deputy-Registrar (vacant), B. R. Whitehouse (acting), \$730 to \$850 p.m.
Junior Deputy Registrar, Tan Hock Ann, \$450 to \$540 p.m.

Land Office.

Commissioner of Lands, S.S., and Registrar of Deeds, Singapore (vacant), W. Bartley, M.B.E., (acting), \$1,050 p.m.

Law Officer's Department.

Attorney-General, M. H. Whitley, \$1,450 p.m.
Solicitor General, G. G. Seth, K.C., \$1,050 p.m.
Deputy Public Prosecutor, Singapore (vacant), Major N. H. P. Whitley, M.C. (acting).
Deputy Public Prosecutor, Penang, Major N. H. P. Whitley, M.C. (J. Crabb-Watt, acting).
Assistant to Attorney-General, \$570 to \$690 p.m. (vacant).

Marine.

Master Attendant, S.S., Capt. G. H. Freyberg, R.N., O.B.E., \$1,050 p.m.
Deputy-Master Attendant, Comdr. W. G. Oldershaw, R.N.R., \$650 to \$800 p.m.
Harbour Master, Penang, \$650 to \$800 p.m., Lt.-Comdr. C. A. Peal, R.N.R.
Harbour Master, Malacca, Lieut. J. H. Owen, D.S.C., R.N., \$400 to \$650 p.m.
Observer for Time Balls and Deputy Registrar of Shipping, Lieutenant C. J. Wilson, R.N.R., \$450-\$650 p.m.

Marine Surveys.

Surveyor - General of Ships, S.S., W. Mellor, A.M.I.N.A., A.M.I.Mech.E., \$850 to \$950 p.m.
Surveyors of Ships, J.D.B.Kellar, A.M.I.Mech.E., G. Heron, A.M.I.N.A., A.M.I.Mech.E., H. Smith, A. C. Macnab, J. J. Vanstone, J. McGuffin and A. Graham, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Medical.

SINGAPORE.

Principal Civil Medical Officer, A. L. Hoops, M.D., D.P.H., \$1,200 p.m.
Chief Medical Officer, J. Gray, \$1,050 p.m.
Chief Health Officer, G. E. Brooke, \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Surgeon, C. J. Smith, \$1,050 p.m.
Radiologist, J. S. Webster, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Government Pathologist, J. C. Tull, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Bacteriologist, A. S. M. Douglas, \$500 to \$800.
Lady Medical Officers, S. Winstedt, E. M. Bird, C. H. Duke, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Medical and Health Officers, R. B. MacGregor, E. D. Lindow, R. W. C. Kelly, J. Carson, D. E. Iago-Jones, R. D. Gross, J. A. W. Ebben, J. W. Scharff, N. G. Cooper, J. V. Landon, T. C. Lonie, J. M. A. Lawson and R. Walkingshaw, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Medical Superintendent, Mental Hospital, E. R. Stone, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Government Analyst, J. C. Cowap, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Analysts, M. Jamieson, A. C. Brooks and R. E. Willgress, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

King Edward VII College of Medicine.

Principal, G. H. Macalister, \$1,100 p.m.
Professor of Physiology, J. R. Kay-Mount, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Medicine, R. B. Hawes, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Midwifery and Gynaecology, J. S. English, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Surgery, K. Black, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Anatomy, J. G. Harrower, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Bacteriology, W. A. Young, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Biology, K. B. Williamson, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Bio-Chemistry, J. L. Rosedale, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Professor of Dental Surgery, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m. (vacant).

PENANG.

Chief Medical Officer, W. A. Taylor, \$1,050 p.m.
Surgeon, J. W. Adams, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Government Pathologist, J. A. Cowan, \$700 to \$800 p.m.
Senior Health Officer, A. G. H. Smart, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Medical and Health Officers, L. S. O'May, H. B. Dodds, E. V. Lupprian, A. S. M. Douglas, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Deputy Analyst, J. W. Haddon, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

MALACCA.

Chief Medical Officer, H. G. Holdbrook, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Health Officer, S. W. Eveson, \$500 to \$800 p.m.

LABUAN.

Medical Officer, H. W. Furnivall, \$500 to \$800 p.m.

Department of Official Assignee.

Registrar of Companies and Official Assignee,
E. E. Colman, \$1,050 p.m.
Assistant Official Assignee (vacant), T. B. Cocker
(acting), \$730 to \$850 p.m.

Police.

Inspector-General, H. Fairburn, \$1,200 p.m.
Superintendent, Singapore, C. H. Sansom, \$1,000 p.m.
Superintendent, Penang, N. A. M. Griffin, \$800 to \$950 p.m.
Superintendent, Malacca, Major W. M. L. Bower, \$900 to \$950 p.m.
Director, Criminal Intelligence, R. H. de S. Onraet, \$800 to \$950 p.m.
Assistant Superintendents, F. E. Harmer, E. Cheers, A. H. Dickinson, N. L. Lindon, G. Cullen, I. C. Macmillan, B. F. Oakeshott, C. B. Whitehead, L. A. Thomas, B. W. Allen, K. W. H. Austin, G. E. Baughan, H. L. Mitchell, R. O'Neill, R. F. Mallard, \$350 to \$750 p.m.
Probationers, A. K. McKenna, L. F. Knight, R. E. Hope Faulkner, J. E. S. Alexander, J. C. Barry, W. E. Image, A. C. Perdriau.
Official Censor of Cinematograph Films, Capt. T. M. Hussey, \$525 to \$750 p.m.
Financial Officer, Singapore, D. W. Evans, \$350 to \$600 p.m.

Post Office.

Secretary for Postal Affairs, F.M.S. & S.S., H. C. Sells, \$1,200 p.m.
Assistant Secretary for Postal Affairs, F.M.S. & S.S., T. A. Melville, \$1,050 p.m.
Controller, Posts and Telegraphs, Singapore, S. Stutchbury, \$950 p.m.
Controller, Posts and Telegraphs, Penang and Province Wellesley, W. H. Threlfall, \$850 to \$900 p.m.
Superintendents, G. Savage, J. Duguid, E. W. Hide, G. C. Allen, J. Green, R. Graham, G. J. Ford, W. J. C. Sharp, V. H. Winson, W. Davis, R. E. Caradine, W. Gilliam, K. MacLennan, R. F. B. Gurr, J. W. Machan, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Senior Engineer, Posts and Telegraphs, Penang, \$850 p.m., B. W. P. Powell.
Engineer, Posts and Telegraphs, Penang, F. J. Ward, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Engineer Operators, Wireless Stations, S. R. Drayton and F. H. Dupree, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Engineer Operators, P. H. F. George, L. R. Watts and W. G. Oakes, \$400 to \$600 p.m.

Printing Office.

Superintendent, W. T. Oherry, \$500 to \$700 p.m.
Assistant Superintendent, V. C. Gatrell, \$350 to \$800.

Prisons.

Inspector of Prisons, S.S. and Superintendent of Singapore Prisons, Lt.-Col. J. H. Tyte, \$312.50 p.m.

Public Works.

Colonial Engineer, S.S., H. V. Towner, \$1,200 p.m.
Deputy Colonial Engineer, G. Sturrock, \$1,000 p.m.
Senior Executive Engineer, Penang, F. T. Kinder, \$850 p.m.

Senior Executive Engineer, Malacca, G. Holden, \$850 p.m.
Senior Executive Engineer, Province Wellesley, A. Rogers, \$850 p.m.
Executive Engineer, Singapore, R. H. McClelland, \$800 p.m.
Assistant Engineers, G. S. Thatcher, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., H. V. Hughes, T. G. Husband, W. A. Lavender, A. C. O'Farrell, O. S. Webb, J. O. Plunkett, F. J. Locke, H. M. S. Houghton, G. C. W. Davson, W. J. Brindley, R. H. Steed, K. Nankivell and E. E. Hodges, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Electrical Engineer, Capt. G. H. N. Reay, A. M. Inst. E.E., \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Engineer-Surveyor, W. M. McCrae, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Government Architect, H. A. Stallwood, Lic. R.I.B.A., \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Chief Assistant Architect, Penang, F. D. Ward, A. R. I. B. A., \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Architects, T. W. V. May, A. R. I. B. A., A. I. Struct. E., E. J. Polglase, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Storekeeper and Furniture Superintendent, Singapore, F. W. Couch, \$450 to \$600 p.m.

Raffles Museum and Library.

Director, C. Boden Kloss, \$750 to \$850 p.m.
Curator, F. N. Chasen, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Curator, N. Smedley, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Librarian, J. Johnson, \$300 to \$600 p.m.

Survey Office.

Senior Superintendent of Surveys, F. B. Sewell, \$900 to \$1,000 p.m.
Superintendents of Surveys, R. L. Buckwell, W. A. Gummer, \$900 p.m.
Senior Assistant Superintendent (vacant), E. A. Kenney (acting), \$850 p.m.
Assistant Superintendents, \$400 to \$800 p.m. each.
Major C. E. Bone, E. A. Kenney, Major A. A. Lermitt, F. A. Fendall.
Surveyors-on-Agreement, \$400 to \$600 p.m., R. K. Rule, A. C. Twyford.

Treasury.

Treasurer and Collector of Stamp Duties, L. McLean, \$1,300 p.m.
Deputy Treasurer (A), M. B. Shelley, \$1,050 p.m.
Deputy Treasurer (B), \$880 to \$1,000 p.m. (vacant).
Stamp and Probate Officer, \$880 to \$1,000 p.m. (vacant), E. T. Williams (acting).

Veterinary.

Government Veterinary Surgeon, Singapore, H. A. Hay-Barclay, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

PENANG.

Resident Councillor, Hon. Mr. R. Scott, \$1,400 p.m., with entertainment allowance, \$400 p.m.
Protector of Chinese, J. H. Pedlow, \$880 to \$1,000 p.m.
Assistant Protector of Chinese, S. M. Middlebrook, \$400 to \$500 p.m.
Collector of Land Revenue, Registrar of Deeds, and Registrar of Bills of Sale, C. W. A. Bennett, \$730 p.m.
Assistant Treasurer and Commissioner of Stamps, N. A. Sedwick (acting), \$880 to \$1,000 p.m.
Auditor, T. S. Evans, as Assistant Auditor External Audit, \$500 p.m.; as Auditor, Penang, \$300 p.m.

Senior Executive Engineer, F. T. Kinder, \$850 p.m.
Superintendent of Surveys Department, R. L. Buckwell, \$900 p.m.
Senior Executive Engineer, Province Wellesley, A. Rogers, \$850 p.m.
Assistant Engineers, T. G. Husband, J. O. Plunkett, F. J. Looka, H. M. S. Haughton, H. V. Hughes, A. C. O'Farrell, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Senior Surveyor of Ships, J. D. B. Kellar, \$650 to \$800 p.m.
Surveyor of Ships, J. J. Vanstone, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Harbour Master, Lt.-Commander C. A. Peal, R.N.R., \$775 to \$800 p.m.
Controller, Posts and Telegraphs, Penang and Province Wellesley, W. H. Threlfall, \$900 p.m.
Superintendents, J. Green, W. Gilliam, W. J. C. Sharp, R. F. B. Gurr, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Senior Engineer, Posts and Telegraphs, B. W. B. Powell, \$850 p.m.
Engineer, Posts and Telegraphs, F. J. Ward, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Engineer Operator, P. H. F. George (acting), \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Senior Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice P. J. Sproule, \$1,300 p.m.
Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice H. W. Pritchard, \$1,250 p.m.
Registrar, H. A. Farrer, \$880 p.m.
Official Assignee, G. B. Kellagher (acting).
Deputy Registrar and Assistant Official Assignee, V. W. W. S. Puroell, \$570 p.m.
Deputy Public Prosecutor, J. Crabb-Watt (acting), \$1,000 p.m.
District Judge and First Magistrate, and Superintendent of Prisons, J. S. W. Arthur, \$1,050 p.m.
2nd Magistrate, S. N. King, \$700 to \$800 p.m.
Senior District Officer, Province Wellesley, Capt. E. Pratt, \$1,050 p.m.
Inspector of Schools, H. R. Cheeseman, \$850 p.m.
Assistant Inspector of Schools, R. F. Gunn, \$525 p.m.
District Officers, R. J. Curtis, \$6,480 p.a. from 1-1-27; F. V. Duckworth, \$4,200 p.a. from 1-1-27; A. V. Aston, \$570 p.m.; A. Williams, \$400 p.m.; W. C. Taylor (Asst. to Senior District Officer), \$400 p.m.
Superintendent of Police, N. A. M. Griffin, \$800 to \$950 p.m.
Financial Assistant of Police, Gan Kean Hoon, \$300 to \$400 p.m.
Assistant Superintendent of Government Monopolies, J. Calder, \$470 to \$540 p.m. (acting).
Assistant Superintendents of Police, C. B. Whitehead, R. F. Mallard and G. E. Baughan, \$375 to \$750 p.m.

MALACCA.

Resident Councillor, Meadows Frost, \$1,200 p.m.
Assistant Treasurer, Collector of Land Revenue, \$880 to \$1,000 p.m., O. Beckett (acting), \$880 p.m.
Senior Executive Engineer, G. Holden, \$850 p.m.
Acting Senior Executive Engineer, T. G. Husband, \$600 p.m.
Assistant Engineers, R. H. Steed, \$475 p.m.; W. J. Brindley, \$600 p.m.; E. E. Hodges, \$400 p.m.; K. Nankivell, \$425 p.m.
Harbour Master, \$400 to \$650, J. H. Owen, D.S.C., R.N.R., \$500 p.m.

Registrar, Supreme Court, \$880 to \$1,000, G. C. Dodd (acting), \$730 p.m.
Superintendent of Police, Major W. M. L. Bower, \$950 p.m.
District Officers, \$570 to \$690 p.m., C. B. Howitt (acting), \$600 p.m.; C. W. Dawson, \$570.
Assistant Superintendent, Government Monopolies, and Assistant Protector of Chinese, \$730 to \$850 p.m., W. E. Rigby (acting), \$640 p.m.
Superintendent, Posts and Telegraphs, \$400 to \$800 p.m., E. W. Hide, \$575 p.m.
Engineer, Posts and Telegraphs, J. C. Fuller, \$600 p.m.
Inspector of Schools, \$850 p.m., L. R. Wheeler (acting), \$525 p.m.
Headmaster, High School, C. G. Coleman, \$850 p.m.
European Masters, A. C. Cooney, G. R. M. Millar, E. H. Wilson, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Superintendent, Revenue Surveys, W. A. Gummer, \$900 p.m.
Assistant Superintendents, Revenue Surveys, Major A. A. Lermitt, \$550 p.m., B. Cooper, \$550 p.m.

TROOPS IN THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

General Officer Commanding the Troops, Malaya, Major-General C. C. Van Straubenzee, O.B., C.M.G.
Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. E. F. S. Brodie, Royal Artillery.
General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade, Major P. W. Justice, O.B.E., Royal Artillery.
General Staff Officer, 3rd Grade, Major T. A. Lowe, D.S.O., M.C., The Essex Regiment.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General, Major C. F. Stoehr, O.B.E., Royal Engineers.
Commanding Royal Artillery, Lt.-Col. L. R. E. W. Taylor, D.S.O., Royal Artillery.
Chief Engineer, Colonel L. N. Malan, O.B.E., Royal Engineers.
Commanding Royal Engineers, Lt.-Col. W. H. Kelly, D.S.O., Royal Engineers.
Officer Commanding, Royal Army Service Corps, Major H. A. C. Gardner, Royal Army Service Corps.
Senior Medical Officer, Lt.-Col. J. D. Richmond, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps.
Deputy Assistant Director of Ordnance Services, Capt. G. P. U. Hardy, Royal Army Ordnance Corps.
Command Paymaster and Treasury Chest Officer, Major A. S. R. Hughes, Royal Army Pay Corps.
Staff Officer to Local Forces, S.S. and F.M.S., Major M. F. Grove-White, D.S.O., O.B.E., Royal Engineers.
Assistant Staff Officer, Capt. H. A. A. Howell, The Middlesex Regt.
Commandant, Straits Settlements Volunteer Force, and Officer Commanding, Singapore Volunteer Corps, Lt.-Col. F. J. M. Postlethwaite, O.B.E., King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Adjutant, Singapore Volunteer Corps, Capt. J. Chatterton, M.C., The Duke of Wellington's Regiment.
Officer Commanding, Malacca Volunteer Corps, Major A. A. Lermitt, V.D.
Adjutant, Capt. H. P. MacKay, M.C., The Gordon Highlanders.
Officer Commanding, Penang and Province Wellesley Volunteer Corps, Major J. J. Saunders.
Adjutant, Penang and Province Wellesley Volunteer Corps, Capt. E. C. Prattley, The Norfolk Regiment.

**THE SINGAPORE AND PENANG HARBOUR
BOARDS.**

*Chairman, G. W. A. Trimmer, M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E.,
M.Inst.T.*

The Singapore Harbour Board.

*Chairman, G. W. A. Trimmer, M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E.,
M.Inst.T.*

Local Chairman, D. Paterson, M.I.C.E.

Members, Hon. Mr. G. C. Clarke, W. A. Fell, Hon.

Sir H. Marriott, C.M.G., Kt., A. Jackson, Lim

Peng Siang, F. A. Pledger, R. M. Williams.

General Manager and Chief Engineer, G. W. A.

Trimmer, M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., M.Inst.T.

*Assistant General Manager, D. Paterson,
M.I.C.E.*

Secretary, H. Tongue.

Chief Accountant, J. R. Wiggs, A.C.A.

Dockyard Manager, G. F. Robson.

Superintendent Engineer, F. Niblock, M.I.M.E.

Superintendent Shipwright, M. B. Brownie.

Wharf Manager, G. M. Alford, M.Inst.T.

Chief Electrical Engineer, J. D. Butcher,

A.M.I.M.E., A.M.I.E.E.

*Architect and Estate Manager, E. R. Taylor,
L.R.I.B.A.*

The Penang Harbour Board.

*Chairman, G. W. A. Trimmer, M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E.,
M.Inst.T.*

Local Chairman, H. Parry.

Members, Resident Councillor, Penang, A. W.

*Blackstone, J. Dick, H. O. Maas, Quah Beng
Kee, O.B.E.*

Assistant General Manager, H. Parry.

Secretary, C. W. Ballantyne.

Wharf Manager, G. R. Brownie.

Consuls.

SINGAPORE.

Argentine Republic,†

Belgium, Consul of France in charge.

*Brazil,**

Chili, Monsieur Victor Mansilla, Consul.

*China, T. K. Fong, Consul-General; Hau Jui
Chun, Vice-Consul.*

Denmark, H. T. Karsten, Consul.

France,† Monsieur Yves du Courthial, Consul.

Germany, Dr. Otto Weber, Consul-General.

Italy, Cav. Luigi Neyrone, Consul.

*Japan, Seichiro Nakashima, Consul-General (on
leave), Itau Goto, Eleve Consul (in charge),*

Tsuneshiro Yamazaki, Vice-Consul.

Netherlands,† P. R. Bouger, Consul-General; B.

K. Molekamp, Consul; J. I. Noest, Vice-Consul.

Norway, K. W. Kruse, Honorary Consul.

Peru, A. P. Cameron, Consul.

Portugal, A. A. Ferreira, Consul-General.

Russia (vacant).

Siam, Phya Pradibaddha Bhubal, Consul-General,

Phra Luang Sri Sayam Kich, Vice-Consul.

Spain, J. S. Thomson, Honorary Vice-Consul.

Sweden, E. C. H. Charlwood, Consul.

Switzerland, H. Greminger, Consul.

† The interests of this Republic are being looked after by the Consul-General of the United States of America at Singapore.

* The interests of this Consulate are being temporarily looked after by the Consul-General of the United States of America.

† With jurisdiction in the Colony and extending to all States under British Protection in Malay Peninsula and Borneo.

United States of America, A. E. Southard, Consul - General, Bernard Gotlieb, Consul; Edwin McKee, Daniel J. Lynch, J. H. Bruina, Vice-Consuls.

PENANG.

Belgium, G. D. A. Fletcher, Consul.

China, Tye Phay Yuen, Consul.

Denmark, E. V. C. Thomson, Vice-Consul.

France, G. D. A. Fletcher, Consular Agent.

Italy, Sidney Wood-Hill, Acting Consular-Agent.

Netherlands, J. Reitsma, Acting Consul.

Norway, James Dick, Vice-Consul.

Portugal, J. G. Brown, Vice-Consul.

Siam, Khun Bhasa Biraj, Consul.

Sweden, J. V. C. Davis, Acting Vice-Consul.

*United States of America, Samuel G. Ebling,
Vice-Consul.*

LABUAN.

The Island of Labuan is situated on the north-west coast of Borneo, in 5° 16' N. lat., and 115° 15' E. long. Its area is 30.25 square miles. It is distant from the coast, at the nearest point, about six miles; from Brunei, the capital of the Protected State of that name, about forty miles; and from Singapore 725 miles, or three days' steam.

The average annual rainfall is about 168 inches, and the thermometer ranges from 71° to 93°.

An attempt was made by the East India Company's servants, who were expelled from Balambangan by Sulu pirates in 1775, to establish a trading station in Labuan, but the project was soon abandoned, and for practical purposes the history of the island begins with its cession to Great Britain in 1846 by the Sultan of Brunei. It was then uninhabited. The reason for the cession, given in the treaty by which the island was handed over to Great Britain, was that it was "desirable that British ships shall have some port where they may careen and refit, and deposit such stores and merchandise as shall be necessary for the carrying on of the trade with the dominions of Brunei," and the considerations given by Great Britain was an undertaking to suppress piracy and protect lawful trade.

The island was first occupied only as a naval station under the control of a naval officer, and the formal establishment of a Crown Colony was deferred until 1848. From that date until the end of 1889 Labuan was governed as a separate Colony. Until 1869 it was assisted by grants-in-aid from the Imperial Exchequer, but this help was then withdrawn, and the Colony supported itself, though with difficulty, for the next twenty years. In 1889, the financial troubles came to a head, and, as it was thought that the island could be more economically governed in connection with the territories of the British North Borneo Company, the administration was entrusted, from the 1st January, 1890, to the care of the Company, whose principal representative in Borneo was given a commission as Governor of Labuan. This arrangement was terminated at the end of 1905, when Sir J. Anderson, Governor of the Straits Settlements, was appointed also Governor of Labuan, the island still remaining a separate Colony. On the 1st of January, 1907, Labuan was annexed to the Straits Settlements, and declared part of the settlement of Singapore. On the 1st of December, 1912, the island was constituted a separate Settlement.

When the Colony of Labuan was first founded great hopes of the success of the new settlement were based upon the existence of rich coal

Chief Police Officer, G. A. McAfee.

coastal trade. The Sultan's office



deposits in the island, but hitherto the companies formed to develop these coal resources have not met with great success. In 1893, the Central Borneo Company was re-constructed under the name of the New Central Borneo Company, who transferred their undertaking to the Labuan and Borneo Company. This Company, in its turn, was succeeded on the 8th December, 1902, by the Labuan Coalfields Company, Limited. The mines have been closed since the beginning of 1911.

Labuan has a fine port (Victoria Harbour), perfectly safe, and easy of access. Vessels drawing 15 feet can go alongside the coaling jetties.

Ships are supplied with water at \$1 per ton.

Labuan is a market for much of the produce of the neighbouring coasts of Borneo and the Sulu Archipelago, such as sago, beeswax, edible birds' nests, camphor, gutta-percha, indiarubber, rattans, tortoise-shell, and béche-de-mer, which are forwarded by the Labuan traders to Singapore. Cattle and goats are reared, and over 2,000 acres are estimated to be under cultivation. There are sago factories in the island, where the raw material received from the coast is converted into sago flour, which is exported to Singapore.

There is a branch of the Government Post Office Savings Bank in Labuan, but no other bank. The currency is Straits dollars and Straits subsidiary coins. Straits notes are also available in Labuan.

The inhabitants are chiefly Malays and other natives from Brunei and the mainland of Borneo, and Chinese, the latter being mostly petty traders.

There are three Government schools, viz.:—The Government English School, the Vernacular School, Victoria, and the Vernacular School, Bukit Kallam. In addition there are three or four private schools, mostly managed by Chinese.

A reservoir owned by the Government supplies the town of Victoria and shipping with drinking water.

The Eastern Extension, Australasian and China Telegraph Company has a station on the island connected by cable with Singapore, Hong Kong and North Borneo. The nearest point in telegraphic communication with Europe is Singapore.

A weekly service of steamers plying between Singapore, North Borneo Ports and the Philippines provides Labuan with regular communication with these places; there are, in addition, local coasting steamers.

A rifle range affords facilities for H.M. ships exercising their crews.

The chief sources of revenue are harbour dues, land rents and licences.

Population.

Census of 1901, 8,411, of whom 51 were Europeans.

Census of 1911, 6,546.

Census of 1921, 5,956.

Establishment.

Resident and District Judge, R. W. Grant, M.C.
Medical Officer, H. W. Furnivall.

Harbour Master and Deputy Superintendent,
Government Monopolies, E. G. Goldfinch.

Officer in Charge, Public Works Department,
W. H. Hofland.

Chief Police Officer, G. A. McAfee.

THE FEDERATED STATES OF THE MALAY PENINSULA.

The Federated Malay States comprise four States: Perak, Selangor, Negri Sembilan, and Pahang.

Perak.

Perak is ruled by a dynasty that claims descent from the last Malay Sultan of Malacca. In the 17th century it was overrun by the Achenese, and at some time after 1636 a Johore prince, the husband of a Perak princess, was sent by Aceh to rule it under the title of Sultan Mudzaffar Shah. From 1660 onwards, the Dutch endeavoured to get a monopoly of the tin exported from Perak, establishing near the mouth of the Perak river several factories, which the Malays, from time to time, cut off and destroyed. In 1765 the Sultan made a treaty with the Dutch.

British influence began early in the 19th century. A treaty with Penang in 1818 secured to British subjects the right to free trade in Perak. In 1825 a British arbitrator settled the boundary between Perak and Selangor. By the Burney Treaty with Siam, in 1826, the independence of Perak and Selangor was recognised, though the Sultan of Perak was permitted to send tribute to Siam if he desired. In the same year the Sultan ceded to the British the Dindings and the island of Pangkor as posts for the suppression of piracy, and agreed to rely solely on the protection of Great Britain. From 1872 to 1874 there was almost continuous fighting of more or less severity between rival factions of Chinese in the Larut district where valuable tin deposits had been found.

Having regard to the anarchy which prevailed, Sir Andrew Clarke, in 1874, induced the Perak chiefs to sign the Pangkor Treaty (20th January, 1874), and to accept thereby a Resident whose advice should be "asked and acted upon on all questions other than those touching Malay religion and customs." The murder of the first British Resident (Mr. J. W. Birch) in 1875 led to a military expedition and the banishment of the Sultan and some chiefs implicated in the affair. The country soon settled; and the Malay constitution was restored under a Sultan protected by the British Government.

Selangor.

In the 14th century, Klang, which is now a district of Selangor, is said to have been subject to the Javanese Empire of Majapahit. In the next century it was given a Penghulu of the family of the Bendaharas of old Malacca, and a son of Sultan Mansur Shah (1458-1477 A.D.) of Malacca was made ruler of Jeram, near Langat. During the period of Portuguese ascendancy, little is known of the Selangor coast. The Dutch opened factories for the purchase of tin at Kuala Selangor and at Kuala Linggi. In 1718 Daeng Chelak, a Bugis chief, who had married a Johore princess, settled at Kuala Selangor, and about 1780 their descendant was recognised as Sultan Salehu'd-din by the Sultan of Perak. The throne has remained in the same family ever since. In 1783, the Dutch blockaded Kuala Selangor and forced the Sultan to acknowledge the suzerainty of Holland.

In 1818 the Sultan of Selangor made a commercial treaty with the East India Company at Penang. In 1874 anarchy prevailed amongst the Malay chiefs at Selangor, and pirates ravaged the coastal trade. The Sultan's difficulties were such

that he was glad to accept a British Resident, and to come under the protection of Great Britain.

Negri Sembilan.

This federation of "Nine States" consists of the four major States of Sungai Ujong, Jelebu, Johol, and Rembau, and the five minor States of Ulu Muar, Jempul, Teraohi, Gunong Pasir, and Inas. Sungai Ujong is mentioned in a Javanese poem in 1365 as being subject to the Javanese Empire of Majapahit. In the 15th century it was ruled by Chiefs of the old kingdom of Malacca. Nearly all the Malay inhabitants of the "Nine States" are descendants from immigrants from Menangkabau in Sumatra. Portuguese accounts prove that this immigration had begun in the 16th century. The original Malay federation consisted of Sungai Ujong, Klang (now a district of Selangor), Jelebu, Rembau, Nanning (now part of Malacca), Segamat (now in Johore), Pasir Besar (also in Johore, its place having been taken by Johol), Jelai (now Inas) and Ulu Pahang, the region between the Ulu Seriting and Temerloh. After the wresting of Malacca from the Portuguese by the Dutch and the Johore Malays in 1641, Johore took a leading part in Negri Sembilan politics until 1773, when the chiefs of the four major States brought from Sumatra a Yam Tuan named Raja Melewar, ancestor of the present Yang di pertuan Besar.

In 1874, the Dato' Klana, Chief of Sungai Ujong, the most important of the "Nine States," invited and obtained the assistance of the British Government to maintain his rule and the appointment of a British Resident. In 1883, Jelebu applied for a British Officer; and Rembau agreed to refer all its disputes to the British Government, and in 1887 accepted a British adviser. In 1889, the Yam Tuan of Sri Menanti and the Rulers of Tampin and Rembau asked for a Resident, and agreed to a confederation known as "The Old Negri Sembilan." In 1895, the Resident of this confederation took charge of Sungai Ujong and of Jelebu, and the modern Negri Sembilan was constituted. Finally, in 1898, the Yam Tuan of Sri Menanti was elected titular Ruler of the whole State.

Pahang.

Chao Ju Kua, a Chinese, writing about 1225, mentions Pahang as being subject to the old Sumatran Buddhist Kingdom of Sri Vijaya. Later, Pahang and Tioman are claimed as conquests of Majapahit. In the 15th century, Sultan Mansur Shah of Malacca captured the Ruler of Pahang, and married his daughter. Before the Malacca royal house died out, in 1699, its Pahang branch provided several Rulers for the senior throne of Johore, which directly represented the Malacca dynasty. Later, Pahang fell under the suzerainty of the new Sultans of Johore, who, when they removed to Lingga, left a Dato' Bendahara in charge of Pahang.

In 1887 Sir Frederick Weld negotiated a treaty with the Bendahara of Pahang, promising British help in the event of external attack, and arranging for a British agent to be stationed at his capital. At the same time, the title of Sultan was substituted for that of Dato' Bendahara. In 1888, the Sultan applied for and obtained British protection, and the appointment of a Resident.

Constitution of the States.

The supreme authority in each State is vested in the Sultan, or the ruler, in State Council. His Highness the Sultan or the ruler presides

over the State Council. The British Resident is a member, and, in Perak and in Selangor, the Secretary to Resident is also a member. The other members consist of members of the royal family, the leading chiefs and some Chinese. Since the creation of a Federal Council, the State Councils legislate only on matters affecting the State.

The Residents are appointed by the Secretary of State and are subordinate to the Chief Secretary and to the High Commissioner for the Malay States, who is also the Governor of the Straits Settlements. They are assisted by a staff of European officers, whose duty it is to carry out the executive functions. The administration of each State is carried on, as far as may be, on the Colonial System.

The Federation.

In 1895 a treaty was signed by the rulers of the four States, by which they agreed to constitute their countries a Federation (to be known as the Federated Malay States), to be administered under the advice of the British Government. While all existing treaties and arrangements were to stand, the States agreed to the appointment of an officer, to be styled Resident-General of the Malay States,* to control the Residents appointed to each State, and to be the means of communication between the State Governments and the High Commissioner. They agreed to follow the Resident-General's advice in all matters of administration other than those touching Islam. Subject to the authority created by the appointment of the Resident-General, the system of administration under the advice of British Residents remained unchanged.

The States undertook to give each other material assistance in men and money, the wealthier States assisting those in want of help, and all moneys so advanced being considered as loans; and also undertook to raise and equip a force of Indian troops for service throughout the States, and to supply a portion of these troops on requisition for the defence of the Colony of the Straits Settlements, should Great Britain be at war with any foreign Power.

It was also provided by the Treaty of 1895 that the rulers of the Federated States should meet periodically in one of the States, under the presidency of the High Commissioner, to discuss affairs of mutual interest. The first of these meetings was held at Kuala Kangsar, Perak, in July, 1897, and was attended by the High Commissioner, the rulers of all the four States, with their most important chiefs, the Resident-General, and all the British Residents. At this meeting many important matters were discussed and arrangements made to deal with them in the councils of the various States.

The second meeting was held at Kuala Lumpur in July, 1903, and at it the Sultan of Perak expressed for himself and the other Malay rulers entire satisfaction with the administration of affairs.

No further meetings of this nature have been held since 1903, as the necessity for them has been removed by an important development of the principle of Federation, which was introduced in 1909. In that year a Federal Council was created by an agreement between the High Commissioner and the four native rulers. The object in view, as stated in the preamble to the agreement, was to provide means "for the joint arrangement of all matters of common interest to

* The title of this post has now been altered to Chief Secretary to Government.

the Federation or affecting more than one State and for the proper enactment of all laws intended to have force throughout the Federation or in more than one State." The Federal Council consists of the High Commissioner, as President, the Chief Secretary to Government, the Sultans of Perak, Selangor and Pahang, the Yam Tuan of Negri Sembilan, the four British Residents, the Legal Adviser, the Financial Advisor, and six unofficial members, nominated by the High Commissioner with the approval of the King. Provision is made in the agreement for the addition, if desired, of the heads of one or more public departments and of a corresponding number of unofficials. The Federal Council generally meets three times a year and considers the drafts of laws, which are to apply to more than one State, and the annual estimates of the revenue and expenditure of the four States. The first meeting of the Council was opened on the 11th of December, 1909, at Kuala Kangsar.

Climate.

The temperature of the West Coast of the Malay Peninsula has but a small daily range and little appreciable variation. On the East Coast, however, the North-East Monsoon, lasting from November to March, causes a distinct meteorological contrast with the rest of the year as regards wind and rainfall. At Jelebu in Negri Sembilan, the driest station where records were kept, the average for 1905-1919 was 60 inches, but in the mountains the average yearly rainfall is very high (258 inches near Taiping). The heat, owing to the moisture of the atmosphere, is at times oppressive, although 100° has never been recorded in the shade. The nights are cool. On the highest mountains, the temperature has been known to fall at nights to 46° Fahrenheit. In the day time, there is almost always a breeze to modify the heat. The Peninsula lies within the region of the South-West and the North-East Monsoons, but owing to the barrier provided by Sumatra, the only really strong wind is the North-East Monsoon, which strikes the East Coast from across the China Sea. Violent squalls, known as "Sumatras," are not infrequent on the West Coast of the Peninsula between April and September. Generally, they are of short duration and occur during the night.

Population.

At the 1921 census, the population of the Federated Malay States was 1,324,890. Of this population 853,528 were males and 471,362 females.

The Malay population rose from 420,840 in 1911 to 510,821 in 1921, an increase of 21·3 per cent. The very high rate of increase in Selangor (41·3 per cent) was due to the influx of foreign Malays, who have settled in the Coast Districts to plant rubber.

The Chinese population of the Federated Malay States was 494,548 or only 61,304 more than in 1911. Practically the whole of this increase was in Chinese females, who now number 351 to 1,000 males as compared with 118 in 1911, and the lessening disparity between the sexes among the Chinese indicates a general tendency towards their permanent settlement in the Federated Malay States.

The Indian population rose from 58,366 in 1901 to 172,465 in 1911, the increase synchronising with the early development of the rubber planting industry, and to 305,219 in 1921. The percentage of increase since 1911 were 77·2 in Perak,

78·9 in Selangor, 84·4 in Negri Sembilan, and 31·4 in Pahang. More than four-fifths of the Indians in the Federated Malay States are Tamils.

The European population of the Federated Malay States rose from 3,284 in 1911 to 5,686 in 1921, of whom 93·2 per cent. were of British nationality.

Railways.

The Federated Malay States Government owns the railways both in the Federated Malay States and the Colony of the Straits Settlements (Singapore Island, Malacca, and Province Wellesley) and also in the Unfederated States of Kedah, Perlis and Kelantan. It has leased the Johore State Railway (120 miles), extending from Johore Bahru at the Southern extremity of the Peninsula and opposite Singapore, to Gemas on the boundary between Johore and the Federated Malay States. At Gemas, the line branches into the West Coast and the East Coast Lines; the West Coast Line runs North-North-West through Negri Sembilan, Selangor, Perak and Province Wellesley to Prai—the port opposite Penang Harbour—488 miles from Singapore. From Bukit Mertajam near Prai the line proceeds Northwards through the Unfederated States of Kedah and Perlis, to the Siamese frontier station of Padang Besar, 580 miles from Singapore. Through traffic with the Siamese State Railways was opened on July 1st, 1918, the distance between Singapore and Bangkok being 1,188 miles. Through services are in operation between Penang and Bangkok, the journey occupying 34 hours.

The East Coast Line proceeds Northward from Gemas through Negri Sembilan and Pahang towards Tumpat. It is completed and opened for traffic as far as Ohigar Perah, 22 miles beyond Kuala Lipis, the capital of Pahang, and 164 miles from Gemas. Construction is in progress North of Ohigar Perah, the rails have crossed the Pahang-Kelantan frontier at 187½ miles and have been laid to the 193rd mile.

On the North in Kelantan a section of 53 miles from Tumpat—the terminus on the East Coast—to Krai is open for traffic, and construction Southwards is in progress, rails having been laid as far as the 70th mile and between the 77th and 82nd miles. Guillemard Bridge, across the Kelantan River about 35 miles from Tumpat, is the largest bridge in Malaya. It is 2,166 feet long, and has five spans of 250 feet, and five spans of 150 feet. This line will eventually meet the East Coast line from Gemas and provide through direct communication with Singapore and Kelantan. The distance between railheads in Kelantan is about 59 miles.

An extension from Pasir Mas in Kelantan runs in a westerly direction for 12 miles on the Golok River at the Siamese Boundary, where it joins with the Siamese line running to Haad Yai Junction, where a junction is made with the main Bangkok-Penang line.

Through working between the Federated Malay States and Kelantan via the Siamese State Railways commenced on November 1st, 1921.

Branch lines connect the main line with the ports on the West Coast at Malacca, Port Dickson, Port Swettenham, Teluk Anson Wharf and Port Weld.

A causeway carrying two lines of rails and a roadway has been built across the Johore Strait, connecting the Island of Singapore with the Peninsula.

The total length of line now open to traffic under the Federated Malay States Railway Administration is 1,073 miles.

The line is of metre gauge. On the mail trains on the West Coast main line there are sleeping saloons and restaurant cars. The expenditure on the capital account (including lines not open for traffic), was \$205,141,595 up to 31st December, 1926, all of which, with the exception of \$32,834,303 from loan funds, has been met from the general revenues of the Federated Malay States.

Posts, Savings Bank, Telegraphs and Telephones.

A well organised system of Posts extends throughout the Federated Malay States by rail, motor car, cycle, runner, sea, and river. All towns and villages of any size have their regular deliveries and collections of mail matter and these facilities are being extended rapidly. The external mail services are frequent to all other parts of the world through Port Swettenham and through the Straits Settlements ports Singapore and Penang. The postal services include Parcel Post, Cash on Delivery (or Value Payable Post); Insurance, Money Orders, British Postal Orders, all these services extend to a great many different countries. They are operated at 102 Post Offices by officers of the Posts and Telegraphs Department and at 55 other places by station-masters and others. Savings Bank business is transacted at all Post Offices at all hours at which they are open, the Bank being controlled by the Department. The interest payable on deposits is 3 per cent.

Telegraph lines connect all the Post Offices and 38 of the "Postal Agencies" (i.e. offices operated by Station Masters and others) with a main trunk system throughout the Peninsula, and through Singapore and Penang with the rest of the world by submarine cable and by wireless. The Department has its own telegraph lines through the State of Johore connecting the Federated Malay States with Singapore. Local lines connect offices in Johore, Kedah and Trengganu with offices in the Federated Malay States and there is a line connecting Betong in Siam with Kroh in the Federated Malay States.

The Telephone system extends throughout the Federated Malay States. There are at present 41 public exchanges maintaining a continuous night and day service and 40 other places at which Call Offices are maintained giving a service restricted to the hours during which the local Post Office is open for the transaction of public business. Of the Post Offices in the Federated Malay States, 81, therefore, are provided with public telephone facilities. At most of the remaining places calls, including trunk calls, can, in case of emergency, be made from the local Police Stations.

The public exchanges are situated at Bagan Serai, Batu Gajah, Bidor, Gopeng, Ipoh, Kampar, Kuala Kangsar, Parit, Parit Buntar, Pusing, Sitiawan, Sungai Siput, Sungkai, Taiping, Tanjong Malim, Tapah, Teluk Anson, and Utan Melintang in Perak; at Banting, Gap, Kajang, Klang, Kuala Kubu, Kuala Lumpur, Kuala Selangor, Port Swettenham, Rawang, Rasa and Semenyih in Selangor; at Bahau, Batang Malaka, Kuala Pilah, Nilai, Port Dickson, Rantau, Rembau, Seremban, and Tampin in Negri Sembilan; and at Fraser's Hill, Kuala Lipis, and Raub in Pahang.

All the exchanges are connected by means of trunk lines and trunk communication (which may also be obtained from Call Offices) is possible between all but the most distant exchanges. In

case of emergency trunk calls may be made from the local Police Stations when the Call Offices are closed.

The Federated Malay States telephone system is connected to the telephone system in Malacca (and through Malacca with North Johore) and with the telephone system in Penang and Province Wellesley.

There are 2,768 miles of telegraph and telephone lines in the Federated Malay States with an overhead wire mileage of 20,265 miles. In addition there are 79 miles of underground cables with a wire mileage of 7,774 miles. The Department also has 123 miles of telegraph line with a wire mileage of 422 miles in the State of Johore.

A Malayan trunk telephone scheme intended to afford telephone communication between Singapore and Penang (500 miles) and the many intervening points throughout the Federated Malay States is at present the subject of preliminary investigations.

The details and figures furnished above are taken up to the 31st December, 1926.

Statistics.

The total annual Revenue and Expenditure during the last ten years have been as follows:—

	<i>Revenue.</i>	<i>Expenditure.</i>
1917 . . .	\$65,553,186	\$40,878,746
1918 . . .	68,448,862	46,286,910
1919 . . .	72,135,076	70,676,961
1920 . . .	72,277,148	100,433,471
1921 . . .	54,449,568	114,386,546
1922 . . .	52,494,110	49,811,007
1923 . . .	63,962,132	52,825,572
1924 . . .	70,715,407	54,161,234
1925 . . .	86,564,279	69,550,382
1926 . . .	102,541,400	87,663,747

The following figures give details as to the four Federated States:—

	<i>Revenue.</i>	<i>Expenditure.</i>
		1926.
Perak	\$45,540,362	\$38,270,883
Selangor	38,692,262	32,053,453
Negri Sembilan	11,864,324	10,904,118
Pahang	6,444,452	6,435,294

	<i>Imports.</i>	<i>Exports.</i>
		1926.
Perak	\$59,314,088	\$194,734,279
Selangor	91,898,797	161,184,681
Negri Sembilan	15,178,759	74,230,063
Pahang	7,496,080	15,451,181

	<i>Area.</i>	<i>Population,</i>
	<i>(sq. miles).</i>	<i>Census, 1921</i>
		<i>(exclusive of</i>
		<i>Sarkas).</i>
Perak	7,875	587,493
Selangor	3,195	396,434
Negri Sembilan	2,572	177,681
Pahang	14,006	134,684

Public Debt, \$80,185,714-29.

Perak.

H.H. Paduka Sri Sultan Iskandar Shah, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., ibni Idris, Sultan.

Perak is the most northerly of the Protected States on the west coast, touching Province Wellesley on the north and Selangor on the south. About 1850 the discovery of tin in Larut was

followed by the immigration of Chinese in great numbers. Since the appointment of a British Resident in 1874, the record of the State has been one of remarkable progress.

The State, is well watered, the Pérak (with its tributaries, the Singor, the Temengor, the Rui, the Plus), the Kinta, Batang Padang, Bidor and Sungkai, being the most important rivers. Other rivers of importance are the Krian, the Kurau and the Bernam (with its tributary, the Slim). The mountains on the east boundary, which are part of the main range of the Peninsula, rise to a height of over 7,000 feet.

Sanatoria have been established on the Larut Hills, on Gunung Kledang, and on Gunung Arang Para, at heights varying from 3,300 to 4,500 feet. Experimental gardens with English flowers and vegetables are to be found on the Larut Hills.

The chief exports are tin and rubber. Coconuts and rice are extensively grown. In the Krian district the Government has completed an extensive scheme for the irrigation of more than 74,102 acres of rice land, the larger proportion of which is already under cultivation.

Larut, Kinta, Batang Padang, and Klian Intan are the chief mining districts. The district of Batang Padang lies between the Kinta Valley and the Sélángor boundary, and contains a little gold and wolfram mixed with its tin.

The total mileage of completed roads in Pérak is (a) 980 of metalled and (b) 40 of unmetalled cart roads, 1,135 miles of bridle and other paths.

The British Resident has residencies at Taiping, the Head Quarters of Government, and at Ipoh, the chief commercial centre. The chief towns are Ipoh, Taiping, Kuala Kangsar, Kampar, and Taph. The chief port is Teluk Anson.

Since the Anglo-Siamese treaty of 1909 the territory claimed by Pérak for many years, and held by Patani since 1826, has been formally ceded to Pérak, and the State now includes the whole watershed of the river that gives it its name. The new territory, which was taken over on the 16th July, 1909, and incorporated in the Upper Pérak District, exceeds 1,000 square miles in area. It extends from Kedah on the West to Lohoh on the East, and contains the tin mines of Klian Intan and much good stanniferous country. This territory is well watered, and the rolling plains of the Kroh plateau, 1,000 feet above the sea, afford a healthy Government station. At Tasek on the Kedah border there is a small natural lake. At the time when the territory was taken over the population was about 3,000 of various nationalities.

Sélángor.

H.H. Ala'idin Suleiman Shah, K.C.M.G., ibni Al-Merhum Raja Muda Musa, Sultan.

Sélángor situated on the Western side of the Peninsula, is bounded on the North by Pérak, on the East and South-east by Pahang and Negri Sembilan, and on the West by the Straits of Malacca.

Its coast line extends for about 125 miles. Where the State touches the central range of the Peninsula there are several peaks of over 5,000 feet and one of 5,812 feet.

The State is drained by four rivers: The Bernam, forming the boundary between Pérak and Sélángor, the Sélángor, the Klang and the Langat. The natives are said to be the descendants of a Colony from the Celebes.

For administrative purposes the State is divided into six districts—viz., Kuala Lumpur, Klang, Ulu Langat, Ulu Sélángor, Kuala Langat and Kuala Sélángor, each under a British District Officer.

The capital of the State is Kuala Lumpur, which is also the headquarters of the administration of the Federated Malay States. It is the largest town on the mainland of the Peninsula, with a population of 80,356 (1921 Census). It has a water supply from an impounding reservoir 7 miles distant, and is also lighted by electricity. There are 90 miles of town streets. It also possesses a picturesque public garden covering about 180 acres, and several imposing Government buildings, the principal being the Government offices of modern Saracenic design, with a clock tower 130 feet high, town hall, museum, courts, prison, railway station and offices, and post office. There are also branches of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, and the Mercantile Bank of India. The currency is the Straits Settlements dollar, with a fixed exchange at two shillings and fourpence.

There were 294 schools in the State in 1926, including four Government English Schools, 78 Government Vernacular Schools, 203 Grant-in-aid Vernacular Schools and 9 Grant-in-aid English Schools.

Port Swettenham, situated at the mouth of the Klang River and 27 miles by rail from Kuala Lumpur, is the chief port, and is regularly visited by ocean-going steamers. The aggregate tonnage of vessels, exclusive of native craft, which called at the port in 1926 was 2,734,086.

The total revenue of the State in 1926, was \$38,692,262, and the expenditure, \$32,053,452.

There is no public debt except such as is included in the public debt of the Federation.

The principal sources of revenue are customs, excise, and land. Import duties are charged on spirituous liquors, wines, beers, petroleum, tobacco, matches and alum. In 1926 the gross total value of imports was \$91,898,797, and exports \$161,184,681.

The chief industry of the State is tin mining. The amount of tin exported in 1926 was 13,285 tons, valued at \$32,377,109. The area alienated for mining is 54,214 acres. Coffee planting under European supervision made good progress some years ago, but has now been almost entirely abandoned. There are 99,497 acres under coconuts. Rice, gambier, pepper and other products are grown with success. Of recent years the cultivation of rubber has made great strides. Most of the large estates have been converted into or sold to limited liability companies. At the end of 1926 the area under rubber cultivation was approximately 449,699 acres. The value of cultivated rubber exported during 1926 was \$110,833,778.

The road mileage is: metalled cart roads, 815; unmetalled cart roads, 81; and bridle paths, 91 miles.

Negri Sembilan (Nine States)

H.H. Muhammad, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., ibni Almerhum Antah, Yang di Pertuan Besar.

The Federation of States known as the Negri Sembilan lies on the Western side of the Peninsula and is bounded on the North-west by Sélángor, on the North-east by Pahang, on the East by Johore, on the South by Malacca, and on the South-west by the sea.

The headquarters of the Resident are at Seremban in Sungai Ujong, where the principal Government offices are situated. District officers are stationed at Port Dickson, at Kuala Klawang in Jelebu, at Ulu Muar in Kuala Pilah, and at Tampin.

The value of imports amounted to \$15,178,759 in 1926, and that of exports to \$74,230,062. The revenue of the State, which in 1926 amounted to \$11,864,324, is derived mainly from tin mining and agriculture.

At the end of 1926, 7,733 acres of land were in occupation for mining, and 468,410 acres for building and agriculture. The alluvial tin fields are worked and owned by Chinese, whilst the hydraulic and other workings requiring the installation of expensive machinery are supervised and financed by Europeans. Gold reefs exist in Gemenchah and on the Muar River, but have not up to the present proved remunerative. The Malay population is almost entirely agricultural. By far the larger portion of this population inhabits the Kuala Pilah and Tampin districts, where there are extensive and fertile rice fields. The Malays, however, merely aim at supplying their own needs and do not cultivate for export or even for the supply of the Chinese and other foreign immigrants.

The chief agricultural products are rubber, rice, and coco-nuts.

During 1926 the areas under cultivation with these products were approximately as follows:—Rubber 317,434 acres, rice 30,435 acres, and coco-nuts 13,576 acres.

Coffee is very little grown now, and its place has been taken by rubber. The cultivation of rubber has increased very greatly of late years, and there is now a considerable European planting community in the State.

As regards educational facilities, the State possesses 74 Malay vernacular schools, eight English schools and 53 Tamil schools.

The State is provided with a good system of roads, connecting the centres of each district with headquarters and each other. The total mileage is 480 miles of metalled and 9 miles of unmetalled cart roads, together with 26 miles of bridle paths, which provide access to outlying portions of the districts.

A great part of the State is mountainous, the rest consisting of undulating country suitable for agriculture. The whole State is well watered, the chief rivers being the Muar and the Linggi, the latter of which forms, for some distance, the boundary between the State and the Settlement of Malacca.

Much valuable timber is found in the forests of the State, and the areas of reserved forests are being considerably extended with a view to its preservation.

Pahang.

H.H. Al-Moktasim Bi'llah Al-Sultan Abdullah, K.C.M.G., ibni Al-Marhum Al-Sultan Ahmad Al-Maazam Shah, Sultan.

Pahang occupies a large portion of that part of the Malay Peninsula which lies on the eastern side of the central mountain range. It is bounded on the North by the States of Kelantan and Trengganu, on the South by the territory of Johore, on the West and South-west by Perak, Selangor, and the Negri Sembilan, and on the East by the China Sea. It is the largest of the States of the Federation.

Several peaks of the main range of mountains forming the western boundary exceed 8,000 feet, the highest being Gunong Kerbau, which is 7,160 feet. Gunong Tahan, in the centre of the Pahang-Kelantan boundary, has been found to be 7,186 feet high, and is therefore the highest elevation in the Federated Malay States, and probably in the Malay Peninsula.

The State is drained by one of the largest rivers in the Peninsula, if not the largest, the Pahang River, which is fed by the Lipis, Jelai, Tembeling, Semantan, Triang, Bera, Luit, Lepar and other rivers. To the north the Kuantan and to the south the Rompin and Endau also debouch into the China Sea, the last named forming part of the boundary between Pahang and Johore.

The total length of the Pahang River is about 285 miles, of which 232 are navigable for house-boats and other small craft. The bars at the mouth of all rivers, with the exception of the Kuantan, prevent the ingress of vessels except those of very shallow draft.

The chief industry of the State, after agriculture, is tin mining, the principal mines being in the Bentong, Raub and Kuantan districts. Gold has been worked for many years by the Raub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited. Gold-bearing lodes have also been worked by Europeans at Penjum, Selensing, Keohau, and other places in the State; the mines have been closed for some years. From the reports of old travellers it is clear that in the eighteenth and previous centuries very large quantities of alluvial gold were exported from Pahang. The European mines mentioned above were all on the sites of extensive native workings.

The administrative headquarters of the State are at Kuala Lipis, 209 miles up stream from the mouth of the Pahang River.

The Sultan, however, resides at Pekan, the old capital, which is near the mouth of the Pahang River.

The East Coast line of the Federated Malay States Railways was opened for traffic as far as Chigar Perah, 23 miles north of Kuala Lipis in 1923.

There is a motor service both ways from Kuala Kubu to Kuala Lipis, 83 miles; also four times weekly from Jerantut Station on the Railway to Kuantan, a distance of 109 miles.

Roads from Bentong to Kuala Pilah in Negri Sembilan (104 miles), from Bentong to Kuala Lumpur, the capital of Selangor (50 miles), *via* the Ginting Sempah Pass, and from Benta to Kuantan (147½ miles), have been completed. There is also a metalled cart road from Raub to the Pahang Rubber Company's estate at Sungai Cheroh, a distance of 10 miles. A road from Temerloh to Bentong (49 miles) has been completed. The total mileage of metalled roads in Pahang is 377.

The total revenue of the State during 1926 amounted to \$6,444,451, and the expenditure to \$6,435,295.

There are 5 English Schools 66 Malay Schools and 4 Tamil Schools in the State.

FEDERAL COUNCIL.

High Commissioner, Sir Hugh Clifford, G.O.M.G., G.B.E.

Chief Secretary, W. Peel, C.M.G.

The British Resident, Perak, H. W. Thomson, C.M.G.

The British Resident, Selangor, J. Lornie.

The British Resident, Negri Sembilan, E. C. H. Wolf, C.M.G.

The British Resident, Pahang, A. F. Worthington.
The Legal Adviser, W. S. Gibson.
The Financial Adviser, H. G. R. Leonard.
The Principal Medical Officer, Dr. R. Dowden.
The Controller of Labour, E. W. F. Gilman.
The Director of Public Works, C. V. A. Espeut.
The Director of Education, S. S. and F. M. S., R. O. Winstedt, C. M. G., D. Litt.
The General Manager F. M. S. Railways, J. Strachan.

Unofficial Members:—

The Raja di Hilir of Perak.
The Raja Muda of Selangor.
The Tunghu Ueasir of Pahang.
The Dato Penghulu of Rembau.
 Mr. Wong Yioh Tong, Mr. A. S. Bailey, Mr. H. B. E. Hake, Mr. Cheak Cheang Lim, Mr. J. S. Arter, Mr. R. P. Brash, Mr. J. S. Ferguson.

ESTABLISHMENTS OF THE MALAY STATES.

Federal Officers.

High Commissioner, Sir Hugh Clifford, G. O. M. G., G. B. E., 5,500*l.*, duty, 1,500*l.* p. a.*
Private Secretary, J. Huggins, M. O.
Chief Secretary to Government, W. Peel, C. M. G., 1,950 p. m., entertainment, \$600 p. m.
Private Secretary, E. A. Winnington-Ingram.
British Resident, Perak, H. W. Thomson, C. M. G., 1,450 p. m., entertainment, \$400 p. m.
British Resident, Selangor, J. Lornie, \$1,400 p. m., entertainment, \$300 p. m.
British Resident, Negri Sembilan, E. C. H. Wolff, C. M. G. \$1,400 p. m., entertainment, \$300 p. m.
British Resident, Pahang, A. F. Worthington, \$1,400 p. m., entertainment, \$200 p. m.

**MALAYAN CIVIL SERVICE
 (CADET SERVICE).**

Class I.

Grade A:—Salary, \$1,200 p. m.

Legal Adviser and Public Prosecutor, W. S. Gibson.
Financial Adviser and Treasurer, F. M. S., H. G. R. Leonard (acting).
Under Secretary to Government, A. F. Richards.
Commissioner of Trade and Customs, M. D. Daly.
Auditor-General, G. P. Bradney.
Director of Education, † R. O. Winstedt.
Controller of Labour, Malaya, E. W. F. Gilman.
Secretary for Chinese Affairs, P. T. Allen.
Secretary for Postal Affairs, † H. C. Sells.
Director of Fisheries, † O. F. G. Green.

‡ Grade B:—Salary \$1,050 p. m.

Commissioner of Lands, B. W. Ellis.
Chairman, Sanitary Board, Khempur, A. J. Sturrock.
Deputy Controller of Labour, Malaya, A. Caldwell, C. B. E.

* Is also Governor, Straits Settlements. Salary is borne in equal shares by the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States.

† Is also Director of Education, Straits Settlements.

‡ Five officers of this grade hold posts in the Unfederated States.

‡ Is also Secretary for Postal Affairs, Straits Settlements.

‡ Is also Director of Fisheries, Straits Settlements.

District Officer, Kuala Kangsar, S. H. Langston, Secretary to Resident, Perak, (vacant).
District Officer, Kinta, E. A. Dickson.
District Officer, Klang, F. W. Douglas.
District Officer, Lower Perak, R. J. B. Clayton.
Deputy Legal Adviser, W. Burstow.
Secretary for Agriculture, § A. S. Haynes.
Director, Political Intelligence Bureau (vacant).*
Director of Co-operation, † A. Cavendish.

Class II.

Salary \$880 by \$30 to \$1,000 per mensem.

FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

Secretary to Resident, Selangor.
District Officer, Larut, and Registrar of Titles, Perak.
Official Assignee and Public Trustee.
Collector of Estate Duty.
Collector of Land Revenue, Seremban.
District Officer, Batang Padang.
Protector of Chinese, Perak.
Protector of Chinese, Selangor and Pahang.
District Officer, Ulu Selangor.
Chairman, Sanitary Board, Kinta.
Assistant Secretary to Government.
Assistant Treasurer, Federated Malay States, and State Treasurer, Selangor.
Deputy Controller of Labour.
Magistrate, Kuala Lumpur.
Magistrate, Ipoh.
Assistant Auditor-General.
Registrar, Supreme Court, Kuala Lumpur.
District Officer, Upper Perak.

**COMBINED FEDERATED MALAY STATES AND
 STRAITS SETTLEMENTS APPOINTMENTS.**

Registrar-General of Statistics.

Emigration Commissioner for Malaya, Madras.

Officers of Class II.

H. S. Siroom, W. M. Millington, J. W. W. Hughes, J. Rigby, E. B. Williams, W. E. Pepys, T. S. Adams, A. C. Baker, M. C., H. A. Forrer.

Class III.

Salary \$730 by A\$33 to \$850 per mensem.

FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

District Officer, Kuantan.
Assistant Registrar, Supreme Court.
District Officer, Kuala Lipis.
District Officer, Kuala Pilah.
District Officer, Kuala Selangor.
District Officer, Tampin.
District Officer, Temerloh.
Magistrate, Seremban.
Relief Assistant Secretary to Government.
State Treasury, Perak.
Third Assistant Secretary to Government.
District Officer, Krian.
Deputy Public Prosecutors (2).
Collector of Land Revenue, Kuala Lumpur.
Protector of Chinese, Negri Sembilan.
Chief Assistant District Officer, Kinta.
Second Assistant Secretary to Government.
Chairman and Secretary, Sanitary Board, Larut.

* Is also Director, Political Intelligence Bureau, Straits Settlements.

‡ Is also Director of Co-operation, Straits Settlements.

‡ These officers also fill seven posts in the Unfederated States.

§ Is also Secretary for Agriculture, Straits Settlements.

COMBINED APPOINTMENTS.

Assistant Director of Education.
Assistant Director of Education for Chinese Schools, F.M.S. & S.S.

Officers of Class III.

J. L. McFall, H. C. Bathurst, T. P. Coe, M. C.,
T. W. H. Kingston, G. W. Bryant, W. J. K.
Stark, M. Rex, D. Richards, A. S. Small, J.
E. Kempe, G. E. London, C. C. Brown,
S. W. Jones, H. R. Joynt, B. S. Jervoise, R. C.
Cussen, G. S. Hellings, W. D. Barron, W. R.
Boyd, J. V. G. Mills, J. V. Cowgill, M. C., A. E.
Coope, E. A. P. Helps, L. A. Allen, G. A. de C.
de Moubay, P. S. Williams, O. Beckett, G. H.
Nash, G. M. Kidd, M. C., C. Wilson, N. R.
Jarrett, Raja Said Tauphy, M.B.E.,|| O. H.
Grove, A. G. Morkill, H. Fraser, L. Rayman,
L. Forbes, M. C. Hay, N. F. H. Mather, A. B.
Jordan, R. Boyd, H. S. Paterson, B. F. Bridge,
C. A. Vlieland, N. A. Worley, H. Weisberg,
J. A. Hunter, J. A. Black, J. M. Barron.

Class IV.

Salary \$570 by \$30 to \$690 per mensem.

FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

Secretary to Resident, Pahang.
District Officer, Ulu Langat.
District Officer, Port Dickson.
District Officer, Raub.
District Officer, Bentong.
District Officer, Pekan.
Second Magistrate, Kuala Lumpur.
District Officer, Kuala Langat.
Magistrate, Larut.
Assistant District Officer, Ipoh.
Assistant District Officer, Lower Perak.
Deputy Controller of Labour, Malaga.
Assistant Protectors of Chinese (Two).
Assistant Controller of Labour, Klang.
Assistant District Officer, Kuala Kangsar.
Assistant District Officer, Sitiawan.
District Officer, Jelebu.
Fourth Assistant Secretary to Government.
Secretary to Resident, Negri Sembilan.

COMBINED APPOINTMENT.

Assistant Emigration Commissioner for Malaya, Negapatam.

Officers of Class IV.

W. Linehan, N. Coulson, J. Huggins, M. C.,
W. A. Ward, N. Grice, R. L. German,
A. C. Jomaron, R. Irvine, M. C., H. N. Hunt,
C. P. Smith, J. G. Crawford, A. Sleep, W. A.
Gordon-Hall, C. R. Howitt, Hamzah bin Abdullah||.

Class V.

Salary \$450, by A\$30 to \$540 per mensem.

Assistant Secretary to Resident, Perak.
Assistant Secretary to Resident, Selangor.
Assistant District Officer, Kuala Kubu.
Assistant Collector of Land Revenue, Kuala Lumpur.
Assistant Controllers of Labour (Three).
Assistant District Officer, Batu Gajah.
Assistant District Officer, Gopeng and Kampar.
Assistant District Officer, Batang Padang.

† These officers also fill seven posts in the Unfederated States.

|| Not originally appointed a Cadet.

† These officers also fill nine posts in the Unfederated States.

Assistant District Officer, Krian.
Assistant District Officer, Kuantan.
Assistant District Officer, Klang.
Assistant District Officer, Larut.
Assistant District Officer, Rembau.
Assistant District Officer, Bruas.
Assistant District Officer, Tanjong Malin.
Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies.
Assistant District Officer, Kuala Lipis.
Assistant District Officer, Kuala Pilah.
Private Secretary to Chief Secretary to Government.

Officers of Class V.

H. E. Swan,* J. H. Bassett, H. C. Willan,
K. R. Blackwell, C. H. Dakers, L. H. Gorsuch,
Raja Uda bin Raja Mohd., Raja Musa bin Raja
Bot, E. K. Penggilley, Capt. Noor Mohamed
Hashin bin Mohamed Dali, A. Heywood-Wad-
dington, J. S. Macpherson, W. H. Wood, W. L.
Blythe, H. P. Bryson, E. D. Fleming, W. J.
Thorogood, W. F. N. Churchill, E. Jago, J.
Falconer, E. N. Taylor, R. E. Wilson, J. S. W.
Reid, B. G. Bradley, H. C. R. Rendle, F. L.
Williams, H. J. Cookman, M. V. del Tufo,
W. C. S. Corry, Raja Kamaralzaman bin Raja
Musa, Mahmud bin Mat.

Cadets.

J. A. Harvey, C. W. Shorland, R. P. Clegg,
T. P. F. McNeice, T. D. Hughes, I. W. Billelock,
F. Carey, L. C. Simpson-Gray, J. A. A. Faith,
C. S. Findlay, B. S. Davis, L. Ward, H. A. L.
Luckham, J. F. F. Gregg, J. M. Brander, J. E.
Pepper, G. W. Webb, A. J. Gracie, C.I.E.

ADMINISTRATIVE APPOINTMENTS OPEN TO OFFICERS OTHER THAN CADETS.†

State Treasurers:—

Negri Sembilan, M. P. Jeremiah.
Pahang, S. M. Arulampalam.
Assistant District Officer, Kuala Selangor,
Ahman bin Osman.
Second Assistant District Officer, Ulu Selangor
(vacant).
Second Assistant District Officer, Kuala Kangsar,
Raja Ahmad bin Raja Indut.
Second Assistant District Officer, Kuala Pilah,
Wan Mohd. Ali bin Wan Omar.
Assistant District Officer, Ulu Langat, Raja Hitam
bin Raja Yunus.
Second Assistant District Officer, Tapah, Tunka
Abdul Rahman bin Yang di Pertuan Besar.
Assistant District Officer, Kroh, Abdul Tahir
bin Mohamed Tahir.
Assistant Collector of Land Revenue, Seremban,
Abdul Malik bin Yusuf.
Assistant District Officer, Selama, Raja Salim bin
Mohamed Yusuf.
Assistant District Officer, Pekan, Hussein bin
Mohamed Taib.
Assistant District Officer, Rompin (vacant).
Second Assistant District Officer, Klang (vacant).
Assistant District Officer, Sepang, Pawan Teh bin
Mohamed.
Assistant District Officer, Lands, Kinta (vacant).
Assistant District Officer, Temerloh, Raja Omar
bin Raja Ali.

§ These officers also fill two posts in the Unfederated States.

* Not a Cadet.

† These posts when held by Cadets carry the salary of Class V. Other officers receive \$325 to \$375 p.m. except State Treasurers who receive \$350 to \$400 p.m.

Assistant District Officer, Lenggong, Mir Yahya bin Ngah Muhammed Amin.
Assistant District Officer, Sabak Bernam, Samah bin Haji Ali.
Second Assistant District Officer, Tampikin (vacant).
Assistant Registrar, Supreme Court, Seremban, Osman bin Haji Dahat.

DEPARTMENTAL APPOINTMENTS.

Agriculture.

Secretary for Agriculture (Cadet, Class Is), A. S. Haynes, \$1,050 p.m.,

The following posts of the Agricultural Dept. carry salary on the scale \$350 to \$800 p.m.

Assistant to Secretary for Agriculture (vacant).
Two Agriculturists,† F. G. Spring, B. Bunting.

Four Assistant Agriculturists, J. N. Milsom, T. D. Marsh, E. A. Curtler, J. Lambourne.

Economic Botanist,† H. W. Jack.

Assistant Economic Botanist, W. N. Sands.

Botanist, Coconuts (vacant).

Geneticist (vacant).

Plant Physiologist,† W. N. C. Belgrave.

*Agricultural Chemist, *† Major B. J. Eaton, O.B.E.*

Four Assistant Agricultural Chemists, R. O.

Bishop, C. D. V. Georgi, V. R. Greenstreet, J. H. Dennett.

Soil Bacteriologist (vacant).

Government Entomologist,† G. H. Corbett.

Two Assistant Government Entomologists, C.

Dover, H. T. Pagden.

Mycologist,† A. Sharples.

Three Assistant Mycologists, A. Thomson, F. S.

Ward; one vacant.

Chief Field Officer,† F. W. South.

Six Agricultural Field Officers, F. Birkinshaw,

A. E. C. Doscaj, W. H. Barnes, J. H. Jolly,

J. M. Howlett, R. B. Jagoe.

Agricultural Economist,† D. H. Grist.

Agricultural Instructor, G. E. Mann.

Assistant Analyst, Gun Lay Teik.

Assistant Agricultural Instructor, Raja Mahmud bin Raja Ali, \$300 to \$400 p.m.

Agricultural Research Student (vacant), 450l. p.a.

Librarian and Translator, L. A. J. Rijk, \$500 p.m.

Audit.

Auditor-General, G. P. Bradney (Cadet, Class Ia), \$1,200 p.m.

Assistant Auditor-General (Cadet, Class II.) (vacant), \$880 to \$1,000 p.m.

Assistant Auditors (Grade A), A. O. Wilson, R. MacDonald, \$500 to \$800 p.m.

Education.

FEDERAL.

Director of Education, S.S. and F.M.S., R. O. Winstedt (Cadet, Class I, Grade A), \$1,200 p.m.

Assistant Director of Education, S.S. and F.M.S. (Cadet, Class III) (vacant), \$730 to \$850 p.m.

Assistant Director of Education for Chinese Schools, S.S. & F.M.S., N. R. Worley (Cadet, Class III), \$730 to \$850 p.m.

Chief Inspector of English Schools, S.S. and F.M.S., J. Watson, \$1,050 p.m.

Chief Inspector of Chinese Schools, S.S. and F.M.S. (vacant) \$800 p.m.

Lady Supervisor, Malay Girls Schools S.S. & F.M.S. (vacant), \$600 p.m.

Chief Superintendent of Physical Education, S.S. and F.M.S., J. W. Jefferson, \$400 to \$650 p.m.

Assistant Superintendent of Physical Education, S.S. and F.M.S. (vacant), \$300 to \$600.

Financial Officer, S.S. & F.M.S., A. J. Black, \$400 to \$600 p.m.

Principal, Sultan Idris Training College for Teachers, O. T. Dussek, \$900 p.m.

Head Master, Malay College, Kuala Kangsar, C. Bazell, \$900 p.m.

Seven Assistant Masters : Malay College, K. Kangsar, C. Beamish, L. R. Wheeler, H. R. Carey, E. R. Davies; Sultan Idris Training College, E. la M. Stowell, E. H. S. Bretherton, R. F. C. Markham, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Four Supernumerary Assistant Masters, T. P. M. Lewis, J. B. Hall, J. D. Joseph, one vacant, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Two Agricultural Instructors, Sultan Idris College, L. P. Henderson, (one vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Art Master (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Two Assistant Mistresses, Malay College, Kuala Kangsar, Miss C. M. Thornton, (one vacant), \$300 to \$500 p.m.

Motor Mechanic Instructor, Trade School, Kuala Lumpur, H. Geary, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

One Supernumerary European Mistress (vacant), \$300 to \$500 p.m.

PERAK.

Inspector of Schools, A. Keir, \$900 p.m.

Two Assistant Inspectors of Schools, F. L. Shaw, A. C. Cooney \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Principal, King Edward VII School, Taiping, D. W. McLeod, \$350 p.m.

Principal, Anderson School, Ipoh, C. F. C. Ayre, \$850 p.m.

Commercial Master, J. L. Nicol, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Art Master (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Seven European Masters, L. A. S. Jermyn, J. B. Neilson, E. C. Hicks, F. Cobb, B. Freedy, C. A. Scott, T. J. Thomas, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Four European School Mistresses, Miss J. Graham, Miss H. D. Leith, Miss C. K. Griffiths, one vacant, \$300 to \$500 p.m.

SELANGOR.

Inspector of Schools (vacant), \$850 p.m.

Assistant Inspector of Tamil Schools (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Head Master, Maxwell Road School, M. B. Brookwell, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Head Master, English School, Kajang, H. Ball, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Drawing and Manual Instructor, Maxwell Road School (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Three European Mistresses, Miss H. D. Leith, (two vacant), \$300 to \$500 p.m.

Head Master, Victoria Institution (vacant), \$850 p.m.

Six European Masters, G. Ambler, M. Wheatley, J. B. Carr, F. C. Barraclough, E. S. Redfern, one vacant, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Head Master, English School for Malays (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

† With charge allowance \$100 p.m.

* Seconded for service in the Straits Settlements.

† Seconded for service to the Rubber Research Institute.

438 STRAITS SETTLEMENTS: FEDERATED MALAY STATES.

NEGRI SEMBILAN.

Inspector of Schools (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Head Master, English School, Seremban (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

PAHANG.

Inspector of Schools (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Electrical.

Director, W. J. Williams, \$1,500 p.m.
Chief Electrical Engineer and Inspector, D. M. W. Hutcheson, \$950 to \$1,050 p.m.
Deputy Chief Electrical Engineer and Inspector, J. E. Catt, \$850 p.m.
Three Executive Electrical Engineers, E. A. Corbin, (two vacant), \$625 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Electrical Engineers, H. R. Sparrow, E. F. Stephenson, C. Harry, L. Arnold, W. P. Hampson, F. P. Egerton, T. E. R. Morphy, J. Hodder, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Secretary and Accountant, A. W. Every, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Two Station Foremen, B. F. Lewin, N. C. J. Saunders, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Four Shift Engineers, H. H. Ewens, G. Harris, P. A. Bray, W. Berry, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Fisheries.

Fisheries Economist, * W. Birtwistle, \$600 to \$700 p.m.

Forests.

Conservator of Forests, † G. E. S. Cubitt, \$1,200 p.m.
Personal Assistant to Conservator, B. H. F. Barnard, \$1,050 p.m.
Six Deputy Conservators, A. E. Sanger-Davies, G. J. Hembrey, A. E. Rambaut, J. G. Watson, (two vacant), \$900 p.m.
Controller of Timber Supplies, H. T. M. Kent, \$800 to \$900 p.m.
Timber Accountant, R. Ingram, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Twenty-six Assistant Conservators, V. G. Bell, J. R. N. Charter, C. Smith, Capt. H. W. Woolley, M.C., T. A. Strong, D. H. Hodgson, A. B. S. Boswell, W. M. E. Martin, G. Wilkinson, H. C. Dolman, E. A. Strouts, J. P. Edwards, E. J. Strugnell, H. J. Thomson Bonar, G. W. Somerville, E. J. Shrubshall, D. B. Arnot, C. C. L. Durant, R. G. Hadden, J. S. Addison, A. F. Carroll, A. B. Walton, M. L. Webber, D. S. P. Noakes, C. F. Symington (one vacant), \$350 to \$800 p.m.
Forest Research Officer, Dr. F. W. Foxworthy, \$900 to \$1,100 p.m. ||
Assistant Forest Research Officer, Capt. H. W. Woolley, M.C., \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Reconnaissance and Plantation Officer, R. H. Whitty, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Logging Engineering Assistant, C. L. Armstrong, \$700 to \$850 p.m.

Geology.

Geologist, J. B. Scrivenor, \$950 p.m.
Assistant Geologist, E. S. Willbourn, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Mining Geologist, F. T. Ingham, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Chemist, J. C. Shenton, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Temporary Assistant Geologist, H. E. Savage, \$350 p.m.

† Present holder draws \$2,000 p.m.

|| Draws a Personal Allowance of \$400 p.m.

* Is also Fisheries Economist, Straits Settlements.

Government Town Planning.

Government Town Planner, C. C. Reade, \$1,050 p.m.†

Judicial.

Chief Justice, Sir H. H. J. Gompertz, Kt. B. \$1,600 p.m.
Judges, P. A. Farrer-Manby, W. H. Thorne, R. D. Aston, \$1,250 p.m.

Malay States Volunteer Regiment.

Commandant, Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Meredith, D.S.O., P.S.C., Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, \$1,000 p.m.
Adjutant, Captain G. G. Thomson, M.C., \$650 p.m.
Armourer to Local Volunteer Forces, Captain A. F. Hayward, \$350 to \$600 p.m.
State Adjutant, Perak, Captain H. T. Allwright, M.C., D.C.M., The Royal Scots, \$500 p.m.
State Adjutant, Selangor, Capt. G. N. Shackle, M.C. \$500 p.m.
State Adjutant, Negri Sembilan, Captain F. H. Thompson, Royal Sussex Regiment, \$500 p.m.
Six Company Sergeant-Majors and Instructors, A. Preston, Middlesex Regiment, J. L. Wood, M.M., Royal Sussex Regiment, W. Soughton, M.B.E., D.C.M., Royal Sussex Regiment, J. F. Lawrence, Norfolk Regiment, E. C. Evans, Duke of Wellington's Regiment, E. Smith, V.C., D.C.M., Lancashire Fusiliers, \$270 to \$300 p.m.

Malayan Volunteer Infantry.

Two Company Sergeant-Majors and Instructors, F. C. Turnbull, Royal Sussex Regiment, H. Dodsworth, Royal Sussex Regiment, \$270 to \$300 p.m.

Marine.

Harbour Master, Perak, W. E. Maddocks, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Harbour Master, Selangor, Lt.-Commr. A. O. Bucknell, R.N.R., \$500 to \$700 p.m.
Slipway Engineer, J. F. Dunlop, \$500 p.m.

Medical.

Principal Medical Officer, F.M.S., R. Dowden, \$1,200 p.m.
Senior Medical Officer, Perak, F. E. Wood, \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Medical Officer, Selangor, A. K. Cosgrave, M.C., \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Medical Officer, Negri Sembilan, D. T. Skeen, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Senior Medical Officer, Pahang, W. H. Hart, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Medical Officers, A. Reid, W. S. Leicester, E. A. Smith, C. E. Cobb, H. R. Dive, J. P. Fitzpatrick, W. Young, H. P. Hodge, C. F. Ashby, R. J. Colbert, D. M. McSwan, C. S. Wilson, J. W. Field, G. D. Gordon, E. C. Chitty, J. J. O'Grady, F. G. Greenwood, V. D. Wyborn, R. T. B. Green, C. C. Taffs, T. C. Wakefield, M. P. O'Connor, F. L. Patterson, C. T. MacCarthy, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Eleven Lady Medical Officers, Mrs. L. M. Bush, Mrs. E. M. Cobb, Mrs. E. B. Jaques, Mrs. M. J. Were, Mrs. L. J. Bentinck, Miss M. Hewitson, Miss C. B. Kibble, Mrs. E. Chitty, Miss H. I. Robertson, Miss W. H. Mitchell, Miss M. A. Minahan, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Three Chief Surgeons, C. B. Basley, T. W. H. Burne, R. M. Dannatt, \$1,000 p.m.
Ophthalmologist Physician, P. H. Hennessy, \$1,000 p.m.
Radiologist, C. F. Constant, \$600 to \$800 p.m.

† With personal pensionable allowance of \$150 p.m.

Personal Assistant to P.M.O., Capt. J. W. Hoffin, \$450 to \$600 p.m.
Financial Secretary to S.M.O., Perak, Qua Gong How, \$350 to \$400 p.m.

Institute for Medical Research.

Director, Institute for Medical Research, A. N. Kinsbury, \$1,100 p.m.
Bacteriologist, G. V. Allen, \$1,050 p.m.
Assistant Bacteriologist (vacant), \$550 to \$800 p.m.
Pathologist, W. A. Young, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Pathologist II, (vacant), \$500 to \$850 p.m.
Chief Chemist, R. W. Blair, \$250 to \$1,000 p.m.
Assistant Chemists, H. Marsden, J. Shelton, F. E. Byron, one vacant, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Senior Malaria Research Officer (vacant), \$650 to \$800 p.m.
Malaria Research Officers, B. A. R. Gater, one vacant, \$550 to \$800 p.m.

Central Mental Hospital.

Medical Superintendent, W. F. Samuels, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Assistant Superintendent, F. Wilson, \$500 to \$800 p.m.

Health Branch.

Chief Health Officer, A. R. Wellington, \$1,100 p.m.
Senior Health Officer, Perak, F. R. Sayers, \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Health Officer, Selangor and Pahang (vacant), \$1,050.
Senior Health Officer, Negri Sembilan, E. H. Black, \$850 to \$1,000 p.m.
Health Officers, W. J. Moir, W. O. Pou, M. J. Graham, C. S. Ryles, J. G. Castellain, R. B. Jackson, F. V. Jacques, E. R. C. Cooke, W. J. Vickers, D. W. G. Faria, E. A. Struthers, seven vacant, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Three Chief Sanitary Inspectors, J. Wishart, E. G. Montford, J. S. Humphreys, \$350 to \$600 p.m.

Veterinary Branch.

Six Veterinary Surgeons, P. G. Short, S. L. Symonds, R. A. B. Stanhope, R. MacGregor, K. D. Turner, G. B. Purvis, \$350 to \$800 p.m.

MINES.

Senior Warden of Mines, F.M.S., G. E. Greig, \$1,200 p.m.
Warden of Mines, Perak, A. R. Mynott, \$1,050 p.m.
Wardens of Mines, Selangor and Johore, M. A. V. Allen, F. C. Marshall, \$950 and \$850 p.m. respectively.
Warden of Mines, Pahang, A. G. Mondy, \$900 p.m.
Warden of Mines, Negri Sembilan, H. G. B. Harris, \$625 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Wardens of Mines, J. S. Berger, J. Laird, G. T. Holford, A. G. Macdonald, C. I. Robinson, A. E. Kershaw, A. T. Bennetts, F. H. Nash, W. B. Hawkes, L. A. Smith, \$625 to \$800 p.m.
Inspectors of Mines, C. F. S. Jameson, G. A. Thrupp, B. L. Gardner, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Inspectors of Machinery, J. H. Inglis, A. M. Hunter, J. H. A. Trowell, T. Parker, H. Lawson, F. W. Smalles, W. O. Hunt, J. Cockburn, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Inspector under the Mineral Ores Enactment, J. Lovett, \$360 to \$600 p.m.

MUSEUMS.

Director, C. Boden Kloast, \$750 to \$850 p.m.
Ethnographer, I. H. N. Evans, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Systematic Entomologist, H. M. Pendlebury, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Technical Assistant, E. Seimund, \$300 to \$500 p.m.

POLICE.

Commissioner, C. Hannigan, \$1,200 p.m.
Deputy Commissioners, V. G. Savi, \$1,000 p.m. ; G. P. Cuscaden, A. W. H. Hamilton, G. Simpson, A. J. Sheedy, \$800 to \$950 p.m.
Assistant Commissioners (British), G. B. Linford, E. E. H. Beck, J. P. Pennefather-Evans, L. A. G. Morris, J. Cullen, P. K. Hazlitt, T. F. H. Kemp, Capt. C. R. Morrish, J. J. Warren, L. L. Mills, M. L. Wynne, E. Bagot, A. C. M. Wall, L. H. Hart, H. B. Langworthy, J. D. Dalley, H. C. F. Rodda, C. W. D. Hall, J. Parke, J. D. Hussey, W. A. C. Haines, G. W. Lawes, C. S. Kinder, B. M. B. O'Connell, R. M. Fry, four vacant, \$350 to \$750 p.m.
Assistant Commissioners (Malay), Raja Suleiman bin Raja Haji Bot, Raja Abas bin Raja Tahir, Tengku Mohamed ibni Almerhum Sultan Ahmad Maatham Shah, three vacant, \$300 to \$510 p.m.
Probationary Assistant Commissioners (British), D. P. Macnamara, J. B. J. Birch, J. Gardiner, R. Burns, R. H. Bell, M. H. Tapp, H. G. Beverley, A. W. Nightingale, E. M. Speers, \$250 to \$300 p.m.
Probationary Assistant Commissioners (Malay), Lamin bin Kassim, Abdul Aziz bin Ahmad, (one vacant), \$150 to \$170 p.m.
Twenty-four Chief Inspectors, \$420 to \$540 p.m.
Twenty-eight Senior Inspectors, Inspectors and Probationary Inspectors, \$240 to \$400 p.m.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

Secretary for Postal Affairs, S.S. and F.M.S., H. C. Sells, \$1,200 p.m.
Assistant Secretary for Postal Affairs, S.S. and F.M.S., T. A. Melville, \$1,050 p.m.
Chief Accountant, Posts and Telegraphs, S.S. and F.M.S., T. I. M. Gordon, \$1,050 p.m.
Controllers, R. R. Bullmore, H. J. Harris, one vacant, \$850 to \$900 p.m.
Superintendents, E. A. Staines, F. Blackwell, H. M. Bright, T. Malley, A. O. Wollaston, W. B. Hall, R. D. Rowsell, T. H. Newey, J. A. W. Perry, J. W. H. Oliver, J. W. F. Flight, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Senior Accountant, Posts and Telegraphs, S.S. and F.M.S., W. H. Green, \$850 p.m. with a personal pensionable allowance of \$100 p.m.
Accountants, A. E. Ashton, J. L. Isaacs, J. B. N. Flavin, J. Macintosh, one vacant, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Engineer-in-Chief, Posts and Telegraphs, S.S. and F.M.S., C. G. Cadman, \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Engineer, V. H. Winson, \$850 p.m.
Engineers, J. C. Fuller, V. C. Buckell, W. R. Dowse, E. Gregson, A. G. Tremain, W. O. G. Galloway, G. F. Morice, A. H. Carson, A. A. Strachan, G. Wilde, J. E. Sproul, S. P. Morton, G. T. Peck, R. Gibson, L. F. Wilkinson, G. C. O'Farrell, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Workshop Superintendent, H. Miles, \$400 to \$600 p.m.

† Is also Director of Raffles Museums and Library, Straits Settlements.
 Seconded from the Home Office.

Telephone Traffic Manager, J. W. J. Porter, \$650 to \$800 p.m.
Stores Superintendent, J. A. Watt, \$450 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Stores Superintendent, J. T. Avery, \$400 to \$550 p.m.

PRINTING.

Superintendent, J. E. Wallace, \$500 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Printer, W. G. Tagg, \$350 to \$600 p.m.
Second Assistant Printer, H. T. Ross, \$300 to \$450 p.m.
Binding Foreman, H. Holland, \$300 to \$450 p.m.
Machine Foreman, F. C. Collyer, \$300 to \$450 p.m.

PRISONS.

Inspector of Prisons, *H. B. Langworthy, \$350 to \$750 p.m.
One Gaoler, Grade I, H. Simpson, \$460 to \$480 p.m.
Two Gaolers, Grade II, R. Hunter, D. Keilich, \$415 to \$445.
Six Gaolers, Grade III, F. W. Parry, D. Bailey, G. Williams, H. L. Bailey, two vacant, \$370 to \$400 p.m.
Forty-two European Warders at \$200 to \$350 p.m.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Director, C. V. A. Espeut, \$1,200 p.m.
Assistant Director, J. P. Swettenham, \$1,050 p.m.
Chief Hydraulic Engineer, D. H. Laidlaw, \$950 to \$1,050 p.m.
State Engineer, Perak, S. R. Smith, O.B.E. (Mil.), \$950 to \$1,050 p.m.
State Engineer, Selangor, F. G. Finch, \$950 to \$1,050 p.m.
State Engineer, Negri Sembilan, J. A. Swift, \$950 p.m.
State Engineer, Pahang, G. H. Richards, \$950 p.m.
Senior Executive Engineers, S. K. Sibbald, H. W. J. Jones, E. D. Kibble, W. J. Smith, W. H. Morgan, H. F. Waters, H. T. Nicholas, G. Walker, O.B.E., M.C., \$850 p.m.
Anti-Malaria Engineer, R. F. V. Leach, \$850 p.m.
Executive Engineers, C. J. Parker, J. Aitchison, H. L. Bennett, J. H. Roberts, S. J. W. Gooch, A. G. Robinson, H. Whitfield, R. C. Drew, P. A. Molloy, W. L. Bosker, A. V. Gibbings, G. C. Bedington, R. S. Carroll, W. J. D. Pinkerton, F. M. G. McConechy, W. V. Davidson, P. H. Holland, F. G. Coates, I. D. Robertson, T. Vyse, J. B. MacLachlan, \$625 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Engineers, M. Baker, G. C. Stedham, W. H. Hipwell, T. R. Hutton, G. R. Percy, J. Clegg, J. M. Noble, F. W. M. Burr, B. O. Bush, E. D. Burke-Gaffney, F. J. Button, W. Laurie, S. Tonkin, F. G. Whitely, W. H. Roberts, C. M. Hake, J. S. Boissier, W. G. Stewart, L. C. Chasey, E. M. V. Davies, H. M. Sellars, F. K. Searancke, I. Harpur, C. M. Kariappa, F. C. Holland, F. H. Monckton, W. A. Kirk, G. T. F. White, J. B. W. Fairchild, C. H. Ward, W. H. Lindsey, A. R. Murray, R. Hide, J. A. Manley, A. N. Myles, W. Grantham, F. H. Allan, G. Edwards, E. A. Gardiner, D. M. McDiarmid, A. E. Fallows, P. V. B. Hanitch, J. Wallace, C. D. O. Braine, J. H. West, L. W. H. Savage, J. R. Everett, F. Keir, G. C. Hesketh, A. S. Gifford, J. W. S. Anderson, C. R. Wallace, E. N. Dimmock,

F. P. Scott, E. J. Hill, F. T. Bunclark, R. E. Pitt, E. B. Nisbet, J. A. D. Anderson, A. G. Cooke, J. Millar, G. Morgan, A. Wear, J. A. T. Horseley, A. H. Couser, F. E. B. Murphy, N. G. Ferguson, C. R. Pape, J. M. Prilling, H. A. Rofs, E. R. Davies, O. L. Stevens, E. R. C. Williams, fifteen vacant, \$400 to \$600 p.m.

Technical Instructor (vacant), \$400 to \$475 p.m.
Accountant, N. Grenier, \$850 p.m.
Superintendent, Fraser's Hill, F. St. Barbe, \$450 to \$500 p.m.

Architect, W. F. Hedges, O.B.E.
Architectural Assistant, L. Kesteven, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Five Assistant Architects, E. W. Gisby, R. G. Vergette, M. W. Padgett, F. A. Mallard, F. W. Wade, \$400 to \$300 p.m.

Works Manager, Factory (vacant), \$850 p.m.
Assistant Mechanical Engineer, Factory, J. M. Fordham, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

State Storekeeper, Selangor, W. G. Smith, \$400 to \$600 p.m.

Superintendent of Furniture, Selangor, A. P. Cropley, \$350 to \$400 p.m.

State Engineer, Johore, F. Glendinning, \$1,050.
State Engineer, Kedah, G. Sturrock, \$950.

State Engineer, Trengganu, P. Trump, \$850 p.m.
Director of Works, Kelantan, S. Braysbay, \$325 to \$800 p.m.

RAILWAYS.

General Manager, J. Strachan, \$1,600 to \$1,900 p.m.

Secretary to General Manager, A. Palmer, \$850 p.m.
Assistant Secretary to General Manager, F. Titcombe, \$625 to \$800 p.m.

Assistant Secretary to General Manager I, Senior, G. L. Miller, \$525 to \$600 p.m.

Assistant Secretary to General Manager II, A. Allan, \$400 to \$500 p.m.

Chief Accountant, P. H. Forbes, \$1,050 p.m.
Deputy Accountant, R. P. Walker, \$850 p.m.

Three Assistant Accountants I, D. Philp, F. L. Dennis, W. L. Tinworth, \$525 to \$600 p.m.

Three Assistant Accountants II, A. E. Hawkins, L. A. McGowan, \$400 to \$500 p.m.

Head Stock Verifier, J. B. Pearce, \$400 to \$600 p.m.

Stock Verifiers, W. W. Shaw, one vacant, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Audit Inspectors, A. E. Edwards, W. L. Munnott, J. G. McGregor, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Engineering.

Engineers for Ways and Works, R. W. Hiam, \$1,050 p.m.

Senior District Engineers, J. C. G. Spooner, A. R. Johnson, J. W. Lewis, one vacant, \$850 p.m.

District Engineers, Grade I, T. P. Sargent, K. C. Caldicott, R. H. A. Jeff, F. W. Howl, A. J. Hall, J. F. Bell, S. McWatt Dunsmore, G. S. Helps, \$625 to \$800 p.m.

District Engineers, Grade II, R. W. Newton-Howes, H. B. Allison, E. G. Brown, A. F. Fawcett, R. D. Walker, W. N. Halley, \$525 to \$600 p.m.

Assistant Engineers, J. P. C. Bell, J. Cruickshank, J. L. F. Fenwick, C. E. Harvey, \$400 to \$500 p.m.

Assistant Accountant II, E. J. Soper, \$400 to \$500 p.m.

Foreman, G. Herbert, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Storekeeper, C. E. Jackson, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Chief Bridge Inspector, H. T. Haekworthy, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

† Seconded from the Home Service.

• On deputation from the Police Department.

Chief Permanent Way Inspectors, F. A. Barcock, W. Cosier, \$400 to \$500 p.m.
Eleven Chief Permanent Way Inspectors at \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Two Permanent Way Inspectors at \$200 to \$300 p.m.

Construction.

Engineer for Construction, W. J. Haskins, \$1,050 p.m.
Construction Accountant (vacant), \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Traffic.

Traffic Manager, H. W. Perkins, \$1,050 p.m.
Deputy Traffic Manager, P. G. Beal, \$850 p.m.
Senior Assistant Traffic Managers, F. R. Vodden, W. H. Elkins, I. A. Shipway, H. G. H. Mitchell, A. T. Knight, E. C. Goodrick, \$625 to \$800 p.m.
Assistant Traffic Managers, I, T. E. Wells, C. E. Rooke, W. A. Griffin, \$525 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Traffic Manager, II, A. Cunliffe, two vacant, \$400 to \$500 p.m.
Assistant Traffic Superintendents, J. B. Human, A. F. Pridnell, G. W. Bell, A. H. L. Lanman, T. P. Speakman, C. Murray, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Traffic Signal Inspector (vacant), \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Ten Station Superintendents and Traffic Inspectors, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Locomotive.

Locomotive Superintendent, A. W. S. Graeme, \$1,050 p.m.
Works Manager, J. O. Sanders, \$850 p.m.
Running Superintendent, J. O. Lepage, \$850 p.m.
District Locomotive Superintendent, I, A. E. Holmes-Brown, \$625 to \$800 p.m.
District Locomotive Superintendent, II, E. Hibberd, \$525 to \$600 p.m.
Works Assistant, J. F. Edington, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, G. H. Day Lewis, \$400 to \$500.
Assistant Accountant, I, P. W. Redfearn, \$525 to \$600 p.m.
Carriage and Wagon Assistant, W. A. Turner, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Boiler Assistant, G. Tomlinson, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Running Assistants, H. H. Leigh, B. Davies, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Chief Draftsman, P. Wilson, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Electrical Assistant to L.S., R. W. Jones, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Electrical Foreman, F. J. Barnett, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Train Lighting Foremen, J. W. Dunlop, one vacant, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Foreman Smith, A. J. Ives, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Carriage Shop Foreman, J. Holland, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Wagon Shop Foreman, W. Bates, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Saw Mill Foreman, J. Poynton, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Boiler Shop Foreman, J. Wright, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Foreman Boiler Inspector, H. Foster, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Foundry and Copper-Smith Shop Foreman, J. S. Steele, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Storekeeper (vacant), \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Locomotive Foremen, A. J. Trevett, J. T. Foxon, \$400 to \$500 p.m.
Sixteen Locomotive Foremen, \$325 to \$375 p.m.
Four Locomotive Inspectors, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Signals and Telegraphs.

Signal and Telegraph Engineer, A. W. Maxwell, \$850 p.m.
District Telegraph Engineers, II, C. Guthridge, F. R. Mahony, \$525 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Telegraph Engineer, C. G. R. Phillips, \$400 to \$500 p.m.
District Signal Engineers, I, C. L. Parsons, H. N. Bayes, \$625 to \$800 p.m.
District Signal Engineer, II, H. Richmond, \$525 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Signal Engineer, R. Knight, \$400 to \$500 p.m.
Storekeeper, J. H. Webb, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Stores.

Stores Superintendent, C. H. Rowe, \$850 p.m.
Stores Assistants, W. E. Williams, L. P. Watts, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Assistant Signal Accountant, I, L. Richardson, \$525 to \$600 p.m.

SANITARY BOARDS.

Kuala Lumpur.

Chairman, A. J. Sturrock (Cadet, Class I), \$1,050 p.m.
Secretary, R. N. Thamby Thurai, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Inspector of Works and Buildings, W. German, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Chief Sanitary Inspector, N. MacPhail, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Registrar of Vehicles, Selangor, C. F. Seimund, \$350 to \$600 p.m.
Town Superintendent, W. Rodger, \$350 to \$600 p.m.

Seremban.

Chairman and Secretary, H. H. Banks, \$325 to \$375 p.m.

Larut.

Chairman and Secretary (vacant) (Cadet, Class III), \$730 to \$850 p.m.
Chief Sanitary Inspector, A. F. Dennett, \$350 to \$600 p.m.
Building Inspector, O. L. Stephen, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Kinta.

Chairman (vacant) (Cadet, Class II), \$880 to \$1,000 p.m.
Secretary, P. M. Carrier, \$400 to \$600 p.m.
Chief Sanitary Inspector, P. B. F. Burr, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Works Engineer, H. J. Markes, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Building Inspector, C. M. Kariappa, \$400 to \$800 p.m.
Registrar of Vehicles, Perak, T. Wayte, \$350 to \$600 p.m.

SURVEYS.

Surveyor-General, F.M.S. and S.S., V. A. Löwinger, \$1,200 p.m.
Assistant Surveyor-General, F.M.S. and S.S., C. J. Perkins, \$1,050 p.m.
Assistant Surveyor-General (Topography), J. N. Sheffield, \$1,050 p.m.
Senior Superintendent, Perak, W. A. Wallace, \$900 to \$1,000 p.m.
Senior Superintendent Singapore, F. B. Sewell, \$900 to \$1,000 p.m.
Superintendents, F. R. Twiss, J. Dewar, J. Griffiths, C. Y. B. Sewell, R. L. Buckwell, R. R. Goulding, W. A. Gummer, W. J. C. Stevens, \$900 p.m.

Senior Assistant Superintendent, Kinta, E. Aune, \$850 p.m.

Senior Assistant Superintendent, Singapore (vacant), \$850 p.m.

Assistant Superintendents, J. M. Favell, W. F. N. Bridges, H. A. Dijkerman, W. A. D. Edwardes, F. H. Frodsham, H. C. Abraham, C. E. Nugent, W. H. Stubington, T. Kitching, J. H. Spowers, C. T. M. Husband, L. D. Meyer, W. H. Neil, G. H. Swarder, H. H. Cobon, G. M. R. Jackson, P. V. Norman, J. D. Purcell, B. Cooper, E. A. Kenney, B. A. Stubington, C. E. Bone, G. D. Barrow, F. A. Fendall, G. Watson, P. M. Leckie, A. A. Lermitt, \$400 to \$800 p.m.

Surveyors (on Agreement), C. J. Dunn, A. C. Twyford, C. E. L. Roberts, W. P. Aylward, P. H. Bonnett, A. Shield, P. H. Goss, C. C. Best, A. G. Billing, F. L. Harding, J. Read, J. J. Boonzaair, W. H. Morris, A. Graham, C. Noble, W. Borlase, G. L. Jerram, C. D. Pearson, J. J. O'Dwyer, H. L. Ward, W. H. Grant, R. E. Gray, A. H. W. Lilly, R. Wilson, R. K. Rule, E. G. Farrington, E. P. Walker-Taylor, R. A. Terry, J. W. Morphet, R. B. Horner, K. L. Bedlington, W. H. Wilton, J. S. Higgins, A. R. Bennett, H. W. Hamilton, J. A. Tulloch, \$400 to \$600 p.m.

Accountant, G. G. T. Browne, \$500 to \$800 p.m.

Chief Draftsman, E. Shadgett, \$450.

Chief Photo Lithographer, W. D. Mavor, \$600 to \$800 p.m.

Photo Lithographer, W. H. Noble, \$400 to \$650 p.m.

Instrument Repairer, W. J. Austen, \$400 to \$650 p.m.

TRADE AND CUSTOMS.

Commissioner, M. D. Daly (Cadet, Class IA), \$1,200 p.m.

Chandu.

Deputy Commissioner, R. F. R. Swettenham, \$800 to \$950 p.m.

Four Superintendents, H. de C. Elton, F. G. Aplin, two vacant, \$475 to \$750 p.m.

Assistant Superintendents, E. Whitham, H. M. Trower, H. G. Birnie, O. V. L. Hough, H. H. Bagnall, E. J. M. Eldridge, O.B.E., R. S. Clemons, \$350 to \$450 p.m.

Customs.

Deputy Commissioner, S. C. Raffles, O.B.E., \$800 to \$950 p.m.

Eleven Superintendents, N. Falls, G. S. Hope, H. de C. Blakeney, V. C. Watkins, F. J. Huett, R. M. Levinge, T. R. Binnie, C. Baines, R. L. Cusaden, E. H. Hime, P. M. Cooke, \$475 to \$750 p.m.

Assistant Superintendents, J. D. G. Morice, M. H. Hawkes, J. R. M. Pickthall, G. R. Hindley Smith, G. Grubb, E. C. S. Siehel, J. T. B. Notley, H. S. J. Lloyd, \$350 to \$450 p.m.

Probationers, four at \$250 p.m.

Ezoise.

Deputy Commissioner, J. E. Marwood, \$800 to \$950 p.m.

Four Superintendents, four vacant, \$475 to \$750 p.m.

Assistant Superintendents, W. H. Case, F. L. Skilton, J. H. Vincent Clarke, C. McLaren Reid, W. J. Walsh, \$350 to \$450 p.m.

Preventive.

Chief Superintendent, J. Hobbs, \$600 to \$800 p.m.
Four Superintendents, J. G. O'Reilly, A. W. Greaves, H. W. Phear, J. O'Connell, \$475 to \$750 p.m.

Assistant Superintendents, E. Sykes, D. P. Stokes, three vacant, \$350 to \$450 p.m.

Central Trade Registry.

Assistant Registrar of Imports and Exports, F. M. Still, \$400 p.m.

MALAY STATES NOT INCLUDED IN THE FEDERATION.

In addition to the territories comprised in the Federated Malay States, the British sphere in the Malay Peninsula includes the States of Johore, Kedah, Perlis, Kelantan, and Trengganu.

JOHORE.

His Highness Sir Ibrahim, G.C.M.G., K.B.E., etc., etc., Sultan and Sovereign Ruler of the State and Territories of Johore.

The State of Johore lies at the southern extremity of the Malay Peninsula, and is bounded on the north by Pahang, on the north-west by Negri Sembilan and Malacca, on the west by the Straits of Malacca, on the south by the Strait north of Singapore, and on the east by the China Sea.

The area of the State is approximately 7,500 square miles. The interior is in great part covered with jungle. The country is, as a whole, less mountainous than any other part of the Peninsula. The most important mountain group is formed by the Blumut Hills, which lie near the centre of the State. Mount Ophir, or Gunung Ledang, the highest peak in Johore (4,186 feet), is situated near the border of Malacca.

The principal river is the Muar, in the north-west, running through the district of the same name, which was formerly a separate State, but was united to Johore in 1877. The only other rivers of importance are the Endau, in the north, which, during part of its course, forms the boundary with Pahang, and the Johore, which flows into the Straits opposite to the eastern end of the island of Singapore.

The only towns of any importance are Johore Bahru, the capital, situated on the Straits opposite to Singapore, Bandar Maharani in Muar, and Bandar Pengkalan in Batu Pahat.

The climate approximates to that of Singapore and the Federated Malay States, the highest maximum and lowest minimum temperature in 1926 being 96° and 65° respectively.

A recent estimate places the total population at 321,000: at the last census in 1921, the Malay inhabitants were found to constitute 86 per cent. of the total, and the population of Johore Bahru Town was returned as 15,312.

In area, Johore approximates to Wales; in population to Cyprus: though the area, revenue, and trade of Johore are twice, thrice, and seven times respectively that of Cyprus.

History.

Of Johore history little is known prior to the advent of the Portuguese: moreover, the authorities differ regarding even such major points as the

probable cradle of the Malay race. The "Semang" (Negrito aborigines) and "Sakai" (Indo-Chinese immigrants) who may have attained some degree of civilization, have been driven to the hills: a number of semi-wild "proto-Malay" tribes exist chiefly along the coasts: while the regular occupants of the country are the descendants of the Malays who brought their civilization from Palembang in Sumatra about the 13th century.

Prior to that, the country though unoccupied was much visited: the Dravidians of South India are responsible for several place-names: they were followed by Arabs and Near-Eastern merchants, and later by Phœnicians and others from the Western world, before the Christian era. It has been surmised that King Solomon's mariners visited Mount Ophir in Johore.

The village of Tebrau may have given its name to the Straits of Tumeras, and the Tamarus promontorium (Ramunia Point) of Strabo.

Certainly, since the first century when the peninsula probably obtained its present form, Johore (Ujong Tanah, Land's End) must have been a salient feature on the voyage from India to China.

In the 9th century the Arabs regularly visited the mart of Betumah, situated near the Straits, to collect the camphor and other valuable products which filtered down from the Endau district.

As the Buddhist State of Palembang grew in power, colonies of Malays commenced to settle on the Peninsula. The "Ma-li-yü-erh" of Chinese writers had, in 1290, been long at variance with Siam. Marco Polo (1292) mentions the city of Malavir. Singapore, founded under the name of Tamasek about this time, was ruled by its own kings. A Siamese law of 1360 includes Ujong Tanah, Malaka and Malayu among tributary states. One Raja Chulan, who reigned over the south of the Peninsula, had a fort of black stone on the Johore River.

This nascent development was nipped in the bud by the invasion of the Javanese from Majapahit, who in 1377 conquered the country and destroyed Singapore under circumstances of great brutality.

Malacca, however, grew to be the first trading centre of the East, and after its conquest by the Portuguese in 1511, the son of the conquered King settled at Johore Lama and founded the historic Sultanate of Johore.

The history of the next 300 years, however, is an almost uninterrupted record of wars. Persistent hostilities with the Portuguese continued nearly until the arrival of the Dutch in 1602. The State bears no small part in Dutch Colonial history; relations were friendly, despite a diplomatic struggle for commercial privileges. But, after violent attacks by the Achinese, Johore had become by 1637 practically an appanage of the Achinese kingdom. In return for assistance rendered at the successful attack on Malacca in 1641, the Dutch tried to restore Johore to its former position as the premier Malay State. A port with a customs officer existed at Singapore. But the capital was plundered and burnt by Jambi in 1673, in 1699 the Sultan was assassinated, and in 1717 the throne was seized by a Sumatran adventurer, Raja Kechil. Then the Bugis ships appeared. The subsequent process, partly conquest, partly assimilation, while disturbing to Johore, resulted in a wide extension of its sovereignty, which now spread to Pahang, Siak, Riau, Linggi and part of Selangor.

After 60 years of continuous intrigues between the Malay and Bugis chiefs the Dutch in 1784 recognised the Malay Sultan as ruler of Johore, drove the Bugis from Riau and stationed there a Resident with a garrison; after some further fighting the Malay Sultan and the Bugis viceroy accepted the position of dependent princes, but the old empire of Johore (Linggi and Klang had been ceded to the Dutch in 1757) was in a state of dissolution, the Bendahara and Temenggong being virtually territorial chiefs in Pahang and Johore respectively. This was the position when the English, by virtue of treaties made in 1819 and 1824, obtained a complete cession of the island of Singapore.

Contemporary visitors emphasize the deserted character of the country; in 1847 the capital consisted merely of 25 huts. (In 1855 the capital was moved to its present situation at Johore Bahru.) But the extension of the Pax Britannica and the assistance rendered by the Governor of the Straits Settlements "helped Johore to grow populous again," moreover, the country has been governed since 1862 by two enlightened and progressive rulers, Sultan Abubakar, who died in 1895, and Sultan Ibrahim the present ruler.

In 1895 the Sultan undertook to receive a British Agent having the functions of a Consular Officer; in 1910, the Sultan having had an unofficial adviser for some years, reorganised his Government with the assistance of the Governor of the Straits Settlements; in 1914 a General Adviser with enlarged powers was appointed. The recent history of the State has been a record of continued prosperity. Telephonic communication was established between Johore and Singapore in 1883; a postal service was inaugurated in 1884, letters being transported by coach till the opening of the railway across Singapore Island in 1903; in 1909 the Johore State railway, linking up with the Federated Malay States Railway system, was completed; finally, in 1924, the completion of the causeway across the Straits permits uninterrupted railway connection between Singapore and Bangkok.

Constitution.

In 1895 the Sultan promulgated a written constitution, to which supplements have been added.

His Highness has a Council of Ministers, consisting entirely of high Malay Officers of State, together with an Executive Council consisting of certain Malay and British officers.

The Orders of the Executive Council are carried out by a Civil Service containing Malay and European Officers.

The Legislature consists of a Council of State, to which Asiatic and European official and unofficial members are appointed.

The Judicial system resembles that of the Federated Malay States, minor cases being decided by Magistrates, with appeal to the Supreme Court, and major cases by the Supreme Court, with appeal to the Court of Appeal, and thence in special cases to the Privy Council.

Cases involving matters regulated by Muhammadan law are decided in the Court of a Kathi, with appeal to the Sultan in Executive Council.

Judges of the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlements and of the Federated Malay States are ex-officio Judges of the State of Johore, and vice versa.

STATISTICS.

Year.	Public Debt.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
1911	\$11,168,578	\$3,954,901	\$3,263,123
1915	6,750,000	5,790,393	3,645,421

Surplus.

1920	\$7,896,477	\$11,838,975	\$13,070,283
1926	17,935,508	18,781,565	18,099,231

Year	Value of Imports	Value of Exports
1915	\$11,479,494	\$28,917,800
1920	42,877,896	68,685,787
1926	35,782,758	139,261,451

The principal items of revenue during 1926 were:—

Land Rents (Recurrent) ..	..	\$1,971,558
Export Duty on Rubber ..	..	3,363,680
Import Duty on Spirits ..	..	1,012,003
Import Duty on Tobacco ..	..	1,424,835
Sale of Chandu ..	..	5,489,512
Interest ..	..	604,323
Land Sales ..	..	696,775

Economic Conditions.

Johore recovered more quickly than the Federated Malay States from the trade depression which began in 1920: and an era of rapid development appears to have commenced.

The rise in revenue from two million dollars in 1909 to 18 million dollars in 1926 constitutes a record of progress which none of the other Malay States can equal.

Johore is primarily an agricultural State. Forest Reserves amount to 173 square miles and are being largely increased.

Forest produce valued at about two million dollars was exported in 1926, the revenue amounting to \$132,740.

The total area of alienated land extends to some 975,640 acres.

The chief agricultural products are:—

	Area.	Value of Exports.
Rubber . . .	548,000 acres	\$119,580,000
Coconuts . . .	90,000 "	6,343,900
Tapioca . . .	16,000 "	796,200
Pineapples . . .	15,000 "	3,000,000
Areca nuts . . .	8,000 "	2,151,035
Padi . . .	5,328 "	—
African Oil Palm . . .	2,235 "	—
Gambier . . .	1,500 "	315,000

with small areas of Sago, Tuba, Coffee, and Kapok.

Mining titles cover some 13,000 acres.

The principal minerals exported in 1926 were:—

Tin-ore, 17,455 pikuls.

Iron-ore, 250,000 tons.

China clay, 337 tons.

the total value of mineral exports amounting to \$3,776,901.

The chief imports comprise rice, wines and spirits, tobacco, wood and timber (largely Johore Produce re-imported from Singapore), cotton-goods and petroleum products.

A branch of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation is established at Johore Bahru, and a Chinese bank at Muar.

Manufacturing industries are in their infancy, being confined to seven pineapple factories, a score of tapioca factories, and a few saw-mills, brick-works, and similar undertakings.

A larger electric power station is being erected at Johore Bahru: stations will shortly be erected at Muar and Segamat.

Communications.

Sea.—Regular steamship services run between the various coast ports and Singapore.

During 1926, 61 ocean-going steamers with a tonnage of 185,850; 3,572 coasting steamers with a tonnage of 185,189; and 9,544 sailing vessels with a tonnage of 173,631 entered and cleared from ports in the State.

There was a large increase in the number and tonnage of Japanese ocean-going steamers calling at Batu Pahat to load iron-ore.

Railway.—The Johore State Railway runs for 120 miles through the middle of the State from Gemas on the northern boundary to Johore Bahru on the southern boundary: it is connected on each boundary with the system of the Federated Malay States Railway administration, by whom it was built and to whom it is leased.

Road.—At the end of 1926, 95 miles of town roads and 525 miles of country roads were metalled. All the principal towns are now connected by a road-system which is being continually extended.

Hired cars provide a cheap, constant, and rapid means of communication. About 1,200 motor vehicles a day cross the causeway connecting the main land with Singapore Island.

Posts, Telegraphs, Telephones.—In addition to the General Post Office at Johore Bahru, 13 branch offices are established.

Twenty telephone exchanges are in operation, and the number will be increased. Communication is established between Johore Bahru and Singapore, and between Muar and the Malacca and Federated Malay States systems.

Accommodation.—The Johore Hotel at Johore Bahru provides the usual accommodation for travellers: the Government also maintains Rest Houses at Muar, Batu Pahat, Kota Tinggi, Segamat, Batu Anam, Mersing, and Kluang.

General.

Health.—Government Hospitals are established in the principal townships, besides a Mental Hospital and Leper Asylum at Johore Bahru. Permanent anti-malarial measures are being undertaken in Johore Bahru and Mersing: and oiling operations are in force in all towns.

Travelling dispensaries will shortly be provided.

Education.—The Government has established five English Schools and 84 vernacular schools, in addition to a Malay Training College for teachers: further, the Government maintains five advanced Malay students at Hongkong and in England.

Grants-in-aid are made to estate Tamil schools.

Military Forces.—The total strength of the Johore Military Forces in 1926 amounted to 625. There are English and Malay Volunteer contingents.

Police.—The force numbers 978, all ranks: the rank and file consist of Malays and Sikhs, under Malay and English Officers.

Municipal.—Town Boards are established at Johore Bahru, Muar, Batu Pahat, Segamat, Kota Tinggi and Endau, supervising sanitary work in 23 Town Board Areas and 26 village areas.

Sport.—Subject to the regulations for the protection of wild animals, permission may be obtained to shoot elephant, gaur, rhinoceros, tapir, deer, tiger, panther, crocodile, and pig.

ADMINISTRATION.

Sultan, His Highness Sir Ibrahim, G.C.M.G., K.B.E., etc., etc.
Chief Minister, Dato Abdullah bin Jaafar, C.B.E.
President Religious Affairs, Ungku Omar bin Ahmad.

General Adviser, G. E. Shaw, O.B.E. (acting).
Deputy State Secretary, Dato Ismail bin Bachok.
State Commissioner, Muar, Dato Daud bin Haji Suleiman.

State Commissioner, Batu Pahat, Dato Mohamed Shah bin Awang.

State Commissioner, Mersing, Ungku Ali bin Abdullah.

Assistant Adviser, Muar, A. C. Baker (acting).

Assistant Adviser, Batu Pahat, W. D. Barron.

Assistant Adviser, Segamat, W. S. Ebdien.

Assistant Adviser, Kota Tinggi, J. R. Neave.

Assistant Adviser, Kukob, A. L. Birse.

Agriculture.

Agricultural Inspector, F. de la M. Norris.

Chandu Monopoly.

Deputy Superintendent, Inche Mohamed Said bin Abdullah.

Chinese Protectorate.

Protector of Chinese, N. Grice (acting).

Courts.

Judge, J. McCabe Reay (acting).

Legal Adviser, W. Pryde.

Deputy Public Prosecutor, R. Moor (acting).

Magistrates, F. C. Marshall, Ungku Mansur and Inche Mohamed Seth.

Customs.

Commissioner of Trade and Customs, D. Wills (acting).

District Offices.

District Officer, Chohong, Inche Abdul Ghani bin Arshad.

District Officer, Kota Tinggi, Inche Abdullah bin Esa.

District Officer, Kukob, Wan Hussain bin Endot.

District Officer, Segamat, Inche Mohamed Taff bin Haji Ismail.

Education.

English Education Officer, H. Mortimer (acting).

Inspector of Malay Schools, Syed Abdul Rahman bin Hassan Alkudey (acting).

European Volunteer Force.

Officer Commanding, Major E. F. G. Davies, M.C.
Adjutant, Captain T. Prince.

Financial.

Financial Commissioner and Auditor-General, A. S. Small (acting).

State Treasurer, Dato Ibrahim bin Abdul Majid.

Auditor, Ungku Abdul Aziz bin Abdul Majid.

Revenue Auditor, Ungku Mohamed Salleh bin Mahmood.

Forests.

Conservator of Forests, J. R. N. Charter (acting).

Assistant Conservator, T. A. Strong.

Game Warden.

Game Warden, Inche Ahmad bin Mohamed Doon.

Labour.

Controller of Labour, H. T. W. Oswell.

Lands.

Commissioner of Lands and Mines, C. H. G. Clarke (acting).

Collector of Land Revenue, Inche Abdul Rahman bin Mohamed Yasin.

Marine.

Superintendent of Marine, H. H. Brown.

Medical.

Principal Medical Officer, R. D. Fitzgerald.

Medical Officers, G. H. Garlick, W. J. E. Phillips, D. I. Gracey and A. B. Jeser Coope.

Health Officer, J. Portelli.

Military Forces.

Colonel-Commandant, His Highness Sir Ibrahim, G.C.M.G., K.B.E., etc., etc.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Second-in-Command, Dato Abdul Hamid bin Yusof.

Military Adviser and Chief Instructor, Lieutenant-Colonel B. A. Thompson.

Majors, Yahya bin Abu Talib and Mohamed Tahir bin Mohamed Doon.

Captain and Staff Officer, Haji Mohamed Said bin Haji Suleiman.

Mines.

Warden of Mines, F. C. Marshall.

Municipal.

President, Tungku Ahmad (acting).

Police.

Commissioner, A. J. Sheedy.

Deputy Commissioners, R. Morgan, J. D. Dalley, P. R. Tudor-Owen and Abu Baker bin Buang.

Assistant Commissioners, Ungku Abdul Majid bin Ali, Musa bin Yusof, Bachok bin Ibrahim, Ungku Abdullah bin Omar and Abu Bakar bin Audullah.

Posts and Telegraphs.

Postmaster-General, Dato Mohamed Salleh bin Ali.

Chief Telegraph Engineer, A. G. Tremain.

Public Works.

State Engineer, F. Glendinning.

Senior Executive Engineer, S. J. W. Gooch.

Government Architect, W. B. Y. Draper.

Chief Electrical Engineer, A. L. Birch.

Mechanical Engineer, R. Eves.

Surveys.

Superintendent of Surveys, C. T. M. Husband (acting).

Assistant Superintendents, G. D. Barron, P. H. Bonnet, A. Shield.

Veterinary.

Government Veterinary Surgeon, Tungku Abu Bakar.

KEDAH.

H.H. Sir Abdul Hamid Halimshah ibni Ahmad Tajudin, K.C.M.G., Sultan; *H.H. Tunku Ibrahim*, C.M.G., C.V.O., Regent.

Kedah is a State on the west coast of the Malay Peninsula situated between the parallels of 5° 5' and 6° 35' N. lat. and the meridians of 99° 35' and 101° 10' E. long. It is bordered on the interior (north and east) by the States of

Singgora and Patani (Siamese) and by the State of Perak (F.M.S.), and extends along the sea coast from the River Sanglang, its boundary with its northern neighbour the State of Perlis (under British protection), to the Muda River, its boundary with Province Wellesley. Thence it extends behind the narrow strip of coast which forms Province Wellesley, down to the northern bank of the Krian River, its boundary with the State of Perak.

Both the island of Penang and the territory of Province Wellesley were originally part of Kedah. Penang was acquired from the "King of Quedah" by Captain Light on behalf of the East India Company by the treaty of 1786, and Province Wellesley was ceded by Kedah to Sir George Leith, on behalf of the Company, by the treaty of 1800, to enable the Company to check the piracies on the coast. A sum of \$10,000 is, under the treaty of 1869, paid annually by the Government of the Straits Settlements to the Kedah Government in respect of Penang and Province Wellesley.

The State includes the island of Langkawi and a number of smaller islands to the south. It formerly included the island of Terutau to the north of Langkawi, but this island and a small area in the interior of the State, in the eastern watershed, were ceded to Siam in the treaty of 1909.

The mainland of Kedah is about 105 miles in length and about 65 miles in width at its widest part. Its area is, including the Langkawi group, about 3,800 square miles. The four highest peaks on the mainland are Gunung Bintang (6,103 feet), Gunung Kangar (4,760 feet), Gunung Jerai (3,978 feet) and Bukit Perak (2,823 feet). Gunung Raja, on Langkawi Island, is 2,950 feet high.

History.

There are no authentic records of the early history of the State, and little is known except that the country was converted to Muhammadanism in the 15th or 16th century, and that, like the other States in the Peninsula, it was, at various times, under the domination of Burmah, Acheen, Malacca, and Siam. Like the other States, too, it depended upon the personality of its ruler. Under a strong raja its boundaries extended to include Setul Perlis, and part of Singgora on the north, and Krian on the south, and under a weaker man, or upon the rising of a stronger raja beyond the borders, its boundaries contracted.

There is no record of the Portuguese, during their occupation of Malacca (A.D. 1511 to 1641), having had any intercourse with Kedah. The Dutch, however, after they had wrested Malacca from the Portuguese, established Opperhoofden (Commandants) in Kedah from 1654 to 1711.

From that date until 1786, when Captain Light acquired Penang from the Sultan for the East India Company, little is known of the history of the State.

In 1821, a Siamese fleet appeared off the mouth of the Kedah River, and by a sudden descent upon the unexpected Malays, took possession of the fort, and later of the river. The Sultan, who was in the Merbok district at the time, fled to Province Wellesley, where he was afforded protection by the British Government. He was later afforded an asylum in Malacca.

In 1831, Tunku Kudin, a nephew of the Sultan, made a desperate attempt to recover Kedah from the Siamese. He succeeded in driving out the Siamese, and held the country from April until October, but was later conquered

by a combined force of British and Siamese. In 1838, the Malays made another attempt under Tunku Muhammad Saad, and again succeeded in expelling the Siamese. Again, however, they were worsted by the combination of a Siamese army and a blockade by British gunboats.

In 1841 the Siamese allowed the Sultan to return to Kedah and re-assume the government. The Sultan was, however, only allowed to exercise authority over part of the territory that formerly was subject to him. Setul, Perlis, and Kubang Pasu were given to other rajas independent of him. Setul, under the treaty of 1909, is now part of Siam (Monthon Puket); Perlis is still independent and is now under British protection. Kubang Pasu was some years ago again made part of Kedah.

General Description.

The language line between Siamese and Malay runs through Kedah and Perlis, and in the interior parts of these States the Malays speak Siamese as freely as their own language. There is a large number of Sam-sams—a mixed race of Siamese and Malays—who are Muhammadans. Only a few families of the aborigines (Sakas) are left in the forest at the source of the Muda River. They numbered 105 all told at the 1911 census.

South Kedah, the area lying south of the mountain known as Kedah Peak (Gunong Jerai), is for the most part populated with Europeans, Chinese and Tamils, planting rubber, coconuts and tapioes. There is also a Malay population planting rice along the banks of the Muda River and in the low lying lands along the coast. Kulim was formerly a tin-mining centre of some importance, but the alluvial deposits are now said to be worked out.

North Kedah is almost entirely populated by Malay cultivators of rice. The soil is generally a heavy fertile clay. A quantity of rice is exported annually to Penang and to the Federated Malay States.

The population of Kedah was 245,986 at the 1911 census. At the 1921 census the population was 338,544, of whom 300 were Europeans, 75 Eurasians, 237,043 Malays, 59,403 Chinese, 33,015 Indians and 8,704 "other races." The estimated population in 1925 was 384,000.

Galena has been found in Langkawi, and indications of coal and oil have been reported; nothing of commercial value has, however, yet been discovered, with the exception of a deposit of marble which may prove to be of value.

Climate.

The climate resembles that of Perak. Meteorological returns kept in ten places record an average shade temperature in the day time rising to over 90 deg. F. and falling to nearly 70 deg. F. at night. The driest months are January, March and the wettest August to October, when half the annual rainfall occurs, averaging from 100 to 130 inches a year. Cholera has sometimes broken out in prolonged droughts, but the provision of a good water supply, which is now completed, should prevent this. The health of rubber and other estates is good.

Communications.

Steamers ply between Penang and Semilang and Yen (in South Kedah), and Sala, and Alor Star (the capital, six miles up the Kedah River) in North Kedah. There is a bi-weekly steamer communication between Penang and Langkawi Island.

A metalled road connects Alor Star with Province Wellesley, a distance of 45 miles. A metalled road extends to the Perlis boundary (25 miles), and a road which branches off at the 12th mile connects the State with Singgora. Another road is being pushed forward towards the Patani frontier, through Langgar, and now extends to Kuala Nerang at the 23rd mile from Alor Star. A metalled road has been made to Baling and North Perak, and other metalled roads have been completed or are under construction. There are a number of earth roads connecting the tapioca and rubber estates in South Kedah with the towns; 189 miles of canals and 22 miles of irrigation channels are maintained by the Public Works Department.

The Federated Malay States railway administration has extended its railway service through Kedah into Perlis. The line leaves the main line at Bukit Mertajam, in Province Wellesley and is 98 miles in length to the Siamese frontier. Trains have been running regularly since October, 1915. A connection through Perlis, with the Siamese railway system has been completed, establishing railway communication between Bangkok and Singapore.

Telegraphic and telephonic communication extends throughout the State.

Education.

There are English schools in Alor Star and Sungei Patani and a Malay Girls' school in Alor Star. There are 70 Malay schools.

Constitution.

Until the beginning of this century the Siamese Government interfered but little in the government of the country, only requiring the Sultan to refer to Bangkok matters of importance, and applications for land by foreign subjects. In 1906, however, the finances of the country had reached such a state that the Sultan was compelled to negotiate with Siam for a loan in order to avoid bankruptcy. With the loan the Siamese Government sent an adviser to advise the Sultan in the general management of the country, and more particularly in its finances.

On the 23rd July, 1905, the Sultan, by an edict, appointed a State Council to assist him in the administration of the country.

The first President was H.H. the Raja Muda, Tunku Abdul Aziz, who died in 1907. He was succeeded by H.H. Tunku Mahmud. The Adviser and the Chief Judge are *ex-officio* members, and two members may be nominated.

In 1913, the Sultan's health became such that it was necessary to appoint his eldest son, Tunku Ibrahim, as Regent, pending the restoration of the Sultan's health.

With the transfer of the suzerainty of Kedah from Siam to Great Britain under the treaty of 1909, the adviser appointed by Siam has been replaced by an adviser appointed by Great Britain.

Finance.

The amount of the loan obtained in 1905 from Siam was of \$2,600,000 at the rate of 6 per cent. This loan was, with the transfer of the suzerainty of the State from Siam to Great Britain under the treaty of 1909, taken over by the Federated Malay States Government at 4 per cent. The Federated Malay States Government paid the interest, \$120,953, due at the time of the transfer, and added it on to the capital, thus making the loan amount to \$2,720,953.

The public revenue and expenditure during the last five years were respectively:—

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	\$	\$
A.H. 1341 (A.D. 1923)	5,081,138	5,311,742
A.H. 1342 (A.D. 1924)	5,234,554	5,567,979
A.H. 1343 (A.D. 1925)	5,970,148	5,671,697
A.H. 1344 (A.D. 1926)	9,179,487	5,481,218
A.H. 1345 (A.D. 1927)	8,988,428	6,396,507

The whole of the loan due to the F.M.S. Government has been paid off. The State is now free from debt.

Trade.

The following were the principal exports from Kedah during the year 1344 (1926):—Padi and rice, rubber; tapioca and sago, forest produce, tin-ore, fish, bricks, cattle, hides and horns, pigs and poultry.

The value of the Kedah trade with Penang during 1344 was as follows:—Exports, \$44,920,579; imports, \$10,017,458.

The value of Kedah trade with the F.M.S. during 1344, was: Exports, \$3,036,120; imports, \$278,103.

Administration.

His Highness the Sultan, Sir Abdul Hamid Halimshah ibni Sultan Ahmad Tajudin Mukarramshah, K.C.M.G.,

President, State Council, His Highness the Regent, Tunku Ibrahim ibni Sir Abdul Hamid Halimshah, C.M.G., C.V.O.

Members of the State Council, H.H. Tunku Mahmud, C.M.G., ibni Sultan Ahmad Tajudin Mukarramshah; *The British Adviser*; *The Chief Malay Judge*; *The Secretary to Government*.

British Adviser, T. W. Clayton.*

Assistant Adviser, H. Fraser* (acting).

Secretary to Adviser, G. E. Clayton, M.C.*

Secretary to Government, Haji Wan Yahya.

Treasury.

State Treasurer, Tunku Badlishah.

Assistant Treasurer, F. E. Ivory.

Audit.

Auditor-General, Tunku Mahomed.

Assistant Auditor-General, S. E. Dennys.

2nd Assistant Auditor-General, J. McDough.

Courts.

Judges, W. H. Dinmore,* F. Robinson* (acting), Syed Mansur Aljaffri, Tunku Mansur.

Legal Adviser, F. Robinson,* H. Fraser* (acting).

Police Court Magistrates, Alor Star, Syed Muhammad Idid, Tunku Zainul Rashid, Che Zain Ariffin.

District Offices.

District Officer, Kuala Muda, Che Ahmad.

Ditto Kulim, Tunku Md. Jiwa.

Ditto Kubang Pasu, Wan Md. Amin.

Ditto Baling, Che Abdul Daim.

Ditto Bandar Bahru, Tunku Suleiman.

Ditto Langkawi, Che Awang.

Ditto Yen, Syed Bakar.

Ditto Padang Trap, Tunku Mat Ariffin.

* Malayan Civil Service.

Lands.

Director of Lands, Che Md. Sheriff.
Assistant Directors of Lands, Che Yeop Abdullah
 and Che Md. Daud.
Adviser, Land Office, H. C. Eckhardt.*
Assistant Adviser, Land Office, W. A. Ward,
 M.C.*

Surveys.

Superintendent of Surveys, W. J. C. Stevens
 (acting).
Assistant Superintendents, O. Watson, Captain
 P. M. Leck e, J. H. C. Reade, J. J. Boonzaier,
 G. L. Jerram.

Police.

Commissioner, W. E. Speers.
Assistant Commissioners, E. Cheers, H. C. F.
 Rodda.
Chief Inspectors, E. A. Lamerton, A. Miller,
 C. P. Colgan, D. Kenny.

Medical.

State Surgeon, D. Bridges.
Medical Officer, Central Kedah, W. M. Lupton
 (acting).
Medical Officer, South Kedah, J. S. E. Manley
 (acting).

Health.

Health Officer, J. I. Baeza.

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, S. E. Dennys (acting).

Veterinary.

State Veterinary Surgeon, J. J. Fleury.

Public Works.

State Engineer, W. J. Smith (acting).
Executive Engineers, C. Jenkins, H. M. Butter-
 field, I. D. Robertson.
Assistant Engineers, G. C. Hesketh, F. J. Button,
 E. J. Hill, J. P. Bryan, P. H. V. Hanitsch,
 F. P. Scott.
Assistant Architect, F. W. Wade.
Architectural Draftsman, C. H. Short.

Harbour.

Harbour Master, Che Ismail.

Monopolies and Customs.

Superintendent, Tunku Kassim.

Education.

Superintendent, E. A. G. Stuart.
European Masters, E. C. Hicks, C. W. Bloomfield.

Forests.

Conservator, W. M. E. Martin.

Chinese Protectorate.

Protector of Chinese, G. R. Sykes.

Labour.

Protector of Labour, Capt. N. Jones, M.C.

PERLIS.

H.H. Syed Alwi, C.B.E., Raja.

Perlis is a small State on the west coast of the Malay Peninsula north of Kedah. Its area is 318 square miles.

Until 1821 it was subject to Kedah, but when the Siamese, in 1841, allowed the Sultan of Kedah

* Malayan Civil Service.

to re-assume the government, they made Perlis an independent State under Syed Hussein, who was given the title of Raja. The present ruler is the great-great-grandson of Syed Hussein and is the fourth raja.

The country, like Kedah, is a rich alluvial plain, which is devoted to rice cultivation. A little tin is exported from the interior, and some of the limestone hills are rich in guano. Perlis has a good system of telegraphs and telephones. There are thirty-four and three quarter miles of metalled roads, and thirty miles of earth roads.

The population is about 44,500. The public revenue and expenditure for the last five years were respectively:—

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	£	£
A.H. 1341 A.D. 1923	397,187	342,698
A.H. 1342 A.D. 1924	453,452	341,155
A.H. 1343 A.D. 1925	470,616	441,825
A.H. 1344 A.D. 1926	594,598	565,071
A.H. 1345 A.D. 1927	614,665	630,768

The State, by loans made in 1905 and 1907, incurred a debt of \$443,000 to the Siamese Government. These loans, with the transfer of suzerainty from Siam to Great Britain, were taken over by the Federated Malay States. The total debt of the State is now \$100,000. When the loans were contracted the Siamese Government sent an Adviser to advise the Raja in the general management of the country, and more particularly in its finances. With the transfer of the suzerainty of Perlis from Siam to Great Britain under the treaty of 1909, the Adviser appointed by Siam has been replaced by an Adviser appointed by Great Britain.

The Raja is assisted by a State Council in the government of the country, and is himself President of the Council. There are four other members of the Council, one of them being the Adviser.

Members of the State Council.

President, His Highness The Raja, Syed Alwi, C.B.E.

Vice-President, Syed Hamzah.

British Adviser, P. S. Williams.*

Syed Idrus.

Haji Mohamed Nor.

Government Officials.

British Adviser, P. S. Williams.*

Engineer, G. C. Hesketh.

Commissioner of Lands, Syed Idrus.

Treasurer, Wan Ahmad.

Collector of Customs, Muhammad Arshat.

Judges, Haji Ahmad, Syed Husin, and Syed Mustapha.

TRENGGANU.

H. H. Sleman bin Almerhum Zenalabidin, K.C.M.G., Sultan.

British Adviser, J. W. Simmons, \$14,400.

Assistant Adviser, Kemaman, M. C. Hay (acting), \$10,560.

Assistant Adviser, Besut, P. A. B. McKerron (acting), \$8,760.

Assistant Adviser, Kuala Trengganu, W. F. N. Churchill (acting), \$5,840.

Commissioner of Lands, G. A. de C. de Moubray (acting), \$10,560.

State Engineer, P. Trump, \$10,200.

* Malayan Civil Service.

Commissioner of Police, M. L. Wynne (acting), \$9,600.

Medical Officer, N. H. Harrison, \$8,700.

Superintendent of Surveys, L. D. Meyer, \$8,400.

The State of Trengganu lies on the eastern seaboard of the Malay Peninsula roughly between latitude 4° 30' and 6° 45' North, and longitude 102° 15' and 103° 30' East. The area of the State is estimated to be about 5,600 square miles.

The total population of the State, as recorded by the census taken in April, 1921, is 153,765. This total is made up as follows:—

European and kindred races ...	34
Malay races	145,523
Chinese	7,246
Indians	211
Other nationalities	751

There are some 30 miles of completed road and 30 miles more under construction. A road programme has been commenced entailing the construction of about 160 miles of trunk roads, connecting Kuala Trengganu with Kelantan in the North, and Pahang in the South. There are no railways. Communication with the interior is entirely by means of the rivers and good native paths. Telegraphic communication was established between the State, the Federated Malay States, and the Straits Settlements in 1922. There is a telephone exchange at Kuala Trengganu.

The chief town is Kuala Trengganu, situated on both banks of the mouth of the Trengganu river, with a population of 12,453.

Other navigable rivers with considerable settlements at their mouths are the Kemaman, Kretai, Dungun, Paka, Marang, Iba, Stiu, and Beaut.

The public revenue and expenditure in 1926 were \$1,302,008 and \$1,069,878 respectively.

Total value of exports from Trengganu in 1926, was \$8,052,391, and of imports \$5,915,560. The principal imports were:—

	Value.
Sugar	\$215,335
Condensed Milk	83,498
Tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes	332,262
Cotton stuffs	680,439
Petroleum	146,458

Exports.

Copra	\$427,564
Dried fish	970,059
Tin ore... ..	1,167,752
Haematite	349,864
Para rubber	2,975,455
Areca-nuts	253,301
Sarongs	867,331

The rainfall is heavy and well distributed throughout the year, though excessive during the north-east monsoon from November to February. In 1926 the rainfall recorded at Kuala Kretai was 150·15 inches, and at Kuala Trengganu 137·04 inches. The temperature ranges between 63° and 92° F., the greatest range in 24 hours being 25°. Soil and climate are suitable for the cultivation of Para rubber, coconuts, coffee, and pepper.

During part of the north-east monsoon season the coast is difficult of access, though seldom quite unapproachable. British protection dates only from the 14th July, 1909. The suzerainty of Siam, transferred on that date to Great Britain, was merely a nominal overlordship, of which practically the only token was the triennial despatch of the Bunga Mas to Bangkok. This tribute is not now rendered either to Siam or to Great Britain.

An Agreement between His Britannic Majesty's Government and His Highness Sultan Zainal Abidin was signed in Singapore in 1910.

This agreement of four articles provides that mutual help shall be rendered by the two Governments, and for the rendition of fugitive criminals. It also provides for the appointment of a British Officer to reside in Trengganu to be an Agent with functions similar to those of a Consular Officer. His Majesty's Government undertake to protect the Government and the State of Trengganu and all its Dependencies from attack by foreign enemies, and the Trengganu Government surrenders the management of all political matters with Foreign Governments to His Britannic Majesty's Government. The limitation of mining and agricultural concessions to any person other than natives and subjects of Trengganu is also provided for.

This agreement was amended on May 24th, 1919. Under the amended agreement the Sultan agrees to accept a British Officer, called the British Adviser, whose advice must be asked and acted upon in all matters affecting the general administration of the country and the collection and disbursement of all revenues.

The ruling line of Sultans dates from the seventeenth century, as there is unbroken succession from Sultan Zainal Abidin, through ten intermediary Sultans to the present ruler.

A loan of \$1,000,000 granted by the Straits Government in 1923 has enabled Trengganu to resume large Ruling House Land Concessions and to commence a programme of surveys, road construction, and other development works.

A further loan of \$1,000,000 for the continuation of the road programme was approved by the Straits Government in 1925.

The mining and agricultural resources of the State are at present practically untouched.

KELANTAN.

H.H. the Sultan Ismail bin Almerhum, Sultan Mohamed IV., K.C.M.G.

The State of Kelantan is situated on the eastern side of the Malay Peninsula, and lies between latitudes 5° 45' and 6° 15' north, and between longitudes 101° 23' and 102° 40' east. It is bounded on the north by the China Sea; on the east by Trengganu; on the south by Pahang; and on the west by Perak and the Siamese Monthon of Petani. The area of the State is estimated to be 5,713 square miles.

As in the case of Kedah, the Government of Siam claimed rights of suzerainty over Kelantan for many years before any attempt was made to direct the administration of the State. Towards the end of the nineteenth century, at the time when the affairs of Kelantan were involved in much confusion owing to a disputed succession, a Siamese Commissioner was appointed to reside at Kota Bharu, the capital, but in spite of this fact the exact rights of Siam were a subject of constant dispute, until matters were placed on a stable footing at the end of 1902 by an agreement under which the Raja undertook to receive a British Officer in the Siamese service as his Adviser, and to administer the state according to his advice. The Adviser took up his post in July, 1903, and since that date great improvements have been effected in the Government of the State. The transfer to the protection of Great Britain was formally effected on July 15th, 1909.

About a sixth part of the area of Kelantan consists of a fertile plain, extending from ten to twenty-five miles from the shore; the greater part of this plain is under cultivation with padi and coconuts. From this plain the land rises gradually into mountain ranges, which reach their greatest height in the south. Gunong Tahan, on the southern boundary, is 7,186 feet high, and is the highest peak in the Malay Peninsula.

The principal river is the Kelantan, which enters the China Sea about ten miles from the western boundary of the State. The Kelantan River is a fine river some 150 miles long, navigable for launches for 80 miles. The basin of the Kelantan River, with those of its tributaries, comprises the greater part of the State. Of the other rivers, the most important are the Golok and the Semerak. By the Anglo-Siamese treaty of 1909, the Golok forms the boundary between Kelantan and the Siamese territory from its source to Kuala Tabal, where it debouches into the China Sea. The Semerak, like the Golok, is a deep river with a shallow bar at its mouth; it enters the sea near the border of Trengganu.

Kelantan possesses a larger Malay population than any other State in the Peninsula. The total population at the 1921 Census was 309,293, including 127 Europeans, 296,334 Malays, 12,779 Chinese, 3,622 Indians, and 6,396 others.

Kota Bharu, the capital, which lies on the right bank of the Kelantan River, about eight miles from its mouth, has a population of about 10,800 people. It is a clean, well laid-out town with good metalled roads. It contains the Sultan's Palace and the British Residency. It has seven schools attended by some 1,760 scholars. Kota Bharu is connected by telegraph with the Siamese Administration. A telegraph line connecting Kota Bharu with Kuala Krai has been completed. It is also connected by telephone with Tumpat, the port of Kelantan, Pasir Puteh, Kuala Krai, Bachok, Plekhang, Chehil and Bangnara. Of the smaller towns the principal are Tumpat (population 2,406), Bachok (population 766), on the coast, Pasir Puteh (population 858), and Kuala Krai, the head quarters of the southern district of the State. The trunk road from Kota Bharu to Kuala Krai is open for traffic.

Pasir Puteh is connected with Kota Bharu by a road which is practicable in all weathers. The East Coast Railway, which will eventually connect Kelantan with Singapore, has been completed as regards the section between Tumpat and Manek Urai, while communication with Penang is now established with a daily train service each way, Sundays excepted.

The main industries of the State are agricultural. The soil is exceedingly fertile. The chief product is padi, the annual harvest of which amounts to 70,000 tons. Kelantan is one of the few Malay States which export padi and rice. Coconuts and betelnuts are also extensively grown. The coconut palms are remarkably free from disease. As elsewhere in the Malay Peninsula, Para rubber has been largely planted in recent years; in addition to several small properties owned by Malays, there are twenty large estates owned by Europeans. Most of the estates have reached the tapping stage. There is now a steady output of rubber, the quality of which is of a high standard. Fishing and fish drying provide occupation for a large number of Coast Malays. Cattle breeding is also a large industry, though it has been necessary temporarily to restrict the export in order to maintain sufficient

cattle for agricultural purposes. The women throughout the State are expert weavers, and a large number of silk sarongs are annually exported to neighbouring States.

Since the extension of British protection to Kelantan, there have been several applications for land for tin mining.

The tin mining industry is likely to increase when the railway is able to carry supplies to the back country.

The chief exports of Kelantan are copra, rubber, cattle, padi and rice, betelnuts, fish, and silk manufactured goods. The chief imports are cotton goods, provisions, kerosene oil, gambier, sugar, timber, salt, and machinery.

The climate of the State is equable, and may be described as hot, and dry compared with the rest of the Peninsula (except in the monsoon), but both temperature and rainfall vary a little during each half of the year. In the plain the temperature in the shade rarely exceeds 90°F., or goes below 69°F., except in January, when 64°F. is not unknown. The nights are cool; the land breezes in the mornings and the sea breezes in the afternoons keep the air pleasant.

In the interior the range of temperature is slightly higher, the days being hotter and the nights cooler. The rainfall averages 103 inches a year.

The currency is the Straits Settlements dollar, but a coin made from an alloy of tin and lead and called pitis is also current in the bazaar; 480 pitis equal one dollar.

Regular steamer communication is maintained between Singapore and Kelantan.

Finance and Trade.

	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Imports.	Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1921	1,160,262	1,678,431	4,108,595	2,848,171
1922	1,310,020	1,539,318	2,983,248	3,577,038
1923	1,396,855	1,271,837	3,070,562	5,667,729
1924	1,422,113	1,442,032	3,570,688	5,407,674
1925	1,804,180	1,401,961	5,211,103	11,185,696
1926	2,371,595	1,927,134	5,682,902	12,518,719

Public Debt, \$4,400,684.

Civil Establishment.

British Adviser, R. J. B. Clayton (acting), \$14,400.
Entertainment allowance \$1,200.
Assistant British Adviser, N. R. Jarrett (acting), \$10,560.
Chief Medical Officer, L. W. Evans, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (acting), \$10,200.
Health Officer, J. H. Bowyer, B.A., B.C.L., M.B., D.T.M. & H., \$6,600.
Matron, Miss C. Monk, \$2,700.
Sister, Miss M. M. Francis, \$1,800.
Superintendent of Marine and Customs, N. Coulson (acting), \$8,760.
Superintendent of Lands, B. S. Walton \$9,120.
Judge, High Court, N. R. Jarrett.
Magistrate, Central Court, Tengku Sri Jaya (Tengku Abdul Rahman), \$2,280.
Magistrate, Small Court, Tengku Sri Mara Raja (Tengku Ahmad bin Tengku Sri Pekerma Raja), \$2,280.
Commissioner of Police, Captain H. A. Anderson, \$10,200.
Superintendent of Gaols, Captain H. A. Anderson.
Director of Works, S. Brayshaw, \$9,600.
Assistant Engineers, E. N. Dimmock, \$5,400
N. G. Ferguson, \$4,800.

Superintendent of Surveys, Major A. R. White,
\$10,800.

Assistant Superintendent of Surveys, R. E. Grey,
\$5,100.

District Officer, Pasir Puteh, R. G. B. Farrer
(acting), \$3,760.

District Officer, Ulu Kelantan, B. G. Bradley
(acting), \$3,760.

Harbour Master and Supervisor of Customs, W. Kerr, \$6,600.

Superintendent of Posts and Telegraphs, N. R. Jarrett.

Controller of Labour, N. R. Jarrett.

STATISTICS OF KELANTAN FOR 1926-1927.

Area.	Population, 1921.	Public Revenue, 1926.	Public Expendi- ture, 1926.	Public Debt at 31st Dec., 1926.	IMPORTS, 1926.		EXPORTS, 1926.	
					From United Kingdom.	Total.	To United Kingdom.	Total.
Sq. Miles.		£	£	£	£	£	£	£
5,713	309,300	276,686	224,832	513,412	3,503	663,005	197,288	1,460,517

The period of the financial year is from 1st January to 31st December, 1926.

BRUNEI.

H. H. Ahmad Tajudin, Sultan.

Brunei is a State lying between North Borneo and Sarawak, between 114° and 116° E. long., and touching the sea at Brunei Bay, in which lies the island of Labuan. It is 770 nautical miles distant from Singapore.

The Sultanate of Brunei was formerly a great and powerful State, and in the early years of the 16th century the authority of its rulers appears to have extended, not only over the Northern part of the Island of Borneo, but over the Sulu Islands and some part of the Philippines. Its wealth and importance at this period are shown by the description given by Pigafetta of the Sultan's Court, and by the fact that the early European navigators extended the name of the Sultanate to the whole of the island, "Borneo" being a corruption of Brunei. The power of the State appears to have begun to decline about the end of the 16th century, and by the middle of the 19th century it had fallen hopelessly into decay. The cession of the district of Sarawak to Sir James Brooke in 1841 was followed by many similar cessions to Sarawak and to the British North Borneo Company, and the State of Brunei has now been reduced to about 2,500 square miles, containing a population of about 25,000, and consisting of the town and district of Brunei and some outlying districts, of which the most important are Tutong, Belait, and Temburong.

In 1888, an agreement was concluded with the Sultan under which the control of foreign relations was placed in the hands of H.M.'s Government, whilst internal affairs were left to the Sultan, and a further agreement was made at the end of 1905, under the terms of which a British Resident has been appointed to advise and assist in the administration of the State. Until 1915 the Resident combined these duties with those of Resident of Labuan, while an Assistant Resident was stationed in Brunei. In 1915 a separate Resident was appointed for Brunei, and the appointment of Assistant Resident discontinued.

The chief town is Brunei, with a population of about 12,000.

Besides the old Malay town which is built over the water on the Brunei River there is a new township on the mainland which has steadily developed since 1910. There are vernacular schools at Brunei and in some of the out-districts,

The climate resembles that of the Federated Malay States. The average annual rainfall at Brunei is a little over 100 inches.

Trade is chiefly in the hands of Chinese, of whom there are about 1,000 in the capital. Native industries include fishing, cloth weaving, brass foundries, and the manufacture of silversmiths' ware. The principal imports are rice, cloth, tobacco, sugar, and petroleum, and the principal exports cutch (mangrove extract), wild and plantation rubber, sago, and dried prawns. The trade, to which an impetus was given by the inauguration of the new system of administration, passes through Labuan.

Concessions and monopolies of all kinds were recklessly granted in the past. Many of these have now lapsed and others have been redeemed.

Several companies are engaged in planting Para rubber, while oil prospecting is being vigorously developed.

A cutch factory, established by a London syndicate, is at work at Brunei. The output of cutch in 1926 was 1,892 tons, valued at \$189,200.

The Sultan would derive a considerable income from yearly cession payments made by the State of North Borneo and Sarawak Governments were they not mortgaged until the end of 1928. Under the new arrangements the Sultan and his ministers draw fixed monthly allowances from the revenues of Brunei in addition to the amount recoverable from cession money.

The revenue of the State is derived principally from land and mining rents, from an opium monopoly under Government control, from the collection of customs duties, and from purchased Cession moneys. About half of the original Cession moneys have now been purchased by the Government.

Year.	FINANCES.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	\$	\$
1917	126,301	106,011
1918	125,726	122,958
1919	162,020	138,844
1920	201,250	223,690
1921	161,520	197,469
1922	204,504	188,250
1923	221,767	189,208
1924	257,474	247,615
1925	315,261	245,286
1926	367,344	297,894

The public debt on the 31st December, 1926, was \$424,500.

Communications.

There is regular communication with Labuan by steam launch and so with Singapore by the Straits Steamship Company, which maintains a weekly service.

A Central Wireless Telegraph Station was opened in 1921 at Brunei with a subsidiary station at Labuan which enables telegraphic communication to be maintained with Labuan and thence by cable with Singapore and Europe. There are other Wireless Stations in the Belait and Temburong Districts.

The Currency is the Straits Settlements dollar.

Establishment.

High Commissioner, †Sir Hugh Clifford, G. C. M. G., G. B. E. (*Governor, S.S.*).

British Resident, E. E. F. Pretty.

Pengiran Bendahara Sri Maharaja Permeisuaru, Anak Abdulrahman.

Pengiran Pemancha Sahib-ul-Raya Almeshuara, Haji Mohamed Yasin.

The Island of Mafia was transferred in 1922 from Zanzibar to the Territory.

General Description.

Along the coast lies a plain, varying in width from 10 to 40 miles, behind which the country rises gradually to a plateau constituting the greater part of the hinterland. This plateau falls sharply from a general level of 4,000 feet to the level of the lakes (Tanganyika, 2,590 feet, Nyasa, 1,607 feet), which mark the great Rift valley extending northwards to Lake Naivasha.

The seat of government is Dar-es-Salaam (population 25,000) which lies along the northern and north-western shores in an almost land-locked harbour, about 3 miles long. The chief buildings are solid and roomy. The second town in importance is Tanga, 136 miles north of Dar-es-Salaam and 80 miles distant from Mombasa. Other seaports are Pangani, Bagamoyo, Kilwa, and Lindi. The most important inland town is Tabora, which has a population of 25,000, and is situated at the junction of the main caravan routes from the coast of Tanganyika and from Victoria Nyanza to Nyasa. Other inland towns are, in the north, Moshi and Arusha; in the central area, Morogoro, Kilosa, and Dodoma; and in the south, Iringa, Mahenge, Liwale, and Songea. On the great lakes the chief towns are Mwanza and Bukoba, on Victoria Nyanza; Kigoma, the terminus of the Central Railway, Ujiji and Kasanga, on Tanganyika; and Mwaya, on Nyasa.

The highest points in the Territory are in the north-east, where are the extinct volcanoes, Kilima Njaro, which rises to 19,720 feet, and is snow-capped, and Mount Meru (14,960 feet). In the south-west are the Livingstone Mountains, where the highest peak is over 9,000 feet.

Portions of the great lakes of Central Africa are included in the Territory, viz.: the southern portion of Lake Victoria, the eastern shores of the lower part of Lake Tanganyika, and the northern and north-eastern shores of Lake Nyasa. There are four smaller lakes and numerous rivers.

Climate.

Generally speaking the rainfall is low for a tropical country and in some years there are great droughts. There are three types of climate, (1) the Indian or trade wind type, which prevails over the greater part. It has one rainy season, from December to April. The hottest period is in November. (2) The monsoon type, prevailing in the N.E. There are two rainy seasons, the heaviest being from March to May and the lesser in November. The hottest month is February. (3) The equatorial type prevailing in the N.W. It has two warmer and two cooler seasons, the warmer being October and February–March (i.e., when the sun is above the Equator), and the cooler July and November–December. The rainy season is October–May (Nyansa) or November–April (Tanganyika). The average yearly temperature in the coast region is 78° F.

History.

The territory was visited in 1884 by Dr. Karl Peters, who made twelve treaties with native chiefs, and in the following year the German Government established a protectorate. This arrangement was recognised by the British Government in 1886. In 1889 an Arab rising was

TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.Extent and Boundaries.*

The Tanganyika Territory consists of that portion of the former Colony of German East Africa which, under Article 23, Part I, of the Treaty of Peace with Germany, the Principal Allied and Associated Powers agreed should be administered under a mandate by His Britannic Majesty. The remaining portions of the Colony, namely the districts of Ruanda and Urundi in the North-West, and the Kionga Area, South of the Rovuma River, were similarly entrusted to the administration of Belgium and of Portugal respectively. The Territory extends from the Umba River on the North to the Rovuma River on the South, the coast line being about 500 miles in length, and includes the adjacent islands. The Northern Boundary runs in a north-westerly direction to Lake Victoria at the intersection of the first parallel of latitude with the eastern shore of the lake (Mohuru Point), and thence along the first parallel of latitude until it strikes the Kagera River about 70 miles west of Lake Victoria. From this point the western boundary follows the Kagera River to approximately latitude 2°25', and thence along the eastern boundary of Urundi to the Mlagarasi River which it follows to Lake Tanganyika. The boundary then follows a line due west until it reaches the centre line of Lake Tanganyika which it follows to Kasanga (formerly Bismarckburg), at the southern end of the lake. Thence it follows the boundary of Rhodesia to the northern end of Lake Nyasa and continues along the centre line of Lake Nyasa to a point due west of the Rovuma River whence the boundary runs east and joins the Ruvuma River, whose course it follows to the sea. The total area of Territory is about 373,500 square miles, which includes about 20,000 square miles of water.

* For map see under Kenya.
† Malayan Civil Service.

quelled, and the first German steamer launched on Lake Nyasa. A serious native rising took place in 1905. It is estimated that some 120,000 natives died during the struggle or from its immediate results.

Early in 1916 Lieut.-General J. C. Smuts attacked and defeated the German forces at the foot of Kilima Njaro and occupied Moshi on March 13th of that year. By the end of 1916 all the country north of the Central Railway was effectively occupied by His Majesty's Forces or by Belgian troops, and a provisional civil administration was established in that area on January 1st, 1917. In November, 1917, the Germans were driven across the Rovuma River into Portuguese East Africa, and in March, 1918, the jurisdiction of the Administrator was extended to include the greater part of German East Africa. After the surrender of Major-General von Lettow-Vorbeck, in accordance with the terms of the armistice, the military forces were withdrawn, leaving only a garrison of the King's African Rifles; and a Royal Commission was issued in January, 1919, appointing an Administrator. The Tanganyika Order-in-Council, 1920, which was read and proclaimed in Dar-es-Salaam on September 25th, 1920, constituted the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief. The Governor is assisted by an Executive Council. In March, 1921, the district of Ujiji and portions of the districts of Bukoba and Ufipa, which had formerly been administered by the Belgians, were taken over.

In December, 1920, draft mandates for "German East Africa" were submitted to the Council of the League of Nations in favour of Great Britain and Belgium, and these were approved by the League of Nations in July, 1922. The mandate for the part to be assigned to Great Britain lays down conditions directed against slavery, forced labour (except for essential public works and services), abuses in connection with the arms traffic and the trade in spirits, the recruiting of labour, transfer of native lands (except between natives) without the consent of the authorities, and usury. It is provided that nationals of States members of the League of Nations are to have complete commercial equality. An annual report is to be made to the Council of the League. By an Order in Council dated the 19th of March, 1926, provision was made for the constitution of a Legislative Council consisting of the Governor as President, thirteen official members, and not more than ten unofficial members, which came into operation on the 1st July, 1926.

Population.

The number of Europeans in Tanganyika Territory is approximately 4,330. There are also over 10,000 Indians, 4,000 Arabs and 1,000 Goans. The natives are estimated at 4,319,000, whilst the population of Ruanda and Urundi, administered by Belgium, is about 3,500,000. The majority of the natives are Bantu, but considerable areas in the north are occupied by the Masai and other Hamitic races, and in the south by tribes of Zulu extraction. The most important people are the Swahili, who are hybrids between Arabs or Persians and all sorts of African blood. Their language is more or less spoken as a lingua franca from Aden in the north to Durban in the south, and from the Indian Ocean to the waters of the Nile and the Congo.

Most of the natives are pagans, but there are about 300,000 Muhammadans in the coast area and immediate hinterland.

The territory is divided into 11 Provinces as follows:—

Provinces.	Capital.	Approx. Native Population, 1926.
Central	Dodoma	506,000
Tanga	Tanga	261,000
Northern	Arusha	329,000
Eastern	Dar-es-Salaam	428,000
Mahenge	Mahenge	211,000
Lindi	Lindi	418,000
Iringa	Iringa	341,000
Kigoma	Kigoma	260,000
Tabora	Tabora	530,000
Mwanza	Mwanza	702,000
Bukoba	Bukoba	329,000
Totals		4,319,000

The European and American Missions continue to do much for the natives in medicine and education and in an increasing degree are seeking the assistance and guidance of the Government with the view of bringing the educational activities into line with Government requirements. The Missions reported the existence during 1926, of 2,999 schools with a roll of upward of 162,800 pupils. A number of appointments to the European personnel of the Government Education service have been made and the work continues to increase. There are 84 schools conducted by Government, having a roll of 5,843 and an average attendance of 78½%.

Statistics.

	Imports.	Domestic Exports.	Re-exports.
1922	£1,386,212	£1,300,083	£141,501
1923	£1,790,038	£1,657,601	£275,628
1924	£2,062,646	£2,696,284	£33,981
1925	£2,863,917	£2,901,315	£106,564
1926	£3,152,422	£3,025,978	£103,314
Revenue. Expenditure.			
1921-22	£992,191	..	£1,807,889
1922-23	£1,228,586	..	£1,811,872
1923-24	£1,315,188	..	£1,901,058
1924-25	£1,558,982	..	£1,747,578
1925-26	£1,975,400	..	£2,233,626
1926-27	£2,202,908	..	£2,069,838

Sisal is the principal article of export. Other articles in order of value are coffee, cotton, groundnuts, hides and skins, copra, grain, simsim, ivory, beeswax, gold, mica, diamonds, and ghee. The total area under forest is approximately 2,677,120 acres of which approximately 2,387,840 acres are included in the government forest reserves, while 254,080 acres of forest are privately owned. The forests are most numerous in the north, on the shores and islands of Lake Victoria Nyanza; in the north-east, on Kilimanjaro and Meru mountains; in the east, along the Pare and Usambara ranges and in the Uluguru and Nguu mountains; and at the coast, in the districts of Rufiji, Kilwa and Lindi. The number of timber producing species is large and includes among many others the following:—Pencil Cedar, (*Juniperus procera*) Podocarpus, *Chlorophora excelsa*, (resembling Burma Teak),

Oocotea Usambarensis, Pterocarpus Bussel, Parinarium Holstii, Pygeum africanum, Afzelia cunanzensis, Khaya senegalensis and Cassipourea Kikii. Mangroves of excellent quality cover large areas of the littoral. Ebony is plentiful in the savannah forests near the coast and gum copal and wild rubber exist in considerable quantities. Bamboo and baobab are found and may prove suitable for the manufacture of paper pulp. There are some 4,479,000 head of cattle and 4,462,000 sheep and goats in the possession of the natives. Minerals known to exist are:—coal, iron, gold, lead, copper, mica, asbestos, and salt. Garnets are found in large quantities. Prospecting and mining for gold is being carried on in the Mwanza and Mbeya Districts and diamonds are being won at Mabuki near Mwanza. Tin is being mined, as yet on a small scale, in the Bukoba District. Considerable prospecting activity is being shown. Mica mining is carried on in the Morogoro, Dodoma, and Ufipa Districts.

Communications.

The Territory is served by two railways of one metre gauge, the Central Railway from Dar-es-Salaam to Kigoma, on Lake Tanganyika (77½ miles) and the Tanga Railway from Tanga to Moshi at the foot of Kilima Njaro (219 miles), with a line from Kahe (20 kilometres east of Moshi) linking up with the Kenya and Uganda Railway at Voi. The Voi-Kahe line is run under the management of the Kenya and Uganda Railway. The branch line of the Tanga Railway has been completed as far as the Sanya River. A branch line is under construction from Tabora, on the Central Railway to Mwanza (238 miles) of which 12½ miles is now open to public traffic, the last portion i.e., Lohumbo to Shinyanga having been opened on 1st June, 1927. The full distance of 238 miles will be completed in 1928. Fifty-seven miles of two foot gauge railway are now working between Mingoyo and Ntanda in the Lindi district. Light motor traffic is now possible over 7,238 miles of roads during the dry season.

The ports of Lake Victoria are served by the steamers of the Kenya and Uganda Marine; those on Lake Nyasa by the Nyasaland Government steamers; and the Tanganyika Railway steamer "Liamba" and a smaller one together with a Belgian service maintains communications on Lake Tanganyika. The British steamer "Liamba" (late German s.s. "Goetzen" 793 tons gross) was put into commission on June 9th 1927, and maintains a fortnightly service to Mpulungu in Northern Rhodesia.

The telegraph system comprises 3,212½ route miles, 5,896½ miles of wire, and 79 offices, the principal being Dar-es-Salaam, Tanga and Lindi on the coast, Moshi, Mwanza and Bukoba near the northern frontiers, Kigoma on Lake Tanganyika, Tukuyu near the Nyasaland border, and Kilosa, Dodoma and Tabora on the Central Railway Line. The inland system is linked up with South Africa and Northern Rhodesia through Nyasaland, with the Belgian Congo through a wireless station at Kigoma; and with Kenya and Uganda via Moshi and Bukoba. Dar-es-Salaam is connected by cable with Zanzibar through which is established communication with all parts of the world.

A wireless station was opened at Dar-es-Salaam in July, 1927, with a spark transmission range of 600 miles, and continuous wave transmission of 1,500 miles.

Letter mails from Great Britain are despatched from London weekly via Marseilles, whence they are conveyed direct by vessels of the Messageries Maritimes and by the P. & O. line via Aden, the average time in transit by the former line being 23 days and by the latter 25. Letter mails to Great Britain are despatched from Dar-es-Salaam by all available steamers.

Parcel mails are despatched weekly by steamers of the P. & O. line from London by the all sea route to Aden, whence they are conveyed by any steamer proceeding to Mombasa or beyond. The Aden-Mombasa-Dar-es-Salaam service is irregular, and the average time of transit of parcel mails from London to Dar-es-Salaam is 38 days.

Fortnightly mail services are maintained with India and South Africa, and there is a frequent exchange of mails by sea with Kenya Colony and Zanzibar.

Places on the Central Railway line between Dar-es-Salaam and Tabora exchange mails six times weekly, between Tabora and Kigoma four times weekly, on the Tanga Moshi line between Tanga and Korogwe daily and between Korogwe and Moshi twice weekly, and the majority of the outlying districts receive a weekly mail by motor or runner services.

The following are the steamship lines serving the Coast of Tanganyika:—To and from Europe and Cape Ports:—Union-Castle Mail Steamship Company, British India Steam Navigation Steamship Company, Clan Ellerman Harrison Joint Service, Messageries Maritimes, Compagnie Africaine de Navigation (Belgian), Deutsche Ost-Afrika-Linie, Holland East Africa Line. To and from India and Cape Ports:—British India Steam Navigation Steamship Company. To and from Japan, China, and Ceylon:—Osaka Shoen Kaisha. To and from the United States of America:—Union-Castle Steamship Company, Ltd., Clan Ellerman Harrison Joint Service. To and from East Coast Ports:—British India Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., Zanzibar Government Ships, Cowasjee Dinshaw and Bros., Tanganyika Government Steamer.

Currency and Banking.

The German Government and the German East Africa Company issued local rupees of the Indian standard, and subsidiary coins. But the German rupee was exchanged for two shillings of British East African currency and withdrawn from circulation. Indian rupees (coins and notes) have been demonetised. Shillings and subsidiary coins, and currency notes of the East African Currency Board have been introduced at the rate of twenty shillings to the pound sterling and this is the only currency now recognised.

The banks operating in the Territory are the National Bank of India, the Standard Bank of South Africa, Barclay's Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), and the Banque du Congo Belge.

ADMINISTRATION.

Executive Council.

The Governor.
The Chief Secretary.
The Attorney General.
The Treasurer.
The Director of Medical Services.
The Director of Education.
The Secretary for Native Affairs.

Legislative Council.

The Governor, as President.

Official Members.

The Chief Secretary.
 The Attorney General.
 The Treasurer.
 The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.
 The Director of Education.
 The Secretary for Native Affairs.
 The General Manager, Railways.
 The Provincial Commissioner, Eastern Province.
 The Comptroller of Customs.
 The Director of Public Works.
 The Land Officer.
 The Director of Agriculture.
 The Postmaster General.

Non-Official Members.

Brig.-Gen. L. Boyd-Moss, C.M.G., D.S.O.
 N. Charles.
 S. N. Ghose.
 N. F. Howe-Browne.
 Abdalla Khimji.
 Major W. C. Lead, M.C.
 H. R. Ruggles-Brise, M.C.
 Clerk of the Council, G. F. Sayers.

The Governor.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir D. C. Cameron, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., 4,270*l.* with 1,050*l.* duty allowance.
 Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp, Capt. G. E. Smith, 400*l.*
 Chief Clerk, G. J. Welsh, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Secretariat.

Chief Secretary, J. Scott, C.M.G., 2,000*l.*
 Secretary for Native Affairs, Hon. C. C. F. Dundas, O.B.E., 1,350*l.*
 Deputy Chief Secretary, D. J. Jardine, O.B.E., 1,350*l.*
 Assistant Chief Secretary, F. J. Durman, 1,200*l.*
 Assistant Secretary for Native Affairs, P. E. Mitchell, M.C., 1,000*l.*
 Assistant Secretaries, Capt. J. L. Berne, O.B.E., G. J. Partridge, G. F. Sayers, D. C. Campbell, R. B. Richardson, 400*l.* for 2 years, 475*l.*-254*l.*-600*l.*-30*l.*-840*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.*
 Keeper of German Records, H. Nimmo, 600*l.*-30*l.*-720*l.*
 Office Assistant, R. G. Bailey, 480*l.*-20*l.*-600*l.*

Printing and Stationery.

Government Printer, N. C. Drury, 600*l.*-30*l.*-840*l.*
 Senior Assistant Printer, R. English, 480*l.*-20*l.*-600*l.*
 Assistant Printers, P. W. Newman, A. G. B. Mathews, 390*l.*-18*l.*-480*l.*
 Linotype Operator, W. J. Apps, 390*l.*-18*l.*-480*l.*
 Bookbinding Overseer, H. W. Keiffer, 360*l.*

Administrative.

Provincial Commissioners, A. M. D. Turnbull, D. I. Baines, O.B.E., Hon. C. C. F. Dundas, O.B.E., F. W. Brett, Major G. St. J. Orde-Browne, O.B.E., C. J. Bagenal, O.B.E., H. C. Stiebel, O.B.E., A. H. L. Wyatt, M.C., A. H. White, O.B.E., Lt.-Com. A. M. Clark, R.N. (ret'd.), H. Hignell, F. J. Bagshawe, M.B.E., 1,350*l.* and 1,200*l.*

Deputy Provincial Commissioners, C. H. A. Grierson, R. A. Thompson, G. F. Webster, 1,000*l.*

District Officers, C. J. R. G. Cadiz, O.B.E., E. Reid, M.B.E. (Mil. Div.), E. E. Hutchins, W. Fryer, R. S. B. M. Hickson-Mahony, E. C. Richards, W. J. McMillen, Capt. F. C. Hallier, F. Longland, T. G. Buckley, O.B.E., G. F. Bell, A. W. M. Griffith, H. H. Allsop, G. Barnes, G. W. Hatchell, M.B.E., E. C. Baker, F. W. C. Morgans, T. P. S. Dawkins, C. H. B. Grant, Capt. W. H. MacAllan, W. F. Harrington, M.C., W. Trevor, H. E. Major, K. H. Coleman, W. J. Stevenson, L. S. Waterall, O. Guise Williams, C. McMahon, M.C., A. E. Kitching, J. L. Woodhouse, R. W. Gordon, O.B.E., Major H. Rayne, O.B.E., M.C., 720*l.*-30*l.*-840*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.*

Assistant District Officers, J. F. Kenny-Dillon, C. E. Anderson, L. E. Hickson-Wood, F. G. Kinsella, R. A. Pelham, L. P. R. Leslie-Cooke, J. W. Johnstone, W. D. E. Alcock, E. A. Leakey, R. E. Seymour, M.C., J. H. Welch, W. B. Robertson, M.C., H. C. Murrells, W. Ronayne, J. E. S. Lamb, K. F. Warner, G. W. Holmes, Pay Lt.-Cmdr. A. Jeffrey R.N.R., G. Sheringham, R. H. Harris, M.C., A. C. Donne, J. Cheyne, W. E. H. Scupham, M.C., L. A. W. Vickers-Haviland, W. D. L. Marshall, A. V. Hartnoll, M.C., Hon. F. W. Bampfylde, G. H. R. St. J. Owen, W. J. Bonavia, H. D. Curry, R. A. J. Maguire, M. A. Callaghan, D.S.O., C. O. Richards, F. J. Lake, R. C. Northote, M.M., G. van Dam, A. C. Davey, G. A. B. W. Ansell, O. A. Flynn, J. D. Lawrence, M.C., M. O. L. Hering, W. T. H. Hilpern, W. F. Page, C. Dewhurst, J. G. E. Ransome, H. W. D. Pollock, C. M. Coke, J. R. Johnston, J. L. Fairclough, M.C., H. C. Baxter, E. K. Lumley, P. G. Russell, R. W. Varian, P. M. Huggins, E. R. E. Surridge, A. A. Oldaker, O. S. Hopkin, C. B. Wilkins, J. W. Large, N. F. Burt, A. Sillery, B. Leechman, L. S. Greening, M.C., S. B. Jones, 475*l.*-254*l.*-600*l.*-30*l.*-720*l.*-30*l.*-840*l.*-40*l.*-920*l.*

Cadets, C. W. Morgan, J. T. Templar, A. E. Pennington, J. B. Budge, C. P. Lyons, J. F. Nicoll, D. A. Waring, A. H. Le Geyt, T. E. M. Pringle, A. M. B. Hutt, F. H. Page Jones, A. S. Armstrong, K. H. J. Hayes, S. A. Platts, G. K. Whitlamsmith, Lt.-Com. G. H. S. Sullivan, R.N. (ret'd.), H. H. Armstrong, P. S. Hoseason, T. E. Brown, A. L. Harris, A. W. Wyatt, C. E. D. Stiebel, Capt. M. E. Park, D.S.O., C. Macpherson, R. de Z. Hall, T. M. Revington, Capt. D. A. G. Dallas, H. R. F. Butterfield, E. G. P. Swinburne, A. Thomson, I. L. Robinson, B. W. Savory, G. D. Popplewell, J. R. C. Priddle, C. H. Gormley, A. H. Maddocks, E. N. Landall, H. R. Gilbert, R. H. D. Arundell, Capt. W. J. Lloyd, D.S.O., M.C., C. F. Ellaby, H. S. C. Gill, A. H. Pike, F. A. Montague, 400*l.*

Clerk, T. H. W. Gould, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Clerk, Dar-es-Salaam Township Authority, R. A. J. Walton, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.* 20*l.* to 540*l.*

Treasury.

Treasurer, R. W. Taylor, O.B.E., 1,450*l.*
 Deputy Treasurer, S. P. Warbrook, 1,000*l.*
 Senior Assistant Treasurers, H. R. Latreille, W. S. Akers, O.B.E., 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Assistant Treasurers, C. R. Lockhart, F. H. Christison, M.B.E., A. Muchmore, C. R. E. Littledale, M. J. Stewart, A. P. M. Austin, H. W. Claxton, J. B. Brown, E. P. Troughton, 300*l.* for two years 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Customs.

Comptroller of Customs, E. Adams, O.B.E., 1,200*l.*
Deputy Comptroller of Customs, E. C. F. Bird, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Senior Supervisor, J. D. A. Massett, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Supervisors, H. S. Hill, W. W. Clarke, M.M., L. J. D. Smith, S. O. Dasant, W. G. Quann, C. V. Nicolle, A. W. S. Hooper, A. W. Northrop, R. E. Garrard, J. G. Hoatson, A. G. Brewer, 360*l.* for 2 years, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Labour.

Labour Commissioner, Major G. St. J. Orde-Browne, O.B.E., 1,350*l.*

Assistant Commissioner, L. S. Waterall, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Labour Officers, H. D. Curry, R. A. Pelham, T. M. Revington, 400*l.* for two years, 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Audit.

Auditor, W. E. Knollys, 1,150*l.*

Deputy Auditor, J. Craig, 960*l.*

Senior Assistant Auditor, F. S. Williams, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Assistant Auditors, W. B. Cox, W. P. Nason, R. P. Caldwell, F. P. L. Derriman, R. E. Irwin, 360*l.* for two years, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Judicial.

Chief Justice, Sir William Alison Russell, Kt., 2,000*l.*

Puisne Judges, I. L. O. Gower, K. J. Muir-Mackenzie, 1,350*l.*

Senior Magistrates, I. G. Bates, J. H. G. McDougall, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Magistrates, W. M. O'Grady, C. A. G. Lane, T. D. M. Bartley, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Registrar of the High Court, W. A. Wilson, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Deputy Registrar of the High Court, O. L. Bancroft, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Law Officers.

Attorney-General, E. St. J. Jackson, O.B.E., 1,650*l.*

Solicitor-General, E. J. Macquarrie, 1,150*l.*

Crown Prosecutor, F. A. Moseley, M.C., 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 30*l.* to 920*l.*

Administrator General.

Administrator General, J. L. Allan, 1,050*l.*

Assistant Administrator General, M. M. Jack, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Police and Prisons.

Commissioner, P. F. Browne, 1,200*l.*

Deputy Commissioner, G. H. Kirkham, M.C., 1,000*l.*

Asst. Commissioner of Prisons, S. R. Hill, M.C., 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Superintendents, J. W. Langford, J. C. N. Clark, F. M. Manning, H. W. Arnold, F. P. Leathes, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Pay and Quartermaster, C. N. Wedge, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Assistant Superintendents, G. C. Van Eeden, T. M. Manning, A. R. L. Neame, F. E. Little, G. A. Darvill, A. McCallum, C. A. T. Hornett, J. K. H. Muller, J. G. Toomer, A. G. de Villiers, H. le P. Agnew, J. Jenkinson, 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*

Cadets, W. Harris, C. E. Page, J. P. Hamilton, C. J. Gilbert, 375*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Chief Inspectors, P. H. Montefiore, E. Wilkie J. B. Corden, 490*l.* by 20*l.* to 540*l.*

Inspectors, A. R. Mill, S. J. Brown, W. H. Butcher, W. G. Taylor, E. F. E. Wolton, M.M., C. L. Noah, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Assistant Inspectors, T. V. Mills, D.C.M., A. T. Garner, A. M. Esson, R. D. Vernon, A. M. A. Forde, C. W. Ruddick, D. C. E. Clark, H. M. S. Bailey, V. G. Revington, C. H. Keir, R. E. Thorne, R. G. Skipwith, W. L. South, H. W. T. Butler, G. A. B. Collis, H. F. de L. Eccles, L. M. Marescaux, C. V. Curtis, D. B. Harris, M. C. Hallier, W. Holman, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 372*l.*

Clerks, J. W. Deegan, J. M. Tomkins, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Chief Instructor, J. R. Dyer, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Instructors, E. Olliver, G. Dyer, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.*

Gaolers, C. A. Levett, R. J. Whelan, R. Hollyer, F. H. C. Dawson, E. J. Terry, T. V. Collins, W. J. Stubbington, D.C.M., 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.* (three may proceed to 480*l.*)

Medical and Sanitation.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, J. O. Shiroore, C.M.G., 1,500*l.*

Deputy Director of Medical Service, J. Pugh, 1,200*l.*

Deputy Director of Sanitary Service, A. H. Owen, 1,200*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. L. Mason, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Deputy Director of Laboratory Services, P. A. Clearkin, 1,200*l.*

Assistant Bacteriologist, J. F. Corson, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Entomologist, J. W. McHardy, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Senior Medical Officers, T. H. Suffern, C. L. Ievers, R. R. Scott, M.O., J. H. Thomson, G. B. C. Wilson, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,100*l.*

Sleeping Sickness Officer, G. Maclean, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,100*l.*

Medical Officers, C. R. H. Tichborne, C. B. B. Reid, J. H. Parry, A. McA. Blackwood, C. H. Phillips, G. A. Williams, W. H. Dye, C. F. Shelton, R. Nixon, A. I. Meek, J. J. B. Edmond, M.C., A. R. Lester, W. K. Connell, F. R. Lockhart, D. V. Latham, T. Langan, H. Fairbairn, J. Williamson, C. B. Steel, J. W. Graham, M.C., R. C. Speirs, J. S. Armstrong, M.C., H. J. O'D. Burke-Gaffney, R. Mackay, B. O. Wilkin, J. C. R. Buchanan, A. McKensie, G. S. P. Noble, L. A. Willmott, I. Sanderson, H. van R. Mostert, D. A. Skan, B. A. Coghlan, W. J. Aitken, H. N. Davies, D. Plum, P. S. Bell, J. H. McDonald, J. Harkness, C. Wilcocks, S. E. Theis, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Dental Surgeons, H. M. Fisher, A. S. Newton, 660*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Senior Nursing Sisters, Miss F. M. Plant, Miss J. Fraser, Miss E. L. Kemsley, R.R.C., Miss E. Bishop, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.*

Sisters and Health Visitors, Miss B. G. Allardes, Miss A. L. Ryder, 264*l.* by 18*l.* to 364*l.*

Health Visitor (temporary), Mrs. M. M. Makins 20*l.* per month.

Nursing Sisters, Miss M. B. H. Macrae, Miss M. Donald, Miss K. Thompson, Miss A. Muncoaster, Mrs. M. K. Turnley, Miss J. E. Wootten, Mrs. E. L. Evans, Miss E. Haslett, Miss K. P. Heckford, Miss D. A. Porter, Miss M. C. L. Mapp, Miss C. M. Bishop, Miss E. B. Orichton, Miss M. Kay, Miss M. D. White, Miss A. M. Hough, Miss C. B. Robinson, Miss B. A. D. Acton, Miss G. D. Underwood, Miss J. D. Leighton, Miss M. Andrews, Miss E. M. Hayward, Miss M. V. Mollroy, 240*l.* by 18*l.* to 300*l.*

Chief Storekeeper, C. D. Dovey, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Storekeepers, H. W. Hassard, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 540*l.*; W. H. Jones, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Building Inspector, P. W. Morgan, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Laboratory Assistant, H. Hammond, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Clerk, H. L. Lachlan, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Sanitary Superintendents, C. N. Rowe, W. A. Moore, R. E. Owen, T. Bell, W. M. Mackay, B. T. Bailey, H. L. Bolton, C. Harlen, A. Hume, A. L. George, H. J. Rance, C. W. Foster, E. L. Morgan, J. Allan, W. A. Willox, A. S. Murdison, A. P. Moran, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 540*l.*

Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, J. Spittles, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Matron, Lunatic Asylum, Mrs. C. M. Spittles, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 372*l.*

Clerk-Storekeeper, Health Office, N. M. Moore, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Hospital Quartermasters, R. Kildea, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.*

Medical Instructor, J. E. Crawley, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Medical Instructor, J. H. Stafford, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.*

Veterinary.

Director of Veterinary Services, F. J. McCall, M.C., 1,200*l.*

Deputy Director of Veterinary Services, F. J. Sheedy, M.B.E., 1,000*l.*

Veterinary Pathologist, H. E. Hornby, O.B.E., 1,050*l.*

Assistant Pathologist, S. A. Evans, 840*l.*

Senior Veterinary Officers, H. J. Lowe, J. M. Dawson, M.C., J. D. S. Tremlett, M.C., 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Veterinary Officers, D. B. Mahony, F. J. Hood, D. H. Dimes, Major R. H. C. Higgins, M.B.E., W. A. Burns, G. S. Cowin, G. E. M. Rogan, M. A. Molloy, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Laboratory Assistant, E. S. E. Thompson, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Stock Inspectors, A. G. Gowan, W. Cartnell, D.C.M., C. Kerr, T. W. Johnston, H. W. Ruhl, J. D. Hamman, M.C., W. G. Webb, P. E. Tully, P. B. Hight, C. G. Bishop, R. H. Buck, H. E. Emson, H. E. C. Lewys-Lloyd, F. V. Heron, A. S. McKinnon, C. J. Buckley, P. E. Snell, G. W. H. Webb, R. Johns, C. M. Anderson, J. W. T. Holloway, H. W. Bailey, F. Davies, J. T. Purvis, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Farm Manager, H. Winship, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Storekeeper and Clerk, H. C. R. Formby, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Departmental Mechanic, A. Young, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 420*l.*

Education.

Director of Education, S. Rivers-Smith, C.B.E., 1,360*l.*

Deputy Director, A. A. M. Isherwood, O.B.E., 1,000*l.*

Superintendents of Education, F. Johnson, C. M. Baker, M.B.E., R. S. Foster, R. Caldwell, A. T. Lacey, C. J. Tyndale-Biscoe, M.C., D. W. Evans, S. F. Male, R. J. Harvey, P. F. Chandor, Whybrow, P. E. W. Williams, J. J. Feely, C. J. W. Smethurst, D. Watt, R. A. Snoxall, H. W. E. Ginner, G. N. Eeles, R. L. Browne, E. S. Williams, R. J. Mason, W. B. Mumford, 400*l.* for two years, 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Industrial Instructors, C. Goodall, A. D. McFarland, C. R. Mussion, J. W. Dowd, A. R. T. Peachell, H. R. Griffiths, W. H. Percival, T. Thompson, G. H. Barton, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Storekeeper, F. E. Toms, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Clerk, J. Gower, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Transport.

Transport Officer, J. W. Hayfield, 720*l.*

Senior Assistant Transport Officer, R. Quantrill, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Transport Officer, C. P. Beadon, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Superintendent, Workshops, H. Miller, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Motor Mechanics, B. W. Jackson, J. G. Gardner, V. G. Barnett, A. E. Savage, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Post and Telegraphs.

Postmaster-General, W. T. Storm, 1,200*l.*

Deputy Postmaster-General, P. R. Smith, 1,000*l.*

Surveyors, E. W. Dyer, L. W. Snow, W. J. Ridell, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Senior Postmasters, J. J. Rowsell, J. Rothwell, R. H. Hume, E. A. Sadler, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Postmasters, R. H. Gallagher, G. Tilley, J. T. Marland, J. W. Wakeford, A. W. Drury, N. C. E. Miller, F. Hampshire, W. J. Matthews, W. Ross, A. P. Ross, A. A. McKinnon, J. W. Jarrett, F. J. Baker, J. Lamont, C. A. Kay, C. E. Ross, A. E. Hill, A. E. Couser, C. Gill, J. Meredith, A. V. Groves, E. W. Ferrett, A. N. Skelton, C. J. Tilt, J. Evans, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Chief Telegraph Engineer, W. Bullock, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Telegraph Engineers, W. G. Tucker, W. A. Atterbury, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

District Telegraph Inspectors, S. M. Jack, S. B. Stredwick, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Senior Telegraph Inspectors, O. G. Harlow, F. Ord, J. H. Owen, C. H. Pook, G. A. Wootton, 426*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Telegraph Inspectors, W. T. Pritchard, W. Hargrave, S. J. W. McKone, G. Scott, M. Hamilton, W. L. J. Creal, F. R. Buckle, R. F. Benton, W. H. Thompson, M.M., L. G. Goldsmith, W. T. Marland, L. E. Timms, F. Candish, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.*

Chief Electrical Mechanician, G. H. J. White, 426*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Electrical Mechanics, A. Brayshaw, A. S. Gibson, 372l. by 18l. to 426l.
Chief Accountant, D. M. Fraser, 720l. by 30l. to 840l.
Deputy Chief Accountant, A. R. James, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Accountants, J. C. Grierson, P. A. Courtney, S. T. Collins, 372l. by 18l. to 480l.
Chief Storekeeper, E. A. Armstrong, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Wireless Officer, A. G. Stickland, 372l. by 18l. to 480l.

Railways.

General Manager, Col. G. A. P. Maxwell, D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C., 2,000l.
Chief Accountant, H. N. Davies, O.B.E., 1,250l.
Deputy Chief Accountant, H. Mason, 840l. by 40l. to 920l.
Assistant Accountants, S. B. Whineray, S. C. Hillier, C. E. Davis, E. Thomas, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Office Superintendent, H. S. C. Ramos, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Senior Stock Verifier, T. W. Williams, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Chief Storekeeper, N. Dorkin, 920l.
Storekeepers, H. J. Bolsom, D. P. Cousin, M. Elliott, A. Fisher, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Chief Engineer, R. M. Raven, 1,350l.
Senior District Engineer, C. Gillman, 1,050l.
District Engineers, V. B. Atkinson, C. C. Eccles, 720l. by 30l. to 840l. by 40l. to 920l.
Assistant Engineers, J. D. Cleland, W. M. Duncan, E. E. Dawson, G. G. Jackson, H. R. Rowe, S. M. Sclanders, J. W. Lloyd-Davies, D.S.O., M.C., W. S. Batham, T. H. Layton, H. F. McCullagh, D. G. Heslop, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Draughtsman, H. H. Williams, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Chief Mechanical Engineer, K. C. Strahan, 1,250l.
District Locomotive Superintendents, W. F. D. Allison, H. G. E. Harris, H. B. Stoyke, 720l. by 30l. to 840l. by 40l. to 920l.
Assistant Locomotive Superintendents, A. G. Cowley, J. H. Gardner, H. D. Hopps, A. G. Robinson, J. W. Thompson, W. Slade, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Works Superintendent, Dockyard, W. H. C. Bradley, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Assistant Electrical Engineer, H. H. Manson, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Office Superintendent, E. J. S. Tully, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Traffic Manager, A. B. Chanter, 1,250l.
Deputy Traffic Manager, L. M. Smart, 1,050l.
Assistant Traffic Superintendents, W. E. Allison, E. C. Borman, A. Dalton, J. F. Meehan, A. F. Wingate, R. G. Hurst, H. J. Mansfield, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Marine Superintendent, C. T. Hewlett-Cooper, R.N., 840l.
Marine Officers, H. P. Barker, D.S.C., A. Adamson, J. Harrison, D.S.O., R.N., 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Pilot, W. G. Sawtell, 480l. by 30l. to 600l.
Captain, T.R.S. "Azania", Comdr. A. E. Woods, R.D., R.N.R., 720l. by 30l. to 810l.
Chief Engineer, T.R.S. "Azania", R. Muir, 426l. by 18l. to 480l.
Master, T.R.S. "Liamba", G. A. C. Sharpe, D.S.C., R.N., 560l. by 20l. to 600l.
Chief Engineer, T.R.S. "Liamba", L. G. Halliday, 560l. by 20l. to 600l.

Agriculture.

Director, A. H. Kirby, O.B.E., 1,350l.
Deputy Director, H. Wolfe, 1,000l.
Senior Agricultural Officers, D. Prain, J. F. C. O'Brien, E. W. R. Miller, 720l. by 30l. to 840l.
Entomologist, A. H. Ritchie, 600l. by 30l. to 840l.
Mycologist, G. B. Wallace, 600l. by 30l. to 840l.
District Agricultural Officers, A. E. Haarer, L. C. Edwards, E. Brand, A. Pitcairn, C. K. Latham, A. S. Richardson, A. J. Wakefield, D. G. Burns, C. M. H. Sutherland, W. J. Hill, C. B. Garnett, D. Sturdy, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Head Gardener, Dar-es-Salaam, T. H. Marshall, 426l. by 18l. to 534l.
Chief Clerk, W. E. Pownall, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
Clerk, C. H. Taylor, 300l. by 18l. to 390l. by 18l. to 480l.
Overseers, E. V. Chowles, E. T. Ward, R. W. Collett, Shgs.450 by Sh.25 to Sh.500. p.m.

Amami Institute.

Director, W. Nowell, 1,500l.
Entomologist, C. B. Williams, 1,000l.
Assistant Superintendent of Plantations, K. E. Toms.
Head Gardener, F. M. Rogers, 426l. by 18l. to 534l.

Forests.

Conservator of Forests, D. K. S. Grant, 1,150l.
Senior Assistant Conservator of Forests, J. A. Simmanoe, 720l. by 30l. to 840l.
Assistant Conservators of Forests, C. L. Bancroft, W. F. Baldock, L. A. Markham, L. G. T. Wigg, H. Fraser, 480l. by 20l. to 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Foresters, F. J. Ross, A. S. Adamson, E. D. Maber, A. T. Reid, H. A. Lewis, T. W. Lewis, 390l. by 18l. to 426l.
Forest Surveyor, I. McMillan, 372l. by 18l. to 480l.

Game Preservation, Tsetse Reclamation and Research.

Director, C. F. M. Swynnerton, 1,200l.
Senior Game Ranger, R. G. Fairweather, 600l.
Game Rangers, S. P. Teare, 360l. for 2 years, 425l. by 25l. to 600l.
Cultivation Protectors, M. J. Norton, U. de Ciente, D. E. Blunt, E. P. W. Stroud, F. D. Arundell, M.C., 700l.
Entomologist, W. H. Potts, 700l.
Botanist, B. D. Burt, 600l.
Zoologist, C. H. N. Jackson, 600l.
Curator, G. W. St. C. Thompson, 500l.
District Reclamation Officers, N. C. E. Miller, H. S. Magnay, Capt. M. S. Moore, V.C., J. F. Duncan, 360l. for 2 years, 425l. by 25l. to 600l.

Land.

Land Officer, A. Greig, M.B.E., 1,050l.
Deputy Land Officer, J. J. Craig McFeely, 600l. by 30l. to 720l.
Assistant Land Officers, R. A. Cotton, W. C. Curry, 480l. by 20l. to 600l.
European Clerks, A. L. Morris, G. W. Williams, 300l. by 18l. to 390l. by 18l. to 480l.

Survey.

Director of Surveys, P. E. L. Gethin, A.F.C., 1,050l.
Assistant Director of Surveys, C. H. Vaughan, 840l. by 40l. to 920l.
District Surveyors, F. S. O'Molony, J. G. Foulk, H. P. Rowe, Capt. G. E. H. Wilson, 720l. by 30l. to 840l.
Senior Staff Surveyor, Capt. F. M. Ford, 600l. by 30l. to 840l.



J. S. Walsh, 3724, by 184 to 185, 186 to 187, 188 to 189, 190 to 191, 192 to 193, 194 to 195, 196 to 197, 198 to 199, 200 to 201, 202 to 203, 204 to 205, 206 to 207, 208 to 209, 210 to 211, 212 to 213, 214 to 215, 216 to 217, 218 to 219, 220 to 221, 222 to 223, 224 to 225, 226 to 227, 228 to 229, 230 to 231, 232 to 233, 234 to 235, 236 to 237, 238 to 239, 240 to 241, 242 to 243, 244 to 245, 246 to 247, 248 to 249, 250 to 251, 252 to 253, 254 to 255, 256 to 257, 258 to 259, 260 to 261, 262 to 263, 264 to 265, 266 to 267, 268 to 269, 270 to 271, 272 to 273, 274 to 275, 276 to 277, 278 to 279, 280 to 281, 282 to 283, 284 to 285, 286 to 287, 288 to 289, 290 to 291, 292 to 293, 294 to 295, 296 to 297, 298 to 299, 300 to 301, 302 to 303, 304 to 305, 306 to 307, 308 to 309, 310 to 311, 312 to 313, 314 to 315, 316 to 317, 318 to 319, 320 to 321, 322 to 323, 324 to 325, 326 to 327, 328 to 329, 330 to 331, 332 to 333, 334 to 335, 336 to 337, 338 to 339, 340 to 341, 342 to 343, 344 to 345, 346 to 347, 348 to 349, 350 to 351, 352 to 353, 354 to 355, 356 to 357, 358 to 359, 360 to 361, 362 to 363, 364 to 365, 366 to 367, 368 to 369, 370 to 371, 372 to 373, 374 to 375, 376 to 377, 378 to 379, 380 to 381, 382 to 383, 384 to 385, 386 to 387, 388 to 389, 390 to 391, 392 to 393, 394 to 395, 396 to 397, 398 to 399, 400 to 401, 402 to 403, 404 to 405, 406 to 407, 408 to 409, 410 to 411, 412 to 413, 414 to 415, 416 to 417, 418 to 419, 420 to 421, 422 to 423, 424 to 425, 426 to 427, 428 to 429, 430 to 431, 432 to 433, 434 to 435, 436 to 437, 438 to 439, 440 to 441, 442 to 443, 444 to 445, 446 to 447, 448 to 449, 450 to 451, 452 to 453, 454 to 455, 456 to 457, 458 to 459, 460 to 461, 462 to 463, 464 to 465, 466 to 467, 468 to 469, 470 to 471, 472 to 473, 474 to 475, 476 to 477, 478 to 479, 480 to 481, 482 to 483, 484 to 485, 486 to 487, 488 to 489, 490 to 491, 492 to 493, 494 to 495, 496 to 497, 498 to 499, 500 to 501, 502 to 503, 504 to 505, 506 to 507, 508 to 509, 510 to 511, 512 to 513, 514 to 515, 516 to 517, 518 to 519, 520 to 521, 522 to 523, 524 to 525, 526 to 527, 528 to 529, 530 to 531, 532 to 533, 534 to 535, 536 to 537, 538 to 539, 540 to 541, 542 to 543, 544 to 545, 546 to 547, 548 to 549, 550 to 551, 552 to 553, 554 to 555, 556 to 557, 558 to 559, 560 to 561, 562 to 563, 564 to 565, 566 to 567, 568 to 569, 570 to 571, 572 to 573, 574 to 575, 576 to 577, 578 to 579, 580 to 581, 582 to 583, 584 to 585, 586 to 587, 588 to 589, 590 to 591, 592 to 593, 594 to 595, 596 to 597, 598 to 599, 600 to 601, 602 to 603, 604 to 605, 606 to 607, 608 to 609, 610 to 611, 612 to 613, 614 to 615, 616 to 617, 618 to 619, 620 to 621, 622 to 623, 624 to 625, 626 to 627, 628 to 629, 630 to 631, 632 to 633, 634 to 635, 636 to 637, 638 to 639, 640 to 641, 642 to 643, 644 to 645, 646 to 647, 648 to 649, 650 to 651, 652 to 653, 654 to 655, 656 to 657, 658 to 659, 660 to 661, 662 to 663, 664 to 665, 666 to 667, 668 to 669, 670 to 671, 672 to 673, 674 to 675, 676 to 677, 678 to 679, 680 to 681, 682 to 683, 684 to 685, 686 to 687, 688 to 689, 690 to 691, 692 to 693, 694 to 695, 696 to 697, 698 to 699, 700 to 701, 702 to 703, 704 to 705, 706 to 707, 708 to 709, 710 to 711, 712 to 713, 714 to 715, 716 to 717, 718 to 719, 720 to 721, 722 to 723, 724 to 725, 726 to 727, 728 to 729, 730 to 731, 732 to 733, 734 to 735, 736 to 737, 738 to 739, 740 to 741, 742 to 743, 744 to 745, 746 to 747, 748 to 749, 750 to 751, 752 to 753, 754 to 755, 756 to 757, 758 to 759, 760 to 761, 762 to 763, 764 to 765, 766 to 767, 768 to 769, 770 to 771, 772 to 773, 774 to 775, 776 to 777, 778 to 779, 780 to 781, 782 to 783, 784 to 785, 786 to 787, 788 to 789, 790 to 791, 792 to 793, 794 to 795, 796 to 797, 798 to 799, 800 to 801, 802 to 803, 804 to 805, 806 to 807, 808 to 809, 810 to 811, 812 to 813, 814 to 815, 816 to 817, 818 to 819, 820 to 821, 822 to 823, 824 to 825, 826 to 827, 828 to 829, 830 to 831, 832 to 833, 834 to 835, 836 to 837, 838 to 839, 840 to 841, 842 to 843, 844 to 845, 846 to 847, 848 to 849, 850 to 851, 852 to 853, 854 to 855, 856 to 857, 858 to 859, 860 to 861, 862 to 863, 864 to 865, 866 to 867, 868 to 869, 870 to 871, 872 to 873, 874 to 875, 876 to 877, 878 to 879, 880 to 881, 882 to 883, 884 to 885, 886 to 887, 888 to 889, 890 to 891, 892 to 893, 894 to 895, 896 to 897, 898 to 899, 900 to 901, 902 to 903, 904 to 905, 906 to 907, 908 to 909, 910 to 911, 912 to 913, 914 to 915, 916 to 917, 918 to 919, 920 to 921, 922 to 923, 924 to 925, 926 to 927, 928 to 929, 930 to 931, 932 to 933, 934 to 935, 936 to 937, 938 to 939, 940 to 941, 942 to 943, 944 to 945, 946 to 947, 948 to 949, 950 to 951, 952 to 953, 954 to 955, 956 to 957, 958 to 959, 960 to 961, 962 to 963, 964 to 965, 966 to 967, 968 to 969, 970 to 971, 972 to 973, 974 to 975, 976 to 977, 978 to 979, 980 to 981, 982 to 983, 984 to 985, 986 to 987, 988 to 989, 990 to 991, 992 to 993, 994 to 995, 996 to 997, 998 to 999, 1



to 600l.
Liamba," L. G. Halli-
to 600l.

Senior Staff Surveyor, Capt. F. M. Ford, 600l. by
30l. to 840l.

Staff Surveyors, A. G. Stevens, O. A. V. Hall, A. W. Morris, S. S. Willis, W. W. B. Kitching, W. Horsfield, F. R. Hinderlich, P. R. Savy, A. C. Pringle, C. H. Stewart, E. M. MacLean, H. F. Rainsford, F. L. Gee, J. B. Laws, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Chief Computer, H. Hops, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*
Computers, S. H. Ramsey, T. F. G. Johnson, W. A. Erritt, 400*l.* for 2 years, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Chief Draughtsman, F. J. Parfitt, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

European Draughtsmen, L. G. Devereux, F. H. Grandy, A. G. Whitehead, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Office Superintendent and Storekeeper, M. J. Cotton, O.B.E., 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Mines.

Controller of Mines, R. Gregson Williams, 1,500*l.*

Inspector of Mines, B. E. Frayling, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 810*l.*

European Clerks, A. R. M. Forrest, A. W. Field, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Geological Survey.

Director of Geological Survey, E. O. Teale, 1,100*l.*

Assistant Geologists, F. B. Wade, D. R. Grantham, G. M. Stockley, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Electricity.

Chief Engineer and Manager, E. Dennis, 960*l.*

Senior Assistant Electrical Engineer, A. W. Grant, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Electrical Engineers, J. E. Brunnen, H. H. Morton, A. H. Finnis, H. Jennings, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Electrical Engineer, G. Eccleston, 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 540*l.*

Accountant and Storekeeper, H. Lovell, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Public Works.

Director of Public Works, F. G. Pratt, 1,350*l.*

Deputy Director of Public Works, C. H. Reynolds, 1,100*l.*

Executive Engineers, C. Y. Stevenson, B. R. Peters, E. J. Head-Evans, H. C. Platts, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Road Engineer, E. G. Richardson, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Assistant Engineers, D. M. Mendes-Gibson, W. H. McLuckie, R. E. Ponsonby, N. A. Bennett, R. MacDonald, B. E. Watson-Thomas, S. Gardner, A. H. Masters, R. N. Briggs, B. A. Rice, P. C. Ruthven, J. Brown, S. A. Larrett, J. L. Brown, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Temporary Assistant Engineer, E. Harvey, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Road Engineers, T. L. Longhurst, E. A. Rutherford, J. R. Omond, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Chief Accountant, W. J. Gould, 720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*

Deputy Chief Accountant, R. W. Price, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Accountants, D. H. Fear, G. G. Giffard, A. G. Tubb, A. J. MacEwen, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Architect, J. H. Pashen, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Chief Draughtsman, R. W. Willcocks, 540*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Quantity Surveyor, H. W. Ford, 540*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Draughtsmen, E. A. Walmisley, S. M. Lawson, J. S. Walsh, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Chief Storekeeper, E. J. Lack, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Storekeepers, B. W. Davis, S. Cook, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.* to 490*l.*

Chief Clerk, C. A. Westbury, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

European Clerks, H. M. Croft, A. B. Humphreys, E. E. Roden, W. M. Donaldson, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 390*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Workshop Superintendent, E. Hooper, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Water Supply Superintendent, A. E. Downs, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

European Mechanic, G. W. Pepper, 390*l.* by 18*l.* to 444*l.*

Senior Inspectors, A. M. Watson, E. S. Sutherland, A. M. Watters, A. R. Collins, F. Bullock, 480*l.* by 20*l.* to 540*l.*

Inspectors of Works, 1st Grade, J. A. Kemp, E. C. Kent, D. Jackson, W. Clay, M. M., T. J. Walls, J. Baggott, 426*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*

Inspectors of Works, 2nd Grade, G. S. Cox, M. M., W. T. Wilson, A. J. Hopwood, J. S. Hance, C. H. Rees, C. W. Hancock, S. Campbell, P. C. Wilkinson, T. Mitchell, W. Organ, D. J. McBride, J. Howard, G. H. Noakes, J. M. Keefe, J. J. B. Wheatorft, A. Trump, A. R. Cobner, E. R. S. Gray, T. W. Ashenden, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.*

Road Foremen, G. Murison, R. Waiter, W. A. Jenkins, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 426*l.*

Harbour Works, Dar-es-Salaam.

Resident Engineer, W. H. Budler, 910*l.*

Assistant Engineer, A. V. Martin, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

Clerk, Harbour Works, R. M. Shimmin, 535*l.*

Temporary Foreman Mason, Harbour Works, S. R. Huggins, 480*l.*

Foreman Carpenter, Harbour Works, A. Manson, 432*l.*

Enemy Property.

Custodian of Enemy Property, E. Adams, O.B.E., 200*l.*

Inspector of Plantations, G. H. Pattison, 752*½l.*

Accountant, S. Flaks, 650*l.*

Clerk, I. S. Thomas, 480*l.*

* TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

TRINIDAD.

Situation and Area.

The island of Trinidad lies about 16 miles to the eastward of Venezuela, between 10° 3' and 10° 50' N. latitude, and 60° 55' and 61° 55' W. longitude from Greenwich. Its average length is about 50 miles, and its average breadth 37½ miles, and its area is 1,862 square miles. It is separated from the continent of America by the Gulf of Paria, into which fall the northern mouths of the Orinoco. The distance between Chacachacare, the most westerly of the Bocas Islands, in which the north-western peninsula of the island terminates, and the Venezuelan promontory on the other side of the strait is only seven miles. The island of Tobago (formerly in the Windward Islands) was amalgamated with Trinidad by an Order in Council under the Act 50 & 51 Vict., c. 44. on 1st Jan., 1889.

* For general map of West Indies, see under Windward Islands.

History.

Trinidad was first discovered by Columbus, on his third voyage, on the 31st July, 1498; and taken possession of by him for the crown of Spain. No Governor was, however, appointed by the King of Spain until 1532, and even then, and for many years afterwards, the Spanish colonists had the greatest difficulty in maintaining a footing in the island. It was visited by Sir Robert Dudley, and by Sir Walter Raleigh in 1595, who signalled his visit by burning the newly-founded town of St. Joseph, and it was included in the Earl of Montgomery's grant, 1628. In 1640 it was raided by the Dutch, and again in 1677 and 1690 by the French. Towards the end of the 17th and the beginning of the 18th centuries, cocoa was largely and successfully cultivated, but a blight fell upon the plantations about 1725, and Trinidad made scarcely any progress until 1783, when, in consequence of the representations made to the Court of Madrid by M. Rome de St. Laurent, a French planter of Grenada, who, when on a visit to the island, had been struck by its extraordinary fertility, a Royal cedula or proclamation was issued, by which extraordinary advantages were offered to foreigners of all nations to settle in Trinidad, the sole condition imposed, and that not very strictly insisted upon, being that they should profess the Roman Catholic religion. The consequence of this proclamation was a large influx of population, which was soon augmented by many French families, who were driven from St. Domingo and elsewhere by the terrible events of the French Revolution, and to this cause is to be traced the preponderance of the French element in a colony which never belonged to France.

On the 12th February 1797, Great Britain being then at war with Spain, a British expedition sailed from Martinique for the reduction of Trinidad.

The expedition resulted in the surrender of the island to His Majesty's forces, and on the 18th February, 1797, the articles of capitulation were signed by Sir R. Abercromby, Admiral Harvey, and Chacon, the Spanish Governor.

In 1802 it was finally ceded to the Crown of Great Britain by the Treaty of Amiens.

The population of Trinidad and Tobago at the census of 1921 was 365,913. The white population is chiefly composed of English, Portuguese, French, and Spanish, and there is also a large proportion of East Indians, totalling 126,175. The French lower classes speak a *patois* peculiar to the West Indies.

Constitution.

The Government is administered by a Governor, with an Executive Council of Six members. The legislative body is the Legislative Council of Trinidad and Tobago, which was reconstituted by Letters Patent and an Order in Council which came into operation on 21st August, 1924. It now consists of the Governor, the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General, the Treasurer, and not more than nine other official members, and of not more than six nominated unofficial members and seven elected members. Trinidad is divided into six electoral districts, each returning one member. Tobago forms the seventh electoral district.

General Description.

The north coast is rock bound through its whole extent, the east coast is so exposed to the surf as to be almost unapproachable, while the south

coast is steep in most parts; only on the west coast is there a good natural harbour, at Chaguaramas. The whole Gulf of Paria, however, is so shut in and sheltered as to afford a most safe anchorage. The climate of Trinidad is tropical and may be divided into two seasons, a dry season from January to the middle of May, with an average rainfall of 2 to 3 inches per month, and a wet season from June to December, with an average of 8 inches per month. The coolest months of the year are December to April. The average temperature during the day is 84 and during the night 74. The average rainfall in 1926, from records taken at 98 stations, was 68.68 ins. The climate is healthy and by no means hurtful to Europeans, provided reasonable precautions are taken. Hurricanes are unknown.

There are three ranges of hills running roughly east and west, the most northerly fringing the north coast, and rising in Tucuche to 3,000 feet, the central range runs south-west from Masanzilla point to San Fernando, and the southern runs parallel and near to the south coast. There are numerous rivers, but none of them of any size or navigable, and all running east or west.

The soil is varied, extremely fertile, and excellently adapted to the growth of tropical products, more particularly of sugar, cacao, and coconuts, which are its staples.

The chief town and principal port is Port of Spain (population by the census of 1921, 61,580), situated on a gently inclined plane near the north-east angle of the Gulf of Paria. It is a port of registry, and had, on 31st Dec., 1925, 33 vessels registered. Ten miles of electric tramway and 6,356 miles of telephone have been constructed in Port of Spain and its environs. The latter also extends to some of the country districts.

Production and Industry.

The quantity and value of the principal products exported during the year 1926 were:—

	Quantity.	Value. £
Asphalt (including Manjak)	180,951 tons	451,96
Bitters	56,599 galls.	80,915
Cocoa	56,862,199 lbs.	1,455,918
Coconuts	5,041,036 nuts	25,135
Copra	13,858,996 lbs.	166,263
Molasses	1,427,274 galls.	14,330
Rum	71,233 galls.	10,953
Sugar	65,680 tons	1,003,250
Petroleum (crude & fuel)	117,926,413 galls.	1,225,066
Petrol Spirit	20,801,413 „	612,451
Refined Kerosene	863,720 „	34,580

Sugar.—The sugar crop yielded 73,561 tons in 1926.

Canes are grown not only by the Estates but also by Cane Farmers, who sell usually on a sliding scale, to the Factories.

Coconuts.—The coconut industry continues to expand. The value of the exports of coconuts, copra and coconut oil in 1926 being 206,771, compared with 192,8304. in 1925.

Asphalt.—The asphalt lake, 114 acres in extent, situated in the Ward of La Brea, was first leased as a whole in 1888 for 21 years. The lease was renewed for a further period of 21 years from the 1st February, 1909. In February, 1925, a fresh lease of the lake comprising 109 acres was made

to the Trinidad Lake Asphalt, Limited, for 21 years, from the 1st February, 1930, on payment of the following Royalties and Export Duties:—

For each ton of Crude Pitch or Asphaltum a Royalty of 2s. 6d. and an Export Duty of 5s.

For each ton of Dried Pitch or Asphaltum a Royalty of 3s. 6d. and an Export Duty of 6s. 11d.

The quantity of Asphalt produced during 1926 was 237,300 tons as against 201,107 tons in 1925.

The quantity of Asphalt exported during 1926 was 180,951 tons of the value of 451,967*l.* and yielding a revenue of 83,303*l.*, as compared with 157,985 tons exported in 1925 of a value of 360,062*l.* and yielding a revenue of 75,375*l.*

Petroleum.—At the close of 1926 there were seventeen Companies actively engaged in the exploitation of oil in the Colony. These Companies, having a total share capital of more than 14,000,000*l.*, held over 200,000 acres of Crown Lands under licenses and leases, of which approximately 150,000 acres were held under mining lease. In addition, appreciable areas of private lands are held. Up to 17th January, 1902, oil rights were not reserved by the Government when disposing of Crown Land, but after that year all Crown grants reserve the oil rights to the Crown. There are, consequently, three categories of oil lands, viz., lands disposed of prior to 1902 in which the oil rights rest in the surface owner. Land sold since that date in which the oil rights are reserved to the Crown, and lands where both the surface and the underlying oil remain the property of the Crown.

The principal oil producing companies are the Trinidad Leaseholds, Limited, from Crown and private lands at Fyzabad, Barrackpore, etc.; the United British Oilfields of Trinidad, Limited, from Crown and private lands at Point Fortin, Parry Lands, etc.; the Trinidad Lake Petroleum Company, Limited, from their own lands at Brighton; the Petroleum Development Company, Limited, from Crown Lands in the Ward of Oropouche; the Apex (Trinidad) Oilfields, Limited, from Crown and Private Lands at Fyzabad;

the Trinidad Central Oilfields, Limited, from Crown Lands at Tabaquite; the Kern (Trinidad) Oilfields, Limited, from Crown and private lands at Guapo, and the General Petroleum Company, of Trinidad, Limited, from private lands at Oropouche. There are four refineries at work in the Colony situated at Pointe-à-Pierre, Point Fortin, Brighton and Tabaquite, and all grades of petroleum products from petrol to road oil are produced. During 1926 a new company known as the Trinidad fields Operating Company began operations on private lands. The total quantity of oil produced during 1926 was 174,001,487 gallons, an increase of 20,473,742 gallons over the production for 1925. Of this total, 104,187,960 gallons were from Crown Lands or lands in which the oil rights belonged to the Crown. The Royalty paid by operating companies on oil, won from Crown rights during the year 1926, amounted to 54,950*l.*, as against 40,099*l.* in 1925, and wayleaves to 12,826*l.* as against 10,901*l.* in 1925. The quantity of crude oil and products exported amounted to 139,590,781 gallons valued at 1,871,851*l.* as against 126,231,287 gallons valued at 1,560,578*l.* in 1925.

Fruit.—Increased attention is being given to the possibility of establishing an export trade in fruit. A Fruit Growers' Association has been formed for the purpose of developing the fruit industry. Exports during the year 1926 were valued at 1,874*l.*

The cultivation of Para rubber has been successfully carried out on one estate.

Of the total area of the Colony, including Tobago, 1,264,891 acres, the alienated acreage at the end of December, 1926, was estimated to be approximately 689,762 acres. About 314,086 acres are under cultivation; 575,129 acres remain ungranted.

The chief imports are textiles, flour, and rice, dried fish and meat, hardware, machinery, and lumber. About one-third, one-fifth and one-third of the whole trade of the Colony is with the United Kingdom, Canada, and the United States of America respectively.

The following table gives the direction of the import trade for the last five years.

	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
	£	£	£	£	£
United Kingdom	1,367,022 30·25%	1,271,012 30·38%	1,403,819 34·57%	1,328,423 31·00%	1,227,905 28·66%
Canada	956,578 21·77	866,933 20·49	814,386 20·05	964,035 22·53	902,223 21·06
Other British Possessions	345,613 7·65	365,427 8·64	318,503 7·84	365,321 8·56	418,886 9·78
United States	1,248,829 27·64	1,066,855 25·21	934,845 23·02	952,836 22·27	1,181,378 27·58
Venezuela	289,667 6·41	360,345 8·52	293,065 7·22	349,772 8·17	197,853 4·62
France	48,859 1·08	63,671 1·50	74,750 1·84	84,010 1·96	95,744 2·23
Germany	48,224 1·07	38,937 ·92	58,654 1·39	49,226 1·15	58,960 1·37
Other Countries	213,978 4·78	198,217 4·34	162,989 4·07	187,363 4·38	201,276 4·70
	4,518,670	4,231,397	4,061,011	4,278,986	4,284,225

Municipalities.

In 1914 Port of Spain was constituted a municipal city. The corporate body created under provisions of the Port of Spain Board Ordinance, 1907, and known as the Port of Spain Town Board, was dissolved.

The next town and port is San Fernando, about 30 miles south from Port of Spain.

The population at the census of 1921 was 10,610.

San Fernando has an elective municipal council and mayor. The chief source of revenue in both boroughs is a rate on property.

A charter of incorporation has been granted to Arima, an inland town about 16 miles from Port of Spain (population at 1921 census, 4,210). The

total municipal revenue of the two boroughs, and town of Port of Spain for the year ended 31st December, 1926, was 173,256 $\frac{1}{2}$., the expenditure, 163,816 $\frac{1}{2}$., and the debt, boroughs of San Fernando and Arima excepted, was 289,104 $\frac{1}{2}$. on the 31st December, 1926. This includes the loan of 84,000 $\frac{1}{2}$ for the purchase of the Woodbrook Estate, which has become an important suburb of Port of Spain.

Means of Communication.

There is a weekly Coastal Steamship Service between Trinidad and Tobago by the Steamer "Belize," going every alternative week by the northern and southern routes, and calling at all the principal ports, this Service was previously run by the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, Limited, but in March, 1923, the Government purchased the s.s. "Belize," and until July, 1927, ran the Service through local Agents. Since 1st July, 1927, the Government have run the service themselves.

The railway was commenced by a line between Port of Spain and Arima, 16 miles, opened in 1876, and by subsequent extensions the railway system now consists of the following:—

The Port of Spain—Arima—Sangre Grande line (opened in 1897) 29 miles along the southern foot hills of the northern range of hills to within 8 miles of the eastern coast.

The San Fernando—Siparia line, 44 miles (leaving the former line at St. Joseph) following roughly the western coast line of the Colony (opened to Couva in 1880, San Fernando in 1882, Siparia in 1913); total distance, Port of Spain to Siparia, 51 miles.

The Caparo valley and Caparo valley extension lines, 28 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles (opened to Tabaguite in 1898, Rio Claro in 1914), leaving the Port of Spain—San Fernando—Siparia line at Jerningham Junction (14 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Port of Spain) and running in a generally south-eastern direction; total distance from Port of Spain 43 miles.

The Guayaguayare line (10 miles) opened in 1884, leaving the Port of Spain—San Fernando—Siparia line at Marabella Junction (33 miles from Port of Spain) and running in an easterly direction to Princes Town; total distance from Port of Spain 43 miles, and

The Cipero tramway, to the south of San Fernando, also proceeding by another route to Princes Town, which, with branches (13 miles), was merged into the railway system in 1912.

The line between Port of Spain and St. Joseph (7 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles) has been doubled.

The total length of this system is now 123 miles.

The railways afford opportunities of communication for passengers between all lines three times a day, and there are goods train opportunities once a day.

A suburban service of trains is run between Port of Spain and Arima (16 miles) at low fares, giving a service of 8 trains daily each way and 9 trains each way on Saturdays.

In connection with the railway, a steamer makes one trip a week between Port-of-Spain, San Fernando and La Brea (near the celebrated Pitch Lake), the Oilfields, Cedros, and to the south-western point of the Island at Iacoe, stopping at eight intermediate places along the coast, and carrying passengers and goods. This steamer also makes three trips a week each-way

between Port-of-Spain and the Bocas entrance to the Gulf, including the Islands to the West of Port-of-Spain.

The railway stations are in telegraphic communication one with the other on all parts of the system, giving a total length of about 118 miles of telegraph and about 14 miles of telephone lines. There is also a service telephone along the Caparo Section between San Fernando and Princes Town.

The total receipts from the railways, railway-steamers, telegraphs and telephones for the year 1926 amounted to 154,825 $\frac{1}{2}$., and the working expenses to 177,151 $\frac{1}{2}$., exclusive of provision for loan and capital interest and sinking fund amounting to 81,842 $\frac{1}{2}$. There has been a considerable falling off in the Railway receipts during the last few years, which is due to competition from motor omnibuses and lorries.

The total number of passengers carried during 1926 was 1,212,529. The total tonnage of goods (including canes, 134,252 tons) was 276,727 tons.

The Island is intersected by numerous roads either metalled or gravelled, and capable of carrying fairly heavy motor traffic. Many of the most important roads have been reconstructed in recent years, and their surfaces treated with Trinidad Road Oil or Trinidad Road Binder. This method of construction is being steadily pursued. The total mileage of roadway is 2,327 miles, of which 1,716 $\frac{31}{32}$ miles of main and local roads are under the control of the Public Works Department, and 610 $\frac{75}{100}$ miles of local roads are under the control of Road Boards.

There are numerous motor bus services plying along the Eastern Main Road between Port of Spain and Arima, and along the Southern Main Road between Port of Spain and San Fernando. These services are not continuous, individual owners plying for hire along different sections of the routes.

There is a General Post Office in Port of Spain, branch offices at San Fernando and Tobago, and 116 out-offices throughout the Colony.

Communication by cable with the United Kingdom, Europe, North America and other parts of the world is maintained by the Pacific Cable Board (All Red Route) and the West India and Panama Telegraph Company.

The Pacific Cable Board established their service in the West Indies during the year 1924, and opened their offices for business on the 1st December of the same year.

Their cables run from Barbados to Turks Island, with spurs from the former place to Trinidad and Demerara. At Turks Island connection is made with the Direct Company's cables to Halifax. Traffic is handed back to the Pacific Cable Board's Office at Halifax and thence via Imperial Cables, an all British line of communication thus being established to England.

The system was established and is owned jointly by the Imperial Government, the Government of Canada and the Governments of the various West Indian Colonies. Apart from the main cables, wireless stations are maintained at all the smaller Colonies, communicating with a central station at Barbados, where traffic is transferred to the cables.

A wireless system of communication is also maintained between the following Islands—Barbados, St. Vincent, Grenada, Carriacou, St. Lucia, Dominica, Antigua, Montserrat and St. Kitts.

The principal tariffs are:—

To the United Kingdom from	
Port-of-Spain	2/4 per word
To Eastern Canada	1/6 „ „
To Western Canada	1/8 „ „

There are also cheap rates at half and quarter of the ordinary tariff, the latter being subject to a minimum charge.

The West India and Panama Telegraph Company, has a duplicate cable system. Both cables on leaving Trinidad touch at Grenada where they separate until they meet again at St. Lucia, Porto Rico, Jamaica and terminate at Santiago, Cuba, where the Company hand over their traffic to the Cuba Submarine Company who in turn at Havana hand over to the West Union Telegraph Company which has a duplicate cable system to New York.

The Company's cables connect with the French Cable Company's line at Guadeloupe and Porto Rico, which proceeds to New York via Hayti. In addition their lines connect with the Direct West Indian Cable Company's (called the All British route) Line at Jamaica, which proceeds from there to Bermuda, Halifax and the United Kingdom.

The Pacific Cable Board system has no wireless station in Trinidad, but three wireless stations are maintained by the Trinidad Government, namely Port-of-Spain, North Post and Tobago. The North Post Station deals exclusively with ship and Tobago traffic, while communication with British Guiana, St. Martin, Venezuela and Paramaribo is carried out by Port-of-Spain.

Steamers calling at Trinidad comprised the following lines, besides a number of steamers calling for bunker coal, oil and orders:—Royal Mail Steam Packet Co., Leyland Line, Harrison Line, Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, La Veloce (Navigazione Italiana), Trinidad Line (Furness Withy and Coy., Ltd.) Lamport and Holt, Prince Line, Cia Anonima Venezolana de Navegacion Transatlantica Italiana, Royal Netherlands West India Mail, Canadian Government Merchant Marine, Clyde Steamship Line, Hamburg-Amerika Line and the Horne Line. Mails are regularly forwarded and received by these steamers.

The Government acquired in May, 1910, the floating graving dock and workshops formerly worked by the Trinidad Dock and Engineering Company under agreement with the Government, and the concern was, up to the 30th June, 1921, carried on by the Government as a business administration. On 1st July, 1921, the administration was dissolved, and the Dock and Workshops placed under the control of the Public Works Department. The dock, which is established in the harbour off Chaguaramas, has an over-all length of 365 feet and a clear beam of 56 feet (which can be increased to 65 feet). All kinds of ship repairs (hull and machinery) are also undertaken by the administration. Its lifting power is 4,000 tons.

The rates of postage are as follows, per 1 oz. letter:—

Within Colony	1½d.
To U.K., India and British Colonies, also U.S.A.	2d.
To other places, for 1st oz. ...	3d.
and for each additional oz. ...	1½d.

Currency and Banking.

British Currency and United States gold are legal tender. Accounts are kept in sterling by the Government and in dollars by the public, and the coin in circulation is almost exclusively British silver and bronze, there being no limit to silver as legal tender.

In 1903 an Ordinance providing for the issue of Government Currency Notes was brought into force. Under this Ordinance notes of the denominations of \$1, \$2, and \$1,000 have been issued, the total value in circulation at 31st December, 1926, amounting to 1,222,926l.

Government Savings Banks are established in 34 districts with a head office in Port-of-Spain. The total number of depositors at 31st December, 1926, was 28,353, with deposits amounting to 368,966l. The savings banks are largely made use of by the East Indians, of whom at the 31st December, there were 11,821 depositors. The amount deposited by this section of the community during the year is estimated at 70,164l.

The Commercial Banks are (1) Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd., with a note circulation in the Colony estimated at 750,000l.; (2) the Royal Bank of Canada, with an authorized note circulation in the Colony of 312,500l.; (3) The Canadian Bank of Commerce, with an authorized note circulation of \$750,000; (4) Messrs. Gordon, Grant & Company, Limited. Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd., the Royal Bank of Canada, and the Canadian Bank of Commerce have Savings bank branches and pay the same rate of interest as is paid by the Government Savings Bank, viz., 3 per cent. The Bank of Messrs. Gordon Grant and Co., Limited, is not a bank of issue. In addition to the above Banks there is the Trinidad Co-operative Bank, an institution established in 1924, for the encouragement of thrift.

Education.

At the close of 1926 there were 289 elementary and intermediate schools in the Colony, 47 being Government and 242 assisted schools. There were 253 schools in Trinidad and 36 in Tobago.

The number of pupils on the roll in December, 1926, was 59,413, of whom 33,078 were boys and 26,335 were girls. The average daily attendance was 36,778, or 61·9 per cent. of the number on roll. As compared with the previous year there was an increase of 1,688 on the roll, or 2·9 per cent., and of 374 in average attendance or 1 per cent. There was an increase in average attendance of 3·5 per cent. in Government schools and an increase of 5 per cent. in assisted schools. The number of teachers and pupil teachers employed was 1,648 (1,600 in 1925).

The total expenditure on education during the year 1926, deducting the amount received in school and examination fees, was 122,063l. 13s. 9d. as compared with 116,031l. 18s. 8d. in 1925.

Secondary Education.

The following Colleges afford facilities for the higher education of boys:—The Queen's Royal College and its affiliated institutions, the St. Mary's College in Port-of-Spain, and the Naparima College in San Fernando. The St. Joseph's Convent and the Bishop's High School in Port-of-Spain, and the Naparima Girls' High School at San Fernando, which are also affiliated to the Queen's Royal College, provide similar

education for girls. There is also a Bishop's High School in Tobago for boys and girls.

The affiliated institutions work under the same curriculum as the Queen's Royal College, and receive a Government grant-in-aid.

Besides the public schools, of which mention has been made above, there are many private schools. The total number of children attending school in Trinidad and Tobago is probably about 59,413, with an average daily attendance of about 36,778.

Opportunities for technical education are afforded by a Board of Industrial Training established in 1906, which also supervises a small institution for the instruction of the blind.

TOBAGO.

History.

Tobago was discovered by Columbus in 1498, at which time it was occupied by Caribs. The British flag was first planted on the island in 1580, and the sovereignty was regularly claimed by James I. in 1608. In 1625 an attempt was made by some adventurers from Barbados to form a colony; but many were killed by the Carib Indians, and the remaining few escaped and settled at Providence. In 1628 a grant of the island was made by Charles I. to the Earl of Pembroke. The island remained unoccupied until 1632, when 300 Zealanders were sent out by a company of Dutch merchants, who styled it New Walcheren. After a residence of about two years these settlers were all destroyed or expelled by the Indians and Spaniards from Trinidad. In 1641 James Duke of Courland obtained a grant of the island from Charles I., and in 1642 two vessels arrived with a number of Courlanders, who settled on the north side of the island. These were followed by a second Dutch colony in 1654, who, having effected a compromise with the Courlanders, established themselves on the southern coast; but in 1658 the Courlanders were overpowered by the Dutch, who remained in possession of the whole island until 1662, when the Dutch Company resigned their right to it. In this year Cornelius Lamais procured letters patent from Louis the Fourteenth, creating him Baron of Tobago, and proprietor of the island under the Crown of France.

In 1664 the grant of the Island to the Duke of Courland was renewed by Charles II. The Dutch refused to recognise the Duke's title, but in 1667 they themselves were compelled to evacuate the island by the French Admiral Estras, who defeated the Dutch Admiral Binks in Scarborough Bay, whereupon Louis the Fourteenth restored the island to the Duke of Courland, who, in 1681, made over his title to a company of London merchants. In 1748, by the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle, the island was declared neutral; the subjects of all European Powers being at liberty to form settlements or carry on commerce but not to place garrisons on it. At the peace in 1763, by the Treaty of Paris, Tobago was ceded by France to England in perpetuity.

In 1781 Tobago was captured by the French under the Duke of Bouillé, after a most gallant defence by the Colonists. In 1783 it was surrendered by treaty to the French Crown. On 15th April, 1793, it was captured by a British force under Admiral Lefrey and General Cuyler, and was once more restored to the French by the Treaty of Peace in 1802, and again reconquered in 1803 by Commander Hood and General Greenfield, and in 1814 finally ceded in perpetuity to the British Crown.

Situation and Area.

Tobago lies between 11° 8' and 11° 21' N. lat. and 60° 30' and 60° 50' W. long., distant from Barbados about 120 miles, from Grenada about 75 miles, and about 26 N.E. of Trinidad, and expands N.E. and S.W. The distance between Tobago and Toco (a port of Trinidad) by actual survey made by Mr. Parsons, R.N., in 1865, is 26 miles in a south-westerly direction. It is 26 miles long and 7½ at its greatest breadth, and has an area of 114 square miles, or 73,213 acres, of which about 56,090 acres are under cultivation.

The formation of the island is volcanic: its physical aspect is irregular and picturesque, with conical hills and ridges, which descend from a common base or dorsal ridge 1,800 feet high and 18 miles in length.

The population of Tobago in 1921 was 23,378 according to census.

General Description.

Tobago is a Ward of Trinidad and its exports out of the Colony all pass through Trinidad and are included in the general statistics of the Colony. It has also a considerable trade in minor products, vegetables, live stock, etc., with Trinidad. The total value of the Tobago trade in 1926 was 100,763£, an increase of nearly 21,000£ over 1925.

The progress made by Tobago in the last approximately thirty years is shown by comparing the value of the chief products for 1897 and 1926:—

	1897.	1926.
	£	£
Cacao	1,671	57,834
Sugar and Molasses ..	4,120	nil
Coconuts, Copra and Oil ..	776	25,237
Vegetables and Fruit ..	151	3,954
Rubber	nil	827
Live Stock	7,694	12,874

Miscellaneous items bring the total value to 14,503£. in 1897 and 100,763£. in 1926.

The island is divided into seven parishes. Scarborough, the principal town, is on the south side of the island, about 8 miles from the S.W. point, and is situated at the south-western base of a hill 425 feet above the level of the sea, on which stands Fort King George, now without a garrison. The town had a population, according to the census of 1921, of 773. It is a port of registry. Courland Bay, at Plymouth, also has good anchorage. There is a lighthouse at Fort King George, Scarborough; it is a fixed white light, at an elevation of about 425 feet above the level of the sea.

Regular communication with Trinidad is maintained by means of wireless telegraphy, and a service of a coastal steamer, provided by the Government.

The island possesses a large mileage of good roads and these are rapidly being extended and improved.

Education is in the hands of the Anglican, Roman Catholic, Moravian, and Wesleyan bodies, who are assisted by a Government grant.

Constitution.

The Government was formerly administered by a resident Administrator, subordinate to the Governor-in-Chief of the Windward Islands at Grenada, and a Legislative Council was established by an Order in Council of the 7th of February, 1877, to consist of not less than three persons, designated by Her Majesty.

By an Order in Council of 17th November, 1888, issued under Act 50 & 51 Vict. cap. 44, Tobago was amalgamated with Trinidad, the name of the new Colony being Trinidad and Tobago. The latter island was administered by a Commissioner appointed by the Governor of the United Colony, who was *ex officio* a member of the Legislative Council, and one unofficial member of Council represents Tobago. The Commissioner was assisted by a financial board of five members, two nominated by the Governor and three elected. The revenue, expenditure, and debt of the islands remained distinct, but there was entire freedom of commercial intercourse between them, and the laws of Trinidad were, with some specified exceptions, the laws of both.

By an Order in Council of the 20th of October, 1898, the Order in Council of the 17th of November, 1888, was almost entirely revoked, and it was provided that the Island of Tobago should become a ward of the United Colony of Trinidad and Tobago; that the revenue, expenditure, and debt of Tobago should be merged in those of the United Colony; that the debt due from Tobago to Trinidad should be cancelled; that (with some specified exceptions) the laws of Trinidad should operate in Tobago, and those of Tobago cease to operate so far as they conflicted with the laws of Trinidad; that all future Ordinances of the Legislature of the Colony should extend to Tobago, with the proviso that the Legislature should be able to enact special and local Ordinances and regulations applicable to Tobago as distinguished from the rest of the Colony.

This Order in Council was brought into effect from the 1st of January, 1899, by a proclamation of the Governor issued on the 8th of December, 1898. The post of Commissioner ceased to exist, and the post of Warden and Magistrate was created.

Population.

Census.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1901	8,671	10,080	18,751
1911	9,922	10,827	20,749
1921	11,194	12,184	23,378

Governors of Trinidad (since 1897).

2 June 1897	Sir H. E. H. Jerningham, K.C.M.G.
4 Dec. 1900	Sir C. A. Moloney, K.C.M.G.
30 Aug. 1904	Sir H. M. Jackson, K.C.M.G.
12 May 1909	Sir George R. Le Hunte, K.C.M.G., Gov.
1 June 1916	Lieut.-Col. Sir John R. Chancellor, R.E., K.C.M.G., D.S.O.
1 Jan., 1922,	Brigadier-General Sir Samuel Herbert Wilson, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B.
22 Nov. 1924	Sir Horace A. Byatt, K.C.M.G.

FINANCES.

SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917	1,098,183	1,097,695	646,443	1,908,169
1918	1,172,700	1,124,258	1,115,535	1,452,869
1919	1,342,884	1,309,407	1,522,723	2,225,584
1920	1,917,743	1,652,597	1,536,351	2,814,546
1921	1,867,944	2,074,927	1,742,353	2,818,418
1922	1,661,609	1,939,215	2,208,246	3,387,813
1923	1,635,552	1,625,441	2,464,290	3,899,582
1924	1,586,834	1,572,765	2,013,373	4,043,236
1925	1,662,874	1,580,749	2,755,568	4,565,155
1926	1,737,288	1,580,213	2,873,270	4,933,553

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	939,932	1,236,394	2,569,393	4,789,719
1918	756,044	1,565,849	2,787,067	5,108,960
1919	945,733	1,575,494	3,696,007	6,217,234
1920	2,219,483	1,632,642	4,524,787	8,490,232
1921	1,726,585	1,428,821	3,748,288	*6,903,694
1922	1,367,022	1,302,191	1,849,457	†4,518,670
1923	1,271,012	1,232,360	1,728,025	**4,231,397
1924	1,403,819	1,132,889	1,624,303	4,061,011
1925	1,326,423	1,329,356	1,623,207	4,278,986
1926	1,227,905	1,321,109	1,735,211	†4,284,225

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	2,109,933	472,315	2,726,748	5,308,996
1918	2,182,596	681,338	2,286,645	5,149,579
1919	2,675,867	585,279	3,995,448	7,256,594
1920	3,597,982	354,039	3,242,827	7,435,361
1921	1,899,004	608,726	2,686,246	†5,193,976
1922	1,643,998	713,256	1,872,149	†4,229,403
1923	2,200,525	596,948	1,988,121	4,785,594
1924	2,255,527	791,410	1,846,926	4,893,865
1925	2,471,340	637,569	2,061,446	5,170,355
1926	1,627,980	1,146,897	2,771,499	5,546,376

The total amount of Customs receipts in 1926 was 614,452l.

Population: Census 1901—256,148.

1911—333,552.

1921—362,780.

Public Debt of Trinidad on 31st December, 1926—3,342,066l.

Tobago Returns are included in those of Trinidad.

Executive Council.

The Governor, President.

The Colonial Secretary.

The Attorney-General.

The Treasurer.

Sir H. A. Alcazar, K.C.

Col. G. H. May, V.D.

M. A. Murphy, M.Inst.C.E.

Clerk of the Council, Harry Lesslie Knaggs, O.B.E.

Legislative Council of Trinidad and Tobago.

The Governor, President.

Colonial Secretary, W. E. F. Jackson, C.M.G.

Attorney-General, A. D. A. MacGregor.

Treasurer, H. B. Walcott, C.M.G., C.B.E.

M. V. Camacho, Solicitor General.

Colonel G. H. May, Inspector General of Constabulary.

M. A. Murphy, Director of Public Works.

Dr. K. S. Wise, Surgeon General.

Lieut.-Col. A. H. W. de Boissiere, Protector of Immigrants.

T. R. Cutler, Collector of Customs.

W. G. Freeman, Director of Agriculture.

C. Sadler, General Manager of Railways.

F. C. Marriott, Director of Education.

* Includes £97,754 Parcel Post.

† Exclusive of £56,210 Parcel Post.

** Exclusive of £228,633 Parcel Post.

†† Exclusive of £122,849 Parcel Post.

‡ Includes £167,674 Ship's Stores and Bunkers.

‡‡ Includes £147,300 Ship's Stores and Bunkers.

Unofficial:

Nominated: Sir H. A. Alcazar, K.C., A. B. Carr, M.B.E., G. F. Huggins, O.B.E., Dr. A. H. McShine, L. A. P. O'Reilly, K.C., and A. Fraser.

Elected: Messrs C. H. Pierre, T. M. Kelshall, J. A. A. Biggart, Capt. A. A. Cipriani, E. R. Clarke, A. V. Stollmeyer and S. Teelucksingh.

Civil Establishment.*

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir Horace A. Byatt, K.C.M.G., 5,700*l.*

A.D.C. Capt. C. J. M. Traill, M.C.

Colonial Secretary's Department.

Colonial Secretary, W. E. F. Jackson, C.M.G., 1,600*l.*

Assistant Colonial Secretary, H. L. Knaggs, O.B.E., 955*l.*

2nd Assistant Colonial Secretary, J. M. Farfan, (also *Superintendent Government Printing*) 668*l.*

Chief Clerk, Confidential Clerk and Clerk to the Legislative Council, J. de Nobrega, 550*l.* to 600*l.*

2nd Clerk, E. F. Aanensen, 450*l.* to 500*l.*

3rd " A. J. Bernard, 375*l.*

4th " J. O'Connor, 250*l.* to 300*l.*

5th " P. R. Dick, 365*l.*

6th " Miss C. Fort, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

7th " W. Boardman, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Auditor's Department.

Auditor, J. B. Hewlett, 800*l.* to 900*l.*

Examiner of Accounts, F. Delmas, 550*l.* to 600*l.*

2nd Clerk, L. S. Ditzgen, 432*l.*

3rd " C. Fitzwilliam, 365*l.*

4th " T. N. Searl, 340*l.* to 350*l.*

5th " A. N. Camps, 365*l.*

6th " C. H. A. Reece, 292*l.* to 300*l.*

7th " J. F. Crichton, 292*l.* to 300*l.*

8th " A. H. Maingot, 219*l.* to 250*l.*

9th " L. T. Rostant, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

10th " A. E. Reece, 190*l.* to 200*l.*

Military Department.

Commandant, Col. G. H. May, V.D., paid as *Inspector-General of Constabulary.*

Staff Officer, Captain William Harris, M.C., The Royal Scots, travelling allowance, quarters and 500*l.*

Garrison Quartermaster, Capt. E. Evans, quarters and uniform, 375*l.*

Sergeant-Instructors, T. Perkins, 195*l.*, quarters and uniform; J. G. Smith, 150*l.*, quarters and uniform.

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, M. A. Murphy, M.I.C.E., M.S.E., M.R. San. Inst., 1,250*l.*

Assistant Director of Public Works, D. M. Hahn, M.Inst.C.E., M.Inst.M.E., 1,012*l.*

Divisional Engineer, A. E. Hitchins, 650*l.* to 700*l.*

General Assistant to Assistant Director of Public Works, L. G. Scheult, A.M.I.C.E., A.C.G.I., 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Assistant Engineer of Works, F. J. Horsford, 490*l.*

Chief Clerk, L. C. Arneaud (is also Secretary Central Road Board, 615*l.*

2nd Clerk, A. G. McIntyre, 365*l.*

Clerk, C. O. Sealey, 372*l.*

Draughtsman and Estimator, E. R. Gammon, 490*l.*

* All salaries of 100*l.* a year and over are subject to a deduction of 4 per cent. under the Widows' and Orphans' Pension Scheme.

District Engineers.

1st Grade District Engineers, (and travelling allowance), L. E. de Verteuil, R. F. E. O'D. Peet, N. J. C. Sellier, 1 at 550*l.*; 1 at 540*l.*; 1 at 500*l.*-550*l.*

Second Grade District Engineers (and travelling allowance), C. J. Sellier, A. E. Lassalle, W. L. Roland, 2 at 490*l.*; 1 at 460*l.*

Assistant District Engineer, (and travelling allowance), J. A. Max de Verteuil, 365*l.*

Assistant Engineer, G. P. Robinson 400*l.* to 450*l.*

Clerk of Works, E. H. Borde, 241*l.*

Clerks to Divisional Engineers, T. W. Herbert, 256*l.*; J. R. Charles, 232*l.* to 250*l.*

Surveyors, A. F. Salazar, S. M. de Oca 500*l.* to 550*l.*; * P. N. Dumanoire, 365*l.*

Clerks to District Engineers, J. Hypolite, 219*l.* to 250*l.*; E. Todd, 207*l.* to 250*l.*; G. P. Mitchell, H. Doughlin, A. Frenche, 219*l.* to 250*l.*; S. A. E. Ferreira, J. G. Moore, E. T. Vincent, 190*l.* to 200*l.*; C. C. Williams, E. J. Cloria, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Finance.

Accountant, L. M. Le Gendre, 540*l.*

2nd Accountant, † G. A. Salomon, 404*l.*

1st Clerk, W. H. Clark, 177*l.* to 200*l.*

2nd " P. W. Telfer, 125*l.* to 150*l.*

Floating Dock and Workshop.

Engineer-in-Charge, J. Sharp, M.C., 752*l.*

Assistant Engineer, J. Inglis, 450*l.*

General Foreman, B. Berridge, 375*l.*

Chief Clerk, G. Donawa, 292*l.* to 300*l.*

Storekeeper, C. A. M. Adams, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Harbour Works.

Dredging Master, R. I. Gordon, 195*l.*

Wireless Telegraphy.

Officer in charge J. O. Hall, 500*l.*

Chief Operator, L. W. Pouchet, 432*l.*

2nd " A. E. Wilson, 292*l.* to 300*l.*

Nine Assistant Operators.

Crown Lands Department.

Sub-Intendant of Crown Lands, G. E. L. Guppy, 700*l.*

Chief Clerk, L. E. des Iles, 250*l.* to 300*l.*

2nd " A. E. Joseph, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

3rd " G. N. Massiah, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Mines Department.

Inspector of Mines, A. P. Catherall, B.Sc., M.Inst.M.E., 1,000*l.* to 1,100*l.*

Deputy Inspector of Mines, H. W. Reid, 800*l.* to 900*l.*

Oil and Water Inspector, ‡ C. A. P. Southwell, M.C., 1,200*l.*

Assistant Inspector of Mines, N. Betancourt, Assoc. M.Inst.M.E., 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Chief Clerk, A. P. Daly, 340*l.* to 350*l.*

Survey Department.

Crown Surveyor, J. W. Macgillivray, 800*l.* to 850*l.*

1st Assistant, J. W. Dumanoire, 550*l.* to 600*l.*

2nd Assistant, J. G. Reece, 500*l.* to 550*l.*

3rd Assistant, C. E. Lawrie, *4th Assistant,* R. T. Galt, 400*l.* to 450*l.*

* Seconded for service in the Survey Department.

† Seconded for service as Chief Clerk, Department of Agriculture.

‡ Under agreement for 2 years. Salary paid by Oil Companies.

Draughtsman & Tracer, F. M. Sorzano, 292*l.* to 300*l.*

1st *Draughtsman*, A. W. Hunt, 292*l.* to 300*l.*
2nd " Miss V. Telfer, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Immigration and Labour Exchanges.

Protector of Immigrants and Director of Labour Exchanges, Lieut.-Col. A. de Boissiere (300*l.*, § and travelling allowance), 300*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. J. W. M. Cadiz, 375*l.*
2nd " W. A. Gopaul, 310*l.*
3rd " J. H. Rajnauth, 190*l.* to 200*l.*

Treasury and Excise Department.

Treasurer, H. B. Walcott, C.M.G., C.B.E., 1,300*l.*

Account Branch.

Assistant Treasurer, C. A. Pollonai, I.S.O., 800*l.*
Accountant, E. L. dos Santos, 450*l.* to 600*l.*
Vote Book Clerk, P. L. Anderson, 490*l.*
1st *Clerk*, A. P. C. dos Santos, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
2nd *Clerk*, I. J. Towine, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Abstract Book Clerk, G. R. J. FitzWilliam, 365*l.*
Abstracting Clerk, E. S. O'Connor, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
1st *Clerk Stamp Office*, J. P. R. de la Bastide, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Clerk in Charge of Counterfoils, E. S. Hart, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Cashier, C. R. de Chezouil, 450*l.* to 500*l.*
Paymaster, F. G. Maingot, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
Assistant Paymaster, T. L. G. Stone, 275*l.* to 300*l.*
Record Clerk, S. M. Sadiq Ali, 177*l.* to 200*l.*

Excise and Preventive Branch.

Chief Inspector of Revenue, E. R. Pashley, 600*l.*
Assistant Inspector of Revenue, O. A. Latour, 460*l.*
Excise Officer, J. R. Arneaud, 540*l.*
1st *Asst. Excise Officer*, J. W. Ramirez, 207*l.* to 250*l.*

San Fernando Treasury.

Sub-Receiver, Postmaster, Sub-Collector of Customs, and Harbour Master, etc., L. A. Vilain, 640*l.*
Chief Clerk and Cashier, P. P. C. De La Rosa, 432*l.*
Paymaster, A. H. Dasent, 432*l.*
*Excise Officer (and 60*l.* as Warehouse Keeper)*, P. J. Cumming*, 232*l.* to 250*l.*

Tobago Treasury.

Sub-Receiver, Sub-Collector of Customs, and Postmaster, etc. P. L. Guppy, 540*l.*
Chief Clerk and Cashier, J. E. C. Sealey, 375*l.*
2nd *Clerk and Paymaster*, T. A. Francois, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Post Office Savings Bank Department.

Chief Manager, Edwin Edginton, †
Cashier, O'Daniel, L.M.N.H., 400*l.*
Chief Clerk, H. G. Hart, 200*l.* to 300*l.*

Customs Department.

Collector of Customs, T. Cutler, 1,000*l.* and 100*l.* under Merchant Shipping Ordinance; is also *Detaining Officer*, under Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1,100*l.*
Assistant Collector, H. S. Littlepage, 600*l.* to 700*l.*
Sub-Collector, San Fernando, L. A. Vilain.
" *Tobago*, P. L. Guppy.

* Warehouse Keeper, San Fernando, 60*l.*
† Is also Warden County of St. George.
‡ Is also Postmaster-General.

2nd *Clerk and Cashier*, H. V. Laughlin (12*l.* 10*s.* allowance as *Cashier*), 490*l.*

3rd *Clerk*, A. O'Brien, 350 to 400*l.*
4th " S. E. Knowles, 256*l.* to 300*l.*
5th " S. A. Duruty, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
6th " R. A. Von Weiller, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
Senior Check Clerk, E. M. Legge, 350*l.* to 400*l.*
2nd *Check (Statistical) Clerk*, S. A. Dillon, 315*l.*
3rd *Check (Assistant Statistical) Clerk*, G. C. R. Edghill, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
4th *Check Clerk*, R. M. Metivier, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
5th " H. McL. Lucie-Smith, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
6th " J. J. Waithe, 158*l.*
Principal Landing Waiter, C. A. Littlepage, 500*l.* to 550*l.*

Senior Landing Waiter, E. O. S. Wainwright, 404*l.*
1st *Class Landing Waiters*, W. Keating, 310*l.*; A. R. Lassalle, 340*l.* to 350*l.*

2nd *Class Landing Waiters*, G. Fife, 310*l.*; E. H. B. Crooks, 292*l.* to 300*l.*; L. H. Basaut, 275*l.* to 300*l.*; L. C. Pouchet, 292*l.* to 300*l.*; P. I. Blanc, 256*l.* to 300*l.*; A. E. Evans, 200*l.* to 250*l.*; E. Knowles, 256*l.* to 300*l.*

3rd *Class Landing Waiters*, R. B. Atthill, 196*l.* to 250*l.*; L. E. Dasent and E. O. Searl, 207*l.* to 250*l.*; G. A. R. Dewhurst and H. E. Knaggs, 195*l.* to 250*l.*; E. V. H. McEachrane, 150*l.* to 200*l.*; G. E. de Gamma, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Railway Department.

General Manager, C. Sadler, 1,000*l.* to 1,200*l.*
Chief Clerk, C. Green, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
1st *Clerk*, H. A. Dunn, 365*l.* to 400*l.*
2nd " C. L. Williams, 256*l.*
3rd " C. A. Schjolseth, 165*l.* to 200*l.*
Registrar, E. N. Ghent 177*l.* to 200*l.*
Statistical Clerk, V. B. Inniss, 165*l.*

Accountant's Branch.

Accountant, C. G. Archibald 696*l.*
Cashier, C. O. Lumsden, 365*l.*
1st *Clerk*, V. J. Maingot, 310*l.*
2nd " (vacant), 200*l.* to 250*l.*
3rd " S. W. Branker 150*l.* to 200*l.*
Travelling Auditor, E. A. Hinds, 340*l.* to 350*l.*

Goods Branch.

Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Port of Spain, J. Griffith, 398*l.* to 400*l.*
Assistant Traffic Superintendent, San Fernando, R. J. M. Field, 398*l.* to 400*l.*
Traffic Inspector (North), H. J. Brooks, 165*l.*
" *(South)*, F. M. Gittens, 165*l.*
1st *Goods Clerk*, C. A. Arneaud, 292*l.* to 300*l.*
2nd " J. D. Corrie, 275*l.* to 300*l.*
3rd " I. R. Bates, 207*l.* to 250*l.*
4th " O. Roberts, 165*l.*

Traffic Branch.

1st *Clerk*, J. E. Charles, 195*l.* to 200*l.*
Collector, Port of Spain, C. H. Downes, 315*l.*
Assistant Collector, Port of Spain, D. A. Pinard, 207*l.* to 250*l.*
4th *Collectors*.
Telegraph Inspector, A. Gomez, 490*l.*

Locomotive Branch.

Locomotive Engineer and Superintendent of Railway Steamers, Capt. E. H. Wainwright, 600*l.* to 650*l.*
Assistant Locomotive Engineer, S. Munro, 450*l.* to 500*l.*
Clerk, A. W. Neilson Dyer, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Works Manager (vacant), 350*l.* to 400*l.*

Carriage and Wagon Shop Manager, R. Dick, 350*l.* to 400*l.*
Running Shed Foreman and Foreman Boiler Maker, F. H. Locke, 432*l.*
25 Engine Drivers, from 140*l.* to 339*l.* 14*s.*

Engineering and Maintenance Branch.

Chief Engineer, W. W. Reid, 733*l.*
1st District Engineer, E. F. Cornilliac, 540*l.*
2nd District Engineer, J. R. Gomez, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
3rd District Engineer, M. de Verteuil, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
Draughtsman, P. Rodriguez, 134*l.*
Clerk to Maintenance Engineer, G. F. Trimmingham, 340*l.* to 350*l.*
Inspector, Way and Works, J. G. Boyack, 306*l.* ; house, 37*l.* 10*s.*
Inspector, Way and Works, G. J. Haynes, 200*l.* ; and house allowance, 25*l.*
Inspector, Way and Works, S. A. Byam, 256*l.* ; and house allowance, 25*l.*
Workshop Foreman, St. Joseph, W. A. Moore, 226*l.* and quarters.

Storekeeper's Branch.

Chief Storekeeper, Fitz Herbert Kellman, 600*l.*
Assistant Storekeeper, L. R. Redman, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Railway Steamer.

Master, ss. St. Patrick, J. C. Pierre, 220*l.* to 250*l.*
Chief Engineer, A. H. Eastman, 300*l.*
2nd Engineer, M. McCollin, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Registrar-General's Department.

Registrar-General, Registrar and Marshal, J. L. H. W. Savary, 1,000*l.* and 50*l.* as Registrar, West Indian Court of Appeal, 1,050*l.*
Deputy Registrar-General, J. L. M. Peroy, 500*l.* to 600*l.*
1st Clerk and 2nd Deputy Registrar-General, B. G. Montserrin, 475*l.*
2nd Clerk, W. Knaggs, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
3rd " J. C. Hay, 256*l.*
4th " C. Cumming, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Harbour Master's Department.

Harbour Master of the Island, A. B. Smith, 725*l.* and certain statutory fees. Also receives 75*l.* as Marine Superintendent of the S.S. "Belize."
Assistant Harbour Master, F. J. Basanta, 432*l.*
Clerk and Boarding Officer, E. S. Collie, 244*l.* to 250*l.*
Harbour Master, San Fernando, L. A. Vilain.
Harbour Master, Tobago, P. L. Guppy.
Harbour Master, Brighton, The Warden.
Assistant Harbour Master, Brighton, the Customs Officer.

Post Office Department.

Postmaster-General, Edwin Edginton*, 800*l.* to 900*l.*
Assistant Postmaster-General, B. B. Littlepage, 550*l.* to 600*l.*
Chief Clerk and Accountant, R. Dumoret, 400*l.* to 500*l.*
Postmaster, Port of Spain, C. L. Vesprey, 350*l.* to 450*l.*
Inspector of Post Offices and Savings Bank, A. L. Clarke, 350*l.* to 400*l.*
Senior Clerk, A. E. Horne, personal 20*l.* ; J. N. Weekes, T. H. Williams, G. C. Lawrence, R. J. Maingot, F. L. Dunn, B. A. Warner, 200*l.* to 300*l.*
San Fernando Post Master, L. A. Vilain.†

* Is also Chief Manager, Savings Bank.

† Is also Sub-Receiver, &c., 640*l.*

Forest Department.

Conservator of Forests, R. C. Marshall, M.A., 650*l.* to 750*l.*
Deputy Conservator of Forests, R. L. Brookes, 600*l.* to 600*l.*
2nd Deputy Conservator of Forests, L. F. Melzan, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
3rd Deputy Conservator of Forests (vacant), 300*l.*
Chief Clerk, C. Norman, 292*l.* to 300*l.*
2nd " R. P. Campbell, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Judicial Department.

Chief Justice, Sir P. J. Macdonnell, Kt.Bach., 1,800*l.*
1st Puisne Judge, Sir G. O'Donnell Walton, 1,250*l.*
2nd Puisne Judge, S. J. Thomas, 1,120*l.* to 1,200*l.*
Clerk to the Judges, L. E. J. Le Gendre, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
Registrar General, and Registrar and Marshal, J. L. H. W. Savary.
Deputy Registrar and Assistant Marshal, A. V. N. McCracken, 600*l.* to 600*l.*
Chief Clerk, 2nd Assistant Marshal and Accountant, A. Acham, 400*l.* to 450*l.*
2nd Clerk, A. C. Clarke, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
3rd " A. R. Knaggs, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
4th " C. E. Clarke, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
5th " H. R. Sankar, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
6th " E. D. Peter, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
Sub-Registrar and Deputy Marshal, San Fernando, W. F. O. Paul, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
Sub-Registrar and Deputy Marshal, Tobago, B. W. Celestin.†

Legal.

Attorney-General, A. D. A. MacGregor, 1,500*l.*
Chief Clerk, L. H. Whitehead, 600*l.*
Solicitor-General, A. V. Camacho, 1,000*l.*
Clerk for Criminal Sessions Work, R. E. J. Paul, 292*l.* to 300*l.*
Crown Solicitor and Administrator-General, R. F. Maingot, 800*l.*
Chief Clerk, W. Abdullah, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
2nd Clerk, J. Dowdy, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Magistrates.

Western District, County St. George, C. W. W. Greenidge, 800*l.*
Assistant Magistrate, County St. George, K. Vincent Brown, 600*l.*
Eastern District, County St. George and Blanchisseuse, W. Blache Fraser, 700*l.*
County Victoria, R. S. Stewart, 700*l.*
County Caroni, W. J. André, 650*l.*
Counties of St. Andrew, St. David, Nariva and Mayaro, F. M. Boland, 550*l.*
County St. Patrick, A. J. Hamilton, 500*l.*
Tobago, H. Meaden, 650*l.*

Clerks of the Peace.

Town of Port of Spain, W. H. Harris, 300*l.* to 350*l.*
1st Assistant Clerk of the Peace, W. E. McVortas, 292*l.* to 300*l.*
2nd Assistant Clerk of the Peace, J. L. L. Smith, 219*l.* to 250*l.*
3rd ditto, A. E. Jeffers, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
4th ditto, E. J. Joseph, 125*l.* to 150*l.*
5th ditto, O. E. Morle, 165*l.*
Town of San Fernando, O. T. Cazabon, 365*l.* ; R. G. A. Archbald, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
Town of Princes Town, R. D. Silochan, 207*l.* to 250*l.*
County of St. George (Eastern District), J. C. Huggins, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

† Paid as Clerk of the Peace 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Assistant Clerk of the Peace, A. R. Julumsingh, 200l.
County Caroni, J. A. Ford, 375l.
County of St. Patrick (Cedros), C. W. Julumsingh (and 165l. as *Warden's Clerk*), 165l.
St. Andrew, St. David, Nariva, and Mayaro, F. L. Ligoure, 292l. to 300l.
Tobago, W. B. Celestin, 200l. to 250l.

Wardens.

Warden, County of St. George, Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. W. de Boissiere,* travelling, 190l. and 700l.
Asst. Warden, County of St. George, F. N. Brierley, 432l.
2nd Asst. Warden, County of St. George, R. H. L. Kerr, 375l.
Warden, Counties of St. Andrew and St. David, J. W. F. Knowles, 615l.
Asst. Warden, Counties of St. Andrew and St. David, W. B. Smith, 375l.
Warden, County of Caroni, J. Menzies, 500l. to 600l.
Asst. Warden, County of Caroni, A. de Verteuil, 432l.
Warden, County of Victoria, B. T. Murray, 650l.
Asst. Warden, County of Victoria, J. R. Roehford, 432l.
Warden, Counties of Nariva and Mayaro, St. T. de Verteuil, 500l. to 600l.
Warden, County of St. Patrick, L. J. W. Gambal, 615l.
Asst. Warden, County of St. Patrick, J. H. Maingot, 300l. to 350l.
Warden, County of Tobago, H. Meadent†
Asst. Warden, County of Tobago, A. Pantin, 404l.
The Wardens are also Sanitary Inspectors and Supervisors.

EDUCATION.

Department of Education.

Director of Education, F. C. Marriott, M.A., 1,000l.
Assistant Director and Senior Inspector of Schools, Capt. J. O. Catteridge, 550l. to 600l.
Junior Inspector, J. E. Stoer, 515l.
Assistant Inspectors, J. E. Clarke, 375l.; A. L. Nestor, 315l.; N. Comma, 250l. to 300; Miss H. F. Bushe, 250l.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, R. Gomez, ‡ 540l.
2nd Clerk, A. C. Farrell, B.A., 292l. to 300l.
3rd Clerk, C. W. Solomon, 200l. to 250l.

Queen's Royal College.

Principal, R. Cambridge, 750l.
2nd Master (vacant), 640l.
Asst. Masters (vacant), 540l.; C. S. Doorly, B.A., 515l.; W. D. Inniss, M.A., 490l. to 500l.; A. Daunt, B.A., G. E. Pilgrim, B.A., 460l. to 500l.; B. J. Bedell, B.Sc., A. L. Potter, Balgobin Persad, 400l. to 450l.
Preparatory Mistress, Miss D. Burslem, 232l. to 250l.
Drawing Master, T. Spencer, 350l.
Govt. Training College (Men) and Boys' Intermediate School.—*Principal and Lecturer in Pedagogy*, A. W. Campbell, M.A., quarters and 350l. to 400l.
Govt. Training College (Women), and Girls' Intermediate School.—*Principal*, Miss C. Fraser, M.A., and quarters, 340l.

† Paid as Magistrate 650l.

* Is also Protector of Immigrants.

‡ Is also Secretary to the Education Board.

St. Mary's College (R.C.).

Principal, The Reverend Father J. J. English, 500l.

Naparima College.

Principal, The Reverend V. B. Walls, B.A., 200l.

St. Joseph Convent School.

Principal, The Very Revd. Mother M. Andrew Byrne, 256l.

Medical Establishment.

Surgeon-General, K. S. Wise, M.B., B.S., B.Sc., D.P.H., 1,224l.
Deputy Surgeon-General and Medical Inspector of Health, J. R. Dickson, M.B., C.M., B.Sc. Edin., D.P.H. Lon., and D.T.M. Liverpool, 1,008l. and a personal allowance of 150l.
Chief Clerk and Secretary Quarantine A. E. P. Mark, 350l. to 400l.
2nd Clerk, W. V. B. Phipps, 250l. to 300l.
3rd Clerk, F. A. G. Burke, 200l. to 250l.
4th Clerk, R. M. Solum, 150l. to 200l.
Medical Storekeeper, J. T. Morgan, 312l.
Assistant ditto, ditto, A. McNamar Carter, 177l. to 196l.

Government Medical Officers.

A. R. McLean, Port of Spain, Surgeon Royal Gaol and Female Prison, and Medical Supt. House of Refuge, travelling and quarters 486l. to 600l.
J. MacFarlane, M.D., C.M. Edin., S. Naparima and San Fernando, Port Health Officer and Police Surgeon, 693l. and house allowance, personal allowance 150l.
A. J. Pampellone, M.B., Ch.B., Edin., Chaguanas, 680l. house allowance and personal allowance 100l.
J. F. Gibbon, M.B., C.M., St. Joseph, 690l. and house allowance 100l.
S. D. Stewart, M.B., Ch.B., Edin., Ortoire-Moruga, 693l. and quarters.
E. Hamel-Smith, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.F.P. & S., Glas., Tacarigua, 680l. and quarters.
F. A. Rodriguez, M.B., C.M. Edin., Arima, 690l. and personal allowance 100l.
K. U. A. Inniss, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., Manzanilla, 680l., and quarters.
J. M. P. Grell, M.B., B.S. Cant., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Erin-Siparia, 680l. and quarters.
T. F. Cartar, M.D., M.C.P. & S. Ont, Toco, 600l., and quarters.
Rudolf Carl Wupperman, M.B., Ch.B., Edin., Resident Surgeon, Colonial Hospital, 724l., quarters, duty allowance 250l.
J. E. A. Boucaud, M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., M.B., B.S., Lon., Resident Surgeon, San Fernando Hospital, 551l. to 600l., quarters and duty allowance 150l.
C. Gordon Deane, M.B., Ch.B. Edin.; Couva, 680l., and house.
J. A. Tsol-A. Sue, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Guayacana, 651l. and quarters.
F. Mahabir, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Prince's Town and N. Naparima, 680l. and house allowance.
J. L. Pawan, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., Bacteriologist and Pathological Registrar, 680l., quarters and duty allowance 150l. to 300l.
G. T. N. Clarke, M.D., C.M. Ont., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S. Edin., L.R.F.P. S. Glasgow, Plymouth, Tobago, 543l. to 600l. and house allowance.
B. O. Jarrette, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., Cedros, 543l. to 600l. and quarters.

P. A. Rostant, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., Assistant Res. Surgeon, Colonial Hospital, Port of Spain, 543*l.* to 600*l.*, furnished quarters and duty allowance 50*l.*

M. V. Boucaud, M.R.C.S. Eng., L.R.C.P. Lond., 515*l.* to 600*l.* and furnished quarters.

A. L. Krogh, M.D., Ch.B. Edin., Scarborough, Tobago, 400*l.* to 600*l.*, furnished quarters, duty allowance 50*l.*

G. A. Vincent, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., Medical Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, 624*l.*, personal allowance 100*l.*, duty allowance 250*l.*, quarters.

W. St. C. Thwaites, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., Nariva-Mayaro, 572*l.* to 600*l.* and quarters.

N. H. Brewster, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.E.P. & S. Glasgow, Gran Couva, 651*l.* and quarters.

Charles J. Milne, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., Diego Martin-Bocas, 572*l.* to 600*l.*, quarters, receives 50*l.* while acting as Medical Superintendent, Cocorite Leper Asylum.

N. O'C. Blanc, M.B., Ch.B. Ireland, Roxborough, Tobago, 425*l.* to 600*l.* and quarters.

S. E. Ammon, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., 400*l.* to 600*l.* and quarters.

C. Siung, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., 400*l.* to 600*l.*

C. M. Austin, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., 400*l.* to 600*l.*

T. B. Welch, M.B., B.S., Medical Superintendent, Chacachacare Leper Settlement, 900*l.* and quarters.

L. S. W. Ulrich, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 400*l.* to 600*l.*

J. A. Waterman, M.B., Ch.B. Glasgow, 400*l.* to 600*l.*

G. E. Tracey, M.D. (Montreal) L.R.C.P. & S. (Quebec), 400*l.* to 600*l.*

C. F. Rostant, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., 400*l.* to 600*l.*

E. J. Sankeralli, M.B., Ch.B., 400*l.* to 600*l.* and quarters.

(Mrs.) G. W. Tuille, M.B., Ch.B. Edin., 200*l.*

Colonial Hospital, Port of Spain.

Dispenser, P. N. Carmichael, 200*l.* to 250*l.* and quarters.

1st Assistant, N. Alexis, 150*l.* to 175*l.* and quarters.

2nd Assistant, H. M. Hughes, 165*l.*

Steward, J. B. Parker, 250*l.* to 300*l.* and quarters.

Matron, Mrs. O. L. Williams, 256*l.* and quarters.

Assistant Matron, Miss L. Hammond, 200*l.* and quarters.

San Fernando Hospital.

Dispenser, J. H. Taylor, 150*l.* to 200*l.* and quarters.

Steward, E. N. Gaspard, 150*l.* to 200*l.* and house allowance 50*l.*

Matron, Miss M. J. Martin, 207*l.* and quarters.

Lunatic Asylum.

Head Attendants (Male), W. D. Roskilly, 256*l.*; H. W. Eaton, 150*l.* to 200*l.*, ration allowance 25*l.* and quarters

Head Attendants (Female), Miss Elizabeth Rains, 134*l.* to 150*l.*; and Miss A. P. Mair, 130*l.* to 150*l.*, ration allowance 25*l.*, and quarters.

Steward, P. Corbin, 292*l.* and quarters.

Leper Asylum.

Resident Superintendent, Rev. Mother Marie Grandmesse, 300*l.* and quarters.

House of Refuge, St. Clair.

Resident Superintendent, Mrs. E. Roberts, and quarters, 256*l.*

Public Health Department.

Medical Inspector of Health, J. R. Dickson, M.B., C.M. Ed. (paid as Deputy Surgeon-General).

Senior Asst. Medical Inspector of Health, C. F. Lassalle, M.D., C.M., Edin., and D.P.H., Oxford, 1,012*l.*

Junior Asst. Medical Inspector of Health, Dr. H. Bishop (temporary), 400*l.* to 600*l.*, duty and allowance 100*l.*, and travelling.

Port Health Officer, S. M. Laurence, M.B., C.M. (Edin.), retaining fee 440*l.*

Department of Agriculture. Scientific and Technical Staff.

Director, W. G. Freeman, B.Sc., A.R.C.S., F.L.S., 1,150*l.*, quarters.

Assistant Director and Plant Pathologist (vacant) 650*l.* to 750*l.*, quarters.

Entomologist, F. W. Ulrich, F.E.S., C.M.Z.S., V.D., 733*l.* to 750*l.*

Mycologist, F. Stell, 595*l.* to 750*l.*

Agricultural Chemist, J. de Verteuil, F.I.C., F.C.S., 623*l.* to 750*l.*

Cacao Agronomist, L. Seheult, B.Sc., 515*l.* and quarters.

Government Veterinary Surgeon and Examiner of Animals, Capt. H. V. M. Metivier, O.B.E., B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S., 850*l.*

Agricultural Advisers, C. M. Roach, L. Mota, F. D. Davies, 255*l.*; J. J. Beard, 238*l.* to 250*l.*; T. Boodiansingh, R. W. M. Leacock, 211*l.* to 250*l.*; A. H. Pena, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Clerical Staff.

Chief Clerk, Secretary, Board of Agriculture, and Inspector, Agricultural Credit Societies, J. E. Seheult, 515*l.*

2nd (Statistical) Clerk and Librarian, M. Dhein, 292*l.* to 300*l.*

3rd Clerk, F. Chookolingo, 207*l.* to 250*l.*

4th „ A. Hoesin, 177*l.* to 200*l.*

Trinidad.

Botanical Department.

Superintendent and Assistant Botanist, R. O. Williams, 600*l.* and quarters

Curator, F. C. Buthn, 200*l.* to 250*l.* and quarters.

Curator, Tobago, R. J. Link, paid as Manager, Stock Farm.

Superintendent, River Estate, L. Seheult, B.Sc., paid as Cacao Agronomist.

Manager, R. O'Connor, 346*l.* to 350*l.* and quarters.

Assistant Superintendent, St. Augustine Experiment Station, L. A. Brunton, 372*l.*

Trinidad.

Government Farm.

Officer-in-Charge, Capt. H. V. M. Metivier (paid as Government Veterinary Surgeon).

Overseer, M. D. Lumsden, 250*l.* to 300*l.* and quarters.

Tobago.

Manager, R. J. Link, 346*l.* to 350*l.* and quarters. also Curator, Botanic Station, and Examiner of Animals, 55*l.*

Analyst's Department.

Government Analyst, H. S. Shrewsbury, F.I.C., F.C.S., 780*l.*

Assistant Government Analyst (vacant).

† Seconded for service as Manager-Secretary Agricultural Bank.

The area of the Uganda Protectorate is estimated at 94,204 square miles, including 15,017 square miles of water. Pending the complete survey of the country, it is not possible to give the correct area.

For administrative purposes the Protectorate is divided into four provinces (Eastern, Northern, Western, and Buganda), and then again into numerous districts. The King or "Kabaka" of Buganda is accorded the title of "His Highness," and his position and rights are regulated by treaty.

Climate.

The climate, when compared with that of some tropical countries, is not unpleasant but it can by no means be called healthy. The conditions vary with the altitude in different parts of the Protectorate: the Nile Valley, which lies about 2,000 feet above sea-level, is hot, and is considerably more unhealthy than the higher-lying regions between Lakes Victoria and Albert. The most congenial climate for European residence is found in the Buganda kingdom and in the Western Province, where in some districts the altitude exceeds 5,000 feet above sea-level. European children thrive well in infancy in a few of the healthier stations, but considerable risk is attached to bringing them out when over two or three years old, as they are always liable to attacks of malaria and the anemia and general ill-health resulting therefrom. Residents in Entebbe keep fairly good health but even there malaria and blackwater fever are by no means unknown. Epidemics of plague and small-pox have occurred amongst the natives in recent years, but the medical authorities have fortunately been able to confine these outbreaks for the most part within narrow limits, owing to the co-operation of the chiefs in enforcing the restrictions and regulations imposed.

The climate is mild, neither excessively hot nor cold, the average temperature for the year 1926 at Entebbe being—Mean maximum, 79° 6" Fahrenheit; mean minimum, 63° 1" Fahrenheit. Average daily sunshine, 5 hours 36 minutes.

The average rainfall at 47 stations, for the year ending 31st December, 1926, was 55·39 inches. Highest rainfall was registered at Kalangala, being 85·26 inches.

The seasons are not well defined, but there are two dry seasons within the year; one dry season usually includes June and July, and the other December, January and February.

The healthiest months of the year are usually January, February and March, July, August, September and October, and the least healthy, April, May, November and December, or the periods corresponding to those immediately following the rains, when the mosquitoes become more in evidence and malarial infections more numerous.

No part of the Uganda Protectorate can be said to be absolutely free from malaria, but in some districts, for example those of Toro and Ankole in the Western Province, there is comparatively little, while on the other hand, in the Nile valley and along the courses of the larger rivers, malaria prevails at all seasons of the year.

Sleeping sickness, which proved such a scourge to the country a few years back, and necessitated the evacuation of the natives from the islands in Victoria Nyanza, and from the shores of the great lakes and rivers, is now well under control. During 1921 and 1922 the island population was to a great extent restored and many of the islands were successfully reopened: no further outbreak of sleeping sickness has hitherto occurred.

History.

During the first years of the British Protectorate an armed force was created from the remains of the Sudanese army of Emin Pasha. To these other recruits were added from the districts of the White Nile, and the force thus organised, together with irregular bands of friendly Baganda, was used to repel the hostile attacks of the King of Bunyoro, and later of Mwanga, King of Buganda. Later on an Indian contingent, similar to that employed in East Africa and in British Central Africa, was established. Unfortunately discontent arose amongst a section of the Sudanese force. These Sudanese broke into open mutiny at the end of 1897, and Mwanga, who had escaped to German territory, returned to Buganda and joined the mutineers and Kabarega, rebel King of Bunyoro, in December, 1897. The Baganda, however, remained loyal, and after a year's fighting, with some loss in British officers, the mutiny was thoroughly quelled, and Mwanga and Kabarega were captured, and sent as prisoners to Kisumu. In 1901 they were transferred to Seychelles, where Mwanga died in 1903; Kabarega in 1923 was permitted to return to Uganda, where he died later in the year. Since the early part of 1899 the country has been perfectly peaceful, and has made considerable progress in commerce.

Constitution.

By the Uganda Order in Council, 1920, it was provided that there should be an Executive Council and a Legislative Council both consisting of such persons as may be directed by Royal Instructions. Under the Royal Instructions dated the 5th June, 1920, the Executive Council consists of the Chief Secretary, Attorney-General, Treasurer, and Director of Medical and Sanitary Services (*ex-officio* members), and such other persons holding office in the public service as the Governor may appoint (official members), and such other persons (if any) not holding such office as the Governor may appoint (unofficial members), with the Governor as President.

It is further provided that the Legislative Council shall consist of the Governor, Attorney-General, Treasurer, and Director of Medical and Sanitary Services (*ex-officio* members), with official and unofficial members as in the case of the Executive Council.

The membership of both Councils has now been increased by the addition of the Director of Education and the Director of Agriculture.

Communications.

The Uganda Protectorate itself is separated by about 800 miles from the east coast of Africa, but the north-easternmost extremity of Victoria Lake is not distant more than 580 miles. Over this stretch of country, all of which lies within the Colony of Kenya, transport was formerly exceedingly difficult, owing to the paucity of inhabitants to act as porters, and stretches of country unhealthy for beasts of burden. Consequently the Imperial Government resolved in 1895 to construct a railway from Mombasa to the north-east corner of Lake Victoria. This railway, at the end of 1901, had reached and descended the Kikuyu escarpment, traversed the Great Rift Valley, ascended the slopes of the Mau range to within a short distance from the summit, descended thence the Nyando Valley, and finally covered the whole 584 miles separating Mombasa from Kisumu on Victoria Nyanza, which is the terminus of the railway.

A railway has been completed from Jinja to Namasagali on the Victoria Nile, a distance of 62 miles, giving access to the waterways of Lake Kioga. A loan of 125,000*l.* was granted in 1912 by His Majesty's Government to provide for extensive improvements in the communications on Lake Kioga and in the Eastern Province, to cope with the rapidly increasing output of cotton, and for a railway from Port Bell on Lake Victoria to Kampala, the principal commercial centre, a distance of 7½ miles, which was opened for public traffic in 1915.

The Nakuru-Turbo branch of the Kenya and Uganda Railway now extends to the Eastern Province of Uganda, so placing Uganda in direct communication with the coast. This extension connects with the Jinja-Namasagali line at Mbulamuti, and further extensions from Tororo to Zubale and Soroti are in the course of construction.

Uganda is now in telegraphic communication with Mombasa by a land line, and thence by cable with Great Britain and other countries. All important centres within the Protectorate are connected also by telegraph.

Population.

Estimated population, December, 1926:—

Europeans, males	1,162
" females	590
Asiatics	11,613
Africans	3,123,581
	<hr/> 3,136,946

Products.

Coffee of the Arabian varieties has been introduced and thrives exceedingly well; it is the principal crop on European plantations. Rubber trees and vines are plentiful. The principal industry is cotton. Cotton exported during 1926, 32,296 tons, valued at 3,051,791*l.*; cotton seed, 21,928 tons, valued at 122,790*l.* It is all produced by the natives. Cattle are plentiful. Leasehold grants of land can be obtained from the government, but the issue of freehold concessions has been withdrawn for the present.

Finances.

The Revenue is principally derived from poll taxes, customs duties, cotton tax, trading licenses, and land rents. The revenue from poll taxes in 1926 was 440,402*l.*, and from customs duties 409,362*l.* There has been no grant-in-aid from the British Government since 1914-15. The currency is the same as in Kenya.

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	£	£
1917-18	326,366	292,913
1918-19	351,834	330,972
1919-20	459,549	465,118
1920 (9 months)	777,084	592,780
1921	803,347	786,375
1922	820,365	920,228
1923	999,750	938,999
1924	1,239,789	918,662
1925	1,479,284	1,108,396
1926	1,389,641	1,295,612

Imports.

The Customs are now amalgamated with those of the Colony of Kenya, and separate statistics are not available.

Exports. †

1922	£1,215,793
1923	2,393,678
1924	3,897,396
1925	5,096,717
1926	3,597,437

† Exclusive of specie and goods in transit. The destination of exports is not known when the goods leave the Protectorate. Goods are consigned to agents at Mombasa, from which port they are finally exported.

Administrators since 1910.

1911.	F. J. Jackson, C.B., C.M.G.
1913.	Sir F. J. Jackson, K.C.M.G., C.B.
1918.	R. T. Coryndon, C.M.G.
1919.	Sir R. T. Coryndon, K.C.M.G.
1922.	Sir G. F. Archer, K.C.M.G.
1925.	Sir W. F. Gowers, K.C.M.G.

Kings of Buganda.

1889-1897.	Mwanga (deported).
1897-	Sir Daudi Chwa, K.C.M.G. (born 8th August, 1896, and attained his majority 8th August, 1914).

Appointed Regents during the Kabaka's minority, Sir Apolo Kagwa, K.C.M.G., Stanislas Mugwanya, Zakaria Kisingiri, 400*l.* each. Upon the Kabaka attaining his majority the "Regents" reverted to their positions as his ministers. Zakaria Kisingiri died in 1918, and Sir Apolo Kagwa in 1927.

There are under the Treaty 20 Saza Chiefs, who receive salaries varying from 200*l.* to 75*l.* a year from the British Government.

Civil Establishment.*

Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir W. F. Gowers, K.C.M.G., 3,000*l.*, and 1,000*l.* duty allowance.

Private Secretary (vacant), 450*l.*

Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. Sir H. B. Shiffrer, Bt., R.A., 400*l.*

Stenographer, Miss K. A. Loughnan, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (D).

Secretariat.

Chief Secretary to the Government, R. S. D. Rankine, C.M.G., 1,800*l.*

Deputy Chief Secretary, Registrar-General of Marriages, etc., P. W. Perryman, O.B.E., 1,350*l.* *Assistant Chief Secretary,* E. L. Scott, O.B.E., M.C., 1,050*l.*

Two Senior Assistant Secretaries, B. Ashton-Warner, one vacancy, 720*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A).

Two Assistant Secretaries, R. A. Whittle, M.C., A. W. Place, 475*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A.)

Office Superintendent, C. H. Broomfield, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).

3 Clerks, D. O. Swane, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (D). (two vacancies.)

* In the particulars of the Civil Establishment salary scales are as follows:—

Scale A.—400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.*

Scale B.—360*l.* for 2 years, then 435*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.*

Scale C.—480*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*

Scale D.—300*l.* by 18*l.* to 460*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*

Scale E.—250*l.* to 300*l.*

Provincial Administration.

Provincial Commissioners, C. W. G. Eden, P. W. Cooper, O.B.E., 1,350*l.*, E. B. Haddon, A. E. Weatherhead, 1,200*l.*

Deputy Provincial Commissioners at 1,000*l.*, C. E. E. Sullivan, J. R. P. Postlethwaite, M.B.E.

Administrative Officers, Captain H. M. Tufnell, H. Pellew Wright, J. de G. Delmege, W. G. Adams, H. A. Mackenzie, J. G. Rubie, A. H. Cox, G. L. M. Warne, F. H. B. Sandford, Capt. J. E. T. Philipps, M.C., E. D. Tongue, Captain A. B. Trewin, B. H. M. Simpson, C. L. Bruton, L. E. Knollys, T. A. C. Rubie, J. B. Harvey, E. A. Temple-Perkins, Captain E. M. Persse, M.C., F. H. Rogers, E. E. Filleul, A. O. Fisher, W. H. Long, C. Bradley, W. H. Nelson, Captain C. S. Nason, R. O. Hunt, F. L. Williams, F. M. Barrell, Captain A. E. O. Black, J. R. McD. Elliot, Captain T. Preston, A. O. Jenkins, Lieutenant R. J. Jowitt, R.N., F. R. Kennedy, Lieutenant O. R. Sitwell, R.N., O. G. L. P. Powell, W. B. Sotherton-Estcourt, D. W. Robertson, D.S.O., M.C., A. D. F. Thompson, G. C. Whitehouse, Major N. C. L. Lowth, M.C., H. B. Watney, R. C. Dent, B. I. Slaughter, W. W. R. Crosse-Crosse, B. F. C. Childs-Clarke, N. F. S. Andrews, A. R. Tucker, 475*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A).

Cadets, E. L. Edwards, J. Brown, R. Macgill, G. M. Fletcher, C. K. Mitchell, J. R. Bell, A. G. Y. Jenkins, O. C. Noël, E. L. Hudden, J. W. Steil, C. A. Williams, E. T. James, F. W. Johnston, W. V. Crook, Lieut.-Col. H. J. Nanorarrow, C. G. Wrensch, R. J. Thorne-Thorne, B. E. O'Brien, J. B. Griffin, D. K. Burner, C. Rankin, C. M. A. Gayer, E. B. S. Clarke, G. V. Vane, 400*l.*

Labour Organisation.

Director of Labour, H. P. Wright, 1,000*l.*

2 Labour Commissioners (one seconded from Provincial Administration, (one vacancy), (Scale A).

6 Assistant Labour Commissioners, R. L. Hett, W. J. Moon, 450*l.*

Clerk, D. McClaren, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Audit.

Auditor, P. L. Collisson, O.B.E., 1,100*l.*

Senior Assistant Auditor, A. Bragg, 425*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).

3 Assistant Auditors, Pay.-Lt. A. C. Getley, R.N., R. L. Thomas, M. C. S. Paekenharn, 425*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).

Legal.

Judges of the High Court: Chief Justice, Sir C. J. Griffin, K.C., 1,800*l.*

Puisne Judge, F. Guthrie-Smith, 1,350*l.*

Attorney-General (vacant), 1,400*l.*

Assistant to the Attorney-General, Capt. J. H. Jarrett, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale A).

2 Senior Magistrates, C. C. Roberts, H. H. Hearne, 840*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A).

4 Magistrates, R. W. G. Murray-Jardine, J. Milner Gray, M. Wilson, J. J. Hayden (for the townships of Entebbe, Kampala, Jinja and Mbale), 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale A).

Registrar, High Court, G. L. Jobling, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale A), also performs the duties of *Administrator General, Principal Registrar* of

Documents, Registrar of Companies, Registrar of Patents, Designs and Trademarks, and Custodian of Enemy Property, while the *Magistrate at Kampala* acts as *Official Receiver in Bankruptcy* in addition to his other duties.

Clerk, J. D. Kirwan, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Medical.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, J. H. Reford, 1,500*l.*

Deputy Director of Medical Service, Major G. J. Keane, D.S.O., 1,200*l.*

Deputy Director of Sanitary Service, G. R. H. Chell, 1,200*l.*

Surgical Specialist, C. H. Marshall, 1,200*l.*

Specialist Officer, Sleeping Sickness, G. D. H. Carpenter, H.B.E., 1,150*l.*

Medical Superintendent, Mulago, W. L. Webb, 1,150*l.*

Senior Sanitation Officer, H. R. Neilson, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,500*l.*

4 Senior Medical Officers, J. E. Hailstone, Major R. J. A. Macmillan, D.S.O., W. L. Peacock, C. R. Wallace, 1,000*l.*

28 Medical Officers, J. H. Neill, E. A. C. Langton, N. Bligh-Peacock, R. G. Griffin, S. W. T. Lee, J. C. St. George Earl, J. P. Mitchell, O.B.E., A. J. Boase, F. P. Freeman, A. C. Freeth, F. V. Small, T. H. Nolan, L. D. Dennard, J. D. Reynolds, N. C. Macleod, G. A. Sloan, G. Louw, S. Forrest, J. M. Gray, K. Lumsden, A. H. Maclean, Miss M. Holliday, Miss M. K. Lawlor, M. D. Macqueen, E. N. Cook, 600*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A); C. E. Roberts, J. C. Caldwell, 840*l.*, L. E. S. Sharp, 384*l.* (temporary medical officers).

Sanitation Officer, R. S. McKelroy, 600*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A).

Dental Surgeon, G. S. Bateman, 720*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A). (Salary personal to present holder, 1,000*l.*)

Director of Laboratory, H. L. Duke, O.B.E., 1,200*l.* plus 100*l.* personal to present holder.

Senior Bacteriologist, Miss M. Martin, 1,000*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,100*l.*

Assistant Bacteriologist, R. P. Cormack, 600*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale A.), plus 15*l.* 10*s.* temporary personal allowance.

5 Laboratory Assistants, J. Stewart, E. C. Had-don, E. G. Gibbons, 600*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale C).

Clerk, A. W. Rich, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

2 Matrons, Miss E. M. Pratt, A.R.R.C., Miss M. M. Adams, 300*l.* to 426*l.* (Scale D).

20 Nursing Sisters, Miss D. M. Ivers, Miss A. Miles, Miss G. M. Hawthorne, Miss R. A. Bagot, Miss E. R. Brittain, Miss I. Baillie, Miss E. A. McGill, Miss N. B. Freeman, Miss J. F. Sned-don, Miss G. R. Ibbs, Miss W. B. Coward, Miss S. C. Ficht, Miss D. B. Reeves, Miss A. C. Miller, Miss A. Thompson, Miss E. S. Sinclair, Miss F. M. Bond, Miss C. Johnstone, Miss M. Senior, Miss B. M. Gill, Miss E. A. Frewin, Miss G. E. Holmes, 250*l.* to 300*l.* (Scale E), and 20*l.* uniform allowance.

Confidential Clerk, H. Flint, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Office Superintendent, H. T. Bott, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).

Clerks, F. G. Caldwell, A. S. Jefferson, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Medical Storekeeper, P. J. L. Waters, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).

Pharmacist, C. Chorley, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).

- 2 *Superintendents*, E. S. Smout, H. G. Smith, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).
 2 *Assistant Superintendents and Dispensers*, C. H. H. Lloyd, W. O. Tindall, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
Laboratory Assistant, A. E. Baker, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
 3 *Sanitary Inspectors*, C. W. G. Tiffin, W. V. Kendall, G. Gillanders, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D), and 10*l.* uniform allowance.
Supervisor of Native Inspectors, R. J. Wilkinson, 300*l.* to 500*l.*

Tsetse Control.

- Reclamation Officer* (vacant), 1,000*l.*
Sleeping Sickness Inspector and Engineer-in-charge Motor Launch, R. R. Lambert, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
Sleeping Sickness Inspector, C. W. Chorley, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Police and Prisons.

- Commissioner of Police and Prisons*, Major E. H. T. Lawrence, O.B.E., 1,200*l.*
Assistant Commissioner, Major F. T. G. Tremlett, M.B.E., 960*l.*
 6 *Superintendents*, Captain F. T. Allen, Captain C. W. K. Bovell, G. Waters, C. A. Turpin, Captain F. Roberts, Captain L. Handley, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale B).
Superintendent, C.I.D., W. Younger, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale B).
 15 *Assistant Superintendents*, J. W. Dryden, C. S. Wagstaff, E. G. Smith, Captain H. R. Mather, Captain E. G. Fish, L. L. Ralph, Major F. A. B. Nicoll, O.B.E., A. W. Parsons, Lieut. H. F. Workman, C. W. Laxton, Lieut. J. W. Ball, Lieut. W. D. McLeman, D. Skinner, J. McGregor, Capt. P. S. Le Geyt, 425*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale B).
Quartermaster, A. B. Tyte, 600*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).
Drill Inspector, F. J. Robbins, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
Assistant Superintendents, C.I.D., G. W. Peskett, B. Driscoll, 425*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale B).
Inspector, H. P. Morrison, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
Superintendent of Prisons, G. H. Heaton, 500*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).
 4 *Head Gaolers*, S. Salter, W. A. Brown, W. S. Swann, W. I. T. Wyde, D.C.M., 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Printing and Stationery Department.

- Government Printer, Manager of "Official Gazette" and Comptroller of Stationery*, J. Coates, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*, and 50*l.* allowance as *Comptroller of Stationery*.
Assistant Printer, J. H. Coles, 390*l.* by 18*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*
 2*nd Assistant and Linotype Supervisor*, G. H. Bell, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 500*l.*

Public Works.

- Director of Public Works*, A. McClure, 1,350*l.*
Deputy Director, Captain A. C. Willmot, O.B.E., 960*l.*
 4 *Executive Engineers*, S. Waite, H. B. Bain, M. P. Tennant, W. H. Mitchell, 840*l.* to 920*l.* (Scale C).
Executive Engineer, Water Supply, W. G. Morris, 920*l.*

- Electrical and Mechanical Engineer*, G. M. Ogilvie, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C)
 14 *Assistant Engineers*, A. Bisset, J. J. Donaghue, H. Thompson, F. U. M. Greer, R. W. Taylor, N. W. King, C. T. Mitchell, R. S. Knowlden, E. A. Boyce, F. H. Came, H. Collin, F. J. Murphy, 480*l.* to 720*l.*, (Scale C).
Water Works Superintendent, A. W. Legg, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).
Clerk of Works, A. H. Lunn, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).
Architectural Draughtsman, F. C. Haslam, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).
Draughtsman and Quantity Surveyor, W. H. Watts, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).
Engineering Draughtsman, E. E. Martin, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).
Chief Accountant, P. W. Adshead, 600*l.* to 840*l.*
 3 *Assistant Accountants*, F. J. Firmin, F. J. Sheldrake, S. Gray, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale B).
Chief Storekeeper, H. G. Knight, 600*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).
 3 *Assistant Storekeepers*, E. E. Stow, H. T. Leach, D.C.M., D. C. Balfour, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
Office Superintendent, E. P. Stanford, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).
 2 *Clerks*, W. V. Dodd, E. R. Edmonds, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
 4 *Senior Overseers*, J. Skinner, P. J. Currihan, W. S. Templeton, R. Blackie, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).
 12 *Overseers*, G. Chapman, W. Whitley, R. Milne, D. McN. Cavers, H. E. Grant, T. H. Nurse, O. W. Ennever, J. R. Bell, F. W. Hollister, A. Boyers, A. W. Phillips, T. Macdonald, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
Electrical Mechanician, M. M. Conochie, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
 2 *Mechanician Foremen*, H. P. Zimmermann, H. G. Harding, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).
 13 *Foremen*, G. A. Street, S. Vermont, R. H. Howard, A. Slater, J. Carter, G. F. Broomfield, T. W. Bateman, P. C. Mowbray, C. E. V. English, W. O. Ford, O. J. Pierce, J. L. Wykes, 300*l.* to 450*l.* (Scale D).
 6 *Road Foremen*, R. N. Gawler, A. P. Smith, W. D. W. Neville, L. C. A. Richer, E. J. Smith, W. T. Harrison, 300*l.* to 400*l.*
 8 *Temporary Foremen*, W. Pool, H. T. Burgess, M. C. Keldie, T. W. Tweedie, C. W. Wishart, C. Sholtz, 300*l.*

Government Timber Supply.

- Manager, Government Timber Supply*, C. E. Ashman, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).
Assistant Manager, Government Timber Supply, J. Dow, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Land and Survey Department.

- Director of Surveys, Land Officer and Commissioner of Mines*, D. Blair, 1,350*l.*
Deputy Director of Surveys, H. B. Thomas, 960*l.*
Assistant Land Officer, J. G. Strickland, A.M.I.C.E., 840*l.*
Conveyancer and Registrar of Titles, D. L. G. Williams, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale A).
District Surveyors, J. M. Y. Trotter, A. C. McHatton, A. R. G. Hart, T. A. Bowden, 720*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

Staff Surveyors, A. J. Wright, R. G. Miller, Captain F. M. Thomas, P.A.S.I., R. J. Goulston, A. G. Ellis, D. Kavanagh, E. L. Walsh, A.M.I.Mech.E., T. G. Braine, G. N. Humphreys, M.A., G. P. Spurr, C. M. Gibson, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

Chief Draughtsman, F. C. MacDonald, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

Office Superintendent and Storekeeper, A. T. G. Barber, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).

Computer, A. E. Spencer, F.S.I., 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Grade C.)

Draughtsman, D. O. Mathews, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Clerks, L. Shoolman, S. Dean, C. H. Dowdeswell, A. C. Johnson, C. A. Hockey, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Geological Survey.

Director, E. J. Wayland, 1,100*l.*

Petrologist and Chemist, W. C. Simmons, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Grade C).

Field Geologists, A. D. Combe, T. Hirst, 600*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

Drilling Engineer, S. Gill, 600*l.* to 720*l.* (Grade C).

Forestry.

Forestry Adviser, J. W. Nicholson, 1,400*l.*

Conservator of Forests, R. Fyfe, 920*l.*

3 Assistant Conservators of Forests, R. A. Gibson, C. S. Heaton, R. W. Freeman, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

European Forester, H. Adams, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Agricultural Department.

Director of Agriculture, S. Simpson, 1,350*l.*

Deputy Director of Agriculture, L. Hewett, 960*l.*

2 Senior Agricultural Officers, A. R. Morgan, R. G. Harper, 720*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

8 Agricultural Officers, J. D. Snowden, R. T. Wickham, C. E. J. Biggs, D. S. Davies, G. F. Clay, A. B. Killik, N. S. Haig (1 vacancy), 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

Superintendent, Agricultural Education, E. G. Staples, 720*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

6 Plantation Managers, C. Hazel, P. Chandler, Capt. J. S. Harmsworth, M.C., G. T. Philpott, F. W. Hall, E. A. Ruok, 426*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Entomologist, H. Hargreaves, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

Assistant Entomologist, G. L. R. Hancock, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

Mycologist, C. G. Hansford, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

Botanist (vacant), 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

Cotton Botanist, G. W. Nye, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

Coffee Officer, W. L. Munn, 600*l.*

Agricultural Chemist, W. S. Martin, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

Cotton Grader and Ginning Inspector, Major N. G. Wright, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C).

Statistician and Secretary, Cotton Control Board, A. S. Widgery, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).

Office Superintendent, G. A. Read, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale D).

3 Ploughing Instructors, E. M. Baird, A. L. Stevens, (one vacancy), 372*l.* to 426*l.* (Scale D).

Clerk, W. H. B. Etheridge, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Veterinary Department.

Chief Veterinary Officer, W. F. Poulton, 1,100*l.*
Assistant Chief Veterinary Officer, U. F. Richardson, 920*l.*

Veterinary Pathologist, G. W. A. Hall, 920*l.*

Laboratory Assistant, E. R. Jones, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Clerk, J. S. Cashmore, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

2 Senior Veterinary Officers, R. L. L. Hart, Major A. N. Foster, O.B.E., 720*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C)

8 Veterinary Officers, Capt. W. S. Aitken, Capt. L. S. Mackintosh, R. J. Simmons, J. Carmichael, F. H. Manley, W. A. Allan, R. C. U. Fisher, D. L. O'Brien, 600*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale C)

2 Veterinary Officers (vacant), 600*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

2 Assistant Live Stock Officers, J. T. Kennedy (one vacancy), 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale C).

Clerks, F. A. Cottage, R. Tomkins, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

6 Stock Inspectors, F. A. Poestkoke, H. J. P. Nelson, T. M. Riley, C. J. Scott, J. J. Victor, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Telegraphs.

(See under "KENYA.")

Postmaster General, T. Fitzgerald, 1,200*l.*

Transport.

Director of Transport, Major R. B. Hill, 1,000*l.*

2 Assistant Directors of Transport, Capt. G. F. W. Gibbs, H. E. H. Brinton, 600*l.* to 700*l.*, one (Scale B), one (Scale C).

2 Transport Officers, G. W. Rawley, R. S. Stephens, 500*l.* to 600*l.* (Scale B).

Head Clerk, A. E. Wilson, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Foreman Mechanic, W. Dixon, 500*l.*

Cost Clerk and Storekeeper, H. G. Lovell, 300*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

11 Mechanics, H. A. Riordan, J. B. Reed, E. A. Evans, H. O. Torr, J. T. Stewart, R. C. W. Fraser, J. E. Gale, F. J. Hopgood, F. Goude, E. A. Halse, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

2 Road Rail Mechanics, J. L. Roper, H. J. Pearce, 372*l.* to 500*l.*

Municipal.

Superintendent of Conservancy and Sanitary Inspector, G. MacKenzie, 600*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).

Assistant Engineer, A. M. Foley, 480*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale C).

Works Overseer, J. Busby, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Conservancy Officer, W. Johnson, 372*l.* to 500*l.* (Scale D).

Game Department.

Game Warden, Capt. C. R. S. Pitman, D.S.O., M.C., 720*l.* to 840*l.* (Scale B).

4 Game Rangers, Capt. R. Salmon, M.C., F. G. Banks, P. C. Pearson (one vacancy).

Treasury and Savings Bank.

Treasurer and Controller of Savings Bank, C. K. Dain, C.B.E., 1,400*l.*

Deputy Treasurer, S. Marston, 960*l.*

10 Senior Assistant and Assistant Treasurers, H. Hudson, R. E. Nash, F. Read, J. W. Groves, Captain E. J. Mateer, H. Allen, C. W. Shawyer, H. D. D. Mackay, W. Jesse, B. M. Tatham, 425*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).

Cashier, G. Cooper, 425*l.* to 720*l.* (Scale B).

Customs.

Commissioner, G. Walsh, 1,400l.
Busoga Railway Marine.
Busoga Railway.
Port Bell—Kampala Railway.
Lake Albert Marine.

(Administered by the Kenya-Uganda Railway—
 see under "KENYA.")

Coast Agent, Mombasa, J. Doherty, 500l. to 600l.
 (Scale D).

*Education.**Administrative.*

Director of Education, E. R. J. Hussey, 1,350l.
Superintendent of Technical Studies, H. O. Savile, 720l. to 920l. (Scale A).
Inspector of Schools, E. G. Morris, O.B.E., 720l. to 920l. (Scale A).
Clerk, R. K. List, 300l. to 500l. (Scale D).

Makerere College.

Principal, D. G. Tomblings, 720l. to 920l. (Scale A).
Medical Tutor, H. B. Owen, D.S.O., M.B., 1,000l. to 1,100l.
Master of Method, J. Sykes, 720l. to 920l. (Scale A)
4 Tutors, W. N. R. Lee, J. F. W. Herriott (Scale A), 500l.—920l.
Instructor of Carpentry, W. S. Hanson, 480l. to 720l. (Scale C).
Chief Instructor Technical School, W. M. Rayment, 480l. to 720l. (Scale C).
Instructor of Mechanics, H. H. Wood, 480l. to 720l. (Scale C).

WEIHAIWEI.

History and Description.

The territory of Weihaiwei was leased to Great Britain by China by a Convention signed at Peking, on the 1st July, 1898,—"in order to provide Great Britain with a suitable Naval harbour in North China and for the better protection of British commerce in the neighbouring seas."

The leased territory, which lies in latitude 37° 30' N., longitude 122° 10' E., is situated in the Chinese Province of Shantung, on the North-Eastern coast of the Shantung Peninsula. It comprises the Island of Liukung, all the islands in the Bay of Weihaiwei, and a belt of land ten English miles wide along the entire coast line.

The bay is six miles broad and from three to four wide. To it there is easy access from the Eastern and Western passages, the former being two-and-a-quarter miles wide, the latter two-thirds of a mile wide. These two channels are formed by the Island of Liukung, which, lying east and west across the Bay and being two miles long and three-quarters of a mile wide, forms a protection to the anchorage.

Weihaiwei is an easy place for shipping to make, and battleships and ocean steamers are able to lie close to the shore. The harbour is lighted by two lighthouses.

The territory has been surveyed by the Royal Engineers and mapped on a scale of two inches to a mile. The total area is 285 square miles, including the Island of Liukung.

Great Britain has also "the right to erect fortifications, station troops, or take any other measures necessary for defensive purposes at any points on or near the coast of the region East of the Meridian 121° 40' East of Greenwich, and to acquire on equitable compensation within that territory such sites as may be necessary for water supply, communications and hospitals. Within that zone Chinese administration will not be interfered with, but no troops other than Chinese or British shall be allowed therein." This zone has been surveyed on a scale of one inch to a mile, and its area has been fixed at 1,606 square miles. The territory has a picturesque and diversified coast line seventy-two miles in length. Its surface consists of abrupt ranges of rugged hills, rising to a height of 1,600 feet, and well-cultivated valleys, watered by streams which during the dry season are mere rivulets. All the hills are terraced for cultivation, so far as possible, and in many instances are planted with dwarf pine and scrub oak, but their general appearance is barren; the strata of the mountains are metamorphic, consisting of beds of quartzite, gneiss and crystalline limestone cut across by dykes of volcanic rock and granite.

There are over 350 villages, and the Chinese population (according to the census of 1921) is 154,416. Since 1921 it has increased considerably partly owing to the growth of prosperity of the port, and also to the influx of some of the inhabitants of the neighbouring Chinese districts, who have suffered greatly from disturbed political conditions and banditry.

The chief port of the territory is named Port Edward, in commemoration of the coronation of His Majesty King Edward VII.

Negotiations for the rendition of the territory to China, in accordance with the decisions taken at the Conference of Washington were practically concluded in 1924, but owing to the absence of a settled government in China it has not yet been found possible to give effect to the draft Convention under which rendition was to be effected.

Climate.

The climate is regarded as one of the best in China. The winter is cold and bracing, and the summer heat is not excessive. The maximum temperature in the shade is about 92° F., and the minimum about 10°. The maximum temperature during the summer of 1927 was much higher than usual and reached 101°. The rainfall is very small, averaging about 24 inches a year. The wettest months are July and August.

Constitution and Government.

The Government is administered by a Commissioner, appointed under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet, who discharges his functions under the Weihaiwei Order in Council of the 24th July, 1901. Under that instrument the Commissioner is empowered to make Ordinances, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, for the administration of the territory, and provision is made for a High Court, in which all jurisdiction, civil and criminal, is

vested, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court of Hong Kong, and for District Magistrates' Courts.

The village communities are administered through their headmen in accordance with Chinese custom.

During the summer months Weihaiwei is used by His Majesty's fleet on the China Station as a sanatorium and exercising ground, and is frequented by visitors who are attracted by its climate. During the summer of 1927 a convalescent camp was established for officers and men of the Shanghai Defence Force. The 1st Battalion of the Middlesex Regiment was also stationed at Weihaiwei from June to the end of September.

The territory previous to 1922-23 has been assisted by a grant-in-aid from Imperial funds.

The revenue for 1927-28 was estimated at \$217,646, and the expenditure at \$247,976.

Excess of assets over liabilities on 31st March, 1927, was \$180,031, and no grant-in-aid has been necessary for 1926-27.

In previous years the statistics were:—

	Revenue. \$	Expenditure. \$	Grant- in-Aid. £
1917-18 ...	142,877	175,652	650
1918-19 ...	150,723	184,600	4,000
1919-20 ...	161,727	206,432	7,900
1920-21 ...	164,973	235,445	20,000
1921-22 ...	199,002	226,702	8,000
1922-23 ...	195,946	203,485	—
1923-24 ...	213,919	205,412	—
1924-25 ...	204,050	181,793	—
1925-26 ...	223,914	190,147	—
1926-27 ...	253,235	216,173	—

The administration of Weihaiwei was first undertaken by the Senior Naval Officer on the station in 1898. In the following year it was transferred to a Military and Civil Commissioner appointed by the War Office. On the 1st January, 1901, the territory was handed over to the control of the Colonial Office, and a Civil Commissioner assumed the administration of the Government in 1902.

Commissioner, R. F. Johnston, C.B.E., 1,262l. 10s.

Judge of High Court of Weihaiwei, Sir Peter Grain, Kt.

Senior District Officer and Magistrate, *C. R. Lee (acting), 550l., and free quarters.

Junior District Officer and Magistrate, L. H. C. Calthrop, (acting), 500l. and free quarters.

Crown Advocate, A. G. Mossop, B.A., LL.B.

Senior Medical Officer, Francis Clark, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H., 600l., rising to 600l., and free quarters.

Junior Medical Officer, Leo McGolrick, M.B., B. Ch. 400l. to 500l., and free quarters.

Financial Secretary to Government, P. D. Crawley, 400l. to 500l., and free quarters.

Clerical Assistant (vacant), 300l. and free quarters.

Inspectors of Police, A. Whittaker, F. Forcey, G. H. Jennings, 300l. and free quarters.

Sanitary Inspector (vacant), 200l. to 230l. and free quarters.

* Officers loaned from H.M. Consular Service in China receiving special allowances.

WESTERN PACIFIC.

High Commission.

The office of High Commissioner in, over, and for the Western Pacific Islands, was created by an Order in Council, cited as the Western Pacific Order in Council of 1877.

The jurisdiction of the High Commissioner extends over all islands in the Western Pacific not being within the limits of the Colonies of Fiji, Queensland, New South Wales, or New Zealand, and not being within the jurisdiction of any other civilised Power. In 1893 a new Order in Council was issued, known as the Pacific Order in Council, 1893, in accordance with which the High Commissioner's jurisdiction is extended to foreigners and (in most cases) to natives residing in British settlements or protectorates within the limits of the Order. Under the provisions of the New Hebrides Order in Council, 1922, the jurisdiction of the High Commissioner extends also to the islands in the Pacific Ocean known as the New Hebrides, and all the islands known as the Banks Islands and Torres Islands. The expenses of the High Commission at Suva, Fiji, are met from the funds of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony and the British Solomon Islands Protectorate, but a contribution is paid from Imperial funds in respect of work in connection with Tonga and the New Hebrides.

The Chief Justice of Fiji, and every other Judge for the time being of the Supreme Court of Fiji, is by virtue of his office a Judicial Commissioner.

Deputy Commissioners are appointed by the High Commissioner on behalf of His Majesty.

The High Commissioner's Court consists of the High Commissioner, the Judicial Commissioners, and the Deputy Commissioners, and in it is vested all His Majesty's civil and criminal jurisdiction exercisable in the Western Pacific Islands.

The Court of a Judicial Commissioner has powers similar to those of the Superior Courts of England, and the Deputy Commissioners have civil jurisdiction in Common Law, Equity and Bankruptcy, with a limited jurisdiction in Probate, and have a criminal jurisdiction in respect of offences not punishable with seven years' penal servitude or upwards.

With some few exceptions all decisions of the High Commissioner's Court may be appealed against to the Supreme Court of Fiji.

In addition to the other means of preserving order the High Commissioner has certain special powers for the deportation of persons whose proceedings endanger the peace of the Islands.

The principal groups under the High Commissioner are:—

The Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony.
The British Solomon Islands Protectorate.
Tonga.
The New Hebrides.
The Phoenix Group.
Pitcairn Island.

Particulars of these are given below.

High Commissioners.

1877 Sir Arthur Gordon, G.C.M.G.
1887 Sir C. B. H. Mitchell, K.C.M.G.
1888 Feb., Sir J. B. Thurston, K.C.M.G.
1897 Sir G. T. M. O'Brien, K.C.M.G.
1902 Sir H. M. Jackson, K.C.M.G.

1904 Sir E. im Thurn, K.C.M.G., C.B.
 1911 Sir Henry May, K.C.M.G.
 1912 July, Sir Ernest Blokhaw Sweet-Escott,
 K.C.M.G.
 1918 October, Sir C. H. Rodwell, K.C.M.G.
 1925 Sir Eyre Hutson, K.C.M.G.

Establishment.

High Commissioner, Sir Eyre Hutson, K.C.M.G., 1,200*l.* (in addition to 3,000*l.* as Governor of Fiji, and allowance of 150*l.* as Consul-General for Western Pacific).

Chief Judicial Commissioner, Sir A. K. Young, 350*l.* (in addition to 1,000*l.* as Chief Justice of Fiji).

Secretary to High Commissioner, H. G. Pilling, 700*l.* to 800*l.* by 25*l.*, house allowance, 75*l.*

Chief Clerk and Accountant, H. H. Vasek, 550*l.* to 650*l.* by 25*l.*

Clerk, L. R. Ambler, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.*

Clerk and Typist, Miss M. Goodman, 230*l.* to 260*l.* by 15*l.*; Miss K. Barrack, 150*l.* to 200*l.* by 15*l.*

Registrar, High Commissioner's Court, A. H. Roberts, 60*l.*

Auditor, R. H. Carter, 120*l.* (in addition to 700*l.*—800*l.* as auditor, Fiji).

The total population of the Colony at the Census of April, 1921, was 29,897, of whom 264 were Europeans, 348 Asiatics, and 29,285 Pacific Island natives. The first included 74 females, and the last 14,205.

The total population on the 30th June, 1926, was 29,395.

OCEAN ISLAND (Paanopa or Banaba), in lat. 0° 52' S., long. 169° 35' E., about 1,500 acres in extent, is the Headquarters of the Government and the site of operations of the British Phosphate Commission. The population of Ocean Island in 1921 was 1,785. Of these 115 were Europeans, 80 of whom were men and 65 of this latter number employees of the British Phosphate Commission. The natives numbered 1,356, of these 546 being Banabans and 672 representing the Gilbertese employees of the British Phosphate Commission. Besides this labour force, the Commission recruit men from China, of whom there were 312 at Ocean Island at the 1921 Census.

	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.
Europeans ..	59	23	5	6	93
Asiatics ..	418	—	—	—	418
Banabans & Gilbert & Ellice labourers. }	912	421	296	264	1,893

2,404

The Wireless Station at Ocean Island was opened for traffic on the 14th March, 1916. A public service via Suvaradio to all parts of the world was inaugurated on the 16th August, 1922. As a direct result of this a new and cheaper rate to Ocean Island from Australia via Rabaul came into operation on the 1st January, 1923.

THE GILBERT AND ELLICE GROUPS.—The Gilbert Group is comprised of the following sixteen islands:—Makin, Butaritari, Marakei, Abaiang, Tarawa, Malana, Kuria, Aranuka and Abemama (Northern Gilberts); Nonouti and Tabiteuea (Central Gilberts); Onotoa, Beru, Nukunau, Tamana and Aroré (Southern Gilberts).

The Ellice Islands are the following nine:—Nanumea, Nanumaga, Nukunau, Nui, Vaitupu, Nukufetau, Funafuti, Nukulaelae and Nurakita.

The two groups consist of a series of coralatolls lying between 4° N. latitude and 10° S. and 170° to 180° E. longitude with an area of 180 square miles. The principal export is coira.

The population of the Gilbert Group at the 1921 census was 23,318. Of these, 75 were Europeans, 23 Asiatics and 23,220 natives, of whom 11,791 were males.

The population of the Ellice Group at the 1921 census was 3,457, 22 of whom were Europeans, 6 Asiatics, 3,429 natives, 1,706 of the last being males.

The natives are of Malayo-Polynesian race. The majority are adherents either of the London Missionary Society or the Roman Catholic Mission of the Sacred Heart. There is no similarity between the languages of the Gilbert and Ellice Groups. With few exceptions the hereditary chieftainships have ceased to exist, but each island has its own native government, presided over by a native magistrate. A revised code of native laws is validated by an Ordinance of the Colony, and law and order is well maintained under the

THE GILBERT AND ELLICE ISLANDS COLONY.

A British Protectorate was proclaimed over the Gilbert Islands by Commanding Officer H. M. Davis of H.M.S. "Royalist" on behalf of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, at Abemama, on the 27th May, 1892. The Ellice Islands were declared a Protectorate in September of the same year.

The jurisdiction of the Resident Commissioner of the Protectorates was extended to Ocean Island by a Proclamation issued on 23th November, 1900.

By the expressed desire of the Native Governments the first two groups were annexed to and formed part of His Majesty's Dominions by an Order in Council of the 10th November, 1915, and were known as the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony as from the 12th January, 1916. Ocean, Fanning and Washington Islands were included within the boundaries of the Colony by an Order of His Majesty in Council of the 27th January, 1916, which came into operation on the 3rd April of that year.

The Union group of Islands was brought in by Order in Council of the 29th February, 1916, operating from the 5th May, 1916; but by the Union Islands (No. 1) Order in Council 1925, dated the 4th Nov., 1925, the boundaries of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony were altered so as to exclude the Union Islands, which by the Union Islands (No. 2) Order in Council, 1925, of the same date were placed under the Governor Gen. in Council of the Dominion of New Zealand. These Orders in Council came into force on 11th Feb., 1926.

Christmas Island was also included in the Colony by Order in Council of the 30th July, 1919, taking effect from the 10th November, 1919

general supervision of European officials. Revenue is obtained from a copra tax, trading and other licences, import and export duties, non-native capitation tax, etc.

FANNING AND WASHINGTON ISLANDS lie about 3° 51' N. latitude, and 159° 21' W. longitude. There is no indigenous population but labour is recruited from the Gilbert Islands for the copra industry. There were 102 of these at the 1921 Census. A District Officer is in charge of these islands under the Resident Commissioner. On Fanning Island is the mid-ocean Station of the Pacific Cable Board, whose employees and their wives comprise practically the entire European population of 50. There is no regular communication between these islands and the rest of the colony; periodical visits are made for engaging and repatriating labour by a small auxiliary vessel of the Fanning Island Company. The total population on the 30th June, 1926, was 507.

CHRISTMAS ISLAND (about 1° 59' N. latitude, 157° 30' W. longitude) lies 164 miles South-East by East of Fanning Island. Under the terms of a License dated the 27th October, 1914, the Central Pacific Coconut Plantations Limited of London were granted the exclusive right to occupy the island for their own use for the planting of coconuts, the manufacture of copra, the export of coconut oil, pearl shell and guano during the term of 87 years from the 1st January, 1914. The population is about 26. The port of entry for Christmas Island is Fanning Island, so that all inward entries and outward clearances must be made at the latter port.

Periodical visits are made by H.M.'s ships. The first visit of inspection by a District Officer since the inclusion of Christmas Island within the Colony was made in March, 1922, in H.M.S. "Calcutta." The area is about 60,000 acres, of which 1,200 are under coconuts. There are no postal arrangements, the only mails that reach the island being carried by the ships chartered by the lessee in Tahiti.

The climate of all the groups is fairly healthy for Europeans, but the natives suffer from lung diseases, especially pulmonary tuberculosis. A considerable amount of medical work has been undertaken of late years and a large central hospital is maintained at Tarawa in the Gilbert Group. Every Island has a native hospital under the charge of a native student trained at the Tarawa Hospital. Communication between the various islands is infrequent, depending on the irregular movements of vessels belonging to or chartered by Messrs. Burns, Philp and Company, Limited, and On Chong and Company.

The Revenue and Expenditure of the Colony have been as follows:—

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	£	£
1916-17 ...	24,142	25,166
1917-18 ...	26,098	27,501
1918-19 ...	24,449	30,734
1919-20 ...	32,182	31,349
1920-21 ...	54,079	45,380
1921-22 ...	49,144	55,221
1922-23 ...	44,473	51,808
1923-24 ...	53,792	40,821
1924-25 ...	62,771	36,420
1925-26 ...	51,697	40,610

The imports and exports have been as follows:—

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£
1917-18 ...	90,644	146,436
1918-19 ...	92,351	139,183
1919-20 ...	129,788	213,042
1920-21 ...	212,406	342,599
1921-22 ...	150,402	328,103
1922-23 ...	137,128	291,086
1923-24 ...	109,145	301,545
1924-25 ...	137,163*	374,122*
1925-26 ...	125,048	388,157

Staff.

Resident Commissioner, Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony, A. F. Grimble, 800*l.* to 1,000*l.* by 50*l.*; 100*l.* duty allowance and quarters.
Secretary to Resident Commissioner, E. L. Leembruggen, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters.
Native Clerk and Ellice Interpreter, Ocean Island, S. Pine, 80*l.* to 100*l.* by 5*l.*
Treasurer, Collector of Customs, and Chief Postmaster, H. A. W. Moulder, 550*l.* to 650*l.* by 25*l.*; Ocean Island allowance of 48*l.* and quarters.
Accountant, S. G. Clarke, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters; receives also an allowance of 48*l.* as Customs and Boarding Officer.
Postmaster, Ocean Island, Morning Star, 100*l.* to 150*l.* by 10*l.*
Engineer Operator in Charge, Ocean Island Radio, (vacant), 400*l.* to 450*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters.
Operator, Ocean Island Radio, T. Moore, 300*l.* to 400*l.* by 20*l.* and quarters.
Cadet, 375*l.* (vacant).
Cadet, P. C. Spain, 375*l.* and quarters, with personal allowance of 50*l.*
Headmaster, Educational Scheme, F. G. L. Holland, 500*l.* to 600*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters; receives also an allowance of 80*l.* for Boarding duties.
Master, Ellice School, D. G. Kennedy, 450*l.* to 550*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters.
Technical Instructor, Bairiki, Tarawa, J. Blaikie, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters.
First District Officer (vacant), 600*l.* to 700*l.* by 25*l.*, and quarters.
District Officers, S. F. Anderson, W. C. B. Baverstock, C. A. Swinbourne, S. C. Methven, 500*l.* to 600*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters.
Senior Medical Officer, D. M. Young, M.B., Ch. B., 650*l.* to 750*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters.
First Native Medical Practitioner, P. Sowani, 150*l.* to 200*l.* by 10*l.*, and personal allowance of 50*l.*
Lands Commissioner, A. F. Grimble, in conjunction with duties of *Resident Commissioner*.

THE BRITISH SOLOMON ISLANDS PROTECTORATE.

THE BRITISH SOLOMON ISLANDS consist of the southern islands of the group, viz., Shortland Island, Choiseul, Isabel, New Georgia, Guadalcanar, Malaita, San Christoval, Bellona, and Rennell Islands, together with Ontong-Java, Santa Cruz, Duff, and Reef Groups, and

* Incomplete.

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1926-27	296,943	218,818	Second Clerk and Boarding Officer
1926-27	296,721	454,040	240% to 400% and 50% local allowance

(c)

other smaller islands in the vicinity of the main group, and all lying between the 7½ and 13th degrees of south latitude, and the 150th and 163rd degrees of east longitude. The natives are in the main, Melanesians, but showing traces of the intrusion of small bodies of Polynesians and others. The native population has been estimated, approximately, at 150,000, but is about stationary now. Large numbers were carried off by dysentery during the eighteen months ended March 31st, 1915. Malaita is the most densely populated, estimated population 60,000. The natives have been described as treacherous, but of late years have shown themselves amenable to law and civilisation. All emigration of native labourers to places beyond the limits of the Protectorate has been stopped by legislation. There have long been a few traders, mostly of British nationality, resident in the islands; these have now increased largely in number, and in the extent of their operations. Lever Bros. and Burns, Philp and Co., have undertaken coco-nut planting on a large scale, and employ a large number of white men in overseeing and superintending the native labour. The estimated area of land planted with coco-nuts in December, 1924, amounted to 50,000 acres. The non-native population in 1914 numbered 660 Europeans, in 1919 numbered 675 Europeans and 75 Asiatics, in 1922, 493 Europeans and 90 Foreigners, in 1924, 338 Europeans and 100 Asiatics. The principal articles of trade are copra, green snail and trochus shells, ivory nuts, pearl shell, and tortoise shell. The climate is unhealthy, malaria being very prevalent, especially during the North-West season, which lasts from the end of October to the beginning of March. Lung diseases, especially pulmonary tuberculosis, are common among the natives. These islands were placed under British protection in 1893. The headquarters of the Protectorate is at Tulagi, a small island off Florida. District Officers are stationed at Shortland Island, Mala, Gizo, San Cristoval, Guadalcanal, Ysabel and Santa Cruz. There is regular steam communication with Sydney, New South Wales.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	£	£
1917-18 ...	30,563	26,120
1918-19 ...	29,476	30,205
1919-20 ...	34,545	37,640
1920-21 ...	52,315	41,662
1921-22 ...	56,432	45,450
1922-23 ...	56,741	52,472
1923-24 ...	64,329	52,655
1924-25 ...	64,091	65,409
1925-26 ...	71,430	60,330
1926-27 ...	77,445	63,741

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£
1918-19 ...	188,408	170,125
1919-20 ...	181,162	212,542
1920-21 ...	324,745	336,546
1921-22 ...	251,566	182,887
1922-23 ...	188,771	231,698
1923-24 ...	233,839	286,569
1924-25 ...	231,040	331,211
1925-26 ...	266,943	418,818
1926-27 ...	296,721	454,040

Shipping.

	1922-23	1923-24	1924-25	1925-26	1926-27
Entered ...	Tons. 44,665	Tons. 42,856	Tons. 36,673	Tons. 49,234	Tons. 44,506
Cleared ...	44,212	42,087	36,677	47,431	40,241

Rainfall in inches.

1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
230.29	182.14	201.48	107.28	121.77

The Resident Commissioner is assisted by an Advisory Council, inaugurated in 1921, by virtue of King's Regulation No. 12 of 1921, as amended by King's Regulation No. 5 of 1927.

Advisory Council.

The Resident Commissioner.

N. W. P. de Heveningham, *Legal Adviser.*

N. S. B. Kidson, *Secretary to the Government.*

F. E. Johnson, *Treasurer and Collector of Customs.*

Nominated Members.

D. Mackinnon.

F. M. Campbell.

The Rev. J. F. Goldie.

G. E. Clift.

Resident Commissioner, R. R. Kane, M.C., 1,000l. to 1,200l. and 50l. local allowance, and duty allowance, 100l.

Government Secretary, N. S. B. Kidson, 500l. to 600l. and 50l. local allowance.

Clerk to the Resident Commissioner (vacant), 340l. to 400l. and 50l. local allowance.

District Officers, R. Brodhurst Hill, J. C. Barley, Arthur Middenway, C. E. J. Wilson, A. H. Studd, W. H. Miller, 500l. to 600l. and 50l. local allowance.

Assistant District Officer, F. B. Filose, 400l. to 500l. and 50l. local allowance.

Senior Medical Officer, H. B. Hetherington, M.D., M.S., B.Sc., D.P.H., 650l. to 750l. and 50l. local allowance and fees.

Travelling Medical Officer, Dr. N. Crichtlow, M.B., Ch.B. (Glas.), 550l. to 650l. and 50l. local allowance; 200l. consolidated travelling and subsistence allowance.

District Medical Officer (vacant), 550l. to 650l. and 50l. local allowance.

Sister-in-Charge Government Hospital, Tulagi, Miss J. M. N. Lyle, 200l. and victualling allowance and 50l. local allowance.

Nurse, Miss K. M. Jackson, 160l. and victualling allowance and 50l. local allowance.

Dispenser, C. H. G. White, 300l. to 350l. and 50l. allowance.

Chief Magistrate and Legal Adviser, N. W. P. de Heveningham, 600l. to 750l. and 50l. local allowance.

Collector of Customs and Treasurer, F. E. Johnson, 550l. to 650l., personal allowance 100l., and 50l. local allowance.

Accountant Treasury and Customs, M. V. J. Blake, 400l. to 500l. and 50l. local allowance.

First Clerk, and Boarding Officer, H. A. B. Bentley, 400l. to 450l. and 50l. local allowance.

Second Clerk and Boarding Officer, J. B. Hicks, 340l. to 400l. and 50l. local allowance.

Third Clerk and Boarding Officer, V. J. Sherwin, 270*l.* to 340*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Cadet (vacant), 375*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Inspector of Labour, R. F. Thomson, 400*l.* to 450*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Assistant Inspector of Labour, S. G. Masterman, 340*l.* to 400*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Officer in Command of Armed Constabulary, E. N. Turner, 450*l.* to 600*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Sub-Inspector of Constabulary, E. D. D. Davis, 340*l.* to 400*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Crown Surveyor and Commissioner of Lands, S. G. C. Knibbs, 600*l.* to 700*l.*, personal allowances 25*l.*, and 50*l.* local allowance.
Surveyor, A. H. Wilson, 500*l.* to 550*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Surveyor (vacant), 450*l.* to 500*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Survey Office Clerk, A. W. Dickes, 270*l.* to 340*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Overseer and Gaoler, W. C. Hynam, 270*l.* to 340*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Storekeeper, N. L. Broun, 270*l.* to 340*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Superintendent of Works (vacant), S. G. C. Knibbs, acting, allowance 60*l.*
Foreman of Works, J. S. Mutch, 300*l.* to 375*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Postmaster, G. M. Wood, 340*l.* to 400*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.
Engineer Operator in Charge, Wireless Station, Tulagi, A. E. Osborne, 350*l.* to 450*l.*, personal allowance 40*l.*, and 50*l.* local allowance.
Wireless Operator, A. Cookson, 300*l.* to 400*l.* and 50*l.* local allowance.

The above all receive free quarters.

H.M.C.S. "Ranadi."

Master, Lt.-Commander R. Crookshank, R.N., 420*l.*, victualling and uniform allowance.
Chief Officer, Cuthbert Brown, 300*l.*, victualling and uniform allowance.
Chief Engineer, Harry Turner, 408*l.*, victualling and uniform allowance.
Second Engineer, H. J. Wooley, 300*l.*, victualling and uniform allowance.

TONGA.

THE TONGAN, or FRIENDLY ISLANDS, with an area of about 250 square miles, are situated between the 18th and 22nd degrees of south latitude. They were discovered by Tasman in 1643. Most of the islands are of coral formation, but some are active volcanoes, notably Tofua, Kao, and Niuafoou (Good Hope Island). The natives belong to the Polynesian race, and are closely allied to the natives of New Zealand and Samoa. The islands are very rich in coconuts; and copra forms the principal export. There is monthly communication by steamer with Auckland via Fiji and Samoa. Passengers goods and mails from other countries tranship, as a rule, at Suva. During the dry season, i.e., from April to December, steamers of the Norwegian Australian Line call at regular intervals for copra freights.

Census of Population, December, 1926 :—

Tongans ...	26,128
Europeans ...	611
Half-castes ...	225
Others ...	367
Total ...	27,331

In 1845 George Tubou I, who was the first to establish an effective government over the whole of Tonga, was proclaimed King. The queen is assisted by a Parliament and a Privy Council. The Privy Council is composed of four European and six Native Ministers of the Crown who are also heads of the various government departments. The civil service is composed mostly of Tongans, the European officials numbering about 37. The general tariff is 12½ % ad valorem and there are no preferential duties. Licences are charged for carrying on stores and trades.

The climate may be considered a healthy one. The thermometer ranges between 53 and 93 degrees Fahrenheit.

There are six churches in Tonga, viz., the Wesleyan Free Church of Tonga, with about 16,000 adherents; the Free Church of Tonga, with about 7,000; the Roman Catholic Mission, with about 3,000; the Church of England, 240; the Church of Latter Day Saints, 630; and the Seventh Day Adventist Mission, with about 60 adherents.

The Wesleyan Mission was first founded in Tonga in the year 1826, and a few years later the chiefs and people embraced Christianity and became members of the Church. The control and management of the Mission in Tonga were entrusted about the year 1857 to the Australasian Conference and continued until the year 1885, when King George Tubou I, after trying unsuccessfully to obtain local autonomy for the Church in Tonga, seceded, with a large majority of his chiefs and people and, with the assistance of the Rev. Shirley Baker, established the Wesleyan Free Church of Tonga as a separate and independent body though retaining the same doctrines, discipline and form of worship as the Wesleyan Church. In January, 1887, an attempt was made by some escaped native convicts on the life of Mr. Shirley Baker, the Premier. The attempt was made the pretext for increased persecution of the "Fakaogos," or members of the Wesleyan Mission Church. About 100, whom no ill-usage could induce to abandon the Mission Church, were ordered to be deported to Pylstart Island, a barren islet south of Tonga, but they were finally allowed to go to Fiji. Shortly after an inquiry was made into the causes of the disturbances by Sir Charles Mitchell. At this inquiry the allegation that the attempt on Mr. Baker's life was due to a "Fakaogo" conspiracy was abandoned, and a letter written by Mr. Baker, purporting to be signed by the king, was addressed to Sir Charles Mitchell, promising an amnesty to political prisoners and freedom of worship. The services in the Mission Church at once recommenced.

In 1890 complaints were made that freedom of worship was still being interfered with; that persons were deprived of their lands and unjustly imprisoned on account of their adherence to the Wesleyan Church; and Tongan officials denied that the king had written to Sir Charles Mitchell promising to accord freedom of worship. Sir John Thurston therefore made a further

inquiry, and finding that Mr. Baker was the principal cause of the wrongs endured by the Wesleyans, he issued an Order prohibiting Mr. Baker from being within the group for a term of two years from the 17th July, 1890. A few days before the issue of the Order, the king, on the request of the leading chiefs, had dismissed the Premier from office, and a fresh Government was formed with a native Premier (Tukuaho). Under the new Government the fullest freedom of worship was allowed, and the exiles were recalled from Fiji, the king having requested Sir John Thurston to make arrangements for their return.

In the year 1923 much dissatisfaction existed in the Wesleyan Free Church, and an enquiry that was held into the state of the finances disclosed a very lax state of affairs. As a result of this enquiry it was decided to approach the Wesleyan Church with a view to the union of the two bodies as a separate and independent Conference of the Wesleyan Methodist Church. At a joint conference of the two churches held in April, 1924, union was decided upon. A minority, under the leadership of the late Rev. J. A. Watkin, declined to join the united body and carried on under the title of the Free Church of Tonga. Protracted litigation ensued as a result of this division in respect of the ownership of the churches and property of the Wesleyan Free Church of Tonga established by King George I in 1885. It was finally decided on appeal in favour of the united Church, of which the present Queen is the head.

King George Tubou died on 18th February, 1893, and was succeeded by his great-grandson, George Taufa'ahau, under the title of George Tubou II. On the death of the latter on the 5th April, 1918, Princess Salote, his daughter by his first wife the late Queen Lavinia, succeeded to the throne. The young Queen, who was born on the 13th March, 1900, was married in 1917 to Prince Uiliami Tugi, the present Premier, and chief of highest rank in Tonga.

Early in 1900 Mr. Basil Thomson was sent out to Tonga by Her Majesty's Government, and concluded a Treaty with the king by which the latter placed himself and his territory under Her Majesty's protection. A protectorate was proclaimed on 18th May, 1900.

In December, 1904, and January, 1905, the High Commissioner, Sir Everard Im Thurn, spent some time in Tonga, re-organising the system of administration—which had by that time fallen into some disorder and received an undertaking from the king of more strict compliance with the liabilities assumed by him under the Treaty of 1900. The Premier, Jiosateki Toga, and the Treasurer were removed to Fiji, under an Order in Council; and Jione Mateialona was appointed to the Premiership, which office he held until 30th September, 1912, when he resigned. He was succeeded by Tevita Tuivakano, who retired from office on 30th June, 1922. The present premier, Uiliame Tugi, is the Prince Consort, and was formerly Minister for Lands. The progress of Tonga since 1906 has been satisfactory.

Every Tongan is entitled to an allotment of land for cultivation, so that no unemployment exists.

Primary education for Tongans between the ages of 6 and 14 is compulsory. There are two boys' colleges at which provision is made for secondary education. Secondary education of girls is entirely in the hands of the christian

missions. Medical work is well organised; and, unlike most native communities in the Pacific, the native population steadily increases in number.

British and foreign nationals are subject to the jurisdiction of the Tongan Court only for offences against Tongan laws relating to customs, taxes, quarantine, and local police, not recognised as offences against British law. In other respects they are subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of the High Commissioner.

Statistics.

Year.	Revenue. Expenditure.	
	£	£
1917-18	58,340	35,865
1918-19	66,901	43,688
1919-20	79,927	55,533
1920-21	74,165	90,884
1921-22	59,848	73,265
1922-23	68,948	72,149
1923-24	81,023	61,796
1924-25	74,335	63,539
1925-26	91,969	68,759
1926-27	70,119	85,109

There is no debt and the amount of accumulated balances amounted to £120,593 on 30th June, 1927.

Year.	Imports. Exports.	
	£	£
1917	114,290	125,442
1918	177,161	169,757
1919	193,169	443,195
1920	383,759	372,278
1921	259,969	206,275
1922	133,393	217,518
1923	195,020	267,619
1924	232,600	306,658
1925	258,322	290,115
1926	227,882	263,198

The shipping entered and cleared during the year 1926 amounted to 81,271 tons of which 56,287 tons was British.

Agent and Consul, Tonga, J. S. Neill, 800L. to 1,000L. and quarters; duty allowance 200L., and office allowance of 50L. as Consul.

Tongan Ministers.

*Premier and Minister of Lands, Uiliame Tugi.
Chief Justice, W. K. Horne.
Speaker of the Legislative Assembly and Minister of the Crown, J. Finau Ulakalala.
Auditor-General, J. Darrell Wall.
Minister of Police, Jiobe Kaho.
Minister for Finance, W. G. Bagnall.
Minister for Works, A. B. Wallace.
Minister for Lands, J. Tuboutoa.
Governor of Haapai, G. Haames Finau.
Governor of Vavau, O. Veikune.*

The foregoing Ministers constitute the Privy Council, meetings of which are presided over by the Queen.

The Cabinet Council is composed of the same Ministers, with the exception of the Minister of the Crown.

THE NEW HEBRIDES.

THE NEW HEBRIDES, to which are attached the Banks and Torres Islands, lie between the 12th and 20th degrees of south latitude, and the 166th and 170th degrees of east longitude. The area is about 5,700 sq. miles.

The population is estimated at—

British Nationals	211
French Nationals	680
Foreigners	33
Asiatics and Protected French Subjects	3,675
Native Population about...	60,000
Total	64,599

The natives are Melanesians, but in many places there is an admixture of Polynesian blood. The Europeans are mostly British or French.

Missions have been established by the Melanesian Missionary Society, by the Presbyterian churches of Canada and Australia, and by the Roman Catholic Church.

The principal exports are copra, cocoa, cotton, coffee, trocas; maize, hides and various miscellaneous products are also exported. The climate of most of the islands is rather unhealthy and malarial fever is prevalent. At first, a joint commission, of British and French naval officers, was appointed to protect the lives and property of British and French subjects, and to maintain order. British and French Residents were appointed in 1902. In February, 1906, a conference of British and French officials took place in London, and a draft convention was prepared to provide for the settlement of land claims, and for an arrangement which would put an end to the difficulties arising from the absence of jurisdiction over the natives. A convention confirming the above-mentioned draft was signed in London on October 20th, 1906, and was provisionally proclaimed at Vila, the chief town of the New Hebrides, on December 2nd, 1907. Its provisions include the establishment of a joint court, and of an executive government consisting, for some purposes, of the British and French representatives in the group acting in concert. For other purposes British and French nationals remain subject to the control only of their own authorities.

A Protocol drawn up in London in 1914 to replace the Convention of 1906, was ratified on March 18th, 1922. It was proclaimed in the New Hebrides in August, 1923.

British and French Resident Commissioners, subordinate to their respective High Commissioners, each with a staff of officers have been appointed.

	<i>Revenue.</i>	<i>Expenditure.</i>
1922 ...	£26,054	£15,924
1923 ...	£32,766	£24,900
1924 ... Fcs. 944,725		Fcs. 686,742
1925 ... Fcs. 1,420,614		Fcs. 852,748
	£825	£15,661
1926 } British Condo- minium service	Fcs. 1,777,199	Fcs. 1,217,559

*Imports.**Exp.*

1922 ...	\$111,341	\$187
1923 ...	£85,300	\$217
1924 ...	£92,901	\$261
1925 ... Fcs. 22,004,232		Fcs. 31,115
1926 ... Fcs. 30,457,405		Fcs. 43,267

British Staff.

Resident Commissioner (vacant), 800*l.* to 1,04 and 100*l.* duty allowance.

Judicial Commissioner, C. C. Francis, recei 700*l.* as British Judge of the Joint Court a quarters.

Assistant to the Resident Commissioner, G. A. Jc 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*

District Agent for Estate and Commandant Police, E. A. G. Seagoe, M.B.E., 500*l.* by 25 to 600*l.* and quarters.

Island Agents, T. R. Salisbury, J. M. Nicol, and G. G. Adam, all 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.* and quarters.

Clerk and Accountant, H. Forbes, 300*l.* by 25*l.* t 400*l.* and quarters.

Correspondence Clerk, Miss T. Bell, 150*l.* by 10 to 200*l.*

PHENIX GROUP.

The Phoenix group comprises Phoenix, Birnie Hull, Canton, Gardner, McKean, Enderbury Sydney, Baker and Howland Islands, and is situated to the east of the Gilbert and Ellice groups. The Islands are of coral formation, and several of them are planted with coconuts. All except McKean and Enderbury Islands are leased to the Samoa Shipping and Trading Company for 8 years, from 1st January, 1914.

PITCAIRN ISLAND.

Pitcairn Island (two square miles) is situated in the Pacific Ocean, nearly equidistant from Australia and America (25° 3' S. lat., 130° 8' E. long). It was discovered by Carteret in 1767, but remained uninhabited until 1790, when it was occupied by the mutineers of H.M.S. "Bounty," with some women from Otaheite. Nothing was known of their existence until the island was visited in 1808. No regular government was established, but assistance of various kinds was given on the subsequent visits of English vessels. In 1856, the population having become too large for the island's resources, the inhabitants (192 in number) were, at their own request, removed, with all their possessions, to Norfolk Island; but 40 of them soon returned. In 1879 these had increased to 90. The population in 1914 was 140 (35 adult males, 39 adult females, 66 children).

It is a British Colony by settlement, and was brought within the jurisdiction of the High Commissioner for the W. Pacific in 1898 under a. 6 of the Pacific Order in Council, 1893. *Chief Magistrate*, Parkin Christian.

The islands of Henderson, Ducie and Oeno were annexed in 1902, and are included in the district of Pitcairn.

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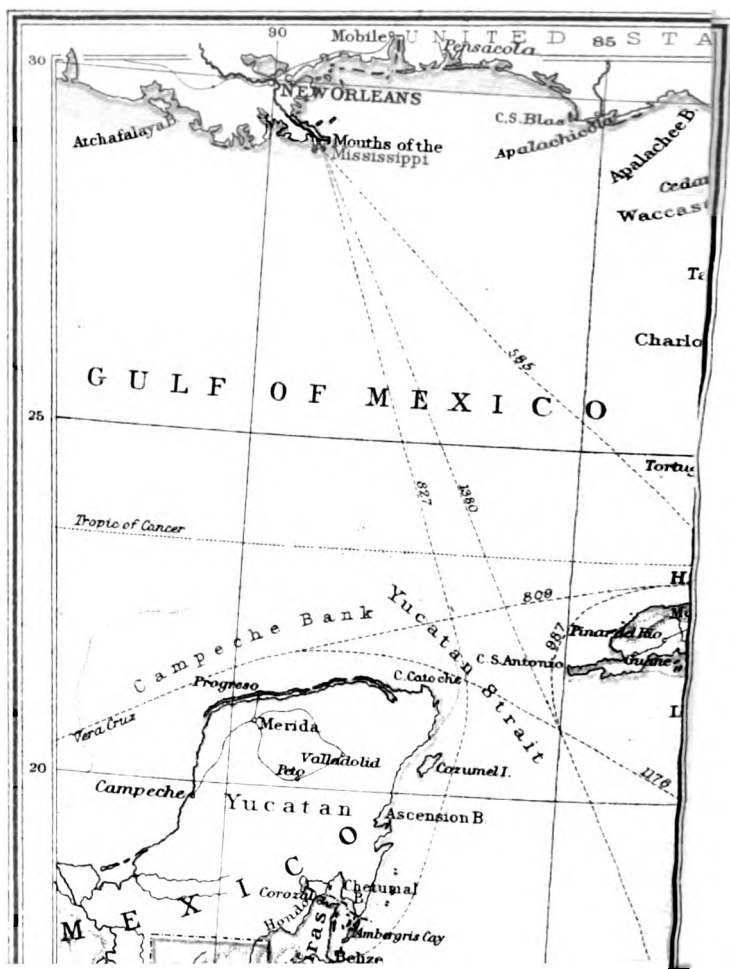
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THE WINDWARD ISLANDS.

Situation, Area, and Trade.

The Windward Islands consist of the three islands of St. Lucia, St. Vincent and Grenada, lying in the order named from north to south, together with the smaller islands known as the Grenadines, which lie between St. Vincent and Grenada, and are attached partly to the one island and partly to the other. Geographically, Barbados, Trinidad and Tobago belong to the group, and were formerly associated with it politically, Tobago from 1764 to 1783, and all three in 1838. The three first-named islands are grouped for administrative purposes under one Governor, who usually resides at St. George's, Grenada. The total area of the three Colonies is 524 square miles (about twice the size of Middlesex), and their estimated population at the census of 24th April, 1921, 162,254.

Year.	Imports. £	Exports. £
1917 ...	883,060	922,145
1918 ...	882,737	1,451,488
1919 ...	946,445	1,222,520
1920 ...	1,416,037	1,358,759
1921 ...	620,761	645,817
1923 ...	672,972	592,331
1924 ...	666,966	735,633
1925 ...	920,727	852,397
1926 (Grenada)	386,483	447,401

Revenue. 1917-18, 211,605*l.*; 1918-19, 221,810*l.*; 1919 (April-December), 192,387*l.*; 1920, 170,496*l.*; 1921, 225,915*l.*; 1922, 217,589*l.*; 1923, 234,900*l.*; 1924, 249,941*l.*; 1925, 284,233*l.*; 1926, 148,447*l.*

Expenditure. 1917-18, 223,119*l.*; 1918-19, 212,765*l.*; 1919 (April-December), 203,280*l.*; 1920, 292,338*l.*; 1921, 296,118*l.*; 1922, 255,712*l.*; 1923, 251,698*l.*; 1924, 248,076*l.*; 1925, 250,739*l.*; 1926, 119,000*l.*

History.

Some account is given of the history of each island in its proper place, but particulars of their several federal unions may be conveniently inserted here. As early as 1764 there was one Governor for the "Southern Caribbee Islands" of Grenada, Dominica, St. Vincent, and Tobago. Dominica was separated in 1771, St. Vincent in 1776, and in 1783 Tobago was ceded to the French. In 1838 St. Vincent was included with Barbados, Grenada, and Tobago in one general government, the Governor-in-Chief being resident at Barbados, with Lieutenant-Governors in each of the other islands. In 1838 St. Lucia was included in this general government.

On the 17th March, 1885, Letters Patent were passed constituting the Government of the Windward Islands, Barbados being omitted. Tobago was subsequently united with Trinidad.

The majority of the inhabitants are of the negro race, less than 5 per cent. being white and there are some Indian Coolies. A few Caribs still remain in St. Vincent. English is spoken throughout, but in St. Lucia, the prevailing language with the peasantry is a French *patois*. In Grenada the same condition obtains, but to a less extent.

Constitution.

Each island retains its own institutions, and, when the Governor is absent, is presided over by a resident Administrator, who is also Colonial Secretary. There is no common legislature, nor

common laws, revenue, or tariff. A Windward Islands Court of Appeal was set up in 1850 (13 & 14 Vict. c. 16), and abolished in 1920 by an Act (9 & 10 Geo. V. c. 47), which set up a Court of Appeal for the West Indies, consisting of the chief justices of the several West India Islands except Jamaica. There is also a common audit system instituted in 1889.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender currency is British sterling and the gold coins of the United States. Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd. and the Royal Bank of Canada, which have branches in the larger islands, issue five-dollar notes. Public accounts are kept in sterling, but banking and private accounts generally in dollars. There is no limit to the legal tender of silver.

Communications.

The usual length of the voyage from England to Grenada is about 14 days.

The steamers of Harrison Direct Line call at Grenada on the outward voyage, and on the homeward voyage they call at the three islands as cargo offers. There is also direct fortnightly communication between Grenada and New York by the steamers of the Furness, Withy Line. The passenger and cargo steamers of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine call regularly at Grenada, St. Lucia and St. Vincent, and connect these islands with Canada, St. John and Halifax being the ports of arrival and departure there.

There are no railways in any of the islands. A general telephone system exists throughout the islands. All three islands of the group are in communication with Europe, the United States, Canada, and the other West Indian islands by wireless, operated by the Pacific Cable Board, and by the Cables of the West India and Panama Telegraph Company Ltd. The rate per word for telegrams to the United Kingdom from Grenada, St. Lucia and St. Vincent is 2*s.* 4*d.* The rate to Europe varies from 3*s.* 2*d.* to 3*s.* 7*d.* per word. (Government messages pay half rates.) There are also cheap rates at half and quarter of the ordinary tariff, the latter being subject to a minimum charge.

A wireless installation has been erected at Carriacou by the local Government. It communicates with Grenada and through that island to the United Kingdom, Canada, North America, &c., the ordinary tariff being 2*d.* per word more than from Grenada.

The Rates of Postage are:—

	Letters per 1 oz.	Newspapers.
Internal ...	1 <i>d.</i>	Grenada— 2 <i>d.</i> per 4 oz. St. Lucia— 2 <i>d.</i> per 2 oz. St. Vincent— 2 <i>d.</i> per 4 oz.
To U.K., India, and British Colonies and U.S.A.:— St. Lucia— 2 <i>d.</i> for the first oz. and 1 <i>d.</i> for each additional oz. Grenada and St. Vincent— 1 <i>d.</i> for the first oz. and 1 <i>d.</i> for each additional oz.		2 <i>d.</i> per 2 oz. "
To other countries:— 2 <i>d.</i> for the first oz. and 1 <i>d.</i> for each additional oz.		1 <i>d.</i>

Country of destination.	Rates of postage on parcels not exceeding						
	3 lb.	7 lb.	11 lb.	14 lb.	15 lb.	18 lb.	22 lb.
Bermuda, British West Indies, British Guiana } and British Honduras	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-	...	5/-	6/-
Canada	1/-	2/-	3/-	...	4/-	...	...
Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1/9	3/3	4/6	5/6	...	6/6	7/6
Countries served through Great Britain; in addition to the postage shown in the British Post Office Guide	1/-	2/-	2/9	3/6	...	4/2	5/-
United States of America (including Virgin Islands of the U.S., Hawaii and Porto Rico), the Canal Zone, and other Possessions of the United States	...	...	6d. per	lb. or	fraction of a lb.		

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Windward Islands, Sir Frederick S. James, K.B.E., C.M.G., 2,500*l.*, and travelling allowance up to a maximum of 500*l.*

Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary, Major C. L. Matthews-Donaldson, M.B.E., 300*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. M. Knight, M.B.E., 250*l.*–300*l.*, by 10*l.*

GRENADA.

Situation, Area, &c.

Grenada, the most southerly of the Windward group, is situated between the parallels of 12° 30' and 11° 58' N. lat., and 61° 20' and 61° 35' W. long.; is about 21 miles in length, 12 miles in its greatest breadth, and contains about 133 square miles (about half the size of Middlesex). It lies 68 miles S.S.W. of St. Vincent, and about 90 miles north of Trinidad, and between it and the former island are certain small islands called the Grenadines, attached partly to the government of St. Vincent, and partly to that of Grenada; the largest of the latter is Carriacou, which has an area of 8,467 acres, and a population (at 24th April, 1921) of 7,104.

General Description.

Grenada is mountainous and very picturesque, its ridges of hills being covered with trees and brushwood. The mountains are chiefly volcanic, and have several lofty peaks, the highest of which is Mount St. Catherine, 2,749 feet, running off in spurs from the centre of the island, giving it an appearance of romantic beauty when viewed from the sea.

The island abounds in streams, and in mineral and other springs. The Grand Etang, a lake on the summit of a mountain ridge 1,749 feet above the level of the sea, and 7 miles from the town of St. George, and Lake Antoine, both old craters, are among the most remarkable natural curiosities; near the former a sanatorium is established. The roads of the colony are in excellent condition, and are kept in a state of thorough repair. About 140 miles of main roads, and a network of bye-ways (303 miles), provide good inland communication. The island is divided into six districts or parishes—St. George, St. David, St. Andrew, St. Patrick, St. Mark, and St. John—while the dependencies of Carriacou, Petit Martinique and other adjacent islets form a separate district, administered by a Commissioner. St. George's,

the principal town, is a port of registry for shipping and had on 31st December, 1926, 136 vessels registered, of a total tonnage of 2,408 tons; its fine harbour, owing to its situation, healthiness, and great natural advantages, including a plentiful supply of water of the purest quality, offers exceptional inducements as a port of call and coaling station for steamers. The town had a population of 4,629 by census of 24th April, 1921.

The other towns in the colony are Gouyave (or Charlotte Town), Victoria (or Grand Pauvre), Sauteurs; Grenville (or La Baye); and Hillsborough, in Carriacou. English is universally spoken, but the peasantry speak among themselves a French *patois*. About two per cent. are of European blood, the remainder being of the Negro race, except the East Indian population, which was 181 in number according to the census of 1921.

Climate.

The climate in the dry season is delightful. In the wet season, as in all other tropical islands, it is damp and hot. But for six winter months, say from December to May, it is excellent, and is healthy at all times. Yellow fever, the bugbear of the West Indies, is almost unknown, and if new arrivals do get a touch of "acclimatising fever," which is far from being the rule, it is mild and soon disappears. The average annual rainfall at St. George's for the 30 years, 1897–1926, is 72·82 inches and the highest and lowest readings of the thermometer for the last five years are 86° and 74° respectively, the average mean temperature being 79° in the shade. The rainfall in other parts of the island is much greater; at the Grand Etang, in 1926, it was 110·41 inches.

Industry.

The prosperity of the island, like that of its neighbours, depends almost entirely upon the planting industry. It has long ceased to be a sugar-producing colony. The chief produce of Grenada is cocoa, of which a total value of 223,290*l.* was shipped in 1926. Attention has been turned with some success to the cultivation of other economic plants, such, for instance, as rubber, limes, coffee, kola nut, cloves, vanilla, pepper, cardamom, coconuts, etc. Nutmeg cultivation occupies a prominent position. The value of spices exported in 1926 was 176,664*l.* In Carriacou cotton is the staple product, its cultivation having never been wholly abandoned there; the value exported in 1926 was with cotton seed, 16,686*l.* The cultivation of limes has now been successfully established in Carriacou, the

Exports of lime juice in 1925 amounting to 2,070l. Tropical fruits of almost every description and of the finest quality are fairly plentiful, and are shipped to the Barbados and Trinidad markets. The principal food resources are yams, sweet potatoes, tannias, kush-kush, pigeon-peas, plantains, bananas, Indian corn, cassava, bread fruit, etc. Fresh meat is always obtainable, and the animals slaughtered for the purpose are reared in the island. An excellent oyster is obtained in Carriacou, and turtles and fresh fish are plentiful. The forests produce valuable timber, such as bullet wood, locust, mahogany, red and white cedar, galba, etc. Rum is manufactured for local consumption, the total number of proof gallons in 1926 being 47,101.

A whaling industry on modern lines was established in 1925, with a factory at Glovers Island off the south-west coast of Grenada. 102 whales were caught in 1925, during the season from January to the end of April, and 112,963 gallons of whale oil valued at £16,870 were exported. Later the factory was equipped for the manufacture of whale guano, and the season of 1926 resulted in 108,055 gallons whale oil valued at 14,271l. and 1,898 bags of manure to the value of 1,726l. Owing to unfavourable results whaling operations were discontinued in 1927.

The main imports are food-stuffs, textiles, timber for building purposes, and hardware.

The principal exports, besides those products already mentioned, are turtles and turtle-shell, hides and skins, fruit and poultry.

Total acreage of land, exclusive of Carriacou, 76,548; acreage of Carriacou, 8,467.

There is a Government savings bank in St. George's, established in 1881, and extended to the out districts in 1889, and on 31st December, 1926, the amount at credit of depositors was 36,355l.

History.

Grenada was discovered by Columbus on 15th August, 1498, and was named by him Conception. It was at that time inhabited by Caribs. A settlement was attempted in 1609 by a company of London merchants, but the colonists were so harassed by the Caribs that the attempt was abandoned. In 1650 Du Parquet, Governor of Martinique, purchased Grenada from a French Company, and established a settlement at St. George's. Finding the expense of maintaining an armed force to support his authority not compensated by the expectation of future profits, Du Parquet sold the island in 1657 to the Comte de Cerrillac for 30,000 crowns. The Governor appointed by the new proprietor ruled with so much tyranny that the most respectable settlers left the island; he was at length seized, tried, and executed by the colonists.

In 1674 the island was annexed to France, and the proprietors received compensation for their claims; and in 1762 it was surrendered to the British under Commodore Swanton, and was formally ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Paris on the 10th of February, 1763. In 1779 it was retaken by the French under the Count D'Estaing; and in 1783 it was restored to Great Britain by the Treaty of Versailles. In 1795-6 it was the scene of a rebellion against the British rule, instigated by the French Republic. The Lieut.-Governor and 47 other British subjects were massacred by the rebels, and the colony brought to the verge of ruin. In June, 1796, Sir Ralph Abercrombie suppressed the rising, and the ringleaders were executed.

In 1834 the apprenticeship system was established in regard to the African slaves, and this was followed in 1838 by their unconditional emancipation.

Constitution.

There was from 1786 a Legislative Council as well as a House of Assembly, the latter consisting of 21 elected members.

Under an Act of 1856, and limited in its duration to a term of three years, an Executive Council was formed, composed of members of both branches of the Legislature. The Act was allowed to expire, and the Legislative Council resumed its executive functions under the style of Her Majesty's Council.

This constitution was remodelled by an Act of the 7th of October, 1875, and a single Legislative Assembly established in lieu of the Council and Assembly. The Assembly consisted of 17 Members, 8 elected by the people, and 9 nominated by the Crown. The Act also appointed an Executive Committee of 5 members, 3 being nominated and the other 2 elected Members of Assembly. These Members received each a salary of 100l. a year, and were charged with the duty of advising the Lieut.-Governor on the conduct of affairs.

This Assembly at its first meeting on the 9th of February, 1876, addressed the Queen, informing Her Majesty that it had passed a Bill providing for its own extinction, and leaving "it entirely to your Majesty's wisdom and discretion to erect such form of Government as your Majesty may deem most desirable for the welfare of the Colony." The Imperial Act (39 and 40 Vict. c. 47) empowered Her Majesty to comply with this address, and Crown Colony Government was established in December, 1877.

On the 17th March, 1885, letters patent were passed constituting anew the office of Governor of the Windward Islands, and on 1st June, 1885, Grenada became the headquarters of the Government, which includes the colonies of St. Lucia and St. Vincent.

Until the 1st of December, 1924, the Legislative Council consisted of six official members besides the Governor, and seven unofficial members nominated by the Crown.

By an Order in Council dated 21st March, 1924, which came into operation on 1st December, 1924, a partly elective Legislative Council was constituted, consisting of the Governor, seven *ex officio* members, three nominated unofficial members and five elected members. The Island is divided into five electoral districts, each returning one elected member.

The Government is assisted in the internal administration by six semi-elective District Boards.

Education.

There are 58 elementary schools, 10 Government and 48 aided. These schools are of three classes, Infant, Lower Division and Combined, and the law also provides for a fourth class, Industrial schools. Head teachers of combined schools are paid from 60l. to 150l. per annum, according to their certificates of proficiency, and to the class of school. Bonuses are given them for long service or extra duties. Grants are also given by Government in aid of buildings, furniture and apparatus. The administration is entrusted to a Board of Education nominated by the Governor, half the members being Roman Catholic. In 1926 the average attendance was 7,066 children, the number on the rolls being 11,731. There is a Government secondary school for boys, and two for girls which receive grants-in-aid from the general revenue.

Governors since 1900.

1900 Sir R. B. Llewelyn, K.C.M.G.
 1906 Sir Ralph Williams, K.C.M.G.
 1909 Sir James Hayes Sadler, K.C.M.G., C.B.
 1914 Sir George B. Haddon-Smith, K.C.M.G.
 1923 Sir Frederick S. James, K.B.E., C.M.G.

Population.

Census, 1901	.	.	63,438
" 1911	.	.	66,750
" 1921	.	.	66,302

FINANCES.

Year.*	Revenue. £	Expenditure. £	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	106,540	106,792	749,049	750,781
1918	110,387	108,252	515,779	520,526
1919	87,295	107,011	725,297	737,474
1920	134,128	148,175	721,221	741,065
1921	97,932	136,969	728,544	738,020
1922	103,414	117,849	744,710	747,206
1923	103,823	113,095	760,016	765,026
1924	117,453	106,003	793,945	804,643
1925	146,218	112,467	796,638	816,360
1926	148,447	119,000	872,910	886,890

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	96,641	88,399	139,896	353,978
1918	76,691	136,424	164,217	377,332
1919	94,237	129,150	214,743	438,110
1920	204,639	197,924	228,240	630,803
1921	70,435	115,685	72,691	258,711
1922	83,695	108,164	74,593	266,452
1923	128,947	101,766	53,993	284,706
1924	83,600	120,510	68,181	272,291
1925	156,394	155,269	120,154	431,807
1926	126,511	148,538	111,434	386,483

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	289,293	27,409	163,851	480,553
1918	386,348	26,226	290,203	702,777
1919	328,642	98,626	210,101	637,369
1920	436,287	52,093	115,317	603,697
1921	165,950	60,689	52,578	279,217
1922	143,966	43,806	83,621	271,392
1923	137,152	36,445	84,131	257,728
1924	161,064	30,312	159,440	350,806
1925	171,768	27,210	235,105	434,083
1926	165,901	29,450	252,050	447,401

Customs Revenue, 1926—73,530l.

Public Debt, at 31-12-26—223,670l.

Executive Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
 The Colonial Secretary and Treasurer.
 The Attorney-General.
 Major H. E. Sutherland Richards, M.C.
 C. F. P. Renwick.

* Revenue and Expenditure figures are for the 12 months commencing 1st April up to 1918 inclusive, and in 1919 are for the nine months from 1st April to 31st December, 1919. Subsequent figures are for the calendar year.

Legislative Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
 The Colonial Secretary and Treasurer.
 The Attorney-General.
 The Chief Medical and Health Officer.
 The Chief of Police.
 The Superintendent of Public Works.
 The Postmaster.
 The Director of Education (provisional).
 A. W. Lewis, K.C. (nominated).
 T. A. Marryshow (St. George's).
 D. A. McIntyre (St. John's and St. Mark's).
 C. F. P. Renwick (St. David's and South St. George's).
 C. H. Lucas (St. Andrew's).
 F. H. Copland (St. Patrick's and Carriacou).
 F. S. Noel (nominated).
 R. C. Fitt (nominated).

Governor.

Governor, Windward Islands, Sir Frederick S. James, K.B.E., C.M.G., 2,500l., and travelling expenses up to a limit of 500l.

Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary Major C. L. Mathews-Donaldson, M.B.E., 300l.

Chief Clerk, John M. Knight, M.B.E., 250l. to 300l. by 10l.

Clerk to Executive Council, J. M. Knight, M.B.E., 20l.

Clerk to Legislative Council, Terence Comissiong, 40l.

Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary and Registrar-General, Herbert Ferguson, C.B.E., 940l. and free quarters.

Chief Clerk, Terence Comissiong, 250l. to 300l. by 10l.

Second Clerk, L. J. Wilson, 150l. to 200l. by 8l.

Foreman Printer, R. Nedd, 130l. to 170l. by 5l. per annum, and 30l. personal allowance.

Treasury, Customs, Inland Revenue, and Savings Bank.

Treasurer, H. Ferguson, C.B.E., 120l. and 50l. forage allowance.

Chief Clerk, I. C. Beaubrun, 250l. to 300l. by 10l., allowance of 60l. as Commr. of Income Tax.

2nd Clerk, E. G. Knight, 125l. to 150l. and 50l. as Statistical Officer.

Revenue Officers:—

Chief Inland Revenue Officer, J. E. T. Brathwaite, 250l. to 315l. by 10l. per annum, and 80l. forage allowance.

Grenville, G. W. Rapier, 200l. to 250l. by 10l. and 50l. forage allowance.

First Class—

M. J. de Coteau, 200l. to 250l. by 10l. and 50l. duty allowance as Port Officer, 20l. personal, and 50l. as Whaling Officer.

T. C. Gibbs, I. A. D. Preudhomme, 150l. to 200l. by 10l. and 50l. forage allowance.

Second Class—

N. Paterson, J. M. Clyne, L. O. Taylor, E. G. Gresham, E. D. McBurnie, C. B. Cyrus, 125l. to 150l. by 8l.

Post Office.

Postmaster, C. L. Wilson, 350l. to 420l. by 15l., and 50l. personal allowance.

Chief Clerk, H. J. Guthrie, 150l. to 175l. by 8l.

Audit.

Auditor, A. Pollard, 500l. to 600l. by 20l. as Auditor for the Windward Islands, and travelling allowance.

Audit Clerk, S. W. Brathwaite, 250l. to 315l. by 10l. per annum.

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per annum, 100% motor car allowance and quarters.

†Each District Medical Officer keeps a horse and a motor car for his duties and receives a motor car allowance of 100%. The Medical Officer stationed at Carriacou is allowed quarters.

At the period of its discovery inhabited by the Caribs, and in possession till 1635, when it was taken by the King of France to MM. de L'Olivier. In 1639 the English formed their first settlement but in the following year the colony was murdered by the Caribs.

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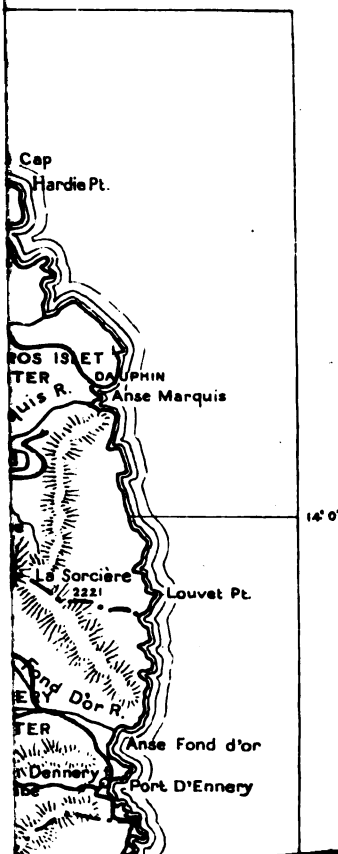
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and Richards, M.C.

Expenditure figures are for the 12 months April up to 1918 inclusive, and nine months from 1st April to 31st March 1919. Subsequent figures are for the

and 500. personal allowance.
Chief Clerk, H. J. Guthrie, 1500. to 1750. by 250.

Audit.

Auditor, A. Pollard, 5000. to 6000. by 200. as Auditor for the Windward Islands, and travelling allowance.

Audit Clerk, S. W. Brathwaite, 2500. to 3150. by 100. per annum.

Works.

Superintendent of Works G. E. P. Gentle, 400*l.* to 450*l.* by 15*l.*, and 120*l.* travelling allowances.
Surveyor and Assistant Roads and Works Superintendent, W. R. Bertrand, 250*l.* to 300*l.* by 10*l.*, and 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Assistant Roads and Works Superintendent, C. Renwick, 200*l.* to 250*l.* by 10*l.* and 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, I. M. Redhead, 125*l.* to 150*l.* by 8*l.*

Medical.

Chief Medical and Health Officer, Major H. E. Sutherland Richards, M.C., 750*l.*, 50*l.* as Bacteriologist, 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Medical Officer, No. 1 District,† W. S. Mitchell, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*, and duty allowance of 50*l.* as Health Officer of the Port of St. George, additional.
District Medical Officers, † G. N. Alexis, D. B. B. Hughes, A. F. Hughes, J. E. Copland, L. S. Morgan, E. de J. McSweeney, J. W. Whiteman, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.* each.
Resident Surgeon, Colony Hospital, V. L. Ferguson, 540*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Matron, Colony Hospital, M. Veacock, 200*l.* and quarters.
Steward, Lunatic and Poor Asylum (vacant), 220*l.* and quarters.
Steward, Colony and Yaws Hospital, S. Macintosh, 150*l.* to 200*l.* and quarters.

Agricultural.

Agricultural Officer, W. O'Brien Donovan, 350*l.* and 100*l.* motor car allowance.

Police.

Chief of Police, Major E. E. Turner, 450*l.* to 500*l.* by 15*l.*, 50*l.* forage allowance, and quarters.

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, Major E. E. Turner. (Is also Recorder of Meteorological Observations and receives 50*l.* as such).

Education.

Director of Education (vacant), 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*, quarters.
Inspector of Schools, H. H. Pilgrim, B.A., 250*l.* to 300*l.* by 10*l.*, and free transport.

Boys' Secondary School.

Headmaster (vacant), salary as Director of Education.
Second Master, A. G. Hughes, B.A., 315*l.* and capitation fees.
Assistant Masters, E. C. Baptiste, 125*l.* to 150*l.*; E. C. M. Theobalds, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Telephones.

Munvger, The Superintendent of Public Works (*ex-officio*), 50*l.*
Supervisor, H. Drummond, 200*l.* to 250*l.* by 10*l.* per annum, 100*l.* motor car allowance and quarters.

†Each District Medical Officer keeps a horse and a motor car for his duties and receives a motor car allowance of 100*l.* The Medical Officer stationed at Carriacou is allowed quarters.

Judicial.

Chief Justice J. S. Rae, 900*l.* free quarters or 50*l.* in lieu.
Attorney-General, N. J. Paterson, K.C., 800*l.*, without private practice.
Registrar of the Supreme Court, D. J. Garraway, 350*l.* to 420*l.* by 15*l.*, and fees.
Chief Clerk and Deputy Registrar, R. E. Taylor, 150*l.* to 200*l.* by 8*l.*
Police Magistrates and Coroner:
Southern District, T. W. S. Garraway, 500*l.*, and 100*l.* for travelling.
Carriacou District, The Commissioner of the Carriacou District (*ex-officio*).
Northern District, Capt. I. G. Wakely, M.C., 500*l.* and 100*l.* for travelling.

Carriacou District.

District Commissioner, H. A. Otway, 350*l.* to 420*l.* by 15*l.*, 50*l.* forage allowance, and quarters.
Overseer, J. M. Clyne, 125*l.* to 150*l.* by 8*l.*, 20*l.* duty allowance, and 50*l.* forage allowance.

Chief Ministers of Religion.

Anglican Church.—*Bishop*, The Right Rev. A. P. Berkeley, M.A., D.D.; *Archdeacon*, The Right Rev. V. Jackson, M.A., D.D.
Roman Catholic Church, Very Rev. V. A. King, O.P., V.G.
Wesleyan Church, Rev. G. B. Byer, Superintendent.
Church of Scotland, Rev. D. Macfarlane.

Consuls.

United States of America, John M. Gilchrist, Con. Agent.
France, John Barclay, Con. Agent.
United States of Venezuela, Señor Manuel Planchart, Consul (resident in Trinidad).

ST. LUCIA.**Situation and Area.**

The island of St. Lucia was discovered by Columbus, during his fourth voyage, on the 15th June, 1502. It is situated in 13° 54' N. lat., and 60° 59' W. long.; at a distance of 24 miles to the south-east of Martinique, and 21 to the north-east of St. Vincent. It is 27 miles in length, and 14 at its greatest breadth; its circumference is 150 miles, and its area 233 sq. miles, rather less than Middlesex. Near its northern extremity lies Pigeon Island, formerly a military post of some importance.

Castries, the capital of the island, contains about 1,422 houses, and a population of 5,899 according to the census of 24th April, 1921. Next in importance is the town of Soufrière, containing a population of 2,480.

History.

At the period of its discovery St. Lucia was inhabited by the Caribs, and continued in their possession till 1635, when it was granted by the King of France to M. de L'Olive and Duplessis. In 1639 the English formed their first settlement, but in the following year the colonists were all murdered by the Caribs.

1904
1906
1907
1911
1921

Year

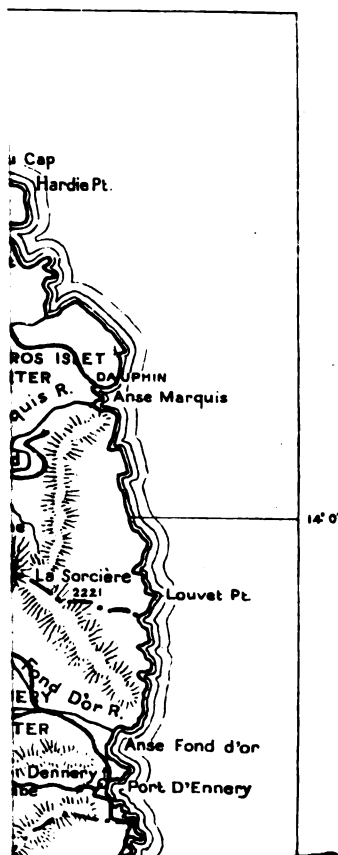
1917
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Year

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Year

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and Richards, M.C.

and figures are for the 12 months from 1st April to 31st March inclusive, and figures are for the 12 months from 1st April to 31st March inclusive.

and 50*l*. personal allowance.
Chief Clerk, H. J. Guthrie, 150*l*. to 175*l*. by 8*l*.

Audit.

Auditor, A. Pollard, 500*l*. to 600*l*. by 20*l*. as Auditor for the Windward Islands, and travelling allowance.

Audit Clerk, S. W. Brathwaite, 250*l*. to 315*l*. by 10*l*. per annum.

Works.

Superintendent of Works G. E. P. Gentle, 400*l.* to 450*l.* by 15*l.*, and 120*l.* travelling allowances.
Surveyor and Assistant Roads and Works Superintendent, W. R. Bertrand, 250*l.* to 300*l.* by 10*l.*, and 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Assistant Roads and Works Superintendent, C. Renwick, 200*l.* to 250*l.* by 10*l.* and 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, I. M. Redhead, 125*l.* to 150*l.* by 8*l.*

Medical.

Chief Medical and Health Officer, Major H. E. Sutherland Richards, M.C., 750*l.*, 50*l.* as Bacteriologist, 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Medical Officer, No. 1 District, † W. S. Mitchell, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*, and duty allowance of 50*l.* as Health Officer of the Port of St. George, additional.
District Medical Officers, † G. N. Alexis, D. B. B. Hughes, A. F. Hughes, J. E. Copland, L. S. Morgan, E. de J. McSweeney, J. W. Whiteman, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.* each.
Resident Surgeon, Colony Hospital, V. L. Ferguson, 540*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Matron, Colony Hospital, M. Veacock, 200*l.* and quarters.
Steward, Lunatic and Poor Asylum (vacant), 220*l.* and quarters.
Steward, Colony and Yaws Hospital, S. Macintosh, 150*l.* to 200*l.* and quarters.

Agricultural.

Agricultural Officer, W. O'Brien Donovan, 350*l.* and 100*l.* motor car allowance.

Police.

Chief of Police, Major E. B. Turner, 450*l.* to 500*l.* by 15*l.*, 50*l.* forage allowance, and quarters.

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, Major E. E. Turner. (Is also Recorder of Meteorological Observations and receives 50*l.* as such).

Education.

Director of Education (vacant), 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*, quarters.
Inspector of Schools, H. H. Pilgrim, B.A., 250*l.* to 300*l.* by 10*l.*, and free transport.

Boys' Secondary School.

Headmaster (vacant), salary as Director of Education.
Second Master, A. G. Hughes, B.A., 315*l.* and capitation fees.
Assistant Masters, E. C. Baptiste, 125*l.* to 150*l.*; E. C. M. Theobalds, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Telephones.

Manager, The Superintendent of Public Works (ex-officio), 50*l.*
Supervisor, H. Drummond, 200*l.* to 250*l.* by 10*l.* per annum, 100*l.* motor car allowance and quarters.

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Northern District, Capt. I. G. Wakely, M.C., 500*l.* and 100*l.* for travelling.

Carriacou District.

District Commissioner, H. A. Otway, 350*l.* to 420*l.* by 15*l.*, 50*l.* forage allowance, and quarters.
Overseer, J. M. Clynne, 125*l.* to 150*l.* by 8*l.*, 20*l.* duty allowance, and 50*l.* forage allowance.

Chief Ministers of Religion.

Anglican Church.—*Bishop*, The Right Rev. A. P. Berkeley, M.A., D.D.; *Archdeacon*, The Right Rev. V. Jackson, M.A., D.D.
Roman Catholic Church, Very Rev. V. A. King, O.P., V.G.
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History.

At the period of its discovery St. Lucia was inhabited by the Caribs, and continued in their possession till 1635, when it was granted by the King of France to M.M. de L'Olive and Duplessis. In 1639 the English formed their first settlement, but in the following year the colonists were all murdered by the Caribs.

In 1642 the King of France, still claiming a right of sovereignty over the island, ceded it to the French West India Company, who in 1650 sold it for 1,600*l.* to M.M. Honel and Du Parquet. After repeated attempts by the Caribs to expel the French, the latter concluded a Treaty of Peace with them in 1660.

In 1663, Thomas Warner, the natural son of the Governor of St. Christopher, made a descent on St. Lucia. The English continued in possession till the Peace of Breda in 1667, when the island was restored to the French. In 1674 it was re-annexed to the Crown of France, and made a dependency of Martinique.

After the Peace of Utrecht, in 1713, the rival pretensions of England and France to the possession of St. Lucia resulted in open hostility. In 1718 the Regent, d'Orléans, made a grant of the island to Marshal d'Estrees, and in 1722, the King of England made a grant of it to the Duke of Montague. In the following year, however, a body of troops, despatched to St. Lucia by the Governor of Martinique, compelled the English settlers to evacuate the island, and it was declared neutral.

In 1744, the French took advantage of the declaration of war to resume possession of St. Lucia, which they retained till the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle in 1748, when it was again declared neutral. In 1756, on the renewal of hostilities, the French put the island in a state of defence; but in 1762 it surrendered to the joint operations of Admiral Rodney and General Monckton. In the following year, by the Treaty of Paris, it was assigned to France.

St. Lucia continued in the peaceable possession of the French till 1778, when effective measures were taken by the British for its conquest. In the early part of 1782, Rodney took up his station in Gros Islet Bay, in St. Lucia, with a fleet of 36 sail of the line, and it was from thence that he pursued Count de Grasse, when he gained the memorable battle of the 12th of April in that year. This event was followed by the Peace of Versailles, and St. Lucia was once more restored to France.

In 1793, on the declaration of war against revolutionary France, the West Indies became the scene of a series of naval and military operations which resulted in the surrender of St. Lucia to the British arms on the 4th of April, 1794.

In 1796 the British Government despatched to the relief of their West Indian possessions a body of troops, 12,000 strong, under the command of Sir Ralph Abercrombie, supported by a squadron under Admiral Sir Hugh Christian. On the 26th April these forces appeared off St. Lucia, and after an obstinate and sanguinary contest, which lasted till the 26th May, the Republican party, which had been aided by insurgent slaves under Victor Hughes, laid down their arms, and surrendered as prisoners of war.

The British retained possession of St. Lucia till 1802, when it was restored to France by the Treaty of Amiens; but on the renewal of hostilities it surrendered by capitulation to General Greenfield on the 22nd June, 1803, since which period it has continued under British rule.

General Description.

On its final acquisition by the English, the island had become much depopulated, partly by war, but chiefly by internecine struggles, the fruits of the French Revolution. The recovery from this state of things has been slow, having been retarded by the severe epidemics of cholera and small-pox which

have at different times visited the West Indies. Each census, however, has shown an advance in this respect, and the population at 31 December, 1926, is estimated at 55,698. Most of the inhabitants speak a French *patois*, but English is gradually becoming more generally used. A very small percentage is of European descent, the remainder being of the negro race, except 2,189 of East Indian origin. The reputation of the island for peculiar unhealthiness is undeserved, the death rate for 1926 being 20.0 per 1,000, and for the year 1925 18.8 per 1,000. Certain spots situated in narrow valleys between high mountains are undoubtedly unhealthy, but are becoming less and less so as the forests fall before a yearly extending cultivation.

The danger from venomous reptiles is also much exaggerated. Owing to the introduction and spread of the mongoose, snakes are now but rarely met with. Among white inhabitants, consumption and other of the most fatal diseases of temperate climates are almost unknown. The temperature from December to April seldom exceeds 80° Fahr., even at midday, in spots situated a few hundred feet above the sea, and a fresh trade wind blows continuously. The scenery is of peculiar beauty, even as compared with that of other West India Islands, and in the neighbourhood of the Pitons has the less common element of grandeur. These are two cone-shaped rocks rising sheer out of the sea to a height of nearly 3,000 feet, and near them is the crater of a volcano and a *souffrière*, the ordinary characteristic of the Caribbean Cordillera.

Castries, the chief town, has an excellent harbour. Dredging operations have been carried out in the harbour, rendering it more commodious. A substantial concrete wharf, 650 feet in length, with a depth alongside of 27 feet at low water, has been completed, and the western wharf, having a length of 552 feet, has been refaced in wood, and dredged to an average depth alongside of 18 feet to 24 feet. The facilities offered by the port as a port of call and coaling station are widely recognised. It is a port of registry, and had, on 31st December, 1926, 15 vessels registered, of a total tonnage of 432 tons.

A Government savings bank was established in 1871, and has now 722 depositors, with 12,644*l.* to their credit on 31st December, 1926. Branch savings banks were opened at Soufrière and Vieux Fort in March, 1898, at Dennery and Gros Islet in November, 1905, and at Anse-la-Raye in December, 1906.

Constitution and Law.

Up to the period of the French Revolution, and after the restoration of order in 1800, the island was governed according to the law and ordinances of the French monarchy. The Courts of Justice were an inferior Court called the "*Senéchaussée*," and a higher Court, called the "*Conseil Supérieur*," or Court of Appeal. The latter Court was composed of a President and twelve Counsellors; the Governor often presided, and it was invested with certain executive and administrative functions.

The Government is now conducted by an Administrator (who is subordinate to the Governor of the Windward Islands), aided by an Executive Council. By an Order in Council dated 21st March, 1924, which came into operation on 1st December, 1924, a partly elective Legislative Council was constituted, consisting of six ex-officio members, three nominated unofficial members and three elected members. The island is divided into three electoral districts, each returning one

elected member. The first election under this constitution was held in March, 1925. Law is administered by a Chief Justice, from whom in civil cases there is an appeal to the West Indian Court of Appeal, and two magistrates, whose decisions are liable to review by the judge. In criminal cases tried in the Superior Court facts are decided upon by a jury of twelve as in England.

A code of civil law, the authors of which were Sir G. W. Des Vaux, G.C.M.G., and Mr. James Armstrong, C.M.G., became law in October, 1879. This code was framed upon the principles of the ancient law of the island, with such modifications as are required by existing circumstances. The Statute Law of the Colony was consolidated in 1916 by Mr. F. H. Collier, Chief Justice, who also edited the Commercial Code, 1916.

The revising and editing of the Criminal Law and Procedure of the Colony by Mr. J. E. M. Salmon was completed during 1920 and proclaimed as the Criminal Code, 1920. It came into force on the 1st January, 1921.

Education.

On the 30th June, 1891, the trustees of the Lady Mico charity closed the eleven schools which they had till then maintained, and withdrew their connection with the Colony. Three of these schools became Government schools, and the others assisted schools under the new Education Ordinance. In 1898 all the Government schools were handed over to the Roman Catholic body, and became assisted schools. There were, on the 31st December, 1926, 49 assisted schools. Of these, four were Anglican, three Wesleyan and 42 Roman Catholic. The number of children on the rolls was 8,564, with an average attendance of 5,729, and the amount spent by the Colony on primary education was 5,220*l*. The Government grants 400*l*. a year to a Roman Catholic second-grade school, which has over 100 boys on the roll; the Sisters of St. Joseph conduct a similar school for Girls. The number of pupils on the roll is 130 and a Government grant of 175*l*. is made to the school annually.

Industry.

Sugar, rum, cocoa, logwood, cocoanuts, limes, bananas, Bay oil, Bay rum, and spices are produced. There are four sugar "Usines" with the best machinery, and the export of cocoa is increasing. Limes are being extensively planted, and a Government Factory has been erected in Castries, with the object of encouraging the establishment of the industry among small proprietors, at which limes and lime-juice are purchased at market rates. Rubber and cotton grow well, and samples of the former prepared at the Botanic Station, from trees growing there, have received favourable reports.

A considerable amount of land is in the possession of the Crown, and may be purchased in lots up to and including 50 acres, at £1 per acre, and for every acre beyond 50 at 10/- per acre, payable by four equal annual instalments. In the event of a certain area being put into permanent cultivation before the due date of the last instalment, that instalment may be remitted. Under the Crown Lands Regulations, the period over which (in certain cases) the payment of the purchase money may be spread is ten years. The soil will grow any kind of tropical fruit trees or economic plants.

Surveys are made at the cost of the purchaser.

Population.

Census	1901—49,883
"	1911—48,637
"	1921—51,505
Public Debt at 31st Dec., 1926—	206,609 <i>l</i> .
Customs Revenue, 1926—	£35,820.

FINANCES.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
			British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18	70,576	81,234	1,145,055	1,712,014
1918-19	73,284	77,916	952,526	1,319,836
1919	672,242	663,175	875,645	1,219,397
1920	99,147	94,353	956,780	1,190,438
1921	74,177	102,928	659,617	790,711
1922	64,885	91,012	674,151	851,303
1923	79,047	90,720	803,879	1,030,695
1924	72,888	89,990	738,771	966,113
1925	75,555	85,082	890,015	1,106,097
1926	83,379	84,488	848,997	1,071,957

Year.	From U.K.	From Colonies.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
1917	64,241	57,087	295,640	416,968
1918	59,433	67,889	237,341	364,663
1919	55,817	80,300	181,867	322,769
1920	130,604	85,327	303,573	528,004
1921	66,348	61,260	82,799	210,407
1922	38,314	50,590	92,938	181,842
1923	65,541	63,821	114,021	243,383
1924	55,920	65,101	105,370	226,391
1925	86,114	66,941	114,708	267,763
1926	62,399	62,515	121,506	246,420

Year.	To U.K.	To Colonies.	To Elsewhere.	Total.*
1917	69,668	32,347	36,805	138,820
1918	147,319	11,897	39,250	198,466
1919	161,114	33,011	35,730	230,855
1920	184,476	47,930	34,581	266,987
1921	64,825	27,880	71,444	164,149
1922	85,251	39,890	22,327	147,468
1923	67,135	60,917	24,144	152,206
1924	103,473	50,658	28,051	182,182
1925	97,907	39,593	27,280	164,780
1926	62,421	70,822	41,595	174,838

Administrators of St. Lucia, since 1900.

1900	Sir H. L. Thompson, K.C.M.G.
1902	Sir George Melville, K.C.M.G.
1905	P. C. Cork, C.M.G.
1909	E. J. Cameron, C.M.G.
1914	Douglas Young, C.M.G.
1915	The Hon. Gideon Murray.
1918	Lieut.-Col. W. B. Davidson-Houston, C.M.G.
1928	C. W. Dooley.

Executive Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
The Treasurer.
W. V. Degazon.
George Barnard.
Clerk, V. F. Drayton.

* April—Dec., 1919.

f Includes Parcel Post, 3,460*l*.

g " " " 4,785*l*.

h " " " 8,500*l*.

i " " " 7,100*l*.

j " " " 7,152*l*.

k " " " 6,316*l*.

l " " " 8,362*l*.

m " " " 9,250*l*.

n " " " 5,816*l*.

Includes Bunker Coal and Ships' Stores.

Legislative Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 The Attorney-General.
 The Treasurer.
 The Registrar of the Royal Court.
 The Chief Medical Officer.
 The Inspector of Schools.
 The Superintendent of Works (Provisional Member).
 W. V. Degazon, Nominated Member.
 George Barnard, Nominated Member.
 Gabriel Lafitte, M.B.E., Nominated Member.
 T. G. Westall, Elected Member, Northern District.
 George Palmer, Elected Member, Eastern District.
 Clerk, V. F. Drayton.

Civil Establishment.

Administrator of the Government and Colonial Secretary, C. W. Doorly, 1,100*l.* and 200*l.* entertainment allowance.
Chief Clerk, V. F. Drayton, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
2nd Clerk (vacant), 125*l.* to 175*l.*

Treasury, Customs, and Inland Revenue Department.

Treasurer and Collector of Customs, G. D. Mackie, M.B.E., 350*l.* to 440*l.* with allowance of 33*l.* for management of Succession Duty.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, J. B. D. Osbourne, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
2nd Clerk, F. N. Theobalds, 125*l.* to 150*l.*
Chief Revenue Officer and Tax Officer, Lucas Templeman Kerr, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
First Revenue Officer, V. Girard, 150*l.* to 200*l.* (and fees, with 25*l.* personal allowance).
Revenue Officers, A. L. Chastanet, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and fees; C. H. R. King, 100*l.* to 120*l.* and fees; R. J. Harris, 80*l.* to 100*l.* and fees; M. H. Mercier, 60*l.* to 80*l.* and fees.
Revenue Officer and Keeper of Spirit Warehouse, B. J. Beaubrun, 125*l.* to 150*l.*, and personal allowance 30*l.*
Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Dennery, P. A. Tirois, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and 48*l.* horse allowance.
Revenue Officer, Gros Islet (vacant), horse and subsistence allowance.
Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Soufriere, J. H. L. Volney, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
Sub-Collector and District Govt. Officer, Vieux Fort, V. P. Theobalds, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and travelling allowance 48*l.*
Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Micoud, O. R. Richmond, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and forage allowance 48*l.*

Audit Department.

Auditor for W. Islands A. Pollard (contribution).
Audit Clerk, A. R. A. Beaubrun, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Harbour Master's Department.

Harbour Master, Shipping Master and Pilot, (vacant) (Capt. F. B. Sharp, Inspector of Police, acting, allowance of 100*l.*)

Postal Department.

Postmaster (vacant).
Chief Clerk, J. J. Auguste, 125*l.* to 150*l.*

Colonial Engineer's Department.

Superintendent of Works, Staff Surveyor and Commissioner of Crown Lands, R. A. McNamara, 350*l.* to 400*l.*, and transport allowance 100*l.*

Assistant Works and Roads Superintendent, 200*l.* to 250*l.* and transport allowance 100*l.*
Draughtsman, J. F. Myers, 150*l.* to 165*l.*
Chief Clerk and Storekeeper, E. A. Blanchard, 125*l.* to 150*l.*
Superintendent of Telephones, A. Maycock, 100*l.*, and 48*l.* forage allowance.

Judicial.

Chief Justice, Captain Oliver Plunkett, 700*l.*
Attorney-General and Registrar of Royal Court, Registrar of Deeds and Mortgages, Sheriff, Registrar of Civil Status, Registrar of Agricultural Credit Societies, Registrar of Friendly Societies and Assistant Magistrate, 1 District, J. E. M. Salmon, 600*l.*, and 150*l.* personal allowance.
Chief Clerk to Registrar, J. A. E. Boucher, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
Magistrate, 1st District, H. W. Steele, 440*l.*
Magistrate, 2nd and 3rd Districts, F. W. Theeman, 300*l.*
Clerks to the Magistrates and District Courts —
 1st District, O. H. H. Giraudy, 125*l.* to 150*l.*
 2nd District, C. N. Raggio, 80*l.* to 100*l.* (is also assistant to Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Soufriere).
 3rd ditto, H. French, 60*l.* to 80*l.* (is also assistant to Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Vieux Fort).
Administrator-General of Vacant Successions, &c., J. E. M. Salmon (fees payable to Treasury).

Medical.

Chief Medical Officer (vacant), 600*l.* to 700*l.*
Medical Officers, C. B. Dear, J. T. de Coteau, J. L. Bristol, L. P. Greson, 400*l.* to 500*l.*, with transport allowances of 50*l.* in the case of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd, and 60*l.* in that of the 4th, 5th and 6th Districts.
Chief Sanitary Inspector, F. D. Rogers, 150*l.* to 200*l.*, 45*l.* forage allowance, and 24*l.* subsistence allowance.
Resident Surgeon, Victoria Hospital, Bacteriologist, and Medical Superintendent, Lematé Asylum (vacant), 500*l.* and quarters.
Matron, Victoria Hospital, Mrs. A. Pordage, M.B.E., 175*l.*, and personal allowance 65*l.* and quarters.

Agricultural.

Agricultural Superintendent, E. A. Walters, 350*l.* to 400*l.*, house allowance 42*l.* and forage allowance 48*l.*
Assistant Agricultural Superintendent, R. Niles, 216*l.* and 48*l.* forage allowance.

Police and Gaols.

Chief of Police, D. I. Kerr, 300*l.* to 350*l.*, 48*l.* forage allowance, and 50*l.* as Inspector of Prisons.
Inspector, Captain F. B. Sharp, 200*l.* to 250*l.*, free quarters.

Education Department.

Inspector of Schools (vacant), 350*l.*, house or allowance in lieu of 50*l.*, and transport allowance 48*l.*

Ecclesiastical.

Anglican Minister of Trinity Church, Castries, Revd. R. J. Laurie, B.A.
Roman Catholic Vicar-General, Very Rev. Fr. J. B. Dugast.
Curd of Castries, Rev. Fr. J. M. Claustre.
Wesleyan Minister, Castries, Rev. H. H. Cole.

*St. Lucia Volunteers.**Officer Commanding (vacant).**Captain, W. B. Harris.**Lieutenant, G. S. E. Gordon.**Foreign Consuls.**Brazil, G. M. Peter.**France, H. de Minville (Con. Agent).**Netherlands, H. de Minville.**Norway, L. Devaux (Vice-Consul).**Portugal, George Barnard (Honorary Consul).**United States of America, William Peter (Con. Agent).**Sweden, G. M. Peter (Vice-Consul).**Venezuela, Senor M. Planchart (residing at Grenada).*

ST. VINCENT.

Situation and Area.

The Island of St. Vincent is popularly supposed to have been discovered by Columbus on the 22nd of January, 1498. It is situated in 13° 10' N. latitude, and 60° 57' W. longitude, at a distance of 21 miles to the south-west of St. Lucia, and 100 miles west of Barbados. It is 18 miles in length, and 11 in breadth, and contains about 96,000 acres of land, about half the area of Middlesex. Most of the Grenadines, a chain of small islands lying between Grenada and St. Vincent, are comprised within the government of the latter island. The principal is Bequia, situated at a distance of 9 miles from Kingstown.

General Description.

Kingstown, the capital of St. Vincent, is situated at the side of an extensive bay, at the south-western extremity of the island. It consists of three principal streets, each about a mile long, running parallel with the beach, and contained at the census of 1921, a population of 3,836 souls. It is a port of registry, and had, on 31st December, 1926, 26 vessels of a net tonnage of 585 tons.

There are five other small towns in the island, the most important being Georgetown on the north-east, and Barrouallie on the west.

The most striking natural feature of the island is its "Soufrière," or volcano, situated at the northern extremity of the island, and rising to about 4,048 feet above the level of the sea. After a violent eruption in 1812, it remained dormant for a period of ninety years, and then broke into violent eruption again on May 7th, 1902, when the entire northern half of the island was devastated, and nearly 2,000 lives were lost. The eruption synchronised with that of Mont Pelée in Martinique which destroyed the town of St. Pierre. The "Soufrière" remained intermittently active throughout 1902, and there was a further eruption in March, 1903, since when it has remained quiescent.

The whole island is of volcanic origin. A backbone of densely wooded and almost impassable mountains traverses it from the "Soufrière" at its northern end to Mount St. Andrew (2,500 ft.), dominating the Kingstown valley at its southern extremity. This range sends off spurs on each

side, cutting up the island into a series of valleys, trending east and west from the central range to the coast. There is a somewhat level tract called the Carib Country at the north-east of the island, between the "Soufrière" and the sea. This district formerly comprised the most fertile sugar estates. The next highest point after the "Soufrière" in the range is Richmond Peak, 3,539 feet high. The streams are numerous but small, except after heavy rains; the principal is the Richmond River.

In September, 1898, the island was visited by a severe hurricane, which caused widespread destruction, and reduced large numbers of the inhabitants to destitution. In September, 1921, the island was again struck by a hurricane which, although not as violent as its predecessor, did considerable damage to property and crops, entailing considerable hardship on the populace and necessitating the expenditure by Government of 3,288l. on relief measures.

Climate.

In the dry season, January to May, the climate is charming. In the wet season, and especially from August to November, the climate is damp and hot, but not at all unhealthy, and fever is almost unknown. The nights are cool all the year round. The rainfall during 1926 was 78·86 inches. The highest reading of the thermometer during the same year was 82·1° F., the lowest 78·6° F., the mean monthly temperature being 80·7° F. in the shade. The prevailing wind is N.E.

Industry and Communications.

Sugar, syrup, rum, cocoa, and excellent arrowroot are produced. The cultivation of coconuts, ground nuts and spices is also attracting attention, and Sea Island cotton, the best in the Empire, is extensively planted, for the ginning of which a Government Ginnery has been erected. Most of the sugar and all the arrowroot mills are worked by water power. A large proportion of the cultivable land is owned by a few individuals; portions of Crown lands, have been alienated to peasant proprietors, and several estates have been purchased by the Government with the aid of an Imperial grant and allotted to the same class of settlers. The forests produce excellent woods. There are 65 miles of highway running round the island, for the most part close to the coast, but on the leeward coast communication is mainly by boat, and nearly all the produce is water borne. There are also some 300 miles of byway connecting with the highway.

The port of Kingstown is visited fortnightly by steamers of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine Ltd., and the R.M.S.P. Coy.; monthly by steamers of the Colombian Line and occasionally by steamers of the Harrison Line.

A telephone system has been established, having 1 central and 3 branch exchanges, with 219 connections and some 188 miles of line.

History.

At the time of its discovery, St. Vincent, like some of the other small islands, was inhabited by the Caribs, who continued in the undisputed possession of it until 1627, when the King of England made a grant of the island to the Earl of Carlisle. In 1660 it was declared neutral, and in 1672 it was granted to Lord Woughby.

No steps, however, appear to have been taken to form a settlement on the island, and the English and French came to an agreement to abandon the Islands of Dominica and St. Vincent to the Caribs, on condition of their renouncing all claim to the other islands.

In 1722 George I. made a grant to the Duke of Montague of some of the West India Islands, including St. Vincent.

From statistics of the year 1740 it appears that the white inhabitants then amounted to about 800, and the slaves to 3,000, producing commodities for exportation to the value of 63,625*l*.

In 1748 St. Vincent was declared neutral by the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle. In 1766, however, hostilities were renewed, and the island was taken in 1762 by General Monckton; and by the Treaty of Paris in the following year it was ceded to Great Britain, when General Melville was appointed Governor.

By a treaty, which was concluded in February, 1773, an extensive district of St. Vincent was allotted to the Caribs (who for some time had been in a state of open rebellion) on condition of their laying down their arms and acknowledging the King of Great Britain as the rightful sovereign of the island.

In 1779 the island surrendered to the French. The following year has been rendered memorable by the occurrence of the greatest hurricane of which there is any record in West Indian annals. By the Treaty of Versailles in 1783, St. Vincent was restored to Great Britain.

From this period to the breaking out of the French Revolution the island appears to have enjoyed comparative prosperity and peace; but in 1795 the Caribs and their allies (the French) again overran the country, burning the cane-fields, plundering the houses, and mercilessly murdering the English colonists. This state of things continued till the arrival of the "Zebra" sloop of war, with succours from Martinique, then the British headquarters.

The contest was carried on, with alternations of good and ill fortune, until the arrival of Sir Ralph Abercrombie with reinforcements in June, 1796. After an obstinate struggle the insurgents surrendered at discretion. The Government, in anticipation of such an event, had resolved that the Caribs should be transported to the Island of Ruatan, in the Bay of Honduras; and accordingly, on the 11th March, 1797, the necessary transports having been provided, the Caribs, to the number of 5,080, were embarked at Bequia, and sailed for their appointed destination.

In 1834 the apprenticeship system was established, and was followed in 1838 by unconditional emancipation of the negro slaves. The year 1846 witnessed the first introduction of Portuguese labourers, a class of immigrants who amounted in a few years to 2,400, and have proved a valuable addition to the general population of the island.

St. Vincent received its first East Indian Coolie labourers in 1861. Most of them returned to India, but some made their home in the Colony.

Constitution.

The Government of St. Vincent originally consisted of a Governor, Council, and Assembly.

The Council consisted of twelve members, one half of whom were named in the Governor's

Commission, and the remainder appointed on his recommendation. The Assembly was composed of nineteen members, including two for the Grenadines. In 1856 an Executive Council was created, consisting of ten members, five from the Legislative Council, and five from the Assembly. In 1859 this Council was re-modelled, with the addition of an Administrative Committee, selected by the Governor and composed of three members—one from the Legislative Council, and two from the Assembly. This Act of 1859 had, however, a duration of only five years.

The constitution, however, was found no longer suited to the altered circumstances of the Colony, and in 1867 the Legislative Council and House of Assembly were abrogated, and a single Legislative Assembly was created instead thereof. This Assembly was composed of 12 members, viz.:—three *ex officio*, three nominated by the Crown, and six elected by the people. (The number of electors registered for the year 1874 was only 388.)

But this constitution also was abrogated by an Act of the Local Legislature (confirmed by an Imperial Act, 39 & 40 Vict. c. 47), by which the future modelling of the constitution was left to the Crown. Until 1st December 1924, the Legislative Council consisted of official and unofficial members nominated and appointed by the Crown.

By an Order in Council dated 21st March, 1924, which came into operation on 1st December, 1924, a partly elective Legislative Council was constituted, consisting of the Governor, four *ex officio* members, one nominated unofficial member and three elected members. The island is divided into three electoral districts, each returning one elected member.

The several courts of the Colony were, by an Ordinance of the Local Legislature passed in 1880, consolidated into one court, styled the Supreme Court of Judicature. The Chief Justice of the Colony is the sole Judge of this court.

Education.

There were, on 31st December, 1926, 28 primary schools, with 5,407 children on the rolls. The average attendance during 1926 was 2,892. There is also a government secondary school for boys, and a high school for girls.

An Island Scholarship is awarded biennially tenable for from three to five years at an approved University. Annual value 250*l*. and cost of passage.

The Government expenditure on primary education in 1926 was 3,449*l*.

Savings Bank.

A savings bank was established in 1866, and had 729 depositors, with 14,561*l*. deposited, on 31st December, 1926. Branches of the bank have been opened at Georgetown, Barrouallie, and Union Island.

Administrators of St. Vincent since 1838.

R. B. Llewellyn	April 1868
Captain I. C. Maling, C.M.G.	11 July 1869
Col. J. H. Sandwith, C.B.	4 July 1893
H. L. Thompson, C.M.G.	12 Mar. 1896
Edw. John Cameron, C.M.G.	14 May 1901
The Hon. C. Gideon Murray	27 May 1906
R. Popham Lobb, C.M.G.	8 June, 1915
R. Walter, C.M.G.	12 April 1923

FINANCE.

Year.	Revenue.	Expendi- ture.	SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.†	
	£	£	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18	37,535	34,556	335,679	335,931
1918-19	42,488	36,597	211,427	211,917
1919	34,111	35,361	313,216	313,599
1920	59,221	52,306	342,996	346,896
1921	53,806	56,221	345,607	346,923
1922	49,289	46,861	354,528	356,070
1923	52,031	48,394	363,061	376,325
1924	60,893	53,887	392,723	476,434
1925	62,450	53,190	357,183	418,774
1926	60,243	59,282	373,202	416,136

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K.	From other parts of British Empire.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	36,462	43,136	42,486	122,084
1918	53,114	39,470	42,115	134,699
1919	58,121	69,735	57,272	185,128
1920	83,518	96,500	77,212	257,230
1921	39,058	57,470	48,015	144,543
1922	30,279	50,748	47,559	128,586
1923	41,147	56,587	40,943	138,677
1924	51,834	63,463	44,731	160,028
1925	75,914	72,066	63,937	211,907
1926	67,425	69,694	66,487	203,606

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K.	To other parts of British Empire.	To Else- where.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	58,276	35,989	6,702	100,967
1918	144,618	44,316	4,844	193,778
1919	87,523	57,612	4,614	149,749
1920	216,642	82,292	716	299,650
1921	85,280	45,030	429	130,739
1922	57,801	50,577	812	109,190
1923	73,270	55,509	2,592	131,371
1924	84,521	58,621	7,720	150,862
1925	167,116	50,666	14,650	232,432
1926	92,576	48,578	21,755	162,909

Public Debt, 31st December, 1926—9,730L.

Customs Revenue, 1926—29,642L.

Population.

Census	1911	.	.	.	41,877
Census	1921	.	.	.	44,447

Executive Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
The Treasurer.
Digby Hadley.
A. M. Fraser.
Clerk, A. V. Spence.

Legislative Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
The Treasurer.
The Chief Medical and Health Officer.
A. M. Punnett, Nominated Member.
A. M. Fraser, Elected Member, Leeward Dist.
W. M. Grant, Elected Member, Kingstown „
J. M. Gray, Elected Member, Windward „
Clerk, A. V. Spence.

Civil Establishment.

Administrator of the Government and Colonial
Secretary, R. Walter, C.M.G., 1,000L.
Chief Clerk, Government Office, A. V. Spence,
200L. to 300L.
2nd Clerk, Government Office (vacant).
Foreman Printer, G. Winsborrow, 125L.

Treasury, Customs and Audit.

Treasurer, Collector of Customs, Chief of
Excise, etc., J. H. Otway, 420L., personal
allowance 50L.
1st Clerk, Treasury, R. A. Horne, 150L. to 200L.,
personal allowance 30L.
2nd Clerk, C. B. Isaacs, 120L. to 150L.
Chief Revenue, Excise and Post Officer, L. P.
Spence, 150L. to 200L.
1st Class Revenue Officers, E. G. S. Inniss and
J. V. Venner, 100L. to 130L.
Auditor, Windward Islands, A. Pollard, 500L. to
600L.
Audit Clerk, E. A. Munro, 150L. to 200L., personal
allowance 50L.

Police and Prisons.

Chief of Police, Superintendent of Prison and
Chief Relieving Officer, Major H. G. Grist,
300L. to 350L., and 45L. horse allowance and free
quarters.
Sub-Inspector, Lieut. G. E. E. Williams, 200L. to
250L. and free quarters.

Judicial.

Chief Justice (vacant).
Attorney-General and Registrar, Supreme Court,
N. H. Turton, 500L.
Chief Clerk to Attorney General, etc., S. C.
Connell, 200L. to 250L.

Police Magistrates:—

1st District (vacant) (paid as Chief Justice).
2nd District, W. E. Howard-Flanders, 300L. to
350L., and 80L. travelling allowance.
3rd District, E. A. O. Sardine (See Southern
Grenadines District).

Medical.

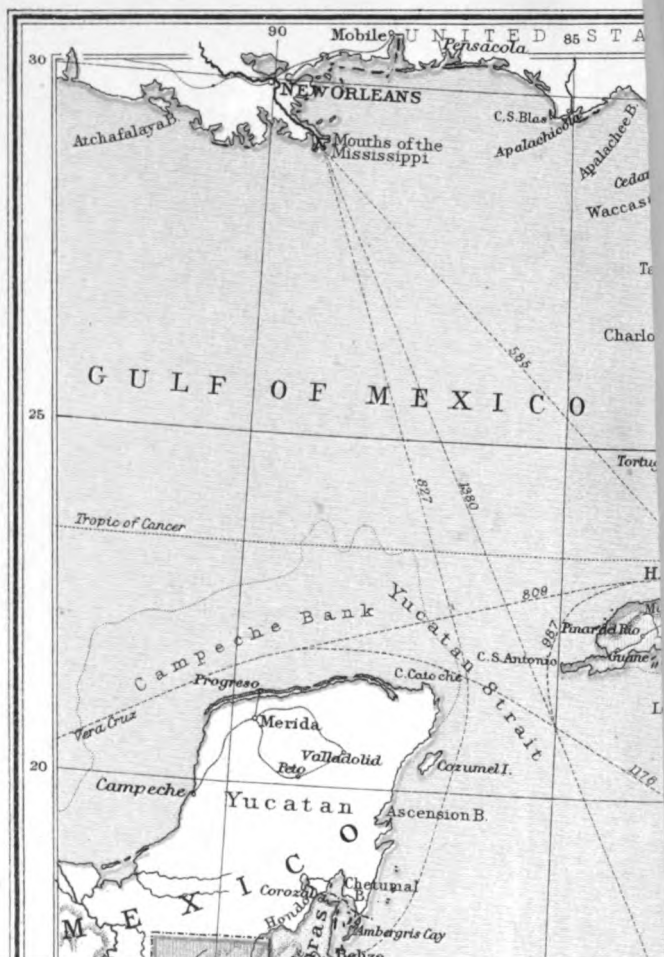
Chief Medical and Health Officer, Dr. Stanley
Branch, 500L. to 600L., 60L. travelling allowance
and free quarters.
District Medical Officers, E. Greaves, H. B.
Gregory, Robert Bonello, E. D. B. Charles, J.
W. Gallwey, A. F. H. Stewart, 400L. to 450L.
with travelling allowances ranging from 60L. to
90L.
Resident Surgeon, Colonial Hospital A. E. Slinger,
400L. to 450L. and house allowance of 36L.

† The figures are for the calendar year.

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THE WINDWARD ISLANDS.

Situation, Area, and Trade.

The Windward Islands consist of the three islands of St. Lucia, St. Vincent and Grenada, in the order named from north to south, together with the smaller islands known as the renadines, which lie between St. Vincent and Grenada, and are attached partly to the one island and partly to the other. Geographically, Barbados, Trinidad and Tobago belong to the group, and were formerly associated with it politically, Tobago from 1764 to 1783, and all three in 1838. The three first-named islands are grouped for administrative purposes under one Governor, who usually resides at St. George's, Grenada. The total area of the three Colonies is 524 square miles (about twice the size of Middlesex), and their estimated population at the census of 24th April, 1921, 162,264.

Year.	Imports. £	Exports. £
1917	883,060	922,145
1918	882,737	1,451,488
1919	946,445	1,222,520
1920	1,416,037	1,358,759
1921	620,761	645,817
1923	672,972	592,331
1924	666,966	735,633
1925	920,727	852,397
1926 (Grenada)	386,483	447,401

<i>Revenue.</i>	1917-18,	211,605£.;	1918-19,	210,810£.;
	1919 (April-December),	192,387£.;		1920, 170,496£.;
	1921, 225,915£.;	1922, 217,589£.;		1923, 234,900£.;
	1924, 249,941£.;	1925, 284,233£.;		1926, 148,447£.

<i>Expenditure.</i>	1917-18,	223,119£.;	1918-19,	217,651£.;
	1919 (April-December),	203,280£.;		1920, 292,338£.;
	1921, 296,118£.;	1922, 255,712£.;		1923, 251,698£.;
	1924, 248,078£.;	1925, 250,739£.;		1926, 119,000£.

History.

Some account is given of the history of each and in its proper place, but particulars of their several federal unions may be conveniently inserted here. As early as 1764 there was one Governor of the "Southern Caribbean Islands" of Grenada, St. Vincent and Tobago. Dominica separated in 1771, St. Vincent in 1776, and 1783 Tobago was ceded to the French. In 1838 St. Vincent was included with Barbados, Grenada, and Tobago in one general government, the Governor-in-Chief being resident at Barbados, with assistant-Governors in each of the other islands. In 1838 St. Lucia was included in this general government.

On the 17th March, 1885, Letters Patent were issued constituting the Government of the Windward Islands, Barbados being omitted. Tobago subsequently united with Trinidad. The majority of the inhabitants are of the negro race, less than 5 per cent. being white and there are some Indian Coolies. A few Caribbians still remain in St. Vincent. English is spoken throughout, in St. Lucia, the prevailing language with the peasantry is a French patois. In Grenada the same condition obtains, but to a less extent.

Constitution.

Each island retains its own institutions, and, when the Governor is absent, is presided over by a Resident Administrator, who is also Colonial Secretary. There is no common legislature, nor

common laws, revenue, or tariff. A Windward Islands Court of Appeal was set up in 1850 (13 & 14 Vict. c. 15), and abolished in 1920 by an Act (9 & 10 Geo. V. c. 47), which set up a Court of Appeal for the West Indies, consisting of the chief justices of the several West India Islands except Jamaica. There is also a common audit system instituted in 1889.

Currency and Banking.

The legal tender currency is British sterling and the gold coins of the United States. Barbados Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Ltd. and the Royal Bank of Canada, which have branches in the larger islands, issue five-dollar notes. Public accounts are kept in sterling, but banking and private accounts generally in dollars. There is no limit to the legal tender of silver.

Communications.

The usual length of the voyage from England to Grenada is about 14 days.

The steamers of Harrison Direct Line call at Grenada on the outward voyage, and on the homeward voyage they call at the three islands as cargo offers. There is also direct fortnightly communication between Grenada and New York by the steamers of the Furness, Withy Line. The passenger and cargo steamers of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine call regularly at Grenada, St. Lucia and St. Vincent, and connect these islands with Canada, St. John and Halifax being the ports of arrival and departure there.

There are no railways in any of the islands. A general telephone system exists throughout the islands. All three islands of the group are in communication with Europe, the United States, Canada, and the other West Indian islands by wireless, operated by the Pacific Cable Board, and by the Cables of the West India and Panama Telegraph Company Ltd. The rate per word for telegrams to the United Kingdom from Grenada, St. Lucia and St. Vincent is 2s. 4d. The rate to Europe varies from 3s. 2½d. to 3s. 7½d. per word. (Government messages pay half rates.) There are also cheap rates at half and quarter of the ordinary tariff, the latter being subject to a minimum charge.

A wireless installation has been erected at Carriacou by the local Government. It communicates with Grenada and through that island to the United Kingdom, Canada, North America, &c., the ordinary tariff being 2d. per word more than from Grenada.

The Rates of Postage are:—

	Letters per 1 oz.	Newspapers.
Internal	1d.	Grenada— ½d. per 4 oz. St. Lucia— ½d. per 2 oz. St. Vincent— ½d. per 4 oz.
To U.K., India, and British Colonies and U.S.A.:—		
St. Lucia—		
2d. for the first oz. and 1½d. for each additional oz.	½d. per 2 oz.	
Grenada and St. Vincent—		
1d. for the first oz. and 1d. for each additional oz.	"	
To other countries:—		
2½d. for the first oz. and 1½d. for each additional oz.	½d.	

Country of destination.	Rates of postage on parcels not exceeding						
	3 lb.	7 lb.	11 lb.	14 lb.	15 lb.	18 lb.	22 lb.
Bermuda, British West Indies, British Guiana and British Honduras	1/-	2/-	3/-	4/-	...	5/-	6/-
Canada	1/-	2/-	3/-	...	4/-	...	...
Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1/9	3/3	4/6	5/6	...	6/6	7/6
Countries served through Great Britain; in addition to the postage shown in the British Post Office Guide	1/-	2/-	2/9	3/6	...	4/2	5/-
United States of America (including Virgin Islands of the U.S., Hawaii and Porto Rico), the Canal Zone, and other Possessions of the United States	...	...	6d. per lb.	or fraction of a lb.			

Civil Establishment.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Windward Islands, Sir Frederick S. James, K.B.E., C.M.G., 2,500*l.*, and travelling allowance up to a maximum of 500*l.*

Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary, Major C. L. Matthews-Donaldson, M.B.E., 300*l.*

Chief Clerk, J. M. Knight, M.B.E., 250*l.*-300*l.*, by 10*l.*

GRENADA.

Situation, Area, &c.

Grenada, the most southerly of the Windward group, is situated between the parallels of 12° 30' and 11° 58' N. lat., and 61° 20' and 61° 35' W. long.; is about 21 miles in length, 12 miles in its greatest breadth, and contains about 133 square miles (about half the size of Middlesex). It lies 68 miles S.S.W. of St. Vincent, and about 90 miles north of Trinidad, and between it and the former island are certain small islands called the Grenadines, attached partly to the government of St. Vincent, and partly to that of Grenada; the largest of the latter is Carriacou, which has an area of 8,467 acres, and a population (at 24th April, 1921) of 7,104.

General Description.

Grenada is mountainous and very picturesque, its ridges of hills being covered with trees and brushwood. The mountains are chiefly volcanic, and have several lofty peaks, the highest of which is Mount St. Catherine, 2,749 feet, running off in spurs from the centre of the island, giving it an appearance of romantic beauty when viewed from the sea.

The island abounds in streams, and in mineral and other springs. The Grand Etang, a lake on the summit of a mountain ridge 1,740 feet above the level of the sea, and 7 miles from the town of St. George, and Lake Antoine, both old craters, are among the most remarkable natural curiosities; near the former a sanatorium is established. The roads of the colony are in excellent condition, and are kept in a state of thorough repair. About 140 miles of main roads, and a network of bye-ways (303 miles), provide good inland communication. The island is divided into six districts or parishes—St. George, St. David, St. Andrew, St. Patrick, St. Mark, and St. John—while the dependencies of Carriacou, Petit Martinique and other adjacent islets form a separate district, administered by a Commissioner. St. George's,

the principal town, is a port of registry for shipping and had on 31st December, 1926, 136 vessels registered, of a total tonnage of 2,408 tons; its fine harbour, owing to its situation, healthiness, and great natural advantages, including a plentiful supply of water of the purest quality, offers exceptional inducements as a port of call and coaling station for steamers. The town had a population of 4,629 by census of 24th April, 1921.

The other towns in the colony are Gouyave (or Charlotte Town), Victoria (or Grand Pauvre), Sauteurs; Grenville (or La Baye); and Hillsborough, in Carriacou. English is universally spoken, but the peasantry speak among themselves a French *patois*. About two per cent. are of European blood, the remainder being of the Negro race, except the East Indian population, which was 181 in number according to the census of 1921.

Climate.

The climate in the dry season is delightful. In the wet season, as in all other tropical islands, it is damp and hot. But for six winter months, say from December to May, it is excellent, and is healthy at all times. Yellow fever, the bugar of the West Indies, is almost unknown, and if new arrivals do get a touch of "acclimatising fever," which is far from being the rule, it is mild and soon disappears. The average annual rainfall at St. George's for the 30 years, 1897-1926, is 72.82 inches and the highest and lowest readings of the thermometer for the last five years are 86° and 74° respectively, the average mean temperature being 79° in the shade. The rainfall in other parts of the island is much greater: at the Grand Etang, in 1926, it was 110.41 inches.

Industry.

The prosperity of the island, like that of its neighbours, depends almost entirely upon the planting industry. It has long ceased to be a sugar-producing colony. The chief produce of Grenada is cocoa, of which a total value of 223,290*l.* was shipped in 1926. Attention has been turned with some success to the cultivation of other economic plants, such, for instance, as rubber, limes, coffee, kola nut, cloves, vanilla, pepper, cardamoms, coconuts, etc. Nutmeg cultivation occupies a prominent position. The value of spices exported in 1926 was 176,664*l.* In Carriacou cotton is the staple product, its cultivation having never been wholly abandoned there; the value exported in 1926 was with cotton seed, 16,686*l.* The cultivation of limes has now been successfully established in Carriacou, the

exports of lime juice in 1925 amounting to 2,070. Tropical fruits of almost every description and of the finest quality are fairly plentiful, and are shipped to the Barbados and Trinidad markets. The principal food resources are yams, sweet potatoes, tania, kush-kush, pigeon-peas, plantains, bananas, Indian corn, cassava, bread fruit, etc. Fresh meat is always obtainable, and the animals slaughtered for the purpose are reared in the island. An excellent oyster is obtained in Carriacou, and turtles and fresh fish are plentiful. The forests produce valuable timber, such as bullet wood, locust, mahogany, red and white cedar, galba, etc. Rum is manufactured for local consumption, the total number of proof gallons in 1926 being 47,101.

A whaling industry on modern lines was established in 1925, with a factory at Glovers Island off the south-west coast of Grenada. 102 whales were caught in 1925, during the season from January to the end of April, and 112,963 gallons of whale oil valued at £16,870 were exported. Later the factory was equipped for the manufacture of whale guano, and the season of 1926 resulted in 108,055 gallons whale oil valued at 14,271. and 1,898 bags of manure to the value of 1,726. Owing to unfavourable results whaling operations were discontinued in 1927.

The main imports are food-stuffs, textiles, timber for building purposes, and hardware.

The principal exports, besides those products already mentioned, are turtles and turtle-shell, hides and skins, fruit and poultry.

Total acreage of land, exclusive of Carriacou, 76,548; acreage of Carriacou, 8,467.

There is a Government savings bank in St. George's, established in 1881, and extended to the out districts in 1889, and on 31st December, 1926, the amount at credit of depositors was 36,355.

History.

Grenada was discovered by Columbus on 15th August, 1498, and was named by him Conception. It was at that time inhabited by Caribs. A settlement was attempted in 1609 by a company of London merchants, but the colonists were so harassed by the Caribs that the attempt was abandoned. In 1650 Du Parquet, Governor of Martinique, purchased Grenada from a French Company, and established a settlement at St. George's. Finding the expense of maintaining an armed force to support his authority not compensated by the expectation of future profits, Du Parquet sold the island in 1657 to the Comte de Cerrillac for 30,000 crowns. The Governor appointed by the new proprietor ruled with so much tyranny that the most respectable settlers left the island; he was at length seized, tried, and executed by the colonists.

In 1674 the island was annexed to France, and the proprietors received compensation for their claims; and in 1762 it was surrendered to the British under Commodore Swanton, and was formally ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Paris on the 10th of February, 1763. In 1779 it was retaken by the French under the Count D'Estaing; and in 1783 it was restored to Great Britain by the Treaty of Versailles. In 1795-6 it was the scene of a rebellion against the British rule, instigated by the French Republic. The Lieut.-Governor and 47 other British subjects were massacred by the rebels, and the colony brought to the verge of ruin. In June, 1796, Sir Ralph Abercrombie suppressed the rising, and the ringleaders were executed.

In 1834 the apprenticeship system was established in regard to the African slaves, and this was followed in 1838 by their unconditional emancipation.

Constitution.

There was from 1766 a Legislative Council as well as a House of Assembly, the latter consisting of 21 elected members.

Under an Act of 1856, and limited in its duration to a term of three years, an Executive Council was formed, composed of members of both branches of the Legislature. The Act was allowed to expire, and the Legislative Council resumed its executive functions under the style of Her Majesty's Council.

This constitution was remodelled by an Act of the 7th of October, 1875, and a single Legislative Assembly established in lieu of the Council and Assembly. The Assembly consisted of 17 Members, 8 elected by the people, and 9 nominated by the Crown. The Act also appointed an Executive Committee of 5 members, 3 being nominated and the other 2 elected Members of Assembly. These Members received each a salary of 100*l.* a year, and were charged with the duty of advising the Lieut.-Governor on the conduct of affairs.

This Assembly at its first meeting on the 9th of February, 1876, addressed the Queen, informing Her Majesty that it had passed a Bill providing for its own extinction, and leaving "it entirely to your Majesty's wisdom and discretion to erect such form of Government as your Majesty may deem most desirable for the welfare of the Colony." The Imperial Act (39 and 40 Vict. c. 47) empowered Her Majesty to comply with this address, and Crown Colony Government was established in December, 1877.

On the 17th March, 1885, letters patent were passed constituting anew the office of Governor of the Windward Islands, and on 1st June, 1885, Grenada became the headquarters of the Government, which includes the colonies of St. Lucia and St. Vincent.

Until the 1st of December, 1924, the Legislative Council consisted of six official members besides the Governor, and seven unofficial members nominated by the Crown.

By an Order in Council dated 21st March, 1924, which came into operation on 1st December, 1924, a partly elective Legislative Council was constituted, consisting of the Governor, seven *ex officio* members, three nominated unofficial members and five elected members. The Island is divided into five electoral districts, each returning one elected member.

The Government is assisted in the internal administration by six semi-elective District Boards.

Education.

There are 58 elementary schools, 10 Government and 48 aided. These schools are of three classes, Infant, Lower Division and Combined, and the law also provides for a fourth class, Industrial schools. Head teachers of combined schools are paid from 60*l.* to 150*l.* per annum, according to their certificates of proficiency, and to the class of school. Bonuses are given them for long service or extra duties. Grants are also given by Government in aid of buildings, furniture and apparatus. The administration is entrusted to a Board of Education nominated by the Governor, half the members being Roman Catholic. In 1926 the average attendance was 7,066 children, the number on the rolls being 11,731. There is a Government secondary school for boys, and two for girls which receive grants-in-aid from the general revenue.

Governors since 1900.

1900 Sir R. B. Llewelyn, K.C.M.G.
 1906 Sir Ralph Williams, K.C.M.G.
 1909 Sir James Hayes Sadler, K.C.M.G., C.B.
 1914 Sir George B. Haddon-Smith, K.C.M.G.
 1923 Sir Frederick S. James, K.B.E., C.M.G.

Population.

Census, 1901	.	.	63,438
" 1911	.	.	66,750
" 1921	.	.	66,302

*FINANCES.**SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.*

Year.*	Revenue. £	Expendi- ture. £	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917	105,540	108,792	749,049	750,781
1918	110,387	108,253	515,779	520,525
1919	87,295	107,011	726,297	737,474
1920	134,128	148,175	721,221	741,065
1921	97,932	136,969	728,544	738,020
1922	103,414	117,849	744,710	747,206
1923	103,823	113,065	760,016	765,026
1924	117,453	106,003	793,945	804,643
1925	146,218	112,467	796,638	816,360
1926	148,447	119,000	872,910	886,890

IMPORTS.

Year.	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	95,641	88,399	139,898	363,978
1918	76,691	136,424	164,217	377,332
1919	94,237	129,130	214,743	438,110
1920	204,639	197,924	228,240	630,803
1921	70,436	115,685	72,591	258,711
1922	83,695	106,164	74,593	266,452
1923	128,947	101,766	53,993	284,706
1924	83,600	120,510	68,181	272,291
1925	156,394	155,259	120,154	431,807
1926	126,511	148,538	111,434	386,483

EXPORTS.

Year.	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Else- where. £	Total. £
1917	289,293	27,409	163,851	480,553
1918	386,348	26,226	290,203	702,777
1919	323,642	98,626	210,101	637,369
1920	436,287	52,093	115,317	603,697
1921	165,950	60,689	52,578	279,217
1922	143,966	43,806	83,621	271,392
1923	137,152	36,445	84,131	257,728
1924	161,054	30,312	169,440	350,806
1925	171,768	27,210	235,105	434,083
1926	165,901	29,450	252,050	447,401

*Customs Revenue, 1926—73,530*l*.*

*Public Debt, at 31-12-26—223,670*l*.*

Executive Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
 The Colonial Secretary and Treasurer.
 The Attorney-General.
 Major H. E. Sutherland Richards, M.C.
 C. F. P. Renwick.

* Revenue and Expenditure figures are for the 12 months commencing 1st April up to 1918 inclusive, and in 1919 are for the nine months from 1st April to 31st December, 1919. Subsequent figures are for the calendar year.

Legislative Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
 The Colonial Secretary and Treasurer.
 The Attorney-General.
 The Chief Medical and Health Officer.
 The Chief of Police.
 The Superintendent of Public Works.
 The Postmaster.
 The Director of Education (provisional).
 A. W. Lawrie, K.C. (nominated).
 T. A. Marryshow (St. George's).
 D. A. McIntyre (St. John's and St. Mark's).
 C. F. P. Renwick (St. David's and South St. George's).
 C. H. Lucas (St. Andrew's).
 F. H. Copland (St. Patrick's and Carriacou).
 F. S. Noel (nominated).
 R. C. Fitt (nominated).

Governor.

Governor, Windward Islands, Sir Frederick S. James, K.B.E., C.M.G., 2,500*l*., and travelling expenses up to a limit of 500*l*.

Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary Major C. L. Mathews-Donaldson, M.B.E., 300*l*.

Chief Clerk, John M. Knight, M.B.E., 250*l*. to 300*l*. by 10*l*.

Clerk to Executive Council, J. M. Knight, M.B.E., 20*l*.

Clerk to Legislative Council, Terence Comissiong, 40*l*.

Secretariat.

Colonial Secretary and Registrar-General, Herbert Ferguson, C.B.E., 940*l*. and free quarters.

Chief Clerk, Terence Comissiong, 250*l*. to 300*l*. by 10*l*.

Second Clerk, L. J. Wilson, 150*l*. to 200*l*. by 5*l*.

Foreman Printer, R. Nedd, 130*l*. to 170*l*. by 5*l*. per annum, and 30*l*. personal allowance.

Treasury, Customs, Inland Revenue, and Savings Bank.

Treasurer, H. Ferguson, C.B.E., 120*l*. and 50*l*. forage allowance.

Chief Clerk, I. C. Beaubrun, 250*l*. to 300*l*. by 10*l*., allowance of 60*l*. as Commr. of Income Tax.

2nd Clerk, E. G. Knight, 125*l*. to 150*l*. and 50*l*. as Statistical Officer.

Revenue Officers:—

Chief Inland Revenue Officer, J. E. T. Brathwaite, 250*l*. to 315*l*. by 10*l*. per annum, and 80*l*. forage allowance.

Grenville, G. W. Rapier, 200*l*. to 250*l*. by 10*l*. and 50*l*. forage allowance.

First Class—

M. J. de Coteau, 200*l*. to 250*l*. by 10*l*. and 50*l*. duty allowance as Port Officer, 20*l*. personal and 50*l*. as Whaling Officer.

T. C. Gibbs, I. A. D. Preudhomme, 150*l*. to 200*l*. by 10*l*. and 50*l*. forage allowance.

Second Class—

N. Paterson, J. M. Clyne, L. O. Taylor, E. G. Gresham, E. D. McBurnie, C. B. Cyrus, 125*l*. to 150*l*. by 8*l*.

Post Office.

Postmaster, C. L. Wilson, 350*l*. to 420*l*. by 15*l*. and 50*l*. personal allowance.

Chief Clerk, H. J. Guthrie, 150*l*. to 175*l*. by 8*l*.

Audit.

Auditor, A. Pollard, 600*l*. to 600*l*. by 20*l*. as Auditor for the Windward Islands, and travelling allowance.

Audit Clerk, S. W. Brathwaite, 250*l*. to 315*l*. by 10*l*. per annum.

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per annum, 100% motor car allowance and quarters.

†Each District Medical Officer keeps a horse and a motor car for his duties and receives a motor car allowance of 100%. The Medical Officer stationed at Carriacou is allowed quarters.

At the period of its discovery St. Vincent was inhabited by the Caribs, and continued in their possession till 1635, when it was granted to the King of France to MM. de L'Olive and de La Roche. In 1639 the English formed their first settlement, but in the following year the colonists were murdered by the Caribs.

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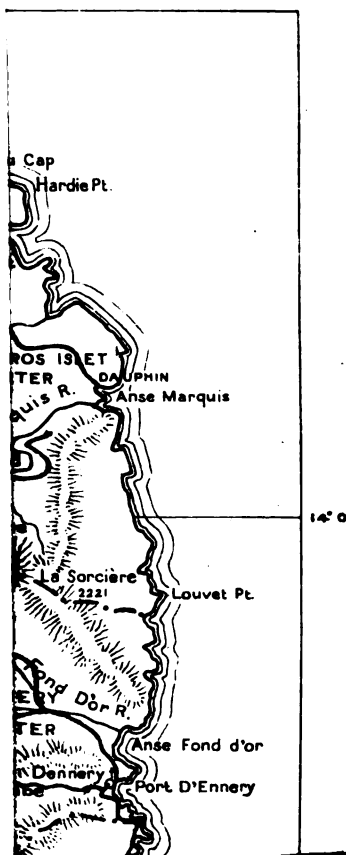
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Erland Richards, M.C.

Expenditure figures are for the 12 months ending 1st April up to 1918 inclusive, and for the nine months from 1st April to 30th June 1919. Subsequent figures are for the

and 50% personal allowance.
Chief Clerk, H. J. Guthrie, 150% to 175% by 8%.

Audit.

Auditor, A. Pollard, 600% to 600% by 20% as Audits for the Windward Islands, and travelling allowance.

Audit Clerk, S. W. Brathwaite, 250% to 315% by 10% per annum.

Works.

Superintendent of Works G. E. P. Gentle, 400*l.* to 450*l.* by 15*l.*, and 120*l.* travelling allowances.
Surveyor and Assistant Roads and Works Superintendent, W. R. Bertrand, 250*l.* to 300*l.* by 10*l.*, and 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Assistant Roads and Works Superintendent, C. Renwick, 200*l.* to 250*l.* by 10*l.* and 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Chief Clerk and Accountant, I. M. Redhead, 125*l.* to 150*l.* by 8*l.*

Medical.

Chief Medical and Health Officer, Major H. E. Sutherland Richards, M.C., 750*l.*, 50*l.* as Bacteriologist, 100*l.* motor car allowance.
Medical Officer, No. 1 District, † W. S. Mitchell, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*, and duty allowance of 50*l.* as Health Officer of the Port of St. George, additional.
District Medical Officers, † G. N. Alexis, D. B. B. Hughes, A. F. Hughes, J. E. Copland, L. S. Morgan, E. de J. McSweeney, J. W. Whiteman, 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.* each.
Resident Surgeon, Colony Hospital, V. L. Ferguson, 540*l.* to 600*l.* by 20*l.*
Matron, Colony Hospital, M. Veacock, 200*l.* and quarters.
Steward, Lunatic and Poor Asylum (vacant), 220*l.* and quarters.
Steward, Colony and Yaws Hospital, S. Macintosh, 150*l.* to 200*l.* and quarters.

Agricultural.

Agricultural Officer, W. O'Brien Donovan, 350*l.* and 100*l.* motor car allowance.

Police.

Chief of Police, Major E. E. Turner, 450*l.* to 500*l.* by 15*l.*, 50*l.* forage allowance, and quarters.

Prisons.

Superintendent of Prisons, Major E. E. Turner. (Is also Recorder of Meteorological Observations and receives 50*l.* as such).

Education.

Director of Education (vacant), 400*l.* to 500*l.* by 20*l.*, quarters.
Inspector of Schools, H. H. Pilgrim, B.A., 250*l.* to 300*l.* by 10*l.*, and free transport.

Boys' Secondary School.

Headmaster (vacant), salary as Director of Education.
Second Master, A. G. Hughes, B.A., 315*l.* and capitation fees.
Assistant Masters, E. C. Baptiste, 125*l.* to 150*l.*; E. C. M. Theobalds, 150*l.* to 200*l.*

Telephones.

Munvger, The Superintendent of Public Works (*ex-officio*), 50*l.*
Supervisor, H. Drummond, 200*l.* to 250*l.* by 10*l.* per annum, 100*l.* motor car allowance and quarters.

†Each District Medical Officer keeps a horse and a motor car for his duties and receives a motor car allowance of 100*l.* The Medical Officer stationed at Carriacou is allowed quarters.

Judicial.

Chief Justice J. S. Rae, 900*l.* free quarters or 50*l.* in lieu.
Attorney-General, N. J. Paterson, K.C., 800*l.*, without private practice.
Registrar of the Supreme Court, D. J. Garraway, 350*l.* to 420*l.* by 15*l.*, and fees.
Chief Clerk and Deputy Registrar, R. E. Taylor, 150*l.* to 200*l.* by 8*l.*
Police Magistrates and Coroner:
Southern District, T. W. S. Garraway, 500*l.*, and 100*l.* for travelling.
Carriacou District, The Commissioner of the Carriacou District (*ex-officio*).
Northern District, Capt. I. G. Wakely, M.C., 500*l.* and 100*l.* for travelling.

Carriacou District.

District Commissioner, H. A. Otway, 350*l.* to 420*l.* by 15*l.*, 50*l.* forage allowance, and quarters.
Overseer, J. M. Clyne, 125*l.* to 150*l.* by 8*l.*, 20*l.* duty allowance, and 50*l.* forage allowance.

Chief Ministers of Religion.

Anglican Church.—*Bishop*, The Right Rev. A. P. Berkeley, M.A., D.D.; *Archdeacon*, The Right Rev. V. Jackson, M.A., D.D.
Roman Catholic Church, Very Rev. V. A. King, O.P., V.G.
Wesleyan Church, Rev. G. B. Byer, Superintendent.
Church of Scotland, Rev. D. Macfarlane.

Consuls.

United States of America, John M. Gilchrist, Con. Agent.
France, John Barclay, Con. Agent.
United States of Venezuela, Señor Manuel Planchart, Consul (resident in Trinidad).

ST. LUCIA.**Situation and Area.**

The island of St. Lucia was discovered by Columbus, during his fourth voyage, on the 15th June, 1502. It is situated in 13° 54' N. lat., and 60° 59' W. long.; at a distance of 24 miles to the south-east of Martinique, and 21 to the north-east of St. Vincent. It is 27 miles in length, and 14 at its greatest breadth; its circumference is 150 miles, and its area 233 sq. miles, rather less than Middlesex. Near its northern extremity lies Pigeon Island, formerly a military post of some importance.

Castries, the capital of the island, contains about 1,422 houses, and a population of 5,899 according to the census of 24th April, 1921. Next in importance is the town of Soufrière, containing a population of 2,480.

History.

At the period of its discovery St. Lucia was inhabited by the Caribs, and continued in their possession till 1635, when it was granted by the King of France to M^{re}. de L'Olive and Duplessis. In 1639 the English formed their first settlement, but in the following year the colonists were all murdered by the Caribs.

In 1642 the King of France, still claiming a right of sovereignty over the island, ceded it to the French West India Company, who in 1650 sold it for 1,600*l.* to M.M. Honel and Du Parquet. After repeated attempts by the Caribs to expel the French, the latter concluded a Treaty of Peace with them in 1660.

In 1663, Thomas Warner, the natural son of the Governor of St. Christopher, made a descent on St. Lucia. The English continued in possession till the Peace of Breda in 1667, when the island was restored to the French. In 1674 it was re-annexed to the Crown of France, and made a dependency of Martinique.

After the Peace of Utrecht, in 1713, the rival pretensions of England and France to the possession of St. Lucia resulted in open hostility. In 1718 the Regent, d'Orléans, made a grant of the island to Marshal d'Estrees, and in 1722, the King of England made a grant of it to the Duke of Montague. In the following year, however, a body of troops, despatched to St. Lucia by the Governor of Martinique, compelled the English settlers to evacuate the island, and it was declared neutral.

In 1744, the French took advantage of the declaration of war to resume possession of St. Lucia, which they retained till the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle in 1748, when it was again declared neutral. In 1756, on the renewal of hostilities, the French put the island in a state of defence; but in 1762 it surrendered to the joint operations of Admiral Rodney and General Monckton. In the following year, by the Treaty of Paris, it was assigned to France.

St. Lucia continued in the peaceable possession of the French till 1778, when effective measures were taken by the British for its conquest. In the early part of 1782, Rodney took up his station in Gros Islet Bay, in St. Lucia, with a fleet of 36 sail of the line, and it was from thence that he pursued Count de Grasse, when he gained the memorable battle of the 12th of April in that year. This event was followed by the Peace of Versailles, and St. Lucia was once more restored to France.

In 1793, on the declaration of war against revolutionary France, the West Indies became the scene of a series of naval and military operations which resulted in the surrender of St. Lucia to the British arms on the 4th of April, 1794.

In 1796 the British Government despatched to the relief of their West Indian possessions a body of troops, 12,000 strong, under the command of Sir Ralph Abercrombie, supported by a squadron under Admiral Sir Hugh Christian. On the 26th April these forces appeared off St. Lucia, and after an obstinate and sanguinary contest, which lasted till the 26th May, the Republican party, which had been aided by insurgent slaves under Victor Hughes, laid down their arms, and surrendered as prisoners of war.

The British retained possession of St. Lucia till 1802, when it was restored to France by the Treaty of Amiens; but on the renewal of hostilities it surrendered by capitulation to General Greenfield on the 22nd June, 1803, since which period it has continued under British rule.

General Description.

On its final acquisition by the English, the island had become much depopulated, partly by war, but chiefly by internecine struggles, the fruits of the French Revolution. The recovery from this state of things has been slow, having been retarded by the severe epidemics of cholera and small-pox which

have at different times visited the West Indies. Each census, however, has shown an advance in this respect, and the population at 31 December, 1926, is estimated at 55,698. Most of the inhabitants speak a French *patois*, but English is gradually becoming more generally used. A very small percentage is of European descent, the remainder being of the negro race, except 2,189 of East Indian origin. The reputation of the island for peculiar unhealthiness is undeserved, the death rate for 1926 being 20.0 per 1,000, and for the year 1925 18.8 per 1,000. Certain spots situated in narrow valleys between high mountains are undoubtedly unhealthy, but are becoming less and less so as the forests fall before a yearly extending cultivation.

The danger from venomous reptiles is also much exaggerated. Owing to the introduction and spread of the mongoose, snakes are now but rarely met with. Among white inhabitants, consumption and other of the most fatal diseases of temperate climates are almost unknown. The temperature from December to April seldom exceeds 80° Fahr., even at midday, in spots situated a few hundred feet above the sea, and a fresh trade wind blows continuously. The scenery is of peculiar beauty, even as compared with that of other West India Islands, and in the neighbourhood of the Pitons has the less common element of grandeur. These are two cone-shaped rocks rising sheer out of the sea to a height of nearly 3,000 feet, and near them is the crater of a volcano and a *soufrière*, the ordinary characteristics of the Caribbean Cordillera.

Castries, the chief town, has an excellent harbour. Dredging operations have been carried out in the harbour, rendering it more commodious. A substantial concrete wharf, 650 feet in length, with a depth alongside of 27 feet at low water, has been completed, and the western wharf, having a length of 552 feet, has been refaced in wood, and dredged to an average depth alongside of 18 feet to 24 feet. The facilities offered by the port as a port of call and coaling station are widely recognised. It is a port of registry, and had, on 31st December, 1926, 15 vessels registered, of a total tonnage of 432 tons.

A Government savings bank was established in 1871, and has now 722 depositors, with 12,644*l.* to their credit on 31st December, 1926. Branch savings banks were opened at Soufrière and Vieux Fort in March, 1898, at Dennery and Gros Islet in November, 1905, and at Anse-la-Raye in December, 1906.

Constitution and Law.

Up to the period of the French Revolution, and after the restoration of order in 1800, the island was governed according to the law and ordinances of the French monarchy. The Courts of Justice were an inferior Court called the "*Sénéchaussée*," and a higher Court, called the "*Conseil Supérieur*," or Court of Appeal. The latter Court was composed of a President and twelve Councillors; the Governor often presided, and it was invested with certain executive and administrative functions.

The Government is now conducted by an Administrator (who is subordinate to the Governor of the Windward Islands), aided by an Executive Council. By an Order in Council dated 21st March, 1924, which came into operation on 1st December, 1924, a partly elective Legislative Council was constituted, consisting of six ex-officio members, three nominated unofficial members and three elected members. The island is divided into three electoral districts, each returning one

elected member. The first election under this constitution was held in March, 1925. Law is administered by a Chief Justice, from whom in civil cases there is an appeal to the West Indian Court of Appeal, and two magistrates, whose decisions are liable to review by the judge. In criminal cases tried in the Superior Court facts are decided upon by a jury of twelve as in England.

A code of civil law, the authors of which were Sir G. W. Des Voeux, G.C.M.G., and Mr. James Armstrong, C.M.G., became law in October, 1879. This code was framed upon the principles of the ancient law of the island, with such modifications as are required by existing circumstances. The Statute Law of the Colony was consolidated to 1916 by Mr. F. H. Collier, Chief Justice, who also edited the Commercial Code, 1916.

The revising and editing of the Criminal Law and Procedure of the Colony by Mr. J. E. M. Salmon was completed during 1920 and proclaimed as the Criminal Code, 1920. It came into force on the 1st January, 1921

Education.

On the 30th June, 1891, the trustees of the Lady Mico charity closed the eleven schools which they had till then maintained, and withdrew their connection with the Colony. Three of these schools became Government schools, and the others assisted schools under the new Education Ordinance. In 1898 all the Government schools were handed over to the Roman Catholic body, and became assisted schools. There were, on the 31st December, 1926, 49 assisted schools. Of these, four were Anglican, three Wesleyan and 42 Roman Catholic. The number of children on the rolls was 8,564, with an average attendance of 5,729, and the amount spent by the Colony on primary education was 5,220/. The Government grants 400/. a year to a Roman Catholic second-grade school, which has over 100 boys on the roll; the Sisters of St. Joseph conduct a similar school for Girls. The number of pupils on the roll is 130 and a Government grant of 175/. is made to the school annually.

Industry.

Sugar, rum, cocoa, logwood, cocoanuts, limes, bananas, Bay oil, Bay rum, and spices are produced. There are four sugar "Usines" with the best machinery, and the export of cocoa is increasing. Limes are being extensively planted, and a Government Factory has been erected in Castries, with the object of encouraging the establishment of the industry among small proprietors, at which limes and lime-juice are purchased at market rates. Rubber and cotton grow well, and samples of the former prepared at the Botanic Station, from trees growing there, have received favourable reports.

A considerable amount of land is in the possession of the Crown, and may be purchased in lots up to and including 50 acres, at \$1 per acre, and for every acre beyond 50 at 10/- per acre, payable by four equal annual instalments. In the event of a certain area being put into permanent cultivation before the due date of the last instalment, that instalment may be remitted. Under the Crown Lands Regulations, the period over which (in certain cases) the payment of the purchase money may be spread is ten years. The soil will grow any kind of tropical fruit trees or economic plants.

Surveys are made at the cost of the purchaser.

Population.

Census	1901—49,883
"	1911—48,637
"	1921—61,505

Public Debt at 31st Dec., 1926—206,609/.

Customs Revenue, 1926—£35,820.

FINANCES. SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
1917-18	70,576	81,234	1,145,055	1,712,014
1918-19	73,284	77,916	962,526	1,319,836
1919	72,242	63,175	875,645	1,219,397
1920	99,147	94,353	956,780	1,190,438
1921	74,177	102,928	659,617	790,711
1922	64,885	91,012	674,151	851,303
1923	79,047	90,720	803,879	1,030,595
1924	72,888	89,990	738,771	966,113
1925	75,555	85,082	890,015	1,106,097
1926	83,379	84,488	848,997	1,071,967

Year.	From U.K. £	From Colonies. £	From Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	64,241	57,087	295,640	416,968
1918	59,433	67,889	237,341	368,123
1919	55,817	80,300	181,867	322,769
1920	130,604	85,327	303,573	528,004
1921	66,348	61,260	82,799	217,607
1922	38,314	50,590	92,938	189,000
1923	65,541	63,821	114,021	249,599
1924	55,920	65,101	105,370	223,447
1925	86,114	66,941	114,708	277,013
1926	62,399	62,515	121,506	252,236

Year.	To U.K. £	To Colonies. £	To Elsewhere. £	Total. £
1917	69,668	32,347	36,805	337,195
1918	147,319	11,897	39,250	362,785
1919	161,114	33,011	35,730	431,259
1920	184,476	47,930	34,581	465,412
1921	64,825	27,880	71,444	228,882
1922	85,251	39,890	22,327	175,479
1923	67,135	60,917	24,144	203,232
1924	103,473	50,858	28,051	233,965
1925	97,907	39,593	27,280	243,207
1926	62,421	70,822	41,595	251,705

Administrators of St. Lucia, since 1900.

1900	Sir H. L. Thompson, K.C.M.G.
1902	Sir George Melville, K.C.M.G.
1905	P. C. Cork, C.M.G.
1909	E. J. Cameron, C.M.G.
1914	Douglas Young, C.M.G.
1915	The Hon. Gideon Murray.
1918	Lieut.-Col. W. B. Davidson-Houston, C.M.G.
1928	C. W. Doorly.

Executive Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
The Treasurer.
W. V. Degazon.
George Barnard.
Clerk, V. F. Drayton.

c April—Dec., 1919.

f Includes Parcel Post, 2,400/.

g	"	"	4,788/.
h	"	"	8,506/.
i	"	"	7,100/.
j	"	"	7,158/.
k	"	"	6,216/.
l	"	"	8,358/.
m	"	"	9,350/.
n	"	"	5,161/.

Includes Bunker Coal and Ships' Stores.

Legislative Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
 The Colonial Secretary.
 The Attorney-General.
 The Treasurer.
 The Registrar of the Royal Court.
 The Chief Medical Officer.
 The Inspector of Schools.
 The Superintendent of Works (Provisional Member).
 W. V. Degazon, Nominated Member.
 George Barnard, Nominated Member.
 Gabriel Laffitte, M.B.E., Nominated Member.
 T. G. Westall, Elected Member, Northern District.
 George Palmer, Elected Member, Eastern District.
 Clerk, V. F. Drayton.

Civil Establishment.

Administrator of the Government and Colonial Secretary, C. W. Doory, 1,100*l.* and 200*l.* entertainment allowance.
 Chief Clerk, V. F. Drayton, 250*l.* to 300*l.*
 2nd Clerk (vacant), 125*l.* to 175*l.*

Treasury, Customs, and Inland Revenue Department.

Treasurer and Collector of Customs, G. D. Mackie, M.B.E., 350*l.* to 440*l.* with allowance of 33*l.* for management of Succession Duty.
 Chief Clerk and Accountant, J. B. D. Osbourne, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
 2nd Clerk, F. N. Theobalds, 125*l.* to 150*l.*
 Chief Revenue Officer and Tax Officer, Lucas Templeman Kerr, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
 First Revenue Officer, V. Girard, 150*l.* to 200*l.* (and fees, with 25*l.* personal allowance).
 Revenue Officers, A. L. Chastanet, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and fees; C. H. R. King, 100*l.* to 120*l.* and fees; R. J. Harris, 80*l.* to 100*l.* and fees; M. H. Mercier, 60*l.* to 80*l.* and fees.
 Revenue Officer and Keeper of Spirit Warehouse, B. J. Beaubrun, 125*l.* to 150*l.*, and personal allowance 30*l.*
 Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Dennery, P. A. Tirais, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and 48*l.* horse allowance.
 Revenue Officer, Gros Islet (vacant), horse and subsistence allowance.
 Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Soufriere, J. H. L. Volney, 200*l.* to 250*l.*
 Sub-Collector and District Govt. Officer, Vieux Fort, V. P. Theobalds, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and travelling allowance 48*l.*
 Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Micoud, O. R. Richmond, 125*l.* to 150*l.* and forage allowance 48*l.*

Audit Department.

Auditor for W. Islands A. Pollard (contribution).
 Audit Clerk, A. R. A. Beaubrun, 200*l.* to 250*l.*

Harbour Master's Department.

Harbour Master, Shipping Master and Pilot, (vacant) (Capt. F. B. Sharp, Inspector of Police, acting, allowance of 100*l.*)

Postal Department.

Postmaster (vacant).
 Chief Clerk, J. J. Auguste, 125*l.* to 150*l.*

Colonial Engineer's Department.

Superintendent of Works, Staff Surveyor and Commissioner of Crown Lands, R. A. McNamara, 350*l.* to 400*l.*, and transport allowance 100*l.*

Assistant Works and Roads Superintendent, 200*l.* to 250*l.* and transport allowance 100*l.*
 Draughtsman, J. F. Myers, 150*l.* to 165*l.*
 Chief Clerk and Storekeeper, E. A. Blanchard, 125*l.* to 150*l.*
 Superintendent of Telephones, A. Maycock, 100*l.*, and 48*l.* forage allowance.

Judicial.

Chief Justice, Captain Oliver Plunkett, 700*l.*
 Attorney-General and Registrar of Royal Court, Registrar of Deeds and Mortgages, Sheriff, Registrar of Civil Status, Registrar of Agricultural Credit Societies, Registrar of Friendly Societies and Assistant Magistrate, 1 District, J. E. M. Salmon, 600*l.*, and 150*l.* personal allowance.
 Chief Clerk to Registrar, J. A. E. Boucher, 150*l.* to 200*l.*
 Magistrate, 1st District, H. W. Steele, 440*l.*
 Magistrate, 2nd and 3rd Districts, F. W. Therman, 300*l.*
 Clerks to the Magistrates and District Courts —
 1st District, O. H. H. Giraudy, 125*l.* to 150*l.*
 2nd District, C. N. Raggie, 80*l.* to 100*l.* (is also assistant to Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Soufriere.
 3rd ditto, H. French, 60*l.* to 80*l.* (is also assistant to Sub-Collector and District Government Officer, Vieux Fort).
 Administrator-General of Vacant Successions, &c., J. E. M. Salmon (fees payable to Treasury).

Medical.

Chief Medical Officer (vacant), 600*l.* to 700*l.*
 Medical Officers, C. B. Dear, J. T. de Coteau, J. L. Bristol, L. P. Greson, 400*l.* to 500*l.*, with transport allowances of 50*l.* in the case of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd, and 60*l.* in that of the 4th, 5th and 6th Districts.
 Chief Sanitary Inspector, F. D. Rogers, 150*l.* to 200*l.*, 45*l.* forage allowance, and 24*l.* subsistence allowance.
 Resident Surgeon, Victoria Hospital, Bacteriologist, and Medical Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum (vacant), 500*l.* and quarters.
 Matron, Victoria Hospital, Mrs. A. Portage, M.B.E., 175*l.*, and personal allowance 65*l.*, and quarters.

Agricultural.

Agricultural Superintendent, E. A. Walters, 350*l.* to 400*l.*, house allowance 42*l.* and forage allowance 48*l.*
 Assistant Agricultural Superintendent, R. Niles, 215*l.* and 48*l.* forage allowance.

Police and Gaols.

Chief of Police, D. I. Kerr, 300*l.* to 350*l.*, 48*l.* forage allowance, and 50*l.* as Inspector of Prisons.
 Inspector, Captain F. B. Sharp, 200*l.* to 250*l.*, free quarters.

Education Department.

Inspector of Schools (vacant), 350*l.*, house or allowance in lieu of 50*l.*, and transport allowance 48*l.*

Ecclesiastical.

Anglican Minister of Trinity Church, Castries, Revd. R. J. Laurie, B.A.
 Roman Catholic Vicar-General, Very Rev. Fr. J. B. Dugast.
 Curé of Castries, Rev. Fr. J. M. Claustra.
 Wesleyan Minister, Castries, Rev. H. H. Cole.

*St. Lucia Volunteers.**Officer Commanding (vacant).**Captain, W. B. Harris.**Lieutenant, G. S. E. Gordon.**Foreign Consuls.**Brazil, G. M. Peter.**France, H. de Minville (Con. Agent).**Netherlands, H. de Minville.**Norway, L. Devaux (Vice-Consul).**Portugal, George Barnard (Honorary Consul).**United States of America, William Peter (Con. Agent).**Sweden, G. M. Peter (Vice-Consul).**Venezuela, Senor M. Planchart (residing at Grenada).*

ST. VINCENT.

Situation and Area.

The Island of St. Vincent is popularly supposed to have been discovered by Columbus on the 22nd of January, 1498. It is situated in 13° 10' N. latitude, and 60° 57' W. longitude, at a distance of 21 miles to the south-west of St. Lucia, and 100 miles west of Barbados. It is 18 miles in length, and 11 in breadth, and contains about 96,000 acres of land, about half the area of Middlesex. Most of the Grenadines, a chain of small islands lying between Grenada and St. Vincent, are comprised within the government of the latter island. The principal is Bequia, situated at a distance of 9 miles from Kingstown.

General Description.

Kingstown, the capital of St. Vincent, is situated at the side of an extensive bay, at the south-western extremity of the island. It consists of three principal streets, each about a mile long, running parallel with the beach, and contained at the census of 1921, a population of 3,836 souls. It is a port of registry, and had, on 31st December, 1926, 26 vessels of a net tonnage of 585 tons.

There are five other small towns in the island, the most important being Georgetown on the north-east, and Barrouallie on the west.

The most striking natural feature of the island is its "Soufrière," or volcano, situated at the northern extremity of the island, and rising to about 4,048 feet above the level of the sea. After a violent eruption in 1812, it remained dormant for a period of ninety years, and then broke into violent eruption again on May 7th, 1902, when the entire northern half of the island was devastated, and nearly 2,000 lives were lost. The eruption synchronised with that of Mont Pelée in Martinique which destroyed the town of St. Pierre. The "Soufrière" remained intermittently active throughout 1902, and there was a further eruption in March, 1903, since when it has remained quiescent.

The whole island is of volcanic origin. A backbone of densely wooded and almost impassable mountains traverses it from the "Soufrière" at its northern end to Mount St. Andrew (2,500 ft.), dominating the Kingstown valley at its southern extremity. This range sends off spurs on each

side, cutting up the island into a series of valleys, trending east and west from the central range to the coast. There is a somewhat level tract called the Carib Country at the north-east of the island, between the "Soufrière" and the sea. This district formerly comprised the most fertile sugar estates. The next highest point after the "Soufrière" in the range is Richmond Peak, 3,539 feet high. The streams are numerous but small, except after heavy rains; the principal is the Richmond River.

In September, 1898, the island was visited by a severe hurricane, which caused widespread destruction, and reduced large numbers of the inhabitants to destitution. In September, 1921, the island was again struck by a hurricane which, although not as violent as its predecessor, did considerable damage to property and crops, entailing considerable hardship on the populace and necessitating the expenditure by Government of 3,288*l.* on relief measures.

Climate.

In the dry season, January to May, the climate is charming. In the wet season, and especially from August to November, the climate is damp and hot, but not at all unhealthy, and fever is almost unknown. The nights are cool all the year round. The rainfall during 1926 was 78·86 inches. The highest reading of the thermometer during the same year was 82·1° F., the lowest 78·6° F., the mean monthly temperature being 80·7° F. in the shade. The prevailing wind is N.E.

Industry and Communications.

Sugar, syrup, rum, cocoa, and excellent arrow-root are produced. The cultivation of coconuts, ground nuts and spices is also attracting attention, and Sea Island cotton, the best in the Empire, is extensively planted, for the ginning of which a Government Ginnery has been erected. Most of the sugar and all the arrowroot mills are worked by water power. A large proportion of the cultivable land is owned by a few individuals; portions of Crown lands, have been alienated to peasant proprietors, and several estates have been purchased by the Government with the aid of an Imperial grant and allotted to the same class of settlers. The forests produce excellent woods. There are 65 miles of highway running round the island, for the most part close to the coast, but on the leeward coast communication is mainly by boat, and nearly all the produce is water borne. There are also some 300 miles of byway connecting with the highway.

The port of Kingstown is visited fortnightly by steamers of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine Ltd., and the R.M.S.P. Coy.; monthly by steamers of the Colombian Line and occasionally by steamers of the Harrison Line.

A telephone system has been established, having 1 central and 3 branch exchanges, with 219 connections and some 188 miles of line.

History.

At the time of its discovery, St. Vincent, like some of the other small islands, was inhabited by the Caribs, who continued in the undisputed possession of it until 1627, when the King of England made a grant of the island to the Earl of Carlisle. In 1660 it was declared neutral, and in 1672 it was granted to Lord Willoughby.

No steps, however, appear to have been taken to form a settlement on the island, and the English and French came to an agreement to abandon the Islands of Dominica and St. Vincent to the Caribs, on condition of their renouncing all claim to the other islands.

In 1722 George I. made a grant to the Duke of Montague of some of the West India Islands, including St. Vincent.

From statistics of the year 1740 it appears that the white inhabitants then amounted to about 800, and the slaves to 3,000, producing commodities for exportation to the value of 63,625*l*.

In 1748 St. Vincent was declared neutral by the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle. In 1756, however, hostilities were renewed, and the island was taken in 1762 by General Monckton; and by the Treaty of Paris in the following year it was ceded to Great Britain, when General Melville was appointed Governor.

By a treaty, which was concluded in February, 1773, an extensive district of St. Vincent was allotted to the Caribs (who for some time had been in a state of open rebellion) on condition of their laying down their arms and acknowledging the King of Great Britain as the rightful sovereign of the island.

In 1779 the island surrendered to the French. The following year has been rendered memorable by the occurrence of the greatest hurricane of which there is any record in West Indian annals. By the Treaty of Versailles in 1783, St. Vincent was restored to Great Britain.

From this period to the breaking out of the French Revolution the island appears to have enjoyed comparative prosperity and peace; but in 1795 the Caribs and their allies (the French) again overran the country, burning the cane-fields, plundering the houses, and mercilessly murdering the English colonists. This state of things continued till the arrival of the "Zebra" sloop of war, with succours from Martinique, then the British headquarters.

The contest was carried on, with alternations of good and ill fortune, until the arrival of Sir Ralph Abercrombie with reinforcements in June, 1796. After an obstinate struggle the insurgents surrendered at discretion. The Government, in anticipation of such an event, had resolved that the Caribs should be transported to the Island of Ruatan, in the Bay of Honduras; and accordingly, on the 11th March, 1797, the necessary transports having been provided, the Caribs, to the number of 5,080, were embarked at Bequia, and sailed for their appointed destination.

In 1834 the apprenticeship system was established, and was followed in 1838 by unconditional emancipation of the negro slaves. The year 1846 witnessed the first introduction of Portuguese labourers, a class of immigrants who amounted in a few years to 2,400, and have proved a valuable addition to the general population of the island.

St. Vincent received its first East Indian Coolie labourers in 1861. Most of them returned to India, but some made their home in the Colony.

Constitution.

The Government of St. Vincent originally consisted of a Governor, Council, and Assembly.

The Council consisted of twelve members, one half of whom were named in the Governor's

Commission, and the remainder appointed on his recommendation. The Assembly was composed of nineteen members, including two for the Grenadines. In 1856 an Executive Council was created, consisting of ten members, five from the Legislative Council, and five from the Assembly. In 1869 this Council was re-modelled, with the addition of an Administrative Committee, selected by the Governor and composed of three members—one from the Legislative Council, and two from the Assembly. This Act of 1869 had, however, a duration of only five years.

The constitution, however, was found no longer suited to the altered circumstances of the Colony, and in 1867 the Legislative Council and House of Assembly were abrogated, and a single Legislative Assembly was created instead thereof. This Assembly was composed of 12 members, viz.:—three *ex officio*, three nominated by the Crown, and six elected by the people. (The number of electors registered for the year 1874 was only 388.)

But this constitution also was abrogated by an Act of the Local Legislature (confirmed by an Imperial Act, 39 & 40 Vict. c. 47), by which the future modelling of the constitution was left to the Crown. Until 1st December 1924, the Legislative Council consisted of official and unofficial members nominated and appointed by the Crown.

By an Order in Council dated 21st March, 1934, which came into operation on 1st December, 1924, a partly elective Legislative Council was constituted, consisting of the Governor, four *ex officio* members, one nominated unofficial member and three elected members. The Island is divided into three electoral districts, each returning one elected member.

The several courts of the Colony were, by an Ordinance of the Local Legislature passed in 1880, consolidated into one court, styled the Supreme Court of Judicature. The Chief Justice of the Colony is the sole Judge of this court.

Education.

There were, on 31st December, 1926, 28 primary schools, with 5,407 children on the rolls. The average attendance during 1926 was 2,892. There is also a government secondary school for boys, and a high school for girls.

An Island Scholarship is awarded biennially tenable for from three to five years at an approved University. Annual value 250*l*. and cost of passage.

The Government expenditure on primary education in 1926 was 3,449*l*.

Savings Bank.

A savings bank was established in 1866, and had 729 depositors, with 14,561*l*. deposited, on 31st December, 1926. Branches of the bank have been opened at Georgetown, Barrouallie, and Union Island.

Administrators of St. Vincent since 1888.

R. B. Llewelyn	April 1888
Captain J. C. Maling, C.M.G.	11 July 1889
Col. J. H. Sandwith, C.B.	4 July 1893
H. L. Thompson, C.M.G.	12 Mar. 1896
Edw. John Cameron, C.M.G.	14 May 1901
The Hon. C. Gideon Murray	27 May 1909
R. Popham Lobb, C.M.G.	8 June, 1915
R. Walter, C.M.G.	13 April 1923

Year.	FINANCES.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure.	British Tonnage.	Total Tonnage.
	£	£		
1917-18	37,535	34,555	335,679	335,931
1918-19	42,488	36,597	211,427	211,917
1919	34,111	35,361	313,216	313,599
1920	59,221	52,305	342,996	346,896
1921	53,806	56,221	345,607	346,923
1922	49,289	46,851	354,528	356,070
1923	52,031	48,394	363,061	376,325
1924	60,893	53,887	392,723	476,434
1925	62,450	53,190	357,163	418,774
1926	60,243	59,282	373,202	416,136

Year.	IMPORTS.			
	From U.K.	From other parts of British Empire.	From Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	36,462	43,136	42,486	122,084
1918	53,114	39,470	42,115	134,699
1919	58,121	69,735	57,272	185,128
1920	83,518	96,500	77,212	257,230
1921	39,058	57,470	48,015	144,543
1922	30,279	50,748	47,559	128,586
1923	41,147	56,587	40,943	138,677
1924	51,834	63,463	44,731	160,028
1925	75,914	72,066	63,937	211,907
1926	67,425	69,694	66,487	203,606

Year.	EXPORTS.			
	To U.K.	To other parts of British Empire.	To Elsewhere.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1917	58,276	35,989	6,702	100,967
1918	144,618	44,316	4,844	193,778
1919	87,523	57,612	4,614	149,749
1920	216,642	82,292	716	299,650
1921	85,280	45,030	429	130,739
1922	57,801	50,577	812	109,190
1923	73,270	55,509	2,592	131,371
1924	84,521	58,621	7,720	150,862
1925	167,116	50,666	14,650	232,432
1926	92,576	48,578	21,755	162,909

Public Debt, 31st December, 1926—9,730l.

Customs Revenue, 1926—29,642l.

Population.

Census	1911	.	.	.	41,877
Census	1921	.	.	.	44,447

Executive Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
The Treasurer.
Digby Hadley.
A. M. Fraser.
Clerk, A. V. Spence.

† The figures are for the calendar year.

Legislative Council.

The Officer Administering the Government.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Attorney-General.
The Treasurer.
The Chief Medical and Health Officer.
A. M. Punnett, Nominated Member.
A. M. Fraser, Elected Member, Leeward Dist.
W. M. Grant, Elected Member, Kingstown „
J. M. Gray, Elected Member, Windward „
Clerk, A. V. Spence.

Civil Establishment.

Administrator of the Government and Colonial Secretary, R. Walter, C.M.G., 1,000l.
Chief Clerk, Government Office, A. V. Spence, 200l. to 300l.
2nd Clerk, Government Office (vacant).
Foreman Printer, G. Winsborrow, 125l.

Treasury, Customs and Audit.

Treasurer, Collector of Customs, Chief of Excise, etc., J. H. Otway, 420l., personal allowance 50l.
1st Clerk, Treasury, R. A. Horne, 150l. to 200l., personal allowance 30l.
2nd Clerk, C. B. Isaacs, 120l. to 150l.
Chief Revenue, Excise and Post Officer, L. P. Spence, 150l. to 200l.
1st Class Revenue Officers, E. G. S. Inniss and J. V. Venner, 100l. to 130l.
Auditor, Windward Islands, A. Pollard, 500l. to 600l.
Audit Clerk, E. A. Munro, 150l. to 200l., personal allowance 50l.

Police and Prisons.

Chief of Police, Superintendent of Prison and Chief Relieving Officer, Major H. G. Grist, 300l. to 350l., and 45l. horse allowance and free quarters.
Sub-Inspector, Lieut. G. E. E. Williams, 200l. to 250l. and free quarters.

Judicial.

Chief Justice (vacant).
Attorney-General and Registrar, Supreme Court, N. H. Turton, 500l.
Chief Clerk to Attorney General, etc., S. C. Connell, 200l. to 250l.
Police Magistrates:—
1st District (vacant) (paid as Chief Justice).
2nd District, W. E. Howard-Flanders, 300l. to 350l., and 80l. travelling allowance.
3rd District, E. A. O. Sardine (See Southern Grenadines District).

Medical.

Chief Medical and Health Officer, Dr. Stanley Branch, 500l. to 600l., 60l. travelling allowance and free quarters.
District Medical Officers, E. Greaves, H. B. Gregory, Robert Bonello, E. D. B. Charles, J. W. Gallwey, A. F. H. Stewart, 400l. to 450l. with travelling allowances ranging from 60l. to 90l.
Resident Surgeon, Colonial Hospital A. E. Slinger, 400l. to 450l. and house allowance of 36l.

*Nurse-Matron, Colonial Hospital, Miss J. A. Pollard, 180*l.* to 200*l.* and 10*l.* uniform allowance and free quarters.*

*Steward and Chief Dispenser, Colonial Hospital, E. T. Young, 125*l.* and 40*l.* personal allowance. Chief Sanitary Inspector, J. L. Chapman, 250*l.* to 275*l.* and 50*l.* travelling allowance.*

Educational.

*Headmaster, Secondary School, F. W. Reeves, M.A., Cantab, 250*l.* to 300*l.*, quarters, and capitation fees.*

*Assistant Master, Secondary School, W. M. Lopey, B.A. (Durham), 150*l.* to 200*l.* and capitation fees, and 15*l.* house allowance.*

*Science Master, Secondary School, O. D. C. Potter, 150*l.* to 225*l.**

*Head Mistress, Girls' High School, Miss M. E. Went, 120*l.* to 150*l.*, quarters and capitation fees.*

*Inspector of Schools, J. E. Blackman, B.A. (Durham), 200*l.* to 250*l.* and 60*l.* travelling allowance.*

Public Works, Surveys, and Crown Lands.

*Superintendent of Works, W. E. Dolly, 350*l.* to 400*l.*, and 100*l.* travelling allowance.*

*Assistant Superintendent of Works and Roads, S. B. Isaacs, 250*l.* to 300*l.* and 75*l.* travelling allowance.*

Postal Department.

*Postmaster, P. L. Hutchinson, 200*l.* to 250*l.* and 50*l.* personal.*

*Chief Clerk, F. V. Jacobs, 125*l.* to 150*l.**

Supervisor of Telephones, W. E. Dolly (included in duties of Superintendent of Works).

Agricultural Department.

*Agricultural Superintendent, T. Jackson, 350*l.* to 400*l.*, 50*l.* horse and travelling allowance and free quarters.*

*Manager, Government Cotton Ginnery, C. H. Findlay, 200*l.* to 250*l.**

Southern Grenadines District.

*District Officer and Magistrate, E. A. O. Sardine, 200*l.*, 25*l.* travelling and subsistence allowance, and 30*l.* duty allowance and free quarters.*

Ecclesiastical.

Chief Ministers of Religion:—

Church of England, Rev. H. G. Pigott.

Church of Scotland Minister, Rev. Dr. D. McPhail.

Wesleyan Minister, Rev. T. Huckerby.

Roman Catholic Priest, Rev. Father D. Carlos Verbeke, O.S.B.

Foreign Consuls.

Belgium, J. de Neeff (Havana, Cuba).

France, F. L. F. Tellier (Trinidad).

Norway, J. Brunchorst (Havana, Cuba).

Venezuela, M. Planchart (Barbados).

Italy, J. Salvatori (Trinidad).

Netherlands, H. De Minvielle (St. Lucia).

Latvia, Gabriel Descompe (Trinidad).

Germany, Paul Urioh (Trinidad).

ZANZIBAR.

Situation and Area.

The island of Zanzibar is situated in 6° S. latitude and is separated from the mainland by a channel 22½ miles across at its narrowest part. It is 53 miles long by 24 broad (maximum measurements), and has an area of 640 square miles. To the north-east at a distance of some twenty-five miles lies the island of Pemba in 5° S. latitude. It is smaller than Zanzibar, being 42 miles long by 14 broad (maximum measurements), and having an area of 380 square miles.

Climate.

The annual rainfall amounts approximately in Zanzibar to 56 inches and in Pemba to 75 inches. The rainy seasons are well defined: the heavy rains occur in April and May previous to the setting in of the south-west monsoon, the light rains in November and December before the recurrence of the north-east monsoon. The mean maximum temperature in Zanzibar is 84° F. and the mean minimum 76° F. The corresponding figures for Pemba are 83° 6' and 73° 2' respectively.

People.

The Arabs were the conquerors of the islands. They founded the clove industry and still possess considerable property in plantations. They understand the natives and the natives understand them and accept their control and that of Europeans more readily than that of other races.

The bulk of the native population numbering 186,000 is known by the generic name of Swahili, a term formerly used to denote the Bantu coast tribes from Somaliland to Mozambique, "sawahl" in Arabic meaning "coasts." This general appellation includes the descendants of the early settlers of the island of Zanzibar who intermarried with negro women. They are called Wahadimu and live on the eastern and southern portions of the islands. A quiet shy people, occupied mainly in the cultivation of native crops and fishing, they rarely move from their homes except to pick cloves. The name Swahili also includes the descendants of the early settlers in Pemba who are known as Wapemba. These people engage chiefly in agriculture but raise a smaller variety of native crops than the Wahadimu. Many of them own clove and coconut plantations. They live in less seclusion than the natives on the larger island. Another tribe included in the term are the Watumbatu whose chief stronghold is Tumbatu Island. They are a very exclusive people but by no means shy. They go down to the sea and man most of the craft plying in Zanzibar waters.

There is in addition a considerable influx of various tribes from the mainland, of whom the Wanyamwezi are economically the most important, being now the chief source of supply for the weeding of plantations.

The non-native population numbers 31,000 of whom 16,500 are Arabs. The Khojas, Bohoras, Hindoos, Parsees and Goans possess most of the trade, either as merchants, shopkeepers, money-lenders, small traders or skilled mechanics.

History.

The beginnings of Zanzibar history are lost in antiquity. It appears more than probable that the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba were known to the ancient Egyptians, Phœnicians, Assyrians and Jews, but though the expedition of Necho

(C. 600 B.C.) doubtless passed the Islands it is not till the first century that the *Periplus* gives a description of one of them under the name of *Menuthias*. The Hindus appear to have settled at a very early date and traces of Greek colonisation are not lacking. From about the 7th Century B.C. the Islands appear to have had a close connection with the South Arabian States. Bantu settlers probably made their appearance during the first five centuries A.D., and thereafter for the next five hundred years or so came also traders from China and Malaya in addition to those from the Persian Gulf. The Coast was probably converted to Islam early in the 10th Century. The Zanj Empire was founded by Ali bin Hasani, a prince of Shiraz, about 975 A.D. but it soon broke up into separate states and, by the time the Portuguese began the conquest of the East African littoral, was already declining. It was during the sixteenth century that the Arabs of the East Coast sought the assistance of the Imams of Muscat to drive out the Portuguese, and the capture of Mombasa Fort in 1698 may be said to mark the downfall of Portuguese power north of Mozambique. On the ruins of the Portuguese power in the seventeenth century arose that of the Imams of Muscat. The allegiance to Muscat, however, was of a more or less nominal character until Seyyid Said, after having subdued his enemies on the mainland, transferred his capital to Zanzibar in 1832. On his death in 1856 a dispute as to the succession arising between his sons Seyyid Thwain of Muscat and Seyyid Majid of Zanzibar the African possessions were made independent and confirmed under Majid by an arbitration (dated 1861) of Lord Canning, then Governor-General of India.

Seyyid Said laid the foundations of Zanzibar's importance by transferring his capital from Muscat and making the island his permanent residence in the year 1832. Under his direction Zanzibar soon became both politically and commercially the principal native city in East Africa. "If you play on the flute at Zanzibar," says an Arab proverb of the period, "all Africa as far as the lakes dances." Said's son Majid was succeeded in 1870 by Barghash, the first of his race to be commonly known as Sultan of Zanzibar.

In the year 1890 the supremacy of British interests in the islands themselves was recognized by France and Germany, and they were declared a British Protectorate in accordance with conventions by which Great Britain waived all claims to Madagascar in favour of France and ceded Heligoland to Germany. In the same year the mainland possessions which extended over the coast of East Africa, from Warsheikh in 3° N. latitude to Tunghi Bay in 10°42' S. latitude were ceded to Italy, Great Britain, and Germany respectively, Great Britain and Italy paying rent for the territories under their protection, while Germany acquired the Sultan's rights by the payment of a sum of 200,000*l*. At a later date Italy also acquired these rights by payment of a sum of 144,000*l*.

In 1891 a regular government was constituted with a British representative as first minister. On the death of the Sultan in 1896 the palace was seized by a member of his family, Seyyid Khaled, and he compelled the latter's submission the palace was bombarded by British warships. In 1906, the British Government assumed more direct control over the Protectorate and reorganized the Government. In 1911 Seyyid Ali abdicated the throne and was succeeded by the present ruler,

Seyyid Khalifa bin Harub. On 1st July, 1913, the control of the Protectorate was transferred from the Foreign Office to the Colonial Office, legal effect being given to the change of administration in the following year.

The Government was vested in a High Commissioner, who was also Governor of the British East Africa Protectorate, and a British Resident.

A Protectorate Council, with His Highness as President, was established at the same time. It was of an advisory and consultative nature and ceased to exist in 1926 when Executive and Legislative Councils were constituted.

During the Great War a European Defence Force and a Native Carrier Corps were raised and many natives enlisted in the King's African Rifles. Zanzibar contributed £70,000 to the Imperial Government and \$245,000 was invested in War Loan. £19,000 was raised by public subscription for the British Red Cross Society.

Since the War the principal event has been the abolition of the High Commissionership in 1925. During the last few years great progress has been made in Education and the provision of improved means of transport. Much attention has been directed to the regeneration of the clove industry.

Industries and Trade.

Zanzibar is now the dominant partner in the clove industry, holding as it does about 93 % of the shares. The other partners are Penang, Amboyna and some other islands in the East Indian Archipelago, and Madagascar.

Authorities differ as to the date when and country from which the clove tree was first introduced into Zanzibar. Some say that it was brought from Réunion by an Arab at the end of the 18th century. Colonel Rigby, Her Majesty's Consul and British Agent, in his report on the Zanzibar dominions written in the year 1860, states "the first clove trees were introduced about 30 years ago from Mauritius; being found to thrive they were extensively planted and they have now become the most valuable production of these Islands."

To Seyyid Said belongs the credit of establishing and promoting the clove industry. Burton records that he threatened confiscation to those who did not plant three clove trees for every coconut and that the country was almost denuded of the latter to make room for cloves. In 1839-40 the output amounted to about 9,000 *frasilas*. (The *Frasila*, equivalent to 35 lbs., is the local measure of weight for cloves). In 1849 it had risen to *frasilas* 120,000. In 1859 *frasilas* 139,000, valued at 55,666*l*. were exported, and the average output during the next decade was *frasilas* 200,000, valued at about 85,000*l*. Owing to the increase in production the price had, however, fallen from \$5-36 to \$1-32.

In 1872, a hurricane of great violence swept over the Island of Zanzibar and destroyed two-thirds of the clove and coconut trees. Pemba, though touched by the hurricane, sustained little damage. The years following this disaster were years of short supply, high prices and intensive cultivation. The Pemba owners, actuated by motives of gain, hastened to cut down coconut trees on a wholesale scale throughout the island and to plant clove trees in their place. The Zanzibar owners, though temporarily ruined, set to work with commendable fortitude to replace the trees which the hurricane had destroyed, and ten years after the hurricane the normal output of cloves had not only been restored but increased.

Another event of great economic importance to the industry was the abolition of slavery. The industry was built up and for many years sustained on slave labour imported from the interior of Africa. In 1873 Seyyid Burgash entered into a treaty to suppress the sea-borne traffic in slaves and to close all public markets in his dominions for the buying or selling of imported slaves. Various treaties and legislative measures followed until the year 1897, when by a decree of Seyyid Hamoud the legal status of slavery was abolished. It may be noted parenthetically that in the year 1890 Great Britain assumed a protectorate over Zanzibar.

The history of labour subsequent to 1897 is a tale of shortage, disinclination on the part of the labour available to engage in any form of settled work, inability or disinclination on the part of the Arabs to pay money wages, and administrative effort to organize the available supply. The introduction of Indian labour was at one time or another canvassed but never materialized. In 1904 and 1906 and at other subsequent times recourse was had to recruitment of labour on the mainland. Mainlanders have also come voluntarily, settled in appreciable numbers, and are now the chief source of supply for cultivation of plantations. The situation has also doubtless been eased by the gradual passing of much property in plantations from Arabs to natives.

Since abolition of slavery no event of major economic consequence has occurred. There have been the usual ups and downs, but production has steadily increased.

The coconut industry ranks next in importance after cloves, the conditions in both Islands being favourable to the growth of the tree and its nut-bearing properties. It is estimated that there are about 45,000 acres under cultivation and 34 million trees in both Islands. The export of domestic copra, which is steadily increasing, amounted to 17,354 tons in 1928. Much is produced by the small grower or trader, neither of whom possesses proper drying facilities, with the result that the quality of the product compares unfavourably with that of Cochin and Ceylon.

The principal re-exports are rice and other grains, copra, ivory, and piece-goods.

The chief imports are fish (dried), ghee, rice, flour and other grains, groceries, sugar, tobacco, coal, copra, hides and skins, ivory, bags, sesame, petroleum, and piece-goods.

Currency and Banking.

The silver rupee of British India of the standard weight and fineness enacted in the Indian Coinage Act, 1906, is the standard coin of Zanzibar. All other silver coins of British India of the standard weight and fineness enacted in the Indian Coinage Act, 1906, are legal tender for the payment of an amount not exceeding 5 rupees. These coins are $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, and $\frac{1}{8}$ of a rupee. Seyyidieh copper pice are legal tender at the rate of 64 pice to 1 rupee for the payment of an amount not exceeding 5 rupees. There is a Government note issue of the denominations Rupees 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, and 500.

The National Bank of India, Ltd., and the Standard Bank of South Africa have branches in Zanzibar.

Shipping and Communications.

The port of Zanzibar is one of the finest in Africa, and was for long a main centre of commerce between India, Arabia, and the mainland. Of late years, however, the importance of Zanzibar

as a port of trans-shipment and distributing centre has largely decreased owing to the development of the mainland, to the opening up of the coast ports to direct steamship service with Europe, and to the transfer to Aden of the seat of trade with the Benadir coast. Recent figures, nevertheless, tend to indicate that the Island will continue, by reason of its geographical position, to retain control of the local traffic.

The British India Steam Navigation Company maintain a monthly service between London—Zanzibar—Beira, the Union Castle Mail Steamship Company a monthly service London—Zanzibar—London round Africa in alternate directions, the Clan—Ellerman—Harrison Line between Glasgow—Liverpool—Zanzibar—Beira (cargo only), the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes a fortnightly service Marseilles—Zanzibar—Madagascar, the German East Africa Line a monthly service Hamburg—Zanzibar—Hamburg round Africa in alternate directions, the Holland Africa Line a fortnightly service Rotterdam—Zanzibar—Rotterdam round Africa in alternate directions, the Compagnia Italiana Transatlantica a monthly service between Genoa and Zanzibar. The British India Steam Navigation Company also maintain a fortnightly service Bombay—Zanzibar—Durban, also a coastal service Lamu—Zanzibar—Mikindani, the Onaka Shosen Kaisha a monthly service Kobe—Zanzibar—Durban. Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros., maintain a fortnightly service between Zanzibar and Kisumu. The Government possesses two steamers which maintain regular weekly connection with Pemba and Dar-es-Salaam. Zanzibar has become a port of call in the itinerary of a number of large tourist steamers.

There is cable communication with Europe either via Aden or via Durban.

There are 120 miles of roads throughout the Island of Zanzibar and 50 miles in Pemba suitable for motor traffic. The Government maintains wireless stations in Zanzibar and Pemba and a telephone system in the town of Zanzibar which is connected with the District and Agricultural Stations in the country. A light railway runs north from the town to Bububu, 7 miles distant.

There are 7 post offices in the two Islands.

Constitution and Government.

The Government is administered by a British Resident, who is appointed by commission under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet, and exercises his functions under the Zanzibar Orders in Council, 1924 and 1925.

Legislation consists of the Decrees of the Sultan, and certain Imperial Statutes of general application. Many Indian Acts, such as Penal Code, Civil and Criminal Procedure, etc., have been adapted to local requirements and enacted in the form of Decrees. His Highness's decrees when countersigned by the British Resident under Article 42 of the Zanzibar Order-in-Council, 1924, are binding upon all persons. The Muhammadan Law, declared in civil matters to be the fundamental law of His Highness's Dominions, controls in some measure personal relationship and land tenure among the Islamic population.

There are Executive and Legislative Councils, established by the Sultan's Decree No. 1 of 1926. The former is presided over by H.H. the Sultan, and the latter by the British Resident. There

are three other ex-officio official members and five nominated. There are six unofficial members representing the various communities.

Justice, in cases in which persons subject to the Zanzibar Orders-in-Council, 1924 and 1925, are concerned, is administered by H.B.M.'s High Court and the Courts subordinate to it, and in other cases by H.H. the Sultan's Court for Zanzibar and the Courts subordinate to that Court. Subordinate Courts are held by Resident Magistrates, Administrative Officers, and Arab Kathis. In addition, District Courts, composed of benches of local headmen, exercise a limited criminal jurisdiction. An Appeal lies from the British Court and from the Zanzibar Court in the exercise of their original civil and criminal jurisdiction to His Majesty's Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa and thence to the Privy Council.

Statistics.

	REVENUE.		EXPENDITURE.
	£		£
1917 ...	297,746	...	259,961
1918 ...	387,371	...	271,874
1919 ...	407,505	...	323,418
1920 ...	330,212	...	403,808
1921 ...	455,773	...	385,252
1922 ...	426,418	...	508,789
1923 ...	589,224	...	480,137
1924 ...	492,527	...	451,731
1925 ...	578,023	...	542,994
1926 ...	449,037	...	649,876

PUBLIC DEBT. SINKING FUND.

£	£
100,000	100,976

IMPORTS. EXPORTS.

1926 ...	Ra. 24,503,269	...	Ra. 23,788,264
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SHIPPING ENTERED.*

	No.		Gross Tonnage.
1926 ...	5,442	...	2,322,525

POPULATION.

Males. Females. Children. Total.

†Europeans ...	180	92	23	295
†Asiatics ...	8,429	5,431	5,105	18,965
Natives including Arabs ...	78,255	76,324	48,086	202,665
				221,925

+ 1921 Census.

1924 Census: Zanzibar Island .	115,016
Pemba Island .	87,640

Executive Council.

H.H. the Sultan, *President*.
The British Resident, *Vice-President*.
The Chief Secretary.
The Treasurer.
The Attorney-General.

Legislative Council.

Official Members: The British Resident, The Chief Secretary, The Treasurer, The Attorney-General, The Senior Commissioner, The District Commissioner, Pemba, The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, The Director of Agriculture, The Director of Education.

* Figures for shipping cleared are the same.

Unofficial Members: Yusufali Esmailjee Jivanjee, Sheikh Suleiman bin Nasur el Lemki, M.B.E., Seyyid Salim bin Kindeh el Busaidi, W. Grasebrook, M.C., Khimji K. Sualy, Sheikh Suleiman bin Mbaruk el Mauli.

Clerk of Councils: A. T. O. Lees.

Civil Establishment.

British Resident, Sir A. C. Hollis, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., 2,400*l.* and 1,000*l.* duty allowance.

Secretariat.

Chief Secretary, R. H. Crofton, 1,600*l.*

Assistant Chief Secretary, J. T. Gilbert, 1,200*l.*

Assistant Secretary (vacant), 720*l.* to 920*l.*

Printing and Stationery.

Government Printer, J. T. Riches, 480*l.* to 720*l.*

Assistant Printer, C. H. Lewis, 390*l.* to 480*l.*

District Administration.

Senior Commissioner, Paul Sheldon, 1,200*l.*

District Commissioner, B. C. Johnstone, 1,200*l.*

2nd Grade Administrative Officers, J. S. Last, J. P. Jones, C. W. Seymour-Hall, Capt. G. H. Shelswell-White, Lieut. J. H. Vaughan, M.C., C. F. Battiscombe, D. W. Saunders-Jones, W. Addis, 475*l.* to 920*l.*; Lt. A. T. O. Lees, G. J. C. Taylor, 400*l.*

Treasury.

Treasurer, N. B. Cox, 1,400*l.*, and 50*l.* allowance as Currency Commissioner.

Audit Department.

Assistant Auditor-in-Charge, J. C. A. Jenks, 400*l.* to 500*l.*

Customs.

Comptroller of Customs, G. D. Kirsopp, 1,100*l.*

Assistant Comptroller of Customs, F. E. Irving, 840*l.* to 920*l.*

Assistant, H. L. Renwick, 425*l.* to 720*l.*

Marine Department.

Port Officer, Lieut.-Com. C. J. Charlewood, D.S.C., R.N.R., 960*l.*

Assistant Port Officer, Lieut.-Com. J. C. Derrick, R.N.R., 600*l.* to 720*l.*

Agricultural Department.

Director of Agriculture, V. H. Kirkham, 1,250*l.*, and 100*l.* as Government Chemist.

Assistant Director of Agriculture, A. C. Barnes, 840*l.* to 920*l.*

Assistant Government Chemist, L. W. Raymond, 600*l.* to 920*l.*

Agricultural Officers, H. Waterland, J. E. Baker, J. R. P. Soper, 480*l.* to 720*l.*

Manager of Government Plantation, Graham Tomson, 480*l.* to 720*l.*

Judicial and Legal Departments.

Courts.

Chief Justice, Sir Thomas S. Tomlinson, Kt., 1,600*l.* and 100*l.* personal.

Puisne Judge, A. N. Doorly, 1,350*l.*

Magistrates, G. K. Knight-Bruce, C. M. Reece, 600*l.* to 840*l.*

Registrar, Capt. H. R. Hone, M.C., 600*l.* to 720*l.*

Administrator-General's Department.

Administrator-General, J. Parnall, 1,000*l.*, 56*l.* (non-pensionable) allowance as Secretary to Waki Commission.

Assistant Administrators-General, A. R. Holiday, C. A. Gordon, 600*l.* to 720*l.*

Attorney-General's Department.

Attorney-General, C. B. Francois, 1,400*l.*

Police and Prisons Departments.

Commandant of Police and Governor of Prisons, Lt.-Col. W. H. Murphy, D.S.O., 1,100*l.*

Assistant Commandant of Police, L. E. Skinner, 840*l.* to 920*l.*

Superintendent (C.I.D.), B. Wardle, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Superintendents, W. Manning, Capt. A. D. McM. O'Morchoe, Capt. F. H. Bustard, 425*l.* to 600*l.*

Superintendent of Prisons, W. Inskip, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Bandmaster, G. Wright, 390*l.* to 480*l.*

Medical Department.

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, J. A. Taylor, 1,400*l.*

Senior Sanitation Officer, B. Spearman, 1,200*l.*

Surgical Specialist, S. M. Vassallo, 1,000*l.* to 1,100*l.*

Medical Officers, P. L. L. Craig, 700*l.*, J. M. Semple, W. A. Young, T. A. Austin, H. O. Watkins-Pitchford, W. H. Smith, 600*l.* to 920*l.*

Economic Biologist, W. Mansfield-Aders, 600*l.* to 920*l.*

Sanitary Superintendent, P. Cairns, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Matron of Hospitals, Miss A. E. Chambers, 300*l.* to 426*l.*

Nursing Sisters, Misses M. Gittins, G. M. Rainey, A. S. Milne, I. Pegg, V. I. Dargan, 240*l.* to 300*l.*

Education Department.

Director of Education, W. Hendry, 1,200*l.*

European Masters, G. B. Johnson, L. W. Hollingsworth, T. W. Hodkin, 600*l.* to 840*l.*

Superintendent of Industrial Section, A. A. Duckett, 600*l.* to 840*l.*

Public Works Department.

Director of Public Works, H. J. H. Stedman, 1,100*l.*, including 100*l.* personal allowance.

Assistant Director of Public Works, S. P. Bland, 840*l.* to 920*l.*

Temporary.

District Engineer, C. F. Chambers, 720*l.* to 840*l.*

Surveyor Draughtsman, S. T. Jenkins, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Overseer Mechanic, R. S. Wheatley, 390*l.* to 480*l.*

European Mechanic, H. Smith, 390*l.* to 480*l.*

Foreman of Works, A. I. Griffiths, W. G. Morley, 372*l.* to 426*l.*

Temporary Surveyor, G. B. Campbell, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Temporary Assistant Engineer, W. L. Thompson, 500*l.* to 600*l.*

Temporary Foremen of Works, D. T. Lewis, E. A. Fuller, W. H. W. Marshall, W. Layde, 400*l.*

Assistant Engineers, E. Wiltshire, R. Thompson, W. R. D. Crarey, 480*l.* to 720*l.*

Architect, P. C. Harris, 480*l.* to 720*l.*

Senior Surveyor, A. E. Adamson, 720*l.* to 840*l.*

Assistant Surveyor, I. B. Lewison, 480*l.* to 720*l.*

Accountant, P. A. H. Pettman, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Storekeeper, J. H. Bennett, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Superintendent of Water Works, E. Cuss, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Building Surveyor, W. J. Borrow, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Clerks of Works, W. P. Murray, W. H. Fraser, 390*l.* to 540*l.*

Railway and Electricity Department.

Director, R. Withycombe, M.B.E., 1,000*l.*, 200*l.* personal and pensionable allowance.

Assistant Director, S. W. Dyer, 640*l.* to 840*l.*

Assistant, W. H. Elston, 480*l.* to 600*l.*

Foreman, A. Roberts, 390*l.* to 480*l.*

APPENDIX.

This Appendix gives some account of Iraq (Mesopotamia), North Borneo, Sarawak, Trans-Jordan and certain miscellaneous British Possessions and Protectorates which are not included in the main portion of the Historical and Statistical Account above.

IRAQ.

Iraq, in the sense in which the name is used now, is that part of the former Ottoman Empire which stretches from Fao on the Persian Gulf to the junction of the Rivers Tigris and Khabur. It comprises the vilayets of Basra, Baghdad and Mosul.

The area of Iraq is 116,511 square miles. It is bounded on the north by the Turkish frontier, which was defined in a treaty between the United Kingdom, Iraq and Turkey, signed at Angora on June 5th, 1926. On the east, it is bounded by Persia. The frontier, the delimitation of which was completed by a Turko-Persian Commission in 1914, runs in the north through, and in the southern portion skirts, the Kurdish mountains which form the western edge of the Persian plateau, and descends 10 miles above Mohammerah to the Shatt-al-Arab, the river formed by the union of the Euphrates and the Tigris. On the south, Iraq is bounded by the Persian Gulf, the territory of Kuwait and the Nejd frontier as defined in a protocol to the Mohammerah Treaty between Iraq and Nejd, signed at Uqair in December, 1922; and on the south-west and west by the deserts of northern Arabia and Syria. On the north-west, the boundary between Iraq and Syria was provisionally settled by the Franco-British Convention of 23rd December, 1920. It runs from the Tigris at Falshkhabur to Albu Kamal on the Euphrates, and thence across the desert to Intar, south of Jabal Druz. Apart from the hill country in the north-east, Iraq mainly consists of great plains traversed by the Euphrates and the Tigris. The country between these rivers

is divided into two parts. The southern portion, stretching from Baghdad to Basra is a great alluvial plain about 35,000 square miles in area with a fertile soil wherever the land can be irrigated without being drowned. A considerable extent of it is, however, covered by marshes formed by the uncontrolled action of the rivers and canals. The northern portion known as Jazirah or "the Island," is more undulating, and is in places broken by ranges of hills. It is fertile under irrigation in the north, but further south the plains become more arid until it passes into a hard desert tract.

The climate of Iraq is of the continental sub-tropical type, with very high temperatures in summer in the plains. In July and August the mean daily maximum temperature is 104° F. at Basra, and 110° F. at Baghdad, while in December and January the mean daily minimum temperature is 47° F. at Basra and 40° F. at Baghdad. The rainy season is from November to March. There is a rainless summer of six months lasting from about April to September. The Mosul area has a rainfall of about 13 inches a year and relies on the rain to grow its crops. The rest of the country, however, has an annual rainfall of only about seven inches, and the crops are grown, with very little help from the rain, on irrigated land.

The chief towns are Baghdad, Basra, Mosul, Karbala, and Najaf. The two last, situated on the edge of the Arabian desert, are pilgrim centres which attract Shias from all parts of the Mohammedan world, but especially from Persia and India.

Population.

According to a census taken in 1920 the population numbers 2,849,282, made up as follows:—

	Sunni.	Shi'ah.	Jewish.	Christian.	Other Religions.	Total.
Basra Vilayet ...	42,558	721,414	10,088	2,551	8,989	785,600
Baghdad Vilayet ...	524,414	750,421	62,565	20,771	2,133	1,360,304
*Mosul Vilayet ...	579,713	22,180	14,835	55,470	31,180	703,378
Total ...	1,146,685	1,494,015	87,488	78,792	42,302	2,849,282

* The figures for Mosul include the population of the Kurdish area of Sulaimaniya, viz., 155,000, of whom all but 1,100 are Sunnis.

Natural Products.

The chief articles of export from Iraq before the war were dates, wool and barley. Dates and wool have continued to be exported, but the export of barley fell almost to nothing, mainly because of the purchases made by the British military authorities in Iraq, but is now beginning to revive. Round Mosul the prevailing crop is wheat, but all the wheat grown is consumed in

the country. Rice, in most cases "red" rice of inferior quality, is grown on the swampy lands on the Middle Euphrates, in the Amara area on the Tigris, and to a small extent, on the Diyala canals near Baghdad. Rice of better quality but in very small quantities is grown in the Kurdish hills.

In the Kurdish regions round Sulaimaniya and Ruwandiz and to the north of Mosul tobacco is an important crop. The crop is hardly sufficient for local requirements. None is exported.

In all parts of Iraq cotton can be grown. Experiments carried out since the occupation of Baghdad in 1917 tend to show that Iraq cotton compares favourably with cotton grown in other parts of the world. Production has slowly but steadily increased since the war; according to figures given from the ginnery at Baghdad of the British Cotton Growing Association of Manchester, the 1926 crop exceeded 3,500 bales.

Wool is exported in considerable quantities. The principal sheep rearing districts are the Mosul area and the Kurdish hills.

Concessions for the exploitation of the oil resources of Iraq have been granted to the Turkish Petroleum Company and the Anglo-Persian Oil Company. The former concession covers the whole country with the exception of the old Vilayat of Basra and of the area on the N.E. frontier transferred from Persia to Turkey in 1913-14 which is known as the Transferred Territories. The Turkish Petroleum Company began comprehensive prospecting in the Autumn of 1925 and during 1927 inaugurated eight drills in seven different areas. One "gusher" was struck and capped. The Anglo-Persian Oil Company's concession is confined to the Transferred Territories and is an adaption of the D'Arcy Concession held by the company from the Persian Government, which the Turkish Government and later the Iraq Government agreed should continue in the Transferred Territories where the company has been prospecting for many years. Since the war oil has been struck near Khanaqin and the field is considered a promising one. The Anglo-Persian Subsidiary, the Khanaqin Oil Company, have opened a refinery near to Khanaqin town which produces sufficient petrol, kerosine and crude oil for the needs of Iraq.

Minor products are millet, liquorice root, gall-nuts, gum and dye-roots.

Railways.

The railways open to traffic are—

Metre Gauge.

1. Basra-Baghdad with branches to Nasiriya and Karbala.
2. Baghdad-Khannaqin (approximately 7 miles from the Persian frontier) with a branch line to Kirkuk.

In all, 624 miles of open line and 796 miles track mileage.

Standard Gauge (4ft. 8½in.).

3. Baghdad-Samarra-Baizi 132 miles of open line and 211 miles track mileage.

There is a gap of 124 miles between the Mesopotamian railhead at Baizi and Mosul; and the Baghdad Railway comes down to Nisibin, about 110 miles from Mosul. Thus railway communication between Constantinople and Basra, *via* Aleppo, Mosul and Baghdad is complete except for a gap of less than 240 miles.

General.

About 75 miles of the Baghdad-Samarra-Baizi line, were built by the Baghdad Railway Company before the war. The remainder of the system was made by the British authorities during and since the war, with the exception of the following lines which have been constructed under the administration of the Iraq Government:—

Karbala branch	...	22.50 miles.
Kirkuk branch	...	77.30 "
Basra City extension	...	2.72 "

Government.

The war left Iraq in British occupation; and on March 2nd, 1921, the supervision of the affairs of Iraq was transferred to the Colonial Office.

At the Conference of April, 1920, at San Remo, the principal Allied Powers decided that Iraq should be assigned under mandate to the United Kingdom.

On October 3rd, 1921, the President of the Council of the League of Nations wrote to the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom expressing on behalf of the Council the hope that the Mandatory Powers (England and France) would continue to carry on the administration of the territories detached from Turkey in the spirit of the draft mandates until such time as the position should have been definitely regularized.

By the Treaty of Peace with Turkey signed at Lausanne on July 24th, 1923, Turkey renounced all rights over Iraq.

The conception of a mandate proved to be inappropriate in the case of Iraq, where an independent sovereign government has been recognized by His Majesty's Government. The relations between Great Britain and Iraq were accordingly placed upon a treaty basis in 1922, and the Treaty of Alliance with Protocol and Subsidiary Agreements were ratified and came into force on 19th December, 1924.

The Council of the League of Nations by their decision of 27th September, 1924, accepted these instruments as giving effect to the provisions of Article 22 of the Covenant as far as Iraq was concerned.

In Turkish times each of the three Vilayets was governed by a Vali, who received orders directly from Constantinople. The official hierarchy, in descending order of importance, was:—

Vali	...	in charge of Vilayet.
Mutasarrif	"	Liwa.
Qaimmaqam	"	Qadha.
Mudir	"	Nahiyah.

As Iraq came under British control, as a result of the military operations of 1914-1918, British Political Officers took over the administration of liwas and qadhas, working under the orders of the Chief Political Officer (later the Civil Commissioner). This system was modified when Sir Percy Cox was appointed High Commissioner. When he took up his post in the autumn of 1920, he organised a provisional native Government composed of a Council of Arab Ministers which was presided over by the Naqib of Baghdad. On August 23rd, 1921, the Sharif Faisal, third son of the King of the Hejaz was proclaimed King of Iraq, by virtue of a referendum to the people, which resulted in his election by 96%. The government of the country is thus vested in an Iraq Government, the King being advised by the British High Commissioner, while each Ministry has a British Adviser attached to it. Every Liwa is administered by a native Mutasarrif, who is assisted by a British Inspector.

On October 10th, 1922, the High Commissioner and the Naqib signed a treaty to regulate the relations between His Majesty's Government and the Government of Iraq. This treaty was for a term of 20 years. The Naqib resigned office in November, and a new cabinet, mainly composed of ministers who had previously served under him was formed under the Presidency of 'Abdul Muhsin Beg al Sa'dun. On April 30th, 1923, a Protocol, reducing the period of the Treaty to a

maximum of 4 years from the date of ratification of peace with Turkey, was signed at Baghdad. In November, 1923, this Cabinet fell and was succeeded by one under the Presidency of Ja'far Pasha el 'Askeri.

Under this Cabinet general elections were held and the Constituent Assembly met at the end of March, 1924, and sat until August 2, when it had completed the duties for which it was summoned, namely, to approve the Treaty and pass Organic and Electoral Laws. Ja'far Pasha then resigned and a new Cabinet was formed under Yasin Pasha al Hashimi. On the 27th September, 1924, the Council of the League of Nations accepted the Treaty, Protocol and certain agreements subsidiary thereto as giving effect to Art. 22 of the Covenant. These instruments entered into force on the 19th December, 1924.

Yasin Pasha was succeeded as Prime Minister by 'Abdul Muhsin Beg al Sa'dun who took office with a new cabinet on June 26th, 1925. The first Iraq Parliament was opened by King Faisal on July 16th. Parliament consists of the King, a Senate of 20 members appointed by the King and a Chamber of Deputies of 88 members elected by manhood suffrage.

The subsequent ministries will be found below.

A new treaty, providing for the continuance in force of the 1922 treaty until the admission of Iraq to membership of the League, subject to a maximum period of 25 years, was signed on the 13th of January, 1926, at Baghdad. It was subsequently accepted by the Iraq Parliament, and was approved by the British House of Commons on 18th February, 1926.

On 14th December, 1927, a new treaty was signed in London by Mr. W. Ormsby Gore, M.P., and the Prime Minister of Iraq to regulate the future relations of the Government of Great Britain and the Government of Iraq. It replaced the treaties of 10th October, 1922, and 13th January, 1926, by provisions more appropriate to the existing circumstances.

Year.	REVENUE.	EXPENDITURE.
1921-22 ...	Ra. 528,24,963	Ra. 572,12,606
1922-23 ...	Ra. 474,67,067	Ra. 465,81,922
1923-24 ...	Ra. 509,40,646	Ra. 434,26,671
1924-25 ...	Ra. 527,32,593	Ra. 464,06,730
1925-26 ...	Ra. 581,01,933	Ra. 513,37,844
1926-27 ...	Ra. 564,93,109	Ra. 528,37,374

TABLE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF IRAQ.

Year.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.		In Transit.
	From United Kingdom.	TOTAL.	To United Kingdom.	TOTAL.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1920	925,51,947	24,44,46,057	120,17,444	10,74,64,831	Transit included both in Import and Export.
1921	613,04,712	19,39,46,187	63,01,002	16,32,70,973	
1922	576,30,144	16,78,22,168	185,72,621	10,78,99,481	
1923	655,45,362	18,14,84,113	253,48,657	13,57,91,335	
1924	627,22,621	19,12,40,989	178,46,552	14,20,08,617	
1925	281,77,279	10,70,40,626	115,83,681	5,02,93,783	706,34,192
1926	325,94,260	10,59,61,099	110,20,776	4,60,89,229	571,53,477

IRAQ MINISTRIES.

Nov., 1920	-	The Naqib of Baghdad.
Sept., 1921	-	The Naqib of Baghdad.
Nov., 1922	-	'Abdul Muhsin Beg al Sa'dun.
Nov., 1923	-	Ja'far Pasha El 'Askeri.
Aug., 1924	-	Yasin Pasha al Hashimi.
June, 1925	-	'Abdul Muhsin Beg al Sa'dun.
Nov., 1926	-	Ja'far Pasha el 'Askeri.
Jan., 1928	-	'Abdul Muhsin Beg al Sa'dun.

High Commissioner, Sir Henry R. C. Dobbs. K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., Ra.6,250 p.m. and Ra.1,250 p.m. entertainment allowance.

Private Secretary, Capt. Crawford Clarke, M.C., Ra.900 p.m.

A.D.C., Lieut. C. A. N. Hudson, The Black Watch, Ra.900 p.m.

Counsellor, B. H. Bourdillon, C.M.G., I.C.S., Ra.3,333 p.m.

Political Secretary, R. S. M. Sturges, Ra.1,800 p.m.

Financial Secretary, F. E. Stafford, Ra.1,900 p.m.

Legal Secretary, J. B. Nihill, M.C., Ra.1,600 p.m.

Oriental Secretary, Capt. V. Holt, Ra.1,400 p.m.

Consular Secretary, C. Empson, Ra.1,325 p.m.

IRAQ GOVERNMENT.

H.M. King Faisal, G.C.M.G.

Cabinet.

Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs, 'Abdul Muhsin Beg al Sa'dun.

Minister of Interior, 'Abdul 'Aziz Beg al Qasab.

Minister of Finance, Yusuuf Effendi Ghanimah.

Minister of Justice, Hikmat Beg Sulaiman.

Minister of Defence,

Minister of Education, Taufiq Beg al Suwaidi.

Minister of Communications and Public Works,

Abdul Muhsin Shallash.

Minister of Irrigation and Agriculture, Sheikh

Salman Al Barrak.

Minister of Awqaf, Sheikh Ahmad Daud.

Iraq Government Staff.

Adviser to the Ministry of Interior, K. Cornwallis, C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O., Ra.3,500 p.m.

Adviser to the Ministry of Finance, R. V. Vernon, C.B., Ra.4,000 p.m.

Adviser to the Ministry of Justice, E. M. Drower, C.B.E., Ra.3,000 p.m.

Adviser to the Ministry of Defence, Major-General G. G. Looh, C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O., Rs.2,800 p.m.

Adviser to the Ministry of Communications and Works, and Director of Irrigation, L. E. Bury, C.B.E., 3,000l. per annum.

Adviser to the Ministry of Awqaf, R. S. Cooke, Rs.1,400 p.m.

Adviser to the Ministry of Education, A. L. F. Smith, M.V.O., Rs.2,200 p.m.

Inspector-General of Health Services, Major T. J. Hallinan, O.B.E., M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., Rs.2,500 p.m.

Inspector-General of Agriculture, J. F. Webster, Rs.2,000 p.m.

Inspector-General of Police, Lieut.-Col. H. C. Prescott, C.M.G., C.I.E., Rs.2,800 p.m.

Inspector-General of Posts and Telegraphs, D. W. Gumbley, O.B.E., I.S.O., Rs.2,600 p.m.

Director of Veterinary Department, C. R. Chadwick, M.R.C.V.S. Rs.1,800 p.m.

Port Director and Director-General of Navigation, Basra, Col. J. C. Ward, C.I.E., D.S.O., M.B.E., Rs.2,800 p.m.

Director-General, Tapu Department, G. F. Royds, F.S.I., Rs.1,900 p.m.

President, Court of Appeal, G. Alexander, Rs.2,500 p.m.

Director of Railways, Lieut.-Col. J. Ramsay Tainsh, C.B.E., V.D., Rs.3,000 p.m.

Director of Public Works Department, A. S. Clay, B.Sc., A.M.Inst.C.E., Rs.2,000 p.m.

Director of Antiquities, R. S. Cooke (Honorary).

Director of Survey, B. C. Newland, Rs.1,650 p.m.

Chief Secretary to the Ministry of Finance, L. M. Swan, C.B.E., Rs.2,400 p.m.

Director of Customs and Excise, A. G. H. Sievwright, M.B.E., Rs.2,500 p.m.

Comptroller and Auditor-General, J. Parlbly, O.B.E., Rs.2,200 p.m.

Kudat, Langkon, Kotabelud, Tuaran, Jesselton, Penampang, Papar, Beaufort, Mempakul, Sipitang, Tenom, Keningau, Tambunan, Ranau, and Pensiangan.

General Description.

The greater part of the country is at present covered with jungle, but the soil is found to be well adapted for the growth of almost all tropical products, more particularly rubber, tobacco, coconuts, sugar, coffee, sago, tapioca, and pepper.

The country is mountainous. The highest point yet discovered is Kinabalu, over 13,000 feet.

The inhabitants, who according to the Census taken in 1921 number about 257,804, are mainly Bruneis, Bajaus, and Sulus on the coast, who subsist by fishing and trade; further back, the Dusuns, the most numerous native race in North Borneo, cultivate yearly well-irrigated rice fields; and in the uplands they plant tobacco and hill padi (rice), and hunt; the Muruts, another interior tribe, are numerous; formerly they varied more peaceful pursuits by head-hunting but are now peaceable. There are Chinese settlements on the coast; they cultivate the flat areas, and carry on a considerable trade. There are 415 Europeans and 37,500 Chinese in the territory. Sandakan, the chief town, with suburbs, has a population of 12,000. There are several missions, including the Church of England, with stations at Kudat and Jesselton and Beaufort, and the Roman Catholic, with a church and school at Sandakan and four stations on the West Coast and eighteen schools in various parts of the country. The Church of England, which is supported by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts and the Church of England Community, has a stone church and two schools at Sandakan and one at Jesselton. The Basel Mission has twelve schools, the principal ones being at Jesselton, Sandakan, Kudat, and Papar. Government maintains a training school at Jesselton for the sons of Native Chiefs and eight vernacular schools at other places.

NORTH BORNEO.

Situation and Area.

The territory under the jurisdiction of the British North Borneo Company (incorporated by Royal Charter under date of 1st Nov., 1881), now known as "The State of North Borneo," comprises the whole of the northern portion of the island of Borneo from the Sipitang River on the west to lat. 4° 10' N. on the east coast, together with adjacent islands; it is held under grants from the Sultans of Brunei and Sulu, and contains an area of 29,184 square miles (equal to Scotland), with a coast line of about 900 miles. It extends from 115° 20' to 119° 20' E. long., and from 4° 10' to 7° 25' N. lat. The southern frontier was delimited in 1912-1913 by an Anglo-Dutch boundary commission, whose report was confirmed by a treaty at London on the 28th September, 1915.

The principal stations of the Company are at Sandakan, Lahad Datu, and Tawao, on the east, Kudat on the north, and Jesselton on the west. At each of these there are excellent harbours, especially at the first-named, which is situated in a magnificent bay some fifteen miles in length, with an average breadth of five miles. It is 1,000 miles from Singapore, 1,200 from Hong Kong, and 1,600 from Port Darwin. The headquarters of administration are at present at Sandakan. Other stations are at Semporna, Lamag, Beluran,

History.

The State and town of Brunei appear to have been prosperous from a very early age. They were visited by Europeans in 1322, 1503, and 1520, but the first settlement in Borneo was made by the Dutch at Landak and Sukadana in 1608, and soon abandoned. Two English settlements were made about 1609, and abandoned in 1623. The Dutch factories were re-established in 1747 and 1776, but finally given up in 1790.

A British settlement was formed under the East India Company in 1762, at the island of Balamangan, which had been ceded by the Sultan of Sulu. This was attacked by pirates in 1775, and the staff was removed to Labuan, a small factory being at the same time established at Brunei. A second attempt in 1803 was made to establish a settlement on the former island, and in Marudu Bay, and on its failure the East India Company gave up its connection with Northern Borneo.

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TELEPHONE
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KINABALAN

LAMARCA

BRUNE

New Darvel Bay Company's
Tobacco Estates

New Darvel Bay Company's
Tobacco Estates

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

BRUNES TV

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DARVEL BAY

Simpson

Batu Tinagar
(Lighthouse)

ST LUCIA BAY

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LASUN

BRUNEI


 New Jersey Bay Company's
 Tobacco Estates
RESIDENCY
 ALAN BENTLEY

BROOKLYN

BRUNEL

TUNES

DARVEL BAY

Simporna

Batu Tinagal
(Lighthouse)

ST LUCIA BAY

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on by its manager, Mr. W. C. Cowie. Finally, in 1877 and 1878, the Sultans of Brunei and Sulu ceded to a syndicate formed by Baron Overbeek and Mr. (afterwards Sir Alfred) Dent the greater portion of the territory now known as the State of North Borneo. This syndicate's rights were acquired in 1881 by the British North Borneo Provisional Association, and transferred by that body in 1882 to the British North Borneo Company. Some further cessions have since been added to the Company's territory. The British Government assumed a formal protectorate over the territory by agreement with "The State of North Borneo," dated the 12th May, 1888. By this agreement the State is to continue to be administered by the Company as an independent State, under the protection of Her Majesty's Government, who may appoint consular officers, and shall conduct all foreign relations, but does not interfere in internal administration.

Climate.

The climate, though tropical, is equable; the temperature varies from 70° to 90°, but there is usually a light breeze. The annual rainfall is from 80 to 150 inches, according to situation.

Annual Mean Temperature... 81 degrees

Recorded extremes maximum 98 "

" " minimum 57 "

Industry.

The principal products of the country are estate rubber, timber, tobacco, coal, copra, and cutch. The last decade has witnessed a rapid expansion of the rubber industry. The value of rubber exported in 1926 was 1,261,981L. The vast timber resources of the country form one of its principal assets, but until recently only the fringe of the forests was being worked. A Company was however formed in 1920 for more adequate timber exploitation with modern lumbering apparatus. Timber is being exported in increasing quantities to China, Australia, and England; the exports in 1926 were valued at 160,815L. At Sandakan two large steam driven saw mills have been working for some years and a modern band sawmill has been installed. An electrically driven sawmill was recently installed in Sandakan. Tobacco was formerly the principal article of export. Exports of tobacco were valued at 136,013L. in 1926. The number of coconut plantations has rapidly increased, and exports of copra have risen considerably in value; the exports of copra in 1923 were valued at 54,729L., and in 1926, 94,376L. Cutch, a tanning material obtained from the bark of certain mangrove trees, is manufactured at Sandakan; exports in 1926, 34,894L. Agriculture is now beyond the primitive state and certain of the more advanced tribes use the plough and harrow. There is a large trade in the collection of jungle produce. The hill lands are well adapted for the cultivation of tapioca, gambier, pepper, and tea. Shipbuilding is increasing in Sandakan Bay.

The exports comprise also, sago, coffee, pepper, gutta-percha, rotan, firewood, salt fish, beeswax, edible birds' nests, camphor, resin (called damar), cattle, etc., sent almost entirely to Singapore and China; from Singapore part of these find their way to Europe.

The Chartered Company does not itself directly engage in trade.

The revenue is derived from import and export duties, excise, quit rents, licences, royalties, poll tax, and other usual sources of revenue.

Development.

Sandakan on the East and Jesselton on the West are the principal ports. Both towns have developed rapidly, and are now supplied with electric light and cold storage. Considerable sums have been spent by Government on reclamation, improvement of water supplies, etc., at both ports.

Minerals.

Excellent coal is being worked by the Cowie Harbour Coal Company, and coal is being supplied to vessels at the principal North Borneo ports. Sandakan is also rapidly becoming of importance as a coaling station for ocean liners. The exports of coal in 1926 were valued at 69,906L. Gold in alluvial form is found in certain of the rivers on the East Coast.

Large deposits of iron ore have been discovered. Indications of the presence of petroleum occur in many parts of the State and prospecting work is being carried out by concessionary companies.

Currency and Banking.

The Company has a copper coinage of $\frac{1}{2}$ and 1 cent. pieces, a nickel coinage of 1 cent., $2\frac{1}{2}$ cent. and 5 cent. pieces, and it issues notes, expressed in dollars. A State Bank of North Borneo has been established with head office at Sandakan, and a branch office at Jesselton. There are agencies of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, and the Bank of Taiwan.

Money orders on North Borneo are issued in England, India, the Straits Settlements, Ceylon, Hong Kong, and elsewhere, and *vice versa*, and British postal orders came into use in the State during 1908.

Constitution.

The territory is administered by a Court of Directors in London, appointed under the Royal Charter, and a Governor and Civil Service appointed by them. There are five Residencies, viz., the Sandakan, West Coast, East Coast, Kudat and Interior Residencies.

The appointment of the Governor is subject to the approval of the Secretary of State.

The law of the country is based upon Indian law and the principal Indian Codes have been adopted in the State. Many enactments of the Straits Settlements also have been incorporated in local Ordinances. Courts of law are correlative to the Indian Courts under the Indian Criminal and Civil Procedure Codes, while there are Imams' Courts for the administration of Moslem matrimonial law, and Native Courts to deal with matters of native custom.

Means of Communication.

The Straits Steamship Company run steamers every week between Singapore and local ports. There is additional communication by steamer with Australia, Hong Kong, and Japan, and a local company runs a line along the coast and to adjacent islands. The Government have constructed a metre-gauge railway from Brunei Bay to Beaufort, 20 miles, and from Beaufort to Jesselton, 57 miles, and a line of 33 miles from Beaufort to Tenom, which will open up the interior. In all, the length of railway (including branches) completed is 120 miles. The principal coastal terminus is Jesselton, at which port there is a steel jetty where vessels up to 1,000 tons can load and discharge

cargo. Over 600 miles of telegraph line are open, and wireless stations exist at Jesselton, Kudat, Sandakan, Tawau, Sebatik, Lahad Datu, and Lamag. Several riding roads already exist, and over 400 miles of bridle path have been constructed. Internal communication is mainly by water. The State has joined the Postal Union. Course of post from London, about twenty-six days. Postage to all British possessions for letters 6 cents per oz.; foreign countries, 12 cents for the first oz., 6 cents each succeeding oz.

Year.	Revenue, including Land Sales.	Expenditure.
	\$	\$
1917 ...	2,404,112 ...	1,155,699
1918 ...	2,597,681 ...	1,331,257
1919 ...	2,864,433 ...	1,530,783
1920 ...	3,645,719 ...	1,844,744
1921 ...	3,189,592 ...	2,021,249
1922 ...	3,097,187 ...	1,942,172
1923 ...	3,063,466 ...	1,913,721
1924 ...	3,185,706 ...	2,081,578
1925 ...	3,428,142 ...	2,085,100
1926 ...	3,722,408 ...	2,166,445

On the completion of the Singapore-Labuan-Hong Kong cable in 1894, the mainland of Borneo was joined to Labuan by a cable covering a distance of about 10 miles to Mempakul.

There is a telegraph line from Mempakul where the cable reaches land to Jesselton, whence messages are transmitted by radiotelegraphy to Kudat, Sandakan, Tawau, Sebatik, Lahad Datu, and Lamag. Branch telegraph lines establish communication with Lamag and Lahad Datu from Sandakan, and Beaufort and Tenom from Jesselton. The majority of the smaller Government stations are in telephonic communication with one another and with the local centres of administration. Telephone exchanges are in operation at Jesselton, Sandakan and Kudat.

SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.

Year.	British tonnage.	Total tonnage.
1917 ...	205,083 ...	455,390
1918 ...	170,159 ...	546,785
1919 ...	284,335 ...	654,858
1920 ...	345,521 ...	671,535
1921 ...	439,648 ...	698,615
1922 ...	428,103 ...	689,212
1923 ...	383,305 ...	649,318
1924 ...	449,535 ...	708,203
1925 ...	490,059 ...	763,803
1926 ...	626,047 ...	863,171

	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.
Year.	\$	\$
1917 ...	4,165,176 ...	9,223,487
1918 ...	6,525,925 ...	8,735,092
1919 ...	7,930,583 ...	12,462,763
1920 ...	11,009,471 ...	12,049,471
1921 ...	7,720,013 ...	7,908,136
1922 ...	6,865,144 ...	8,205,709
1923 ...	6,608,462 ...	10,404,393
1924 ...	7,094,246 ...	11,157,559
1925 ...	7,323,421 ...	17,861,147
1926 ...	8,317,021 ...	17,033,433

Court of Directors.

Major-General, Sir Neill Malcolm, K.C.B., D.S.O.,
President.

Dougal O. Malcolm, Esq., *Vice-President.*

Managing Director, Hon. Mount Stuart Elphinstone.

Edward Dent, Esq.,

G. E. R. Bromley-Martin, Esq.

O. Mallet, Esq.

Captain A. G. Cowie.

Secretary,

Under Secretary, C. F. Collins.

Assistant Under Secretary and Legal Assistant,

W. J. Worth.

London Office, 17, Saint Helen's Place, E.C.3.

Governors.

1881. W. H. Treacher, C.M.G.

1888. C. V. Creagh, C.M.G.

1895. L. P. Beaufort.

1900. Hugh Clifford, C.M.G.

1901. E. W. Birch, C.M.G.

1904. E. P. Gueritz.

1911. F. R. Ellis, C.M.G.

1912. J. S. Mason.

1913. C. W. O. Farr.

1915. A. C. Pearson, C.M.G.

1922. Sir W. Ryeroft, K.C.B., K.C.M.G.

1925. A. C. Pearson, C.M.G.

1926. J. L. Humphreys, C.B.E.

STAFF.

List of Heads of Departments in the Civil Service of North Borneo.

Governor, J. L. Humphreys, C.B.E., \$17,143.

Government Secretary, D. R. Maxwell, \$8,571 (with allowance).

Assistant Government Secretary, C. R. Smith, \$5,400 (with allowance).

Chief Justice, D. T. J. Sherlock, K.C., M.B.E., \$8,571 (with allowance).

Commandant Armed Constabulary, with local rank of Lieut.-Colonel, H. S. Bond, \$7,200 (with allowance).

Resident, Sandakan, H. W. L. Bunbury, \$7,200 (with allowance).

Resident, West Coast, G. C. Irving, \$7,200 (with allowance).

Resident, Interior, G. C. Woolley, \$7,200 (with allowance).

Resident, East Coast, W. C. M. Weedon, \$7,200 (with allowance).

Resident, Kudat, E. W. Morrell, \$6,840 (with allowance).

Financial Commissioner, A. R. Rivett, \$7,200 (with allowance).

Auditor, T. W. Rose, \$7,200 (with allowance).

Commissioner of Lands, W. W. Smith, \$7,300 (with allowance).

Chief Surveyor, T. J. H. Speedy, \$5,880 (with allowance).

Director of Works, Capt. J. A. Houston, \$8,000 (with allowance).

General Manager of Railways, C. F. Ashton Pryke, \$8,000 (with allowance).

Principal Medical Officer, Dr. P. A. Dingle, \$8,571 (with allowance).

Protector of Labour, Legal Adviser, and Secretary for Chinese Affairs, C. F. C. Macaskie, \$6,120 (with allowance).

Commissioner of Customs and Excise, M. M. Clark, \$7,200 (with allowance).
Inspector of Prisons, The Commandant.
Mycologist and Agricultural Adviser, K. Bateson, \$3,571 (with allowance).
Conservator of Forests and Director of Agriculture, D. D. Wood, \$3,571 (with allowance).
Postmaster General and Superintendent of Telegraphs, C. F. Newton Wade, \$6,600 (with allowance).

Other Officers.

Officer-in-charge, Armed Constabulary, East Coast, Capt. W. C. Cole-Adams, M.C., \$4,440 (with allowance).
Senior Superintendent of Police, Sandakan, and Superintendent of Criminal Investigation Department, Capt. C. H. C. Pearson, \$5,640 (with allowance).
Adjutant and Superintendent of Prisons, Jesselton, Capt. A. Rice-Oxley, D.F.C., \$4,080 (with allowance).
Chief Police Officer, Sandakan, P. A. Marriott, \$3,180 (with allowance).
Junior Superintendent of Police,
Medical Officers, R. H. Fletcher, J. K. O'Byrne, C. Deuntzer and F. P. Jocelyne, O.B.E., M.C.
Nurse Matron, Jesselton, Miss N. Chandler.
Nurse Matron, Sandakan, Miss E. Simpson.
Nursing Sister, West Coast, Miss E. E. Barratt.
Executive Engineers, E. R. Baker, \$5,340 (with allowance), A. E. Crisp, \$5,000 (with allowance).
Assistant Executive Engineers, E. G. Dale, \$3,432, H. J. Donovan, \$3,300.
Marine Surveyor, J. C. Graham, \$5,820 (with allowance).
Assistant Commissioner of Excise, A. Walter, \$7,200 (with allowance).
Assistant Commissioners of Customs, H. J. R. Beckett, \$6,600; S. G. Holmes, \$5,880 (with allowance).
Chief District Treasurers, A. J. B. Broodbank, \$5,880; W. A. C. Smelt, \$4,714.
Assistant Postmaster General and Assistant Superintendent of Telegraphs, H. A. Dabell, \$5,017 (with allowance).
Assistant Auditor, G. S. Plummer, \$4,800.
Assistant Secretary for Chinese Affairs, C. D. Martyn, \$5,640 (with allowance).
Assistant Conservator of Forests, H. G. Keith, \$5,484.
Superintendent of Printing Office, W. W. Smith.
Wireless Assistant, G. C. Fenton, \$4,417 (with allowance).
Paymaster, Constabulary, W. Lake, \$4,560.
Assistant Protector, G. L. Gray, \$3,360.
Government Surveyors, D. McCaw, T. C. Humphreys, E. J. Smallfield, T. F. Johnson, G. A. Farrelly.
Railway Accountant, J. G. Rowan, \$7,200.
Assistant Railway Accountant, A. L. Underwood, \$4,071.
Locomotive and Traffic Superintendent, F. C. S. Phillips, \$5,888 (with allowance).
Sectional Engineers, T. Garland, \$5,142; J. Beatty, \$5,040; D. G. Logie, \$5,356.

District Officers.

H. Myddelton, H. A. W. S. Arrindell, C. F. Skinner, G. F. C. Woollett, E. A. Pearson, H. M. Ince, E. G. Grant, B. R. Cole-Adams, G. H. Vinen, E. W. Skinner, A. N. M. Garry, R. F. Evans, R. A. Rutter.

Assistant District Officers.

C. D. Round-Turner, O. G. Ommaney.

Cadets.

W. B. Durant, H. I. Tremmenheers, J. S. Hill, E. H. Cave, D. K. Ingle, D. M. Fraser, A. N. Campbell, B. W. Hurrell.

SARAWAK.

An agreement was entered into with the Rajah of Sarawak, on the north-west coast of Borneo, on the 14th of June, 1888, under which that State has been placed under British protection. Her Majesty's Government undertake not to interfere with the internal administration of the State, but they are to determine any questions that arise as to the succession, to control the foreign relations, and to have the right to establish consular officers in the territory. British subjects are to have most-favoured-nation treatment, and no part of the territory is to be alienated without the consent of H.M.'s Government.

The territory of Sarawak comprises an area of about 50,000 square miles (more than equal to Ireland and Wales together), with a population of about 600,000, composed of various races. It is intersected by many rivers, navigable for a considerable distance inland, and commands about 500 miles of coast line. The government of the district from Tanjong Datu to the entrance of the Samarahan River was obtained from the Sultan of Brunei in the year 1842 by Sir James Brooke, who became well known as Rajah Brooke, of Sarawak. In 1861 a second cession was obtained from the Sultan of Brunei of all the rivers and lands from the Samarahan River to Kadurong Point. In 1882 a third cession was obtained of 100 miles of coast line and all the country and rivers that lie between Kadurong Point and the Baram River, including about three miles of coast on the north-east side of the latter; and in 1884 another cession was obtained of the Trusan River, situated on the north of the mouth of the Brunei River. The Limbang River was also obtained in 1890, the transfer being approved and confirmed by H.M.'s Government in 1891. The Lawas River was added in 1904. The present Rajah, H.H. Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, G.C.M.G. (born 26th September 1874, married, 1911, Hon. Sylvia Brett), succeeded his father, H.H. Sir Charles Johnson Brooke, G.C.M.G., in 1917.

Heir presumptive, Bertram Brooke (H.H. the Tuan Muda), born 8th August, 1876.

Products.

Gold exported: 1920, \$612,200; 1921, \$559,190; 1922, \$40,350; 1923, \$37,200; 1924, \$32,300; 1925, \$24,808; 1926, \$6,367. Oil is worked by the Sarawak Oilfields, Ltd., at Miri. Export 1925, \$25,652,890; 1926, \$28,955,056. Coal is mined by the State at Sadong. There is a considerable export of timber to Hong Kong. There is a successful plantation of tea, and pepper and rubber grow well throughout the Territory. The cultivation of sago is one of the most important industries. All these articles figure in the list of exports, which also includes gutta-

percha, indiarubber, canes, rattans, camphor, | nuts, copra, cutch, betel nuts, damar and tuba.
beeswax, birds' nests, gambier, jelutong, illipe | The value of the principal exports was :—

	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
Gutta & india-rubber	\$323,006	\$349,334	\$183,819	\$192,698	\$177,032
*Jelutong gutta	659,057	748,857	1,284,270	1,504,604	2,979,040
Plantation rubber	2,300,156	6,317,786	6,677,792	23,162,872	16,073,626
Rattans	91,612	51,177	43,108	132,020	123,826
Pepper	587,841	561,496	702,350	1,172,374	896,686
Sago flour	2,128,760	1,611,531	2,235,253	1,908,077	1,592,122
Petroleum	13,762,905	20,939,859	23,535,515	25,652,090	28,955,056
Cutch	395,060	488,024	614,460	392,296	333,800
Copra	—	105,571	140,860	139,880	228,424
Damar	—	196,378	260,284	160,885	195,692
Tuba	—	40,866	60,362	89,347	44,497
Illipe nuts	—	2,687,136	42,631	—	151,773
Sugar Nipa	—	38,700	39,146	27,602	22,732
Betel nuts	—	20,172	36,330	42,386	55,886

* *NOTE*.—Jelutong gutta is the sap of a fairly common jungle tree. It is said to be shipped mostly to America, and used in the manufacture of paint, chewing gum, and insulating material.
—The bulk of the trade is with Singapore.

Chief Towns.

Kuching, the capital, population about 25,000, on the Sarawak River, about 23 miles inland (N. lat. 1° 33' 10", E. long. 110° 20' 13"), besides excellent Government offices and Court House, possesses hospitals and a museum with a complete collection of exhibits relating to Borneo. The Bishop of Labuan and Sarawak has his headquarters there, and has a mission school with 450 scholars, and also a girls' school. The Roman Catholics also have a mission there, with a boys' school under two resident priests, and a girls' school under the sisters.

The S.P.G., and Roman Catholic Mission have stations at various other places all over the Country.

Sibu, on the Rejang River, has a large population of Chinese traders, who exchange European goods for jungle produce. The river has a native population estimated at 90,000. The Chinese here trade direct with Singapore, as well as with Kuching. Muka, a large town on the Muka River, near its mouth, is devoted to the production of sago, the stems of the sago palm being cut in the upper reaches of the river and floated down to the town, where the pith is extracted and beaten, to be carried in native schooners to Kuching, to be cleaned.

Other towns are Bintulu, Oya, Kapit, Baram, Simanggang, Sadong, Trusan, Limbang, Lawas, Matu, Sarebas, Kalaka, Lundu, Miri.

Communications.

Vessels of the Sarawak Steamship Company Limited provide a service every week between Kuching and Singapore; and a coasting service is maintained by that Company and by the Government.

There are roads around the capital and thence to Upper Sarawak (about 25 miles). To open up country in the vicinity of the capital where communication by water is not available about 10 miles of railway is open for traffic, and a further 10 miles is in course of construction to be increased gradually hereafter; otherwise, internal communication is almost entirely by means of the numerous rivers, which form natural highways and byways, by which any point in the country can be reached in steam launches or boats.

Posts and Telegraphs.

Sarawak joined the Postal Union in 1897.

Local.—To any place in the country, 4 cents per 2 oz., and 4 cents to Singapore. Inland post cards 2 cents.

Foreign.—The same as from Singapore (Sarawak stamps).

Letters come in direct bag from London, but *via* Singapore.

Wireless installations have been erected at Kuching Town, Kuching Substation, Lumdu, Sadong, Simanggang, Seratok, Sibu, Selalag, Binatang, Kapit, Mukah, Matu, Bintulu, Belangian, Tatau, Miri, Baram, Limbang, Lawas, Rejang.

Sources of Revenue.

The principal sources of revenue are the Monopolies, Customs, and Mineral Royalties.

Harbour, buoy, and light dues:—Three cents per ton, payable on arrival, and chargeable to all vessels of five tons and upwards.

The taxes levied are:—Exemption, \$2 per annum, payable by Malays; \$1 per annum per dog, payable by sea Dyaks; \$2 per annum for every able-bodied land Dyak.

The total amount of Dyak and Malay Revenue was, for the year 1923, \$102,719; 1924, \$105,101; 1925, \$101,934.73.

The weights are, 1 picul = 133½ lbs.; 1 cooyan = 2 tons 7 cwt. 2 qrs. 18 lbs.

Statistics.

	Revenue.	Customs.	Expenditure.
1917 ...	\$1,705,292	\$393,779	\$1,359,746
1918 ...	1,921,964	379,345	1,455,693
1919 ...	2,331,259	831,582	1,721,907
1920 ...	2,646,265	1,065,260	2,352,300
1921 ...	2,840,171	540,589	2,331,605
1922 ...	2,733,851	639,069	2,652,720
1923 ...	3,343,919	1,016,487	2,893,274
1924 ...	4,125,263	954,553	3,121,835
1925 ...	5,094,580	1,415,371	3,900,105
1926 ...	6,357,835	1,658,633	4,650,605

	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.
	Total.	Total.
1917	\$9,013,896	\$10,947,458
1918	9,908,732	11,540,190
1919	20,265,281	23,957,953
1920	19,858,790	22,388,074
1921	15,248,749	18,454,592
1922	16,540,316	26,574,632
1923	23,265,529	39,824,797
1924	16,727,594	36,844,875
1925	21,072,884	56,011,036
1926	24,195,491	53,466,924

FOREIGN SHIPPING CLEARED AND ENTERED.

	Tons.	Tons.
Entered	Cleared	
1917	115,696	92,786
1918	132,842	133,369
1919	153,734	155,754
1920	173,773	136,453
1921	172,598	226,796
1922	241,023	245,721
1923	436,592	442,472
1924	615,572	604,859
1925	605,575	599,124
1926	729,796	719,578

Civil Establishment.

Rajah of Sarawak, His Highness Sir Charles Vyner Brooke.

The Tuan Muda, His Highness Bertram Brooke.

Aide-de-Camp, Captain W. R. Barry Gifford (late R.A.F.)

Supreme Council.

President, His Highness the Rajah.

Members, H. H. the Tuan Muda, H. B. Crocker, A. A. Rennie, the Datu Bandar (Abang Haji Abdillah), the Datu Imam (Haji Halil), the Datu Hakim (Haji Mohamad Morshidi), Inchi Mohamad Zin.

Chief Officers.

Chief Secretary, H. B. Crocker (acting) \$9,600 by A\$600 to \$10,800 and duty allowance \$3,600.

Assistant Secretary, G. T. M. MacBryan (deputy), \$4,800 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Divisional Residents, H. L. Owen, F. F. Boulton, F. A. W. Page-Turner, A. E. Lawrence, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000 and duty allowance, \$1,800.

Divisional Officers, H. D. Aplin, C. E. A. Ermen, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

District Officers, W. F. de V. Skrine, C. D. Adams, F. H. Kortright, H. H. Kortright, J. C. Swayne, J. B. Archer, P. M. Adams, \$4,800 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Assistant District Officers, W. F. Dick, E. O. Bruce, F. G. Carpenter, E. V. Andreini, H. E. Cutfield, R. L. Daubeny, \$3,600 by A\$240 to \$4,560.

Passed Cadets, G. J. D. Walters, F. H. Pollard, S. T. Ennion, C. D. Le Gros Clark, E. M. Woodward, G. R. H. Arundell, J. G. Anderson, \$3,120 by A\$120 to \$3,360.

Cadets, J. J. Hill, R. H. P. Langton, R. G. Aikman, A. Macpherson, W. S. B. Buck, \$3,000.

Treasurer, A. A. Rennie, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000 and duty allowance, \$1,800.

Assistant Treasurer, W. Cotterill, \$5,040 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Divisional Treasurers, W. H. Jaques, \$5,400, B. A. Trechman, \$4,200.

Auditor, H. M. Calvert, \$5,040 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Superintendent of Surveys, N. A. Middleman, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Assistant Surveyors, W. Harnack, \$3,600 by A\$240 to \$4,080; E. H. R. Giesen, \$5,040 by A\$240 to \$5,760.

Chief Land Officer, C. S. Griffiths, \$5,040 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Divisional Land Officer, C. E. Pascoe, \$4,800.

Land Officer, R. A. Miller Hallett, \$3,600 by A\$240 to \$4,800.

Principal Medical Officer, Dr. E. M. Marjoribanks, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Pathologist, Dr. E. J. Le Sueur, \$6,000 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Assistant Medical Officers, Dr. L. B. Haye, Dr. T. E. Walsh, \$5,400.

Chief Health Officer, Dr. E. M. Marjoribanks (acting), \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Superintendent of Leper Camp, C. C. Ross, \$3,300 by A\$300 to \$3,900.

Commissioner of Public Works, C. P. Lowe, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Assistant Engineers, A. S. Lowe, R. D. Binnie, \$5,520 by A\$240 to \$7,200; J. W. Whiteside, R. E. Edwards, \$4,080 by A\$240 to \$4,800.

Electrical Engineer, J. K. Beasley (acting), \$4,800.

Electrical Engineer, Sibui, A. Humphreys, \$4,800.

Conservator of Forests (vacant), \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Deputy Conservator of Forests, D. E. Calver, \$5,040 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Assistant Conservators, T. Corson, B. J. C. Spurway, D. S. McLeod, \$3,600 A\$240 to \$4,800.

Commandant, Sarawak Rangers and Superintendent of Prisons, Major S. Cunynghame, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Junior Officers, Sarawak Rangers, Captains W. T. Clark, C. Carstares-Dunlop, \$3,600 by A\$240 to \$4,800; Lieut. R. E. Le Sueur, \$3,600 by A\$240 to \$4,560.

Commissioner of Police, O. Lang, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Registrar, P. H. Hayward (acting) \$4,800 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Education Director, F. G. Day (acting), \$4,800.

Telegraphs and Telephones Superintendent, J. R. Barnes, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Chief Assistant Superintendent, W. G. Tait, \$3,600 by A\$300 to \$4,200.

Commissioner of Trade and Customs, J. A. H. Hardie, \$7,200 by A\$600 to \$9,000.

Collector of Customs, R. D. St. J. Horton (acting), \$4,800 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Superintendents of Customs, J. S. Mudford, L. D. Kennedy, \$3,600 by A\$240 to \$4,800.

Postmaster-General, K. H. Gillan, \$4,800 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Divisional Postmasters, W. H. Jaques, B. A. Trechman (acting).

Municipal Commissioner, J. P. Baird, \$4,800 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Municipal Secretary, A. C. Street, \$3,000 by A\$120 to \$4,200.

Printing and Stationery Office Superintendent, R. W. Chater, \$5,040 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Director of Agriculture, E. S. Holl, \$5,280 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Mycologist (vacant) \$5,700.

Government Workshop, Superintendent Engineer, E. H. P. Bengtsson, \$6,600.

Assistant Engineer, P. J. Stewart, \$5,040 by A\$240 to \$6,000.

Museum Curator, E. Banks, \$5,040.

Controller, Government Monopolies, W. W. Duncan, \$5,520 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

Superintendent, Government Store, J. S. W. Bean, \$4,800 by A\$240 to \$7,200.

ADVISORY COUNCIL IN ENGLAND.

Bertram Brooke (H.H. the Tuan Muda).

C. H. Willes Johnson, (*Legal Adviser*).

Charles Hose (*late Resident, 3rd Division*).

A. B. Ward (*late Resident, 1st Division*).

G. C. Gillan, (*late Treasurer*).

J. F. Rowlatt, *Secretary*.

Offices: Millbank House, Westminster, S.W.

Government Agent: C. Willes Johnson.

TRANS-JORDAN.

A strip of country fringing the Syrian desert and extending from Syria in the north to the Gulf of Akaba in the south forms the territory known as Trans-Jordan. It is divided from Palestine by the River Jordan and the Dead Sea.

The frontier between Nejd and Trans-Jordan starts in the north-east from the point of intersection of meridian 39°E. and parallel 32°N., which marks the termination of the frontier between Nejd and Iraq, and proceeds in a straight line to the point of intersection of meridian 37°E. and parallel 31°30'N. and thence along meridian 37°E. to the point of its intersection with parallel 31°25'N. From this point, it proceeds in a straight line to the point of intersection of meridian 38°E. and parallel 30°N. leaving all projecting edges of the Wadi Sirhan in Nejd Territory, and thence proceeds along meridian 38°E. to the point of its intersection with parallel 29°35'N.

The southern boundary of Trans-Jordan is yet to be defined.

The northern portion of Trans-Jordan consists of elevated country, rising to 3,500 to 4,000 feet above sea level, which on the western margin falls abruptly to the narrow fertile plain of the Jordan valley, and on the east it falls more gradually to grass lands through which runs the Hejaz Railway line and which gradually merged into the desert.

The grass land strip forms the summer pastures of Bedouin tribes who in the winter move further east for pasturage. West of the railway are the wheat and barley lands of the Kerak, Balqa and Ajlun tribes as well as of the Circassian colonies in the Balqa and the numerous Arab villages in the north. Perennial water is found in the deep lateral valleys but the fertile land of the Jordan depression is only used as winter grazing ground by semi-nomad tribes. In the north there are a number of large villages, but the only towns of any size are Amman, Salt and Kerak.

No census has been taken but the population is believed to be about 200,000.

His Britannic Majesty is the Mandatory for Trans-Jordan, to which the terms of the Mandate for Palestine, with the exception of the provisions dealing with the establishment of a national home for the Jewish people, are applicable. The declaration of His Majesty's Government with regard to its Mandatory obligations in Trans-Jordan

made to the Council of the League of Nations in September, 1922 (Cmd. 1785) was in the following terms:—

"In the application of the Mandate to Trans-Jordan, the action which in Palestine is taken by the Administration of the latter country, will be taken by the Administration of Trans-Jordan under the general supervision of the Mandatory.

His Majesty's Government accept full responsibility as Mandatory for Trans-Jordan and undertake that such provision as may be made for the administration of that country in accordance with Article 25 of the Mandate shall be in no way inconsistent with those provisions of the Mandate which are not by this resolution declared inapplicable."

The Mandatory is represented in Trans-Jordan by the British Resident, assisted by a few British officers and a small clerical staff. The British Resident acts under the instructions of the High Commissioner for Trans-Jordan, who is also the High Commissioner for Palestine.

A local Arab Administration has been formed under His Highness the Emir Abdullah ibn Hussain, G.B.E., K.C.M.G. (son of ex-King Hussain of the Hejaz and brother of King Faisal of Iraq).

Amman is the capital, while Salt, Kerak, Irbid and Ma'an are headquarters of District Governors.

The Ottoman Code is in operation with but few changes. The official language is Arabic.

The system of taxation is unchanged from the Turkish, although additional contributions have been levied for special educational or religious purposes. In its incidence, however, taxation has been most uneven, for it is only in the Balqa that the tithe is collected, while Kerak and Irbid pay a specific sum in commutation.

Palestine pays Trans-Jordan an annual sum of £E.18,950 on account of the Customs Duties collected on goods of foreign origin which are re-exported to Trans-Jordan. The Syrian Government also refunds the duty collected on articles of foreign origin when re-exported to Trans-Jordan; and Trans-Jordan in addition collects a further small percentage of the value of the goods as assessed at Damascus. Until May, 1924, the import duty into Syria was 11 per cent., but was then raised to 15 per cent. on goods exported from States members of the League of Nations, and to 30 per cent. on others. Trans-Jordan collects a duty of 100 per cent. on imported alcohol and a duty of 50 per cent. on imported tobacco.

Until 1926, public security in Trans-Jordan was maintained by a locally-recruited force known as the Arab Legion and a number of civil police in the larger towns. In 1926 these forces were reorganised. A military force called the Trans-Jordan Frontier Force was raised in Palestine and Trans-Jordan for the defence of the two territories, and police duties in Trans-Jordan were entrusted to a civil police force, to which the old name of the Arab Legion was given.

Emir. H. H. Abdullah ibn Hussain, G.B.E., K.C.M.G.

British Resident, Lieut.-Col. C. H. F. Cox, C.M.G. D.S.O. £P.1,200.

First Assistant, A. S. Kirkbride, M.C., £P.750 by £P.25 to £P.950.

Trans-Jordan Administration.

Chief Minister, Hassan Khalid Pasha Abul Huda.
Minister of Justice and Kadi el Kuda, Sheikh Husam el Din Jarallah.

Judicial Adviser, C. R. W. Seton, M.C.
Financial Adviser, A. L. Kirkbride, O.B.E.
Creper of Antiquities, Riza Bey Tewfik.
Director of Public Works, Abdul Rahmah Eff. Ghorayib.
Director of Health, Dr. Halim Abu Rahmeh.
O.C. Arab Legion, Lieut.-Col. F. G. Peake, C.B.E.
Second in Command, Arab Legion, E. R. S. Stafford.

OTHER MISCELLANEOUS POSSESSIONS.

ADEN.

The peninsula of Aden is situated in lat. 12° 47' N. and long. 45° 10' E., about 100 miles east of the Straits of Bab-el-Mandeb, on the Arabian coast. The Settlement (the total area of which, exclusive of Perim, is 75 square miles) consists of two old craters forming rocky peninsulas:—Aden proper (area 21 square miles; population 43,106), on the south, and Little Aden (area 15 square miles; population 565), on the west—and a flat strip of coast, about three miles broad and known as Shaik Othman (area 39 square miles; population 10,764). The peninsulas form the horns of a bay called Aden Back Bay, which is about eight miles broad from east to west and about four miles deep. Its entrance is about three miles across. The native town of Aden is situated on the east of the Aden peninsula, opposite a gap in the crater walls. On the west side of the peninsula, some four miles from the town, is Steamer Point, off which the large steamers lie. The highest point of the peninsula is 1,776 feet above sea level. The average annual rainfall is about 3 inches, and the maximum is about 8 inches. The climate is very hot, especially during the summer months. The Aden Protectorate, to the north and north-east of Aden, has an area of about 9,000 square miles and a population of over 100,000. Aden is an important coaling station, and also an *entrepôt* for the trade with Arabia. The exports consist of coffee, gums, skins and hides, cotton goods, dyes, feathers, spices, etc. The settlement forms part of British India, and is subject to the Government of Bombay, and administered by a Resident, who has hitherto been also commander of the troops in the garrison, and who is assisted by three officers of the Bombay Political Department. A Judicial officer, an officer of the Public Works Department as Chairman of the Aden Settlement and Port Trust, a Police officer from the Bombay Provincial Police Department, and a military officer in charge of Perim.

Aden, after being a trade centre under its native kings, became subject in succession to the Abyssinians and Persians. In 1538 it was captured by the Turks, who lost it some years later, but captured it again in 1551 and held it until they were expelled from the Yemen in 1630. The Aden peninsula was occupied by the British in 1839, and in 1868 Little Aden was obtained by purchase. The coastal strip between the two peninsulas was secured by purchases in 1882 and 1888.

As from 1st April, 1927, the responsibility for military affairs in Aden and for the affairs of the Protectorate was transferred to the Colonial Office.

Year.	REVENUE.		EXPENDITURE.	
	Rs.		Rs.	
1924-5	...	9,021,520	...	9,037,882

Resident, Major-General Sir J. H. K. Stewart, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.

First Assistant Resident, Major T. C. W. Fowle.
Assistant Residents, Major B. R. Fisher, Capt. B. P. Ross-Hurst, M.C.

Judicial Assistant, J. T. Lawrence.

Chairman, Port Trust and Executive Committee of Aden Settlement and Controller of Rents, Major D. S. Johnston, R.E.

PERIM, a bare rocky island, five square miles in area, with a population of about 2,000, lies in the Straits of Bab-el-Mandeb, about $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the south-west corner of Arabia. It possesses a good harbour on the south-west side, with an entrance 860 yards in breadth. It was occupied by the British in 1799, but subsequently abandoned, and was only re-occupied in 1857, when the overland route to India made the position important. It is a coaling and cable station, and forms part of the Settlement of Aden.

SOOOTRA, an island situated about 150 miles E.N.E. of Cape Guardafui, in 12° 19'—12° 42' N. lat., and 53° 21'—53° 30' E. long. and lying in the direct route to India, has been since 1876 under the Government of Aden, which pays a small subsidy to the Sultan of Keshin, to whom it belonged. It is famous for its aloes. The population of the island is about 12,000. It is rather less than 100 miles from east to west and about 30 miles broad. Its interior is mountainous. It was formally placed under British protection by agreement with the Sultan in October, 1886, together with the neighbouring Abdal Kute and Bromers Islands.

TRISTAN DA CUNHA.

Tristan da Cunha is the principal of a group of islands lying in lat. 37° 6' S. long., 12° 2' W., about midway between South Africa and South America. It is an extinct volcano rising to 7,640 feet above sea level, with a crater-lake near its summit. It was taken possession of by a military force during the residence of Napoleon at St. Helena. When the garrison was withdrawn in 1817, William Glass, a corporal of artillery, and his wife elected to remain, and they were joined by two ex-Navy men, Alexander Cotton and John Mooney, and these, with certain ship-wrecked sailors, became the founders of the present settlement, which is on the north-west of the island, where there is a comparatively level area about 9 miles long and $\frac{1}{2}$ miles broad and about 100 feet above the sea. After some years, the five unmarried settlers contracted with a sea captain to bring them wives from St. Helena. The population in March, 1923, was 127.

The inhabitants are spoken of as long-lived, healthy, moral, religious, and hospitable to strangers. A supply of stores and provisions was provided out of a grant voted by Parliament, and sent out by a man-of-war in 1886, nearly all the able-bodied men having been drowned while attempting to board a vessel in December, 1885.

In the way of live stock, the inhabitants have between them about 220 head of cattle, about 700 sheep, about 50 pigs, and an abundance of poultry. Potatoes do well, and a good crop is got annually. Apple trees are in fair number, and bear well; there are also a few fig trees, but they do not fruit. The tree of the island, which apparently is a juniper, and upon which the islanders are dependent for their wood for fuel, is getting scarce in the neighbourhood of the settlement, but is abundant further off, and there is no fear of supply failing.

The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel has from time to time maintained a clergyman in the island.

In January, 1904, the island was visited by H.M.S. "Odin" in order to ascertain whether the islanders would accept the offer of the Cape Government to settle them in the Cape Colony, but out of eleven families only three families elected to go. The islanders are liable from time to time to privations. In March, 1907, owing to information indicating probability of failure of supplies, relief was sent by His Majesty's Government by the "Greyhound," chartered at Cape Town. On this occasion also the inhabitants were unwilling to leave the island, and the Rev. J. G. Barrow, a clergyman who had gone to the island in April, 1906, reported that though there is sure to be privation from time to time, it does not cause absolute distress. (See correspondence presented to Parliament in Cd. 3098 and Cd. 3764.) In March, 1923, the island was visited by H.M.S. "Dublin."

January, February, and March are the best months for visiting the island. It is in these months that weather at times becomes so settled that the islanders are able to make visits to Inaccessible and Nightingale Islands, which are some 20 miles off. They also are often able to visit these islands in November.

MISCELLANEOUS ISLANDS.

A number of islands and rocks throughout the world are British territory, or under British protection, but are not included in any Colony or separate Protectorate. Many of these have no permanent inhabitants, but are, or have been, leased by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for guano collection, or for coconut planting. The rents are paid into the Exchequer. Among such may be mentioned the Ashmore Group (Indian Ocean), Bird Island and Cate Island (in the Norfolk Island Group), Sombrero (West Indies, with a Board of Trade Lighthouse costing 520*l.* annually) Raine Island, Bell Cay and Bramble Cay (near British New Guinea), Caroline Island, Flint Island and Voetoe Island, (Pacific Ocean, 9° 56' S. lat., 150° 6' W. long., and 11° 26' S. lat., and 151° 48' W. long.), Malden Island (4° 1' S. lat., 156° 57' W. long.), leased to Messrs. Grice, Sumner, and Co., and Starbock Island; also Gough, Nightingale and Inaccessible Islands (in the S. Atlantic), and there are many others.

The Great and Little Basses and Minicoy are small islets in the Indian Ocean, with lighthouses maintained by the Board of Trade out of shipping dues levied on vessels passing, and collected at Ceylon, Mauritius, Straits, and Indian ports.

The Kuria-Muria Islands, five in number, off the south-east coast of Arabia, were ceded by the Imam of Muskat for the purpose of landing the Red Sea telegraph cable.

Amboyna Cay and Sprattley Island (lat. 8° 38' N., 111° 54' E. long.; lat. 7° 52' N., 112° 55' E. long.), two uninhabited sandbanks in the middle of the China Sea, lying about 240 miles N.W. of Borneo and 100 miles N. of Labuan, were annexed in 1877, and leased for guano collection. They are annually visited by Chinese junks for the purpose of collecting turtle.

PART III.

LIST OF HONOURS.

Conferred on persons (now living) for Services in and for the Oversea Dominions, Colonies, &c.

PEERS.

Atholstan, The Right Hon. Baron, 1917.
 Jellicoe, G.C.B., O.M., G.C.V.O., Admiral of the Fleet the Right Hon. Earl, 1925.
 Lugard, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., Colonel The Right Hon. Baron, 1928.
 Morris, K.C., K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Baron, 1918.
 Novar, K.T., G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Viscount, 1921.
 Stonehaven, G.C.M.G., D.S.O., Major The Right Hon. Baron, 1925.
 Strickland, LL.B., G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Baron, 1928.

PRIVY COUNSELLORS.

Anglin, The Right Hon. Francis Alexander, 1925.	Knox, LL.B., K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Adrian, 1920.
Bell, K.C., G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Francis Henry Dillon, 1926	Liverpool, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.B.E., M.V.O., Lieut.-Colonel The Right Hon. the Earl of, 1917.
Borden, LL.D., G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Robert Laird, 1912.	Lloyd, K.C., D.C.L., K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir William Frederick, 1918.
Bruce, C.H., M.C., The Right Hon. Stanley Melbourne, 1923.	Lugard, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., Colonel The Right Hon. Baron, 1920.
Burton, K.C., The Right Hon. Henry, 1924.	Malan, The Right Hon. Francois Stephanus, 1920.
Churchill, C.H., Major The Right Hon. Winston Leonard Spencer, 1907.	Meighen, The Right Hon. Arthur, 1920.
Coates, M.C., Major the Right Hon. Joseph Gordon, 1926.	Morris, K.C., K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Baron, 1911.
Cook, G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Joseph, 1914.	Mulock, K.C., LL.D., K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir William, 1925.
Doherty, K.C., D.C.L., LL.D., The Right Hon. Charles Joseph, 1920.	Ormsby-Gore, M.P., The Right Hon. William George Arthur, 1927.
Duff, The Right Hon. Lyman Poore, 1919.	Pearce, K.C.V.O., The Right Hon. Sir George Foster, 1921.
Fielding, D.C.L., LL.D., The Right Hon. William Stevens, 1923.	Seely, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General The Rt. Hon. John Edward Bernard, 1909.
Fisher, The Right Hon. Andrew, 1911.	Smartt, K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Thomas William, 1921.
Fitzpatrick, G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Charles, 1908.	Smuts, C.H., Lieut-General The Rt. Hon. Jan Christiaan, 1917.
Foster, LL.D., G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir George Eulas, 1916.	Stout, K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Robert, 1921.
Graham, The Right Hon. George Perry, 1925.	Tennyson, D.C.L., G.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Baron, 1906.
Hughes, The Right Hon. William Morris, 1916.	Ward, Bart., K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Joseph George, 1907.
Innes, K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir James Rose, 1915.	Watt, The Right Hon. William Alexander, 1920.
Isaacs, The Right Hon. Isaac Alfred, 1921.	White, K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir William Thomas, 1920.
Islington, G.C.M.G., G.B.E., D.S.O., The Right Hon. Baron, 1911.	
King, LL.B., C.M.G., The Right Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie, 1922.	

BARONETS.

Albu, Sir George, 1912.	McLeod, Sir Charles Campbell, 1925.
Bailey, K.C.M.G., Sir Abe, 1919.	Meredith, Sir Henry Vincent, 1916.
Cotts, K.B.E., Sir William Dingwall Mitchell, 1921.	Phillips, Sir Lionel, 1912.
Davson, Sir Edward Rae, 1927.	Richardson, C.B.E., Sir Lewis, 1924.
Flavelle, Sir Joseph Wealey, 1917.	Steel-Maitland, Sir Arthur Herbert Drummond Ramsay, 1917.
Graaff, The Hon. Sir David Pieter de Villiers, 1911.	Ward, K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Sir Joseph George, 1911.

THE MOST HONOURABLE ORDER OF THE BATH.

Knight Grand Cross.

Dudley, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., T.D., The Right Hon. the Earl of, 1911.
 Gladstone, G.C.M.G., G.B.E., The Right Hon. Viscount, 1914.
 Liverpool, G.C.M.G., G.B.E., M.V.O., Lieut.-Colonel The Right Hon. The Earl of, 1920.
 Samuel, G.B.E., The Right Hon. Sir Herbert Louis, 1926.

Knights Commanders.

Allen, G.C.M.G., V.D., Colonel The Hon. Sir James, 1917.
 Dobell, C.M.G., D.S.O., Lieut.-General Sir Charles Maepherson, 1916.
 Fiddes, G.C.M.G., Sir George Vandeleur, 1919.
 Lucas, K.C.M.G., Sir Charles Prestwood, 1912.
 Otter, C.V.O., General Sir William Dillon, 1913.
 Stewart, D.S.O., Major-General Sir John Henry Keith, 1927.
 White, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., D.S.O., Major-General Sir Cyril Brudenell Bingham, 1927.
 Wilson, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., Brigadier-General Sir Samuel Herbert, 1927.

Companions.

Antrobus, K.C.M.G., Sir Reginald Laurence, 1898.	Hotham, C.M.G., Rear-Admiral Alan Geoffrey, 1923.
Beal, C.M.G., A.D.C., R.N., Captain Alister Francis, 1926.	im Thurn, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., Sir Everard Ferdinand, 1900.
Bottomley, C.M.G., O.B.E., William Cecil, 1926.	Just, K.C.M.G., Sir Hartmann Wolfgang, 1902.
Butler, K.C.M.G., Sir Frederick George Augustus, 1917.	Kemball, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General Sir George Vero, 1903.
Cox, B.C.L., Hugh Bertram, 1902.	Lambert, K.C.M.G., Sir Henry Charles Miller, 1910.
Grindle, K.C.M.G., Sir Gilbert Edmund Augustine, 1919.	Marsh, C.M.G., C.V.O., Edward Howard, 1918.
Harding, K.C.M.G., Sir Edward John, 1926.	Read, K.C.M.G., Sir Herbert James, 1914.
Harris, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., Sir Charles Alexander, 1904.	Risley, K.C., K.C.M.G., Sir John Shuckburgh, 1912.
Harrison, D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Edgar Garston, 1907.	Strachey, K.C.M.G., Sir Charles, 1920.
	Thompson, D.Litt., D'Arcy Wentworth, 1898.
	Vernon, Ronald Venables, 1924.

THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.

THE SOVEREIGN AND CHIEF OF THE ORDER,

His Most Gracious Majesty the King, 1910 (G.C.M.G., 1901).

The Grand Master and First or Principal Knight Grand Cross.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.O.S.I., G.O.I.E., G.C.V.O., G.B.E., M.C., A.D.C., 1917.

Extra Knights Grand Cross.

Field-Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., G.B.E., A.D.C., 1870.
 Major-General H.R.H. Prince Arthur Frederick Patrick Albert of Connaught, K.G., K.T., G.C.V.O., C.B., A.D.C., 1918.
 His Royal Highness the Duke of York, K.G., K.T., G.O.V.O., A.D.C., 1926.

Knights Grand Cross.

(Not to exceed 100, of which number 30 are assignable for Foreign Services.)

Aberdeen and Temair, K.T., G.C.V.O., The Most Hon. the Marquess of, 1896.	Bell, Sir Henry Hesketh Joudou, 1925.
Allardyce, Sir William Lamond, 1927.	Borden, LL.D., The Rt. Hon. Sir Robert Laird, 1914.
Allen, K.C.B., V.D., Col. The Hon. Sir James, 1926.	Burnham, C.H., T.D., Colonel The Right Hon. Viscount, 1927.
Athlone, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., A.D.C., Major-General The Right Hon. the Earl of, 1923.	Buxton, The Rt. Hon. Earl, 1914.
Baden-Powell, Bt., G.O.V.O., K.C.B., Lieut-General Sir Robert Stephenson Smyth, 1927.	Byng of Vimy, G.C.B., M.V.O., General The Rt. Hon. Viscount, 1921.
Bell, K.C., The Rt. Hon. Sir Francis Henry Dillon, 1923.	Cave, The Rt. Hon. Viscount, 1921.
	Chancellor, G.C.V.O., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John Robert, 1922.

Knights Grand Cross—continued

Chelmsford, G.C.S.I., G.O.I.E., G.B.E., The Rt. Hon. Viscount, 1912.
 Clifford, G.B.E., Sir Hugh Charles, 1921.
 Cook, The Right Hon. Sir Joseph, 1918.
 Cox, G.O.I.E., K.C.S.I., Major-General Sir Percy Zachariah, 1922.
 D'Abernon, G.C.B., The Rt. Hon. Viscount, 1917.
 Denman, K.C.V.O., Colonel The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1911.
 Devonshire, K.G., G.C.V.O., His Grace the Duke of, 1916.
 Dudley, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., T.D., The Rt. Hon. the Earl of, 1908.
 Fergusson, Bt., LL.D., K.C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O., General Sir Charles, 1924.
 Fiddes, K.C.B., Sir George Vandeleur, 1917.
 Fitzpatrick, The Rt. Hon. Sir Charles, 1911.
 Forster, The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1920.
 Foster, LL.D., The Rt. Hon. Sir George Eulas, 1918.
 Gladstone, G.C.B., G.B.E., The Rt. Hon. Viscount, 1910.
 Guillemard, K.C.B., Sir Laurence Nunns, 1927.
 Haldane, K.C.B., D.S.O., General Sir James Aylmer Lowthrop, 1922.
 Halser, G.C.V.O., K.C.I.E., C.B., Admiral Sir Lionel, 1925.
 Islington, G.B.E., D.S.O., The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1913.
 Kintore, K.T., Colonel the Rt. Hon. the Earl of, 1889.
 Kylesant, The Right Hon. Baron, 1918.
 Lamington, G.C.I.E., Rt. Hon. Baron, 1900.
 Lincolnshire, K.G., the Most Hon the Marquess of, 1885.

Liverpool, G.C.B., G.B.E., M.V.O., Lieut.-Colonel The Rt. Hon. The Earl of, 1914.
 Lugard, C.B., D.S.O., Col. The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1911.
 Mackenzie, The Hon. Sir Thomas, 1920.
 Manning, K.B.E., C.B., Brigadier-General Sir William Henry, 1921.
 Nathan, R.E., Lieutenant-Colonel The Right Hon. Sir Matthew, 1908.
 Newdegate, Sir Francis Alexander Newdegate, 1925.
 Northey, C.B., Major-General Sir Edward, 1922.
 Novar, K.T., The Rt. Hon. Viscount, 1914.
 Ranfurly, The Rt. Hon. the Earl of, 1901.
 Ridgeway, G.C.B., K.C.S.I., The Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph West, 1900.
 Rundle, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., D.S.O., General Sir Henry Macleod Leslie, 1914.
 Sarawak, His Highness Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, Rajah of, 1927.
 Selborne, K.G., The Rt. Hon. the Earl of, 1905.
 Southborough, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., K.C.S.I., The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1908.
 Stonehaven, D.S.O., Major the Rt. Hon. Baron, 1925.
 Strickland, LL.B., The Rt. Hon. Baron (Count della Catena), 1913.
 Swettenham, C. H., Sir Frank Athelstane, 1909.
 Sydenham of Combe, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., Colonel The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1905.
 Tennyson, D.O.L., The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1903.
 Thomson, K.C.B., Sir Graeme, 1923.
 Willingdon, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., T.D., The Rt. Hon. Viscount, 1926.
 Young, K.B.E., Sir Arthur Henderson, 1916.

Honorary Knights Grand Cross.

Iraq, His Majesty King Faisal of, 1927.
 Johore, K.B.E., His Highness the Sultan of, 1916.

Knights Commanders.

(Not to exceed 300, of which number 90 are assignable for Foreign Services.)

Anderson, Bt., Sir Kenneth Skelton, 1909.
 Antrobus, C.B., Sir Reginald Laurence, 1911.
 Archer, Sir Geoffrey Francis, 1920.
 Bailey, Bt., Sir Abe, 1911.
 Bandaranaike, Sir Solomon Dias, 1925.
 Barnard, Sir Frank Stillman, 1918.
 Barwell, The Hon. Sir Henry Newman, 1922.
 Beauchamp, K.G., T.D., The Rt. Hon. Earl, 1899.
 Beit, Bt., Sir Otto John, 1920.
 Best, The Hon. Sir Robert Wallace, 1908.
 Birch, Sir Ernest Woodford, 1911.
 Birchenough, Bt., Sir John Henry, 1916.
 Bonython, Sir John Langdon, 1919.
 Bower, R.N., Commander Sir Graham John, 1892.
 Bowring, K.B.E., Sir Charles Calvert, 1925.
 Boyle, C.B.E., Sir Alexander George, 1921.
 Bradford, M.D., D.Sc., C.B., C.B.E., Major-General Sir John Rose, 1911.
 Brockman, Sir Edward Lewis, 1913.
 Byatt, Sir Horace Archer, 1918.
 Cadman, D.Sc., Professor Sir John, 1918.
 Cameron, K.B.E., Sir Donald Charles, 1926.
 Cameron, Sir Edward John, 1916.
 Cameron, Major Sir Maurice Alexander, 1914.

Campion, D.S.O., T.D., Colonel Sir William Robert, 1924.
 Carruthers, The Hon. Sir Joseph Hector, 1908.
 Chandler, Kt., LL.D., Sir William Kellman, 1927.
 Chaplin, G.B.E., Sir Francis Drummond Percy, 1917.
 Clarke, Sir Frederick James, 1911.
 Clayton, K.B.E., C.B., Brig.-General Sir Gilbert Falkingham, 1926.
 Clementi, Sir Cecil, 1926.
 Cockburn, M.D., Hon. Sir John Alexander, 1900.
 Collet, Sir Wilfred, 1915.
 Cordeaux, C.B., Major Sir Harry Edward Spiller, 1921.
 Cox, Sir Charles Thomas, 1913.
 Creswell, K.B.E., Vice-Admiral Sir William Rooke, 1911.
 Crewe, C.B., Brigadier-General The Hon. Sir Charles Preston, 1915.
 Cullen, LL.D., The Hon. Sir William Portus, 1912.
 Davis, Sir Charles Thomas, 1923.
 De Waal, The Hon. Sir Nicolaas Frederic, 1911.
 Dickinson, Sir Alwin Robinson, 1927.

Knights Commanders—continued.

- Dobbs, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., Sir Henry Robert Conway, 1925.
- Dunstan, LL.D., F.R.S., Sir Wyndham Rowland, 1924.
- Eaglesome, Major Sir John Egan, 1916.
- Egerton, Sir Walter, 1905.
- Escott, Sir Ernest Bickham Sweet, 1904.
- Evans, K.C.V.O., C.B.E., Sir Frederick, 1906.
- Falconer, LL.D., D.Litt., Sir Robert Alexander, 1917.
- Field, K.C.B., Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Laurence, 1924.
- Findlay, K.C., LL.D., The Hon. Sir John George, 1911.
- Fitzpatrick, Sir James Percy, 1911.
- French, Sir Somerset Richard, 1901.
- Fuller, The Hon. Sir George Warburton, 1919.
- Galway, D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry Lionel, 1910.
- Garran, Sir Robert Randolph, 1920.
- Garraway, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Edward Charles Frederick, 1922.
- Gibson, K.C., LL.D., Major-General Sir John Morison, 1912.
- Godley, G.C.B., A.D.C., General Sir Alexander John, 1914.
- Gouin, The Hon. Sir Lomer, 1913.
- Gowers, Sir William Frederick, 1926.
- Graham, Sir John James, 1905.
- Grenfell, Sir Wilfred Thomason, 1927.
- Grigg, K.C.V.O., D.S.O., M.O., Lieut-Colonel Sir Edward William Macleay, 1928.
- Grindle, C.B., Sir Gilbert Edmund Augustine, 1922.
- Groom, The Hon. Sir Littleton Ernest, 1924.
- Guggisberg, D.S.O., Brigadier-General Sir Frederick Gordon, 1922.
- Hadd n Smith, Sir George Basil, 1915.
- Hall-Jones, The Hon. Sir William, 1910.
- Harding, C.B., Sir Edward John, 1928.
- Harris, C.B., C.V.O., Sir Charles Alexander, 1917.
- Harris, V.D., Colonel Sir David, 1911.
- Hazen, LL.D., The Hon. Sir John Douglas, 1918.
- Hearst, Sir William Howard, 1917.
- Higgins, Sir John Michael, 1918.
- Hollis, C.B.E., Sir Alfred Claud, 1927.
- Hore-Ruthven, V.C., C.B., D.S.O., Colonel-Commandant The Hon. Sir Alexander Gore Arkwright, 1928.
- Hutsen, Sir Kyre, 1922.
- im Thurn, K.B.E., C.B., Sir Everard Ferdinand, 1906.
- Innes, K.C., The Right Hon. Sir James Rose, 1901.
- Irvine, LL.D., K.C., The Hon. Sir William Hill, 1914.
- Jackson, C.B., Sir Frederick John, 1913.
- Johnson, Sir William Elliot, 1920.
- Johnston, C.B., C.B.E., Colonel Sir Duncan Alexander, 1906.
- Just, C.B., Sir Hartmann Wolfgang, 1911.
- Kemp, The Hon. Sir Albert Edward, 1917.
- Kilpin, Sir Ernest Fuller, 1910.
- King-Harman, Sir Charles Anthony, 1900.
- Knox, LL.B., K.C., The Right Hon. Sir Adrian, 1921.
- Lagden, K.B.E., Sir Godfrey Yeatman, 1897.
- Lake, K.C.B., Lieut.-General Sir Percy Henry Noel, 1908.
- Lake, Sir Richard Stuart, 1918.
- Lambert, C.B., Sir Henry Charles Miller, 1919.
- Laurence, LL.D., Sir Perceval Maitland, 1911.
- Lawley, G.O.S.I., G.C.I.E., Colonel The Hon. Sir Arthur, 1901.
- Leclézie, Sir Henry, 1915.
- Lee, The Honourable Sir Walter Henry, 1923.
- Lefroy, The Hon. Sir Henry Bruce, 1919.
- Lewis, B.C.L., The Hon. Sir Neil Elliott, 1902.
- Lloyd, D.C.L., K.C., The Right Hon. Sir William Frederick, 1919.
- Lookhart, Sir James Haldane Stewart, 1903.
- Lucas, K.C.B., Sir Charles Prestwood, 1907.
- MacCallum, LL.D., D.Litt., Professor Sir Mungo William, 1926.
- MacCormick, Kt., M.D., Col. Sir Alexander, 1926.
- McKenzie, C.B., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Sir Duncan, 1907.
- McMillan, Sir Daniel Hunter, 1902.
- McMillan, The Hon. Sir Robert Furse, 1925.
- Mercer, Sir William Hepworth, 1914.
- Merewether, K.C.V.O., Sir Edward Marsh, 1916.
- Micallef, Sir Riccardo, 1906.
- Michaelis, Sir Maximilian, 1924.
- Mills, Sir James, 1909.
- Milton, K.C.V.O., Sir William Henry, 1908.
- Mitchell, LL.B., K.C., Sir Edward Fancourt, 1918.
- Mitchell, The Hon. Sir James, 1921.
- Mitchell, M.A., D.Sc., Professor Sir William, 1927.
- Mitchelson, The Hon. Sir Edwin, 1921.
- Moore, M.P., Major-General The Hon. Sir Newton James, 1910.
- Morris, D.C.L., D.Sc., Sir Daniel, 1903.
- Morris, K.C., The Right Hon. Baron, 1913.
- Morris, R.E., C.B., Colonel Sir William George, 1907.
- Mulock, K.C., LL.D., The Rt. Hon. Sir Willes, 1902.
- Murray, LL.M., The Hon. Sir George John Robert, 1917.
- Murray, Sir John Hubert Plunkett, 1925.
- Newlands, C.B.E., The Hon. Sir John, 1927.
- Newton, O.V.O., Sir Francis James, 1919.
- Nicholls, Kt., Sir Herbert, 1927.
- O'Brien, Lieut.-Colonel Sir Charles Richard Mackey, 1920.
- O'Grady, Captain Sir James, 1924.
- Olivier, O.B., The Right Hon. Baron, 1907.
- Orr, Major Sir Charles William James, 1923.
- Parr, The Hon. Sir Christopher James, 1925.
- Peacock, Hon. Sir Alexander James, 1902.
- Perceval, Sir Westby Brook, 1894.
- Perley, The Hon. Sir George Halsey, 1918.
- Probyn, Sir Leslie, 1909.
- Read, C.B., Sir Herbert James, 1918.
- Renton, K.C., Sir Alexander Wood, 1925.
- Risley, K.C., C.B., Sir John Shuckburgh, 1922.
- Robertson, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., Sir Benjamin, 1914.
- Robertson, Sir William Charles Fleming, 1927.
- Robin, C.B., Brigadier-General Sir Alfred William, 1916.
- Robinson, The Hon. Sir Arthur, 1923.
- Robinson, G.B.E., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Thomas Bilbe, 1913.
- Roblin, The Hon. Sir Rodmond Palen, 1912.
- Rodwell, Sir Cecil Hunter, 1919.
- Saunders, Sir Charles James Renault, 1906.
- Sherwood, M.V.O., Colonel Sir Arthur Percy, 1916.
- Shuckburgh, C.B., Sir John Evelyn, 1922.
- Sifton, K.C., The Hon. Sir Clifford, 1915.
- Skerrett, The Hon. Sir Charles Perrin, 1927.

Knight Commanders—continued.

Slater, C.B.E., Sir Alexander Ransford, 1924.
 Sloley, Sir Herbert Cecil, 1911.
 Smartt, The Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas William, 1911.
 Smith, The Hon. Sir Charles George, 1923.
 Smith, Sir George, 1914.
 Smith, Sir William Frederick Haynes, 1890.
 Solomon, K.C.S.I., The Hon. Sir William Henry, 1913.
 Somers, D.S.O., M.C., Lieut.-Col. The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1926.
 Spencer, Sir Walter Baldwin, 1916.
 Squires, LL.B., K.C., The Hon. Sir Richard Anderson, 1921.
 Stamfordham, G.C.B., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., K.C.S.I., I.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel The Rt. Hon., Baron, 1901.
 Stanley, Sir Herbert James, 1924.
 Stanley of Alderley, The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1914.
 Stephenson, V.D., Sir Albert Edward, 1921.
 Stirling, LL.B., O.B.E., The Hon. Sir John Lancelot, 1909.
 Stout, The Rt. Hon. Sir Robert, 1886.
 Strachey, C.B., Sir Charles, 1926.
 Stradbroke, C.B., C.V.O., C.B.E., A.D.C., Colonel The Rt. Hon. The Earl of, 1920.

Street, The Hon. Sir Philip Whistler, 1928.
 Stubbs, Sir Reginald Edward, 1919.
 Swayne, C.B., O.B.E., Brigadier-General Sir Eric John Eagles, 1910.
 Swettenham, Sir James Alexander, 1898.
 Symon, K.C., The Hon. Sir Josiah Henry, 1901.
 Taylor, Sir William Thomas, 1905.
 Theiler, Sir Arnold, 1914.
 Thiselton-Dyer, C.I.E., Sir William Turner, 1899.
 Walton, The Hon. Sir Edgar Harris, 1911.
 Ward, Bt., The Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph George, 1901.
 Watt, The Hon. Sir Thomas, 1912.
 Watts, D.Sc., Sir Francis, 1917.
 Weigall, Lieut.-Colonel Sir William Ernest George Archibald, 1920.
 White, The Right Hon. Sir William Thomas, 1916.
 Wilson, G.C.I.E., K.C.B., The Rt. Hon. Sir Guy Douglas Arthur Fleetwood, 1908.
 Wilson, K.B.E., Sir Henry Francis, 1908.
 Wilson, K.C.B., K.B.E., Brigadier-General Sir Samuel Herbert, 1923.
 Wittenoom, Hon. Sir Edward Horne, 1900.

Honorary Knights Commanders.

'Abdul Muhsin Beg'al-Sa'dun, His Excellency, 1926
 Daudi Chwa, Kabaka of Buganda, His Highness, 1925.
 de Buena Esperanza, The Conde, 1914.
 Kedah, His Highness the Sultan of, 1911.
 Kelantan, His Highness Ismail ibni almerhum Sultan Mohamed IV, Sultan of, 1922.
 Negri Sembilan, His Highness Muhammad, ibni Al-Marhum Antah, Yang di Pertuan Besar of, 1916.
 Pahang, His Highness Al-Mu'tasim Billah Al-Sultan Abdullah, ibni Al-Marhum Al-Sultan Ahmad Al-Ma'azam Shah, Sultan of, 1921.

Perak, K.C.V.O., His Highness Paduka Sri Sultan Iskander Shah ibni almerhum Sultan Idris, Sultan of, 1921.
 Selangor, His Highness the Sultan of, 1912.
 Trans-Jordan, G.B.E., His Highness the Amir Abdullah, of, 1927.
 Trengganu, His Highness Suleiman ibni almerhum Sultan Zainalabidin, Sultan of, 1922.
 Zanzibar, K.B.E., His Highness the Sultan of, 1914.

Companions.

(Not to exceed 800, of which number 240 are assignable for Foreign Services.)

Acutt, Ernest Leslie, 1902.
 Adamson, Kt., Sir John Ernest, 1923.
 Adamson, Lawrence Arthur, 1926.
 Alexander, David, 1923.
 Alexander, Major Dudley Henry, 1904.
 Alexander, Edward Bruce, 1925.
 Alexander, John, 1927.
 Allen, I.S.O., George Thomas, 1913.
 Allen, Raymond Cecil, 1917.
 Allwood, James, 1903.
 Anstruther, Admiral Robert Hamilton, 1907.
 Anthony, Philip Arnold, 1918.
 Antrobus, Edward Gream, 1915.
 Armitage, K.B.E., D.S.O., Captain Sir Cecil Hamilton, 1911.
 Arnett, Edward John, 1924.
 Aspinall, Kt., C.B.E., Sir Algernon Edward, 1918.
 Baddeley, Kt., Sir Frank Morrish, 1925.
 Bagge, Stephen Salisbury, 1907.
 Bagshawe, M.B., Arthur William Garrard, 1915.
 Balfour, Captain Oswald Herbert Campbell, 1923.

Barker, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel William Frank, 1907.
 Barnett, Kt., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Louis Edward, 1918.
 Barrett, M.D., K.B.E., C.B., Lieut.-Colonel Sir James William, 1911.
 Barrett, William Herbert, 1922.
 Barton, Captain Francis Rickman, 1905.
 Batterbee, K.C.V.O., Sir Harry Fagg, 1918.
 Bedwell, Horace, 1913.
 Bell, Alexander Foulis, 1927.
 Bell, Archibald Graeme, 1914.
 Bentinck, C.B.E., D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Walter Guy, Baron, 1912.
 Beresford, I.S.O., Marcus Henry Dela Poer, 1911.
 Bertram, Louis John, 1904.
 Best, K.B.E., Sir Thomas Alexander Vans, 1916.
 Binnie, Thomas Inglis, 1916.
 Bland, Edward Maltby, 1927.
 Bland, Robert Norman, 1910.
 Blount, Austin Ernest, 1918.

Companions—continued.

- Blunt, Arthur Powlett, 1923.
 Board, Peter, 1916.
 Boose, V.D., Major James Rufus, 1916.
 Borden, John William, 1918.
 Bottomley, C.B., O.B.E., William Cecil, 1921.
 Bourdillon, Bernard Henry, 1924.
 Bourne, K.B.E., Captain Sir Henry Rowland Murray, 1916.
 Boville, Thomas Cooper, 1912.
 Bower, K.B.E., Major Sir Robert Lister, 1897.
 Bowes, Frederick, 1915.
 Brand, The Hon. Robert Henry, 1910.
 Brewin, Arthur Winbolt, 1911.
 Brittain, K.B.E., M.P., Sir Harry Ernest, 1924.
 Brodhurst, Henry William Frederick Cottingham, 1911.
 Brown, John Frank, 1912.
 Browning, Sidney, 1921.
 Bryan, K.B.E., D.S.O., Colonel Sir Herbert, 1906.
 Budge, Henry Sinclair Campbell, 1928.
 Burdon, K.B.E., Major Sir John Alder, 1904.
 Burgis, M.V.O., Captain Lawrence Franklin, 1927.
 Burns, Alan Cuthbert, 1927.
 Bushe, Henry Gratian, 1927.
 Butler, Matthew Joseph, 1909.
 Butters, Kt., M.B.E., Major Sir John Henry, 1923.
 Cahill, Major William Geoffrey, 1912.
 Cardew, Claud Ambrose, 1919.
 Cargill, M.B., Featherston, 1905.
 Carmichael, C.B.E., Lieutenant-Colonel James Forrest Halkett, 1920.
 Carter, C.B., C.B.E., Brigadier-General Charles Herbert Philip, 1900.
 Cattaneach, William, 1925.
 Cerutti, Charles John, 1927.
 Chapman, Professor Robert William, 1927.
 Chatham, William, 1907.
 Chirnside, O.B.E., Captain John Percy, 1906.
 Chouinard, Honoré Julien Jean Baptiste, 1908.
 Clarkson, R.A.N., K.B.E., Vice-Admiral Sir William, 1913.
 Clemow, M.D., Frank Gerard, 1914.
 Clifford, M.V.O., Captain The Hon. Bede Edmund Hugh, 1924.
 Clough, Ernest Marshall Owen, 1921.
 Colebatch, Kt., The Hon. Sir Hal Pateshall, 1923.
 Collins, M.D., C.B., Major-General Denis Joseph, 1919.
 Collins, C.B.E., James Richard, 1920.
 Collins, K.C., Joseph Thomas, 1927.
 Colmer, Joseph Grose, 1888.
 Colville, Ernest Frederick, 1927.
 Cook, M.D., O.B.E., Albert Ruskin, 1922.
 Cooper, C.B., Brigadier-General Archibald Samuel, 1916.
 Cooper, Francis Alfred, 1901.
 Cork, Philip Clarke, 1904.
 Cornwallis, C.B.E., D.S.O., Colonel Kinahan, 1926.
 Cory, William Wallace, 1909.
 Couper, Leslie, 1919.
 Cox, R.A., D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Charles Henry Fortnum, 1927.
 Cozens-Hardy, Edgar Wrigley, 1926.
 Craig, George, 1928.
 Crawford, Henry Leighton, 1906.
 Creighton, K.C., James George Aylwin, 1913.
 Cubitt, R.A., C.B., D.S.O., Major-General Thomas Astley, 1916.
 Cummins, C.B., Major-General Harry Ashley Vane, 1919.
 Cunliffe-Owen, C.B., Brigadier-General Charles, 1918.
 Curtis, O.V.O., M.C., Captain Arthur Randolph Wormeley, 1925.
 Cust, Bt., R.N., G.C.V.O., C.B., C.I.E., Captain Sir Charles Leopold, 1901.
 Dale, C.B.E., Charles Ernest, 1914.
 Dalton, K.C.V.O., The Rev. Canon John Neale, 1882.
 David, K.B.E. D.S.O., Professor Sir Tannatt William Edgeworth, 1910.
 Davidson-Houston, Lieutenant-Colonel Wilfred Bennett, 1911.
 Davis, O.B.E., Admiral Edward Henry Meggs, 1894.
 Davis, James Corbett, 1922.
 Davis, Stuart Spencer, 1919.
 Day, C.B.E., Albert Cecil, 1925.
 Deane, Major James, 1903.
 Deane, Percy Edgar, 1920.
 De Chazal, Pierre Edmond, 1901.
 de Lissier, Herbert George, 1920.
 Denham, K.B.E., Sir Edward Brandis, 1922.
 Dent, John James, 1919.
 Desbarats, George Joseph, 1915.
 de Verteuil, Carl, 1922.
 Dick, D.S.O., Colonel Robert Nicholas, 1919.
 Diddams, Harry John Charles, 1912.
 Dixon, Lieutenant-Colonel William, 1919.
 Donne, Captain Thomas Edward, 1923.
 Doughty, LL.D., Arthur George, 1905.
 Douglas-Jones, Crawford Douglas, 1920.
 Dowbiggin, Herbert Layard, 1926.
 Duclos, Joseph Adolphe, 1920.
 Duff, K.B.E., Sir Hector Livingstone, 1915.
 Duffy, Charles Gavan, 1904.
 Duncan, K.C., Patrick, 1904.
 Dutton, Rear-Admiral The Hon. Arthur Brandreth Scott, 1919.
 Dyett, Captain Gilbert John Cullen, 1927.
 Earle, Charles Westwood, 1927.
 Eastwood, Benjamin, 1918.
 Eddison, Eric Ruoker, 1924.
 Edwards, Wilbraham Tollemache Arthur, 1901.
 Ellenberger, I.S.O., Jules, 1925.
 Ellis, Albert Fuller, 1928.
 Ellis, Walter Devonshire, 1919.
 Emery, George Edwin, 1924.
 Evans, B.Sc., Iltyd Buller Pole, 1921.
 Evans, John Emrys, 1902.
 Evans, Kt., The Hon. Sir John William, 1906.
 Ezechiel, Percy Hubert, 1923.
 Farquhar, Joseph, 1901.
 Farrer, Edmund Hugh, 1922.
 Faulkner, Odin Tom, 1928.
 Feetham, The Hon. Richard, 1924.
 Felling, Christian Ludolph Neethling, 1923.
 Ferguson, Kt., M.D., Sir Henry Lindo, 1918.
 Firth, Joseph, 1922.
 Fisat, Kt., M.D., D.S.O., Major-General Sir Eugene, 1915.
 Fitchett, LL.D., Frederick, 1911.
 Fitzpatrick, William Francis Joseph, 1912.
 Fleming, M.B., C.B.E., Andrew Milroy, 1898.
 Fletcher, C.B.E., Arthur George Murchison, 1922.
 Fortescue, C.B., D.S.O., Brigadier-General The Hon. Charles Granville, 1899.

Companions—continued.

Fosbery, O.B.E., Major Widenham Francis Widenham, 1905.
 Fowler, George Merriek, 1905.
 Fox, Harry Halton, 1914.
 Franklin, James, 1927.
 Fraser, James, 1919.
 Fraser, Kt., Sir John George, 1913.
 Fremantle, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., Admiral The Hon. Sir Edmund Robert, 1874.
 Freemantle, M.B.E., D.C.M., Major John Morton, 1927.
 Froude, R.N.V.R., O.B.E., Commander Ashley Anthony, 1892.
 Fuller, K.B.E., Sir Francis Charles Bernard Dudley, 1906.
 Furkert, Frederick William, 1926.
 Furlay, O.B.E., John Talfourd, 1922.
 Fynn, The Hon. Percival Donald Leslie, 1924.
 Gant, The Honourable Tetley, 1918.
 Garbett, C.I.E., Colin Campbell, 1922.
 Garland, Patrick Joseph, 1909.
 Gatt, Lorenzo, 1901.
 George, The Honourable William James, 1921.
 Girdwood, C.B., D.S.O., Colonel Austin Claude, 1919.
 Glasier, C.B.E., Major Frank Bedford, 1909.
 Godfrey-Faussett, R.N., K.C.V.O., Captain Sir Bryan Godfrey, 1908.
 Goldsmith, Herbert Symonds, 1912.
 Goode, Kt., C.B.E., Sir Richard Allmond Jeffrey, 1924.
 Gordon, Victor, 1926.
 Gordon, C.I.E., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel William Alexander, 1909.
 Grannum, Kt., Sir Edward Allan, 1915.
 Grannum, Reginald Clifton, 1925.
 Grant, Henry Eugene Walter, 1911.
 Greene, K.C., V.D., Colonel Hon. Edward Mackenzie, 1909.
 Grey, K.B.E., C.V.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Raleigh, 1896.
 Grimlinton, Frederick Henry, 1903.
 Gunson, Kt., C.B.E., Sir James Henry, 1922.
 Hallifax, C.B.E., Edwin Richard, 1925.
 Hamilton, D.S.O., M.V.O., Captain the Lord Claud Nigel, 1920.
 Hamilton, M.V.O., Gavin Macauley, 1921.
 Hanbury-Williams, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., Major-General Sir John, 1899.
 Hand, M.B.E., John Pierce, 1927.
 Haran, M.D., Major James Augustine, 1909.
 Harding, D.S.O., Colonel Colin, 1898.
 Hare, Reginald Charles, 1915.
 Harkness, Edward Burns, 1922.
 Harper, O.B.E., Charles Henry, 1921.
 Harrison, R.E., G.C.B., General Sir Richard, 1882.
 Harrison, O.B.E., Sydney Thirlwall, 1906.
 Hay, C.B.E., D.S.O., Colonel Charles John Bruce, 1919.
 Hay, M.V.O., Clifford Henderson, 1921.
 Hay, M.B., John Binny, 1901.
 Hayes, The Hon. John Blyth, 1921.
 Behir, M.D., K.C.I.E., C.B., Major-General Sir Patrick, 1917.
 Hellings, Robert Bailey, 1922.
 Henderson, R.N., D.S.O., Commander Francis Barkley, 1902.
 Hewby, William Petch, 1902.
 Hill, So. D., F.R.S., Arthur William, 1926.
 Hitchcock, O.B.E., Howard, 1922.
 Hodges, M.D., Lieutenant-Colonel Aubrey Dallas Percival, 1910.

Hodgson, C.V.O., O.B.E., Major Patrick Kirkman, 1926.
 Hodson, Arnold Wienholt, 1922.
 Hofmeyr, Gysbert Reitz, 1914.
 Holborow, Colonel The Hon. William Hillier, 1896.
 Hole, Lieut.-Colonel Hugh Marshall, 1924.
 Honey, de Symons Montagu George, 1919.
 Honey, John William, 1908.
 Hood, Thomas, 1917.
 Hood, The Hon. Victor Albert Nelson, 1916.
 Hopkinson, M.B., D.S.O., Emilius, 1922.
 Horn, M.D., Arthur Edwin, 1922.
 Horsburgh, V.D., Benjamin, 1921.
 Hose, Edward Shaw, 1924.
 Houston, William, 1906.
 Hull, Henry Mitchell, 1902.
 Hume, Lieutenant-Colonel William James Parke, 1921.
 Hunt, Atlee Arthur, 1910.
 Hutson, D.D., The Most Reverend Edward, 1925.
 im-Thurn, R.N., C.B.E., Captain John Knowles, 1924.
 Innes, John Robert, 1920.
 Irvine, D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Abercrombie, 1912.
 Irwin, Colonel De la Cherois Thomas, 1901.
 Jackson, D.S.O., Major Francis Walter Fitton, 1928.
 Jackson, R.E., D.S.O., Colonel Lambert Cameron, 1906.
 Jackson, K.E., K.B.E., C.B., Major-General Sir Louis Charles, 1906.
 Jackson, Wilfrid Edward Francis, 1919.
 James, K.B.E., Sir Frederick Seton, 1902.
 Janisch, Noel, 1912.
 Jarline, O.B.E., Robert Frier, 1928.
 Jarvis, Edward Blackwell, 1920.
 Jelf, Arthur Selborne, 1927.
 Johnstone, I.S.O., Robert, 1917.
 Jolly, William Alfred, 1927.
 Jones, I.S.O., Charles Jerome, 1914.
 Jones, Surgeon-General Guy Carleton, 1916.
 Kanhaack, Francis Edgar, 1917.
 Kennedy, D.S.O., Colonel John, 1918.
 Keppel, G.C.V.O., C.I.E., Hon. Sir Derek William George, 1901.
 Kerr, C.B.E., William Warren, 1924.
 King, Kt., M.B., Sir Frederick Truby, 1917.
 King, Merton, 1919.
 King, L.L.B., The Right Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie, 1906.
 Kitson, Kt., C.B.E., Sir Albert Ernest, 1922.
 Kitson, K.C.V.O., C.B., Major-General Sir Gerald Charles, 1901.
 Kittermaster, O.B.E., Harold Baxter, 1926.
 Knibbs, Kt., Sir George Handley, 1911.
 Knox, K.C.B., M.P., Major-General Sir Alfred William Fortescue, 1919.
 Kotewall, L.L.D., Robert Hormus, 1927.
 Laffan, R.E., Colonel Henry David, 1906.
 Lake, Major Harry William, 1919.
 Lamb, Bt., M.V.O., Colonel Sir Charles Anthony, 1918.
 Lamb, Kt., Sir Ernest Henry, 1907.
 Lambton, K.C.B., C.V.O., D.S.O., Major-General The Hon. Sir William, 1904.
 Lane, Ernest Frederick Cambridge, 1920.
 Lang, Alexander, 1913.
 Lang-Hyde, R.E., O.B.E., Lieut.-Colonel John Irvine, 1896.
 Langley, R.N., Lieut.-Commander Arthur Sydney, 1919.

Companions—continued.

- Larymore, R.A., Major Henry Douglas, 1896.
 Latham, K.C., Lieutenant-Commander John Greig, 1920.
 Laws, D.D., M.D., The Reverend Robert, 1923.
 Leggate, The Hon. William Muter, 1924.
 Legga, O.B., Major-General James Gordon, 1912.
 Legh, C.L.E., M.V.O., O.B.E., Major The Hon. Piers Walter, 1925.
 Leisk, Major James Rankine, 1914.
 Le Mesurier, Henry William, 1916.
 Lemon, Arthur Henry, 1918.
 Lewis, Arthur King, 1914.
 Lindley, James Bryant, 1902.
 Long, Edward Charles, 1921.
 Lowe, Alexander Francis, 1924.
 Luke, Harry Charles, 1926.
 Luke, Kt., Sir John Pearce, 1917.
 Lushington, C.B., Brigadier-General Stephen, 1907.
 Lynes, R.N., Paymaster-Captain Charles Edward, 1919.
 McCheane, C.B.E., Colonel Montagu William Hilley, 1916.
 McClellan, John William Tyndale, 1919.
 MacDonald, O.B.K., Ranald, 1924.
 McDougall, Frank Lidgett, 1926.
 McDowell, O.B.E., Lieutenant-Colonel Donald Keith, 1901.
 Macfarlane, Lieutenant-Colonel George James, 1901.
 Macgregor, Kt., Sir James Comyn, 1920.
 McInerney, V.D., Lieutenant-Colonel Timothy Marcus, 1907.
 McIntyre, D.D., O.B.E., The Rev. Ronald George, 1926.
 Molver, William, 1925.
 McKean, Colonel Alexander Chalmers, 1891.
 McLachlan, I.S.O., Duncan Clark, 1909.
 McLaren, John Gilbert, 1925.
 MacLeod, Norman Magnus, 1880.
 Mackworth, R.E., D.S.O., Colonel Harry Llewellyn, 1918.
 Macnaghten, C.B.E., Terence Charles, 1923.
 Marks, Oliver, 1922.
 Marriott, K.B.E., Sir Hayes, 1924.
 Marsh, C.B., C.V.O., Edward Howard, 1908.
 Marsh, Thomas Robertson, 1901.
 Marshall, D.Sc., Guy Anstruther Knox, 1920.
 Ma shall, Hugh Charlie, 1920.
 Mathieu, The Most Reverend Monsignor Olivier Elzear, 1901.
 Matthews, K.C., Ernest Lewis, 1914.
 Maud, Lieut.-Colonel William Hartley, 1908.
 Maxwell, M.D., K.B.E., Sir James Crawford, 1911.
 Maxwell, John, 1921.
 Maxwell, K.B.E., Sir William George, 1915.
 May, M.D., Aylmer William, 1924.
 May, C.B.E., Barry, 1916.
 Mewa, Arthur, 1918.
 Michell, Roland Lyons Nosworthy, 1911.
 Michelli, Kt., Sir Pietro James, 1906.
 Middleton, K.B.E., Sir John, 1916.
 Miles, O.B.E., I.S.O., Alfred Henry, 1916.
 Miles, C.B., Brigadier-General Philip John, 1919.
 Miller, I.S.O., V.D., Brig.-General David, 1913.
 Mills, Stephen, 1920.
 Milner, Frank, 1925.
 Mizzi, L.L.D., Lewis F., 1928.
 Moffat, The Hon. Howard Unwin, 1927.
 Monahan, George Henry, 1924.
 Moncrieff, Alexander Bain, 1909.
 Montisambert, M.D., I.S.O., Frederick, 1916.
 Moore, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., Admiral Sir Arthur William, 1892.
 Moore, L.L.D., K.B.E., Professor Sir William Harrison, 1917.
 Moorhouse, Kt., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Harry Claude, 1914.
 Morris, D.S.O., Colonel Arthur Henry, 1904.
 Morris, I.S.O., William Russell, 1919.
 Moseley, Charles Herbert Harley, 1903.
 Mowle, William Stewart, 1923.
 Muir, Kt., L.L.D., Sir Thomas, 1901.
 Murdoch, John Smith, 1927.
 Murray, L.L.D., Charles, 1922.
 Nevill, C.V.O., Lord Richard Plantagenet, 1909.
 Newcombe, K.C., L.L.B., Edmund Leslie, 1909.
 Newman, The Hon. Edward, 1923.
 Nicholson, Kt., Sir John Rumney, 1913.
 Nicholson, Reginald Popham, 1914.
 Nicolls, O.B.E., Edward Hugh Dyneley, 1927.
 North, Frederic Dudley, 1902.
 Nosworthy, Richard, 1926.
 Oakes, The Hon. Charles William, 1922.
 Oliphant, Lancelot, 1917.
 Oliver, Charles Nicholson Jewel, 1905.
 Oliver, Henry Alfred, 1901.
 Orr, Thomas, 1912.
 O'Shee, R.E., Lieutenant - Colonel Richard Alfred Puer, 1911.
 Otterson, Henry, 1913.
 Pagden, Arthur Sampson, 1917.
 Palliser, Charles Frederick Wray, 1916.
 Palmer, C.B.E., Herbert Richmond, 1922.
 Parker, C.B., Rear-Admiral Henry Wise, 1924.
 Parnell, O.B.E., Lieutenant-General John William, 1914.
 Parr, O.B.E., Major Cecil William Chas., 1923.
 Paton, Major-General George, 1879.
 Pearson, Arthur Ashley, 1902.
 Peel, William, 1926.
 Perkins, A.M.I.C.E., A.R.I.B.A., Thomas Luff, 1924.
 Perry, Major-General Ayiesworth Bowen, 1909.
 Pipon, R.N., M.V.O., O.B.E., Captain James Murray, 1924.
 Platts, Frederick William, 1921.
 Plowman, Kt., The Hon. Sir George Thomas, 1908.
 Pomare, M.D., K.B.E., The Hon. Sir Masi, 1920.
 Pountney, C.B.E., Arthur Meek, 1923.
 Prain, Kt., C.I.E., Lieutenant - Colonel Sir David, 1912.
 Prescott, C.I.E., Lieut.-Colonel Henry Cecil, 1926.
 Price, Colonel Adolphus James, 1896.
 Propating, The Honourable William Bispham, 1918.
 Prout, Kt., M.B., O.B.E., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir William Thomas, 1905.
 Pryce, Howard Lloyd, 1911.
 Rainsford-Hannay, R.E., C.B., Brigadier-General Frederick, 1918.
 Ramanathan, Kt., K.C., Sir Ponnambalam, 1889.
 Rankine, Richard Sims Donkin, 1919.
 Rice, Thomas Edmund, 1921.
 Richardson, Josephus Hargreaves, 1918.
 Ridley, Henry Nicholas, 1911.
 Ridout, R.E., K.B.E., C.B., Major-General Sir Dudley Howard, 1915.

Companions—continued.

Roberts, Kt., Sir John, 1891.
 Robertson, James, 1924.
 Robertson, L.L.D., James Wilson, 1906.
 Robinson, C.B., Brigadier-General Percy Morris, 1912.
 Rodway, Leonard, 1917.
 Rogers, Edwin John, 1927.
 Ross, John Sutherland, 1926.
 Ross, Captain William Alston, 1922.
 Round-Turner, R.N., Captain Charles Wolfran, 1925.
 Rowell, M.D., Thomas Irvine, 1890.
 Roxburgh, Thomas Laurence, 1910.
 Ruxton, Major Upton FitzHerbert, 1925.
 St. Johnston, Lieut.-Colonel Thomas Reginald, 1923.
 Sansom, Charles Lane, 1917.
 Scaddan, The Hon. John, 1924.
 Scott, John, 1923.
 Senior, I.S.O., Bernard, 1916.
 Severn, K.B.E., Sir Claud, 1917.
 Shawe, I.S.O., Henry Benjamin, 1924.
 Shirroore, M.B., John Owen, 1926.
 Sholl, I.S.O., Lionel Henry, 1911.
 Shores, John Wallis, 1901.
 Sh rtt, Adam, 1911.
 Simpson, C.R.E., Alfred Allen, 1919.
 Simpson, Samuel, 1926.
 Simpson, Kt., M.D., Professor Sir William John Ritchie, 1909.
 Sinclair, Bt., M.P., Major Sir Archibald Henry Macdonald, 1922.
 Sinclair, C.B.E., John Houston, 1915.
 Sladen, C.V.O., Arthur French, 1911.
 Slater, C.I.E., Samuel Henry, 1923.
 Sleeman, C.B.E., M.V.O., Lieut.-Colonel James Lewis, 1921.
 Sly, Henry Edward, 1914.
 Smallwood, Henry Armstrong, 1922.
 Smith, Colonel Frank Braybrook, 1919.
 Smith, R.E., D.S.O., Brigadier-General George Edward, 1909.
 Smyth, Herbert Warington, 1919.
 Southern, Wilfrid Thomas, 1927.
 Spira, Frederick, 1917.
 Spurling, O.B.E., V.D., Salisbury Stanley, 1925.
 Stanford, K.B.E., C.B., Colonel the Hon. Sir Walter Ernest Mortimer, 1892.
 Stanley, M.B.E., Captain William Blakeney, 1923.
 Starling, O.B.E., John Henry, 1925.
 Stevenson, R.A.N., Captain John Bryan, 1925.
 Stonor, Oswald Francis Gerard, 1925.
 Strickland, K.C.B., K.B.E., D.S.O., Lieut.-General Sir Edward Peter, 1913.
 Sturrock, John Christian Ramsay, 1927.
 Sykes, G.B.E., K.C.B., M.P., Major-General Sir Frederick Hugh, 1916.
 Tapley, Harold Livingstone, 1926.
 Tarbet, D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Francis, 1900.
 Tate, I.S.O., Frank, 1919.
 Tate, C.B.E., Colonel Robert Ward, 1923.

Taylor, C.V.O., Rear-Admiral Ernest Augustus, 1920.
 Temple, Charles Lindsay, 1909.
 Tennyson, Charles Bruce Locker, 1915.
 Thaine, Robert Neimann, 1927.
 Thomas, Kt., Sir Charles John Howell, 1925.
 Thomas, K.C., Frederic George, 1912.
 Thomas, James Jonathan, 1908.
 Thomas, K.B.E., C.B., Colonel Sir John Lynn, 1917.
 Thompson, Henry Nilus, 1920.
 Thompstone, Sydney Wilson, 1906.
 Thomson, Frank David, 1920.
 Thomson, Henry Wagstaffe, 1927.
 Thorburn, James Jamieson, 1907.
 Thornton, C.V.O., Hugh Cholmondeley, 1920.
 Treowen, C.B., Major-General the Right Hon. Baron, 1895.
 Tresidder, Captain Tolmie John, 1887.
 Trumble, C.B.E., Thomas, 1923.
 Truter, K.B.E., Sir Theodorus Gustaff, 1918.
 Tucker, Litt. D., Thomas George, 1920.
 Turgeon, C.V.O., Major The Hon. Adelard, 1906.
 Tyrrell, Francis Graeme, 1928.
 Vincent, Colonel Arthur Craigie FitzHardinge, 1902.
 Vine, Kt., Sir John Richard Somers, 1893.
 Walcott, C.B.E., Henry Barclay, 1913.
 Walker, I.S.O., William Henry, 1917.
 Wallace, K.B.E., Sir Laurence Aubrey, 1910.
 Wallace, Colonel Nesbit Willoughby, 1904.
 Wallington, K.C.V.O., Sir Edward William, 1901.
 Wallis, C.B.E., Henry Richard, 1911.
 Walter, Robert, 1918.
 Watt, James, 1924.
 Weeter Wemyss, G.C.B., M.V.O., Admiral of the Fleet, The Right Hon. Baron, 1911.
 Wheelwright, Charles Apthorpe, 1901.
 White, Aubrey, 1914.
 Whiteley, Frank, 1901.
 Wiggins, Clare Aveling, 1923.
 Wilkinson, Richard James, 1912.
 Williams, M.B.E., James Leslie, 1915.
 Wilson, Kt., Sir Jeremiah, 1918.
 Wingfield, Maurice Edward, 1912.
 Winner, M.V.O., Cyril Legh, 1928.
 Winsloe, K.C.B., C.V.O., Admiral Sir Alfred Leigh, 1901.
 Winstedt, D.Litt., Richard Olaf, 1926.
 Wodehouse, Henry Ernest, 1886.
 Wolfe, Edward Dudley Corswallen, 1928.
 Wolff, Ernest Charteris Holford, 1928.
 Wood, M.B.E., Thomas Alfred, 1922.
 Woods, Wilfrid Wentworth, 1926.
 Wrench, Major John Evelyn Leslie, 1917.
 Wrightson, Walsh, 1900.
 Young, D.S.O., Major Hubert Winthrop, 1923.
 Young, K.B.E., Sir William Douglas, 1907.
 Zammit, M.D., Temistocle, 1911.
 Zaphiro, Photius Philip Constantine, 1915.

Honorary Companions.

Abdul Rahman bin Andak, 1891.
 Ali bin Salim, C.B.E., Sheikh, 1920.
 Andrade, Louis Antonio, 1918.
 Bornu, Sanda Kura, the Shehu of, 1924.
 Johore, Tungku Ismail, the Tungku Mahkota of, 1926.

Kedah, His Highness Tunku Ibrahim, C.V.O., Regent of, 1922.
 Maldives, Islands, His Highness the Sultan of, 1919.
 Mehdi bin Ali, Sultan, 1925.
 Oladugbolu Onikepe, Alafin of Oyo, 1919.

Honorary Companions—continued.

Pahang, Tengku Suleiman ibni almerhum Sultan Ahmad Maazam Shah, The Tengku Besar of, 1928.
 Perak, Raja Abdul Aziz ibni Musa, the Raja Muda of, 1924.
 Perak, Raja Chulan ibni Sultan Abdullah, the Raja-di-Hilir of, 1925.

Rouvel, Edouard Auguste, 1902.
 Salim bin Khalifan, 1912.
 Sumeire, Camille, 1892.
 Tunku Mahmud ibni almerhum Sultan Abinad Tajudin, His Highness, 1923.

Officers of the Order.

Prelate, The Right Reverend Henry Hutchinson Montgomery, D.D., 1906.
Chancellor, The Right Honourable Earl Buxton, G.C.M.G., 1920.
Secretary, Brigadier-General Sir Samuel Herbert Wilson, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.B.E., 1925.
King of Arms, Sir Frank Athelstane Swettenham, G.C.M.G., C.H., 1926.
Registrar, Sir Edward John Harding, K.C.M.G., C.B., 1925.
Gentleman Usher of the Blue Rod, Sir Reginald Laurence Antrobus, K.C.M.G. C.B., 1920.

Chancery of the Order.

Colonial Office, Downing Street, London, S.W. 1.

THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER.

Knights Grand Cross.

Chancellor, G.C.M.G., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John Robert, 1925.
 Clarke, Bart., G.C.B., General Sir Charles Mansfield, 1903.
 Halsey, G.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., C.B., Admiral Sir Lionel, 1920.
 Hanbury-Williams, K.C.B., C.M.G., Major-General Sir John, 1908.

Hunter, G.C.B., D.S.O., T.D., General Sir Archibald, 1912.
 Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., Field-Marshal the Rt. Hon. Baron, 1909.
 Rundle, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., D.S.O., General Sir Henry Macleod Leslie, 1912.

Knights Commanders.

Batterbee, C.M.G., Sir Harry Fagg, 1927.
 Chaytor, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D., Major-General Sir Edward Walter Clerveaux, 1920.
 Evans, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., Sir Frederick, 1912.
 Everett, K.C.M.G., C.B., Admiral Sir Allan Frederic, 1920.
 Grant, C.B., Vice-Admiral Sir Edmund Percy Fenwick George, 1920.
 Grigg, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Edward William Macleay, 1920.
 Merewether, K.C.M.G., Sir Edward Marsh, 1907.
 Milton, K.C.M.G., Sir William Henry, 1910.

Mounbatten, R.N., Lieutenant The Lord Louis Francis Albert Victor Nicholas, 1920.
 Patey, K.C.M.G., Admiral Sir George Edwin, 1913.
 Pearce, The Right Hon. Sir George Foster, 1927.
 Rhodes, K.B.E., Colonel the Hon. Sir Robert Heaton, 1927.
 Thomas, Bart., C.S.I., Sir Godfrey John Vignoles, 1925.
 White, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General Sir Cyril Brudenell Bingham, 1920.

Honorary Knights Commanders.

Perak, His Highness Paduka Sri Sultan Iskander Shah ibni almerhum Sultan Idris, K.C.M.G., Sultan of, 1924.

Commanders.

Allan, Kt., Sir (Hugh) Montagu, 1907.
 Baker, Walter Reginald, 1911.
 Brand, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Charles Henry, 1927.
 Carington, D.S.O., Colonel the Hon. Rupert Clement George, 1906.
 Curtis, C.M.G., M.C., Captain Arthur Randolph Wormeley, 1927.
 Dodds, C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Thomas Henry, 1920.
 Grey, K.B.E., C.M.G., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Raleigh, 1910.
 Harris, K.C.M.G., C.B., Sir Charles Alexander, 1917.
 Hislop, O.B.E., James, 1927.
 Hodgson, C.M.G., O.B.E., Major Patrick Kirkman, 1927.
 Hyde, C.B.E., Commodore George Francis, 1927.
 Lloyd, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Herbert William, 1920.

Macnachten, Colonel Neil Ferguson, 1911.
 Marsh, C.B., O.M.G., Edward Howard, 1922.
 Mason, V.D., Lieut.-Colonel Percival Lawrence, 1910.
 Michell, Kt., the Hon. Sir Lewis Loyd, 1910.
 Nevill, C.M.G., Lord Richard Plantagenet, 1916.
 Newton, K.C.M.G., Sir Francis James, 1911.
 Noble, R.N., Captain Percy Lockhart Harnam, 1920.
 North, R.N., C.S.I., C.M.G., Captain Dudley Burton Napier, 1920.
 Otter, K.C.B., V.D., General Sir William Dillen, 1908.
 Pellatt, Kt., V.D., Major-General Sir Henry Mill, 1910.
 Sladen, C.M.G., Arthur French, 1916.
 Thornton, C.M.G., Hugh Cholmondeley, 1920.
 Turgeon, C.M.G., Major The Hon. Adelard, 1908.

Honorary Commanders.

Kedah, His Highness Tunku Ibrahim, C.M.G., the Regent of, 1924.

Members—Fourth Class.

Addison, I.S.O., D'Arcy Wentworth, 1927.
 Alexander, O.B.E., Major James Ulick Francis Canning, 1925.
 Blinman, Harry, 1927.
 Boyle, Captain Edward Patrick Ogilvie, 1927.
 Broadhurst, Captain William Robert, 1927.
 Buist, R.N., Lieut.-Commander Colin, 1927.
 Campbell, R.N., O.B.E., Captain James Douglas, 1920.
 Castelletti, Captain Contino Joseph Teuma, 1912.
 Clifford, C.M.G., Captain The Hon. Bede Edmund Hugh, 1920.
 Crawford, Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Montgomery, 1910.
 Crowdy, James, 1916.
 Curmi, Tancred, 1907.
 Duffy, Vincent Cyril, 1927.
 Duncan-Hughes, M.C., Captain John Grant, 1920.
 Francis, Colonel John Lewis, 1907.
 Hamilton, C.M.G., Gavin Macaulay, 1920.
 Hargreaves, M.C., Captain Reginald Cornwallis, 1925.
 Hawkins, R.N., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Commander Geoffrey Alan Brooke, 1925.
 Heritage, O.B.E., Colonel Francis Bede, 1920.
 Jackson, Bart., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Sir Thomas Dare, 1912.
 Jones, I.S.O., Frederick James, 1927.
 Kerr-Pearse, Major Beauchamp Albert Thomas, 1927.
 McIlveney, William Bernard, 1927.

McVilly, Richard William, 1920.
 Milner, R.N., Engineer-Captain John William, 1920.
 Newport, R.N., Surgeon-Captain Alexander Charles William, 1920.
 Northcott, Major John, 1927.
 Nugent, M.C., Major Terence Edmund Gascoigne, 1927.
 Rennie, O.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General Robert, 1910.
 Rhodes, Captain Arthur Tahu Gravenor, 1920.
 Robertson, Colonel Donald Murdoch, 1908.
 Robinson, R.N., D.S.O., Commander Lionel Frederick, 1920.
 Rogers, R.N., O.B.E., Captain Hugh Hext, 1920.
 Roy, Colonel Alexandre, 1908.
 Roy, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Joseph Edensor Gascoigne, 1910.
 Sherwood, K.C.M.G., V.D., Colonel Sir Arthur Percy, 1908.
 Sleeman, O.M.G., O.B.E., Lieut.-Colonel James Lewis, 1920.
 Trapani, Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred, 1912.
 Turner, M.D., William, 1912.
 Walshe, R.N., O.B.E., Paymaster Commander Francis Weldon, 1920.
 Whitehead, Samuel, 1927.
 Wibberley, Charles, 1910.
 Winsor, C.M.G., Cyril Leigh, 1927.
 Wylie, K.C., D.S.O., V.D., Brigadier-General James Scott, 1910.

Members—Fifth Class.

Azopardi, James Frendo, 1909.
 Balneavis, Henry Raunoa Huatahi, 1927.
 Broberg, Charles Robert, 1927.
 Hay, C.M.G., Clifford Henderson, 1920.
 James, M.C., V.D., Captain Ernest Homewood, 1920.
 Mulrooney, John Leo, 1927.
 Newmarch, R.N., M.B.E., Lieutenant Henry Clarence, 1920.

O'Donnell, R.M., Lieutenant Percival Sylvester George, 1920.
 Page-Hanify, Cecil, 1927.
 Ryder, Frank, 1927.
 Shapcott, I.S.O., Louis Edward, 1920.
 Steer, Lieutenant-Colonel George Rowland, 1920.
 Waterman, Herbert Roy, 1927.

THE MOST EXCELLENT ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

Knights Grand Cross.

Cavan, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., General Frederick Rudolph, Earl of, 1927.
 Chaplin, K.C.M.G., Sir Francis Drummond Percy, 1923.
 Clifford, G.O.M.G., Sir Hugh Charles, 1925.
 Cox, Sir Edward Owen, 1920.
 Islington, G.C.M.G., D.S.O., The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1926.

Liverpool, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., M.V.O., Lieutenant-Colonel The Right Hon. The Earl of 1918.
 Plumer, G.C.B., G.O.M.G., G.C.V.O., Field-Marshal the Right Hon. Baron, 1924.
 Robinson, K.C.M.G., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Thomas Bilbe, 1920.
 Samuel, G.C.B., The Rt. Hon. Sir Herbert Louis, 1920.

Dames Grand Cross.

Buxton, Countess, 1919.
 Forster, Rachel Cecily Baroness, 1926.
 Hughes, Dame Mary Ethel, 1922.
 Liverpool, Annette Louise, Countess of, 1918.

Massey, Mrs. Christina Allen, 1926.
 Melba, Dame Nellie, 1927.
 Novar, Viscountess, 1918.
 York, Her Royal Highness Elizabeth Angela Marguerite, Duchess of, 1927.

Knights Commanders.

- Adams, V.D., Lieut-Colonel Sir Arthur Robert, 1918.
 Armitage, C.M.G., D.S.O., Captain Sir Cecil Hamilton, 1926.
 Atta, Sir Ofori, 1927.
 Barrett, M.D., C.B., C.M.G., Lieut.-Colonel Sir James William, 1918.
 Beeton, Sir Mayson Moss, 1920.
 Bennett, The Hon. Sir John Robert, 1926.
 Best, C.M.G., Sir Thomas Alexander Vans, 1926.
 Blankenberg, Sir Reginald Andrew, 1920.
 Bourne, C.M.G., Captain Sir Henry Rowland Murray, 1918.
 Bowring, K.C.M.G., Sir Charles Calvert, 1919.
 Braddon, The Hon. Sir Henry Yule, 1920.
 Brand, R.A.F., D.S.O., M.C., D.F.C., Squadron-Leader Sir Christopher Joseph Quintin, 1920.
 Bryan, C.M.G., D.S.O., Colonel Sir Herbert, 1925.
 Burdon, C.M.G., Major Sir John Alder, 1927.
 Cameron, K.C.M.G., Sir Donald Charles, 1922.
 Caruana, The Most Reverend Maurus, 1918.
 Clarke, LL.D., The Hon. Sir Francis Grenville, 1926.
 Clarkson, R.A.N., C.M.G., Vice-Admiral Sir William, 1918.
 Clubbe, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Sir Charles Percy Barlee, 1927.
 Coaker, Sir William Ford, 1923.
 Cooks, The Hon. Sir Arthur Alfred Clement, 1923.
 Cotte, Bark., Sir William Dingwall Mitchell, 1919.
 Crawford, Sir William Smith, 1927.
 Croasbie, The Hon. Sir John Chalker, 1919.
 Dalrymple, Colonel Sir William, 1920.
 David, C.M.G., D.S.O., Professor Sir Tannatt William Edgeworth, 1920.
 Denham, C.M.G., Sir Edward Brandis, 1927.
 Denison, Sir Hugh, 1923.
 Duff, C.M.G., Sir Hector Livingstone, 1918.
 Edwards, C.B., M.V.O., Major-General Sir Alfred Hamilton Mackenzie, 1920.
 Elder, Sir James Alexander Mackenzie, 1925.
 Fairfax, Sir James Oswald, 1926.
 Fowle, Colonel Sir Henry Walter Hamilton, 1919.
 Fuller, C.M.G., Sir Francis Charles Bernard Dudley, 1919.
 Gibson, Sir Robert, 1920.
 Graumann, Sir Harry, 1922.
 Grey, C.M.G., C.V.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Raleigh, 1919.
 Handa, Sir Harry, 1919.
 Harris, Sir Arthur Ambrose Hall, 1918.
 Harrison, Sir John, 1922.
 Henley, Sir Thomas, 1920.
 Hennessey, Sir Alfred Theodore, 1923.
 im Thurn, K.C.M.G., C.B., Sir Everard Ferdinand, 1918.
 James, C.M.G., Sir Frederick Seton, 1922.
 Lagden, K.C.M.G., Sir Godfrey Yeatman, 1927.
 McBeath, Sir William George, 1920.
 McGrath, LL.D., The Honourable Sir Patrick Thomas, 1918.
 McPherson, The Hon. Sir William Murray, 1923.
 Manning, G.C.M.G., C.B., Brigadier-General Sir William Henry, 1918.
 Marriot, C.M.G., Sir Hayes, 1927.
 Masson, D.Sc., Sir David Orme, 1922.
 Maxwell, M.D., C.M.G., Sir James Crawford, 1925.
 Maxwell, C.M.G., Sir William George, 1924.
 Meeks, The Hon. Sir Alfred William, 1920.
 Middleton, C.M.G., Sir John, 1924.
 Moore, LL.D., C.M.G., Professor Sir William Harrison, 1925.
 Pomare, C.M.G., M.D., The Honourable Sir Maui, 1922.
 Rhodes, K.C.V.O., Colonel The Hon. Sir Robert Heaton, 1920.
 Richardson, C.B., C.M.G., Major-General Sir George Spafford, 1925.
 Rickard, Sir Arthur, 1920.
 Roberts, Sir Alexander Fowler, 1926.
 Severn, C.M.G., Sir Claud, 1923.
 Sheldon, Sir Mark, 1924.
 Simpson, Sir John William, 1924.
 Smith, Sir James Joynton, 1920.
 Smith, Lieutenant Sir Keith Macpherson, 1919.
 Stanford, C.B., C.M.G., Colonel The Hon. Sir Walter Ernest Mortimer, 1919.
 Stuart, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Campbell, 1918.
 Syme, M.D., Sir George Addington, 1924.
 Truter, C.M.G., Sir Theodoros Gustaff, 1924.
 Van Ryneveld, D.S.O., M.C., Wing-Commander Sir Helperus Andrias, 1920.
 Waddell, Sir Charles Graham, 1927.
 Wallace, C.M.G., Sir Laurence Aubrey, 1918.
 Wallers, Sir Evelyn Ashley, 1918.
 Williams, Sir Evan Owen, 1924.
 Wilson, K.C.M.G., Sir Henry Francis, 1919.
 Wilson, The Hon. Sir Reginald Victor, 1926.
 Wilson, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., Brigadier-General Sir Samuel Herbert, 1921.
 Young, G.C.M.G., Sir Arthur Henderson, 1918.
 Young, C.M.G., Sir William Douglas, 1919.

Dames Commanders.

- Antrobus, Edith Marion, Lady, 1927.
 Cavan, Hester Joan, Countess of, 1927.
 Cook, Mary, Lady, 1925.
 Cox, Belle, Lady, 1923.
 Darnley, Florence Rose, Countess of, 1919.
 Davidson, Dame Margaret Agnes, 1918.
 Harrowby, Mabel Danvers, Countess of, 1919.
 Jersey, Margaret Elizabeth, Dowager Countess of, 1927.
 Northcote, Alice, Lady, 1919.
 Stradbroke, Helena Violet Alice, Countess of, 1927.

Honorary Knights Commanders.

- Johore, G.C.M.G., His Highness the Sultan of, 1918.
 Kadoorie, Elly Silas, 1926.
 Sassoon, H. E. Effendi Heskail, 1923.
 Zanzibar, K.C.M.G., H.H. Seyyid Khalifa bin Harub, Sultan of, 1919.

Commanders.

- Abramson, Major Albert, 1927.
 Agnew, Andrew, 1918.
 Ainsworth, C.M.G., D.S.O., John, 1919.
 Alexander, Captain Leslie William, 1927.
 Aspinall, Kt., C.M.G., Sir Algemon Edward, 1926.

Commanders—continued.

- Baker, Alma, 1919.**
Barke, T.D., Brevet-Lieut.-Colonel Charles Reginald, 1925.
Barkley, William Henry, 1924.
Barrett, M.B., Miss Edith Helen, 1918.
Barth, Sir Jacob William, 1919.
Bayley, George Drysdale, 1925.
Beattie, M.C., Lieut.-Colonel Alexander Elder, 1920.
Bell, Bernard Humphrey, 1922.
Bertram, Edith Marion, Lady, 1919.
Bethune, M.A., The Rev. John Walter, 1927.
Bolton, Lieut.-Colonel Senator William Kinsey, 1918.
Booty, Arthur Ernest, 1922.
Bowling, Ethel Dorothy, Lady, 1918.
Boyle, K.C.M.G., Sir Alexander George, 1919.
Brewis, R.N., Captain Charles Richard Wynn, 1920.
Bright, Alfred, 1918.
Browning, Mrs. Adeline Elizabeth, 1918.
Buckley, Lieut.-Colonel Percy Neville, 1924.
Budden, Henry Ebenezer, 1918.
Burnett, Miss Ethel Mary, 1919.
Burrows, Thomas Fraser, 1918.
Caldesott, Andrew, 1926.
Cambage, Richard Hind, 1925.
Capell, D.S.O., Colonel Algernon Essex, 1924.
Carter, Mrs. Heaster Marion, 1918.
Carter, Kt., Sir William Morris, 1918.
Case, C.M.G., D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Horace Akroyd, 1927.
Cecil, The Honourable Lady Alicia Margaret, 1920.
Chancellor, Alexander Richard, 1923.
Chaplin, Margaret Seton, Lady, 1918.
Chappe, Mrs. Penelope Louise, 1919.
Chappell, Kt., Sir Ernest, 1918.
Chesnaye, Major Christian Purefoye, 1918.
Christopherson, Douglas, 1918.
Church, Arthur Frederick, 1919.
Clark, Donald George, 1924.
Clark, James John, 1919.
Clifford, Elizabeth Lydia Rosabelle, Lady, 1918.
Collins, C.M.G., James Richard, 1923.
Copus, George Frederick, 1924.
Craay, M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., Harold Thomas, 1927.
Cridland, Frank, 1920.
Crompton, Robert, 1918.
Crutehley, Ernest Tristram, 1926.
Curwen, M.B., Henry, 1922.
Dain, Charles Kenneth, 1927.
Daniel, Lieut.-Colonel Rowland Mortimer, 1927.
Davidson, Captain James, 1926.
Davies, Daniel James, 1927.
Day, C.M.G., Albert Cecil, 1919.
Debono, L.L.D., Massimiliano, 1925.
de Chazal, M.D., Edmond Lucien, 1925.
Delprat, Guillaume Daniel, 1918.
De Mel, Henry Lawson, 1918.
Derrick, V.D., Colonel George Alexander, 1918.
Dobbin, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Herbert Thomas, 1925.
Dobbs, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Richard Conway, 1926.
Draper, K.C., Thomas Percy, 1918.
Drayton, Miss Gertrude, 1926.
Drower, Edwin Mortimer, 1923.
Dunn, James Stormont, 1919.
Earp, Charles Anthony, 1920.
Earp, The Honourable George Frederick, 1920.
Easterbrook, John Thomas, 1923.
Edginton, Major Clyde, 1918.
Edwards, George, 1918.
Evans, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., Sir Frederick, 1918.
Evans, D.Sc., LL.B., F.R.S., John William, 1922.
Faunce, Colonel Bonham, 1923.
Ferguson, Herbert, 1924.
FitzGerald, Edward, 1918.
Fleming, M.B., C.M.G., Andrew Milroy, 1924.
Fletcher, C.M.G., Arthur George Murchison, 1919.
Fort, George Seymour, 1918.
Fowlds, The Honourable George, 1918.
Fraser, Frederick William, 1922.
Frostick, James Arthur, 1920.
Gallagher, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Albert Ernest, 1927.
Garner, Walter Wesley, 1920.
Giovanetti, Constantine William, 1920.
Goble, D.S.O., D.F.C., Wing-Commander Stanley James, 1924.
Godley, Lieutenant-Colonel Godfrey Archibald, 1919.
Gollan, Kt., Sir Henry Cowper, 1918.
Goode, Kt., C.M.G., Sir Richard Allmond Jeffrey, 1918.
Gosling, John Thomas, 1922.
Grant, R.N., Captain Duncan Walter, 1920.
Gray, Lieut.-Colonel George Douglas, 1925.
Green, Doctor Thomas Ernest, 1920.
Greene, George Ball, 1924.
Greenwood, William Frederick, 1920.
Grosvenor, The Honourable Mrs. Caroline Susan Theodora, 1920.
Gunn, Frank Lindsay, 1920.
Gunson, Kt., C.M.G., Sir James Henry, 1919.
Hall, Thomas Andrew, 1919.
Hallifax, C.M.G., Edwin Richard, 1922.
Harding, Alfred John, 1927.
Hardwicke, Ellen, Countess of, 1918.
Harward, A.M.I.C.E., Charles Cuthbert, 1926.
Hawthorn, D.S.O., Brigadier-General George Montague Philip, 1923.
Hayward, Kt., V.D., Colonel Sir Edwin James, 1923.
Hayward, Lieutenant-Colonel Edwyn Walton, 1918.
Haywood, C.M.G., D.S.O., Colonel Austin Hubert Wightwick, 1923.
Heathershaw, James Thomas, 1927.
Helbert, Lieutenant-Colonel Geoffrey Gladstone, 1918.
Hennessy, Mary, Lady, 1918.
Henty, Miss Beatrice, 1918.
Herbst, Major John Frederick, 1919.
Heritage, M.V.O., Colonel Francis Bede, 1924.
Heron, D.S.O., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Colonel George Wykeham, 1926.
Hetherwick, D.D., Reverend Alexander, 1925.
Hill, William George John, 1922.
Holland, Henry, 1919.
Hollis, K.C.M.G., Sir Alfred Claud, 1919.
Holm, Alexander, 1926.
Hordern, Major Anthony, 1918.
Humphreys, John Lisseter, 1925.
Hunter, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Anderson, 1918.
Innes, Jessie Dodd, Lady Rose, 1918.
Jenkin, Francis Charles, 1918.
Jeppe, Sir Julius, 1920.
Jess, C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Carl Herman, 1920.

Companions—continued.

- Larmore, R.A., Major Henry Douglas, 1896.
 Latham, K.C., Lieutenant-Commander John Greig, 1920.
 Lava, D.D., M.D., The Reverend Robert, 1923.
 Leggate, The Hon. William Muter, 1924.
 Legga, C.B., Major-General James Gordon, 1912.
 Legh, C.I.E., M.V.O., O.B.E., Major The Hon. Piers Walter, 1925.
 Leisk, Major James Rankine, 1914.
 Le Messurier, Henry William, 1916.
 Lemon, Arthur Henry, 1918.
 Lewis, Arthur King, 1914.
 Lindley, James Bryant, 1902.
 Long, Edward Charles, 1921.
 Lowe, Alexander Francis, 1924.
 Luke, Harry Charles, 1926.
 Luke, Kt., Sir John Pearce, 1917.
 Lushington, C.B., Brigadier-General Stephen, 1907.
 Lynes, R.N., Paymaster-Captain Charles Edward, 1919.
 McCheane, C.B.E., Colonel Montagu William Hiley, 1916.
 McClellan, John William Tyndale, 1919.
 MacDonald, O.B.E., Ranald, 1924.
 McDougall, Frank Lidgett, 1926.
 McDowell, O.B.E., Lieutenant-Colonel Donald Keith, 1901.
 Macfarlane, Lieutenant-Colonel George James, 1901.
 Macgregor, Kt., Sir James Comyn, 1920.
 MacInerney, V.D., Lieutenant-Colonel Timothy Marcus, 1907.
 McIntyre, D.D., O.B.E., The Rev. Ronald George, 1926.
 Molver, William, 1925.
 McKean, Colonel Alexander Chalmers, 1891.
 McLachlan, I.S.O., Duncan Clark, 1909.
 McLaren, John Gilbert, 1925.
 MacLeod, Norman Magnus, 1880.
 Mackworth, R.E., D.S.O., Colonel Harry Lewellyn, 1918.
 Maonaghten, C.B.E., Terence Charles, 1923.
 Marks, Oliver, 1922.
 Marriott, K.B.E., Sir Hayer, 1924.
 Marsh, C.B., C.V.O., Edward Howard, 1908.
 Marsh, Thomas Robertson, 1901.
 Marshall, D.Sc., Guy Anstruthur Knox, 1920.
 Ma shall, Hugh Charlie, 1920.
 Mathieu, The Most Reverend Monsignor Olivier Elzear, 1901.
 Matthews, K.C., Ernest Lewis, 1914.
 Maud, Lieut.-Colonel William Hartley, 1908.
 Maxwell, M.D., K.B.E., Sir James Crawford, 1911.
 Maxwell, John, 1921.
 Maxwell, K.B.E., Sir William George, 1915.
 May, M.D., Aylmer William, 1924.
 May, C.B.E., Barry, 1916.
 Mews, Arthur, 1918.
 Michell, Roland Lyons Nosworthy, 1911.
 Michelli, Kt., Sir Pietro James, 1906.
 Middleton, K.B.E., Sir John, 1916.
 Miles, O.B.E., I.S.O., Alfred Henry, 1916.
 Miles, C.B., Brigadier-General Philip John, 1919.
 Miller, I.S.O., V.D., Brig.-General David, 1913.
 Mills, Stephen, 1920.
 Milner, Frank, 1925.
 Mizzi, L.L.D., Lewis F., 1928.
 Moffat, The Hon. Howard Unwin, 1927.
 Monahan, George Henry, 1924.
 Moncrieff, Alexander Bain, 1909.
 Montinambert, M.D., I.S.O., Frederick, 1916.
 Moore, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., Admiral Sir Arthur William, 1892.
 Moore, L.L.D., K.B.E., Professor Sir William Harrison, 1917.
 Moorhouse, Kt., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Harry Claude, 1914.
 Morris, D.S.O., Colonel Arthur Henry, 1904.
 Morris, I.S.O., William Russell, 1919.
 Moseley, Charles Herbert Harley, 1903.
 Mowle, William Stewart, 1923.
 Muir, Kt., L.L.D., Sir Thomas, 1901.
 Murdoch, John Smith, 1927.
 Murray, L.L.D., Charles, 1922.
 Nevill, C.V.O., Lord Richard Plantagenet, 1909.
 Newcombe, K.C., L.L.B., Edmund Leslie, 1909.
 Newman, The Hon. Edward, 1923.
 Nicholson, Kt., Sir John Rumney, 1913.
 Nicholson, Reginald Popham, 1914.
 Nicolls, O.B.E., Edward Hugh Dyneley, 1927.
 North, Frederic Dudley, 1902.
 Nosworthy, Richard, 1926.
 Oakes, The Hon. Charles William, 1922.
 Oliphant, Lancelot, 1917.
 Oliver, Charles Nicholson Jewel, 1905.
 Oliver, Henry Alfred, 1901.
 Orr, Thomas, 1912.
 O'Shee, R.E., Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Alfred Poer, 1911.
 Otterson, Henry, 1913.
 Pagden, Arthur Sampson, 1917.
 Palliser, Charles Frederick Wray, 1916.
 Palmer, C.B.E., Herbert Richmond, 1923.
 Parker, C.B., Rear-Admiral Henry Wise, 1924.
 Parnell, O.B.E., Lieutenant-General John William, 1914.
 Parr, O.B.E., Major Cecil William Chase, 1923.
 Paton, Major-General George, 1879.
 Pearson, Arthur Ashley, 1902.
 Peel, William, 1926.
 Perkins, A.M.I.C.E., A.R.I.B.A., Thomas Luff, 1924.
 Perry, Major-General Avlesworth Bowen, 1909.
 Pipon, R.N., M.V.O., O.B.E., Captain James Murray, 1924.
 Platts, Frederick William, 1921.
 Plowman, Kt., The Hon. Sir George Thomas, 1908.
 Pomare, M.D., K.B.E., The Hon. Sir Mazi, 1920.
 Pountney, C.B.E., Arthur Meek, 1923.
 Prain, Kt., C.I.E., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir David, 1912.
 Prescott, C.I.E., Lieut.-Colonel Henry Cecil, 1926.
 Price, Colonel Adolphus James, 1896.
 Proping, The Honourable William Bispham, 1918.
 Prout, Kt., M.B., O.B.E., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir William Thomas, 1905.
 Pryce, Howard Lloyd, 1911.
 Rainsford-Hannay, R.E., C.B., Brigadier-General Frederick, 1918.
 Ramanathan, Kt., K.C., Sir Ponnambalam, 1899.
 Rankine, Richard Sims Donkin, 1919.
 Rice, Thomas Edmund, 1921.
 Richardson, Josephus Hargreaves, 1918.
 Ridley, Henry Nicholas, 1911.
 Ridout, R.E., K.B.E., C.B., Major-General Sir Dudley Howard, 1915.

Companions—continued.

Roberts, Kt., Sir John, 1891.
 Robertson, James, 1924.
 Robertson, LL.D., James Wilson, 1906.
 Robinson, C.B., Brigadier-General Percy Morris, 1912.
 Rodway, Leonard, 1917.
 Rogers, Edwin John, 1927.
 Ross, John Sutherland, 1926.
 Ross, Captain William Alston, 1922.
 Round-Turner, R.N., Captain Charles Wolfran, 1925.
 Rowell, M.D., Thomas Irvine, 1890.
 Roxburgh, Thomas Laurence, 1910.
 Ruxton, Major Upton FitzHerbert, 1925.
 St. Johnston, Lieut.-Colonel Thomas Reginald, 1923.
 Sansom, Charles Lane, 1917.
 Scaddan, The Hon. John, 1924.
 Scott, John, 1923.
 Senior, I.S.O., Bernard, 1916.
 Severn, K.B.E., Sir Claud, 1917.
 Shawe, I.S.O., Henry Benjamin, 1924.
 Shiroore, M.B., John Owen, 1926.
 Sholl, I.S.O., Lionel Henry, 1911.
 Shores, John Wallis, 1901.
 Shrtt, Adam, 1911.
 Simpson, C.R.E., Alfred Allen, 1919.
 Simpson, Samuel, 1926.
 Simpson, Kt., M.D., Professor Sir William John Ritchie, 1909.
 Sinclair, Bt., M.P., Major Sir Archibald Henry Macdonald, 1922.
 Sinclair, C.B.E., John Houston, 1915.
 Sladen, C.V.O., Arthur French, 1911.
 Slater, C.I.E., Samuel Henry, 1923.
 Sleeman, C.B.E., M.V.O., Lieut.-Colonel James Lewis, 1921.
 Sly, Henry Edward, 1914.
 Smallwood, Henry Armstrong, 1922.
 Smith, Colonel Frank Braybrook, 1919.
 Smith, R.E., D.S.O., Brigadier-General George Edward, 1909.
 Smyth, Herbert Warrington, 1919.
 Southorn, Wilfrid Thomas, 1927.
 Spire, Frederick, 1917.
 Spurling, O.B.E., V.D., Salisbury Stanley, 1925.
 Stanford, K.B.E., C.B., Colonel the Hon. Sir Walter Ernest Mortimer, 1892.
 Stanley, M.B.E., Captain William Blakeney, 1923.
 Starling, O.B.E., John Henry, 1925.
 Stevenson, R.A.N., Captain John Bryan, 1925.
 Stonor, Oswald Francis Gerard, 1925.
 Strickland, K.C.B., K.B.E., D.S.O., Lieut.-General Sir Edward Peter, 1913.
 Sturrock, John Christian Ramsay, 1927.
 Sykes, G.B.E., K.C.B., M.P., Major-General Sir Frederick Hugh, 1916.
 Tapley, Harold Livingstone, 1926.
 Tarbet, D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Francis, 1900.
 Tate, I.S.O., Frank, 1919.
 Tate, C.B.E., Colonel Robert Ward, 1923.

Taylor, C.V.O., Rear-Admiral Ernest Augustus, 1920.
 Temple, Charles Lindsay, 1909.
 Tennyson, Charles Bruce Locker, 1915.
 Thaine, Robert Neimann, 1927.
 Thomas, Kt., Sir Charles John Howell, 1925.
 Thomas, K.C., Frederic George, 1912.
 Thomas, James Jonathan, 1908.
 Thomas, K.B.E., C.B., Colonel Sir John Lynn, 1917.
 Thompson, Henry Nilus, 1920.
 Thompson, Sydney Wilson, 1906.
 Thomson, Frank David, 1920.
 Thomson, Henry Wagstaffe, 1927.
 Thorburn, James Jamieson, 1907.
 Thornton, C.V.O., Hugh Cholmondeley, 1920.
 Treowen, C.B., Major-General the Right Hon. Baron, 1886.
 Trezidler, Captain Tolmie John, 1887.
 Trumble, C.B.E., Thomas, 1923.
 Truter, K.B.E., Sir Theodoros Gustaff, 1918.
 Tucker, Litt. D., Thomas George, 1920.
 Turgeon, C.V.O., Major The Hon. Adelard, 1906.
 Tyrrell, Francis Graeme, 1928.
 Vincent, Colonel Arthur Craigie FitzHardinge, 1902.
 Vine, Kt., Sir John Richard Somers, 1893.
 Walcott, C.B.E., Henry Barclay, 1913.
 Walker, I.S.O., William Henry, 1917.
 Wallace, K.B.E., Sir Laurence Aubrey, 1910.
 Wallace, Colonel Nesbit Willoughby, 1904.
 Wallington, K.C.V.O., Sir Edward William, 1901.
 Wallis, C.B.E., Henry Richard, 1911.
 Walter, Robert, 1918.
 Watt, James, 1924.
 Wester Wemyss, G.C.B., M.V.O., Admiral of the Fleet, The Right Hon. Baron, 1911.
 Wheelwright, Charles Apthorpe, 1901.
 White, Aubrey, 1914.
 Whiteley, Frank, 1901.
 Wiggins, Clare Aveling, 1923.
 Wilkinson, Richard James, 1912.
 Williams, M.B.E., James Leslie, 1915.
 Wilson, Kt., Sir Jeremiah, 1918.
 Wingfield, Maurice Edward, 1912.
 Winsor, M.V.O., Cyril Legh, 1928.
 Winsloe, K.C.B., C.V.O., Admiral Sir Alfred Leigh, 1901.
 Winstedt, D.Litt., Richard Olaf, 1926.
 Wodehouse, Henry Ernest, 1886.
 Wolfe, Edward Dudley Corscadden, 1928.
 Wolff, Ernest Charteris Holford, 1928.
 Wood, M.B.E., Thomas Alfred, 1922.
 Woods, Wilfrid Wentworth, 1926.
 Wrench, Major John Evelyn Leslie, 1917.
 Wrightson, Walsh, 1900.
 Young, D.S.O., Major Hubert Winthrop, 1923.
 Young, K.B.E., Sir William Douglas, 1907.
 Zammit, M.D., Temistocle, 1911.
 Zaphiro, Photius Philip Constantine, 1915.

Honorary Companions.

Abdul Rahman bin Andak, 1891.
 Ali bin Salim, C.B.E., Sheikh, 1920.
 Andrade, Louis Antonio, 1918.
 Bornu, Sanda Kura, the Shehu of, 1924.
 Johore, Tungku Ismail, the Tungku Mahkota of, 1926.

Kedah, His Highness Tunku Ibrahim, C.V.O., Regent of, 1923.
 Maldives, Islands, His Highness the Sultan of the, 1919.
 Mehdi bin Ali, Sultan, 1925.
 Oladugbolu Onikepe, Alafin of Oyo, 1919.

Honorary Companions—continued.

Pahang, Tengku Suleiman ibni almerhum Sultan Ahmad Maazam Shah, The Tengku Besar of, 1928.
 Perak, Raja Abdul Aziz ibni Musa, the Raja Muda of, 1924.
 Perak, Raja Chulan ibni Sultan Abdullah, the Raja-di-Hilir of, 1925.

Rouvel, Edouard Auguste, 1902.
 Salim bin Khalfan, 1912.
 Sumeire, Camille, 1892.
 Tunku Mahmud ibni almerhum Sultan Ahmad Tajudin, His Highness, 1923.

Officers of the Order.

Prelate, The Right Reverend Henry Hutchinson Montgomery, D.D., 1905.
Chancellor, The Right Honourable Earl Buxton, G.C.M.G., 1920.
Secretary, Brigadier-General Sir Samuel Herbert Wilson, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.B.E., 1925.
King of Arms, Sir Frank Athelstane Swettenham, G.C.M.G., C.H., 1925.
Registrar, Sir Edward John Harding, K.C.M.G., C.B., 1925.
Gentleman Usher of the Blue Rod, Sir Reginald Laurence Antrobus, K.C.M.G. C.B., 1920.

Chancery of the Order.

Colonial Office, Downing Street, London, S.W. 1.

THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER.

Knights Grand Cross.

Chancellor, G.C.M.G., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John Robert, 1925.
 Clarke, Bart., G.C.B., General Sir Charles Mansfield, 1903.
 Halsey, G.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., C.B., Admiral Sir Lionel, 1920.
 Hanbury-Williams, K.C.B., C.M.G., Major-General Sir John, 1908.

Hunter, G.C.B., D.S.O., T.D., General Sir Archibald, 1912.
 Methuen, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., Field-Marshal the Rt. Hon. Baron, 1909.
 Rundle, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., D.S.O., General Sir Henry Macleod Leslie, 1912.

Knights Commanders.

Batterbee, C.M.G., Sir Harry Fagg, 1927.
 Chaytor, K.C.M.G., C.B., V.D., Major-General Sir Edward Walter Clerveaux, 1920.
 Evans, K.C.M.G., O.B.E., Sir Frederick, 1912.
 Everett, K.C.M.G., C.B., Admiral Sir Allan Frederic, 1920.
 Grant, C.B., Vice-Admiral Sir Edmund Percy Fenwick George, 1920.
 Grigg, K.C.M.G., D.S.O., M.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Edward William Macleay, 1920.
 Mor ewether, K.C.M.G., Sir Edward Marsh, 1907.
 Milton, K.C.M.G., Sir William Henry, 1910.

Mountbatten, R.N., Lieutenant The Lord Louis Francis Albert Victor Nicholas, 1920.
 Patey, K.C.M.G., Admiral Sir George Edwin, 1913.
 Pearce, The Right Hon. Sir George Foster, 1927.
 Rhodes, K.B.E., Colonel the Hon. Sir Robert Heaton, 1927.
 Thomas, Bart., C.S.I., Sir Godfrey John Vignoles, 1925.
 White, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General Sir Cyril Brudenell Bingham, 1920.

Honorary Knights Commanders.

Perak, His Highness Paduka Sri Sultan Iskander Shah ibni almerhum Sultan Idris, K.C.M.G., Sultan of, 1924.

Commanders.

Allan, Kt., Sir (Hugh) Montagu, 1907.
 Baker, Walter Reginald, 1911.
 Brand, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Charles Henry, 1927.
 Carington, D.S.O., Colonel the Hon. Rupert Clement George, 1905.
 Curtis, C.M.G., M.C., Captain Arthur Randolph Wormeley, 1927.
 Dodds, C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Thomas Henry, 1920.
 Grey, K.B.E., C.M.G., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Raleigh, 1910.
 Harris, K.C.M.G., C.B., Sir Charles Alexander, 1917.
 Hislop, O.B.E., James, 1927.
 Hodgson, C.M.G., O.B.E., Major Patrick Kirkman, 1927.
 Hyde, C.B.E., Commodore George Francis, 1927.
 Lloyd, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Herbert William, 1920.

Macnachten, Colonel Neil Ferguson, 1911.
 Marsh, C.B., C.M.G., Edward Howard, 1922.
 Mason, V.D., Lieut.-Colonel Percival Lawrence, 1910.
 Michell, Kt., the Hon. Sir Lewis Loyd, 1910.
 Nevill, C.M.G., Lord Richard Plantagenet, 1916.
 Newton, K.C.M.G., Sir Francis James, 1911.
 Noble, R.N., Captain Percy Lockhart Harnam, 1920.
 North, R.N., C.S.I., C.M.G., Captain Dudley Burton Napier, 1920.
 Otter, K.C.B., V.D., General Sir William Dillon, 1908.
 Pellatt, Kt., V.D., Major-General Sir Henry Mill, 1910.
 Sladen, C.M.G., Arthur French, 1916.
 Thornton, C.M.G., Hugh Cholmondeley, 1920.
 Turgeon, C.M.G., Major The Hon. Adela rd, 1908.

Honorary Commanders.

Kedah, His Highness Tunku Ibrahim, C.M.G., the Regent of, 1924.

Members—Fourth Class.

- | | |
|---|---|
| Addison, I.S.O., D'Arcy Wentworth, 1927. | McVilly, Richard William, 1920. |
| Alexander, O.B.E., Major James Ulick Francis Canning, 1925. | Milner, R.N., Engineer-Captain John William, 1920. |
| Blinman, Harry, 1927. | Newport, R.N., Surgeon-Captain Alexander Charles William, 1920. |
| Boyle, Captain Edward Patrick Ogilvie, 1927. | Northcott, Major John, 1927. |
| Broadhurst, Captain William Robert, 1927. | Nugent, M.C., Major Terence Edmund Gascoigne, 1927. |
| Buist, R.N., Lieut.-Commander Colin, 1927. | Rennie, O.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General Robert, 1910. |
| Campbell, R.N., O.B.E., Captain James Douglas, 1920. | Rhodes, Captain Arthur Tahu Gravenor, 1920. |
| Castelletti, Captain Contino Joseph Teuma, 1912. | Robertson, Colonel Donald Murdoch, 1908. |
| Clifford, C.M.G., Captain The Hon. Bede Edmund Hugh, 1920. | Robinson, R.N., D.S.O., Commander Lionel Frederick, 1920. |
| Crawford, Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Montgomery, 1910. | Rogers, R.N., O.B.E., Captain Hugh Hext, 1920. |
| Crowdy, James, 1916. | Roy, Colonel Alexandre, 1908. |
| Curmi, Tancred, 1907. | Roy, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Joseph Edensor Gascoigne, 1910. |
| Duffy, Vincent Cyril, 1927. | Sherwood, K.C.M.G., V.D., Colonel Sir Arthur Percy, 1908. |
| Duncan-Hughes, M.C., Captain John Grant, 1920. | Sleeman, O.M.G., C.B.E., Lieut.-Colonel James Lewis, 1920. |
| Francis, Colonel John Lewis, 1907. | Trapani, Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred, 1912. |
| Hamilton, C.M.G., Gavin Macaulay, 1920. | Turner, M.D., William, 1912. |
| Hargreaves, M.C., Captain Reginald Cornwallis, 1925. | Walahe, R.N., O.B.E., Paymaster Commander Francis Weldon, 1920. |
| Hawkins, R.N., D.S.O., Lieutenant-Commander Geoffrey Alan Brooke, 1925. | Whitehead, Samuel, 1927. |
| Heritage, C.B.E., Colonel Francis Bede, 1920. | Wibberley, Charles, 1910. |
| Jackson, Bart., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Sir Thomas Dare, 1912. | Winer, C.M.G., Cyril Leigh, 1927. |
| Jones, I.S.O., Frederick James, 1927. | Wylie, K.C., D.S.O., V.D., Brigadier-General James Scott, 1910. |
| Kerr-Pearse, Major Beauchamp Albert Thomas, 1927. | |
| McIlveney, William Bernard, 1927. | |

Members—Fifth Class.

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| Azopardi, James Frendo, 1909. | O'Donnell, R.M., Lieutenant Percival Sylvester George, 1920. |
| Balneavis, Henry Raunooa Huatahi, 1927. | Page-Hanify, Cecil, 1927. |
| Broberg, Charles Robert, 1927. | Ryder, Frank, 1927. |
| Hay, C.M.G., Clifford Henderson, 1920. | Shapcott, I.S.O., Louis Edward, 1920. |
| James, M.C., V.D., Captain Ernest Homewood, 1920. | Steer, Lieutenant-Colonel George Rowland, 1920. |
| Mulrooney, John Leo, 1927. | Waterman, Herbert Roy, 1927. |
| Newmarch, R.N., M.B.E., Lieutenant Henry Clarence, 1920. | |

THE MOST EXCELLENT ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

Knights Grand Cross.

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| Cavan, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., General Frederick Rudolph, Earl of, 1927. | Liverpool, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., M.V.O., Lieutenant-Colonel The Right Hon. The Earl of 1918. |
| Chaplin, K.C.M.G., Sir Francis Drummond Percy, 1923. | Plumer, G.C.B., G.O.M.G., G.C.V.O., Field-Marshal the Right Hon. Baron, 1924. |
| Clifford, G.C.M.G., Sir Hugh Charles, 1925. | Robinson, K.C.M.G., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Thomas Bilbe, 1920. |
| Cox, Sir Edward Owen, 1920. | Samuel, G.C.B., The Rt. Hon. Sir Herbert Louis, 1920. |
| Islington, G.C.M.G., D.S.O., The Rt. Hon. Baron, 1926. | |

Dames Grand Cross.

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|---|---|
| Buxton, Countess, 1919. | Massey, Mrs. Christina Allen, 1926. |
| Forster, Rachel Cecily Baroness, 1926. | Melba, Dame Nellie, 1927. |
| Hughes, Dame Mary Ethel, 1922. | Novar, Viscountess, 1918. |
| Liverpool, Annette Louise, Countess of, 1918. | York, Her Royal Highness Elizabeth Angela Marguerite, Duchess of, 1927. |

Knights Commanders.

- Adams, V.D., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Arthur Robert, 1918.
 Armitage, C.M.G., D.S.O., Captain Sir Cecil Hamilton, 1926.
 Atta, Sir Ofori, 1927.
 Barrett, M.D., C.B., C.M.G., Lieut.-Colonel Sir James William, 1918.
 Beeton, Sir Mayson Moss, 1920.
 Bennett, The Hon. Sir John Robert, 1926.
 Best, C.M.G., Sir Thomas Alexander Vans, 1926.
 Blankenberg, Sir Reginald Andrew, 1920.
 Bourne, C.M.G., Captain Sir Henry Rowland Murray, 1918.
 Bowring, K.C.M.G., Sir Charles Calvert, 1919.
 Braddon, The Hon. Sir Henry Yule, 1920.
 Brand, R.A.F., D.S.O., M.C., D.F.C., Squadron-Leader Sir Christopher Joseph Quintin, 1920.
 Bryan, C.M.G., D.S.O., Colonel Sir Herbert, 1925.
 Burdon, C.M.G., Major Sir John Alder, 1927.
 Cameron, K.O.M.G., Sir Donald Charles, 1922.
 Caruana, The Most Reverend Maurus, 1918.
 Clarke, LL.D., The Hon. Sir Francis Grenville, 1926.
 Clarkson, R.A.N., C.M.G., Vice-Admiral Sir William, 1918.
 Clubbe, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Sir Charles Percy Barlee, 1927.
 Coaker, Sir William Ford, 1923.
 Cocks, The Hon. Sir Arthur Alfred Clement, 1923.
 Cotta, Bart., Sir William Dingwall Mitchell, 1919.
 Crawford, Sir William Smith, 1927.
 Crosbie, The Hon. Sir John Chalker, 1919.
 Dalrymple, Colonel Sir William, 1920.
 David, C.M.G., D.S.O., Professor Sir Tannatt William Edgeworth, 1920.
 Denham, C.M.G., Sir Edward Brandis, 1927.
 Denison, Sir Hugh, 1923.
 Duff, C.M.G., Sir Hector Livingstone, 1918.
 Edwards, C.B., M.V.O., Major-General Sir Alfred Hamilton Mackenzie, 1920.
 Elder, Sir James Alexander Mackenzie, 1925.
 Fairfax, Sir James Oswald, 1926.
 Fowle, Colonel Sir Henry Walter Hamilton, 1919.
 Fuller, C.M.G., Sir Francis Charles Bernard Dudley, 1919.
 Gibson, Sir Robert, 1920.
 Graumann, Sir Harry, 1922.
 Grey, C.M.G., C.V.O., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Raleigh, 1919.
 Hands, Sir Harry, 1919.
 Harris, Sir Arthur Ambrose Hall, 1918.
 Harrison, Sir John, 1922.
 Henley, Sir Thomas, 1920.
 Hennessey, Sir Alfred Theodore, 1923.
 im Thurn, K.O.M.G., C.B., Sir Everard Ferdinand, 1918.
 James, C.M.G., Sir Frederick Seton, 1922.
 Lagden, K.C.M.G., Sir Godfrey Yeatman, 1927.
 McBeath, Sir William George, 1920.
 McGrath, LL.D., The Honourable Sir Patrick Thomas, 1918.
 McPherson, The Hon. Sir William Murray, 1923.
 Manning, G.C.M.G., C.B., Brigadier-General Sir William Henry, 1918.
 Marriot, C.M.G., Sir Hayes, 1927.
 Masson, D.Sc., Sir David Orme, 1922.
 Maxwell, M.D., C.M.G., Sir James Crawford, 1925.
 Maxwell, C.M.G., Sir William George, 1924.
 Meeks, The Hon. Sir Alfred William, 1920.
 Middleton, C.M.G., Sir John, 1924.
 Moore, LL.D., C.M.G., Professor Sir William Harrison, 1925.
 Pomare, C.M.G., M.D., The Honourable Sir Maui, 1922.
 Rhodes, K.C.V.O., Colonel The Hon. Sir Robert Heaton, 1920.
 Richardson, C.B., C.M.G., Major-General Sir George Spafford, 1925.
 Rickard, Sir Arthur, 1920.
 Roberts, Sir Alexander Fowler, 1926.
 Severn, C.M.G., Sir Claud, 1923.
 Sheldon, Sir Mark, 1924.
 Simpson, Sir John William, 1924.
 Smith, Sir James Joynton, 1920.
 Smith, Lieutenant Sir Keith Macpherson, 1919.
 Stanford, C.B., C.M.G., Colonel The Hon. Sir Walter Ernest Mortimer, 1919.
 Stuart, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Campbell, 1918.
 Syme, M.D., Sir George Adlington, 1924.
 Truter, C.M.G., Sir Theodorius Gustaf, 1924.
 Van Ryneveld, D.S.O., M.C., Wing-Commander Sir Hesperus Andrias, 1920.
 Waddell, Sir Charles Graham, 1927.
 Wallace, C.M.G., Sir Laurence Aubrey, 1918.
 Wallers, Sir Evelyn Ashley, 1918.
 Williams, Sir Evan Owen, 1924.
 Wilson, K.C.M.G., Sir Henry Francis, 1919.
 Wilson, The Hon. Sir Reginald Victor, 1926.
 Wilson, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., Brigadier-General Sir Samuel Herbert, 1921.
 Young, G.C.M.G., Sir Arthur Henderson, 1918.
 Young, C.M.G., Sir William Douglas, 1919.

Dames Commanders.

- Antrobus, Edith Marion, Lady, 1927.
 Cavan, Hester Joan, Countess of, 1927.
 Cook, Mary, Lady, 1925.
 Cox, Bella, Lady, 1923.
 Darnley, Florence Rose, Countess of, 1919.
 Davidson, Dame Margaret Agnes, 1918.
 Harrowby, Mabel Danvers, Countess of, 1919.
 Jersey, Margaret Elizabeth, Dowager Countess of, 1927.
 Northcote, Alice, Lady, 1919.
 Stradbroke, Helena Violet Alice, Countess of, 1927.

Honorary Knights Commanders.

- Johore, G.C.M.G., His Highness the Sultan of, 1918.
 Kadoorie, Elly Silas, 1926.
 Sassoon, H. E. Effendi Heskail, 1923.
 Zanzibar, K.C.M.G., H.H. Seyyid Khalifa bin Harub, Sultan of, 1919.

Commanders.

- Abramson, Major Albert, 1927.
 Agnew, Andrew, 1918.
 Ainsworth, C.M.G., D.S.O., John, 1919.
 Alexander, Captain Leslie William, 1927.
 Aspinall, Kt., C.M.G., Sir Algernon Edward, 1926.

Commanders—continued.

- Baker, Alma, 1919.**
Barke, T.D., Brevet-Lieut.-Colonel Charles Reginald, 1925.
Barkley, William Henry, 1924.
Barrett, M.B., Miss Edith Helen, 1918.
Barth, Sir Jacob William, 1919.
Bayley, George Drysdale, 1925.
Beattie, M.C., Lieut.-Colonel Alexander Elder, 1920.
Bell, Bernard Humphrey, 1922.
Bertram, Edith Marion, Lady, 1919.
Bethune, M.A., The Rev. John Walter, 1927.
Bolton, Lieut.-Colonel Senator William Kinay, 1918.
Booty, Arthur Ernest, 1922.
Bowling, Ethel Dorothy, Lady, 1918.
Boyle, K.C.M.G., Sir Alexander George, 1919.
Brewis, R.N., Captain Charles Richard Wynn, 1920.
Bright, Alfred, 1918.
Browning, Mrs. Adeline Elizabeth, 1918.
Buckley, Lieut.-Colonel Percy Neville, 1924.
Budden, Henry Ebenezer, 1918.
Burnett, Miss Ethel Mary, 1919.
Burrowes, Thomas Fraser, 1918.
Callicott, Andrew, 1925.
Cabbage, Richard Hind, 1925.
Capell, D.S.O., Colonel Algernon Essex, 1924.
Carter, Mrs. Hester Marion, 1918.
Carter, Kt., Sir William Morris, 1918.
Case, C.M.G., D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Horace Akroyd, 1927.
Cecil, The Honourable Lady Alicia Margaret, 1920.
Chancellor, Alexander Richard, 1923.
Chaplin, Margaret Seton, Lady, 1918.
Chappe, Mrs. Penelope Louise, 1919.
Chappell, Kt., Sir Ernest, 1918.
Cheynaye, Major Christian Purefoye, 1918.
Christopherson, Douglas, 1918.
Church, Arthur Frederick, 1919.
Clark, Donald George, 1924.
Clark, James John, 1919.
Clifford, Elizabeth Lydia Rosabelle, Lady, 1918.
Collins, C.M.G., James Richard, 1923.
Copus, George Frederick, 1924.
Creasy, M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E., Harold Thomas, 1927.
Cridland, Frank, 1920.
Crompton, Robert, 1918.
Crutshley, Ernest Tristram, 1926.
Curwen, M.B., Henry, 1922.
Dain, Charles Kenneth, 1927.
Daniel, Lieut.-Colonel Rowland Mortimer, 1927.
Davidson, Captain James, 1926.
Davies, Daniel James, 1927.
Day, C.M.G., Albert Cecil, 1919.
Debono, LL.D., Massimiliano, 1925.
de Chazal, M.D., Edmond Lucien, 1925.
Delprat, Guillaume Daniel, 1918.
De Mel, Henry Lawson, 1918.
Derrick, V.D., Colonel George Alexander, 1918.
Dobbin, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Herbert Thomas, 1925.
Dobbs, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Richard Conway, 1926.
Draper, K.C., Thomas Percy, 1918.
Drayton, Miss Gertrude, 1926.
Drower, Edwin Mortimer, 1923.
Dunn, James Stormont, 1919.
Earp, Charles Anthony, 1920.
Earp, The Honourable George Frederick, 1920.
Easterbrook, John Thomas, 1923.
Edginton, Major Clyde, 1918.
Edwards, George, 1918.
Evans, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., Sir Frederick, 1918.
Evans, D.Sc., LL.B., F.R.S., John William, 1922.
Faunce, Colonel Bonham, 1923.
Ferguson, Herbert, 1924.
FitzGerald, Edward, 1918.
Fleming, M.B., C.M.G., Andrew Milroy, 1924.
Fletcher, C.M.G., Arthur George Murchison, 1919.
Fort, George Seymour, 1918.
Fowlds, The Honourable George, 1918.
Fraser, Frederick William, 1922.
Frostick, James Arthur, 1920.
Gallagher, D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Albert Ernest, 1927.
Garner, Walter Wesley, 1920.
Giovanetti, Constantine William, 1920.
Goble, D.S.O., D.F.C., Wing-Commander Stanley James, 1924.
Godley, Lieutenant-Colonel Godfrey Archibald, 1919.
Gollan, Kt., Sir Henry Cowper, 1918.
Goode, Kt., C.M.G., Sir Richard Allmond Jeffrey, 1918.
Gosling, John Thomas, 1922.
Grant, R.N., Captain Duncan Walter, 1920.
Gray, Lieut.-Colonel George Douglas, 1925.
Green, Doctor Thomas Ernest, 1920.
Greene, George Ball, 1924.
Greenwood, William Frederick, 1920.
Grosvenor, The Honourable Mrs. Caroline Susan Theodora, 1920.
Gunn, Frank Lindsay, 1920.
Gunston, Kt., C.M.G., Sir James Henry, 1919.
Hall, Thomas Andrew, 1919.
Hallifax, C.M.G., Edwin Richard, 1922.
Harding, Alfred John, 1927.
Hardwicke, Ellen, Countess of, 1918.
Harward, A.M.I.C.E., Charles Cuthbert, 1926.
Hawthorn, D.S.O., Brigadier-General George Montague Philip, 1923.
Hayward, Kt., V.D., Colonel Sir Edwin James, 1923.
Hayward, Lieutenant-Colonel Edwyn Walton, 1918.
Haywood, C.M.G., D.S.O., Colonel Austin Hubert Wightwick, 1923.
Heathershaw, James Thomas, 1927.
Helbert, Lieutenant-Colonel Geoffrey Gladstone, 1918.
Hennessey, Mary, Lady, 1918.
Henty, Miss Beatrice, 1918.
Herbst, Major John Frederick, 1919.
Heritage, M.V.O., Colonel Francis Bede, 1924.
Heron, D.S.O., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Colonel George Wykeham, 1926.
Hetherwick, D.D., Reverend Alexander, 1925.
Hill, William George John, 1922.
Holland, Henry, 1919.
Hollis, K.C.M.G., Sir Alfred Claud, 1919.
Holm, Alexander, 1926.
Hordern, Major Anthony, 1918.
Humphreys, John Liseter, 1925.
Hunter, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Anderson, 1918.
Innes, Jessie Dodd, Lady Rose, 1918.
Jenkin, Francis Charles, 1918.
Jeppe, Sir Julius, 1920.
Jess, C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Carl Herman, 1920.

Commanders—continued.

- Johnston, C.B., C.M.G., Brigadier-General George Jamieson, 1920.
 Johnston, Reginald Fleming, 1918.
 Johnstone, William Downs, 1920.
 Kemp, Kt., K.C., Sir Joseph Horsford, 1918.
 Kerr, C.M.G., William Warren, 1918.
 King, John Hampden, 1922.
 King, Thomas William, 1927.
 Kitson, Kt., C.M.G., Sir Albert Ernest, 1918.
 Lamb, Major Frank de Villiers, 1918.
 Laborde, I.S.O., Edward Daniel, 1922.
 Leitch, Walter, 1918.
 Lewis, Ernest Harry, 1920.
 Little, George Jerningham, 1927.
 Llewellyn, Lieut.-Colonel John Malet, 1924.
 Locker, Kt., I.S.O., Sir Nicholas Colston, 1918.
 Long, Arthur Tilney, 1919.
 Luke, Jacobina, Lady, 1918.
 Lyle, Clare, Lady, 1918.
 Macandie, R.A.N., Paymaster-Commander George Lionel, 1920.
 McClellan, Frank Campbell, 1920.
 McColl, Colonel George Guthrie, 1918.
 MacDonald, Ronald Macintosh, 1919.
 Macfarlane, M.D., C.M., Neil Morrison, 1927.
 MacGregor, David Sliman, 1925.
 McIntyre, A.F.C., Flight-Lieut. Ivor Ewing, 1924.
 Mackenzie, Miss Helen, 1918.
 Maonaghten, C.M.G., Terence Charles, 1918.
 McNeill, C.B., D.S.O., T.D., Brig.-General Angus John, 1925.
 McPherson, Clive, 1925.
 Mansergh, I.S.O., Cornwall Lewis Warwickshire, 1923.
 Marks, Henry, 1918.
 Marshall, Mrs. Elizabeth Middleton Ord, 1918.
 Masson, Lady Mary Orme, 1918.
 Masterman, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Spry, 1918.
 Methuen, Mary Ethel, Baroness, 1918.
 Miles, Alice, Lady, 1918.
 Mitchell, Eliza Fraser, Lady, 1918.
 Mitchell, James, 1927.
 Montgomery, C.S.I., Colonel James Alexander Lawrence, 1918.
 Montgomery, William Barr, 1922.
 Montgomery, William Hugh, 1919.
 Morris, Edward Robert, 1919.
 Murray, John Pears, 1925.
 Nathan, Kt., Sir Charles Samuel, 1926.
 Neil, Edwin Lee, 1926.
 Newlands, K.C.M.G., The Hon. Sir John, 1920.
 Nichols, T.D., Colonel Joseph Cowie, 1918.
 Nicholson, D.S.O., M.C., Bertram, 1924.
 Nicholson, Professor George Gibb, 1920.
 Noel, Martial Louis Auguste, 1919.
 O'Hea, Mrs. Lucy Bertram, 1919.
 Orsard, The Honourable Richard Beaumont, 1920.
 Outerbridge, D.S.O., Major Leonard Cecil, 1926.
 Owen, K.C., Langer, 1918.
 Owen, Colonel Percy Thomas, 1926.
 Palmer, C.M.G., Herbert Richmond, 1924.
 Philbrick, Arthur James, 1923.
 Philip, M.B., C.M., William Marshall, 1927.
 Peake, Captain Frederick Gerald, 1926.
 Pennington, The Hon. John Warburton, 1926.
 Pickerill, M.D., Henry Percy, 1922.
 Pim, James Howard, 1919.
 Plant, George Frederick, 1927.
 Poultney, William Henry, 1924.
 Pountney, C.M.G., Arthur Meek, 1919.
 Powter, John, 1927.
 Ramsay, John, 1924.
 Ratten, M.D., Victor Richard, 1925.
 Rawlings, Justly John Gabriel, 1926.
 Raws, Kt., Colonel Sir William Lennon, 1918.
 Reid, William Edwin Charles, 1926.
 Rendell, Robert George, 1919.
 Richardson, Bart., Sir Lewis, 1919.
 Rivers-Smith, Stanley, 1926.
 Roberts, Reginald Arthur, 1923.
 Robertson, Doctor William Nathaniel, 1920.
 Robertson, Colonel William St. Leonards, 1927.
 Robson, John Henry Matthews, 1926.
 Rolleston, Mrs. Iris Brenda, 1919.
 Rouillard, K.C., Frederic Melchior Louis, 1926.
 Rudolf, Colonel Robert Dawson, 1918.
 Ryder, The Lady Frances, 1919.
 Sargood, Mrs. Mary, 1918.
 Seager, F.R.I.B.A., Samuel Hurst, 1926.
 Silburn, D.S.O., Colonel Percy Arthur Baxter, 1918.
 Simpson, C.M.G., Alfred Allen, 1923.
 Sinclair, C.M.G., John Houston, 1919.
 Slater, K.C.M.G., Sir Alexander Ramsford, 1918.
 Slyne, Denis, 1919.
 Smart, Henry Casimir, 1926.
 Smith, M.V.O., Arthur Lionel Forster, 1927.
 Smith, V.D., Colonel The Hon. George John, 1918.
 Smith, Mrs. Mary Isobel Barr, 1918.
 Smith, Lucy Macduff, Lady, 1918.
 Song Ong Siang, 1927.
 Sorel-Cameron, Lieut.-Colonel George Cecil Minett, 1926.
 Souhon, Kt., Sir Hippolyte Louis Wiehe du Coudray, 1918.
 Speight, Charles, 1926.
 Stennett, D.S.O., Colonel Harry March, 1924.
 Stockdale, Frank Arthur, 1925.
 Stuart, George Moody, 1927.
 Stubbs, Winifred Marjory, Lady, 1919.
 Sturman, Major Edward Albert, 1919.
 Swan, Lionel Maynard, 1926.
 Sydenham, R.N., Engineer-Captain Ernest Dickerson, 1927.
 Tagart, Edward Samuel Bourn, 1927.
 Tainsh, V.D., Lieut.-Colonel Joseph Ramsay, 1924.
 Tate, C.M.G., Colonel Robert Ward, 1918.
 Thomas, William Charles Frederick, 1926.
 Thomson, Doctor James Park, 1920.
 Thorne, Mrs. Anna Elizabeth, 1920.
 Thring, R.A.N., Captain Walter Hugh Charles Samuel, 1920.
 Tripp, Bernard Edward Howard, 1922.
 Trumble, C.M.G., Thomas, 1918.
 Vicars, Kt., Sir William, 1920.
 Walcott, C.M.G., Henry Barclay, 1926.
 Waley, Kt., R.A.N.R., Captain Sir Frederick George, 1920.
 Walker, Charles Alfred Le Maistre, 1920.
 Walker, Miss Eddith, 1918.
 Wallace, Marguerite Marie, Lady, 1919.
 Wallis, C.M.G., Henry Richard, 1918.
 Weinthal, Leo, 1922.
 Wells, John Stuart Kerr, 1918.
 Wilkie, Allan, 1925.
 Wilkie, The Rev. Arthur West, 1926.
 Williams, D.S.O., Group Captain Richard, 1927.

Commanders—continued—

Wilson, Mrs. Oriana Fanny, 1918.
 Wilson-Fox, The Honourable Mrs. Eleanor Birch, 1918.
 Winter, Kt., The Honourable Sir Marmaduke George, 1919.

Woolcott, Mrs. Frances Mary, 1918.
 Woolley, Howard Mark, 1927.
 Workman, Charles Rufus, 1927.
 Wrey, Sir Philip Bourghier Sherard, 1926.
 Young, William James, 1918.

Honorary Commanders.

Antonius, George, 1927.
 Dato' Abdullah bin Jaafar, 1926.
 Dato' Klana Petra, 1926.
 Haji Nik Mahmud bin Haji Ismail, the Datok Perdana Menteri Paduka Raja of Kelantan, 1925.
 Haji Ngah Muhammad bin Yusuf, Datok Sri Amar Diraja, 1925.

Kook, Chief Rabbi Abraham Cohen, 1923.
 Meir, Chief Rabbi Jacob, 1923.
 Perlis, H. H. Syed Alwi ibni almerhum Syed Saif, Raja of 1923.
 Sheikh Ali bin Salim, C.M.G., 1918.
 Wittu, His Highness Omar bin Mohamed, Sultan of, 1919.

Officers.

Adams, Ernest, 1924.
 Adams, John, 1922.
 Ajasa, Kitoyi, 1924.
 Alabaster, Chaloner Grenville, 1918.
 Allen, Thomas Frederick, 1918.
 Allwood, John Humber, 1918.
 Amphlett, Mrs. Theodora Mildred, 1918.
 Anderson, Mrs. Elizabeth, 1918.
 Anderson, Doctor Charles Thompson, 1920.
 Andersson, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Charles Llewellyn, 1920.
 Anstey, Norman, 1918.
 Armstrong, Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Logie, 1918.
 Arnold, Percy, 1918.
 Ashton, Mrs. Helen, 1918.
 Austin, Harold Bruce Gardiner, 1927.
 Bagenal, Major Charles James, 1919.
 Baillieu, Arthur Sydney, 1920.
 Baines, Major Denis Lynch, 1919.
 Baird, Percy Johnstone, 1924.
 Bannerman, Charles Edward Woolhouse, 1924.
 Barber, R.E., Captain Richard Alexander, 1920.
 Barclay, John, 1926.
 Barnes, John Albert, 1918.
 Barter, John Reginald, 1920.
 Bateman, Walter Slade, 1920.
 Bayly, Major George Croker, 1922.
 Bean, Mrs. Jane Ann, 1918.
 Beer, George Stephen, 1919.
 Belcher, Charles Frederick, 1923.
 Bell, Lieut.-Colonel Edward, 1924.
 Bell, Marcus, 1920.
 Bennett, Edward George, 1920.
 Bennett, Mrs. Violet, 1920.
 Berkeley, John Henry Astley, 1918.
 Berne, Captain James Leo, 1918.
 Bevan, William, 1925.
 Bewsher, D.S.O., M.C., Major Frederick William, 1923.
 Bidwell, William Edward, 1918.
 Birch, George Ernest, 1919.
 Bird, Charles William Joseph, 1925.
 Bluck, Arthur William, 1927.
 Blythe, Archibald Lewis, 1920.
 Bolton, Arthur Leon, 1920.
 Bolton, Major Wilfrid Nash, 1918.
 Booth, Dr. Mary, 1918.
 Bottomley, C.B., C.M.G., William Cecil, 1918.
 Bourne, Mrs. Katherine Hyde, 1927.
 Boyd, Robert, 1926.
 Boyle, Mrs. Fanny, 1918.
 Brain, Herbert Spanton, 1926.

Bray, Paul Dudley, 1919.
 Brereton, Lieutenant-Colonel Victor le Gay, 1920.
 Brodie, James Marie, 1925.
 Brodrick, Noel Kenrice Stevens, 1920.
 Brodrick, I.S.O., Thomas Noel, 1919.
 Bromwich, R.N., D.S.O., Engineer - Captain George Herbert, 1920.
 Brown, Emmanuel Joseph Peter, 1922.
 Browne, Major Noel Gordon Monad, 1927.
 Brownlow, R.A.N., V.D., Captain Frederick Hugh Cust, 1918.
 Bryson, Robert, 1926.
 Buck, Henry, 1920.
 Buckleton, Mrs. Alice Australia Gertrude, 1918.
 Buckley, Thomas Gordon, 1927.
 Bucknell, Norman Charles, 1920.
 Bullock, Amy Isabel, Lady, 1918.
 Burnett, James, 1919.
 Burns, The Rev. Canon George, 1926.
 Busby, Major William Dalrymple, 1920.
 Calthrop, R.N., Captain Walter Henry Calthrop, 1924.
 Campbell, James Edward Francis, 1925.
 Campbell, Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Alexander, 1918.
 Campion, Charles Austin Bunworth, 1918.
 Carlton, Edmund Noel, 1924.
 Carroll, Henri Materoa, Lady, 1918.
 Carter, John Gordon, 1920.
 Castle, Gordon Harwood, 1920.
 Charter, Arthur Ernest, 1922.
 Chase, William Henry, 1925.
 Cheesman, Major Robert Ernest, 1923.
 Chomley, Miss Mary Elizabeth Maud, 1918.
 Clark, C.M.G., V.D., Lieut.-Colonel Gowan Cresswell Strange, 1918.
 Clarkson, Charles Francis, 1923.
 Clayton, Major Ilyd Nicholl, 1927.
 Cleary, D.D., The Right Reverend Henry William, 1919.
 Close, Miss Etta, 1918.
 Cluver, Paul Dietrich, 1919.
 Coates, Miss Lavinia, 1918.
 Coochrane, William John, 1920.
 Collie, James, 1920.
 Collins, Mrs. Elizabeth Ann, 1920.
 Cones, Hubert Michael, 1926.
 Conroy, K.C., Charles O'Neill, 1918.
 Cook, M.D., C.M.G., Albert Ruskin, 1918.
 Cooke, Herbert Sutton, 1919.
 Cooper, Daniel George Arthur, 1919.
 Cooper, Philip Ward, 1919.
 Costley-White, Captain Ernest, 1918.

Officers—continued.

- Cowan, Mrs. Edith Dorekey, 1920.
 Cowdell Barrett, Mrs. Mary Beatrice, 1920.
 Cowley, Marie, Lady, 1920.
 Cran, V. D., Lieutenant-Colonel James, 1918.
 Cresswell, Adelaide, Lady, 1918.
 Crewe, Helen Agnes Josephine, Lady, 1918.
 Critien, M. D., Attilio, 1927.
 Croad, Hector, 1918.
 Crook, John Rowland, 1919.
 Croobie, Robert Edward Harold, 1927.
 Crowther, Mrs. Ethel Annie, 1920.
 Cruickshank, The Rev. Alexander, 1926.
 Cullen, Mrs. Jean Crichton, 1919.
 Cumings, Mrs. Edith Mary, 1926.
 Currie, Mrs. Lorna May, 1920.
 Daglish, Mrs. Edith, 1920.
 Daley, Charles Studdy, 1927.
 Daniell, The Rev. Canon Edward Seabrooke, 1926.
 Darlot, Leonard Hawthorn, 1923.
 Davies, James, 1920.
 Davis, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth, 1918.
 Dawe, Morley Thomas, 1925.
 Deakin, Miss Vera, 1918.
 de Havay, Lieut.-Colonel August Joseph François, 1920.
 De Freitas, Kt., Sir Anthony, 1918.
 Dent, Richard Court, 1919.
 Dichmont, Mrs. Katherine, 1918.
 Dimitri u, Dimitrios Nicholas, 1927.
 Dixon, Charles William, 1921.
 Dobree, Claude Hatherley, 1924.
 Douglas, R. N. V. R., Paymaster-Lieutenant Commander James, 1919.
 Downes, Mrs. Doris Mary, 1918.
 Downes, Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth, 1920.
 Duncan, Major Peter Milne, 1920.
 Dundas, The Honourable Charles Cecil Farquharson, 1922.
 Duquemin, Mrs. Eveline Mary, 1919.
 Duthie, David Whamond, 1918.
 Dutton, Frederick Hugh, 1927.
 Eales, Shirley, 1922.
 Eales, Stanley York, 1924.
 Earl, K. C., Frederick, 1919.
 Earle, William Francis, 1919.
 Edmonds, Cecil John, 1925.
 Edwards, Mrs. Kate, 1918.
 Eggett, I. S. O., William Henry, 1923.
 Egerton, Ada Maud, Lady, 1918.
 Elder, William Alexander, 1923.
 Elliot, Frederick Mitchell, 1918.
 Elliot, Kt., Sir George, 1918.
 Emerson, Mrs. Katherine, 1918.
 Emmerton, Mrs. Alice Mabel Maud, 1927.
 Empson, Mrs. Agnes Dyke, 1918.
 Eu Tong Sen, 1919.
 Evans, Edwin, 1923.
 Ewen, Miss Greta, 1920.
 Fache, George Cox, 1919.
 Farr, Miss Muriel, 1918.
 Faure, Peter Jacobus van Breda, 1920.
 Fell, Frederick Chandos Courtenay, 1919.
 Felton, Mrs. Muriel Harriet, 1918.
 Ferguson-Davie, M. D., Mrs. Charlotte Elizabeth, 1927.
 Finch, Josiah Robert, 1920.
 Findlay, James, 1919.
 Finimore, George, 1922.
 Fisher, John Campbell, 1918.
 Fitzgerald, Thomas, 1927.
 Fitzgerald, M. C., Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Otho, 1923.
 Flanagan, Frederick William, 1923.
 Flesher, James Arthur, 1918.
 Fletcher, Stanley Hewitt, 1918.
 Foggin, Lancelot Middleton, 1924.
 Forbes, Harrington Gordon, 1924.
 Foster, William Henry Leader, 1922.
 Francis, Percy James, 1918.
 Fraser, Mrs. Jessie, 1920.
 Fraser, Malcolm, 1919.
 Freeman, Arthur David, 1920.
 Freeth, M. C., Major Richard James Rolleston, 1926.
 Frood, Mrs. Bertha Helen, 1919.
 Furley, C. M. G., John Talfourd, 1918.
 Galizia, James Alfred, 1924.
 Galton Fenzi, Lionel Douglas, 1926.
 Garvan, Miss Claire Frances, 1920.
 Gibson, William Alfred, 1920.
 Gillespie, James Macgregor, 1918.
 Gilruth, Mrs. Jeannie, 1918.
 Gilson, D. S. O., Major Charles Hugh, 1922.
 Godley, Richard Shearman, 1919.
 Good, Mrs. Minnie Agnes, 1920.
 Gordon, Richard Wolfe, 1927.
 Gosling, Francis Goodwin, 1919.
 Graham Murray, The Honourable Mrs. Evelyn, 1918.
 Grant, Mrs. Lilian, 1920.
 Green, M. C., Major James Alexander, 1918.
 Greenacre, Walter, 1918.
 Greenwood, Alfred Craven, 1918.
 Guise, M. C., Major Vernon Robert, 1927.
 Gunson, Jessie, Lady, 1918.
 Haddon-Smith, Ivy Constance, Lady, 1919.
 Hahn, M. I. C. E., M. I. M. E., Daniel Meinerts, 1927.
 Haji Hafiz Mehmed Zia-ud-din, 1927.
 Hall, Mrs. Jane, 1918.
 Hallinan, R. A. M. C., Major Thomas John, 1923.
 Hamilton, Charles Herbert, 1924.
 Hancock, Mrs. Annie Maria, 1920.
 Hancock, Captain Otho Lewis, 1925.
 Hands, Mrs. Aletha Catherine, 1918.
 Hanson, Bertram Evelyn, 1927.
 Harper, C. M. G., Charles Henry, 1919.
 Harper, George, 1918.
 Harrel, Lieut.-Colonel Melville David, 1924.
 Harrison, C. M. G., Sydney Thirlwall, 1919.
 Hay, Commissioner James, 1920.
 Hay, R. N. V. R., Commander The Hon. Serrell Mordaunt Alan Josslyn, 1919.
 Haynes, Charles Wynyard, 1926.
 Hazlerigg, Grey, 1920.
 Hearsay, Lieut.-Colonel Herbert Hyde Young, 1918.
 Hedges, A. R. I. B. A., Walter Frederick, 1927.
 Hemsted, Rupert William, 1919.
 Henderson, Captain Henry Ludwig, 1920.
 Henderson, John Brownlie, 1920.
 Herbert, M. C., Lieut.-Colonel Arthur Stables, 1918.
 Hewison, Mrs. Mary, 1926.
 Hill, Miss Edith, 1918.
 Hill, Thomas, 1927.
 Hillyer, Herbert Keys, 1919.
 Hislop, C. V. O., James, 1919.
 Hitchcock, C. M. G., Howard, 1920.
 Hixson, Francis William, 1920.
 Hoare, R. N., Paymaster-Captain Robert Richard, 1920.
 Hodder, Henry Charles, 1918.
 Ho Kom-tong, 1927.
 Holden, Edgar Anthony, 1920.
 Holland, Mrs. Jane, 1918.

Officers—continued.

- Holme, Professor Ernest Rudolph, 1920.
 Holmes, William, 1920.
 Holthouse, Major John, 1924.
 Hood, Mrs. Georgina, 1918.
 Hordern, Mrs. Eva, 1920.
 Howell, John Bruce, 1927.
 Huber, Joseph, 1923.
 Hudson, M.C., William, 1922.
 Hughes, Mrs. Agnes Eva, 1918.
 Huggins, George Frederick, 1918.
 Hummel, Cornelius, 1926.
 Hutchings, K.C., Charles Henry, 1919.
 Iaherwood, Albert Arthur Maynall, 1926.
 Jackson, Edward St. John, 1918.
 Jackson, Hugh Morrison Gower, 1924.
 James, Gwyneforde, Lady, 1918.
 James, Rev. Brother, 1923.
 James, Williard Frank, 1918.
 Jardine, Douglas James, 1918.
 Jarline, C.M.G., Robert Frier, 1926.
 Jebb, Robert Russell Horsley, 1918.
 Jeffery, George, 1924.
 Johnson, I.S.O., Edward Odium, 1918.
 Johnson, William Joseph, 1927.
 Johnson, Miss Winifred Farnell, 1918.
 Johnston, Mrs. Margaret Emmeline, 1918.
 Jones, Major Harold Edward, 1920.
 Jones, Malcolm Ludlow, 1919.
 Keyte, Captain Vincent John, 1918.
 Kiddle, John Beacham, 1918.
 King, Godfrey James, 1919.
 King, The Reverend Vincent George Bryan, 1918.
 Kirby, Austin Henry, 1926.
 Kirkbride, Alan Logan, 1926.
 Kirkness, John Johnston, 1920.
 Knaggs, Harry Leslie, 1924.
 Knowles, George Shaw, 1920.
 Langley, Cecil Ernest Herriock, 1920.
 Lawrence, Major Charles Trevor, 1926.
 Lazarus, Emanuel Samuel, 1918.
 Lendon, Mrs. Lucy Isabel, 1920.
 Leslie, Captain Arthur John Rupert Marshall, 1926.
 Lewis, Mrs. Elizabeth Tryphena, 1918.
 Lewis, Reginald Jamieson, 1920.
 Lim Boon Keng, 1918.
 Little, Robert, 1920.
 Littledale, M.C., Charles Edgar, 1922.
 Little-Gilmour, The Hon. Mrs. Victoria Laura, 1927.
 Lochhead, M.D., B.Sc., James, 1919.
 Longrigg, Stephen Hensley, 1926.
 Love, Mrs. Ripka Wharawhara, 1918.
 Lowry, Mrs. Helen, 1918.
 Lucie-Smith, Edmund Wodehouse, 1926.
 Lyall, George, 1924.
 Lynch, James Challenor, 1919.
 Lysaght, Herbert Royce, 1920.
 MacAlpine, Lieut.-Colonel Cyril Douglas Hughes, 1918.
 MacDonald, The Reverend Angus, 1918.
 MacDonald, C.M.G., Ranald, 1919.
 MacDonald of the Isles, Miss Celia, 1919.
 MacDonald, James Gordon, 1918.
 McDonald, M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P., William Mac-lachlan, 1926.
 Macfarlane, Mrs. Edith Mary, 1918.
 Machtig, Eric, 1926.
 Molnerney, Miss Margueretta, 1918.
 Macintyre, E.N.R., Captain Duncan Charles, 1919.
 McIntyre, D.D., C.M.G., The Rev. Ronald George, 1918.
 Mackay, C.B., V.D., Major-General The Honourable James Alexander Kenneth, 1920.
 McKay, John Dewar, 1926.
 Mackay, M.C., Lieut. William Gunn, 1926.
 Mackenzie, Thomas William, 1918.
 Mackeurtan, Mrs. Ellen Maria Louisa, 1918.
 Mackinnon, Mrs. Eleanor Vokes Irby, 1918.
 McLean, Major John Walter, 1923.
 McLennan, Professor John Cunningham, 1917.
 MacMahon, V.D., Major Neil Cullagh Mildred, 1919.
 MacPherson, Mrs. Eleonora Thompson, 1918.
 McPherson, Captain John, 1918.
 Macpherson, Major Osborne Cluny, 1919.
 McRobert, William Graham, 1920.
 Magge, Mrs. Agnes Mary, 1918.
 Maguire, Mathew Michael, 1920.
 Mailer, Ramsay, 1918.
 Malcolm, K.C., Harcourt, 1918.
 Malcolm, M.B., M.C., Major John Wright, 1926.
 Manning, Major Charles Nicolson, 1920.
 Mardall, Colonel George Stratford, 1918.
 Marsh, Malcolm Ready, 1920.
 Martin, R.A.N., Paymaster-Commander Albert, 1920.
 Marwick, Allan Graham, 1925.
 Marx, Mrs. Susannah Brandt, 1918.
 Mathers, Mrs. Mary Augusta, 1919.
 May, John Ivo Cecil, 1918.
 Mayer, Rudolf Franz, 1927.
 Merry, Captain Reginald, 1926.
 Messer, Charles McIlvaine, 1918.
 Micallef, Major Victor Charles, 1923.
 Mifsud, Edward Robert, 1927.
 Miles, C.M.G., I.S.O., Alfred Henry, 1918.
 Millar, Arthur Percy, 1924.
 Miller, Miss Annie Emily, 1918.
 Miller, Charles Cecil, 1919.
 Miller, Mary Elizabeth, Lady, 1918.
 Mills, Mrs. Rebecca, 1926.
 Mitchell, Major John Mitchell, 1919.
 Moir, George, 1919.
 Moorehead, Harold Percival, 1920.
 Moorhouse, Mrs. Jessie Matilda, 1918.
 Morris, Edward Gilbert, 1919.
 Morris, K.C., Francis Joseph, 1919.
 Morrow, George Andrew, 1918.
 Mort, Miss Mary Laidley Marjorie, 1920.
 Moss, Thomas, 1919.
 Murray, M.D., Lieut.-Colonel Charles Frederick Kennan, 1919.
 Murray, Howard, 1918.
 Murray, Mrs. Phoebe Henrietta, 1920.
 Mutu, Mrs. Rahera Muriwai, 1918.
 Myers, Vera Anita, Lady, 1919.
 Nairn, Norman, 1926.
 Nangle, James, 1920.
 Nettlefold, Robert, 1918.
 Nicholls, Helen, Lady, 1918.
 Nicholson, Sybil Helen, Lady, 1918.
 Nicolla, C.M.G., Edward Hugh Dyneley, 1918.
 Nicolson, Joseph Henry, 1918.
 Nutt, Walter Frederick, 1918.
 O'Brien, William John, 1918.
 Ogilvie, Major Arthur Newall, 1924.
 O'Hara, John Wesley, 1918.
 Oman, Daniel James, 1924.
 Orr, James Russell, 1924.
 Orr, Professor John, 1919.
 Otway, Rupert, 1925.
 Owen, Miss Gladys Mary, 1918.
 Park, James Harvey Williamson, 1918.
 Parker, Mrs. Florence Mary, 1918.

Officers—continued.

- Parnell, C.M.G., Lieutenant-General John William, 1920.
 Parnis, LL.D., Alfredo, 1919.
 Parsons, Mrs. Rachael Fanny, 1919.
 Paterson, Daniel Gavin, 1920.
 Paterson, Mrs. Florence Lavinia, 1918.
 Pearce, LL.D., Rev. Thomas William, 1923.
 Peebles, D.S.O., Major Herbert Walter, 1925.
 Perryman, Percy Wilbraham, 1926.
 Phillips, Mrs. Elizabeth Miller, 1919.
 Phillips, M.B., John Randall, 1927.
 Philp, Engineer-Commander Arthur Edward, 1918.
 Piensaar, Filippus Fourie, 1920.
 Pinhorn, Ralph Henry, 1923.
 Pitt, Harry Arthur, 1918.
 Pomare, Miria Woodbine, Lady 1918.
 Ponsoby, Lady Phyllis Sydney, 1918.
 Pott, Miss Gladys, 1922.
 Poynton, The Honourable Alexander, 1920.
 Preston, Herbert James, 1920.
 Price, Bernard, 1920.
 Prichard, John, 1927.
 Quah Beng Kee, 1922.
 Radcliffe, Mrs. Cecily, 1918.
 Radford, Mrs. Beatrice Letitia May, 1918.
 Rankin, Alexander Donald, 1918.
 Ransom, Herbert Charles, 1922.
 Rattray, Miss Frances Cochrane, 1918.
 Rawbone, Mrs. Annie Christine Murray, 1920.
 Rayne, M.C., Major Henry, 1922.
 Reading, Cyril Francis, 1924.
 Reed, Francis Ernest, 1923.
 Reid, Mrs. Pauline, 1920.
 Renton, Lieutenant James Malcolm Leslie, 1927.
 Rew, Lieut.-Colonel Charles Edward Dalziel Oldham, 1919.
 Rhodes, Mrs. Ellen Laura Amy, 1918.
 Rhodes, George Edward, 1919.
 Richardson, Mrs. Helen Morewood, 1920.
 Riley, The Reverend Charles Lawrence, 1920.
 Riley, The Most Reverend Archbishop Charles Owen Leaver, 1920.
 Riley, Joseph Albert, 1918.
 Rippon, Joseph, 1918.
 Roach, Edward Keith, 1927.
 Roberts, Alfred Jabez, 1918.
 Robertson, John Argyll, 1919.
 Robertson, Miss Philadelphia Nina, 1918.
 Rockey, Willie, 1919.
 Rolland, Henry Maitland, 1927.
 Ronaldson, Thomas Sheriff, 1919.
 Roper, Mrs. Ann, 1919.
 Rothwell, Thomas James, 1920.
 Rouget, M.D., François Auguste, 1924.
 Rowland, Frederick, 1919.
 Roy, Thomas, 1919.
 Royds, George Freeman, 1927.
 Russell, Mrs. Delia Constance, 1920.
 Russell, V.D., Lieut.-Colonel Herbert Ernest Henry, 1920.
 Rutherford, Mrs. Eva Lydia, 1918.
 Ryan, Victor Herbert, 1920.
 Sackett, The Reverend Alfred Barrett, 1919.
 Sampson, Henry William, 1918.
 Sanders, Lewis Samuel, 1920.
 Sandford, George Ritchie, 1924.
 Sargon, D.S.O., Captain Arthur Irons, 1926.
 Sauzier, K.C., Emile, 1918.
 Sawyerr, Alfred James Shorunkeh, 1924.
 Scholesfield, Guy Hardy, 1919.
 Scobie, Miss Grace Locke, 1918.
 Scott, Frederick Emelius, 1919.
 Searle, Mrs. Emma Jane, 1919.
 Semmens, Lieut.-Colonel James Michael, 1920.
 Serle, Major Edwin Hamilton, 1920.
 Shadwell, R.N.V.R., Lieutenant Lancelot Horace Augustus, 1919.
 Shirer, The Reverend William, 1919.
 Shirtcliffe, George, 1919.
 Simpson, Hubert Ashton Laseel, 1918.
 Sinclair, Russell, 1920.
 Skeels, Lewis Serecald, 1919.
 Smartt, Sybil Annie, Lady, 1918.
 Smith, Arthur Herbert, 1918.
 Smith, M.C., Captain George Lewis Stanley, 1923.
 Smith, George Whitfield, 1922.
 Smith, George Wishart, 1920.
 Smith, Joseph Mario, 1927.
 Smith, Lillie Edith, Lady, 1918.
 Sommerville, James, 1919.
 Songest, Major Norman Arthur Ralph, 1925.
 Southam, Frederick Neil, 1918.
 Sprott, D.D., The Right Reverend Thomas Henry, 1919.
 Spurgeon, R.A.N., Paymaster Lieutenant-Commander Charles Herbert, 1920.
 Spurling, C.M.G., Stanley Salisbury, 1918.
 Squarey, Robert Thomas, 1919.
 Stabb, Kt., Sir Newton John, 1918.
 Stack, Paymaster-Commander Alan Edward, 1919.
 Starling, C.M.G., John Henry, 1920.
 Steel, Barbara Joanna, Lady, 1918.
 Stewart, Miss Mary Downie, 1918.
 Stiebel, Herbert Cecil, 1922.
 Stirling, LL.B., K.C.M.G., The Honourable Sir John Lancelot, 1918.
 Swinbourne, Major Charles Augustus, 1918.
 Taylor, Percy Henry, 1919.
 Taylor, Robert Walter, 1919.
 Terry, Arthur Elliott Goodchild, 1925.
 Tewksbury, Pearson William, 1920.
 Thomas, Miss Kathleen Kyfin, 1918.
 Thomas, Colonel Thomas John, 1920.
 Thomas, Thomas Shenton Whitelegge, 1919.
 Thompson, Mrs. Emily, 1920.
 Tolmie, Miss Agnes, 1918.
 Tomlinson, Ernest William, 1920.
 Tonks, Major Osmund, 1919.
 Topia, Kingi, 1919.
 Torreggiani, Antonio Caesar, 1919.
 Treacy, Paymaster-Captain Alfred Martin, 1918.
 Trefusis, The Honourable Mrs. Dorothy Marguerite Elizabeth, 1919.
 Trim, Mrs. Sarah Ann, 1920.
 Tripp, Leonard Owen Howard, 1918.
 Tucker, Boswell, 1926.
 Tucker, Herbert Carey, 1918.
 Turner, Major George Argo, 1920.
 Vaughan, Mrs. Evelyn Goode, 1920.
 Verney, Frank Arthur, 1925.
 Vincent, Mrs. Rose Lilian, 1923.
 Waddington, Eubule John, 1919.
 Wainwright, William Frederick, 1924.
 Watkins, I.S.O., Frederick Henry, 1925.
 Watlington, Henry William, 1922.
 Watson, Donald Francis, 1926.
 Weatherhead, The Rev. Canon Herbert Thomas Candy, 1923.
 Webb, M.C., Cecil Richard, 1926.
 Weigall, Reginald Edward, 1918.
 Weller, The Reverend Alfred George, 1920.
 Wells, Herbert Richmond, 1926.

Officers—continued.

Westmacott, Charles Babington, 1918.
 Wheeler, Mrs. Annie Margaret, 1920.
 White, Alexander Harold, 1924.
 Whitehead, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Frank Eldred,
 1926.
 Widdowson, Howell Young, 1920.
 Wigram, Mrs. Agnes Vernon, 1918.
 Wilkins, John Frederick, 1927.
 Williams, Miss Hilda, 1918.
 Williams, Oliver Morrice, 1920.
 Willington, William Thomas, 1918.
 Willis, Ernest Horatio, 1920.

Willis, D.D., The Right Reverend John Jamieson
 1919.
 Wilson, William, 1918.
 Winsor, Charles, 1919.
 Winslow, Herbert Pinckney, 1927.
 Witherden, Mrs. Charlotte Mary, 1920.
 Wood, Mrs. Grace Anna Mary, 1918.
 Wood, James, 1918.
 Wortley, Edward Jocelyn, 1926.
 Wynne, Mrs. Jessie, 1920.
 Wynne, Thomas Joseph, 1919.
 Zijl, Van Carol Johannes, 1918.

Honorary Officers.

Abder Rahman Effendi El Haj, 1925.
 Ahmed bin Sud, Sheikh, Acting Liwali of Lamu, 1919.
 Ali Effendi Jarallah, 1925.
 Amin Rizk, 1924.
 Doukhan, Moses, 1926.
 Perlo, The Right Reverend Philippe, 1918.
 Ruhi Bey Abdel Hadi, 1925.
 Suleiman Bey Toukan, 1926,
 Surma Khanum d'Bait Mar Shimun, 1926.

Members

Abraham, Mrs. Constance Palgrave, 1918.
 Abraham, Lieutenant John Conrad, 1918.
 Adams, Alfred Montague, 1919.
 Addie, Mrs. Julia Constance, 1919.
 Addison, Stanley, 1920.
 Ahmode Hajee Ahlamansuhawon, 1926.
 Ainsworth, Mrs. Ina Cameron, 1919.
 Akerman, Conrad, 1918.
 Aldworth, Mrs. Dorothea Anne Harvey, 1919.
 Allan, The Reverend Tom, 1920.
 Allen, Miss Alfreda Louisa, 1926.
 Anderson, Mrs. Helen Agnes, 1920.
 Anderson, Mrs. Julia Ada, 1919.
 Andrews, Mrs. Annie Burt, 1918.
 Angel, Frederick William, 1918.
 Appelyard, Mrs. Agnes McWhirter, 1919.
 Armbruster, Hubert, 1919.
 Armitage, Mrs. Ethel, 1918.
 Arrigo, Edgar, 1919.
 Austin, Albert Sydney, 1918.
 Ayre, Charles Pascoe, 1919.
 Baddiley, Lieut. Philip Taylor, 1925.
 Bagshawe, Captain Francis John, 1919.
 Baines, Mrs. Florence, 1920.
 Baker, Sergt.-Major Clarence Herbert, 1923.
 Baldock, Henry Augustus, 1918.
 Balfour, Mrs. Bertha Elsie, 1920.
 Balfour Ogilvy, Major Harry Lort Stephen,
 1920.
 Bancroft, Mrs. Blanche, 1919.
 Bankart, Alfred Seymour, 1918.
 Barnes, Mrs. Katherine Florence, 1920.
 Barnett, Ezra John, 1918.
 Bartley, William, 1919.
 Barton, Albert Edward, 1920.
 Barton, Mrs. Rachel Mary, 1919.
 Basch, Mrs. Bertha, 1918.
 Bate, John Osborn Shepperson, 1920.
 Batho, Charles Philip Arthur, 1920.
 Beere-Miles, Mrs. Blanch Kate, 1918.
 Bennett, Mrs. Agnes, 1919.
 Bentley, Lieut.-Colonel William Joseph, 1918.
 Bernard, M.D., Albert Victor, 1919.
 Bethell, Mrs. Thyra Talvase, 1918.
 Bettington, Mrs. Maud, 1919.
 Bickford, Charles Frederick, 1920.

Biseland, Mrs. Emma, 1918.
 Blackall, B.A., William Walker, 1918.
 Blackburn, Alfred Charles, 1919.
 Blackden, Mrs. Mary Helen Bennett, 1918.
 Bland, Samuel Patrick, 1925.
 Blanshard, Mrs. Isabella Miller, 1918.
 Boden, Mrs. Annie Fanetta, 1918.
 Bollard, Mrs. Louisa, 1918.
 Bonavia, Mrs. Marie, 1918.
 Borg, L.L.D., George, 1918.
 Borrow, Captain John Richard Travers Eales, 1920.
 Botten, Joseph, 1920.
 Bourne, Mrs. Lucy Dorothea, 1918.
 Bowen, Mrs. Ellen, 1918.
 Bowles, Captain Ernest, 1918.
 Bramwell, William James, 1924.
 Branch, Mrs. Irene, 1918.
 Briscoe, Mrs. Ada Ellen, 1918.
 Brizzell, Miss Annie Isabel, 1925.
 Brown, Mrs. Violet McConochie, 1919.
 Bruce, Robert Randall, 1918.
 Bryant, Robert William, 1919.
 Bull, Mrs. Esther, 1920.
 Bullock, I.S.O., James Arthur Edward, 1919.
 Burgess, Charles Hayward, 1919.
 Burke, M.A., L.L.D., Vincent Patrick, 1918.
 Burman, Thomas, 1918.
 Burnside, Robert Henry, 1918.
 Burt, Alexander, 1919.
 Burt, Miss Jean, 1918.
 Bushell, John James, 1919.
 Butters, Kt., C.M.G., Major Sir John Henry,
 1920.
 Calder, William Beale, 1918.
 Calthorp, Hugh Victor Edward, 1918.
 Cameron, Miss Katherine Ross, 1926.
 Campbell, Major Colin Clyde, 1918.
 Campbell, Lieut.-Colonel David Bishop, 1918.
 Campbell, Miss Ethel Margaret, 1918.
 Campbell, Mrs. Isabel Edwards, 1920.
 Campbell, John Honeyford, 1920.
 Campbell, William, 1920.
 Candier, George Curtis, 1924.
 Cardona, Lewis Borg, 1919.
 Cargill, John Henry, 1918.
 Carr, Albert Bonus, 1925.

Members—continued.

- Casolani, Henry, 1919.
 Cassels, John Borlase, 1918.
 Castle-Smith, Mrs. Maude Ellefred, 1919.
 Catchpole, Alfred Edward, 1919.
 Cave, Hugo Charles, 1918.
 Champion, Mrs. Mary Ann, 1919.
 Charles, Miss Esther, 1919.
 Chataway, Mrs. Louise, 1919.
 Chilton, Mrs. Elizabeth, 1918.
 Clapp, The Reverend Charles Herbert, 1918.
 Clark, Herbert Ernest, 1918.
 Clark, Miss Mary Lydia, 1919.
 Clarke, Percival Herbert, 1919.
 Clarkson, Francis George, 1918.
 Cleland, John Stookwin, 1920.
 Clementi, Marie Penelope Rose, Lady, 1919.
 Clift, Mrs. Agnes, 1919.
 Clinckett, I.S.O., Robert James, 1918.
 Clumeck, Mrs. Marie, 1918.
 Cluvor, Paul Dietrich, 1918.
 Clydesdale, Alexander McAlister, 1920.
 Cocks, Edward Charles, 1918.
 Cohen, Ezekiel, 1924.
 Colborne, Mrs. Christina Johanna Petronella, 1918.
 Collins, Miss Emily Lia, 1920.
 Collymore, Frederick Appleton Chapman, 1918.
 Conchie, Mrs. Jean, 1919.
 Conder, Major Walter Tasman, 1920.
 Conn, Robert, 1918.
 Connal, B.Sc., Mrs. Sophia Lucy Mackworth 1918.
 Connell, John Henry Gustavus, 1927.
 Conyers, Mrs. Ada Blanche Pierce, 1919.
 Cook, Mrs. Katharine, 1918.
 Cookson, Percy Charles, 1919.
 Cooper, Miss Ethel Mary, 1919.
 Copeman, Edward Arden, 1919.
 Coradino, Mrs. Sarah Ann, 1918.
 Corke, Edward Stanton, 1920.
 Corry, Mrs. Alice Maude, 1918.
 Corsi, Manuel Gregory, 1919.
 Cottle, Henry Charles, 1924.
 Courage, Mrs. Zoe Frances, 1919.
 Cowin, Norris Tynwald, 1919.
 Crawford, Mrs. Gertrude Alice, 1919.
 Crawford, Mrs. Harriette Sophia, 1918.
 Crocker, Mrs. Elsie Evelyn, 1923.
 Crooke, Mrs. Jane Duthie, 1918.
 Crusher, Robert Barker, 1927.
 Cuff, Mrs. Ethel, 1919.
 Cummings, Emanuel Henry, 1918.
 Currie, Richard, 1918.
 Curtis, M.A., D.D., The Reverend Levi, 1918.
 Cutler, M.C., Major Roy Victor, 1918.
 Da Costa, Altamont, 1918.
 Davis, Mrs. Anna Gronow, 1918.
 Dawson, Miss Hannah, 1919.
 Dean, Mrs. Ida Florence, 1918.
 de Castro, Mrs. Edith, 1919.
 de Cordova, Mrs. Judith, 1918.
 de Fonseca, Edmund Clarke, 1919.
 De Freitas, Mrs. Dora Florence, 1919.
 De Martino, Lawrence, 1925.
 Denton, D.C.L., The Rev. James, 1926.
 de Soyse, Mrs. Mary Margaret, 1919.
 Despott, Giuseppe, 1925.
 Dew, V.D., Major Joseph Turner, 1926.
 Dias, Charles Peter, 1926.
 Dixon, George Finley, 1919.
 Donaldson, Mrs. Ada Maud, 1918.
 Donaldson, George Lester, 1918.
 Dougall, John, 1918.
 Douglas, Miss Annie Jane, 1918.
 Downing, Robert Edward, 1919.
 Draper, Christopher Robert Burroughs, 1918.
 Draper, Thomas Percy, 1918.
 Drew, Mrs. Florence Grace, 1919.
 Drury, Edward Herbert Merivale, 1918.
 Du Boise, Ferdinand Henry, 1918.
 Dudley, Mrs. Sophie, 1918.
 Duncan, George, 1926.
 Dunlop, Robert, 1918.
 Dyason, Ernest Clement, 1920.
 Eadie, Robert, 1920.
 Easter, Bertie Harry, 1927.
 Ebdon, Mrs. Elizabeth, 1918.
 Egan, Mrs. Hulda, 1920.
 Egan, Miss Kate, 1918.
 Ekmejian, Dikran, 1923.
 Elcombe, Mrs. Minnie Eliza, 1918.
 Ellis, Frank Tate, 1927.
 Ellison, Mrs. Mabel, 1919.
 Elworthy Ernest George, 1918.
 Evans, Miss Annie Alethea, 1920.
 Evans, Lieut.-Colonel Victor Hallen, 1920.
 Facey, Mrs. Edith Mary, 1918.
 Facey, Mrs. Lillian Maud, 1919.
 Fair, Robert Wilson, 1919.
 Fairrie, Lieut. Adam Grainger, 1926.
 Farmer, George Albert, 1920.
 Fenton, Captain Alexander, 1918.
 Fenton, Miss Edith, 1918.
 Ferguson, Lieut.-Colonel William Francis, 1920.
 Fernie, James, 1920.
 Fetherston-Dilke, M.B., Beaumont Albany, 1919.
 Field, Mrs. Mathilde, 1919.
 Findlay, Mrs. Ellen Kent, 1918.
 Fisher, Mrs. Amy Anderson, 1919.
 Fisher, Mrs. Janet Aitken, 1919.
 Fißen, Miss Alice Maude, 1918.
 Fißen, Miss Lily Edith, 1918.
 Fitzgerald, Henry Frederick, 1919.
 Fitzgerald, Lieut.-Colonel John Thomas, 1926.
 Fitzpatrick, Matthew McKean, 1918.
 Flannery, Captain Harold Fortescue, 1918.
 Flint, Mrs. Violet Amy, 1919.
 Forrester, Mrs. Elizabeth, 1918.
 Forster, Samuel John, 1927.
 Fourie, Doctor Louis, 1920.
 Fowle, Mrs. Mary, 1918.
 Fox-Angelo, Mrs. Mary Colquhoun, 1910.
 Francis, Harold Vansittart, 1924.
 Fraser, Henry Paterson, 1920.
 Fraser, Mrs. Laura Vivienne, 1918.
 Fraser, Captain Percy Louis Alexander, 1918.
 Freer, Miss Maud Alice, 1918.
 Fremantle, C.M.G., D.C.M., Major John Morton, 1918.
 Friedlander, Mrs. Grace Christian, 1918.
 Fuller, Elfrida, Lady, 1919.
 Furlong, Miss Margaret Helen, 1920.
 Fynn, Mrs. Ethel Mary, 1920.
 Gaisford, Mrs. Harriet Helen, 1918.
 Galbraith, Mrs. Marion, 1918.
 Ganteaume, M.B., Patrick Padron Joseph, 1918.
 Gardner, Arthur Edward, 1918.
 Garlake, Mrs. Dorothy Eleanor, 1919.
 Gerrard, Mrs. Alice Mary, 1920.
 Gatt-Rutter, Joseph, 1919.
 George, William Henry Harrison, 1918.
 Gerard, Harold, 1919.
 Gibaud, Mrs. Agnes Mary, 1918.
 Gibbons, Hope, 1918.
 Giddy, Mrs. Lilian Napier, 1919.
 Gilbert, Joseph Trouessell, 1927.
 Gill, Alexander James, 1923.
 Gill, Mrs. Daisy Lee Haywood, 1918.
 Gillespie, Mrs. Sara, 1918.
 Girdwood, Alexander Forsyth, 1918.

Members—continued.

- Zoble, Mrs. Annie Harriet, 1918.
 Zoddard, Captain Thomas Neilson, 1918.
 Zoddall, Edward Basil Herbert, 1918.
 Goodison, Mrs. Mary, 1918.
 Goodwin, Lieut-Colonel John Thomas Hill, 1927.
 Goonewardena, David George, 1924.
 Gordon, Mrs. Gladys, 1919.
 Gowan, M. C., Captain Cyril Harvey, 1925.
 Graham, Miss Helen, 1918.
 Grant, M. C., Henry David, 1926.
 Green, Arthur James, 1918.
 Green, Mrs. Elizabeth Selina, 1918.
 Green, George Conrad, 1926.
 Greenslade, Mrs. Louisa Grace Charlotte, 1919.
 Gregory, Charles William, 1919.
 Greig, Lieutenant Alexander, 1919.
 Grice, Claude Reuben, 1923.
 Grieve, Mrs. Catherine Ramsay Laburn, 1919.
 Griffin, I. S. O., Eugene Patrick, 1918.
 Griffith, Mrs. Alison Lockhart, 1918.
 Grimmond, Mrs. Margaret Isabella, 1918.
 Guinness, Mrs. Florence, 1918.
 Gunnion, Thomas Edward, 1919.
 Guthrie, Miss Agnes Brenda Boyd, 1919.
 Hadley, Lieut-Colonel Frederick Augustus, 1920.
 Hahn, Lieutenant Carl Hugo Linsingen, 1920.
 Hale, Lancelot Hugh Dowman, 1919.
 Hall, Major Francis William, 1925.
 Ham, Edwin George, 1920.
 Hamilton, Major Albert Edwin, 1920.
 Hammond, Lieutenant Harry, 1924.
 Hand, C. M. G., John Pierce, 1918.
 Hands, Arthur Lister Compton, 1922.
 Hanna, Selim, 1924.
 Harcourt, Miss Eveline Alice Marian, 1919.
 Hardie, Major James March, 1920.
 Harding, Mrs. Margaret, 1918.
 Harnett, Leslie Bennett, 1918.
 Harper, Francis Henry, 1920.
 Harrap, Lieut.-Colonel George Edward, 1920.
 Harrington, Henry William, 1919.
 Harris, Henry Lewis, 1918.
 Harrison, Miss Kate Clara, 1919.
 Harrison, Tom Curtis, 1920.
 Hart, Lieut. Richard, 1926.
 Hart de Keating, Villiers, 1922.
 Harvey, Mrs. Christina, 1918.
 Harvey, Mrs. Ethel, 1919.
 Hatchell, George William, 1927.
 Hawke, Mrs. Leah Lucy, 1918.
 Hayford, Joseph Ephraim Casely, 1919.
 Hayward, Miss Annie, 1918.
 Head, Arthur, 1920.
 Helmore, Heathcote George, 1919.
 Henocksbury, Mrs. Josephine Norie, 1919.
 Herbert-Smith, Mrs. Christine Louise, 1919.
 Herman, Mrs. Lena, 1919.
 Herrick, John, 1926.
 Hewett, James Henry, 1919.
 Heyman, Mrs. Frances Patton, 1919.
 Hickling, Mrs. Alice, 1919.
 Hicks, Thomas, 1920.
 Hill, Major Charles, 1920.
 Hill, Mrs. Emma Carey, 1919.
 Hill, Henry Granville, 1920.
 Hill, Mrs. Jessie, 1918.
 Hinkson, Ernest Augustus, 1919.
 Hialop, Mrs. Margaret Mary Annie, 1919.
 Hitchon, Mrs. Ann Margaret, 1919.
 Hobleby, Mrs. Alice Mary, 1919.
 Hobson, Mrs. Dorothy, 1919.
 Hobson, William Edward, 1918.
 Hock, Lee Peck, 1923.
 Hodgson, Anthony, 1919.
 Hohenkerk, Ludovic Smith, 1925.
 Holdsworth, Mrs. Elizabeth Annie, 1919.
 Holdsworth, William Godfrey, 1919.
 Hollander, Mrs. Ethel Mary, 1918.
 Hollands, Mrs. Emily Hannah, 1919.
 Holloway, Mrs. Henrietta Palfrey, 1919.
 Holmes, Miss Elsie May, 1920.
 Holyman, Mrs. Honora, 1920.
 Hone, Arthur Rickman, 1924.
 Hordern, Doctor Herbert Vivian, 1920.
 Horley, The Rev. William Edward, 1926.
 Horwood, Reuben, 1919.
 Hoeking, William Samuel Victor, 1918.
 Houston, Major Alexander McLean, 1918.
 How, Willoughby, 1918.
 Howard, Mrs. Helen Edith, 1919.
 Howard, M. D., Robert, 1918.
 Howell, Edward Harold, 1927.
 Humphries, Mrs. Georgiana, 1924.
 Hutchinson, Mrs. Bertha Charlotte, 1918.
 Hutson, M. B., Surgeon Major John, 1918.
 Huxley, Henry Scott, 1918.
 Huyshe-Eliot, Mrs. Anne, 1919.
 Ilea, Miss Helen Louise, 1922.
 Ingham, Mrs. Sybil, 1919.
 Isbister, William James, 1918.
 Izod, Edwin Gilbert, 1918.
 Jack, Donald William, 1918.
 Jacques, The Reverend George Henry Paul, 1918.
 Johnson, Mrs. Agnes Norah, 1918.
 Johnson, Hubert Lawrance, 1919.
 Jones, Edgar Anderson Averaye, 1918.
 Jones, Lieutenant Frederick Harry, 1923.
 Jones, Samuel Benjamin, 1924.
 Kearney, Miss Tereza Mary, 1918.
 Keigwin, Herbert Stanley, 1924.
 Kelsey, Miss Lavinia Jane, 1919.
 Kemaley, John Chambers, 1918.
 Kemsley, Mrs. Kate Annie, 1920.
 Kennedy, Mrs. Helen, 1919.
 Kennedy, Captain John Morgan, 1920.
 Kerr, Mrs. Maud Coke, 1918.
 Kerr, Walker Coke, 1918.
 Kiddle, Captain John Lindsay, 1918.
 King, Miss Emma Ethel Maud Ford, 1919.
 King, Mrs. Sarah Hannah, 1919.
 Kirk, The Rev. Father Christopher James, 1924.
 Klionsenberg, Mrs. Maude Ellen, 1918.
 Knight, John Marcus, 1927.
 Knox, Miss Sara, 1918.
 Laffitte, Gabriel, 1926.
 Laidley, Mrs. Ethel, 1918.
 Laing, John George, 1919.
 Lamont, Miss Helen, 1920.
 Lamont James, 1918.
 Landau, Miss Annie, 1924.
 Lanitis, Vrasidas Demitriou, 1918.
 Lerner, Victor John, 1918.
 Lauder, Miss Elizabeth Shaw, 1919.
 Lea, Miss Doris, 1920.
 Lea, Oliver, 1923.
 Leach, John Vincent, 1924.
 Lean, Major James Malcolm, 1920.
 Leaver, Mrs. Kate Rose, 1918.
 Lee, Mrs. Jane Winfield, 1918.
 Lee Choon Guan, Mrs., 1918.
 Lennox, Mrs. Jessie Orr, 1918.
 Levinge, Edward George, 1918.
 Lezard, Herbert Lewis, 1919.
 Little, Richard Thomas, 1926.
 Lock, Mrs. Esther Georgina, 1918.
 Lofthouse, Mrs. Elizabeth Ann, 1918.

Members—continued.

- Long, Mrs. Hilda Charlotte, 1919.
 Long, John Percy, 1918.
 Lovell, Mrs. Elizabeth Isabel, 1920.
 Lovell, James Benjamin, 1919.
 Lydall, Edward Wykeham, 1919.
 Lys, Mrs. Phyllis Bruce, 1923.
 Macassey, Miss Ethel Constance Chapman, 1919.
 MacCallum, Archibald Donald, 1920.
 MacDonald, Mrs. Flora Emma, 1919.
 MacDonald, D.D., Major the Reverend John Howard, 1918.
 MacDonald, Miss Mina, 1919.
 McDonald, Miss Rebecca Anne, 1920.
 MacDonnell, Richard, 1919.
 MacDonogh, George Frederick, 1919.
 Macfarlane, M.B.C.V.S., F.E.V.M.A., Alexander Menzies, 1926.
 MacFarlane, Lieut.-Colonel Stuart Gordon, 1920.
 MacGibbon, Miss Mabel Jane, 1918.
 Macgregor, Company Serg.-Major Alpin, 1927.
 Macintyre, James Colin, 1919.
 Mackay, Mrs. Isobelle Mary Agnes, 1918.
 Mackenzie, Mrs. Engela Elizabeth, 1923.
 Mackenzie, Miss Jessie, 1918.
 Mackie, George Douglas, 1923.
 MacPherson, Mrs. Margaret, 1919.
 Macpherson, Miss Violette, 1918.
 Macwilliam, Donald Kirton, 1926.
 Maguire, Mrs. Emily Herbert, 1918.
 Maitland, Thomas Douglas, 1926.
 Maling, Mrs. Nesta Gertrude, 1919.
 Manning, Arthur Edward, 1918.
 Marris, Basil Arthur, 1919.
 Martin, Alfred Andrew, 1919.
 Martin, Mrs. Elizabeth Evelyn, 1918.
 Mathieson, Robert Albert James, 1923.
 Mathison, Mrs. Mary Martin, 1920.
 Matthews, Lieutenant Frederick Gwilliam, 1919.
 Matthews, Captain Philip Edwin, 1918.
 Matthews-Donaldson, Major Charles Lionel Grey Matthews, 1927.
 May, Alfred William Jarvis, 1923.
 McAlister, William Douglas, 1920.
 McClure, Miss Alice Mary, 1923.
 McCotter, Miss Jane, 1926.
 McCutchin, Sydney Cameron, 1919.
 McDonnell, Miss Mysie, 1919.
 McDougall, Mrs. Agnes Maxwell, 1919.
 McElhone, William Percy, 1920.
 McIntyre, Donald Arderne, 1919.
 McKay, Miss Mary, 1918.
 McKeartan, Mrs. Mary, 1919.
 McKay, Miss Elizabeth, 1926.
 McLaughlan, I.S.O., Henry Peter Marius, 1919.
 McLean, Miss Isabel, 1918.
 Meehan, The Reverend Father John, 1926.
 Merrieffield, Albert, 1919.
 Mete, Mrs. Erina, 1918.
 Michaud, The Rev. Father Joseph Georges Edouard, 1926.
 Mifsud, Mrs. Anne Gill, 1918.
 Miller, Thomas Maskew, 1919.
 Moeller, Mrs. Winnifred, 1919.
 Moffatt, Robert, 1927.
 Moggridge, Mrs. Norah, 1918.
 Mohamed, Veterinary Assistant Surgeon Noor, 1927.
 Moller, Mrs. Justina Wilhelmina Nancy, 1918.
 Money, Alexander Walker, 1925.
 Montgomery, William, 1920.
 Moore, George Frederick, 1919.
 Moorhouse, Colonel William Henry Sefton, 1918.
 Moors, Miss Florence Donald, 1920.
 Morgan, Tom Henry, 1920.
 Morgan, Walter Llewellyn, 1920.
 Morgappah, Nicholas Wilfrid, 1925.
 Morkel, Paul Andrew, 1920.
 Morris, Miss Cecilia Margaret, 1918.
 Morris, Mrs. Eliza Mary Jane, 1918.
 Morris, John William, 1918.
 Moseley, Miss Mary, 1918.
 Murphy, Mrs. Hannah, 1918.
 Murray, Major Edward, 1920.
 Murray, Miss Janet, 1919.
 Murray, Mrs. Susan Ann, 1918.
 Myers, Horace, 1919.
 Naggs, Lieutenant Leonard Bertram, 1919.
 Nance, Thomas Pierce Hains, 1920.
 Nash, Mrs. Elizabeth Lily, 1918.
 Nathan, Miss Sybil Caroline, 1918.
 Neael, Charles, 1924.
 Neave, John Sime, 1918.
 Nel, Captain Charles Paul Leonard, 1919.
 Nethersole, Harrison Ralph, 1919.
 Newman, William Augustin, 1920.
 Ngata, Mrs. Arithia Kane, 1918.
 Nivison, William, 1919.
 Nottingham, William, 1920.
 Nugent, Oliver, 1927.
 Nuttall, Mrs. Maria, 1918.
 Ollerenshaw, Sister Emma, 1924.
 O'Reilly, Mrs. Isabella, 1918.
 Orr, John, 1918.
 Osborne, Colonel William Henry, 1920.
 Packer, Lieut. Ernest Vincent, 1927.
 Page, Mrs. Jessie Ellen, 1919.
 Papapetrou, Antoni, 1927.
 Parker, Miss Ethel Wyborn, 1920.
 Parker, Miss Mary Jeannette, 1918.
 Parkes, Mrs. Lily Beatrice, 1918.
 Parkyn, Thomas Samuel, 1918.
 Patterson, William Henry, 1926.
 Paul, Mrs. Ruth Ethel, 1919.
 Pearson, Wesley Marshall, 1920.
 Penfold, William Cowan, 1920.
 Percival, Mrs. Mary, 1919.
 Perez, Mrs. Mary, 1919.
 Perry, George Albert, 1918.
 Petrie, Mrs. Helen Young, 1918.
 Petten, Mrs. Eliza, 1919.
 Philip, Fullarton Bell, 1918.
 Phillips, Mrs. Emily, 1919.
 Philson, Mrs. Lucy, 1919.
 Pidsley, Miss Charlotte Harriet, 1927.
 Pitt, Captain Charles Peniston, 1919.
 Pitta, Miss Ada, 1923.
 Pollard, Leslie Thomas, 1922.
 Pomfret, Mrs. Edith Mary, 1918.
 Poole, Captain George Arthur Evered, 1919.
 Popham, Henry Bradshaw, 1918.
 Pordage, Mrs. Anna, 1919.
 Poritt, Mrs. Hannah Mary, 1919.
 Postlethwaite, John Rutherford Parkin, 1919.
 Potter, Mrs. Mary Ann, 1919.
 Potts, William Elmhirst, 1927.
 Poynter, William Dyke, 1918.
 Pridlle, Francis, 1927.
 Prince, Miss Constance Perrott, 1919.
 Pughe, Sidney Richard, 1926.
 Ramsay, Mrs. Florence Edith, 1920.
 Randon, Louis Joseph, 1926.
 Rattray, Robert Sutherland, 1918.
 Raymond, Mrs. Mary, 1918.
 Reddie, Captain Robert Alexander, 1923.
 Redhill, Samuel, 1919.
 Rees, Mrs. Catherine Mary, 1918.
 Reeve, Mrs. Joan Leslie, 1918.

Members—continued.

- eid, Mrs. Maria Jean, 1918.
 ennie, Captain William Hoyles, 1918.
 eynolds, Mrs. Harriet Sarah, 1918.
 iseley, John William, 1920.
 ivers, Arthur Thomas, 1918.
 obertson, Herbert James Duncan, 1918.
 obertson, Walter Thomas, 1918.
 obin, Miss Maggie, 1918.
 obinson, Mrs. Beatrice Evelyn Eugenie, 1918.
 obinson, LL.D., John Alexander, 1919.
 odda, George Charles, 1919.
 ogers, Miss Dorothy Hayward, 1919.
 olleston, Mrs. Iris Brenda, 1918.
 ussell, William Archibald, 1919.
 an, Mrs. Isabel, 1918.
 almon, Mrs. Mary Elwin, 1920.
 alter, Albert Hugh, 1920.
 amuel, Silverio Izidio, 1924.
 andford, Thomas Frederick, 1919.
 anda, Frank, 1925.
 anda, Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Sydney, 1920.
 anders, Miss Florence Margaret, 1920.
 anders, Miss Maude Irene, 1918.
 ales, George Herbert, 1919.
 anlen, Mrs. Emelie, 1919.
 chneider, Mrs. Glencora Barnes, 1925.
 iclater, Mrs. Eliza, 1918.
 ickott, Mrs. Katherine, 1918.
 eague, Ernest Goldfinch, 1925.
 earle, Mrs. Emma Jane, 1918.
 elvadurai, Nevins, 1923.
 ippill, John Howard, 1925.
 hain Giwergis, Zabit Class II, 1926.
 hallorance, Robert William, 1918.
 harp, Captain Frederick Brooke, 1927.
 haw, Mrs. Mary Charlotte, 1920.
 hearer, David, 1918.
 hearman-Turner, Mrs. Blanche, 1919.
 heppard, Herbert St. John, 1918.
 herratt, Mrs. Alice Georgina, 1918.
 herwood, Montague Earl, 1919.
 hipway, Walter Robert, 1924.
 Simpson, Mrs. Jean, 1918.
 Sinclair, Mrs. Muriel Eveleen Kathleen, 1918.
 Sinclair, Captain Robert Albert Dunbar, 1918.
 skene, Mrs. Lillias Margaret, 1918.
 Sloan, David, 1920.
 Sloan, Miss Margaret, 1928.
 Small, Mrs. Hannah, 1920.
 Smart, Mrs. Annie Wilhelmina, 1919.
 Smith, Charles Bowtell, 1918.
 Smith, George Milner, 1918.
 Smith, Mrs. Helen Nora Curle, 1920.
 Smith, Herbert Parker Hastings, 1920.
 Smith, James Alfred, 1918.
 Smith, Mrs. Lilly Mary, 1919.
 Smith, Mrs. Mary Euphemia Roseborough, 1918.
 Smith, Captain Percy, 1918.
 Snodgrass, William Wallace, 1918.
 Solomon, Edward, 1920.
 Somerton, Mrs. Carolina Augusta, 1919.
 Spedding, Miss Belle, 1918.
 Spencer, Mrs. Martha Tahamu, 1919.
 Stabb, Mrs. Ethel, 1919.
 Stanley, C.M.G., Captain William Blakeney, 1918.
 Steward, Mrs. Elizabeth Woodhead, 1918.
 Stead, John, 1918.
 Steer, Charles Robert, 1919.
 Steer, Frank, 1918.
 Stephen, Miss Nancy Consett, 1918.
 Stevenson, Mrs. Florence Johanna, 1919.
 Stowe, Richard Walter, 1918.
 Strachan, M.B., Robert, 1918.
 Stuckey, Miss Ellen Elizabeth, 1918.
 Sumner, Alfred Tennyson, 1927.
 Sutherland, Robert, 1919.
 Sutton, Captain Arthur Fraser, 1918.
 Swaffield, Ernest, 1919.
 Sweeney, Mrs. Elizabeth, 1919.
 Tarlton, Mrs. Jessie, 1918.
 Tarrant, Colonel Harley, 1920.
 Tatham, Mrs. Lilian Elizabeth, 1919.
 Taylor, Mrs. Minnie Elena Scott, 1919.
 Taylor, Percy Henry, 1918.
 Thompson, George Batching, 1919.
 Thompson, The Reverend Harry Ernest, 1919.
 Thompson, Samuel Douglas, 1920.
 Thompson, Mrs. Sarah Ann, 1919.
 Thomson, Miss Patricia Clay, 1918.
 Thorburn, Mrs. Dieudonnée Grace, 1919.
 Tilney, Miss Mary Elizabeth, 1920.
 Toogood, John James, 1918.
 Townshend, Arthur Walter, 1918.
 Tredgold, Miss Helen, 1919.
 Tregaskis, Mrs. Nellie Blanche, 1920.
 Treleven, Charles John, 1918.
 Tremlett, Captain Frederic Thomas George, 1918.
 Trigger, Major Alfred Ernest, 1919.
 Tripe, William Archibald, 1918.
 Tucker, Mrs. Ada Mary, 1918.
 Tulk, Mrs. Effie Morris, 1919.
 Tunks, Charles James, 1919.
 Turner, Major Henry Morton Stanley, 1918.
 Turner, William Henry James, 1923.
 Twynam, Miss Nora Cecilia, 1919.
 Urquhart, Herbert, 1918.
 Usher, Archibald Rhya, 1918.
 Van Collier, Christian Andries Brink, 1920.
 Van der Bijl, Mrs. Kate Amy, 1918.
 Varney, Arthur, 1918.
 Venning, Regimental Sergt.-Major John George, 1927.
 Verney, Mrs. Malvina, 1918.
 Vincent-Baxendale, Mrs. Gertrude Mary, 1918.
 Visram, Abdulrauf Allidina, 1919.
 Wahe, Miss Ethel Evelyn, 1920.
 Waite, Miss Eva, 1920.
 Walker, Regimental Sergeant-Major Edward George, 1926.
 Walker, George, 1920.
 Wallace, James Alfred, 1919.
 Wallace, Miss Margaret Janet, 1919.
 Ward, Mrs. Charlotte Sarah, 1918.
 Ward, Miss Evelyn Elsie Lydia, 1919.
 Ward, Robert, 1923.
 Wassell, Miss Edith, 1920.
 Waters, Alfred John, 1920.
 Watney, Miss Constance, 1918.
 Watson, Gilbert, 1919.
 Watson, Mrs. Gwendoline Isabel, 1919.
 Watson, Miss Isabella Clark, 1918.
 Watson, Mrs. Margaret Jane, 1919.
 Way, Mrs. Effie, 1919.
 Weaver, John Henry, 1918.
 Webster, Miss Georgina, 1918.
 Webster, Gustavus William, 1918.
 Webster, Miss Violet Helen, 1918.
 Welayden, Sinnatamby, 1923.
 Weller, Mrs. Florence Maud, 1920.
 Wells, Captain Charles Edward, 1918.
 Westmorland, Mrs. Josephine, 1919.
 Weston, Thomas Charles George, 1927.
 Whidborne, Mrs. Winifred Biehl, 1920.
 White, Charles, 1919.
 White, Mrs. Mabel, 1919.
 White, Thomas Walter, 1925.
 Whitworth, Walter Stanley, 1920.

Members—continued.

Wilde, Company-Sergt.-Major Cyril Arthur George, 1927.
 Wilkinson, Ernest Edward, 1923.
 Wilkinson, Howitt Key, 1918.
 Willdon, Miss Margaret Isabel, 1925.
 Williams, Miss Helen Lucy, 1918.
 Willson, Miss Nellie Marie, 1918.
 Wilson, Lieutenant-Colonel Archie John Landles, 1920.
 Wilson, Mrs. Edith Frances, 1920.
 Wilson, Major John Bowie, 1920.
 Wilton, Mrs. Jemima, 1918.

Windeyer, William Archibald, 1920.
 Withycombe, Robert, 1918.
 Woo, Miss Foonyes Catherine, 1926.
 Wood, C.M.G., Thomas Alfred, 1918.
 Wray, Cecil James, 1919.
 Wray, Miss Ellen, 1919.
 Wyatt, Miss Ethel, 1920.
 Wylie, Mrs. Maria Elizabeth, 1918.
 Young, Mrs. Fanny B., 1919.
 Young, George Macdonald, 1919.
 Zariif, Moisis George, 1922.
 Zia Giwergis, Zabit Class III, 1926.

Honorary Members.

Abdallah bin Said, Dr., 1923.
 Abdin Effendi Husheimi, 1926.
 Abdullah Effendi Kardus, 1926.
 Ahmad Effendi Khaledi, 1927.
 Ahmed Seif Ed Bin Effendi Hussini, 1926.
 Ankole, Edward Sulemani Kahaya, King of, 1918.
 Ankole, Nuwa Baguta, Katikiro of, 1918.
 Ben-David, Asher, 1926.
 Bunyoro, Andereya Duhaga, King of, 1918.
 Burhan bin Abdul Aziz, Sheikh, 1919.
 da Costa, Matheus Placido, 1927.
 Hadeff, Zaki, 1927.
 Halim Abu Rahmed, 1926.

Ho Siak Kuan, 1925.
 Ibrahim Bey Habeish Stambuli, 1925.
 Mani, Mikhayel, 1925.
 Mustafa el Khairy, 1924.
 Naoum Effendi Tajir, 1924.
 Qustandi Effendi Qanaza, 1925.
 Rafik Bey Beydun, 1926.
 Raja Kechil Tengah Said Tauphy ibni ex-Sultan Abdullah, 1926.
 Seif bin Said, Sheikh, 1918.
 Shawki Effendi Fatallah Saad, 1927.
 Suleiman bin Nasur el-Lemki, Sheikh, 1926.
 Tolkowsky, Samuel, 1927.
 Toro, Daudi Kasagama, King of, 1918.

COMPANION OF HONOUR.

Bruce, M.C., The Right Hon. Stanley Melbourne, 1927.

KNIGHTS BACHELORS.

Adamson, C.M.G., Sir John Ernest, 1924.
 Aikins, K.C., His Honour Sir James Albert Manning, 1914.
 Aird, Sir John, 1917.
 Alcazar, K.C., Sir Henry Albert, 1918.
 Allan, C.V.O., Sir (Hugh) Montagu, 1904.
 Ames, Sir Herbert Brown, 1915.
 Andersson, O.B.E., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Charles Llewellyn, 1922.
 Ashbolt, Sir Alfred Henry, 1925.
 Aspinall, C.M.G., C.B.E., Sir Algernon Edward, 1923.
 Atholstan, The Right Honourable Baron, 1908.
 Baddeley, C.M.G., Sir Frank Morriash, 1923.
 Bandaranaike, K.C.M.G., Sir Solomon Dias, 1907.
 Barker, D.C.L., The Hon. Sir Frederick Eustace, 1913.
 Barnett, C.M.G., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Louis Edward, 1927.
 Barrett-Lennard, Sir Fienness Cecil Arthur, 1926.
 Barth, C.B.E., Sir Jacob William, 1923.
 Beattie, D.Sc., Sir John Carruthers, 1920.
 Beatty, Sir Kenneth James, 1926.
 Beauchamp, Sir Harold, 1923.
 Beaumont, The Hon. Sir William Henry, 1910.
 Berkeley, Sir Maurice Julian, 1927.
 Bertram, K.C., Sir Anton, 1916.
 Bois, Sir Stanley, 1905.
 Bonython, K.C.M.G., Sir John Langdon, 1898.
 Bovell, K.C., Sir Henry Alleyne, 1902.
 Bowring, The Hon. Sir Edgar Rennie, 1915.

Bowser, The Hon. Sir John, 1927.
 Branch, Sir Charles Ernest St. John, 1924.
 Briggs, The Hon. Sir Henry, 1916.
 Bright, Sir Charles, 1919.
 Broom, Sir James Thomson, 1915.
 Brown, Sir Joseph, 1914.
 Bruce, Sir Wallace, 1927.
 Brunton, Sir William, 1926.
 Buchanan, The Hon. Sir Ebenezer John, 1901.
 Burn, Sir George, 1917.
 Bury, Sir George, 1917.
 Butters, C.M.G., M.B.E., Major Sir John Henry, 1927.
 Carnross, The Hon. Sir Walter Charles Frederick, 1922.
 Carr, Sir William St. John, 1905.
 Carter, C.B.E., Sir William Morris, 1919.
 Chandler, LL.D., K.C.M.G., Sir William Kellman, 1915.
 Chapman, The Hon. Sir Frederick Revans, 1923.
 Chappell, C.B.E., Sir Ernest, 1922.
 Clarke, LL.B., Sir Fielding, 1894.
 Coates, Sir James Hugh Buchanan, 1922.
 Cohen, Sir Lewis, 1924.
 Colebatch, C.M.G., The Hon. Sir Hal Patehall, 1927.
 Coll, K.C., Sir Anthony Michael, 1912.
 Combe, Sir Ralph Molyneux, 1920.
 Connolly, The Honourable Sir James Daniel, 1920.
 Coombe, Sir Thomas Melrose, 1924.
 Cory, Sir George Edward, 1922.
 Cullen, LL.D., K.C.M.G., The Hon. Sir William Portus, 1911.

KNIGHTS BACHELORS—continued.

- Julliman, D.S.O., Sir Thomas Major, 1910.
 Juscaden, V.D., Major-General Sir George, 1923.
 Jussen, The Hon. Sir Leo Finn Bernard, 1922.
 Janks, Sir Aaron Turner, 1925.
 Davidson, D.C.L., The Hon. Sir Charles Peers, 1913.
 Davies, K.C., Sir Colin Rees, 1920.
 Davies, Sir William Rees, 1913.
 Davis, Sir Edmund, 1927.
 Davis, Sir Mortimer Barnett, 1917.
 Dawson, K.C., Sir Charles Simon, 1917.
 Dawson, Bt., Sir Edward Rae, 1919.
 Daw, Sir William Herbert, 1923.
 Deedes, C.M.G., D.S.O., Brigadier-General Sir Wyndham Henry, 1921.
 de Freitas, O.B.E., Sir Anthony, 1927.
 de Villiers, The Hon. Sir Jean Etienne Reenen, 1923.
 de Villiers, F.R.G.S., Sir John Abraham Jacob, 1927.
 Dove-Wilson, LL.B., The Hon. Sir John Carnegie, 1918.
 Drayton, K.C., Sir Henry Lumley, 1915.
 Duckworth, C.B., Sir George Herbert, 1927.
 Dutton, Sir Frederick, 1921.
 Elliot, O.B.E., Sir George, 1923.
 Evans, C.M.G., The Hon. Sir John William, 1926.
 Everitt, Sir Clement, 1928.
 Fairbairn, Sir George, 1926.
 Farmer, D.Sc., LL.D., F.R.S., Professor Sir John Bretland, 1926.
 Fenwick, Sir George, 1919.
 Ferguson, M.D., C.M.G., Sir Henry Lindo, 1924.
 Fernando, M.D., B.Sc., Sir Hilarion Marcus, 1923.
 Fiset, M.D., C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General Sir Eugene, 1917.
 Fisher, Sir Stanley, 1922.
 Fitzpatrick, K.C.M.G., Sir James Percy, 1902.
 Fox, O.B.E., Sir Frank, 1926.
 Frazer, C.M.G., Sir John George, 1924.
 Frere, K.C., Sir Bartle Henry Temple, 1918.
 Fuller, Sir Benjamin John, 1921.
 Galloway, M.D., Sir David James, 1924.
 Garneau, Sir John George, 1908.
 Garra, K.C.M.G., Sir Robert Randolph, 1917.
 Godfrey, Sir Joseph Edward, 1914.
 Gollan, C.B.E., Sir Henry Cowper, 1921.
 Gompertz, Sir Henry Hersey Johnston, 1926.
 Goode, C.M.G., C.B.E., Sir Richard Allmond Jeffrev, 1928.
 Goodman, Sir William Meigh, 1902.
 Gordon, The Hon. Sir David John, 1925.
 Gouin, K.C.M.G., The Hon. Sir Lomer, 1908.
 Gould, V.D., Lieut.-Colonel The Hon. Sir Albert John, 1908.
 Graham, Sir Aubrey Gregor, 1927.
 Graham, The Hon. Sir Thomas Lynedoch, 1920.
 Grannum, C.M.G., Sir Edward Allen, 1926.
 Gray, K.C., Sir Reginald, 1920.
 Greaves, Sir William Herbert, 1904.
 Grice, Sir John, 1917.
 Griffin, K.C., Sir Charles James, 1923.
 Griffith, C.B.E., Sir William Brandford, 1896.
 Gunson, C.M.G., C.B.E., Sir James Henry, 1924.
 Hamilton, Sir Robert William, 1918.
 Hardie, M.D., Sir David, 1913.
 Haultain, The Hon. Sir Frederick William Gordon, 1916.
 Haycraft, Sir Thomas Wagstaffe, 1919.
 Hayward, C.B.E., V.D., Colonel Sir Edwin James, 1927.
 Hedstrom, Sir John Maynard, 1922.
 Herschenroder, K.C., Sir Percy Alfred, 1914.
 Hewat, M.B., Lieut.-Colonel Sir John, 1919.
 Heyman, Lieut.-Colonel Sir Herman Melville, 1920.
 Himbury, Sir William Henry, 1926.
 Holdsworth, Sir Charles, 1926.
 Holt, Sir Herbert Samuel, 1915.
 Hood, M.B., Sir Alexander Jarvie, 1921.
 Hordern, Sir Samuel, 1919.
 Horwood, The Hon. Sir William Henry, 1904.
 Hosking, K.C., The Hon. Sir John Henry, 1925.
 Ho Tung, Sir Robert, 1915.
 Hoy, K.C.B., C.V.O., Colonel Sir William Wilson, 1916.
 Hulett, The Hon. Sir James Liege, 1902.
 Hunter, Sir George, 1921.
 James, K.C., The Hon. Sir Walter Hartwell, 1907.
 Jeppe, C.B.E., Sir Julius, 1922.
 Johnstone, Sir Robert Stewart, 1915.
 Juts, K.C., The Hon. Sir Henry Hubert, 1897.
 Kanagasabai, Sir Ambalawanar, 1917.
 Kelly, LL.B., Sir Henry Greene, 1906.
 Kemp, K.C., C.B.E., Sir Joseph Horsford, 1927.
 Kidman, Sir Sidney, 1921.
 King, M.B., C.M.G., Sir Frederick Truby, 1925.
 Kingsmill, Admiral Sir Charles Edmund, 1918.
 Kiney, Sir Joseph James, 1919.
 Kitson, C.M.G., C.B.E., Sir Albert Ernest, 1927.
 Knibbs, C.M.G., Sir George Handley, 1923.
 Kotze, Sir Robert Nelson, 1918.
 Kotze, The Hon. Sir John Gilbert, 1917.
 Lang, The Hon. Sir Frederic William, 1916.
 Langerman, Sir Jan Willem Stuckeris, 1912.
 Langler, Sir Alfred, 1927.
 Laporte, The Hon. Sir Hormisdas, 1918.
 Lascelles, Sir Alfred George, 1913.
 Lathlain, Sir William Francis, 1921.
 Laurence, LL.D., K.C.M.G., Sir Perceval Maitland, 1908.
 Lee, K.C.M.G., The Hon. Sir Walter Henry, 1920.
 Leggett, R.E., D.S.O., Major Sir Edward Humphrey Manisty, 1920.
 Lemieux, Hon. Sir Francois Xavier, 1915.
 Lennard, Sir Thomas Joseph, 1920.
 Lewis, Sir Walter Llewellyn, 1904.
 Lister, Sir Frederick Spencer, 1920.
 Lochore, Sir James, 1925.
 Lockyer, C.B.E., I.S.O., Sir Nicholas Colston, 1926.
 Longstaff, Sir John, 1928.
 Love, Sir Joseph Clifton, 1925.
 Lucas, The Hon. Sir Edward, 1921.
 Luke, C.M.G., Sir John Pearce, 1921.
 Lyle, D.Sc., F.R.S., Sir Thomas Ranken, 1922.
 MacCormick, M.D., K.C.M.G., Colonel Sir Alexander, 1913.
 Macdonald, K.C., The Hon. Sir Hugh John, 1915.
 Macdonell, B.C.L., Sir Philip James, 1925.
 MacFarland, M.A., LL.D., Sir John Henry, 1919.
 McGavin, M.D., C.M.G., D.S.O., Major-General Sir Donald Johnstone, 1921.
 Macgregor, C.M.G., Sir James Comyn, 1923.

KNIGHTS BACHELORS—continued.

- Macintosh, Sir William, 1923.
 Maclean, Sir Robert Donald Douglas, 1927.
 McLeod, The Hon. Sir Ezekiel, 1917.
 McMillan, K.C.M.G., The Hon. Sir Robert Furse, 1916.
 MacPhail, O.B.E., Major Sir Andrew, 1918.
 Maasdorp, The Hon. Sir Andries Ferdinand Stockenström, 1904.
 Major, Sir Charles Henry, 1911.
 Manifold, The Hon. Sir Walter Synnot, 1920.
 Mann, Sir Donald, 1911.
 Matthews, Sir John Bromhead, 1911.
 Mawson, D.Sc., O.B.E., Sir Douglas, 1914.
 Maxwell, Sir Frederic Mackenzie, 1911.
 Menendez, LL.B., Sir Manuel Ramon, 1906.
 Merieca, LL.D., Sir Arturo, 1926.
 Michell, C.V.O., The Hon. Sir Lewis Loyd, 1902.
 Michelli, C.M.G., Sir Pietro James, 1921.
 Middleton, Sir John Page, 1912.
 Mifsud, LL.D., B.Litt., Sir Ugo Pasquale, 1927.
 Miller, The Hon. Sir Edward, 1917.
 Milla, K.C.M.G., Sir James, 1907.
 Molteno, K.C., The Hon. Sir James Tennant, 1911.
 Montagu, Sir Ernest William Sanders, 1923.
 Moorhouse, C.M.G., D.S.O., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Harry Claude, 1925.
 Morell, Sir Stephen Joseph, 1927.
 Morine, LL.D., K.C., The Hon. Sir Alfred Bishop, 1928.
 Morris, K.C., K.C.M.G., The Right Hon. Baron, 1904.
 Morrison, Sir William, 1926.
 Moulden, Sir Frank Beaumont, 1922.
 Muir, LL.D., C.M.G., Sir Thomas, 1915.
 Murison, LL.B., Sir James William, 1919.
 Murray, Sir George Sheppard, 1906.
 Nairne, Sir Percival Alleyn, 1915.
 Napier, D.C.L., Sir Walter John, 1909.
 Nathan, C.B.E., Sir Charles Samuel, 1928.
 Nettleton, Sir Sydney Charles King Farlow, 1924.
 Ngata, The Hon. Sir Apirana Turupa, 1927.
 Nicholls, K.C.M.G., Sir Herbert, 1916.
 Nicholson, C.M.G., Sir John Rumney, 1919.
 Nunan, K.C., LL.D., Sir Joseph John, 1924.
 O'Malley, Sir Edward Loughlin, 1891.
 Oppenheimer, Sir Ernest, 1921.
 Outerbridge, Sir Joseph, 1913.
 Peiris, Sir James, 1925.
 Pellatt, C.V.O., V.D., Major-General Sir Henry Mill, 1906.
 Perry, M.D., Lieut.-Colonel Sir Allan, 1904.
 Peter, Sir John Charles, 1922.
 Plowman, C.M.G., The Hon. Sir George Thomas, 1923.
 Pollock, K.C., Sir Henry Edward, 1924.
 Prout, C.M.G., O.B.E., M.B., Lieut.-Colonel Sir William Thomas, 1924.
 Purcell, Sir Gilbert Kenelm Treffry, 1916.
 Quick, LL.D., The Hon. Sir John, 1901.
 Ramanathan, K.C., C.M.G., Sir Ponnambalam, 1921.
 Raws, C.B.E., Colonel Sir William Lennon, 1926.
 Renton, K.C., LL.B., K.C.M.G., Sir Alexander Wood, 1915.
 Reynolds, Sir Frank Umhali, 1916.
 Richardson, Bart., C.B.E., Sir Lewis, 1921.
 Roberts, C.M.G., Sir John, 1920.
 Robinson, G.B.E., K.C.M.G., Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Thomas Bilbe, 1910.
 Roden, Sir Robert Blair, 1918.
 Roaling, Sir Edward, 1913.
 Russell, Sir Alison, 1928.
 Rutherford, Sir Robert, 1924.
 Sceberas, Sir Filippo, 1921.
 Scott, K.C., Sir Henry Milne, 1928.
 Shaw, Sir Walter Sydney, 1921.
 Sheldon, K.B.E., Sir Mark, 1922.
 Sherlock, Sir Alfred Parker, 1925.
 Shou-son, Sir Chow, 1926.
 Sim, The Hon. Sir William Alexander, 1924.
 Simpson, M.D., C.M.G., Professor Sir William John Ritchie, 1923.
 Sinclair, Sir John Robert, 1918.
 Sisset, Sir Herbert Kortwright McDonnell, 1927.
 Smith, Sir Alfred Van Waterschoot *Lacie*, 1911.
 Smith, Sir Lindsey, 1914.
 Smyly, LL.D., Sir Philip Crampton, 1905.
 Solomon, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., The Hon. Sir William Henry, 1907.
 Souchon, C.B.E., Sir Hippolyte Louis Wiebe *du Coudray*, 1927.
 Sowden, Sir William John, 1918.
 Speed, LL.B., Sir Edwin Arney, 1911.
 Stabb, O.B.E., Sir Newton John, 1921.
 Statham, The Hon. Sir Charles Ernest, 1926.
 Stewart-Bam, O.B.E., Lieutenant Colonel Sir Pieter Canzian van Blommestein, 1907.
 Stirling, LL.B., K.C.M.G., O.B.E., The Hon. Sir John Lancelot, 1902.
 Storrs, C.M.G., C.B.E., Colonel Sir Ronald, 1924.
 Strakosch, G.B.E., Sir Henry, 1921.
 Stringer, The Hon. Sir Thomas Walter, 1923.
 Strong, Sir Archibald Thomas, 1925.
 Stupart, Sir Robert Frederic, 1916.
 Sulman, F.R.I.B.A., Sir John, 1924.
 Tait, Sir Thomas, 1911.
 Tallis, Sir George, 1922.
 Taylor, The Hon. Sir Allen, 1911.
 Taylor, Sir Herbert John, 1924.
 Thompson, Sir William, 1922.
 Tomlinson, Sir Thomas Symonds, 1925.
 Tredgold, LL.B., Sir Clarkson Henry, 1922.
 Tudor, Sir Daniel Thomas, 1917.
 Van Boeschoten, Sir Johannes Gerard, 1911.
 Van der Meulen, O.B.E., Sir Frederick *Aha*, 1919.
 Van Hulsteyn, Sir William, 1902.
 Verco, Sir Joseph Cooke, 1919.
 Vicars, Sir John, 1924.
 Vicars, O.B.E., Sir William, 1922.
 Wadson, Sir Thomas John, 1911.
 Waley, C.B.E., R.A.N.R., Captain Sir Frederick George, 1923.
 Walton, Sir George O'Donnell, 1925.
 Watson, M.D., Sir Malcolm, 1924.
 Whiteside, Sir Cuthbert William, 1921.
 Wickham, Sir Henry Alexander, 1920.
 Wigram, Sir Henry Francis, 1926.
 Williams, Sir Hartley, 1894.
 Wilson, Sir James Glenny, 1915.
 Wilson, C.M.G., Sir Jeremiah, 1920.
 Winter, C.B.E., The Hon. Sir Marmaduke George, 1923.
 Young, Sir Alfred Karney, 1923.
 Young, LL.B., Sir Frederick William, 1918.

IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER.

COMPANIONS.

(Dominions and Colonies Section not to exceed 250.)

- Adams, Louis, 1912.
 Addison, M.V.O., D'Arcy Wentworth, 1920.
 Addison, Richard Hallowes, 1914.
 Allen, C.M.G., George Thomas, 1903.
 Anderson, William Ross, 1919.
 Anthonias, Richard Gerald, 1919.
 Arrowsmith, William Carver Gordon, 1911.
 Auchinleck, William Douglas, 1909.
 Bailey, William Henry, 1906.
 Barling, Joseph, 1906.
 Bartlett, Caddle Augustus, 1927.
 Bathfield, William, 1913.
 Belleth, Benjamin, 1926.
 Beresford, O.M.G., Marcus Henry De La Poer, 1904.
 Berkeley, Captain Hubert, 1921.
 Berteau, Francis Cyrus, 1914.
 Bigger, Frederic Charles, 1915.
 Bingle, Walter David, 1923.
 Bird, James William Fairbridge, 1906.
 Blenkins, William Bazett Goodwin, 1913.
 Blow, Horatio John Hooper, 1911.
 Blyth, Edward D'Urban, 1926.
 Bothamley, Arthur Thomas, 1924.
 Bovell, John Redman, 1908.
 Bowles, William Cochrane, 1913.
 §Bridgman, Alfred Henry, 1924.
 Brodrick, O.B.E., Thomas Noel, 1920.
 Brown, Captain Joseph, 1909.
 Bullock, M.B.E., James Arthur Edward, 1924.
 Burns, James, 1907.
 Burnside, Nigel Bruce, 1911.
 Burt, Alfred Earle, 1918.
 Burt, Octavius, 1903.
 Campbell, Alexander Malcolm, 1914.
 Campbell, Henry Cooke, 1903.
 Campbell, Lancelot Frederick, 1923.
 Carr, Henry, 1920.
 Caulfeild, Francis John Rothe Toby St. George, 1903.
 Célestin, Louis Albert, 1915.
 Checkley, Frank Stewart, 1911.
 Chitty, Louis Ogilvy, 1917.
 Christoffelaz, William Sperling, 1906.
 Clemens, William James, 1925.
 Clifton, Robert Cecil, 1904.
 Clincketh, M.B.E., Robert James, 1923.
 Coble, M.Inst.C.E., Walter Henry, 1903.
 Collyer, William Robert, 1903.
 Collymore, Harry Walton, 1918.
 Cook, Wallace Haynes, 1922.
 Côté, Narcisse Omer, 1911.
 Counsel, Edward Albert, 1921.
 Creswell, Miss Margaret Susan, 1908.
 Cullen, John, 1916.
 Cusaden, William Andrew, 1911.
 d'Aquino, Eusebio Honorato, 1911.
 Darley, M.Inst.C.E., Cecil West, 1903.
 Dato' Khatib Haji Mohamed Said, 1926.
 Davidson, William, 1911.
 Deane, Captain Richard Burton, 1915.
 de Charmoy, Donald D'Emmerez, 1926.
 de Silva Surya Bandara, John Edward, 1918.
 Deville, Edward Gaston Daniel, 1916.
 Dewhirst, Charles Hay, 1927.
 Dillon, Patrick Lawlor, 1904.
 Dixon, Henry, 1927.
 Dowley, Edmond Power, 1917.
 Downie, Henry Edmonds, 1926.
 Drake, Edwin Tiptree, 1920.
 §Drayson, Matthew John, 1926.
 Duffield, Thomas, 1919.
 Du Vergé, Louis Seide Rathier, 1903.
 §Eggett, O.B.E., William Henry, 1919.
 Ellenberger, C.M.G., Jules, 1922.
 Ely, Herbert William, 1926.
 §Engelbach, Alfred Henry Hunter, 1902.
 Erbynn, John Smith, 1921.
 Evelyn, Edward Ernest, 1912.
 Fairbairn, Robert, 1906.
 Ferguson, M.B., James Edward Aquart, 1915.
 Finlay, Acheson Arundel Cameron, 1917.
 Fisher, Thomas, 1922.
 Fraser, John, 1908.
 Fréchette, K.C., Achille, 1910.
 French, Frank Henry, 1919.
 Friend, Benjamin Harry, 1920.
 Gardiner, John, 1907.
 Gibson, Frederick Alban, 1903.
 Gisborne, K.C., Francis Hernaman, 1915.
 Gobeil, Antoine, 1904.
 Greenwood, Thomas James, 1925.
 Grenier, Gerard, 1906.
 Griffin, M.B.E., Eugene Patrick, 1925.
 Hanson, M.Inst.C.E., Charles Rastriek, 1903.
 Harcourt, Algernon Bernard, 1912.
 Harper, Joseph Peasood, 1920.
 Harwin, Richard William, 1907.
 Hayes, Robert Edward, 1926.
 Hobbs, Henry James, 1926.
 Holliman, John William, 1912.
 Holmes, Robert West, 1918.
 Hunter, Charles Hastings, 1903.
 Inche Abdul Razak bin Haji Gani, the Dato Stia di Raja of Selangor, 1924.
 Irvine, Lieut.-Colonel Acheson Gosford, 1903.
 Isaacs, Walter Belinfante, 1925.
 Johnson, O.B.E., Edward Odium, 1911.
 Johnstone, C.M.G., Robert, 1912.
 Jones, C.M.G., Charles Jerome, 1903.
 Jones, M.V.O., Frederick James, 1927.
 Jones, James William, 1911.
 Jones, Louis Kossuth, 1906.
 Kirkpatrick, Francis, 1903.
 Laborde, C.B.E., Edward Daniel, 1903.
 Langford, Charles William, 1912.
 Langford, John, 1907.
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 Coolies, H.C. 111, 1878; Cd. 7745, 1914-15.
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 Hurricane, Report on, Cd. 6216, 1910.
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 Land Tenure, Cd. 3763, 1908.
 Lucas, Sir C., Visit of, Cd. 5100, 1910.
 Marriages, Validity, H.C. 285, 1878.
 Native Taxes and the Communal System, C-1880, 1877, Cd. 2240, 1905.
 Postal Agreement with Italy, C-5409, 1888.
 Population, Condition of, C-4434, 1884-5; C-5039, 1887; C-7679, 1895.
 Small-pox, H.C. 411, 1880.
 Surveys, Cd. 5467-21, 1911; Cd. 6007-20, 1912-13; Cd. 7050-16, 1914; Cd. 7622-19, 1914-16.
 Sydney Exhibition, Report, C-3094, 1881.
 Taxation and Communal System, Cd. 2240, 1904.
 Trade, Report of H.M. Trade Commissioner in New Zealand, Cmd. 201, 1919.
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Animals, Export to U.K., C—8084, 1896.
 Appeals to H.M. in Council, H.L. 161, 1905.
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 Chinese Immigration, C—5448, 1888.
 Company Laws, Analysis, Cd. 3589, 1907.
 Constitution—
 Financial Relations, Central and Local Govern-
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 Responsible Government, Return relating to,
 H.L. 139, 1890.
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 Samples, Accession to the Anglo-Austrian
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 Imperial Defence Act, H.C. 113, 1890; H.C.
 126, 1890-91; H.C. 95, 1892; H.C. 70, 531,
 1893-4; H.C. 34, 1895; H.C. 18, 1896; H.C.
 42, 1897.
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 Edwards, C—6188, 1890.
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 1884-5; Cd. 4325, 1908.
 Dominion Royal Commission, Reports, etc., Cd.
 7170, 7210, 1914; Cd. 8156, 1916.
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 C—7433, 1894.
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 C—4521, 1884-5.
 Industrial Property Convention, Cd. 2533, 1905.
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 H.L. 76, H.C. 198, 1893-4; Composition and
 Powers, H.C. 81, 1910.
 Legislature, Speeches in, Time Limit, H.C. 301,
 1908.
 Liquor Laws, C—6276, 1890-91.
 Loyalty Resolutions, C—8143, 1896.
 Lucas, Sir C., Visit of, Cd. 5100, 1910.
 Merchant Shipping Legislation, Corres., Cd. 2483,
 1905; Cd. 3826, 1907; Cd. 3891, 4355, 1908.
 Money Orders, Exchange with France, Cd. 5638,
 1911.
 Native Affairs, C—3382, 1882; C—3689, 1883,
 C—4413, 4492, 1884-5; H.C. 110, 1886.
 "New Zealand," H.M.S., Cruise, Cd. 7187, 1914.
 Oversea Settlement Delegation, Report, Cmd.
 2167, 1924.
 Parliamentary Electorates Act, C—7195, 1878.
 Pension, Old Age, Scheme, H.C., 159, 1908.
 Postal, Agreement with Italy, C—5409, 1888.
 Postal Rates on Letters, New Zealand and Mexico.
 Convention, Cd. 2381, 1905.
 Ditto, and French Oceania Cd., 5607,
 1912-13.
 Post, Parcel, between New Zealand and French
 Oceania, Declaration, Cd. 8442, 1917.
 Rescue Tug, Treas. Min. re Gift of, Cmd. 2352,
 1925.
 Samoa, Chinese Labour, Correspondence, Cmd.
 919, 1920.

Samoa, German, Occupation by New Zealand
 Expeditionary Force, Cd. 7972, 1914-16.
 Samoa (formerly German), Administration man-
 date, Cmd. 1203, 1921.
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 Shipping, Deferred Rebate System, Cmd. 1486,
 1921.
 Shipping, Freight Rates, Cmd. 1564, 1921.
 Shops, Hours of employment in, Cd. 4168, 1908.
 Taxation of Unimproved Land Values, Cd. 3191,
 1906; Cd. 4750, 1909.
 Tea and Coffee Consumption, Return, H.C. 351,
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 Arbitration Awards, Enforcement of, Cd. 6126,
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 British Trade, Report on, Cd. 3867, 1908.
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 91, 1925; N.P.P. 151, 1927.
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 2024, 1904.
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 Trusts, Anti-Trust Legisln. Rept., Cd. 6439, 1912.
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Arms, Supply of to Natives, C—5240, 1887.
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 Australian Colonies, C—3839, 3863, 1884;
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 Emigration to Queensland, H.C. 29, 1877.
 General Affairs, C—4273, 4684 1884-5.
 German Colonies, South Pacific, Cd. 2236-40,
 1905; Cd. 2682-4, 1906.
 German Possessions (former), Administration
 Mandate, Cmd. 1201, 1921.
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 Prince Bismarck and Dr. Busch, C—4290, 1884-5.
 Germany, Declarations with, Spheres of Influence,
 &c., C—4656, 1886.
 Gilbert and Ellice Islands, Annual Reports, Cmd.
 508-21, 1920; *A.S. 1088, 1921; 1199, 1924;
 1246, 1925.
 Hurricane of March, 1910, Report, Cd. 5216, 1910.
 Labour Traffic, H.C. 111, 1878; C—3641, 1883.
 Loyalty Islands, Expulsion of Rev. J. Jones,
 C—5581, 1888.
 Lucas, Sir C., Visit of, Cd. 5100, 1910.
 Military Operations against German Possessions,
 Cd. 7972, 7975, 1914-15.
 Natives, Reprisals on by H.M.S. "Diamond,"
 H.C. 51, 1886 (Sess. II.).
 Nauru Island—
 Administration Mandate, Cmd. 1202, 1921.
 Bill, H. of C., C'tee. Rept., H.C. 142, 1920.
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 counts, H.C. 16, 1927.
 Memorandum, Cmd. 749, 1920.
 New Britain, Report of Deputy Commissioner,
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 Orders in Council, Working of, C—3905, 1884.
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 Pitcairn Island, Visit to, *M.S. 93, 1921.
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Society Islands, C—7920, 1896; Cd. 4962-¹¹⁴, 1910; Cd. 5465-⁹⁶, 1911; Cd. 7048-²⁰¹, 1914.
 Tahiti, Islands to the Leeward of, C—5372, 1888.
 Tanna, Execution of a native of, H.C. 65, 223, 1878; H.C. 4, 1878-9.

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Administration Agreement, Notes with France, T.S. 28, 1927.
 Agreements with France, C—5256, 1888; Cd. 1952, 1904.
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 Do., Correspondence, Cd. 3288, 3525, 1907.
 Declaration and Convention with France, Exchange of Notes, Cd. 3876, 1908.
 Natives at Api, Punishment of, H.C. 355, 1881.
 Trade, Cd. 2714, 1906; Cd. 3289, 1907.
 "Windward Ho," Murder of Mate, by Natives, C—4126, 1884.

Pitcairn Island.

Condition of the Islanders, C—9148, 1899; Cd. 754, 1901; Cd. 2397, 1905.
 Removal of Islanders to Norfolk Island, Command Paper, 5th Feb., 1857 (Sess. I.); Command Papers, June, 1857 (Sess. II.), Parts I. and II. H.C. 297, 1863.
 Visit to, by High Commissioner, W. Pac., *M.S. 93, 1921.

Samoa or Navigator Islands.

Administration Mandate, Samoa, formerly German, Cmd. 1203, 1921.
 Annual Reports, Cd. 6005-¹²⁰, 1912-13; Cd. 7048-⁶³, 1914; 7620-⁷⁶, 1914-15.
 Api, Convention for Government, C—4276, 1884-5.

Chinese Labour, Correspondence, Cmd. 919, 1920.
 Conference on Affairs, Final Act C—5911, 1890.
 Convention, U.K., Germany and United States, Cd. 39, 98, 1900.
 Convention and Declaration, Great Britain and Germany, Cd. 7, 38, 1900.
 General Affairs, C—4273, 4584, 1884-5; C—5623, 1889; C—5907, 1890; C. 6973, 1893-4; C. 9506, 1899.
 Hurricane, Proceedings of H.M.S. "Calliope," C—5732, 5756, 1889.
 Occupation by Expeditionary Force from New Zealand, Cd. 7972, 1914-15.
 Settlement of Claims, Decision of King of Sweden, Cd. 1083, 1902.
 Trade of Western Samoa; Report by H.M. Trade Commissioner in New Zealand, Cmd. 200, 1919.
 Treaty of Friendship, C—2747, 1881.

Solomon Islands.

Annual Reports, Cd. 7050-¹⁸, 1914; Cd. 7622-⁸⁰, 1914-16; Cd. 8973-¹⁶, 1918; Cmd. 508-¹¹, 1920; Cmd. 1103-⁸, 1921; *A.S. 1148, 1923; *A.S. 1189, 1924; 1290, 1926; 1331, 1927.
 Convention and Declaration, Great Britain and Germany, Cd. 38, 1900.
 Natives, Punishment of, H.C. 284, 1881.
 Do., Proceedings of H.M.S. "Opal," H.C. 58, 1887.
 Woodford, Mr. C. M., Report, C—8457, 1897.

Tonga or Friendly Islands.

Annual Reports, Cd. 7622-⁸⁰, 7622-⁸¹, 1914-16; *A.S. 1237, 1925; 1291, 1926.
 Convention and Declaration, Great Britain and Germany, Cd. 7, 1900.
 Disturbances, Report by Sir C. Mitchell, C—5106, 5161, 1887.
 Trade; Report by H.M. Trade Commissioner in New Zealand, Cmd. 200, 1919.
 Treaty of Friendship with Great Britain, C—3400, 1882.
 Trial of British Subjects by Tongan Courts, C—6594, 1892.

[This Memorandum is subject to revision from time to time.]

INFORMATION AS TO COLONIAL APPOINTMENTS.

HIGH COMMISSIONERS AND AGENTS-GENERAL.

Canada—Office of High Commissioner, The Canadian Building, Trafalgar Square, S.W.1.
 Commonwealth of Australian—Office of High Commissioner, Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
 New Zealand—Office of High Commissioner, 415, Strand, W.C.2.
 Union of South Africa—Office of High Commissioner, Trafalgar Square, W.C.2.
 The Irish Free State—Office of High Commissioner, York House, 15, Regent Street, S.W.1.
 Newfoundland—Office of High Commissioner, 58, Victoria Street, S.W.1.
 Southern Rhodesia—Office of High Commissioner, Crown House, Aldwych, W.C.2.
 New South Wales—Office of Agent-General, Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
 Victoria—Office of Agent-General, Melbourne Place, Strand, W.C.2.
 Queensland—Office of Agent-General, 409 and 410, Strand, W.C.2.
 South Australia—Office of Agent-General, Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.
 Western Australia—Office of Agent-General, Savoy House, 115 and 116, Strand, W.C.2.
 Tasmania—Office of Agent-General, Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.

NOTE—With regard to professional openings in the self-governing Dominions for barristers and solicitors, chemists, doctors, police officers, surveyors, teachers (male and female), civil servants, dentists, nurses, auctioneers, and others, see the Professional Handbook, to be obtained from the Oversea Settlement Department of the Dominions Office, Caxton House, Tothill Street, S.W.1.

INTRODUCTION.

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY.

For the assistance of intending applicants this Memorandum is divided into six parts.

PART I. gives general information including a list of various appointments which are *not* made by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, with a note as to where inquiries should be addressed in each case.

PART II. gives a list of the principal classes of appointments made by the Secretary of State.

PART III. gives details of the ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES IN EAST AND WEST AFRICA.

PART IV. gives details of the POLICE FORCES IN EAST AND WEST AFRICA.

PART V. gives information as to conditions of service (allowances, leave, pensions, etc.) in East and West Africa.

PART VI. explains how application should be made.

APPENDIX I. gives a list of other Memoranda which can be had on application.

APPENDIX II. gives a list of publications which may be of use to intending applicants for appointments in East and West Africa.

NOTES.

(1) AGE LIMITS.

It should be noted that the only posts open to candidates *under the age of 21½ at the time of taking up their duties* are Police Probationerships in the Straits Settlements, Federated Malay States, Hongkong and Ceylon; and Sub-Inspectorships of Constabulary in British Guiana, Trinidad and Jamaica. Particulars of these appointments are given in Memorandum Miscellaneous No. 365, see Appendix I.

For each of these services the minimum age is 19.

Candidates for Administrative, Police, Treasury, Customs, and most of the other ordinary junior appointments in Tropical Africa must be between the ages of 21½ and 35 at the time of taking up their duties. Preference is given to candidates under the age of 30.

In the case of Police, Treasury and Customs appointments, candidates may apply not more than four months before they reach the minimum age limit for the appointment which they wish to obtain, in order that their applications may be completed in time to be considered at the earliest possible moment. Candidates for Administrative appointments may, however, apply shortly before attaining the age of 21, as, if selected, they are called upon to attend a training course of about five months' duration—See Part III.

(2) WAR SERVICE.

For the present no candidate will be considered by the Secretary of State for the Colonies for appointments at his disposal who has not—if of suitable age—served in some branch of His Majesty's Forces during the recent War, unless his reasons for not doing so are considered entirely satisfactory by the Secretary of State.

(3) APPOINTMENTS OPEN TO LADIES.

See Part I., Section 2 (p) (r), and Part II., Section 15.

The only appointments of this nature, about which inquiry should be addressed to the Private Secretary (Appointments), are those of Lady Medical Officers.

PART I.

GENERAL.

1. The appointments at the disposal of the Secretary of State for the Colonies are confined to those Colonies, Protectorates, etc., which are administered under his directions.

They may be classified generally as follows:—

(a) *Tropical Africa*, comprising—

On the east side of Africa: The Kenya Colony and Protectorate (late East Africa Protectorate), the Uganda Protectorate, the Nyasaland Protectorate, the Zanzibar Protectorate,* the Somaliland Protectorate, the Tanganyika Territory (late German East Africa), and the Northern Rhodesia Protectorate.

On the west side: Nigeria, the Gold Coast, Sierra Leone and the Gambia.

(b) *Eastern Colonies and Protectorates*, Ceylon, Hongkong, the Straits Settlements, the Malay States.(c) *The West Indian Colonies*, Jamaica, Bahamas, Barbados, Windward Islands, Leeward Islands, Trinidad, etc., etc., British Guiana and British Honduras are included under this heading.(d) *Western Pacific*.—Fiji, Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony, British Solomon Islands Protectorate.

(e) Cyprus and Gibraltar, in the Mediterranean.

(f) Various islands, e.g., Mauritius, Seychelles, Bermuda, Falkland Islands and St. Helena.

(g) Palestine and Iraq.

2. Appointments for which the Secretary of State does not select Candidates—

(a) *Self-Governing Dominions*.—Appointments in the self-governing Dominions (viz., Canada, Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa, the Irish Free State, and Newfoundland) and territories under their control, such as Papua and the Cook Islands, are entirely under the control of the local Governments, and for information with regard to them, application should be made to the High Commissioners or Agents-General in London, a list of whom, with their addresses, will be found on page 2†.(b) *Southern Rhodesia*.—Appointments are under the control of the local Government. For information regarding them application should be made to the High Commissioner, whose address is given on page 2†.(c) *Malta*.—Application should be made to the Secretary to the Head of Ministry, Malta.(d) *The Sudan*.—Application should be made to the Controller, Sudan Government Office, Wellington House, Buckingham Gate, S.W.1. Members of the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Trinity College (Dublin), London (and University College), Edinburgh, Wales and Glasgow should, however, apply through the Appointments Committee, or Board, of their University.(e) *North Borneo*.—Application should be made to the British North Borneo Company, 17, St. Helen's Place, E.C.2.(f) *Sarawak*.—Appointments are in the hands of His Highness the Rajah. Information on the subject can be obtained from the Sarawak Government Offices, 2, Millbank, S.W.1.(g) *Consular Appointments*.—Application for appointments of a Consular nature should be addressed to the Foreign Office.(h) *Trade Commissionerships*.—Applications for appointments as Trade Commissioners in the Colonies and elsewhere should be addressed to the Department of Overseas Trade Development and Intelligence, 35, Old Queen Street, S.W. 1.

* The Island of Pemba is included in the Zanzibar Protectorate.

† See page 571 of List.

- (i) *Basutoland, Swaziland and the Bechuanaland Protectorate.*—Appointments are made upon the recommendation of the Resident Commissioners, subject to the approval of the High Commissioner for South Africa and confirmation by the Secretary of State. These appointments are almost invariably filled by the selection of local candidates.
- (j) *Eastern Cadetships.*—In Ceylon, Hongkong, the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States, cadetships have been established, with a view to training officers to fill eventually the more important posts in the Civil Services of those Colonies and States, practically all the subordinate offices being filled (as in other Colonies) by the appointment of local candidates. The cadets must be natural-born British subjects; in Ceylon cadets must be either of pure European or Ceylonese descent; in the other services they must be of pure European descent; in either case they must be not less than 22 nor more than 24 years of age. *They are selected after a competitive examination by the Civil Service Commissioners, 2, Burlington Gardens, W. 1, to whom all enquiries on the subject should be addressed.* The examination is the same as that at which candidates for the Home and Indian Civil Services qualify.
- (k) *Officials for Public Works Departments* are selected on the recommendation of the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, S.W. 1, to whom all enquiries should be addressed. Appointments under this heading may be for engineers, telegraph foremen, foremen of works, etc., and appointments in connection with railways.
- (l) *Dispensers and Sanitary Inspectors* are selected, when required from this Country, on the recommendation of the Crown Agents for the Colonies, except for West Africa, for which the War Office would usually be asked to select from the R.A.M.C.
- (m) *Vacancies for N.C.O.'s. of Police and European Constables.*—For the following appointments candidates are selected, when required, by the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, S.W. 1. [In nearly all the Colonies and Protectorates the rank and file of the Police are recruited locally from the inhabitants of the country.]
 - (1) Inspectors in the Straits Settlements and Federated Malay States. Preference is given to candidates with previous civil police experience.
 - (2) European Sergeants in Ceylon. Preference is given to candidates with previous civil police experience.
 - (3) Inspectors or Assistant Inspectors in Uganda. Candidates must be unmarried, and should have experience of police work. [For information as to pay and status of N.C.O. ranks in the East African Police Forces, see Part IV.]
 - (4) Superintendents of Police in the Southern Provinces of Nigeria.
 - (5) Constables may be required from time to time to fill vacancies arising in the Police Forces in Hongkong, Kenya and Palestine.
- (n) *Gaolers and Warders.*—Where a candidate with previous experience of home prisons is required, the Home Office would be asked to recommend from the Home Prisons Service. In other cases the Crown Agents for the Colonies would select.
- (o) *Telegraph Engineers and Wireless Operators* are selected by the Crown Agents for the Colonies.
- (p) *Postal and Telegraph Clerks* (male and female) are selected, when required, from the Home Service on the recommendation of the Postmaster-General, to whom applications should be addressed.
- (q) *Candidates for Appointments of a Clerical Nature*, when required from this country, are usually selected by the Crown Agents for the Colonies.
- (r) *Lady Typists and Clerks* are generally appointed locally. No list of candidates is kept at the Colonial Office.

For any Posts mentioned in any paragraph of the above section, application should NOT be made to the Private Secretary (Appointments).

3. General information respecting the Colonial Services.

Information as to the staff of the Colonies and Protectorates, the climate and local conditions, can be obtained from the "Dominions Office and Colonial Office List," published by Messrs. Waterlow and Sons. That publication also contains the Colonial Regulations governing the Colonial Services generally, and showing the rules as to leave of absence, free passages, etc.

4. The following information applies only to the Colonies in which the Secretary of State controls the administration:—

- (a) *Public Services of the various Colonies usually distinct.*—As a general rule, each colony has its own public service distinct from that of every other colony; and it is only the higher officers who are transferred from one colony to another by the Secretary of State. There is an exception to this rule in the case of the Eastern Colonies, the services of the Straits Settlements and the Malay States being regarded as one, and the officers being liable to be transferred at any time from the Colony to the Malay States or vice versa.
- (b) *Offices below 100l. in value.*—Offices of which the emoluments do not exceed 100l. a year are invariably filled by the appointment of local candidates selected by the Governor, who has the absolute disposal of all such appointments.

- (c) *Offices from 100*l.* to 300*l.* in value.*—When a vacancy occurs in an office of which the emoluments exceed 100*l.* and do not exceed 300*l.* a year, the Governor reports it to the Secretary of State together with the name and qualifications of the person whom he has appointed to fill it provisionally, and this recommendation is almost invariably followed.
- (d) *Offices exceeding 300*l.* in value.*—When a vacancy occurs in an office of which the emoluments exceed 300*l.* a year, the Governor follows the same course as to reporting the vacancy and provisional appointment, and he is at liberty to recommend a candidate for the final appointment; but it is distinctly understood that the Secretary of State has the power of nominating another instead.
- (e) *Vacancies in the higher grades usually filled by promotion.*—Vacancies in the higher grades are usually filled by promotion; and the power of nominating another candidate will therefore very seldom be exercised in favour of persons not already in the public service.

PART II.

CLASSES OF APPOINTMENTS FOR WHICH THE SECRETARY OF STATE SELECTS CANDIDATES.

[Applications for any of the appointments mentioned in this Part should, unless otherwise stated, be addressed in writing to the Private Secretary (Appointments), Colonial Office, 2, Richmond Terrace, S.W.1. See Part VI.]

The principal classes of appointment in which vacancies are filled by the Secretary of State are as follows:—

1. ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES.†

- (a) Vacancies occur almost exclusively in East and West Africa. See Part III.
- (b) There are also a few *cadetships* in the Fiji and the Western Pacific Services. The salary is 350*l.* per annum as revised in 1927. Candidates should be between the ages of 22 and 25. They will, in the first instance, be employed on clerical duties in the Secretariat, and will be on probation for three years, during which time they must acquire a satisfactory knowledge of Fijian or Hindustani or, if serving in the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony or the British Solomon Islands Protectorate, pass an equivalent language test. Their subsequent employment, if their appointment is confirmed, will depend on the vacancies that may occur, and on the capacity they may have shown themselves to possess. Further particulars are given in Memorandum, Australian (Western Pacific) No. 209, which can be obtained on application to the Private Secretary (Appointments). Vacancies are rare.

2. EDUCATIONAL APPOINTMENTS.

- (c) A considerable number of vacancies occur annually in the Education Departments of the various Colonies and Protectorates. These posts may be head masterships or assistant masterships or may involve duties of supervision and inspection in connection with the organisation of education. The conditions and emoluments vary to a great extent, and detailed information about them is not at present available in a pamphlet.

The majority of vacancies may be expected to occur in East and West Africa. In Tropical Africa an Education Officer's work is unusually varied and involves some duties similar to those of an Administrative Officer. The general policy (*vide* Parliamentary Paper Cmd. 2374 of 1925, "Education in British Tropical Africa") is to ensure that native education should be appropriate to the mentality, aptitudes and traditions of the various peoples, conserving as far as possible all the sound elements of their social life and adapting them where necessary to changed circumstances. Educational appointments in *East Africa* are normally on the scale 400*l.* for two years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* annually to 600*l.* and by 30*l.* annually to 720*l.*; and thence by 30*l.* to 840*l.* and by 40*l.* to 920*l.* subject to efficiency bars. In *West Africa* an officer is usually appointed at a salary of 480*l.* per annum for three years; then, if confirmed in his appointment, he receives 510*l.* rising by 30*l.* annually to 720*l.* and thence by 40*l.* annually to 920*l.*

A certain number of vacancies may also be expected annually in *Malaya*. The salary of these appointments is \$400 per mensem rising by \$25 annually to \$600 (at which point there is an efficiency bar); and thence by \$25 annually to \$800 per mensem (560*l.*—35*l.*—840*l.* (bar)—35*l.*—1,120*l.* per annum). Officers who are under 26 years of age on appointment receive \$350 per mensem (£490 per annum), until, on reaching that age, they enter the \$400—\$800 scale. In addition temporary allowances of 10 per cent. of salary if single and 20 per cent. if married, are at present being paid.

Apart from the above, vacancies occur from time to time in other Colonies such as Ceylon, Mauritius and the West Indies. The salaries and conditions of these appointments vary considerably. An idea of the salary of any particular post may be obtained from the "Dominions Office and Colonial Office List," published by Messrs. Waterlow and Sons; but this information is subject to revision.

* In the cases of offices in East Africa, the same course is adopted as in the case of offices the emoluments of which exceed £300 per annum.

† Administrative appointments in the Eastern Dependencies (Ceylon, Hong-kong, the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States) are filled from the Cadet Service. See Part I, para. 2 (j).

For vacancies of the kind so far described, a Degree of a British university is almost always required. In many cases a Degree in Honours is insisted upon and in some, but not all, previous experience of teaching is demanded. Applications for these appointments should be addressed in writing to the Private Secretary (Appointments), Colonial Office, 2, Richmond Terrace, S.W.1.

In the case of elementary or technical posts, and for all appointments open to ladies, candidates are obtained, when required, through the Board of Education, or occasionally by advertisement in the press. No list of candidates for these appointments is kept at the Colonial Office, and enquiries with regard to them should be addressed to the Board of Education.

3. LEGAL APPOINTMENTS OPEN TO BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS.

Barristers are required as law officers and judges, and in some instances as registrars and magistrates. The better-paid appointments, and those in the more healthy Colonies, are almost invariably filled by the promotion of officers who have rendered good service in the same or other Colonies. Candidates for first appointments should, therefore, be prepared, as a general rule, to accept a small salary or to go to one of the less healthy Colonies. Candidates should be under the age of 40.

Offices for which solicitors are required are almost always filled by the appointment of local candidates. But there are a few appointments, such as Registrarships, for which solicitors as well as barristers are regarded as eligible.

Details with regard to legal appointments are given in a separate memorandum. *See Appendix I.*

Barristers and Solicitors if under 35 are also eligible for the administrative appointments in tropical Africa described in Part III.

4. POLICE APPOINTMENTS.*

(a) The majority of the vacancies for which the Secretary of State selects candidates are those in East and West Africa. *See Part IV.*

(b) WEST INDIAN CONSTABULARY FORCES.

(c) CEYLON AND FAR-EASTERN POLICE SERVICES.

Particulars of these services are given in a separate memorandum, Misc. No. 365 (*see Appendix 1*), which can be obtained on application to the Private Secretary (Appointments).

Candidates for Police Probationerships in Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, the Federated Malay States and Hongkong must be unmarried, and must be above 19 and under 22 years of age. Candidates for Sub-Inspectorships of Constabulary in British Guiana, Trinidad and Jamaica must be unmarried, and must be above 19 and under 26 years of age.

A certain number of vacancies for the latter are reserved for local candidates, who are selected by the Governor of the Colony, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State. Candidates resident in British Guiana, Trinidad or Jamaica should therefore make application to the Governor of the Colony in which they reside. All other candidates should apply in writing to the Private Secretary (Appointments).

(d) OTHER COLONIES OUTSIDE EAST AND WEST AFRICA.

Vacancies in other police forces are so seldom filled from this country, and the qualifications required are so diverse, that no general statement can be given.

5. COLONIAL AUDIT DEPARTMENT APPOINTMENTS.

As is more fully explained in a separate memorandum (*see Appendix I*), the accounts of certain Colonies and Protectorates are audited, on behalf of the Secretary of State, by Auditors and Assistant Auditors acting under the supervision of the Director of Colonial Audit.

The actual work of examination and inspection of accounts is conducted in the Colonies and Protectorates by Auditors, assisted, where necessary, by Assistant Auditors and by such subordinate local staff as may be required.

The higher posts are almost invariably filled by promotion, and the posts of Assistant Auditors are filled as far as possible by officers who have obtained the necessary technical training by service in the Home Civil Service or Colonial Government Departments. But in the absence of qualified officers from these sources, candidates are occasionally selected for these posts on the understanding that their definite appointment will be subject to their undergoing a period of special training in the London office of the Colonial Audit Department and to their satisfying the Director of Colonial Audit, at the end of such training, of their fitness to undertake the official duties required of them. During the period of training candidates receive an allowance at the rate of £20 a month.

As shown in the separate memorandum referred to above, the emoluments of Auditors and Assistant Auditors vary according to the Colony or Protectorate in which the officer is serving.

The majority of vacancies occur in East and West Africa. Vacancies in other Colonies and Protectorates are comparatively rare, and vacancies in West Africa are usually more numerous than in East Africa, as the staffs are larger. Preference is given to unmarried candidates, but married candidates are eligible for these appointments. Candidates not already in the Government Service should be not less than 21½ and not more than 26 years of age.

* Applications for posts in the Police Forces other than for commissioned rank should *NOT* be made to the Private Secretary (Appointments).

6. TREASURY AND CUSTOMS APPOINTMENTS.

(a) Assistant Treasurers and Customs Officers are required from time to time in the East African Dependencies.

The salary of an Assistant Treasurer in East Africa Dependencies, with the exception of Nyasaland and Northern Rhodesia, is 360*l.* a year for two years (while on probation), then 425*l.* rising by 25*l.* annually to 600*l.*, and by 30*l.* to 720*l.* The salary of a Customs Officer is similar.

In Northern Rhodesia the salary of an Assistant Accountant or Collector of Customs is 425*l.* rising by 30*l.* annually to 545*l.*, and then after three years by 20*l.*, 20*l.* and 15*l.* to 600*l.* These posts are normally filled by the promotion of Clerks, whose salaries are 300*l.* rising by 25*l.* annually to 400*l.*, and then after three years by 20*l.* to 460*l.*

In Nyasaland the salary of an Assistant Treasurer is 300*l.* a year for two years (while on probation), then 400*l.* rising by 20*l.* annually to 500*l.*, and then by 25*l.* annually to 600*l.* The salary of a Customs Officer is 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.* Officers without previous Customs experience serve for two years at 300*l.* before entering this scale.

(b) Supervisors of Customs and Assistant Treasurers for West Africa are also generally appointed from this country. Salaries are as follows: 400*l.*—415*l.*—430*l.*, then, if confirmed, 450*l.*, rising by annual increments of 30*l.* to 720*l.*, and thence by annual increments of 40*l.* to 920*l.* with efficiency bars at 600*l.*, 720*l.*, and 840*l.* Officers who have passed the 720*l.* efficiency bar receive in addition a Seniority Allowance (non-pensionable) of 6*l.* a month while on duty in the Colony.

(c) For the above classes of appointments definite experience of accounts is essential. The nature of such experience should be clearly stated by the candidate on his application form, and a testimonial or testimonials with special reference to his proficiency therein from those under whom he has worked should accompany his form of application. Previous experience of Customs work is not normally required for Supervisorships of Customs in West Africa. Where candidates with such experience are required, as for certain East African Customs appointments, or for a particular vacancy, the Home Customs Service is usually asked to recommend.

For the higher posts in these Services, *see* under the respective Dependencies in the "Dominions Office and Colonial Office List," published by Messrs. Waterlow and Sons.

7. MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Details of these are given in separate memoranda, *see* Appendix I.

8. AGRICULTURAL, FORESTRY AND VETERINARY AND OTHER SCIENTIFIC APPOINTMENTS.

A considerable number of vacancies may be expected annually in the various Colonial Agricultural and Forestry Departments, as well as a certain number for Veterinary Officers, Analytical Chemists and Geologists. Vacancies in the Agricultural Departments, may be for Botanists, Entomologists, Mycologists, Agricultural Chemists, etc., as well as for less specialized officers, such as Superintendents of Agriculture. For these posts candidates with definite scientific qualifications for the post in question are required. Further particulars regarding these appointments are given in a separate memorandum (*see* Appendix I). This memorandum also contains particulars of the Scholarships in Agriculture and Agricultural Science which the Secretary of State has at his disposal.

9. SURVEYORS.

From time to time vacancies for Surveyors are at the disposal of the Secretary of State, mainly in connection with minor trigonometrical, topographical, and cadastral work in Tropical Africa, Ceylon, and the Malay States. Details with regard to these are given in a separate memorandum. *See* Appendix I.

10. MINING APPOINTMENTS.

There are occasional vacancies for Mining Engineers in the Mines Departments of the Federated Malay States, Nigeria, the Gold Coast and Trinidad. The Private Secretary (Appointments), will send information in regard to these services on request.

11. MARINE APPOINTMENTS.

(a) *Harbour Masterships.*—There are occasional vacancies for Port Officers or Harbour Masters. The conditions of these posts vary too much for general information to be given, but the salary of any particular post can generally be found in the "Dominions Office and Colonial Office List." The better paid posts are usually filled by promotion from within the Colonial Service.

(b) *Nigerian Marine.*—Vacancies occur from time to time for Marine Officers in Nigeria (480*l.* for three years, then, if confirmed, 510*l.*, rising by annual increments of 30*l.* to 720*l.*, and thence by annual increments of 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with efficiency bars at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*). Officers who have passed the 720*l.* efficiency bar receive in addition a Seniority Allowance (non-pensionable) of 6*l.* a month while on duty in Nigeria.

The following higher posts are filled by promotion:—

Director—1,400*l.* plus 280*l.* duty allowance.

Deputy Director—1,100*l.* plus 220*l.* duty allowance.

Principal Marine Officers—960*l.* plus 96*l.* duty allowance.

(c) *Kenya and Uganda Railway Steamers*.—There are occasional vacancies for Second Officers in the Kenya and Uganda Railway Steamer Services on Lake Victoria, Lake Kioga and Lake Albert (390*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.* and by 20*l.* to 600*l.*).

The following higher posts are filled by promotion :—

Marine Superintendent—1,150*l.*
 Assistant Marine Superintendent—840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*
 Commanders—720*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*
 Chief Officers—600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*

(d) *Tanganyika Marine*.—There are at rare intervals vacancies for Officers in the Tanganyika Marine.

N. B.—For all the above appointments candidates must either (1) have held a commission in the Royal Navy or (2) hold a master's or extra-master's certificate and be an officer in the Royal Naval Reserve.

The only exception is that for (c) Royal Navy or Royal Naval Reserve qualifications, though preferred, are *not indispensable*.

Applications for the above should be made to the Private Secretary (Appointments).

(e) *Minor Appointments*.—Candidates for other marine appointments, such as marine engineering appointments and posts on colliers and dredgers in the Nigerian Marine, beach masters, and dredging masters, are usually selected by the Crown Agents for the Colonies, and application should be made to them and *NOT* to the Private Secretary (Appointments).

12. MILITARY APPOINTMENTS.

(a) Practically the only military appointments in East and West Africa under the Colonial Office are those in the West African Frontier Force and the King's African Rifles, with which the Somaliland Camel Corps is incorporated.

Candidates for the West African Frontier Force must be officers of the Regular Army, Militia, Reserve of Officers or Territorial Army, and must be more than 22 years of age and, if Lieutenants, unmarried. Officers of the Militia, Yeomanry, Reserve of Officers and Territorial Army, will *not* be accepted if Officers of the Regular Army are available, which is the case at present. Candidates for the King's African Rifles must, save in exceptional circumstances, be officers of the Regular Army. Candidates are selected only after a personal interview at the Colonial Office, and should take an opportunity of calling to see the *Staff Officer, West African Frontier Force, or the Staff Officer, King's African Rifles, Colonial Office, Downing Street, S.W. 1*. The final selection rests with the Army Council. Information as regards West African Frontier Force and King's African Rifles vacancies may be obtained on application to the Under-Secretary of State, Colonial Office, Downing Street, S.W. 1.

(b) Candidates for appointment to the 'Iraq Levies and the Trans-Jordan Frontier Force, who should be serving Regular Army Officers, must be more than 22 years of age. Where possible preference will be given to unmarried officers. Married officers will not be selected if suitable unmarried officers are available. Candidates are selected by the Army Council, subject to the concurrence of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and are required to present themselves for a personal interview at the Colonial Office prior to their final selection.

13. IMMIGRATION APPOINTMENTS.

Persons possessing a competent knowledge of one or more Indian languages may have their names noted for consideration when vacancies occur in the Immigration Department of any of the colonies which provide facilities for the immigration of natives of India. But these appointments are few in number, and vacancies consequently do not often occur.

14. ECCLESIASTICAL APPOINTMENTS.

There is very little ecclesiastical patronage now remaining in the hands of the Secretary of State. If a post falls vacant which the Secretary of State has to fill, a candidate is selected in some special manner, with particular reference to the requirements and circumstances of the office. *No list of candidates is kept.*

15. APPOINTMENTS OPEN TO LADIES.

A considerable number of nurses is required for service under the Colonial Governments. In selecting candidates, the Secretary of State is guided by the recommendations of the Committee of the Overseas Nursing Association, which has been formed with the express object of providing the colonies with trained nurses, for private as well as Government employment. All applications should be addressed to the Secretary, Overseas Nursing Association, Imperial Institute, S.W.7. There are practically no other appointments in the Secretary of State's gift which are open to ladies, except occasional vacancies for Lady Medical Officers, and for Lady Postal Clerks and Telegraphists in Kenya and Uganda. The latter are selected from the Home Service.

16. APPOINTMENTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

The Palestine Civil Service is now organised on lines similar to those of an ordinary Colonial Service. Vacancies in the junior ranks of the various departments may occasionally occur, but the majority of such appointments are held by Palestinians.

The 'Iraq Government Service is almost exclusively staffed by 'Iraqis. British Officers are, however, attached, generally as advisers or inspectors, to certain departments. Vacancies in posts of this nature may occasionally occur, appointments being made by the King of 'Iraq with the concurrence, and in most cases on the recommendation, of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

PART III.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES OF EAST AND WEST AFRICA.

1. These appointments form the bulk of appointments in the Colonial Service for which the Secretary of State selects candidates, apart from those classes of appointments for which "specialist" qualifications are needed (such as Medical Officers, Forestry Officers, etc.).

Applications should be addressed in writing to the Private Secretary (Appointments), Colonial Office, 38, Old Queen Street, S.W.1.

The higher posts in these services are almost invariably filled by promotion, and applications should be confined to appointments in the junior ranks.

2. The establishments of the Administrative Services and Secretariats of the East and West African Dependencies are as follows :—

KENYA COLONY AND PROTECTORATE.

Administration.

- 1 Chief Native Commissioner, 1,450*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Deputy Chief Native Commissioner, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 4 Senior Commissioners (1st Class), 1,350*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 4 Senior Commissioners (2nd Class), 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 2 Commissioners, 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 104 Administrative Officers, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

Secretariat.

- 1 Colonial Secretary, 2,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Colonial Secretary, 1,350*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Colonial Secretary (2nd Grade) 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 4 Assistant Secretaries, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

UGANDA PROTECTORATE.

Administration.

- 2 Provincial Commissioners, 1,350*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 2 Provincial Commissioners, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 2 Deputy Provincial Commissioners 1,000*l.*, quarters or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Director of Labour, 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 79 Administrative Officers, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

Secretariat.

- 1 Chief Secretary, 1,800*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Deputy Chief Secretary, 1,350*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Chief Secretary, 1,050*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 4 Assistant Secretaries, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. One Assistant Secretary draws an allowance of 25*l.* as Editor of the Official Gazette.

ZANZIBAR PROTECTORATE.

Administration.

- 1 Senior Commissioner, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 District Commissioner, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 11 Administrative Officers, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

Secretariat.

- 1 Chief Secretary, 1,600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- Assistant Chief Secretary, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- Assistant Secretaries, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

NYASALAND PROTECTORATE.

Administration.

- 4 Provincial Commissioners, 800*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 40 Administrative Officers, 300*l.* for 2 years, then 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 25*l.* to 700*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

Secretariat.

- 1 Chief Secretary, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Chief Secretary, 700*l.* by 25*l.* to 800*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Secretary, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 25*l.* to 700*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

* Efficiency Bar.

TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.

Administration.

- 11 Provincial Commissioners, 3 at 1,350*l.*, 8 at 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 3 Deputy Provincial Commissioners, 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 133 Administrative Officers, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

Secretariat.

- 1 Chief Secretary, 2,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Secretary for Native Affairs, 1,350*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Chief Secretary, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Secretary for Native Affairs, 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 7 Assistant Secretaries, 400*l.* for 2 years, then 475*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.** by 30*l.* to 720*l.** by 30*l.* to 840*l.** by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

NORTHERN RHODESIA PROTECTORATE.

Administration.

- 9 District Commissioners and Magistrates, 750*l.* by 50*l.* to 900*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 85 Assistant Magistrates, Native Commissioners, Assistant Native Commissioners, and Probationers, 325*l.* by 25*l.* to 550*l.*, then by 30*l.* to 700*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

Secretariat.

- 1 Chief Secretary, 950*l.* by 50*l.* to 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, personal allowance 200*l.*
- 1 Senior Assistant Chief Secretary, 700*l.* by 25*l.* to 800*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Junior Assistant Chief Secretary, 600*l.* by 25*l.* to 700*l.*, quarters or allowance in lieu.
- 3 Clerks, 425*l.* to 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

SOMALILAND.

Vacancies in the Administrative Service of Somaliland are rare and are normally filled either by promotion within the Protectorate by the selection of Candidates with special experience or by transfer from the Service of some other Dependency.

NIGERIA.

Administration.

- 1 Lieutenant-Governor, Southern Provinces, 2,400*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty pay, 600*l.*
- 1 Lieutenant-Governor, Northern Provinces, 2,400*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu., duty pay, 600*l.*
- 10 Senior Residents, 1,400*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty pay, 280*l.*
- 30 Residents, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty pay, 240*l.*
- 327 Administrative Officers (title varies according to seniority and actual duties performed. During the period of probation an administrative Officer is known as a Cadet); 3 Land Officers, 450*l.* for 3 years on probation, then, if confirmed, 510*l.* rising by annual increments of 30*l.* to 720*l.* and thence by annual increments of 40*l.* to 960*l.* There are efficiency bars in this scale at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. Officers who have passed the 720*l.* bar receive in addition, seniority allowance (non-pensionable) at the rate of 72*l.* per annum while on duty in Nigeria.

Secretariat.

- 1 Chief Secretary to the Government, 2,400*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty pay, 600*l.*
- 2 Secretaries (one for Northern and one for Southern Provinces), 1 Secretary for Native Affairs, 1 Deputy Chief Secretary, 1,400*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty pay, 280*l.*
- 3 Principal Assistant Secretaries, 1 Assistant Secretary for Native Affairs, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty pay, 240*l.*
- 2 Senior Assistant Secretaries, 1,050*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty pay, 210*l.*
- 29 Assistant Secretaries. Officers holding these posts receive the same salary as Administrative Officers and are interchangeable with them. The establishment for Assistant Secretaries is in addition to that for Administrative Officers, but candidates should apply for appointment in the latter capacity. A candidate selected for the Administrative Staff may be appointed to the Secretariat in the first instance.

GOLD COAST.

Administration.

- 2 Chief Commissioners, 1,600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 320*l.*
- 7 Provincial Commissioners, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance 240*l.*
- 6 Deputy Provincial Commissioners, 1,050*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 210*l.*
- 74 District and Assistant District Commissioners, 450*l.* for 3 years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.* There are efficiency bars in this scale at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. Officers who have passed the 720*l.* bar receive in addition seniority allowance (non-pensionable), at the rate of 72*l.* a year while on duty in the Gold Coast.

* Efficiency Bar.

Secretariat.

- 1 Colonial Secretary, 1,800*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 360*l.*
- 1 Secretary for Native Affairs, 1,350*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 270*l.*
- 1 Chief Assistant Colonial Secretary, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 240*l.*
- 3 Senior Assistant Colonial Secretaries, 1,050*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 210*l.*
- 5 Assistant Colonial Secretaries, 450*l.* for 3 years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.*, efficiency bars as above, quarters, or allowance in lieu, Officers who have passed the 720*l.* bar receive in addition seniority allowance (non-pensionable) at the rate of 72*l.* a year while on duty in the Gold Coast. All Assistant Colonial Secretaries receive a secretariat allowance of 120*l.* a year.

SIERRA LEONE.

Administration.

- 4 Provincial Commissioners, 1,100*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 220*l.*
- 26 District and Assistant District Commissioners, 450*l.* for 3 years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 570*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.* There are efficiency bars in this scale at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. Officers who have passed the 720*l.* bar receive in addition a seniority allowance (non-pensionable) at the rate of 72*l.* a year while on duty in Sierra Leone.

Secretariat.

- 1 Colonial Secretary, 1,400*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 280*l.*
- 1 Senior Assistant Colonial Secretary, 960*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 96*l.*
- 4 Assistant Colonial Secretaries, 450*l.* for 3 years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 960*l.* Efficiency bars as above, quarters, or allowance in lieu, Seniority allowance as for District and Assistant District Commissioners.

GAMBIA.

Administration.

- 7 Travelling Commissioners, 450*l.* for 3 years, then 510*l.*, rising to 960*l.* as above. There are efficiency bars in this scale at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. Officers who have passed the bar at 720*l.* receive in addition a seniority allowance (non-pensionable) at the rate of 72*l.* a year while on duty in the Gambia.

Secretariat.

- 1 Colonial Secretary, 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 200*l.*
- 1 Senior Assistant Colonial Secretary, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* by 40*l.* to 800*l.*, Efficiency bar at 720*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, Seniority allowance as for Travelling Commissioners.
- 1 Assistant Colonial Secretary, 450*l.* for 3 years, then 510*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.* Efficiency bar at 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

3. In addition to these salaries quarters are provided free of rent, or an allowance is given in lieu. Free first-class passages are provided for the officers selected on proceeding to take up their appointments and when proceeding on or returning to Africa from leave.

Officers appointed to East Africa receive an allowance of 30*l.* towards the cost of outfit on first appointment, provided that their initial salary does not exceed 600*l.* Officers appointed to West Africa receive an outfit allowance of 60*l.* on first appointment, provided that their initial salary is less than 720*l.*

4. DUTIES.

The duties of an administrative officer are of a very varied character. He is the immediate agent in his district of the Government, and his responsibility extends to all departments of the Administration which have not a special representative of their own at his station. Thus, in addition to his primary functions (a) of magistrate, and (b) of political officer (*i.e.*, the officer responsible for the maintenance of satisfactory relations between the natives and the central administration), he may be called upon to take charge of a detachment of police; to perform the duties of accountant for his district; to superintend the district prisons; to supervise road construction, the clearing of waterways, or other public works. In the Northern Provinces of Nigeria, Sierra Leone and the East African Dependencies, an important part of the administrative officer's duties consists in the assessment and collection of the land revenue and hut, poll or other direct tax. Every officer is expected to do a certain amount of travelling, in the course of which he inspects the outlying portions of his district, transacts any necessary business with native chiefs, settles disputes between individuals or communities, and generally deals with all matters requiring the personal attention of a Government representative on the spot. Free transport is provided within the limitations laid down by the local regulations, or, in districts where horses are a convenient means of transport, an officer may be required to keep a horse, for the keep of which he receives an allowance.

Special arrangements exist in some parts of East Africa as regards motor transport.

5. VACANCIES.

In normal years about 100 vacancies may be expected annually. Selections of candidates to fill these vacancies are usually made during August and December.

Selected candidates are required to undergo a course of instruction covering two terms at either Oxford or Cambridge and about a month in London before taking up their appointments. The subjects comprise tropical hygiene; accounting; criminal law—evidence and procedure; tropical economic products; surveying; international law; Mohammedan law; and ethnology. Candidates receive certain allowances while undergoing instruction.

Candidates should note that the majority of vacancies occur in Nigeria, the Gold Coast, Kenya, Uganda and the Tanganyika Territory.

PART IV.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE POLICE FORCES OF EAST AND WEST AFRICA.

1. These appointments form the bulk of the Police appointments in the Colonial Service for which the Secretary of State selects candidates, apart from those in the Far Eastern Colonies and West Indies (*see* Part II).

Applications for Commissioned appointments and for Assistant Inspectorships of Police in the Tanganyika Territory should be addressed in writing to the Private Secretary (Appointments), Colonial Office, 38, Old Queen Street, S.W.1.

Applications for Non-Commissioned appointments in Kenya and Uganda, should be addressed to the Crown Agents for the Colonies (*See* page 7 † para. 2 (m).)

The higher posts in all these services are almost invariably filled by promotion, and applications should be confined to appointment in the junior commissioned ranks.

Candidates for the Northern Rhodesian Police, should have previous military experience.

2. The following details of the establishments of police forces are given for the convenience of intending applicants:—

KENYA COLONY AND PROTECTORATE POLICE.

- 1 Commissioner, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Commissioner, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 10 Superintendents, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 12 Assistant Superintendents and Cadets,* 360*l.* for 2 years on probation, and then 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Quartermaster, 500*l.* by 20*l.* to 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

NYASALAND PROTECTORATE POLICE.

- 1 Chief Commissioner and Chief Inspector of Prisons, 800*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Controller, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 2 Superintendents, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 700*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 10 Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents and Cadets,† 300*l.* for 2½ years on probation, and then 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

TANGANYIKA TERRITORY POLICE.

- 1 Commissioner, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Commissioner, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 5 District Superintendents, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 10 Assistant District Superintendents, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*,‡ quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Pay and Quartermaster, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- * 12 Inspectors, 372*l.* by 18*l.* to 480*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, uniform allowance of 10*l.* a year.
- † 29 Assistant Inspectors, 300*l.* by 18*l.* to 372*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, uniform allowance of 10*l.* a year.

UGANDA PROTECTORATE POLICE.

- 1 Commissioner, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Commissioner, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 7 Superintendents, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- ‡ Assistant Superintendents and Cadets,* 360*l.* for 2 years on probation, and then 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Quartermaster, 600*l.* by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE POLICE.

- 1 Commandant, 700*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Assistant Commandant, 500*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 1 Pay and Quartermaster, 400*l.* by 20*l.* to 500*l.*, quarters or allowance in lieu.

ZANZIBAR PROTECTORATE POLICE.

- Commandant, 1,100*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- Assistant Commandant, 840*l.* by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
- 4 Superintendents and Cadets,* 360*l.* for 2 years on probation, and then 425*l.* by 25*l.* to 600*l.*, and by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, subject to an efficiency bar at 600*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

* See page 575 of List.

† Cadets with previous police experience may, if recommended, be placed on the scale £235 to £280 before completing 2 years on probation, provided that they pass the necessary tests.

‡ Cadets with previous police experience may, if recommended, be placed on the scale 400*l.* to 500*l.* before completing 2 years on probation, provided that they pass the necessary tests.

§ Not definitely settled.

¶ In the Tanganyika Territory appointments to commissioned rank are made by promotion from the non-commissioned ranks, and first appointments are made to the post of Assistant Inspector only.

|| The Force is being reorganised, and the number of Assistant Superintendents and Cadets is not at present certain.

NORTHERN RHODESIA POLICE.

- Commandant, 850*l.*, by 50*l.* to 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
 Second in Command, 750*l.* by 25*l.* to 850*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
 Adjutant, 530*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
 4 Captains (Military Company), 550*l.*, to 675*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
 1 Officer in Charge (Town and District Police) 550*l.* to 675*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu.
 8 Lieutenants and Second Lieutenants (Military Company), 410*l.* to 530*l.* (Second Lieutenants, 385*l.*), quarters, or allowance in lieu.
 1 Lieutenant (Town and District Police), 410*l.* to 530*l.* (Second Lieutenants 385*l.*), quarters, or allowance in lieu.
 *32 Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Constables, 250*l.*—414*l.*, and in some cases to 450*l.*, according to rank, quarters, or allowance in lieu.

NIGERIA POLICE.†

Northern Provinces.

- 1 Inspector-General, 1,000*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 200*l.*
 1 Deputy Inspector-General, 960*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 96*l.*
 23 Commissioners (with title of Assistant Commissioner up to 600*l.* bar), 400*l.*—415*l.*—430*l.*, then, if confirmed, 450*l.*, rising by annual increments of 30*l.* to 720*l.*, and thence by annual increments of 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with efficiency bars at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. Officers who have passed the 720*l.* efficiency bar receive, in addition, a seniority allowance (non-pensionable) at the rate of 72*l.* per annum while on duty in Nigeria.

Southern Provinces.

- 1 Inspector-General, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 240*l.*
 1 Deputy Inspector-General, 960*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance 96*l.*
 26 Commissioners (with title of Assistant Commissioner up to 600*l.* bar), 400*l.*—415*l.*—430*l.*, then, if confirmed, 450*l.*, rising by annual increments of 30*l.* to 720*l.*, and thence by annual increments of 40*l.* to 920*l.*, with efficiency bars at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. Officers who have passed the 720*l.* efficiency bar receive in addition seniority allowance (non-pensionable) at the rate of 72*l.* per annum while on duty in Nigeria.

GOLD COAST POLICE.

- 1 Inspector-General, 1,200*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 240*l.*
 1 Deputy Inspector-General, 960*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu, duty allowance, 96*l.*
 23 Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners, 400*l.*—415*l.*—430*l.*, then, if confirmed, 450*l.*, by 30*l.* to 720*l.*, by 40*l.* to 920*l.*, quarters, or allowance in lieu. Efficiency bars at 600*l.*, 720*l.* and 840*l.*. Officers who have passed the 720*l.* efficiency bar receive, in addition, seniority allowance (non-pensionable) at the rate of 72*l.* a year while on duty in the Colony.

In addition to these salaries quarters are provided free of rent, or an allowance is given in lieu. Free passages are provided for the officers selected on proceeding to take up their appointments and when proceeding on or returning to Africa from leave.

Officers appointed to East Africa receive an allowance of 30*l.* towards the cost of outfit on first appointment, provided that their initial salary does not exceed 600*l.* Officers appointed to Nigeria, Sierra Leone and the Gambia receive an outfit allowance of 60*l.* on first appointment, provided that their initial salary is less than 720*l.* Assistant Commissioners of Police on first appointment to the Gold Coast, receive an issue of free uniform in place of outfit allowance.

PART V.

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING APPOINTMENTS IN EAST AND WEST AFRICA.

1. AGE LIMITS.

As previously stated, candidates for Administrative, Police, Treasury, Customs and most of the other ordinary junior appointments in Tropical Africa must be between the ages of 21½ and 35. *Preference is given to candidates under the age of 30.*

2. QUARTERS.

Quarters free of rent or an allowance in lieu, are provided in the case of all the above appointments in East and West Africa.

3. DUTY ALLOWANCE.*

In East Africa there is no duty allowance, but officers acting in a higher post than their own receive acting allowances as follows:—

- (a) If the salary of the higher post is fixed, not exceeding half the difference between the officer's salary and that of the post;
- (b) If the salary of the higher post is incremental, not exceeding the difference between the officer's own salary and the minimum of the scale of salary attached to the post.

* Local Candidates are usually selected for these posts.

† Horse allowance at the rate of 2*s.* 6*d.* a day is given to officers who are required to keep a horse.

‡ This section does not apply to Northern Rhodesia.

In Kenya, Uganda, the Tanganyika Territory, and Zanzibar acting allowance is not paid to Officers acting for others who are on the same long scale.

Duty allowance in West Africa is attached to the highest appointments and the staff posts. It is drawn by the officer discharging the duties of the appointment for the time being. Officers in the "long grade," are frequently called upon to act for the substantive holders of these appointments during their temporary absence, and they then draw the duty allowance provided.

4. OUTFIT ALLOWANCE.

Officers appointed to East Africa receive an allowance of 30*l.* towards the cost of outfit on first appointment, provided that their initial salary does not exceed 600*l.* Officers appointed to West Africa,* receive an outfit allowance of 60*l.* on first appointment, provided that their initial salary is less than 720*l.*

5. PASSAGES.

East Africa.—Free passages are provided for the officer only. A married officer receives a grant towards the cost of his wife's or family's passages.

West Africa.—Free first-class passages are provided for the officer only. A married officer will in certain circumstances be granted half the cost of his wife's passage to or from West Africa.

N.B.—These regulations do not apply to N.C.O. appointments in the Police Forces.

6. LEAVE.

East Africa.—Leave of absence on full salary is granted in the normal case after a tour of residential service (varying from 20 to 30 months at the discretion of the Governor) at the rate of six days for each completed month of residence (or three days when for any reason the officer is not returning to East Africa) exclusive of the periods of the voyages to and fro.

Officers serving in certain stations in Kenya and Nyasaland are allowed five or two-and-a-half days' leave in respect of each month of service instead of six days or three days, respectively. In Northern Rhodesia the period is four or two days respectively.

In Somaliland seven or three-and-a-half days' leave are granted in respect of each month of service. The normal tour of service in Somaliland is twelve to fifteen months.

West Africa.—European officers in West Africa may be granted vacation leave on full salary not exceeding in all one week's leave in the United Kingdom for every completed calendar month of total residential service in West Africa, plus the time necessarily taken on the journey to the United Kingdom, and, if the officer is returning to West Africa for further service, the time necessarily taken on the journey from the United Kingdom to the Colony.

Vacation leave may be granted without any special grounds after 18 consecutive calendar months of residential service in West Africa. An officer will not be required to serve a tour of more than 24 consecutive calendar months' residential service except in special circumstances; and the Governor may grant vacation leave to any officer at any time after he has completed 12 consecutive calendar months' residential service. Within the above limits, the actual length of each officer's tour will be at the discretion of the Governor.

Vacation leave on full salary may also be granted to an officer if he is invalided from West Africa after less than 12 consecutive calendar months' residential service.

In addition, sick leave on full salary may be granted for any period not exceeding six calendar months, and where there is reason to believe that the officer will ultimately be fit to return to West Africa, such leave may be extended with half salary for a further period not exceeding six calendar months.

In addition to the leave mentioned above, local leave may be granted in certain cases up to 27 days in any one tour.

7. PENSIONS.

East Africa.—The grant of pensions to officers of the East African Dependencies with the exception of Northern Rhodesia, is governed by the principles of the Imperial Superannuation Acts of 1859, 1876 and 1887, i.e., pensions are calculated at the rate of 1-60th of the retiring salary† plus 15 per cent. of the initial salary of the appointment in respect of free quarters, for every year of service, two completed years of service counting as three for pension purposes. Pensions are not granted to officers who retire before the age of 50 years, or before the completion of 20 years' East African service (whichever is earlier), except on a medical certificate, and if an officer is retired on medical certificate before completing 10 years' service, a gratuity (not a pension) is granted.

There is a contributory scheme for widows' and orphans' pensions, and with a few exceptions, all European officers selected for appointment are obliged to contribute.

In Northern Rhodesia pensions are granted on a contributory basis, a deduction of 4 per cent. being made from the salaries of officers on the Fixed Establishment. There is also a Widows' Pension Scheme to which officers contribute 1 per cent. of their salaries.

West Africa.—All appointments on the regular establishment are pensionable, and an officer is at liberty to retire on attaining the age of 50 years. Earlier retirement in the event of ill-health is also provided for. Pensions are computed on the scale at 1-480th of the officer's pensionable emoluments at the time of retirement from the West African Service for every completed month of pensionable service in West Africa, or, under certain conditions, at the option of the officer a gratuity of one year's pensionable emoluments plus a pension of 4-6ths of the above rate. There is a contributory scheme for widows' and orphans' pensions, and, with a few exceptions, all European officers selected for appointment on or after the 1st of January, 1914, are obliged to contribute.

* Assistant Commissioners of Police, on first appointment to the Gold Coast, receive an issue of free uniform in lieu of outfit allowance.

† In certain circumstances an average is taken instead of the actual retiring salary.

8. CURRENCY.

In East Africa the currency in different Dependencies varies.

In Kenya, Uganda, and the Tanganyika Territory an East African shilling (equivalent to one-twentieth of a pound sterling) is the standard coin. Sterling salaries and allowances are issued locally in respect of resident service at a fixed rate of twenty shillings to the pound sterling.

In Zanzibar and Somaliland the standard coin is the Indian rupee. Sterling salaries and allowances are issued locally in respect of resident service at a fixed rate of 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

In Nyasaland and Northern Rhodesia sterling currency is in use.

When officers of any of the East African Dependencies are not in East Africa, *e.g.*, when on leave, their salaries and allowances (if any) are issued in sterling by the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

In West Africa the currency is sterling.

9. CLIMATE.

East Africa.—The climate has a better reputation than that of West Africa, but differs widely in different parts.

West Africa.—The climate is not now on the whole unhealthy for Europeans; the conditions of life having greatly improved during recent years. In particular, the prophylaxis and treatment of tropical diseases are now much better understood, and the result has been a great reduction in the death and invaliding rates. The death-rate among European officials (excluding deaths in action or from wounds or from sinking of vessels at sea), for the 20 years to 1924, has been as follows:—

Rate per 1,000.				
1905 ... 28·1	1909 ... 17·3	1913 ... 11·8	1917 ... 14·4	1921 ... 12·0
1906 ... 21·2	1910 ... 20·4	1914 ... 12·7	1918 ... 16·5	1922 ... 8·0
1907 ... 17·8	1911 ... 13·9	1915 ... 13·5	1919 ... 12·5	1923 ... 11·7
1908 ... 17·7	1912 ... 12·4	1916 ... 10·3	1920 ... 16·3	1924 ... 12·8

The salaries attached to appointments in West Africa are higher than those attached to similar appointments elsewhere, and West African service also carries with it special privileges in respect of leave of absence, which are granted on account of the climate.

Candidates should on no account apply for or accept a West African appointment in the expectation of ultimately being transferred elsewhere, as the number of opportunities for such transfer is exceedingly small. No applications for transfer can be entertained until an officer has served for five years in West Africa, and officers desiring to be transferred must be prepared to accept a reduced salary. Only a small proportion even of applicants who satisfy these conditions succeed in obtaining transfers.

10. MARRIED CANDIDATES.

East Africa.—Officers serving in East Africa, except in Somaliland, can usually be accompanied by their wives. In some parts, however, conditions are unsuitable for European women, and there is still in many places a shortage of quarters. An officer is liable to be posted at any time to a station where it is impossible or undesirable that his wife should accompany him or where married quarters are not available. Moreover, a junior officer has frequently to do a considerable amount of travelling, and it may not be possible for his wife to accompany him on his journeys.

In these circumstances every married officer appointed to East Africa is strongly advised to go out alone in the first instance, in order that he may see for himself what the local conditions are, and decide whether it is desirable that his wife should join him.

In certain of the dependencies it has been found necessary to impose definite restrictions upon newly appointed officers being accompanied by their wives. In Somaliland local conditions make it very difficult for officers to have their wives with them, and the express permission of the Governor must be obtained first in every case. In Uganda and Tanganyika also the permission of the Governor is required, and such permission will not be granted until the officer has served for at least six months. In Kenya it is considered desirable that junior officers should serve for six months before their wives join them. By the end of that time the officer should be able to decide for himself whether he can provide a suitable home for his wife. If, in spite of this advice, a selected candidate whose salary does not exceed 500*l.* a year desires his wife to accompany him on first appointment or to join him before he has completed six months' service, he should apply direct for permission to the Colonial Secretary, Nairobi. In Northern Rhodesia an officer must obtain the express permission of the Governor before he brings with him, or is joined by his wife. Save in very exceptional circumstances such permission will not be given to an officer during his first tour of service.

The above remarks with regard to officers' wives apply also to officers' children; but it will be understood that (except in Kenya) there are in East Africa no facilities for the education of European children, and that for this reason, apart from reasons of health, it is generally necessary for children of school age to be left in England.

West Africa.—If a married candidate is selected for West Africa he must obtain permission from the Governor of the Colony to which he is appointed if he wishes to take his wife with him. Permission will not be granted until the officer has gained experience of local conditions. If he has proceeded to West Africa in the first instance without his wife, he must obtain the permission of the Governor if he wishes her to join him.

PART VI.

METHOD OF APPLICATION.

1. From the foregoing information it will be seen—(a) that appointments in the higher grades are almost invariably filled by promotion from within the Colonial Service; (b) that, in the case of the junior appointments filled by the Secretary of State, the great majority of vacancies in appointments which do not require professional qualifications occur in East and West Africa. There are a few junior appointments elsewhere not requiring professional qualifications, and these are usually filled either by the appointment of local candidates or by means of a literary examination (*e.g.*, Eastern cadetships and police appointments in the Far Eastern and certain West Indian Services).

2. All applications for appointments* described in this Memorandum as being filled by selection by the Secretary of State must be addressed in writing to the Private Secretary (Appointments) to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, 2, Richmond Terrace, S.W. 1. Forms are supplied by the Private Secretary which the candidate must fill in, with full particulars regarding his career and qualifications, and the employment he desires; he must name on the form two referees who will answer from personal knowledge for his character and capacity, and he must return it to the Private Secretary (Appointments) with originals and copies of testimonials (not more than six), which should all be sent in together. He should also send his birth certificate (or a certified copy). The originals of the testimonials and the birth certificate will be inspected and returned to the candidate, and the copies retained for record in the Colonial Office. If the candidate is considered sufficiently suitable he will be informed that his name has been noted on the Secretary of State's list in connexion with a particular class of appointment, and that his name will be considered with those of other candidates as vacancies from time to time occur; but no promise can in any case be made, and no definite prospect whatever can be held out, that the Secretary of State will be in a position to offer employment to any particular candidate. If a candidate is offered an appointment, he can usually be allowed sufficient time to make preparations and to terminate the employment in which he may be engaged.

Candidates who are in residence at a British University, or who have left it within the last few years, are advised to consult the Appointments Committee or similar body (if such exists in their University), before communicating with the Private Secretary (Appointments).

Candidates who do not send testimonials will not be considered, unless they give satisfactory reasons for the absence of testimonials.

Candidates may be required to attend for an interview with the Private Secretary (Appointments); and in certain cases they may also be required to attend for interview with such expert advisers as the Secretary of State may wish to consult with regard to the class of appointment for which they are under consideration.

The selection of candidates depends on the general educational attainments, the professional or other subsequent training and experience (if any), and on the character and personal fitness of the applicants.

Candidates whom it is proposed to select for appointment are medically examined by one of the medical advisers of the Colonial Office (or, in the case of those residing in a Colony by a medical officer appointed by the Colonial Government), and no appointment will be made unless the candidate is declared to be physically fit for service in the dependency for which he has been selected.

The selection of candidates will be at the absolute discretion of the Secretary of State, and he will not be prepared to give reasons for his decision on any application.

Attempts to influence his selection through Members of Parliament or other persons who are not personally well acquainted with the applicant are useless, and will be regarded as indicating that the applicant himself does not consider his qualifications sufficiently good to justify his appointment on his own merits. They can in no case operate to the advantage of a candidate, and may seriously prejudice his chances of success.

3. It is usually impossible to foresee the occurrence of vacancies, and the Secretary of State cannot undertake to give any information as to the likelihood of a vacancy or vacancies occurring. Nor can he undertake to keep candidates or others informed of the actual occurrence of vacancies. But if and when a candidate has been noted on the list of applicants for a class of employment, his name comes up for consideration whenever a vacancy in that class occurs.

* For appointments filled by the Crown Agents for the Colonies (see especially Part I, paragraph 2), application should be made direct to the Crown Agents for the Colonies (M. Dept.), 4, Millbank, S.W. 1.

APPENDIX I.

SPECIAL INFORMATION REGARDING PARTICULAR CLASSES OF APPOINTMENT.

Particulars as to legal, military, police, medical and survey appointments, etc., and as to leave and pension in East and West Africa and the Eastern Colonies are published in separate memoranda, namely :—

- Miscellaneous No. 117. Legal Appointments.
- Miscellaneous No. 225. Survey Appointments in the Colonies and Protectorates.
- Miscellaneous No. 256. Appointments of Assistant Auditors in the Colonial Audit Department.
- Miscellaneous No. 280. Agricultural Forestry, Veterinary and other Scientific appointments.
- Miscellaneous No. 365. Police Probationers in Ceylon and Far-Eastern Colonies; Sub-Inspectors of Constabulary in British Guiana, Trinidad and Jamaica.
- Miscellaneous No. 99. Medical Appointments in the Colonies (except West Africa).
- African (West) No. 678. West African Medical Staff.
- African (East) No. 1105. East African Medical Service.
- Eastern No. 67. Malayan Cadetships.
- Eastern No. 68. Ceylon Cadetships.
- Eastern No. 74. Rules as to Leave, Pension, &c., in Ceylon.
- Eastern No. 118. Hongkong Cadetships.
- Eastern No. 121. Rules as to Leave, Pension, &c., in Hong Kong.
- Eastern No. 123. Rules as to Leave, Pension, etc., in Straits Settlements and Federated Malay States.
- Eastern No. 127. Ceylon Irrigation Department. Regulations as to appointment of Irrigation Engineers.
- African No. 973. Regulations for the employment of Officers in Kenya, the Uganda, Nyaland, Zanzibar and Somaliland Protectorates, the Tanganyika Territory and Northern Rhodesia.
- African No. 839. Pensions and Gratuities (East Africa).
- African (East) No. 1082. Widows' and Orphans' Pension Scheme (East Africa).
- African (West) No. 748. West African Pensions Laws.
- African (West) No. 759. West African Colonies and Protectorates. General Conditions of Service for Civil Servants.
- African (West) No. 997. Pension Scheme for Widows and Orphans of European Officers serving in the West African Colonies and Protectorates.
- Australian (Western Pacific) No. 158. Appointment of Government Medical Officers for Fiji and the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony and the British Solomon Islands Protectorate.
- Australian (Western Pacific) No. 209. Fiji and Western Pacific Cadetships.

Any of these pamphlets can be obtained from the Private Secretary (Appointments) on application.

APPENDIX II.

PUBLICATIONS.

The following works contain recent information regarding conditions in Tropical Africa and Fiji, and may be of interest to candidates :—

Regulations for His Majesty's Colonial Service. Published by H.M. Stationery Office. (Under revision.)

Hints on Equipment and Health for intending residents in the Tropics. By Dr. J. Balfour Kirk. Bailliere, Tindall & Cox, 1926. (3s. 6d.)

The Vegetation and Soils of Africa. By H. L. Shantz and C. F. Marbut. American Geographical Society, New York. 1923. (\$5.00).

The Golden Stool; some aspects of the conflicts of cultures in modern Africa. By Rev. Edwin W. Smith. Holborn Publishing House, 1926 (5s.).

General Information for intending Settlers. Memoranda issued by the Overseas Settlement Department of the Dominions Office, Caxton House, Tothill Street, S.W.1.

The Agricultural and Forest Products of British West Africa, by G. C. Dudgeon. John Murray, 1911 (6s. net).

Alone in West Africa, by Mary Gaunt. T. Werner Laurie, 1912 (15s. net).

Lucas's Historical Geography of the British Colonies, Vol. 3, West Africa. 3rd edition, revised by A. B. Keith, D.C.L., Clarendon Press (8s. 6d.).

Health Preservation in West Africa, by J. C. Ryan, late Medical Officer, West African Medical Staff. Bale, Sons and Danielsson, 1914 (5s. net).

- West African Directory and Year Book, 1920-21**, published by the Africa and Orient Review, 158, Fleet Street, E.C.2.
- Red Book of West Africa**, published by W. H. and L. Collingridge, 148 & 149, Aldersgate Street, E.C.1, 1920.
- The West African Pocket Book: a Guide for newly-appointed Government Officers.** Waterlow and Sons, 1924 (2s.). (Copies supplied free to officers on appointment to the Gambia and the Gold Coast).
- Coast and Bush Life in West Africa**, by "Coaster." Gay and Hancock, 1924 (2s. 6d.).
- A History of the Gold Coast and Ashanti**, by W. W. Claridge. Two volumes. Murray, 1915 (40s. net).
- Gold Coast: Handbook** prepared under the direction of the Historical Section, Foreign Office. H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (1s. 6d. net).
- A Vanished Dynasty (Ashanti)**, by Sir F. Fuller, K.B.E., C.M.G. (late Commissioner of Ashanti). Murray, 1921 (16s. net).
- A History of the Akan peoples of the Gold Coast.** By Rev. W. T. Balmer. Atlantic Press, 1925 (3s. 6d.).
- Natives of the Northern Territories of the Gold Coast**, by A. W. Cardinall. George Routledge & Sons, Ltd., 1921 (12s. 6d. net).
- The Gold Coast Handbook, 1924 (7s. 6d. net)**; on sale at the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, S.W.1.
- The Native States of the Gold Coast: History and Constitution.** I. Peki, by C. W. Welman. Crown Agents for the Colonies, 1925.
- The Gold Coast Review.** Crown Agents for the Colonies, 1925. (5s. each issue).
- A Transformed Colony: Sierra Leone**, by T. J. Alldridge (late of the Sierra Leone Service). Seeley & Co., 1910 (16s. net). *Out of Print.*
- An Introduction to the Geography of Sierra Leone**, by Harold Michell. Freetown, 1918. On sale at the Crown Agents for the Colonies (1s. 4d. net).
- Sierra Leone. Handbook** prepared under the direction of the Historical Section, Foreign Office, H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (1s. 6d. net).
- The Handbook of Sierra Leone**, by T. N. Goddard, M.B.E. Grant Richards, 1925 (10s. 6d.) (A Copy is supplied free to officers on first appointment).
- Sierra Leone Studies.** (Published in Sierra Leone).
- A Bibliography of Sierra Leone**, by H. C. Luke. Oxford University Press, 1925 (8s. 6d.).
- The Gambia, its history, ancient and modern**, by H. F. Reeve. Smith, Elder & Co., 1912 (10s. 6d. net).
- Gambia. Handbook** prepared under the direction of the Historical Section, Foreign Office. H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (1s. net).
- The Making of Northern Nigeria**, by Captain C. W. J. Orr, R.A. (late of the Northern Nigeria Service). Macmillan & Co., 1911 (8s. 6d. net).
- The Tailed Head-Hunters of Northern Nigeria**, by Major A. J. N. Tremearne. Seeley & Co., 1912 (16s. net).
- The Peoples of Southern Nigeria: a sketch of their history, ethnology and languages, with an abstract of the 1921 census.** By P. Amaury Talbot. (4 volumes). Oxford University Press, 1926 (3s. 10s.).
- In the Shadow of the Bush (Southern Nigeria)**, by P. A. Talbot. W. Heinemann, 1912 (18s. net).
- Through unknown Nigeria**, by John R. Raphael. T. W. Laurie, 1914 (15s. net).
- Native Races and their Rulers: Sketches and Studies of Official Life and Administration in Nigeria**, by C. E. Temple, C.M.G., Way & Co., Ltd., 1918 (5s. 6d.).
- Notes on Tribes, Provinces, Emirates and States of the Northern Provinces of Nigeria**, by O. Temple, Capetown, 1919.
- Nigeria. Northern Provinces Gazetteers:** (1) Bauchi, compiled by the late F. B. Gall, 1920 (3s. net); (2) Ilorin, compiled by K. V. Elphinstone, 1921 (5s. 6d. net); (3) Kano, compiled by W. F. Gowers, C.M.G., 1921 (6s. 6d. net); (4) Kontagora, compiled by E. C. Duff, 1920 (4s. 6d. net); (5) Nassarawa, 1920 (2s. net); (6) Nupe, compiled by E. G. M. Dupigny, 1920 (5s. 6d. net); (7) Sokoto, compiled by E. J. Arnett, 1920 (4s. net); (8) Zaria, compiled by E. J. Arnett, 1920 (3s. net); (9) Muri, edited by J. M. Freemantle, 1922 (4s. 6d.); on sale at the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, S.W.1.
- Among the Iboes of Nigeria**, by G. T. Baaden. Seeley, Service & Co., Ltd., 1921 (25s. net).
- Up against it in Nigeria**, by Langa Langa. Allen & Unwin, 1922 (18s. net).
- Life in Southern Nigeria**, by P. Amaury Talbot. Macmillan, 1923 (21s.).
- The Nigerian Handbook, 1925.** Crown Agents for the Colonies (7s. 6d.). (Copies supplied free to officers on first appointment.)
- Nigerian Days**, by A. C. G. Haastings Lane, 1925 (12s. 6d.).
- The Northern Tribes of Nigeria**, by C. K. Meek. Two volumes. Oxford University Press, 1925 (36s.).
- Through British Cameroons**, by F. W. H. Migeod. Heath, Cranton, 1925 (25s.).
- A Naturalist in East Africa.** By Dr. G. D. Hale Carpenter. Oxford University Press, 1925 (15s.).
- Pamphlets on Kenya, Uganda and Nyasaland**, by the Oversea Settlement Department of the Dominions Office, Caxton House, Tothill Street, S.W.1 (6d.).
- The Land of Zinj: being an account of British East Africa**, by Capt. C. H. Stigand. Constable, 1913 (15s. net).
- By the Waters of Africa, British East Africa, Uganda, and the Great Lakes**, by M. Lorimer. 1917. Robert Scott, Paternoster Row (10s. 6d. net).
- Farming and Planting in British East Africa**, by T. J. O'Shea. 1917. Newland, Tarlton & Co., Ltd. Profit and Sport in British East Africa, by Lord Cranworth. Macmillan and Co., Ltd., 1919 (21s. net).

Kenya, Uganda and Zanzibar. Handbook prepared under the direction of the Historical Section, Foreign Office. H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (2s. 6d. net).

Kenya. Handbook prepared by the Geographical Section of the Naval Intelligence Division, Naval Staff, Admiralty. H.M. Stationery Office, 1921 (7s. 6d. net).

Twenty-five years in East Africa, by John Roscoe. Camb. Univ. Press, 1921 (25s. net).

Notes for Officers appointed to Kenya and Uganda. Waterlow & Sons, 1921. (Copies supplied free to officers on appointment.)

Equatoria: The Lado Enclave, by Major C. H. Stigand. Constable 1923 (21s.).

Kenya: Its Industries, Trade, Sport and Climate. Kenya Empire Exhibition Council, 1924.

The Vanishing Tribes of Kenya, by Major G. St. J. Orde Brown. Seeley, Service & Co., 1925 (21s.).

The East African Red Book, 1925-26. Handbook and Directory for Kenya Colony and Protectorate, Uganda Protectorate, Tanganyika Territory and Zanzibar. East African Standard, Ltd., Nairobi, 1925.

German East Africa, by A. F. Calvert. T. Werner Laurie, Ltd., 1917 (6s. net).

The Tanganyika Territory, by F. S. Joelson. T. Fisher Unwin, Ltd., 1920 (21s. net).

Tanganyika. Handbook prepared under the direction of the Historical Section, Foreign Office. H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (2s. 6d. net).

Tanganyika. Handbook prepared by the Geographical Section of the Naval Intelligence Division, Naval Staff, Admiralty. H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (7s. 6d. net).

Notes for Officers appointed to Tanganyika Territory. Waterlow & Sons, 1920. (Copies supplied free to officers on appointment.)

Kilimanjaro and its People, by the Hon. C. Dundas. Witherby, 1924 (12s. 6d.).

Beneath African Glaciers, by Anne Dundas. Witherby, 1924 (12s. 6d.).

The Handbook of Uganda, compiled by H. R. Wallis, C.M.G., Chief Secretary to the Government. Published for the Government by the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, S.W.1, 1920 (7s. 6d. net).

Planting in Uganda, by E. Brown and H. H. Hunter. Longmans, Green & Co., 1913 (10s. 6d. net).

Uganda. Handbook prepared by the Geographical Section of the Naval Intelligence Division, Naval Staff, Admiralty. H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (7s. 6d. net).

Nyasaland for the Hunter and Settler, by D. D. Lyell. Horace Cox, "Field," Office, 1912 (6s. net).

Nyasaland. Handbook prepared under the direction of the Historical Section, Foreign Office. H.M. Stationery Office, 1920 (2s. net).

A Handbook of Nyasaland, by S. S. Murray. Crown Agents for the Colonies, 1922 (5s.).

Nyasa the Great Water: being a description of the Lake and the Life of the People, by the Ven. W. P. Johnson, 1922.

The High Grass Trail, by Frank Savile. Witherby, 1924 (15s.).

The Making of Rhodesia. By Hugh Marshall Hole. Macmillan & Co., 1926 (18s.).

Northern Rhodesia. The Ilka speaking Peoples of Northern Rhodesia, by the Rev. E. W. Smith and Capt. A. M. Dale. Two volumes. Macmillan, 1920 (50s.).

A Handbook of Northern Rhodesia, by J. C. C. Coxhead, Government Printer, Livingstone, 1922 (2s. 6d.).

A Handbook of Zanzibar, published by the Zanzibar Government, 1912 (8 annas). Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, S.W.1.

Pemba, the Spice Island of Zanzibar, by Capt. J. E. Craster, R.E. T. Fisher Unwin, 1913 (12s. 6d. net). *Out of Print.*

Zanzibar: The Island Metropolis of Eastern Africa, by Major F. B. Pearce, C.M.G. T. Fisher Unwin, 1920 (30s. net).

Zanzibar. An account of its People, Industries and History. Zanzibar Exhibition Committee, 1924.

Fiji.

A Winter Holiday in Fiji, by Robert Brummitt, M.R.C.S. 1914. Epworth Press. *Out of Print.*

Colony of Fiji. Land and Products. Suva, 1917.

Fiji—Its Problems and Resources, by Major W. A. Chapple. 1921. Whitcombe & Tombs, Ltd. (5s. net).

Hill Tribes of Fiji, by A. B. Brewster, 1922. Seeley, Service & Co., Ltd.

The Colony of Fiji, 1874-1924. Suva, 1924.

Note.—Any of the publications mentioned in Appendix II can be consulted at the Colonial Office Library.

EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN ABBREVIATIONS.

Accts.—Accounts.
 Acctnt.—Accountant.
 Admstd.—Administered.
 Admstn.—Administration.
 Admstr.—Administrator.
 Admy.—Admiralty.
 Advoc.—Advocate.
 Ag.—Acting.
 Agt.—Agent.
 A.D.C.—Aide-de-Camp.
 Apptd.—Appointed.
 Apptmt.—Appointment.
 Arbitn.—Arbitration.
 Arbitr.—Arbitrator.
 Assem.—Assembly.
 Assoc.—Association.
 Asst.—Assistant.

B.—Born.
 Batt.—Battalion.
 Bd.—Board.
 Bndry.—Boundary.
 B.N.A.—British North America.
 B.S.A.Co.—British South Africa Company.
 B.S.A.P.—British South Africa Police.

C.A.—Crown Agents.
 C. and A.G.—Comptroller and Auditor-General.
 C.B.—Companion of the Order of the Bath.
 C.B.E.—Commander of the Order of the British Empire.
 Cent.—Central.
 Certif.—Certificated.
 Ch.B.— } Medical Degrees.
 Ch.M.— }
 Chmn.—Chairman.
 C.I.E.—Companion of the Indian Empire.
 Civ. Ser.—Civil Service.
 Clk.—Clerk.
 C.M.G.—Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.
 C.M.P.—Cape Mounted Police
 C.M.S.—Church Missionary Society.

C.O.—Colonial Office.
 C. of A.—Commonwealth of Australia.
 C. of G.H.—Cape of Good Hope.
 Col.—Colony.
 Coll.—College.
 Collr.—Collector.
 Comdr.—Commander.
 Comdt.—Commandant.
 Compet. exam.—Competitive examination.
 Competn.—Competition.
 Comsn.—Commission.
 Comsnr.—Commissioner
 Comsry.—Commissary.
 Comtee.—Committee.
 Confce.—Conference.
 Constaby.—Constabulary
 Contrlr.—Controller.
 Corrpndg.—Corresponding.
 Coun.—Council.
 C.S.A.R.—Central South African Railways.
 C.S.I.—Companion of the Order of the Star of India.
 C.V.O.—Commander of the Victorian Order.
 Ct.—Court.

D.A.A.G.—Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
 D.A.Q.M.G.—Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.
 Deleg.—Delegate.
 Dep.—Deputy.
 Dept.—Department.
 Dir.—Director.
 Dist.—District.
 D.O.T.—Department of Overseas Trade.
 D.P.W.—Director of Public Works.
 D.S.O.—Distinguished Service Order.

E.A.P.—East Africa Protectorate.
 Ed.—Educated.
 Educn.—Education.
 Emigrn.—Emigration.

Emigrts.—Emigrants.
 Engnr.—Engineer.
 Estabmt.—Establishment.
 Exam.—Examination.
 Examr.—Examiner.
 Exec.—Executive.
 Exhibn.—Exhibition.
 Expedn.—Expedition.
 F.A.M.P.—Frontier Armed and Mounted Police.
 F.C.H.—Fellow of Cooper's Hill College.
 Fed. Coun.—Federal Council.
 F.L.H.—Frontier Light Horse.
 F.M.S.—Federated Malay States.
 F.O.—Foreign Office.

G.B.E.—Grand Cross of the Order of the British Empire.
 G.C.B.—Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath.
 G.C.C.—Gold Coast Constabulary.
 G. Coast.—Gold Coast.
 G. C. I. E.—Grand Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire.
 G.C.M.G.—Grand Cross of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.
 G.C.S.I.—Grand Commander of the Order of the Star of India.
 G.C.V.O.—Grand Cross of the Victorian Order.
 G.E.—General Election.
 G.O.C.—General Officer Commanding.
 Govt.—Government.
 Gram. Schl.—Grammar School.

Harbmr.—Harbourmaster.
 Headqrs.—Headquarters.
 H. of A.—House of Assembly.
 H. of R.—House of Representatives.
 Hosp.—Hospital.

- I.C.C.**—Inter-Colonial Council.
Imigrts.—Immigrants.
Imigrn.—Immigration.
Impl.—Imperial.
Ind.—India.
Inf.—Inferior.
In. rev.—Inland revenue.
Inspr.—Inspector.
Institn.—Institution.
Instr.—Instruction.
Internat.—International.
Interp.—Interpreter.
I.S.O.—Imperial Service Order.
I.Y.—Imperial Yeomanry.
- K.B.E.**—Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire.
K.C.B.—Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath.
K.C.I.E.—Knight Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire.
K.C.M.G.—Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.
K.C.S.I.—Knight Commander of the Star of India.
K.C.V.O.—Knight Commander of the Victorian Order.
K.G.—Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter
Knt., Knt. Bach., or K.B.—Knight Bachelor.
- Legis. Assem.**—Legislative Assembly.
Librn.—Librarian.
Mag.—Magistrate.
Man.—Manager.
M.B.E.—Member of the Order of the British Empire.
M.E.C.—Member of the Executive Council.
M.H.A.—Member of the House of Assembly.
Mil. Acad.—Military Academy.
- M.I.M.E.**—Member of the Institute of Mining Engineers.
Min.—Minister.
M.L.A.—Member of the Legislative Assembly.
M.L.C.—Member of the Legislative Council.
M.V.O.—Member of the Victorian Order.
Mun. Coun.—Municipal Council.
- N.W.M.P.**—North West Mounted Police.
- O.B.E.**—Officer of the Order of the British Empire.
Offl.—Official.
Offr.—Officer.
O.F.S.—Orange Free State.
O.R.C.—Orange River Colony.
Organizn.—Organization.
- Parlmt.**—Parliament.
Parly.—Parliamentary.
P.C.—Privy Council.
P.E.I.—Prince Edward Island.
Pett. Sess.—Petty Sessions.
P.M.G.—Postmaster - General.
P.M.O.—Principal Medical Officer.
Pol. Mag.—Police Magistrate.
Postmr.—Postmaster.
Pres.—President.
Prof.—Professor.
Prot.—Protector.
Pub. Wks.—Public Works.
P.W.—Province of Walesley.
P.W.D.—Public Works Department.
- Qrtmr.**—Quartermaster.
- Rec. - Gen.**—Receiver - General.
Registr.—Registrar.
- Res.**—Resident.
Resig.—Resigned.
Resign.—Resignation.
Ret.—Retired.
Retg.—Retiring.
R.I.C.—Royal Irish Constabulary.
Rlys.—Railways.
R.M.—Resident Magistrate.
R.M.A.—Royal Marine Artillery.
R.N.R.—Royal Naval Reserve.
- Sask.**—Saskatchewan.
Schl.—School.
Sergt.—Sergeant.
Sess.—Session.
S.J.P.—Stipendiary Justice of the Peace.
S. Leone—Sierra Leone.
Solr.—Solicitor.
S. of S.—Secretary of State.
S. Sttlmts.—Straits Settlements.
Staln.—Station.
Stip.—Stipendiary.
St. M. and St. G.—St. Michael and St. George.
Sup. Ct.—Supreme Court.
Super. Ct.—Superior Court.
Supt.—Superintendent.
Surg.—Surgeon.
Survr.—Surveyor.
- Tem.**—Temple.
Transfd.—Transferred.
Treas.—Treasurer.
Treasy.—Treasury.
- U.K.**—United Kingdom.
U.S.A.—United States of America.
- V.-A.Ct.**—Vice-Admiralty Court.
- W.A.M.S.**—West African Medical Staff.
Wt. Offr.—Warrant Officer.

PART IV.

RECORD of the Public Services of Officers of the several Dominion or Colonial Governments and other persons connected with the Dominions or Colonies.

The titles of "His Excellency," "His Honour," are to save space, not inserted in the following records of services.

A Governor General is styled "His Excellency" and his wife "Her Excellency." A Governor is styled "His Excellency" while actually administering a Government and an Officer Administering a Government in the absence of a Governor General or Governor is entitled to be similarly styled.

The designation of a Lieutenant Governor in a Canadian Province is "His Honour," and this is the customary designation of a Lieutenant Governor or Administrator. But the Administrators of the several Provinces of the Union of South Africa are styled "The Honourable."

Judges of Supreme Courts in His Majesty's Self-Governing Dominions are styled "The Honourable." In Colonies, etc., they usually bear the local designation of "His Honour."

The title of "Honourable" is given for life to all Members of the King's Privy Council for Canada.

In His Majesty's Self-Governing Dominions the title of "Honourable" is borne during tenure of office by all members of Executive Councils, by all members of Legislative Councils (other than Legislative Councils of Provinces of Canada) and by the Speaker of the Lower House of the Legislatures; also by Senators of the Dominion of Canada and the Union of South Africa. It is also used locally by Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils of all Crown Colonies, etc., but not by Members of the Legislative Councils of the Presidencies of the Leeward Islands.

The following in His Majesty's Self-Governing Dominions are eligible to be recommended to retain the title of "Honourable":—Retiring Executive Councillors who have served for at least three years as Minister or one year as Prime Minister. Presidents of the Senates and Legislative Councils and Speakers of the Legislative Assemblies on quitting office after having served three years in their respective offices. Senators and Members of the Legislative Councils on retirement or resignation after a continuous service therein for not less than 10 years. Judges of Supreme Courts on retirement.

Owing to the increasing pressure on their space, the Editors have been compelled to abbreviate the records of service as much as possible, and for the same reason it is impossible to continue to publish the record of an officer's services after his retirement unless he has received the honour of Knighthood.

Officers are requested to furnish prompt information of any errors or deficiencies in the record.

Insertion or correction of records in next year's list cannot be guaranteed unless particulars are forwarded in time to reach the Editors not later than 31st December.

* Records of officers of whose death the Editors have been informed while the sheets have been going through the Press are marked with an asterisk.

ABBOTT, Wm. JACKSON.—Ch. warder of cent. pris., Antigua, 8th Mar., 1901; ch. clk., registr. off., 1903; ag. ch. keeper of pris., 1903; ag. supt. of Skerrett's sch., 1904; ag. ch. keeper of pris. and supt. of pauper cemetery, 15th July, 1904; asst. for agric. experiments, 24th Feb., 1905; city clk., supt. of water wks., etc., Antigua, 1st Apr., 1908.

ABERDEEN AND TEMAIR, 1st MARQUESS OF (creat. 1915); 7th EARL, creat. 1682; **VISC. FROMARTINE, BARON HADDO, METHILIC TARBES, and KELLIE, 1682; Bart., 1642 (Scot.); VISC. GORDON OF ABERDEEN, 1814 (U.K.),** under which title he sits in the House of Lords; K.T. (1906); P.C. (1886); G.C.M.G. (1896); G.C.V.O., **JOHN CAMPBELL HAMILTON-GORDON, 3rd son of the 5th Earl.**—B. 1847; succeeded his brother, 1870; lord-lieut. of Aberdeenshire, 1880; high comsurr. to gen.assem., Church of Scotland, 1881-6; lord-lieut. of Ireland, Feb. to Aug., 1886; gov.-gen. of Canada, 1893 to 1898; representative of Canada on Pacific Cable Board, 1899 to 1900; lord-lieut. of Ireland, 1906-1915.

ABEYWARDENE, HENRY WILKIN.—B. 1874; apptd. to cls. V. Ceylon civ. serv., Sept., 1923; extra off. asst., Kurunegala Kach., Sept., 1923.

ABRAHAM, JOHN CONRAD, M.A. (Oxon.), M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1889; ed. Keswick Schl. and Wadham Coll., Oxford; asst. res., Nyasaland, 1911; sp. serv., carrier transport, N.F.F., 1914-18; ment. in desps. three times; res., 1920; admstr. offr., 1st grade, 1923; ag. asst. ch. sec., Nov., 1926; examr., Chiyao and Chinyaja languages.

ABRAHAMS, SIDNEY SOLOMON.—B. 1885; ed. Bedford Modern Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; B.A., LL.B.; called to the bar, Middle Temp., June, 1909; Midland circuit; town mag., Zanzibar, June, 1915; crown counsel, Kenya, Nov., 1915, but did not proceed; seconded for serv. with Mesopotamia civil admstr., Jan., 1920; advoc.-gen. and registr. of companies, Baghdad, Apr., 1920; pres. ct. of first instance, ct. of sessions and ct. of criminal appl., Basrah, Jan., 1921; atty.-gen., Zanzibar, 30th June, 1922; editor, English Reports, annotated, 1914-15; compiled (jointly), Zanzibar law repts., 1868-1918.

ABRAMS, ARTHUR BARROW.—Fellow of Cent. Assoc. of Accts. (Incor.) England; asst. head storekeeper, P.W.D., Gold Coast, 9th Oct., 1905; head storekeeper, 26th May, 1906; off. mem. town coun., Sept.-Oct., 1906; asst. ch. clk. and acct., 12th May, 1907; ch. clk. and acct., 18th Oct., 1908.

ABRAMSON, MAJOR ALBERT, C.B.E. (1927), O.B.E.—B. 1876; warserv. with E.E.F.; O.B.E., 1918; twice ment. in desps; mil. gov., Hebron, 1918; chmn., land comsn., and dir., land dept., 1920; ch. Br. rep., Transjordan, 1921; dist. gov., southern dist., 1922; dist. comsnr., northern dist., 1925.

ACHESON, A. B.—B. 1895; ed. Dulwich Coll. and Kibble Coll., Oxford (scholar, 1913); on mil. service, Rifle Brigade and Machine Gun Corps, 1914-19; served in France, Belgium and Germany; ment. in desps., Croix-de-Guerre; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 12th Jan., 1920; asst. prin., 1st Apr., 1920; sec. to comtee. on the development of scientific training and research 19th Nov., 1920; sec. to comtee. on trade and taxation for Br. W. Africa, Oct. to Dec., 1921; priv. sec. to permanent under-sec., 3rd Oct., 1923; ag. prin., Jan., 1926.

ACLAND, FREDERICK A.—B. 1861; journalist, England, U.S.A., and Canada; apptd. sec. dept. of lab., Canada, 1907; deputy min. of lab., 1908; King's printer, 15th June, 1921.

ACTON, ROGER DAVID.—Cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1896; collr. of land rev., Perak, June, 1900; asst. sec. to res., Perak, Jan., 1903; dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, May, 1907; ag. sheriff and deputy registr., Penang, Dec., 1907; deputy registr. and asst. offl. assignee, Apr., 1908; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, Dec., 1910; promoted to Cls. III., Apr., 1911; 2nd mag., Singapore, Apr., 1911; ag. dist. judge, 1912; ag. registr., sup. ct., Penang, Oct., 1912; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, Oct., 1913; ag. audr.-gen., Feb., 1914; ag. senr. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, June, 1915; ag. censor, Penang, June, 1915; ag. solr.-gen., Oct., 1915; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Penang, Dec., 1916; ag. atty.-gen., June, 1920; dist. judge, Singapore, July, 1921; dist. judge and 1st mag., Penang, May, 1923; ag. puisne judge, Jan., 1924; ag. judge, Johore, June, 1924; ditto, Penang, Oct., 1925; judge, S.S., Jan., 1926; judge, Seremban, Mar., 1926.

ADAMS, HON. ALEXANDER SAMUEL.—B. 1861; ed., pub. schls. and Otago Univ., N.Z.; barrister and solr., 1883; crown solr., 1920; judge, N.Z. sup. ct., 1921.

ADAMS, C. H.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 18th Dec., 1908; dist. comsnr., Mar., 1917.

ADAMS, ERNEST, O.B.E. (1924), F.C.I.S. (Eng.) F.A.A. (Australia).—B. 1884; ed. Royal Orphanage, Wolverhampton; company sec. Sydney, N.S.W., 1908-1914; office of agt. gen. for N.S.W., London, 1915; liquidator of enemy firms, E.A. Prot., 1915; custodian of enemy property, occupied territory of German E. Africa, 1916 and Tanganyika territory, 1919; compt. of cust., and custodian of enemy property, Tanganyika, 18th Jan., 1923; chmn., Tanganyika trade and infrn. local advisory committee.

ADAMS, ERNEST VICTOR.—B. 1875; ed. at Cranleigh Schl. and City of London Coll.; served articles, Quan. Survrs., London, 1891-1894; passed prelim. exam. Surv. Inst., 1895; Fellow of the Registd. Corp. Acctnts. (F.C.R.A.), 1915; tech. asst., accts. br., H.M. Office of Works, London, 1894-1895; acctnt. clk., civ. engnr.-in-chfs. dept., Admiralty, in charge, corresp. br., ag. on various occasions as ch. survr., 1895-1900; transf'd. to Simon's Bay Dkyd. Extension, Cape Colony, as senr. acctnt. clk., in charge accts. and corresp., S.C.E.'s Office, 1900-1906; served as agt. in Simon's Bay Dkyd. Vol. Rifles (Boer War), 1901;

recd. coman. in Cape Gar. Artillery, Sept., 1902, prom. captain, Mar., 1905; ch. acctnt., Engnr., India, 1906-1910; asst. sec., Engnr., England, 1910-1912; acctnt. and chsr., Gold Coast Harb., Accra and Secondee, 1912-1918; rly. acctnt., in charge rly. and pub. wks. accts., Anglo-French occupnt., Togoland, 1918-1919; asst. rec.-gen., Gambia, 22nd May, 1919; senr. asst. rec.-gen., 1st Jan., 1920; contrlr., food and fuel, July to Sept., 1920; J.P. and comsnr., ct. of requests, 14th Sept., 1920; ag. rec.-gen., P.M.G., currency offr., and chmn., navigation and pilotage bd., July to Oct., 1920, and July, 1921 to Jan., 1922; mem., exec. and leg. couns., July to Oct., 1920 and Sept., 1921, to Jan., 1922; asst. acctnt., P.W.D., Gold Coast, 9th Dec., 1922.

ADAMS, G. H., A.S.A.A.—B. 1891; C.A. office, Nov., 1911; temp. acctnt., Nyasaland, July, 1915; cashier, 1915; asst. comsnr., income tax, 1921; senr. asst. treas., Apr., 1925; ag. dep. treas. in 1921, 1925 and 1927.

ADAMS, THEODORE SAMUEL.—B. 1885; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury, and All Soul's Coll., Oxford, B.A.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1903; ag. supervisor of cust., Taiping, 1910-11; asst. dist. offr., Klang, 1911; dist. offr., Kuala Langat, 1912; dist. offr., Ulu Kelantan, 1914; supdt., lands, Kelantan, 1918; ag. 1st asst. sec., 1919; ag. 1st asst. sec. to govt., 1920; ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, 1920; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, July, 1922; ag. dist. offr., Larut, Sept., 1923; ag. registr. titles, Perak, and chmn. anny. bd., Larut and Selama, Dec., 1923; dist. offr., Larut and registr. titles, Perak, Nov., 1925.

ADAMS, THOMAS, F.S.I.—B. 1871; ed. Corstorphine and Edinburgh; pres., Young Scots' Soc., 1900; sec., Garden City Assoc., 1901-1904; sec. and man., First Garden City Co., 1903-1906; town planning adviser to Marquis of Salisbury, Earl of Lytton, Sir Richard Paget, Bt., and other landowners, 1906-1909; town planning inspr., L.G.B. of England and Wales, 1909-1914; examr. in civic design, Univ. of Liverpool, 1912-1914; rep. of L.G.B. on arterial roads; Confces. of Greater London, 1913-1914; prepd. offl. repts. on housing and town planning invstgns. in U.S., Germany, Sweden, and other countries and on first town planning schemes in Britain, 1908-1918; organised cheap cottage exhibns., Letchworth, 1905, and Wolverhampton, 1908; housing and town planning adviser to Canadian Govt. since 1914; hon. mem. Instn. of Mun. and Cnty. Engns. (England); mem. of American Soc. of Mun. Improvements; pres. Town Planning Inst. of Britain, 1913-1914, and mem. of coun., 1914-1919; mem. bd. of govs., American City Planning Inst., 1915-1918; chmn., Town Planning Inst. of Canada, 1919.

Publications:—"Land Question in Scotland," 1897; "Garden Cities and Agriculture," 1903; "Housing in Town and Country," 1906; "Town Planning in Greater London," 1914; "State, City and Town Planning," 1916; "Rural Planning and Development," 1917; "Community Planning in Wartime," 1918; "Planning and Development in Oregon," 1919, and numerous papers to scientific societies.

ADAMSON, ALFRED EDWARD.—B. 1871; ed. Godolphin schl.; survr., Kenya, 1911; ditto, Zanzibar, 1922.

ADAMSON, SIR JOHN ERNEST, KT. BACH. (1924), C.M.G. (1923).—B. 1867; ed. in London; Litt.D., M.A., London Univ.; principal, Normal Coll., Pretoria, 1902; dir. of edu., Transvaal, 1905; M.L.O., Transvaal; mem. of coun. of Cape

University; dir. of educn., Transvaal Prov.; vice-chan., Univ. of S. Africa; master, Rhodes Univ. Coll., Oct., 1925.

ADDIS, WILLIAM.—B. 1901; ed. Rugby and Magdalene Coll., Cambridge; B.A. (hons.), 1923; asst. dist. comsnnr., Zanzibar, Feb., 1924.

ADDISON, D'ARCY WENTWORTH, M.V.O., I.S.O.—Ent. Tasmanian pub. serv., 1st Dec., 1887; clk. of exec. coun., 1903; sec. to premier since 1902; ch. electoral offr., 1914; mag., 1918; admstr. of charitable grants, 1914-19; sec. for neglected children's dept., 1914-19; state organiser, visit of H.R.H. Prince of Wales, 1920 and the Duke and Duchess of York, 1927; under sec. for Tasmania.

*ADDISON, JOSEPH BARTLETT, M.B.E. (1918), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.—Ed. at St. Mary's Hosp., London; asst. med. offr., Seychelles, 1907; chief med. offr., 1908; ag. priv. sec. and clk. to exec. coun. from May to Nov., 1912; mem., legis. and exec. couns., 1918; prin. civ. med. offr., Hong Kong, Feb., 1924; ag. mem., leg. coun., May, 1925 to Feb., 1926.

ADELAIDE, BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. ARTHUR NUTTER THOMAS, D.D., Cantab.—B. 1869; rector of Guisborough, Yorks., 1901-1906; bishop of Adelaide since 1906.

ADERS, WALTER MANSFIELD.—B. 1881; ed. Dulwich Coll. and Univ. Coll., London; Marburg Univ., Prussia, Ph.D. (science honours) 1902; engaged on research work, Marine Biological Assoc., Plymouth, 1903; asst. to pathologist, Egyptian govt. hosp., Cairo, and curator of pathological museum, 1905; res. offr. of rinderpest serum station, Abassia, Cairo, 1906; priv. asst. and scientific sec. to dir. of quarantine bd., Alexandria, 1907; detailed to El Tor for research work re cause of dysentery amongst pilgrims; research work with Prof. Viguier Algiers (marine biology); research work, Welcome Laboratory, Khartoum, 1909; London Schl. of Trop. Med., 1910; research work, Zanzibar, since 1911; recd. thanks of S. of S. for foreign affairs and the Order of the Brilliant Star of Zanzibar, 2nd cls., for services rendered, 1912; asst. postal censor, 1914-1916; ch. censor, 1916-1918; lent to mily. authorities for work in Dar-es-Salaam and Kilwa, 1917; economic biologist, 1st June, 1917; at request of gov. of Tanganyika Territory proceeded to Dar-es-Salaam to advise on antimalarial work, 1921; author of numerous papers and reports on scientific subjects.

AGAR, ARTHUR KIRWAN.—B. 1877; ed. at Brighton Coll., called to the bar, Grays Inn, May, 1919; temp. lieut. R.A.S.C., Oct., 1915; ag.-capt. R.A.S.C., Aug., 1916; staff capt., W.O., Feb.-Dec., 1919; dist. mag., dep. judge, ct. of summary juris., coroner, registr. of sup. ct., escheator gen., provost marshal, registr. gen., registr. of titles and legal adviser to govt. of Montserrat, 1st Oct., 1920; dist. comsnnr., Belize, Br. Hond., Nov., 1923; ag.-atty-gen., 5th Dec., 1923 to 13th Apr., 1925; res. mag., Jamaica, 12th Oct., 1925.

AHEARNE, CHRISTOPHER DOMINIC.—B. 1886; ed. Christian Schls., Cork and Trinity Coll., Dublin, scholar 1907; senr. moderator, B.A., 1909; cadet, S. Sttlmts., 1910; India, studying Tamil, 1911; asst. supt., Indian immigrants, Selangor, 1912; 1st asst. contrlr. of labr., Penang, 1913; dep. contrlr. of labr., Klang, 1914; dep. registrar, sup. ct., Penang, 1916; dist. offr., Balik Pulau, 1916; asst. supt., govt. monopolies, Spore, 1917; asst. registrar, impts. and expts. (war dept.), 1918; offr., cls. lv., Jan., 1919; asst. adviser to govt. of

Johore, Batu Pahat, 1919-21; 2nd mag., Singapore, Mar., 1923; dep. contr. lab., Kuala Lumpur, Nov., 1923; ag. dep. contr. lab., Penang, Dec., 1923 and July, 1925; ag. contr. lab., Malaya, in addn., Feb., 1925; ag. emigrn. comsnnr. for Malaya, Madras, May, 1925; ag. dep. contr. lab., Penang, July, 1925; ag. contr. lab., Malaya in addn., Feb., 1926; ag. dep. treas., Singapore, Nov., 1926.

AIKINS, SIR JAMES A. M., KNT. BACH. (1914), K.C.—B. 1851; ed. Upper Canada Coll., Univ. of Toronto; graduated in arts; called to the bar, Ontario, 1878; Manitoba 1879; Q.C., 1884; counsel for the C.P.R. Co. at Winnipeg, 1881-1911; pres. Canadian Bar Assoc., 1914-1916; lieut.-gov., Manitoba, 1917; re-apptd. for a second term, 1921.

AINSWORTH, THOMAS WILLIAM.—B. 1891; ed. Leeds Gram. Schl. and St. John's Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1913; M.A., 1918; cadet, Hong Kong civ. ser., Nov., 1914; passed cadet, June, 1917; ag. sec., sanitary bd., 1917; seconded for mil. serv., 1917; ag. dep. registrar and appraiser, sup. ct., 1919; ag. 2nd asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1919; sec. to the industrial employment of children comsnn. in addn., 1921; J.P., 1922; 2nd pol. mag. and 3rd asst. sec. for Chinese affairs, 1922; asst. col. treas. and asst. assessor of rates, 1923; ch. asst., sec. for Chinese affairs, 1925; ag. pol. mag., Kowloon, 1926; asst. sec., Chinese affairs, 1927.

AITKEN, JOHN, B.A., LL.B. (1906).—B. 1885; ed. Giggleswick Coll. and Christ's Coll., Camb.; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1909; asst. dist. offr., S. Nigeria, 1913; station mag., Nigeria, 1915; crown counsel, Gold Coast, 3rd Nov., 1920; ag. solr.-gen., Dec., 1920 to Apr., 1921, July to Sept. and Oct. to Nov., 1921 and June to July, 1922; ag. puisne judge, Sept. to Oct., 1921, and from July to Sept., 1922; judge, sup. ct., Gambia, 1925.

AITKEN, JOHN BANKS.—B. 1903; ed. Stewart's Coll., Edin. and Edin. Univ., B.Sc. (Forestry), 1925; asst. conservator, forests, Br. Honduras, Nov., 1926.

AKBAR, MAAS THAJOON.—K.C., B.A., LL.B. Cantab., Barrister-at-Law.—B. 1880; ag. crown coun., Ceylon, Aug., 1907; crown coun., June, 1909; ag. 2nd addnl. dist. judge, Colombo, and as solr.-gen. on several occasions; solr.-gen., Oct., 1924; ag. puisne just., Nov. to Dec., 1925.

AKITOYE, DANIEL.—B. 1866; ed. at Lagos Gram. Schl.; copyist to Queen's Advocate, Lagos, Aug., 1886; was fourteen years registrar of instruments affecting land; dep. registrar of births, deaths, marriages, and aliens, Jan., 1895; ag. registrar at intervals; clk. to comsnnr. of lands (now dir. of surveys), Apl., 1901.

ALBUQUERQUE, JOHN PEDROSO D', M.A., (Cantab.), F.I.C., F.C.S. (Lond.).—B. 1865; ed. City of London Schl. and St. John's Coll., Cambridge; schl. nat. science tripos, part I, 1st cls., 1887, nat. science tripos, part II, 1st cls. (chemy.), 1889; govt. prof. chemy. and agrl. science, Barbados, 1890; consulting chem., Impl. dept. of agr. for W. Indies, and chem. in charge, sugar cane experiments, 1900; ag. comsnnr., Impl., dept. of agr. for W. Indies on several occasions between 1900-1909; ag., dir., agr., Barbados, 1st Apr., 1925; dir., science and agr., Barbados, 1st Sept., 1926.

ALBURY, G. A.—B. 1865; entd. Bahamas civ. serv., 1898; Out Island comsnnr. (1st div.), 1909; sisal inspr., *pro. tem.*, Jan., 1919; ag. stip. and

circuit mag. for various periods from 1919-1923; ag. stip., circuit mag. and coroner in 1923, 1924, 1926 and 1927.

ALBURY, JOSEPH JOHNSON.—B. 1881; Out Island comsnr. (4th div.), Bahamas, 1910; 3rd. div. comsnr., Jan., 1918.

ALBURY, STANLEY VICTOR STRATHMERE.—B. 1873; tidewater, Bahamas, 1901; clk., post office, 1907; Out Island comsnr. (3rd div.), 1911; (2nd div.), 1912; supt. of hospital, 1917.

ALBURY, WILTON GRANT.—B. 1877; public school teacher, Bahamas, 1896; resigned, 1906; re-apptd., 1909; head-master, boys' central school, 1914; inspr. of schools, 1915; ag. S. and C. mag., 8th June to 5th July and from 17th July, 1925.

ALCOCK, WILLIAM D. E.—B. 1892; ed. King Edward's schol., Birmingham, and Birmingham Univ.; B.A., 1913 (1st class, two distinctions); cadet, Fiji, Jan., 1915; dist. comsnr., Savusavu, Kadavu, Colo East, Lautoka and Bua, Nov., 1915 to Jan., 1920; qual. in law, Oct., 1917; asst. polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Apr., 1920.

ALKXANDER, CHARLES SHULDHAM, M.A., Cantab.—B. 1877; cadet, F.M.S., 1900; ag. collr., land rev., Matang, Feb., 1901 to Jan., 1902; ag. asst. dist. treas., Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1902; ag. dist. treas., Telok Anson, June, 1904; ag. dist. treas., Batu Gajah, Sept., 1905 to Nov., 1906; ag. state treas., Perak, Feb., 1908; ag. asst. treas., F.M.S., Apr.-Oct., 1912 and June, 1913; ag. treas., F.M.S., June-Oct., 1914 and Nov., 1921; finan. comsnr., Johore, Oct., 1914; finan. comsnr. and aud. gen., Johore, Jan., 1919; ag. finan. adviser, F.M.S. in add., Jan.-Aug., 1924 and May, 1926; treas., F.M.S., Feb., 1924; finan. adviser and treas., F.M.S., Aug., 1926.

ALEXANDER, JOHN EDWARD—Asst. land ranger, E.A.P., Oct. 1912; lands offr., Nyasaland, 21st July, 1922.

ALLAN, KENNETH BRUCE, M.B., B.S. (Durham) Certif., London Schl. of Trop. Med. and Coll. of Med., Durham Univ.—Ed. Denstone Coll., Staffs.; med. offr., W.A.M.S., Gold Coast, May, 1911; temp. lieut., R.A.M.C., 1916-17; transf'd. as capt. on gen. list and att'd. 1st K.A.R., Nyasaland Field Force, July, 1917 to Jan., 1919; med. offr., W.A.M.S., Gambia, Mar., 1923.

ALLAN, PETER, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Edin. M.D. (1920).—Res. med. offr., Royal Victoria Hosp. for consumption, Edinburgh, 1911-12; clin. asst., med. out-patient dept., Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, 1912; asst. tuberculosis offr., boroughs of Paddington and Kensington, 1912-13; 1st med. supt., Romley Hill Sanatorium, Birmingham, 1913-1920; capt., R.A.M.C., 1917-18; med. inspr., dept. of pub. health, Union of South Africa, 1920; med. supt., tuberculosis sanatorium, Nelspoort, C.P., 1923; seconded to the S. African Inst. for Med. Research for duties in connection with tuberculosis research, 1st Apr., 1927; author of "An investigation into the increased mortality from pulmonary tuberculosis, 1914-1920."

ALLARD, JULES.—B. 1859; ed. Nicolet Coll., Quebec; lawyer; elec. to legis. assem., Quebec, 1897, 1900, 1904; apptd. to legis. coun. and min. of pub. wks., Quebec, 1905; min. of agric., 1907; min. of lands and forests, 1909-1917; re-elec. to legis. assem. at bye-election 1910 and g.e., 1912; re-called to legis. coun., 1916; prothonotary of the superior ct., Montreal, 1919.

ALLARDYCE, SIR W. L., G.C.M.G. (1927), K.C.M.G. (1916), C.M.G. (1902), Knt. of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem (1916).—B. 1861; clk. and interp. Provincial Dept., Fiji, 1879; transf'd. to Rotumah, 1882; stip. mag., July, 1882;

asst. native comsnr. and stip. mag. and inspr. native taxes, Kadavu, Jan., 1880; mem. exec. coun., Nov., 1893; native lands comsnr. and mem. legis. coun., 1894; native comsnr., 1895; asst. col. sec. and receiv. gen., Dec., 1898; deputy gov., 14-20 Feb., 1901; administrd. govt., 18th July, 1901, to 9th Sept., 1902; col. sec. and receiv. gen., 18th July, 1902; gov., Falkland Is., 1904; gov., Bahamas, 28th Dec., 1914; assumed govt. 15th June, 1915; gov., Tasmania, 1920; editor of native newspaper "Na Mata," 1890-99; author of a digest of Native Regulations, 1877-1900; attended first Fed. Conf. on Education, 1907; gov., Newfoundland, 1st Sept., 1922; assumed gov., 1st Dec. 1922.

ALLDER, WM. HOWELL.—B. 1873; 5th clk. C.S.O., Barbados, 1892; 4th do., 1898; 3rd do., 1900; 2nd cls. clk., P.O., 1904; ch. clk., do., 1906; ch. clk., audit off., 1913; acted on several occasions as clk. of the exec. coun. and comtee., as acctnt. in P.O., and as auditor-gen.; sec. to Barbados quarantine coms., 1903, to West Indian quarantine confce., 1904, and to confce. on trade relations between West Indies and Canada, 1910; sec., Barbados civ. serv. coms., 1920.

ALLEN, F. T.—Enlisted as trooper in Rhodesian field force, 1900, and served in S. African war; invalided home 1901; obtained coms. as 2nd lieut. in 5th Batt. Royal Irish Rifles, Dec., 1901, and returned to S. Africa until end of war; passed Hythe musketry and machine gun course, 1903; military course of instruction, 1906; captain, May, 1906; dist. supt. of police, Uganda Prot., July, 1907; cadet course, Royal Irish Constabulary, 1907; supt. of police, Uganda, 1911.

ALLEN, H.—Tempty. asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Apl., 1919; asst. treas., Uganda, Aug., 1920.

ALLEN, H. T.—B. 1879; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to the C.O. Mar., 1898; conf. clk., Dec., 1907; also clk. to concessions and finance comtees., Sept., 1910 to June, 1916; promoted, under order-in-council of 1910, 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 16th June, 1916; asst. sec. to trade relations comtee., Aug., 1917; sec., Dependencies of Falkland Islands comtee., Jan., 1918; sec., raw materials board, Dec., 1918; asst. priv. sec. to sec. of state (Lord Milner), 1st Jan., 1920; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

ALLEN, HON. SIR JAMES, G.C.M.G. (1926), K.C.B. (1917), M.A., Camb.—B. 1855; entd. New Zealand Parliamt., 1887; lieut.-col. in command Otago Div., New Zealand Garrison Art., 1902; min. of defence, 1912; min. of finance, min. of stamp duties and min. of educa., 1912-15; min. of finance and min. of external affairs, 1919-20; high comsnr. in England, 1920-26; M.L.C., 1927.

ALLEN, LEONARD GILBERT.—B. 1901; entered C.O., 1917; apptd., after exam., asst. clk., 23rd Apr., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

ALLEN, LUCIEN ARTHUR.—B. 1888; ed. Merchant Taylors' Schl. and St. John's Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1910; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1912; ag. asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Dec., 1913; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Tapah, Feb., 1915; ag. sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, Apr., 1915 to Sept., 1918; passed cadet, June, 1915; asst. dist. offr., Kuantan, Sept., 1918 to Aug., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, June, 1920; Brit. res., Brunei, Mar., 1921; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, Jan., 1924; ag. ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, Mar., 1924; dep. pub. proe., Negri Sembilan and Pahang, Dec., 1924; ar. asst. audr.-gen., F.M.S.

Oct., 1925; ag. sec. to res., Selangor, Nov., 1925 and Sept., 1926; ag. off. assignee and pub. trustee, F.M.S., Sept., 1926.

ALLEN, PERCY TOTHILL.—B. 1878; ed. at Highgate Schl., Christ's Coll., Camb., (hons. class. tripos, 1899); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1902; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, Sept., 1905; ag. asst. dist. off., Matang, June, 1906; ag. dist. off., Christmas Is., Nov., 1907 and Nov., 1909; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese and supt. of prisons, Penang, Feb., 1909; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Tapah, Apr., 1909; ag. mag., Seremban, Apr., 1912; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese and munic. comsnr., Penang, Oct., 1913; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Jan. and May, 1917; ag. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Feb., 1917; ag. insp. of prisons, S.S. in add., Jan., 1918; ag. rev. aud., Sel., N. S. and Pahang, April, 1919; ag. prot. of Chinese, Selangor and Negri Sembilan, June, 1919; ag. dist. off., Ulu Selangor, Sept., 1919; ag. state treas., Selangor and asst. treas., F.M.S., Mar., 1920; ag. sec. for Chinese affairs, S. S. and temp. off. mem., leg. coun., S. S., May, 1920; ag. registr., titles, Perak and supt., convict estab., Taiping, Sept., 1922; ag. dist. off., Larut, in add., May, 1923; ag. chmn., sany. bd., Kuala Lumpur, Dec., 1923 and July, 1924; asst. audr-gen., F.M.S., Nov., 1924; sec., res., Perak, Mar., 1925; registr., companies and off. assignee, S.S. in addn., 1925; attd., Chinese sect., July, 1926; ag. sec., Chinese affrs., F.M.S., 1926; sec., ditto, Feb., 1927.

ALLEYNE, JAMES DOUGLAS, M.D. (Tuft's Univ., U.S.A.)—Ag. pol. med. off., dist. A., Barbados and visiting physician, leper asylum, 1917; asst. port health off., 1919; ag. supt., lunatic asylum, 1919; port health off., 1921; *ex officio* mem., quarantine board.

ALLIES, E. J.—B. 1891; apptd. asst. clk., Scottish Educn. Dept., 1910; apptd. after compet. exam. clk. of the 2nd divn. of the civ. serv. to National Insurance Audit Dept., 1913; on mil. serv., 1917-19; assigned to the C.O., Aug., 1919; cler. off., higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922.

ALLISON, ALFRED ERNEST.—B. 1869; ed. Christchurch Boy's High Schl.; ent. N.Z. govt. serv., 1886; comsnr., govt. life insurance dept., 1926.

ALLISON, WALTER EDWARD, A.M.Inst.T.—Mech. engrn., Br. Honduras rly., Aug. 1913; supt. and traffic man., 1914-18; seconded to German E. Africa (Tanganyika Territory), as asst. traffic man., Jan., 1919.

ALLSOP, HERBERT HENRY.—B. 1885; German East Africa campaign, 1914-16; asst. polit. off., Tanganyika Territory, Nov., 1916; 1st grade admstrv. off., 1st Aug., 1922.

ALUWIHARE, RICHARD.—B. 1895; on mil. serv., Oct., 1915; cadet, Ceylon, Oct., 1920; attd. to Jaffna kach., Oct., 1920; office asst. to dir. of agr., Feb., 1922; ag. pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, Oct., 1923; pol. mag., Pt. Pedro, Nov., 1923; ditto, Panadura, Nov., 1924; 2nd landing survr., cust., 1926.

AMBLER, LLOYD EDWARD.—B. 1894; clk., postal dept., Fiji, 1st June, 1909; 4th cls. clk., lands dept., Aug., 1913; served with 1st Batt., K.R.R.C., France, 1916-17; Indian Army Res. (comsmd., 31st Oct., 1917); Baluchistan, 1917-19; 3rd cls. clk., col. sec.'s office, 4th Nov., 1916; attd., lands dept., Fiji, 4th Sept., 1919; ag. 2nd cls. clk. and sec., mining bd., Oct., 1919-Oct., 1920; ag. sub-inspr. constab. (during Indian strike), Feb., 1920; ag. 1st cls. clk. and clk., exec.

and leg. couns., Jan. to Apr., 1921; ag. ch. clk., Sept., 1922 to Feb., 1923; ag. ch. clk. and acctnt., Oct., 1926 to Mar., 1927 and May to Sept., 1927.

AMERASINGHE, SAMSON FELIX, B.A., Cantab.—B. 1902; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., July, 1926; attd., Kalutara kach., Aug., 1926.

AMERY, LIEUT.-COL. L.C.M.S.—B. 1873; ed. at Harrow and Balliol Coll., Oxford; late Fellow of All Souls, Oxford; Ouseley Scholar of Imp. Inst. in Turkish; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1902; on editorial staff of *The Times*, 1899-1909; served during the war in Flanders, Salonika, and the Near East; on the staff of the Impl. War Coun. at Versailles, and as asst. sec. to the War Cabinet and Impl. Cabinet to Jan., 1919; under-sec. of state for the colonies, 14th Jan., 1919; acted as sec. of state during Lord Milner's absence in Egypt, Nov., 1919 to Mar., 1920; First Lord of the Admy., Oct., 1922; S. of S. for theCols., 7th Nov., 1924; capt. 14th 1st B'ham Batt., Royal Warwickshire Regt., 1914; lieut.-col. on general staff, 1917; M.P. (U) for S. Birmingham, May, 1911; ditto Sparkbrook div., Dec., 1918; edited "The Times History of the South African War"; author of "Problem of the Army," 1903; "Fundamental Fallacies of Free Trade," 1906; "The Great Question" (with J. M. Robertson, M.P.), 1909; "Union and Strength," 1912.

AMYOT, LT.-COL. JOHN A., C.M.G., M.D., D.A., D.M.S.—Sanitation, second Canadian divnl. area, 1914; O.C., san. sec., 1st Canadian divn., France, ch. adviser, san., with Canadian army in France, 1916; twice ment. in desps.; dep. min., dept. of health, Canada, 1919.

ANDERSON, C. E.—Asst. polit. off., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Nov., 1916; A.P.O., cadet, 25th Aug., 1920; confirmed in appt. as A.P.O., 1st Jan., 1921.

ANDERSON, CHARLES OSBORNE.—B. 1868; 2nd. clk. and letter carrier, P.O., Bahamas, 1888; chief clk., 1890; ag. res. just., Inagua, 1896; ag. warehouse keeper and examng. off., 1906; ag. postmr., 1907, 1909, 1910; ag. aud. of pub. acct., 1910; postmr., 1913; mem. H. of A.; M.L.C., 10th Jan., 1924.

ANDERSON, E. L. B.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Oct., 1919; pvte. sec. to ag. gov., 1925.

ANDERSON, GEORGE BARTLET.—B. 1880; ed. Gordon's Coll., Aberdeen; clk., acct.-genl.'s dept., G.P.O., London, 1896; clk., war office, Jan., 1900; 2nd cls. clk., G.P.O., Johannesburg, Dec., 1902; transf'd. to exec. and legis. councils dept.; 2nd cls. clk., June, 1903; 1st cls. clk., July, 1905; acct.'s clk. and cashier, Transvaal agt.-general's office, London, Oct., 1907; asst. acctnt., Apl., 1908; clk., P.W.D., Nyasaland, June, 1909; chief clk., secretariat, Apl., 1914; ag. asst. chief sec., Aug., 1916; on re-organisation of secretariat apptd. 2nd asst. sec., Aug., 1919; ag. 1st asst. sec., Aug., 1919; ag. ch. sec., June to Nov., 1920; admin. off., 1st grade, July, 1922; ag. 1st asst. sec. Mar. to Nov., 1922.

ANDERSON, HON. GEORGE JAMES.—B. 1860; ed. Lawrence Gram. Schl.; mem., N.Z. parlt. since 1908; chmn. labour bills comtee., five years; chmn., library comtee., eight years; min. of internal affairs, 1920-21; min. of lab., 1921; min. of mines, 1921; min. of marine, 1922.

ANDERSON, MAXWELL HENDRY.—C.B.E. (mil.) (1919); O.B.E. (1918); K.C., Aug., 1919; capt., R.N. (ret.); entered Royal Navy, 1893; ret. at own request, 1912; recd. thanks of Admy. for valuable series of magnetic observations carried out in the Pacific Ocean; instructor, R.N.

Coll., Portsmouth, 1908-10; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1909; younger brother of Trinity House, 1910; rejoined Navy on outbreak of war; employed on special services; recd. thanks of Admy. for services rendered to naval prize fund and at courts martial; specially promoted capt., Apl., 1919; govt. mem., central (unemployed) body for London, 1913 to 1919; atty.-gen., Gibraltar, 9th May, 1919; ag. chief just., and col. sec. on several occasions.

ANDERSON, ROBERT MOWBRAY.—Entd. govt. printing dept., St. Vincent, 6th Feb., 1886; chief govt. printer, July, 1894; steward, col. hosp., Aug., 1901; mem. of comtee. to inquire into admnstr. of poor relief, Aug., 1904; clk. to regiar., sup. et., and regiar. of B., M. and D. for dist. I., Nov., 1904; temp., asst. landing waiter for spec. excise duties, Nov., 1904; edited first "Illustrated Handbook of St. Vincent," 1907.

ANDERSON, R. T. H.—Asst.-supt. of police, E.A.P., 1911; supt., pol., Kenya, 1920.

ANDERSON, THOMAS EDWARD.—B. 1877; excise off., B. Honduras, Dec., 1902; 2nd grade customs and excise off., July, 1905; ag. 1st grade customs and excise off., from April, 1904; confirmed March, 1906, rlwy. acctnt., 1st Aug., 1909; on completion of rlwy. construction reverted to substantive appt., 7th Sept., 1910; ag. chief clk., etc., treasury and customs dept., 20th May to 7th Sept., 1911.

ANDERSON, THOMAS JOHN, M.A., B.Sc., (Hons. Edin.) F.Z.S., F.S.E.—Entomologist, agric. dept., Kenya, May, 1908.

ANDRÉ, WILFRED JOSEPH.—B. 1890; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1912; mag., St. Andrew, &c., Trinidad, Nov., 1923; mag., Caroni, Dec., 1924.

ANDREW, ROBERT CHARLES.—Ed. Liverpool Inst., Harper-Adams Agric. Coll., Newport, and Liverpool Univ.; B.Sc. (agric., London); National Diploma in agric.; mem. (by exam.) of Surv.'s Institn.; lecturer under the East Sussex county council, 1906 to 1910; foreign experience, 1911; asst. supt. of agric., N. Nigeria, 24th April, 1912.

ANDREWS, NORMAN FREDERICK STEWART.—B. 1902; ed. Tonbridge Schl. and Oxford; schol., Brasenose Coll., 1919; Bridgeman Prize, 1923, 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1924, B.A., 1924; cadet, adminstrn., Uganda, 1925; asst. dist. off., 1927; temp. serving in C.O., 1927-28.

ANGLIN, RT. HON. FRANCIS ALEXANDER, P.C. (1925).—B. 1865; ed. St. Mary's Coll., Montreal, and Univ. of Ottawa; called to the bar, 1888; K.C. 1902; apptd. sen. puisne judge, exchequer div., high ct. of just., Ontario, 1904; puisne judge, supreme ct. of Canada, 1909; ch. just., sup. ct., Canada, 1924; dep. of gov.-gen.

ANNETTS, HERBERT HENRY.—B. 1888; Ed. Magdalen Coll. sch., Oxford, and Worcester Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1910; asst. master, preparatory sch., Repton, 1910-1911; served in Oxfordshire educn. comtee's office, and inspr. of evening schls., Oxfordshire county council, 1911-1912; apptd. junr. supt., educn. dept., Northern Nigeria, 12th Sept., 1912; senr. supt., 1st Jan., 1913; ag. dir. educn., 4th Apr., 1920; senr. supt., 1st Jan., 1919; dep. dir., 1st Jan., 1920; ag. dir., 1920 and 1922.

ANTHONY, EDWIN AUGUSTUS.—Clk., ch. mag's office, Tembuland and Transkei, 2nd May, 1894; clk. and dept. audr. of rev., atty.-gen's office, 28th Mar., 1897; examr. of acct., July 1897; ag. ch. clk., pol. branch, 1st Mar. to 30th Apr.,

1902; ag. bookkeeper, guardian's fund, master's office, from 16th Jan., 1903; ag. 1st clk., Simons Town, 5th to 29th Sept., 1904; clk., civ. comsnnr., Cape, 30th Sept., 1904; ch. paymr's office, treasury, 1st July, 1908; regiar. of friendly societies and treasury rep., Cape Town, Sept., 1918; civ. comsnnr., Cape, Mar., 1921.

ANTHONY, PHILIP ARNOLD, C.M.G. (1918), M.I.C.E.—B. 1873; ed. at Mill Hill Schl.; served in engineering dept., G.W. Rly., 1894-1910; gen. man. and chief engrn., F.M.S. Rlys., 1910; services lent to ministry of munitions, May, 1915 to Nov., 1916, resumed duty in F.M.S., Feb., 1917; services lent temporarily to govt. of South Aust., Apr., 1918; resumed duty in F.M.S., Jan., 1919; ret., Dec., 1924; reported on Palestine rlys., 1925; ag. ch. engrn. (design), C.A., Nov., 1925 to Dec., 1926.

ANTROBUS, MAURICE E., B.A.—B. 1895; ed. Winchester, and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; math. exhibr., Trinity Coll., Dec., 1913; 2nd lieut., 6th King's Royal Rifle Corps, Aug., 1914; lieut., June, 1915; capt., Jan., 1917; served in Flanders, Salonica and France, 1915-19; 2nd cls. math. tripos, pt. I., 1919; 2nd cls. hist. tripos, pt. II., 1920; B.A., 1920; temp. 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Aug., 1920; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., 7th Feb., 1921; asst. pvte. sec. to S. of S., 2nd Nov., 1925; seconded as pvte. sec. to govt., Ceylon, July, 1927.

ANTROBUS, SIR REGINALD L., K.C.M.G. (1911), C.B. (1898).—B. 1853; ed. at Winchester and at New Coll., Oxford; scholar of New Coll., 1872; 1st class in classical mods., 1874; 2nd class in final classical school, 1876; B.A., 1876; apptd., after an open compet. exam., to be a clk. in the C.O., May 3rd, 1877; asst. priv. sec. to the Earl of Kimberley, 5th Dec., 1880, to Dec., 1882; priv. sec. to the Earl of Derby, 16th Dec., 1882, to 24th June, 1885; to Col. the Right Hon. F. A. Stanley, M.P. (afterwards Earl of Derby), 24th June, 1885, to 6th Feb., 1886; and to Earl Granville, 6th Feb. to 3rd Aug., 1886; administd. the govt. of St. Helena, 5th Nov., 1889, to 8th June, 1890; priv. sec. to Mr. Meade, 1st Feb., 1892, and to Mr. S. Buxton, M.P., 17th Aug., 1892; sen. clk., Jan., 1894; princ. clk., 1896; asst. under-sec. of state, Oct., 1898; crown agent for the cols., 1909; retired, 1918.

APPLEGATE, F. W.—B. 1887; ed. Bath Coll. and Queen's Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1911; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, Apr., 1915; junr. asst. col. sec., 13th May to 30th Sept., 1915; travelling comsnnr., Neawam, 1st Oct., 1915 to 31st May, 1916, and from 12th Apr., 1917; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kwahu, 1919.

ARCHER, SIR GEOFFREY FRANCIS, K.C.M.G. (1920), C.M.G. (1913).—Asst. collr., East Africa Prot., 1st Dec., 1902; attached secretariat, June, 1902 to Mar., 1903; dist. comsnnr., 1st Apr., 1907; spec. serv., Northern Frontier, East Africa, 1909; offr. in-charge, May to Dec., 1911; awarded Cuthbert Peak Grant by the R.G.S., 1918, for surveys in E. Africa connecting Major Gwynn's Abyssinian triangulation with the triangulation of E. Africa; transfd. to Somaliland Prot., June, 1912; admtd. govt., July to Oct., 1912, and from June to Oct. 1913; dep. comsnnr., 31st Mar., 1913; comsnnr. and comdr. in-chief, Somaliland Prot., 15th May, 1914; assumed govt., 22nd May, 1914; present at operations against the Dervishes at Shimer Berriis, Feb., 1915 (African General Service Medal and clasp); member of British Mission on occasion of coronation of the Empress Zauditu of Abyssinia, Feb., 1917 (Star of Ethiopia, 1st class);

gov., Somaliland Prot., 4th Nov., 1919; directed operations against the Mullah, 1920, resulting in complete destruction of Dervish power in Somaliland; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Uganda Prot., 6th Sept., 1922; gov., Sudan, 1924.

ARCHER, NORMAN R.—B. 1892; ed. R.N. Colls., Osborne and Dartmouth; midshipman in Mediterranean and Home Fleets, 1909-12; sub-lieut. (six 1st cl. certifs.), Sept., 1912; lieut., June, 1913; H.M.S. *Warrior* in Mediterranean and Grand Fleets, 1912-15; qualified, specialist course, as torpedo lieut., 1915; served with Russian Navy in Black Sea, &c., 1915-17 (Order of St. Stanislas, 3rd cls.); passed exam. as Russian interpreter, 1918; intell. divn. admy., H.M.S. *Lowestoft* in Adriatic, minelaying squadron, Grand Fleet, and H.M.S. *Malaya*, 1917-20; apptd. under reconstruction scheme asst. prin., min. of lab., Sept., 1920; temp. attd. to C.O. as asst. prin., Dec., 1921.

ARCHER, W. J.—Supt., govt. printing office, Cyprus, 27th May, 1902.

ARCHIBALD, CHARLES GEORGE.—B. 1869; entd. Trinidad civ. ser., Jan., 1892; cashier, Trinidad govt. rly., 1906; acctnt., 1919.

ARCHIBALD, EDGAR S., B.A., B.S.A.—B. 1885; recd. pmrv. educn. at Yarmouth pub. schl. and Yarmouth acad.; grad. Acadia Univ., 1905; also grad. from the Nova Scotia hort. schl. in the same year, and from Nova Scotia agric. coll. in 1906; recd. deg. of Bach. of Scien. Agric. from the Ontario agric. coll., 1908; inst. of agric. and expmtl. at the Nova Scotia agric. coll., 1908; prof. of agric. and farm supt. of the same coll. in 1910; entd. the serv. of the Fed. Dept. of Agric. in June, 1912, as Dominion animal husbandman at the Cent. Expmtl. Farm, Ottawa; ag. dir. of Expmtl. Farms, 1918-1919; dir., June, 1919.

ARCHIBALD, MUNGO TENNENT, M.C.—B. 1885; ed. Glasgow (M.A.), and Pemb. Coll., Oxford; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1909; off. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., May, 1910; ditto, Batticaloa, May, 1911; pol. mag., Kurunegala, May, 1912; asst. land settmt. offr., Jan., 1913; special comsnr. in connection with riots, June, 1915; asst. land settmt. offr., Aug., 1915; on military duty, 1916; asst. land settmt. offr., Aug., 1919; asst. govt. agt., Puttalam, Dec., 1922; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, Apr., 1923; asst. sttlmt. offr., July, 1923; ag. sttlmt. offr. for various periods, 1924, 1925 and 1927.

ARMITAGE, CAPT. SIR CREIL HAMILTON, K.B.E. (1926), C.M.G. (1911), D.S.O. (1901).—Asst. inspr., G. Coast constab., 1894; served in Ashanti exped., 1895-6 (star); Northern Territories (Neutral Zone), 1897 (medal and clasp); inspr., 1898; priv. sec. to gov. of G. Coast and clk. of leg. and exec. couns., 1899-1900; Ashanti campaign, 1900 (ag. res. during siege of Coomassie, D.S.O., medal and clasp); trav. comsnr., 1901; comsnr. of S. Province of Ashanti, July, 1901; comdt. of Ashanti Mines volunteers with rank of major, Nov., 1906; ag. chief comsnr. of Ashanti, Oct., 1901, to end of year, Apr. to Oct., 1906, Dec., 1907, June, 1908, and from June to Dec., 1909; chief comsnr. of Northern Territories, 28th Jan., 1910; gov., Gambia, 20th Nov., 1920; assumed govt., 3rd Jan., 1921.

ARMSTRONG J. R.—B. 1881; clk., defence dept., Union of S. Africa, Nov., 1913; clk. High Comsnr.'s office, S. Africa, Jan., 1915; apptd. to Swaziland estab., Jan., 1919; ag. conf. clk. to

gov.-gen. on various occasions from 1916-1919; asst. sec. (in S. Africa) to Lord Cave's comn. on S. Rhodesia, 1919; senr. clk., 1925.

ARMSTRONG, ROBERT.—B. 1879; ed. Friends' Schl., Great Ayton, Yorks and Durham Univ.; diploma in agric., Armstrong Coll., Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in Univ. of Durham; lecturer, schl. of agric., Egyptian govt. 1906-1910; lecturer and organiser in agric. for the Hampshire County Council; asst. dir. of agric., Zanzibar, 6th Feb., 1913; ag. dir. of agric., 28th Oct., 1915 to 13th Aug., 1916; ag. chief supply offr., 16th Sept. to 15th Nov., 1918, and 30th Mar., 1919; ag. admstr.-gen., 10th Nov., 1919 to 22nd Jan., 1920; ag. dir., agr., 30th Mar., 1919 to 13th Jan., 1920, and 30th Nov., 1923 to 10th May, 1924; ag. dir. of agr. and oh. supply offr., 7th Feb. to 15th Nov., 1922; ag. dir., agr. and off. mem., leg. coun., 23rd Jan. to 17th July, 1926.

ARNOLD, CARL EVAN.—B. 1896; on mily. serv., Jan., 1916; cadet, Ceylon, Oct., 1920; attd. to Anuradhapura Kachcheri, Oct., 1920; ag. pol. mag., Puttalam, July, 1921; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Aug., 1922; extra office asst., Kandy kachcheri, Nov., 1923; off. asst., Puttalam kach., Jan., 1925; dep. rubber contr., Apr., 1926.

ARNETT, EDWARD JOHN, C.M.G. (1924), B.A. (1898).—B. 1876; ed. St. Paul's schl. and St. Catherine's Coll., Cambridge; classical tripos; called to the bar, 1912; C.A. office, 1902; rev. offr., N. Nigeria, 1903; 3rd cl. res., 1906; 2nd cl. res., 1909; 1st cl. res., 1912; ag. lieut.-gov., N. Provs., Nigeria, Oct., 1920.

ARNOLD, 1ST BARON (great. 1924), RT. HON. SYDNEY ARNOLD.—B. 1878; was parly. priv. sec. to the pres. of the bd. of educn. and to the finan. sec. to the treasury, 1914; lib. M.P. for Holmfirth and later for Penistone, 1912-21; parly. under sec. for the cols., Jan., 1924 to 7th Nov., 1924.

ARTHUR, JAMES STARTIN WILLS.—B. 1881; ed. at Marlborough Coll. and Balliol Coll., Oxford; B.A. (1904); cadet, S. Sttlmts., Jan., 1906; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, Sept., 1907; ag. asst. treas., Singapore, June, 1909; 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, July, 1910; attached to col. audit office, Feb.-Mar., 1911; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, July, 1911; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Is., Aug., 1911; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, May, 1912; ag. asst. P.M.G., Penang, Sept., 1912; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Mar., 1915; offr. cl. IV, May, 1916; seconded as asst. adviser, Kedah, May, 1916; ag. temp. as adviser in addn., Feb.-Mar., 1917; offr., cl. III, Jan., 1919; offr., cl. II., Dec., 1921; ag. collr., land rev., Penang, May, 1922; dist. judge, Penang, Oct., 1922; dep. pres., mun. comsurs., Penang, May, 1923; dist. judge, Malacca, Jan., 1924.

ARUMUGUM, JOSEPH NALLIAH.—B. 1896; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1921; attd., Anuradhapura kach., Dec., 1921; itg. pol. mag., W. Prov., May, 1924; pol. mag., Chilaw, July, 1927.

ASHTON, DANIEL ASPINALL.—B. 1869; ed. at Manchester gram. schl. and Owens Coll.; M.B., B.Ch., Victoria Univ.; civ. surg., S. African war, 1901-1902 (medal and three clasps); col. med. offr., S. Nigeria, Jan., 1903; served in Croas River expedn., 1904 (medal and clasp); med. offr. at Abe and Obubura.

ASHTON, HUGH.—B. 1878; served in S. African War; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1906; inspr., 1914; served in European War with native labour contingent; asst. comsnr., Basutoland, 1923.

ASHWORTH, HENRY TWERDALE, M.M.—B. 1885; apptd., after compet. exam., clk., G.P.O., 1902; on milv. serv., Oct., 1914 to May, 1919; served in Gallipoli, Egypt (Canal Defences) and France; passed supplementary elks. exam., Jan., 1921; services loaned to C.O., 1st May, 1922; apptd. cler. off. and assigned to the C.O., 1st Sept. 1922.

ASPINAL, SIR ALGERNON EDWARD, KT. BACH. (1928), C.M.G. (1918), C.B.E. (1926).—B. 1871; ed. at Eton and Magdalen Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1894; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1897; sec., West India Comtee. since 1908 and of the Impl. Coll. of Trop. Agr. since 1921; hon. treas. of W. Indian Club; mem. of comtee. on Col. blue-books and blue-book repts., 1917; mem., W. Indian shipping comtee., 1919; hon. sec., Trop. Agri. Coll. comtee., 1920; hon. sec., W. Indian Contingent comtee., 1915-21; mem., W. Indian currency comtee., 1923.

ASSER, LIEUT.-GEN. SIR JOSEPH JOHN, K.C.B. (1924), K.C.M.G. (1918), K.C.V.O. (1917), C.B. (1915), and many foreign decorations.—B. 1867; served with Nile expedn., 1897-9; in command of Kordofan expedn., Soudan, 1910; A.G., Egyptian Army, 1907-16; served in European War, 1914-19: base commdt., 1914-16; lieut.-gen. 1919; gen. off. commdg. Br. troops, France and Flanders, 1919-20; gov. of Bermuda, 4th May, 1922; assumed govt., 9th Aug., 1922; ret., 1927.

ASTON, ARTHUR VINCENT.—B. 1896; ed. King's Schl., Chester, and Queen's Coll., Oxford (open math. scholar); R.F.A., 1915-18, M.C., 1917; apptd., cadet, M.C.S., 1919; ag. asst. to senr. dist. off., Prov. Wexley, June, 1920; ag. dist. off., Nebong Tebal, Sept., 1920; ag. harbmr., Malacca, Mar., 1922; ag. collr., income tax, Malacca, Apr., 1922; ag. 2nd mag. and coroner, Penang, Apr., 1923; ag. dist. off., Bukit Mertajam, Dec., 1924.

ATHILL, SAMUEL LAUCHLAND, JUNR.—B. 1885; ent. civ. serv., Leeward Is., Sept., 1901; clk. to atty.-gen., Leeward Is., Aug., 1906; sec. to legal affairs inquiry comsnr., Montserrat, 1911; ag. registrar., Montserrat circuit, Feb.-Mar., 1915; deputy coroner, dists. "A" and "B," Antigua, 6th Oct., 1917; mag., dist. B., Antigua, 1st July, 1924; city comsnr., St. Johns, Antigua, Nov., 1925.

ATHLONE, FIRST EARL OF (created 1917), ALEXANDER CAMBRIDGE, G.C.B. (1911), G.C.V.O. (1904), C.M.G. (1917), D.S.O. (1900).—Served in Matabele campaign, 1896-7; S. African war, 1899-1900; European war, 1914-18; maj., 2nd Life Gds., 1911-19; brevet-col., 1919; G.S.O., 1st grade, 1915; ret. with hon. rank of brig.-gen., 1919; personal A.D.C. to the King from 1919; gov. gen. and commdr.-in-chief, Union of S. Africa, 1923; Grand Cordon of Order of Leopold of Belgium, Croix de Guerre (Belgium); G.O. Leg. Hon. and Croix de Guerre (France); Knt. of Justice of St. John of Jerusalem.

ATKINSON, HON. LLEWELYN, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1867; ed. Church Grammar Schl., Launceston, Tas. and Melbourne Univ.; called to the bar, 1893; el. mem. of H. of R., Commonwealth of Australia for Wilnot (Tas.), Dec., 1906; vice-pres. of exec. coun., C. of A., 1923-26.

ATTERBURY, H. W.—B. 1903; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. off., C.O., 14th Oct., 1921.

AUBER, EGERTON LANCELOT.—B. 1889; ed. Wesleyan High Schl., Freetown, Sierra Leone; supernmy. clk., cust. (indoor), Gambia, Feb., 1908; 3rd clk., treasury, 19th Nov., 1908; 2nd clk., 19th Nov., 1911; re-graded 4th grade clk., 1915; 3rd grade clk., 1st July, 1916; 2nd grade

clk., 1st Dec., 1918; ch. clk., treasury, 26th Oct., 1920; seconded for duty as marine acctnt., 3rd Feb. to 31st Dec., 1927.

AUCHINLECK, GILBERT GRAHAM.—B.Sc. (McGill), F.C.S., B. 1884; ed. West Indies and McGill Univ., Canada; 1st cls. hons. in chemistry and botany, McGill Univ.; govt. laboratory, Leeward Is., 1902-04; McGill Univ., 1904-08; science and 2nd mast, St. Kitts-Nevis gram. schl., 1908-09; supt. of agric., Grenada, 1909-14; asst. dir. of agric. and chemist, Mauritius, 1914; ag. dir. of agric., and registrar., C.C. societies, Dec., 1916 to May, 1917; nominated M.L.C., Mauritius, Jan.-May, 1917; reported on Is. of Rodrigues to the Mauritius govt., 1919; Mauritius del. to Imp. Entom. Confce. in London, 1920; divnl. agric. off., Ceylon, 1920; seconded to Seychelles to report on the possibilities of agri. development, 1921-22; dep. dir., agric., G. Coast, Aug., 1925; sent to F.M.S., Java and Sumatra to rept. on palm oil industry, Apr. 1926 to Jan., 1927; del. to W. African agri. confce., Nigeria, Mar., 1927; author of papers on land stlmt. and various trop. agric. subjects.

AUCKLAND, BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. ALFRED WALTER AVERILL, D.D.—Ed. St. John's Coll., Oxford (2nd cls. Th. sch.), 1887; M.A., 1891; Ely Coll., 1888; deacon, 1888; priest, 1889, Lon.; formerly curate of St. George's, Hanover Square, 1888-91; Holy Trinity, Dalston, Middlesex, 1891-94; vicar of St. Michael's, Christchurch, N. Zealand, 1894-1909; chaplain of hosps., Christchurch, 1895-1909; hon. canon of Christchurch Cathedral, 1902-1909; archdeacon of Akaroa, 1903-1909; bishop of Waiapu, 1910-1913; bishop of Auckland, 1913; primate and archbishop of N.Z., 1926.

AUDEN, FRANCIS THOMAS.—B. 1869; ed. Shrewsbury; M.D., Edinburgh Univ., 1903; M.B. and C.M., 1891; formerly res. med. off., Albany general hosp., Grahamstown, Cape Colony; dist. surg., Rustenburg, Transvaal; civil surg., S. African field force, 1900-1901 (medal and clasp); dist. comsnr. and govt. med. off., Caicos Islands, Dec., 1914; govt. med. off., Turks Is., Oct., 1916; mem. legis. bd., Sept., 1916.

AUDETTE, HON. LOUIS ARTHUR, B.A., LL.B., K.C.—B. 1856; apptd. registrar. of exchequer of Canada, 1887; asst. judge, exchequer ct., 1912; puisne judge, 1919.

AUNE, EINAR.—B. 1874; survr., grade I, rev. survr., branch, F.M.S., June, 1909; asst. supt., F.M.S., Jan., 1919; ag. senr. asst. supt., Kinta, Oct., 1926; senr. asst. supt., Kinta, Oct., 1926.

AUSTIN, JAMES.—B. 1867; apptd. to home civ. serv. in cust. dept., 1886; bd. of educn., 1891-1896; clk., educn. off., Natal, 1st Jan., 1897; 2nd cls. clk., audit dept., 1st Aug., 1900; re-transferred to educn. dept., 1st June, 1901; examng. off. and statistical clk., 1st July, 1902; ag. acctng. off., 8th Aug. to 30th Sept., 1903; acctnt. and statistical off., 1st Jan., 1904; ag. sec., 10th May to 9th Aug., 1907; prov. acctnt., Natal, 1913.

AYLESWORTH, HON. SIR ALLEN BRISTOL, K.C.M.G. (1911), K.C., B.A. (1874), M.A. (1875).—B. 1854; educ. at Newburgh high school and Toronto univ.; Prince of Wales prizeman; bencher of law soc. of Upper Canada; called to bar, Q.C. (Ontario); one of H.M.'s comsnrs. for settlmt. of Alaska boundry., 1903; elected to the H. of C. for North York, 1904; postmr.-gen. of Canada, 1905; min. of just., 1906; British ag. internat. fisheries

arbitr. at the Hague, 1910; resigned portfolio and retired, 1911; mem., privy coun. of Canada; called to the Senate, 1923.

AYTON, A. L.—B. 1878; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. 2nd div. civ. ser. and assigned to science and art dept., Mar., 1899; to C.O. July, 1899; clk. in charge of acct., Western Pacific high coman., Dec., 1913; ag. sec., W.P.H.C., 29th Mar., 1915; returned to C.O. as staff clk. in acct. dept., 29th Jan., 1920; ag. asst. prin., 16th Aug., 1920; sec. to "Discovery" comtee., 1925; ag. prin., 9th Jan., 1928.

BABER, EDWARD ALFRED.—B. 1888; copyist, survey dept., B. Honduras, 1905; apprentice, ditto, 1906; passed exam. in theory of land surveying; 2nd cls. clk., Aug., 1910; ag. 1st cls. clk., 1911; 1st cls. clk., col. sec.'s dept., Nov., 1913; clk., roads and rivers bd., 1914; ag. ch. clk. and clk. of coun., 1914-15; ag. inspr. of schls. and clk. to bd. of educn., Nov., 1915; senr. clk., col. sec.'s dept., Feb., 1917; ag. ch. clk., etc., for various periods, 1917-21; ag. asst. col. sec., Nov., 1921; ag. priv. sec. to Sir Eyre Hutson, May-Aug., 1922; ch. clk., Apr., 1921; asst. col. sec., June, 1923.

BACKWELL, H. F.—B. 1884; ed. at Charterhouse (jun. and sen. scholarships), and at King's Coll., Camb., exhib.; asst. mast., Portsmouth gram. schl., 1907-8; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 19th Dec., 1908; asst. dist. off., 1st Jan., 1914; dist. off., 2nd cls., 29th Aug., 1917.

BADDELEY, SIR FRANK MORRISH, KT. BACH. (1928). C.M.G. (1925).—B.A., Magdalene Coll., Cambridge, 21st wrangler, Math. tripos, 1896; cadet F.M.S., 1897; passed final-exam. in cantonese, Dec., 1900; called to the bar, Inner Temple, Jan., 1913; ag. asst. dist. off., Kuala Kubu, May, 1901; ditto, Serendah, Nov., 1901; recd. thanks of govt. in connection with Ulu Selangor riots, Feb., 1902; revenue auditor, Pahang, Jan., 1904; ag. dist. off., Jelebu Jan., 1905; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of chinese, Singapore, Aug., 1905; ag. dist. off., Xmas Is., Oct., 1906; ag. off. assignee, Singapore, Apr., 1907; apptd. a currency comanr., May, 1907; dist. off., Kuantan, June, 1908; supt., govt. monopolies dept., S. Stlmits., Sept., 1909; P.M.G., S. Stlmits., Feb., 1916; food controller, Oct., 1920; under-sec., S. Stlmits., July, 1921; ag. col. sec., S. Stlmits., Apr.-Sept., 1922, May-Oct., 1923 and from Sept.-Nov., 1924; ch. sec., Nigeria, Nov., 1924; O.A.G., Nigeria, in 1925 and 1927; govs. dep. for various periods in 1925, 1926 and 1927.

BAGSHAW, ARTHUR WILLIAM GARRARD.—C.M.G. (1915). B.A., M.B., B.C., D.P.H., Camb., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lond.; ed. at Marlborough Coll. and Caius Coll., Camb., served in resident hosp. appts., 1896-1899; med. off., Uganda Prot., Oct., 1900; served as med. off. in Lango expedit., 1901; served with Anglo-German bndry. coman., 1902-4; employed in sleeping sickness extended investigations in Uganda, Apr., 1906, to May, 1907; director of sleeping sickness bureau, 1908.

BAILEY, JOHN F.—Dir. of botanic gardens, Adelaide, S. Australia, 1917; formerly dir. of Brisbane gardens.

BAILWARD, A. N.—Asst. dist. comanr., Kenya, Jan., 1920; junr. sec., native affrs. dept., 1926; pvt. sec. to ag. gov., 1927.

BAIN, NORMAN KERR, B.A. Cantab.—Cadet, S. Stlmits., Jan., 1907; ag. dist. off., Malacca, Sept., 1907; ag. asst. to res., Malacca, July, 1910; off. of cls. V., 31st Mar., 1911; ag. dist. off., Kuala Langat, 29th Mar., 1914; ag. asst. to res.

and harbmr., Malacca, Mar., 1918; ag. agent, food controller in addition, 1919; ag. dist. off., Port Dickson, Negri-Sembilan, Jan., 1921; ag. 2nd mag., Kinta, July, 1921; mag., Ipoh, Aug., 1921; ch. asst. dist. off., Kinta, Aug., 1922; ag. dist. off., Ulu Selangor, Apr., 1923; pol. mag., Penang, Sept., 1924; ag. dist. judge, Penang and Singapore, Sept., 1924; offg. 2nd mag., Penang, Sept., 1924; offg. registrar, sup. ct., Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1925; offg. dist. off., Kuala Kangsar, Nov., 1925.

BAINES, DENNIS LYNCH, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1881; ed. Wellington and Christ's Coll., Cambridge; asst. collr., Uganda prot., May, 1904; transf. to German E. Africa, 1st July, 1916; senr. comanr., 1st Apr., 1920.

BAKER, ALAN CUSTANCE.—B.A., Oxon.; cadet, S. Stlmits., Dec., 1908; attd. to land office, Malacca, Jan., 1909; ag. dist. off., Alor Gajah, 1912; ag. dep. registrar, sup. ct., Singapore, Apr. and Sept., 1912; ag. dist. off., B. Pulau, 1913; joined offr. cadet batt., July, 1916; demob. June, 1919; officiating asst. supt., monopolies, Penang, June, 1919; officiating asst. off. assignee and dep. registrar, sup. ct., Penang, Aug. 1919; ag. 2nd mag., Aug., 1919; capt., Penang volunteers, Nov., 1919; supernmry. offr., cls. III, Oct., 1920; ag. asst. off. assignee, Penang, Nov., 1920; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, Jan., 1921; collr., land rev. and asst. treas., Malacca, Mar., 1923; comanr., trade and cust., Johore, June, 1927; ag. asst. adviser, Muar, July, 1927.

BAKER, CHARLES MATTHEW, M.B.E.—B. 1878; ed. Felsted Schl., Essex; supt. of educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1921.

BAKER, ERNEST LAIDLAW.—B. 1880; ed. Australia; clk., col. sec.'s office, Fiji, 1901; shorthand writer, legis. coun., 1906; sec., Albert Park Bd. (conjoint apptmt.), 1908; 1st clk., col. sec.'s office, and clk. to legis. coun., 1909; clk., exec. coun. (conjoint apptmt.), 1910; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., 1913; dist. comanr., Colo East, 1914; ditto, Ra, 1917; ditto, Savu Savu, 1918; ag. asst. col. sec., 1920; dist. comanr., Lautoka, 1920; ditto, Macuata, 1923.

BAKER, FRANCIS HORACE.—B. 1887; ed. Stratford-on-Avon Schl.; admitted solr., sup. ct., England, 1910; practised in England until 1913 and in Hong Kong, Jan., 1914; on milly. serv., 1914-19; comanr., R. Artillery, 1915; staff capt., 1919; milly. mag., Nablu dist., Apr., 1919; milly. mag., Jerusalem dist., May, 1919; pres., Jerusalem dist. ct., Aug., 1919; also pres., Beersheba dist. ct.

BAKER, HERBERT ARTHUR, D.Sc., D.I.C., F.G.S., F.R.G.S.—B. 1885; ed. Univ. Coll. and London Day Training Coll., Univ. of London, 1905-08; B.Sc. hons.; B. of E. teacher's certifi., 1908; M.Sc., London, 1918; D.Sc., London, 1920; dipl. of membership, Imp. Coll. of Sci. and Technology (D.I.C.), 1920; R.F.C., France, 1915-16; warrant offr., R.N., 1916-19; govt. geologist, Falkland Is., 1920-22; headmaster, Grenada boys secondary schl., 1924.

BAKER, MAJOR RUPERT HARRY WALPOLF, R. O.—B. 1885; ed. Malvern Coll.; 2nd lieut., The Buffs, 1904; seconded as asst. comanr., Gold Coast pol., 1914; served with the W.A.F.F., Togoland, 1914; The Buffs, B.E.F., France; major and 2nd in commd., 10th B.W.I. Regt., B.E.F., Italy, 1917; A.P.M., Italy, 1917-19; retd. to Gold Coast, 1919; local commdnt., Cyprus milly. pol., Mar., 1927.

BAKER, WILLIAM ANTHONY, F.R.G.S., F.S.I.—B. 1868; foreman of wks., P.W.D., Jamaica,

1890; asst. supt., road constrn., 1892; survr., 1894; 2nd staff survr., lands dept., 1898; 1st staff survr., lands dept., 1899; asst. survr. gen. (ag. survr. gen. on several occasions) 1920; survr. gen., 1922.

BAKEWELL, FREDERICK WILLIAM, M.I.C.E.—B. 1874; res. engrn., Kodugannawa rly. deviation, Ceylon, 14th Sept., 1903; ch. asst. constrn. engrn., Jan., 1908; ag. ch. constrn. engrn., rly. extensions, Apr., 1927.

BALDWIN, JOSEPH MASON, M.A., D.Sc.—B. 1878; ag. govt. astronomer, Victoria, 1915; govt. astronomer, 1st July, 1919.

BALDWIN, THOMAS HAYWARD, B.A.—B. 1896; ed., Stamford Schl. and Downing Coll., Cambridge; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 19th Oct., 1921.

BALDWIN, WILLIAM FREDERICK.—B. 1882; 2nd div. clk., War Office, July, 1901; army audit off., Cape Town, 1904; army cashier, army accts., dept., O.F.S. and Cape Coll., 1908; army cashier, Pretoria (attached to army pay dept.), for S. Africa, 1911; asst. auditor, col. audit dept., S. Nigeria, 2nd Aug., 1911; auditor, Seychelles, 12th Nov., 1912; ag. auditor, Nyasaland, Sept. 1914; attached for one month to audit off., Mauritius, 1915; resumed post of auditor, Seychelles, Mar., 1915; transfd. to Brit. E. Africa for military service in connection with accts., Apl. 1916.

BALFE, R. S.—B. 1882; cler.-asst., Basutoland, 1912; sub-inspr., Basutoland mounted pol., 1915; war serv., 1915-19.

BALFOUR, DOUGLAS HASTINGS.—B. 1887; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., 16th Jan., 1911; attld. to Jaffna Kach., Feb., 1911; ag. pol. mag., P. Pedro, May, 1911; extra office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Nov. 1911; attld. to Trincomalee Kach., May, 1912; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., July, 1912; pol. mag., Matara, July, 1913; asst. comsnnr. excise, June, 1917; dist. judge, Kegalla, July, 1923; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Apr., 1925; dist. judge, Negombo, June, 1925; ag. dist. judge, Kurunegala, July, 1927.

BALL, ARTHUR DYER.—B. 1888; barrister-at-law; ed., Mill Hill Schl. and Exeter Coll., Oxford (exhibr.), B.A. 1911; cadet, F.M.S., 1911; ag. sec., san. bd., Kuala Lumpur, 1912; passed final exam. in Cantonese, Mar., 1914; ag. asst. contrlr. of labour, Perak, Apr., 1914; passed final exam. in law, June, 1914; 1st cl. mag., Perak, 1914; transfd. Hong Kong, Mar., 1915; ag. asst. dist. offr., 1915; ag. dist. offr., Taipo, 1917; passed final exam. in Hakka, 1917; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1917; attld. to imp. and exp. off., and to col. secs' off., 1918; ag. asst. col. sec., clk. of couns., and clk. to gen. mil. serv. tribunal, 1918-19; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 1920; 2nd pol.-mag., 1920; asst. crown solr., 1920; asst. atty.-gen., 1920; 2nd assist. col. sec. in addn., 1921; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 1922; priv. sec. to O.A.G. in addn., 1922; asst. atty.-gen., 1922 and 1925; ag. puisne judge, 1924; offi. recr., 1925; draftsman, atty. gen's dept., Ceylon, Aug., 1927; editor, "Ordnoes. of Hong Kong, 1844-1923"; joint edr., "Regulations of Hong Kong, 1844-1925."

BALLANTINE, CAPT. JAMES ALEXANDER.—B. 1878; 2nd lieut., Lancos. Fusiliers, 1901; served in S. African War (Queen's and King's med. with clasps); seconded to W. African Regt., 1905-09; asst. adjutant, 1907-09; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 30th Mar., 1910; dist. comsnnr. 13th Mar., 1914; seconded for serv., Field Force, Togoland, 7th Aug., 1914; staff offr. to O.C., Br. Forces,

Togoland, 21st Nov., 1915 to 21st Aug., 1916; Br. and Victory med. and "1914-15" Star; dep. prov. comsnnr., Ashanti, 2nd Aug., 1921; ag. ch. comsnnr., Ashanti, 23rd Nov., 1923 to 30th Mar., 1924; prov. comsnnr., Ashanti, 3rd Jan., 1924; ag. ch. comsnnr., Ashanti, 7th Dec., 1924 to 18th Mar., 1925.

BALMER, A. B.—Asst. treas., Kenya, Mar., 1918.

BALMER, F. E.—Dep. chief acctnt., G.P.O., E. Africa Prot., Mar., 1919; ch. acctnt., G.P.O., Kenya 1st Oct., 1919.

BAMFORD, LIEUT.-COLONEL H.W.M., O.B.E. (1918); M.C. (1916).—B. 1882; Cape Mounted Riflemen, 1900-1906; S. African War, 1900-1902; Transvaal Mounted Rifles, Zulu Rebellion, 1906; Natal Police, 1907-1912; dep. sheriff, N. Zululand, 1913-1914; adjt., Natal Light Horse, S.A. Rebellion and G.S.W., Africa, 1914-1915; adjt. 2nd S. African Infantry, Senussi Campaign, W.F.F. Egypt (wounded Hazalin Jan. 23rd, 1916); to France with S. African bde., 9th Scottish Div. (wounded Delville Wood, July 15th, 1916); bde.-major, 90th infy. bde., France, 1917; comdg. 2nd S. African infy., 1917-1918 (very severely wounded Beaurevoir, Oct. 8th, 1918); service in France includes Somme, Arras, Messines, Ypres, defence of Hazebrouk, Le Cateau; three times mentioned in despatches; O.B.E., M.C., Croix de Guerre avec palme; comsnnr. of police and inspr. of prisons, Malta, 29th July, 1919; commdnt., constab., N. Territories, G. Coast, 28th July, 1922; inspr.-gen., pol., G. Coast, 27th Aug., 1924.

BANCROFT, OSWALD LAWRENCE.—B. 1888; ed. Harrison Coll., Barbados, and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1909; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1910; admitted bar, Barbados, 1910; barrister-at-law and solr., sup. ct., Br. Columbia, 1911-24; pol. mag., dist. A, Barbados, 1925; dep. registr., high ct., Tanganyika Territory, 1926.

BANNERMAN, CHARLES EDWARD WOOLHOUSE, O.B.E. (1924).—B. 1884; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, Nov., 1913; admitted to Gold Coast bar as solr. and advoc., Jan., 1914; practised before sup. ct. G. Coast up to 31st July, 1919; pol. mag., sup. ct. 1st Aug., 1919; senr. pol. mag. since 1920; ag. puisne judge, sup. ct., 30th Mar. to 12th May, and from 26th May to 8th June, 1925.

BARBADOS, BISHOP OF (founded 1824), RIGHT REV. ALFRED PAKENHAM BEKELEY.—Foundation scholar, Codrington Coll., Durham; B.A., 1883; M.A., 1908; D.D., 1917; consecrated Lord Bishop of Barbados, 1917; vicar of All Saint's, Antigua, 1886-88; vicar of the Holy Innocent's, Barbados, 1890-1900; rector of St. Philip, 1901-06; dean and rector of St. Michael's Cathedral, 1906-17.

BARGER, REV. GEORGE PERCY.—B. 1876; jnr. supt. educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 26th Aug., 1913.

BARLEY, JACK CHARLES.—B. 1887; ed. Tonbridge Schl. and St. John's Coll., Oxford, B.A., 2nd cls. hon.; cadet, W. Pacific civ. ser., 15th Dec., 1911; attached to res. comsnnr's off. Apr., 1912; ag. dist. offr., Gizo, 1st Nov., 1912; ag. treasr. and collr. of customs, 16th Apl., 1913; passed cadet, 14th Apl., 1914; deputy comsnnr., 29th July, 1914; dist. offr., Gizo, 1915; ag. res. comsnnr., 19th Apl., 1917; dist. comsnnr., Fiji, Feb., 1922.

BARNARD, BASIL HENRY FRANCIS.—B. 1874; ed. St. Mark's Schl., Windsor, and Keble Coll., Oxford; audit clk., Perak State Rlys., Apr., 1896; demeroration offr., Perak, Aug., 1896; asst. forest offr., Perak, Jan., 1898; forest offr., Selangor,

Jan., 1900; dep. conserv., forests, F.M.S., Jan., 1903; ag. conserv., forests, F.M.S., in 1911, 1914, 1920 and 1924.

BARNARD, SIR FRANK STILLMAN, K.C.M.G. (1918).—B. 1856; entd. ser. of B. Columbia Express Co. in 1879; subsequently became gen. man. and pres. of the company; promoter, and dir. for many years of the B. Columbia Electric Rly.; identified with many other important interests; mem. of H. of C., Canada, 1879-1896; alderman of Victoria, B.C., 1886 and 1887; mayor, 1895; ret. from active business life in 1906; lieut.-govr. of B. Columbia, 1914-1919.

BARNES, ARTHUR CHAPMAN, B.Sc. (Hons.), F.I.C., A.M.I.Ch.E.—B. 1891; ed. Deacon's Schl., Peterborough Munic. Coll. of Tech. and Victoria Univ., Manchester (schol.); computer, survey dept., E.A.P., Oct., 1914; asst. analyst, Apr., 1916; chem. offr., Kenya, 1919; ag. dir., chem. research, May to Aug., 1920; agrl. chem., Nigeria, Apr., 1923; asst. dir., agr., Zanzibar, June, 1927.

BARNETT, ERNEST ARTHUR.—B. 1884; clk. and pay and qtrmr., 1900; sub-inspr., Fiji constab., 1906; attached to R.I.C. for training, 1908; inspr., Fiji constab., 1911; higher grade, 1914; asst. adjutant to local forces, 1914; capt., Fiji Def. Forces, 1914; ag. inspr.-gen. of constab. and sheriff, June to Dec., 1916; J.P. for the col., 1916; press censor, 1917; ag. inspr.-gen. of constab. and sheriff, 1917 and Sept., 1925; chief inspr., 1918; ag. inspr.-gen. of prisons, 1918; dist. comsnr., 1921; ag. dist. comsnr. and prov. comsnr., Ba, May, 1921-June, 1922; dep. inspr.-gen., constab., 1st Jan., 1922; prov. mem., leg. coun., Nov., 1925.

BARNHILL, WILLIAM WILSON, B.A. Hons. (Cantab.)—B. 1903; ed. Campbell Coll., Belfast, and Clare Coll., Cambridge; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 28th Apr., 1926; ag. asst. col. sec., 8th May, 1926.

BARRETT, UNWIN SANKEY, B.A., LL.B. (Cape).—B. 1874; ed. Bedford Schl., clk., master of sup. ct's. office, Sept., 1902; ch. clk., insolvency, July, 1905; master, sup. ct., Pretoria, 1912.

BARRETT-LENNARD, SIR FIENNES CECIL ARTHUR, KT. BACH. (1926)—Served in Anglo-Boer War, but invalided through wounds recd. in action, 1899-1900; judge, sup. ct., Gold Coast, and ex officio of sup. ct., Nigeria, Sept., 1913; served with local milly. forces and as judge, ct. of appeal for eastern Africa and the high ct. of Uganda, Feb., 1915 to Nov., 1916; judge, sup. ct's., S. Sttlmts. and F.M.S., Mar., 1920; judge, ct. of appeal, Johore, June, 1920; judge, ct. of appeal, Kedah, Dec., 1921; ch. just. and keeper of records, Jamaica, Nov., 1925.

BARRON, JACOB MAURICE.—B. 1891; ed. High Schl., Dublin, 1899-1910; sen. modr., nat. sci., 1914, T.C.D.; cadet, F.M.S., 1914; labr. dept., 1915-17; passed in Tamil, 1917; dist. offr., Nibong Tebal, 1917; labr. dept., 1917; offr., cls. V., Dec., 1917; supervisor of cust., Port Swettenham, 1917-20; labr. dept., Apr., 1921; supernmry offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1921; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, Oct., 1922; dep. contr., rubber expts, Jan., 1924; town planning admstr. and valuer-gen., Kuala Lumpur Jan., 1926 and in Mar., 1927 (in addn.); ag. chmn., sany. bd., Kuala Lumpur, Nov., 1926; ag. mag., ditto, May, 1927.

BARRON, WILLIAM DOUGLAS.—B. 1887; ed. Aberdeen Univ., M.A., 1909, and Balliol Coll., Oxford; cadet, F.M.S., 1911; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ulu Langat, Selangor, July, 1912; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Dec., 1912; ag. asst. dist. offr.,

Kroh, Perak, Apr., 1913; passed cadet, Dec., 1913; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Selangor, Dec., 1916; asst. dist. offr., Rembau, Negri Sembilan, Aug., 1920; dist. offr., Tampin, Nov., 1920; dist. offr., Temerloh, Pahang, Jan., 1921; dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Nov., 1922; offg. asst. adviser, Batu Pahat, Jan., 1925.

BARROW, JOHN B.—B. 1903; ed. Rugby and Caius Coll., Cambridge; cadet, Hong Kong, 7th Jan., 1927.

BARRY, HON. JEREMIAH HAYES, K.C.—B. 1858; ed. at public schls. of Saint Mary's and Fredericton; mem. of Senate of Univ. of New Brunswick; admitted to the bar, 1882; K.C., 1898; judge, sup. ct., New Brunswick, 1909; King's Bench division, 1913; ch. just., King's Bench divn., 1924.

BARRY, RICHARD JOHN.—B. 1876; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; clk., C.S.O., Cape, 1895; C.S. Law, 1899; clk., dept., 1901; asst. mag., various places; relief staff, 1904; ch. clk., master's office, Cape (insolv. brch.), 1906; Natal, 1912; Transvaal, 1912; master, sup. ct., Natal, 1915; ditto, Cape, 1923.

BARTH, SIR JACOB WILLIAM, KT. BACH. (1922), C.B.E. (1919).—Ed. Wadhams Coll., Oxon; B.A., 1895; M.A., 1898; barrister-at-law; Mid. Tem., 1900; regisr. and prin. regisr. of documents, E. Africa Prot., 8th Aug., 1902; Crown advoc., 1st Oct., 1902; apptd. to serve on land comsn., 31st Oct., 1904; judge, High Court, E. Africa Prot., 1st April, 1905 atty.-gen., E.A.P., Feb., 1914; ag. chf. sec., Aug., 1918; ch. just., Kenya, Aug., 1920.

BARTLETT, HUMPHREY EDWARD GIBSON.—B. 1880; ed. Winchester and Trin. Coll., Oxford, 2nd cls. class. modls., 2nd cls. final honour, schl. of jurisprudence; B.A., 1903; M.A., 1906; solr., 2nd cls. final honours, 1906; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 1909; dist. comsnr., 1913; ag. prov. comsnr., Dec., 1915 to June, 1916; and from 23rd June, 1919; ag. comsnr., Western Prov., 1st Jan. to 25th Feb., 1920; dep. prov. comsnr., 1921; ag. comsnr., C. Prov., June to Dec., 1921, and from Sept., 1922 to Jan., 1923; ag. comsnr., W. Prov., Feb., 1923; prov. comsnr., 6th May, 1923.

BARTLEY, THOMAS DOUGLAS MURRAY.—B.A. Trin. Coll., Dublin; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn, 1925; war serv., Aug., 1914—Jan., 1920; admnstr. offr. (cadet) Tanganyika Territory, May 1920; asst. sec., May, 1922; ag. senr. asst. sec., Sep. to Nov., 1923; ag. asst. admstr. gen. and asst. regisr. of companies, June, 1924.

BARTLEY, Wm., M.B.E. (1919).—B.A., Dublin; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Dec., 1908; ag. dist. offr., Labuan, Nov., 1909; ag. asst. to atty.-gen., S. Sttlmts., Apl., 1910; passed in Malay, Jan., 1910; passed in law, July, 1910; offr. of cls. V., 1st Jan., 1912; ag. asst. dist. judge and 4th mag., Singapore, 2nd Jan., 1912; ag. inspr. of prisons, 30th Jan., 1912; passed in Javanese, 21st Feb., 1912; dist. offr., Dindings, 25th May, 1912; ag. asst. supt., Netherlands Indian immigrants, F.M.S. and S. Sttlmts., 11th June, 1912; ag. asst. controller of labour, F.M.S., 10th Dec., 1912; ag. asst. to atty.-gen., Singapore, 21st Oct., 1914 to 19th Mar., 1915; asst. regisr. of imports and exports, S. Sttlmts.; sec., food control comtee, June, 1917; mem., shipping comtee., Apr., 1918; sec., food contrl'r's. comtee. Dec., 1918; agent, food controller, Singapore, June, 1919; services recog. by sec. of state, Aug., 1919; sec., profiteering comsn., 1920; ag. collr.-gen., income tax, Sept., 1920; supernmry offr., cls. III, Nov., 1920; sec. to advising comtee. on allowances, in addition,

Coll., Portsmouth, 1908-10; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1909; younger brother of Trinity House, 1910; rejoined Navy on outbreak of war; employed on special services; recd. thanks of Army for services rendered to naval prize fund and at courts martial; specially promoted capt., Apl., 1919; govt. mem., central (unemployed) body for London, 1913 to 1919; atty.-gen., Gibraltar, 9th May, 1919; ag. chief just., and col. sec. on several occasions.

ANDERSON, ROBERT MOWBRAY.—Entd. govt. printing dept., St. Vincent, 6th Feb., 1886; chief govt. printer, July, 1894; steward, col. hosp., Aug., 1901; mem. of comtee. to inquire into admtn. of poor relief, Aug., 1904; clk. to registrar, sup. ct., and registrar of B., M. and D. for dist. I., Nov., 1904; tempory. asst. landing waiter for spec. excise duties, Nov., 1904; edited first "Illustrated Handbook of St. Vincent," 1907.

ANDERSON, R. T. H.—Asst.-supt. of police, E.A.F., 1911; supt., pol., Kenya, 1920.

ANDERSON, THOMAS EDWARD.—B. 1877; excise offr., B. Honduras, Dec., 1902; 2nd grade customs and excise offr., July, 1905; ag. 1st grade customs and excise offr., from April, 1904; confirmed March, 1906, rlwy. acctnt., 1st Aug., 1909; on completion of rlwy. construction reverted to substantive appt., 7th Sept., 1910; ag. chief clk., etc., treasury and customs dept., 20th May to 7th Sept., 1911.

ANDERSON, THOMAS JOHN, M.A., B.Sc., (Hons. Edin.) F.Z.S., F.S.E.—Entomologist, agric. dept., Kenya, May, 1908.

ANDRÉ, WILFRID JOSEPH.—B. 1890; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1912; mag., St. Andrew, &c., Trinidad, Nov., 1923; mag., Caroni, Dec., 1924.

ANDREW, ROBERT CHARLES.—Ed. Liverpool Inst., Harper-Adams Agric. Coll., Newport, and Liverpool Univ.; B.Sc. (agric., London); National Diploma in agric.; mem. (by exam.) of Survr.'s Institn.; lecturer under the East Sussex county council, 1905 to 1910; foreign experience, 1911; asst. supt. of agric., N. Nigeria, 24th April, 1912.

ANDREWS, NORMAN FREDERICK STEWART.—B. 1902; ed. Tonbridge Schl. and Oxford; schol., Brasenose Coll., 1919; Bridgeman Prize, 1923, 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1924, B.A., 1924; cadet, adminstrn., Uganda, 1925; asst. dist. offr., 1927; temp. serving in C.O., 1927-28.

ANGLIN, RT. HON. FRANCIS ALEXANDER, P.C. (1925).—B. 1865; ed. St. Mary's Coll., Montreal, and Univ. of Ottawa; called to the bar, 1888; K.C. 1902; apptd. sen. puisne judge, exchequer div., high ct. of just., Ontario, 1904; puisne judge, supreme ct. of Canada, 1909; ch. just., sup. ct., Canada, 1924; dep. of gov.-gen.

ANNETTS, HERBERT HENRY.—B. 1888; Ed. Magdalen Coll. sch., Oxford, and Worcester Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1910; asst. master, preparatory schl., Repton, 1910-1911; served in Oxfordshire educn. comtee's. office, and inspr. of evening schls., Oxfordshire county council, 1911-1912; apptd. junr. supt., educn. dept., Northern Nigeria, 12th Sept., 1912; senr. supt., 1st Jan., 1913; ag. dir. educn., 4th Apr., 1920; senr. supt., 1st Jan., 1919; dep. dir., 1st Jan., 1920; ag. dir., 1920 and 1922.

ANTHONY, EDWIN AUGUSTUS.—Clk., ch. mag's office, Tembuland and Transkei, 2nd May, 1894; clk. and dept. audr. of rev., atty.-gen's office, 28th Mar., 1897; examr. of acct., July 1897; ag. ch. clk., pol. branch, 1st Mar. to 30th Apr.,

1902; ag. bookkeeper, guardian's fund, master-office, from 16th Jan., 1903; ag. 1st clk., Simon Town, 5th to 29th Sept., 1904; clk., civ. comsnnr., Cape, 30th Sept., 1904; ch. paymr's. office, treasury, 1st July, 1908; registrar of friendly societies and treasury rep., Cape Town, Sept. 1918; civ. comsnnr., Cape, Mar., 1921.

ANTHONY, PHILIP ARNOLD, C.M.G. (1918). M.I.C.E.—B. 1873; ed. at Mill Hill Schl.; served in engineering dept., G.W. Rly., 1894-1910; gen. man. and chief engrn., F.M.S. Rlys., 1910; services lent to ministry of munitions, May, 1915 to Nov., 1916, resumed duty in F.M.S., Feb., 1917; services lent temporarily to govt. of South Aust., Apr., 1918; resumed duty in F.M.S., Jan., 1919; ret., Dec., 1924; reported on Palestine rlys., 1925; ag. ch. engrn. (design), C.A., Nov., 1925 to Dec., 1926.

ANTROBUS, MAURICE E., B.A.—B. 1895; ed. Winchester, and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; math. exhibr., Trinity Coll., Dec., 1913; 2nd lieut., 6th King's Royal Rifle Corps, Aug., 1914; lieut. June, 1915; capt., Jan., 1917; served in Flanders, Salonica and France, 1915-19; 2nd cls. math. tripos, pt. I., 1919; 2nd cls. hist. tripos, pt. II., 1920; B.A., 1920; temp. 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Aug., 1920; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., 7th Feb., 1921; asst. pvt. sec. to S. of S., 2nd Nov., 1925; seconded as pvt. sec. to gov., Ceylon, July, 1927.

ANTROBUS, SIR REGINALD L., K.C.M.G. (1911), C.B. (1898).—B. 1853; ed. at Winchester and at New Coll., Oxford; scholar of New Coll., 1872; 1st class in classical mode., 1874; 2nd class in final classical school, 1876; B.A., 1876; apptd., after an open compet. exam., to be a clk. in the C.O., May 3rd, 1877; asst. priv. sec. to the Earl of Kimberley, 5th Dec., 1880, to Dec., 1882; priv. sec. to the Earl of Derby, 16th Dec., 1882, to 24th June, 1885; to Col. the Right Hon. F. A. Stanley, M.P. (afterwards Earl of Derby), 24th June, 1885, to 6th Feb., 1886; and to Earl Granville, 6th Feb. to 3rd Aug., 1886; administd. the govt. of St. Helena, 5th Nov., 1889, to 8th June, 1890; priv. sec. to Mr. Meade, 1st Feb., 1892, and to Mr. S. Buxton, M.P., 17th Aug., 1892; sen. clk., Jan., 1894; princ. clk., 1896; asst. under-sec. of state, Oct., 1898; crown agent for the cols., 1909; retired, 1918.

APPLEGATE, F. W.—B. 1887; ed. Bath Coll. and Queen's Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1911; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, Apr., 1915; junr. asst. col. sec., 15th May to 30th Sept., 1915; travelling comsnnr., Nsawam, 1st Oct., 1915 to 31st May, 1916, and from 12th Apr., 1917; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kwahu, 1919.

ARCHER, SIR GEOFFREY FRANCIS, K.C.M.G. (1920), C.M.G. (1913).—Asst. collr., East Africa Prot., 1st Dec., 1902; attached secretariat, June, 1902 to Mar., 1903; dist. comsnnr., 1st Apr., 1907; spec. serv., Northern Frontier, East Africa, 1909; off.-in-charge, May to Dec., 1911; awarded Cuthbert Peak Grant by the R.G.S., 1918, for surveys in E. Africa connecting Major Gwynn's Abyssinian triangulation with the triangulation of E. Africa; transfd. to Somaliland Prot., June, 1912; administd. govt., July to Oct., 1912, and from June to Oct. 1913; dep. comsnnr., 31st Mar., 1913; comsnnr. and comdr.-in-chief, Somaliland Prot., 15th May, 1914; assumed govt., 22nd May, 1914; present at operations against the Dervishes at Shimer Berris, Feb., 1915 (African General Service Medal and clasp); member of British Mission on occasion of coronation of the Empress Zauditu of Abyssinia, Feb., 1917 (Star of Ethiopia, 1st class);

gov., Somaliland Prot., 4th Nov., 1919; directed operations against the Mullah, 1920, resulting in complete destruction of Dervish power in Somaliland; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Uganda Prot., 6th Sept., 1922; gov., Sudan, 1924.

ARCHER, NORMAN E.—B. 1892; ed. R.N. Colls., Osborne and Dartmouth; midshipman in Mediterranean and Home Fleets, 1909-12; sub-lieut. (six 1st cl. certs.), Sept., 1912; lieut., June, 1913; H.M.S. *Warrior* in Mediterranean and Grand Fleets, 1912-15; qualified, specialist course, torpedo lieut., 1915; served with Russian Navy in Black Sea, &c., 1915-17 (Order of St. Stanislas, 3rd cls.); passed exam. as Russian interpreter, 1918; intell. divn. admy., H.M.S. *Lowestoft* in Adriatic, minelaying squadron, Grand Fleet, and H.M.S. *Malaya*, 1917-20; apptd. under reconstruction scheme asst. prin., min. of lab., Sept., 1920; temp. attd. to C.O. as asst. prin., Dec., 1921.

ARCHER, W. J.—Supt., govt. printing office, Cyprus, 27th May, 1902.

ARCHIBALD, CHARLES GEORGE.—B. 1869; entd. Trinidad civ. ser., Jan., 1892; cashier, Trinidad govt. rly., 1906; acctnt., 1919.

ARCHIBALD, EDGAR S. B.A., B.S.A.—B. 1885; recd. pmrv. educn. at Yarmouth pub. schl. and Yarmouth acad.; grad. Acadia Univ., 1905; also grad. from the Nova Scotia hort. schl. in the same year, and from Nova Scotia agric. coll. in 1906; recd. deg. of Bach. of Scien. Agric. from the Ontario agric. coll., 1908; inst. of agric. and expmtlst. at the Nova Scotia agric. coll., 1908; prof. of agric. and farm supt. of the same coll. in 1910; entd. the serv. of the Fed. Dept. of Agric. in June, 1912, as Dominion animal husbandman at the Cent. Expmtl. Farm, Ottawa; ag. dir. of Expmtl. Farms, 1918-1919; dir., June, 1919.

ARCHIBALD, MUNGO TENNENT, M.C.—B. 1885; ed. Glasgow (M.A.), and Pemb. Coll., Oxford; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1909; off. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., May, 1910; ditto, Batticaloa, May, 1911; pol. mag., Kurunegala, May, 1912; asst. land settmt. offr., Jan., 1913; special comsnr. in connection with riots, June, 1915; asst. land settmt. offr., Aug., 1915; on military duty, 1916; asst. land settmt. offr., Aug., 1919; asst. govt. agt., Puttalam, Dec., 1922; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, Apr., 1923; asst. sttlmt. offr., July, 1923; ag. sttlmt. offr. for various periods, 1924, 1925 and 1927.

ARMITAGE, CAPT. SIR CREIL HAMILTON, K.B.E. (1926), C.M.G. (1911), D.S.O. (1901).—Asst. inspr., G. Coast constab., 1894; served in Ashanti expd., 1895-6 (star); Northern Territories (Neutral Zone), 1897 (medal and clasp); inspr., 1898; priv. sec. to gov. of G. Coast and clk. of leg. and exec. couns., 1899-1900; Ashanti campaign, 1900 (ag. res. during siege of Coomassie, D.S.O., medal and clasp); trav. comsnr., 1901; comsnr. of S. Province of Ashanti, July, 1901; comdt. of Ashanti Mines volunteers with rank of major, Nov., 1905; ag. chief comsnr. of Ashanti, Oct., 1901, to end of year, Apr. to Oct., 1906, Dec., 1907, June, 1908, and from June to Dec., 1909; chief comsnr. of Northern Territories, 28th Jan., 1910; gov., Gambia, 20th Nov., 1920; assumed govt., 3rd Jan., 1921.

ARMSTRONG J. R.—B. 1881; clk., defence dept., Union of S. Africa, Nov., 1913; clk. High Comsnr.'s office, S. Africa, Jan., 1916; apptd. to Swaziland estab., Jan., 1919; ag. conf. clk. to

gov.-gen. on various occasions from 1916-1919; asst. sec. (in S. Africa) to Lord Cave's comen. on S. Rhodesia, 1919; senr. clk., 1925.

ARMSTRONG, ROBERT.—B. 1879; ed. Friends' Schl., Great Ayton, Yorks and Durham Univ.; diploma in agric., Armstrong Coll., Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in Univ. of Durham; lecturer, schl. of agric., Egyptian govt. 1906-1910; lecturer and organiser in agric. for the Hampshire County Council; asst. dir. of agric., Zanzibar, 6th Feb., 1913; ag. dir. of agric., 28th Oct., 1915 to 13th Aug., 1916; ag. chief supply offr., 16th Sept. to 15th Nov., 1918, and 30th Mar., 1919; ag. admstr.-gen., 10th Nov., 1919 to 22nd Jan., 1920; ag. dir., agr., 30th Mar., 1919 to 13th Jan., 1920, and 30th Nov., 1923 to 10th May, 1924; ag. dir. of agr. and ch. supply offr., 7th Feb. to 15th Nov., 1922; ag. dir., agr. and off. mem., leg. coun., 23rd Jan. to 17th July, 1926.

ARNOLD, CARL EVAN.—B. 1896; on mil. serv., Jan., 1916; cadet, Ceylon, Oct., 1920; attd. to Anuradhapura Kacheheri, Oct., 1920; ag. pol. mag., Puttalam, July, 1921; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Aug., 1922; extra office asst., Kandy kacheheri, Nov., 1923; off. asst., Puttalam kach., Jan., 1925; dep. rubber contr., Apr., 1926.

ARNETT, EDWARD JOHN, C.M.G. (1924), B.A. (1898).—B. 1876; ed. St. Paul's schl. and St. Catherine's Coll., Cambridge; classical tripos; called to the bar, 1912; C.A. office, 1902; rev. offr., N. Nigeria, 1903; 3rd cls. res., 1906; 2nd cls. res., 1909; 1st cls. res., 1912; ag. lieut.-gov., N. Provs., Nigeria, Oct., 1920.

ARNOLD, 1ST BARON (creat. 1924), RT. HON. SYDNEY ARNOLD.—B. 1878; was parly. priv. sec. to the pres. of the bd. of educn. and to the finan. sec. to the treasury, 1914; lib. M.P. for Holmfirth and later for Penistone, 1912-21; parly. under sec. for the cols., Jan., 1924 to 7th Nov., 1924.

ARTHUR, JAMES STARTIN WILLS.—B. 1881; ed. at Marlborough Coll. and Balliol Coll., Oxford; B.A. (1904); cadet, S. Sttlmts., Jan., 1906; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, Sept., 1907; ag. asst. treas., Singapore, June, 1909; 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, July, 1910; attached to col. audit office, Feb.-Mar., 1911; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, July, 1911; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Is., Aug., 1911; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, May, 1912; ag. asst. P.M.G., Penang, Sept., 1912; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Mar., 1915; offr., cls. IV, May, 1916; seconded as asst. adviser, Kedah, May, 1916; ag. temp. as adviser in addn., Feb.-Mar., 1917; offr., cls. III, Jan., 1919; offr., cls. II., Dec., 1921; ag. collr., land rev., Penang, May, 1922; dist. judge, Penang, Oct., 1922; dep. pres., mun. comsra., Penang, May, 1923; dist. judge, Malacca, Jan., 1924.

ARUMUGUM, JOSEPH NALLIAH.—B. 1896; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1921; attd., Anuradhapura kach., Dec., 1921; itg. pol. mag., W. Prov., May, 1924; pol. mag., Chilaw, July, 1927.

ASHTON, DANIEL ASPINALL.—B. 1869; ed. at Manchester gram. schl. and Owens Coll.; M.B., B.Ch., Victoria Univ.; civ. surg., S. African war, 1901-1902 (medal and three clasps); col. med. offr., S. Nigeria, Jan., 1903; served in Cross River expdn., 1904 (medal and clasp); med. offr. at Abe and Obubura.

ASHTON, HUGH.—B. 1878; served in S. African War; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1906; inspr., 1914; served in European War with native labour contingent; asst. comsnr., Basutoland, 1923.

Dec., 1920; seconded for serv. under Kelantan Govt. as asst. adviser, Apr., 1922; ag. Br. adviser Kelantan in addn., 1922 and 1923; ag. 1st asst. sec. (B), S.S., and clk. of couns., Jan. 1924; ag. under sec., S.S. Mar., 1924; ag. dist. off., Klang, Apr., 1926; sec. to res., Selangor, Aug., 1926; ag. comsnr., lands, S.S., Sept., 1926; ag. under sec. to govt., F.M.S., Aug., 1927.

BARTOLO, PAOR. AUGUSTO, LL.D., B.Lit., F.R.H.S.—B. 1883; matric., Malta Univ., 1901; B.Lit., 1904; called to bar, 1907; edr. for many years of "Daily Malta Chronicle"; prof., hist. of legislation and examr. in law and lit., Malta Univ.; ohmn., Malta branch, Empire Parly. Assocn.; Malta Univ. del. at congress of Universities of Empire in Gt. Britain, 1921; el. for 2nd divn. in leg. assem., Oct., 1921; re-el., June, 1924 and Aug., 1927; min. for educn. and migrn., 16th Aug., 1927; author of several works on Maltese hist. and imp. affrs.

BARTON, A. E. V.—Imp. cust. serv., 1912; cust. asst., Kenya, Sept., 1919; collr. of cust., Apr., 1923; comptr., cust., B. Guiana; collr., gen., Jamaica, 1927.

BARTON, C. J. J. T.—B. 1891; ed. Denstone and Downing Coll., Cambridge; history and law triposes; B.A., 1913; M.A., 1920; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Aug., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., 1917, 1919, 1921; asst. for native affrs., 1923; ag. senr. asst. sec., 1924; ag. asst. col. sec., 1927.

BARTON, CECIL MOLYNEUX, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1883; ed. Shrewsbury and Trinity Coll., Dublin (hons., classics, law); barrister-at-law, King's Inns, Dublin, 1906; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 1913; res. mag., 1914-21; ag. judge, sup. ct., Apr., 1921 to Oct., 1922; legal adviser, Gambia, Dec., 1922; comsnr. to enquire into double inoculation of cattle, 1918; ohmn. of coms. to enquire into inoculation of cattle for rinderpest by vety. dept., 1919; ag. judge, sup. ct., July to Oct., 1923 and July to Oct., 1925; mem., exec. and leg. couns.

BARTON, MAJOR P. F., V.D.—Assoc., London Assn. of Acctnts.; asst. treas., G. Coast, Mar., 1907; attd. col. sec.'s office, Oct.-Nov., 1907 and Sept.-Nov., 1910; senr. asst. treas., Nov., 1908; ag. oh. asst. treas., Apr.-July, 1914 and June, 1916; oh. asst. treas., Apr., 1917; ag. treas. and currency off., July-Oct., 1919 and Dec., 1920 to Aug., 1921; dep. treas., Jan., 1920; commanded G. Coast Volunteers, 1914 and during War; ment. in desps., Aug., 1917; col. treas. and currency off., Sierra Leone, 6th Aug., 1922.

BARWELL, HON. SIR HENRY NEWMAN, K.C.M.G. (1922), LL.B. (Adelaide Univ.), M.P., Barrister-at-Law.—B. 1877; ed. St. Peter's Coll., Adelaide; mem., H. of A., S. Australia, Stanley dist. 1915-25; atty.-gen., 1917 and 1918-20; premier and atty.-gen., 1920-24; fedl. senator, 1925; agt. gen. for S. Australia, 1928.

BASCOM, HENRY ALEXANDER.—Has held numerous appts. in St. Lucia, Grenada, St. Vincent and the Turks and Caicos Islands, 1899-1922; treas., collr. of cust., man. savings bank, recr. of crown lands rev., mem., exec. and leg. couns., bd. of health, quarantine bd., Dominica, Jan., 1923; comsnr., income tax, July, 1924; ag. admstr., Mar., 1925 and Feb., 1927.

BASELEY, REGINALD BRUCE, A.M.I. Mech. E. (1914), M.I. Mar. E. (1911).—B. 1878; ed. Victoria Coll., Jersey; col. engrn., Falkland Is., 1912; ag. comsnr., currency on various occasions; ag. local audr., Apr.-Dec., 1920.

BASSETT, JOHN HAROLD.—B. 1896; ed. Wallacey and Glasgow Univ.; warserv., 1914-19;

priv. sec. to dep. contr. (organization) Min. of Lab., 1919-20; cadet, F.M.S., 1921; attd. to dist. office, Jezebu, July, 1921; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Klang, Oct., 1922; ag. asst. ditto, May, 1923; off., cls. V., Oct., 1923; town planning admstr., Ipoh, Mar., 1927; off., cls. IV., Oct., 1927.

BASSETT, RALPH HENRY.—B. 1896; on mily. serv., Sept., 1914; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1920; attd. to Ratnapura Kaoh., Jan., 1921; ag. pol. mag., Jaffna, May, 1922; asst. stlmnt. off., July, 1925.

BATEMAN, G. S., L.D.S., R.S.C., Eng.—Serv. with Forces in E. Africa, 1915 and 1916; dental surg., Uganda, May, 1912.

BATEMAN, WALTER SLADE, O.B.E. (1920).—Served in convict and prisons branch, Cape Colony, 1894-1901; sec. bd. of management, Somerset hosp., Cape Town, 1897-1901; clk., prisons dept., Transvaal, Jan., 1901; chief clk., July, 1901; ag. inspr. of prisons, June, 1903; asst. dir. of prisons, July, 1905; ag. dir., Nov., 1906; mem. of tender bd. at various times during 1902-1906; ag. gov. of central prison and local gaol, Pretoria, June, 1907; gov. of Johannesburg gaol and Diepkloof prison, Dec., 1907; ag. asst. dir. of prisons, Union of S. Africa, Oct., 1911; dir. and under-sec. for justice, 1918.

BATES, ISAAC GRAINGER.—B. 1886; barrister-at-law, Gray's Inn, 1909; equity bar, 1909-13; ch. mag. and legal adviser, Br. Solomon Is. Prot., with jurisdiction as a judl. comsnr. for the Western Pacific, Nov., 1913; ag. res. comsnr. in addn. during 1919; seconded for serv. as ch. pol. mag., Fiji, May, 1920 to Dec., 1921; senr. mag., Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1922; ag. judge, high ct., on various occasions 1926-27; ag. solr.-gen., July, 1927.

BATHO, CHARLES PHILIP ARTHUR, M.B.E. (1920).—B. 1883; ed. Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey, and Victoria Coll., Jersey; control and audit office, Cape Colony, 1900; sec., tender bd., 1901; transf'd. Transvaal prisons dept., July, 1902; prin. clk., July, 1910; prin. clk., Union prisons dept., Nov., 1912; ch. clk., Nov., 1917; asst. dir., prisons, Apr., 1926; is also comsnr. of oaths for Union.

BATHO, G. F. W.—B. 1872; Cape govt. rlya., 1892; clk., audit dept., 1893; asst. sec., tender bd., Cape, 1893; sec., 1895; examr. of acct., 1893; acctnt., 1903; oh. acctnt., 1909; prov. audr., Cape, 1910.

BATHURST, HENRY CHARLES.—B. 1887; ed. Dulwich Coll. and Camb. Univ.; maths. schol., 1906-09; 22nd wrangler, 1909; cadet, F.M.S., 1910; passed in law and Tamil, 1912; ag. 2nd asst. supt. of imigrts., Penang, Apr., 1912; ag. asst. supt. of imigrts., Klang, Aug., 1912; ag. asst. contr. of lab., Klang, Dec., 1912; asst. contr. of lab., Klang, 1913; ag. emigrn. agt., Madras, Apr., 1914 and Mar., 1916; temp. employed in C. O., July, 1915; ag. sec., Madras govt. lab. bureau in addn., Apr., 1919 to Mar., 1920; passed in Telegu, 1920; 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, Sept., 1921; asst. offl. assignee and dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, Oct., 1921; 2nd mag. and coroner, Penang, June, 1922; offg. chief asst. dist. off., Kinta, Mar., 1923 and Dec., 1924; ag. ohmn., sany. bd., Kinta, Mar., 1924; offg. oh. asst. dist. off., Kinta, Dec., 1924; ag. dep. contr., lab., Penang, May, 1926; fedl. examr., Telugu, Aug., 1926; ag. dep. contr., lab., Malaya, July, 1927; ag. contr., ditto, Aug., 1927.

BATHURST, WALTER DUNDAS.—B. 1859; ed. Lancing Coll.; agt. of Congo Free State, 1883-6; apptd. to col. audit branch exchequer and

audit dep., Jan., 1889; local audr., Gibraltar, under C. and A. G., Jan., 1891; ch. examr., E. and A. dept., col. audit branch, Dec., 1906.

BATTERBEE, SIR HARRY F., K.C.V.O., (1927). C.M.G. (1918); C.V.O. (1919).—B. 1880; ed. at Grammar Schl., Faversham, and at Oxford; classical scholar, Hertford Coll., 1899-1904; 1st cls. class. mods., 1901; 1st cls. math. mods., 1901; 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1904; apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cls. clk., exchequer and audit dept., Jan., 1905; 2nd cls. clk., C.O., May, 1905; ag. 1st cls. clk., 4th June, 1916; 1st cls. clk., 6th July, 1917; sec. to W. African lands comtee., 1912; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. Lewis (now Lord) Harcourt, 9th Dec., 1912; priv. sec. to Lord Islington, 12th Oct., 1914; priv. sec. to Mr. (now Sir Arthur) Steel-Maitland, 31st May, 1915; priv. sec. to Mr. Walter Long, 11th Dec., 1916 to 13th Jan., 1919; prin., 1st Apr. 1920; ag. asst. sec., 1st Mar., 1923; polit. sec. to Adml. commdg. sp. serv. squadron during Empire cruise, 1923-24; asst. sec., 12th Dec., 1924.

BATTERSHILL, WILLIAM DENIS.—B. 1896; on mil. serv., Aug., 1914-19; cadet Ceylon, Apr., 1920; attd. to Colombo cust., May, 1920; attd. to Badulla kachcheri, Jan., 1921; office asst., Badulla kachcheri, Mar., 1921; pol. mag., Panadura, Oct., 1922; dep. fiscal, Colombo, June, 1923; addnl. asst. col. sec., Jan., 1925; 4th asst. col. sec., Mar., 1925; 3rd asst. col. sec., May, 1927.

BATTISCOMBE, CHRISTOPHER FRANCIS.—B. 1890; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury, and Haileybury Coll.; schol., Lincoln Coll., Oxford; B.A. (hons.) 1914; asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., 1914; served with R. Berks. Regt. and Grenadier Guards during European War; appt. in col. serv. cancelled on acct. of wounds, 1919; re-ent. col. serv. as headmr., Machakos indus. schl. and instr. of schls., Ukamba prov., E. Africa, 1921; tutor to Prince Seyyid Abdulla, son of the sultan of Zanzibar 1922; sec. to sultan, 1923; admstve. offr., Zanzibar, 1923.

BAVIN, HON. THOMAS RAINSFORD, K.C., B.A., LL.B.—B. 1874; ed. Auckland, N.Z. and at Sydney Univ.; called to bar, 1897; prof. of law, Univ. of Tasmania, 1900; sec. to prime min. C. of A., 1901-4; M.L.A., N.S.W., from 1917; premier and col. treasurer, N.S.W., 1927.

BAXTER, JOHN BABINGTON MACAULEY, K.C., D.C.L.—Elected to New Brunswick Legislature, 1911; atty.-gen., 1914; leader of provincial opposition, 1920; min. of cust. in Dom. govt., 1921; prime min., New Brunswick, 1925.

BAYLES, HERBERT LAURENCE.—B. 1886; ed. Dulwich Coll.; clk., C.A.'s office, 1905; clk., cust. serv., Nyasaland, 1909; P.W.D., 1910; Nyasaland Field Force, 1914; asst. finan. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 1916-17; asst. treas., Zanzibar, 1921; ag. treas., in 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924 and 1926; dep. treas., Kenya, Mar., 1924.

BAYLEY, BENJAMIN HAMILTON.—B. 1874; ed. at Queen's Coll., B. Guiana; draughtsman to titles to land comsnnr., B. Guiana, Oct., 1890; gradual promotion to prin. clk., govt. sec.'s office, Jan., 1920; dep. col. treas., 12th Mar., 1924; 2nd asst. col. sec., 1st Jan., 1925; ag. asst. col. sec. on several occasions.

BAYLEY, SYDNEY HOWARD.—Entd. P.W.D., B. Guiana, June, 1888; transfd. to pris. dept., 1889; sec. to inquiry into coolie riots at Skeldon, 1895; seconded to audit office, 1895; comsry. of taxation, B. Guiana, Feb., 1896; J.P., Mar., 1903; supt. of govt. indust. schl., Onderneeming, Aug., 1906; mem., bd. of agric., B. Guiana,

1908; comsnnr. of oaths, 1910; census comsnnr., 1921; mem., bd. of educn., 1921; managing dir., transport dept., B. Guiana, 1922.

BAYNES, EDWARD WILLIAM, O.B.E. (1920).—B. 1860; clk., G.P.O., Antigua, Jan., 1899; clk. to comsnnr., Virgin Islds., Jan., 1901; ag. priv. sec. and clk. to admstr., Dominica, Dec., 1906, to May, 1908; ag. clk., gen. legis. coun., Leeward Is., 1908 session; priv. sec. and clk. to admstr., Dominica, 10th Aug., 1909; transfd. to Impl. civ. ser. and apptd. 2nd cl. clk., National Health Insurance Comn. (England), 13th June, 1912; 1st cl. clk., 13th May, 1913; priv. sec. to sec., ministry of shipping, Jan., 1917; sec., National Health Insurance Joint Comtee., Oct., 1919; priv. sec. to parly. sec., ministry of shipping, Apr., 1920 to Mar., 1921; suptg. clk., Min. of Health, 1st Oct., 1920; sec., "Discovery" comtee., C.O., July, 1923; col. sec., Leeward Is., 17th Oct., 1925; admstr. govt. of Antigua on several occasions; offl. mem. leg. coun., Dominica, 1927; ag. asst. col. sec., Leeward Is., Apr. to Sept., 1927.

BAYNES, T. E. P.—B. 1884; clerical asst., col. sec.'s off., Trinidad, 1903; 6th clk., C.S.O., 1903; 5th clk., C.S.O., 1906; 1st clk., post office, Antigua, 1907; ag. 2nd clk., C.S.O., 1907; ag. 3rd clk., C.S.O., 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1911; 3rd clk., C.S.O., 1911; ag. 2nd clk., C.S.O., 1911-12; ag. clk. to admstr., Dominica, 1912; 2nd clk., C.S.O., clk. of exec. and legis. couns., Antigua, and supt. of govt. printing office, 1912; clk. to admstr., and clk. to exec. and legis. couns., Dominica, 1919; offr. in ch., N. dist., 1924; title changed to warden, N. dist., 1st Apr., 1926; temp. mem., leg. coun., Dominica, Feb., 1926; O.A.G., Montserrat, 1st to 8th Mar., 1926; O.A.G., Virgin Is., Aug. to Nov., 1926.

BAZELL, C.—B. 1885; ed. Christ's Hosp. and Kettle Coll., Oxford (scholar 1904-08); B.A. 1908 (2nd hon. mods., 2nd lit. hum.); asst. mast., Raffles Inst., Singapore, 1914-17 and 1922; ag. headmast., Malay Coll., Kuala Kangsar, 1923.

BEAL, REAR-ADML. ALISTER FRANCIS, C.B. (1926). C.M.G. (1919), R.N.—B. 1876, ed. H.M.S. "Britannia," Dartmouth; comdr., H.M.S. "Princess Royal," 1912-15; capt., 1915; served on Admty. war staff, 1915-18; in command H.M.S. "Weymouth," 1918-19 and 1920-21; dep. dir., operations divn., Admty. naval staff, 1921-23; commodore commdg. N.Z. squadron and naval adviser to N.Z. Govt., 1923-26; offr., Legion of Honour, 1919; Italian Silver Med. for mily. valour, 1918.

BEAL, PERCY GORDON.—B. 1876; ed. Royal Naval Sch.; dist. traf. supt., F.M.S. Rlye., Apr., 1912; asst. traf. man., Jan., 1913; dep. traf. man., Kuala Lumpur, July, 1914; ag. traf. man. on various occasions, 1918-25.

BEAL, CAPT. WILLIAM PHILIP BARRETT, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1884; vety. offr., Gold Coast, 15th May, 1909; seconded for service, B.E.F. as capt., R.A.V.C., 9th Aug., 1915; O.C., 26th Mobile Vety. Section, 21st May, 1918; promoted ag. major whilst holding appt. D.A.D.V.S., 5th Dec., 1918; ment. in desp., 1st July, 1919; demob., 20th Mar., 1919; returned to Gold Coast, 1919; prin. vety. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

BEATTIE, LIEUT.-COL. ALEXANDER ELDNER, C.B.E. (1920), M.C. (1915), ret. pay (res. of offr.).—Entd. Army (Argyll and Sutherland Highrs.), 1906; transfd. on promotion to the Queen's (now The Queen's Royal) Regt., 1908; served in Aden and India; seconded for serv. with W.A.F.F., 1911; asst. adjutant, Southern Nigeria Regt., 1912; ag. regtl. adjutant, S.N. Regt., 1913; adjutant, 4th Bn. Nigeria Regt.,

1914; capt., 1914; Cameroons Exped. Force, 1914; staff offr. to various field columns, 1914-15; ment. in desps., 1914; M.C., 1915; severely wounded, 1915; asst. staff offr., W.A.F.F., Col. Office, 1915; staff offr. (gen. staff offr.), W.A.F.F., 1916; temp. major, 1916; offg. staff offr., K.A.R., 1915; promoted major by brevet, 1918; tempy. lieut. col., 1918; C.B.E., 1920; accompanied inspr.-gen., W.A.F.F., on tour of inspection, Nigeria, Gold Coast, Sierra Leone and Gambia, 1920; C.O. rep. on various inter-depl. comtees., 1915-21; ret., with rank of lieut.-col., Sept., 1922; recd. thanks of S. of S. for services under the C.O.; asst. sec., Gibraltar, Sept., 1922; res. inspr. of schls., Oct., 1922; clk. of exec. coun., Oct., 1922; sec., bd. of educn. (*ex officio*), 1922; local secy., Cambridge Univ. exams. (*ex officio*), 1922; ag. D.P.W. on two occasions; col. sec., Falkland Is., 8th Oct., 1925; ag. gov. from May, 1926 to Apr., 1927; ch. asst. col. sec., Cyprus, 8th Aug., 1927; ag. col. sec., 1st to 8th Sept., 1927.

BEATTIE, JAMES.—B. 1891; European War, 1914-18; Somaliland Camel Corps, 1918-20; M.C., 1920; dist. pol. offr., Somaliland, 1920; dist. comsbr., 1922.

BEATTY, DAVID.—Cadet. S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1898; passed final exam. in Chinese, June, 1901; ag. 3rd magis., Sing., Nov., 1901; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Is., July, 1903; 3rd mag., Penang, Oct., 1903; but cont. to act as dist. offr.; ag. 2nd mag.-Sing., May, 1904; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Sing., June, 1904; ag. sheriff and dep. regisr., Penang, Dec., 1905; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, May, 1907; ag. offl. assignee, S. Sttlmts., Apl., 1909; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, Feb., 1911; dep. regisr. and offl. assignee, Penang, Apr., 1911; ag. regisr., sup. ct. dist. judge, mag. and asst. prot., Chinese, Malacca, Apr., 1911; ag. prot., Chinese, Selangor, Oct., 1913; sec., Chinese affairs, F.M.S., Apr., 1914; prot., Chinese, Tavoy and Mergui (Burma), Mar., 1916; collr., war tax, Singapore, Apr., 1917; ag. prot., Chinese S. Sttlmts., asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Mar., 1918; offg. prot. Chinese, S. Sttlmts., June, 1918; ag. prin. asst. col. sec., May, 1920 to Jan., 1921; sec., Chinese affrs., S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1921.

BEATTY, SIR KENNETH JAMES, KT. BACH. (1926).—B. 1878; ed. Univ. High Schl. and Melbourne Univ.; qualified Victorian bar, 1900; Transvaal law certif. (including Roman Dutch law), 1904; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1908; served in S. African war as lieut., V.M.I., wounded in action (Queen's medal and 4 clasps); apptd. pub. prosecutor, Transvaal, Nov., 1902; addnl. asst. res. mag., Mar., 1903; asst. res. mag., Dec., 1905; attached Natal Carbineers, Natal rebellion, 1906; recd. thanks of Natal govt., medal and clasp; pol. mag., master of sup. ct. and regisr.-gen., Sierra Leone, Sept., 1908; has acted as ch. just., circuit judge and atty.-gen., Sierra Leone; on milly. serv., 1915-18; puisne judge, Gold Coast, 1921; ch. just., Bermuda, 1924; ch. just., Bahamas, 1927.

BEAUCHAMP, 7th EARL (creat. 1815), VICT. ELMLEY (1815), BARON BEAUCHAMP (1806, U.K.); K.G.; K.C.M.G. (1899); WILLIAM LYON; B. 1872; succeeded his father, 1891.—Ed. Eton and Chr. Ch., Oxford; D.L. Worcestershire; Mayor of Worcester, 1895-6; mem. London schl. bd., 1897-9; gov. N.S.W., 1899 to 1900; capt. of hon. corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms, 1906; first comsbr. of works, 1911-14; lord-pres. of the coun., 1910-15.

BEAUCHAMP, ARTHUR KENNET.—B. 1888; ed. Worcester Cath., King's Schl. and Christ

Church, Oxford, B.A., 3rd cla. math. hons., 1910; headmr., gram. schl. and sub-inspr. of schls., Dominica, Sept., 1912; ag. inspr. of schls., Leeward Is., July-Oct., 1916; inspr. of schls., St. Lucia, Jan., 1921; supt., educn., S. Provs., Nigeria, 1926.

BEAUMONT, SIR W. H., KNT. BACH. (1910).—Ensign 75th (Stirlingshire) Regt., Aug., 1870; lieut. Oct., 1871; served on the "Langalibalele Expedition" in 1873; ret. Aug., 1875; priv. sec. to Colonel Milles (administering the govt. of Natal), May, 1873; to Sir Benjamin Pine (lieut.-gov.), and clk. to the exec. coun., July, 1873; ag. R.M., Umlazi Div., Aug., 1874; clk., col. sec.'s office, Jan., 1875; ag. gov.'s clk. and clk. to the exec. coun., Oct., 1875; R.M., Newcastle division, Feb., 1878; col. comdt. of Dist. No. 1, Natal, at the commencement of the Zulu War, Jan., 1879, during which time he raised levies called the "Newcastle Scouts"; R.M., Inanda, May, 1887; R.M., City div., Pietermaritzburg, 1896; ag. puisne judge, sup. ct., for various periods, 1st Feb., 1895, to Oct., 1902; judge of special treason ct., Oct., 1901; puisne judge, sup. ct., 1st Nov., 1902; admstr., 6th June to 1st Sept., 1907; ret., 1910.

BECKETT, HAROLD.—B. 1891; ed. at Monmouth Grammar Schl. and Oxford; exhibitor at Wadham Coll., 1910-1914; also Symons exhibitor, 1912-1914; 1st cla. Schol. Mods., 1912; 3rd cla. Lit. Hum., 1914; B.A., 1914; apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cla. clk., C.O., 30th Nov., 1914; asst. priv. sec. to Lord Milner, 14th Jan. to 16th Mar., 1919; ag. 1st cla. clk., 17th July, 1919; priv. sec. to perm. under sec. (Sir G. Fiddes), 1st Jan., 1920; prin., 1st Apr., 1920; sent to Mauritius as spec. comsbr. to enquire into and rept. to S. of S. on questions of currency and exchange, Apr., 1925; returned to C.O., Oct., 1925.

BECKETT, OSBORNE.—B. 1889; ed. S. Andrew's Coll., Dublin and Trin. Coll., Dublin (scholar, B.A.); cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1912; on milly. serv., Dec., 1914-July, 1919; asst. sec. to res., Perak, July, 1919; dist. offr., Port Dickson, July, 1921; dist. offr., Ulu Langat, June, 1924.

BEDDOW, HERBERT IH.—B. 1888; B.Sc. (Univ. of Wales), 1922; lieut., R.F.C., 1917; flight-comdr., R.A.F., 1918; French front, 1917-19; asst. mast., educn. dept., Hong Kong, 1927.

BEECHING, HERBERT.—Seconded from Basutoland service; apptd. ag. sub-inspr., Bechuanaland Prot. pol., Dec., 1920; ag. asst. res. mag., 1921; ag. res. mag., 1923; passed 3rd grade Secwana exam., 1926.

BÉIQUE, HON. SENATOR FREDERICK LIGORI, K.C., LL.D.—B. 1845; ed. Marieville Coll.; called to Quebec bar, 1868; K.C. (Que.), 1885; K.C. (Dom.), 1889; mem. of R. comsbr. in Whelan case, 1890; called to Senate, 1902; P.C. (Canada), 5th Sept., 1925.

BÉLAND, HON. HENRI SEVERIN.—B. 1869; ed. Three Rivers (Que.) Coll. (B.A.), Laval Univ. (M.D.); physician; mayor of St. Joseph, 1910; el. to leg. ass., Quebec, 1897 and 1900; el. to H.C. by-ele., 1902; re-el., 1904, 1908, 1911, 1917 and 1921; postmr.-gen. in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's govt., Aug. 19th until resignation of govt., Oct. 6th, 1911; served with the Belgian forces in the early part of the war, and made prisoner of war; min. of soldiers' civ. re-est. and health in King admstr., 29th Dec., 1921; called to senate, 1925.

BELCHER, CHARLES FREDERIC, O.B.E. (1923), M.B.E. (1919), M.A., LL.B.—B. 1876; ed. at Geelong Gram. Schl. and Trin. Coll., Melbourne (final scholarship in classics and comp. philology, Shakespeare scholarship); admitted to practise, Victoria, Oct., 1902; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, June, 1909 (cert. of honour); conveyancer, Uganda Prot., July, 1914; custodian of enemy property, Uganda, Apr., 1915; mag., Uganda, June, 1916; asst. judge, Zanzibar, June, 1920; judge of H.B.M. ct. of appeal for E. Africa, Aug., 1920 and June, 1925; atty. gen., Nyasaland, Sept., 1920; mem., exec. and legis. couns.; ag. judge, high ct., Mar., 1921 to Jan., 1922; judge, high ct., 14th May, 1924; ch. just., sup. ct., Cyprus, May, 1927.

BELL, HON. LIEUT.-COL. EDWARD, O.B.E. (1924), M.B.E. (1918), V.D.—Served in R.I.C. Dec., 1885 to Aug., 1896; attached 2nd Batt., Durham Light Infantry, 1896; Hythe certif. of musketry and instr.'s certif., Maxim machine gun; drill instr. to local force, St. Kitts-Nevis, 12th Aug., 1896; ag. inspr., L. Islds. police and adjut., St. Kitts-Nevis defence force, 1898; inspr., L. Islds. police, Sept., 1898; and capt. and adjut. defence force; ag. inspr.-gen., L. Islds. police, and ag. inspecting off. of defence forces of colony, Apr. to Nov., 1903; ag. inspr.-gen., L. Islds. police, 1st Apr., 1905, subsequently confirmed in cmdt. of force as chief inspr.; comdt. local forces, with local rank of lieut.-col.; extra A.D.C. to gov. Sir Bickham Escott, 1912; mem. exec. coun., Leeward Is., 1915; police medal, 1915; recd. thanks of H.M.'s Govt., for services rendered during riot and disturbances in Antigua in March, 1918; is a J.P.

BELL, EDWARD PETER STUBBS.—B. 1902; 4th clk., col. sec.'s office, Antigua, 1920; sur. clk., 1927; clk. to atty. gen., 1927; ag. priv. sec. to offr. adm. govt., Leeward Is., April-Sept., 1924 and June-Oct., 1927; clk., ex. and leg. couns., Antigua, 1927.

BELL, RT. HON. SIR FRANCIS HENRY DILLON, P.C. (1926), G.C.M.G. (1923), K.C.M.G. (1915), K.C.—B. 1851; B.A., Camb.; barrister, Middle Temple, 1874; entd. New Zealand parlt., 1893; leader of legis. coun., 1912-26; min. of internal affairs, 1912 and 1920; min. of imigrn. in National ministry, 1915; also leader of leg. coun.; atty.-gen., 1918-26; min. of educn., min. of public health and min. of imigrn., 1919-20; comsnr. of state forests, 1919-22; min. of marine, 1921-22; min. of just., Jan. to June, 1923-26; min. of external affrs., 1923; prime min., 14th-30th May, 1925; mem. of exec. coun. without portfolio, 1926.

BELL, GEORGE FREDERICK.—Cape civ. ser., 8th Feb., 1902; registr. of native lab., Transvaal, 1910; pub. pros., native affrs. ct., Johannesburg, 1913; S. African Expedy. Force, Dec., 1915; polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 10th Aug., 1916.

BELL, MAJOR GRAHAM AIRDRIE.—Clk., P.O.D., Ottawa, 1890-92; rly. dept., 1892; finan. compr., 1913; asst. to min., 1917; dep. min., 1919; mily. serv. with 43rd Regt., Ottawa, 1891-1915; sp. serv. in England and France, 1915; vice-pres. and vice-pres. of finance, Canadian nat. rlys., 1922.

BELL, MAJOR G. H., M.C., Officer Legion d'Honneur.—B. 1885; entered army, 1906; India, 1907-9; Nigeria, W.A.F.F., 1911; asst. dir. of surveys, Nigeria, 1912-14; served in France, 1914-16; Palestine and Syria, 1917-18; dep. ch. polit. offr., Egyptian Expedy. Force, 1919; G.S.O., Intelligence, E.E.F., 1920; dir. topographical branch, Gold Coast Survey, 1920.

BELL, SIR HENRY HESKETH JOUDOU, G.C.M.G. (1925), K.C.M.G. (1908), C.M.G. (1903).—B. 1865; ed. in Paris; 3rd clk. gov.-in-chief's office, Barbados, May, 1882; transferred to treasury dept., Grenada, 1883; supervisor of customs, G. Coast, Jan., 1890; sen. asst. treas., G. Coast, Aug., 1891; ag. dist. comsnr. and sheriff, Accra, 1892; ag. col. treas., 1893; rec.-gen., Bahamas, Dec., 1894; represented Harbour Isld. in House of Assem., 1895-6; ag. col. sec., July to Oct., 1897, Apr. to Nov., 1898; admn. of Dominica, Aug., 1899; ag. gov., Leeward Is., Aug., 1904, and from June, 1905; comsnr. and comdr.-in-chief, Uganda Prot., 31st Jan., 1906; gov., ditto, 18th Oct., 1907; gov., N. Nigeria, 30th Oct., 1909; gov. Leeward Is., 1912; gov., Mauritius, 7th Jan., 1916; assumed govt., 18th May, 1918; author of "Geography of the Gold Coast," "Obeah," etc.

BELL, NORRIS GARRETT, M.I.C.E.—B. 1860; ed. Edinburgh Collegiate Schl. and Edin. Univ.; in Queensland rly. serv. for 28 yrs., and sometime ch. engnr.; engnr.-in-ch., Commonwealth rlys., Apr., 1914; rly. comsnr., C. of A., 1922.

BELLAMY, WILLIAM EDWARD.—Ag. asst. comsry. of taxation, B. Guiana, 12th Sept., 1893; dist. comsry. and crown land offr., Pomeroy River, 26th July, 1895; 3rd grade comsry., I.R.B., treasury, 24th Mar., 1896; 2nd grade ditto, 22nd May, 1901; asst. inspr. of dists., L.G.B., 5th Sept., 1906; ag. sec., L.G.B., and inspr. of dists., 14th Dec., 1907 to 12th June, 1909, 1st Oct., 1910 to 23rd Nov., 1911, 24th Oct., 1912 to 14th Feb., 1914, and from 15th Mar. to 12th Oct., 1914.

BELLANTI, J. J., LL.D., Malta Univ., 1910.—B. 1885; ed. St. Ignatius' Coll., Malta; matric. (3rd place in hon. list), Malta Univ., 1902; clk., civil serv., Malta, 1907; mem. of coun. of govt., 1911; asst. crown advocate, Gozo, 1914; assessor of taxes, Malta treasury, Apr., 1923.

BELLETH, BENJAMIN, I.S.O. (1926).—B. 1875; ag. office asst., Kalutara Kach., Ceylon, July, 1918; apptd. to cls. V. of civ. serv., July, 1919; extra office asst. to the col. sec., Aug., 1920; off. asst. to col. sec., Apr., 1925; cls. IV., June, 1927.

BEMINSTER, FREDERICK ARBON.—Tech. instr., N. Nigeria, 17th June, 1914; instr. in arts and crafts, 1st Jan., 1920.

BENHAM, JOHN ELLIOTT.—B. 1886; capt. 3rd E. Lancs. Regt.; war service, German and Portuguese E. Africa, 18th Mar., 1917 to 1st Dec., 1918; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 29th Apr., 1914; dist. comsnr., 21st Aug., 1922; asst.-col. sec., 1st Jan., 1925; J.P., 1926; ag. senr. asst. col. sec. and clk., exec. coun. on several occasions.

BENJAMIN, LOUIS EDMUND.—B. 1865; ed., pub. schl., Graham's Town, S. African Coll., Cape Town and St. Peter's Coll., Cambridge; sometime Maynard and Univ. scholar, Univ. of Cape of Good Hope, and law scholar, St. Peter's, Cambridge; B.A., Cape, LL.B., Cambridge; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1889; K.C., Cape, 1907, and Union of S. Africa, 1910; judge, sup. ct., Cape of Good Hope provin. divn., Union of S. Africa, 1920.

BENNETT, HON. SIR JOHN ROBERT, K.B.E. (1916).—M.H.A., St. John's West, Newf'dld., 1904; M.E.C., 1913; col. sec., 1913; mem., defence comtee., 1915; deputy chief censor, telegraphs and cables, 1914; press censor, 1915; min. of militia, 1917.

BENNETT, SYDNEY CHRISTMAS, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.Inst. Mun. and Cty. Engrs.—Ed. Sherborne Schl.; asst. engnr., P.W.D., E.A.P., 1914-15; pioneer, E. A. Pioneers, 1915-16; 2nd lieut.,

E.A. Rly. Corps., 1916-17; lt., 1917-18; ment. in desps., "1914-15" Star, Br. War and Victory med.; exec. engr., Kenya, 1921.

BENNETTS, ALBERT THOMAS.—B. 1890; ed. Camborne Schl. of Mines, 1908-11; metallist of the Royal Cornwall Polytechnic Socy., 1910; 1st cls. hon. and silver metallist, City and Guilds of London Inst., 1911; 1st cls. diploma, Camborne Schl. of Mines, 1911; mines dept., F.M.S., 1912-25.

BENSON, SIR J. HAWTREY, KT. BACH. (1912), A.B., M.D., F.R.C.P. Irel.—Ed. Trin. Coll. Dublin; 1st hon. matha., graduated, 1864; consulting physician to Royal City of Dublin Hosp., and to the Monkstown Hosp.; Fellow of Acad. of Med., Ireland; late censor and examr., Royal Coll. of Phys., Ireland, and late external examr. in med., Dub. Univ.; is now med. advr. for Ireland to C.O.; author of numerous papers and articles on technical med. subjects; ret., 1926.

BENTINCK, MAJOR WALTER GUY, BARON, C.M.G. (1912), D.S.O. (1902).—Ed. at Marlborough Coll., Jena Univ., Germany, and Royal Mil. Coll., Sandhurst; joined Rifle Brig., 1885; capt., 1894; major, 1902; ret., 1905; intelligence dept., W.O., 1899; served throughout S. African war, 1899-1902; (ment. in desps., Queen's medal with six clasps, King's medal with two clasps); dist. comsnt., Vereeniging, 1900; res. magr., Wakkers-troom dist., Transvaal, 1901-1907; Transvaal mem. of Natal-Transvaal boundary comsnt., 1902; sec. in office of high comsnt. for S. Africa, 1907; ag. Imperial sec., Aug., 1907, to Mar., 1908; asst. Imperial sec., Apr., 1908; chmn. Swaziland water comsnt., 1909.

BENTWICH, NORMAN DE MATTON, O.B.E., M.C.—B. 1883; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; 1st cls. class. tripas, pts. I and II; Whewell schol.; called to bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1908; inspr., native cts., Egypt, 1912; iecturer, Khedivial schl. of law, 1913-15; major, R.A.S.C., 1917; senr. judl. offr., O.E.T.A. (S.), 1918-20; legal sec., govt. of Palestine, 1920-22; atty.-gen., 1922.

BENZIES, DOUGLAS, M.A., B.Sc.—B. 1899; ed. Heriot's Schl., Edinburgh; Edin. Univ., 1919-25; M.A., B.Sc.; France, June-Dec., 1918; demob., Jan., 1919; asst. mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

BERKELEY, HENRY SEGRAVE.—B. 1879; served in S. African War with Kitchener's Horse (medal and five clasps), 1900-1901; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1904; political offr., N. Nigeria, 29th April, 1906; statn. mag., Nigeria, Jan., 1914; pol. mag., 21st July, 1921; ag. puisne judge, 9th Apr. to 10th May, 1923; ag. puisne judge, Oct. to Dec., 1924, June to Aug. and Sept. to Oct., 1926 and from May to June, 1927.

BERKELEY, SIR MAURICE JULIAN, KT. BACH. (1927).—Called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn; entd. col. serv., 1883; ag. pol. mag., Tobago, 1882; ditto, St. Vincent, 1884; ditto, Barbados, 1885-1892; pol. mag. Dist. "D." Barbados, 1892; ditto, Bridgetown, 1899; ag. judge, ct. of appeal, 1900 and 1901; S.J.P., Port of Spain, Trinidad, 1902; ag. judge, sup. ct., 1906, 1907 and 1908; ag. mem. of educn. board, 1907 and 1908; puisne judge, B. Guiana, 1908; ag. chief just. on various occasions in 1910, 1912-14, 1919-20, 1922, 1925-27; ag. atty.-gen., Oct., 1912 to Feb., 1913; ret. 1927.

BERLYN, BERNARD HENRY ALFRED FORBES.—B. 1886; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and privately; Army chaplain (C. of E.), 1914; 2nd lieut., 4th

Batt., Royal Irish Rifles, 1915; invalided, 1916; barrister-at-law, Gray's Inn; mem. of S.E. circuit; pol. mag., sup. ct., Gold Coast, 1923; ag. circuit judge, Ashanti and N. Territories, 1925; 2nd puisne judge, sup. ct., Leeward Is., 1927.

BERNE, CAPT. JAMES LEO, O.B.E. 1918.—B. 1885; ed. Dulwich Coll.; 2nd Lieut., Royal Irish Regt., 1904; capt., 1910; served with Sierra Leone Batt. W.A.F.F., 1907-1912; served with Franco-Liberian bndry. comsnt., 1908 (recd. thanks of French govt.); served with Anglo-French bndry. comsnt., 1911; capt., reserve of officers; asst. dist. comsnt., Somaliland Prot., 13th Sept., 1912; dist. comsnt., 28th March, 1914; served with Admiralty war staff, intell. div., Apr. to Aug., 1916; accompanied mission to Abyssinia on the occasion of coronation of Empress Zauditu, 1917; 3rd cls. Star of Ethiopia, 1917; sen. asst. sec. to govt. of Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apl., 1921; ag. asst. ch. sec., Sept., 1922 to May, 1923, Dec., 1923 to March, 1924.

BERRY, LESLIE HAMILTON.—B. 1884; ed. Whitgift Gram. Schl. and Finsbury Tech. Coll., Assoc. of Inst. of Chemistry; B.Sc. (London); passed lower stand. in Mende; asst. dist. comsnt., 27th Nov., 1922; dist. comsnt., 3rd Oct., 1917.

BERTEAU, F. C., I.S.O. (1914).—Ed. Victoria Coll., Jersey, 1865-72; ent. Newfoundland civ. ser. as clk. H.M. Customs, 1878; collr. of cust., Labrador, 1881; clk. in col. sec.'s off., 1889; ch. clk., 1890; J.P. for col., 1893; mission to Ottawa to inquire into Canadian fin. system, with view of applying same to Newfld., May, 1898; audr.-gen. Newfld., July, 1898; ag. cashier, Newfoundland savings bank, 1911.

BERTRAM, SIR ANTON, KT. BACH. (1916); K.C. (1913).—Ed. at City of London sch., and Camb.; scholar of Caius Coll., 1887; Fellow, 1891; 1st cl. class. trip., part I, 1890; ditto, part II., 1891; Powis medal for Latin verse; Chancellor's medal for classics, 1891; R.A., 1890; M.A., 1892; president, Union Soc., 1891; Tancred law studentship, Lincoln's Inn, 1890; called, 1893; atty.-gen., Bahamas, 1902; elected to H. of Assem., June, 1903; ag. col. sec., May to Sept., 1903; admtd. govt., Sept. to Oct., 1905; ag. ch. justice, Sep.-Nov., 1906; chmn. of comsnt. on the Out Is., 1906; puisne judge, Cyprus, 1906; atty.-gen., Ceylon, 19th May, 1911; mem. of exec. and legis. couns.; ag. ch. justice, Apr., 1918; ch. justice, July, 1918; services lent to govt. of Palestine, Dec., 1920 to May, 1921; ret., 1925; joint author, "Handbook to Workmen's Compensation Acts, 1897 and 1900."

BEST, HON. SIR ROBERT WALLACE, K.C.M.G. (1908).—B. 1856; vice-pres. of the exec. coun. Australian Commonwealth; leader of the Deakin govt. in the Senate, Feb., 1907; min. for trade and customs, C. of A., 1909; now retd.

BEST, SIR THOMAS ALEXANDER VANS, K.B.E. (1926), C.M.G. (1916), C.B.E. (1918).—B. 1870; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Magdalen Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1894; Tavorian Univ. scholar; gold medalist of French Ministry of pub. instruction; asst. B. Cent. Africa admstn., 1896; judicial offr., Mar., 1898; ag. ch. judicial offr., Nov., 1899, to Mar., 1900; ag. vice-consul, Chinde, Aug., 1902, to Apr., 1903; ag. dep. comsnt., Apr. to Dec., 1903, and June, 1905, to Jan., 1906; dist. res., 1st cls., Apr., 1906; col. sec., Falkland Is., Oct., 1909; ag. gov., Dec., 1909, to Dec., 1910; attended Impl. Educn. Confee., 1911; col. sec., Leeward Is., Jan., 1913; ag. gov., May to Sept., 1914, Apr. to Aug., 1915.

and from Jan., 1916, to Mar., 1919; recd. thanks of H.M.'s Govt. for services during disturbances in Antigua in Mar., 1918; col. sec., Trinidad, Aug., 1919; ag. gov., June-Aug., 1920, June, 1921 to Jan., 1922, June to Oct., 1923 and from Aug., 1924; lieut. gov., Malta, 1925; O.A.G. for various periods in 1926 and 1927.

BETANCOURT, NELSON.—B. 1887; sworn survr.; 2nd asst. inspr. of mines, Trinidad, 1st April, 1909; 1st inspr., mines, 17th Apr., 1921; ag. inspr., mines, May to Sept., 1927.

BETHEL, CHARLES PEROVAL.—B. 1891; ag. 4th clk., post office, Bahamas, Apl. and Nov., 1909; cadet, Out islands, Feb., 1910; 3rd clk., C.S.O., and clk. to pub. bd. of wks., New Providence, Sept., 1912; 2nd clk., C.S.O., Feb., 1914; ag. chief clk., C.S.O., 12th May to 1st Aug., 1919; chief clk., C.S.O., 1st Aug., 1919; enlisted for active service, 1915, 2nd lieut., Mar., 1919; served in France; twice wounded; discharged from Army, Apl., 1919; resumed duties, May, 1919; ag. clk. in charge, col. sec.'s office, 20th Aug. to 2nd Sept., 1923; ag. col. sec. and temp. mem., exec. coun., 22nd Oct. to 12th Nov., 1923, 4th May to 26th Oct., 1924 and from 13th Sept., 1926; ag. A.D.C. to admstr., 20th Sept. to 8th Nov., 1925.

BETHELL, WILLIS H.—B. 1875; pub. schl. teacher, Bahamas, 1897; customs offr., Mar., 1901; ag. chief clk., audit dept., June, 1912; chief clk., audit dept., Apl., 1913; ag. auditor of pub. acct. for various periods between 1916 and 1923; audr., Dec., 1925; audr., pub. acct., 1st Dec., 1925.

BETTINGTON, DIGBY ROWLAND ALBEMARLE.—Ed. at United Serv. Coll., Westward Ho!; served with Natal Mounted Pol., 1898-1901; with 2nd Kitchener's Fighting Scouts, 1901-1902 (dangerously wounded, ment. in desps., Queen's med., and 5 clasps); inspr., mil. pol., Cyprus, 1903; inspr., pol., Sierra Leone, 1906; ag. comsnnr., pol. and sheriff on several occasions; dep.-comsnnr. of pol. and dep.-supt., prisons, Gold Coast, 1910; base comdt., Togoland Field Force, 1914; "1914-15" Star, War and Victory med.; title changed to dep. inspr.-gen. of pol. and prisons, 1915-17; inspr.-gen., pol. and prisons, Gold Coast, 1920; inspr.-gen., pol., Gold Coast on separation of depts. of pol. and prisons, 1920; King's Police med., 1920; ret., 1924; commdt., pol., Bahamas, 1924; resigned, 1926; chief of pol. Bermuda, 1927.

BEVIR, ANTHONY, M.A.—B. 1895; scholar of Eton, 1909, and of Hertford Coll., Oxford, 1914; M.A., 1923; served with 7th King's Liverpool Regt., July, 1915 to Apr., 1919; twice ment. in desps.; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., C.O. 9th Feb., 1920.

BEWES, GEORGE PRICE HOPK.—B. 1892; ed., Clifton Coll. and Royal Naval Coll., Osborne; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 25th Aug., 1920.

BEWSHER, FREDERICK WILLIAM, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S.—B. 1886; ed. St. Paul's and Merton Coll., Oxford; served in Gt. War, 1914-18 (brig. major); commdt., Palestinian Gendarmerie, 1921; offr. commdg. Transjordan Frontier Force, 1926.

BEYERS, FREDERICK WILLIAM, B.A., LL.B., K.C., M.L.A.—Ed. S. African Coll. Schl. and at S. African Coll., Cape Town; called to the bar in 1905; mem., Transvaal parlt. for Turfontein, 1907-10; attended Col. Confee. with General Botha, London, Mar.-May, 1907; atty.-gen., Transvaal, 1911-14 and for Cape Prov., 1914-15; resigned as atty.-gen., Aug., 1915; elec. to Union

parlt. as mem. for Edenburg, O.F.S., since 1918; min. of mines and industries in Hertzog cabinet, 30th June, 1924.

BEYERS, G. J.—Clk., P.W. dept., Cape, Aug., 1891; bookkeeper, treasury, Feb., 1892; asst. acctnt., July, 1897; stamping comsnnr. and asst. acctnt., Nov., 1903; asst. assessor of income tax, Kimberley, Oct., 1908; recvr. of rev., Bloemfontein, Jan., 1911; offr. i/c. Orange Free State repatriation debts, Dec., 1912; recr. of inland rev., Bloemfontein, Nov., 1916.

BHARUCHA, NAVROJI MANEKJI.—B. 1890; B.A., Cantab. cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Jan., 1914; office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Jan., 1914; attached to Kurunegala Kach., June, 1914; extra office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., in addition to his own duties, Aug., 1914; ag. pol. mag., Kurunegala, Apr., 1916; office asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Jan., 1917; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Nov. 1917; Balapitiya, Nov., 1918; dist. judge, Tangalla, Mar., 1922; ag. dist. judge, Chilaw, May, 1922; asst. sttlmt. offr., May, 1925; dist. judge, Kalutara, Jan., 1927.

BICKLE, W. H.—B. 1885; apptd. after compet. exam clk. of the 2nd div., and assigned to C.O., 17th Mar., 1905; cler. offr. higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922.

BICKMORE, CHARLES WILLIAM.—B. 1888; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., 17th Nov., 1911; attached to Colombo Kachcheri, Dec., 1911; col. sec.'s office, Aug., 1912; Galle Kachcheri, Nov., 1912; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Feb., 1913; offr. asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., Dec., 1913; pol. mag., Jaffna and Kayts, June, 1914; office asst. to govt. agt., Cent. Prov., Nov., 1914; pol. mag., Panadura, Aug., 1915; seconded for serv. as ag. financial asst. to ohmn., mun. coun., Colombo, Mar., 1916; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Jan., 1917; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mullaivattu, Nov., 1917; on mil. duty, 1918; ag. dist. judge, Kegalla, June, 1919; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, Nov., 1919; ditto, Matara, May, 1921; asst. col. treas., May, 1922; ag. col. treas., 30th Sept. to 17th Oct., 1926.

BIDEN, ARTHUR GERALD.—B. 1878; ed. at Radley Coll. and Trin. Coll., Oxon.; B.A. (honour jurisprudence), 1902; clk., col. audit branch of F. and A. dept., Feb., 1903; asst. audr., G. Coast, Apr., 1904; local audr., Gambia, Sept., 1905; lieut., Gambia volr. artillery, July, 1907; asst. audr., E.A.P., 1st June, 1908; seconded to audit dept., Somaliland Prot., Nov., 1908; local auditor, Mauritius, 24th May, 1912; food contr., 1917; audr., Br. Guiana, 27th Feb., 1920; audr., Trinidad, 17th Mar., 1923; 2nd comsnnr., income tax, Trinidad, Jan., 1924; audr., Nigeria, 1926.

BIENEMAN, G. A. J., B.A.—Ed. Dean Close, Cheltenham and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; junr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 9th July, 1913; head of training coll., 1st Oct., 1921.

BIGELOW, HENRY VREDER, K.C., B.A., LL.B., M.A.—B. 1874; ed. pub. schls., Truro, N.S., and Dalhousie Univ., B.A., 1894; LL.B., 1896; M.A., 1897; admitted to bar of N.S. 1896; practised law at Truro, N.S., and Regina, Sask.; K.C., Sask., 1913; judge, King's Bench, Sask., Feb., 1918.

BIGG, WILFRED JOSEPH.—B. 1897; boy clk., G.P.O., 22nd Nov., 1912; apptd. after compet. exam. clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. serv. and assigned to C.O., 1st Dec., 1914; on mil. ser. from 31st Aug., 1914, to 8th May, 1919; cler. offr., higher grade, 1922; asst. prin., 1st Aug., 1925.

BILKE, ROBERT HAROLD.—B. 1882; ed. privately; L. & N. W. Rly., 1897-1914; dep. acct., F.M.S.R., May, 1914; ch. acct., Oct., 1915; mem., rly. bd., Oct., 1923.

BIRCH, SIR ERNEST WOODFORD, K.C.M.G. (1911); C.M.G. (1900).—B. 1857; ed. Harrow; cadet, S. Stlmts., Jan., 1876; employed in the C.O., Downing-street, to July, 1878; sec. to the pol. comsn., 1879; passed final exam. in Malay, Aug., 1880; J.P. and a mag., Malacca; took charge Malacca land office, Feb., 1881; ag. collr. of land rev., Singapore, 1881, 2nd asst. col. sec., 1882; on special mission in H.M.S. "Esplor." to report on the Cocos-Keeling Is., 1885; mag. and collr. of land rev., Malacca, 1888; ag. Br. res., Selangor, May, 1892, to Jan., 1893; sec. to govt., Perak, July, 1893; ag. res., Perak, Sept., 1895, to July, 1896; Br. res., Negri-Sembilan, June, 1897; govrn. and commander-in-chief of the col. of Labuan and of B.N. Borneo, Dec., 1900; Br. res., Perak, 10th Feb., 1904; retired, 1911.

BIRCH, HUGH MASSEY, M.I.C.E.—Ed. privately and King's Coll., Ldn.; trooper, M.M. Pol., 1897; exec. engrn., P.W.D., E.A.P., 1907; local capt., E.A. Forces, 1916-18; exec. engrn., P.W.D., Kenya, 1918; B.S.A. Coy's, Br. War and Victory meda.

BIRCH, W. C.—Asst. analyst, E.A.P., July, 1914; senr. chemical offr., Apr., 1923.

BIRD, EDGAR CLARENCE FREDERICK.—B. 1886; ed. Xaverian Coll.; asst. chief of customs, Zanzibar Prot., 29th Oct., 1914; ag. chief of customs, 24th Jan. to 16th Aug., 1915, 16th May, 1916, to 23rd Feb., 1917, and 19th Dec., 1917; marshal, H.B.M. Court for Zanzibar (in Prize), 25th Jan. to 15th Aug., 1915, and from 19th Dec., 1917; immigr. offr., 23rd Sept., 1915; dep. comptr., cust., Tanganyika Territory, 15th Oct., 1920; ag. comptr., cust., on various occasions, 1921-26.

BIRD, REGINALD.—B. 1893; ed. Merton Coll., Oxford; B.A. 1919; 12th and 6th Batts., York & Lancaster Regt., 1914-19; cadet, S.S., Oct., 1919; ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, June, 1920; asst. dist. judge, Singapore, Aug., 1922; asst. sec. to res., Selangor, July, 1924; dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, July, 1925; ag. sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, Apr., 1926; ag. state treas., ditto, in addn., July, 1926.

BISCOE, CECIL JULIAN TYNDALE, M.C., B.A., F.R.G.S.—B. 1895; ed. Trin. Coll., Glenalmond, Trent Coll., Derbyshire, and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1924.

BISCOE, VINCENT FREDERICK.—B. 1886; ed. at Cheltenham Coll. and Clare Coll., Camb.; B.A., June, 1908; 2nd lieut. London Rifle Brig. (Territorial Force), June, 1909; called to the bar, Inner Temple, Nov., 1910; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 2nd Aug., 1911; 2nd cls. dist. offr., 5th Dec., 1919; ag. station mag., 29th Dec., 1924.

BLACK, CAPT. EDWARD HAMILTON, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), D.P.H. (Camba.), D.T.M. and H. (Eng.), Capt., R.A.M.C.—B. 1881; ed. Edinburgh Univ., 1906; med. offr., F.M.S., June, 1914; temp. comsn., R.A.M.C., June, 1915; B.E.F. (France), 16th divn., Sept., 1915; attd., 7th Corps, B.E.F. (France), 1918; resumed duties health offr., F.M.S., Nov., 1919; ag. senr. med. offr., Perak, Nov., 1920 in addition; health offr., Kinta, registr. of births and deaths, Perak, 1922.

BLACK, HON. FRANÇOIS MOLLISON.—B. 1870; ed. Perth Academy; ent. civ. serv., post office savings bank, England, 1886; proceeded to Canada, 1889; held various business appts.; apptd. to

public utilities comsn., Alberta, 1917; served on the federal food control bd., 1917; pres., Bd. of Trade, Calgary, Alberta, 1916-17; provincial treas., Manitoba, 8th Aug., 1922; el. for constituency of Rupert's Land, 13th Sept., 1922.

BLACK, JOHN ALAN.—B. 1891; cadet F.M.S. 1914; offr., cls. V., 1917; offr., cls. IV., 1921; ag. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Jan., 1924; ag. prot. of Chinese, Perak, Aug., 1924; ag. prot. Chinese, Negri Sembilan, May, 1925; ag. asst. contr., lab., Seremban, June, 1925; ag. state treas., Negri Sembilan, in addn., Sept., 1925; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1926; asst. prot., Chinese S'pore, Dec., 1926.

BLACK, WILLIAM JOHN.—B. 1872; ed. pub. and high schls., Ont.; grad. in agr., Toronto Univ.; editor, "Farmers' Advocate," Winnipeg, 1902-04; dep. min., agr., Manitoba, 1904-06; pres., Manitoba Agrl. Coll., 1905-15; sec. economic and development comsn. of Canada, 1915-16; comsnr. of agr., Canada, 1916-18; ohmn., soldier stlmt. bd., 1918-20; dep. min., immigr. and colonization, 1921; man., colonisation dept., Canadian National Rlys., London, 1923; ch. colonization dept., C.N. rlys., Montreal, 1924.

BLACKALL, HENRY WILLIAM BUTLER, B.A., L.L.B. (1st place).—Ed. Stoneyhurst and Trinity Coll., Dublin; Victoria prizeman, jurisprudence and internat. law; 1st of 1st cls. hons., mod. history; John Brooke scholar, King's Inns; called to Irish Bar, 1912; crown counsel, E.A.P., Oct. 1919; M.L.C., Apr., 1920; crown counsel, Nigeria, 30th May, 1923; ag. solr.-gen., July to Sept., 1923.

BLACKMORE, HARRY.—Ed. at St. Bartholomew's Schl., Wednesbury; Science and Art Schl., Walsall; St. John's Coll., York, and Victoria Univ., Leeds; senior asst. St. Bartholomew's School, Wednesbury, 1900-1903; English and music master and pupil teacher, Centre and Higher Grade Schl., Walsall, 1904-1905; head master, Riccall Schl., York, 1905-1908; normal master, B. Guiana, July, 1908; headmaster, primary schls., G. Coast, 1912; inspr. of schls., 1914; seconded to G. Coast Regt., 1917; returned to civ. duty, 1918; ag. dir. educn., Mar., 1924; ch. inspr., schls., Sierra Leone, 15th May, 1924; ag. dir. educn., 6th Aug., 1924.

BLACKWELL, KENNETH RAY.—B. 1896; cadet, F.M.S., 15th Mar., 1921; Malay exam., 1st std., 27th June, 1921; mag., 2nd cls., 23rd Aug., 1921; asst. supt. of chandu, Kuala Lumpur, 5th Dec., 1921; passed Malay exam., 2nd std., 10th Jan., 1922; passed cadet, 10th Jan., 1922; asst. supt. of chandu, Ipoh, June, 1922 and Mar. 1923; ag. senr. asst. supt., chandu monopoly, Perak, Feb., 1923; supervisor, cust., Kukab, Johore, Aug., 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., Gopeng and Kampar, Oct., 1923; offr., cls. V., Nov., 1923, asst. supt., lands, Kelantan, Apr., 1924; ag. dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, June, 1924; asst. dist. offr., Kroh and asst. supervisor, cust., Kroh, Jan., 1926; ag. state treas., Perak, Feb., 1927.

BLACKWOOD, A. Mc.A., M.B., Ch. B. (Glasgow).—Lieut., R.A.M.C., 1st May, 1917; capt., 1918; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1919.

BLACKWOOD, JOHN ALEXANDER.—B. 1874; ed. Dollar Academy, and at Heriot-Watt Coll., Edinburgh; articled to Scottish solr., 1892; Impl. mil. rlys. (now I.S.A.R.), 1901; entd. Crown Agent's office, 1902; asst. registr. of inscribed stock, 1914; head of insurance and checking dept., 1919; asst. sec. to W. African Currency Bd., 1912-1914; dep. head, stores dept., 14th Nov., 1921; head, shipping dept., July, 1927.

BLAIR, DYSON.—B. 1874; apptd. to survr.-gen.'s dept., Ceylon, 1st Oct., 1891; asst. supt. of surveys, 1st Jan., 1898; offr. in charge of topographical survey party, 1897 to 1905; asst. comsnnr. of lands, Fiji, 13th May, 1906; ag. comsnnr. of lands, 22nd Jan., 1907; comsnnr. of lands and crown survr., Fiji, 20th Oct., 1908; ohmn. of mining bd., 1909; M.L.C., M.E.C., 1919; dep. dir. of surveys, Uganda, 3rd Dec., 1920; ag. dir. of surveys, land offr. and comsnnr. of mines, Uganda, 13th Aug., 1923; dir., surveys, land offr., and comsnnr. of mines, Uganda, 1st Mar., 1924.

BLAIR, HON. JAMES WILLIAM.—B. 1871; called to bar, 1894; M.L.A., Queensland, for Ipswich, 1902-15; atty.-gen. in Morgan and Kidston ministries, 1903-7, also sec. for mines for most of that period; sec., pub. instrn., Denham ministry, 1912-15; puisne judge, Apr., 1922; ch. just., Queensland, 1925.

BLAIR, ROBERT WESTRUP, A.R.C.Sc.I., F.I.C.—B. 1885; ed., George Watson's Coll., Edin., R. Coll. Sc., Ireland; asst. chem., Imp. Inst., 1905-06; asst. chem., Metro. Water Bd., Lond., 1906-11; 1st asst. chem., Wellcome Trop. Research Lab., Khartoum, Sudan, 1911-12; asst. chem., Inst. for Med. Research, Kuala Lumpur, F.M.S., 1912; chem., Inst. for Med. Research, Kuala Lumpur, F.M.S., 1913; 2nd lieut., East Lancs. Regt., 1915; tempy. lieut., 1916; sp. brigade R.E., 1916; ment. in desp., 1918; ag. capt., R.E., 1918; chem., Inst. for Med. Research, Kuala Lumpur, Nov., 1919; 2nd lieut., M.S.V.R., Dec., 1922; 1st lieut., July, 1924; extra A.D.C. to high comsnnr., Nov., 1924; ch. chem., Inst. for Med. Research, Mar., 1927; capt., M.S.V.R., May, 1927.

BLAKELY, DONALD QUENTIN.—B. 1875; clk., atty.-gen.'s off., B. Honduras, Apr., 1898; ag. registrar.-gen., May, 1906, to Mar., 1907; 1st cls. clk., registrar.-gen.'s office, Apr., 1907; ag. registrar.-gen., Oct., 1908, to May, 1909; comsnnr. of sup. ct., B. Hond., Mar., 1908; ag. registrar.-gen., Oct., 1908, to May, 1909, and Aug., 1912.

BLAND, EDWARD MALTRY, C.M.G. (1927).—B. 1878; ed. Trin. Coll. Schl., Port Hope and Royal Mill Coll., Kingston, Canada; employed on Can. Pac. and Can. Northern rlys., 1897-1900; served in S. African war in Strathcona's Horse (medal and three clasps); asst. engrn., Impl. mil. rlys., S. Africa, 1900-1902; ditto, C.S.A.R. 1902-1908; Baro Kano rly., 1918, and acted as dir. of rlys., N. Nigeria, Feb. to Oct., 1912; asst. engrn. in chief, Nigerian rly., 1st Jan., 1913; special mission to B. Guiana to report on proposed rly. development, 1913; engrn. in chief, Nigerian Eastern rly. construction, Feb., 1914; dep. gen. man., Nigerian rly., eastern div., 1916; gen. man., Gold Coast rlys., 1917; gen. man., Nigerian rlys., Nov., 1918.

BLAND, SAMUEL PATRICK, M.B.E. (1925) Cert., Royal San. Inst.—B. 1880; B.S.A. pol., S. Rhodesia, 1901-03; supt., P.W.D., Zanzibar, 24th Mar., 1910; asst. engrn., 1st Jan., 1911; ag. asst. D.P.W., 16th Apl. to 7th June, 1915, 27th Jan. to 18th July, 1916 and from 7th Feb. to 25th Apr., 1919; asst. D.P.W., 26th Apr., 1919; ag. D.P.W. for various periods 1915-16, 1918-22 and 1925-26; asst. D.P.W., 1927.

BLANDFORD, HON. SYDNEY D.—B. 1868; M.H.A., Newfoundland; elected for Bonavista, 1904, 1908 and 1909; M.E.C. and min. of agric. and mines, 1909; M.L.C. and min. of agric. and mines, 1914; sheriff of Newfoundland, 1917.

BLANKENBERG, SIR R. A., K.B.E. (1920), O.B.E. (1918).—Rhodesian service, 1895 to 1902;

conf. clk. to lieut.-gov., Transvaal, 1902; ag. priv. sec. to lieut.-gov., Aug., 1902; ch. clk. to agt.-gen. in London, 1st June, 1907; ch. clk. to high comsnnr. for Union of South Africa, London, 1910; asst. sec. to high comsnnr., 1912; sec. to high comsnnr., 1919; ag. high comsnnr., 1920; ret., 31st Mar., 1926.

BLAXTER, KENNETH WILLIAM.—B. 1896; ed. Malvern and Magdalen Coll., Cambridge (schol.); mil. serv., France and Italy, 1915-19; asst. prin., miny. of transport, 1920; sec., royal comsnn. on compensation for suffering and damage by enemy action, 1923; asst. prin., C.O., 1924.

BLEASDELL, ERNEST HAMILTON.—B. 1887; ed. Kable Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 1912; ag. dist. comsnnr., Dec., 1912 to Feb., 1913, June to Dec., 1913, July, 1914 to June, 1915, Nov., 1915 to 1917, and from July, 1917; dist. comsnnr., 19th Aug., 1918.

BLINMAN, HARRY, M.V.O. (1920).—B. 1861; entered customs dept., S. Australia, 1878; cadet, audit off., Dec., 1878; clk., chief sec.'s off., 1883; chief clk., 1913; under sec. and clk. of exec. coun., S. Australia, July, 1916.

BLOOD, HILARY RUDOLPH ROBERT, M.A. (Glas).—B. 1893; on mil. serv., Oct., 1914-1919; tempy. employed at C.O., Mar.-Dec., 1919 and Aug., 1924 to May, 1925; cadet, Ceylon, Jan., 1920; attd. to Colombo Kach., Feb., 1920; Anuradahapura Kach., Mar., 1920; ag. office asst., Anuradahapura Kach., Nov., 1920; attd., Kandy Kach., Apr., 1921; office asst., govt. attd., Cent. Prov., June, 1921; 4th asst. col. sec., Apr., 1922; 3rd asst. col. sec., June, 1925; dist. judge, Badulla, Oct., 1926.

BLOOMBURGH, CAPT. JOSEPH HUGH, O.B.E.—B. 1867; late King's Own Scottish Borderers, 1885-1905; 6th K.A.R., Somaliland, 1905-10; ch., Khartoum prov. civ. pol., 1910-15; coy. commdr. and qmr., Somaliland Camel Corps, 1915-19; asst. commdt., pol. and dir., prisons, Somaliland, 1919; Sudan med. and clasp, 1886, Gemaizah, Br. War med., Indian med. with clasp, Relief of Chitral, 1895, Punjab Frontier, 1897-98, and Tirah 1897-98, A.G.S. med., clasp, Somaliland, 1908, Mil. Serv. med. and Khedivial Star.

BLUMER, REV. REGINALD CHARLES, M.A., B.Sc., Dipl. Ed.—B. 1889; ed. Sydney High Schl. and Sydney Univ.; Caird schol. in chem.; B.A., 1910, 1st cls. hons., Latin, 2nd cls. hons., matha.; B.Sc., 1910; M.A., 1912; dipl. ed., 1921; deacon, 1912; priest, 1913; curate, St. John's, Parramatta, 1912-17; curate, Holy Trinity, Dulwich Hill, 1918; asst. mast., Trinity Coll., Kandy, Ceylon, 1921-25; vice-prin., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

BLYTH, EDWARD D'URBAN, I.S.O. (1926).—Sub-inspr., Basutoland mounted police, 1887; asst. comsnnr., 1901.

BLYTHE, WILFRED LAWSON.—B. 1896; ed. Birkenhead Inst. and Liverpool Univ.; R.F.A. Apr., 1916; 2nd lieut., Jan., 1917; France, Apr., 1917-Aug., 1919; ment. in desps., 1918; demob., Oct., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; attd., Chinese prot., Seremban; at d., Chinese prot., Kuala Lumpur, Dec., 1921; passed final exam. in Cantonese, May, 1924; asst. prot. of Chinese, Selangor, June, 1924; pvte. sec. to ch. sec., Feb., 1925; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Selangor, Mar., 1926; ditto, Selangor and Pahang, Feb., 1927.

BODENSTEIN, HELGARD DEWALD JOHANNES, LL.D. (Leyden), barrister-at-law, Middle Temple.—Clk. mag.'s offices, Krugersdorp, Lydenburg, Pietersburg, 1900; Piet Relief, 1910; sec., judge

pres., J. de Villiers, 1910-12; ch. clk. and professional asst. to atty.-gen., Bloemfontein, Apr., 1912; prof., Roman Dutch Law, Univ. of Amsterdam, Aug., 1912; asst. edr., "Die Burger," 1920; prof., Roman Dutch Law, Univ. of Stellenbosch, 1922-1927; sec. to prime min. and for external affrs., 1927.

BODILLY, COMMDR. RALPH BURLAND, R.N.—B. 1884; ed. Bradfield Coll. and H.M.S. "Britannia," 1899; midshipman, China station, 1901; sub. lieut., Atlantic Fleet, 1905; lieut., Home Fleet, Jan., 1907; invalidated, 1909; called to bar, Middle Temple, Jan., 1913; on war serv., 4th Aug., 1914 to Jan., 1919; lieut. commdr., Jan., 1915; promoted commdr. for war services, 11th Nov., 1918; res. mag., Jamaica, 14th Feb., 1925; author of "Interaction between Vessels."

BODKIN, GILBERT EDWIN, F.E.S., F.Z.S.—B. 1886; ed. at Repton Schl., Derbyshire, and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1908; Cambridge Univ. diploma of agric., 1910; govt. economic biologist, dept. of science and agric., Br. Guiana, 1911; Carnegie scholar in economic entomology, and as such toured the prin. agrl. stations of the United States, 1912-1913; asst. dir. of sci. and agr., and dep. chmn., bd. of agr., Br. Guiana, 1919; editor, jnl. of the bd. of agr., 1918; joint editor, Br. Guiana Handbook, 1921; represented Br. Guiana at the W. Indian Agrl. Confce., 1913, the 3rd congress of trop. agr., 1914, and the Imp. Entomological Confce., 1920; author of numerous papers on the insects of Br. Guiana, scientific repts. to govt., etc.

BOK, DR. WILLEM EDUARD, JUNR.—Priv. sec. to prime min., Transvaal, June, 1907; sec. to prime min. and clk. to exec. coun., Union of S. Africa, May, 1910; law advsr., Feb., 1916; sec. for just., Aug., 1918.

BOLAND, FREDERICK MALCOLM, LL.B.—Called to bar, Middle Temple, 1913; mag., County of St. Patrick, Trinidad, Mar., 1926; mag., eastern dist., Jan., 1927.

BOLS, LIEUT.-GEN. SIR LOUIS JEAN, K.C.B. (1919), K.C.M.G. (1918), C.B. (1915), D.S.O. (1900).—B. 1867; joined Devon Regt., 1887; capt., 1897; adjt., 1899; served, Burmah, 1891-2 (med. with clasp); Chitral Relief Force; S. Africa, 1899-1902 (Queen's med., 5 clasps, King's med., 2 clasps, three times ment. in desp.); lieut.-col., Dorset Regt., 1914; served European war, France, Flanders, Palestine and Syria, 1914-19 (twelve times ment. in desp., C.B., prom. major-gen., K.C.B., K.C.M.G. and various foreign orders); col., Devon Regt. since 1921; gov. and commdr. in ch., Bermuda, 1927.

BOLTON, ARTHUR, B.A., Dipl.—B. 1897; ed. Rugby and Brasenose Coll., Oxford (class.exhibr.); B.A. (hons. chem.), 1920; dipl. educn., 1921; lab. asst., H.M. facty., Sandycroft, 1916; research, Queen's Coll., Oxford, 1921; served in France, 1917-18; wounded; lieut., O.T.C., 1923; asst. inst., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

BOLUS, PERCY REGINALD, M.B. (Lond).—Asst. col. surgeon, Falkland Is., 1904.

BONAVIA, WALTER JOSEPH.—B. 1895; settler, Kenya Col., 1913; on mil. serv., 1914-1916; clk., secretariat, Tanganyika Territory, 9th Apr., 1917; asst. polit. offr. (cadet), 6th Oct., 1920; ag. dist. offr., 21st May, 1926.

BOND, ANDREW THOMAS.—B. 1873; ct. of prob., Ireland, 1890-97; served in S. African war with Cape Mounted Rifles; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1901; inspr., 1909; asst. comanr., 1913.

BOND, MAJOR B. W., M.C.—Asst. dist. comanr., Kenya, May, 1920.

BOND, RALPH NORMAN, B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1900; cadet Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1923; att'd. Puttalam kach., Jan., 1924; ditto Hambantota kach., Oct., 1924; office asst., Badulla kach., Jan., 1926.

BONYUN, E. C. B.—B. 1885; ed. at Harrison Coll., Barbados and privately; copyist, pol. mag.'s courts, Dist. "A," Barbados, Jan., 1903; 2nd clk., registr. off., Barbados, Sept., 1905; ag. dep. registr., from Jan. to Feb., and Sept. to Nov., 1910; ch. clk., registr. off., Nov., 1913; supervisor of customs, Nigeria, July, 1914; asst. recvr., sup. ct., Nigeria, for the purpose of winding up affairs of German and Austrian firms, Nov., 1914; hon. asst. sec. to West Indian Contingent Comtee. (whilst on vacation leave of absence, and with permission of the S. of S.), Sept. to Dec., 1915; ag. supt. of customs, 1st grade, Feb., 1916; asst. censor, Bonny, Feb., 1916; censor, Bonny, May, 1916; ag. recvr. of enemy estates, Nigeria, June to Dec., 1916, and Jan., 1917; collr., 2nd grade, headqrs., Jan.-Mar., 1917 and Sept., 1917, to June, 1918; hon. sec., comtee., Nigerian comforts for overseas forces, Sept., 1917 to June, 1918; in charge of Port Harcourt cust., June-Nov., 1918; ag. supt., 1st grade, Degema, July, 1919 to Jan., 1920; ag. collr., Lagos, Feb.-May, 1920; ag. senr. collr., Lagos, May-July, 1920; collr., Victoria, July, 1921.

BOOCOCK, JOHN JAMES.—Enlisted in Cape Mounted Rifles, 1897; forester, Transkeian conservancy, Cape, 1903; supt. of plantations, 1904; asst. dist. forest offr., Umata, Feb., 1905; Butterworth, Dec., 1908; Kambi, Oct., 1909; Umata, Apr., 1912; dist. forest offr., Kologha, Oct., 1914; conservator of forests, Natal Conservancy, May, 1920; served with Cape Mounted Rifles during Anglo-Boer war, 1899-1902; served with S. African Heavy Arty., Apr., 1917 to June, 1919; conservator, Eastern conservancy, 1926.

BOON, HERBERT.—Copyist, treasury, dept., St. Kitts, May, 1908 to Mar., 1910; 2nd clk., admstr.'s office, Apr., 1913; ch. clk., post office, St. Kitts, May, 1915; clk. to admstr. and clk. exec. and leg. couns., 1st Decr., 1924; has held various ag. appts.

BOOTH, C. A.—Ed. privately; hon. major, Militia; hon. captain, Army; served in South African war, 1900-02; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 16th June, 1906; political offr. with Chibuk expdn., 1906-1907.

BOOTH, JOSEPH RICHARD.—B. 1870; served in R.I.C., 1887 to 1896; passed exam. for grade of dist. inspr.; transferred to Jamaica police force, 1896; transferred to Br. Guiana police force, 1901; dist. inspr., 1905; county inspr., 1914; passed Hindi exam. and Hythe musketry course, 1907.

BOOTH, PERCY, N.D.A., U.D.A.—Senr. supervisor, agrl. dept., Kenya, May, 1922.

BOOTH, R. W.—B. 1879; stock inspr., Basutoland, 1911; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1915; inspr., 1925.

BORDEN, RT. HON. SIR ROBERT LAIRD, P.C. (1912), G.C.M.G. (1914), K.C., LL.D.—B. 1854; ed. Acadia Villa Acad., Horton, N.S.; called to the bar, 1878; head of firm Borden, Ritchie and Chisholm, Halifax; pres. Nova Scotia Barristers' Society, ten years; Q.C., 1900; LL.D., Queen's and St. Francis-Xavier Univs.; elec. to H. of C. Canada, g. e. 1896; re-elec., 1900; defeated g. e. 1904; re-elec., bye-elec.,

1905, and g. e. 1908, 1911 and 1917; leader opposition in H. of C. 1901-1911; president of the King's privy council for Canada and prime minister, Oct., 1911; prime minister and S. of S. for external affairs; mem. of the Peace Conference, Versailles, 1919, as representative of the Dominion of Canada; resigned premiership, 10th July, 1920; Canadian rep. to Armaments Conf., Washington, 1921; chan., Queen's Univ., Kingston, Ont., 1924.

BORG, ANTHONY J., M.D., Malta.—B. 1889; medical off., Fiji, 1916; D.M.O. and M.O.H., Ra, 1917; ag. R.M.O., med. supt., pub. lunatic asylum and visiting med. off., Suva gaol, 1919; D.M.O., Nadroga, 1920; D.M.O. and M.O.H., Nadi, 1921; ditto, Levuka, 1923; ditto, Labasa, 1924.

BORTHWICK, JOHN DOWIE, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1867; qualified at the New Vety. Coll., Edinburgh, 1888; pvte. practice, Castlere, Ireland; senr. asst. vety. surg., vety. divn., Cape Col., S.A., Mar., 1889; ch., vety. surg., 1906; asst. prin., vety. surg., dept. of ag., S.A., 1912; prin. vety. off., 1921.

BOSCH-REITZ, CHARLES JAMES.—B. 1870; ed. in England; entered civ. ser., B. Guiana, 1888; 5th cls. clk., secretariat, 1889; gradual promotion to 2nd cls., 1895; 1st cls. clk., immignt. dept., 1903; transfd. to customs, 1907; survr., 1915.

BOSHOFF, HENRI GUILLAUME, J.P. (Natal).—Advoc. of the sup. ct., atty. and notary public; 2nd puisne judge, native high ct., Natal, 15th June, 1899; acted as 1st puisne judge, 18th Nov., 1900, to 30th Sept., 1901; from 1st Dec., 1903, to 18th May, 1904; and from 1st to 30th June, 1904; and as judge pres., from 19th to 31st May, 1904; 1st puisne judge, 1st July, 1905; ag. judge pres., 1906; judge pres., native high court, Natal, May, 1910.

BOSTOCK, HON. HEWITT.—B. 1864; ed., priv. tuition and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; called to bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1888; went to B.C., 1893; pres., Interior Stock Raisers' Assoc. of B.C., 1916; cl. to H.C., g.e., 1896; called to the Senate, 1904; liberal leader in Senate, 1914-21; min. of pub. wks. in King admn., 29th Dec., 1921 to 3rd Feb., 1922; speaker of the senate, 7th Feb., 1922.

BOSTOCK, WIFRED CRAMER.—B. 1879; ed. St. Lawrence Coll., Ramsgate; served, S. African War, Imp. Yeomanry; asst. engrn., P.W.D., N. Nigeria, Sept., 1908; transfd., Baro-Kano rly., Jan., 1909; res. engrn., constrn., Sierra Leone, Oct., 1914 to Dec., 1915; asst. ch. engrn., Nigerian rly., Jan., 1918; gen. man., Sierra Leone rly., Nov., 1919; ch. engrn., Nigerian rly., Jan., 1922; dep. gen. man., Feb., 1924.

BOTHA, COLIN GRAHAM.—B. 1883; ent. atty.-gen.'s dept., Cape Colony, 1901; serv. in offices of civ. comnr., Cape, and mast. of sup. ct.; in charge, archives of Cape Col., 1912; ch. archivist, Union of S. Africa, 1919; accompanied Sir Reginald Blankenburg as pvte. sec. to first assembly of League of Nations, Geneva; hon. or corresponding mem. of several hist., lit. and genealogical socs. of Gt. Britain and Holland; contributed articles to various jnls., mags. and newspapers; author of "Place Names in the Cape District," 1917; "A Brief Guide to the Documents in the Cape Archives, 1652-1806," 1918; "The French Refugees at the Cape," 1919; rept. of tour to various archives in Europe, Canada and U.S.A., 1921; "Social Life in the Cape Colony in the 18th Century," 1927; "Place Names in the Cape Province," 1927.

BOTTOMLEY, W. C., C.B. (1926), C.M.G. (1921), O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1878; ed. Owens Coll. and Trin. Coll., Camb., entrance maj. schlr., 1896; schlr., 1898; B.A. and 3rd wrangler, 1900; ent. C.O. after compet. exam. as 2nd cl. clk., 22nd Oct., 1901; sec. to col. surv. comtee., 1905; sec. to inter-deptml. pensions comtee., 1907; asst. priv. sec. to Lord Crewe, 16th Apr., 1908; priv. sec. to Sir F. Hopwood, 1st Feb., 1909; priv. sec. to Col. Seely, 1st Jan., 1911; priv. sec. to Lord Lucas, 24th Mar., 1911; priv. sec. to Lord Emmott, 26th Oct., 1911; 1st cls. clk., 1913; principal clk., 8th Dec., 1917; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920; mem., E. African Currency Bd., 1920; asst. under sec. of state, 1927.

BOUCHER, CYRIL HASLEWOOD.—Headqrs. offr., armed nat. constab., B.N. Guinea, Apr., 1905; asst. res. mag., central div., Jan., 1906; mag. for native affairs, Jan., 1906; J.P., Jan., 1906; visiting justice, Port Moresby gaol, Mar., 1906.

BOULDERSON, G. H. C.—Asst. dist. comanr., E. Africa Prot., Mar., 1912; 1st grade admstve. offr., Jan., 1924.

BOUR, EDOUARD FRANÇOIS.—M.R.C.S. Eng.; L.R.C.P. Lond.; L.S.A. Lond.; govt. med. offr., Plaines Wilhelms dist., Mauritius, 1907; medical officer in charge H.M. troops, Mauritius, 1915-19.

BOURDILION, MAJOR BERNARD HENRY, C.M.G. (1924).—Ed. Tonbridge and St. John's Coll., Oxford; asst. mag., United Provs., India, Nov., 1908; under-sec. to govt., Mar., 1913; registr., high ct. Allahabad, May, 1915; apptd. to I.A.R.O., Sept., 1917; jt. mag. (seconded), Mar., 1918; judl. asst., Persian Gulf, June, 1918; settlement offr., Baghdad, Mar., 1919; polit. offr., Baquba, Oct., 1920; polit. sec. to high comanr., Jan., 1921; dep. sec. to high comanr., Dec., 1921; sec. to high comanr., Jan., 1922.

BOURNE, SIR HENRY ROLAND MURRAY, K.B.E. (1918), C.M.G. (1916).—B. 1874; ed. at Radley and New Coll., Oxford; lieutenant, 4th batt. King's Shropshire Light Infantry, 1893-96; 2nd lieutenant, 1st batt. Royal Scots (1st foot), July, 1896; Aldershot special signalling certif., 1898; mounted offr.'s certif., 1899; served in S. African war, 1899-1902 (ment. in desps., 2 medals, 5 clasps); capt., Nov., 1902; seconded for service under Transvaal govt., 1902; supt. of repatriation, 1902-4; served in col. sec.'s office, 1904; under sec., Feb., 1905; resigned army comanr., July, 1906; under sec. for the interior, Union of South Africa, 31st May, 1910; under sec. for defence, 1st July, 1912; sec. for defence, 1st Apr., 1914; ret., 1922.

BOURNE, JOHN DUNBAR MACDOWALL.—B. 1886; examiner, E. and A. dept., 21st Feb., 1906; asst. auditor, N. Nigeria, 21st Aug., 1909; asst. audr., Br. Guiana, 20th Feb., 1920; audr., Somaliland Prot., 22nd July, 1921; audr., B. Guiana, 5th Oct., 1923.

BOVELL, C.—Landing waiter and tide surveyor, customs, Jamaica, 1895; asst. coll. of revenue and clk. to parochial bd. of Port Royal, 1900; 2nd lieutenant in Militia, 1900; lieutenant, 1902; Hythe schl. of musketry, 1902; capt., 1905; dist. supt. of police, Uganda, 1907; R.I.C. course, 1908; supt. of police, Uganda, 1912; ag. asst. comanr. of police and prisons, Uganda, on several occasions; adjutant to Uganda Vol. Reserve, 20th Mar., 1916.

BOVELL, SIR HENRY ALLEYNE, KNT. BACH. (1902).—B. 1854; Gilchrist scholar (London. Univ.), Jan., 1873; LL.B. (Lond.), Jan., 1877, with 2nd class honours in jurisprudence and Roman law; called

to the bar, *Lincolns Inn*, Nov., 1876; *solv.-gen.*, and *exchequer-gen.* of Barbados, and *J.P.*, Mar., 1882; *M.L.C.*, July, 1883; *mem.* of *comn.* to revise laws of Barbados, Mar., 1886; *chancellor* of the diocese, 1884; *atty.-gen.*, Oct., 1886; *atty.-gen.*, *Br. Guiana*, 1896; *ag. legal asst.*, *C.O.*, Dec., 1900 and 1901; *ch. just.*, *Br. Guiana*, 1902; *ret.*, 1912.

BOWDEN, HON. ERIC KENDALL.—*B.* 1872; *ed.* *Newington Coll.* and *Sidney High Schl.*; *admitted solr.*, 1894; *el. mem.*, *H. of R.*, *C. of A.*, for *Nepean*, 1906-10; *re-el.*, Dec., 1919; *min.* of *defence*, *C. of A.*, 1923-25.

BOWDEN, WILLIAM DOUGLAS DAVIS.—*B.* 1875; *ed.* at *private schls.* in *Scotland* and *Germany*, *Edinburgh Univ.* and *Technische Hochschule*, *Dresden*; *M.A.* (*Edin.*); *asst. engr.*, *Sierra Leone Rly.* construction, 1901-06; *asst. dist. comsnr.*, Nov., 1906; *dist. comsnr.* (2nd cls.), Apr., 1910; *dist. comsnr.* (1st cls.), Jan., 1915; *prov. comsnr.*, May, 1920; *ag. col. sec.*, 9th Sept., 1921 to 19th May, 1922; *gov.'s dep.* on several occasions; *passed lower standard exam.* in *Mende*.

BOWER, SIR GRAHAM JOHN, K.O.M.G. (1892), *C.M.G.* (1886).—*B.* 1848; *ret. comdr.*, *R.N.*; *entered navy*, 1861, and *served on Mediterranean*; *E. coast of Africa*, *E. Indian*, *Home*, and *Australian stations*, until 1880, when he was *apptd. priv. sec.* to *Sir Hercules Robinson*, *gov. Cape of Good Hope*, and *high comsnr.* for *S. Africa*; *imperial sec.* to the *high comsnr.*, 1884-97; *colonial sec.*, *Mauritius*, 1898; *admnstd. govt.*, July, 1900, to 1901, Nov., 1903, to Aug., 1904, Apr. to Sept., 1906; and Oct., 1908, to Apr., 1909; *ret.*, 1910.

BOWER, W. M. L.—*Capt.*, 4th *Batt.*, *Liverpool Regt.*; *asst. supt. of pol.*, *S. Stittms.*, Mar., 1903; *asst. supt. of pol.*, *Singapore*, Feb., 1905; *asst. supt. of pol.*, *Penang*, Feb., 1906; *asst. supt. of pol.*, *Prov. of Wellesley*, July, 1907; *asst. supt. of pol.*, *Singapore*, Oct., 1908; *asst. supt. of pol.*, *Penang*, July, 1909; *ag. supt. of pol.*, *Singapore*, Feb., 1911; *ag. 2nd supt. of pol.*, *Singapore*, July, 1912; *supt. of police*, *Malacca*, Apr., 1912; *ag. supt. of pol.*, *Penang*, Nov., 1919; *supt. pol.*, *Malacca*, Dec., 1921.

BOWERLEY, WALTER, B.A., *St. John's Coll.*, *Camb.* (class. tripos, 1899); *apptd. clk.*, *col. audit branch of E. and A. Dept.*, 4th Nov., 1901; *asst. auditor*, *S. Nigeria*, 4th Sept., 1902; *ag. asst. treas.*, Oct., 1902; *ag. local auditor* in 1903, 1904, 1905 and of *amalgamated territories*, *Lagos*—*S. Nigeria*, 1906-7; *ag. local auditor*, *N. Nigeria*, Nov., 1907, to Mar., 1908; *local auditor*, *Gambia*, 27th Apl., 1908; *local auditor*, *G. Coast*, 3rd Nov., 1909; *title changed to auditor*, 1910.

BOWIE, ROBT.—*P.C. certif.*, 1894; *M.A.*, *Edin.*, 1897; *Normal Coll.*, *Cape Town*, 1897-1900; *inspr. of schls.*, *O.R.C.*, 1st July, 1901; *transfd. to Cape Provincial admnstr.*, 1922.

BOWMAN, HUMPHREY ERNEST, C.B.E. (1918).—*B.* 1879; *ed.* *Eton* and *New Coll.*, *Oxford* (2nd cls. mod. hist. 1902); *B.A.*, 1902; *M.A.*, 1906; *ent.* *Egyptian miny. of educn.*, 1903; *seconded to Sudan govt.* (dept. of educn.), 1911-13; *dir.*, *Egyptian students in U.K.*, 1913-14; *serv. with Br. Army*, 1914-20; *B.E.F.*, *France*, 1915-16; *staff capt.*, *H.Q.*, *N. Command*, 1916-18; *India*, 1918; *Mesopotamia*, 1918-20; *ret. with rank of major*, 1920; *seconded from M.E.F.* as *dir. of educn.*, *Mesopotamia*, 1918-20; *seconded to govt. of Palestine*, 1920-23; *dir. of educn.*, *Palestine*, 1920; *mem.*, *advisory coun.* since 1920; *chmn.*,

comn. on *crafts and industries*, 1922; *mem.*, *transliteration comtee.*, 1923; *chmn.*, *comtee. on transliteration of geographical names*, 1924.

BOWRING, ABERIBALD GEORGE.—*Ed.* *Nottingham High Schl.* and *Nottingham Univ. Coll.*; *capt.*, *Sherwood Foresters*, 1914-19; *col. audit dept.*, Nov., 1920; *asst. audr.*, *Nigeria*, Jan., 1921.

BOWRING, SIR CHARLES CALVERT, K.C.M.G. (1925), *K.B.E.* (1919), *C.M.G.* (1908).—*Ed.* at *Clifton Coll.*; *col. audit branch of exchequer and audit dept.*, 1890; *Hong Kong*, 12th Dec., 1892; *loc. aud.*, *B. C.*, *Africa*, 7th Sept., 1893; *loc. aud.*, *East Africa Prot. and Uganda Rly.*, 5th June, 1899; *treas.*, *East Africa Prot.*, 1st Oct., 1901; *mem.* of *executive and legislative couns.*, *East Africa Prot.*, 1907; *chief sec. to govt.*, *East Africa Prot.*, Apr., 1911; *ag. govt.*, Feb. to Oct., 1912, Aug. to Oct., 1913, Apl., 1917 to Jan., 1919, and from Nov., 1919; *gov.*, *Nyasaland*, 30th Aug., 1923; *assumed govt.*, 27th Mar., 1924.

BOWRING, HON. SIR EDGAR RENNIE, KT. BACH. (1915).—*B.* 1858; *mem. legis. coun.*, *Newfoundland*, 1897; *high comsnr. for Newfoundland* in *London*, 1919.

BOWRING, WALTER ANDREW.—*Ed.* at *Eton*; *olk.*, *col. audit branch*, 1st Dec., 1894; *served in Cyprus*, 1896; *asst. auditor*, *E.A.P.* and *Uganda Rly.*, 13th Feb., 1899; *ag. local auditor*, *Uganda Prot.*, 1899; *ag. local auditor*, *Somaliland Prot.*, 1900, and in 1902; *local auditor*, *Uganda Prot.*, 31st May, 1902; *treas.*, *Cyprus*, 11th Nov., 1909; *mem. exec. and legis. couns.*, *Cyprus*, 1909; *chief refugee comsnr.*, *Cyprus*, 1915 (during war); *passed exam. in Turkish*, Feb., 1919; *treas.*, *Gibraltar*, 1924.

BOWYER, ERIC BLACKLOCK.—*B.* 1902; *ed.* *Whitehill Schl.* and *Glasgow Univ.*; *open scholarship*, 1920; *B.Sc.* (with distinction), 1923; *G. A. Clarke schol.*, 1923; *M.A.* (1st cls. *hons.* in *maths.* and *nat. philosophy*), 1924; *asst. inspr.*, *taxes*, 1925; *appt. to C.O.* as *asst. prin. after compet. exam.*, 8th Nov., 1926; *joint sec.*, *col. survey comtee.*, 1927.

BOYCE, ARTHUR CYRIL.—*B.* 1867; *ed.* *Wakefield*, *York*, *Carlisle*; *called to bar*, 1890 (*hons.* and *med.*); *K.C.*, 1908; *D.C.L.* (*hon. canon*) *Bishop's Coll.*, *Lennoxville*, 1913; *unsuccessful candidate for H. of C.*, *Canada*, *Algoma*, 1900; *elected*, *West Algoma*, 1904; *re-elected* 1908 and 1911; *mem.*, *bd. of rly. comsrs.*, *Canada*, 1917; *chancellor*, *diocese of Algoma*; *hon. lieut.-col.*, 51st (*Soo*) *Regt.*

BOYD, A. H.—*B.* 1865; *entered C.O.* after *exam.*, Apr., 1887; *asst. clk.*, *June*, 1892; *supplementary clk.* in *registry*, Mar., 1900; *clerk*, *offr.* higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922.

BOYD, EDMUND B.—*B.* 1894; *ed.* *Aberdeen Gram. Schl.* and *Univ. of Aberdeen*; *M.A.* 1916; 1st cls. *hons. classics*; *on military service*, 1916; *with 60th siege batt.*, *R.G.A.*, *France* and *Belgium*, Nov., 1917, to *June*, 1919; 2nd *lieut.*, Oct., 1917; *lieut.*, Apl., 1919; *temporary clk.* in *C.O.*, Sept., 1919; *apptd. by civ. ser. comsrs.* under *reconstn. scheme*, 2nd cls. *clk.*, *C.O.*, Jan., 1920; *asst. prin.*, 1st Apr., 1920; *priv. sec. to perm. under-sec.*, May to Sept., 1921; *sec. inter-dept. comtee.*, *income tax in cols.*, 1922; *priv. sec. to parly. under-sec.* (*Mr. Ed. Wood*), 4th Apr., 1922; (*Mr. Ormsby Gore*), 31st Oct., 1922; *sec.*, *Imp. Inst. comtee. of enquiry*, 1923; *priv. sec. to Lord Arnold*, 26th Jan., 1924; *ag. prin.*, 12th Dec., 1924; *prin.*, 2nd Nov., 1925; *sec.*, *C.O. confce.*, 1927.

BOYD, PETER FERGUSON.—B. 1893; telegraphist, Union of S. Africa, Sept., 1906 to Dec., 1911; postal asst., N. Rhodesia, June, 1912; ag. ch. asst., Nov., 1916 to Apr., 1917; acctnt., post office, Apr., 1920; ag. sec., Jan., 1925 to Apr., 1926.

BOYD, ROBERT.—B. 1890; ed. Campbell Coll., Belfast, and Trinity Coll., Dublin; schol. (1912), B.A. (1913); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1913; passed in law July, 1914; ag. asst. contrlr. of labr., Mar., 1915; passed in Tamil, Sept., 1915; 2nd lieut., 7th Royal Dublin Fus., Oct., 1915; capt. 10th Royal Dublin Fus., Apr., 1917; demob., Apr., 1919; asst. contrlr. of labr., Nov., 1919; offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1920; asst. dist. offr., Larut, Mar., 1923; registr. co-op. societies, May, 1923; asst. offr. in charge, co-op. societies, S.S., Nov., 1924; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1925; ag. dir., co-opern., F.M.S. and S.S., May, 1927.

BOYD, WILLIAM RYDER.—B. 1887; ed. Campbell Coll., Belfast and Dublin Univ.; B.A., Dublin; cadet, F.M.S., 1st Dec., 1911; ag. asst. dist. offr., Lipia, May, 1912; ag. asst. collr. of land rev., Seremban, Oct. and Dec., 1913 and Aug., 1914; ag. dist. offr., Jekebu, Oct., 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., Tampin, May, 1914; passed cadet, June, 1914; ag. asst. dist. offr., Tampin, Feb., 1915, Dec., 1916 and July, 1918; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, May, 1915; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, June, 1918; asst. dist. offr., U. Selangor, Jan., 1920; asst. dist. offr., Larut, Mar., 1920; dist. offr., Raub, July, 1920; dist. offr., Bentong, Feb., 1921; ag. collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1922; offr., cls. III., Dec., 1923; dist. offr., Krian, Feb., 1924.

BOYDELL, HON. THOMAS.—Served apprenticeship as engr. at R. & W. Hawthorns & Leslies, St. Peters, nr. Newcastle-on-Tyne; came to S. Africa, 1903; worked as a fitter in the Natal harb. wks. and also in the S.A. rly. workshops, Durban; stood unsuccessfully as off. cand. for S. African Labour Party for the Greyville divn. of Durban at the first Union party. elections, 1910; contested by-elect. for same constit., 1912; re-elect., 1915-20, 21 and 24; dep. leader of the S. African Labour Party in parlt.; chmn., parly. labour caucus; national organiser of party; min. of posts and tels. and pub. wks. in Hertzog cabinet, 30th June, 1924; min. of lab., 12th Nov., 1925.

BOYLE, SIR ALEXANDER GEORGE, K.C.M.G. (1921), C.M.G. (1908), C.B.E. (1919).—B. 1872; ed. at Charterhouse, Clifton Coll. and R.I.E.C., Cooper's Hill; priv. sec. to senior puisne judge, S. Stlmts., 1893; resig., 1895; asst. treas.; Uganda Prot., 18th Sept., 1895; ag. sec. to H.M. Comsnr., Uganda Prot., Feb., 1896, to Apr., 1898; ag. treas., Mar., 1899, to Feb., 1900; dep. treas., 1st Apr., 1900; ag. sec. to admstn., May, 1901, to Jan., 1902; appt. collr. with seniority of 18th Sept., 1895, 1st Apr., 1902; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1902; ag. sub. comsnr., E. Prov., 1st Nov., 1903; sub. comsnr., 1st Jan., 1905; ag. dep. comsnr., 15th Apr. to 23rd Oct., 1907; ag. ch. sec., Apr., 1909; admnstg. govt., Aug., 1909; col. sec., S. Nigeria, 1910; ret., 1920.

BOYSE, V. H.—B. 1883; apptd., after comp. exam., clk. of 2nd div., and assigned to C.O., 17th July, 1902; on military serv. from 26th July, 1917 to 5th Feb., 1919; cler. offr., higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922; asst. acctnt., June, 1922; sent on sp. mission to Iraq to advise on accounting methods, Nov., 1922 to Feb., 1923; ag. as finan. sec. to high comsnr., Iraq, Mar.-Dec., 1924.

BRACKENBURY, ARTHUR JOCELYN.—B. 1876; ed. Clifton Coll.; served in S. African War (Queen's med., three clasps); Transvaal civ. ser., 1901-07; priv. sec., gov., Hong Kong, 1907-09; 3rd grade res., Nyasaland, 1909; on war serv., 1915-18 (1914-15 Star, War Med., Victory Med.); admsn. offr., 1st grade, 26th Jan., 1920; ag. prov. comsnr., Jan., 1924; prov. comsnr., Nov., 1925.

BRADBURY, PATRICK JOSEPH O'LEARY.—B. 1868; ed. Queen's Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1892; M.A., 1899; inspr., schls., Jamaica, 11th July, 1900; ag. examr., May to Nov., 1910; examr., May, 1911; ag. asst. dir., educn. for various periods, 1911-15; asst. dir., 1917; ag. dir., Aug., 1919; dir., educn. and inspr., industrial schls., 16th Nov., 1919; chmn., bd. of educn. and tech. schl. bd.; vice-chmn., Mico Coll. Bd.; mem., schls. comsn., Herriock's Trust, Shortwood Coll. bd., bd. of visitors, industrial schls., pub. serv. comtee. and Rhodes Scholarship comtee.

BRADBURN, COL. WILLIAM ERNEST HORATIO.—Served, Imp. Yeomanry, 1901; S. African Constab., 11th Jan., 1902 to 4th Oct., 1907; 8th King's Royal Hussars, 2nd Sept., 1914 to 15th Apr., 1917; 1st King Edward's Horse, King's Overseas Dominions Regt. (adjutant), 16th Apr., 1917 to 30th July, 1919; local commdt., Cyprus mil. pol., 6th Oct., 1919; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Feb., 1923; ag. ch. commdt., pol., July to Oct., 1923 and June to Oct., 1926; ag. A.D.C. to high comsnr., Apr. to June and Sept. to Oct., 1924; dep. ch. commdt., pol., Aug., 1924; ag. dist. comsnr., Aug., 1924; hon. A.D.C. to high comsnr., Oct., 1924; nom. off. mem., leg. coun., 17th Aug., 1926; inspr.-gen., pol. and commdt., local forces, Br. Guiana, 14th Jan., 1927; ag. inspr., prisons in addn., 13th May, 1927.

BRADDELL, SIR THOMAS DE M. L., KT. BACH. (1914).—Barrister-at-law; puisne judge, S. Stlmts. and jud. comsnr., F.M.S., July, 1907; ag. atty.-gen., S. Stlmts., Feb.-Mar., 1908; chief judicial comsnr., F.M.S., 25th Mar., 1913; ret., 1917.

BRADFORD, SIR JOHN ROSE, K.C.M.G. (1911); M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.P., F.R.S.—B. 1863; ed. Univ. Coll. Schl., Coll. and Hosp. George Henry Lewes student and Grocer research schlr.; late mem. of Senate, Univ. of London; physician to Univ. Coll. Hosp.; Holme lecturer on clinical medicine to Univ. Coll. hosp. med. schl.; sec. of the Royal Society; sen. med. adviser to C.O., 1912; resigned, 1924.

BRADLEY, BENJAMIN GERALD.—B. 1899; R.M.A., Wedwich, Oct., 1917; 2nd lieut., R.E., Oct., 1918; lieut., R.E., Mar., 1920; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1921; att'd., lab. office, Penang, Jan., 1922; ag. asst. contr. of lab., July, 1922; passed cadet, June, 1923; att'd., land office, Teluk Anson, July, 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., Sitiawan, Nov., 1923; offr., cls. V., Nov., 1924; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Kelantan, Aug., 1927.

BRADLEY, CHARLES HUGH GRANVILLE.—B. 1902; ed. Wellington Coll.; clk., col. audit dept., 29th June, 1925; asst. audr., Hongkong, 11th Sept., 1925.

BRADLEY, JOHN THOS, L.R.C.P.E., L.R.C.S.E., L.F.P. and S.G.; M.D. (Brux.)—B. 1870; ed. at Queen's Coll., Belfast, and Lond. Schl. Trop. Med. (1901); undergrad. in arts, Royal Univ., Ireland; prizeman in med., midwifery, and diseases of women and children, Queen's Coll., Belfast, 1897-8; gold medalist in practical midwifery, Clifton st. Mater. Hosp.; 1st prizeman in med. and surg. diseases of children, Children's

Hosp., Queen st., Belfast; late asst. med. offr. Glamorgan Co. Asylum, 1901; asst. med. offr., Seychelles, 26th Aug., 1901; J.P. and chmn. of loc. bd. of health, 1st and 2nd divs., South Mahé; med. supt., lunatic asylum, Seychelles, 1st Mar., 1906; ch. med. offr., 1924.

BRADNEY, GEORGE PRESTON.—Ed. at Oratory Schl., Edgbaston, and Trinity Hall, Camb.; B.A., Cantab.; honours in history, 1899; col. audit offr., June, 1901; asst. aud., B. C. Africa, 8th Feb. 1902; asst. auditor, East Africa Prot., 26th Sept., 1904; auditor, Fiji, and Western Pacific Protectorates, 1909; dir. of external audit, S. Stlmts. and F.M.S., 26th Oct., 1914, assumed duty, 20th Mar., 1915; ag. aud.-gen., S. Stlmts., in addition, 14th Jan. to 2nd Feb., 1916; ag. aud.-gen., S. Stlmts., in addition, 1st June, 1916 and Dec., 1918; aud.-gen., F.M.S., 12th May, 1919; pres., comsn. to enquire into finan. position, Singapore municipality, Sept., 1921; mem., comsn. to enquire into organization and expend. of govt. depts., F.M.S., etc., Feb., 1922.

BRADY, LIEUT.-COL. JOHN BANKS, D.S.O.—Head mast., Grey Coll. Schl., 1st Dec., 1901; inspr. of schls., O.R.C., 1st Feb., 1904; inspr. of schls., Rhodesia, Aug., 1909; on active serv., 1914-20; commanded 4th and 18th batts. K.R.R.C.; ment. in desps.; croix de guerre with palm leaves; ag. dir. of educn., S. Rhodesia, 1920-21.

BRAGG, ALGERNON.—B. 1890; col. audit dept., 21st Apr., 1915; asst. audr., Nigeria, 29th May, 1915; mily. audit, E. African Expedy. Force, 1916-19; asst. audr., Uganda, 9th May, 1919; senr. asst. audr., Uganda, 6th Sept., 1924; ag. audr., Uganda, for various periods, 1926-27.

BRAILSFORD, H. E.—Asst. dist. comsnn., E.A.P., Jan., 1917.

BRANCH, EDMUND RALPH.—M.B., Ch.B., Edin.; dist. med. offr., Dominica, 1902; ditto, Dieppe Bay, St. Kitts, 1902; med. suptdt., Cunningham hosp., and surgeon of the gaol, St. Kitts, Feb., 1903; med. offr., dist. 2, St. Kitts, Nov., 1916; served with R.A.M.C. during the war.

BRANCH, SIR CHARLES ERNEST ST. J., KT. BAOH. (1924), B.A., B.C.L., Durham Univ.—Called to the bar, Gray's Inn, May, 1892; ag. chief mag., St. Vincent, 1895 to Jan., 1898; asst. to atty.-gen., Leeward Islds., May, 1898; ag. atty.-gen., July to Nov., 1899; mem. legis. coun. and exec. coun., Dominica; mem. general legis. coun., Leeward Is., Dec., 1899; atty.-gen., Leeward Is., 2 Sept., 1902; chancellor of the Diocese of Antigua, 1903-1909; pres., Antigua defence reserve force, 1903; ag. col. sec., Oct., 1902; apptd. to combined offices of col. sec. and atty. gen., Leeward Islds., Jan., 1903; deleg. to agric. confces., Jamaica, 1907; Barbados, 1908; Canadian reciprocity confce., Barbados, 1908; cotton confce., Liverpool, 1908; comsnn. to prepare a new and revised edition of laws of Leeward Islds., Feb., 1909; admstr. govt. of Antigua on various occasions in the years 1902 to 1909; ag. gov., Leeward Islds., Nov.-Dec., 1907, and Apr. to Oct., 1909; atty.-gen., Jamaica, Oct., 1909; deleg. to Canada on banana tax question, 1915; deleg. to Indent. Emigr. Confce., Trinidad, 1916; ag. ch. just., Jamaica, Apl., 1919; rep. of Jamaica at Canada-W. Indies Trade Confce., May-June, 1920; puisne judge, sup. ct., Penang, Apr., 1921; judl. comsnn., F.M.S., Jan., 1922; ch. just., Jamaica, 1923; ch. just., Ceylon, 3rd July, 1925; ret., 1926.

BRANCH, EDWARD WILLIAM RAWLE, B.A. (Durham), M.B., C.M. (Edin.), 1889.—Med. offr.,

Virgin Is., J.P. and M.L.C., 1889; ag. comsnn., Virgin Is., 1890; med. offr. and M.L.C., Montserrat, 1890; dist. med. offr., St. Kitts, 1894; lieut., def. force; ag. supt., Cunningham hosp., 1904; med. offr., dist. 4, Antigua, 1905.

BRANCH, SAMUEL EDMUND.—Ed. at the Lodge Schl., Barbados, and Codrington Coll., Barbados; B.A., Univ. of Durham, 1882; M.A., 1900; deacon, 1884; priest, 1886; headmr. of Antigua gram. schl., 1884; examng. chaplain of the Bishop of Antigua, 1905; chaplain to H.M. prison, Antigua, 1896; archdeacon of Antigua and canon of St. John's Cathedral, 1906; domestic chaplain to the Earl of Stamford, 1909.

BRANDON, KENNETH REVIE.—B. 1888; clk. of cts., Jamaica, 1919; ag. registrar, sup. ct., Apr. to Dec., 1921; ag. res. mag., Oct. and Nov., 1923 and Nov., 1924 to Aug., 1925; res. mag., Sept., 1925.

BRASSEY-EDWARDS, H.—Veterinary offr., E.A.P., Feb., 1910; ag. dir. of agric., 1919; senr. vet. offr., Apr., 1920; ag. dep. ch. vet. offr., 1924; dep. ch. vet. offr., 1924; ag. ch. vet. offr., 1927.

BRAWN, ALAN O.—B. 1878; ed. "Queen Mary's" gram. schl., Walsall, and St. Mark's Coll., Chelsea (1st cl. Queen's scholarship); teachers' certif. (Bd. of Educ., England); matric. Lond. Univ., 1898; asst. mast., diocesan schl., Hong Kong, 1901-1909; jun. asst. mast., Queen's Coll., Hong Kong, 1910; lecturer, Tech. Inst., Hong Kong, 1910-1912; headmaster, Wantai dist. schl., 1913; headmaster, Yaumati schl., 1914; headmaster, Wantai schl., 1915; seconded for mil. serv., 1917; 2nd lieut., 1917; 1st lieut., 1918; served in France, 1917 to 1919; demobilised, 1919; dep. registrar, Hong Kong Univ., 1919; headmaster, Wantai schl., 1919, headmaster, Yaumati schl., 1919; asst. mast., cls. II., 1920; headmr., Victoria Br. schl., 1920; asst. mast., cls. I., 1921; headmr., Wantai schl., 1921; ditto, Indian schl., 1921; asst. mast., Queen's Coll. and Wantai schl., 1922; headmr., Wantai schl., 1923; headmr., Yaumati schl., 1924.

BRAYNE, CHARLES VALENTINE.—B. 1877; ed. Monkton Combe schl., and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1901; off. asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Apr., 1903; asst. collr. of customs, Trincomalee, May, 1905; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Feb., 1906; dist. judge, Negombo, Jan., 1909; Badulla, Feb., 1909; asst. land settlmt. offr., Oct., 1909; ag. asst. govt. agt., Colombo dist., June, 1912; ditto, Prov. of Uva, July, 1912; ditto, Colombo dist., Aug., 1912; offr. of Cls. II., Jan., 1913; ag. dist. judge, Jaffna, June, 1914; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, Sept., 1914; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Jan., 1915; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, May, 1916; govt. agt., E. Prov., Feb., 1920; ag. comsnn. rev., 29th May, 1927; adnln. ditto, 20th Aug., 1927.

BRAZEL, MAJOR C. H., A.I.E.E.—B. 1894; ed. Munic. Secondary Schl., Swansea and Swansea Tech. Coll.; dipl. in elec. and mechan. engng., June, 1913; on mily. serv., 1914-22; ment. in desps., Belgian Croix de Guerre, M.C.; dir., elec. dept., Bahamas, 13th Nov., 1926.

BREARLEY, L. J.—B. 1882; passed Lond. matric. and Oxford sen. local exams., June, 1899; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. and assigned to ld. chamberlain's office, Feb., 1901; transferred to C.O., 18th Feb., 1901; conf. clk., 1st Jan., 1918.

BREEN, MICHAEL JAMES.—B. 1884; ed. at Clongowes Wood Coll. and Univ. Coll., Dublin; B.A., math., science (honours) in Royal Univ.

of Ireland, 1906; cadet, Hong Kong, 16th Nov., 1907; passed cadet, 1911; ag. 2nd asst. registrar., 1911; ag. asst. P.M.G., 1911; asst. dist. offr., 1st Jan., 1914; ag. asst. col. sec., 1914 to 1916; on mil. serv., 1916 to 1919; ag. asst. P.M.G., 1920; ag. P.M.G., 1920 to 1921; asst. treas., 1921; P.M.G., 1924.

BRKETT, E. A.—B. 1880; apptd. to emigrants' information office, 2nd July, 1906; overseas settlmt. office, 1919.

BRETT, F. W.—B. 1885; Cape Mounted Rifles, Nov., 1903-05; 3rd battn., Royal Warwickshire Regt., Jan., 1906-08; asst. dist. comanr., E.A.P., 4th Sept., 1908; priv. sec. to gov., Oct., 1912-15, and sec. to high comanr., Zanzibar, Jan., 1914-15; seconded to Royal Flying Corps, 1915-16; dist. comanr., Dec., 1915; dist. polit. offr., German E. Africa, provisional admsn., Nov., 1916; admsn. offr., 1st grade, now senr. comanr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920.

BRETT, ROBERT GEORGE.—B. 1851; ed. gram. schol. and Toronto Univ.; post-graduate courses, New York, Philadelphia, Vienna; physician; one of the founders of Manitoba Med. Coll.; estab. Banff Sanitorium and Brett Hosp., Banff; mem. legis. assem. N.W. Territories, 1888-1901; pres. exec. coun., 1889-91; lieut.-gov., Alberta, 1915; re-apptd. for a second term, 1920.

BRIDGE, BLACKER FRANK, B.A. (Dublin).—B. 1891; ed. St. Columba's Coll. and Dublin Univ.; cadet, F.M.S., 28th Nov., 1914; ag. asst.-contr. of lab., 29th Mar., 1916; passed cadet, 20th Dec., 1916; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, 2nd Apr., 1918; asst. contr. of lab., 19th June, 1918; asst. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, 6th Feb., 1922; dist. offr., Bentong, 13th Apr., 1922; dep. contr., lab., Mar., 1924; ag. dep. contr., lab., Penang, May, 1925; dep. contr., lab., Kuala Lumpur, July, 1925; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1926.

BRIDGER, JAMES FREDERICK EDMUND, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Lond.).—Camb. certifi., 1st cl. hon.; inter. M.B. (Lond.) 2nd cl. hon. in pharmacology; prize in clinical surgery and hon. in practical surgery and materia medica. St. Mary's Hosp., Lond.; late asst. demonstrator in physiology in St. Mary's Med. Schol.; civil surg. attached to 3rd batt. Northd. Fus., Antigua, 1902; med. offr. and supt. in charge of small pox statn., and med. adviser to gen. bd. of health, Barbados, during epidemic of 1902-3; comanr. apptd. by govt. of Barbados to visit and report on system of quarantine practised by port sanitary authorities of New York, also to Trinidad to report on epidemic of eruptive fever in Port of Spain; received thanks of govt., H. of A. and gen. bd. of health for services rendered to Barbados; port health offr., Barbados, 1905; mem., cent. quarantine auth., June, 1907; ex-officio mem. of quarantine bd., med. asst. and surg.-lieut., Barbados volrs., 1917; sany. comanr., Ceylon, July, 1921; prin. civ. med. offr., Dec., 1924; M.L.C., 1924; title changed to dir., med. and sany. services, Oct., 1926.

BRIDGES, LIEUT.-GEN. SIR THOMAS, K.C.M.G. (1919), C.B. (1918), D.S.O. (1904), F.R.G.S.—B. 1872; Grenadier Guards; served S. African War, 1899-1901; Somaliland, 1902-4; European War, 1914-15; mil. attaché at the Hague, Brussels, Copenhagen and Christiania, 1910-14; lieut.-col., 4th Hussars, 1914-16; brev. col., 1916; maj.-gen., temp. lieut.-col., 1917; col., Dragoon Gds., 1920; commdr., Br. mly. mission to Smyrna, 1920; gov., S. Australia, 11th Sept., 1922-1927.

BRIERLEY, GEORGE ALEXANDER.—B. 1883; ed. Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad; cler. asst., harbmr's office, Mar., 1904; 3rd junr. clk., cust., Feb., 1906; 2nd ditto, Apr., 1906; 3rd cls. landing waiter, Sept., 1907; 2nd cls. ditto, July, 1913; senr. check clk., cust., Oct., 1920; compr., cust., Barbados, Feb., 1926.

BRINK, BRIG.-GEN., ANDRIES JACOB EKSTEEN, D.T.D., D.S.O.—Joined civ. serv., S. African Repub., 1896; served Mpfu (native) campaign, 1898; Zoutpansberg and Anglo-Boer War, 1899-1920; elected veldt cornet, S. African Repub. forces, 1901; capt., permanent force (staff), Union defence forces, 1912; promoted major, and served as dist. staff offr., No. 6 and later as dist. staff offr., No. 7 mil. dist., 1914; brig.-major, 1st mounted brig., German S.W.A. campaign, 1915; temp. lieut.-col., Mar., 1915; dist. staff offr., No. 6 mil. dist., with rank of temp. lieut.-col., whilst so empld., 17th Aug., 1915; brev. lieut.-col., 14th Sept., 1915; brig.-major, 2nd mounted brig., E. Africa, Mar., 1916; gen. staff offr. with rank of col. headqrs., 3rd E. African divn., Apr., 1916; resumed duty as dist. staff offr. No. 6 mil. dist. Dec., 1916; transf. to defence headqrs., and assumed duty as asst. adjt.-gen., defence headqrs., Sept., 1917; ag. ch. of gen. staff and adjt.-gen., with temp. rank of col., Nov., 1919; lieut.-col., 1st grade staff offr., Nov., 1919; brig.-gen., and ch. of gen. staff, 21st Sept., 1920; combined post of ch. of gen. staff and sec. for defence, 1st Oct., 1922; 1914-15 Star, Br. War Med., Victory Med., D.S.O., (1917), French Croix de Guerre; men. in desp., for serv. in G.S.W.A. campaign (1918), medal, Anglo-Boer oorlog.

BRINK, COLONEL CAROLUS, D.T.D., D.S.O.—B. 1879; served Jameson Raid, S. African Republic, 1896; Mpfu campaign, Zoutpansberg, S. African Republic, 1898; Anglo-Boer War, Heidelberg commando, staff General Spruyt, 1899-1901; German S.W. Africa campaign, as brig.-major, 2nd Mounted Brig., Northern Force, 1914-15; German E. African campaign as G.S.O.I., 2nd E. African divn., 1916-17; Europe, Western Front, 1917-18; qualified, staff course, Bloemfontein, 1914; qualified, senr. staff course, Cambridge, 1919; qrtmr.-gen. Union Defence Forces; ment. in desp.; Croix de Guerre (French); med., Anglo-Boer War.

BRISTOW, CHARLES FRANCIS.—B. 1882; 2nd Middlesex, R.G.A., 1899-1901; S. African constab., 1902-07; served in S. African war (Queen's medal and clasp); Moulmein Artillery, 1908-10; asst. inspr. of police, E.A.P., Jan., 1911; passed pol. promotion exam., Aug., 1911; passed Kiswahili exam., lower standard; inspr. of police, Mar., 1913; asst. supt. of police, 1st Apr., 1914; during war period 1914, attached to Moulmein Rifles as lieut.; on active service, E.A.P., 1915-17, awarded "1914-15" Star, War and Victory med.; resumed civil duties as asst. supt. of police, 1918; ag. qrtmr., pol. and prison depts., Oct., 1920 to Mar., 1921; immigr. offr., Apr., 1921 to June, 1922; supt. of pol., 1st Jan., 1923; headq. supt., Jan., 1926.

BRITTEN, HENRY.—Apptd. probationer, Dec., 1895; 3rd cl. clk., magistrate's office, Ixopo, June, 1896; clk. and Zulu interpreter and sub-distributor of stamps, Ixopo, Apr., 1897; ag. clk. of the court on several occasions; served through the Boer War, 1899-1900, with the Border mounted rifles, including the siege of Ladysmith; 2nd cls. clk., off. of sec. to nat. affairs dept., Pietermaritzburg, 8th May, 1901; transf. to Transvaal civ. ser. as asst. res. mag., 1st May, 1902; A.R.M.,

Christiana, 1st Nov., 1904; ag. R.M., Lichtenburg, 9th Apr., 1906; ag. R.M., Wolmaranstad, 9th Oct., 1906; A.R.M., Belfast, 1st Feb., 1907; ag. R.M., Lichtenburg, 1st Aug., 1908; A.R.M., Boksburg, 1st Dec., 1908; R.M., Boksburg, 1st July, 1909; mag., Potchefstroom, Jan., 1918; mag., King William's Town, Jan., 1925.

BRIZZELL, ANNIE ISABEL, M.B.E. (1925).—B. 1877; staff nurse, Basutoland, 1906; matron, 1907; war serv., 1915-19; ment. in desps., 1918.

BROCKMAN, SIR EDWD. LEWIS, K.C.M.G. (1913), C.M.G. (1908).—B. 1865; Cadet, Straits Settlements, 1886; passed in Malay, 1888; ag. supt. of educn., Penang, 1888; 3rd mag. Penang, June, 1890; ag. col. of land rev., Penang, May, 1889; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Feb. to Oct., 1892; dist. offr., Bukit Mertajam, Mar., 1892; ag. collr. land rev., Penang, July, 1895; 2nd asst. col. sec., June, 1896; also ag. collr. land rev., Singapore, June, 1896; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of coun. Aug., 1897; collr. land rev., Malacca, 1898; ag. 1st mag., Singapore, Feb., 1899; comanr., court of requests, Singapore, Aug., 1902; asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Sept., 1903; ag. col. sec., Apr., 1906, to July, 1906; ag. fed. sec., F.M.S., Apr., 1907; ag. res. gen., May, 1907; confirmed as fed. sec., continuing to act also as res. gen., July 1907, to Feb., 1908; ag. res., Perak, Apr. 1908; res., Pahang, Nov., 1908; res., Negri Sembilan, 1st Jan., 1910; col. sec., S. Settlements, 1910; chief sec., F.M.S., 1911; ret., Sept., 1920; apptd. agt., Malay States Infrn. Agency, Nov., 1920.

BROOK, THOMAS.—B. 1873; ed. Lawrence dist. high schl., N.Z.; various positions N.Z. lands and survey dept., 1891-1925; valuer-gen., 1926.

BROOK, CAPT. W. B.—Asst. dist. comanr., E.A.P., 1911; dist. comanr., Kenya, Jan., 1919.

BROOKE, GILBERT E.—Ed. Pem. Coll., Cam., and Lond. Hosp.; B.A., 1894; M.A., 1901; L.R.C.S. and L.R.C.P. Edin., L.F.P.S. Glas.; D.P.H., Scottish Conj.; Fell. Roy. Inst. Pub. Health; F.R.G.S.; late surg. Clon Line and Furness S.S. Co.; govt. med. offr. and med. offr. of health, Cockburn Harbour, Turks and Caicos Islds.; ag. G.M.O. and M.O.H., Turks Isld., Aug., 1899; J.P. for the col., June, 1899; ag. asst. comanr., Cockburn Harbour, Dec., 1899; May, 1900; dist. comanr., Caicos Is., June, 1901; port health offr., Singapore, Jan., 1902; ag. govt. analyst, Mar. to Oct., 1905; J.P. and dep. coroner, 1906; deleg. to med. congress, Manila, 1910; licensing just., 1911; visitor to asylum, 1911; ag. govt. vet. surg., July, 1911 to July, 1912; on quarantine duty in Java, Australia and S. Africa, 1912; title changed to ch. health offr., Singapore, 1st Jan., 1914; lecturer in hygiene and examnr. in chem. and physics to Straits and F.M.S. med. schls., Singapore; transport offr. to Singapore garrison during mutiny, Feb., 1915 (ment. in desp.); mem. of centenary comtee.; mem., comtee. for any. educn., war services recog. by sec. of state; ag. prin. med. offr., 1920; ch. health offr., Singapore, Jan., 1921; mem., gen. comtee. and ohmn. ground comtee., Malaya Borneo Exhbn., Oct., 1921.

BROOKES, VICTOR S.—B. 1883; passed senr. Cambridge local exam., 1906; apptd. copyist, col. sec.'s office, Antigua, 1906; ag. clk. to regier. gen. of births, etc., Jan. to Dec., 1908; cashier, St. John's savings bank, Sept., 1908; acctnt., ditto, June, 1909; ag. acctnt., treasr. dept., June to Sept., 1909; clk. to comanr. and exec. coun., Virgin Is., Apl., 1911; rev. offr., St. Kitts, Nov., 1914; acctnt., treasr., St. Kitts; ag. audit clk., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1918.

BROOKS, ARCHIBALD JOSEPH, F.L.S., F.C.S., F.R.H.S.—B. 1881; entrl. Royal Gardens, Kew, 1902; offr. in charge, agric. schl., Dominica, 1905; awarded R.H.S. teacher's certificate, 1904; ag. curator, botanic gardens, Dominica, 2nd June to 7th Dec., 1904, and 12th July to 24th Dec., 1908; mem. of coun. of agric. socy., Dominica, 1906; deleg. to agric. confce., Trinidad, 1905; asst. sec., govt. permanent exhibn. comtee., 1906; mem. of Dominica reserve force, 1904-11; winner of Lady Sweet-Escott challenge shield; asst. agric. supt., St. Lucia, 1911; offr. in charge, Reunion Estate, 1913; land offr., 1914; agricultural supt., Dec., 1914; dir. of agr., Gambia, 1922; author of "The West Indian Lime," and other works.

BROOKS, MAJOR LAWRENCE ABBOTT WALLACE, F.R.G.S., etc.—Ed., Woolwich and abroad; ent. Royal Art., 1900; served, S. African War, 1901-2 (Queen's medal with clasps, ment. in desps.); Royal Canadian Field Art., 1902-5; special serv., Russo-Japanese War, 1905-6; served, Natal Native Rebellion, 1906-7 (medal with clasp); road-mapping, Natal and Zululand, 1908; special serv. in Canada, 1909-10; Chinese Revolution, defence of Shameen, Canton, 1911; on serv. in Far East and Australia, 1911-14; served, Togoland, 1914; France and Flanders, 1915; anti-aircraft home defence, 1916; Egypt, and Palestine, 1917-18 ("1914-15" Star, "General Serv." and "Victory" med., ment. in desps.); Woolwich, 1919; Australia and New Zealand, 1919-20; asst. travelling comanr., Gambia, 15th Jan., 1921; ag. travelling comanr., S. Bank Prov., 15th Nov., 1924; travelling comanr., 8th July, 1926.

BROOKS, REGINALD LAING.—B. 1900; dipl., forestry, Edin.; dep. conservator of forests, Trinidad, Jan., 1925.

BROWN, ALFRED VANHOUSE.—Ed. Merchant Taylors' schl. and Queen's Coll., Oxford (scholar); B.A., 1896; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1896; asst. dist. mag., Krian, and Indian immigr. agt., Perak, Jan., 1900; principal asst. supt. of immigr., F.M.S., Jan., 1905; supt. of posts and telegraphs, Selangor, N. Sembilan and Pahang, Sept., 1906; ag. director of posts and telegraphs, F.M.S., May, 1908; 2nd mag., Penang, Oct., 1908; ag. inspr. of prisons, Straits Settlements, March, 1911; cls. II, Jan., 1912; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Penang, Feb., 1912; ag. dep. pub. proscr., Singapore, Oct., 1913; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Singapore, Dec., 1913; ag. dist. judge, Singapore, Feb., 1916; ag. legal adviser and judge of sup. ct., Johore, June, 1916; offg. dep. pub. proscr., Singapore, Apr., 1917; offg. solr.-gen., May, 1919; ag. puisne judge, sup. ct., S. Settlements, Aug., 1919 to Jan., 1920; ag. judl. comanr., F.M.S., Jan., 1920; judge, sup. ct., Johore, Feb., 1920; judl. comanr. in F.M.S. in addn., Mar., 1920; ag. senr. puisne judge, S.S., Dec., 1925.

BROWN, CHARLES CUTHBERT.—B. 1888; ed. Marlborough and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; schlr., 1909; Bell schlr., 1908; 1st cls. class. tripos, 1910; Malayan civ. serv., 1911; asst. dist. offr., Bruas, 1912-13; asst. sec. to res., Perak, 1913-15; 3rd asst. sec., Fed. secretariat and priv. sec. to ch. sec., 1915-19; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Oct., 1919; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Lumpur, Nov., 1921; dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Nov., 1922; dist. offr., Raub, Nov., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, May, 1923; ag. 1st asst. sec. (A), S. Settlements, Sept., 1923; ag. asst. adviser,

Kelantan, May, 1924; ag. comsnr., lands, F.M.S., Sept., 1927; ag. dist. off., Ulu Selangor, Oct., 1927.

BROWN, GAVIN ROBERT LOCKHART.—B. 1882; gov't travelling schol. master, Falkland Is., Dec., 1914; ag. gov't schol. mast., Jan., 1915; ag. local audr., Apr., 1915; 2nd clk., treas. and cust., Feb., 1916; ch. clk., treas. and cust. and shipping mast., Mar., 1917; ch. clk., col. sec.'s office and clk., exec. and leg. couns., Oct., 1920; offr.-in-charge, secretariat, Apr.-May and June-Dec., 1923.

BROWN, GERALD HORACE.—B. 1875; ed. Ottawa pub. schls. and Coll. Inst.; journalist and partly. correspondent; asst. dep. min. of labour, Canada, 1909-17; sec., reconstruction and development comtee.; re-apptd. asst. dep. min. of labour, 1920; Canadian del., League of Nations, Internat. Lab. Confce., Geneva, 1921.

BROWN, GEORGE PRITCHARD.—B. 1885; asst. supt. of pol., Kenya, 1st Apr., 1916; served with E. Africa pol. service batt., 1914-17; capt., Aug., 1915; Turkana expdn., 1915 (A.G.S. med.); supt., pol., Kenya, 21st Dec., 1923.

BROWN, HARRY WHIDDEN, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1868; ed. at Acadia Coll., and Dalhousie Univ., called to Nova Scotia bar, 1893; ent. civ. serv., Can., 1896, as priv. sec. to min. of militia and defence; dir. of contracts, militia dept., 1904; comsnr., war purchasing coman., 1919, returning to militia dept., on the dissolution of that coman., 1920; asst. dep. min. of militia, 1920.

BROWN, HON. JAMES T., K.C., B.A.—B. 1871; ed. pub. and high schls., Huntingdon, Quebec, and McGill Univ.; called to bar, 1896; K.C., 1907; elec. to Sask. legislature, 1905; judge, sup. ct. of Sask., 1910; ch. just., ct. of King's Bench, 1918.

BROWN, JOHN DUNCAN.—B. 1884; ed. Clare Coll., Cambridge (B.A.); cadet, Caylon civ. ser., Nov., 1906; seconded asst. supt. of police, Colombo, Mar., 1907; asst. supt. of police, Kandy, Aug., 1907; W. Prov., Feb., 1908; Kalutara, Feb., 1909; off. asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., June, 1910; pol. mag., Karunegala, Jan., 1911; seconded for service under excise comsrs., May, 1912; asst. comsnr. of excise, S. divn., Jan., 1913; ditto, N.W. divn., Jan., 1914; asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Dec., 1914; on military duty, 1917; asst. govt. agt., Matara, Sept., 1919; ag. asst. dir., educn., Jan., 1924; dist. judge, Negombo, July, 1924; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, June, 1925; ditto, Kegalla, Jan., 1926.

BROWN, SIR JOSEPH, KT. BACH. (1914).—B. 1840; M.E.C., Bahamas, 1886; M.L.C., 1889; pres., 1908; ret., 1916.

BROWN, KENNETH VINCENT.—B. 1890; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 1915; mag., eastern dist., Trinidad, 1st Dec., 1924; asst. mag., county of St. George West, 1926.

BROWN, PHILIP PENTON, B.A.—B. 1903; ed. Rugby and Trinity Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1924; 2nd cla. hon., philos. and econ.; asst. mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

BROWN, RALPH PHILIPS.—B. 1877; ed. pub. and high sch., Nova Scotia and Boston; 2nd cla. clk., militia dept., Can., 1904; 1st cla. clk., 1907; asst. acctnt., 1910; asst. acctnt. and paymaster-gen., 1917; ch. acctnt., 1918; gen. audr., 1920.

BROWN, ROBERT ALLAN.—B. 1897; ent. P.O. savings bank, Dec., 1912; trans. to gen. bd. of control for Scotland, Feb., 1914; apptd. asst. clk. after compet. exam., Dec., 1914; junr. clk., 26th Apr., 1915; on mil. serv., July, 1915 to Mar., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; transf'd. to C.O., 27th Apr., 1922.

BROWN, THOMAS ERIC.—B. 1902; asst. inasp., pol. and prisons, Tanganyika Territory, 18th Apr., 1925; cadet, admvta. serv., Tanganyika Territory, 21st June, 1926.

BROWNE, ALFRED.—B. 1860; apptd. asst. harbour-master, Barbados, 1890; is now harbour and shipping master.

BROWNE, CLAUDE ERNEST EGBERT.—Clk. to public market, Montserrat, Oct., 1899; sanitary offr., supt. of water wks. and clk. to bd. of health, 1903; suvr. of roads, 1904; 3rd clk. and boarding offr., 1906; revenue offr., harbour mast., sanitary offr. and clk. to bd. of health, St. Kitts, 1907; 2nd clk., treasury., and boarding offr., Montserrat, 1912.

BROWNE, G. ST. JOHN ORDE, O.B.E. (1919).—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 14th Apr., 1909; dist. comsnr., Nov., 1917; dist. polit. offr., German E. Africa provisional admtn., 1st Oct., 1916; adminis. offr., 1st grade, Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920; R. Arty., 1902-13 and 1915-19; Natal Rising, 1906; E. Africa, 1915-19; "1914-15" Star, Gen. Serv. and Victory Meds., four mentions in desps.

BROWNE, GEORGE SINCLAIR, M.A.—Ed. Malvern Coll. and Hertford Coll., Oxford; barrister-at-law; B. 1880; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 21st July, 1906; 3rd cls. res., 25th June, 1912; dist. offr., 1st Jan., 1914; 1st cls. ditto, 22nd July, 1914; res., 30th Mar., 1920; sec., N. Prov., 10th Dec., 1920.

BROWNE, PERCY FREDERICK.—B. 1872; ed. Uppingham Schl.; S. African War, 1899-1902; S. African constab., 1900; sec. to inspr.-gen. 1906; supernumerary asst. dist. supt. of police, E.A.P., Nov., 1908; staff offr. to inspr.-gen. of police; asst. comsnr. of police, 1911; comsnr. of police, 1919; comsnr. of pol. and prisons, Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920.

BROWNE, PERCY WEST.—B. 1868; ent. civ. serv., Barbados as clk. to harbour, June, 1882; ch. clk., Bridgetown petty debt ct., Oct., 1901; clk., asst. ct. of appl. in addn., 1913; visiting just., Glendairy prison, 1916; acctnt., G.P.O., 1918; ch. clk., treasury., 1919; ch. offr., cust., 1922; has acted from time to time as pol. mag., govt., Glendairy prison, col. treas. and comptr., cust.; audr.-gen., July, 1925.

BROWNE, ROLAND PAUL LAMBERT.—B. 1888; ed. at Marlborough Coll.; served as "élève consulaire" at British Consulate, Danzig, June, 1908 to July, 1909; asst. to res. comsnr., New Hebrides, 9th Feb., 1912; comsnr., Cyprus, 1st Jan., 1924.

BROWNE, MAJOR WALTER HAMILTON, D.S.O. (1906).—B. 1875; ed. at Bedford Mod. Schl.; 2nd lieut., 4th Batt., Roy. Fusiliers, 1896; seconded for service with W.A.F.F., July, 1899 to June, 1904, Munchi expdn., N. Nigeria, 1900 (medal and clasp); Sokoto-Burni, 1903 (severely wounded, ment. in deep, medal and clasp); 3rd cla. res., N. Nigeria, June, 1904; 2nd cla. res., May, 1908.

BRUCE, J. NANKA.—Secretariat clk. and store-keeper, S. Nigeria, 5th July, 1900; 4th cls. clk. and shorthand writer, 1st Apr., 1902; 3rd cla. clk., 1st Apr., 1903; 2nd cla. clk., 1st Aug., 1903; 1st cla. clk., 1st Aug., 1904; asst. chief clk., governor's office, 1st Jan., 1909; acted as chief clk. in governor's office on several occasions; has acted as clk. of legis. coun.

BRUCE, ROBERT RANDOLPH, B.Sc., C.E., F.R.S.C.—B. 1863; ed. Glasgow Univ.; lieut.-gov., Br. Columbia, 24th Feb., 1926.

BRUCE, CAPT. THE RT. HON. STANLEY MELBOURNE, C.H. (1927), P.C. (1923), M.C. (1916).—Member of the H. of R. for Flinders since 1918;

served in European War, 1915-17; capt., R. Fusiliers, Dec., 1914; twice wounded and invalided from the Army, Apr., 1917; Croix-de-Guerre, 1916; resigned chairmanship of firm of Paterson, Laing and Bruce, on appt. as Federal treas., Hughes ministry, Dec., 1921; prime min., Commonwealth of Australia, Feb., 1923.

BRUCE, THOMAS DUNDAS HOPE.—B. 1885; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; final hon., sch. of jurisprudence, 1906; admitted solr., Sup. Ct. of England, 1911; one of the asst. solrs. to the N.E. Ry., 1910-1913; crown solr., Fiji, Nov., 1913; ag. atty-gen., Jan. to May, 1915; ag. chief pol. mag., ag. registrar of sup. ct., ag. registrar of titles, ag. curator of intestate and vacant estates, ag. public trustee, May to July, 1916; ag. atty-gen., Dec., 1916; temp. M.L.C., Aug., 1917; on active service, Dec., 1917, to May, 1919; ag. atty-gen., June, 1919 to May, 1920; dep. comsnr., Western Pacific, May, 1920; ag. res. comsnr., Gilbert and Ellice Is., May, 1920 to May, 1921; ag. atty-gen., Fiji, May to Dec., 1921 and Mar. to Apr., 1922; apptd. a judl. comsnr. for the W. Pacific, Dec., 1921; seconded for sp. serv. with the W. Pacific High Comsnr. to preside over certain murder trials in the Solomon Is., Dec., 1921 to Mar., 1922; res. mag., Jamaica, July, 1922; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 6th May, 1925; solr.-gen., Kenya, Apr., 1927.

BRUCE, THOS. ROBERT.—B. 1862; 2nd clk., col. sec.'s off., St. Helena, Jan., 1898; postmaster, St. Helena, Apr., 1898.

BRUMAGE, D. O.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Pct., Sept., 1919.

BRUNT, JAN PIET JOUBERT.—B. 1881; clk. on probation, pub. wks. dept., C. of G.H., Aug., 1898; 3rd cls. clk., Aug., 1899; examr. of accts., 1902 (ag. acctnt., P.W.D., Grahamstown, and paymr., nat. location, Cape Town); examr. of accts., control and audit office, Cape, 1906; clk., admstrs. office, 8th Sept., 1910; senr. clk. and paymr., 1st Apr., 1912; priv. sec. to admstr., 1st Jan., 1917; 1st grade prin. clk., 5th July, 1918; ag. acctnt., 5th July, 1918; ch. clk., finance, 1st Dec., 1918; offr. in ch., administrative br. of educn., 1st Apr., 1919; contrlr. of educnl. finance and ch. clk., finance, Cape Prov., 1st Apr., 1921; asst. prov. secy., acting. offr. and contrlr., educnl. finance, 1st Sept., 1922; sec., high comsnr.'s off., London, 25th Feb., 1926.

BRUWER, ANDRIEN JOHANNES, B.A. (Cape), M.A. (Harvard), Ph.D. (Penn.)—B. 1896; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, Cornell Univ., New York, Harvard and Pennsylvania Univs.; chmn., bd. of trade and industries, Union of S. Africa, 1st Oct. 1924; author of "Protection in S. Africa" and various papers on financial and economic subjects.

BRYAN, SIB HERBERT, K.B.E. (1925), D.S.O. (1917), C.M.G. (1906)—B. 1865; 2nd lieut., Linc. regt., 18th June, 1892; lieut., 16th Jan., 1894; capt., Manchester regt., 26th July, 1899; brev. major, 29th Nov., 1900; served in W. Africa, 1897-8; employed in Lagos Hinterland; also in operations on the Niger, including expedtn. to Bassema (ment. in desp., medal with two clasps); served in N. Nigeria, 1900, slightly wounded (ment. in desp., clasp); served in operations in Ashanti, 1900; on the staff, D.A.A.G. (ment. twice in desp., medal); chief staff offr., Gambia expedn., 1901 (ment. in desp., medal with clasp); staff offr., W.A.F.F., 16th Oct., 1901; employed at C.O., 8th May, 1902, to 14th Nov., 1903; ag. col. sec., G. Coast, 29th Nov., 1903; ag. govr.,

9th Feb., 1904, to 3rd Mar., 1904; apptd. col. G. Coast, 17th Feb., 1904; ag. gov., 10th May, 11th Nov., 1905, 3rd Apr. to 1st Sept., 1906, 1 Oct., 1907, to 27th Mar., 1908, 8th to 13th Oct. 1908, 30th Mar. to 28th Aug., 1909, 3rd Feb. to 15th June, 1911, and from 30th June to 1 Dec., 1912; col. sec. and rev. comsnr., Jamaica, 12th Aug., 1914; served in France, Flanders, Salonika, 1915-18; Constantinople, 1918-19; lieut.-col., bvt. col., D.S.O.; ag. gov., Jamaica, 19th Aug. to 19th Nov., 1919, 4th Sept. to 1 Nov., 1922, 16th June to 29th Sept., 1924, June to 24th Aug., 1925; ret., 1926.

BRYAN, HUGH, M.A.—Proval. asst., Pietermaritzburg Coll., Natal, 9th Dec., 1902; a mast., 1st Jan., 1903; inspr. of schls., 11th Nov. 1904; ch. inspr. and sec., educn. dept., 1st Oct. 1917; supt. of educn., 8th Feb., 1923.

BRYAN, VERNON BRAGER.—B. 1884; Portsmouth Grammar Schl. and R.N.E. & Keyham; cashier, Uganda, 7th Nov., 1910; a treas., Uganda, 28th Aug., 1911; asst. tre. Somaliland, 7th Feb., 1916; offr. in ch., fir. ser., Somaliland operations, 1919-20; ag. tre. Somaliland for various periods in 1916, 1918-19 and 1924; treas., Somaliland, 18th M. 1924.

BRYANT, G.—B. 1900; apptd. after comp. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Apr., 1918; served w. R.N.V.R., Sept., 1918, to Feb., 1919; cler. of 1st Jan., 1920.

BRYANT, GEORGE WILLIAM.—B. 1887; Emmanuel Coll., Camb. (math. scholar); B.Sc. 1909; M.A., 1916; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1911; passed final exam. in Malay, Dec., 1912; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuantan, Mar., 1911; ag. asst. dist. offr., Klang, June, 1913; ag. dist. offr., Dinding, S. Stlmits., Apr., 1915; asst. dist. offr., Low Perak, Mar., 1917; sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, Aug., 1918; offr., cls. IV, 1st Jan., 1919; sec. tin mining coms., in addition, Aug., 1919; att. for sp. duty, Federal secretariat, Kuala Lumpur, July, 1922; ag. asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Aug. 1924 and Apr., 1927; temp. asst. prin., C.O. May, 1926; ag. dist. offr., Raub, Mar., 1927.

BRYSON, HUGH PATTERSON, M.C.—B. 1888; ed. Royal Schl., Armagh; served in Army, 1911-19; 2nd lieut., Tank Corps, 1917; France, 1919; private, M.S.V.R.; cadet, F.M.S., 21st Aug. 1921; attd., dist. office, Kinta, Apr., 1921; fin. sec., med. dept., Perak, 25th Mar., 1922; rtd. restriction, Johore, July, 1923; attd., land off. Kuala Lumpur, Oct., 1923; ag. 4th asst. sec. govt., Nov., 1923; 4th asst. sec. to govt., Aug. 1924; asst. dist. offr., Bruas, Aug., 1926; stlmnt. offr., Trengganu, Sept., 1927.

BUCHANAN, HON. SIR EBENEZER JOHN, LL.D. (Cantab., Kt. BACH. (1901))—B. 1844; called the bar, Inner Tem., Jan., 1873; advoc. of sup. of Cape Col., of high ct. of prov. of Griqualand West, and of vice-admiralty ct., Cape Col. elected mem. for Worcester in house of asst. 1877; capt. D.E.O.V. Rifles, 6th Mar., 1878; active serv. in Transkei, 1879; extra A.D.C. govt. and comdr. in-chief, 1879; ag. atty-gen. Griqualand West, Nov., 1879; M.L.C. and of coun. of province; apptd. a puisne judge of sup. ct. of the Cape Col., Apr., 1880; assigned the ct. of the eastern dist., May, 1880, and sup. ct., June, 1887; ag. ch. just. of Cape Col. 1894, 1896, 1897, 1900, 1901 and 1906; and as pres. of legis. coun. of colony; mem. of coun. since 1888; vice-chancellor of univ. Cape, 1901-5; pres. of special tribunals (son ct.) 1902-4; pres. war losses review com.

04-5; Knt. of Grace of Order of St. John of Jerusalem, 1901; pres. Cape socy. for aid of sick and wounded in war, 1899-1902; mem. of Lord Mayor's relief fund comtee. during Transvaal war; chmn., Red Cross comtee. of Cape; editor of sup. ct. law reports, etc., Cape Colony; retired, Feb., 1920.

BUCKLE, DOBOTHY M.—B. 1883; ed. Howard Gardens Munic. Secondary Schl., Cardiff and Whitelands Training Coll., Chelsea; 1st cls. B. of E. teachers' certifi.; asst. prin., Raffles girls schl., Singapore, 1908; ag. prin., 1909; prin., 1911.

BUCKLEY, FREDK. ARTHUR, B.A., B.E. (Dublin), A.M.I.C.E.—Asst. engr., P.W.D., E.A.P., 1914; trooper, E.A. Pioneers; capt. E.A. Rly. Corps, 1914-18; exec. engr., P.W.D., Kenya, 1923; "1914-15" Star, Br. War and Victory meda.

BUCKNILL, Sir JOHN ALEXANDER STRACHEY, Kt. BACH. (1916), K.C., F.Z.S.—Ed. at Charterhouse schl., Godalming, and Keble Coll., Oxford; science exhibnr., Charterhouse, 1891; B.A. (hons. chemistry) 1894; barrister-at-law, Inner Temp., mid. circuit, 1896; M.A. Oxford, 1897; advoc. of sup. ct., Transvaal, 1902; J.P., 1902; M.L.C., 1904; mem. of prisons advisory board, 1906; legal adviser to atty.-gen., 1906; chmn. of comtees. of legis. coun., 1906; comsnr. of patents, registrar of trade marks, and registrar of companies, Transvaal, 1902-7; chmn. of many govt. comsns., and has on several occasions received thanks of Transvaal admnstrn.; sole comsnr. to enquire into allegations of immorality against Chinese labourers; sole comsnr. to enquire into non-publication of detailed mining statistics by Transvaal dept. of mines; King's advoc., Cyprus, 1907; mem. of exec. and legis. couns., 1907; ag. chief sec., Apl. to June, 1908; atty.-gen., Hong Kong, 1912; mem. of exec. and legis. couns., 1912; K.C., 1913; ch. just., S. Stlmts., 1914; judge, high ct., Patna, India, 1920; author of "The Birds of Surrey," "The Ornithology of Cyprus," and other ornithological works.

BUDGEN, THOMAS ALEXANDER GEORGE.—B. 1881; passed civ. ser. exam., Cape Colony, 1899; lieut. in Irregular Forces, S. African War, 1900-1902; asst. mag., Bechuanaland, 1903-1904; lieut., Barotse native pol., N. W. Rhodesia, 1905-1907; asst. dist. comsnr., S. Nigeria, 28th Mar., 1908; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 8th Nov., 1908.

BUHAGIAR, HON. FRANCESCO, LL.D. (1901).—Ed., Malta Lyceum; matric., Malta Univ., 1894; called to bar, 1902; el. to rep., 4th dist., first Maltese parl., Oct., 1921; min. of just., July, 1922; judge, Sept., 1924.

BULL, HAROLD ROBERT, M.A.—B. 1888; ed. Framlingham and Queen's Coll., Cambridge; open entrance scholar, Queen's Coll., 1907; Foundation scholar, 1908; 1st cls. hons., Nat. Sci. Tripos, Part 1, 1909; 3rd cls. Maths. Tripos, Part 1, 1910; cadet, S. Stlmts., Nov., 1911; attached to Chinese protectorate, Dec., 1911; in Amoy studying Chinese, 1912-1914; passed final exam. in Hokkien, Oct., 1914; passed Cadet; ag. deputy registrar, sup. ct., Singapore; ag. asst. supt., Indian immigrn., in addition; ag. asst. dist. offr., (lands) Kinta, Jan., 1917; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, July, 1918; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, Sept., 1919; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Singapore, Dec., 1919; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, Mar. and May, 1921; ag. dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., Feb., 1924; ag. off. assignee and pub. trustee, F.M.S., Apr., 1924; collr., stamp duties, Selangor, Negri Sembilan and Pahang, Apr., 1924; dep. contr., lab., Dec., 1924.

BULLMORE, RICHARD RIVERS.—B. 1880 postl. serv., S.S., 1907; postl. serv., F.M.S. 1909; seconded for milly. serv., 2nd lieut., 11th (S.B.), Yorkshire Regt., 1915; demob., lieut., 1st (G.B.) Sherwood Foresters, 1919; supt., posts and tels., Selangor, Negri Sembilan and Pahang, May, 1922; contr., posts and tels., Selangor and Pahang, Oct., 1926.

BULLOCK, G.—Asst. traffic manager, Uganda Railway, Apl., 1919.

BULLOCK, J. A. E., I.S.O. (1924), M.B.E. (1919), D.C.M. (1900).—B. 1871; ed. at Reading school; served in S. African war, 1900-02 (Queen's medal and 3 clasps, King's medal and 2 clasps, distinguished conduct medal, ment. in desps.); dist. acctnt. British section of Kwoloon-Canton rly., 1906-1909; col. sec.'s office, Hong Kong, 1909; sec., pub. serv. comsn., 1919; J.P., 1922.

BULLOCK, WILLIAM.—B. 1882; G.P.O., (traffic and engrng. branches) 1899-1914; Boer War, 1900; grad., London Univ., 1906; sub-engnr., Uganda telegraphs, 1914; Uganda S. Frontier Defence Force, 5th Aug., 1914 to Apr., 1915; lieut., Lake Field Force telegraphs, 1916-17; asst. engrn., G.P.O., Tanganyika, 1916; ag. tel. engrn., in 1920, 1921, 1922 and 1923.

BULLOCK, WILLOUGHBY.—B. 1882; ed. Haileybury and Edinburgh and Montpellier (France) Univs.; barrister-at-law, Gray's Inn and Inner Temple; hon. col., 2nd cadet batt., Sussex Yeomanry; marshal to hon. Mr. Justice Greer; atty.-gen. and admy. advoc., Bahamas 14th Mar., 1921; ag. ch. just., sup. ct., Mar.-Aug., 1921 and from Aug. to Nov., 1922; chmn., bd. of educn. and pres., comsn. of enquiry into admnstrn. of Bahamas pol. force, 1921 (recd. thanks of S. of S.); mem., exec. coun., 1921; contr., local clearing office, enemy debts, 1922; chmn., bd. of comsrs., Bahamas gen. hosp., 1922; ag. ch. just., 8th Aug., 1922 to 29th Nov., 1922; sp. rep., national confce. on educn., Toronto, 1923; Bahamas del. to Imp. educn. confce., London, 1923; ag. ch. just., 19th May to 27th July, 1924; M.L.C., 1924; atty.-gen., B. Hond., 23rd Mar., 1925; mem., exec. and leg. couns.; chmn., income tax comsrs.; chmn., comtee of enquiry into working of treasury; ag. col. sec., May to July, 1925; dep. gov. on several occasions; relieving pres., dist. ct., Palestine, 1926; editor, "The Bahamas Practice," 1924, and joint author "Education in the Bahamas."

BULSTRODE, B. P. E.—B. 1887; ed. Dulwich Coll. and Wadham Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1913; asst. priv. sec. to gov., Leeward Is., 1907-1909; chief clk., govt. office, and clk. of couns., St. Lucia, Oct., 1914; ag. inspr. of schools, St. Lucia, Jan. to May, 1915; priv. sec. to admstr., Feb., 1916 to Apr., 1917; seconded from govt. office for sp. duties, Feb., 1917; priv. sec. to ag. admstr., Apr., 1917; trans. to Gambia as 2nd asst. recovr.-gen., Oct., 1918; offr.-in-charge, secretariat on several occasions between 1920 and 1926; ag. clk., leg. coun., Oct., 1920; 2nd asst. col. sec., Jan., 1921; clk., exec. and leg. couns., on many occasions; ag. inspr., schls., Apr. to Sept., 1926.

BUNBURY, CECIL MOLESWORTH.—Ed. privately; employed at Crown Bridge Works, W. Bromwich, 1895-1898; Great Central, Great Northern and City Rlwy., 1898-1900; served in S. African War, 1900-1902 (medal with 4 clasps); Central S. African Rlwy., 1902-1904; asst. engrn., Uganda Rlwy., 15th Jan., 1906; maintenance " " Jan., 1925; ag. ch. engrn., 1925.

BUNTING, ROBERT HUGH, F.L.S.—Asst. dir. of agriculture, Sierra Leone, 1913-15; asst. dir. of agric. and govt. mycologist, Gold Coast, 30th Jan., 1915; ag. dir. of agric. on several occasions.

BURDEN, HARRY ARCHIBALD.—B. 1883; ed. Bradford and Trin. Coll., Cambridge, B.A.; cadet, Ceylon div. ser., Nov., 1906; off. asst. to govt., agt., S. Prov., Jan., 1908; Cent. Prov., Jan., 1910; pol. mag., Kandy, Nov., 1911; landing survr., customs, Colombo, Jan., 1913; asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Aug., 1914; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, July, 1917; ag. asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, Sept., 1919; dep. collr. of cust., Colombo, June, 1920; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, July, 1923; ag. govt. agt., Uva, May, 1926; rubber contr., Jan., 1927.

BURDON, MAJOR SIR JOHN ALDER, K.B.E., (1927), C.M.G. (1904), M.A.—B. 1866; ed. at Norwich and Corpus Christi Coll., Cambridge, B.A.; 3rd cls. class. tripos, 1888; Hausa scholar of Christ's Coll., 1901-02; M.A., 1901; awarded Cuthbert Peek grant for astronomical observations and route maps by Roy. Geog. Socy., 1903; served in Manchester Regt., Loyal North Lancs. Regt. and Cameron Highlanders, 1888 to 1905; retired as capt. and brevet major; served in Roy. Niger Co.'s forces from 1896 to 1899 as camp quarter-master, adjutant and commandant successively in expeditions to Egbon, Bida and Ilorin, 1897 (despatches); to Lapai, 1898, and commanded expedn. to Ibozu and Illah, 1898 (despatches, brevet-major); asst. res. N. Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1900; 2nd cls. res., 1901; 1st cls. res., 1902; ag. sec. to admnstr. 1907-8; polit. offr. on military operations, 1900 (despatches), 1903 (despatches), and 1906; dormant comen. to admnstr. govt. of N. Nigeria, 1906-1910; col. sec., Barbados, Feb., 1910; major, Barbados volunteer force, 1911; ag. gov., Barbados, July, 1910, to Feb., 1911; and Oct. to Nov., 1912; ag. admntr., Dominica, May, 1913 to Mar., 1914; admnstr., St. Kitts-Nevis, Dec., 1915; hon. col., St. Kitts-Nevis defence force, 1916; compiled maps of St. Kitts-Nevis, 1920; gov. and commdr. in ch., Jr. Hond., 1925; assumed govt., 14th Apr., 1926; author of "Brief Sketch of Br. Honduras, Past, Present and Future" (1927).

BUREAU, HON. JACQUES.—B. 1860; ed. Nicolet Coll. and Laval Univ. (LL.B.); barrister; cl. to H.C., g.e., 1900; re-el., 1904; solr.-gen., Can., 1907-11; re-el. by aocl., 1907; re-el., g.e., 1908, 1911, 1917 and 1921; min. of cust. and excoise in King admntr., 29th Dec., 1921.

BURGE, G. H. K.—B. 1890; cadet, Gilbert and Ellice Islands, Jan., 1915.

BURGESS, W. C.—S. African civ. serv.; offr.-in-charge, finger print bureau, Kenya, Oct., 1919.

BURLINGHAM, DONALD.—B. 1892; ed. Norwich schol.; pol. probationer, Hong Kong, 1911; attached to Punjab pol., 1912-13; passed in Urdu, 1913; J.P., 1914; asst. supt. of pol., New Territories, 1914-1917; passed in Cantonese, 1916; 2nd Lieut., Indian Army res. of offrs., 1917; on active serv., German E. Africa, 1917; atchd. army headqrs., gen. staff branch, Simla, 1918-1919; asst. supt. of pol., Hong Kong, 1920; side-de-camp to gov., 1921; passed in Punjabi, 1923; ag. dep. supt., pol., Apr., 1925; dep. supt., pol., 1926.

BURNE, THOMAS WILLIAM HIGGINS.—B. 1880; ed. Malvern Coll. and St. Bartholomew's Hosp. (Univ. of London), M.B., B.S. (Lond.);

medl. offr., S.S. Apr., 1914; ag. surg. gen. hosp., Singapore, Nov., 1915; ch. surg., F.M.S., Feb., 1926.

BURNER, ERIC ANDERSON.—Ed. at Felsted Schl.; comand., R.F.A., France, Belgium and Germany, 1915-18; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1920; dist. comsnr., 1924.

BURNETT, BERTHAM DAVIDSON.—B. 1891; ed. Port Ephraim Pub. Schl. and Inverurie Acad.; war serv., 6th Bats. Gordon Highlanders, 1914-19; foreman of wks., 2nd grade, P.W.D., Gold Coast, 11th Feb., 1920; headmast., junr. trade schol., 5th Apr., 1924.

BURNS, A. C., C.M.G. (1927).—B. 1865; apptd. to treasry. and customs dept., St. Kitts, Leeward Is., Mar., 1905; clk. to mag., dist. "C.", Dec., 1909; ag. mag., Anguilla, 1910; dep. coroner and J.P., St. Kitts, 1911; ag. clk. and priv. sec. to admntr., Dominica, 1912; supervisor of customs, 2nd grade, S. Nigeria, Nov., 1912; junr. asst. sec., Nigeria, June, 1914; joint compiler, Index to Laws of Leeward Is., 1910; compiler, Nigeria Handbooks, 1917-1923; on active service as temp. lieut., West African Regt., 1914-15; adjutant, Nigeria Land Contingent, 1915; served with the Egba Expedition, 1918; col. sec., Bahamas, 9th Feb., 1924; admstd. govt. from 4th May to 26th Oct., 1924, 26th Sept. to 8th Nov., 1925 and from Sept., 1926; dep. gov., 1st-3rd Aug., 1925.

BURNS, P. H.—B. 1863; supt. of telegraphs, Bahamas, 1892; also supt. of telephones, 1906, and supt. of electric dept., 1909.

BURNS, R. E., LL.B., London (1908).—2nd clk., regisr.'s off., St. Kitts, June, 1898; ag. clk., town comsnr., Basseterre, June to Dec., 1899; clk., P.O., Oct., 1901; extra rev. offr., treasry., Dec., 1899; ag. clk., treasry., May, 1902, to Mar., 1903; ag. govt. clk., clk., ex. and legis. coms., clk., bd. of health, Apr., 1903, to Mar., 1904, June, 1904; ag. clk., treasry., St. Kitts-Nevis, July, 1904; tariff clk., treasry., St. K.-N., Oct., 1904; ag. audit clk., May, 1905, to Feb., 1906, and Oct., 1906, to May, 1907; 2nd cls. supervisor of cust., G. Coast, Aug., 1907; jun. asst. treas., July, 1908; ag. treas., Mar., 1912; asst. censor (temporary) G. Coast, Aug., 1915; ag. senr. asst. auditor, Apr. to May, 1917; ag. treas., May-July, 1920; dep. treas., Aug., 1922.

BURNS, WILLIAM ALOYSIUS, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1900; ed. St. Aloysius Coll. and Vety. Coll., Glasgow; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, June, 1923.

BURNSIDE, H. M.—B. 1875; entd. Bahamas civ. ser., 1902; Out Island comsnr. (4th div.), 1909; comsnr. (3rd div.), 1912.

BURPEE, LAWRENCE JOHNSTON, F.R.G.S., F.R.S.C.—B. 1873; priv. sec. to three successive mins. of justice in Dom. govt., and for several years librn. of Ottawa pub. lib.; sec., Canadian section, International Joint Comen., 1st Jan., 1912; mem. Champlain Soc., Can. Inst., Ontario Hist. Soc., Société Archéologique de France, Hist. Soc. of the Mississippi Valley, Bibliographical Soc. of America; author and editor of numerous works relating to Canadian life and history.

BURRELL, HON. MARTIN.—B. 1858; ed. St. John's Coll., Hurstpierpoint; fruit farmer in Niagara Peninsula fourteen years; moved to B. Columbia, 1900; apptd. mem. bd. of horticulture, B. Columbia; editor, *Grand Forks Gazette*; mayor, Grand Forks, 1903; fruit comsnr. and lecturer in England for B.C. Govt., 1907-08; elected to H. of C., Canada, for Yale-Cariboo, 1908; re-elected, 1911 and 1917; mem. of the

Privy Council for Canada and min. of agric. in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; sec. of state and min. of mines, Oct., 1917; joint librn. of parlmt., 10th July, 1920.

BURROWES, BETHEM, LL.B. (Hons.) Univ. Coll., London.—B. 1883; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 1920; treasury, Jamaica, 1903; judl. dept., 1915; clk., etc., 1921; judge, grand ct., Cayman Is., 1924; supermyr. res. mag., Jamaica, 1925; ag. res. mag., 1925; res. mag., 1928.

BURROWS, THEODORE ARTHUR.—Represented Dauphin in Manitoba legislature, 1892-1904; mem. for Dauphin in House of Commons, Canada, 1904-08; lieut.-gov., Manitoba, 1926.

BURROWS, WILLIAM.—B. 1883; ent. "Britannia," 1898; ret. from Navy with rank of commdr., Jan., 1920; dist. off., Gilbert and Ellice Is., Jan., 1920; seconded Fiji, Feb., 1922; dist. comsgr., Fiji, Jan., 1923.

BURT, NORMAN FRANK.—B. 1899; ed. Rugby Sch.; R. Mil. Academy, Woolwich and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; staff survr., Tanganyika Territory, Aug., 1922; cadet, Tanganyika, Sept., 1925; asst. dist. off., Sept., 1926.

BURT, ROBERT HILLHOUSE.—B. 1896; apptd. after compet. exam. clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser. and assigned to C.O., 15th Mar., 1915; cler. off., higher grade, 30th Apr., 1923.

BURTON, GERALD JOHN LLOYD, M.C., B.A.—Plant breeder, agrl. dept., Kenya, Jan., 1921.

BURTON, RT. HON., HENRY, P.C. (1924), K.C., B.A., LL.B.—M.L.A. for Albert, Cape Colony, in 1902; re-elected, 1904; atty.-gen., Cape Colony, 1908; min. of native affairs, Union of S. Africa, 1910; min. of rlys. and harbours, 1912; M.L.A. for Klip River, Natal, 1915; min. of rlys. and harbours, 1915; min. of finance, 1920-24.

BURTON, RICHARD CHARLES FRYER.—Entd. Cape civ. serv., 1891; served in census, crownlands and other depts.; dist. forest off., George, 1902; seconded to proceed to Royal Indian Engineering Coll., Cooper's Hill, for scientific course of forestry; working plans off., Eastern Conservancy, Oct., 1905; dist. forest off., George, Feb., 1909; conservator of forests, Natal, Mar., 1914; ditto, Midland conservancy, Dec., 1914.

BURTON, WILLIAM.—B. 1884; B.A., Cantab, 1st cls., div. III, clas. trip., 1906; 2nd cls., pt. II, hist. trip., 1907; cadet, F.M.S., 1907; ag. asst. dist. off., Tanjong Malim, 1908; ag. asst. dist. off., Ipoh, 1910; ag. dist. off., Batu Meng Kabang, Kelantan, 1910; ag. mag., Kota Bharu, 1911; asst. dist. off., Kuala Pilah, cls. V, cont. as mag., Kota Bharu, and harbmr., Teluk Anson, and asst. dist. off., Kuala Kangsar, 1911; asst. dist. off., Batang Padang, 1912; mag., Ipoh, 1913; asst. registrar, sup. ct., Ipoh, 1914; mag., Seremban, 1916; offr., cls. IV, 1st Jan., 1918; offr., cls. III, 16th Nov., 1919; registrar, sup. ct., Kuala Lumpur, 1920; ag. dist. off., Temerloh, ag. dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., 1921; offl. assignee in addition, 1st May, 1921; registrar, sup. ct., 1st July, 1921, cont. offl. assignee in addition; ag. dep. pub. prosecutor, Oct., 1922; ag. legal adviser, Johore, Feb., 1924; ag. legal adviser and pub. pros., F.M.S., July, 1925; ag. dep. pub. pros., July, 1925; ag. dep. legal adviser, Aug., 1925; offl. assignee, F.M.S., in addn., Mar. 1927; dep. legal adviser, F.M.S., Apr., 1927; ag. legal adviser, Aug., 1927.

BURTON, WILLIAM ELLIOT.—M.D., C.M., McGill Univ., 1910; ag. temporary res. surg., Barbados general hosp., 1910; ag. med. off., St.

James' parish, Barbados; ag. visiting physician, leper asylum; ag. surg. to police, dist. II., Barbados, 1911; ag. med. and med. offr., Anguilla, Leeward Is., 1912; inspr. public health, St. Kitts-Nevis, Aug., 1918.

BURY, FRED. W.—Junior clk., registrar's off., B. Guiana, Feb. to Aug., 1887; librn., govt. secretariat, Sept. 1887 to Feb., 1888; asst. clk., recr.-gen.'s off., Aug., 1888 to Mar., 1889; 5th cls. clk., Apr., 1889 to May, 1892; 4th cls. clk., June, 1892 to May, 1897; 3rd cls. clk., June, 1897; ag. 1st cls. clk., Oct., 1900 to Mar., 1901; ag. asst. recr.-gen. and sub. administr., Berbice, Feb. to Dec., 1904; 2nd cls. clk., May, 1916; clk. in charge, treasury and savings' bank, New Amsterdam, Berbice; capt., No. 7 Co. B. Guiana Militia, Oct., 1910; 1st cls. clk., G.P.O., May, 1912; 1st cls. clk., audit office, Apr., 1914; ag. chief clk., G.P.O., June, 1914 to Feb., 1915; ag. chief clk., audit office, June to Dec., 1915; ag. audr.-gen., Dec., 1918 to Jan., 1919; ch. clk., P.W.D., May, 1921; ag. paymr., pol., Aug., 1921 to Apr., 1922; ch. clk., G.P.O., Jan., 1922; ag. P.M.G., Mar., 1923 to Sept., 1924; reverted to ch. clk., P.W.D., Jan., 1925.

BURY, RAYMOND, M.B.E. (1918), F.R.C.S.I.—Med. offr., Nyasaland, 1912; senr. med. offr., 12th July, 1923; ag. prin. med. offr., Apr. to Dec., 1924.

BUSHE, HENRY GRATTAN, C.M.G. (1927)—B. 1886; called to the bar, 1909; Western circuit, 1910-11; S. Eastern circuit, 1911; Herts and Essex sessions, 1916; sec. to royal comn. on the contracts between the War Office and Sir John Jackson, Ltd., 1916-17; ag. legal asst., C.O., Nov., 1917; legal asst., 1st Jan., 1919.

BUSWELL, HENRY HOPE.—B.D. (Serampore, Calcutta); L.C.P. (hons. English and French), Fellow of L'Institut Francois du Royaume Uni.; asst. chaplain, Quatre Bornes and Moka, Mauritius, 1908; civ. chaplain, Beau Bassin and Rose Hill, Mauritius, 1909; civ. chaplain of Seychelles, 1919; sub. dean, St. Paul's Cathedral, Victoria, Seychelles; chmn., Seychelles free libry.; mem., bd. of educn., Seychelles.

BUTLER, CHARLES RICE.—B. 1885; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin, and at the Sorbonne, Paris; B.A.; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 16th Apr., 1914; attach. Nigeria Regt., 1917-18.

BUTLER, ERNEST ORMOND.—Served in Bech. Border police and Bech. mounted pol., 1891-1897; Matabele war, 1893-4; served in B.S.A. police, Bech. Prot. div., 1898-1902; S. African war, 1899-1902 (Queen's med. and clasp, defence of Mafeking, King's med. and two clasps); asst. commr.'s clk., N. Dist., Bech. Prot., 1902; J.P., ditto, 1903; asst. res. mag., ditto, 1908; passed Cape civ. serv. lower law exam., 1911; ag. asst. comsgr., ditto, 1908-9, 1913-19; ag. res. mag., 1919; res. mag., 1920; passed Secwana examination.

BUTLER, G. G., M.B.E., B.A., M.D., B.C., (Cantab. (hons. nat. sci. triplos), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), cert., L.S.T.M. (with distinction).—Apptd., W.A.M.S., Sierra Leone, 19th Apl., 1911; seconded for sp. investigation under yellow fever comsgr., 1st May, 1913 to 14th June, 1914; served Cameroons Expy. Force, 20th Jan., 1916 to 18th Apl., 1916; temp.-capt. (gen. list) Jan. to Apl., 1916; seconded for serv. with R.A.M.C., 1916-19; dir. of laboratory, Tanganyika Territory, 12th Jan., 1920; ag. dep. P.M.O., Mar., 1924.

BUTLER, HENRY BEAUCHAMP.—B. 1878; ed. Charterhouse; admitted solr., sup. ct., May, 1902; asst. dist. comsgr., S. Nigeria, Apr., 1908;

assisted as sec., munic. bd., Lagos, Dec., 1908; asst. sec., S. Provs., 1914; ag. sec. to admstr., Lagos, June to Sept., 1914; 2nd asst. sec., June, 1916; services lent to H.M. bd. of cust. and excise, Nov., 1915 to Feb., 1916; cable censor, Lagos, Oct., 1917 to Feb., 1919; ag. res., 1923, 1924 and 1925; ag. prin. asst. sec., 1925; res., 1925.

BUTLER, ISABEL. — Telephone operator, Bahamas, 1906; clk., registr.-gen.'s dept., 21st Jan., 1918; asst. registrar-gen., 18th July, 1927; ag. registrar-gen., 25th Aug. to 3rd Sept., 1927.

BUTLER, T. D. — Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 1910; dist. comsnr., Oct., 1919; seconded to Somaliland, Oct. 1919 to Dec., 1922; ag. senr. comsnr., Kenya, 1926.

BUTTERS, HENRY ROBERT. — B. 1898; ed. Glasgow High schol. and Glasgow Univ., 1st bursar, 1916; cadet, Hong Kong, Jan., 1922; ag. dep. registrar, sup. ct., 1923; asst. to sec. for Chinese affrs., 1924; dist. offr., North, 1925; ag. dep. registrar and 2nd pol. mag. in addn., 1925; 3rd asst. col. sec., 1926.

BUTTERS, SIR JOHN HENRY, KT. BACH., M.I.E.E., M.Am.I.C.E., etc. — B. 1882; ed. Taunton Schl. and Univ. Coll., Southampton; ch. engr. and gen. man., govt. hydro elec. dept., Hobart, Tasmania; chmn., Tasmanian state comtee. of the C'wealth advisory coun. of science and industry; pres., Tasmanian Inst. of Engrs.; ch. comsnr., fedl. cap. coms., Canberra, Nov., 1924.

BUTTERWORTH, CAPTAIN ARCHIBALD WILLIAM. — B. 1866; res. mag. and comdt., armed constab., Br. N. Guinea, Oct., 1890 to Sept., 1901; on active serv., Tugere expedn., 1896 (medal and clasp); served in S. African war with 4th Q'land conting. (men. in deep, Queen's medal and 3 clasps); capt., Lagos batt., W.A.F.F., 18th Sept., 1901; active serv. with Aro expedn., 1901-02 (medal and clasp); capt., R. Lance regt., Aug., 1904; dist. comsnr., Lagos, 1904; 1st cls. dist. comsnr., 1910; 2nd cls. res., Nigeria, 1914; att. W.A.F.F. on active serv., Cameroons expedn., Mar. to Nov., 1915.

BUXTON, EARL (cr. 1914) OF NEWTIMBER, RT. HON. SYDNEY CHARLES BUXTON, P.C., G.C.M.G. (1914). — B. 1853; ed. at Clifton Coll. and Trin. Coll., Camb.; was mem. of the London schol. bd. from 1876 to 1882; hon. sec. to Mr. Tuke's Irish emigr. fund, 1882-4; author of the "Handbook to Political Questions," the "Political Manual," "Finance and Politics," "An Historical Study, 1783-1883," &c., and editor of the imp. parlt. series; M.P. for Peterborough from June, 1883, to Nov., 1885, when he was unsuccessful; contested Croydon unsuccessfully in Jan., 1886; elected July, 1886, and re-elected in 1892, 1896, and 1900, for Poplar (Tower Hamlets); partly under-sec. of state for the cols., 17th Aug., 1892, to 28th June, 1895; postmr.-gen., Dec., 1905; pres. of B. of T., 1910; gov.-gen., Union of S. Africa, and high comsnr. for S. Africa, 14th May, 1914; assumed govt., 8th Sept., 1914; relinquished office, 19th Nov., 1920.

BUXTON, C. E. V. — Asst. dist. comsnr. E. Africa Prot., Oct., 1919.

BYATT, SIR HORACE ARCHER, K.C.M.G. (1918), C.M.G. (1912). — Class. exhibitr., Lincoln Coll., Oxford, 1894; B.A. (honours), 1898; asst. collr., B.C.A. Prot. Nov., 1899; Africa general serv. medal, 1899-1900; asst. polit. offr., Somaliland, Aug., 1905; asst. dist. offr., Nov., 1905; sec. to admstrn., Somaliland, Aug., 1906; admtd. govt., June to Dec., 1910; comsnr. and

comdr.-in-chief, 1911; col. sec., Gibraltar, May, 1914; lieut.-gov. and chief sec., Malta, 1914; admstr., German East Africa provisional admstrn. (Tanganyika Territory), 23rd Sept., 1916; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Tanganyika Territory, 25th Sept., 1920; gov., Trinidad, 16th Sept., 1924; assumed govt., 22nd Nov., 1924.

BYNG, 1ST BARON OF VINT, AND OF THORPE-LE-SOKEN (CR. 1919); GEN. JULIAN HEDWORTH GEORGE BYNG, G.C.B. (1919), K.C.B. (1916), K.C.M.G. (1915), C.B. (1906), M.V.O. (1902). — B. 1862; joined 10th Royal Hussars, 1883; maj., 1898; col., 1901; served Soudan expedn., 1884 (med. with clasp, Khedive's star); S. Africa, 1899-1902 (desps., Queen's med., 6 clasps, King's med.); commanded 10th Royal Hussars, 1902-4; cav. schol., Netheravon, 1904-5; maj.-gen., 1906; commanded 2nd cav. brig., 1905-7; 1st cav. brig., 1907-9; E. Anglian divn., 1910-12; G.O.C. Egypt, 1912-14; lieut.-gen., Dardanelles, 1915; commanded 3rd Cav. Divn., 1914-15; Cav. Corps, 1915-16; 9th Army Corps, Feb., 1916; 17th Army Corps, Apr., 1916; gen., 1917; Canadian Corps, 3rd Army, 1917-19; thanked by Parliament for distinguished services, and granted £30,000; numerous foreign decorations; gov.-gen. of Canada, 1921-26.

BYRNE, BRIG.-GEN. SIR JOSEPH A., K.B.E. (1918), C.B. Military (1916). — B. 1874; joined R. Inniskilling Fusiliers, 1893; served in S. African War, 1899-1902; (wounded); served with central judicial (claims) comn., Pretoria, 1903-05; major, 1914; lt. lieut.-col., 1915; brig.-gen., 1916; asst. adjutant-gen., W.O., 1916; dep. adjutant-gen., Ireland, 1916 (C.B. and desps.); inspr.-gen., R.I.C., 1916; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1922; gov., Seychelles, 21st July, 1922; assumed govt., 26th Sept., 1922; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Sierra Leone, 1927.

CADMAN, SIR JOHN, K.C.M.G. (1918), C.M.G. (1916), M.Sc., M.I.M.E., F.G.S. — B. 1877; ed. High Schl., Newcastle-under-Lyme, and Durham Univ. Coll. Sc.; Staff. C.C. scholar, 1895; B.Sc. (Dunelm), hon., 1899; M.Sc., 1902; pres., Union soc., 1898; certifi. colliery man., 1900; asst. gen. man., Silverdale coal and iron works, Staffs., 1900; asst. agt., Walter Scott, Ltd., Collieries, Durham, 1901; H.M. insp. of mines (H.O.) East Scotland, 1902; ditto, Staffordshire, 1903; govt. mining engr., Trinidad and Tobago, 1904; ret., 1922; author of prize papers on "Iron Ore Deposit" before Inst. of Mining Engrs.

CAINE, SYDNEY, B.Sc. (Econ.). — B. 1902; ed. Harrow County Schl. and London Schl. of Economics; B.Sc. (Econ.) with 1st cls. hon., 1922; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. inspr. of taxes (Inland Rev.), 1923; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. prin., C.O., Nov., 1926.

CALDEBROTT, ANDREW, C.B.E. (1926). — B. 1884; ed. Uppingham (schol. and exhr.) and Oxford (schol.), 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1917; B.A., Exeter Coll., 1907; cadet F.M.S., 1907; ag. dist. offr., Jelebu, 1909; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, 1911; dist. offr., Jelebu, 1911; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, 1912; dep. contr., labr., 1913; ag. asst. sec. to ch. sec., 1914; 2nd asst. sec., Fed. Sec., 1916; ag. asst. sec. to govt., 1920; seconded for sp. duty in connec. with Br. Empire Exhibn. while on leave in England, Jan., 1923; town planning admstr. and state valuer, Ipoh, Mar., 1926; ag. contr., lab., Malaya, June, 1926; chmn. housing and P.W.D. enquiry comtee., Dec., 1926; dep. contr., lab., Malaya but continues ag. under sec., S.S., July, 1927; published, "History of Jelebu," 1912.

CALDER, JAMES.—B. 1898; ed. Glasgow Univ.; M.A. (1st cls. certif. in French; 2nd in nat. phil.); war serv., 1916-19; intell. offr., Q.O.O.H., 1918; educnl. offr., Durham Light Infy., 1919; cadet, S. Stlmts., Feb., 1921; attached treas., Singapore, June, 1921; att'd., med. dept., Singapore, Mar., 1922.

CALDER, HON. JAMES ALEXANDER, B.A., LL.D.—B. 1868; ed. Ingeroll pub. schls., pub. and high schls., Winnipeg; Manitoba Coll.; hon. grad. in science, Manitoba Univ., 1888 (silver medallist); called to the bar, North-West Territories, 1906; prin. of Moosejaw high schl., 1891-94; inspr. of schls., N.W.T., 1894-1900; dep. comsnr. of educn., N.W.T., 1901-05; elec. to Sask. ass. at first g.e., 1905; prov. treas. and comsnr. of educn. in Scott min., 5th Sept., 1905; unsucc. cand. for Milestone div. at g.e., 1906; elec. for Saltcoats at bye-elec., 7th Dec., 1906; min. of immigr. and colonization in federal union govt., Oct., 1917; elec. to H. of C., Canada, for Moosejaw, Dec., 1917; pres., Canadian privy coun., July, 1920; called to senate, 22nd Sept., 1921.

CALDER, JOHN A., M.A.—B. 1889; ed. at Harris Acad., Dundee and Edin. Univ.; Vans Dunlop scholarship in history, 1910; M.A. with 1st cls. hon. in history, 1911; 1st cls. hon. in philosophy, 1912; apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Nov., 1912; ag. 1st cls. clk., 8th Dec., 1917; on military service from 16th Sept. to 10th Dec., 1918; prin., 1st Apr., 1920; visited S. Africa, N. and S. Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Tanganyika, Zanzibar, Uganda and Kenya as sec., E. Africa Parly. Comsn., Aug. to Dec., 1924.

CALDERWOOD, WILFRED HENRY.—Passed Cape civ. serv. law exam.; clk., control and audit office, Cape Colony, 10th Apr., 1893; asst. examr. of accts., 10th Oct., 1893; 2nd cls. examr. of accts., 10th Apr., 1898; 1st cls. ditto, 1st June, 1903; inspr., 1st Jan., 1906; offr. in ch., rev. audit, control and audit office, Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; also acctngt. offr. from 1st Dec., 1916; ch. inspr., rev. audit and acctngt. offr., 1st Dec., 1919.

CALDWELL, CAPT. K. F. T.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Dec., 1918; asst. game warden, Oct., 1922; ag. game warden, Jan. to Nov., 1923 and in 1926; senr. asst. game warden, 1st Jan., 1925.

CALDWELL, REGINALD PRECIVAL.—B. 1894; held various appts., Fiji, 1910-17; served with 1st Batt., K.R.R., France, 1917-19; 1st cls. clk. treas. and sec., returned sailors and soldiers land settlmt. scheme and returned sailors and soldiers advances bd. of control, 1922; asst. comsnr. for Fiji, Br. Emp. Exhib., 1924; col. audit dept., Dec., 1924; asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, Jan., 1925; ag. senr. asst. audr., June, 1925.

CALDWELL, ROBERT, M.A., (Glasgow).—B. 1894; ed. Irving Royal Acad. (Eglington Medallist) and Glasgow Univ.; served Scottish Rifles and K.A.R., 1915-19; temp. asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, 1919-20; asst. mast., educn. dept., Tanganyika Territory, 1922; asst. dir., educn., 1927; editor, "Mambo-Leo," 1923-24.

CALVIN, THOMAS AUGUSTUS.—B. 1892; three years' war serv. in R.A.F.; instr., tech. schl., Acera, Gold Coast, 16th June, 1920; ag. prin., 27th May, 1923 to 14th Nov., 1923 in July, 1924 and from 10th Apr. to 26th Oct., 1926.

CAMACHO, MAURICE VIVIAN.—B. 1885; ed. St. Edmund's Coll., Herts.; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1906; ag. atty.-gen., Leeward Is., in

1919 and 1920; atty.-gen., Dec., 1920; K.C., 1924; judge, West Indian ct. of appeal for hearing of certain appeals, 1924; solr.-gen., Trinidad, 1927.

CAMBRIDGE, RALPH.—M.A. Hertford Coll., Oxon.; B. 1878; 3rd asst. mast., Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad, 4th Sept., 1901; 1st asst. mast., 18th Apl., 1918; 2nd mast., 24th July, 1920; prin., Queen's Royal Coll., Sept., 1927.

CAMERON, SIR DONALD CHARLES, K.C.M.G. (1926), K.B.E. (1922); C.M.G. (1918).—B. 1872; ed. at Rathmines School, Dublin; entd. Br. Guiana civ. ser., 1890; 5th class clk., secretariat, 1891; 4th ditto, 1895; 3rd class and despatch clk., 1895; 2nd class, 1899; priv. sec. to ag. govr., 1896, 1897, 1898 and 1901; ag. asst. gov. sec. and clk. of councils, 1900-1901, principal clk., secretariat, 1901; priv. sec. to govr. of Newfoundland (with permission of S. of S.) whilst on leave, 1902; asst. col. sec., Mauritius, July, 1904; ag. col. sec. in 1904-5-6-7; temporarily transfd. to S. Nigeria as asst. sec., Jan., 1908; principal asst. sec., 1911; sec. to S. Nigeria liquor trade inquiry comtee., 1909; ag. prov. comsnr. in 1910, 1911 and 1912; ag. col. sec., 27th Feb. to 24th Aug., and 5th Sept. to 3rd Oct., 1912; deputy gov. in 1921-23; cent. sec., Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1914; ch. sec. to govt., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. gov. in 1921, 1923 and 1924; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Tanganyika Territory, 5th Sept., 1924.

CAMERON, SIR EDWARD J., K.C.M.G. (1916), C.M.G. (1905).—Ed. at Shrewsbury Schl., Clifton Coll. and Merton Coll., Oxon; priv. sec. to Sir C. C. Lees, gov., Bahamas, Jan., 1882; and as gov. of the Leeward Is., Jan., 1884; asst. col. sec. and treas., S. Leone, Nov., 1884; J.P. for the Stlmt., and visiting justice, Freetown Gaol; ag. col. sec. and treas., Dec., 1885, to July, 1886; pres., Virgin Is., Feb., 1887; mem. Leeward Is. legis. coun., 1887, and exec. coun., 1888; comsnr., Turks Is., Mar., 1893; ag. judge sup. ct., May to Dec., 1893, Jan. to June, 1895, and Apr. to July, 1898; admstr., St. Vincent May, 1901; admstr., St. Lucia, Apr., 1909; ag. gov., Windward Is., June to Oct., 1909, July to Dec., 1911, and in 1912; representative of St. Lucia, and chmn. of W. Indian delegates at reciprocity conf. at Ottawa, Mar., 1912; gov., Gambia, 28th Feb., 1914; assumed govt., 11th Apl., 1914; ret., 1920.

CAMERON, EDWARD ROBERT, K.C., M.A.—B. 1857; ed. Univ. of Toronto (M.A., 1881); gold medallist, natural sciences; called to bar, 1882; one of the comsrs. for revision of statutes of Canada, 1902; registr., sup. ct. of Canada, 1898; chmn., soldiers' aid comsn., Ottawa branch, 1916-1922.

CAMERON, MAJOR SIR MAURICE ALEXANDER, K.C.M.G. (1914); C.M.G. (1900), late R.E.—B. 1855; first comsn. in Roy. Engrs., Aug., 1874; dept. col. engrn., S. Stlmts., Dec., 1883, to Apr., 1892; during which he acted for about two years and a half as col. engrn. and survr.-gen., and was a mem. of exec. and legis. couns.; apptd. one of the crown agts. for the colonies, 1895-1920.

CAMPBELL, ALEXANDER WILSON, M.A., B. Educn.—B. 1897; ed. Birmingham Secondary Schl. and Edinburg Univ.; diploma in educn.; served in H.M. forces, 1915-18; lieut., Labour Corps; prin., Govt. Training Coll., Trinidad, 1924.

CAMPBELL, COLIN BRUCE, B.A., M.C.—B. 1890; ed., Leatherhead Schl. and Lincoln Co. Oxford; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 20th May, 1921.

CAMPBELL, COL. GEORGE FREDERICK COLIN, C.M.G. (1919). V.D. (1908).—B. 1858; ed. Nelson Coll., New Zealand; entd. New Zealand civ. serv., 1874; dep. comsnr. of taxes, 1894-1904; dep. supt., advances to settlers' office, 1896-7; dep. valuer-gen., 1897-1904; valuer-gen., 1904-9; gen. man., state fire insurance office, 1909-10; comsnr. of taxes, 1910-2; sec. to treasury, recvr.-gen., pay-master-gen. and supt. of state advances office, 1913; contr. and audr.-gen., 1922.

CAMPBELL, JAMES EDWARD FRANCIS, M.A.—B. 1879; ed. Christ Church, Oxford; double 1st cls. hon.; called to bar, Middle Temple; Order of the Nile; served throughout great war; major, R. Artillery, 1916-18; ent. Palestine admtn., Mar., 1919; asst. dist. gov., Jerusalem-Jaffa dist., 1920; passed elementary Arabic exam., 1923.

CAMPBELL, LANCELOT FREDERICK, I.S.O. (1923)—B. 1866; temporary clk. of cus., Sierra Leone, May, 1883; warehouseman, Dec., 1885; landing waiter, 1889; baggage officer and landing waiter, 1893; 3rd clk., 1895; 2nd clk. and statistician, 1899; 1st clk. in charge of statistics and shpg. branches, 1899; examg. offr., 1904; warehousekeeper, 1905; ag. ch. clk. of cust., June to Sept., 1906; acted as admeasurer of vessels under M.S. Act on several occasions; supervisor, cust. and J.P., Sherbro Dist., 1909.

CAMPBELL, S. MCNEILL.—B. 1893; Ed. Hamilton Acad., and Glasgow Univ.; M.A., (1st cls. hon. Classics) 1915; G.U.O.T.C., Sept., 1914; on military service, Jan., 1916 to Mar., 1919, with Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) 52nd Div. and R.A.F., Egypt and Palestine; lieut., July, 1917; capt., R.A.F., Nov., 1918; temporary clk., in C.O., Apr., 1919; apptd. by civ. serv. comsrs., 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Jan., 1920; asst. prin., 1st Apr., 1920; priv. sec. to perm. under sec. (Sir J. Masterton Smith), Apl., 1922 to Nov., 1923; ag. prin., 3rd Oct., 1923; prin., 1st Oct., 1925.

CAMPBELL, W. F. G.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 30th May, 1907; dist. comsnr., 3rd Apl., 1913; ag. senr. comsnr., 1926.

CAMPBELL, WILLIAM KENNETH HUNTER.—B. 1886; ed. Rossall and Wadham Coll., Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1909; off. asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Sept., 1910; ditto, Galle, Sept., 1911; ag. pol. mag., Jaffna, Mar., 1912; ag. dist. judge, Badulla, June, 1914; asst. govt. agt., Colombo and Negombo, Mar., 1917; ditto, Trincomalee, Nov., 1918; ditto Chilaw and Puttalam, Aug., 1920; on sp. duty in connection with co-op. credit societies, Dec., 1924; joint regisr., co-op. societies, May, 1926.

CAMPBELL-IRONS, A.—Ed. at Edin. Acad. and Univ. of Edin.; studied law and served in a lawyer's office; served in S. Africa, and recd. comen. in A.S.C.; res. coman. and joined reserve of offr., A.S.C.; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 16th June, 1906.

CAMPION, LIEUT.-COL. SIR WILLIAM ROBERT, K.C.M.G. (1924). D.S.O. (1917). T.D. (1914).—B. 1870; ed. Eton and New Coll., Oxford; lieut.-col., 4th Batt., R. Sussex Regt., 1915; col., 1924; M.P., Lewes divn., Sussex, 1910-24; gov., W. Australia, 12th July, 1924; assumed govt., 28th Oct., 1924.

CAMSELL, CHARLES, B.A., LL.D., F.R.S.C., F.G.S.A.—B. 1876; ed., St. John's Coll., Winnipeg; grad., Man. Univ., 1894; post grad., geol., of Queen's Univ., Kingston, Harvard, and Massachusetts Inst. of Tech., Boston; exprlns. in N.W. Can., 1894-1900; geol., Algoma Cent. Rly., 1901; geol., Canadian Northern Rly., 1902-

03; geol., geological surv. of Can., 1904; geol. investigations and exprlns. in Br. Columbia and N. Can., 1904-20; responsible for the orig. exprln. and mapping of some of the larger rivers of N.W. Can.; in charge of B.C. and Yukon br. of the geol. surv., 1918; author of numerous memoirs and papers on the geol. and geog. of Br. Columbia and of N. Canada; charter mem. and fellow, Harvard Travellers' Club, 1903; elected F.R.G.S., 1915, Geol. Soc. of America, 1915, and Royal Soc., Can., 1918; dep. min., federal dept. of mines, 1920; apptd., Dom. fuel bd., 1921.

CANDLER, REV. ALBERT HENRY, B.A. (Manchester).—B. 1890; clk. in holy orders; vice-chancellor's prizeman and Bishops' prizeman (jun. and sen.); mast., Aocra training coll., 26th July, 1922; ag. housemast., 28th Apr. to 15th Oct., 1923; supt., educn., N. Territories, 29th Mar., 1926.

CANNON, LUCIEN, R.A., LL.L.—B. 1887; ed. Quebec Seminary and Laval Univ.; M.P.P., 1913-17; M.P., 1917; solr.-gen., Canada, 12th Sept., 1925.

CAPE TOWN, ARCHBISHOP OF, MOST REV. WILLIAM MARLBOROUGH CARTER.—D.D., B.A., Oxford, 1873; M.A., 1877; Hon. D.D., 1896; Bishop of Zululand, 1891; translated to Pretoria, 1902; Archbishop of Cape Town, 1909.

CARDIN, PIERRE J. ARTHUR.—B. 1879; ed. Laval Univ.; rep. Richelieu in House of Commons, Canada, 1911-26; min. of marine and fisheries, 30th Jan., 1924.

CARDINALL, ALLAN WOLSEY.—B. 1887; ed. Winchester Coll. and Heidelberg; Lond. Matric., 1914; asst. dist. comsnr., Ashanti, G. Coast, 18th Aug., 1914; dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 1st Jan., 1921.

CARMICHAEL, LIEUT.-COL. HON. D.—Farmer in Grey County, Ont.; served four years at the front, rising from the ranks to command of a batt. and winning the D.S.O. and bar and M.C. and bar; elec. to legis. ass., Ontario, Oct., 1919; minister without portfolio and government representative on Hydro Electric Commission, 1919 to 1923; re-el., 1923.

CARMICHAEL, LIEUT.-COL. JAMES FORREST HALKETT, C.M.G. (1920). C.B.E. (1918). Chevalier of the Legion of Honour, 1919; M.I.C.E. Royal Engineers.—B. 1868; ed. Clifton Coll., and Royal Mil. Acad., Woolwich; joined R. Enginrs., 1887; served in India, Aden, Somaliland and Burma, 1889-1900; served Chin Hill Expedn., 1893; operations on N.W. Frontier, India with Tirah Expedy. Force, 1897-98 (med. with 2 clasps); W.O., 1900-03; ordnance survey, 1903 to 1904; joined staff of Crown Agents for Colonies as head of engnr. dept., 1904; asst. dir. of raw materials dept., Miny. of Munitions, 1915-17; ch. engr., 1919; fourth Crown Agent and engr. in ch., 1921.

CARNCROSS, HON. SIR WALTER CHARLES FREDERICK, KT. BACH. (1922).—B. 1865; ed. privately; mem., N.Z. House of Reps., 1890-1902; M.L.C. since 1903; chmn., comtee. of L.C., 1910-18; speaker, 1918.

CARNELLEY, STEPHEN H., F.R.G.S.—Ed. Rugby and Exeter Coll., Oxford; solr., sup. ct., England; mem. of bar, F.M.S.; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 1910; ag. dist. comsnr., 1912; asst. col. sec., 1913; res. mag., E. Africa Prot., 1914; seconded as capt., E. African Forces, 1915-1918; res. comsnr., Kenya, 1921; senr. res. mag., Jan., 1923.

CARON, HON. JOSEPH EDOUARD.—B. 1866; ed. at St. Ann's Coll.; elected to legis. assem.,

Quebec, 1902, 1904, 1908, 1912 and 1916; min. without portfolio, Jan., 1909; min. of agric., Oct., 1909.

CARPENTER, EDGAR WILLIAM.—B. 1877; asst. engr., P.W.D., Hongkong, 1st Apr., 1901; seconded to Kowloon Canton Rly., 1906-6; exec. engr., 1913; ag. asst. D.P.W. on various occasions, 1921-24; chmn. comtee. on communications in Kowloon, July, 1924; asst. D.P.W., New Territories, 1st Jan., 1925; ag. asst. D.P.W., Kowloon and New Kowloon in addn., 1926.

CARPENTER, G. D. H., B.A., M.D., B.Ch. (Oxon.), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., F.R.S.—Med. off., Uganda, June, 1910; seconded for special service on Royal Society's sleeping sickness coman., 1910-1913, and seconded for further period of "fly research," 1913.

CARR, EDWARD THOMAS WHITMORE, B.A., T.C.D.—B. 1883; sub-inspr. of constab., Trinidad, 1st Oct., 1907; inspr., 23rd July, 1916.

CARRENA, ALBERT EMANUEL E. O.—B. 1873; ed. at St. Gregory's R.C. gram. sch., Lagos; asst. clk. har. dept., 1894; clk. and storekeeper, 1895; messenger and copyist, Queen's advocate's off., 1896; 2nd clk. gen. registry, 1897; Queen's advoc.'s clk., 1897; assisted as clk. in the trade coman., 1898; sec. to the coman. of inquiry on the conduct of Dr. D. J. Jones, 1899; promoted 3rd class clk., gov.'s office, 1901; sec. to the coman. of inquiry on the railway accident at Owowo, 1901; sec. to the coman. of inquiry on the customs dept., 1901; acted as registr. of corres., secretariat, 1902; on spec. serv. to Ekiti countries, 1903; ag. conf. clk., clk. of exec. and legis. couns., 1904; 2nd cls. clk., secretariat, 1905; transf'd. to gov.'s office, 1905; 1st cls. clk., 1907.

CARRIE, WILLIAM JAMES, M.A., B.Sc. (1914).—B. 1891; ed. at George Watson's Coll., Edin., and Edin. Univ.; cadet, civ. ser., Hong Kong, 1914; passed in Cantonese, 1917; on military service, 1918 to 1919; ag. asst. col. sec., and clk. of couns., 1920; asst. col. treas., 1920; J.P., 1922; 2nd asst. col. sec., 1922; ag. supt., bot. and forestry dept., in addn., 1923; asst. supt., impts. and expts. dept., 1926.

CARRUTHERS, SIR JOSEPH HECTOR McNEIL, K.C.M.G. (1908), M.A., Hon. LL.D., St. Andrews Univ., 1908.—B. 1857; called to the bar, 1879; M.L.A. for Canterbury, 1887-1894, and later for reformed dist. of St. George, N.S. Wales; min. for pub. instr., 1889-91; min. for lands, 1894; col. treas., 1899; leader of opposition, 1902-4; premier and treas., New S. Wales, Aug., 1904; resigned premiership, 1907; exec. comanr. for N.S.W. at Franco-British Exhibn., 1908; M.L.C., Oct., 1908.

CARRUTHERS, ROBERT.—B. 1886; ed., Annan Academy; pub. wks. dept., Nigeria, 1914-20; instr. in arts and crafts, N. Provs., Nigeria, 22nd Sept., 1920.

CARTER, HUGH CLAY, M.C., M.E.I. (Canada).—B. 1884; ed. St. Albans Schl.; asst. engr., Br. Honduras, 11th Jan., 1921; ag. dir., pub. wks., 14th Apr., 1923 to 16th Dec., 1923; D.P.W., Br. Honduras, 17th May, 1924.

CARTER, R. H.—2nd cls. asst. acctnt., army accounts dept., War Office, 19th July, 1907; col. audit dept., May, 1911; asst. auditor, Uganda Prot., July, 1911; ag. audr., Feb.-May, 1918 and Apr., 1920 to Aug., 1921; senr. asst. audr., 1st Apr., 1920; ag. audr., Feb. to May, 1918, Apr., 1920 to Aug., 1921 and from Apr., 1922; audr., Fiji, 6th Sept., 1924.

CARTER, HON. THOMAS FORTESCUE, K.C.—M.L.A. for Klip River electoral div., Natal, 1904; min. of just. and pub. wks., Nov., 1906; atty.-gen., Mar., 1908; puisne judge, Natal provincial divn., May, 1910.

CARTER, SIR WILLIAM MORRIS, KT. BACH. (1919), C.B.E. (1918), B.A., B.C.L.—Ed. at King's schl., Canterbury, and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; open exhibnr. in mod. hist., Jan., 1892; class. mods. (honours), 1894; 2nd cls. hon. juris., 1896; certiff. of honour, bar exam., 1899; awarded spec. prize in English constitutional law and legal hist. by coun. of legal educn., 1899; called to the bar, Linc.'s Inn, Nov., 1899; registr. and prin. registr. of documents, E. Africa Prot., Jan., 1902; ag. town mag., Mombasa, Apl., 1902; mag., 1st Oct., 1902; judge of H.M. high ct. of Uganda and H.B.M. ct. of appeal for E. Africa, Nov., 1903; ag. prin. judge and legal adviser, Apl. to Sept., 1904; ag. prin. judge, Mar. to Oct., 1907, Aug. to Dec., 1909, and Aug., 1911, to Jan., 1912; apptd. comsnr. to enquire into native land tenure, 1906; mem. of comtees. to consider land legislation, 1906; and to draft land legislation, 1909; president, native land settmt. comtee., 1911; chief just., Uganda Prot., July, 1912; joint compiler of first edition of laws of Uganda Prot., 1909; ch. just., Tanganyika Territory, 12th Oct., 1920; ret., 1924.

CARTWRIGHT, ALEXANDER DOBBS, B.A.—B. 1864; ed. Queen's Univ., Kingston; barrister, 1888; prac. profession in Toronto until 1904, when apptd. sec. to the bd. of rly comsrs. for Canada, Feb., 1904.

CASEY, NORMAN BRANDRETH.—B. 1882; ent. Fiji civ. serv., 1908; gaoler, 1917; ag. supt., 1918; ag. inspr.-gen., prisons, 1920; supt., prisons, 1923.

CASHIN, HON. SIR MICHAEL PATRICK, K.B.E. (1918); B. 1866; M.H.A., Newfoundland; mem. for Ferryland since 1893; mem. exec. coun. and min. of finance and customs, 1909; min. of finance, Jan., 1918.

CASOLANI, HENRY, M.B.E. (1919).—B. 1869; entd. Malta civ. serv., 1887; clk., 1895; translator, H.M.'s super. ct., 1899; transf'd. to lieut.-gov.'s office, 1913; sent on spec. mission to the Regency of Tunis, 1917, and again in 1918, in connection with food supply of Malta; principal clk. lieut.-gov.'s office, 1919; sec. to Malta delegn. to the French govt. in connection with Maltese labour in France, 1919; sec. and exec. offr., emigrn. comtee., 1919; rood. the "Palmes d'officier d'Academie," of the French Republic, 1920; supt., emigrn., Malta, 1922; sent on mission to London to confer with Commonwealth and other authorities on emigrn. questions, May, 1922.

CASTLE-SMITH, G. M.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Protectorate, Mar., 1912; dist. comsnr. Somaliland Prot., 1915; asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, 1919; 1st grade admstve. offr., Jan., 1924.

CATCHPOLE, CAPT. E. K.—B. 1889; Rhodesian pol., 1910-15; K.A.R., 1915-20; asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Dec., 1920.

CATHERALL, ARTHUR PHILIP, B.Sc., M. Inst. M.E., A.Inst., M.M., A.Inst. P.T.—B. 1890; ed. King Edward VI. Schl., Birmingham and Univ. of Birmingham; 1st. asst. inspr. of mines, Trinidad, 5th July, 1911; dep. inspr. of mines, 1st Apl., 1914; inspg. offr. in ch. of oil fuel shipments to admy., 1916-20; ag. inspr., mines, 16th July, 1919 to 15th Apl., 1921; inspr., mines, 16th Apl., 1921; served on prosteering comtee., 1920;

mem., oil and water bd.; chmn., oilfield managers comtee.; asst. dir., lands and mines, 1st Jan., 1922; inspr., mines, 1st July, 1923.

CATOR, BERTIE ANGELO.—B. 1864; Lieut.-Comdr., R.N. (emer. list); dep. mast. attendant, Singapore, Feb., 1907; ag. mast. attendant, S. Sttlmts., Apl. to Dec., 1908, Apl., 1910, to Jan., 1911, Mar. to Sept., 1914, and from Aug., 1915; ag. harb. mast., Penang, Jan., 1912, to Jan., 1913; mast. attendant, Nov., 1915; O.C., Coast Defence Volunteers, May, 1917.

CATOR, GEOFFREY EDMUND, B.A., CANTAB.—B. 1884; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1907; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Apl., 1908; asst. dist. offr., Kuantan, Jan., 1909; passed cadet, June, 1909; S. Sttlmts., cls. V., Mar., 1911; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Mar., 1911; ag. 2nd asst. to ch. sec., F.M.S., May, 1911; asst. dist. offr., Krian, Nov., 1911; dist. offr., Labuan, Mar., 1914; res., Labuan, Mar., 1915; seconded as British res., Brunei, May, 1916; res., Labuan, in addition, Feb., 1917; S. Sttlmts., cls. IV., 1st Jan., 1918; superamy., offr., cls. III., 16th Nov., 1919; ag. 1st asst. col. sec. "A," S. Sttlmts., 14th Apr., 1922.

CATTANACH, A.—B. 1880; on mil. serv., Feb., 1915 to Feb., 1918; asst. cashier and cashier, Disposal and Liquidation Comn., 12th May, 1919 to 22nd July, 1922; cler. offr., C.O., 24th July, 1922.

CAVENAUGH, HERBERT JAMES LAWRENCE.—Ed. Ardingly Coll. and King's Coll., London; attd., R.I.C., Dublin for training, 8th May, 1908; sub-inspr., Trinidad constab., 9th Dec., 1908; serv. with H.M. Forces, 18th Sept., 1915-June, 1919; capt.; G.S. and Victory Meds., Order of the Nile (4th cl.); ag. staff offr., local forces, Aug. and Sept., 1919; ag. inspr., Trinidad constab., Sept. to May, 1920; supt. of pol., Br. Honduras, 1st June, 1920; ag. dist. comsnnr., Belize, Mar.-May, 1921; ag. supt., prisons in addition to substantive appt., 2nd Sept., 1924 to 31st Mar., 1926; dep. dir., prisons, Gold Coast, 1927.

CAVENDISH, ALEXANDER.—B. 1878; ed. at Bedford and Hertford Coll., Oxford (exhibnr.); B.A., 1901; cadet, S.S., Jan., 1902; ag. 3rd mag., Penang; ag. 4th mag., Singapore; passed final exam. in Malay, May, 1903; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, Oct., 1903; ag. dist. offr., Nibong Tebal, 23rd Jan., 1904; ag. supt. of educ., Penang, Apl., 1905; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Singapore, 16th May, 1907; dist. offr. Prov. Wellesley, June, 1908; ag. collr. of land rev., Penang, Nov., 1908; ag. dist. offr., Butterworth, May, 1910; ag. British adviser, Perlis, June, 1910; supt. of census, Kedah and Perlis, Dec., 1910; asst. adviser, Kedah, Oct., 1911; ag. adviser, Kedah, 19th Feb., 1916, in addition; ag. collr., land rev., and regisr. of deeds, Penang, 27th May, 1916; ag. dist. offr., Balik Pulau, 24th Apl. to 12th June, 1917, in addition; ag. adviser Kedah, Feb., 1916 (in addition); ag. collr., land rev., Penang, May, 1916; ag. dist. offr., Balik Pulau in addition, Apr., 1917; ag. 1st asst. col. sec., May, 1920; ag. prin. asst. col. sec., S. Sttlmts., Feb., 1921; offr. in ch., co-op. societies, S. Sttlmts. and F.M.S., Apr., 1921; dir., co-opern., F.M.S. and S.S., Jan., 1927.

CHALMERS, 1st BARON, OF NORTHAM, (cr. 1919); RIGHT HON. SIR ROBERT CHALMERS, P.O. (Ireland) 1916; G.C.B. (1916); K.C.B. (1908), C.B. (1900)—B. 1858; ed. City of London sch. and Oriel Coll., Oxford; asst. sec. to the Treas., 1903; chmn., Bd. of In. Rev., 1907; permnt. sec. of Treas., 1911; gov. of Ceylon, 5th July, 1913;

assumed govt., 18th Oct., 1913; joint sec. to the Treas., 1916; also under-sec. for Ireland, May to Sept., 1916; author of "History of Currency in the British Colonies," "A Translation of the Jataka from Pali," etc.

CHAMIER, A. E.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., 20th Dec., 1906; dist. comsnnr., Apl., 1913.

CHAMPION, A. M.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., 7th Aug., 1909; dist. comsnnr., Oct., 1918.

CHANCELLOR, MAJOR SIR JOHN ROBERT, G.C.V.O. (1924), G.C.M.G. (1922), K.C.M.G. (1913), C.M.G. (1909), D.S.O.—Major R.E.; served with expdn. to Dongola, 1896, with force at Suakin (medal and Egyptian medal); in operations on N.W. frontier of India, 1897-8, with Tirah expd. force, action of Dargai (ment. in desps.); sec. to col. def. comtee., Oct., 1906; asst. sec. to Impl. confce. on naval and mil. defence, 1909; gov., Mauritius, 22nd July, 1911; gov., Trinidad and Tobago, 10th Dec., 1915; assumed govt., 1st June, 1916; gov., S. Rhodesia, 3rd Sept., 1923; assumed govt., 1st Oct., 1923.

CHANDLER, STANLEY FREDERICK.—B. 1896; entd. C.O., Nov., 1913; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Apr., 1916; on mil. serv., Sept., 1915 to Mar., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

CHANDLER, SIR WILLIAM KELLMAN, K.C.M.G. (1927), KT. BACH. (1915), C.M.G. (1902), B.A., LL.D.—B. 1857; St. John's Coll., Camb. (1875-79); law tripos, 1879-80; called to the bar, Inner Tem., June, 1879; ag. escheator-gen. of Barbados, 1880-81; J.P., 1880; apptd. comsnnr. of probates, Dec., 1880; ag. pol. mag. of Bridgetown, Aug. to Nov., 1880; ag. solr.-gen., Nov., 1880, to Mar., 1881; ag. judge of asst. ct. of appeal, Mar., 1881, to June, 1883; master-in-chancery, May, 1882; judge of asst. ct. of appeal, June, 1883; mem. of house of assem., Mar., 1881; represented parish of St. Peter until Nov., 1884; M.L.C., 1884; represented Barbados in negotiations at Washington in connection with McKinley Tariff Act, 1891; ag. ch. just., Nov., 1901, to Apr., 1902; ag. col. sec., July, 1902, to Feb., 1903, and Apr. to Oct., 1903.

CHANTER, ALFRED BERNARD, M.Inst.T.—B. 1884; asst. traffic supdt. and ag. dist. traffic supdt., S. Indian rly., 1907-17; dist. traffic supdt., E. African Mily. rlys., German E. Africa (Occupied Territory), Aug., 1917-19; ag. traffic man., Tanganyika rlys., in 1920, 1921 and 1923; traffic man., 20th June, 1923.

CHAPLIN, SIR FRANCIS DRUMMOND PERCY, G.B.E. (1923), K.C.M.G. (1917).—B. 1866; ed. Harrow and Univ. Coll., Oxford; B.A.; barrister, Lincoln's Inn, 1891; pres. of chamber of mines, Transvaal, 1906; M.H.A., Transvaal, 1907-10; M.L.A. for Germiston, Union of South Africa; admsr. of Southern Rhodesia, 24th Dec., 1914, and at N. Rhodesia, March, 1921; resigned both appts., Sept., 1923.

CHAPMAN, HON. SIR FREDERICK REVANS, KT. BACH. (1923).—B. 1849; judge of sup. ct., New Zealand, 1903-21; pres. of ct. of arbitn., 1903-7; compiler of statutes, 1921-25; ret., 1927.

CHAPMAN, WILLIAM THOMAS.—B. 1876; ed. Loughborough and Jesus Coll., Cambridge, Somerville schol., B.A., nat. sci. tripos, 1898; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1914; cadet, F.M.S., 1899; ag. sec., san. bd., Seremban, 1899; passed final exam. in Cantonesse, Sept., 1902; ag. asst. collr. of land rev., Seremban, and regisr. of titles, 1903; ag. mag., Seremban, and regisr. of

ots., N. Sembilan, 1904; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Is., S. Settlements, 1904; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, 1905; ag. 4th mag., Singapore, 1905; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Is., 1905; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Selangor, N. Sembilan and Pahang, 1908; ag. asst. 2nd dist. offr., Larut, Perak, 1909; ag. mag., Seremban, and asst. registrar, sup. ct., Seremban, 1910; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, S. Settlements, 1910-13; lieutenant, Penang Vols., 1912; ag. mag., Seremban, and asst. registrar, sup. ct., 1914; ag. prot. of Chinese, Perak, 1915; ag. dep. pub. pros., Perak, 1917; ag. sec. for Chinese affairs, F.M.S., and prot. of Chinese, Selangor and N. Sembilan, 1918; ag. dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., 1918-19; sec. for Chinese affairs, F.M.S., 1919.

CHARLEWOOD, LIEUT.-COMDR. CLEMENT JAMES, D.S.C. (1914), R.N.R. (Ret.)—B. 1888; ed. Newcastle Prep. Schl., Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and on board H.M.S. "Worcester" from May, 1903 to July, 1905; midshipman in R.N.R., 4th Aug., 1905; employed by British India Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., July 1909 to Aug., 1914; comd. small craft taking part in blockade and subsequent capture of coast of German E. Africa, being selected by Rear-Adm. E. Charlton to rec. surrendr. of Darassalaam on 4th Sept., 1916; attached to Zanzibar govt. to suprntd. docking and repairs to Zanzibar govt. steamers "Cupid" and "Khalifa," July, 1917 to Apr., 1918; apptd. to H.M.S. "Orcoma" for escort duties in Nth. Atlantic, Apr. to Nov., 1918; asst. port offr., Zanzibar, Apr., 1919; port offr., 5th Dec., 1923; lieutenant comdr., R.N.R. (ret. list), 10th Apr., 1925.

CHARLIER, CAPT. ALEXANDER JOSEPH FRANCIS MECKER.—Ed. St. Aloysius, Glasgow and abroad; served in France; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 29th Dec., 1920.

CHARTER, ARTHUR ERNEST, O.B.E. (1922).—B. 1882; Transvaal land stlmt. bd., 1901; land dept., 1902; priv. sec. to comsnr. of lands, 1903; ag. ch. clk., land and irrigat. dept., 1908; ch. clk., adminstr.'s off., June, 1910.

CHASE, WILLIAM HENRY, O.B.E. (1925).—B. 1880; ed. Blundells; graduated London, 1901; F.R.C.V.S., 1907; govt. vet. surg., Cape Colony, 1902; ch. vet. offr., Bechuanaaland Prot., 1905; hon. sub-inspr., Bech. Prot. pol.; J.P., 1920.

CHAYTOR, C. J.—B. 1889; ed. King's Schl., Worcester; served in Royal Navy, 1906-12 (asst. paymr.); asst. res., N. Nigeria; attl. as lieutenant, Cameroons Exped. Force, 4th Aug., 1914 to May, 1916; seconded to Admy., 10th Aug., 1917; served as paymr. lieutenant-commandr., H.M.S. Liverpool, Adriatic, Mediterranean and Black Seas; demob., 24th May, 1919; 1st cls. interpreter, French and higher standard Hausa, 1919; lower standard Arabic, 1924; temp. att'd. to C.O., 1927.

CHAYTOR, MAJ.-GEN. SIR EDWARD WALTER CLERVAUX, K.C.M.G. (1918), K.C.V.O., C.B. (D), A.D.C. TO THE KING.—B. 1868; jnd. Marlborough Hussar Vol. (N.Z.), 1886; lieutenant, Oct., 1888; capt., Mar., 1893; maj. in N.Z. Militia, Mar., 1901; lieutenant-col., Jan., 1902; temp. col., Jan., 1911, transf'd. to N.Z. Staff Corps, Jan., 1911; prom. col., June, 1913; maj.-gen., Apr., 1917; comdt. N.Z. mil. forces, 10th Dec., 1919; ret., 31st Mar., 1924; served in S. African War, 1900-1902 (severely wounded); mentl. in desps.; awarded Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps; left New Zealand with main body N.Z. Exped. Force 1914 as A.A.G. with rank of col.; temp. brig.-gen., Dec., 1915; temp. maj.-gen. while

employed as a divl. comdr., 22nd Apr., 1917, and maj.-gen. in N.Z.E.F., 23rd Apr., 1917; apptd. G.O.C., N.Z.E.F. in Egypt; Order of the White Eagle, 3rd cls. (with swords) (Serbian), 1916; Order of the Nile, 2nd cls., 1918; mentl. in desps. (6).

CHELL, G. R. H.—Medical offr., E.A.P., Dec., 1908; dep. prin. med. offr., Uganda, Sept., 1923.

CHELMSFORD, 3rd BARON (U.K.), creat. 1866, FREDERICK JOHN NAPIER THESIGER, G.C.M.G. (1912), K.C.M.G.—B. 1868; ed. at Winchester and Magdalen Coll., Oxford; B.A. (1st cls. law) 1891; M.A., 1894; Fellow of All Souls, 1892; called to the bar, Inner Temp., 1893; mem. of London sch. bd., 1901-4; mem. of L.C.C., 1904; gov. of Queensland, 8th Aug., 1905; gov. of N.S. Wales, 16th Mar., 1909, to Mar., 1913; ag. gov.-gen. of Australia, Dec., 1909, to Jan., 1910; chancellor of the Order of St. M. and St. G., 1914-1916; viceroy of India, 1916; first lord of the admy., Jan.-Nov., 1924.

CHERMESIDE, SIR HERBERT CHARLES, R.E., G.C.M.G. (1899), K.C.M.G. (1896), C.B.—B. 1860; Roy. Eng., 1870; during Russo-Turkish war, 1876-78, accomp'd. Turkish troops as mil. attaché; served in Egypt. camp., 1882; and was attached to Egypt. army, 1883 to 1888; in 1896 became Brit. mil. comsnr. and commander of Brit. troops in Crete, and for services there was made K.C.M.G.; appointed to the Curragh district in 1899, and has since served in S. Afr. in commd. of 3rd infant. div.; gov. of Queensland, 1901; resigned 1904.

CHISHOLM, JOSEPH ANDREW.—B. 1863; ed. at pub. schls., St. Andrews, Univ. of St. Francis Xavier, Antigonish (B.A. and M.A.), and Dalhousie Law Schl., Halifax, (LL.B.); admitted to the bar, 1886; mayor of Halifax, 1900, 1910 and 1911; pres. of Union of Canadian Municipalities, 1910; K.C., 1907, puisne judge, sup. ct., Nova Scotia, 8th Feb., 1916.

CHRISTCHURCH (New Zealand), 3RD BISHOP OF (founded 1856), RIGHT REV. CAMPBELL WEST WEST-WATSON—Ed. Birkenhead Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1899; M.A., 1903; hon. D.D., 1910; consecrated bishop of Barrow-in-Furness, 1909; translated to Christchurch, 1926.

CHRISTIAN, JOHN HAROLD SMITH, M.C.—B. 1887; ed. Alderman Newton's sch., Leicester; apptd. after compet. exam., clk., G.P.O., 1904; on mil. serv., 4th Aug., 1914 to 8th June, 1919; mentl. in desps., Feb., 1915; commanded cavalry corps signals, 1919; loaned to C.O., 17th Jan., 1921; apptd. cler. offr. and assigned to C.O., 1st Apr., 1921; ag. cler. offr., higher grade, 10th Oct., 1925.

CHRISTIE, JAMES, LL.M. (N.Z.).—B. 1880; ed. State sch. and Victoria Univ. Coll., N.Z.; sch. teacher, 1897; N.Z. treas. dept., 1901; crown law office, 1904; law drafting office, 1907; asst. law draftsman, 1912; ag. law draftsman, 1916; law draftsman, 1918.

CHRISTISON, FRED HAMILTON, M.B.E. (1918).—Asst. treas., G. Coast, 1901-03; temp. comsnr., army pay dept., 1915; K.A.R. pay dept., July, 1916; ag. ch. paymr., K.A.R., 1917; mentl. in desps., 1917; asst. treas., Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1919.

CHRISTOFFELSZ, ARTHUR ERIC.—B. 1890; B.A., LL.B., Cantab.; barrister-at-law; cadet, local div., Ceylon civ. serv., Mar., 1915; attached to Colombo Kacheheri, Mar., 1915; addtl. pol. mag., Colombo, in addition to his own duties, July, 1915; attached to Kegalle Kacheheri, Apr.,

1916; addtl. comsnr. of requests and pol. mag., Keggale, in addn. to own duties, Apr., 1916; ag. extra office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Oct., 1916; ag. pol. mag., Jaffna, 1917; office asst. to govt. agt., Uva, Mar., 1919; pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, Oct., 1920; ditto, Kurunegala, Sept., 1921; asst. stlmnt. offr., Oct., 1926; ag. pol. mag., Panadura, Oct. to Nov., 1926; ag. dist. judge, Matara, Mar., 1927.

CHURCHILL, WILLIAM FOSTER NORTON.—B. 1898; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Sidney Sussex Coll., Cambridge (exhibr.); B.A., 1921; 2nd lieut., R.F.A., Aug., 1917; served in France, 1918; cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; attd. dist. office, Kajang, May, 1921; attd., land office, Kuala Lumpur, Nov., 1921; ag. asst. collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur, Nov., 1921; ag. priv. sec. to ch. sec., F.M.S., Apr., 1922; passed cadet, July, 1913; attd., land office, Kuala, Kangsar, Dec., 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., ditto, Dec., 1923; asst. dist. offr., ditto, Apr., 1924; asst. sec., res, Selangor, Apl., 1926; ag. asst. adviser, Trengganu, Jan., 1927.

CHURCHILL, RIGHT HON. WINSTON LEONARD SPENCER, P.C. (1907).—M.P. for Oldham, 1900-6; for N.W. Manchester, 1906-8; for Dundee, 1908; late lieut. 4th Queen's Own Hussars; ed. Harrow, Sandhurst; entd. army, 1895; served with Spanish forces in Cuba, 1895 (1st cls. (Spanish) Order of Military Merit); served, attached 31st Punjab Infantry, with Malakand field force, 1897; present at operations in Bajaur, including actions of 16th and 30th Sept. (desps., medal with clasp); served as orderly offr. to Sir W. Lockhart with Tirah exped. force, 1898 (clasp); served, attached 21st Lancers, with Nile exped. force, 1898; present at battle of Khartoum (medal with clasp); contested Oldham (C.) 1899; served as lieut. South Africa Light Horse; acted as correspdt., "Morning Post," South Africa, 1899-1900; taken prisoner, action 15th Nov., but escaped 12th Dec.; present at actions of Acton Homes, Venter's Spruit, Hussar Hill, Cingolo, Monte Cristo, and at battles of Spion Kop, Vaal Krantz, and Pieters; also operations round Dewetsdorp, April, 1900; passage of Sand River, 16th May; engagements of Johannesburg and Diamond Hill, and capture of Pretoria (medal with six clasps); parly. under-sec. of state for the Colonies, Dec., 1906; visited Uganda and E. Africa, 1907; pres. of Bd. of T., 1908; Home sec., 1910-11; first lord of the Admiralty, 1911; chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, 1915; min. of munitions, 1917; sec. of state, War Office and Air Ministry, Jan., 1919; S. of S. for the Colonies, 14th Feb., 1921 to 25th Oct., 1922; chancellor of the exchequer, 7th Nov., 1924; author of "The Story of the Malakand Field Force"; "The River War"; "Savrola"; "London to Ladysmith, via Pretoria"; "Ian Hamilton's March"; "Life of Lord Randolph Churchill."

CHURMS, W. H.—B. 1890; apptd., after exam., asst. library attendant, C.O., 6th Apr., 1911; on military service from 5th Aug., 1914, to 19th Jan., 1919; paper room clk. in library, 1919; cler. offr., 1st Apr., 1921.

CILLIE, F. P., B.A.—Ed. Stellenbosch; teacher of Dutch, Gymnasium, Stellenbosch, 1903; inspr. of schls., O.F.S., 9th Jan., 1911.

CLARENDON, EARL OF (cr. 1776) GEORGE HERBERT HYDE VILLIERS, J.P., D.L.—B. 1877; ed. Eton; prev., lord-in-waiting to H.M.; hon. lieut.-col. (Hertford Regt.); A.D.C. to Lord Lieut. of Ireland (Lord Dudley); chanc., Primrose League, 1919-21; capt., Gentlemen-at-Arms,

1922-23 and 1924-25; dep. speaker, House of Lords; parly. under-sec. of state for dominion affrs., and chmn., oversea settlement ctce., 9th July, 1925.

CLARK, ADRIAN JOHN, LL.B. (Lond.). O.B.E. (Mily.).—B. 1889; King's schol. and Good-enough medallist (Fr. and German), Westminster; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1910; junr. coun. to treasury, 1918; served in Great War, France, Mar., 1915 to May, 1919; capt., 23rd London Regt.; D.A.A.G., Third Army and Lieut.-Col., R.A.F. (S.O., 1st grade); brevet-major and twice ment. in desps.; mag., Victoria, Trinidad, July, 1924; ag. puisne judge, 9th Sept. to 31st Dec., 1924; P.O.S., Trinidad, Jan., 1927; puisne judge, Jamaica, May, 1927.

CLARK, ALLEN MILBOURNE.—Ent. R.N. 1900; lieut., 1905; ret., 1907; lieut.-comdr., Sept., 1913; asst. collr., Zanzibar, 14th Oct., 1910; 2nd grade admstve offr., Tanganyika Territory, 26th June, 1921; 1st grade, 29th Apr., 1922; ag. senr. comsnr., 1st June, 1924; prov. comsnr., 1st Jan., 1926.

CLARK, GEORGE HARVEY.—B. 1873; ed. Brixton gram. schl., London, and Potsdam schl., Jamaica; clk. col. sec.'s office, Jamaica, Mar., 1890 to July, 1891 (resigned); admitted solr. sup. ct., Jamaica, 17th Sept., 1897; clk. of cts., St. Mary, Jamaica, 2nd Nov., 1903; super. res. mag., Dec., 1903 to May, 1904; ag. res. mag., St. Mary, 1st Aug. to 29th Nov., 1904; ag. res. mag., Clarendon, Aug. to Sept., 1905; admitted solr., sup. ct., England, 12th Aug., 1905; ag. res. mag., St. Mary, June, 1906, 2nd July, 1906 to 8th Aug., 1907, and from 12th to 16th Nov., 1907; ag. res. mag., St. Thomas, in 1909; ditto, Clarendon, in 1910; ag. asst. res. mag., Kingston, in 1910; ag. res. mag., St. Mary, in 1911 and 1912; ditto, Portland, for 6 wks. in 1912; res. mag., St. Mary, 1st Feb., 1913.

CLARK, JOHN BUCHANAN.—B. 1897; ed., George Watson's Coll., Edinburgh; S.A. Coll. Schls. and S.A. Coll. (now Univ. of Cape Town); Balliol Coll., Oxford; M.A. (Cape Town), B.A. (Hons.), Oxon.; Rhodes schol., 1917; 2nd lt. and lt., R.A.S.C., France, Aug., 1917 to Feb., 1919; lect. in hist., Univ. of Cape Town, 1921; lect., classics and hist., Univ. of Witwatersrand, 1924; inspr., schls., June, 1925; ag. dir., European educn., June, 1926-June, 1927; dir., European educn., N. Rhodesia, 21st June, 1927.

CLARK, J. MoK., Ch.B. (Aberdeen), D.T.M. (Liverpool), Certif., Liverpool Schl. of Trop. Med.—Apptd. to W.A.M.S., Sierra Leone, 1914; served in Cameroons Expedy. Force, 1915-16; temp. lieut. (gen. list), 1915-16; temp. med. offr., E. Africa, 1916; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 19th Apr., 1918; senr. med. offr., Apr., 1924.

CLARK, COL. W. E.—B. 1863; entd. pub. serv., Jamaica, 1879; sub-inspr., Jamaica constab., 1890; commanded constab. depôt, 1901-1908; wounded during riots at Montego Bay, St. James, 1902; ag. dep. inspr.-gen. of constab., 1912; dep. inspr.-gen., 1913 inspr.-gen. of police, and comdt. of local forces, Barbados, 1913; inspr.-gen. of police, and comdt. of local forces, B. Guiana, 1916.

CLARKE, CROIL HARRY GEORGE, B.A. (Cantab.).—B. 1878; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury and Jesus Coll., Camb.; cadet, F.M.S., 1901; cls. V., 17th Feb., 1907; cls. IV., S. Stlmnt., 1st Jan., 1912; cls. III., 1st Jan., 1918; ag. S.D.O., Prov. Wellesley, May, 1919; dist. judge, Penang, Aug., 1919; ag. inspr., prisons, 6th Sept., 1921; ag. collr., land rev. in addn., 4th Oct., 1921;

ag. audr. gen., S. Stlmits., 10th Nov., 1921; ag. registrar, comp. and off. assignee, S.S., Aug., 1923; currency comsrr., Aug., 1923; 2nd mag., Singapore, Dec., 1924.

CLARKE, SIR CHAS. MANSFIELD, Bart., G.C.B. (1901); G.C.V.O. (1903).—B. 1839; entd. Army, 1856; served in N. Zealand, 1861-66 (medal); Zulu war (promoted brevet.-col., C.B., medal and clasp), 1879; Basutoland, 1880-81; commdt.-gen. of col. forces at Cape of Good Hope, 1880-82; A.A.G., War Office, 1884; D.A.G., Ireland, 1886-88; maj.-gen. commanding 3rd infantry brig., Aldershot, 1889-92; D.A.G. at headquarters, 1892-93; com.-in-chief and lieut.-gen. commanding the Forces, Madras, 1893-98; quartermaster-gen. to the Forces, 1899; gov., Malta, 1903-1907.

CLARKE, SIR FIELDING, KT. BACH. (1894), LL.B.—B. 1851; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., Easter, 1876; N.E. circuit; atty.-gen. of Fiji, 1881; ag. ch. just. and ch. judicial comsrr. for the W. Pacific, 1882 to 1883, and again 1884; confirmed, 1885; puisne judge, Hong Kong, 1888; ch. just., 1891; ch. just., Jamaica, 1896; ret., 24th Feb., 1911.

CLARKE, F. H.—Asst. game warden, E.A.P., 1919.

CLARKE, HON. SIR FREDERICK JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1911), C.M.G. (1907).—Ed. Christ Church Mid. Schl., Barbados, and Caius Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1879; M.H.A., Barbados, 1887; pres., Barbados agric. socy., 1906; mem., cent. poor law board; M.E.C., 1906; J.P.; O.C., Barbados vol. force, 1906; speaker, H. of A., Barbados, since 1898.

CLARKE, GEOFFREY T. S.—B. 1879; clk. to P.M.O., Basutoland, 1913; clk., treas., 1914; clk. to asst. comsrr., 1919; sub.-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Police, 1921; war serv., 1916-19.

CLARKE, J. C. O.—Midshipman, R.N.R., 1898; ag. sub.-lieut., 1901; sub.-lieut., 1903; lieut., 1906; N. Nigeria marine, 1906; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1st April, 1908.

CLARKE, ROBERT WILLIAM, F.I.C., diploma, food and drugs, agric. chemy., biol. chemy. and bacteriology.—Analyst to sany. comsrrs., Gibraltar, 21st Oct., 1913 to 3rd Jan., 1921; gov. analyst, Cyprus, 4th Jan., 1921.

CLARKE, THOMAS LISLE EVELYN, M.D., C.M., McGill (1911).—B. 1885; ed. at the Lodge Schl. and Harrison Coll., Barbados, and McGill Univ., Montreal; junr. res. surgeon, general hosp., Barbados, Aug., 1911; med. off., Virgin Is., May, 1912; ag. comsrr. and mag., May, 1912; mem. of quarantine bd., health off., mem. of exec. coun., and J.P., Virgin Is., July, 1912; ag. comsrr., Virgin Is., 9th Apr., 1913 to 7th Jan., 1914; ag. comsrr., mag. and dep. judge, summary jurisdiction ct., Virgin Is., from 7th Dec., 1914 to 7th May, 1917, and from 5th July, 1917 to 31st Oct., 1918; med. off., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1st Nov., 1918; provisional mem. fed. leg. and exec. couns., Leeward Islands, Mar., 1915; J.P., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1918.

CLARKSON, FRANK CECIL.—B. 1882; P.W.D., Sudan Govt., 1905-07; ch. asst., S. Nigeria surv., 1911-12; European War, Gallipoli, Egypt and Palestine, 1914-19; asst. supt., pub. wks., and cotton inspr., Nevis, Jan., 1921; ag. comsrr., mag., etc., Virgin Is., Apr. 1922; col. engr. and survr.-gen., Dominica, Jan. 1922; mem., leg. coun.; ag. comsrr., mag., Virgin Is., June, 1923.

CLAUSON, GERARD LESLIE MAKINS, O.B.E. (Mily.), 1919.—B. 1891; scholar of Eton, 1903, and C.C.C. Oxford, 1910; Boden Sanskrit

Scholar, 1911; 1st cls. Class. Hon. Mods., 1912; Hall-Houghton Syriac prizeman, 1913; 2nd cls. Greats, 1914; B.A., 1919; James Mew Arabic Scholar, 1920; apptd. after compet. exam. 2nd cls. clk., B. of Inland Rev., Sept., 1914, but released for mil. service; 2nd lieut., 7th Som. L.I., 21st Aug., 1914; transf'd. to gen. list 19th April, 1915; served in War Office, Gallipoli, Egypt and Mesopotamia; capt. Gen. Staff, 26th Dec., 1915, to 12th Apr., 1916, and 23rd Apr., 1918, to 28th Feb., 1919; mentioned in despatches Mesopotamia, 1917, Egypt, 1918; French Croix de Guerre, with Palme, 1917; 2nd cls. clk. in C.O., 1st Mar., 1919; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

CLAXTON, H. W., A.C.A.—Ed. Weymouth Coll., 1909-16; chartered acctnt. (Eng.), 1924 (hons. inter.); asst. treas., Somaliland, 194; asst. treas., Tanganyika Territory, 1925.

CLAXTON, THOMAS FOLKES, F.R.A.S.—B. 1874; joined mag. and met. dept. R. Obser., Greenwich, 1890; apptd. asst. dir. Royal Alfred Ober., Mauritius, 1896; dir., Dec., 1896; sec. met. soc., Maur., mem. and hon. sec. of bd. of directors of institute and museum, and mem. of comtee. of primary educn.; dir., Royal Observatory, Hong Kong, 1912; mem. internat. comsrr. for maritime meteorology, 1912; J.P., 1913; asst. cable censor, 1914 to 1916 in addn.; dep. cable censor in addn., 1917; ag. cable censor in addn., 1918; author of several papers on cyclones and climatology and magnetic survey of Mauritius.

CLAYTON, GEORGE EDWARD, M.C.—B. 1896; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury, 1910-15; 2nd lieut., R.F.A., 13th Dec., 1915; served in France, 55th (West Lancs.) divn., 1917-18; Mily. Cross, Apr., 1918; served in Germany, 1919; demob., 1st Nov., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., Aug., 1920; attached to secretariat, Singapore, 1920; trans. to Penang, Jan., 1921; dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, 25th May, 1921.

CLAYTON, JAMES GEORGE BULWER, M.C., V.D.—Asst. posts and tel., Cape of Good Hope, Aug., 1892; dep. of agr., May, 1897; forest dept., July 1906; pub. serv. inspr., 1921; war serv., med., etc., Bechuanaland, 1897 (med., clasp); Anglo-Boer War, 1899-1902 (Queen's med. 6 clasps; King's med., 2 clasps, men. in desps.); Coronation med., 1911; Great War, 1914-18, (1914-15 Star; Brit. war med., Victory med., Mily. Cross, twice mentd. in desps.); granted rank lt.-col. on ceasing to be employed with Imp. forces; (long serv. med., col. aux. force offs. decorn.); lt.-col., Union res. of offs.

CLAYTON, REGINALD JOHN BYARD.—B. 1875; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1898; attached to land off., Batang Padang, July, 1899; in charge Kuala Kangsar treasy., Dec., 1899; passed final law exam., Feb., 1900; ag. registrar, Taiping, Apr., 1900; ag. mag., Larut, May, 1900; ag. collr., land rev., Matang, Aug., 1900; in charge of Matang dist., Sept., 1900; passed final language exam., Nov., 1900; ag. collr. of land rev., Matang, Jan., 1901; ditto, Batang Padang, Feb., 1901; 1st cls. mag., Perak, Dec., 1901; asst. dist. off., Batang Padang, Jan., 1902; ag. asst. dist. off., Ipoh, Feb., 1904; ditto, Kinta, June, 1904; and dep. registr. of titles, Perak South, till June, 1906; ag. asst. dist. off., Kuala Kangsar, 14th Nov., 1906, to 6th May, 1909; ag. dist. off., Ulu Langat, 11th May, 1909; offr. of cls. IV., 25th Dec., 1910; dist. off., Pekan, 12th Oct., 1913; offr. of cls. III., 19th Nov., 1913; dist. off., Kuantan, 4th May, 1915; dist. off., Krian, 25th May, 1916; on special duty, 26th Apr., 1918;

resumed duty as dist. off., Krian, 16th July, 1918; dir. of food production, S. Stilmits, May, 1919; ag. mag., Seremban, Mar., 1920; ag. collr. of land rev., Seremban, May, 1920; dist. off., Lower Perak, June, 1920; off., cls. IB., June, 1923; ag. Br. res., Negri Sembilan, Oct., 1926; ag. dir., fisheries, F.M.S. and S.S., Mar., 1927; ag. Br. adviser, Kelantan, Sept., 1927.

CLAYTON, THOMAS WATTS.—B. 1877; ed. Cheltenham and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge (schol.)—B.A.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1900; passed cadet, Apr., 1903; off., cls. VI, Jan., 1903; off., cls. V, Jan., 1906; off., cls. IV, Jan., 1912; on mil. serv., Aug., 1915 to Apr., 1919; off., cls. III, Jan., 1918; off., cls. II, Jan., 1919; ag. asst. treas., F.M.S. and state treas., Selangor, Aug., 1919; dist. off., Batang Padang, 1919; dist. off., Larut and Matang, July, 1920; sec. to res. Perak, Mar., 1921; dist. off., Larut and Matang, Dec., 1921; ag. Br. Adviser, Perlis, Mar., 1922; contr., rubber, S.S. and F.M.S., Mar., 1924; ag. gen. adviser, Johore, May, 1925; ag. comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., July, 1926; ag. Br. adviser, Kelah, Sept., 1926.

CLEGG, RONALD PARR, B.A. (Oxon.)—B. 1901; ed. Ipswich sch.; open class. schlr., Pembroke Coll., Oxford, 1920; 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1924; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1924; att. to Pahang sect., Jan., 1925; asst. collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur, June, 1925; ag. collr., land rev., Seremban; Feb., 1926; asst. dist. off., Gopeng and Kampar, June, 1927.

CLELAND, JOHN STOCKWIN, M.B.E., L.R.I.B.A.—Draughtsman, P.W.D., Transvaal, Mar., 1909; asst. archt., P.W.D., Union of S. Africa, Apr., 1912; archt., Sept., 1920.

CLEMENTI, SIR CECIL, K.C.M.G. (1926), C.M.G. (1916)—Ed. St. Paul's sch. and Magdalen Coll., Oxford (demy, 1894; B.A., 1898; M.A., 1901), hon. mention Hertford sch., 1895; 1st cl. modas., 1896; hon. mention Ireland and Craven sch., 1896; Boden Sanskrit scholar, 1897; prox. acc. Gaisford (Greek Prose), 1897; 2nd cl. lit. hum., 1898; prox. acc. Chancero's Latin essay, 1899; cadet, Hong Kong, 1899; passed cadet, 1900; ag. asst. col. sec., and ag. clk. of councils, Dec., 1900, to Oct., 1901; asst. registr.-gen., Aug., 1901; mem. bd. of exams. in Chinese, Apr., 1902; seconded for spec. serv. under govt. of India, May, 1902; J.P., June, 1902; ag. asst. col. sec., and clk. of councils, Sept., 1902, to June, 1903; sec. interpretation bd., Dec., 1902; seconded for famine relief work in Kwang Si, April to June, 1903; mem. of land et., New Territories, Dec., 1903; ag. asst. land off. and pol. mag., New Territories, May, 1905, to Sept., 1906; asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Oct., 1907; attended Internat. Opium Conf. at Shanghai, Feb., 1909; priv. sec. to H.E. the Admtr., 30th Apr., 1910; ag. col. sec., and mem. exec. and legis. couns., 22nd Feb. to 6th June, 1911, 29th Nov., 1911, to 1st Feb., 1912, and from 18th Mar. to 3rd July, 1912; col. sec., B. Guiana, 1913; admnstd. govt., 8th June, 1916 to 14th Apr., 1917, Apr. to Oct., 1919 and June to Oct., 1921; col. sec., Ceylon, Nov., 1922; admstd. govt., Nov., 1922 to Feb., 1923 and Apr. to Oct., 1925; gov., Hong Kong, lat Nov. 1925; Knt. of Grace of St. John of Jerusalem, 1926; hon. LL.D., Hong Kong Univ., 1926.

CLEMENTI, LOCKHART.—B. 1881; served in Cape Mounted Rifles; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1905; inspr., 1913; served in European War; staff off., 1926.

CLEMENTS, JOHN BURTON, B.Sc. Forestry (in.)—B. 1891; for. off., Nyasaland, 10th

Sept., 1920; ag. ch. for. off., Oct. to Dec., 1921 and May to Dec., 1923; ch. for. off., 19th Dec. 1923.

CLENENNING, J. B.Sc. (Lond.), A.M.I.C.I.—B. 1888; ed. Queen's Univ., Belfast; 2nd lieut. 9th S. Staffs. Regt. (Pioneers), 1915; wounded 31st July, 1916; lieut., Royal Engineers, 17th Nov., 1917; asst. dir., survey, Gold Coast, 1919 dep. dir., cadastral branch, 1920.

OLEVERTON, T. C. A., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).—B. 1880; med. off., quarant., S. Stilmits, Jan., 1908; med. off., gen. hosp., Penang, Feb., 1908; med. off., Labuan, Mar. 1908; med. off., S. Stilmits, Feb., 1915; med. off., Labuan, June, 1915; in charge, treas., Labuan, 21st Jan., 1920; pol. mag., Labuan, 21st Apr., 1920; resumed duties as med. off., Labuan, 21st Aug. 1921.

CLIFFE, CEDRIC ARTHUR LEWIS.—B. 1900; schol. of Eton, 1915 and of Balliol Coll., Oxford, 1921; Craven schol., 1922; 1st cls. hon., mod., 1923; Ireland schol., 1923; 1st cls. lit. hum., 1925; apptd. to C.O. after compet. exam., 2nd Oct., 1925; sec., managing comtee., Imp. Bureau of Mycology, 1926; seconded as priv. sec. to gov. Nigeria, 1927.

CLIFFORD, SIR HUGH CHARLES, G.C.M.G. (1921), G.B.E. (1925), K.C.M.G. (1909); C.M.G. (1900).—B. 1866; joined Perak service, 1883; passed in Malay, Feb., 1885; collr. land rev., Kuala Kangsar, Mar., 1885; on special service to Pahang, 1887 (recd. thanks of S. of S.); ag. govt. agt. there, 1887-8; supt., Ulu Pahang, 1889; ag. Br. res. Pahang, Sept., 1890 to Mar., 1891, Apr. to Dec., 1891, and from Feb., 1893; took a leading part in suppression of Pahang rebellion, 1892; sec. to govt., Selangor, Dec., 1894, but continued to act as res. of Pahang; visited Cocos-Keeling Is. as special comsnnr., June, 1894; led armed expd. into native states of Tringgan and Kelantan to effect capture of fugitive rebel leaders, Mar.-June, 1895 (recd. thanks S. of S.); res., Pahang, July, 1896; gov. of North Borneo and Labuan, 1899 to 1901; Br. res., Pahang, 1901; ag. col. sec., Trinidad and Tobago, Sept., 1903, confirmed, 14th Sept., 1904; sent on deputation to B. Guiana in Nov., 1905, to enquire into municipal institutions; admstd. govt., 26th Mar. to 30th Aug., 1904, and from 1st Apr. to 23rd Oct., 1906; col. sec., Ceylon, 3rd May, 1907; admstd. govt., 11th July to 3rd Aug., 1907, 3rd June to 11th Oct., 1909, 30th June to 17th Nov., 1911, and from 23rd Nov., 1911, to 3rd Jan., 1912; gov., G. Coast, 11th Dec., 1912; gov., Nigeria, 23rd July, 1919; gov. of Ceylon, Nov., 1925; gov. S. Stilmits and high comsnnr., Malay States, June, 1927; concluded with M. Noufflard the lieut.-gov. of Dahomey, in Aug., 1914 an agreement for the temporary partition between the British and French Govts., and for the provisional administration of Togoland; admstd. Br. sphere of occupation, Togoland, concurrently with the G. Coast, from Aug., 1914, to Aug., 1919; ohmn., comtee. on W. African trade and taxation, Oct.-Nov., 1921 (received thanks of S. of S.); is part author, with Sir Frank Swettenham, of a Malayan dictionary, and author of more than a dozen books, mostly on Malayan subjects, and of a translation of the penal code into Malay; also of a history of the G. Coast regt. in the E. African campaign.

CLIFT, HON. J. AUGUSTUS, C.B.E. (1918), K.C.—Called to the bar, 1884; M.H.A. Newfoundland, 1889; speaker of assembly, 1891; clk. of assembly, 1893-97; elected to assembly, representing

Twillingate dist., 1900; re-elected, 1904; min. of agric. and mines and mem. of cabinet, 1904; re-elected, Twillingate dist., 1908 and 1913; min. of agric. and mines and mem. of cabinet, 1918.

CLIPSHAM, PHILIP RICHARD.—B. 1903; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 31st Sept., 1920.

OLIVE, CAPT. J. H.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, May, 1920.

CLOUGH, ERNEST MARSHALL OWEN, C.M.G. (1921).—B. 1873; ed. at the Mercers' Schl. and in Germany; served in S. African war, H.A.C. field battery (Queen's medal with three clasps), 1900-01; priv. sec. to the late Hon. Sir R. Solomon, G.C.M.G., 1901-03; accompanied him when representing S. Africa at Delhi Durbar, 1903; clk. of exec. and legis. couns., Transvaal, 1903-1907; clk. of legis. coun., Transvaal, 1907-1910; clk. of senate, Union of S. Africa, since 1910; accompanied S.A. parly. dels. to England upon Dominion war organisation visit and confce., 1916; served European war; lieut., Cape Garrison Arty., and O.C., armoured train, S.A. Rebellion and German S.W. Africa, 1914-15; capt., R.F.A., France and Italy, 1917-18; sec., speaker's confce. on the future constitution of the senate, 1920; chmn., S.A. training ship "Gen. Botha" from 1921; hon. sec., S. African branch, Empire Parly. Assn.; from 1911 and organised visit of delegations from all Empire parlys. to S. Africa, 1924; author of the "South African Parliamentary Manual" and various papers on constitutional questions and parly. procedure.

CLUBB, HON. WILLIAM REID—B. 1884; ed. Manitoba Public Schls., Winnipeg Business Coll., and Manitoba Agrl. Coll.; farmer; served on Morris munic. coun., 1916-20; mem., leg. assembly for Morris, Manitoba, 1920-22; re-elec., July, 1922; min. of public works, Manitoba, 8th Aug., 1922; re-elec. for Morris by accl., 26th Aug., 1922.

CLUTTERBUCK, P.A., M.C.—B. 1897; schol. of Malvern Coll. and of Pembroke Coll., Cambridge, 1915; comsnn., sp. res. of offrs., Coldstream Guards, Jan., 1916; lieut., Sept., 1916; capt. and adjt., 3rd batt., Oct., 1917; M.C. and ment. in desps., 1918; demob., 1919; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., G.P.O., 1st Sept., 1919; transfd. to C.O., 13th Feb., 1922; sec., managing comtee, Imperial Bureau of Mycology, 1923; addnl. pvte. sec. to parly. under sec. (Lord Arnold), June-Oct., 1924; sec., agrl. advisory comtee., 1924-25.

CLIVER, EUSTACE HENRY, M.A., M.D., B.Ch., D.P.H.—B. 1894; ed. at Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, S. Africa, Hertford Coll., Oxford and King's Coll. Hosp., London; Rhodes schol. for Stellenbosch; Burrey Yeo. schol., King's Coll.; senr. demy, Magdalen Coll., Oxford; 1st cls., final hon., nat. science (physiology); served with 1st S. African field ambulance in France; major, S.A.M.C. Active Citizen Force; lecturer in geology, Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, 1914; prof. of physiology, Univ. of Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, 1919-26; asst. health offr., Union of S. Africa, 1926; as-oc. edr., Journal of Industrial Hygiene (America); published many papers in tech. jnls. on subject of physiology and hygiene.

COAKER, HON. SIR WM. F., K.B.E. (1923).—President, fisherman's protective union, Newfoundland; M.H.A. for Bonavista, 1913; M.H.A., Twillingate, 1914; mem. of tonnage comtee., 1917; M.E.C., 1917; min. without portfolio, 1918.

COATES, J.—Asst. govt. printer, Uganda Prot., 27th May, 1910; ag. supt., govt. press,

E. Africa Prot., June, 1911 to Feb., 1912; govt. printer and controller of stationery, Uganda Prot., 17th June, 1914.

COATES, JOHN SPENSER.—B. 1878; prin. min. survr., Ceylon, Sept., 1910; designation now changed to govt. mineralogist and salt adviser.

COATES, RT. HON. JOSEPH GORDON, P.C. (1926). M.C.—B. 1878; ed. privately; mem. of New Zealand parlt. since 1911; min. of justice, 1919-20; P.M.G., 1919-25; min. of pub. wks., 1920-26; native min., 1921; min. of rlys., 1923; prime min., 1925; N.Z. rep. at Imp. Confce., 1926; served with N.Z. Exped. Forces as capt. and major, 1916-1919; awarded M.C. with bar.

COATS, ROBERT HAMILTON, B.A., F.S.S. (hon.), F.R.C.S.—B. 1874; ed. Toronto Univ.; bankers' scholarship in polit. economy, and Wyld prize, English; on staff of "Toronto Globe," 1897-1900; editor, Labour Gaz., and ch. statistician, dept. of labour, 1901-12; mem., comn. on the cost of living, 1913-14; dom. statistician and contrl. of census, 1914; author of "The Labour Movement in Canada" (Canada and its Provinces); joint author of life of James Douglas (Makers of Canada series); offl. del. to Br. Empire Statistical Confce., 1920; mem. of comn. on statistics under the League of Nations, 1920; mem., International Statistical Inst.

COBB, W. GRAHAM, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.).—Cert. of London S.T.M.; medical officer, N. Nigeria (W.A.M.S.), 24th April, 1912.

COCHRAN, PETER CAMPBELL, B.A. (Oxon).—B. 1870; ed. Loretto schol., Scotland, and Oriol Coll., Oxford; Scotch law agt., Boer war, 1900-02; asst. mag., Lydenburg, 1902; Vereeniging, 1904; asst. sec., law dept., 1906; mag., Heidelberg, 1906; Barberton, 1911; Ermelo, 1914; Germiston, 1915; Bloemfontein, 1920; Durban, 1st Mar., 1926.

COCHRANE, CHARLES WALTER HAMILTON.—B. 1876; ed. Repton and Merton Coll., Oxford (exhr.); 1st cls. class. mods., 1897; 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1899; B.A., 1899; cadet, F.M.S. civ. serv., 1899; ag. asst. sec. to res.-gen., 1901; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, 1904; ag. asst. sec. to res., Perak, 1907; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, 1908; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Krian, 1910; ag. dist. offr., Coast, Negri Sembilan, 1911; ag. collector land rev., Seremban, 1912; ag. temporarily as British res., Negri Sembilan, 15th to 24th May, 1914; offr. of cls. III, 1st July, 1915; attached to C.O., Sept., 1915 to June, 1916; dep. pub. pros., Perak, 5th Oct., 1916; chief asst. dist. offr., Kinta, 21st June, 1917; sec. to res., Perak, 18th May, 1919; ag. under sec. to govt., F.M.S., 7th Dec., 1921; under sec. to govt., F.M.S., Dec., 1921; ag. Br. res., Negri Sembilan, Apr., 1924; resumed duty as under-sec., F.M.S., Oct., 1924; gen. adviser, Johore, Dec., 1925; ag. Br. res., Perak, Sept., 1927.

COCKBURN, THE HON. SIR JOHN ALEX., K.C.M.G. (1900); M.D. (Lond.).—B. 1850; mem. of house of assem., S. Australia, 1884-1898; min. of educn., 1885, to June, 1887; premier and ch. sec., 1889-90; again min. of educn. and agricul., 1893; agt.-gen. for S. Australia in London, 1898-1901.

COCKER, THOMAS BERNARD.—B. 1898; ed. Oldham Gram. Schl. and St. John's Coll., Camb.; R.N. acent. branch, 1918-19; B.A., 1920 (pt. I., class. tripos); L.L.B., 1921 (pt. II., law tripos), Gray's Inn; cadet, S. Sittima, 1921; ag. dep. registr., sup. ct., Singapore, 17th Oct., 1921.

COCKEY, C. E. E.—Ed. St. Edwards Schl. and Wadham Coll., Oxford; M.A.; served in France and Salonica; 3rd Devons, atchd. 2nd Glouc. Regt., May, 1915, to Jan., 1919; ag. capt.; mentd. in desps.; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 13th June, 1919.

COCKMAN, HERBERT JAMES, D.F.C.—B. 1898; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Merton Coll., Oxford; 2nd lieut., Royal Flying Corps, Apr., 1917; cadet, F.M.S., 10th Dec., 1921; attd. to Fed. secretariat, Jan., 1922; attd. to chandu monopoly, Kuala Lumpur, Aug., 1922; ag. 2nd asst. adviser, Muar, Johore, July, 1923; offr., cla. V., Dec., 1924; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Dec., 1926.

COCKHAM, BEN.—B. 1903; ed. Victoria, Taunton's Schl. and Oxford; hist. schol., Queen's Coll., 1921-25; 1st cla., mod. hist., 1925; Goldsmith's sen. student, 1926; 1st cla., med. and mod. hist., London, 1923; fellow, Michigan, 1925-26; Ph.D., 1926; apptd. after compet. exam. asst. prin., Dominions Office, 4th Nov., 1926.

COCKSHUTT, HENRY.—B. 1868; ed. pub. and high schls., Brantford; pres., Cockshutt Plough Co., since 1911; pres. of several other large manufacturing concerns; mayor of Brantford, Ont., 1899-1900; pres., Brantford bd. of trade, 1898; pres., Canadian manufacturers' assn., 1906-7; organised and financed the 215th batt., Brantford, of which he was lieut.-col., and now hon. col.; unsuccessful candidate for the H. of C., 1917; lieut.-gov., Ont., 10th Sept., 1921.

CODERRE, HON. LOUIS, K.C., B.A., LL.B.—B. 1865; ed. primary schl., St. Ours, Hyacinthe and Montreal Colleges and Laval Univ.; called to the bar, 1892; head of the firm Coderre and Coderre, advocates, Montreal; city attorney, St. Henri, 1896-1905; syndic of the Montreal bar, 1904-1909; unsuccessful cand. for Quebec legislature, 1908, and for H. of C. in same year; elec. to H. of C. for Hochelaga, Sept., 1911; sworn of the P.C. for Canada and sec. of state, Oct., 1912; also min. of mines, 1913; judge, super. ct., Quebec, 1915.

CODRINGTON, HUMPHREY WILLIAM.—B. 1879; ed. Winchester and New Coll. Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1903; off. asst., Galle Kachcheri, July, 1904; Batticaloa Kachcheri, Jan., 1905; Kurunegala Kachcheri, May, 1906; Kandy Kachcheri, Nov., 1906; asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Aug., 1907; off. asst. to govt. agt., Colombo, Nov., 1907; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Dec., 1908; ditto, Kegalla, Aug., 1911; addtl. asst. col. sec., Aug., 1914; asst. govt. agt., Puttalam and Chilaw, Aug., 1914; asst. govt. agt., Kandy, July, 1915; ditto, Puttalam and Chilaw, Sept., 1915; ditto, Kandy, Oct., 1915; asst. govt. agt., Matale, Apl., 1916; on military duty, 1918; ag. govt. agt., N. Prov., Oct., 1919; comsnnr. under the Buddhist Temporalities Ord., Mar., 1920; govt. agt., prov. of Sabaragamuwa, in addn., Sept., 1921; ag. P.M.G., Jan., 1924; registrar-gen., Mar., 1924; ag. contr., rev., Apr., 1925; addnl. contr., rev., Dec., 1925; P.M.G., Jan., 1926; govt. agt., N.W.P., Apr., 1926; addnl. contr., rev., 31st May, 1927; govt. agt., Uva, 26th Aug., 1927.

COE, THOMAS PEBOWNE, M.C.—B. 1887; ed. Norwich Gram. Schl. and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; (schol.) 2nd cla. class. mod., 1908, 3rd cla. lit. hum., 1910; B.A., 1910; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1910; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, July, 1911; ag. 2nd asst. sec. to ch. sec., Feb., 1912; passed cadet, Dec., 1912; offr., cla. V., Dec., 1913; temp. 2nd-lieut., 7th (service) battn.,

Norfolk Regt., 11th Mar., 1915; temp. lieut., 7th (service) battn., Norfolk Regt., 27th Oct., 1915; G.S.O., 3rd grade, with rank of temp. capt., trans. to Gen. List, 28th July, 1917; temp. capt., Gen. List (Gen. Staff), 1st May, 1918; brig. maj., 9th May, 1918; offr., cla. IV., 1st Jan., 1919; demob., Feb., 1919; 2nd asst. sec., Fed. secretariat, Nov., 1919; ag. priv. sec. to ch. sec. in addition, Nov., 1919 to June, 1920; ag. 2nd asst. sec. to govt., 1st July, 1920; 2nd-lieut. M.S.V.R., Apr., 1921; ag. capt., Nov., 1921; capt., Aug., 1922; supernumy. offr., cla. III, Nov., 1922; major, M.S.V.R., Jan., 1923; dist. offr., Batang Padang, July, 1924; ag. dist. offr. Larut and registrar titles, Perak, Feb., 1927; ag. sec. to res., Perak in addn., Apr., 1927.

COGHLAN, FREDERICK ALBERT.—B. 1859; Under sec., chief secretary's dept., New South Wales, Aug., 1910-1914; auditor gen., N.S.W., May, 1914.

COHEN, EZECHIEL, M.B.E. (1924).—B. 1883; clk., Cape govt. rlys., May, 1900; transf'd. to Imperial Mil. Rlys., Nov., 1900; transf'd. to Bech. Prot. service and attached to office of high comsnnr. for S. Africa, Aug., 1901; asst. Imp. acctnt., Apl., 1918; prin. clk., Nov., 1923.

COLE, ARNOLD KIETLAND.—B. 1884; sec. to bd. of educn., Bahamas, 1907; ag. res. justice, Rum Cay, 1908; ag. inspr. and genl. supt. of schools, 1910, 1911, 1913; 3rd clk., treasury dept., 1913; 1st clk., P.O., 1914; ch. clk. and asst. examr. offr., cust. dept., 1st Aug., 1921; ag. contrlr., cust., in 1922, 1923 and 1924; asst. contr. and examining offr., 5th Dec., 1923; ag. contr., asst., July to Aug., 1924 and 20th Sept. to 8th Nov., 1925; survr., shipping, 25th Mar., 1925; ag. contr. cust. and registrar, shipping from 12th Apr., 1926; ag. harbmr., 31st Mar. to 6th Apr., 1927.

COLE, V. G.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, June, 1921.

COLEBATCH, HON. SIR HAL PATESHALL, K.T. BACH. (1927).—B. 1872; ed. Goolwa, S. Australia; M.L.C. for E. Prov., W. Australia, May, 1912; col. sec., min. for educn., min. of pub. health and leader of legis. coun., 1916-19; premier, W. Australia for short period, 1919; min. of educn. and pub. health, 17th May, 1919; agt.-gen. for W. Australia, 1923-27; mem., Australian constitution royal coman., 1927.

COLE BOWEN, ST. JOHN.—B. 1872; ed. St. Columbas' Coll., Dublin; B.A., T.C.D., 1906; Natal mounted pol., 1897-99; served S.A. war, 9th batt. K.R.R., 1899-1902; ret. with rank of capt.; mag., Senekal, 1900; ch. inspr., refugee camps, O.F.S. and Cape, 1901-02; mag., Winburg; ohmn. repatn. and claims bd., 1902-03; mag., Fouriesmith, 1904-18; mag., Ladybrand, 1918-20; mag., Kroonstad, 1920-25; mag., Potchefstroom, 1925; mag., Kimberley, 1926.

COLEMAN, CECIL GEORGE.—B. 1882; ed. Guildhall Schl., Bury St. Edmunds and St. Peter's Coll., Peterborough; B. of E. certifi., for master, Victoria Institution, Kuala Lumpur, F.M.S., June, 1906; inspr. of schls., Selangor, June, 1906; ag. ditto, Perak, Jan., 1924; ag. prin., King Edward VII schl., Taiping, Mar., 1924; head master, Malacca high schl., June, 1924.

COLEY, CAPT. C. F. (Reg. Army, R. of O.)—B. 1897; ed. Oxford Univ. and Université de Paris; served with Duke of Cornwall's Light Infy., Devon Regt., and R. Corps of Signals in European War, 1914-18; diplomatic serv., 1918; cadet, Nigerian admstrv. serv., 17th Mar., 1926; ag. asst. dist. offr., 1st Apr., 1926.

COLL, SIR ANTHONY MICHAEL, KT. BACH. (1912).—Ed. Haileybury, and Exeter Coll., Oxon; M.A. and B.C.L., 1888; called to the bar, Inner Tem., Jan., 1887; pol. mag., Gibraltar, 1892; atty.-gen., 1901; K.C., 1902; ag. ch. just. and ag. col. sec., on various occasions; chief just., Jamaica, 1911; ret., 1922.

COLLENS, ARCHIBALD EDGAR, F.I.C., F.O.S.—Lab. asst., and chem. demonstr. to the prof. of chemy., Queen's Royal and St. Mary's Colls., Trinidad, 1900-08; lect., agrl. chemy., govt. training schls., 1902-05; asst. analyst, govt. lab., Trinidad, 1908-16; offr. in charge, rubber tapping experiments, dept. of agr., 1911-17; scientific asst., bd. of agric., 1908-10; science master, Queen's Royal and St. Mary's Colls., Trinidad, 1906-08, 1910, and 1914; ag. prin. asst. anal., govt. lab., 1914-15; supt., field experiments, 1915-16; examr. in pharm. chemy. to med. coun., Trinidad, 1908-17; examr. in agr., bd. of educn., 1908-17; govt. chem. and supt. of agr., Leeward Is.; chmn., granary bd., Antigua; mem., food control prices bd., Antigua, 1917; mem., Barbuda bd., pub. lib. trustees; mem., Fed. exec. and leg. couns. and leg. coun., Antigua; gov. and on exec. coun., Imp. Coll. of Trop. Agr., 1921.

COLLET, SIR WILFRED, K.C.M.G. (1915), C.M.G. (1897).—B. 1856; ed. at Univ. Coll. schl., Lond.; LL.B., Lond., 1889; 1st cls. interned., 1889, and final, 1903; provisional 2nd clk., native dept., Fiji, Jan., 1881; inspr. of imigra. and asst. native comsnt., Jan., 1883; sec. W. Pacific high comsnt., Oct., 1884; dist. comsnt., Cyprus, 1897; also British deleg. of Evqaf, 1901; ag. rec.-gen., 1900-01, and in 1902 and 1904; col. sec. Br. Hond., 18th Oct., 1905; admstg. govt., 18th Oct., 1905, to 12th Aug., 1906, 8th May, 1908, to 9th Jan., 1909, and from 5th Aug., 1911, to 10th Apl., 1912; gov., B. Hond., 30th Apl., 1913; gov., B. Guiana, 22nd Mar., 1917; assumed govt., 15th Apl., 1917; ret., 1923.

COLLETT, J. W., M.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.—Med. offr., S. Nigeria, 1901; author of "Text Book of Physiology and Hygiene."

COLLIE, JAMES, O.B.E. (1920).—Ck., financ. adviser's office, O.R.C., June, 1900; ch. examiner of accta., audit dept., July, 1901; ch. clk. and acct., treas., July, 1902; asst. col. treas., O.F.S., July, 1907; under-treas., July, 1909; ag. under-sec. for finance, Union of S. Africa, May, 1910; asst. contr. and audr.-gen., July, 1910; dep. acctg. offr., Union agt. dept., Dec., 1911; sec., S. W. Africa, 1915; chmn., war losses commsn., S. W. Africa, 1919; chmn., debts stlmnt. bd., S. W. Africa, 1921; sec., mining industry bd., 1922; sec., comsnt. on old age pensions and national insurance, 1926.

COLLIER, HON. PHILLIP.—B. 1873; M.L.A. for Boulder, W. Australia, since 1905; min. for mines and rlys. in Scaddan govt., 1911-14, and of mines and water supply, 1914-16; leader, parly. labour party, May, 1917; premier, W. Australia, Apr., 1924.

COLLIER, REGINALD.—B. 1880; stock inspr.; Basutoland, 1910; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1915; inspr., 1924; Zulu Rebellion, 1906; Great War, 1917-19.

COLLINS, CHARLES HENRY, B.A., Lond.—B. 1887; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., 12th Nov., 1910; attached to the Karunegala Kacheheri, 16th Dec., 1910; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Apl., 1912; ag. pol. mag., Puttalam, Sept., 1912; office asst., Kandy Kacheheri, July, 1913; ag. pol. mag., Kandy, June, 1914; asst.

land settmt. offr., May, 1915; ag. asst. govt. agt., Puttalam and Chilaw, July, 1915; asst. land settmt. offr., Sept., 1915; ag. asst. govt. agt., Puttalam and Chilaw, Oct., 1915; addtl. asst. govt. agt., ditto, Sept., 1916; office asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., Oct., 1916; 2nd asst. col. sec., Oct., 1917; 3rd asst. col. sec., Sept., 1920; 2nd asst. col. sec., Jan., 1922; prin. asst. col. sec., Feb., 1924; addnl. asst. col. sec., Oct., 1925; dep. collr., cust., Dec., 1925.

COLLINS, JAMES RICHARD, C.B.E. (1923), C.M.G. (1920).—B. 1869; treas., clk., Victoria, 1886; acctnt. to Commonwealth of Austr. treas., 1901; sec. to treas., 1916; finan. adviser to high comsnt., London, and mem., London bd. of advice of Commonwealth Bank of Australia, 1926.

COLLINS, JOSEPH THOMAS, M.A., LL.M.—Scholar and medallist of Trin. Coll., Melbourne; exhibitioner, scholar and honourer in arts and laws, Melbourne Univ.; barrister-at-law, Victoria, 1894; legal adviser to Roy. Comn. on Local Govt. Law, 1902; mem. and subsequently chmn. of Roy. Comsnt. on Unification or Federation of Municipalities in Victoria, 1903-5; parly. draughtsman, Victoria, since July, 1910; author, in conjunction with Mr. C. H. Meaden, of "Local Government Law and Practice."

COLLINS, W. H., Ph. D., F.R.S.C.—B. 1878; ed. Univ. of Toronto, 1904; Heidelberg Univ., 1907; Chicago Univ., 1909; Univ. of Wisconsin, 1911; asst. geologist, geol. surv. of Can., 1905; jun. geol., 1912; geol., 1914; fellow, Royal Soc. of Can., 1918; dir., geol. surv. of Can., 1920; ex-off. mem., Can. Inst. Min. Met; mem., Geol. Soc. of America, 1920; has pub. numerous papers and memoirs on pre-cambrian geol. and petrology.

COLLISSON, PERCIVAL LORIMER, O.B.E. (Mil.), 1919.—B. 1883; ed. at Westminster and King's Coll., London; apptd. examr., E. and A. dept., 1901; col. aud. branch, Sept., 1905; examr. of accta., O.R.C., Jan., 1906; rejoined col. aud. branch, Jan., 1908; asst. auditor, N. Nigeria, Sept., 1908; ag. local auditor, 1909-10; 2nd cls. clk., col. audit., 1914; mil. audit., E. Africa Exped. Force, 1916 (twice met. in desps.); senr. asst. auditor, E.A.P., Apl., 1919; ag. auditor, E.A.P., 1920; audr., Fiji and W. Pacific, 1922; audr., N. Rhodesia, 17th Aug., 1924; audr., Uganda, Sept., 1927.

COLLYMORE, ERNEST ALLAN, M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1893; ed. Harrison Coll., Barbados and Merton Coll., Oxford; 2nd cls. hona. final sch. of jurisprudence, 1914; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1920; serv. in E. Lanes. Regt., 1914-19; capt., Oct., 1915; capt., Barbados Vols. and O.C., cadet corps of the island, 1921-26; sen. mag., Bridgetown and dist. A, June, 1925; recvr. of wrecks, Aug., 1925; ag. judge, asst. ct. of appeal in 1925 and 1926; stip. and circuit mag., Bahamas and coroner for New Providence, 21st July, 1927; ag. atty.-gen., 18th to 25th Oct., 1927.

COLMAN, EUGENE ERNEST.—B.A. Cantab.; cadet, S. Stittms., Oct., 1902; ag. 4th mag., Sing., Oct., 1903; passed final exam. in Malay, July, 1904; ag. 3rd mag., Sing., Mar., 1906; asst. to res., Malacca, July, 1910; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, and asst. to res., Malacca, 8th July, 1911; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, 1st Jan., 1912; ag. dep. registr., Penang, 23rd Sept., 1912; offr. of cls. IV., 21st Dec., 1914, but continued to act as dep. registr., ag. 1st mag., Penang, 20th Apl., 1915; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, 26th Apl., 1915; on spec. duty in Singapore, 28th Dec., 1915; ag. dep.

regisr., sup. ct. and asst. offl. assignee, Penang, 27th July, 1916; supernumry. offr. of cls. 3, 1st Jan., 1919, continuing as ag. dep. regisr., sup. ct. and asst. assignee, Penang; regisr., dist. judge and mag., Malacca, June, 1920; temp. 2nd lieutenant, ag. capt., Malay and S. Stilinta. Volunteer Force (Malacca), 1st Jan., 1922; ag. dist. judge, Singapore, Feb., 1924; ag. asst. offl. assignee, Singapore, Dec., 1924; ag. solr.-gen., S.S., May, 1925; ag. regisr., companies and offl. assignee, S.S., June, 1925.

COLVILLE, ERNEST FREDERICK, C.M.G. (1927).—Ed. Westminster and Christ Church, Oxford; B.A., 1901; asst. res., Nyasaaland Prot., Mar., 1905; ag. asst. chief sec., Mar., 1914; ag. priv. sec. and A.D.C. to gov., Sept., 1914; res., 2nd grade, Apr., 1917; prov. comsnnr., 1st June, 1921; ag. gov., Nov. to Dec., 1926; ag. ch. sec., July, 1927.

COMBE, SIR RALPH MOLYNEUX, KT. BACH. (1920).—Ed. at Haileybury Coll. and Exeter Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1894; called to the bar, Inner Tem., 1897; Crown advocate, E. Africa Prot., 4th Aug., 1905; mem. of exec. and legis. couns., 1907; atty.-gen. E.A.F., 1912; atty.-gen., Nigeria, 1913; ch. just., Nigeria, 1918.

COMMISSIONG, TERENCE BERTRAND.—B. 1893; 3rd clk., col. sec.'s office, Grenada, 1st Apr., 1909; 2nd clk., gov.'s office, 1st June, 1915; 2nd clk., col. sec.'s office, 1st Dec., 1919; ag. ch. clk., col. sec.'s office clk. of couns., med. regisr., and man. govt. printing sub-dept., Feb.-Sept., 1920; seconded for active serv. 19th Sept., 1915 to 25th Oct., 1919; awarded meritorious serv. med. in German E. African campaign, 3rd June, 1916; apptd. J.P., Grenada, in recog. of war serv., 19th July, 1919; oh. clk., col. sec.'s office, clk. to exec. coun., med. regisr. and man., govt. printing dept., 1st May, 1921.

CONNOLLY, HON. SIR JAMES DANIEL, KT. BACH. (1920).—B. 1870; ed. Warwick Pub. Schl. and Catholic Schl.; M.L.C., Western Australia, 1902; col. sec. and min. of com. and lab., 1906; col. sec. and min. of pub. health, 1910; leader of leg. coun. from 1906 to 1911; M.L.A. for Perth, 1914; agt. genl. in London for Western Australia, 1917-23.

CONWAY, WILLIAM EWAN.—B. 1893; ed. High Schl., Dundee; govt. travelling schl. master, 10th Dec., 1913; 2nd clk., C.S.O., Mar., 1916; ag. clk. and priv. sec. to govt. of Falkland Is., June, 1916 to Apr., 1917 and Sept., 1917 to Apr., 1920; collr. of cust., G. Coast, Oct., 1920.

COOK, FREDERICK.—B. 1858; ed. Leeds Gram. Schl.; in journalism in Canada since 1882; Canadian correspondent of "The Times," London, for 20 years; school trustee and alderman, Ottawa; mayor of Ottawa, 1902-3; sec. British Columbia Better Terms Comn., 1914-15; dep. King's printer of Canada, 1st July, 1915 to 1st May, 1920; chmn. of editorial comtee. of Dom. govt., 1920-23; supervisor, govt. publications, 1923; author of "Commercial Canada," "The Relations of Ottawa to the Federal authority"; edited "Canadian Who's Who," (pub. by "The Times"), 1909.

COOK, RT. HON. SIR JOSEPH, P.C. (1914); G.C.M.G. (1918).—B. 1860; mem. of H. of R., Commonwealth of Australia, since 1901; postmr.-gen., N.S. Wales, 1894-1898; min. for mines and agric., 1898-9; min. of defence, C. of A., June, 1909; prime minister, C. of A., June, 1913-Sept., 1914; min. for the Navy, 1917; ditto, from 10th Jan., 1918; high comsnnr. in London for C. of A., Nov., 1921; ret., 1927.

COOK, WILFRED WULSTAN.—B. 1876; est. regisr.-gen's dept., New Zealand, 1895; ch. clk. and dep. regisr.-gen., 1906; regisr.-gen., 1916.

COOKE, AUBREY.—B. 1890; ed. at Stonyhurst Coll. and Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford (Charles Oldham classical scholar); 2nd cls. class. Hona. Mods., 1910; Goldsmith's exhibn. in Classics and Divinity, 1910; 2nd cls. Lit. Hum., 1912; B.A., 1912; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 13th Oct., 1913; on military service from 13th Apl., 1917 to 16th March, 1919; asst. priv. sec. to Lord Milner, 17th Mar., 1919; priv. sec. to Col. Amery, 1st Jan., 1920; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

COOKE, EDWARD ROBERT CECIL, M.C., B.A. (Cantab.), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.—B. 1886; ed. Cambridge Univ. and Univ. Coll. Hosp., London; temp. comsnnr., R.A.M.C., 2nd Sept., 1914; med. offr., 2nd Scottish Rifles, France; ag. major, R.A.M.C. and divnl. anti-malaria offr., 1919; med. offr., F.M.S.R., Jan., 1922.

COOKE, HERBERT SUTTON, O.B.E. (1919).—C.M.R., 1893-99; Basutoland mtd. pol., 1899-1901; inspr., native affrs. dept., Transvaal, Dec., 1901; sen. inspr., Mar., 1902; dist. contr., Johannesburg, July, 1903; chief pass offr., July, 1908; asst. dir. of native labour (Union), Apr., 1912; asst. dir. infn. bureau, dept. of defence, 1914-15; maj. Union Defence Force—political services in East Africa, 1916-17; inspr., pub. serv. comsnnr., 1921; ch. native comsnnr. and dir., native labour, Johannesburg, 1924.

COOKE, S. V.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.F., Jan., 1917.

COOKE, WILLIAM ERNEST, M.A., F.R.A.S.—Cadet, Adelaide observatory, 1878; B.A. Adel. Univ., 1883; asst. astronomer, Adel. obser., 1884; M.A., Adel. Univ., 1889; govt. astronomer, W.A., 1896; govt. astronomer, New South Wales, 1912-26; prof. of astronomy at Sydney Univ.

COOKSON, CLAUDE EDWARD.—Capt., reserve of offrs.; barrister-at-law; educ. at Eton (King's scholar, 1891-97); served in regular army, 1899-1910; capt., 1908; with Bedfordshire regt. in India, Gibraltar and Bermuda; station staff offr., Aden, 1907-8; ag. brigade major, 1908; asst. comsnnr. of police, Gold Coast, Sept., 1911; extra A.D.C. to Mr. J. J. Thorburn, C.M.G., gov. of G. Coast, Feb. to May, 1912; comsnnr. of police, G. Coast, Jan., 1915; asst. col. sec., July, 1915; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, May, 1919; inspr.-gen. of prisons, 28th Feb., 1920; titl. chanzed to dir. of prisons, Nov., 1926; senr. asst. col. sec., Sierra Leone, 3rd Feb., 1926.

COOLS-LARTIGUE, THEODORE.—B. 1867; ed. at Mount Saint Mary's Coll., Derbyshire; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1889; admitted to the bar, St. Lucia, 1889; ditto, Leeward Is., 1894; ag. regisr., St. Lucia, 1891; ag. mag. in 1903-4-5; ag. regisr., St. Lucia, 1906-7; ag. mag., 1911; elective mem., Castries town bd., 1903-1912; regisr. and prov. marshal, Dominica, and also supplementary mag., Roseau, Dominica, Feb., 1912; offl. mem. leg. coun., Dominica, visiting just. of Dominica prison and J.P., 1912; govt. mem., Roseau town bd., 1914; valuation comsnnr. for assessing of taxes, 1916; ag. crown atty. and mem. exec. coun., 1916-19; crown atty. and regisr., sup. ct., Oct., 1919.

COOMARASWAMY, CHINNAPPAH.—B. 1887; ed. Hindu Coll., Jaffra, and Royal Coll., Colombo; cadet, local div., Ceylon civ. serv., April, 1910; extra office asst. to govt. agt., Batticaloa, Apl., 1910; ag. office asst. to ditto, May, 1913; pol. mag., Matara, May, 913; pol. mag. and

office asst. to govt. agt., Puttalam, June, 1913; pol. mag., Chilaw, Feb., 1914; pol. mag., Point Pedro, June, 1915; dist. judge, Batticaloa, Feb., 1918; ditto, Chilaw and Puttalam, Mar., 1920; addnl. asst. govt. agt., Chilaw and Puttalam, in addn., Aug., 1920; comsnr. of requests, Colombo, May, 1922; dep. comsnr., stamps, May, 1925; dist. judge, Kalutara, Apr., 1926; dep. comsnr., stamps, May, 1926; ag. registrar-gen., Aug., 1927.

COOMARASWAMY, VALUPPILAI.—B. 1892; Cadet, local division, Ceylon civ. serv., Mar., 1913; attached to Puttalam Kachecheri, Mar., 1913; Anuradhapura Kach., June, 1913; ag. addnl. office asst., Anuradhapura Kach., Nov., 1913; ag. pol. mag., Puttalam, Feb., 1914; extra office asst. to asst. govt. agent, Puttalam and Chilaw, in addition to his own duties, Mar., 1914; pol. mag., Negombo, July, 1917; ditto, Dandagamuwa, July, 1918; office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Feb., 1919; pol. mag., Panadura, Oct., 1920; itg. pol. mag., W. Prov., July, 1923; dist. judge, Kegalla, June, 1924; asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, July, 1927.

COOMBES, H. P.—B. 1894; clk., govt. sec's. office, Nyasaland, 17th May, 1917; senr. clk., Aug., 1923; ag. asst. sec. and clk., exec. and leg. couns., Dec., 1926 to Mar., 1927; ag. senr. asst. sec. and clk., exec. and leg. couns., Apr. to Dec., 1927.

COOPE, ARTHUR EGBERTON.—B. 1888; ed. Fonthill Schl., St. Edward's Schl., and Keble Coll., Oxford; B.A. Oxon.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1911; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Tapah, Oct., 1912; passed cadet, June, 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., lands, Kinta, Dec., 1913; offr., cls. V, Dec., 1914; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, May, 1915; offr., cls. IV, Jan., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Apr., 1919; dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, Mar., 1921; dist. offr., Ulu Kelantan, May, 1921; dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, June, 1922; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1923; offg. asst. advr., lands, Kedah, May, 1924.

COOPER, EVANS GUSTAVUS.—B. 1875; asst. clk. of courts, Jamaica, 1893; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1912; clerk of cts., Hanover, 15th Dec., 1912; J.P., 1913; ag. res. mag. on various occasions; supernum. res. mag., 1st June, 1923; res. mag., 1st June, 1924.

COOPER, PHILLIP WARD, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1877; ed. Marlborough Coll.; col. audit branch, E. and A. Dept., 1st Dec., 1899; asst. local auditor, E. Africa and Uganda Prots., 9th Oct., 1900; ag. local auditor, Uganda, 23rd Dec., 1901 to 15th June, 1902; asst. collr., Uganda, 4th Jan., 1904, with seniority from 31st Mar., 1902; collr., 1st Apr., 1905; ag. prov. comsnr., Western Prov., Uganda, 9th Sept., 1913; prov. comsnr., Sept., 1916.

COOPER, WILLIAM D.—B. 1902; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 16th Oct., 1920.

COPE, WILLIAM VIFOND.—B. 1872; ed. pub. and model schls., Ottawa; clk. and ch. clk. in supt.'s office, C.P.R., Ottawa, 1890-1903; later, divn.-engrn.'s office, Calgary, Alberta, 1903-06; clk., acct.'s br., dept. of rlys. and canals, Ottawa, 1st Jan., 1907; asst. depl. audr., 1st Oct., 1911; depl. audr., 1st Apr., 1913; finan. comptrlr., 1st Apr., 1919.

COPP, HON. ARTHUR BLISS.—B. 1870; ed. pub. schls., prov. normal schl. Mt. Allison Univ., New Brunswick, Dalhousie Law Schl., Halifax, N.S., Harvard Law Schl. (LL.B. 1894); admitted to bar, N.B. 1895; mem., legis. ass., N.B., 1901-12; el. to H.C., bye-el., Feb., 1915; re-el., g.e., 1917 and 1921; sec. of state of Canada, 29th Dec., 1921.

CORDEAUX, MAJOR SIR HARRY EDWARD SPILLER, K.C.M.G. (1921), C.B. (1904), C.M.G. (1902).—Ed. at Cheltenham Coll., and St. John's Coll., Camb.; minor scholarship, 1889; class. tripas, 1892; passed in Hindustani and Persian, 1895; Somali, 1899; B.A., 1892; entd. Indian Army, 1894; probationer, Bombay polit. dept. as 4th asst. polit. res., Aden, Apr., 1898; asst. res., Berbera, July, 1898; vice-consul, Berbera, Oct., 1898; consul, Nov., 1902; admstd. govt. of Somaliland Prot., in 1900, 1902, 1903 and 1904; served in operations against the Somali Mullah 1902-04, as polit. offr. (ment. in desps., medal and 3 clasps); dep. comsnr., Somaliland Prot., 1904; admstd. govt., June, 1905; comsnr. and comdr.-in-chief, 15th May, 1906; gov., Uganda, 1st Feb., 1910; gov., St. Helena, 22nd Nov., 1911; assumed govt., 21st Feb., 1912; gov., Bahamas, 1920.

COREA, CARLTON VICTOR SENEWIRATNE.—B. 1903; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Feb., 1927; attd., Matara kach., Mar., 1927.

CORNELL, C. H.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, Feb., 1921.

CORNEY, LEONARD GEORGE.—B.A. Cantab., classical exhibtr., St. John's Coll., Camb.; class. tripas., 1908; examiner, col. audit branch of E. and A. Dept., Feb., 1910; asst. auditor, Gold Coast, Aug., 1910; ag. auditor, July, 1913, July to Dec., 1914, and Apl. to Oct., 1916; ag. asst. col. sec., Dec., 1916, to Jan., 1917; ag. senr. asst. auditor, Jan. to Apl., 1917; seconded to G. Coast Regt., 23rd Apl., 1917, to 6th Jan., 1918; ag. senr. asst. auditor, 7th Jan. to 31st Dec., 1918; senr. asst. auditor, 1st Jan., 1919; ag. auditor, Jan. to Oct., 1919; dep. audr., 1st Jan., 1920.

CORNISH-BOWDEN, ATHELSTAN HALL.—Second asst. surv.-gen., Cape Colony, 16th Jan., 1903; ag. surv.-gen., C.C., 15th Dec., 1904; apptmt., confirmed, 1st Jan., 1906; men. geological coman., 1902-11; mem., joint comtee. for professional exams. constituted under Univ. of S. Africa Act, 1916; trustee, Garden Cities Trust, Cape Town.

CORNWALLIS, COL. K., C.M.G. (1926), C.B.E., Mily. (1919), D.S.O. (1917), Commander of the Order of King George I. of Greece, Order of Nahdhah (2nd cls.), Order of the Nile (3rd cls.), Order of Majidie (4th cls.), three times mentioned in desps.—Sudan civ. serv., 1906-14; Egyptian civ. scrv., 1914; dir., Arab Bureau, Cairo, 1916-19; dep. ch. polit. offr., Egyptian Expedy. Force, 1918; asst. ch. polit. offr., ditto, 1919; attd. to Amir Faisal in London, 1919; attd. to F.O., 1920-21; accompanied Amir Faisal to 'Iraq and seconded to 'Iraq govt. for two years, June, 1921; adviser to min. of interior, 'Iraq, September, 1921.

CORRIE, OWEN CREIL KIRKPATRICK, M.C.—B. 1882; ed. Monckton Combe Schl. and Trinity Coll., Cambridge (maths. exhibr.); on active serv. in France, Belgium and Palestine with N. Somerset Yeomanry and R.F.A. (T.F.), 1915-19; M.C. and ment. in desps.; judl. offr., Nablus, O.E.T.A. (S.), Mar., 1919; vice-pres., ct. of appeal, O.E.T.A. (S.), Oct., 1919; vice-pres., ct. of appeal, Palestine, July, 1920; senr. Br. judge, sup. ct., Sept., 1924; ag. ch. just., Oct., 1922 to Jan., 1923, and from Oct., 1924 to Jan., 1925.

CORRY, WILFRED CHARLES STUART.—B. 1900; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Wadhams Coll., Oxford; B.A. 1922; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1923; attd. secretariat, Taiping, Perak, Jan., 1924; land office, Johore Bahru, Apr., 1924; asst. collr., land rev., Johore Bharu, May, 1924; ag. 2nd asst.

adviser, Batu Pahat, Feb. 1925; ag. asst. supt., govt. monopolies, Singapore and asst. contr., rubber, Singapore in addn., Aug., 1925; collr., land rev., Singapore, Oct., 1925; passed cadet, Jan., 1926; ag. asst. dist. judge and 4th mag., Spore, Apr., 1926.

CORSELLIS, ERNEST SHAWK, L.R.C.P.I., L.R.C.S.I., L.M. (Dub.), 1896; house surg., Jervis St. Hosp., Dublin, 1897; dist. med. offr., Cyprus, 1902; ag. ch. med. offr. on various occasions in 1912, 1917, 1918, 1920, 1921 and 1922; ch. med. offr., 24th Mar., 1922; mem., leg. coun., 1925.

CORSEK, LIEUT. E. E.—Ed. Shrewsbury; 2nd lieut., 4th Batt. King's Shropshire Light Infantry (T.), Aug., 1914; lieut., June, 1916; served in France, 1917-18; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 3rd Dec., 1919.

CORY, SIR GEORGE EDWARD.—B. 1862; ed. at St. John's Coll., Hurstpierpoint, Mechanics. Inst., Woolwich Arsenal and King's Coll., Cambridge; B.A. (nat. sci. tripos), 1888; M.A., 1891; D. Litt., 1921; demonstr. of chemy., Univ. of Cambridge, 1888; vice-prin., pub. sch., Grahamestown, 1891; lecturer in physics and chemy., St. Andrew's Coll., Grahamestown, 1894; prof. chemy., Rhodes Univ. Coll., Grahamestown, 1904; hon. archivist to Union Govt., 1925; author "Rise of South Africa."

CORY, WILLIAM WALLACE, C.M.G. (1909).—B. 1865; entd. civ. serv., Canada, 1901; apptd. inspr. Yukon offrs., 1901; asst. comsnr., Dominion lands, 1904; dep. min. of the Interior, 1905; also comsnr. of Yukon and N.W.T., June, 1919.

COSGRAVE, ALEXANDER KIRKPATRICK, M.C.—B. 1885; ed. Shrewsbury and Trin. Coll., Dublin; B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., 1909, D.P.H., 1918; L.M., Rot. Hosp., 1920; grad. with dist., L.S.T.M., 1920; D.T.M. & H. Lon., 1920; col. med. serv., 1910; med. offr., Ulu Selangor, 1911; on active serv., 1914-19; B.E.F. with 34th div., 1916; D.A.D.M.S., 16th (Irish) div., 1917-18; demob. with hon. rank of maj.; med. offr., Klang, ag. H.O., Coast and in charge, quarantine camp, Port Swettenham, 1920; H.O., Negri Sembilan, 1921; ag. sen. med. offr., Perak, 1921; ag. sen. health offr., F.M.S., 1922 and 1925; sen. med. offr., Selangor, 1922; ag. supt., prisons, Kuala Lumpur in addn., Apr., 1925; ag. sen. health offr., F.M.S. and malaria research offr. in addn., Sept., 1925.

COSSER, S. C. A.—B. 1880; ed. Tonbridge; clk., treasury., Transvaal, 8th May, 1901; asst. acctnt. treasury., 1st Dec., 1905; asst. acctnt. treasury., Union of S. Africa, 31st May, 1910; provincial acctnt., Transvaal Prov., 21st Nov., 1910; served in European War, 1915-19 (Gen. Serv., Victory and Mily. Meds.)

COSTELLOE, MATHEW.—B. 1866; detective sub-inspector., Trinidad, 7th June, 1911; detective-insp. of constab., 1916.

COSTLEY-WHITE, ERNEST, O.B.E. (1918).—B.A. Oxon., 1900; clk. to armed forces, B.C. Africa, Apl., 1900; asst. collr., Nyasaland Prot., Mar., 1904; 2nd grade res., Jan., 1911; transport offr. and carrier recruiting offr., Nyasaland Field Force, with temp. rank of major, 1916-18 (ment. in desps.); ag. chief sec. to govt., May, 1919 to June, 1920; prov. comsnr., 1st June, 1921; ag. ch. sec., Oct., 1921 to Jan., 1922, and from Apr. to July, 1922; ch. sec., Zanzibar, Aug., 1922; ag. Br. res., 28th Sept. 1923 to 24th Jan., 1924 and 10th Mar. to 30th Sept., 1926.

COTCHING, HOUGHTON ALDGATE, A.M.I.Mech.E.—B. 1887; serv. in mech. dept.,

N.E. Ry. Coy., 1903-15; on mil. serv., 1915; seconded for duty with R.E. (inland waterways and docks), 1917; major, D.A.D.R.T. and sent to Chemin de Fer du Hedjaz as loco. supt., 1919; ch. mech. engnr., Palestine rly., 1920.

COTTLE, HARRY ROSS.—B. 1887; supt., monotype dept., govt. printing office, Ceylon, June, 1909; ag. 3rd asst. govt. printer, in addition to his own duties, Aug., 1916, to May, 1917; on military duty, 1918; ag. govt. printer, Sept., 1919; govt. printer, Dec., 1919.

COTTON, MAURICE JOHN, O.B.E.—B. 1890; ed. Bromsgrove Schl.; asst. land ranger, Kenya, 1913; asst. land offr., 1921; on mily. serv., 1914-18; office supt., survey dept., Tanganyika Territory, 1922.

COULSON, NORMAN.—B. 1891; ed. Charterhouse and Pembroke Coll., Camb.; (M.A., hon. in cls. and mod. hist.); 2nd lieut., 10th Res. Regt., Cav., 12th Sept., 1914; attd. 8th (K.R.I.) Hussars, 20th Sept., 1915; (France and army of occupation); relinquished coms., 1st Apr., 1919; cadet F.M.S., Apr., 1920; ag. sec. to Br. adviser, Kedah, June, 1920; ag. agt., food contr., Kedah, in addn., Nov., 1920; ag. sec., sany. bd., Alor Star, in addn., Feb., 1921; passed cadet, June, 1922; attd. to treas., Penang on sp. duty, Sept., 1922; ag. dep. collr., land rev. and dep. regisr. of deeds, Penang, Dec., 1922; ag. aud., Penang, Feb., 1923; dist. offr., Dindings, Apr., 1923; dist. offr., Raub, Feb., 1925; seconded for serv. in Kelantan as ag. comsnr., cust., Aug., 1926; ag. inspr., marine and cust. and supt., chandu, Kelantan, Sept., 1926.

COUSINS, CLARENCE WILFRED.—M.A.; clk. col. sec's dept., Cape, 1896; dep.-inspr. of prisons, 1901; prin. clk. and offr. in charge of immigr. and labour, 1905; ch. immigr. offr., 1905; prin. immigr. offr. and ch. clk. in charge, dept. of interior, Cape Town, 1913; prin. immigr. offr. and regisr. of Asiatics, Pretoria, 1916; dir. of census, Union of S. Africa, 1917; sec. for lab., 1924.

COUSINS, HERBERT HENRY, M.A., F.C.S.—Late postmr., Merton Coll., Oxford; 1st class hon. nat. science, 1889; lecturer in chemistry, S.E. Agric. Coll., Ventnor, 1894; govt. analytical and agric. chemist, Jamaica, 1900; nominated M.L.C., 1907-22; mem. of bd. of agric.; chemist in charge of sugar experimental statn.; author of publications on chemistry and agriculture.

COWELL, H. RUSSELL, B.A.—B. 1877; ed. Malvern and Cambridge; scholar of Clare, 1896-9; apptd., after compet. exam., clk., sec's dept., inland revenue, Oct., 1901; 2nd cl. clk., C.O., 27th Mar., 1902; sec. to inter-deptml. comtee. on oil fields of W. Indies, 1904; sec. to Roy. Comn. on trade relations between Canada and W. Indies, 1909-1910; priv. sec. to Sir J. Anderson, G.C.M.G., 26th June, 1911; priv. sec. to Lord Emmott, 9th Nov., 1912; priv. sec. to Lord Islington, 8th Aug., 1914; ag. 1st cls. clk., 12th Oct., 1914; 1st cls. clk., 10th Mar., 1916; ag. prin. clk., 1st Jan., 1920; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920.

COWGILL, JOHN VINCENT.—B. 1888; ed. Durham Schl. and All Souls Coll., Oxford (bible-olrk, 1907-11), 3rd cls. mods., 3rd cls. lit. hum., B.A., 1911; Malayan civ. serv., 1911; studied Chinese, 1912-14; 2nd lieut., 4th battn. Sherwood Foresters, Mar., 1915; lieut., 1917; seconded to R.E. Signals, 1916; served in France with Signal Service, 1916-19; M.C., 1917; ment. in desps., 1919; retnd. to Malaya, 1919; ag. rev. audr., Aug., 1919; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Sept.,

1919; dist. offr., Temerloh, Dec., 1919; ag. prot. of Chinese, Selangor and N. Simblan, Oct., 1920; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Perak, Sept., 1921; ag. comsnr., cust., Johore, Dec., 1921; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan., Sept., 1923; ag. asst. adviser, Trengganu, Oct., 1923; asst. adviser Trengganu, Nov., 1923; ag. asst. adviser, Kemaman, July, 1925; town planning admsr. and state valuer, Ipoh, Feb., 1926.

COWLEY - BROWN, PATRICK CAMPBELL, M.B.E. (Civil).—B. 1886; sp. offr. in charge of locust destruction, Malacca, Aug., 1914; asst. cable censor and latterly senr. asst. cable censor, S. St. Lucia and F.M.S., Nov., 1915; passport offr. and conf. clk., col. sec.'s office, Singapore, Apr., 1919 to Dec., 1921; conf. clk., col. sec.'s office, Dec., 1921.

COWPER, HERBERT WELLESLEY.—B. 1883; ed. at St. Paul's School, London, Hertford Coll., Oxford, and in Germany, France and Italy; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 30th Nov. 1910; ag. res., 1916; 2nd cls. dist. offr., 15th Dec., 1918.

COX, CHARLES EDWARD LANGTON.—B. 1889; entd. civ. serv., B. Guiana, 1907; 2nd cls. clk., col. sec.'s office; called to the bar, 1918; stip. mag. for the colony; revising barrister, 1919; presr. dist. ct., Cyprus, 1926; served in France as lieut., R.G.A. (S.R.); injured at Loos, Sept., 1916; invalided out of army, Nov., 1917; served under Admiralty as A.T.S.O., mining depôt, Grangemouth, Mar. to Dec., 1918; extra A.D.C. to Sir W. Egerton, K.C.M.G., 1913-15; lieut., artillery coy., B. Guiana Militia, 1908; capt., 1919; pol. mag., St. Vincent, 1920-23; ag. atty.-gen. and ch. just., St. Vincent; crown atty. and regisr., sup. ct., Dominica, 1923-25; mem., exec. coun., income tax comsnr., offr. recr., visiting just., prison, Dominica; presr., dist. ct., Cyprus, 1925.

COX, SIR CHARLES T., K.C.M.G. (1913), C.M.G. (1903).—B. 1858; Govt. sec.'s office, Br. Guiana, July, 1874; sen. clk., 1883; ch. clk. and sec. to the quarantine bd., 1888; sec. to the royal coms. on admsr.-gen.'s dept. of Br. Guiana, 1882; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., 1899; compiled "Index to Laws of Br. Guiana," 1887 (2nd edition, 1891), also "Some Notes for Govt. Officers," 1894; asst. govt. sec., and clk. to ct. of policy and combined ct., 1889; also clk. of exec. coun., 1892; ag. govt. sec., in 1893, 1894, 1895, and 1898, with seat in exec. coun. and legislature; chmn. of comtee. on pensions, 1898; ag. audr.-gen. on several occasions; admsr. of St. Kitts and Nevis, 1899-1904; ag. gov., Leeward Is., July to Oct., 1903, and May to Sept., 1904; govt. sec. and ag. gov., B. Guiana, Sept., 1904; Apl. to Oct., 1906; Apl. to Oct., 1909, and Aug., 1911 to Apl., 1912.

COX, N. B.—Imp. customs serv., Feb., 1906; asst. to chief of customs, E. Africa Prot., Nov., 1911; dep. chief of customs, Apl., 1914; ch. of customs, Zanzibar, Feb., 1919; treasr., Nov., 1922.

COX, MAJOR-GEN. SIR PERCY ZACHARIAH, G.C.M.G. (1922), G.C.I.E. (1917), K.C.S.I. (1915), K.C.M.G. (1920), K.C.I.E. (1911), C.S.I. (1909), C.I.E. (1902), F.R.G.S., F.Z.S.—B. 1864; ed. Harrow and Sandhurst; joined army 1884; served with 2nd batt. Camerons till 1889; joined Indian Staff Corps, 1889; Indian polit. dep., 1890; vice-consul, Zaila, Somali Coast, 1893; Berbera, 1894-5; consul and polit. agt., Muscat, 1899-1904; consul-gen., Bushire, 1904; polit. res., Persian Gulf, 1909; sec., foreign dept. govt. of India, 1914; ch. polit. offr., Indian Expedy. Force "D,"

1914; ment. in desps., 1916; ag. British min. to Persia, 1919-20; high comsnr., Mesopotamia, 1920, ret., 1923.

COX, WILFRED BERNARD.—B. 1895; ed. Denstone Coll., Staffs.; col. audit dept., May, 1920; asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, July, 1920.

CRAGG, WILLIAM GILLIAT, D.S.O. (1918), Major, R. of O. Loyal Regt.—B. 1883; ed. Shrewsbury and R.M.C., Sandhurst; asst. dist. offr., N. Nigeria, 25th Aug., 1920.

CRAIG, ERNEST DUNCAN, M.A., B.Sc., F.Z.S.—B. 1888; ed. Aberdeen Univ. and at Exeter Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt. educa. dept., N. Nigeria, 17th Jan., 1920.

CRAIG, GEORGE, C.M.G. (1928), LL.M. (N.Z.)—B. 1873; ed. Otago Boys' High Schl. and Victoria Univ. Coll., N.Z.; ent. N.Z. cust. dept., 1891; ch. clk., 1910; asst. comptr., 1913; comptr., 1923.

CRAIG, JOHN.—B. 1871; educ. at Glasgow and Glasgow Univ.; trained certif. teacher; principal, Boshof pub. sch., O.R.C., 1906; inspr. of schls., O.R.C., July, 1909.

CRAIG, JOHN.—B. 1884; ed. at Aberdeen Univ.; M.A., 1st cl. hons., Classics; univ. prize in Latin, 1906; and at Christ Church, Oxford; B.A., 2nd cls. hons., lit. hum., 1909; after exam., examr., E. and A. dept., 5th Jan., 1909; asst. auditor, S. Nigeria, May, 1909; temporarily transfd. to N. Nigeria, Aug., 1909; ag. local auditor, N. Nigeria, Nov.-Dec., 1909; joined col. audit dept., Jan., 1910; auditor, Br. Honduras, Nov., 1912; priv. sec. to gov., Sir W. Collett, K.C.M.G., Nov., 1914; priv. sec. and A.D.C. to ag. gov. R. Walter, C.M.G., gov. W. Hart-Bennett, C.M.G., and gov. Eyre-Hutson, C.M.G., 1915-19; lieut., B. Honduras Territorial Force; audr., Mauritius, Apr., 1920; col. audit dept., 1st Apr., 1924.

CRAIG, WM.—Supt. of mails, G.P.O., Singapore; ag. supt. money order branch and savings bank, Oct., 1903, to June, 1905; ag. asst. P.M.G., Singapore, Mar., 1907; supt., money order branch and govt. savings bank, Singapore, Feb., 1908; ag. asst. postmr.-gen., Singapore, June, 1909; asst. postmr.-gen., Singapore, Jan., 1912; ag. postmr.-gen. in addition, Apr., 1918; ag. postmr.-gen., June, 1919.

CRAIG-McFEELY, J. J.—B. 1891; ed. Catholic Univ. Schl. (Dublin), St. Francis Xavier's (Liverpool) and Stonyhurst Colls., Univ. of Liverpool; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, Jan., 1923; on mil. serv., Aug., 1914 to Dec., 1919; 2nd lieut., Kent Cyclist Batt. (T.F.), Aug., 1915; seconded for duty with M.G.C., Nov., 1916 to Dec., 1919; lieut. (ag. capt.), B.E.F., Mar. to Oct., 1917; asst. dist. offr. and mag., Nigeria (S. Provs.), 1920-21; asst. res. and mag., Nyasaland Prot., Apr., 1923 to July, 1926; dep. land offr., Tanganyika Territory, July, 1926.

CRAIGIE-HALKETT, MONTAGU C.—Ag. priv. sec. to gov. Falkland Islds., Mar., 1897; writer, col. sec.'s off., Apr., 1897; priv. sec. to admsnr., Apr., 1897; clk., col. sec.'s off., Oct., 1897; ag. priv. sec. to gov., Nov., 1898; treasr. clk., 1899; ag. postmr., manager of savings bank, offr. administering intestate estates, as well as performing duties of regisr. sup. ct., shipping master, and clk. to coun., Mar., 1908, to Apr., 1910; ag. auditor and comsnr. of currency on various occasions; ag. stip. mag., Oct., 1909; J.P., Nov., 1909; postmaster, manager of savings

bank, registrar-gen., and registrar of supreme ct., and off. admstr., 1911; ag. M.L.C., Feb. to Sept., 1911; supt. of census, 1911.

CRAMPTON, DUDLEY RUSSELL.—Ed. at Aldenham Schl., Elstree, and in Germany and Switzerland; asst. collr., E. Africa Prot., 24th May, 1904; dist. comsnr., 1909.

CRANSTON, T. D.—M.A. (Glasgow); asst. mast., training instn. for teachers, Acora, G. Coast, 17th Apr., 1912; asst. censor, in addn., 2nd Mar., 1915 to 27th Jan., 1916; ag. qrtmr., Gold Coast Volunteers, 25th Nov., 1916; lieut., ditto, 21st Apr., 1917; ag. prin., Acora Training Coll. on several occasions between 1917 and 1925; ag. prov. inspr., schls., Apr., 1926.

CRAREY, WILLIAM RAYMOND DUNSTAN, B.Sc. (Engl.).—B. 1900; ed. Gresham's Schl., Holt and London Univ.; asst. engr., P.W.D., Zanzibar, 1st Apr., 1920; asst. engr. in charge, P.W.D., Pemba, 24th Aug., 1927.

CRAWFORD, JOHN GERALD.—B. 1894; ed. King's schl., Chester and Merton Coll., Oxford; M.A., 1920; 2nd lieut., Cheshire Regt., T.F., Aug., 1914; lieut., Nov., 1915; capt., June, 1916; cadet, F.M.S., Mar., 1921; attd. to dist. office, Kuala Selangor, Apr., 1921; attd. to office of conserv. of forests, Jan., 1922; passed cadet, Feb., 1923; supernmy. offr., cls. V., Feb., 1922; asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Nov., 1923; 2nd lieut., M.V.I., Dec., 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kroh, May, 1924; offr., cls. IV, Feb., 1926; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Dec., 1926; dist. offr., Ulu Langat, June, 1927.

CREAN, B. A.—Barrister-at-law; dep. registrar of titles, Kenya, Oct., 1920; res. mag., Apr., 1921.

CREASY, GERALD HALLEN.—B. 1897; ed. Rugby; schol., King's Coll., Camb., 1915; 2nd lieut., R.G.A., Nov., 1916; lieut., May, 1918; capt. and adjutant, Nov., 1918; apptd. under reconstruction scheme asst. prin., C.O., 26th July, 1920; pvte. sec. to parl. under sec. for dominion affrs., 6th Aug., 1925; dep. sec., C.O. confce., 1927.

CREASY, HAROLD THOMAS, C.B.E. (1927), M.Inst.C.E., A.M.I.Mech.E.—B. 1873; dist. engr., P.W.D., Colombo, 1897; Dandagamawa, 1908; ag. provl. engr., N.C. Prov., 1909; confirmed in apptmt. as provl. engr., 1910; asst. dir. of pub. wks., 1913; ag. depty., D.P.W., 1913-15, and again in 1916; depty. D.P.W., 1917; ag. D.P.W., 1921 and 1923; D.P.W., Hong Kong, 1923.

CREED, HENRY.—B. 1871; apptd., after exam., 3rd class messenger in C.O., July, 1900; 2nd class, 1st Feb., 1904; King's mess., 30th Jan., 1911; office keeper, 1924.

CREMER, ARTHUR STANLEY.—B. 1886; ed. Durham schl.; col. audit dept., 23rd Jan., 1911; asst. audr., G. Coast, 1911-13; asst. audr., Nyassaland, 1913-16; asst. audr., Uganda, 1916-18; asst. audr., provisional admstr., G.E.A., 1918-19; senr. asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Oct., 1919; audr., Mauritius, 8th July, 1924.

CREMER, JOHN AWDRY.—B. 1881; B.A. (Oxon.), 1903; clk., col. audit branch, E. and A.D., 1903; asst. auditor, Lagos, 1905; asst. auditor, Nyassaland, 1908; 2nd cls. clk., cent. office, 1913; auditor, Nyassaland, 1914; audr., Cyprus, Aug., 1925.

CRESSALL, PAUL EWART FRANCIS, M.C.—B. 1893; ed. Cranleigh Schl.; ent. civ. serv., B. Guiana, 1911; cler. asst., secretariat and sub-inspr., B. Guiana pol., 1912; ag. dist. inspr., 1914-15; 2nd lieut., B. Guiana Militia Infy.,

1914; served in B.W.I. Regt. as capt., E. Africa and Palestine, 1918-19; dist. inspr., B. Guiana pol., 1920; ag. county inspr., 1920; passed final law exam., 1921; capt., B. Guiana local forces, 1922; ag. staff offr., B. Guiana local forces, 1922; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1923; county inspr., pol., 1923; stip. mag., Apr., 1924; ag. stip. mag., Georgetown, Aug., 1924 to Dec., 1924 and July to Dec., 1926; chmn., comn. of enquiry into Onderneeming industrial schl., Sept., 1925; ag. chmn., soldiers' pensions bd., 1925; chmn., ditto, Nov., 1926.

CRESWELL, COL. THE HON. FREDERIC HUGH PAGE, D.S.O.—B. 1866; ed. Bruce Castle, Derby Schl., and R. Schl. of Mines (grad. 1st cls.); arrived in S. Africa, May, 1893; mining in Rhodesia, 1893-94; man., Durban Roodepoort Deep Mine, 1895-99; served in Imp. Light Horse during Anglo-Boer war; man., Village Main Reef, 1902-03; supported agitation for expulsion of Chinese labour; elec. to first Union parlt., 1910, and led Labour Party; 2nd in commd., Rand Rifles, S. W. Africa, 1914; 2nd in commd., subsequently comdng., 8th S.A. Infy. Brig., German E. Africa campaign; defeated in 1921 elec. but ret'd. at by-elec., July, 1922; min. of defence and labour, Hertzog cabinet, 30th June, 1924; min. of defence, 12th Nov., 1925.

CRESWELL, REAR-ADMIRAL SIR WILLIAM ROOKE, K.C.M.G. (1911), K.B.E. (1919), C.M.G. (1897).—Joined R.N., Dec., 1865; lieut., 1873, for service in action at Laroot River (wounded); engaged in suppression of slave trade on African coast, 1875-7; ret. from Navy, 1878; apptd. to S. Australian naval force, 1885; comdr., 1891; post. capt., 1895; naval comdt., 1893-1900; commanded H.M.C.S. "Protector" to China during Boxer outbreak, 1900; naval comdt. of Queensland, 1900-4; dir. of commonwealth naval forces, 1904; attended Imp. Conf. on naval and mil. defence, 1909; rear-admiral, 1911; retired, 1919.

CREWE, 1ST MARQUESS OF (or. 1911); ROBERT OFFLEY ASHBURTON CREWE-MILNES, K.G., P.C., M.A., F.S.A.—B. 1858; Baron Houghton of Great Houghton in the county of York, 1863; Earl of Crewe (or. 1895); Earl of Madeley (or. 1911); ed. at Harrow and Trin. Coll., Camb.; asst. priv. sec. to sec. for foreign affairs (Earl Granville), 1883-84; lord-in-waiting to Queen Victoria, 1886; lord-lieut. of Ireland, 1892-96; lord pres. of the coun., 1905-08; S. of S. for the Colonies, Apr., 1908; Lord Privy Seal (in conjunction with Secretaryship of State), 1908; S. of S. for India, 1910-15; accompanied H.M. King George V. on the occasion of the Royal visit to India, 1911; lord pres. of the coun., 1915.

CREWE, BRIG.-GEN. THE HON. SIR CHAS. PRESTON, K.C.M.G. (1915), C.B. (1900).—B. 1855; served in Cape M.R., 1878-81; M.L.A. for E. Griqualand, 1899; M.L.A. for Aliwal North and col. sec., Feb., 1904, to June, 1907; sec. for agric., June, 1907; raised and was major commanding Border Horse Regt., 1900; promoted to lieut.-col., May, 1900; colonel, 1901; in command of western div. of Cape, Nov., 1901, to termination of hostilities; ret. from Cape Colony forces, 31st Dec., 1902; sec. for agric., June, 1907, to Feb., 1908; M.L.A., East London, 1908; mem. for East London in Union parlt., 1910 to 1918.

CREWE-READ, E. C.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 5th Jan., 1907; dist. comsnr., Apl., 1913; senr. comsnr. (2nd cls.), Jan., 1925.

CRICHLAW, NATHANIEL.—M.B., Ch.B.; med. offr., Solomon Islands, Oct., 1914.

CRICHTON, REGINALD, M.A.—B. 1877; educ. privately and at Univ. Coll., Oxford; cadet,

Perak, F.M.S., Nov., 1900; passed in Malay, May, 1902; passed in law, Oct., 1902; ag. asst. dist. mag., Kuala Kangsar, 30th May, 1901; ditto, Bruas, 23rd Oct., 1902; ag. asst. dist. off., Gopeng, 21st Feb., 1903; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, 16th Sept., 1904; ag. asst. registr., sup. ct., Ipoh, 16th Mar., 1906; dist. treas., Raub, 1st Aug., 1906; state treas., Pahang, 1st July, 1907; ag. registr., sup. ct., 29th Jan., 1908 to 31st Oct., 1911; dist. off., Kuantan, 24th Mar., 1908; asst. dist. off., Kuantan, 5th June, 1908; ag. registr. of sup. ct., 25th Nov., 1911; off. of cls. IV., 1st Jan., 1912; asst. adviser to govt. of Johore at Muar (seconded), 25th Apl., 1913; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., S. Stthmts., 9th Feb., 1915; off. of cls. III., 1st Jan., 1918; cls. II., 1st Jan., 1919; dist. off., Kuala Kangsar, 7th Mar., 1920; dist. off., Larut and Matang, 23rd June, 1923; dist. off., Kuala Kangsar, 11th July, 1923; ag. dist. off., Klang, cls. I. B., 21st Oct., 1925; ag. comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., cls. I.A., 12th Apr., 1926; ag. res. councillor, Malacca, cls. I., 27th Mar., 1927.

CRITIEN, ARTILLO, O.B.E. (1927), M.B.E. (1919), M.A., M.D., Malta Univ., D.P.H., D.T.M. (Liverpool), 1906.—B. 1872; demonstr., sch. of anatomy, 1899 to 1901; civil surgeon attchd. R.A.M.C., 1901 to 1904; med. off. of hlth., Malta, 1906 to 1917; chf. govt. med. off. and supt. of pub. hlth., with seat in exec. coun. and coun. of govt., 1917-21.

CROFTON, RICHARD HAYES.—B. 1880; ed. St. John's Coll., Camb.; B.A. class. tripos, 1901; fellow, Royal Economic Socy.; assoc., Town Planning Inst.; clk., col. audit branch, E. and A. dept., 1st July, 1901; clk., audit dept., Hong Kong, 25th Aug., 1903; ag. local auditor, 14th Feb. to 22nd Dec., 1904; ch. clk., col. sec.'s off., 11th Mar., 1905; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., for periods in 1907, 1911, 1912, 1913; asst. chief sec., Zanzibar, 6th Feb., 1914; ag. chief sec. for various periods, 1914-18, 1922-24 and 1926-28; ag. sec., admstrn., Tanganyika Terry., Dec., 1919 to Mar., 1920; ag. treas., Zanzibar, for various periods, 1920-22; ch. sec., 31st Jan., 1928; mem., educn. comsnn., 1920; chmn., comsnn. on agr., 1923; chmn., museum comtee., 1924; publications "Statistics of the Zanzibar Prot., 1893-1920," "Adventures in Administration."

CROOK, ALFRED H., B.A.—Ed. at Wesley Coll., Dublin; honorman and gold metallist, Trin. Coll., Dublin; M.A., 1905; F.R.G.S.; asst. mast., Wesley Coll., Dublin; junr. asst. mast., Queen's Coll., Hong Kong, 1902; sen. asst., 1908; lecturer in biology, Hong Kong Coll. of Med., 1903-1912; ag. 2nd mast., 1914 to 1915; ag. headmast., 1915; headmast., Yaumati govt. sch., 1917; Queen's Coll., Mar., 1926.

CROSBIE, HON. SIR JOHN C., K.B.E. (1919).—M.H.A., Bay de Verde dist., Newfoundland, 1908; M.E.C., 1909; mem. defence comtee., 1915; chmn., tonnage comtee., 1917; min. of militia, 1917; min. of shipping, 1918.

CROSBIE, ROBERT EDWARD HAROLD, O.B.E. (1927).—B. 1886; ed. Cheltenham and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge (schol.); B.A. (class. tripos, hon. cls. II), 1908; Egyptian civ. serv., 1910-19; seconded for mil. serv. with E.E.F., 1915; apptd. to O.E.T.A. (S.), 1918; dep. mil. gov., Brisbane, 1919; dep. mil. gov., Tiberias, 1920; dep. dist. gov., Jenin, 1920; asst. g.v. (continuing as asst. dist. comsnnr.), S. dist., 1922; passed advanced Arabic exam., 1924.

CRUTCHLEY, ERNEST TRISTRAM, C.B.E. (civ.), 1926, O.B.E. (mily.), 1918.—B. 1878;

lieut.-col., R.E., T.F. Res.; asst. survr., G.P.O., 1908; dep. dir., Army Postal serv. (T.F.), 1914-19; staff off., grade I, miny. of transport, 1919; ag. prin., ch. sec.'s office, Dublin, 1921; Irish office and mem., Irish grants comtee., 1922; C.O., 1923; ag. finance off., overseas settlement dept., 1925.

CUBITT, GEORGE EATON STANNARD.—B. 1874; ed. Ipswich Schl. and Royal Indian Engng. Coll., Cooper's Hill; asst. consr., Indian forest serv., Burma, 4th Dec., 1896; dep. consr., 29th Nov., 1902; asst. insp.-gen., forests, Simla, 1st Aug., 1912; on deputation to S.S. and F.M.S. as consr., forests, 1st Apr., 1915; ret. from Ind. serv. and confirmed as consr., forests, S.S. and F.M.S., 1st Apr., 1920; on tour to Canada representing Malaya at Br. Empire Forestry Confee., June to Oct., 1923; mem., selection bd. for forestry probationers, June, 1925.

CUFF, CYRIL CHARLES HERBERT, M.B., B.S. (Durham), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), F.R.C.S. (Edin).—B. 1888; lieut., R.N.V.R., 1914; passed Bd. of Trade exam. for master, 1916; transf. to R.A.M.C., 1918; res. surg. and bacteriologist, St. Lucia, 1921-23; resigned; re-ent. col. serv. and apptd. to Seychelles as sen. asst. med. off., res. surg. and visiting mag., outlying islds., 1924; ag. ch. med. off., June to Nov., 1924; dist. med. off., Cyprus, Apr., 1926.

CULLEN, HON. SIR WM. PORTUS, K.C.M.G. (1912), K.T. BACH. (1911), K.C., M.A., LL.D.—Barrister-at-law; M.L.A., New South Wales, July, 1891; M.L.C., Aug., 1895; fellow of Senate of Sydney Univ. since 1896; vice-chancellor, 1908; resigned from legis. coun. and apptd. chief just. of N.S.W., Jan., 1910; lieut. gov., N.S.W., 30th Mar., 1910; ret., 1925; chancellor of Sydney Univ. from Sept. 1914.

CULEIGAN, HON. ARTHUR.—B. 1879; lumberman and farmer; elected to legis. assem., New Brunswick, 1912; min. without portfolio in Murray admstrn., 1917.

CULMER, J. J., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).—B. 1866; asst. surgeon, New Providence asylum, 1898; res. surg.-supt., ditto, 1905; res. surg., gen., Bahamas, 1911; M.H.A., Bahamas, 1911-18; ag. ch. med. off. for various periods between 1911 and 1923; lieut., Bahamas Vol. Defence Force, 1917; mem., bd. of comsnnr., Bahamas gen. hosp., 1918; mem., venereal diseases comsnn., 1918; sp. certif. roentgenology, New York post grad. hosp., 1919; mem., discharged soldiers comsnn., 1919; introduced X-rays in Bahamas, 1920; mem., bd. to examine med. and dental practitioners in the Bahamas, 1923; mem., B.M.A., 1924.

CULMER, J. S.—B. 1868; entd. Bahamas civ. serv., 1894; Out Island comsnnr. (3rd div.), 1909; (2nd div.), 1914.

CURLEWIS, HERBERT RAINE, B.A., LL.B.—Judge of industrial arbitr. ct., New S. Wales, from 1917.

CURLEWIS, JOHN STEPHEN, B.A., LL.B. (Cape).—Cape civ. serv., 1883-1888; advocate, sup. ct., Cape Colony, 12th Oct., 1887; advocate, high ct. (late S.A.R.), May, 1888; counsel for Imperial govt. in arbitr. with late S.A.R. re Asiatic question, 1895; ag. judge of high ct. (late S.A.R.), 15th Apr., 1899 to 31st Jan., 1900; pres. of crim. ct. for Witwatersrand, 2nd Nov., 1899 to 31st Jan., 1900; puisne judge, sup. ct., Transvaal, 1st Sept., 1903; puisne judge, sup. ct. of S. Africa (Transvaal Provl. Div.), 31st May, 1910; judge pres., July, 1924; judge of appeal, 1927.

CURRY, H. D.—B. 1893; ed. Dulwich coll.; served in Fiji, 1911-15; ag. 2nd cls. clk., C.S.O.,

1915; cadet, Solomon Islands, 1915; ag. dist. off., Gizo, 1915; on mil. serv., 1917-19; 2nd lieutenant, 1919; priv. sec. to gov. of B. Honduras, 1919; resumed duty Solomon Is., 1920; ag. dist. off., Shortlands, 1920; ag. sec., 1920; adminis. off., Tanganyika Territory, 9th Feb., 1923.

CUSACK, CAPT. HENRY VERNON (Res. of Offrs.).—B. 1895; ed. Aravon Schl. and Royal Coll. of Sci., Ireland; served in European War, Flanders and N. Russia, 1915-19; asst. auct., Sierra Leone, July, 1920; ag. auct., Oct.-Nov., 1921; asst. auct., Nigeria, Oct., 1922.

CUSCADEN, GEORGE PERCY.—B. 1883; ed. Conig Schl., Dublin; att'd. to Roy. Irish Constab., Nov., 1902 to Aug., 1903; ag. asst. supt., pol., S. Stittms., Dec., 1903; asst. comsnnr., pol., F.M.S., May, 1904; ag. dist. supt. of prisons, N. Sembilan, in addn. ch. pol. off., May-June, 1907; ag. adjt., pol. depot, Apr.-Aug., 1908; comsnnr., pol., Johore, and pub. pros. in addn., Apr., 1912, to Apr., 1913; comsnnr. of pol., Johore, 1st July, 1915; offr. commdg., Johore Vol. Rifles, Sept., 1915 to Aug., 1916; dep. comsnnr., pol., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1919; ditto, Selangor, July, 1920.

CUSSEN, SIR. LEO FINN BERNARD, KT. BACH. (1922).—B. 1859; judge of sup. ct., Victoria, since Mar., 1906.

CUSSEN, RICHARD CRICL.—B. 1887; B.A., Dublin; cadet, F.M.S., 1911; ag. dist. offr., Jebebu, 1912; ag. asst. collr., land rev., Seremban, 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., Lipis, 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, 1914; asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, 1915; asst. dist. offr., Kroh, 1916; asst. dist. offr., Raub, 1917 and 1920; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, 1918; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, 1919; mag., Seremban and asst. registrar, sup. ct., 1920; ag. dep. comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., 1923; ag. dep. pub. pros., Perak, Nov., 1923; ag. off. assignee and pub. trustee, F.M.S., July, 1925; ag. dep. legal adviser, F.M.S., in addn., Jan., 1926; ag. dep. legal adviser, F.M.S., Aug., 1927.

CUTFIELD, A. J.—Cadet, Sarawak civ. serv., Dec., 1904; asst. res., Jan., 1907; 2nd cls. res., June, 1908; resig., Dec., 1908; asst. dist. comsnnr., G. Coast, 3rd Aug., 1910; att'd., col. sec's office, 1912-13; dist. comsnnr., Ashanti, 27th Jan., 1915; ag. prov. comsnnr., S. Prov., Ashanti, 22nd June to 22nd Aug., 1916; dist. comsnnr., N. Territories, 9th March, 1917 to 18th Jan., 1920; senr. asst. col. sec., 20th Nov., 1920; clk. of couns., 6th Feb., 1921; ag. ch. asst. col. sec., 1st Feb. to 10th Mar., 1921; dep. prov. comsnnr., N. Territories, 1921; prov. comsnnr., 1927.

CUTHBERT, MORTON.—Ed. Edin. Institn. and Glasgow and West of Scot. Tech. Coll.; apprent. engr. to Messrs. Dick, Kerr and Co., Ltd., London, 1895; electr. with Glasgow corptn. elec. dept., 1899; asst. engr. Govan corptn. elec. dept., 1901; chief asst. engr., Oban corptn. elec. dept., 1904; electr. engr., B. Honduras, 1905; exec. and electr. engr., P.W.D., B. Honduras, 1909; lieut., B.H.T.F., 1917; ag. adjutant, B.H.T.F., Aug., 1917 to Jan., 1918; hon. A.D.C. to gov., B. Honduras, 1919.

CUTLER, THOMAS ROBERT.—B. 1870; entered civ. ser., Trinidad, 1st Jan., 1890; asst. collr. of customs, 16th Dec., 1909; collr. of cust., 1924.

CUTTERIDGE, J. O. A.C.P., F.R.G.S.—B. 1887; ed. Borough Road Coll., Isleworth, London, 1906-08; teacher's certif. (with 4 distinctions) Bd. of Educn., Lond.; A.C.T. cert., Bd. of Educn., Lond.; staff-capt., H.M. Forces; inspr., Q.M.G. services; maths. and drawing master, Junr. Tech. Schl., Liverpool, 1919; prin.,

govt. training coll., Trinidad, Jan., 1921; mem. Inter-Col. Educn. Confee, 1921; mem. bd. indust. training; supt., tech. classes, 1922; ag. senr. inspr. schls., Feb., 1923; senr. inspr. schls., Trinidad, 1st July, 1923; ag. dir., educn., July 1925 to Mar., 1926; asst. dir., educn. and senr. inspr., schls., June, 1926.

CUZEN, ALLAN LECKIE.—Served in R.E. 1901-2; S. African War (medal and five clasps). Cape police, 1902-6; Bech. Prot. police, 1906-14; passed Cape civ. serv. lower law exam., 1914; 2nd clk. to asst. comsnnr., N. Dist., Bech. Prot., 1914; ag. asst. res. mag., ditto, 1915; passed 2nd grade Secwana exam., 1916; ag. res. mag., 1917; ag. asst. res. mag., 1919; res. mag., 1921.

DABNER, CHARLES J.—B. 1876; on mil. serv., France and Flanders, Sept., 1914 to Mar., 1919; clk., Army pay office, R. Engrs., Mar. to Oct., 1919; clk., Army pay office, command paymr., Overseas Bases, Oct., 1919 to July, 1922; cler. offr., C.O., 10th July, 1922.

DAKERS, COLIN HUGH, M.C.—B. 1897; ed., Manchester Gram. Schl. (class. side) till 1915; temp. 2nd lieut., 15th (S.) Bn. The Royal Scots, 10th Aug., 1915; went to France to 15th R.S., 16th June, 1916; sent to North Russia, Archangel Prov., with 2/10th Royal Scots, 16th Aug., 1918; att'd., 2nd Battn., The Royal Scots till disembodied with the rank of capt., 11th Oct., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., 20th Nov., 1920; passed final Chinese exam., Aug., 1923; ag. asst. prot. Chinese, Singapore, Sept., 1923; ditto, Perak, Oct., 1923; offr., cls. V., Nov., 1923; inspr., liquor shops, F.M.S., Sept., 1925; 2nd asst. dir., educn. (Chinese), S.S., Apr., 1926.

DALLARD, BRERLEY LIONEL.—B. 1889; ed. Rangiora High Schl. and Victoria Univ. Coll., N.Z.; ent. N.Z. govt. serv., 1907; stamp duties dept., 1907-13; audit office, 1913-18; advisory acctnt., bd. of trade, 1919-23; inspr., pub. serv. comsnnr.'s office, 1924-26; contr.-gen., prisons, 1926.

DALLIN, THOMAS.—Late lieut. 3rd Batt. Essex Regt.; served in S. African War (medal and two clasps); hon. 2nd lieut. in the army, 6th Oct., 1902; joined col. audit dept., 22nd Feb., 1904; examr., exchequer and audit dept., 1st July, 1906; asst. auditor, S. Nigeria, 6th Oct., 1906, to 15th Feb., 1910; reverted to ex. and audit dept., 16th Feb., 1910; asst. auditor, Hong Kong, 30th July, 1910; ag. auditor, 22nd July to 15th Sept., 1911, 22nd Aug. to 13th Nov., 1912, 1st June to 28th Oct., 1913, 5th June to 13th Sept., 1914; asst. cable censor, Aug.-Oct., 1914; on mil. serv., 7th Mar., 1915 to 13th July, 1916; ag. auct., 18th Aug., 1916 to 8th Dec., 1917; J.P., 1918; att'd. to finan. branch, W.O., Sept., 1918 to Mar., 1919; ag. auct. on various occasions in 1920, 1922, 1924, 1925, 1926 and 1927.

DALTON, LLEWELYN OTHSOLM.—B. 1879; ed. Marlborough and Trin. Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1900 (Hist. Tripos); M.A., 1905; called to the bar Gray's Inn, 1901; legal asst., land settm. bd., O.R.C., Oct., 1901; asst. res. mag. and J.P., June, 1902 to Nov., 1910; advoc., sup. ct., 1904; registrar, B. Guiana, Nov., 1910; judge advoc. local forces, 1914; ag. puisne judge, Nov., 1912 to Feb., 1913; Nov., 1914 to Jan., 1915; July, 1916, to June, 1917; July to Sept., 1918; Mar. to June, 1919; ag. solr.-gen., May to Aug., 1914; Sept., 1914 to Jan., 1915; ag. atty.-gen., Aug.-Sept., 1914; Feb.-Apr., 1918; ag. chief just., July-Sept., 1917; June-Oct., 1919; puisne judge, B. Guiana, June, 1919; puisne judge, Gold Coast, Feb., 1923; puisne judge, Ceylon, Mar.,

1925; and compiled and edited "Statutory Rules and Orders (B. Guiana)," to 1914, 2 vols.; editor, B. Guiana Law Reports, 9 vols.; an asst. editor "Burge on Colonial and Foreign Laws," 2nd edit., vol. iv.; compiled Digest of Case Law of British Guiana, 1910-1920; author of "Civil Law of British Guiana."

D A L Y, MAURICE DOMINIC.—B. 1875; ed. Downside Coll. and London Univ.; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1920; cadet, F.M.S., 1st Dec., 1898; passed in Malay and Siamese; passed cadet, May, 1901; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Oct., 1901; asst. dist. offr., Pekan, Mar., 1902; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, Sept., 1903; offr., cls. VI., Jan., 1903; cls. V., Jan., 1906; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, July, 1906; ag. mag., Seremban, July, 1907; ag. dist. offr., Raub, Sept., 1908; ag. mag., Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1911; offr., cls. IV., Feb., 1911; asst. sec. to ch. sec., cont. to act as mag., Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1911; ag. ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, June, 1913; ch. asst. dist. offr., cls. III., Kinta, Dec., 1913; dist. offr., Krian, Apr., 1918; dep. pub. pros., Perak, July, 1918; offr., cls. II., Jan., 1919; dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., Feb., 1919; ag. comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., as offr., cls. IA., Apr., 1921; supernum. offr., cls. I., grade B, July, 1922; legal adviser and judge, Kedah, Nov., 1922; ag. comsnnr., lands, F.M.S., May, 1926; comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., 1927.

DALZIEL, JOHN MC EWEN, M.B.C.M. (Edin.), 1895; M.D. (Edin.), 1903.—certif. in Trop. Diseases (Edin.), 1903; B.Sc. Pub. Health (Edin.) 1904; diploma Trop. Med. (Liverpool), 1904; F.L.S.; in China from 1895 to 1902; joined W.A.M.S., 14th Jan., 1905; sen. sanitary offr., G. Coast, 28th Dec., 1918; author of "A Hausa Botanical Vocabulary" (Fisher Unwin), 1916.

DANDRIA, HON. REV. ENRICO, B.L. Can., D.D., Ph.D.—B. 1892; ed. St. Paul's Inst., Valletta; matric. Malta Univ., 1906; B.L. Can., D.D., 1913; awarded govt. prize as first student of academical course; Ph.D., Gregorian Univ., Rome, 1915; teacher of philosophy and English lit. and prefect of studies in Archiepiscopal Seminary, Malta, 1916-19; elec. for 2nd divn. in Maltese parlmnt., Oct., 1921; min. for pub. instrn., 10th July, 1923; resigned, June, 1927; re-el. Aug., 1927.

DANDURAND, HON. RAOUL, K.C., LL.D.—B. 1861; advocate Q.C., 1897; Knight of Legion of Honour, 1891; offr., 1907; comdr., 1912; called to Senate of Can., 1898; min. without portfolio in King admstrn., 1921; govt. leader in Senate; pres., assembly, League of Nations, 1925.

DANIEL, REGINALD YOUNG, M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1894; on mily. serv., Sept., 1914; cadet, Ceylon, Oct., 1920; attd. to Galle Kacheheri, Oct., 1920; ag. office asst. to asst. govt. agt., Matara, Sept., 1921; ag. pol. mag., Galle, Jan., 1922; ag. office asst. to asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, Mar., 1922; ditto to govt. agt., N. Prov., Nov., 1922; dist. judge, Anuradhapura, Dec., 1925; pol. mag., Kalutara, Dec., 1926.

DANIEL, ROWLAND MORTIMER, C.B.E. (1927).—B. 1873; ed. at St. Edmund's, Canterbury; 2nd lieu. Glam. Artill. Militia, 1893; certif. of Musk., Hythe; capt. and instr. of gunnery, 1898; sub. inspr., Bechuanaland Prot. divn., B.S.A. pol., 1898; inspr., 1901; served through the S. African war, 1899 to 1902, including the siege of Mafeking; mentd. in desps.; brig. signalling offr. and staff-capt., 1900-1901; asst. res. mag., Serowe, 1903;

asst. comsnnr. for Northern Dist. Bech. Prot., 1907; served through European War, 1914-18, mentd. in desp.; ag. govt. sec., Dec., 1920 to May, 1921; passed Cape civ. ser. lower law exam., 1907; passed 3rd grade, Sothwana language, 1911; on sp. duty, Ngamiland and Ghanzi, June to Sept., 1923; asst. res. comsnnr., Bech. Prot., 12th Nov., 1923; ag. res. comsnnr., 1926.

DARNLEY, E. R.—B. 1875; scholar of Trin. Coll., Camb., 1893; of Lond. Univ., 1897; B.A. (sixth wrangler) and B.Sc., 1897; M.A., 1923; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd class clk., C.O., 11th Oct., 1898; asst. priv. sec. to Earl of Elgin, Jan., 1907; sec. to finance comtee., Jan., 1908; 1st cls. clk., 30th June, 1909; ag. prin. clk., 4th Jan., 1919; sec., col. research comtee., 1919; prin. clk., 1st Jan., 1920; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920; chmn., "Discovery" comtee., 1923.

DARRELL, ARTHUR LLEWELLYN.—B. 1863; ed. at Harrison Coll., Barbados, and gram. schol. St. Vincent; asst. clk. to regiar., St. Vincent, 1900-01; also performed duties as clk. to mag., 1st dist. court; 3rd clk., treas., 1901-03; 2nd landing waiter, customs, 1903; ag. 1st landing waiter, 1903; acted as audit clk. on several occasions, 1904, 1905, 1906-08; ag. clk. to regiar., 1904; ag. trav. audit clk., Windward Is., 1909; 2nd clk. to govt. Windward Is. (Grenada), 1909.

DARROCH, MALCOLM STUART.—B. 1876; ed. Marlborough Coll.; ent. Crown Agents' office, 1899; asst. head of dept., 1902; dep. head, stores dept., 1927.

DAVENPORT, CAPT. C. T., B.A., (Oxon).—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, Jan., 1920.

DAVID, PAUL AUGUST FELIX, B.A., Oxon.—Cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1896; asst. dist. offr. and treas., Kuala Lumpur, Perak, Dec., 1900; 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Perak, Jan., 1903; dist. offr., Temerloh, Pahang, Mar., 1904; ditto, Christmas Is., May, 1907; ag. dep. regiar., Penang, May, 1909; 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, and ag. offi. assignee, Singapore, Feb., 1910; promoted to cls. III., May, 1911; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, June, 1912; ag. asst. col. sec., and clk. of couns., July, 1912; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, Sept., 1913; ag. offi. assignee, Singapore, Oct., 1913; ag. sec., high comsnnr., F.M.S., and priv. sec., Apr., 1914; ag. auditor-gen., July, 1914; censor, Singapore, Mar., 1915; ag. sec., high comsnnr., F.M.S., Mar. to May, 1917; war services recog. by sec. of state, Apr., 1918; ag. 2nd mag., May, 1918; ag. dist. judge, May, 1918; offg. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Mar., 1919; ag. dist. judge, June, 1919; ag. regiar. of companies and offi. assignee, Nov., 1920; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Singapore, 13th Mar., 1922.

DAVIDSON, EDWARD ERNEST.—B. 1878; extra clk., C.S.O., Ceylon, 16th July, 1898; inspr. of post offices, Jan., 1900; office asst. to dir. of public instruction, Jan., 1906; ag. inspr. of schls, Apr., 1911, and May, 1912; apptd. to cls. V. of civ. serv. Jan., 1913; ag. asst. dir. of educn., Apr., 1920; addnl. asst. dir. of educn., Oct., 1920; office asst. to dir., educn., Nov., 1922.

DAVIDSON, GERALD LARCOM DEAN.—B. 1898; on mily. serv., Sept., 1917; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1921; attd. Colombo kacheheri, Dec., 1921; attd., Badulla kacheheri, Jan., 1922; office asst., Ratnapura kach., Oct., 1924; ditto, Kurunegala kach., Oct., 1926; pol. mag. Gampola, Sept., 1927.

DAVIDSON, J. C.—B. 1876; ed. Robert Gordon's Coll., Aberdeen; inspr., weights and measures, Aberdeen Corporation; town amiser,

Johannesburg, Transvaal, 1903; supt. of assize, dept. of mines and industries, Union of S. Africa, 1923.

DAVIDSON, P.—Clk. treasury, Cape, Sept., 1888; asst. acctnt., Nov., 1903; ch. clk., income tax office, Aug., 1904; offr. i/o advances to co-operative societies, July, 1906; ch. assessor, income tax, Sept., 1908; dep. comsnr., income tax, July, 1910; asst. dir. of census, May, 1911; prin. clk., irrigtn. dept., Jan., 1912; dep. comsnr., income tax, Aug., 1914; inspr., inland rev. dept., Nov., 1916; reor. of rev., Durban, 1st Mar., 1921.

DAVIDSON-HOUSTON, LIEUT.-COL. WILFRED B., O.M.G. (1911).—Ed. at Corrighsahl, Ireland, and St. Edward's, Oxford; 2nd lieut. 5th Royal Dublin Fus., Jan., 1887; capt., 1892; major, 1902; lieut.-col., 1906; B.S.A. Co. pol., and asst. comsnr., Rhodesia, 1890-92; certificates, R.I.C. and Dublin met. pol., 1895; asst. inspr., G. Coast Constab. (Hauassa), Jan., 1894; inspr., Jan., 1898; capt., W.A.F.F., Jan., 1898; on spec. serv. Kwahu and Ashanti-Akim, Feb., 1894, to Mar., 1895; Ashanti expdn., 1895-6, commanded advanced guard, main column (hon. ment. in desps., star); spec. miss. to N.W. Ashanti, Feb. to May, 1896; with Hausa detach. in London, Jubilee, 1897 (medal); operations in N. T., G. Coast, 1897-8 (medal and clasp); ag. res., Ashanti, May, 1899, to Apr., 1900; Ashanti campaign, 1900 (medal and clasp); S. African War, 1901-2, staff offr., Warrenton (medal and 5 clasps); European war, 1914-18: Br. War and Victory medals; adjutant 5th Roy. Dub. Fus., 1902; comsnr. of Ashanti, 1902; ag. ch. comsnr. of Ashanti, Mar. to May, 1903; and from July, 1904, to Mar., 1906; comsnr. of Montserrat, 25th Apr., 1906; assumed govt., 4th May, 1906; mem. gen. leg. and federal exec. couns., Leeward Is., 1906; Leeward Is. deleg. to Impl. educn. confce., 1911; staff offr., colonial coronation contingent, 1911 (medal); deleg. to Canada—West Indies reciprocity confce. at Ottawa, 1912; D.A.Q.M.G., Central Force, 1915; Eastern command, 1916; headqrs., 1st Army, B.E.F., 1917; deputy controller of labour, France, 1918; admsr. and col. sec., St. Lucia, 27th Nov., 1918; assumed govt., 21st Dec., 1918; ag. gov., Windward Is., March, 1923 and from 2nd Nov., 1923 to May, 1924; ch. sec., Nyasaland, 1927.

DAVIES, D. E.—B. 1889; ed. at Llandoverly and Worcester Coll., Oxon.; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, Apl., 1915; junr. asst. col. sec., May-July, 1915; ag. dist. comsnr., Addah, July, 1915 to May, 1916; ag. dist. comsnr., Accra, Sep., 1916 to Sep., 1917.

DAVIES, EDWARD HAROLD.—B. 1895; on mil. serv., Aug., 1914; cadet, Ceylon, Oct., 1920; att'd. to Kandy Kachcheri, Nov., 1920; ag. pol. mag., Matara, Jan., 1922; ditto Panadura, May, 1922; office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Uva, Oct., 1922; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Feb., 1924; asst. dir., statistics, Mar., 1924; dep. fiscal, Colombo in addn., May, 1924; off. asst., Kandy kach.; Oct., 1925; asst. dir., statistics, Feb., 1927; ag. dir., ditto, Aug., 1927.

DAVIES, HENRY NOEL, O.B.E., M.Inst.T.—B. 1881; asst. audr., S. Indian rly., 1900-17; ag. dep. ch. audr., 1916-17; major, Ely. Corps, German E. Africa, 1917-19; ch. acct., Tanganyika rly., Apr., 1919.

DAVIES, RICHARD MORGAN.—B. 1892; on mil. serv., Dec., 1914; cadet, Ceylon, Sept., 1920; att'd. to Puttalam Kachcheri, Oct., 1920; ditto, Colombo Kach., June, 1921; Colombo Port

Coman., Oct., 1921; ag. office asst. to asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Jan., 1922; pol. mag., Matara, Feb., 1923; dep. rubber contr., May, 1924; asst. govt. agt., Batticaloa, Sept., 1925; ditto, Trincomalee, June, 1926; asst. stltmt. offr., Dec., 1926; asst. govt. agt., Kandy, Aug., 1927.

DAVIES, THEOPHILUS ALFRED.—Temp. clk., Sierra Leone, Jan., 1885; ag. asst. examng. offr. of cust., Lavana, 1889; tide waiter, June, 1892; ag. asst. examng. offr. of cust., and postmr., Mano Salija, Mar. to Nov., 1893; prev. offr.—Bassia, 1895; ditto, Kukuna, 1896; on special mission to open cust. station at Saioniya, Nov., 1896; prev. offr., Saioniya, 1896 to 1902; inspr. of health, Saioniya, Tambakka dist., 1900; offr. in charge of cust. and postmr., Kambia, 1902, and 1903; sub-collr. of cust., sub-acctnt., postmr. and money order clk., Mano Salija, July, 1903, to 1905; sen. warehouseman, Oct., 1905.

DAVIES, TUDOR THOMAS.—B. 1887; asst. govt. printer, Nyasaland Prot., 1916; ag. govt. printer and compt. stationery, May to July, 1917; July, 1919 to Mar., 1920 and Apr. to Dec., 1923; govt. printer, 15th Dec., 1923.

DAVIES, WILLIAM ALFORD NOEL.—B. 1883; ed. Monmouth Gram. Schl.; admitted solr. of sup. ct., England, Apr., 1906; private practice in England, 1906-1907; private practice in E. Africa, 1907-1908; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, Dec., 1908; passed lower standard Mem exam., June, 1911; ag. dist. comsnr., Dec., 1911, to June, 1912; ag. pol. mag., June to Dec., 1912; acted as crown prosecutor on several occasions; ag. dist. comsnr., 1913-14; master and registrar, sup. ct., S. Leone, July, 1914; curator of intestate estates, Oct., 1914; registrar, prize court, 1914; 2nd lieut., general list, Mar., 1916; mentioned in desps., 1916; attached S. Leone Batt., W.A.F.F., May, 1916; served in S. Leone, 1916-17; transf'd. to G. Coast Regt., 1917; served in Port. E. Africa, 1918; staff capt. with Col. Rose's column, Apr. to June, 1918; staff quartermr., 2nd W. African Service Brig., Oct., 1918; demob., Dec., 1918; resumed duties as registrar, sup. ct., Sierra Leone, May, 1919; registrar, sup. ct., S. Stlmts., 12th Oct., 1920.

DAVIS, CHAS. GRAY HOWICK.—B. 1871; Ent. col. ser. of Br. Guiana as asst. clk. audit office, Nov., 1887; 5th cl. clk., Apr., 1889; 4th Sept., 1889; 3rd Jan., 1894; sec. to comtee. of combined court on col. expenditure, 1893-4; 2nd cl. clk., Nov., 1896; ag. 1st cl. clk., 1895-6-7-8; ag. acct. to sup. ct., July, 1899, to Sept., 1900; 1st clk. and acct., post office, Sept., 1900; ag. chrmn., poor law comsrs., 9th to 20th Dec., 1906, 16th Mar., to 11th Dec., 1907, and from 10th July to 30th Sept., 1909; ch. clk., audit off., 4th Apr., 1910; ag. chrmn., poor law comsrs., 30th Apr. to 25th Aug., 1910; ag. auditor-gen., and chrmn., tender bd., for various periods, 1910-20; comsnr. of currency, 26th Oct., 1917 to 30th Mar., 1920; chrmn., excess profits bd., 27th Mar. to 31st Dec., 1919; chrmn., poor law coms., 27th Mar., 1919; dep. col. treas., 1st Jan., 1920; chrmn., bd. of examrs. for pub. auditors under companies' ordinance, 10th Apr., 1918 to 21st Mar., 1920; chrmn., soldiers' pension bd., 6th May, 1920; audr. gen. and chrmn., Jamaica tenders bd., 7th Oct., 1920; mem., standing selection comtee., Dec., 1920; mem., militia pensions and gratuities comtee., Dec., 1920; nominated mem., leg. coun., 25th Jan., 1921; mem., bd. of supervision, 3rd Aug., 1921; chrmn. of select comtee. on travelling allowances of govt. offrs., 1922.

DAVIS, SIR CHARLES THOMAS, K.C.M.G. (1923), C.M.G. (1915).—B. 1873; ed. Christ's Coll., Brecon, and Oxford; classical scholar, Balliol Coll., 1892-6; 1st class classical mods., 1894; Jenkyns exhibnr., 1896; 1st class lit. humn., 1896; apptd., after compet. exam., 1st cl. clk., acct.-gen's dept., admiralty, Oct. 5th, 1896; transf'd. to sec's dept., inland rev., Mar., 1897; 2nd cl. clk., col. office, Apr. 15th, 1897; went to Gibraltar as sec. to Rt. Hon. Sir C. R. Thompson on a mission to inquire into the currency question, May and June, 1898; sec. Pacif. cable comtee., 1900; priv. sec., to Sir M. Ommanney, June, 1902; 1st cl. clk., 1st Apr., 1905; principal clk., 4th June, 1916; senr. asst. sec. to Imperial Conference; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920; asst. under-sec. of state, 1st Dec., 1921; permnt. under-sec. of state for dominion affrs., 9th July, 1925.

DAVIS, NORMAN STEPHEN.—Second divn. clk., B. of T. and A.G.D., G.P.O., London; transf'd. as acctnt., G.P.O., Sierra Leone, Sept., 1913; attd. as lieut., W. Africa Regt., 1917; asst. P.M.G. and acctnt., 1915; ag. P.M.G. on four occasions, 1915-1923; P.M.G., 25th Apr., 1925.

DAVIS, STEUART SEENCER, C.M.G. (1919).—B. 1875; rev. offr., St. Kitts, 1893; 1st clk. treasury and cust., 1898; lieut., St. Kitts-Nevis def. force, 1898; ag. adjutant, 1899; attached to col. audit branch, E. and A. dept., July, 1901; acctnt., treasury, G. Coast, 1901; asst. treas., 1902; ag. treas., Oct., 1907; ch. asst. treas., Nov., 1908; ag. postmr.-gen., Feb. to Mar., 1909; ag. treas. and mem. exec. and legis. couns., mem. bd. of educn., Mar. to Dec., 1909; ag. P.M.G., Feb., 1910; ag. treas., Nov., 1910 to June, 1911; ag. P.M.G., Aug. and Sept., 1911; ag. treas., June to Dec., 1912, and on subsequent occasions; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1915; treasr., civil adminstn., German East Africa (occupied territory), Nov., 1916; treas., Tanganyika Territory, 1919; ag. sec. to admstr., June to Aug., 1919; dep. admstr., Mar.-Apr., 1920; treas., Palestine, May, 1922; chmn., economy comtee., 1922; ag. ch. sec., June to Sept., 1923, Dec., 1924 to Jan., 1925, Apr.-May and July to Aug., 1925; chmn., currency comtee., 1924; del. for Palestine at Constantinople in connec. with Ottoman pub. debt, Oct. to Nov., 1924; chmn., comsn. on finances of Orthodox Patriarchate of Jerusalem, Dec., 1925.

DAVIS, THOMAS ARTHUR WARREN.—B. 1899; ed. Haverfordwest and Keble Coll., Oxford; Indian army, 1917-22; asst. conservator of forests, Br. Guiana, 1925.

DAVSON, SIR CHARLES SIMON, KT. BACH. (1917), B.A., LL.D., K.C.—Ed. at Westminster and Trin. Hall, Camb.; called to the bar, Middle Tem., Jan., 1881; admitted to bar of Br. Guiana, 1882; acted as solr.-gen. on many occasions; stip. mag., 1888; solr.-gen., 1898; ag. atty.-gen., Nov., 1898, to Oct., 1899; again, Oct., 1900, to Apr., 1901, and on several other occasions; puisne judge, Mauritius, 1905; ch. just., Fiji, and ch. judicial comsnr., W. Pacific, 1914; ret., 1922.

DAVY, ERNEST WILLIAM.—B. 1881; ed. privately; asst. forester, B.C.A. Prot., 1906; ag. head forestry and bot. dept., Feb.-Sept., 1907; senr. agriculturist, Nyassaland, Apr., 1909; ag. ch. forestry offr., May-Nov., 1910, May-Dec., 1913 and May, 1916 to Feb., 1917; asst. dir. of agr., Nyassaland, Nov., 1920; ag. dir., agr., in 1924, 1925 and 1926.

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DAWE, A. J.—B. 1891; ed. Berkhamsted Schl. and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; scholar, 1910-1914; hon. mod. hist., 1914 (agrotat); B.A.; war service, 1914-18; staff, 1917; lieut., R.N.V.R. (R.N.D.); temp. appt. in C.O., Jan., 1918; apptd., under reconstruction scheme, 2nd cl. clk., C.O., June, 1919; asst. prin., 1st Apr., 1920; priv. sec. to Mr. Amery, 18th June, 1920; priv. sec. to Mr. E. F. L. Wood, 1921; prin., 1st Dec., 1921; dep. sec. to Imp. Economic Confce., 1923; visited Sierra Leone as sec. to comsn. of enquiry into affrs. of Freetown municipality, 1926.

DAWSON, ARTHUR HARRY GERALD.—B. 1876; asst. survr., Ceylon, 16th Dec., 1895; asst. supt., surveys, Sept., 1900; supt., surveys, 2nd grade, Jan., 1908; ditto, 1st grade, Aug., 1911; asst. survr.-gen., Nov., 1915; dep. survr.-gen., Dec., 1923; ag. survr.-gen. in 1926 and 1927.

DAWSON, CAPT. JAMES McLAREN, M.C., M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1887; ed. Glasgow High Schl., Glasgow Univ. and Glasgow Vety. Coll.; W.O., France, Italy, 1914-18; awarded M.C. and Belgian Croix de Guerre; ment. in despa.; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Oct., 1918; senr. vety. offr., Apr., 1923.

DAWSON, RALPH HERBERT, M. Inst. T.—B. 1876; ed. at Berkhamsted Schl.; dist. goods supt., Ceylon rlys., 23rd Sept., 1912; seconded for war serv., German E. Africa, 1916-19; dep. traffic man., 1919; traffic man., July, 1923; dep. gen. man., Gold Coast rly., 5th Aug., 1924; gen. man., 22nd Sept., 1926.

DAY, ALBERT HARRY.—Clk. B. of T. London, 1886-87; rlwy. dept., Cape Town, 1889; passed Cape civ. serv. exam., 1891; law exam., 1894; clk. and shorthand-writer, acctnt. gen's off., Cape Town, 1892; treasury, 1895; special duty, Kimberley, 1897; ag. priv. sec. to premier, Cape Colony, 1897; sec. harbour bd. confce., 1900; hon. sec. Lloyd's patriotic fund, Cape, 1900; prin. clk., treasury, and J.P., Cape, 1903; priv. sec., treasury, 1904; ch. clk., treasury, 1905; sec., ocean mail confce., 1907; recr. of rev., Cape Town, 1910; civ. comsnr., Cape, and regsr. of friendly societies, 1912; recr. of rev., Cape, 1916.

DAY, ALBERT CECIL, C.M.G. (1925), C.B.E., (1919).—Asst. priv. sec. to gov. of New Zealand, 1910-1912; offl. sec. to gov.-gen. of New Zealand since 1913.

DEAKIN, CHARLES SIDNEY, B.A.—B. 1897; ed. at Orme Schl., Newcastle-on-Tyne, Christ's Hosp. and Queen's Coll., Camb., schol., Hughes Eng. essay prize, 1st cl. mechan. trips, engnrg., 1923; research grant, bridge oscillations, 1923-24; junr., engnrg. dept., science and indust. research, bridge stress comsn., 1924-25; John Wimbolt prize, engin. research, 1925; R.A.S.C. (M.T.), 1916; Iraq, 1917; attd., polit. dept. as Q.M.S., Native Militia and hd. clk., Zubair, 1919; demob., 1920; asst. mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

DEAN, H. E.—S. African constab., 1902-07; asst., fencing dept., E.A.P., May, 1908; transport offr., Nairobi, 1908-11; office supt., P.W.D., B.E.A., 1911-16; acctnt., pub. wks. dept., 1916-21; ch. acctnt., P.W.D., Tanganyika Territory, 1921-25; ch. acctnt., P.W.D., Gold Coast, 1925.

DEANE, FREDERICK GUSTAVE WOODING.—B. 1870; ed. Harrison's Coll., Barbados and Aberdeen Univ.; L.R.C.S. (Edin.); L.R.C.P. (Edin.); L.F.P. & S. (Glasgow) 1894; F.R.C.S. (Edin.) 1902; res. surg., Barbados gen. hosp., 1896-98; visiting surg., gen. hosp., Barbados;

asst. port health offr., Barbados; served with R.A.M.C., 1915-19; col. surg., Falkland Islands, 1920.

DEANE, GEORGE CAMPBELL.—B. 1873; ed. at St. John's Coll., Oxford; M.A., Oxon (honours in jurisprudence); called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1898; practised at the bar, B. Guiana, 1898-1903; ditto, Trinidad, 1903-1910; stip. mag., Arima, Trinidad, 10th Sept., 1910; ag. S.J.P., Port of Spain, Trinidad, 30th May to 5th Dec., 1911, and from 28th May to 22nd Oct., 1912; stip. mag., Port of Spain, 1913; ag. puisne judge, June-Oct., 1914, 4th to 14th June, 1915, 25th June to 30th Sept., 1915, 26th May to 10th Nov., 1916, and from 4th to 8th Oct., 1917; twice apptd. comsnr. under ordee. 119; capt. and adjutant, Trinidad Light Horse; 2nd puisne judge, 6th Apr., 1920; ch. just., Leeward Is., 3rd Jan., 1923; puisne judge, S. Settlements. and judl. comsnr. F.M.S., 21st Nov., 1924.

DE BOISSIERE, ARNAULD.—B. 1872; ed. Beaumont Coll., Old Windsor; entd. customs dept., Trinidad, 1891; trooper, Light Horse, 1897; sub.-lieut., 1901; lieutenant, 1903; ag. chief of fire brigade, Mar., 1903; J.P. for Colony, and inspr. of Indian immigrants, 1904; capt., Trinidad Light Horse, Aug., 1914; protector of Indian immigrants; formed a new corps, Trinidad M. I.; apptd. major in command and mentioned for services rendered; attended confce. on Indian Immigrants, London, 10th May, 1917; major comdg. 8th Batt., B.W.I. Regt. in Belgium, Aug., 1917; evacuated gassed, Oct., 1917; returned to regt. in Italy, 1918; lieu.-col., 21st Aug., 1917; ment. in desps.; dir., lab. exchanges, 1st Nov., 1920; warden, county of St. George, July, 1927.

DE BOLTZ, W. H.—Apptd. to organise govt. press, Uganda Prot., 22nd March, 1900; govt. printer, Nov., 1903; comptroller of stationery and man. of "Official Gazette," 1908; sec., Uganda volunteer reserve, 1908-1911; govt. printer, Nigeria, 17th June, 1914.

DEBRUYN, DIRK CORNELIUS.—B. 1886; ed. at Venterstad, Paarl and Stellenbosch; B.A.; vice-principal, pub. schl., Roshof, Jan., 1908; principal, ditto, 20th July, 1909; inspr. of schls., O.F.S., 1st July, 1912.

DE CHAIR, VICE-ADMIRAL SIR DUDLEY RAWSON STRATFORD, K.C.B. (1916), M.V.O. (1908).—B. 1864; mid. of the "Alexandra," at bombardment of Alexandria, 1882; landed with naval brig., naval attaché to courts of the Maritime Powers, 1902; and to N. and S. America, 1903-4; A.D.C. to the King, 1911-12; naval sec. to 1st lord of the admty., 1912-14; admil. of training service, 1914; comdg. tenth cruiser squadron, 1914-16; naval adviser to F.O., 1916; vice-adml. comdg. battle squadron, 1917-18; vice-adml., 1917; admil. comdg. coast guard and reserve, 1919; gov., New S. Wales, 20th Oct., 1923.

DECK, S. F.—Asst. dist. comsnr. E.A.P., 23rd Aug., 1907; dist. comsnr., May, 1913; offr. in charge, Northern Frontier Dist., 1914-15; prin. inspr. of labour, Dec., 1920; supt., native lab., Kenya and Uganda Rly., Oct., 1925.

DE COLOGAN, ARTHUR THOMAS BERNARDO.—Asst. dist. comsnr. Somaliland Prot., July, 1914.

DEERR, GEORGE HENRY, M.A. Cantab.—B. 1868; ed. Coventry and Selwyn Coll., Cambridge; 3rd cls. class. tripos, 1890; inspr., schls., Jamaica, 1902; mem., bd. of educn., 1917; asst. dir., educn., 1919; ag. dir., educn., 1920 and 1923.

DE FREITAS, SIR ANTHONY, KT. BACH. (1927), O.B.E. (1918), B.A. (Clare Coll., Camb.).—

B. 1869; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn; ag. chief just., St. Vincent, May-Oct., 1904; stip. mag., 1st Dist., St. Lucia, Oct., 1904; ag. atty.-gen., St. Lucia, July, 1906; atty.-gen., St. Lucia, Apl., 1907; chief just., St. Vincent, May, 1915; chief just., St. Lucia, Sept., 1919; ag. admnstr., St. Vincent, 1909, 1915, and Mar., 1917, to Dec., 1918; ag. col. sec., St. Lucia, on seven occasions; ag. admnstr., St. Lucia, on 15 occasions, including July, 1914, to May, 1915; puisne judge, Jamaica, Aug., 1921; ag. ch. just., Jamaica, July, 1923 to Sept., 1923 and Jan., 1925 to Feb., 1926; ch. just., Br. Guiana, Feb., 1927.

DE FREITAS, JULIAN MIGNON, O.B.E.—B. 1889; ed. St. Augustine Coll., Ramsgate, Haileybury Coll., and Clare Coll., Cambridge; B.A., LL.B., 1912; called to the bar, 1921; asst. mag., St. George West, Trinidad, 1924; pol. mag. and inspr., schls., Gambia, 8th Sept., 1926.

DE GLANVILLE, BERTHA GEORGE.—B. 1886; ed. Merchant Taylors' sch., Crosby, and Worcester coll., Oxford; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1906; asst. col. of cust. and pol. mag., Trincomalee, Dec., 1909; pol. mag., Matale, June, 1911; ag. additional comsnr. of requests and addtl. pol. mag., Kurunegala, Aug., 1911; office asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., Oct., 1911; pol. mag., Panadura, Nov., 1911; asst. settmt. offr., Feb., 1912; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Mar., 1912; seconded for serv. under the excise comsnr., June, 1912; ag. comsnr. of excise, N. Divn., Jan., 1913; addtl. dist. judge and pol. mag., Ratnapura, June, 1915; ditto, Kegalla, June, 1915; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, May, 1916; asst. govt. agt., Mannar, July, 1917; ag. chmn., mun. coun., Colombo, Nov., 1920; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, Sept., 1921; dep. collr., cust., Aug., 1922; ag. prin. collr., cust., Oct.-Nov., 1922 and Dec., 1924 to Jan., 1925; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Mar., 1926; ag. govt. agt., E. Prov., June, 1926; ag. prin. collr., cust. and food contr., Mar., 1927; dir., elec. undertakings, July, 1927.

DE GLANVILLE, R. J. A. P. G.—B. 1886; called to the bar, Bahamas, 1914; notary pub., 1914; priv. sec. to H.E. Wm. Hart Bennett, Esq., C.M.G., admnstr. of Bahamas, 1909; also to H.E. Sir W. Grey-Wilson, K.C.M.G., gov., 1912; ag. coroner for New Providence, 1911 and 1913; confirmed, 1914; 2nd clk., H. of A., 1912; chief clk., 1913; ag. registrar, sup. ct. from 1913; ag. stip. and circuit mag. on various occasions, 1921-23; ag. atty.-gen., 8th Aug. to 3rd Dec., 1922; ag. atty.-gen., advoc. gen. and admy. advoc., contr., local clearing office and temp. mem., exec. coun. on various occasions in 1923, 1924 and 1925; registrar., 23rd Apr., 1923.

DE HART, JOHN.—B. 1889; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Wadham Coll., Oxford (exhibar.); 2nd cls. hons. mods. (classics); 3rd cls. lit. hum.; M.A., 1923; asst. col. sec., Sierra Leone, 26th Mar., 1913; called to bar, 17th Nov., 1919; ag. dist. comsnr., Jan. 1920; dist. comsnr., 26th May, 1920; senr. crown coun., 1921; ag. solr.-gen. from Feb., 1922; solr.-gen., Gold Coast, 1927.

DE HAVILLAND, THOMAS LITTLETON, C.M.G., D.S.O.—B. 1874; ed. Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey and R. Naval Schl., London; Bechuana-land campaign, 1897; Anglo-Boer war, 1899-1902; France and Belgium, 1916-19; serjeant-at-arms, H. of A., Union of S. Africa.

DE JAGER, SAMUEL JACOBUS, K.C., B.A., LL.B., Camb.—B. 1879; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., 1902; admitted advocate, O.R.C., 1903; atty.-gen., O.F.S., 1911.

DE KOCK, MICHEL HENDRIK, B.A. (Cape), M.A. and Ph.D. (Harvard).—B. 1898; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch and Harvard Univ., U.S.A.; sen. lecturer, economics, Univ. of Cape Town, 1923-24; mem., bd. of trade and industries, Union of S. Africa, Oct., 1924; author of "Finance of the Union of South Africa," "Government Ownership in South Africa," and "Economic History of South Africa."

DE LA HARPE, PETER HENRY.—B. 1877; apptd. to cls. V., Ceylon civ. serv., June, 1923; extra off. asst., Galle Kach., June, 1923.

DE LA MOTHE, HUGO DOMINIQUE.—B. 1890; ed. Rossall Schl. and Corpus Christi Coll., Camb.; 2nd cls., hist. trip., 1912; B.A., 1912; W. Africa civ. serv., 27th Aug., 1913; asst. dist. offr., Nigeria, 7th Jan., 1914; dist. offr., 7th Jan., 1922; ag. asst. prin., C.O., 9th Nov., 1925.

DELMEGE, J. DE G.—Ed. Haileybury Coll. and Worcester Coll., Oxford; asst. collr., Uganda Prot., Dec., 1908.

DEL TUFO, MOROBEO VINCENZO.—B. 1901; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1923; attd., lab. off., Penang, Jan., 1924; in India studying Tamil, Apr., 1924; passed cadet, May, 1925; offr., cls. V., Dec., 1926; asst. contr., lab., Klang, Dec., 1926.

DE MARTIN, G. P.—B.A., Trin. Coll., Dublin; jun. asst. master, Queen's Coll., Hong Kong, 1904; senr. asst. master, 1910; ag. inspr. of English schls., 1913; asst. postal censor, 1914-19; asst. maestr., cls. I., 1920; head master, Yaumati Schl., 1920; inspr. of English schls., 1924.

DENCH, L. J. E.—Served Br. post office, 1896; transd. to post and telegraph dept., East Africa and Uganda Prots., 1907; postmr., 1910; asst. postmr. gen., 1921; island postmr., Cyprus, 1922; title altered to P.M.G., July, 1927.

DENHAM, SIR EDWARD BRANDIS, K.B.E. (1927), C.M.G. (1922).—B. 1876; ed. at Malvern and Merton Coll., Oxford (exhibitr.); B.A., 1899; cadet, Ceylon, Nov., 1899; asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Feb., 1902; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., May, 1904, Mar., 1905; asst. govt. agt. N. Prov. for pearl fishery work, Mar., 1905; 2nd asst. col. sec. and sec., agric. bd., May, 1906; priv. sec. to Sir A. Ashmore, O.A.G., Sept., 1906; organising sec., agric. bd., Dec., 1906; landing survr., cust., Colombo, June, 1906; dist. judge, Negombo, Sept., 1908; 2nd asst. col. sec., Jan., 1909; and priv. sec. to Sir H. Clifford, O.A.G., June, 1909; seconded as supt. of census, Aug., 1910; priv. sec. to Sir H. Clifford, O.A.G., June, 1911; attached to C.O., 1st Jan. to 13th Oct., 1913; prin. asst. col. sec., Ceylon, 25th Apr., 1914; chief censor, in addition to his own duties, Aug., 1914; capt., administrative section, town guard, Colombo, 1915; ag. govt. agt., E. Prov., Sept., 1915; offr. of cls. I., grade II. on appt. as dir. of educn., Aug., 1916; dir., food production, Mar.-Dec., 1920; col. sec., Mauritius, 14th Dec., 1920; admtdst. govt. in 1921, 1922 and 1923; col. sec., Kenya Col. and Prot., Aug., 1923; admtdst. govt., Feb. to Oct., 1925 and from Jan. to Aug., 1927; joint author of "Rubber in the East."

DENMAN, LORD.—3rd Baron (cr. 1834), Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas Denman, P.C. (1907); G.C.M.G. (1911); K.C.V.O. (1909); b. 1874; educ. at Sandhurst; lieut., reserve of offrs.; late lieut. Royal Scots, and major, Middlesex I.Y.; served in S. Africa war (wounded, Queen's medal, 3 clasps); lord-in-waiting in ordinary, 1905-7; capt. Lon.

corps of gentlemen-at-arms, 1907-11; J.P., Sussex; gov. gen. and comdr. in-chief, Commonwealth of Australia, 1911-1914.

DENNISTOUN, ROBERT MAXWELL, O.B.E. (1918), B.A.—B. 1864; served in European War, 1914-18; capt., Fort Garry Horse; major, 45th batt.; lieut.-col., 53rd batt.; col. on H.Q. staff; dep. judge advoc.-gen., Overseas Forces of Canada, 1917-19; ment. in desp., 1918; colonial officers' long serv. med.; K.C., Ont., 1908; Man., 1910; bencher, Law Soc., Upper Can., 1906-07; bencher, Law Soc., Man., 1912-18; judge, ct. of appeal, Man., 1918; publications—"Notes on Mil. Law," "Notes on Dist. Courts Martials."

DENNY, WILLIAM JOSEPH, M.C.—M.H.A., S. Australia, since 1900; atty.-gen. and min. for Northern Territory, 1910-12; capt., A.I.F., European War, 1915-19; atty.-gen. and min. for repatriation and housing, 1924-27.

DENOON, GEORGE.—M.A., Aberdeen (Hons. Nat. Sci.); M.A., Cape Univ.; LL.B. Cape Univ.; clerical asst., res. mag.'s off., Swellendam, C. of G.H., Feb., 1897; mag.'s clk., Swellendam, May, 1897; clk. to high sheriff, Cape Town, July 1897; ag. clk. to Mr. Justice Solomon, and regier. of E. circuit, C. of G.H., Mar., 1900; clk., atty.-gen.'s off., Cape Town, July, 1900; examr., deeds off., Cape Town, Nov., 1900; ch. clk., deeds office, Transvaal, Jan., 1902; asst. regier. of deeds, Transvaal, Apr., 1902; regier. of deeds, O.F.S., Nov., 1911; regier. of deeds, Cape Town, Apr., 1922.

DENT, FRANKLAND, M. Sc., Ph.D., F.I.C.—Asst. govt. analyst, Singapore, Aug., 1905; govt. analyst and science lecturer, S. Sttlmts., Mar., 1906; ag. munio. analyst in addition, June, 1912 to 30th Nov., 1912; lecturer in chemy. and physics, S. Sttlmts., 1st Jan., 1922.

DE PASS, HAROLD S.—B. 1881; sub-inspr. of constab., Trinidad, 1st July, 1904; inspr., 10th Apr., 1912; has acted as senr. inspr. and detective inspr. on many occasions; ag. deputy inspr. gen. of constab. and supt. of fire brigade, 1918; senr. inspr., constab., 13th June, 1920.

DE PINTO, CYRIL ERNEST.—B. 1892; cadet, local division, Ceylon civ. ser., Sept., 1914; attached to Galle Kachcheri, Sept., 1914; ag. office asst., Matara Kachcheri, July, 1915; ditto, Kalutara Kachcheri, Nov., 1915; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Apr., 1916; attached to Kandy Kachcheri, May, 1916; office asst., Batticaloa Kach., Nov., 1917; pol. mag., Avisawella, Nov., 1919; office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, July, 1921; pol. mag., Jaffna, Oct., 1921; ag. dist. judge, Badulla, Aug., 1923; pol. mag., Matara, Apr., 1925; ditto, Galle, Mar., 1927.

DE ROME, F. J., B.Sc. (Lond.), M.B.E.—Borough Road Coll., Isleworth, Lond., 1906-1908; teacher's certif. (with distinction) Bd. of Educn., Lond.; graduated B.Sc. Lond. Univ., 1908; Jena Univ. (Germany), 1908-1909; mathematical and German mast., St. Augustine's Benedictine Coll., Ramsgate, 1909; asst. mast., Queen's Coll., Hong Kong, 1910; asst. postal censor, 1914-19; asst. mast., cls. II., 1919; asst. mast., cls. I., 1920; ag. headmr., Ellis Kadoorie schl., 1923; ag. headmr., Wantai schl., 1923; headmr., Ellis Kadoorie schl., 1925.

DERRICK, JOSEPH CAVENDISH.—B. 1888; ed. H.M. schl. ship "Conway", lieut., R.N.R., 1914; lieut. comdr., R.N.R., 1919; port offr., Seychelles, 1921; asst. port offr., Zanzibar, July, 1924; ag. port offr., in 1924, 1925 and 1927.

DERRIMAN, FRANCIS PHILIP LOUIS.—B. 1901; ed. Ratcliffe Coll.; col. audit dept., Oct., 1924; asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, Jan., 1925.

DE SAMPAYO, SIR THOMAS EDWARD, KT. BACH. (1924), K.C., LL.B. (Cantab.)—B. 1855; puisne justice, Ceylon, June, 1915; ag. ch. just., Mar. to July, 1923; ret., 1924.

DE SARAM, RICHARD OWEN.—B. 1872; ag. office asst. to prin. collr. of customs, Ceylon, July, 1905; ag. landing survr., customs, Galle, Dec., 1907; apptd. to cls. V. of the Ceylon civ. ser., Jan., 1913; 3rd landing survr., customs, Colombo, July, 1913; ag. 2nd landing survr., Oct., 1917; cls. IV. of Ceylon civ. ser., Dec., 1918; cls. III., Oct., 1923; dep. fiscal, Colombo, Nov., 1924.

DE SATGÉ, HENRY VALENTINE BACHE, C.M.G. (1919), D.S.O. (1916).—B. 1874; ed. at Eton; A.D.C. to gov. of W. Australia, 1896-97; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1906; served in France, 1915-19; ment. in desps.; lt.-col., June, 1916; commanded 298th Army Brigade, R.F.A.; pte. sec. to Mr. Amery as under sec. of state for the Colonies, 1919; ditto, as parly. sec. to Admty., 1920; ditto as 1st Lord of the Admty., 1922-24; on staff, Br. Empire Exhbn., 1924; pte. sec. (ceremonial and reception), to Mr. Amery as S. of S. for the Colonies, 1924.

DESBARATS, GEORGE JOSEPH, C.M.G. (1915), B. App. Sc., M. Can. Soc. C.E., P.L.S.—B. 1861; ed. Pub. Schls, Montreal, Terrebonne Coll., Montreal Polytechnic Sch. and Laval Univ.; asst. engr., Carillon Canal, 1878; asst. engr., office of ch. engr. of canals, Ottawa, 1886; inspr. of rlys., B. Columbia, 1892; in charge of hydrographic survey on River St. Lawrence, 1899; dir. gov. shipyard, Sorel, Quebec, 1901; dep. min. of marine and fisheries of Canada, 1909; dep. min. and comptroller of the naval service, 1910; ag. dep. min. of national defence, 1923; dep. min. of national defence, Mar., 1924.

DE SILVA, JOSEPH MARTIN.—B. 1880; apptd. to cls. V. Ceylon civ. ser., Apr., 1926; extra off. asst., Ratnapura kach., Apr., 1926.

DE SOYZA, GUNASENA, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1902; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Aug., 1926; attd., Matara kach., Sept., 1926; ag. office asst., Hambantota kach., Mar., 1927; attd. to Jaffna kach., June, 1927.

DESPICHT, STANLEY MONK.—B. 1890; ed. Boston Gram. Schl.; passed lower stand. exam. in Mendi; war service, E. Africa, 1917-18; asst. dist. comanr., Sierra Leone, 1st Jan., 1915; ag. asst. col. sec., 1919.

DÉSY, HON. LOUIS JOSEPH ALFRED.—B. 1878; ed. parish schl., Laval Univ. (B.A.); admitted to the bar, 1898; batonnier-general of Quebec bar, June, 1915; K.C., July, 1915; judge of the superior court of Quebec, Feb., 1916.

DEVAUX, JUSTIN LOUIS.—B. 1884; student, Lincoln's Inn, Nov., 1903; called to bar, Jan., 1906 (cert. of hon.); revised laws of St. Lucia, 1916; ag. mag., 1st dist., St. Lucia, Sept., 1917 to Sept., 1918; asst. legal adviser and pol. mag., Seychelles, Mar., 1919; ag. ch. just., Seychelles, Nov., 1919; crown pros., legal adviser, etc., Seychelles, June, 1920; ag. ch. just., Mar., 1921 to 25th Sept., 1922 and from May, 1923; gov's. dep., July to Aug., 1923; ch. just., 1924.

DE VERE, ROBERT STEPHEN, J.P., LL.B., barrister.—B. 1872; ed. Charterhouse and Trin. Coll., Cambridge (B.A., LL.B.); called to bar, 1898; serv. in Paget's Horse, S. African war

(Queen's med.); dist. comanr., Gold Coast, 1903-1905; leg. advsr. and ag. ch. just., Seychelles, 1906-08; recd. coman. in 5th Batt. R. Sussex Regt., Feb., 1915; mil. censor, B.E.F., Aug., 1915; Br. judge, Anglo-French condominium, New Hebrides, 1922; pres., dist. ct., Cyprus, Feb., 1926.

DE VERTEUIL, JOSEPH, F.C.S.—B. 1874; asst. govt. analyst, Trinidad, 14th Dec., 1899; supt., field experiments, dept. of agr., 1st Apr., 1913; agri. chem., dept. of agr., 1st Sept., 1920.

DE VERTEUIL, LEON EUGENE.—B. 1877; asst. draughtsman, P.W.D., Trinidad, 1st June, 1900; 2nd grade dist. offr., 1st Oct., 1903; 1st grade dist. offr., 8th Feb., 1911.

DE VERTEUIL, ST. YVES DANIEL.—B. 1875; clk. of works, waterworks, Trinidad, 1st Dec., 1900; head overseer, Arima, 26th Jan., 1903; dist. engr., 2nd grade, 15th Aug., 1916; dist. engr., 1st grade, 1st Sept., 1916; warden, counties Nariva-Mayaro, 1st Dec., 1925.

DE VILLIERS, HON. JACOB, B.A.—B. 1868; ed. at Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch and Middle Temple; state atty., O.F.S., 1896-98; atty.-gen. and min. of mines, Transvaal, 1907-10; judge pres. of sup. ct. of S. Africa (Transvaal prov. division), and additional judge of appeal, May, 1910; judge of appeal, June, 1920.

DE VILLIERS, JOHANNES HENDRICUS BRAND.—Clk. to prov. coun. and clk. to exec. comtee, O.F.S. Prov., Union of S. Africa, 1910; legal draughtsman to prov. coun.; asst. prov. sec. (for prov. purposes).

DEVINE, A. SIDNEY.—B. 1892; ed. Fran. Coll., Oxon; enlisted Middlesex Regt., Aug., 1914; 2nd lieut., R. Warwickshire Regt., Oct., 1915; lieut., 1917; served in France and Italy; wounded; served with disposal bd. in Italy, 1919-20; disposal and liquidation coman., 1920-23; cler. offr., C.O., 19th Mar., 1923.

DEVONSHIRE, 9TH DUKE OF (creat. 1694), VICTOR CHRISTIAN WILLIAM CAVENTISH, K.G., 1916; P.C.; G.C.M.G.; G.C.V.O.; LL.D.; BARON CAVENTISH, 1605; EARL OF DEVONSHIRE, 1618; MARQUESS OF HARTINGTON, 1694; EARL OF BURLINGTON, 1831; BARON CAVENTISH (U.K.), 1831.—B. 1868; ed. Eton and Trin. Coll., Camb.; M.P. (L.U.) Derbyshire W., 1891-1908; treas. of H.M. Household, 1900-1903; financial sec. to treasury, 1903-1905; lord-lieut. of Derbyshire; president territorial forces, Derby; chancellor of Leeds Univ.; civil lord of the Admiralty, 1915; gov.-gen. of Canada, 8th Aug., 1916; assumed govt., 11th Nov., 1916; relinquished post on expiry of term, Aug., 1921; S. of S. for the Colonies, 25th Oct., 1922 to 23rd Jan., 1924.

DE VOS, JACOB WILLIAM, M.B., Ch.B.—Dist. surg., Riversdale, C.P.; physician supt., leper instit., Pretoria, 15th Oct., 1917.

DE WAAL, HON. DANIEL, D.S.O., K.C.—B. 1873; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch and Trinity Hall, Cambridge; B.A., LL.B. (Cantab. and Cape); admitted, advoc., Cape and Transvaal, 1897; practised, Pretoria; German S. W. Africa campaign, 1915; K.C., 1919; ag. judge, Griqualand West Local Divn., Oct., 1919; judge, sup. ct., T.P.D., Aug., 1920; judge pres., T.P.D., 1927.

DE WAAL, HON. SIR NICHOLAS FREDERICK, K.C.M.G. (1910), LL.D.—M.L.A. for Coleberg, Cape Colony, 1904; col. sec., Cape Colony, 1908; administrator, Cape Province, 1910; ret., 1926.

DEWAR, ARTHUR ROBERT JOHNSTONE.—B. 1869; ed. Mil. Coll., Oxford and Queen's Coll., Cambridge; major, 3rd R. Warwickshire Regt. (resig.); 92nd Gord. Highrs., Sept., 1889;

Matabeleland mtd. pol., June, 1895; New Zealand defence force, May, 1897; adjutant, 5th New Zealand Regt., Mar., 1900; served in S. African war (medal and five bars); Malay States Guides, Apr., 1902; adjutant, Selangor vol., Oct., 1902, supt. of prisons, Selangor, May, 1903; asst. supt. of pol., Singapore, Sept., 1905; ag. supt. of pol., Penang, Mar., 1910; ditto, Malacca, Aug., 1911; 2nd supt. of pol., Singapore, July, 1912; ag. supt. of pol., Singapore, Sept., 1913; 2nd supt. of pol.; Singapore, Aug., 1916; supt. of pol., Penang, Aug., 1916.

DEWAR, H. J.—B. 1878; clk., repatriation dept., O.R.C., 1902; clk., Br. refugee aid, 1903; clk., treasury, O.F.S., 1904; clk., treasury, Union of S. Africa, 1910; acctnt., 1916.

DEWAR, JOHN.—B. 1883; ed. Otago Univ. Coll.; cadet, lands and survey dept., New Zealand, 1901; survr., F.M.S., 1906; asst. supt., surveys, F.M.S., 1911; ag. supt., surveys, Kedah, 1912-13, 1916-17 and 1919-20; supt. of surveys, Kedah, July, 1920; ag. asst. survr.-genl., F.M.S. and S.S., 1924; supt., surveys, F.M.S., Oct., 1924; ag. asst. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S.S., June, 1925.

DE WET, SENATOR THE HON. N. J., K.C.—Minister of justice, Union of S. Africa, 1913-24.

DEWHIRST, CHARLES HAY.—Clk., architect-in-chief's office, S. Australia, July, 1878; asst. acctnt., wks. and blds. dept., Feb. 1881; ch. clk., pub. wks. comsnr's office, July, 1882; also sec. to supply and tender bld., 1899-1914; ag. sec. to comsnr. of pub. wks., 1st Jan., 1901 to 31st Aug., 1902; sec. to comsnr. of pub. wks. and min. of marine, July, 1914.

DEWHURST, JAMES, B.Sc. (Manchester).—B. 1875; asst. mast., Coptic Coll., Cairo, 1907-14; asst. mast., training institn., Accra, G. Coast, 11th Aug., 1915; ag. prin. on several occasions between 1917 and 1924; inspr. schls., 29th Oct., 1924.

DHONDY, SAKAKSHA DHUNJISHA.—B. 1889; B.A., Oxon.; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 19th Dec., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., Ratnapura, Jan., 1914; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Apr., 1915; ditto, N.C. Prov., Oct., 1915; ditto, W. Prov., Feb., 1916; pol. mag., Matara, Nov., 1917; ditto, Jaffna, Mar. 1919; office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Mar., 1920; ag. pol. mag., Galle, Mar., 1921; ditto Gampola, Apr., 1922; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Jan., 1924; pol. mag., Ariessawella, Feb., 1924; ditto, Kalutara, Feb., 1926; dist. judge, Tangalla, May, 1927; dist. judge, Kegalla, Aug., 1927.

DICKINSON, BENJAMIN.—B. 1880; ed. Giggleswick and Caius Coll., Camb.; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn, 1904; dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 1909-16; pol. mag., Accra, 1916-17; ag. ch. regisr., twice; pres., dist. ct., Cyprus, 1918; ag. puisne judge on several occasions; ag. judge, sup. ct., in 1921 and 1922; ag. ch. just., in 1925, 1926 and 1927; puisne judge, 1st Mar., 1926.

DICKINSON, EDWARD GRIFFITH, M.C. (1917).—B. 1883; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury; Natal vol., 1901; S.A. War, 1901; Natal Rebellion, 1906-09; joined N. Rhodesia pol. as 2nd lieutenant, 1911; N. Rhodesia Pol. Service Batt., German E. Africa, 1914-18; temp. lieutenant-col., 918; desps. (twice); major and second in command, N. Rhodesia pol., Oct., 1924.

DICKINSON, JOHN ROBERT, M.C.—Ed. Liverpool Coll.; solr., 1920; 2nd lieut., The King's Own E. Lancaster Regt., 1914; lieut., July, 1915; apt., Aug., 1916; France, 1915-18 (M.C. and Bar); asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, Jan., 1921.

DICKINSON, RICHARD SEBASTIAN WILLOUGHBY, D.S.O. (1916).—B. 1897; ed. at Eton and Trinity Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. offr., Nigeria, 1922; priv. sec. to Sir Hugh Clifford, 1922-23; seconded as priv. sec. to Sir H. J. Stanley, gov. of N. Rhodesia, 1925-26; 2nd asst. ch. sec., N. Rhodesia, 1926.

DICKSON, ERIC AYTON.—B. 1876; ed. Charterhouse and Keble Coll., Oxford; junr. offr., Selangor, F.M.S. civ. ser., 1896; passed in Malay and law; offr. in charge, Sepang, 1898; asst. collr., land rev., K.L., 1900; asst. dist. offr. in charge, Serendah, 1901; 2nd magis., K.L., 1901; dist. offr., K. Langat, 1902; dist. offr., senr. magis., regt. of titles, supt. of prisons, K. Lipis, 1903; circuit magis., Selangor, 1904; asst. dist. offr., Tanjong Malim, 1904; dist. offr., K. Pilah, 1904-10; asst. res., Brunei, 1911; Br. agt., Trengganu, 1913; dist. offr., U. Perak, 1914; recd. thanks of S. of S. for prison reform, Trengganu, Sept., 1914; war serv. (Egypt) R.A.S.C., 1917-19; dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, 1920; ag. dist. offr., Klang, 1920; dist. offr., Kinta, Oct., 1921; ag. comsnr., lands, F.M.S., Jan., 1922; dir., food production (ex officio), Jan., 1922; mem., retrenchment coman., Feb., 1922; food contr., F.M.S., Mar., 1922; dist. offr., Kinta, Sept., 1922.

DICKSON, JOHN RHODES, M.B., C.M., B.Sc., Edin., D.P.H. Lond., D.T.M. Liverpool.—B. 1887; entd. med. serv., Trinidad, 29th Jan., 1891; asst. M.O.H. and bacteriologist for the col., and pathological regisr. at the colonial hosp., 1st Apr., 1903; serving with H.M. Forces in R.A.M.C. since 24th Apr., 1915; dep. surgeon, and M.O.H., Trinidad, 7th Dec., 1920.

DICKSON, T.A., M.C. (1916).—Customs asst., E.A.P., 1909; asst. dist. comsnr., 1911; dist. comsnr., Kenya, Jan., 1919.

DILLON, ALBERT BARROW.—B. 1867; ed. Queen's Roy. Coll., Trinidad; clk. to inspr. of schls., B. Hond., 1893; ag. clk. to auditor and in treasury and customs, 1893; clk. to col. engnr., 1895; ag. insp. of schls., 1895-8; 2nd clk., treasury, and out., 1897; inspr. of schls., June, 1898; ag. supt. bot. station, 28th Sept. to 31st Dec., 1904; ag. ch. clk., C.S.O., and clk. of couns., 29th June, 1905, to 14th Jan., 1906; lieut., B. Hond. Territorial Force, 11th Apr., 1918; ag. audr., 26th May to 25th Aug., 1918 and from 10th Oct., 1919 to 12th Oct., 1920.

DIMES, CAPT. DOUGLAS HENRY, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1886; ed. Kingsbridge Gram. Schl. and Schl. of Agr., S. Devon; R. Vety. Coll., London; lieut., R.A.V.C. (S.R.), 1913; war serv. in France and Belgium, 1914-19; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Jan., 1923.

DISCOMBE, JOHN.—Apptd., after compet. exam., 3rd class clk., sup. ct., Gibraltar, 1892; 2nd class clk., 1899; asst. regisr. and dep. clk. of arraigns, 1900; called to the bar, Gray's Inn; regisr. and clk. of arraigns, admstr.-gen., ex officio J.P., and mem. of cemetery comtee., 1911; marshal, ex officio, 1913; regisr. and marshal, prize court, 1914; custodian of enemy property, 1916; during the war rendered legal assistance to the atty.-gen., in addition to other duties, July, 1916, to Feb., 1919; regisr. under Deeds of Arrangement Ordee., 1917; regisr. of business names, 1918; contrlr. local clearing office for enemy debts, 1920; ag. pol. mag. and coroner on several occasions.

DIXEY, FRANK, D. Sc., F.G.S., F.R.G.S.—B. 1892; govt. geologist, Sierra Leone, Aug., 1918 to Dec. 1921; ditto, Nyasaland, 2nd Dec., 1921.

DEBRIMAN, FRANCIS PHILIP LOUIS.—B. 1901; ed. Ratcliffe Coll.; col. audit dept., Oct., 1924; asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, Jan., 1925.

DE SAMPAYO, SIR THOMAS EDWARD, KT. BACH. (1924), K.C., LL.B. (Cantab.).—B. 1855; puisne justice, Ceylon, June, 1915; ag. ch. just., Mar. to July, 1923; ret., 1924.

DE SARAM, RICHARD OWEN.—B. 1872; ag. office asst. to prin. collr. of customs, Ceylon, July, 1905; ag. landing survr., customs, Galle, Dec., 1907; apptd. to cls. V. of the Ceylon civ. ser., Jan., 1913; 3rd landing survr., customs, Colombo, July, 1913; ag. 2nd landing survr., Oct., 1917; cls. IV. of Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1918; cls. III., Oct., 1923; dep. fiscal, Colombo, Nov., 1924.

DE SATGÉ, HENRY VALENTINE BACHE, C.M.G. (1919), D.S.O. (1916).—B. 1874; ed. at Eton; A.D.C. to gov. of W. Australia, 1896-97; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1906; served in France, 1915-19; ment. in desps.; lt.-col., June, 1916; commanded 298th Army Brigade, R.F.A.; pte. sec. to Mr. Amery as under sec. of state for the Colonies, 1919; ditto, as parly. sec. to Admty., 1920; ditto as 1st Lord of the Admty., 1922-24; on staff, Br. Empire Exhbn., 1924; pte. sec. (ceremonial and reception), to Mr. Amery as S. of S. for the Colonies, 1924.

DESBARATS, GEORGE JOSEPH, C.M.G. (1915), B. App. Sc., M. Can. Soc. C.E., P.L.S.—B. 1861; ed. Pub. Schls, Montreal, Terrebonne Coll., Montreal Polytechnic Sch. and Laval Univ.; asst. engr., Carillon Canal, 1878; asst. engr., office of ch. engr. of canals, Ottawa, 1886; inspr. of rlys., B. Columbia, 1892; in charge of hydrographic survey on River St. Lawrence, 1899; dir. govt. shipyard, Sorel, Quebec, 1901; dep. min. of marine and fisheries of Canada, 1909; dep. min. and comptroller of the naval service, 1910; ag. dep. min. of national defence, 1923; dep. min. of national defence, Mar., 1924.

DE SILVA, JOSEPH MARTIN.—B. 1880; apptd. to cls. V, Ceylon civ. serv., Apr., 1926; extra off. asst., Ratnapura kach., Apr., 1926.

DE SOYZA, GUNASENA, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1902; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Aug., 1926; atttd., Matara kach., Sept., 1926; ag. office asst., Hambantota kach., Mar., 1927; atttd. to Jaffna kach., June, 1927.

DESPICHT, STANLEY MONK.—B. 1890; ed. Boston Gram. Schl.; passed lower stand. exam. in Mendi; war service, E. Africa, 1917-18; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 1st Jan., 1915; ag. asst. col. sec., 1919.

DÉSY, HON. LOUIS JOSEPH ALFRÉD.—B. 1878; ed. parish schll., Laval Univ. (B.A.); admitted to the bar, 1898; batonnier-general of Quebec bar, June, 1915; K.C., July, 1915; judge of the superior court of Quebec, Feb., 1916.

DEVAUX, JUSTIN LOUIS.—B. 1884; student, Lincoln's Inn, Nov., 1903; called to bar, Jan., 1906 (cert. of hon.); revised laws of St. Lucia, 1916; ag. mag., 1st dist., St. Lucia, Sept., 1917 to Sept., 1918; asst. legal adviser and pol. mag., Seychelles, Mar., 1919; ag. ch. just., Seychelles, Nov., 1919; crown pros., legal adviser, etc., Seychelles, June, 1920; ag. ch. just., Mar., 1921 to 25th Sept., 1922 and from May, 1923; gov's. dep., July to Aug., 1923; ch. just., 1924.

DE VERE, ROBERT STEPHEN, J.P., LL.B., barrister.—B. 1872; ed. Charterhouse and Trin. Coll., Cambridge (B.A., LL.B.); called to bar, 1898; serv. in Paget's Horse, S. African war

(Queen's med.); dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1903-1905; leg. advr. and ag. ch. just., Seychelles, 1906-08; recd. coms. in 5th Batt. R. Sussex Regt., Feb., 1915; mil. censor, B.E.F., Aug., 1915; Br. judge, Anglo-French condominium, New Hebrides, 1922; pres., dist. ct., Cyprus, Feb., 1926.

DE VERTEUIL, JOSEPH, F.C.S.—B. 1874; asst. govt. analyst, Trinidad, 14th Dec., 1899; supt., field experiments, dept. of agr., 1st Apr., 1913; agri. chem., dept. of agr., 1st Sept., 1920.

DE VERTEUIL, LEON EUGÈNE.—B. 1877; asst. draughtsman, P.W.D., Trinidad, 1st June, 1900; 2nd grade dist. offr., 1st Oct., 1903; 1st grade dist. offr., 8th Feb., 1911.

DE VERTEUIL, ST. YVES DANIEL.—B. 1875; clk. of works, waterworks, Trinidad, 1st Dec., 1900; head overseer, Arima, 26th Jan., 1903; dist. engr., 2nd grade, 15th Aug., 1916; dist. engr., 1st grade, 1st Sept., 1916; warden, counties Nariva-Vallier, 1st Dec., 1925.

DE VILLIERS, HON. JACOB, B.A.—B. 1868; ed. at Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch and Middle Temple; state atty., O.F.S., 1896-98; atty.-gen. and min. of mines, Transvaal, 1907-10; judge pres. of sup. ct. of S. Africa (Transvaal prov. division), and additional judge of appeal, May, 1910; judge of appeal, June, 1920.

DE VILLIERS, JOHANNES HENDRICUS BRAND.—Clk. to prov. coun. and clk. to exec. comtee, O.F.S. Prov., Union of S. Africa, 1910; legal draughtsman to prov. coun.; asst. prov. sec. (for prov. purposes).

DEVINE, A. SIDNEY.—B. 1892; ed. Fran. Coll., Oxon; enlisted Middlesex Regt., Aug., 1914; 2nd lieutenant, R. Warwickshire Regt., Oct., 1915; lieutenant, 1917; served in France and Italy; wounded; served with disposal bd. in Italy, 1919-20; disposal and liquidation coms., 1920-23; cler. offr., C.O., 19th Mar., 1923.

DEVONSHIRE, 9TH DUKE OF (creat. 1694), VICTOR CHRISTIAN WILLIAM CAVENDISH, K.G., 1916; P.C.; G.C.M.G.; G.C.V.O.; LL.D.; BARON CAVENDISH, 1605; EARL OF DEVONSHIRE, 1618; MARQUESS OF HARTINGTON, 1694; EARL OF BURLINGTON, 1831; BARON CAVENDISH (U.K.) 1831.—B. 1868; ed. Eton and Trin. Coll., Camb.; M.P. (L.U.) Derbyshire W., 1891-1908; treat. of H.M. Household, 1900-1903; financial sec. to treasury, 1903-1905; lord-lieut. of Derbyshire; president territorial forces, Derby; chancellor of Leeds Univ.; civil lord of the Admiralty, 1915; gov.-gen. of Canada, 8th Aug., 1916; assumed govt., 11th Nov., 1916; relinquished post on expiry of term, Aug., 1921; S. of S. for the Colonies, 25th Oct., 1922 to 23rd Jan., 1924.

DE VOS, JACOB WILLIAM, M.B., Ch.B.—Dist. surg., Riversdale, C.P.; physician supt., leper instit., Pretoria, 15th Oct., 1917.

DE WAAL, HON. DANIEL, D.S.O., K.C.—B. 1873; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch and Trinity Hall, Cambridge; B.A., LL.B. (Cantab. and Cape); admitted, advoc., Cape and Transvaal, 1897; practised, Pretoria; German S. W. Africa campaign, 1915; K.C., 1919; ag. judge, Griqualand West Local Divn., Oct., 1919; judge, sup. ct., T.P.D., Aug., 1920; judge pres., T.P.D., 1927.

DE WAAL, HON. SIR NICHOLAS FREDERICK, K.C.M.G. (1910), LL.D.—M.L.A. for Colebeag, Cape Colony, 1904; col. sec., Cape Colony, 1908; administrator, Cape Province, 1910; ret., 1926.

DEWAR, ARTHUR ROBERT JOHNSTONE.—B. 1869; ed. Mil. Coll., Oxford and Queen's Coll., Cambridge; major, 3rd R. Warwickshire Regt. (resig.); 92nd Gord. Highrs., Sept., 1889;

Matabeleland mtd. pol., June, 1895; New Zealand defence force, May, 1897; adjutant, 5th New Zealand Regt., Mar., 1900; served in S. African war (medal and five bars); Malay States Guides, Apr., 1902; adjutant, Selangor vol., Oct., 1902, supt. of prisons, Selangor, May, 1903; asst. supt. of pol., Singapore, Sept., 1905; ag. supt. of pol., Penang, Mar., 1910; ditto, Malacca, Aug., 1911; 2nd supt. of pol., Singapore, July, 1912; ag. supt. of pol., Singapore, Sept., 1913; 2nd supt. of pol.; Singapore, Aug., 1916; supt. of pol., Penang, Aug., 1916.

DEWAR, H. J.—B. 1878; clk., repatriation dept., O.R.O., 1902; clk., Br. refugee aid, 1903; clk., treasury, O.F.S., 1904; clk., treasury, Union of S. Africa, 1910; acctnt., 1916.

DEWAR, JOHN.—B. 1883; ed. Otago Univ. Coll.; cadet, lands and survey dept., New Zealand, 1901; survr., F.M.S., 1906; asst. supt., surveys, F.M.S., 1911; ag. supt., surveys, Kedah, 1912-13, 1916-17 and 1919-20; supt. of surveys, Kedah, July, 1920; ag. asst. survr.-genl., F.M.S. and S.S., 1924; supt., surveys, F.M.S., Oct., 1924; ag. asst. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S.S., June, 1925.

DE WET, SENATOR THE HON. N. J., K.C.—Minister of justice, Union of S. Africa, 1913-24.

DEWHURST, CHARLES HAY.—Clk., architect-in-chief's office, S. Australia, July, 1878; asst. acctnt., wks. and bldg. dept., Feb. 1881; ch. clk., pub. wks. comsnr's office, July, 1882; also sec. to supply and tender bd., 1889-1914; ag. sec. to comsnr. of pub. wks., 1st Jan., 1901 to 31st Aug., 1902; sec. to comsnr. of pub. wks. and min. of marine, July, 1914.

DEWHURST, JAMES, B.Sc. (Manchester).—B. 1875; asst. mast., Coptic Coll., Cairo, 1907-14; asst. mast., training institn., Accra, G. Coast, 11th Aug., 1915; ag. prin. on several occasions between 1917 and 1924; inspr. schls., 29th Oct., 1924.

DHONDY, SAVAKSHA DHUNJISHA.—B. 1889; B.A., Oxon.; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 19th Dec., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., Ratnapura, Jan., 1914; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Apr., 1915; ditto, N.C. Prov., Oct., 1915; ditto, W. Prov., Feb., 1916; pol. mag., Matara, Nov., 1917; ditto, Jaffna, Mar. 1919; office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Mar., 1920; ag. pol. mag., Galle, Mar., 1921; ditto Gampola, Apr., 1922; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Jan., 1924; pol. mag., Aviesawella, Feb., 1924; ditto, Kalutara, Feb., 1926; dist. judge, Tangalla, May, 1927; dist. judge, Kegalla, Aug., 1927.

DICKINSON, BENJAMIN.—B. 1880; ed. Giggleswick and Caius Coll., Camb.; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn, 1904; dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 1909-16; pol. mag., Accra, 1916-17; ag. ch. registrar, twice; pres., dist. ct., Cyprus, 1918; ag. puisne judge on several occasions; ag. judge, sup. ct., in 1921 and 1922; ag. ch. just., in 1925, 1926 and 1927; puisne judge, 1st Mar., 1926.

DICKINSON, EDWARD GRIFFITH, M.C. (1917).—B. 1883; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury; Natal pol., 1901; S.A. War, 1901; Natal Rebellion, 1906-09; joined N. Rhodesia pol. as 2nd lieut., Feb., 1911; N. Rhodesia Pol. Service Batt., German E. Africa, 1914-18; temp. lieut.-col., 1918; desps. (twice); major and second in commd., N. Rhodesia pol., Oct., 1924.

DICKINSON, JOHN ROBERT, M.C.—Ed. Liverpool Coll.; solr., 1920; 2nd lieut., The King's Own (R. Lancaster Regt.), 1914; lieut., July, 1915; capt., Aug., 1916; France, 1915-18 (M.C. and asst.); asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, Jan., 1921.

DICKINSON, RICHARD SEBASTIAN WILLOUGHBY, D.S.O. (1916).—B. 1897; ed. at Eton and Trinity Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. offr., Nigeria, 1922; priv. sec. to Sir Hugh Clifford, 1922-23; seconded as priv. sec. to Sir H. J. Stanley, gov. of N. Rhodesia, 1925-26; 2nd asst. ch. sec., N. Rhodesia, 1926.

DICKSON, ERIC ATTON.—B. 1876; ed. Charterhouse and Keble Coll., Oxford; junr. offr., Selangor, F.M.S. civ. ser., 1896; passed in Malay and law; offr. in charge, Sepang, 1898; asst. collr., land rev., K.L., 1900; asst. dist. offr. in charge, Serendah, 1901; 2nd magis., K.L., 1901; dist. offr., K. Langat, 1902; dist. offr., senr. magis., regr. of titles, supt. of prisons, K. Lipis, 1903; circuit magis., Selangor, 1904; asst. dist. offr., Tanjong Malim, 1904; dist. offr., K. Pilah, 1904-10; asst. res., Brunei, 1911; Br. agt., Trengganu, 1913; dist. offr., U. Perak, 1914; recd. thanks of S. of S. for prison reform, Trengganu, Sept., 1914; war serv. (Egypt) R.A.S.C., 1917-19; dist. offr., Uluselangor, 1920; ag. dist. offr., Klang, 1920; dist. offr., Kinta, Oct., 1921; ag. comsnr., lands, F.M.S., Jan., 1922; dir., food production (ex officio), Jan., 1922; mem., retrenchment comn., Feb., 1922; food contr., F.M.S., Mar., 1922; dist. offr., Kinta, Sept., 1922.

DICKSON, JOHN RHODES, M.B., C.M., B.Sc., Edin., D.P.H. Lond., D.T.M. Liverpool.—B. 1867; entd. med. serv., Trinidad, 29th Jan., 1891; asst. M.O.H. and bacteriologist for the col. and pathological registrar at the colonial hosp., 1st Apr., 1903; serving with H.M. Forces in K.A.M.C. since 24th Apr., 1915; dep. surg.-gen. and M.O.H., Trinidad, 7th Dec., 1920.

DICKSON, T.A., M.C. (1916).—Customs asst., E.A.P., 1909; asst. dist. comsnr., 1911; dist. comsnr., Kenya, Jan., 1919.

DILLON, ALBERT BARROW.—B. 1867; ed. Queen's Roy. Coll., Trinidad; clk. to inspr. of schls., B. Hond., 1893; ag. clk. to auditor and in treasury and customs, 1893; clk. to col. engnr., 1895; ag. inspr. of schls., 1895-8; 2nd clk., treasury and cust., 1897; inspr. of schls., June, 1898; ag. supt. bot. station, 28th Sept. to 31st Dec. 1904; ag. ch. clk., C.S.O., and clk. of couns., 29th June, 1905, to 14th Jan., 1906; lieut., B. Hond. Territorial Force, 11th Apr., 1918; ag. audr., 26th May to 25th Aug., 1918 and from 10th Oct., 1919 to 12th Oct., 1920.

DIMES, CAPT. DOUGLAS HENRY, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1886; ed. Kingsbridge Gram. Schl. and Schl. of Agr., S. Devon; R. Vety. Coll., London; lieut., R.A.V.C. (S.R.), 1913; war serv. in France and Belgium, 1914-19; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Jan., 1923.

DISCOMBE, JOHN.—Apptd., after compet. exam., 3rd class clk., sup. ct., Gibraltar, 1892; 2nd class clk., 1899; asst. registrar and dep. clk. of arraigns, 1900; called to the bar, Gray's Inn; registrar and clk. of arraigns, admstr.-gen., *ex officio* J.P., and mem. of cemetery comtee., 1911; marshal, *ex officio*, 1913; registrar and marshal, prize court, 1914; custodian of enemy property, 1916; during the war rendered legal assistance to the atty.-gen., in addition to other duties, July, 1916, to Feb., 1919; registrar under Deeds of Arrangement Ordce., 1917; registrar of business names, 1918; contrlr. local clearing office for enemy debts, 1920; ag. pol. mag. and coroner on several occasions.

DIXEY, FRANK, D. Sc., F.G.S., F.R.G.S.—B. 1892; govt. geologist, Sierra Leone, Aug., 1918 to Dec. 1921; ditto, Nyasaland, 2nd Dec., 1921.

DIXON, CHARLES WILLIAM, O.B.E. (1924), M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1888; ed. at Clifton and Balliol Coll., Oxford; 1st cl. mods., 1909; 1st cl. Lit.Hum., 1911; apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cl. clk., C.O., 11th Oct., 1911; priv. sec. to Sir G. Fiddes, 8th July, 1917; 1st cl. clk., 1st Jan., 1920; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

DIXON, CAPT. HAROLD PARSON.—B. 1888; ed. Dover Coll. and Merchant Taylors Schl.; mil. serv., 1914-20; served in Salonika, Caucasus and Anatolia; mentd. in desps.; capt., 5th Durham L.I., T.A. (Res.), 1921; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1921.

DIXON, CAPT. OSWALD, M.C., M.R.C.V.S.—Veterinary offr., Kenya, Dec., 1912; senr. vety. offr., Apr., 1920.

DOBBS, CECIL MOORE.—Ed. St. Columba's Coll., Rathfarnham, and Trin. Coll., Dublin; B.A. Classics (honours); asst. collr., E. Africa Prot., 25th Oct., 1906; dist. comsnr., 1910; senr. comsnr. (2nd cl.), Jan., 1925.

DOBBS, SIR HENRY ROBERT CONWAY, K.C.S.I. (1921), K.C.M.G. (1925), K.C.I.E. (1921), C.S.I. (1916), C.I.E. (1905), F.R.G.S.—B. 1871; ed. Winchester Coll. (Schl.) and Brasenose Coll., Oxford (schl.); ent. I.O.S., 1892; priv. sec. to lieut-gov. N.W.P., 1896-99; polit. serv., Mysore and Baluchistan, 1899-1901; investigated navigation of Euphrates, from latitude of Aleppo to Bagdad, 1902-3; consul for Seistan and Kain, 1903; Br. comsnr., Russo-Afghan boundary, 1903-4; sec. to Kabul mission, 1904; famine comsnr., Rajputana, 1905; dep. sec., foreign dept., 1906; on sp. duty in connec. with visit of Amir of Afghanistan to India, 1906; rev. and judl. comsnr., Baluchistan, 1909, 1911 and 1917; judl. comsnr., N.W. Frontier Prov., Jan., 1914; res. and cons. gen., Turkish Arabia, Oct., 1914; polit. offr. with Mesopotamian Force supervising civ. admstrn. of occupied territories, Jan., 1915 to Aug., 1916; agt. to gov-gen. and ch. comsnr., Baluchistan, Dec., 1917; ch. Br. rep., Indo-Afghan confce., Mussoorie, 1920; head of Br. mission to Kabul, Dec., 1920 to Nov., 1921; high comsnr., Iraq, 15th Sept., 1923.

DOBREE, CLAUDE HATHERLEY, O.B.E. (1924), A.C.A.—B. 1875; acct., treas., N. E. Rhodesia, Oct., 1911; chf. acct., Nov., 1911; audr., Mar., 1913; treas., Feb., 1921; also comsnr. of taxes, Mar., 1921; mem. exec. and leg. couns.; ag. ch. sec., 19th Apr., 1927; J.P.

DODDS, E. W.—B. 1881; clk., treasy., Natal, 1899; clk., treasy., Union of S. Africa, 1910; prin. clk., treasy., Union of S. Africa, 1920.

DODDS, GEORGE WILLIAM, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1881; dep. harbr. engrn., June, 1921; harbr. engrn., Mar., 1924.

DODDS, HORATIUS BONAR, M.D. Edin.—Med. offr. B.C. Africa Prot., 29th Dec., 1900; ditto, E. Africa and Uganda Prots., 19th Aug., 1903; resigned on account of ill-health; med. offr., St. Vincent, 24th Nov., 1909; med. offr., S. St. Lucia, class V., 7th Feb., 1914; class IV., 7th Feb., 1915; ag. grade III, 1st Aug., 1917; ag. senr. surg., Penang, Sept., 1917; med. offr., dist. hosp., Penang, Aug., 1919; med. offr., gen. hosp., Penang, Nov., 1919; ag. radiologist, Singapore gen. hosp. in addn., 10th Sept., 1921.

DODDS, JAMES HUGH HAMILTON.—B. 1880; ed. at private schls. and Eastbourne Coll.; enlisted in I.Y. for serv. in S. Africa, Jan., 1901; reed. comsnr. as lieut. in I.Y. 12th Oct., 1901; resigned comsnr. and granted hon. rank of lieut. in the Army, 6th Feb., 1902 (Queen's medal, five clasps);

lieut., S.A.C., 6th Feb., 1902; resident J.P., Transvaal, 7th Mar., 1906; sub-inspr., S.A.C., 1st July, 1906; retrenched from S.A.C., 31st July, 1907; lieut., Bedfordshire I.Y., 1st Nov., 1907; asst. dist. offr., Somaliland Prot., Sept., 1908; dist. offr., Somaliland Prot., Apr., 1910; represented H.M.'s comsnr. of Somaliland on a mission to Abyssinia, July-Aug., 1910; seconded for service in Abyssinia, to be vice-consul, Harrar.

DOHERTY, A. G.—Veterinary offr. E.A.P., Sept., 1906; dep. ch. veterinary offr., Kenya, Apr., 1921; ch. vety. offr., 1925.

DOHERTY, RT. HON. CHARLES JOSEPH, P.C. (1920), D.C.L., LL.D.—B. 1856; ed. Christian Brothers School St. Mary (Jesuit) Coll., McGill Univ., all at Montreal; advocate; K.C., 1887; judge of the superior ct., Quebec, 1891 to 1906; elected to H. of C., Canada, 1908; re-elec., 1911 and 1917; representing St. Ann's division, Montreal City; member of the Privy Coun. for Canada and min. of just. in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911, and in National govt., Oct., 1917 to Sept., 1921; signed the Peace Treaty with Germany as rep. of Canada with the Hon. A. L. Sifton, min. of pub. works; del. to League of Nations Assem., 1920 and 1921.

DOHERTY, JAMES.—B. 1889; Imp. cust., 1907; storekeeper and baggage examr., cust., E. Africa Prot., 1912; preventive offr., cust., E.A.P., 1914; inspr., cust. preventive serv., E.A.P., 1918; asst. govt. coast agt., Kenya and Uganda, 1919; ag. coast agt., Kenya and Uganda, Aug. to Dec., 1920 and Sept. to Dec., 1922; govt. coast agt., Kenya and Uganda, 1923; E. African Vol. Arty., 1914-18; "1914-15" Star, War and Victory Medals.

DOHERTY, HON. MANNING W.—B. Ontario, 1875; ed. at Upper Canada Coll. and Ontario Agric. Coll.; post graduate course Cornell Univ., New York State; on staff of Ontario Agric. Coll. for a number of years; for some years has operated farm on which he was born; breeder of Clydesdale horses and Holstein cattle; dir. of the United Farmers of Ontario; min. of agric. in U.F.O. govt., Nov., 1919; re-el., 1923; resigned portfolio on defeat of U.F.O. admstrn., 1923; leader, U.F.O., 1923-24.

DOHERTY, THOMAS KEVILLE, B.A., B.C.L., LL.B.—B. 1858; ed. Prot. Acad., Sherbrooke, Montreal Coll. and Univ. of Bishop's Coll., Lennoxville; priv. sec., Dom. min. of agric., 1896-1099; comsnr. for Can., Internat. Inst. of Agric., dept. of agric., Can., 1910; founder and editor of the "Bulletin of Foreign Agr. Intelligence" 1910-16; editor, foreign section "Agricultural Gaz.," 1916; del. to Internat. Agr. Cong., Madrid, 1911, and Internat. Inst. of Agric., Rome, 1911, 1913 and 1920; has published several analyses of world's food situation.

DONALD, GEORGE HUNTER.—B. 1905; ed. Aberdeen Gram. Schl., Hornsey Schl., Oxford Univ., B.A. (forestry), 1926; asst. conservator, forests, Br. Honduras, Apr., 1927.

DONALDSON, ARTHUR WILLIAM HUNTER, O.B.E., M.B., B.Ch. (Oxon), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), certif. (with distinc.) L.S.T.M.—B. 1881; ed. St. Thomas Hosp., Lond.; B.E.F. (France), Jan., 1915 to Apr., 1919; temp. M.O., Somaliland, in expdn. against Mullah, 1919-20; M.O., Somaliland, 1920.

DONOVAN, THOMAS —B. 1885; ed. Christian Brothers' Coll., Cork; Mediterranean Exped. Force, Apr., 1915-Jan., 1916; B.E.F., Apr.,

1916-June, 1919; Q.M.S., Somaliland pol., Oct., 1919 to Mar., 1923; dist. pol. off., Somaliland, Apr., 1923.

DOORLY, A. N., B.A.—B. 1887; asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Mar., 1913; res. mag., Kenya, 1919; senr. mag., Tanganyika Territory, July, 1923; ag. judge, high ct., in 1923, 1924 and 1925; puisne judge, Zanzibar, 1926.

DOORLY, REV. CHARLES STOKELY, B.A. Selwyn Coll. Camb.—B. 1882; 4th asst. mast., Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad, 1st July, 1911; 3rd asst. mast., July, 1914; 2nd asst. mast., July, 1920.

DOORLY, CHARLES W.—B. 1875; 3rd cls. clk., immigr. dept., Jamaica, 1892; 2nd cls. clk., 1894; Hindustani interpreter, 1897; inspr. of immigrts., 1903; protector of immigrts., 1909; govt. emigrn. agt., Madras, 1913; asst. col. sec., Jamaica, 1922.

DORION, HON. CHARLES EDWARD.—B. 1860; ed. Quebec Seminary; Laval Univ. (L.L.L., 1884); admitted to bar of Prov. of Queb., 1884; practised law in Queb. City until 1911; LL.D., Laval Univ., 1894; prof. of laws, Laval Univ., 1898; and since, prof. of civ. code; judge, superior ct., Prov. of Queb., 1911; judge, ct. of king's bench, 1921.

DORKIN, NORMAN.—B. 1878; O.F.S. govt. rlys., 1897-99; Imp. Mily. Rlys., 1900-02; Cent. S. African rlys., 1903-08; S. African rlys., 1909-14; E. African mily. rlys., 1915-18; Tanganyika rlys., 1919; served in Boer War, 1899-1902, rebellion, S. Africa, 1914-16; E. African forces, 1915-18; ment. twice in desps.; ch. storekeeper, Tanganyika rlys., 1919.

DOUGHTY, ARTHUR GEORGE, C.M.G. (1905), M.A., Litt.D.—B. 1860; priv. sec. to min. of pub. wks., Quebec, Canada, 1896; librarian, Quebec, 1900; Dominion archivist, Canada, 1904; mem. of comen. on War Records and Trophies, Dec., 1913; joint del. to internat. congress of the history of America at Rio-de-Janeiro, Sept., 1922.

DOUGLAS, CAPT. ARCHIBALD BROOK, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1889; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; war serv., 6th Innis. Fus., Sept., 1914 to Mar., 1919; headmast., govt. primary schls., Gold Coast, 3rd Dec., 1919; inspr., schls., 8th Sept., 1921; ag. provl. inspr., schls., 4th Sept., 1922 to 6th Apr., 1923 and from 14th May, 1923.

DOUGLAS, FRANCIS WILLIAM.—B. 1874; passed Malay, Nov., 1896, Pushtu, Sept., 1918 (in India); junr. off., Jan., 1895; sttlmt. off., Batu Gajah, Jan., 1896; ag. asst. dist. mag., Tanjong Malim, Jan., 1896; ag. asst. dist. mag., Batu Gajah, Oct., 1896; ag. dist. off., Kuantan, Mar., 1897; ag. dist. off., Temerloh, Mar., 1898; ag. supt., Ulu Pahang, July, 1899; asst. dist. mag., Tanjong Malim, Feb., 1899; ag. forest off., Perak, Apr., 1900; ag. asst. sec. to res., Apr., 1902; ag. dist. mag., Batang Padang, Apr., 1902; ag. ch. asst. mag., Kinta, Nov., 1902; asst. dist. off., T. Malim, Jan., 1903; ag. ch. asst. dist. off., Batu Gajah, Jan., 1903; ag. asst. dist. off., Larut, May, 1903; ag. supt., govt. plantations in addition, Nov., 1903; asst. dist. off., Ipoh, Mar., 1904; ag. asst. dist. off., Larut, Mar., 1904; dep. ohmn. and sec., sany. bd., Kinta North, Jan., 1905 and Jan., 1907; ag. ohmn., sany. bd., K. Lumpur, and dist. inspr. of prisons, Aug., 1911; ag. res., Labuan, and Br. res., Brunel, Nov., 1913; temp. 2nd lieut., R.A.S.C., Oct., 1915; capt., R.A.S.C., Dec., 1915; demob. with rank of major, July, 1919; ag. dir. of food prodn.,

F.M.S. and S.S., and deputy food contr., F.M.S. and Malacca, Mar., 1920; ag. comsnr. of lands and ag. dir. of food prodn., F.M.S. and S.S., Aug., 1920; supernry. off., cls. I. B. for Unfederated Malay States, June, 1921; dist. off., Klang, July, 1921; contr. rubber expts., S.S. and F.M.S., July, 1923; ag. Br. res., Perak, May, 1927.

DOUGLAS-JONES, C. D., C.M.G. (1920).—Ed. Harrow; priv. sec. to res. comsnr., S. Rhodesia, Aug., 1898; lieut., S. Rhodesia volrs., July, 1908; capt., May, 1910; musketry instructor's certifi., Hythe, 1908; sec. to res. comsnr., Rhodesia, Apr., 1911; ag. res. comsnr., S. and N. Rhodesia, 1st Apr., 1918; res. comsnr., 25th July, 1918 to 30th Sept., 1923; res. comsnr., N. Rhodesia, 1st Oct., 1923; col. sec., Br. Honduras, 4th Aug., 1924; admtd. govt., 15th Sept., 1924 to 13th April, 1925 and from Apr. to July, 1926; col. sec., Br. Guiana, 1926.

DOUGLAS, WALTER JOHN, B.A., LL.B.—Ed. at Trin. Coll. Camb.; admitted solr., 1889; dist. comsnr., Lagos, 1897-1900; admitted solr., Leeward Is., 1901; called to the bar, Inner Temple, Nov., 1903; Leeward Is. bar, Jan., 1904; stip. mag. and coroner, 1st. dist., St. Lucia, Oct., 1907; ag. atty.-gen., St. Lucia, 4th Oct., 1908 to May, 1909; sole assessor of income tax, 1910-1912; stip. mag., Berbice dist., B. Guiana, 1st Apl., 1912; ag. puisne judge, Apr., 1919 to Sept., 1920; mag., Port of Spain, Trinidad, July, 1921; ag. puisne judge, June to Sept., 1922; junr. puisne judge, B. Guiana, June, 1923; ag. ch. just., Aug. to Sept., 1923.

DOWBIGGIN, HERBERT LAYARD, C.M.G. (1926).—B. 1880; inspr. of pol., Ceylon, Jan., 1901; asst. supt. of pol., Apr., 1901; supt. of pol., Feb., 1905; inspr.-gen. of pol., Nov., 1913; on sp. duty, Cyprus, Nov. 1926.

DOWDEN, RICHARD.—B. 1873; M.D., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., Trin. Coll., Dub., 1898; L.M., Rotunda Hosp., Dublin; D.T.M., Liverpool, 1910; med. off., L.C.C.A., Banstead, 1899-1900; med. off., Jamaica, 1900; trans. to F.M.S. 1903; ag. senr. med. off., Perak, 1920; ag. prin. med. off., 1920-21; on active serv., R.A.M.C., 1st May, 1915 to 1st May, 1916; prin. med. off., F.M.S., 4th Nov., 1921; on sp. duty in India, Dec., 1923.

DOWNIE, H. F., B.A. (1912), M.A. (1914).—B. 1889; ed. at Christ's Hospital and Oxford; Lodge exhibnr. (class.) Univ. Coll., 1908-1912; 1st class mods., 1910; 2nd class Lit. Hum., 1912; apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Dec., 1912; on mil. serv. from 5th Aug. to 19th Oct., 1914, and from 10th June, 1915, to 7th Apr., 1918; ag. 1st cls. clk., 3rd Jan., 1919; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

DOWNING, CAPT. GEOFFREY GEORGE DAVID, J.P.—Ed. Corrig Schl., Ireland, Royal Irish Univ., and Royal Coll. of Surgeons, Ireland; served in Cape Mounted Rifles, 1883; Cape pol. (Griqualand West), 1888; Maashonaland expd. (Pioneers), 1890; Dominica defence res., 1904-1914; lieut., Nov., 1914; ag. sub-inspr., Leeward Is. pol., O.C., Montserrat defence force, O.C., local forces, Montserrat, Dec., 1916; ag. sub-inspr., Leeward Is. pol., and off. instr., local forces, Antigua, July, 1917; O.C., Marine Batty., Antigua, Oct., 1917; O.C., flashlight service, Antigua-Montserrat, Jan., 1919; capt., Dominica defence force, 1919; O.C., Dominica defence force, Nov., 1919; manager, Barbuda and receiver of wrecks, Mar., 1920; mag., dist. L. (Barbuda), July, 1921.

DOWSE, THOMAS ALEXANDER.—B. 1875; educ. at Epsom; M.R.C.S. (Eng.); L.R.C.P. (Lond.); D.P.H. (Camb.); mem. R. Inst. of Pub. Health; formerly hse. surg. and res. obstetrical offr., Charing Cross hosp., London; civ. surg., Roy. Mil. hosp., Colchester; surg. to Roy. Nat. Miss. to Deep Sea Fishermen; govt. med. offr., Fiji, 1902-8; port. med. offr., Levuka, Fiji; dist. comsnr., and govt. med. offr., Cockburn Harbour, Turks Island, 1909.

DOYLE, EDWARD ANGEL GAYNES.—B. 1859; M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Lond.; obstet. soc., Lond.; late asst. house surg., Westminster hosp.; joined med. service, Trinidad, 1884; ag. dist. med. offr., 1886; res. surg., San Fernando hosp., Nov., 1892; ag. res. surg., col. hosp., Port of Spain, 1893; res. surg., ditto, 1897; D.M.O., S. Naparima, 1906.

DRAKE, HAROLD WILLIAM.—B. 1889; ed. City of London Schl.; entd. Col. Audit Dept., July, 1904; seconded to W.A.F.F., Oct., 1914 (Nigeria and Cameroons); paymr., Overseas Contingent, W.A.F.F. (G.E.A.); Col. Audit Dept., Aug., 1918; asst. audr., Nyasaland, Mar., 1919; senr. asst. audr., Dec., 1921; ag. audr., Apr. to Oct., 1922 and Apr. to Oct., 1925.

DRAPER, CHRISTOPHER ROBERT BURROUGHS, M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1878; served in S.A. War, 1900-01; asst. native comsnr., N.E. Rhodesia, 14th Oct., 1901; native comsnr., 1st Sept., 1903; collr., N.W.R., 1st Oct., 1905; ag. asst. mag., 6th Nov., 1906 to 22nd Oct., 1911; asst. mag., N.R., 23rd Oct., 1911; has acted as mag. on various occasions between Oct., 1913 and Nov., 1921; mag., 27th Nov., 1921; J.P.

DRAYSON, MATTHEW JOHN, I.S.O. (1926).—B. 1865; apptd., after compet. exam., a clerk in the lower (now 2nd) div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to the C.O., May, 1883; asst. registr., May, 1892; promoted to higher grade 2nd div., July, 1896; seconded for service as chief clerk, col. sec.'s off., Hong Kong, 11th Jan., 1902; acted as clk. of coun., Aug., 1902; ret'd. to C.O. as dep. ch. registr., 22nd July, 1906; asst. acctnt., 27th Sept., 1915; clk. to comsrs. of income tax, C.O., 1915-21; acctnt., 9th Aug., 1927; comsnr. for income tax, D.O. and C.O., 1927.

DRAYTON, HON. SIR HENRY L., KT. BACH. (1915), K.C.—B. 1869; ed. in England and Canada; called to the bar, Ontario, 1891; counsel, railway comtee., Ontario legislature, 1902; counsel for City of Toronto, 1910; Ontario govt. comsnr. on Toronto Power Comn., 1911; ch. comsnr., bd. of railway comsrs., Canada, 1912; resig. to assume portfolio of min. of finance in Union Govt., Aug., 1919; elec. by acclamation for Kingston, Oct., 1919; re-el. for York West, g.e., Dec., 1921; resig. portfolio on defeat of admstr., Dec., 1921.

DRAYTON, ROBERT HARRY, LL.B. (hons.) Lond.—B. 1892; solr. (Eng.); lieut., Devonshire Regt. and Machine Gun Corps, 1914-1918; serv. in France, Jan., 1916 to Sept., 1917; miny. of reconstr. and Lord Chancellor's dept., 1919; treas. solr.'s office, 1919-20; asst. legal sec., govt. of Palestine (continuing as asst. atty.-gen.), Nov., 1920; ag. legal sec., Aug., 1921 to Oct., 1921; ag. atty.-gen., Apr., 1923 to July, 1923 and July, 1924 to Sept., 1924; mem. of advisory and exec. couns., Apr. to July, 1923 and July to Sept., 1924.

DREW, DESMOND, B.A., M.B., B.Ch. (T.C.D.).—Med. offr., Bechuanaland Prot., 1921.

DROWER, E. M., C.B.E. (1923).—B. 1880; admitted solr., 1904; practised, consular cl., Cairo, 1904-6; Sudan bar, 1906-14; served European War, 1914-18; pres. of first instance, Hillah, 1918; Mosul, 1918-19; Basrah, 1919; asst. judicial adviser, Iraq, 1921; tempy. judicial adviser, 1921; govt. counsellor, 1921; miny. to miny. of just., 1922.

DRURY, EDWARD HERBERT MERIVALE, M.B.E. (1918).—Trinity Hall, Camb., 1890; called to the bar, Inner Temp., 1896; priv. sec. to Hon. Sir R. G. W. Herbert, G.C.B., Mar., 1899, to June, 1900; priv. sec. to Govr. Sir C. A. Moloney, K.C.M.G., Windward Is., July, 1900; ditto, Trinidad, Dec., 1900, to July, 1902; admitted to practice at Trinidad bar, July, 1902; ch. clk., col. sec.'s office, St. Helena, Oct., 1902; emigr. agt., Oct., 1902; clk. to ex. coun., Apr., 1903; J.P., Nov., 1902; schl. attndce offr., Aug., 1904; collr. of govt. rents and taxes, Jan., 1903, to Dec., 1906; asst. stip. mag., Nov., 1904; clk. to res. comsnr., Bech. Prot., Jan., 1907; ag. ch. clk. and registrar, June, 1907; J.P., Bech. Prot., 1910; ag. asst. res. mag., Southern dist., 1st Mar. to 30th Nov., 1911; ditto, 7th May, 1912; asst. res. mag., 8th May, 1913; 2nd clk. to asst. comsnr., Southern Prot., 1st May, 1912; asst. res. mag., May, 1913; chmn., Bangwakete and Bakwana schl. comtee., Jan., 1914; marriage offr., Bech. Prot., Oct., 1914; asst. res. mag., N. dist., Bech. Prot., 12th Aug., 1919; ag. asst. comsnr., ditto, Nov., 1920 to June, 1921; ag. res. mag., N. dist., Bech. Prot., Sept., 1921; hon. corres. in Bech. Prot. to Overseas Branch, B. of T., Mar., 1922; ag. res. mag., N. Dist., Bech. Prot., Apr., 1922.

DRURY, NORMAN CHARLES.—B. 1890; asst. printer, E. Africa Prot., 1912-17; govt. printer, Tanganyika Territory, 1917.

DRYBURGH, ALEXANDER MITCHELL.—B. 1895; ed. George Heriot Schl., Edinburgh and Edinburgh Univ. (M.A.); cadet, F.M.S., 15th Oct., 1919; govt. rice agt., Tapah, 15th Mar., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, 1st Sept., 1920; att'd. to Fedl. sect., Nov., 1920; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuantan, Jan., 1921; passed law, Mar., 1921; ag. dist. offr., Jelebu, 1st May, 1921; passed cadet, 28th June, 1921; supernmy. offr., cla. V., Oct., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Kelantan, Aug., 1924; offr., cla. IV., Oct., 1926.

DU BOULAY, ED.—Ag. clk. to audr. and treasr., St. Lucia, Jan. to May, 1890; 4th clk. treasr., Mar. to May, 1892; 3rd clk., May to Dec., 1892; 2nd clk. treasr., and acctnt., Jan., 1893, to Apr., 1894; ag. ch. clk. treasr., Feb. to Nov., 1893; audit clk., Apr., 1894; ag. audr., St. Lucia, Mar. to Sept., 1901; attached to Somerset house for service in W. African colonies, Dec., 1901; local auditor, S. Leone, 24th Apr., 1903; auditor, Cyprus, Apr., 1909; seconded under F.O. for sp. audit, Egypt, 14th Nov., 1922 to 3rd May, 1923 and from 14th Feb. to 23rd May, 1924; treasr., Cyprus, 19th Nov., 1924; mem., exec. and leg. couns., 1924.

DU BOULAY, GEORGE CORNIBERT.—B. 1883; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. audit clk., St. Lucia, 25th Apr., 1899; 3rd clk., govt. office, 1st Aug., 1899; 4th clk. treasr. and customs, 17th Mar., 1903; ag. 2nd clk. treasr., from 17th Mar. to 16th Nov., 1903; chief clk., post office, 16th Jan., 1905; ag. revenue offr. and warden, Gros Islet and Anse La Range districts, Oct., 1907, to Mar., 1908; ag. harb. master, St. Lucia, Sept. 1909; priv. sec. and clk. to gov. of Seychelles, clk. to councils and supt. of printing, 11th Nov., 1912; ag. auditor, 3rd May,

1916; ag. treas. and mem. exec. and legis. couns., Mar. to May, 1919; asst. sec., col. sec.'s off., Gibraltar, Dec., 1919; senr. asst. col. sec., Sierra Leone, Jan., 1922; ag. col. sec. and gov.'s dep. on various occasions, 1924-25; ch. asst. col. sec., Gold Coast, 16th Jan., 1926; ag. col. sec., 11th Apr., 1926; gov.'s dep., 7th June, 1926.

DUNCAN, GEN. SIR JOHN, K.C.B. (1916), C.B. (1910).—B. 1865; lieut., R.A., 1884; capt., 1893; major, 1900; lieut.-col., 1902; col., 1908; major-gen., 1915; lieut.-gen., 1919; gen., 1926; D.A.A.G., Staff Coll., 1905-07; G.S.O., 1st grade, hdqrs. of Army, 1908-10; C.R.A., 3rd divn., 1911-12; S.O. to I.G., Home Forces, 1913-14; served, S. Africa, 1899-02 (desps., brevet lieut.-col., Queen's med., 5 clasps, King's med., 2 clasps); European war, brig.-gen., III. Corps, 1914; maj.-gen., R.A., G.H.Q., 1915; ap. appt., min. of munitions, 1916; commanded XV. Corps.; Br. rep. with Marshal Foch, 1918 (7 times ment. in desps.); master-gen., ordnance, 1920-23; G.O.C.-in-ch., Western command, 1923-24; G.O.C.-in-ch., Br. Army of Rhine, 1924-27; gov. and comdr.-in-ch., Malta, 1927.

DUCKET, ALEXANDER ARMSTONE, M.A. (Cantab).—B. 1890; served in Cambridge Univ. R.E., 1914-16; invalidated; supt., industries, govt. schls., Zanzibar, 1924.

DUDLEY, RT. HON. EARL OF, P.C. (1902); G.C.B. (1911); G.C.M.G. (1908); G.C.V.O. (1903).—B. 1867; L.C.C., a D.L. and co. ald. for Worcester; Lord High Steward of Kidderminster; major, Worcester, I.Y.; served in S. Africa, 1900; parlv. sec. to B. of T., 1895-1902; lord-lieut. of Ireland, 1902-1905; gov.-gen. and comdr.-in-chief of Commonwealth of Australia, 1908 to 1911.

DUFF, SIR H. L., K.B.E. (1918); C.M.G. (1915).—B. 1872; apptd. by F.O., asst. res. B.C. Africa, 1897; resig. from serv., 1903; re-apptd. Apr., 1904; res., 1906; seconded, 1909-10; admitted mem. of Inner Temple, Jan., 1909; 1st cls. hon. constitutional law, 1909; ag. dep.-gov., July, 1910; and Apr. to July, 1911; 1st grade res. July, 1911; sec. to the admstrn., 1912; ch. sec. to govt. and mem. exec. and legis. couns., 1914; served with Nyasaland Field Force, Aug., 1914 to Jan., 1915, mentd. in despatches; served against rebels in Shire Highlands, 1915 (medal and clasp); ch. polit. offr. to Brig.-Gen. Northey, C.B., in operations against G.E. Africa, July, 1916; ag. gov., Nyasaland Prot., 1st Oct., 1918; ret., 1920; author of "Nyasaland under the F.O." 2nd ed.; and a history of Nyasaland in the native dialect, published by the Prot. govt.

DUFF, RT. HON. LYMAN POORE, P.C. (1919), B.A., LL.B. Toronto Univ.—B. 1865; apptd. judge, sup. ct., British Columbia, 1904; judge, sup. ct. of Canada, 1906; cent. appeal judge; Mil. Serv. Act, 1917; dep. of gov. gen., 1926.

DUFFY, HON. FRANK GAVAN, K.C., M.A., LL.B.—B. 1852; ed. at Stonyhurst Coll., and Melbourne Univ.; called to the bar, 1874; judge of the high ct. of Australia, Feb., 1913.

DUMORET, ROWLEY, P.L.—B. 1869; entered Trinidad civ. serv., 1st Jan., 1894; 2nd clk. audit office, 1st Apr., 1912; ch. clk. and acct., G.P.O., July, 1923.

DUNCAN, CLAUDE WOODRUFF.—Clk., govt. sec.'s office, B. Guiana, May, 1899, to Feb., 1901; sub-insp., B. Guiana police, 1st Mar., 1901; passed school of musketry, Hythe, 1901; passed school of instruction, Chelsea Barracks, 1905; dist. inspr. and J.P., 5th May, 1907; ag. country inspr., 28th Jan., 1908, to 30th June, 1909; passed

in Hindi, 1909; in command of special expeditions to Venezuela frontier, Wenamu, Oct. to Dec., 1910, and May to June, 1911; dep. inspr.-gen. of police, Mauritius, 17th Sept., 1912; ag. inspr.-gen. of pol. and supt. of prisons, Nov., 1914, to June, 1915; comanr. of police, Malta, July, 1916; also inspr. of prisons, Oct., 1917; awarded King's police medal, 1st Jan., 1919; inspr.-gen. of police and director of prisons, Southern Provinces, Nigeria, 19th June, 1919.

DUNCAN, PATRICK, C.M.G. (1904).—B. 1870; ed. at Oxford, schol. Ball. Coll.; 1st cls. class. mod., 1891; 1st cls. final class. school, 1893; Craven scholarship, 1890; clk., after compet. exam., incl. rev., 1894; priv. sec. to Sir A. Milner; prin. clk., 1898; treas., Transvaal, 1901; col. sec., 1st Dec., 1903; mem. exec. and legis. couns.; mem. I.C.C.; ag. lieut.-gov., Oct., 1906; M.L.A., for Yeoville; min. of interior, pub. health and educn., 1921-24.

DUNCOMBE, F. A. C.—B. 1880; 4th clk., P.O., Bahamas, 1903; 2nd clk., C.S.O., 1904; clk., record office, 1909; comsnr., 4th div., 1912.

DUNDAS, HON. C. O. F., O.B.E. (1923).—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 4th Sept., 1908; dist. comsnr., Aug., 1914; dist. polit. offr. (with hon. rank of major), German E. Africa, provisional admstrn., 25th Jan., 1916; senr. comsnr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920; ag. asst. ch. sec., 23rd June, 1924; ag. sec. for native affrs., 1926.

DUNEDIN, 3RD BISHOP OF (founded 1864), RT. REV. ISAAC RICHARDS, M.A., D.D.—B. 1859; consec., 1920; ed. Wesleyan Coll., Taunton and Exeter Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1882, M.A., 1885, D.D., 1921; deacon, 1882; priest, 1883; curate of St. Paul's, Truro, 1882-6; vicar, St. Mark's, Remuera, N.Z., 1886-95; warden, Selwyn Coll., Dunedin, 1895-1900; vicar, Tuapeka, 1900-16; vicar, St. John's, Invercargill, 1916-20; canon of St. Paul's, Dunedin, 1896-1916; archdeacon of Queenstown, 1908-16; archdeacon of Invercargill, 1916-20.

D'UNIVILLE, R. M.—B. 1879; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1904; ag. dist. mag. and ag. crown proscr., Mauritius, 1906-11; ag. dist. mag. and substitute master of supreme ct., Oct., 1911; ag. crown proscr., Dec., 1911; ag. addnl. substitute procureur-general, Sept., 1912; legal adviser and crown proscr. and pol. mag., Seychelles, Dec., 1912; ag. chief just., Seychelles, 23rd Mar. to 22nd Aug., 1914; dist. mag., Mauritius, 10th Jan., 1916.

DUNLOP, J. M. M., B.A., LL.D., D.C.L.—Ed. at Trin. Coll., Dublin; barr.-at-law, King's Inns, Dublin, and Inner Temple; dist. comnrr., Lagos, 1900; ag. pol. mag., 1901-2-8; ag. atty.-gen., 1904; ag. ch. asst. col. sec., 1905; ag. atty.-gen., 1906; ditto, S. Nigeria, 1906-7-12; ag. puiane judge, 1906-7-8-9-11-12; ag. solr.-gen., 1909-10-11; atty.-gen., N. Nigeria, 1912; ag. chief just., 1913.

DUNN, C. de S.—Served in South Africa, 1901-1902 (medal and five clasps); S.A.C., 1903-1906; camel constab., Somaliland, 1912.

DUNNING, CHARLES AVERY.—Apptd. Royal Comsnr. by Saskatchewan Govt. to investigate question agr. credits and grain markets in Europe, 1913; dir., food prodn. for Canada, 1918; el. to Sask. legis., 1916; premier, Sask., 1922; min. of rlys. and canals, Canada, 1926.

DUNSTAN, SIR WYNDHAM ROWLAND, K.C.M.G. (1924), C.M.G. (1913).—M.A. (Oxon.);

DIXON, CHARLES WILLIAM, O.B.E. (1924), M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1888; ed. at Clifton and Balliol Coll., Oxford; 1st cl. mods., 1909; 1st cl. Lit.Hum., 1911; apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cl. clk., C.O., 11th Oct., 1911; priv. sec. to Sir G. Fiddes, 8th July, 1917; 1st cl. clk., 1st Jan., 1920; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

DIXON, CAPT. HAROLD PARSON.—B. 1888; ed. Dover Coll. and Merchant Taylors Schl.; mly. serv., 1914-20; served in Salonika, Caucasus and Anatolia; memtd. in desps.; capt., 5th Durham Lt.I., T.A. (Res.), 1921; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1921.

DIXON, CAPT. OSWALD, M.C., M.R.C.V.S.—Veterinary offr., Kenya, Dec., 1912; senr. vety. offr., Apr., 1920.

DOBBS, CECIL MOORE.—Ed. St. Columba's Coll., Rathfarnham, and Trin. Coll., Dublin; B.A. Classics (honours); asst. collr., E. Africa Prot., 25th Oct., 1906; dist. comsnr., 1910; senr. comsnr. (2nd cl.), Jan., 1925.

DOBBS, SIR HENRY ROBERT CONWAY, K.C.S.I. (1921), K.C.M.G. (1925), K.C.I.E. (1921), C.S.I. (1916), C.I.E. (1905), F.R.G.S.—B. 1871; ed. Winchester Coll. (Schl.) and Braenose Coll., Oxford (schl.); ent. I.C.S., 1892; priv. sec. to lieut-gov. N.W.P., 1896-99; polit. serv., Mysore and Baluchistan, 1899-1901; investigated navigation of Euphrates, from latitude of Aleppo to Bagdad, 1902-3; consul for Seistan and Kain, 1903; Br. comsnr., Russo-Afghan boundary, 1903-4; sec. to Kabul mission, 1904; famine comsnr., Rajputana, 1906; dep. sec., foreign dept., 1906; on sp. duty in connec. with visit of Amir of Afghanistan to India, 1906; rev. and judl. comsnr., Baluchistan, 1909, 1911 and 1917; judl. comsnr., N.W. Frontier Prov., Jan., 1914; res. and cons. gen., Turkish Arabia, Oct., 1914; polit. offr. with Mesopotamian Force supervising civ. admstrn. of occupied territories, Jan., 1915 to Aug., 1916; agt. to gov-gen. and ch. comsnr., Baluchistan, Dec., 1917; ch. Br. rep., Indo-Afghan confce., Mussoorie, 1920; head of Br. mission to Kabul, Dec., 1920 to Nov., 1921; high comsnr., Iraq, 15th Sept., 1923.

DOBREE, CLAUDE HATHERLEY, O.B.E. (1924), A.C.A.—B. 1875; acct., treas., N. E. Rhodesia, Oct., 1911; chf. acct., Nov., 1911; audr., Mar., 1913; treas., Feb., 1921; also comsnr. of taxes, Mar., 1921; mem. exec. and leg. couns.; ag. ch. sec., 19th Apr., 1927; J.P.

DODDS, E. W.—B. 1881; clk., treasy., Natal, 1899; clk., treasy., Union of S. Africa, 1910; prin. clk., treasy., Union of S. Africa, 1920.

DODDS, GEORGE WILLIAM, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1881; dep. harbr. engr., June, 1921; harbr. engr., Mar., 1924.

DODDS, HORATIUS BONAR, M.D. Edin.—Med. offr. B.C. Africa Prot., 29th Dec., 1900; ditto, E. Africa and Uganda Prots., 19th Aug., 1903; resigned on account of ill-health; med. offr., St. Vincent, 24th Nov., 1909; med. offr., S. St. Ims., class V., 7th Feb., 1914; class IV., 7th Feb., 1915; ag. grade III, 1st Aug., 1917; ag. senr. surg., Penang, Sept., 1917; med. offr., dist. hosp., Penang, Aug., 1919; med. offr., gen. hosp., Penang, Nov., 1919; ag. radiologist, Singapore gen. hosp. in addn., 10th Sept., 1921.

DODDS, JAMES HUGH HAMILTON.—B. 1880; ed. at private schls. and Eastbourne Coll.; enlisted in I.Y. for serv. in S. Africa, Jan., 1901; reed. coms. as lieut. in I.Y. 12th Oct., 1901; resigned coms. and granted hon. rank of lieut. in the Army, 6th Feb., 1902 (Queen's medal, five clasps);

lieut., S.A.C., 6th Feb., 1902; resident J.P. Transvaal, 7th Mar., 1906; sub-inspr., S.A.C., 1st July, 1906; retrenched from S.A.C., 31st July, 1907; lieut., Bedfordshire I.Y., 1st Nov., 1907; asst. dist. offr., Somaliland Prot., Sept., 1908; dist. offr., Somaliland Prot., Apr., 1910; represented H.M.'s coms. of Somaliland on a mission to Abyssinia, July-Aug., 1910; seconded for service in Abyssinia, to be vice-consul Harar.

DOHERTY, A. G.—Veterinary offr. E.A.P., Sept., 1906; dep. ch. veterinary offr., Kenya, Apr., 1921; ch. vety. offr., 1925.

DOHERTY, RT. HON. CHARLES JOSEPH, P.C. (1920), D.C.L., LL.D.—B. 1855; ed. Christian Brothers School St. Mary (Jesuit) Coll., McGill Univ., all at Montreal; advocate; K.C., 1887; judge of the superior ct., Quebec, 1891 to 1906; elected to H. of C., Canada, 1908; re-elec., 1911 and 1917; representing St. Ann's division, Montreal City; member of the Privy Coun. for Canada and min. of just. in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911, and in National govt., Oct., 1917 to Sept., 1921; signed the Peace Treaty with Germany as rep. of Canada with the Hon. A. L. Sifton, min. of pub. works; del. to League of Nations Assem., 1920 and 1921.

DOHERTY, JAMES.—B. 1889; Imp. cust., 1907; storekeeper and baggage examr., cust. E. Africa Prot., 1912; preventive offr., cust. E.A.P., 1914; inspr., cust. preventive serv., E.A.P., 1918; asst. govt. coast agt., Kenya and Uganda, 1919; ag. coast agt., Kenya and Uganda, Aug. to Dec., 1920 and Sept. to Dec., 1922; govt. coast agt., Kenya and Uganda, 1923; E. African Vol. Arty., 1914-18; "1914-15" Star, War and Victory Medals.

DOHERTY, HON. MANNING W.—B. Ontario, 1875; ed. at Upper Canada Coll. and Ontario Agric. Coll.; post graduate course Cornell Univ., New York State; on staff of Ontario Agric. Coll. for a number of years; for some years has operated farm on which he was born; breeder of Clydesdale horses and Holstein cattle; dir. of the United Farmers of Ontario; min. of agric. in U.F.O. govt., Nov., 1919; re-el., 1923; resigned portfolio on defeat of U.F.O. admstrn., 1923; leader, U.F.O., 1923-24.

DOHERTY, THOMAS KEVILLE, B.A., B.C.L., LL.B.—B. 1858; ed. Prot. Acad., Sherbrooke, Montreal Coll., and Univ. of Bishop's Coll., Lennoxville; priv. sec., Dom. min. of agric., 1896-1909; comsnr. for Can., Internat. Inst. of Agric., dept. of agric., Can., 1910; founder and editor of the "Bulletin of Foreign Agrl. Intelligence," 1910-16; editor, foreign section "Agricultural Gaz.," 1916; del. to Internat. Agrl. Cong., Madrid, 1911, and Internat. Inst. of Agric., Rome, 1911, 1913 and 1920; has published several analyses of world's food situation.

DONALD, GEORGE HUNTER.—B. 1905; ed. Aberdeen Gram. Schl., Hornsey Schl., Oxford Univ., B.A. (forestry), 1926; asst. conservator, forests, Br. Honduras, Apr., 1927.

DONALDSON, ARTHUR WILLIAM HUNTER, O.B.E., M.B., B.Ch. (Oxon), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), certif. (with distinc.) L.S.T.M.—B. 1881; ed. St. Thomas Hosp., Lond.; B.E.F. (France), Jan., 1915 to Apr., 1919; temp. M.O., Somaliland, in expdn. against Mullah, 1919-20; M.O., Somaliland, 1920.

DONOVAN, THOMAS —B. 1885; ed. Christian Brothers' Coll., Cork; Mediterranean Exped. Force, Apr., 1915-Jan., 1916; B.E.F., Apr.,

1916-June, 1919; Q.M.S., Somaliland pol., Oct., 1919 to Mar., 1923; dist. pol. offr., Somaliland, Apr., 1923.

DOORLY, A. N., B.A.—B. 1887; asst. dist. comsnnr., E. Africa Prot., Mar., 1913; res. mag., Kenya, 1919; senr. mag., Tanganyika Territory, July, 1923; ag. judge, high ct., in 1923, 1924 and 1925; puisne judge, Zanzibar, 1925.

DOORLY, REV. CHARLES STOKLEY, B.A. Selwyn Coll. Camb.—B. 1882; 4th asst. mast., Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad, 1st July, 1911; 3rd asst. mast., July, 1914; 2nd asst. mast., July, 1920.

DOORLY, CHARLES W.—B. 1875; 3rd cls. clk., immigr. dept., Jamaica, 1892; 2nd cls. clk., 1894; Hindustani interpreter, 1897; inspr. of immigrts., 1903; protector of immigrts., 1909; govt. emigrn. agt., Madras, 1913; asst. col. sec., Jamaica, 1922.

DORION, HON. CHARLES EDWARD.—B. 1860; ed. Quebec Seminary; Laval Univ. (L.L.L., 1884); admitted to bar of Prov. of Queb., 1884; practised law in Queb. City until 1911; LL.D., Laval Univ., 1894; prof. of laws, Laval Univ., 1898; and since, prof. of civ. code; judge, superior ct., Prov. of Queb., 1911; judge, ct. of king's bench, 1921.

DORKIN, NORMAN.—B. 1878; O.F.S. govt. rlys., 1897-99; Imp. Mily. Rlys., 1900-02; Cent. S. African rlys., 1903-08; S. African rlys., 1909-14; E. African mily. rlys., 1915-18; Tanganyika rlys., 1919; served in Boer War, 1899-1902, rebellion, S. Africa, 1914-15; E. African forces, 1915-18; ment. twice in desps.; ch. storekeeper, Tanganyika rlys., 1919.

DOUGHTY, ARTHUR GEORGE, C.M.G. (1905), M.A., Litt.D.—B. 1860; priv. sec. to min. of pub. wks., Quebec, Canada, 1896; librarian, Quebec, 1900; Dominion archivist, Canada, 1904; mem. of comsnn. on War Records and Trophies, Dec., 1913; joint del. to internat. congress of the history of America at Rio-de-Janeiro, Sept., 1922.

DOUGLAS, CAPT. ARCHIBALD BROOK, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1889; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; war serv., 6th Innis. Fus., Sept., 1914 to Mar., 1919; headmast., govt. primary schls., Gold Coast, 3rd Dec., 1919; inspr., schls., 8th Sept., 1921; ag. provl. inspr., schls., 4th Sept., 1922 to 6th Apr., 1923 and from 14th May, 1923.

DOUGLAS, FRANÇOIS WILLIAM.—B. 1874; passed Malay, Nov., 1896, Puashtu, Sept., 1918 (in India); junr. offr., Jan., 1895; sttlmt. offr., Batu Gajah, Jan., 1896; ag. asst. dist. mag., Tanjong Malim, Jan., 1896; ag. asst. dist. mag., Batu Gajah, Oct., 1896; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, Mar., 1897; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, Mar., 1898; ag. supt., Ulu Pahang, July, 1899; asst. dist. mag., Tanjong Malim, Feb., 1899; ag. forest offr., Perak, Apr., 1900; ag. asst. sec. to res., Apr., 1902; ag. dist. mag., Batang Padang, Apr., 1902; ag. ch. asst. mag., Kinta, Nov., 1902; asst. dist. offr., T. Malim, Jan., 1903; ag. ch. asst. dist. offr., Batu Gajah, Jan., 1903; ag. asst. dist. offr., Larut, May, 1903; ag. supt., govt. plantations in addition, Nov., 1903; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, Mar., 1904; ag. asst. dist. offr., Larut, Mar., 1904; dep. ohmn. and sec. sany. bd., Kinta North, Jan., 1905 and Jan., 1907; ag. ohmn. sany. bd., K. Lumpur, and dist. inspr. of prisons, Aug., 1911; ag. res., Labuan, and Br. res., Brunel, Nov., 1913; temp. 2nd lieut., R.A.S.C., Oct., 1915; capt., R.A.S.C., Dec., 1915; demob. with rank of major, July, 1919; ag. dir. of food prodn.,

F.M.S. and S.S., and deputy food contr., F.M.S. and Malacca, Mar., 1920; ag. comsnnr. of lands and ag. dir. of food prodn., F.M.S. and S.S., Aug., 1920; supernmy. offr., cla. I. B. for Unfederated Malay States, June, 1921; dist. offr., Klang, July, 1921; contr. rubber expts., S.S. and F.M.S., July, 1923; ag. Br. res., Perak, May, 1927.

DOUGLAS-JONES, C. D., C.M.G. (1920).—Ed. Harrow; priv. sec. to res. comsnnr., S. Rhodesia, Aug., 1898; lieut., S. Rhodesia volrs., July, 1908; capt., May, 1910; musketry instructor's certiff., Hythe, 1908; sec. to res. comsnnr., Rhodesia, Apr., 1911; ag. res. comsnnr., S. and N. Rhodesia, 1st Apr., 1918; res. comsnnr., 25th July, 1918 to 30th Sept., 1923; res. comsnnr., N. Rhodesia, 1st Oct., 1923; col. sec., Br. Honduras, 4th Aug., 1924; admtd. govt., 15th Sept., 1924 to 13th April, 1925 and from Apr. to July, 1926; col. sec., Br. Guiana, 1926.

DOUGLASS, WALTER JOHN, B.A., LL.B.—Ed. at Trin. Coll., Camb.; admitted solr., 1889; dist. comsnnr., Lagos, 1897-1900; admitted solr., Leeward Is., 1901; called to the bar, Inner Temple, Nov., 1903; Leeward Is. bar, Jan., 1904; stip. mag. and coroner, 1st dist., St. Lucia, Oct., 1907; ag. atty.-gen., St. Lucia, 4th Oct., 1908 to May, 1909; sole assessor of income tax, 1910-1912; stip. mag., Barbice dist., B. Guiana, 1st Apl., 1912; ag. puisne judge, Apr., 1919 to Sept., 1920; mag., Port of Spain, Trinidad, July, 1921; ag. puisne judge, June to Sept., 1922; junr. puisne judge, B. Guiana, June, 1923; ag. ch. just., Aug. to Sept., 1923.

DOWBIGGIN, HERBERT LAYARD, C.M.G. (1926).—B. 1880; inspr. of pol., Ceylon, Jan., 1901; asst. supt. of pol., Apr., 1901; supt. of pol., Feb., 1905; inspr.-gen. of pol., Nov., 1913; on sp. duty, Cyprus, Nov. 1926.

DOWDEN, RICHARD.—B. 1873; M.D., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., Trin. Coll., Dub., 1898; L.M., Rotunda Hosp., Dublin; D.T.M., Liverpool, 1910; med. offr., L.C.C.A., Banstead, 1899-1900; med. offr., Jamaica, 1900; trans. to F.M.S. 1903; ag. senr. med. offr., Perak, 1920; ag. prin. med. offr., 1920-21; on active serv., R.A.M.C., 1st May, 1915 to 1st May, 1916; prin. med. offr., F.M.S., 4th Nov., 1921; on sp. duty in India, Dec., 1923.

DOWNIE, H. F., B.A. (1912), M.A. (1914).—B. 1889; ed. at Christ's Hospital and Oxford; Lodge exhibnr. (class.) Univ. Coll., 1908-1912; 1st class mods., 1910; 2nd class Lit. Hum., 1912; apdtd. after compet. exam., 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Dec., 1912; on mil. serv. from 5th Aug. to 19th Oct., 1914, and from 10th June, 1915, to 7th Apr., 1918; ag. 1st cls. clk., 3rd Jan., 1919; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

DOWNING, CAPT. GEOFFREY GEORGE DAVID, J.P.—Ed. Corrigan Schl., Ireland, Royal Irish Univ., and Royal Coll. of Surgeons, Ireland; served in Cape Mounted Rifles, 1883; Cape pol. (Griqualand West), 1888; Mashonaland expd. (Pioneers), 1890; Dominica defence res., 1904-1914; lieut., Nov., 1914; ag. sub-inspr., Leeward Is. pol., O.C., Montserrat defence force, O.C., local forces, Montserrat, Dec., 1916; ag. sub-inspr., Leeward Is. pol., and offr. instr., local forces, Antigua, July, 1917; O.O., Marine Batty., Antigua, Oct., 1917; O.C., flashlight service, Antigua-Montserrat, Jan., 1919; capt., Dominica defence force, 1919; O.C., Dominica defence force, Nov., 1919; manager, Barbuda and receiver of wrecks, Mar., 1920; mag., dist. L. (Barbuda), July, 1921.

LL.D. (Aberdeen); F.R.S.; ed. Bedford schl.; lec. and demonstr. of chem. Oxford, 1884-86; prof. of chem., Pharm. Soc., 1886-96; lec. on chem., St. Thomas' Hosp., 1892-1900; sec., chem. soc., 1903-5; vice-pres., 1903-6; pres. section of chem. and agric. science, Brit. Assoc., 1906; mem. of coun., Royal Soc., 1904-7; mem. of advy. comtee. on trop. agric., C.O., 1908, vice-pres., Internat. assoc. of trop. agric., 1907; pres., 1910; pres., Internat. Congress trop. agric., London, 1914; mem. comml. intell. comtee. Bd. of T., 1900-6; dir., scientific and tech. dept., Impl. Inst., 1896-1903; dir., Impl. Inst., from 1903 to 1923; reported on agric. resources of Cyprus for C.O. in 1904, and of Asia Minor in 1907 (reports presented to parlm.); visited Ceylon at request of colonial govt., 1910, and again in 1913; visited Newfoundland at request of colonial govt., 1914; arranged and supervised govt. min. surveys in Ceylon, N. and S. Nigeria and Nyassaland (reports presented to parlm.); author of numerous scientific papers in the Phil. Trans. and Proceedings of Royal Soc., chem. soc., etc., and of tech. reports relating to the utilisation of the resources of the colonies, including "Cotton Cultivation in the Brit. Empire and in Egypt," 1904, "Brit. Cotton Cultivation," 1908; edited "Tech. Reports and Scientific Papers," Impl. Inst., 1903; "Selected Reports" Imp. Inst., 1909 (presented to Parlm.); "Reports on work of Impl. Inst., 1906-14" (presented to Parlm.); "Report on present position of Cotton Cultivation," 1910; editor, Imp. Inst. Handbooks on Commercial Resources of Tropics; author of article, "Rubber," in last edition "Ency. Brit."

DUNSTON, JOHN THOMAS, M.D. B.S., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.—Asst. med. off., Pretoria mental hosp., 1906; physician supt., 1908; comanr. for mental hygiene, Union of S. Africa, and physician supt., Pretoria mental hosp., 1916; neurologist to Pretoria gen. hosp.; lect. in clinical psychiatry, Univ. of Witwatersrand; consulting psychiatrist to Union educn. and prison depts.

DUPONT, P. RIVALZ.—B. 1870; holds diplomas of agric. engrn. (Grignon, France); attached in 1892 to laboratory of Messrs. Sallois & Dupont, Paris; chemist in charge and factory manager, Benares estate, Mauritius, 1894-99; ag. asst. dir., agronomic statn., Mauritius, 1899-1900; on specl. mission to Seychelles in 1900 to investigate guano deposits; curator, botanic station, Seychelles, 1901; conservator of orn. lands, in addition to perm. duties, 1902; on govt. missn. to Ceylon, S. Settlmts., Malay States, Java, Sumatra and India in 1902-03, and again in 1911, to investigate progress in various branches of trop. agriculture.

DU RAND, C. J.—B. 1874; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; sworn translator, sup. ct. of S. Africa, Cape prov. divn.; clk., ch. inspr., pub. wks., Cape, Jan., 1898; clk., comanr. of pub. wks., 1906; clk., admstr's office, Cape, 1911; Gazette editor, Cape, 1912; senr. clk., educn. dept., O.F.S., 1914; inspr. of schl. bd. offices, O.F.S., Jan., 1918; prin. clk., educn. dept., O.F.S., 1919.

DURMAN, F. J.—B. 1882; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. serv., and assigned to C.O., 15th Oct., 1901; ch. clk., col. sec.'s office, Fiji, 7th Oct., 1914; senr. asst. sec., Tanganyika Territory, 18th Aug., 1920; clk., exec. coun., Dec., 1920; ag. asst. ch. sec., Aug., 1921 to Sept., 1922, Apr., 1923 to Dec., 1923 and from Mar. to June, 1924; ag. ch. sec., Dec., 1923 to Mar., 1924; asst. ch. sec., 1920.

DURRANT, F. C. WELLS, M.A.—K.C., 1911; B. 1864; ed. in St. Vincent, Univ. Coll. schl., Lond., and Univ. of Edin.; called to the bar, Mid. Temp., 1886; practised as barr. and solr. in St. Vincent; ag. pol. mag., St. Vincent, 1888; ag. atty.-gen., St. Vincent, 1898; stip. mag. and ag. atty.-gen., St. Lucia, 1902; resig., 1904; atty.-gen., Bahamas, 1909; ag. chief just., July, 1910, May to Aug., 1911, and from May to July, 1913; M.L.C.; ag. col. sec., 25th Mar. to 18th Sept., 1919, from 12th Nov., 1919 to 2nd Feb., 1920 and from 9th Apr. to 14th July, 1920; admstr. govt., 2nd Feb. to 9th Apr., 1920; senr. puisne judge, Jamaica, Nov., 1920; atty.-gen., Feb., 1921; chmn., sugar industry aid bd., 1921-25.

DUSSEK, O. T., B.A.—B. 1886; ed. Eastbourne Coll. and Univ. of London; B.A., London, 1909; mem. of convocation; senr. asst. mast., Alleyne's Grammar Schl., Uttoxeter, 1909-11; senr. asst. mast., High Schl., Malacca, 1912-14; prin., Malay Training Coll., Malacca, 1914-22; prin., Sultan Idris Training Coll., F.M.S., 1922; in addn., asst. dir. of educn. (Malay), and examr. in Malay, Mar., 1924.

DU TOIT, COL. HEINRICH SEBASTIAN DAVEL, U.D.F., D.T.D., M.Sc. (Agric.)—B. 1874; dry land agronomist, dept. of agr., S. Africa, 1912; ch. divn. of extension, 1922; ch. divn. of agri. educn. and extension, 1925.

DU TOIT, MECHEL SEBERT WILD.—Comanr. pol., Orange River Colony, 9th Feb., 1909; dep. comanr., S. African pol., 1st Apr., 1913; dep. comanr., S. African pol. hdqrs., 1st Jan., 1927.

DU TOIT, PETERUS JOHANN, Ph.D. (Zurich), Dr. Med. Vet. (Berlin), B.A. (Cape), F.R.S. (S. Africa).—Senr. vety. offr., vety. research divn., Vryburg, 11th Dec., 1919; sub-dir., vety. educn. and research, Pretoria, 1st July, 1920; dep. dir., vety. educn. and research, Pretoria, 1st July, 1921; dir., vety. services, Pretoria, 1st Apr., 1927.

DU TOIT, STEPHANUS FRANCOIS, LL.B.—B. 1897; ed. Victoria Coll. Stellenbosch and Univ. of C.T.; translator, Union senate, 1920; gent. usher of black rod, 1926.

DU TOIT, S. J., M.A.—B. 1891; ed. Grey Univ. Coll.; vice-prin., Heilbron, Apr., 1920; prin., Dealesville, 1925; inspr. of schls., O.F.S., Apr., 1927.

DUTTON, CHARLES LEONARD O'BRIEN.—B. 1877; ed. Ellesmere Coll. and Bradford Gram. Schl.; clk., Impl. mil. rlys., S. Africa, Dec., 1900; chief clk., fincl. bd. of rly. control, Transvaal and O.R.C., Jan., 1902; chief clk. to high comanr. for S. Africa, Nov., 1904; acted as Impl. sec., Aug., 1913 to Feb., 1914, Nov.-Dec., 1917 and Aug.-Sept., 1918; asst. Imperial sec., Apr., 1919; ag. Impl. sec., May-Nov., 1921; govt. sec., Bechuanaland Prot., Nov., 1923.

DUTTON, ERIC ALDHELM TORLOUGH, M.A.—Ed., Hurstpierpoint, and Kettle Coll., Oxford; served in Gallipoli as Major, W. Yorks Regt. (ment. in desp.); cler. asst. to Asst. Comanr., Quthing, Basutoland, 1918-19; priv. sec. to govt. of Uganda, 1920-22; priv. sec. to govt., Kenya and sec., high comanr., Zanzibar, 1922-25; priv. sec. to govt., Kenya and high comanr., transport, 1925.

DUTTON, ERNEST GODFREY.—B. 1886; clk., Impl. mil. rlys., Apr., 1902; clk., high comanr. for S. Africa, Apr., 1903 to May, 1916; Swaziland service, Apr., 1907; clk. to asst. comanr., Maseru, Basutoland, June, 1916; ch. clk., master of et. and registr., July, 1919; ag. govt. sec., June to Dec., 1923 and Feb. to Oct., 1924; asst. comanr., 1924.

DUTTON, FREDERICK HUGH, M.A., O.B.E. (1927).—Ed. at Kings' sch., Worcester and Hertford Coll., Oxford; elementary sch. teacher under London sch. bd.; principal, Ficksburg govt. sch., O.R.C., 1904-1907; dir. of educn., Basutoland, 1907.

DUTTON, STEPHEN BERNARD.—B. 1881; served in stores dept., C.S.A.R. 1902-3; served in Zululand rebellion, 1906; comptroller of stores, Basutoland, Oct., 1909.

DUTTON, THOMAS EDWARD, M. Inst. T.—B. 1877; traffic supt., Ceylon, 2nd Oct., 1913; designation altered to traffic man., 1916; gen. man., Ceylon Govt. Rly., July, 1923.

DYER, SYDNEY WHITMORE, M.I.E.E., S.A.—B. 1885; ed. City of London sch.; asst. dir., rly., and elec. dept., Zanzibar, 12th Dec., 1911; ag. dir., 17th Apr. to 24th Nov., 1913, 27th Oct., 1915 to 20th Apr., 1916 and from 4th Dec., 1919 to 18th Feb., 1925; immigr. off., 4th Sept. to 21st Dec., 1917; ag. director, 28th Jan. to 3rd Dec., 1919; ag. dir., rly., elec. and wireless tel. depts., 19th Feb., 1925.

DYER, SIR WILLIAM T. THISELTON, M.A., F.R.S., K.C.M.G. (1899), C.M.G. (1882).—B. 1843; Chr. Ch., Oxon, 1873; asst. dir., Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, 1873; dir., 1885; ret., 1906; botan. adviser to S. of S. for Col.

DYKE, HAMILTON WILLIAM.—B. 1881; med. off., Basutoland, 1913; served in European War.

DYKE, KENNETH H., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.).—B. 1892; med. off., Basutoland, 1924.

DYSON, EDWARD TREVOR.—ed. Ruthin Gram. Sch., U.C.W., Aberystwyth (B.A.), and Jesus Coll., Oxford (B.A.). B. 1886; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 26th Nov., 1910; attached to Trincomalee Kacheheri, Dec., 1910; ag. pol. mag., Trincomalee, May, 1911; ag. pol. mag., Puttalam, May, 1912; office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Sept., 1912; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Aug., 1913; ag. pol. mag., Kandy, Apl., 1916; addnl. asst. col. sec., Mar., 1918; 3rd asst. col. sec., May, 1918; pol. mag., Kandy, Sept., 1920; asst. govt. agt., N. Eliya, Feb., 1921; ditto, Jaffna, Dec., 1924; dist. judge, Matara, Mar., 1926; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, May, 1926.

DYSON, HUBERT.—B. 1884; Assoc. M.I.C.E.; ed. at pub. sch. and Leeds Univ.; pupil and asst. to the late Thos. Hewson, M.I.C.E., city and water engr. of Leeds, 1901; asst. to C. C. Hensell, M.I.C.E., water engr., Leeds, 1906; dist. engr., P.W.D., Fiji, 1911; ag. dep. comsn of works, Oct., 1916.

EADIE, DAVID.—B. 1868; ed. at Glasgow; telegraphist, Impl. serv., Glasgow, 1885; transfd. to Cape serv. (posts and tels.), 1889; asst., Graaff Reinet, 1889; postmr., Barkly West, 1893; transfd., law dept., 1895; clk. to civ. comsnr. and res. mag., Cradock, 1895; East London, 1896; Kenhardt, 1897; asst. mag., East London, 1898; clk., Cape pol., Kimberley, 1899; ag. civ. comsnr. and res. mag., Gordonia, 1900 (continued 1903); ag. comsnr. and res. mag., Herschel, 1904; mag. and collr. of cust., Walfish Bay, 1905; civ. comsnr. and res. mag., Peddie, 1907; seconded for serv., German S.W. Africa, 1916; insp. mag. and insp. of prisons, 1920; pub. serv. insp., 1921; civ. comsnr. and res. mag., Port Elizabeth, 1923.

EAGLESOME, SIR JOHN EGAN, K.C.M.G. (1916), C.M.G. (1905).—M. Inst. C.E.; served in P.W.D., rlys., India, 1890; recd. thanks of Indian govt., Khojak tunnel, 1892, Godavari bridge, 1900; services lent to C.O., 1st Sept.,

1900, as D.P.W., Northern Nigeria; in charge of Baro-Kano rly. from 1907; dir. of rlys. and works, Nigeria, 1912; ret. 1919.

EALLES, SHIBLEY, O.B.E. (1922).—B. 1883; served throughout S. African war, 1899-1902; 2nd cls. clk., govt.'s office, Transvaal and O.R.C.; 7th July, 1902; 1st cls. clk., 1st July, 1904; transfd. to Basutoland service and attached to office of high comsnr. for S. Africa, 1st July, 1908; prin. clk., Dec., 1911, and asst. Impl. acctant, Apr., 1915; chief clk., Apr., 1919; mem. of comsn. to enquire into establishments, etc., in Bechuanaland Prot., Basutoland and Swasiland, 1921-22; ag. asst. Imp. sec., May-Nov., 1921 and Mar.-Sept., 1922; asst. Imp. sec. and ch. clk., 1923; ag. Imp. sec., Aug.-Dec., 1926.

EALLES, STANLEY YORK, O.B.E. (1924).—B. 1886; clk. Imp. Mily. Rlys., 1901; refugees' aid dept., 1902; C.S.A. Rlys., 1903; patents office, Transvaal, 1903; exec. and legis. couns., 1904; agr. dept., Transvaal, 1906; treasury, Union of S. Africa, 1917; prin. clk., 1921; custodian of enemy property, 1922; ch. clk., high comsnr's office, London, 13th May, 1927.

EARLE, HUGH J. M.—B. 1896; ed. Cheltenham; on war service, 1914-19; capt., 4th Batt. Essex Regt., 1918; ent. dept. of lands and mines, B. Guiana, 2nd Aug., 1921; 6th cls. clk., secretariat, 1st Mar., 1922; sec. for sp. duty in connexion with Georgetown disturbances, 1924; ag. A.D.O. to O.A.G., May-Nov., 1925; cadet, admstrv. serv., Nigeria, 1927.

EARLE, SIR LIONEL, K.C.B. (1916); C.I.E. (1911); C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1866; ed. at Marl. Univ. of Göttingen and Paris, and Merton Coll., Oxford; asst. sec. to royal comsn. on Paris exhibn., 1898-1900; ag. 2nd sec. of embassy, 1900; priv. sec. to lord-lieut. of Ireland, 1902-1903; priv. sec. to lord pres. of the coun. (Earl of Crewe), 1907; priv. sec. to S. of S. for the colonies (Earl of Crewe), Apr., 1908; priv. sec. to S. of S. for the colonies (Mr. Lewis Harcourt), Nov., 1910; sec. to H.M. Office of Works, 1912.

EASTWOOD, CHRISTOPHER GILBERT.—B. 1905; scholar of Eton, 1917 and of Trinity Coll., Oxford, 1923; apptd. to C.O. as asst. prin. after compet. exam., 2nd Nov., 1927.

EATON, BERTIE JAMES, F.I.C., F.C.S., O.B.E. (Mily. Div., 1919).—B. 1883; ed. Dorchester Gram. Sch., Finsbury Tech. Coll. (City and Guilds of London Inst.) and Birkbeck Inst.; asst. research chem., Imperial Institute, 1904-06; govt. chem., F.M.S., 1906-10; ag. dir. of agr., F.M.S., May-Nov., 1910; govt. agr. chem., F.M.S. and S.S., 1910; del. to Internat. Rubber Congress and Exhibn., Batavia, 1914; recvd. thanks of the S. of S. and the Govt., F.M.S., for re-researches on rubber, 1918; ag. dir. of agr., F.M.S. and S.S., May, 1921 to Feb., 1922; 2nd lieut., gen. list, adjutant, Civ. Guard, Kuala Lumpur, Aug., 1916; lieut., M.V.I.; O.C., M.V.I., Selangor, 1917; major, M.V.I., Jan., 1923; author of "The Preparation and Vulcanisation of Plantation Rubber," "The Cultivation and Preparation of Camphor in F.M.S.," contribns. on rubber researches to the Society of Chemical Industry, numerous articles on tropical agr., industries, etc., to the Agr. Bulletin, F.M.S. and other journals.

EAVES, LIEUT.-COLONEL FREDERICK, D.S.O., T.A. (Res.), Barrister-at-Law.—B. 1881; admitted solr. (Eng.), 1908; 2nd lieut., 5th King's Own (T.F.), 1908; served France, 1915-19; commd. 5th King's Own at battles of "Second Ypres" and "Loos," 1915; 1/5th Loyal N. Lancs. at

"Messines," 1917 and "Cambrai," 1918; 18th Cameronians at Escourt, 1918; 8th Scottish Rifles in Rhine Army and Ireland 1919; C.M.O.N., Ireland, 1921-22; D.S.O., 1916; ment. in desps. three times; asst. land offr., Hong Kong, 1922; called to bar (Gray's Inn), 1923, J.P., Hong Kong, 1923; ag. land offr., 1924 and 1927.

EBDEN, WILLIAM SYDENHAM.—B. 1887; ed. Clifton and Gonville and Caius Coll., Camb.; class. tripos, 1909; cadet, S. Sttlms., 1911; ag. 4th mag. and asst. dist. judge, Singapore, 1912; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, 1912; ag. asst. to res., Malacca, 1913; 2nd lieut., Jan., 1915; lieut., Salonika Front; wounded and p. of w., Bulgaria; dist. offr., Ulu Langat, F.M.S., 1920; ag. sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, Aug., 1920.

ECCLLES, WILLIAM HUNTER.—Ed. St. Paul's Schl., London; clk., educn. office, Trinidad, 1st Apr., 1907; clk. to comsrs. of currency, 18th June, 1908; customs, 30th Jan., 1911; temp. sub-inspr. of pol., Nov., 1914, to Feb., 1915; 2nd lieut. for milly. serv., Feb., 1915; lieut., Mar., 1917; temp. capt., Apr., 1917; served at Dardanelles with M.E.F., Sept.-Dec., 1915, and with E.E.F., Jan., 1917, to Feb., 1919; returned to cust., Trinidad, July, 1919; on sp. mil. duty to B. Guiana, 22nd Aug. to 1st Sept., 1919, and in Trinidad, 25th Sept. to 1st Oct.; asst. recr.-gen., Gambia, 7th Oct., 1919; relinquished comn. with rank of capt., 1st Sept., 1921; A.D.C. and driv. sec. to Mr. G. Gwyn, 15th to 22nd Sept., 1921 and to Mr. C. R. M. Workman, 23rd Sept., 1921 to 19th Jan., 1922; ag. clk., exec. coun., 15th Sept., 1921 to 19th Jan., 1922; offr.-in-charge, posts and tels. dept., 29th Feb. to 1st July, 1924; offr.-in-charge, cust. on various occasions between 1923 and 1928.

ECKHARDT, HENRY CHARLES.—B. 1877; ed. London and St. John's Coll., Cambridge; B.A. Cantab.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1899; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ulu Langat, June, 1900; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Jan., 1901; ag. sec., sany. bd., Kuala Lumpur, May, 1901 and May, 1902; passed cadet, Apr., 1902; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Sept., 1902; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Jan., 1903; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1903; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, May, 1903; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, Aug., 1903; 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar; offr., cls. V., Jan., 1906; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Mar., 1906, Aug., 1907 and Aug., 1909; ag. dist. offr., Pekan, Aug., 1906; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Apr., 1909; ag. adviser, Perlis, Nov., 1911; offr., cls. IV., Jan., 1912; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1917; offr., cls. II., Jan., 1919; sec. to high commr., Jan., 1921; ag. Br. adviser, Trengganu, Feb., 1921; dist. offr., Lower Perak, June, 1922; ag. adviser, lands, Kedah, Mar., 1923; ag. Br. adviser, Kedah, Nov., 1923; offl. assignee and pub. trustee, F.M.S., Dec., 1923; ag. Br. adviser, Kelantan, Apr., 1924.

EDEN CHARLES WILLIAM GUY.—Served in col. audit dept., 1894-1899; asst. treas., Entebbe, Uganda Protectorate, 11th Sept., 1899; transfd. to admnstr. as asst. collr., May, 1901; collr., 14th Sept., 1904; prov. comsnr., 1st April, 1912.

EDGCUMBE, JOHN AUBREY PEARCE, C.B.E. (1920).—B. 1886; ed. Winchester Coll. and Magdalene Coll., Cambridge (schol.); cls. I., class. tripos; ent., B. of T., 1910; national health insurance coms., 1912; war trade statistical dept., 1916; dir., 1918; attended Peace Confce., Paris, 1919; asst. dir., D.O.T., since 1919; att'd. as economic adviser to staff of Adml. Sir F. Field,

commdg. sp. service squadron during Empire cruise, 1924; priv. sec. to Mr. L. C. M. Amery, S. of S. for the Cola., 20th Nov., 1924.

EDGINTON, EDWIN.—B. 1886; sorting clk. and telegraphist, Imp. serv., 1908; resigned, Jan., 1912; re-apptd., Dec., 1912; dist. survr., posts and telegs., G. Coast, Oct., 1913; senr. dist. survr., Feb., 1917; served as offr. in ch. posts and telegs., Br. Zone, Togoland, Nov., 1916 to Aug., 1917; postmsr., Cyprus, Feb., 1920; P.M.G., Trinidad, 1922; divnl. survr., posts and tels. dept., Nigeria, 1927.

EDMOND, J. J. B., M.C., M.B., CH.B. (Edin.).—R.A.M.C., July, 1916 to Aug., 1919; med. offr., Trans-Zambesia Rly. constrn., Portuguese E. Africa, July, 1920 to Dec., 1921; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 30th June, 1922.

EDMONDS, B. D.—B. 1895; on milly. serv., 7th Aug., 1914 to 5th Dec., 1919; awarded Milly. Med.; temp. clk., C.O., 2nd Feb., 1920; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 5th Nov., 1921; ag. clerical offr., higher grade, 3rd Feb., 1928.

EDMONDS, EDWARD REGINALD.—B. 1901; matric., London Univ., June, 1921; entered C.O., 1917; apptd. after exam., asst. clk., 23rd Apr., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; clk., P.W.D., Uganda, 1926.

EDWARDES, H. S. W.—B. 1879; ed. privately; S.S. "Conway," 1893-4; served in S. Africa with 62nd I.Y. (medal and four clasps) 1900-1901; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 18th Nov., 1906; 3rd cls. res., 9th Feb., 1909; in charge of Bida Emirate from May, 1910; ag. in charge, Niger Prov., 1st-31st May, 1911.

EDWARDS, MAJOR-GENERAL SIR ALFRED HAMILTON MACKENZIE, C.B.—Served in 1st Dragoon Guards, Jan., 1883, to Apr., 1892; adjutant, Behar Light Horse Volunteers, India, Apr., 1892, to Apr., 1897; 1st and 5th Dragoon Guards and Imperial Light Horse, Apr., 1897, to Oct., 1900; Hazara (N.-W. Frontier, India), 1888, asst. prov. marshal (ment. in desps., medal and clasp); commanded Imperial Light Horse, S. African war, Nov., 1899, to June, 1900; dist. comsnr., Potchefstroom and Krugersdorp dists., June to Oct., 1900; commanded "A" division, S.A.C., Oct., 1900, to end of war (ment. in desps. Queen's medal, 4 clasps, King's medal, 2 clasps); substantive lt.-col. in the army, dated 29th Nov., 1900; commdt., Transvaal volunteers; left the service, 1906; A.A.G., Northern com., India, 1906-7; chief constable, metrop. police, 1907-12; comdt.-gen., Rhodesian forces, 1912; ret. 1st Apr., 1923.

EDWARDS, CAPT. D. M.A., LL.B. (Aberdeen).—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, June, 1921; called to Scottish bar, Nov., 1924; registr., sup. ct., Kenya, Aug., 1924.

EDWARDS, WILLIAM MAXWELL.—Examr., diagrams, survr.-gen's. office, Transvaal, Jan., 1903; professional asst., survr.-gen's. office, Transvaal, Apr., 1912; survr.-gen., O.F.S., Sept., 1922.

EDWARDS, WILLIAM STUART.—B. 1880; called to the bar, Ontario, Sept., 1909; legal offr., dept. of justice, Canada, Nov., 1910; sec. of dept. of justice, 1913; asst. dep. min., of justice, 1914; dep. min. of justice, 1924.

EGAN, ALEXANDER HOWARD, B.A., Trinity Coll., Dublin.—B. 1889; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Dec., 1912; attached to Batticaloa Kachcheri, Jan., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., Eastern Prov., Aug., 1913; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Apr., 1915; pol. mag., Balapitiya, Nov., 1916; ditto, Matara, Apl., 1917; office asst. to

govt. agt., W. Prov., Oct., 1917; attached to censor's office, Apl., 1918; office asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., May, 1920; ag. dist. judge, Tangalla, June, 1920; pol. mag., Galle, Mar., 1922; asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, Mar., 1923; asst. sttlmt. offr., Dec., 1924; ag. dist. judge, Kurunegala, May to June, 1927.

EGERTON, SIR WALTER, K.C.M.G. (1905), C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1858; ed. Tonbridge Schl.; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Oct., 1880; asst. to the Chinese prot., Jan., 1881; mag., Singapore, Jan., 1881; passed final exam., Malay, May, 1882; collr. of land rev., Penang and P.W., Jan., 1883; 2nd mag. of pol., Penang, May, 1883; also official assignee under the Bankruptcy Ordinance (Sept., 1883); ag. sen. dist. offr., Butterworth, P.W., Apr., 1890; a.J.P. and coroner for S. Sttlmts., and a visiting justice for Penang; offr. in char., Sungei Ujong, July, 1893; ag. res., Pahang, May to July, 1894; offl. assignee and reglar. of deeds, Singapore, June, 1896; inspr. of prisons, S. Sttlmts., May, 1897; dep.-pres. of mun. comsrs., Singapore, Mar., 1897; 1st mag., Penang, Apr., 1897; ag. 1st mag., Singapore, Jan., 1898; ag. res. councillor, Malacca, Mar., 1898, and Mar., 1899; 1st mag., Singapore, Oct., 1898, but continued to act as res. coun.; ag. col. treas., S.S., Nov.-Dec., 1898; ag. col. sec., S.S., Apr., 1900; ag. res. councilr., Penang, Feb. to Apr., 1901; ag. col. treas., S.S., Aug.-Oct., 1902; res., Neg. Semb., Aug., 1902; high comsnr., S. Nigeria, Nov., 1903; and gov., Lagos, 30th July, 1904; govr. and comdr.-in-chief of the amalgamated colony and prot. of S. Nigeria, 1st Mar., 1906; represented W. African Colonies and Prots. at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., 1911; gov., B. Guiana, 5th Mar., 1912; retired, Mar., 1917.

EHRHARDT, ALBERT, K.C.—B. 1862; ed. King Edward's High Schl., B'ham., and Woror. Coll., Oxford; graduated with honours in mods. and lit. hum., 1886; Inner Tem. schlrshp., common law, 1888; called to bar, 1889; dist. comsnr., Lagos, 1896; travelling comsnr. on the E. bndry., Aug., 1897; ag. res. of Ibadan, 1898; ag. treas. and mem. exec. and legis. couns., June, 1900; ag. att.-gen., Sept., 1900; rly. comsnr. at Aro, June, 1901; ag. treas., Aug., 1901, to Mar., 1902; ag. atty.-gen., Mar. to June, 1902; apptd. res., Ibadan, Feb., 1902; apptd. col. treas., May, 1902; atty.-gen., Fiji, mem. ex. and leg. coun., May, 1903; apptd. as comsnr. to produce revised edition of ordinances of the colony, 1903; ag. ch. just., May to Oct., 1904; produced revised edition of ordinances, 1906; ag. ch. jus. and ch. jud. comsnr. of W. Pacific High Comen., 1907; chmn. of comen. to inquire into customs duties and admstn., 1907; 2nd puisne judge, E.A.P., Apl., 1914; temp. asst. legal adviser, C.O., 1920.

ELDER, WILLIAM ALEXANDER, O.B.E. (1925).—B. 1881; ed. Reading and Edinburgh; graduated M.R.C.V.S., 1902; F.R.C.V.S., 1914; served in S. African war as civ. vet. surg. with army vet. serv., 1902-3; vet. offr., Swaziland admstn., May 1903; prin. vet. offr., 1919.

ELEY, HAMAR JOSEPH.—B. 1894; ed. Burton-on-Trent and Queen's Coll., Camb. (math. tripos, pt. I); O.T.C., Camb.; 2nd lieut., 13th Bn. Sherwood Foresters, Feb., 1915; served, Suva Bay, Egypt and France; wounded, Sept., 1916; dia. charged, Apr., 1918; cadet, Malayan civil service (S.S.), Mar., 1920; collr. of income tax, Singapore, May, 1920; ag. res., Labuan, 5th Oct., 1921; passed cadet, 14th Mar., 1922.

ELLIOT, EDWARD CARLYON.—B. 1870; ed. Bradfield Coll. and Uppingham; apptd. 5th class clk., govt. secretariat, B. Guiana, 1896;

seconded ag. clk. to govt. agent, N.-W. dist., Br. Guiana, for periods 1896 to 1899; 4th class clk., govt. secretariat, 1899; pay and quartermr. to Hausa force, Gold Coast Col., 1900; apptd. senior asst. treas., Oct., 1902; dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 5th May, 1905, with powers of travelling comsnr., 1906; provincial comsnr., 18th Oct., 1907; transf'd. to Tobago as warden and stipendiary J.P., Feb., 1911; title changed to comsnr. and warden, Tobago, from April, 1913; res. comsnr., Gilbert and Ellice Island Protectorate, May, 1913; priv. sec. to the gov. gen. of Australia during leave, June, 1916 to Jan., 1917; asst. ch. sec., Uganda, May, 1921; ag. ch. sec. and dep. to gov., June, 1921; ag. gov., Uganda, Aug., 1922; admtsr., Dominica, 1923; assumed office, 9th July, 1923.

ELLENBERGER, JULES, C.M.G. (1925), I.S.O. (1922).—B. 1871; ed. Lycée, St. Louis, Paris and Lovedale, S. Africa; clk. to asst. comsnr., Bech. Prot., 1890; interpreter to concessions coman., Bech. Prot., 1893; ditto to Sir S. Shippard's boundy. comsnn., 1894; J.P., 1893; asst. mag., 1898; served in S. African war, including relief of Mafeking; asst. comsnr., So. dist., Bech. Prot., 11th July, 1902; mem., Sir R. Williams sp. mission to N'gamiland, 1906; sp. comsnr., N'gamiland and res. mag., N. dist., Bech. Prot., 1908; ag. res. comsnr., Jan. to Feb., 1920; on sp. duty N'gamiland and Ghanzi, Dec., 1920 to Apr., 1921; ag. res. comsnr., May-Nov., 1921 and 1st Oct. to 11th Nov., 1923; res. comsnr., Bech. Prot., 12th Nov., 1923; granted local rank of lieut.-col., 1925.

ELLENBERGER, VIVIEN FREDERIC.—Clk. to res. comsnr., Bech. Prot., 1915; passed 2nd grade Secwana exam., 1919; sub-inspr., Bech. Prot. pol., 1920.

ELLES, BEETRAM WALTER.—B. 1877; ed. at Marlborough and King's Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1899; cadet, F.M.S., 1900; ag. collr., land rev., Matang, 1902; passed final exam. in Malay, passed cadet, 1903; ag. 2nd asst. sec. to res. genl., 1903; ag. sec. to res., N. Sembilan, 1906; ag. ohmn. and sec., sany. bd., Kinta North, 1910; ag. supt., convict estab., and inspr. of prisons, F.M.S., 1915; ag. asst. to res., Malacca, 1917; ag. collr. of land rev., Seremban, 1918; ag. res., N. Sembilan, in addition, Jan. to Mar., 1919; ohmn., sany. bd., K. Lumpur, 1921; sec. to res., Perak, 1923; ag. comsnr., lands, F.M.S., Mar., 1925; comsnr., lands, F.M.S., Dec., 1925; ag. sec., agr., S.S. and F.M.S., in addn., Dec., 1925; ag. Br. res., Perak, Feb., 1926; ag. sec., agr., S.S. and F.M.S., Apr., 1926; ag. Br. res., Negri Sembilan, Mar., 1927.

ELLIOT, JOHN AUGUSTUS GILBERT.—B. 1881; Lieut. reserve of officers; ed. privately and at Edin. Univ.; enlisted in C.I.V. (M.I.) for S. African war, Jan., 1900; 2nd lieut. R. Scots Fus., Aug., 1900; dangerously wounded at battle of Frederikstad, Oct. 1900; 1st lieut., May, 1903; served with 8th and 4th regts. of M.I., S. Africa, 1903-4; intell. dept., S. Africa, 1904-1906; re-joined 2nd R. Scots Fus., Salisbury Plain, June, 1906; M.I. certif.; musk. certif., Hythe, 1907; pub. health certif., Edin. Univ., 1908; asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., 14th Apl., 1909; dist. comsnr., Oct., 1917.

ELLIOTT, JOHN CAMPBELL, B.C.L., D.C.L., K.C.—Elec. Ontario legis., Canada, 1908-14; House of Commons, Canada, 1925; min. of pub. wks., 1926.

ELLIS, CAPT. FREDERICK ROBBINS, M.C., T.D.—B. 1891; ed. Blundell's Schl., Tiverton; 2nd lieut., 4th batt., Duke of Cornwall's Light Infy.;

M.C.; served in Mesopotamia with 2nd Dorset Regt., 1915-16; prisoner of war on capitulation of Kut-el-Amarah, 1916; escaped from custody, 1918; W.O. staff, 1919; Siberia, 1919; passed solrs. final exam.; junr. adminis. offr., S. Leone, 1920; A.D.C. and priv. sec. to gov., Jan. to Apr., 1921; J.P., 1921; ag. asst. col. sec., 1921; ag. comanr., pol., 1921; ag. dist. comanr., headqrs. dist., 1921-23.

ELLIS, JOHN MEDLICOTT.—B. 1895; ed., Halsebury and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge (schl.); served, Royal Warwickshire Regt., 1914-19; asst. sec., ch. sec's. office, Cyprus, June, 1919; passed exam. in mod. Greek, March, 1920 and Turkish, 2nd July, 1921; ch. asst. sec., 1st July, 1922; ag. ch. sec., 27th June to 13th July, 1923, 16th to 29th Apr. and 27th June, 1924 to 30th Apr., 1925; ag. col. sec., 1st-17th May, 1925 and from 27th June, 1926 to 3rd Jan., 1926; col. sec., Falkland Is., 18th Aug., 1926.

ELLIS, LEON MACINTOSH, B.Sc. (F.) Toronto (1911), F.R.G.S.—B. 1887; ed. Collegiate Inst., West Toronto and Univ., Toronto; served with Canadian and British Expyd. Forces, France, 1916-19; associated with British forestry coman. (Scotland), 1919; dir., forestry and state forest serv., N.Z., 1920.

ELLIS, CAPT. R. FAIRFAX.—B. 1876; ed. at Beaumont Coll., Old Windsor; joined 5th Batt. Roy. Fus., 1897; seconded for service under Roy. Niger Co., May, 1899; served with 2nd N. Nigeria Rifles, Jan., 1900, to Nov., 1901; asst. comanr., N. Nigeria police, 21st Jan., 1906.

ELLIS, WALTER DEVONSHIRE, O.M.G. (1919)—B. 1871; ed. at Winchester and New Coll., Oxon; scholar, 1890-1895; prox. acc. Hertford Univ. scholarship, 1891; 1st class classical mods., 1892; Univ. jun. Greek testament prize, 1893; 1st class literæ humaniores, 1894; B.A., 1894; M.A., 1897; chancellor's prize, Latin essay, 1895; apptd., after compet. exam., to be a clk. in the C.O., Apr., 1895; priv. sec. to Lord Selborne, June, 1897; 1st class clk., 1899; prin. clk., 1st Feb., 1909; mem. of Indian emigr. comtee., 1909; mem., W. African lands comtee., 1912; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920; deleg. to Imp. Forestry Confee., 1920.

ELLIS, HON. WM. J.—M.H.A., Ferryland, Newfoundland, 1904; mayor of St. John's, 1912; M.L.C., 1917; M.E.C., 1917; minister without portfolio, 1918.

ELLISON, F. O'BRIEN, M.D., B.S., B.A.O.—B. 1879; prof. of physiology and registr., Ceylon Med. Coll., 22nd Oct., 1923.

ELPHINSTONE, SIR H. G., BART.—Asst. dist. comanr., Kenya, June, 1921.

ELPHINSTONE, LANCILOT HENRY, K.C.—B. 1879; ed. Eton and Trin. Coll., Camb.; called to the bar, Lincoln's inn, 1904; atty.-gen., B. Honduras, 1913; solr.-gen., Trinidad, 1919; atty.-gen., Tanganyika Territory, 1921; pulsine judge, designate S. Stitlmte., 1924; ag. solr. gen., Ceylon, June, 1924; atty.-gen., Oct., 1924.

EMBURY, BRIG.-GEN. HON. JOHN FLETCHER LEOPOLD, C.B. (1919), O.M.G. (1916), K.C.—B. 1875; ed. Toronto Univ. and Osgoode Hall, Tronoto; served European War, 28th Can. Inf., 13th Inf. Bde., 2nd Inf. Bde., Can. Contingent; Br. G.H.Q., France (Canadian sec.), 1914-19; ment. in desps. three times, C.B., C.M.G.; judge of King's Bench, Saskatchewan, 1918.

EMBURY, W. E.—B. 1898; on mil. serv., Oct., 1916 to Dec., 1919; temp. clk., O.S.O., Dec., 1919; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., 8th Nov., 1921.

EMERSON, HON. CHARLES H., K.C.—B. 1864; M.H.A., Newfoundland; elected for Burgeo and La Poile, 1900, Fortune Bay, 1908 and 1909; mem. exec. coun. without portfolio, 1909; registr. supreme ct., 1917.

EMLEY, E. D.—Asst. dist. comanr., Kenya, Apr., 1921.

EMMENS, JOHN HOWARD.—B. 1881; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to C.O., 11th Mar., 1901; conf. clk., 1st Jan., 1918; depl. asst., 1st Apr., 1922.

EMTAGE, O. DE C., M.A.—Ed. Harr. Coll., Barbados; Barbados scholar, 1886; scholar, Wore. Coll., Oxon, 1887; 1st class math. mod., 2nd cls. finals, 1890; hon. nat. sc. schools, 1891; asst. mast., Harr. Coll., 1891; examiner, 2nd grade schools, Barbados, 1891-1902; ditto, gram. school, St. Lucia, 1894-95; ditto, Grenada, 1897-98; headmaster, The Lodge School, 1899.

ENGLAND, WILLIAM WENTWORTH.—Entd. govt. ser., Antigua, 1st. Feb., 1907; clk. to registr.-gen. of births and deaths; ag. treasury offr., Montserrat, 11th Jan. to 30th Dec., 1908; ag. clk. to comanr., Virgin Is., 5th Mar. to 26th Aug., 1909.

ENSLIN, J. F., B.A.—B. 1887; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; vice-prin., Heilbron, 1916; prin., Lindley, 1st July, 1918; prin., Heilbron, 1924; inspr., schls., O.F.S., Jan., 1928.

ENSTICE, EDWIN JOHN.—B. 1888; on mil. serv. with 4th Hants Regt., 4 years 11 months in Mesopotamia, etc.; twice ment. in desps.; short-hand instr. and office asst. to dir., educn., Gold Coast, 28th July, 1920.

ERAUT, WALTER, M. Inst. C.E.—B. 1874; ed. Aske's Haberdashers' Company's Schl. and Imperial Coll. of Science; engrng. asst., Crown Agents, Mar., 1901; asst. head, engrng. contracts dept., 1913; ch. engrnr., contracts, 1922.

ERNST, NOEL EDWARD.—B. 1891; cadet, local division, Ceylon civ. ser., May, 1912; attached to Ratnapura Kachcheri, May, 1912; Trincomalee Kach., Mar., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., July, 1913; pol. mag., Jaffna and Kays, Nov., 1914; pol. mag., Arisawella, June, 1915; asst. comanr. of excise, Nov., 1916; pol. mag., Gampola, Mar., 1918; office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Nov., 1918; ag. dist. judge, Batticaloa, July, 1921; pol. mag., Galle, Oct., 1924.

ESPEUT, CLAUDE VYVIAN ARMIT, M.I.C.E.—Ed. at St. Paul's schl., London, and Crystal Palace schl. of engineering; asst. engrnr., Lagos govt. rly., 1900-1901; dist. engrnr., Gold Coast govt. rly., 1901-04; exec. engrnr., P.W.D., E. Africa Prot., 9th June, 1905; ag. asst. dir. of pub. wks., 1908 and 1909; D.P.W., Uganda Prot., 28th Jan., 1911; D.F.W., Jamaica, 29th Aug., 1921; D.P.W., F.M.S., 1st. Mar., 1925.

ESSON, COL. JAMES JACOB, O.M.G. (1916).—B. 1869; ed. provincial schls. and privately; served with N.Z. Expyd. Force, Egypt, Gallipoli, France (ment. in desps.), 1914-16; lieut.-col. and A.Q.M.G., 1914; col. commdt., Egypt, 1915; D.Q.M.G., N.Z., 1916-17; asst. sec. to N.Z. treas., 1918; sec. to treas., recv.-gen. and paymr.-gen., 1922-25; finan. adviser to N.Z. govt., 1925; chmn., agri. banks and rural credits coman., 1925; mem. pub. debt coman., 1925.

EULER, WILLIAM D.—B. 1876; ed. High Schl., Toronto; sl. to House of Commons, Canada,

1917-26; min. of cust. and excise, Dominion of Canada, 1926.

EVANS, ARTHUR ANTHONY, O.B.E., M.C., M.I.E.E., Lieut. Col., R. Corps of Signals (Res.)—ed. Brodribb Acad., Carmarthen and Univ. of Wales, Cardiff; served in S. African War (Queen's med., 4 clasps); engngr. branch, Br. post office, 1898-1914; R.E. signals, Gallipoli, Egypt; asst. dir., Army signals and ch. signal off., Palestine and Syria, 1914-20; four mentions in desps., Order of White Eagle, 5th cls. with swords, O.B.E., M.C., Br. and Allies war med., "1914-15" Star; ch. engnr., Palestine posts and tels., 1920.

EVANS, BENJAMIN DAVIES, F.R.A.S.—B. 1887; computer, Royal Observatory, Greenwich, 1902; junior asst., Royal Observatory, Greenwich, 1909; 1st asst., Royal Observatory, Hong Kong, 1912; on military service, 1917 to 1919; ag. ch. asst. for various periods in 1915, 1916, 1920, 1921, 1925 and 1926.

EVANS, DESMOND WARREN.—B. 1901; ed. St. Stephen's Green Schl., Dublin; R.N.R. cadetship, H.M.S. "Conway"; R. Coll. of Science, Ireland; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1924.

EVANS, EDWARD WALTER—B.A., Oxon., B. 1890; ed. Marlborough and Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford; 1st class mods., 1st class lit. hum.; asst. dist. comsnr., Zanzibar Prot., 3rd Feb., 1915; seconded for mil. ser., June, 1917; temp. comn. in K.A.R.; ag. 1st asst. sec.; Zanzibar, 1919-20; asst. sec., Uganda, 1st Jan., 1921; senr. asst. sec., 22nd June, 1923; ag. asst. ch. sec., 29th July, 1924; asst. col. sec., Mauritius, Apr., 1925; ag. col. sec., Jan. to Mar., 1927; col. sec., Br. Honduras, 4th June, 1927; admatd. govt., 14th Oct., 1927.

EVANS, SIR FREDERICK, K.C.M.G. (1908), K.C.V.O. (1912), C.M.G. (1881), C.V.O. (1903), C.B.E. (1918); Comdr. of Order of Isabel la Católica (Spanish), 1912; Knight Comdr., ditto, 1914.—B. 1849; entered the civ. ser., Admiralty, Somerset house, 13th Dec., 1867; transfd. to the sec.'s dept. at Whitehall, Jan., 1872; asst. col. sec. and treas., S. Leone, May, 1878; priv. sec. to Sir S. Rowe, K.C.M.G., Feb., 1879, to Feb., 1881; ag. clk. of legis. coun., Sept., 1879; acted as col. sec., Dec., 1879, to Feb., 1880; ch. sec. and ch. of the staff to Sir S. Rowe during threatened hostilities with Ashanti, 1881; asst. col. sec., G. Coast, 1882; ag. collr. of customs and treas., Oct., 1882, to Jan., 1883; ag. col. sec., Aug. to Dec., 1883, and on other occasions; clk. of legis. coun., Feb., 1882, to Apr., 1884; dep. gov., Lagos, July to Aug., 1883, and May, 1885, to Jan., 1886; dep. gov., G. Coast, Sept., 1883, and Apr., 1885; col. sec., Lagos, Jan., 1886; ag. admsnr., July, 1886; col. sec., G. Coast, 1887; Leeward Is., 1888; Jamaica, 1896; ag. 1st cl. clk., C.O., Feb., 1900; col. sec., Gibraltar, 1901; ag. gov. on seven occasions; ret., 1914; ag. col. sec., Gibraltar, from 21st Dec., 1914 to 19th Feb., 1915 and from 30th Apr., 1917.

EVANS, H. A.—Baillif mag.'s ct., Virgin Is., Jan., 1886; baillif, sup. ct., Apr., 1890; clk., post office, 1890; govt. offr. and cashier, 1901.

EVANS, H. G.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Apr., 1913; 1st grade admsive. offr., 1925.

EVANS, HON. SIR JOHN WM., Kt. Bach. (1926), C.M.G. (1906)—B. 1855; M.L.A. for Kingborough, Tasmania, since 1896; warden and master warden of marine bd. of Hobart for many

years; premier and min. of educn., Tasmania, 11th July, 1904, to 10th Oct., 1905; premier and treas., 11th Oct., 1905, to 1st May, 1906; premier and ch. sec. 1st May, 1906 to June, 1909; subsequently speaker.

EVANS, SAMUEL, Hon. LL.D. Witwatersrand Univ.—B. 1859; pvt. sec. to finan. adviser, Egyptian govt., 1883; ch. contr., Egyptian coast guard serv., 1886; inspr.-gen., Imp. Ottoman Bank, Constantinople, 1889; man., Turkish Tobacco Regie, 1892; during Anglo-Boer War served on staff of Lord Roberts from Kroonstad to Johannesburg, and on staff of mil. gov. of Johannesburg as civ. comsnr.; medal, 3 bars; pub. debt comsnr., Union of S. Africa.

EVANS, SAMUEL ALBAN, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1899; ed. Mountjoy Schl. and R. Vety. Coll., Dublin; war serv., R.A.F., cadet, 1918; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Nov., 1921; asst. vety. pathologist, May, 1926.

EVELYN, EDWARD A.—2nd clk. to regisr., St. Kitts, 1899; govt. offr., Sandy Point, Apr., 1903; govt. offr., Dieppe Bay, St. Kitts, June, 1905; clk., regisr.'s off., May, 1906; regisr. of births and deaths, St. George's parish; ag. ch. clk., regisr.'s offr., Antigua, Dec., 1910, to July, 1911; ag. regisr. and provost marshal for several periods since 1913; regisr. and provost marshal and regisr. of titles, St. Kitts-Nevis, Dec., 1922; prov. off. mem., leg. coun., Oct., 1923.

EVELYN, EDWARD A. (jr.)—B. 1904; ed. St. Kitts Grammar Schl.; ag. supernumy. rev. offr., 1921; ag. supernumy. rev. offr., 1922.

EVELYN, MERRIT.—2nd clk. to pres., St. Kitts, Dec., 1878; ch. clk., treasy., Nevis, 1881; ag. treas., Nevis, July, 1882-1883; rev. offr. in charge, Nevis treasy., 1883; prot. of imigrra., Nevis, 1883; land and house tax comsnr., 1892; ag. mag., Nevis, 1894-5, 1895-6 and 1912; water comsnr., Nevis, 1901; ohmn., quarantine bd., Nevis, 1911.

EWART, F. K.—B. 1902; ed. Boteler Schl., Warrington and Rosall Schl., Williams Mem. Exhn.; schol., Exeter Coll., Oxford, 1920; pres., O.U.S.C., 1923; B.A., 1923 (chem. pt. 1); F.C.S., 1923; 2nd chem., pt. 2., 1924; mem., Inner Temple, 1925; asst. mast., King's Coll., Hongkong, 1926; M.A., 1927.

EZECHIEL, PERCY HUBBERT, C.M.G. (1923).—B. 1875; B.A. Bombay, 1889 (*et. 14*); B.A., London, 1894; major schlr., Trin. Coll., Camb., 1896; 4th wrangler and B.A., Camb., 1897; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd cl. clk., C.O., 11th Oct., 1898; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1903 sec. to crown agts. for the colonies, May, 1905; mem. of Fair Wages Advisory Comtee., 1909-1920; sec. to Colonial Economic Development Comtee., 1919-20; sec. and mem., E. African Currency bd., 1919 (resigned secretaryship 1921); crown agt. for the cols., Dec., 1920; dir. of colonial scholars, 1921; rep. of C.O. on exec. coun. of Br. Empire Exhibn., 1921-25; ohmn., Palestine currency bd., 1926.

EZECHIEL, VICTOR GERALD.—B. 1883; ed. King's Coll. Schl. and Caius Coll., Camb.; B.A. (Math. Tripos.) 1906; cadet, F.M.S. civ. serv., 1907; passed cadet (Tamil) 1911; ag. asst. rev. auditor, Selangor, Negri Sembilan, and Pahang, 1909; transfd. to S. Stilts. civ. serv., 1911; ag. asst. supt. Indian imigrra., Penang, 1911; ag. 3rd mag., 1914; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, 1914; ag. dist. offr., Butterworth, 1915; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, 1915; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, 1916; ag. asst. supt., govt. monopolies, 1917; attached food control office, 1919; supernumy offr., cls. III., S. Stilts.,

Nov., 1919; dep. treas., 1920; dep. treas., B., Dec., 1921; mag., Ipoh, Feb., 1924.

FACHE, GEORGE COX, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1870; ed. Clyde pub. sch. and Otago Boys' High Sch.; joined N.Z. pub. serv., 1889; coms. of pensions, 1912.

FAFUNWA, W. K.—Cadet, Lagos civ. ser., 1896; 5th cls. clk., Jan., 1898; 4th cls. clk., Dec., 1898; 3rd cls. clk., audit off., Nov., 1902; paymaster, P.W.D., May, 1903; ag. acctnt., P.W.D., Mar.-May, 1904; 2nd cls. clk., treasury, Sept., 1906; 1st cls. clk., Jan., 1907; asst. ch. clk., Jan., 1910.

FAHEY, FRANCIS JOSEPH.—B. 1878; ed. St. Michael's Coll., Toronto, Canada; printer; mem., prov. coun., Natal, 1920-23; prov. exec., 1924; joined bd. of trade and industries, Union of S. Africa, 1st Oct., 1924; re-apptd., 31st Mar., 1927.

FAIR, ARTHUR, LL.B. (N.Z.), K.C.—B. 1885; ed. state schs., Nelson Coll. and Victoria Univ. Coll., N.Z.; crown solr., 1921; prin. law off., 1923; solr.-gen., 1925.

FAIR, LIEUT.-COL. J. G., D.S.O.—B. 1864; entd. Army (21st Hussars—now Lancers) 1885; capt., 1892; major, 1900; staff off. to Gen. Gatacre during Athara campaign, 1898 (desps., Khedive's medal and clasp); with 21st Lancers at Omdurman (Queen's medal, clasp, 4th cls. Medjidieh); adjut., cavalry depôt, Canterbury, 1899-1900; S. African war, 1901-2 (desps., D.S.O., Queen's medal, 5 clasps); commanded div. S.A.C., Eastern Transvaal, 1901-4; ditto, O.R.C., 1904-8; nom. mem. of I.C.C., 1906; rss. coms. and comdt.-gen., Southern Rhodesia, 1908-1911; dep. asst. dir. of remounts since 1911.

FAIRBAIRN, SIR GEORGE, KT. BACH. (1926).—B. 1855; ed. Geelong Grammar Sch. and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; M.L.A. for Toorak, Victoria, Oct., 1903 to Sept., 1906; M.H.R. for Fawkner, 1906-13; Commonwealth Senator for Victoria, May, 1917; agt.-gen. for Victoria, 1924.

FAIRBAIRN, RICHARD PURDOM, C.E.—B. 1865; ed. at high sch., London, Ontario; served in engur.'s off., London, 1872; P.L.S., 1876; practising engnr., 1877; P.W.D., Ontario, 1879; chief engnr., pub. wks., Ontario, 1903; dep.-min. of pub. wks., 1910.

FAIRCLOUGH, F.R.—B. 1895; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civil serv. and assigned to C.O., Aug., 1914; on military service from 13th Dec., 1915 to 9th March, 1919; priv. sec. to Sir James Stevenson, 12th Aug., 1922; cler. off., higher grade, 7th July, 1923.

FAIRLEY, WILLIAM, B.A., A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1891; ed. St. Paul's Sch. and Magdalene Coll., Cambridge (schol.) B.A. (mech. science tripos) 1913; 6th Bn. E. Surrey Regt., 1914; 1st K.A.R., 1917-19; asst. engnr., P.W.D., Kenya, Dec., 1919; ag. exec. engnr., Mar. to Dec., 1920; dist. engnr., P.W.D., Zanzibar, Feb., 1922; ag. asst. D.P.W., Mar. to Oct., 1923 and 14th Mar., 1924; exec. engnr., P.W.D., Kenya, Aug., 1925.

FAIRWEATHER, C.—Apptd. govt. printer, Gold Coast, 19th Oct., 1907.

FAIRWEATHER, EUGENE ERNEST, M.A., LL.B.—B. 1884; ed. at King's and Acadia Univs. and Dalhousie Law Sch., N.S.; asst. solr., dept. of rlys. and canals, 1912; solr., 1914; counsel, 1919; asst. gen. counsel, Can. Nat. rlys., 1922.

FAIRWEATHER, COMMDR. JOHN HERBERT, D.S.O., R.D., R.N.R.—B. 1873; sub.-lieut., R.N.R., 1902; 1st cls. certifs., gunnery and torpedo, 1904; R.N., 1904-5; lieut., R.N.R., 27th July, 1905; lieut.-commdr., R.N.R., July, 1913;

served with No. 2 Cross River col. and Cameroon Exped. Force, 6th Aug., 1914 to 23rd May, 1915 R.N., June to Dec., 1915 and July to Nov., 1915 seconded to army as major, R.E., and posted to I.W.T., Mesopotamia, Nov., 1916; dep. asst. dir. I.W.T., Mesopotamia, Mar., 1917; ment. in desps. and awarded D.S.O., 7th Mar., 1918; lieut.-col. R.E. and asst. dir., I.W.T., Mar., 1918; demob. 10th Apr., 1920; commdr., R.N.R. (ret.), 31st Mar., 1919; marine off., S. Nigeria, 31st Aug., 1907; senr. marine off., 1st Jan., 1920; prin. marine off., 1st Sept., 1922; ag. dep. dir., marine and harb. mast., Lagos, May, 1925.

FAIRWEATHER, WILLIAM GEMMEL.—B. 1886; ed. at Univ. of St. Andrews (B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E.); asst. survr., N.W. Rhodesia, Sept., 1910; ch. asst. survr. and examiner of diagrams, Nov., 1917; ch. survr. on various occasions, 1916 to 1920; ch. survr., 1920; dir., surveys, 31st Oct., 1924.

FAITH, JOHN ALEXANDER ALFRED, B.A., Oxford.—B. 1903; ed. Harrow and New Coll. Oxford; cadet, F.M.S., Jan., 1927; attd. to Pahang sec., Feb., 1927.

FALCONER, JOHN.—B. 1898; ed. Robert Gordon's Coll. and Aberdeen Univ.; M.A., Aberdeen (1st cls. hons.); cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Ulu Selangor, Apr., 1922; passed cadet, July, 1922; ag. asst. dist. off., Kuala Kubu, Oct., 1922; asst. collr. of land rec., Kuala Lumpur, June, 1924; dep. regisr., titles, Selangor, June, 1924; second asst. adviser, Muar, Feb., 1926.

FARFAN, JOSE MANUEL.—B. 1876; 6th clk., secretariat, Trinidad, 29th Apr., 1895; 5th clk., 16th Aug., 1897; 4th clk., 1st Feb., 1902; 3rd clk. and sec. to central road board, 13th Feb., 1906; 2nd and conf. clk., secretariat, 1st Aug., 1915; 2nd asst. col. sec. and supt. of govt. printing, 1st Apr., 1920; ag. 1st asst. col. sec. on several occasions since 1920.

FARMER, FRANK.—B. 1899; entd. C.O., Dec., 1914; asst. clk., Apr., 1917; on mil. serv., Mar., 1917 to Feb., 1919; cler. off., 1st Jan., 1920; promoted, under order in council of 1916, clk. of the 2nd div., Feb., 1920; ag. cler. off., higher grade, 1st Dec., 1924; cler. off., higher grade, 10th Oct., 1925.

FARQUHAR, EDWARD ALLAN.—Coms., S. Aust. harbours bd., 1914; chmn., 1924.

FARQUHAR, GEORGE NEIL, M.C.—B. 1896; on mil. serv., Dec., 1915; cadet, Ceylon, Mar., 1920; attd. to secretariat, Apr., 1920; ditto, Puttalam Koch., June, 1921; office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Mar., 1922; ditto to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., 1925; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, Oct., 1926.

FARQUHARSON, ROBERT ALEXANDER, M.A. (Oxon), M.Sc., F.G.S., A.O.S.M.—B. 1883; ed. Boys' High Sch., Otago Univ., N.Z. and St. John's Coll., Oxford; s.n.r. schol., N.Z. Univ., 1905; dipl. in mining engnr., 1905; 1st cls. hons., geology and 2nd cls., physical science, N.Z., 1906; Rhodes schol., N.Z., 1906; B.A., Oxford, hons. in geology and mineralogy, 1908; M.A., 1912; govt. petrologist, mines dept., W. Australia, 1911-22; lent at request of C.O. to Somaliland govt. to furnish rept. on geological and mineral resources of Prot., 1923; govt. geologist, Somaliland, 1923-26; recd. thanks of S. of S. for geol. map of Somaliland; dir., agr. and geologist, Somaliland, 1926.

FARRELL, WILLIAM JOSEPH HENRY.—Ent. post office, C. of G.H., 1889; tel. dept., S. African Repub., 1895-1902; priv. sec. to min. of

just., Union of South Africa, 1910; priv. sec. to min. of posts and tels., 1912; priv. sec. to min. of lands, 1913; dept. of lands, 1916; asst. sec. to prime min. and asst. clk. of exec. coun., 1924; asst. sec. for external affrs., and clk. exec. coun., 1927.

FARRER, EDMUND HUGH, C.M.G. (1922).—Chartered acctnt.; entd. Transvaal civil serv., 1904; local govt. inspr., 1904; provincial auditor, Transvaal, Aug., 1910; sec., financial relations comsn., Mar., 1911; chief acctnt., treasury, Union of S. Africa, July, 1912; under sec. for finance, Oct., 1916; sec. for finance, 1918.

FARRER, FREDERICK ARTHUR.—B. 1866; clk. and Zulu interp., mag. office, Inanda divn., 1889; 2nd cls. clk. of the ct. and Zulu interp., mag. office, lower Tugela, 1891; transf'd. to Estcourt divn., 1894; 1st cls. clk., 1897; registrar, Natal high ct., 1899; mag. for col. of Natal, 1903; mag., Alfred divn., 1903; mag., Ixopo divn., ag. judge, Natal high ct., 1920; judge, native high ct., Natal, 1921.

FARRER, ROBERT GRAVES BLACKBURN.—B. 1897; ed. Marlborough Coll. and Jesus Coll., Camb.; 2nd lieut., R.H.A., 1916; lieut., 40th Batt. R.F.A., 1st Divn., France, 1917-18; capt., R.A. headqrs., XV. Corps, France, 1918; lieut. (ag. capt.), 40th Batt. R.F.A., 1st Divn., France and Germany, 1918-19; cadet, F.M.S., Mar., 1920; asst. chmn., sany. bd., Seremban, May, 1920; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, July, 1920; ag. 4th asst. sec. to govt., Sept., 1920; priv. sec. to ch. sec., Oct., 1920; ag. chmn. and sec. sany. bd., and asst. registrar, sup. ct., Seremban, Apr., 1921; ag. temp. 3rd asst. col. sec., S. Sttlmts., Apr., 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Larut, June, 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Gopang and Kampar, Oct., 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Larut, Nov., 1921; passed cadet, Jan., 1922; ag. asst. dist. offr., Bruas, June, 1922; offr., cls. V; ag. harbmr., Jumpat, Feb., 1925; ag. dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, Mar., 1925; offr., cls. IV, Mar., 1927.

FARRER, ROLAND J.—Ed. at Eton, and Balliol Coll., Oxon; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1896; ag. dist. offr., Nibong Tebal, Mar., 1897, to Sept. 1898, Dec., 1898, to Mar., 1900; ag. collr. land rev., Penang, Mar., 1900; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, May, 1900; ag. supt. educ., Penang, June to Aug., 1900; head of Malay Coll., Malacca, May, 1901; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., June, 1901; ag. dist. offr., Bukit Mertajam, May, 1902; confirmed, July, 1904; ag. dep. pub. proscr., July, 1904; resumed duty as dist. offr., B. Mertajam, Feb., 1905; ag. collr., land revenue, Singapore, June, 1908; seconded as municipal assessor, Singapore, Aug., 1911; promoted to class III., 11th Sept., 1911, but remained seconded; ag. British adviser, Kelantan, 1915; offr., cls. II., 25th May, 1917; offr., cls. I. B., 1st Jan., 1919; lent to F.M.S. Govt., 7th Feb., 1919; ag. pres., munic. comsnrs., Singapore, June, 1919; chmn., Muhammadan advisory bd., 1st Jan., 1920; pres., munic. comsnrs., Singapore, 1st Jan., 1921.

FARRER-MANBY, PERCY ALAN.—B. 1877; ed. at Charterhouse and Trin. Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1898; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1902; S.E. circuit; seven years practice in England; stip. mag. for Georgetown, B. Guiana, Nov., 1909; judicial comsgr., F.M.S., 8th Oct., 1915; ag. senr. puisne judge, Penang, Sept., 1920; ag. ch. judl. comsgr., F.M.S., Oct., 1920 to June, 1921 and Dec., 1921 to Jan., 1923; ag. ch. just., F.M.S., Aug., 1925 and Apr., 1926; judge, F.M.S., Nov., 1925.

FAULKNER, S.N., O.B.E. (1918)—Asst. auditor,

E.A.P., 8th Jan., 1909; senr. asst. auditor, Apr., 1915; dep. ch. acctnt., Uganda Rly., 1917.

FAWCETT, J. F. Str. A.—Deputy registrar, high ct., E.A.P., 1910 registrar, high court, Feb., 1919; mast. and registrar, sup. ct., Sierra Leone, July, 1921; ch. registrar. and sheriff, Gold Coast, May, 1924.

FAZAN, S. H.—Asst. dist. comsgr., E. Africa Prot., Nov., 1911; dist. comsgr., Kenya, Feb., 1920.

FEETHAM, RICHARD.—B. 1874; ed. Marlborough and New Coll., Oxford; mem., Inner Temple; called to bar, 1899; deputy town clk., Johannesburg, 1902-3; town clk., Johannesburg, 1903-5; admitted advoc., Transvaal, 1903; legal adviser to high comsgr. for S. Africa, 1907-10 and 1912-13; K.C., 1919; mem., leg. coun., Transvaal, 1907-10; mem., H. of A., Union of S. Africa, 1915-23; lieut., 1st battn. Cape Corps., 1916-19; mem., Southborough comtee. on Indian Reforms and chmn. functions comtee., 1918-19; mem., India Office comtee. on Govt. of India Bill, 1919; ag. pres., sup. ct. of Swaziland, 1922-23; judge, sup. ct., Transvaal Prov. Divn., 16th Aug., 1923.

FELIX-JONES, IVOR, B.A.—B. 1899; ed. Westminster and Trinity Hall, Cambridge; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 8th Mar., 1922.

FELLING, C. L. N., C.M.G.—S. African Rlys.; seconded to Kenya as gen. man., Uganda Rly., Dec., 1922; mem., leg. coun.

FENN, JOHN CYRIL DOUGLAS, C.M.G. (1924).—B. 1879; ed. at Marlborough Coll.; asst. treas., Gold Coast, Nov., 1903; resigned, Dec., 1906; re-apptd., Jan., 1908; sen. asst. treas., June, 1908; retired, Apr., 1909; acctnt., treasury., Cyprus, May, 1910; asst. treas., Apr., 1913; ag. treas., June to Nov., 1913, and Apr. to Oct., 1915; chief asst. sec., Nov., 1913; ag. chief sec., from 29th Aug., 1916, to 13th May, 1917; ag. treas., Dec., 1917, to Mar., 1918; registrar-gen. and dir. of surveys, 1st Sept., 1918; ag. chief sec. to govt., Nov., 1918, to Sept., 1919; apptd. Br. deleg. of evkaf., 1st Aug., 1919; ag. treas., June to Oct., 1920; ag. chief sec. to govt., Dec., 1919, to Aug., 1920; chief sec., 25th Aug., 1920; admstd. govt. 27th Oct., 1920 to 3rd Feb., 1921, 17th to 23rd Mar., 1921, 14th May to 10th June, 1922, 27th June to 3rd Nov., 1922, 27th June to 13th Oct., 1923, and 27th June to 23rd Sept., 1925; col. sec., Br. Guiana, 1925.

FENTON, JAMES STEVENSON.—B. 1891; ed. Dundee High Schl. and Edinburgh Univ., M.A. (Edin.); war service, Mesopotamia 1917-19; passed progress exam. in Mendi; asst. dist. comsgr., Sierra Leone, 28th Apr., 1915.

FERGUSON, DAVID GILBERT.—B. 1861; called to the bar, 1890; judge of sup. ct., New S. Wales, Mar., 1912.

FERGUSON, HON. GEORGE HOWARD, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1870; ed. Kemptville, Ont., High Schl., Toronto Univ. and Osgoode Hall; called to bar, 1894; el. to Ont. legis., g.e., 1906; re-el., g.e., 1908, 1911, 1914, 1919 and 1923; leader of conservative party since 1920; premier of Ont., 1923.

FERGUSON, HERBERT, O.B.E., (1924).—B. 1874; ed. Perth and Edinburgh; apptd. after compet. exam. to Imp. civ. serv., inland rev. dept., 1893; col. treasr., Grenada, Nov., 1909; ag. col. sec. and admin., Apr. to July, 1914; col. sec., July 1915; ch. censor and chmn., food control comtee. during war; represented Windward Is. at Canada-W. Indies confce., Ottawa, June, 1920; admstd. govt. of Grenada on various occasions between 1914 and 1924; ag. gov. and

comdr.-in-ch., Windward Is., 15th July to 30th Oct., 1926.

FERGUSON, HON. WILLIAM NASSAU.—B. 1869; ed. at Upper Canada Coll. and Osgoode Hall, Toronto; called to the bar, 1894; practised his profession at Toronto; K.C., 1908; bencher of the Law Society of Upper Canada, 1915; justice of appeal, sup. ct., Ontario, 4th Dec., 1916.

FERGUSON, GEN. SIR CHARLES, BART., G.C.M.G. (1924); K.C.B. (1915); K.C.M.G. (1918); C.B. (1911); M.V.O. (1906); D.S.O. (1898), D.L., J.P.—B. 1865; ed. Eton and Sandhurst; joined Grenadier Guards, 1883; adjutant, 1890-94; joined Egyptian Army, 1895; Sudanese campaigns, 1896-98; severely wounded, Rosaires (med. with eight clasps, ment. five times in desps.); commanded 15th Sudanese, 1899 (2nd cl. Medjidie); garrison and dist., Omdurman, 1900; adjt.-gen., Egyptian Army, 1901-3; commanded 3rd Batt. Grenadier Guards, 1904-7; brig.-gen., gen. staff, Irish commd., 1907-8; inspir., infy., 1909-13; served European War, 1914-18; in commd., 5th divn. and subsequently of 2nd and 17th Army Corps; mily. gov., occupied German territory, 1918-19 (seven times ment. in desps.); gov. and comdr.-in-ch., New Zealand, 20th Oct., 1924; assumed govt., 13th Dec., 1924.

FERNANDO, SIR HILARION MARBOUS, KT. BAOH. (1923), M.D., B.Sc., (Lond.). Fellow of Univ. Coll. (London); J.P.—B. 1864; ed. at the Royal Coll., Colombo, and Univ. Coll., Lond.; Ceylon Govt. Univ. Scholar and Gilchrist Scholar for the East, 1882-83; 2nd medical entrance scholar, Univ. Coll., 1884; Atchison scholar, 1888, 1st. cls. hon. and gold medal, physiology, medicine, and forensic medicine (Univ. of London); asst. col. surg. and registrar, Ceylon med. coll., 1890; 1st physician, general hosp., and lecturer in medicine, Ceylon med. coll., 1898; reported on outbreak of malaria in Galle, 1894, and plague in Bombay, 1897, (rec. thanks of govt.); ret. from govt. serv., 1909; served on Colombo lake development, railway traffic, education, opium, prevention of tuberculosis, and several other commissions and committees of enquiry (1909-1918); nominated mem. of legis. coun. of Ceylon as the first low-country Sinhalese representative, Jan., 1917; nom. unoff. mem., leg. coun., 1921-1924; ditto, exec. coun., 1921-1924.

FERNANDO, PETER OLIVER.—B. 1898; cadet Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1921; att'd. to Kurunegalla kach., Dec., 1921; ditto, Batticaloa kach., Feb., 1922; ditto, Jaffna kach., Mar., 1923; pol. mag., Puttalam, Apr., 1924; ag. pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, Nov., 1924; att'd., Ratnapura kach., Sept., 1925; office asst., ditto, Mar., 1926; pol. mag., Dec., 1926.

FIDDES, SIR GEORGE VANDELEUR, G.C.M.G. (1917), K.C.M.G. (1912), C.B. (1901), C.M.G. (1905), B.A.—B. 1858; ed. at Dulwich Coll. and late scholar of Brasenose Coll., Oxford; 2nd cls. class. mods., 1879; apptd., after compet. exam., to be a clk. in the office of the sec. of state for the cols., 25th Mar., 1881; priv. sec. to Earl of Onslow, Feb., 1887; and to Baron H. de Worms (afterwards Lord Pirbright), Feb., 1888, to Aug., 1892; priv. sec. to Sir R. Meade, 11th Mar., 1896; 1st class clk., 1896; imperial sec. and acctnt. to Sir A. Milner, high coms. for S. Africa, Sept., 1897; political sec. to Lord Roberts at Pretoria, June, 1900; sec. to the Transvaal administration, Dec., 1900; returned to C. O., 1902, as prin. clk.; accounting offr., 1907; asst. under-sec. of state, 20th June,

1909; ohrmn., West African currency board, 1912-1916; perm. under-sec. of state for the colonies; 10th Mar., 1916; sec. to the Order of St. Michael and St. George; ret., 1921.

FIDDIAN, ALEXANDER.—B. 1875; ed. Univ. Coll., Cardiff, and Oxford; schlr. Pembroke Coll., 1893; 1st class classical honours, 1895; Goldsmiths' co. exhibn., 1895; 1st class lit. hum., 1897; B.A., 1897; apptd., after compet. exam. 2nd class clk. C.O., Oct. 12th, 1897; asst. priv. sec. to Rt. Hon. Alfred Lyttelton, S. of S. for the colonies, 1st Apr., 1905; ditto to Earl of Elgin, Dec., 1905; 1st cls. clk., Jan., 1907; mem. of deptmtl. comtee. on W. African med. staff, 1909; principal clk., 1st Nov., 1917; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920; estabmt. offr. for C.O. and Dominions office, 15th July, 1925.

FIELD, EDGAR JOHN.—B. 1874; ed. pub. schla. and Christian Brothers' Coll., Adelaide; ent. survey dept., S. Australia, Jan., 1891; clk., office of coms. of crown lands, 1892; ch. clk. and acct., 1909; ch. immigr. offr., 1911; sec. for lands, chmn. of advances to settlers bd. and recr. of rents, 2nd Apr., 1917, chmn., irriga. coms., S. Aust., 1923.

FIELDGATE, ALAN FREDERIC EDMOND, B.A. (Oxon).—B. 1889; ed. Worcester Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. coms., Gold Coast Colony, 28th Apr., 1915; ag. dist. coms. on various occasions, 1918-21; dist. coms., 5th Aug., 1922; ag. pol. mag., Mar. to June, 1925.

FIELDING, THE RT. HON. WILLIAM STEVENS, P.C. (1923), D.C.L., LL.D.—B. 1848; mem. for Halifax, Nova Scotia assem., 1882; declined premiership, but entered govt. without office in that year, and continued in that position till May, 1884, when he resig.; premier, provincial sec., and treas., Aug., 1884; min. of finance in Sir W. Laurier's admn., June, 1896; deleg. to Col. Conf., London, 1902; one of H.M.'s plenipotentiaries for negotiation of Franco-Canadian treaty, 1907; one of the Royal Coms. to inquire into trade relations between Canada and Brit. W. India, 1909; del. to Washington to discuss proposed reciprocity agreement, 1911; defeated at g. e. 1911; re-elec., g. e., 1917 and 1921; min. of finance in King admn., 29th Dec., 1921; del. to League of Nations Assem., 1922.

FIENNES, LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. SIR EUSTACE EDWARD TWISLETON-Wykeham, BART.—B. 1864; Lieut.-Col., Oxfords Imp. Yeo.; served Riel rebellion, 1885 (medal with clasp); Egypt, 1887 and 1888 (medal with clasp, bronze star); pioneer expdn. to Mashonaland, 1890; South Africa, 1900 (medal with three clasps; twice ment. in desps.); European war, 1914 (France, Belgium, Dardanelles and Home); M.P. (L.) Banbury div. of Oxfordshire, 1906-1910, and 1910-1918; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Seychelles, 6th July, 1918; assumed govt., 8th Oct., 1918; gov., Leeward Is., 29th Oct., 1921; assumed govt., 4th Dec., 1921.

FILLEUL, P. R.—Asst. dist. coms., E.A.P., 1910; dist. coms., Kenya, June, 1918.

FINCH, A.—Asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Dec., 1922.

FINCH, F. G.—B. 1882; asst. engnr., P.W.D., F.M.S., 1907; asst. state engnr., Kedah, 1910; ag. state engnr., Kedah, 1911 and 1915; exec. engnr., F.M.S., 1913; state engnr., Pahang, 1923; ag. state engnr., Selangor, 1924; ag. ch. hydraulic engnr., F.M.S., 1925.

FINDLAY, GEORGE HUGO.—B. 1888 ed.; Repton and Oriol Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Hons. Mod. Hist.); asst. dist. offr., Southern Nigeria,

26th July, 1911; 2nd cl. dist. off., 28th Nov., 1919; asst. sec., S. Provs., 14th June, 1922; ag. res., 22nd Sept., 1923.

FINDLAY, HON. SIR JOHN GEORGE, K.C.M.G. (1910); LL.D., K.C.—Atty.-gen. and col. sec., New Zealand, Nov., 1906; attended Imp. Conf., 1911; resigned, 1911.

FINLAYSON, GEORGE ALEXANDER.—Bacteriologist, Singapore, May, 1903; pathologist, May, 1906; ag. prin., S. Stlmts. and F.M.S. Govt. med. sch., Mar., 1907; mem., S. Stlmts. and F.M.S. med. coun., Jan., 1908; del. to Hong Kong med. conf., Jan., 1912; seconded for sp. duty on anti-malarial work, Mar., 1912; deleg. to Saigon med. congress, Nov., 1913; capt., R.A.M.C., Egypt, Sept., 1915; ag. ch. med. off., gen. hosp. in addition, Jan., 1917; mem., S. Stlmts. and F.M.S. med. coun., Jan., 1917.

FINLAYSON, GEORGE DANIEL.—B. 1882; ed. Pictou Acad. and Dalhousie Univ.; B.A., 1907; apptd. to dept. of insurance, Canada, 1907; associate of Inst. of Actuaries of Great Britain, 1911; supt. of insurance, Canada, 1914; dep. min. of insurance, 1924.

FINN, BASIL ARTHUR.—B. 1888; ed. at Alley's Schl., Dulwich and Wadham Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1912, 2nd cl. mod. hist.; asst. dist. off., N. Provinces, Nigeria, 29th Apr., 1914; attached to Eastern dept., C.O., 20th Dec., 1915, to 19th Mar., 1919; ag. asst. col. sec., Gambia, 17th May, 1919; ag. col. sec. for various periods, 1919-24; asst. col. sec., 17th Feb., 1920.

FIRB, TOM FREEMAN, A.M.I.C.E.—Ed. Crystal Palace Engng. Schl.; 1st asst. survr., Nyassaland Prot., June, 1903; asst. dir. of pub. wks., 1909.

FISSET, MAJOR-GEN. SIR EUGENE, KT. BACH. (1917), C.M.G. (1915), D.S.O., G.G.H.S., B.A., M.D.—B. 1874; apptd. staff, adjt. med. corps, Canada, 1902; dir.-gen., med. services, 1903; dep. min. of militia and defence, vice-pres. of the militia coun. since 1906; reed. D.S.O. for service in S. Africa; mentioned in despatches.

FISHER, RT. HON. ANDREW, P.C. (1911).—B. 1862; M.L.A. for Gympie, Queensland, 1893 and 1899; sec. for rlys. and min. of pub. wks., 1899; returned to 1st H. of R., C. of A., 1901; re-elected 1903 and 1906; min. for trade and cust., 1904; deputy leader of Federal Labour Party; chmn. of Labour party, 1907; prime min. and treas. C. of A., 1908-9, Apr., 1910-June, 1913; represented C. of A. at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., and at Imp. Conf., 1911; prime min., C. of A., Sept., 1914, to Oct., 1915; high coms. in London for Commonwealth of Australia, Jan., 1916; mem. of comtee. for settlm. of ex-service men within the Empire, 1917; ret., 1920.

FISHER, JOHN CAMPBELL, O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1880; ed. at Oakham Schl. and Sid. Sus. Coll., Cambridge; clk., col. audit branch, exchequer and audit dept., 14th July, 1902; asst. auditor, Lagos, 26th Sept., 1903; detached for duty in N. Nigeria, 16th Nov., 1903; asst. auditor, N. Nigeria, 30th Apr., 1905; local auditor, 24th July, 1909; examnr., col. audit branch, E. and A. dept., 1st Feb., 1910; 1st div. clk. (2nd cl.), central office, 1st May, 1910; auditor, Malta, 17th Mch., 1913; mem. of control board and head of food and commerce control office, Malta, 1917; senr. clk., central office, 1st May, 1918.

FISHER, SIR STANLEY, KT. BACH. (1922).—Ed. at Westminster and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; M.A., 1891; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple and Lincoln's Inn (called 1890); apptd. pres. of dist. ct. of Kyrenia, Cyprus, May, 1902; puisne judge,

Cyprus, 1911; ch. just., Cyprus, 1919; on sp. mission to Cairo under F.O., 24th Jan. to 14th Mar., 1924; ch. just., Trinidad, 1924; ch. just., Ceylon, 1926; passed exam. in modern Greek, Dec. 1903 and in Turkish, 1918; joint coms. for compiling revised edition of Statute Laws of Cyprus (published 1907), for which reed. thanks of legis. coun. and S. of S.; joint coms. under reprint of statutes law, 1913; edition published, Feb., 1914; coms. for laws, under reprint of statutes law, 1922; edition published, 1924; compiler of "The Mukhtar's Handbook," 1911; published "Ottoman Land Laws," 1919.

FISHER, V. M.—Medical offr., E.A.P., Mar., 1919; senr. med. offr., Kenya, Jan., 1926.

FISHLOCK, WALTER CHARLES.—Trained at Royal Gardens, Kew; agric. instructor, Virgin Is., Apr., 1902; mem. exec. coun., 1903; mem. quarantine bd., 1906; mem. bd. of health, 1908; J.P., 1908; ag. coms. and dep. judge, summary juris. ct., Virgin Is., 7th May to 5th July, 1917.

FITCHETT, WILLIAM HERBERT.—Clk., agric. dept., Cape Colony, 22nd Feb., 1896; clk. to C.C. and R.M., Wodehouse, 27th Sept., 1898; Port Elizabeth, 23rd Oct., 1899; Coleberg, 16th Mar., 1900; Britstown, 16th Aug., 1901; acted as C.C. and R.M., Britstown, 1902; asst. registrar, high ct., and chief clk. to the sheriff of the O.R.C., 29th July, 1902; acted as registrar and sheriff in 1903 and 1904; registrar and sheriff, O.F.S., 1st Aug., 1921.

FITZGERALD, THOMAS, O.B.E. (1927).—F.M.S. postal service; dep. P.M.G., Kenya, July, 1920; P.M.G., Jan., 1922.

FITZGIBBON, WILLIAM GUERIN.—B.A., Royal Univ. of Ireland; B. 1885; rly. dept., Hong Kong, 1913; 1st clk., colonial secretariat, Hong Kong, 1917; J.P., 1924; sec., P.W.D., 1927.

FITZMAURICE, ALEXANDER LINDSAY.—M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (1909); M.B., B.S. (Lond.), 1913; late out-patient offr., asst. house surg. and house physician, Guy's Hosp.; med. offr. Somaliland Prot., 1914.

FITZPATRICK, RIGHT HON. SIR CHARLES, P.C. (1908); G.C.M.G. (1911); K.C.M.G. (1907).—Born in Quebec, 1853; Dufferin medallist, law faculty, Laval Univ., 1876; one of the counsel for the defence of Louis Riel at Regina in 1885; elected to Quebec legislature, 1890; to Dominion parl., 1896, again in 1900 and 1904; solr.-gen., Canada, 1896; min. of just., 1902; ch. just. of Canada, 1906-1918; mem. of Hague tribunal of arbitration, 1908; lieut.-gov. of Quebec, 1918 to 1923.

FITZPATRICK, JAMES PATRICK, L.R.C.P.I. and L.R.C.S.I.—House Surg., Jervis St. Hosp., Dublin, Jan. to June, 1914; mil. serv., R.A.M.C., 1915-17; med. offr., med. dept., F.M.S., 11th Nov., 1921; ag. health offr., Tampin, Dec., 1921; med. offr., Taiping, May, 1922.

FLANAGAN, MAURICE JOSEPH, B.A. (Cantab).—Asst. audr., S. Nigeria, Nov., 1912; audr., Cameroons Exped. Force, 1916; audr., Windward Is., June, 1919; audr., Nyassaland, Oct., 1925.

FLAVIN, FRANK.—B. 1888; Imp. posts and tel., July, 1905; postmsr., Nyassaland, 26th Sept., 1919; ag. asst. postmsr.-gen., Mar., 1922 to Feb., 1923; asst. postmsr.-gen., 3rd Feb., 1923; ag. P.M.G., Nov., 1923 to June, 1924 and Feb., 1927.

FLECKER, ORIEL JOYCE, B.Sc.—Ed. Cheltenham Ladies' Coll.; assoc. of Cheltenham Ladies' Coll., 1908; gold med., Société Nationale des

Professeurs de Français en Angleterre, 1909; B. Sc., Lond., 1912; Somerville Coll., Oxford, 1924-5; headmistress, girls' schl., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925; author of "A School Chemistry," 1923.

FLEMING, EDWARD DONOVAN.—B. 1898; ed. Bradford Gram. Schl. and Jesus Coll., Camb.; 2nd lieut., R.G.A., Sept., 1917; Salonika, Dec., 1917-Feb., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; sent to Canton to study Chinese, Dec., 1921; attd. Chinese prot., Mar., 1924; offr., cls. V., Apr., 1924; attd., cust. dept., Apr., 1924; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Perak, Sept., 1925; attd. Chinese prot., Ipoh, Mar., 1926.

FLEMING, ERNEST.—B. 1891; 5th class clk., crown agts. office, Oct., 1910; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd division of the civ. serv. and temporarily employed in the Bd. of Trade, Jan., 1912; assigned to C.O., April, 1912; on military service from 25th May, 1915 to 9th Feb., 1919; cler. offr., higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922.

FLEMING, W. P.—B. 1887; apptd. after compet. exam., S. and T. clk., G.P.O.; lent to C.O., 9th May, 1921; cler. offr., C.O., 1st Sept., 1921; on mil. serv., 4th Apr., 1915 to 4th May, 1919.

FLETCHER, ARTHUR GEORGE MURCHISON, C.M.G. (1922), C.B.E. (1919).—Ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Trin. Coll., Oxford (exhibr.); cadet, Hong Kong, 1901; seconded for famine relief work in Kwang Si, May-June, 1903; ag. asst. registrar. gen., 1903-4; J.P., 1904; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 1905-8-9; priv. sec. to O.A.G., 1907; dep. offr. recr., 1909; asst. to atty-gen., 1909; registrar. of trade marks and letters patent, 1910; ag. assessor of rates, 1911; ag. dep. registrar., 1911; priv. sec. to O.A.G., 1912; offr. recr., 1912; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 1912; ag. treasr., 1913; asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Aug., 1913; priv. sec. to O.A.G., and to gov., Aug.-Dec., 1913; ag. col. sec. and mem. of exec. and leg. couns. in 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920 and 1922; chmn., shipping control comtee., 1917-19; ag. col. sec. and mem., exec. and leg. couns., 1923 and 1925; col. sec., Ceylon, Jan., 1926.

FLETCHER, REGINALD H.—Joined Jamaica civ. serv., post office dept., by compet. exam., 1890; 1st cls. clk., 1908; ch. clk., 1915; asst. postmr., 1921; postmr., Jamaica, 1925.

FLETCHER, WILLIAM.—B. 1872; ed. Caius Coll., Camb., and St. Mary's Hosp., London; B.A., 1893; M.B., B.C., 1896; M.D. 1910; Univ. Schol., St. Mary's Hosp., 1893; Craggs' research prizeman, London Schl. of Trop. Med., 1909; dist. surg., F.M.S., 1903; pathologist, Inst. for Med. Research, K. Lumpur, 1909; temp. lieut., R.A.M.C., 1915; capt., 1916-18; specialist in bacteriology, R.A.M.C.; bacteriologist, Inst. for Med. Research, K. Lumpur, 1920; ag. dir., govt. laboratories, F.M.S., July, 1920, July, 1921 and Mar., 1925; author of articles on beri-beri, malaria, dysentery, enterica, leprosy, syphilis, influenza, etc.

FLEURY, CAPT. A. M.—Second lieut., 3rd Royal Irish Fusiliers, May, 1900; capt., May, 1905; lieut., W.A.F.F., July, 1900; Ashanti campaign (medal), 1900; dist. comsnnr., N. Territories, G. Coast, Jan., 1907; local comdt., Cyprus mil. police, Feb., 1910; comsnnr., Nov., 1919.

FLINN, MAJOR WILLIAM HENRY, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1895; ed. St. Andrew's Coll. and Trinity Coll., Dublin; Royal Irish Regt. and staff, 1914-19; admstrn. offr., Nigeria, Sept., 1919; asst. sec., ch. sec.'s office, Cyprus, Mar., 1921; A.D.C. and priv. sec. to H Comsnnr., 14th

Apr., 1921; ag. clk., exec. coun., Feb.-Mar., 1922; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Apr., 1922; ag. ch. asst. sec., July, 1922; ag. comsnnr., Sept., 1922; ag. local comdt., police, Sept., 1922; ag. ch. asst. sec., June to July, 1923; ag. registrar., co-op. societies, June, 1923; registrar., co-op. societies, July, 1923; ag. registrar., co-op. credit societies, June, 1923 to Apr., 1924 and from Oct., 1924; ag. ch. asst. sec. for various periods, 1924-27; ag. col. sec. in 1926 and 1927; trade comsnnr. for Cyprus in London, July, 1927.

FLOOD, J. E. W.—B. 1886; ed. at Porton Royal Schl., Enniskillen, and Trin. Coll., Dublin, B.A. (scholar univ. student); apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 10th Oct., 1910; sec., edible nuts comtee., 1916; 1st cls. clk., 15th Oct., 1918; on military service from 16th Apr., 1917 to 7th Dec., 1918; prin., 1st Apr., 1920; asst. sec., Feb., 1926; vice-chmn., col. advisory med. and sane. comtee., 1924-26.

FLOWERS, HON. F.—M.L.C., New South Wales, since 1900; vice-chmn. of parly. standing comtee. on pub. wks., 1904; chrmn., 1907; vice-pres. of exec. coun., Oct., 1910; min. of pub. health, 1914; now pres. of legis. coun.

FLYNN, HON. EDMUND JAMES.—B. 1847; ed. Quebec Seminary and Laval Univ. (L.L.L. 1873); admitted to Queb. bar 1873; prof. of Roman law in Laval Univ., 1874-1914; LL.D., Laval 1878; is dean of law faculty; practised as advoc. in Queb. City; mem., Queb. legislature for Gaspé, 1878-1900 when elected for Nicolet Co.; comsnnr., crown lands, Chapeau admstrn., 1879-1882; comsnnr. of rlys. and solr. gen., Ross admstrn., 1884-87; comsnnr., crown lands, de Boucherville govt. from 1891-96; prime min. and comsnnr. of pub. wks., May, 1896 to May, 1897; leader of opposition, 1897 to 1904; retired from Queb. legislature 1904; Q.C. by Dom. govt., 1887 subsequently by Queb. govt.; batonnier of Queb. bar, 1907-09; apptd. judge of superior ct., June, 1914; promoted to ct. of king's bench, July, 1920.

FOLEY, GERALD ROBERT EDWARD, O.B.E., B.A.—B. 1886; ed. Tipperary Gram. Schl. and Trinity Coll., Dublin; schol. and senr. moderator in maths., Dublin Univ.; Royal Irish Constab., 1911-22; war serv. with R. Irish Regt. in France, Palestine and Salonika (rank major); twice ment. in desps. and awarded O.B.E. (mil.); asst. comdt., Br. gendarmerie, Palestine, 1922; comdt., Police Training Schl., 1926.

FOLLOWS, CHARLES GEOFFREY SHIELD.—B. 1896; ed. Wellington; 2nd lieut., The King's (Liverpool) Regt., 1914; served in France, 1915-18, latterly as adjt.; on staff, 1918 and 1919, attached to H.Q., Southern dist., Ireland, and H.Q., Aldershot command; priv. sec. to gov. of Seyohelles and clk. to couns., 1920; asst. sec., Gibraltar, 1925; ch. asst. sec., 1927.

FOORD, FRANÇOIS LAYTON.—B. 1874; served in Cape Mounted Rifles, S. African War, 1899-1902; lieut., 1st S. Staffs. regt.; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1902; inspr., 1913; asst. comsnnr., 1914; accompanied Basuto deputations to England in 1909 and 1919; mem., poor white comsn., 1918.

FORAN, WILLIAM.—B. 1871; entered civ. serv., Canada, 1890; 2nd cl. clk., 1894; sec., bd. of civ. ser. examnrs., 1895; 1st cl. clk., 1906; sec. of civ. ser. comsn., 1908.

FORBES, HARRY.—B. 1873; cust. dept., Fiji, 1911; clk. of peace, Rewa, Fiji, 1914-18; J.P., 1915; cashier, treas., 1918; ag. acct., Gilbert & Ellice Coll., 20th June, 1921; ag. treas., ch.

postmr. and collr. of cust., June-Dec., 1922; asst., Br. residency, New Hebrides, 7th Aug., 1923.

FORBES, LESLIE.—B. 1889; B.A., Oxon. (lit. hum.), 1913; cadet, F.M.S., 1913; lent to Kedah govt., 1914; sec. to adviser, Kedah, 1916; dist. offr., Tampin, Dec., 1920; Ulu Kelantan, June, 1922; Kuala Selangor, Apr., 1923; offg. dist. offr., Bentong, Feb., 1925; ditto, Kuala Lipis, Nov., 1925; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1925; ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, Feb., 1927.

FORD, LIEUT. ALFRED ROBERT.—B. 1892; comsmd., 1st Batt., R. Sussex Regt., 20th Jan., 1917; served, N.W. Frontier, India, 1914-1918; 3rd Afghan War, 1919; S.O., Local Forces, Jamaica, 1st July, 1925.

FORKE, ROBERT.—Returned soldier's comsnr., Manitoba, 1915-18; Manitoba pub. welfare comsnr., 1917-19; mem., Manitoba tax coms., 1920-22; el. to House of Commons, Canada, 1921; min. of immigrn. and colonisation, 1926.

FORDMAN, MAURICE BUXTON.—Cape teleg. serv., 24th Feb., 1894; trans. to stores branch, 1st Nov., 1894; clk., foreign mails dept., 1st Jan., 1896; prin. clk., ditto, 1st June, 1905; prin. clk., ch. clk.'s office, 1st July, 1908; prin. clk. for mails branch, 1st Oct., 1910; prin. clk., postmr. gen.'s office, 1st Jan., 1913; prin. clk., staff branch, 24th Jan., 1920; ag. ch. clk., 13th Aug., 1920; ch. clk., 5th Aug., 1921; asst. sec., Nov., 1923.

FORRER, HENRY AUGUSTUS, M.A. Cantab., Barrister-at-Law, Middle Temple.—B. 1886; cadet S. Stimits., 22nd Oct., 1909; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, 5th Dec., 1912; ag. asst. dist. judge and 4th mag., Singapore, 9th Jan., 1913; ag. ist. offr., Christmas Island, 19th Mar., 1913; passed cadet, 3rd Aug., 1913; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, 5th Sept., 1913; supernumerary offr. of cls. V., 12th Mar., 1914; ag. temporarily as 2nd mag., Singapore, 23rd Mar., 1914; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, 16th May, 1914; attached to censor's office, 16th May, 1915; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Island, 1st July, 1915; services lent to the F.M.S., 12th Jan., 1917; ag. 2nd mag. Kinta, 23rd Jan., 1917; ag. asst. dist. offr., Larut, 1st Nov., 1917; offr., cls. IV., 1st Jan., 1919; 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, July, 1921; ag. 1st mag., Kuala Lumpur, Sept.-Oct., 1921; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1921; ag. mag. and asst. registr., sup. ct., Seremban, Dec., 1922; 2nd mag. and coroner, Penang, Dec., 1923; dep. registr., and asst. offi. assignee, Penang, Sept., 1924; ag. asst. registr., sup. ct., Ipoh, Oct., 1925.

FORREST, ARTHUR ERIC E.—B. 1892; asst. audr., E. Africa Prot., July, 1915; on active service, Oct., 1915 to Dec., 1916; asst. audr. in charge, Somaliland, 1917; ag. senr. asst. audr., E. Africa Prot., Dec., 1917 to Apr., 1919. Nov., 1919 to Jan., 1920; asst. audr. in charge Zanzibar, Feb., 1920; senr. asst. audr., Kenya, Mar., 1922; senr. asst. treas., Nov., 1925; treas. acct. Jan., 1926; ag. dep. treas., June, 1926.

FORREST, R. A. D.—B. 1893; ed. Aberdeen Univ.; M.A., 1914; cadet, Hong Kong, Oct., 1919; passed final exam. in Cantonese, 10th Jan., 1922; attd., educn. dept., Sept., 1922; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1925; asst. head, sany. dept., 1925.

FORSTER, BARON (cr. 1919), RT. HON. HENRY WILLIAM, P.C. (1917), G.C.M.G. (1920), D.L.—B. 1866; ed. Eton and New Coll., Oxford; M.P., Sevenoaks, Kent, 1892-1919; a lord comsnr. of the treasury, 1902-05; finan. sec. to the W.O., 1915-19; mem. of army council; gov.-gen. and comdr. in chief, Commonwealth of Austr., 1920-25.

FOSDIKE, ALFRED ERNEST.—Served in Bechuanaland Prot. pol., 1907-1917; contrl. of stores, 1917.

FOSTER, RIGHT HON. SIR GEORGE E., P.C. (U.K.), (1916); G.C.M.G. (1918); K.C.M.G. (1914), B.A., D.C.L., LL.D.—B. 1847; ed. Superior Schls. and Univ. of New Brunswick, Edinburgh and Heidelberg; prof. of classics, Univ., N.B., 1873-1877; elec. to H. of C., Canada, 1882, for electoral dist. of Kings, N.B.; min. of marine and fisheries, 1885; re-elec., 1887 and 1891 for same constituency; 1896 for York Co., N.B.; 1904 for North Toronto, Ontario; re-elec. 1908, 1911 and 1917 for same constituency; min. of finance in Sir John A. Macdonald's govt., 1888 to 1891, and in govt. of Sir John Thompson, Sir John Abbot, Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Sir Charles Tupper from 1891-1896; min. of trade and commerce in Mr. Borden's govt., 1911; ditto in National govt., Oct., 1917; mem. of Dominions royal coms., 1912; mem. of the Peace Confce. at Versailles, 1919, as joint representative of the Dominion of Canada; del. to League of Nations assem., Nov., 1920; resig. portfolio and called to the senate of Canada, 22nd Sept., 1921.

FOSTER, LIONEL HUBERT LISLE.—B. 1889; ed. Bradfield and Christ Ch. Oxford (B.A. 1912); min. of educn., Egypt, Jan. 1913; asst. res., Nyasaland, Jan., 1915; res., 1st grade, Apr., 1925.

FOSTER, R. S.—B. 1894, Apptd. after compet. exam. clk. of the 2nd div. of the civil service; temporarily employed at Nat. Hlth. Insurance Coms., Mar., 1913 to June, 1914; assigned to C.O., June, 1914; on military service from 4th Aug., 1914, to 6th Jan., 1919; asst. auditor, Gold Coast, Jan., 1920.

FOSTER, HON. RICHARD WITTY.—Mem. of H. of Assem., S. Australia, 1893 to 1906; Comsnr. of pub. wks., 1899; ditto, and min. of industry, 1902-1904; ditto, and min. of agric., 1st March to 26th July, 1906; mem. of H. of R., C. of A., from 1909; min. of wks. and rlys., 1921-3.

FOSTER, ROBERT SPENCE, M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1891; ed. Magdalen Coll. Schl. and St. Edmund's Hall, Oxford; 2nd lieut., K.S.L.I., 1915; K.A.R., 1917-18; head mast., educn. dept., Tanganyika Territory, 1922; ag. dir., educn., Aug. to Oct., 1924.

FOSTER, HON. WALTER EDWARD.—B. 1874; ed. St. John Pub. and Grammar Schls.; chosen leader of opposition liberal party, New Brunswick, 1916; premier, N.B., 4th Apr., 1917; sec. of state of Canada, 5th Sept., 1925.

FOSTER, WILLIAM, M.B.E.—B. 1880; served in S. African War, 1900-02; Queen's Med., 3 clasps; King's Med., 2 clasps; Br. post office, 1897-1920; serv. in Gt. War, 1914-20; ment. in desps.; major, 1920; dep. postmr.-gen., Palestine, July, 1920; ag. postmr.-gen. on several occasions.

FOULGER, HENRY CECIL.—B. 1891; ed. Malvern Coll. and Pembroke Coll., Camb.; asst. res., Nyasaland, Aug. 1914; res., 1st grade, Jan., 1924.

FOWLER, ALBERT EDWARD.—B. 1868; ed. Lawrence Dist. High Schl. and Otago Boys High Schl. (N.Z.); entd. New Zealand govt. serv., 1885; resigned, 1893; re-apptd., 1897; dep. comsnr., taxes, 1914; comsnr., taxes, 1925.

FOWLER, JAMES ROBINSON.—B. 1875; ed. Rathmines Schl. and Trinity Coll., Dublin; 1st Hebrew Sizar, 1894; 1st entrance prize Eng. hist. and mod. geog., 1894; prizeman in classics and Eng. lit., 1895; Hebrew, 1896; second of first honours in classics, 1896; scholar in classics,

1899; 1st junr. moderator in classics, 1899 (B.A.); prizeman in biblical Greek, 1900; vice-chancellor's gold medalist in Latin, 1900; 2nd cla. professor of classics and English, Royal Coll., Mauritius, Sept., 1913; ag. 1st cla. professor, Apl., 1914 to Nov., 1915; Jan. to Nov., 1916, and from Apl., 1917.

FOWLIS, HENRY GEORGE.—Entd. judl. dept., Gambia, 1890; govr.'s off., 1893-1901; col. sec.'s off., 1902-05; ch. clk. and acctnt., P.W.D., 1906.

FOXLEE, RICHARD WILLIAM, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1885; ed. Westminster Schl.; served in engnr's dept., G.N.R., 1903-09; G. C. R., 1909-15; P.L.A., 1915-21; dep. head, engnr. design dept., C.A., 1921.

FOXWORTHY, FRED WILLIAM.—B. 1877; ed. De Pauw Univ., Greencastle, Indiana and Cornell Univ., U.S.A.; A.M. (1902), Ph.D. (1904); system. botanist, bureau of science, Manila, edr., Philippine Jnl. of Science, ch. of divn., investn., bureau of forestry, and offr. in charge, forest sch.; services loaned to govt., Br. N. Borneo, 1905-17; forest research offr., F.M.S., 1918.

FRANCE, HENRY DUNLOP.—Rev. offr., Anguilla, 1896; govt. offr., St. Kitts, 1897; rev. offr., Nevis, 1899; tariff clk., treasury, St. Kitts, 1901; ag. audit clk., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1902; supervisor of cust., G. Coast, Sept., 1904; 1st cla. supervisor of cust., 20th Aug., 1909; ag. inspr., cust. preven. serv., Mar.-Oct., 1911; ag. inspr., maritime cust., Oct., 1916 to Jan., 1917; prov. collr. cust., 1st Jan., 1921.

FRANCIS, AUGUSTUS CLAUDE.—Served in I.Y., South African war, Jan., 1900, to Aug., 1901, (Queen's medal and four clasps); asst. native comsnr., North Eastern Rhodesia (B.S.A. Co.'s service), Mar., 1902, to Nov., 1905; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 2nd Dec., 1905; 3rd cls. res., 21st Feb., 1910; 2nd cla. dist. offr., 1st Jan., 1914; res., 22nd Feb., 1920; ag. senr. res., 17th May, 1924.

FRANCIS, BERTRAM ALEXANDER.—B. 1878; ed. St. Edmunds Schl., Canterbury, and St. Catherine's Coll., Camb.; B.A. (class. tripos) 1900; 2nd lieut. R.G.A., 1900; lieut. 1902; inspr. of immigrts., Mauritius, 1908; ag. auditor-gen., Jan. to June, 1908; prot. of immigrts., and poor law comsnr., 1912; temp. capt., R.G.A., Jan., 1915 to 1918; ag. recr.-gen., Feb. to Nov., 1919, Dec., 1919 to Jan., 1922 and from Nov., 1922 to Aug., 1923; ohmn., profiteering comtee., May, 1920; collr. of cust. and harbmr., 25th Aug., 1924; ag. col. sec., 3rd Aug., 1927.

FRANCIS, CLIFFORD CLAUDE.—B. 1889; ed. at King's Schl., Rochester, and Lincoln Coll., Oxford; ag. pay and qtrmr. and clk., Fiji constab., 4th Feb., 1908; clk. of the peace, Taveuni, 9th Aug., 1909; served in audit and recr.-general's depts.; asst. mstr., Queen Victoria schl., Nasinu, Fiji, 1st Feb., 1910; ag. headmaster, ditto, 20th Apl. to 3rd July, 1911; ag. chief clk., native depts., 25th Sept., 1911, to 26th Feb., 1912; cadet, Br. Solomon Is. Prot., 28th June, 1912; passed cadet, May, 1914; ag. adjt., local forces, Aug., 1914; dep. comsnr., W. Pacific, Dec., 1914; lieut., E. Surrey Regt., Mar., 1915; capt., Apr., 1916; served in France and Flanders, 1916-17; senr. offr., Gizo, Oct., 1919; ag. res. comsnr., Br. Solomon Is. prot., Oct., 1922; rep. natives of Gizo dist. in claims before lands comn., 1923; called to bar, Lincoln's Inn, May, 1925; judl. comsnr. for W. Pacific in New Hebrides, Aug., 1925; Br. judge, joint ct., New Hebrides condominium, Aug., 1925.

FRANCIS, CYRIL GERARD BROOK.—Apptd. Fiji civ. serv., 1898; lieut., armed native constab., 1901; certifi., musketry and machine gun, Hythe, 1905; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1907; inspr., Fiji constab., 1907; barrister and solr., sup. ct., Fiji, 1908; A.D.C. to ag. gov., Dec., 1908 to 1909; ag. inspr.-genl. constab., and prisons, 1909 to 1910; A.D.C. to ag. gov., Aug., 1910 to Feb., 1911; ag. comsnr. and stip. mag., 1911-12; ag. chief pol. mag., July to Aug., 1911; ag. inspr.-genl., constab. and prisons, 1912 to 1913; 2nd grade dist. comsnr., May, 1912; ag. chief pol. mag., Mar. 1913 to Dec., 1914; 2nd in comd. local forces with rank of major, 5th Aug., 1914; mentioned by Army Council for services in 1914 in connection with defence of Fiji; capt., E. Surrey Regt., Mar., 1915; coy. comdr., K.A.R., E. Africa, 1916-19; 1st grade dist. comsnr., Fiji, Jan., 1916; registrar-genl., regier., sup. ct., comsnr. stamps, and pub. trustee, Fiji, Jan., 1920; cust., enemy property and contr. L.C.O., Fiji and W. Pacific, Feb., 1920; ag. atty.-gen., May, 1920 to May, 1921; comsnr. for the revision of the laws of Fiji, 1920 (not completed); atty.-gen., B. Honduras, July 1921; ag. ch. just., July, 1921 to May, 1922 and from July to Nov., 1923; ohmn., comsnr. to enquire into outbreak of yellow fever, 1921; ohmn., retrenchment comtee., 1922; ohmn., franchise comn., 1923; revd. and consol. laws, B. Hond., 1924; atty.-gen., Zanzibar, 27th Nov., 1924.

FRANCIS, HAROLD VANSITTART, M.B.E. (1924).—B. 1883; ed. Blundell's Schl.; pvte. sec. to admstr., N.W. Rhodesia, 1908; senr. grade clk., secretariat, Oct., 1912; ch. clk., 1st Apr., 1916; ag. asst. sec. on various occasions, 1921-26; asst. sec., N. Rhodesia, Aug., 1927; clk., exec. and leg. councils.

FRANCIS, WILLIAM, F.I.C.—Ed. Glasgow Univ.; "Malcolm Kerr" bursar in chemy. and asst. to prof. of chemy., Glasgow Univ., 1890; asst. to Sir C. A. Cameron, C.B., govt. analyst, Ireland, 1892-4; govt. analyst, agrl. chemist and lect. in chemy. to the govt. of Cyprus, 1900-20; ag. island postmr., asst. censor, and pres. of the note currency bd., Cyprus, 1915-20; dep. govt. analyst and geologist, B. Guiana, 1920; ag. dir. of science and agr., Feb.-July, 1921 and in 1922; asst. dir., science and agr., B. Guiana, 1922; ag. dir., science and agr. and ohmn., bd. of agr., Feb. to Nov., 1926; senr. editor, B. Guiana Handbook, 1922.

FRANCKLIN, B. J. F.—Asst. junr. staff survr., E. Africa Prot., 1914; asst. dist. comsnr., May, 1915; 2nd grade res., Nyasaaland, Jan., 1925; 1st grade ditto, Apr., 1925.

FRANZ, G. H., B.A.—B. 1896; ed. Transvaal Univ. Coll., Transvaal; inspr., native educn., O.F.S., 1926.

FRASER, ALASTAIR GARDEN, B.A.—B. 1902; ed. Rugby and Queen's Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1924; 3rd cls. hons., phil., polit., and econ.; asst. mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1924.

FRASER, REV. ALEXANDER GARDEN, M.A.—B. 1873; ed. Merchiston Castle, Edin., Edin. Univ. and Trinity Coll., Oxford; deacon, 1913; priest, 1915; C.M.S., Uganda, 1900-03; prin., Trinity Coll., Kandy, Ceylon, 1904; chaplain with 3rd divn., France, 1917-18; chaplain to the forces; prin., Prince of Wales Coll., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1924.

FRASER, FREDERICK WILLIAM, C.B.E. (1922).—B. 1870; ed. Sherborne Schl.; cadet, B. N. Borneo civ. serv., 1896; dist. offr., Keningau, 1899; sec. to gov., 1903; res. of the interior,

1905; sessions judge, 1906; res., East Coast, 1909; res., West Coast, 1911; M.L.C., 1912; judge of high court, 1912; govt. sec., 1912; O.A.G., 1912; resumed appt. as govt. sec., 1913; O.A.G., 1915.

FRASER, H.—Ed. Grammar Schl., Inveraray; George Watson's Coll., Edinburgh and Edinburgh Univ.; B.Sc., 1925; asst. conservator of forests, Tanganyika Territory, 1925.

FRASER, HUGH.—B. 1890; ed. Wellington and Exeter Coll., Oxford (schol.); cadet, F.M.S., 1913; ag. priv. sec. to ch. sec., Apr. 1914–Feb., 1915; ag. supervisor of outst., Port Dickson, May, 1915; ditto, Port Swettenham, Jan., 1916; passed cadet, Dec., 1916; offr., cls. V., Dec., 1916; 3rd asst. sec., Fed. sect., Aug., 1917, priv. sec. to ch. sec. in addition, Sept., 1917; dist. offr., Jelebu, Feb., 1918; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, Sept., 1920; offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1920; 3rd asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Dec., 1921; dist. offr., Kuantan, Sept., 1924; offr., class III., Nov., 1925.

FRASER, JOHN ALEXANDER, M.C.—B. 1896; ed. Trinity Academy, Leith, and Edin. Univ.; on mil. serv., 1915–19; cadet, Hong Kong, 1919; attd. to sany. dept., 1921; 3rd asst. to sec. for Chinese affrs., 1921; 2nd pol. mag., Apr., 1922; dist. offr. (North), June, 1922; passed in Cantonese, 1922; asst. head, sany. dept. and sec. to sany. bd., 1922; ag. head, sany. dept., 1923; dist. offr., South, 1924; admitted Middle Temple, 1925; asst. supt., impts. and expts., 1925; dist. offr., North, Feb., 1926.

FRASER, SIR JOHN GEORGE, KT. BACH. (1924), C.M.G. (1913).—B. 1864; cadet Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1887; ag. dist. judge, &c., Badulla, Feb., 1894; asst. govt. agt., Chilaw, Dec., 1899; land settmt. offr., Aug., 1901; ag. govt. agt., W. Prov., 4th Jan., 1912; ag. controller of revenue, in 1911, 1912, 1913, 1915 and 1916; govt. agt., W. Prov., July, 1914; M.L.C.; ret., 1924.

FRASER, LAURENCE, L.R.C.F., L.R.C.S. (Eng.).—Lieut., R.A.M.C., Dec., 1915; capt., Dec., 1916; M.O., 15th (R.) Batt. York and Lancaster Regt., Dec., 1915; St. George's hosp., Malta, July, 1916; 63rd Gen. Hosp., Salonika, May, 1917; 1/1st S. Midland F.A., 5th Royal Sussex Regt., 1/6th Gloucester Regt., N. Italy, Nov., 1917; 1/6th Gloucester Regt., Albania, Feb., 1919; 1/6th Gloucester Regt., 2/13th London Regt., mil. hosp., Raseltin, Alexandria, May, 1919; dist. med. offr., Cyprus, Mar., 1921; ag. health offr., July to Nov., 1922.

FRASER, MALCOLM, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1873; ed. at Inverness; entd. N.Z. land and income tax dept., 1893; acct., pub. serv. superannuation fund, 1908; govt. statistician since 1911; admtd. enrolment and balloting, Exped. Force Reserve, 1916–18; N.Z. rep. at British Empire Confce. of Statisticians, 1920.

FRASER, PERCY LOUIS ALEXANDER, M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1867; entd. civ. ser., Trinidad, 1st Dec., 1886; supt. of prisons, 1st Jan., 1907.

FRASER, WALTER MORTIMER.—B. 1865; 3rd cls. clk., P.W.D., Jamaica, 1st Feb., 1886; acctnt. and clk., lands dept., 1st Oct., 1890; ag. 1st cls. clk., record office, 1st Aug., 1900 to 20th May, 1904; 1st cls. clk., treasury, 1st Nov., 1910; acctnt., govt. savings bank, 1st Nov., 1918; ch. clk. and acctnt., treasury, 1st July, 1920; dep. treas., 1st Apr., 1921; treas., 1st Apr., 1925; nom. mem., leg. coun.

FRASER, WINFORD BLACHE.—B. 1868; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1892; mag., St. Andrew, Trinidad, Jan., 1923; mag., Caroni, Nov., 1923; mag., St. George East, Dec., 1924.

FRAZER, HON. FRANCIS VERNON, M.A., LL.B.—B. 1880; ed. Nelson Coll., Otago Univ. Coll., and Canterbury Univ. Coll.; barrister and solr., stip. mag., 1911; chmn., N.Z. pub. serv. appeal bd., 1918; asst. pub. serv. comsr., 1920; judge, ct. of arbitn., 1921.

FREEMAN, B. J.—Asst. chief acctnt., G.P.O., E. Africa Prot., Apl., 1918; dep. ch. acctnt., 1924.

FREEMAN, GEORGE BOVET.—B. 1886; ed. Winchester Coll.; asst. dist. comsr., Gold Coast, 29th Apl., 1914; dist. comsr., 1918.

FREEMAN, WILLIAM GEORGE, B.Sc. (Lond.), A.R.C.S., F.L.S.—B. 1874; ed. at St. Olave's Gram. Schl. and Royal Coll. of Science, Lond.; B. Sc. (1st cls. hona. in Botany), 1898; priv. asst. to dir. of Royal Bot. Gardens, Ceylon, 1896–97; demonstrator in Botany, Royal Coll. of Science, 1897–1900; scientific asst., Imp. dep. of agric., West Indies, 1900–1903; supt. of colonial collections, Imp. Inst., 1903–1911; lecturer on trop. cultivation, C.O. Trop. African Serv. Course; visited S. Nigeria on special serv., 1904; asst. dir. of agriculture and govt. botanist, Trinidad and Tobago, 1911; dir., ditto, 1st May, 1917; mem., leg. coun., 1923; vice-pres., bd. of agric.; mem. of govt. comms. on deterioration of cacao and educn.; editor, Bulletin of Dept. of Agric.; author of various books and papers on tropical agric. and botany.

FREESTON, LESLIE BRIAN.—B. 1892; ed. at Willaston Schl., Nantwich and Oxford; scholar New Coll., 1911–1919; 2nd cls., hona. mod., 1913; B.A. (war) 1919; on mil. ser., 17th Sept., 1914 to 8th Mar., 1919; temp. 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 10th Mar. to 15th July, 1919; appt. under reconstruction scheme, 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 16th July, 1919; asst. prin., 1st Apr., 1920; priv. sec. to perm. under-sec., 18th June, 1920; sent to Ceylon for temp. serv. as sec., salaries coman., 1921; act. princ., 6th Dec., 1922; princ., 1st April, 1924.

FREMANTLE, MAJOR JOHN MORTON, C.M.G. (1927), M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1876; ed. at Eton and Hertford Coll., Oxford; M.A., 1902; served in S. Africa, first in the ranks (Distinguished Conduct Medal), and afterwards as capt., 15th Batt. I.Y.; is hon. capt. in the army and capt., 3rd Co. of London I.Y.; priv. sec. to S. of S. for War and asst. sec. to royal coman. on militia and volunteers, 1903–4; comptroller of the household to gov.-gen. of Canada, 1910–11; 3rd cls. res. Northern Nigeria, Nov., 1904; 2nd cls. res., Jan., 1910; is now res. at Zaria.

FRENCH, JOHN KRRIK.—B. 1872; clk., poor law bd., Sandy Point, Mar., 1894; clk., P.O., St. Kitts, Nov., 1897; clk., treasury, St. Kitts, Oct., 1907.

FRENCH, SIR SOMERSET RICHARD, K.C.M.G. (1901), C.M.G. (1896).—B. 1848; postm.-gen.; apptd. money order dept., G.P.O., Lond., 30th Aug., 1866; transf'd. to sec. off. (postal branch), Sept., 1869; in Feb., 1870, asst'd. in transfer to State of the undertakings of the telegraph companies in the U.K.; apptd. offr. in charge of intell. branch, telegraphs, and subsequently to control of racing and special arrangements branch of impl. telegraph service; also May to Oct., 1874, supervised surveying branch, home countries dist.; in July, 1878, selected to proceed to Cyprus with expeditionary force under Lieut.-Gen. Sir Garnet Wolseley, to organise a postal and telegraph service on that island. Shortly after return to U.K. was asked to undertake reorganisation of

Cape Colony postal service; acted as sec. and acctnt., P.O., Cape Colony, 1st Aug., 1880, to 31st July, 1891, when apptnt. confirmed; introduced P.O. savings bk. system, 1st Jan., 1884; from which date acted as controller of branch in addition to other apptmts.; P.M.G. and gen. man. of telegraphs, Cape Colony and Basutoland, 27th Jan., 1892; also P.M.G., B. Bechuanaland, 1st Apr., 1893, until 1897, when that territory annexed to Cape Colony; P.M.G., Bechuanaland Prot., 1897; organised postal and telegraph services of Rhodesia, and acted as gen. man. of Rhodesian telegraph service, 1893-7, and man. Trans-Continental telegraph co., 1893-7; mem. of tender and advisory bds.; agt. gen. for Cape Colony in Lond., 1907, retired, 1st July, 1910.

FRERE, SIR BARTLE HENRY TEMPLE, KT. BAOB. (1918), LL.B.—Ed. at Charterhouse schl. and Trin. Coll., Cam.; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1887; pres. dist. court, Cyprus, 1897; transf'd. to Gibraltar as pol. mag. and coroner, 1902; atty.-gen., 1911; chief justice, Apl., 1914; judge of the prize ct., Aug., 1914; cable censor during the European War; ret., Aug., 1922.

FRERE, NOEL GRAY.—B. 1885; ed. Wanganui Collegiate Schl., N.Z., and Cranby Schl.; asst. dist. comsnr., S. Leone, 31st July, 1909; dist. comsnr., 7th Jan., 1916; ag. prov. comsnr., N. Prov., Sept., 1921 to Nov., 1921.

FRETZ, WILMOT THEODORE STUART.—B. 1889; ed. Framlingham Coll., Suffolk and Christ's Coll., Cambridge; Rhodesian admistrn., B.S.A.P., N. and S. Rhodesia, 1913-19; Transvaal Border Patrols, 1918; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1921; atty.-gen., St. Lucia, 1923; ohmn., agrl. coms., 1924; ag. admstr., St. Lucia, Dec., 1924; ag. ch. just., St. Vincent, July, 1925.

FROST, CAPT. MEADOWS, M.C.—B. 1875; ed. Charterhouse and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; B.A., Oxon; cadet, F.M.S., 1898; passed cadet, 1901; cls. VI, 1903; cls. V, 1905; seconded as H.B.M.'s consul for west coast of Siam, 1905; cls. IV, and adviser to H.H. the Raja of Perlis, 1910; acted Br. adviser, Kedah, 1911; cls. III, 1912; joined the Army for gen. serv., 1915; discharged, 1919; cls. II, 1919; ag. dist. offr., Kinta, 1920; dist. offr., Larut, Sept., 1922; comsnr., lands and mines, Johore, Aug., 1923.

FRY, WM. HERBERT, L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.).—B. 1868; late house surg. and house physician, N.W., Lond. hosp.; asst. electro-therapeutic physician, Charing Cross hosp.; house surg., Liverpool hosp.; house surgeon, S. St. Jlm's, 13th Aug., 1896; supernumerary col. surg., Sing., 1st Apl., 1900; col. surg., Prov. Wellesley South, 17th Nov., 1900; ditto, Prov. Wellesley North, 1st Mar., 1901; asst. col. surg. res., Penang, 18th Mar., 1901; state surg., Pahang, F.M.S., June, 1905; ag. senr. med. offr., Penang, 1908; med. offr., grade I, 1st Oct., 1908; ditto, Perak, 7th Apl., 1909; ag. senr. med. offr. in charge, gen. hosp., Singapore, 14th Apl., 1911; ag. health offr., Perak N., 5th Oct., 1912 to 24th Sept., 1913; ag. senr. med. offr., Perak in addn., 21st June, 1913 to 8th May, 1914; ag. health offr., Perak N., 8th June, 1914; med. offr. in charge, Pahang, 1st May, 1915; mag., Raub dist., in addition, 1st July, 1916; ch. med. offr., Penang, Aug., 1919; ag. ch. med. offr., Singapore, 27th May, 1922.

FULLER, SIR F. C. B. D. K.B.E. (1919), C.M.G. (1906).—Cadet, Fiji, 1884; res. comsnr., Rotumah, 1889; dis. comsnr., Lagos, 1892; res. of Ibadan, 1897; col. treas., Lagos, 1901; asst. sec. to govt., Malta, 1902; mem. exec. coun.; ch. comsnr., Ashanti, 1905; ret., 24th July, 1920.

FULLER, HON. SIR GEORGE WARBURTON, K.C.M.G. (1919).—Elected to first H. of R., C. of A., 1901; re-elected, 1903 and 1906; min. of home affairs, C. of A., June, 1909 to Apl., 1910; col. sec., N. S. Wales, Nov., 1916-20; premier, 1922-25.

FULTON, ADAM, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1897; lieut., May, 1915; capt., 1916; on active serv. with 1st, 6th and 2nd batts., Border Regt., Gallipoli, Sept. to Nov., 1915; Egypt and Suez defences, Jan. to July, 1916; France, July to Sept., 1916 and from Jan. to Aug., 1917; wounded, 26th Sept., 1916; Italy, Dec., 1918 to Jan., 1919; demob., Jan., 1919; vety. offr., Gold Coast, 18th May, 1926.

FURKERT, FREDERICK WILLIAM, C.M.G. (1926), M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E.—B. 1876; ed. Hokitika High Schl., Wellington and Dunedin Tech. Schl., and Otago Univ., N.Z.; joined N.Z. pub. wks. dept., 1894; res. engrn., 1903; inspecting engrn., 1912; asst. engrn.-in-chief, 1919; engrn.-in-chief and under sec., 1920.

FURNESS, ROBERT HOWARD.—B. 1880; ed. King William's Coll., Isle of Man; solr. (hons.). 1902; practised at bar of B. Honduras, 1906-13; registr.-gen., B. Honduras, 1915; ag. atty.-gen., 1914-15; lieut.-comdg. 1st B. Honduras war contingent, 1915; served with B. W. I. Regt., 1915-19; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1919; mag., Tanganyika Territory, 9th Jan., 1920; senr. mag., Apr., 1921; ag. puine judge, Nov., 1922 to Feb., 1923; solr. gen., Trinidad, Nov., 1923; ag. atty. gen., Apr. to Oct., 1924 and from 15th Jan., 1925 to 13th Aug., 1926; ch. just., Barbados, Oct., 1926.

FURNESS-SMITH, CROIL, Barrister-at-law.—B. 1890; ed. Birkenhead Schl. and St. John's Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1912; LL.B., 1913; 2nd lieut., gen. res. of offrs.; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 29th Apr., 1914; dist. comsnr., 1921; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1922; dist. crown coun., Mar., 1925; crown coun., G. Coast, 18th Mar., 1925.

FURSE, MAJOR R. D., D.S.O.—B. 1887; ed. Eton and Balliol Coll., Oxford, B.A.; asst. priv. sec. to sec. of state (Mr. Lewis (now Lord) Harcourt), Dec., 1910 to Aug., 1914; on active service in 1st King Edward's Horse, K.O.D.B., 5th Aug., 1914 to 26th Nov., 1918; served in France and Italy, Apl., 1915 to 26th Nov., 1918; promoted capt., 1914; major, 1916; wounded, 1917; D.S.O., July, 1918; Bar to D.S.O., gazetted, Mar., 1919; twice ment. in desps., asst. priv. sec. (apptmts.) to sec. of state (Lord Milner), May, 1919; Mr. Winston Churchill, Feb., 1921; Duke of Devonshire, Oct., 1922; priv. sec. (apptmts.) to sec. of state, Mr. Thomas, Jan., 1924; Mr. L. C. M. S. Amery, Nov., 1924; visited Canada on C.O. business, 1922, and again in 1923 as rep. at Imp. Forestry Confce; mem., bd. of govts., Imp. Forestry Inst.

GALEA, ARTHUR.—B. 1872; ed. Malta Lyceum; ent. Malta civ. serv., 1891; 3rd cl. clk., 1st Jan., 1895; 2nd cl. clk., 1st July, 1901; asst. registrar. cts. of judicial pol., 17th Dec., 1913; registrar, 6th Jan., 1914; transf'd., secretariat, 14th May, 1918; ch. clk., lieut.-gov.'s office, Sept., 1920; ch. clk. to legislature, 20th Dec., 1921; compr., charitable institutions, 4th Apl., 1923; off. sec. to head of ministry, 1st Mar., 1927.

GALEA, PROF. ROBERT V., L.S. & A.—B. 1882; matric. (with hons.), Malta Univ., 1900; graduated as land surrv. and architect, 1903; lect. on engrng. and architecture, Malta Univ.,

1905; prof., ditto, 1915; ag. rector of univ., 1923; el. for 1st divn. in leg. assem., June, 1924; re-el., Aug., 1927; min. for pub. health and charitable institutions, 16th Aug., 1927.

GALL, GEORGE LOUIS BECKLES.—B. 1880; ed. Queen's Coll., B. Guiana, 1897; ent. govt. serv., B. Guiana, 1897; J.P., 1902; 3rd grade comsry. of taxation, 1904; sworn weigher and gauger, 1905; qual. in colloquial Hindi, 1909; ag. immigr. agt. in addn., 1911; sec. to rum duties coman., 1912; ag. immigr. agt. in addn., 1913; supervisor, pub. wks. in addn., 1915; 1st grade comsry. of taxation, Oct. 1915; sec., sugar comtee., 1916; ag. prin. clk., col. sec.'s office, June to Dec., 1924; ag. ch. comsry. in Jan. and Feb., 1925; dir. of co-op. socs., 1st Jan., 1926; ag. ch. comsry., 24th July, 1926; ag. col. treas. from June, 1927.

GALLAGHER, LIEUT.-COL. ALBERT ERNEST, C.B.E. (1927), D.S.O., (1907).—Reserve of offrs.; B. 1872; ed. privately; served in S. African war, 1900; served with N. Nigeria Regt., W.A.F.F., 1901-1908; Argungu operations, 1902 (desps.); Sokoto expedn. 1903; Sokoto expedn. 1906 (wounded, desps. D.S.O.); asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1908; local comdt. Cyprus, mil. police, 1909; chief comdt., Cyprus mil. police, 1915; served with 7th Royal Munster Fus., 10th Divn., Dardanelles, 1915, and Serbia, 1915; major and 2nd in command, 11th Worcester Regt., Salonika Force, Sept., 1916; served with 7th Royal Fus. (63rd Div.) as 2nd in command, 1917, B.E.F., France; lieut.-col. comdg. 2nd Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, Sept., 1918, B.E.F., France; wounded, Oct., 1918; resumed duties as chief comdt., Cyprus mil. police, Aug., 1919; ag. regr. gen. in 1921 and 1922; Br. del. of Evcal, Aug., 1920; mem., exec. coun., Apr., 1922; mem., leg. coun., 1925.

GALLIHER, HON. WM. ALFRED.—B. 1860; ed. pub. and high schls., Walkerton, and Collegiate Inst., Collingwood; called to the bar, Manitoba, 1887; N.W.T., 1889; B. Columbia, 1897; served in the Nile expedn. 1884-5; elected to H. of C., Canada, 1900 and 1904; judge of ct. of appeal, B. Columbia, 1909.

GALT, HON. ALEXANDER CASIMIR.—B. 1853; ed. Hellmuth Coll., Toronto Univ; practised law in Toronto, 1876-1896; Rossland, B.C., 1896-1905; Winnipeg, 1906-1912; judge of the ct. of king's bench, Manitoba, 1912; contrib. to Can. Law Journal and Can. Law Times.

GALWAY, LT.-COL. SIR HENRY LIONEL, K.C.M.G. (1910), C.M.G. (1899), D.S.O. (1896).—B. 1859; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Sandhurst; entered army, May, 1878; promoted lieut., Mar., 1881; capt., Oct., 1887; brevet-maj., May, 1897; maj., Mar., 1899; and lt.-col., Apr., 1901; apptd. dep. comsnr. and vice-consul, Oil Rivers prot., Mar., 1891; dep. comsnr. and consul, Niger Coast prot., Jan., 1897; and divn. comsnr. Niger Coast prot. (now South. Nigeria), Apr., 1899; ag. consul-gen. Niger Coast prot., Aug. to Nov., 1896; Jan., 1897; Feb., 1898, to Jan., 1899; ag. high comsnr., South. Nigeria, Mar. to Dec., 1900; Brass expedn., 1895 (desps., medal with clasp, D.S.O.); Benin expedn., 1897 (desps., clasp, brevet majority); Aro expedn. as chief political officer, 1901-2 (desps., medal with clasp); gov., St. Helena, 1902; gov., Gambia, 30th Sept., 1911; gov., S. Australia, 27th Feb., 1914; assumed govt., 18th Apr., 1914, retired, 1920.

GALWAY, JOHN PATRICK FRANCIS.—Ed. St. Francis Xavier's Coll., Liverpool; clk., vety. pathological lab., Kabete, Aug., 1910; seconded, mil. serv., 1915; corp., E. African Vty. Corps,

1st June, 1916; lieut., ditto, 17th Oct., 1917; lieut., 3rd K.A.R.; "1914-15" Star, Gen. Serv. and Victory med.; labour insp. offr., E. Africa Prot., Apl., 1919; office supt., P.W.D., Dec., 1922.

GAMBAL, LAWRENCE IRVING WASHINGTON.—B. 1876; clk., gen. man., rlys., Trinidad, 5th May, 1893; clk. to engr. of surveys, 15th Mar., 1900; 2nd clk., crown lands office, 1st July, 1907; ch. clk., crown lands office, 15th Feb., 1914; warden, St. David, 16th Apr., 1920; warden, St. Patrick, 16th June, 1922.

GAMBLE, F. C.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Feb., 1915; res. mag., July, 1923.

GAMBLE, JOSEPH SAMUEL.—Ag. sub-inspr. of police, B. Guiana, 1905; wounded in Georgetown riots, 1905; sub-inspr. of police, 1906; Hythe musketry certif., 1908; dist. inspr. of police, 1912.

GAMMANS, LEONARD DAVID.—B. 189 2nd lieut., R.F.A., 1915; B.E.F., France, 1916; lieut. and capt., 1917; seconded for serv. as instr. in gunnery and equitation, R. Mil. Coll., Canada, May, 1918; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Jan., 1921; passed cadet, Jan., 1922; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Apr., 1922; asst. supervisor, cust., Port Dickson, Oct., 1922; supervisor, cust., Parit Buntar, Mar., 1923; ag. dist. offr., Port Dickson, July, 1923; served at Malayan pavilion, Br. Empire Exhibn., Mar., 1925; offr., cla. IV, June, 1927.

GANADO, ROBERTO F., LL.D.—B. 1875; ed. Malta Lyceum; matric., Malta Univ., 1891; LL.D., Malta, 1898; bar, Malta, 1899; advoc. for poor, 1905; mag., judl. pol., 1918; examr., laws, Malta Univ., 1919; chmn., licensing bd., 1920; visitor, notarial acts Nov., 1921; ag. crown advoc., 23rd to 30th June, 1922; ag. pub. pros. and treas. coun., 1st July to 9th Oct., 1922; chmn., bd. of prison visitors, 1924; ag. judge, supr. cts., 11th June to 22nd Sept., 1924; mem., gen. coun. of Univ. of Malta, 1924; judge, supr. cts., 16th Sept., 1925.

GARDINER, FREDERICK GEORGE.—B. 1874; ed. Diocesan Coll., Rondebosch, and Keble Coll., Oxford; B.A., Cape and Oxford; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1896; admitted to Cape bar, 1897; ag. puisne judge, Natal, 1907; atty.-gen., Cape Province, 1910; puisne judge of sup. ct. of S. Africa (Cape Prov. Div.), 16th Oct., 1914; judge pres., Cape Prov. divn., 1926.

GARDNER, ALFRED.—B. 1879; ed. Saltley Teachers' Training Coll., Birmingham; schlmr., Straits govt., 19th Apr., 1903; headmr., Gold Coast, 5th Jan., 1910; inspr., schls., 15th Apr., 1911; ag. prin., training institution, 16th Jan. to 30th Apr., 1912; ag. senr. inspr., schls. on several occasions; censor, Cape Coast, 20th Aug., 1914 to 12th Jan., 1915; prov. inspr., schls., 1st Jan., 1915.

GARDNER, H. M.—Asst. conservator of forests, E.A.P., May, 1914; senr. asst. conservator, forests, Kenya, Dec., 1923; ag. conservator, 1925.

GARDNER, JOHN HYSLOP, B.Sc.—B. 1883; ed. Kelvin'side Acad. and Univ., Glasgow; asst. engr., Basutoland, 1909; govt. engr., Swaziland, 1919; served with R.E., Flanders, 1916-18.

GARNETT, W. J., B.Sc. (Lond.), B. 1889.—Apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to the C.O., Jan., 1907; seconded for service in Oversea Sttlmt. Office, Jan., 1919.

GARRAN, SIR ROBERT RANDOLPH, K.C.M.G. (1930), K.T. BACH. (1917), C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1867; barrister-at-law; sec. to drafting comtee. of Australian Fed. Convention, 1897-8; sec. to atty.-gen.'s dept., C. of A., Jan., 1901, and partly draftsman; solr.-gen., 1916; author of "The Coming Commonwealth," 1897, and joint author (with the Hon. Sir John Quick) of "The Annotated Constitution of the Austr. Commonwealth," 1901.

GARRAWAY, DAVID JULIAN.—B. 1878; entd. pub. serv., St. Lucia, Mar., 1892, as supernum. clk., treasury; ag. 4th clk., Nov., 1892; clk., P.O., June, 1893; ag. clk. to adminstr.-in-chief, Windward Is., Aug., 1893; 2nd clk. registrar's off., June, 1896; ch. clk., Jan., 1898; ag. registrar, sheriff and adminstr.-gen., on 3 occasions, 1901-2-3; rev. offr., Grenada, June, 1903; ag. pol. mag., West Dist., Feb., 1904; additional coroner, West Dist., Mar., 1904; ag. pol. mag., North Dist., for spec. purpose of hearing appeals agst. town bd. assessments for 1904; asst. tax offr. in connectn. with hearing appeals agst. assessments for land and house taxes for 1904; ag. pol. mag., West Dist., May and June, 1905; ag. comsnnr., Carriacou, Aug.-Sept., 1906; ag. road surv., West Dist., Oct., 1906, in addition to duties of substantive office; ch. clk., registrar's off., and dep. registrar., Oct., 1907; registrar, sup. ct., Oct., 1914.

GARRAWAY, LT.-COL. SIR E. C. F., K.C.M.G. (1922), C.M.G. (1911), L.R.C.S.I.—Dist. surg., Millwood, Kynana, Cape Colony, 1888; ditto, Kuruman, Br. Bech., 1891; surg., Bech. Bord. pol., 1892; divml. med. offr., S.A.C., with rank of major, 1901; prin. med. offr., ditto, Mar., 1906; mil. sec., S. Africa, from 1st July, 1903, with rank of major; mil. sec. to Lord Gladstone, 1910-1913; mem. of S. Rhodesia native reserves comm. since May, 1914; served in Matabele wars and Boer war (1899-1902); res. comsnnr., Bech. Prot., 1st May, 1916; res. comsnnr., Basutoland, 15th Dec., 1917; ret., 19th Apr., 1926.

GARTHORNE, ERIC HENRY RUDSTON.—B.S.A., pol. serv.; clk., govt. house, Cape Town, 1898; clk., high comsnnr's office, 1901; permit offr., native affrs. dept., Transvaal, 1902; ch. clk., native affrs. dept., Transvaal, 1902; prin. clk., native affrs. dept., Union of S. Africa, 1910; ch. clk., native affrs. dept., Union of S. Africa, Oct., 1919; under sec., native affrs., 13th Oct., 1926.

GARTON, HARRY.—B. 1889; served in R.F.A., France, Salonica, Egypt and Palestine, 4th Aug., 1914 to Apr., 1919; clk. to court martials offr., R.A.F., May to Sept., 1919; Admiralty, 21st Oct., 1919 to Oct., 1922; served on Naval Inter-Ally Comn. of Control in Germany, May, 1921 to Oct., 1922; cler. offr., C.O., 21st Oct., 1922.

GARVEY, RONALD HERBERT, B.A.—B. 1903; ed. Trent Coll. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; cadet, Fiji and Western Pacific services, 10th Nov., 1926.

GARVIN, THOMAS FORREST, K.C.—B. 1881; Crown counsel, Ceylon, Mar., 1908; ag. solr.-gen., Mar., 1913; ag. addtl. dist. judge, Colombo, Feb., 1914; solr.-gen., 1915; ag. puisne just., Nov., 1921 to Jan., 1922; ag. atty.-gen., June, 1922 to Dec., 1922; ag. puisne just., sup. ct., Jan., 1923; puisne just., June, 1924; ag. ch. just., 7th July to 19th Sept., 1926.

GASH, VINCENT GORDON.—Served in Bechuanaland Prot. pol., 1911-15; sub-inspr., 1915; passed 3rd grade Seowana exam., 1923.

GATFIELD, WILLIAM HURST, M.C.—B. 1895; ed. Streatham Gram. Schl. and St. George's

Coll., London; apptd. to the 2nd divn. of the Imp. civ. serv., 1914; joined Queen's Westminster Rifles, 1915; 2nd lieut., 1916; served in France and demob. with rank of lieut., 1919; cadet S. Stlmits, 20th Nov., 1920; proceeded to China to study Chinese, July, 1921.

GAUNT, A. E.—B. 1897; entd. C.O., Aug., 1913; apptd. asst. clk., Oct., 1915; on mil. ser. from Dec., 1915 to Mar., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

GAUNT, REGINALD FREDERIC, M.A.—B. 1888; Hastings exbnbr., Queen's Coll., Oxon.; B.A. (Hons. Mod. Hist.), 1908; F.R.G.S.; asst. dist. comsnnr., S. Nigeria, 26th July, 1911; special comsnnr., Arochuku mutiny cases, 1913; educa. dept., E. Africa Prot., 8th July, 1914; ag. liquidator of enemy aliens, 7th Jan., 1918; inspr., coast educn., 1st Apr., 1919; senr. inspr. of schls., Kenya, 17th Aug., 1920; ag. dir. of educn., 3rd May, 1921; dir. educn., Nyassaland, 1926.

GAUNTLETT, HUGH GAUNTLETT.—B. 1873; barrister-at-law; called to bar, Inner Temple, Nov., 1919; ent. civ. serv., Jamaica by compet. exam. and apptd. asst. clk. of cts., 1st Mar., 1894; dep. ditto, Apr., 1903; ag. clk. of cts., on various occasions between June, 1907 and June, 1912; clk. of cts., 1st Feb., 1915; ag. res. mag., St. Thomas, Aug., 1926 and from Sept., 1926.

GEBERS, H. L.—Student Int. S.N.A. Dep., 1894; clk., Zulu and D. Int. mag. ct., Dundee, 1895; 3rd cls. clk., 1896; 2nd cls. clk., 1900; sent to Transvaal, 1901; clk. of ct. P. P. Vryheid, 1901; J.P., Vryheid, 1901; A. A. M., Vryheid, 1902; reverted to Natal service, 1903; transf'd. to mag. ct., Dundee, 1904, senior clk. and A. A. M.; asst. mag., Inanda div. at Indwedwe, 1912; mag., Emtonjaneni div., Nov. 1916; Ngotshe, Oct., 1920; Helpmakaar, Apr., 1923; Nongoma, 1st Mar., 1926.

GEERING, SIDNEY.—Temp. asst. to irrig. engnr., P.W.D., B. Guiana, 1st Aug., 1916 to Oct., 1918; ag. dist. engnr., Oct., 1918 to Aug., 1920; 1st cls. overseer, July, 1919; clk. of works, Gambia, 20th Aug., 1920.

GELDENHUYS, FRANS EDUARD.—B. 1869; B.A., 1910, Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, S.A.; studied in U.S.A. at Univs. of Cornell, Wisconsin, Illinois and California; B.Sc., Cornell Univ., 1913 and Ph.D., 1917; teacher of nature study and agrl. science, Grey Coll. Schl., 1918; edr., "Die Landbou-weekblad," Bloemfontein, S.A., 1919; first ch., divn. of agrl. economics and marketing, dept. of agr., S.A., 1925; under-sec. for agr., 1926.

GENEVE, FREDERIC PIERRE.—B. 1888; ed. Royal Coll., Mauritius; called to bar, Middle Temple, Nov., 1909; ag. dist. and stip. mag. for varying periods; dist. and stip. mag., Mauritius and Rodrigues, 1st July, 1921; addnl. substitute procureur and advoc. gen., 1922; substitute procureur and advoc. gen., 1923; ag. ditto, Aug., 1924 to Feb., 1925 and Apr., 1926 to Jan., 1927; atty.-gen., Br. Honduras, 1st Aug., 1927.

GENT, G. E. J., D.S.O., M.C.—B. 1895; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury (King's Scholar, 1909-14) and Trinity Coll., Oxford (Ford Studentship, Dec., 1913); 2nd lieut., 3rd batt. D.C.L.I., Aug., 1914; capt., 1916; ag. major, Nov., 1917; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., C.O., 18th July, 1920; sec., advisory rubber comtee., 1922; act. prin., 19th Nov., 1923; privt. sec. to Mr. Ormsby Gore, Dec., 1924; prin., 1927; dep. sec., C.O. confce., 1927.

GENT, JOHN ROLAND PHILLIP.—B. 1887; ed. Durham Schl. (Kings Schl.) and Worcester

Coll., Oxford (exhibr.); diploma of forestry, 1911; Indian forest service, 1911-24; dep. conservator, forests, Gold Coast, 1924.

GENTLE, GEORGE EDWIN PALMER.—B. 1880; ed. Denstone Coll.; clk., gov.'s office, Grenada, 1898; warden, P.W.D., St. Vincent, 1901; road survr., Grenada, 1906; ag. supt., pub. wks., 1914, 1916, 1918, 1921, 1922; asst. supt., pub. wks., 1916; supt., pub. wks., 1922; unoff. mem., leg. council, 1922.

GENTLE, WILLIAM TODD ATKINSON.—B. 1879; ed. George Watsons Coll., George Heriots Schl. and Univ., Edinburgh; asst. audr. for rlys., Ceylon, 1910; ag. col. audr. in addn., July and Aug., 1919; ag. asst. gen. man. and acct. rlys., May, 1920 to May, 1921; asst. col. audr., 1921; ag. col. audr., Feb. to Dec., 1923; ch. acct., rly. dept., Feb. 1925.

GERAHTY, CHARLES CYRIL.—B. 1888; ed. Trent Coll.; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1909; 2nd lieut., 3rd (Res.) Batt. E. Lancs. Regt., 1910; lieut., 1911; asst. res. and comsnr., prov. cts., N. Nigeria, 1911-14; capt., E. Lancs. Regt., 12th Nov., 1914; active serv. in France and Belgium, 1914-15; mil. (legal) rep., appeal tribunal, Feb., 1916 to Jan., 1917; travelling recruiting offr., Nigeria Regt., W.A.F.F., Jan., 1917 to Jan., 1918; capt. and adjt., 3rd Nigeria Regt., 1918; restored to civil establm., N. Provs., Nigeria, 11th Nov., 1918; legal asst., lands directorate, W.O., Sept., 1919 to Sept., 1920; pres., dist. ct., Larnaca, Cyprus, 14th Nov., 1920; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Mar., 1922; pres., dist. ct., Limassol, Sept., 1922; ag. atty.-gen., June to Nov., 1925 and Sept. to Dec., 1926; ag. puisne judge, June to Sept., 1926; atty.-gen., 8th Dec., 1926.

GERMAN, RALPH LIONEL.—B. 1892; ed. Portsmouth Gram. Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Camb. (class. sch.); B.A. 1914; served with Hampshire Regt., 1915-19; Tank Corps, 1919-20; cadet, F.M.S., Feb., 1921; ag. harbmr., Perak, Nov., 1921; 2nd lieut., M.V.I., Perak, Feb., 1922; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Larut, Oct., 1922; passed cadet, Jan., 1923; offr., cls. V., Oct., 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., Larut, May, 1923; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, Mar., 1924; offr., cls. IV, Oct., 1924; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, Oct., 1924; ag. collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1926; dist. offr., Pekan, June, 1926.

GETHIN, PERCY EDWARD LOVELL, A.F.C., F.R.G.S.—B. 1884; ed. Radley Coll.; R. Geographical Socy.'s dipl. in surveying, 1908; explor. in S. Arabia, 1909; asst. supt., surveys, Ceylon, 1910; in charge, topographical surveys in the field, 1912; on mily. serv., 1914-20; major, R.F.C., 1916; asst. dir., surveys, Cyprus, 1922; passed exam. in mod. Greek, 1923; ag. reg.-gen., 1923; dir., surveys, Tanganyika Territory, 1926.

GETLEY, ALFRED CURPHEY.—B. 1897; ed. Roborough Schl., Eastbourne; acctnt. branch, Royal Navy, 1916-22; paymr.-lieut., Jan., 1920; ret. at own request, 1922; seconded as pilot to R.N.A.S. and R.A.F., 1917-20; ent. col. audit. dept., Apr., 1923; asst. audr., Uganda, June, 1923; ag. senr. asst. audr. on several occasions.

GIBB, JOHN.—B. 1881; supervisor of warehouses, govt. stores, Ceylon, Oct., 1914; col. storekeeper, Sept., 1916.

GIBBON, JOHN FRANK, M.B., C.M. (Edin.).—B. 1869; entd. med. serv., Trinidad, 11th Jan., 1899; dist. med. offr., 1st Jan., 1916.

GIBBONS, ROBERT KILLINGLY.—B. 1880; 2nd cls. supervisor of cust., Gold Coast, 6th Apr., 1910; asst. contrlr., enemy property, Dec., 1914;

contrlr., enemy property, G. Coast, 13th Feb., 1920 and for Ashanti, 25th Mar., 1920; sec., bd. of Basel Mission trustees, Mar., 1920; apptd. to constitute local clearing office for purpose of treaty of peace order, 1919, 27th Mar., 1920; transf. from cust. to transport dept. as asst. transport offr., 30th Mar., 1918; retransf. to cust. dept. as 1st cls. supervisor, June, 1919; ag. dep. contrlr. of cust. on various occasions, 1920-26; ag. contrlr. of cust. on various occasions, 1920-22; off. mem., Accra town coun. on various occasions, 1922-26.

GIBBS, GEORGE F. W.—Head clk. and storekeeper, Uganda Prot., 12th Mar., 1909; 2nd asst. transport offr., 1st Apr., 1913.

GIBBS, GEORGE HOWARD.—B. 1889; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 25th Aug., 1920.

GIBSON, CLARENCE HYNÉ.—B. 1876; ag. dist. offr., Gilbert and Ellice Is., Jan., 1914; confirmed in apptmt., Jan., 1916; a dep. comsnr. for the W. Pacific, with powers in Gilbert group, June, 1915.

GIBSON, HARRISON WYATT.—Insp. of pub. wks., Basutoland, 1904; dir. of pub. wks., 1910.

GIBSON, SIR HENRY JAMES, K.C.B. (1912), C.B. (1902), B.A.—B. 1860; ed. Rossall and St. John's Coll., Oxford; Casherd scholar; 1st cl. class. mods.; clk. War Office, 1885; princ. clk., 1897; asst. acctnt.-gen., 1900; dep. acctnt.-gen., 1903; asst. dir. of Army finance, 1904; priv. sec. to Mr. Woodall, 1894-96, to Hon. St. John Brodrick, 1896-6; asst. compt. and audr., 1905; mem. of comtee. to inquire into organisation of crown agents' office, 1908; hon. asst. audr. for certain Crown Colonies and Protas., ag. on behalf of the S. of S. for the Colonies; compt. and audr.-gen., 1911.

GIBSON, COLONEL SIR JOHN MORISON, K.C.M.G. (1912), K.C., M.A., LL.D.—B. 1842; called to the bar, 1867; LL.B., Toronto Univ., 1869; mem. of senate of Toronto Univ., 1873; re-elected, 1878 and 1883; mem. of Ontario legislature, 1879; re-elected, 1883 and 1886; provl. sec., 1889; comsnr. of crown lands, 1806; has also held office as atty.-gen.; lieut.-gov. of Ontario, 1908-1914.

GIBSON, LESLIE BERTRAM.—B. 1896; ed. King Henry VIII. Schl., Coventry; hon. LL.B. (War), London; flight sub-lieut., R.N.A.S., attd. Grand Fleet; lieut., R.A.F.; cadet, S. Stlmits., Mar., 1920; attd. to atty.-gen.'s office, Singapore, Apr., 1920; attd. to food control office, Penang, May, 1920; dep. dir. of food prodn., Penang, Apr., 1921; ag. collr., income tax, Malacca, Dec., 1921; passed cadet, Mar., 1922; dep. registrar and asst. off. assignee, Penang, June, 1922; asst. sec., res., Selangor, July, 1925.

GIBSON, ROY ALEXANDER.—B. 1885; ed. Brandon High Schl. and Brandon Coll.; ent. fed. govt. serv. at Regina, 1908; transf. to Ottawa, and apptd. ch. clk. to dep. min., 1908; asst. dep. min., 1st June, 1919; comsnr., Yukon and N.W. Territories, 1923.

GIBSON, THOMAS WILLIAM.—B. 1859; ed. pub. schl., Wroxeter Academy, Rockwood, Ontario; sec. bureau of mines, Ontario, 1891; dir., ditto, 1900; dep. min. of mines, 1906.

GIBSON, HON. WILLIAM GERRAND.—Mem. of the H. of R., Commonwealth of Australia for Corangamite, Dec., 1919; postmr.-gen., C. of A., 1923.

GIBSON, WILLIAM SUMNER, B.A., Oxon., Barrister-at-Law (Lincoln's Inn).—B. 1876; ed. Marlborough and Keble Coll., Oxford (schol.), B.A. (1st cls. mod. hist.), 1899; cadet, F.M.S.,

Nov., 1899; passed final exam., Cantonese, Mar., 1902, Malay, Jan., 1908; ag. Indian immigr. agt., Perak, Oct., 1902; ag. mag., T'iping, July, 1902; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, and dist. off., Xmas Is. (alternately), May, 1904 to Oct., 1909; services lent to Johore govt., July-Nov., 1908; asst. man., monopolies dept., Penang, Oct., 1909; ag. mag., Ipoh, Jan., 1911; called to the bar, June, 1913; ag. prot. of Chinese, Perak, Nov., 1913; ag. dist. judge, Singapore, Feb., 1915; ag. registr., sup. ct., Penang, May, 1915; legal adviser, Kedah, Jan., 1916; offr., cls. III, Mar., 1916; judge of high ct., Kedah (in addn.), July, 1916; offr., cls. II, Jan., 1919; ag. legal adviser, F.M.S., Dec., 1920; pres., comsn. to enquire into organisation and expend. of govt. depts., F.M.S., Feb., 1922; legal adviser, F.M.S., December, 1922.

GILBERT, JOSEPH TROUNSELL, B.A. (Oxon), M.B.E. (1927).—B. 1888; ed. Bedford and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn, 1914; asst. collr. (now asst. dist. comsrr.), Zanzibar, 4th Jan., 1912; ag. mag., 15th Mar. to 21st June, 1915; 2nd asst. sec., 26th Mar., 1915; priv. sec. to res., June, 1915 to Aug., 1921; ag. first asst. sec., 21st June, 1915; ag. asst. chief sec., in 1915, 1918, 1919, 1924 and 1926; off. examr. in the Swahili language, 1919; ag. ch. sec., 7th Sept. to 17th Oct., 1924 and from 10th Aug. to 30th Sept., 1926; Order of the Brilliant Star of Zanzibar, cls. IV., 1919; senr. asst. sec., 7th Sept., 1925.

GILCHRIST, WILLIAM JAMES.—B. 1879; ed. at Brunswick House private sch., B. Guiana; contd. H.M. Customs, B. Guiana, Dec., 1899; copyist, registr.'s office, Oct., 1900; ag. 4th cls. clk., central bd. of health (now local govt. bd.), Nov., 1901, to Mar., 1902; 6th cls. clk., ditto, Mar., 1902; 5th cls. clk., H.M. Customs, 1903; asst. commissary, Sept., 1905; clk. to atty.-gen., May, 1906; student, Gray's Inn, Nov., 1908; passed final bar exam., May, 1909; stip. mag., J.P., coroner, and comsrr. of oaths, 1910; ohmn., Rose Hall village partition of lands coman., 1911; passed Inns of Court exam. in Roman Dutch law (additional to bar final) May, 1913; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1914; ag. asst. govt. sec., Mar. to Sep., 1914; censor (war) under defence scheme, 1914-20; recd. thanks of S. of S.; practised at English bar, 1920-21; comsrr. to enquire into disturbance, H.M. penal sttlmt., B. Guiana, 1922; ag. junr. puisne judge, Jan. to Sept., 1923 and Nov., 1925 to Mar., 1926; ag. atty.-gen., Nov., 1923 to Nov., 1924 and Jan. to Nov., 1925; ag. puisne judge, Nov., 1925 to Mar., 1926 and Feb. to Sept., 1927; puisne judge, Sept., 1927.

GILKS, J. L., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), F.R.C.S. (Edin.).—Medical offr., E.A.P., Aug., 1909; prin. med. offr., Kenya, Feb., 1921; mem., exec. and leg. councils.

GILL, RONALD GODDARD.—B. 1896; ed. Haberdashers' Askes Schl. (Hampstead); on milty. serv. overseas, 1917-19; commissioned, Nov., 1917; temp. clk., Miny. of Lab., 1920; aptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., Mar., 1923.

GILLILAND, CAPTAIN WILLIAM HAMILTON.—B. 1885; asst. dist. comsrr., Gold Coast, 9th Sept., 1914; ag. asst. col. sec., 1920-21; asst. col. sec., 1921.

GILLMAN, CLEMENT, M.S.A.S.C.E., F.R.G.S.—B. 1882; ed. Swiss Federal tech. high sch., Zurich; on rly. constrn. and surveys in E. Africa, 1905-14; served E.A.P. Force, 1916-19; capt., rly. corps; exec. engr., E. African milty.

rls. (occupied territory), 1916-18; ch. engr., ditto, 1918-19; dist. engr., Tanganyika rlys., 1st Oct., 1919; senr. dist. engr., 1st Apr., 1923.

GILMAN, EDWARD WILMOT FRANCIS.—B. 1876; ed. at Bradfield, and Brasenose Coll., Oxon., B.A., 1898; cadet, S.S., Nov., 1899; ag. 4th mag., Sing., Nov., 1901; passed final exam. in Tamil, June, 1902; ag. asst. supt. of Indian immigrants, Penang, Apr., 1902; confirmed, July, 1904; sent on spec. miss. to India in connection with Indian immigr., Sept., 1903; emigr. agt. in Madras for the S.S. and F.M.S., May, 1907; asst. dist. offr., Lipis, Apr., 1910; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, Apr., 1910; dep. supt. of imigrts., S.S. and F.M.S., Jan., 1911; ag. dep. supt. of emigrts. and sec., Indian immigr. comtee., Apr., 1912; dep. contrlr., lab., Dec., 1912; offg. dep. contrlr. of lab., Penang, Apr., 1915; asst. censor in addn., July 1915 to Mar., 1916; ag. contrlr., lab., Penang, in addn., Jan. to Mar., 1918; ag. contrlr. of lab., Penang, in addition, July, 1919; offg. temp. as dep. treasr., S.S., Nov., 1920; ohmn., sany. bd., Kinta, Jan., 1921; ag. contr., lab., S.S. and F.M.S., 16th June, 1922; contr., lab., S.S. and F.M.S., Oct., 1922; contr., lab., Malaya, Jan., 1925; on sp. duty, India, in 1925, 1926 and 1927.

GILMOUR, ANDREW.—B. 1898; ed. Royal High Schl., Edin. and Edin. Univ.; served with 14th A. & S. H., B.E.F., 1916-17; invalidated, 1917; M.A. hons., Edin., 1920; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Apr., 1921; att'd., res. councillor's office, Penang, 31st May, 1921.

GILMOUR, WILLIAM ALEXANDER, B.A., Queen's Univ., Belfast (maths. and physics); B.A., Trinity Coll., Dublin (history and polit. science) 1st cls. hons. (4th place).—B. 1889; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; mathematics and science master, 1909-20; att'd., R.A.S.C., 8th Aug., 1916; served on Imp. gen. staff (embarkation staff), Portsmouth; twice ment. in desps.; demob., 18th Feb., 1919; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 8th Feb., 1922; headmaster, Codrington sch., N. Rhodesia, 5th May, 1927.

GIMSON, FRANKLIN CHARLES.—B. 1890; B.A. Oxon.; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1914; attached to col. sec.'s office, Dec., 1914; attached to office of naval intell. offr., in addition to his own duties; addtl. pol. mag., Colombo, in addition to his own duties; on military duty, 1918; addnl. asst. col. sec., July, 1919; office asst. to govt. agt., N. C. Prov., Sept., 1919; addnl. asst. col. sec., Mar., 1920; 4th asst. ditto, Sept., 1920; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Feb., 1922; landing survr., cust., Feb., 1924.

GIROUARD, COLONEL SIR EDWARD PERCY CRANWILL, K.C.M.G. (1900), D.S.O., R.E.—Served with Dongola expedi. force, 1896 (desp. brevet-major, British medal, Khedive's medal, 2 clasps); Nile expedi., 1897 (desp. clasp); rly. traff. man., Woolwich Arsenal, 1890-5; dir. of Soudan rlys., 1896-8; pres. Egyptian rly. bd., 1898-9 (2nd cls. Medjidie); S. African war, 1899-1902 (desp.); comsrr. of rlys., Transvaal and O.R.C., 1902; mem. I.C.C.; resig. 1904; high comsrr., N. Nigeria, 12th Feb., 1907; gov., ditto, 18th Apr., 1908; gov., E. Africa Prot., 22nd July, 1909; resigned, 1912.

GLADSTONE, 1st Viscount (cr. 1910) Rt. Hon. HERBERT JOHN, P.C., G.C.B. (1914), G.C.M.G. (1910), G.B.E. (1918), M.A.—B. 1854; educ. at Eton Univ. Coll. and Oxford; 3rd cls. classics, 1874; 1st cls. History School, 1876; History Lect., Keble Coll., 1877-80; M.P. for W. Leeds, 1880-1910; priv. sec. to Mr. Gladstone,

1880-81; a Lord of the Treasury, 1881-85; financial sec., War Office, 1886; partly under-sec., Home Office, 1892-94; 1st comsnr. of wks., 1894-95; chief whip to Liberal party, 1899-1906; sec. of state for Home Affairs, 1905-1910; gov. gen. and comdr.-in-chief, Union of S. Africa, and high comsnr. for S. Africa, 1910-1914.

GLASIER, MAJOR FRANK BEDFORD, C.M.G. (1909), C.B.E. (1919), R.E.—B. 1872; asst. civ. engrnr., Bermuda harb. wks., June, 1894; engrnr. in-charge, Contracoalcos harb. wks., Mexico, May, 1896; dist. engrnr., S. Leone govt. rly., June, 1897; dist. engrnr., Tarkwa rly., G. Coast, Oct., 1898; and gen. manager, S. Leone govt. rly., May, 1899; promoted gen. manager, Lagos govt. rly., Apr., 1901; visited and reported on Cyprus govt. rly., 1912-13; D.A.D.R.T., Movements Directorate, W.O., 1915-19; rly. adviser to govt. of Jamaica, Dec., 1919 to May, 1920.

GLEN, JAMES ALEXANDER, M.A.—Ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; 2nd lieut., R.G.A., 16th Dec., 1915; lieut., 1st July, 1917; ag. capt., 16th Nov., 1918; served in France and Palestine; demob., Jan., 1919; asst. dir. of educn., Iraq, 7th Apr., 1920; ag. adviser, Min. of educn., 14th Apr., 1922.

GLENDAY, VINCENT G., M.A. Oxon. (hons. nat. sci.), F.G.S., Diploma, Forestry.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 27th Dec., 1913; ag. dist. comsnr., Northern Frontier, Jan., 1914 to June, 1919; offr. in charge, Somali disarmament, N. Frontier dist., Mar., 1919 (A.G.S. Medal); seconded as dist. comsnr., Berbera, Br. Somaliland, Mar.-Sept., 1920; asst. dist. comsnr., Nandi and Trans-Ngora, Oct., 1922; ag. dist. comsnr., Kacheliba, Sept., 1922; Marsabit, 1926.

GLENDENNING, FRED.—B. 1874; ed. Darlington Gram. Schl., A.M.I.C.E.; asst. engrnr., P.W.D., F.M.S., 1902; ex. engrnr., grade III, 1906; ch. engrnr., Johore, 1907; ex. engrnr., grade II, 1913; ag. state engrnr., Johore, 1916; sen. ex. engrnr., 1919; state engrnr., Johore, 1920.

GLENDINNING, JAMES, B.Sc. (Lond.), A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1888; ed. Queen's Univ., Belfast; 2nd lieut., 9th S. Staffs. Regt. (Pioneers), 1915; wounded, 31st July, 1916; lieut., R.E., 17th Nov., 1917; asst. dir., surveys, Gold Coast, 22nd Oct., 1919; dep. dir., cadastral branch, 1st Jan., 1920; dir., cadastral branch, 1st Dec., 1920; ag. survr.-gen. on various occasions, 1921-26.

GODBOLT, S. B.—B. 1884; clk., treasury, Cape 1901; Transvaal, 1905; Union of S. Africa, 1910; prin. clk., treasury, Union of S. Africa, 1920; asst. pensions offr., 1924.

GODDARD, HARRY FREDERICK.—B. 1902; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 4th May, 1920.

GODDARD, THOMAS NELSON, M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1889; ed. Wadham Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1912; priv. sec. to gov., Falkland Is. and clk. of exec. and legis. couns., Apr., 1914; lieut., Falkland Is. volr. force, Aug., 1914; capt., 1917; O.C., 1919; postal censor, 1914; proper offr. of the crown, prize ct., 1914; chief clk., col. sec's office, Feb., 1915; ag. comsnr. of currency, 1918; ag. local audr., 1920; asst. col. sec., Sierra Leone, 1920; clk., exec. coun., 1921; A.D.C. to ag. gov., 1921 and to gov., 1922-23; census offr., 1921; ag. senr. asst. col. sec. for various periods between 1920 and 1926; ag. col. sec., Oct., 1926; compiler, Handbook of Sierra Leone, 1924.

GODDEN, HENRY JAMES.—B. 1877; telegraphist, Basutoland, 1902; postmr., 1907; clk. to asst. comsnr., 1917; ag. asst. comsnr., 1922; passed 1st grade Sesuto, 1922; ch. clk., mast. of ct. and registr., 1924.

GODFREY, HON. FORBES, M.B., L.B.C.P. and S.—B. 1867; ed. Owen Sound, Ont., Coll. Inst., Toronto Univ. (M.B. and metallist); Univ. of Edinburgh and Glasgow (L.F.P. and S.); physician; el. to Ont. legis., 1907; re-el., 1908, 1911, 1914, 1919 and 1923; min. of pub. health and lab. in Ferguson admstrn., 1923.

GODFREY, GEORGE CROSSIE.—B. 1880; ed. Waimataitai Schl., Timaru, N.Z.; N.Z. printing and stationery dept., 1897; priv. sec. to min. of pub. wks., 1901; asst. ch. clk., pub. wks. dept., 1908; ch. clk., 1914; asst. under-sec., 1920; sec. marine, 1923.

GODFREY, SIR JOSEPH ED., KT. BACH. (1914).—B. 1858; M.B. and C.M., Edin., 1882; gov. med. offr., B. Guiana, Feb., 1883; med. inspr. of estates hospitals, May, 1898; deputy registr. of births, deaths and marriages, 1898; deputy chmn., cent. bd. of health, 1902; acted on sev. occasions as surg.-gen., registr.-gen., and chmn. of cent. bd. of health; apptd. surg.-gen., registr.-gen. of b., d. and m., chmn. cent. bd. of health, and off. mem. of ct. of policy, and comb. ct., July, 1904; dep. chmn. of bd. of agric., 1905; chmn. of poor law comsrs., 1906; del. for B. Guiana and Bahamas to Internat. Leprosy Confee., Bergen, 1909.

GODLEY, LIEUT.-GEN. SIR ALEXANDER JOHN, K.C.B., K.C.M.G.—B. 1867; lieut., Royal Dublin Fusiliers, 1886; adjutant, 1889; capt., 1895; major, 1897; colonel, 1905; apptd. comdt. New Zealand Forces, 1910, with local rank of major-general; comdg. New Zealand expeditionary force in Egypt and at Dardanelles, 1914-15; gazetted major-general, 1915; temp. lieut.-gen. in command of an Anzac army corps, France, 1916; lieut.-gen., 1918; foreign decorations: Legion of Honour, Croix de Commandeur (1917); Order of the Crown, Grand Officer (Belgian) 1917; Order of the White Eagle (Serbian), 1917; Croix de Guerre (Belgian), 1918.

GODSALL, WALTER DOUGLAS, B.A. (Oxon.).—Cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1923; attd. N'Elia kach., Jan., 1924, ditto, Badulla kach., Aug., 1924; ditto, Kegalla kach., Mar., 1926; office asst., Ratnapura kach., Dec., 1926.

GOLDSMITH, HENRY EDWARD.—Ed., Park Grammar Schl., Gravesend, and University Coll., London; mem., Inst. Munic. and County Engrs.; mem., Royal Sany. Inst.; on W.O. staff for R.E. service 1899-1902; R.E. service, Hong Kong, 1902-07; entd. col. service as asst. engrnr., P.W.D., Hong Kong, June, 1907; exec. engrnr. in charge of roads, Feb., 1918; ag. asst. D.P.W. in 1921 and 1926; asst. D.P.W., Sept., 1927; publications, "Road Construction and Maintenance in the Tropics," "Notes on Ancient and Modern Road Construction," "Modern Road Construction and Maintenance" (two editions), "Government Schedule of Prices, Hong Kong," "Hong Kong Roads, Past, Present, and Future," "Practical Road Engineering."

GOLIGHTLY, W., B.A.—B. 1892; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; prin., Eng. Prim. Schl.; Kroonstad, 1921; inspr. of schls., O.F.S., Apr., 1927.

GOLLAN, SIR HENRY COWPER, KT. BACH. (1921), C.B.E. (1918), K.C.—B. 1868; ed. at Charterhouse; M.A., Edin. (1887); called to the bar, Mid. Tem., Jan., 1891, N. circuit; priv. sec. to Col. Lugard, comsnr. and comdt., W.A.F.S., Sept. 1st, 1899; priv. sec. to H.C. of Nor. Nig., 1st Jan.-21st Sept., 1900; ag. sec. to the admstr., 1st June-31st Aug., 1900; atty.-gen. of Nor. Nig., 21st Sept., 1900; ag. ch. just., 16th Nov., 1900-4th Apr., 1901; ch. just., 4th Nov., 1901; prepared

criminal code for N. Nigeria, read. thanks of S. of S., 1904; compiled proclamations of N. Nigeria, read. thanks of S. of S., 1905; ch. just., Bermuda, 1904; prepared Cta. Consolidating Act, Bermuda, read. thanks of S. of S., Dec., 1905; chmn. of produce coman., 1905, and of aliens comtee., 1906; chmn. of bd. of educn., Bermuda, July, 1907; atty.-gen., Trinidad, 1911; atty.-gen., Ceylon, 1918; ch. just., Hong Kong, 1924.

GOMPERTZ, SIR HENRY HESSEY JOHNSTON, KT. BACH. (1926), Barrister-at-Law.—B. 1867; ed. at Bedford schol. and Exeter Coll., Oxon (scholar); 2nd cl. lit. hum., B.A. (1890); cadet, S. Sttlmts., 1890; passed final exam., Chinese, Tie Chin, Dec., 1893; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, 1894, to 1896; passed final exam. in Cantonese, 1895; ag. deputy-regist., sup. ct., Penang, Dec., 1896; passed final exam. in Hokkien, 1897; 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, 1897; transf'd. to Hong Kong as asst. registrar.-gen., 1897; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, Easter, 1899; ag. sen. mag., June, 1899 to 1900; asst. col. sec., 1900; mem. land ct., 1900; pres. land, ct., 1902; ag. pol. mag., 1904-5; ag. sen. mag., 1906; ag. atty.-gen., 1906 to 1907; ag. puisne judge, 1907; editor of Hong Kong law reports from 1st Feb., 1907; 1st mag., Hong Kong, 1907; ag. puisne judge and chmn. of squatters' bd., 1908; puisne judge, Hong Kong, 1909; ag. chief just., 1905, 1911, 1914, 1916, 1920, 1921 and 1924; ch. just., F.M.S., 1925.

GONTHIER, GEORGES, C.A., L.I.A.—B. 1869; ed. Commissioner's Schl., Montreal and priv. tuition; audr.-gen., Dominion of Canada, 18th Jan., 1924.

GOODMAN, ARTHUR MITCHELL.—B. 1886; ed. New Coll., Oxon; B.A. 1908; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1909; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Apr., 1912; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Perak, Dec., 1912; ditto, Singapore, July, 1913; supernumerary mag., Ipoh, June, 1915; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, Jan., 1917; pres., rent assessment bd. for Penang, July, 1918; offr., cl. IV., F.M.S., Jan., 1919; ag. sec. for Chinese affrs., F.M.S., Mar., 1921; ag. prot. of Chinese, Perak, Sept., 1921 and May, 1925; supernumy. offr., cl. III., Nov., 1921; ag. sec., Chinese affrs., F.M.S., Sept., 1924; ag. prot. Chinese, Perak, May, 1925.

GOODMAN, REGINALD ERNEST.—B. 1886; clk., Basutoland, 1913; acctng. clk., 1916.

GOODMAN, SIR WILLIAM MEIGH, KT. BACH. (1902).—B. 1847; ed. at Univ. Coll.; graduated B.A. (honours) at the Univ. of Lond., 1867; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., Nov., 1870; went S.E. circ. and Surrey sessions; atty.-gen., Br. Honduras, 1883; ch. just., 1886; comnsr. to revise and consolidate the laws of the col., 1886; atty.-gen. Hong Kong, 1889; ag. col. sec., May, 1891, to Mar., 1892; ag. ch. just., Mar. to Aug., 1895, Jan. to May, 1896, and Apr., 1899 to Feb., 1900; K.C., 1900; ch. just., Hong Kong, 1st Apr., 1902; ret., 1905.

GOODRIDGE, HON. A. F.—Mem. of house of assem. for Ferryland, Newfoundland, 1880 to 1882, and 1882 to 1885; for Twillingate, 1885 to 1889; returned for same dist., 1893; mem. exec. coun., 1885 (without portfolio) to 1889, and again in 1894; after the resign. of the Whiteway ministry in Apr., 1894, he was called upon to form a ministry, and became premier of the col. which office he held till Dec., 1894; was a mem. of the bd. of wks. and rly. comnsrs. under the Thorburn admsn. (1885-9); M.L.C., 1913; is also a mem. of the Newfoundland chamb. of com., and has been its pres. and vice-pres.

GOODSHIP, HAROLD EDWIN.—B. 1877; in service of G.N.R., 1895 to 1903; asst. acctnt., S. Leone govt. rly., Jan., 1914; ag. chief acctnt., ditto, on several occasions; asst. chief acctnt., Uganda rly., Sept., 1908; ag. chief acctnt. in 1912, 1913 and 1914; chief acctnt., 1915.

GOODWIN, LIEUT.-GEN. SIR THOMAS HERBERT JOHN CHAPMAN, K.C.B. (1919), C.B. (1918), C.M.G. (1915), D.S.O. (1898), hon. D.Sc. (Oxon), F.R.C.S. (Eng.).—B. 1871; ed. Newton Coll., Devon and St. Mary's Hosp., London; command., Armv Med. Serv., 1893; staff surg., Mohmand Field Force, N.W. Frontier, 1897 (desps., med. and clasp); European War, 1914-18 (3 times ment. in desps., Mons Star, 1914, Allied and Victory med.); A.D.M.S. with Mr. Balfour's mission to U.S.A., 1917; dir.-gen., Army Med. Serv., 1918-23; retired, 1923; comdr., Legion of Honour; comdr., Belgium Order of Leopold; comdr., Italian Order of the Crown; Belgian Croix de Guerre; American D.S.M., Knight of Grace, Order of St. John of Jerusalem; gov., Queensland, 19th Feb., 1927.

GOONETILLEKE, OLIVER ERNEST, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1892; asst. audr., rlys., Ceylon, Aug., 1921; ag. asst. col. audr., Feb. to Dec., 1923; asst. col. audr., Feb., 1925; ag. col. audr., Feb., 1927.

GOPSILL, WALTER LEONARD, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).—Ed. Alleyn's Schl., Dulwich, King's Coll. and St. Thomas's Hosp.; R.F.C. (2nd lieut.), 1917; lieut., R.A.F., 1918-20; med. offr., Zanzibar, 1926.

GORDON, HON. A.—Judge of sup. ct., New South Wales, 27th Apr., 1910.

GORDON, CHARLES AUGUSTINE.—B. 1882; ed. Stonyhurst Coll., St. Edmund's Coll., Herts. and Edinburgh Univ. (faculty of law); writer to the signet (W.S.); asst. admsn. gen., Zanzibar, 1925.

GORDON, HON. GEORGE NEWCOMBE.—B. 1879; ed. pub. and high schls., Brighton, Ont., Osgoode Hall, Toronto; called to bar, 1905; elected to House of Commons, 1921; K.C., 1922; dep. speaker, H. of C., 26th Mar., 1922; min. of immigr. and colonization, 5th Sept., 1925.

GORDON, THOMAS IAN MURRAY.—B. 1881; supt. of mails, Singapore, 1907, and served in different depts. of the post office; ag. supt., money order branch and savings bank, Singapore, Jan., 1915; supt., money order and savings bank dept., Singapore, July, 1917; ag. acctnt., G.P.O., Singapore, Jan., 1918; supt., Grade I., Jan., 1919; ag. asst., P.M.G., May, 1919; acctnt., post office, Singapore, Jan., 1920; ag. P.M.G., S. Sttlmts., May, 1920, and July, 1921; asst. P.M.G., Penang, Sept., 1920.

GORDON-HALL, CAPT. WILLIAM ALEXANDER.—B. 1894; ed. Cheltenham and Trinity Coll., Oxon; Wyllie schol., 1913; served, France, Salonika, Egypt, 1914-19; cadet, F.M.S., Sept., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Bentong, July, 1920; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Feb., 1921; passed cadet, Feb., 1921; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, May, 1923; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, July, 1924; offr., cl. IV, May, 1926.

GORSUCH, LESLIE HAROLD.—B. 1897; ed. at Ipswich Schl. and Sidney Sussex Coll., Camb.; B.A. 1920; pte., R. Fusiliers, May-Nov., 1916; cadet, Dec., 1916-Mar., 1917; 2nd lieut., Mar., 1917; 1/5th Batt., Suffolk Regt., Palestine, July, 1917-Jan., 1919; lieut., Sept., 1918; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1920; ag. inspr., fisheries, Dec., 1921; passed cadet, July, 1921; attd., col. secretariat, Singapore, 1923; 2nd asst. sec. (B),

S.S., Sept., 1923; offr., cl. V, Dec., 1923; offg. fourth asst. sec. to Govt., F.M.S., Nov., 1925; asst. sec., res., Perak, July, 1926.

GOSLING, SAMUEL BUCKNELL.—Served in G.P.O., London, 1889; asst. P.M.G., E. Africa and Uganda Prot., 1904; asst. P.M.G., G. Coast, 1909; P.M.G., S. Nigeria, 1912; P.M.G., Gold Coast, 1914; S. African medal (four clasps).

GOSLING, WILLIAM RICHARD, B.A.—B. 1891; ed. Sutton Valence and Cambridge Univ.; served in France, the Balkans and Turkey, 1915-1919; demob. with rank of major, 1919; asst. dist. comanr., Gold Coast, 5th May, 1920.

GOSTELOW, CECIL, F.I.A. (Lond.).—B. 1891; ed. Port St. Model High Schl., Sydney, N.S.W.; actuary, N.Z. nat. provident fund, 1921; asst. actuary, N.Z. govt. life insurance dept., 1922; actuary, govt. life insurance and friendly societies depts., 1923; also sec., govt. life insurance, 1925; govt. actuary, 1926.

GOTT, JOHN BURY.—B. 1890; ed. Lancing Coll. and Oriel Coll., Oxford; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 3rd May, 1922.

GOUIN, SIR LOWRY, K.C.M.G. (1913), Kt. BACH. (1908).—B. 1861; ed. Sorrel and Levis Coll., and Laval Univ.; called to the bar, 1884; K.C., 1898; D.C.L., 1902; elec. to the Quebec legis., for St. James div., Montreal, 1897, 1900, 1904 and 1905, for Portneuf, 1908, 1912 and 1916; elec. to the City coun., Montreal, 1899, resig., 1900; min. of P.W., 1900; min. of colonization and P.W., 1901, resig., 1905; premier and atty. gen., Quebec, 1905-1920; called to leg. coun., Quebec, 22nd July, 1920; mem. of the coun. of pub. instr., since 1898; offr. of La Legion d'honneur, 1907; el. to H. of C., g.e., Dec., 1921; min. of justice and atty.-gen. in King admtn., 29th Dec., 1921; resig. portfolio, 1923.

GOULD, LIEUT.-COL. HON. SIR ALBERT JOHN, Kt. BACH. (1908).—B. 1847; solr.; M.L.A., N. S. Wales, 1881-98; M.L.C., 1899-1901; min. for just. in Reid ministry, 1894-8; returned to the first senate of Commonwealth parlt., 1901; pres. of the senate, Feb., 1907, to June, 1910; ret. from politics.

GOWDEY, CARLTON CRAGG, B.Sc., F.E.S., F.Z.S.—Ed. Harrison coll., and Massachusetts agric. coll.; Boston Univ., B.Sc., 1908; temporarily attached to Imp. dept. of agric. for W. Indies as asst. entomologist, Sept., 1908; economic entomologist, Uganda, Dec., 1908; ag. offr.-in-charge, scientific dept., Uganda, 1909.

GOWER, I. L. O.—Conveyancer, E. Africa Prot., 1908; legal asst. to land offr., 1914; solr.-gen., Apr., 1917; ag. atty.-gen., Aug., 1918; M.L.C., Oct., 1918; ag. atty.-gen., 1919; puisne judge, Tanganyika, 1926.

GOWERS, SIR WILLIAM FREDERICK, K.C.M.G. (1926), C.M.G. (1919).—B. 1875; ed. Rugby and Trin. Coll., Camb.; B.A. 1898 (1st cl. class. tripos); entl. service of B.S.A. Co., Jan., 1899; asst. native comanr., Matabeleland, 1900; resigned, 1902; 3rd cl. res., N. Nigeria, Dec., 1902; 2nd cl. res., 1906; 1st cl. res., 1910; ag. chief sec., Sept., 1912; lieut.-gov., N. Nigeria, June, 1921; gov. of Uganda, 4th Feb., 1925.

GRAAFF, HON. SIR D. P. DE VILLIERS, BART. (1911).—Formerly cabinet min. in Cape Colony; min. of pub. wks., and min. of posts and telegraphs, Union of S. Africa, 1910; attended Imp. Conf., 1911; min. without portfolio, 1912; resigned, 23rd Sept., 1913; min. of finance during 1915.

GRABHAM, MICHAEL, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.A., M.B., B.C. (Camb.), 1891.—

B. 1866; ed. St. John's Coll., Camb.; St. Thomas's hosp., Lon.; B.A. Camb., 1887; 1st cl. honours nat. sciences tripos and exhibitioner St. John's Coll.; asst. med. offr., city asylum, Birmingham, 3rd Nov., 1891; surg. to the lying-in hospital and general penitentiary, Kingston, Jamaica, 1st Apr., 1892; re-apptd., 1st July, 1899; served on cattle diseases coman., 1894; late sec. med. council of Jamaica, 1897; mem. bd. of governors, Institute of Jamaica, 1902; joint author, with F. V. Theobald (S.E. Agric. Coll.), "A Monograph on the Mosquitoes of Jamaica," 1905; author of various papers on same subject, 1906 and 1907.

GRAHAM, CAPT. BERNARD JAMES.—Served S. African war, 1899-1902; Cape Garrison Art., 1909-10; 2nd lieut., N. Rhodesia pol., 3rd June, 1913; lieut., ditto, 1st Apr., 1915; temp. capt., 6th Jan., 1917; temp. major and 2nd in commd., N. Rhodesia Pol. Service Batt., 15th June, 1918; twice ment. in desps.; hon. capt., 22nd Aug., 1919; offr. commdg. town and dist. pol., C.I.D. and ch. emigrn. offr., N. Rhodesia and supt., Livingstone prison, July, 1920; offr. commdg. N. Rhodesia pol., supt., cent. prison and dist. commdt., volunteers, Mongu, Barotze, 21st Apr., 1922; ditto, Livingstone, Jan., 1923; ditto, Fort Jameson, Dec., 1923; capt., N. Rhodesia pol., 1st July, 1924; J.P. for N. Rhodesia.

GRAHAM, RT. HON. GEORGE PERRY, P.C. (1925), LL.D.—B. 1859; ed. High schls., Iroquois and Morrisburg, Ontario; journalist; Morrisburg Herald, Ottawa Free Press, Brookville Recorder; elected to Ontario legislature for Brookville, 1898, 1902 and 1905; provl. sec. of Ontario, 1904; resig. with the govt., 1905; leader of the opposition in the Ontario legislature, 1907; sworn of the privy coun. for Canada and min. of rlways and canals, 1907; elected to the H. of C. for Brookville, by acclamation, 1907; defeated at g. e., 1911; re-elec. for S. Renfrew, bye-elec., 1912; did not seek re-election at gen. elec., 1917; re-el., g.e., Dec., 1921; min. of militia and defence, and of naval service in King admtn., 29th Dec., 1921; min. of rlways and canals, 1922.

GRAHAM, SIR JOHN JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1905), C.M.G. (1899).—B. 1847; clk. to C.C. and R.M., Albany, 1864; clk. to registrar, E. dists. ct., May, 1865; asst. registrar, Jan., 1868; asst. registrar, sup. ct., Mar., 1872; registrar and master, E. dists. ct., Feb., 1875; ch. clk. to atty.-gen. and clk. of peace, Capetown Jan., 1878; sec., law dept., July, 1882; high sheriff and taxing offr., sup. ct., May, 1884; mem. of the col. tender bd.; a J.P. for the col.; sec. to law dept., 1889; ret., Oct., 1908.

GRAHAM, SIR HON. THOMAS LYNEDOCH, Kt. BACH. (1920), K.C.—B. 1860; ed. at St. Andrew's Coll., Grahamstown, and Clare Coll., Camb. (B.A.), barrister-at-law, Inner Tem., 1885; advoc. of sup. ct., Cape of Good Hope; M.L.C., 1898; atty.-gen., May to Oct., 1898; col. sec., 1900-1902; atty.-gen., 1902; ag. prime min., June to Aug., 1902; judge of sup. ct., Cape of Good Hope, July, 1904; judge pres., Eastern Districts local div., 15th Apr., 1913; ohrmn. pub. serv. inquiry coman., June, 1918.

GRANNUM, SIR EDWARD ALLAN, Kt. BACH. (1926), C.M.G., 1915.—Passed Barbados, W. I., civ. ser. exam., 1886; 3rd cl. regisr.'s off., Jan. to Oct., 1885; 2nd clk., Oct., 1885, to Nov., 1887; clk. master-in-chancery off., Nov., 1887, to June, 1888; honours graduate, diploma, Ontario Com. Coll., Canada, affiliated institute chartered accountants, Canada, Dec., 1889; practised public accountant, Barbados, W.I., to Aug., 1897; asst. auditor,

Sierra Leone and Gambia, 25th Sept., 1897, to 15th Jan., 1900; acted auditor May to Nov., 1898; asst. auditor, Gold Coast and Lagos, Jan. to Mar., 1900; auditor, March, 1900; introduced system double entry accounts Gold Coast P.O., July, 1901; prepared scheme for introduction of double entry system of accounts for Accra town council, Aug., 1901; local auditor, Cyprus, 1902; auditor-gen., Mauritius, 23rd Apr., 1909; recr.-gen., Mauritius, 1912; ag. col. sec., on various occasions, 1919-20 and 1922-23; admstd. govt. on various occasions, 1924-27.

GRANNUM, REGINALD CLIFTON, C.M.G. (1925).—B. 1873; 2nd clk. to gov., Windward Is., Sept., 1891; ditto, St. Vincent, Apr., 1892; supvr. of cust., G. Coast Col., Oct., 1893; asst. local audr., G. Coast and Lagos, May, 1896; local audr., S. Leone, June 1896; J.P., S. Leone, 1897; ch. asst. treas., G. Coast, Apr., 1903; ag. treas. and mem. ex. and leg. couns., mem. bd. of educ., July, 1903, to June, 1904, Dec., 1904, to Dec., 1905, June, 1906, to May, 1907; Oct., 1907, to Sept., 1908; admitted student of Gray's Inn, Aug., 1908; recr.-gen., B. Guiana, Sept., 1908; mem. of exec. and legis. couns., Dec., 1908; ag. govt. sec., 22nd July to 22nd Oct., 1913; deputy gov., 2nd Sept. to 22nd Oct., 1913; treas. and mem., exec. and leg. couns., Kenya, Sept., 1922.

GRANT, ALEXANDER.—Imp. tel. serv., Oct., 1896; transf'd. Cape Col. post office, Jan., 1889; prin. clk., Feb., 1908; gen. com. supt., Aug., 1912; pub. serv. inspr., Aug., 1921.

GRANT, ANDREW, M.I. Mech. E., M.I. Mar. E.—B. 1876; ed. Rennett's Acad., Aberdeen, and West of Scot. Tech. Coll., Glasgow; mech. engr., 1897; regd. boiler examr., Br. Guiana, 1907; supt. and engr., Demerara and Essequibo Rly., 1910-1919; J.P., 1917; supt. engr., col. steamer service, Br. Guiana, 1920; supt. engr., col. transport dept., 1922; chmn., Seba comn.; mem., bd. of industrial training.

GRANT, CHARLES CAMERON, M.B.E.—King's student, Aberdeen Univ., 1897-8; M.A., ditto, 1899 2nd asst., Fraserburgh pub. sch., Aberdeenshire, 1899-1901; 1st asst., Aberlour pub. sch., Banffshire, 1901-2; priv. coun. certif., Scotch educ. dept., 1901; teacher, refugee camp, Springfontein, O.R.C., Nov., 1902; prin., govt. sch., Winburg, Jan., 1903; codrrpnce. clk., educ. dept., Sept., 1904; admstve. clk., 1905; sec., Grey Coll. coun., 1906; junr. prin. clk., educ. dept., 1912; M.B.E. for services in E. Africa, 1916-17; asst. registr., Univ. of S. Africa, 1918; registr., Univ. of S. Africa, 1922.

GRANT, CHARLES DUNCAN.—B. 1885; ed. Mill Hill Schl., on active serv., 13th Canadian Batt., Aug., 1914 to Dec., 1917; temp. clk., miny. of shipping, May, 1918 to June, 1922; apptd. to C.O. as cler. offr. after compet. exam. (Lyttton), 12th June, 1922.

GRANT, D. K. S.—Asst. conservator of forests, E.A.P., Dec., 1912; conservator of forests, Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1920.

GRANT, EZEKIEL AUGUSTUS.—Ent. British Honduras civ. serv. after compet. exam., as copyist to survey dept., 27th Nov., 1899; 3rd cls. clk. (asst. keeper), King's warehouse, 1st Feb., 1906; 2nd cls. clk., P.W.D., 1st Apr., 1907; on active serv. with B.W.I. Regt. during war, 14th Apr., 1916 to 31st July, 1919; ag. 1st cls. clk., P.W.D., 7th Aug., 1919 to 31st Mar., 1920; acct., P.W.D., 1st Apr., 1920; ag. ch. clk. and store-keeper, P.W.D., 1st Apr., 1921; ag. asst. inspr., schls., during 1921 to 1923; asst. inspr., schls., provisionally, 1st Apr., 1923.

GRANT, MCCALLUM.—Lieut.-gov., Nova Scotia, 29th Nov., 1916; re-apptd., 1922.

GRANT, THOS. ST. JOHN.—B.A., Dublin Univ., 1896; clk. to C. O. and R. M., Komega Cape Colony, Dec., 1897; ditto, East London, June, 1898; ditto, Port Elizabeth, Jan., 1899; passed Cape civ. serv. law exam., Feb., 1899; clk., atty.-gen.'s off., Cape Town, July, 1899; clk. to R. M., Cape, Oct., 1899; regisr. to judge pres. of high ct., Griqualand West, Sept., 1901; transf'd. to O.R.C. civ. serv. as asst. res. mag., Winburg, May, 1902; ditto, Bloemfontein, July, 1904; ag. res. mag., Bloemfontein, Nov., 1905, to Mar., 1906; res. mag., Hoopstad, 1907; mag., Bethulie dist., 1913; Paris, Feb., 1913.

GRANTHAM, ALEXANDER WILLIAM GEORGE HERDER, B.A. (Cantab.).—B. 1899; cadet, Hongkong, Nov., 1922; att'd., C.S.O., 1925.

GRAY, ALEXANDER.—B. 1873; clk., audit dept., Fiji, Jan., 1890; clk., treasury, Jan., 1892; acctnt., immigr. dept., May, 1893; acctnt., nat. taxes, etc., June, 1899; cashier of immigr. ac. and clk., treasury, Mar., 1901; ag. acctnt., treasury, May, 1907; acctnt., treasury, 1910; 1st cla. clk. treasury, Jan., 1911; transf'd. to G.P.O., Mar. 1912; ag. coll. postmr., Oct., 1920; ag. col. postmr. and supt., tals., Dec., 1922 and Oct. 1924.

GRAY, H. W., O.B.E.—Office supt., lieut.-gov.'s off., E.A.P., May, 1908; clk. of the couns., Oct., 1908; asst. dist. comsrr., 1911; dist. comsrr., Kenya, Jan., 1920; ch. regisr. of natives, Jan., 1920.

GRAY, JAMES DUNBAR.—B. 1872; entd. N.Z. civ. serv., 1894; asst. priv. sec. to premier, 1894; parly. reporting staff, 1896; sec., national recruiting bd., 1916; sec. of external affrs., 1919; also for Cook Is., 1922.

GRAY, JOHN.—B. 1874; ed. Glasgow Univ. and F.C. Training Coll., Glasgow; held several educational appts. in Scotland and England; served in S. African war; supt., Bradford refugee camp, 1902-3; prin., Hoopstad sch., O.F.S., 1903; 1st cla. clk., educ. dept., O.F.S., 1904; senr. clk., educ. dept., 1912; ag. sec. educ. dept., Nov., 1918; prin. clk., educ. dept., 1919; sec. educ. dept., 1921.

GRAY, SIR REGINALD, KT. BACH. (1920), K.C. (1908).—B. 1851; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1875; compiled, in 1884, Bermuda laws from 1690-1883; revising offr., Bermuda, 1889-93; compiled, in 1903, Bermuda laws from 1690-1902; counsel to statute law consolidation comtee. since 1900; atty.-gen., Bermuda, 28th May, 1900; ag. chief just. in Oct. and Nov., 1911; ex-officio mem. of exec. coun.; M.L.A., 1895-1897, 1900-1906, and from 1907.

GRAY, MAJOR WILLIAM BAIN.—B. 1836; ed. George Watson's Coll., Edinburgh, Univ. of Edinburgh (M.A., 1st cls. hon. and Ph.D.) and New Coll., Oxford (B.Litt.); sometime Carnegie Research Fellow; lect., Technical Coll., Brighton examr., Univ. of Edinburgh, Oxford and Cambridge joint bd. and Oxford local exams.; 2nd lieut., 6th Batt., The Royal Scots, Feb., 1912; mobilised, Aug., 1914; adjt., Jan.-Dec., 1915; capt., Aug., 1916; gen. staff, Aldershot commd., Dec., 1918-Apr., 1921; major, Army Educational Corps., Nov., 1920; major, R.A.R.O., Mar., 1923; comsrr., educn., British Guiana, Oct., 1924.

GREAVES, SIR WILLIAM HERBERT, KT. BACH. (1904), K.C.—B. 1857; B.A., Oxon., honours, juris., 1879; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., 1880; ag. solr.-gen., Barbados, Aug., 1884, to July, 1885, and July, 1886, to Jan., 1887, when confirmed; J.P., Sept., 1885; excheator-gen., 1887;

Q.C. for Barbados, 1890; mem. exec. coun., 1890; acted as atty.-gen., July to Dec., 1887, and June to Dec., 1891; mem. of house of assem. and of bd. of educn., 1888-1902; atty.-gen., Mar., 1896; ch. just., Apr., 1902; ret.

GRECH, WYNDHAM, LL.D. (Malta), 1913.—Called to the bar (Grays Inn), 1916; 2nd lieut., R.F.C., 1916; capt., R.A.F., 1918; sp. serv., Malta and Rome, 1917; attd., Italian Sup. Comd., 1918-19 (Chevalier, Crown of Italy); transf'd., unemployed list (R.A.F.), 1919; asst. legal adviser, Seychelles, 1921; ag. legal adviser and crown pros., 14th Mar., 1921 to 25th Sept., 1922 and in 1924; ag. ch. just., Dec., 1923 to Jan., 1924, Mar.-Oct., 1925 and Apr. to July, 1927.

GREEN, ALFRED PIERCE.—B. 1856; surg., A.M.D., 1878; med. offr., col. forces in Basuto war, 1881; regtl. surg., left wing, C.M.R., 1881-4; med. offr., Cape rlys., 1885; ditto, Bechuanaland border pol., 1885; J.P., Mafeking, 1892; surg.-capt., Johannesburg mtd. riffs, 1901; sen. med. offr., concentration camp, Wynburg, O.R.C., 1902; Basutoland war medal, 1901; S. African war medal and clasps, 1901.

GREEN, CHARLES FRANCIS J.—Cadet, S. Stilmits, Nov., 1898; ag. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, Mar., 1900; ag. 4th mag., Sing., June, 1901; passed final exam. in Malay, Oct., 1901; ag. dist. offr., Malacca, Feb., 1902; confirmed, July, 1903; ag. 2nd mag., Sing., July, 1906; passed exam. for dist. judge, July, 1909; offr. of class IV. as regist., dist. judge and mag., Malacca, 23rd July, 1910; ag. inspr. of prisons, S. Stilmits, 18th Mar., 1912; offr. of class III., 25th Apl., 1912; chmn., sanitary bd., Kuala Lumpur, 5th Nov., 1913; offr., c.s. II., 1st Jan., 1919; chmn., Kinta sandy. bd., 30th Dec., 1919; dep. res., munic. commsn., Singapore, 30th Jan., 1921; ag. dir. of supplies and offr. in ch., fisheries, 2nd Oct., 1921.

GREEN, CLAUDE.—B. 1879; entd. Trinidad civ. serv., 10th Mar., 1896; ch. clk. to gen. man. of rlys., 10th Mar., 1917.

GREEN, GEORGE.—B. 1894; ed. Westminster City Schl.; on mil. serv., Oct., 1914 to Mar., 1919; 2nd lieut., The Buffs; wounded in France; temp. clk., C.O., Oct., 1919 to Feb., 1920; miny. of lab., Sept., 1920 to Dec., 1920; C.O., Dec., 1920 to June, 1922; apptd. cler. offr., C.O., 21st June, 1922.

GREEN, GEORGE C.—B. 1882; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to C.O., 26th Aug., 1901; cler. offr., higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922.

GREEN, GEORGE C., M.B.E. (1926)—B. 1897; clerical asst., col. sec.'s office, B. Guiana, 1912; 6th cls. clk., 1913; 3rd cls. clk., 1918; sec. to comtee. for considering disposal of colony lands, 1917; 2nd cls. clk., 1920; sec. to civ. serv. comsn., 1923; sec., B. Guiana section, Wembley, 1924; prin. clk., 1924; sec., rly. comsn., 1925; liaison offr., parly. delegation to Br. Guiana, 1926; sec., Br. Guiana delegation to W. Indian confce., London, 1926; sec., civ. serv. comsn., 1926-27; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec. and clk. to exec. coun., in 1925 and 1927.

GREEN, HAROLD.—B. 1887; ed. at Queen Mary's Gram. Schl., Hants.; entd. Royal botanic gardens, Kew, 1907; asst. supt., botanical and forestry dept., Hong Kong, 1911; seconded for mil. serv., 1917-20; supt., botanical and forestry dept., Hong Kong, 1920; J.P., 1922.

GREEN, MAJOR HENRY EDWARD, D.S.O.—B. 1876; ed. Beaumont Coll., Old Windsor and R.M.C., Sandhurst; 2nd lieut., Scottish Rifles, 1896; capt., 1900; resigned comsn., 1906; lieut.,

1st K.A.R., 1914; capt., 2nd K.A.R., 1914; major, 1917-24; S.O., Nyasaland Volunteer Res., 1924.

GREEN, JOHN FREDERICK NORMAN, B.A.—B. 1873; scholar, Emman. Coll., Camb., 1890; bracketed 15th wrangler, 1893; B.A., 1893; 1st class, Part II., nat. science tripos, 1894; 2nd class clk., C.O., after compet. exam., Feb., 1896; priv. sec. to Sir E. Wingfield, Dec., 1898; to Sir M. Ommanney, 1900; 1st class clk., 16th June, 1902; sec. to col. regns. comtee., 1907-8; principal clk., 10th Mar., 1916; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920.

GREEN, MAURICE JOHN, V.D.—B. 1878; ed. Sea Point pub. sch. and S.A. Coll.; asst. clk. of papers, Cape H. of A., 1896; clk. of papers, 1897; comtee. clk., Cape leg. coun., 1904, and Union senate, 1910; gent. ush., black rod, 1916; clk. asst., 1926; sworn trans. (Eng. Dutch); sec. and shorthand writer various govt. comms.; asst. sec. speaker's confce. on future const. senate; war serv., Anglo-Boer, in W.P.M.R., Great war, in Ger. S.W. Afr. as nav. trnspt. Offr., in Harwich light cruiser. squad. and war cabinet secretariat; comdr., odmg. Cape Town sub. divs., R.N.V.R.

GREEN, WILLIAM HENRY.—Fellow of the Associated Society of Accountants, London; clk., audit office, Transvaal, 6th June, 1901; 1st grade clk., 1st Jan., 1902; senr. clk., 1st Jan., 1909; 1st cls. prin. clk., control and audit office, Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; senr. inspr., control and audit office, 1st Feb., 1920; ag. ch. inspr. of expenditure audit, 18th Feb., 1921 to 9th Aug., 1921.

GREEN, WILLIAM KIRBY.—Ed. Eton and Bruges; served in 10th regt. I.Y., S. Africa, 1900-01 (medal with 4 clasps); 3rd grade res., Nyasaland Prot., 1901; 2nd grade res., Feb., 1909; prov. comsr., July, 1922.

GREENBERG, LEOPOLD.—B. 1885; ed. at Grey Coll., Bloemfontein, and S. African Coll., Cape Town; B.A., LL.B.; called to Transvaal bar, 1911; practised at Johannesburg, 1911-24; puisne judge, Transvaal Prov. divn., sup. ct., Nov., 1924.

GREENE, HON. COL. EDWARD MACKENZIE, C.M.G. (1909), K.C., V.D.—Hon. colonel in army; served in Zulu war, 1878-1879 (medal, with clasp); S. African war, 1899-1902, in command of Natal Carbineers (Queen's medal, with three clasps; twice mentioned in despatches); mem. of Natal legis. assem., 1893 to date of Union; min. for rlys. and harbours, 13th July, 1908; Natal deleg. to S. African National Convention, Oct., 1908, to May, 1909; represented Natal at Impl. Confce. on defence, 1909; mem., rly. and harbours bd., Union of S. Africa, 1910 to 1916.

GREENE, MAURICE CHERRY.—B. 1881; ed. at Rathmines sch. and St. Stephen's Green sch., Dublin, and Dublin Univ.; B.A. 1906; student, King's Inns, Dublin, 1910-1911; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 24th July, 1912.

GREENHALGH, N., B.Sc., Hons. (Vict.).—B. 1888; agric. and science master, Antigua gram. sch., 1910; lecturer in agric. science to students of training coll., Antigua; asst. inspr., of schls., Barbados, 1912; lecturer in educ. and master of method, training inst., Codrington Coll.; ag. chief inspr. of schls., Trinidad, 29th June to 4th Oct., 1915.

GREENHILL, MARCUS ARTHUR.—B. 1899; entd. C.O., Sep., 1914; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Oct., 1916; on military service, May, 1917, to Feb., 1919.

GREENIDGE, CHARLES WILTON WOOD.—B. 1889; educ. Harrison Coll. Barbados, and Downing Coll., Camb.; B.A. (Nat. Sci. Tripos) 1910; LL.B., 1911; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., 1st May, 1912; 1st cls. hon. criminal law; admitted to bar, Barbados, 1912; assisted indexing revised Laws of Barbados; ag. mag., dist. "F," Barbados, Nov., 1912; ag. mag., dist. "A," June to Nov., 1914; parochial treas., St. James', Barbados, and clk. to boards for poor relief, sanitation and highways, Feb., 1915; ag. mag., dist. "A," Sept., 1915, ditto, dist. "B," Mar., 1916, to Apr., 1919; ag. judge, ct. of appeal, Barbados; mag., dist. "D," St. Kitts, May, 1919; ag. crown atty., St. Kitts, and mem. legis. coun., Aug., 1919 to Jan., 1920; mag., county of St. George West, Trinidad, 1927.

GREENLAND, STANLEY ARTHUR.—Served with Natal Field Force, Rebellion, 1906; clk., govt., sec. dept., Papua, Mar., 1912; J.P., Sept., 1912; ag. asst. res. mag., Ioma, May, 1913; ag. asst. res. mag., Kairuku, Mar., 1915; inspr., dept. native affairs, Mar., 1917; ag. curator, intestate estates, registrar-gen., etc., Apr., 1917; ag. ch. inspr., native affairs, 1918; ag. Papua govt. agt., Sydney, N.S.W., Dec., 1919; travelling inspr., native affairs, July, 1922; J.P. for N.S.W., Oct., 1923; ag. mem., land bd., Papua, Nov., 1924; ch. inspr., native affairs, Dec., 1924.

GREENWAY, J. W.—B. 1861; ed. Ontario schls.; removed to Manitoba, 1879; in charge of schl. lands admstr. in Man. and N.W. Territories (now Sask. and Alta.), 1898; in comr. of Dom. lands, 1904.

GREGOROWSKI, REGINALD ADDINGTON.—2nd clk., govt. sec.'s office, O.F.S., Dec., 1895; priv. sec. to state pres., 5th Mar., 1896; landdrost clk., Bethlehem, Dec., 1897; priv. sec. to state pres., July, 1898; landdrost clk., Wepener, Jan., 1899; prin. govt. schl., Reddersburg, O.R.C., 1st Oct., 1900; asst. clk., educn. dept., 1st Mar., 1901; ch. clk. and registrar, educn. dept., 1st July, 1901; prin. clk., col. sec.'s off., June, 1909; ch. clk. to admstr., O.F.S. prov., 10th Aug., 1910; prov. sec., O.F.S., 16th Oct., 1924.

GREGORY, CHARLES WILLIAM, M.B.E. (1919).—Natal Mounted pol. (Zululand), 1896-1901; attached to Army Service Corps, 1901-1902; chief storekeeper, central stores, Pretoria, Transvaal repatriation department, 1902-1904; Transvaal civ. ser., 1906; chief storekeeper, P.W.D., East Africa Prot., Sept., 1906.

GREGORY, HON. FRANCIS BROOKE, LL.B.—B. 1862; ed. at pub. schls. and Harvard Univ.; admtd. an atty., New Brunswick, 1884, and called to the bar, 1885; called to the bar, B. Columbia, 1890; registrar of probate ct., York Co., New Brunswick, 1886-1890; French cons. agt. at Victoria, B. Columbia, 1904-1909; comdd. 5th regt. Canadian garr. artill. at Victoria, B. Columbia, 1898-1903; lieut.-col., reserve of offrs. (Canadian Militia); mem. of Diamond Jubilee contingent to England, 1897; on spec. ser. to Alaska in connection with Behring sea fisheries dispute, 1891-2; judge of sup. ct., B. Columbia, Nov., 1909.

GREGORY, HON. HENRY.—B. 1860; M.L.A., for N. Coolgardie, W. Australia, 1897; ditto for Menzies since 1901; min. for mines, 1901-2, and 1902-4; min. for mines and rlys., Aug., 1905; ditto, 16th Sept., 1910, to Oct., 1911; mem. H. of R., C. of A., 1913.

GREIG, CLINTON HENRY.—B. 1875; entd. customs dept., B. Guiana, 1895; sub. inspr., B. Guiana police, Dec., 1900; 2nd lieut. (unattached), B. Guiana militia, Dec., 1900; on special service

to Trinidad (after riots), Apl. to July, 1903; inspr. of police, Trinidad, and comdd. Port of Spain fire brigade, Sept., 1903; capt., Trinidad local forces, May, 1905; special certif. (captain's), infantry training, schl. of instn., Chelsea Barracks, London, and Hythe certif. (musketry), D., 1905; asst. supt. of police, Gambia, Aug., 1910; comr. of police, sheriff and inspr. of prisons, July, 1911; ag. chief mag., Gambia, July to Oct., 1912; capt. comdd. Gambia volr. artill., Sept., 1912; ag. rec.-gen., July to Aug., 1912, and Jan. to Mar., 1914; ag. off.-in-charge of secretariat, and provnl. M.L.C., 1912; provnl. M.E.C., Dec., 1913; on active serv. in Cameroons, June, 1915, to Mar., 1916; dist. offr., with judicial powers, Duala prov., Cameroons, July, 1915; apptd. hon. capt. in the Army (for services with Cameroons Exped. Force), as from Mar., 1916; temp. capt., W.A.F.F., Gambia, May, 1917; mem., Africa taxation comtee., 1921; del. to confce. of W. African contra. of cust., London, 1921.

GREIG, GORDON EASTLEY, A.R.S.M.—B. 1879; ed. Wellington Coll., and Royal Schl. of Mines, London; inspr. of mines, F.M.S., 1902; ag. asst. warden, Pahang, 1907; asst. warden, Perak, 1910; ag. warden, Selangor, 1914; ag. warden, Perak, 1916 and 1920; ag. senr. warden of mines, F.M.S., Mar., 1921; warden of mines, Perak, Mar., 1921; senr. warden of mines, F.M.S., Feb., 1922.

GRELL, JESSIE MITCHINSON POTTER, M.B. B.S. Cantab, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.—B. 1880; entd. med. serv., Trinidad, 1st June, 1908; dist. med. offr., 1st Aug., 1912.

GRENFELL-HICKS, J. B.—B. 1891; Rhodesian pol., 1911-16; lieut., Rhodesia Native Regt., 1916-19; Rhodesian admstrn., 1919-20; asst. supt., Kenya pol., Nov., 1920; staff offr., 1923; supt., 1926.

GRENIER, NORMAN ST. JOHN CHARLES.—B. 1879; clk., serv., Perak, 1894; ag. asst. audr., F.M.S., 1902; acct., audit dept., F.M.S., 1904; finanal. asst., P.W.D., Perak, 1906; secy., m. bd., Selangor, 1911; registrar, vehicles, Selangor, 1913; ag. rev. audr., Selangor, Negri Sembilan and Pahang, 1919; ag. rev. audr., Perak, 1920 and 1921; ag. state treas., Perak, 1920; ag. asst. audr.-gen., F.M.S., 1921; acct., P.W.D., F.M.S., 1924.

GRICE, NORMAN, B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1893; cadet, F.M.S., Mar., 1920; attd., Chinese sect., Perak, Feb., 1923; attd., cust. dept., Mar., 1923; attd., Chinese sect., Jan., 1925; asst. prot. Chinese, Selangor, Jan., 1925; ag. prot., Chinese, Negri Sembilan, Mar., 1926; ditto, Kedah, Oct. 1926; asst. supt., govt. monopolies, Penang, Feb., 1927.

GRIER, SELWYN MACGREGOR.—B. 1878; ed. at Marlboro' Coll. (classical scholar) and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge (classical scholar); 2nd class tripos, 1900; 1st class French and English special, 1901; B.A. 1900; called to the bar, Nov., 1910; schoolmaster at Berkhamstead, Herts., 1901-1902; ditto, Cheam, Surrey, 1902-1905; asst. res. Northern Nigeria, 1906; passed in Hausa, 1907; 3rd class res., 1st Oct., 1908; in charge of Zaria prov., April, 1910; and from May to Nov., 1911; sec., native affrs., Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1921.

GRIERSON, CHARLES HENRY ALEXANDER.—B. 1889; ed. privately and St. Paul's Schl.; served local forces and 2nd Batt. Loyal N. Lancs. Regt. in E. African campaign, 4th Aug., 1914 to 20th Jan., 1920; Turkana expdn., 1915; asst. polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Dec., 1916; adminis. offr., 1st grade, 1st Apr., 1921.

GRIFFIN, SIR CHARLES JAMES, KT. BACH. (1923), K.C., Ireland (1920), K.C., Gibraltar, (1914).—B. 1875; B.A. (hons.) Royal Univ., Ireland; 1st scholar in modern literature, exhibitioner; Chancellor's gold medalist; called to the Irish Bar, June, 1898; went Connaught circuit; apptd. Crown prosecutor, B.C.A. Protectorate (now Nyasaland), July, 1901; ag. chief judicial offr. and H.B.M. vice-consul, Nov., 1901 to June, 1902; ag. judge of High Court, Feb. to Oct., 1904 and Nov., 1906, to Feb., 1906; atty.-gen., Nov., 1905; judge of High Court, Feb., 1906, and member of H.B.M. Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa; chairman of coman. on trading and licensing, May to Sept., 1909 (recd. thanks of Prot. govt.); sole comsnr. for revision of Nyasaland laws, 1913, and recd. thanks of Prot. govt.; atty.-gen., Gibraltar, Oct., 1914; King's proctor for prize ct. proceedings; K.C. for the colony, Dec., 1914; chief justice, Leeward Is., 1919; sole comsnr. for revision of laws of Antigua and Montserrat, 1921; ch. just., high ct., Uganda, 7th May, 1921; sole comsnr. for revision of laws of Uganda, 1923, and recd. thanks of govt. in coun.; ohmn., Bataka land coman., 1924.

GRIFFIN, NEVILL ALFRED MALCOLM.—B. 1888; ed. Blundell's; pol. probationer, S. Settlements, 1908; ag. asst. supt. pol., Singapore, Feb., 1911; asst. supt. pol., Penang, Mar., 1912; asst. supt. pol., Malacca and asst. prot., Chinese, July, 1912; seconded, Kedah, Oct., 1914; adjt., S. S. pol., Oct., 1916; ag. supt. pol., Singapore, Apr., 1920; supt. pol., Penang, Mar., 1923.

GRIFFITH, A. W. M.—Administrative offr., S. Rhodesia admstn., 12th Apr., 1912; war serv. with 2nd Rhodesia Regt., 30th Nov., 1914 to 12th Sept., 1916; polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 12th Sept., 1916.

GRIFFITH, CARL.—Asst. auditor, Gold Coast, 14th Jan., 1920.

GRIFFITH, FRANCIS W.—Matic. Lond. Univ., 1885; supernum. P.O. St. Vincent, Sept., 1885; clk. P.O., Jan., 1886; clk. to col. registrar, June, 1886; marshal V.-A. ct., Nov., 1887; escheator-gen. and casual receiver, Nov., 1890; inspr. of schls., Dec., 1890; ch. clk. govt. office and clk. of couns., June, 1893; J.P., Apr., 1894; filled combined offices of inspr. of schls. and local audit clk., Jan.-Dec., 1897; med. registr., Jan., 1898; spec. ment. in desps. and commended by S. of S. for services rendered in connection with hurricane relief work, 1898; sec. of hurricane loan bd., June, 1899; mag. 3rd dist. and mag. 1st dist. (criml. jurisdn.), Oct.-Nov., 1899; offi. visitor and visiting just., Kingstown prison, June, 1900; nominated offi. mem., Kingstown bd., 30th June, 1900; sec. to hosp. and asylums inquiry coman., 1900; suvr. of cust. and port offr., Apr.-May, 1901; supt. of Crown lands. land comsnr., and in charge of survey dept., May, 1903, to Jan., 1904; chief of pol., chief of excise, etc., Jan., 1905; confirmed July, 1907; chief of pol., Grenada, Oct. to Dec., 1907; deleg. of St. Vincent at Canadian Reciprocity Conference, held at Barbados, Jan., 1908; land comsnr. and in charge of crown lands, May to Nov., 1910, and from Feb. to Apr., 1911; offi. representative of St. Vincent before Canada-West Indies Royal Comsn., 1910; mem. exec. legis. couns., Apr., 1911; rep. St. Vincent at Canadian-West Indian Reciprocity Conference held at Ottawa, 1911; fed. treas., Leeward Is. and treas., Antigua, Apr., 1913; J.P., Antigua, 1914; rep. Leewards at cust. confce., Trinidad, 1919; capt., Antigua defence force, has held various ag. appts.

GRIFFITH, SIR WM. BRANDFORD, KT. BACH. (1898).—B. 1858; Gilchrist scholar, 1877; B.A. (Lond.), 1880; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., June, 1881; ag. Queen's advoc., G. Coast Col., Apr. to Oct., 1884; dist. comsnr., 1885; ag. puisne judge, Lagos, Jan., and Cape Coast, May, 1886; ag. Queen's advoc., 1886 and 1887; compiled ordinances of G. Coast Col., 1887; res. mag., Jamaica, 1888; R.M., St. Catherine, Feb., 1893; ag. atty.-gen., May to Dec., 1893; ch. just., G. Coast Col., May, 1895; admtd. govt. of Lagos, July to Aug., 1896; dep. gov. of G. Coast, Aug. to Nov., 1897; revised ordinances of G. Coast Col., 1898 and 1903; retired, 1911.

GRIFFITHS, JEFFREY ARTHUR, F.R.C.V.S.—B. 1884; Ed. Univ. of Liverpool; veterinary offr., Nyasaland, 7th June, 1913; attached Intell. Corps, Nyasaland Field Force, Aug., 1914 to July, 1917; seconded to rinderpest coman., German E. Africa, July, 1917 to May, 1919; ag. rinderpest comsnr., Aug., 1918 to May, 1919; chief vet. offr., 14th June, 1919; ment. in desps. (gallantry in action) South Africa, 1901; ment. in desps., services with Field Force, Nyasaland, 1915 and 1917; ag. dir. of agr., Oct. to Dec., 1920.

GRIFFITHS, CAPT. JOHN, B.A. (Oxon).—B. 19th Feb., 1879; govt. survr., Cape Colony, Feb., 1906; survr., lat. grade, rev. survey dept., Negri Sembilan, 11th Apr., 1908; supt., surveys, Johore, 1st Sept., 1910; ag. pres., town bd., Johore Bahru, in addn., 24th Dec., 1914; capt. and offr. comdgt., Johore Vol. Rifles, 1st Sept., 1916; asst. supt., rev. surveys, F.M.S., contl. as supt., surveys, Johore, 18th Dec., 1916; on mil. duty, comd. schl., Poona, India, 20th Oct., 1918; resumed duty as supt., surveys, Johore on return from India, 28th Feb., 1919; ag. supt. surveys, Straits Settlements, 7th July, 1920; asst. supt., rev. surveys, Pahang, 10th Sept., 1924; ag. supt., rev. surveys, Pahang, 15th Sept., 1924; supt., rev. surveys, 2nd Apr., 1925.

GRIFFITHS, LIEUT. NOEL STEWART, R.N.—B. 1896; ed., Leatherhead Schl.; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 5th Apr., 1922.

GRIFFITHS, W., A.M.I.E.E.—Imp. Post Office, 1899; R.N.A.S., 1915; twice ment. in desps.; transfd., unemployed list, 1919; seconded, Kenya and Uganda as engrgr. asst., 1920; asst. tel. engr., 1922; ag. tel. engr., 1923.

GRIGG, SIR EDWARD WILLIAM MACLEAY, K.C.M.G. (1928), K.C.V.O. (1920), C.M.G. (1919), C.V.O. (1919), D.S.O. (1918), M.C.—B. 1879; ed. Winchester (schol.) and New Coll., Oxford (schol.); 2nd cls. mods., 1900, 3rd cls. lit. hum., 1902, Gaisford Greek Verse Prize, 1902; joined editorial staff "Times," 1903; asst. edr. "Outlook," 1905-6; rejoined editorial staff of "Times," 1908; joined Grenadier Guards, 1914; became G.S.O.I., Guards divn.; mil. sec. to Prince of Wales, Canada, Australia, N.Z., 1919; relinquished coman. with rank of lieutenant-col., 1921; pvte. sec., Mr. Lloyd George, 1921-22; sec., Rhodes trustees, 1923; M.P., Oldham, 1923-25; gov. and comdr.-in-ch., and high comsnr. for transport, Kenya, 20th July, 1925; assumed govt., 2nd Oct., 1925.

GRIMBLE, ARTHUR FRANCIS, M.A., F.R.A.I.—B. 1888; ed. Magdalene Coll., Cambridge, France, Germany; cadet, Gilbert and Ellice Is., Mar., 1914; passed cadet, Mar., 1915; dep. comsnr. for W. Pacific, Aug., 1915; ag. dist. offr., Tarawa, Mar., 1916; dist. offr. Aug., 1916; cent. Gilberts, Feb., 1917; S. Gilberts, Oct., 1918; sp. comsnr. to settle native land disputes throughout col., and organise roads, Jan., 1920; ag. res. comsnr.,

Apr., to July, 1920 and Jan. to Feb., 1922; 1st dist. offr., 1924; ag. res. comsnnr., Mar. to Sept., 1924; res. comsnnr., Gilbert and Ellice Is., 1926.

GRIMMER, WARD CHIPMAN HAZEN, K.C., LL.D.—B. 1858; admitted atty., 1880; barrister, 1881; K.C., 1902; elected to prov. legis., N. Bruns., 1903; re-elected, 1908, 1912; surv.-gen., N. Bruns., 1908; atty.-gen., 1911; puisne judge, appeal ct. of N. Bruns., Jan., 1914.

GRINDLE, SIR G. E. A., K.C.M.G. (1922); C.B. (1919); C.M.G. (1914).—B. 1869; scholar of Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford; 1st class classical mods., 1889; 1st class in final classical schol., 1891; B.A., 1891; elected fellow of C.C.C., 1891; Chancellor's English Essay, 1892; M.A., 1894; 2nd class clk. in local govt. board, Feb., 1893; called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn, Nov., 1895; 2nd class clk., after compet. exam., in office of S. of S. forCols., 10th Feb., 1896; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. Chamberlain, Nov., 1898; 1st class clk., 30th June, 1900; prin. clk., 30th June, 1909; asst. under-sec. of state, 4th June, 1916; dep. to perm. under-sec. of state for the cols., 9th July, 1925.

GRISDALE, JOSEPH HIRAM.—B. 1870; ed. Vankleek Hill Acad.; Albert Coll., Belleville, Ont.; Ont. Agrl. Coll. (gold med.); Toronto Univ.; Iowa State Coll. of Agr., Ames, Ia. (1st class hona.); agriculturist, cent. experimental farm, Ottawa, 1899-1911; dir. of experimental farms, 1911; ag. dep. min. of agr., Can., 1918; dep. min., 1919.

GRIST, MAJOR H. G., R. of O., R. Fusiliers.—B. 1881; ed. Altenham Schl., Herts.; 2nd lieutenant, 7th bn., R. Fusiliers, 1899; lieutenant, 1900; capt., 1903; R. of O., 1907; S. African War, Queen's med.; capt., 14th (S.) bn., Northumberland Fusiliers, Nov., 1914; B.E.F., France, 1915-19; major, Oct., 1915; ag. lieutenant-col., July-Oct., 1916; staff capt., Abbeville area, 1918; ment. in desps.; ch. of pol. and offr. cmdmg. local forces, St. Vincent, Jan., 1924.

GROBLER, HON. ESAIAS REINIK.—Ed. in O.F.S.; mem. O.F.S. Volksraad, 1886-1899; el. vice-chmn. three times and acted as chmn. last two sessions: mem., coun. of dels. between O.F.S. and Transvaal from inception of coun.; ch. cmdmt., S. divn. Federal Forces, Anglo-Boer War, 1899-1901; mem., inter col. irrign. comsnn., 1903; pres., leg. coun., O.R.C., 1907-10; chmn., comsnn. on native affrs., 1909; senator, Union of S. Africa, 1910-24; mem., influenza epidemic comsnn., 1919. admstr., O.F.S., 1924.

GROBLER, HON. P. G. W., M.L.A.—Rep. Rustenburg elec. divn. in Union of S. Africa parlt. since 1915; min. of lands, 30th June, 1924.

GROOM, HON. SIR LITTLETON ERNEST, K.C.M.G. (1924), K.C., M.A., LL.M.—B. 1867; M.P. for Darling Downs, Queensland; elected to 1st hse. of rep., C. of Aust., 1901; re-elected, Dec., 1903; mem. of royal comsnn. on Iron Bonus, 1902, and Navigation Bills, 1904-5; several times Crown prosecutor, and twice ag. judge of dist. ct., Queensland; min. for home affrs., C. of Aust., 5th July, 1905; atty.-gen., 13th Oct., 1906; min. of external affrs., June, 1909, to Apr., 1910; min. of trade and customs, June, 1913-Sept., 1914; hon. min., Feb., 1917; vice-pres., exec. coun., Nov., 1917 to Mar., 1918; min. for works and riways, Mar., 1918; ag. atty.-gen. from Apr., 1918; atty.-gen., Dec., 1921; atty.-gen., Bruce ministry, 1923; speaker, house of reps., Jan., 1926.

GROVE, OSWALD HARRY, B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1890; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1913; ag. 2nd mag.,

Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1915; ag. asst. dist. offr., Raub, May, 1915; ag. asst. dist. offr., Pekan, Sept., 1916; 2nd asst. dist. offr., Larut, Aug., 1917; ag. temp. dist. offr., Larut and Matang, Oct., 1919; ag. asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, July, 1921; dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Mar., 1922; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1925; collr., land rev. Seremban, Mar., 1926.

GUERITZ, ELTON LAWRENCE.—B. 1884; ed. Trin. Coll., Glen Almond and Glasgow Univ.; M.A., 1st cla. hon. economics and 2nd cla. hon. classica, 1907; examr., colonial audit branch, E and A dept., Dec., 1908; asst. auditor, S. Nigeria, Apr., 1909; auditor, Gambia, 1915; ag. recr.-gen. and P.M.G., and provl. M.L.C., May-Sept., 1915, Apl. to Oct., 1919, and from 16th Oct. to 26th Nov., 1920; offr.-in-charge, P.W.D., Oct., 1919 to Jan., 1920; asst. food contr. Jan. Apr., 1920; just. of the peace and comsnnr. of the ct. of requests, 1921.

GUGGISBERG, BRIG.-GEN. SIR FREDERICK GORDON, K.C.M.G. (1922), C.M.G. (1908), D.S.O. (1918), Chev. Legion d'Honneur (1917).—B. 1863; passed into R. M. Academy, Woolwich, 1886; 2nd Lieut., Royal Engineers 1889; Lieut., 1892; Capt., 1900; Major, 1908; Lieut.-Col., 1916; Brig.-Gen., 1917; Brevet-Col., 1919; retired from Army, 1919; served in Singapore, 1893 to 1896; instructor, R.M. Academy, 1897-1902; asst. dir. of surveys, Gold Coast, 1902; dir., 1904 to 1906; dir. of surveys, S. Nigeria, 1910; surveyor-general, Nigeria, 1914; rejoined Army on outbreak of war; commanded 94th Field Co., R.E. 1914; C.R.E. 8th Dec., 1915; C.R.E. 66th Div., 1916; commanded 197th Infantry Brigade, Mar., 1917; commanded 170th Infantry Brigade, May, 1917 to July, 1918; asst. inspr.-gen. of Training in France, July, 1918; commanded 100th Infantry Brigade, 1919; governor and commander in chief, Gold Coast, 24th Sept., 1919; ret., 1927.

GUILBERT, GUILBERT CHARLES.—Served in Bechuanaland Prot. pol., 1914-18; sub-inspr., 1918; pas-ed 2nd grade Secwana exam., 1923; ag. asst. res. mag., 1923; ag. res. mag., 1924.

GUILLEMERD, SIR LAURANCE NUNNS, G.C.M.G. (1927), K.C.B. (1910), K.C.M.G. (1923), C.B. (1905).—B. 1862; ed. Charterhouse, and Trin. Coll. Camb.; entered Treasury, 1883; priv. sec. to Sir W. Harcourt and Sir M. Hicks-Beach, 1892-1902; deputy chmn., board of inland rev., 1902; chmn., bd. of customs and excise, 1909; gov., S. Stittins., 7th Feb., 1920; ret., 1927.

GULLIVER, E. G.—Cust. asst., Kenya, July, 1916; collr., cust., Jan., 1926.

GULLOCH, WILLIAM SUTHERLAND.—B. 1893; 2nd lieutenant, Scottish Rifles, 1914; lieutenant, Scottish Rifles, 1916; lieutenant, Gold Coast Regt., 1918; capt., G-ld Coast Regt., 1919; served France and Togoland; asst. comsnnr., pol., (Gold Coast, 1919; ag. comsnnr., pol., Eastern prov., 1924-5; comsnnr., pol., Cent. prov., 1926; ch., pol., Gibraltar, Nov., 1927.

GUNARATNA, JULIUS ALBERT.—B. 1869; apptd. to cls. V. Ceylon civ. serv., May, 1920; office asst., Matare Kachcheri, May, 1920.

GUNASEKARA, SEPTIMUS THEODOSIOS, L.R.C.P. (ond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), D.P.H. (Lond.), L.M.S. (Ceylon).—B. 1881; 1st house surg., gen. hosp., Colombo, Ceylon, Sept., 1904; med. offr., Kandy, Jan., 1907; ag. 3rd surg., gen. hosp., Colombo, Oct., 1908; dir., ankylostomiasis campaign, Dikoya and Amella, Oct., 1917 to Mar., 1920; san'y. offr., Apr., 1920; ag. san'y. commr., Oct., 1922; asst. dir., san'y. services, Oct., 1925.

GUNAWARDANA, DON CHARLES RAJAK-ARUNA, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1901; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1924; attd., Matara kach, Jan., 1926; ditto, Jaffna kach, Apr., 1926; pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, June, 1927.

GUNN, HON. JOHN.—B. 1885; M.P. for Adelaide, 1915; leader, parly. Labour Party, 1918; premier and treas., S. Australia, Apr., 1924-26; mem., migration and development comsn. of Australia, 1926.

GUPPY, GARETH EVERARD LECHMERE.—B. 1874; joined govt. serv., 1895; dep. sub-intendant, crown lands, 28th Dec., 1920; sub-intendant, crown lands, Trinidad, 1st Jan., 1925.

GUPPY, ROBERT.—Imperial postal serv., 31st Mar., 1892; ch. clk. and acctnt., post and tel. dept., G. Coast, 1900; ag. dir. of telegraphs, 2nd June to 26th July, 1901; acctnt., 1902; prepared system of accounting passed in Council and brought into force 1st Sept., 1902.

GURNEY, H. L. G.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, June 1921; ag. sec., secretariat, 1927.

GURUSINHA, KANKANAN TANATUBU SUMAT-TRIPALA.—B. 1877; apptd. cls. V Ceylon civ. serv., Mar., 1925; office asst., Kalutara kach, Mar., 1925.

GUTHRIE-SMITH, FRANK, M.A.—B. 1873; ed. at Watson's Coll., Edinburgh Univ. and Trin. Coll., Cambridge; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn, June, 1900; conveyancer to the land office, Uganda Prot., June, 1913; mag., May, 1914; ag. atty.-gen., Mar., 1917 to July, 1918; puisne judge and mem. of ct. of appeal for Eastern Africa, June, 1919; chancellor of the diocese of Uganda.

HADDON, ERNEST B., M.A., F.R.A.I.—B. 1882; ed. Christ's Coll., Camb.; nat. science tripos, 1904; dip. anthrop., Camb., 1912; asst. collr., Uganda, 1906; dist. comsnnr., 1912.

HADDON-SMITH, SIR GEO. BASIL, K.C.M.G. (1916). C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1861; lieut. Royal Guernsey militia, 1879; attached 32nd (D.O.L.I.) regt., 1880; attached 107th (Royal Sussex) regt., 1881; asst. inspr., Lagos constab., 1886; adjt., 1887; priv. sec. to ag. gov. and clk. of couns., 1887, 1889, and 1893; ag. inspr.-gen. and sheriff of Lagos, 1888, 1890, 1891, and 1893; ag. dist. comsnnr., 1887, 1888, 1889, and 1891; took part in Jebu expedition, 1892, mentioned in despatches (medal and clasp); political offr. on Sir G. Carter's mission to Yorubaland, 1893; asst. col. sec., Lagos, 1894; ag. col. sec., 1895; priv. sec. to Sir F. Scott in Ashanti expdn., 1896; ch. asst. col. sec., G. Coast, 1896; ag. col. sec., 1896-7; mem. of exec. and legis. coun., G. Coast col.; political offr. to Col. Sir J. Willcocks in the Ashanti expdn., 1900; took part in relief of Kumasi, spec. ment. in desps. (Ashanti medal and clasp); ag. gov. Gambia, July to Oct., 1901; col. sec., S. Leone, 1901-1911; ag. gov. of S. Leone on many occasions; gov., Bahamas, 1912; gov., Windward Is., 14th Dec., 1914; assumed govt., 30th Dec., 1914; ret., 1924.

HADDRILL, CYRIL F.—B. 1902; apptd., after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 29th Apr., 1920.

HAHN, DANIEL MEINERTS, O.B.E. (1927), M. Inst. C.E.—B. 1867; ed. Queen's Roy. Coll., Trinidad, Realschool, Hamburg, and Technological Inst., Hamburg; in charge of govt. saw mill, Trinidad, Jan., 1887; foreman, P.W.D., Jan., 1888; ag. asst. engrn., 1891; asst. engrn., in charge of wks. and blngns., Feb., 1894; asst. engrn., office and wks., Nov., 1899; engrn., office and wks., Apr., 1906; ag. div. engrn.,

N. Div., 1903 and 1907, in addition to substantive duties; ag. inspr. of mines, 1907 to June, 1908; and dep. inspr. of mines, July, 1908, in addition to substantive duties; mem. bd. of industrial training; asst. dir., pub. wks., Apr., 1914; ag. dir., pub. wks., on several occasions.

HALFYARD, HON. W. W.—Elected M.H.A., Fogo, Newfoundland, 1913; min. of agric. and mines, 1917; M.E.C., 1917; col. sec., 1918.

HALL, GUTHRIE.—B. 1897; 2nd lieut., Cheshire Regt., 1915; lieut., 1917; served with Waziristan Field Force, 1919; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 1921.

HALL, J. D., B.A. (Oxon).—Cadet, S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1910; ag. dep. regisr., sup. ct., Singapore and sec., Mohammedan and Hindu endowments bd., in addition, Apr., 1911; ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, Apr., 1912; passed cadet, July, 1913; supernmy. offr., cls. V., continued ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, Dec., 1913; asst. adviser, Batu Pahat, Johore, Feb., 1914; supernmy. offr., cls. IV., Dec., 1919; ag. 2nd mag., Dec., 1919; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Mar., 1920; 3rd asst. col. sec., Apr., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Apr., 1921; ag. 2nd asst. sec. A, June, 1921; ag. 1st asst. sec. B, Dec., 1921.

HALL, J. HATHORN, D.S.O., M.C., Croix-de-Guerre (Belgium).—B. 1894; ed. St. Paul's Schl., and Lincoln Coll., Oxford (1913-14); B.A.: on mily. serv., France and Belgium, Dec., 1915 to July, 1916, Oct., 1916, to Dec., 1918, Germany, Dec., 1918, to Apr., 1919; lieut. Royal Munster Fusiliers, Dec., 1914; capt., Dec., 1915; staff-capt., Mar., 1918; brig.-major, Oct., 1918; wounded, 1916; ment. in desps., 1919; Egyptian civ. serv., miny. of finance, Sept., 1919 to Feb., 1921; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., C.O., 17th Feb., 1921; ag. prin., 11th July, 1923.

HALL, COMMDR. LEONARD JOSEPH, O.B.E., R.D., R.N.R.—B. 1879; cadet, H.M.S. "Worcester", 1894-96; merchant service, 1896-1904; R.N., 1904-07; extra masters' B.O.T. certif.; marine offr., Nigeria, 1908; served Cameroons expdy. force, 1914-15; ment. in French desps. and recd. sp. appreciation of S. of S. for services rendered; admy. transport dept., 1916-17; seconded to Army as major, R.E., 1917; lieut.-col. R.E. and asst. dir., inland water transport, Mesopotamia, 1919; ment. in desps. and awarded O.B.E. (mily. divn.); resumed duty, Nigeria, 1920; dep. dir., marine, 1925.

HALL, PHILIP EDWARD.—B. 1877; ed. at Clifton Coll. and Wadham Coll., Oxford (B.A.); asst. native comsnnr., N.E. Rhodesia, 12th Jan., 1901; native comsnnr., 1st Sept., 1902; asst. mag., 15th May, 1905; ag. mag., 25th Oct., 1911 to 16th Sept., 1912; mag., 26th Aug., 1915; ag. res. mag., Barotse dist., 6th Aug., 1920 to 20th May, 1921; res. mag., Barotse dist., 14th Mar., 1925; ag. sec., native affrs., 30th Jan. to 11th July, 1926; J.P.

HALL, ROGER EVANS.—B. 1883; ed. Winchester and New Coll., Oxford; 3rd cl. hons. mode.; 2nd cl. hons. final jurisprudence; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1908; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 1910; crown counsel, 1914; ag. senr. crown counsel, 1914; senr. crown counsel, 1915; ag. solr.-gen., 1916, 1917 and 1918; circuit judge, Ashanti (temporary appt.), 1918; ag. atty.-gen., 1919; circuit judge, Ashanti and N. Territories, G. Coast, 1st Jan., 1920; ag. puisne judge, 1920; puisne judge, 1921.

HALL, W.—B. 1901; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., and assigned to C.O., Jan., 1920.

HALLIFAX, EDWIN RICHARD, C.M.G. (1925), C.B.E. (1922), O.B.E. (1918).—Ed. Blundell's schol.; Blundell's scholar, Balliol Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1896; cadet, Hong Kong, 1897; passed cadet, 1900; ag. police mag., New Territory, 1899; pol. mag., Hong Kong, 1899; J.P., 1900; asst. supt. of pol. and pol. mag., N.T., 1900; ag. registrar-gen., 1902; acted as dep. supt. of pol., asst. supt. of fire brigade, capt. supt. of pol., etc., on several occasions, 1902-04; seconded as Transvaal emigr. agt. at Chinwangtao, 1906; dist. offr., N.T., 1907; in addition, acted as asst. land offr., N.T., 1907 and 1908; ag. 1st pol. mag., 1909 to 1911; ag. dep. supt. of police and asst. supt. of fire brig., 1911; ag. registrar-gen. and M.L.C., 1911; M.B.C., 1912; registrar-gen., 1912; title altered to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1913; priv. sec. to gov., in addition, 1914 to 1915; commr., Hong Kong sec., Br. Empire Exhibn., 1924-25; ag. col. sec., 1926; sec., Chinese affrs., 1927.

HALL-JONES, HON. SIR WILLIAM, K.C.M.G. (1910).—B. 1861; ed. at public schls.; arrived in New Zealand, 1875; mem. of house of representatives for Timaru, New Zealand, 1890-1908; min. of pub. wks. and marine, 1896; premier col. treas., min. for educn. and labour, June, 1906; reorg. premiership, and assumed portfolios of pub. wks. and rlys. in Ward ministry, Aug., 1906; high comenr. in Lond., 1908-1912; M.L.C. since 1913.

HAM, GORDON LUPTON.—Cadet, F.M.S., 7th Nov., 1908; lent to Kelantan, 13th, Oct., 1913; cls. IV., S. Stilmits, 1st Jan., 1918; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., 14th Apl., 1919; clk. of couns., 2nd Sept., 1919; 1st asst. col. sec., S. Stilmits. and clk. of couns., Jan., 1920; asst. off. assignee, Dec., 1920; ag. sec. to high comenr., Feb., 1921; ag. asst. adviser to govt. of Kelantan, Apr., 1921; ag. 1st asst. sec. B. S. Stilmits., Apr., 1922.

HAMBLIN, R. A.—B. 1881; apptd. after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civil ser. and temporarily employed in the science and art dept. from Mar. 21st to May 26th, 1899; assigned to C.O. July, 1899; conf. clk., 1st Jan., 1918.

HAMILTON, ANDREW TODD.—B. 1879; asst. mast., educn. dept., Hong Kong, 1910; on milly. serv., 14th Dec., 1917 to 11th Feb., 1919; asst. mast., cls. II, 1st Jan., 1920; asst. mast., 1921; cls. I, Mar., 1926.

HAMILTON, ARCHIBALD JOHNSTON.—B. 1892; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1924; ent. service of govt. of Trinidad, Apr., 1911; mag., county of St. Patrick, Jan., 1927.

HAMILTON, ARTHUR WEDDERBURN HARTWIG.—B. 1887; ed. Tonbridge Schl.; pol. probationer, 1908; proceeded to Amoy to study Chinese (Hokkien), Apr., 1909; passed final exam. in Hokkien, Jan., 1911; ag. asst. supt., pol., Singapore, Feb., 1911; passed final exam. in Malay, Jan., 1912; asst. supt., pol., Penang, Mar., 1913; ag. ch. pol. offr., Kelantan, May, 1915; asst. supt., pol., Singapore, June, 1915; asst. supt., pol., Penang, Oct., 1916; asst. supt., pol., Singapore, Apr., 1920 and Apr., 1923; ag. dir. criminal intell., May, 1920; asst. comenr., pol., Kedah, Apr., 1921; ag. ch. pol. offr., Malacca, Dec., 1922; dep. comenr., F.M.S. and ch. pol. offr., Pahang, Feb., 1923; attd. rubber restriction dept., Singapore, May, 1923; dep. comenr., pol., F.M.S., Feb., 1923; dir., crim. investn. dept., F.M.S., May, 1924; ag. dir., polit. intell. bureau, Singapore, Sept., 1924.

HAMILTON, ERIC WILLIAM, B.A.—B. 1888; ed. Blundell's; exhbtr., Sid. Sum. Coll., Camb., 1906; scholar, 1907; B.A., 1909; cadet, Hong Kong civ. ser., 1911; ag. sec., sanitary bd., 1914; J.P., 1914; returned to Canton, 1914; attached to sanitary dept., 1915; passed final exam., 25th June, 1915; ag. asst. dist. offr., South, 1915; ag. 3rd asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, and dep. registrar of marriages, 1915; attached to imports and exports office in addition, 1916; ag. asst. P.M.G., 1916; ag. asst. dist. offr., 1917; attached to sany. dept. for sp. serv., 1918; ag. asst. dist. offr., 1918; dist. offr., 1918; dist. offr., South, 1920; 2nd pol. mag., 1923; pol. mag., Kowloon, 1924; 2nd asst. col. sec., 1926; dep. clk. of couns. in addn., 1927.

HAMILTON, KENNETH.—B. 1884; ed. Edin. Acad. and Trin. Coll., Cambridge; 3rd ch. economics tripos; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 6th Apr., 1910.

HAMILTON, PERCIVAL JOHN ALEXANDER.—Col. audit dept., 3rd Aug., 1915; asst. audr., Nyasaland, 18th Sept., 1915; audr., Br. Honduras, 28th Aug., 1922; audr., Leeward Is., 17th Dec., 1923.

HAMILTON, SIR ROBERT WILLIAM, KT. BACH. (1918).—Ed. at St. Paul's schol. and Trin. Hall Camb.; class. scholar, B.A., 1889 (honours); M.A. 1892; student, Inner Temple, 1893; called to the bar, 1895; dist. comenr., Lagos, 1895 to 1897; registrar, E. Africa Prot., 1897; town mag., 1899; asst. judge and admstr. gen., 1900; judge of high court of E. Africa, 11th Aug., 1902; apptd. to serve on land coman., 31st Oct., 1904; prin. judge, E. Africa Prot., 1st Apr., 1906; chief justice, 1911; ret., 1920.

HAMLIN, ANDREW DOUGLAS.—B. 1866; called to the bar, Inner Temple, June, 1918; junr. asst. treasr., N. Nigeria, Oct., 1910; asst. treasr., Nov., 1910; asst. sec., Oct., 1912.

HAMMOND, STANLEY ALFRED.—B. 1898; ed. Bancroft's schol. and Trinity Coll., Oxford; supt. educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 5th Apr., 1922.

HAMZAH BIN ABDULLAH.—B. 1890; clerical serv., F.M.S., June, 1908; stilm. offr., Selangor, May, 1909; Malay offr., grade II, Jan., 1918; grade I, Jan., 1919; spl. grade, Jan., 1920; offr. ch. V. Malayan civ. serv., Oct., 1921; asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Mar., 1922; asst. off. assignee, Perak, Jan., 1923; offr., cls. IV, Oct., 1925; dist. offr., Temerloh, Oct., 1925.

HANCOCK, CYRIL GEORGE.—B. 1902; ed. Kingsland Grange, Shrewsbury, Bromsgrove Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; asst. dist. comenr., Sierra Leone, 7th Jan., 1927.

HANCOCK, Capt. Otho Lewis, O.B.E. (1925)—B. 1893; ed. King's Coll., Taunton and Exeter Coll., Oxford; 2nd lieut. Aug., 1914; lieut. 1914; capt., 1915; wounded, 1915; A.D.C. and priv. sec. to gov., Leeward Is., 1916; staff offr., local forces and adjutant, volunteers, Barbados, 1917; gov. H.M. prison, Barbados, 1920; ag. senr. pol. mag., Aug. to Sept., 1922; comenr., Virgin Is., 1923; dir., prisons, Gold Coast, Aug., 1926.

HANCOCK, WILLIAM JOHN, M.I.C.E., M.I.E.E.—B. 1865; ed. Dublin and Glasgow Univ.; G.S. & W. Rly. (Ireland) workshops, Inchicore; Electric Lighting and Telephone Co. (Ireland); supt. of telephones, W. Australia, 1885; supt. of telegraphs, 1890; govt. electrical engnr., 1894; mem. of senate, Univ. of W. Aust.; pres., W. Aust. Inst. of Engineers, 1917-18; pres., Royal Soc. of W. Australia,

1918-19; hon. local sec., Inst. Elec. Engrs. (Lond.); lieutenant, A.A.M.C.; D.Sc., Univ. of W. Aust., 1924; Kelvin gold med., R. Socy. of W. Aust., 1924; hon. life mem., Inst. of Engrs. of Aust.

HAND, JOHN ST. VINCENT.—1st cls. clk., col. sec.'s off., Lagos, Oct., 1898; ch. clk., gen. man.'s off., Lagos govt. riwy., Apr., 1901; asst. sec., sec.'s off., S. Nigeria, Feb., 1904; priv. sec. to J. J. Thorburn, Esq., ag. gov. of Lagos in 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909 and 1910; and clk. to exec. coun.; asst. col. sec., S. Nigeria, 31st July, 1907.

HANDS, ARTHUR L. C., M.B.E.—B. 1880; clk. in P.O., St. Helena, Sept., 1896; 2nd clk., col. sec.'s off., Apr., 1898; registrar of births and deaths, 1904-07; ch. clk. and clk. to exec. coun., Jan., 1907; J.P., 1910; ag. crown prosecutor, clk. of the peace and pol. mag. during 1923.

HANKEY, LIEUT.-COL. SIR, M. P. A., G.O.B. (1919); K.C.B. (1916); C.B. (1912).—B. 1877; ed. Rugby; joined R.M.A., 1895; served in H.M.S. "Ramillies," flagship and 2nd flagship, Mediterranean, 1899-1901; naval intell. dept., 1902-6; granted temporary rank of Major whilst serving on a special comtee., 1906; intell. off., Mediterranean, 1907; asst. sec., comtee. of Imp. defence, 1908; apptd. sec., 1912; sec., war cabinet, from 1916; British sec., Peace Conf., 1919; comdr., Legion of Honour, 1917; commendatore, Crown of Italy, 1918.

HANKINSON, WALTER CROSSFIELD, M.O. (1918).—B. 1894; ed. Manchester Gram. Schl. and Jesus Coll., Oxford (exhibitioner); private, Royal Fusiliers, Sept., 1914; 2nd lieutenant, Yorks and Lancs. Regt., 9th Jan., 1915; lieutenant, 1st Apl., 1915; capt., 13th May, 1915; served in Egypt and France; demobilised, 28th Feb., 1919; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Feb., 1920; asst. prin., 1st Apr., 1920; asst. priv. sec. to Duke of Devonshire, 1st Mar., 1923; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. J. H. Thomas, 23rd Jan., 1924 and to Mr. Amery, 20th Nov., 1924; ag. prin., 2nd Nov., 1925.

HANN, HUGH.—B. 1862; joined R.A. 1881; served in India, 1882 to 1890; ret. from serv., 1890; joined home prison serv., 1891; promoted clk. and schoolmaster, 1896; supt. of pris., S. Leone, 1891; sheriff and ag. supt. of pol., S. Leone, July to Sept., 1902; J.P. for colony, 1902; formed S. Leone fire brigade and first supt., 1893; 1st asst. supt. of pris., Ceylon, 1906; supt. of pris., Kandy, 1st Nov., 1906, to Sept., 1908; asst. supt., convict establishment, Colombo, Oct., 1908, to Dec., 1909; ag. insp.-gen. of prisons, Ceylon, and supt. of convict establishment, Sept. to Dec., 1909; supt., Mutwal and Huftedorp prisons, Jan. to Aug., 1910; supt., Mahara prison, Sept., 1910; ag. insp.-gen. of prisons, Sept. to Dec., 1911; supt., Fremantle prison, W. Aust., 1st Jan., 1912.

HANNAN, GERALD HUGH CRAWFORD.—B. 1879; ed. Mercers' Schl., London; served in S. African War, 1900-02 (2 med., 5 clasps); 2nd cls. clk., exec. and leg. couns., Transvaal, Oct., 1902; 1st cls. clk., 1903; gentleman usher of black rod, leg. coun., Transvaal, 1907; clk., asst., prov. coun., Transvaal, 1910; clk. of prov. coun. and exec. comtee, 1917.

HANNAY, HENRY DESMOND.—Served Anglo-Boer war, 1899-01; sub-inspr., Bechuanaland Prot. police, 1901; ag. mag., N'Gami, 1907-08; inspr., Feb., 1914; ag. res. mag., 1914; Capt., N. Staffs. regt., European war, 1914-20; granted hon. rank of major, 1925; ag. res. mag., 1925.

HANNIGAN, CHARLES.—B. 1877; ed. Ranelagh Sch., Athlone, Piper's Coll. and Connell's Acad., Belfast; serv. R. Irish constab., Mar., 1896 to Apr., 1902; inspr., pol., F.M.S., May, 1902; ag. asst. comsrr. pol., Sept., 1906; asst. comsrr., pol., Mar., 1907; ag. supt., pol., S. Stlmits., Aug., 1916; supt., pol., S. Stlmits., Sept., 1916; ag. inspr.-gen., pol., S. Stlmits., Jan. to Mar., 1919, Apr., 1920 to Apr., 1921 and Oct., 1922 to Mar., 1923; comsrr., pol., F.M.S., Nov., 1924.

HARCOURT, HAROLD WALLACE.—B. 1886; examng. clk., audit dept., Fiji, Nov., 1909; book-kpr., treasury, May, 1910; chief audr., Tonga, under three years agreement with native govt., June, 1911; audr.-gen. and govt. sec., Sept., 1911; ag. premier, 1st Jan. to 25th Feb., 1914; 2nd asst. audr., Fiji, 14th Oct., 1914; ag. ch. clk., treasury, 15th Oct., 1918; ag. asst. audr., 3rd July, 1920; ag. ch. clk., treas. and sec., comsrrs. of currency, 29th Oct., 1920; ag. comsrr., inland rev., 18th Apr., 1921; cust., enemy property and contr. clearing office, Fiji and W. Pacific (conjoint), 11th May, 1921; provisionally M.L.C., 15th Aug., 1921; ag. comsrr. of stamps (conjoint), 18th Jan., 1922; ag. audr. (conjoint), 3rd Apr. to 30th June, 1922; dep. treas. and comsrr. of inland rev. and stamps, 1st Jan., 1923; ag. col. treas., 15th Apr. to 15th Aug., 1924; ag. prov. mem., exec. coun., 22nd Apr., 1924; ditto, leg. coun., 20th July, 1924; ag. col. treas. etc., (conjoint), and prov. mem., exec. coun., 21st Feb. to 26th Sept., 1925; mem., leg. coun. in addn., 8th July, 1927.

HARDING, ALFRED J., C.B.E. (1927), O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1878; ed. Christ's Coll., Brecon, and St. John's, Camb.; foundn. schlr., 1899; 1st class nat. sci. trip. part I., 1900; B.A., 1900; M.A., 1920; ent. C.O. after compet. exam. as 2nd cl. clk., Oct., 1901; sec. to comtee. to inquire into organisation of Crown agents' office, 1908; asst. priv. sec. to Lord Crewe, 1st Feb., 1909; sec. to Royal coms. on Mauritius, 1909; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. Lewis Harcourt, Nov., 1910; ag. 1st cls. clk., Sept., 1910 to Jan., 1911, and from 1st Apr., 1912; 1st cls. clk., 12th Oct., 1914; sec., colonial blue-books comtee., 1917; ag. prin. clk., 1st Jan., 1920; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920; mem., W. African currency bd., 1926; mem., Palestine currency bd., 1926.

HARDING, SIR EDWARD JOHN, K.C.M.G. (1928), C.B. (1926), C.M.G. (1917), M.A. (1907).—B. 1880; ed. Dulwich Coll. and Hertford Coll., Oxford (scholar, 1899); 1st cls. class. mods., 1901; 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1903; B.A., 1903; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1912; apptd. after compet. exam., 2nd cls. clk., marine dept., bd. of trade, 30th Nov., 1903; 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 31st May, 1904; sec. to distressed colonial seamen comtee., 1909; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. Lewis Harcourt, 14th Oct., 1912; sec. to Dominions Royal Coms., Dec., 1912; ag. 1st cls. clk., 10th Apl., 1916; 1st cls. clk., 4th June, 1916; on military service from 20th Nov., 1915, to 9th Apl., 1916; sec. to comtee. for stlmnt. of ex-service men within the Empire, 1917; ag. prin. clk., 1st Apl., 1919; prin., 1st Apr., 1920; asst. sec., 1st Dec., 1921; asst. under-sec. of state for dominions affairs, 30th July, 1925.

HARDY, THOMAS JAMES, A.C.R.A. (1924).—B. 1900; passed exams. of London Assn. of Accts. and Corporation of Accts., 1923; diploma in book-keeping and accountancy, executorship and trust law and accts., mercantile law, auditing and economics, 1923; ent. C.O.

3rd Mar., 1916; apptd. asst. clk., C.O., after compet. exam., 24th Apr., 1918; cler. off., 1st Jan., 1920.

HARR, REGINALD CHARLES, C.M.G. (1915).—B. 1853; clk. treasury, W. Australia, Apl., 1881; pol. inspr. S. dists., June, 1886; ag. govt. res., Wyndham, May, 1888; ditto, Roebourne, June, 1889; sec., W. Australian govt. agency, London, May, 1891; ag. agent-gen., 1909.

HARKNESS, EDWARD BURNS, C.M.G. (1922).—Entered treasury, New S. Wales, 1891; sec. to Premier's office, 1901-16; under sec., depts. of ch. sec. and public health, since 1916.

HARLEY, JOHN A.—M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), certif. Lond. S.T.M. (with distinction), July, 1909; apptd. to W.A.M.S., Gambia, 16th Apl., 1910; ag. protectorate med. off., 2nd Jan. to 11th May, 1911.

HARMAN, H. A. A. F., D.S.O., B. Sc. (Lond.).—B. 1881; capt., 4th (S.R.) Batt., S. Staff. Regt.; prin., govt. training inst. for teachers, Accra, Gold Coast, 17th Apl., 1912; attd., Gold Coast Regt., for serv. in E. Africa, 14th May, 1916 to 31st Dec., 1918; slightly wounded, ment. in deaps.; prin., King's Coll., Lagos, Dec., 1919; asst. dir., educn., G. Coast, 14th Oct., 1925.

HARMAN, WM. HENRY.—B. 1882; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. serv. and assigned to science and art dept., 10th Apl., 1900; to bd. of agric., 6th June, 1901; transf'd. to C.O., 27th Jan., 1902.

HARNETTY, LIEUT. EDWARD.—B. 1887; ed. Brompton Oratory sch.; capt., Lincolnshire Yeomanry; lieut., Sierra Leone Batt., W.A.F.F., 1918-21; passed lower stand. exam. in Mendi and Mandingo; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 11th Jan., 1922.

HARPER, CHARLES HENRY, C.M.G. (1921), O.B.E. (1919).—Ed. at Blundell's sch., Devon, and Exeter Coll., Oxford; B.A. 1899; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 5th May, 1909; cadet, G. Coast, 24th Jan., 1900; attached to Ashanti field force, 1st June to 1st Sept., 1900; asst. dist. comsnr., 6th Sept., 1901; ag. asst. col. sec., 26th Oct., 1904; asst. col. sec., 8th Feb., 1906; ag. chief asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 14th Apl. to 25th June, 1908; cantonment mag., Coomassie, 16th Oct., 1908; prov. comsnr., 23rd July, 1909; census off., 1911; ag. chief asst. and clk. of couns., 15th May to 29th June, 1912; ag. col. sec., June to Oct., 1912, and from 3rd May to 27th Aug., 1914; attached to Togoland field force, 29th Aug., 1914; sen. polit. off., Togoland, 30th Sept. to 23rd Dec., 1914; chief asst. col. sec., 14th Feb., 1915; ag. col. sec., 25th June to 17th Nov., 1915, 27th Nov., 1915, to 27th June, 1916, and from 2nd Dec., 1916, to 23rd Apl., 1917; ch. comsnr., Ashanti, May, 1920; gov., St. Helena, 20th Dec., 1924; assumed govt., 2nd Feb., 1925.

HARPER, FRANCIS HENRY, M.B.E. (1920).—B. 1877; transferred from the service of the Royal Niger Co. as supplementary clk. to C.O., 1st Jan., 1900; conf. clk., Nov., 1912; depl. asst., 1st Apr., 1922.

HARRAGIN, WALTER.—B. 1890; barrister-at-law; clk. of the peace and sub-regisr., San Fernando and Victoria, Trinidad, 9th Mar., 1914; served with the army as temporary captain; mag., Victoria, Sept., 1919; crown counsel, 1924; ag. solr.-gen., Apr. to Oct., 1924 and from 15th Jan., 1925 to 13th Aug., 1926.

HARRAGIN, WILLIAM THORNTON.—B. 1887; clk., sup. ct., Trinidad, 1910; asst. mast., Queen's Royal Coll., 1911; held coms. in Gordon Highlanders, 1915-16; served in France, May to

Oct., 1915; asst. mast., Queen Victoria Schl., Fiji, 1916; cadet, Solomon Is., 1917; supervisor of customs, 2nd cls., G. Coast, 1st June, 1918; ag. asst. dist. comsnr., Jan.-Mar., 1919; asst. dist. comsnr., 28th Apr., 1919; ag. dist. comsnr. in 1919 and 1920; asst. col. sec., 1st Jan., 1921.

HARREL, MELVILLE DAVIN, O.B.E. (1924).—B. 1872; attchd. Royal Irish constab. depot, 1895; certifs., drill and police duties; sub-inspr. Jamaica constab., Jan., 1896; spl. serv. to Nicaragua, Jan., 1897; 3rd cl. inspr., Nov., 1901; 2nd cl., Feb., 1907; 1st cl., June, 1913; deputy inspr.-gen., Oct., 1913; ag. inspr.-gen. of police and prisons, July to Sep., 1914; inspr.-gen. of police and comdt. local forces, Barbados, Aug., 1916; local rank of lieut.-col., 1919; inspr. gen., pol., Jamaica, 1926.

HARRIGAN, SAMUEL SIMONS.—Head teacher, Wesleyan schs., Virgin Is., 1878; reasig., 1903; clerical asst., govt. offices, Road Town, 1903; ag. govt. off., West End, Nov., 1904, Feb., 1906, and Feb. to Apr., 1907; govt. off., Road Town, 1906.

HARRINGTON, WILFRED FRANCIS, M.C.—B. 1886; asst. polit. off., 5th Dec., 1917; adminia. off., 1st grade, Tanganyika Territory, 1st Aug., 1923.

HARRIOTT, EDMUND COWLES.—B. 1866; clk. to comsnr. and to legis. bd., Turks and Caicos Is., Nov., 1887; inspected govt. schs., 1890, 1891 and 1902; ag. registr. sup. ct., and of deeds, 1891 and 1894; ag. asst. comsnr. (dist. mag., registr. sup. ct. and registr.-gen., man. savings bank and inspr. of pol. and prisons), G. Turk, May to July, 1896, Aug. to Nov., 1901, and May to Aug., 1906; J.P., 1901; ag. aud., Aug. and Sept., 1901, and June to Aug., 1906; ag. dist. mag., visiting Caicos Is., July, 1902; ag. acctnt. and clk. (collr. of cust., postmtr., cashier and registr. shipping); comsnr. of offices, Apl. to June, 1903; confirmed July, 1903; ag. off. mem., legis. bd., 1906; 1st. cls. clk., rev. dept., Jamaica, Jan., 1907; ag. asst. comsnr., Salt Cay, May to July, 1909; ag. deputy stamp comsnr., Aug. to Nov., 1909; served in cust. dept., occupied territory, E. Africa, 1916-18; collr. of taxes and parochial treasr., St. Anne, Jamaica, Jan., 1920.

HARRIS, SIR CHARLES ALEXANDER, K.C.M.G. (1917); C.B. (1904); C.M.G. (1900); C.V.O. (1917); M.V.O. (1911), B.A.—B. 1858; scholar, prizeman, and Porteus medallist of Christ's Coll., Camb.; Tancored student in com. law, Lincoln's Inn, 1877; 12th classic, 1878; apptd. 2nd cls. clk., C.O., after open competn., 1st July, 1879; sec. to W. Indies Finance Comms., Dec., 1882; asst. sec. Sugar Bounties Confce., 1889; priv. sec. to Mr. Buxton, M.P., Jan., 1894, to June, 1896; and to the Earl of Selborne, June, 1896; 1st class clk., 1896; specially engaged in work connected with Venezuelan bndry. arbitn., 1896-8; prin. clk., Nov., 1898; sent to Paria, 1899, in connection with the Venez. bndry. arbitn.; conducted British case in Brazilian-B. Guiana boundy. arbitn., 1901-4; mem. of comtee. to inquire into organisation of Crown agents' office, 1908; ch. clk., 1st Feb., 1909; represented C.O. on advisory comtee. of comml. intell., B. of T., 1900-17; mem. of managing comtee. of Imp. Inst. 1909-16; gov. and c. in c., Newfoundland, 1st Nov., 1917; assumed govt., 17th Dec., 1917; ret., 1922; author of numerous articles in Dict. of Pol. Econ. on economic and statistical subjects, and of lives of various colonial govs. and statesmen in Dict. of Nat. Biog.

HARRIS, DAVID JOHN EDWARD.—B. 1887; apptd. after compet. exam., boy clk., G.P.O.,

1912; on mil. serv. (R.E. and R.A.F.), 8th Oct., 1915 to 27th Feb., 1919; temp. employment clk., Miny. of Labour, 1st Oct., 1919 to 20th June, 1920; permanent ditto, 21st June, 1920 to 30th Sept., 1922; cler. offr., C.O., 1st Oct., 1922.

HARRIS, HERBERT JOHN.—B. 1884; entd. serv. of Imperial Post Office, 1st Jan., 1900; transf'd to dept. of posts and telegraphs, Cape of Good Hope, 13th Nov., 1902; resig., Dec., 1907, and entd. S. Rhodesia telegraph serv., 1st Jan., 1908; seconded for serv. with African Trans-Continental Telegraph Co., 12th Apr., 1908; resig., 31st Jan., 1910; provincial postmaster, S. Nigeria, 1st Feb., 1910; asst. supt. of posts and telegraphs, Fed. Malay States, 14th June, 1913; seconded for mil. serv., Mar., 1918; 2nd lieutenant, Indian army res. of offrs., unattached, Mar., 1918; 2nd lieutenant, 91st Punjabis, July, 1918; lieutenant, Mar., 1919; released from army serv., Oct., 1919; resumed duty, Kuala Lumpur, July, 1920; relinquished coman., I.A.R.O., Sept., 1920; contr., posts and tels., F.M.S., Oct., 1926.

HARRIS, PHILIP CAPES, A.R.I.B.A.—B. 1891; ed. Parkfield Schl., Liverpool, Liverpool Univ. and the Royal Acad. Schls. of Art; on war serv., 1914-19; architect, Zanzibar, Jan., 1922.

HARRIS, REGINALD ROBERT.—B. 1890; ed. Queen Mary's Schl., Basingstoke; clk., govt. sec.'s office, Nyasaland Prot., 18th June, 1913; editor, govt. gaz., since 1914; clk., 1st grade, Oct., 1920; ag. ch. clk., secretariat, Nov. 1920 to June, 1921; asst. treas., Apr., 1925.

HARRIS, HON. ROBERT EDWARD, D.C.L., LL.D.—B. 1850; ed. High School, Annapolis Royal; pri. tuition; D.C.L., King's Coll. Univ., Windsor, N.S.; LL.D., Dalhousie Univ., Halifax, N.S.; called to the N.S. bar, 1882; K.C., 1889; practised at Yarmouth, 1882-92; Halifax, 1892-1915; justice, sup. ct., N.S., 1915; ch. just., sup. ct., N.S., 7th Feb., 1918; selected as third arbitr. to determine value of Canadian Northern Rly. stock, on its acquisition by the Dom. Govt.; mem. of the coun. of the N.S. Barrister's Soc., and for some years pres.; chancellor, diocese of N.S., 1905; dir., schl. for blind, Halifax; gov. of King's Coll., Windsor, N.S.

HARRISON, ALBERT SEDDON, M.Sc. Manchester, 1908.—B. 1887; on staff of Manchester Univ., and asst. mast., Fielden demonstn. schl., 1908-10; senr. mast., Halesowen comml. schl., 1910-12; on staff Manchester Univ. educn. dept., and headmr., Fielden demonstn. schl., 1912-14; inspr. of schls., Ceylon, Apr., 1914; on active serv., 1918-19; ag. asst. dir. of educn., Ceylon, May, 1919, to Apr., 1920; ag. dir. of educn., Apr. to Oct., 1920; ag. asst. dir. of educn., Oct., 1920; prin., training coll., Jan., 1921.

HARRISON, ARTHUR ERNEST.—B. 1884; London Schl. of Law, 1911-12; clk., N. Rhodesia, Apr., 1913; ag. registrar, high ct., sheriff, off. recr., registrar, deeds, etc., July, 1915; custodian, enemy property, 1917; registrar, etc., 1918; contr., clearing office, peace treaty, 1920; registrar, companies and patents, 1921; admsr. gen., June, 1925.

HARRISON, CAPT. HORACE D'URNFORD.—B. 1884; war serv., with D.L.I., 1914-19; France, 1915-18; twice ment. in desps.; headma-t., govt. primary schls., Gold Coast, 5th June, 1920; mast., training coll., 1st Jan., 1921; inspr., schls., 1s. Apr., 1926.

HARRISON, ERNEST, M.S.A. (Ivwa), B.Sc. (Agric.), N.D.A. (Hons.).—Lecturer in agr., schl. of agr., Grootfontein, Cape, 1904; prin., schl. of

agr., Cedara, Natal, 1913; dep. dir., agr., Kenya, 1921; ag. dir., agr., Feb. to Nov., 1922 and Mar.-Oct., 1924.

HARRISON-JONES, CHARLES.—B. 1884; ed. Reading and St. John's Coll., Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1907; pol. mag., Puttalam, Ja., 1909; asst. govt. agt., Colombo and Negombo dists., July, 1910; ag. asst. gov. agt., Hambantota, Apr., 1912; pol. mag., Matara, May, 1912; ag. asst. gov. agt., Mannar, Feb. 1913; on military duty, Jan., 1915; dist. judge Tangalla, Dec., 1919; ag. asst. govt. agt., Matale, June, 1920; ditto, N'Ellya, Nov., 1924; ag. govt. agt., Eastern prov., May, 1927.

HART, H. W.—B. 1897; on mil. service in France and Flanders, Mar., 1915 to Jan., 1919; service in corps of mil. acctnts., 1919-21; temp. clk., C.O., 1st Mar., 1921; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 9th July 1926.

HART, RUPERT LANCELOT LEON, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1885; ed. Reading Schl. and R. Veterinary Coll., London; govt. vety. surg., N. Rhodesia, 1910-14; vety. offr., Uganda, 1914; served with E. African Forces in Great War, 1914-17 and on Western Front, 1917-19; senr. vety. offr., Uganda, 1920.

HART, WILLIAM HUME, B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (Dub.).—B. 1885; ed. Sedburgh, Yorks and Dub. Univ. (Trin. Coll.); med. offr., grade III, F.M.S., May, 1912; grade II, Nov., 1913; seconded for mil. serv., Dec., 1915; temp. 2nd lieutenant, R.A.M.C.F., Feb., 1916; capt., Feb., 1917; discharged, Sept., 1919; ag. medl. suptd., cent. mental hosp., Tanjong Rambutan, June, 1920; ag. senr. med. offr., Perak, May, 1922; ditto, Negri Sembilan, Apr., 1923; ditto, Perak, Nov., 1925; ditto, Pahang, Dec., 1925; ditto, Selangor, Apr., 1926; senr. med. offr., Pahang, but continues ag. senr. med. offr., Selangor, Aug., 1926.

HART-DAVIS, CHARLES HENRY.—B. 1874; ed. at Eton and New Coll., Oxford, B.A.; served in 13th I.Y. in South Africa, 1900 (Queen's medal, 3 clasps); priv. sec. to Sir W. Haynes Smith, Cyprus, 1901; asst. insp. of schools, Cyprus, 1901 to 1906; passed exams. in Turkish and Greek, 1903; insp. of schools, Gold Coast, 1906; dis. comsnr., 1906 to 1910; sec. to high comsnr. for the Western Pacific, 1910; on mil. serv., 1915-19; ch. asst. sec., Cyprus, Apr., 1919; ag. ch. inspr. of schls., Aug. to Oct., 1919; ag. ch. sec., Sept. to Dec., 1919; ag. registrar, Dec. to May, 1920; ag. comsnr., July to Oct., 1920; ag. ch. sec., 27th Oct., 1920 to 3rd Feb., 1921, 17th to 23rd Mar., 11th May to 3rd Oct., 1921 and 14th July to 13th Oct., 1923; comsnr., 1st July, 1922; mem., leg. coun., Jan., 1924.

HARTER, JEAN DENIS EDGARD.—B. 1879; ed. R. Coll. of Mauritius; asst. mast., R. Coll., 1901; asst. mast., Victoria Schl., Seychelles, Aug., 1902; asst. mast., King's Coll., 1910; headmast., Victoria Schl., July, 1920; ag. dir. educn. and inspr. of schls., Seychelles, Jan., 1922; inspr. of schls., Seychelles, Jan., 1924; sec. to bd. of educn.; local sec., Cambridge local exam.; ag. pvte. sec., clk. to gov. and clk. to couns. from 16th Dec., 1924.

HARTNELL, G. F. W.—Chief mechanical engnr., Uganda rlwy., June, 1918, and from Apr.-June, 1922; comsnr., July, 1922; ag. registrar, gen., July-Sept., 1922.

HARTWELL, CHARLES HERBERT, B.A. (Cantab.).—B. 1904; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1926; attd., Kandy kach., Jan., 1927.

HARVEY, DAVID HAROLD.—B. 1874; entd. Natal civ. serv., Apr., 1898; transf'd to Swaziland

admnsn. as clk., Mar., 1903; sub-inspr., Swaziland police, Apr., 1907; dep. asst. comsnr., Apr., 1911; asst. comsnr., Mlankaiana dist., 1920.

HARVEY, JOHN ALLEN.—B. 1900; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1924; attd. dist. office, Port Dickson, Jan., 1925; attd. land office, Seremban, Apr., 1925; ag. asst. dist. off., Krian, Aug., 1925; priv. sec. to ch. sec. to govt., F.M.S., May, 1926; passed cadet, June, 1927; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Aug., 1927.

HARVEY, HON. JOHN MUSGRAVE.—B. 1865; judge of the sup. ct., New S. Wales, 1913.

HARVEY, REGINALD JAMES.—B. 1901; ed. Charterhouse and Exeter Coll., Oxford, 1920-23; 4th cls., hona., mod. hist.; St. George Schl., Jerusalem, 1923-25; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1926.

HASHIM NOOR MOHAMED BIN MOHAMED DALI, CAPT.—B. 1880; Malay stud. interp., pol. ct., Penang, Aug., 1898; Malay translr., ct. of reqs., Penang, Nov., 1898; Malay interp., pol. ct., Singapore, Aug., 1899; Malay interp., sup. ct., Singapore, 1913; asst. sec., Mohammedan advy. bd., Singapore, June, 1915; secy., Mohammedan advy. bd., Singapore, May, 1917; ag. dist. off., Balik Pulau, asst. dist. judge and mag., Penang, May, 1919; asst. food contrl., S.W. dist., Penang, 1919; asst. suptd., census, 1921; offr. cls. V. Malayan civ. serv., asst. regr., co-op. socs., Feb., 1924.

HASKINS, WILFRED J., A.M.C.E.A.—Asst. supt. of wks., S. Stihlts., Mar., 1905; dist. engrn., F.M.S. rlys., May, 1912; senr. dist. engrn., grade B., F.M.S. rlys., July, 1919; ag. engrn. for ways and wks., Nov., 1920 to Oct., 1921; ag. ch. res. engrn. for constrn., Mar., 1923; senr. dist. engrn., Johore dist., Nov., 1924; ag. engrn., ways and wks., Aug., 1926.

HASZARD, HON. FRANCIS LONGWORTH.—B. 1849; ed. at Prince of Wales's Coll., Prince Edward Is.; called to the bar, 1872; K.C., 1894; elected to legis., P.E.I., 1904 and 1908; mem. exec. coun., 1905; prem. and atty.-gen., P.E.I., 1908; judge, supreme ct., and master of the rolls, P.E.I., 1911.

HATCHER, C. M.—B. 1873; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. 2nd div. civ. ser., and assigned to W.O., 11th Sept., 1893; transfd. to C.O., 18th Mar., 1896; minor staff offr., Feb., 1902; staff clk., first grade, July, 1913; depl. asst., 26th Feb., 1923.

HAUGHTON, T. H.—B. 1881; served in S. African Constab., Mar., 1901, to Dec., 1907; held rank of Lieut. and sub-inspr. (Queen's medal with five clasps); asst. res., Muri Prov., N. Nigeria, 9th May, 1908.

HAUSSMANN, G. C. J. L. F.—B. 1863; clk., treasury, Cape, 1889; acct., pension funds, Cape, 1896; prin. clk., treasury, Pretoria, 1910; ch. clk., pensions, treasury, 1917; ch. pensions offr., 1919.

HAVENGA, HON. NICOLAAS CHRISTIAAN.—Atty-at-law; mem., prov. coun. for Fauresmith, O.F.S. and mem., exec. comtee. for O.F.S., 1910-15; mem., Union H. of A. for Fauresmith from 1915; min. of finance, 30th June, 1924.

HAWKEN, H. E. A.—B. 1879; ed. pub. schls., Ottawa Colleg. Inst.; ent. civ. serv. of Canada as jun. clk., dept. marine and fisheries, 1901; 2nd cls. clk., 1908; 1st cls. clk., 1910; ch. clk., 1917; asst. dep. min., 1st Apr., 1920.

HAWKEN, HON. OSWALD JAMES.—B. 1870; ed. Patea and Kakarama pub. schls., N.Z.; mem., N.Z. parlt., since 1919; min. of agr. and comsnr. of state forests, 1926.

HAWKINS, BRIAN CHARLES KEITH.—B. 1906; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Hertford Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Oxon.), hona., mod. hist., 1923; cadet, Hong Kong, Dec., 1924; asst. assessor, 1927.

HAWKINS, GERALD.—B. 1891; B.A., London Univ.; pte., 1/5th Gloucester Regt., 8th Aug., 1914; 2nd lieut., 1/5th Gloucester Regt., 7th Feb., 1915; B.E.F., 29th Mar., 1915; went in despatch, 20th Dec., 1917; wounded, and discharged with rank of capt., 5th May, 1920; cadet, F.M.S., 20th Nov., 1920; attd. to land office, Penang, 21st Dec., 1920; dep. collr. of land rev., Penang, 14th Jan., 1921; ag. dist. offr., Balik Pulau, 21st Dec., 1921; offr., cls. V, May, 1919; cls. IV, May, 1923; ag. asst. sec., res., Selangor, Dec., 1925; sec., res., Pahang, Apr., 1926.

HAY, CLIFFORD H., C.M.G., M.V.O.—Under sec., premier's dept., New S. Wales since Mar., 1916.

HAY, MORTIMER CECIL.—B. 1891; ed. The Schl., Bishop Stortford and St. Catharine's Coll., Cambridge (exhibr.); B.A., Cantab.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1913; ag. asst. contrl. of lab., Penang, Mar., 1915; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Mar., 1916; passed cadet, July, 1916; offr., cls. V, Dec., 1916; dep. contrl. of lab., Klang, Dec., 1920; ag. asst. adviser, Endau, Johore, May, 1921; ag. asst. adviser, Batu Pahat, Mar., 1922; ag. prot. of Chinese and contrl. of lab., Johore, Oct., 1922; ag. asst. adviser, Batu Pahat, Sept., 1923; dep. comr., lab., Kuala Lumpur, Sept., 1925; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1925; ag. asst. adviser, Kemaman, Trengganu, June, 1926.

HAYCRAFT, SIR THOS. WAGSTAFFE KT. BACH. (1919).—B.A., St. John's Coll., Oxon.; called to the bar, In. Tem., 1885; practised in S.E. circuit and Sussex sessions; examr. of the ct., 1889 to 1899; apptd. arbitrator on bd. of Lond. chain. of arbitn., 1897; pres. dist. ct., Larnaca, Cyprus, 1899; pol. mag., Gibraltar, 1911; puisne judge, Mauritius, 1913; ch. just., Grenada, 1916; ch. just., Palestine, 1921; ret., Mar., 1927; author of "Executive Powers in relation to Crime and Disorder."

HAYDEN, JAMES J.—B. 1883; ed. St. Mary's Coll., Dublin; classed in feudal and English law, Dublin Univ. (dual gold medallist); admitted solr., sup. ct. of judicature, Ireland, 1906; called to Irish bar, 1926; registr., high ct., Uganda, 21st Jan., 1921; also addnl. dist. mag., 1st cls. admstr.-gen., rev. authority, registrar of companies, patents, designs, trade-marks, documents and business names, custodian of enemy property and contr. of local clearing house; mag., Uganda, Mar., 1927.

HAYDOCK-WILSON, HUGH.—B. 1897; ed. Bedford; on war serv., Artists Rifles (London R.) and Manchester Regt., 1915-19; ent. civ. serv., Br. Guiana as 4th cls. clk., C.S.O., 25th Apr., 1921; 3rd cls. clk., 16th July, 1924; capt., B. G. Militia (Art.), 1922-25.

HAYES, ROBERT EDWARD, I.S.O. (1926).—B. 1869; ed. New Zealand Univ.; entd. N.Z. postal dept., 1885; acct., tourists and industries and commerce dept., 1903; registr., friendly societies, 1906; also supt., national provident fund, 1910; asst. sec. and acct. to treas., 1922; sec. treas., paymr.-gen. and registr. of inscribed stock, 1925; again supt., national prov. fund, 1926.

HAYES-SADLER, CECIL WILLIAM, M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1893; ed. Eton and Trinity Coll., Oxford; served in France with R. Egnrs. (Signals), 1914-18; French Croix de Guerre, 1917; asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya Col., 1920; ag. senr. asst. sec., 1926.

HAYNES, ALWYN SIDNEY.—B. 1878; ed. at Haileybury Coll.; cadet, F.M.S. civ. ser., Nov., 1901; attached to dist. office, Batang Padang, Jan., 1902; ag. finan. asst., Krian, Oct., 1902, to Apr., 1903; passed final exam. in law, Oct., 1902; mag., Perak, 1902; passed final exam. in Tamil, Aug., 1903; ag. finan. asst., Krian, Sept., 1903; passed final exam. in Malay, Nov., 1906; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Mar., 1906; ag. inspr., schls., Negri Sembilan, Nov., 1906; 1st cls. mag., Negri Sembilan, 1906; ag. asst. supt., Indian immigts., Penang, Nov., 1906; asst. supt., ditto, Nov., 1908; examr., Tamil, Perak and Penang; ag. supt., Indian immigts., F.M.S. and S. Settlements, Feb., 1910; ag. asst. supt., immigts., Klang, Jan., 1911; passed final exam. in Siamese, Aug., 1912; ag. dist. offr., Pekan, Sept., 1912; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Dec., 1914; mem., bd. of examrs. in Malay for Perak, Apr., 1915; dist. offr., Tampin, 1916; sec., high comsrr., F.M.S., Apr., 1920; sec. for agr., S.S. and F.M.S., and dir., food production ditto, Feb., 1922; chmn., small holdings comtee. (rubber restrictions), Nov., 1923; ag. Br. res., Pahang, Feb., 1924; ag. Br. res., Perak, Nov., 1925; ag. Br. adviser, Kedah, Dec., 1925; ag. Br. res., Pahang, Sept., 1926; resumed as sec. for agr., S.S. and F.M.S., May, 1927.

HAZELTON, ERIC.—B. 1896; 2nd lieutenant, Monmouthshire Brig., R.F.A., June, 1915; joined B.E.F., France, Nov., 1915; lieutenant, R.H. and R.F.A. June, 1916; served with E.E.F., Suez Canal, Sinai, Palestine, 1916-19; cadet, F.M.S., Johore, Dec., 1919; 2nd asst. adviser to govt. of Johore, Jan., 1921; temp. ag. asst. adviser, Endau, Feb., 1921; ag. 2nd asst. adviser, Batu Pahat, May, 1921; passed cadet, Nov., 1921; ag. 4th asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Aug., 1922; 4th asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Nov., 1922; ag. priv. sec., to ch. sec., Nov., 1923; off. sec., res., Negri Sembilan, Nov., 1924; ag. asst. prin., C.O., Oct., 1926; offr., cls. IV, Nov., 1926.

HAZEN, HON. SIR JOHN DOUGLAS, K.C.M.G. (1918), K.C., LL.D.—B. 1860; ed. at Collegiate Schl., Fredericton, and Univ. of New Brunswick; called to the bar, 1883; K.C., 1894; elec. to H. of C., Canada, for St. John City and County, 1891; defeated, 1896; elec. to New Brunswick legis. for Sunbury, 1899, 1903, 1908; leader of the opposition in the New Brunswick legis. during that period; prem. and atty.-gen. of New Brunswick, 1908-1911; has been pres. of St. John law soc. and barristers soc. of New Brunswick; mem. of the P.C. for Canada, and min. of marine and fisheries in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; chief just. of New Brunswick, Nov., 1917.

HAZLERIGG, THOMAS MAYNARD, M.C.—Admitted solr., sup. etc., England, 1906; lieutenant, R.A.S.C., 1914-1915; capt., R.A.S.C., 1915 to 1920; asst. crown solr., Hong Kong, 1920; ag. asst. land offr. in addn., 1921 to 1922 and from 1922 to 1923; ag. crown solr., Mar. to Nov., 1924; treasury, solr. in addn., 1926.

HEAD, W. G.—B. 1899; apptd. after compet. exam. asst. clk., C.O., Oct., 1916; on mil. serv. from July, 1917, to Oct., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; higher cler. offr., 19th May, 1925.

HEAD-EVANS, ELLIS JAMES, M.I.M. & C.E., A.M.S.E.—Asst. engr., P.W.D., Nyasaland, Jan., 1912 to Aug., 1916; ag. asst. D.P.W., Nyasaland, Jan. to Sept., 1913; served with Nyasaland Vol. Res., 1914-15 (A.G.S. Med.); att'd. as civil offr. to Nyasaland Field Force as ch. engr., road constr. in opns. in German E. Africa, Mar., 1916 to Sept., 1917; seconded

as asst. engr., P.W.D., Tanganyika Territory, Aug., 1916; exec. engr., Tanganyika Territory, Apr., 1920.

HEAPE, WILLIAM LESLIE.—B. 1896; ed. Rugby and Sandhurst; asst. sec., Somaliland, Nov. 1919.

HEARST, SIR WILLIAM HOWARD, K.C.M.G. (1917).—B. 1864; ed. pub. schls., Collingwood Coll. Inst., and Toronto Univ.; called to the bar, 1888; K.C., 1908; prominent legal practitioner at Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario; now head of firm Hearst, Rowland and Atkin; has been counsel in all more important civil and criminal cases in Algoma district in recent years; unsuccessful cand. for legis. assembly, Ontario, 1894; elec. at g.e. 1908, 1911, and 1914; min. of lands, forests and mines in Whitney administration, 1911; premier of Ontario, 1914; also min. of agric.; defeated at g.e., Oct., 1919; resig. with his govt., Nov., 1919; mem., internat. joint coman. (Can. section), 23rd Feb., 1920.

HEATH, A. P.—B. 1897; ed. Uppingham; on mil. serv., Aug., 1915; 2nd lieutenant, Feb., 1917 to Aug., 1917; temp. clk., Min. of Nat. Serv., Nov., 1917; transf'd., O.S.O., Mar., 1919; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., O.S.O., Nov., 1921.

HEATH, HUBERT HAROLD.—B. 1865; ent. pub. serv., Barbados, 1883; junr. clk., P.O., 1885; 1st clk., 1902; acctnt., 1908; ag. col. postmr. on several occasions, 1907-18; ch. clk., treasury, 1918; ag. col. treas., Mar. to July, 1919; ch. offr., cust., 1919; ag. comptr., cust., on several occasions, 1919-22; man., govt. savings bank, 1922; col. postmr., 1925.

HEATH, W. G.—M.B. Ch.B., Edin. Univ.; qualified 1897; med. offr., Windward dist., Dominica, 1898; med. offr., dist. 2, Montserrat, 1901; ag. med. offr., dist. "D," Dominica, 1903; ditto, dist. "A," 1904; ag. sen. med. offr., Montserrat, 1905, 1912, and since 1916; pres., defence reserve, 1909; ag. mem. legis. coun., 1911; ag. med. offr., Antigua, 1911; mem. legis. coun., May, 1915; med. offr.-in-charge of Montserrat recruits for the B.W.I. regt., Mar., 1916; surg.-lieut., defence force, 1916; provisionally mem. exec. coun., 1916; ag. comsrr., Montserrat, on several occasions since Feb., 1918.

HEDDON, JOHN DONALD, B.A. (Oxon).—B. 1879; clk., cust., Port Elizabeth, 1903; prin. clk., East London, 1915; survr., Durban, 1916; ch. clk., head office, Pretoria, 1918; dep. comsrr., cust., and excise, 1926; del. for Union govt. at Imp. Cust. Conf., 1921; cust. adviser to delegn. to Australian govt. (four shipments), 1921; mem., delegn. to Kenya to rept. on trade prospects, 1922; rep. of Union govt. at economic conference, Antananarivo, Madagascar, 1923; advisory mem., Imp. Conf., 1926.

HEENAN, PETER.—Elec. to Ontario legis., 1919-25; House of Commons, Canada, 1925; min. of lab., 1926.

HEIDENSTAM, OSCAR CHARLES.—B. 1877; ed. at King's Schl., Warwick; vol. clk., col. sec.'s off., Cyprus, 5th Feb., 1897; 3rd div. clk., ditto, 16th Jan., 1899; inspr. of pol., 12th Jan., 1904; sent to Egypt for training with H.M.'s troops, May, June, and July, 1904; in command of depôt, 8th Aug., 1904; in command of Kyrenia div., gov. of prison and dep. coroner, 15th July, 1906; in command of Papho div., gov. of prison and dep. coroner, 4th Aug., 1906; acted as comsrr. for Papho on several occasions; passed in mod. Greek, lower standard, Apr., 1906; ag. priv. sec. and A.D.C. to high comsrr., Sir. C. A. King-Harman, and clk. of exec. coun., 4th Jan. to 16th Feb.

1907; temporarily attached to ch. sec.'s off., 16th Feb., 1907; in comd. of pol., Kyrenia div., gov. of pris., and dep. coroner, 24th June, 1907; asst. dist. supt. of pol., Uganda Prot., 12th July, 1907; in comd. of Entebbe pol., and supt. of cent. gaol, 10th Sept., 1907; inasp. of police, Cyprus, Apl., 1910; ch. of pol., Grenada, 22nd July, 1914; inasp.-gen., pol., Barbados, 1925.

HELLINGS, GEOFFREY STUART.—B. 1888; ed. Christ's Hosp. (foundation schol.) and St. John's Coll., Camb., Stewart of Rannoch Univ. schol., Camb., 1909; B.A., 1910 (cl. trip. ii, I); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1911; seconded for mil. ser., Jan., 1915; 2nd lieutenant, 8th (Service) Batt. Duke of Cornwall's Light Infy., Mar., 1915; 2nd lieutenant, 2nd Batt. D.C.L.I., May, 1916; lieutenant, 2nd Batt. D.C.L.I., Sept., 1916; ag. capt., 2nd Batt. D.C.L.I., June, 1918; demob., Sept., 1919; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Batu Gajah, Nov., 1919; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Perak, Dec. 1920; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Selangor, Sept., 1921; contr., lab. and prot. of Chinese, Johore, Sept., 1923; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1923.

HELPS, EDMUND ARTHUR PLUNKETT.—B. 1888; ed. Marlborough and Clare Coll., Cambridge; history tripos., 2nd cla. (1909); B.A. (1909); cadet, F.M.S., Jan., 1912; ag. 2nd asst. supt. of imigra., Klang, Sept., 1912; ag. asst. contr., lab., Aug., 1913; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, May, 1914; passed cadet, July, 1914; offr., cls. V, Mar., 1915; lent for service under the admstrn. of German E. Africa, July, 1917; offr., cla. IV, Jan., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Raub, Apr., 1920; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Lumpur, May, 1920; asst. dist. offr., Larut, July, 1920; dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, May, 1921; attd. to sec., rubber restriction comtee., Kulim, Nov., 1923; ag. asst. adviser, Kedah, Jan., 1924; offr., cls. III., ag. Br. adviser, Kedah, Nov., 1925; asst. adviser, Kedah, Dec., 1925.

HEMMENT, GEORGE.—B. 1880; ed. Tonbridge and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; cadet, F.M.S., 1903; ag. asst. dist. treas., Kuala Lumpur, June-Dec., 1904 and Mar.-June, 1905; passed cadet (Malay and Law), May, 1905; ag. rev. audr., Negri Sembilan, July, 1905; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Aug., 1905-Mar., 1908; ag. dist. offr., Jelebu, Mar.-July, 1908 and Jan.-Feb., 1909; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, July-Sept., 1908; ag. asst. dist. offr., Tampin, Oct., 1908-Jan., 1909 and from Mar., 1909-Oct., 1910; asst. collr., land rev., Seremban, Dec., 1910; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, Oct., 1911-Jan., 1912; seconded, Kedah, Oct., 1914; ag. legal adviser, Kedah, Dec., 1914-Jan., 1916; seconded, Johore, Jan., 1916; ag. asst. adviser, Muar, Jan., 1916-June, 1918; collr. of land rev., Kuala Lumpur and registr. of titles, Selangor, Nov., 1919-Nov., 1920; sec. to res., Selangor, Dec., 1920-Mar., 1922; mag., Kuala Lumpur, Jan.-Apr., 1923; ag. under-sec., S. Sttlmts., May, 1923-Mar., 1924 and from Apr.-July, 1924; ag. col. sec., S. Sttlmts., Mar. and Aug., 1924; gov.'s dep., Mar., 1924; ag. gen. adviser, Johore, Sept., 1924.

HEMSTED, RUPERT WILLIAM, O.B.E. (1919).—2nd treasury asst., E.A.P., 19th Sept., 1899; ch. acctnt., Somaliland, 1st Dec., 1901, to 1st Dec., 1903; asst. collr., E.A.P., 1st Dec., 1904; collr., 17th Dec., 1906; offr.-in-charge, Masai reserve, 1912; senr. comsnr. (1st cls.), Jan., 1924.

HENDERSON, FREDERICK LOUIS.—Ed. at Camb. Univ.; B.A., 1897; M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.); med. offr., E. Africa and Uganda Prots., 18th Oct., 1904; senr. med. offr., Apr., 1920; dist. surg., May, 1923.

HENDRIE, CAPT. HARRY GEORGE, M.C.—Foreman of Works, P.W.D., Gold Coast, 26th June, 1921; head mast., jun. trade sch., educa. dept., 1st Dec., 1921; on mil. serv., 7th Sept., 1914; 2nd lieutenant, Sept., 1915; coy. comdr. and ag. capt., Sept., 1916; demob. with rank of capt., Feb., 1920; serv. in Northd. Cyclists' Batt., Northd. Fus. and Machine Gun Corps; M.C. and Bar.

HENDRY, WILLIAM, M.A. (Edin.)—B. 1888; ed. Daniel Stewart's Coll., Edinburgh (dux and gold medalist), and Edinburgh Univ.; Egyptian educa. serv., 1911-15 and 1919-20; served Royal Highlanders and Royal Irish Regt., 1915-19; ment. in desp., 1919; dir. of educa., Zanzibar, 1920; M.L.C., 1926.

HENKEL, JOHN SPURGEON.—Joined forest dept., Eastern Conservancy, Cape, 1st July, 1888; asst. to conservator, 1st Mar., 1890; dist. forest offr., King William's Town, 1st June, 1893; Stutterheim, 1st Aug., 1898; selected to proceed to Royal Indian Engineering Coll., Cooper's Hill, for scientific course of forestry; obtained coll. diploma and specially commended by pres. of coll., 5th Aug., 1902; asst. conservator of forests, Eastern Conservancy, 1st Oct., 1905; asst. conservator, Western Conservancy, 1st July, 1907; apptd. principal lecturer in forestry, S. African sch. of forestry, 29th Oct., 1906; resig. lectureship, 29th Feb., 1908; chmn. of bd. of management, S. African sch. of forestry, 18th May, 1907 to 31st Jan., 1909; asst. conservator of forests, Midland Conservancy, 1st Feb., 1909; conservator of forests, Midland Conservancy, 2nd grade, 1st Apr., 1912; Conservator of Forests, Natal Conservancy, Dec., 1914; served as captain with dist. mounted troops during S. African war, 1901-2; Queen's medal; transf., Rhodesian forest serv., 1st Jan., 1920.

HENLEN, GEORGE WILLIAM.—B. 1902; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Feb., 1920; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

HENNESSEY, PATRICK H.—M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.); house surg., S. Sttlmts., Feb., 1907; supernumary med. offr., Penang, Feb., 1908; med. offr. gen. hosp., Singapore, 1st May, 1908; ag. med. offr., Malacca, 14th Oct., 1908; med. offr., grade II, Kuala Pilah, and med. offr., rly. construction, 1st Apr., 1909; ag. med. offr., grade I, 6th May, 1914; ag. senr. med. offr., Selangor, 2nd to 26th Nov., 1918, in addition, and again 3rd Dec., 1918 to 9th Feb., 1919, and from 9th Apr. to 23rd Dec., 1919; ophthalmologist physician in addition; med. offr. gen. hosp., K. Lumpur, 1st Sept., 1920; med. offr. and ophthal. surg., Ipoh, 20th Sept., 1923.

HENNIKER-HEATON, HERBERT.—B.A. (Oxon.); ed. at Eton and New Coll., Oxford, (hons. hist., 1901); cadet, Fiji, 1902; attached to col. sec.'s off., to 1905; European offr., armed constab., June, 1903; in regier.-gen.'s off., Mar.-May, 1904; ag. adjut., armed constab., mun. instr., and inasp. of pol., Feb., 1905, to Feb., 1906; stip. mag., Feb., 1906, and ag. stip. mag., Lau, and inasp. of taxes, Feb. to May, 1906; ch. clk., native dept., and ag. asst. native comsnr., July, 1906; apptd. asst. native comsnr., Mar., 1907; ag. chief pol. mag. and offr. recovr. in bankruptcy, Mar., 1910, to Feb., 1911; mem. of mining bd., Apr., 1910; comsnr. of customs, Jan., 1911; mem. bd. of examiners, Feb., 1911; nom. mem. Suva sch. bd., Oct., 1911; ag. chief pol. mag., Jan., 1912; mem. native regulation bd., May, 1912; asst. col. sec., Mauritius, Oct., 1913; ag. col. sec., Mar. to Sept., 1914; ag. prot. of

immigra. and poor law comsnnr., Apr., 1915, to Jan., 1916; ag. col. sec., Jan. to May and from July, 1916, to May, 1917; in comd., coy., Mauritius Vol. Force, 1916-17; col. sec., Gambia, 1917; ag. gov., June to Dec., 1918, Oct. to Dec., 1919 and July, 1920 to Jan., 1921; col. sec., Falkland Is., 1921; ag. gov., June, 1923 to May, 1924; col. sec., Bermuda, Oct., 1925.

HENRY, HON. GEORGE STEWART, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1871; ed. pub. schs., Upper Can. Coll., Univ. of Toronto, and Ont. Agric. Coll.; farmer; el. to Ont. legis. at by-el., 1913; re-el., 1914, 1919 and 1923; min. of pub. wks. and highways in Ferguson admntrn., 1923.

HERBST, JOHN FREDERICK, C.B.E. (1919).—Clk., Cape census off., May, 1891; Carnarvon, Dec., 1891; Willowmore, May, 1895; atty.-genl.'s off., Cape Town, July, 1895; held several ag. appts.; asst. mag., Gordonia, Apr., 1897; relvg. offr., Apr., 1899; ag. asst. mag., Rietfontein, Nov., 1905; confirmed Jan., 1908; ag. civ. comsnnr. and mag., Somerset, E., May, 1908; mag., St. Marks, July, 1908; detached for special service in B.B. Prot. in connection with inroads of Hottentots ex German S.W. Africa, under Simon Kooper; received thanks of the Cape govt. and Imp. Germ. govt. upon successful accomplishments of mission; inspecting mag., S.W. Africa Prot. (with rank of Major in Union Defence Forces), Sept., 1915; dep. secy., S.W. Africa Protectorate, Mar., 1916; secy. for Protectorate, Dec., 1916; acntg. offr. in addition, Apr., 1920; ag. admstr., S.W. Africa, 2nd to 17th Oct., 1920; sec. for S.W. Africa, civ. admstrn., 1921; sec. for native affrs., Union of S. Africa, Apr., 1923.

HERCHENRODER, SIR FURCY ALFRED, KT. BACH. (1914), K.C.—B. 1865; ed. Roy. Coll., Mauritius; called to bar, Mid. Tem., June, 1888; ag. crown pros., Mauritius, 1893-8; leg. adviser, pol. mag., crown pros., conserv. of mortgages, and curator of vacant estates, Seychelles, May, 1898; judge, Seychelles, 1900; ch. just., 1903; proc. and advoc. gen., Mauritius, 3rd Apr., 1906; ag. chief just., 3rd Sept., 1912; ch. just., 1st Jan., 1913.

HERDMAN, HON. ALEXANDER LAWRENCE.—B. 1869; ed. at Otago and Oamaru high schls.; barrister-at-law, 1894; entd. New Zealand parlt., 1902; atty.-gen., min. of justice, 1912; atty.-gen. in National ministry, 1915; resig. 1918, and apptd. judge of N.Z. sup. ct.

HEREFORD, GEORGE A., MA., (Oxon), barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn.—B. 1875; Cadet, S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1898; ag. dist. officer, Balik Pulau, Penang, Apr., 1899; passed final exam. in Malay, Oct., 1901; supt. of educn., Penang, Nov., 1902; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, Jan., 1904; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, Mar., 1906; asst. dist. offr., Batu Gajah, Jan., 1907; ag. mag., Kuala Lumpur, July, 1908; ag. asst. dist. offr., Larut, July, 1909; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, Feb., 1910; ag. dep. pub. prosecutor, Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1910; dist. offr., Raub., continued ag. dep. pub. prosecutor, May, 1910; offr., cls. III., Jan., 1912; passed final exam. for the bar, May, 1913; ag. regier., sup. ct., F.M.S., June, 1913; ag. censor, Penang, June, 1915; ag. senr. dist. offr., Prov. of Wellesley, June, 1915; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, May, 1917; ag. dist. offr., Butterworth in addition, Nov., 1917; ag. pres., munic. comsnnr., Penang, May, 1919; offg. collr., land rev., Penang, May, 1919; offr., cls. II, Jan., 1919; legal adviser, Johore, offr., cls. I B, Sept., 1920; ag. regier. of impts. and expts., Singapore, June, 1921; ag. gen. adviser, Johore, Feb., 1924.

HERMON-HODGE, H. B.—B. 1885; ed. Winchester coll. (scholar) and Magdalen coll., Oxford; B.A., hona. in mods. and hist.; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 26th Dec., 1908.

HEROLD, THOMAS BARRY.—Cape civ. ser., 1882-1901; ch. clk. to master of sup. ct., Transvaal, Oct., 1901; asst. master, June, 1902; comsnnr. of protocols, Dec., 1904; master of the sup. ct., Oct., 1906; mem. of prisons advisory bd., Feb., 1907; dir. (chmn., 1907-8 and 1908-9), land and agric. bank, Oct., 1907; chmn. and gen. man., land and agric. bank of South Africa, 1912; J.P., Union of S. Africa, 1912; man. dir., land and agrl. bank, Oct., 1924.

HERSHENSOHN, J. M. N. A.—1st cls. asst., govt. schls., Natal, 1899; clk., col. sec.'s dept., 1900; sworn translator, Dutch; senr. clk., 1906; civ. ser. examr., 1902; Dutch bd. of examrs., 1903; one of the secretaries at S. Africa National Convention, 1908-1909; chief clk., admstr's dept., Natal Prov., 1910; ag. prov. sec., Aug.-Nov., 1913, and from Aug., 1917; prov. sec., 1st Feb., 1918; dep. admstr., Natal Prov., Jan.-Apr., 1925.

HERTZOG, HON. J. B. M., B.A., LL.D., M.L.A.—B. 1866; ed. at Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, and Amsterdam Univ.; judge of O.F.S., 1895 to 1900; comd. Boer forces of S.W. div., 1899 to 1902; one of the signatories of the treaty of Vereeniging; atty.-gen., O.R.C.; min. of just., Union of S. Africa, 1910-1912; leader of opposition in Union parlt., 1913-24; prime min., 30th June, 1924.

HESLIP, MAJOR ISAAC.—B. 1876; 3rd batt., R. Irish Rifles; passed course of instrn., R.I.C., Dublin; Hythe certif.; asst. comsnnr., pol., Sierra Leone, 8th Feb., 1911; comsnnr., pol. and sheriff, 8th July, 1914; dist. comsnnr., 22nd Sept., 1920.

HEWINS, WILLIAM ALBERT SAMUEL, M.P.—B. 1865; ed. at Wolverhampton Grammar sch. and Pembroke Coll., Oxford; M.A.; dir. of London sch. of economics, 1896-1903; teacher of modern economic history, Univ. of London, 1902-3; Tooke professor of economic science and statistics, King's Coll., 1897-1903; mem. of senate of Univ. of London, 1900-1903; late sec. of Tariff comsnn.; M.P. (U) for Hereford, 1912-1918; parly. under sec. of state for the colonies, 26th Sept., 1917, to Dec., 1918; author of numerous works and articles on economics and political economy.

HEWLETT, JOHN BERTRAM.—B. 1890; asst. auditor, G. Coast, 25th Feb., 1914; ag. senr. asst. auditor, 28th Jan. to 17th Mar., 1919; ag. asst. col. sec., 19th Aug. to 14th Sept., 1919; jun. clk., Col. Audit Dept., 1st July, 1920; 2nd cls. clk., 1st Apr., 1921; audr., Gibraltar, 3rd Nov., 1922; audr., Trinidad, 18th Sept., 1926.

HEWLETT-COOPER, C. T.—Ent. "Britannia," 1889; lieut., 1898; comdr., 1909; capt (ret.), 1921; S. African Med., 1900; commanded H.M.S. *Aquarius*, *Ægion* and Adriatic operations, 1914-17; commanded H.M.S. *Andes*, escort to convoys, 1918; commanded H.M.S. *Marshal*, 1919-20; joined col. serv. as dir. of marine, Dar-es-Salam, 2nd Oct., 1920.

HEYWOOD-WADDINGTON, ALFRED.—B. 1898; ed. Oriol Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1920; lieut., 3rd Somerset L.I., 25th July, 1918; cadet, F.M.S., 15th Mar., 1921; ag. asst. contr., lab., 1st May, 1921; ditto, Seremban, Jan., 1923; passed cadet, Aug., 1923; asst. contr., lab., Seremban, Mar., 1924; asst. contr. lab., Klang, Aug., 1924; fedl. examr. in Tamil, Sept., 1924 and July, 1926; asst. contr., lab., Penang, Jan., 1926; ag. dep. contr., Mar., 1926.

HIAM, ROBERT WOOD.—M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., M.I.S.E.—B. 1874; ed. Claremont Grammar Schl.; pupil, G.W.Rly., 1890-1893; engrg. staff, G.W.Rly., 1893-1910; engrg. staff, F.M.S.R., 1910-19; engrn. for ways and wks., F.M.S.R., 1919.

HICKMAN, HON. ALBERT E.—Elec. M.H.A., Bay de Verde, Newfoundland, 1913; M.E.C., 1917; mem. tonnage comtee., 1917; min. without portfolio, 1918.

HICKSON-MAHONY, R.S.B.M.—Civ. ser., Cape Colony and Union of S. Africa, 3rd Jan., 1903 to 19th Mar., 1917; asst. polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 20th Mar., 1917; war ser., Boer War, 1899-1900, Great War, 9th S. African Inf., 1915-1917.

HIGGINS, EVELYN SCOTT.—Ed. at Blundell's Schl., Tiverton, and Chatham House, Ramsgate; served on Uganda rly., 1898-1900; supt. of pol., Somaliland Prot., 22nd May, 1905; asst. supt. of pol., E. Africa Prot., Sept., 1911; supt., pol., Kenya, Oct., 1925.

HIGGINS, HON. HENRY BOURNES.—B. 1851; M.L.A., Victoria, 1894-1900; chrmn. of royal coman. on legal procedure; mem. of Austn. Fed. Convention, 1897-98, and of the first Federal parlimt.; justice of High Court, C. of A., since Oct., 1906.

HIGGINS, MAJOR ROBERT HENRY CONSTABLE, M.B.E., M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1889; ed. St. Andrew's Coll. and R. Vety. Coll., Dublin; war serv., France, Mesopotamia and Archangel, 1914-19; ment. in desps.; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Feb., 1923.

HIGHAM, REGINALD.—B. 1879; traffic canvasser, Gold Coast rlys., Feb., 1904; ag. senr. traffic asst., May to Oct., 1910; ch. traffic offr., Aug., 1911.

HIGHET, DAVID JOHN, M.I.C.E.—First asst. engrn., Ulu Selangor extension, Oct., 1890; ch. asst. engrn., Jan., 1894; ag. res. engrn. for rlyws., Mar., 1894; dist. rlyw. engrn., F.M.S.R., Jan., 1903; ag. divisional engrn., Selangor and N. Sembilan, June, 1904; divisional engrn., South, Apr., 1906; ag. gen. man., F.M.S.R., May, 1909.

HIGNETT, CHARLES FRANCIS.—Ed. Woking Coll., Surrey; served with Imp. Army, Apr., 1884, to Aug., 1889; 3rd clk., mag. office, Durban, 1st Aug., 1889; sub-inspr., Zululand pol., 27th Jan., 1891 to 31st Jan., 1896 (three years as adjutant); asst. mag., Umlalazi sub-dist. of Eshowe, 1st Feb., 1896; mag., Umlalazi dist., 30th Dec., 1897; Ngutu dist., 10th Aug., 1899; ag. mag., Eshowe dist., Apr. to Aug., 1903; Dundee dist., Sept., 1908 to Feb., 1909; mag., Alexandra div., 31st Aug., 1909; Umgeni div., Pietermaritzburg, 6th June, 1911; Eshowe, Zululand, 6th May, 1912; Verulam, 1st Nov., 1915; senr. mag., Durban, 1st Oct., 1920; judge, native high ct., Natal, 1st Oct., 1922; war services, rebellion in Zululand, 1888-9; Anglo-Boer War, 1899-1903; Natal native rebellion, 1906.

HILL, ARTHUR HEYLIGER.—B. 1876; ed. Queen's Coll., Br. Guiana, and New Coll., Eastbourne; clk., treasury, Br. Guiana, 1893; 3rd grade comsry. of taxation, 1902; 2nd grade, 1904; sec., excise bd. and supervising comsry., treasury, in. rev. branch, 1905; passed exam. in Hindi, 1905; 1st cls. clk., immigr. dept., 1907; seconded as asst. emigrn. agt., Calcutta, Mar., 1913; ag. emigrn. agt. at Calcutta for Br. Guiana, Trinidad, Fiji and Jamaica, 14th Apr. to 7th Aug., 1914, and from 20th Nov., 1915 to 6th Nov., 1916.

HILL, FRANK MAULEY.—Graduated, Lond., 1891; govt. vet. offr., Bechuanaland Prot., 1919; J.P., 1920.

HILL, JAMES REGINALD.—B. 1877; ed. Queen's Coll., Br. Guiana; 8th clk., admstr.-gen.'s offr., Br. Guiana, May, 1896; 5th cls. clk., police dept., Feb., 1897; sub-inspr. of police, Dec., 1900; dist. inspr. of police, Apl., 1903; ag. adjut. and musky. instr., July to Nov., 1906; ag. county inspr. of police, Nov., 1909 to Apl., 1910, and from June to Aug., 1911; ag. pay and qrtmr. from Sept., 1911; pay and qrtmr., 1st Jan., 1912.

HILL, REGINALD DYKERS RICHARDSON.—B. 1902; ed. Cranleigh Schl.; called to bar (Gray's Inn), 1924; 1st cls. clk., col. sec.'s office, Br. Guiana, 20th Jan., 1926; ag. prin. clk. and clk. to the ct. of policy and combined ct., Sept. to Dec., 1927.

HILLYER, HERBERT KEYS, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1881; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civil service, and assigned to the C.O., July, 1900; shorth'd writer and asst. clk. col. sec.'s offr., Ceylon, Jan., 1908; sec., Colombo Port Coman., July, 1913; on war service, 1918-1919; resumed duties, 1919.

HIME, CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAM.—B. 1869; ed. Hilton Coll., Natal; sec. to late ch. just. Sir Henry Connor, 1st Jan., 1888; clk. atty-gen.'s office and ag. registrar, sup. ct., 1st Mar., 1889 to 30th June, 1904; sec. to min. of just., 1st July, 1904; mag. for colony of Natal, 1st July, 1908, holding post. asst. mag., Pietermaritzburg; ag. ch. mag., Pietermaritzburg, 1st Apr., 1915; mag., Bergville, 1st Dec., 1915; addnl. mag., Durban, 1st Dec., 1918; mag., Dundee, 1st May, 1920; senr. mag., Pietermaritzburg, 1st Aug., 1921.

HINCKS, MAURICE THORP.—B. 1885; ed. Stonegate Schl., Leicester, and Blairlodge Schl., Polmont, N.B.; solr., sup. ct., 1908; comsry. for oaths, 1913; on mil. serv., 1915 to 1920; junr. administrative offr., Gold Coast, Jan., 1920; pol. mag., Accra, Apr., 1920; ag. ch. registrar, Gold Coast, on various occasions in 1921 and 1923-27; ag. solr.-gen., Jan. to May, 1922; registrar, sup. ct., Nigeria, Aug., 1927.

HISLOP, CAPT. FRANCIS DANIEL, M.A. (hon. hist.), Edin. Univ.—B. 1891; served Territorial Force, 1909-21; on active serv., 1914-19; served Gallipoli, Egypt, France; seconded to Machine Gun Corps, 1917; instr. in machine gunnery, 1918-19; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Oct., 1919; attl. treas., Singapore, Dec., 1919; asst. supt., govt. monopolies, Singapore, June, 1920; resig. on med. grounds, June, 1921; cadet, Kenya, Dec., 1923.

HISLOP, JAMES, C.V.O. (1927) M.V.O. (1920), O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1870; entd. New Zealand civ. serv., 1885, New Zealand govt. rlyws., 1890; asst. priv. sec. to min. for rlyws. and postmatr. gen., 1900; priv. sec. to prime min., 1907; under sec. for internal affairs and clk. of writs, 1912.

HITCHENS, ALFRED EDEN.—B. 1880; asst. engrn., water wks., Trinidad, 24th Dec., 1900; 1st grade dist. offr., P.W.D., Trinidad, 24th Sept., 1906; divnl. engrn., 1st Apr., 1926.

HOBDAY, WILFRED ERNEST.—B. 1889; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1912; attached to col. sec.'s office, Jan., 1913; Colombo Kachcheri, April, 1913; Trincomalee Kach., Nov., 1913; ag. off. asst. to the govt. agt., Ratnapura, May, 1914; on mil. duty, Sept., 1914; landing survr., Colombo customs, May, 1919; 4th asst. col. sec.,

Jan., 1922; 3rd asst. col. sec., Feb., 1922; 2nd asst. col. sec., Feb., 1922; asst. govt. agt., Matale, Mar., 1925; ditto, Kegalle, Feb., 1927.

HOBSON, SAMUEL GEORGE.—B. 1872; ed. govt. schls., Victoria; asst. supt., post and tels., Selangor, July, 1902; asst. supt., posts and tels., Selangor, Negri Sembilan and Pahang, Jan., 1905; supt., posts and tels., Perak, Nov., 1912; contr., posts and tels., Perak, Oct., 1926.

HOBSON, WILLIAM EDWARD, M.B.E. (1919).—B. 1865; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. in lower (now 2nd) div. of the civ. serv., and assigned to the office of the comsrs. of H.M.'s works and pub. bldgs., 1st Jan., 1885; transfd. to the C.O., April, 1891; asst. registrar, 1899; promoted to higher grade, Jan., 1900; staff-clk., first grade, 1911; supt., printing dept., Dec., 1924.

HOCART, ARTHUR MAURICE.—Archæological comsrs., Ceylon, May, 1919.

HODGE, S.O.V.—Asst. dist. comsrs., E.A.P., Apr., 1914; ag. dist. comsrs., Kenya, 1926.

HODGES, ARTHUR HARRIS.—B. 1884; entd. Impl. civ. ser., and apptd. to acct.-gen's office, G.P.O., London, 1900; ch. acct.'s office, G.P.O. O.R.C., 1903; Australia, 1908-9; junr. asst. treas., N. Nigeria, 1910; senr. asst. treas., Nigeria, 1920; dep. treas., Nigeria, 1924.

HODGINS, HON. FRANK EGGERTON.—B. 1854; educ. Upper Canada Coll. and Trin. Univ.; B.C.L.; called to the bar, 1879; K.C., 1902; prominent legal practitioner in Toronto for several years; pres., Ontario bar assoc., 1908-9; legal agt. for Dominion govt. at Toronto, 1890-1896; counsel for Ontario govt. on license investigation, 1907, and on other occasions; judge of high ct. of Ontario, 1912; also local judge in Admiralty, Exchequer Ct.; now a just. of appeal.

HODGSON, HARRY COURTENAY.—B. 1887; ed. Bookington Schl. and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Oxon); asst. dist. comsrs., Sierra Leone, 30th Nov., 1910; dist. comsrs., 1st May, 1915.

HODKIN, CAPT. THOMAS WILLIAM, Fellow R. Econ. Soc., Fellow R. Statistical Soc., Fellow Inst. of Commerce, Assoc., Chartered Inst. of Secs., Assoc., Inst. of Bankers.—B. 1885; ed. Manchester Grammar Schl., Manchester Univ. and Trinity Coll., Oxford; dipl. in educn., Oxford; served in France with E. Lancs. Regt., 1914-18; attd. to gen. staff; educn. offr., 66th divn., 1918-19; instr., schl. of educn. for offrs., Catterick, 1919; instr., schl. of instrn. for offrs., Bedford, 1919-20; instr., W.O. schl. of educn., Shorncliffe, 1920-22; brig. educn. offr., 1st Air Defence Brig., Aldershot, 1922; A.K.C., res. of offrs.; examr. for W.O. in bookkeeping and accountancy; commercial master, Zanzibar, 1922; prin., Arab schl., Mombasa, Kenya, 1927.

HODSON, ARNOLD WIENHOLT, C.M.G. (1922).—Ed. Italy, Mulgrave Castle, and Felsted; in Central Queensland, 1900-1902; joined Australian Commonwealth Horse for service in S. Africa, 1902; in Transvaal, 1902-4; sub.-inspr., Bech. Prot. pol., 1904; specially employed in connection with Damara war (med. and clasp); mem. of Ngamiland mission, 1906; ag. asst. comsrs., Mar. to May, 1910, and Mar. to Dec., 1911; dist. comsrs. and 1st cls. mag., Somaliland, 1912 H.B.M. consul. for Southern Abyssinia, 1914; ditto, S.W. Abyssinia, 1923; served part time in European War; present at coronation of Empress Zeditow, 1917; 3rd cls. Star of Ethiopia; African Gen. Ser. Med. and Clasp, Jubaland, 1917-18; attdhd., Abyssinian army in expedition against Tigre, 1919 (med. and

clasp); latecapt., Royal Sussex Regt. (Territorials); has passed Cape Univ. mag. law exam.; Somali language, lower standard; Galla language, higher standard; gov. and commdr.-in-chief, Falkland Is. and their dependencies, 22nd Dec., 1926; joint author of "A Practical Galla Grammar."

HODSON, THOMAS ARTHUR.—B. 1882; ed. Cheltenham and Wadham Coll., Oxford (M.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1905; seconded asst. supt. of pol., Galle, Dec., 1906; asst. supt. of pol., Galle, July, 1908; ditto, Tangalla, May, 1909; ditto, Matara, Dec., 1909; office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Jan. 1910; pol. mag., Kandy, Feb., 1911; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee Nov., 1911; ag. dist. judge, Batticaloa, Feb., 1914; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, May, 1914; asst. settlmt. offr. and spec. offr. under Waste Lands Ordee., June, 1916; on mil. duty, 1917; addnl. asst. col. sec., Apl., 1919; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, May, 1919; addnl. asst. dir., educn. Mar., 1922; ag. asst. dir., educn., Apr., 1922; ag. govt. agt., N.W. Prov., May, 1923; asst. govt. agt., Matale, Mar., 1924; govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Mar., 1925; ditto, N.W. Prov., Oct., 1926.

HOFMEYER, HON. JAN HENDRIK, M.A.—B. 1894; prof. of classics, Univ. of Witwatersrand, 1917; prin., 1919-24; admstr., Transvaal Prov., 1924.

HOGBEN, SIDNEY JOHN, B.A.—B. 1898; ed. Highgate Coll. and Oriel Coll., Oxford; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 24th Aug., 1921.

HOGG, WILLIAM EDWARD, A.R.C.S., A.M.Inst.C.E.—B. 1880; ed. City of London Schl. and Imp. Coll. of Science; Whitworth Schl., 1906; eng. inspr., C.A., 1910; asst. engnr., 1919; dep. head, engnr. inspn. dept., 1920.

HOHENKERK, LUDOVIC SMITH, M.B.E. (1925).—B. 1874; ed. in B. Guiana, ag. 6th cls. clk., govt. land dept., B. Guiana, 1890; ag. survr., 1896; 5th cls. clk., 1897; 3rd grade survr., 1897; 2nd cls. offr., lands and mines dept., 1904; ag. 1st cls. offr., 1901 and 1905; J.P. for the col., 1906; ag. warden, No. 3 mining dist., 1906, 1907 and 1909; 1st cls. offr., 21st Sept., 1908; ag. forestry offr., 1914-15; performed duties of prin. clk. in head off., 1916; represented Col. at Imp. Forestry Confnce., Canada, 1923; seconded for duty with B. Guiana exhibit, Br. Empire Exhbn., 1924; supt., forest surveys, forestry dept., 1925.

HOLDBROOK, HUBERT GEORGE, B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., Trinity Coll., Dublin, L.M., Rotunda Hosp.—B. 1887; med. offr., S. Sttlmts., 1912; med. offr., F.M.S., 1913; certifi., London Schl. of Trop. Med., 1921; health offr., F.M.S., 1921; health offr., Perak North, Feb., 1922.

HOLDEN, GEORGE.—Asst. supt. of wks., S. Sttlmts., June, 1901; supt. of wks., Prov. Wellesley, Jan., 1908; ag. supt. of wks. and surveys, Singapore, July, 1908; ditto, Malacca, May, 1909; exec. engnr., Malacca, Dec., 1909; ag. exec. engnr., Singapore, Jan., 1910; ag. exec. engnr., Prov. Wellesley, Oct., 1910; ag. exec. engnr., Singapore, June, 1913; ag. exec. engnr., Malacca, Mar., 1915; ag. exec. engnr., Singapore, Oct., 1916; ag. dep. col. engnr., Mar., 1920; exec. engnr., Malacca, 29th Dec., 1920.

HOLDING, RICHARD HENRY.—B. 1898; on mil. serv., Apr. 1917 to Mar., 1920; temp. clk., O.S.O., Apr. 1920; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., O.S.O., 6th Oct., 1921.

HOLE, LIEUT. COMMDR. GEORGE FRANCIS, R.N.—B. 1887; cadet, H.M.S. "Britannia,"

1902; midshipman, 1904; sub-lieut., 1907; lieut., 1909; commanded H.M.S. "Peterel," 1914-15; invalided and pensioned, 1916; asst. master attendant, Colombo, Ceylon, Mar., 1916; offr. in charge, mine-sweeping Colombo, 1917-19; lieut.-commdr. 1917; priv. sec. and ag. A.D.C. to gov., Apr., 1919; ag. master attendant, Colombo and Galle on several occasions; master attendant, Colombo and Galle, July, 1922; harbmr., Hong Kong, 1924.

HOLLIDAY, ARTHUR ROBERT.—B. 1884; atty. and notary, sup. ct. of S. Africa, 1906; asst. dist. comsnn., Gold Coast Colony, 1st Jan., 1915; seconded for service in Togoland; dist. polit. offr., Misshobhe, 12th Oct., 1917; dist. polit. offr., Lome, 1918; ag. dist. comsnn., N. Territories, Gold Coast, Oct., 1918; asst. admtstr.-gen., Zanzibar, 19th Jan., 1925; ag. admtstr.-gen., pub. trustee regisr. of documents and land offr. in 1926 and 1927.

HOLLINGSWORTH, LAWRENCE WILLIAM, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1896; ed. Sir Walter St. John's Schl., London Univ., and London Day Training Coll.; on active serv., E. Africa, 1916-19; normal master, Zanzibar educn. dept., 1922.

HOLLINS, NOEL CLINTON.—B. 1886; ed. Rosall Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; B.A. (Cantab.) 2nd cls. hist., tripos; qualified in exam. for gen. consular service; asst. col. sec., Sierra Leone, 31st Mar., 1910; ag. senr. asst. col. sec., 1911 and 1912; asst. dist. comsnn., 1st Jan., 1913; dist. comsnn., 1st Jan., 1915; ag. prov. comsnn., C. Prov., Nov., 1922.

HOLLIS, SIR ALFRED CLAUD, K.C.M.G. (1927), C.M.G. (1911), C.B.E. (1919).—B. 1874; asst. collr., E.A.P., 12th Mar., 1897; employed on transport duty during Uganda Mutiny, 1898; collr., 15th June, 1900; ag. Brit. vice-consul for German East Africa, Apr., 1900 to Feb., 1901; ag. sec. to admtsn. and priv. sec. to H.M. comsnn., Feb., 1901 to Apr., 1903; sec. to the admtsn., 1st Apr., 1903; Jubaland expdn., 1900-1, and Nandi expdn., 1906-6 (medal and two clasps); sec. for native affairs and M.L.C., 13th June, 1907; on special service to Uganda, Oct.-Nov., 1909; ag. chief sec. to govt., Apr. to Dec., 1911, and Feb. to Oct., 1912; Swahili examiner, 1910 to 1912; col. sec., Sierra Leone, 26th Jan., 1913; ag. govt., Oct., 1913 to Feb., 1914, June to Oct., 1915, and Jan. to Mar., 1916; sec. to provisional admtsn., German East Africa (Tanganyika Territory), 4th Nov., 1916; ag. admtstr., Feb. to Nov., 1919; chief sec., Tanganyika Territory, 1919; ag. gov., Feb. to Oct., 1922; Br. res., Zanzibar, Jan., 1924; author of works on the Masai, Nandi and other K.A. tribes.

HOLLOWAY, JOHN EDWARD.—B. 1890; B.A. (hons. hist.), 1910, Univ. C. of G.H. (Victoria Coll.); res. mast., Grey Coll. Schl., Bloemfontein, 1911-13; mem., coun. of exams., O.F.S., 1912-13; D.Sc. (Econ.) Lond. (Schl. of Economics), 1917; Hutchinson research metallist; lect., Grey Univ. Coll., 1917-19; Transvaal Univ. Coll., 1919-21; prof., economics, T.U.C., 1921-25; dir., census and statistics, Union of S. Africa, 1925.

HOLM, ALEXANDER, C.B.E. (1926), M.R.A.S.E. (Gold Metallist), F.H.A.S., S.E.A.C. (Dip. Hons.).—Gen. manager, govt. experimental farm, Potchefstroom, Transvaal, 1903; gen. manager and principal, schol. of agric., Potchefstroom, 1909; under sec. for agric. (educn.), Union of S. Africa, Oct., 1912; dir. of agric., E. Africa Prot., 1918; mem., exec., leg. and inter-col. rly. couns.; pres., agrl. and hortierl. society of Kenya; Br. Empire Exhibn. comsnn. for Kenya, 1924.

HOLMES, HAROLD KENNARD.—Ed. All Saints, Bloxham; admitted solr., sup. ct., Hong Kong, 1900; served with K.R.R.C., Somme, 1916; wounded, Guillemont; with 20th London Regt. at Salonika, Palestine, France and Rhine, 1917-18, 2nd lieut., 1918; asst. land offr., Hong Kong, 1919; J.P., 1919; ag. land offr., 1921 to 1922; ag. crown solr., 1922; crown solr., 1922.

HOLMES, ROBERT BLAKE WORSLEY, O.B.E., M.I.M.E., F.R.G.S.—B. 1878; ed. Aberdeen Gram. Schl. and Aberdeen Univ.; asst. engr., Lagos rly. (constrn.), Nigeria, 1900; asst. loco. supt., Nigeria rly., wks. man., dist. loco. supt., dep. ch. mech. engr., Nigerian Eastern Rly., 1906-15; formed mech. and shipyard formations, inland waterways and docks br., R.E., Richborough, 1916; major, 14th Sept., 1914; lieut.-col., 1st Mar., 1917; ment. in desps. and awarded O.B.E., 1918; col., 1st Mar., 1918; demob., Apr., 1919; recalled to colours, June, 1919, and proceeded to Damascus as asst. dir., rly. traffic, in ch. of Hejaz rly., Nov., 1919; in ch., evacuation of troops by rail from Syria, Dec., 1919; col., grade T., Mar., 1920; gen. man., Palestine mly. rlys., Mar., 1920; transf'd. to civ. govt. as gen. man., Palestine rlys., 1st Oct., 1920; col., R. of O., 1st Nov., 1921.

HOLMES, STEPHEN LEWIS, M.C. (1918).—B. 1896; King's scholar of Westminster, 1909; 2nd lieut., Royal Garrison Art., July, 1915; served in France and Belgium, 1916-19; adjt.; ag. major; twice ment. in desps.; scholar of Christ Church, Oxford, 1919; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., C.O., 7th Feb., 1921; pvts. sec. to perm. under sec. (Sir S. Wilson), Feb., 1926.

HOLMES, WILLIAM, B.A., LL.B. (Dublin).—B. 1901; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1923; att'd. to Badulla kach., Jan., 1924; ditto, N. Eija kach., Aug., 1924; ditto, secretariat, June, 1925; pol. mag., Gampola, Dec., 1926; asst. pvts. sec. to gov., Mar., 1927; ag. pol. mag., Kurangala, May, 1927; office asst., Kurangala kach., Sept., 1927.

HOLMES, WILLIAM FREDERICK, B.A. (Sydney), Assoc. R. Coll. of Science (London) in Geology, Assoc. R. Schl. of Mines (London) in Mining, Mem., Inst. of Mining and Metallurgy, F.G.S. (1900)—Demonstr., mine surveying, R. Schl. of Mines, 1901; mining engr., Dutch R. Indies, S. Africa, Siam and Gold Coast; senr. inspr. mines, Gold Coast, 1914; sec. for mines, 1922.

HONEY, DE SYMONS MONTAGU GEORGE, C.M.G. (1919).—B. 1872; served in B.S.A. Co.'s expdn. to Mashonaland, 1891 to 1893; with B.C. Africa admtsn., 1893 to 1896; cust. dept., Transvaal, 9th Apr., 1901; native affairs dept., 1902; sec. for Swaziland affairs, and actng. offr., 20th Oct., 1904; govt. sec., Swaziland admtsn., 22nd Mar., 1907; res. comsnn. Swaziland, 1st Jan., 1917; gov., Seychelles, 1928.

HOOD, FREDERICK JAMES, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1893; ed. George Heriot's Schl. and R. Vety. Coll., Edinburgh; war serv., France, 1916-19; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1922.

HOODLESS, D. W., B.Sc.—B. 1887; ed. Sheffield Univ. and King's Coll., London; B.Sc. hons., Lond., 1910; Drew gold medal, mathematics, 1910; associateship of King's coll.; mast. H.M.S. "Worcester," 1911; asst. mast., Queen Victoria schl., Fiji, 1912; head mast., Lau Schl., 1915; J.P. for the colony, 1916; ag. head mast., Queen Victoria schl., 1918; ag. supt., schls., 1922; prov. mem. leg. coun., Nov., 1924; asst. dir. educn., 1927.

HOOKER, RICHARD SYMONDS.—B. 1885; ed. Bedford Gram. Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; M.A. (Cantab.); qualified in exam. for gen. consular service; passed lower standard exam. in Mende; asst. dist. comsnr. Sierra Leone, July, 1910; dist. comsnr., Jan., 1915; ag. prov. comsnr., N. Prov., Nov., 1920 to Aug., 1921 and from Sept., 1922; prov. comsnr., 1st Jan., 1926.

HOOPS, ALBERT LAUNCELOT.—B. 1876; ed. at King William's Coll. and Trinity Coll., Dublin; B.A., 1900; M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., 1901; M.D. (stip. cond.) 1903; D.P.H., 1903; L.M., Rotunda, 1903; certif. honours, London Schl. of Trop. Med., 1904; served in S. African War as medical offr., 28th M.L., 1901-2 (severely wounded, ment. in desps., medal and four clasps); house surgeon, Penang, 1904; surg. capt., Penang vols.; ag. col. surg. res., Penang, June, 1905; seconded to organise medical and prison depts. in Kedah, Mar., 1906; state surg. and supt. of prisons in Kedah to Nov., 1920; ag. adviser to govt. of Kedah, Sept., 1906, to Apr., 1907, and from July to Oct., 1907; supt. of Indian immigrs., Kedah, in addition to other duties, Oct., 1910; prot. of lab., Kedah, in addition, Nov., 1917; prin. civil med. offr., S. Stlmnt., 23rd Nov., 1920; pres. coun., coll. of med., S'pore.; pres., S.S. and F.M.S. med. council; mem., leg. coun., S. Stlmnt., 1st Jan., 1923; chmn., tuberculosis comtee., June to Aug., 1923; pres., 5th Congress of Far Eastern Assoc. of Trop. Med., Singapore, Sept., 1923.

HOPKINS, J. G.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Mar., 1917.

HOPKINSON, CAPT. EMILIUS, C.M.G. (1922), D.S.O. (1900), M.A., M.B., B.Ch. (Oxon.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.O.P. (Lond.), F.Z.S.—B. 1869; ed. at Haileybury, Trin. Coll., Oxford, and St. Thomas's hosp., Lond.; late ophthalmic house surg., St. Thomas's hosp.; clinical asst., Royal Ophthalmic hosp., Moorfields; house surg., Radcliffe infirmary, Oxford; served in S. African war, 1900-1901, as surg.-capt., 15th batt., I.Y. (ment. in desps., Queen's Med., 4 clasps, D.S.O.); late surg.-lieut., Oxford I.Y.; med. offr., W.A.F.F., Gambia, 1901-1902; prot. med. offr., Gambia, 1903; travelling comsnr., South Bank prov., Gambia, 1912; travelling comsnr., North Bank Prov., Gambia, 1921; author of "Vocabulary of the Mandingo Language."

HOPKINSON, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1894; cler. asst., post office, Br. Guiana, 1911; 6th cls. offr., cust., 1912; 5th cls. ditto., 1914; 4th cls. clk., treas., 1920; 3rd cls. ditto., 1923; 3rd cls. clk., col. secretariat, 1925; 2nd cls. clk., ditto., 1926.

HORE-RUTHVEN, MAJOR-GEN. HON. SIR ALEXANDER GORE ARKRIGHT, K.C.M.G. (1828), V.C. (1899), C.B. (1919), C.M.G. (1918), D.S.O. (1916).—B. 1872; ed. Eton; joined 3rd batt. Highland Light Infy., 1891; attd. Egyptian Army, Soudan, 1898; commanded Camel Corps detachment at battle of Gedaref and subsequent ops. (V.C., 4th cls. Osmanieh, Engla; and Egyptian med. with clasp, three times ment. in desps.); sp. serv. offr., Somaliland, 1903-04; mily. sec., Viceroy of Ireland, 1905-06; mily. sec., gov.-gen., C'wealth of Australia, 1908; served European war, France and Gallipoli, 191-18 (severely wounded, D.S.O. and bar, C.B., C.M.G., ment. in desps. five times); commanded Welsh Guards, 1920-24; commanded 1st Infy. Brigade (Guards); 1924-28; gov., S. Australia, 1928.

HORN, ARTHUR EDWIN, C.M.G. (1922), M.D., B.Sc.(Lond.); M.B.C.S.(Eng.); L.R.C.P.(Lond.); D.T.M. and H. (Cantab.); certif., Lond. Schl. of Trop. Med. (with distinctions).—Ed. at St. Mary's Hosp. and London Univ.; civil surg., 19th brigade field hosp., S. African field force, 1900-1901; apptd. to W. African medical staff, 1904 and has served in G. Coast, N. and S. Nigeria and Gambia; awarded Craggs research prize for original research in trop. med. (London S.T.M.). 1908; reed. thanks of S. of S. for the Colonies for report on cerebro-spinal fever in Northern Territories of the G. Coast, 1908, and for report on sleeping sickness in the Volta River dist. of the G. Coast, 1910; seconded for special service at the C.O., 1910-12; personal asst. to the P.M.O., S. Nigeria, 1913; sear med. offr. ad mem., exec. and leg. couns., Gambia, 1914-16; prin. civ. med. offr., German E. Africa, 1917-19; attd. Rockefeller coms. for investigation of yellow fever in W. Africa, 1920; dir., med. and sany. services, Malaya, 1921-22; pres. elect for 5th Congress of Far Eastern Assoc. of Trop. Med., 1923; med. sec. to Col. Advisory Med. and Sany. Comtee. at C.O., 1923-24; junr. med. adviser to C.O., 1924; mem., exec. comtee. of Br. Empire Leprosy Relief Assoc.; fellow R. Socy. of Med.; R. Socy. Trop. Med.; author of "Health of Europeans in W. Africa," "Health of Europeans in E. Africa."

HORNBY, CAPT. HENRY EFTON, O.B.E., F.R.C.V.S., D.V.S.M.—B. 1890; ed. King's Coll. Schl. and R. Vety. Coll., London; lect. in bacteriology to S.E. Agri. Coll. (Univ. of London), 1912-13; vety. offr., N. Rhodesia, 1913-20; war serv., E. Africa, N. Rhodesia Rifles, 1914-17; S.A.V.C., 1917-19; ment. in desps.; studied physiology and pathol gy, Univ. Coll. Schl. of Trop. Med., London, Ecole de Medicine, Paris, and Vety. Research Lab., Pretoria; vety. pathologist, Tanganyika Territory, Feb., 1922.

HORNBY-PORTER, CHARLES.—Apptd. dist. comsnr., Lagos, 1897; 2nd asst. col. sec., 1901; senior asst. col. sec., 1903; ag. col. treas., 19 2-1903; ag. col. sec., 1904; holds dormant coms. to sit as pol. mag. and sat as such in 1897, 1901, 1902 and 19 3; on spec. serv. to Ijebu-Ode, 1901 and 1904, and to Oyo and also to Ife, 1904; pres. of pol. coms., 1901; mem. of rly. coms., 1901; pres. of cust. coms., 1904.

HORNE, EDWARD BUTLER.—Ed. at Bedford Gram. Schl.; asst. collr., E. Africa Prot., 21st Apr., 1904; dist. comsnr., 1st Apr., 1909; offr.-in-charge, Masai res., May, 1923; senr. comsnr. (2nd class), Kenya, Jan., 1924; senr. comsnr., 1st grade, 1926.

HORNE, EDWIN NOEL.—B. 1902; appt. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 4th May, 1920.

HORSBURGH, HARRY, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1876; ed. Aske's Haberdasher's Company Schl.; C.A., Jan., 1908; asst. dir., min. of munitions, 1915; dep. contr., munitions disposal bd., 1919; dep. head, engrg. contracts, 1920; tech. asst., "Discovery Comtee." 1923.

HORSLEY, BERNARD HILL.—B. 1890; European War, 1914-18; major, 8th (service) batt., K.O.Y.L.I.; D.S.O., M.C., desps.; dist. polit. offr., Somaliland, 1919; dist. comsnr., Somaliland, 1922.

HORSLEY, RICHARD.—B. 1893; ed. Cowley Gram. Schl., St. Helens; gen. fitter, P.W.D., Gold Coast, 13th Aug., 1919; instr. of metalwkw., Accra tech. schl., 10th Apr., 1920; ag. prin., 1st

Dec., 1920 to 22nd Mar., 1921; house mast., 6th Sept., 1922; head mast., junr. trade schll., 28th Apr., 1926.

HORWOOD, HON. SIR WM. HENRY, KT. BACH. (1904).—B. 1862; ed. at Bishop Feild Coll., St. John's; called to the bar, 1886; benchor of the law society, Newfoundland, 1891; Q.C., 1896; elected to the legislature, 1894; acted as col. sec. 1894-5; delegate from the Newfoundland govt. to the Ottawa conf., Apr., 1895, on the subject of confedn. with Canada; mem. of ex. coun., 1894-97; ag. atty.-gen., 1897; elected to legislature to represent Harbour Grace, 1897; apptd. by ch. just., with minister of just. to act in conjunction with judges as committee to amend rules and procedure, sup. court, 1899; minister of just. and atty.-gen., 1900; *ex-officio* mem. of ex. coun., and of treasury board; acted as leader of govt. during sess. of 1901; and also in 1902; apptd. ch. just., July, 1902; administered govt., 1902, 1904, 1909, 1912, 1913, 1914; deputy gov., 1907, 1910; chrmn. of royal comn. on Sealing Industry, 1913; pres., Newfldld. centre of St. John Ambulance Assocn.; chrmn. of comtee. for selection of non-combatants for service abroad; chrmn. of Newfldld. fund for hospital cots for soldiers and sailors; representative on Peace Comn. established under treaty between Great Britain and U.S.A., May, 1916.

HOSE, EDWARD SEAW, C.M.G. (1924).—B. 1871; junr. offr., Perak, F.M.S., Jan., 1891; ag. financial asst., Kuala Kangsar, Oct., 1891; asst. dist. mag., ditto, Nov., 1893; ag. dist. mag., Batang Padang, Oct., 1898; asst. sec. to govt., Perak, Nov., 1898; ag. dist. offr., Larut and Krian, May, 1903; offr. of cls. III, S. Settlements, Mar., 1904; ag. dep. pub. pros.; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, July, 1904; ag. comsnnr., ct. of requests, Singapore, Aug., 1904; chmn., sanitary board, Kuala Lumpur, Oct., 1904; ag. comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., Sept., 1912; ag. aud. gen., 1912; ag. controller of labour, May, 1913; ag. dir. of agric., Oct., 1915; offr. of cls. II, F.M.S., Mar., 1916; dist. offr., Lower Perak; ag. dir. food production, F.M.S., 8th Feb., 1919; dir. food production, S. Stlmnts., 17th July, 1919; in addition; contr. of lab., F.M.S. and S. Stlmnts. (offr. cls. Ia), but continues to act as dir. of food production, Sept., 1919; dep. food contr., Malacca, in addition, Jan., 1920; food contr., Mar., 1920; ag. Br. res., Selangor, Sept., 1920; ag. Br. res., Negri Sembilan, Nov., 1921; Br. res., Negri Sembilan, Feb., 1922; ag. ch. sec., F.M.S., May, 1923; resumed duty as Br. res., Negri Sembilan, Oct., 1923; ag. col. sec., S.S., Apr., 1924; col. sec., July, 1924.

HOSKING, E. B.—Asst. dist. comsnnr. E.A.P., Dec., 1913; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

HOSKING, HON. SIR JOHN HENRY, KT. BACH. (1925).—B. 1854; barrister and solicitor; K.C., 1908; judge of sup. ct., New Zealand, 1914-25.

HOUGHTON, H. E.—B. 1892; apptd. after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser. and assigned to the C.O., Apr., 1912; attached to office of high comsnnr. for S. Africa, Nov., 1920; transf'd. to Basutoland serv., Nov. 1923.

HOW, DOUGLAS WALSHAM.—B. 1889; ed. Cheltenham Coll., London Matric.; Un. of S. Africa civ. serv. lower law exam.; Basutoland 2nd grade Sesuto exam.; clerical asst., Basutoland, 5th Oct., 1910; sub-inspr., Basutoland mtd. pol., 1st July, 1912; chief clk., master of et. and reggr., 1st July, 1917; served as 2nd lieut.

with Royal Welsh Fusiliers in France, 1918; inspr. and staff offr., Basutoland mtd. pol., 1st July, 1919; dep. asst. comsnnr., 1923.

HOWARD, HON. ERATUS EDWIN.—B. 1868; ed. Iroquois High Schl., Inverness Acady., and McGill Univ.; B.A., 1896; gold medallist in maths. and nat. philos.; B.O.L. (gold medallist) 1898; barrister; practised in Montreal, 1899-1919; called to the bar, Quebec, July, 1899; K.C., Sept., 1913; judge, superior ct., prov. of Quebec, 20th Sept., 1919; judge of ct. of King's Bench, 9th Aug., 1920; prof., civ. law, McGill Univ. and elective fellow of law faculty.

HOWARD, FREDERICK JAMES, O.B.E.—B. 1883; ed. at Bedford; 2nd divn. clk., W.O. June, 1901; 2nd cls. asst. acctnt., army acct. dept., May, 1905; selected for advancement to higher grade of scale, 1st Nov., 1911; ag. 1st cls. asst. acctnt., Oct., 1914; ag. acctnt., Nov., 1916; 1st cls. asst. acctnt., 15th Dec., 1919; personal supernry. appt. as acctnt., 1st Jan., 1921; serv. with min. of munitions as dir. from 1915, and with disposal and liquidation comn. treasury, as asst. contr. of deptl. finance until 1921; O.B.E., 1st Jan., 1918; ag. prin., old style, 1st Jan., 1920; ag. prin. C.O., 15th Sept., 1921.

HOWARD, JOHN CURTIS.—B. 1887; ed. Uppingham and Clare Coll., Camb. (exhibr.); called to the bar, Inner Temple, Jan., 1913; 2nd lieut., 4th Lincoln Regt., Mar., 1915; served in France, Jan., 1917 to July, 1920; legal adviser. G.H.Q., France, May, 1919 to July, 19-0; pres. dist. ct., Cyprus, Aug., 1920; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Aug., 1921; ag. king's advoc., Nov., 1922 to Mar. 1923 and Aug., 1923; king's advoc., July, 1924; title altered to atty.-gen., May, 1925; joint compilers, 2nd vol., statute laws of Cyprus, 1923; solr.-gen., Nigeria, 1926.

HOWARTH, SAMUEL EDWARD JAMES.—Ed. at Buxton Coll., London; served in S. African War, Queen's and King's medals with five clasps; asst. Colony manager, field force canteens, O.E.C., Feb., 1902, to Mar., 1903; asst. acctnt., P.W.D., E. Africa Prot., 6th May, 1905; ch. acct., P.W.D., 1916.

HOWATSON, CHARLES WILLIAM, M.B., C.M. (Edin.).—B. 1861; dist. med. offr., Trinidad, 15th May, 1905.

HOWELL, ALLEYNE GRAHAM.—B. 1871; 5th clk. corrpndg. branch, C.S.O., Barbados, 1890; 4th clk., 1892; 3rd clk., Jan., 1898; oh. clk. comsnnr. of agriculture, 1899; sec. to W. Indian agric. conferences, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1905, and 1907.

HOWELL, E. H., M.B.E., (1927).—B. 1879; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser. and assigned to the C.O., Mar., 1898; promoted, with gratuity, Dec., 1907; conf. clk., 1911; staff clk., 1st grade, 8th Sept., 1917; deptl. asst., 16th Jan., 1923; clk. for legal instruments, 26th Feb., 1923.

HOWELL, FREDERICK ROUSE.—B. 1886; sup. clk., P.O., Barbados, Feb., 1907; jun. clk., P.O., Nov., 1907; clk. to master in chancery, Dec., 1907; 4th clk., C.S.O., May, 1909; 3rd clk., C.S.O., 1919; 3rd grade offr., clerk, exec. coun. and exec. comtee., 1925.

HOWELL, JOHN BRUCE, O.B.E. (1927).—B. 1867; 3rd clk., treasury, Barbados, July, 1886; 3rd clk., col. sec.'s office, Sept., 1891; 2nd clk., C.S.O., and clk. of exec. coun. and comtee., Jan., 1898; ag. priv. sec. and A.D.C. to the gov. of Barbados in 1902, 1904, 1906, 1907, 1910 and 1911; J.P., 1918; ch. clk., col. secy.'s off.,

Aug., 1918; ag. col. sec. on various occasions 1922-25; has held various other ag. apptmts.; man., govt. savings bank, 1925.

HOWELL, WILFRED IRVING.—Cadet, botanical and experiment statn., St. Kitts, July, 1907; foreman, Mar., 1909; agri. instr., Nevia, Apr., 1912.

HOWES, ARTHUR BURNABY.—B. 1879; ed. at Dulwich Coll.; called to the bar, Middle Temple, June, 1906; Western circuit; conveyancer, Uganda Prot., 22nd May, 1916; custodian of enemy property, 20th Mar., 1917; dist. mag., dist. judge, and admsr.-gen., Entebbe, Uganda, 1st Apr., 1907; dist. mag., dist. judge, and offl. rec. in bankruptcy, Kampala, Uganda, 18th July, 1917; ag. judge of high ct., Jan.-June, 1920; ag. atty.-gen., Feb. to Dec., 1921; senr. mag., 1st Jan., 1922; ag. judge of high ct., Apr. to Oct., 1922 and June, 1923; puisne judge, Gold Coast, Dec., 1924.

HOWITT, CAPT. CHARLES ROBERTS.—B. 1894; ed. Carlisle and Queen's Coll., Oxford; R. Fusiliers, 1914-16; Border Regt., 1916-19; Malayan civ. serv., Nov., 1920; attd., land office, Johore, Dec., 1920; 2nd cls. mag., Sept., 1921; ag. 2nd cls. mag., Johore, May, 1922; 1st cls. mag., May, 1922; passed cadet, June, 1922; asst. collr. of land rev., Johore Bahru, Sept., 1922; offl. cls. V, June, 1922; collr., land rev., Johore Bahru, Oct., 1922; 2nd lieut., J.V.R., Aug., 1923; asst. adviser, Kota Tinggi, May, 1924; lieut., J.V.R., Aug., 1924; attd., pol. cts., Singapore, Oct., 1925; offg. 3rd mag., Singapore, Oct., 1925; offl., cls. IV, June, 1926.

HOY, SIR WILLIAM WILSON, K.C.B. (1922), K.T. BACH. (1916); C.B. (1918).—B. 1868; entd. serv. of Cape Govt. rlys., 1889; representative of C.G.R. in Johannesburg, 1896; ag. asst. traffic manager, Bulawayo, 1897-8; Kimberley, 1898; asst. traffic manager, Port Elizabeth, 1899; traffic manager, Bloemfontein, Johannesburg, 1900-02; chief traffic manager, C.S.A.R., 1902; represented C.S.A.R. at rly. confce. at Washington; ag. gen. manager in 1905 and 1907; asst. gen. manager, 1909; gen. manager of rlys. and harbours, Union of S. Africa, 31st May, 1910; ret., 1927; chmn., Rhodesia rly. csmn., 1927.

HUBBALL, JOHN GORST.—Clk., control and audit office, Cape, 1895; examr., 1895; asst. acctnt., 1903; asst. acctnt., contrlr. and auditor-gen.'s office, Union of S. Africa, 1910; prin. clk., 1912; chief acctnt., treasury, Union of S. Africa, 1916.

HUDDEN, EDWARD LANPHER.—B. 1902; ed. Radley Coll.; lieut., 4th Bttn., Gloucestershire Regt., T.A., 1925; cadet, Uganda Prot., 1925.

HUDSON, HAROLD.—Book-keeper, treasury, Uganda Prot., Mar., 1911; cashier, treasury, dept., Aug., 1911; asst. treas., Mar., 1914; 1st grade asst. treas., Jan., 1922; ag. deputy treas., June to Dec., 1919, Dec., 1921 to Feb., 1922, Sept., 1922 to Apr., 1923, May, 1923 to Mar., 1924, Feb. to Oct., 1925, Mar. to Dec., 1926, and from Mar. to July, 1927.

HUDSON, PHILIP JAMES.—B. 1897; on milly. serv., June, 1916; cadet, Ceylon, Mar., 1920; attd. to Colombo Kaachcheri, Apr., 1920; pol. mag., Balapitoya, Mar., 1921; asst. settlement offr., 1922; office asst., Jaffna kaach., Dec., 1924; asst. attltm. offr., May, 1925.

HUDSON, LIEUT.-COL. WILLIAM, O.B.E., M.C.—B. 1880; ed. privately and King's Coll., London; S. African War, 1900-02; Queen's Med., with 2 clasps; King's Med., 2 clasps; contr.'s staff, cent. telegraphs, London, 1902; dep.,

P.M.G., N. Nigeria, 1912; ag. P.M.G., Apr. to Aug., 1912; R.E. (signals), 1914-18; offr. in charge, civ. tels., occupied enemy territory admsrtn., Palestine, 1919; P.M.G., Palestine, July, 1920.

HUGGARD, WALTER CLARENCE, K.C., B.A., LL.D.—B. 1884; ed. at Dublin Univ.; 1st honourman and senr. mod. in legal and polit. science; called to the bar, King's Inns, Dublin, 1907; station mag., Nigeria, Apr., 1914; ag. puisne judge, July to Sept., 1914; pol. mag., Jan., 1917; solr.-gen., Trinidad, Nov., 1920; ag. puisne judge, June-Oct., 1921; K.C., 1921; ag. atty.-gen., Jan.-Oct., 1922; atty.-gen., 1st Nov., 1922; prepared revd. edn., Laws of Trinidad and Tobago, 1925; atty.-gen., Kenya, Feb., 1926; ag. col. sec. and gov.'s dep., Aug., 1927.

HUGGINS, JOHN, M.C. (1916).—B. 1891; ed. Bridlington Gram. Schl. and Leeds Univ., B.A.; 2nd lieut., Yorks Regt., Nov. 1914; Gallipoli, 1915; Egypt, 1916; France, July 1st, 1916; capt., Sept., 1916; ment. in despatch; cadet, F.M.S., 27th Mar., 1920; govt. rice agt., Klang, 24th May, 1920; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, 7th July, 1920; agt. to food contr., Selangor and Pahang, 7th Oct., 1920; passed exam. in law, Mar., 1921; 4th asst. sec. to govt., 9th Mar., 1921; passed final exam., Malay, June, 1921; dist. offr., Kajang, 24th Aug., 1921; offr., cls. IV, Aug., 1923; recr., Alsagoff concession, Johore, Feb., 1925; ag. 2nd asst. sec. (A), S.S., Feb., 1926; pvte. sec. to high comsnr., May, 1926.

HUGHES, JOHN WHITEHOUSE WARD.—B. 1883; ed. Oakham and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1905; M.A., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., 1906; ag. supt., inland rev., Kelantan, Dec., 1910; mag., Kota Bharu, Sept., 1911; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, Oct., 1914; ag. asst. adviser, Kelantan, Jan., 1919; ag. collr., land rev., Penang, Oct., 1921; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, Oct., 1922; ag. Br. adviser, Perlis, June, 1923; offl. cls. II, Dec., 1923; 1st mag., Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1926; ag. dist. offr., Klang, May, 1927; 1st mag., Kuala Lumpur, June, 1927; ag. comsnr., lands, S.S., Aug., 1927.

HUGHES, LESLIE DONALD CHARLETON, M.C.—B. 1890; B.A., Oxon; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1914; attached to Colombo Kaachcheri, Dec., 1914; attached to chief censor's office, Apr., 1915; attached to Badulla Kaachcheri, Oct., 1915; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Uva, March, 1916; on military duty, 1917-19; asst. dir. of food prodn., Apr., 1920; pol. mag., Jaffna, Mar., 1921; asst. govt. agt., Batticaloa, Nov., 1921; ag. dist. judge, Badulla, Mar., 1923; asst. attltm. offr., Nov., 1923.

HUGHES, BRIG.-GEN. ROBERT HERBERT WILFRED, C.B. (1921), C.S.I. (1918), C.M.G. (1917), D.S.O. (1916), Officer Legion of Honour (1917)—B. 1872; cadet, H.M.S. "Conway," 1885-87; merchant service, 1887-1898; Bd. of T. master mariner's certifi.; sub.-lieut., R.N.R., 1896; lieut., 1904; comdr., 1914; capt., 1919; served in S. African war, in S.A. Light Horse, Bethune's M.I., and Royal Navy, from 12th Dec. 1899 to 1st May, 1902; marine offr., S. Nigeria, 27th March, 1903; qualified in surveying at R.G.S. in 1906; elected a younger Brother of Trinity House, 1909; senr. marine offr., 1st Jan., 1909; ag. marine supt. and harb.-mastr., Lagos, 1st July to 10th Dec., 1906; commanded Nigerian govt. yacht "Ivy" as armed auxiliary under the R.N. in the Cameroons Expedn., Aug., 1914-Jan., 1916; Trinity House pilot in N. Sea, Apr.-June, 1916; seconded to Army as Major, R.E., 19th

June, 1916; lieut.-col., Sept., 1916; brig.-gen., May, 1917; dir. Inland Water Transport, Mesopot. till Apr. 1921; demob., 13th Apr. 1921; dep. dir. of marine, Nigeria, Aug., 1921; dir. of marine, Oct., 1921.

HUGHES, RT. HON. WILLIAM MORRIS, P.C. (1916).—B. 1864; M.L.A., New South Wales, 1894-1901; elec. to 1st H. of R., C. of A., 1901, and member since; min. for external affairs 1904; representative of C. of A. at Navigation Conf., London, 1907; atty.-gen., C. of A., Apr., 1910-1913, and from Sept., 1914, to Oct., 1915; prime min., and atty.-gen., 27th Oct., 1915; ditto, 14th Nov., 1916; ditto, 17th Feb., 1917; ditto, 10th Jan., 1918; resigned, Feb., 1923.

HUMPHERSON, LESLIE HERBERT.—B. 1902; ed. King Edward's Schl., Birmingham and Worcester Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. comsnnr., Sierra Leone, 7th Jan., 1925.

HUMPHREYS, JOHN LISSETER, C.B.E. (1925).—B. 1881; ed. at Bromsgrove Schl. and Brasenose Coll., Oxford (senr. class. scholar, 1900); 1st class. modrs., 1902; B.A., 1904; cadet, S. Stittms., Oct., 1905; dep. collr. of land rev., and regisr. of deeds, Singapore, May, 1906; ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, Malacca, Nov., 1906; passed final exam. in Malay, passed cadet, July, 1907; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, Dec., 1909; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, Mar., 1910; seconded for serv. in Johore as collr. and mag., Batu Pahat, Feb., 1911; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, Nov., 1912; ag. dep. regisr., supr. ct., Singapore, Mar., 1913; also asst. supt. of Indian immigrnts.; seconded for serv. in Johore as asst. advr., Muar, Feb., 1915; ag. Brit. agt., Trengganu, Nov., 1915; British Adviser, Trengganu, May, 1919; staff, July, 1924 (recd. thanks of S. of S. for services in connection with abolition of debt slavery); ag. Br. adviser, Kedah, May, 1925; gov., Br. N. Borneo, Sept., 1926.

HUMPHREYS, H. L.—Ed. at gram. schl.; Antigua; senior Camb. certif, 3rd div. honours, cashier, treasury, Antigua, Jan., 1892; 2nd indoor offr., 1896; ag. 1st indoor offr. on several occasions; ag. ch. audit clk., Leeward Is., Dec., 1897, to Jan., 1898; ag. audit clk., St. Kitts-Nevis, Dec., 1903, to Mar., 1904; 1st indoor offr. of treasury, Antigua, Apr., 1904; ag. ch. audit clk. and federal acctnt., Leeward Is., May to Oct., 1909, Aug., 1910, and from Apr., 1911 to July, 1912; ag. treasurer of Antigua, and federal treasurer from Dec., 1912 to Apr., 1913.

HUNT, ATLEE ARTHUR, C.M.G. (1910).—B. 1864; ed. at Balmain pub. schl. and Sydney; Gram. schl.; entd. lands dept., New S. Wales, 1879; resigned in 1887 to study for the bar; admitted to the bar, 1892, and practised until 1900; priv. sec. to first prime min. of C. of A., Jan., 1901; sec. and permanent head of dept. of external affairs, C. of A., since 1901; attended Imp. Conf., 1907 and 1911; now arbitr., federal pub. service.

HUNT, BERTIE LEONARD.—B. 1883; ed. privately and Queen's Coll., London; trooper, 5th batt. Australian C'wealth Horse, S. African War, 1901-02; Cav. Mounted Rifles, 1902-03; B.S.A. Co.'s mounted pol., 1904; various clerkships, N. Rhodesia, 1907-10; acctnt. P.W.D., July, 1910; acctnt., London office, B.S.A. Co., May, 1913; seconded to B.S.A. Co.'s comml. branch, N. Rhodesia, 1914-21; acctnt. N. Rhodesia, Sept., 1921; s.c., d.-pt. of lands, Apr., 1924.

HUNT, HENRY AMERSON.—B. 1866; F. R. Met. Soc.; meteorologist, C. of A., 1906.

HUNTER, LIEUT.-GEN. SIR ARCHIBALD, K.C.B. (1898), D.S.O. (1886).—Ed. at Glasgow

Acad. and Sandhurst; 4th King's Own Royal Lancaster, 1874; capt., 1882; lieut.-col., 1889; col., 1894; maj.-gen., 1896; served in Egypt, and twice wounded; gov. of Dongola Prov. and commdnt. Frontier Field Force, 1895-99; gov. of Omdurman, 1899; Egyptian medal and her orders; in command of 1st class. dist. in India; lieut.-gen. on staff, commanded 10th div. S. Africa, 1900-01 (twice ment. in desps.); commanded in Scotland, 1901-3; Western Army Corps, India, 1904-7; commanded Southern Army, Indian Army, 1907-9; gov. and comdr. in-chief, Gibraltar, 1910-1913.

HUNTER, SIR GEORGE, KT. BACH. (1921).—B. 1860; mem., N.Z. parlmnt., 1896-99, and since 1911.

HUNTER, HON. GORDON.—B. 1863; ed. Brantford Coll. Inst. and Toronto Univ.; called to the bar, Ontario, 1888; removed to B. Columbia, 1891; ch. just., sup. ct., B. Columbia, 1902.

HUNTER, JAMES BLAIR, B.A. (Univ. of Toronto).—B. 1876; clk., priv. coun. off., Canada, 1899; transf'd. to P.O. dept., 1900; marine and fisheries, 1901; pub. wks., 1902 ch. clk., 1907; deputy min. of pub. wks., 1908.

HUNTER, JOHN.—B. 1878; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. and assigned to the C.O., Apr., 1899; clk. to patronage comtee., Nov., 1907.

HUNTER, JOHN ADAMS.—B. 1890; ed. at Royal Grammar Schl., Newcastle-on-Tyne and St. John's Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1913 (hist. tripos cls. 2, 1.); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1914; ag. supervisor, cust., Port Dickson, Dec., 1915; ditto, Port Swettenham, Aug.-Dec., 1917; in India studying Tamil, 1918; offr., cla. V, 26th Sept., 1918; asst. dist. offr., Klang, 5th Oct., 1918; asst. to chief sec.'s office, Jan.-Mar., 1919; seconded for serv. in food control dept., 26th Mar., 1919; ag. 3rd asst. sec. to Govt., F.M.S., 7th Oct., 1920; 4th asst. sec. to Govt., 3rd Oct., 1921; offr. cla. IV., offg. dep. comr., lab., Seremban, Nov., 1921; ditto, Kuala Lumpur, July, 1922; on spl. duty, rubber census, July, 1923; offr. in ch., govt. toddy shops in addn., July, 1923; 3rd asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Nov., 1923; dist. offr., Ulu Langat, Oct., 1926; offr., Class III, Nov., 1926; ag. sec. to res., Selangor, July, 1927.

HUNTER, K. L.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E. Africa Prot., Apr., 1919.

HUNTER, LOUIS LUCIEN.—B. 1889; cadet, local div., Ceylon civ. ser., Sept., 1914; attached to Colombo Kachcheri, Sept., 1914; addtl. comsnnr. of requests and pol. mag., Ratnapura, Oct., 1915; addtl. comsnnr. of requests and pol. mag., Pandura, Sept., 1916; office asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Aug., 1918; pol. mag., Chilaw, Sept., 1919; addnl. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Feb., 1922; asst. sttlmt. offr., Jan., 1923.

HUNTER, THOMAS GILBERT, R.S.M.—B.A., 1873; inspr. of mines, Ceylon, June, 1900, ag. prin. min. survr. in addn., Mar., 1921 to Jan., 1922.

HUTCHINGS, HUGH H.—Inspr. of govt. sch.-s. Turks and Caicos Is., 1888-1906; J.P., 1901; ch. offr., fire brigade, 1901-19; clk. to comsnnr. and inspr. of schls., 1907; asst. comsnnr., Grand Turk, 1908-19; ag. audr., 1908-13; audr., 1913-19; ag. comsnnr. and ag. judge of sup. ct., five occasions, 1911-19; ag. comsnnr. of Cayman Is., 1912-13; comsnnr., Cayman Is., June, 1919.

HUTCHINS, ERNEST ELWIN.—B. 1886; ed. Exeter Schl.; forestry course, Edinburgh Univ., 1903-04; forest dept., S. Africa, 1904; forest demarcator, Kenya, 1909; asst. co. servator, forests, Kenya, 1911; E. Africa Mounted Rifles, 1915-16;

asst. polit. offr., German E. Africa, 1916-21; admstve. offr., 1st grade, Tanganyika Territory, 1921.

HUTCHINSON, GEORGE STUART MENTETH.—B. 1883; ed. United Services Coll., Westward Ho! and Royal Mily. Coll., Sandhurst; 2nd lieut., unattd. list, 1902; Indian Army, 1903; capt., 1911; major, 1917; Burma Mily. Pol., Southern Shan States, 1910-14; Indian Expedy. Force, France, 1915; ment. in deaps., 1915; invalidated, 1917; examining offr., Miny. of Pensions, 1917; regional wounds offr. for Scotland, 1919; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., C.O., 1st Apr., 1924.

HUTCHISON, DONALD MAXWELL WRIGHT, B.Sc. (Eng.), M.I.C.E., A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1882; ed. Wellington Coll. and Faraday House, London; asst. elec. engr., P.W.D., F.M.S., 1911; ch. inspr., electy. enact., F.M.S., 1915; dep. ch. engr., electl. bd., P.W.D., Jan., 1925; ag. ch. elec. engr. and inspr., electl. bd., P.W.D., F.M.S., June, 1926.

HUTSON, SIR EYRE, K.C.M.G. (1922), C.M.G. (1911), B.A.—B. 1864; 2nd clk. to gov. Leeward Is., Oct., 1886; asst. priv. sec. to gov. Barbados, Nov., 1885; priv. sec. to gov. Barbados, Mar., 1887; ditto, at Mauritius, Jan., 1890; at Br. Guiana, July, 1893; Jamaica, 1898; apptd. col. sec. and regier.-gen., Bermuda, July, 1901; chrmn., schools comsn., 1902; chrmn., St. George's harbour comsn., 1903; col. sec. Fiji, July, 1908; chrmn., educn. comsn., Apr., 1909; represented Fiji and Western Pacific high comsn., at wireless tel. conf., Melbourne, Dec., 1909; dep.-gov., May and Oct., 1909, Sept., 1910, Mar., Sept., Oct., 1911, and June, 1912; comsnr. of currency, Dec., 1914; ag. gov. of Fiji and high comsnr. for Western Pacific, 13th Aug., 1915, to 25th May, 1916, and from 19th June to 9th Oct., 1918; govr., B. Honduras, 26th Nov., 1918; gov., Fiji and high comsnr., W. Pacific, 1925.

HUTTON, FREDERICK AUGUSTUS.—B. 1862; ed. Bedford Public Schl., S. African Coll. and Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; B.A., 1883; LL.B., 1892; called to the bar, supreme ct., Cape Colony, 1892; prosecutor, special treason ct., 1901-3; judge, supreme ct., assigned to E.D. local divn., 1913; mem., special treason ct., 1915-16; mem. of rebellion enquiry comsn., 1916-17; judge, Grikaland West Local Divn., Feb., 1923.

HYAMSON, ALBERT MONTEFIORE, F.R.Hist.S.—B. 1875; ed. Oxford High Schl. and Swansea Gram. Schl.; savings bank dept., G.P.O., London, 1895-98; supplementary estab., secy.'s dept., G.P.O., 1898 to Jan., 1921; dept. of infm., F.O., Dec., 1917 to Mar., 1918; in charge of sec., miny. of infm., Apr., 1918 to Nov., 1918; Br. war mission, Nov., 1918 to Mar., 1919; asst. dir., immigrn. and travel, Palestine, Jan., 1921; contrl. of lab., Dec., 1921; in charge of dept. of immigrn. and travel, Dec., 1923 to Mar., 1924; contrl., permits, Apr., 1924; sec., cent. town planning coman., Sept., 1922; mem., economy comtee., chmn., comtee. on rates of wages for govt. employees; author, "A History of the Jews in England," "Palestine—the Rebirth of an Ancient People," etc.

IDINGTON, HON. JOHN, K.C., LL.B. (Univ. of Toronto).—B. 1840; ed. Coll. Inst., Galt, Ontario, and Univ. of Toronto; called to the bar, 1864; Q.C., 1876; judge, exchequer div., high ct. of just. for Ontario, 1904; justice, sup. ct. of Canada, 1905.

JEVERS, C.L., L.R.C.P. (Edin.), L.R.C.S. (Edin.), L.R.F.P.S. (Glas.), D.T.M. (L'pool.).—Apptd. to W.A.M.S., Gold Coast, Feb., 1912;

Togoland, 5th to 26th Aug., 1914; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Feb., 1918; senr. med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Jan., 1921.

IMBERT, A. E.—Labour inspection offr., E. Africa Prot., June, 1919; ch. regier., natives, Kenya, Jan., 1925.

IM THURN, SIR EVERARD F., K.C.M.G. (1905), K.B.E. (1918), C.B. (1900), C.M.G. (1892), M.A.—B. 1852; ed. at Marlborough and Exeter Coll., Oxon; special mag., Pomeroun Dist., Br. Guiana, 1882 to 1890; govt. agt., N.W. dista., 1890; ag. 1st cl. clk., C.O., Dec., 1899; col. sec., Ceylon, 1901; admstd. govt., Ceylon, 1902; gov., Fiji, and high comsnr., W. Pacific, 21st June, 1904; retired, 1910; represented Fiji and Western Pacific at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., 1911; editor of the Guiana scientific journal "Timehri," 1882-7; author of "Among the Indians of Guiana," 1883, and papers on the anthropology, natural history, geography, and history of Guiana; in 1884 made first ascent of Mount Roraima in the interior of Br. Guiana.

INGHAM, RAYWOOD, B.A. (Oxon).—Entered S. Sttlmts. civ. serv., cls. V. (passed in Chinese), 14th Dec., 1912; attached to monopolies dept., 19th Jan., 1913; deputy collr. of land rev., Malacca, 8th Sept., 1915; pol. mag., Malacca (in addition), 10th Nov., 1915; collr. of war tax, Malacca (in addition), 26th Mar., 1917; collr. of war tax, Singapore (tempy.), Mar., 1918; ag. supt. of prisons, Malacca (in addition) Mar.-June, 1919; supernumy. offr., cls. IV., S. Sttlmts., Dec., 1919; asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Jan., 1921.

INGLEDDOW, CEDRIC FRANCIS.—B. 1894; on mily. serv., Mar., 1915; cadet, Ceylon, Aug., 1920; attd. to Kurunegala Kacheheri, Sept., 1920; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Oct., 1921; ag. pol. mag., Chilaw, Feb., 1922; office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Mar., 1924; ditto to govt. agt., N. Prov., 1925; pol. mag., Matale, Feb., 1926.

INGLES, F. H.—B. 1878; ed. at U.S. Coll., Westward Ho., Newton Coll., Devon, and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; B.A. Cantab, 1902; asst. dist. comsnr., S. Nigeria, 6th Oct., 1906; dist. comsnr., 2nd grade, 17th Feb., 1913; dist. offr., 1st grade, 20th Oct., 1919; res., 5th Feb., 1922; ag. senr. res., 31st Oct., 1924.

INGRAMS, WILLIAM HAROLD.—B. 1897; ed. Shrewsbury; served K.S.L.I., 10th Sept., 1914 to 6th May, 1919; wounded, Belgium, 29th May, 1916; employed, directorate of recruiting, W.O., 14th Dec., 1916; Ministry of National Service, 18th Dec., 1917; Ministry of Labour, demob. and resettlement dept., 11th Nov., 1918; elected F.Z.S., 21st May, 1919; asst. dist. comsnr., Zanzibar, 4th July, 1919; F.R.A.I., 1921; F.R.G.S., 1922; M.R.A.S., 1923; mem., Société d'Anthropologie de Paris, 1923; certif. acad. of internat. law, Hague, 1924; higher standard, Swahili, 1923; ag. dist. comsnr., 17th Aug., to 17th Sept., 1923; ag. regier., high ct., offl. assignee and regier., patents, designs and trade marks, 26th Oct., 1923 to 17th Feb., 1924; 2nd asst. sec., 1st Jan., 1925; prte. sec. to ag. high comsnr., 1st Apr. to 26th June, 1925; ditto to Br. res., 20th Nov., 1925 to 11th Aug., 1926 and from 1st Oct., 1926; ag. prte. sec. to H.H. the Sultan, 20th Nov., 1925 to 22nd June, 1926; clk., prot. coun., 1st Feb. to 26th June, 1925; edr., Off. Gaz., 30th Dec., 1924 to 26th June, 1925; ag. senr. asst. sec., 10th Mar. to 9th Aug., 1926 and from 1st Oct., 1926; ag. asst. ch. sec., 10th Aug. to 30th Sept., 1926; clk., exec. and leg. couns., 10th Aug. to 11th Oct., 1926; mem.

Pemba educn. comtee. and teaching of Koran comen., 1924; mem. museum comtee., 1924 and ag. chmn., 10th Aug., 1926; asst. col. sec., Mauritius, 1927; part author, "Zanzibar: an account of its People, Industries and History" (1924), "Sohl. History of Zanzibar" (1925), and "Aya Za Kuraani" (1926); author "Dialects of Zanzibar Sultanate" (1924), "Chronology and Genealogies of Zanzibar Rulers" (1926) and various pamphlets and articles.

INMAN, HOWARD.—B. 1887; B. of T. Certif.; inspr. of weights and measures, G. Coast, 12th June, 1912.

INNES, CECIL BENNETT ROSE.—Clk., chief acctnt. rlys., 1890; census, 1891; British Bechuanaland serv.; Gordonias, Apr., 1891; relieving clk., Vryburg, Mar., 1892; clk. to P.M.G., Brit. Bechuanaland, May, 1892; sec.'s office, Apr., 1893; clk., registr. of deeds, Brit. Bechuanaland, Mar., 1894; deeds office, Vryburg, Sept., 1897; ag. registrar, 20th July, 1900; clk. in charge, 1st Dec., 1901; ag. asst. magt., Laingsburg, June, 1903; sub-comanr., war losses compensation comen., June, 1903; clk. in charge, deeds office, Kimberley, Nov., 1903; rev. clk. civil comanr., Cape, May, 1907; ch. clk., Sept., 1908; recvr. of rev., E. London, Dec., 1910; prin. clk., recvr. of rev., Cape Town, Nov., 1916; ch. clk., recv. of rev., Dec., 1923.

INNES, RT. HON., SIR JAMES ROSE, P.C. (1915), K.C.M.G. (1901), K.C.—B. 1855; called to the bar of sup. ct., Cape Colony, 12th Feb., 1878; mem. for Victoria East house of assem., Cape, 1884; subsequently reprinted. Cape div.; atty.-gen., 1st Rhodes ministry, 17th July, 1890, to May, 1893; selected by Imp. govt. to watch proceedings in connection with trial of reform comtee. prisoners at Pretoria, 1896; atty.-gen. 4th Sprigg ministry, 1900-2; deleg. for Cape Colony to attend conf. in Lond. on final ct. of appeal, 1901; ch. just., sup. ct., Transvaal, 29th Mar., 1902; ordinary judge of appeal, sup. ct., Union of S. Africa, 1910; ch. just. of S. Africa, Oct., 1914; ret., 1st Mar., 1927.

INNES, ROBERT THORBURN AYTON.—F.R.S.E., F.R.A.S., F.R. Met. A., D.Sc. (hons.), Univ. Leiden, Holland; sec., Royal Observatory, Cape Town, 1896; dir., Transvaal meteorological dept., 1903; astronomer, Union of S. Africa, 1912.

INNESS, WILLIAM JAMES DEACON, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Ireland).—B. 1877; ed. Exeter Schl. and St. Mary's Hosp., Lond.; house physician, Bethlehem Royal Hosp.; med. offr., N. Nigeria, 1905; senr. san'y. offr., Nigeria, 1914; asst. dir. of med. serv., Nigeria, 1921; dir., med. and san'y. services, Sierra Leone, 1924.

INNISS, KNOLLYS ULRIC ALEXANDER, M.B., Ch. B. Edin.—B. 1882; entl. med. serv., Trinidad, 16th Aug., 1904; dist. med. offr., 1st Aug., 1912.

INSKIPP, PERCY SIDNEY, O.B.E. (Mily.).—Clk., admnstr.'s off., S. Rhodesia, 1891; ag. sec., 1892; sec. to admnstr., 1893; under sec., 1897; joined London staff, B.S.A. Co., 1900; dir., B.S.A. Co., Apr., 1919; gen. man., B.S.A. Co., S. Africa, June, 1922; mem. of pioneer corps (occupation of Mashonaland), 1890; also served with the Mashonaland horse, Matabele rebellion, 1896 (medal), and Rhodesia field force, 1900 (medal and 2 clasps); joined R.A.S.C., 1914; O.C., R.A.S.C., Harwich dist., 1914-17; S.S.O., 48th divn., France, Flanders, Italy, 1917-19; Croce di Guerra, Italy; ment. in desps.

IRBY, G. N.—B. 1889; ed. Eton and Balliol Coll., Oxford; 2nd lieut., Oxford and Bucks L.I., May, 1915; invalided with rank of capt., Jan., 1918; asst. priv. sec. (apptmts.) to Lord Milner, July, 1920; to Mr. Churchill, Feb., 1921; the Duke of Devonshire, Oct., 1922; Mr. J. H. Thomas, Jan., 1924; Mr. L. C. M. S. Amery, Nov., 1924.

IRELAND, FREDERICK JOSEPH.—B. 1903; apptd., after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 30th Sept., 1920.

IRVINE, FREDERICK ROBERT, B.Sc. Ag.—B. 1898; ed. Royal Grammar Sch., Newcastle-on-Tyne; war serv., Gordon Highlanders, France and Belgium, 1916-19; 2nd lieut., R.A.F., 1918, R.Sc., agr., Armstrong Coll., Durham Univ., 1920; teacher of agr. and biology, Achimota, Gold Coast, 1924.

IRVINE, ROBERT, M.C. (1917), CROIX DE GUERRE (1918).—B. 1894; ed. Dunfermline; capt., Lancs Fusiliers, 1918; cadet, F.M.S., 15th Oct., 1919; 3rd asst. sec., Fed. sect., May, 1920; 4th asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., July, 1920; passed final exams., Malay and law, Feb., 1920; priv. sec. to ch. sec., F.M.S., Mar., 1921; asst. dist. offr., Tampin, Apr., 1922; offr., cls. V., Nov., 1922; 2nd lieut., M.V.L., Mar., 1923; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, May, 1923; dist. offr., Jelcha, Nov., 1924; asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, Jan., 1925; offr., cls. IV, July, 1925; ag. 2nd asst. sec. (A), S.S., May, 1926.

IRVINE, HON. SIR WM. HILL, K.C.M.G. (1914), LL.D., K.C.—B. 1858; called to the bar, Victoria, 1884; premier of Victoria, 1902-4; mem. H. of E., C. of A., since 1906; atty.-gen., C. of A., June, 1913 to Sept. 1914; chief just., Victoria, 5th Apl., 1918; lieut.-gov., Victoria, 11th May, 1918.

IRVING, FRANCOIS ERNEST.—B. 1835; ed. at St. Andrew's Coll. and Marist Bros. Sch., S. Africa; served in Boer War, 1901-2; German S.W. Africa, with Imp. Light Horse, 1914-15; German E. Africa, 1916; seconded to admnstr. of Mafia Is., as finan. offr., Nov., 1916, to May, 1919; asst., cust. dept., Zanzibar, Oct., 1919; ag. asst. ch. of cust. for various periods, 1920-22; asst. ch. of cust., 17th Dec., 1922; ag. ch. of cust., 31st Mar. 1924 to 18th Mar., 1925.

IRVING, HENRY EDWARD, M.B.E. (1918)—Ed. at Charterhouse and Handelslehrausht, Leipzig; trooper, 9th Lancers, 1899-1902; served in S. African campaign; ch. clk. to central repatriation bd., O.R.C., Mar., 1902; clk. to col. sec., Oct., 1902; clk. to admnstr., O.F.S. Prov., 10th Aug., 1910; ch. clk. to prov. sec. (2nd grade), 16th Oct., 1924.

IRVING, HUGH CRAWFORD.—Asst. dist. comenr., Somaliland Prot., June, 1914.

IRWIN, 1st BARON (cr. 1923), HON. EDWARD FREDERICK LINDLEY WOOD.—B. 1881; ed. Eton and Christ Church and All Souls, Oxford (M.A. and fellow); major, Yorkshire Dragoons; M.P., Ripon divn., Yorks, 1910-23; under sec. of state for the cols., Apr., 1921; min. of educn., Oct., 1922; viceroy of India, 1926.

IRWIN, HENRY MARK, B.A.—B. 1885; ed. Haileybury and Selwyn Coll.; Cambridge exhibitioner; Haileybury exhibitioner; hon. class. tripos, 1908; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1908; attached to secretariat, July to Dec., 1911; priv. sec. to ag. gov., C. L. Temple, Esq., C.M.G., June, 1912.

IRWIN, ROBERT EDWARD.—B. 1899; ed. at Christ's Hosp.; col. auditdept., Oct., 1923; asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, Nov., 1925.

ISAACS, RT. HON. ISAAC ALFRED, P.C. (1921).—B. 1856; called to the bar, Victoria, 1880; Q.C., 1899; M.L.A., Victoria, 1892-1901; solr.-gen., 1893; atty.-gen., 1894-9; and again in 1900; mem. of Aust. Fed. Convention, 1897-8; and of first Federal parlt., atty.-gen. in Deakin ministry, 1905-6; judge of High Ct. of Australia, Oct., 1906; ag. ch. just., 1925 and 1927.

ISAACS, FRANK NOEL.—B. 1871; Jamaica civ. serv., 1890; held appts. in various depts., 1891-1907; clk. of wks. and acctnt., new pub. bldgs., 1909; sec., bd. of supervision, 1910; sec., malaria comsn., 1910-12; exec. offr., malaria comsn., 1910-12; drought and hurricane relief offr., 1912-17; ag. prot., immigrts., 1914; man., Rio Cobre home, 1917; comsrr., parish of St. Catharine, 1921; sec., child welfare comsn., 1921.

ISHERWOOD, ALBERT ARTHUR MAGNALL, O.B.E. (1926), M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1889; ed. St. John's schol., Leatherhead, and University Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 9th July, 1913; loaned to polit. dept., N. Nigeria, 1915-17; polit. offr., Tanganyika admtsn., 8th Oct., 1917; ag. senr. comsrr., 27th Feb., 1923 to 20th Jan., 1924; dep. dir., educn., 18th Sept., 1924; ag. dir., educn., 18th Oct., 1924 to 18th Mar., 1925; Swahili examr.

ISLINGTON, 1ST BARON (cr. 1910), RT. HON. SIR JOHN POYNDR DICKSON-POYNDR, 6TH BART., P.C. (1911); G.C.M.G. (1913); K.C.M.G. (1911); D.S.O. (1900); J.P.—B. 1866; ed. at Harrow and Christ Church, Oxford; major and hon. col., Wilts Yeomanry; served in S. Africa, 1900 (Queen's medal, 3 clasps); late lieut., 3rd Royal Scots; mem. L.C.C., 1898-1904; M.P., Chippenharn, Wilts, 1892-1910; gov., New Zealand, 1910-1912; chmn. of Indian civ. ser. comsrr., 1912; parly. under sec. of state for the colonies, 1914; parly. under sec. for India, 1915.

IVES, WILLIAM CARLOS, B.C.L.—B. 1873; ed. pub. schol., Pincher Creek, Alta., Coaticook, Queb., and McGill Univ.; puisne judge, sup. ct., Alta., 1914.

IZARD, H.—Asst. dist. comsrr., E. Africa Prot., Feb., 1915.

JACKLIN, S., M.C.—Acctnt., repat. dept., Christiania, Aug., 1902; rev. clk., law dept., Nov., 1902; clk., civ. comsrr. off., Pretoria, Nov., 1903; clk., rev. dept., Mar., 1906; prin. clk., Oct., 1906; prin. clk., inland rev. dept., Apr., 1912; inspr., inland rev. dept., Nov., 1916; survr., inland rev. dept., Apr., 1918; ag. dep. comsrr., Johannesburg, Sept., 1919; ch. clk., estabtmts., treas., Union of S. Africa, 1st Jan., 1920; sec., pub. ser. comsrr., Oct., 1921; ret., 18th Oct., 1926; treas., League of Nations, 18th Oct., 1926.

JACKMAN, EDWARD CLARENCE.—Ed. Harrison Coll., Barbados; ent. Middle Temple, 1889; lecture prizeman, real property, 1890; lecture prizeman, equity, 1891; called to bar, 1892; practised at Barbados bar; elec. to H. of A., Barbados, 1904-1913; mem., exec. comtee., 1903-1913; pol. mag., Bridgetown, Barbados, 1913; asst. judge, ct. of appeal, Barbados, 1921.

JACKMAN, HENRY THOS.—Crystal Palace engng. schol., 1890-3; pupil and asst. on water and drainage wks. to Messrs. McLandaborough and Preston, civ. engnr., 1893-6; in charge of new sewerage wks., Ripon, 1896-7; asst. dist. engnr. on electric trams, drainage, highway and improvement wks., etc., at Sheffield, 1897-1903; exec. engnr. on water and drainage wks., Hong Kong, 1903-1920; ag. san. survr., 1904-1905; seconded for spec. serv. in China, 1908; exec. engnr., 1st

grade, 1912; ag. 2nd asst., D.P.W., 1920; asst. D.P.W., Kowloon and New Territories, 1921; ag. D.P.W., mem., exec. and leg. couns., vice-pres., sany. bd., 1923 and 1927.

JACKS, PHILIP, Barrister-at-Law.—B. 1877; ed. Plymouth Coll.; admt. solr., sup. ct., England, 1900; asst. land offr., Hong Kong, 1906; J.P., 1906; comsrr. for oaths, 1905; ag. land offr., 1907 to 1908; ag. land offr. and offl. recvr. in bankruptcy, 1908; ag. land offr., 1911; and from 1913-1914; land offr., 1916; ag. crown solr., 1919 and 1920; called to the bar (Inner Temple), 1922; ag. puisne judge, 1927.

JACKSON, EDWARD ST. JOHN, O.B.E. (1918).—Ed. Stonyhurst and Beaumont Colleges and Brazenose College, Oxford; B.A., 1908; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1910; legal adviser, Gambia, 26th Oct., 1912; atty.-gen., Nyasaland, Oct., 1918; judge of high ct., July, 1920; pres. of lands comsrr., 1920; pres., finance comsrr., 1923; atty.-gen., Tanganyika Territory, 20th Aug., 1924.

JACKSON, MAJOR FRANCIS WALTER FITTON, C.M.G. (1928), D.S.O. (1917).—B. 1881; ed. Dover Coll.; entd. R.A., 1899; served in S. Africa, 1901-2; seconded to W.A.F.F., 30th July, 1904; dist. comsrr., Northern Territories, G. Coast, 1st Jan., 1907; asst. col. sec., G. Coast, 10th Mar., 1911; provincial comsrr., G. Coast, 23rd Jan., 1915; services lent to W.O., Mar., 1915, to Apr., 1919; served in France, May, 1915, to June, 1918; ment. in desps. 3 times; O.C. British forces, and senr. polit. offr., Togoland, July, 1919; represented govt., in final hnding over of Lome and that portion of Togoland ceded to France by the Franco-British declin. of 10th July, 1919.

JACKSON, SIR FREDERICK JOHN.—K.C.M.G. (1913); C.B. (1899); C.M.G. (1902); ed. at Shrewsbury Schl. and Jesus Coll., Camb.; 1st cl. asst., Uganda Prot., July, 1894; vice-consul, May, 1896; dep. comsrr., Apr., 1901; dep. comsrr., E. Africa Prot., Apr., 1902; lieut.-gov., 1907; East and Cent. African medal with clasps, Uganda, 1897-98, and Luba and African gen. ser. medal, Uganda, 1900; mem. of exec. and leg. couns., E. Africa Prot., 1907; gov., Uganda Prot., 21st Mar., 1911; assumed govt., 3rd Apr., 1911; retired.

JACKSON, GILDART.—B. 1901; ed. Edgeborough Schl., Guildford and Westminster; asst. dist. comsrr., Sierra Leone, 12th Nov., 1924.

JACKSON, ROBERT REBT, M.B., D.P.H., T.C.D., L.M. Rotunda Hospital, Dublin, certifi., London Schl. Trop. Med., math. sizar, schol., and junr. modr., Trinity Coll., Dublin, senr. exhr. and catechetical prizeman.—Chief med. offr., Indian Mining Assn., Jharia and Katras Coalfields, 1908-14; R.A.M.C., 1914-17; med. offr., Gen. Mily. Hosp., Edmonton, 1918; med. offr., F.M.S., 20th Nov., 1920; ag. health offr., Negri Sembilan, 1921.

JACKSON, T. — Curator, botanic station, Antigua, Leeward Is., 1906.

JACKSON, WILFRED EDWARD FRANCIS, C.M.G.—B. 1883; ed. Stonyhurst Coll. and Lincoln Coll., Oxford (classical scholar), B.A. 1906; personal sec. to gov., Trinidad, 1906; priv. sec. to gov. and clk. to exec. coun., Bahamas, Sept., 1906, to Oct., 1907; asst. collr., Uganda, Nov., 1907; ag. dist. comsrr., Toro, July, 1911, to Apr., 1912; dist. comsrr., Apr., 1912; ag. asst. chief sec., July-Dec., 1912; 1st asst. sec., Dec., 1912; ag. asst. chief sec., Aug., 1913, to Feb., 1914, May to Nov., 1914, and from Apr., 1915; col. sec., Bermuda,

19th Feb., 1916; col. sec., Barbados, 1921; col. sec., Trinidad, 13th Feb., 1926; ag. gov., Apr. to Nov., 1927.

JACQUES, FREDERIC VIEL, M.B., Ch.B., Bristol.—B. 1891; ed. Bristol Univ., Bristol Royal Infirmary and Lond. Hosp.; sub. lieu., R.N.V.R. and surgeon sub. lieu., R.N.V.R., 1909-17; med. off., Seremban, 1921; ag. health off., 1922; ag. health off., Perak North, Apr., 1924.

JAGGER, HON. J. W.—M.L.A. for Cape Town (cent.); min. for rlys. and hbres., Union of S. Africa, 1921-24.

JAGO, EDWARD.—B. 1898; ed. Churches Coll. and London Univ.; 2nd lieu., Hampshire Regt., Aug., 1915; lieu., July, 1917; served in Salonicas, Egypt, Sudan, Nov., 1916-Oct., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; secretariat, Negri Sembilan, May, 1921; dept. of agr., S.S. and F.M.S., Dec., 1921; 2nd lieu., M.V.I., Nov., 1922; attd., dist. office, Lower Perak, Dec., 1923; off., cls. V, Apr., 1924; asst. dist. off., Krian, May, 1924; ditto, Klang, Apr., 1926; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, Sept., 1927.

JAMAICA, LORD BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. G. O. DE CARTERET, M.A., D.D.—Curate of St. Dunstan's, Canterbury, 1889; Holy Trinity, Tulse Hill, London, 1894; St. Mary, Cheltenham, 1896; vicar of St. Paul, Southwark, 1897; Christ Church, East Greenwich, 1901; rural dean of Greenwich, 1913; asst. bishop of Jamaica, 1913; bishop of Jamaica, 1916.

JAMES, ERNEST TREVOR.—B. 1894; M.A., Trinity Coll., Dublin; on active serv., 1915-18; ment. in desp., 1917; cadet, F.M.S., May, 1921; ag. asst. dist. off., Klang, Jan., 1922; 2nd lieu., M.V.I., May, 1923; ag. asst. dist. off., Rembau, May, 1923; passed cadet, July, 1923.

JAMES, SIR FREDERICK SETON, K.B.E. (1922), C.M.G. (1902).—B. 8th Apr., 1870; ed. at Charterhouse and abroad; asst. dist. comsnnr., Niger Coast Prot., 1896; in charge at Opobo and Akwete, 1896-7; with peaceful mission to Bende in 1897; trav. comsnnr., 1897; serv. as polit. off. in expedn. agst. Ekuria, Cross River, 1898; settled disputes in Qua country after cent. div. expedn., 1899; reed. thanks of S. of S. divsnl. comsnnr., 1901; intell. and polit. off. with Aro field force, 1901-2 (deeps. medal); reed. thanks of dir.-gen. of intell. and S. of S. in connection with map of Aro operations; ag. sec. and dep. high comsnnr., 1906; with Kwale patrol, Nov., 1905 (clasp); prov. comsnnr. and mem. of exec. and legis. couns. of S. Nigeria on amalgamation, 1906; ag. col. sec. from 29th Mar., 1907; dep. gov., Apr. and Sept., 1907; ag. col. sec. and deputy gov. on various occasions from 1908 to 1912; ag. gov., Feb. to Sept., 1912; apptd. admnstr. on amalgamation of N. and S. Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1914; col. sec., Straits Settlements, 8th June, 1916; seconded for special services as food controller, S. Stlmts. and Malay States, 25th Dec., 1918; offr. administering the govt. of S. Stlmts. and high comsnnr. for the Malay States, 27th Aug., 1919; seconded for sp. serv. as food contrlr., S. Stlmts. and F.M.S., Dec., 1918; col. sec. in addition, May, 1919; offr. administering govt., Aug., 1919; col. sec., Feb., 1920. ag. ch. sec., F.M.S., June-Oct., 1920; col. sec.; 14th May, 1921; offr. admstrg. govt., 28th Apr., 1922; gov., Windward Is., 23rd Feb., 1924; assumed govt., 26th July, 1924.

JAMES, GODFREY WARDEN.—B. 1888; ed. at St. Paul's schl., London (Junior and Senior Foundation Scholar) and Oriel Coll., Oxford (Cornwallis Exhibn., 1908), hons. in class. mods.,

1909, and lit. hum., 1911; B.A. 1920; M.A., 1924; called to the bar, Middle Temple, Apr., 1923; asst. dist. comsnnr., Sierra Leone, Jan., 1914; has acted as dist. comsnnr., Port Lokko sub-dist., Bombali sub-dist., and Sherbro dist., and as asst. col. sec. for various periods from 1914-19; dist. comsnnr., May, 1920; dist. comsnnr. headqrs. dist., Mar., 1922.

JAMES, HERBERT BASIL.—Ed. Jesus Coll., Oxford (exhibitioner), 2nd class math. mods., 1908; 3rd class final honour schl. nat. science, 1910; asst. res., Northern Nigeria, 30th Nov., 1910.

JAMES, JOSEPH EDWARD.—B. 1867; ed. at pub. schla. and Mico Coll., Antigua; ag. educational offr., Antigua, Nov., 1901; clk., educn. dept. and educn. offr., Antigua, Apr., 1904; schoolmaster, St. John's Training Schl., Antigua, Feb., 1913, to June, 1917; sub-inspr. of schla., Antigua, 1st Apr., 1914; ag. sub-inspr. of schla., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1918.

JAMES, MARSHALL NICOL.—B. 1875; served under the condominium govt., New Hebrides until Mar., 1922; govt. agt., New Hebrides, Mar., 1922.

JAMES, SIR WALTER HARTWELL, KT. BACH (1907).—Ed. in Perth at state and high schla., admitted as barrister and solicitor, 1888; member for East Perth, 1894; represented W. Aust. at fed. conven., 1897-8; hon. minister, 1901; K.C., 1902; premier and atty.-gen., 1902; agt.-gen. for W.A., 1904-1906.

JAMISON, ROBERT, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (Ireland), F.R.C.S. (Eng.), D.T.M. (Lond.).—B. 1880; asst. med. offr., Hlatikulu, Swaziland, 1910-13; med. offr., Swaziland, 1913; served, S.W. Africa campaign, 1914-15; prin. med. offr., 1918.

JANSEN, HON. ERNEST GEORGE, B.A., LL.B., M.L.A.—B. 1881; ed. Ladyarnith Govt. Schl. and Durban High Schl.; leader of Nationalist party in Natal; mem., Natal Univ. Coll. Coun.; chmn., Saamwerk Unie van Natalse Vereeniging (the first body in S.A. to prescribe exams. in Afrikaans) for 7 years; rep. Vryheid in parlt. since 1921; foundation mem. of Suid Afrikaanse Akademie vir Taal, lettere en kuns; elec. speaker, Union H. of A., 25th July, 1924.

JANSEN, FRANCOIS JOHANNES.—B. 1869; ed. Graaff Reinet Coll.; mag.'s clk., Fraserburg, Feb., 1889; Beaconsfield, Jan., 1890; examr. of aucts., C.O., Oct., 1892; civ. comsnnr.'s clk. and asst. mag., Barkly West, Dec., 1894; Aliwal North, May, 1895; Dordrecht, July, 1895; ch. clk. and paymr., Cape pol., Kimberley, Nov., 1897; asst. plague admstrn., Apr., 1901; asst. guardians fund, Mar., 1902; sub-comsnnr., war losses compensation coman., Aug., 1902; registrar, sup. ct., Eastern dists., Apr., 1904; civ. comsnnr., and res. mag., Murraysburg, Oct., 1907; Victoria West, Dec., 1910; ch. clk., dept. of just., Sept., 1917; civ. comsnnr., and mag., Uitenhage, Feb., 1923; East London, Feb., 1924.

JANSZ, HERBERT ERIC.—B. 1890; cadet, local division, Ceylon civ. ser., Sept., 1914; attached to Kandy Kachcheri, Sept., 1914; attached to Batticaloa Kach., Dec., 1914; addtl. pol. mag., Batticaloa, in addition to his own duties, Aug., 1915; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Batticaloa, Sept., 1915; office asst. to asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Jan., 1917; office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Jan. 1918; pol. mag., Kalutara, Mar., 1920; dist. judge, Ratnapura, Jan., 1921; addnl. dist. judge, Ariawella, in addn., Oct., 1927.

JARDINE, DOUGLAS JAMES, O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1888; ed. at Westminster and Trinity Coll.,

Cambridge; 2nd cls. classical trip., 1910; B.A., 1910; M.A., 1914; chief sec.'s off., Cyprus, 1910; priv. sec. to ag. high comsgr., July to Oct., 1911; asst. sec. to govt., 1912; ag. ch. asst. sec. on several occasions, 1912-16; passed in modern Greek, 1912; sec. to the admtn., Somaliland, 1916; accompanied mission to Abyssinia on occasion of coronation of the Empress Zauditu (3rd cls. Star of Ethiopia), 1917; in charge H.Q. services, Somaliland Expedy. Force, 1920 (A.U.S. med. and ment. in desp.); senr. asst. sec., Nigerian secretariat, 1921; ag. dep. ch. sec., 18th July to 11th Nov., 1925 and 11th June to 12th Aug., 1926; dep. ch. sec., Tanganyika Territory, 13th May, 1927; ag. ch. sec., 17th June, 1927; gov's. dep., 26th July to 3rd Aug. and 25th Sept. to 8th Oct., 1927; joint-editor "Handbook of Cyprus," 1913 and 1919.

JARDINE, GORDON MURRAY.—Ed. Marlborough Coll. and Clare Coll., Camb.; asst. dist. comsgr., Uganda, 1912; coy. commdr., 4th Batt. K.A.R., 1917-18; called to the bar (Inner Temple), 1919; dist. mag., Tanganyika Territory, 1919; ret. without taking up appt., 1920; dist. mag., Entebbe, Uganda, 1921.

JARRETT, NORMAN ROWLSTONE.—B. 1889; ed. Highgate and Exeter Coll., Oxford, 3rd cls. class. mods., 1910, 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1912; B.A., 1912; cadet, F.M.S., 1912; passed final exam. in Tamil, Apr., 1914; ag. asst. contrlr. of lab., Apr., 1914; passed exam. in law, July, 1914; ag. asst. dist. offr., Klang, Apr., 1915; ag. dist. offr., Klang, in addn., Nov., 1917; ag. dist. offr., K. Selangor, Aug., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Klang, Sept., 1920; dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Mar., 1921; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Apr., 1925; ag. asst. adviser, Kelantan, Dec., 1926.

JAYARATNE, MERENYA FRANCIS DE SILVA, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1904; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Feb. 1927; attd. Colombo cash., Mar., 1927.

JEBB, R. R. H., O.B.E. (1918).—B.A. (Oxon); B. 1882; asst. auditor, S. Leone, Jan., 1907; asst. auditor, E.A.P., Nov., 1909; asst. dist. comsgr., Somaliland Prot., 1915.

JEFF, CAPT. JOHN.—B. 1896; cadet, F.M.S., attd. Chinese prot., Ipoh, Apr., 1920; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Selangor, Jan., 1923; asst. prot., Chinese, Seremban, Dec., 1923; attd. cust. dept., Jan. 1925; ag. asst. dir., educn., (Chinese), Nov., 1926; offr., cls. IV., Apr., 1927.

JEFFERY, GEORGE, O.B.E. (1924), F.S.A.—Scholarship, R. Coll. of Art and Science, 1872; scholarship in architecture, R. Academy of London (1874); F.R.I.B.A., 1892; architect to Rt. Rev. Bishop in Jerusalem and the East, 1892; hon. corres. mem. of Imperial Institute of Archaeology of Russia, 1897; local sec. for Cyprus Society of Antiquaries; inspr. of pub. wks., Cyprus, 1898; curator of ancient monuments, Cyprus, 1903; author of "Summary of Architectural Monuments of Cyprus," and of several papers on the mediæval archaeology of Cyprus and Jerusalem.

JEFFRIES, CHARLES J.—B. 1896; ed. Malvern Coll.; class. demy., Magdalen Coll., Oxford, 1914; Wiltshire Regt., 1915-17; tempy. 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 27th Dec., 1917; apptd., under reconstruction scheme, 2nd cls. clk., June, 1919; sec., E. Africa land settmt. selection board, 1919; sec., tropical diseases research fund advisory comtee.; asst. sec., E. Africa currency board; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

JEFFRIES, CHARLES WILLIAM, F.R.A.S.—B. 1882; Computer, Royal Observatory, Green-

wich, 1897; junr. asst., Royal Observatory, Cape of Good Hope, 1902; 1st asst., Royal Observatory, Hong Kong, 1907; chief asst., ditto, 1912; ag. dir. in 1915, 1920, 1924 and 1925.

JEKYLL, LIEUT.-COL. SIR HERBERT, K.C.M.G. (1901), R.E., C.M.G. (1886).—B. 1846; lieut. R.E., Apr., 1866; employed under War Office and Trinity House in 1868 to 1870, and destruction of sunken ships, from submarine mining, and under G.P.O. in the telegraph dept., from 1870 to 1873, and 1874 to 1876; served in the campaign of 1873-74 on the G. Coast; priv. sec. to the Earl of Carnarvon, Jan., 1877, to Feb., 1878; sec. to the col. defence comtee., 1878; sec. to the roy. comen. on the defence of Br. possessions and commerce abroad, 1879-82; specially employed to visit and report on the defences of Singapore and Colombo, 1883-4; sec. col. defence comtee., 1885; priv. sec. to Lord Carnarvon, viceroy of Ireland, June, 1885, to Jan., 1886; sec. to roy. comen. for Melbourne centennial exhibn., 1888; priv. sec. to lord-lieut. of Ireland, 1892-5; sec. to the roy. comen. for the Paris exhibition, 1900.

JELF, ARTHUR SELBORNE, C.M.G. (1927).—B. 1876; ed. Marlborough and Exeter Coll., Oxford (exhr.). 2nd cls. class. mods., 1897; 3rd cls. lit. hum., 1899; B.A., 1899; M.A., 1913; cadet, F.M.S. civ. serv., 1899; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Jan., 1901; passed final exam. in Malay, May, 1901; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Selangor, Dec., 1903; asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Jan., 1905; ag. sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, March, 1905; ag. dist. offr., Pekan, Pahang, March, 1907; ag. asst. sec. to res., Perak, Oct., 1908; asst. general adviser to Johore govt. Jan., 1911; offr. of cls. IV., 1st Jan., 1912; ohmn., san. bil., Kinta, Perak, Apr., 1914 to Apr., 1917; 2nd lieut., M.S.V.R., 16th Sep., 1914; lieut., M.S.V.R., 20th Jan., 1915; seconded for mil. serv. (lieut., general list), Apr., 1917; offr. of cls. III., 12th Dec., 1917; tempy. capt., general staff, S. Stintia. command; attd. general staff, War Office (milit. intell.), Jan., 1918; H.M. Petroleum Executive (sec. to Lord Harcourt's comtee.), June, 1918; offr., cls. II., 1st June, 1919; ag. dist. offr., Larut, Perak, Nov., 1919; ag. under sec. to govt., F.M.S., June, 1920; dir., Malayan polit. intelligence bureau, cls. 1b, 8th Dec., 1921; mem., Br. Malaya opium comtee., Dec., 1923; ag. contr., lab., S.S. and F.M.S., Mar., 1924; pres. estates health comen., Apr., 1924 (recd. thanks of S. of S.); col sec., Jamaica, Oct., 1925; ag. gov., 6th Oct., 1925 to 27th April, 1926; lieut.-col., local forces, Oct., 1927.

JELLICOE, 1ST VISCOUNT, OF SCAPA (CREAT. 1918); SIR JOHN RUSHWORTH JELLICOE, O.M. (1916), G.C.B. (1915), G.C.V.O. (1916).—B. 1859; entd. navy, 1872; served in Egyptian war, 1882; China expeditionary force, 1900; European war, 1914-16; battle of Jutland; naval asst. to controller, 1901-3; dir. of naval ordnance, 1905-7; A.D.C. to King Edward VII., 1906-7; 3rd sea lord of the Admiralty and controller of the navy, 1908-10; comdr.-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, 1910-11, and of the Grand Fleet, 1914-16; 2nd sea lord of the Admiralty, 1912-14; 1st sea lord, 1916-17; admiral of the fleet, 1919; governor-general of New Zealand, 1920-1924; G.C. Legion of Honour, and Croix de Guerre (France); G.C. Order of Leopold, and Croix de Guerre (Belgium); St. George 3 (Russia); G.C.R.S. with Pavlownia (Japan); G.C. Savoia (Italy).

JENKINS, GEORGE FREDERICK.—Min. of agr. and asst. min. of repatriation, S. Australia, 3rd Nov., 1922.

JENKINS, REGINALD FREDERICK.—B. 1901; entered C.O., 30th Nov., 1916; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Oct., 1918; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; seconded to Empire Marketing bd., 1926; cler. offr., higher grade, 1st Feb., 1928.

JENKINS, SIDNEY THOMAS.—B. 1883; ed. St. Gabriel's, Bristol; large and small scale draughtsman, cadastral and topographical survr.; survr. draughtsman, Zanzibar, 1926.

JENKS, J. C. A.—Ed. Bristol Gram. Schl. and Angers, France; awarded Croix-de-Guerre (Palm) 1917; Order of Saint Stanislaus with Swords (2nd cls.), and ment. in desps., 1919; colonial audit serv., 1920; asst. audr., Kenya Colony, Apr., 1920; asst. audr. in charge, Zanzibar, Mar., 1923; senr. asst. audr. in charge, Jan., 1926; mem., retrenchment and rev. comtee., Zanzibar, 1927.

JENNER, FRANK.—B. 1878; served in Cape Mounted Rifles, Bechuansland campaign, 1896-97; S. African war, 1899-1901; sub-inspr., Basuto-land Mounted Pol., 1901; inspr., 1910; supt., leper stlmt., 1914; comanr., 1920.

JENNINGS, F. G.—Asst. dist. comanr., E.A.P., Apr., 1919.

JENYNS, ROGER SOAME.—B. 1904; ed. Eton and Magdalen Coll., Cambridge; cadet Hong Kong, 31st Dec., 1926.

JEPSON, ALWYN HALL.—B. 1878; ed. Mechanics Inst., Hyde; imperial postal telegraph service, 1893; S. African War, 1900-2 (medal and 5 bars); military telegraphs, Ceylon, 1903-6; acted as supt., military telegraphs, and instr. in telegraphy and telephony, Colombo; ag. overseer, Manchester, 1907; postmaster, Nyasaaland, 1907; supt., telephones, 1911; offr.-in-charge posts and telegraphs, Nyasaaland Field Force, 1914-17 (1914 Star, etc.); lieut., 1915; asst. postmaster-gen., 1915; ag. postmaster-gen., Apr. to June, 1917, Apr. to Dec., 1919 and from Mar., 1922 to Feb., 1923; postmr. gen., Feb., 1923.

JEPSON, FRANK PRICE.—B. 1885; F.E.S., M.A., Pembroke Coll., Camb.; exhibitioner, medallist, and diploma in agriculture (hons. in entomology), Wye Agric. Coll., Kent, 1906; trop. disease research fund student in med. entomology, Camb. Univ., 1907; assisted in investigation by L.G.B. on flies as carriers of infection, 1908 and 1909; govt. entomologist, Fiji, 1909; off. visits to Hawaii, 1911, Samoa, 1912, Java, 1913; asst. entomologist, Ceylon, 1919; ag. entomologist in addn., July, 1923 to Mar., 1924 and Oct. to Nov., 1925.

JERRAM, JAMES HAVELOCK.—B. 1879; ed. Thames High Schl. and Auckland Gram. Schl., N.Z.; ent. N.Z. state fire insurance office, 1906; asst. 1906; dep. gen. man., 1908; gen. man., 1923.

JERVOISE, RICHARD SOMERVILLE.—B. 1887; ed. Bradfield Coll. and Magdalen Coll., Oxford (hist. demy); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1911; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Mar., 1913; ag. asst. sec. to res., Perak, July, 1913; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Aug., 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., Bruss, Oct., 1914; asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, Jan., 1920; dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, July, 1920; ag. judge, high ct., Kelantan, 1921; dist. offr., Tampin, June, 1922; chmn., sany. bd., Larut, Jan., 1924; ag. dist. offr., Upper Perak, Apr., 1924; chmn., sany. bd., Larut, Oct., 1924; 1st mag. and regr., sup. ct., Johore Bharu, Oct., 1924; ag. asst. audr.-gen., F.M.S., May, 1925; ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, Aug., 1925.

JEWELL, M.—B. 1880; Apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to the C.O., Apr., 1899, conf. clk., 1911; depl. asst., 1st Apr., 1922.

JEWELL, NORMAN PARSONS.—M.C. (1917); M.D.; B.Ch.; B.A.O., Trin. Coll., Dub.; L.M., Rotunda, Dub.; B.A. (Moderator), Trin. Coll., Dub.; late anaesthetist, Dun's Hosp., Dub.; asst. med. offr., Seychelles, 1910; J.P., and chmn. local bds. of health, Praslin and La Digue; med. supt. of leper asylum; med. offr., E.A.P., 1915; senr. med. offr., Kenya, Feb., 1921; ag. surg. specialist, European hosp., Nairobi, 1926.

JOHNS, FRED, F.J.I.—B. 1868; ed. Cornwall, England; on Adelaide newspaper literary staffs from 1885 to 1914; leader of the first off. Hansard staff, S. Australian parlmnt. since July, 1914; author of "Johns's Notable Australians" (1906 and 1908), and of "Australasia's Prominent People," "Notables, Past and Present," "Who's Who in Australia" (seven editions), and "A Journalist's Jottings"; sec. of Adelaide branch of Royal Society of St. George, and hon. sec., Matthew Flinders National Statue, City of Adelaide; also hon. sec., Princess Mary wedding gift fund, S. Australia.

JOHNSON, D. O.—B. 1873; entd. Bahamas civ. ser., 1904; Out Island comanr. (3rd div.) 1909; 2nd div., 1910; 1st div., 1914.

JOHNSON, E. T.—Res. mag., E. Africa Prot., 1915; senr. res. mag., Kenya, Dec., 1922; ag. judge, 1924 and 1925.

JOHNSON, ELLEN M.—B. 1873; asst. clk., post office, 11th Sept., 1914; ch. clk., 1st Jan., 1924; ag. postmr., 16th May to 31st Oct., 1925; asst. postmr., 26th June, 1926.

JOHNSON, FREDERICK ENGLAND, A.F.I.A. (Australia).—B. 1878; served in S. African war, 1899-1901 (Queen's medal, 3 clasps); inspr. of native labourers, British residency, New Hebrides, 1908; in charge of acct. of British residency, 1909; ag. comdt. of British div. of native constab., 1908, 1910, 1912, and from 1914, in addition to other duties; is also a dep. comanr. of the high comanr.'s ct. for the W. Pacific, and ag. regisr. of high comanr.'s ct. in the New Hebrides; treas., and colnr. of cust., Br. Solomon Is., 25th Nov., 1909.

JOHNSON, CAPT. GEORGE BENJAMIN.—B. 1884; ed. Devonport and Cheltenham Training Coll. (dipl. educn.); Leicester Regt. and gen. staff, 1915-19; res. of offrs., T.A.; ag. vice-consul, Havre, 1920; headmr., Zanzibar educn. dept., 1920; ditto and inspr., schls., 1925; ag. dir., educn. in 1920-23 and 1925-26.

JOHNSON, GEORGE CUNYNGHAME.—B. 1875; 2nd clk., treasury, St. Kitts, Apr., 1894; 2nd clk. admrstr.'s office and clk. of legis. coun., Mar., 1896; clk. to admrstr. and clk. of couns., Jan., 1901; treas. and compt., cust., St. Kitts-Nevis, June, 1923; ag. admrstr., St. Kitts-Nevis, June, 1923; off. mem., exec. and legis. couns., St. Kitts-Nevis and off. mem., Fed. exec. coun.; censor, St. Kitts during the war; is a J.P. for St. Kitts-Nevis; ag. col. sec., Leeward Is. and admrstr. govt., Antigua, June, 1925; ag. comanr., Montserrat, Feb., 1927.

JOHNSON, JOHN COLEMAN DE GRAFT.—B. 1884; ed. Wesleyan Coll. Schl., Cape Coast; 5th grade clk., Ashanti, 1907; 4th grade clk., police dept., 1912; asst. inspr. W. and M., 1914; asst. sec. for native affrs. 23rd Mar., 1920.

JOHNSON, HON. SIR WILLIAM ELLIOT, K.C.M.G. (1920).—B. 1862; speaker of the H. of R., C. of A., 1913-14 and 1917-23.

JOHNSON, WILLIAM JOSEPH, O.B.E. (1927).—B. 1892; serv. in I.E.F., E. Africa, 1914-17; ment. in desps., 1917; transfd. to depot, 111th Mahars, India, 1917; offr. in charge, clearing house, office of field contr. of milly. accts., E.E.F., Cairo, 1918; major, ch. accts. offr., O.E.T. admstrn., Palestine, 1919; treas., Palestine civ. admstrn., 1st July, 1920; dep. treas. on abolition of post. of finan. sec., May, 1922; ag. treas. and mem. exec. and advisory couns., June to Sept., 1923, June to Sept., 1924, Jan., Apr. and May, 1925 and May to Sept., 1926; mem., comtee. on pub. security forces, 1923; mem., comtee. on establishment of permanent and pensionable cadre for gen. clerical serv., 1925; mem., road bd., 1926.

JOHNSTON, ALEXANDER.—B. 1867; ed. at pub. schls., and St. Francis Xavier Coll., Antigonish, Nova Scotia; entd. local legis. of Nova Scotia, April, 1897, as repres. for Cape Breton Co., Nova Scotia; resig., 1900; elec. to H. of C., 1900; re-elec., 1904; dep. min. marine and fisheries of Canada, June, 1910.

JOHNSTON, H. LINDSAY.—Govt. statist, S. Australia, 1916.

JOHNSTON, JOHN ROOKE.—B. 1894; ed. St. Ninians, Moffat and St. Bees Schls. and Sandhurst; 2nd lieut., The Black Watch, 23rd Dec., 1917; seconded to 2/1st K.A.R., 23rd Dec., 1920; adminis. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 12th Sept., 1923.

JOHNSTON, REGINALD FLEMING, C.B.E. (1918).—B. 1874; M.A. Magdalen Coll., Oxford (1901); Gray prizeman, Edin. Univ., 1894; prox. acc. Lord Rector's essay, Edin.; hors. in English lit., mod. hist. and constitutional law, Edin.; exhibr., Magd. Coll., Oxford, 1894; ment., *hon. causa* Stanhope Essay, 1898; B.A., 1898; cadet, Hong Kong, 1898; ag. clk. of couns., 1899; pvte. sec. to gov., 1900-01; ag. asst. col. sec., 1900-04; J.P., June, 1902; sec. to gov., Weihaiwei, 1904; dist. offr. and mag., ditto, 1906; seconded for serv. as tutor to Manchu Emperor (ex-Emperor of China), 1919-26; reed. from Emperor button of highest offl. grade and sable robe, 1922; warden, Summer Palace, Peking, 1924; brought Emperor into safety in legation quarter, Peking, Nov., 1924; sec., Br. China indemnity delegation, 1926; comsnnr., Weihaiwei, 1927.

JOHNSTONE, ANGUS COLIN DUNCAN.—B. 1889; ed. Trin. Coll., Glenalmond, and in Germany; passed Army entrance exam., R.M.C., Sandhurst, 1906; higher grade staff, G. Cent. Rly., 1909-12; served, Balkan War, with Br. Red Cross Unit attd. Turkish Forces, 1912-13; lieut., 5th (Res.) Batt. West Yorks Regt. (T.), Nov., 1914 to Apr., 1915; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 10th Sept., 1913; lieut., W.A.F.F., and attd. Gold Coast Regt., 23rd Apr., 1915; seconded Br. Forces, Togoland, May, 1915; offr., cls. II., polit. serv., 1st Jan., 1920; dist. comsnnr., Ashanti Akim, 2nd Sept., 1922.

JOHNSTONE, BANNER CARRUTHERS.—B. 1882; ed. Eton and Trin. Coll., Camb.; B.A. (Cantab.); passed R.G.S. survey course, 1908; asst. supt., surveys, Ceylon, 21st Oct., 1909; asst. collr. (afterwards asst. dist. comsnnr.), Zanzibar Prot., 23rd Apr., 1913; ag. 1st asst. sec. and clk. of coun., 16th Nov., 1914 to 11th June, 1915; ch. land stlmnt. offr., 1st Jan., 1916; seconded for active serv. in German East Africa, 13th Aug., 1916; on mil. serv., France, 30th Oct., 1916 to 7th Mar., 1919; ag. dist. comsnnr., Pemba, 21st July, 1919 to 25th Apr., 1920; dist. comsnnr., Pemba, 24th Nov., 1921; ag. senr. comsnnr., 23rd Aug., 1924 to 22nd Feb., 1925; 3rd cls. Order of the

Brilliant Star of Zanzibar, 1920; ag. senr. comsnnr. from 26th Oct., 1926 to 17th Apr., 1927; mem., leg. coun.

JOHNSTONE, JAMES MONTAGUE CHOLMELEY.—Ent. prison dept. (England and Wales), Aug., 1921; dep. asst. supt., prisons, Trinidad, 1924; asst. supt., 1927.

JOHNSTONE, JOHN WILKIE.—B. 1884; solr., England, 1906; asst. polit. offr., G.E.A. (Tanganyika Territory), Nov., 1918; ag. mag., Apr., 1919 to Feb., 1921; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 1924.

JOHNSTONE, SIR ROBERT STEWART, KT. BACH. (1915).—Ed. at Trin. Coll., Dublin; B.A. (honors and medal in history and political science), 1882; LL.B., 1884; M.A., 1895; Holt scholar, Gray's Inn, 1885; called to the Irish bar 1886; called to the bar at Gray's Inn, Jan., 1889; lieut., 3rd (Militia) Batt. Manchester Regt., 1883; capt., 1887; dist. comsnnr., Lagos, 1889; served on Lagos and Porto Novo boundary coman., 1890; stip. and circuit mag. and judge of ct. of com. pleas, Bahamas, Jan., 1894; ag. atty.-gen., Aug. to Nov., 1902; ch. just., Grenada, 1909; ret., 1914.

JOMARON, ADOLPH CHARLES.—B. 1893; ed. at University Coll. Schl. and Corpus Christi Coll., Camb. (class. schol.)—B.A. 1920; 2nd lieut., R.F.A., 1914; lieut., 1915; capt., 1917; ag. major, 1918; wounded, 1916; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1920, attd. to asst. adviser's office, Muar, Johore; 2nd asst. adviser, Muar, Johore, Jan., 1922; passed cadet, June, 1922; offr., cls. V., June, 1922; seconded for serv. in Kelantan as ag. dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, July, 1923; ag. supt., lands, Kelantan, asst. state audr., chmn., conservancy bd., Kkota Bharu and coroner, June, 1924; offr., cls. IV., June, 1925; 3rd asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Nov., 1925.

JONES, CHARLES BENJAMIN.—B. 1882; 6th cls. clk. treasury dept., S. Nigeria, 1905; 5th cls. clk., 1906; 4th cls. clk., div. comsnnr.'s off., Bonny, 1906; prov. comsnnr.'s off., E. Prov., 1906; 2nd cls. clk., Jan., 1907; head clk., sol.-gen.'s off., E. Prov., Sept., 1909; 1st cls. clk., Jan., 1912.

JONES, CHARLES ERNEST.—B. 1892; B.A., B.Sc., Lond.; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1914; attd. to Kegalla Kaachcheri, Dec., 1914; Ratnapura Kaach., Apr., 1915; Kegalla Kaachcheri, Jan., 1916; censor's off., Apr., 1916; on mily. duty, 1918; returned to censor's off., June, 1919; pol. mag., Matara, July, 1919; sec., retrenchment comsnn., Jan., 1922; adndl. asst. dir., educn., Dec., 19'3; dist. judge, N'Elia, Apr., 1925; asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Nov., 1925.

JONES, FREDERICK JAMES, M.V.O. (1927), I.S.O. (1927), A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1874; ed. State schl., Otago Boys High Schl. and Canterbury Univ. Coll., N.Z.; entd. New Zealand govt. rly. serv., 1889; dist. engrn., 1901; ch. engrn., Feb., 1924; chmn., rlys. bd., Dec., 1924.

JONES, G. A.—B. 1889; appt., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to the C.O., Dec., 1907; asst. sec. to Oversea Prize Disposal Comtee., Mar., 1917; ag. sec. to ditto, Jan., 1918; promoted, under O.-in-C. of 1910, 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 14th Mar., 1919; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

JONES, GWILYM ARTHUR.—Agric. diploma, Univ. Coll., Bangor, N. Wales, with 1st cls. in agric.; awarded Wm. Griffith prize, 1906-8; holder of certif. in forestry; ag. agric. and science master, Antigua gram. sch., 1909; asst. curator, botanic gardens, Dominica, Aug., 1909; in charge of agric. sch., Dominica, Aug., 1909, to Jan., 1910; asst. sec. to permanent exhibitn. comtee., 1909; ag. curator, botanic gardens, Dominica,

1913; chemist, agric. dept., Dominica, Apr., 1915, and a director of the Victoria museum, 1915.

JONES, HAROLD W. J.—B. 1877; ed. Berkamstead and London; asst. engr., P.W.D., F.M.S., Apr., 1901; ex. engr., grade III, Nov., 1900; ditto, grade II, Jan., 1913; sen. ex. engr., 1923.

JONES, LLEWELLYN A. F.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., 18th Dec., 1908; junr. asst. sec., Feb., 1912; priv. sec. to gov., 1915; dist. comsnnr., June, 1916; ag. senr. comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

JONES, MALCOLM LUDLOW, O.B.E. (1919).—Served at Bd. of Trade (Labour Dept.), 1897-1901; chief clk., Emigrants' Information Office, 1901; visited Canada on behalf of E.I.O., 1907; chief clk., Oversea Settlement Office, 1919.

JONES, NELSON.—B. 1895; ed. Glasgow Univ.; comsnnr., Cameron Highrs., 1915; M.C., Apr., 1917; bar, June, 1918; capt., July, 1918; discharged on account of wounds, Apr., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., Oct., 1919; asst. contr. of lab., Penang, Mar., 1920; asst. contr. of lab., K. Lumpur, May, 1921; on sp. duty in cust. dept. in connection with toddy shops, July, 1922; 2nd lieut., M.V.I., Nov., 1922; attd. to dist. office, Klang, to act as 1st cls. mag., 1923; ag. asst. dist. off., Ulu Langat, July, 1924; 3rd mag., Singapore, July, 1924; ag. dep. contr., lab., Kuala Lumpur, May, 1925; ag. dep. contr., lab., Penang, July, 1925; ag. dep. contr., lab., Kedah, Jan., 1926.

JONES, PERCY SYDNEY TWENTYMAN.—B. 1876; ed. at Diocesan Coll., Rondebosch; White prize for classics; Archbishop's Greek testament prize; B.A., Cape, 1896; LL.B., Cape, 1898; called to bar, Aug., 1898; took silk, 1924; edited "Liquor Laws of Cape," and jointly with H. O. Buckle "Magistrates' Court Practice of S.A."; judge, Aug., 1926.

JONES, ROBERT NOBLE.—B. 1864; barrister and solr., N.Z., 1890; judge, native land ct. and dist. land regr., 1903; chief judge, native land ct., 1919; under sec. native dept., 1922.

JONES, SAMUEL BENJAMIN, M.B.E. (1924), M.A. (Durh.), B.A. (Lond.), Inter. LL.B. Exam. (Lond.), L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., (Edin.), L.R.F.P.S. (Glasg.)—B. 1874; ed. Antigua Gram. Schl.; med. offr., and mag., Anguilla, 1918; thanked by exec. coun. of St. Kitts for checking outbreak of small pox in Anguilla, 1921; med. offr., dist. No. 2, St. Kitts, 1924.

JONES, STANLEY WILSON.—B. 1888; B.A. (Manchester), 1st cls. hon. hist. (1908); cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1911; ag. asst. dist. offr., Pekan, June, 1912; passed cadet, Dec., 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Nov., 1914; offr., cls. V, Dec., 1914; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuantan, Mar., 1916; asst. dist. offr., Pekan, Aug., 1917, asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, June, 1918; offr., cls. IV, Jan., 1919; dist. offr., Jelebu; Jan. 1920; dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, May, 1920; ag. dist. offr., Klang, Aug., 1923; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, Sept., 1923; local examr. in law and Malay, Nov., 1923; offr., cls. III, Dec., 1923; attd. to federal secretariat on sp. duty, Aug., 1924; local examr. in Malay, Selangor, Sept., 1924.

JONES, WILLIAM JOHN ANDREW, B.A. (Oxford).—B. 1889; ed. Jesus Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 26th Mar., 1913; dist. comsnnr., 18th Dec., 1918; dep. prov. comsnnr., 3rd Jan., 1924.

JONES, W. PATRICK.—Impl. service, 1891 to 1902; clk., treasury, Transvaal, 18th Mar., 1902;

priv. sec. to col. treas., Apr., 1903; principal clk., treasury, 1st July, 1904; principal clk., dept. of finance, U. of S. Africa, 1910; chief clk., treasury, Union of S. Africa, 1st Aug., 1912; chief clk. and acctnt., in rev. dept., Mar., 1917; ch. surr. of rev., 1st Nov., 1921; recr. rev., Johannesburg, Dec., 1923.

JONES BATEMAN, REGINALD.—B. 1894; on mil. serv., Sept., 1914; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1919; attached to Kurunegala Kach., Dec., 1919; office asst. to supt. of census and dir. of statistics, Oct., 1921; pol. mag., Jaffna, Oct., 1924; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Nov., 1924; asst. govt. agt., Kandy, Dec., 1926; asst. attmt. offr., Aug., 1927.

JORDAN, ARTHUR BENJAMIN.—B. 1890; ed. Nottingham High Schl., and Jesus Coll., Oxford (class. exhib.).—B.A., Oxon., 1913; cadet, F.M.S., 28th Nov., 1913; passed final exam. in Cantonese, 26th Apr., 1916; ag. asst. contr. of lab., K. Lumpur, 6th June, 1916; 2nd lieut., Malayan Vol. Infy., 6th Dec., 1916; passed F.M.S. govt. exam. in law, and passed cadet, 20th Dec., 1916; offr., cls. V, offg. as asst. contr. of lab., K. Lumpur, 26th Dec., 1916; ag. prot. of Chinese, Perak, 30th Nov., 1917; asst. contr. of lab., K. Lumpur, 15th Jan., 1918; lieut., Malayan Vol. Infy., 6th Dec., 1918; asst. dist. offr., Raub (Bentong), 28th Feb., 1919; offr., cls. IV, 28th Nov., 1920; asst. prot. of Chinese, Negri Sembilan, 15th Apr., 1921; ag. prot., Chinese, Perak, Dec., 1923; ag. prot., Chinese, Selangor and Pahang, Apr., 1925; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1925.

JORDAN, A. H.—B. 1903; ent. C.O., 17th Mar., 1919; cler. offr., 14th Oct., 1921.

JOY, GEORGE ANDREW.—B. 1896; ed. St. Francis Xavier's Coll., Bruges; ent. Army, 1914; served in Belgium and France, 1915 and 1916; Palestine and Syria, 1917-18; staff. gen. headqrs., Egypt and Palestine, 1919-20; S.W. Arabia, 1921 to 1923; ment. in desps., lieut., B.A.R.O., Feb., 1919; asst. to res. comsnnr., New Hebrides, Aug., 1924; dep. comsnnr., W. Pacific, 24th July, 1926; ag. Br. res. comsnnr., 18th Aug., 1927.

JOYCE, G. F. W. C.—B. 1897; ent. E.L.O., June, 1912; asst. clk., Jan., 1915; on mil. serv., Sept., 1914 to Apr., 1919; cler. offr., O.S.O., 1st Jan., 1920.

JOYCE, BREVET LIEUT.-COL. PIERCE CHARLES, C.B.E. (1920), D.S.O. (1918).—B. 1878; ed. Beaumont Coll., Old Windsor; joined 1st Batt. The Connaught Rangers, 1900; serv. S. African War, 1900-02 (severely wounded, Queen's Med. with 3 clasps, King's Med. with 2 clasps); attd., Egyptian Army, 1907-16 (Egyptian Med. with clasp, 4th cls. Order of the Medjidieh, 4th cls. Order of the Nile); European War, 1915 (Gallipoli); Arab campaign against the Turks, 1916-18; mil. advr. to Amir Faisal, 1917 (ment. in desps. five times, brevet of lieut.-col., C.B.E., D.S.O., Croix d'Officier, Legion of Honour, Arabian Order of the Nakhbah, 2nd cls.); gov., E. and S. Desert Provs., Egypt, 1920; mil. adviser to Iraq Govt., Mar., 1921.

JOYNT, HENRY RAYMOND, B.A.—B. 1888; ed. Bradfield, and Balliol Coll., Oxon. (math. schol.); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1911; ag. 2nd asst. contr. of lab., Penang, Mar., 1913; ag. asst. contr. of lab., K. Lumpur, Apr., 1914; passed cadet, July, 1914; ag. rev. audr., Sel., N. Sembilan and Phg., June, 1918; dist. offr., K. Langat, Nov., 1919; dep. contr. of lab., Seremban, Mar., 1921; agt. to food contr., N. Sembilan in addn., Apr. to July, 1921; ag. dep. contr., lab., Penang, Nov., 1921; ag. contr., lab., in addition, Apr., 1922 on sp.

duty, rubber census office, Kuala Lumpur, June, 1922; ag. 2nd asst. sec., govt. of F.M.S., Nov., 1923; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1923; second asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Nov., 1923; ag. mag., Kuala Lumpur, Sept., 1927.

JUST, SIR HARTMANN W., K.C.M.G. (1911), C.B. (1902), C.M.G. (1900), B.A. (1877).—B. 1864; appointed, after compet. exam., clk. in office of sec. of state for the col., 3rd June, 1878; ed. at Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford; was an open scholar on the foundation; 1st class in classical mods., 1874; Taylorian exhibitioner for German, 1876; 2nd class in final classical school, 1877; asst. priv. sec. to the late Earl of Derby, 6th Feb., 1883, to Col. F. A. Stanley (now Earl of Derby), 24th June, 1885, and to Mr. Stanhope, 3rd Aug., 1886; priv. sec. to Mr. Osborne Morgan, 6th Feb. to 3rd Aug., 1886; asst. priv. sec. to Sir H. Holland (afterwards Viscount Knutsford), 12th Jan., 1887, and to the Marquess of Ripon, 17th Aug., 1892; asst. sec. to the col. confce., 1887; 1st class clk., Apr., 1895; prin. clk., Mar., 1897; accompanied Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain on his visit to S. Africa, 1902-3; asst. under-sec. of state, Jan., 1907; jt. sec. to Imp. Confce., 1907; sec. to Imp. Confce. on naval and mil. defence, 1909; visited Canada, 1910; also Australia and New Zealand, 1914; permanent sec. to Imp. Confce; regisr. of the Order of St. Michael and St. George; represented C.O. on advisory comtee. of comml. intell., B. of T.; retired, 1916.

JUTA, CARL WILHELM THALMAN BICCARD.—B. 1872; ed. at S.A. Coll., Cape Town; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1898; advoc., sup. ct., 1899; state atty.'s office, Transvaal, 1899; ch. clk., Transvaal patent office, 1902; asst. regisr., companies, 1904; comsnr., patents and regisr., companies, Transvaal, 1908; regisr., patents, designs, trade marks, copyright, Union of S. Africa, 1st Jan., 1917; del. to Empire patent confce., 1922; regisr. of companies for Union of S. Africa, 1st Jan., 1927.

KANE, RICHARD RUTLEDGE, M.C. (1916), Bar (1917).—B. 1877; ed. Royal Arty. Inst., Belfast and Portora Royal Schl., Enniskillen; served Bechuanaaland Field Force, 1896-7 (S. African Gen. Serv. Med. with Bech. clasp); cadet, Fiji, Apr., 1899; clk. to stip. mag., Ba, Apr., 1901; inspr. of stock, Mar., 1905; stip. mag., Fiji, Jan., 1906; ag. stip. mag. and asst. native comsnr., Kaduva, Jan., 1906; ag. stip. mag., Ba, Apr., 1906 and Jan., 1908; ag. sub-inspr., constab., Jan., 1907; asst. stip. mag., Lautoka, Jan., 1909; assigned dist. of Nadi, Jan., 1909; 2nd grade mag., Jan., 1910; mag., Ba, Feb., 1910; ag. stip. mag., Levuka, and comsnr., Lomaiviti, Mar., 1913; dist. comsnr., Ba, Jan., 1914; 1st grade dist. comsnr., July, 1915; proceeded on mil. serv., Aug., 1915; resumed duty, May, 1919; mag., dist. of Rewa, May, 1919; prov. comsnr., Naitasiri (conj.), May, 1919; dist. comsnr., Tailevu, May, 1919; nom. mem. leg. council, Fiji, June, 1919; spec. comsnr., N.W. Vitilevu, during Indian strike, Feb.-Mar., 1921; ment. by gov. in council for work in connection with strike, Apr., 1921; ag. res. comsnr., Br. Solomon Is., Apr., 1921; dep. comsnr., W. Pacific, Apr., 1921; res. comsnr., Br. Sol. Is., Sept., 1921; judl. comsnr., W. Pacific, 26th July, 1922.

KANNANGARA, EDWARD WILMOT.—B. 1894; B.A., Lond.; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., local divn., Aug., 1919; attached to Kandy Kach., Aug., 1919; attached to Batticaloa Kach., Jan., 1920; ag. adnl. pol. mag., Colombo, Ngombo and Avissawella,

May, 1921; pol. mag., Avissawella Mar., 1923; ditto, Jaffna, Nov., 1924; ditto, Balapitiya, June, 1926.

KANTAWALA, MOHAN HARGOVINDAS.—B. 1890; B.A., Cantab.; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Jan., 1915; attached to Anuradhapura Kach., Feb., 1915; addtl. pol. mag., Anuradhapura, in addition to his own duties, July, 1915; addtl. pol. mag. and addtl. mun. mag., Colombo, July, 1917; pol. mag., Avissawella, Mar., 1918; office asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Oct., 1919; pol. mag., Ngombo, Jan., 1921; ditto, Panadura, June, 1923; ditto, Pt. Pedro, Nov., 1924; ag. dist. judge, Matara, May, 1927.

KAUFMANN, HILARY PILKINGTON.—B. 1892; on. mil. serv., Aug., 1915; cadet, Ceylon, Apr., 1920; attd. to Jaffna Kachcheri, June, 1920; ag. office asst. to govt. agt. N. Prov., May, 1921; pol. mag., Balapitiya, Nov., 1922; dep. rubber contr., Nov., 1923; pol. mag., Kandy, Feb., 1925; pol. mag., Colombo, Dec., 1926.

KAUNTZE, W. H.—Bacteriologist and pathologist, E. Africa Prot., Jan., 1919.

KEARNEY, G.—Asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Dec., 1923.

KEATINGE, WILLIAM MAYBURY, B.A., LL.D.—B. 1879; ed. Monmouth Gram. Schl. and Trinity Coll., Dublin (Jellett prizeman); B.A., LL.B. (1900); LL.D. (1903); solr., 1904; admstr.-gen., regisr. of deeds, and sec., Wafk comsn., Zanzibar, 30th Mar., 1915; joint custodian of enemy property and liquidator of enemy firms, Nov., 1915; offl. trustee, 1919; contr., local clearing office, Nov., 1920; regisr.-gen., pub. trustee and offl. recr., Kenya, June, 1924.

KEAY, DAVID DORG.—Clk., Natal govt. rlys., 1901-2; clk., law dept., Transvaal, Mar., 1902; ag. ch. clk., admstr. branch, atty.-gen.'s off., Nov., 1903; ch. clk., July, 1904; chief clk., dept. of just., 1st Apl., 1912; under sec. for justice, Nov., 1917.

KEET, JOHAN DIEDERIK MOHR.—Asst. dist. forest offr., working plans, eastern conservancy, Jan., 1908; asst. dist. forest offr., Keiskama Hoek, Jan., 1909; ag. dist. forest offr., Keiskama Hoek, Jan., 1914; ag. dist. forest offr., Knysna, Nov., 1915; dist. forest offr., Knysna, Apr., 1917; conservator of forests, Transvaal, Mar., 1923.

KEIR, A., M.A., U.D.A.—B. 1884; ed. Fordyce Acad. and Aberdeen University; M.A. (Aberdeen), 1905; diploma, agr., Cambridge Univ., 1913; educ. dept., S.S. and F.M.S., 1906; inspr., schls., Selangor, 1911; head, Malay training coll., Matang, 1913; inspr., schls., Perak, 1920; repd. British Malaya at Imp. confce. on educn., 1923; ch. inspr., English schls., S.S. and F.M.S., Dec., 1923-Sept., 1924; inspr., schls., Perak, Sept., 1924.

KEITH-ROACH, EDWARD, O.B.E. (1927).—B. 1885; ed. privately; 2nd lieut., 7th Lanca. Fusils., Aug., 1914; capt., Nov., 1914; major, July, 1915; seconded, gen. staff, G.H.Q., E.E.F., July, 1915; Bimbashi, Egyptian Army, May, 1916; intell. offr., Sudan govt., May, 1916; inspr., Port Sudan, Aug., 1916; Darfur Expedn. and first inspr., Umkedada, Darfur, Oct., 1916 (Sudan Med. and Bar); 2nd cls. mag., 1916; dist. comsnr., Eastern Darfur, Jan., 1917; passed Sudan govt. Arabic exam., 1917; 1st cls. mag., June, 1917; pub. cust., enemy property in Palestine, under occupied enemy territory adminstrn., Dec., 1919; 1st asst. sec., Palestine govt., 11th Oct., 1920; lent to C.O. by Palestine govt. and ag. prin., Feb., 1924 to Feb., 1925; Eq. of the Order of St. John

of Jerusalem; asst. dist. comsgr., N. dist., 1st Oct., 1925; publications, "Darfur, a Province of the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan," joint editor, "Handbook of Palestine, 1922."

KELLAGHER, GEORGE BANNERMAN.—B. 1889; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1919; cadet, S.S., 1913; attd. res. councillor's office, Penang, Dec., 1913; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, Feb. to Mar., 1914; attd. G.P.O., Singapore, May, 1914; ag. 4th mag. and asst. dist. judge, Nov., 1914; passed cadet, Feb., 1917; supernmy. offr., cls. V., Feb., 1917; on mil. serv., Apr., 1917; 2nd lieut., R.E., Dec., 1917; B.E.F., France, Apr., 1918; wounded Oct., 1918; lieut., R.E., June, 1919; demob., Feb., 1920; supernmy. offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1920; ag. asst. offr. assignee, Singapore, Apr., 1921.

KELLY, SIR HENRY GREENE, KT. BACH. (1906).—Ed. Trin. Coll., Dub.; honorman and prizeman in hist. and political science; B.A. and LL.B.; called to the bar, King's Inn, Dub., Mich. Term, 1884; apptd. a puisne judge in the Niger Territories, 1891; acted on several occasions as chief justice; chief justice, 1899; chief justice of Southern Nigeria, 1900; ret., 10th Feb., 1908.

KELLY, HON. HUGH THOMAS.—B. 1858; ed. St. Michael's Coll., Toronto, and Toronto Univ.; called to the bar, 1886; K.C., 1908; pres., York Co. Law Assoc., 1910 and 1911; chmn., Toronto pub. lib. bd. for 3 years; a gov. of Toronto Univ., 1906-1912; judge of high ct. of Ontario, 1911.

KELLY, PERCY JAMES.—B. 1876; M.B., Ch. B., Glasgow, 1906; house surg., W. Kent general hosp., Maidstone, 1907-8; employed by govt. of Bengal on famine duty, 1907; certif. Lond. schl. of trop. med., 1908; apptd. to W. African med. serv., G. Coast, 1908; med. offr., Hong Kong, 1910; med. offr. to Victoria gaol and visiting med. offr. to Tung Wa hospital; med. offr. in charge of infectious diseases hosp., Kennedy Town; registrar, med. coll., Ceylon, 1912; on military duty, 1915-1918; surg. gen., B. Guiana, 1922.

KELLY, ROBERT ALSOP.—B. 1881; ed. George Heriots Schl., Edinburgh; clk., inland rev., 1898; S.A. war, 1900-02 (Queen's med., 5 clasps); asst. acont., N. Rhodesia, 1911; assist. audr., 1913; ag. audr., 1914-15 and in 1919; lieut., N.R. Rifles, 1916; ag. adjt., 1917-18; dep. treas., N. Rhodesia, 1921; ag. treas., 1922; ag. treas. and mem., exec. coun., 1925 and 1927.

KELSICK, OSCAR RICHARDSON.—Ag. cashier, savings bank, Antigua, 21st Aug., 1906; apptd. as ditto, 16th Jan., 1908; ag. acontnt., savings bank, 16th Jan., 1908; apptd. as ditto, 1st Sept., 1908; ag. acontnt., treas., 1st May to 4th Aug., 1909; junr. audit clk., 12th June, 1909; ag. govt. offr. (acontnt.), treas., Dominica, 16th Apl. to 31st Aug., 1910; ag. chief audit clk. and federal acontnt., Dec., 1914 to Feb., 1915, and May to July, 1915; 3rd customs offr., treas., Antigua, 1st Apl., 1915; clk. to treasurer; clk. to postmaster, cashier and acontnt., savings bank, clk. to exec. coun., Virgin Is., 21st July, 1915; asst. treas., collr., cust., postmr., etc., Montserrat, 14th Apr., 1924; mem., leg. coun., Montserrat, 25th July, 1924; J.P., 14th Nov., 1924.

KEMP, HON. SIR ALBERT EDWARD, K.C.M.G. (1917).—B. 1858; ed. Public Schl., Clarenceville, Quebec and Lacolle Acad.; pres. of Canadian Manufacturers' Assocn., 1896 and 1896; pres. of board of trade of the City of Toronto 1899 and 1900; elec. to H. of C., Canada, 1900; re-elec., 1904, 1911 and 1917; mem. of the Privy Council for Canada and min. without portfolio in Sir

Robert Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; min. of militia and defence, Nov., 1916; min. of overseas military forces, Oct., 1917; called to senate, Nov., 1921.

KEMP, GEN. THE HON. JAN C. G.—M.L.A., Union of S. Africa since 1920; min. of agr., 30th June, 1924.

KEMP, SIR JOSEPH HOESFORD, KT. BACH. (1927), C.B.E. (1918), K.C. (1918).—B. 184; B.A., Cape Univ.; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn; cadet, Hong Kong, 1898; land office work, New Territory, 1899; registrar, land court, 1900; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1900 to 1904; ag. 1st pol. mag., 1904; asst. sec., sanitary bd., 1904; deputy-regisr. and appraiser, sup. ct., 1904; ag. registrar, sup. ct., offl. admsr., offl. trustee, and regisr. of companies, 1907; ag. offl. recr. in bank, Apl., 1907, to Apl., 1908; ag. 1st pol. mag., 1908 to 1909; head of san. dept., 1908; regisr., sup. ct., offl. admsr., offl. trustee, and regisr. of companies, 1909; crown solr., 1911; ag. puisne judge, 1913; ag. atty.-gen., 1914; atty.-gen., 1915.

KEMP, JOHN TURNBULL.—B. 1892; ed. Chris Coll., Brecon, and Exeter Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Oxon.); war service, E. Africa 1917-18; passed progress exam. in Temne; asst. dist. comsgr., Sierra Leone, 15th Jan., 1915.

KEMPE, SIR JOHN ARROW, K.C.B. (1910), C.B. (1900), B.A.—B. 1846; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Trin. Coll., Camb.; clk., treasr., 1867; priv. sec. to chancr. of excheqr., 1874-80, to Sir R. Lingen, 1880-81, to Lord F. Cavendish, 1881; mem. of coms. on agric. and dairy schls., 1887-88; prin. clk., treasr., 1888; dep. chmn., bd. of est., 1894; mem. of royal coms. on elec. commun. with lighthouses and light vessels, 1892-97; asst. comptlr. and auditor, 1904; comptlr. and auditor-gen., 1905; hon. auditor of certain crown colonies and protectorates, ag. on behalf of S. of S. for the cols.; retired, 1911.

KEMPE, JOHN ERSKINE.—B. 1888; ed. Radley Coll. and University Coll., Oxford (2nd cla. hon. sch. mod. hist.); B.A., 1910; cadet, F.M.S., 1911; passed final exam., Malay, May, 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., K. Kangsar, Oct., 1912; asst. dist. offr., K. Kangsar, Feb., 1915; ag. 2nd mag. K. Lumpur, Mar., 1918; offr., cls. IV, 1st Jan., 1919; dist. offr., Pekan, Feb., 1919; 2nd lieut., M.V.I., Pahang, Apr., 1919; seconded for serv. as ag. comsgr., lands, Trengganu, Feb., 1923; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1923.

KENNAN, MYLES.—B. 1894; clk., Basutoland, 1913; war serv., 1915-18; sub-inspr., Basutoland mounted pol., 1926.

KENNAN, THOMAS BRERETON, M.C.—B. 1891; cler. asst., Basutoland, 1910; sub-inspr., pol., 1913; inspr., 1919; served in European War.

KENNEDY, F.—B. 1899; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Apl., 1917; passed London matric., June, 1917; on mil. service from 17th Sept., 1917, to 16th March, 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

KENNEDY-SKIPTON, GEORGE STACY.—B. 1898; ed. Sherborne and Trinity Coll., Dublin; 1st class schl., 1919; triple senr. mod., 1920-21; cadet, Hong Kong, Dec., 1921; asst. head, sany. dept. and sec., sany. bd., 1924; asst. sec., Chinese affrs., 1926; asst. supt., impts. and expts., 1926.

KENNEDY, W.—Vet. offr., E.A.P., May, 1910; dep. chief vet. offr., Aug., 1914; ch. vet. offr., Kenya, Apr., 1921.

KENT, HON. JAS. M.—K.C., B.A.; M.H.A. Newfoundland, 1904; mem. of exec. coun. and min. of just., 1907; judge, supreme ct., 1916.

KENWORTHY, MAJOR H. R.E. (ret.), O.B.E.—B. 1873; ed. privately; mech. and civ. engr., specialising in land reclamation and irrig., anti-malarial drainage; serv. in France, Belgium and Italy, 1915-20 (twice ment. in despatch, chevalier of the Crown of Italy); C.R.E., Toronto; tech. adviser, isoposal bd.; lent to Italian Genio Marina for anti-malarial reclamation and drainage; supt., P.W.D., Seychelles, 1921.

KERMACK, STUART GRACE, M.A., LL.B.—B. 1888; advoc.; coman. in R.F.A. (T.F.), 1910-9; serv. in Gallipoli and Egypt, 1915-18; dist. judge, Sudan, 1918; govt. advoc. and registrar of companies and industrial property, Palestine, 1920.

KERR, DAVID IRVINE.—B. 1878; clk. to pol. neg., Grenada, 1899; rev. offr. (various grades) 1902-15; 2nd clk., treas., 1918; ch. rev. offr., 1919; ag. ch. of pol., 1920 and 1924; ch. clk., P.W.D., 1921; supt., of prisons and recorder of meteorological obsns., 1922; seconded for war service (Egypt and E. Africa), 1915-19; J.P., 1919.

KERR-PEARSE, MAJOR B. A. T. (formerly 11th Brigade).—B. 1871; A.D.C. to gov.-gen. of Australia (Lord Northcote), 1905-07; priv. sec. o. gov. of West Australia (Sir G. Strickland), 1909-12; priv. sec. to gov. of Tasmania (Rt. Hon. Sir W. Ellison-Macartney), 1913-15; priv. sec. to gov.-gen. of Australia (Rt. Hon. Sir R. Munro Ferguson), 1915-16; mil. sec., 1916.

KERSHAW, HENRY VALDER.—Capt., 19th Batt., London Regt., adjutant Nairobi defence force; served as lieut. in 2nd Middlesex Regt. in S. African War, 1899-1902 (Queen's medal and clasps); asst. traffic supt., Jamaica govt. rlwy., 1906; travelling auditor, Lagos rlwy., 1907; 1908; ag. chief acctnt., Sierra Leone govt. rlwy., Mar., 1909; asst. acctnt., Lagos rlwy., June, 1909 to Dec., 1910; asst. chief acctnt., Uganda rlwy., 23rd Oct., 1912 to 31st Mar., 1915; deputy chief acctnt., Uganda rlwy., 1st Apr., 1915.

KIBBLE, EDMUND DAVID, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1881; ed. Highgate Schl. and City & Guilds (Engrng.) Coll., S. Kensington; asst. engr., ub. wks. dept., F.M.S., Dec., 1907; ex. engr., ub. wks. dept., F.M.S., 1914; senr. ex. engr., 1923; ag. state engr., Kedah, Nov., 1923; senr. c. engr., F.M.S., July, 1924.

KIDD, MAJOR GEORGE MONTGOMERY, B.A. Dublin, M.C.—B. 1889; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1912; ag. asst. dist. offr., Tampin, Sept., 1914; seconded mil. serv. as temp. 2nd lieut., R. Irish soldiers, Mar., 1915; temp. capt., ditto, Aug., 1915; ag. maj., R. Inniskilling Fusiliers, Jan., 1915; demob., Apr., 1919; returned to duty, M.S., Nov., 1919; sec. to advr., Kedah, Jan., 1920; asst. agt., food contr., S. Kedah, Feb., 1920; agt., food contr., Kedah, Sept., 1920; dep. pt., census, Kedah, Oct., 1920; ag. asst. to lvrr., land, Kedah, June, 1921; sec., sany. bd., for Star, Sept., 1922; sec., rubber restr. comtee., Kedah, Oct., 1922; attnd., rubber restr. off., Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1925; chmn., assess. comtee., M.S., Mar., 1925; ag. comsnnr., lands, Trengganu, Mar., 1926; ag. dist. offr., Tampin, Oct., 1926.

KIDD, CAPT. W. R. M.C., B.A. (Oxon).—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, Feb., 1920.

KIDSON, ERNEST, O.B.E. (1919), M.A., D.Sc., Inst. P.—B. 1882; ed. Nelson Coll. and Canterbury Coll., N.Z.; on staff. Australian C'wealth meteorological bureau, 1921-27; asst. dir., 1923-; dir., meteorological services, N.Z., 1927.

KIDSON, NORMAN S. B.—B. 1885; served in Connaught Rangers, 1914-19; 2nd asst. mast., Boys' Gram. Schl., Fiji, Mar., 1920; clk. of peace, Rewa, Sept., 1920; ag. dist. comsnnr., Rewa and ag. prov. comsnnr., Naitasiri, Mar., 1921; ag. dist. comsnnr. and prov. comsnnr., Colo East, Apr., 1921; govt. sec., Br. Solomon Is. Prot., Nov., 1922; on sp. duty as judl. comsnnr. for W. Pacific, Apr., 1924; has acted as offr.-in-charge at headqrs. on several occasions; ag.-res. comsnnr., Dec., 1925.

KILBY, WALTER WHEATLEY.—B. 1890; ed. Reading Schl. and St. John's Coll., Oxford; White scholar, 1908-12; 2nd cls. class. mods.; 3rd cls. lit. hum.; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 29th Apr., 1914; ag. dist. comsnnr., Oct., 1914, to June, 1915, and from Nov., 1915, to Dec., 1916.

KILPIN, SIR ERNEST FULLER, K.C.M.G. (1910), C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1854; clk. and shorthand writer, col. sec.'s office, Cape, June, 1876; priv. sec. to Hon. J. Gordon Sprigg, premier and col. sec., Feb., 1876, to June, 1880; clk. assist. of the house of assem., June, 1880; clk., 16th July, 1897; has served as sec. on the following Cape govt. comsns.: Dortheesia, 1877; war expenditure, 1881; Liesbeek municipality, 1883; diamond laws, 1887; liquor laws, 1889; lighthouses, 1890; fisheries, 1892; scab, 1893; defence, 1896; and acted as priv. sec. to premier, the Hon. Sir T. C. Scanlen, Feb. and Mar., 1883; sec. to the Anglo-German comsnnr. on Angra Pequena and W. Coast claims, 1885; author of parly. agents' manual, Cape, 1902, 2nd edtn., 1906; of S. African Union and private bill legislation, 1908, and editor of civil service list, 1885-1910; prepared standing rules and orders for the legis. coun., Rhodesia, 1898; has frequently been consulted on parly. procedure in South Africa; at the invitation of the O.R.C. govt., assisted in the inauguration of parly. institutions there in Dec., 1907; was examiner for shorthand under civ. ser. comsns., 1889-1910; is a J.P. for the Cape Province; chief sec., S. African National Convention, 1908-1909; retired, 1910.

KILPIN, RALPH.—B. 1887; ed. Diocesan Coll., Rondebosch, S. Africa; clk. of papers, Cape H. of A., 1905; clk. of papers, Union H. of A., 1910; 2nd clk.-asst., 1917; clk.-asst. and acctnt., 1920; admitted sworn translator (Eng. and Dutch), sup. ct., of S. Africa, 1912; assessor apptd. by admstr., Cape exec. comtee. elections and elec. of senators since 1910; on active serv., E. Africa, 1916-17; recd. vote of thanks of leg. assembly, S.W. Africa, for preparing standing rules and orders and assisting in inauguration of assembly, 1926; author of "The Old Cape House."

KIMBELL, ALFRED HENRY.—B. 1875; ed. at Otago Boys' High Schl., N.Z.; entd. N.Z. pub. serv., 1895; held various positions in P.W.D., including land purchase offr.; under-sec. of mines, 1920.

KINDER, F. T.—Asst. engr., Singapore rlwy., Mar., 1900; asst. supt. of wks., S. Straits, Mar., 1903; ag. supt. of wks. and surveys, Malacca, Mar., 1908; asst. supt. of wks., Penang, Apr., 1909; asst. engr., Jan., 1910; exec. engr., prov. Wellesley, Jan., 1910; exec. engr., supernmy., Penang, Jan., 1912; ag. exec. engr., Malacca, June, 1913; exec. engr., supernmy., Penang, Mar. 1915; ag. exec. engr., Singapore, July, 1919; exec. engr., grade II., Aug. 1919; ag. exec. engr., grade I., Malacca, 28th Jan., 1920, and 3rd Mar., 1920; ag. dep. col. engr., Penang, 20th Feb., 1920, and 26th Mar., 1921; ag. exec. engr., P.W.D., Singapore, 14th Feb., 1921.

KINDERSLEY, WILLIAM LORING.—B. 1868; ed. Marlborough Schl. and Exeter Coll., Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Jan., 1893; priv. sec. to lieut.-govr., Sept., 1893; off. asst. to govt. agt., Uva Prov., Oct., 1896; addl. pol. mag., Matara, Dec., 1896; pol. mag., Kandy, May, 1897; dist. judge, Kalutara, Apr., 1903; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Sept., 1904; Chilaw, Nov., 1905; Puttalam, Apr., 1906; Matara, Mar., 1907; govt. agt., N.C. Prov., May, 1912; ag. govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Dec., 1912; registrar, Sept., 1914; govt. agt., Uva, Sept., 1919; govt. agt., Cent. Prov., July, 1920.

KING, CLEMENT HAMPDEN.—B. 1876; ed. Queen's Coll., B. Guiana; ag. 5th cla. clk., police dept., B. Guiana, June, 1893; gradual prom. to prin. clk.; dist. inspr. of police, 1901; county inspr., Dec., 1908; ag. adjt., July, 1907 to Mar., 1908, Sept., 1908 to Feb., 1909, and from Oct., 1911 to Apr., 1912; adjt. and staff offr., local force, Oct., 1914 to Aug., 1919; capt., B. Guiana Militia, Oct., 1914; major, Aug., 1919; ag. deputy inspr.-gen. and supt. of Georgetown fire brig., July to Oct., 1914; ag. deputy inspr.-gen. on various occasions; dep. inspr.-gen. pol. and supt. fire brigade, 20th Aug., 1919; comanr. pol., Sierra Leone, 13th June, 1921.

KING, SIR FREDERICK TRUBY, Kt. Bach. (1925), C.M.G. (1917), M.B., B.Sc.—Founder of New Zealand Plunket Socy. and famous for his work in connection with infant-life protection; dir. of divn. of child-welfare, N.Z. health dept., 1921; inspr.-gen., mental hospes., 1925-27.

KING, GEORGE HOWARD.—Ag. clk., treasury, St. Kitts, 1894; ag. rev. offr., Nevis, 1895; clk., P.O., St. Kitts, 1896; ag. clk. registrar's office, Nevis, 1897; rev. offr., Nevis, Jan., 1898; govt. offr., St. Kitts, 1899; rev. offr., Nevis, June, 1905; 1st clk., P.O., and sub-inspr. of schls., St. Kitts, 1906; ag. postmr., St. Kitts, 1914; postmr., May, 1915.

KING, HOWARD THOMPSON MCKENZIE.—Clerical asst., comsry. dept., B. Guiana, 1st July, 1882; ag. asst. comsry., June, 1884 and Sept., 1885; confirmed as asst. comsry., 5th July, 1887; dist. comsry., 1st Dec., 1890; comanr. of N.W. dist., and stip. mag., 9th July, 1907.

KING, HON. JAMES H., M.D.—B. 1873; ed. McGill Coll.; graduated with honours in medicine and surgery, 1888; practised in Cranbrook, B.C.; took active interest in politics; has large interests in lumber and mining industries in B.C.; mem. legis. assem. 1903-1909; unsuccessful candidate for H. of C., 1911; el. legis. assem., 1916; min. of pub. wks. in Brewster cabinet, 1916; el. to H. of C., bye-el., 14th Mar., 1922; mem. of privy coun. for Canada and min. of pub. wks. in King admnstr., 3rd Feb., 1922.

KING, JOHN EDMUND.—B. 1900; entered C.O., Sept., 1916; served with R.N.V.R. from 30th Sept. to 19th Dec., 1918; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Apl., 1918; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

KING, JOHN HAMPDEN, C.B.E. (1923).—Ch. clk., secretariat, Br. Guiana, 1895; ag. inspr. of prisons, 1898, 1899 and 1900; asst. col. sec. and clk. to exec. coun., ct. of policy and combined ct., Jan., 1900; ag. auditor-gen., 1900, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1906 and 1908; ag. col. sec. on various occasions between 1906 and 1926; J.P. for colony, 1894; immigr. agt.-gen., June, 1911; mem. of ct. of policy, combined ct., and exec. coun.; coman. as govt.'s dep. with full power, on twenty-six occasions between 1907 and 1922; ag. admrstr., Dominica, 4th Apr. to 9th June,

1919; off. rep. of Br. Guiana at W. Indian confce., London, May-June, 1926; served on the following comans.—manufacture and storage of bitters and cordials (chmn.), administn. of the funds of the De Safton Trust, supplies for the lunatic asylum (sole comanr.), reformy. and indust. schls., 1905; on outbreak of war in 1914 apptd. chmn. of foodstuffs advisory comtee. and chmn. of sugar control (export) comtee.

KING, NAPLETON WALTER.—B. 1876; cler. asst., surg.-gen's office, Br. Guiana, Apr., 1893; 6th cla. clk., off. of inspr. of prisons, 1896; 5th ditto, June, 1897; 4th cla. offr. of cust., Jan., 1906; asst. supt., alms house, June, 1912; asst. supt., prisons and asst. to inspr., Sept., 1916; ag. supt., prisons and mag., Bartica, Oct.-Dec., 1917; ag. supt., Underneering indust. schls. and immigr. agt., No. 4 dist., Dec., 1918-Jan., 1919 and from Nov., 1920-Feb., 1921; dep. to D.P.W., June, 1919; ag. man. dir., col. steamer serv., Mar.-Dec., 1921; traffic supt., col. transport dept., Jan., 1922; supt., prisons, inspr. of ditto and mag., Bartica, June, 1922.

KING, PHILIP ARTHUR.—B. 1883; clk. to shipping mast., Barbados, Oct., 1900; ag. asst. harb.-mast., Jan. to Mar., 1902; clk., police cts. "A," Aug., 1902; clk. to mast. in chancery, May, 1904; 3rd clk., treasury, Dec., 1907; ag. asst. harb.-mast., Aug., 1909; ag. harb. and shipping-mast., Dec., 1909 to Jan., 1910.

KING, SYDNEY NOEL.—B. 1897; ed. Dover Coll. and Bedford Schl.; served in R.F.A., Jan., 1916-Jan., 1920 (coman., Aug., 1916); cadet S. Sttlmts., Mar., 1920; ag. asst. to senr. dist. offr., Butterworth, Prov. Wellesley, Dec., 1920.

KING, THOS. HENRY.—B. 1883; ed. at Exeter Gram. Schl.; pol. probationer, Hong Kong, 1904; passed in Cantonese, 1907; attd. to Punjab pol., 1907; passed in Hindustani, 1907; ag. asst. supt. of pol., 1908; J.P., 1908; ag.-supt. of imports and exports, Dec., 1909; asst. emigrn. offr. in addition to pol. duties, 1910; passed in Punjab, 1910; ag. asst.-supt. of police, 1911; mem., bd. of exams., 1912; asst. supt. of police, 1912; ag. dep. supt. of police and fire brigade, 1913; dep. supt., pol., 1921; ag. capt. supt., pol., 1921 and June-July, 1925; dir., criminal intelligence, 1923.

KING, RT. HON. WILLIAM LYON MCKENZIE, P.C. (1922), C.M.G. (1906), M.A., Toronto Univ., LL.B., Toronto Univ., Ph.D., Harvard Univ.—B. 1874; apptd. dep. min. of labour and editor of "Labour Gazette," 1902; registrar of boards of conciliation and investigation, 1907; sworn of the Privy Council for Canada and min. of labour, 1909; defeated at g.e., 1911; special investigator, Rockefeller Foundation, 1914; chosen leader of the opposition, H. of C., Aug., 1919; elec. by acclamation for Prince Co., P.E.I., 20th Oct., 1919; re-elec. for N. York, Ont., g.e., Dec., 1921; prime minister, Dominion of Canada, 29th Dec., 1921, also pres. of the coun. and sec. of state for external affairs; represented Canada at Imp. Confce., 1923; prime min., Sept., 1926.

KINGDON, DONALD, M.A., LL.B.—Ed. at Eastbourne Coll. and St. John's Coll., Camb.; called to the bar, In. Tem., July, 1906; legal asst. and inspr. of schls., Gambia, Jan., 1907; mem. of exec. and legis. couns.; ag. col. sec., Mar. to July, 1912; atty.-gen., Uganda, Oct., 1912; ag. chief just., Apl., 1917, to July, 1918; atty.-gen., G. Coast, Sept., 1918; mem. of exec. and legis. couns.; ag. col. sec., Apl. to Oct., 1919; compiler of 1920

revd. edn., G. Coast laws; atty. gen., Nigeria, Apr., 1921; compiler, revd. edn., Nigeria laws, 1923.

KING-HARMAN, SIR CHARLES ANTHONY, K.C.M.G. (1900), C.M.G. (1893).—B. 1851; ed. Chelt. Coll.; B.A. of Trin. Coll., Camb., 1872; M.A., 1879; priv. sec. to the gov. of the Bahamas, Nov., 1874, to Nov., 1879; priv. sec. to high comsnr., Cyprus, Dec., 1879; asst. to ch. sec., Cyprus, Mar., 1881; ag. ch. sec. and mem. of exec. and legis. coun., June to Sept., 1882; auditor-gen., Barbados, 1883; elected mem. of house of assem., 1884-93; ag. col. sec. and mem. of exec. coun., 1884, 1885, and 1886; col. sec., Mauritius, 1893; ag. gov., Jan. to Aug., 1894, and Mar. to Sept., 1896; admnstr., St. Lucia, 1897; gov. S. Leone, Oct., 1900; high comsnr., Cyprus, 15th Apr., 1904; represented Mediterranean Colonies at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., 1911.

KINGSBURY, ALLAN NEAVE, B.Sc. (Eng.), M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H. (Lond.).—Sometime asst. pathologist, Middlesex Hosp. and bacteriologist, Middlesex Hosp., venereal diseases clinic; pathologist, City of Lond. Maternity Hosp.; lieut., R.F.A.; ag. govt. pathologist, Penang, 1923; pathologist, Inst. for Med. Research, Kuala Lumpur, 1924; on sp. duty in India and Ceylon, 1924; ag. bacteriologist, Inst. for Med. Research and ag. dir., govt. laboratories, F.M.S., 1925; professor of bacteriology, King Ed. VII. Coll. of Medicine, Singapore, 1926; author of many medical and scientific publications.

KINGSTON, THOMAS WALTER HENRY.—B. 1887; ed. Wesley Coll., Dublin, and Trinity Coll., Dublin (math. scholarship, jun. moderatorship, classics); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1910; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Sel. and Negri Sembilan, Sept., 1913; passed cadet, July, 1914; offr., cls. V, July, 1914; asst. contr. of lab., Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1915; prot. of Chinese lab. at Tavoy, Burma, Mar. to Dec., 1917; ag. prot. of Chinese, Perak, Jan., 1918; offr., cls. IV, Jan., 1919; ag. sec. for Chinese affrs., F.M.S., Sept., 1920 to Mar., 1921; ag. prot. of Chinese, Selangor and Negri Sembilan, in addn., Sept. to Oct., 1920; ag. prot., Chinese, Selangor and Penang, Feb., 1922; supernmy. offr., cls. III., Nov., 1922; ag. prot., Chinese, Kedah, Dec., 1922; ag. asst. adviser, Kedah, May, 1923; prot., Chinese, Kedah, Jan., 1924; ag. prot., Chinese, Selangor and Pahang, Jan., 1927.

KINSEY, WILLIAM EDWARD.—B. 1876; inspr. of mines, Negri Sembilan, June, 1902; sttlmt. offr., Oct., 1902; asst. conservr. of forests, 2nd grade, Nov., 1905; asst. conservr. of forests, 1st grade, June, 1908; ag. dep. conservr. of forests, grade II, Nov., 1909 to Feb., 1910 and June, 1910; dep. conservr. of forests, Jan., 1911.

KINTORE, EARL OF, SIR ALGERNON HAWKINS THOMOND KEITH-FALCONER, P.C., G.C.M.G. (1889).—B. 1852; lord in waiting, 1885; capt. of yeomen of the guard, 1886; privy councillor, 1886; gov., S. Australia, 1889-95; a lord in waiting, 1895-1905.

KIRBY, A. C.—Asst. dist. comsnr, E.A.P., Dec., 1913; 2nd grade res., Nyasaland, Jan., 1925; 1st grade res., Mar., 1925.

KIRBY, AUSTIN HENRY, B.A. (Cantab.), O.B.E. (1926).—B. 1879; lecturer in science, Antigua, under the Imperial dept. of agric., 1903 to 1909; scientific asst. in the Imperial dept. of agric., and in charge of publications, 1909 to 1913; asst. director of agric., Southern Provs., Nigeria, 1913;

dir. of agr., Tanganyika Territory, 1921; author of publications on tropical agric., educn. and tropical hygiene.

KIRKHAM, G. H..—B. 1881; S. African constab., 1901; served S. African War, 1901-02 (wounded); Transvaal pol., 1908; adjt., 4th S. African Mounted Riflemen, 1914; S. African Rebellion, 1914; capt., 1st S. African Infy. (Overseas Brig.) 1916-18; German W. Africa campaign, 1914-16; ment. in desps., France, 1916-17 (twice wounded); M.C., Apr., 1917; asst. comsnr., pol. and prisons, Tanganyika Territory, 1918.

KIRKHAM, V. H..—B. 1881; ed. Portsmouth Grammar Schl., Munic. Coll., Portsmouth and Schl. of Agr., Camb. Univ., B.Sc. (Lond.), 1903; A.I.C., 1905; F.I.C., 1908; dip. agr. (Camb.), 1910; govt. analyst, E. Africa Prot., 1911; dir., chem. research, Kenya, 1919; dir., agr., Zanzibar, 1923 and govt. chem., 1925; offl. mem., leg. coun., 1926.

KIRKPATRICK, IVONE.—Cadet Sarawak civ. ser., Limbang, Aug., 1892; extra offr., Simanggang, Jan., 1893; res. 2nd cls., Mar., 1898, of Upper Rejang, May, 1899; res. 2nd cls., Sadong, Feb., 1901; Kapit, 1905.

KIRSOPP, GEORGE DOUGAL.—Asst. collr. cust., E.A. Prot., Jan., 1914; collr., cust., Kenya Col., Jan., 1920; ch. of cust., Zanzibar, Mar., 1923.

KIRWAN, ARTHUR CONINGSBY.—Jun. clk., col. sec.'s off., Falkland Is., 1st Jan., 1907.

KITCHING, A. E..—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Apr., 1914; admstve. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 19th Nov., 1919; 1st grade admstve. offr., 4th June, 1926.

KITCHING, THOMAS.—B. 1890; ed. Lancaster and Peterhouse, Cambridge; B.A., 1912; survey probationer, F.M.S., 1913; permanent staff, 1914; asst. supt., surveys, Jan., 1919; Negri Sembilan, 1913; Perak, 1921; Selangor, 1924; ag. supt., rev. surveys, Negri Sembilan, June-Nov., 1925.

KITTERMASTER, H. B., C.M.G. (1926), O.B.E. (1918).—Ed. Shrewsbury and Christ Ch., Oxford; Transvaal educn. dept., 1902-07; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 18th Dec., 1908; dist. comsnr., 1915; offr. in charge, N.F.D., 1916; secv. to admstrn., Somaliland, Aug., 1921; gov. and commdr.-in-chief, Somaliland Prot., 1926.

KNAGGS, HARRY LESSLIE, O.B.E. (1924).—B. 1867; clk., San Fernando Hosp., Trinidad, Apr., 1885; 4th clk. col. sec.'s office, Oct., 1885; 3rd clk., July, 1892; 2nd clk., Nov., 1900; 3rd inspr. of immigts., Aug., 1897, to Nov., 1900; ag. asst. col. sec., 1895, 1899, 1900, 1906 and 1907; ag. col. sec., 1st to 7th May, 1907 and 11th July to 22nd Aug., 1924; sec. to civ. ser. coman. and to rlys. and roads coman., 1894; ch. clk., col. sec.'s off., and supt. of govt. printing, Apr., 1906; ag. asst. col. sec. on various occasions, 1908-18; asst. col. sec., 17th Jan., 1920; ag. col. sec., Apr. to Nov., 1927.

KNAPMAN, GEORGE WILLIAM.—S.A. War; Transvaal civ. serv., 1900; ch. clk., land dept., E.A.P., 1909; office supt., secretariat, E.A.P., 1911; lieut., K.A.R., 1917-19; estab. offr., secretariat, Kenya, 1923; Queen's S.A. med., Br. War and Victory med.

KNIBBS, SIR GEORGE HANDLEY, Kt. BACH. (1923), C.M.G. (1911), F.R.A.S.—B. 1858; Federal statistician for Australia, June, 1906; dir., Commonwealth bureau of science and industry, 1921; ret.

KNIBBS, STANLEY GEORGE CURTHOYS, F.R.G.S.—B. 1886; ed. Sydney Gram. Schl., New South Wales; dipl. in all subjects, Hawkes-

bury Agrl. Coll., 1908; land survr., Fiji, 1911; land survr., Victoria and N.S.W., 1912; crown survr., Br. Solomon Is. Prot., 1913; ag. supt., pub. wks. in addn., 1918; ag. dist. offr., Shortlands during 1919; registrar of land titles in addn., 1919; dep. comsnr. for W. Pacific, 1919; dep. for natives in lands comsn., 1920 and 1921; ag. res. comsnr. during 1920; comsnr. of currency (temp.), 1920-24; qualified as civ. engr. to shires and municipalities of N.S.W., 1923; comsnr. of lands and crown survr., Br. Solomon Is. Prot., 1924.

KNIGHT, WALTER AUGUSTUS. — Copyist, 3.P.O., Grenada, May, 1903; 2nd clk., G.P.O., June, 1904; clk. to supt. of wks., Jan., 1906; clk. to pol. mag., South Dist., May, 1907; rev. offr. and road survr., Western Dist., Jan., 1909; addnl. coroner, St. Mark's parish, Jan. 1913; road survr., Northern Dist., Dominica, Dec., 1914.

KNIGHT-BRUCE, G. K. — B. 1891; ed. Radley Coll. and Pembroke Coll., Oxford; B.A. (2nd cls. hon.), schol. of jurisprudence, 1913; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Dec., 1913; ment. in desps., 1916; ag. dist. comsnr., 1920; ag. res. mag., Mombasa, 1923; res. mag., Uganda, 1925; res. mag., Zanzibar, 1925; ag. judge, Zanzibar, 1925; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 1927; ag. judge, Zanzibar, 1927.

KNOLLYS, WILFRED ERSKINE. — Ed. King's Schl., Bruton, and Worcester Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Hons.), 1905; clk., colonial audit branch, E. and A. dept., 9th Oct., 1905; asst. auditor, E. Africa and Uganda Prots., 8th Nov., 1907; asst. auditor, Uganda Prot., 27th Aug., 1909; senr. asst. auditor, E. Africa Prot., 10th June, 1915; sen. asst. audr.-in-charge, German E. Africa prov. admtn., 21th Apr., 1917; audr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Oct., 1919.

KNOWLES, CHARLES HENRY, B.Sc. (Lond.). — B. 1878; ed. Burton-on-Trent gram. schl. and Mason Univ. Coll., Birmingham; res. master, agric. schl., St. Vincent, Jan., 1902; supt. of agric., Fiji, 1906; M.L.C., 1912; chmn., agric. experiments comtee., 1916; chmn. food supply comtee., 1917; ag. govt. entomologist (conjoint), 1917 and 1919-21; J.P., 1917; M.E.C. (temp.), June, 1920; prov. supt., agric., G. Coast, May, 1921; dep.dir.-agr., Aug., 1924; dir.-agr., Dec., 1924.

KNOWLES, JOHN WILLIAM FREDERICK. — B. 1877; joined Trinidad govt. serv., 1898; warden, counties Nariva-Mayaro, 16th June, 1922; warden, St. Andrew and St. David, 1st Dec., 1925.

KNOX, RT. HON. SIR ADRIAN, P.C. (1920), K.C.M.G. (1921), C.M.G. (1918), K.C. (1906), LL.B. — Ed. at Cambridge; chief just., high ct., Commonwealth of Australia, 1919.

KOTZE, HON. SIR JOHN GILBERT, KT. BACH. (1917), K.C., LL.B. (Lond.). — B. 1849; ed. South African Coll. and Lond. Univ.; called to the bar, Inner Tem., 1874; sole judge of the high court of the Transvaal, 1877 to 1881; one of the comsrs. under the convention of Pretoria to settle claims for losses and injuries suffered during the Boer War of 1880-81; chief justice of the Transvaal, 1881-1898; chmn. of bd. of exams. in literature and science, Transvaal, 1890-1898; reed. the Portuguese honour of Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Conception, 1896; atty.-gen. and member of exec. and legis. couns., S. Rhodesia, 1900; ag. admstr. S. Rhodesia, 1902; judge of sup. ct., Cape of Good Hope, 1903, and judge pres., Eastern dists. ct., 1904; chmn. of the coun. of Rhodes Univ. Coll.; examr. in law and jurisprudence to the Univ. of C. of G. H., 1903-1908; puisne judge, C. of G. H. Provl. Div., 1st Apr., 1913; judge, president, 14th

June, 1920; judge of appeal, appellate divn., June, 1922.

KOTZÉ, SIR ROBT. NELSON, KT. (BACH.) B.A.—B. 1870; ed. at S. Africa Coll., and R. Schl. of Mines, Clausthal, Germany; gold med., S.A. Coll. and of Chem. Met. and Mining Soc. of S.A.; asst. engnr. and consulting engnr. to Transvaal Gold Fields Ltd., and subsidiary coys., 1896-1907; govt. mining engnr., Transvaal, 1st Jan., 1908; ditto, Union of S. Africa, 1910; vice-chancellor, Univ. of Witwatersrand; ret., 1st Nov., 1926.

KRAUSE, FREDERICK EDWARD TRAUGOTT.—B. 1868; ed. Grey Coll., Bloemfontein, Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, Amsterdam, London, Cambridge Univs.; B.A. (Hons.), Cape, 1888; LL.D. Amsterdam, 1893; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1893; LL.D., Cape, 1905; advoc., sup. ct., S. Africa and high ct., Rhodesia; state prosecutor and ag. atty.-gen., Witwatersrand, 1896-1900; sp. comndt. and mil. govt., Witwatersrand, 1900; chmn., mining rega. comsn., 1907-9; mem., Johannesburg town coun., 1905-9; M.L.A., Vrededorp, 1907-10; chmn., hosp. inquiry comsn., Johannesburg; mem., prop. representation comsn.; mem., Witwatersrand cent. schl. bd.; K.C. (Union of S. Africa), 1912; ag. judge, Transvaal prov. divn., 1914; judge, sup. ct., Transvaal prov. divn., 1st Apr., 1923.

KRIGE, HON. CHRISTIAN JOEL, M.L.A.—B. 1868; intern. B.A.; atty.-at-law; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; represented Caledon in parliament since 1904; speaker, H. of A., Union of S. Africa, 1915-24; ch. whip, S.A. party for several years prior to elec. as speaker.

KUSCHKE, HERMANN F.G., B.A.—B. 1891; ed. Johannesburg and Pretoria; head, normal sec., Stoffberg Gedenk Schl., 1916-24; organising inspr., native educn., O.F.S., 1924; ch. inspr., native educn., O.F.S., 1926.

LABATT, JOHN BAGOT, M.I.C.E.—B. 1861; draftsman and engineering asst., engnr.-in-chief's dept., S. Australia, 1881; asst. engnr., harbours and jetties, 1906; deputy chmn., S. Aust. harbours bd., 1914.

LABORDE, ARTHUR LIONEL CRICHTON.—B. 1875; supernumerary, col. sec.'s off., Barbados, 3rd Jan., 1893; acted as clk. to gov. in ex. comtee. and to the exec. coun., May to Oct., 1896; ch. clk., col. sec.'s off., Lagos, Apr., 1897; ag. ch. registr., July to Aug., 1901; ag. col. postmr., 29th Aug., 1901, to 31st Mar., 1902, confirmed in the appt.; ag. asst. col. sec., Aug., 1905, to Apr., 1906; dist. comsnr., S. Nigeria, 1st May, 1906; ag. provl. sec., Cent. Prov., May to June, 1907.

LABORDE, EDWARD DANIEL, C.B.E. (1922), I.S.O. (1903). — B. 1863; 1st clk., audit office, Tobago, Jan., 1882; dep. registr., ag. confidential clk. to administrator, and clk. of couns., June, 1882; 2nd clk., adminstr.'s office, St. Lucia, Feb., 1883; ch. clk., Sept., 1883; ag. 2nd clk., gov.-in-chief's office, Barbados, 1884; ch. clk. to gov., Windward Is., Grenada, 1885; priv. sec. to Gov. Sendall, 1886; ch. of pol. and excise, St. Vincent, 1889; inspr. of prisons, 1889; supervisor of cust. and port offr., 1897; in charge of relief work after hurricane of 1898; specially mentioned in despatches and thanked by S. of S. for services; chmn. town bd., 1899-1901; mem. ex. and legis. couns.; ag. col. sec., Apr. to May, 1901; ch. of pol. and inspr. of prisons, St. Lucia, 1902; has served on several comsns. of enquiry in different colonies; ag. admstr., St. Vincent, June to Dec., 1904; ag. admstr., and col. sec., St. Lucia, July to Nov., 1905; ag. col. sec., Oct., 1906, to

Jan., 1907; ag. adminstr. and col. sec., May to Nov. 1907; treas., St. Lucia, 1912; col. treas., Grenada, 1915; ag. col. sec., Grenada, for various periods, 1915-20; admstd., govt., Sept.-Oct., 1915, and Sept. to Oct., 1920.

LACY, ALFRED TRAVERS.—B. 1892; ed. King Edward VI Gram. Schl., Norwich and King's Coll., Cambridge; class. tripos; hon. degree, M.A.; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1924.

LA FERLA, CAPT. ALBERT V., LL.D.—B. 1887; ed. Flores's Coll., Malta; matric., Malta Univ., 1903; grad. in law, 1910; lieut., King's Own Malta Regt. of Militia, 1903; capt., 1911; demob., 1920; dir., elementary schls., Malta, Aug., 1920.

LAFFER, HON. GEORGE RICHARDS.—M.P. for Alexandra, S. Australia; sometime chmn. of comtees.; comsnr. of crown lands and immigr. and min. of repatriation, 8th Apr., 1920; comsnr. of crown lands and immigr. and min. of irrigation and repatriation, 1922-24; speaker, H. of A. since 17th May, 1927.

LA FONTAINE, S. H., D.S.O., M.C. (1916).—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 1910; district comsnr., Kenya, Oct., 1918.

LAGDEN, SIR GODFREY YEATMAN, K.C.M.G. (1897), K.B.E. (1927), C.M.G. (1894).—B. 1851; clerk, G.P.O., London, 1869-77, after compet. exam.; clk. to sec. to govt., Transvaal, 1878; priv. sec. to admstr., 1878-81; sec. to exec. coun., 1880-81; priv. sec. to Sir W. Bellairs and Sir E. Wood, while administering govt., 1881; sec. to Transvaal sub-comsnr. for compensation claims, 1881-82; engaged as war correspondent, Egyptian campaign, 1882-3, present at all engagements, including Tel-el-Kebir and capture of Cairo; on special financial duty, G. Coast, 1883; sec. and acctnt., Basutoland, 1884; asst. comsnr., 1885; established magistracy in Masupha's country, 1886; acted as res. comsnr., May to Nov., 1890; ag. Br. comsnr., Swaziland govt. comtee. of administn., Apr., 1892; res. comsnr., Basutoland, 1893-1901; comsnr. for native affairs, Transvaal, Aug., 1901; mem. of ex. and leg. couns.; chmn. of S. African intercolonial native affairs comsn., 1903-4; retired, 1907.

LAING, E. H. BERTRAM.—B. 1873; served in Montmorency's Scouts, S. Africa, 1900; supt. Transvaal constab., 1901; invalidated; staff apptmt., I.Y. headqrs., Oct., 1901; returned to S. Africa, Dec., 1901; resig. comsn. Jan. 1903; medal with 5 clasps; apptd. to N. Nigeria constab., Nov., 1903; ag. staff offr., Aug. to Oct. 1906; ag. cantonment mag., Nov. 1906 to Jan., 1907; transf'd. to political dept. as asst. res., Feb., 1907; 3rd cla. res., 1st Oct., 1908; res. in charge, Zaria Prov., Nov., 1911 to July, 1912.

LAING, MALCOLM BUCHANAN.—B. 1890; ed. at Forest Schl., Essex; clerical asst., treasury, B. Guiana, 1905; asst. commissary, commissaries dept., Oct., 1909; seconded as chief clk., immigr. dept., Apr., 1913; passed govt. exam. in Hindi, Nov., 1913; 2nd cla. clk., immigr. dept., July, 1914; mem. bd. of examns. in Hindi, etc., Aug., 1914; 2nd lieut., B. Guiana Artillery (Militia), Mar., 1915; ag. immigr. agt., Dec., 1915 to Feb., 1916.

LAMACQ, FRANK CONSTANT.—B. 1903; apptd. cler. offr., London telephone service, May, 1921; transf'd. to C.O., July, 1923.

LAMB, F. M.—Senior staff survr., E.A.P., May, 1907; asst. dist. comsnr., Uganda Prot., Feb., 1910; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Jan., 1911; dist. comsnr., Jan. 1918.

LAMP, PEARCY HUTCHINSON.—Ed. at Yorkshire Coll., Leeds; engaged in land reclamation

and agriculture in Egypt, 1905-1908; studied cotton cultivation in United States on behalf of govt. of Uganda, 1909; ag. head of agric. dept., Uganda, 1909; dir. of agric., Uganda, Nov., 1911; dir. of agric., Northern Provs., Nigeria, since July, 1912; visited West Indies on behalf of govt. of Nigeria, 1913.

LAMBERT, C. E.—B. 1900; on mil. serv., May, 1918 to Nov., 1919; temp. clk., cust., Dec., 1919 to Jan., 1920; R.I.C. Feb., 1920 to Feb. 1921; temp. clk., Min. of Lab., Apr., 1921 to 7th July, 1923; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 9th July, 1923.

LAMBERT, SIR HENRY CHARLES MILLER, K.C.M.G. (1919); C.B. (1910).—B. 1868; ed. at Eton Coll., and New Coll., Oxford; 1st class in classical mods., 1889; 1st class in final classical schls., 1891; apptd. 2nd class clk. in the C.O. after open compet. exam., Feb., 1892; mem. of comtee., emigra., information office, 1894; chmn. of the comtee., 1897-1907; acted as priv. sec. to Mr. Chamberlain for the purposes of the comtee. of the H. of C. on South Africa, 1897; 1st class clk., Nov., 1898; visited Canada, 1903; visited Australia, on behalf of E. I. O. in connection with emigration questions, 1905; prin. clk., Jan., 1907; acting officer, C.O.; asst. under-sec. of state, 4th June, 1916; sec. to the Impl. Confee; senr. crown agt. for the cols., 1st Dec., 1921; ag. under sec. of state for the cols., 30th July, 1924 to 4th Aug., 1925.

LAMBERT, H. E.—Temp. asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Apl., 1919.

LAMBERT, R. W.—Asst. auditor, E.A.P., Mar., 1912; asst. dist. comsnr., May, 1914; 1st grade admstr. offr., Kenya, 1925; ag. senr. asst. sec., 1925.

LAMBORN, WILLIAM ALFRED STEDWELL, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.—B. 1877; ed. Oxford Preparatory Schl., King's Schl., Canterbury, and Middlesex Hosp.; asst. med. offr., St. Mary's Infirmary, London, 1899 to 1905; asst. med. offr., British Guiana, 1905; asst. med. offr., Oxford County Asylum, 1906; med. offr., Nigeria Bitumen Co., 1908; govt. entomologist, S. Nigeria, 1913; entomologist, Imp. Bureau, 1914; temp. med. offr., Tanganyika, 1917; med. offr., Nyasaland, 1919; asst. med. entomologist, F.M.S., 1920; med. entomologist, Nyasaland, 2nd Dec., 1921.

LAMINGTON, LORD (2nd Baron, creat. 1880), SIR CHARLES WALLACE ALEXANDER NAPIER COCHRANE-BAILLIE, G.C.I.E. (1903), G.C.M.G. (1900), K.C.M.G. (1895).—Only son of 1st baron; born, 1860; dep. lieut. Lanarkshire; lieut. Lanarkshire yeomanry, 1883; M.P. for N. St. Pancras, 1886-90; gov. Queensland, 1895-1901; gov. of Bombay, 1903-7.

LAMONT, WILLIAM JOHN.—B. 1885; vice-prin., Schl. of Agr., Grootfontein, Middelburg (Cape), dep. of agr., South Africa; prin., schl. of agr., Elsenburg, Mulders Vlei, 1920; asst. ch., divn. of agri. educn. and extension, 1925; ch., divn. of economics and markets, 1926; mem., agri. educn. comsn., 1921 and fruit export enquiry comtee., 1924.

LANCOT, CHARLES, K.C.—B. 1864; ed. St. Mary's Coll., Montreal, and Laval Univ.; private tutor; called to the bar 1885; K.C., 1899; special law offr., Quebec, 1891; dep. atty.-gen., Quebec, 1905; mem. of comsn. for revision of code of civil proceed., 1893-97; comsnr. for revision of statutes of Quebec, 1909-10; published "Traité théorique et pratique du droit criminel"; "Manuel du juge de paix"; "Annotated Criminal Code."

LANE, CHARLTON ADELBERT GUSTAVUS.—B. 1890; ed. Winchester and Univ. Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Hons.), 1911; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 1913; ag. dist. comsnr., 1918; attd., secretariat, 1918; ag. senr. asst. sec., 1919; senr. asst. sec., 1920; dist. comsnr., Zanzibar, 1923; mag., Tanganyika Territory, 1925.

LANG, HON. SIR FREDERIC WILLIAM, KT. BACH. (1916).—B. 1852; mem. of H. of R., New Zealand, 1893-1905 and 1906-22; chmn. of comtees., 2nd Aug., 1912 to 26th June, 1913; speaker from 26th June, 1913 to 1922; M.L.C., 1924.

LANG, HON. JOHN THOMAS.—M.L.A. of New South Wales; treas. in Storey and Dooley govts.; premier, N.S.W., 1925-27.

LANGHAM-CARTER, W.—Ed. at Bradford Coll., Berks.; cadet, S. Sttlmts., 1890; passed final exam. in Malay, Dec., 1892; ag. dist. offr., Malacca, Jan., 1896; dist. offr., prov. Wellesley, Apr., 1897; continued to act at Malacca; ag. collr. of ld. rev. and regisr. of deeds, Singapore, Dec., 1898; inspr. prisons, S.S., Jan. to May, 1901; asst. P.M.G., Penang, Dec., 1901; 2nd magis., Sing., Aug., 1902; ag. collr. of land rev. and regisr. of deeds, Sing., Sept., 1902; apptd. to cls. III, B. Jan., 1903; 2nd mag., Sing., Jan., 1905, but cont. to act as collr. of land rev.; ag. sen. dis. offr., Prov. Wellesley, Apr., 1907; senr. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, April, 1911; British adviser, Kelantan, Dec., 1912; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Singapore, May, 1916; offr., cls. I., Oct., 1919; ag. res. councillor, Malacca, 15th Mar., 1922.

LANGLEY, EDWARD RALPH.—B. 1889; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Caius Coll., Cambridge; B.A. (Cantab.); war service, E. Africa 1917-18; passed lower stand. exam. in Temne; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 29th Apr., 1914; ag. asst. col. sec. in 1916 and 1918; ag. senr. asst. col. sec., May to Oct., 1919; dist. comsnr., 21st Aug., 1922.

LANGSTON, STEPHEN HORATIO.—B. 1877; ed. Westminster Schl. and Keble Coll., Oxon. B.A.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1900; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, Jan., 1902; passed cadet, May, 1903; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Dec., 1903; ag. asst. dist. offr., Serendah, May, 1904; ag. asst. dist. treasr., K. Lumpur, Dec., 1904; ag. dist. treasr., Seremban, Mar., 1905; 2nd asst. dist. offr., Tapah, June, 1905; ag. dist. treasr., Raub, Aug., 1905, and July, 1906; offr., cls. V, Jan., 1906; ag. asst. dist. offr., Raub, Mar., 1906; ag. asst. collr. of land rev., Seremban, Aug., 1906-Feb., 1908; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, May, 1909; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., K. Kangsar, Jan., 1910; ag. dist. offr., K. Langat, June, 1911; offr., cls. IV, Jan., 1912; dist. offr., coast, Neg. Semb., Apr., 1912-Apr., 1913; dist. offr., Tampin, Apr., 1914; censor, Penang, S. S., June, 1916; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, Oct., 1916; asst. dist. judge, Penang, Oct., 1916; ag. asst. regisr. of impts. and expts., in addn., Aug., 1917; offr., cls. III, Jan., 1918; offr., cls. II, Jan., 1919; dist. offr., Batang Padang, Aug., 1920; mag., K. Lumpur, Sept., 1920 and June, 1921; ag. collr. of land rev., K. Lumpur, Dec., 1920; ag. temp. as 2nd mag., K. Lumpur, in addn., May, 1921; ag. collr., land rev., K. Lumpur, Sept., 1921; on sp. duty as town planning admsr., Apr., 1922; valuer-gen., Jan., 1923; town-planning admsr., Ipoh, Dec., 1924; ag. dist. offr., Lower Perak, Mar., 1926-27; dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, 1927.

LANKTREE, CHARLES JOSEPH DANE, Barrister-at-Law, Kings Inns, Dublin.—B. 1896; on

mil. serv., Sept. 1914; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., October, 1921; attd. Colombo Kachcheri, Nov., 1921; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Oct., 1922; office asst. to govt. agt., Cent. Prov., Mar., 1924; ditto to dir. of med. and san'y. services, Oct., 1925; addnl. asst. dir., educn., Nov., 1926.

LANSDOWN, CHARLES WILLIAM HENRY, B.A., LL.B.—Clk., C.G.R., Mar., 1889; clk. C.S.O., Capetown, Oct., 1893; atty.-gen.'s off., Nov., 1894; mag.'s clk., Aliwal N., Feb., 1898; pte. sec. to atty.-gen., Aug., 1898; ag. chf. clk. to sol.-gen., Grahamstown, May, 1901; ag. asst. mag., Port Elizabeth, Sept., 1901; ch. clk. and pte. sec. to atty.-gen., Oct., 1901; addnl. legl. advsr., July, 1907; prof. asst., atty.-gen.'s off., Capetown, Apr., 1912; law advsr., dep. of justice, Union of S. Africa, Aug., 1916; atty.-gen., Cape Prov., Dec., 1926; senr. law adviser, 1927.

LAPOINTE, HON. ERNEST.—B. 1876; ed. Rimouski Coll. and Laval Univ., Quebec (B.A., LL.B.); advoc., K.C., Quebec, 1908; el. by accl. for Kamouraska to H.C., 12th Feb., 1904; re-el., g.e., 1904, 1908, 1911 and 1917; el. at bye-el. for Quebec E., 27th Oct., 1919; re-el., g.e., 1921; min. of marine and fisheries in King admsn., 29th Dec., 1921; del. to League of Nations assem., 1922; min. of just. and atty.-gen., 1924.

LASCELLES, SIR ALFRED GEORGE, KT. BACH. (1913), B.A.—Univ. Coll., Oxon.; 2nd class mod. hist.; b. 1857; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1885; acted on several occasions as pres. of dist. cts. in Cyprus and as puisne judge; pres. of dist. ct., Papho, 1892; ditto, Larnaca, 1893; ag. puisne judge, June, 1895; ag. Queen's advoc., Feb., 1896; pres. dist. ct., Nicosia, 1896; Queen's advoc., 1898; atty.-gen. of Ceylon, 1902; ag. ch. just., Mar., 1906; atty.-gen., Oct., 1906; chief just., May, 1911; retired, 1914.

LASSALLE, CHARLES FRANCIS, M.D., Edin., M.B.C.M. (Hons.), Edin., D.P.H., Oxford.—B. 1871; ed. Univ. of Edinburgh; postgraduate work at London schh. of trop. med., 1902; the Polyclinic, London, 1902; Univ. Coll., London, 1902; Lister inst. of Preventive Medicine, 1912; mem. of B.M.A.; mem. of coun. of med. bd., Trinidad and Tobago; apptd. govt. med. offr., Trinidad, 3rd Nov., 1894; port health offr. and med. inspr. of immigrants, Trinidad, 1st Jan., 1910; asst. med. offr., inspr. of health, 7th Dec., 1920; has acted as asst. M.O.H., res. surg. at colonial hosp., and also as D.M.O. at Cedros, Naparima, St. Joseph, Arima, Chaguanas and Princes Town; author of "Notes of lectures on Midwifery for Midwives," and contributions to med. journals.

LAST, JOSEPH SPURRIER.—B. 1897; on active serv., Egypt and Palestine, 1915-1917; asst. dist. comsnr., Zanzibar, 3rd Dec., 1919; ag. dist. comsnr., Pemba, 14th Dec., 1926 to 20th Apr., 1927; ag. asst. ch. sec., clk. to exec. and leg. couns. and edr. off. gazette, 5th July to 10th Sept., 1927.

LATCHFORD, HON. FRANCIS ROBERT, B.A., K.C.—B. 1856; ed. Ottawa Univ.; called to the bar, 1886; K.C., 1898; elec. to Ontario legis., 1899; re-elec., 1902; min. of pub. wks., Ontario, 1899; atty.-gen., 1904-5; judge, chancery divn., high ct. of just., Ontario, 1908; ch. just., 2nd divn. ct., sup. ct., 1923.

LATHAM, GEOFFREY CHITTY.—B. 1887; ed. Winchester Coll. and Magdalen Coll., Oxford, B.A. (class. hons., 1910); probationer, N.W. Rhodesia, Oct., 1910; ag. pte. sec. to admsr., Nov., 1910 to May, 1911; asst. native comsnr.,

N. Rhodesia, July, 1912; seconded to N. Rhodesia pol. as temp. 2nd lieutenant, Aug., 1915; temp. lieutenant, Feb., 1916; native comsnnr., July, 1916; temp. capt., July, 1917; Croix de Guerre (1917); hon. capt., Aug., 1919; ag. asst. mag., Barotse dist., Nov., 1919; seconded as inspr. schls. (European) and asst. to sec. for native affrs., June, 1920; ag. dir., native educn., Apr., 1925; dir., native educn., Apr., 1926.

LATREILLE, HERBERT ROWLAND.—B. 1884; cler. asst., col. sec.'s office, Jamaica, 1st July, 1901; asst., June, 1905; 2nd cls. clk., Oct., 1906; 1st cls. clk., Apr., 1917; ag. sen. clk., Aug., 1918 to June, 1919; sen. asst. treas., Tanganyika Territory, June, 1919; ag., dep. treas., Dec., 1921 to Mar., 1922, Dec., 1922 to Sept., 1923 and from Mar. to Oct., 1924.

LAUDER, JOHN ILES.—2nd clk., registr. and prov.-marshal's offr., Dominica, Jan., 1901; ag. asst. mast., Dominica gram. sch., 8th May to 4th Aug., 1906; govt. offr., treasury, Sept., 1905; clk. to comsnnr. and clk. of couns., Montserrat, Oct., 1906; educnl. dist. offr., Aug., 1907; deputy coroner, Dist. "I," Mar., 1911; mem. of road bd., Apr., 1911; ag. curator, botanic station, 20th Jan. to 13th Feb., 1912; J.P., Mar., 1912; ag. mag., Dist. "I," 10th to 21st Nov., 1911 and 14th to 25th May, 1912; ag. offr. in charge of prison discipline, 2nd May to 22nd June, 1912; hon. sec. and mem. of pub. lib. comtee., Apr., 1908, to June, 1912; mem. of Montserrat defence reserve, Nov., 1906, to June, 1912; asst. rec.-gen., Gambia, 23rd June, 1912; ag. rec.-gen., on various occasions, 1912-17; ag. master of govt. vessels from Oct., 1912 to Oct., 1913; provisional mem. exec. and legis. couns., on various occasions, 1912-18; mem. of navigation and pilotage bd., 25th May, 1916; ag. curator of intestate estates, June to Oct., 1914; offr.-in-charge, secretariat, on various occasions, 1916-18; ag. asst. col. sec., Feb. to June, 1918, and from Dec., 1918 to Feb., 1919; food cont., June to Dec., 1918; dep. compt. of customs, G. Coast, 28th May, 1919; ag. compt., June to Dec., 1919, and Jan. to June, 1920; contrlr. of enemy property, July, 1919 to Feb., 1920 and from Feb. to Aug., 1921; comptr., cust., Sierra Leone, Oct., 1922; ag. col. treas., 4th Feb. to 29th Apr., 1925; ag. col. sec., 29th Sept. to 12th Oct., 1926; gov.'s dep., 1st to 8th Oct., 1926.

LAURENCE, C. G. W.—B. 1902; apptd., after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 4th May, 1920.

LAURENCE, HON. SIR PERCIVAL MAITLAND, K.C.M.G. (1911); Kt. BACH. (1908).—Ed. at Corpus Christi Coll., Cambridge (B.A. 1876; LL.M. 1879; LL.D. 1884); called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1878; admitted to the bar of the sup. ct., Cape Col., 1880; examnr. in lit. at Cape Univ. in 1881 and 1886-1889; raised to the bench of the sup. ct. and assigned to the high ct. of Grijqualand as second puisne judge, 1882; ag. judge pres., 1887; judge pres., 1888; ret., 1913.

LAVILLE, LOUIS VICTOR JOSEPH.—B. 1888; ed. at Bedford Schl., and Corpus Christi Coll., Camb. (schol.), 2nd cls. classe and hist. tripos, B.A., Camb.; cadet, S. Stitlmts., Dec., 1912; attld. to col. secy.'s office, Jan., 1913; ag. dep. regr., sup. ct., Singapore, Aug., 1913; ag. asst. supt., Indian immigrn., in addn., Mar.-Oct., 1914; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, Nov., 1914; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, Jan., 1915, and Aug., 1916; ag. dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, May, 1915; ag. dist. offr., Balik Pulau, Jan., 1916; passed final exam. in Malay, 26th Jan., 1916; passed cadet, 26th Jan., 1916; supy. officer, cls. V, 26th Jan., 1916;

lent to Govt. of Kelantan, June, 1917; ag. dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, Aug., 1917; offgt. dist. offr., Ulu Kelantan, Jan., 1918; supy. offr., cls. IV, Dec., 1919; ag. tempy., 2nd mag., Singapore, June, 1920; offgt. dist. offr., Bukit Mertajam, July, 1920; offg. collr., income tax, Singapore, 3rd Apr., 1922; mag. and asst. registr., sup. ct., Seremban, Dec., 1923; dep. pub. pros., Perak, July, 1925.

LAW, CHARLES EWAN.—B. 1884; ed. High Schl., Croydon and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; Campbell-Foster prizeman, criminal law, Middle Temple, 1903; called to bar, 1905; Burma bar, 1905; staff capt. (tempy. Brit. serv.), Burma divn., Mar., 1917; Volunteer Long Service med. (India), Feb., 1919; maj. (temp. Ind. army res. of offrs.) comdg. 15th Mech. Transport Coy., July, 1919; released from serv., rank capt., I.A.R.O., Feb., 1920; crown counsellor, Kenya, Jan., 1922; ag. solr.-gen., Mar., 1923 to Oct., 1924; mem., legis. coun., May, 1923 to Oct., 1924; ag. atty.-gen. and mem., exec. coun., Apr., 1924; Swahili (L.S.), Sept., 1923; res. mag., Jamaica, Mar., 1925; ag. judge, Kingston ct., Oct. 1925 to Jan., 1926 and from Mar., 1926 to Jan. 1927; judge, Kingston ct., Jan., 1927; ag. puisne judge, Dec., 1925 and from Jan., 1927; mem., standing comtee. of res. mag., June, 1926; mem., comtee. of enquiry into admnstrn. of prisons, Sept., 1926.

LAW, Y. P., B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1888; asst. mast., educn. dept., Hong Kong, 1915; ag. inspr. of vernac. schls., 1915 and 1917; mem., bd. of examrs., 1919-22; inspr., vernac. schls., 1920 and 1921; hon. sec., bd. of educn., in addn., 1920-22; inspr., vernac. schls., New Territories, 1922; reapptd. mem., bd. of examrs., 1924; ag. sen. inspr., vernac. schls. for urban dists. in addn., 1925.

LAWLEY, HON. SIR ARTHUR, G.C.S.I. (1911); G.C.I.E. (1906); K.C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1860; sec. to administn., S. Rhodesia, May, 1896; dep.-administn., Matabeleland, Nov., 1896; administn., Matabeleland, Dec., 1898; ag. administn., Mashonaland, July, 1899; gov. of W. Aust., Jan., 1901; lt.-gov., Transvaal, 15th Aug., 1902; ag. gov. of Transvaal and O.R.C. and high comsnnr., 1903; chmn. of ex. coun., pres. of leg. coun., mem. I.C.C.; gov. of Madras, 1905.

LAWRANCE, MAJOR A. S.—Major, reserve of officers; major, Middlesex Hussars; served with I.Y. in S. Africa, 1900-1902 (Queen's medal with 3 clasps, King's medal with 2 clasps, ment. in desps.); served with 6th Batt., K.A.R., Somaliland, 1905-1911 (African General Serv. medal with clasp "Somaliland 1908-1910," ment. in desps.); asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1st Feb., 1911; dist. comsnnr., Somaliland, Sept., 1914; sec. to govt., 1926.

LAWRENCE, MAJOR ERNEST HARRY THORNE, O.B.E. (1919).—Capt., reserve of offrs., 4th Batt. Connaught Rangers; served in S. Africa with 20th Batt. I.Y., 1900-1901; 2nd lieutenant, 5th Batt. Connaught Rangers, Oct., 1901; seconded to remount dept. and served in United States and S. Africa, 1902 (Queen's medal and four clasps); passed promotion to capt., 1903; schl. of musketry, Hythe (distinguished), 1904; A.S.C. transport course, Aldershot, 1904; army physical training, Aldershot, 1905; instr. of musketry, 5th Connaught Rangers, 1905; instr. of signalling, Aldershot, 1905; army veterinary course, Aldershot, 1906; passed for maj., 1906; mil. schl. of instrn., Chelsea, 1903 and 1907 (special); dist. supt. of pol., Uganda, June, 1907; R.I.C. course, 1909; ag. comsnnr. of pol. and prisons, Uganda, Mar. to Sept., 1910, Sept., 1911 to Jan., 1912, and from Mar.-Sept., 1914; asst. comsnnr. of

pol. and prisons, 1st Apr., 1911; offr. in ch. defence measures, Uganda, on outbreak of War with Germany with temp. rank of major; provost marshal, Uganda, Aug., 1914; commdt., Uganda Vol. Res., Aug., 1914; commdt., Uganda Pol. Service Batt., Dec., 1914; served in G.E. Africa till 15th Jan., 1917 (ment. in desps.); major, res. of offr., Jan., 1917; ag. comsnr. of pol. and prisons, Uganda, Sept., 1917 to Oct., 1918, and from Apr.-July, 1921; mem., Uganda Development Comn., 1921; comsnr. of pol. and prisons, 12th May, 1922.

LAWSON, HON. H. S. W.—B. 1875; M.L.A. for Castlemaire, Victoria, 1899; has sat continuously in State Parliamt. since 1899; comsnr. of crown lands and survey, Dec., 1913 to Nov., 1915; afterwards atty.-gen., solr.-gen. and min. of public instrn., premier and atty.-gen. 1918; premier and min. of agr., 1920-24.

LAWSON, R. A.—Asst. traffic man., Uganda rly., Apr., 1919.

LEA, LESLIE.—Ed. privately and Univ. Coll. Schl., Gray's Inn, 1922; clk. acct., fencing dept., E. Africa Prot., Sept., 1908; conf. clk. to comsnr. for lands, 1909; conveyancing clk., land dept., 1910; ag. conveyancer, 1913; asst. registrar, crown lands, 1916; musketry instr., K.A.R. 1916 (recd. thanks G.O.C.L. of C.); registr. of titles, 1919; dep. recorder of titles, 1919; ag. prim. registrar, crown lands, 1920; dep. registrar.-gen., titles and ch. controlling rev. authority, 1920-21; law offr., legal adviser, etc., St. Helena, Aug., 1923; col. audr., mem., bd. of comsrs., crown property, Sept., 1923; offr. in-charge, secretariat, 1925; comsnr. for preparation of new edn. of laws, 1925.

LEA, WALTER ALBERT, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1883; ed. at Carpenters' Company's Coll. and West Ham Tech. Inst.; employed by Messrs. Perry & Co., Ltd., Contractors, Bow, 1900 to 1914; dist. engrn., Br. Guiana, 3rd Dec., 1914; seconded to sea defence work, Feb., 1916.

LEACH, FRANK, M.C., B.A. (Oxon).—B. 1889; on mil. serv., July, 1917; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., May, 1921; attd. to the secretariat, June, 1921; office asst. to asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, Nov., 1922; asst. attdmt. offr., Oct., 1923.

LEACH, JOHN VINCENT, M.B.E. (1924).—Ed. Stonyhurst Coll., England; admitted solr. sup. ct., Jamaica, 1881; res. mag., 1888; has frequently been specially attd. to conduct important inquiries and to report thereon.

LEADBETTER, SIDNEY.—B. 1902; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 4th May, 1920.

LEAVITT, CLYDE.—B. 1878; ed., High Schl., Bellaire, Mich., Univ. of Mich. (B.A.), 1901; M.Sc. For., 1904; ent. U.S. forest serv. as student asst., 1903; apptd. forest asst., 1904, with successive appts. as ch. of boundaries, asst. ch., office of organization, ch., office of organization, dist. forester, and asst. forester; ch. forester, coms. of conservn. and bd. of rly. comsrs., Canada, 1912; ch. fire inspr., bd. of rly. comsrs., 1921; mem., soc. of American Foresters; successively, pres. and sec., Can. Soc. of Forest Engrs.

LECHMERE-GUPPY, GARETH EVERARD.—B. 1874; entd. civ. ser., Trinidad, 20th May, 1895; seconded for special serv. to water authority and sewerage bd., 1904-1905; ag. inspr. of imigrts. in 1909, 1910, 1912 to 1913; statistical clk. and librn., col. secretariat, Trinidad, 15th July, 1915; sec. income tax comtee., este. comtee., tenders comtee., and civ. serv. comtee.; J.P. for the col. and Tobago; dep. sub-intendant crown lands, Dec., 1920; sub.-intend., crown lands, Jan., 1925.

LECHMERE-GUPPY, P. (Junnr.).—Super-numerary clk., audit off., Trinidad, 1889; 4th clk., sub.-treas., San Fernando, 1st Jan., 1892; landing waiter, customs, 1st May, 1894; clk., col. treas., 1st Mar., 1898; acted as warden, Tacarigua, in 1902, 1904 and 1905; sub-recrv. postmaster, collr. of cust. and harb. mast. Tobago, 16th Oct., 1917; collected fresh-water fishes of Trinidad for British Museum.

LECLEZIO, SIR HENRY L., K.C.M.G. (1915); C.M.G. (1897).—Elected mem. of coun. of govt. for dist. of Moka, Mauritius.

LEDEBOER, CLAUD MARIUS.—Served in S. African Constab., 1901-7; Bech. Prot. police, from 1907; sub-inspr., Bech. Prot. police, 1st Apr., 1914; asst. res. mag.; passed Cape civ. ser. lower law exam. and 2nd grade Sechuana exam.; ag. res. mag., 1921; res. mag., 1921; passed Cape civ. serv. higher law exam., 1923.

LEE, FRANK G.—B. 1903; ed. Brentwood Schl. and Downing Coll., Cambridge; 1st cl. English tripos, 1923; 1st cl. historical tripos, part II, 1924; foundation schl., 1924; apptd. to C.O. after compet. exam., 8th Nov., 1926.

LEE, H. N., O.B.E. (Mily.) 1918.—Ed. Portsmouth Grammar schl. and King's Coll., London, 1906-11; articles, Inst. of Chartered Accountants, London; col. audit dept., 1913; asst. audr., E.A.P., Jan., 1914; E.A. Expedy. Force, 1914-19 (twice ment. in desps.); senr. asst. audr., Kenya, 1921; ag. audr., 1926.

LEE, HON. SIR W. H., K.C.M.G. (1922), Lt. BACH. (1920).—M.H.A., Tasmania; premier, child sec., and min. for educn., 1916-22.

LEES, AUBREY TREVOR OSWALD.—B. 1899; ed. Repton and Royal Mil. Academy, Woolwich; ent. R. Arty., Jan., 1919; served with 2nd R.W. Fus., Ireland, June, 1920; and with Arab and Kurdish Levies, Iraq and Kurdistan, June, 1922; attd. air hd. qrs., Iraq (air staff intell., spec. serv.) June, 1924; admstrn., Zanzibar, Feb., 1925; pvt. sec. to Br. res. and ag. asst. sec., Nov., 1926; clk. of exec. and leg. couns. and edr. of gazette, Sept., 1927.

LEES, HENRY BERRY, M.C., M.I.C.E., M.L.M. and Cy. E., F.S.I.—B. 1880; dist. engrn., P.W.D., Ceylon, 1905; ag. prov. engrn., N. Prov., 1908; extra asst. dir. of pub. wks., 1908; 2nd asst. dir., pub. wks., 1912; ag. asst. dir. of pub. wks., 1913 and 1920; on active serv. with R.E.'s in France, Belgium, Italy, and with the army of occupation on the Rhine, 1915-19; major, R.E., M.C., Legion d'Honneur, Croix de Chevalier, twice ment. in desps.; comsnr. of wks. and mem., legis. coun., Fiji, 1920; comsnr. of water supply and drainage, 1920; chmn., cent. road bd., 1920; dir., pub. wks. and mem., advisory coun., Palestine, 1923; chmn., cent. housing coms., 1923; apptd. adviser to H.M.G. under concessions protocol to treaty of Lausanne in connection with certain pre-war Turkish concessions, 1925; chmn., road bd., 1926; D.P.W. and M.L.C., Ceylon, Apr., 1927; chmn., pub. wks. advisory bd.

LEESE, CHARLES WILLIAM.—Asst. dist. comsnr., S. Nigeria, Sept., 1906; transf'd. to treas. dept., 1907; acted as supervisor of customs, 1908, and as junior asst. sec. in 1911; served as finan. offr., Cameroons Expedy. Force, 1916; dep. treas., 1921; ag. treas., May to Dec., 1921 and June to Dec., 1923; treas., G. Coast, 1924; ag. col. sec., Sept.-Nov., 1925 and from Oct., 1926 to Mar., 1927; gov.'s dep., on various occasions in 1926 and 1927.

LEESE, CAPT. ERNEST BENJAMIN.—3rd Batt., E. Yorks Regt., res. of offr.; served in I.Y. in

S. African War, 1900-1901 (Queen's medal with 3 clasps); subaltern in G. Coast Regt., 22nd July, 1906; capt., 9th Jan., 1908; priv. sec. and A.D.C. to gov. of G. Coast, Nov., 1910, to Feb., 1911; trav. comsrr., Gambia, 6th Nov., 1911; served with Cameroons Exped. Force, 1915-16.

LEE-WARNER, W. H.—B. 1880; ed. at Rugby and Univ. Coll., Oxford (scholar), 1st cls. class. mode., 1901; 2nd cls. lit. hum., 1903; B.A., 1903; barrister-at-law, 1912; cadet, F.M.S. civ., ser., 1903; passed cadet, 1905; ag. asst. dist. off., Batu Gajah, Jan., 1907; ag. 2nd asst. sec. to res. gen., and priv. sec. to res.-gen., May, 1909, and A.D.C., 1910; bonus exam. in Tamil, 1910; ag. asst. res., Brunei, 1910-11; temporary 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Feb.-Oct., 1912; resumed in Brunei, 1913; ag. sec. to high comsrr., Malay States, and priv. sec. to O.A.G., S. Stittins, July-Sept., 1914; ag. priv. sec. to gov., Sept., 1914; A.D.C. to gov., Oct., 1914; also ag. sec. to high comsrr., Malay States, Jan., 1916; asst. to res., Malacca, Aug.-Nov., 1916; seconded under F.O. vice-consul, Sabang, Jan.-Mar., 1917; ag. vice-consul, Batavia, Apr. to July, 1917; seconded for mil. serv., intell. dept., W.O., Sept., 1917; temp. hony. 2nd lieut., Feb., 1918; seconded under F.O., Mar., 1918; temp. hony. capt., sp. list, June, 1918; supernum. off., cls. III., Jan., 1919; agent, food contrlr., Penang, Aug., 1919; sec., food contrlr., Jan., 1920; supernum. off., cls. II, Nov., 1920; attd. for sp. duty, col. secretariat, Singapore, 10th Jan., 1922.

LEFEVRE, PHILIP LLEWELIN.—B. 1875; ed. at Victoria Coll., Jersey, and Brighton Coll., Sussex; clk., G.P.O., Cape Town, Feb., 1896; clk., atty.-gen.'s off., Feb., 1896; clk. to res. mag., Glen Grey, Feb., 1896; clk. to res. mag., East London, Sept., 1898; clk., sol.-gen.'s off., Grahamstown, Apr., 1899; clk., atty.-gen.'s off. (treason branch), Cape Town, Sept., 1900; B.A., Cape Univ., 1900; ch. clk. to atty.-gen., O.R.C., June, 1901; sec. to law dept., Oct., 1904; ag. clk. to legis. coun., May-July, 1906; relieving mag., 1912; mag., Thaba Nchu, May, 1917; mag., Ladybrand, Feb., 1923; joint editor of law-book, O.R.C., 1900-1906.

LEFROY, HON. SIR HENRY B., K.C.M.G. (1919), C.M.G. (1903).—Elected M.L.A., W. Australia, 1892; re-elected, 1894 and 1897; min. of educn., May, 1897; min. of mines, May, 1898; ag.-gen. for W. Australia in London, 1901; resigned, 1904; min. for lands and agric., July, 1916; premier, 1917; resigned, Apr., 1919.

LEGAT, CHARLES EDWARD.—B.Sc.; joined forest dept., Cape Colony, May, 1898; asst. to supt., George, Apr., 1899; supt., Concordia plantation, Jan., 1901; dist. forest off., Hanover, Aug., 1901; transf'd. to Transvaal govt. as ag. forestry asst., Apr., 1902; conservator of forests, Transvaal, Oct., 1904; 1st grade conservator, Transvaal, Apr., 1912; chief conservator of forests, Union of S. Africa, 31st May, 1913.

LEGGE, CHARLES ARTHUR LIONEL.—B. 1879; clerical asst., B. Guiana, May, 1897; 6th class off., cust., June, 1899; 5th class clk., pol. dept., Dec., 1900; lieut., B. G. Artillery, 1901; attached to No. 32 Coy. R.G.A., Portsmouth, July, 1904; cert. in depression range finding, July, 1904; Hythe musk. cert., Aug., 1904; sub-inspr. of pol. and excise, Grenada, Oct., 1904; promoted capt., B. Guiana Artillery, and seconded, Dec., 1904; mem. local health authority, St. Andrew's parish, Grenada, Jan., 1905; ag. ch. of pol., Grenada, from June, 1907.

LEGGE, CYRIL HENRY ETHELWOOD.—B. 1883; joined B. Guiana civ. serv., 22nd June, 1901; clk. in surg. gens. office, cent. bd. of health, customs and atty.-gens. office; commissary, 24th May, 1906; ag. stip. mag., 29th Mar., 1914 to 1st Dec., 1916; stip. mag. 2nd grade, 1st Dec., 1916; stip. mag., 1st grade, 29th Mar., 1921; passed final bar exams., 1912; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 28th July, 1922; passed govt. Hindi exam.

LEIGH-CLARE, HARRY JAMES LEIGH.—B. 1891; on mil. serv., Jan., 1915; cadet, Ceylon, Feb., 1920; attd. to Colombo Kacheheri, Mar., 1920; attd. to office of food contrl., Apr., 1920; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Mar., 1921; office asst. to govt. agt., Cent. Prov., Apr. and Sept., 1922; ag. asst. govt. agt., Kandy, May, 1922; ditto to govt. agt. Cent. Prov., Apr., 1922; ag. asst. govt. agt., Kandy, Mar. to Sept., 1922; addnl. landing survr., cust., Colombo, Oct., 1924; 2nd landing survr., Nov. 1924; dist. judge, Anuradhapura, Dec., 1926.

LEMBERGER, MAURICE.—B. 1900; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., 23rd Apr., 1918; on mil. serv., 26th Aug., 1918 to 27th Feb., 1920; apptd. cler. off., 1st Jan., 1920; trans. to P.O. stores dept., Mar., 1920; trans. to C.O., 1st Sept., 1923.

LEMIEUX, HON. RODOLPHE, K.C., LL.D.—B. 1866; ed. Nicolet Coll. and Laval Univ., R.C.L. (1891), LL.D. (1896); called to the bar, 1891; prof. of law, Laval Univ., 1896-1906; Q.C., Quebec, 1898; K.C. by Dom. Govt., 1904; elec. to H. of C., 1896; re-elec. 1900, 1904, 1908, 1911, 1917 and 1921; solr.-gen. of Canada, 1904; postmrr.-gen. and min. of labour, 1906; Knight of Legion of Honour, France, 1906; envoy of Canadian govt. to Japan in connection with Japanese immigrn., 1907; deleg. of Canadian govt. to the opening of first parlmt. of Union of S. Africa, 1910; min. of marine and fisheries, 1911; resigned portfolio on defeat of Laurier govt., Oct., 1911; speaker of House of Commons, 1922.

LENTON, HENRY JOHN.—Cape telegr. serv., 1st Sept., 1898; clk., staff branch, 21st Jan., 1902; 1st cls. clk., ditto, 1st Apr., 1912; senr. clk., ch. clk.'s office, 1st Apr., 1918; prin. clk. ditto, 18th Dec., 1919; 2nd grade, ch. clk., 1st Apr., 1921; asst. sec., 1st Nov., 1923; ag. P.M.G., May to Oct., 1924 and from 3rd July, 1925; P.M.G. and chmn., civ. air bd., 23rd Apr., 1926.

LEONARD, HUGH GOODWIN RUSSELL, M.A. (Edin.)—B. 1880; cadet, F.M.S., 1903; passed cadet, 1905; ag. asst. dist. treas., Kuala Lumpur, 1905; ag. dist. treas., Raub, Apr., 1906; ag. 2nd asst. sec. to res.-gen. and priv. sec. to res.-gen., Aug., 1906; ag. asst. supt. of immigrts., Nov., 1906; ag. harbmr., Port Swettenham, in addn., Aug.-Oct., 1907; bonus exam. in Malay, 1908; ag. emigrn. agt. in India, Mar., 1909-Mar., 1912; ag. dep. contr. of lab., Feb., 1913; bonus exam. in Telegu, 1913; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, Apr.-Aug., 1915; ag. dep. contr. of lab., Sept., 1915-Aug., 1919 and June, 1920; offg. asst. treas., F.M.S. and state treas., Selangor, Nov., 1921; chmn., European unemployment comtee., in addn., Apr., 1922; ag. treas., F.M.S., Nov., 1924; attd., fedl. sect. for sp. duty, Sept., 1925; contr. rubber, S.S. and F.M.S., Nov., 1925; finan. comsrr. and audr.-gen., Johore, Aug., 1926; ditto, F.M.S., June, 1927.

LESLIE, ALLAN WALLACE.—Ag. clk., Estcourt magistracy, Natal, 1889; 3rd cls. clk., Newcastle, Jan., 1890; clk. of ct. and Zulu interp. (2nd cls.), Alexandra, May, 1891; 1st cls. clk., Jan., 1898;

transfd. to Newcastle, Jan., 1899; mag., Ndzwandwe, July, 1900; Krantzkop, Apr., 1904; Richmond, Oct., 1906; mag. for col. of Natal, Oct., 1906; asst. under-sec., Dec., 1907; ag. principal under-sec., Apr. to Nov., 1909; ag. under-sec. for justice, Union of S. Africa, Jan., 1911; chief clk., dept. of justice, 1st Apl., 1912; mag., Dundee, Nov., 1915; mag., Durban, May, 1920; judge. native high ct., Natal, 1st Oct., 1920.

LETHEM, G. J.—B. 1886; ed. at Mill Hill, Sohl., Middlesex, and Edin. and Grenoble Univs.; M.A. and LL.B. (with distinction) Edin.; mem. of Lincoln's Inn; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 22nd Mar., 1911.

LEVY, LESLIE CHARLES, LL.B. (Cantab).—B. 1888; ed. Jamaica Coll. and St. John's Coll., Cambridge; Jamaica schol., 1906; 2nd cla. hon., law tripos, 1908 and 1909; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 1910; Bacon schol., Gray's Inn; clk. of cts., Jamaica, 1912; served in local defence force, Jamaica, 1914; lieut., 1915; Br. W. Indies Regt., 1916-18; France, 1917-18; invalided from Army, Nov., 1918; ag. res. mag., Jamaica on various occasions, 1919-21; ag. asst. atty.-gen., May, 1920; atty.-gen., St. Vincent, 1921-24; ag. ch. just., Jan., 1922 and Apr.-Sept., 1923; pol. mag., Sierra Leone, Aug., 1924; puisne judge, Dec., 1924; res. mag., Jamaica, Nov., 1925.

LEWIS, ALFRED DALE, B.A. (Cape), M.A. (Cantab.), M.Inst.C.E.—B. 1881; P.W.D., India, 1905-07; circle engrn., irrig. dept., Cape and Union of S. Africa, 1907-15; on milly. serv. as major, R.E., in France, Egypt, Mesopotamia, 1915-19; ag. dir. of irrig., 1920; dir. of irrigation, 1921; author of "Irrigation in America."

LEWIS, CHARLES HENRY.—B. 1890; linotype operator, govt. printing press, Zanzibar, 24th Nov., 1921; ag. govt. printer, 29th Oct., 1922 to 16th May, 1923; asst. govt. printer, Nov., 1923; ag. govt. printer for various periods in 1925 and 1927.

LEWIS, FREDERICK JAMES.—Tempy. draughtsman, survr.-gen.'s office, Natal, Mar., 1892; draughtsman, July, 1896; draughtsman and computer, Sept., 1898; ag. examnr. of diagrams, Jan., 1908; examnr. of diagrams, Jan., 1909; professional asst., survr.-gen.'s office, Natal Prov., Apr., 1912; survr.-gen., Natal Prov., 1st Oct., 1915.

LEWIS, JOHN WILLIAMSON, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1887; ed. King's schol., Canterbury; Crystal Palace schol. of practical engngr.; jr. asst. engnr., constrn. dept., F.M.S. rlys., 1909; asst. engnr., F.M.S. rlys., 1912; dist. engnr., F.M.S. rlys., 1913; senr. dist. engnr., F.M.S. rlys., 1923.

LEWIS, L. H.—B. 1885; clk., acct.'s office, G.P.O., O.R.C., 1903; clk., P.O. savings bank, Transvaal, 1904; clk., sec.'s office, P.O., Union of S. Africa, 1914; seconded to admstrn., S.W. Africa Prot., 1915-17; 1st grade clk., treasury, S. Africa, 1917; senr. clk., 1919; prin. clk., 1921; sec., prov. finances coman., 1922-23; sec., educn. admstrn. coman., 1923.

LEWIS, HON. SIR NEIL ELLIOTT, K.C.M.G. (1902), C.M.G. (1901), B.A.—B. 1858; atty.-gen. in Dobson-Hervy ministry, Tasmania, 1892-4; premier and atty.-gen. in Lewis ministry, 1900; joined 1st Commonwealth ministry as min. without portfolio, Jan., 1901; again premier of Tasmania, 1909-1912; treasr., and min. for mines, Apl., 1916.

LEWIS, SIR WALTER LLEWELLYN, KT. BACH. (1904), M.A.—B. 1849; gold medalist, Queen's Univ. (Ireland), 1869 and 1871; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., Jan., 1876; South Wales and Chester

circuits; stip. justice, Trinidad, Jan., 1885; chmn. of coman. on agricultural contracts; chmn. of directors, public service widows' and orphans' fund, 1890-1900; puisne judge, 1893; ch. justice, British Honduras, 1900; coronation medal, 1902; ret., 1906.

LEY, MAJOR CUTHBERT HILLIAR, O.B.E. late R.E., F.R.Met.Soc.—B. 1872; coman. in R. Engnrs., 1892-1907; ret. from army, 1907; army serv. in Jamaica, 1896-99; S. African war, 1899-1900 (Tugela Heights and relief of Ladysmith); A.D.C. to inspr.-gen. of fortifications and engnrs., 1900-03; geodetic survey of S. Africa, 1903-05; topographical secn., gen. staff, 1906-07; survey of Fiji, 1908; ordnance survey of Gt. Britain, 1912; served during war at Southampton in depts. of fortifications, miny. of munitions, and directorate of arty.; dir., Palestine survey, Dec., 1920.

LEYH, STANLEY GEORGE HOARE, Pay-Lieut. R.N.R., O.B.E. (Mily).—B. 1893; ed. East Ham Tech. Coll., A.S.C. (T.F.). 1908-12; Royal Navy, 1913-20; staff of comdr.-in-chief, Grand Fleet, 1914-17; admty. war staff (allied naval coun.), 1918-19; staff, comdr.-in-chief, China station, 1919-20; "1914-15 Star," Brit. War Med., Victory Med.; librarian, col. sec.'s office, Singapore, 4th Oct., 1920; ag. office asst., ditto, 15th Mar., 1921; office asst., col. sec.'s office, Singapore, 1st Jan., 1922; offr.-in-ch., records revision, in addn., 1st Feb., 1924.

LIDDARD, M.—B. 1875; ed. at Heath House Schol., Kent, and St. Charles Coll., London; served under Royal Niger Co., 1895-1898; 3rd cla. res., N. Nigeria, 20th Jan., 1910.

LIESCHING, PERCIVALE.—B. 1895; ed. Bedford Schol., and Brasenose Coll., Oxford (scholar); lit. hum. (D.) 1920; pvte., 1st batt. H.A.C., 1914; 2nd lieut., Rifle Brig., Feb., 1915; lieut., June, 1915; capt., Tank Corps, Oct., 1918; served in France, 1914, 1917-18; E. Africa, 1916; ment. in desps., 1918; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., C.O., 26th July, 1920; joint sec., col. survey comtee., 1920; sec., comtee. on priv. enterprse in trop. Africa, 1923; pvte. sec. to perm. sec. for dominion affrs., 6th Aug., 1925.

LIGHT, JOSEPH.—B. 1898; cadet, Ceylon dr. serv., Nov., 1921; attd., Galle Kachcheri, Jan., 1922; ditto, Kegalla Kachcheri, Feb., 1923; office asst. to asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Aug., 1923; pol. mag., Puttalam, Apr., 1925; ditto, Matara, Mar., 1927.

LIGHTBOURN, J. L.—B. 1889; cadet, Out Islands, 1910; ag. 3rd and 2nd clk., col. sec.'s office, 1910-12; sec., bd. of educn., Mar., 1914; sec., pol. comsn., 1921-22; ag. audr., pub. acct., May-Nov., 1924 and from Jan. to Apr., 1926; ag. comsnr., Out Islands, Nov., 1926 to May, 1927; clk., grade I., audit dept., July, 1927.

LILLEY, CYRIL CHARLES.—B. 1889; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Sandhurst; capt., Worcestershire Regt.; asst. dist. comsar., Gold Coast, 25th Aug., 1920.

LINCOLNSHIRE, 1ST MARQUESS OF (cr. 1912), CHARLES ROBERT WYNN-CARRINGTON, EARL CARRINGTON (cr. 1895), VISCOUNT WENDOVER (U.K.), BARON CARRINGTON (Great Britain, 1937, and Ireland, 1796), P.C. (1881), K.G. (1906), G.C.M.G. (1885).—B. 1843; ed. at Eton and Trin. Coll., Camb., B.A. 1863; late capt. Roy. Horse Guards, lieut.-col. 3rd batt. Oxford Light Infantry; capt. Queen's Body Guard, 1881 to 1885; gov. of N. S. Wales, 1885-90; lord chamberlain.

1892-95; pres., bd. of agric., 1905; lord privy seal, 1911; joint hered. lord great chamberlain of England.

LINDSAY, JAMES.—Ed. Edin. Univ.; M.B., Ch.B., 1906; late res. physician, Grampian sanatorium for consumption; late clinical asst., Royal Victoria Dispensary for Consumption and diseases of the chest, Edin.; joined W.A.M.S., Apl., 1910.

LINDSAY, K. G.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, June, 1921.

LINDELL, HAROLD OFFLEY.—B. 1884; ed. at Bradfield Coll. (exhibitor) and All Souls, Coll., Oxford, B.A. (Litt. Hum.), 1907; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 10th Apl., 1909.

LINDELL, ROGER EDWARD.—B. 1885; Ed. at Uppingham schol. (scholar) and King's Coll.; Camb. (scholar); class. tripos, part I, cls. I, div. 2, cadet, Hong Kong, 1909; passed cadet, 1911; ag. 2nd asst. registrar-gen., 1911; J.P., 1912; passed law exam., 1913; ag. 1st asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1913; ag. 2nd ditto, 1913; 3rd ditto, but continued to act as 2nd ditto, 1914; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1915; ag. chief asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1915 to 1916; ag. asst. P.G., 1916; ag. ch. asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1916; ag. asst. supt., imports and exports dept., 1918; ag. dep. registr., sup. ct., 1918; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1919, 1921, 1922 and 1923; ag. 1st pol. mag., 1922, 1924, 1925, 1926 and 1927; ag. P.M.G., 1923.

LINEHAN, WILLIAM.—B. 1892; ed. Christian Brother's Coll. and Univ. Coll., Cork (class. schol. and exhibr.), 1910-13; B.A. (1st cls. class., 1913); post grad. scholarship, 1913-14; M.A. hons., class., 1916; cadet, F.M.S., 1916; 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Jan.-April, 1919; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, Apr., 1919; asst. dis. offr., Krian, 1920-21; asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, May, 1922; ag. dist. offr., Pekan, Aug., 1923; offr., cls. IV., Dec., 1923; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, Aug., 1924; dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Feb., 1927.

LINNELL, CAPT. THOMAS FORESTER, R.E. (res. of offrs.), A.M.I.C.E.—Ed. Denstone Coll., 1899-1904; articled pupil, civ. engnrs., 1905-09; lieut., Royal Engineers, S.R. of O., 1910; temp. asst. engnr., P.W.D., Br. E. Africa, 1911; transfd. to Uganda rly., Apr., 1914; war. serv. on Uganda rly. and in German E. Africa, 1915-18; "1914-15" Star, Victory and Gen. Serv. med.; dist. engnr., Kenya and Uganda rlys., June, 1924.

LITT, WILLIAM GEORGE.—B. 1877; ed. Shrewsbury schol.; barrister-at-law (Inner Temple); served in Impl. yeomanry in S. African War, 1900-01; Queen's Med., 4 clasps; comsn. in The King's Shropshire Light Infy. (vol. and territorial battne.), 1901-20; territorial decor.; substantive major, June, 1916; A.P.M., Hongkong, 1915-16; B.E.F., France, 1917; administrative commdt., Aleppo, E.E.F., 1919; Gen. Service, Territorial, War and Victory med.; ret. with hon. rank of major; judl. offr., O.E.T.A. (South), Dec., 1919; pres., dist. ct., Haifa, 1920.

LIVERPOOL, EARL OF, RT. HON. ARTHUR FOULJAMBE, P.C. (1917); G.C.B.; G.C.M.G. (1914); G.B.E. (1918); K.C.M.G. (1912), M.V.O., (1900); Viscount Hawkesbury of Kirkham; Baron Hawkesbury of Haselbech; B. 1870; ed. Eton and Sandhurst; 2nd lieut., Rifle Brigade, 1891; lieut., 1893; capt., 1897; staff capt., Dublin district, July, 1900 to Dec., 1901; served in S. Africa, 1901-2; major, 1907; state steward and chamberlain to Earl of Aberdeen, K.T., lord lieutenant of Ireland, 1906-08; gov. of New Zealand, 9th Sept., 1912; assumed govt., 19th Dec., 1912; gov. gen. of New Zealand, 1917-20.

LLEWELLIN, JOHN LIONEL BRETHERTON LLYWELYN, M.A. Oxon. (hons. hist.), F.R.G.S.—B. 1889; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 22nd Apr., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., N. Frontier, Sept., 1915-June, 1920; A.G.S. med., "Jubaland, 1917-18"; ag. dist. comsnr., Jubaland, Nov., 1922-May, 1924.

LLOYD, ALFRED NORMAN MOSTYN.—Cik., asst., gov.'s office, Natal, Feb., 1886; cler. asst., postal dept., 1886; cik., European emigr. office, Natal, Feb., 1889; 3rd grade cik., deeds office, Mar., 1891; 3rd grade cik., sub-audit office, Durban, Mar., 1893; 2nd grade cik., deeds office, Aug., 1899; 1st grade cik., ditto, July, 1903; senr. cik., ditto, July, 1906; asst. registr., deeds, Oct., 1906; registr., deeds, Natal, Apr., 1922.

LLOYD, EDGAR BRINLEY.—B. 1894; ed. Aberavon; cik., land dept., E.A.P., 1919; ag. land asst., 1920; ag. registr., crown lands, documents and titles, 1921.

LLOYD, J. D.—Ed. at Blundell's schol., Tiverton, and Sidney Sussex Coll., Camb.; class. tripos, cls. II., div. I.; Blundell exhibitnr., and major scholar of Sid. Suss. Coll.; B.A., 1906; cadet, Hong Kong, 1907; offr. for exam. of male assisted emigrts., 1908, to 1909; passed cadet, 1910; ag. 1st asst. registrar-gen., 1910; J.P., 1911; asst. postmaster-gen., 1912; 2nd asst. registrar-gen., 1913; ag. dep. registr., acctnt. and appraiser, sup. ct., 1913; asst. P.M.G., 1914; ag. dep. registr. and acctnt., sup. ct., 1914; attached to imports and exports dept., 1916; ag. supt., ditto, 1916; seconded for mil. serv., 1917; comsn. in Chinese Labour Corps, 1918; off. recr. and registr. of trade marks and patents, 1919; custodian of enemy property, and contrl. of local clearing office, 1920; admstr. of Austrian and Bulgarian property in addn., 1920; census offr. in addn., 1921; custodian of enemy property, etc., and dep. registr., sup. ct., 1922-23; supt., impts. and expts., 1923; commended by S. of S. for repts. on opium smuggling, 1924.

LLOYD, RUFERT CORDEN.—B. 1870; cik., contr. and audr.-gen.'s dept., 1889; ag. civ. comsnr. and registr. of deeds, Kimberley, 1898; ch. examr. of accts., law dept., 1900; acctnt., sup. ct., Cape Town, 1901; civ. comsnr., res. mag. and dep. admstr., martial law, Barkly East, 1902; civ. comsnr. and res. mag., Barkly West, 1906; comsnr., Robben Island, 1909; civ. comsnr., and mag., Mafeking, 1913; Somerset East, 1915; inspg. mag. and inspr. of prisons, 1916; civ. comsnr. and mag., Oudtshoorn, 1919; ch. mag., Cape Town, 1923; pub. serv. comsn., 1926.

LLOYD, T. I. K.—B. 1896; ed. Rossall Schol. and Caius Coll., Cambridge (schol., 1914); cadet, Royal Mil. Acad., 1915; 2nd lieut., R.E., 1916; served in Egypt and Palestine, ment. in desps., 1917; apptd. under re-construction scheme, asst. prin., miny. of health, July, 1920; temp. attached to C.O. as asst. prin., Dec., 1921.

LLOYD, WILLIAM BUTLER.—B. 1880; ed. Shrewsbury, and Christ Church, Oxford; M.A.; called to the bar, 1905; dist. and stip. mag., Mauritius, 1913; mag., Rodriguez, 1916; mag. for occupied territories of German East Africa, 1919; mag., Tanganyika Territory, 21st Nov., 1919; pol. mag., S. Leone, 6th June, 1922; dep. judge, sup. ct., 3rd July to 1st Aug., 1922.

LLOYD, HON. SIR WM. FREDERICK, K.C.M.G. (1919).—B. 1864; ed. Owen's Coll., Manchester and Durham Coll. of Science, Newcastle-on-Tyne; bachelor of law, London Univ., 1894; D.O.L., Victoria Univ., Toronto, 1901; vice-principal,

Bishop Field Coll., St. John's, Newfld., 1891; editor, "Evening Telegram" 1904; M.H.A., Trinity dist., 1904; leader of the opposition, H. of A., 1916; with Sir Edward (now Lord) Morris formed a National Govt., becoming attorney-general, 1917; ag. prime minister, 1917; prime minister, 1918.

LLOYD-BLOOD, CAPT. L.I.N., M.C., B.A., Barrister-at-law.—Dep. registr., sup. ct., Kenya, Oct., 1920; registr., July, 1921; asst. atty.-gen., Nyasaland, 16th Aug., 1924; ag. atty.-gen., May to Dec., 1925 and Apr., 1926.

LOCK, GEORGE ROBERT.—B. 1876; ed. Weymouth Coll. and Sidney-Sussex Coll., Camb., 1895 (schol.); senior optime, maths. tripos, 1898; 1st cls. mech. sciences tripos, 1899; ent. C.A. as tech. asst., 1905; dep. head, wks. dept., 1913.

LOCKHART, CHARLES RAMSDALE.—B. 1892; mil. serv., Aug., 1914 to Mar., 1919 (Gallipoli, Egypt, and with K.A.B. in E. Africa); twice ment. in desps.; asst. treas., Tanganyika Territory, Mar., 1919; ag. senr. asst. treas., May, 1921; senr. asst. treas., 1st Apr., 1923.

LOCKHART, SIR JAMES HALDANE STEWART, K.C.M.G. (1908); C.M.G. (1898); F.R.G.S., M.R.A.S.; LL.D. (Hong Kong Univ.).—B. 1858; Edin. Univ.; Greek medallist, etc.; apptd. after compet. exam., to a Hong Kong cadetship, 1878; attached to the C.O. for one year, 1879; passed cadet, 1882; supt. opium revenue, Mar., 1883; asst. col. sec. and asst. auditor-gen., Aug., 1883; ag. registr. gen., 1884 and 1885; registr.-gen., 1887, and M.L.C., 1889; mem. exec. coun., 1891; chairm. bd. of examiners in Chinese, 1891; ditto governg. body Queen's Coll. dep. registr., sup. ct. in prize, 27th Nov., 1914; 1894; ag. col. sec., Apl., 1894; col. sec. and registr.-gen., Mar., 1895; special comanr. to report on the extension of the bndry. of H. Kong, 1898; representative of Gt. Br. to delimitate bndrys., for both of which recd. thanks of S. of S., 1899; rector of coll. of medicine for Chinese, 1895-1902; comanr. of Weihaiwei, 20th Jan., 1902; assumed govt., 3rd May, 1902; ret., 1920.

LOCKHART, KENNETH SPENCER.—B. 1890; copyist, admstr.'s office, Dominica, 1908; 2nd clk., registr.'s office, 1910; 2nd rev. offr. and harbmr., Nevis, 1913; ag. acctnt., treasury, 1917; is also sec. to quarantine bd., and clk. to cent. bd. of health; govt. trade agt. to enquire into and report upon conditions affecting W.I. labourers at Santo Domingo, Nov., 1918; rev. offr., St. Kitts, May, 1920; ag. audit. clk., Sept., 1920; 2nd clk., treas. dept., 23rd July, 1921; capt., St. Kitts-Nevis Defence Force; ag. 1st clk., treasury, May-Sept., 1922; audit clk., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1st June, 1922; income tax comanr., 1924.

LOCKYER, SIR NICHOLAS COLSTON, KT. BACH. (1926), C.B.E., I.S.O. (1906).—B. 1855; entd. treasury, N.S. Wales, 1868; collr. of cust. and first comanr. of taxation, N.S.W., 1896; comptr.-gen. of custs., C. of A., 1911; mem., Inter-State coman., July, 1913; ret'd.

LOGAN, EWEEN REGINALD.—Ed. at Charterhouse and Exeter Coll., B.A., 1891; M.A., 1897; student, Inner Temp., Jan., 1894; called to bar, Nov. 1899; joined Middlx. and N. London sess. and cent. crim. ct., 1900; serv. in Boer war as 2nd lieut., 65th squad., I.Y., 1901; Queen's medal and four clasps; mines dept., Transvaal govt., Aug., 1901, to Apr., 1902; asst. res. mag., Transvaal, May, 1902, to May, 1904; mag. E. Africa Prot., 4th Aug., 1905; chief just., Seychelles, 1914; admstr. govt. from 23rd July,

1916 to 20th Mar., 1917 and from 13th May to 7th Oct., 1918; drafted in conjunction with Alfred Gellé, Esq., barrister-at-law, code of civil procedure for Seychelles; recd. thanks of sec. of state; puisne judge, G. Coast, 9th June, 1920; with seniority from 28th Mar., 1920; senr. puisne judge, Dec., 1922; ag. ch. just., 31st Mar. to 28th Nov., 1923 and 28th Feb. to 28th Mar., 1925; ch. just., Bahamas, Feb., 1925; chmn. bd. of educn., Aug., 1925; judge, high ct., N. Rhodesia, 1st May, 1927.

LOGAN, WILLIAM MARSTON.—B. 1889; ed. Bristol and Brasenose Coll., Oxford (Hulme exhibr., Bridgeman prizeman, B.A.); asst. dist. comanr., East Africa Prot., Mar., 1913; sec. cent. comtee. of supplies, 1914-15; hon. lieut. unattached list, 1915-17; ag. dist. comanr., 1918 and Dec. to July, 1921; ag. senr. asst. sec., Sept. to Nov., 1920 and July, 1921 to June, 1924; 1st grade admistr. offr., June, 1924; sen. asst. sec., Dec., 1924 to Mar., 1925; ag. asst. col. sec., Mar. to Oct., 1925 and in 1926; sec., local govt. coman., 1926; ag. asst. col. sec., 1927.

LOGGIE, THOMAS GEORGE JOHNSTON, I.S.O. (1917).—B. 1854; ed. Presbyterian Acad., Chatham, New Brunswick; dep. survr. gen., New Brunswick, 1908; lieut.-col. in the active Militia; now dep. min. of lands and mines.

LOGIE, HON. WILLIAM ALEXANDER, C.B. (1918).—B. 1866; ed. Queen's Univ., Kingston, Canada; B.A. (1st cl. hons. in classics), 1887; M.A., 1888; LL.B., 1892; barrister, Canada, 1890; benchr., Upper Canada, 1911; entered Vol. Militia, 1883, and is maj.-gen. comdg. 2nd Div., Toronto; puisne judge of high ct., div. of Ontario, and a judge of Appellate div., 1918.

LOLTGEN, W. G.—B. 1894; on mil. serv., 18th May, 1916 to 18th Feb., 1920; temp. clk., O.S.O., Mar. 1920 to 27th June, 1922; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., O.S.O., 27th June, 1922.

LONDON, GEORGE ERNEST.—B. 1889; ed. at Warwick, and Downing Coll., Camb. (schol.); 1st in nat. sci. tripos, 1910; hist. tripos, 1911; B.A., 1911; cadet, F.M.S., 1911; offr., cls. V, 1914; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, 1916; on active serv., 1916-19; lieut., Glouc. Regt.; offr., cls. IV, 1919; sec. to res., Pahang, 1920; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1923; ag. state treas., Perak, July, 1924; ag. sec. to res., Perak, Aug., 1924; dep. contr., rubber expts., S.S. and F.M.S. and dep. supervisor, rubber F.M.S., Nov., 1924; ag. contr., rubber, S.S. and F.M.S., Jan., 1926; ag. asst. treas., F.M.S. and state treas., Selangor, Apr., 1926.

LONG, ARTHUR TILNEY, C.B.E. (1919).—B. 1871; served in S. African War (medal and four clasps); entered Transvaal service, 1900; collr. of customs, Lourenço Marques, 1902; ag. sec. for customs, Transvaal, 1905-6; agent of Transvaal govt. at Lourenço Marques, 1908; agent of the Union of S. Africa at Lourenço Marques, 1910; also British vice-consul since 1908; ag. consul, 1909 and 1911; ag. British consul-general, Mar., 1917 to Apr., 1918, Sept., 1922 to May, 1923 and from Oct., 1923 to Mar., 1924.

LONG, CAPT. HERBERT EDWARD.—B. 1887; ed. Kendrick Schl., Reading; B.E.F., Egypt, Gallipoli, Salonika, Mar., 1915 to Feb., 1918; India and Aden, Mar., 1918 to April, 1921; dist. pol. offr., Somaliland, July, 1921.

LONSDALE, CAPT. PHILIP.—Ed. at Sandhurst; coman. in regular force, 18th July, 1893; served on the N.W. Frontier (Tirah), 1898 (medal and clasp); with Ashanti Field Force, 1900 (medal and clasp, "Kumasi"); ag. dist.

comsnr., Northern Territories, G. Coast, 1903-4; comdt., schl. of signalling, Dublin, 1905; asst. res., N. Nigeria, Mar., 1906; 3rd cl. res., 1st Oct., 1908.

LORAM, CHAS. TEMPLEMAN.—B. 1879; B.A., LL.B.; asst. mast., Pietermaritzburg Coll. schl., 1896; asst. mast., Pietermaritzburg Coll., Natal, seconded, 31st May, 1901; asst. inspr. of nat. schls., 15th Feb., 1906; asst. inspr. of schls., 1st July, 1906; inspr. of schools, 1910; chief inspr., native educn., 1st May, 1918; native affrs. comsnr., 1920; ch. inspr., educn., 1922.

LORD, GERALD FRANCIS.—Clk., P.M.G.'s dept., Natal, 1901; inspr. of educn., Transvaal, 1901-2; civil serv. examr., Natal, 1902; clk., lands and works dept., and rlys. and harbs. dept., 1903; senr. clk., 1906; prin. clk., 1910; ag. sec., rlys. and harbs. dept., in 1908 and 1909; prin. clk., admsr.'s dept., Natal Prov., 1910; chf. clk., 1st Feb., 1918; ag. prov. sec. Jan. to Apr., 1925.

LORD, LIEUT.-COL. J. E. C., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D.—Ent. Tasmanian civ. ser., 1886; commanded 40th Batt. Tas. A.I.F. in European War from 10th Feb., 1915 to 4th Aug., 1919; commands 12th Inf. Brig., Australian Mil. Forces; A.D.C. to the gov.-gen.; comsnr. of pol., Tasmania.

LORNE, J., M.A., B.Sc. Edin.—Cadet, S.S., Nov., 1899; passed final exam. in Malay, Apr., 1901; ag. head of Malay Coll., Malacca, May, 1901; ag. asst. registr., sup. ct., and mag. and sheriff, Malacca, Apr., 1903; ag. dist. offr., Penang, Jan., 1904; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, Jan., 1908; ag. temp. 3rd mag., Penang, Jan., 1910; ag. dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, Mar., 1910; offr., cls. IV., May, 1911; ag. collr., land rev. and registrar. of deeds, Singapore, Aug., 1911; offr., cls. III., Feb., 1916; asst. dist. judge (civil) in addition, Jan.-Feb., 1917, July-Aug., 1920 and Nov.-Dec., 1920; supernum. offr., cls. II, Jan., 1919; off. mem., leg. coun., May, 1920 to Feb., 1921; ag. collr., land rev. and registrar. of deeds, Singapore, 2nd Nov., 1921; ag. under sec., S. Sttlmts., 28th Apr., 1922.

LOUDOUN, WILSON ANDERSON.—B. 1874; ed. pub. schls., Chatham, New Brunswick; asst. audr.-gen., 1902; audr.-gen. of New Brunswick, 1907; now comptroller-general.

LOUNSBURY, CHARLES PUGSLEY, B.Sc.—B. 1872; govt. entomologist, July, 1895; ch. divn. of entomology, dept. of agr., S. Africa, Apr., 1912.

LOUW, ERIC H.—B. 1891; ed. Beaufort West High Schl. and Univ. of Stellenbosch, S. Africa; B.A. and LL.B. (Cape); called to bar, 1916 and practised at sup. ct., Grahamstown; el. M.P. for Beaufort West, 1924; first S. African comsnr. to U.S.A. and Canada, 1925.

LOUW, JACOBUS STEPHANUS.—Ch. clk., deeds office, Transvaal, Apr., 1902; asst. registr., deeds, Dec., 1912; asst. registr., deeds, Cape Prov., Sept., 1918; ag. registr., deeds, Windhoek, Oct., 1919; registr., deeds, Windhoek, May, 1920; registr., deeds, O.F.S., Apr., 1922.

LOUWRENS, HILLGARD MULLER.—B. 1868; ed. Normal Coll., Cape Town, Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch and law classes, S.A. Coll., Cape Town; admitted as atty. and notary, sup. ct., Cape Town, 1892; practised as atty., 1892-1903; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1906; practised at sup. ct. bar, Cape Town, 1906-23; K.C., 1922; ag. water ct. judge, 1923; judge, sup. ct., Cape of Good Hope local divn., 1924.

LOVAT, 14TH BARON (CR. BEFORE 1440) MAJOR-GEN. SIMON JOSEPH FRASER, K.T. (1914), K.C.M.G. (1919), K.C.V.O. (1908), C.B. (1902), C.V.O. (1903), D.S.O. (1900).—B. 1871; ed. Fort Augustus Abbey and Oxford; late major 1st Vol. Batt., Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders and lieut., 1st Life Guards; served S. Africa as hon. maj. commdg. Lovat's Scouts (desps., D.S.O., C.B.); served European war, Gallipoli, France and Flanders (K.C.M.G., desps.); vice-chmn. and chmn., comtee on agrl. research and admsn. in the non self-governing dependencies, 1924-27; parly. under sec., D.O. and chmn., Overseas Settlement Comtee, 1927.

LOVETT, HERBERT J.—A.C.A.; ed. at Marlborough coll.; chartered acctnt., England and Wales, 1900; asst. acctnt., G.P.O., Ceylon, 1901; ag. acctnt. on several occasions; on military duty, Sept., 1914; acctnt., G.P.O., Oct., 1916.

LOWE, ALEXANDER FRANCIS, C.M.G. (1924).—B. 1862; ed. Nelson Coll., New Zealand, and at private schl., England; filled various positions as offr. of New Zealand parlmnt., 1885-1915; clk. of H. of R., 1915; clk. of parlt. and clk. of legis. coun., 1919.

LOWE, CAPT. HERBERT JOHN, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1892; ed. St. Andrew's Coll. and R. Vety. Coll., Dublin; lieut., R.A.V.C. (S.R.), 1914; capt., R.A.V.C. (S.R.), 1915; war serv., France, 1914-18; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Oct., 1918; senr. vety. offr., Apr., 1923; ag. dep. ch. vety. offr., May to Dec., 1926.

LOWINGER, VICTOR ALEXANDER.—B. 1879; ed. at Pietermaritzburg and S.A. Coll., Cape Town; Royal Observatory, Cape of Good Hope, 1895-1904; licensed surv., Cape, 1901, Transvaal, 1902; sec., confce. of surveyors-gen., S. Africa, 1904; geodetic surv., Transvaal and O.F.S., 1904-06; trig. surv., F.M.S., 1906; supt., trig. surveys, 1913; ag. asst. survr.-gen., 1918-19; ag. asst. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S. Sttlmts. in addition, July, 1921 to Feb., 1922; ag. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S. Sttlmts., May, 1922; survr.-gen., July, 1922.

LUCAS, SIR CHARLES PRESTWOOD, K.C.B., (1912), K.C.M.G. (1907), C.B. (1901), B.A.—B. 1853; ed. at Winchester Coll. and Balliol Coll., Oxford; open exhibitor; 1st cl. in mods., 1873, and 1st class in final classical schools, June, 1876; Chancellor's prize for Latin essay, 1877; called to the bar by the Soc. of Lincoln's Inn, Easter, 1885; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. in the office of the sec. of state for the cols., Apl., 1877; priv. sec. to Sir R. Herbert, Dec., 1881; Earl Granville, Feb., 1886, and again to Sir R. Herbert, Aug., 1886; also chairman of comtee. of emigrants' information officer till 31st Dec., 1896; 1st class clk., Feb., 1892; prin. clk., Sept., 1896; asst. under-sec. of state, June, 1897; head of the Dominions division, 1907, in which capacity he visited Australia and N. Zealand, 1909; registrar. of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, 1909-1911; retired, 1911; author of "Historical Geography of the British Colonies," "The Canadian War of 1812," "A History of Canada, 1763-1812," "Greater Rome and Greater Britain," etc.

LUCAS, HON. SIR EDWARD, KT. BACH. (1921).—M.L.C., S. Australia 1900-1918; agt. gen. for S. Australia in London, 1918-24.

LUCETTE, EDWARD HENRY, B.A. (Oxon.), M.C.—B. 1896; on milly. serv., Apr., 1915; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., May, 1921; attd. to Anuradhapura Kach., June, 1921; attd., Trincomalee Kachcheri, Mar., 1922; attd. col. sec.'s office,

Nov., 1922; priv. sec. and ag. A.D.C. to the gov., July, 1924 to Apr., 1925; pol. mag., Gampola, Feb., 1926.

LUCIE-SMITH, SIR ALFRED VAN W., KT. BACH. (1911).—Ed. at Rugby; solr., Br. Guiana, 1877; called to bar, Mid. Tem., 1881; ag. solr.-gen., Br. Guiana, 1882 to 1887; pres. dist. ct., Famagusta, Cyprus, 1887; Limsalol, 1892; ag. Queen's advoc., 1893; ag. judge, cons. ct., Constantinople, 1896; res. mag., Kingston, Jamaica, Nov., 1896; puisne judge, B.G., Jan., 1898; ag. ch. just., 1900-01; one of the compilers of the "Rules of Court," 1900; ch. just., Trinidad and Tobago, 1908; pres., W. Indian ct. of appeal, 31st May, 1920; ret., 1924.

LUCIE-SMITH, JOHN ALFRED, O.B.E., V.D.—B. 1888; ed. Stonyhurst Coll.; col. sec.'s office, Br. Guiana, 1906-06; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1910; advoc. and solr., S. Stlmits., 1910-14; on mily. serv., 1914; twice met. in desps.; ag. pres., dist. ct., Trinidad, 1920; asst. mag., Port of Spain, 1920-23; pres., dist. ct., Cyprus, 1924; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Dec., 1925; ag. puisne judge for various periods, 1926-27; ag. crown pros., Nov., 1926; puisne judge, Oct., 1927.

LUCIE-SMITH, JOHN DUDLEY.—B. 1886; ed. Berkhamstead schol.; entd. civ. serv. of Jamaica, 1909; 2nd cls. clk., 1914; 1st cls. clk., 1920; sec., Westmoreland hurricane relief coman., 1912; sec. foot and mouth disease coman., 1922; ag. priv. sec. to gov. of Jamaica (Sir Sydney Olivier) 1912; priv. sec. and A.D.C. to gov. of Jamaica (Sir Leslie Probyn), 1920-23; war serv., R.F.A., (France and Flanders) 1915-18; A.D.C. to C.R.A., 68th Div., 1918; W. O. staff, 1919; edr. of "The School Garden in Jamaica" and "Elementary Hygiene."

LUDDINGTON, NORMAN JOHN, M. Sc., Durham Univ.—B. 1888; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., 17th Nov., 1911; attached to the Jaffna Kachcheri, Dec., 1911; ag. pol. mag., Trincomalee, July, 1912; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Mar., 1913; ag. office asst., Kurunegala Kachcheri, Aug., 1913; ag. asst. govt. agt., Puttalam and Chilaw, Apl., 1914; resumed duties as office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., May, 1914; pol. mag., Negombo, May, 1915; Panadura, June, 1915; Negombo, Aug. 1915; Galle, Apl., 1916; Colombo, July, 1921; asst. comsnnr., excise, July, 1923; asst. stlmnt. offr., Nov., 1926.

LUGARD, 1ST BARON (CR. 1928), RT. HON. SIR FREDERICK JOHN DEALTRY LUGARD, P.C. (1920), G.C.M.G. (1911), K.C.M.G. (1901), C.B. (1896), D.S.O. (1887).—B. 1858; ed. Rossall and Sandhurst; 1st coman., 9th foot, May, 1878; captain, Aug., 1885; major, Aug., 1896; lieut.-col., July, 1899; col., July, 1905; temp. brig.-gen., 1900-07; to India, Sept., 1878; active service, Afghanistan, Sept., 1879, to Sept., 1880, medal; Soudan, Feb. to Nov., 1885; medal, clasp, "Tofrek" Khedive's Star, despatches; Burmah, Oct., 1886, to Aug., 1887; mentioned in despatches, D.S.O. and medal. To Africa, Feb., 1888; commanding expdn. against slave traders; very severely wounded. To East Africa, Nov., 1889, to Oct., 1892; exploration of Sabakhi; admnstd. Uganda; went to Borgu in comd. expdn., July, 1894, and made treaties on behalf of Royal Niger Company, returned, Apl., 1895, Feb., 1896, led expedition across Kalahari for Brd Charterland Co.; apptd. comsnnr., and comdt., West African frontier force, Aug., 1897; high comsnnr. for Northern Nigeria, 29th Dec., 1899; resigned Sept., 1906; gov. of Hong Kong, 1st May, 1907;

gov., N. and S. Nigeria, 25th Mar., 1912; gov.-gen., Nigeria, 1st Dec., 1913; assumed govt., 1st Jan., 1914; retired, 1919.

LUKE, HARRY CHARLES, C.M.G. (1926), Knight of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem.—B. 1884; ed. at Eton and Trinity Coll., Oxford; 2nd cls. mod. hist., B.A., 1906; M.A., 1910; B. Litt., 1919; priv. sec. to the govt. of Sierra Leone (Sir L. Probyn, K.C.M.G.), 1908, and A.D.C., 1909; ag. asst. col. sec., Sierra Leone, Mar. to July, 1909; priv. sec. to the govt. of Barbados, Feb., 1911; attached to C.O., May to July, 1911 (Coronation medal); priv. sec. to the high comsnnr. of Cyprus (Sir H. Goold-Adams, G.C.M.G.), and clk. of exec. coun., Oct., 1911; asst. sec. to govt., Cyprus, 1912; ag. comsnnr., Paphos, 1917; comsnnr., Famagusta, 1918; sec., Cyprus defence comtee., 4th Aug., 1914; served in H.M.S. *Doris* on Syrian Coast, 1914-1915; political offr. to staffs of Admirals Lord Wester Wemyss and Christian and govt. sec., Mudros, Feb., 1915, to June, 1916; (lieut.-comdr., and ag. comdr., R.N.V.R.); reed. thanks of admy.; Italian med. for mily. valour; political offr. to Admiral of the Fleet, Sir J. de Robeck, Constantinople and Black Sea, Aug., 1919; ag. Br. ch. comsnnr. in Georgia, Armenia and Azerbaijan, Apr. to Sept., 1920; asst. gov. of Jerusalem, Oct., 1920; mem. of comsnn. on the Orthodox Patriarchate of Jerusalem, and on the Jaffa disturbances, 1921, and finan. comsnnr. of the Patriarchate, 1921-24; col. sec., Sierra Leone, May, 1924; admstd. govt., June to Oct., 1924 and Apr. to Oct., 1926; passed in Turkish and modern Greek (hons.); author of "A Bibliography of Sierra Leone," 1910 and 1925; "Cyprus under the Turks," 1921; joint editor, "Handbook of Cyprus," 1913 and 1920; "Handbook of Palestine," 1922.

LUKE, SIR JOHN PEARCE, KT. BACH. (1921), C.M.G. (1917), M.P., A.M.I.M.E., J.P.—Ed. Penzance, Cornwall, and privately Wellington, N.Z.; M.P., 1908-11, and since 1917; Mayor of Wellington, 1913-21; el. life mem., N.Z. Returned Soldiers' Association, and holds *Medaille de la Reconnaissance Française* (3rd cls.) for war services.

LUKIN, LIONEL OSCAR.—B. 1868; puisne judge (central), supreme ct., Queensland, Dec., 1910-26; judge, fed. conciliation ct., 1926.

LUMLEY, JAMES MADDY.—B. 1878; ed. Royal Gram. Schl., Newcastle-on-Tyne; served R.H.A., 1895-1901; S. African war, 1899-1902; wounded; Queen's medal, four clasps; King's medal, two clasps; S. African constab., 1901-08; pub. pros. and just. of the peace, Heidelberg, Transvaal, 1904-08; asst. supt. of pol., R.A.P., 1909; served in E. Africa, 1914-18; King's pol. medal, 1919; supt., pol., Kenya, 1919; ag. asst. comsnnr., Kenya pol., various periods, 1920-24; asst. comsnnr., pol., 1925; dep. comsnnr., pol., 1926; ag. comsnnr., pol., 1927.

LUNNON, GEORGE JOSEPH.—B. 1902; apptd., after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 4th May, 1920.

LUSCOMBE, LAURENCE GEORGE.—B. 1880; ed. Heles schol., Exeter; served in S. African war, 1901-02; clk., Swaziland admnstn., Sept., 1902; asst. acctnt., Dec., 1909; acctnt., Apr., 1910; finan. secy., 1918.

LYALL-GRANT, R. W., M.A. (Aberdeen), LL.B. (Edin.).—Vans Dunlop schol. in law, Edin. Univ.; called to Scottish bar, 1903; practised till 1909; atty.-gen., Nyasaaland, Apr., 1909; ag. judge, high ct., Sept., 1909 to June, 1910, and from Aug., 1912 to May, 1913; judge of high ct.,

Aug., 1914, and mem., H.B.M. Ct. of Appeal for Eastern Africa; chmn., native rising comsn., 1915; chmn. of claims bdl. for Nyasaland, under Br. prota. defence O. in C., 1916-19; judge advoc. to Nyasaland-Rhodesia Field Force, 1917-18; atty.-gen., Kenya, July, 1920; mem., exec. and leg. councils; puisne just., Ceylon, 1925.

LYDDEKER, C. J.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., Aug., 1914; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

LYNCH, FRANCIS CHRISTOPHER CHISHOLM.—B. 1884; ed. at pub. schls., priv. tuition, McGill Univ.; assoc. Eng. Inst., Canada; assoc. mem., Town Planning Inst. of Canada; gen. engnrg., 1902-05; apptd. to interior dept., 1906; asst. supt., rly. lands br., 1911; supt., nat. resources intell. br., dept. of int. Can., Dec., 1911.

LYNDE, WALTER MICHELLE, F.S.I. (Eng.).—B. 1883; ed. Cranleigh Schl.; quantity survr., P.W.D., E.A.P., 1910; in charge sp. wk., Kabete, 1918; contracts offr., P.W.D., Kenya, 1923; ag. D.P.W., 1926.

LYON, WILLIAM ROY.—B. 1889; ed. at Mountjoy Schl., Dublin; 2nd lieut., 6th batt., City of London Regt. (T.F.), Feb., 1909; Hythe certiff., musketry and mach. gun, 1910; lieut., 1910; asst. dist. comsnnr., Sierra Leone, Nov., 1912; ag. dist. comsnnr. for various periods, 1914-16; capt., 1914; major, 1916; served with Nigeria Carrier Corps in E. Africa, 1917; attchd., 4th batt., Nigeria Regt., as O.C. details, Lagos, 1st Apr., 1918 to 20th May, 1918; distr. comsnnr., 2nd cl., 29th Nov., 1917; passed lower standard native language (Tenne).

MAARTENSZ, LEWIS MATTHEW.—B. 1876; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple; addtl. crown counsel, Ceylon, Apr., 1903; crown counsel, July, 1906; addtl. dist. judge, Kandy, Oct., 1910; ditto, Colombo, Apl., 1911; ag. dist. judge, Colombo, Apr. to Oct., 1916, Apr.-Dec., 1920, Mar. to Nov., 1923 and from June, 1924; comsnnr. of assize, Apr. to June, 1925; ag. puisne just., July to Sept. and from 30th Oct., 1925; dist. judge, Colombo, Jan., 1927; ag. puisne just., June, 1927.

MAASDORP, HON. SIR ANDRIES FERDINAND STOCKENSTROM, KT. BACH. (1904).—B.A., Lond., 1869; barrister-at-law, Inn. Temp., Nov., 1871; mem. of the house of assem., Cape Colony, 1874 to 1878; solr.-gen., Cape Colony, Aug., 1878 to May, 1897; mem. of special (treason) court, Cape Colony, Oct., 1900, to June, 1902; ch. just. of the O.R.C., June, 1902; ret., Jan., 1920.

MCARTHUR, ROBERT TAYLOR, D.S.O., A.M.I.E.E., M.(S.A.), I.E.E.—B. 1877; Imp. tels., 1890-97; dist. engnr., Natal tel. dept., 1910; engnrg., dept. of posts and tels., Union of S. Africa, 1914; divnl. engnr., ditto, 1920; ch. engnr., 1923.

MCCALL, LIEUT.-COL., FREDERICK JOHNSON, M.C., M.R.C.V.S.—Veterinary offr., E.A.P., Mar., 1910; served in Great War, Oct., 1914 to June, 1918; M.C., 1917; 1914-15 Star, British War Med., twice ment. in despa.; major, A.D.V.S., 2nd divn., E. Africa Force, 5th May, 1916; A.D.V.S., G.H.Q., E.A. Force, 8th Aug., 1917; ch. vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 26th Feb., 1919; dir., vety. services, 1st Apr., 1927.

MACCALL, THOMAS VERNON.—B. 1884; ed. Vickery's schll., Portsmouth, and Edin. Univ.; joined London Metro. Police, 6th Feb., 1905; served in C.I.D., New Scotland Yard; resig. 27th Mar., 1911; served in B. of T. labour exchanges, June, 1911, to Mar., 1914; asst. supt. of police, B. Honduras, 12th Apr., 1914; J.P., 23rd Apr.,

1914; ag. dist. comsnnr., Orange Walk, July-Aug. 1914; visiting justice of dist. prisons, 1914-19; deputy atty.-gen., Corosal sessions, supreme ct., Sep., 1914; ag. dist. comsnnr., Orange Walk, Feb.-Mar., 1915; comsnnr. of supreme ct., 1st Apr., 1915; 2nd lieut., B. H. Volrs., 7th Dec., 1915, attached to Corosal; lieut., Jan., 1917; served in Cayo Exped. Force, on Guatemalan frontier, Apr. to July, 1916; capt., B.H.T.F., 5th May, 1917; deputy atty.-gen., Corosal sessions, supreme ct., Dec., 1918; ag. dist. comsnnr., Corosal, from 13th Nov., 1918.

MCCALLAN, E.A.—Clk., post office, Bermuda, 1903; clk., works dept., 1904; rev. offr., 1907; agric. asst., 1913; dir. of agric., Bermuda 1920.

MCCALLUM, ANGUS, M.C.—Ed. Geo. Watson's Coll., Edin. and Aberdeen Univ.; capt., B.E.F., France, Aug., 1915 to Aug., 1918, M.C. and bar, ment. in despa.; lieut., 3rd K.A.R., Nov., 1918 to June, 1922; dist. polit. offr., Somaliland, Sept., 1923.

MCCARTER, HARRY BERTRAM ADAIR.—B. 1883; entd. civil serv., Cape Colony, 1899; served in S. African war in Fingoland native levies, 1901-02; served in law dept., Transvaal civil serv., 1902 to 1907; clk., Swaziland admnstn., June, 1907; clk. and dep. asst.-comsnnr., Apr., 1911; passed Cape Univ. civ. ser. lower law exam., 1911.

MCCARTHY, DEWNIS DOUGLAS, M.B., Ch.B.—B. 1899; ed. Otago Univ., N.Z. and Otago Med. Schl.; med. offr., Zanzibar, 1st Mar., 1926.

MCCARTHY, LESLIE ERNEST VIVIAN, B.A.—B. 1885; ed. Kettle Coll., Oxford; 2nd cls. hona. final jurisprudence; barrister-at-law, Gray's Inn, 1911; crown counsel, Gold Coast, 21st Sept., 1921; ag. solr.-gen. for various periods, 1922-26.

MCCAY, MAJOR-GEN. SIR JAS. WHITESIDE, K.C.M.G. (1918), C.B. (1915); C.B.E., M.A., LL.M., V.D.—B. 1864; M.L.A., Victoria, Nov., 1895, and Oct., 1897, to Dec., 1899; min. of pubt instn. and comsnnr. of trade and cust., Dec., 1899, to Jan., 1900; mem. of Commonwealth parlt., Mar., 1901, and Dec., 1903; min. for defence, ditto, Aug., 1904, to June, 1905; served in European War, 1914-18.

MCCLELLAN, JOHN WILLIAM TYNDAL, C.M.G. (1919).—Ed. at Malvern Coll. and Royal Agric. Coll.; asst. dist. offr., E. Africa Prot., 4th Oct., 1895; Africa gen. serv. medal 1895-6; Africa gen. serv. medal, Jubaland, 1898; collr., E.A.P., 5th July, 1900; prov. comsnnr., 1910.

MCCLELLAN, FRANCIS ALEXANDER STEWART.—B. 1874; ed. St. John's College, Cambridge; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1896; asst. res., Brunei, 1906; ag. audr. gen., F.M.S., 1912; audr. gen., S.S., 1919; ag. treas., F.M.S., mem. of fed. coun., Sept., 1920; ag. Br. res., Pahang, Nov., 1921-Sept., 1922; ag. Br. res., Perak, Apr.-Sept., 1923.

MCCINTOCK, SAMUEL ALEXANDER.—M.B., Ch. B. Edin., D.P.H., R.C.P. and S. Edin., R.F.P. and S. Glasgow, D.T.M. and H. Edin., certiff. trop. diseases, Edin., M.D. Edin.; ed. Foyle Coll., Londonderry, Royal Univ. of Ireland, Univ. of Edin., King's Coll. Univ. of London and London schll. of trop. med.; house surg., general hosp., Sepoy Lines, Singapore, Aug., 1905; res. med. offr., St. John's Island quarantine statn. and asst. port health offr., S. Sttlmts., Dec., 1905; dep. port health offr., Singapore, Jan., 1906; res. med. offr., dist. hosp., Penang, June, 1906; dep. health offr., Penang, Aug., 1906; state surg. and health offr., Phuket, West Siam, Mar., 1907; prin.

med. offr., West Siam, 1897; med. offr., G. Coast, Apr., 1909; med. offr., Papua, Jan., 1911; pathologist, bacteriologist, etc., W. Australia, Feb., 1912; med. offr., dept. of pub. health, New South Wales, June, 1913; prin. med. offr. and chief health offr., Tasmania; chief-inspr. of factories and offr. adminstg. wages boards and industrial affairs, Tasmania, Sep., 1913; federal chief quarantine offr., Tasmania, Oct., 1913.

McCLURE, ANDREW.—B.A. Oxon., M. Inst. C.R., M. Inst. Water E.; ed. at Dover Coll. and Wadham Coll., Oxford; served in S. African war (Queen's medal with 4 clasps) 1900-1901; Derwent Valley water scheme, England, 1901-1903; asst. engr. on new water supply for Port Elizabeth, S. Africa, 1903-1905; diploma of R.G.S. in surveying and astronomy, 1906; asst. dir. pub. wks., Uganda Prot., 12th May, 1906; D.P.W., Zanzibar, 28th Nov., 1919; 3rd cl., Order of the Brilliant Star, Zanzibar; D.P.W., Uganda, 18th Sept., 1924.

McCOLL, DUNCAN P., B.A.—B. 1864; ed. pub. schls., Elgin Co., Ontario, St. Thomas High Schl. and Toronto Univ.; principal, Union Schl., Calgary, Alberta, 1892 to 1897; inspr. of schls., Alberta, 1897 to 1902; principal, normal schl., N.W.T., 1902 to 1906; dep. min. of educn., Saskatchewan, 1905; now supt. of educn.

MCCORMICK, FRANCIS HARPUR, B.A.—B. 1891; ed. St. Columba's Coll. and Dublin Univ.; supt., educn. dept., N. Prov., Nigeria, 7th Sept., 1921.

MCCOY, W. T.—Director of educn., S. Australia, 1919.

MCCRACKEN, ALBERT VICTOR NEILSON.—B. 1886; dep. registrar and asst. marshal, sup. ct., Trinidad, Jan., 1925.

MCCRAE, JOHN, Ph.D., F.I.C., M.S.P.A., F. Chem. Soc., Priestly Schol., Ehrhardt prizeman—Asst. chem., dept. of agr., Pretoria, 1903; ag. govt. chemist, col. sec.'s office, 1906; appt. confirmed, 1907; dept. of int., 1912; govt. analyst, 1917; examr., physics and chemy., Transvaal Pharmacy Bd., 1916; examr., chemry., Univ. of S. Africa, 1920; transf'd. to dept. of agr., 1st Apr., 1923.

MCCREA, HON. CHARLES, K.C.—B. 1877; ed. high schls., Queen's Univ., Kingston and Osgoode Hall, Toronto; barrister; el. to Ont. legis., 1914; re-el., 1919 and 1923; min. of mines in Ferguson adminstrn., 1923.

MCDERMID, JOHN SHEWAN.—B. 1881; tech. instr., tech. schl., Accra, Gold Coast, 13th Dec., 1911; ag. prin. on several occasions, 1913-20; seconded for serv. on s.s. "Marina" for opera. in Togoland and Cameroons, 18th Aug. to 22nd Oct., 1914; asst. censor, 27th Oct., 1914 to 2nd Mar., 1915; headmast., junr. trade schl., 1st Dec., 1921.

MCDONALD, HON. DANIEL ALEXANDER.—B. 1868; ed. privately and at gram. schls., comcl. coll. and Prince of Wales coll., P.E.I.; admitted to bar, P.E.I., 1883; Manitoba bar, 1885; practised law in Manitoba; judge, ct. of King's Bench, Manitoba, 1906.

MCDONALD, HON. EDWARD MORTIMER, K.C., LL.D.—B. 1865; ed. Pictou Acad. and Dalhousie Coll., N.S.; barrister; mem. of N.S. legis., 1897-1904; H. of C., 1904-17; re-el. to H. of C., 1921; min. of national defence in King adminstrn., 1923.

MCDONALD, F. H. E.—Asst. supt. pol., B. Honduras, July, 1919; ag. supt., pol., July, 1919 to July, 1920; supt., Belize fire brig., Oct., 1919;

on mily. service in Egypt, Mesopotamia, and India, 1915-19 (ment. in desp.); Meritorious Service Medal, 1918.

MACDONALD, HON. HECTOR Y.—B. 1876; ed., common schls. of Nova Scotia, and Univ. of St. Francis Xavier's Coll., Antigonish, N.S. (B.A. 1900); studied law in the law sch. of Dalhousie Univ.; called to bar of N.S. 1903; practised in Sydney, N.S., removed to Regina, 1906; called to bar of Sask., 4th May, 1906; law clk. in atty-gen's. dept.; city solr., Regina; K.C., 1913; justice, ct. of King's Bench, Sask., 2nd Mar., 1918.

MACDONALD, HON. JAMES ALEXANDER.—B. 1858; ed. coll. inst., Stratford, Ontario, Toronto Univ., Osgoode Hall, Toronto; called to Ontario bar, 1889; Brit. Columbia bar, 1897; K.C., 1905; bencher, Brit. Columbia Law Society, 1906-7; elec. to legis. Brit. Columbia, 1903; re-elec. 1907; leader of the opposition, 1903 to 1909; ch. just., ct. of appeal, Brit. Columbia, 1909.

MCDONALD, JOHN, D.F.C., B.Sc. (hons.)—Mycologist, agrl. dept., Kenya, Sept., 1920.

MACDONALD, JOHN WILLIAM.—B. 1883; ed. Timaru Main and High Schls., N.Z.; barrister; ent. dept. of justice, N.Z., 1900; asst. solr., pub. trust office, 1906; solr., 1909; asst. pub. trustee, 1917; pub. trustee, 1920.

MACDONALD, W. G. MACLEOD.—Imp. post office, 1899; transf'd. to combined post and tel. serv. of E. Africa and Uganda, 1908; dep. postmr., 1910; ch. clk. and storekeeper, 1913; postmr., 1913; in charge radio tels., Lake Victoria area, 1914; 1st cl. postmr., 1918; asst. postmr.-gen., 1922; ag. P.M.G., 1926.

MCDONALD, W. M., O.B.E. (1926), M.E.C.S. (England), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)—B. 1870; ed. Liverpool coll. and St. Bart's Hosp., London; house physician, St. Bart's, 1896; ag. med. offr., Montserrat, 1897; ditto, Antigua, 1899; med. offr., Montserrat 1901; med. offr., burgher refugee camp, Klerksdorp, Transvaal, 1902; med. offr., Antigua, 1904; med. offr., St. Kitts, 1905; J.P., St. Kitts, 1906; med. supt., hosp., etc., St. Johns, 1913; med. offr. of health, St. Johns, 1914; surgeon-lieut., Antigua defence force, 1914.

MACDONELL, SIR PHILIP JAMES, KT. BACH. (1925), B.C.L., M.A.—B. 1873; ed. Clifton Coll. and Brasenose Coll., Oxford (schol.; 1st cl. hist. schls., 1894); of Gray's Inn, utter barrister; Bacon schol.; I. of C. prizeman, constitutional law; called to the bar, 26th Jan., 1900; pub. pro. Transvaal, Apr., 1906; asst. crown pro. Transvaal, Feb., 1907; legal adviser and pub. pro. N. W. Rhodesia, Oct., 1908; legal adviser and pub. pro. N. Rhodesia, Aug., 1911; ag. judge, high ct., N. Rhodesia, Apr. to Oct., 1914, Apr. to July, 1916, June to Nov., 1917; judge, high ct., N. Rhodesia, 13th Sept., 1918; chmn., Native Reserves Comms., 1924-25 (East Luangwa) and 1926-7 (Railway Distrs.); ch. just., Trinidad, 1927.

MCDONNELL, MICHAEL FRANCIS JOSEPH.—B. 1882; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and St. John's Coll., Camb. (scholar), B.A., 1904; pres., Cambridge Union, 1904; called to the bar, Inner Temple, May, 1908; asst. dist. comsur., Gold Coast, Jan., 1911; pol. mag. and inspr. of schls., Gambia, Apr., 1913; legal adviser, Gambia, July, 1918; solr.-gen., Sierra Leone, Aug., 1918; atty.-gen., Apr., 1920; ag. ch. just., circuit judge and judge of ct. of appeal on various occasions, 1919-23; ch. just., Palestine, 1927.

McDOUGALL, ABER.—B. 1889; ed. West of Scot. Tech. Coll., Glasgow; civ. engr., P. and W.

Anderson, rly. contractors, 1906-11; asst. engr., Caledonian Rly., 1911-12; M.I.E.S., 1914; engr., way and works dept., Demerara Rly. Co., Br. Guiana, 1912-21; engr., way and works dept., col. transport dept., 1922.

MCDUGALL, JOHN HENRY GORDON.—B. 1889; ed. Marlborough Coll. and St. John's Coll., Oxford; 3rd cla. hons., schl. of jurisprudence, 1911; B.A., 1911; asst. dist. comsnr., Uganda, Nov., 1911; asst. polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Feb., 1921; mag., Tanganyika Territory, Aug., 1921.

MCELDERRY, SAMUEL BURNSIDE BOYD.—B. 1885; ed. at Campbell Coll., Belfast, and Trin. Coll., Dublin; math. schlr., B.A., sen. mod. in maths., sen. mod. in exp. science; cadet, Hong Kong, 1909; ag. asst. dist. offr., northern dist., New Territories, 1911; ag. deputy regisr., supreme ct., 1912; J.P., 1912; ag. 1st asst. sec. for Chinese affairs, 1913; ag. deputy regisr., supreme ct., 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., Southern Dist., New Territories, 1913; apptd. as an offr. of 3rd grade, 1915; temporarily in C.O. 1915-1917, and 1919; released for mil. serv., 1918; ag. ch. asst. sec. for Chinese affairs, 1919 to 1920; attached, col. secs. office, 1920; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Nov., 1920 to 1921; atttd. to secretariat, League of Nations, opium section, 1922; represented Br. Eastern Cols. on opium question at internat. red cross confce., Bangkok, 1922; asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 1924; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1925; 1st pol. mag., 1925; asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 1926.

MCELWAIN, PERCY ALEXANDER, B.A. (Hons.), LL.B. (1907).—Ed., Campbell Coll., Belfast and Trinity Coll., Dublin; called to Irish bar (King's Inn) 1908; Alberta bar, 1913; temp. lieut., Royal Irish Rifles, B.E.F., 1916-19; stip. mag. and coroner, 2nd and 3rd dists., St. Lucia, 1920; crown counsel, Kenya, Apr., 1923; senr. crown coun., Jan., 1926; ag. solr.-gen., Kenya and M.L.C., Oct., 1925 to Mar., 1926; atty.-gen., Fiji, 1927.

MC FALL, JOHN LYND, Barrister-at-Law, Middle Temple (1922).—B. 1888; educ. Coleraine Acad. Inst. and Queen's Coll., Galway; B.A., Royal Univ. of Ireland, 1909; cadet, Straits Sttlmts., Nov., 1910; passed final exam. in Chinese, Aug., 1913; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Is., Aug., 1913 to July, 1915; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, May to Dec., 1916; ditto, Selangor and Negri Sembilan, Jan., 1917; ag. asst. supt. Chandu monopoly, Negri Sembilan, Feb. to July, 1917; ag. prot., Chinese, Penang (cla. IV, F.M.S.), Aug., 1920; atttd. to cust. dep., F.M.S., Aug., 1922; supermy. offr., cla. III, Nov., 1922; dep. pub. prosecutor, Perak, Apr., 1923; ag. dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., Apr., 1924; prot., Chinese, Negri Sembilan, Dec., 1924; asst. regisr., sup. ct., Ipoh, Apr., 1925; asst. audr.-gen., F.M.S., Oct., 1925; dep. pub. pros., Negri Sembilan and Pahang, Oct., 1925.

MACFARLANE, JOHN ALEXANDER, M.D., C.M. (Edin.).—B. 1871; entered med. serv., Trinidad, 25th Jan., 1895; dist. med. offr., 1st Aug., 1915.

MACFARLANE, NEIL MORRISON, C.B.E. (1927).—B. 1866; med. offr., Basutoland 1894; dep. prin. med. offr., Apr., 1920; supt., leper sttlmt., 1920; served in European War; prin. med. offr., 1923.

MACGILLIVRAY, JOHN WALKER, F.S.I.—B. 1884; 4th asst., trig. survey, Trinidad, 1901; 3rd asst., 1903; 2nd asst., 1904; 1st asst., 1906; qual.

by exam. for diploma or sworn land survr., 1905; survr., Trinidad rly. extensions, 1909; survr., roads and traces, P.W.D., 1912; topographical asst., survey dept., 1917; crown survr., 1920.

MACGREGOR, ALASDAIR DUNCAN ARTHOLL.—B. 1883; ed. George Watson's Coll., M.A. (Edin.), class. hons.; B.A. (Oxon) class. hons.; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn, 1909; dist. comsnr., S. Nigeria; polit. dept., 20th Mar., 1912; asst. sec., col. sec.'s office, S. Nigeria, 1st Mar., 1913; statn. mag., Nigeria, 1st Apr., 1914; pol. mag., 1st Jan., 1917; crown coun., 17th Mar., 1921; solr.-gen., 16th Sept., 1923; atty.-gen., Trinidad, 31st July, 1926.

MACGREGOR, ALEXANDER JOHN, B.A. (Cape).—B. 1864; ed., Oriol Coll., Oxford; 1st cla. hons., mod. hist.; called to the bar (Inner Temple), 1889; admitted to Cape sup. ct. bar, 1882; puisne judge, Eastern dist. local divn., Grahamstown, 1st Aug., 1913; puisne judge, O.F.S. prov. divn., 15th July, 1915.

MACGREGOR, ERNEST S.—B. 1867; pub. schlr. teacher, Bahamas, 1890; Out Island comsnr. (4th div.) and teacher, 1917.

MACGREGOR, SIR JAMES COMYN, KT. BACH. (1923), C.M.G. (1920).—2nd lieut. 7th battn. K.R.R., 1881; lieut., 1881; sub-inspr. Basutoland mtd. pol., 1884; asst. comsnr., 1893; govt. sec. and master, Bech. Prot., Nov., 1912; ag. res. comsnr., May to Sept., 1913; special comsnr., N'gamiland, 1914; res. comsnr., Bech. Prot., 15th Dec., 1917; ret., 11th Nov., 1923.

MACGREGOR, JOHN GRANT, M.B., B.Ch. (Aberdeen).—Med. offr., S. Sttlmts., Feb., 1908.

MACGREGOR, HON. WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM, K.C. (1914).—B. 1862; ed. George Watson's Coll., Edinburgh, Edinburgh Univ., and Otago Univ. (N.Z.); gold medallist, N.Z. Law Socy., 1883; solr.-gen., N.Z., July, 1920; judge, sup. ct., N.Z., 1923.

McHARDY, W.—Asst. local auditor, E.A.P., 1909; asst. traffic man., Ugandaly., 1914; deputy traffic man., 1917; supt. (admstve.), Jan., 1924.

MÄCHTIG, E. G. S., O.B.E. (1926), M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1889; educ. at St. Paul's and Trin. Coll., Cambridge (scholar) also at the Sorbonne, Paris; 1st cla. 2nd div., class tripos, Pt. I., 1911; B.A. (Cantab), 1911; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd cla. clk., C.O., 1st Oct., 1912; ag. 1st cla. clk., 1st Nov., 1917; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

McILVENEY, WILLIAM BERNARD, M.V.O. (1927).—B. 1867; ed. privately; N.Z. post and tel. dept., 1885-87; N.Z. defence dept., 1892-93; pol. constable, 1893; detective, 1899; ch. detective, 1907; sub-inspr., 1915; inspr., 1919; supt., 1924; comsnr. of pol., 1926.

MACINTYRE, DUNCAN CHARLES, O.B.E. (1919), M.B.E. (1918).—Capt. R.N.R. (retired); harbour master, Penang, Sept., 1903; special service outside colony, Jan., 1904; res. naval offr., Penang (in addition), June, 1916; comdr., Coast Defence Vols. (in addition), May, 1917; promoted Capt. R.N.R. (retired) 11th Nov., 1918; received thanks of Admiralty for services as res. naval offr., Penang.

MACIVER, AGNES R., M.A. hons.—B. 1889; ed. Geo. Watson's Ladies' Coll., Edinburgh, High Schl., Weimar, Germany, Normal Schl., Melun, France, Edinburgh Univ. (1st cla. hons., mod. lang.), 1914; educn. dipl., Edinburgh Univ., 1915; lady supervisor, Malay girls' schls., S.S. and F.M.S., 1918; Malay certifi., Schl. of Oriental Studies, 1919; passed 2nd standard, Malay, 1920.

MACKAY, ALEXANDER HOWARD, B.A., B.Sc., LL.D., F.R.S.C.—B. 1848; ed. at Pictou Academy, Provl. Normal Coll., and Dalhousie Univ., Halifax, 1873; principal, Annapolis Roy., 1873, Pictou, 1873-1889, and Halifax, 1889-1891, academies; lectr. in biology, Dalhousie Univ., 1889-1910; pres., teachers' assoc. of Nova Scotia, 1874-1876, of Canada, 1898, of N. Scotia inst. of science, 1900, 1901, and 1902, of summer sch. of science, Atlantic provs., 1887 and 1888, of Victoria sch. of art and design, of biological sect. of roy. soc. of Canada; vice-pres. of religious educn. assoc. (America), of simplified spelling board (America); mem. of geographic bd. of Canada, of marine bd. biological laboratories of Canada, of American and British assoc. for advancement of science, etc.; gov. of Dalhousie Univ., of Halifax ladies' coll., etc.; memb. of exec., Strathcona trust for Canada; editor of *Dalhousie Gazette*, 1870-1873, *Educational Review*, 1887-1891; *Journal of Education*, 1891 to date; supt. of educn. for prov. of N. Scotia, since 1891; representative of N. Scotia at Imperial Education Conference, 1911 and 1923.

McKEAG, CAPT. V. M.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, May, 1920; ag. sec., secretariat, 1927.

McKEAN, J. D.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Jan., 1917; ag. dist. comsnr., Kenya, 1926.

MACKAY, MORAY SUTHERLAND, D.F.C.—B. 1899; ed. Merchiston Castle Schl., Edin. Univ., B.Sc. (Forestry); R.F.C. and R.A.F., 1917-19; asst. conservator of forests, Br. Guiana, 1925.

McKECHNIE, ROBERT McKECHNIE, A.M.I.E.E.—B. 1875; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Univ. Coll. (Lond.); loco. dept., L.S.W.R., 1896; engng. inspr., C.A., 1905; asst. engnr., 1919; dep. head, engng. inspection dept., 1922.

MACKENZIE, CAPT. ANOUS DURHAM, M.A.—B. 1885; ed. Aberdeen and Edinburgh Univs.; 2nd cl. supervisor, cust., Dec., 1913; seconded for mil. serv. with Seaforth Highrs., June, 1915; staff capt., W.A.F.F., 1917; ag. intelligence offr., Gold Coast, from Nov., 1917 to Oct., 1918; contr., enemy property, offr. in charge, treas., and cust., Togoland, July, 1920; rep. of these depts. in final handing over of Lome and that portion of Togoland ceded to the French, 1st Oct., 1920; collr. of cust., Jan., 1921; ag. asst. compt., custs., Aug., 1922; contr., enemy property, Gold Coast and Br. Togoland, 15th Oct., 1922 to 11th May, 1923 and from 16th Aug., 1924; provl. collr., cust., 1st Feb., 1924; ag. dep. contr., cust., on various occasions, 1924-26; ag. contr., cust., 12th June to 28th Sept., 1926; off. mem., Accra town coun., 13th Apr., 1926; Oct., 1926.

MACKENZIE, H. A.—B. 1881; ed. Edinburgh Acad. and Fettes Coll., Edinburgh; clk., crown agts. office, 24th Apr., 1901; asst. treas., Uganda Prot., 20th June, 1907; treas. offr., Kampala, 1st Oct., 1907 to Feb., 1909, and Oct., 1909 to Apr., 1910; asst. dist. comsnr., 2nd July, 1911; asst. dist. comsnr., Entebbe, Aug., 1911 to Apr., 1913, and May, 1914 to May, 1915; ag. prin. regisr. of docc. and adminr.-gen., Aug. to Nov., 1912; dist. mag., Entebbe, for various periods, 1912-15; asst. dist. comsnr., Kampala, Nov., 1913 to May, 1914; second in command, Uganda armed levies (afterwards Baganda Rifles), May, 1914 to May, 1915; senr. asst. dist. comsnr., Kampala, 28th May, 1915 to 8th Nov., 1916; ag. dist. comsnr., Bunyoro, Nov., 1917 to May, 1918; dist. comsnr., Bunyoro, 1st July, 1918 to 21st Aug., 1919.

MACKENZIE, HON. SIR THOMAS, G.C.M.G. (1920).—B. 1854; ent. N.Z. parlt., 1887; min. of

industries and commerce and min. of agr., N.Z. 1910; prime min. and min. of lands, 1912; high comsnr. in London, 1912-20; mem. of comtee. for stlmnt. of ex-service men within the Empire, 1917; M.L.C., 1921.

MACKENZIE-KENNEDY, HENRY CHARLES DONALD CLEVELAND.—B. 1889; ed. Marlborough and Clare Coll., Cambridge, B.A., 1911; probationer, dist. admstrn., N. Rhodesia, 7th Dec., 1912; asst. native comsnr., June, 1915; native comsnr., July, 1918; ag. asst. max., Apr.-June, 1923; seconded to dept. of native affrs., Apr., 1925; asst. mag., Apr., 1926; represented N. Rhodesia at Imp. educn. confce., 1927; 1st asst. ch. sec., 4th July, 1927.

McKEOWN, HON. HARRISON ANDREW, B.A., LL.B., K.C., D.C.L.—B. 1861; ed. at Fredericton coll. sch., and Mt. Allison Univ.; called to the bar, New Brunswick, 1885; elec. to legis., N.B., 1890; re-elec., 1899, 1903, and 1908; solr.-gen., 1903; atty.-gen., 1908; judge of sup. ct., N.B., 1909; chief just., King's Bench, 1916; chmn., bd. of rly. comsrs., 1924.

McKERRON, PATRICK ALEXANDER BRUCE.—B. 1896; ed. Fettes Coll., Edin.; 2nd lieut. Gordon Highrs., 1914; capt., 1916; trans. I.A.R.O., 1917; capt., 20th Punjabia, 1918; demob., Feb., 1919; cadet, S.S., Feb., 1920; attld. treas., Singapore; ag. asst. supt., govt. monopolies, Singapore, Sept., 1921; passed final exam. in Malay, June, 1921.

MACKIE, GEORGE DOUGLAS, M.B.E. (1923).—Ag. 2nd clk., govt. office, St. Vincent, Dec. 1890, to Apl., 1891; 2nd clk. and cashier, treas., Apl., 1891, to May, 1892, and from Jan., 1897 to Oct., 1898; clk., crown lands and survey office, May to Dec., 1892; audit clk., Jan., 1893, to Dec., 1896; 2nd. clk. and acctnt., treas., Grenada, Nov., 1898; ch. clk., Jan., 1903; ch. sub-collr. and revenue offr., treas., St. Lucia, Jan., 1911; ag. treasr. on several occasions in 1911 to 1915; treas., Nov., 1915; ag. col. sec. in 1923, 1924 and 1925; admstd. govt., 20th July to 23rd Sept., 1925.

McKINLEY, JOHN, B.A.—Served with I.Y. in S. African campaign, 1900-1; acctnt., and statistician, educn. dept., O.R.C., 1st July, 1902; provincial acctnt., O.F.S. prov., 15th Aug., 1910.

McKINNEY, E. H.—B. 1877; ent. Bahamas civ. ser., 1898; Out Island comsnr. (2nd div.), 1909; comsnr. (1st div.), 1912.

MACKINNON, HON. D.—Attorney-gen. and min. of rlyws., Victoria, Dec., 1913; dir.-gen. of recruiting, Commonwealth of Australia, during the European war; comsnr. for C. of A. to U.S.A., 1923.

MACKINNON, WILLIAM LUNAN, M.A. (Aberdeen), 1911.—B. 1888; asst. auditor, G. Coast, 6th Nov., 1912; ag. senr. asst. auditor, 23rd May, 1917 to 6th Jan., 1918, and from 18th Mar. to 8th Oct., 1919; ag. asst. treas. (in addition to his own duties), 23rd May to 10th Sept., 1919; ag. senr. asst. auditor, 19th Oct., 1919.

MACKLIN, MAJOR RODERIC WILLIAM, M.C., A.M.I.E.E.—B. 1891; serv. with R. Artillery in the Gt. War, 1914-18; travelling comsnr., Gambia, 6th Mar., 1920.

McLAREN, HUGH, A.M.I.E.E.—B. 1878; European instructor, tech. sch., Accra, G. Coast, 5th June, 1909; asst. max., training institution, Accra, 1st July, 1910; ag. principal, ditto, on several occasions; prin., Accra Tech. Schl., 31st July, 1919.

MACLAREN, JOHN SUTHERLAND, M.A. (hons.).—B. 1900; Fettes Coll. and Edin. Univ.; M.A.

(hons. class.) 1921; Fettes exhibn., Lanfne schol., Ritchie schol., 1st equal Gray Essay Prize, 1922; cadet, Hong Kong, 1923; ag. 3rd and 2nd asst. to sec. for Chinese affrs., 1924; passed in Cantonese, Dec., 1925; asst. treas. and asst. assessor, 1926; asst. estate duty comsnr., 1927.

MACLEAN, ADRIAN JOHN.—Ed. at Selwyn Coll., Camb., B.A., 1896; M.A., 1901; asst. collr., E. Africa Prot., 14th May, 1901; collr., 1st Apr., 1905; recorder of titles, 1911; senr. comsnr., Kenya, May, 1920.

MCLEAN, ANGUS A., K.C., B.C.L.—B. 1854; ed. Prince of Wales Coll., Charlottetown and Harvard law sch.; barrister; Q.C. (Dominion), 1894; law clk., Prince Edward Is. legislature for eight years; pres. law soc., P.E.I., 1904; M.L.A., P.E.I., 1888-1900; unsuccess. cand. for H. of C., Canada, at bye-elections, 1902 and 1904; elected at g. e., 1911; comptroller of the Royal North West Mounted Pol., Oct., 1917; financial contrl., 9th Feb., 1920.

MCLEAN, F. H.—B. 1889; apptd. after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div., and assigned to bd. of educn., May, 1908; transf'd. to C.O., Dec., 1911; on military serv., from 25th Apl., 1917, to 23rd Feb., 1919; cler. offr., higher grade, 24th Jan., 1922.

MACLEAN, G., M.B., Ch.B. (Glas.).—Temp. lieut., R.A.M.C., Mar., 1918 to Mar., 1919; temp. capt., Mar., 1919 to June, 1920; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1921.

MACLEAN, HON. JOHN D., M.D.—B. 1875; ed. pub. schls., Prince of Wales Coll., and normal sch., P.E.I.; sch.-teacher for some time; removed to British Columbia, 1893, where engaged in teaching until 1900; graduated in medicine, McGill Univ., 1905; returned to B. Columbia, taking up practice in Greenwood; mayor of Greenwood for two years; elec. to legis. assem., 1916; prov. sec. and min. of educn. in Brewster cabinet, B. Columbia, 1916; min. of finance, educn. and industries in Oliver cabinet, 1924.

MCLEAN, JOHN DOUGLAS.—B. 1855; ent. civ. ser., Canada, 1876, as 3rd cl. clk.; promoted to junr. 2nd cls., 1878; senr. 2nd cls., 1882; 1st cls., 1887; ch. clk. and sec. of the dept. of Indian affairs, 1897; asst. dep. supt. gen. and sec., 1908.

MCLEAN, SIMON JAMES, M.A., LL.B., Ph.D.—B. 1871; comsnr. of the Canadian govt. to report on rly. rate grievances, 1901; advsr. to coms., of govt. to draft Railway Act, 1903; prof. of polit. econ., Toronto Univ., 1906-1908; apptd. a mem. of rly. coms., Canada, 1908; re-apptd., 8th Nov., 1918; asst. chief commr., 6th Aug., 1919.

MACLENNAN, FINLAY MALCOLM.—B. 1887; ed., Tarbutt Public Schl.; Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., High Schl.; ent. serv. of dept. of rlys. and canals, Can., as officeman, Sault Ste. Marie Canal, Sept., 1910; transferred, Port Nelson on Hudson Bay terminals work, as jnr. engnr., 1912; asst. audr., dept., rlys. and canals, Ottawa, 1st Apr., 1915; audr., 1917; ch. audr., 1918; asst. comptlr., 1920.

MCLEOD, HON. ALEXANDER DONALD, M.P.—B. 1872; ed. privately; mem. N.Z. parlt. since 1919; min. of lands, 1924; min. of industries and commerce, 1926.

MCLEOD, DAVID WILLIAM, M.A.—B. 1887; ed. Aberdeen Cent. Training Coll. and Aberdeen Univ.; senr. asst., King's Coll., Seychelles, 1910; prin., King's Coll. and inspr., schls., Seychelles, 1913; on active serv., 1914-19; senr. asst., King Edward VII Schl., Taiping, Feb., 1920; ag. prin.,

ditto, May, 1920; ag. head mast., Outram Rd. Schl., Singapore, Feb., 1921; ag. inspr., schls., Singapore, Mar., 1921; prin., King Edward VII Schl., Taiping, Mar., 1922.

MCLEOD, HON. SIR EZEKIEL, KT. BACH. (1917), B.C.L. (Harv.), LL.D. (New Brunswick univ.).—B. 1840; ed. at high sch., King's co., New Brunswick; called to the bar, 1868; Q.C., 1882; atty.-gen. of N.B., 1882-1883; mem. of senate of Univ. of N.B., since 1869; elec. to H. of C., Canada, 1891; judge, sup. ct. of N.B., and judge of N.B. v. s. dist., 1896; chief just., N.B., 1914-1917.

MCLOUGHLIN, A. P.—Entd. civ. serv., O.R.C., 23rd Mch., 1900; ag. distributor of stamps, Transvaal, 21st Aug., 1900; distributor of stamps, 1901; ch. clk., treasury, 1st July, 1903; ch. clk., dept. of finance, Union of S. Africa, 1910; under sec. for finance, Union of S. Africa, 1st Aug., 1912; comsnr. for inland rev., Oct., 1916.

MACLURKIN, ALFRED ROBERT.—M.B., Ch.B. Glasg., D.P.H., R.C.P. and S. Edin., R.F.P. and S. Glasg., D.T.M. Liverpool; ed. Allan Glen's, Glasgow, Univ. of Glasg., Univ. of Liverpool Schl. of Trop. Med.; R.M.O. Grey's Hosp., Pietermaritzburg, Natal, 1901; dist. surg., Nqutu, Zululand, 1902; A.M.O. Metrop. Asyln. Bd., 1905; asst. educ. med. offr., Surrey C.C., 1908; govt. med. offr., Cook and N. Islds., 1911; asst. educ. med. offr., Derbyshire C.C., 1914; govt. med. offr., Fiji, 1915; ag. med. supt., leper asyln., Makogai, 1916; dist. comsnr., dist. med. offr. and M.O.H., Bua Prov., 1917; D.M.O., Taviani, 1919 and 1925; Savu Savu, 1920; Labasa, 1922.

MCMAHON, CECIL.—Ent. S. Rhodesia civ. serv., Nov., 1909; served S. African rebellion and German S.W. African campaign, 1914-15; served E. Africa campaign with 1st Rhodesian Regt., 1915-18; capt. and adjt., 8th S. African Inf. Regt.; "1914-15" Star and M.C.; asst. polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 5th Mar., 1918.

MCMILLAN, SIR DANIEL HUNTER, K.C.M.G. (1902).—B. 1846; ed. Canada; served with Canadian Volunteers on Niagara frontier, 1864; during Fenian raid, 1866; Red River expedn., 1870; N.W. rebellion (medal), 1885; mem. for Winnipeg in Manitoba legislature, 1880; mem. of Manitoba govt., 1889; lt.-gov. of Manitoba, 6th Sept., 1900; re-apptd. for second term, 1906; retired 1911.

MCMILLAN, L. B.—B. 1873; ed. pub. schls., Charlottetown, Prince Edward Is.; messenger, P.E. Is. govt., 1890; clk., 1893; sec. for pub. wk., P.E. Is., 1900.

MCMILLAN, HON. SIR ROBERT FURSE, K.C.M.G. (1925), KT. BACH. (1916).—Queen's scholar, Westminster school; scholar, Trin. Hall, Camb.; senior in lawtrips, 1879; holder of law studentship at Trin. Hall; Inns of Court studentship and Inner Temple common law scholarship; called to the bar, 1881; joined western circuit and Devon and Exeter sessions; puisne judge, W. Australia, 1903; ch. justice, Dec., 1913.

MCMURRAY, HON. EDWARD JAMES, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1878; ed. Manitoba Univ. and Man. Law Schl.; barrister; el. to H. of C., Can., 1921; solr.-gen. in King admnstrn., 1923.

MENAB, HON. ARCHIBALD P.—B. 1864; ed. pub. and high schls., Vankleek Hill; elec. to prov. legis., Sask., 14th Aug., 1908; min. of mun. affairs, 10th Dec., 1908; re-elec. by acclamation at bye-elec., 24th Dec., 1908, and g. e., 1912, 1917, and 1921; min. of pub. wks., 1913.

MACNAGHTEN, T. C., C.M.G. (1923), C.B.E. (1918).—B. 1872; ed. Charterhouse and Oxford; scholar of Hertford Coll., 1892; 1st class classical mods., 1894; B.A., 1896; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd class clk., Local Govt. Bd., Feb., 1896; 2nd class clk., C.O., Sept., 1896; priv. sec. to Earl of Selborne, Dec., 1899, to Earl of Onslow, Nov., 1900, to Duke of Marlborough, July, 1903; 1st cl. clk., 24th Mar., 1904; principal clk., 6th July, 1917; chmn. E.I.O., Oct., 1912; mem. of comtee. for stlmnt. of ex-service men within the Empire, 1917; vice-chmn., Oversea Stlmnt. Comtee., 1919; attended internat. confce. on migration and immigration, Rome as tech. adviser to Viscount Ullswater, the Br. del., 1924; mem., inter-dept. comtee. to consider effect on migration of schemes of social insurance, 1925-26; visited Canada with Earl of Clarendon, chmn. of the oversea settlement comtee., in connection with Br. settlement, 1926.

MONAMARA, GEORGE.—B. 1881; entd. N.Z. post and tel. dept., 1896; supt. of staff, 1916; 2nd asst. sec., 1920; 1st asst. sec., 1923; sec., 1926.

MONEILL, JAMES.—B. 1869; ed. Belvedere Schl., Dublin, Blackrock Coll. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; ent. Indian civ. ser. 1890; registr., co-op. socs., 1904; on sp. duty in Fiji and W. Indies in connection with Indian immigrn.; comsnr., cent. div., Bombay presidency; addnl. mem., Imp. leg. coun., India; chmn., Dublin county coun., 1922; mem., comtee. apptd. by the provisional govt. to draft constitution for Irish Free State, 1922; high comsnr., Irish Free State, 1922; gov. gen., 1928.

MONTGOMERY, THOS. SYDNEY.—B. 1870; ed. at Marist Coll., Sydney; clk., acct. branch, wks. dept., Perth, W. Australia, 1896 ch. corres. clk., ditto, 1897; mem. mun. coun., Claremont, 1901-3; sec. to goldfields water supply admstrn., 1903; under-sec. for agric. and industries, 1909.

MOWAN, ISLAY.—B. 1871; ed. C. of E. Grammar Schl., Melbourne, Victoria; 3rd clk., col. sec.'s off., Fiji, Sept., 1892; stip. mag., asst. native comsnr., and tax inspr., Lau, May, 1896; stip. mag. and tax inspr., Navua, and comsnr. for Namasi, Feb., 1900; stip. mag., Lomaiviti and Tailevu; comsnr. and tax inspr., Lomaiviti; offr. in charge, Levuka gaol, Jan., 1904; inspr.-gen. of constab. and prisons, and sheriff, 15th Sept., 1909; M.L.C., 1909; seconded as ag. H.B.M.'s consul and agent, Tonga, Apr., 1911, to Mar., 1911; ag. native comsnr., Oct., 1913; offr. comdg. local forces, and lieutenant-col., defence forces of Fiji, Aug., 1914; ment. by Army Coun. for services in 1914 in connection with defence of Fiji; British agt. and consul., Tonga, June, 1917, also juil. comsnr. and dep. comsnr., Tonga, June, 1917; ag. col. sec. and M.E.C. Fiji, 24th May, 1921; gov.'s dep., Aug., 1921; resumed duty, Tonga, June, 1922; chmn., retrenchment comtee., pub. serv., Feb., 1922; sec., native affrs. and mem., exec. and leg. couns., Fiji, July, 1926; ag. col. sec., July, 1926; gov.'s dep., July, Aug. and Oct., 1926.

MACPHAIL, JOHN ADDISON.—Clk., P.W.D., Transvaal, 1902; ch. clk. to govt. archt., July, 1904; ch. clk., P.W.D., Transvaal, Mar., 1907; under-sec. for pub. wks., Union of S. Africa, Apr., 1920; ag. sec. for pub. wks., Sept., 1924 to Jan., 1925.

MACPHERSON, BARBARA.—Ed. Durness H.G. Schl. and Skerry's Coll., Edinburgh; apptd. after compet. exam. typist, Lond. tel.

serv., 1912; transfd. to C.O., May, 1918; shorthandwriter, Aug., 1918; cler. offr., Jan., 1923.

MACPHERSON, JOHN STUART.—B. 1896; ed. Watson's Coll. and Edin. Univ. (M.A., 1921); 2nd lieut. A. & S. Highlanders, Jan., 1916; France, Apr., 1918-Jan., 1919; cadet, F.M.S., Mar., 1921; ag. 4th asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Aug., 1921; passed cadet, July, 1922; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, Aug., 1922; 2nd lieut. M.V.I., May, 1923; ag.-dist. offr., Raub, May, 1923; offr., cla. V, Mar., 1924; ag. dist. offr., Bentong, Oct., 1925.

MOPHILLIPS, HON. ALBERT EDWARD.—B. 1861; ed. St. Boniface and Manitoba Colla.; barrister; K.C., 1900; elected to leg. assem., B.C., 1898; atty.-gen., 1903; subsequently pres. of coun.; judge, ct. of appeal, B.C., 1913; served N.W. rebellion under Gen. Middleton, 1885.

MOQUADE, JOHN HERBERT.—B. 1893; ed. privately; highest marks in U.K. in entrance exam. for cust. and excise, Mar., 1913; Imp. cust. and excise, July, 1913; served in Flanders with R. Arty. and Chapperton Down Arty. schl. with R. Engrs.; asst., cust., Kenya, 2nd July, 1920; collr., cust., 24th Aug., 1924.

MACQUARRIE, EDMUND JEFFREY.—B. 1883; ed. Queen's Coll., B. Guiana and Caius Coll., Cambridge; B.A., I.L.B.B., 1905; called to the bar, Inner Temp., 1906; ag. stip. mag., B. Guiana, June to Nov., 1906, and July, 1907 to Mar., 1914; dormant coms. as stip. mag. and apptd. J.P. and coms. of oaths, Dec., 1905; asst. dist. coms., Gold Coast, 1915; crown counsel, 1916; ag. chief registr., Apr.-May, 1917; ag. senr. crown counsel, 1917; ag. pol. mag., Nov., 1917 to Apr., 1918; ag. solr.-gen., Apr. to Dec., 1919; ag. ch. registr., Apr. to Oct., 1919; solr.-gen., Tanganyika Territory, 22nd Sept., 1920; ag. atty.-gen., 6th Nov., 1923 to 8th Sept., 1924.

MACRAE, DONALD MACKENZIE, M.B., C.M., Glasgow Univ. (1896); M.D. (1920); F.R.G.S.—Surg. capt., Bechuanaland Prot. pol., 1903; surg. major, 1915; prin. med. offr., 1917; J.P., 1920.

MACRAE, DUNCAN MACKENZIE, M.A., Glasgow (1896); M.B., Ch.B. (1900); M.D. (1921).—Med. offr., Bechuanaland Prot., 1919.

MACRAE, LACHLAN, M.A. (Aberdeen), M.A. (Cantab).—B. 1886; dir., educ., Ceylon, Jan., 1922; M.L.C.

MCKEITHEN, CAPT. B. A. K.—Natal mounted pol., 1903-08; Natal rebellion, 1906; Usutu operations, 1907; inspr., veterinary pol., E.A.P., 1909; asst. inspr., pol., Mar., 1910; asst. supt., Sept., 1911; capt., Gordon Highlanders, Aug., 1915; France, 1916; called to bar, Middle Temple, Jan., 1917; attd., Highland Light Infy., Mesopotamia, Mar., 1917; seconded, polit. dept., dist. mag. and dep. milly. gov., Basrah, 1917-18; milly. mission to Siberian govt., 1919; supt., pol., Kenya Colony, May, 1920; mag., Zanzibar Prot., Jan., 1921; ag. asst. judge, Mar. to Oct., 1922 and May to Dec., 1924; ag. atty.-gen., Feb. to Sept., 1925; pol. mag., Sierra Leone, 23th Apr., 1926.

MCWEENEY, D. C. J.—B. 1903; ed. Christ's Coll., Cambridge (schol.); 1st cla., English tripos, June, 1923; 1st cla., oriental languages tripos, June, 1925; apptd. after compet. exam. asst. prin., W.O., 17th Oct., 1925; transfd. to C.O., 11th Oct., 1926.

MCTURK, WILLIAM HENRY, F.S.I.—B. 1863; survrs. asst., dept. lands and mines, Br. Guiana, Nov., 1901; land survr., 1904; 2nd ch. offr. and govt. survr., 1906; J.P., 1908; land

offr., Pomeroon dist., 1910; drawing office supt., Jan., 1919; ag. asst. comsrr., lands and mines, Apr. to Nov., 1920 and May to July, 1923; in charge, dept., lands and mines, June to July, 1920; ch. clk., 1922; land offr. and survr., Gambia, Nov., 1924.

MACWILLIAM, DONALD KIRTON, M.B.E. (1926).—2nd clk., treasury, St. Kitts, 1894; rev. offr. and quarantine offr., Apr., 1894; rev. offr. and harb. mast., 1906; 1st rev. offr. and harb. mast., 1st Apr., 1915; mem., poor law bd., Mar., 1918; mem., quarantine bd., St. Kitts, 3rd May, 1921; sp. serv. in connection with small-pox epidemic and quarantine measures.

MADELEY, WALTER BATLEY.—B. 1873; ed. Bombay High Schl.; apprenticed Woolwich Arsenal, England; came to S. Africa, 1903; represented Benoni in Union Parlt. since 1910; associated with amalgamated engineering union; min. of posts and tels. and pub wks., Nov., 1925.

MADGE, JOHN BRISTO CULLEY, M.B. (Edin.), Ch.B.—B. 1892; med. offr., Zanzibar, 4th Feb., 1926.

MAGENNIS, WILLIAM BABINGTON.—B. 1869; ed. pub. sch., Uitenhage; clk. mag.'s office, Port Elizabeth, 1888; Uitenhage, 1892; Willowmore, 1893; asst. mag., Uitenhage, 1894; Willowmore, 1895; Beaufort West, 1896; Vryburg, 1897; Somerset East, 1899; dep. comdnt., several places during Anglo-Boer War and dep. admstr., martial law; mag., Aberdeen, 1902; Namaqualand, 1905; comsrr., relief distress, N.W. Districts, 1908; comsrr., Robben Is. lunatic and leper asylums, 1909; inspg. mag. and inspr. prisons, 1912; sen. mag., East London, 1920; sp. grade mag., Kimberley, and registrar of deeds, 1923; sp. A mag., Cape Town, 1926.

MÄGER, FREDERICK WALTER, M.I.C.E.—B. 1872; ed. King Ed. VI Schl., Bath; exec. engr., P.W.D., F.H.S., 1904-17; state engr., Pahang, 1918-20; state engr., Perak, 1920.

MAGRATH, CHARLES ALEXANDER.—B. 1860; ed., priv. tuition; irrig. and development work in S. Alberta from 1878; mem. for Lethbridge in N.W.T. assem. for several years, and finally mem. of prov. cabinet; el. to H.C., Can., 1908, for Medicine Hat; defeated, 1911; fuel contr., Can., 1917-20; chmn., International Joint Comsn., Can. sect., 1921.

MAHABIR, F.—B. 1888; asst. med. supt., lunatic asylum, Trinidad, 7th Apr., 1915.

MAHAFFY, ROBERT PENTLAND.—B. 1871; ed. Marlborough (foundation schol.) and King's Coll., Cambridge (open schol., 1st cls. in hist. tripos; Whewell schol., Prince Consort's prizeman; Worts' travelling schol.); editor, *Calendar of State Papers*, 1896-1914; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1901; author, "Law relating to Motor Cars" (1910, 1912, 1922), "Life of the Emperor Francis Joseph" (1908, 1914), several vols. of *Calendar of State Papers*; temp. capt., Devon Regt., 1914; severely wounded, 1st July, 1916; sp. serv., Sudan, 1917-19; asst. legal adviser, Rhineland High Comsn., 1919-20; legal adviser to gov. of Malta, 6th June, 1921, and to H.M. Forces at Malta, 2nd Nov., 1921.

MAHONY, DAVID BERNARD, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1893; ed. Blackrock Coll. and R. Vety. Coll., Dublin; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Feb., 1921.

MAINGOT, ELLIOT FRANCIS.—B. 1891; ed. Ushaw Coll., Durham; served articles of clerkship in London and qualified as solr., 1914; crown solr., admstr. gen. and off. receiver, Trinidad, 1st Dec., 1922.

MAJOR, SIR CHARLES, KT. BACH. (1911).—Called to the Bar (Mid. Temp.), June, 1887; mem. of Leeward Is. bar, Sept., 1887; chancellor of the diocese of Antigua, Oct., 1889; nominated mem. of legis. coun., Antigua, 1895 to 1899 nominated mem. of gen. legis. coun., Leewards, Nov., 1896, and pres. of same, Dec., 1896 to 1899; mem. fed. ex. couns., Leewards, Mar., 1897, to June, 1901; vice-pres. legis. coun., Antigua, May, 1897; ag. sol.-gen. and atty.-gen., Leewards, 1897, 1898, 1899; capt. commanding Antigua volunteer defence force on its establishment, 1897; J.P., 1897; ag. 2nd puisne judge, Leewards, June, 1899; atty.-gen. of Grenada, 1901; ch. just. of Fiji, and chief judicial comsrr. of Western Pacific, 1902; admnstr. govt., Mar.-Oct., 1904, and in 1908, 1910, and 1912; chief just. B. Guiana, 1914; ret., 1926.

MALAN, HON. CHARL WYNAND.—B. 1883; ed. Victoria College, Stellenbosch; mem. for Humansdorp, Union H. of A. since 1915; min. of ryas. and harbors in Hertzog cabinet, 30th June, 1924.

MALAN, HON. D. F., M.A., D.D.—M.L.A., Calvinia Divn., Union of S. Africa; min. of int., pub. health and educn., 30th June, 1924.

MALAN, RT. HON. FRANCOIS STEPHANUS, P.C. (1920).—B. 1871; ed. in S. Africa and Camb.; B.A. Science, Cape univ.; LL.B., Camb.; advocate of sup. ct., Cape Colony, 1895; M.L.A. for Malmesbury, 1900; re-elected, Feb., 1904; min. of agric., Cape Colony, 1908; min. of educn., Union of South Africa, 1910; attended Imp. conf., 1911; min. of mines, industries and educn., 1912; min. for agr., 1920; min. of mines and industries, 1921-24; defeated, gen. elec., 1924.

MALAN, FRANCOIS STEPHANUS.—B. 1882; ed. Normal Coll., Capetown and Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, B.A.; inspr. schls., Transvaal, 1916; prin., Normal Coll., Ermelo, Transvaal, 1919; sec., Transvaal educn. dept., 1924.

MALCOLM, HARCOURT GLADSTONE, O.B.E. (1918); K.C. (1910).—Priv. sec. to Sir Henry Jackson when admstr. of Bahamas, 1892, 1893, 1895; ditto to Sir W. F. Haynes-Smith, gov. of Bahamas, 1895; called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, June, 1899; ditto, Bahamas, July, 1899; mem. of H. of A., Bahamas, 1900; deputy-speaker, 1901; re-elected, 1904 and 1911; ag. atty.-gen., Aug. to Nov., 1905; Sept., 1906 to Feb., 1907; July to Nov., 1910; Apr. to Dec., 1911; May to July, and Aug. to Nov., 1913; ag. chief just., 1913 and 1927; speaker, H. of A., 1913; re-elected, 1913 and 1927; re-elected speaker, 1919; thanked by S. of S. for assistance to atty.-gen. in drafting bills; thanked by legis. for obtaining copies of early records; Bahamas del. to Canada-W. Indies confes. at Ottawa, 1920 and 1925; Bahamas rep. during visit of Prince of Wales, and partly ter.-centenary celebrations at Bermuda, Oct., 1920; Bahamas del. to W. Indian confes., London, 1926.

MALCOLM, JAMES.—B. 1880; ed. Upper Canada Coll.; el. to House of Commons, Canada, 1921; min. of trade and commerce, Dominion of Canada, 1926.

MALE, STANLEY FRANCIS.—B. 1897; ed. Wellington Schl., Somerset and Wadhaw Coll., Oxford; 2nd mod. language mast., Wellington Schl., Somerset, 1919-20; war serv., France, 1915-19; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1924; recorder of proceedings, educn. confes., Tanganyika Territory, 1925.

MALONE, DENIS KERON.—B. 1903; ed. Cooper's Company Schl.; cler. offr., C.O., 29th Mar., 1921.

MANDERS, RICHARD HENRY DAVID, B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1904; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Jan., 1927; attld., secretariat, Feb., 1927.

MANGAN, WILLIAM EDWARD.—Served in Bechuanaland Prot. pol., 1910-14; clk., 1914; ag. asst. res. mag., 1921; passed 2nd grade Secwana exam., 1917; ag. res. mag., 1922.

MANGIN, THORLEIF RATTRAY ORDE.—B. 1896; ed. Marlborough Coll.; sub lieut., R.N.V.R. and attld. to Royal Naval Dvsn., 1915; qualified, gunnery course, H.M.S. Excellent, 1916; apptd., to H.M.S. Repulse and served with Grand Fleet, 1916-1919; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 1919.

MANNERS, GEORGE ROBERT.—B. 1884; asst. dist. comsnnr., G. Coast, 22nd Mar., 1911; dist. comsnnr., 19th Feb., 1916.

MANNING, RICHARD JOSEPH.—B. 1883; ed. Clongowes Wood Coll. and Univ. Coll., Dublin; sub. inspr. of police, B. Guiana, Oct., 1909; dist. inspr., Sept., 1912; ag. stip. mag., W. Coast, Demarara, June, 1919; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, June, 1920; mag., Tanganyika Territory, 9th Sept., 1920; res. mag., Jamaica, 20th July, 1925; pol. mag., Gold Coast, 9th Nov., 1927; higher certifi. in Hindi, Mar., 1916; higher certifi., Swahili, 1922; compiler, "Br. Guiana Police Manual," Dec., 1918.

MANNING, BRIG.-GEN. SIR WM. HENRY, G.C.M.G. (1921); K.C.M.G. (1904); K.B.E. (1918); C.B. (1903).—B. 1863; ed. at Camb. and Roy. Mil. Coll., Sandhurst; lieut., 2nd batt., S. Wales Bord., 24th Foot, 1886; capt., 1897; brevet-major, 1898; brevet-lieut.-col., 1899; brevet-col., 1904; joined Indian army, 1888; 51st Sikhs, frontier force, 1891; 2nd Burmese war (wounded, medal and clasp); Samana and Hazara expedns., N.W. frontier of India, 1891 (clasp); C. Africa, 1893-4 (medal); C. Africa and Rhodesia, 1894-98 (clasp); Somaliland campaign (medal and 2 clasps); dep. comsnnr. and cons.-gen. for B.C. Africa, 1897; acted as comsnnr. and cons.-gen., Dec., 1897 to Dec., 1898, and also from July, 1900 to Apr., 1901; raised and comdd. C. Africa regt.; comdd. Somaliland field force, 1902-1903; comdd. 1st brig., Somaliland field force, 1903-4; inspr.-gen., K.A.R., 1901; ag. gov. of Nyasaland Prot., 1907; gov., Somaliland Prot., 7th Jan., 1910; gov., Nyasaland Prot., 5th Nov., 1910; gov., Jamaica, Jan., 1913; gov., Ceylon, 31st May, 1918; assumed govt., 11th Sept. 1918; recd. Coronation Medal, 1911; ret., 1925.

MANSFIELD, CAPTAIN EDWARD THORNTON.—B. 1878; entered Gray's Inn, 1898; lieut., E. Lancashire Regt., 1901; served in S. African war (medal, four clasps); 2nd cl. supervisor of cust., G. Coast, 9th Dec., 1909; ag. adjutant, G. Coast Rly. and Mines Volunteers, 26th Nov., 1910 to 20th Feb., 1911; asst. dist. comsnnr., Apr., 1913; seconded for serv. with Field Force Togoland, May, 1915 to Apr., 1916; dist. polit. offr., Misahohe, Togoland, June, 1918 to 30th Sept., 1920; dist. comsnnr., 29th Apr., 1919; dist. polit. offr., Ho. Oct., 1920.

MARCH, HARRY THOMAS.—B. 1881; ed. King's Coll., London; 2nd divn. clk., post office, 1900-07; acctnt., post office, Nigeria, 20th Apl., 1907 to 31st Jan., 1912; postmr.-gen., Sierra Leone, 1st Feb., 1912.

MARCHANT, W. S.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E. Africa Prot., Dec., 1918; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

MARCOIL, HON. CHARLES, LL.D., Ottawa (Univ.—B. 1860; elec. to H. of C. of Canada for Bonaventure, 1900; dep. speaker of H. of C.,

1906-1908; re-elec. at gen. elec., 1908, 1911, 1917, and 1921; speaker of the H. of C., 1909; mem. of P.C. for Canada, 1911.

MARLBOROUGH, 9TH DUKE OF (created, 1702), CHARLES RICHARD JOHN SPENCER CHURCHILL, P.C., K.G.—B. 1871; Chancellor of Primrose League, 1897 and 1898; served with yeomanry cavalry, S. Africa, 1900, and A.D.C. to Lieut.-Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, K.C.B.; paymaster-general, 1899; under-sec. of state for the colonies, July, 1903, to Dec., 1906.

MARLER, HON. HERBERT MEREDITH, B.C.L.—B. 1876; ed. Montreal High Schl. and McGill Univ.; fuel admstr., Prov. of Quebec, 1917-18; mem., comtee., pub. instrn., Prov. of Quebec; major, 245th bn., C.E.F.; el. to House of Commons, 6th Dec., 1921; min. without portfolio, 5th Sept., 1925.

MARRIOTT, FREDERICK CLAUDE, M.A. (Cantab), L.C.P.—B. 1875; 4th asst. mast. Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad, 26th May, 1905; inspr. of imigrts., 1st Oct., 1913; ag. prot. of imigrts., May, 1917; man. of lab. exchanges, 1919; served on wages comtee. and profiteering comtee., 1920; ag. dir. educn., May, 1920, to Jan., 1921 and from Dec., 1921 to Apr., 1922; asst. dir. of educn. and senr. inspr., schls., 1922; dir. of educn., Sierra Leone, May, 1923; dir. educn., Trinidad, 23rd Mar., 1926.

MARRIOTT, SIR HAYES, K.B.E. (1920), C.M.G. (1924), B.A.—B. 1873, 1st cl. math. tripos, Cantab.; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1896; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, May, 1897; passed fin. exam. in Malay, May, 1898; dist. offr., Malacca, Feb., 1899; ag. 2nd mag., Sing., Feb., 1902; asst. P.M.G., Penang, Sept., 1903; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, July, 1904; ag. off. assignee, Sing., Feb., 1905; ag. 2nd mag., Sing., May, 1905; ag. collr. of land rev., Sing., Mar. 1906; 2nd asst. col. sec., 1st Mar. 1907, but continued to act as collr. of land revenue, Singapore; ag. inspr. of prisons, S.S., June, 1908; ag. collr. of land rev., Penang, Mar., 1910; ag.-inspr. of prisons, S. Sttlmts., July, 1910; also supt. of census, Sept., 1910; ag. res., collr. and offr. in charge of treasury, Malacca, May, 1911; ag. sec. to high comsnnr. and priv. sec. to gov., Jan., 1912; auditor-gen., S. Sttlmts., Apr., 1914; ag. tempy. as treas., S. Sttlmts., Jan., 1916 to Mar., 1917; aud.-gen., Feb., 1916; ag. sec. to high comsnnr., June, 1916; ag. treas., S. Sttlmts. (in addition), Jan., 1917; custodian of enemy property, Jan., 1917 to Jan., 1919; pres., subsidiary coinage comn. in addition, Sept., 1917; war services recog. by sec. of state, Apr., 1918; mem. of comn. to enquire into affairs of a Malay State, Aug., 1918; mem. of public service salaries comn., Nov., 1918; aud.-gen., Dec., 1918; ag. sec. to high comsnnr., Dec., 1918 to Feb., 1920; gen. adviser, Johore, Dec., 1919; ag. col. sec., S. Sttlmts., Aug., 1919 to Feb., 1920; pres., Trades Comsn., S. Sttlmts. and F.M.S., Aug., 1921; col. sec., S. Sttlmts., 1926.

MARRS, ROBERT, M.A. (Oxon.), C.I.E.—B. 1884; prin., Ceylon Univ. Coll., Sept., 1921.

MARSDEN, ERNEST, D.Sc., M.C. (1918).—B. 1889; ed. Queen Elizabeth Gram. Schl., Blackburn, and Univ. of Manchester; lect., Univ. of London, 1911; fellow, Univ. of Manchester, 1912; prof., Victoria Univ. Coll., N.Z., 1915; asst. dir. of educn., N.Z., 1922; sec., dept. of scientific and indus. research, 1926; served in Great War.

MARSH, EDWARD HOWARD, C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O.—B. 1872; ed. at Westminster and Cambridge; scholar, Trin. Coll., 1891; 1st cl. classical tripos, 1893; sen. chancellor's medal for classics,

1895; 1st cl. with distinction classical tripos, Part I., and B.A., 1895; M.A., 1897; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd cl. clk., C.O., Sept. 29th, 1896; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. Chamberlain, July, 1900; to Mr. Lyttelton, Oct., 1903; 1st cl. clk., 1st Apr., 1905; priv. sec. to Mr. Winston Churchill, J.S. of S. for the Colonies, Jan., 1907; accompanied Mr. Churchill on his visit to E. Africa and Uganda, 1907-8; priv. sec. to Mr. Churchill as Pres. of B. of T., 1908; priv. sec. to Mr. Churchill as Home Sec., 1910; priv. sec. to Mr. Churchill as first Lord of the Admiralty, 1911; priv. sec. to Mr. Churchill as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, June to Nov., 1915; priv. sec. to Mr. Asquith, first lord of treasury, 16th Nov., 1915; returned to C.O. as 1st cl. clk., Dec., 1916; priv. sec. to Mr. Churchill as min. of munitions, July, 1917; priv. sec. to Mr. Churchill as sec. of state for war, Jan., 1919, as S. of S. or the Colonies, Feb., 1921 and as chancellor of exchequer, 7th Nov., 1924; priv. sec. to the Duke of Devonshire, Oct., 1922; priv. sec. to Mr. J. H. Thomas, 23rd Jan., 1924; priv. sec. to Mr. Churchill as Chancellor of the Exchequer, Nov., 1925.

MARSHALL, CLAUDE H., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.—Med. offr., Uganda Prot., Apl., 1908; famine relief duty, May-Aug., 1908; sleeping sickness work at Kyetume and Sesse camps, Sept., 1908, to July, 1909; med. offr., Toro and Mbarara, Sept., 1909, to May, 1910; med. offr., Anglo-German-Belgian Boundary Comsn., Jan., 1911, to Sept., 1912.

MARSHALL, EDWARD FOSTER, B.A. (Oxon).—B. 1888; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Dec., 1912; attached to Kurunegala Kachcheri, Jan., 1913; Badulla Kach., Mar., 1913; ag. office asst., Badulla Kach., Oct., 1913; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., July, 1914; ditto, cent. prov., Aug., 1915; pol. mag., Matale, May, 1917; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Sept., 1918; pol. mag., Gampola, May, 1920; asst. govt. agt., Galle, Sept., 1923; pol. mag., Matara, Dec., 1923; dist. judge, Badulla, Apr., 1925; pol. mag., Avisawella, Nov., 1926; dist. judge, Avisawella in addn., Oct., 1927.

MARSHALL, FREDERICK CHARLES.—B. 1880; ad. Repton and Camborne Sch. of Mines; sttlmt. offr., Negri Sembilan, Nov., 1901; inspr., mines, Mar., 1902; mag., Dec., 1902; asst. warden, mines, Pahang, Jan., 1904; dep. supt., census, Oct., 1910; mag., Raub, Mar., 1912; collr., Raub, July, 1912; seconded for service in S. Nigeria, Nov., 1913 to Mar., 1914; warden, mines, Kedah, June, 1918; ag. conserv., forests, Nov., 1918; ag. advr. to land offr., Apr., 1919; warden, mines, F.M.S., warden, mines, Johore, Feb. 1921; comsnr. under land enact., Oct., 1922; ag. 1st mag., Johore Bharu, May, 1926.

MARSHALL, CAPT. REGINALD CHARLES, M.A. (Oxon)., Diploma of Forestry.—B. 1893; exhibr. Queen's Coll., Oxford, 1911; hon. mods. (maths.), 2nd cl. hon., 1912; 2nd lieut. Worc. Regt., Aug., 1914; Gallipoli, 1915 (wounded); Mesopotamia, 1916 (wounded); lieut., 9th Batt. Worc. Regt., France, 1917-18 (wounded and prisoner); capt., 1st Batt. Worc. Regt., B.A. (Oxon.), 1919; diploma of forestry (with distinction—placed head of the list), 1920; M.A., 1920; forestry comsn., 1920-22; instr., forestry schl., Forest of Dean; asst. comsnr., national savings comtee., 1922; dep. conservator, forests, Trinidad and Tobago, 1923; conservator, forests, 1923; mem., bd. of agr., 1923.

MARSTON, S.—Treasy. asst., Kenya, Jan., 1917; senr. asst. treas., June, 1923; dep. treas., Uganda, 1925.

MARTIN, GASTON PAEROS DE, B.A., Trin. Coll., Dub.—B. 1874; asst. mast., Queen's Coll., Hong Kong, 1904; ag. inspr., English schls., 1913-14; postal censor, 1914-16; head mast., Yaumati Schl., 1920; inspr., English schls. and sec., bd. of educn., 1924.

MARTIN, HON. J. E.—B. 1859; ed. pub. schls. Waterloo, P.Q., and McGill Univ.; B.C.L., and gold med., 1883; called to the bar of Prov. of Queb., 1884; K.C., 1903; batonnier of bar, Que., 1913-14; puisne judge, ct. of King's Bench, prov. of Que., Sept., 1918; mem. of faculty of law of McGill Univ., and lecturer on company law; ag. ch. just., superior ct., Quebec, 1922.

MARTIN, JOHN MILLER, B.A.—B. 1904; ed. Edinburgh Acad. and Oxford; class. schol., Corpus Christi Coll., 1923-27; 1st cl. class. mods., 1924; 3rd cl. lit. hum., 1927; B.A., 1927; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. prin., Doms. Office, 2nd Nov., 1927.

MARTIN, LEWIS VERNON.—B. 1902; entd. C.O., 10th Sept., 1917; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 17th Mar., 1920.

MARTIN, S. B.—Ed. Wesleyan Mission Schl., G. Coast; 6th class offr., customs, G. Coast, Sept., 1890; clk. to dir. of telegraphs and storekeeper, Aug., 1891; clk. and acctnt., July, 1893.

MARTIN, WILLIAM WHITTLE, M.B., Ch.B. (Vict.), D.P.H. (Durham).—B. 1887; med. offr., cl. IV., S. Sttlmts., 7th Mar., 1913; assumed duties as med. offr., general hosp., Penang, 4th Apr., 1913; med. offr., quarantine station, Penang, 1st Feb., 1914; asst. port health offr., Singapore, 22nd June, 1914; health offr., Malacca, Dec., 1917; senr. health offr., Penang, Mar., 1919; ag. ch. health offr., Dec., 1919; health offr., rural area, Jan., 1920; senr. health offr., Penang, Mar., 1920; govt. health offr., Penang, 4th Jan., 1921.

MARTINDALE, LEONARD.—B. 1884; ed. Tonbridge and Uppingham; on milty. serv., 1916-19; temp. clk., C.O., Apr., 1920 to June, 1922; apptd. cler. offr., C.O., 21st June, 1922.

MARTINS, G. N.—Ed. C.M.S. Grammar Schl., Lagos; messenger, audit, and P.O., 1889; customs, outdoor offr., 1890 to 1893 (during which time attached to revenue office); ag. clk., P.O., 1893; 4th clk. of customs, 1893; 3rd clk. and statistician, Mar., 1894; transfd. to the revenue dept., 1900; deputy for cashier and ch. clk. on various occasions; 2nd cl. clk., customs, 1901; chief examining offr. of cust., Lagos, 1st Mar., 1905.

MARWICK, ALLAN GRAHAM, O.B.E. (1925).—B. 1877; served in Natal civ. serv., 1895 to 1899; served Anglo-Boer war, 1899-1901; sub. native comsnr., Mbabane, Swaziland, Jan., 1903 to Mar., 1907; asst. comsnr., ditto, 22nd Mar., 1907; asst. comsnr., Hlatikulu, Swaziland, 31st Aug., 1916; mem., Swaziland-Portuguese bndry comsn., 1920.

MASON, GERALD BOVELL.—Ed. Harrison Coll., Barbados; matric., London Univ., 1890; joined London hosp., 1890; passed prelim. scientific, 1892; M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1896, certifi., London Schl. of Trop. Med., 1909; D.P.H., Cambridge, 1917; jun. asst. med. offr., St. Marylebone infirmary, 1896; clin. asst., aural and ophthalmic depts., London hosp., 1897; house physician, Brompton hosp., 1898; ag. med. offr., Three Counties asylum, 1899; civ. surg. in charge, Station hosp., Woking, 1902; med. offr., No. 4 dist., Antigua, 1903; ag. comsnr., Virgin Is., 1904;

surg.-lieut., Antigua def. force, 1904; mag. and med. offr., Anguilla and dep. judge of sup. ct., Leeward Is., Jan., 1905 to Sept., 1906; med. offr., No. 6 dist., Nevis, 1906; med. offr., dist. "D", and mag., dist. "F", Dominica, 1907; med. offr., St. Vincent, 1909-12; temp. capt., R.A.M.C.; med. offr. in charge of troops, Cambridge, 1916-19; founder and hon. sec., W. Indian Club, 1897-8; founder and hon. sec., West India Red Cross Socy., 1921-1924; dir., med. and health dept., Bermuda, Aug., 1924.

MASON, H., A.M.Inst.T.—Accts. clk., 1st grade, E.A.P., May, 1912; asst. ch. acctnt., Uganda Rly., Nov., 1915; dep. ch. acctnt., Tanganyika Territory rlys., 10th Sept., 1920; ag. ch. acctnt. on various occasions 1920-21 and 1923-27.

MASSETT, JAMES DAVID ARTHUR.—B. 1885; ed. privately and Harrison Coll., Barbados; post office dept., Barbados, Mar., 1904 to Apr., 1906; H.M. cust., May, 1906; sworn weigher and gauger, 1908; sub. contr. of cust., Springlands, 1910-16; seconded for serv. in occupied territory, German E. Africa, 25th Nov., 1916; confirmed as supervisor of cust., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Oct., 1919; ag. asst. comptr., cust., 18th Feb. to 25th June, 1923 and from 18th Oct., 1923; ag. comptr., cust., 26th June to 17th Oct., 1923; senr. supervisor, 1926.

MASSEY, HON. CHAS. VINCENT, M.A.—B. 1887; ed. St. Andrew's Coll., Toronto, Univ. of Toronto (B.A.), Balliol Coll., Oxon (B.A., M.A.); in charge, musketry training, M.D. No. 2, 1915-18; temp. lieut.-col., 1916; associate sec., war comtee. of cabinet, Jan., 1918; min. without portfolio, 5th Sept., 1925; Canadian rep. at Washington, 1926.

MASSEY, T. H.—Med. offr., E.A.P., Jan., 1913; senr. med. offr., Kenya, Oct., 1923.

MASTEN, HON. CORNELIUS ARTHUR.—B. 1857, Quebec; educ. parish dist. sch. La Colle; La Colle Academy; Victoria Univ., Coburg, Ont. (graduated with hon., May, 1879); mathematical master, high sch., Orillia, Ont., 1879, 1880; entered law soc. of Upper Canada, Oct., 1880; called to the bar, 1883; K.C. (Ont.), and bencher of the law soc. of Upper Canada, 1908; comsrr. to enquire into the Insurance situation in Ont. with a view to improvements in the law; pres., Alumni Assoc. of Toronto Univ.; chmn., exec. comtee. of the speaker's patriotic league; author of "Masten Company Law in Canada"; justice of the sup. ct. of Ontario, Nov., 1915.

MASTERTON-SMITH, SIR JAMES EDWARD, K.C.B. (1919), C.B. (1915).—B. 1878; ed. Harrow (schol.) and Hertford Coll., Oxford (schol.); ent. home civ. serv. (cls. I.), admity., 1901; priv. sec. to 2nd sea lord, 1904-8; priv. sec. to perm. sec., 1903-10; priv. sec. to successive 1st lords of the admity., 1910-17; asst. sec., min. of munitions, Sept., 1917 to Jan., 1919; asst. sec. (adnl.), W.O. and Air Miny., 1919-20; joint perm. sec., miny. of labour, 1920; perm. under-sec. of state for the colonies, 30th Aug., 1921; sec. to the Order of St. Michael and St. George; mem. of the off. side of the National Whitley Coun.; ret., 1925; Offr. of the Belgian Order of the Crown.

MASTERTON-SMITH, PERCIVAL FRANK, M.C.—B. 1895; ed. Christ's Hosp. and Wadham Coll., Oxford (hons. mod. hist.); B.A., 1921; R. Fusiliers, 1914-16; 60th Rifles, 1916-19; M.C., 1917; capt., res. of Offrs., 60th Rifles; adminis. offr., Nigeria, 25th Jan., 1922.

MATEER, EDWARD JOHN.—Ed. Foyle Coll. and Taunton Schl.; asst. treas., Uganda, 10th July, 1920.

MATHER, NORMAN FREDERICK HUGH.—B. 1890; ed. Merchant Taylor's Schl., and Hertford Coll., Oxford (schol.); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1913; served in Rifle Brig., Dec., 1915-Sept., 1919; asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Nov., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Klang, Mar., 1921; asst. dist. offr., Larut, Jan., 1922; regiar., war serv. land grant scheme, S. Stlmits., Feb., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Larut, Aug., 1922; asst. dist. offr., Larut, Sept., 1922; sec. to res., Pahang, Dec., 1923; mag., Seremban, July, 1925; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1925; ag. state treas., Negri Sembilan, in addn., Jan., 1926; chmn., sany. bd., Seremban, Aug., 1926.

MATHERS, FREDERICK FRANCIS, K.C., LL.B.—B. 1871; ed. schls. in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Dalhousie law sch. and Harvard law sch.; called to the bar, 1892; dep. prov. sec. and clk. of exec. coun., N.S., 1902; also regisr. of joint stock companies, 1909; now deputy atty.-gen.

MATHERS, HON. THOS. GRAHAM.—B. 1859; ed. pub. and high schls., Lucknow and Kincardine, Ontario, and privately; editor, Manitoba "Liberal," 1883; called to the bar, Manitoba, 1889; min. of just., Manitoba, 1896-1905; puisne judge, ct. of King's Bench, 1905; ch. just., King's Bench, 1910.

MATHESON, CAPT. O. L. T., M.C.—Commissioned in Royal Engineers, 1909; asst. dir. of surv., G. Coast, 1914; Togoland campaign, 1914; Cameroons, 1914-15; France with Field Coy. R.E., 1916-17; W.O., 1918; dep. dir. topographical surveys, G. Coast, 1920.

MATHEWS, ALBAN FRANK, F.S.A.A. (Incorporated Accountant).—B. 1891; asst. audr., external audit dept., S. Stlmits. and F.M.S., 23rd Aug., 1919; ag. senr. asst. audr., 11th Mar., 1920 to 31st Dec., 1921, 7th Sept., 1922 to 10th June, 1923 and from 2nd July, 1923; attul. audit office, Singapore, 1st July to 6th Sept., 1923.

MATHEWS, H. F.—Ed. Oxford High Schl. and Jesus Coll., Oxford; open math. exhibn., 1905; 2nd cls. hon., math. mods., 1907; 3rd cls. hon., physics finals, 1909; certifi. in cultural anthropology, Oxford Univ., 1912; certifi. teacher, bd. of educn., 1910; asst. res., N. Nigeria, Aug., 1910.

MATHIESON, HON. JOHN ALEXANDER, K.C.—B. 1863; ed. Harrington Gram. Schl., Prince of Wales Coll., Taught Schl., Desable Gram. Schl., P.E.I., read law with McLean and Macdonald; called to the P.E.I. bar, 1893; K.C., 1905; el. to legislature for King's county, 1900; re-el., 1904, 1908 and 1912; leader of the opposition, 1903; premier and atty.-gen., 2nd Dec., 1911; ch. just., P.E.I., 13th June, 1917.

MATTHEWS, ERNEST LEWIS, K.C., C.M.G. (1914).—Called to the bar, Inner Temple; law adviser to Transvaal govt., June, 1902; law adviser to govt. of Union of S. Africa, 31st May, 1910; puisne judge, Natal prov. divn., 1926.

MATTHEWS, SIR JOHN BROMHEAD, KT. BACH. (1911).—B. 1864; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1890, N.E. circuit; ag. solr.-gen., S. Settlements, Oct., 1902, to May, 1903; M.L.C., S. Settlements, 1901 and 1904; pres. of Moslem charities coms., S. Settlements, 1903; atty.-gen., Bahamas, 1907; M.L.C., Bahamas, 1907-1909; K.C., Bahamas, 1909; atty.-gen., S. Settlements, 1909; ch. just., Bahamas, Jan., 1910; reesig., 1911.

MATTHEWS, LEONARD SCOTT.—1st K.A.R., 1916-18; ag. senr. paymr., K.A.R., Apr., 1920; clearance offr., Zomba, K.A.R. war acct., Apr., 1921 to Mar., 1922; dep. treas., Nyasaland, Dec., 1924; ag. treas., Apr., 1925.

MATTHEWS, LESLIE GARD.—Ed. Plymouth; Oxford Univ. O.T.C., 1915; O.A.S., France, 1916 and 1917, Lanc. Fusiliers; Mesopotamia, 1917-11, att'd., Indian Army and Iraq Levies; Arab rebellion, Iraq, 1920 (med. and clasp); asst. treas., Somaliland, June, 1921; dist. pol. offr., Somaliland, Feb., 1923; asst. comsnnr., pol., Nigeria, 1926.

MATTHEWS, MARMADUKE HUMPHREY.—Ed. Cheltenham Coll. and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; probationer, col. audit dept., Feb., 1914; asst. audr., Nigeria, Apr., 1914; temp. lieut., Nigeria Regt., 1914-15; audr., Brit. Honduras, Sept., 1920.

MAVROGORDATO, ARTHUR STEPHEN.—B. 1886; ed. at Oakham Schl., Rutland; clk., pol. headqrs., Cyprus, Nov., 1903; inspr. of mil. pol., Cyprus, May, 1905; in charge of pol. detachment, Kyrenia, 1907-1909; gov. of prison and dep. coroner; passed govt. exams. in modern Greek and Turkish; in command of Papho dist. on several occasions; detailed for special duty in Larnaca dist. in connection with Limassol riots, May-June, 1912; asst. comsnnr. of police, Sierra Leone, June, 1913; J.P. and dep. coroner, 1913; ag. comsnnr. of police, also sheriff, prison visiting justice, and govt. nominee on city coun. of Freetown, and performing duties of marshal of the Admiralty prize ct., May to Nov., 1915, Dec., 1916, to May, 1917, Feb. to Apl., 1918, and from Aug. to Dec., 1918; ag. harbmr. and detaining offr. under mil. authorities, May, 1916, to May, 1917, and May, 1918, to Mar., 1919; ag. dist. comsnnr. in headqrs. dist., S. Leone, Feb.-Mar., 1919; dep. inspr.-gen., police and prisons, Palestine, Dec., 1922; ag. inspr.-gen., pol. and prisons, 1st Apr., 1924; commdt., ditto, 1st Apr., 1926.

MAXWELL, ARTHUR WALTER, M.I.R.S.E.—B. 1885; ed. St. Thomas' Charterhouse, Lon.; ch. tel. mech., N. Nigeria, 1910; asst. signal and tel. engrn., F.M.S. rlys., 1913; asst. tel. engrn., 1917; dist. tel. engrn., 1919; signal and tel. engrn., Feb., 1925.

MAXWELL, CHARLETON NEVILLE.—B. 1872; ed. Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey, Bedford Schl., and Cheltenham Coll.; S. African War, 1900-01 (Queen's med., 5 clasps); land office, Selangor, 1890-91; Sarawak serv., 1891-93; priv. sec. to ag. gov., S.S., 1893; jun. offr., Selangor, 1st Feb., 1894; transport offr., Pahang Exped. Force, June, 1894; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Dec., 1896; asst. audr., 10th Apr., 1897; 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, 1st Jan., 1899; ag. 1st mag., K. Lumpur, 26th May, 1899; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, 19th May, 1901; dist. offr., Kuala Langat, 1st June, 1903; mag., Kuala Lumpur, 10th Mar., 1904; dist. offr., Pekan, 1st Oct., 1905; dist. offr., Krian, 17th May, 1911; dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, 8th May, 1914; Brit. agt., Trengganu, 17th July, 1914; seconded for serv. as pres., state coun., Trengganu, 9th Dec., 1915; chmn., sany. bd., Kinta, 13th Apr., 1917; dist. offr., Klang, 13th Sept., 1920; seconded for serv. as dir. of supplies, S.S. and F.M.S., 16th Nov., 1920; mem. and pres., rent assessment bd., Singapore, June-Oct., 1921; dist. offr., Klang, Oct., 1921; ag. comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., Sept., 1922; comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., July, 1921.

MAXWELL, SIR FRIDERICK MACKENZIE, KT. BACH. (1911).—Called to the bar, Linc.'s Inn, 1884; 1st cl. studentship, Inns of Ct., 1882; 1st cl. scholarship (Equity), Linc.'s Inn, 1884; M.A. (Oxon), 1891; 1st cl. jurisprudence, 1886; ag. atty.-gen., Br. Hond., Feb. to Dec., 1890, and

May to July, 1896; atty.-gen., Br. Hond., July, 1896; K.C., Br. Hond., Apr., 1905; ag. chief just., Br. Hond., 21st June to 29th Dec., 1899, Mar. to Oct., 1902, Apr. to Nov., 1904, and Apr., 1906, to Jan., 1907; chief just., Br. Hond., Jan., 1907; ch. just., Leeward Is., 1912; lieut. commdg. mounted section of Br. Hond. vol. force, Feb., 1905; attended sch. of mounted infantry at Bulford Camp, and recd. certif. of qualification to command a company of M.I., Sept., 1905; qualified at sch. of musk., Hythe, Dec., 1905; capt., Br. Hond. vol. force, Jan., 1906; major, commdg. ditto, Apr., 1906; ret. from vols., Sept., 1908, with permission to retain rank and wear uniform of the force; chancellor of the diocese of Br. Hond., and Cent. America, 1896-1907; revised the Federal Acts of the Leeward Is. from 1871 to 1888.

MAXWELL, COL. GEOFFREY ARCHIBALD PRENTICE, D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C., Officer Ordre de Leopold, Officer Legion d'Honneur, Belgian Croix de Guerre, French Croix de Guerre, M.Inst.T.—B. 1885; R.M.A., Woolwich, 1902; R.E., 1904; Nigeria Barokano rly., 1908-11; survey, E.A.P., 1912-14; European War, 1914-18 (ment. seven times in desps.); inter-allied coman. of control, rlys., occupied territory, 1919; communications sec., sup. economic coun., 1919-20; gen. man., Tanganyika rlys., 1920.

MAXWELL, GERALD VERNER.—B. 1877; ed. Bedford Gram. Schl. (exhibitioner) and Peterhouse, Camb. (scholar); cadet, Fiji, Apr., 1898; ag. registrar-genl. and registrar of titles, Dec., 1898; stip. mag., Dec., 1900; asst. native comsnnr., Jan., 1904; native lands comsnnr., Jan., 1906; ag. asst. col. sec. and ag. asst. rec.-gen., Oct., 1909; ag. rec.-gen., Dec., 1909, to Nov., 1910; chmn., native lands coman., 1912; ag. sec. for native affairs (conjoint), 21st Mar., 1917; temporarily M.L.C., May, 1917; ch. native comsnnr., Kenya Colony, May, 1921; mem. exec. and legis. councils.

MAXWELL, SIR JAMES CHAWFORD, K.B.E. (1925), C.M.G. (1911).—B. 1869; ed. Dundee High Schl. and Edin. Univ.; M.A., 1889; M.B.C.M., 1893; M.D., 1896; asst. col. surg., S. Leone, 1897-1900; W. African med. and clasp, 1898-99; dist. comsnnr., S. Leone, 1900; 1st cl. comsnnr., Southern Provinces, Nigeria, Feb., 1914; col. sec., Sierra Leone, Jan., 1920; ag. gov., Sierra Leone, 9th Sept., 1921 to 3rd May, 1922; col. sec., Gold Coast, 4th Oct., 1922; ag. gov., Apr. to Aug., 1923, Mar. to Sept., 1924 and Sept. to Nov., 1925; gov. and comdr-in-chief, N. Rhodesia, 31st Aug., 1927.

MAXWELL, JOHN, C.M.G. (1921).—B. 1875; ed. at Dumfries and Glasgow; passed final exam. in law, Apr., 1899; asst. dist. comsnnr., G. Coast, 21st Mar., 1902; travelling comsnnr., 28th Jan., 1905; prov. comsnnr., 18th Mar., 1907; dep. ch. comsnnr., 1st Jan., 1921; pres., Accra town coun., 1st Dec., 1921; sec., native affrs., 21st Mar., 1923; ch. comsnnr., Ashanti, 22nd July, 1923; has acted on several occasions as solr.-gen., atty.-gen., col. sec. and gov.'s dep. and as ag. gov. from 6th July to 2nd Sept., 1925 and from 6th June to 16th July, 1927; has also been chmn. of numerous comans. including those on Takoradi harb., munic. corporations and native civ. serv.; compiler, 1st and 2nd edns., Gold Coast Handbook.

MAXWELL, THOMAS DOVETON.—B. 1873; ed. Tiverton, Blundell scholar, Balliol Coll., Oxford, 1892; B.A. (honours, jurisprudence), 1896; called to the bar (Gray's Inn), 1903; asst. dist. comsnnr., So. Nigeria, 1902; ag. dist. comsnnr., Degema, 1903; ditto, Calabar, Mar., 1904; polit. and

transport offr., Ibibio patrol, Nov.-Dec., 1904 (W. African medal); ag. asst. sec., Calabar, Jan., 1906; ag. pol. mag., Calabar, Apr., 1906; comsnnr. of lands, S. Nigeria, 9th Aug., 1906; crown solr., S. Nigeria, 1st Sept., 1908; pol. mag., June, 1910; legal adviser, 1st Jan., 1914; tempy. lieut., Nigeria regt., Nov., 1914; intell. offr., Cross River column, Kamerun Exped. Force, Nov., 1914, to June, 1915; 2nd puisne judge, E.A.P., Apr., 1917; 1st puisne judge, 13th Oct., 1917; ag. chief just., E.A.P., 4th Aug., 1919 to 17th Nov., 1920 and from 14th May, 1923 to 23rd June, 1924.

MAXWELL, SIR WM. GEORGE, K.B.E. (1924), C.M.G. (1915); Royal Humane Society's medal (1882).—B. 1871; ed. at Clifton Coll.; barrister-at-law, Inner Temp.; jun. offr., Perak, F.M.S., 15th Mar., 1891; asst. mag., Kinta, 25th Apr., 1892; ag. collr. and mag., Kuantan, Pahang, 16th Aug., 1895; ag. supt. of Ulu Pahang, 9th Aug., 1896; registr. of cts., Kinta, Perak, 1st Feb., 1899; ag. asst. sec. to govt., Perak, 6th Feb., 1900; ag. collr. of land rev., Larut, registr. of titles, Perak, North, and warden of mines, Perak, North, 8th Mar., 1901; ag. sen. mag., Selañgor and Negri Sembilan, 1st Jan., 1903; ag. sen. mag., Perak, 1st Aug., 1903; ag. sec. to res., Perak, 6th Apr., 1904; ag. comsnnr. of the ct. of requests, Singapore, 3rd Nov., 1904; dist. offr., Dindings, 3rd Aug., 1905; dep. pub. prosecutor, Singapore, 1906; sol.-gen., S. Settlmts., 22nd Aug., 1906; ag. atty.-gen., S. Settlmts., Mar., 1908; British adviser to govt. of Kedah, July, 1909; ag. col. sec., S. Settlmts., 1914; ag. sec. to high comsnnr., Malay States and Brunei, 1915; ag. col. sec., S. Settlmts., 3rd Jan., 1916; ag. British resident, Perak, Dec., 1916 to May, 1917; ag. sec. to high comsnnr., Malay States and Brunei, June, 1917; vice-chmn., food control comtee., S.S. and F.M.S.; vice-chmn., shipping control comtee., S.S.; pres., rubber comsnn., 1918; pres., Singapore housing comsnn.; pres., Singapore centenary comtee.; general adviser to govt., Johore, June, 1918; ag. col. sec., S. Settlmts., Dec., 1918; ag. British res., Perak, Sept., 1919; Br. res., Perak, Dec., 1919; ch. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Sept., 1920; ret., 1926; publications, "Perak Land Laws (past and present)," "The Laws of Perak, 1877-1903"; "The Laws of the S. Settlmts., 1827-1907," "In Malay Forests."

MAY, AYLMER WILLIAM, C.M.G. (1924), B.A., M.D., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H. (Dublin), L.M.—B. 1874; ed. at Lismore Coll., Waterford and Trinity Coll., Dublin; served as civ. surg., S. A. Field Force, S. A. War; med. offr., N. W. Rhodesia, Jan., 1907; bacteriologist to Transvaal govt., Aug., 1907; prin. med. offr., N.W.R., July, 1908; prin. med. offr., N.R., 1909; surg.-major, N.R.R., Feb., 1915; served in France as physician in charge of conduct of wound infection, with rank of major, R.A.M.C., Feb.-Dec., 1916; major, N.R.M.C., Oct., 1917; hon. major, Aug., 1919; mem., exec. and leg. couns.; J.P.

MAY, CHAS. GALL.—B. 1870; apptd. asst. supt. of works, Straits Settlements, May 1899; ag. supt. of works and surveys, Malacca, June, 1899, to Sept., 1901, and Oct., 1902, to Apr., 1903; supt. of works and surveys, Sing., July, 1903; ag. dep. col. engnr. and survr.-gen., Penang, Nov., 1904, to Feb., 1905; ag. supt. wks. and survey, Malacca, May to Dec., 1906; ag. dep. col. engnr. and survr.-gen., Penang, Jan., 1907 to Apr., 1908, and from July, 1908; confirmed, Dec., 1909; ag. col. engnr. and survr.-gen., May, 1911; dep. col. engnr., Penang, Mar., 1915; ag. col. engnr. and survr.-gen., Feb., 1919; dep. col. engnr., Penang, Dec., 1919.

MAY, DONALD RAYNES MACFARLANE.—3rd cl. clk., G.P.O., Jamaica, 1898; transferred to H.M. Customs, 1902; collr.-gen.'s office, 1904; supervisor of customs, G. Coast, 1907; 1st cl. supervisor, 1914; seconded to British Zone of Togoland, as offr.-in-charge of treasury and customs, 1914; asst. controller of enemy property 1916; controller, 1917; senr. collr. of cust., 1st Jan., 1921.

MAY, COL. GEORGE HERBERT, V.D.—B. 1873; clk., registr.'s off., Br. Guiana, Nov., 1889; admstr.-gen.'s off., 1892; pol. office, 1893; 2nd lieut., Br. Guiana militia, Sept., 1894, and obtained certif. for drill and musketry from schls. of instruc., Chelsea Bks., Lon. and Hythe; ret. from mil. as lieut., and apptd. sub-inspr. of Br. Guiana pol., May, 1897; adjt. and musketry instr., Fiji volunteers and armed constab., and inspr. pol., 1898-1905; ag. supt. of pol. and sheriff, 1900; ag. dep. comdt., armed constab., 1901, also commanded volunteers; comdt., armed constab., ag. supt. of pol. and sheriff, 1902; A.D.C. to Sir Henry M. Jackson, K.C.M.G., gov. of Fiji, 1902; inspr. of constab., Trinidad, 1905-13; hon. loca. A.D.C. to Sir G. Le Hunte, G.C.M.G., 1909; ch. pol. offr., Singapore, 1913-16; ment. in desps. Singapore mutiny; inspr.-gen. constab., and commdt. local forces, Trinidad, 16th Sept., 1916; mem. exec. and leg. couns., inspr. of prisons, industrial schls. and orphanages in addn. Jan., 1919.

MAYALL, ROBERT PERCIVAL WALKER, M.A.—B. 1876; ed. Sidney Sussex Coll., Camb., B.A., 1900; M.A., 1908; asst. mast., Clifton House, Eastbourne, 1900; headmaster, English sch., Cyprus, 1902; headmaster educn. dept., G. Coast, Feb., 1907; senior inspr. of schls., G. Coast, 1912; ag. dir. of educn. on several occasions; asst. dir. educn., G. Coast, 1925.

MAYBIN, JOHN ALEXANDER.—B. 1889; M.A. (Edin.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Jan., 1914; attached to the Badulla Kachcheri, Jan., 1914; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., July, 1914, and Jan., 1915; addtl. dist. judge and pol. mag., Badulla, in addition to his own duties, June, 1915; pol. mag., Panadura, Mar., 1916; on mily. duty, 1917; ag. pol. mag., Kandy, July, 1919; 2nd finan. asst. to chmn., mun. coun., Colombo, Mar., 1920; finan. asst., Colombo Municipality, Nov., 1920; addnl. asst. col. sec., Jan., 1922; landing survr., Colombo cust., Mar., 1923; 3rd asst. col. sec., Feb., 1924; 2nd asst. col. sec. and clk., leg. coun., Mar., 1925.

MAYLE, NORMAN LESLIE.—B. 1899; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Oct., 1917; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; promoted to clk. of the 2nd div., Feb., 1920; on military service from Sept., 1917 to Sept., 1919; cler. offr., higher grade, 7th July, 1923.

MAYNARD, PERCY.—B. 1903; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 15th Oct., 1920.

MEADE, CHARLES RICHARD.—Copyist, treasury and post office depts., Montserrat, 1st Oct., 1907; 5th clk., 1st Apr., 1912; 4th clk., 23rd Nov., 1912; has acted as 3rd clk. and 1st clk.; govt. offr., Sandy Point, St. Kitts-Nevis, Nov., 1915; clk., treasury, Virgin Is., May, 1917; clk., exec. council.

MEADEN, HENRY.—B. 1882; asst. warden, Tobago, 1919; asst. warden, St. Patrick, 1922; mag. warden, Tobago, 1st Apr., 1926.

MEADLEY, F. W.—B. 1873; clk., G.P.O., Transvaal, 1902; distributor of stamps, 1903; sec., investment bd., 1908; sec., pub. debt. coman., 1918.

MEDWAY, F. W.—Imp. serv. (acctnt.-gen.'s dept., G.P.O.), 1901-2; clk., G.P.O., Bloemfontein,

15th Nov., 1902; clk., treasury, O.F.S., 15th May, 1908; senr. clk., treasury, Union of S. Africa, Apr., 1912; senr. clk., inland rev. dept., 15th Dec., 1916; prin. clk., 1st Apr., 1917.

MEEHAN, JOHN FRANCIS.—G.W.R., 1903-14; ent. traffic dept., Gold Coast govt. rly., Mar., 1914; seconded Togoland mil. rly., traffic offr., 1918-19; asst. traffic supt., Tanganyika rlys., Aug., 1920.

MEEK, A. I., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H. (Edin.), L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.),—R.A.M.C., Aug., 1918 to May, 1920; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 5th May, 1922.

MEEK, CHARLES KINGSLEY, F.R.G.S., F.R. Anth. Inst.—B. 1885; ed. Bedford Gram. Schl. and Oxford (Brazenose Coll. exhibr. and prizeman); asst. res., N. Nigeria, July, 1912.

MEGARBY, THOMAS, B.A.—B. 1898; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; cadet, Hong Kong, Nov., 1922; passed cadet, Jan., 1924; asst. to sec., Chinese affrs., 1925.

MEGSON, JOHN.—B. 1895; apptd. after compet. exam. clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. serv.; temporarily assigned to Board of Agric., July, 1914; Home Office, Aug., 1914; on military service, Nov., 1915 to Mar., 1919; Home Office, Mar.-Apr., 1919; assigned to C.O., Apr., 1919; cler. offr., higher grade, 9th Jan., 1923.

MEIGHEN, Rt. Hon. ARTHUR, P.C. (1920), K.C.—B. 1876; ed. St. Mary's Coll. Inst. and Toronto Univ. (B.A. 1896); barrister; K.C. (dominion), 1914; elec. to H. of C., Canada, 1908; re-elec., 1911; solr.-gen. of Canada, June, 1913; re-elec. by acclamation, July, 1913, and at gen. elec., 1917; mem. of the Cabinet, without portfolio, Oct., 1915; sec. of state, Aug., 1917; min. of the interior, Oct., 1917; prime min. of Canada, 10th July, 1920; represented Canada at Imp. Confce., 1921; resigned on defeat of his govt. at g. e., Dec., 1921; re-elec. to H. of C. for Grenville, Ont., at bye-el., 26th Jan., 1922; leader of opposition in H. of C.

MELANESIA, BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. CECIL JOHN WOOD, M.A., D.D.—Late scholar and exhibitioner, St. Peter's Coll., Camb.; B.A. (2nd cl. class. tripos), 1896; M.A., 1901; D.D., Camb., 1912; deacon, 1897; priest, 1898; curate of Kent, 1897-99; St. Marylebone, 1899-1902; St. Andrew's, Bethnal Green, 1902-1906; consecrated, 14th July, 1912.

MELBOURNE, CHARLES ALEX. DICK.—Ed. privately and Trin. Hall, Camb.; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1891; admitted to practice in Brisbane, Queensland, 1892; and in Hong Kong, 1895; apptd. 1st clk., magistracy, Hong Kong, 1900; J.P., 1900; ag. asst. supt., Victoria gaol, 1903 and 1904; ag. asst. land offr., 1905; comsnr. for oaths, 1905; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1905 to 1907; ag. dep. registr. and appraiser, 1907; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1907; ag. asst. supt., Victoria gaol, 1908 to 1909; ag. dep. registr. and appraiser, 1908 to 1909; dep. registr. and appraiser, 1909; ag. 2nd pol. mag. from 1911 to 1913 and in 1914; ag. judge of the full court, 1914; ag. registr., 1920, 1924 and 1925; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1916-1917, 1918-1919 and in 1923; ag. puisne judge, 1919.

MELLISH, CECIL EDWARD.—B. 1872; ed. Sherborne Schl.; asst. clk., cts., Jamaica, 1892; called to bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1910; clk. of cts., Jamaica, 1912; registr. of titles, Jamaica, 1st Apr., 1923.

MELLISH, HON. HUMPHREY.—B. 1862; ed. Mount Mellick Schl., Prince of Wales Coll., Charlottetown, 1876-79 (holder of Govt. scholarship for County of Queen's P.E.I., 1876-78;

medallist, classics and maths., 1879); Dalhousie Univ. (B.A., 1882, LL.B.); matriculant, Univ. of Lond., hon. div., 1883; called to N.S. bar, 1890; K.C., 1904; practised law, 1891-1918; pres., N.S. Barristers' Soc., 1912-13; agt., Canadian min. of just. in N.S., 1903-04; judge, sup. ct., N.S., 11th Feb., 1918, also surrogate, and dep. local judge in admy., for N.S. dist., 1920; local judge in admy., 1921.

MELVILLE, THOMAS ALEXANDER.—B. 1880; apptd. after open compet. exam. for home civ. ser., to G.P.O., Dec., 1895, and served in different depts.; supt. of mails, G.P.O., Singapore, Oct., 1905; ag. supt., money order branch and savings bank, Singapore, in 1911 and 1912; ag. asst. postmr.-gen., Singapore, Apr. to June and Aug. to Oct., 1912; ag. supt. of mails, Penang, Oct., 1913; supt., money order branch and savings bank, but ag. acctnt., G.P.O., Singapore, Jan., 1915; acctnt., post and telegraph dept., F.M.S., 1st July, 1917, but continued as ag. acctnt., Singapore; ag. asst. P.M.G., Penang, 5th Feb., 1918; assumed duties as acctnt., post and tel. dept., F.M.S., May, 1920; ag. dir. of posts and tels., F.M.S., Apr.-Dec., 1921 and Oct., 1923; acct., posts and tels., F.M.S., Apr., 1923; ag. sec. for postal affrs., S. Stlmts. and F.M.S. in addn., Apr., 1926; ag. chmn., Malayan wireless comtee., 7th June, 1926; offl. mem., co-operation bd., F.M.S., 6th Aug., 1926; asst. sec. for postal affrs., S. Stlmts. and F.M.S. continuing to act as sec., ditto, 1st Oct., 1926.

MENENDEZ, SIR M. RAYMOND, KT. BACH. (1906).—Ed. Emsann. Coll., Camb.; LL.B., Camb., 1890; barrister-at-law, Inner Tem.; ag. stip. and circuit mag., etc., and judge of com. pleas, Bahamas, 1892-4; dist. comsnr., Lagos, Aug., 1894; ag. Queen's advocate, Lagos, Dec., 1896, to Aug., 1897; ch. judicial offr., Niger Coast Protectorate, Aug., 1897; puisne judge, S. Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1899; ag. ch. just. on several occasions; recd. thanks of gov., for spec. services in reorganising native courts of prot., Jan., 1903; ch. just., N. Nigeria, 1905.

MENTZ, HON. HENDRIK.—B. 1877; formerly M.L.A., Transvaal; M.L.A. for Zoutpansberg till 1924; min. of lands, Union of S. Africa, 1916; and ag. min. of defence, 1918; min. of defence, 1920-21.

MENZIES, JOHN.—Warden, St. David, Trinidad, 16th June, 1922; warden, Caroni, 1st Dec., 1925.

MERCER, SIR WILLIAM HEPPWORTH, K.C.M.G. (1914), C.M.G. (1902).—B. 1855; open scholar and Hody exhibnr., Wadham Coll., Oxford; 2nd cl. classical mods.; 2nd cl. final classical schl.; 2nd cl. clk. in the C.O. after open compet., 30th June, 1879; awarded 1st prize in common law offered by council of legal education, 1883, and a pupil scholarship of 100 guineas, in real property law, by the soc. of the Inner Temple, 1885; called to the bar, 1886; sec. to the Earl of Jersey, when ag. as Br. delegate at col. confce., Ottawa, 1894; on special mission to Hawaii with Mr. (afterwards Sir) Sandford Fleming, Sept. to Nov., 1894, negotiating for lease of landing station of proposed Pacific cable; asst. priv. sec. to Lord Ripon, Apr., 1895; to Mr. Chamberlain, June, 1895; 1st class clk., May, 1896; sec. to Pacific cable comtee., 1896; prin. clk., Oct., 1898; sec. to Pacific cable comtee., 1899; crown agt. for the cols., June, 1900; mem. of Pacific cable bd., 1901; dep. chmn. of ditto, 1907; apptd. dir. of scholars sent to England from certain crown cols., 1902; mem. of West African currency board, 1912; joint editor of C.O. List since

1898; ret. from post of C.A., 31st Nov., 1921; chmn. of W. African currency bd., E. African currency bd. and Pacific cable bd.

MEREDITH, HON. RICHARD MARTIN.—B. 1847; judge of high ct., Ontario, chancery div., 1890; ct. of appeal, 1905; chief just. of the common pleas, 1912.

MEREWETHER, SIR EDWARD MARSH, K.C.M.G. (1916); K.C.V.O. (1907); C.V.O. (1903); C.M.G. (1902).—B. 1858; ed. Harrow; cadet, S.S., Oct., 1880; passed final exam. in Malay, May, 1882; ag. collr. of land rev., Singapore, and J.P., S.S., May, 1882; confirmed, Jan., 1883; Malay interp. with H.M.S. "Pegasus" to Tenom in connection with the "Nisero" case, June, 1884; ag. mag. and offr. in charge treasury, Malacca, 1886; dist. offr., Dindings, 1886; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, 1888; ag. 1st mag., Penang, 1888; 2nd asst. col. sec., June, 1890; supt. of census, 1891; ag. asst. col. sec., Aug., 1891; collr. of land rev., and in charge of treasury, Malacca, July, 1892; ag. res. coun., Malacca, Sept. to Dec., 1893; inspr. of prisons, S.S., 1893; asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., May, 1897; ag. res. coun., Malacca, May, 1897, to June, 1898, and Sept., 1900; ag. col. treasr., S.S., Jan., 1900; ag. res. coun., Malacca, Sept., 1901; ag. Br. res., Selangor, Oct., 1901; confirmed, Dec., 1901; lieut.-gov. and ch. sec. to govt., Malta, Aug., 1902; gov., Sierra Leone, 1911; gov., Leeward Islands, 7th Jan., 1916.

MERRICK, CAPT. F. S.—Joined 3rd Batt. Innis. Fus., 1906; Natal police, 1897-1902; lieut., 29th I.Y. Mch., 1902; served in S. African war (2 medals); dist. supt. of pol., N. Nigeria, May, 1903; ag. asst. comsgr. of pol., July-Aug., 1905; ag. staff offr., Aug.-Dec., 1905; 1st cls. dist. supt. of pol., Apl., 1908; deputy I.G. of pol., Dec., 1910; ag. I.G., Apl.-Oct., 1911.

MERRICK, H. F. C.—B. 1889; ed. Battersea Gram. Schl. and London Univ.; asst. audr., S. Nigeria, 1913; ditto, Sierra Leone, 1914; audr., Malta, 1920-22; clk., col. audit dept., 1922; audr., Gibraltar, May, 1927.

MERRICK, JOHN EDWARD SIEGFRIED.—B. 1888; ed. Winchester and Univ. Coll., Oxford; B.A. 1911; asst. dist. comsgr., Uganda Prot., 1912; 3rd asst. sec., 1913; 2nd asst. sec., 1916; senr. asst. sec., E. Africa Prot., Nov., 1919; asst. col. sec. (2nd grade), Kenya, 1926; ag. asst. col. sec. (1st grade) in 1925 and 1926; ag. prin. asst. col. sec., 1927.

MESSER, CHAS. MCLVAIN, O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1874; ed. Merchant Taylors' schl., and Emmanuel Coll., Camb.; exhibitor, 1892; scholar, 1893; 16th wrangler math. tripos, 1896; B.A., 1896; M.A., 1905; cadet, Hong Kong, 1897; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 1898; ag. land offr., New Territory, 1899; J.P., 1900; ag. col. treasr., 1901; passed cadet, 1902; ag. registr.-gen., 1902; asst. land offr., N.T., 1903; and mem. of land ct., 1903-4; pol.-mag., N.T., in addition, 1905; ag. postmr.-gen., 1907; head of sanitary dept. and pres. of sanitary bd., 1908; postmr.-gen., 1908; ag. col. treasr., 1909 to 1911; capt. supt. of police, supt. of Victoria gaol and supt. of fire brigade, 1913; offl., M.L.C., 1913; colonial treasr., 1918; custodian of enemy property, 1919; estate duty comanr., 1924.

METCALFE, CHARLES CAMPBELL, M.C.—B. 1880; ed. Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey; clk., W.O., 1901; clk., treasury, Nyasaland, 1911; K.A.R., 1914-22; ag. chief transport offr., Nyasaland, Apr., 1922 to Feb., 1923; ch. transport offr., 26th Feb., 1923.

METHUEN, FIELD-MARSHAL THE RIGHT HON. BARON, G.C.B., G.C.M.G. (1919), G.C.V.O.—B. 1845; entered the Army, 1864; served in Ashanti expdn., 1873-74; mil. attaché at Berlin, 1878-81; served with expdnry. force in Egypt, 1882; rendered special services in Bechuanaland expdn.; 1884-85; served on the staff in S. Africa, 1888-90; lieut.-gen. comdg. a div., S. Africa, 1899-1902; mem. of Royal Patriotic Fund Corporation, 1905-7; G.O.C., S. Africa, 1908; gov. of Natal in 1910; gov., Malta, 27th Jan., 1915; assumed govt. 14th Feb., 1915; retired, 1919.

METIVIER, CAPT. HARRY VINCENT MERCEY, O.B.E.—Govt. vet. surg. examr. of animals, Trinidad, 8th Dec., 1920.

METZGEN, MONRAD SIGFRID.—B. 1893; temp. clk. to keeper of prisons, B. Hond., Mar., 1910; transf. to treas. dept., Aug., 1910; temp. asst. keeper of King's warehouses, Sept., 1910; 3rd grade cust. and excise offr., Aug., 1911; 2nd grade dist. Jan., 1918; 2nd lieut., B. Hond. Territorial Force, June, 1918; internal rev. offr., Mar., 1920; seconded to income tax dept., June, 1921; prin. offr., income tax, Aug., 1922; offr. of cust., Nov., 1922; sec. to select comtee. to enquire into cost of living to civ. servants, Mar., 1923; ag. audr. in 1923 and 1924; ag. dist. comanr., Orange Walk, June-July, 1923; ch. income tax collr., 15th Jan., 1924; joint compiler, Br. Hond. Handbook.

MEWBURN, MAJOR-GENERAL S. C., C.M.G. (1917).—B. 1863; called to the bar, 1885; K.C., 1910; dir.-gen., Canadian Defence Force, 1917; elec. to H. of C. gen. elec., 1917; min. of militia in National govt., Canada, 1917-19; mem., privy coun. for Canada; re-el. to H. of C., g. e., Dec., 1921.

MEWS, ARTHUR, C.M.G. (1918).—Acct., gov. telegraphs, Newfndld., 1893; clk. to find. sec., 1894; fincl. clk., col. sec.'s office, 1895; dep. col. sec., 1898; registr. of joint stock companies, 1899; J.P., 1913; censor of telegraphs, cables and wireless stations, 1914; mem., St. John's defence comtee., 1915; dep. press censor, 1915.

MICALLEF, SIR RICHARD, K.C.M.G. (1906), C.M.G. (1902).—B. 1846; entd. the Malta serv., Nov., 1863; clk. in office of charitable institutions, Dec., 1864; clk., sanitary office and sec. to the med. bd., Jan., 1881; dep. recr.-gen., dep. comptroller of charitable institutns., and dep. comery., Monte di Pietà, Gozo, Apr., 1884; asst. sec. to govt. for Gozo, Sept., 1885; comptroller of charitable institutns., with seat in coun. of govt., Nov., 1886, and a seat in the exec. coun., Mar., 1888; ret., 1911.

MICHELIN, WILLIAM PLUNKETT.—B. 1872; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple; entd. col. serv., Feb., 1890; judicial dept. Jamaica 1891-1906; dist. comsgr., G. Coast, Mar., 1906; ag. chief registr. and sheriff 1909; acted as solr.-gen. on several occasions during 1908-1911; pol. mag., Coomassie, Feb., 1911; ag. circuit judge, Sierra Leone, Jan. Apl., 1913; pol. mag. and coroner, Gibraltar, June, 1913; acted as atty.-gen. on several occasions during the years 1913-1919; 2nd puisne judge, Leeward Islands, Nov., 1919; 1st puisne judge, Aug., 1920; ag. ch. just. Nov., 1920 to Mar., 1921 and from Dec., 1922 to Mar., 1923; prepared revd. edn. of statutes of St. Kitts and Nevis, 1922; puisne judge, Gold Coast, July, 1923; ag. ch. just., 23rd May to 1st Sept., 1925 and from 16th Feb. to 26th Apr., 1927.

MIDDLETON, J. J. I.—Trans.-aal audit office, May, 1901; clk., treasury, Nov., 1901; acctnt.,

treasary, 1st Dec., 1902; acctnt., treasary, Union of S. Africa, 1910; sec. to pub. debt. comsrs, 1911; under sec. for finance, 1918.

MIDDLETON, SIR JOHN, K.B.E. (1924), C.M.G. (1916).—B. 1870; ed. Sedbergh and Univ. of Edin.; M.A.; asst. dist. comsrr., S. Nigeria, 1901; ag. dist. comsrr., Warri, 1901; asst. sec., 1902; sen. asst. sec., 1904; officiated as sec. to govt. and divisional comsrr., 1904-5; dist. comsrr., 2nd grade, 1906; ag. ch. asst. col. sec. and asst. prov. comsrr., 1906-7; senr. asst. col. sec., 1907; asst. col. sec., Mauritius, 1908; ag. col. sec., 1908-9-10-11-12-13; col. sec., 1913; admstd. govt., 1914, 1916 and 1919; gov., Falkland Is., 1920; gov., Gambia, 1927.

MIDDLETON, SIR JOHN PAGE, KT. BACH. (1912), B.A.—Ed. Uppingham and Trin. Hall, Camb.; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., June, 1874, Norfolk and S.E. circuits; ag. Queen's advoc., G. Coast, Jan., 1882; pres. of dist. ct., Limasol, Cyprus, Sept., 1882; puisne judge, sup. ct., 1892; ag. ch. just., June and July, 1893; ag. judge of consular ct., Constantinople, May to July, 1894; ag. ch. just., May to Oct., 1895; received thanks of S. of S. Foreign Affairs in connection with Ottoman Dominions (Courts) O. in C., 1895; puisne judge, Ceylon, 1902; ret. 1912.

MIDDLETON, HON. WM. EDWARD.—B. 1860; ed. Toronto Coll. Inst. and Toronto Univ.; admitted solr., 1884; called to the bar, 1885; K.C., 1908; judge of high ct., Ontario, 1910.

MIFSUD, EDWARD R., O.B.E. (1927), M.B.E. (1925).—B. 1875; clk., Malta civ. serv. after compet. exam., 1892; clk., audit office, 1892; secretariat, 1901; ch. clk., lieut. gov.'s office, 1913; dep. asst. sec. to govt. and clk. of couns., 1920; clk. of exec., nominated and privy couns. and private sec. to gov., Oct., 1921.

MIFSUD, HON. SIR UGO P., KT. BACH. (1927), LL.D. (1910), B. Litt. (1906), M.L.A.—B. 1889; matric., Malta Univ., 1903; called to bar, 1910; el. to rep. first dist. in Maltese parlt., Oct., 1921, in June, 1924 and Aug., 1927; min. of industry and commerce, 28th Oct., 1921; min. for treas., Aug., 1924; min. for just., May, 1926; leader of House, 1921-23 and from 1924-27; leader of opposition and head of national party, Aug., 1927.

MIGEOD, FREDERICK WILLIAM HUGH, F.R. Anth. Inst., F.R.G.S.—Entd. Royal Navy, 1889; asst. paymaster, 1893; reasig., 1898; transport offr., W.A.F.F., Nigeria, 1st Sept., 1898 to 6th July, 1899; supervisor of customs, G. Coast, 24th Mar., 1900; asst. transport offr., Ashanti Field Force, 27th May, 1900 (Ashanti medal); head of transport dept., 21st Sept., 1901; ag. prov. comsrr., 14th Feb. to 6th June, 1909; author of "The Mende Language," 1908; "The Languages of West Africa," 1911-13; "Mende Natural History Vocabulary," 1913; "Grammar of the Hausa Language," 1914; "Earliest Man," 1916.

MILES, GEORGE COCKBURN, B.A., (Oxon).—B. 1898; on. mil. serv., Mar., 1917; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., May, 1921; attd., Jaffna kach., June, 1921; pol. mag., Puttalam, Aug., 1922; office asst., Galle kach., Apr., 1924; ditto, Anuradhapura kach., Feb., 1926; 4th asst. col. sec., May, 1927.

MILLARD, ALFRED SUTTON, B.Sc., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.); D.P.H.—Med. offr., S. Sttlmts., May, 1907; ag. sen. med. offr., Singapore, 23rd Jan. to 17th June, 1909; med. offr., grade II., F.M.S., 6th July, 1909; health offr., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1912; temp. med. offr., Quithing, Basuto-

land, Sept., 1916; med. offr. of health, Cyprus, Mar., 1921; ag. dist. med. offr., June to Oct., 1921; ag. ch. med. offr., May to Sept., 1927.

MILLARD, THOMAS.—B. 1884; ed. King's Coll., London; paymaster, 6th K.A.R., Mar., 1906; A.G.S. medal and clasp. 1908-10; asst. treas., Somaliland Prot., June, 1910; ag. treasr. in 1910, 1911 and 1912; asst. treasr., Cyprus, 1913; on mily. serv., B.E.F., France from Sept., 1915; capt. and adjt., 20th R. Fusiliers; wounded, Apr., 1917; resumed duty, 24th Nov., 1921; ag. treas., June to Dec., 1922 and June to Nov., 1924; title altered to dep. treas., July, 1927.

MILLER, ALBERT EDWARD, M.C.—B. 1892; H.M. Forces, 9th Aug., 1914; serv. in Malta, Sept., 1914 to Jan., 1915 and France, 1915-19; 2nd lieut., 1917; wounded, Feb., 1918; inspr., live-stock, Gold Coast, 20th May, 1921.

MILLER, JAMES INNES, M.A.—B. 1892; ed. Fettes Coll. and Edin. Univ. (1st cls. hon. class. and hist.); mily. serv., Gallipoli and Mesopot., 1915-19; cadet, F.M.S., Oct., 1919; dep. collr. and reg. sr. of deeds, Penang, Dec., 1919; mag., May, 1920; agt., food contr., Penang, Oct., 1920; secy. to food contr., Singapore, Feb., 1921; attd. col. secy.'s office in addn., June, 1921; passed final exam., Malay, June, 1921; ag. 2nd asst. sec. B., 28th Apr., 1922; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, July, 1922.

MILLER, RICHARD ELLIOT MORGAN, B.A. (Calcutta).—B. 1875; acctnt., P.W.D. India, Nov., 1895 to June, 1899; acctnt., Uganda rly., July, 1899; asst. acctnt., Nigerian rly., Jan., 1914; acctnt., 2nd grade, Nigerian rly., July, 1915; acctnt., Nigerian rly., 1917; ch. acctnt., G. Coast rlys., Jan., 1920; ch. riv. acct., Nigeria, 1925.

MILLER, WILLIAM, I.S.O. (1925).—B. 1860; survr.-gen. and civil engrn., Bahamas, 1890; ret. on pension from office of civ. engrn., 1st Nov., 1922, but retained appt. of survr.-gen.

MILLER, WILLIAM.—B. 1880; asst. engrn., Aberdeen main drainage works and River Dee tunnel; asst. engrn., burgh survr.'s office, Aberdeen; asst. mun. engrn., Singapore; asst. rest. engrn., Kalang river reservoir, Singapore; office asst. to dir., pub. wks., Gold Coast, 15th Feb., 1911; dir. of transport, Accra, under the defence scheme, Aug., 1914; attd. to B.E.F., Togoland, Aug., 1914; ag. dir., pub. wks., Dec., 1917 to Mar., 1918; ag. dep. dir., pub. wks., 1918 and 1921; asst. dir., pub. wks., Aug., 1919; asst. col. sec., 27th Feb., 1922.

MILLINGTON, EDWARD TURNER.—B. 1881; ed. Victoria Univ., Manchester (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1904; extra off. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov. and asst. collr. of cust., Jaffna, Jan., 1906; pol. mag., Avisavella, Apr., 1906; off. asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Nov., 1906; Cent. Prov., Aug., 1908; ag. dist. judge, etc., Nuwara Eliya-Hatton, Jan., 1910; asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, Feb., 1913; ditto, Matale, Dec., 1917; ag. dist. judge, Kurunegala, Apr., 1921; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, Aug., 1922; ag. registrar.-gen., July, 1923; addnl. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Nov., 1924; ag. govt. agt., S. Prov., Dec., 1924; ag. govt. agt., Uva, Feb., 1925; dist. judge, Jaffna, Nov., 1925; govt. agt., Saharagamuwa, Mar., 1926.

MILLINGTON, WM. MILNES, B.A. (Oxon).—Cadet, S. Sttlmts., Jan., 1907; ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, Nov., 1908; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, May, 1910; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, 11th Feb., 1911; prom. to cla. V., F.M.S., 3rd Mar., 1911, but continued to act in Dindings; ag. asst. P.M.G., Penang, 28th Mar., 1912; ag. asst. dist. offr., Batu Gajah,

surg.-lieut., Antigua def. force, 1904; mag. and med. offr., Anguilla and dep. judge of sup. ct., Leeward Is., Jan., 1905 to Sept., 1906; med. offr., No. 6 dist., Nevis, 1906; med. offr., dist. "D", and mag., dist. "F", Dominica, 1907; med. offr., St. Vincent, 1909-12; temp. capt., R.A.M.C.; med. offr. in charge of troops, Cambridge, 1916-19; and founder and hon. sec., W. Indian Club, 1897-8; founder and hon. sec., West India Red Cross Socy., 1921-1924; dir., med. and health dept., Bermuda, Aug., 1924.

MASON, H., A.M.Inst.T.—Accts. clk., 1st grade, E.A.P., May, 1912; asst. ch. acctnt., Uganda Rly., Nov., 1915; dep. ch. acctnt., Tanganyika Territory rlys., 10th Sept., 1920; ag. ch. acctnt. on various occasions 1920-21 and 1923-27.

MASSETT, JAMES DAVID ARTHUR.—B. 1885; ed. privately and Harrison Coll., Barbados; post office dept., Barbados, Mar., 1904 to Apr., 1906; H.M. cust., May, 1906; sworn weigher and gauger, 1908; sub. contr. of cust., Springlands, 1910-16; seconded for serv. in occupied territory, German E. Africa, 25th Nov., 1916; confirmed as supervisor of cust., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Oct., 1919; ag. asst. comptr., cust., 18th Feb. to 25th June, 1923 and from 18th Oct., 1923; ag. comptr., cust., 26th June to 17th Oct., 1923; senr. supervisor, 1926.

MASSEY, HON. CHAS. VINCENT, M.A.—B. 1887; ed. St. Andrew's Coll., Toronto, Univ. of Toronto (B.A.), Balliol Coll., Oxon (B.A., M.A.); in charge, musketry training, M.D. No. 2, 1915-18; temp. lieut.-col., 1916; associate sec., war comtee. of cabinet, Jan., 1918; min. without portfolio, 5th Sept., 1925; Canadian rep. at Washington, 1926.

MASSEY, T. H.—Med. offr., E.A.P., Jan., 1913; senr. med. offr., Kenya, Oct., 1923.

MASTEN, HON. CORNELIUS ARTHUR.—B. 1857, Quebec; educ. parish dist. sch. La Colle; La Colle Academy; Victoria Univ., Coburg, Ont. (graduated with hon., May, 1879); mathematical master, high sch., Orillia, Ont., 1879, 1880; entered law soc. of Upper Canada, Oct., 1880; called to the bar, 1883; K.C. (Ont.), and benchor of the law soc. of Upper Canada, 1908; comsnr. to enquire into the Insurance situation in Ont. with a view to improvements in the law; pres., Alumni Assoc. of Toronto Univ.; chmn., exec. comtee. of the speaker's patriotic league; author of "Masten Company Law in Canada"; justice of the sup. ct. of Ontario, Nov., 1915.

MASTERTON-SMITH, SIR JAMES EDWARD, K.C.B. (1919), C.B. (1915).—B. 1878; ed. Harrow (schol.) and Hertford Coll., Oxford (schol.); ent. home civ. serv. (cls. I.), admly., 1901; priv. sec. to 2nd sea lord, 1904-8; priv. sec. to permt. sec., 1903-10; priv. sec. to successive 1st lords of the admly., 1910-17; asst. sec., min. of munitions, Sept., 1917 to Jan., 1919; asst. sec. (adnl.), W.O. and Air Miny., 1919-20; joint permt. sec., miny. of labour, 1920; permt. under-sec. of state for the colonies, 30th Aug., 1921; sec. to the Order of St. Michael and St. George; mem. of the off. side of the National Whitley Coun.; ret., 1925; Offr. of the Belgian Order of the Crown.

MASTERTON-SMITH, PRECIVAL FRANK, M.C.—B. 1895; ed. Christ's Hosp. and Wadham Coll., Oxford (hons. mod. hist.); B.A., 1921; R. Fusiliers, 1914-16; 60th Rifles, 1916-19; M.C., 1917; capt., res. of Offrs., 60th Rifles; adminis. offr., Nigeria, 25th Jan., 1922.

MATEER, EDWARD JOHN.—Ed. Foyle Coll. and Taunton Sch.; asst. treas., Uganda, 10th July, 1920.

MATHER, NORMAN FREDERICK HUGH.—B. 1890; ed. Merchant Taylor's Schl., and Hertford Coll., Oxford (schol.); cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1913; served in Rifle Brig., Dec., 1915-Sept., 1919; asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Nov., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Klang, Mar., 1921; asst. dist. offr., Larut, Jan., 1922; regisr., war serv. land grant scheme, S. Settlmts., Feb., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Larut, Aug., 1922; asst. dist. offr., Larut, Sept., 1922; sec. to res., Pahang, Dec., 1923; mag., Seremban, July, 1925; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1925; ag. state treas. Negri Sembilan, in addn., Jan., 1926; chmn., sany. bd., Seremban, Aug., 1926.

MATHERS, FREDERICK FRANCIS, K.C., LL.B.—B. 1871; ed. schls. in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Dalhousie law sch. and Harvard law sch.; called to the bar, 1892; dep. prov. sec. and clk. of exec. coun., N.S., 1902; also regisr. of joint stock companies, 1909; now deputy atty.-gen.

MATHERS, HON. THOS. GRAHAM.—B. 1859; ed. pub. and high schls., Lucknow and Kincardine, Ontario, and privately; editor, Manitoba "Liberal" 1883; called to the bar, Manitoba, 1889; min. of just., Manitoba, 1896-1905; puisne judge, ct. of King's Bench, 1905; ch. just., King's Bench, 1910.

MATHESON, CAPT. C. L. T., M.C.—Commissioned in Royal Engineers, 1909; asst. dir. of surv., G. Coast, 1914; Togoland campaign, 1914; Cameroons, 1914-15; France with Field Coy. R.E., 1916-17; W.O., 1918; dep. dir. topographical surveys, G. Coast, 1920.

MATHEWS, ALBAN FRANK, F.S.A.A. (Incorporated Accountant).—B. 1891; asst. audr. external audit dept., S. Settlmts. and F.M.S., 23rd Aug., 1919; ag. senr. asst. audr., 11th Mar., 1920 to 31st Dec., 1921, 7th Sept., 1922 to 10th June, 1923 and from 2nd July, 1923; attd. audit office, Singapore, 1st July to 6th Sept., 1922.

MATHEWS, H. F.—Ed. Oxford High Sch. and Jesus Coll., Oxford; open math. exhib., 1905; 2nd cls. hons., math. mods., 1907; 3rd cls. hons., physics finals, 1909; certif. in cultural anthropology, Oxford Univ., 1912; certif. teacher, bd. of educn., 1910; asst. res., N. Nigeria, Aug., 1910.

MATHIESON, HON. JOHN ALEXANDER, K.C.—B. 1863; ed. Harrington Gram. Schl., Prince of Wales' Coll., Taught Schl., Desable Gram. Schl., P.E.I., read law with McLean and Macdonald; called to the P.E.I. bar, 1893; K.C., 1905; el. to legislature for King's county, 1900; re-el., 1904, 1908 and 1912; leader of the opposition, 1908; premier and atty.-gen., 2nd Dec., 1911; ch. just., P.E.I., 13th June, 1917.

MATTHEWS, ERNEST LEWIS, K.C., C.M.G. (1914).—Called to the bar, Inner Temple; law adviser to Transvaal govt., June, 1902; law adviser to govt. of Union of S. Africa, 31st May, 1910; puisne judge, Natal prov. divn., 1926.

MATTHEWS, SIR JOHN BROMHEAD, KT., BACH. (1911).—B. 1864; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1890, N.E. circuit; ag. solr.-gen., S. Settlmts., Oct., 1902, to May, 1903; M.L.C., S. Settlmts., 1901 and 1904; pres. of Moslem charities coms., S. Settlmts., 1903; atty.-gen., Bahamas, 1907; M.L.C., Bahamas, 1907-1908; K.C., Bahamas, 1909; atty.-gen., S. Settlmts., 1909; ch. just., Bahamas, Jan., 1910; resign., 1911.

MATTHEWS, LEONARD SCOTT.—1st K.A.R., 1916-18; ag. senr. paymr., K.A.R., Apr., 1920; clearance offr., Zomba, K.A.R. war acct., Apr., 1921 to Mar., 1922; dep. treas., Nyasaland, Dec., 1924; ag. treas., Apr., 1925.

MATTHEWS, LESLIE GARD.—Ed. Plymouth; Oxford Univ. O.T.C., 1915; O.A.S., France, 1916 and 1917, Lanc. Fusiliers; Mesopotamia, 1917-11, att'd., Indian Army and Iraq Levies; Arab rebellion, Iraq, 1920 (med. and clasp); asst. meas., Somaliland, June, 1921; dist. pol. offr., Somaliland, Feb., 1923; asst. comenr., pol., Nigeria, 1926.

MATTHEWS, MARMADUKE HUMPHREY.—Ed. Hertenham Coll. and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; probationer, col. audit dept., Feb., 1914; asst. udr., Nigeria, Apr., 1914; temp. lieut., Nigeria Regt., 1914-15; audr., Brit. Honduras, Sept., 1920.

MAVROGORDATO, ARTHUR STEPHEN.—B. 886; ed. at Oakham Schl., Rutland; clk., pol. cadrs., Cyprus, Nov., 1903; inspr. of mil. pol., Cyprus, May, 1905; in charge of pol. detachment, Cyrenia, 1907-1909; gov. of prison and dep. oroner; passed govt. exams. in modern Greek and Turkish; in command of Papho dist. on several occasions; detailed for special duty in Larnaca dist. in connection with Limassol riots, Apr.-June, 1912; asst. comenr. of police, Sierra Leone, June, 1913; J.P. and dep. coroner, 1913; g. comenr. of police, also sheriff, prison visiting justice, and govt. nominee on city coun. of Freetown, and performing duties of marshal of the Admiralty prize ct., May to Nov., 1915, Dec., 1916, to May, 1917, Feb. to Apr., 1918, and from Aug. to Dec., 1918; ag. harbmr. and retaining offr. under mil. authorities, May, 1916, to May, 1917, and May, 1918, to Mar., 1919; ag. ist. comenr. in headqrs. dist., S. Leone, Feb.-Mar., 1919; dep. inspr.-gen., police and prisons, Palestine, Dec., 1922; ag. inspr.-gen., pol. and prisons, 1st Apr., 1924; commdt., ditto, 1st Apr., 1926.

MAXWELL, ARTHUR WALTER, M.I.R.S.E.—B. 1885; ed. St. Thomas' Charterhouse, Lon.; h. tel. mech., N. Nigeria, 1910; asst. signal and el. engnr., F.M.S. rlys., 1913; asst. tel. engnr., 1917; dist. tel. engnr., 1919; signal and tel. engnr., Feb., 1925.

MAXWELL, CHARLETON NEVILLE.—B. 1872; d. Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey, Bedford Schl., and Hertenham Coll.; S. African War, 1900-01 Queen's med., 5 clasps; land office, Selangor, 1900-91; Sarawak serv., 1891-93; priv. sec. to ag. ov., S.S., 1893; jun. offr., Selangor, 1st Feb., 1894; transport offr., Pahang Exped. Force, June, 1894; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Dec., 1896; sst. audr., 10th Apr., 1897; 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, 1st Jan., 1899; ag. 1st mag., K. Lumpur, 6th May, 1899; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, 19th May, 1901; dist. offr., Kuala Langat, 1st June, 1903; mag., Kuala Lumpur, 10th Mar., 1904; ist. offr., Pekan, 1st Oct., 1905; dist. offr., Trian, 17th May, 1911; dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, 14th May, 1914; Brit. agt., Trengganu, 17th July, 1914; seconded for serv. as pres., state coun., Trengganu, 9th Dec., 1915; chmn., sany. bd., Jinta, 13th Apr., 1917; dist. offr., Klang, 13th Oct., 1920; seconded for serv. as dir. of supplies, S. and F.M.S., 16th Nov., 1920; mem. and res. rent assessment bd., Singapore, June-Oct., 1921; dist. offr., Klang, Oct., 1921; ag. comenr., ade and cust., F.M.S., Sept., 1922; comenr., ade and cust., F.M.S., July, 1921.

MAXWELL, SIR FREDERIC MACKENZIE, KT. ACH. (1911).—Called to the bar, Linc.'s Inn, 1884; 1st cl. studentship, Inns of Ct., 1882; 1st cl. scholarship (Equity), Linc.'s Inn, 1884; B.A. (Oxon), 1891; 1st cl. jurisprudence, 1885; ag. atty.-gen., Br. Hond., Feb. to Dec., 1890, and

May to July, 1896; atty.-gen., Br. Hond., July, 1896; K.C., Br. Hond., Apr., 1906; ag. chief just., Br. Hond., 21st June to 29th Dec., 1899, Mar. to Oct., 1902, Apr. to Nov., 1904, and Apr., 1906, to Jan., 1907; chief just., Br. Hond., Jan., 1907; ch. just., Leeward Is., 1912; lieut. commdg. mounted section of Br. Hond. vol. force, Feb., 1905; attended sch. of mounted infantry at Bulford Camp, and recd. cert. of qualification to command a company of M.I., Sept., 1905; qualified at sch. of musk., Hythe, Dec., 1905; capt., Br. Hond. vol. force, Jan., 1906; major, commdg. ditto, Apr., 1906; ret. from vols., Sept., 1908, with permission to retain rank and wear uniform of the force; chancellor of the diocese of Br. Hond., and Cent. America, 1896-1907; revised the Federal Acts of the Leeward Is. from 1871 to 1888.

MAXWELL, COL. GEOFFREY ARCHIBALD PRENTICE, D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C., Officer Ordre de Leopold, Officer Legion d'Honneur, Belgian Croix de Guerre, French Croix de Guerre, M.Inst.T.—B. 1885; R.M.A., Woolwich, 1902; R.E., 1904; Nigeria Barokano rly., 1908-11; survey, E.A.P., 1912-14; European War, 1914-18 (ment. seven times in desps.); inter-allied comn. of control, rlys., occupied territory, 1919; communications sec., sup. economic coun., 1919-20; gen. man., Tanganyika rlys., 1920.

MAXWELL, GERALD VERNER.—B. 1877; ed. Bedford Gram. Schl. (exhibitioner) and Peterhouse, Camb. (scholar); cadet, Fiji, Apr., 1898; ag. registrar-genl. and regisr. of titles, Dec., 1898; stip. mag., Dec., 1900; asst. native comenr., Jan., 1904; native lands comenr., Jan., 1906; ag. asst. col. sec. and ag. asst. rec.-gen., Oct., 1909; ag. rec.-gen., Dec., 1909, to Nov., 1910; chmn., native lands comenr., 1912; ag. sec. for native affairs (conjoint), 21st Mar., 1917; temporarily M.L.C., May, 1917; ch. native comenr., Kenya Colony, May, 1921; mem. exec. and legis. councils.

MAXWELL, SIR JAMES CRAWFORD, K.B.E. (1925), C.M.G. (1911).—B. 1869; ed. Dundee High Schl. and Edin. Univ.; M.A., 1889; M.B.C.M., 1893; M.D., 1896; asst. col. surg., S. Leone, 1897-1900; W. African med. and clasp, 1898-99; dist. comenr., S. Leone, 1900; 1st cl. comenr., Southern Provinces, Nigeria, Feb., 1914; col. sec., Sierra Leone, Jan., 1920; ag. gov., Sierra Leone, 9th Sept., 1921 to 3rd May, 1922; col. sec., Gold Coast, 4th Oct., 1922; ag. gov., Apr. to Aug., 1923, Mar. to Sept., 1924 and Sept. to Nov., 1925; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, N. Rhodesia, 31st Aug., 1927.

MAXWELL, JOHN, C.M.G. (1921).—B. 1875; ed. at Dumfries and Glasgow; passed final exam. in law, Apr., 1899; asst. dist. comenr., G. Coast, 21st Mar., 1902; travelling comenr., 28th Jan., 1905; prov. comenr., 18th Mar., 1907; dep. ch. comenr., 1st Jan., 1921; pres., Accra town coun., 1st Dec., 1921; sec. native affrs., 21st Mar., 1923; ch. comenr., Ashanti, 22nd July, 1923; has acted on several occasions as solr.-gen., atty.-gen., col. sec. and gov's dep. and as ag. gov. from 6th July to 2nd Sept., 1925 and from 6th June to 19th July, 1927; has also been chmn. of numerous comens. including those on Takoradi harb., munic. corporations and native civ. serv.; compiler, 1st and 2nd edns., Gold Coast Handbook.

MAXWELL, THOMAS DOVETON.—B. 1873; ed. Tiverton, Blundell scholar, Balliol Coll., Oxford, 1892; B.A. (honours, jurisprudence), 1896; called to the bar (Gray's Inn), 1903; asst. dist. comenr., So. Nigeria, 1902; ag. dist. comenr., Degema, 1903; ditto, Calabar, Mar., 1904; polit. and

30th July, 1913; ag. dist. offr., Lipis, 28th Oct., 1915; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, 19th July, 1917; offr., cls. IV., 12th Dec., 1917; supernmy. offr., cls. III., 1st Jan., 1919; dist. offr., B. Padang, 11th Sept., 1920; ag. asst. adviser, Muar, Johore, 26th Dec., 1921; dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Jan., 1924; chmn., sany. bd., Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1925; ag. Br. adviser, Kelantan, Aug., 1926.

MILLS, ERIC, O.B.E. (Mily.), 1919.—B. 1892; schol. of Corpus Christi Coll., Cambridge, 1910; Cowell schol., 1913-14; 1st cls. matha. tripos, pt. I., 1912; 2nd cls. matha. tripos, pt. II., 1913; 2nd lieut., Bedford Regt., 1914; gas poisoned, 1915; transferred to Egypt, 1916; staff capt., gen. list, 1918; served in occupied enemy territory admstrn.; ment. in desps., 1918; major, mily. gov., Gaza, 1919; asst. gov., Samaria dist., Palestine civil admstrn., 1st July, 1920; lent to C.O. by Palestine govt., and ag. prin., Nov., 1921; 1st asst. sec. to Palestine govt., 1st Oct., 1925; asst. ch. sec., 12th Nov., 1926.

MILLS, JAMES, B.A., M.A., LL.D.—B. 1840; headmaster, Stanstead Academy, Quebec, Canada, 1868; classical mast., Cobourg Coll. Inst., Ontario, 1869-73; headmaster, Brantford Coll. Inst., 1873-79; pres., Ontario Agric. Coll., Guelph, 1879-1904; mem. of the rlwy. comsn., 1904; librarian, ditto, 1914.

MILLS, JOHN VIVIAN GOTTLIER, B.A. Oxon. (Merton Coll.), Mods. and Lit. Hum., Barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1919.—B. 1887; cadet, F.M.S., Oct., 1911; hon. sec. to Chinese Riots Comsn., 1912; ag. asst. contrlr., lab., Kuala Lumpur, with powers of asst. protr., Chinese, Selangor, in addn., Apr., 1914; passed cadet, May, 1914; on sp. duty at Chinese emigr. camp, Port Swettenham, Aug. to Sept., 1914; offr., cl. V., Nov., 1914; asst. protr., Chinese, Selangor and Negri Sembilan, Feb., 1915; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Island, Jan., 1917; tempy. attd. office of comsnr. of trade and cust., Aug., 1918; offr., cl. IV., Jan., 1919; agt. to food contrlr., F.M.S., in addn., Jan., 1919; offgt. dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, Nov., 1919; ag. dep. pub. pros., cls. III., Mar., 1921; ag. registrar, dist. judge and 1st mag., Malacca, Sept., 1923; offr., cls. III., Oct., 1923; ag. dep. pub. pros., Penang, Jan., 1924; ag. collr., land rev., Penang, Jan., 1924; regisr., sup. ct., Penang, Dec., 1924; asst. off. assignee, Penang, in addn., Apr. to July and Oct. to Nov., 1925; ag. dep. pub. pros., Penang, Nov., 1925; ag. stamp and probate offr., treasury, Singapore, Jan., 1926; ag. off. assignee and pub. trustee, F.M.S., Sept., 1926.

MILNE-TOUGH, WILLIAM, M.B., B.Ch. (Aberdeen)—B. 1883; ed. Aberdeen, Scot.; med. ed. at Aberdeen Univ.; house physn., county hosp., Bedford, 1911; house surg., 1912; senr. asst. med. offr., govt. hosp., Durban, Natal, 1913-1915; med. offr., Nyasaland, May, 1919; ag. senr., med. offr., Dec., 1922 to July, 1923 and from Apr. to Dec., 1924.

MILNER, JAMES DALTON, A.M.I.C.E., M.I.M. and Sany. E., M.R.S.I.—Ed. Hymer's Coll.; engngr. asst., Hull Corporation, 1902-10; dist. engnr., Uganda, Oct., 1910 to Mar., 1914; exec. engnr., Mar., 1914 to Mar., 1920; ag. dep. dir. of pub. wks., Apr., 1920; asst. dir. of pub. wks., Nyasaland, 1920; ag. dir. of pub. wks., Feb., 1921 to Feb., 1922, May to Dec., 1924 and Apr., 1927.

MILSTEAD, HERBERT ERNEST GEORGE.—B. 1886; temp. asst. auct., P.W.D., Uganda, May-July, 1921; asst. treas., Kenya, July, 1921; visiting just., Nairobi prison, 1922; sec., cent. tender bd., 1923 and 1927; ag. senr. asst. treas.,

in 1924 and 1927; seconded to secretariat as estab. offr., June, 1925 to Apr., 1926; ag. auct., treasury, May to July, 1927; asst. currency offr., July, 1927.

MILTON, SIR W. H., K.C.M.G. (1903), K.C.V.O. (1910), C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1854; clk., col. sec.'s office, Cape, Apr., 1878; 3rd class clk., 1st Jan., 1879; 2nd class clk., Jan., 1881; 1st class clk., Apr., 1883; sec. to the tender bd., 1881; clk. to exec. coun., 1886; ch. clk. and acctnt., col. sec.'s office, 1891; sec. to prime min., Mar., 1894; detached for serv. in Rhodesia as ch. sec. and sec. for native aff., Aug., 1896; transfd. to Rhod. serv., Oct., 1897; ag. admr. Rhod., July, 1897, to Nov., 1898; apptd. admstr. Mashonaland and senr. admstr. S. Rhodesia, Dec., 1898; admstr., S. Rhodesia, 20th Dec., 1902; resig., 1914.

MINTER, K. S.—B. 1894; apptd. after compet. exam. asst. clk., and assigned to G.P.O., Sept., 1912; apptd. after compet. exam. clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. serv., and assigned to H.M. stationery office, Aug., 1914; to C.O., Oct., 1914; cler. offr., higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922.

MITCHELL, EDWARD THOMAS.—B. 1900; on mily. ser., May, 1918 to Jan., 1919; temp. clk., W.O., Feb., 1919 to Aug., 1926; apptd. to C.O. as cler. offr. after compet. exam. (Southborough), Aug., 1926.

MITCHELL, HON. SIR JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1921), C.M.G. (1917); M.L.A., W. Australia.—B. 1866; entd. ser. of W. Aust. Bank; 16 years man. of Northam branch; entd. parlmnt., 1905; hon. min. and mem. of exec. coun., 1906; min. of agric., 1907; men. for lands in addition to agric., 1909, and again in 1916; premier, 1919-24.

MITCHELL, JAMES ALEXANDER.—M.B., Ch.B. (Univ. of Glasgow); D.P.H. (Univs. of Camb. and Durham); govt. research bacteriologist, Robben Island leper asylum, 1899; asst. M.O.H., Cape Colony, 1901; asst. M.O.H., Union of S. Africa, 1911; A.D.M.S., Southern force and lines of commun., S.W. Africa campaign, 1914; sec. for pub. health and chf. health offr., Union of S. Africa, 1919.

MITCHELL, WM. HERBERT, M.A. (1894), B.A. (1890).—Ed. at Bristol Gram. Schl. and Sydney Sussex Coll., Camb.; headmr., gram. and agric. schols., St. Kitts, 1901; apptmt. confirmed, 1904.

MITCHELSON, HON. SIR EDWIN, K.C.M.G. (1921).—B. 1846; ed. St. Matthew's Ch. of Eng. Schl. and privately; M.H.R., N.Z., 1881-1896; min. of pub. wks., 1883-4 and 1887-9; min. of native affrs., 1887-91; postmr.-gen. and comsnr. of telegraphs, 1889-91; M.L.C., 1920; has been mem., chmn., etc., of many local bodies and organizations in N.Z.; Knight of Grace of Order of St. John of Jerusalem, 1910.

MOIR, STEDMAN ESDAILE.—Clk., P.O., St. Kitts, Mar., 1904; rev. offr., Nevis, Apr., 1906; clk. to mag., Dist. "C," St. Kitts, 1913; served with H.M. Forces, 1916-19; on active service, 28th London Regt., 1916-17; cotton inspr., St. Kitts, ag. audit clk., May to Sept., 1922; cashier, treasury, dept., St. Kitts, Oct., 1922.

MOIR, CAPT. WILLIAM JOHN, M.B., Ch.B. (Aberd.), D.P.H. (Lond.)—B. 1893; ed. Marischal Coll., Aberdeen and Univ. Coll. Hosp., London; capt., R.A.M.C., 14th Apr., 1916 to 19th Dec., 1919; med. offr., F.M.S., health branch (med. dept.), 20th Nov., 1920.

MOLTENO, HON. SIR JAMES TENNANT, K.T. BACH. (1911), B.A., LL.B., M.L.A.—B. 1865; ed. at Diocesan Coll., Rondebosch, and Trin.

Coll., Camb.; called to the bar, Inner Temple; entd. Cape parlmnt., 1890; speaker of Cape H. of A.; speaker of H. of A., Union of South Africa, 1910.

MONPHE, FRANÇOIS JOSEPH ROBERT.—M.B., C.M., D.P.H. (Edin.); health offr., Mauritius, 7th Sept., 1898; ag. asst. sanitary warden, 4th Apr., 1900; 1st san. warden, 11th Apr., 1904; ag. asst. dir. and chief sanitary offr. in 1908, 1909 and 1911; chief sanitarr offr., 1914; ag. dir., med. and health dept., July, 1914; asst. dir., med. and health dept., 15th Feb., 1922.

MONK, GEORGE LEWIN.—B. 1884; ed. at Malvern Coll. and Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1906; M.A., 1909; 3rd cls. lit. hum.; 2nd cls. hist. finals; certif. in anthropology, Part I., 1911; sen. English master, Merchiston Castle, Edin., 1908-1909; asst. reas., N. Nigeria, 31st July, 1909; asst. dist. offr., 1st Jan., 1914; 2nd cls. dist. offr., 18th June, 1916; asst. sec., N. Provs. secretariat, 8th Nov., 1924.

MONRO, GEN. SIR CHAS. CARMICHAEL, G.C.B. (1919), G.C.S.I. (1919), G.C.M.G. (1916).—B. 1860; served N.W. Frontier of India, 1897-8 with Malakand field force; S. African war, 1899-1900; European war, 1914-16; comdg. div., B.E.F., 1914; comdr.-in-chief, Mediterranean expdy. force, 1915; comdr.-in-chief in India, 1916-20; gen., 1916; A.D.C. gen. to the King, 1918; gov., and comdr.-in-chief, Gibraltar, 26th May, 1923.

MONTAGNAC, LOUIS IVAN DE.—B. 1880; called to bar, Middle Temple, 26th Jan., 1911; clk. of cts., parish of St. Andrew, Jamaica, 1st May, 1921; ag. res. mag., St. Thomas, 1st Aug., 1922; ag. registrar, sup. ct., 25th Oct., 1924; registrar, sup. ct., 29th July, 1926.

MONTAGU, JAMES DRAGO.—B. 1878; served, Cape Mounted Pol., 1903; Johannesburg Mounted Pol., 1903-8; B.S.A. pol., 1908-9; S. Nigeria pol., 1909-18; local comdt., Cyprus milly. pol., 24th Jan., 1920; ag. comsnnr., on various occasions in 1922-1927; ag. dep. ch. commdt., pol., June-Oct., 1926 and from Nov., 1926 to Feb., 1927; priv. sec. and A.D.C. to O.A.G., Oct. to Nov., 1926.

MONTAGUE, AUBREY.—Ed. City of London sch. ; M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.B. (Lond.), 1898; med. offr., Fiji, Sept., 1898; ag. sen. med. offr., 1903 to 1904; sen. med. offr. and supt., public lunatic asylum, 1912; ag. chief med. offr. and M.L.C., May, 1914 to May, 1915; ch. med. offr., 30th Apr., 1922.

MONTGOMERY, RIGHT REV. H. H., D.D.—Prebendary of Wenlocksbarn in St. Paul's Cathedral; ed. at Trin. Coll., Camb., M.A.; ordained, 1871; vicar of St. Mark's, Kennington, 1879-89; bishop of Tasmania, 1889-1901; prelate of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, 1905; is also sec. of S.P.G.

MONTGOMERY, H. R.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., 9th May, 1908; dist. comsnnr., Apl., 1914; ag. senr. comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

MOOD, H. L.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E. Africa Prot., Feb., 1915; res. 2nd grade, Nyasaland, 23rd Nov., 1925; res. 1st grade, 2nd Mar., 1926.

MOODY, SYDNEY.—B. 1889; ed. King's Schl., Pontefract, Leeds Univ. and Lincoln Coll., Oxford (Hist. Schol.), 2nd cls. hist. finals, 1914; pvte., Pub. Schls. Batt., R. Fusiliers, 1914; 2nd lieut., E. York. Regt., France, 1915; lieut., King's Liverpool Regt., Egypt, 1916; lieut., Herefordshire Regt., Palestine, 1917-1918; held various appts. in O.E.T.A. (S.) Palestine, Dec.,

1918-June, 1920; dist. offr., Palestine, 1st July, 1920; attd. to Middle East Dept., C.O., Feb., 1923 to Feb., 1924.

MOONESINGHE, NALIN, B.A. (Oxon.)—Cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., May, 1924; attd., Anuradhapura kach., June, 1924; do., Batticaloa kach., Jan., 1925; do., Badulla kach., June, 1925; pol. mag., Pt. Pedro, Nov., 1926; ditto, Puttalam, May, 1927.

MOOR, HERBERT WILLIAM.—B. 1891; obtained higher standard certif. in Forestry at Imperial Research Inst. and Coll., Dehra-Dun, India, 1914, with medals for forest engineering and silviculture; probationer, Indian provincial forest service, 1914; passed exams. in Indian land revenue systems, forest law and accounts, and Hindustani by the higher standard, 1915; permanent extra asst. conservator, 1916; transf'd. to Trinidad as deputy conservator of forests, 24th Jan., 1918.

MOORE, HENRY MONCK-MASON, B.A. Cantab.—B. 1887; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 12th Nov., 1910; attached to col. sec.'s office, 14th Dec., 1910; attached to Colombo Kachcheri, May, 1911; ag. off. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Dec., 1911; addtl. pol. mag., Colombo, Negombo and Avisawela, Aug., 1912; ditto, Colombo, and addtl. mun. mag., Colombo, Nov., 1912; office asst. to govt. agt., Central Prov., Jan., 1913; office asst. to prin. collr. of customs, and extra land survr., July, 1913; 4th asst. col. sec., Feb., 1914; ag. 3rd asst. ditto, Sept., 1914; 4th asst. col. sec., Oct., 1914; on military duty, May, 1916; addtl. asst. col. sec., July, 1919; 3rd asst. col. sec., Dec., 1919; 4th ditto, Jan., 1920; priv. sec. to offr. admstg. govt., Mar.-Sept., 1920, in addn.; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Sept., 1920 to Dec., 1921; col. sec., Bermuda, Jan., 1922; prin. asst. sec., Nigeria, Jan., 1924; ag. dep. ch. sec. and ag. ch. sec. on various occasions, 1924-26; ag. ch. sec. to govt., in 1926 and 1927; dep. ch. sec., 5th Aug., 1927; gov's dep., 5th Sept. to 1st Oct., 1927.

MOORE, HON. SIR NEWTON JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1910), C.M.G. (1908).—B. 1870; mayor of Bunbury, W. Aust., for some years, M.L.A. for Bunbury, 1904; min. of lands and agric., W. Aust., Aug., 1905; premier 7th Aug., 1906; resig. 15th Sept., 1910; major comdg. 18th Austn. Light Horse; agent-gen. for W. Australia, 1911-1918; mem. of comtee. for stlmnt. of ex-service men within the empire, 1917; on mil. ser. as G.O.C., Austn. Imperial Forces in U.K., 1915-17; M.P. (U.), St. George's, Hanover Sq., 1918; M.P. (Co.U.), N. Islington, from 1918.

MOORE, WILFRED HENRY, B.A. (Cantab.)—B. 1902; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1925; attd., Kalutara kach., Jan., 1926; ditto, Kandy kach., July, 1926; office asst., N'Elia kach., Jan., 1927.

MOORE, WM. BROWNLOW ASHLE, L.R.C.P.I., L.R.C.S.I., L.M. (Rot. Dub.), 1912.—House surg. to Meath hosp. and co. Dublin infirmary, Dublin, 1903; asst. M.O.H., sanitary dept., Hong Kong, 1905; med. offr., med. dept., 1905; surgeon-lieut., H.K.V.R., 1915; temp. capt., R.A.M.C., 1917-19; sp. plague offr., Mesopotamian Exped. Force, 1918; med. offr. in charge, civil hosp. and Asylum, H. Kong, 1920; med. offr. in charge, Kowloon and New Territories, 1922; med. offr. in charge, Victoria hosp. for women and children, 1925.

MOORES-WEEDON, W. C.—B. 1880; ed. Dulwich and Trin. Coll., Dublin; cadet, B.N. Borneo, 1905; asst. dist. offr., 1906; offr.-in-charge Tenom-Tawau expdn., 1906; dist. offr., 1908; ag. P.M.G. and supt. of telegraphs, 1917;

ag. offr.-in-charge, West Coast residency, 1917; examr. in Malay, 1917; on special service in Ceylon and F.M.S., 1918; postmr.-gen. and supt. of telegraphs, B.N. Borneo, 1918; ag. res., interior, B.N. Borneo, 1920; ag. food contr., 1920; res., Kudat, 1921; sessions, 1922; ag. res., Sandakan and mem., leg. coun., 1922; res., East Coast, 1923.

MOORHOUSE, LIEUT.-COL. SIR HARRY CLAUDE, KT., BACH. (1925), C.M.G. (1914), D.S.O. (1906); offr., Legion of Honour.—Entd. R.A., 1891; capt., 1899; major, 1902; temp. lieut. col., 1914; served in Uganda, 1898 (medal); W. Africa, 1900 (ment. in desps.); W. Africa, S. Nigeria, 1901-02 (ment. in desps., brevet-major, medal with clasp); W. Africa, N. Nigeria, 1903 (ment. in desps., clasp); S. Nigeria, 1904 (D.S.O.); ret. with rank of major, reserve of offrs., 1908; served in Nigeria, 1914-15 (ment. in desps.); lieut. col., 1915; chf. asst. col. sec., S. Nigeria, 1908; sec., S. Prov., Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1914; lieut. gov., Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1920; ret.

MORE, JOHN RHYM, M. Inst. C.E.—B. 1873; ent. serv. of Cape govt. rlys. (asst. engrn.), 1896; dist. engrn., Mafeking, 1899; res. engrn., Bulawayo, 1903; supt., Port Elizabeth, 1905; divnl. supt., Kimberley, 1910; Port Elizabeth, 1913; asst. dir. rly., S. West Africa, 1915; dir., rlys., 1916; asst. gen. man., Bloemfontein, 1918; Durban, 1921; ag. gen. man., rlys. and harbors, Union of South Africa, 11th Nov., 1927.

MORGAN, PERCY GATES, M.A., F.G.S.—B. 1867; ed. state schls., Tasmania and New Zealand, Dunedin Boys' High Schl., Otago Univ. and Otago Schl. of Mines; lecturer, schl. of mines, Thames, 1896; dir. schl. of mines, Waihi, 1897; general geologist, geological survey, N. Zealand, 1905; dir., geological survey since 1911, and under-sec. for mines, 1916-17.

MORGAN, W., B.A. (1908).—Ed. Merchant Taylors' Schl., London (Exhibn.), and Jesus Coll., Oxford; Pitt Clud exhibn. in classics, 1904-1908; Myerick classical exhibn. at Jesus Coll., 1904-1908; 2nd cls. class. hon. mods., 1906; 3rd cls. Lit. Hum., 1908; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1910; station mag., 11th Sept., 1918.

MORGAN, WILLIAM HERBERT, M.S.E., M.I.S.E.—B. 1883; ed. Hereford County Coll.; asst. engrn., P.W.D., Seremban, F.M.S., 1908; ditto, Jebebu, 1911; ditto, Port Dickson, 1915; ditto, state engrn.'s office, Selangor, 1916; ditto, Ulu Selangor, 1917; ex. engrn., Raub, 1919; ditto, Kuantan, 1920; ditto, Kuala Pilah, 1921; ditto, Klang, 1923; sen. ex. engrn., Klang, Aug., 1923.

MORGAN, W. P.—B. 1871; ag. inspr. audit, Natal, 1900; inspr., 1903; prov. audr., 1911.

MORGAPPAH, NICHOLAS WILFRED, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1899; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1923; attl. to Kegalla kach., Dec., 1923; ditto, Colombo kach., Oct., 1924; ditto, Kalutara kach., Mar., 1925; office asst., Hambantota kach., Jan., 1926; ditto, Matale kach., June, 1926.

MORKILL, ALAN GREENWOOD.—B. 1890; ed. Charterhouse and New Coll., Oxford; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1913; lent to Kelantan govt., Jan., 1914; offr., cls. V, Dec., 1916; seconded for mil. serv., Aug., 1917; 2nd lieut., R.G.A., Jan., 1918 (B.E.F., France); ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Jan., 1920; offr., cls. IV, Nov., 1920; dist. offr., Tampin, Feb., 1923; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1925; ag. dist. offr., Upper Perak, June, 1926.

MORLEY, FRANCIS GEORGE.—B. 1873; served in metropolitan police office, 1888 to 1890; acctat.-gen.'s office, in rev., 1890-92; office of recvr. for metropolitan police district, 1892 to

1901; seconded for service as lieut., I.Y., attached to A.S.C. in S. Africa, Apr., 1901; 1st inspr., and afterwards senr. asst. acctnt., Transvaal repatriation dept., 1902 to 1903; asst. acctnt., land dept., Transvaal, 1903; acctnt., ditto, and mem. of Transvaal land board, July, 1904; ret. on pension (retrenched), June, 1907; acctnt., med. dept., Ceylon, Feb., 1908; acted on two occasions as asst. col. auditor; asst. col. auditor, 1914; ag. asst. auditor for rlys. in addn. to own duties, July, 1916 to Feb., 1917; ag. col. auditor, June, 1917 to July, 1919; ag. col. treas., 14th July to 13th Aug., 1919; asst. col. treas., Jan., 1920; ag. col. auditor, May, 1920 to Mar., 1921; col. auditor, Mar., 1922.

MORRIS, BARON (creat. 1918), RT. HOS. SIR EDWARD PATRICK MORRIS, P.C. (1911), K.C.M.G. (1913), KT. BACH. (1904); K.C., LL.D., M.H.A., Newfld., 1885 to date; ag. atty.-gen., 1890-91-95; deleg. to Ottawa on confederation question, 1894; deleg. to C.O. regeneral matters, 1897; and in 1900 on the Treaty Shore question; leader of independent party of legislature, 1898-1900; atty.-gen. and min. of just., 1903-7; resig. from Bond ministry on labour question, July, 1907; prime min., Mar., 1909; resigned premiership, 1918; mem. of Impl. Confce. on naval and mil. defence, 1909; British counsel, Hague arbitn., 1910; represented Newfoundland at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., and at the Imp. Conf., 1911; editor "Newfld. Law Reports Revision, 1880-1905."

MORRIS, ALFRED, A.C.P., M.R.San.Inst.—B. 1874; ed. St. Paul's, Cheltenham; head mast., Saiyingpun, Hongkong, 1905-1926; normal mast., Queen's Coll., 1914; lecturer, T.I. Teacher's, 1914-19; English tutor, H. K. Univ., 1917-20; master of method, H.K. Univ., 1920-27; dist. supt., St. John Amb. brigade, 1926; head mast., King's Coll., 1927; sec., hosp. comforts comtee, 1927.

MORRIS, SIR DANIEL, K.C.M.G. (1903), C.M.G. (1893), M.A., D.Sc., D.C.L., F.L.S., F.R.H.S., V.M.H., C.M.Z.S.—B. 1844; ed. at Cheltenham and Roy. Schl. of Mines, London; late sen. moderator and 1st gold medallist, Trin. Coll., Dub.; B.A. (1876), M.A. (1880); D.Sc. (1893); asst. dir., Roy. bot. gardens, Ceylon, 1887; on special duty, "coffee leaf disease inquiry," 1878-79; recd. thanks of planters' assoc. of Ceylon, as also special commendation of govt. and honorarium of one year's salary; first dir., bot. gardens and plantations, Jamaica, 1879; on special mission to Trinidad and Grenada to report on cultivation of cacao, 1882; reported on the resources of Br. Honduras, 1882; chmn., Jamaica comtee., Amsterdam exhibn., 1883; reported on resources of St. Helena, 1883; prepared report upon planting enterprise in the W. Indies. presented to parltm., 1884; chmn. bd. of govs. of the Inst. of Jamaica, 1884-86; comsnn. for W. Indies at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, 1885; chmn. of local comsnn. for Col. and Ind. Exhibition, 1886; asst. dir., Roy. Gardens, Kew, 1886-1898; represented govt. of India at Ramie Confces. at Paris, 1888 and 1889; on spec. mission to W. Indies to organise botan. stations in Windward and Leeward Is., 1889-90; visited Bahamas to confer with col. govt. on agric. developments, 1895-6; scientific adviser to W. India Royal comsnn., 1896-7; presented separate report on economic resources of W. Indies; apptd. Impl. comsnn. of agric. in W. Indies, 1898-1908; on retirement services retained as adviser in tropical agric. to

S. of S. for the colonies; mem. of exec. coun. of Leeward Is.; pres. of seven annual agric. confces., in W. India, 1899-1906; on spec. mission to Sea Is., S. Carolina, to study cotton industry, 1903; successfully introduced the cultivation of Sea Is. cotton into W. Indies; visited Canada on offl. missions in 1904, 1906 and 1907; arranged for Canadian bd. of trade delegn. visit to W. Indies, 1907; organised Canadian reciprocity confce., Barbados, 1908; mem. of Roy. comsn. on trade rel. between Canada and W. Indies, 1909-10; editor of *W. Indian Bulletin*, the quarterly scientific journal, vols. I. to IX. (1899-1908), of the *Agricultural News*, vols. I. to VII. (1902-1908), and other publications of the Impl. dept. of agric.; author of numerous works on pure and applied botany, and of papers and official reports relating to distrib. and cultiv. of tropical economic plants; mem. of coun. (formerly treas.) of Roy. Hort. Soc. and of Roy. Col. Inst.; fellow of scientific and other socs. at home and abroad.

MORRIS, EDWARD GILBERT, O.B.E. (1919), B.A. (Oxon).—B. 1884; ed. Bedford Schl., and Hertford Coll., Oxford (exhibnr.); asst. dist. comsnr., Uganda, 1908; dist. comsnr., 1912; lieut., unattached E.A. Forces, 1915; capt., Uganda T.C., 1916; dist. pol. offr., Tanganyika, 1919; resigned, 1920; re-apptd., 2nd grade admin. offr., Uganda, 1924; labour comsnr., 1924; insp., schls., 1925; ag. dir., educn., 1927.

MORRIS, EDWARD HARRY.—B. 1881; ed. at Merchant Taylors' Schl.; scholar, St. Cath. Coll., Camb., 1900; B.A. 1903; apptd. to col. audit branch, E. and A. dept., Mar., 1905; asst. auditor, S. Nigeria, Feb., 1906; auditor, N. Nigeria, Oct., 1910; auditor, Fiji, 6th Nov., 1914; audr., Sierra Leone, 2nd Nov., 1921.

MORRIS, PHILIP HOWARD.—B. 1903; ed. Cardiff High Schl. and at Trinity Coll., Cambridge; entrance scholarship, 1921; senr. scholarship and Bowen Prize, 1923; 1st divn., 1st cls., hist. tripos, parts 1 and 2; apptd. to C.O. after compet. exam., 3rd Nov., 1926.

MORRIS, RICHARD FRANCIS, M.I.C.E.—B. 1874; dist. engr., P.W.D., Ceylon, 1900; irrigtn. engr., Mar., 1903; ag. asst. dir. of irrigtn., 1909, 1910 and 1917; divsnl. irrigtn. engr., 1911; asst. dir. of irrigtn., Jan., 1918; ag. dir. of irrigtn., Mar., 1919 to Jan., 1920; dep. dir., irrign., Oct. 1922; ag. dir., irrign., May, 1923; dir., irrign., Sept., 1923.

MORRISON, HON. AULAY MACAULAY.—B. 1863; LL.B., Dalhousie Univ.; called to the bar, Nova Scotia, 1888, and B. Columbia, 1890; mem. of H. of C., Canada, 1896-1904; puisne judge of sup. ct., B. Columbia, 1905.

MORRISON, CHARLES RHODWAY, I.S.O. (1925).—B. 1873; ed. Wesleyan (Boys) High Schl., Freetown; 2nd clk., dist. ct., Karene, Sierra Leone, 1897; clk., Karene Exped. Forces, 1898 (W.A. med. and clasp); 1st clk., 1902; postal agt., 1902-05; ch. clk., 1908; finan. asst., 1911; passed higher stand., Mende and Temme and lower stand., Susu, 1912; office asst., 1921; offr. in charge, Sumbuya dist., 1921; dep. asst. mast., circuit ct. on several occasions, 1905-10.

MORRISON, W.—M.B., Ch. B. (Edin.), cert. of London S.T.M. (with distinction); cert. in trop. med. (Edin.); apptd. to W.A.M.S., 22nd June, 1910.

MORT, ERIC LAIDLAY, B.A.—Ed. Tonbridge Schl., and University Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 18th Aug., 1914; atthd. Nigeria Regt., 1916, and 1917-18.

MORTEN, F. J.—B. 1888; ed. Lancing Coll. and Exeter Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1911; cadet, S. Sttlmts., civ. serv., Dec., 1912; ag. 4th mag. and asst. dist. judge, Singapore, Mar. 1913; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, Jan., 1914; passed cadet, Jan., 1915; ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, Sept., 1915; attached to colonial secretariat, Jan., 1919; supernry. offr., cls. IV., S. Sttlmts., Dec., 1919; ag. asst. to res., Malacca, and agent to food contrlr., in addition, Jan., 1920; asst. treas. and collr. of stamps, Malacca, in addn., June, 1921.

MOSELEY, FRANCIS ARNOLD.—B. 1883; ed. at Brasenose Coll., Oxon.; B.A. 1904; called to the bar, Middle Tem., May, 1905; judge's associate and clk. of arraigns, W. Aust., Oct., 1905; war serv., Australia, 1915-16; France, 1916-19; Ireland, 1920-22; M.C., 1919; asst. registr., titles, Tanganyika Territory, 1922; ag. registr., titles, Oct., 1922 to Feb., 1923 Oct., 1923 to Mar., 1924 and from June, 1925; ag. admsr.-gen., May to Oct., 1923; crown coun., 1926.

MOSELEY, GEORGE BENSON.—Sub-inspr., Bechuanaland Prot. pol., 1907; passed lower civ. serv. law. exam., 1910; asst. res. mag. with local rank of inspr., 1913; ag. res. mag., 1919; res. mag., 1921; passed 2nd grade Secwana exam., 1923.

MOSELEY, HENRY DOYLE.—B. 1884; junior clk., sup. ct., W. Aust., Oct., 1900; judges' assoc. and clk. of arraigns, Aug., 1903.

MOSSOP, ALLAN GEORGE.—B. 1887; M.A., LL.B., Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1908; ag. crown advocate, Weihaiwei, Apr., 1915 to Apr., 1916; crown advocate, 24th Apr., 1916; ag. crown advocate to H.M.'s supreme ct. for China, Dec., 1916 to Apr., 1918, July to Oct., 1918 and from May, 1921 to Nov., 1922; custodian of enemy property in China, Oct., 1918 to Aug., 1920; H.M.'s crown advoc. in China, 27th Oct., 1925.

MOTHERWELL, HON. WILLIAM RICHARD.—B. 1860; ed. Perth Coll. Inst. and Guelph Agric. Coll.; el. to legis. assem., Sask., for N. Qu'Appelle, 1905; comsnr. of agr. and prov. sec. in first Sask. miny.; defeated at g.e., 1908; re-el. for Humboldt at bye-el., 7th Dec., 1908; el. to H.C., g.e., 1921; min. of agr. in King admsn., 29th Dec., 1921.

MOUAT, ALEXANDER NAISMITH.—B. 1863; ed. at Royal High Schl., Edinburgh; passed matric. exam., Edinburgh Chartered Accountants Assoc., 1881; went to Western Canada, 1882; served with 90th Regt., Canadian North-West Rebellion, 1885; entered service of Hudson's Bay Co., Winnipeg, as clk., 1886; acctnt., 1891; asst. man., Winnipeg, 1896; organised Hudson's Bay Co.'s Yukon trade, 1897-8; chief inspecting offr., 1898; comptroller, 1904; city auditor, Edmonton, Alberta, 1913; city comptroller, Edmonton, 1915; J.P., Prov. of Alberta, 1906 to 1917; comptroller-gen., Province of B. Columbia, 1917; mem. Inst. of Chartered Acctnts. Manitoba; ditto, Alberta; mem. Dominion Assocn. of Chartered Acctnts.

MOUBRAY, GEORGE ALEXANDER DE CHAZAL DE.—B. 1888; ed. Loretto Schl., Manchester Univ. (civ. engrng.), Zurich Polytechnikum and Univ. (pure science); cadet, F.M.S., 1912; attd. to lab. dept., Apr., 1915; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Tapah, Nov., 1915; ag. asst. contr. of lab., Penang, Nov., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Tampin, Nov., 1919; ag. priv. sec. to ch. sec. Aug., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Larut, 2nd asst. dist. offr., 1st asst. dist. offr., and dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Oct., 1921; ag. collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur and regis. of titles, Selangor, May, 1923;

town planning admstr. in addn., July, 1923; offr., cls. III, Dec., 1924; ag. dist. offr., Tampin, June, 1926; ag. comsnnr., lands, Trengganu, Oct., 1926.

MOULDER, EDWIN RICHARD DENTS.—B. 1873; ed. at Queen's Coll., B. Guiana and Merton Coll., Oxford; Guiana scholar, 1891; 3rd cls. hist., 1895; B.A., 1896; M.A., 1908; Oxford diploma course in education, 1912; asst. mast., Lodge schll., Barbados, 1899-1901; asst. mast., Queen's Coll., B. Guiana, 1901-1914; examnr. to educn. dept., 1902-1914; ag. dir. of primary educn., May to Nov., 1914, and from July to Nov., 1918; inspr. of schls., Apr., 1914; ag. 2nd master, Queen's Coll., Oct. to Dec., 1916; ag. censor in addition to other duties, Aug. to Nov., 1917; prin., Queen's Coll., Feb., 1920.

MOULDER, HUGH ARTHUR WILLIAM.—B. 1879; ent. Fiji civ. serv., 1910; acctnt. and clk., Gilbert and Ellice Is., Dec. 1915; ag. treas., 30th July to 19th Sept., 1916 and from 25th Jan. to 28th July, 1919; seconded for serv. in Fiji, 22nd Apr., 1921; ag. asst. audr., 5th May, 1921; ag. audr., 22nd Aug., 1921 to 2nd Apr., 1922; resumed duties of substantive appt., 7th Jan., 1923; ag. treas., 30th Apr., 1924; ag. res. comsnnr., 14th Sept. to 8th Oct., 1925; confirmed as treas. and collr., cust., 1925.

MOULTON, JOHN CONEY, O.B.E. (Mil.) (1919), T.D. (1919).—B. 1886; ed. Eton and Magdalene Coll., Oxford, M.A., D.Sc. (Oxon.); 2nd lieut., 1st Wilts Vol. Rifles, 1905; lieut., 1907; curator, Sarawak Museum, Sarawak civ. serv., 1909-15; capt., 4th Wilts Regt., T.F., 1916; temp. major, 1918; serv. in India, 1915-16; S. Sttlmts., comd., gen. staff, 1916-19; ag. staff offr., local forces, S.S. and F.M.S., 1916-19; G.S.O. two (temp.), 1917-19; rank of major on retirement, 1920; dir., Raffles mus. and lib., Singapore, S.S. civ. serv., 1919-23; organising sec., Malaya-Borneo exhib., Singapore, 1921-22; chmn., comtee., Malaya pav., Wembley exhib., 1922-23; ch. sec., Sarawak, Sar. civ. serv., Oct., 1923; mem., sup. coun. and judge, sup. ct., Sarawak, 1923; pres., comtee. of admin., Sarawak, 1924.

MOWAT, HON. HERBERT MACDONALD.—B. 1863; ed. Queen's Univ. (LL.B.); barrister; Q.C., 1899; formerly an offr. of 14th Regt., Kingston, and Queen's Own Rifles, Toronto; brig. major, Camp Borden, 1916; el. to H.C., g.e., 1917; judge, sup. ct., Ont., 1921.

MUDIE, NORMAN DAVID.—Cadet, S. Sttlmts., Dec., 1907; sent to China to study Hokkien, June, 1908; ag. second asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Oct., 1910; passed cadet, Jan., 1911; offr., cls. V, June, 1911; ag. dep. regisr., sup. ct., and asst. off. assignee, Penang, July, 1911; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, Apr., 1915; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, and asst. supt. govt. monopolies, Malacca, Aug., 1917; dep. regisr., sup. ct., Malacca in addition, Aug., 1917; off. assignee of debtors' estates for Malacca, Oct.-Dec., 1917; offr., cls. IV, Jan., 1918; supernmry. offr., cls. III, Nov., 1919; ag. supt., govt. monopolies, Singapore, Jan., 1921; stamp and probate offr., Singapore, 28th Apr., 1922.

MUELLER, ERNST HEINRICH WILHELM, B.A.—Clk., control and audit office, Cape Town, 1903; sec., native lab. congress, Cape, Sept., 1909; Br. consul and agt. for Cape (and subsequently Union) govt., Luderitzbucht, German S.W. Africa, Nov., 1909; sec., prov. admtn. comsn., 1916; ch. clk., native affairs dept., Umata, Jan., 1917; under sec. for lab., Oct., 1925; S.A. and Gt. Warserv.; lieut.-col. in R. of O.

MUIR-MACKENZIE, CAPT. K. J.—Ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; called to bar, 1907; practised until 1914; served European war, 1914-19; crown counsel, Kenya Coll., 1919; ag. solr. gen., mem., leg. coun. and atty. gen., Fiji, 1922; mem., exec. coun., ag. ch. just. and ch. judl. comsnnr., W. Pacific, 1922; acctnt., Colombo Port comsn., Feb., 1923; puisne judge, Tanganyika Territory, 1927.

MULHALL, JOHN ARCHIBALD.—B. 1899; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1921; attd. Kalatara Kach., Jan., 1922; ditto, Puttalam kach., Nov., 1922; extra office asst., Badulla kach., Oct., 1923; office asst., ditto, Jan., 1924; offia asst., Galle kach., June, 1925; ditto, Anuradha pura kach., May, 1927.

MÜLLER, SAMUEL ERNEST DUNCAN.—B. 1876; cls. V, Ceylon civ. serv., Jan., 1921; addnl. asst. acct. gen. treas., Jan., 1921; acct., Colombo port comsn., Feb., 1923; ditto, P.W.D., Oct., 1925.

MULLIN, JOHN.—B. 1878; ed. England and Wales; assayer, surveyor and mining engr.; assoc. mem. of institn. of mining and metallurgy, England; served with L. & N.W. Rly. Co., Nippissing Mining Co., Canada, B. Guiana Gold Concessions Co., and Mara Mara Gold Mining Co., B. Guiana; cert. sworn land surv., B. Guiana, 1906; 3rd cls. offr. and survr., B. Guiana, 1908; wardens of mining dist. and J.P., 1910; 1st cls. clk., dept. of lands and mines, 1911; ag. chief clk., 1911-12, 1913-14; 1st lieut., B. Guiana local forces, 1915; seconded to govt. secretariat as conf. clk., 1916.

MULOCK, RT. HON. SIR WILLIAM, P.C. (1925), K.C.M.G. (1902), K.C., LL.D., M.A.—B. 1843; graduated at Toronto Univ., 1863; gold medal in modern languages; called to the Ontario bar, 1868; vice-chanc. of Toronto Univ. in 1881; sat in parlt. 1882 to 1905, representing N. York; postmr.-gen. in Sir W. Laurier's govt., June, 1896; ch. just., exchequer div., high ct. of just., Ontario, 1905; ch. just., Ontario, 1923.

MULVEY, THOMAS, K.C., B.A. (Toronto).—B. 1863; fellow in physics, Univ. of Toronto, 1884-5-6; bar.-at-law, Osageo Hall, 1889; asst. prov. sec., Ontario, 1903; under-sec. of state and dep. regisr. genl. of Canada, 1909; chmn., enemy debts comtee., 1918; dep. custodian of enemy property, 1920; also held office of King's printer and contrlr. of stationery, 1st June, 1920 to 15th June, 1921.

MUMFORD, WILLIAM BRYANT, B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1900; ed. Manchester Gram. Schl. and St. John's Coll., Cambridge; maths. tripos, 1920; midshipman, R.N., 1918-19; diploma of educn., London, 1923; B. of E. teachers certifi., 1923; asst. mast., educn. dept., Tanganyika Territory, 1923.

MUNRO, CHRISTOPHER RALPH ELLERINGTON, M.A. (St. Andrews).—B. 1889; ed. High Schl., Glasgow and St. Andrew's Univ.; junr. asst. treas., Nigeria, 12th Nov., 1913; treas. asst., 2nd grade, 1st Jan., 1919; regred as asst. treas., 1st Jan., 1920; ag. senr. asst. treas., 10th Jan., 1921.

MUNRO, THOMAS AMBROSE VESPER.—B. 1883; harbmr., Bahamas, 1st Sept., 1913; ag. marshal. admy. side, sup. ct., 1919.

MURISON, SIR JAMES WILLIAM, KT. BACH. (1919), B.A., LL.B., K.C.—B. 1872; ed. privately and at Trin. Hall, Camb.; senr. classical scholar, 1891; 1st div., 2nd cls. class. tripos, 1894; 3rd cls. law tripos, Part II., 1895; Latham

English prize, 1895; B.A., LL.B., 1895; called to the Bar, Middle Temple, Apr., 1896; devilled and practised at the Chancery Bar, 1896-1902; registr., E.A.P., 9th Oct., 1902; town mag., Mombasa, Jan., 1904; 2nd asst. judge, H.B.M. court for Zanzibar, Apr., 1904; sen. asst. judge, Mar., 1905; chief judge, Zanzibar, 20th Sept., 1914; mem. of court of appeal for Eastern Africa, 1905-1910, and from 1914 upon transfer of Zanzibar to C.O.; judge of sup. ct. of H.H. Sultan of Zanzibar from 1908; arbitrator in dispute between Zanzibar and E.A.P. govts., as to H.H. mainland properties, 1911; reed. thanks of S. of S. for conversion of Applied Indian Acts into Zanzibar Decrees, 1917; judge of the Prize Court, Zanzibar, from 1914; passed govt. exam. in Hindustani, 1903, and in Swahili, 1904; examiner in Swahili to the Zanzibar Govt.; attorney-gen., S. Stilmnts., 1919; ag. col. sec., June, 1920 to May, 1921; ch. just., S. Stilmnts., 10th July, 1925; author of "Swahili Translations," 1911.

MURPHY, HON. CHARLES, B.A., M.P.—B. at Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1863; son of James Murphy, of Biri, King's co., Ireland, and Mary Conway, of Limerick, Ireland; ed. at the Christian Brothers' schll., Ottawa, the Ottawa Collegiate Inst., and Ottawa Univ. (B.A.); barr.-at-law; sworn of the King's privy coun. for Canada on the 6th Oct., 1908, and apptd. S. of S. in the cabinet of the Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier on the 10th Oct. in the same year; elec. a mem. of the H. of C. of Canada at the general elec. of 1908 for the county of Russell, in the prov. of Ontario; re-elec., 1911, 1917 and 1921; resigned portfolio on defeat of Laurier govt., Oct., 1911; P.M.G. in King admstrn., 29th Dec., 1921; senator, 5th Sept., 1925.

MURPHY, HON. DENIS, B.A.—B. 1870; ed. Ottawa Univ.; B.A. 1892; called to the bar, 1896; elec. to provincial legis. British Columbia, 1900; judge of sup. ct., B. Columbia, 1909.

MURPHY, MATTHEW ALEXANDER, M.I.C.E., M.S.E., M.R.S.I.—Ed. Harrison Coll., Barbados, and Glasgow and W. of Scotland Tech. Coll.; pupil, Messrs. Kyle, Dennison and Frew, C.E., Glasgow, 1891; junior asst. engrn. (with contractors), Lanarkshire and Dumbartonshire rlwy., 1894; asst. engrn. for new works, Trinidad govt. rlwys., 1896; asst. maintenance engrn., 1898; ag. ditto, Nov., 1900, to Apr., 1901, Feb., 1904, to June, 1904; seconded for ser. on road scheme, P.W.D., Arima dist., Jan., 1903, to Feb., 1904; col. engrn., St. Lucia, 1905; provisional M.L.C., Aug., 1905; comsnn. of crown lands and charge of govt. telephones, Oct., 1905; confirmed M.L.C., Feb., 1907; on special service in Grenada for reconstruction of Gouyave jetty, June, 1907; ag. mem. of exec. coun. for various periods during 1908-10; confirmed, Mar., 1912; local priority authority (Min. of Munitions) during the war; ag. dir. of pub. wks., B. Honduras, 1919; D.P.W., 1921; M.L.C., B. Honduras; govt. dir., Belize Electric Light and Power Co.; mem., cent. bd. of health; D.P.W., Trinidad, 1924.

MURPHY, WILLIAM HENRY WYNDHAM.—B. 1874; ed. Brighton Coll., St. Edmunds, Ware, Army tutors, Versailles; served S. African War, 1899-1902; commanded M. I. Coy., 1st Leinster Regt., Queen's and King's S. A. Medals, 8 clasps, ment. in desps.; transfd., S. A. constab.; asst. dist. comdt. and asst. res. msg., 1903; transfd., Bech. Prot. pol., 1908; res. J.P.; Reg. Army R. of O.; served European War, France, Flanders and Rhine Army of Occupation; lieut.-col., com-

manded a batt., 1916-19; ag. brigadier, 1916; D.S.O., 1917; ment. in desps.; transfd., Tanganyika Territory as dist. supt. pol., 1920; transfd. Zanzibar, commdt. of pol. and gov. of prisons, 1924.

MURPHY, WILLIAM LINDSAY.—B.A., Trin. Coll., Dublin; B. 1887; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 12th Nov., 1910; attached to the Kandy Kachcheri, 14th Dec., 1910; addtl. pol. mag., Colombo, Aug., 1911; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, 31st Jan., 1912; office asst. to govt., Prov. of Uva, May, 1913; asst. land settmt. offr., July, 1913; ag. asst. govt. agt., Kandy, Feb., 1915; addtl. pol. mag. and addtl. mun. mag., Colombo, Apr., 1915; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Oct. 1915; ditto, Hambantota, Nov., 1917; ditto, Matara, Oct., 1920; addnl. dist. judge, Galle, Jan., 1921; ag. asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, May, 1921; asst. govt. agt., Kandy, Sept., 1922; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Apr., 1923; temp. employed, C.O., 1926; addnl. asst. col. sec., Jan., 1927; 2nd asst. col. sec. and clk., leg. coun., Feb., 1927.

MURRAY, BEVERLEY THOMAS.—B. 1874; entd. civ. serv., Trinidad, 11th Oct., 1892; statistical clk. and lib. col. secretariat, 1st Apr., 1907; junr. inspr., immigts, 19th July, 1915; warden, St. Andrew, 1921; warden, County of Victoria, 1st Nov., 1925.

MURRAY, HON. SIR GEORGE JOHN ROBERT, K.C.M.G. (1917), B.A., LL.M.—B. 1863; judge of sup. ct., S. Australia, 1912; chief just. and lieut.-gov., 14th Apr., 1916.

MURRAY, HENRY ARTHUR, M.B., Ch.B.—B. 1892; med. offr., Basutoland, 1925; war serv., 1915.

MURRAY, SIR J. H. P., K.C.M.G. (1926), O.M.G. (1914).—M.A., Oxon.; ed. at Sydney gram. schll. and won Knox prize, Fairfax prize, senr. univ. prize, and John West medal; went to Brighton Coll., Germany, and Univ. Coll., London; entd. Oxford Univ. and gained foundation scholarship to Magdalen Coll., 1880; 1st cls. class. mods., 1882; 1st cls. Lit. Hum., 1884; M.A., 1885; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1886; practised as a barrister in Australia until apptd. crown prosecutor, N.S. Wales; acted as dist. ct. judge on several occasions; commanded N.S.W. Irish Rifles, 1898; served in S. African war, 1900-1901; reed. comsn. of major in Impl. army in recognition of his services, 1902; chief judicial offr. and mem. of exec. and legis. couns., Papua, Sept., 1904; ag. administr., 8th Apr., 1907; and lieut.-gov., in addition to duties of judge, 1908.

MURRAY, JOHN PEARLS, C.B.E. (1925).—Served in Bechuanaland mtd. police, 1885-87; acctg. clk., Basutoland, 1894; sub-inspr., Basutoland mtd. police, 1895; inspr., 1902; finan. sec., 1904; asst. comsnn., 1913; govt. sec., 1918; dep. res. comsnn., 1920; ag. res. comsnn., June to Dec., 1923 and June to Oct., 1924.

MURRAY, ROBERT HOWSON.—Admstrn. offr., 1st grade, Nyasaland, 28th Feb., 1923; ag. prov. comsnn., July, 1925 to July, 1926.

MURRAY, STEPHEN SAMUEL.—B. 1887; ed. Dulwich Coll.; clk., Nyasaland Prot., Jan., 1912; ag. ch. transport offr., Jan. to Feb., 1913, and May, 1918 to Apr., 1919; ag. paymr., 1st K.A.R., June, 1913 to Apr., 1914, and Jan. to Mar., 1915; cashier in treasury, Apr. to July, 1914; ag. lands offr. and dir. of mines, May to Dec., 1919; ch. clk., secretariat, and clk. to couns., Apr., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. sec., Nov., 1920 to Mar., 1921 and from June to Dec., 1921; supt. of census, 1921;

ag. 1st asst. sec., Nov. to Dec., 1922; editor, Govt. Gazette, Jan., 1923; 2nd asst. sec. and clk. of couns., 26th July, 1923; sec., govt. tender bd., Sept., 1923; ag. asst. ch. sec., Mar. to Nov., 1925 and from May to Nov., 1926; supt., census, 1926; senr. asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1926; ag. asst. ch. sec., May to Nov., 1926; author of "Hand-book of Nyasaland" (1922).

MURRAY, WILLIAM ANSLEY, B.A., M.B., Ch.B. (Edinburgh), D.P.H. (Cape Town).—B. 1874; att'd. to Dutch Reformed Ch. Mission in Brit. Cent. Africa Prot., 1901-12; co-operated with sleeping sickness comen. of the Royal Socy., 1911-12; capt., S. African med. corps, and was associated with Major Park-Ross in conducting the Sleeping Sickness Investigation Bureau, 1916-18; govt. pathologist, Durban, 1919; asst. health offr., Union of S. Africa, 1923; mem., statistical coun., Union of S. Africa.

MURRAY, WALTER PHAES.—Surv., 1890; asst. registry survr., deeds office, Cape Town, Nov., 1893; reg. survr., deeds office, May, 1903; reg. survr. and examr. of diagrams, Dec., 1906; professional asst., survr.-gen.'s office, Cape Town, Apr., 1912; survr.-gen., O.F.S. Prov., 4th Aug., 1916; survr.-gen. Transvaal, 10th Sept., 1922.

MURTLAND, CHARLES CAMPBELL.—B. 1884; ed. Harrogate, York and Dublin; sub-inspr. of police, B. Guiana, 1908; dist. inspr., 1912; ag. county inspr., 1910-1911, 1914-1916; capt., B. Guiana militia, 1915.

MYNOTT, ARTHUR ROBERT, A.R.S.M.—B. 1882; ed. St. Olave's Gram. Schl. and R. Schl. Mines, London; inspr., mines, Selangor, 1906; ag. asst. warden, mines, Pahang, 1910; ag. asst. warden, mines, Negri Sembilan, 1911; asst. warden, mines, Selangor, 1919; ag. warden, mines, Selangor, 1920; ag. sen. warden, mines, F.M.S., 1920, 1921 and 1924; warden, mines, Perak, 1922.

NAISH, RICHARD BRYANT.—B. 1891; B.A. (Oxon.); cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1914; attached to Galle Kach., Dec., 1914; addtl. pol. mag., Galle, in addition to his own duties, Apr., 1915; ag. pol. mag., Avissawella, Aug., 1916; extra office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Oct., 1916; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Dec., 1916; pol. mag., Gampola, Dec., 1918; asst. contr. of estate supplies, May, 1919; office asst. to govt. agt., C. Prov., Feb., 1920; ag. asst., govt. agt., Colombo, June, 1920; ditto Trincomalee, Aug., 1920; addnl. pol. mag., Colombo, Negombo and Avissawella, Sept., 1920; asst. finan. asst. to chmn. mun. coun., Colombo, Jan., 1921; pol. mag., Pt. Pedro, Nov., 1921; ag. dist. judge, Tangalle, May, 1922; asst. govt. agt., Batticaloa, Mar., 1923; ditto, Karunegala, Sept., 1925.

NALDER, CHARLES EDWARD.—B. 1869; ed. pub. schls. and Nelson Coll., N.Z.; entered New Zealand land transfer dept., 1886; filled various positions in stamps and lands and deeds dept. until apptd. registrar-gen. of land, 1921; asst. sec. for lands and deeds, 1923; comsnnr. stamp duties, registrar. of companies and incorporated societies, with office also as registrar-gen., land, dist. land registrar. and registrar. of deeds, 1925.

NANKIVELL, HOWARD.—B. 1893; ed. Christ's Hosp.; clk., col. secretariat, Jamaica, 1911; asst., 1912; 2nd cls. air mech., R.F.C., 1916; 2nd lieut., R.F.C., 1916; lieut., tech. R.A.F., 1917-1920; 2nd cls. clk., col. secretariat, Jamaica, 1917; 1st ditto, 1920; sec., salaries regrading comen., 1922; sec., disturbances comen., 1922; sec. advisory

finan. comtee., 1924; sec., civ. serv. comtee., 1925; prin. clk., secretariat, 1925; sec., prelim. W. I. confce., 1926; ag. asst. prin., C.O., 1926.

NANTELL, HON. WILFRID BRUNO, K.C., LL.D.—B. 1857; ed. at the Seminary of State, Therese de Blainville, Quebec; LL.D. of Laval Univ., Montreal; called to the bar, 1879; unsuccessful cand. for H. of C., Canada, at g.e., 1904; elec. to H. of C., 1908; re-elec., 1911; sworn of the Privy Council for Canada and min. of in. rev. in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; apptd. mem. of rly. comsn., 1914; now dep. ch. comsnnr.

NAPIER, SIR WALTER JOHN, KT. BACH. (1909). D.C.L. (Oxon).—Barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn; atty.-gen., S. Stlmnts., 1907-1909; mem., W. African lands comtee., 1912.

NASH, GEORGE HUTCHESON, M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1889; ed. Queen's Coll., Oxford; cadet, F.M.S., 16th Nov., 1912; ag. asst. inspr. of schls., Perak, 12th Mar., 1914; passed cadet, 23rd June, 1914; ag. dist. offr., Jebebu, 30th Mar., 1915; offr., cls. V, 20th Dec., 1915; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, 22nd Feb., 1918; supernm. offr., cls. IV, 16th Nov., 1919; ag. 1st mag., Johore Bahru, and registrar, sup. ct., Johore, Dec., 1920; ag. inspr., prisons, Johore, in addition, Oct., 1922; ag. mag., Johore Bahru, May, 1924; ag. sec., res., Pahang, July, 1925; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Apr., 1926.

NASH, HERBERT FREDERICK WILLIAM.—B. 1901; entered C.O., 26th Nov., 1917; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk. and assigned to C.O., 29th Dec., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

NATHAN, LT.-COL. SIR MATTHEW, G.C.M.G. (1908). K.C.M.G. (1902). C.M.G. (1899).—B. 1862; entd. R.E., 1880; capt., 1889; maj., 1896; lt.-col., 1907; served in Nile expedn., 1885; Lusabi expedn. (medal with clasp), 1889; sec. col. def. comtee., 1895; admnstrd. govt. of S. Leone in 1899; gov., Gold Coast, Oct., 1900; gov., Hong Kong, 21st Sept., 1903; gov., Natal, 1st May, 1907; sec. to G.P.O., London, 1910; chrmn. of bd. of inland revenue, 1911; under sec. to lord-lieut. of Ireland, 1914; permanent sec. to ministry of pensions, 1916; gov., Queensland, 1920-25.

NATTLE, HAROLD RUNDLE FITZ.—B. 1875; med. offr., Basutoland, 1904.

NATTRISS, ERNEST ALFRED.—B. 1882; ent. C.A. shipping agents, 1898; apptd. to C.A. office, 1912; dep. head, shipping dept., 1922.

NAVARATNAM, SARAVANAMUTTU SAMUEL.—B. 1894; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1921; att'd., Matara Kach., Dec., 1921; ditto, Ratnapura Kach., May, 1922; extra office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Sept., 1923; pol. mag., Matale, May, 1924; ditto, Chilaw, Feb., 1926; asst. comsnnr., excise, Aug., 1927.

NAYLOR, HENRY WILLIAM LETTIS, O.B.E. (1920).—B. 1873; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury, and R.N. Coll., Greenwich; Admiralty presentation sword, 1893; R.M.L.I.; entd. crown agents' office, 1898; asst. head of gen. stores dept., 1903; asst. head of shipping dept., 1912; head of insurance and checking dept., 1917; on loan to War Office and Miny. of Munitions, 1914-19; asst. dir. of raw materials, 1918; asst. contr. of salvage, 1918; head of shipping dept., 1st Jan., 1922; Chevalier de l'Ordre de la Couronne (Belgium); head of pay dept., 1924; head of appts. dept., 1927.

NEALE, HAROLD BERNARD.—Second clk. to asst. comsnnr., Southern div., Bech. Prot., June, 1909; 2nd clk. to asst. comsnnr., Northern Prot.; passed Cape civ. ser. lower law exam., 1911;

J.P., 1912; ag. asst. res. mag., 1913; sub-inspr., Bech. Prot. pol., 1914; ag. res. mag., 1914; granted local rank of capt.; res. mag., 1921; passed 3rd grade Secwana exam., 1921.

NEILL, J. H.—Med. offr., E. Africa Prot., Mar., 1919; ditto, Uganda, July, 1920.

NEILL, JAMES SCOTT, B.A., Barrister-at-Law.—B. 1889; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; clas. schol., 1911; 1st sen. mod. hist. and pol. sci., 1912; Victoria prizeman, Kings Inns, Dublin; cadet, Fiji, 1914; clk., leg. and exec. coun., Oct., 1915; dist. comsnr., 1916; regr. sup. ct., and off. recr., 1922; ag. atty. gen. and mem., exec. and leg. coun., July, 1922 to July, 1923; ag. prin. asst. col. sec. and agt. gen., immigr., Jan., 1924 and Sept., 1924; mem., btl. exams. Fijian language and ag. editor, Indian newspaper "Radjut"; seconded sp. duty under Tongan gov. and apptd. mem., privy coun. of Tonga, Aug.-Sept., 1924; comsnr. of assize, circuit ct., June, 1925; ct. of review. income tax, Nov., 1925; Br. agt. and cons.-gen., Tonga, 10th Jan., 1927; is also a dep. comsnr. for W. Pacific and a judl. comsnr. for matrimonial causes.

NELSON, BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. WILLIAM CHARLES SADLER, M.A., D.D. of London; 1909; ed. Univ. of Melbourne; B.A. (Trin. Coll.) 1894; M.A. 1896; Univ. of London, 1903; B.D., London, 1909; deacon, 1891; priest, 1892, Melbourne; C.F., 1896; formerly curate of Pyramid Hill, 1891-1892; St. Paul's, Bendigo, 1892-99; incumbent of Holy Trinity, East Melbourne, 1899-1904; lecturer, St. John's Coll., Melbourne, 1907-1910; canon of Melbourne Cathedral, 1901; examining chaplain to Bishops of Bendigo and Gippsland, 1902; vicar of Christchurch, St. Kilda, Melbourne, 1904; lecturer, Ridley College, Melbourne, 1910; consecrated Bishop of Nelson, N.Z., 21st July, 1912.

NETHERSOLE, JOHN MAPLETOFT.—B. 1863; clk. to admstr. gen. and trustee in bankruptcy, Jamaica, 1880; 1st cls. clk., 1893; admstr. gen. and trustee in bankruptcy, Jamaica, 1899; custodian of enemy property, 1915; contr., local clearing office, 1920; mem., income tax assmnt. comtee., 1920; chmn., income tax assmnt. comtee., 1922.

NETTELTON, GERALD ENRAGHT.—Clk., res. comsnr.'s office, 1914; sub-inspr., Bechuanaland Prot. pol., 1917; sp. J.P., 1917; ag. asst. res. mag., 1920; passed 1st grade Secwana exam., 1920; passed civ. serv. lower law exam., 1922; ag. res. mag., 1923; res. mag. and hon. inspr. Bech. Prot. pol., Apr., 1924.

NETTLETON, SIR SYDNEY CHARLES KING FARLOW, KT. BACH. (1924).—Ed. Harrow and Trin. Coll., Oxford; B.A. class hon., 1887; M.A., 1889; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1889; went S.E. circuit and Sussex sessions; puisne judge, high ct., Uganda, 1912; ag. chief just., 1913; judge of ct. of appeal for E. Africa, 1912-14; puisne judge, sup. ct., Gold Coast, Feb., 1915; ag. chief just., S. Leone, May to Aug., 1919, and of G. Coast, June-Oct., 1921; senior puisne judge, G. Coast, Mar., 1920; ch. just., Bahamas, 30th Nov., 1922; pres., reformatory and indus. schls. comsn., 1923; ch. just., Cyprus, Dec., 1924; ch. just., Gibraltar, 1927; author of "Some Gold Coast Judgments, 1915-17"; "The Masai Case, 1913"; "The Law Affecting a Company Prospectus"; parly. candidate, Sheffield (Attercliffe), 1909-10; South Hackney, 1910.

NEWBOLT, CAPT. A. F.—B. 1893; ed. Winchester and New Coll., Oxford; B.A.; on active serv., Oxfordshire Light Infy., Aug., 1914 to

May, 1919; served in Flanders, wounded, Apr., 1915; capt., 1915; adjt., 1918-19; asst. priv. sec. (appts.) to S. of S., Lord Milner, May, 1919; Mr. Winston Churchill, Feb., 1921; Duke of Devonshire, Oct., 1922; Mr. J. H. Thomas, Jan., 1924; Mr. L. C. M. S. Amery, Nov., 1924.

NEWBOULT, ALEXANDER THEODORE, M.C.—B. 1896; ed. Oakham, Kingwood, and Exeter Coll., Oxford; European War, R. Naval Divn., "Hawke Bn." and O.C.L.I., served in Gallipoli and France, 1914-19; cadet, M.C.S., Nov., 1920; asst. sec. to res., July, 1921; 2nd lieut., M.V.I., Aug., 1921; capt., May, 1923; asst. dist. offr., Larut, Feb., 1924; ditto, Bruas, May, 1924; dist. offr., Jelebu, Nov., 1925; offr., cls. IV, Aug., 1927.

NEWCOMBE, EDMUND LESLIE.—C.M.G. (1909).—Grad. in arts of Univ. of Dalhousie Coll.; LL.B., Univ. of Halifax; called to the bar Nova Scotia, Jan., 1883; Ontario, Dec., 1893; Q.C., Nov., 1893; reprsntve. of gov. of Canada to confer with H.M.'s gov. on Canadian copyright, 1894; comsnr. for revision of statutes of Canada, 1902-06; dep. min. of just. of Canada, Mar., 1893; has represented the Dominion on various constitutional questions before the privy coun.; judge, sup. ct., Canada, 1924.

NEWDEGATE, SIR FRANCIS ALEXANDER NEWDIGATE, G.C.M.G. (1925), K.C.M.G. (1917), J.P., D.L.—B. 1862; ed. Eton and R.M.C., Sandhurst; in Coldstream Guards, 1883-85; gov. of Rugby sch.; alderman of the Warwickshire county coun.; M.P. for Nuneston division of Warwickshire, 1892-1906; M.P. for Tamworth division of Warwickshire, 1909; gov., Tasmania, 30th Mar., 1917; gov., W. Australia, 1920; ret., 1924.

NEWITT, CAPT. A. N.—European pilot, E. Africa Prot., May, 1918.

NEWLANDS, HARRY SCOTT.—B. 1884; ed. Edin. Acad. and Edin. Univ.; writer to the signet; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 27th July, 1910; dist. comsnr., 18th May, 1914; attached to Togoland field force, 8th Aug. to 30th Sept., 1914; ag. senr. asst. col. sec., 3rd May to 1st July, 1915; priv. sec. to ag. gov., 6th May to 18th Nov., 1915; and from 3rd Mar. to 25th Apr., 1917; priv. sec. to gov., 26th Apr., 1917; sec. to offr. comdg., Br. Forces, Togoland, Apr., 1918 to June, 1919; seconded on sp. duty to Nigeria, July to Nov., 1920.

NEWLANDS, HON. SIR JOHN, K.C.M.G., C.B.E.—Mem., H. of A., S. Australia, 1906-12; chmn. of comtees., 1911-12 and 1923-26; el. to senate of C'wealth of Australia for S. Australia, 1913, 1914, 1919, 1925; mem., standing comtee. on pub. wks. from 1917; pres., senate, 1st July, 1926.

NEWLANDS, HON. HENRY WILLIAM, K.C.—B. 1862; ed. pub. schls., Nova Scotia; called to the bar, 1883; inspr. of land titles offices, N.W.T., 1897 to 1902; legal adviser of Yukon coun., 1902 to 1904; K.C., 1903; judge of sup. ct., N.W.T., Jan., 1904; judge of sup. ct., Sask., 1907; lieut.-gov., Sask., 17th Feb., 1921.

NEWMAN, WILLIAM AUGUSTIN, M.B.E.—B. 1873; ed. Sidney High Schl.; ent. New South Wales pub. serv., 1891; served with Australian forces, S. African war (Queen's med., 5 clasps); on staff of first prime min. of C'wealth of Aust., Jan., 1901; senr. clk., dept. external affrs., 1902; ch. clk., C'wealth electoral admsn., 1903; C'wealth electoral offr. for Victoria, 1906; ch. clk., home affrs., 1909; off. sec. to gov. gen., C. of A., and sec. to fedrl. exec. coun., 1913; sec.,

royal comsn. on navy and defence admstrn., 1916; ch. clk., Australian defence dept., 1918; admstr., Island of Nauru, 1927.

NEUWHAM, HUBERT ERNEST.—B. 1886; ed. St. John's Coll., Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1909; office asst. to govt. agt., Uva, Nov., 1911; pol. mag., Matale, Mar., 1913; landing survr., Colombo customs, Oct., 1913; ag. comsnr. of requests, Colombo, Feb., 1920; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, May, 1920; chmn., munic. coun., Colombo, Aug., 1924.

NEWTON, SIR FRANCIS JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1919), C.M.G. (1892), C.V.O. (1911).—B. 1857; ed. at Rugby and Univ. Coll., Oxon; B.A., 1880; M.A., 1890; barrister, Inner Temple; lieut., 3rd batt. Hampshire regt., and extra A.D.C. to Sir H. Robinson, govt. Cape, 1881; priv. sec. to Sir Thomas Scanlen, prime minister of Cape, 1883; and to Sir H. Robinson, 1884-86; sec. to Mauritius roy. comsn., 1886; ag. admstr. and ch. mag., Br. Bechuanaland, 1888; col. sec. and rec.-gen., 1889; ag. admstr. and ch. mag., 1892; res. comsnr., Bechuanaland Protectorate, Dec., 1895-7; col. sec., Br. Honduras, 1898; ditto, Barbados, 1901; treas., S. Rhodesia, 1903; ret., 1919; col. sec., 1st S. Rhodesian ministry, 1st Oct., 1923; high comsnr. for S. Rhodesia in London.

NEWTON, T. C.—Asst. res., N. Nigeria, 19th Dec., 1908.

NGATA, HON. SIR APIRANA TURUPA, KT. BACH. (1927), M.A., LL.B.—B. 1874; ed. Waiomatatini Native Schl., Te Aute Coll., and Canterbury Univ. Coll.; mem., house of reps., N.Z., since 1905; mem., exec. coun., repg. Maori race, 1909-12.

NIBLOCK-STUART, J. H.—Treasy. asst., Kenya, Jan., 1917; senr. asst. treas., Nov., 1923.

NICHOLS, HON. SIR HERBERT, K.C.M.G. (1927).—B. 1868; LL.B., Tasmania; called to the bar, 1892; atty.-gen. and min. of educn., Tasmania, 1903-4; puisne judge, Tasmania, Jan., 1909; chief justice, 1914; now lieut.-gov.

NICHOLS, LUCIUS.—B. 1884; L.S.A. Lond., M.D., B.C., B.A. Cantab.; pathologist to seamen's hosp. socy., and bacteriologist to post-graduate schol. of clinical med., 1907-8; stationed in W. Indies, 1909-12, as bacteriologist to govt. of St. Lucia and surg. to Victoria hosp.; in E. Africa, 1913-15; dir., bact. institute, Ceylon, Oct., 1915; ag. med. supt. lun. asylum, in addition to his own duties, May, 1916 to Feb., 1917.

NICHOLS, JAMES EDWARD.—B. 1882; asst. engrn., Lagos rly., Feb., 1907; asst. engrn., Gold Coast rlys. (open lines), May, 1911; offr. in charge, Togoland Milv. rlys., 1916-17; ch. engrn., G. Coast rlys., Jan., 1920.

NICHOLSON, BERTRAM, C.B.E. (1923), D.S.O. (1902), M.C. (1917).—B. 1875; Anglo-Boer war, 1899-1901; served six years in Natal civ. serv.; sub-native comsnr., Hlatikulu, Swaziland, July, 1902 to Mar., 1907; asst. res. mag., Hlatikulu, and mem. spec. crim. ct., Dec., 1904 to Mar., 1907; asst. comsnr., Hlatikulu, 22nd Mar., 1907; served S.W. African campaign, 1914-15; dep. res. comsnr. and govt. sec., Swaziland, 1st Jan., 1917; mem., Swaziland-Portuguese bndry. comsn., 1920.

NICHOLSON, REGINALD, C.M.G. (1914), B.A., F.R.G.S.—Ed. at Clifton and Christ's Coll., Camb.; mod. and mediæval languages tripos, 1895; priv. sec. to Sir F. Lugard, high comsnr. of N. Nigeria, Oct., 1900; transfd. to polit. dept. as asst. res., Nupe Prov., Oct., 1901; 3rd cl. res., Zaria, May, 1902; ag. res., Zaria, Jan., 1903; 2nd cl. res., Muri Prov., Oct., 1903; Kano-Sokoto

campaign (medal and clasp), 1903, and minor operations, 1903-5; ag. 2nd cl. clk., C.O., 1st Jan., 1906; mem. of African trop. ser. comtee., 1907-8; col. sec. and registr.-gen., Bermuda, 8th Aug., 1908; chrmn., gen. bd. of health, bd. of pub. wks., and bd. of pilotage comsnrs; recd. thanks of S. of S. for memo. on tuberculosis, 1912; admstr. and col. sec., St. Vincent, 8th June, 1915; ag. admstr., St. Lucia, 23rd Mar., 1917, to 16th Dec., 1918; dormant comsn. to administer govt. of Windward Is., dated 21st May, 1917; recvd. thanks of U.S. Govt., 1918, for services to U.S. Navy Dept.; senr. del. from Windward Is. at inter-col. educn. confce., Trinidad, 1921; chmn., Windward Is. med. comtee., 1922; col. sec., B. Guiana, 23rd Nov., 1922; ag. gov., B. Guiana, Dec., 1922 to Apr., 1923 and May to Oct., 1925; ag. gov.'s dep. for over four months; chmn., currency comsnr. and harb. bd.; chmn., rly. comsn., 1925; col. sec., Cyprus, Jan., 1926; admstr. govt., 26th July to 29th Nov., 1926, and 1st to 8th Sept., 1927; represented Cyprus at 1st C.O. Confce., 1927.

NICHOLSON, WILLIAM EWART, B.A.—B. 1890; ed., Leeds Grammar Schl., and Jesus Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 5th Sept., 1914; attached, Nigeria Regt., 1917-18; instr., arts and crafts, 1st Jan., 1920.

NICOLLS, EDWARD HUGH DYNELEY, C.M.G. (1927), O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1871; A.M.I.C.E., 2nd cl. hons. certif. and bracketed first in All England in geom. and perspective drawing, Camb. exams., 1886; supt. of pub. wks., Cyprus, May, 1898; 1st div. engrn., Dec., 1898; ag. dir. of pub. wks., Mar., 1903; dir. of pub. wks., Jan., 1904; Ofc., A.S.C., Cyprus, in addition to own duties, June, 1915, to Nov., 1916; Ofc., R.E., from commencement of the war to date of leaving Cyprus on apptmt. as dir. of pub. wks., Gold Coast, 22nd Nov., 1918; granted local and tempy. rank of capt. from 1st July, 1916, to date of leaving Cyprus; ment. in desps.

NIGHTINGALE, LAC GAMALIEL, K.C., B.A., B.C.L.—Additional legal adviser, atty.-gen.'s office, Capetown, Feb., 1903; crown prosecutor, Griqualand West, Apr., 1910; ag. atty.-gen., Orange Free State, Dec., 1911, to Jan., 1912; crown prosecutor, Johannesburg, Aug., 1913; law adviser, July, 1914; atty.-gen., Transvaal, 2nd Oct., 1926; atty.-gen., Cape Prov., 1927.

NIGHTINGALE, L. M.—B. 1875; ed. Wimbledon Collegiate Schl. and Soham Gram. Schl., Camb.; asst. to Mr. W. H. Thomas, M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., of Westminster, 1892 to 1901; contractors' engrn., Bermuda harbour wks., 1901-1906; 3rd cl. offr., lands and mines dept., B. Guiana, 1908; sworn land survr.; dist. engrn., West Coast, Demerara, Jan., 1915.

NIHILL, J. H. B., M.A., M.C.—B. 1892; ed. Felsted and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple; investigating offr., Min. of Lab., joint industrial couns. divn., 1919; priv. sec. to Sir Wm. Edge, junr. Lord of Treas., 1920-21; cadet, Hong Kong, July, 1921; ag. asst. to sec. for Chinese affrs., 1923; ag. asst. crown solr., 1924; ag. dep. registr. and dep. off. recvr., 1925; pol. mag., Kowloon, 1926.

NISBET, HUGH ADAIR.—B. 1873; ed. at Winchester Coll.; served in S. African war (Queen's medal and two clasps); pub. prosecutor, Transvaal, 1902; asst. res. mag., Transvaal, 1903; pol. mag. and registr. of supreme ct., Grenada, 1907; registr. of supreme ct., Hong Kong 1911; ag. off. recr. and registr., trade marks, in addn. on several occasions.

NIXON, FRANK ASHLEY.—B. 1879; Transvaal civ. serv., 1902; Union civ. serv., 1910; ch. clk., dept. of mines and industries, 1918; under-sec., dept. of mines and industries, 1923.

NIXON, R., M.B., Ch.B. (L'pool), D.T.M. (L'pool), D.P.H. (L'pool).—Tempy. lieut., capt., and major, R.A.M.C. (S.R.), 1917-19; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Oct., 1921.

NOAD, JOHN ELLIOTT MONCRIEFF.—Ed. R. Naval Coll., Osborne and Dartmouth and Training Cruiser, H.M.S. "Cornwall"; midshipman, R.N., Aug., 1910; H.M.S. "Prince of Wales," Flagship, Atlantic Fleet, resgd., 1911; Edinburgh Univ., Oct., 1911 to Aug., 1914; sub-lieut., R.N.V.R., Aug., 1914 to Nov., 1918; interned in Holland from fall of Antwerp to armistice; while in Holland passed for A.M.I.C.E., Feb., 1917; asst. engr., P.W.D., Kenya, 6th Mar., 1920; ag. exec. engr., 5th Apr., 1923; asst. engr., Kenya and Uganda rly., Apr., 1924; "1914" Star, War and Victory med.

NOALL, W. E.—B. 1880; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civil ser., and assigned to the C.O., June, 1898; promoted, with gratuity, Jan., 1911; conf. clk., 1st Mar., 1916; minor staff clk., 8th Sept., 1917; sec. to visual instr. comtee., 1st Jan., 1908.

NOBLE, CRAWFORD, M.B.E. (1919).—B. 1880; ed. Aberdeen Univ. (dipl. of agr.); asst. prin. forest offr., Cyprus, 1907; ag. prin. forest offr. and dir. of agr. edu. on several occasions; on active serv., 1915-19; ag. inspr., fisheries, Jan. to Apr., 1921; ag. asst. island postmr., July, 1920 to Apr., 1921; ag. dir., agr., May, 1923 to Dec., 1924; dir. of agr., Jan., 1925.

NOBLE, PETER, A.M.I.C.E.—Ed. Elgin and Aberdeen, Scotland; asst. civ. engr., P.W.D., Cyprus, 1906; ag. dist. engr. in 1907 and 1909; dist. engr., Demerara, B. Guiana, Aug., 1910; ag. in addition as chief draughtsman, 1911, and as asst. col. civ. engr. in 1912; col. engr. and survr.-gen., Dominica, Aug., 1912; nom. mem., Roueau Town Board, off. mem. legis. coun. and road board; on war service as mem. comsrs. of valuation (min. of munitions); recd. thanks of sec. of state for work in connection with roads of Dominica, 1916; dist. engr., N. dist., Palestine, 11th Aug., 1922.

NOBLE, ROBERT EMILIVS.—Ed. Beaumont Coll.; called to the bar (Inner Temple) Nov., 1896; mag., Br. E. Africa, Feb., 1906; legal asst., Windward Is., St. Vincent, 1908; ag. atty. gen., 1910; ag. ch. just., 1912; res. mag., Jamaica, 1915-23; 1st puisne judge, Leeward Is., Nov., 1923; ag. ch. just., Leeward Is., June, 1924.

NOOTT, P. GORDON.—B. 1880; entered army (Royal Welsh Fus.), 1898; served in Boer war, 1899-00 (Queen's medal with clasps); Tugela heights, relief of Ladysmith, Cape Colony, Orange Free State and Transvaal; seconded for serv., N. Nigeria regt., Dec., 1904; served with Dukka Kerri expdn., N. Nigeria, 1908; ret. on pension, Oct., 1913; ch. warden, Belize prison, B. Honduras, May, 1914; comsn. 2nd lieut., B. Honduras Terr. Force, 1914; lieut., 1916 served on Cayo expdn., B. Honduras, 1916; instructor to 2nd B. Honduras contingent, 1916; capt., 1918; supt. of prisons, Grenada, Jan., 1920.

NORRIS, CAPT. ALEXANDER WOODBURN.—B. 1879; ed. in Germany, Belgium and at Bedford; comsn. 49th Foot, 1900; seconded, Gold Coast Regt., 1901-05; R. of O., 1906; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, Apr., 1911; dist. comsnr., Feb., 1916; dep. prov. comsnr., Apr.,

1923; attd., G.C.R., Apr., 1917; ag. prov. comsnr., W. Prov., G. Coast, Aug., 1923 to Mar., 1924; ag. prov. comsnr., W. Prov., Asante, Mar., 1924.

NORRIS, C. G.—B. 1890; ed. St. Catherine's Coll., Cambridge; B.A.; cadet, Solomon Islands, Jan., 1915.

NORRIS, J. A.—B. 1872; ed. Ballygan and Williamstown, Ireland; acct. to treasury, Victoria, 17th Mar., 1914; audr.-gen., 1st Mar., 1919.

NORTH, ROLAND ARTHUR CHARLES.—B. 1889; ed. Blundell's and Balliol Coll., Oxford; apptd. cadet, Hong Kong civil serv., 16th Nov., 1912; asst. cable censor, 1914; passed Cantonese, Feb., 1915; ag. 3rd asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1915; in charge of pass office, 1915; ag. 1st clk., pol. magistracy, in addition to other duties, Mar., 1916; ag. asst. dist. offr., South, 1919; passed in Japanese, 1919; ag. priv. sec. to the O.A.G., 1919 and 1921; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec. and ag. priv. sec. to gov. in addn., 1921; seconded to Samoa as asst. comsnr. of Chinese affrs., 1921 to 1922; studied Japanese in Japan, 1922; ag. asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1923; ag. ch. asst. to sec. for Chinese affrs., 1924; ch. asst. to sec., Chinese affrs., 1925.

NORTHCOOTE, GEOFFREY ALEXANDER STAFFORD.—Ed. at Blundell's Schl. and Balliol Coll., Oxford; B.A. (honours); and Newte and Huish exhibnr.; asst. collr., E. Africa Prot., 27th May, 1904; ag. collr. and ag. dist. comsnr., S. Kavi-rondo, 1904-06; polit. offr., Kisil Patrol, 1906; polit. offr., sleeping sickness comsn., 1908-09; dist. comsnr., 1909; in charge, Kikuyu Prov., 1911; ag. prov. comsnr., May to Oct., 1919; ag. asst. col. sec., Oct., 1919 to July, 1920; asst. col. sec., Apr., 1921; ag. col. sec., July to Sept., 1921, Aug. to Sept., 1922 and Mar. to Sept., 1923; gov.'s dep., July to Aug., 1923; mem., legis. coun., 1923; ag. col. sec. in 1925 and 1926; ch. sec., N. Rhodesia, 1927.

NORTHCOOTE, MAJOR LEONARD AUGUSTUS STAFFORD.—B. 1879; ed. Dulwich Coll.; 2nd lieut., Royal Fusiliers, 1900; res. of offrs., Feb., 1914; served in Gallipoli, Egypt, Salonika and Palestine, 1914-19; local commdt. of pol. and asst. comsnr., Cyprus, 1919; passed exam. in mod. Greek; ag. comsnr., for various periods 1924-27.

NORTHCOOTE, R. C.—Ed. Blundells and Transvaal Univ.; Rhodesian admstn., B.S.A. pol., 1914-16; Rhodesian Native Regt., 1917-19; German E. Africa campaign (ment. in desp., mily. med.); asst. polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 13th Feb., 1921.

NORTHCROFT, LESLIE ARTHUR, B.A. (Cantab.).—B. 1901; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1923; attd. to secretariat, Jan., 1924; ditto, Puttalam kach., Jan., 1925; ditto, N'Elia kach., July, 1925; office asst., Jaffna kach., May, 1926.

NORTHEY, MAJOR-GENERAL SIR EDWARD, K.C.M.G. (1918), C.B.—B. 1868; served with Hazara expdn., 1891; Miranzai expdn., 1891; Isazai expdn., 1892; in S. African war, 1899-02; and in the war of 1914-18; extra A.D.C. to H.M. the King, 1915; brig.-gen. (temp.) commdg. Nyasaland Rhodesia field force, 1915-18; lieut.-col. (brevet col., 1915); King's R.R.C., 1911; gov. E. Africa Prot. and high comsnr., Zanzibar Prot., 15th July, 1918; assumed govt., 31st Jan., 1919; ret., Aug., 1922.

NORTH-HUNT, HAROLD.—B. 1894; ed. Ipswich Schl. and St. Catherine's Coll., Camb. (exhibr.); war serv., Oct., 1914-Feb., 1920, 8th Batt. Manchester Regt. and Territorials; asst. to

colonel in charge of R.E. Records, Chatham; capt., 1st Jan., 1918; ment. in desp., Mar., 1918; cadet, F.M.S., Mar., 1920; 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, July, 1920; asst. dist. offr., Rembau, Jan., 1921; passed cadet, Jan., 1922; 2nd asst. adviser, Batu Pahat, Johore, Apl., 1922; ag. asst. adviser, Kota Tinggi, Nov., 1923; offg. asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Jan., 1925; offr., cls. IV, Aug., 1925; asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, June, 1926.

NORTON, HENRY JOHN STEPHEN.—B. 1896; cler. asst., Gibraltar, 1913; crane and wharf clk., 1914; treas. clk., 1914; passed compet. exam., 1917; clk. in-charge, impts. and expts., and clk. to food contr., 1914 to 1920; dep. asst. shipping master, 1921; asst. shipping master, 1922; sec. and treas., sailors' home, 1920; clk. in-charge port dept. and ag. Trinity agt., in 1924-26; asst. sec., col. sec's office, 1927.

NORTON, THOMAS WALTER CECIL.—B. 1871; clk. to res. mag., Ngamawe, Jan., 1890; asst. mag., Ngamawe, Sept., 1892; Umtata, Oct., 1900; res. mag., Tabankulu, Mar., 1902; Port St. John's, Aug., 1904; Engoobo, June, 1906; Butterworth, Feb., 1916; ag. res. mag., Umtata, and asst. ch. mag., Transkeian Territories, Aug., 1919; res. mag., Umtata and asst. ch. mag., Transkeian Territories, Sept., 1920; ag. ch. native comsnr., Ciskei, Mar., 1922; ch. native comsnr., Cape, Apr., 1923.

NORTON-TRAILL, HENRY LIONEL (formerly Smith), F.R.G.S., F.S.A. (Scotland).—Capt. 4th batt. H.L.I.; late lieut. 35th I.Y., S. African field force; S. African War medal and 2 clasps; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1904; served as polit. offr. with expdn. against Lakai cannibals, 1906; with expdn. against Munchi tribes, 1906; 3rd cls. res., 1911; author of "Armorial of the County of Orkney."

NORWOOD, LEONARD ROBERT OSWALD.—B. 1896; ed. Lincoln Coll., Oxford; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 2nd Nov., 1921.

NOSWORTHY, RICHARD, C.M.G. (1926).—Ed. Christ's Hosp.; ent. Jamaica civ. service, 1880; held appts. in various depts.; 1st cls. clk., col. secretariat, 1905; sec., bd. of supervision for poor relief, 1905-09; supervisor of rev. and valuation comsnr., 1907-18; ag. collr. gen. and contr., widow's and orphan's fund; chmn., marine bd. on several occasions; asst. col. sec., 1918; ag. col. sec., 1921; Island treas. and man., govt. savings bank, 1921; chmn., agrl. loan bd., chmn., currency comsnr., man., civ. service guarantee ascn.; sent to America to conclude purchase of Jamaica govt. r.y. bonds, 1912, and as mem. of banana comn., 1915; censor, 1915-19; ag. admsr., Dominica, 1922.

NOSWORTHY, HON. WILLIAM.—B. 1867; ed. privately and at Boys High Schl., Christchurch, N.Z.; mem. of N.Z. parlt. since 1908; jun. whip for reform party and later sen. whip; sen. whip for Nat. govt.; min. of agr., 1919-26; min. of immigr. since 1920; min. of finance and stamp duties, 1925-26; P.M.G. and min. of tels., 1926; min. of external affrs., 1926.

NOVAR, VISCOUNT (cr. 1921), RIGHT HON. SIR RONALD CRAUFORD MUNRO-FERGUSON, P.C. (1910), G.C.M.G. (1914).—B. 1860; Hon. LL.D. of St. Andrew's 1910; ed. Sandhurst; late lieut., Grenadier Guards; M.P. for Ross and Cromarty, 1884-85; Leith Burghs, 1886-1914; priv. sec. to Lord Rosebery, 1886 and 1893-95; lord of the treasury, 1894; provost of Kirkcaldy, 1906-1914; vice-lieu tenant of Fife; was a referee of Bills; gov. gen., C. of A., 1914-20; sec. for Scotland, Oct., 1922 to Jan., 1924.

NUNAN, SIR JOSEPH JOHN, KT. BACH. (1924). K.C.—Ed. Univ. Coll. and Trin. Coll., Dublin; fellow of roy. univ. of Ireland, Blake hist. schlr. and 1st vice-chancellor's prizeman, Dublin Univ.; 1st mod. language schlr., roy. univ. Ireland; Bacon schlr., Gray's Inn; gold medalist in history, literature and composition; was exhibitn. and cert. of honour at honour examn. for call to the bar, King's Inn, 1898; H.M.'s vice consul and ch. judicial offr., B.C. Africa Prot., 12th Oct., 1899; judge of high ct., B.C.A., 11th Aug., 1902; also mem. of H.B.M. ct. of appeal for Eastern Africa; draughtsman, Brit. Cen. Africa Prot., 1900-5; pres., native land coms., Mar.-July, 1903; specially employed in connection with native disturbances, Cent. Angoniand, Jan.-Feb., 1901, and at other times specially employed; solr.-gen., B. Guiana, 1906; ag. puisne judge, Mar. to July, 1906; ag. atty.-gen., July, 1906 to Feb., 1907; ag. special puisne judge, Nov., 1906; atty.-gen., B. Guiana, 1912; comsnr. to revise B. Guiana statute law, June, 1919; in charge of B. Guiana delegation to C.O. and I.O., July-Sept., 1919, and to Indian Govt., Nov., 1919 to Feb., 1920; asst. British del. Reparation Comn., Vienna, June, 1920 to May, 1921; ag. British rep., Nov., 1920 to Apr., 1921; senr. mem. on sp. comtee. for repartition of Austrian and Hungarian national debts, Nov., 1921; in charge of B. Guiana mission to C.O. and I.O. and to India, 1923-24; ret., 1925.

NUNAN, P. F., M.B., Bac.-Surg., M.D.—Med. offr., E.A.P., Aug., 1913; senr. med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Nov., 1924.

NUNN, BERNARD.—B.A. Keble Coll., Oxon.; b. 1876; cadet S.S., Nov., 1900; ag. 3rd mag., Sing., July, 1904; ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, Apr., 1906; passed final exam. in Malay, July, 1905; 4th mag., Singapore, Aug., 1906, but cont. to act at Alor Gajah; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, June, 1908; dep. registr., sup. ct., Aug., 1909; ag. dist. offr., Butterworth, July, 1910; offr. of cls. IV., 1st Jan., 1912; continued to act as dist. offr., Butterworth; ag. offl. assignee, Singapore, 11th Apr., 1912; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, 16th May, 1914; ag. dist. judge, registr. and mag., Malacca, 30th Sept., 1914; offr. of cls. III, F.M.S., 13th Dec., 1917; continued as dist. judge, registr. and mag., Malacca; ag. res. collr. and offr. in charge of treasury, Malacca, July to Aug., 1918, in addition, and again from March to June, 1919; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, Apr., 1921; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Singapore, May, 1921; senr. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, 5th Apr., 1922.

NYLANDER, A. W. M.—Apptd. temporary clk., col. sec's office, S. Leone, Aug., 1889; asst. police clk., May, 1891; 2nd clk., Crown law off., June, 1896; 1st clk., July, 1896; 1st clk., col. sec's off., Dec., 1897; chief clk., Mar., 1898; ag. charity comsnr., Sept., 1898; J.P., July, 1899; ag. asst. col. sec., May, 1901; and again from May, 1902, to end of year; charity comsnr., Apr., 1902.

OAKES, MONTAGUE WADDINGTON, B.A.—B. 1889; ed. Haileybury Coll., and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; junr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 3rd Dec., 1913; atttd., Nigeria Regt., 1914 and 1917-18.

OBERLANDER, C. F. A., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.).—B. 1871; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, and Univ. of Edinburgh; major, S.A.M.C.; D.M.O., No. 1 gen. hosp., Wynberg, 1916-20; med. inspr. schls., O.F.S., July, 1920.

O'BRIEN, ANDREW, S.M.—B. 1873; indentured clk., publ. hosp., Bahamas, June, 1889; 3rd clk.

gen. post off., March, 1893; clk. registr. of records dept., March, 1897; customs off., Apr., 1901; ag. res. just. and rev. offr., Ragged Is., Feb. to May, 1902; ditto, Rum Cay, June to Dec., 1902; clk. police ct., Jan., 1903; res. just., Ragged Island, July, 1903; res. just., San Salvador, July, 1906; Out Island comsnr. (3rd div.), 1909; 1st divn. comsnr., 11th Sept., 1922.

O'BRIEN, BRYAN JUSTIN.—B. 1902; ed. Up-pingham and Queen's Coll., Oxford; asst. sec., col. sec's. office, Cyprus, Apr., 1927, ag. clk., exec. coun., July-Aug., 1927.

O'BRIEN, LT.-COL. SIR C. R. M., K.C.M.G. (1920); C.M.G. (1908).—B. 1859; ed. Felsted, on the Continent, and Royal Military Coll. (passed out with honours); entrd. Army as 2nd lieut., 1878; lieut., 1880; capt., 1887; major, 1897; brev. lt.-col., 1902; 2nd in command of 1st E. Lancs. regt., 30th Oct., 1902; served in India from 1880 to 1895; retrd. on pension in order to remain under C.O., 4th Mar., 1903; served in S. African War, Jan., 1900, to end of campaign; pres. of mil. tribunal, 1900-1901; S. African War medal and 3 clasps, King's medal and 2 clasps (twice mentioned in despatches); senior dep. comsnr. Transvaal town pol., J.P. for the Witwatersrand, and in charge of mtd. pol., 1st May, 1901; in charge of martial law arrange-ments, Johannesburg and Rand, and personal asst. to comsnr., 1st May, 1901, to Mar., 1902; ag. comsnr., Transvaal town pol., and J.P. for Transvaal, 6th May to 8th Nov., 1904; deputy comsnr., headqrs., Transvaal town pol., Oct., 1905, to 30th June, 1908; ag. comsnn., Transvaal town pol., and J.P. for Transvaal, 1st Jan. to 22nd July, 1907; deputy comsnr., Transvaal town pol.; retrenched, 1908; col. sec., Gambia, 8th Jan., 1910; ag. gov., Gambia, 6th July to 10th Dec., 1910, 18th Aug. to 18th Dec., 1911, and from 17th Aug. to 25th Oct., 1912; gov., Seychelles, 7th Nov., 1912; gov., Barbados, 1st June, 1918; assumed govt., 27th Sept., 1918; ret., 30th Sept., 1926; selected by S. of S. as sp. comsnr. to rept. on constitution and organisation of Freetown municipality, Sierra Leone, May to July, 1926.

O'CONNOR, CHARLES ANTHONY.—B. 1883; ed. Royal Coll., Mauritius; supt., Reduit gardens and plantations, forests and gardens dept., Mauri-tius, 5th Sept., 1904; ch. overseer, dept. of agr., 19th Aug., 1913; enlisted, 2nd Artists' Rifles, 9th Aug., 1917; recd. comsn., Royal Munster Fus., 23rd Sept., 1918; inspr. of plantations, Zanzibar Prot., 25th Aug., 1919; agrl. instr. and inspr., co-op. credit societies, Mauritius, 22nd Jan., 1923.

O'CONNOR, HUGH JOSEPH, F.Z.S.—B. 1887; Lieut., Gambia Artillery (V.), 1910; mem. of navigation and pilotage board, Gambia, 1914; asst. comsnr. of police, G. Coast, Jan., 1916; ag. staff instructor, Mar., 1916, and June, 1918; ag. comsnr. of police for various periods in 1917, 1921 and 1922; O.C. Togoland mil. police, and O.C. Togoland prisons, 19th Aug., 1919; capt., G. Coast Rifles, 1922; comsnr. of police, 12th Jan., 1923.

O'GRADY, CAPT. SIR JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1924), J.P.—B. 1866; mem., town coun., Bristol, 1897-99; M.P., E. Leeds, 1906; S.E. Leeds, 1918-24; with troops in various theatres of war, 1915-18; sent by govt. on sp. mission to Russia, 1917; negotiated with Russian Soviet govt. exchange of Br. prisoners of war and repatriation of Br. civilians in Russia, Nov., 1919; gov. of Tasmania, 4th Nov., 1924; assumed govt., 23rd Dec., 1924.

O'GRADY, WILLIAM MICHAEL, B.L.—B. 1885; ed. Wesley Coll., Dublin, admitted solr., Ireland, 1908; mily. serv., Egypt 1916; Salonika, 1916-17; Palestine, 1917-18; Egypt, 1919; called to bar, Ireland, 1921; mag., Tanganyika Territory, 1920; ag. puisne judge, July, 1927.

O'HALLORAN, GEORGE FINLEY, B.A., B.C.L.—B. 1862; graduate in arts of McGill Univ., 1883; grad. in law, 1885; called to the bar of prov. of Quebec, 1886; dep. min. of agric., and dep. comsnr. of patents of Canada, 1902; resigned as dep. min. of agric., 1918; now comsnr. of patents.

O'HARA, FRANCIS CHARLES TRENCH.—B. 1870; priv. sec. to min. of trade and commerce, Canada, 1897; 1st cls. clk., 1902; ch. clk., 1903; supt. of trade comsnr. serv., 1904; ch. controller of Chinese imigrn., 1908-11; dep. min. of trade and com-merce, 1908; mem. ships license comtee., 1916-17; war trade comtee., 1916-17; local offr. for Canada, Dominions Royal Comsn. tours, 1914 and 1917; priority authority for Canada, assisting ministry of munitions, 1916-17; in charge, Canadian purchase and shipment wheat, blankets and clothing for French and Italian armies, 1914-15; wool comsn., 1917; offr.-in-charge all industrial diamond imports under the diamond export comtee., 1915-17; mem., editorial comtee. on govt. pubns., 1917; dep. comsnr. of patents, 1918; chmn., Canadian trade comsn., 1920; Canadian govt. del. to 1st Pan-Pacific comml. confce., Honolulu, 1922.

OLDFIELD, H. G.—Tempty. asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., June, 1919.

OLIPHANT, JOHN NINIAN.—B. 1887; ed. Glensalmond Coll. and Christ Ch., Oxford, B.A. and dipl., forestry, 1909; Imp. forest service, India, 1909-23; dep. conservator, forests, Br. Honduras, Dec., 1923; conservator, forests, 1924.

OLIVER, GEO. A.—B. 1898; ent. G.P.O., Dec., 1914; apptd. asst. clk., Apr., 1916; wire-less operator, R.N.V.R., Jan., 1917 to Apr., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; transfd. to C.O., June, 1923.

OLIVIER, 1ST BARON (created 1924), RT. HON. SIR SYDNEY OLIVIER, P.C. (1924), K.C.M.G. (1907), C.M.G. (1898), B.A.—B. 1859; ed. at Ton-bridge sch.; open exhibnr., Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford; 2nd class classical mods., 1878; 2nd class in final classical sch., 1881; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. in the office of the S. of S. for cols., 17th Apr., 1882; honour-ably mentioned for Cobden prize essay, Oxford, 1883; ag. col. sec., Br. Honduras, Oct., 1890, to Apr., 1891; ag. auditor-gen., Leeward Is., Oct., 1895, to Feb., 1896; priv. sec. to the Earl of Selborne, Sept., 1896; sec. to the Roy. comsn. apptd. to inquire into condition of the W. Indies, Dec., 1896; 1st class clk., June, 1897; sent to Washington on special service in connection with W. Indian reciprocity negotiations, 1898; col. sec., Jamaica, 1900-1904; ag. gov., 1900, 1902, and 1904; returned to C.O. as a prin. clk., Oct., 1904; gov. of Jamaica, 20th Apr., 1907; assumed govt., 16th May, 1907; represented West Indian Colonies at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., 1911; permt. sec., bd. of agriculture and fisheries, 1913; mem. of comtee. for settmt. of ex-service men within the Empire, 1917; asst. comptroller and auditor, exchequer and audit dept., 1917; S. of S. for India, 23rd Jan. to 7th Nov., 1924.

O'MALLEY, SIR EDWARD LOUGHLIN, KT. BACH. (1891).—B. 1842; ed. Trin. Coll., Camb. grad. B.A., 1864; M.A., 1868; called to the bar (Mid. Tem.), 1866; joined Norfolk circuit; atty.-

gen. of Jamaica, 1876; atty.-gen., Hong Kong, Nov., 1879; ch. just., S. Sttlmts., 1889; ret., 1892; ch. just., Br. Guiana, 1895; judge of H.M. sup. consular ct. for the Ottoman empire, 1897; ret. 1904; mem. of Mauritius royal coman., 1909.

OMAN, DAVID JAMES, O.B.E. (1924), V.D. (1923).—Headmaster, Accra govt. schll., Gold Coast, 22nd Mar., 1902; acted frequently as inspr. of schls., 1902-1906; inspr. of schls., 1st Jan., 1907; acted as dir. of educn. on several occasions, 1907-1911; dir. of educn. and sec. to bd. of educn., 15th Apr., 1911; capt., Gold Coast Volunteers, Oct., 1914; Col. Aux. Offr.'s Decoration, Nov., 1919; offr. commdg. Gold Coast Volunteers, 1st May, 1922; sent by govt. to visit schls. and insts. in U.S.A., Sept.-Dec., 1921; extraordinary mem., leg. coun., 27th Feb., 1922 and in 1924-25; recd. thanks of S. of S. and gov. for work in connection with gen. scheme of educn. in Gold Coast, Ashanti and N. Territories, 1925; offi. mem., leg. coun., 8th Apr., 1926.

OMORCHOE, CAPT. ARTHUR DONEL MAC-MURROGH.—B. 1892; ed. St. Andrew's Coll. and Trinity Coll., Dublin; joined Leinster Regt. (Royal Meaths), Aug., 1914; served in the great war; regtl. signalling offr., 1915; asst. adjt., 1916-17; A.D.C., maj. gen. Hon. E. J. Montague, Stuart-Wortley and camp commdt., 65th divn., 1917-18; provost marshal's dept., 1918-22; junr. pol. offr., Zanzibar, Jan., 1924; supt., pol., Feb., 1926; ag. supt., C.I.D., Nov., 1925 to May, 1926.

ONGLEY, FREDERICK OLIVER JONES.—Cadet, R.N., 1875; clk. Cyprus high ct. just. and comsnr.'s office, 1879; ch. sec.'s, 1884; aud.'s, 1886; rec.-gen.'s, 1886; passed higher standard Turkish, 1886; transl. to high comsnr., 1889; acct. imp. bank of Persia, 1890; ch. clk. custs., 1890; transltd. Ott. land code, 1892; asst. to dir. of surv. and prin. for. offr., 1892 (now styled asst. reg.-genl. and inspr.); ag. comur., Kyrenia 1893; again, and loc. comdt. and cornr., 1898; ag. asst. to loc. comdt., Nicosia, 1897; ag. reg.-genl., 1899; regisr.-gen., Cyprus, 10th June, 1910; dir., land registries, Palestine, 29th Jan., 1921.

ONRAËT, R. H. de S.—Pol. probationer, S. Sttlmts., Dec., 1907; passed final exam. in Hokkien, July, 1910; ag. asst. supt. of pol., Singapore, Aug., 1910; passed final exam. in Malay, Aug., 1911; asst. supt. of pol., July, 1912; ag. supt. of pol., Singapore, Jan., 1919; asst. supt. of pol., Singapore, Mar., 1919; ag. supt. of pol., Malacca, Nov., 1919; ag. dir., criminal intelligence, Apr., 1921.

O'RILEY, BASIL VICTOR.—B. 1870; clk., customs dept., Port Elizabeth, 1889; ch. clk., Port Elizabeth, 1908; prin. clk., Cape Town, 1912; ch. clk., Cape Town, 1914; ag. colr. of customs and ag. shipping master, Cape Town, 1914; ch. clk., head office, Pretoria, 1915; depy.-comsnr. of customs and excise, Pretoria, 1918; del. to the Imp. Cust. confce., London, 1921; comsnr., cust. and excise, 17th Aug., 1926.

ORMSBY-GORE, RT. HON. WILLIAM GEORGE ARTHUR, P.C. (1927).—B. 1885; ed. Eton and New Coll., Oxford (B.A.); late capt., Shropshire Yeomanry; intell. officer Arab bureau, 1916-17; asst. sec., War Cabinet, 1917-18; asst. polit. offr., Palestine, 1918; British mem., Permanent Mandates Coman., League of Nations, 1921-22; M.P., Stafford since Jan., 1910; accompanied C.O. mission to British West Indies, 1921-22; parly. under sec. of state for Colonies, 1st Nov., 1922 to 23rd Jan.,

1924 and since Nov., 1924; chmn., parly. coman. to E. Africa, 1924; apptd. by S. of S. to visit and rept. on W. African dependencies, Jan., 1926.

ORR, Major SIR CHARLES WILLIAM JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1928), C.M.G. (1921).—B. 1870; ed. Bath Coll. and Woolwich Acad.; 1st comsnr., Royal Artillery, Feb., 1889; capt., Sept., 1899; maj., 1904; ret., Sept., 1908, served with Chitral relief force, 1895 (medal with clasp); Indian frontier, 1897 (clasp); Tirah expedn. force, 1897-99 (clasp); China war, 1900-01 (medal); S. African war, 1900-02 (medal, 2 clasps); 3rd cl. res., N. Nigeria, Feb., 1903; 2nd cl. res., 1904; 1st cl. res., 1908; ag. sec. to admnstr., N. Nigeria, May to Sept., 1907; ch. sec., Cyprus, Feb., 1911; admnstd. govt., July to Oct., 1911, and Apr. to Aug., 1913; ret. on pension on account of ill health, Feb., 1917; attd. W.O., Int. branch, 1918-19; col. sec., Gibraltar, June, 1919; ag. gov., on several occasions; gov. and commdr.-in-ch. of the Bahamas, 8th Dec., 1926.

ORR, JAMES RUSSELL, O.B.E. (1924).—Director of educn., E.A.P., Mch., 1911.

ORR, WILLIAM CHARLES LOVE, B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1899; enlisted, Aug., 1918; demob., Feb., 1919; vety. offr., Gold Coast, 3rd Feb., 1926.

OSBORNE, MAJOR D. R.—B. 1879; ed. Prince Alfred Coll., Adelaide, S. Australia, Adelaide Univ. (mental and moral phil.) and Christ's Coll., Cambridge; B.A., law; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1909; practiced at bar until 1914; joined Inns of Court O.T.C., Aug., 1914; 2nd lieut., 1914; served in France with Northumberland Fus. as major and coy. commdr., 1915-17; senr. offrs' schll., Aldershot, Oct.-Dec., 1917; 2nd in commd., 9th Northumberland Fus., Dec. 1917-Apr., 1918; commdg., 15th R. Scots until the 34th divn. was disbanded; ct. martial offr., Nov., 1918 to May, 1920; in Ireland as A.L.O. until Apr., 1922; stip. and circuit mag., Bahamas, 25th June, 1923; ag. ch. just., 19th Aug. to 15th Sept., 1923 and from 29th July to 10th Nov., 1924; ag. reg.-gen. in addn. 16th June to 28th July, 1924.

OSBORNE, GEORGE HAROLD.—Ed. at Leatherhead and Pembroke Coll., Camb. (scholar); Goldsmith's exhib.; B.A. (honours) in classics, 1898; S. African War, 1901-1902; medal and 5 clasps; asst. collr., E. Africa Prot., 14th Feb., 1906; dist. comsnr., 1910; senr. comsar. (2nd cl.), Kenya, Jan., 1924.

OSTLER, HON. HENRY HUBERT, K.C. (1925), LL.B. (1904).—B. 1876; ed. Christ's Hosp. and Victoria Univ. Coll.; assoc. to New Zealand ch. just., 1903-06; edr., N.Z. Law Repts., 1906-10; 1st asst., crown law office and crown pros., 1910; ag. solr.-gen., 1913; in private practice, 1915-25; judge, N.Z. sup. ct., 1926; examr. in law for N.Z. Univ. for many years; fellow N.Z. Univ. senate, 1916-20.

OSWELL, HENRY THEODORE WARREN.—B. 1896; ed. Dulwich Coll. and Worcester Coll. Oxford; 2nd lieut., 13th batt. Cheshire Regt., Feb., 1915; flying offr. (pilot), R.F.C., June, 1917; lieut., R.F.C., July, 1917; lieut., R.A.F., Apr., 1918; cadet, Malayan civ. serv., 1st Apr., 1920; ag. asst. contr. of lab., Klang, 1st Sept., 1920; ag. asst. dist. offr., Krian, May, 1923; asst. dist. offr., Tanjong Malim, Feb., 1925; asst. contr. of lab., Seremban, Aug., 1925; offg. sec., res. in addn., Apr., 1926; offg. asst. contr. of lab., Malacca, in addn., June, 1926; offr. cl. IV, Apr., 1927; ag. contr. of lab., Johore, July, 1927.

OTWAY, J. H.—Clk., treasury, Grenada, 1897; 2nd audit clk., 1899; audit clk., St. Vincent, 1901; audit clk., St. Lucia, Jan., 1916; sub collector and dist. offr., Soufrière; J.P. for the colony; cable censor, St. Vincent, 1918; chief clk., gov't. office, and clk. of councils, St. Vincent, 1918; has held numerous acting apptmts.

OTWAY, RUPERT COLERIDGE, O.B.E. (1925), R.E., Res. of Offrs., M.I.S.E. (1924), F.S.I. (1924).—B. 1884; clk., P.W.D., Grenada, 1903; land offr., land stlm't. scheme, and pub. wks. offr., Carriacou, 5th Oct., 1906; ward. of the Windward dist., St. Vincent, in charge of pub. wks., 1st July, 1908; offr. in charge of inauguration of land stlm't. scheme, Union Is., St. Vincent Grenadines, 1st June, 1910 to 30th Sept., 1911; ag. ward., Leewards dist., St. Vincent, and local head of the P.W.D., St. Vincent; joined Imp. army, 1st July, 1917; lieut., Royal Engns., 15th Dec., 1917 to 23rd Oct., 1919; inspr., wks. and roads, Montserrat, 26th Feb., 1920; mem., exec. coun., Montserrat, 2nd May, 1922; mem., leg. coun., Montserrat, Dec., 1922; ag. comsnnr., 14th Aug. to 5th Sept., 1924.

OWEN, A. H., B.A. (Camb.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.T.M. and H. (Camb.), Cert. of S.T.M. (Lond.)—Med. offr., Uganda, Oct., 1912; sp. serv., (venereal diseases), Uganda, 1912; active serv., E.A. Campaign, and tempy. capt., U.M.S., Jan., 1916 to May, 1918; ment. in desps.; senr. med. offr., Uganda, Jan., 1921; ch. sanitation offr., Tanganyika Territory, 1922.

OWEN, GEORGE DOUGLAS.—B. 1887; ed. Highgate Schl. (Eng.); entd. civ. ser., Trinidad, 16th Jan., 1907; 3rd clk., col. sec.'s office, Aug., 1915; asst. sec., local defence comtee., 1914-1915; ag. sec., ditto, 1916-1916; sec. to educn. coman., June, 1914 to Nov., 1916; sec., West Indian Court of Appeal Confee., 1916; priv. sec. to Sir S. W. Knaggs in 1910, 1912 and 1916; to Sir G. R. Le Hunte, 1913-1915; to Sir J. R. Chancellor, 1916, 1920 and 1921; served with H.M. Forces, 1916-19; ch. and conf. clk., col. secretariat, and clk. of legis. coun., 1st May, 1920; priv. sec. to Sir T. A. V. Best, 1921 and to Sir S. Wilson, 1922-24; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec. for several periods since 1921; asst. col. sec., clk. to exec. coun., combined ct. and ct. of policy, Br. Guiana, Feb., 1925; ag. col. sec., Oct. to Nov., 1925, Apr. to July, 1926 and from Sept., 1927.

OWEN, GEORGE HUMPHREY RICHARD St. JOHN.—Cadet, Tanganyika Territory, 1920; 2nd grade admsv. offr., 10th July, 1922.

OWEN, HAROLD ALBERT.—B. 1892; entd. crown agt.'s office, Dec., 1911; seconded as 3rd clk., col. sec.'s office, Antigua, July, 1916; sec. to comsn. of enquiry into condition of St. John's fire brigade, Nov., 1916; returned to crown agt.'s office, Sept., 1919.

OWEN, JOHN HENEY, D.S.O. (1917).—Younger brother, Trinity House, London; master mariner; ed. Univ. Coll. Schl., London and H.M.S. "Worcester"; served in war, 1914-18; ieut., naval reserve; port mine-sweeping offr., Jamaica, Oct., 1918; harbmr. and naval agt., Kingston, Jamaica, Jan., 1919.

PAGE, HON. EARLE CHRISTMAS GRAFTON, M.B., Ch.M. (Syd.).—B. 1880; ed. Sydney High Schl. and Sydney Univ. (George Allen Maths. Scholarship and John Harris Scholarship for anatomy and physiology); served in European War with A.I.F. as surg. specialist to No. 3 Australian casualty clearing station, France, and No.

3 Australian gen. hosp., Egypt; mayor of S. Grafton, N.S.W., 1918; pres., N. Coast Development League, 1918; el. mem., H. of R., C. of A., for Cowper, Dec., 1919; treas., C. of A., 1923.

PAGE, CAPT. JOHN CAMPBELL.—B. 1893; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury, and Keble Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Oxon.); 2nd lieut., Buffs, Aug., 1914; on active serv. in France, 1915-19; M.C., Oct., 1916; passed progress exam. in Mendi; asst. dist. comsnnr., S. Leone, 27th Aug., 1916; ag. dist. comsnnr., Moyamba dist., 1922.

PAGE, SIDNEY MAYNARD.—Transvaal constab., Oct., 1900; clk., mgte. off., July, 1902; asst. mgte., Mar., 1913; mgte. Mar., 1918; pub. serv. inspr., Nov., 1924.

PAILTHORPE, WULFRED ARTHUR BOYNTON. B. 1875; ed. King Edward VI Schl., Chelmsford, and Gray's Coll., Essex; serv., S. African War, 1899-1902 (Queen's med. and 6 clasps, King's med. and 2 clasps); registr. clk., E.A.P., 1904; registr. of docs., 1910; collr. under Stamp Act, 1910; ex-officio agt. for admstr. gen., 1911; ag. prin. registr. of docs., crown lands, etc., 1915-19; ch. controlling rev. authority, 1918; dep. registr.-gen. of titles, Kenya, 1919; prin. registr. of docs., crown lands and land titles, 1920.

PALETHORPE, RONALD FLINT.—B. 1891; ed. Hereford Schl. and Keble Coll. Oxford; asst. mast., St. George's Schl., Windsor Castle, 1913; asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., 5th Aug., 1914; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

PALMER, ARTHUR, B.A.I., A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1881; ed. St. Columba's Coll. and Dublin Univ.; asst. engr., Cape govt. rlys., Mar., 1903; ditto, Br. N. Borneo state rlys., Feb., 1906; ditto, F.M.S. rlys., Oct., 1907; dist. engr., F.M.S. rlys., Dec., 1912; senr. dist. engr., F.M.S. rlys., July, 1921; sec. to gen. man., F.M.S. rlys., Nov., 1923.

PALMER, HAROLD.—B. 1895; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser.; apptd. to national health insurance audit dept., 13th Jan., 1913; on military service, 2nd May, 1918, to 26th Feb., 1920; assigned to C.O., 8th Mar., 1920.

PALMER, HAROLD THORNBURY, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.T.M. (Liverpool); Guy's Hospital; asst. med. supt., Indo-European telegraph dept., Persia, and residency surg., Mar., 1903; med. offr., W.A.M.S., Gold Coast, 18th Aug., 1906; tempy. capt., Cameroons expeditionary force, Sep., 1915.

PALMER, HERBERT RICHMOND, C.M.G., C.B.E.—Ed. Oundle Schl. and Trinity Hall, Camb. (class. schol.), M.A., LL.B.; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1904; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1st Oct., 1904; comsnnr., native rev., N. Nigeria, 1911; rev. mission to Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, 1912; supervisor, native rev., Nigeria, 1914; ag. res., Kano Prov., Nigeria, 1916-16; res., Bornu Prov., Nigeria, 1917; visited Anglo-Egyptian Sudan from Bornu via Wadai and Darfur in connection with educn. proposals, 1918; ag. lieut.-gov., N. Provs., Nigeria, May-Dec., 1921; ag. res., Sokoto Prov., Apr. to May, 1922; lieut.-gov., N. Provs., Nigeria, May, 1925.

PAMPPELLONE, ARMAND JOSEPH, M.B., Ch.B. Edin.—B. 1879; ent. med. serv., Trinidad, 1st Feb., 1906; dist. med. offr., 1st Aug., 1913.

PANET, LIEUT.-COL. CHARLES LOUIS.—B. 1870; ed. Ottawa Univ.; ent. civ. serv., Canada, 1889; sec., Canadian defence comtee., 1898; priv. sec. to late Sir F. W. Borden, min. of militia and defence, 1904-12; sec., dept. of militia and defence from 1907; pres., bd. of enquiry, re claims of

applicants for the fenian raid volunteer bounty, 1912-15; pres. of pensions and claims bd.; ment. in desp. for serv. rendered in Can., 1914-1918.

PARISH, CAPT. GODFREY CHARLES BRIAN.—B. 1897; ed. Church House Schl., Windsor; served in R.G.A. (S.R.), 1915-19; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1919; ag. asst. col. sec., 1920; pte. sec., 1920; ag. dist. comsnr., 1921-24; ag. pte. sec. and A.D.C., 1921; dist. comsnr., 1924; asst. col. sec., 1926.

PARK, ALEXANDER DALLAS.—B. 1882; ed. Waitaki Pub. Schl., Waimate High Schl. and privately; N.Z. pub. wks. dept., 1900-18; agr. dept., 1919; inspr., pub. serv. comsnr.'s office, 1920; sec. of marine, 1922; asst. pub. serv. comsnr., 1923; asst. sec., treas., 1925; served with N.Z. forces in S. Africa.

PARK, CAPT. EDWARD NIGEL, M.C.—B. 1889; ed. Aldenham Schl.; Somaliland Camel Corps, 1917-20; dist. polit. offr., Somaliland, 1920; dist. commr., Somaliland, Feb., 1922.

PARK, MAITLAND ELPHINSTONE, D.S.O.—B. 1894; capt., reg. army R. of O.; ed., S.A. Coll. Schl. and Magdalen Coll., Oxford; univ. coms., mil. serv., 1914-25; D.S.O., 1915; capt., 1916; Italian silver med., 1917; twice ment. in desp.; cadet, admstv. dept., Tanganyika Territory, 17th Aug., 1926.

PARKER, JAMES T.—Cert. teacher, Leeward Is.; dist. postmr. Bethesda, 1901; schlmr., govt. boys' reformatory schl., 1903; clk. and storekeeper, P.W.D., and clk. to road bd., Antigua, 1906; 1st govt. offr., Virgin Is., 1915; inspr. of weights and measures, Virgin Is., 1917.

PARKER, WILLIAM ALSTEIN.—B. 1865; ed. Queen's coll., B. Guiana; entd. B. Guiana govt. serv., 1883; qualified as notary public and apptd., 1892; admitted solr., 1897; chief clk., and acct., admnstr.-genl.'s office, 1897; offr. recov. and pub. trustee, 1905; comsnr. of affidavits; has acted at various times as crown solr., stip. mag., admnstr.-gen., and regisr. of sup. ct.; served on coman. of enquiry into working of regisr.'s office, 1905.

PARKIN, HENRY CLARENCE.—B. 1874; clk. in secretariat, N.E. Rhodesia, Apr., 1899; pvt. sec. to admstr., July, 1901; clk., transport and supplies, June, 1902; contr., transport and supplies, Apr., 1905; resigned, June, 1906; reappt., N.W.R., govt. agt., Broken Hill, Mar., 1908; cust. dept., N.W.R., Jan., 1910; collr., cust., N.R., May, 1912; has acted as contr., cust., on various occasions between Nov., 1915 and Sept., 1923; ag. ch. clk., secretariat, Feb. to May, 1918; contr., cust., Sept., 1923; mem., leg. coun.; J.P.

PARKINSON, A. C. O., M.A. (1910), O.B.E.—B. 1884; ed. at Epsom and Oxford; class. demy, Magdalen, 1903-7; 1st cls. mods., 1906; 1st cls. lit. hum., 1907; apptd. after compet. exam., 1st cls. clk., acctnt.-gen.'s dept., Admiralty, Feb., 1908; transf. as 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 19th Apr., 1909; sec., man. comtee. of imperial bureau of entomology; sec. to comtee. apptd. to investigate relationship between wild animals and trypanosomiasis, 1913-1914; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. Lewis Harcourt, 5th Oct., 1914, to Mr. Bonar Law, 27th May, 1915, to Mr. Walter Long, 11th Dec., 1916; 1st cls. clk., 8th Dec., 1917; on military service from 16th May, 1915 to 26th May, 1919; prin., 1st Apr., 1920; priv. sec. to Lord Milner, 1st Oct., 1920; asst. sec., 1st Oct., 1925.

PARKINSON, N. F., M. Sc., A.M.E.I.C.—B. 1890; ed., Toronto Pub. and Tech. High Schls., and Univ. of Toronto; civ. engr.; asst. to prov. san. engr., Toronto; enlisted in Canadian

engnrs., Dec., 1914; transf. as gunner to 13th batt., Canadian Field Arty; comsd. in France, Aug., 1916; wounded, May, 1917; invalided to Canada; returned overseas, Dec., 1917; discharged July, 1918; ent. dept. of soldier's civ. re-estab., vocational br., Toronto; asst. to dir. of vocational training, Ottawa, Nov., 1918; dir. of vocational training, Jan., 1919; dep. min. of soldier's civ., re-estab., Apr., 1920.

PARNALL, JOHN.—Solr.; asst. aud., E. Africa Prot., 1915; asst. aud. in charge, Zanzibar, Nov., 1915; ag. treas., Zanzibar, 14th Sept., 1919 to 8th July, 1920; regisr. and off. assignee, H.B.M. ct., Zanzibar; regisr. of patents, designs, and trade marks, 1st Feb., 1920; ag. admstr.-gen. and regisr. of docs., Apr. to Oct., 1922; asst. admstr.-gen., Tanganyika Territory, 7th Sept., 1923; ag. admstr.-gen., 18th Oct., 1923 to 3rd Jan., 1924; admstr.-gen., pub. trustee, regisr. of docs. and land offr., Zanzibar, 31st May, 1924.

PARNIS, ALFRED WILLIAM, O.B.E. (1919), LL.D.—B. 1860; graduated in law, Malta Univ. and called to bar, 1880; prof., comml. and maritime laws, Malta Univ., Nov., 1906; judge, Malta, Dec., 1906; judge of prize ct. and chm., compensation bd. during war; el. for 5th div. in leg. assem., Aug., 1927; min. for just., 16th Aug., 1927.

PARR, HON. SIR CHRISTOPHER JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1925), C.M.G. (1914).—B. 1869; ed. Auckland Gram. Schl. and Auckland Univ. Coll.; barrister-at-law; mem., N.Z. parlmnt., 1914-25; min. of educn., 1920-26; min. of health, 1920-23; min. of just., 1923-26; P.M.G. and min. of tels., 1925-26; high comsnr. for N.Z. in England, 1926.

PARRY, J. H., B.A. (Cantab.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)—Temp. coms. in Indian med. serv., Mar., 1915 to Mar. 1919; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Mar., 1919.

PARRY, REGINALD FRANCIS SCARLETT.—Ed., St. John's Schl., Leatherhead, and Lincoln Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 28th Jan., 1920.

PARSONS, HON. HERBERT ANGAS, LL.B.—Judge of sup. ct., S. Australia, 1921.

PARSONS, LAURANCE DUDLEY, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.).—B. 1873; res. sur. and supt., New Providence hosp., Nassau, Bahamas, Sep., 1901, to Dec., 1904; port surg., etc., Gibraltar, Jan., 1905, to Aug., 1912; med. supt., lunatic asylum, Ceylon, Aug., 1912; ag. regisr., Ceylon med. coll. in addition, Apr., 1917 to July, 1919; ag. asst. prin. civ. med. offr., Aug., 1922; ag. med. supt., gen. hosp., Colombo, Sept. to Dec., 1922.

PARTRIDGE, GEORGE JAMES, B.A. (1915), M.A. (1921), Barrister-at-Law, Middle Temple (1927).—B. 1893; ed. Christ's Hospital and Cambridge; open exhib. (maths.), and Essex County Scholar, Queens' Coll., 1912-14; 2nd cls. maths. tripos, part I., 1913, B.A. (Warr.) 1915; temp. coman., 1914-18; on active serv. in France and German E. Africa; 1914-15 Star; ment. in desp.; asst. polit. offr., 1st grade, provisional admstr., German E. Africa, Dec. 1918; priv. sec. to ag. admstr., Aug. to Dec., 1919; asst. sec., Oct., 1919; ag. senr. asst. sec., Apr. to Dec., 1920 and Aug., 1921 to Sept., 1923; clk. to exec. coun., Sept., 1922 to Sept., 1923; senr.-asst. sec., Aug., 1925; ag. asst. ch. sec., June, 1927.

PASCHALIS, NEOPTOLEMON.—B. 1880; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1902; solr.-gen., Cyprus, Mar., 1927; ag. atty.-gen., Apr. to May, 1927.

PASHLEY, EDWARD REYNOLD.—B. 1869; storekeeper, petroleum warehouse, customs,

Bahamas, 1895; landing waiter, 1896; senr. clk. of check staff, 1897; customs offr., excise supervisor, boarding offr., Tobago, 1901; landing waiter, customs, Trinidad, 1902; 5th clk. and paymr., 1907; 4th clk., 1912; 3rd clk., 1913; compr. of customs, registrar of shipping, J.P., Bahamas, 1914; ag. rec-gen., 7th to 16th Feb., 1919, from 19th Sept. to 12th Nov., 1919, and from 15th Mar. to 8th Apr., 1920; ch. rev. inspr., Trinidad, Mar., 1921.

PASKIN, JESSIE JOHN, B.A., M.C.—B. 1892 ed., King Edwards Schl., Stourbridge and St John's Coll., Cambridge; 1st cls., maths. tripos, pt. 1, 1913; on mil. serv., Aug., 1914 to Mar., 1919 (Worcestershire Regt., T.F. and Machine Gun Corps); Croix de Guerre, 1918; transf'd. to T.F. res. with rank of major, Jan., 1920; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, junr. higher divn. clk., miny. of transport, Jan., 1920; asst. prin., C.O., 29th Mar., 1921.

PASLEY, CLAUDE BURGOYNE.—B. 1877; ed. Clonmel Grammar Schl., Rathmines Schl., Dublin, R. Coll. of Surgeons, Ireland, Oct., 1894; prizeman, materia medica, 1896; prizeman in surgery, 1897; passed promary fellowship, R.C.S.I., 1897; licentiate of midwifery, Rotunda Hosp., 1898; licentiate of R. Colls., 1899; civ. surg., H.M. Forces, S. African War, 1900; F.R.C.S.I., 1910; med. offr., Malay States med. serv., 1912; ch. surg., F.M.S., 1921; examr. in surgery, King Edward VII Coll. of Med., Singapore, 1923; lieut., M.V.I., 1923.

PASSINGHAM, FRANK SELWOOD.—B. 1883; ed. Goldsmiths' and Morley Colls., Lond.; hon. medalist in typography, City and Guilds of Lond. Inst.; govt. printer, Mauritius, Feb., 1914; also supt., bookbinding works and stat. stores, Apr., 1914; supt. of printing, Jamaica, Mar., 1924.

PATERSON, HENRY SIBBALD.—B. 1890; ed. Winchester Coll. (schol.) and Magdalen Coll., Oxford (exhibr.), B.A., 1913; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1913; ag. asst. collr. of land rev., K. Lumpur, June, 1914; seconded for war serv., Mar., 1915; active serv. in France and England, 1915-19; ment. in desp.; demob. with rank of major, Aug., 1919; asst. dist. offr., Kuantan, Aug., 1919; seconded as asst. adviser, Trengganu, July, 1920; supernmy. offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1920; dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, Dec., 1923; ag. collr., land rev., K. Lumpur and registrar, titles, Selangor, Nov., 1926; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1925.

PATERSON, NICHOLAS JULIAN, B.A., K.C.—B. 1867; atty-gen., Grenada, 1st Jan., 1912; ag. ch. just., 10th Jan., 1921; ag. col. sec., 27th Sept., 1921; admstr., Grenada, 10th Oct., 1921.

PATERSON, FRANCIS TUCKER, Dip. civ. Engurg. (Bristol), M. Inst. C.E.—B. 1883; Axminster and Lyme Regis rly., 1901-03; Cape Col. water supply investgn., 1903-06; pub. wks. constrn., England, 1907-13; circle engnr., irrign. dept., Union of S. Africa, 1914-19; engnr., Kamanassie irrign. bd., 1919-24; suptg. engnr., irrign. dept., 1924-25; asst. dir., irrign., 1925; ag. dir., irrign., 27th Aug., 1925.

PATTERSON, JOHN, D.S.O. (1916).—B. 1878; ed. at George Watson's Coll., Edin.; Scottish Horse, S. African War; asst. treas., E. Africa Prot., 1st Apr., 1906; chief paymaster, E. Africa Pay Corps (ment. in desp., 1915), finan. adviser, Br. Salvage Coman. for E. Africa, 28th Dec., 1912; staff offr., Volunteers, 16th Feb., 1920; staff offr., war records, 1st Apr., 1921.

PATTULLO, HON. THOMAS D.—B. 1873; journalist; editor of "The Galt Reformer"; apptd.

secy. to Comanr. of the Yukon, 1897; resigned to enter business in Dawson; later, removed to Prince Rupert, where he took an active interest in municipal affairs, at one time holding the office of mayor; elec. to legis. ass., Brit. Columbia, g.e., 1916; min. of lands in Brit. Columbia cabinet, 1918.

PAUL, A. H. D.—Ed. at Bradfield and Bath colls.; trooper in Matabeleland mtd. pol., 1896; took part in the Jameson raid, 1896; planting in Ceylon, 1896 to 1904; trooper in Ceylon M.I.; dist. supt. of pol., N. Nigeria, 1905; asst. res. 1st Nov., 1908; ag. supt. of agric., Aug., 1911.

PAUL, ROBERT JAMES.—B. 1888; sub-inspr., constab., Trinidad, 9th Sept., 1912; 2nd lieut., Trinidad local forces, 29th Jan., 1913; pay and quartermaster, constab., and senr. supply and transport offr., Trinidad local forces, 21st Nov., 1914, to 9th Oct., 1916, and from 10th Apr. to 31st May, 1917; ag. inspr. of constab. and capt. local forces, 15th Aug., 1915; asst. supt., fire brigade, 24th Nov., 1914, to 14th Nov., 1915, and from 1st Feb. to 31st Mar., 1919; ag. supt., fire brigade, 15th Nov., 1915, to 30th Sep., 1916; J.P. for the colony; ag. chief of police, comdt. local forces, supt. of prison, St. Vincent, 4th Aug., 1919; J.P. for the colony; supt. of pol., Nyasaland, 11th Mar., 1923; ag. contr., pol. and prisons, May, 1925 to Sept., 1926; ag. ch. comanr., pol. and ch. inspr., prisons, Sept., 1926.

PAULIN, GEORGE.—B. 1885; ed. Canterbury Coll., Univ. of New Zealand, B.Sc., 1906; B.Eng., 1908; pupilage with govt. rlys., New Zealand, with city engnr., Christchurch, and with Selwyn county engnr. and engnr.-in-chief, city of Dunedin drainage; engnr.-survr., P.W.D., N. S. Wales, 1910; dist. engnr., Fiji, 1912; res. engnr., Suva harbr. wks., Fiji, 1915.

PAWAN, JAMES LENOX, M.B., Ch.B., Edin.—B. 1887; ent. med. serv., Trinidad, 1st Jan., 1913; dist. med. offr., 8th Mar., 1916; bacteriologist and pathological registrar, 11th Nov., 1923.

PEACOCK, HON. SIR ALEXANDER JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1902).—B. 1861; mem. of Austrn. Federal Convention, 1897-8; premier of Victoria, 1901-2; later chief sec. and min. for labour, Victoria; min. for educn. and labour, Dec., 1913; premier, treas., and min. of justice, 1914; min. for educn., forests and labour, Nov., 1920-27.

PEACOCK, F.—Asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Jan., 1923.

PEARCE, DR. ALEXANDER HUGH BLAXELL.—B. 1882; ed. George Watson's Coll., Edin. Univ. Trin. Coll., Dublin; L.R.C.P. & S., Edin.; L.R.F.P. & S., Glasgow (1904); L.M., Dublin (1906); D.P.H., Dublin Univ., 1918; spec. certif., London Schl. of Trop. Med.; F.R.I. Pub. Health; Fellow of Tropical Society; ag. R.M.O., Seamen's Hosp., Albert Docks; house surg., Lincoln County Hosp.; O.C., Coombe lying-in hosp., Dublin; junr. med. offr., Montserrat, 1907; D.M.O., St. Kitts; res. med. supt., Charitable Institns., Antigua, and health offr., Antigua, 1908; ag. C.G.M.O., Antigua, 1911; col. surg., Falkland Is., 1912; M.L.C. and M.E.C., Falkland Is., dormant coman. to administer govt. of Falklands; pres., bd. of health, Falklands; seconded to R.A.M.C., 1916-1918; capt., R.A.M.C.; served in France and Far East; chief med. offr., Bahamas, 1918; M.L.C.; chmn., hosp. bd., Bahamas Genl. Hosp.

PEARCE, RT. HON. SIR GEORGE FOSTER, K.C.V.O. (1927), P.O. (1921).—Senator for Western Australia in commonwealth parlmnt.; sec. of trades coun. at Perth, 1896; pres., 1899;

returned to first Commonwealth Senate, 1901; re-elected, 1906, and elected chmn. of comtees.; min. of defence, C. of A., Apr., 1910 to June, 1913; at. Imp. Conf., 1911; min. of defence since Sept., 1914; rep. Australia at the Washington Disarmament Conf., 1921; min. for home and territories in Bruce ministry, 1923; vice-pres., exec. coun., June, 1926.

PEARSE, ARTHUR VERNON EYTON.—B. 1891; ed. Haileybury and Clare Coll., Cambridge; war service, E. Africa, 1917-18; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 18th Aug., 1914; dist. comsnr., 1st May, 1926.

PEARSON, FRANCIS MEREDYTH.—B. 1878; ed. Highgate Schl. and Weymouth Coll.; temp. clk., Royal Coman. on Local Taxation, 1900-01; ent. Crown Agent's office, 2nd Dec., 1901; on active service with 9th London Regt., Sept., 1914; lieut., R.A.S.C., June, 1915; capt., June, 1916; O.C., R.A.S.C., Cyprus, Nov., 1916 to July, 1917; O.C., R.A.S.C., Zagazig, Egypt, Oct., 1918 to Feb., 1919; asst. head, appts. dept., C.A., 26th Oct., 1917; dep. head, appts. dept., 1st July, 1921; dep. chmn., overseas panel for employment of ex-service men, ministry of lab., 1927.

PEARSON, JAMES RAE, C.I.E.—B. 1871; schol., St. Paul's Schl. and Clare Coll., Cambridge; ent. I. C. S., 1892; held various Indian appts., 1892-1926; ret., I. C. S., Aug., 1926; sec. for Indian affrs., Fiji, 1927.

PEARSON, JOSEPH, D.Sc. (Liverpool), D.Sc. (Manchester), F.R.S.E., F.L.S.—B. 1881; ed. Liverpool Coll. and Univ. Coll., Liverpool; B.Sc., Victoria Univ. 1st cls. hons., 1902; B.Sc., Liverpool, 1904; M.Sc., 1905; D.Sc., 1908; M.Sc., Manchester, 1920; D.Sc., 1922; dir., Colombo Museum, and marine biologist to Ceylon Govt., 11th Aug., 1910; offr. in charge, pearl fisheries; lecturer in zoology, Univ. Coll., Colombo; editor, "Spolia Zeylanica," "Bulletins of the Ceylon Fisheries," "Memoirs of the Colombo Museum," and author of numerous scientific papers on zoology and oceanography.

PEASE, J. W. K.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Apr., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., Kenya, 1926.

PECK, ERIC FINCH, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)—B. 1891; on war serv. in R.A.M.C., 1914-15; lieut., R.F.A., 1916-18; certif., L.S.T.M., 1922; dist. med. offr., Cyprus, 1922.

PEDLOW, JOSEPH HOWARD, B.A. (N.U.I.)—B. 1889; ed. Queen's Coll., Galway; cadet, S. Stlmts., Dec., 1912; attached Chinese Prot., Penang, Jan., 1913; at Amoy to study Chinese (Hok-kein), Sep., 1913; attached Chinese Prot., Singapore, Mar., 1916; attached treas. for custodian enemy property and war loan work, May, 1916; collr. of war tax, Singapore, in addition, Mar. to June, 1918; pol. mag., Singapore, Aug., 1919; supernmy. offr., cls. IV., Dec., 1919; asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, Sept., 1920; ag. dep. treas., Singapore, Oct., 1920; ag. as asst. treas. and comsnr. of stamps, Penang, Nov., 1920; asst. to atty.-gen., Singapore, Dec., 1920; ag. dep. treas., S. Stlmts., Jan., 1921; offg. asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, June, 1921; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, 24th Oct., 1921; pol. mag., Penang, 31st Oct., 1921; mem., rent assessment bd., Penang, and munic. comsnr., George Town, 4th Nov., 1921.

PEDRAZA, R.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Aug., 1914.

PEEBLES, MAJOR H. W., O.B.E. (1917), D.S.O. (1917).—Joined Canadian M.I., Dec., 1889; 2nd lieut., A.S.C., Sept., 1900; lieut., Nov., 1901; S.

African War, Jan., 1900, to May, 1902 (severely wounded, Queen's medal and four clasps, King's medal and two clasps); res. of offrs., June, 1902; A.D.C. to Brig.-Gen. Sir W. H. Manning, K.C.M.G., C.B., Feb., 1903, to June, 1904; Somaliland campaign, Jan., 1903, to June, 1904 (twice men. in deep., medal and two clasps); A.D.C. and priv. sec. to Sir B. Sweet-Escott, K.C.M.G., gov. of B. Hond., Oct., 1904; local capt., Nov., 1904; commdng. Belize L.I. vols., Dec., 1904; local major, 1906; asst. res., N. Nigeria, Dec., 1905 to Jan., 1907; ag. priv. sec. to Sir E. B. Sweet-Escott, K.C.M.G., gov. of Leeward Is., Oct., 1907; asst. res., N. Nigeria, Mar., 1908; 3rd class res., N. Nigeria, Jan., 1909; resigned on account of ill-health, June, 1909; clk. and priv. sec. to administrator, Dominica, Mar., 1913; raised and commanded Dom. Defence For., Aug., 1914; served with B.E.F. in France from Oct., 1914; ment. in desps., Jan., 1916, Jan., 1917, and May, 1917; awarded D.S.O., June, 1917; ment. in desps., June, 1919; brevet major, June, 1919; D.A.D.O.S., 3rd Army, B.E.F., June, 1916, to Oct., 1917; D.A.D.O.S., Aldershot Command, May, 1918, to 31st May, 1919; comsnr., Virgin Islands, July, 1919; comsnr., Montserrat, 25th Feb., 1922; assumed govt., 4th Mar., 1922.

PEEL, W., C.M.G. (1926), B.A.—B. 1875; ed. Queens' Coll., Cambridge, 11th wrangler, math. tripos., 1896; cadet, S. Stlmts., Oct., 1897; ag. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, Aug. to Dec., 1898; and from Mar., 1899; passed 1st. exam. in Malay, Dec. 1899; dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, Dec., 1901; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., May, 1902; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Nov., 1902 to Jan., 1903 and in Aug., 1903; ag. asst. supt., Indian immigts., Sing., in addn., Aug., 1903; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Sept., 1903; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, Feb., 1906; ag. collr., land rev., Penang, Jan., 1906; dist. offr., Tampin, F.M.S. June, 1908; ag. sec. to res., Selangor, 22nd Oct., 1909; ag. dist. offr., Lower Perak, 21st Feb., 1910; ag. supt., Indian immigts., S.S. and F.M.S., 2nd Mar., 1910; ag. chief asst. dist. offr., Kinta and regis. of titles, South Perak, 21st Oct., 1910; seconded as pres., mun. comsnr., Penang, 1st Jan., 1911; offr., Class III., but remained seconded, 1st Jan., 1912; ag. res. councillor, Penang, in addn., Feb. to Oct., 1917; pres., mun. comsnr., Singapore, July, 1918; offr., Class Ib., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1919; joint passage contrlr., Malaya, in addn., Feb., 1919; seconded as food contrlr., Malaya and chmn., shipping ctee., 26th May, 1919; ag. contrlr., lab., F.M.S. and S.S., 10th Nov., 1920; chmn., European unemployment comtee. in addn., Feb., 1921; contrlr., lab., F.M.S. and S. Stlmts., 4th Feb., 1922; ag. Br. adviser, Kedah, 27th Apr., 1922; Br. adviser, Kedah, 4th Oct., 1922; res. coun., Penang, 9th July, 1926; ag. ch. sec. to govt., F.M.S., May, 1926; ch. sec., F.M.S., June, 1926; offr. administering govt., S.S. and high comsnr., Malay States, May to June, 1927.

PEET, JAMES HERBERT.—B. 1882; clk., audit office, Bahamas, 1904; 4th clk., P.O., 1907; 2nd clk., C.S.O., 1909; 3rd clk., treas. dept., 1910; ch. clk., P.O., 1913; ch. clk. and asst. examg. offr., customs, 1914; comptr. of cust., 4th Apr., 1921; ag. recr.-gen., treas. and temp. mem., exec. coun., 20th Sept. to 8th Nov., 1925 and from 19th Apr., 1926; has held numerous other ag. appts.

PELLETIER, PHILIPPE.—B. 1849; called to the bar, Quebec, 1875; mem. of the coun. of the bar of Montreal, and sec., 1878; a fire comsnr. for

city of Montreal, 1879 to 1887; unsuccessfully contested St. John's in provincial elections, 1886; and Beauharnois in Dominion elections, 1887; ch. clk., sec. of state dept., Canada, 1888; asst.-under-sec. of state of Canada, 1909.

PELLISSIER, S. H., B.A.—B. 1887; ed. Grey Univ. Coll.; vice prin., Boshof, 1914; prin., Ficksburg, 1917; dir., educon., O.F.S., Dec., 1926.

PEMBERTON, ERNEST WILFRED, J.P.—B. 1874; ent. traffic dept., Cape Govt. rlys., 1896; stores dept., 1899; treasy., 1903; audr.-gens. dept., 1906; inland rev. dep., 1910; ag. recr. of rev., Kimberley, 1915; recr. of rev., E. London, 1917; lieut., Cape Peninsula Regt., 1902; res. of offrs., 1913; apptd. to Pretoria Regt. from res. and served in German S.W. Africa campaign, Sept., 1914 to Aug., 1915.

PENGILLEY, ERNEST EDGAR.—B. 1897; ed. Christ's Hoep. (exhibr.) and Exeter Coll., Oxford (class. schol.); lieut., 23rd Batt., Royal Fusiliers, 1917-19 (wounded and prisoner of war); cadet, F.M.S., 12th Jan., 1921; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, 7th Mar., 1921; passed cadet, July, 1922; addnl. mag., Kuala Lumpur in addn., Aug., 1922; sec. Selangor rubber restric. comtee. in addn., Oct., 1922; passport offr. in addn., Dec., 1922; offr., cls. V., Jan., 1924; asst. dist. offr., Rembau, Feb., 1924; attd. to C.O., Nov., 1925 to May, 1926; asst. collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur and dep. regisr., titles, Selangor, 18th June, 1926; dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Apr., 1927.

PENNEFATHER, CHARLES EDWARD DE FONBLANQUE.—B. 1885; clk., Gilbert and Ellise Is. Prot., 1908; clk. of peace, 1910; sub-inspr. of constab., Fiji, 1910; inspr., ditto, 1912; dist. comsnr., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., Rewa, and gov. comsnr., Naitasiri, 1914-15; ag. dist. comsnr., Colo East, 1917-18; ag. ch. inspr., Fiji constab., ag. ch. pol. mag., regisr.-gen., regisr. of sup. ct., regisr. of titles, pub. trustee, regisr. of companies, cust. of enemy property, and cur. of intestate and vacant estates, 1918; dist. comsnr., 1922.

PENNINGTON, ARTHUR LAWRENCE, B.A.—B. 1901; ed. Newbury Gram. Schl. and Kebble Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 4th Sept., 1925.

PENTELOW, WILLIAM CYRIL DOUGHTY, B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1903; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1925; attd., Matara kach., Jan., 1926; ditto, Nuwara Eliya kach., June, 1926; ag. office asst., Kegalle kach., Dec., 1926.

PEPYS, WALTER EVELYN.—B. 1885; ed. at Malvern and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1907; M.A., 1910; cadet, F.M.S. civ. serv., 1908; ag. asst. dist. offr., Pekan, Apr., 1910; ag. asst. sec. to res., Perak, Jan., 1911; passed cadet, June 1911; cls. V., Jan., 1912; dist. offr., Jelebu, Apr., 1912; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, June, 1913; ag. mag., cent. ct., Kelantan, and state auditor, Mar., 1914; on duty with Kelantan detachmt., Malay States Guides, 15th to 31st May, 1915; dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, 1st June, 1915; ag. supt. of lands, Kelantan, and chmn., conservancy bd., Aug. to Dec., 1917; dist. offr., Pasir Puteh, Jan., 1918; offr., cls. IV., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1918; ag. supt. of lands, Kelantan and chmn., conservancy bd. in addition, May, 1918; ag. Br. adviser Trengganu, Nov., 1919 to Jan., 1920; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, July, 1920; offr., class III., F.M.S., Nov., 1920; federal secretariat for sp. duty, Aug., 1921; ag. commr. lands, Trengganu, Mar., 1922; ag. asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Sept., 1922; ag. sec., res., Selangor, May, 1925; offr., cls. II, Nov., 1925; asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Nov., 1925.

PERCEVAL, SIR WESTBY BROOK, K.C.M.G. (1894).—B. 1854; was mem. for Christchurch City in legis. assem., of N. Zealand; chmn. of comtees. in 1890; agt.-gen. for the col. in England, 1891-96; called to bar, Mid. Tem., 1878; Roy. comsr. for Chicago Exhibit., 1893; agt.-gen. for Tasmania, 1896 to 1899.

PERCY, H. VANE (formerly Baumgartner).—B. 1883; ed., Bedford Grammar Schl.; clk., land settlt. dept., O.R.C., 16th Oct., 1902; clk. and typist audit dept., 2nd Dec., 1902; clk., audit dept., 1st July, 1904; examr. of acct., audit dept., 1st Jan., 1908; jnr. asst. treas., G. Coast, 1st Jan., 1914; asst. treas., 25th Apr., 1917.

PERDUE, CECIL GRAHAM.—B. 1891; ed. Trin. Coll., Dublin; police probationer, Hong Kong, Nov., 1912; passed in Chinese, 1915; attached to Punjab police, 1915-16; passed in Urdu, 1916; temp. 2nd lieut., Indian army reserve, 1916-19; ag. asst. supt. police, Hong Kong, 1919; ag. deputy supt., police, 1919 and in 1926; J.P., 1920; asst. supt., pol., 1920; asst. census offr., 1921; ag. dir., criminal intelligence, 1924; ag. dep. supt., pol., 1927.

PERDUE, HON. WM. ECKERTON, B.A.—B. 1850; ed. Brampton high schl. and Toronto Univ.; called to the bar, Ontario, 1879; called to the bar, Manitoba, 1882; judge, ct. of King's Bench, Manitoba, 1903; judge, ct. of appeal, Manitoba, 1906; ch. just. of Manitoba, 1918.

PEREIRA, ROBERT JAMES.—B. 1869; apptd. to cls. V. Ceylon civ. ser., May, 1920; extra office asst., Colombo Kachcheri, May, 1920.

PERERA, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.—B. 1901; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1925; attd., Colombo kach., Jan., 1926; ditto, Anuradhapura kach., Apr., 1926.

PERERA, CONRAD BONIFACE PETER, B.Sc. (Lond.).—B. 1903; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Feb., 1927; attd., Badulla kach., Mar., 1927.

PERERA, THEODORE DUNCAN.—B. 1895; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., local divn., Aug., 1919; attd. to Kurunegala Kach., Aug., 1919; Jaffna Kach., Dec., 1919; ag. pol. mag., Puttalam, June, 1920; pol. mag., Avisawella, July, 1921; ag. pol. mag., W. Prov., Feb., 1923; asst. comsnr. of stamps, July, 1923; pol. mag., Pt. Pedro, Oct., 1926; asst. comsnr., stamps, Nov., 1926.

PEREZ, JOSEPH LEON MATHIEU, LL.B.—B. 1896; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1917; dep. regisr.-gen., Trinidad, Oct., 1927.

PERKINS, ARTHUR JAMES.—B. 1871; Diplômé de l'école Nationale d'Agriculture de Montpellier, 1890; management of farm estates, Tunisia, 1890-2; prof. of viticulture and oenology, S. Aust., 1892; sec. for agriculture, 1902-1904; prin. of agric. coll. and prof. of viticulture and oenology, 1904; dir. of agric., 1914.

PERKINS, CHARLES JAMES, I.S.O. (1927).—B. 1872; ed. Westbury and Melksham Grammar Schl.s; dipl. in surveying, Queensland, 1896; govt. survr., Queensland, 1899-1904; survr., F.M.S., Feb., 1904; staff appt., Sept., 1904; asst. supt., 1906; supt., 1919; ag. asst. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S.S., 1920-21; ag. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S.S., 1920-21 and Jan., 1924; asst. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S.S., 1922; served R. Fusiliers, Mar., 1915 to Aug., 1916; B.E.F., France; M.S.V.E., 1906-10; M.V.I., 1916; capt. and 2nd in commd., Selangor Unit.; ag. offr., commdg., 1923-24; ag. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S.S., Jan., 1924; asst. survr.-gen., F.M.S. and S.S., Oct., 1924.

PERKINS, HUGH WHARTON, C.B.E.—B. 1886; ed. Berkhamsted Sch.; on active serv., Nov., 1914; D.A.R.T., June, 1915; temp. major, July, 1916; temp. lieutenant-col. and asst. dir., rly. transport, Nov., 1917; C.B.E. (mil.), June, 1918; demob., Nov., 1919; ag. traf. man., F.M.S. rlys., Feb., 1925; traf. man., F.M.S. rlys., Oct., 1925.

PERKINS, LEICESTER GRANT.—B. 1890; ed. privately and Harrison Coll., Barbados; clk., post office, Barbados, Jan., 1909; 5th clk., audit office, Mar., 1911; 2nd clk., registr. office, Nov., 1913; clk. to master in chancery, May, 1914; 4th clk., savings bank, Jan., 1915; 2nd-lieut., Imperial Army, 30th Mar., 1917, served during the war in Egypt and Palestine with 2nd B.W.I. Regt.; 1st-lieut., 1st Oct., 1918; 1st clk., Barbados savings bank, Aug., 1919; 2nd grade super. of customs, Nigeria, Feb., 1920.

PERKINS, PHILIP HAROLD.—B. 1891; ed. Dudley Schl.; apptd. after compet. exam., clk., G.P.O., 1907; on mil. serv., 4th Aug., 1914 to 22nd Oct., 1920; comdt., German prisoners of war camp, France, 1917; dep. asst. prov. marshal, 1919; capt., reserve of officers; loaned to C.O., 2nd May, 1921; apptd. cler. offr. and assigned to C.O., 1st Aug., 1921.

PERLEY, HON. SIR GEORGE HALSEY, K.C.M.G. (1915).—B. 1857; ed. Ottawa gram. schl., St. Paul's schl., Concord, N.H., and Harvard Univ.; B.A., 1878; elec. to H. of C. Canada (Argenteuil) 1904; re-elec., 1908 and 1911; chief conservative whip, 1911; mem. of privy coun. for Canada and min. without portfolio in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; ag. high comsur. in London, 1914; min. of overseas mil. forces, 1916; high comsur., 1917; joint comsur. and plenipotentiary of Canada to sign Peace Treaties, 1919; Canadian del. to League of Nations Assembly, 1921; resigned high comsurship, 1922.

PERRY, SIR ALLAN, KT. BACH. (1904); M.D. (Durham); D.P.H. (Lon.); M.R.C.S. Eng.; L.S.A. Lond.—B. 1860; prin. civ. med. offr. and inspr.-gen. of hoeps., Ceylon; prin. of Ceylon med. coll., 10th Dec., 1897; major R.A.M.C. (retired); mem. municipal coun., Colombo; late pres. Ceylon branch Br. med. assoc.; del. for Ceylon to Internat. Leprosy Conf., Bergen, 1909; ret., 1915.

PERRY, B. C. G.—B. 1886; apptd. after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. serv., and assigned to C.O., 9th Apr., 1906; cler. offr., higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922.

PERRY, GEORGE McREDDIE, M.B., C.M., Glasgow, and St. Mary's hoep., London, F.R.G.S.—Asst. col. surg., Lagos, Oct., 1893; ag. col. surg., Feb. to Mar., 1894; ag. asst. col. sec., May, 1894; med. offr. to expdn. to Idusan mountains; sen. asst. col. surg., Aug., 1895; ag. col. surg., 1895.

PERRYMAN, PERCY WILBRAHAM, O.B.E. (1926), M.B.E. (1919), F.R.G.S.—B. 1885; ed. Eton and Balliol Coll., Oxford; asst. dist. comsur., Uganda, Dec., 1908; dist., comsur., Sept., 1916; senr. asst. sec., Mar., 1920; asst., ch. sec., Uganda, June, 1923.

PERSSSE, CAPT. EDMUND MATURIN, M.C. (1918), F.R.G.S., B. of O., W. Yorks. Regt.—B. 1890; ed. Bedford Mod. Schl.; asst. dist. comsur., Uganda, Oct., 1919; dist. comsur., Apr., 1925.

PERTH, ARCHBISHOP OF, MOST REV. CHAS. OWEN LEAVER RILEY, D.D., Cantab.—B. 1854; vicar of St. Paul's, Preston, Lancs., 1885-1894; bishop of Perth, W. Aust., 1894; created archbishop, 1914.

PETERS, BENARD R., M.B.E., A.M.I.C.E.—Asst. engr., E.A.P., 1914-15; exec. engr., Tanganyika, 1919; ag. dep. D.P.W. in 1926 and 1927.

PETRIDES, PHILIP BERTIE.—B. 1881; ed. Dulwich Coll.; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1906; joined Midland Circ. and Birmingham and cent. crim. court sess., 1906; legal adviser and crown prosecutor, Seychelles, 22nd Jan., 1916; ex-officio mem. exec. and legis. couns.; ag. chief just., 23rd July, 1916, to 20th Mar., 1917, 13th May, 1918 to 8th Oct., 1918, and from 23rd Dec., 1918 to 11th Nov., 1919; temp. empd., C.O., Feb. to Apr., 1920; ch. just., Seychelles, 10th June, 1920; admstd. govt., 13th Mar., 1921 to Sept., 1922; atty.-gen., Nyasaland Prot., 1924; ag. judge, May to Dec., 1925; puisne judge, Nigeria, 1926.

PETRIE, GEORGE MELVIN.—Joined Beh. Prot. pol., June, 1910; treasury. clk., 1922; acct., 1924; ag. finan. sec., master and registrar., deeds, 1925.

PHILIPS, HUGH RICHARD.—Ed. Weymouth Coll. and Queen's Coll., Oxford; local auditor, Niger Coast Prot., 27th Oct., 1894; asst. auditor, E. Africa Prot., 9th Dec., 1896; local auditor, Uganda, 29th Apr., 1897; served in Uganda mutiny (medal and clasp); local auditor, E. Africa and Uganda rlys., 26th Dec., 1901; auditor, Hong Kong, 1st Nov., 1904; J.P., 1905; hon. auditor, Hong Kong Univ., 2nd May, 1911.

PHILIPPS, JAMES ERASMUS TRACT, Capt. The Rifle Brigade (Reg. Army R. of O.), M.C. (1916), Ordre de la Couronne of Belgium (1921), B.A., B. Litt., F.R.G.S., F.R.A.I.—B. 1888; ed. Marlborough Coll., Oxford and Durham Univ., of which was under-graduate representative at the Congress of Univs. of the Empire, London, 1912; editor of Durham Univ. Journal; hon. sec., D.U.B.C.; pres. of the Union; lieut. 1912; asst. dist. comsur. and addnl. dist. magis., Uganda, 1912; asst. intelligence offr., E. Africa Exped. Force, from 8th Aug., 1914, attached K.A.R.; commanding 2,000 armed levies and scouts, from 9th Sept., 1914 (wounded and ment. in desps.); admstd. Kifumbiro (Bukoba) area of occupied territory from 5th Sept., 1914, under martial law; polit. offr. on staff of Major-Gen. J. M. Stewart, C.B., Bukoba Exped. Forces, from 15th June, 1915 (ment. in desps.); capt., Kagera Command Staff, Jan., 1916; chief polit. offr., Uganda area and N.W. Provs., Tanganyika during operations, 17th Jan., 1916; chief intelligence offr. (G.S.O.3), on staff of the Lake Command, E.A.E.F., to Tabora, from 4th Aug., 1916; Mily. Cross, 1916; in charge of polit. mission in British and Belgian areas of conquered territory, Nov., 1916, to Mar., 1917, when invalidated; empl. intell. duties, W.O., June to Aug., 1917; attd. Admy. War Staff, intell. div., Aug. to Oct., 1917; employed by F.O. to Abyssinia, 1918; on special duty in Sudan, 1918; raised two companies Somalis and Abyssinians for K.A.R. in French and Abyssinian territory, Apr., 1918; ag. dist. comsur., Kigali, British Ruanda, and dist. mag. Kabale, Feb., 1919; made expdn. across Africa from E. to W. via Lake Kivu through Belgian, French and Portuguese territories; Br. comsur. for Russian Red Cross in Russia, 1921; Br. relief comsur., S. Russia, under the L. of N., 1922; mem. of Br. comtee. for Moslem refugees, Turkey, 1922; "Times" war corres. in Greco-Turkish war, 1922; liaison offr. with French troops and with Greek forces of occupation in Turkey, 1923; mem.

Greco-Bulgarian frontier enquiry, 1923; seconded to Sudan govt. as asst. dir. of intelligence, Khartoum, 1924; comsnr., Tembura dist., French frontier, 1925; publications, "Pan-Islam in Africa," "Cape to Cairo developments"; "Ruanda" (1919); "The Nabingi" (1919); "A Kinya-Ruanda Vocabulary" (1920); "Ethiopianism" (1921); "The Turkish Emigration from Thrace" (1922); "The Religion of the Niam-Niam (Zande) People" (1926).

PHILLIPS, C. H., L.M.S.S.A. (Lond.).—Tempy. lieut., R.A.M.C., Jan., 1915 (General List); med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1920.

PHILLIPS, HAROLD ERNEST.—B. 1877; clk. to auditor, B. Honduras, Oct., 1892; 5th clk., treasury, customs and P.O. depts., June, 1893; 4th clk., Feb., 1894; 3rd clk., treasury and cust. dept., 16th May, 1897; 2nd clk., June, 1898; 2nd clk., C.S.O., Sept., 1900; ag. dist. comsnr., Stann Creek, 1905; ch. clk. and clk. of couns., Jan., 1906; priv. sec. to gov. Sir E. Swayne, 1909-10; to gov. Collett, 1911-13; to ag. gov., Walter, 1916; ag. comsnr. of currency, 18th Feb., 1911; ag. treasr., collr. of cust., 1911-14 and 1917-20; ag. col. sec., 1920; Br. Honduras del. to Canada-W. Indies Confce., Ottawa, June, 1920; asst. col. sec., Apr., 1921; comsnr. and judge, Turks and Caicos Is., 25th June, 1923.

PHILLIPS, TREVOR STANLEY, B.A.—Ed., Llandovery Coll., and Jesus Coll., Oxford; jur. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 5th Sept., 1914; attached, Nigeria Regt., 1917-18.

PHILLIPS, WILLIAM AUSTIN, M.B.E. (M). 1919.—B. 1873; ent. C.A., 1890; ch. inspr. of stamps, 1908; dep. head, pay office, 1908; capt., 13th London Regt., 1914; major, 1917; dep. regier., C.A., 1920; dep. head, finance dept., 1921; acctnt., Palestine currency bd., 1926; head, pay dept., 1927.

PHILLIPSON, SYDNEY.—B. 1892; on mil. serv., May, 1915; cadet Ceylon civil serv., Nov., 1919; attchd. to Kandy Kach., Dec., 1919; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Apr., 1921; pol. mag., Matara, Sept., 1922; office asst., Kurunegala kach., July, 1924; asst. contr., rev., custodian, enemy property and contr., local clearing office, in addn., Jan., 1925; sec., salaries comtee., Nov., 1926.

PHOEBUS, GEORGE JUSTUS BRANDT.—B. 1869; apptd., cls. V. Ceylon civ. serv., June, 1925; extra office asst. to col. sec., June, 1925.

PICKERING, G. H.—Town mag., E.A.P., 1910; ag. 2nd puisne judge, 1915; puisne judge, 1917.

PICKWOOD, HOWELL.—Ed. at Bedford Mod. sch.; clk., atty.-gen.'s off., Br. Hond., Nov., 1891; 3rd cust. offr., 12th Aug., 1898; 4th clk., treasury and cust., and clk. to comsrs. of currency, 27th Dec., 1901; 2nd grade cust. and excise offr., Aug., 1903; col. branch of exchequer and audit dept., 21st Oct., 1904; asst. treasr., E. Africa Prot., 26th June, 1905; dep. treasr., Kenya, Jan., 1922; recr. gen., Mauritius, Oct., 1923.

PICKWOOD, HUGH FREDERICK.—B. 1878; comsnr. (4th div.), Bahamas, 1909; ditto (3rd div.), 1914; ditto (2nd div.), 11th Sept., 1923.

PIENAAR, ANDRIES GUSTAF ERLANK.—Clk. of ct., Lichtenburg, July, 1902; ag. pub. prosecutor, Feb., 1903; pub. prosecutor, June, 1903; ag. asst. res. mag., Feb., 1904; ch. clk. and ag. asst. res. mag., Nov., 1905; addnl. asst. res. mag., Krugersdorp, Sept., 1906; res. mag. and native comsnr., Waterberg, Nov., 1910; res. mag., Ermelo, Apr., 1912; senr. mag., Germiston, May,

1920; pub. serv. inspr., Sept., 1921; mag., Louis Trichardt dept. of just., Aug., 1924; sec. for int., Dec., 1924; chmn., pub. serv. coms., 2nd Aug., 1926.

PIENAAR, CHARLES ISAAC.—B. 1878; ed. Gill Coll., Cape Prov.; served with Boer forces in Anglo-Boer War, 1899-1902; admitted solr., etc., 1904; ent. Transvaal law dept. as head, litigation branch, 1909; after Union became the offl. govt. atty., Union of S. Africa, 1910; seconded as S. African comsnr. of commerce for continent of Europe, 1924.

PIERIS, PAULUS EDWARD, Samarasinha Sewardhana, M.A., Trin. Coll., Camb., 1895, L.L.M., D.Litt. (Cantab.).—Barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1896; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 1896; asst. to govt. agt., Colombo, 1898; pol. mag., Panadura, 1899; dist. judge, Ratnapura, 1899; asst. to govt. agt., Galle, 1901; ag. dist. judge, Matara, Mar., 1903; office asst. to govt. agt., Galle, June, 1903; asst. comsnr., St. Louis exhibn., Feb., 1904; dist. judge, Kegalle, Mar., 1905; ditto, Kalutara, Mar., 1906; ag. regier.-gen., Dec., 1910; ag. dist. judge, Kurunegala, May, 1912; comsnr. of requests, Colombo, Nov., 1912; ag. dist. judge, Kandy, Nov., 1913; dist. judge, Galle, June, 1914; ditto, Jaffna, Dec., 1915; ag. dist. judge, Colombo, Mar., 1919; ditto, Kandy, Apr., 1920; dist. judge, Kandy, July, 1921.

PIERS, FRANCIS A.—B. 1882; sub-inspr., Basutoland mounted pol., 1910; inspr., 1923.

PIETERSZ, JOSEPH LUCKERT.—Ent. pub. serv., Jamaica, 10th Dec., 1885; 3rd cls. clk., 1st judge, 1888; 1st cls. clk., 1st Feb., 1909; senr. clk. and inspg. offr., 1st July, 1918; ch. clk., 1st Aug., 1920; dep. audr.-gen., 1st Aug., 1921.

PIGGOTT, CHARLES FRANCIS LOVELL, M.A.—B. 1890; ed. Dean Close Schl. and Univ. Coll., Oxford; asst. sec., Tanganyika Territory, 1919-22; supt. educn., dept., N. Prov., Nigeria, 17th May, 1922.

PIGGOTT, SIR FRANCIS TAYLOR, KT. BACH. (1905).—Barrister-at-law; employed by F.O. on special service in 1887; legal adv. to prim. min., Japan, Nov., 1887; sec. to att.-gen. Sir C. Russell (afterwards Lord Russell of Killowen) during Behring Sea arbitrn., 1893-4; proc.-gen., Mauritius, 1894; ag. ch. just., 1895 to 1897; ch. just., Hong Kong, 27th Apr., 1905; ret., 1912; recd. thanks of coun. of govt. for ser. in connection with planters' loans, 1902; author of "Nationality and Naturalization," "Exterritoriality," "Extradition," "Foreign Judgments and Jurisdiction," "Law of Torts," and "Imperial Statutes applicable to the Colonies."

PILBEAM, S. A.—B. 1899; entd. C.O., Jan., 1915; passed asst. clk.'s exam., July, 1916; on military service from 18th July, 1917, to 10th Mar., 1919; assigned to C.O. as asst. clk., Apr., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan. 1920; ag. cler. offr., higher grade, 10th Oct., 1925.

PILLING, HENRY GUY.—B. 1886; ed. King's Schl., Ely, and Keble Coll., Oxford; M.A., 1911; cadet, Fiji, 1907; passed cadet, 1910; 2nd grade dist. comsnr., 1914; mem., Indian Franchise Coman., 1920; ag. asst. col. sec., 1920; asst. col. sec., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. sec., W. Pacific high coms., 21st Mar., 1924; sec., W. Pacific high coman., 1926.

PINHORN, R. H., M.A., O.B.E.—B. 1871; ed. Wolverhampton Schl. and Keble Coll., Oxford; 2nd cls. hons., mod. hist., 1895; Oxf. Univ. dipl. in educn., 1911; asst. mast., R.

Masonic Schl., Bushey, 1896-1904; headmaster, Free Schl., Penang, 1904; J.P. for Penang; O.B.E. "for services to education," 1923.

PINK, HERBERT JOHN.—Paymr. lieut., R.N.R.; fellow, Royal Economic Soc.; fellow, Royal Statistical Soc.; ed. Portsmouth Coll.; asst. treas., Kenya, and in charge income tax dept., 1920-23; col. treas., St. Helena, 1923; J.P. St. Helena, Feb., 1924.

PINNEY, CAPT. CHAS. ROBERT, M.C. (1917).—B. 1883; ed. Essendon Grammar Schl.; draughtsman, lands dept., Papua, 1906; on war serv., A.I.F., 1914-20; wounded; transfd. R. of O. C.M.F., 1920; ch. draughtsman, Papua, 1920; staff survr. in addn., 1924; ag. comsnr., lands, ag. dir., mines, ag. dir., agr. and prov. mem., land bd., 1927.

PIRIE, D. A.—B. 1886; clk. Burgher camps, Transvaal, 1902; treasr., 1903; prin. clk. treasr., Union of S. Africa, 1920; sec. mil. pensions bd., treasr., 1920.

PIROW, HANS, D.Sc., M.Inst.M.M., D.I.C., vice-pres., Geol. Soc. of S.A.; mem., coun., Chem. Met. and Min. Soc., and S.A. Assoc. for the Adv. of Science.—B. 1892; ed. S. Africa and on continent; grad., S.A. and London; various off. capacities on Witwatersrand gold mines, 1911-1919; govt. research schol., 1919-20; asst. inspr., mines, 1920; dominion sci. schol., London, 1924; G.M.E., Dec., 1926; is also chmn., mining leases bd. and elec. control bd., assessor mem., research grant bd. and statistical coun.; ag. sec., mines and industries, 1927.

PITOT, LÉON EMILE.—B. 1866; govt. survr. and supt. of pub. wks., Seychelles, 11th Apr., 1889; govt. engr. and architect, Mauritius, Apr., 1891; gen. man. of rlwy. and engineer, Mauritius, 14th Sept., 1896.

PITT, WALTER JAMES, B.A.—B. 1875; ed. Downing Coll., Cambridge (modern and medieval language trips); ent. Middle Temple, Jan., 1919; passed Bar final exam., Dec., 1920; headmr., Cape Coast Govt. Schl., 1910; inspr. of schls., 1912; prov. inspr. of schls., 1914; attd. to polit. serv., Gold Coast, 4th Aug., 1914; asst. dist. comsnr., 25th July, 1917; dist. comsnr., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. prov. comsnr., W. Prov., Ashanti, Feb.-Nov., 1920.

PITTMAN, WILLIAM.—B. 1878; ed. S. African Coll. and Wadham Coll., Oxon; B.A. (Univ. S.A.), M.A. (Oxon); called to bar, Middle Temple, 1903; admitted to Cape (1904) and Transvaal (1905) bars; dean of faculty of law, Univ. S.A., 1918-25; K.C., 1924; judge, sup. ct., S. Africa eastern dists. local divn., 1925; mem., delimitation coms., 19th July, 1927.

PLACE, C. GODFREY M., D.S.O. (1917), M.C. (1916), B.A., LL.B.—B. 1886; ed. St. Columba's Coll. and Dublin Univ. (modr. and silver metallist, legal and polit. science, gold metallist, coll. hist. soc.); called to Irish Bar, 1909; asst. examr. of titles, land regisr., 1910-14; served European War, E. Surrey Regt. (ment. in desps.); major, res. of offrs.; examr. of titles, land regisr. of Ireland, 1919; dist. mag., Uganda, 1921; asst. to atty.-gen., Dec., 1924; asst. atty.-gen., N. Rhodesia, 1926.

PLANT, GEORGE FREDERIC, C.B.E. (1927).—B. 1877; ed. Manchester Gram. Schl. and Brasenose Coll. (scholar, 1896); 1st cl. class. mode., 1898; B.A., 1900; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 1901; off. asst., Kurunegala, 1902; off. asst., Galle, 1904; pol. mag., Avissawella, 1905; dist. judge, Ratnapura, Apr., 1906; ditto, Matara, Dec., 1906; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, May, 1909; temporarily employed

in C.O. London, May, 1915, to Dec., 1918; sec. oversea settlement comtee., Jan., 1919; permanently transferred to Home civ. serv., Sept., 1919; mem., oversea settlement delegation to Canada, 1924.

PLATTS, HAROLD CLAYTON, M.C., B.Sc. (Eng.), Assoc. M.Inst. C.E.—B. 1899; ed. London Univ., 1916-17 and 1919-21; served H.M. Forces, 1917-19; lieut., Royal Engineers, 1918; on active serv., N. Russia; M.C., 1919; B.Sc. (Engrg.) honrs., London, 1921; asst. engr., Zanibar Prot., 21st Feb., 1922; mem., Inst. of R. Engrs., 1923; assoc. mem., Inst. of Civ. Engrs., 1925; ag. dist. engr., 17th Oct., 1926; ag. A.D.P.W., 17th July, 1925 and 15th Feb., 1926; dist. engr., 20th Aug., 1925; exec. engr., P.W.D., Tanganyika Territory, 1927.

PLATTS, SHEKLEY ABDEEN.—B. 1899; ed. Bedford Schl.; passed army entrance exam.; "King's India cadetship," 1917; gazetted 2/9th Gurka Rifles; 3rd Afghan War, 1919; attd. 2/11th Gurka Rifles and 4/70th Burma Rifles, Burma, 1921; cadet, admstv. service, Tanganyika Territory, 21st May, 1926.

PLATTS, W. A. F.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., 15th Feb., 1907; dist. comsnr., Apr., 1913.

PLOWMAN, CLIFFORD HENRY FITZHERBERT, B.A. (class. trips), 1911, F.R.G.S.—B. 1889; ed. at King's Schl., Ely, and Trin. Coll., Camb.; asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Mar., 1912; pol. offr., Turkana Expedn., 1915 (A.G.S. Med. with clasp); ag. offr. in charge, Northern Frontier Dist., 1919-20; seconded to F.O. as H.B.M. Vice-Consul, Harar, Abyssinia, 1920; H.B.M. Consul on transfer Harar Consulate to C.O., 1922; transfd., Somaliland, 1922; H.B.M. chargé d'affaires, Addis Ababa, 26th Dec., 1925 to 24th Jan., 1926; 2nd cl., Star of Ethiopia; has passed E. Africa law exam. and Swahili and Boran Galla languages.

PLOWMAN, HON. SIR GEORGE THOMAS, KT. BAOH. (1923), C.M.G. (1908).—Clk. and shorthand writer, col. sec.'s office, Natal, 1890; 1st clk., 1891; ch. clk., 1894; sec. to civ. ser. bd.; asst. under-sec., 1898; sec. to prime min., July, 1901; sec., lands and works, Nov., 1901; mem., civ. ser. bd., 1901; sec. to prime min.; acctg. offr., rlws. and harbors., 1st July, 1906; prov. sec., Natal Prov., 1910; dep. admsntr., Natal Prov., Aug.-Nov., 1913, and from Aug., 1917; mem. prov. admsntr. coms., 1915; admsntr., Natal, 1918.

PLUMER, FIELD-MARSHAL RT. HON. BARON, SIR HERBERT CHARLES OSNLOW PLUMER, G.C.B. (1918), G.C.M.G. (1916), G.C.V.O. (1917), G.B.E. (1924), A.D.C.—B. 1857; served in Soudan expedn. 1884, 4th cl. Medjidie, operations in S. Africa, 1896; S. African War, 1899-1902; A.D.C. to King Edward VII., 1901-2; Q.M.G. to the forces; 1904-5; comdg. 5th divn., Irish command, 1906-9, G.O.C.-in-C., Northern command, 1911-14, comdg. 2nd Army, British exped. force, France, 1915-17; G.O.C.-in-C., British forces in Italy, 1917; gov., Malta, 10th June, 1919; high comsnr., Palestine, 1925; gen., 1915; A.D.C. Gen. to the King, 1917; col., York and Lanca. Regt., 1917; Grand Officer, Legion of Honour; Grand Officer, ss. Maur. and Laz. (Italy); Grand Officer, Order of Leopold, and Croix de Guerre (Belgium).

POLE-EVANS, ILLYD BULLER, C.M.G. (1921), M.A. (Cantab.), D.Sc. (Wales), F.L.S.—B. 1879; ed. Cowbridge Gram. Schl. and Univ. of Wales and Cambridge; mycologist, Transvaal, 1905; ch., divn. of mycology and plant pathology, 1911; ch., divn. of botany and plant pathology, 1912; dir., botanical survey of S. Africa, 1918; pres.,

S. African Assocn. for Advancement of Science, 1920; ch., divn. of botany, horticulture and entomology, 1927; author of many scientific papers.

POLLARD, ARNOLD.—B. 1893; ed. Heles Schl., Exeter; active serv., R.N.A.S. and R.N.R., 1915-19; col. audit dept., 2nd Feb., 1920; asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920; asst. audr., Kenya, 30th May, 1924; ag. senr. asst. audr. on several occasions in Tanganyika and Kenya; audr., Windward Is., 2nd Jan., 1926.

POLLONAIIS, CHARLES ADRIEN, I.S.O. (1925).—B. 1862; entered civ. serv., Trinidad, 27th Mar., 1882; asst. rec.-gen., 1st Apr., 1907; asst. treas., July, 1923; has acted as recr.-gen. and treas. on several occasions.

POMARE, HON. SIR MAUI, M.D., Chicago, U.S.A., K.B.E. (1922), C.M.G. (1920).—B. 1876; educ. Boys' High Schl., Christchurch; gov't. health offr. to Maoris, 1901; entd. New Zealand parltm., 1911; mem. of exec. coun., representing native race, 1912; also min. of Cook Islands since 1916; min. of health, 1923-26.

POOLK, HENRY BRADISH.—Joined Bechuana-land Prot. pol., 1914; ag. sub-inspr., 1914; sp. J.P., 1916; ag. asst. res. mag., 1920; ag. res. mag., 1920; ag. regisr. of brands and ag. ch. clk. and regisr., 1924; passed 3rd grade Secwana exam., 1925.

POOLEY, CHARLES EDWARD.—B. 1903; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 22nd Oct., 1920.

POPE, FREDERICK SIDNEY.—B. 1869; educ. Wellington Boys' Coll., New Zealand; served in gov't. rly. dept., N. Zealand, 1886-1900; dept. of agric., 1900-1909; sec. for agriculture, industries and commerce, 1909-1918; asst. director-gen. of agric., 1918.

POPHAM, HENRY BRADSHAW, M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1881; ed. Tonbridge Schl.; comsn., 13th Light Infy., 1900; served, S. African War (2 meda.); seconded, G. Coast regt., 1906; priv. sec. and A.D.C. to ag. gov't., G. Coast, Mar. to Aug., 1909; col. sec.'s office, Jan., 1910; priv. sec. to ag. gov't., Feb. to June, 1911; ag. ch. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., July to Aug., 1913; ag. senr. asst. col. sec., Oct., 1913; dist. comsnr., Jan., 1914; seconded to Togoland polit. admstrn., Nov., 1914; senr. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., Jan., 1920; ag. ch. asst. col. sec., Sept., 1920 to Feb., 1921; dep. prov. comsnr. and ag. comsnr., W. Prov., Feb. 1921; prov. comsnr., Apr., 1922; retd. (invalided) May, 1923; comsnr., Cyprus, Oct., 1925.

POTTS, JOHN WILFRED.—Served in Bechuana-land Prot. pol., 1912-15; clk., 1915; ag. asst. res. mag., 1920; ag. res. mag., 1920 and 1922-23; passed civ. ser. lower law exam., 1919; passed 2nd grade Secwana exam., 1922; sub. inspr., Bechuana-land Prot. pol., 1924.

POU, WILLIAM OSCAR, M.D. Mich., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (London).—B. 1876; C.M.O., Natal, 1901-02; regisr. and senr. res. med. offr., Seaman's Hosp., London; Schl. of Trop. Med., 1904-06; health offr., Pahang, Apr., 1921.

POUGNET, EDOUARD DESBARRIERES, A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E.—Pub. wks. dept., Mauritius, Jan., 1888; asst. water authority, Meh., 1898; inspr. of water wks., July, 1903; gov't. survr., Meh., 1911; supt. of pub. wks. and survr. of roads, St. Kitts, Apr., 1914; in service of French gov't., in France during the war.

POULIER, REGINALD SYDNEY VERNON.—B. 1894; B.A., Lond.; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., local

divn., Aug., 1919; attached to Galle Kach., Aug., 1919; pol. mag., Matale, Feb., 1922; ag. dist. judge, Tangalla, Mar., 1923; addnl. dist. judge, Mannar and Mullaitivu, Oct., 1924; addnl. asst. gov't. agt., Colombo, Dec., 1925.

POUNTNEY, ARTHUR MEEK, O.M.G. (1923).—B. 1873; ed. Univ. Coll., Oxford; B.A.; cadet, F.M.S., 1896; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, 1903; ag. prot. of Chinese, Perak, 1904; ag. off. assignee, 1906; ag. prot. of Chinese, Selangor, 1906; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, Penang, 1909; supt. of census, F.M.S., 1910; ag. prot. of Chinese, Selangor, 1912; treasr., S. Settmts., 1st Feb., 1914; on spl. duty in connection with war tax, Jan., 1917; offy. collr.-gen., war tax, Mar., 1917; war services recog. by sec. of state, Nov., 1918; treasr., Dec., 1918; custodian of enemy property in addition, Dec., 1918; pres., Straits mercantile marine service comsn., May, 1919; finan. adviser to gov'ts. of Straits Settmts. and F.M.S. in addition, 27th Oct., 1921.

POUSSETTE, HENRY RIVINGTON.—B. 1872; ed. Sarnia Pub. Sch., Upper Can. Coll., Royal Mily. Coll., Kingston, and Sch. of Prac. Science, Toronto; capt., S. African Constab., 1901, and thereafter in same corps throughout S. African war; dist. comdr., and pub. pros., S. Africa; ent. serv., dept. of trade and commerce, Can., as trade comsnr., Durban, S. Africa, 1909; trade comsnr., Buenos Aires, 1910; enlisted for active serv., 1914; returned, Can., 1919; inspr., trade comsnr. serv.; sp. trade comsnr., India, 1919; dir., comml. intelligence serv., Ottawa, 1921; trade comsnr., Trinidad, 1924.

POWELL, HENRY.—Student, Royal Gardens, Kew, June, 1888, to Apr., 1890; curator, Botanic Gardens, St. Vincent, May, 1890, to Nov., 1903; asst. to dir. of agric., E. Africa Prot., 7th Nov., 1903; ch. of economic plants div., Apr., 1907.

POWELL, HENRY A., D.C.L., K.C., M.A.—B. 1855; ed. Richibucto Gram. Schl., Mt. Allison Univ. (B.A., 1875; M.A., 1890; D.C.L., 1914); atty., 1879; called to New Brunswick bar, 1880; K.C. (Earl of Aberdeen), 1894; K.C., New Brunswick, 1894; councillor, N.B. Barristers' Assocn.; prof., law faculty, King's Coll., Windsor, N.S.; el. to N.B. legislature for Westmorland, 1890, 1891 and 1892; el. to H. of C. for Westmorland, 1895 and 1896; mem., Bd. of Regents, senator, and mem., exec. comtee., Mt. Allison Univ.; mem., International Law Assocn. of Washington, D.C.; mem. of International Joint Comsn.

POWER, GERALD, B.A.—B. 1891; ed. Denstone Coll., and Queen's Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 14th Jan., 1914.

POWERS, HON. CHARLES.—Justice of the high ct., of Australia, 1913.

POWTER, JOHN, C.B.E. (1927).—Traffic asst., Baro-Kano rly., N. Nigeria, Mar., 1911; asst. traffic supt., Nigeria rly., Apl., 1913; dist. traffic supt., 1920; gen. man., Trinidad gov't. rly., Mar., 1922; dir., Jamaica gov't. rly., Aug., 1925.

POYSER, KENNETH ELLISTON.—B. 1882; ed. Shrewsbury and Merton Coll., Oxford; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1906; European War, 1914-20, Yorks. L.I., and commanded 9th Batt., Loyal N. Lanc. Regt., (severely wounded, desps. thrice, D.S.O. 1917); puiane judge, Leeward Islands, Sept., 1920; atty.-gen., Barbados, June, 1925; ag. ch. just., Barbados, Aug., 1925 and Aug., 1926.

PRAIN, LT.-COL. SIR DAVID, KT. BACH. (1912); C.M.G. (1912); C.I.E. (1906); M.A., M.B., LL.D., F.R.S.E., F.L.S., F.R.S.—B. 1867; ed. Aberdeen gram. schl. and Univa. of Aberdeen

and Edinburgh; demonstrator of anatomy, coll. of surgeons, Edin., 1882-3, and univ. of Aberdeen, 1883-1884; entd. Indian med. serv., 1884; curator, Calcutta herbarium, 1887-1898; prof. of botany, med. coll., Calcutta, 1896-1906; director, botanical survey of India, and supt. of royal botanic garden, Calcutta, 1898-1905; trustee of the Indian Museum, 1898-1904; sec. bd. of scientific advice for India, 1903-1904; mem. of coun. of various scientific societies: director of royal botanic gardens, Kew, 1905; *ret.*, 1922.

FRANKERD, HORACE ARTHUR.—B. 1883; ed. at Ipswich and Queen's Coll., Cambridge (scholar, 2nd class Tripos), B.A., 1906; asst. master, Loretto, to July, 1907; then 2½ years at Lausanne and Freiburg-in-Baden Univs.; asst. sec., N. Nigeria, Oct., 1910; asst. res., 1911; ag. supt., schls., July, 1912 to Apr., 1913; asst. dist. offr., 1st Jan., 1914; called to bar, Gray's Inn, 20th Apr., 1921; ag. res., 30th June to 9th July, 1921; ag. station mag. in 1922 and 1924.

PRASAD, MURARI.—B. 1888; Cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Dec., 1912; attached to Galle Kachcheri, Jan., 1913; ag. pol. mag., Point Pedro, Sep., 1913; addtl. office asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Aug., 1914; addtl. dist. judge, Anuradhapura, Aug., 1915; office asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Dec., 1915; pol. mag., Chilaw, Apr., 1917; ditto, Panadura, Apl., 1919; office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Mar., 1920; dist. judge, Anuradhapura, May, 1921; pol. mag., Kalutara, May, 1922; ditto, Gampola, Mar., 1923; dist. judge, Tangalla, Oct., 1924; dep. fiscal, Colombo, Feb., 1926; ag. dist. judge, Kalutara, May, 1926; dist. judge, Matara, June, 1927.

PRATT, CAPT. EDWARD.—Ed. at Shrewsbury; cadet, F.M.S., Oct., 1898; ag. asst. dist. offr., Raub, May, 1899; ag. collr. of land rev., Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1901; passed cadet, May, 1902; asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, Jan., 1903; ag. asst. dist. offr., Tanjong Malim, Sept., 1903; ag. dist. treas., Batu Gajah, Jan., 1904; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Nov., 1904; ditto, Tanjong Malim, Dec., 1904; ditto, Kuala Lipis, Aug., 1907; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, Oct., 1908; ag. mag., Taiping, Oct., 1910; asst. regisr., supreme ct., Kinta, May, 1911; ag. revenue auditor, Perak, 23rd Oct., 1912; ag. dist. offr., Krian, 7th July, 1913; offr. of cls. III, S. Sttlmts., 21st Dec., 1914; joined army, Aug., 1916; att'd. R.A.S.C., "Syren" force, Dec., 1918; offr., cls. II, S. Sttlmts., 1st June, 1919; demob., May, 1919; ag. 1st mag., Ipoh, May, 1920; ag. dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., Sept., 1920; ag. legal adviser and judge, Johore, Dec., 1920; dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., July, 1921; offg. dist. judge, Malacca, Sept., 1922.

PRATT, F. G., A.M.I.C.E.; asst. engnr., Lagos govt. rlys., Mar., 1907; asst. engnr., P.W.D., Uganda, Sept., 1908; ditto, P.W.D., N. Nigeria, Dec., 1911; represented N. Nigeria at 3rd International Road Congress held in London in June, 1913; dir. of pub. wks., Nyassaland, 1917; D.P.W., Tanganyika Territory, 1927.

PRENDERGAST, HON. JAMES EMILE PIERRE.—Ed. at Seminary of Quebec, and Laval Univ., Quebec; B.A., 1878; i.L.B., 1881; returned for La Verandrye, Manitoba, Aug., 1885; again Dec., 1886; on formation of cabinet by Hon. Thomas Greenway, Jan., 1888, was given portfolio of prov. sec.; re-elected in said constituency; elected for Woodlands, 1888; judge of sup. ct., N.W.T., 1902; ditto, Saskatchewan, 1907; puisne judge, court of King's Bench of Manitoba, 1910.

PRESCOTT, ARTHUR STANLEY.—Apptd. after compet. exam., supplementary clk., supreme ct., Gibraltar, 1896; 3rd cls. clk., 1899; asst. regisr. and deputy clk. of arraigns, 1911.

PRETTY, ERIC ERNEST FALK.—B. 1891; ed. Harrow, and Demy of Magdalen Coll., Oxford; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1914; passed final exam. in Malay, Jan., 1916; ag. collr. of land revenue, Johore Bahru, Sept., 1917; offr., cls. V., S. Sttlmts., Dec., 1917; 2nd lieut. and asst. adjt., Johore Volr. Rifles, May, 1918; ag. asst. adviser, Endau, Johore, June, 1920; supernum. offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1921; ag. 2nd asst. sec. "B," 21st Feb., 1922; ag. prtte. sec. to O.A.G., 28th Apl., 1922.

PREVOST, EDWARD WILLIAM DE TRASSIER.—B. 1862; ed. Wellington Coll., Berks; served in S. Africa as 2nd lieut., 3rd Royal Lancaster regt., 1901-2 (Queen's medal with two clasps); wing offr. of constab. and supt. of civil pol., B. N. Borneo, 1904-1911; passed higher standard exam. in Malay language; passed course of instruction at R.I.C. depôt, Dublin; asst. comsnnr. of pol., Gold Coast, Apl., 1912; passed lower standard exam. in Fanti language; comsnnr. of pol., Jan., 1915; dep. inspr.-gen. of pol., Apl., 1917; ag. inspr.-gen. of pol., Mar.-Oct., 1919, June-Oct., 1920, Nov.-Dec., 1921, Apr.-Oct., 1922 and Apr.-Aug., 1924.

PRICE, CHARLES ROY.—B. 1893; ed. Wellington Schl. and University Coll., London; B.A. (war), 1919; unattached list, Territorial Force, Jan. to Aug., 1915; Royal Garrison Arty., Sept., 1915 to Dec., 1918; served in France, June, 1916 to Sept., 1918; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, asst. prin., C.O., 1st Mar., 1921.

PRICE, G. F.—Dist. acct., S. African govt. rlys. (construction), Natal, 1904-1907; acctnt., Baro-Kano rly., N. Nigeria, Feb. to July, 1908; acctnt., P.W.D., 1st Aug., 1908; asst. treas., N. Nigeria, Oct., 1910; ag. chief asst. treas., Aug. to Nov., 1912.

PRICE, HERBERT HENRY.—2nd clk. to asst. comsnnr., Northern Div., Bech. Prot., 1910; 2nd clk., res. comsnnr.'s office, 1st May, 1912; passed Cape civ. ser. lower law exam., 1910; ag. asst. res. mag., 1911-12; regisr. of brands, 1913; ch. clk. and regisr., 1921.

PRICE, STANLEY LEWIS, B.A.—B. 1891; ed. Lampeter Coll., and Jesus Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 26th Sept., 1914; attached, Nigeria Regt., 1917-18.

PRICE-JONES, CAPT. WILLIAM.—Served during Great War in France; awarded M.C., 1917; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 27th Aug., 1919; dist. comsnnr., 1st Apr., 1924; called to bar, Gray's Inn, Nov., 1926.

PRICHARD, HERBERT WILLIAM, K.C. (1923)—B. 1873; ed. at Kettle Coll., Oxford (open class scholar, 1892); called to the bar, Gray's Inn, Jan., 1902; practised in London, 1902-1910; stip. mag., Trinidad, 19th Aug., 1910; puisne judge, Mauritius, 19th Feb., 1915; 1st puisne judge, 20th Oct., 1916; ag. procureur and advoc.-gen., 30th Oct., 1916, to 2nd July, 1917; chrmn. of comsnn. on Royal College, 1916-1917; chrmn., sugar sales comtee., 1st Sept., 1918 to 31st Aug., 1919; ag. col. sec., 6th Sept. to 13th Dec., 1920 and 2nd Feb. to 3rd Apr., 1921; ag. procureur and advoc.-gen., 15th April, 1921; confirmed in appt., 20th Jan., 1922; ag. col. sec. from 16th Aug., 1924 to Feb., 1925; puisne judge, S. Sttlmts., June, 1927.

PRINCE, EDWARD ERNEST, F.R.S.C., &c.—B. 1858; ed. Modern Schl., Leeds, and St.

Andrews, Camb., and Edin. Univs.; apptd. demonstr., zool., Edin. Univ., 1885; naturalist, Scotch fishery bd. laboratory, St. And.; prof. of zool. and comp. anat., Royal Infirmary Med. Coll., Glasgow, 1890; fishery expert, Irish Deep Sea Survey, 1893; vice-pres. Internat. Fisheries Congress, Washington, Paris, and St. Petersburg, 1903-06-09; vice-pres., biol. sect., Brit. Assoc., 1909; ditto, Royal Soc. of Canada, 1908; mem. of internat. relations coun., American fish. soc., 1910; Canad. mem. of internat. fish. congress, Rome, 1911; life mem. of British Science Guild; mem. of internat. fisheries comen.; repres. Canada, under Fisheries Treaty, 1908; chmn. of many fishery comen.: lobster, 1898; Pacific salmon, 1907; Bay of Fundy Shad, 1908; Manitoba fisheries, 1909; Alberta and Sask. fisheries, 1910-1911; chmn. of biol. bd. of Canada; comsnr. of fisheries for Canada, apptd. 1892.

PRIOR, A. C. VINCENT.—B. 1881; ed. King's Coll., Cambridge; M.A., LL.B.; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1905; atty.-gen., St. Vincent, 5th Jan., 1915; ag. ch. just., Jan. to June, 1915; atty.-gen., Leeward Is., 8th Apr., 1918; solr.-gen., Sierra Leone, 5th Sept., 1920; ag. atty.-gen. on several occasions; solr.-gen., Gold Coast, 1925; ag. atty.-gen., May to Nov., 1926; atty.-gen., Sierra Leone, 1927.

PRITCHARD, MAJOR C. G.—1st coman. R.A., 23rd Nov., 1891; promoted capt., 4th Dec., 1899; adj., Hong Kong volunteers, Jan. to July, 1901; comdt. and adj. (local major), 2nd Apr., 1902.

PRITCHETT, CECIL JOHN SUCKLING, B.A. (Oxon.).—B. 1888; cadet, Ceylon civil serv., Dec., 1912; attached to Jaffna Kachcheri, Jan., 1913; ag. pol. mag., Trincomalee, July, 1913; ag. asst. settlmt. offr., Nov., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Nov., 1914; asst. collr. of customs and landing survr., Jaffna, Nov., 1914; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Dec., 1915; office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Feb., 1916; pol. mag., Aissawella, Oct., 1916; ditto Panadure, Dec., 1917; ditto Chilaw, Apl., 1918; ag. ditto, Galle, Sept., 1919; asst. land sttlmt. offr., Nov., 1921; dist. judge, Anuradhapura, Feb., 1922; dep. rubber contr., Nov., 1924; asst. govt. agt., Batticaloa, Dec., 1926.

PROBYN, SIR LESLIE, K.C.M.G. (1909); C.M.G. (1903).—Ed. at Charterhouse, and in France and Germany, called to the bar, Mid. Tem., 1884; joint author of "The Jurisdiction and Practice of the Mayor's Court," and other law books; atty.-gen., Br. Honduras, 1893; atty.-gen. of Grenada, May, 1896; also ag. col. sec. in 1897-8; ag. admsr. on several occasions; gov. secretary, S. Nigeria, 12th Apr., 1901; gov., Sierra Leone, 4th July, 1904; gov., Barbados, 5th Nov., 1910; assumed govt., 13th Feb., 1911; gov., Jamaica, 31st May, 1918; assumed govt., 11th June, 1918; ret., 1924.

PROSPING, HON. W. B., C.M.G. (1918).—M.L.C., Tasmania; atty.-gen. and min. for rlys., Apr., 1916; pres., leg. coun., 1926.

PROUT, SIR WILLIAM THOMAS KT. BACH. (1924), C.M.G. (1905), O.B.E., M.B., C.M. (Edin.).—Asst. poor law med. offr., Mauritius, 1885; surg. supt., immigrant ship "Dundee," 1887; asst. col. surg., Gold Coast, 1888; dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1890; col. surg., Gambia, 1893; ag. chief mag., Gambia, 1893; med. offr. in charge of base hosp. during campaign against Foday Sila; col. surg., S. Leone, 1895, title altered to prin. med. offr., 1901; retired, 1906; fellow of roy. med. soc., Edin., and corrpndg. mem. of the epidemiological soc. of Lond.; lect.,

schl. of trop. med., Univ. of Liverpool; med. adviser to C.O.; mem. of advisory, med. and sanitary comtee. for Tropical Africa, C.O.; senr. med. adviser to C.O., 1924; author of article "Yaws" in "Diseases of Warm Climates" (Davidson); Fil. Voloulos (Archives de Parasitologie, May, 1901); "Filaria in S. Leone" (Brit. Med. Journal, 1902); and other papers.

PRYDE, WILLIAM.—B. 1880; ed. Royal High Schl., and Univ., Edinburgh; M.A., Edinburgh Univ. (1st cla. hons. in class.); Pitt Club schol. and Guthrie fellow, Edinburgh Univ.; cadet, F.M.S., 27th Nov., 1903; passed cadet, May, 1905; offr., cla. V, Oct., 1910; offr., cla. IV, July, 1915; offr., cla. III, July, 1918; offr., cla. II, Nov., 1920; barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn, Jan., 1923; mag., Kuala Lumpur, Mar., 1923; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Singapore, Mar., 1924; att'd. legal adviser's office, Dec. 1924; offl. assignee and pub. trustee, Jan., 1925; legal adviser, Johore, Sept., 1924.

PUCKRIDGE, GEOFFREY MARTIN.—B. 1895; ed. Exeter Schl.; 2nd lieut., Devon Regt., T.F., Dec., 1913; capt., Dec., 1914; served in France with 5th West Yorks regt.; seconded to Royal Flying Corps, July, 1917; seconded to Inter Allied Aeronautical Comen. of Control, Germany, 1920; resigned comsnr., Sept., 1921; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1921.

PUDSEY, FAWCETT.—B. 1882; Assoc. M.I.M.E.; Assoc. M.I.C.E.; ed. Hymer's Coll., Hull, and Repton Schl.; apprentice with Messrs. Rose, Downs and Thompson, Ltd., Hull, 1900-1905; engineering asst., dock engrs.' staff, N.E. Rly., 1905-1911; engaged on survey work, Catalonia, Spain, for the Pearson Engineering Corporation, New York, 1911; in charge of opening of the Hesse quarry and crushing plant of the British Portland Cement Manufacturers, Ltd., 1912-1914; asst. dir. of pub. wks., B. Guiana, 1914; ag. D.P.W., Feb., 1916.

PUGH, J.—Med. offr., E.A.P., Jan., 1910.

PUGHE, S. R., M.B.E. (1926).—B. 1877; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civil ser., and assigned to the C.O., Aug., 1897; promoted, with gratuity, Aug., 1904; conf. clk., Dec., 1907; minor staff clerk, 1911; staff clk., 1st grade, 1st Mar., 1916; staff offr., 1st Apl., 1922; on service in Sierra Leone, Oct., 1926 to Feb., 1927; sec., Discovery comtee., 9th Jan., 1928.

PURCELL, SIR GILBERT KENHELM TREFFRY, KT. BACH. (1916).—Ed. Exeter Coll., Oxford; B.A. 1888; M.A. 1893; called to bar, Linc.'s Inn, Nov., 1890; mem. of western circ., also practised at cent. crim. ct.; apptd. asst. to atty.-gen. Leeward Islds. (St. Kitts), Mar., 1898; official mem. of exec. and legia. couns. of the presidency of St. Christopher and Nevis; ag. att.-gen. Leeward Is., Aug.-Oct., 1900; apptd. ag. 1st puisne judge, June, 1901; puisne judge, G. Coast, 11th June, 1901; chief justice, Sierra Leone, 1911.

PURCELL, HUBERT KENNETT.—B. 1884; ent. Crown Agents office, Oct., 1901; asst. cashier, July, 1914; head of pay dept., Dec., 1920; dep. head of pay and checking dept., Nov., 1921; dep. head, pay dept., 1924.

PURCELL, VICTOR WILLIAM WILLIAMS SAUNDERS.—B. 1896; ed. Baneroff's Schl. and Trinity Coll., Camb.; 2nd lieut., Yorks Regt., Nov., 1914; B.E.F., France, 1915-18; "1914-15" Star, twice wounded, prisoner of war; cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; proceeded to Canton to study

Chinese, Dec., 1921; offr., cls. V., July, 1923; passed cadet, July, 1924; inspr., Chinese schla., S.S., June, 1924; asst. prot., Chinese, Penang, July, 1925; ag. dist. offr., Christmas Is., Feb., 1926; dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, Sept., 1926; offr., cls. IV, July, 1927.

PURDON, ANDREW.—B. 1875; ed. at Ebury and Conway colls., N. Wales; cadet, H.M.S. "Conway"; sub.-lieut., R.N.R., Apl., 1906; lieut., 1908; qualified at Whale Island and H.M.S. "Vernon"; asst. marine supt., N. Nigeria Marine, 11th Sept., 1909; whilst on leave took special course of instruction in hydrographical survey at R.N. coll., Greenwich, 1911.

PUTTICK, LEONARD JAMES.—B. 1885; ed. at High Schl. and Huguenot Coll., Wellington and S. African Coll., Cape Town; served in Anglo-Boer war, 1900-01; draughtsman, Swaziland, 1910; clk. of lands, 1916; ch. clk., 1919.

QUICK, HON. SIR JOHN, KT. BACH. (1901); LL.D.—B. 1852; elec. to first H. of R., Commonwealth of Australia, 1901; re-elec. in 1903 and 1906; postmr.-gen., C. of A., June, 1909; retired from politics, 1913; now dep. pres., federal arbitrn. ct.

QUIGLEY, EUGENE PATRICK, M.C.—B. 1889; served six years. R.I.C.; joined army, 1914; 2nd lieut., R. Dublin Fusiliers, 1915; served in France, Egypt and Palestine; organised pol., C.I.D., Palestine, 1919; D.C.P., grade I, 1921; dist. supt., pol., Apr., 1926; passed govt. Arabic exam.

RAE, JAMES STANLEY.—B. 1881; articulated and conf. clk. to Sir W. R. Davies, Kt., when atty.-gen., Bahamas; called to the bar, Bahamas, Apr., 1904; called to the bar, Middle Temple, Jan., 1919; ag. coroner for the Is. of New Providence from 1904, confirmed in 1911; J.P., 1910; ag. atty.-gen. Jan., 1910; ag. stip. and circ. mag., 1910-11, and on other occasions; dist. comsnnr., Belize, B. Honduras, 1914; offr. recr. in bankruptcy, offl. admstr. and J.P. for the col., 1914; registr.-gen., Nov., 1915, in conjunction with duties as dist. comsnnr.; dir. of P.O.G. fund, 1916; custodian of enemy property, Sept., 1916; press censor during war, pvt., B. Hond. Territorial Force; attd. to staff as mily. censor; atty.-gen., St. Vincent, Apl., 1919; cross of Chevalier of the Order of the Crown, Belgium, for relief services during war, May, 1919; ag. ch. just., St. Vincent, June to Oct., 1919; atty.-gen., St. Lucia, Sept., 1920; ag. ch. just., June, 1921 to Feb., 1922 and from Sept., 1922 to June, 1923; ch. just., St. Vincent, June, 1923; ch. just., Grenada, 1927.

RAFFLES, MAJOR STAMFORD CECIL, O.B.E. (Mily.). 1919.—B. 1886; ed. All Saints Schl., Bloxham, Royal Naval Academy, Gosport, and in Germany; 2nd lieut., 4th Suffolk regt., 1903; lieut., 1903; transfd., K.S.L.I., 1906; resig. comsnn., 1908; supt., chandu monopoly, Perak, 1913; seconded for mily. serv., Jan., 1915; lieut., 3rd R.W.F., Mar., 1915; capt., Sept., 1915; staff offr., 3rd cls., R.F.C., 1917; staff offr., 2nd cls., R.A.F., 1918; tempy. major, 1918; transfd., unemployed list, R.A.F., Apr., 1919; resumed duty as supt., chandu monopoly, Perak, and supervisor, cust., Kinta, Dec., 1919; ag. state treas., Perak, May, 1920; supervisor, cust., Selangor, Dec., 1920; dep. comsnnr., trade and cust., F.M.S., Jan., 1921; ag. comsnnr., trade and cust., cls. IA, 28th Apr. to 30th May, 1922 and from 5th Aug. to 4th Sept., 1924; ag. supt., chandu monopoly, 18th June, 1922 to 21st Feb., 1923.

RAINSFORD, HUME FREDERICK.—B. 1902; ed. Dublin Univ.; B.A. and B.A.I. hona., civ. engng., 1925; staff survr., Tanganyika Territory, 1927.

RAINSFORD, CAPT. RICHARD FREDERICK.—B. 1888; Natal pol., 1904-07, served Zulu Rebellion, 1906, (med.); B.S.A.P., 1907-08; inspr. E.A. Pol., 1910; asst. supt., 1914; commanded No. 1 Column, Turkhana Punitive Expedn., 1915 (desps., A.G.S. med.); capt., 5th K.A.R., 1916; adjt. and staff offr. to O.C. troops, Jubaland, 1917-19, (desps.); "1914-15" Star, Br. War and Victory med.; suptd., Kenya pol., 1923.

RAINSFORD, WILLIAM RYLAND.—B. 1883; ed. Dresden, Wiesbaden, Biarritz and at Queen's Coll., Cambridge; clk., Br. legation, Dresden, 1909; ag. chargé d'affaires on two occasions; performed various special services while at Dresden; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 26th July, 1911; passed lower Hausa exam., 17th Jan., 1913; attached Togoland Field Force, 14th Sept., 1914; asst. censor, 25th Dec., 1915; dist. comsnnr., 13th Aug., 1917; dep. pol. mag., Accra, 13th July, 1918; dist. polit. offr., Lome, 11th Oct., 1918; pres., Accra town coun., 2nd May, 1919; ment. in desps. to S. of S. by Sir Hugh Clifford for work as asst. censor and dist. comsnnr., Accra, 1915-19; thanked by Sir G. Guggisberg for work on census, 1921; mem., Anglo-French bndy. comsnn., 1925.

RAJA MUSA BIN RAJA BOT.—Malay probr., F.M.S., Oct., 1910; Malay offr., grade III, July, 1914; Malay asst., ditto, grade II, July, 1917; ditto, grade I, July, 1920; offr., cls. V, Malayan civ. serv., Jan., 1924; ag. asst. collr., land rev., Seremban, June, 1927.

RAJA UDA BIN RAJA MUHAMMAD.—B. 1894; Malay probr., F.M.S., Oct., 1910; Malay asst., grade III, Sept., 1913; ditto, grade II, July, 1917; ditto, grade I, July, 1920; offr., cls. V, Malayan civ. serv., Jan., 1924; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, Mar., 1924; ag. 1st mag., Kuala Lumpur, in addn., Apr., 1926.

RALPHS, EDWIN, F.R.G.S., F.C.S., F.R.I.S., M.R. San. Inst.—B. 1872; ed. St. Mark's Coll., Chelsea; 1st cls. in Queen's scholarship, in final teachers' exams. (education dept.), and in archbishops' divinity exam.; honours in science, South Kens.; asst. master (junior) Queen's Coll., Hong Kong, 1898; senior grade, 1901; Normal mast., 1906; ag. second master, 1903 to 1904, and 1908 to 1909; 2nd mast., 1909; ag. head mast., Queen's Coll., and mem. of advisory comtee., Tech. Inst., 1909 and 1910, to 1911; hon. examnr. in chemistry to Hong Kong Coll. of Med., 1901, 1902 and 1903; dir., Hong Kong Technical Inst., from 1907; J.P., 1910; inspr. of English schla., 1913; comsnnr., St. John Ambulance Brigade, Hong Kong and China dist., 1915; seconded as British Red Cross comsnnr. in Siberia, 1918 to 1919; hon. capt., 1919; ag. dir. of educn., 1918 and 1919 to 1920, 1925 and 1926; Order of St. John of Jerusalem, 1919; ag. dir. of educn., and mem. of coun., et., and senate, Hong Kong Univ., 1918 and 1919 to 1920; mem., bd. of educn., 1920; examr. in educn., Hong Kong Univ., 1920-27; Officer, Order of St. John of Jerusalem, 1924.

RALSTON, COL. JAMES LAYTON, K.C., D.C.L.—Elec. Nova Scotia legis., 1911; served with 85th N.S. Highlanders as major, 1916; commanded batt., Apr., 1918 to demob.; lieut.-col., Aug., 1918; C.M.G. and D.S.O. with bar; ment. twice in desps.; col., Apr., 1924; commands 17th Infry. Bde.; chmn., royal comsnn., pensions and re-establishment; min. of national defence, 1926.

RAMANATHAN, SIR PONNAMBALAM, KT. BACH., C.M.G. (1889), K.C.—B. 1851; ed. at the Acad., Colombo, and Pres. Coll., Madras; barr.-at-law, Inn. Tem.; advoc. sup. ct., Ceylon, 1873; mem. of the legis. coun., 1879; mem. of the law comen. apptd. to report upon certain codes dealing with the laws of Ceylon, 1879; served also on the comen. apptd. at his instance to report upon the Thoroughfares Ordinance, 1881; obtained the introduction of P.O. savings bank in Ceylon, 1881-83; was one of the select comtee. of the legis. coun. apptd. to report upon retrenching the public expenditure of the island, 1882-83; a mem. of the coun. of legal educn., 1884; mem. of the Ceylon comen. of the Col. and Ind. Exhibn., 1886; mem. of the Cent. Irrign. Bd., 1888; and of the select comtee. to report upon the incidence of the grain taxes, 1889; mem. of the comen. to inquire into the extension of the rly. to the N. parts of the island, 1890; solr.-gen. of Ceylon, 1892; ag. atty.-gen., 1894; ret., 1905; elected M.L.C., Ceylon, 1911; re-elected, 1917; nominated mem. of reformed leg. coun., 1921; elec. mem., reformed leg. coun., 1924.

RANASINHA, ARTHUR GODWIN, B.A. (Lond.)—B. 1898; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Jan., 1921; att'd. to Kegalla Kach., Mar., 1921; att'd., Jaffna Kach., Oct., 1922; pol. mag., Pt. Pedro, Mar., 1923; ditto, Balapitiya, Nov., 1923; ditto, Jaffna, June, 1926.

RANFURLY, 5TH EARL OF (SIR UCHTER JOHN MARK KNOX, G.C.M.G.), Viscount Northland and Baron Welles of Dunganon, co. Tyrone, Ireland, Baron Ranfurly of Ramphorlie, co. Renfrew, United Kingdom.—Born 1856; succeeded his brother 1875; ed. Trinity Coll., Cambridge; J.P., D.L. for co. Tyrone; Knight of Justice of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem; lord-in-waiting to the Queen, 1895-7; governor of New Zealand, 1897-1904.

RANKINE, RICHARD SIMS DONKIN, C.M.G. (1919).—B. 1875; clk. treasury, Fiji, Feb., 1894; priv. sec. to Sir George O'Brien, Sept., 1897, to 1901; acted clk. to ex. coun. Sept., 1899, to Mar., 1900; apptd. acct. native taxes, treasury, 1901; priv. sec. to Sir Henry Jackson, July, 1902; priv. sec. to Sir E. im Thurn, 10th Oct., 1904; conf. sec., 1st Jan., 1905; sec. to consul-gen. for W. Pacific; clk. of exec. coun.; ag. sec., W. Pacific high comen., June, 1905 to June, 1906, and from Nov., 1907, to 31st Dec., 1908; asst. col. sec. and asst. recr.-gen., 1st Jan., 1909; recr.-gen. and comsnr. of stamps, pres. of marine bd., mem. exec. and legis. couns., 1910; ag. col. sec., Nov., 1913 to Nov., 1914; govr.'s dep., 5th to 14th June, 1914; comsnr. of currency, Dec., 1914; ag. agt.-gen. of immigrn. (conjoint), Mar., 1915; ag. col. sec., Aug., 1915 to May, 1916; govr.'s deputy, Aug., Oct., Dec., 1916; ag. col. sec., 18th Sept., 1917, to 6th Jan., 1918, 16th June to 9th Oct., 1918, and from Dec., 1918 to July, 1919; on special mission to India as personal rep. of the govr. in connection with emigrn. of Indians to Fiji, Oct., 1919 to June, 1920; ch. sec., Nyassaland Prot., July, 1920; ag. gov., Oct., 1921 to Feb., 1922, Apr., 1923 to Mar., 1924 and from May to Nov., 1926; ch. sec., Uganda, Aug., 1927.

RANSOM, HERBERT CHARLES, O.B.E. (1923), M.B.E. (1920).—B. 1881; entd. crown agt.'s off., May, 1901; asst. cashier, Mar., 1914; ag. head of appts. dept. and asst. sec., Jan., 1917; head of miscellaneous dept., Apr., 1919; dep. head, gen. dept., 14th Nov., 1921; sec., Dead Sea mineral resources comtee., 1923; sec., Palestine currency bd., 1926.

RAPER, ALEXANDER VINCENT.—B. 1896; ed. Portsmouth Grammar Schl.; served with the R. Berks. Regt., 1914-20; (France, Belgium, Egypt, Sudan and Palestine); cadet, F.M.S., May, 1921; att'd. to dist. office, Lower Perak, in 1921 and 1922; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Jan., 1922; passed cadet, Jan., 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., Lower Perak, July, 1923.

RASANAYAGAM, CHELLAPPAH.—B. 1870; apptd. to cls. V., Ceylon civ. serv., Sept., 1923; extra office asst., Jaffna kach., Sept., 1923.

RATRAY, ROBERT SUTHERLAND, M.B.E. (1918), F.R.G.S., F.R.A.I., barrister-at-law.—B. 1881; served in S. Africa, 1901-02 (Queen's med., five clasps); Togoland, 1914 (ment. in desp.); cust. dept., G. Coast, 5th Oct., 1907; asst. dist. comsnr., 1911; dist. comsnr., 1915; Togoland polit. admsn., 1914-18; ag. senr. asst. col. sec., and clk. to leg. and exec. couns., May, 1920; author of "Hausa Folk Lore," "Ashanti Proverbs," "Chinyanja Folk Lore."

RAVEN, ROBERT MCPHERSON.—B. 1872; ed. Victoria Coll., Jersey; asst. engrn., Admiralty, 1895; dist. engrn., Gold Coast rly. construction, 1898; dist. engrn., Nigerian rly., 1904; chief engrn., E. African mil. rlys., German E. Africa (occupied territory), 1917; temporary gen. man., 1918-1919; mem. of Nigerian Land Contingent, Aug., 1914 to Dec., 1917; major, Rly. Corps, E. African Exped. Force, Feb., 1918; ch. engrn., Tanganyika Territory, rlys., 1st Oct., 1919; ag. gen. man. in 1920, 1923 and 1925.

RAWSON, WALTER EDWARD.—B. 1870; ed. New Plymouth High Schl., N.Z.; barrister and solr.; judge, native land ct. and native appellate ct., N.Z., 1906; pres., Maori land bd., 1910; native trustee and east coast trust comsnr., 1921.

RAYMAN, LAZARUS.—B. 1889; ed. Manchester Gram. Schl. and Wadham Coll., Oxford; cadet, F.M.S., 1913; Brit. adviser's office, Kedah; asst. dist. offr., Pekan, Pahang, 1914-16; asst. dist. offr., Bentong, Pahang, 1916-17; asst. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, 1917; ag. rev. audr., Selangor, Negri Sembilan and Pahang, 1917-18; asst. dist. offr., Bentong, 1918-19; asst. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, 1919-21; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, 1920-1; on sp. duty as collr. of stamp duty, Mar., 1922; offr., cls. III, Nov., 1925; collr., estate duty, F.M.S., Oct., 1926; 2nd asst. sec. to govt., Jan., 1927.

RAYNE, MAJOR H., O.B.E. (1920), M.B.E. (Mily).—B. and ed. N.Z.; N.Z. Contingents in Anglo-Boer War, 1900-02; E. African pol., June, 1903; transport and polit. offr., Nandi and Sotik Expedns. (ment. in desps.), 1905-06; K.A.R., Sept., 1914 to Apr., 1919; asst. dist. comsnr., Br. E. Africa, Dec., 1914; seconded for mily. serv., German E. Africa, Jubaland and Turkana; offr. commdg. troops and administering Turkana, 1918; (ment. in desps.), M.C.; dist. comsnr., Somaliland, Apr., 1919; senr. supply and transport offr., in charge organisation of Somaliland expdn., 1919-20; (ment. in desps.); dist. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 1927.

RAYNE, H. A.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Dec., 1914; dist. comsnr., Somaliland, Apr., 1919; admstve. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 1927.

READ, SIR HERBERT JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1918), C.B. (1914), C.M.G. (1907).—B. 1863; M.A., Brasenose Coll., Oxford; 1st class math. mods. and 1st class math. finals; clk., higher div., W.O., Feb., 1887; 2nd class clk., C.O., Jan., 1889; asst. priv. sec. to Mr.

Chamberlain, Sept., 1896; priv. sec. to Mr. (afterwards Sir E.) Wingfield, Feb., 1898; 1st cl. clk., Oct., 1898; principal clk., 1st Apr., 1906; British delegate at African liquor confce. at Brussels, 1899; one of the Brit. delegates on boundary coman. at Berlin for the settmt. of Anglo-German frontier in E. Africa, 1906; one of the Brit. plenipotentiaries at African liquor confce. at Brussels, 1906; mem. of hon. man. comtee. of sleeping sickness bureau, 1908; chmn. of deptmtl. comtee. to enquire into W. African med. staff, 1909; visited E. Africa, 1911-12; asst. under-sec. of state, 10th March, 1916; regisr. of the Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; gov., Mauritius, 1st Sept., 1924.

READE, CHARLES COMPTON, M.T.P.I.—B. 1880; ed. Wellington Coll., New Zealand; organising dir., Australian and N.Z. town planning tour, 1914; govt. town planner, S. Australia, 1916; govt. town planner, F.M.S., 1921.

REAKES, CHARLES JOHN, C.B.E. (1919), M.R.C.V.S., Eng., Doctor of Vet. Science, Univ. of Melbourne.—B. 1865; vet. offr., N.Z. dept. of agr., 1897; asst. ch. vet., 1901; dir., live-stock divn., and dir. vet. services and remounts, N.Z. Defence Forces with rank of lieutenant-col. (since col.), 1909; dir.-gen., agr. dept., 1918.

REAY, JAMES MCCABE.—B. 1875; ed. Dundalk, and Trinity Coll., Dublin scholar, senr., moderator and B.A., 1898; barrister-at-law King's Inns; advoc. and solr., sup. ct., F.M.S.; cadet, F.M.S., 1898; ag. treas. and S.P.T., Pahang, May, 1899; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ulu Langat, Feb., 1900; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Feb., 1901; ag. asst. dist. offr., Serendah, Mar., 1901; ag. dist. offr., B. Padang, Feb., 1902; ag. asst. dist. offr., Malim, Nov., 1902; ag. ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, May, 1903; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Nov., 1903; ag. asst. dist. offr., Gopeng, Sept., 1904; Ipoh, Oct., 1905; ag. dist. offr., Raub, Oct., 1907; ag. asst. dist. offr., B. Gajah, July, 1908; ag. asst. regisr., sup. ct., Aug., 1909; ag. dep. pub. prosecutor, Mar., 1911; dep. pub. prosecutor, Feb., 1914; legal adviser and judge, Johore, July, 1918; puisne judge, S. Stlmits., temp., Apr., 1920; puisne judge, S. Stlmits., Sept., 1920; pres., retrenchment coman., F.M.S., Mar., 1922 to Jan., 1923; judl. comsnr., F.M.S., Feb., 1923.

REDINGTON, DUDLEY KECIL.—B. 1883; ed. Clongowes Coll., Ireland; Natal police, 1903-11; Zanzibar police, 25th March, 1911; supt., 15th Mar., 1912; asst. comdt., 1st Feb., 1914; ag. comdt. of police and ag. gov. of prisons, 7th Oct., 1915 to 31st Nov., 1916, and from 18th Mar. to 20th May, 1920; seconded for mil. serv. (7th Hussars), June, 1917; ag. port offr., Zanzibar, Dec., 1920 to Mar., 1921; ag. comdt. of pol. and gov. of prisons, Apr.-Oct., 1921.

REDLICH, VIVIAN PERCEVAL.—B. 1881; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Ceylon, Jan., 1908; ditto, Avisawella, June, 1910; apptd. to cls. V. of civ. serv., local divn., Jan., 1913; ag. itinerating pol. mag., W. Prov., Feb., 1913; addnl. pol. mag., Kurunegala, June, 1916; ag. pol. mag., ditto, Nov., 1918; apptd. to cls. IV. of civ. serv., Dec., 1918; ag. dist. judge, Kegalla, Oct., 1919; pol. mag., Galle, Mar., 1923; ditto, Gampola, Oct., 1924; dist. judge, Tangalla, Feb., 1926; ditto, Kegalla, July, 1927; ditto, Tangalla, Aug., 1927.

REED, E. A.—B. 1894; on mil. serv., Aug., 1914-Jan., 1918; temp. paper keeper, C.O. lib., 22nd Nov., 1920-15th Aug., 1924; estab. paper keeper (library attendant) after qual. exam., 16th Aug., 1924.

REED, HARRY LESLIE, M.A. (Cantab).—B. 1885; prin., Royal Coll., Ceylon, Aug., 1920.

REED, HAYTHORNE.—B. 1873; M.A., Cantab. ed. Bath Coll. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1897; Western Circuit; lieut., S. African Constabulary, 1902-1908; 2nd mag., Zanzibar, Dec., 1908; 1st mag., 8th Dec., 1910; ag. asst. judge, June-Dec., 1910, Mar.-Aug., 1915, Apr.-Nov., 1916, June, 1917, to Feb., 1918, and from Mar. to Dec., 1919; asst. judge, 9th Sept., 1920; ag. chief judge and judge of prize ct., Dec., 1919 to Feb., 1921. Dec., 1921 to Sept., 1922 and Dec., 1923 to Apr., 1924; junr. puisne judge, Tanganyika Territory, May, 1925; judge, high ct., Nyasaland, 1927; author of "A Commentary on the Money-lenders' Act, 1900," and "A Commentary on the Police Offences Ordinance, 1902, of the Orange River Colony."

REED, HON. JOHN RANKEN, C.B.E. (1919).—B. 1864; ed. Gram. Schl., Auckland, N.Z., Victoria Coll., Jersey, and Clare Coll., Cambridge; judge, N.Z. sup. ct., 1921; is judge advoc.-gen., N.Z. Defence Forces, with rank of colonel.

REES, LEWIS CHAS. MORRIS PARKER.—B. 1876; ed. Kingston Coll., Yeovil and Merchant Venturers Tech. Coll., Bristol; art. pupil to Messrs. Foster and La Trobe, architects and survrs., Bristol, 1892; asst. to borough engr., Islington, 1897; ch. asst. borough engr., Margate, 1900; prin. land survr., P.W.D., Hong Kong, 1902; also sec., squatters' bd., 1905; supt., crown lands and surveys, 1922.

REES-DAVIES, SIR COLIN, KT. BACH. (1920). K.C.—Ed. at Eton; barrister-at-law, Inner Tem.; admitted solr. of sup. ct., Sept., 1891; practised nine years in S. Wales; under-sheriff, Pembrokeshire, 1899; called to the bar, Bahamas, 1901; ag. ch. just., Feb., 1903; ag. prosecuting coun. for the Crown, May, 1903; coroner, Nov., 1904; regisr.-gen., Br. Hond. (to act as atty.-gen.), Apr., 1905; also regisr., vice-admiralty ct.; ag. atty.-gen. on various occasions; mem. of bds. of educn. and quarantine; J.P. for col.; atty.-gen. and advocate in admiralty, Feb., 1907; also mem. of exec. and legis. couns.; held coman. to act as govr. in certain events; ag. ch. just., Br. Hond., Mar. to Sept., 1908, Jan. to July, 1910, and from Jan. to Sept., 1912; ag. col. sec., Oct., 1908 to Jan., 1909, and Mar. to Aug., 1909; chancellor of the diocese of B. Honduras and Cent. America for six years; deleg. from Br. Hond. to the Impl. educn. confce., 1911; solr.-gen., B. Guiana, Apr., 1913; ag. atty. gen., B. Guiana, May to Aug., 1914, Jan. and Dec., 1916, and Mar. and Apr., 1917; K.C., B. Guiana, July, 1917; ch. justice, Bermuda, Dec., 1917; pres., legis. coun.; chmn., bd. of educn.; trustee, Bermuda library; Bermuda, del. to Imp. educn. confce., 1923; senr. puisne judge, Trinidad, Nov., 1923; ag. ch. just., June to Nov., 1924; ret., Jan., 1926.

REES-DAVIES, SIR WM., KT. BACH. (1913).—B. 1863; ed. Eton and Trin. Hall, Camb.; B.A., 1885; called to bar (Inner Temp.), 1887; went South Wales circuit; J.P. and dep. lieut. Pembrokeshire; J.P. for Haverrfordwest; M.P. for Pembrokeshire, 1892-8; priv. sec. to the late Rt. Hon. Sir W. V. Harcourt when chancellor of exchequer, 1893-5, and afterwards from 1895-8; atty.-gen., Bahamas, 1897; administered the govt., 1901; ag. ch. just., 1902; King's advocate, Cyprus, Oct., 1902; atty.-gen., Hong Kong, 1906; K.C., 1908; ag. ch. just., 1909-10; ch. just., Hong Kong, 1912; chmn. of gen. mil. serv. tribunal, 1918; chmn., pub. serv. coman., Hong

Kong, 1919; chmn., exec. comtee. on the visit of H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, 1922; ret., 1924.

REEVES, FREDERIC WILLIAM.—B. 1876; ed. Harrison Coll., Barbados, Christ's Coll., Camb., and Wren's Inst.; Barbados Schl., 1896, math. scholar, Christ's Coll., 1896; (senr. optime), 1898; M.A., 1906; asst. inspr. of schools, Grenada, 1903; unofficial mem. of advisory comtee. of bd. of dir. of secondary educn., July, 1906; ag. inspr. of schls., Grenada, Dec., 1906, to Jan., 1907; ditto, St. Vincent, May to July, 1907; ag. ch. clk., audit office, Grenada, Dec., 1907, to Jan., 1908; ag. inspr. of schls., Grenada; Jan.-Feb., 1908; headmaster, gram. schl. and inspr. of schls., St. Vincent, Aug., 1908; mem., bd. of educn., Sept., 1908.

REEVES, HON. WILLIAM PEMBER.—Born Canterbury, N.Z., 1857; ed. in Colony; prov. scholarship holder, 1868 and 1872; N.Z. scholarships in classics and English, 1874; Somes scholar, Christ's Coll., Canterbury; first elected mem. of H. of R., 1887; joined Ballance Min., Jan., 1891, holding the portfolios of educn., just. and labour; contl. in off. in Seddon Min. to Jan., 1896; agt.-gen. for N.Z. in London, 1896; represented N.Z. at Internat. Commer. Congress at Philadelphia, 1899; mem. of Pacific Cable Comtee., 1899; high comsrr. for N.Z. in London, June, 1906; resigned, 1908, on apptmt. as director of London schl. of economics; mem. of senate, London Univ.; author of the "Long White Cloud," "State Experiments in Australia and New Zealand," and other publications relating to N.Z.

REFORD, JOHN HOPE, B.A., M.D., B. Ch., B.A.O. (R.U.I.), L.M. (Dub.), D.T.M. (Liverpool).—Civ. surg., South African Field Force, 1901-2; med. offr., Uganda Prot., 1st Aug., 1907.

REID, C. B. B., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.).—Capt., R.A.M.C., 1917-19; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 26th Feb., 1919.

REID, HAROLD WALLACE, B.Sc.—B. 1897; dep. inspr., mines, Trinidad, Sept., 1927.

REID, JAMES STUART WELLESLEY.—B. 1899; ed. Geo. Watson's Coll., Edinburgh; 2nd lieut., A. and S. Highlanders, Nov., 1921; France, Apr., 1918; M.A., Edin. Univ., 1921; cadet, F.M.S., Oct., 1921; attd., land office, Ulu Langat, Nov., 1921; Lower Perak, Mar., 1922; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Larut, June, 1922; ag. finan. asst., Upper Perak, Sept., 1922; ag. mag., Klang, Nov., 1923; ag. pvte. sec. to ch. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Jan., 1924; asst. dist. offr., Rembau, Apr., 1925; asst. dist. offr., Sitiawan, Sept., 1926.

REID, HON. JOHN DOWSLEY.—B. 1859; ed. pub. schl., Prescott, Queen's Univ., and Royal Coll. Physicians and Surgeons, Kingston, Ontario; physician; elec. to H. of C., Canada, 1891, 1896, 1900, 1904, 1908, 1911 and 1917; mem. of privy coun. for Canada, and min. of customs in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; min. of rlwys. and canals, National govt., Oct., 1917; resig. portfolio and called to the Senate, 22nd Sept., 1921.

REID, THOMAS.—B. 1881; ed. Clongowes Wood, and Queen's Coll., Royal Univ., Dublin (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1905; off. asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Apr., 1907; mun. mag., Colombo, Dec., 1909; landing surv., customs, Colombo, Aug., 1910; dist. judge, Badulla, June, 1913; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, June, 1914; ditto, Matara, Apr., 1916; asst. chmn., mun. coun., Colombo, 6th Sept.,

1919; ag. chmn., ditto, 22nd Sept., 1919; chmn., ditto, Sept., 1921; contr., Indian immigrt. lab., May, 1925; M.L.C.

REID, WILLIAM WALKER.—B. 1868; asst. engnr., govt. rly., Trinidad, 3rd July, 1905; ch. engnr., 1st Jan., 1923.

REILLY, ROBERT O'MALLEY.—Sub-inspr., Bechuanaland Prot. police, 1904; passed Cape civ. ser. lower law exam., 1909; ag. asst. res. mag., 1912; inspr., Apr., 1914; ag. res. mag., 1914; res. mag., 1921; passed 3rd grade Secwana exam., 1922.

REIMERS, EDMUND.—B. 1881; archivist and librarian, Ceylon, Oct., 1921.

REITZ, COL. HON. DENEYS.—M.L.A. for Port Elizabeth (cent.); min. of lands, Union of S. Africa, 1921-24.

REJAS, FELIX.—B. 1856; entd. civ. ser., Trinidad, 15th Feb., 1887; warden, 1st July, 1912.

RENDLE, HILARY CAMERON RUSSEL.—B. 1899; ed. Christ's Coll., Christchurch, New Zealand, Canterbury Coll., N.Z. and New Coll., Oxford; cadet, F.M.S., 1921; attd., dist. office, Lower Perak, 1922; attd., dist. office, Parit, 1922-23; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kroh and asst. supt. of cust., Kroh, 1923-24; asst. collr., land rev., Larut, 1924; ag. pvte. sec. to ch. sec., July, 1925; asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Feb., 1927.

RENNIE, CHARLES ROBERT.—B. 1880; clk., acct.'s office, N.E. Rhodesia, Apr., 1903; asst. acct., Apr., 1904; ag. paymr. and clk.-in-charge, P.W.D., Apr., 1905; asst. native comsrr., Apr., 1906; ag. asst. mag., Mar., 1910-Jan., 1911; native comsrr., Dec., 1910; has acted as asst. mag. on various occasions between Aug., 1911 and June, 1914; asst. mag., June, 1914; has acted as mag. on various occasions between July, 1918 and Sept., 1924; mag., Oct., 1924; J.P.

RENNIE, GILBERT MCCALL, M.C., M.A. (Glas.).—B. 1895; on mil. serv., July, 1915; cadet, Ceylon, Apr., 1920; attd. to Anuradhapura Kacheheri, June, 1920; attd. to N'Eliva Kacheheri, Nov., 1920; office asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Nov., 1921; pol. mag., Dandagamawa, Dec., 1923; ditto, Chilaw, Mar., 1924; addnl. dist. judge, Mannar and Mullaitivu, Dec., 1925; office asst. to dir. med. and san. services, Apr., 1926.

RENTON, SIR ALEXANDER WOOD, K.C.M.G. (1925), K.T. BACH. (1915); M.A., LL.B. (honours), Edin., K.C.—Forensic prizeman; Lord Rector's essay prizeman; Bacon scholar, Gray's Inn, 1882; benchr., Gray's Inn, 1917; b. 1861; called to the bar, 1885; puisne judge, Mauritius, Aug., 1901; chmn., local comtee. of soc. of comp. legis., 1902; chmn. of mountain reserves coms., 1903-4; ag. procureur and advocate-gen., Aug., 1904; puisne judge, Ceylon, Aug., 1905; received thanks of S. of S. for drafting rules of sup. ct. of Mauritius, 1904; mem. of comtee. apptd. in 1912 to prepare new code of civil procedure, Ceylon; ag. chief just., Ceylon, May, 1913; chief just., Ceylon, Aug., 1914; chmn., police inquiry coms., Sept. 1915; chmn. of coms. of inquiry into certain cases of shooting during Ceylon riots, 1915; ret., 25th July, 1918; on special mission to Nigeria and G. Coast as to war bonus, Sept., 1918 (recd. thanks of S. of S.); went to Egypt at request of F.O., Feb., 1919, and prepared draft Code of Criminal Procedure for Unified Tribunals; chmn. coms. of enquiry, Upper Egypt train murders; vice-pres., riots indemnities coms., Oct., 1919; ohmn., Ceylon salaries coms., June, 1921;

chmn., compensation (Ireland) comsn., Feb., 1923; K.C., 12th Oct., 1923; author of "Wood Renton on Lunacy"; joint author of first edition of "Edmunds on Patents"; editor of *Law Journal*; editor of "Encyclopædia of the Laws of England"; editor of "The English Reports"; joint editor of 2nd edition of "Burge on Colonial and Foreign Laws."

RENWICK, HENRY LANGDON.—B. 1898; London Rifle Brig., Apr., 1915; att'd. gen. staff, W.O., 1919; ch. clk. to H.M.T.C. in E. Africa, Dec., 1919; asst. immigr. and embarkation offr., Mombasa, July, 1920; asst., cust. dept., Zanzibar, Dec., 1920; immigr., offr., Zbar., 1st Aug., 1921; ag. asst. ch. of cust., 25th Sept., 1923 to 17th Mar., 1924, 31st Mar., 1924 to 19th Mar., 1925 and from 4th Dec., 1925.

RETIEF, D. J., B.A.—Ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; prin., Boshof, 1913; prin., Winburg, 1921; inspr. of schls., O.F.S., 1927.

REX, MARCUS.—B. 1886; ed. Highgate and Trin. Coll., Camb. (exhibr.); B.A., 1908; cadet, F.M.S., 1910; asst. sec. to res., Perak, 1912 and 1915; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, 1913; supt., chandu monopoly, Sel., N.S. and Pahang, 1917; dist. offr., Raub, 1919; ag. collr. of statistics, 1921; sec., retrenchment comsn., in addition, Feb., 1922; dep. contr. of rubber expts., in addition, Oct., 1922; supernumy. offr., cls. III, Nov., 1922; ag. finan. comsnr. and audr.-gen., Johore, June, 1924; ag. chmn., sany. bd., Kuala Lumpur, Aug., 1926.

REYNOLDS, A. E.—B. 1881; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to the C.O., Aug., 1900; conf. clk., 1st Jan., 1918.

REYNOLDS, CHARLES HUBERT, M.I.O.E.—B. 1872; ed. Lanoing Coll. and King's Coll., London; asst. engnr., C.A., 1902; exec. engnr., P.W.D., Kenya, 1907; res. engnr., Thika rly., 1915; asst. sec., advisory coun., miny. of reconstr., 1919; exec. engnr., Nyanza Prov., Kenya, 1919; dep. D.P.W., Tanganyika, 1923; ag. D.P.W., 1923-24; ag. D.P.W. and offl. mem., leg. coun., 1927.

RHODES, HON. SIR ROBERT HEATON, M.L.C. (1925), K.C.V.O. (1927), K.B.E. (1920).—B. 1861; B.A. Oxford; ent'd. New Zealand parliamt., 1899; served in S. African war (Queen's medal and 4 clasps); lt.-col., 1st Regt., Canterbury Rifles Yeomanry Cavalry; postmr.-gen., min. of telegraphs, min. of pub. health, 1912-1915; min. of defence, 1920-26; comsnr., state forests, 1922-26; leader of leg. coun. and mem., exec. coun. without portfolio, 1926.

RICE, HARRY PATRICK.—B. 1886; S.A. constabl., 1906-15; K.A.R., 1916-17; asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Nov., 1919; supt., 1926.

RICH, HON. GEO. EDWARD.—Justice of the high court of Australia, Apr., 1913.

RICHARDS, ARTHUR FREDERICK, B.A. (Oxon).—B. 1885; ed. Clifton Coll., and Christ Ch., Oxford; cadet, S. Sttlmts., Nov., 1908; ag. asst. dist. offr., Port Dickson, Apr. to Sept., 1910; ag. harbmr., Perak, Aug., 1911; ag. asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Feb., 1912; offr., Cls. V., May, 1913; asst. dist. offr., Krian, June, 1913; mag., cent. ct., Kota Bharu, and state audr., Aug., 1915; adviser, land office, Kedah, and ag. supt. of mines, June, 1916; offr., Cls. IV., Jan. 1918; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Apr. 1920; offr., Cls. III., Nov., 1920; 1st asst. col. sec., S. Sttlmts., and ag. clk. of couns. in addn., Apr., 1921; ag. 1st asst. sec. B., S. Sttlmts., and clk. of couns., 1st June, 1921; ag. 1st asst. sec.

A., and clk. of couns., 5th Dec., 1921; gen. sec., S. Sttlmts. retrenchment comtee., in addn., Jan., 1922; ag. sec. to high comsnr., F.M.S., Feb., 1923; on sp. duty, London, May, 1923; sec. opium comtee., Br. Malaya in addn., Nov., 1923; chmn., exec. comtee., Br. Malaya, Br. Empire Exhibn., in addn., 1924; ag. under sec. to govt., F.M.S., May, 1926; under-sec. to govt., F.M.S., Mar., 1927.

RICHARDS, CHARLES CHISHOLM.—B. 1892; ed. Elstow Schl., Bedford; E. Yorks Regt. (lieut. sp. res. of offrs.) 1915-20; seconded to 1st K.A.R. (Nyassaland and Tanganyika), 1917-20; admstve. offr., 2nd grade, Tanganyika Territory, 1921.

RICHARDS, DANIEL.—B. 1886; ed. Foyle Coll., Londonderry and Queen's Univ., Belfast; B.A., 1908; cadet, F.M.S., 1910; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, Singapore, 1914; asst. contr., lab., 1915; mag., Ipoh, Nov., 1915; asst. contr., lab., Dec., 1915; collr., war tax, Singapore, 1918; ag. asst. offl. assignee, Singapore and ag. asst. supt., Indian immigrts. in addn., July, 1918; collr., war tax, Singapore, Oct., 1918; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, 1919; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Penang, May, 1920; ag. prot., Chinese, Perak, Sept., 1920; ag. prot., Chinese, Selangor and Pahang, 1921; prot., Chinese, Selangor and Pahang, 1922; prot., Chinese, Kedah, Apr., 1926; ag. prot., Chinese, Perak, Oct., 1926.

RICHARDS, FREDERICK WILLIAM, LL.D.—Crown sol., S. Australia, 1916; formerly parliamentary draftsman; ag. judge, sup. ct., 1925; judge, ditto, 1927.

RICHARDS, GEORGE HAMILTON.—B. 1879; ed. Haileybury Coll.; asst. supt. wks., P.W.D., Penang, Dec., 1905; asst. engnr., Perak 1908; ag. ex. engnr., P.W.D., F.M.S., 1909-12; ex. engnr., 1913; served with R.E. in Egypt and Salonika, 1915-19; ment. in desp., Oct., 1916 and Oct., 1917; M.C., June, 1918; temp. major, Oct., 1918; sen. ex. engnr., P.W.D., F.M.S., 1920; ag. state engnr., Johore, June-Nov., 1924; ag. state engnr., Pahang, Oct., 1926.

RICHARDS, P. E.—B. 1901; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., 24th Apr., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

RICHARDSON, CECILY.—B. 1889; ed. The Laurels, Rugby and Royal Holloway Coll.; B.A. London, 1912; asst. mistress, govt. girls' schl., Penang, 1914; asst. mistress, Raffles girls' schl., Singapore, 1915; ag. prin., 1920 and 1924.

RICHARDSON, BRIG.-GEN. SIR GEORGE SPAFFORD, K.B.E. (1925), C.B. (1917), C.M.G. (1915), C.B.E. (1919).—B. 1867; enlisted in Royal Artillery, Aug., 1886; attached to N.Z. Forces as instructor in gunnery with rank of master gunner, Aug., 1891; capt., N.Z. militia and dir. of artillery services (N.Z.), Apr., 1907; transf'd. to N.Z. staff corps, Jan., 1911; major, 1912; lieutenant-col., 1915; col., 1919, and brig.-gen. with seniority as from Dec., 1915; N.Z. representative at War Office, London, and attached Impl. gen. staff, Dec., 1913; attached to Admty. staff, Aug., 1914; attached Royal Naval Divn. as asst. adjutant and qrtmr., Nov., 1914; active service at Antwerp with Royal Naval Divn.; subsequently served as A.A. and Q.M.G. on Gallipoli; selected as D.A. and Q.M.G. of an Army Corps at Salonika with temporary rank of brig.-gen.; comdt., N.Z.E.F. in U.K., 1st Mar., 1916; G.O. in charge admstr., N.Z. Forces, 5th May, 1919; admstr., W. Samoa, 1923; also admstr.,

Tokelau Is., 1926; Legion of Honour (Croix de Chevalier) conferred by Pres. of the French Republic, 1916; ment. in despatches (3).

RICHARDSON, R. B.—B. 1902; ed. *Lancing Coll. and Brasenose Coll.*, Oxford; 2nd cla. jurisprudence, 1923; called to bar, Inner Temple, Jan., 1927; cadet, Tanganyika Territory admstrn., May, 1924; asst. sec., Dec., 1924; attd. as asst. prin., C.O., Feb. to Aug., 1927.

RICHES, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1885; on mil. serv., Jan., 1915 to Mar., 1919; 2nd lieutenant, London Scottish, Sept., 1917; apptd. to army audit staff, Eastern command, 1921; cler. offr., C.O., 17th July, 1922.

RICHES, JOSEPH THOMAS.—B. 1883; man. govt. printing press, Zanzibar, 8th May, 1916; ag. editor, off. gaz., 1st Jan., 1917 to 5th Mar., 1918; comptr. of stationery, 1st Jan., 1918; govt. printer and comptr. of stationery, 15th May, 1919.

RIDDELL, WALTER ALEXANDER, M.A., PH.D.—Supt., trades and lab. dept. of pub. wks., Ontario govt., 1916; dep. min. of lab., Ontario, 1919; ch. of agr. serv., Internat. Lab. Office, League of Nations, Jan., 1920; Dominion of Canada advisory off. to L. of N., Geneva, 1925.

RIDDELL, HON. WILLIAM RENWICK.—B. 1852; ed. Cobourg, Ont., Coll. Inst. and Victoria Univ., Toronto; lecturer in maths., Normal Schl., Ottawa, 4 years; called to bar, 1883; Q.C., 1897; benchr., Law Soc., Upper Can., since 1892; judge, high ct., Ont., King's Bench dvn., 1906; judge, appellate dvn. (second divl. ct.), 1913; hon. mem., American Bar Assoc., and of Bar Assocs. of several states; F.R. Hist. Soc., England; F.R.S.C. Can.; LL.D., Toronto, Yale, McMaster, Lafayette, Rochester, Wesleyan, North Western Univs.; L.H.D., Syracuse Univ.; J.U.D., Trinity Coll. (Toronto); author of several legal and hist. works; has contrib. extensively to hist., scientific and literary jnls.

RIDGEWAY, THE RT. HON. SIR J. WEST, G.C.B. (1906), G.C.M.G. (1900), K.C.S.I., P.C. (Ireland).—B. 1844; ret. from the army with the rank of col., 1889; under-sec., foreign dept., India, 1881-5; comsnr. for delimitation of Afghan frontier, 1885-7; under-sec. to lord-lieut. of Ireland, 1887; lieut.-gov. of the Isle of Man, 1893; gov. of Ceylon, Dec., 1895-1903; chmn. of comen. sent to S. Africa on Transvaal constitution, 1906; mem. of hon. man. comtee. of sleeping sickness bureau, 1908; chmn., ct. of dirs., Br. N. Borneo Co., 1910.

RIDGEWAY, T. R. V.—Asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Dec., 1923.

RIGBY, JAMES PHILIP CLAYTON.—Ed. Westminster Schl. and Trinity Coll., Cambridge (Westminster exhibr.); barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn; ag. dep. registrar., sup. ct., Singapore, Aug., 1898; ag. sheriff, 1899; registrar. of ota., Larut, 1901; ag. mag., Larut, 1902; ag. state treas., Perak, 1907; ag. asst. ditto, Larut, 1911; ag. asst. registrar., sup. ct., Ipoh, 1916; registrar., sup. ct., Kuala Lumpur, 1920; off. clrs. II., Jan., 1924; pub. for F.M.S. Govt., "The 99 Laws of Perak," under gen. editorship of R. J. Wilkinson.

RIGBY, WILLIAM EDWARD.—B. 1897; ed. at Bury Gram. Schl.; 2nd lieut., Lancs. Fusiliers, Sept., 1915; served in France from Aug., 1916 to Mar., 1918, and from June, 1918 to Nov., 1919; awarded the M.C. and the Croix de Guerre; cadet, S. Stlmts., 20th Nov., 1920; attd. to Chinese prot., Penang, 21st Dec., 1920; attd. to Chinese prot., Singapore, 28th Feb., 1921; proceeded to Canton to study Chinese, 5th July, 1921.

RIGNELL, JOHN HERBERT.—B. 1886; Scots Guards, 1904-14; mil. prov., staff corps, 1911; warrant offr., cl. I., 1920-25; served in U.K., Ceylon and Malta; phys. instr., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

RIMINGTON, CAPT. G.B.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, May, 1920.

RINFRET, FERNAND, B.A., F.R.S.C.—Elec. to House of Commons, Canada, 1920-25; sec. of state, 1926.

RIPPON, STEWART ROSS, M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1895; lieut., R.A.V.C., 16th Jan., 1917; serv. in Salonica, Macedonia, and with Army of Black Sea; capt., Jan., 1918; demob., 25th Jan., 1921; vet. offr., Gold Coast, 20th May, 1921.

RISLEY, SIR JOHN SHUCKBROUGH, K.C.M.G. (1922), K.C. (1921), K.C. (1912)—B. 1867; ed. at Marlborough and Magd. Coll., Oxford (classical exhibitor); 2nd class classical mod., 1888; 2nd class jurisprudence, 1890; open studentship, Inns of Court, 1892; called to the bar, 1893; M.A. and B.C.L., 1894; author of "The Founding of St. Stephen's Golf Club," 1893; "The Law of War," 1897; "Notes and Echoes," 1902; editor of Dale's "Clergyman's Legal Handbook," 7th edition; joint editor of Waterlow's "Companies Acts Manual," 11th and 12th editions; legal assistant, C.O., March, 1901; legal adviser, 19th May, 1911.

RITCHIE, GEORGE LE HARRIVEL KERR BAINBRIDGE.—Natal Civ. Serv., 1891; lieut., 1st batt. N.R.R., 1892; served with Mashonaland Field Force, 1896, attached to Rhodesian Horse, present at the relief of Ft. Charter, Ft. Salisbury, Mazoe, and Hartley Hills, ment. in desp. (medal and clasp); asst. collr., Nyasaland Prot., Dec., 1897; 2nd grade resident, Apr., 1907.

RITCHIE, J. D.—Clk., agr. dept., Kenya, Aug., 1912; head clk. and asst. cust. dept., Sept., 1922.

RITCHIE, HON. JAMES JOHNSTONE.—B. 1856; ed. Annapolis Acad. and King's Coll. Schl., Windsor, N.S.; LL.B., Harvard Law Schl.; admitted to Bar of N.S., Dec., 1877; K.C., 1890; pres., N.S. Barristers Soc., 1910 and 1911; just., sup. ct., N.S., 16th Feb., 1912; judge in equity and judge of ct. for divorce and matrimonial causes, 12th May, 1915.

RIVERS-SMITH, STANLEY, C.B.E. (1926), O.B.E. (1919), M.A. (Cantab).—B. 1877; ed. at St. Lawrence Coll., Ramsgate, and St. Catharine's Coll., Cambridge (exhibtr.); entd. Egyptian civ. serv., 27th Sept., 1905; dir. of educn., Zanzibar, 2nd Oct., 1907; Order of the Aliyeh Zanzibar, 3rd cla., 1909; seconded for mil. serv., K.A.R., Dec., 1916 to Dec., 1918; Order of the Brilliant Star, Zanzibar, 3rd cla., 1920; dir. of educn., Tanganyika Territory, 12th Sept., 1920; Swahili examr.; mem., exec. coun., 1925.

ROACH, B. S.—B. 1864; entd. educn. dept., S. Australia, 1879; head teacher, 1891; editor of "Children's Hour" and "Education Gazette"; inspir. of schs. since 1915.

ROBB, HON. JAMES ALEXANDER.—B. 1859; ed. at dist. schl. and Huntingdon Acad.; mayor of Valleyfield, 1906-10; el. to H.C., 1908, 1911, 1917 and 1921; min. of trade and commerce in King admstrn., 29th Dec., 1921; min. of immigr. and colonisation, 1923; min. of finance and recr.-gen., 5th Sept., 1925.

ROBERT, FREDERIC.—Admitted a solicitor of sup. ct. of Mauritius, 1885; ag. mag., Rodrigues, from Nov., 1895, to Dec., 1896, June, 1897, to Sept., 1898, and Apr., 1900, to June, 1901; dist. clk. and sen. civ. status off., Plaines Wilhems, Cure-

pipe division, 15th July, 1901; ag. registrar-gen., May to Oct., 1903; ag. mag., Rodrigues, 1st Apr., 1904; ag. dist. and stip. mag. of Mauritius, 20th, July, 1904; ag. mag., Lesser Dependencies, 19th Sept., 1904, confirmed assuch., 11th Sept., 1905; confirmed as dist. and stip. mag., Mauritius, 1st Oct., 1907.

ROBERTS, ARTUR HALLAM, B.A. (Cantab).—B. 1888; ed. Aldenham schol. and Jesus Coll., Camb.; called to bar, Inner Temple, Nov., 1914; cadet, Fiji, Jan., 1915; priv. sec. to gov., Mar., 1915; ag. 1st cls. clk., col. sec.'s office and clk. to exec. and leg. coun., Jan., 1916; passed cadet, June, 1916; priv. sec., Oct., 1916; 2nd gradedist. commr., 15th Oct., 1916; ag. crown solr., July, 1917; assigned dist. of Savu Savu, Aug., 1917; asst. serv., June, 1918; dist. commr., Navua, Dec., 1919; resigned, Oct., 1920; el. mem., leg. coun., 1923-26; registrar, sup. ct., taxing master, curator, pub. trustee and off. recr. in bankruptcy, 7th Mar., 1927.

ROBERTS, CHARLES CLIFTON, B.A.—Ed., St. Paul's Schl. and Keble Coll., Oxford; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1910; asst. atty.-gen., Nyassaland Prot., Nov., 1919; ag. atty.-gen., May to Oct., 1920, Mar., 1921, to Jan., 1922 and from Feb. to Apr., 1924; senr. mag., Uganda, June, 1924; ag. atty.-gen., Sept., 1924 to Feb., 1925; ag. puisne judge, Mar. to Sept., 1925.

ROBERTS, DAVID GWRN.—Clk., accounting dept., Cape Govt. rlwys., 1902; passed Cape civ. serv. exam., 1st class, Nov., 1902; clk., col. sec.'s office, Jan., 1903; transf'd. to treasury, Sept., 1908; voluntarily retired from Cape civ. serv., Feb., 1909; clk., customs dept., Nyassaland Prot., 7th Oct., 1910; asst. traffic auditor, Gold Coast rlwys., 24th Sept., 1913.

ROBERTS, GEORGE FURSE.—B. 1881; ed. Univ. Coll., London; telegraphist, G.P.O., Sept., 1897; 2nd div. clk., exchequer and audit dept., Apr., 1900; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Dec., 1905; off. asst. to gov. agt., Uva Prov., Apr., 1907; pol. mag., Panadure, Jan., 1909; Jaffna, Dec., 1909; asst. gov. agt., Hambantota, Nov., 1911; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, and comsnnr. of requests and pol. mag., Nuwara Eliya-Hatton, May, 1912; pol. mag., Galle, Mar., 1915; pol. mag., Colombo, Mar., 1916; tea comsnnr., Nov., 1918; controller of estate supplies, in addition to his own duties, May, 1919; comsnnr. of requests, Colombo, Nov., 1921; ag. asst. P.M.G., Mar. 1922; rubber contr., Oct., 1922; dist. judge, Kurunegala, Nov., 1925; ditto, Negombo, Nov., 1926.

ROBERTS, MAJOR GEORGE DOUGLAS.—B. 1869; ed. Chanonry House, Aberdeen; served in Anglo-Boer war, 1901-02; S. African constab., 1904-06; sub-inspr., Swaziland pol., 1907; adjt., training depot, England, 1914-18; inspr., 1918; staff off., pol., 1923.

ROBERTS, JACOB THOMAS.—B. 1874; ed. at C.M.S. Collegiate schol., Lagos; clerical asst., qrtmr.'s off., Hausa force, 16th Sept., 1898; 6th cls. clk., 3rd Aug., 1899; asst. storepr., med. dept., 1st Jan., 1900; ag. med. storepr. and warden, Lagos hosp., 4th Nov., 1903, to 3rd Jan., 1904; 4th cls. clk., med. dept., 1st Apr., 1904; 3rd cls. clk., audit off., 1st Feb., 1905; 2nd cls. clk. ditto, 1st Jan., 1907; 1st cls. clk., ditto, 1st Jan., 1908; in charge of audit off., Ebute Metta, 21st Jan. to 26th Feb., 1908; asst. chief clk., audit off., 1st Jan., 1911.

ROBERTS, JOHN EDWIN THEOPHILUS.—Ed. Mico Coll., Jamaica; head teacher, St. Mary's Schl., St. Kitts; head teacher, Road Town Wes.

Schl., Virgin Is.; clk. to comsnnr., Virgin Is., Mar., 1917; ag. educnl. dist. off., Oct., 1919; Feb., 1920; educnl. dist. off., Mar., 1920; clk. to mag., and bailiff, sup. ct., Apr., 1921; comsnnr. to admstr. oaths, July, 1921.

ROBERTS, PERCY HAMER.—Prison off., Br. Guiana, 19th Nov., 1901; served penal settlmt., Massaruni, and at Essequibo and Georgetown county prisons; clerical asst., Georgetown and Essequibo prisons; gaoler, G. Coast, 5th Mar., 1911; keeper, James Fort prison, 1st June, 1911.

ROBERTS, THOMAS WEBB.—B. 1880; ed. Hertford Coll., Oxford; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1902; pol. mag., Matara, Aug., 1905; Panadure, Sept., 1906; dist. judge, Chilaw, Feb., 1909; ag. dist. judge, Batticaloa, May, 1912; comsnnr. of requests, Colombo, Feb., 1914; asst. comsnnr. of excise, Mar., 1917; excise comsnnr., Aug., 1920; dist. judge, Galle, Sept., 1927.

ROBERTS, WILLIAM RODDICK.—B. 1880; war serv., three years, nine months, R.N. and R.N.A.S.; gaol tech. instr., prisons dept., Gold Coast, 12th Jan., 1921; mast., Accra tech. schol., 31st Oct., 1923; seconded to prisons dept., 31st Oct. to 30th Nov., 1923; housemast., 28th Apr., 1926.

ROBERTSON, COLIN CHARLES, M.F.—Probationary forest off., O.F.S., Feb., 1903; studied forestry in Europe and at Yale Univ., 1905-07; asst. conservator of forests, O.F.S., 1907; dist. forest off., and research off., Pretoria, 1912; professional asst., 1917; on active service with S.A.H.A., Apr., 1917 to July, 1919; ag. conservator, forests, Eastern conservancy, 1919, Natal and Midland conservancies, 1920; resumed duties of prof. asst. to chief conservator of forests, Oct., 1920.

ROBERTSON, GEORGE WATSON, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).—Govt. pathologist, Cape Town and med. off. in ch., govt. vaccine statn., Cape Town, 1921; ret., but apptd. in part time capacity as med. off. in ch., govt. vaccine inst. and consulting pathologist to Union dept. of pub. health, Cape Town, 21st Nov., 1926.

ROBERTSON, HON. GIDEON DEKKER.—B. 1874; ed. pub. and high schol., Welland, Ontario; called to the senate, Canada, 1917; mem. of the P.C. for Canada, 1918; cabinet min. without portfolio; min. of labour in Union Govt., 7th Nov., 1918 to 29th Dec., 1921.

ROBERTSON, J. P.—B. 1875; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; headmaster, govt. boys' schol., Accra, G. Coast, 11th Apr., 1908; inspr. of schol., 1st Jan., 1911; provincial inspr. of schol., 1st Jan., 1915; lieut., G. Coast volunteers; ag. dir., educn., 4th July to 4th Aug., 1925; asst. dir., educn., 1927.

ROBERTSON, THOMAS ROBERT.—B. 1875; ed. Glenalmond, M.B., Ch.B., Edin.; formerly house surgeon and physician, Swansea hosp. and Victoria Park hosp. for chest diseases; civil surg., S. African Field Force, 1901-2 (medal and three clasps); asst. comsnnr. and gen. med. off., Salt Cay, Turks Is., 1905; dist. comsnnr. and gen. med. off., Catoos Is., 1905; gen. med. off., Grand Turk, 1909.

ROBERTSON, SIR W. C. F., K.C.M.G. (1927), C.M.G. (1919).—Ed. Trin. Coll., Dublin; exhibitor, 1885 and 1887; classical scholar, 1888; classical moderator, 1889; inspr. of schol., G. Coast, 1898; director of educn., 1899; ag. comptroller of cust., 1899; compiled census rept., 1901; ag. sec. for native affairs, 14th June to 19th Nov., 1905; prov. comsnnr., 20th Nov.,

1905; sec. for native affairs, 18th May, 1907; ag. col. sec., 4th July to 25th Sept., 1908; chief asst. col. sec., 22nd Jan., 1909; ag. col. sec., in 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913; deputy gov., Jan., 1910; dep. gov., Dec., 1912, and April to May, 1913; ag. gov., 1st May to 27th Aug., 1914; dep. gov., 28th Aug. to 6th Sept., 1914; col. sec., Gibraltar, 12th Feb., 1915; lieut.-gov. and chief sec. to govt., Malta, May, 1917; offr. admgt. govt., Malta, for various periods, 1920-25; gov.'s dep., 1st to 13th Oct., 1920; lieut. gov. by coman. under new constitution, 14th Apr., 1921; gov.'s dep., for various periods in 1920 and 1922; hon. LL.D., Malta Univ., 1925; gov., Barbados, 1925.

ROBIN, MAJOR - GENERAL SIR ALFRED WILLIAM, K.C.M.G. (1916), C.B. (1900).—B. 1861; ed. privately and at Otago high schl.: N. Zealand volr. offr.; comd. squadn. N. Zealand mtd. rifles, Queen Victoria's diamond jub., 1897; comd. 1st N. Zealand contngt., S. Africa, 1899-1901; comdt., Otago mil. dist., 1902-07 (brev. col.); chief of gen. staff and 1st mil. mem. of coun. of defence, 1907-11 (col.); adjt. and qtrmr.-gen., 1911-12; represented N. Zealand on Imperial gen. staff, War Off., 1912-13; comdt. and G.O.C., N. Zealand mil. forces, 1914-19; maj.-gen., 1916.

ROBINSON, AUBREY CHARLES.—B. 1875; ed. Lancing Coll., and Hertford Coll., Oxford; B.A.; called to the bar, Inner Temple, Nov., 1901; practised at the bar, Jamaica, 1901 to 1911; comsnr., and judge of grand ct., Cayman Is., Jan., 1913; compld. revised edition of Laws of Cayman Is. (publcn. deferred during the war); registr.-gen., Bahamas, Jan., 1918; perf. duties of S. and C. mag. in July and Dec., 1918, and from 25th Mar., 1919; registr.-gen., Trinidad, Aug., 1919; ag. registr., supt. ct. and marshal, June to Sept., 1920; res. mag., Jamaica, Sept., 1923.

ROBINSON, FRANKLYN.—B. 1878; M.A., Durham Univ.; barrister, Inner Temple, 1915; cadet, S. Sttlmts. Oct., 1902; ag. head of Malay Coll., Malacca, Apr., 1903; demarcation offr., Malacca, 4th Dec., 1903; passed final exam. in Malay, Jan., 1904; mag., June, 1904; passed cadet, July, 1904; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, Dec., 1905; ag. dep. registr. of sup. ct., sheriff, mag., comsnr. of ct. of requests, registr. of marriages, and chmn. of bd. of licensing justices, Malacca, Sept., 1907; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, Dec., 1907; ag. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, Mar., 1908; 3rd mag., Singapore, Mar., 1910; ag. dist. offr., Nibong Tebal, 5th Apr., 1912; ditto, Butterworth, 22nd Aug., 1913; ag. regsr., sup. ct., dist. judge and mag., Malacca, 26th Sept., 1913; offr. of cls. IV., 1st Aug., 1913; asst. dist. offr., Krian, 9th Aug., 1915; ag. 1st mag., Johore Bahru, 28th Dec., 1915; services lent to Kelantan govt., 14th Dec., 1917; dist. offr., Temerloh, 16th Jan., 1919; ag. asst. to atty.-gen., Nov., 1919; offr., cls. II., F.M.S., Jan., 1920; ag. regsr., sup. ct., Penang, Aug., 1920; ag. legal adviser and judge, Kedah, Oct., 1920; judge, 1st divn. under new courts enactment, continued to act as legal adviser in addn., 8th Sept., 1921; ag. dep. pub. procs., Penang, 1st Mar., 1922; ag. legal adviser, Kedah, May, 1924.

ROBINSON, INNES LOVELL.—B. 1904; ed. Marlborough and Jesus Coll., Cambridge (2nd cls. hon. classics); cadet, Tanganyika, 1927.

ROBINSON, J. ALEX. M.B.E. (1919).—J.P. and notary pub. for the col. (Newfldld.); ed. Vict. Coll., Jersey, and New Kingdoms, Bath; prin. of Carbonear gram. schl., 1883-92; elec. for Bonavista, 1897; col. sec. of Newfldld. and mem. of exec. coun., 1897; accepted leadership of legis.

coun., Dec., 1897; May, 1898, retd. to H.A. for dist. of Trinity: mem. treasury. bd., 1898; M.L.C., 1910; postmr.-gen., 1916.

ROBINSON, S.—B. 1893; ed. Barnsley Gram. Schl. and Univ. of Sheffield; B.A., 1914; 1st cls. hon. mod. langs.; M.A., 1919; on milv. serv., 1914-19; apptd. under reconstruction scheme, junr. clk., bd. of cust. and excise, Sept., 1919; asst. prin., 1st Jan., 1920; transfd. to C.O. as priv. sec. (appts.) to S. of S., Duke of Devonshire, Nov., 1923; Mr. J. H. Thomas, Jan., 1924; Mr. L. C. M. S. Amery, Nov., 1924.

ROBINSON, LIEUT.-COL. SIR THOMAS BILBE, K.C.M.G. (1913), KT. BACH. (1910), K.B.E. (1918).—B. 1853; formerly major in command of 1st Queenslanders, and senior offr. in Cent. Queensland; man. and dir. of various public companies; J.P., Queensland, 1887; pres. of Rockhampton chamber of commerce; Queensland comsnr. for Franco-British exhibn.; agt.-genr. for Queensland, 1910; mem. of comtee. for settmt. of ex-serv. men within the Empire, 1917.

ROCHE, HON. WILLIAM JAMES, M.D., LL.D.—B. 1859; ed. pub. schl., Lucan, Ontario, and high schl., London, Ontario, Trinity med. coll., Toronto; grad. M.D., with 1st cl. hon., Western Univ., London, Ontario, 1883; 1st grad. in medicine of that Univ.; LL.D., 1911; removed 1883 to Minnedosa, Man., where he is a practising physician; territorial rep. for Manitoba med. coun., 1885-1901; has held highest offices in I.O.O.F., Manitoba; elec. to H. of C., Canada, g.e. 1896; re-elec. g.e. 1900, 1904, 1908 and 1911; conservative whip for the West, 1901-1911; mem. of the privy coun. for Canada, and sec. of state in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; min. of the Interior, 1912; chmn., civ. serv. coman., 1917.

ROCK, JOHN CHRISTOPHER WILBERFORCE.—B. 1882; ed. Harrison Coll., Barbados and Jesus Coll., Oxford; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1905; off. asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., June, 1906; Sabaragamuwa, Jan., 1908; pol. mag., Panadure, Dec., 1909; pol. mag., Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri, Nov., 1911; ag. dist. judge, Tangalla, Oct., 1912; ditto, Matara, Oct., 1913; ditto, Kalutara, Aug., 1920; dep. comsnr. of excise, May, 1921; dist. judge, Matara, Apr., 1925; ditto, Galle, Mar., 1926.

RODD, A. J.—B. 1886; apptd., after exam., asst. library attendant, C.O., 11th Dec., 1906; library attendant, 18th Feb., 1911; supplementary clk., col. audit dept., Feb., 1914; on mil. serv. from 5th Aug., 1914.

RODEN, SIR ROBERT BLAIR, KT. BACH. (1918).—B. 1860; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1902; clk., public library, Antigua, 1880; 2nd clk. to the gov., Leeward Is., 1881; acted on several occasions as ch. clk., and as clk. to the legis. and exec. couns., and as a dist. mag., Antigua; also acted as priv. sec. to different govs., Leeward Is., in 1883, 1890, 1895 and 1896; mag., Nevis, 1890; mem. St. Kitts and Nevis legis. couns., 1891; mem., fed. leg. coun., Leeward Is., 1898-9; mag., Bridgetown, Barbados, 1903; acted on several occasions as judge, petty debt ct., Bridgetown, and judge of the asst. ct. of appeal; visiting justice, Glendairy pris., 1904; ch. just., St. Vincent, 1912; admnstd. govt. of St. Vincent from Oct., 1912 to Feb., 1913, and for short periods in Apr., Aug., and Dec., 1913; also from Mar. to Nov., 1914; ch. just., Br. Honduras, Feb., 1915; chmn. of food control comtee., Jan., 1918; ret., 1921.

RODESSE, MAURICE.—B. 1871; Priv. sec. to several puisne judges and ch. justices, S. Sttlmts.,

from 20th May, 1889; acted as dep. registrar or as sheriff and dep. registrar, Singapore, on several occasions since 1893; confirmed as sheriff and dep. registrar, 1st Jan., 1902; ag. off. assignee in addition to own duties, Sept. to Oct., 1907; dep. registrar sup. ct., and sheriff in addition, Dec., 1908, and again Apr., 1914; ag. registrar, sup. ct., Jan., 1909; hon. gen. sec., agri-horticultural shows in addition, May to Aug., 1910; asst. supt. Indian immigr., May, 1912; ag. marshal, prize ct. in addition, Aug. 1914; in charge of registrar and sheriff's office, Dec., 1917.

RODRIGO, EDMUND.—B. 1889; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1912; attached to Kurunegala Kachcheri, Mar., 1913; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Nov., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., May, 1915; mun. mag., Colombo, Oct., 1915; pol. mag., Puttalam, May, 1917; office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Sept., 1918; dist. judge, Batticaloa, Apr., 1920; ditto, Matara, May, 1922; asst. comsnr., excise, Sept., 1924; dep. comsnr., excise, Sept., 1927.

RODRIGUEZ, FAUSTIN ALBERT, M.B., C.M. (Edin.).—B. 1867; entd. med. ser., Trinidad, 1st May, 1904; dist. med. offr., 1st May, 1904.

RODWELL, SIR CREIL HUNTER, K.C.M.G. (1919), C.M.G. (1909).—Ed. Eton and King's Coll., Camb., B.A., 1897; serv. on staff of high comsnr. for S. Africa since Dec., 1900; Imperial sec., Mar., 1904; gov., Fiji, and high comsnr., W. Pacific, 8th Apr., 1918; assumed duty, 10th Oct., 1918; gov. and commdr. in ch., B. Guiana, 1925.

ROGERS, ARTHUR WILLIAM, Sc.D., F.R.S.—B. 1872; ed. Clifton Coll. and Christ's Coll., Camb.; Harkness scholar, Camb.; geologist, geological coms., Cape of Good Hope, 1896; asst. dir., geological surv., Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; dir. geological survey of Union of S. Africa, 1917.

ROGERS, WALTER ERNEST.—B. 1864; ent. civ. serv., S. Australia, 9th Mar., 1882; 2nd clk., audit dept., 1st Feb., 1912; audr.-gen., S. Aust., 1923.

ROGERSON, WALTER JOHN LANCAIRE, B.A., Cantab.—B. 1889; Cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1912; attached to Kandy Kachcheri, Jan., 1913; ag. additional office asst., Anuradhapura Kach., Jan., 1914; ag. asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, May, 1914; addtl. office asst. Anuradhapura, June, 1914; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Kandy, June, 1914; ag. asst. govt. agt., Matale, Sept., 1914; office asst. to govt. agt., Badulla, Sept., 1914; pol. mag., Matale, Jan., 1915; office asst. to govt. agt., Kandy, May, 1917; pol. mag., Avisawella, Jan., 1921; ditto, Kandy, Feb., 1921; dist. judge Kegalla, Sept., 1922; pol. mag., Colombo, July, 1923; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Nov., 1925; ag. asst. govt. agt., Matale, Apr., 1926.

ROLAND, FREDERICK MALCOLM.—Called to bar, Middle Temple, 1913; mag., county St. Patrick, Trinidad, 1st Mar., 1926.

ROLLESTON, HON. FRANCIS JOSEPH, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1873; ed. Christ's Coll. and Canterbury Univ. Coll., N.Z.; entd. N.Z. parlt., 1922; min. of defence, min. of just. and atty.-gen., 1926.

ROLSTON, CECIL MICHELL.—M.D., C.M., Univ. of Manitoba, Canada, 1895; L.R.C.P., Edin.; L.R.C.S., Edin.; L.R.F.P. and S., Glasgow, 1898; mem. Coll. of Phys. and Surgeons, 1903; F.R.I., 1904; memb. health, London; late civil surg., attached to R.A.M.C. during S. African war, 1900-1902 (Queen's medal, 2 clasps; King's medal, 2 clasps); apptd.

to Leeward Is. med. serv., 1903; med. offr., dis. "D," Dominica, and ag. med. offr. of pub. instns., 1903; dist. med. offr. of health Vancouver, B. Columbia, 1908; med. offr., dis. 8, Nevis, 1914; ag. mag., Nevis, May to June, 1915; med. offr., dist. 6, Nevis, Sept. 1915.

ROOS, J. DE V., B.A., LL.B.—B. 1869; advoc. of sup. ct., Cape Colony; ditto, S.A.R.; attorney, etc., of sup. ct. of S.A.R.; sworn translator in English, Dutch and Portuguese, sup. ct., Transvaal; Cape parly. service, 1893-7; ag. sec. of law dept., Transvaal, 1st Dec., 1908; ditto and ag. dir. prisons, Transvaal, 1st Jan., 1909; sec. to law dept., 1st May, 1909; re-admitted advoc., sup. ct., Transvaal, 28th June, 1909; dir., prisons, 1st July, 1909; sec. for just. and dir. prisons, Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; ag. contr. and audr.-gen., 1st Aug., 1918; contr. and audr.-gen., 9th Dec., 1918; mem., American rly. acctng. offra. ascn.; mem., joint comtee. of the universities for professional exams.; mem., société de comptabilité de France.

ROOS, HON. TIELMAN J. DE V., K.C.—M.L.A. for divn. of Lichtenburg, Union of S. Africa since 1915; min. of just., 30th June, 1924.

ROOTS, NEVILLE, M.Inst.C.E.—Ed. Tonbridge Schl. and City and Guilds Engng. Coll., S. Kensington; held various engng. appts. in U.K., 1897-1904; insp. engnr., P.W.D., Jamaica, 1908; asst. dir., P.W.D., 1914; ag. dir., Apr., 1920 to Sept., 1921; dep. dir., Apr., 1922.

ROPER, WILLIAM JAMES.—B. 1891; entd. O.A. office, 1907; seconded to Falkland Is., Aug., 1912; ag. priv. sec. to admtn. and clk. to couns., Aug., 1913; chf. clk. to col. sec., Jan., 1914; ag. local auditor, Nov., 1914; returned to C.A. office, 1915; served European war (M.G.C. France), 1916-1919; 1st cls. clk., Nyasaland, 15th Jan., 1920; ag. ch. clk., July to Dec., 1921; editor, Gazette, Oct., 1921 to Dec., 1922; ag. 2nd asst. sec. and clk. to exec. and leg. couns., Jan. to Nov., 1922, Mar. to Nov., 1925 and from May to Nov., 1926; organising sec., Nyasaland Vol. Res., Sept., 1926; ag. ch. transport offr., Dec., 1926 to May, 1927.

ROSE, HON. HUGH EDWARD.—B. 1869; ed. at Jarvis St. Collegiate Inst., Univ. of Toronto; (B.A., 1891; LL.B., 1892), and Osgoode Hall; mem. of the firm of Faaksen, Cowan, Chadwick and Rose; called to the bar, Ontario, 1894; K.C., 1908; judge of the sup. ct., Ontario, 4th Dec., 1916; examr. in law for some years for University of Toronto and the Law Society of Upper Canada.

ROSEBY, THOMAS ERNEST.—B. 1868; ed. at Sydney Univ.; M.A.; honourman in French and German; senr. clk., Royal Mint, Sydney, 1885-1896; called to the bar, New S. Wales, 1896; also to high ct., of Australia; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., 1912; crown proscr., N.S. Wales assizes, 1902-3; Brit. judge of joint ct. civ., criminal and land registration procedure codes; puisne judge, sup. ct., Mauritius, Feb., 1917; chmn. of govt. wages coms., 1919; chmn. of comtee. to advise on treatment of former enemy aliens, 1919; chmn., govt. scholarship grants comtee. and chmn., rly. enquiry coms., 1923; chmn., Curpipe bd. enquiry coms., 1926-7.

ROSS, ALEXANDER HOWARD.—B. 1880; ed. Epsom Coll. and on H.M.S. "Worcester"; supervisor of customs, Gold Coast, 1906; ag. insp., P.S., 1908 and 1909; ag. dist. comsnr. and

travelling comanr., 1908 and 1909 in Ashanti and Northern Territories; asst. dist., comanr. Ashanti, 1910; ag. prov. comanr., 1912 and 1913; ag. dist. comanr., 1913; dist. comanr., 1914; ag. prov. comanr., Mar. to Oct., 1916; passed in criminal law, Tropical African Service Course; dist. comanr., 1917-18; ag. prov. comanr., Mar. to Sept., 1919; ag. sec., native affrs., May to June, 1919; prov. comanr., Sierra Leone, May, 1920.

ROSS, CHARLES RICHARD.—Clk., P.O. savings bank, Cape, 1890; agric. dept., 1894; clk. and acctnt., office of conservator of forests, Midland Conservancy, Cape, 1895; dist. forest offr., George, Cape, 1897; Kokstad, Transkei, 1901; asst. conservator of forests, Transkeian conservancy, 1907; transf'd. to King William's Town, 1910; conservator of forests, Eastern conservancy, Cape, 1st Apr., 1912; ditto, Western conservancy, Oct., 1916.

ROSS, EDWARD ANDREW.—B. 1895; ed. Leigh Gram. Schl. and Manchester Univ.; on active serv., 1914-19; M.C.; relinquished coman., 1921 with rank of capt.; cadet, F.M.S., 1920; ag. asst. contr. of lab., May, 1921; superny. offr., cls. V., May, 1923; ag. dep. contr., lab., Kuala Lumpur, Dec., 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., lands, Kinta, Mar., 1924; asst. cont., lab., Penang, Mar., 1925; ag. dep. contr., lab. (B), Penang, Jan., 1926; ag. asst. emigrn. comanr., Malaya, Negapatam, May, 1926; offr., cls. IV, May, 1927.

ROSS, GEORGE ARCHIBALD PARK, M.D., Ch.M. (Edin.), D.P.H. (Edin.); diploma, trop. diseases, Liverpool.—B. 1879; S. African War, Lovat's Scouts, 1900-02; Anglo-Portuguese bndry. coman., Zambesia, 1904-5; native rebellion, Natal, 1906; trop. diseases investign., 1906-10; govt. pathologist, Natal, 1911; asst. health offr., Union of S. Africa, statnd. in Natal, 1918; major, S. African med. corps, in ch. sleeping sickness bureau, Durban, and sanitation offr., Natal, 1914-19.

ROSS, J. G. H.—Asst. dist. comanr., E.A.P., Sept., 1919; ag. junr. asst. sec., Kenya, 10th Nov., 1919 to 26th Oct., 1919; ag. clk. of exec. and leg. couns., 12th Dec., 1919 to 14th Mar., 1920; editor, off. Gazette, 6th Feb., 1920 to 31st Mar., 1920.

ROSS, JAMES PAULL.—B. 1881; ed. George Watson's Coll. and Edin. Univ.; M.A.; writer to the Signet; capt., 5th Batt. The Royal Scots (Q.E.R.); declined to retain rank of capt. as permission to rejoin for war serv. refused; asst. dist. comanr., G. Coast, 13th Aug., 1913; ag. asst. col. sec., Feb., 1918; dist. comanr., 9th Apr., 1919; ag. pol. mag., Kumasi, 12th Apr., 1919 to 5th Feb., 1920; ag. asst. col. sec., 29th July to 31st Dec., 1920; ch. census offr. in addn., 1921; asst. col. sec., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. ch. registrar and sheriff, 15th July, 1921 to 22nd Oct., 1921; senr. asst. col. sec., 15th Nov., 1921; pres., Accra town coun., 1921, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926 and 1927; comanr. for munic. affrs., 1st Apr., 1926.

ROSS, JAMES SANDFORD.—B. 1884; ed. Merchant Taylors Schl.; mily. serv., 1914-19; N.W. Frontier campaign, 1915; Salonica Field Force, 1916-19; asst. treas., Kenya, 1919.

ROSS, OSWALD F.—Ed. Malvern Coll. and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; capt., N. Staffs. Regt., European War; served Dardanelles expdn., 1915; Mesopotamia, 1916; passed A.T.S. course, 1920; asst. dist. comanr., Gold Coast, 1920.

ROTH, WALTER E.—B.A. (Oxon), late Demy of Magd. Coll.; M.R.C.S. (Eng.); L.R.C.P. (Lond.); hon. mem. anthrop. societies of Berlin and Florence, and of anthrop. inst., Lond.; late ch. protector

of aborigines, Queensland; and Royal comanr. to inquire into condition of natives of W. Aust.; stip. mag., dep. prot. of Indians, and govt. med. offr., Pomeroon River, B. Guiana, 8th Dec., 1906; stip. mag., Demerara River, 1916; author of "Elements of School Hygiene," 1886, "Theatre Hygiene," 1888, "Ethnological Studies among the N.W. Central Aborigines, Queensland," 1897, "N. Queensland Ethnography Bulletins," "Superstitions, Magic and Medicine," 1903; "Burial Ceremonies and Disposal of the Dead," 1907, "Animism and Folk-lore of the Guiana Indians," 1915, "Arts, Crafts and Customs of the Guiana Indians," 1923, translator of Richard Schomburgk's "Travels in Br. Guiana," 1923.

ROUILLARD, JEAN EDMOND.—Ed. Roy. Coll., Maur., and King Henry VIII.'s schl., Coventry; called to bar, Mid. Tem., 1891; licent. laws, Paris, 1891; ag. dist. mag., Plaines Wilhelms, Maur., Oct., 1899; ag. Crown pros., Feb., 1900; Crown pros., leg. advr., pol. mag., etc., Seychelles, 4th Sept., 1900; mag., Rodrigues, July, 1902; dist. and stip. mag., Mauritius, 1913; mast. and registrar, sup. ct., 1st July, 1927.

ROUSE, HAROLD STUART, C.E., A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1888; ed. Truro Coll. and Christ's Hosp.; survr., P.W.D., Hong Kong, Feb., 1912; engrn., drainage wks. office, Dec., 1913; transf'd. to gen. wks. office, P.W.D., Apr., 1915; ag. exec. engrn., G.W.O., Sept., 1915-16 and from Feb., 1921 to Oct., 1922; offr. in charge, G.W.O., May, 1924.

ROUTH, REGINALD LAMT.—B. 1856; ed. St. Mary's Hall, Southsea, and Cadet school; frigate, H.M.S. "Conway"; extra master's certifi., 1893; master of govt. vessels, Lagos, Apr., 1897; asst. marine supt., Lagos, Dec., 1902; ag. marine supt., Dec., 1903, to June, 1904; comdr., H.M.C.S.Y., "Ivy," S. Nigeria, June, 1906; sen. marine offr., E. Prov., S. Nigeria, May, 1907.

ROWAN, ALBERTUS NICOLAAS.—Examr., deeds office, Transvaal, May, 1902; ch. examr., ditto, Oct., 1906; asst. registrar, deeds, Transvaal, Dec., 1918; registrar, deeds, mining rights, companies, patents, trade marks, designs and copyrights, S.W. Africa, Apr., 1922; registrar, deeds, Transvaal and Swaziland, Mar., 1925; mem., townships bd., Mar., 1926.

ROWATT, HUGH HOWARD.—B. 1861; ed., Ottawa Coll. Inst. and St. Catherine's Affiliated Coll.; ent. civ. serv., Can., 1887, as correspondent; ch. clk., mining lands br., Mar., 1907; contrlr., mining lands, 1912; supt., 1920.

ROWE, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1878; ent. Crown Agents' office, 1896; asst. head, gen. stores dept., 1917; asst. head, pay dept., 1920; cashier, 1921; dep. head, finance dept., 1927.

ROWE, MAJOR R. H., D.S.O., M.C.—B. 1883; ed. Wellington Coll. and Royal Mily. Acad., Woolwich; Royal Arty., 1902-25; Bermuda and Jamaica, 1902-6; served with native infantry, Nigeria, 1907-10; Northern Hinterland expd., 1907-8; Niger Cross River expd., 1908-9; operations against Abini, 1909, and against Munchis, 1910; dep. dir., surveys, Nigeria, 1911; Nigeria-Dahomey bndry. comanr., 1912; Great war (Cameroons, France and Russia), 1914-18; survr.-gen., Gold Coast, 1920; comanr., lands, in addn., 1924; survr.-gen., Sierra Leone, in addn., 1925; Gold Coast rep. with staff of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales on his visit to W. Africa, 1925; chmn., comtees. on pub. wks. accts., rly. constrn., munic. finance and mily. defence; mem., leg. coun., 1926; comanr., lands, Nigeria, 27th Oct., 1926.

ROWELL, THOMAS HUBERT.—Clk., loco. dept., I.M.R., Pretoria, Oct., 1900; acctg. brch., ch. loco. supt.'s office, Jan., 1903; acctg. offr., ch. meeh. engr.'s dept., July, 1908; inspr., audit dept., S.A.R. and Harb., Oct., 1910; inspr., asst. contr. and audr. gen.'s dept., Union of S. Africa, May, 1911; inspr., (ryls. and hbars.) control and audit dept., 1st July, 1916; senr. inspr., 1st Oct., 1922; ag. ch. inspr., ryls. and harb., 24th Apr. to 11th Sept., 1924.

ROWEN, F. C. P.—B. 1896; copyist, audit dept., B. Honduras, 1912; 3rd cls. clk., atty.-gen.'s off., 1915; 2nd cls. clk., ditto, 1918; clk. to registr.-gen., 1919; sec., riot enquiry comen., 1919; ag. registr.-gen. and cust. enemy ppty. and and contr. local clearing office, 1920; sec., yellow fever enquiry comen., 1921; again ag. registr. gen., 1921, 1923 and 1925; registr.-gen., lands titles, registr., sup., vice-adm. and banky. cts., registr., companies and patents and registr., births marriages and deaths, 1927; J.P.; stamp comsnnr., dir., pub. offrs. guarantee fund; comsnnr., income tax, 1927.

ROWLEY, FORTESCUE WILLIAM.—B. 1874; ed. Canterbury Univ. Coll.; entd. N.Z. dept. of labr., 1893; dep. chief inspr. of factories, 1907; chief clk. and dep. chief inspr., 1911; sec. of labr., ch. inspr. of factories, regr. of industrial unions, 1914.

RUDDICK, JOHN ARCHIBALD, LL.D.—B. 1862, dairy expert; asst. to dairy comsnnr., Canada, 1891; prin. dairy sch., Kingston, Ont., 1896; dairy comsnnr., New Zealand, 1898; asst. to comsnnr. of agr., Can., 1900; dairy comsnnr., Can., 1905; dairy and cold storage comsnnr., Can., 1906; hon. LL.D. (Queen's Univ.), 1924.

RUGGLES, NEPEAN CLARKE, K.C., LL.B.—Barrister of sup. ct., Nova Scotia; Bachelor of Laws at Dalhousie Coll., Halifax, Canada, with honrs. 1891; called to the bar, Nova Scotia, with highest honours, 1891; K.C., Nova Scotia, Jan., 1911, served with the Canadian forces during S. African War; now on the reserve of officers. Canadian militia; public prosecutor at Barberton, Transvaal, 1902; asst. res. mag., 1903 to 1907; mag., dist. F., Dominica, Oct., 1909 to Dec., 1915; ag. mag., Roseau and registr., sup. ct. in addition on various occasions; took census of Dominica, 1911; mem., leg. coun., Dominica; mag., Grenada, 1915 to 1920; chmn., several comsns. while in Grenada; atty.-gen., St. Vincent, Aug., 1920 to Apr., 1921; ag. ch. just. for short period; 1st cls. stip. mag., B. Guiana, Apr., 1921.

RUNDLE, GEN. SIR HENRY MACLEOD LESLIE, R.A.—B. 1856; G.C.B. (1911); G.C.M.G. (1914); G.C.V.O. (1911); K.C.B., 1898; K.C.M.G., 1901; D.S.O., 1897; ed. Roy. Mil. Acad., Woolwich; entd. R.A., 1876; maj.-gen., 1896; served in Zulu war, 1879; Boer war, 1881; Egyptian war, 1882; Nile expedn., 1884-5; Soudan Frontier field force, 1885-7; Soudan Frontier, 1889; Dongola expedtny. force, 1896; adjt.-gen., Egyptian army; Khartoum expedn., 1898; comdg. S.E. Dist., 1898-9; dep. adjt.-gen. to the forces, 1899-1900; in comd. of div., Aldershot, 1900; lieutenant-gen. on staff in comd. of 8th Div., S. African field force, 1900, 1902; lieutenant-gen. of Nthn. Comd., 1905-7; col. comdt., R.A., 1907; gov. and comdr. in-chief, Malta, 1909-1915.

RUSHMER, JAMES.—B. 1876; entered C.O., Oct., 1893; apptd., after exam., library attendant, 1st July, 1896; promoted, after exam., under order-in-council of 1910, clk. of the 2nd div.,

18th Feb., 1911; asst. sec. to colonial blue-books comtee., 1917-1918; seconded for serv. at overseas settlement office, Apr., 1920.

RUSHTON, CHARLES BERKELEY.—Clk. comsnnr. of ryls. dept., W. Aust., Apr., 1896; 3d clk., July, 1896; ag. sec. to comsnnr. of ryls., 2d Aug., 1901; sec. to ditto, 18th Dec., 1901; sec. W. Australian London Agency, 3rd Nov., 1913.

RUSHTON, HERBERT HARVEY.—B. 1876; acct., electric light dept., Gibraltar, 1897; asst. sec. and asst. acct., munic. authority, 1902; ch. acct. and asst. sec., 1903; sec. and finan. offr., 1908 (also man., pub. electricity and water supplies, mem., comtee. on exchange and currency); asst. ch. acct., Uganda Rly., E. Africa Prot., 1915; lieutenant, E.A. Forces, 1915; capt., 1916; ag. dep. ch. acct., Uganda Rly., 1916 to June, 1919 (also govt. rep., Nairobi munic. coun., 1918, mem., gen. manager's advisory comtee., 1919); ag. ch. acct. to Uganda Rly., June to Dec., 1919; dep. treas., Kenya Colony, 1920 and 1921; ag. treas., Aug., 1920 to Apr., 1921; mem., exec. and leg. couns. (also chmn., currency and other comtees.); col. treas., Fiji, 1922 (with charge of group of depts., cust., post and marine, transport, posts, telegraphs and telephones, govt. stores, and returned soldiers' dairy stlmnt.); mem., exec. and leg. couns.; comsnnr. of currency, mem., educn., mining and other bds.; chmn., many comtees.

RUSSELL, MAJOR-GEN. SIR ANDREW HAMILTON.—K.C.B. (1918); K.C.M.G. (1915).—B. 1868; held comsn. as lieutenant for 5 yrs. in Imperial Army; vol. offr., New Zealand, 1900; hon. A.D.C. to H.E. the Gov. of N.Z., 1911; brig.-gen., 1914; temp. major-gen., 1915; major-gen. in command of N.Z. Div., 1916; foreign decoration, Order of Danilo (Montenegro), 1917.

RUSSELL, HON. BENJAMIN, K.C., M.A., D.C.L.—Ed. at Halifax gram. sch. and Mount Allison Univ.; called to the bar, 1872; for some years law adviser to legis. coun., Nova Scotia; elec. to H. of C., Canada, 1896; judge of supreme ct., Nova Scotia, 1904.

RUSSELL, THOMAS BROWNLEE.—B. 1873; ed. Pembroke Coll., Oxford, M.A.; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1897; office asst. to govt. agt., E. Prov., Mar., 1899; pol. mag., Balapitiya, Nov., 1899; dist. judge, Tangalla, Aug., 1900; office asst. to govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Nov., 1901; Uva Prov., Nov., 1902; dist. judge, Batticaloa, July, 1903; office asst. to govt. agent, N. Prov., Nov., 1903; pol. mag., Jaffra, Jan., 1904; ag. dist. judge, Jaffra, Mar., 1904; pol. mag., Kandy, July, 1905; dist. judge, Kalutara, Dec., 1910; ag. dist. judge, Kurunegala, June, 1915; dist. judge, Batticaloa, Aug., 1915; acted on two occasions in 1915 and 1916 as addit. agt. govt., E. Prov. in addition to his own duties; comsnnr. of requests, Colombo, Mar., 1918; dist. judge, Galle, Nov., 1920; govt. agt., S. Prov., Feb., 1924.

RUSSELL, SIR WILLIAM ALISON, KT. BACH. (1928), K.C.—B. 1876; ed. Rugby and Trin. Coll. Camb.; B.A., LL.B., honours, 1897; barrister-at-law, Inner Temp., 1900; equity bar, 1900-6; apptd. Crown advoc. pub. proscr., admstr.-gen., prin. registr. of docmts., registr. of companies, Uganda Prot., May, 1906; Crown advoc. and pub. proscr., Jan., 1909; ag. chief sec. to govt., Aug., 1909, to Mar., 1910; Crown advoc. and pub. proscr., Mar. to May, 1910; ag. chief sec. to govt., June, 1910 to Mar., 1911; Crown advoc. and pub. proscr., June, 1911 to June, 1912; King's advoc., Cyprus, July, 1912; mem. of exec. and legis. couns., 1912; joint comsnnr. under Reprint of Statutes Law, 1913;

edition publ., Feb., 1914; K.C., Cyprus, 1924; ch. just., Tanganyika Territory, 1924; published, "Legislative and Other Forms" (1924) and "Handbook for Magistrates" (1927).

RUTHERFORD, GEORGE JAMES, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Lond.—Ed. at Epson Coll. and Middlesex Hosp.; asst. col. surg., G. Coast, 1897; on spec. serv. in Lagos during the Sarki expedn., 1897-98; sen. med. offr., G. Coast, 1907; sen. med. officer, S. Nigeria, 1907; prov. med. offr., Ashanti, 1910; asst. prin. civ. med. offr. and inspr. gen. of hospitals, Ceylon, 1911; Ceylon deleg. at "All India" sanitary confce., 1911-12; ag. prin. civ. med. offr., Ceylon, Oct. to Dec., 1912, Feb. to Dec., 1913, and from June to Aug., 1915; prin. civ. med. offr. and inspr.-gen. of hospo., Aug., 1915; M.L.C.; sec., col. advisory med. and sany. comtee. at C.O., 1924.

RUTHERFORD, CAPT. PETER WILLIAM, M.O. (1916), F.R.G.S.—B. 1894; ed. Brighton Coll.; 2nd lieut., W. Yorks Regt., 1914; lieut., 1915; seconded, Flying Corps, 1916; capt., 1917; retd. from army, 1919; asst. dist. comsnnr., G. Coast, 20th Sept., 1921.

RUXTON, MAJOR UPTON FITZGERBERT, C.M.G.—B. 1873; asst. res., Nigeria, 6th Feb., 1901; 2nd cls. res., 1st Oct., 1902; 1st cls. res. 1st Oct., 1908; seconded to Admy., 1st Apr., 1916 to 27th May, 1919; seconded to F.O. for polit. duties, Constantinople, 28th May, 1919; returned to Nigeria, 14th Aug., 1921; lieut.-gov., S. Provs., Nigeria, 17th Oct., 1925.

RYAN, HUGH KAYE, M.A., LL.M., etc. (Cantab).—Barrister-at-Law, Inner Temple (1905); mem., Western Circuit; special pleader; author of several legal works; mag., B.E. Africa, 1913; joined Inns of Court O.T.C., 1914; depot adjutant; selected by mily. authorities for secret work, 1917; seconded for serv., Royal Engineers, 1918; joined directorate, I.W. and D., War Office; ment. in desps. and awarded O.B.E. (mily. divn.); asst. atty.-gen. Jamaica, 1918; ag. atty.-gen., 1922; D.B.C., Cyprus, 1923.

RYCROFT, MAJ.-GEN. SIR WILLIAM HENRY, K.C.B. (1919), K.C.M.G. (1918), C.M.G. (1915), C.B. (1910).—B. 1861; ed. Eton and Sandhurst; joined 71st H.L.I., 1879; served in Nile expedn. (including desert march to Metemeh), 1884-85 (medal and clasp and bronze star); Egyptian Army, 1886-87; action of Sarras (desps., 4th cls. Medjidie); promoted into 7th Dragoon Guards, 1888; staff coll., 1891-92; D.A.A.G., York, 1895-96; promoted into 11th Hussars, 1896; commanded 11th Hussars, 1904-8; staff, S. Africa, 1911-12; A.Q.M.G., Southern Command, 1913-14; service, N.W. Frontier of India, 1897-98 (medal and clasp); D.A.A.G., Cairo, 1898-99; served in S. Africa on staff, 1899-1900 (desps., medal and 2 clasps); Somaliland, 1902-3 (desps., medal with clasp); European War, 1914-18 (desps., 7 times, prom. maj.-gen., Knight of Grace, St. John of Jerusalem, Legion of Honour, Croix de Commandeur, Orders of White Eagle of Serbia, Redeemer of Greece, Star of Roumania, Greek Order of Merit 2nd cls.); retd. pay, 1921; gov., N. Borneo, 1922.

RYRIE, MAJ.-GEN. HON. SIR GRANVILLE DE LAUNE, K.C.M.G. (1919), C.B. (1918), C.M.G. (1916), V.D.—B. 1865; ed. King's Schl., Parramatta; mem., state parlt., N.S.W., 3 years, mem., house of reps., C. of A., 1911-27; asst. min. for defence, 1919-22; commanded 3rd Light Horse Regt., N.S.W., for 7 yrs. with rank of lieut.-col.; served S. Africa, 1900-01 (severely wounded (Queen's med. 4 clasps); European

War, 1914-18; commanded 2nd Light Horse Brig., A.I.F., Egypt; commanded Australian divn., Syria; G.O.C., Australian Forces, Egypt (wounded twice, five times ment. in desps.); maj.-gen. commdg. 1st Cav. Divn., N.S.W., 1923-27; high comsnnr. for Australia, 1927.

SADLER, C.—Asst. gen. man., govt. rly., Trinidad, 1st Dec., 1914; traffic man., Nigerian govt. rly., Aug., 1922; gen. man., Trinidad govt. rly., 16th Jan., 1926.

SAINSBURY, JOHN SEYMOUR.—Called to the bar, Lincoln's Inn, 1906; 1st cls. in evidence, procedure and criminal law, bar exams., 1904; certifi. of honour from council of legal educ. at Bar Final, 1906, and a prize of 50L. from the Inn; passed civ. ser. test exam., Barbados, 1882; supernumerary, col. sec.'s off., 1883; in P.O., 1884; 7th clk., P.O., June, 1886; 4th clk., audit off., Sept., 1890; offr. of cust., Dec., 1890; inland rev. offr., Oct., 1906; ag. pol. mag., dist. "E," July to Nov., 1906; ag. pol. mag., dist. "A," June to Nov., 1911, and from Apr., 1912 to June, 1913; ag. judge, Bridgetown petty debt ct., 30th June to 31st Oct., 1913; pol. mag. and judge of petty debt ct., dist. F., Sept., 1916; pol. mag., dist. "E," 1919; judge, Bridgetown petty debt ct., 1921; judge, asst. ct. of appeal, 1925; registrar, 1925.

ST. JOHNSTON, LIEUT.-COL. THOMAS REGINALD, C.M.G. (1923), Barrister-at-law (Middle Temple); M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Lond., etc.—Ed. Queen Elizabeth Coll., Guernsey and Cheltenham Coll.; various appts. in home civ. service; entered Fiji civ. serv., 1907; comsnnr. Lau Islands, 1909; seconded for European war; D.A.D.M.S., B.E.F., France; subsequently attached to W.O. (brevet lieut.-col. and recd. thanks of S. of S.); col. sec., Falkland Is., Dec., 1918; ag. gov., Falkland Is., from Sept. 1919 to Apr., 1920; col. sec., Leeward Islds., Dec., 1919; assumed duty, June, 1920; ag. gov., Leeward Is., 1920, twice in 1921, 1923, 1924 and in 1926; admtd. govt. of Antigua on many occasions; ag. admstr., Dominica, 1925; admstr., St. Kitts-Nevis, 9th May, 1925; assumed duty, 23rd Nov., 1925; ag. gov. Leeward Is., 1927; author of "The Lau Islands, Fiji," "The Children of the Sun," "The Falkland Islands," "The Islanders of the Pacific," "South Sea Reminiscences," "West Indian Tales" and some novels, etc.

SALIER, LIEUT.-COL. EDWARD LUCAS.—B. 1882; ed. Hutchins Schl., Hobart, Tasmania; 2nd lieut., 4th K.S.L.I., 1903; Northumberland Fusiliers, 1906; India, N.W. Frontier, 1908; seconded S. Nigeria Regt., W.A.F.F., 1910; asst. regtl. adjt., S.N. Regt., 1910; regtl. adjt., S.N. Regt., 1911-13; adjt., 3rd S.N. Regt., 1914; S.O., Fly and Cross River Columns, W.A.F.F., Cameroons, 1914; adjt., 2nd Northumberland Fusiliers, France, Belgium, Salonika, 1915; severely wounded, 1915; brig. major, 12th Australian Infy. Brig., France, Belgium, 1916-17; brevet major, June, 1917; G.S.O. II, Tank Corps, 1917; in commd., 1st Northumberland Fusiliers, 1918; G.S.O. I, Tank Corps, 1918; temp. lieut.-col., 1918; six times ment. in desp.; M.C., Legion of Honour, brevet major; in commd., 4th Nigeria Regt., W.A.F.F., 1920-21; Reg. Army, R. of O., Lieut.-Col., May, 1921; resigned, 31st Mar., 1925; contr., lab., Ascension Island (St. Helena Colony), Aug., 1925.

SALISBURY, THOMAS RONALD FROULKES.—B. 1882; served in Fiji, and under the condominium govt., New Hebrides; govt. agt., New Hebrides, 18th Mar., 1922.

SALOMONE, WALTER.—B. 1888; ed. St. Ignatius Coll. and Malta Univ.; elec. for 6th divn. in leg. assem., Oct., 1921; re-elec., June, 1924 and Aug., 1927; min. for industry and commerce, 16th Aug., 1927.

SAMBRIDGE, GERALD CHURCHILL.—B. 1886; ed. King Edward's Schl., Birmingham; served Nigeria Regt., 27th Mar., 1915; instr. in arts and crafts, N. Provs., Nigeria, 1st Dec., 1920.

SAMUEL, RT. HON. SIR HERBERT LOUIS, P.C. (1908), G.B.E. (1920), M.A.—B. 1870; ed. University Coll. Schl. and Balliol Coll., Oxford; M.P., Cleveland Divn., N. Riding, Yorks., 1902-18; parly. under sec., home dept., 1905-9; chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster (with a seat in the cabinet), 1909-10 and 1915-16; P.M.G., 1910-14 and 1915-16; pres. of the L.G.B., 1914-15; sec. of state for home affairs, 1916; chmn. of the select comtee. of house of commons on national expenditure, 1917-18; British sp. comsnr. to Belgium, 1919; grand offr. of the Order of Leopold of Belgium, 1919; high comsnr., Palestine, 1920-25.

SAMUEL, SILVERIO I., M.B.E. (1924).—Ed. at St. Gregory's Rom. Cath. gram. schl., Lagos; messr. and copyt., educ. off., Oct., 1897; clk. to insp. of schls., Mar., 1899; sec. to comtee. for exhibitn. of schl. wks., 1902 and 1903; clk. and interpreter to trav. comsnr., Ilesha, interior dept., Feb., 1904; 3rd cls. clk. gov'r's off., Aug., 1904; conf. clk. to the gov. of Nigeria.

SAMUELS, WILLIAM FREDERICK.—B. 1876; ed. Chesterfield Sch. Birt., King's Co., Ireland, Corrig Sch., Kingstown and Trinity Coll., Dublin; med. offr. and mag., Anguilla, B.W. Indies, Apr., 1909; med. supt., cent. mental hosp., F.M.S., Dec., 1910; publications, "General paralysees of the Insane in the F.M.S." (*Jnl. of Mental Science*, Apr., 1916); "A case of Pellagra in the Cent. Asylum, Tanjong Rambutan, F.M.S." (*Jnl. of Mental Science*, Oct., 1917); "Malaria and Insanity" (*Transactions of the Far Eastern Assn. of Trop. Med.*, 1923); "A History of the Central Mental Hosp., Tanjong Rambutan" (*Jnl. of Mental Science*, Jan., 1926).

SAMUT, COL. ACHILLE, C.B. (1918), C.M.G. (1902), F.R.G.S.—R. Malta Arty., 1878; attd. to auxiliary transport, Egypt, 1882; A.O.D., 1885; served in Malta, Portsmouth, Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, Aldershot and Weeden; S. Africa, 1889-1902; ch. ordnance offr., Natal, 1901; Transvaal, 1902; ment. in desps.; awarded 2 medals, 5 clasps; European war, 1914-18; ment. in desps.; War and Victory medals; elec. senator, Malta, Oct., 1921; served as del. for Malta on Empire parly. delegn. to Australia, 1926; re-el., senator, Aug., 1927; min. for treasury, 16th Aug., 1927.

SANDERSON, G. M.—M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., med. offr., Nyasaland, 1910; temp. major, Nyasaland Field Force, Aug., 1914; sanitation offr., Nov., 1921; ag. D.M.S.S., 1927.

SANDERSON, JAMES.—Clk. to ch. just., Barbados, 1867; clk. to gen. bd. of health, Barbados, Apr., 1871, also clk. to quarantine bd. in 1880; solr., atty., and proctor, Barbados, in 1873; was deleg. for Barbados to quarantine confce. at Demerara in 1888; govt. dir. on bd. of Barbados rly. co. in 1891; comsnr. of probates, 1904; J.P., 1904.

SANDFORD, GEORGE RITCHIE, O.B.E. (1924), Barrister-at Law, Inner Temple, 1924.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Feb., 1915; priv. sec. to gov., 1918; junr. asst. sec. and clk. of couns., Sept., 1922; ag. senr. asst. sec., Mar. to Sept., 1923; resig., 1925; clk. to leg. coun., Jan., 1926; edr., official gazette, Mar., 1926.

SANDS, WILLIAM H.—B. 1869 pub. schl. teacher, Bahamas, 1889; Out Island comsnr. (4th div.) and teacher, 1917.

SANDYS, MELVILL KEVERNE TRELAWNY, M.A. (Oxon.).—B. 1890; on milly. serv., Aug., 1914; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1919; attd., Ratnapura Kach., Nov., 1919; office asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Mar., 1922; ag. asst. govt. agt., Puttalam, Oct., to Dec., 1922; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, July, 1923; dist. judge, Anuradhapura, July, 1925; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Oct., 1926; ag. agt., Hambantota, May, 1927; ag. dist. judge, Tangalla, June, 1927; asst. govt. agt., Uva, July, 1927; ag. asst. govt. agt., Matara, Aug. 1927; asst. stllmt., offr., Oct., 1927.

SANGER-DAVIES, ARTHUR ELPHINSTONE.—B. 1885; ed. Dover Coll., Coopers Hill and Oxford (Diploma of Forestry, 1907); asst. conservator, forests, grade II., F.M.S. forest dept., 1907; grade I., 1912; dep. conservator, forests, 1919; ag. conserv., forests, S.S. and F.M.S., June, 1923; dep. conserv., forests, Oct., 1923.

SANSOM, CHARLES HENRY.—B. 1886; ed. Plymouth and Munnamead Coll.; Barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1923; pol. probationer, 1905; ag. asst. commr. of pol., 1908; ag. registr. of criminals, Selangor, 1909; registr. of criminals, F.M.S. and S.S., 1910; asst. commr. of pol., Ipoh, 1911; adjt., F.M.S. pol., 1913-20; commr. of pol., Johore, 1921-24; ag. commr. of pol., F.M.S., 1924.

SARAVANAMUTTU, P.—B. 1894; B.A. Lond.; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., local divn., Aug., 1919; attached to Colombo, Kach., Aug., 1919; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Kalutara, Feb., 1920; attd. to Matala Kach., June, 1920; addnl. dist. judge, Badulla, Mar., 1921; pol. mag., Dandagamua, Sept., 1921; ditto, Kurunegala, June, 1922; addnl. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Mar., 1923; addnl. asst. dir., educn., Dec., 1925; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Dec., 1926.

SARGEANT, CAPT. R. G., A.I.N.A., F.R.G.S.—Port. offr., Kenya, Jan., 1917; port capt., 1925.

SARGENT, JOHN DENTS, B.A. (Oxon), Dipl. Forestry, Oxford.—B. 1885; asst. conserv., forests, Ceylon, Dec., 1909; dep. conserv., grade II, Apr., 1917; grade I, May, 1919; conserv., Sept., 1921.

SARWAR, HAFIZ GHULAM.—Cadet, S. S., Sept., 1897; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, Jan. to June, 1900; and from Sept., 1900, to Nov., 1901; passed final exam. Chinese, July, 1900; 3rd mag., Sing., 29th Apr., 1902; ag. sheriff, deputy-regist., and asst. official assignee, Penang, May, 1902; dep. regist., sup. ct., Penang, Dec., 1905; asst. regist., sup. ct., Malacca, May, 1907; dep. regist., sup. ct., Penang, Apr., 1908; ag. regist., July, 1909; ag. dist. judge, May, 1915; ag. censor, Dec., 1915 to Jan., 1916; ag. offl. assignee, Penang, in addition, May, 1916; regist. and sheriff, sup. ct., Penang, also asst. regist. of cos., Penang, Jan., 1917; offr., cla. II., Jan., 1919.

SAUNDERS, CHARLES JAMES, B.A.—B. 1868; ed. Merchant Taylors and St. John's Coll., Oxon; cadet, S. S., 1891; passed final exam. in Chin., Feb. 1895; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chin., Feb., 1895; ag. 3rd mag., Sing., May, 1896; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, Dec., 1896; ag. dist. offr., Penang, Mar., 1897; dist. offr., Malacca, May, 1897; ag. asst. prot. of Chin., Sing., Aug., 1897; ag. asst. prot. of Chin., and supt. of Ind. immigr., Penang, and munic. comsnr. for Penang, 1898; ag. asst. prot. of Chin., Sing., Aug., 1898, to Feb., 1899; also ag. 3rd

mag., Sing., Sept., 1898; 2nd asst. prot. of Chin., Penang, Aug., 1898; ag. 2nd mag., Sing., May, 1900; ag. off. assignee, S. S., Sept. to Dec., 1900, Jan., 1901, to Feb., 1905, and Feb., 1906; sheriff, dep.-registr., supreme court, and asst. official assignee, Penang, May, 1902; munic. comsnr. for Sing., Oct., 1900, and Sept., 1903; also ag. prot. of Chin., Sing., Apr., 1904; also asst. supt. of Indian imigrts.; asst. prot. of Chin., Penang, May, 1904; ag. sec. for Chin. affairs, S. S. and F. M. S., Apr., 1907; ag. comsnr., ct. of requests, Singapore, Jan., 1908; ag. dist. judge, Apr., 1908; sec. for Chinese affairs, S.S. and F.M.S., Feb., 1910; ag. off. assignee, Mar., 1914; registr. of cos. and off. assignee, Jan., 1915; pres. rent assessment bd., Sept., 1917.

SAUNDERS, SIR CHARLES JAMES RENAULT, K.C.M.G., 1906. C.M.G., 1895.—B. 1857; held various appts. in Natal civ. ser., 1876-87, when he ratified treaty with Queen of Amatongaland (despa.). res. mag., Eshowe, and J.P. for Zululand, 1888; defined bndry. between Amatongaland and Zululand, 1889 (despa.); variously employed under Zululand Govt., 1888-95 (despa.), when he was apptd. spec. comsnr. for Trans-Pongoland territory, carried out final act of annexation of that territory and declared British prot. for Amatongaland; acted as res. comsnr. and chief mag. of Zululand, 1896; apptd. chief mag. and civ. comsnr. for prov. of Zululand on its incorporation with Natal, 1897; medal, S. African War, 1899-1902; col. representative on Zululand Lands Delimitation Comsn., 1902, and comsnr. for native affairs, 1905; ret., 1909.

SAUNDERS, JOHN C.—B. 1862; ed. pub. schls. and High Schl., Halifax, N.S., Acadia Univ., Wolfville, N.S.; ent. pub. serv., 23rd Mar., 1882; transferred to finance dept., Ottawa, 1st July, 1887; asst. dep. min. of finance, 1st Jan., 1917; dep. min. of finance, 1st Apr., 1920.

SAUNDERS-JONES, DAVID WILLOUGHBY.—B. 1899; ed. Christ Coll., Brecon; Indian Army, 1917-23; on service in Palestine, Egypt and Palestine; wounded in Palestine, 1919; asst. dist. comsnr., Zanzibar, Feb., 1924.

SAVAGE, GEORGE.—B. 1887; supt. of registration, G.P.O., Singapore, Oct., 1914; supt. of mails, ditto, 1st Jan., 1915; ag. supt. of mails, Penang, Jan., 1915; ag. senr. supt. of mails, Feb., 1917; supt. of mails, Penang, but continued ag. senr. supt. of mails, July, 1917; supt., grade II., Jan., 1919; ag. supt., money order branch and savings dept., May, 1919 and Nov., 1920; supt., grade I., but cont. to act as above, Jan., 1920; supt., posts and telegraphs, Malacca, Sept., 1920; ag. supt., money order branch and savings bank dept., 27th Nov., 1920; ag. asst. P.M.G., Singapore, 1st Apr., 1921; ag. acctnt., G.P.O., Singapore, 26th July, 1921 to 1st Nov., 1921; ag. asst. P.M.G., 25th July, 1922.

SAVARY, JOHN LEWIS HENRY WILLIAM.—B. 1884; col. schol., Trinidad, 1901; Gray's Inn, 1902; prizeman in evidence, procedure and criminal law exam., 1904; barrister-at-law, Nov., 1905; practised at bar, Trinidad, 1906-24; retainer from Trinidad govt. as junr. coun. to atty.-gen., Jan., 1916-Dec., 1923; ag. solr.-gen., June to Oct., 1921 and Nov., 1922-Nov., 1923; registrar. and marshal and registr.-gen. and prin. registrar., West Indian ct. of appeal, Jan., 1925; ag. puisne judge, May-June, 1925, Oct., 1925-Apr., 1926 and from June, 1926.

SAVI, VICTOR GEORGE.—Pol. probationer, S. Stittms., Nov., 1904; asst. supt. of pol., Jan. 1908; passed final exam. in Punjaubi, Feb., 1910; ag.

2nd supt. of pol., Aug., 1910 and Feb., 1914; ag. supt. of pol., Dec. to Feb., 1914; ag. supt. of pol., Malacca, Sept., 1916; asst. supt. of pol., Penang, Oct., 1917; ag. dir., crim. intelligence, Jan., 1919; dir., crim. intelligence, Jan., 1920; ag. supt., pol. and ch. pol. off., Singapore, May, 1921; dep. comsnr., pol., Perak, Mar., 1922; ag. dep. pub. pros., Perak, in addn., July, 1925.

SAWARD, CAPT. SIDNEY CARMON, M.C. (1916), M.M. (1916).—B. 1889; fellow of surveyors' inst.; served with 509 (1-1) Lond. Field Coy., R.E., 6th divn.; home serv., 6th Aug. to 11th Dec., 1914; France and Germany, 12th Dec., 1914 to June, 1919; Ireland, June to Aug., 1919; commdg., cadre, 12th Field Co., B.E.; comsmd., 8th Sept., 1915; lieut., 1st June, 1916; capt., 22nd Oct., 1918; ag. major, 4th Dec., 1918 to 25th Jan., 1919; ment. in desps., 16th Mar., 1919; survr., Gold Coast, 6th Nov., 1919; field supervisor, 1st Apr., 1924; ag. dep. survr.-gen., 14th Feb. to 4th Aug., 1925, 21st Apr. to 31st Aug., 1926 and from 27th Oct., 1926.

SAWREY-COOKSON, SIDNEY SPENCER, B.A.—B. 1876; ed. Uppingham and New Coll., Oxford; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, 1903; judicial comsnr., Brit. N. Borneo, 1910-20; judge, sup. ct., Gambia, 1920; puisne judge, Gold Coast, 11th June, 1925.

SAXTON, SIDNEY WARING.—Ed. Toulouse (France), and Dean Close Schl., Cheltenham; paymr. cadet, R.N., 14th July, 1906; paymr. lieut.-comdr., 19th Mar., 1918; 1st cls. French interpreter; lent to C.O. and apptd. asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 15th Sept., 1914, but did not take up apptmt., having resumed duty in H.M. Navy for the period of the war; assumed duties as junr. asst. col. sec., G. Coast, 16th Apr., 1919; ag. asst. col. sec., 16th May, 1919; ag. dist. comsnr., Accra, and ag. trav. comsnr. for Accra-Akwapim and Birrim dists., 30th Oct., 1919; invalidated, H.M. Navy, 1920; passed Tropical African service course (all subjects, 2nd part); barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1925; promoted pay commdr., ret. list, 1927.

SAYER, GEOFFREY ROBLET, B.A.—B. 1887; ed. at Highgate schl. (foundationer) and Queen's Coll., Oxford; open exhibitor in classics and Fitzgerald exhibitor; 2nd cls. class. modis; 3rd cls. Lit. Hum. (B.A., 1910); cadet, Hong Kong, 24th Oct., 1910; passed in Cantonese, Nov., 1912; ag. asst. dist. off. (South), 1912 to 1913; ag. asst. supt. of police, 1913 to 1914; ag. dep. off. recr., 1914 to 1915; ag. chief asst. sec. for Chinese affairs 1914 and 1915, in addition to other duties; priv. sec. to gov., in addition to other duties, 1915; attached to crown solr.'s off., 1915; passed final exam. in Hakka, July, 1915; ag. chief asst. sec. for Chinese affairs, 1915; on milty. serv., 1915-19; dep. registrar. and appraiser, Hong Kong, 1920; head of sany. dept., 1920; passed in Mandarin, May, 1921; attd. to treasury, 1924; asst. treas. and comsnr. of estate duties, Apr. 1925; supt., impts. and expts. dept., June, 1927.

SAYERS, ELDRED FRANK.—B. 1889; ed. King's Coll. Schl., Wimbledon, St. John's Coll., Cambridge, and Grenoble Univ., B.A., LL.B. (Cantab.); barrister-at-law (Inner Temple), Apr., 1913; passed lower and higher stand. exams. in Temne, and lower stand. exam. in Koranko; war service, E. Africa, 1918; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 1st Jan., 1915; dist. comsnr., 21st Aug., 1922.

SAYERS, FREDERICK RICHARDSON.—M.D., D.P.H., Dublin Univ.; ed. Rathmines Schl., Dublin, The Meath Hosp., Dublin, and Trin.

from 20th May, 1889; acted as dep. registr. or as sheriff and dep. registr., Singapore, on several occasions since 1893; confirmed as sheriff and dep. registr., 1st Jan., 1902; ag. off. assignee in addition to own duties, Sept. to Oct., 1907; dep. registr. sup. ct., and sheriff in addition, Dec., 1908, and again Apr., 1914; ag. registr., sup. ct., Jan., 1909; hon. gen. sec., agri-horticultural shows in addition, May to Aug., 1910; asst. supt. Indian immigr., May, 1912; ag. marshal, prize ct. in addition, Aug. 1914; in charge of registr. and sheriff's office, Dec., 1917.

RODRIGO, EDMUND.—B. 1889; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1912; attached to Kurunegala Kachcheri, Mar., 1913; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Nov., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., May, 1915; mun. mag., Colombo, Oct., 1915; pol. mag., Puttalam, July, 1917; office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Sept., 1918; dist. judge, Batticaloa, Apr., 1920; ditto, Matara, May, 1922; asst. comsnt., excise, Sept., 1924; dep. comsnt., excise, Sept., 1927.

RODRIGUEZ, FAUSTIN ALBERT, M.B., C.M. (Edin.).—B. 1867; entd. med. ser., Trinidad, 1st May, 1904; dist. med. offr., 1st May, 1904.

RODWELL, SIR CEOL HUNTER, K.C.M.G. (1919), C.M.G. (1909).—Ed. Eton and King's Coll., Camb., B.A., 1897; serv. on staff of high comsnt. for S. Africa since Dec., 1900; Imperial sec., Mar., 1904; gov., Fiji, and high comsnt., W. Pacific, 8th Apr., 1918; assumed duty, 10th Oct., 1918; gov. and comdrr. in ch., B. Guiana, 1925.

ROGERS, ARTHUR WILLIAM, Sc. D., F.R.S.—B. 1872; ed. Clifton Coll. and Christ's Coll., Camb.; Harkness scholar, Camb.; geologist, geological comsnt., Cape of Good Hope, 1896; asst. dir., geological surv., Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; dir. geological survey of Union of S. Africa, 1917.

ROGERS, WALTER ERNEST.—B. 1864; ent. civ. serv., S. Australia, 9th Mar., 1882; 2nd clk., audit dept., 1st Feb., 1912; audr.-gen., S. Aust., 1923.

ROGERSON, WALTER JOHN LANCASHIRE, B.A., Cantab.—B. 1889; Cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1912; attached to Kandy Kachcheri, Jan., 1913; ag. additional office asst., Anuradhapura Kach., Jan., 1914; ag. asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, May, 1914; addtl. office asst., Anuradhapura, June, 1914; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Kandy, June, 1914; ag. asst. govt. agt., Matale, Sept., 1914; office asst. to govt. agt., Badulla, Sept., 1914; pol. mag., Matale, Jan., 1915; office asst. to govt. agt., Kandy, May, 1917; pol. mag., Arisawella, Jan., 1921; ditto, Kandy, Feb., 1921; dist. judge Kegalla, Sept., 1922; pol. mag., Colombo, July, 1923; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Nov., 1925; ag. asst. govt. agt., Matale, Apr., 1926.

ROLAND, FREDERICK MALCOLM.—Called to bar, Middle Temple, 1913; mag., county St. Patrick, Trinidad, 1st Mar., 1926.

ROLLESTON, HON. FRANCIS JOSEPH, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1873; ed. Christ's Coll. and Canterbury Univ. Coll., N.Z.; entd. N.Z. parl., 1922; min. of defence, min. of just. and atty.-gen., 1926.

ROLSTON, CEOL MICHELL.—M.D., C.M., Univ. of Manitoba, Canada, 1895; L.R.C.P., Edin.; L.R.C.S., Edin.; L.R.F.P. and S., Glasgow, 1898; mem. Coll. of Phys. and Surgeons, 1903; F.R.I., oub. health, London; late civil surg., attached to R.A.M.C. during S. African war, 1900-1902 (Queen's medal, 2 clasps; King's medal, 2 clasps); apptd.

to Leeward Is. med. serv., 1903; med. offr., dist. "D." Dominica, and ag. med. offr. of pub. insttins., 1903; dist. med. offr. of health, Vancouver, B. Columbia, 1908; med. offr., dist. 8, Nevis, 1914; ag. mag., Nevis, May to June, 1915; med. offr., dist. 6, Nevis, Sept. 1915.

ROOS, J. DE V., B.A., LL.B.—B. 1869; advoc. of sup. ct., Cape Colony; ditto, S.A.R.; attorney etc., of sup. ct. of S.A.R.; sworn translator in English, Dutch and Portuguese, sup. ct., Transvaal; Cape parly. service, 1893-7; ag. sec. of law dept., Transvaal, 1st Dec., 1908; ditto and ag. dir. prisons, Transvaal, 1st Jan., 1909; sec. to law dept., 1st May, 1909; re-admitted advoc., sup. ct., Transvaal, 28th June, 1909; dir., prisons, 1st July, 1909; sec. for just. and dir. prisons, Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; ag. contr. and audr.-gen., 1st Aug., 1918; contr. and audr.-gen., 9th Dec., 1918; mem., American rly. acctng. offrs.' assn.; mem., joint comtee. of the universities for professional exams.; mem., société de comptabilité de France.

ROOS, HON. TIELMAN J. DE V., K.C.—M.L.A. for divn. of Lichtenburg, Union of S. Africa since 1915; min. of just., 30th June, 1924.

ROOTS, NEVILLE, M.Inst.C.E.—Ed. Tonbridge Schl. and City and Guilds Engrng. Coll. S. Kensington; held various engrng. apps. in U.K., 1897-1904; inspg. engrn., P.W.D., Jamaica, 1908; asst. dir., P.W.D., 1914; ag. dir., Apr., 1920 to Sept., 1921; dep. dir., Apr., 1922.

ROPER, WILLIAM JAMES.—B. 1891; entd. C.A. office, 1907; seconded to Falkland Is., Aug., 1912; ag. priv. sec. to admstr. and clk. to couns., Aug., 1913; clk. clk. to col. sec., Jan., 1914; ag. local auditor, Nov., 1914; returned to C.A. office, 1915; served European war (M.G.C., France), 1916-1919; 1st cls. clk., Nyasaland, 15th Jan., 1920; ag. ch. clk., July to Dec., 1921; editor, Gazette, Oct., 1921 to Dec., 1922; ag. 2nd asst. sec. and clk. to exec. and leg. couns., Jan. to Nov., 1922, Mar. to Nov., 1925 and from May to Nov., 1926; organising sec., Nyasaland Vol. Res., Sept., 1926; ag. ch. transport offr., Dec., 1926 to May, 1927.

ROSE, HON. HUGH EDWARD.—B. 1869; ed. at Jarvis St. Collegiate Inst., Univ. of Toronto; (B.A., 1891; LL.B., 1892), and Osgoode Hall; mem. of the firm of Fasken, Cowan, Chadwick and Rose; called to the bar, Ontario, 1894; K.C., 1908; judge of the sup. ct., Ontario, 4th Dec., 1916; examr. in law for some years for University of Toronto and the Law Society of Upper Canada.

ROSEBY, THOMAS ERNEST.—B. 1868; ed. at Sydney Univ.; M.A.; honourman in French and German; senr. clk., Royal Mint, Sydney, 1885-1896; called to the bar, New S. Wales, 1896; also to high ct., of Australia; called to the bar, Mid. Tem., 1912; crown proscr., N.S. Wales assizes, 1902-3; Brit. judge of joint ct. and judicial comsnt. for the New Hebrides, Nov., 1908; thanked by S. of S. for memoranda on land suits, 1910; co-author of the joint ct. civ., criminal and land registration procedure codes; puisne judge, sup. ct., Mauritius, Feb., 1917; chmn. of govt. wages comsnt., 1919; chmn. of comtee. to advise on treatment of former enemy aliens, 1919; chmn., govt. scholarship grants comtee. and chmn., rly. enquiry comsnt., 1923; chmn., Cur-pipe bd. enquiry comsnt., 1926-7.

ROSS, ALEXANDER HOWARD.—B. 1880; ed. Epsom Coll. and on H.M.S. "Worcester"; supervisor of customs, Gold Coast, 1905; ag. inspr., P.S., 1908 and 1909; ag. dist. comsnt. and

travelling comsnr., 1908 and 1909 in Ashanti and Northern Territories; asst. dist. comsnr. Ashanti, 1910; ag. prov. comsnr., 1912 and 1913; ag. dist. comsnr., 1913; dist. comsnr., 1914; ag. prov. comsnr., Mar. to Oct., 1916; passed in criminal law, Tropical African Service Course; dist. comsnr., 1917-18; ag. prov. comsnr., Mar. to Sept., 1919; ag. sec. native affrs., May to June, 1919; prov. comsnr., Sierra Leone, May, 1920.

ROSS, CHARLES RICHARD.—Clk., P.O. savings bank, Cape, 1890; agric. dept., 1894; clk. and acctnt., office of conservator of forests, Midland Conservancy, Cape, 1895; dist. forest offr., George, Cape, 1897; Kokstad, Transkei, 1901; asst. conservator of forests, Transkeian conservancy, 1907; transf'd. to King William's Town, 1910; conservator of forests, Eastern conservancy, Cape, 1st Apr., 1912; ditto, Western conservancy, Oct., 1916.

ROSS, EDWARD ANDREW.—B. 1895; ed. Leigh Gram. Schl. and Manchester Univ.; on active serv., 1914-19; M.C.; relinquished coman., 1921 with rank of capt.; cadet, F.M.S., 1920; ag. asst. contr. of lab., May, 1921; supernum. offr., cls. V., May, 1923; ag. dep. contr., lab., Kuala Lumpur, Dec., 1923; ag. asst. dist. offr., lands, Kinta, Mar., 1924; asst. contr., lab., Penang, Mar., 1925; ag. dep. contr., lab. (B), Penang, Jan., 1926; ag. asst. emigrn. comsnr., Malaya, Negapatam, May, 1926; offr., cls. IV, May, 1927.

ROSS, GEORGE ARCHIBALD PARK, M.D., Ch.M. (Edin.), D.P.H. (Edin.); diploma, trop. diseases, Liverpool.—B. 1879; S. African War, Lovat's Scouts, 1900-02; Anglo-Portuguese bndry. coman., Zambesia, 1904-5; native rebellion, Natal, 1906; trop. diseases investgn., 1906-10; govt. pathologist, Natal, 1911; asst. health offr., Union of S. Africa, statnd. in Natal, 1918; major, S. African med. corps, in ch. sleeping sickness bureau, Durban, and sanitation offr., Natal, 1914-19.

ROSS, J. G. H.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Sept., 1919; ag. junr. asst. sec., Kenya, 10th Nov., 1919 to 26th Oct., 1919; ag. clk. of exec. and leg. couns., 12th Dec., 1919 to 14th Mar., 1920; editor, offi. Gazette, 6th Feb., 1920 to 31st Mar., 1920.

ROSS, JAMES PAULL.—B. 1881; ed. George Watson's Coll. and Edin. Univ.; M.A.; writer to the Signet; capt., 5th Batt. The Royal Scots (Q.E.R.); declined to retain rank of capt. as permission to rejoin for war serv. refused; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 13th Aug., 1913; ag. asst. col. sec., Feb., 1918; dist. comsnr., 9th Apr., 1919; ag. pol. mag., Kumasi, 12th Apr., 1919 to 5th Feb., 1920; ag. asst. col. sec., 29th July to 31st Dec., 1920; ch. census offr. in addn., 1921; asst. col. sec., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. ch. registrar and sheriff, 15th July, 1921 to 22nd Oct., 1921; senr. asst. col. sec., 15th Nov., 1921; pres., Accra town coun., 1921, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926 and 1927; comsnr. for munic. affrs., 1st Apr., 1926.

ROSS, JAMES SANDFORD.—B. 1884; ed. Merchant Taylors Schl.; milty. serv., 1914-19; N.W. Frontier campaign, 1915; Salonica Field Force, 1916-19; asst. treas., Kenya, 1919.

ROSS, OSWALD F.—Ed. Malvern Coll. and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; capt., N. Staffs. Regt., European War; served Dardanelles expdn., 1915; Mesopotamia, 1916; passed A.T.S. course, 1920; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1920.

ROTH, WALTER E.—B.A. (Oxon), late Demy of Magd. Coll.; M.R.C.S. (Eng.); L.R.C.P. (Lond.); hon. mem. anthrop. societies of Berlin and Florence, and of anthrop. inst., Lond.; late ch. protector

of aborigines, Queensland; and Royal comsnr. to inquire into condition of natives of W. Aust.; stip. mag., dep. prot. of Indians, and govt. med. offr., Pomeroun River, B. Guiana, 8th Dec., 1906; stip. mag., Demerara River, 1915; author of "Elements of School Hygiene," 1886, "Theatre Hygiene," 1888, "Ethnological Studies among the N.W. Central Aborigines, Queensland," 1897, "N. Queensland Ethnography Bulletin," "Superstitions, Magic and Medicine," 1903; "Burial Ceremonies and Disposal of the Dead," 1907, "Animism and Folk-lore of the Guiana Indians," 1915, "Arts, Crafts and Customs of the Guiana Indians," 1923, translator of Richard Schomburgk's "Travels in Br. Guiana," 1923.

ROUILLARD, JEAN EDMOND.—Ed. Roy. Coll., Maur., and King Henry VIII's schll., Coventry; called to bar, Mid. Tenn., 1911; licent. laws, Paris, 1891; ag. dist. mag., Plaines Wilhelms, Maur., Oct., 1899; ag. Crown pros., Feb., 1900; Crown pros., leg. advr., pol. mag., etc., Seychelles, 4th Sept., 1900; mag., Rodrigues, July, 1902; dist. and stip. mag., Mauritius, 1913; asst. and registrar, sup. ct., 1st July, 1927.

ROUSE, HAROLD STUART, C.E., A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1888; ed. Truro Coll. and Christ's Hosp.; survr., P.W.D., Hong Kong, Feb., 1912; engrn., drainage wks. office, Dec., 1913; transf'd. to gen. wks. office, P.W.D., Apr., 1915; ag. exec. engrn., G.W.O., Sept., 1915-16 and from Feb., 1921 to Oct., 1922; offr. in charge, G.W.O., May, 1924.

ROUTH, REGINALD LAMY.—B. 1856; ed. St. Mary's Hall, Southsea, and Cadet school; frigate, H.M.S. "Conway"; extra master's certifi., 1893; master of govt. vessels, Lagos, Apr., 1897; asst. marine supt., Lagos, Dec., 1902; ag. marine supt., Dec., 1903, to June, 1904; comdr., H.M.C.S.Y., "Ivy," S. Nigeria, June, 1906; sen. marine offr., E. Prov., S. Nigeria, May, 1907.

ROWAN, ALBERTUS NICOLAAS.—Examr., deeds office, Transvaal, May, 1902; ch. examr., ditto, Oct., 1905; asst. registrar., deeds, Transvaal, Dec., 1918; registrar., deeds, mining rights, companies, patents, trade marks, designs and copyrights, S.W. Africa, Apr., 1922; registrar., deeds, Transvaal and Swaziland, Mar., 1925; mem., townships bd., Mar., 1925.

ROWATT, HUGH HOWARD.—B. 1861; ed., Ottawa Coll. Inst., and St. Catherine's Affiliated Coll.; ent. civ. serv., Can., 1887, as correspondent; ch. clk., mining lands br., Mar., 1907; contrlr., mining lands, 1912; supt., 1920.

ROWE, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1878; ent. Crown Agents' office, 1896; asst. head, gen. stores dept., 1917; asst. head, pay dept., 1920; cashier, 1921; dep. head, finance dept., 1927.

ROWE, MAJOR R. H., D.S.O., M.C.—B. 1883; ed. Wellington Coll. and Royal Milty. Acad., Woolwich; Royal Arty., 1902-25; Bermuda and Jamaica, 1902-6; served with native infantry, Nigeria, 1907-10; Northern Hinterland exped., 1907-8; Niger Cross River exped., 1908-9; operations against Abini, 1909, and against Munchia, 1910; dep. dir., surveys, Nigeria, 1911; Nigeria-Dahomey bndry. comsnr., 1912; Great war (Cameroons, France and Russia), 1914-18; survr.-gen., Gold Coast, 1920; comsnr., lands, in addn., 1924; survr.-gen., Sierra Leone, in addn., 1925; Gold Coast rep. with staff of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales on his visit to W. Africa, 1925; chmn., comtees. on pub. wks. acct., rly. constrn., munic. finance and milty. defence; mem., leg. coun., 1926; comsnr., lands, Nigeria, 27th Oct., 1926.

Coll., Dublin; res. med. offr., Monkstown Hosp., Dublin, 1909-12; med. offr., S. Settmnts., 23rd Mar., 1912; med. offr., gen. hosp., Penang, 27th Apr., 1912; med. offr., dist. hosp., Penang, 2nd June, 1912; port health offr. and health offr., rural areas, Penang, cor., Penang, and med. offr. in charge of leper asylum, Pulau Jerejak, Penang, 3rd Sept., 1912; ag. asst. port health offr., Singapore, 10th Sept., 1912; resumed duties in Penang, 21st Oct., 1912; asst. censor, Penang, in addition, Sept., 1915, to Apr., 1916; ag. sen. health offr., S. Settmnts., in addition, 1st Mar., 1917; ag. asst. health offr., rural areas, Singapore, 20th Mar., 1919; ag. chief health offr., S. Settmnts., in addition, 4th Apl., 1919; lecturer in hygiene, King Edward VII. medical schl., Singapore, 10th June, 1919; ag. ch. health offr., Singapore, Oct., 1920 and in 1925 and 1926; senr. health offr., Penang, 28th Feb., 1921; promoted cl. B., 1st Jan., 1925; mem., Br. delegation to internat. sany. confce., Paris, 8th May to 21st June, 1926.

SAYERS, GERALD FLEMING.—B. 1893; ed. Westminster and Christ Church, Oxford; B.A. (hons.) 1914; asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Feb., 1915; ag. senr. asst. sec., Nov., 1919 to July, 1920; asst. sec., Tanganyika territory, 21st July, 1920; ag. senr. asst. sec., for various periods 1920-24; clk. to exec. coun., Sept., 1923 to Jan., 1924; attd. to C.O., Aug., 1924.

SAYLE, LIEUT. COMMDR., ARTHUR REGINALD WILLIS, Barrister-at-Law (Gray's Inn).—Ed. Merchant Taylors Schl. and cadet H.M.S. "Worcester"; Royal Navy, May, 1914; R.I.C., 1920; admstrve. offr., S. Nigeria, May, 1921; station mag., Ibadan, S. Nigeria, Aug., 1925.

SCADDAN, HON. JOHN, C.M.G. (1924), M.L.A.—B. 1876; leader of Parly. Lab. party in W. Aust. since Aug., 1910; elected for Ivanhoe, June, 1904; premier of W. Australia, 1911-1916.

SCAMMELL, ERNEST HENRY.—B. 1873; ed. privately; sec. various business concerns, 1891-1907; visited Australia, engaged in business and journalism in Canada, 1907-1913; organizing sec., Canadian Peace Centenary Association, under the auspices of the govt. of Canada, 1913; asst. cable censor, dept. of militia and defence, Canada, 1915; sec., mil. hosps. comen., Canada, 1915; asst. dep. min. and sec., dept. of soldiers' civil re-estabmt., Canada, 1918; negotiated reciprocal agreements between Canadian, British and United States Govts., regarding treatment and training of Naval and Military Forces resident in these countries, 1919; Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Secretaries (London); Fellow of the Royal Colonial Institute (London); mem. of the Exec. of the Canadian Peace Centenary Assoc.

SCHMIDT, CARL FRIEDRICH, B.A.—Civ. serv. law clk., law dept., Cape, May, 1893; control and audit office, July, 1893; asst. examnr. of accts., Jan., 1894; examr., May, 1898; ch. examr., July, 1907; inspr. of accts., Jan., 1909; prin. clk., Apr., 1912; sec., educn. dept., Bloemfontein, 16th Aug., 1915; ag. dir. of educn., O.F.S., July, 1918; dir. of educn., O.F.S., June, 1920; sec. for interior, 13th Sept., 1926.

SCHNEIDER, GUALTERUS STEWART, K.C.—B. 1864; ag. puisne just., Ceylon, Jan., 1921; comsnr. of assize, Nov., 1921; puisne just., Dec., 1921; ag. ch. just., 20th Sept., 1926.

SCHOCH, AUGUST ARNOLD.—B. 1883; ed. Berne, Switzerland; graduated, Leiden, LL.D. and called to bar, Middle Temple, 1910; ent. Union pub. serv., 1911; priv. sec. to min. of justice, 1913-16; professional asst. to atty.-gen.

(Transvaal), 1916-24; solr.-gen., Cape Eastern Dists., Aug., 1924; law adviser and Dutch draughtman, Sept., 1926.

SCHOFIELD, WALTER.—B. 1888; ed. Univ. of Liverpool, M.A.; non-coll. student, Oxford, 1908-1911, M.A.; cadet, Hong Kong, 17th Nov., 1911; attached to secretariat for Chinese affairs, 1914; asst. cable censor, in addition to other duties, 1914 to 1915; passed cadet, 12th Feb., 1915; ag. 3rd asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1915; ag. 2nd ditto, 1915; passed law exam., 1916; seconded to H. Kong and Shanghai Bank, 1918; ag. 2nd asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1918 to 1919, ag. dep. registr. and appraiser, in addn. to other duties, 1919; ag. chief asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1919; ag. 2nd asst. to ditto, 1919, 1921, 1922 and 1923; ag. ch. asst., Aug., 1920 to Nov., 1921; dist. offr., South in addn., 1922; dist. offr., South, 1923; mag., Hong Kong, 1926; mag., Kowloon, 1927.

SCHOLEFIELD, GUY HARDY, D.Sc. (Lond.), O.B.E. (1919).—Ed. Tokomairiro High. Schl. and Univ. of N.Z. (Bowen and Macmillan Brown prizeman) and Univ. of London; ch. librarian, gen. assembly libry. and contrlr., dominion archives, N.Z., 1926.

SCHOLEFIELD, WILLIAM.—Dep. clk., res. mag's. ct., Jamaica, 12th Mar., 1913; clk., res. mag's. ct., 26th Feb., 1917; asst. comsnr. and mag., Turks and Caicos Islands, 19th July, 1919; ag. comsnr., ditto, 1st Sept. to 12th Oct., 1920; ag. res. mag., Jamaica, on various occasions, 1922-26.

SCHRADER, LOUIS WILLIAM CONRAD.—B. 1873; ed. Highgate School and Lincoln Coll., Oxford (M.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1896; off. asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Uva, April, 1897; pol. mag., Galagedara, July, 1899; off. asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Nov., 1899; N. C. Prov., Mar., 1901; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Nov., 1901; dist. judge, Ratnapura, Jan., 1903; asst. coll. of cust., Trincomalee, Dec., 1904; dist. judge, Tangalla, Feb., 1905; asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, April, 1907; dist. judge, Badulla, Oct., 1909; ag. dist. judge, Galle, Aug., 1912; dist. judge, Matara, May, 1913; comsnr. of requests, Colombo, Oct., 1913; ag. dist. judge, Galle, Feb., 1914; dist. judge, Kalutara, June, 1914; ditto, Negombo, Oct., 1915; ditto, Galle, Dec., 1915; ag. govt. ag., E. Prov., Sept., 1918; ditto, Prov. of Uva, June to Sept., 1919; govt. agt., N. Prov., Nov., 1921; ditto, E. Prov., Oct., 1922; registrar, Mar., 1923; govt. agt., N. Prov., July, 1923; dist. judge, Galle, Aug., 1924; govt. agt., S. Prov., 15th Mar., 1926.

SCHWARZ, ERNEST HUBERT LEWIS, A.R.C.S. Hons., London.—B. 1873; ed. Westminster and Royal Coll. of Science; ed., "Scientific African," 1895; joined Cape geol. survey, 1896; professor, Rhodes University Coll., Grahamstown, 1905; author of "South African Geology," "South African Geography," "Causal Geology," "The Kalahari, or Thirstland Redemption."

SCICLUNA, HANNIBAL P., L.P.—B. 1880; ed. St. Ignatius' Coll., Malta; matric., Malta Univ., 1897; ent. Malta civ. serv., 1902; legal procurator, 1905; sec. and registrar, Malta Univ., 1913-20; rep. of govt. emigrn. dept. in devastated regions, France, 1920; attd., ministry of justice, 1921; esquire, Order of St. John of Jerusalem (Rome), 1910; Officier d'Academie (France), 1921; mem. of the Societe Academique d'Histoire Internationale de Paris, 1923; libr., Malta public library, July, 1923.

SCIORTINO, J. C.—B. 1875; ed. at Lyceum Univ., Malta; in service of Eastern and S. African telegraph companies, 1891-1903; rev. offr., N. Nigeria, 26th Sept., 1903; asst. res., 1904; 3rd cl. res., 29th Apr., 1907; 2nd cl. res., 15th June, 1910; senr. res., 12th June, 1921.

SCOTLAND, DOUGLAS WILLIAM, F.S.I., N.D.A., N.D.D., H.A.A.C. Dip.—Ed. at Musorie Schl., India and Alleynes Schl., Stone, Staffs.; Agric. Coll., Newport, Salop, 1904-1907; Salop County Scholar, 1906-1907; Profanl. Assoc. of Survr. Inst., 1909; agric. instr., Tyrone (Board of Agric. Ireland), 1907-08; lectr. at Harper-Adams agric. coll., 1908-11; asst., agric. dept., Sierra Leone, 1911-1915; ag. dir. of agric. on several occasions; dir. of agric., Sierra Leone, 3rd Dec., 1915; visited W. Indies and Br. Guiana on behalf of Sierra Leone govt., Nov., 1913 to Feb., 1914; del. to oil palm confce. at C.O., Sept., 1919; ag. comsnr., lands and forests, 20th Feb., 1924 to 31st Jan., 1925; M.L.C. Nov., 1924 to 31st Jan., 1925; del. to 2nd Imp. Entomological confce., 9th to 18th June, 1925.

SCOTLAND, ERICA ELEANOR.—Ent. C.O. as typist, July, 1913; shorthand writer, Aug., 1918; cler. offr., 9th Mar., 1922.

SCOTT, DUNCAN CAMPBELL, F.R.S.C.—B. 1862; apptd. to Indian comsnr.'s off., Canada, 1879; jun. 2nd cl. clk., dept. of Indian affairs, 1880; promoted to sen. 2nd cl., 1883; 1st cl., 1889; ch. clkship., 1893; ch. acctnt. and supt. of Indian educn., 1908; deputy supt.-gen. of Indian affairs, 1913; hon. sec., Royal Soc. of Canada.

SCOTT, HENRY HAROLD, M.D., London Univ.; M.R.C.P., London; F.R.S., Edin.; D.P.H.; M.R.C.S., Eng.; L.R.C.P., London; Fell. of Royal Soc. of medicine; Fell. of Royal Inst. of preventive medicine; Fell. of Soc. of tropical medicine and hygiene.—Ed. at St. Bart's and St. Thomas's hosps.; Univ. Colls. London and Copenhagen; prosector, 1894; asst. demonstrator in Materia Medica, 1895; asst. house physician, 1897; house physician, 1898, all at St. Thomas's hosp.; res. med. offr., Teignmouth hosp., 1898; serv. in S. African War (Queen's medal with 5 clasps); med. offr. in charge bacteriological and X-Ray depts., mil. hosp., Maritzburg, 1903; M.O. in charge Fort Napier hosp. for women and children, 1904; res. med. offr., Kingsbury and Neasden isolation hosp., 1910; bacteriologist to Willesden Dist. Coun., 1910; govt. bacteriologist and fermentation chemist, Jamaica, 1910; is also pathologist to Kingston gen. hosp.; mem. of med. coun., board of examiners, quarantine board, and cent. board of health, Jamaica; during 1915-1917, seconded for war service; bacteriologist at Command Laboratory, Aldershot, 1915; in charge No. XIII. mobile laboratory, 1916; pathologist and med. specialist, Cambridge hosp., Aldershot, 1916.

SCOTT, HERBERT SEPTIMUS.—B. 1873; ed. at Eton and Hertford Coll., Oxford; M.A.; inspr. of schools, Transvaal, 1902; examr., 1908; sec. to educn. dept., Transvaal, 1911; dir. of educn., Transvaal, 1924.

SCOTT, JOHN, C.M.G. (1923).—B. 1878; ed. Bath Coll. and King's Coll., Cambridge (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1901; priv. sec. to H.E. the offr. admg. the govt., Nov., 1903; off. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Jan., 1904; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Jan., 1905; Mannar, Apr., 1905; pol. mag., Hattion-Nuwara Eliya, Apr., 1907; asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Feb., 1910; ditto, Hambantota, May, 1911; dist. judge, Negombo, Nov., 1911; dist. judge, Chilaw and Puttalam,

Mar., 1913; asst. govt. agt., Chilaw and Puttalam, Sept., 1913; addtl. asst. col. sec., Aug., 1914; attached to censor's off., Apr., 1915; censor, Sept., 1915; prin. asst. col. sec., Apr., 1917; dep. ch. sec. to govt., Nigeria, 23rd Feb., 1921; ch. sec., Tanganyika Territory, 30th Jan., 1924.

SCOTT, MARGARET.—Ed. Sherbourne Schl. for Girls; V.A.D. nurse, Brit. R. Cross, 1915-19; housekeeper's dipl., Edin. Soh. of Professional Econ., 1920; matron, Achimota, 1925.

SCOTT, RALPH.—B. 1874; B.A. Lond. Univ.; cadet, S.S., Nov., 1895; ag. collr. of land rev., Singapore, Mar., 1897; passed final exam. in Malay, Sept., 1897; ag. dist. offr., Malacca, Sept., 1897; confirmed, Aug., 1898; apptd. to cl. IV., Jan., 1903; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, Apr., 1903; attached to land off., Sing., on spec. duty, July, 1905; ag. collr. of land rev., Singapore, Jan., 1906; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore, Mar., 1906; ag. comsnr. of ct. of requests, Singapore, July, 1906, to Feb., 1907; dist. offr., Dindings, Aug., 1906; collr. of land rev., Penang, Feb., 1907; ag. comsnr., ct. of requests, Singapore, Dec., 1907; ag. 2nd mag., Penang, Jan., 1908; ag. collr. of land rev., Malacca, Oct., 1908; in charge of stlmnt., Feb. to May, 1909, and from Feb. to July, 1910; assumed duties as collr. of land rev., Penang, July, 1910; ag. senr. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, Feb., 1911; promoted to cl. II., Dec., 1913; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Penang, Apr., 1915; ag. temp. 2nd mag., Penang, Dec., 1915; censor, Penang, Jan., 1916; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Jan., 1916; ag. dist. judge (civil), May, 1916; ag. res. and pres., munic. comsnr., Malacca, Mar., 1920; dist. judge and 1st mag., Penang, Jan., 1921.

SCOTT, R. R., M.C., M.B., B.S. (Durham), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Lond.).—R.A.M.C. (S.R.), Aug., 1914; ment. in desps., 1919; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Mar., 1919; senr. med. offr. of health, Apr., 1924.

SCOTT, THOMAS.—Clk., aud. office, Transvaal, 18th Feb., 1901; inspr., 1st Jan., 1904; prin. clk., revenue div., treasury, 1st Oct., 1904; rev. inspr., 1st Mar., 1905; prin. clk., audit office, 1st Dec., 1908; chief inspr. of expenditure audit, control and audit office, Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; ag. asst. contr. and audr.-gen., Feb. to Aug., 1921 and May to Oct., 1922.

SCOTT, WILLIAM DUNCAN.—B. 1861; comsnr. for Canada to the Paris Exhibn., 1900; supt. of immigr., 1903-1919; asst. dep. min. of immigr. and colonization, 1919.

SCOTT, WM. ERNEST.—Ed. at Bradford and Giggleswick gram. schls., England; dep. min. of agric. and supt. of farmers' institutions, B. Columbia, 1909.

SCRAGG, JOHN, B.A.—B. 1902; ed. Manchester Gram. Schl. and Brasenose Coll., Oxford; schol., 2nd cls., philos., politics and economics, 1925; asst. mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

SCRIVENER, RUPERT FREDERICK.—B. 1890; assoc., R. Schl. of Mines, dipl. Imp. Coll. Science, assoc., I.M.M., assoc., Inst. of Mining and Metallurgy; survey work, England and Alaska, 1911-14; comsmd. serv., 1914-20; capt., 1918; served in Gallipoli, Egypt, Mesopotamia, India and Palestine; commanded, 29th Rly. Coy., Sappers and Miners, I.A.; asst. ch. engrnr., Palestine rlys., 1920; engrnr., ways and wks., Palestine rlys., 1924.

SCRIVENOR, JOHN BROOKE.—B. 1876; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury, and Hertford Coll., Oxford; served on geol. surv. of the U.K. in

1902-03; geologist, F.M.S., 14th Aug., 1903; served in the Army in England and France from 8th Dec., 1916 to end of war as 2nd lieutenant, R.E. signal service; on sp. duty for state of Kelantan, May, 1924.

SEAGOE, ERNEST GOLDFINCH, M.B.E.—B. 1886; clk. to res. comsnr., New Hebrides, 1902; inspr. of native labourers, Br. residency, New Hebrides, 1909; ag. asst. to res. comsnr., 1911-12 and 1915-16; joint ag. native advocate, Oct., 1915 to Dec., 1922; ag. asst. to res., Nov., 1919 to Feb., 1920 and Sept. to Dec., 1921; commdt., constab., Aug., 1922; dep. comsnr., W. Pacific (New Hebrides), Nov., 1922; in ch. of accta., May to Aug., 1923; ag. asst. to res. comsnr., May, 1923 to Aug., 1924 and from 18th Aug., 1927; dist. agt. and lab. inspr., Apr., 1923; agt., Efate dist. and commdt., pol. (Br. divn.) 1st Apr., 1925.

SEALY, GORDON COURLAND MILLER.—B. 1863; clk. to the atty.-gen., Tobago, Jan., 1882; clk. in col. sec.'s dept., 1883; acted as confid. clk. to the admstr. and clk. of couns., 1883 to 1886; 3rd clk., surg.-gen.'s dept., Br. Guiana, 1887; 2nd clk., 1887; has acted as ch. clk.; 4th class clk., treasury, dept., 1st June, 1901; 3rd class clk., ditto, 14th May, 1906.

SEALY, JAMES ERNEST CAMERON.—B. 1871; 2nd clk., audit and registry dept., Tobago, Feb., 1888; clk. to comsrs. and financial bd., Nov., 1890 and Oct., 1893; sec. to bd. of educn., Sept., 1892; ch. clk. treasury, June, 1893; postmr. of Tobago, Dec., 1895; clk. to sub-recvr., Tobago, Jan., 1899; clk. to warden, Tobago, Sept., 1899; ch. clk. and cashier, treasury, Tobago, Feb., 1904.

SEATON, G. L.—B. 1860; apptd., after exam., 3rd cl. mess., C.O., 17th May, 1899; 2nd cl., 18th Feb., 1900; King's mess., 10th June, 1904.

SEDGWICK, RICHARD ROMNEY.—B. 1894; ed. Westminster and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; schol., Trinity Coll., 1912; 1st cla. hist. tripos, pt. I, 1914 and pt. II, 1915; Gladstone prize, 1914; elected fellow of Trinity Coll., 1919; M.A., 1919; apptd. under reconstruction scheme asst. prin., Min. of Labour, 1919; asst. prin., C.O., 1922.

SEDGWICK, N. A.—B. 1890; ed. at Univ. Coll. Schl., London, and St. Peter's Coll., Camb.: B.A., London and Camb.; cadet, S. Stlmits; civ. serv., Dec., 1913; dep. to supt., govt. monopolies dept., Jan., 1914; in charge of govt. opium factory, May to Aug., 1914; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, Jan., 1915; ag. asst. supt., govt. monopolies dept., 1916; passed cadet (Malay), Mar., 1917; attached to col. sec.'s office, Apl., 1917; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, Malacca, Sept., 1917; collr. of war tax, Singapore, July, 1918; supernumy. offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1920; ag. asst. treas. and comsnr. of stamps, Penang, Dec. 1920.

SEEL, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1895; ed. Macclesfield Grammar Schl. and Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford (schol.); on mily. serv. with Cheshire Regt. from 20th Nov., 1914 to 23rd Jan., 1919; served in Gallipoli, Egypt and Pales tine; higher divn. clk. under reconstruction scheme, and apptd. to air miny., 28th July, 1919; seconded for serv. in C.O., as asst. prin., 9th Jan., 1922; sec., managing comtee., imp. bureau of entomology.

SEELY, MAJOR-GEN. RT. HON. JOHN EDWARD BERNARD, P.C. (1909), C.B. (1916), C.M.G. (1918), D.S.O. (1900).—Ed. at Harrow and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1897; lieut.-col. cmdg. Hampshire Carabineers; served with Imperial Yeomanry in S. Africa, 1900-1901 (deeps., Queen's medal, five clasps, D.S.O.); M.P.

for Lale of Wight, 1900-06; M.P. for Abercromby div., Liverpool, 1906-1910; M.P., Ilkeston div., Derbyshire, 1910; recd. gold medal (French govt. for saving life at sea, 1891; partly under-sec. of state for the colonies, 1903; chmn. of comtee. to inquire into organisation of crown agents office, 1908; under-sec. of state for war, 1911; sec. of state for war, 1912-14; joint partly sec. to ministry of munitions, 1918; under-sec. of state for air, Jan., 1919.

SEHEULT, JOSEPH EMMAUEL.—B. 1881; entd. civ. serv., Trinidad, 12th Mar., 1902; ch. clk., dept. of agric., 1st Jan., 1916; asst. censor, 1914; censor, 18th Apr., 1918; ag. man., agri. bank, 1st Nov., 1925.

SEHEULT, LEO GABRIEL, M.I.C.E., A.C.G.I.—B. 1886; asst. dist. offr., pub. works, Trinidad, 1st Mar., 1911; 2nd grade dist. offr., 1st Sept., 1916; 1st grade dist. offr., 1st June, 1917; gen. asst. to asst. D.P.W., 1st Jan., 1925.

SEIGNORET, CLARENCE AUGUSTUS.—B. 1867; supernumery treas., Dominica, 1890; sec. to special yaws comn., Mar., 1891, to Sept., 1892; ch. clk., registrar's office and clk. pub. market, 1892; asst. sec. to Sir R. Hamilton during his inquiry in Dominica, 1893; govt. offr., treasury, 1895; sec., bd. of health and quarantine, 1895; ag. clk., admstr.'s office and exec. coun., 1895; ag. treas., Dominica, July, 1901; harbmr., 1906; survr. of shipping, 1907; ag. treas., Sept., 1910, to Sept., 1911, and from Apr. to June, 1918.

SEIGNORET, G. B.—Ck. to postmr., Dominica, 1889; govt. offr., treasury, 1893; ch. clk., registrar's off., 1895; ag. postmr., 1896-7; ch. govt. offr., Roseau, 1897; govt. offr., treasury, 1901.

SELBORNE, 2nd EARL OF (creat. 1882), VISCOUNT WOLMER, BARON SELBORNE (U.K.), K.G. (1909), P.C. (1900), G.C.M.G. (1905), THE RT. HON. WM. WALDEGRAVE PALMER.—B. 1859; ed. at Winchester and at Univ. Coll., Oxford; B.A. (1st cla. hist.), 1882; asst. priv. sec. to Mr. Childers, Chanc. of Excheq., 1882-85; was mem. of parlmnt. for E. Hants, 1885-92, and for W. Edinburgh City, 1892-95; succeeded his father, 1895; Under S. of S. for Cola., June, 1895; chmn., Pacific cable comtee., 1896; mem. of Pacific cable comtee., 1899; first lord of the admiralty, Nov. 12th, 1900; high comsnr. for S. Africa, and gov. and comdr.-in-chief of Transvaal and O.R.C. 1905 to 1910; ceased to be gov. of O.R.C. on grant of resp. govt., June, 1907; pres. of bd. of agric. and fisheries, 1915-16.

SELY, PHILIP HAMILTON.—B. 1870; B.S.A. Pol., 1890-91; collr., N. E. Rhodesia, 1st July, 1898; civ. comsnr. and mag., 1900; judge of administrator's ct., N.W.R., 1905; mag., N.E., 17th Aug., 1911; ag. sec. for mines on various occasions, 1921 to 1924; ag. sec. for agr. and mines, 4th Apr., 1924; mem., leg. coun., J.P.

SELDON, A. A.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Dec., 1913; 1st grade admstve. offr., Kenya, 1926.

SELLS, H. C., B.A. (Oxon).—Cadet, S. Stlmits, Oct., 1897; ag. priv. sec. to gov., Nov., 1898, to Nov., 1899; ag. 4th mag., Singapore, Jan., 1900; passed fin. exam. in Malay, Apr., 1900; ag. dist. offr., prov. Well., May, 1901; supt., money order branch and govt. savings bank, Sing., May 1902; head of Malay coll., Malacca, July, 1904; ag. dist. offr., Nibong Tebal, Apr., 1905; ag. asst. postmr.-gen., Penang, Nov., 1906; confirmed, May, 1907; ag. postmr.-gen., Apr. to Dec., 1909; offr. of Cls. III., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1912; ag. collr. of land rev. and registrar of deeds and registrar of Muhammadan marriages, Penang, 27th Mar., 1912; asst. censor in addn. to other duties, 1st Jan., 1915; chmn., santy. bd., Kinta, 7th Aug.,

1919; offg. registr. of titles, Perak, ag. supt., convict estab., and inspr. of prisons, F.M.S., in addn., 5th Jan., 1920; ag. P.M.G., cls. I.A., S. Sttlmts., 1st Oct., 1920; ag. collr., land rev., and registr. of deeds and bills of sale, Singapore, in addn., cls. I.B., 14th Feb., 1921; ag. collr.-gen., income tax and collr.-gen., war tax, S. Sttlmts., cls. I.B., 1st Apr., 1921; ag. P.M.G., S. Sttlmts., cls. I.A., 1st Nov., 1921; offg., cls. I.A., June, 1925; sec., postal affrs., S.S. and F.M.S., June, 1925.

SELLS, MARTIN PERRONET, O.B.E., A.M.I.M.E. M.I.Loco. E.—B. 1887; ed. Trent Coll. and Univ. Coll., London; junr. asst. loco. supt., Lances and Yorks. Rly.; temp. major R.E., 1917; supt., light rlys., France, 1917-1919 (twice ment. in desps.); dist. loco. supt., Tanganyika Terry. rlys., 1919; ag. ch. mech. engrn., Tanganyika Terry. rlys., 1920; ch. mech. engrn., Gold Coast rlys., 1922; ch. mech. engrn., Nigerian Rly., 1926.

SEMPER, D. H.—Clk. to atty.-gen., Leeward Islands, 1893; dep. coroner for dist. B., Oct., 1898; ag. Federal treas., Oct., 1902; fed. treas., Mar., 1903; acted as clk., leg. coun., Antigua, Dec., 1902; ditto, ex. coun., Montserrat, Mar., 1903; ag. ch. registr., Leeward Is., and registr. and prov.-marshal, admrstr. of estates, offi. recvr. in bank, registr. of titles, registr. of friendly societies, and registr.-gen. of births, deaths and marriages, Antigua, Feb. to July, 1905; apptd. registr. and prov.-marshal, admrstr. of estates, offi. recvr. in bank, and registr. of titles, St. Kitts-Nevis, July, 1905; J.P., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1906; ag. mag., dist. C., Feb., 1911; M.L.C., St. Kitts-Nevis, May, 1911; encheator-gen., 1911; offg. in charge of prison discipline, St. Kitts-Nevis, 1911; addtl. mag., Dist. C., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1916; mag. and coroner, dist. D., 30th Nov., 1921.

SEMPILL, CHARLES IGNATIUS, M.M.—B. 1825; Australian Forces, 1914-19; asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Nov., 1920.

SEMPILL, J. HOWARD, M.B.E. (1925)—B. 1877; ed. Stirling High Schl.; ch. of pol., Bermuda, 1914; ch. of pol. and provost marshal, 1916; ditto and marshal, sup. ct. in admy., 1920; supt., pol., Br. Honduras, 1927.

SEMPLE, J. M., B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., T.C.D., L.M. (Rotunda)—Sandhurst, 1915; lieut. R. Irish Rifles, 1915-18; med. offg., Tanganyika Territory, Mar., 1922; med. offg., Zanzibar, Oct., 1924; ag. S.S.O., July, 1925 to Oct., 1926.

SENARATNE, CORNELIUS.—B. 1870; cls. V, Ceylon civ. serv., Jan., 1921; extra office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., Feb., 1921; office asst. to asst. govt. agt., Matale, Feb., 1922; ditto, Hambantota, June, 1926.

SENEVIRATNE, DIONYSIUS BARTHOLOMEW, M.M.—B. 1895; on mily. serv., Nov., 1915; cadet, Ceylon, Oct., 1920; attd. to B'caloa Kachcheri, Oct., 1920; ditto, Kurunegala Kach., Nov., 1921; ag. pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, June, 1922; office asst., Batticaloa kach., Dec., 1923; addnl. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Dec., 1926.

SENEVIRATNE, LEOPOLD JAMES DE SILVA, LL.B., Barrister-at-law, Lincoln's Inn.—B. 1899; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1923; attd., Matare kach., Dec., 1923; ditto, Jaffna kach., July, 1924; ditto, Kegalla kach., Apr., 1925; pol. mag., Puttalam, Mar., 1926; ditto, Pt. Pedro, May, 1927.

SENNETT, CEDRIC WILLIAM ARTHUR.—B. 1890; ed. Plymouth Coll., Edinburgh Univ. and non-collegiate, Oxford (B.A., 1913); cadet, S. Sttlmts., 1914; ag. 4th mag., Singapore, 1915; asst. censor, 1916; asst. registr., impts. and expts.,

1917; asst. supt., govt. monopolies, 1920; ag. priv. sec. to ch. sec., F.M.S., 1920; asst. dist. offg., Kuala Lipis, 1920; ag. dist. offg., Raub, 1921; supernum. offg., cls. IV., 28th Nov., 1921.

SERGEANT, JOHN.—Ed. at Athelhampton schol., Birkdale; chief accnt., pub. wks. dept., E. Africa Prot., 30th May, 1905.

SERRET, EVARISTE JOSEPH EUGENE.—B. 1864; ed. Royal Coll., Mauritius; English schol., 1884; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1887; crown pros., Mauritius, 1892; addnl. substitute procurer and advoc. gen., 1901; ag. ch. just., Seychelles, 1911-12; substitute procureur and advoc. gen., Mauritius, 1913; ag. proc. and advoc. gen., 1913-14; K.C., 1919; puisne judge, sup. ct., 1922.

SERTSIOS, B. D.—B. 1876; ed., Athens; Ph.D., University of Athens; B.A., Greek College, Serres; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1906; judge, dist. ct., Cyprus, 1909; asst. king's advoc., June, 1924; title changed to asst. atty.-gen., May, 1925; ag. solr.-gen., Apr. to May, 1927; puisne judge, Oct., 1927.

SETH, G. G., B.A., Barrister-at-Law (Certif. of Hon., 1910), K.C.—Calcutta; cadet, S.S., Nov., 1901; ag. sheriff, Singapore, Jan., 1908; passed final exam. in Malay, Jan., 1903; ag. 3rd mag., Singapore, 5th Jan., 1904; ag. dep. registr., sup. ct., Singapore, July, 1904; ag. dist. offg., N. Tebal, June, 1906; ag. dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, Sept., 1906; asst. to atty.-gen., Apr., 1907; asst. to atty.-gen., 15th Dec., 1910; barrister-at-law, Gray's Inn (cert. of hon.), 1910; offg. of Cls. IV., F.M.S., 6th Dec., 1912; collr., war tax, Singapore, 26th Mar., 1917; supernumerary offg. of Cls. III., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1918; offg. asst. to atty.-gen., Singapore, Nov., 1918; ag. dep. pub. prosecutor in addition, May, 1919; has held numerous acting apptmts; solr.-gen., S. Sttlmts., Mar., 1920; ag. puisne judge, sup. ct., civil and criminal assizes, Malacca, Apr., June and Oct., 1920; ag. atty.-gen. and offi. mem., select comtee. of leg. coun. on the constitution of the leg. coun. of the S. Sttlmts., 28th Oct., 1920 to 14th May, 1921; rep. of cols. and prots. at Empire patent confce., London, June, 1922.

SETON, CLAUD RAMSAY WILMOT.—B. 1888; ed. Framlingham Coll., Suffolk, Laleham, Margate and Univ. Coll., London; admitted solr., sup. ct., England, 1910; on mily. serv., 1914-19; M.C., twice ment. in desps.; pres., dist. ct., Jaffa, Palestine, 1919.

SEVERN, SIR CLAUD, K.B.E. (1923), C.M.G. (1917), M.A. (Cantab.), LL.D., Hong Kong (1920).—B. 1869; temp. clk. in librarian's dept., Foreign Office, Mar., 1891, to June, 1892; priv. sec. to gov., S. Sttlmts., Feb., 1894; junr. offg., Selangor, Dec., 1895; passed in Malay and law, 1898; asst. dist. offg., Ulu Langat, Selangor, June, 1897; asst. dist. offg., Serendah, May, 1899; ag. mag., Kuala Lumpur, 1900; asst. sec. to res.-gen., F.M.S., Aug., 1903; ag. fed. sec., F.M.S., Apr. to Nov., 1905; ag. dist. offg., Ulu Langat, Dec., 1906, to Apr., 1907; ag. sec. to high comanr., F.M.S. and priv. sec. to gov., S. Sttlmts., May, 1907; sec. to high comanr., Malay States, Feb., 1911; col. sec., Hong Kong, Feb., 1912; admrstr. govt., 16th Mar. to 3rd July, 1912, 21st Aug. to 24th Dec., 1913, 6th Nov. to 8th Dec., 1916, 10th Nov. to 16th Dec., 1917, 12th Sept., 1918 to 29th Sept., 1919, 8th Apr. to 11th May, 1921 and from 15th June to Oct., 1922; ret., 1926.

SEVIGNY, HON. ALBERT, K.C.—B. 1881; ed. Nicolet and Valleyfield (Quebec) Colls. and Laval Univ., B.A., LL.L.; advoc., city of Quebec; unsuccessful candidate, legis. assem., Quebec,

bye-elec., 1907; elec. to H. of C., Canada, g.e. 1911; dep. speaker, 1915; speaker, 1916; min. of inland rev., 1917; defeated at g.e., 1917; mem. of the P.C. for Canada; judge, superior ct., Quebec, 3rd Mar., 1921.

SEYMOUR, ALFRED WALLACE.—B. 1881; ed. Warwick Schl. and St. Andrew's Univ.; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1906; off. asst. to govt. agt., N. W. Prov., Mar., 1906; N.C. Prov., Apl., 1907; W. Prov., Nov., 1908; asst. govt. agt., Mullaittivu, Aug., 1910; ditto, Trincomalee, June, 1911; asst. govt. agt., Mullaittivu, Dec., 1912; ditto, Nuwara Eliya, Jan., 1913; ditto, Matale, Sept., 1915; on mil. duty, June, 1916; dist. judge, Chilaw, Aug., 1919; asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Mar., 1920; govt. agt., N.C. Prov., May, 1921; registrar, Dec., 1924; col. sec., Fiji, Dec., 1926.

SEYMOUR-HALL, CHARLES CYRIL WILLIAM, F.R.S.A., F.R.G.S., F.R. Met. Soc., F.R.O.I., F.Z.S.—B. 1887; prob. flight off., R.N.A.S., 1917; flight sub-lieut., R.N., 1917; lieut. R.A.F., 1918; ment. in desp., 1919; capt. H.M.A.Z. 31, 1919; demob., 1919; asst. dist. comsnnr., Zanzibar, 1921; ag. 2nd asst. sec. and priv. sec. to ag. Br. res., 1923-4; ag. asst. admsntr.-gen., 1926-27.

SHARP, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1888; ed. Univ. Coll. Schl. and King's Coll., London; comptr. and acct.-gen.'s dept., G.P.O., 1907-12; acct., postal dept., S. Nigeria, 1912-14; acct., posts and tels. dept., N. and S. Provs. of Nigeria, 1914-19; ch. acct., posts and tels., Nigeria, 1920; on mil. serv., London Rifle Brig., 1908-12; Nigerian Land Contgt., 1914-18.

SHARPE, SIR ALFRED, K.C.M.G. (1903), C.B. (1897).—B. 1863; H.M.'s vice-consul, Nyassaland, 14th Feb., 1891; ditto, for territories under British influence North of the Zambesi, 18th Feb., 1893; consul for same territories, 1st Feb., 1894; ag. comsnnr. and consul-gen. at Zomba, 7th May, 1894, to 3rd May, 1895; given rank of deputy comsnnr., 1st Apl., 1896; and again acted as comsnnr. and consul-gen., 16th Apl., 1896, to 14th July, 1897; comsnnr. and consul-gen., for territories under Brit. infd. N. of Zambesi, 16th July, 1897; recd. Jubilee medal, 1897; comsnnr., commdr.-in-chief, and consul-gen., Br. Cent. Africa Prot., 1st Jan., 1902; recd. Coronation medal, 1902; gov. of Nyassaland (late B.C.A. Prot.), 6th Sept., 1907; ret., 1910; represented E. African Prots. at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., 1911.

SHARPE, H. B.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Kenya Colony, Apl., 1919; ag. dist. comsnnr., 1926.

SHARPE, RICHARD.—B. 1882; ed. Sexey's Schl., Somt. (Somt. county jnr. and inter. scholarships and hon. mention senr. scholarship); ent. Impl. cust. serv. by open comp. exam. and apptd. to London, 1903; London Univ. cert., polit. economy with sp. distinc. in exchange, finance and taxation, 1907; seconded to govt. of Liberia as sub-inspr., cust., 1908-10; ch. inspr., cust. and finan. adviser, 1911-12; Br. receiver of Liberian cust., 1911-19; off. recr., liquidating German property in Liberia, 1917-18; knight comdr., Order of African Redemption, 1913; treas., Dominica, Feb., 1920; mem. of exec. and legis. couns., collr. of cust. and excise, registrar of shipping, chmn., quarantine bd., Impl. trade corres.; dep. contr., cust., Gold Coast, 3rd Jan., 1923; ag. contr., cust. on various occasions, 1923-25; contr., cust., 24th Sept., 1926.

SHAW, GEORGE ERNEST, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1877; ed. Trin. Coll., Dublin; scholar and senr. moderator in classics; vice-chancellor's prizeman in English prose; B.A., LL.B.; cadet, F.M.S.

civ. ser., 1900; collr., land rev., Krian, 1901; mag., 1st cla., Perak, 1903; off., Cla. V., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1906; collr., land rev., Lower Perak, 1908; adviser, land office, Kedah, and supt. of mines, 1911; off., Cla. IV., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1912; supernry. off., Cla. III., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1918; lent to W.O., directorate of prisoners of war, Aug., 1916; adviser, land off., Kedah, 19th July, 1919; ag. comsnnr., lands and mines, Johore, May, 1923; ag. sec., agr., S.S. and F.M.S., Feb., 1924; on sp. duty, Burma, Oct., 1925; ag. sec., agr., S.S. and F.M.S., Nov., 1925; ag. Br. adviser, Kelantan, Dec., 1925; ag. gen. adviser, Johore, Sept., 1927.

SHAW, JOHN HENRY DE BURGH, B.L.—B. 1887; ed. Clifton Schl., Dalkey, Dublin and Corrig Schl., Kingstown; asst. dist. comsnnr., Sierra Leone, 25th May, 1921.

SHAW, SIR WALTER SIDNEY, KT. BACH. (1921).—B. 1863; ed. Brighton Coll. and Trin. Coll., Camb.; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1888; pol. mag. and ag. chief just., St. Vincent, 1906; mem. exec. and legis. couns.; confirmed as chief just., 1907; ag. chief just., Grenada, Feb., 1908, to June, 1909; revised and consolidated laws of St. Vincent, 1912; admsntr. govt. of St. Vincent, June, 1911 to Jan., 1912, and for various shorter periods; chief just., B. Honduras, 1912; puisne justice, Ceylon, Aug., 1914; ag. chief just., June to Oct., 1916; ch. just., S. St. Lucia, 23rd May, 1921; ret., 1926.

SHEEDY, CAPT. FREDERICK JOHN, M.B.E., B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S.—Ed. Clongowes, Queen's Coll., Cork; late capt., E.A.P. forces; ent. army, A.V.C. 1911; vety. off., E.A.P., July, 1914; served throughout Great War, 6th Aug., 1914 to 22nd Sept., 1919 (E. Africa Mounted Rifles and E.A.V.C.); adjutant, E.A.V.C., 9th Jan., 1916; M.B.E. (mil.), 1918, "1914-15" Star, Brit. War med., Victory med.; dep. ch. vety. off., Tanganyika Territory, 31st Oct., 1919; ag. ch. vety. off., on various occasions 1920-21, 1923-24 and 1926; dep. dir., vety. services, 1st Apr., 1927.

SHEEDY, ANDREW JOSEPH.—B. 1879; joined S. St. Lucia. pol., Jan., 1902; ag. 3rd cls. inspr., Singapore, Aug., 1904; 3rd cls. inspr., Penang, Mar., 1906; 2nd cls. inspr., Penang, Aug., 1907; 1st cls. inspr., Penang, July, 1908; ag. ch. inspr., Singapore, Aug., 1909; ag. ch. detect. inspr., Singapore, Apr., 1910; ch. detect. inspr., Singapore, July, 1910; ag. asst. supt. pol., Singapore, Feb., 1911; asst. supt. pol., Singapore, Feb., 1911; ag. supt. pol., Singapore, Oct. and Dec., 1920; senr. asst. supt. pol., Singapore, Feb., 1925; dep. comsnnr., pol., F.M.S., July, 1925.

SHEEHAN, JOHN JOSEPH.—B. 1896; ed. Christian schls., Dublin Univ. and Univ. Coll., Dublin.—Pta. Artists Rifles, Dec., 1916; 2nd lieut., R.F.A., Sept., 1917; demob., May, 1919; cadet, F.M.S., Mar., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. adviser, Muar, Mar., 1921; ag. P.M.G., Johore, Oct., 1921; passed cadet, Nov., 1921; ag. collr., land rev., Johore Bharu, Jan., 1922; sec., rubber restriction, Johore, Oct., 1922; supernry. off., Cla. V., Mar., 1923; dep. contr., rubber expts., Johore, in addn., Aug., 1923; recr., Alsagoff concession, Kukub, in addn., June, 1924; attd., dist. office, Kinta, Mar., 1925; ag. dist. off., Ipoh, Apr., 1925; off., cla. IV., Mar., 1927.

SHEFFIELD, JOHN NEWTON.—B. 1873; ed. Godolphin Schl., Lon.; civ. engrng. wkks. and surveys, 1892-96; survr., trig. survey, Perak, 1896; on rly. locn. and surveys, Perak, 1896-98; on trig. surveys, F.M.S., 1899-1908; asst. suptd.,

topo. surveys, F.M.S., 1909; dep. supdt., ditto, 1917; supit., ditto, 1920; asst. survr.-gen., F.M.S., 1923.

SHELDON, ROBERT PAUL.—B. 1880; ed. Harrow and in Germany; ag. vice-consul, Ghent, 1906; ag. vice-consul, Havre, 1906-7; ag. consul, Bordeaux, 1907; asst. collr., Zanzibar, 27th Dec., 1907; sec. to first minister, 1909-10; collr. (now dist. comsnr.) Pemba, 16th Oct., 1912; ag. mag., 30th Aug., 1915; ag. oh. sec., 6th Mar. to 17th Nov., 1919; senr. comsnr., Zanzibar, 20th Sept., 1923; 4th cls., Order of the Aliyah and 3rd cls., Order of the Brilliant Star of Zanzibar; M.L.C.

SHELLEY, MALCOLM BOND.—B. 1879; ed. Dulwich Coll. and Christ's Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1901; cadet, F.M.S. civ. serv., 1902; ag. asst. supt., immigrts., 1906; ag. 2nd asst. sec. to res.-gen., 1907; ag. mag., Kuala Lumpur, 1910; ag. dist. offr., Batang Padang, 1911; comsnr. in M.S. Vol. Rifles, 1911; ag. asst. registrar, sup. ct., Ipoh, 1912; ag. dist. offr., Larut, 1914; ag. inspr. of prisons, F.M.S., 1914; capt., M.S.V.R., 1915; ag. dep. pub. pros., Perak, 1916; ag. mag., Ipoh, 1920; off. assignee and pub. trustee, 1922; ag. dep. treas., Singapore, 1924; ag. treas., S.S., 1924; ag. dep. treas., Singapore, 1925; ag. dir., educn., S.S. and F.M.S., Dec., 1925; chmn., trade statistics comtee., Aug., 1926; contr., rubber, S.S. and F.M.S., Nov., 1926.

SHELLEWELL-WHITE, GEOFFREY HENRY.—B. 1897; ed. Whitgift Schl.; served with R.F.A. in India, Mesopotamia and Persia, 1916-18; asst. pol. offr., Mesopotamia, 1918-20; personal asst. to Sir Arnold Wilson, ag. civ. comsnr., 1918; Iraq rebellion, 1920; A.D.C., Zanzibar, 1921; priv. sec. to res. and 2nd asst. sec., secretariat, in 1921 to 1924; clk. of coun., 1924; ag. 1st asst. sec., 10th Sept. to 29th Dec., 1924.

SHELTON, C. F. M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.D. (Lond.), B.S.—Civil surgeon, Serbian red cross, 1913; surgeon lieutenant, 1914-19; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Sept., 1921.

SHEPPARD, WALTER SYDNEY, B.A., M.B., B. Ch. (Cantab.).—B. 1871; civil surg. in charge of H.M.'s troops, N.E. dist., Eng., May, 1898, to May, 1899; spec. plague med. offr., India, May, 1899, to Nov., 1900; house surg., gen. hosp., Singapore, 19th Nov., 1900; super. col. surg., S. Stlmits., 1st Mar., 1901; spec. mission to Brunel, Aug., 1904; col. surg., Prov. Wellesley, Aug., 1906; senior med. offr., Singapore, July, 1911.

SHERGOLD, F. V.—B. 1900; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Apr., 1918; on mil. serv., 1918 to 1920; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

SHERIDAN, JOSEPH.—Ed. at Castleknock Coll. and Trin. Coll., Dublin; called to the bar, Ireland, 1907, went Connaught circuit; judcl. clk., Nyasaland Prot., July, 1908; ag. atty.-gen., Nov., 1909, to Jan., 1910; ag. judge of high ct., Dec., 1909, to Jan., 1910; ag. atty.-gen., July, 1911, to Mar., 1912; apptd. asst. to atty.-gen., Apl., 1912; ag. atty.-gen., Aug., 1912; town mag., E.A.P., 1913; ag. puisne judge, July, 1919; 3rd puisne judge, Kenya, Apr., 1920.

SHERWOOD, MONTAGUE EARLE, M.B.E.—B. 1884; cadet, S. Stlmits., 21st Oct., 1907; attached to col. sec.'s office, 1st Jan., 1908; attached to land office, Singapore, 23rd Jan., 1908; dep. collr. of land rev. and dep. registrar of deeds, Singapore, 31st Jan., 1908; ag. dist. offr., Labuan, 29th Jan. to 16th Nov., 1909; attached to dist. office, Alor Gajah, 28th Dec., 1910; passed final exam. in Malay, Jan., 1911; passed cadet, 26th Jan., 1911; attached to land office, Malacca, 1st Mar., 1911; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, 7th Apr., 1911; offr.

of Cls. V., 13th May, 1911; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, 15th Oct., 1913; ag. dist. offr., Alor Gajah, 18th Feb., 1914; ag. asst. to res., Malacca, 1st Sept., 1915; ag. harbr.-mast., Malacca, in addition to other duties, 26th Jan., 1916; priv. sec. and A.D.O. to gov., 1st Aug., 1916; offr. of Cls. III., 16th Nov., 1919; ag. priv. sec. to H.E. the gov., Feb., 1920; ag. sec. to high comsnr., March, 1921.

SHIELD, CHARLES GEOFFREY.—B. 1896; on mil. service (France) 1914-18; on staff, 1918-19; priv. secy. to gov., and clk. to couns., Seychelles, 1920.

SHIELDS, W. P.—Labour inspection offr., E. Africa Prot., Apl., 1919.

SHIPWAY, WALTER ROBERT, M.B.E. (1924).—B. 1879; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd div. clk., and assigned to C.O., Dec., 1898; minor staff clk., 1911; registrar of col. laws, 1st Apr., 1922.

SHIRCORE, JOHN OWEN, C.M.G. (1926), M.B., Ch.B.—Med. offr., Nyasaland, 1908; transf'd. to Uganda, 1909; re-transf'd. as med. offr., Nyasaland, 1910; med. offr., E.A.P., 1912; dep. prin. med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 15th Oct., 1919; ag. P.M.O., Mar.-Dec., 1924; P.M.O., 22nd Dec., 1924.

SHORTT, ADAM, C.M.G. (1911); M.A., F.R.S.C.—B. 1859; ed. at Walkerton High Schl. and Queen's Univ., Canada (B.A., 1883, M.A., 1886) and Glasgow and Edin. Univs.; asst. prof. of philosophy, Queen's Univ., 1885; lect. and prof. of polit. science, 1889-1908; civ. ser. comsnr., Canada, 1908-1917; chmn. of historical manuscripts publication board, Oct., 1917; writer on history, banking and economics; del. to internat. congress of history of America, Rio de Janeiro, 1922; mem., preparatory coman. for econ. confce., L. of N., Geneva, 1926.

SHREWSBURY, HERBERT STUTCLIFFE, F.I.C., F.C.S.—B. 1878; ed. Newchurch Grammar Schl., Nottingham Univ.; asst. govt. analyst, Trinidad, 1910; prin. asst. govt. analyst, 1912; govt. analyst, 1920; author of various papers on orig. and analytical processes, and on agri. and forensic chemistry.

SHUCKBURGH, SIR JOHN EVELYN, K.C.M.G. (1922), C.B. (1918).—B. 1877; ed. Eton and King's Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1899; M.A., 1906; apptd. jnr. clk., store dept., I. O., Oct., 1900; transf'd. to judl. and pub. dept., Mar., 1901; joint editor, "India Office List," Oct., 1901; priv. sec. to permant. under-sec. of state, July, 1902; senr. clk., polit. dept., Mar., 1906; asst. sec., polit. dept., Oct., 1912; sec., polit. dept., Mar., 1917; ag. asst. under sec. of state, C. O., 1st Mar., 1921; asst. under sec. of state, 1st Apr., 1924.

SIBBALD, SAMUEL KAY, A.M.I.C.E., M.T.P.I.—B. 1878; ed. Dumfries Acad. and West Scot. and Tech. Coll.; asst. engr., P.W.D., F.M.S., 1901; asst. to govt. town planner, F.M.S., 1921; ag. govt. town planner, F.M.S., 1925.

SIDEBOTHAM, JOHN BIDDULPH, B.A. (1914), M.A. (1920).—B. 1891; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury, and Gonville and Caius Coll., Cambridge (Stanhope exhibr., open class exhibr., 1911, schol., 1912); 1st cls., theolog. tripos, pt. I., 1914; 2nd lieutenant, Home Counties R.E. (T.F.), 1914; lieutenant, 13th June, 1916; serv. in France, 1914-15; wounded, Apr., 1915; demob., 1919; ent. inland rev., Somerset House, 7th Feb., 1920; transf'd. to C.O. as asst. prin. under reconstruction scheme, Dec., 1922; sec., managing comtee., bureau of hygiene and trop. diseases, 1925; sec., East African guaranteed loan advisory comtee., 1927.

SIDLEY, WILLIAM HENRY FRANCIS, B.A. (Trinity Coll., Dublin).—Cadet, R.I.C., Aug., 1908; 3rd cl. dist. inspr., Oct., 1908; 2nd cl., Feb., 1910; 1st cl., Aug., 1919; county inspr., Nov., 1920; served in R.I.C. until disbandment of that force, July, 1922; depot inspr. (1st cl.), Jamaica constab., Dec., 1922; ag. dep. inspr.-gen., Aug., 1923; dep. inspr.-gen., Dec., 1923; ag. inspr.-gen., 1st June to 14th Oct., 1925.

SIFTON, HON. SIR CLIFFORD, K.O.M.G. (1915), K.C.—B. 1861, Co. Middlesex, Ont.; ed. London, Ont., High Schl. and Victoria Univ. (Prince of Wales Medallist, 1880); called to the bar of Manitoba, 1882; elec. to legis. assem., Man., 1888; atty.-genl. and min. of educn., 1891-96; codified laws relating to civil procedure in Man.; had charge of negotiations with federal govt. respecting the Manitoba Schl. Law; Q.C. (Dominion), 1896; called to federal cabinet as min. of the interior, 1896; elec. to H. of C. by accl. for Brandon; British agt. before the Alaska Bdry. Tribunal, 1903; re-elec. to H. of C. 1900 and 1904; resig. from the cabinet, 1906; one of Canadian representatives at internat. confce. at Washington on preservation of natural resources, 1908; re-elec. to H. of C., 1908; chmn., Canadian comn. of conservation 1909-1918; did not seek re-elec. at g.e., 1911.

SIKES, HOWARD LECKY, B.A., B.E. (hons. and exbr.). R.U.I., M.I.C.E., F.G.S.—B. 1881; ed. Bootham Schl., York; asst. engrn., P.W.D., E. Africa Prot., 1907; res. engrn. Mombasa water wks., 1911; engrn. in ch., Magadi water wks. constrn., 1913; res. engrn., Magadi rly., 1915; lieut., E.A. Pioneers, 1915; capt., 1916; govt. hydraulic engrn., P.W.D., Kenya, Jan., 1919; dep. dir., pub. wks., Kenya, 1921; D.P.W. and off. mem., leg. coun., 1923.

SILVA, PADDUWEGE OSMUND SAMUEL EDERESINGHE, B.A. (Lond.).—B. 1904; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Feb., 1927; attld., Puttalam kach., Mar., 1927.

SILVESTER, J. M.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., Dec., 1913; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

SIM, HON. SIR WM. ALEXANDER, Kt. Bach. (1924).—B. 1858; judge of sup. ct. of New Zealand, 16th Jan., 1911.

SIMMONS, JAMES WILLIAM.—B. 1877; ed. at Malvern and Oxford; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1900; in charge of treasury, Seremban, 29th May, 1901; ag. asst. dist. offr., Tampin, 1st Aug., 1901; ag. sec. sany. bd., Seremban, 1st Apr., 1902; ag. inspr. of schls. in addn., 1904; 1st asst. collr. of land rev., Seremban, 1st Jan., 1905; ag. asst. collr. of land rev., Kuala Lumpur, 13th Nov., 1907; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, 6th May, 1909; comsnnr. of cust., Johore, 21st Dec., 1910; comsnnr. of lands and mines, Johore, 9th Oct., 1914 to 4th June, 1920; sec. to comsnn. of enquiry, Trengganu, 5th Sept., 1918; 1st mag., Kuala Lumpur, 10th Mar., 1921; attld. to col. secretariat, Singapore, 9th June, 1921; 1st asst. sec. A., S. Stlmits., 9th June, 1921; ag. finan. comsnnr., Johore, 6th Dec., 1921; ag. collr., land rev., S. Stlmits., 8th May, 1923; dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Sept., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Kinta, July, 1923; ag. chmn., sany. bd., Kuala Lumpur, Nov., 1924; ag. Br. advisor, Trengganu, May, 1925.

SIMMONS, HON. WM. CHAS.—B. 1865; ed. at Collingwood and Owen Sound High Schls.; B.A., Toronto Univ., 1886; called to the bar, N.W.T., 1900; elec. to legis. assem. of Alberta for Lethbridge dist., 1906; resig., 1908; puisne judge of sup. ct., Alberta, 12th Oct., 1910.

SIMMS, HENRY, M.V.O. (1917), A.M.I.C.E. (1913).—B. 1881; sany. engrn., Gold Coast, 1908; sany. engrn., Sierra Leone, 1912; D.P.W., Cyprus, 1919; D.P.W., Jamaica, 1925.

SIMPSON, JOHN.—Imp. tel. serv., Jan., 1892; transfd., post office, Cape of Good Hope, Nov. 1895; survr., posts and tels., Mar., 1920; pub. serv. inspr., Aug., 1921.

SIMPSON, SAMUEL, C.M.G. (1926).—B. 1876; ed. at Owen's Coll., and Edin. Univ.; B.Sc.; Stevens scholar; sec. to the Union; sen. pres. of students' representative coun.; Highland and agric. socy.'s prizeman; life mem. and silver medallist of roy. agric. socy.; holder of nat. diploma in agric.; sen. lecturer in agric. to govt. agric. coll., Ghizeh, Egypt; cotton expert to B.C.A. Prot., Mar., 1905; dir. of agric., Uganda, 1912; mem., leg. and exec. couns.; comsnnr. for Uganda at Br. Emp. Exhbn.; author of "Report on Cotton Growing Industry in B.C.A. Prot."; reported on the agric. resources of Angola, Trinidad, Tobago, B. Guiana and Surinam.

SIMS, JAMES HUGH.—B. 1878; sub-inspr., Basutoland Mounted Pol., 1906; inspr., 1913; asst. comsnnr., 1918.

SINCLAIR, HON. JOHN EWEN.—B. 1879; ed. local common schls.; mem. of swine comn. which visited Europe in 1909; unsuccess. cand., legis. assem., P.E.I., 1908; el. to H.C., g.e., 1917; re-el., 1921; min. without portfolio in King admnstr., 29th Dec., 1921.

SINCLAIR, HON. SIR J. R., Kt. Bach. (1918).—B. 1851; ed. Dunedin High Schl., N.Z.; barrister; M.L.C., N.Z., 1907-14 and since 1918; rep. N.Z. on Dominion Royal Comn., 1912.

SINCLAIR, ST. CLAIR OVERBEEK, M.A., F.I.C., D.Sc.—Clk., atty.-gen's office, 1893; clk., col. sec.'s office, 1894; analyst, 1897; transfd., dept. of agr., 1907; transfd., dept. of int., 1911; govt. analyst, Cape Town, 1918; transfd., dept. of agr., 1st Apr., 1923; chief of divn. of chemistry, 3rd Mar., 1925.

SINCLAIR, WILLIAM FRANCIS.—B. 1879; ed. Oxenford House, Jersey; served in S. African War as lieut., 1st Kitchener's Fighting Scouts; Queen's Med., 5 bars; served in Gt. War as lieut., 5th D.G.'s Imp. Camel Corps and sp. list in Flanders, Egypt and Palestine, 1914-20; comdt., grade II, Palestine pol., July, 1920; comdt., grade I, Nov., 1920; dist. supt., Palestine pol., Apr., 1926.

SINGAPORE, LORD BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. CHARLES JAMES FERGUSON-DAVIE, B.A., M.A., D.D.—Formerly curate of St. Paul, Preston, 1896-99; dom. chap. to Bishop of Lahore, 1899-1902; S.P.G. mission at Rewari, 1902-1907; S.P.G. mission at Rawal Pindi, 1907-09; consecrated Lord Bishop of Singapore, 24th Aug., 1909.

SIRCORN, HAROLD SEBASTIAN.—B. 1878; cadet, F.M.S., 1902; passed cadet, May, 1904; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Aug., 1904; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ulu Langat, May, 1905; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, May, 1907; ag. asst. dist. offr., Pekan, Nov., 1907; cl. V, Jan., 1910; ag. dist. offr., Pekan, Apr., 1910; seconded, comsnnr. of cust., Johore, 1913; cl. IV, Nov., 1913; ag. dist. offr., Butterworth, Dec., 1917; cl. III, Jan., 1918; seconded, asst. adviser, Muar, Johore, June, 1918; cl. II, Nov., 1919; ag. comsnnr. of lands and mines, Johore, June, 1920; asst. adviser, Muar, Apr., 1921; mag., Kuala Lumpur, Oct., 1922; dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Jan., 1923; chmn., sany. bd., Apr., 1923; sec. to res., Selangor, May, 1923; ag. Br. res., Selangor in addition, Oct., 1923; contr., rubber, S.S. and F.M.S., May, 1925.

SISNETT, SIR HERBERT KORTRIGHT Mc-DONNELL, Kt. BACH. (1927).—Ed. at Harrison Coll., Barbados; called to the bar, Inner Tem., May, 1896; practised at bar, Barbados, June, 1897, to Feb., 1898; ag. junior pol. mag., Bridgetown, Barbados, Sept. to Nov., 1897; practised at bar, Jamaica, Mar., 1898, to Apl., 1903, during which period acted as res. mag. for St. Ann's, June to Dec., 1901; as priv. sec. to Sir A. Hemming, May to June, 1902, and priv. sec. to Mr. Olivier, the ag. gov., June to Nov., 1902; clk. of cts., St. James, Jamaica, Apl., 1903; ag. res. mag., St. James and Trelawny, Sept., 1903, as res. mag., St. Elizabeth, Mar., 1904, as res. mag., Manchester, Apl. to June, 1904, as res. mag. St. James and Trelawny, Sept., 1904, for two and a half months in 1906, and from June to July, 1906; regisr.-gen., Br. Hond., and dist. comsnr. of Belize, Apl., 1907; ag. atty.-gen. and ag. ch. just., Br. Hond., on several occasions; J.P. for Br. Hond., 1907; stip. mag., B. Guiana, 8th Mar., 1913; held inquiry into Rose Hall coolie riots, 1913, and was highly commended by S. of S.; ch. just., B. Hond., 1923.

SITTAMPALAM, CATHIAVELU, B.A. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-law (Middle Temple).—B. 1898; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Feb., 1923; att'd. to Kalutara kach., Mar., 1923; ditto, Kandy kach., Mar., 1925; office asst., Puttalam kach., Aug., 1926.

SKEEN, DONALD TRENCH, M.B., Ch.B.—B. 1883; ed. Aberdeen Grammar Schl. and Aberdeen Univ.; med. offr., F.M.S., grade III, May, 1912; med. offr., grade II, Dec., 1912; war service, 1915-19; med. offr., Batu Gajah, Sept., 1919; senr. med. offr., Negri Sembilan, May, 1921; ag. senr. med. offr., Perak, Feb., 1924; senr. med. offr., Negri Sembilan, Oct., 1924.

SKELTON, OSCAR DOUGLAS, M.A., Ph.D.—B. 1878; ed. Orangeville and Cornwall High Schls., Queen's Univ. and Univ. of Chicago; counsellor, dept. of external affrs., 15th July, 1924; under-sec. of state for external affrs., 30th Mar., 1925.

SKENE, CHARLES EDWARD.—B. 1889; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Wren's; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, Nov., 1912; seconded for serv. in col. sec.'s office, 1912-13; dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 27th Nov., 1912; col. sec.'s office, 1912-15; priv. sec. to ag. gov., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., Ashanti, 1916-18; dist. comsnr., 6th Oct., 1918.

SKERRETT, HON. SIR CHARLES PERRIN, K.C.M.G. (1927), K.C.—B. 1863; ed. privately; called to bar, 1884; created K.C., 1907; ch. just., N.Z., 1926; for many years pres., N.Z. law socy.

SKINNER, ARTHUR DONALD WILLIAM.—B. 1890; ed. Bedford Schl.; 4th clk., col. sec.'s office, Antigua, Aug., 1914; sub-inspr. of schools, St. Kitts-Nevis, Apl., 1915; o/o cadet corps, St. Kitts-Nevis, 1917; ag. inspr. of schls., Leeward Is., Apr., 1918 to Feb. 1920; clk. to comsnr., clk. of couns. and educn. dist. offr., Montserrat, Feb.-Oct., 1920; 1st clk., col. sec.'s office, clk. of couns., Antigua and supt., govt. printing office, Leeward Is., Nov., 1920; ag. asst. col. sec. and ag. clk. of couns. Leeward Is. on various occasions 1921-24; senr. bursar, Achimota Coll., Gold Coast, 1927.

SKINNER, HARVEY.—B. 1871; ed. Hurst-pierpoint and Ardingly Colls; asst. acctnt., treasury, N. W. Rhodesia, 5th June, 1907; ag. acctnt., N. Rhodesia, on various occasions, 1917-21; asst. audr., 17th Feb., 1921; ag. audr., on various occasions, 1921-26.

SKINNER, LESLIE ERNEST.—Gloucestershire R.F.A., 3rd Apr., 1908 to 9th July, 1910; B.S.A. Pol., 22nd Aug., 1910 to 21st Aug., 1913; E.A.P. Police, 17th Sept., 1913; asst. supt., 1st Apr., 1915; staff offr. to inspr.-gen. of pol. and prisons, Kenya Colony and Uganda Prot., 1st May, 1920 to 23th Feb., 1922; qualified in senior captain's course, Schl. of Musketry, Hythe, Sept., 1921; supt. pol., Nyasaland, 11th Nov., 1922; ag. ch. comsnr., pol. and ch. inspr., prisons, 17th May, 1923 to 31st Jan., 1924; asst. commdt., pol., Zanzibar, Nov., 1924; ag. commdt., pol. and gov., prisons, Oct., 1925 to June, 1926.

SKINNER, ROBERT BURNELL.—B. 1893; ed. Bedford Modern Schl.; held various minor appts., Leeward Is., 1910-20; ch. clk. to admr., and clk., couns., St. Kitts-Nevis, Nov., 1920; ch. clk. to admr. and clk., couns., Dominica, Nov., 1924; sec., loan bd., May, 1926; mem., Roseau town bd., Apr., 1927; comsnr., income tax, May, 1927.

SKINNER, WILLIAM ALEXANDER GEORGE.—B. 1865; joined N.Z. printing and stationery dept., 1879; offr.-in-charge, Lyttelton prison printing office, 1889; overseer, govt. printing office, 1905; supt., 1909; govt. printer, 1922.

SKIRVING, JOHN MACKENZIE.—B. 1874; ed. at George Watson's Coll., Edin.; served nine years in 91st Highrs.; 1st cls. certif. of educn., Group I, 1894; certif. of mil. eng., 1896; on Boer prisoners of war staff as warrant offr., S. Africa and St. Helena, Nov., 1899, to Oct., 1902 (Queen's medal and clasp); inspr. of pol., gaoler and mag.'s clk., St. Helena, Mar., 1903; served in various offr. capacities in St. Helena, Antigua, Montserrat and Dominica, 1906-14; *ex-officio* J.P. for Leeward Islands; ag. mag., Dist. F., May-Aug., 1914; capt. (2nd in command), Dominica defence force, 4th Aug., 1914; comdg. local forces, Dominica, 13th Sept., 1914; in command of 3rd (Leeward Is.) contingent for B.W.I.R., at Barbados, June-July, 1917; also paying offr. and offr.-in-charge records and dispersal, B.W.I. Regt., Dominica, from 1st Nov., 1917 to 29th Oct., 1920; inspr. pol., offr. instr. to local forces and in charge of prison, fire brig. and weights and measures depts., Montserrat, Oct., 1920; ag. in charge of P.W.D., and mem. exec. and leg. couns., Apr., 1923; re-transf'd. to Antigua as ch. keeper of prisons, supt., St. John's Training Schl. and supt., pauper cemetery, Leeward Is., 1st Nov., 1924; dep. coroner, 1926.

SLACK, ERIC, M.B., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), certif., L.S.T.M.—B. 1872; med. offr., Basutoland leper asylum, 1919; war serv., R.A.M.C., 1915-17.

SLACK, KENNETH HUGH.—B. 1886; ag. clk., mag., dist. "C" St. Kitts, in 1905, 1906 and 1907; clk. and inspr. wks., P.W.D., Jan., 1909; rev. offr., Dieppe Bay, Apr., 1910; govt. offr. and harbmr., Sandy Point, July, 1914; 3rd rev. offr., Apr., 1915; ag. 1st rev. offr. and harbmr., 1916; 2nd rev. offr., Jan., 1917; ag. 1st rev. offr. and harbmr., 1919; dep. harbmr., Apr., 1920; ag. cashier, 1920; ag. 1st rev. offr. and harbmr., 1922; lieut., St. Kitts-Nevis Defence Force.

SLADE-HAWKINS, W.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Apl., 1919.

SLADER, C. H. YORKE.—Ent. Jamaica Govt. serv., 1883; 1st cls. clk., sup. ct., 1894; ag. regisr., 1895-7; lieut., Jamaica militia, 1895; offr. with Jubilee contingent (medal), 1897; capt., 1899; passed exam. equal to solrs. final, 1899; clk. of cts., Clarendon, 1900; ag. comsnr. and judge of grand court, Cayman Islands, 1906; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1907; ag.

judge, sup. ct., Turks Island, 1909; J.P. and stip. mag., Kingston, Oct., 1909; res. mag., Portland, Jan., 1910; res. mag., Clarendon, 1912; ditto, St. Ann, 1914; major, res. regt., 1914; res. mag., St. Elizabeth, 1922; ditto, St. Catherine, 1926; compiled 3rd edit. "Index to Laws of Jamaica," 1911; ed. 5th edit., "Sub-Officer's Guide," 1924.

SLATER, SIR ALEXANDER RANSFORD, K.C.M.G. (1924); **C.M.G.** (1916); **C.B.E.** (1918).—B. 1874; ed. at King Ed. sch., Birmingham, and Emm. Coll., Camb. (scholar); B.A. 1897 (30th wrangler); cadet, Ceylon, Nov., 1898; extra off. asst. govt. agt., W. P., Aug., 1899; 2nd asst., P.M.G., Mar., 1900; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Dec., 1901; on spec. duty at camp for prisoners of war Diyatalawa, July, 1902; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec., Jan., 1903; clk. legis. coun., May, 1904; dist. judge, Badulla, Apl., 1906; additional asst. col. sec. and clk., legis. coun., Apl., 1907; on special depty. to Straits and F.M.S., Jan., 1908; 2nd asst. col. sec., Feb., 1908; ag. prin. asst. col. sec., Dec., 1909; dep. collr. of cust., Colombo, Sept., 1910; joint comsnr. to report on salaries of pub. serv., Nov., 1911; prin. asst. col. sec., Sept., 1912, and clk. to exec. coun.; col. sec., G. Coast, 18th Aug., 1914; on special duty in Togoland, 1st to 28th Sept., 1915; ag. govt., G. Coast on several occasions; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Sierra Leone, 4th Apr., 1922; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Gold Coast, 1927.

SLEEP, CAPT. ARTHUR.—B. 1894; cadet, F.M.S., Feb., 1920; asst. supt., lands, Kelantan, Mar., 1923; attd. dist. office, Lower Perak, Dec., 1924; asst. dist. off., Bruas, Mar., 1925; offr., cls. IV, Mar., 1926; offr., cls. IV, Mar., 1926; dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, Aug., 1926.

SLOAN, HON. WILLIAM.—B. 1866; took up residence in British Columbia in 1888, residing at Vancouver and Nanaimo; unsuccessful cand. for H. of C., 1900; elec. to H. of C., 1904, for Comox-Atlin; re-elec., 1908, but resigned in favour of Hon. William Templeman, min. of in. rev., who was defeated in Victoria; elec. to legis. ass., B.C., 1916; re-elec., g.e., 1920; min. of mines in Brewster cabinet, 1916.

SLOLEY, SIR HERBERT CECIL, K.C.M.G. (1911); **C.M.G.** (1906).—Served in C.M.R. in campaigns against Griquas and Moirois (medal with clasp, 1877-8-9); capt. in native contingent, Basuto war, 1880-1; mentioned in despatches; sub-inspr., Cape police, 1883; ditto, Basutoland, 1884; inspr., 1886; asst. comsnr., Basutoland, 1889; ag. res. comsnr., July to Dec., 1895; govt. sec., 1898; ag. res. comsnr., Dec., 1900; res. comsnr., Sept., 1901; ret., 1926.

SMALL, ALEXANDER SYM.—B. 1887; ed. Glasgow Univ.; cadet, F.M.S., Jan., 1911; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, Aug., 1911; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, Apr., 1912; ag. sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, Jan., 1913; ag. asst. dist. offr., Krian, Jan., 1916; ag. dist. offr., Raub, May, 1916; ag. asst. adviser, Endau, Johore, Sept., 1918; ditto Muar, Johore, June, 1920; ag. asst. dir., educn., S.S. and F.M.S., Apr., 1922; ag. asst. treas., F.M.S. and state treas., Selangor, Nov., 1923; town-planning admstr., Kuala Lumpur, Dec., 1926; finan. comsnr. and audr-gen., Johore, Mar., 1927.

SMALLEY, JAMES THORNTON, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).—B. 1882; late clinical asst., ast. house surg., out-pat. offr. and house surg., Guy's hosp.; clinical asst., Evelina hosp., London; R.M.O., Colony hosp., Suva, Fiji;

D.M.O., Ra; D.M.O. and M.O.H., and port med. offr., Levuka; stip. mag., Levuka, 1910-1913; med. offr., Kowloon and New Territories, Hong Kong, med. offr., Kowloon-Canton rly., and med. offr. in charge, pub. mortuary, Kowloon, 1913; ag. asst. M.O.H., 1916; ditto, in addition to other duties, 1916; lecturer in Pharmacology and Therapeutics, and examiner in Physiology, Hong Kong Univ.; J.P., 1919; visiting med. offr., Kwong Wah hospital; med. offr. in charge, Tai Chi Kok branch prison; surg. lieut., Hong Kong Volunteer Corps; med. offr. govt. civil hosp., 1923; med. offr., lunatic asylum, 1923; ag. port med. offr., 1924; med. offr., Kowloon and New Territories, med. offr. in charge pub. mortuary, Kowloon and Kowloon pub. hosp., 1925; med. offr. in charge, Victoria hosp. for women and children, 1927.

SMART, L. M.—B. 1889; asst. supt., Kenya and Uganda Rly., Apr., 1919 to Mar., 1927; dep. traffic man., Tanganyika rlys., 26th Mar., 1927.

SMART, FITZPATRICK FORBES PERCY.—Ed. Denstone Coll.; probationer, col. audit dept., July, 1921; asst. audr., Br. Honduras, Oct., 1921. **SMART, RT. HON. SIR THOS. WM., P.C.** (1921), **K.C.M.G.** (1911).—**L.R.C.S.**, Ireland, 1878; **L.K.Q.C.P.I.**, 1880; **M.L.A.**, Cape Colony, since 1894; col. sec., 1898; comsnr. of pub. wks., 1900-02, and 1904-1908; ag. prime minister during periods of 1904, 1906 and 1906; attended Impl. confce., 1907; mem. of S. African Nat. Conventn. in connection with S. Africa Bill, 1909; holds Cape Colony general service medal, 1879, with clasp, "Transkei" having served as surg. with P.A.O.C.V.A.; also holds medal and clasp for Kimberley siege, 1899-1900; **M.L.A.** for Fort Beaufort; min. for agr., 1921-24.

SMIT, HAROLD PRINGLE.—B. 1883; joined Cape civ. serv., Jan., 1901; office of dir. of mil. intell., May-Aug., 1902; Transvaal law dept., 1st Sept., 1902; ch. clk. to atty.-gen., Transvaal, July, 1906; addl. mag., Benoni, Sept., 1914; war stores coman., 1915; mag., Bloemhof dist., Dec., 1915; ch. clk., dept. of just., Dec., 1917; pub. serv. inspr., Feb., 1922; sec. for S.W. Africa, Apr., 1923; dep. admstr., 19th May-31st Oct., 1924.

SMIT, JACOBUS STEPHANUS.—B. 1878; D.T.D. (Dekoratie Trouwe Dienst) Anglo-Boer War; barrister-at-law, Middle Temple, 1905; pvt. sec. to Gen. Smuts as col. sec., Transvaal, 1907; to Gen. Botha as premier, Transvaal, 1907 and to Hon. J. de Villiers as atty.-gen., Transvaal, 1908; asst. mag., Transvaal, 1909; asst. mag., Union civ. serv., 1910; resig., 1915; el. mem. for Klerksdorp, Union of S. Africa legis. assem., 1920, 1921 and 1924; high comsnr. for Union of S. Africa, London, 1925.

SMITH, ALLAN F., I.S.O. (1906).—Clk. in P.O., Bermuda, 1879; clk., col. sec.'s office, 1886; asst. col. sec., 1890; col. postmr., 1896; ag. col. sec., July and Aug., 1899, and from May, 1900 to July, 1901; recr.-gen., 1908.

SMITH, LIEUT. ARTHUR BERTRAM, F.R.G.S.—B. 1889; ed. R. Masonic Schl., Bushey; sub. lieut., R.N.R., Oct., 1914; ag. lieut., Jan., 1915; served in 8th submarine flotilla, 1914-15; Baltic submarine flotilla, 1915-17; Russian Order of St. Anne, 3rd cls. (with swords), 1915; Russian Order of St. Vladimir, 4th cls. (with swords), 1916; commanded submarine C 14 (N. Sea), Mar. to Nov., 1918, and various surrendered German submarines, Nov., 1918 to Mar., 1919; port offr., Dar-es-Salaam, Mar., 1919; harbmr. and supt. of lighthouses, Trinidad, 27th Feb., 1926.

SMITH, B. O.—Cler. asst., post. dept., Br. Guiana, Aug., 1896; sec., leave and pensions commn., 1920; sec., depl. salaries commtee., 1921; gradually promoted to 1st cl. clk. and sec. currency commn., July, 1923; transfd. to col. secretariat, Apr., 1925; acctnt. sup. ct., Oct., 1925.

SMITH, CHARLES BERNARD, B.A.—B.1887; ed. Pembroke Coll., Oxford; jnr. supt., educn. dept., N. Nigeria, 9th July, 1913; attached, Nigeria Regt., 1917-18; asst. dir., educn., S. Prov., Nigeria, 1926.

SMITH, CHRISTOPHER PATRICK, B.A.—B.1894; ed. St. Mary's Coll., Dublin and National Univ. of Ireland; Inns of Court O.T.C., Oct., 1915; cadet, R. Milly. Coll., Sandhurst, 1916; 2nd lieut., R. Irish Regt., attd. Machine Gun Corps, 1917; demob., 1919; dep. supt., merc. marine branch, B. of T. 1920; cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; attd., Chinese prot., Perak, May, 1921; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Selangor and Pahang, Feb., 1924; passed cadet, Feb., 1924; ag. prot., Chinese, Negri Sembilan, May, 1924, ditto, Taiping, Dec., 1924; offr., cl. IV, Sept., 1925; attd., cust. dept., F.M.S., Mar., 1926; ag. 3rd. mag., Spore, May, 1926.

SMITH, E. A.—B. 1896; ent. E.I.O., Dec., 1911; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., Dec., 1913; on mily. serv., Dec., 1915 to Jan., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

SMITH, EMILE HAMEL, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.F.P. and S., Glas.—B. 1879; ent. med. serv., Trinidad, 16th Sept., 1909; dist. med. offr., 21st Dec., 1912.

SMITH, ERNEST GARDINER, M.A., LL.B.—Advoc.; univ. prizeman in constil. law and hist.; hon. certifs. in civ. law, pub. internat. law and med. jurisprudence; asst. dist. commn., S. Nigeria, 29th Aug., 1908; asst. pol. mag., 23rd Jan., 1911; 2nd grade mag., Nigeria, 1st Jan., 1914; 1st grade mag., 29th Jan., 1914; crown proscr., 10th Sept., 1914; ag. legal adviser and mem., leg. coun. for various periods, 1914-19; crown counsel, 1st Jan., 1920; ag. solr.-gen., Aug., 1920 to Apr., 1921, and Aug., 1921 to Mar., 1922; circuit judge, Ashanti and N. Territories, G. Coast, 9th Aug., 1922; ag. puisne judge, G. Coast, 1st Apr. to 4th July, 1924; puisne judge, G. Coast, 12th June, 1925.

SMITH, FRANCIS JAGOE—M.A. (Oxon); ed. Merchant Taylors sch.; scholar, St. John's Coll., Oxford, 1892; 2nd cl. class. mods., 1894; 2nd math. mods., 1894; 2nd lit. hum., 1896; B.A., 1896; M.A., 1902; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Oct., 1896; attached to col. sec.'s off., 1896; office asst. to govt. agt., and deputy fiscal. Cent. Prov., Apr., 1898; commn. of requests and pol. mag., Balapitiya, Aug., 1900; ditto, Galle, June, 1901; landing survr., customs, Colombo, Dec., 1901; 2nd asst. col. sec., Sept., 1905; dep. collr. of cust., Colombo, Feb., 1908; dist. judge, Galle, Dec., 1911; govt. agt., Prov. of Uva, July, 1912; on special duty, visiting post offices in Ceylon, Straits and F.M.S., May, 1913; ag. dist. judge, Galle, Aug., 1913; postmr.-gen., Oct., 1913; dir. of food production, Nov., 1920; P.M.G., Apr., 1921; ag. col. treas., July to Sept., 1923; govt. agt., N. Prov., July, 1924; ag. col. treas., 12th July, 1927.

SMITH, FREDERIC GORDON—B. 1886; ed. Brooms Grove Schl.; solr., Jan., 1909; barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, July, 1921; legal dept., N. Rhodesia, 1913; on active serv. in East Africa with N. B. Police, July, 1915 to July, 1918; held various appts. in legal dept., N. Rhodesia during B.S.A.C.'s admstrn. including regier., high ct. etc., and asst. legal adviser and pub. prosc.; asst. atty.-gen., Oct., 1924; solr.-gen., Kenya, Sept., 1926; atty.-gen., N. Rhodesia, Apr., 1927.

SMITH, F. M. URLING.—B. 1876; ed. at St. John's, Leatherhead, and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; schoolmaster in England, Scotland and Wales from 1900 to 1906; served in ed. dept., Egypt, 1906 to 1910; supt. of Nassarawa schools, N. Nigeria, 28th Sept., 1910; senr. supt., 1st Jan., 1913; dir. of educn., Northern Prov., 24th Aug., 1919.

SMITH, SIR GEORGE, K.C.M.G. (1914), C. M. G. (1911).—B. 1858; entd. war office, 10th Apr., 1878; clk., ch. sec.'s office, Cyprus, 24th Nov., 1879; ch. clk., ditto, 1881; asst. to ch. sec., 15th Dec., 1883; ag. dir. of survey, 10th Aug., 1886, to 14th Feb., 1887; clk., legis. coun., 1st Mar., 1886, to 24th Nov., 1891; ag. ch. sec., and mem. of exec. coun., 15th May, to 10th Oct., 1888, and on other occasions; commn., Papho, 25th Nov., 1891; regier.-gen. and offi. mem. of legis. coun., 7th June, 1896; has served also as mem. of commtee. of management, Cyprus museum, 1886; sec., Col. and Ind. Exhib. commtee., 1886; sec. to Queen's Jubilee Memorial commtee., 1887; mem. of land regista. commn., 1891; pres. mun. commn., Papho, 1892; mem. of ecclesiastical corp. commn., 1896; mem. of mun. commn., Nicosia, 1895; mem. of gen. hosp. bd., Nicosia, 1896; mem. of bd. of agric., 1896; ag. British delegate of Evcoaf, under conven. with Turkey, 20th Mar., to 25th Nov., 1903; ag. prin. forest offr., 1903, and 1907; ag. dir. of agric., 1904 and 1905; British delegate of Evcoaf, 20th July, 1906; ag. recr.-gen., and ch. collr. of cust., 1905, 1906, 1907 and 1909; col. sec., Mauritius, 10th June, 1910; administered govt., Apl. to Nov., 1911; gov., Nyasaland, 17th May, 1913; assumed govt., 23rd Sept., 1913; ret., Dec., 1923.

SMITH, CAPT. GEORGE ECHLIN.—B. 1871; ed. Rathmines Schl. and Trin. Coll., Dublin; joined 5th batt. R. Irish Regt., 1891; capt., 1896; hon. capt. in army, 1900; asst. inspr., Hausa force (G. Coast batt.), Jan., 1897; sub-inspr., Br. Guiana pol., Feb., 1898; dist. inspr., Oct., 1900; A.D.C. to Sir J. A. Swettenham, 1902-04; A.D.C. to Sir F. Hodgson, 1904-06; asst. dist. supt., pol., E. Africa Prot., Oct., 1906; supt., pol., Apr., 1914; comdt. pol. and gov. of prisons, Zanzibar, May, 1920-25; pte. sec. and A.D.C. to Sir D. Cameron, gov., Tanganyika Territory, 1925; 1914-15 Star, Gen. Serv. and Victory med.; King's pol. med., 1924.

SMITH, HERBERT DENSHAM.—B. 1882; entd. Impl. civ. serv. and apptd. to acct. gen'l's dept., Admy., 1901; asst. acct., P.W.D., Nigeria, 1910; acct., P.W.D., Sierra Leone, 1914; transfd. to treasury, Sierra Leone, as asst. treas., Jan., 1916; ag. senr. asst. treas. for various periods in 1917, 1918 and 1919; ag. ch. acct., rly., May to Aug., 1922; ag. treas. and currency offr., 1919 and 1923; recr. gen. and currency offr., Gambia, Jan., 1925; mem., exec. and leg. couns.

SMITH, HERBERT FRANCIS, O.B.E. (1920).—B. 1873; ed. at Malvern coll. (class. scholar); entd. Crown Agents' office, Feb., 1893; asst. cashier, 1900; head of gen. stores dept., August, 1904; sec., Dec., 1920 to Nov., 1921; mem., fair wages advisory commtee., 1921; sec., E. African Currency Bd., 1922; head of stores dept., 1922; head of shipping dept., 1924; head, finance dept., 1927.

SMITH, HUGH MIDDLETON BRICE, M.A.—B. 1884; ed. at Pecklington Schl. and Queen's Coll. Cambridge; asst. res., N. Nigeria 16th Jan., 1909; 2nd cl. dist. offr., 17th Oct., 1917; ag. mag. in 1921 and 1922.

SMITH, JAMES. — B. 1882; stock inspr., Basutoland, 1911; sub-inspr., Basutoland mounted pol., 1917; inspr., 1926.

SMITH, JAMES ALFRED, M.B.E. (1918). — B. 1871; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to the C.O., Apr., 1891; promoted to higher grade, 1902; asst. sec. to col. regns. comtee., 1907-8; staff clk., 1st grade, 1915; staff offr., 1st Apr., 1922.

SMITH, JAMES DAVID MAXWELL, M.A., Aberdeen. — B. 1896; cadet, F.M.S., July, 1920; asst. collr., land rev., Lower Perak, Oct., 1920; offr. in charge, treasury, Telok Anson, Oct., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Aug., 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Gopeng and Kampar, Nov., 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Sitiawan, Dec., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, Nov., 1923; asst. sec. to res., Perak, July, 1925; ag. sec. res., Perak, in addn., Nov., 1925; ag. state treas., Perak, July, 1926; offr., cls. IV, Sept., 1926; ag. asst. sec. to res., Perak in addn., Oct., 1926; ag. ohmn., sany. bd., Larut and Matang, Mar., 1927.

SMITH, JAMES LANDRETH. — B. 1870; draftsman, P.W.D., St. Lucia, 13th July, 1891; draftsman, survey off., Sept., 1893; warden, and supt. of water-works under St. George's town bd., Apr., 1896, to Aug., 1901; chief overseer of roads and works, Grenada, 19th Aug., 1901; asst. supt. of wks., 1st Apr., 1902; comanr. of crown lands, 28th June, 1904; survr. of crown lands, 1904; ag. supt. of wks., 14th June, 1906, to 16th Jan., 1907; supervisor, govt. cotton ginnery, 1st Oct., 1912; ag. supt. pub. wks., St. Vincent, 4th Oct., 1913; col. engrn., Oct., 1918 to Aug., 1920; supt. pub. wks., St. Kitts-Nevis, Sept., 1920.

SMITH, JOHN. — B. 1883; ed. New Vety. Coll., Edinburgh (M.B.C.V.S.), and Liverpool Univ. (D.V.H.); vety. offr., N. Rhodesia, June, 1913; resigned, Apr., 1916; active serv., 1916-19; capt.; reapt., Oct., 1921; ag. ch. vety. offr., Nov., 1921-May, 1922; ch. vety. offr., May, 1922; mem., leg. coun.; ag. sec. for agr., Apr., 1925; J.P.

SMITH, JOHN NOKL. — B. 1886; ed. at Summer Fields, Oxford, Radley Coll. and Hertford Coll., Oxford; 2nd lieutenant, 3rd (Res.) Batt., Oxford and Bucks. Light Infantry, 1909; seconded for serv. as asst. res., N. Nigeria, 30th Nov., 1910; attd., Nigeria Regt., Cameroons, 24th Mar., 1915; station mag., N. Provs., 22nd Mar., 1919; dist. offr., 17th Jan., 1921; ag. senr. res., 7th Sept., 1923.

SMITH, HARRY ALSTON. — B. 1886; stock inspr., Basutoland, 1913; sub-inspr. Basutoland mounted pol., 1919; war serv., 1914-18.

SMITH, LESLIE STEPHEN. — B. 1898; entl. regisr. of friendly societies, 16th Jan., 1914; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., 27th Apr., 1916; on mily. serv., Jan., 1917 to Feb., 1919; trans. to savings bank dept., G.P.O., May, 1919; trans. to C.O., June, 1923.

SMITH, LINDSAY LRA. — B. 1870; ag. clk. to comanr., Turks Is., 1894, 1896, 1900, and 1903; confirmed 1st July, 1903; ag. acctnt. and clk. (collr. of customs, postmr., cashier and regisr. of shipping) comanr.'s office, June to Sept., 1904, and May to Aug., 1906; acctnt. and clk. (collr. of cust., postmr., cashier, and regisr. of shipping), Jan., 1907; gen. man., savings bank, 1st July, 1907; ag. asst. comanr., Dec., 1910 to Jan., 1911, and from Sept., 1912 to Apr., 1913.

SMITH, NORMAN LOCKHART. — B. 1887; ed. at Sedburgh and Queen's Coll., Oxford (Haastings scholar); B.A. 1910; cadet, Hong Kong, 20th Oct., 1910; ag. asst. dist. offr., (north), 1912; ag. 2nd A.R.G., 1913; J.P. 1913; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., 1913; ag. 1st asst. to sec. for Chinese

affairs, 1913; ag. asst. postmrstr-gen., 1914; seconded for serv. as British postmaster at Shanghai, 1914; ag. postmr. gen., 1915; seconded for military service 1916-19; ag. deputy regisr. and appraiser, 1919; ag. supt. Victoria Gaol, 1919; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1919, 1920 and 1923; recd. Chinese order of Wen-hu, 5th cls., 1920; qualified in Pekinese, 31st Mar., 1920; supt., impts. and expts., 1921; attd., Geneva opium confce., 1923; head of sany. dept., 1924.

SMITH, P. C. M.I. Munio E. (Lond.). — B. 1879; ed. at Wyggeston boys' schl., Eng.; pupil with Messrs. Keites and Fosbrooks, archs. and survrs., Leicester, for five years, and remained for two years as asst.; joined staff of Messrs. Johnson and Langley, contra., Lond.; asst. to Mr. C. F. Wike, M.I.C.E., city engrn., Sheffield, 1902; town engrn., Rainy River, Ont., Can., 1910; town engrn., Souris, Manitoba, 1911; dist. engrn., Berbice, Br. Guiana, Aug., 1916.

SMITH, PETER HAMBLIN, B.A. (Oxon.). — B. 1900; ed. Denstone coll. and Lincoln coll., Oxford; asst. dist. comanr., Sierra Leone, 5th Sept., 1923.

SMITH, REGINALD HOPKINSON. — B. 1898; ed. Chatham House, Ramsgate; served in the Royal Naval Divn., Oct. to Dec., 1914; H.A.C., Oct., 1915 to Oct., 1917; Indian Army R. of O., Nov., 1917 to Aug., 1919; Aden Field Force, July, 1918 to July, 1919; dist. pol. offr., Somaliland, July, 1919.

SMITH, REGINALD MONTAGU BOSWORTH. — Sub-inspr., Basutoland mt. pol. 1896; inspr., 1905; asst. comanr., 1909; govt. sec., 1920; ag. dep. res. comanr. for various periods in 1921, 1923 and 1924.

SMITH, SIDNEY W. — B. 1902; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., Oct., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920.

SMITH, STEPHEN HENRY, F.R. Aus. H.S. — B. 1865; ed. Grafton Superior Pub. Sch.; inspr., continuation schls., N.S. Wales, 13th June, 1912 to 29th Feb., 1920; asst. under sec., educn., dept., N.S.W., June, 1920; dir., educn., N.S.W., 1923.

SMITH, SYDNEY RICHARD, O.B.E. (Mil.). 1919. — B. 1875; asst. engrn., P.W.D., Selangor, Apr., 1900; dist. engrn., Ulu Selangor, Jan., 1901; ag. ex. engrn., grade III, Sept., 1902; ag. ex. engrn., grade II, May, 1904; ex. engrn., grade III, Perak, Dec., 1909; ex. engrn., grade II, Jan., 1913; adjt., M.S.V.R., Apr., 1915; ment. in desps., July, 1918; sen. ex. engrn., P.W.D., Jan., 1919; ag. state engrn., Selangor, May, 1921; awarded Col. Aux. Forces Long Serv. med., June, 1922; ag. state engrn., Pahang, Jan., 1923; state engrn., Negri Sembilan, Aug., 1923; ag. asst. dir., pub. wks., F.M.S., Aug., 1923; ag. dir., pub. wks., F.M.S., Feb., 1925; ag. state engrn., Selangor, Apr., 1925; ag. state engrn., Perak, Dec., 1926; state engrn., Selangor, Dec., 1926; ditto, Perak, Mar., 1927.

SMITH, WALTER BUCHANAN, M.C. (1918). — Ed. Repton Schl.; cadet, Br. N. Borneo civ. serv., 1903; dist. offr., 1904; 1st cls. mag., 1907; asst. dist. comanr., S. Nigeria, 1909; asst. comanr., lands, 1912; ag. comanr., lands, 1912 and 1914; attd., Nigeria Regt. for service in Cameroons, 1914-15 and in German E. Africa, 1916-18; 1st cls. dist. offr., 1918; res., 1921; ag. sec., S. Provs., Nigeria, 1922 and 1925; senr. res., 1926.

SMITH, WALTER JOHN. — B. 1884; asst. supt. wks., P.W.D., S. Sttlmts., Jan., 1908; asst. engrn., P.W.D., F.M.S., Sept., 1909; ex. engrn., Kedah, Apr., 1917; ex. engrn., grade III, July,

1908; ag. state engr., Kodah, Aug., 1920 to Apr., 1921; sen. ex. engr., F.W.D., F.M.S., Aug., 1923.

SMITH, WILLIAM HARDEN, B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (T.C.D.), L.M. (Rot.), D.P.H. (R.C.P. and S.I.).—Ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; surg. sub-lieut., R.N.V.R., 1918; med. offr., Zanzibar, 27th Nov., 1925.

SMITH, WILLIAM HUMPHREY.—B. 1879; ed. Uppingham and Jesus Coll., Camb., Rustat schol., 1897; Abbott univ. schol., 1899; B.A., 1st cls., class. tripos, pt. I, 1901; 2nd cls. pt. II, history, 1902; clk., col. audit branch, exchequer and audit dept., 1st Dec., 1903; asst. audr., Nyasaland, 1st Oct., 1904; audr., N. Nigeria, 1st Feb., 1910; examr., exchequer and audit dept., 17th Aug., 1910; audr., Seychelles, 23rd Mar., 1911; 1st divn. clk. (2nd cls.), col. audit dept., 1st Oct., 1912; on mil. serv., 5th Aug., 1914; capt., K.O.Y.L.I., 29th Jan., 1915; wounded, 8th Mar., 1917; relinquished coman. owing to wounds, and returned to col. audit dept., 29th Sept., 1918; audr., Uganda, 29th Dec., 1923; audr., Kenya, 1927.

SMITH, WILLIAM RAMSAY.—D.Sc., M.D., M.S., Edin.; chmn. cent. bd. of health, coroner, vaccination offr., and inspr. of anatomy, S. Australia, 1899-1903; chrmn., cent. bd. of health and coroner, 1903; author of several medical and scientific works.

SMITH-DORRIEN, GEN. SIR HORACE LOCKWOOD, G.C.B. (1913), G.C.M.G. (1915), D.S.O. (1886); grand off., legion of honour; A.D.C. gen. to the King, 1910-14.—B. 1858; served in Zulu war, 1879; Egyptian war, 1882; Soudan campaign, 1885; Soudan field force, 1885-6, 4th cls. Medjidie; 4th cls. Osmanian. Chitral expedn., 1895; N.W. Frontier, India, 1897-98; Tirah exped. force; Nile expedn., 1898; S. African war, 1900-01; European war, 1914-15; adjt.-gen. in India, 1901-3; commdg. Quetta div. of army in India, 1903-7; commdg.-in-chief, Aldershot, 1907-12; commdg.-in-chief southern comd., 1912-14; commdg. 2nd army corps and 2nd British exped. force in France, 1914-15; commdg. E. African exped. force, 1915; gov., Gibraltar, 9th July, 1918; assumed govt., 7th Sept., 1918, ret., 1923.

SMITHERS, ROBT. FRANCIS.—Clk., atty. gens.-office, Apr., 1902; senr. clk., Jan., 1910; pub. serv. inspr., Sept., 1921.

SMUTS, GEN. THE RIGHT HON. J. C., P.C. (1917), C.H., K.C.—B. 1870; ed. at Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; B.A., Cape Univ., 1891; Ebdon scholar at Christ's Coll., Camb.; double first in law tripos, 1894; barrister, Cape Col.; state-attorney, S. African Republic, 1898; served with Boer forces during S. African war, and was in comd. of Boer forces in Cape Col. during the latter part of the campaign; mem. of head comtee. of Het Volk; col. sec., Transvaal, 1907; mem. of Imp. Conf. on Naval and Military Defence, 1909; min. of finance and defence, Union of S. Africa, 1912; min. of defence, 1915; in command of troops in E. Africa, 1916; mem. of British war cabinet; represented S. Africa at peace confce. at Paris, 1919; prime min. and min. of native affrs., Union of S. Africa, 1919-24; M.L.A. for Standerton, 1924.

SMYLY, SIR PHILIP CRAMPTON, KT. BACH., (1905).—B. 1866; ed. at Trin. Coll., Dub., B.A., LL.B.; called to the bar, King's Inns, Dub., 1888; LL.D., 1891; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, 1902; Queen's advoc., S. Leone, 1895; atty.-gen., 1896; ch. just., S. Leone, 1901; ch. just., Gold Coast, 1911.

SNELGAR, HERBERT JOHN.—B. 1890; ed. Christ's Hosp. and Kings Coll., London; clk., bd. of educn., 1906; clk., C.A., 1910; clk., land dept. E.A.P., 1912; ag. office supt., 1917 and 1919; land asst., 1919; sec., land tenure coman., 1920; warden of mines, 1920; regiar. of titles, etc., 1922; asst. land offr., 1922.

SOLOMON, MICHAEL CLAUDE.—Copyist, med. dept., Jamaica, Oct., 1885; 3rd cls. clk., 1888; 2nd cls. clk., 1891; 1st cls. clk. and sec., cent. bd. of health, 1908; ch. clk., 1920; sec. to coman. on reorganization of med. serv., 1920.

SOLOMON, HON. SIR WILLIAM HENRY, K.C.M.G. (1913), KT. BACH. (1907), M.A.—B. 1852; ed. at S. African Coll., Cape Town and Cambridge Univ.; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1876; raised to the bench, Kimberley, 1887; afterwards transferred to Eastern Districts Court in same capacity; puisne judge sup. ct., Transvaal, Mar., 1902; ordinary judge of appellate div. of sup. ct. of South Africa, May, 1910; ch. just., 1st Mar., 1927.

SOMASUNTHARAM, KANDIAH.—B. 1897; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Dec., 1921; attd., Kalutara Kach., Dec., 1921; ditto, Kurunegala Kach., Jan., 1922; ditto, Colombo Kach., Dec., 1922; office asst. to rubber contr., Mar., 1923; office asst., Galle kach., Aug., 1926; 6th asst. col. sec., Nov., 1926.

SOMERS (6TH BARON, CR. 1784), ARTHUR HERBERT SOMERS COCKS, K.C.M.G. (1926), D.S.O. (1919), M.C. (1917).—B. 1887; ed. Charterhouse and New Coll., Oxford; serv. in Great War, 1914-19; capt., 1st Life Guards, 1914; lieutenant, Tank Corps, 1918-19; ret., 1922; a lord in waiting in ordinary to the King, 1924; govr. of Victoria, 10th Apr., 1926; assumed govt., 28th June, 1926.

SOMMERVILLE, JAMES, O.B.E.—Clk., traffic dept., Cape, 20th Mar., 1897; clk., C. T. M. office, Cape, 1st Oct., 1898; ch. clk., admstr.'s office, Transvaal, 1st Dec., 1900; sec., refugees aid dept., 1st Nov., 1901; sec., Transvaal immigrn. office, 1st Aug., 1903; ch. clk., lands dept., 1st May, 1904; under-sec. for lands, Union of Africa, 1st June, 1917; sec. for lands, 1st Apr., 1921.

SOPER, JOHN ROBERT PHILPOTT, B.A. (hons.), Cantab.—B. 1904; ed. Tonbridge Schl. and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge (schol.); headmaster, agrl. prim. schol., Zanzibar, Sept., 1926; seconded for duty as agrl. offr., Nov., 1926; agrl. offr., Jan., 1928.

SOUTHBOROUGH, 1ST BARON (creat. 1917), RT. HON. SIR FRANCIS JOHN STEPHENS HOPWOOD, P.C. (1912), G.C.B. (1916), G.C.M.G. (1908), K.C.B. (1901), K.C.M.G. (1906), O.B. (1895), C.M.G. (1893).—B. 1860; ed. at Louth by Canon W. W. Hopwood; admitted a solr., 1882; asst. law clk., B. of T., 1885-1888; asst. solr., 1888-1892; priv. sec. to pres. of B. of T., 1892; sec., rly. dept., 1892-1901; perm. sec., 1901; perm. under-sec. of S. for the colonies, 1907-1910; employed on different occasions upon offi. missions to U.S.A., Canada, and Newfoundland; Brit. deleg. to internat. rly. congress in London, 1895; and in Paris, 1900; hon. sec. to chmn. of select comtee. of H. of C. on Jameson raid, 1897; mem. of London traffic coman., 1903; visited S. Africa as mem. of Transvaal and O.R.C. constitutions coman., 1906; mem. of comans. on canals and waterways, 1906; and on ocean freights and shipping "rings," 1906; accompanied H.R.H. the Prince of Wales on his visit to Quebec, 1908; mem. of Royal coman. on electoral reform, 1909; regiar. of the Order of St.

Michael and St. George, 1907-1909; sec. of the Order, 1909-1911; accompanied H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught on his visit to S. Africa in connection with the opening of the first parliamt. of the Union of S. Africa, 1910; vice-chmn. of the Development comn., 1910; specially apptd. to act as under sec. of state for the colonies during the period of the Imperial Conf., 1911; additional civil lord of the Admiralty, Jan., 1912; sec. to the Irish Convention, 1917.

SOUTHORN, WILFRID THOMAS, C.M.G. (1927).—B. 1879; ed. Warwick schol. and Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1903; off. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Oct. 1904; N.C. Prov., May, 1905; dist. judge, Tangalla, Apr., 1907; landing survr. customs, Colombo, July, 1909; asst. govt. agt., Matale, Nov., 1911; priv. sec. to gov., Aug., 1914; dep. collr. of customs and landing survr., Colombo, Sept., 1915; 2nd asst. col. sec., Dec., 1919; prin. asst. col. sec., July, 1920; prin. collr., cust. and chmn., Colombo port comn., Dec., 1923; mem., leg. coun., 1924 and exec. coun., 1925; col. sec., Hong Kong, May, 1926.

SPEARMAN, BARUGH, M.A., M.B., B.O. (Camb.), D.T.M. and H., certifi., London Schl. of Trop. Medicine (with distinction).—B. 1877; med. offr., Uganda Prot., Sept., 1912; capt., Uganda mod. serv., Sept., 1916; med. offr. of hlth., Zanzibar, Nov., 1920; reed. thanks of ag. gov., Uganda, for services in connection with outbreak of plague at Jinja, Nov., 1914; ment. in desps., 1919; M.O.H., Zanzibar, Sept., 1920; senr. med. offr. of health, Zanzibar, 1st Jan., 1922; ag. D.M.S.S., 30th June, 1922 to 13th Feb., 1923 and 8th July, 1925 to 24th Mar., 1926; D.D.S.S., Jan., 1926.

SPEED, SIR EDWIN ARNEX, Kt. BACH. (1911).—M.A., LL.B.; B. 1869; ed. at Rugby, and Trin. Coll., Camb.; major scholar and senior exhibntr., Rugby schol.; scholar and prizeman of Trin. Coll., Camb.; 1st cls. class. tripos, 1890; 2nd cls. law tripos, Part I., 1891; called to the bar, Inner Temple, June, 1893; dist. comsnnr., G. Coast, 1899; atty.-gen., Lagos, 1900; edited a revised edition of Lagos laws, 1901; has acted on numerous occasions as ch. just. and also as col. sec., from Jan., 1905, to Mar., 1906; atty.-gen., S. Nigeria, May, 1906; edited revised edtn. of laws of S. Nigeria, 1907; ch. just., N. Nigeria, 1908; retired.

SPENCE, JOHN, B.A., LL.B. (Syd).—Ent. pub. wks. dept., N.S. Wales, 1897; admitted to bar, 1909; ch. acct., P.W.D., 1918; senr. inspr., pub. serv. bd., 1919-22; in charge, govt. printing office re-organisation, 1922-23; under sec., treasury and dir. of finance, 1923.

SPENCER, CYRIL EDWARD.—B. 1873; entd. col. ser., Cyprus, 1st Mar., 1891; in secretariat from Apr., 1892, to May, 1898; also clk. to legis. coun., Mar., 1894, to May, 1898; priv. sec. to high comsnnr. on several occasions, 1898-1900; inspr., mil. pol., 1st May, 1898; ag. dist. comdt., July, 1900, to Jan., 1904; apptd. in comd. of diva. of pol., Jan., 1904; also gov. of pris. and asst. to dist. comsnnr., and dep. coroner; ag. dist. comsnnr., Apr. to Dec., 1905; passed in mod. Greek, higher standard, 1904; and in Turkish, lower standard, 1906; transf'd. to B. East Africa, as asst. dist. comsnnr., Nov., 1906; ag. supt., inland rev., Apr. to Oct., 1907; ag. dist. comsnnr., Mombasa, from July, 1907; dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., Apr., 1912; senr. asst. sec., secretariat, Jan., 1919; clk. of councils, Jan., 1919; ag. asst. chief sec., Jan., 1919; comsnnr. of prisons, Kenya, Oct., 1923.

SPICER, ROY GODFREY BULLEN, M.C. (1918).—B. 1889; ed. Colet Court and St. Paul's; probationary asst. supt. pol., Ceylon, Nov., 1909; asst. supt., 1911; supt., 1915; on war serv., 1915-19; wounded, Oct., 1918; returned to Ceylon pol., 1919; supt., grade I, 1923; seconded as comsnnr. of pol., Kenya, June, 1925.

SPILLER, JOHN WYATT, M.Inst.C.E.—B. 1878; ed. Wellington Schl. (Som.); served in engrng. dept., G.W.R., 1896 to 1910; joined engrng. dept., Crown Agents, 1910; services lent to Miny. of Munitions, 1916; tech. adviser to dir., Munitions Overseas Transport, 1917; returned to C.A., 1919; dep. ch. engrnr., 1919; visited Ceylon, F.M.S. and S. Stlmts., 1920; ch. engrnr. (designs), 1922; visited Br. Guiana and Trinidad, 1922; acted for one year as gen. man., F.M.S. rlys., 1926.

SPIO-GARBRAH, JOSIAH.—B. 1878; 2nd asst. mast., tech. schol., Accra, Gold Coast, 1st Jan., 1899; 1st asst. mast., 19th Nov., 1902; 3rd grade teacher, 1st Jan., 1907; prin. teacher, 3rd Nov., 1912; asst. headmast., 1st Apr. 1920; headmast., 1st Apr., 1922; insp., schls., 1st Apr., 1923.

SPOONER, MAJOR JOHN CHARLES GARTH, M.C.—B. 1883; ed. Marlborough Coll.; jr. asst. engrnr., F.M.S. rlys., 1903-06; asst. engrnr., F.M.S. rlys., 1906-12; dist. engrnr., grade III, 1912-14; dist. engrnr., grade II, 1914; on active serv., 1915-19; dist. engrnr., grade I, Ipoh, Jan., 1920; sen. dist. engrnr., Ipoh, Jan., 1921; ag. engrnr. constrn., F.M.S. rlys., Sept., 1925.

SPROULE, PERCY JULIAN, B.A., Camb.—B. 1873; barrister-at-law (Mid. Tem.); cadet, S.S., Nov., 1895; ag. dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, Mar., 1897; passed final in Malay, Mar., 1899; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, June, 1899; dep. registr., sup. ct., Penang, Sept., 1899; ag. asst. registr. sup. ct., Penang, May, 1903; ag. 2nd mag., Sing., Sept., 1904; ag. dep. pub. pros., May, 1905; ag. sol.-gen., Penang, May-Aug., 1906; dep. pub. prosecutor, Sing., Aug., 1906; ag. sol.-gen., Penang, Mar., 1908; ag. registr., supreme ct., Penang, Dec., 1908; ag. solr.-gen., July, 1909; solr.-gen., Apr., 1911; ag. judel. comsnnr., F.M.S., Jan., 1912; solr.-gen., May and Oct., 1912; ag. temp. judge, sup. ct., July-Sept., 1912, and Nov., 1912; puisne judge, Dec., 1913; pres., toddy comn., Selangor, Oct., 1916; ag. ch. judl. comsnnr., F.M.S., Mar., 1920; ag. ch. just., S. Stlmts., Oct., 1920; ag. senr. puisne judge, Feb.-Apr., 1921; ag. ch. just., S.S., 16th June, 1922; ag. ch. judl. comsnnr., F.M.S., June, 1924.

SRESHTA, MAURICE SALVADOR.—B. 1873; B.A., Madras; Barrister-at-law; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1896; off. asst. to govt. agt., K. Prov., Jan., 1898; Sabaragamuwa, Dec., 1898; addl. pol. mag., Tangalla, Sept., 1900; pol. mag., Panadure, Dec., 1900; Ariawella, Dec., 1901; Galle, Sept., 1905; comsnnr. of requests, Colombo, Nov., 1907; dist. judge, Jaffna, Jan., 1911; ditto, Negombo, Nov., 1915; ditto, Karunegalla, Apr., 1920; ag. dist. judge, Kandy, May, 1921; ag. dist. judge, Colombo, Aug., 1921; dist. judge, Jaffna, Oct., 1921; registr. gen., Apr., 1922; P.M.G., Feb., 1923.

STACE, WALTER TERENCE.—B.A., Trin. coll., Dublin; B. 1886; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 29th Oct., 1910; attached to the Galle Kachecheri, 1st Dec., 1910; office asst. to govt. agt., Galle, March, 1912; pol. mag., Chilaw, May, 1913; pol. mag., Gampola, Feb., 1914; ag. pol. mag., Kandy, May, 1915; priv. sec. to gov. and extra asst. col. sec., Sept., 1915; asst. censor, Dec., 1916; censor, May, 1918; dist. judge, Negombo,

Apr., 1920; asst. sttlmt. off., Jan., 1922; ag. sttlmt. off., Mar.-Nov., 1926; mayor of Colombo, Oct., 1927.

STALLWOOD, HERBERT ATHILL, L.R.I.R.A., M.R.San.Inst., F. Inst. of Arbitrators.—B. 1873; ch. draftsman, S. Sttlmts., 12th Sept., 1906; architectural asst., 13th May, 1913; ag. asst. engr., 11th Aug., 1916; hon. sec., priority of indents comtee., 1st Jan., 1918; ag. exec. engr., 11th June, 1919; govt. architect, 22nd Mar., 1920.

STANFORD, COL. THE HON. SIR WALTER ERNEST MORTIMER, K.B.E. (1919), C.B. (1901), C.M.G. (1892), O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1850; mag.'s clk., Cape Col., 1863; mag., 1876; capt. of levies in Goleka war, 1877-8 (medal and clasp); mem. native laws and customs comsn., 1880-2; comdnt. in war of 1880-1 (med. and clasp); on special service to Pondoland, 1884; ch. mag. Griqualand E., 1885; negotiated treaty with Pondos, 1886; sec. nat. affairs dept., 1898; comd. forces in E. Griqualand, Boer War, 1899-1902 (desps., 2 meda. and 2 clasps); ditto and ch. mag., July, 1904; mem. of S. African native affairs comsn., Sept., 1903, to Jan. 1905; holds rank of colonel in Cape colonial forces; ret., May, 1907; M.L.A. for Tembuland, 1908; mem. of S. African National Convention in connection with South Africa Bill, 1909; mem. of senate, Union of S. Africa; dir., war recruiting, Union of S. Africa and comsnr. for returned soldiers, 1918-19.

STANLEY, HON. SIR ARTHUR LYLPH, K.C.M.G. (1914).—B. 1875; ed. Oxford Univ. (B.A.); called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1902; M.P. for Eddisbury div. of Cheshire, 1906-10; gov. of Victoria, 1914-20.

STANLEY, SIR HERBERT JAMES, K.C.M.G. (1924), C.M.G. (1913).—B. 1872; ed. at Eton and Balliol Coll., Oxford (M.A.); priv. sec. to H.M. min. resident at Dresden and Coburg, and British vice-consul at Dresden, 1897-1902; asst. priv. sec. to 1st Lord of the Admiralty, 1906-1908; priv. sec. to Lord Pres. of the Coun., 1908-1910; priv. sec. to Viscount Gladstone, gov. gen. of Union of S. Africa, 1910; sec. to gov.-gen., 1913; resident comsnr., Southern and Northern Rhodesia, 1st Apr., 1915; Imperial sec. and acctnt. to high comsnr. for S. Africa, 1918; first gov. and comdr. in-chief, N. Rhodesia, 1st Apr., 1924; gov. of Ceylon, July, 1927.

STANLEY, W. B., C.M.G. (1923), M.B.E. (1918), Barrister-at-Law, Gray's Inn, 1921.—Served with 1st Border regt. occupation of Crete, 1898; S. Africa, 1899-1900 (medal and 4 clasps); 2nd lieut., W. India regt., 1900; lieut., 1901; ag. adjut., 3rd W. India regt., Gambia expedn., 1901, (medal and clasp); ag. trav. comsnr., Gambia May and June, 1901; trav. comsnr., Gambia, Aug., 1901; A.D.C. and priv. sec. to ag. gov., Gambia, Aug. to Oct., 1901; capt., 1902; passed course of survey, schol. of mil. engineering, Chatham, 1905; resig. comsn., 1906; capt., 3rd Yorks regt., 1906; qualified in native language; dist. comsnr., S. Leone, 1910; prov. comsnr., May, 1920; ag. col. sec., S. Leone, Nov., 1918 to May, 1919, Oct., 1919 to Jan., 1920 and from 19th May, 1922 to 10th Oct., 1923; gov.'s dep. on several occasions.

STANTON, AMBROSE THOMAS, M.D. (Toronto), F.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Lond.), D.T.M. and H. (Cambridge).—B. 1875; senr. house surg., regis. and demonstr., Lond. Schl. of Trop. Med., 1905-07; bacteriologist, Inst. for Med. Research, F.M.S., 1906; on sp. duty in Siam, Indo-China and Netherlands E. Indies, 1915-16; dir., govt.

labs., F.M.S., 1920; ch. med. adviser to S. of S., 1926; Craggs' research prize, L.S.T.M., 1911; Bisset Hawkins med., Royal Coll. of Physicians, London, 1926; author of "Etiology of Beriberi," "Malayan Culioidae," "Melioidosis," etc.

STAPLES, JAMES WEBSTER.—B. 1902; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., G.P.O., Oct., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; transf'd. to C.O., Mar., 1923.

STAPLEY, FRANK R.—B. 1895; mily. serv., Sept., 1914 to Dec., 1919; temp. clk., C.O., Apr., 1920; apptd. cler. offr., 4th July, 1922.

STARK, WALTER JOHN KIRKPATRICK.—B. 1887; ed. at Robert Gordon's Coll., Aberdeen, and at Aberdeen Univ. (M.A.), 1908; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1910; ag. asst. dist. offr., Klang, Mar., 1911; ditto, Ulu Langat, May, 1911; ditto, Klang, May, 1912; passed cadet, Aug., 1912; ag. 2nd asst. supt. of imigrts., Penang, Sept., 1912; ag. asst. contr., lab., Dec., 1912; ag. dist. offr., Jelebu, Mar., 1913; offr., cla. V, Dec., 1913; asst. contr., lab., Seremban, Apr., 1914; ag. mag., Seremban, in addn., Feb. to Mar., 1915; asst. contr., lab., Klang, Sept., 1915; ag. asst. dist. offr., Klang, in addn., Dec., 1915 to Jan., 1916; ag. dep. contr., lab., Sept., 1917 and June, 1918; dep. contr., lab., Klang (offr., cla. IV.), 1st Jan., 1919; emigrn. agt., S.S. and F.M.S., Cocoonada, Sept., 1920; ag. emigrn. agt., S.S. and F.M.S., Madras, 9th to 24th Oct., 1920; supt., emigrn. depôt, Negapatam, 31st Mar., 1922; mag., Ipoh, 28th July, 1922; offr., cla. III., Nov., 1922; 1st mag., Kuala Lumpur, Mar., 1924; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Dec., 1926; ditto, Klang, Oct., 1927.

STARNE, CORTELANDT.—B. 1864; served in N.W. rebellion, 1885, as ag. adjutant, 65th Montreal; Insp., R.N.W.M. Pol., 1st Mar., 1886; adjutant, 1891-97; supt., 1909; asst. comsnr., 1st Dec., 1919; comsnr., 1923.

STATEN, OSCAR WILLIAM.—Asst. res. mag., Heidelberg, Transvaal, 1902; ag. res. mag. and res. mag., Barberton, 1902-11; res. mag., Heidelberg, 1911-16; insp. mag., 1916-21; ch. pub. serv. insp., 1921; sec., pub. wks., Jan., 1925.

STATHAM, HON. SIR CHARLES ERNEST, KT. BACH. (1926).—Mem., N.Z. parlt. since 1915; speaker since 1923.

STEAD, KINGSLEY WILLANS.—B. 1883; ed. at King Edward's, Birmingham; apptd., after open compet. exam., asst. in impl. cust., Cardiff, Mar., 1903; Harwich, Oct., 1906; asst. collr. of cust., Larnaca, Cyprus, dep. harbmr. and tide surveyor, Apr., 1908; collr. of cust. and excise, Apr., 1910; passed prelim. exam. in modern Greek, June, 1910; regis. of trade marks, June, 1911; passed lower standard exam. in modern Greek, June, 1912; asst. cable censor, Aug., 1914-Apr., 1919; cable censor, May-July, 1919; pub. cust. of enemy property, 1st Jan., 1919 to 31st Mar., 1920; refugee comsnr., Larnaca, May, 1919 to Apr., 1920; regis. of patents, Aug., 1920; ch. collr. of cust. and excise, 1st Oct., 1921; insp. of fisheries, 1921; Médaille de la Reconnaissance Française, 3rd cla., 1922; ag. comsnr., Larnaca for various periods in 1922, 1923 and 1924; regis. of companies, July, 1922; ch. supt., Port of Larnaca, June, 1922; regis. of companies, July, 1922; regis. of Cyprus ships, Jan., 1923; regis. of Br. ships, Jan., 1923; dir., cust. and trade, Palestine, 7th July, 1924; ag. regis.-gen., 16th Aug. to 19th Dec., 1924.

STEAD, ROBERT J. C.—B. 1880; asst. gen. publicity agt., colonization dept., C.P.R., 1913;

gen. publicity agt., colonization dept., C.P.R., 1917; dir. publicity, dept. of immigr. and colonization, Ottawa, 1919; has written several books.

STEDMAN, HUGH JOHN HARRY, M.I.C.E.—Ed. at Weymouth Coll. and trained at Royal Naval Depot, Portland; asst. engr., P.W.D., E. Africa Prot., 1906; ag. exec. engr., Kisumu, Mombasa, 1907; in charge, Thika rly. survey and constr., 1910-11; ag. exec. engr., Nairobi and Naivasha, 1912-16; seconded to 3rd batt., K.A.R., 1915 ("1914-15" Star, Br. War and Victory meda.); exec. engr., P.W.D., 1917; D.P.W., Zanzibar, 1925.

STEED, L. F.—B. 1897; on mil. serv., Sept., 1914 to Mar., 1919; temp. clk., O.S.O., Feb., 1920, apptd. after compet. exam., cler., off., O.S.O., July, 1922.

STEELE, HENRY WILLIAM.—B. 1875; ed. Grenada Gram. Schl. and Dulwich Coll.; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 26th Apr., 1899; admitted Grenada bar, 7th July, 1899; mag., dist. F., Dominica, 15th Jan., 1916; ag. mag. and reglar. - gen., dist. E., Dominica, for various periods, 1917-20; ag. crown atty. and mem. of exec. and legis. coun., St. Christopher and Nevis, Oct. to Dec., 1918; ag. crown atty. and mem. of the exec. and legis. coun., Dominica, Feb.-Mar., 1917, and July-Oct., 1920.

STEEL-MAITLAND, SIR A. H. D. R., BART. (creat. 1917).—B. 1876; ed. Rugby (scholar and exhibitor); Balliol Coll., Oxford (classical scholar); Eldon scholar, 1899; 1st cls. class. mods., 1897; 1st cls. class. schls., 1899; 1st cls. final law schls., 1900; sec., junr. treas. and pres., Oxford Univ. Socy.; special comenr. to royal comen. on Poor Laws, 1906-7; M.P. (C.) East Birmingham, since 1910; chrmn. of Unionist party organisation, 1911; parly. under-sec. of state for the colonies, 31st May, 1915; ditto, 11th Dec., 1916; additional under-sec., F.O., and additional parly.-sec., B. of T., in charge of the work of the dept. of overseas trade, 1917-1919; min. of lab., 7th Nov., 1924.

STEPHENS, MAJOR FRANCIS TRANT, O.B.E. (1919), M.C., King's Police Med.—Served in S. African war, 1900-02; joined B.S.A. pol., Rhodesia, 1903; comsmd., 1907; served with Rhodesian column in S.W. Africa and E. Africa, 1914-16; seconded to 1st K.A.R. for service in E. Africa, 1916-20; 4 times ment. in desps.; ch. comenr. pol. and ch. inspr. of prisons, Nyasaland Prot., July, 1920.

STEPHENS, JOHN EDWARD ROBERT.—B. 1869; ed. St. Olave's Schl., York and Royal Univ. of Ireland; called to the bar, Middle Temp., 1894; mag., H.B.M. ct., Zanzibar, 4th Jan., 1912, and mag. of the ct. of H.H. the Sultan of Zanzibar, 2nd Feb., 1912; ag. asst. judge, 30th Aug., 1915 to 20th Apr., 1916 and from 26th Feb. to 5th Aug., 1918; 3rd puisne judge, Kenya, Feb., 1925; editor-in-ch. of "The Manual of Naval Law and Court-martial procedure" (4th edn.); asst. editor of 11th edn. of "Addison on Contracts"; author of works on "Demurrage," "Freight," "Charter parties," etc.; contributor to the Encyclopedia of the Laws of England, Journal of Comparative Legislation, etc.

STEPHENSON, SIR ALBERT EDWARD, K.C.M.G. (1921); C.M.G. (1914).—B. 1864; clk. E. and A. dept., Feb., 1884; local auditor, Lagos, Aug., 1888, also ag. local auditor, G. Coast, Dec., 1888, to Aug., 1889; returned to E. and A. dept., and apptd. to col. audit branch, Jan., 1891; clk. in charge of accts.,

May, 1893; asst. supt., Aug., 1897; apptd. sen. clk. on amalgamation of col. audit branch with E. and A. dept., 1st July, 1906; dir. of col. audit, C.O., 1910; mem. of financial investigation comtee., Malta, 1912; major (ret.), 4th V.B. East Surrey Regt.; V.D. (1910).

STEPHENSON, LIEUT.-COL. ARTHUR, C.M.G., (1918), D.S.O. (1917), M.C. (1916).—B. 1881; served S.A. War (Queen's med., 3 clasps); S. Rhodesia civ. serv., 1902-04; N.R. civ. serv., 1904-12; served in Great War, 1915-19; (desps.); lieut.-col., Reg. Army R. of O. (R. Scots), 1919; commdt., N.E. Volunteer Forces, Aug., 1919; ch. intell. off., N.E., June, 1920; ag. commdt., N.R.P., Oct., 1924; commdt., April, 1925; J.P.

STEPHENSON, JOHN EVERARD.—B. 1893; ed. at Winchester Coll. and Oxford; passed intermediate exam. in Laws, London Univ., 1911; scholar, New Coll., Oxford, 1912; 1st cls., class. mods., 1914; called to the bar, 1923; on military service, 28th Aug., 1914, to 28th Feb., 1919; B.A. (war), 1919; temp. 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 12th Sept., 1919; apptd. under re-construction scheme, 2nd cls. clk., C.O., 12th Jan., 1920; asst. prin., 1st Apr., 1920; asst. priv. sec. to S. of S., 18th June, 1920; ag. prin., 1st Mar., 1923.

STEVENS, GEORGE ALEXANDER, B.A.—B. 1901; ed. Baneroff's Schl., Woodford, Essex and Queen's Coll., Oxford; foundation schol. in mod. hist., 1919; 2nd cls. hona., mod. hist.; B.A., 1923; asst. mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

STEVENS, WILLIAM JOHN COTTON.—B. 1879; ed. Grey Inst., Port Elizabeth, St. Andrew's Coll., Grahamstown, and Univ. of Cape of Good Hope; survr., grade I, F.M.S., June, 1909; ag. asst. supt., rev. surveys, F.M.S., Aug., 1917; ag. asst. supt., surveys, Kedah, Aug., 1918; asst. supt., rev. surveys, F.M.S., 1919; ag. supt., surveys, Kedah, Aug., 1920 and Feb., 1923; supt., rev. surveys, F.M.S. and S.S., July, 1925; supt., surveys, Kedah, Mar., 1926.

STEVENS, WILLIAM OSWALD.—B. 1891; B.A., Oxon; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1914; attached to Jaffna Kachcheri, Dec., 1914; addtl. pol. mag., Jaffna, in addition to his own duties, May, 1915; attached to Batticaloa Kachcheri, Oct., 1915; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., S., Prov., Nov., 1916; pol. mag., Matala, Aug., 1918; ditto, Avisawella, Jan., 1923; ditto, Kandy, Mar., 1923; ditto, Colombo, Feb., 1925; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Sept., 1927.

STEVENSON, CECIL YOUNG, M.I.C.E., A.M.I.Mech.E., F.B.Met.Soc.—B. 1886; ed. Queen's Coll., Belfast; lieut., R.E., 1910; asst. engr., P.W.D., E. Africa, Jan., 1913; served with B.E.F., France, Aug., 1914 to Sept., 1916; Indian Ex. Force and Aden Field Force, 1917-19; "Mons Star," ment. in desps.; exec. engr., German E. Africa, July, 1919; ag. dep. D.P.W. from Oct., 1923.

STEVENSON, DUNCAN.—B. 1899; ed. Lincoln Schl., Edin. Univ., B.Sc. (Forestry), 1923; 2nd lieut., R.E., 1918; lieut., R.E., 1919; France, 1918-19; asst. conservator, forests, Br. Honduras, Jan., 1924; dep. conservator, forests, Apr., 1926; ag. conservator, forests, Apr. to Oct., 1927.

STEVENSON, NEIL STUART.—B. 1902; ed. Lincoln Schl. and Edin. Univ., B.Sc. (Forestry), 1924; asst. conservator, forests, Br. Honduras, Nov., 1924.

STEWART, THOMAS ALFRED FRANK.—B. 1880; ed. privately; served in S. African war with Army Ser. Corps.; ch. clk. in staff office for payment of mil. receipts, O.R.C., 1902-1903;

registr. of war claims, Kronstad and Heilbron districts, O.R.C., 1903-1904; clk., Swaziland admnstrn., July, 1905; principal clk., Apl., 1910; also registr. and master of the special ct. of Swaziland and sheriff of Swaziland, Apl., 1907; passed Cape Univ. civ. ser. lower law exam., 1906; ag. asst. comsnnr., Peak dist., 1916-18; asst. comsnnr., Uboombo dist., 1919.

STEWART, AUGUSTUS GEORGE, M.D., F.R.C.S. (Edin.).—Med. supt., Durban hosp., 1922; dir., govt. cottage hosps., Natal, 1922.

STEWART, CHARLES A.—Elec. to Alberta legis., 1909-21; min. of munic. affrs., 1913; min. of pub. wks., 1913; premier of Alberta and min. of rlys. and telephones, 1917; ag. min. of immigrn. and colonization, 1921-23; min. of int. and mines and supt.-gen. of Indian affrs. in Dominion govt., 1921 and 1926.

STEWART, DOUGLAS ROY.—B. 1886; ed. Gordon's coll., Aberdeen; clk., native dept., Fiji, Apl., 1905; cadet, July, 1906; passed cadet, Dec., 1909; stip. mag. of colony and ag. stip. mag., Nadroga and Colo West, and govr.'s comsnnr., Colo West, May, 1910; ag. asst. col. sec. on several occasions, 1910-1916; ag. clk. to exec. and legis. couns., Aug., 1911 and July, 1913; priv. sec. to adminstr., June, 1912; 2nd asst. col. sec., Jan., 1912; mem., bd. of examnrs., Fijian language, Dec., 1913; asst. native comsnnr. and govr.'s comsnnr., Rewa Prov., May, 1914; asst. sec. for native affairs, Jan., 1916; lieut., Fiji defence force, 21st July, 1917; hon. A.D.C. to ag. gov., June, 1918; ag. dist. comsnnr., Rewa and prov. comsnnr., Rewa and Naitasari, 1918; asst. col. sec., 1917; ag. sec. for native affairs, mem. of leg. coun., bd. of health, etc., 1920; prin. asst. col. sec. and editor, native newspaper "Na Mata," May, 1921; ag. col. sec. and mem., exec. and legis. couns., May, 1920 and Apr., 1921; ag. agt. gen. immigrn. and editor "Rajdnt" in 1922 and 1923; ag. col. sec., etc., 2nd Sept., 1922 and 18th Jan., 1924 to Apr., 1926; gov.'s dep., June and Sept., 1924, Jan., May and Aug., 1925; dep. comsnnr., W. Pacific H.C. and ag. asst. high comsnnr. and gov.'s dep., Sept.-Oct., 1925; gov.'s dep., Jan., 1926; col. sec., Barbados, Aug., 1926; mem., exec. and leg. couns. and exec. comtee. also ch., bd. of dirs., sugar industry agrl. bank; ag. gov., Apr.-July, 1927.

STEWART, CAPT. JOHN LIVINGSTONE, M.C., B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1894; enlisted Scottish Horse, 1914; 2nd lieut., Argyll and Sutherland Highlrs.; served with B.E.F., France, wounded, M.C., Br. War and Victory medals; ment. in desps.; vety. offr., Gold Coast, 27th Dec., 1923.

STEWART, NEIL, M.M.—B. 1893; Royal Highlanders (Black Watch), 1915-19 (M.M.); asst. supt., pol., Kenya, Sept., 1919; supt., 1927.

STEWART, HON. PERCY GERALD.—B. 1885; el. mem., H. of R., Commonwealth of Australia for Wimmera, Dec., 1919; min. of pub. works and rlys., C. of A., 1923-24.

STEWART, MAJ.-GEN. SIR ROBERT MACGREGOR, K.C.B. (1902).—B. 1842; served in Hazara campaign, 1868; Afghan war, 1878-9; Soudan, 1885; A.D.C. to Queen Victoria, 1887-97; late commdr., R.A., southn. dist., Portsmouth; gov. of Bermuda, 1904-07.

STEWART, ROBT. PETER.—Exhbtmr., Queen's Coll., B. Guiana; ed. at St. John's Coll., Camb.; ag. asst. mast., Queen's Coll., B. Guiana, 1892-93 and 1893-94; clk., immigrn. dept., 1894; seconded to govt. secretariat, 1897-98, and 1900-02; passed govt. exam. in Hindustani, July, 1903; immigrn. agt., Dec., 1906; ag. sen. immigrtn. agt., 1908,

1909, and 1913; senr. immigrtn. agt., Feb., 1914; mem. bd. of examnrs. in Hindi, etc., 1914; a rep. of Br. Guiana at educn. confce., Trinidad, 1921; ohmn., poor law comsnnr., 1920-22; dir., widows and orphans pension fund; mem., bd. of educn., colonization and development bd., lab. exchange bureau and various comtees.; ag. comsnnr., educn., Sept., 1926 to June, 1927; ag. immigrtn. agt.-gen. on various occasions, 1916-26; mem., exec. coun. in 1924, 1925 and 1926.

STEWART, ROBERT STROTHER, M.A., B.C.L., B.Litt., Durham Univ., Gladstone prizeman.—Admitted solr., sup. ct., 1905; 2nd lieut. the Tynemouth R.G.A. (T.F.), 1913; A.D.C. to gen. offr. commdg. Tyne garrison, 1914-15; intelligence offr., Tyne garrison, 1915-17; ment. for valuable services; asst. competent mily. authority, Tyne garrison, 1917-19; called to bar, Inner Temple, 1919; major, R.A., T.F., R. of O., 1919-27; M.P. for Stockton-on-Tees, 1923-24; mag., county of Victoria, Trinidad, Apr., 1927.

STEWART, HON. WILLIAM DOWNIE, LL.B.—B. 1878; ed. Otago High Schl. and Otago Univ., N.Z.; ent. N.Z. parlt., 1914; served in France with N.Z. Rifle Brigade; min. of internal affrs., 1921 to 1923; min. of cust., 1921; min. of industries and commerce, 1923-26; atty.-gen., Jan.-May, 1926; min. of finance and min., stamp duties, 1926.

STEYN, J. R.—B. 1876; prin. C.N.O. schl., Lastron, O.F.S., 1904-5; vice-prin., 1905-20; prin., 1920-22; inspr. of schls., O.F.S., 1st Apr., 1922.

STIEBEL, HERBERT CECIL, O.B.E. (1922).—B. 1876; Boer War, 1899-1902 (King's and Queen's meda.); Transvaal civ. serv., as sub-native comsnnr., 1902; prot. of natives, 1907-16; E. Africa campaign, 1916; polit. dept., Tanganyika Territory, Oct., 1916; dist. polit. offr., 1917; 1st grade administrative offr., 1st Apr., 1920.

STIGAND, ALMAR GORDON.—Ed. Rugby; 2nd clk. to res. comsnnr. for Bech. Prot. at Mafeking, 1898; 1st clk. and regist. to res. comsnnr., 1899; served in town guard during siege of Mafeking, Oct., 1899 to May, 1900; clk. of ct. and clk. to asst. comsnnr., Gaberones, 1902; J.P., Bech. Prot., 1903; ag. asst. comsnnr., Jan. to Feb., 1904; 4th Dec., 1905 to 28th Feb., 1906, and 11th May, 1906 to 29th Aug., 1906; asst. res. mag. for Southern dist., Bechuanaland Prot., 15th Jan., 1907; passed Cape civ. ser. lower law exam., 1909; res. mag., N'gamiland, 1910; hon. inspr., Bech. Prot. pol., 1914; awarded "1914-15" star for services as mily. intell. offr., German S.W. Africa Campaign; lieut. R.W. Kent Regt., 1916; served B.E.F., France; attd., intell. I.E.F., Italy, Oct., 1917; ment. in desps.; temp. capt., Jan., 1919; mil. control offr., Italy, to Nov., 1919; capt., R.W. Kent Regt. R. of O., Mar., 1923; awarded Murchison grant by R.G.S., May, 1923 for surveys and map of N'gamiland; res. mag., Kweneng dist., Jan., 1924.

STIRLING, SIR JOHN LANCELOT, K.C.M.G. (1909); Kt. BACH. (1902), O.B.E. (1918), B.A., LL.B.—B. 1849; mem. legis. coun., S. Aust., 1891; chief sec., 1899; pres., legis. coun., since 1901.

STIRLING, JOHN WIGHTMAN.—B. 1886; med. offr., Basutoland, 1912.

STOCKDALE, FRANK ARTHUR, C.B.E. (1925). M.A. (Cantab.), F.L.S.—B. 1883; ed. Wisbech and Magdalene Coll. Camb.; Holmes exhibnr., Mag. Coll., Camb., 1901; B.A. (1st cls. Nat. Sc. Trip.) 1904; M.A. 1911; mycologist and lecturer in agric. science, Impl. dept. of agric. for the West Indies, May, 1905; on sp. serv. to Trinidad in

connection with diseases of coconuts, 1906; scient. sec. to W.I. agr. confces., 1907 and 1908; asst. dir., dept. of science and agric. and govt. botanist, B. Guiana, Aug., 1908; dep. chmn., bd. of agric., B. Guiana, 1909; mem., agric. sch. coman., 1909; mem., banana coman., 1910; on sp. serv. to Dutch Guiana in connection with banana industry, 1910; sec., tobacco comtee., 1911; comsnr. for Br. Guiana at Int. rubber exhibn., London, 1911; dir., agric., Mauritius, 1912; vice-president, bd. of agric., 1913; mem., coun. of govt., 1913; regisr., co-operative credit societies, July, 1913; mem., bd. of dirs., Mauritius Inst., 1914; mem. of irrigation comtee., 1914; visited Rodrigues, 1914; dir., agr., regisr., co-op. societies and vice-pres., agr. soc., Ceylon, 1916; chmn., exec. comtee., Ceylon rubber research scheme, 1916; del. to Imp. entomological confce., London, 1920; mem., coun., Ceylon Univ. Coll., 1921; M.L.C., 1921; del. to Imp. botanical confce., London, 1924; mem., bd. of management, tea research inst., 1925; visited tea dists., N. India with Ceylon delegation, 1925; editor, "Tropical Agriculturist" and author of several repts., etc., on trop. agr.

STOCKS, ARTHUR HUDSON.—B. 1889; ed. Heath Gram. Schl., Halifax and Oriel Coll., Oxford; B.A. (Oxon); war service, E. Africa, 1917-18; passed progress exam. in Mende; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 29th Apr., 1914; priv. secy. to ag. gov., 1916-17; dist. comsnr., 21st Aug., 1922.

STONE, ARNOLD ALFRED PRICE DUNBAR, F.S.I., A.M.I.C.E., M.I.M. & Cy. R., A.M.I. Mech.E.—B. 1877; eng. draughtsman, Sierra Leone, 1912; ag. asst. dir., pub. wks., Nov., 1916 to June, 1919; ag. col. eng., Gambia, Jan., 1920; dist. eng., Dec., 1920; ag. D.P.W., May to Oct., 1922 and May to Oct., 1924; asst. D.P.W., 1923; D.P.W., Cyprus, 1925; mem., leg. coun., 1925; ag. gen. man., rly. in July, 1927.

STONE, ROBERT GEORGE.—Asst. paymaster, 1st King's African rifles, E. Africa Prot., 1st June, 1906; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Apr., 1911; dist. comsnr., Apr., 1914.

STONE, THOMAS.—B. 1876; sub-dist. commandant, S. African constab., 1901-8; King's S. African medal with five clasps; King's police medal, 1909; asst. comsnr. of police, N. Nigeria, 1st Oct., 1908; inspr., prisons, S. Provs., 18th Oct., 1922; ag. dir., prisons, 25th May, 1923.

STONEHAVEN, 1st BARON (cr. 1925), RT. HON. SIR JOHN LAWRENCE BAIRD, BART., P.C. (1922), G.C.M.G. (1925), C.M.G. 1904, D.S.O. (1915), J.P., D.L.—B. 1874; ed. Eton and Christ Church, Oxford; ent. diplomatic service, Vienna, 1896; Cairo, 1898; Abyssinia, 1899; pvt. sec. to Sir U. Garstin, under-sec., pub. wks., Egypt, 1900-02; ag. agt. and cons. gen., Abyssinia, 1902; polit. offr., Br. E. Africa and Abyssinia frontier survey, 1902-3; polit. offr., Abyssinian army in Somaliland, 1903-4 (med. and clasp, desps., C.M.G.); 2nd sec., Paris, 1904-6; Buenos Aires, 1906-8; served as intelligence offr., European war, 1914-15 (desps., D.S.O.); M.P., Rugby, 1910-22; Ayr Burghs, 1922-25; parly. mem., Air Bd., 1916-18; parly. under sec., R.A.F., 1918; parly. under sec., H.O., 1919-22; min. of transport, 1922-24; 1st comsnr. of wks., 1924; gov. gen. and commdr. in-ch., Commonwealth of Australia, 10th Aug., 1925.

STORM, WILLIAM THORBURN.—B. 1881; Imp. post office, 1896-97; asst., Cape of Good Hope P.O., June, 1901; survr. staff, N. dist., Dec., 1901; engr. in ch.'s staff, Nov., 1902; postmr., Feb., 1904;

postmr., N.W. Rhodesia, 1909-10; prov. postmr., S. Nigeria, Aug., 1912; survr., Nigeria, Jan., 1914; divnl. survr., 1916; senr. survr., Jan., 1920; ag. dep., P.M.G., various occasions between Jan., 1918 and July 1920; P.M.G., Tanganyika Territory, 8th Oct., 1920; mem., legis. coun., July, 1926.

STORRS-FOX, D., LL.D.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, May, 1920.

STORRS, SIR RONALD, KT. BACH. (1924), C.M.G. (1916), C.B.E. (Mil.) (1919).—B. 1881; ed. Temple Grove, Charterhouse and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; classical scholarship, Charterhouse and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; 1st cls. class, tripos, 1903; ent. min. of finance, Egypt, 1904; occupied posts in secretariat, finance, dept. of mines (sec.), cust. admstr. and audit dept., Egypt, 1909; served with Sir E. Gorst, Lord Kitchener, Sir H. MacMahon and Sir R. Wingate; asst. polit. offr. to Anglo-French polit. mission, E.E.F., 1917; liaison offr. for the mission in Baghdad and Mesopotamia (desps.); secretariat of war cabinet, autumn, 1917; mem., Comité, Conservation des Monuments Arabes, Cairo, also comtee., Palestine exploration fund; mily. gov. of Jerusalem, 1917-20; civ. gov., Jerusalem, Jaffa, Judea and Southern Palestine; founder, Pro-Jerusalem Socy., Jerusalem schl. of music, Jerusalem chamber of commerce; chmn., Palestine local govt. coman., chmn., Palestine bd. of higher studies, vice-pres., Palestine Oriental Socy.; Knight of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem; comdr. of the Crown of Italy and St. Saviour of Greece; apptd. gov. and comdr. in-ch., Cyprus, 16th Sept., 1926; assumed duty, 30th Nov., 1926.

STOUT, THE RT. HON. SIR ROBERT, P.C. (1921), K.C.M.G. (1886).—B. 1844; admitted a barrister of sup. ct., N. Zealand; entered the prov. coun. of Otago, N.Z., 1872; prov. solr., 1873; elected to the gen. assem., 1875; atty.-gen., Mar., 1878, to June, 1879; min. of lands, etc., for imigr., 1878; pres. of Dunedin FreeThought Soc.; prime min. and atty.-gen., and min. for educn., 1884-87; fellow and ex-chancellor of N. Z. Univ.; chief justice of N.Z., 1899-1926; mem. of coun. of Victoria Coll.; M.L.C., 1926.

STOUT, CYRIL EUSTACE.—B. 1882; clk., dept. of agr., Barbados, Nov., 1898; after various promotions, apptd. 1st grade clk., and ch. clk., C.S.O., and clk., leg. coun., 9th Feb., 1925; ag. col. sec., 14th July to 24th Aug., 1926 and 20th Apr. to 14th July, 1927.

STRACHAN, JOHN, M.I.C.E., M.I.St.E.—B. 1877; ed. at Bath; ch. engr., lake development scheme, Colombo, Ceylon, Aug., 1911; miny. of transport, 1919; asst. D.P.W., Ceylon, 1920; asst. D.P.W., F.M.S., Dec., 1920; ag. D.P.W., F.M.S., in 1921 and 1923; D.P.W., F.M.S., chmn., elec. bd. and mem. rly. bd., Apr., 1923; D.P.W., Ceylon and mem., leg. coun., chmn., elec. bd., pub. wks. advisory bd., local govt. bd. and prison bd., pres. engrng. assem., 1923-26; gen. man. and ch. engr., F.M.S. rlys., chmn., rly. bd. and offl. mem., fed. coun., F.M.S., 1927.

STRACHAN, PETER DONALD, M.D.—B. 1872; med. offr., Bechuanaaland Prot., 1921-23; supt., Basutoland leper asylum, 1923.

STRACHEY, SIR CHARLES, K.C.M.G. (1926), C.B. (1920).—B. 1862; apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd cl. jun. clk., F.O., 2nd Apr., 1885; 1st cl. jun. clk., 1st May, 1886; sec. Uganda rly. comtee., 10th Sept., 1895; 1st cl. clk., C.O., 20th Nov., 1898; prin. clk., 1st Jan., 1907; delegate on Anglo-German Boundary Conf. (Yola-Chad), Mar., 1906; ditto, Anglo-French (Niger-Chad), May, 1906; ditto, Anglo-German

(Yola to sea), Oct., 1909; mem., W. African lands comtee., 1912; plenipotentiary at Brussels Internat. Liquor Conf., 1912; travelled in Nigeria, 1914; mem., Br. delegation, Paris Peace Confee., Jan. to Sept., 1919; Br. rep. on internat. comtees. for preparation of conventions on (1) African liquor traffic, (2) arms traffic, (3) revision of Berlin and Brussels Acts, signed at St. Germain, 10th Sept., 1919; asst. sec., 1st Apr., 1920; asst. under sec. of state, 12th Dec., 1924; ret., Sept., 1927.

STRADBROKE, (3rd EARL OF) (cr. 1821). **GEORGE EDWARD JOHN MOWBRAY ROUS**, BARON ROUS (cr. 1796), VISCOUNT DUNWICH (cr. 1821), C.B. (1904), C.V.O., A.D.C., D.L., J.P.—B. 1862; ed. Harrow and Cambridge; col., 1st Norfolk Royal Garrison Arty. Volunteers, 1888-1908; col., 3rd (howitzer) brig., E. Anglian divn., R.F.A., 1908-17; col., 272nd brig., R.F.A., Jan. to Nov., 1917; gov., Victoria, 1920-26.

STRAHAN, KENNETH CYPRIAN.—B. 1880; ed. King's Schl., Canterbury and King's Coll., Cambridge; Ceylon govt. rly., 1908-15; R.A.S.C.M.T., 1915; capt., G.H.Q., Inspection Branch, 1917; ment. in desps.; ch. mech. engr., Tanganyika rly., 1920.

STRAKER, MAJOR G. H., M.C., B.A. (Oxon).—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, Oct., 1921.

STRATFORD, JAMES.—B. 1869; ed. St. Aidan's Coll., Grahamstown, Cape Colony and Exeter Coll., Oxford; M.A., B.C.L., Oxon; mem., Inner Temple; called to the bar, England, 1898; Transvaal, 1902; practised, Johannesburg; K.C., 1912; judge, sup. ct., Transvaal prov. divn., 1st Mar., 1921; judge of appeal, 1927.

STRATHAIRN, DONALD BIRTH.—B. 1884; ed. Edinburgh Univ.; passed law agent's exam.; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 1912; dist. comsnr., 1918; senr. asst. col. sec., 1921; clk. of couns., 1922; ag. ch. asst. col. sec., for various periods, 1922-25; ag. sec. for native affrs., 1924.

STRATHAIRN, GEORGE CECIL, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.). D.P.H., certif. from London S.T.M.—Med. off., Orange River Colony Burgher Camps, 1901-03; med. off., E. Africa and Uganda Prots., 1903; senr. med. off., Uganda, 1914; war serv. with rank of major, 1914-18; ch. med. off., Fiji, 1920; mem., leg. couns., Fiji, 1920-22; senr. asst. med. off., Jamaica, 1922.

STREET, SIR PHILIP WHISTLER, K.C.M.G. (1928).—B. 1863; puisane judge, N.S. Wales; judge in bankruptcy and probate jurisdictions, Feb., 1907; ch. just., 1925.

STRICKLAND, 1st BARON (cr. 1928), **SIR GERALD STRICKLAND, COUNT DELLA CATENA**, G.C.M.G. (1913), K.C.M.G. (1897), C.M.G. (1889).—B. 1861; ed. Oscott Coll., Birmingham; lieut. C.U.R.V., and elected mem. coun. of govt., Malta, 1886; B.A. and LL.B., Trin. Coll., Camb., honours law tripos; attended col. conf., 1887, on behalf of Malta; called to the bar, Inn Temp., and pres. cholera comsn., Malta, 1887; thanked by govt. for obtaining from Leo XIII. recognition of Imp. veto of appts. to See of Malta; unofficial. mem., ex. coun., and ag. asst. sec. to govt., 1888; vice-pres., bd. of health, pres., comtee. of privileges, ch. sec. to govt., and major, Royal Malta militia, which he established, 1889; re-organized Malta rly., 1891; planned breakwater, 1894; pres., coun. of Malta univ., 1900; chmn., mil. and civ. drainage bd.; mem. comtee. on Malta naval reserves; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Leeward Is., 1902; estab. central factories for sugar and cotton in Antigua, 1903; gov., Tasmania, 23rd July, 1904; read scientific papers

as pres. of Royal Society, 1904; gov., W. Australia, 6th Apr., 1909; mem. of W. Aust. Inst. of engnrs.; gov., New South Wales, 25th Nov., 1912; assumed govt., 14th Mar., 1913; *ex-officio* gov. of Norfolk Is., 1913-14; codified the laws of Norfolk Is., and negotiated the transfer of the dependency to the Commonwealth; hon. col., 86th W. Australia Infantry Regt.; mem. of Inst. of local govt. engnrs., N.S. Wales; held dormant coman. to administer C. of A. in absence of gov.-gen; retired, 1917; prime min. of Malta, 1928.

STRINGER, HON. SIR THOMAS WALTER, K.T. BACH. (1928).—B. 1855; ed. high schll., Christchurch, New Zealand; barrister and solr.; K.C., 1908; judge of the sup. ct., New Zealand, 1914.

STRONG, ARTHUR NESBITT.—B. 1890; M.A., Edin.; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 13th Dec., 1913; office asst. to govt. agt., Cent. Prov., Jan., 1914; addtl. pol. mag., Kandy, in addition to his own duties, Jan., 1914; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., Sabaragamuwa, Nov., 1914; addtl. pol. mag., Ratnapura, in addition to his own duties, Dec., 1914; addtl. comsnr. of requests, Ratnapura, in addition to his own duties, May, 1915; on military duty, 1917; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Nov., 1919; landing survr., Colombo cust., Nov., 1920; dep. food contr. in addn., July, 1921; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, Feb., 1924; asst. govt. agt., Matara, Apr., 1925; temp. att'd., C.O., Nov., 1927.

STRONG, ERNEST EDWARD.—B. 1879; stock inspr., Basutoland, 1912; sub.-inspr., Basutoland mounted pol., 1915.

STRONG, THEOPHILUS BENJAMIN, M.A., B.Sc. (N.Z. Univ.).—B. 1871; ed. Waimate Dist. High Schl., Canterbury Coll. and Univ. of Otago; teacher in primary, secondary and tech. schls., N.Z., 1887-1904; inspr., schls., 1904-15; senr. inspr., 1915-19; ch. inspr., primary schls., 1920-26; asst. dir., educn., 1926; dir., educn., 1927.

STRONGE, HERBERT CECIL.—B. 1875; ed. Falmouth Schl., and Trin Coll., Dublin; prizes classics and English literature; B.A.; called to the bar, King's Inn, Dublin, 1900; joined N.E. circuit, 1901; stip. mag., Bahamas, 1911; ag. atty.-gen., 2nd July to 4th Aug., 1914, 3rd Sept. to 3rd Nov., 1914, and from May to Sept., 1915; also acted as chief just. in Jan., 1915; chief just. Tonga, 1917; recd. thanks of Tongan govt. for services in 1918 epidemic; seconded for sp. duty as pres. of comsn., in Fiji, 1921; ch. just., Leeward Is., 1925.

STUART, HON. CHARLES ALLAN, B.A., LL.B. —B. 1864; ed. High schll., Strathroy, Ontario, and Toronto Univ.; called to bar, Ontario, 1896; called to bar, N.W.T., 1898; elect. to first prov. legis., Alberta, 1905; judge, supreme ct., N.W.T., 1906; judge of sup. ct., Alberta, 1907; chan., univ. of Alberta, 1908.

STUART, REV. CYRIL EDGAR, M.A.—B. 1892; ed. Dulwich Coll., Repton and S. John's Coll. and Ridley Hall, Cambridge; B.A., 1914; M.A., 1920; mily. serv., 1914-19, Salonica, 1916-19; deacon, 1920; priest, 1921; curate, St. Mary's, Hemdy Rise, 1920; chaplain and lect., Ridley Hall, Cambridge, 1920-24; chaplain and librarian, Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

STUART, WALTER LESLIE.—3rd associate to judges, sup. ct., and clk. of arraigns, S. Australia, 1898; called to the bar, S. Australia, 1900; 2nd associate and clk. of arraigns, Nov., 1905; judges' assoc., chief clk. of sup. ct., and clk. of arraigns, Feb., 1906; also a solr. to lands titles office, 1911;

master of sup. ct., registrar of probates, registrar in admiralty, registrar of companies, trades unions and industrial and provident societies, and dist. registrar of high ct. of Australia, Jan., 1913, after acting in these offices from 1911.

STUARTSON, COLLARD METHVEN.—Clk., cust., Fiji, Nov., 1912; clk., res. comsnnr.'s dept., Gilbert and Ellice Is. Colony, Nov., 1913; dep. comsnnr., W. Pacific, Oct., 1918; ag. dist. off., Dec., 1918; dist. off., July, 1926.

STUBBS, CAPT. EDWARD CARLETON.—B. 1881; ent. B.N., 1895; lieut. (navigating off.), 1903; commdr., 1916; squadron navigating off., First Battle Squadron, 1920-23; asst., King's harbor, Portsmouth, 1923-25; in command, H.M.S. "Agamemnon," 1925-27; ret. with rank of capt., 9th Mar., 1927; master attendant, Colombo, 12th Apr., 1927.

STUBBS, SIR REGINALD EDWARD, K.C.M.G. (1919), C.M.G. (1914).—B. 1876; ed. at Radley and Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford (exhibitioner); 1st cl. classical mods., 1897; 1st cl. lit. hum., 1899; B.A., 1899; M.A. (1920); apptd., after compet. exam., 2nd cl. clk., C.O., Jan., 1900; ag. 1st cl. clk., May, 1907; 1st cl. clk., Dec., 1910; visited S. Stilts., F.M.S. and Hong Kong to inquire into question of revision of civ. ser. salaries, 1910-11; mem. of West African lands comtee., 1912; col. sec., Ceylon, Jan., 1913; offr. administering the govt., Jan. to Oct., 1913; Dec., 1915 to Apr., 1916, and Mar. to Sept., 1918; gov., Hong-Kong, 16th June, 1919; assumed govt., 30th Sept., 1919; Order of the Rising Sun of Japan, 1st cl., 1921; hon. LL.D., Hong Kong, 1926; hon. fellow, Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford, 1926; capt.-gen. and gov. in ch., Jamaica, 1926; joint editor of C.O. List, 1910-1912; edited "Lucas' Historical Geography of the British Colonies," vol. i., 2nd edition, 1906.

STUCKEY, REGINALD ROBERT.—A.I.A.; pub. actuary, S. Australia, 1914; under treas., 1923.

STUPART, SIR ROBERT FREDERIC, KT. BACH. (1914).—B. 1857; ed., priv. schl.; Upper Can. Coll.; ent. Can. meteorological serv., Nov., 1872; for some years was sen. inspr. and probability offr., Toronto observ.; in charge of ch. station, Hudson's Straits, 1884-85; supt. and dir., meteorological serv. of Dom. and of magnetic observ., 28th Dec., 1894; fellow, Royal Soc., Can., 1901; pres., Royal Astron. Soc., Can., 1902-03; pres., Royal Can. Inst., 1906-07; mem., internat. meteorological comtee., 1907 and 1919; pres., St. George's Soc., Toronto, 1919-20.

STURGESS, GEORGE WILLIAM.—B. 1871; M.R.C.V.S.; govt. vet. surgeon, Ceylon, Mar., 1895.

STURROCK, ALFRED JOHN.—B. 1879; ed. at Geo. Watson's Coll., Edinburgh, and Edinburgh Univ., M.A. 1902 (hons. class.); cadet, F.M.S., 1902; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, May, 1903; passed cadet, Oct., 1904; ag. asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Feb., 1906; ag. dist. offr., Temerloh, Nov., 1907; ag. asst. dist. offr., Gopeng, Mar., 1910; seconded for service in Kelantan, Apr., 1910; judge, high ct., and ag. supt. of cust., May, 1910; dist. offr., Batu Mengkebang, Dec., 1910; ditto, Ulu Kelantan, Jan., 1913; supernmy. mag., Ipoh, Mar., 1915; dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, May, 1915; asst. dist. offr., Batu Gajah, Oct., 1915; supernmy. offr., cl. II., Nov., 1919; dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, July, 1921; chmn., sany. bd., Kinta, July, 1922 and Dec., 1924; ag. Fed. examr. in Malay, Apr., 1922; chmn., rubber restric. comtee., Perak South in addn., Nov., 1922; offg. chmn., sany. bd., Kinta,

Dec., 1924; fedl. examr. in Malay, Nov., 1925; ag. dist. offr., Kinta, Mar., 1927; chmn., sany. bd., Kuala Lumpur, in addn., July, 1927.

STURROCK, GEORGE, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1880; ed. Daniel Stewart's Coll. and Herist Watt Coll., Edin.; asst. engrn., P.W.D., F.M.S., Aug., 1907; ex. engrn., grade III, Jan., 1913; ex. engrn., Kuala Pilah, Jan., 1914; ditto, Jelebu, in addn., 1915; ditto, Klang, Aug., 1920; sen. ex. engrn., P.W.D., F.M.S., Aug., 1923; ag. state engrn., Negri Sembilan, July, 1923.

STURROCK, JOHN CHRISTIAN RAMSAY, C.M.G. (1927), M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1875; ed. Charterhouse and Balliol Coll., Oxford; tutor to H.H. the Kabaka of Buganda, Mar., 1905; dist. comsnnr., Uganda Prot., Aug., 1914; prov. comsnnr., June, 1921; ag. ch. sec., June, 1924; res. comsnnr., Basutoland, 1926.

STUTCHBURY, SAMUEL.—B. 1882; supt. of mails, G.P.O., Singapore, Nov., 1909, and served in different depts. of the P.O.; ag. senr. supt. of mails, Singapore, Feb., 1913; supt. of mails, P.O., Penang, Jan., 1915; senr. supt. of mails, Jui, 1918; ag. supt., money order branch and savings bank, Jan., 1918; supt., grade I., Jan., 1919; ag. acct., G.P.O., May, 1919; supt., money order branch and savings bank, Singapore, but contd. to act as acctnt., Singapore, 1st Jan., 1920; ag. asst. P.M.G., 13th May, 1920; acctnt., G.P.O., but contd. to act as asst. P.M.G., 12th Sept., 1920; ag. P.M.G., 1st Apr., 1921; ag. asst. P.M.G., 25th July, 1921; resumed duties as acctnt., Singapore, 1st Nov., 1921.

SUARES, ALFRED RADIMOND.—B. 1874; 3rd cl. clk., registrar gen.'s dept., Jamaica, 1891; 2nd cl. clk., 1894; supervisor, census, 1911; asst. registrar gen. and asst. dep. keeper, records, 1913; supervisor, census, 1921; registrar gen. and dep. keeper of records, 1922.

SUDBURY, EDWIN RONALD, M.A. (Oxon).—B. 1897; on mily. serv., Jan., 1916; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Aug., 1921; atttd. to Kurunegala Kach., Sept., 1921; atttd., Nuwara Eliya Kach., Nov., 1921; extra office asst. to govt. agt., C. Prov., Jan., 1925; pvte. sec. and A.D.C. to O.A.G., Apr., 1925; ag. archl. comsnnr., Jan., 1926; office asst. to govt. agt., Cent. Prov., Feb., 1927.

SUFFERN, T. H., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (R.U.I.). Cert. of London, S.T.M.—Apptd. to W.A.M.S., S. Nigeria, Jan., 1909; served in Cameroons E.F., Oct., 1914 to Feb., 1915; ment. in desps., May, 1916; tempy. capt. (general list), Oct., 1914 to July, 1915; senr. med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Aug., 1920.

SULLIVAN, CHARLES ERIC EUGENE, B.A. (Oxford).—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Uganda Prot., 7th Dec., 1909; temp. capt., intell. dept., E. African Forces, 1916; ag. 1st. asst. sec., Uganda, Feb., 1918; ag. asst. chief sec., July, 1918; ag. registrar. gen. of births, marriages and deaths, Sep., 1918; dist. comsnnr., Jan., 1919; senr. asst. sec. and clk. to exec. and leg. couns., Apr., 1925; ag. prov. comsnnr., 1926; ag. dep. ch. sec., Aug., 1926.

SULLIVAN-TAILYOUR, EDWARD ROBERT.—B. 1886; supt., pol., Kenya, June, 1923.

SUMMERS, WALTER LLOYD.—B. 1870; entd. crown lands off., S. Aust., July, 1887; clk., agri. off., May, 1892; chief clk., July, 1902; ag. sec. to min. of agri., Feb., 1910; sec. to ditto, July, 1911; also sec. to min. of industry and sec. to min. of marine, 1915.

SUMNER, JAMES A. W.—B. 1903; ent. L.P.S. (Inland Rev.), May, 1919; apptd. after compet. exam. cler. offr., London telephone serv., Apr., 1921; transf'd., C.O., Oct., 1923.

SUMNER, WILSON GEORGE HAROLD.—B. 1887; ed. at Chigwell Schl.; Colonial Fellow of Surveyors' Inst., 1916; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 18th Aug., 1914.

SURRIDGE, BREWSTER JOSEPH.—B. 1894; ed. Felsted Coll., and Downing Coll., Cambridge; B.A.; served, N. Lancs. regt., 1914-17; asst. sec. ch. secs. office, Cyprus, 16th Mar., 1918; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Nov., 1918; ag. ch. asst. sec., Jan. to Apr., 1919; local comdt., police, Apr., 1919; ag. comsnnr., Larnaca, June, 1919; ag. A.D.C., July, 1920; ag. asst. sec., Oct., 1920; passed exam. in Turkish, Aug., 1922; ag. comsnnr., Aug., 1922; ag. asst. sec., Sept., 1922; ag. comsnnr., Dec., 1922 to Oct., 1923; comsnnr., Jan., 1924.

SURVEYER, HON. EDOUARD FABRE.—B. 1875; ed., Ste. Marie Coll., McGill and Laval Univs.; called to bar, 1896; vice-pres., Jun. Bar Assoc., 1902-03; pres., 1903-04; mem. of coun. of Quebec bar, 1904-05; lectr., law, McGill Univ. since 1905; judge, superior ct., Quebec, 1st Jan., 1920; edr. of practice repts., Queb., since 1898; also of pocket eds. of civ. code and code of civ. procedure (the latter in both languages); pres., Can. Club, Montreal, 1909-10; vice-pres., l'Alliance Française, Montreal.

SUTCLIFFE, MAJOR A. W., D.S.O., M.C., B.Sc. (Durham).—Asst. dist. comsnnr., Kenya, May, 1920.

SUTHERLAND, ALEXANDER CHARLES, M.A., M.C.E. (Melbourne Univ.), A.M.I.C.E. (Lond).—B. 1869; asst. mine survr., govt. mining engr.'s office, Transvaal, 1902; mine survr., Transvaal, 1903; mine survr., Union of S. Africa, 1910.

SUTHERLAND, A. R., M.A., Aberdeen University.—Science mast., Glen Urquhart H. G. schl., 1903-5; asst. mast., Campbelltown Gram. schl., 1905-6; asst. mast., Queen's Coll., Hong Kong, 1906; lecturer in biology, Hong Kong Coll. of med., 1909-10; ag. asst. master, pol. schl., 1909 and 1912; headmaster, Victoria British schl., 1913; lieut., R.G.A., on active serv., 1914-19; asst. mast., cls. 1, 1st Jan., 1920; headmaster, Indian Schl., 1920.

SUTHERLAND-GREAME, ALEXANDER WILLIAM, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1882; dep. loco. supt., F.M.S. Rlys., 1915-24; loco. supt., F.M.S. Rlys., 1924.

SWABEY, COMMODORE GEORGE THOMAS CHARLES PARKER, D.S.O. (1916), R.N., H.M.S. "Dunedin".—B. 1881; ed. H.M.S. "Britannia", Dartmouth; flag comdr. to Adml. Sir Lewis Bayly, 1913-14; served ashore with army in Aegean, 1915-16; comdr., H.M.S. "Lord Nelson", 1916-18; opera, divn., admy. naval staff, 1918-19; in comd. "H.M.S. "Revenge" 1919-21; dep. dir., naval ordnance, admy., 1921-23; capt., R.N. coll., Greenwich, 1924-26; commodore comdg. N.Z. divn. and naval adviser to N.Z. govt., 1926; chevalier, Legion of Honour, 1916.

SWAYNE, COL. SIR ERIC JOHN EAGLES, K.C.M.G. (1910), C.B. (mil.) (1904); grand offr. of order of the Crown of Italy (1905).—B. 1863; ed. at naval coll., Gosport, and abroad; R.M.C., Sandhurst, 1882; entd. Welsh regt., 1883; Bengal staff corps, 1884; adjut., 1888; capt., 1894; local lieut.-col., 1900; brevet lieut.-col., 1901; brevet-col., 1903; temp. brig.-gen., 1903-1906; retired from army, 1906; served with Burma expdn., 1885-86 (medal with clasp); intell. offr., Hukong Valley reconnaissance; in command of advanced base exploration, Turong River and Sing Pho country, Nov., 1895, to Moh., 1896 (McGregor medal); exploration to Somali-

land, Feb. to July, 1891 (thanked by resolution of Bombay govt., and appreciation by govt. of India); Gildessa affair on Abyssinian frontier, 1892 (commendation by resolution of Bombay govt.); engaged on delimitation of internat. frontier between French and British Somaliland, 1892; served for five years on intell. staff, India, as staff-capt. and D.A.Q.M.G.; apptd. 2nd-in-command, Uganda Rifles, on active serv. in Jubaland, E. Africa (medal with clasp); on active serv. in Uganda, 1899; selected to command Somaliland police force, 1900; raised and organised levies, and commanded expeditionary force in Somaliland, Nov., 1900; defeated and routed Mullah (ment. in desps., medal with clasp, brevet lt.-col., thanked by govt.); organised 6th Batt. Uganda Rifles, second expdn., 1901; again defeated Mullah (C.B., ment. in desps.); apptd. comsnnr., consul-gen. and comdr.-in-chief, Somaliland Prot., and judge of its high court, Apl., 1902; on special duty in Egypt, 1904; arranged evacuation of Somaliland, and organised control of tribes; British deleg. to conference with Italian deleg. at Lyons in connection with agreement with Italy respecting Somaliland; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, British Honduras, 1906-13; spec. duty to Canada, with reference to Indian labour (thanked by govt. of India) 1908; spec. duty to Mexico, 1909.

SWEET-ESCOTT, SIR E. B., K.C.M.G. (1904), C.M.G. (1895).—B. 1857; ed. Somersetshire Coll., Bath, and at Balliol Coll., Oxon; exhibitor, Worces. Coll., Oxon, June, 1876; 2nd class classical mods., June, 1878; 3rd class in mod. hist. finals, June, 1880; B.A., July, 1880; M.A., 1911; classical prof. at the Roy. Coll., Mauritius, June, 1881; précis writer, col. sec.'s office, Feb., and 2nd asst. col. sec., Apr., 1886; ag. col. sec., 1889; ag. col. sec., Br. Honduras, Mar., 1893; admtd. the govt. of that col., Apr. to Nov., 1893; col. sec., Br. Honduras, 1894; admtd. govt., Apr. to Nov., 1895, again in 1897; ag. 1st class clk., C.O., Jan., 1898; admstr. of the Seychelles Is., Aug., 1899; assumed govt., 20th Nov., 1899; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, Oct. 1903; gov., Br. Honduras, 15th Apr., 1904; gov., Leeward Is., 30th Jan., 1906; recd. coronation medal, 1911; gov., Fiji, and high comsnnr., W. Pacific, 11th March, 1912; assumed govt., 25th July, 1912; ret., 1918; rep. of Fiji at Br. Empire Exhibn., 1924.

SWETTENHAM, SIR FRANK ATHELSTANE, G.C.M.G. (1909), K.C.M.G. (1897), C.H. (1917), C.M.G. (1886).—B. 1850; cadet, S. Sttlmts., July, 1870; passed final exam. in Malay, July, 1872; asst. collr. of land rev. for Penang and Prov. Wellesley, Aug., 1872; collr. of land rev., July, 1873; J.P. and mag. and comsnnr. ct. of requests, Penang, May, 1874; sent on special missions to Perak in Jan., June, and July, 1874; sent to reside with the Sultan of Selangor, Aug., 1874; asst. res., Selangor, Dec., 1874; gazetted to act temporarily as res. of Selangor, 22nd Oct., 1875; took charge of the residency in Perak on the murder of the res., Nov., 1875; dep. comsnnr., Perak, Nov., 1875; mentioned in despatches; asst. col. sec. for native states, Mar., 1876; asst. col. sec., July, 1881; Br. res., Selangor, Sept., 1882; comsnnr. for S. S. and Malay States, Calcutta Exhibn., 1883-84; ag. Br. res., Perak, Mar., 1884, to Jan., 1886; exec. comsnnr. for S. S. and Malay States, Col. and Ind. Exhibn., 1886; Br. res., Perak, 1889; res.-gen., Malay States, Jan., 1896; admtd. govt. S. S., Feb., 1901; gov., 1901; ret. 1904; chmn. of royal comsn. on Mauritius, 1909.

SWETTENHAM, SIR J. ALEXANDER, K.C.M.G. (1898), C.M.G. (1892).—B. 1846; ed. *Clare Coll.*, Camb.; scholarship, May, 1867; writer, Ceylon service, 1868; ag. pol. mag., *Harrisattu*, Feb., 1870; pol. mag., *Kayta*, Sept., 1870, continuing to act at *Harrisattu*; ag. asst. govt. agt., Galle, Dec., 1871; ag. landing and tide survr., Galle, June, 1872; asst. collr. of customs, *Jaffna*, Oct., 1872, to continue to act at Galle; ag. dist. judge, *Matara*, Apr., 1873; 2nd asst. col. sec. and clk. of the legia. coun., 1876; rec.-gen., *Cyprus*, 1883; audr.-gen., *Ceylon*, 1891; col. sec., S. S., 1896; admstd. govt., June to Aug., 1895, from Mar. to Dec., 1898, and from Dec., 1899, to Feb., 1901; gov., *Br. Guiana*, 1901; gov., *Jamaica*, 14th July, 1904; resig., 1907.

SWETTENHAM, LIEUT.-COL. JAMES PARRY, M.S.V.R.—B. 1875; ed. *Shrewsbury* and *Bedford Grammar Schls.*; Boer War, 49th Imperial Yeomanry (Montgomeryshire) 1899-1900 (Queen's med. with 3 bars); asst. engr., *Gold Coast* (*Kumasi*) Rly., 1901; asst. engr., *P.W.D.*, *Selangor*, *F.M.S.*, 1902; exec. engr., grade II, *Pahang*, *F.M.S.*, 1907; 2nd lieut., *M.S.V.R.*, 1911; capt., *M.S.V.R.*, 1912; hon. A.D.C. to gov., S.S. and high comsnnr., *F.M.S.*, 1912-19; exec. engr., grade I, *F.M.S.*, 1914; seconded for milly. serv. in the Great War; asst. to chf. engr., 2nd Army Cent. Force; temp. capt., *R.E.*, 1915; O.C., 201st Field Co., *R.E.*; temp. major, *R.E.*; invalidated from *R.E.*, 1916; "1914-15 Star," War and Victory med., commdt., *M.S.V.R.*; 1919; state engr., *Negri Sembilan*, 1919; asst. dir. of pub. wks., *F.M.S.*, 1923; ag. D.P.W., *F.M.S.*, 1923; ag. gen. man., *ryls.*, *F.M.S.*, Feb., 1925; on sp. duty, pub. wks. dep., *F.M.S.*, Dec., 1925; M.I.C.E., 1927; col., aux. forces officers' decoration and long service medal, 1927; ag. D.P.W., 1927.

SWETTENHAM, ROGER FRANCIS ROSS.—B. 1883; ed. privately, *Bedford* and *Aston Rowant*; sttlmt. offr., *Negri Sembilan*, June, 1906; ag. asst. dist. offr., *Coast*, *Negri Sembilan*, July, 1908; ag. chmn. and sec., san. bd., *Seremban*, *Negri Sembilan*, Apr., 1909; ag. sec., san. bd., *Kuala Lumpur*, *Selangor*, Apr., 1910; supt. chandu monopoly, *Selangor* and *Negri Sembilan*, Nov., 1910; supervisor of cust., *Kuala Lumpur* in addn., Apr., 1911; seconded for milly. serv. (*R.G.A. Cadet Schl.*) Mar., 1918; 2nd lieut., *R.G.A.*, Nov., 1918; supt., chandu monopoly, *F.M.S.*, Jan., 1921; sec., standing advisory comtee. on use of opium in *Malaya*, June, 1924; dep. chmn. and sec., ditto, Nov., 1924; dep. comsnnr., trade and cust. (chandu), *F.M.S.*, May, 1925.

SWIFT, J. ARTHUR, B.Sc., B.E., M.I.S.E.—B. 1878; ed. *Univ. of Tasmania*; asst. engr., *P.W.D.*, *Negri Sembilan*, Apr., 1904; ag. ex. engr., grade II, asst. to D.P.W., *F.M.S.*, June, 1911; ex. engr., grade III, *Selangor*, Apr., 1913; ex. engr., grade II, *F.M.S.*, June, 1914; sen. ex. engr., *P.W.D.*, *F.M.S.*, Sept., 1920; ag. state engr., *Selangor*, Apr., 1923; ag. state engr., *Pahang*, Apr., 1924; ag. state engr., *Negri Sembilan*, Oct., 1926.

SWINBOURNE, MAJOR CHARLES AUGUSTUS, O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1884; clk., audit dept., *N.S.W.* govt. rlys., May, 1900; lieut., *Australian Rifle Regt.*, Sept., 1906; passed with honours in topography and range-finding, *Sydney*, 1908; clk., pay and qrtmr., with rank of sub-inspr., *Fiji constab.*, 6th Oct., 1909; capt., *Commonwealth mil. forces*, 1st Jan., 1910; comdg. offr., *Fiji cadet corps*, 13th Feb., 1911; mem. of bd. of survey, *Suva*, 13th Feb., 1911; supervising offr., *Fiji rifle assoc.*,

16th Apr., 1911; qualified rifle course, *Hythe*, May, 1914; qualified (distinguished) machine gun course, *Hythe*, June, 1914; attached 1st *Loyal North Lancs. Regt.*, Mar.-June, 1914; accompanied *Fiji* 1st contingent to Europe as comdg. offr., 1st Jan., 1915; J.P., *Suva*, 13th Sept., 1915; comdt. of *Fiji Defence Forces* with rank of major, 30th Sept., 1916; A.D.C. to gov., 6th Oct., 1916; mentioned by Army Council for services in connection with defence of *Fiji*; on active service, July, 1917; temp. capt., *Loyal North Lancs. Regt.*, 30th Aug., 1917; regmtl. musketry offr., 3rd Batt., *L.N.L. Regt.*, 25th Jan., 1918.

SWINDELL, REV. FRANK GUTHRIE, M.A. (Oxon).—Chap., *Selangor*, May, 1902; col. chap., *Malacca*, June, 1906; ag. col. chap., *Singapore*, Apr., 1907, to Jan., 1908; ag. col. chap., *Penang*, 20th Dec., 1912; col. chap., *Singapore*, 1st Nov., 1914; reglar., diocese of *Singapore*, 13th Feb., 1915; archdeacon of *Singapore*, 2nd Feb., 1916; commissary, diocese of *Singapore*, 29th Sept., 1918; resigned reglar. diocese, 3rd Feb., 1920; dep. reglar., July, 1921.

SYDENHAM OF COMBE, LORD (1st BARON, 1913, U.K.). SIR GEORGE SYDENHAM CLARE, R.E., G.C.M.G. (1906), G.C.S.I. (1911), G.C.I.E. (1907), K.C.M.G. (1893), C.M.G. (1887).—B. 1848; entered *R.E.*, 1868; capt., 1880; major, 1887; served in *Egypt*, 1882 (medal and star); in *Suakin* expdn., 1885, mentioned in despatches (clasp); sen. col. defence comtee., 1885-92; supt. of carriage factory, *Woolwich*, 1893; gov. *Victoria*, 1901-1904; apptd. as one of a comtee. to advise as to the creation of a Board for the administrative business of the War Office, Nov., 1903; sec. to Imperial Defence comtee., 1904; gov. of *Bombay*, 1907-1913.

SYDNEY, LORD ARCHBISHOP OF, MOST REV. JOHN CHARLES WRIGHT, B.A., M.A., D.D.—Formerly curate of *Kilworth-Beauchamp*, 1885-1888; *Bradford*, 1888-1893; lect., 1889-1893; vicar of *Ulverston*, 1893-1896; *St. George's*, *Leeds*, 1896-1904; can. res. of *Manchester Cathedral*, 1904-1909; rector of *St. George's*, *Hulme*, *Manchester*, 1904-1909; chaplain to Bp. of *Manchester*, 1904-1909; archdeacon of *Manchester*, 1909; consecrated *Lord Archbishop of Sydney*, 24th Aug., 1909; Primate of *Australia*, 1910; author of "Thoughts on Modern Church Life and Work."

SYERS, CECIL GEORGE LEWIS.—B. 1903; ed. *St. Paul's Schl.* and *Oxford*; classical schol., *Balliol Coll.*, 1921-25; 1st cla. classical mods., 1923; 1st cla. lit. hum., 1925; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. prin., *Dominions Office*, 21st Oct., 1925.

SYKES, GEORGE ROGNVALD.—Cadet, S. Stlmts., Nov., 1913; ag. 3rd mag., *Penang*, July, 1914; attached censor's office, *Singapore*; passed final exam. in Chinese, Dec., 1916; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, *Singapore*, Apr., 1917; asst. reglar. imports and exports (war trade dept.) *Singapore*, June, 1917; ag. asst. prot. of Chinese (in addition) Mar., 1918; ceased to perform duties in war trade dept., ag. asst. prot. of Chinese, *Singapore*, Sept., 1918; ag. 3rd mag., *Singapore*, in addn., Dec., 1919; ag. 2nd asst. prot. of Chinese, *Singapore*, Jan., 1920; supernum. offr., cla. IV., Nov., 1920; ag. asst. supt., govt. monopolies and asst. prot. of Chinese, *Malacca*, June, 1921.

SYMES, LIEUT.-COL. GEORGE STEWART, C.M.G., D.S.O.—B. 1882; ed. *Malvern Coll.* and *Sandhurst*; ent. Army, 1900; serv. *E. African War* (Queen's med., 2 clasps); *Aden*, 1903-04 (desps.

D.S.O.); attd., Egyptian Army, 1905 and Sudan govt., 1907; Blue Nile expdn., 1908 (med.); promoted major, 1915 and brevet lt.-col., 1917; A.D.C. to Sirdar and gov.-gen. of the Sudan, 1906-07; asst. dir. of intelligence, 1908-12; pte. sec. and sec., gov.-gen.'s coun. (Sudan), 1913-16; European War (3 times ment. in desps., med., brevet lt.-col.); attd., staff of high coms., Egypt, 1917-19; attd., miny. of int., Egypt, 1919-20; dist. gov., Palestine, Sept., 1920; ch. sec., 1925; admstd. govt., Palestine, July to Sept., 1925 and May to Sept., 1927; accredited rep. to mandates coms., June, 1926.

SYMON, SIR JOSIAH HENRY, K.C.M.G. (1901), K.C.—B. 1846; mem. of H. of Assem., S. Australia, 1881-1887; atty.-gen., 1881; Q.C. 1881; representative to Aus. fed. conven., 1897-8, and chrmn. of its judiciary comtee.; pres. of fed. league of S. Aust.; pres. of Commonwealth league; senr. for S. Aust., Commonwealth parl., 1901-1913; atty.-gen., C. of A., 1904-5; has ret. from politics.

SYMONETTE, W. J.—B. 1878; pub. schol. teacher, 18th Apr., 1898; 4th divn. coms., 11th June, 1921; ag. ch. clk. recr. gen. in treas. dept., 6th Nov., 1922; confirmed in appt., 4th Feb., 1924.

SYMONS, CLAUDE TREVINE.—B. 1879; B.A. Oxon., F.R.G.S.; vice-principal, govt. training coll., Ceylon, Aug., 1908; asst. govt. analyst, June, 1912; ag. govt. analyst, in addn. Dec., 1916; govt. analyst, Sept., 1919; ag. registrar, med. coll. in addn., May to Dec., 1922.

TACHE, JOSEPH DE LABROQUIERE.—B. 1858; ed. St. Hyacinthe Sem. and Laval Univ.; notary public, 1881; priv. sec. to Hon. J. A. Chapleau, premier of Quebec, 1880-82; priv. sec. to lieutenant-gov. Angers, 1887-92; proprietor and editor of "Le Courier," St. Hyacinthe, 1902-14; mem. of prov. coun. of agric., 1890-91; unsuccessful candidate for H. of C., bye-elec. and g.e., 1904; apptd. King's printer of Canada, Mar., 1914; jt. librn. of parl., June, 1920.

TAGART, EDWARD SAMUEL BOURN, C.B.E. (1927).—B. 1877; ed. Bath Coll. and Christ's Coll., Cambridge, (B.A.); barrister-at-law; asst. collr., N.E. Rhodesia, 11th Jan., 1901; asst. native coms., 1st Apr., 1901; native coms., 1st Sept., 1902; ag. mag., May, 1903; asst. mag., 16th May, 1905; has acted as mag. on various occasions between Aug., 1905 and Mar., 1913; asst. legal adviser, 1st Apr., 1913 to 16th June, 1915; mag., 18th June, 1915; ag. judge, high ct., 31st Mar. to 23rd June, 1922; sec. for native affrs., 10th Apr., 1924; mem., exec. and leg. couns.; ag. oh. sec., 1st June to 22nd Nov., 1925; J.P.

TAINSH, LIEUT.-COL. JOSEPH RAMSAY, C.B.E. (1924), V.D.—Offr., loco. dept., Indian rlys., 1895-1917; 2nd lieutenant, Volunteer Force, India, 1898; major, 1916; major, Indian Defence Force, 1916; capt. (temp. major), I.A.R.O., 2nd Apr., 1917; ch. mech. engr., Basra Light Rly., 3rd June, 1917; ag. asst. dir., works, Iraq, 4th July, 1917 to 13th Aug., 1917; asst. dir. of works, in charge of Basra Light Rly., 27th Sept., 1917; trans. to Rly. branch, R.E., 4th Oct., 1917; lieutenant-col., 15th June, 1918; loco. supt., Basra divn. of rlys., Jan., 1919; dep. dir. rlys., Iraq, May, 1919; dep. loco. supt. combined system of rlys., Baghdad, June, 1919; demob. with rank of lieutenant-col., 3rd Sept., 1919; loco. supt., combined system, Nov., 1919; ag. dir., rlys., 11th Dec., 1921.

TAIT, HUGH NIMMO.—B. 1888; ed. at Clifton and St. John's Coll., Camb.; 1st cls. Math.

Tripos, Parts I. and II.; 1st cls. Nat. Science Tripos, Part I.; apptd. after compet. exam., clk., chief sec.'s office, Ireland, Oct., 1911 2nd cls. clk., C.O., Mar., 1912; ag. 1st class clk., 20th July, 1917; on mil. service from 27th Sept. to 9th Dec., 1918; sec. to Rhodesian Coms., 1919-20; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

TAITT, HORACE VIBART.—B. 1887; ed. at Harrison Coll., Barbados; Island scholar, 1906; 3rd cl. class B.A., 1909; M.A., 1917; educn. offr., educn. dept., B. Guiana, 1914; ag. 2nd asst. inspr. of schools, Oct., 1914, to Apr., 1915; June-Sept., 1915; July-Oct., 1916; ag. 3rd cls. clk., educn. off., Jan.-Apr., 1917; ag. classical master, Queen's Coll., Apr.-July, 1917.

TALBOT, MAJ.-GEN. HON. SIR REGINALD ARTHUR JAMES.—K.C.B. (1902); C.B. (1885); b. 1841; ed. Harrow; formerly A.D.C. to Queen Victoria; M.P. for Stafford, 1869-74; serv. in Zulu War, 1879; Egyptian Campaign, 1882; Nile expdn., 1884-85; lt.-col. com. 1st Life Guards, 1886-88; mil. attaché, Paris, 1889-95; comg. cavly. brig., Aldershot, 1896-99; comd. army of occupation, Egypt, 1899-1903; gov. of Victoria, Feb., 1904, to July, 1908.

TALMA, EDWY L.—B.A. Christ's Coll., Camb., 14th Wrangler, math. tripos, 1895; cadet, S. S., Nov., 1896; ag. asst. prot. imigra., Penang, Aug., 1897, to Mar., 1898; and from Oct., 1898; confirmed Jan., 1901; passed final exam. in Tamil, Feb., 1899; ag. asst. P.M.G., Penang, Apr., 1902; ag. 3rd mag., Penang, May, 1903; ag. 2nd ditto, Nov., 1903; asst. supt. of Indian imigra., in addition to other duties, Nov., 1903; dep. registrar, sup. ct., Singapore, July, 1904; also asst. supt. of Indian imigra., Singapore, June, 1907; ag. registrar, sup. ct., Singapore, Oct. to Dec., 1908; promoted to Cla. III., Aug., 1911; passed final exam., coun. of legal ed. (cert. of honour, Inner Temple), Trinity, 1912; ag. 2nd mag., July, 1912; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., May, 1913; ag. registrar, sup. ct., Mar., 1914; ag. temp., dist. judge, Feb., 1915; ag. dist. judge, and 1st mag., Apr., 1915; ag. dist. judge, Dec., 1915; ag. 2nd mag., Feb., 1916; offr., cla. II., Mar., 1916; ag. collr., land rev., Mar., 1916; on sp. duty, Somerset House, May-Aug., 1917; temp. attached, war tax office, Penang, Oct., 1917; collr., war tax, Nov., 1917; collr., gen. war tax, Feb., 1918; ag. treas., May, 1920; collr. gen., income tax, Singapore, 20th Nov., 1920; dep. treas. 'A,' 31st Jan., 1922.

TANNER, COL. (Temp. Brig.-Gen.) WILLIAM ERNEST COLLINS, C.B. (1919), C.M.G. (1916), D.S.O. (1918).—B. 1875; lieutenant, Natal Carbineers, 1899; ent. Natal civ. serv., 1899; served S.A. War, 1899-1902 (Queen's med., 4 clasps, King's med., 2 clasps); lieutenant, dist. adjt., Natal Militia perm. staff, 1903; capt., 1903; dist. offr., ditto, 1904; sec., Natal defence comtee., 1905; served Natal native rebellion, 1906; med. with clasp; staff offr., hdqrs., Natal Militia, 1907; major, ditto, 1910; grad., Staff Coll., Camberley, 1910; major, Perm. Force (staff), Union Defence Forces, 1912; temp. lt.-col., 1914; brev. lt.-col., Perm. Force (staff), 1915; lt.-col. comd. 2nd S.A. Inf., Union Imp. Serv. Cont. (Overseas), 1915; brig.-comdr. (temp. brig.-gen.), 8th Inf. Bde., 1917; bde. comdr., S.A. Inf. Bde., 1918; ret. with rank of brig.-gen. in Imp. Army, 1919; served in Great War, 1914-18, G.S.W. Africa, 1914-15, Egypt, 1916, and France, 1916-18; wounded, Delville Wood; ment. in desps. six times; "1914-15" Star, Br. War Med., Victory Med., Croix d'Offr., Ordre de Leopold and Croix de Guerre (Belgium),

Croix de Chevalier, Legion d'Honneur (France); dist. staff offr., No. 1 milly. dist., and O.C. base, Capetown, 1919; ag. adjt.-gen., defence hqdrs., 1919; substantive lt.-col. (staff offr., 1st grade), Permt. Force (staff), 1919; adjt.-gen. and temp. col., Nov., 1919; ag. comdt., S.A. Mil. Coll. and O.C., troops, Roberts Heights, 1920; O.C., Cape Peninsula garrison, 1921; substantive col., 1921; temp. brig.-gen., 1921; dist. staff offr., No. 1 milly. dist. (Cape), in addn. to other duties, 1921; posted S.A. Staff Corps, 1923; adjt.-gen., defence hqdrs., 1925.

TAPLIN, CAPT. B. B. M.—B. 1883; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 31st July, 1909; staff offr., H.Q.C.L.C., 1917; Capt., Chinese labour batt., 1917; staff capt., Weihaiwei, 1917-18; capt., Chinese labour batt., 1918-19; dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 23rd Feb., 1911; resumed duty, 1919.

TATE, FRANK, C.M.G. (1919), I.S.O. (1903).—B. 1863; dir. of educn., Victoria, Apl., 1902.

TATHAM, HON. FREDERICK SPENCE, D.S.O., V.D., K.C., Col., S. African Defence Force; hon. major, British Army.—B. 1865; ed. Bishop's Coll., Natal; deputy speaker, Natal parlt., and chmn. ways and means, 1897-1907; called to the bar, 1886; served Basuto war, 1881; Boer war, 1899-1902; European war, 1915-1918 (five times ment. in desps., D.S.O.); judge of supreme ct. of S. Africa (Natal Prov. Divn.), 1918.

TAUPHY, RAJA SAID, M.B.E. (1926), THE RAJA KECHIL TENGAH OF PERAK, F.M.S.—B. 1879; ed. St. Croix Sch., Richmond and Raffles Inst., Singapore; sttlmt. offr., 1900; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Langat, 1909; ag. asst. dist. offr., Ulu Langat, 1910; padi inspr., Krian, 1911; Malay mag., Lenggong, 1914; ag. asst. dist. offr., Krian, 1916; offr., cl. V, 1916; ag. dist. offr., Krian, 1919; offr., cl. IV, 1920; apptd. the Raja Kechil Tengah of Perak, 1921; in charge, Malay artisans, B.E.E. and offl. guide, Malaya Pavilion, Wembley, 1924; ag. chmn., sany. bd., Larut and Matang, 1924; offr., cl. III, 1925; dist. offr., Krian, 1926; chmn., sany. bd., Larut and Matang, May, 1926.

TAYLOR, EDWARD ARCHIBALD THORNTON, B.A.—B. 1885; ed. Dover and Corpus Christi Coll., Cambridge (schol.); B.A., 1907 (2nd cls. class. tripos); asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, Mar., 1913; dist. comsnr., Oct., 1918; senr. asst. col. sec., 1921; ag. ch. asst. col. sec. and ag. clk. of couns. for various periods, 1922-26; ag. sec. for native affrs., 1925; sec., bd. of examrs., native languages, 1st Apr., 1926.

TAYLOR, EDWIN.—B. 1881; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to C.O., Jan., 1901; served with I.Y. in S. African war, 1901-02 (medal and four clasps); re-apptd. to 2nd div., and assigned to B. of T., 1902; clk., P.W.D., B.C. Africa Prot., July, 1906; treasr. asst., Uganda, Jan., 1909; asst. treasr., civil admstr., German East Africa (occupied territory), Jan., 1917; treasr., Seychelles, May, 1919; dep. treasr., Uganda, Apr., 1923; ag. treasr., May 1923 to 1924; senr. asst. treasr., Sierra Leone, Apr., 1925; ag. treasr., Apr.-Aug., 1925.

TAYLOR, EPHRAIM GODMAN.—B. 1877; ed. Wesleyan (Boys) High Sch., Freetown; passed Coll. of Preceptors exam., 2nd cls., 1893; civ. serv. exam., 1895; tempy. outdoor offr., cust., 20th Nov., 1894; 2nd cls. offr., 5th Mar., 1896; compet. exam. in acctngt., May, 1902; 2nd clk., acctngt. branch, treasr., 19th May, 1902; 1st clk., 1st Dec., 1903; 2nd grade clk., 1st Jan., 1913; 1st grade, 12th Oct., 1913; ch. clk., 1st

Jan., 1915; ag. senr. asst. col. treasr., May to Sept., 1919; staff supt., treasr., 1st Jan., 1921; African asst. treasr., 1st Jan., 1923.

TAYLOR, EVAN NUTTALL.—B. 1898; ent. R.M.A., 1916; 2nd Lieut., R.F.A., 1918, France; R. of O., 1920; cadet, F.M.S., 1921; atttd., dist. office, Raub, June, 1921; atttd., legal adviser's office, Kuala Lumpur, Sept., 1921; addnl. mag., Kuala Lumpur, Feb., 1922; atttd., land office, Kuala Lumpur, Mar., 1922; supervisor, census, Perak, Apl., 1922; ag. asst. dist. offr., Tanjong Malim, Dec., 1922; passed cadet, Jan., 1923; offr. cl. V., May, 1924; ag. dist. offr., Batang Padang, May, 1924; asst. dist. offr., Tanjong Malim, July, 1924; ditto, Rembau, Dec., 1925; ag. dist. offr., Tampin, in addn., Oct., 1926.

TAYLOR, FRANCOIS BRYANT OLUDELE.—Ed. at C.M.S. Collegiate schol., Lagos; 3rd cls. certif., Lond. Coll. of Preceptors, 1903; 2nd cls. clk., audit dept., Lagos, Feb., 1907.

TAYLOR, FRANK WILLIAM, M.A.—B. 1887; ed. at Newbury Grammar School and Oxford, Non-Coll.; 3rd cls. hons., mod. hist., 1910; bd. of educn. certif. exam.; certif. in geog., 1911; asst. mast., Magdalen Coll. School, Brackley, 1911-14; jun. supt. of educn., N.P. Nigeria, 17th June, 1914; seconded polit. dept., 1st June to 30th Nov., 1919; regraded supt., educn., 1920; late capt., 4th Batt. Oxf. and Bucks. Lt. Infy. T.F.; served in the Northern Cameroons, Garua and Banyo, 1915-16, and attached to the 1st Training Centre, W.A.S.B., 1917-18; publications, "A Fulani Grammar" (1921), "Two Fulani Readers" (1922), "A Practical Hausa Grammar" (1923), "A Fulani-Hausa Phrase Book" (1926), "Empire Reading Charts" (1926), "A Fulani-Hausa Vocabulary" (1927), "Fulani Hausa Readings in the Native Scripts" (1927), "Genesis in Fulani" (1927), contributions to the African Socy., the Philological Socy. and "West Africa."

TAYLOR, HON. GEORGE EDWARD.—B. 1878; ed. London and Toronto; called to the bar, Ont., 1902; practised in London and Moosejaw, Sask.; K.C., 1st Jan., 1913; pres., Sask. Bar Assoc., 1917; just., ct. of King's Bench, Sask., 1st Mar., 1918.

TAYLOR, GEORGE WILSON.—B. 1866; ed. in Toronto; apptd. to excise branch, inland revenue dept., 1888; engaged in spec. organization work, Quebec, 1898-1909; asst. sec., inland rev. dept., 1909; sec., ditto, 1913; asst. deputy min. and sec., 1914; asst. comsnr. of customs and asst. deputy minster of inland rev., Oct., 1919; comsnr., excise, Apr., 1927.

TAYLOR, GODFREY JOHN CAMERON.—B. 1902; ed. St. Andrew's Sch., Eastbourne, Rugby Sch. and Magdalen Coll., Oxford; B.A. (hons.), 1923; A.D.C., Zanzibar, 1926.

TAYLOR, GREVILLE POWER.—B. 1899; ed. Elstow Sch., Bedford, and H.M.S. "Worcester"; asst. dist. comsnr., Sierra Leone, 4th Mar., 1923.

TAYLOR, J. A., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), L.M. (Dub.), D.T.M. (L'pool).—Med. offr., Uganda, 8th Oct., 1908; temp. capt., U.M.S., Oct., 1914 to Nov., 1917; asst. med. supt., cent. asylum, F.M.S., 1920; S.M.O., Uganda, 3rd Oct., 1920; ag. D.P.M.O., Uganda, 22nd Mar., 1921 to 1st July, 1921 and 10th July, 1922 to 4th Mar., 1923; D.M.S.S., Zanzibar, 11th Mar., 1923.

TAYLOR, JOHN, O.B.E. (1918).—B. 1863; entd. Royal Navy, 1883; served in Soudan war, 1884-5 (medal and Khedive's bronze star); impl. prison serv., Lond., Dec., 1887, to June, 1897; ch. warden, Belize pris., B. Hond., July, 1897; keeper of prisons, 1898; offl. recr. in bank., and offl.

adminstr., 23rd Oct., 1908 to 22nd May, 1909; ag. dist. comsnr. on numerous occasions, 1906 to 1914; dist. comsnr., Toledo dist., 18th May, 1914; J.P. for the colony, 1908.

TAYLOR, ROBERT STANLEY, M.B.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.A., M.D., B.C., D.P.H. (Cantab.), Cert., S.T.M.—B. 1875; ed. *Downing Coll., Cambridge*; exhibr., *Charing Cross Hosp., London*; D.M.O., Cue, West Australia; M.O.H., Cue and M.O.H., Day Dawn, West Australia; M.O., Uganda, 5th Sept., 1914; active serv., E.A. campaign and temp. capt., U.M.S., Oct., 1914 to Nov., 1916; S.M.O., Somaliland, 24th May, 1922; P.M.O., Somaliland, July, 1925.

TAYLOR, ROBERT WALTER, O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1883; ed. *Emmanuel Schl. and King's Coll., London*; clk. in crown agt's. office, 1903-1906; head acctnt., Somaliland, 1906; ag. mil. paymstr., Aug., 1907, to Jan., 1908; Somaliland expdn., 1908-1910 (G.A.S. medal and clasp); asst. treas., Uganda, 1910; asst. treas., Somaliland, 6th Mar., 1914; treas., Somaliland, 11th July, 1915; dep. treas., Tanganyika Territory, 13th Feb., 1920; ag. treas., Dec., 1921 to May, 1922; treas., Tanganyika Territory, 18th May, 1922; ag. ch. sec., 12th Apr. to 16th June, 1927; gov.'s dep. 10th to 27th May, 1927.

TAYLOR, S. F., Labour inspection offr., E. Africa Prot., Apl., 1919.

TAYLOR, SIR W. T., K.C.M.G. (1905), C.M.G. (1895).—B. 1848; collr. of customs and excise, Larnaca, 1879; ch. collr. of customs, Cyprus, 1882; ag. recr.-gen., Nov., 1883, to Feb., 1884; ag. comsnr., Larnaca, in addition to his own duties, 1883 and 1885; ag. recr.-gen. in addition to duties as ch. collr. of cust., Jan. to Nov., 1887; recr.-gen. and ch. collr. of cust. and excise, 1891; audr.-gen., Ceylon, May, 1895; ag. col. sec., Ceylon, Oct., 1895, to Feb., 1896, Mar. to Dec., 1896, Mar. to Nov., 1899, and Apl., 1900, to Nov., 1901; col. sec., S. Settmts., June, 1901; admntd. govt. of S. S., Oct., 1903, to Apl., 1904, and Feb. to June, 1906; ag. res.-gen., F.M.S., Sept., 1904; confirmed, Jan., 1905; ret., 1910; in charge of F.M.S. development agency, London, Oct., 1910; mem., W. African lands comtee., 1912.

TELFER, ELIZABETH WILSON.—B. 1895; headmistress, govt. girls' schl., Accra, Gold Coast, 1st Oct., 1924.

TEMPANY, HAROLD AUGUSTIN, D.Sc. (Lond.), F.I.C., F.C.S.—B. 1881; ed. privately and Univ. Coll., London; asst. govt. chemist, Leeward Is., 1903; ag. govt. chemist and supt. of agric., July to Dec., 1906, and Jan. to Nov., 1909; govt. chemist and supt. of agric., Nov., 1909; J.P., Antigua, 1910; offl. mem. legis. coun., Antigua, Mar. to July, 1912; represented Leeward Is. at 3rd Internat. Congress of Trop. Agric., June, 1914, and at rubber and tropical products exhibtn., June-July, 1914; chmn. of trustees, Antigua pub. library, 1916; mem., Antigua Defence Reserve, 1905 to 1916; dir. of agric., Mauritius, 1917; nominated M.L.C., Mauritius, May, 1917; mem., bd. of dirs., Mauritius Inst., Jan., 1918; reported on S. African sugar industry, 1917; organised govt. tobacco factory, 1920; sugar experiment station, 1921; agrl. coll., 1923-24; dairy, 1923; prin., Mauritius Agrl. Coll. in addn. to substantive appt., 1924; reported on local sugar industry, 1926; organising vice-pres., Mauritius agrl. and indus. exhibtn., 1926; chmn., various comtees.; author of numerous papers and repts. on agrl. chemy., cane sugar production, agrl. educn. and trop. agr.

TENISON, EDWARD HEBON RYAN.—B. 1898; on mil. serv., Apr., 1917; cadet, Ceylon, Nov., 1921; attnd., Kandy Kach., Dec., 1921; office asst., Anuradhapura kach., Feb., 1924; ditto, Badulla kach., June, 1925; ditto, Batticaloa kach., Nov., 1926.

TENNANT, MATTHEW PETTIGREW, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1881; ed. *Montrose Academy*; ch. asst. engrn., Jamaica govt. rly., 1905; ag. loco. supt., ditto, July, 1909 to Dec., 1910; ag. ch. engrn., Mar.-Nov., 1913; senr. insp. engrn., P.W.D., Jamaica, Apr., 1914; ag. asst. dir., P.W.D., Dec., 1918 to Sept., 1921; ag. dir. of pub. wks., July-Oct., 1920; exec. engrn., Uganda, 28th July, 1924.

TENNENT, JAMES HALL.—B. 1889; ed. *Geo. Watson's Coll., Edin., and Edin. Univ.*; M.B., Ch. B., 1911; sen. house surg., Edinburgh Royal Infirmary; house physician, Cumberland Infirmary, Carlisle; house surg., and asst. health offr., Penang and Singapore, S. Settmts., 1912-1914; seconded for service in Kedah, 1914; resumed duty in S. Settmts., 1918; ag. surg., native hosp., Singapore, and lectr. in clinical and operative surg. to the King Edward VII. med. schl.; ag. senr. surg., Penang, 1919.

TENNYSON, RT. HON. LORD, 2ND BARON (U.K., creat. 1884), G.C.M.G. (1903), K.C.M.G. (1899). HALLAM TENNYSON, succeeded 1892 (on the death of his father), Alfred Lord Tennyson, poet laureate, 1850-92.—B. 1852; ed. *Marlb. Coll., Trin. Coll., Camb., and Inner Temple*; J.P. for Hants; mem. of *Marlb. Coll. exec. coun.*; prepared his father's memoir, published in 1897; gov. S. Australia, 1899; gov.-gen., Commonwealth of Australia, 1902-1904; chmn. of comtee. for stlmt. of ex-service men within the Empire, 1917.

TETTEY, VICTOR ADOLPHUS, B.A. (Durham).—B. 1891; 2nd cl. teacher, Accra Training Coll., Gold Coast, 22nd Jan., 1915; ag. housemast., 10th Mar., 1919 to 8th Oct., 1919; ditto, 11th Jan., 1920; 1st cl. teacher and asst. headmast., 1st Apr., 1923; inspr., schls., 9th July, 1925.

THAINE, ROBERT NEIMANN, C.M.G. (1927).—B. 1875; ed. *Eastbourne Coll. and St. John's Coll., Cambridge, B.A.*; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1898; off. asst. to govt. agt. S. Prov., Apr., 1899; Cent. Prov., Aug., 1900; comsnr. of requests and pol. mag., Balapitiya, June, 1901; off. asst. to govt. agt., Ratnapura, Dec., 1901; asst. govt. agt., Kalutara, Mar., 1902; dist. judge, Badulla, May, 1902; pol. mag., Kandy, May, 1904; landing surv. cust., Colombo, Sept., 1904; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, June, 1906; Puttalam, Aug., 1906; dist. judge, Jaffna, July, 1908; comsnr. of requests, Colombo, Jan., 1911; asst. govt. agent, Mannar, Sept., 1911; ag. govt. agt., Province of Sabaragamawa, Feb., 1913; pol. mag., Colombo, Nov., 1915; comsnr. of requests, Colombo, Feb., 1917; censor, 18th Apr., 1917; dep. collr. of cust., Colombo, May, 1918; ag. prin. collr. of cust., Apr., 1919; govt. agt., Prov. of Uva, June, 1920; ag. prin. collr. of cust. and food contr., Nov., 1921; govt. agt., W. Prov., Dec., 1923; ag. col. sec., 18th Oct., 1925.

THATCHER, J.—Ed. at Bristol Gram. schl.; examr. of loan accts., audit dept., O.R.C., 1st Jan., 1904; examr. of accts., ditto, 1st July, 1904; provincial auditor, O.F.S. Prov., 16th Apr., 1912.

THEILER, SIR ARNOLD, K.C.M.G.—B. 1867; state dipl. as vety. surg., Switzerland, 1889; dr. med. vet., Berne, 1901; hon. assoc., R. Coll. Vety. Surgeons, 1908; C.M.G., 1907; K.C.M.G., 1914; D.Sc., Cape, 1911; D.Sc.,

Syracuse, 1923; D.Ph., Berne, 1923; D.V.Sc., S. Africa, 1925; came to S. Africa, 1892; dir., lymph farm, Johannesburg, 1893; vet. surg. to san. bd. and mine sanitation dept., Johannesburg, 1894-95; sp. mission to Rhodesia on outbreak of rinderpest, 1896; govt. vety. surg. to Transvaal Republic, 1896-1900; vet. surg. to Transvaal State Arty., 1898; dir., bacteriological lab. and vaccine inst., S.A. Repub., 1898; govt. vety. bacteriologist, 1900; dir., vety. research, Union of S. Africa, 1910; dir., Lamsiekte research, 1919; dir., vety. educn. and research, 1920; dean of faculty of vety. sci. and prof. of infectious diseases, Union of S. Africa, 1920; sp. mission to Europe to represent Transvaal and Natal govts. at Baden Baden, 1899; sp. mission to Rhodesia in connection with Rhodesian tick fever, 1902; repd. Transvaal govt. at 8th International Vety. Congress, Budapest, 1905, at 9th International Vety. Congress, The Hague, 1909, and at Pan African Vety. Congresses, Bloemfontein, 1902, Cape Town, 1905, Pretoria, 1909, and at World's Dairy Confee, Syracuse, 1923.

THEODORE, HON. E. G.—B. 1884; M.L.A. for Woothakata, Queensland, Oct., 1909; M.L.A. for Chillagoe since 1912; dep. leader of the labour party, 1913; treas. and sec. for pub. wks. in Ryan miny., June, 1915; premier of Queensland, 1919-25; mem., house of reps., C'wealth of Australia, 1927.

THEUNISSEN, E. D.—Asst. supt. pol., Kenya, Nov., 1922.

THIBOU, CLEMENT GARRY.—Foreman of wks., P.W.D., Antigua, Mar., 1915; asst. town clk., St. Kitts, Apl., 1916; ag. supt. of pub. wks., Aug., 1916.

THOM, M. ST. C.—B. 1887; S. African constab., 1905-10; asst. supt. of police, E. Africa Prot., 1911; supt., pol., Kenya, Jan., 1921.

THOMAS, A. MUSGRAVE, Barrister-at-Law.—Crown counsel, Kenya, Oct., 1920; pres., dist. ct., Cyprus, Nov., 1924; ag. judge, sup. ct., on various occasions, 1925-1927.

THOMAS, CHARLES CLIFFORD.—B. 1890; ed. Blundells; 2nd lieut., The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infy., 1909; India, 1914-15; Aden Field Force, Jan., 1915; Egyptian Expedy. Force, Jan., 1916-19; adjt., 1/4th D.C.L.I., 1917-19; ment. in desps.: Territorial Decoration; adjt., 4th D.C.L.I. (T.F.), 1919-24; pte. sec. to gov. of Seychelles and clk. to couns., 1925.

THOMAS, SAMUEL JOYCE.—Ed. King's Coll., London; Inglis schl. and early English Text Socy. prizeman; assoc. (with distinc.) King's Coll., 1897; B.A., Lond., 1897; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1898; enlisted, 1915; commissioned, R.A.S.C. (M.T.), and attd. to R.G.A. (145th Siege Battery), France, Flanders, Italy; invalided, 1919; ch. just., St. Vincent, Oct., 1919; ag. col. sec. and admsr., St. Vincent, Feb. to Dec., 1920, and on three subsequent occasions; 2nd puisne judge, Trinidad, Mar., 1923.

THOMAS, RT. HON. JAMES HENRY, P.C. (1917), M.P., J.P., LL.D., Cambridge.—B. 1875; served as cleaner, fireman and driver, G.W.R.; has served in turn as organiser, asst. sec., gen. sec. and pres., Nat. Union of Rymen; gov. of Dulwich College; mem., Balfour mission to America, 1917; M.P. for Derby since 1910; J.P., Surrey, 1920; S. of S. for Cols., 23rd Jan. to 7th Nov., 1924; author of "When Labour Rules" and other works.

THOMAS, THOMAS SHENTON WHITELEGGE, O.B.E. (1919).—Ed. at Leatherhead and Queen's Coll., Camb. (scholar); B.A., Hons. 1901; asst. dist. comsnr., E.A.P., Aug., 1909;

3rd asst. sec., Apr., 1911; sen. asst. sec., Apr., 1912; ag. asst. ch. sec., Aug.-Oct., 1913, Aug., 1916-Mar., 1917, and Apr., 1917-Jan., 1919; clk. to exec. and legis. couns., 1917-19; mem. E. Africa civ. serv. comn., 1918; asst. ch. sec., Uganda, Jan., 1919; ag. ch. sec., June, 1919 to Apr., 1920; chmn., Uganda development comn., 1919; govs. dep., Jan.-Feb., 1920; prin. asst. sec., Nigerian secretariat, Mar., 1921; ag. dep. ch. sec., Apr.-Dec., 1921; dep. ch. sec., 30th Jan., 1924; ag. ch. sec., 8th May to 11th Nov., 1925 and from 19th Aug. to 10th Nov., 1926; gov.'s dep., 20th to 30th May, 15th June to 13th July, 17th Aug. to 16th Sept., 1925 and from 31st Oct. to 10th Nov., 1926; col. sec., Gold Coast, 1927.

THOMPSON, AUBREY DENZIL FORSTTH.—Ed. Weenen County Coll., Natal and New Coll., Oxford (B.A.); lieut., E.F.A., 1917-19; cadet, Uganda Prot., 19th June, 1921; A.D.C., 18th July, 1923.

THOMPSON, C. B.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Nov., 1911; 1st grade admsr. offr., Kenya, Jan., 1924.

THOMPSON, HENRY BURFORD.—B. 1880; cashier, savings bank, Antigua, Apr., 1906; acctnt., ditto, Apr., 1906; ag. 1st treasury offr., Montserrat, Aug.-Nov., 1906; ag. 1st clk., P.O., Antigua Dec., 1906; ag. 3rd clk., C.S.O., Mar., 1907 to Mar., 1908; 3rd outdoor offr., treasury, Jan., 1908; ag. 3rd clk., C.S.O., Jan., 1911 to Mar., 1912, and from Apr. to Sept., 1912; student, Middle Temple, 1912; cashier, treasury, May, 1914; ag. 1st clk., regisr.'s office, May, 1915; comenr. to admsr. oaths, Antigua, July, 1916.

THOMPSON, HERBERT W.—B. 1899; entd. C.O., 4th Oct., 1915; on mil. ser. from 13th Aug., 1917 to 9th Apr., 1919; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., 18th June, 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; promoted to 2nd div. clk., 24th Feb., 1920; cler. offr., higher grade, 10th Oct., 1925.

THOMPSON, JOHN BAIRD, M.N.Z. Soc. C.E.—B. 1868; ed. secondary and private schls.; joined lands and survey dept., N.Z., 1891; undersec. for lands, 1922.

THOMPSON, JOHN HARRISON.—B. 1892; matric., London Univ., 1912; diploma, English language and lit., London Univ., 1921; appt. after compet. exam., asst. clk., commercial intelligence branch, B. of T., 23rd June, 1913; library attendant, C.O., 6th Apr., 1914; after further compet. exam., apptd. as clk. of the 2nd div. and assigned to C.O., 24th Aug., 1914; cler. offr., higher grade, 1st Apr., 1922; asst. librarian, 10th Oct., 1925.

THOMPSTONE, CAPT. ERIC WESTBURY, M.C.—B. 1897; ed. Shrewsbury Schl.; 2nd lieut., King's Shropshire Light Infy., 1915; served in France and Italy, 1916-19; wounded; silver med. for valour (Italy); adminis. offr., N.P., Nigeria, July, 1919.

THOMSON, FRANK DAVID, B.A., C.M.G. (1920).—B. 1877; ed. High Schl., Napier and Canterbury and Victoria Colls., N.Z.; cadet. educn. dept., 1894; priv. sec. to various ministers since 1901; sec. to prime min., since 1912; clk. of exec. coun. and sec. of cabinet since 1919; perm. head, prime minister's dept., 1926; mem. of secretariat, Br. Empire delegation, Peace Confee., Paris, 1919; mem., Imp. Confee. secretariat, 1917, 1918, 1921, 1923 and 1926.

THOMSON, SIR GRAME, K.C.M.G. (1928). K.C.B.—B. 1875; ed. Winchester and New Coll., Oxford; higher div. clk., Admty.,

1900; asst. dir. of trans., 1914; dir. of trans., 1914; col. sec., Ceylon, Sept., 1919; offr. admstrg. govt., 8th-18th Jan., 1920 and Mar.-Sept., 1920; gov. and comdr.-in-chief, B. Guiana, 1923; gov. and comdr.-in-ch., Nigeria, 1925.

THOMSON, HENRY WAGSTAFFE, B.A. (Oxon.) C.M.G., (1927).—B. 1874; ed. Winchester and Trin. Coll., Oxford; cadet, Selangor, F.M.S., Nov., 1896; passed final exam. in Malay, Oct., 1897; passed cadet, Dec., 1898; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Feb., 1898; ditto Serendah, May, 1898; 2nd asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kubu, Dec., 1898; ag. asst. collr. land rev., Kuala Lumpur, May, 1899; ag. asst. dist. offr., Serendah, Apr., 1900; dist. offr., Kuantan, June, 1900; seconded for service in Kelantan, May, 1903; resigned F.M.S. serv., and in the serv. of the Kelantan govt., May, 1906 to July, 1909; offr., cl. III., F.M.S., performing duties of asst. adviser, Kelantan, July, 1909; ag. dist. offr., Klang, Jan., 1910; collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur, and regisr. of titles, Selangor, Feb., 1914; ag. regisr., titles, Perak, Oct., 1914; ag. supt., convict estab., Taiping, in addn., Feb., 1915; supt., convict estab., Taiping, and inspr. of prisons, F.M.S., Jan., 1917; ag. regisr., titles, Perak, in addn., May, 1918; chmn., sany. bd., Kinta, Dec., 1918; ag. Br. adviser, Kelantan, Feb., 1919; confirmed in appt., Oct., 1919; Br. res., Pahang, July, 1921; ag. Br. res., Selangor, Dec., 1925; Br. res., Selangor, Feb., 1926; ag. Br. res., Perak, Sept., 1926; Br. res., Perak, Dec., 1926; ag. ch. sec. to govt. F.M.S., May and Sept., 1927.

THOMSON, JAMES MOFFAT.—B. 1874; ed. at George Watson's Coll.; joined N.E. Rhodesia admstrn., 13th June, 1903; transf'd. to N.W.R., 1st Oct., 1905; ag. collr., 1st Apr., 1906; native comsnr., 1st Apr., 1907; ag. asst. mag., 3rd Sept., 1907 to 22nd Oct., 1911; asst. mag., N.R., 23rd Oct., 1911; has acted as mag. on various occasions between Sept., 1917 and Oct., 1923; ag. sec. for mines, 14th Aug. to 9th Dec., 1922; mag., 18th Oct., 1923; J.P.

THOMSON, J. H. M.B., Bac.Surg.—Med. offr. E.A.P., Aug., 1913; med. offr., Uganda, Dec., 1922; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Oct., 1924.

THORNE, WM. HOBART HOUGHTON.—B. 1875; ed. at St. Paul's Schl., King's Coll., Camb., and Paris Univ.; called to the bar, Inner Temple, Nov., 1900; Licencié en Droit de la Faculté de Paris, Nov., 1903; British representative on Internat. Claims Comsn. at Casa Blanca, 7th May, 1908; employed at F.O. in investigation of Anglo-American pecuniary claims, 15th Sept., 1910, to 11th July, 1911; pres. of dist. ct., Larnaca, Cyprus, 20th July, 1911; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Nov., 1912, and in Ottoman Turkish, June, 1916; judge of the mixed tribunal, Alexandria, 18th Sept., 1916; resig. 5th Mar., 1917; British comsnr. on the mixed indemnities comsn., Athens, 5th Mar., 1917; re-apptd. a judge of the mixed tribunal, Alexandria, 1st Feb., 1919; is comdr. of the Order of the Saviour.

THORNE, WILLIAM HUXTABLE.—B. 1882; ed. privately; solr., 1903; commanded 3rd Volr. Batt. Lincoln Regt., 1904; called to local bar of S.S., 1907 and of F.M.S., 1908; censor and mem., S.S. Defence Force, munic. comsnr., Penang, 1914; mem., leg. coun., S.S., 1920; capt., Penang, Volr. R. of O.; puisne judge, S.S. and judge, F.M.S., Aug., 1926.

THORNE, RICHARD ALFRED.—B. 1902; apptd. after compet. exam., asst. clk., sec.'s office, G.P.O., 24th Oct., 1919; cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1920; transf'd. to C.O., 15th Oct., 1920.

THORNTON, LIEUT.-COL. (TEMP. COL.), SIR EDWARD NEWBURY, K.B.E. (1919), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Camb.), S.A.M.C., Esq. of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem (1924).—B. 1878; ed. Cheltenham Coll. and London Hosp.; asst. med. offr., Imp. Yeomanry Hospitals, Anglo-Boer war, 1900-01; plague serv., Punjab, 1902-03; ent. civ. serv., Cape Colony, 1903; additional M.O.H., Cape Colony, 1906; med. inspr. of hospes and charitable insts., and ch. local govt. inspr., Cape, 1910; major, med. br., sec. 1, Union Res. of Offrs. in German S.W. Africa, 1915; (ment. in desps.); Lieut.-Col., S.A.M.C. and O.C. S. African mil. hosp., Richmond, Surrey; mem., comtee. of management, and surg. to Queen Mary's aux. conval. hosp. for limless soldiers, Roehampton, and mem., comtee. management, Queen Mary's aux. conval. hosp. for facial injuries, Sidcup; chmn., exec. comtee. on vocational training of soldiers in hosp., Lond. dist.; represented S. Africa, Inter Allied Conf. on disablement problems arising out of the war, 1916-20; asst. health offr. for the Union, dir. of med. services, Union Defence Forces, and chmn., cent. housing bd. for the Union, 1920.

THORNTON, SIR HENRY WORTH, K.B.E. (1919), M.I.C.E.—B. 1871; ed. St. Paul's Schl., Concord, New Hampshire, U.S.A., Univ. of Pennsylvania; ent. serv., Penna Rly., (lines west of Pittsburg) in engurg. dept., 1894; gen. supt., Long Is. Rly., 1911-14; gen. man., G.E. Rly (Eng.), 1914; dep. dir., inland waterways and docks, 1917; asst. dir.-gen., movements and rlys. with temp. rank of col., 1917; dep. dir.-gen., movements and rlys. with rank of brig.-gen., 1918; inspr.-gen., transportation, with temp. rank of major-gen., 1919; Cross of Offr., Order of Leopold, 1919; French Legion of Honour, 1920; American D.S.M., 1919; chmn., bd. of dirs. and pres., Canadian Nat. Rlys., 1922.

THORNTON, HUGH CHOLMONDELEY, C.M.G. (1920), C.V.O. (1920).—B. 1881; ed. Kelly Coll., Tavistock, and at Christ Church, Oxford; priv. sec. to Lord Milner, as mem. of the War Cabinet without portfolio, Dec., 1916 to Apr., 1918; as sec. of state for war, 1918-19; as sec. of state for the colonies, 14th Jan., 1919; apptd. crown agt. for the colonies, 1st Oct., 1920.

THORNTON, R.W.—B. 1881; ed. Graaff Reinet and Elsenburg Schl. of Agr., Cape Prov. (dipl. with hon.); served in Anglo-Boer War as Scout and intelligence offr.; joined dept. of agr., Cape Prov. field crops and experiment and research section, 1906; offr.-in-ch., agrl. research branch, agrl. dept., Cape prov., 1908; prin., Grootfontein Schl. of Agr. and experiment station, 1910; sent by govt. to England, Europe and Australia to study agrl. educn., experiment station organisation, etc., took charge of expdn. to W. Central Africa, in connection with ostrich industry of Union, 1912; active serv. in France, 1917; resumed charge of Grootfontein Schl. of Agr., 1919; dir., field and animal husbandry, Oct., 1923.

THOROGOOD, WILLIAM JESSE, M.C.—B. 1869; ed. Latymer Upper Schl. and Trinity Hall, Cambridge; enlisted, K.R.R.C., Sept., 1915; 2nd lieut., Tank Corps, Jan., 1917; M.C., Sept., 1918; cadet, F.M.S., Apr., 1921; attd. to Chinese prot., Ipoh; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, Mar., 1922; asst. contr. of lab., Klang, May, 1923; passed cadet, Sept., 1923; offr., cl. V, Apr., 1924; asst. contr. of lab., Negri Sembilan and Malacca, Aug., 1924; attd., land office, Batu Gajah, Jan., 1926; offg. asst. dist. offr., Gopeng

and Kampor, Feb., 1926; ag. sec. to res., Selangor, June, 1927; ag. 2nd mag., Kuala Lumpur, Aug., 1927; ag. dist. off., K. Langat, Sept., 1927.

THRELFALL, WM. HERBERT.—B. 1875; apptd., after open compet., exam., to controller's off., London postal service, Apr., 1898; supt. of registr., G.P.O., Singapore, Oct., 1905; ag. supt. of mails, G.P.O., Singapore, Nov., 1905; supt. of registr., ditto, Sept., 1906; supt. of mails, Penang, Sept., 1907; supt., money order branch and savings bank, Singapore, Jan., 1912; ag. asst. postmr.-gen., Penang, July, 1914; acctnt., G.P.O., Singapore, Jan., 1915; ag. asst. P.M.G., Oct., 1918; ag. P.M.G., May, 1919; ag. asst. P.M.G., Singapore, May, 1919; ag. asst. P.M.G., Penang, July, 1919; asst. P.M.G., Penang, July, 1920; asst. P.M.G., Singapore, but continued to act as above, Sept., 1920.

TIBBITS, ARTHUR CHARLES KENT.—B. 1877; employed col. sec.'s off.; treas. and aud. off., Antigua, Apr. to Dec., 1894; clk. sav. bank, Jan., 1895; 1st clk., post off., Jan., 1898; ag. postmr. in 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906 and 1907; postmr. of Antigua, and federal postmr. of Leeward Is., 1st Apr., 1907; apptd. a library trustee and a J.P., Antigua, 1910; income and trade tax assessor in 1908, 1913, 1914 and 1915; chmn., bd. of guardians in 1911, 1913 and 1915; dir., P.O.G. fund, May, 1912; ag. asst. censor and ch. censor during war; dep. chmn., city comsrs., 4th Dec., 1916; ag. off. in ch., Antigua—Montserrat flashlight serv., Aug., 1918 to Feb., 1919; ag. comsur., Virgin Is., Aug., 1918 to Feb., 1919; warden and mag., Nevis, 1st Oct., 1925; mem., exec. and leg. couns., St. Kitts-Nevis; ag. comsur., Mountserrat and mem., exec. and leg. couns., Leeward Is., 13th May to 14th Aug., 1927.

TIBBITS, ELWOOD D'ARCY.—B. 1880; ag. 4th clk., col. sec.'s off., Antigua, Jan., 1899, to Nov., 1900 (almost continuously); jun. audit clk., 1st Dec., 1900; 4th clk., col. sec.'s off., 8th July, 1901; ag. clk. to adminstr. and clk. to exec. coun., Dominica, 2nd Aug., 1905, to 5th Apr., 1906; 3rd clk., col. sec.'s off., Antigua, 23rd Sept., 1906; 2nd clk., clk. to exec. and legis. couns. and supt. of govt. printing off., Antigua, 11th Oct., 1911; ag. priv. sec. to gov., in 1903, 1904, 1911 and 1912; ag. asst. col. sec., in 1907, 1908, 1911 and 1912; ag. ch. clk. on abolition of off. of asst. col. sec., 20th June to 1st Oct., 1912; ch. clk., C.S.O., and clk. to exec. and legis. couns., Leeward Is., 2nd Oct., 1912; asst. col. sec., 1st Oct., 1920; ag. col. sec., in 1922, 1923, 1924 and 1925; admtd. govt. of Antigua on several occasions during that period; comsur. for St. John, Nov., 1925; ag. comsur., Montserrat, Jan., 1926.

TICHBORNE, C. R. H., L.A.H. (Dub.)—Surgeon, S. African War, 1901-02; lieut., R.A.M.C., 1902-03; capt., R.A.M.C. (S.R.), 1905-11; O.C., 2nd D.D.Co., R.A.M.C., Mil., 1903-07; capt., R.A.M.C., Aug., 1914 to June, 1918; med. off., Tanganyika Territory, June, 1918.

TIGHE, MACARTAN H., B.A., B.L.—(Called to Irish Bar, 1910); lieut., R. Dublin Fusiliers, France, 1915; capt., 1917, ment. in desps.; demob., 1920; crown pro., Tanganyika Territory, 1920; ag. solr. gen., Jan. to July, 1923, Nov., 1923 to Sept., 1924 and June to Dec., 1925.

TILLEY, ALBERT.—B. 1878; Impl. serv., 1895-02; post off., exchequer and audit depts.; transferred to Transvaal serv., Mar., 1902; clk., audit off., Transvaal, 1902; senr. clk., 1909; ditto, audit off., Union of S. Africa, 1910; prin. clk., 1912; prov. audr. and local govt. inspr., Transvaal Prov., May, 1915.

TIMMS, CHARLES GORDON, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.Ed., Certif., L.S.T.M.—B. 1886; ed. R. Coll., Surgeons, Edin.; served with R.A.M.C., Oct., 1914 to Mar., 1919; M.O., Uganda, 26th Jan., 1922; transf'd. Somaliland, 1st Dec., 1922.

TINDALL, BENJAMIN ARTHUR.—B. 1879; ed. Victoria Coll., Cape Prov.; B.A., LL.B.; called to bar, 1903; practised, Pretoria; K.C., 1919; presided, sp. ct., Swaziland, 1914; judge, sup. ct., Transvaal prov. divn., 1st Dec., 1922.

TISDALL, E. G. S.—Asst. dist. comsur., E. Africa Prot., Oct., 1919.

TISDALL, HERBERT GEORGE, B.Sc., A.R.C.Sc., A.M. INST. C.E., A.M.I.E.E.—B. 1879; ed. Bedford Schl. and Imp. Coll. of Science (Whitworth schol.), 1904; eng. inspr., C.A., 1907; asst. engnr., engng. contracts dept., 1913; dep. head, engng. contracts dept., 1926.

TITCHENER, HENRY IAN HERRICK.—B. 1900; entd. C.O., Feb., 1916; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., 24th Apr., 1918; cler. off., 1st Jan., 1920.

TODD, RONALD RUSKIN.—B. 1902; ed. County High Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Camb. (schol.); B.A. (hons.), 1924; cadet, Hong Kong, 1924; passed Cantonese, June, 1927; attl. secretariat for Chinese affrs., 1927.

TOLMIE, ALEXANDER WILLIAM.—B. 1884; ed. Kincairdine high schl., Toronto Univ.; apptd. to Canadian govt. exhibn. comsn., 1908; Canadian govt. exhibn. comsur., Aug., 1919.

TOLMIE, HON. SIMON FRASER.—B. 1867; ed. Victoria High Schl., Ontario, and Vet. Coll., Toronto; farmer and breeder of live stock; pres., Dominion Holstein Breeders, B. Columbia Vet. Assoc., B. Columbia Holstein Breeders; chf. inspr. of health of animals branch, B. Columbia; B. C. representative on live stock comsn.; elec. to Canadian H. of C., g. e., 1917 and 1921; min. of agric. in fed. govt., Aug., 1919; resig. portfolio on defeat of admtn., in g. e., Dec., 1921.

TOMKINSON, C.—Asst. dist. comsur., E. Africa Prot., June, 1915; seconded as lieut., Carrier Corps.

TOMLINSON, GEORGE JOHN FREDERICK, M.A. (Oxon), Barrister-at law (Inner Temple).—Served in educn. dept., Transvaal, Feb., 1903, to Oct., 1904; asst. res., N. Nigeria, July, 1907; seconded to G. Coast as dir. of educn., Dec., 1909, to Dec., 1910; 3rd cla. res., N. Nigeria, 1st Apr., 1911; 1st cls. dist. off., Nigeria, Mar., 1918; mem., salaries revision comtee., 1919-21; asst. sec., native affrs., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. sec., native affrs., on various occasions in 1921, 1923 and 1926; staff grade, 10th Dec., 1925.

TOMLINSON, SIR THOMAS SYMONDS, KT. BACH. (1925).—B.A. Trin. Coll., Camb.; B. 1877; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1901; town mag., Zanzibar, 5th May, 1907; asst. judge of H.B.M. ct. for Zanzibar, 2nd Jan., 1911; ag. judge, 23rd Feb. to 4th Nov., 1916; judge (now ch. just.), 11th Oct., 1919; seconded as legal adviser of the civil admtn. of the occupied terr. of Ger. E. Africa, Feb., 1918; ag. atty.-gen., Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1920 to July, 1921; prepared revised edn. of the laws of Zanzibar, 1922; 2nd cls., Order of the Brilliant Star, Zanzibar, 1923.

TOMSON, GRAHAM.—B. 1887; ed. Elmdon Hall and Dover Coll.; inspr., plantations, Zanzibar, Apr., 1921; agrl. off. 1924; ag. asst. dir., agr., May-Oct., 1925 and Jan.-April, 1926; game ranger, Tanganyika, Sept., 1926; ag. game warden, Jan. to July, 1927; man., plantations, Zanzibar, July, 1927.

TONGE, LIEUT. COMDR. C. G., R.N.—B. 1878; ed. Fettes Coll., Edinburgh; naval transport offr., Aug. to Dec., 1914; lent for serv. in gunboats on Lake Nyasa, Jan., 1915; senr. naval offr., Lake Nyasa, and 1st offr., marine transport dept., June, 1919; Royal Naval Res. Offr.'s Decoration.

TONGUE, ERIC DAUNCEY, B.A., LL.B.—Ed. Taunton Schl. and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge (schol. and exhib.); asst. dist. comsnr., Uganda, 8th October, 1913; dist. comsnr., 15th Aug., 1923.

TOPP, Wm.—B. 1884; Gambia govt. serv., 1901-07; S. Nigeria govt., 1907-08; N. Nigeria govt., Oct., 1908 to Sept., 1910; transf'd. to the Gambia, Sept., 1910; 1st. clk., col. sec.'s office, Nov., 1911; ch. clk., June, 1913; sp. cls. apptmt., Jan., 1920; asst. col. sec., Jan., 1924; offr.-in-charge, secretariat, July-Aug., 1925; J.P. and comsnt., ct. of requests, July, 1925.

TOPPIN, CHARLES SAMUEL.—B. 1866; ed. at Diocesan schl., Waterford, Ireland; served as book keeper and acctnt. with W. Australian land co. (Great Southern rly.), 1887 to 1897; on taking over of line entd. govt. ser. as sub-acctnt., rly. dept., 1st Mar., 1897; asst. acctnt., 1st July, 1900; ag. ch. acctnt., 1st July, 1903; aud.-gen. for State of W. Aust., Feb., 1904; also dep. aud.-gen. for Commonwealth, Feb., 1904, to Jan., 1906.

TORY, JAMES CRANSWICK.—B. 1862; ed. common schl., Guysboro Acad., Wesleyan Theological Coll., Montreal; Nova Scotia legislature, 1911; re-el., 1916; lieut.-gov., Nova Scotia, 1st Oct., 1925.

TOTHILL, FRANCIS JAMES.—Extra asst. to postmtr.-gen., Ceylon, 28th Oct., 1898; asst. inspr. of post offices, Jan., 1899; asst. sec., cent. irrigtn. bd., 15th Jan., 1900; sec., ditto, and office asst. to dir. of irrigtn., 15th May, 1900; asst. acctnt., gen. treasy., Jan., 1907; ag. finan. asst. and acctnt., gen. treasy., Apr., 1911 to Mar., 1912, and Nov., 1915 to Mar., 1916; ag. paymr., Ceylon volr. force, Aug., 1914; ag. staff offr. in add. Apr., 1915; ag. finan. asst. and acctnt., gen. treasy., Nov., 1915; 1st asst. acctnt., Apr., 1916; ag. finan. asst. and acctnt., Apr. to Nov., 1921; finan. asst. and acctnt., July, 1927.

TOUSSAINT, JAMES REGINALD.—B. 1879; ag. off. asst., Matara Kach, Ceylon, Jan., 1917; sec., Buddhist Temporalities ord. coms., and extra off. asst. to dir. of educn., Nov., 1918; ag. off. asst. to col. auditor, Apl., 1919; paptd. to cls. V. of civ. serv., local divn., July, 1919; ag. asst. col. audr., Mar., 1920; ag. sec. to food contr., July, 1921; addnl. asst. comsnr. of stamps, Sept., 1921; promoted cls. IV, Mar., 1926.

TOWNER, H. V., Assoc. Mem., Inst. Civ. Engrs.—Asst. supt. of wks., S. Stlmts., Mar., 1901; supt. of wks. and surveys, Malacca, Oct., 1904; ag. supt. of wks. and surveys, Singapore, Apr. to Sept., 1902, and from Nov., 1904, to Mar., 1908; exec. engrn., Dec., 1909; ag. dep. col. engrn., Penang, Jan., 1910; exec. engrn., Singapore, Mar., 1915; on sp. duty in Malacca on road reconstruction, Oct., 1916; ag. dep. col. engrn. and survr.-gen., Malacca, Feb., 1919; exec. engrn., grade I, Malacca, Dec., 1919; dep. col. engrn., S. Stlmts., Feb., 1921; ag. col. engrn., Mar., 1921.

TRAFFORD, H. H.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Aug., 1913; 1st grade admstr. offr., Kenya, 1925.

TRAFFORD, JOSEPH LOUIS.—B. 1888; ed. Beaumont Coll.; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 18th Aug., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., June, 1915,

and from July, 1916 to July, 1917; asst. dist. comsnr., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr. for various periods, 1915-20; ag. asst. col. sec., June to Aug., 1920; dist. comsnr., 1st Jan., 1921; asst. col. sec., 11th Oct., 1922.

TRATMAN, DAVID Wm.—Ed. at Clifton Coll., schlr. of Univ. Coll., Oxford, 1900; B.A., 1904; cadet, Hong Kong, Nov., 1904; passed cadet, Jan., 1907; ag. asst. land offr. in New Territories, and regisr. of land ct., 1907; mem. of land ct., 1907; ag. pol. mag. in New Territories, 1907; ag. asst. dist. offr., 1909; 2nd asst. regisr.-gen., 1909; ag. supt. of imports and exports, 1910; 1st asst. regisr.-gen., 1911; ag. dist. offr., N.T., 1911; ag. head of sanitary dept., 1912; asst. dist. offr. N.T., (South), 1912; ch. asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1914; ag. dist. offr., N.T., 1915; ag. head of sanitary dept., 1915; head of sanitary dept., 1917; ag. supt. of imports and exports, 1917; local priority authority, 1918; ag. col. treas., 1920 and 1922; dist. offr., N. Territory, 1920; ag. col. treas., 1924; ag. sec., Chinese affrs., 1925; 1st cls. cadet offr., ag. off. reor. and ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of councils, 1926.

TRAVERS, MICHAEL F.—B. 1897; ed. St. Mary's and O'Connell's Schl., Dublin; boy clk., Irish land coms., Dublin, 8th May, 1913; asst. clk., board of educn., 22nd Apr., 1915; war serv., R. Irish Regt., 19th Apr., 1916 to 5th Dec., 1919; apptd. cler. offr., 1st Jan., 1921; transf'd. to C.O., 7th Apr., 1926.

TREE, FRANCIS THOMAS, B.A., Dublin.—B. 1887; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1910; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Jan., 1911; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, June, 1911; 2nd lieut., R.G.A., sp. res., Nov., 1915; lieut., Sept., 1916; attd. R.E. for research in poison gas, Mar., 1918; dist. offr., Ulu Langat, Sept., 1919; ag. dist. offr., Kuantan, May, 1920; ag. asst. adviser, Batu Pahat, Johore, Oct., 1922; offr., cls. III., Nov., 1922; ag. asst. advr., Muar, May, 1924.

TREMLETT, FREDERICK THOMAS GEORGE, M.B.E. (1918).—B. 1881; ed. Denstone Coll., Staffs.; 2nd lieut., Jamaica Militia, 1902; lieut., 1903; attached Lancs. Fusiliers, 1903; sub-inspr. constab., Jamaica, 1903; ag. inspr., ditto, 1908-1911; studied finger-print system, Scotland Yard, 1908; J.P., 1909; inspr. of constab., Jamaica, 1912; supt., Spanish Town fire brigade, 1911-1912; passed mil. schl. of instrn., Chelsea, 1912; transf'd. to Mauritius pol., 1912; dep. inspr.-gen. of pol., Mauritius, 1916; capt. and adjt., Mauritius volr. force, 1916; capt. in army, 1917; raised and comd. Mauritius labour batt., 1917; comd. Mauritius volr. force, Mar. to Dec., 1919; ag. inspr.-gen. of pol., Mauritius, May, 1917, and Mar. to Dec., 1919; major, 1920; ag. inspr.-gen., supt., prisons and C.C. Mauritius Vol. Force, Feb. to Sept., 1922; asst. comsnr., pol. and prisons, Uganda, Nov., 1922.

TREMLETT, CAPT. JOHN DANIEL SCHWEDER, M.C., M.R.C.V.S.—B. 1886; ed. Harrow Schl. and R. Vety. Coll., London; war serv., Gallipoli and France, 1915-18; M.C., 1917; vety. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1920; senr. vety. offr., Apr., 1923.

TRENCH, ARTHUR DONALD LE POER, O.A.C. (dip.).—Senr. coffee offr., agri. dept., Kenya, Oct., 1916.

TREVOR, TUDOR GRUFFYDD.—B. 1865; dep. inspr., mines, Transvaal, Aug., 1901; ag. inspr., mines, Apr., 1911; inspr., mines, Apr., 1912; sec. for mines and wks., N. Rhod., 1st Apr., 1925; mem., leg. couns.

TREWIN, CAPT. ALGERNON BURNBY.—B. 1884; ed. the Royal Naval Schl. and Sandhurst; ent. Army (Essex Regt.), Jan., 1905; instr. of signalling, 1908; seconded, K.A.R., Uganda, 1908; coy. comdr., 1911; seconded, Zanzibar armed constab., 1912; ent. Uganda admstrn., July, 1914; adjt., Uganda vols., Aug., 1914; comen., gen. res. of ofrs., 1919; dist. comsnr., Uganda, Aug., 1923.

TROWBRIDGE, EDMUND.—B. 1881; ed. pub. model and high schls., Toronto, Ontario; asst. clk., exec. coun., 1906; sec., Alberta coal coman., 1907; sec., Alberta pork coman., 1908; dep. prov. sec. and regisr. of companies, prov. of Alberta, 1910.

TROWELL, WM. JOHN.—B. 1864; M.I.N.A.; engr. and shipwright survr. and examnr. of engrs., Liverpool, Feb., 1898; inspr. under bd. of agric., Dec., 1898; inspr. of marine surveys, S. Stittm., 16th Jan., 1903; on special ser. in England in connection with expropriation of Tanjong Pagar Dock Co., Ltd., July to Nov., 1905; on duty at C.O. and Bd. of Trade on draft of merchant shipping ordnec., 1910, Apr., 1908, to Jan., 1909; war serv. recog. by S. of S., Apr., 1918; on sp. serv. in England in connection with the designing of marine craft, 19th Sept., 1920; resumed duties, 21st June, 1921.

TRUMP, PHILIP, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1887; ed. Exeter Schl. and King's Coll., Lond., civ. engr.; asst. engr., P.W.D., Selangor, Aug., 1910; ex-engnr., Grade III, 1919; ex-engnr., malaria advisy. bd., July, 1921; ex-engnr., wks. and bldgs., Kuala Lumpur, May, 1923; ag. senr. ex-engnr., Johore, May, 1924; ditto, Coast, Pahang, Oct., 1926; senr. ex-engnr., F.M.S., Jan., 1927; ag. state engr., Trengganu, Apr., 1927.

TRUTER, SIR THEODORUS GUSTAFF, K.B.E. (1924), C.M.G. (1918).—B. 1873; ed. Boys Pub. Schl., George; Normal Coll., Capetown; Diocesan Coll., Rondebosch; entd. Cape civ. ser., 1st Dec., 1892; chief examr. of acct., 1896; lieut., Robert's Horse, 1899-1902 (medal and four clasps); asst. mag., Pretoria, 1st Apr., 1901; mem., spec. criminal ct.; mag., Ermelo, 1st Dec., 1904; mag., Standerton, 1st Apl., 1908; prov. sec., Transvaal, 1st July, 1910; comsnr., S. African pol., 15th Oct., 1910; J.P., Union of S. Africa.

TUBOKU-METZGER, ALBERT EMERIC, B.A.—Ed. in C.M.S. Gram. schl. and Fourah Bay Coll., Sierra Leone; gained Fourah Bay Coll. foundation scholarship, Jan., 1877; grad. in Arts, June, 1880; first cls. hon. in theology, Durham Univ., Dec., 1881; jun. cls. tutor, Fourah Bay Coll., 1881; entd. S. Leone civ. serv. as extra clk., secretariat and treasury, 1st Mar., 1886; gov.'s office, 1886; clk.-treas., 1887; served as finan. clk. in the Yonni expdn. under Sir Samuel Rowe, 1887; ch. clk., regisr.-gen.'s dept., 1890; regisr. of births and deaths, Freetown dist., 1890; police clk. and clk. of ct. of requests, Freetown, Apr., 1896; ag. regisr.-gen., 1904 to 1906, and 1907; asst. dist. comsnr., 1st May, 1908; apptd. Crown prosecutor in the Sept. sessions of the sup. ct. at Sherbro, Oct., 1908; is a J.P. for the col.; asst. dist. comsnr., N. Sherbro dist., 1914; Karene dist., 1916; mem., lunatic asylum visiting comtee., 1924; ag. rural mem., leg. coun., Oct., 1924.

TUCKER, KEITH RAVENSCROFT, F.I.A.A., certified acctnt.—B. 1890; articled pupil to Messrs. Yarrow & Co., Glasgow, 1906-8; entd. engineering dept., office of crown agts. for the colonies, Mar., 1908; transfd. to col. audit dept., cent. office, June, 1913; asst. auditor, G. Coast, Sept., 1913;

asst. audr., Nyasaland Prot., June, 1916; despatched Pretoria, on mily. audit duties, Oct., 1918 to Apr., 1919; served with Togoland Field Force, Aug.-Sept., 1914 (ment. in desps.); lieut., G. Coast Volrs., Apl., 1915; hon. temp. capt., Nyasaland Field Force, 1919; asst. auditor, Nyasaland Prot., June, 1916; ag. auditor, Apl., 1919 to Mar., 1920; ag. dep. treas., June, 1921; dep. treas., Dec., 1921; ag. treas., Apr., 1923; treas., 14th Jan., 1924.

TUCKER, LESTER.—Ed. at Liverpool Collegiate Institn. and Univ. Coll., Liverpool; prelim. and inter. B.A.; 1st cls. scholarship; 1st cls. both years certif. exam.; parchment certif., 1897; head master, govt. boys' schl., St. Helena, 1904; head master, senior schl., St. Helena, 1905; hon. sec. and treas., govt. lace schl., 1908; supervisor of govt. schls., 1910; hon. sec., bd. of educn., 1911; govt. rep. on Hussey Charity bd. of educn., 1911; J.P. and coroner and mem., bd. of health, 1912; lieut., St. Helena Rifles, Sept., 1914 to Nov., 1916; lieut., R.A.S.C., Apr., 1917 to Nov., 1919; inspr. schls., Leeward Is., Feb., 1920; chmn., gen. purposes comtee., Antigua bd. of educn.; chmn., St. Kitts bd. of educn., 1922.

TUDOR, SIR DANIEL THOMAS, KT. BACH. (1917), K.C.—B. 1866; called to the bar, Gray's Inn, Nov., 1890; eq. dr.; also practised on West. Circ.; atty.-gen. of Grenada and St. Vincent, July, 1903; K.C. of both colonies, May, 1908; acted as chief just., also as col. sec. of Grenada on several occasions; admstr. govt. of St. Vincent, June, 1907, to Jan., 1908; and govt. of Grenada, May and June, 1908, and Mar. to May, 1910; comsnr. to consolidate and revise the Laws of Grenada, 1911; ag. legal asst., C.O., May to Oct., 1911; chief justice, Bahamas, Nov., 1911; pres. of discharged soldiers comn. of inquiry, Jan., 1918; ch. just., Gibraltar, 1922; ret. 11th Oct., 1926.

TURBETT, IVAN JOLIFFE TUFNELL.—B. 1890; ed. Trinity Coll., Dublin; barrister-at-law, King's Inn, Dublin, 1913; cadet, Fiji, 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., 1915; ag. crown solr., 1916; ag. ch. pol. mag., 1917; pol. mag., Gambia, 1918; ag. legal adviser, 1919-22 and in 1924; ag. judge, sup. ct. on various occasions; solr.-gen., Sierra Leone, 1926; ag. atty.-gen. in 1926 and 1927.

TURGEON, WILLIAM FERDINAND ALPHONSE, K.C., B.A.—B. 1877; ed. at New York city and Laval univ., Montreal; barrister; atty.-gen. of Sask., 23rd Sept., 1907; elec. to Sask. legis., 1907; re-elec., 1908, 1912 and 1917; atty.-gen. and prov. sec., 1915; judge, ct. of appeal, Sask., 14th Mar., 1921.

TURNBULL, AUBREY MARRIOTT DALWAT.—Ed. Bath Coll.; clk., treasury, B.C. Africa, Jan., 1903; editor, B. C. A. Gazette, Nov., 1903, to Sept., 1906; 3rd cls. res., May, 1906; ag. regisr. of high ct., offi. recvr. and liquidator, May to Dec., 1908; ag. res. Milanje dist., July, 1909, to Mar., 1910, and May to Nov., 1912; dist. mag., July, 1906; ag. supt. of native affairs and comml. intell. offr., May, 1910, to Mar., 1911; attached to deputy govrs' office for special duty, Sept., 1911, to Apl., 1912; ag. sec. to the administration, Nyasaland Prot., Dec., 1913; asst. ch. sec., Mar., 1914; mem. of native rising coman., 1915; dist. pol. offr. in occupied territory in German E. Africa, July, 1916; adminia. offr., 1st grade, Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920; hon. major, Nyasaland Field Force.

TURNBULL, DAVID OLIVER, D.S.O.—B. 1879; ed. Victoria Coll., Jersey; diploma, R.C.V.S., Dec., 1903; lieut., A.V.D., Sept.

1904 to July, 1908 and Nov., 1914 to Nov., 1915; capt., Nov., 1915; major, Apr., 1916 (A.D.V.S. 27th divn.); lieutenant-col., 1918 (A.D.V.S., 16th Corps); desps., 1916, 1917, 1918; French (roix de Guerre, Mar., 1917; D.S.O., June, 1917; N. Rhodesia vety. dept., Sept., 1920; ag. ch. vety. offr., N. Rhodesia, Feb. to July, 1927 and from Sept., 1927.

TURNER, ERNEST EDGAR.—B. 1880; clk., post office, Sheffield, 1894-1900; served in S. African war and in S. African constab. (medal and 5 clasps); depôt sergt.-major, R.N.W. mounted police, Canada, 1908-1916; coronation medal, 1911; lieutenant, Bahamas police and defence force, 1916; capt., 1917; major and offr. com. local forces, comdt. of police, provost marshal, and inspr. of prisons, June, 1919.

TURNER, CAPT. H. W.—Port offr., E. Africa Prot., May, 1915.

TURNER, JAMES POGSON.—B. 1871; clk., pub. library, St. Kitts, 1890; clk., registrar's off., St. Kitts, 1897; comsnr. to administer oaths, St. Kitts, 1899; clk. to mag., dist. "C," St. Kitts, May to Oct., 1905; 1st clk., registrar's off., Antigua, 3rd May, 1906; comsnr. to admst. oaths, Antigua, May, 1906; clk. to trustees, sup. ct. library, June, 1906; clk. to registrar. of jt. stock companies, Nov., 1906; ag. registrar. and prov. marshal, Dominica, Oct., 1910, to Feb., 1912; ditto, Antigua, and ch. registrar., Leeward Is., 17th Feb. to 31st March, 1912, 26th Apl. to 20th Nov., 1914, and from 4th May to 5th Nov., 1915; dep. coroner, dists. "A" and "B" Antigua, Apl., 1916; dir. of P.O.G. fund, Jan., 1917; registrar. and prov. marshal, Antigua, and chief registrar., 1st Sept., 1917.

TURNER, LEWIS JAMES BARNETSON.—B. 1886; ed. Edinburgh Univ. (M.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1908; off. asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Dec., 1909; pol. mag., Gampola, Nov., 1911; office asst. to govt. agt., S. Prov., May, 1913; asst. comsnr. of excise, Nov., 1913; asst. comsnr., S. Div., Jan., 1914; ditto, N.W. Div., Aug., 1916; asst. govt. agt., Kandy, in addition to his own duties, Oct., 1917; ag. asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Sept., 1918; asst. comsnr. of excise, N.W. divn., and asst. govt. agt., Kandy, Aug., 1919; ag. asst. govt. agt., Nuwara Eliya, Oct., 1919; supt. of census, July, 1920; dir. of statistics in addn., Sept., 1920; designation changed to dir., statistics and office systems, Oct., 1926.

TURTON, NEVILLE HARRY.—B. 1889; ed. at Merton Coll., Oxford; B.A. (hons.), 1911; M.A., 1915; barrister-at-law. Inner Temple; asst. auditor, S. Leone, 1912; ag. auditor on four occasions; volunteer, R.G.A., Sierra Leone; asst. to the atty.-gen., Uganda, 1921; 1st cl. mag. and judge, Kampala in addn.; atty.-gen., St. Vincent, June, 1924; chmn., Income tax comsnr., 1924; mem., educn. bd., 1925; ag. col. sec., Aug., 1925 and July, 1926; ag. ch. just., Oct., 1925.

TUTE, RICHARD CLIFFORD.—B. 1874; ed. Royal Schl. of St. Peter, York; ent. I.C.S., 1898; served in Gt. War; barrister-at-law (Middle Temple), 1923; pres., land ct., Jerusalem, 1925.

TWELLS, JOHN.—Ed. at Jesus Coll., Camb. (scholar); B.A., 1907; examr., E. and A. Dept., July, 1909; asst. auditor, S. Leone, Nov., 1909; asst. auditor, E. Africa Prot., July, 1912; senr. asst. mast., educn. dept., Kenya, 1919.

TWEMLOW, GEORGE BROWNBILL.—B. 1897; ed. at Rossall Schl.; mily. serv., 1916-20; demob. with rank of capt.; re-enlisted, 1920-23; joined botanical and forestry dept., Hong Kong, 1923; asst. supt., botanical and forestry dept., Hong Kong, 1927.

TWOSE, LAWRENCE RENDLE.—B. 1891; clk. to mag., dist. A, 1915; sec. to fire brig. coman., 1916; lieutenant, H.M. forces, 1916-19; ag. A.D.C. to gov., Leeward Is., on occasion of visit of Prince of Wales, 1920; clk. to comanr., clk., couns., dep. coroner, educn. dist. offr., Montserrat, 1920; J.P., chmn., prison justices, 1924; mag., coroner, registrar.-gen., sup. ct., 1924; M.E.C. and M.L.C., 1925.

TYLER, JAMES ERNEST.—Govt. printer, S. Stlmts., 1st July, 1905.

TYLER-SMITH, H. A., A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.M.E.—B. 1887; B.Sc. (Eng.) with 1st cl. hons., civil engnr., Liverpool Univ., 1909; 2nd lieutenant, R.E. (sp. res.) 1910; asst. engnr., P.W.D., Kenya, 1911; exec. engnr., 1917; capt., R.E. (S.R.), 1917; D.P.W., Gambia, Dec., 1920.

TYNDALL, EUSTACE JOHN.—B. 1895; ed. Beaumont Coll., Windsor, and Trinity Coll., Dublin; asst. dist. comanr., Sierra Leone, 9th July, 1924.

TYRRELL, FRANCIS GRAEME, C.M.G. (1928).—B. 1876; ed. Pembroke coll., Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1900; ag. priv. sec. to H.E. the governor, Aug., 1901; priv. sec. to H.E. the offr. admstg. the govt., Apr., 1902; off. asst. to govt. agt., Cent. prov., Jan., 1903-Dec., 1904; ag. asst. govt. agt., Nuwara Eliya, Oct., 1904; seconded supt. of pol., N.W. prov., Aug., 1905, cent. prov., Mar., 1907; dist. judge, Badulla, Dec., 1908; asst. govt. agt., Matale, Feb., 1909; dep. collr. of customs, Nov., 1911; on mil. duty, Jan., 1915; ag. govt. agt., N.C. Prov., Aug., 1919; govt. agt., N.W. Prov., May, 1921; prin. collr., cust., Apr., 1926; mem., exec. and leg. couns.; ag. contr. rev., 3rd Mar., 1927; contr. rev., 5th June, 1927; ag. col. sec., 29th May to 19th Aug., 1927.

TYSSER, SIR C. R., KT. BACH. (1909).—Ed. at Rugby and Trin. Coll., Camb., M.A. (1872); called to bar, In. Tem., 1873; asst. ag. judic. comsnr. and leg. advsr., Cyprus, 1880-1; atty.-gen., Leewards, 1886-9; pres. dist. ct., Kyrenia, Cyprus, 1895; puisne judge, Cyprus, Jan., 1902; ch. just., 1906; ret., 1919; author of "Marine Insurance Losses," 1894; wrote translation of Omar Hilmi Effendi's Evkaf Law, 1899; and of the Mejellé, 1901.

UNIACKE, CAPT. ANDREW GORE, D.S.O.—Served with N.W. mtd. pol., Canada (including Yukon expdn.), 1893-1898; served in S. African war, with Canadian forces and M.I., 1899-1902 (2 medals, 8 clasps, D.S.O.); dist. supt., N. Nigeria police, 1903; served with expdn. against Okpotos, 1903-4 (A.G.S. medal and clasp); served with Nigeria Regt., 1916-18; inspr.-gen., N. Provs., Nigeria pol., 1919.

UNWIN, ARTHUR HAROLD, D.Oec.—Forestry branch, dept. of interior, Canada, 1903-4; asst. conservator and senr. conservator of forests, Nigeria, 1904-17; office of woods, timber supply dept., England, 1917-19; prin. forest offr., Cyprus, 1921.

USHER, CAPT. C. G., M.C.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, May, 1920; ag. sec., secretariat, 1927.

USHER, WALTER WHITBREAD.—B. 1886; ed. at Marist Bros. Coll., Uitenhage; clk., Swaziland, 1910; registrar. and master, sp. ct. of Swaziland, and Sheriff, 1916; dep. asst. comanr., Mbabane, 1919; served in Anglo-Boer War, 1901, S.W. campaign, 1914-15 and Flanders, 1916-18.

VALINTINE, THOMAS HARCOURT AMBROSE, C.B.E. (1919), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.),

D.P.H. (R.O.S. and R.C.P., Lond.).—B. 1865; ed. Marlborough Coll. and St. Bartholomew's Hosp.; dist. health offr., N.Z., 1901; asst. ch. health offr., 1902; inspr. gen. of hosps., 1907; ch. health offr., 1909; dir., mily. hosps., 1915-19; dir.-gen. of pub. health, 1921.

VALLIPURAM, WILLIAM GEORGE.—B. 1868; ag. pol. mag., Trincomalee, Ceylon, Dec., 1917; apptd. to cls. V. of civ. ser., local divn., July, 1919; pol. mag., Trincomalee and office asst., Trincomalee kachcheri, Nov., 1922.

VAN DER MEULEN, SIR FREDERICK A., KT. BACH. (1919); O.B.E. (1919).—B. 1875; ed. at Blundell's Schl., Tiverton, and Keble Coll., Oxford; B.A. (hons. in mod. hist.), 1896; M.A., 1900; barrister-at-law, Gray's Inn, 1900; Westn. circuit; asst. dist. comsr., Sierra Leone, 1907; solr.-gen., 1908; ag. atty.-gen. and also ag. puisne and circuit judge on various occasions, 1908-1911; ch. mag., Gambia, 1913; puisne judge, Nigeria, Oct., 1919.

VAN DER RIET, FREDERICK JOHN WERNDLT.—B. 1868; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; B.A. (hons. lit.), 1887; Cape civ. serv., 1887; LL.B., priv. study, 1894; admitted to practice as advoc., sup. ct., 1894; Transvaal, 1897; K.C., 1912; mem., Union parlt., Dec., 1912 to Feb., 1923; judge, sup. ct., assigned to Eastern districts' local divn., Feb., 1923.

VAN DER STERR, WILLEM CORNELIS.—Dir., secondary triangulation, Union of S. Africa, 25th Aug., 1919; dir., trigonometrical survey, Union of S. Africa, 1st Oct., 1920.

VAN DE VELDE, MARCEL ARTHUR MAURICE.—Ed. at Mt. St. Mary's Coll., Derbyshire; clk., col. audit branch, E. and A. dept., 29th May, 1900; tempy. asst. audr., E. Africa Prot. and Uganda rly., 9th Mar., 1903; asst. audr., Uganda Prot., June, 1903; asst. audr., E. Africa Prot. and Uganda rly., 1904; local audr., Uganda Prot., 16th Nov., 1909; audr., Uganda Prot., 1st May, 1910; audr., Kenya, Oct., 1923.

VAN HEERDEN, SENATOR THE HON. H. C., M.L.A.—Formerly chmn. of comtees.; min. of agric., Union of S. Africa 1913-19; pres. of the senate since 1921.

VAN REENEN, REENEN JACOB, B.A., C.E., Assoc. M. Amer. Soc. C.E., A.M.I.C.E.—Ed. at S.A. Coll., Cape Town; at graduation obtained Victoria scholarship, proceeded to Lehigh Univ.; asst. engnr., irrigtn. dept., Cape Colony, Sept., 1909; ditto, Union of S. Africa; supt. of roads and local wks., O.F.S. Prov., May, 1912; mem. of Union Drought Investigation Comsn., 1920-24; chmn., Draught Investigation Comsn. of S.W. Africa, 1923-24; irrign. finances comsn., 1924-25; chmn., permanent drought comsn., 1926.

VAN RYNEVELD, COL. SIR PIERRE HEBERUS ANDRIAS, K.B.E. (1920), D.S.O. (1918), M.C. (1916), B.A., B.Sc.—B. 1891; ed. Grey Coll. Schl., Grey Univ. Coll., Bloemfontein, Imp. Coll., Univ. of London; 2nd lieut., 7th Loyal N. Lancs. Regt., Aug., 1914; lieut., R.F.C., Apr., 1915; detachment C.O., Senussi campaign, Egypt, 1915-16; flight comdr., Palestine, 1916; ditto, Salonika, 1916; squad. comdr., London night defences, 1916-17; squad. comdr., No. 17 squad., B.E.F., 1917; severely wounded; wing comdr., XI. (Army) Wing, 2nd Army, 1917-19; ditto, Army wing, Rhine army of occupation, 1919; ment. in desps. six times, "1914-15" Star, Brit. War med., Victory med., Order of the Nile, 4th cls., Croix de Chevalier, Legion d'Honneur, France, Croix d'Officier, Ordre Leopold avec Croix de Guerre, Belgium; S. African liaison offr., Air

Miny., 1919-21; lieut.-col. (temp. col.), Permanent Force Union Defence Forces, 1st Feb., 1920; dir. of air services, U.D.F., 1st Feb., 1920.

VAN SCHALKWIJK, JAN ZACHARIAS.—B.A.; inspr. of schls., O.F.S. Prov., Union of S. Africa, Nov., 1917.

VAN SCHALKWIJK, L. M. A. N., B.A. (Cape), Ph.D. (Amst.).—B. 1888; ed. Normal and S. African Coll., Cape Town, also in Holland and Germany; teacher, Cape Prov., seven years; organising inspr., Union dept. of edcn., 1921.

VAN VELDEN, DIRK ELIZA.—B. 1869; ed. at Gymnasium and Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; clk., auditor-gen.'s off., 1896; asst. sec., second volksraad, S. African Repub., 1896; sec. to ditto, 1899; sec. to Transvaal govt., Sept., 1900, to 1902; clk. asst. to legis. coun., Transvaal, 1907; clk. of the prov. coun., Transvaal, and clk. of the exec. comtee.; prov. sec., Transvaal Prov., 1918; author of "Peace Negotiations between Boer and Briton in South Africa."

VAN ZIJL, HENDRIK STEFANUS, L.L.B. (Camb.), B.A., L.L.B. (Cape).—B. 1876; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, and St. John's Coll., Cambridge; advoc. sup. ct., Cape Town, 1903; M.P., Cape of Good Hope, 1905-10; parly. draftman, Union of S. Africa, 1910-15; K.C., 1919; judge, sup. ct., Union of S. Africa, 1920; chmn., delimitation comsn., 19th July, 1927.

VAN ZIJL, L. J., B.A.—B. 1887; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; vice-prin., Boshof, 1910; prin., Smithfield, 1914; prin., Ladybrand, 1919; inspr. of schls., Orange Free State, 1921.

VAREY, JAMES ARTHUR, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1879; apprentice, city engnr.'s office, Leeds, 1896; asst. engnr., ditto, 1900; ditto, waterwks. engnrs. office, Leeds, 1905; irrigtn. engnr., irrigtn. dept., Ceylon, 1907; irrigtn. engnr., P.W.D., B. Guiana, 1913; dist. engnr., P.W.D., Ceylon, Feb., 1920.

VASKESS, HENRY HARRISON.—B. 1891; clk., Western Pacific high comsn., 1st Apr., 1911; on mily. serv., 9th June, 1915; clk. in ch., acct., W. Pacific, 6th Sept., 1919; ch. clk. and acctnt., 1st Apr., 1920; ag. sec. to W. Pacific high comsn. for short periods in 1920, 1922, 1925 and 1927.

VASSALL, HENRY HOLLAND.—B. 1887; ed. Bedford Grammar Schl. and Keble Coll., Oxford; asst. res., Nyasaland, 1911; res., 1919.

VASSALLO, EDWIN P., L. S. & A.—B. 1891; ed. Flore's Coll. and Malta Univ.; grad. as land survr. and architect, 1914; elec. for 7th divn. in leg. assem., Oct., 1921; re-el., June, 1924 and Aug., 1927; min. for pub. wks., 16th Aug., 1927; edr. "The Malta Times and Progress" until Aug., 1927.

VASSALLO, S.—Ed. Malta Lyceum and Malta Univ.; M.D., 1913; govt. exhibn. for science, 1906-1907; ditto for medicine, 1909-1913; post-graduate work at Univ. Coll. Hosp. and London Hosp.; clinical asst., St. John's Hosp., W., and Royal Ear Hosp.; supernumerary med. offr., Leeward Is., 1914; D.T.M. and H. (Lond.) certif., L.S.T.M. (Duncan med.); temp. comsn., R.A.M.C. (ment. in desps.); med. offr., Uganda 1919; surg. spec., Zanzibar Prot., 1925.

VATHIANATHAN, KANTIRAH.—B. 1896; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., June, 1923; attd. Colombo kach., July, 1923; ditto Ratnapura kach., May, 1924; ag. office asst. ditto, Sept., 1924; extra office asst., ditto, Apr., 1925; pol. mag. Dandagamuwa, Sept., 1925; ditto, Avisawella, Feb., 1926; office asst., Galle kach., Nov., 1926.

VAUGHAN, JOHN HENRY.—B. 1892; ed. Eastbourne Coll. and Corpus Christi Coll., Cambridge, B.A. (hist. tripos), 1914; served with H.M. Forces, 1914-21; M.C., Arras, 1917; asst. dist. comanr., Zanzibar, 1921; priv. sec. to Br. res. and clk. of the coun., July, 1924; ag. registrar, high ct., 1927.

VELLACOTT, PHILIP NORTHCOOT, M.B. Lond. (hons. in for. and obst. med.), 1895; B.S., 1896; M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1896; F.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1901.—House surg., res. obstetric and clin. asst., Guy's hosp.; asst. curator of museum, St. George's hosp.; civ. surg., S. African field force, 1901 to 1902; capt., S.A. Constab., 6th June, 1902; transf'd. to O.R.C. govt. serv. as res. med. offr., National hosp., Bloemfontein, 1st Dec., 1905; fellow of R. Inst. of pub. health; deleg. from O.R.C. to 2nd Internat. Congress on School Hygiene.

VENABLES, OSWALD ERIC.—Cadet, S. Stlmts., 28th Nov., 1914; on active ser., June, 1917; ag. dist. offr., Jasin, 30th Sept., 1919; ag. dist. offr., Dingdingo, 27th Feb., 1922.

VENIOT, PETER JOHN.—Mem. New Brunswick legislature, 1894-1900; re-elec., 1917 and min. of pub. wks.; premier, New Brunswick, 1923-25; postmr.-gen. of Canada, 1926.

VENN, HARRY NORMAN.—West Australian service, 1895-1900; S. African war (2 medals, 5 clasps); Imperial army pay dept. in Australia, 1902-03; ch. clk. and acctnt., dist. hosps. dept., Transvaal, Aug., 1903; pub. health dept., Transvaal, 1904; acctnt., col. sec.'s dept., 1905; acctnt., dept. of interior, May, 1910; ag. under-sec. for interior, Union of S. Africa, 1915; under-sec. for the Interior, 1st Dec., 1919; comsnr. for Asiatic affrs., 27th May, 1927.

VENNING, G.—B. 1879; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., and assigned to local govt. bd., May, 1899; after further compet. exam., apptd. clk. of the 2nd div. of the civ. ser., and assigned to W.O., 8th Jan., 1900; transf'd. to C.O., 16th Apr., 1903; conf. clk., 1st Apr., 1919; staff offr., 9th Jan., 1928.

VENNING, JOHN HENRY.—B. 1876; ed. Worthing Coll.; Matabele Rebellion, 1896; apptd. to dist. admtn., N.W. Rhodesia, June, 1907; asst. native comsnr., Apr., 1908; native comsnr., Apr., 1908; asst. mag., N.R., Apr., 1913; ag. res. mag., Barotse dist., Mar., 1915-Mar., 1916; has acted as mag. on various occasions between Apr. 1919 and Aug. 1924; mag., Aug., 1924; J.P.

VEREKER, STANISH HENRY PRENDERGAST.—B. 1878; served in I.Y. in S. African War, 1900-1901 (ment. in desps., awarded medal "For distinguished conduct in the field"); served under F.O. as British vice-consul, and frequently as acting consul, Cherbourg, Jan., 1902 to Sept., 1906; assisted parly. comtee. on vagrancy, Nov., 1906, to Mar., 1906; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1st Sept., 1906.

VERITY, JOHN.—B. 1892; barrister-at-law, copyist, treasury, and cust., Br. Honduras, 1908; 3rd cla. clk., registr. gen.'s office, 1910; 2nd clk., atty. gen.'s office, 1912; resig., 1913; called to bar, Middle Temple, 1918; dep. clk., cts., St. Catharine, Jamaica, 1918; clk., cts., Trelawny, 1920; ag. res. mag. for various periods, 1922-26; res. mag. for various periods 1922-26; res. mag., Hanover, 1926; ag. judge, Kingston ct., 1927.

VERNEY, FRANK ARTHUR, O.B.E. (1925).—B. 1874; vet. offr., Natal, 1901-08; prin. vet. offr., Basutoland, 1908.

VERNON, ROLAND VENABLES, C.B. (1924).—B. 1877; ed. at Clifton and Oxford; schol. of

Balliol, 1895-9; 1st cla. mods., 1897; prox. acc. Hertford schlr.; Craven schlr., 1897; Jenkyns exhib., 1899; 1st cla. lit., hum., 1899; apptd. after compet. exam., clk. insect's dept., inland rev., Nov., 1899; 2nd cla. clk., C.O., 13th Aug., 1900; sec. to Trinidad riot. comsn., 1903; mem., managing comtee. of E.I.O.; asst. priv. sec. to Lord Elgin, Jan., 1908; priv. sec. to Col. Seely, 16th Apr., 1908; reod. S. African Union medal, 1910; ag. 1st cla. clk., 1st Jan., 1911; priv. sec., to Lord Denman, gov.-gen. of Australia, 1911-12; 1st cla. clk., 9th Nov., 1912; visited and reported on British Solomon Islands, Nov.-Dec., 1911; represented H.M.G. on Anglo-French New Hebrides confce., May-Aug., 1914; transf'd. to treasury, Oct., 1914; lent to Miny. of Munitions, June, 1915; asst. gen. sec., 1916; visited France and Belgium on sp. serv., Feb., 1917; asst. sec., Irish Convention, June, 1917 to Mar., 1918; retd. to treasury, May, 1918; dep. acct.-gen., B. of E., Apr., 1920; lent to C.O., Middle East dept. as asst. sec., finan. and economic, Apr., 1921; visited Egypt, Palestine and Trans-Jordan on sp. serv., Sept., 1921 to Jan., 1922; sp. serv. at Lausanne for Turkish Peace Treaty, Nov. to Dec., 1922 and June, 1923; transf'd. to permanent staff of C.O. as asst. sec., Jan., 1924; seconded for service as finan. adviser to govt. of Iraq, 1925.

VERRY, CECIL TYRRELL.—B. 1885; ed. Malvern; clk., treas., Nyasaland, 1909; transf'd., dist. admtn., 1900; res., 3rd grade, 1910; ag. A.D.C. to gov., 1915-18; temp. lieut., K.A.R., 1916; res., 1918; admstrn. offr., 1st grade, 31st July, 1923.

VERSCHAFFELT, PAUL DESIRÉ NESTOR, L.L.B., F.I.A.N.Z.—B. 1887; grad. in law, Victoria Coll., N.Z.; ent. N.Z. pub. serv., 1904; asst. pub. serv. comsnr., 1921; pub. serv. comsnr., 1923.

VICTORIA, RIGHT REV. GERARD HEATH LANDER, Lord Bishop of Victoria, Hong Kong.—B. 1861; ed. at Trin. Coll. and Ridley Hall, Camb., B.A., 1884; M.A., 1888; D.D., 1907; consec. at Lambeth Parish Church, 29th June, 1907; curate of St. Bride's, Liverpool, 1884 to 1888; vicar of St. Benedict's, Liverpool, 1888 to 1896; of Litherland, 1896 to 1905; of St. Cyprian's, Liverpool, 1905 to 1907; chrmn., Litherland schl. bd., 1898 to 1903; chaplain to Liverpool dist. lay readers, 1892 to 1905.

VIDAL, M. R. R.—Asst. dist. comsnr., E. Africa Prot., Dec., 1912; 1st grade admstrv. offr., Kenya, Jan., 1924.

VIDAL-HALL, CHARLES HERMAN.—B. 1865; ed. Walton High Schl., St. Ann, Jamaica; Jamaica civ. serv., 1881; ent. Island medical office and served in various grades, Kingston cust., 1885-1907; junr. collr., taxes, 1908; senr. collr., taxes, 1918; ag. collr.-gen. in 1926 and 1927.

VILJOEN, WILLEM JACOBUS, M.A., L.N.C., Phil. D.—B. 1869; ed. at Normal Coll., Capetown, Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, and S. African Coll., Capetown; apptd. to staff, Normal Training Coll., Capetown, 1889; after graduation studied at Univs. of Amsterdam, Leyden, Strasbourg, and in 1894 took degree of Phil. D. (in modern languages and comparative philology); prof., mod. languages and hist., Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch, 1895-1903; prof. of Dutch (lang. and lit.) ditto, now Univ. of Stellenbosch, 1903-10; elec. mem. of coun. of C. of G.H. Univ., 1897; mem., Maatschappij der Nederlandse, Leiden, 1900; rep. Cape Univ. at quinquennial of Leipzig Univ., 1909; dir., educn., O.F.S., 1910-18; mem. and chmn. of Grey Univ. Coll. coun., Bloemfontein, 1911-18; rep. Union

of S. Africa at Impl. Eduon. Confee., in London, 1911 and 1923; first vice-chan., Univ. of S. Africa, 1918; supt. gen. of eduon., Cape Prov., 1918; mem., coun., Huguenot Univ. Coll., Wellington, 1919; hon. D.C.L., Oxford, 1923; author of several standard wks. on Dutch language and simplified orthography.

VIMPANY, HAROLD RAVENSCROFT.—B. 1870; clk., Basutoland, 1907; treas. clk., 1913; clk. to asst. comsnnr., 1915; dir., indus. sch., 1916.

VINCENT, GEORGE ALVES, M.B., Ch.B.—B. 1872; asst. med. supt., lunatic asylum, Trinidad, 16th Mar., 1901; supt., ditto, 1st Apl., 1909.

VINCENT, WILLIAM HENRY, L.M.S.S.A., Lond.—B. 1886; ed. Colet Court, St. Paul's sch., St. Mary's Hosp., and London Univ.; dist. med. off., Fiji, 1915.

VISCHER, HANNS, C.B.E.—B. 1876; ed. Switzerland and Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1903; res., 1905; dir. of eduon., 1908-18; lieut., Gen. List, 1915; capt., 1915; major, 1916; Étoile Noire, 1917; Legion d'Honneur, 1918; Crown of Italy, 1918; Crown of Belgium, 1918; C.B.E., 1918; demob., 1919 with rank of major in G.R.O.; mem. and sec., S. of S.'s advisory comtee. on native eduon. in Trop. Africa, Nov., 1923.

VISSER, DANIEL HENDRIK, J.P.—B. 1877; entered Cape pub. serv., 23rd Mar., 1894; asst. mag. and ag. civil comsnnr., 1902-05; clk.-asst., Cape House of Assem., 8th Apr., 1907; clk.-asst., House of Assem., Union of S. Africa, Nov., 1910; clk., House of Assem., 1st Oct., 1920.

VLEELAND, CHARLES ARCHIBALD.—B. 1890; ed. Exeter Schl. and Balliol Coll., Oxford (schol.); 1st cls. hon., nat. sci., 1911; cadet, F.M.S., 1914; asst. sec. to res., Selangor, 1917; 3rd asst. sec., fedl. secretariat, 1919; asst. dist. off., 1929-21; sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, 1922; pvt. sec. to O.A.G., June, 1925; attd., col. secs. office, Singapore, Nov., 1925; ag. 1st asst. sec. (A) Singapore, Dec., 1925; off., cls. III., Dec., 1926; ag. dist. off., Batang Padang, July, 1927.

VOLLET, EMILE EDOUARD CHARLES, M.D. (Paris), L.M.S.S.A. (Lond.).—B. 1862; med. off., Basutoland, 1918; war. serv., médecin aide major, 2nd cls., 1914; médecin aide major, 1st cls., 1916; Chevalier de la Legion d'Honneur, 1917; Croix de Guerre, 1917.

VOLNEY, JOSEPH HENRY LOUIS.—B. 1875; cntd. pub. ser., St. Lucia, Feb., 1892, as supermn. clk., post off.; ag. 4th clk., treasury, Apr. and May, 1893; ag. rev. off., June to Nov., 1893; clk., immig. off., Feb., 1894; 4th clk., treasury, Apr., 1894; 3rd clk., in 1895, 1896, and 1897; 3rd clk., treasury, Jan., 1898; ag. 2nd clk. and treasury acctnt., May to Oct., 1898; ag. 2nd clk. and cashier, treasury, Aug., 1900, to Apr., 1901; 2nd clk., registrar's off., Apr., 1901; ag. ch. clk., Aug. to Oct., 1901; ag. audit clk., Aug. to Nov., 1902; transfed. on temporary duty to pub. wks. dept.; ch. clk., registrar's dept., Apr., 1903; ag. registrar. on several occasions, 1908-1915; ag. mag., dist. III, Mar. to May; asst. mag., dist. I, Sept. to Dec., 1913, and from Aug., 1914; ag. marshal of the Royal court (Admiralty jurisdiction) from Sept., 1914.

VOULES, ARTHUR BLENNERHASSETT.—Ed. Dulwich Coll. and Sidney Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1892; called to the bar, Inner Temple, 1912; entered F.M.S. civ. ser., 1892; solr.-gen., S. Stlmts., 1913; ag. atty.-gen., S. Stlmts., 1919; ag. judicial comsnnr., F.M.S., 1919; ag. legal adviser, F.M.S., in addn., Mar., 1920; legal

adviser (offr. cls. I.A.), June, 1920; ag. judl. comsnnr., F.M.S. in addn., June, 1920; ag. ch. sec. to govt., Oct., 1920; ag. Br. res., N. Sembilan, Mar.-Apr., 1921; ag. atty.-gen., S. Stlmts., 10th Mar., 1922.

WADDEL, WILLIAM.—B. 1868; ed. Southland Boys' High Schl. N.Z.; cntd. N.Z. state advances dept., 1895; asst. supt., 1904; dep. supt., 1907; supt., 1922.

WADDINGTON, E. J., O.B.E. (1919).—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., Dec., 1913; ag. prov. comsnnr., Jubaland, Nov., 1919; senr. asst. sec. secretariat, Kenya, Feb. to Sept., 1923; clk. of couns., Sept., 1923; asst. sec., govs' confce., 1926.

WADE, A. DE V.—Ed. Lancing Coll., exhibtnr. and Kebble Coll., Oxford; scholar; M.A.; asst. dist. comsnnr., E. Africa Prot., Mar., 1912; ag. dep. ch. native comsnnr., Kenya, 1926.

WADE, CECIL HENRY, B.A. (hons.), 1909.—Ed. Lancing Coll. (exhibtnr.) and Kebble Coll., Oxford; 3rd grade res., Nyassaland, 5th Aug., 1911; ag. 1st asst. sec. (native affrs.), July, 1920; 1st asst. sec., June, 1921; examr. in Chinyanja language; ag. ch. sec., May, 1926; ag. treas., July, 1927.

WADIA, SIYAX HIRJI.—B. 1890; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., May, 1915; attached to Jaffna Kachecheri, June, 1915; addtl. pol. mag., Jaffna, in addition to his own duties, Oct., 1915; ag. office asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Oct., 1916; financial asst. to chmn., municipal coun., Colombo, Jan., 1918; office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaraganuwa, Mar., 1920; pol. mag., Avisawella, June, 1920; ag. dist. judge, Anuradhapura, July, 1921; asst. contr., rev., Apr., 1922; addnl. asst. contr., rev., Aug., 1925; asst. comsnnr., stamps, Jan., 1926; asst. contr., rev., Nov., 1926.

WAGNER, J. H. F., M.D.—B. 1899; ed. South African Coll., Cape Town; asst. med. inspr. of schls., O.F.S., 1927.

WAJAPU, BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. WILLIAM WALMSLEY SEDGWICK, M.A., D.D.—B. 1858; ed. Maidstone Gram. Schl. and Christ Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1881; served in marine batt. with ships at Suakim, 1884-5 (Egyptian medal with Suakim clasp and Khedive's bronze star); vicar of Waiakari, New Zealand, 1901-3; of Akaroa, 1903-4; of St. Luke's, Christchurch, 1904-13; Bishop of Waiapu, 1914.

WAINWRIGHT, WILLIAM FREDERICK, O.B.E.—B. 1881; Indian pol., 1899; accompanied Sir Charles Yate on polit. mission to Mekran, S. Persia; transfed. to Bengal pol., 1901; on sp. famine operns., 1906-08; serv. in Gt. War, Egypt and Palestine, 1916-20; major, Territorial Res. (Yeomanry); dep. dist. comdt. of pol., Palestine, 1920; dist. supt., pol., Palestine, 1926.

WAIT, WALTER ERNEST.—B. 1878; ed. Fettes and Edinburgh Univ. (M.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Oct., 1902; addtl. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., and addl. comsnnr. of requests and pol. mag., Mannar and Puttalam during pearl fishery, Feb., 1905; asst. land stlmt. off., May, 1905; dist. judge, Batticaloa, Dec., 1910; asst. land settmt. off., Feb., 1911; on mil. duty, Aug., 1914; pol. mag., Colombo, May, 1915; asst. govt. agt., Puttalam and Chilaw, Sept., 1916; deputy-colr. of customs, Colombo, Apr., 1919; settlement off., June, 1920; ag. contr., rev., Apr., 1922; contr., Indian immigr. lab. in Ceylon, Apr., 1923; ag. contr., rev., Dec., 1925; mem., leg. coun.; prin. colr., cust. and food contr., 3rd Mar., 1927; ag. col. treas., 3rd Mar. to 12th July, 1927.

WALCOTT, HENRY BARCLAY.—C.M.G. (1913), C.B.E. (1926); B. 1866; excise and customs offr., St. Lucia, 1884; treas. acctnt., 1890; ag. ch. clk., treas., 1891; ag. ch. clk. and acctnt., St. Vincent, 1892; ag. ch. clk. acctnt., Grenada, 1892; ch. clk., audit office, Dec., 1893; ag. postmr., 1895-6; ag. ch. of pol. and excise, 1897; 2nd audit clk., col. sec.'s off., Br. Honduras, 1897; auditor, Feb., 1898; ch. asst. treas., Gold Coast, Jan., 1900; ag. treas., and mem. ex. and legis. couns., dir., pub. offr.'s guarantee fund, mem. bd. of educn., July, 1900, to Jan., 1901, and May to Oct., 1902; ag. comsnnr. of police and supt. of prisons, 1901-1902; pres. Accra town coun., 1901-1902; treas. and collr. of cust., registr. of shipping, pres., quarantine bd., chmnn. poor relief commtee., mem. of bd. of educn., mem. ex. and leg. couns., Br. Hond., Mar., 1903; J.P., Apr., 1903; ag. col. sec., 22nd July to 6th Aug., 1905, 10th Nov., 1905, to 12th Aug., 1906, and from 8th May, 1908; collr. of cust. and detaining offr., M.S. Act, Trinidad, 1909; colony's del. at confces. on Canadian reciprocity, Ottawa, 1912 and 1920; ag. col. sec., Oct., 1918, Mar.-Nov., 1919, July-Aug., 1920 and from Jan., 1921 to Jan., 1922; treas., Trinidad, Jan., 1924; ag.-gov., July to Aug., 1924; ag. col. sec. Aug., 1924 and Dec., 1925 to Feb., 1926; chmnn. agri. bank, 1925.

WALKER, A.—Laboratory supt., E. Africa Prot., Oct., 1918.

WALKER, ARTHUR FRANCIS GREGORY, M.C.—B. 1884; asst. supt., prisons, Ceylon, Jan., 1910; inspr. gen., prisons, Feb., 1922.

WALKER, MAJOR GEORGE HENRY—D.S.O. (1901); b. 1875; ed. at pub. schls., Nelson and Taranaki; capt., New Zealand militia; served in S. African war as capt., 4th N.Z. Rough Riders and Colonial Light Horse (ment. in desps., King's, Queen's medals and 6 clasps); dist. supt. of pol., Northern Nigeria constab., 1907; asst. comsnnr. of pol., S. Nigeria, July, 1908; comsnnr. of pol., Southern Provinces, Nigeria, Jan., 1915; awarded the King's police medal, 1911; on mil. serv., Cameroons and E. Africa, 1915-19; dep. inspr.-gen., pol., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. inspr.-gen. in 1922 and 1923.

WALKER, JAMES.—Ch. veterinary research offr., E. Africa Prot., June, 1918.

WALKER, JOHN C.—4th batt. Yorkshire regt.; Coorga Nagpore rifles; served with Yorks. I.Y. in S. Africa (two medals with 5 clasps); asst. polit. offr., Somaliland, Sept., 1905; mentioned in despatches, 1906; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 1910.

WALKER, REGINALD PLUMER, A.M.I.T.—B. 1891; travelling audr., F.M.S., Rlys., 1914-18; asst. acct., 1918-25; dep. acct., Jan., 1926; ag. ch. acct., F.M.S. Rlys., Feb., 1926.

WALKER, WILLIAM HENRY, C.M.G. (1917); I.S.O. (1912); B.A.—B. 1864, apptd. 3rd class clk., govr. genl.'s office, Canada, 1887; promoted to 2nd cls., 1892; 1st cls., 1898; ch. clk., 1908; chf. clk., dept. of external affairs, 1909; asst. under-sec. for external affairs, 1912.

WALKER-LEIGH, ARTHUR HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.—B. 1871; ed. Cheltenham, Jersey and privately; major, late R. Munster Fusiliers and 7th Service Battn., Northamptonshire Regt.; Gold Coast constab., May, 1898; served in The Greys, Fra-Fra and Sapari expdn., 1898-99 (ment. in desps.); served in S. African Light Horse, S. African War, 1900; Queen's Medl., 4 clasps; Talansi Expdn., 1902; capt., 2nd Batt. Gold Coast Regt., W.A.F.F., 1901-02; Cameroons, 1915; severely wounded, "1914-15" Star, Gen.

Serv. and Victory Meds.; asst. dist. comsnnr., N. Territories, Gold Coast, June, 1907; prov. comsnnr., Aug., 1918; dep. ch. comsnnr., Jan., 1921; ch. comsnnr., May, 1924.

WALL, JAMES HORNK DARRELL.—B. 1871; clk. and storekeeper, Holberton Instit., Antigua, Nov., 1891; shorthand. reporter to W. Ind. Roy. Coman., 1897; aud. def. force acct.; ag. ch. clk. to aud.-gen., Leeward and fedrl. acct., June, 1899; also clk. to trade and income tax comsnnr., Sept., 1899; ch. clk. to aud.-gen. and fedrl. acct., May, 1900; ag. treas. of Antigua and federal treas., May-Oct., 1909, and Aug., 1910; ag. inspr. of schls., Leeward Is., Apr., 1911, to Aug., 1912; also ag. treas. of Antigua, and federal treas., Mar.-Apr. and Aug.-Sept., 1912; ag. auditor-gen., Leeward Is., May to Aug. and Oct.-Nov., 1914; auditor-gen., Tonga, Mar., 1915.

WALLACE, C. R., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.M. (Ireland).—Capt., R.A.M.C. (T.F.), 1915-18; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, June, 1918.

WALLACE, CAPT. DAVID EVAN, M.C., M.P.—B. 1892; ed. Harrow and Sandhurst; joined 2nd Life Guards, 1911; adjt., 1915-18; now capt., res. of offrs.; served in France, 1914-18; wounded; three times ment. in desps.; on staff of milly. attaché, Washington, 1919; A.D.C. to gov. gen., Canada, 1920; M.P. for Rugby, 1922-23; priv. sec. to Mr. Amery as 1st Lord of the Admty., 1922-3; M.P. for Hornsey, 1924; parly. priv. sec. to Mr. Amery as S. of S. for the Cols., 1924.

WALLACE, SIR LAWRENCE AUBREY, K.B.E. (1918); C.M.G. 1910.—Acting admstr., N.E. Rhodesia, 15th May, 1907; ag. admstr., N.W. Rhodesia, Jan., 1909; admstr., Northern Rhodesia, 1911; ret., 1921.

WALLACE, WILLIAM ARTHUR JAMES.—B. 1876; ed. privately and Brisbane Grammar Schl.; field surv. cadet, 1896-99; surv. gen.'s office, Queensland, 1899-1904; survr., F.M.S., 1904-08; asst. supt., survs., F.M.S., 1909-1916 and 1917-1919; ag. supt. of survs., F.M.S., 1916-17; supt. of survs., F.M.S., Mar., 1919.

WALLACE, WILLIAM THOMAS EWART.—Ed. privately and at St. George's Cathedral Coll., Cape Town; Cape govt. postal tel. serv.; transfd. B.S.A. Co.'s serv., 1889; lieut., Mashonaland Defence Force (Matabele War), 1893; transfd., B.S.A. Co.'s admstrve. serv., 1894; resig. after Jameson raid, 1906; lieut. and adjt., B Squadron, Lord Loch's Horse, intelligence offr., 4th and 8th Mounted Infy. Brig., A.P.M. 6th Mounted Infy. (De Lisle), capt., 4th Batt. "The King's" (Liverpool Regt. (S. Africa), 1899-1902; supt., R.E. tel. constrn. party, S. Nigeria, 1903-05; seconded for serv. under C.O. as asst. supt., tels., Uganda and E.A.P., 21st Dec., 1905; asst. P.M.G. and asst. tel. engrn. for the Uganda Prot., 1st Jan., 1912; transfd., dep. P.M.G., Gold Coast, 12th Mar., 1913; ag. P.M.G. on various occasions; major (2nd in comnd.), 13th (Service) Batt., "The King's" (Liverpool) Regt., 1914; censor, Accra, 1915-16; sp. mil. serv., Palatine, Togoland, Feb., 1916; served, headqrs. supply staff, min. of munitions, Aug., 1916 to Jan., 1917; ag. engrn.-in-ch., postal tels., Gold Coast, 1st Nov., 1923 to 10th May, 1924.

WALSH, DUDLEY J. C.—B. 1895; ed. Merchant Taylors Schl.; served with H.A.C. in France, 1914-15; 2nd lieut., Middlesex Regt., 1915; W. African Regt., Sierra Leone, Nigeria, 1916-17; transfd., 2nd K.A.R. and served in E. Africa 1918-21; Somaliland campaign, 1920; dist. pol. offr., Somaliland, Feb., 1922.

WALSH, GEOFFREY.—B. 1884; Imp. cust. serv., Apr., 1906; collr. of cust., Mombasa, May, 1913; seconded to occupied territory of German E. Africa to organise cust. serv., with rank of capt., 1916-17; in charge of cust. dept. of occupied area, German E. Africa, Jan. to July, 1917; dep. comsnnr., cust., Kenya and Uganda, Jan., 1920; comsnnr., cust., Kenya and Uganda and mem., leg. coun., Kenya, Apr., 1923.

WALTER, A., F.R.A.S.—Joined magnetic and meteorological dept., royal observatory, Greenwich, 1892; asst. director, Royal Alfred Observatory, Mauritius, Apr., 1897; statistical adviser to Mauritius Royal comsnn., 1909; census comsnnr., Mauritius, 1911 and 1921; dir., Royal Alfred Observatory, May, 1911 to 1921; ag. asst. col. sec., Mauritius, Nov. to Dec., 1918; food, trade and export contr., Mar., 1920 to Jan., 1922; ag. prot. of imigrts. and poor law comsnnr., Jan., 1922; mem. of coun. of govt., 1922; headed deputation to India for the re-opening of emigrn. to Mauritius, 21st Dec., 1922; statistician, Kenya, 1926; statistician to govs' confce., 1926; author of "Sugar Industry of Mauritius"; Insurance of crops against cyclones; editor, Mauritius almanac.

WALTER, ROBERT, C.M.G. (1918), B.A.—B. 1873; ed. at Marlborough, and Worc. Coll., Oxford; 1st cla. honours class. mods.; 3rd cla. honours lit. hum.; cadet F.M.S., Nov., 1896; passed in Chinese (Cant.), Apr., 1900; ag. asst. comsnnr. of pol., Perak, 1901; passed F.M.S. law exam., 1901; seconded to Weihaiwei, Dec., 1901; sec. to govt. and mag., Weihaiwei, Apr., 1902; seconded for ser. under Transvaal govt. as emigrn. agt., May, 1904; passed in Pekinese, May, 1904; returned to Weihaiwei as sec. to govt. and mag., Jan., 1906; ag. comsnnr., Weihaiwei, June-Oct., 1909, and Sept.-Oct., 1913; passed bar final exam., 1913; col. sec., B. Honduras, Feb., 1914; admstd. govt., Mar., 1917 to Apr., 1918, and from Aug., 1918 to Mar., 1919; war service recognised by S. of S., Nov., 1918; adminstr., Dominica, May, 1920; adminstr., St. Vincent, Apr., 1923.

WALTERS, JOHN RADLEY.—B.A. Cantab.—B. 1888; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., 17th Nov., 1911; attached to Kandy Kachcheri, 15th Dec., 1911; attached to Galle Kachcheri, May, 1912; ag. pol. mag., Negombo, Nov., 1912; office asst., Galle Kachcheri, Nov., 1913; pol. mag., Gampola, May, 1915; ag. dist. judge, Badulla, July, 1917; pol. mag., Karunegala, Dec., 1920; asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Sept., 1921; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, July, 1923; asst. govt. agt., Kezalla, Feb., 1924; dist. judge, Matara, Oct., 1926; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Mar., 1927.

WALTON, B. S.—B.A. (Oxon.)—cadet, S. Strlmts. civ. serv., 29th Nov., 1913; ag. asst. dist. judge and 4th mag., Singapore, 23rd Mar., 1914; asst. censor, 23rd Nov., 1914; 2nd lieutenant, Singapore V.R., 28th Jan., 1916; ag. asst. supt. govt. monopolies, Singapore, 2nd Nov., 1916; supernumerary offr., cls. V., 25th Apr., 1917; 2nd lieutenant, R.G.A. (S.R.), 17th Dec., 1917; ag. asst. supt. govt. monopolies, Penang, 5th Aug., 1919; supernmy offr., cls. IV., 29th Nov., 1920.

WALTON, HON. SIR EDGAR HARRIS, K.C.M.G. (1911).—M.L.A., Cape, for Port Elizabeth, since 1898, and in Union parlt. since 1910; treas.-gen., Feb., 1904, to Feb., 1908; mem. of S. African National Convention in connection with S. Africa Bill, 1909; is proprietor and editor of *Eastern Province Herald*; high comsnnr. for Union of S. Africa, London, 1921-25.

WALTON, SIR GEORGE O'DONNELL, Kt. Bach. (1925).—B. 1871; matriculated London Univ., 1891; called to the bar, Middle Temple, 1893; practised at the bar, Barbados, 1894 to 1902; acted on several occasions as pol. mag. and judge of asst. ct. of appeal, Barbados; apptl. pol. mag., dist. "F," Barbados, 9th Dec., 1902; lieutenant of M.I., Barbados volunteers; ag. chief just. St. Lucia, 18th May to 29th Oct., 1908, and from 22nd March to 26th Oct., 1911; mag. and cor., dist. "C," St. Kitts, 11th Nov., 1911; ag. 2nd puisne judge, Leeward Is., 14th Nov., 1911 to 14th March, 1912, 11th Aug., 1913 to 26th Feb., 1914, and from 15th Dec., 1914 to 26th May, 1915; atty.-gen., St. Lucia, 29th May, 1915; ag. adminstr. on several occasions in 1915, from 5th Sept. to 5th Oct., 1916, and from 18th July to 4th Sept., 1917; ag. chief just., from 7th Oct., 1916 to 17th Mar., 1919; atty.-gen., B. Honduras, 18th Mar., 1919; ag. chief justice, 5th May to 5th Nov., 1919; ch. just., Grenada, 20th July, 1921; 1st puisne judge, Trinidad, 9th Apr., 1926.

WARD, C. E.—Asst. dist. comsnnr., E.A.P., 7th Aug., 1909; dist. comsnnr., Jan., 1918.

WARD, FRANK FRANCIS, M.D., B.Ch., B.A.O.—Ed. Epsom Coll. and Queen's Univ., Belfast; med. offr., W.A.M.S., Sierra Leone, 1912; trans., Gambia, 1918; trans., G. Coast, 1920; on special service for C.O., Oct., 1915 to Feb., 1916; temp. lieutenant, gen. list, Sept., 1914 to Mar., 1916; attached Cameroons Exped. Force, 1914-15; priv. secy. to ag. gov., Gambia, 1918; author of "Beriberi. Etiology, Symptoms, and Treatment."

WARD, HOWARD HYLAND.—B. 1884; ed. pub. schls. and cent. business coll., Stratford, Ont.; ch. clk., operating dept., bd. of rly. comsnnrs. for Canada, 1911; ch. clk. and asst., 1913; dep. min. of labour, 1923.

WARD, JOHN CORBET.—I.Y., S. Africa, 1900-02 (Queen's medal and 4 clasps, King's medal and 2 clasps); Transvaal civ. ser., 1902-04; dep. registrar., E. Africa Prot., 1906; registrar. of documents, 1906; staff offr., defence force, Kenya, Apr., 1920.

WARD, RIGHT HON. SIR JOSEPH GEORGE, Bart. (1911), P.C. (1907), K.C.M.G. (1901).—Mem., H. of R., N.Z., 1887-97 and 1899-1919 and since 1925; prime min., 1906-12; held the offices of col. sec., postmr.-gen. min. of telegraphs, rly., cust., marine, finance, defence, lands, agric. industries and commerce and public health at various times between 1893-1912; min. of finance, postmr.-gen. and min. of tele. in national ministry, 1915-19; rep. New Zealand at Impl. Confce., 1907 and 1911; mem. of Imp. Confce. on Naval and Mil. Defence, 1909; rep. New Zealand at the Coronation of H.M. King George V., 1911.

WARD, LEONARD KEITH, D.Sc. (Adelaide), B.A., B.E.—Ed. Sydney Gram. Schl. and Brisbane Gram. Schl.; entd. univ. of Sydney, 1897, as Queensland govt. exhibitioner, and graduated in arts, 1900, and in engineering, 1903; in service of Broken Hill Proprietary Mining Co., till Oct., 1903; lecturer in geology, mineralogy, petrology and mining geology, Kalgoorlie schl. of mines, W. Australia, 1903-7; asst. govt. geologist and insp. of mines, Tasmania, 1907-11; govt. geologist, S. Australia, Jan., 1912; also dir. of dept. of mines.

WARD, ROBERT PERCY.—B. 1868; ed. Wanganui Coll. Schl., N.Z.; New Zealand dept. of just., 1884; held various offices prior to 1921, in which year apptd. departl. insp.; under-sec. of just., 1925.

WARD, WILFRED ARTHUR.—B. 1892; ed. privately and at Christ's Hosp.; served in France with Civil Service Rifles, 16th London Regt., as lance-corp.; 2nd lieutenant, 3rd Lancs. Fusiliers, May, 1915; seconded to Machine Gun Corps, and served with them in France, Salonica and Palestine; M.C. at taking of Jerusalem and promoted capt.; cadet, F.M.S., Mar., 1920; govt. rice agt., Batang Padang, Sept., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Tappah, Mar., 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, May, 1921; passed cadet, Jan., 1922; asst. dist. offr., Krian, Mar., 1922; offr., cls. V., Nov., 1919; ag. dist. offr., Ulu Kelantan, Apr., 1923; offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1923; ag. supt., lands, Kota Bharu, Feb., 1925; dist. offr., Port Dickson, Apr., 1925; ag. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Feb., 1927; ag. asst. adviser, lands, Kedah, July, 1927.

WARD, WILLIAM ERNEST FRANK, B.A., B.Litt.—B. 1900; ed. Mercer's Schl., London, Dulwich Coll. and Lincoln Coll., Oxford; open hist. schol., Lincoln Coll., 1918; 2nd cls. hon., B.A., mod. hist., 1922; B.Litt., 1923; Goldsmith's exhib., mod. hist., 1921; Ridley Hall, Cambridge; mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1924.

WARDE, HARRY MONTAGU JOHN.—B. 1873; ed. at Epsom Coll., entd. Crown Agents' office, Sept., 1892; asst. head of miscellaneous dept., Oct., 1900; chief cashier, July, 1914; head of gen. stores dept., Dec., 1920 to Nov., 1921; head of pay and checking dept., 14th Nov., 1921; head, gen. stores dept., 1924.

WARDLE, BRIAN.—B. 1891; ed. King William's Coll., Isle of Man; Indian pol., 1911-22; King's Pol. med.; supt. in charge, C.I.D., Zanzibar, 1924.

WARDLE, D. S.—Temp. asst. treas., Kenya, June, 1920; acct., med. dept., Apr., 1921; asst. treas., July, 1923.

WARNE, OSMUND HORNBY.—B. 1891; ed. Rossall Schl. and Kible Coll., Oxford; lieut., South Staffordshire Regt.; asst. dist. comsnnr., Ashanti, G. Coast, 29th Apl. 1914.

WARNER, BASIL HALE, B.A.—B. 1868; ed. St. Edward's Schl., and Kible Coll., Oxford, served with C.M.R., 1891-95; schoolmaster, 1895-1900; served in S. African war, with Nesbitt's Horse, 1900-2; clk. to Swaziland admstn., July, 1902; ch. clk., June, 1903; dep. asst. comsnnr., Swaziland, Dec., 1909; asst. comsnnr., Ubombo dist., Apr., 1911; asst. comsnnr., Mbabane dist., 1919.

WARNER, BRODRICK ASHTON.—B. 1888; ed. Winchester Coll.; asst. dist. comsnnr., Uganda Prot., 1912; 1st grade administrative offr., 1923; late capt., 5th batt., City of London Regt. (T.F.); capt., Territorial Force Reserve.

WARREN, EDGAR HERBERT.—Served with 26th I.Y., S. African war, 1902 (medal with 2 clasps); S. African constab. (civil), 1903-1908; lieut., Transvaal H.A., 1907; clk. in customs, Nyasaland Prot., 1908; offr. of customs, 1909; also immigr. offr., 1913; principal immigr. offr., May, 1914; asst. contr., cust., Apr., 1920; ag. contr., cust., July, 1922.

WARREN, ERNEST, D.Sc. (Lond.).—Demonstrator of zoology at Univ. Coll., Lond., 1894; life mem. of convocation of the Univ. of Lond., 1898; asst. lecturer and museum curator at Univ. Coll., Lond., 1899; elected fellow of Univ. Coll., 1898; asst. prof. of zoology at Univ. Coll., 1900; mem. of the faculty of science, Univ. of Lond., 1902; dir. of Natal govt. museum, 1st Feb., 1903.

WARREN, FREDK. DRUMMOND.—B. 1881; stock inspr., Basutoland, 1914; sub-inspr., Basutoland mounted pol., 1922; war serv., 1915-19.

WARREN, PHILIP DAVID, C.M.G. (1908); Assoc. Inst. C.E., F.R.G.S., F.Met.Soc.—B. 1851; asst. survr., Ceylon, 8th Feb., 1878; dist. survr., 1st Oct., 1879; office asst. to survr.-gen., 16th June, 1885; asst. survr.-gen., 26th Mar., 1897; survr.-gen., 23rd June, 1904; M.L.C., Ceylon, 1907-8; ret. 1910.

WARRINGTON, J. C.—B. 1887; educ. Marlborough and Trin. Coll. Camb.; B.A., 1908; served in France with R.E. (Signala) 1914 to 1918; twice ment. in desps.; French Croix de Guerre; asst. dist. comsnnr., G. Coast, 1919; dist. comsnnr., 1st Apr., 1924.

WATERMEYER, ERNEST FREDERICK.—B. 1880; ed. Graaff Reinet Coll., Stellenbosch Boys Schl., Bath Coll. and Caius Coll., Cambridge; math. schol., Caius Coll., 1899; math. tripos, 1902; law tripos, 1903; called to bar, Inner Temple, Apr., 1904; pres., income tax sp. ct., 1919; ag. puisne judge, Cape Prov., divn., sup. ct., 1920; puisne judge, C.P. divn., sup. ct., 1922.

WATERS, ALFRED JOHN, M.B.E. (1920), B.A. (Oxford and Cape).—B. 1875; entered Cape civ. serv., Apr., 1898; held various appts. in magis. branch; acted as priv. sec. to atty.-gen., and as ch. clk. to atty.-gen., solr.-gen. and crown prosecutor; asst. mag., Cape Town; asst. mag., Wynberg, 1907-12; trans. to native affrs. dept., 1915; seconded as crown pros. for S.W. Africa Prot. in mily. occupation, Oct., 1915, to Nov., 1919; prin. clk., native affrs. dept., Oct., 1917; mem., S.W. Africa concessions comsnn., Dec., 1919; ch. clk., S.W. Africa Prot. admn., Oct., 1920; ag. sec. for the Prot., Aug. to Nov., 1919, and 1920, 1921 and 1922; ch. clk., dept. of just., Mar., 1923; joint translator of Imp. German criminal code into English; editor "Martial Law in S.W. Africa," "The Laws of S.W. Africa, 1915-22."

WATERS, BERNARD DAVID.—B. 1879; telegraphist, Cape Colony, May, 1902 to Aug., 1905; postal asst., N. Rhodesia, Aug., 1905; ch. asst., Apr., 1912; sec. post office, May, 1913; ag. P.M.G., Jan., 1925 to May, 1926; dep. P.M.G., Nov., 1926.

WATERS, HORACE FRANK, M.C., V.D., A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1881; ed. Perse Gram. Schl., Camb.; asst. engr., P.W.D., Perak, Oct., 1908; seconded for mily. serv., May, 1914; 2nd lieut., 2/16th batt., London Regt., Feb., 1915; lieut., Sept., 1915; temp. capt., mach. gun corps, Jan., 1916; temp. major, July, 1916; instr., genl. hd. qrs., mach. gun schl., B.E.F., May, 1917; ex. engr., P.W.D., F.M.S., Nov., 1917; corps mach. gun offr., VIII, corps hd. qrs., B.E.F., May, 1918; demob., Mar., 1919; Col. Aug. Forces Long Serv. Med., Sept., 1921 and Decorn., Sept., 1926; 2nd lieut., M.S.V.R., Aug., 1922; ag. senr. ex. engr., Kinta, Jan., 1924; lieut., M.S.V.R., June, 1924; ag. ch. hydrau. engr., F.M.S., July, 1926; senr. ex. engr., Oct., 1926.

WATKINS, OSCAR FERRIS, C.B.E. (1918), D.S.O. (1916).—Ed., Marlborough and All Souls, Oxford, B.A., M.A., 1910; served with Oxfordshire Lt. Infy. (43rd) during S. African War, Dec., 1899 to 1901 (Queen's Med. and 4 clasps); S. African constab., Dec., 1902 to Apr., 1904; col. sec's office, Transvaal, May, 1904 to Oct., 1907; sec. to Pretoria sewage comsnn. and govt. laboratories comsnn.; asst. dist. comsnnr., Br. E. Africa, 16th Jan., 1908; dist. comsnnr., 1st Apr., 1914; seconded for Coast Land arbitrn., Sept., 1913 to Aug., 1914; seconded as intell. offr. to organise carrier transport D.A.D.T., E. African

Forces, 1915; dir., mil. labour, 1916; ag. ch. native comsnr., Aug., 1920 to Aug., 1921; off. mem., leg. coun., Aug., 1920 to Feb., 1922; mem., land tenure comsn., 1920; mem., central bd. of health, 1921; mem., native punishments comsn., 1921; chmn., labour bureau comsn., 1921.

WATSON, ANDREW D.—B. 1882; ed. common schls., Baddeck Acad., Dalhousie Univ., B.A., 1906; ent. civ. serv., Canada, dept. of insurance, Feb., 1906; actuary, 1914; assoc. inst. of Actuaries, Lond., 1909; Assoc., Actuarial Soc. of America, 1913; Fellow, 1919; Contribr. to the jnl. of the Inst. of Actuaries, and the transactions of the Actuarial Soc.

WATSON, DONALD FRANCIS, O.B.E., (1926).—B. 1883; 2nd clk., admstr.'s office, Seychelles. 1899; dispenser and clk., med. dept., 1900; clk. to local bd. of health, quarantine and cemetery comtee., 1900; man., govt. pharmacy, 1901; ag. supt., lunatic asylum, May to Oct., 1920; ag. tresr., collr. of customs, chmn., marine bd., and chmn., profiteering comtee., July, 1920 to Apr., 1921; contr., local clearing office, June, 1921; tresr., postmr., collr. of cust., comsnr. of income tax, man. of savings bank, registr. of shipping, Apr., 1923.

WATSON, ERNEST CHARLES.—B. 1874; ed. at Shrewsbury; called to the bar, Middle Temp., 1897; 3rd cls. res., N. Nigeria, July, 1902; ag. atty.-gen., Sept. to Nov., 1904; atty.-gen., Nov., 1905; ag. ch. just., Mar. to Oct., 1906, May to Aug., 1907, Feb. to Apr., 1908, Mar. to Sept., 1909; puisne judge, Gold Coast, Jan., 1912; ag. ch. just., Sept. to Dec., 1915 and Mar. to June, 1917; senr. puisne judge and ag. ch. just., May, 1920; puisne judge, S. Stilmits and judicial comsnr., F.M.S., June, 1920.

WATSON, ERNEST SIBBLES, B.Sc. Tech.—B. 1902; ed. Cent. High Schl., Manchester and Coll. of Technology, Manch., B.Sc. Tech., 1923; asst. mast., Achimota, Gold Coast, 1925.

WATSON, J., M.A., B.Sc.—B. 1883; ed. George Heriot's Schl. and Edinburgh Univ., M.A. 1902, B.Sc. 1904; European mast., Raffles Institution, Singapore, 1906; science mast., 1910; inspr. of schls., Pahang, F.M.S., 1915; headmast., Anderson schl., Ipoh, 1920; inspr., of schls., Penang, 1921; ch. inspr. of English schls., S.S. and F.M.S., 1923.

WATSON, P. C. M.—Treasy. asst., E.A.P., May, 1914; senr. asst. treas., Kenya, Jan., 1922; ag. dep. treas., Nov., 1922 to Mar., 1924.

WATSON, HON. ROBERT.—B. 1868; M.E.C. and M.H.A., Newfoundland; ed. at St. John's and Rugby; elected for Trinity, 1897, 1902, 1908 and 1909; mem. exec. coun.; col. sec., and parly. head of depts. of post office, telegraphs, educn., rlys., pub. health and pub. charities, 1909; mem. exec. comtee., Diocesan Synod, 1910; ag. premier, 1910; attended Imp. Conf. and the Coronation, 1911; cashier, govt. savings bank, 1913; hon. priv. sec. to gov., 1916; asst. priv. sec. to gov., 1918; hon. corres. sec., Royal Col. Inst.

WATSON, WILLIAM LAW, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1883; ed. Grammar Schl. and Robert Gordon's Coll. (Abdn.); loco. dept., G.N.S.R., 1899; loco. dept., G.W.R., 1905; engrng. design dept., C.A., 1912; min. of munitions, 1915; dep. head, engrng. design dept., C.A., 1919.

WATT, ALEXANDER STUART.—B. 1884; ed. Edin. Acad., Edin. Institn., Blair Lodge and Edin. Univ.; writer to the signet, 1909; capt., 5th Batt. Royal Scots; asst. dist. comsnr., G.

Coast, 29th Apr., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., Dec., 1915; attached G. Coast Regt., 1915; with E. Africa Exped. Force, July, 1916.

WATT, SIR THOMAS, K.C.M.G. (1912); C.M.G. (1906).—B. 1857; ed. at priv. schls. and Glasgow Univ.; admt. a solr. to Scottish cts.; practised in Natal; served as subaltern in Imperial L.I., 1900; apptd. capt. and off. commdg. Newcastle Town Guard, and ment. in desps.; M.L.A., Natal, 1901-1910; formerly min. of just. and educn., Natal; min. of posts and telegraphs and pub. wks., Union of S. Africa, 1912; min. of pub. wks. and interior, 1916; min. of pub. health, 1919; min. of posts and telegraphs and of public wks., 1921-24.

WATT, RT. HON. WM. ALEXANDER.—P.C. (1920); M.H.A.; treasr. of Victoria Jan., 1909; premier and treasr., 1912, and again in Dec., 1913; reSIG. premiership to enter H. of R., C. of A. to which he was elected in Sep., 1914; min. for works and rlys., 1917; ditto, from 10th Jan., 1918; treasr., 27th Mar., 1918; min. for trade and cust., 13th Dec., 1918; acting prime min., 1919; reSIG. office, 1920; speaker, H. of R., 1923.

WATTS, BERTRAM T.—B. 1883; ed. Wellington-borough Schl. and St. John's Coll., Cambridge, B.A., F.R.G.S.; inspr., Egyptian govt. survey, 1905-08; inspr. Egyptian govt. survey, 1912; on sp. surveys in the Sudan for irrign. wks.; dir., sp. irrign. surveys, Mesopotamia, for Turkish govt., 1908-11; asst. dir., surveys, Cyprus, 1912-20; ag. registrar gen., 1913, 1918, 1919 and 1920; ag. Br. del. of Evcaf, 1919, 1923 and 1926; registrar gen., Cyprus, 1920; passed in mod. Gk. and Turkish; title altered to dir., land registr. and surveys, July, 1927.

WATTS, CLIVE.—2nd lieut., Northumberland Fusiliers, Sept., 1915; lieut., July, 1917; capt., June, 1918; ment. in desps. and wounded. European War; acctnt., treasy., Cyprus 1920; acct. to pub. custodian and Cyprus contr. in addition, Apr., 1921 to May, 1923; passed exam. in Greek, 1921; ag. asst. treasr., for various periods in 1924, 1925 and 1927; ag. asst. sec., col. sec's. office in 1926 and 1927; ag. dep. treasr., July to Nov., 1927.

WATTS, SIR FRANCIS, K.C.M.G. (1917). C.M.G. (1904), D.Sc., F.C.S., F.I.C.—B. 1859; analytical chemist. Antigua, Jan., 1889; mem. legis. couns., 1897; analytical and agricultural chemist, Jamaica, May, 1898; Leeward Is., May, 1899 (in connection with the Imperial dept. of agriculture for the W. Indies); office subsequently made that of govt. chemist and supt. of agric. for the Leeward Is.; mem. exec. couns., Leeward Is., Oct., 1899; mem. exec. couns., Antigua, Dec., 1903; Imperial comsnr. of agric. in W. Indies, 1909; prin., W. Indian Agril. Coll., 1921; prin., emeritus, 1924; author of numerous reports and papers on W. Indian agriculture, etc.

WAYNE, RICHARD ST. JOHN ORMEROD.—B. 1904; ed. Trinity Coll., Cambridge; B.A., 1926; asst. sec., col. sec's. office, Cyprus, May, 1927.

WEATHERHEAD, ARTHUR EVLYN.—B. 1880; served in S. African constab., 1900-1907; S. African war, Queen's medal with 5 clasps; dist. supt., Uganda police, 1908; asst. dist. comsnr., Uganda Prot., 4th Apr., 1910; ag. dist. comsnr., 1914; dist. comsnr., 1919; ag. prov. comsnr., 1924; lab. comsnr., Uganda, 1st Jan., 1925.

WEAVING, L. A.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, June, 1921.

WEBB, CECIL RICHARD, O.B.E. (1926), M.C.—Asst. traffic manager, Uganda rly., 1914; traffic man., Tanganyika Territory rlys., 1st Oct., 1919; gen. man., govt. rlys., Sierra Leone, 20th June, 1923.

WEBB, AMBROSE HENRY.—B. 1882; ed. Clifton Coll., Bath Coll. and Trinity Coll., Oxford, 1899 (class. schol.); 1st Victoria prizeman and John Brooke schol., King's Inns, Dublin, 1908; called to bar, 1909; K.C., 1920; pres., dist. ct., Samaria, 1921.

WEBBER, ARTHUR FREDERICK CLARENCE.—B. 1873; ed. Merton Coll., Oxon., B.A., 1896; called to bar, Inn. Tem., Feb., 1896; ag. stip. mag., 1898, and March to Oct., 1900, Br. Guiana; stip. mag., Essequeibo, Oct., 1900; ditto, Whim Corentyne, July, 1902; ditto, Berbice judicial dist., 1904; ag. solr.-gen., Nov., 1906, to Jan., 1907, and in July, 1909; puisne judge, S. Nigeria, Sept., 1909.

WEBBER, OSCAR WM.—B. 1871; clk. asst., prisons office, B. Guiana, 1887; 5th cls. clk., P.O., 1889; transf'd. to secretariat, 1896; 4th cls. clk., 1896; 3rd ditto, 1899; 2nd ditto, 1901; 1st cl. clk., 1910; prin. clk., 1917; 2nd asst. col. sec., 1920; ag. comanr., Montserrat, Oct., 1919 to May, 1920; sec. to bd. of agric., 1901-1910; mem. of bd. of agric., 1910; priv. sec. to gov., Feb.-Aug., 1911, and from Sept., 1914 to Aug., 1915; ag. asst. col. sec., May, 1920 to Oct., 1921 and from June to Dec., 1924; asst. P.M.G., Jan., 1925; ag. P.M.G., Jan. to Sept., 1925.

WEBSTER, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1889; asst. polit. offr., German E. Africa provisional admstrn., 20th Oct., 1916; adminstr. offr., 1st grade, Tanganyika Territory, 1st Feb., 1922; ag. senr. comanr., Mwanza dist., Feb. to Nov., 1923; ag. senr. comanr., Dar-es-Salaam dist., Jan. to Dec., 1925; dep. prov. comanr., 1st Jan., 1926; ag. prov. comanr., E. Prov. 2nd Mar., 1926; offl. mem., leg. coun., Dec., 1926.

WEBSTER, G. W., M.B.E. (1918).—Ed. at Rossall; served with Yeomanry in S. Africa, 1900-1901; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 16th Nov., 1901; 2nd cls. res., 23rd Aug., 1909; 1st cls. res., 1918.

WEBSTER, H. G.—Asst. treas., Kenya, July, 1920; asst. audr., Kenya, Apr., 1923.

WEDDERBURN, MAXWELL MACLAGAN.—B. 1883; ed. George Watson's Coll., Edinburgh, and Edinburgh Univ. (M.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Dec., 1906; pol. mag., Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri, Apr., 1908; Matara, Aug., 1909; Kurunegala, June, 1909; asst. land settlmt. offr., Jan., 1911; ag. addtl. asst. col. sec. in addition to own duties, July, 1912; ag. asst. col. sec., July, 1912; asst. land settlmt. offr. and special offr. under "Waste Lands Ordce." Aug., 1912; asst. censor, Aug., 1914; asst. land settlmt. offr. and special offr. under "Waste Lands Ordce." Oct., 1914; asst. censor, Nov., 1914; asst. govt. agt., Nuwara Eliya, Sept., 1915; asst. settlmt. offr., July, 1920; ag. settlmt. offr., Mar. to Nov., 1921 and from Apr., 1922 to June, 1924; rubber contr., Mar., 1925; govt. ag., N.C. Prov., Sept., 1925.

WEDGE, CAPT. CYRIL NORMAN.—B. 1896; schol., mod. hist., St. Catharine's Coll., Cambridge, Mar., 1915; 2nd lieut., Worcestershire Regt., Mar., 1915; served in Gallipoli (Suvla Bay), 1915; "1914-15" Star, Br. War and Victory Meds.; seconded 1st K.A.R., 1918; served in Portuguese E. Africa and Nyasaland, 1918-20; capt. and adjt., 2/1st K.A.R., Tanganyika Territory, 1920-23; pay and qrtmr., pol. and prisons, Tanganyika Territory, Jan., 1923.

WEERAKOON, WILLIAM AUGUSTUS.—B. 1878; cadet, local div., Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1899; off. asst. to govt. agt., Ratnapura, Sept., 1900; Batticaloa, Nov., 1901; Kurunegala, May, 1902; Jaffna, Mar., 1904; Ratnapura, May, 1904; pol. mag., Matara, Jan., 1908; Point Pedro, Aug., 1908; addtl. pol. mag., Kurunegala, N.W. Prov., Jan., 1911; pol. mag., Panadura, Nov., 1913; pol. mag., Negombo, June, 1915; pol. mag., Jaffna, Aug., 1915; office asst. to govt. agt., Prov. of Sabaragamuwa, Dec., 1916; pol. mag., Puttalam, Sept., 1918; office asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., July, 1920.

WEIGALL, LIEUT.-COL. SIR WILLIAM ERNEST GEORGE ARCHIBALD, K.C.M.G. (1920).—B. 1874; ed. Wellington Coll., Royal Agric. Coll. (gold medallist); major (ret.), 3rd Batt. Northants Regt.; served in S. Africa, 1902; M.P. (U.), Horncastle Div., Lincs., 1911-1920; capt. Lincolnshire Yeomanry, and lieut.-col. and inspr. Q.C.M.G. services, Eastern Comd., 1914-17; mem. of national salvage council; dep. chmn., surplus govt. property disposal bd.; mem. of select comtee. on national expenditure; mem., national agric. coun.; pres. agric. organisation soc.; dep. chmn., federation of county agric. comtees.; J.P., Kent and Lincs.; gov., S. Australia, 27th Mar., 1920; assumed govt., 9th June, 1920; resig., 1922.

WEISBECKER, ARNOLD.—Clk., census dept., Cape Prov., 17th Apr., 1891; P.W.D., 29th Feb., 1892; admstr.'s office (Cape Prov.), 1st July, 1910; ch. clk., 1st Apr., 1911; ch. local govt. inspr. and ch. clk., 1st Apr., 1919; prov. secy. and ch. local govt. inspr., 1st Sept., 1922.

WEISBERG, HYMAN, B.A. Cantab.—B. 1890; 1st cls. math. tripos.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1914; passed final exam. in Malay, June, 1917; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, June, 1917; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, May, 1919; asst. dist. offr., Klang, Nov., 1919; dist. offr., Jelebu, May, 1920; ditto, Kuala Langat, May, 1922; mag., Seremban, July, 1922; ex. state treas., Perak; Dec., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Upper Perak, July, 1924; ag. state treas., Perak, Aug., 1924; temp. ag. chmn., sany. bd., Larut and Matang, in addn., May, 1926; ag. dist. offr., Larut and registrar., titles, Perak, 1927.

WELBY, H. E.—Asst. dist. comanr., E. Africa Prot., Nov., 1911; dist. comanr., Kenya, Jan., 1920.

WELCH, THOMAS BURGESS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.B.B.S., D.T.M. & H.—B. 1881; med. supt., Chacachacare leper settlement, Trinidad, 23rd Sept., 1925.

WELLINGTON, BISHOP OF, RIGHT REV. THOMAS HENRY SPROTT, M.A., D.D.—Ed. Trin. Coll., Dublin; Hebrew prize, 1877; B.A., 1878; (Respondent) 1887; Hebrew Testamur, 1879; Divinity Testimonium (1st cls.) and Church Formularies Prize, 1879; M.A., 1882; B.D. and D.D. (*jure dignitatis*), 1911; deacon, 1879; priest, 1880; curate of Holy Trinity, Kingston-on-Hill, 1879-1882; St. John the Evangelist, Waterloo Road, 1882-1886; vicar of St. Barnabas, Auckland, 1886-1891; examining chaplain to Bp. of Auckland, 1888-1891; vicar of St. Paul's, Wellington, 1892-1911; examining chaplain to Bp. of Wellington, 1892-1911; consecrated Bp. of Wellington, 6th June, 1911.

WELLINGTON, ARTHUR ROBERTS, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.T.M. and H. and D.P.H. (Camb.).—B. 1877; med. offr., Sarawak, Sept., 1905; med. offr., port health office and med. offr., quarantine station, Singapore, 10th Sept., 1908; health offr., Selangor, Negri Sem-

bilan and Pahang, 13th May, 1909, health off., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1911; senr. health off., F.M.S., 5th Mar., 1919; malaria res. off. in addn., May, 1925; ag. prin. med. off., F.M.S., Apr., 1926.

WELMAN, CHARLES WELLESLEY.—B. 1878; ed. Christ's Hosp.; open scholarship, Pemb. Coll., Oxon., 1897; 1st cl. hon. class. mods., 1899; 2nd cl. hon. lit. hum., 1901; M.A. Oxon., 1907; bar final exam., 1909; called to the bar, Middle Temple, Jan., 1911; enlisted in 130th co. I.Y. and served in S. Africa (Queen's medal, 2 clasps), 1902; educn. dept., Transvaal, Nov., 1902, to 1905; sec., Transvaal Resp. Govt. Assoc. and Transvaal National Assoc., 1905-1907; in office of agt.-gen. for the Transvaal in London, 1907-1909; asst. dist. comsnnr., Gold Coast, 1909; asst. col. sec., 1913; dist. comsnnr., 1917; senr. asst. col. sec., 1917; ag. comsnnr., Eastern Prov., Jan. to Apr., 1918; dep. pol. mag., Accra, Aug. to Sep., 1918; ag. chief asst. col. sec., May to Dec., 1919; ag. comsnnr., Central Prov., from Dec., 1919; dep. sec. for native affairs, 1920.

WELSH, ALEXANDER SIMPSON.—B. 1881; Cape civ. serv., 1899; B.A. (Cape), 1904; LL.B. (Cape), 1907; professional assist. to crown prosecutor, Johannesburg, 1914; prof. asst. to atty.-gen., Cape, 1918; crown prosecutor, Johannesburg, 1921; law adviser, 1926.

WELSH, WILLIAM THOMSON.—B. 1873; clk. to mag., Cape Town, Nov., 1892; Bedford, Dec., 1892; Kimberley, Jan., 1894; Kliptam, April, 1895; Barkly West, July, 1895; Beaconsfield, Jan., 1896; Prince Albert, Mar., 1896; Jansenville, May, 1896; asst. registr., high ct., Kimberley, July, 1896; clk. to mag., Victoria East, Aug., 1900; asst. res. mag., Pearl, Aug., 1901; King Williams Town, Aug., 1904; Middeldrift, Aug., 1907; res. mag., Libode, July, 1908; Mganduli, May, 1910; Kokstad, Feb., 1916; asst. chief mag., Transkeian Territories, and res. mag., Umtata, Apr., 1919; oh. mag., Transkeian Territories, Sept., 1920.

WERTH, ALBERTUS JOHANNES.—B. 1888; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; teacher at Grey Coll. Schl., Bloemfontein, 1911-19; M.P. for Kroonstad, 1921-26; adminstr., S.W. Africa, Apr., 1926.

WHEATLEY, MAJOR H. H., O.B.E., M.C.—Served with Royal Engineers in France, 1914-19 (twice ment. in desps.); asst. to ch. engr. and sec. to govt., public wks. dept., Iraq, 1920; asst. adviser to min. of communications and wks., 1st Jan., 1921; adviser to min. of communications and wks., 9th Apr., 1922.

WHEBELL, CHARLES JOHN.—B. 1887; joined Royal North West Mounted Pol., Canada, Dec., 1912; proceeded overseas with 1st Canadian contingent, Sept., 1914; joined Irish Guards, Oct., 1914; transfd. to 1st Guards Brig. Machine Gun Coy., Sept., 1915; served throughout Great War with Guards Divn., 1914-19; "1914-15" Star, Victory and Gen. Serv. Medals, Meritorious Serv. Med., Croix-de-Guerre (Belgian), ment. in desps., Apr., 1917; rejoined R.N.W. M. Pol., Canada, May, 1919; asst. comdt., pol., Bahamas, 21st Apr., 1921; ag. comdt., June, 1921 to Apr., 1923 and from May to Dec., 1924; comdt. of pol. inspr. of prisons, provost marshal and ch. of fire dept., 20th Aug., 1926.

WHEELER, LEONARD RICHMOND, B.A., B.Sc. (Lond.).—B. 1888; science master, Letchworth Schl., 1909-12; Gram. Schl., Antigua, 1912-14; entered col. serv. as science master, Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad, Dec., 1914; comsn. in 1st batt., B.W.I.R., from 1st Trinidad

contingent, Sept., 1915; pilot, R.A.F., 1917; served in France and Salonica, 1916-19; returned to Trinidad, Jan., 1920; comsnnr. for Boy Scouts, Trinidad, 1920; transfd. to S.S. and F.M.S. as European mast., Nov., 1921; science and maths. mast., Malay Coll., Kuala Kangsar, Dec., 1921; vice-prin., Sultan Idris Training Coll., Tanjong Malim, Aug., 1924; asst. inspr., schls., Perak, July, 1926; inspr., schls., Malacca, Sept., 1926; author of "Flora of Antigua," "Scouting in the Tropics," etc.

WHEELER, CAPT. RICHARD CHAMBERLAIN, M.B.E., M.R.C.V.S.—Veterinary off., Kenya, July, 1913; senr. veterinary off., Apr., 1920.

WHEELWRIGHT, CHARLES APTHORPE, C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1873; mag.'s clk., Rahowe, Feb., 1890; clk. and interpr., Lower Umfolosi, Aug., 1892; office of res. comsnnr., and chf. mag., Mar., 1894; ag. asst. mag., Umlazi, Jan., 1896; ag. mag., Ingwavuma, Dec., 1897; mag., Mahlabatini, Apr., 1898; native comsnnr., Zoutpansburg, June, 1902; mag., July, 1907; Pietersburg, Aug., 1912; chf. native comsnnr., Natal, Mar., 1916.

WHISKARD, GEOFFREY GRANVILLE, C.B. (1923).—B. 1886; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Wadham Coll., Oxford; 1st cl. mods., 1907; 1st cl. lit. hum., 1909; ent. H.O., 1911; asst. pvt. sec. and subsequently prin. pvt. sec. to successive secs. of state, 1915-20; asst. sec., ch. sec.'s office, Dublin Castle, 1920-22; asst. sec., C.O., 1st Apr., 1924.

WHITCOMBE, SIDNEY F.—B. 1899; entered C.O., July, 1915; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., 1917; on military service, Jan., 1918, to Apr., 1920; cler. off., 1st Jan., 1920.

WHITE, ALEXANDER HAROLD, O.B.E. (1924).—B. 1889; asst. collr. (now asst. dist. comsnnr.), Zanzibar, 27th Dec., 1911; az. 2nd asst. sec. and clk. of coun., 14th June, 1915; ag. 1st asst. sec., 7th Oct. to 28th Dec., 1915; ag. mag., His Highness' ct. for Zanzibar, 1918 (Brilliant Star, 4th cl., July, 1919); ag. dist. comsnnr., 21st Feb. to 20th July, 1919; asst. sec., German E. Africa, provisional admtn., July, 1919; dist. political off., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920; ag. mag., Dar-es-Salaam, Apr. to July, 1922; seconded for sp. serv. as Br. comsnnr., Anglo-Belgian bdy. comsn. (Ruanda-Urundi), Aug., 1922 to Aug., 1925.

WHITE, ARTHUR V.—B. 1871; ed. Woodstock Pub. and High Schs., and Univ. of Toronto (M.E.); engrn. with several prominent firms; lect. in mechan. drawing and machine design, Toronto Tech. Schl.; later with dept. of pub. wks., Can., consulting engrn., Comsn. of Conservation, Can., until its abolition, 1921; consulting engrn., representing Can. to the internat. joint comsn., Lake of the Woods investigation under the boundary waters treaty, 1911; consulting engrn. to Hydro-electric Comsn., Ontario, 1922; has written extensively on water power, elec. development and fuel supply.

WHITE, JAMES, F.R.G.S., Grad. R.M.C. Kingston, Canada.—B. 1863; entd. civ. serv. Canada, 1884; geographer and ch. draughtsman geog. surv., 1894; ch. geographer, dep. of Interior, 1899; sec., Comsnr. of Conservation, 1906 and sec. and chmn. until its abolition, 1925; engaged on sp. work in connection with Labrador boundary dispute.

WHITE, WALLIS HARRY BRINSLEY.—Ed. Bruton and Linc. Coll., Oxford; asst. master, St. Andrew's Coll., Grahamstown and Grad. Reinet Coll.; 1st class teacher's certifi., Cape

Colony; served during S. African War in Brabant's Horse (Queen's medal and four clasps); inspr. of schls., O.R.C., 5th Jan., 1901; ch. ditto, 1st Feb., 1904; ag. dir. of educn., Aug., 1906, to Feb., 1906, and Apr. to July, 1907.

WHITE, W. ARTHUR.—Apptd. after open compet. exam. for home civil serv. to P.O., Jan., 1890; 2nd div. clk., acctnt.-gen.'s dept., July, 1892; clk., controller's office, Mar., 1898; supt. of registrtr., G.P.O., Singapore, May, 1903; ag. supt. of mails, Oct., 1903; acctnt., postal dept., F.M.S., 1905; ag. dir., posts and telegraphs, F.M.S., 19th May, 1910 to 27th Aug., 1911, and 13th May, 1915 to 2nd Jan., 1916; sen. asst. auditor, external audit, S. Sittmts. and F.M.S., 1st July, 1917; seconded as collr. of war tax, Singapore, July to Nov., 1917; dir., external audit, S. Sittmts., and F.M.S., 12th May, 1919; ag. audr.-gen., S. Sittmts., in addition, 29th May, 1920 to 10th Nov., 1921; audr.-gen., 14th Aug., 1923.

WHITE, RT. HON. SIR WILLIAM THOMAS, P.C. (1920); K.C.M.G. (1916), B.A.—B. 1866; ed. High Schls., Oakville and Brampton, Ont., Univ. of Toronto (B.A.), graduate of the Ontario law schl.; apptd. manager National Trust Co., Ltd., Toronto, 1899; subsequently general manager and vice-pres. of the same institution; mem. of the Privy Council for Canada and min. of finance in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; ditto in National govt., Oct., 1917; re-elec. at g.e., Dec., 1917, for Leeds-Brockville; resig. portfolio, July, 1919.

WHITE, W. V. C.—B. 1897; on mil. serv., 8th Sept., 1914 to 14th Dec., 1915; discharged through wounds, 17th Feb., 1916; ent. Miny. of Food, 18th Mar., 1918; appt. cler. offr., C.O., 24th Apr., 1922.

WHITEHEAD, CHARLES BASIL.—Asst. supt. of pol., S. Sittmts., Sept., 1900; ag. second supt. of pol., Singapore, June to Sept., 1908, and from Sept., 1909, to Feb., 1910; asst. supt. of pol., Singapore, Feb., 1910, and again, Dec., 1910; ag. supt. of pol., Malacca, and ag. harbmr. in addition, June, 1910; ag. supt. of pol., Singapore, Dec., 1910; ag. supt. in charge, Prov. Wellesley, Oct., 1911; asst. supt. of pol., grade II, Jan., 1912; ag. supt. of pol., Penang, June, 1915; asst. supt. of pol., Prov. Wellesley, Sept., 1917.

WHITEHEAD, FRANK EDRED, O.B.E. (1926), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.); certifi., Lond. Schl. of Trop. Med.—B. 1880; ed. St. Bartholomew's Hosp., London; late hon. surg. County Hosp., Huntingdon; med. offr., Sierra Leone, May, 1913; Cameroons Exped. Force, Aug., 1914 to Feb., 1916; med. offr., Somaliland, June, 1916; senr. med. offr., Apr., 1919; senr. med. offr., Nyasaland, July, 1922; a. prin. med. offr., Dec., 1922; dir., med. and san. services, 1923.

WHITEHEAD, LOUIS HAROLD.—B. 1871; ch. clk. to atty.-gen., Trinidad, 1st Apl., 1905.

WHITEHORN, ROGER HERBERT, B.A. Cantab.—B. 1887; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 17th Nov., 1911; attached to col. sec.'s office, 12th Dec., 1911; attached to Colombo Kachcheri, Aug., 1912; ag. pol. mag., Gampola, Jan., 1913; office asst., Ratnapura Kach., Feb., 1914; pol. mag., Galle, Mar., 1914; 4th asst. col. sec., Sept., 1914; on military duty as asst. censor, Nov., 1914; ag. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Apr., 1916; 4th asst. col. sec., Aug., 1916; ag. third asst. col. sec., Oct., 1916; priv. sec. to gov. in addition to his own duties, Nov., 1916; on military duty, 1918; extra asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Jan., 1920; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Feb., 1920;

ag. priv. sec. to offr. admstg. govt., 5th-23rd Apr., 1920; pol. mag., Kandy, Sept., 1922; ag. asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Mar., 1923; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Feb., 1924; ditto, Puttalam and Chilaw, Dec., 1924; ditto, Matara, Oct., 1927.

WHITEHOUSE, BERTRAM REGINALD.—B. 1891; ed. at King Edward's, Birmingham, and St. John's Coll., Camb.; B.A. 1913; cadet, S. Sittmts. civ. ser., Feb., 1915, and lent to Johore; attached to censor's office, Singapore, till Apr., 1918; granted permission to join H.M. Forces, Apr., 1918; attached to land office, Johore, Sep., 1919; ag. supt. of Indian immigr., Nov., 1919; ag. collr. of land rev., Johore Bahru, June, 1920; offr., cls. IV., 9th Jan., 1922.

WHITING, JOHN BREEBY.—B. 1859; entd. public serv., S. Australia, 1873; sec., state children's dept., 1886; sec. and regisr. of stock in ag.-gen.'s dept., London, 1903; ag. agent-gen., 1914-15.

WHITLEY, MICHAEL HENRY.—B. 1872; ed. at Blundell's Schl. and King's Coll., London; jun. offr., Selangor, 1896; dep. pub. pros., F.M.S., 1905; legal adviser, Johore, 1910; called to the Bar, Inner Temple, 1913; ag. legal adviser, F.M.S., 1916; puisne judge, S.S. and jud. comsnr., F.M.S., 1918; ag. senr. puisne judge, S.S., 1921; ag. puisne judge, Penang, 1st Jan., 1922; ag. senr. puisne judge, Penang, June, 1922; atty.-gen., S.S., 1925.

WHITTALL, LIEUT.-COL. PERCIVAL FREDERICK.—B. 1877; ed. Felsted; joined army, 1896; lieut., Lincolnshire Regt., 1902; served in S. African war, 1899-1900 (Queen's medal and three clasps); lieut., G. Coast Regt., 1907; recd. thanks of S. of S. for services during outbreak of yellow fever at Secondee, 1910; asst. dist. comsnr. N. Territories, G. Coast, 1912; released for service in European War, 1915-1919 (D.S.O. and one bar, French Croix de Guerre, 1914-15 Star); dist. comsnr. N. Territories, G. Coast, 1918; dep. prov. comsnr., 1927.

WHITTING, CHARLES EDWARD JEWEL.—B. 1900; ed. Haileybury and St. John's Coll., Oxford; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 26th July, 1922.

WHYBRO, CHARLES, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1902; ed. Berkhamsted Schl., London Univ., Schl. of Economics, and Christ's Coll., Cambridge, 1920-23; economic tripos, pt. I, 3rd cls., 1922; law tripos, pt. II, 3rd cls., 1923; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1926.

WICKRAMASINHA, SENA PANDUKABHAYA, B.A., LL.B. (Cantab.)—B. 1899; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1922; attd. to Matara kach., Dec., 1922; ditto, Batticaloa kach., Apr., 1923; extra office asst., Anuradhapura kach., Jan., 1925; office asst., ditto, June, 1925; pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, Feb., 1926; adnl. dist. judge, Mannar and Mullaitivu, June, 1927.

WICKREMESINGHE, CYRIL LEONARD.—B. 1890; cadet, local div., Ceylon civ. ser., Apr., 1912; attached to Badulla Kachcheri, Apr., 1912; Matara Kachcheri, Oct., 1912; office asst. to govt. agt., Uva, July, 1913; ag. pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, Nov., 1913; adl. pol. mag., Colombo, Negombo and Avissawella, June, 1916; pol. mag., Kalutara, Mar., 1917; pol. mag., Jaffna, Mar., 1920; ag. adnl. pol. mag., Colombo, Negombo, and Avissawella, Mar., 1921; adnl. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, May, 1921; asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Mar., 1923; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, Nov., 1925; asst. govt. agt., Puttalam, Oct., 1926.

bilan and Pahang, 13th May, 1909, health off., F.M.S., 1st Jan., 1911; senr. health off., F.M.S., 5th Mar., 1919; malaria res. off. in addn., May, 1925; ag. prin. med. off., F.M.S., Apr., 1926.

WEIMAN, CHARLES WELLESLEY.—B. 1878; ed. Christ's Hosp.; open scholarship, Pemb. Coll., Oxon., 1897; 1st cl. hon. class. mods., 1899; 2nd cl. hon. lit. hum., 1901; M.A. Oxon., 1907; bar final exam., 1909; called to the bar, Middle Temple, Jan., 1911; enlisted in 130th co. I.Y. and served in S. Africa (Queen's medal, 2 clasps), 1902; educn. dept., Transvaal, Nov., 1902, to 1905; sec., Transvaal Resp. Govt. Assoc. and Transvaal National Assoc., 1905-1907; in office of agt.-gen. for the Transvaal in London, 1907-1909; asst. dist. comsgr., Gold Coast, 1909; asst. col. sec., 1913; dist. comsgr., 1917; senr. asst. col. sec., 1917; ag. comsgr., Eastern Prov., Jan. to Apr., 1918; dep. pol. mag., Accra, Aug. to Sep., 1918; ag. chief asst. col. sec., May to Dec., 1919; ag. comsgr., Central Prov., from Dec., 1919; dep. sec. for native affairs, 1920.

WELSH, ALEXANDER SIMPSON.—B. 1881; Cape civ. serv., 1899; B.A. (Cape), 1904; LL.B. (Cape), 1907; professional assist. to crown prosecutor, Johannesburg, 1914; prof. asst. to atty.-gen., Cape, 1918; crown prosecutor, Johannesburg, 1921; law adviser, 1926.

WELSH, WILLIAM THOMSON.—B. 1873; clk. to mag., Cape Town, Nov., 1892; Bedford, Dec., 1892; Kimberley, Jan., 1894; Klipdam, April, 1895; Barkly West, July, 1895; Beaconsfield, Jan., 1896; Prince Albert, Mar., 1896; Jansenville, May, 1896; asst. registrar, high ct., Kimberley, July, 1896; clk. to mag., Victoria East, Aug., 1900; asst. res. mag., Paarl, Aug., 1901; King Williams Town, Aug., 1904; Middelrift, Aug., 1907; res. mag., Libode, July, 1908; Mganduli, May, 1910; Kokstad, Feb., 1916; asst. chief mag., Transkeian Territories, and res. mag., Umtata, Apr., 1919; ch. mag., Transkeian Territories, Sept., 1920.

WERTH, ALBERTUS JOHANNES.—B. 1888; ed. Victoria Coll., Stellenbosch; teacher at Grey Coll. Schl., Bloemfontein, 1911-19; M.P. for Kroonstad, 1921-26; admstr., S.W. Africa, Apr., 1926.

WHEATLEY, MAJOR H. H., O.B.E., M.C.—Served with Royal Engineers in France, 1914-19 (twice ment. in desps.); asst. to ch. engr. and sec. to govt., public wks. dept., Iraq, 1920; asst. adviser to min. of communications and wks., 1st Jan., 1921; adviser to min. of communications and wks., 9th Apr., 1922.

WHEBELL, CHARLES JOHN.—B. 1887; joined Royal North West Mounted Pol., Canada, Dec., 1912; proceeded overseas with 1st Canadian contingent, Sept., 1914; joined Irish Guards, Oct., 1914; transf'd. to 1st Guards Brig. Machine Gun Coy., Sept., 1915; served throughout Great War with Guards Divn., 1914-19; "1914-15" Star, Victory and Gen. Serv. Meds., Meritorious Serv. Med., Croix-de-Guerre (Belgian), ment. in desps., Apr., 1917; rejoined R.N.W. M. Pol., Canada, May, 1919; asst. comdt. pol., Bahamas, 21st Apr., 1921; ag. comdt., June, 1921 to Apr., 1923 and from May to Dec., 1924; comdt. of pol. inspr. of prisons, provost marshal and ch. of fire dept., 20th Aug., 1926.

WHEELER, LEONARD RICHMOND, B.A., B.Sc. (Lond.).—B. 1888; science master, Letchworth Schl., 1909-12; Gram. Schl., Antigua, 1912-14; entered col. serv. as science master, Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad, Dec., 1914; comsgr. in 1st batt., B.W.I.R., from 1st Trinidad

contingent, Sept., 1915; pilot, R.A.F., 1917; served in France and Salonica, 1916-19; returned to Trinidad, Jan., 1920; comsgr. for Boy Scouts Trinidad, 1920; transf'd. to S.S. and F.M.S. as European mast., Nov., 1921; science and maths mast., Malay Coll., Kuala Kangsar, Dec., 1921; vice-prin., Sultan Idris Training Coll., Tanjong Malim, Aug., 1924; asst. inspr., schls., Perak, July, 1926; inspr., schls., Malacca, Sept., 1926; author of "Flora of Antigua," "Scouting in the Tropics," etc.

WHEELER, CAPT. RICHARD CHAMBERLAIN, M.B.E., M.R.C.V.S.—Veterinary off., Kenya, July, 1913; senr. veterinary off., Apr., 1920.

WHEELWRIGHT, CHARLES APFORTH, C.M.G. (1901).—B. 1873; mag.'s clk., Bahora, Feb., 1890; clk. and interpr., Lower Umfolosi, Aug., 1892; office of res. comsgr., and chf. mag., Mar., 1894; ag. asst. mag., Umlazi, Jan., 1896; ag. mag., Ingwavuma, Dec., 1897; mag., Makhabatini, Apr., 1898; native comsgr., Zoutpansberg, June, 1902; mag., July, 1907; Pieterburg, Aug., 1912; chf. native comsgr., Natal, Mar., 1916.

WHISKARD, GEOFFREY GRANVILLE, C.B. (1923).—B. 1886; ed. St. Paul's Schl. and Wadham Coll., Oxford; 1st cl. mods., 1907; 1st cl. lit. hum., 1909; ent. H.O., 1911; asst. prin. sec. and subsequently prin. pvte. sec. to successive secs. of state, 1915-20; asst. sec., ch. sec.'s office, Dublin Castle, 1920-22; asst. sec., C.O., 1st Apr., 1924.

WHITCOMBE, SIDNEY F.—B. 1899; entered C.O., July, 1915; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., C.O., 1917; on military service, Jan., 1918, to Apr., 1920; cler. off., 1st Jan., 1920.

WHITE, ALEXANDER HAROLD, O.B.E. (1924).—B. 1889; asst. collr. (now asst. dist. comsgr.), Zanzibar, 27th Dec., 1911; ag. 2nd asst. sec. and clk. of coun., 14th June, 1915; ag. 1st asst. sec., 7th Oct. to 28th Dec., 1915; ag. mag., His Highness' ct. for Zanzibar, 1918 (Brilliant Star, 4th cl., July, 1919); ag. dist. comsgr., 21st Feb. to 20th July, 1919; asst. sec., German E. Africa provisional admtn., July, 1919; dist. political off., Tanganyika Territory, 1st Apr., 1920; ag. mag., Dar-es-Salaam, Apr. to July, 1922; seconded for sp. serv. as Br. comsgr., Anglo-Belgian belt comsgr. (Ruanda-Urundi), Aug., 1922 to Aug., 1925.

WHITE, ARTHUR V.—B. 1871; ed. Woodstock Pub. and High Schs., and Univ. of Toronto (M.E.); engr. with several prominent firms; lect. in mechan. drawing and machine design, Toronto Tech. Schl.; later with dept. of pub. wks., Can.; consulting engr. Comsn. of Conservation, Can., until its abolition, 1921; consulting engr., representing Can. to the internat. joint comsgr., Lake of the Woods investigation under the boundary waters treaty, 1911; consulting engr. to Hydro-electric Comsn., Ontario, 1922; has written extensively on water power, electricity, development and fuel supply.

WHITE, JAMES, F.R.G.S., Grad. R.M.C. Kingston, Canada.—B. 1863; entd. civ. serv. Canada, 1884; geographer and ch. draughtsman, geog. surv., 1894; ch. geographer, dep. of Interior, 1899; sec., Comsgr. of Conservation, 1909; and sec. and chmn. until its abolition, 1921; engaged on sp. work in connection with Labrador boundary dispute.

WHITE, WALLIS HARRY BRINSLEY.—Ed. at Bruton and Linc. Coll., Oxford; asst. master, St. Andrew's Coll., Grahamstown and Grad. Reinet Coll.; 1st class teacher's certif., Cape

Colony; served during S. African War in Brabant's Horse (Queen's medal and four clasps); inspr. of schls., O.R.C., 5th Jan., 1901; ch. ditto, 1st Feb., 1904; ag. dir. of educn., Aug., 1905, to Feb., 1906, and Apr. to July, 1907.

WHITE, W. ARTHUR.—Apptd. after open compet. exam. for home civil serv. to P.O., Jan., 1890; 2nd div. clk., acctnt.-gen.'s dept., July, 1892; clk., controller's office, Mar., 1898; supt. of registrars, G.P.O., Singapore, May, 1903; ag. supt. of mails, Oct., 1903; acctnt., postal dept., F.M.S., 1905; ag. dir., posts and telegraphs, F.M.S., 19th May, 1910 to 27th Aug., 1911, and 13th May, 1915 to 2nd Jan., 1916; sen. asst. auditor, external audit, S. Sltmts. and F.M.S., 1st July, 1917; seconded as collr. of war tax, Singapore, July to Nov., 1917; dir., external audit, S. Sltmts., and F.M.S., 12th May, 1919; ag. audr.-gen., S. Sltmts., in addition, 29th May, 1920 to 10th Nov., 1921; audr.-gen., 14th Aug., 1923.

WHITE, RT. HON. SIR WILLIAM THOMAS, P.C. (1920); K.C.M.G. (1916), B.A.—B. 1866; ed. High Schls. Oakville and Brampton, Ont., Univ. of Toronto (B.A.), graduate of the Ontario law schl.; apptd. manager National Trust Co., Ltd., Toronto, 1899; subsequently general manager and vice-pres. of the same institution; mem. of the Privy Council for Canada and min. of finance in Mr. Borden's cabinet, Oct., 1911; ditto in National govt., Oct., 1917; re-elec. at g.e., Dec., 1917, for Leeds-Brockville; resig. portfolio, July, 1919.

WHITE, W. V. C.—B. 1897; on mil. serv., 8th Sept., 1914 to 14th Dec., 1915; discharged through wounds, 17th Feb., 1916; ent. Min. of Food, 18th Mar., 1918; appt. cler. offr., C.O., 24th Apr., 1922.

WHITEHEAD, CHARLES BASIL.—Asst. supt. of pol., S. Sltmts., Sept., 1900; ag. second supt. of pol., Singapore, June to Sept., 1908, and from Sept., 1909, to Feb., 1910; asst. supt. of pol., Singapore, Feb., 1910, and again, Dec., 1910; ag. supt. of pol., Malacca, and ag. harbmr. in addition, June, 1910; ag. supt. of pol., Singapore, Dec., 1910; ag. supt. in charge, Prov. Wellesley, Oct., 1911; asst. supt. of pol., grade II, Jan., 1912; ag. supt. of pol., Penang, June, 1915; asst. supt. of pol., Prov. Wellesley, Sept., 1917.

WHITEHEAD, FRANK EDRED, O.B.E. (1926), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.); certif., Lond. Schl. of Trop. Med.—B. 1880; ed. St. Bartholomew's Hosp., London; late hon. surg. County Hosp., Huntingdon; med. offr., Sierra Leone, May, 1913; Cameroons Exped. Force, Aug., 1914 to Feb., 1916; med. offr., Somaliland, June, 1916; senr. med. offr., Apr., 1919; senr. med. offr., Nyasaland, July, 1922; ex. prin. med. offr., Dec., 1922; dir., med. and san. services, 1923.

WHITEHEAD, LOUIS MAHOLD.—B. 1871; ch. clk. to atty.-gen., Trinidad, 1st Apl., 1905.

WHITEHORN, ROGER HERBERT, B.A. Cantab.—B. 1887; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 17th Nov., 1911; attached to col. sec.'s office, 12th Dec., 1911; attached to Colombo Kacheheri, Aug., 1912; ag. pol. mag., Gampola, Jan., 1913; office asst., Ratnapura Kach., Feb., 1914; pol. mag., Galle, May, 1914; 4th asst. col. sec., Sept., 1914; on military duty as asst. censor, Nov., 1914; ag. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Apr., 1916; 4th asst. col. sec., Aug., 1916; ag. third asst. col. sec., Oct., 1916; priv. sec. to gov. in addition to his own duties, Nov., 1916; on military duty, 1918; extra asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Jan., 1920; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Feb., 1920;

ag. priv. sec. to offr. admstr. govt., 5th-23rd Apr., 1920; pol. mag., Kandy, Sept., 1922; ag. asst. govt. agt., Kegalla, Mar., 1923; asst. govt. agt., Colombo, Feb., 1924; ditto, Puttalam and Chilaw, Dec., 1924; ditto, Matara, Oct., 1927.

WHITEHOUSE, BERTRAM REGINALD.—B. 1891; ed. at King Edward's, Birmingham, and St. John's Coll., Camb.; B.A. 1913; cadet, S. Sltmts. civ. ser., Feb., 1915, and lent to Johore; attached to censor's office, Singapore, till Apr., 1918; granted permission to join H.M. Forces, Apr., 1918; attached to land office, Johore, Sep., 1919; ag. supt. of Indian immigr., Nov., 1919; ag. collr. of land rev., Johore Bahru, June, 1920; offr., cls. IV., 9th Jan., 1922.

WHITING, JOHN BEEBY.—B. 1859; entd. public serv., S. Australia, 1873; sec., state children's dept., 1886; sec. and regis. of stock in ag.-gen.'s dept., London, 1903; ag. agent-gen., 1914-15.

WHITLEY, MICHAEL HENRY.—B. 1872; ed. at Blundell's Schl. and King's Coll., London; jun. offr., Selangor, 1896; dep. pub. pro., F.M.S., 1905; legal adviser, Johore, 1910; called to the Bar, Inner Temple, 1913; ag. legal adviser, F.M.S., 1916; puisne judge, S.S. and jud. comsnr., F.M.S., 1918; ag. senr. puisne judge, S.S., 1921; ag. puisne judge, Penang, 1st Jan., 1922; ag. senr. puisne judge, Penang, June, 1922; atty.-gen., S.S., 1925.

WHITTALL, LIEUT.-COL. PERCIVAL FREDERICK.—B. 1877; ed. Felsted; joined army, 1896; lieut., Lincolnshire Regt., 1902; served in S. African war, 1899-1900 (Queen's medal and three clasps); lieut., G. Coast Regt., 1907; recd. thanks of S. of S. for services during outbreak of yellow fever at Secondee, 1910; asst. dist. comsnr. N. Territories, G. Coast, 1912; released for service in European War, 1915-1919 (D.S.O. and one bar, French Croix de Guerre, 1914-15 Star); dist. comsnr., N. Territories, G. Coast, 1918; dep. prov. comsnr., 1927.

WHITTING, CHARLES EDWARD JEWEL.—B. 1900; ed. Haileybury and St. John's Coll., Oxford; supt., educn. dept., N. Provs., Nigeria, 26th July, 1922.

WHYBRO, CHARLES, B.A., LL.B.—B. 1902; ed. Berkhamsted Schl., London Univ., Schl. of Economics, and Christ's Coll., Cambridge, 1920-23; economic tripos, pt. I, 3rd cls., 1922; law tripos, pt. II, 3rd cls., 1923; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1926.

WICKRAMASINHA, SENA PANDUKABHAYA, B.A., LL.B. (Cantab.)—B. 1899; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1922; attd. to Matara kach., Dec., 1922; ditto, Batticaloa kach., Apr., 1923; extra office asst., Anuradhapura kach., Jan., 1925; office asst., ditto, June, 1925; pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, Feb., 1926; addnl. dist. judge, Mannar and Mullaitivu, June, 1927.

WICKREMESINGHE, CYRIL LEONARD.—B. 1890; cadet, local div., Ceylon civ. ser., Apr., 1912; attached to Badulla Kacheheri, Apr., 1912; Matara Kacheheri, Oct., 1912; office asst. to govt. agt., Uva, July, 1913; ag. pol. mag., Dandagamuwa, Nov., 1913; addnl. pol. mag., Colombo, Negombo and Avissawella, June, 1916; pol. mag., Kalutara, Mar., 1917; pol. mag., Jaffna, Mar., 1920; ag. addnl. pol. mag., Colombo, Negombo, and Avissawella, Mar., 1921; addnl. asst. govt. agt., Colombo, May, 1921; asst. govt. agt., Mannar, Mar., 1923; dist. judge, Nuwara Eliya, Nov., 1925; asst. govt. agt., Puttalam, Oct., 1926.

WIDDUP, CHARLES PONSONBY.—Clerical asst., treasury, B. Guiana, 1902; 6th cls. clk., lands and mines dept., 1903; ag. sub-inspr. of police, 1903; sub-inspr. of police, 1904; qualified as musketry instr., Hythe, 1905; dist. inspr. of police, 1908; passed Hindustani exam. 1909; county inspr. of police, 1914; dep. inspr. gen., B. Guiana, 16th Dec., 1920; ag. inspr.-gen., pol. and commdt., local forces, 6th Mar. to 10th Oct., 1924 and from 16th Aug., 1926 to 31st Jan., 1927.

WIGGINS, CLARE AVELING, C.M.G. (1923), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), Fellow, Entom. Soc.—Med. off., E. Africa Prot., 4th Apr., 1901; med. off., Uganda Prot., 4th Apr., 1909; dep. P.M.O., 1st Apr., 1911; ag. P.M.O., 18th May to 29th Nov., 1910, and 19th May to 25th Dec., 1913; D.A.D.M.S. (Mob.), 24th Oct., 1915, with rank of major; O.C. Uganda Native Med. Corps, and O.C. Uganda Bearers Corps, 17th Nov., 1915; asst. censor, 2nd Feb., 1915; offl. censor, 12th Mar., 1916; P.M.O., Uganda.

WIGHTMAN, J. W. E.—Asst. dist. comsnr., Kenya, Apr., 1914; ag. res. comsnr., 1926.

WIGHTON, ALEXANDER RITCHIE, Mem., Transvaal Socy. of Acctnts.—Joined Impl. military rlys., S. Africa, June, 1902; audit inspr., ch. acctnt.'s dept., 23rd June, 1903; acctnt., engrn.'s dept., 1st Feb., 1904; ch. clk., ditto, 1st July, 1908; inspr., dept. of audr., S. African rlys. and harbs., 1st Apr., 1910; ch. inspr., asst. controller and audr.-gen.'s dept., Union of S. Africa, 1st Apr., 1912; ch. inspr. (rlys. and harbs.), cont. and audit office, 1st July, 1916.

WIGHTWICK, CLAUDE.—B. 1881; ed. at Tonbridge schol. and Pembroke Coll., Camb., 3rd cls. class. tripos; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 18th Aug., 1906; 3rd cls. res., 1st Jan., 1913; title changed to 2nd cls. dist. offr., 1st Jan., 1914; 1st cls. ditto, 22nd Mar., 1919; res. 16th Oct., 1921; ag. senr. res., 10th Jan., 1923.

WIGLEY, WILFRID MURRAY.—Ed. Derby schol.; held various clerical apptmts. under govt., St. Kitts-Nevis, Feb., 1895, to Apr., 1898; called to the bar, Mid. Temp., Jan., 1901; practised at bar of Leeward Is. for some years; ag. admsr., St. Kitts, puisne judge, Leeward Is. and atty.-gen., on various occasions; crown atty., St. Kitts-Nevis, 1918.

WILCOCKS, CARL THEODORUS MULLER.—B. 1861; ed. Godbolt's Comml. Acad., Graaff Reinet; represented Fauresmth including Jagersfontein and Koffyfontein in first Union parl.; M.L.A. for Winburg (O.F.S.), 1915-24; mem., rlys. and harbs. bd., 1924; pub. debt. comsnr., 1925.

WILKIE, DAVID.—Ed. at Christ's Hosp., London; S. African campaign, 1900-1; pay and acctng. branch, S.A.C., 1902; clk. to lieut.-gov., O.R.C., 1902; ag. priv. sec. to lieut.-gov., O.R.C., 1906; ch. clk., gov.'s off., 1907; clk. of exec. coun., 1909; gov.-gen.'s off., Union of S. Africa, 1910; sec. to tender bd., 1911; ag. contr. of supplies, 1916; govt. buyer, 1920.

WILKINSON, ALAN FREDERICK LAWDER (Lieut., R.N.V.R.).—B. 1892; ed. Royal Naval Colls., Osborne and Dartmouth, and Trin. Coll., Cambridge; war service (Navy), 27th Aug., 1914, to 7th June, 1919; gunnery offr. from July, 1918; asst. dist. comsnr., G. Coast, 9th July, 1919; ag. dist. comsnr., 10th Sept. to 8th Nov., 1919.

WILKINSON, ERNEST EDWARD, M.B.E. (1922).—B. 1874; apptd., after compet. exam., clk., 2nd div., civ. ser., and assigned to the bd. of

agriculture, May, 1894; transf'd. to C.O., June, 1896; minor staff offr., ch. clk.'s dept., 1902; clk. to finance and concessions comtee., 1916; clk. for legal instruments, Sept., 1921; staff offr., 1st April, 1922; librarian, 26th Feb., 1923.

WILKINSON, H.S.—Clk., high comsnr.'s office, S. Africa, 1899; clk., polit. sec.'s office, Transvaal, 1900; acctnt. to sec., Transvaal admsntr., 1901; clk., col. sec.'s office, 1902; controller of stores, educn. dept., 1902; acctnt., health dept., 1904; sec., civ. serv. bd., 1906; distributor of stamps, treasury, 1908; distributor of stamps, dept. of finance, Union of S. Africa, 1910; prin. clk., treasury, 1916; ch. clk., treasury, 1925.

WILLAN, HAROLD CURWEN, M.C., B.A., OXON.—B. 1896; ed. Kendal Grammar Schl. and Jesus Coll., Oxford; open exhibr., Jesus Coll., Oxford; lieut., R.G.A.; M.C., 7th June, 1917; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. dist. offr., Tapah, May, 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Jan., 1923; passed cadet, Jan., 1923; offr., cls. V., Oct., 1923; dist. offr., Jelebu, Dec., 1923; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Aug., 1925; ag. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Oct., 1925 and in addn., Dec., 1926; offg. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Kangsar, Nov., 1926; ag. asst. regisr., sup. ct., Ipoh, Apr., 1927; offr., cls. IV., Oct., 1927.

WILLAN, REGINALD, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.—Ed. Oakham Schl. and Guy's Hospital; med. off. to Baro-Kano rly., Nigeria, 1909-1911; joined West African med. staff, 10th Jan., 1912.

WILLDON, MARGARET ISABEL, M.B.E. (1925).—B. 1877; matron, Basutoland leper asylum, 1913.

WILLETT, THOMAS GRAHAM.—B. 1883; ed. Merchant Taylors and St. John's Coll., Oxford (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1906; off. asst. to govt. agt., N.W. Prov., Aug., 1908; pol. mag., Chilaw, Dec., 1909; addl. pol. mag., Galle, Matara, Tangalla, Hambantota and Balapitiya, July, 1910; pol. mag., Jaffna, Jan., 1911; pol. mag., Kurunegala, Jan., 1913; ag. dist. judge, Kegalla, Aug., 1913; asst. land settmt. offr., and special offr. under waste land order, June, 1914; spec. comsnr. in connection with the riots, June, 1915; asst. land settmt. offr., Sept., 1915; on military duty, 1918; asst.-govt. agt., Kandy, Feb., 1920; pol. mag., Point Pedro, May, 1922; asst. govt. agt., Kurunegala, Jan., 1923; ditto, Colombo, Dec., 1924; ag. asst. govt. agt., Kaltura, 16th to 27th, Jan., 1926.

WILLIAMS, A. D. J. B.—Med. offr., E.A.P., Aug., 1912; senr. med. offr., Kenya, Sept., 1923; ag. dep. dir., med. services, 1926.

WILLIAMS, CHARLES EDWARD, O.B.E. (1918), M.L.Mech.E.—B. 1873; ed. Llandoverly Coll.; asst. wks. man., Vulcan loco. works, Lancs.; inspr., N.Z. and W. Australian rlys., 1898; Crown Agent's office, 1900; asst. man., Robt. Stephenson's wks., Darlington, 1901; dep. ch. inspg. engr., Crown Agts., 1904; staff capt. W.O., 1915; section dir., Miny. of Munitions, 1916; major, R.E., D.A.D., W.O., 1918; tech. head of engrng. inspection dept., C.A., 1919; visited Nigeria, 1920; Palestine and Cyprus, 1921; ch. inspg. engr., 1923; mem. of coun., Inst. of Loco. Engrs.

WILLIAMS, D. L. GWYNNE.—B. 1886; solr., sup. ct., Eng., 1914; served European War, 1915-18; ct. martial offr., 1918; staff capt. (legal) 1919; conveyancer and regisr. of titles, Uganda, 1923.

WILLIAMS, EDWARD BRIDGEWATER.—B. 1886; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1908; asst. dist. offr., Bruas,

Mar., 1910; ag. asst. dist. off., Ipoh, Apr., 1910; ag. asst. dist. off., Pekan, July, 1911; ag. dist. off., Dindings, S.S., June, 1912; ag. asst. dist. off., Larut, July, 1914; 2nd asst. dist. off., Larut, Dec., 1914; asst. dist. off., Kuantan, Aug., 1917; asst. dist. off., Lower Perak, Sept., 1918; mag., Seremban, Jan., 1920; dist. off., Taiping, Mar., 1920; dist. off., Coast, Nov., 1920; ag. dist. off., Kuala Pilah, Nov., 1921; collr., land rev., Seremban, Mar., 1922; ag. Br. res., Negri Sembilan, in addn., Aug., 1925; off. cl. III, Nov., 1925; ag. collr., land rev., Seremban, Nov., 1925; ag. collr., estate duty, F.M.S., Dec., 1926; pub. trustee, F.M.S., in addn., Mar., 1927; off., assignee, F.M.S., in addn., May., 1927.

WILLIAMS, EDWARD LLOYD.—B. 1875; ed. at Brecon and Victoria Univ. (Univ. Coll., Liverpool); indentured for three years to the water engnr. of Liverpool; student of the institn. of civ. engns.; contractor's engnr. on rly. construction, G.W.R.; res. engnr. on waterworks construction, N. Wales county asylum; contractor's sub-agt. and engnr. on rly. construction, G.W.R., served with 29th I.Y. (Denbighshire Hussars), South Africa, 1900-1; asst. engnr. on rly. survey, Gold Coast and Ashanti, 1901-2; asst. surveyor of mines, G. Coast, 1902-3; ch. surveyor, 1904-5; contractor's agt., waterworks construction for Liverpool corporation, 1905-6; exec. engnr., P.W.D., Northern Nigeria, 9th June, 1906; ag. dep. D.P.W., in 1908, 1910, 1911 and 1912.

WILLIAMS, ERIC TREGEAR.—B. 1890; ed. Blundell's schol. and Balliol Coll., Oxford; cadet, S. Sttlms. civ. ser., 28th Nov., 1913; attached to col. secs. office, 26th Dec., 1913; ag. supt., govt. printing office, 12th Mar., 1914; ag. dist. off., Jasin, 1st Sept., 1915; dist. off., Alor Gajah, 19th Oct., 1917; supernmy. offr., cl. IV, S. Sttlms., Nov., 1920; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec. "B," June, 1921; ag. 2nd asst. col. sec. "A," 6th Dec., 1921.

WILLIAMS, ERNEST HILLAS, B.A., Trinity Coll., Dublin.—B. 1899; cadet, Hong Kong, 1923; passed cadet, Dec., 1925; asst. to sec., for Chinese, affrs., 1926.

WILLIAMS, FRANK LESLIE.—B. 1899; ed. Weymouth Coll. and Christ's Coll., Cambridge, (B.A.); 2nd lieut., R.G.A., 1918; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1921; ag. asst. sec. to res., Selangor, June, 1924; atttd. to office of sec. for Chinese affrs., July, 1924; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Perak, Nov., 1924; atttd. for duty Chinese prot., Ipoh, July, 1925; ag. asst. prot., Chinese, Dec., 1926; ditto, Perak, Apr., 1927; ag. prot., Chinese, Taiping, May, 1927.

WILLIAMS, FRANK STANLEY.—B. 1894; ed. St. Paul's Schl., London; col. audit dept., Feb., 1920; asst. audr., Tanganyika Territory, Apr., 1920; senr. asst. audr., July, 1924; ag. dep. audr., Apr., 1926 to Jan., 1927.

WILLIAMS, G. A., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.C.R.P. (Lond.)—Tempy. commission, R.A.M.C., 1915-19; med. offr., Tanganyika Territory, May, 1921.

WILLIAMS, GILBERT NEVILLE, D.S.O., V.D.—Cape civ. serv., surv. office, 1892; dept. of agr., 1893; prin. clk., 1906; ch. clk., 1909; ch. clk., Union dept. of agr., 1912; ag. under-sec., 1919; confirmed, 1920; served, Bechuanaland Rebellion, 1897 (med. and clasp); S. A. War, 1899-1900 (med. and three clasps); served with Union troops, S.W. Africa, 1914-15; A.A. and Q.M.G., 3rd divn., E. African Expedy. Force, 1917-19 (D.S.O., 3 times ment. in desps.); sec. for agr., 1st Aug., 1926; del. to Imp. agri. confce., London, 1927.

WILLIAMS, HON. KENNETH STUART.—B. 1870; ed. Heretaunga Schl. and Christ's Coll., N.Z.; mem., N.Z. parl. since 1920; min. of pub. wks., 1926.

WILLIAMS, MYLES.—Clk. to res. comsnr., Bech. Prot., 1902; ch. clk. and registrar, 3rd Feb., 1906; ag. govt. sec., Nov., 1908, to May, 1909, and from Apr. to Oct., 1911; acctnt., Bech. Prot., Apr., 1912; passed Cape civ. ser. lower law exam., 1909; passed 2nd grade Bechuanaland exam., 1912; asst. res. mag., Apr., 1913; ag. res. mag., 3rd July, 1916; ag. asst. comsnr., N. Prot., 1916; ag. asst. comsnr., S. Prot., 1916; res. mag., 1920; finan. sec. master and registrar of deeds, 1920.

WILLIAMS, O. G. R.—B. 1886; ed. Lancing Coll. and Oxford; exhibitor, Hertford Coll., 1906; 1st cl. mods., 1907; 1st cl. Lit. Hum., 1909; Aubrey Moore studentship, 1910; apptd., after compet. exam., clk. in sec.'s off., In. Rev., Oct., 1910; 2nd cl. clk., C.O., Mar., 1911; priv. sec. to Mr. (now Sir Arthur) Steel-Maitland, 4th June, 1916; priv. sec. to Mr. Hewins, 26th Sept., 1917; priv. sec. to Col. Amery, 14th Jan., 1919; 1st cl. clk., 8th Mar., 1919; prin., 1st Apr., 1920; ag. asst. sec., Feb., 1926.

WILLIAMS, PATRICK EDWARD WILLOWS.—B. 1904; ed. Shrewsbury Schl. and Pembroke Coll., Cambridge; B.A.; supt., educn., Tanganyika Territory, 1926.

WILLIAMS, P. MILES.—B. 1890; ed. Pontypridd County Schl. and Ravensburg High Schl., Württemberg, Germany; R.F.C., 1915-17; disabled; clk., Miny. of Labour, Bristol, Feb., 1918 to May, 1922; apptd. after compet. exam., cler. offr., C.O., 29th May, 1922; seconded to Empire Marketing Bd., 1926.

WILLIAMS, PHILIP STANHOPE.—B. 1889; ed. at Harrow (head of the schl. 1907-08) and at Caius Coll., Camb. (schol. and Sayer schol.), 1st cl. classical tripos, 1911; cadet, F.M.S., Dec., 1912; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Tapah, Dec., 1913; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Kuala Kangsar, Feb., 1916; passed cadet, June, 1915; offr., cl. V., Jan., 1916; asst. sec. to res., Perak, Feb., 1917; offr., cl. IV., Dec., 1919; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Larut, June, 1920; ag. temp. as dist. offr., Batang Padang, July-Aug., 1920; asst. dist. offr., Larut, June, 1921; ag. dist. offr., Batang Padang, Dec., 1921; 2nd mag. Penang, Mar., 1925; ag. Br. advr., Perlis, May, 1925.

WILLIAMS, R. GREGSON.—Ed. at Rossall Schl., Caius Coll., Camb.; B.A. 3rd cl. hon., Science Tripos; Royal Schl. of Mines, A.S.R.M., 1st cl. diploma; post-graduate course, Mysore goldfields, India; asst. res., N. Nigeria, 22nd Mch., 1911; ag. inspr. of mines, June, 1911; ag. chief survr., Sept., 1911; contr., mines, Tanganyika Terr., 1926.

WILLIAMS, THOMAS ALFRED.—B. 1875; acctg. clk., Basutoland, 1906; acctnt., 1913; finan. sec., 1916.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM JOHN.—B. 1880; ed. Carnarvon County Schl., Univ. Coll., N. Wales and Univ. of Liverpool (engnr. dept.); atttd. Portsmouth dockyard, 1909; sent to Hong Kong for electrification H.M. naval yd., May, 1909; ch. asst. engnr., Shanghai munic. elec. dept., 1911; engn.-in-charge and man., Penang munic. electy. supply and tramways undertakings, 1920; engnr. and man., Penang Hill rly., Oct., 1923; dir., elect. dept., F.M.S., Jan., 1927.

WILLIAMSON, E.—B. 1884; clk., G.P.O., Transvaal, Mar., 1903; treasury, Transvaal, July,

1904; senr. clk., Jan., 1919; prin. clk., Apr., 1921; sec. cabinet comtee. on expenditure, 1922-24.

WILLINGDON, 1ST VISCOUNT (cr. 1924); 1st Baron of Raton (cr. 1910); Freeman Freeman-Thomas, G.B.E. (1917); G.C.S.I. (1918); G.C.I.E. (1913).—B. 1866; A.D.C. to Lord Brassey when gov. of Victoria, 1895; M.P., Hastings, 1900-06; Bodmin divn. of Cornwall, 1906-10; jun. lord of tress., 1905-12; J.P.; gov. of Bombay, 1913-19; ditto, Madras, 1919-24; major, Sussex Imperial Yeomanry; lord-in-waiting to His Majesty; gov.-gen. of the Dominion of Canada, 1926.

WILLIS, HARRY GRAHAM.—B. 1875; ed. Marlborough Coll.; apptd. to N.E. Rhodesia, Oct., 1900; asst. native comsnr., Jan., 1901; civ. comsnr., Sept., 1903; native comsnr., Nov., 1904; ret. owing to ill-health, Oct., 1906; rejoined as clk., mag.'s ct., Livingstone, N.W.R., Dec., 1907; native comsnr., Oct., 1908; ag. asst. mag., N.R., Sept., 1912-Mar., 1913; asst. mag., Apr., 1913; ag. res. mag., Barotse dist., Sept., 1913-Mar., 1914; ag. mag., Nov., 1923-May, 1924; mag., 31st May, 1924; J.P.

WILLIS, MAURICE A.—B. 1900; ent. M.O.D., G.P.O., May, 1915; apptd., after compet. exam., asst. clk., Apr., 1918; on mil. serv., May, 1918 to Feb., 1919; cler. off., 1st Jan., 1920; transfld., P.O. stores dept., Mar., 1920; transfld., C.O., May, 1924.

WILLIS, NORMAN EDWARD OMMANNEY.—B. 1872; ed. at Eton; entd. crown agent's office, 1st Jan., 1891; asst. cashier, 4th Jan., 1899; asst. acctnt., 1st July, 1902; acctnt. and dep. chief clk., 9th Jan., 1913; head of gen. dept. and ch. clk., 15th Nov., 1920.

WILLIS, STANLEY SCOTT.—B. 1889; ed. St. Lawrence Coll.; P.A.S.I., 1912; staff survr., Kenya, 1914; mil. serv., 1915-19; staff survr., Tanganyika Territory, 1922; on Anglo-Belgian bdy. comsn., 1922-24.

WILLMOTT, ARTHUR CHARLES.—B. 1880; ed. Lancing Coll. and Aspatria Agric. Coll., Cumberland; asst. survr., Uganda Prot., Mar., 1907; dist. engrn., P.W.D., May, 1908; ag. asst., D.P.W., Apr.-Nov., 1913; engrn.-in-charge, Kampala Port Bell rlvwy. constr., Dec., 1913.

WILMOT, FREDERICK CHARLES, M.D., D.P.H., L.R.C.P.—Asst. health off., dept. of pub. health, Union of S. Africa, 1913.

WILSON, BASIL MAYOR, M.B., Ch.B. (1901), D.P.H. (1911), M.D. (1911).—B. 1878; ed. Malvern Coll. (Faber Exhibr.), and Univ. of Manchester; gov. med. off., Fiji, 1904; dist. med. off., Levuka, 1907; dist. med. off., Ba., 1915; temp. lieut., R.A.M.C.F., Feb., 1918-19; served with B.E.F. in France; res. med. off., col. hosp., Suva, M.O.H. and bacteriologist, Fiji, 1922; prin. med. off., ohmn., cent. bd. of health, mem., leg. coun., Br. Hond., 1923; suptg. med. off., ohmn., cent. bd. of health, ohmn., quarantine bd., Jamaica, 1925; nominated mem., leg. coun.

WILSON, CAPT. CHARLES.—B. 1889; ed. Foyle Coll., Derry, and Trinity Coll., Dublin (six), jun. and sen. ex., schol., sen. mod. (B.A.); cert B., Dublin Univ. O.T.C.; cadet, F.M.S., 11th Jan., 1913; attd. Chinese prot. and contr. of lab. office, Kuala Lumpur, Aug., 1913 to May, 1914; asst. contr. of lab., Penang, 18th Dec., 1914; passed cadet, 9th Jan., 1915; on mil. serv., 2nd lieut., 6th K.S.L.I., 22nd July, 1915; France, 13th Feb., 1916; offr., cls. V., 7th May, 1916; lieut., 7th July, 1916; capt., 13th Feb., 1919; demob., 16th Mar., 1919; ment. in desp., dep. contr., lab., Seremban, 14th June, 1919; offr., cls. IV., 11th

Jan., 1920; ag. sec. to res., N. Sembilan, in addn., during June, 1920; dist. offr., coast, in addn., 1st Sept. to 4th Nov., 1920; ag. dist. offr., Ipoh, 4th Dec., 1920; gov. rice agt., Kinta, in addn., 6th Dec., 1920; 2nd lieut. and adj., Malay Vol. Infy., Perak, 12th Apr., 1921; ag. ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, 1st July, 1922; emigrn. agt. in India, 1st Aug., 1922; ag. stamp and probate offr., Singapore, May, 1924; offr., cls. III, Jan., 1925; ag. dep. tress. (B), Singapore, in addn., Mar., 1925; ag. emigrn. comsnr. for Malaya, Madras, Feb., 1926.

WILSON, C. J.—Medical offr., E.A.P., May, 1911; dep. dir., med. serv., Kenya, Sept., 1923; ag. dir., med. and san'y. servs., 1926.

WILSON, CHARLES LIVINGSTONE.—B. 1874; ed. Queen's Royal Coll., Trinidad; entd. civ. serv., Grenada, as 2nd clk., G.P.O., Aug., 1892; ag. ch. clk., 1893; 2nd clk., col. sec.'s office, Jan., 1894; ex. off. sec., gen. bd. of health and bd. of educn., 1897-1903; ag. ch. clk. to gov. of Windward Is., 1907-8; ch. clk., gov. office, St. Vincent, clk. of couns., man. of printing subdept., and sec., hurricane loan bd., 1907-11; ch. clk., col. sec.'s office, clk. of couns. and man., printing sub. dept., 1911-19; col. postmsr., Grenada, 1919; a dir. of the pub. offrs. guarantee fund, 1919; sec. of reception comtee., visit of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales to Grenada, Sept., 1920.

WILSON, COLIN E. J.—Boarding offr. and clk., Br. Solomon Is., 25th June, 1913; ag. dist. offr., Guadalcanal, 18th Jan., 1915 and 2nd Apr., 1923; ag. dist. offr., Shortlands, 15th Nov., 1916; ag. collr., cust., 7th May, 1918; ag. tress. and collr., cust., 20th Apr., 1919 and 6th Dec., 1924; acctnt. and 1st clk., tress. and cust., 11th Oct., 1920; visiting dist. offr., 26th Mar., 1923; ag. dist. offr., E. Solomons, 2nd Apr., 1923; dep. comsnr. for W. Pacific, 27th July, 1923; dist. offr., Santa Cruz, 10th Dec., 1923; ag. gov. sec., 6th Mar., 1925.

WILSON, ERNEST PIERRE FRANCOIS.—B. 1876; ed. Amersham Gram. Schl.; clk. acctnt.-gens. dept., Admiralty, 1914-1922; cler. offr., C.O., 2nd Oct., 1922.

WILSON, FRED.—B. 1896; ed. Robert Gordon's Coll., Aberdeen and Aberdeen Univ., M.B. Ch.B., 1921; surg., sub.-lieut., R.N.V.R., 1915-19; asst. med. supt., Cent. Mental Hosp., F.M.S., Sept. 1924.

WILSON, G. GORDON.—Cadet, S.S., Nov., 1899; ag. 4th mag., Sing., Apr., 1902; passed final exam. in Chinese, Aug., 1902; ag. supt., money order branch and savings bank, Singapore, May, 1903; ag. asst. postmr.-gen., Penang, 2nd Oct., 1903; supt., money order branch and sav. bank, Sing., but cont. to act in Penang; asst. postmr.-gen., Singapore, 15th Feb., 1908; ag. asst. postmr.-gen., Penang, Apr., 1909; ag. asst. supt., gov. monopolies, Penang, Jan., 1911; asst. postmr.-gen., Penang, 1st Jan., 1912, but still ag. asst. supt., gov. monopolies, Penang; ag. supt., gov. monopolies, Singapore, Mar., 1912 to Mar., 1913; ag. postmr.-gen., S. Stilmata, Mar., 1914; promoted to Class III, May, 1915; ag. supt., gov. monopolies, Feb., 1916; offr., cls. II, Jan., 1919.

WILSON, GEORGE FREDERICK.—B. 1886; ed. King Edward's Schl., Bath; apprentice, pub. wks. dept., Cyprus, 1903; clk., ch. sec.'s off., 1904; ag. asst. sec., ch. sec.'s off., Jan. to July, 1919 and June to Oct., 1920; collr., cust., Sept., 1919; ag. ch. clk., ch. sec.'s off., Sept. to Dec., 1919; ag. comsnr. in 1923, 1926 and 1927; ch. collr., cust., and excise, July, 1924; regr., Br. ships,

reg., Cyprus ships, inspr., fisheries; ag. regr., trade marks, ag. regr., companies, ag. regr., patents, July, 1924; mem. leg. coun., 1925; title altered to compr., cust and excise, July, 1927.

WILSON, GEORGE HAROLD SUMNER.—B. 1887; ed. Chigwell Schl., Essex; asst. dist. comsnnr., G. Coast, 18th Aug., 1914; dist. comsnnr., 1st Jan., 1921.

WILSON, G. R. C., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.). Cert. of London S.T.M.—Temp., capt., R.A.M.C., May, 1915 to Feb., 1919; med. off., Tanganyika Territory, Feb., 1919.

WILSON, SIR HENRY FRANCIS, K.C.M.G. (1908), K.B.E. (1919); C.M.G. (1902).—B. 1859; ed. Rugby and Trin. Coll., Camb.: foundation scholar, 1878; sen. Bell's Univ. scholar, 1879; Chancellor's medal for English verse, 1880; 6th in 1st class classical tripos, and distinguished in exam. for Chancellor's class, med., 1882; fellow of Trin. Coll., 1884; M.A., 1885; called to the bar (Lincoln's Inn), 1888; sec. to Trinidad judicial inquiry coman., 1892; sent to Malta to collect evidence for the Protestant communities in connection with the Marriages Case, 1893; priv. sec. to the Rt. Hon. J. Chamberlain, M.P., S. of S. for cols., June, 1895; legal asst. in the C.O., 1897; went to S. Africa as legal asst. on high comsnnr.'s staff, Feb., 1900; sec. to administration of Orange River Colony, 1901; col. sec., June, 1902; acted as lieut.-gov., Apr. to Aug., 1903, Dec., 1903, to Aug., 1904, and from Aug. to Dec., 1906; mem. of I.C.C., 1903-1907 (represented O.R.C. on rlys. comtee.); retired; was sec. to the Royal Colonial Institute.

WILSON, SIR JAMES GLENNY, KT. BACH. (1915).—B. 1849; ed. Sir James Murray's Schl., Hawick, Scotland, Bruce Castle, Tottenham, Edinburgh Instn. and Edinburgh Univ.; M.H.R., N.Z., 1881-97; pres., N.Z. Farmers' Union; pres., N.Z. bd. of agr. since 1914.

WILSON, SIR JEREMIAH, KT. BACH. (1920). C.M.G. (1918).—Entd. Impl. telegraph ser., 22nd May, 1876; transf. to Cape telegraph ser., 1880; prin. clk., foreign mails branch, 1893; chief clk., G.P.O., 1898; asst. sec., 1905; sec., 1st Feb., 1908; under sec., under Union admtn., 31st May, 1910; postmr.-gen., Union of S. Africa, 19th Oct., 1910; ret., Dec., 1920.

WILSON, HON. JOHN CARNEGIE DOVE, K.C. M.A., LL.B.—B. 1865; ed. privately and at Aberdeen and Edinburgh Univs., advocate of the Scottish bar; second puisne judge of sup. ct., Natal, Oct., 1904; judge pres. of the sup. ct. of S. Africa (Natal Prov. Div.), Jan., 1911.

WILSON, JOHN WOLSELEY.—B. 1876; entd. civ. ser., Trinidad, 1st Nov., 1899; sup-inspr. of constab., 24th Jan., 1905; inspr., ditto, 1907; now serving as temp. major in army.

WILSON, CAPT. LOGIE WEIR.—B. 1894; ed. Giggleswick Schl., St. Andrew's Coll., Dublin, Royal Coll. of Science, Dublin, and Trinity Coll., Dublin; B.A. (Dublin); R.A.S.C., Oct., 1914; Royal Irish Rifles, 1917; asst. dist. comsnnr., Sierra Leone, 23rd July, 1919; ag. asst. col. sec., Aug., 1919 to Mar., 1920; ag. dist. comsnnr., Pujehun and Bonthe dists., 1921; dist. comsnnr., 1st Aug., 1926.

WILSON, HON. REGINALD VICTOR.—Elected senator, Commonwealth of Australia, 13th Dec., 1919; hon. min. in Bruce ministry, 1923; min. of markets and immigrn., 1925.

WILSON, RONALD ERIC.—B. 1898; H.A.C., 1915; France, Jan.-Sept., 1916; R.M.C., Sandhurst, 1916-17; gazetted to Reg. Forces, (Middlesex Regt.), Sept., 1917; 1st Bn. Middlesex Regt.

(France), Jan., 1918; transfd. to Indian Army, Sept., 1918 (59th Scinde Rifles, F.F.); N.W. Frontier (Waziristan); attd. 82nd Punjabis, 1919; resigned coman. on appt. as cadet, F.M.S., Sept., 1921; ag. asst. collr., land rev., Kuala Lumpur, Apr., 1922; ag. supt., cust., Krian, Oct., 1922; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Larut, May, 1923; ag. asst. sec. to res., Perak, Feb., 1924; off., cls. V, Sept., 1924; dist. off., Jelebu, Jan., 1925; 4th asst. sec. to govt., F.M.S., Aug., 1926.

WILSON, BRIG.-GEN. SIR SAMUEL HERBERT, K.C.B., (1927), K.O.M.G. (1923), K.B.E. (1921), C.B. (1918), C.M.G. (1914).—B. 1873; entd. Army, R.E., 1893; capt., 1904; major, 1913; bt. lieut.-col., 1916; bt. col., 1917; served in S. Africa, 1899-1900 (Queen's medal, two clasps); European War, 1914-18; Chevalier Legion d'Honneur, 1915; Commandeur de la Couronne (Belgian), 1918; Officier Legion d'Honneur, 1918; French croix de guerre avec palme; Belgian croix de guerre; sec. to overseas defence comtee, 1911-14; gen. staff off., 2nd grade, 1914; gen. staff off., 1st grade, 1915; brig.-gen. gen. staff, 1916; sec. to overseas defence comtee, 19th Nov., 1918; gov. of Trinidad, 7th Nov., 1921; gov., Jamaica, 1st Sept., 1924; assumed govt., 29th Sept., 1924; perm. under sec. of state for the cols., 5th Aug., 1925.

WILTSHIRE, ERIC.—B. 1893; articled pupil to county survr. and architect, Middlesex, 1911-14; served with H.M. Forces, 1914-19; asst. engrn., P.W.D., Zanzibar, 1920; A.M.I.C.E., Oct., 1924; ag. dist. engrn., 13th July, 1925 to 11th Jan., 1926, from 15th Feb., 1926 to 14th Dec., 1926 and from 23rd Aug., 1927.

WINGATE, ANDREW FREDERICK.—B. 1880; ed. Blundell's Schl., on Indian rlys., 1912-14; Guayaquil and Quito rly., 1914-19; traffic off., Sierra Leone govt. rly., 1919-20; asst. traffic supt., Tanganyika Territory cent. rly., 1920.

WINNER, CYRIL LEIGH, C.M.G., (1928), M.V.O. (1920).—Priv. sec. to govs. of S. Australia since May, 1915.

WINSTEDT, RICHARD OLAF, C.M.G. (1926), M.A., Oxon., D. Litt., Oxon.—B. 1878; ed. at Magdalen College School and New Coll., Oxford; 2nd cls. mods.; 2nd cls. Lit. Hum., M.A.; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1902; ag. inspr. of schls., Perak; passed in Malay, 1904; in law, Oct., 1904; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Batang Padang, June, 1904; ag. asst. dist. off., Batang Padang, Feb., 1906; ag. 2nd asst. dist. off., Taphah, Oct., 1909; ag. asst. dist. off., Matang, and inspr. of fisheries, Jan., 1908; class V., Jan., 1910; ag. asst. dist. off., Gopeng, Apr., 1910; ag. dist. off., Kuala Pilah, Sept., 1912; sec. to comtee. for Malay studies in addition, Sept., 1913; class IV., confirmed dist. off., Kuala Pilah, Dec., 1913; federal examiner in Malay in addition, Dec., 1913; promoted to class III., asst. dir. of education, S.S. and F.M.S., June, 1917; ag. chmn., sanitary bd., Kinta, June to Aug., 1919, in addition; cls. II., Nov., 1919; ag. dir. educn., S. Sttlmts., and F.M.S., Feb., 1920; fed. examr. in Malay, S. Sttlmts., and F.M.S., June, 1920; ag. chmn., comtee. for Malay studies, F.M.S., 1920; seconded to act as prin. of Raffles Coll., Singapore, June, 1921; ag. dir. educn., S.S. and F.M.S. in addn., May, 1923; offg. as sec. to high comsnnr. in addn.; Fed. examr. in Malay in addition, Mar., 1923; dir. educn., S.S. and F.M.S., cls. Ia, July, 1924; author of an "English Malay Dictionary" (3 vols.), a "Malay Grammar" (Clarendon Press), "Colloquial Malay," a "Malay Reader" (Clarendon

Press), "Malayan Memories," "Shaman, Sawa and Sufi," a study of Malay magic (London), editor and part author of "Malaya" (London, 1922), and author of various pamphlets published by the F.M.S. govt. on Malay subjects; editor of many Malay folk-tales and (with R. J. Wilkinson, C.M.G.) of *Pantun Melayu*.

WINSTON, V. A.—B. 1903; ag. 3rd. clk., post office, Dominica, 1920; asst. clk., P.W.D., Sept., 1920; jnr. audit. clk. Sept., 1924; ag. audit clk., Jan.-Apr., 1927.

WISE, KENRICK STANTON.—B. 1881; ed. Dover, Cambridge, and London; M.B., B.S., B.S.C. Lond. Univ.; M.R.C.S., England; L.R.C.P., Lond.; D.P.H.; govt. bacteriologist, Br. Guiana, 1906; govt. med. offr. of health, 1912; surg.-gen. and registr.-gen., 1914; surg.-gen., Trinidad, 4th Aug., 1919.

WISEMAN, R. A.—B. 1886; ed. Monmouth Gram. Schl. and Oxford. math. demy, Magdalen Coll., 1906-1909; 2nd cl. math. mods., 1906; 2nd cl. hist., 1906; 2nd cl. jurisprudence, 1909 apptd. after compet. exam., clk., sec.'s dept., Admiralty, Mar., 1910; 2nd cl. clk., C.O., Mch., 1911; sec. to overseas prize disposal comtee., Nov., 1914; temporarily served at ministry of shipping, Jan., 1917, to Mar., 1919; sec. to international shipping comtee., Feb., 1917; sec. to inter-allied chartering comtee., May, 1917; priv. sec. to Col. Amery, 1st Apr., 1919; 1st cl. clk., 1st Jan., 1920; prin., 1st Apr., 1920.

WITHYCOMBE, ROBERT, M.B.E. (1918), A.M.I.E.E.—B. 1880; dir., rlwy. and elec. dept., Zanzibar, 12th Dec., 1911; dir., wireless telegraph, 1st Jan., 1914; 3rd cl., Order of the Brilliant Star, Zanzibar.

WITTENOOM, HON. SIR E. H., K.C.M.G. (1900).—B. 1854; elected M.L.C., W. Australia, 1883; resig. in Dec.; re-elected 1884; resig. 1886; elected, M.L.C., July, 1894; min. for mines, Dec., 1894; agent-gen., July, 1898; resigned, 1901; M.L.C.

WODEHOUSE, LIEUT.-GEN. SIR JOSCELINE HENEGE, G.C.B. (1913), K.C.B. (1908), C.B. (1889), C.M.G. (1890).—B. 1852; ed. at R.M.A., Woolwich; comanr. in R.A., 1872; served in Zulu war, 1879; Afghan war, 1880; Soudan, 1883-1894; gov. of Eng. frontier, 1887-1894; comd. "I" battery, R.H.A., 1894-1898; with Malakand field force (severely wounded), 1898; in action with Egyptian forces at Argin; infantry div. at Toksi; Presidency dist., 1898-1899; Secunderabad, 1900-1; Lahore, 1902; Rawal Pindi, 1903; ag. in comd. of W. Comd., 1905; Zulu war (medal and clasps); Soudan war (medal, 3 clasps); N.W. Frontier (medal and clasp); 2nd cl. Medjidie; 2nd cl. Osmanieh; Egyptian bronze star; Order of Palm, French Govt; gov. of Bermuda, 1907-1908; late G.O.C. Northern Army, India.

WODEHOUSE, P. P. J., C.I.E. (1919).—B. 1877; ed. Eliz. Coll., Guernsey; first clk., reg.-gen.'s dept., Hong Kong, 1897-1900; passed in Chinese, 1899; census offr., 1900; asst. supt. of police, 1901; attached Punjab police, 1901-2; passed in Urdu, 1902; J.P., 1902; census offr., 1906; pol. mag., N.T. (Islands), Sept., 1906; passed in Punjabi, 1908; mem. of bd. of examnrs., 1907; ag. dep. supt. of pol. and fire brig., 1907, 1908 to 1909, 1911 to 1912; census offr., 1911; dep. supt. of police and fire brigade, 1912; aide-camp to gov., 1918 to 1919; ag. capt. supt. of pol., on various occasions, 1918-25.

WODEMAN, GUY STANLEY.—B. 1886; ed. Rossall schl. and Jesus Coll., Camb. (B.A.);

cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., Nov., 1909; office asst. to govt. agt., Sabaragamuwa, Oct., 1910; pol. mag., Matale, Feb., 1912; asst. comanr. of excise attached to the office of the excise comanr., Apr., 1913; asst. comanr. of excise, Cent. Div., Jan., 1914; asst. govt. agt., Kandy, Apr., 1915; ag. asst. govt. agt., Matale, Aug., 1915; attached to chief censor's office, Sept., 1915; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Apr., 1916; ditto, Colombo, Oct., 1918; ditto, Nuwara Eliya, Dec., 1919; ditto, Kegalla, Dec., 1921; ditto, Matara, Mar., 1923; dep. collr., cust., Apr., 1925; dep. comanr., excise, Nov., 1926; ag. comanr., excise, Sept., 1927.

WOLFE, EDWARD DUDLEY CORSCADEN, C.M.G. (1928).—Tonbridge schl. (1890-94); exhib. in mod. lang., Caius Coll., Camb. (1894); exhib. from Tonbridge schl. (1894); 3rd class mod. lang., tripos. (1896); 1st class Pt. I, and 2nd class Pt. II. Law Special (1897); B.A. (1897); M.A. (1925); cadet, F.M.S., 1898; sent to Canton to study Cantonese (1899); transf. to Hong Kong, 1901; passed cadet, Sept., 1901; sec., P.W.D. enquiry coman., 1901; registr., land ct., 1901; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1902; ag. asst. registr.-gen., 1902; registr., land ct., 1903; ag. pol. mag., N.T., and asst. supt. of pol., 1903-5; seconded to Transvaal govt. serv., 1905; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1907; ag. inspr. of schls., 1907; ag. registr.-gen., 1907; asst. registr.-gen., 1907; ag. inspr. of schls., 1907 to 1909; head of sanitary dept., 1909; postmr.-gen., 1913; ag. col. treas., 1914-16; 1st pol. mag., 1917; ag. col. treas. and custodian of enemy property, 1917 and 1918; ag. capt. supt., pol., 1918; capt. supt. of pol., 1920; ag. col. sec., 1921; attended internat. pol. confce., New York, 1925.

WOLFE, HENRY, M.Sc. (Agric.) Cornell Univ., U.S.A.—B. 1897; tech. asst., dept. of agr., S. Africa, 1916; dep. dir., agr., Tanganyika Territory, 1920; ag. dir., agr., Feb. to Dec., 1921 and Mar. to Nov., 1924; E. Africa campaign 1916-17.

WOLFERSTAN, LITTLETON EDWARD PIPE.—Ed. Eton and Clare Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1888; cadet, S.S., Oct., 1889; passed final exam. in Malay, July, 1891; ag. priv. sec. to Sir C. Smith Jan. to Apr., 1890; ag. dist. offr., Bukit Mertajam, Feb. to Mar., and June to Nov., 1892; ag. dist. offr., S.W. dist., Penang, Mar., 1893; 3rd mag., Penang, Apr., 1895; ag. dist. offr., prov. Wellesley, June, 1897; ag. 2nd mag., Singapore Aug., 1897; sheriff and dep. registr., sup. ct., Singapore, 1898, but still ag. 2nd mag., Singapore; ag. dist. offr., Dindings, Feb., 1900; ag. collr. Id. rev., Penang, May, 1900; ag. sec. to H. Cr. for Fed. Malay States, May, 1901; ag. sen. dist. offr. Prov. Wellesley, May, 1902; collector of land rev. and registr. of deeds, Penang, Aug., 1902; off. assignee, S.S., Sept., 1903; sen. dist. offr., Prov. Wellesley, Feb., 1907; ag. 1st mag., Penang, Apr., 1907; ag. inspr. of prisons, S.S., Apr., 1909; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Singapore, Oct., 1909; ag. dist. judge (civil), Singapore, Feb., 1910; ag. dist. judge and 1st mag., Singapore, Apr., 1910; res., Malacca, July, 1910, and Dec., 1915; ag. British adviser, Kedah, June, 1914 to Apr., 1915; offr., cl. IA, Jan., 1919; title of appt. altered to res. coun., Malacca, mem. of exec. coun. and offi. mem. of leg. coun., Jan., 1921.

WOLFF, ERNEST CHARTERIS HOLFORD, C.M.G. (1928).—F.M.S. civ. ser.; b. 1875; ed. at Mercheston and Trin. Coll., Oxford; B.A., 1897; cadet, Pahang, F.M.S., Nov., 1897; passed final exam. in Malay, May, 1899; ag. treas., supt. of

posts and tels., and collr. of stamp duties, Pahang, Jan., 1898; ag. asst. dist. offr., Pekan, May, 1899; ag. sec. to res., Negri Sembilan, May, 1901; sec. to ditto, Oct., 1901; ag. asst. sec. to res.-gen., F.M.S., May, 1906; dist. offr., Kuantan, Sept., 1909, but still ag. asst. sec. to res.-gen.; ag. chmn. and sec., sanitary bd., Kinta South, Perak, Jan., 1911; ag. dist. offr., Upper Perak, Apr., 1911; officiating dist. offr., Larut, Jan., 1912; officiating supt. of convict estabtm. and insp. of prisons, F.M.S., Feb., 1915; ag. asst. col. sec. and clk. of couns., S.S., Apr., 1915 to Sept., 1919; offr., cls. Is., Jan., 1919; prin. asst. col. sec., Jan., 1920; ag. col. sec., S.S., 12th to 27th Feb., 1921; ag. dir., educn., S.S. and F.M.S., June, 1921; dir. educn., S.S. and F.M.S., Dec., 1921; ag. Br. adviser, Kedah, Dec., 1923; Br. res., Negri Sembilan, July, 1924; ag. col. sec., S.S., Apr., 1927.

WOLFFE, PHINEAS ERNEST.—B. 1885; ed. Glasgow Academy; clk., land dept., E.A.P., 1909; ag. office supt., 1917; land asst., 1919; registr. of titles, documents and coast land titles, 1920; liquidator of enemy property, July-Nov., 1921.

WOLSELEY-BOURNE, CAPT. JAMES FREDERICK, M.C.—B. 1878; 2nd lieut. Royal Berks. Regt.; lieut., S. African Constab.; served in S. African war, 1899-1902 (Queen's and King's medals); capt., K.A.R.; served in E. Africa, 1914-1918 ("1914-15" Star, War and Victory medals); commanded a column in operations against Aulihan (Somali) tribe, Jubaland, 1917-18 (M.C., African Gen. Serv. medal); ag. asst. comsnr., pol., Kenya, 1927.

WOOD, A. E.—Ed. at Liverpool Coll.; scholar of Univ. Coll., Oxford, 1903; 1st mods.; 2nd lit. hum.; cadet, Hong Kong, 1907; offr. for exam. of male assisted emigrants, 1908; ag. asst. registr.-gen., 1908 to 1909; passed cadet, 1st Apr., 1910; ag. asst. registr.-gen., Apr.-May, 1910; ag. asst. dist. offr., N.T., 1910 to 1911; 2nd asst. registr.-gen., 1911; ag. asst. dist. offr., South dist., New Territories, 1911 to 1912; passed in Hakka, 14th June, 1912; title of asst. registr.-gen. altered to 2nd asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1913; ag. 1st asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1913; ag. chief asst. to sec. for Chinese affairs, 1914; ag. dist. offr., 1915; ag. chief asst. to S.C.A., 1916, and 1918 to 1919; passed in Pekingese, June, 1916; sent to Japan to study Japanese, 1916; passed in Japanese, May, 1918; ag. dist. offr., Taipo, 1919 to 1920; ag. ch. asst. to sec. for Chinese affrs., 1921; ag. dist. offr., Taipo in addn., 1922; ag. sec. for Chinese affrs., 1923 and 1924; ag. dir., educn., Dec., 1925.

WOOD, BERNARD READER.—B. 1890; ed. Tonbridge Schl., Sid. Sus. Coll. Camb.; M.A., dipl. in forestry; asst. conservator, Indian forest serv., 1914; dep. conservator, 1918; conservator, of forests, Br. Guiana, 1925.

WOOD, FRANCIS ERNEST, M.B., B.C. (Cantab), 1902, B.A. (nat. sci. tripos) 1898.—B. 1877; ed. Downing Coll., Cambridge and St. Bartholomew Hosp., London; London Schl. Trop. Med., 1905; med. offr., Malay States Guides, 1905-20; on active serv. with Aden Field Force, 1915-19; ment. in desps., Apr., 1919; major (local), 1920; sen. med. offr., Perak, 1921; ag. prin. med. offr., F.M.S., Apr., 1922-Mar., 1923.

WOOD, JOHN R.—Ed. City of Lond. schl. and Camb.; foundation scholar of Jesus Coll., 1896; 1st cl. class. tripos, 1899; B.A., 1899; M.A., 1913; called to the bar, 1919; cadet, Hong Kong, 1899; registr. of land ct., 1900; ag. pol. mag. in

New Territories, 1902; J.P., 1902; passed cadet, 1902; mem. land ct., 1903-4; asst. land offr. in N. T., Jan., 1905; ag. asst. reg.-gen., 1905; mem. of squatters' bd., 1906; ag. 2nd pol. mag., 1908; dep. registrar and appraiser, sup. ct., 1908; 2nd pol. mag., 1909; ag. dir. of educn., 1911 to 1912; ag. 1st. pol. mag., on several occasions; 1st pol. mag., 1920; ag. puisne judge, 1920-22 and in 1925; chmn., Sui An piracy comen., 1922; puisne judge, 1925; ag. ch. just., 1927.

WOOD, LESLIE WILLIAM.—B. 1890; ed. Merchant Taylors' schl. and Queens' coll., Camb.; 1st cls. math. tripos, pt. I.; 2nd cls. math. tripos, pt. 2; B.A., 1912; asst. dist. comsnr., Gold Coast, 18th Aug., 1914; ag. dist. comsnr., 1914-20; asst. col. sec., 1st Jan., 1921; ag. clk. of couns., Feb., 1922.

WOOD, CAPT. REGINALD CECIL MERVYN.—B. 1889; E. African Exped. Force, 1915-17; seconded, K.A.R., 1918; K.A.R. staff, 1919; adjt., 3rd K.A.R., 1919-22; coy. cmdr., 1923; asst. treas., Kenya, 1923.

WOOD, WILLIAM HAROLD.—B. 1896; ed. Abingdon schl.; served with Royal Berkshire Regt., 1915-20; France, 1916-19; Egypt, 1919-20; lieut., July, 1917; ag. capt., Apr., 1918; ment. in desps., 1918; cadet, F.M.S., 15th Apr., 1921; attd., dist. office, Port Dickson, Oct., 1921; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Selangor, May, 1923; ditto, Kuantan, Mar., 1924; ag. supt., lands, Kelantan, Apr., 1925; dist. offr., Pt. Dickson, Apr., 1927.

WOODFORD, HON. W. W.—Elected M.H.A., Harbor Main, Newfoundland, 1889; chmn., bd. of works, 1897; min. of public works, 1898, 1909, and 1918; M.E.C., 1918.

WOODHOUSE, JOHN LESLIE.—B. 1892; ed. Merchant Taylors Schl.; asst. transport offr., with rank of lieut., Uganda Transport Corps, 27th Nov., 1914; ment. in desps. for service in German E. Africa, 22nd Nov., 1916; asst. dist. comsnr., Uganda, 30th Dec., 1916; 2nd grade adminstve. offr., Tanganyika Territory, 17th June, 1920; dist. offr., 4th June, 1926.

WOODS, PERCY SINCLAIR COMYN.—B. 1879; ed. St. Michael's Schl., Lyme Regis, and Durham Univ.; clk. col. audit branch, exchequer and audit dept., Somerset House, 1st Jan., 1903; asst. auditor, Lagos and S. Nigeria, 29th Apr., 1905; dep. ch. acctnt., G. Coast rly., 30th Jan., 1909; ag. ch. acctnt., 21st Mar. to 26th Sept., 1909; promoted rly. acctnt. on abolition of office of ch. acctnt., 31st Jan., 1910; col. treas., Feb., 1922.

WOODS, WILFRED WENTWORTH, C.M.G. (1926)—B. 1876; B.A. Oxon.; 2nd cls. final hon. schl., mod. hist., 1901; clk. col. audit branch, E. and A. dept., 2nd Sept., 1901; asst. auditor, G. Coast, 22nd Feb., 1902; local auditor, N. Nigeria, 30th Oct., 1904; asst. col. auditor, Ceylon, 8th Feb., 1908; ag. col. auditor on several occasions; col. auditor, Aug., 1915; temp. employed at the War Office, Dec., 1917 to 1919; ag. col. treas., May to Nov., 1920; ag. P.M.G., Nov., 1920 to Apr., 1921; col. treas., Feb., 1922; ag. col. sec., 30th Sept. to 17th Oct., 1926.

WOOLLEY, CHARLES CAMPBELL.—B. 1893; on mil. serv., Aug., 1914; cadet, Ceylon civ. serv., May, 1921; attd., Kandy Kach., June, 1921; ag. office asst. to govt.; agt. N.C. Prov., Sept., 1922; 4th asst. col. sec., Feb., 1924; 3rd asst. col. sec., Mar., 1925; temp. attd. C.O., 1925 to June, 1926; addnl. asst. col. sec., Sept., 1926; 3rd asst. col. sec., Oct., 1926; asst. govt. agt., N'Elia, May, 1927.

WORKMAN, CHARLES RUFUS MARSHALL, O.B.E. (1927).—B. 1874; ed. Christ Ch., Oxford, M.A.; called to bar, Inner Temple; pol. offr., Ocean Is., 1909; dep. comsnnr., Western Pacific, 1911; admstr., Nauru, 1914; ag. res. comsnnr., Gilbert and Ellice Is., May, 1916 to Feb., 1917; ag. res. comsnnr., Solomon Is., June, 1917; res. comsnnr., Apr., 1919; judl. comsnnr., Feb., 1920; col. sec., Gambia, Sept., 1921; ag. gov. on various occasions, 1921-25.

WORLEY, NEWNHAM ARTHUR.—B. 1892; ed. Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge, B.A., 1913; cadet, F.M.S., Nov., 1914; asst. contr. of lab., Kampar, July, 1917; asst. dist. offr., Ipoh, May, 1920; asst. prot. of Chinese, Negri Sembilan and ag. dep. contr. of lab., Seremban, Aug., 1920; asst. prot. of Chinese, Perak, Dec., 1921; asst. dir. of educn. (Chinese), F.M.S., June, 1922; ag. asst. dir., educn. (Chinese), S.S. and F.M.S., Jan., 1924; ag. prot., Chinese, Selangor and Pahang in addn., Feb., 1925 and Nov., 1926; asst. dir., educn. (Chinese), F.M.S. and S.S., Jan., 1927; ag. dir., educn., F.M.S. and S.S., Apr., 1927.

WORLEDGE, JOHN LEONARD.—B. 1895; ed. St. Paul's Schl.; active service in France, Sept., 1914 to Sept., 1918; ment. in desps., Ireland, 1919; asst. audr., Kenya, Apr., 1920; asst. audr. in charge, Zanzibar, May 1920 to Feb., 1921; ag. senr. asst. audr., Kenya, Mar., 1923; senr. asst. audr., Nov., 1925.

WORSLEY, RALPH MARCUS MEABURN, B.A. Oxon.—B. 1887; cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., 12th Nov., 1910; attached to Colombo Kachcheri, Dec., 1910; attached to col. sec's office, Aug., 1911; extra office asst. to govt. agt., W. Prov., Oct., 1911; asst. land settmt. offr., Jan., 1912; office asst. to govt. agt., Central Prov., July, 1914; asst. censor, Dec., 1914; on military duty, Feb., 1915; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Nov., 1919; asst. govt. agt., Trincomalee, Sept., 1921; ag. govt. agt., Prov. of Uva, Aug. to Oct., 1922; asst. stlmt. offr., Jan., 1924; asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, May, 1924.

WORTHINGTON, ARTHUR FURLEY.—B. 1874; ed. at Tonbridge and Sidney Sussex Coll., Camb.; B.A., 1896; M.A., 1910; cadet, Perak, Nov., 1897; passed cadet, Feb., 1900; ag. asst. dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, June, 1900; asst. dist. offr., Kuala Pilah, Feb., 1902; offr., cls. VI., Jan., 1903; ag. ch. asst. dist. offr., Kinta, June, 1905; offr., cls. V., Sept., 1904; offr., cls. IV., Nov., 1908; offgt. dist. offr., Kuantan, Aug., 1910; offr., cls. III., Jan., 1912; dist. offr., Kuala Lipis, July, 1917, Lower Perak, Feb., 1919; offr., cls. II., Jan., 1919; ag. Br. adviser, Kelantan, Mar., 1920; offg. dist. offr., Ulu Selangor, Jan. to June, 1921; Br. adviser, Kelantan, Sept., 1922; ag. dist. offr., Larut, Mar.-Aug., 1922; appt. of Br. adviser, Kelantan raised to "sta." July, 1924; on sp. duty, England, Apr., 1924; Br. adviser, Kelantan, May, 1925; ag. Br. res., Pahang, Dec., 1925; Br. res., Pahang, Feb., 1926.

WORTLEY, EDWARD JOCELYN, O.B.E. (1926), M.B.E.—B. 1884; ed. Jamaica Coll.; course in agric. and agric. chem. at Jamaica, govt. lab. and sp. course at Ontario agric. coll.; fellow of the chem. socy., 1906; jnr. asst. chem., Jamaica, 1902; asst. chem., 1905; lect. in agric. sci., 1906; headmsr., govt. farm schol. and stock farm, 1909; comsnnr. for Jamaica, Canadian Nat. Exhbn., Sept., 1910, and Sept., 1912; dir. of agr., Bermuda, 1913-20; food comsnnr., 1917; hon. sec., internat. comtee. on potato industry, 1919; visited Canary Is. on

behalf of Bermuda govt., 1920; dir. of agr., Nyasaland, Dec., 1920; author of "Companion to Blackie's Tropical Readers," "Poultry Diseases," and "Foods and Food Products of Jamaica."

WRATISLAW, JOHN CYRIL.—B. 1894; ed. Oundle Schl.; asst. dist. comsnnr., Sierra Leone, 14th Jan., 1924.

WRIGHT, ANDREW BARKWORTH, M.A., M.C. (1917), Bar (1918).—B. 1895; ed. Haileybury and Jesus Coll., Cambridge; served in European War with Suffolk Regt., 1914-19; major, 1918; asst. sec., ch. sec's office, Cyprus, 3rd June, 1922; asst. priv. sec. to O.A.G., June to Oct., 1923; ag. priv. sec. to high comsnnr., Apr. to June and Sept. to Oct., 1924; priv. sec. and A.D.C. to O.A.G., June to Sept., 1924; ag. ch. asst. sec., regr. of co-op. societies and regr. of co-op. credit societies, Apr. to Oct. 1924; passed exam. in mod. Greek, Aug., 1924; ditto, Turkish, Apr., 1925; ag. ch. asst. sec. for various periods, 1926-27; priv. sec. and A.D.C. to O.A.G., July-Oct., 1926; ag. col. sec., July to Aug., 1927.

WRIGHT, ARTHUR ALBAN, B.A.—B. 1887; ed. St. Edmund's Schl., Canterbury; open exhibn., St. John's Coll., Oxford, 1906; lieutenant, 3rd Bn. Bedfordshire Regt. (S.R.), 1909; 2nd cls. hon. schol., mod. hist., Oxford, 1910; B.A., 1910; cadet, Fiji, 1912; ag. sub-inspr., constab., 1912; ag. clk., ex. coun. and 1st cls. clk., col. sec's office, 1913; passed cadet, 1914; ag. dist. comsnnr., Rewa and prov. comsnnr., Naitasiri, 1915; 2nd grade dist. comsnnr., 1915; dist. comsnnr., Nadi, 1915; dist. comsnnr., Colo East, 1916; on mil. duty, 1917; 2nd lieutenant, 5th Bn. Rifle Brigade, 1917; on active serv., France, 1917; dist. comsnnr., Macusta, 1920; ditto (1st grade), Nadroga and prov. comsnnr., Nadroga and Colo West, 1922; ditto, Colo North, 1923; ag. asst. col. sec., 1st Jan., 1927.

WRIGHT, ARTHUR EDGAR.—B. 1880; Fellow of the Surveyors' Institution; ed. at Tiffin's Endowed Schl., Kingston-on-Thames; asst. engnr., P.W.D., Hong Kong, 5th May, 1903; exec. engnr., 1911; ag. assessor in addition, 1915; exec. engnr., 1st grade, 1917; seconded to Weihaiwei on special serv., 1918 and 1920; ag. asst. D.P.W., 1923.

WRIGHT, CHARLES HAROLD.—M.A., F.I.C., F.C.S.; B. 1880; scholar, Sidney Sussex Coll., Cambridge; B.A. (Nat. Sc. Tripos), 1902; M.A. 1916; asst. analyst and science master, Trinidad, Apr., 1908; ag. govt. analyst and prof. of chemistry, Trinidad, on two occasions; agric. chemist, Fiji, Mar., 1914; ag. dist. comsnnr., Kadavu, July-Aug., 1918; govt. chem., Fiji, Jan., 1920; senr. agr. chem., Nigeria, June, 1923.

WRIGHT, H. PELLEW.—Served in S. Africa war in I.Y. and S.A.C., 1899-1902 (Queen's medal and 3 clasps, King's medal and 2 clasps); staff offr. to O.C., Riet River div., O.R.C.; dist. comsnnr., Edenburg and other districts, O.R.C., 1903-1908; asst. dist. comsnnr., Uganda Prot., 15th Oct., 1908; dist. comsnnr., June, 1914.

WRIGHT, HERBERT ARTHUR.—B. 1883; instr., govt. technical schol., Accra, G. Coast, 10th Apr., 1909; principal, ditto, 28th Sept., 1911; attached to Togoland field force, 16th Aug. to 8th Sept., 1914; in joint charge of detention camp for German prisoners of war, 8th Dec. 1914 to 13th Jan., 1915; asst. censor, 2nd Oct. 1914 to 2nd Feb., 1915, and 2nd Oct., 1915 to 25th Feb., 1916; prov. inspr. of schls., 25th July, 1917; ag. senr. inspr. of schls., 29th July to 1st Sept., 1917; asst. dir., educn., 1st Apr., 1926.

WRIGHT, HON. ROBERT ALEXANDER.—Mem., N.Z. parliamt., 1908-11 and since 1914; min. of educn., 1926.

WRIGHT, VICTOR WILLIAM, A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1891; served with R. Naval Divn. in Gallipoli and France; wounded, 1914-16; lieut., R.E. and gen. staff, Macedonia, Caucasus, Trans-Caspia, Constantinople, 1916-20; mast., tech. schll., educn. dept., Gold Coast, 1921.

WRIGHT-NOOTH, CAPT. RODNEY GEORGE, M.C. (1916), A.M.I.C.E.—B. 1884; ed. St. Paul's Schl., stud. engrng. faculty, King's Coll., London, 1904-08; 2nd lieut., R.E., (S.E.), 1909; engrn. on survey and constrn. of Magadi rly. and water wks., 1911-14; R.E., 1914-22; served, Kenya, German E. Africa and Jubaland; severely wounded, twice ment. in desps., M.C.; div. offr., R.E., Londonderry and Enniskillen Divs., Ireland, Apr., 1920 to Apr., 1922; capt., Reg. Army, R. of O., 1922; supt. of pub. wks., Antigua, 4th Aug., 1922; mem., leg. coun., Antigua, 1922; asst., D.P.W., B. Guiana, 1926.

WROUGHTON, JOHN HENRY.—B. 1877; med. offr., Basutoland, 1908.

WUPPERMAN, RUDOLF CARL, M.B., Ch.B., Edin.—B. 1883; entered med. serv., Trinidad, 18th Oct., 1909; asst. res. surg., colonial hosp., Port of Spain, 27th Oct., 1914; res. surg., col. hosp., 8th May, 1923.

WYATT, ALEXANDER HENRY LOUIS.—Ed. Wellington; served in Impl. Yeomanry, S. African War, 1900-01; Queen's Med., 4 clasps; W.O., 1901-04; asst. res., Nyasaland, 1904-14; seconded for serv. with 1st K.A.R., 1914-17; ment. in desps. and awarded M.C.; served in Nyasaland rising, 1915; A.G.S.M. and clasp; dist. polit. offr., Tanganyika Territory, Dec., 1917; sen. comsnr., Nov., 1922; prov. comsnr., Mar., 1926.

WYATT, ROBT.—B. 1870; Lond. Metro. pol., 1891 to 1895; B. Hond. pol., June, 1895; asst. supt., Feb., 1902; ag. supt., May, 1902, to May, 1903; ag. dist. comsnr., Orange Walk, July to Aug., 1903; ag. dist. comsnr., Corozal, 26th Apr. to 11th July, 1906; ditto, Caya, Feb., 1906; ag. supt. pol., 14th July, 1905; J.P. for Colony; Hvt the extra certif., 1899; supt. of pol., 1st Apr., 1906.

WYNNE-JONES, EDWARD IRVINE.—B. 1895; ed. Oxford and Univ. of Wales; cadet, Hong Kong, July, 1920; ag. dist. offr., South, June, 1922; attd. col. secretariat, Nov., 1922; passed final exam., Feb., 1923; dist. offr., North, May, 1923; ditto, South, Dec., 1926.

YATES, GEO. W.—B. 1872; ed. London pub. and high schls.; ent. civ. serv. of Ont. as priv. sec. to various mins. from Feb., 1899 to Oct., 1911; accompanied Hon. F. Cochrane, Ont. min. of lands, forests and mines, to Ottawa on latter accepting portfolio of min. of rlys. and canals in Borden govt.; cont. priv. sec., min. of rlys. and canals until formation of union govt., 1917, when became ch. priv. sec. to Sir Robt. Borden; asst. dep. min. of rlys. and canals, 1920.

YATES, JOSEPH MERVYN ST. JOHN, B.A.—B. 1878; ed. Winchester Coll. and Trinity Coll., Cambridge; called to the bar, Inner Temple, May, 1903; northern circuit, 1903-15; H.M. Forces, 1915-19; regisr.-gen. Bahamas, Feb., 1920; ag. stip. magis., Mar., 1920; ag. atty.-gen., Nov., 1920; ag. ch. just., Feb.-Mar., 1921; ag. stip. and circuit mag., Mar., 1921 to Sept., 1922; seconded for serv. as as. asst. to atty.-gen., Jamaica, Sept., 1922; res. mag., Jamaica, 1923; ag. atty.-gen., Apr., 1923 to Jan., 1924; ag. judge, Kingston ct.,

Nov., 1924 to Oct., 1925; ag. puisne judge, Oct., 1925; circuit judge, Ashanti and N. Territories, Gold Coast, 1926.

YOULL, JOSEPH.—Seconded from Impl. serv. to B. E. Africa and Uganda Prots. as 1st grade dist. survr., 1st Jan., 1913 to 17th Dec., 1915; seconded to G. Coast, 31st May, 1916; offr.-in-charge, post and telegraph dept., Togoland, 22nd May, 1918 to 23rd Jan., 1919, and from 12th Aug., 1919.

YOUNG, ALFRED ERNEST, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.D.S. (Eng.).—B. 1891; med. offr., Basutoland, 1924.

YOUNG, SIR ALFRED KARNEY, KT. BACH. (1923), K.C., B.A.—Ed. Magdalen Coll., Oxon; called to the bar, In. Tem., May, 1889; 2nd clk., col. sec.'s office, Br. Honduras, Oct., 1890; ag. dist. mag., Toledo dist., Aug., 1891; priv. sec. to Sir A. Maloney, and clk. of councils, 1892; priv. sec. to admstr. of the govt., 1895; ag. regisr.-gen., 1895-7; dist. comsnr., Orange Walk, 1898; regisr.-gen., June, 1898; ag. supt. of police, May to Nov., 1899; J.P. for col.; crown prosecutor, legal adviser, and police mag., Seychelles, 23rd Sept., 1903; atty.-gen., B.C. Africa Prot., 17th Mar., 1906; stip. mag., Trinidad, 1908; ch. just., Seychelles, Aug., 1909; admnstr. govt., Apr. to Nov., 1911, and from 16th to 27th Dec., 1912; atty.-gen., Fiji, Mar., 1914; ag. chief just., Jan., 1915 and from Mar., 1919 to May, 1920; ch. just., Leeward Is., Feb., 1921; ch. just., Fiji, 1923.

YOUNG, CAPT. SIR ARTHUR HENDERSON; G.C.M.G. (1916); K.C.M.G. (1908); K.B.E. (1918), C.M.G. (1897).—B. 1854; late 27th Inniskillings; ed. at Edin. Acad., Rugby and Sandhurst; local comdt., mil. pol., Kyrenia, Aug., 1878; asst. comsnr., Paphos, Nov., 1878; comsnr., Paphos, Sept., 1879; ditto, Famagusta, Jan., 1882; dir. of survey and prin. forest offr., 1892; mem. legis. coun., 1892; ch. sec., 1894; admtd. the govt., July to Dec., 1895, Jan. to Apr., 1898; sent on special mission to St. Vincent in connectn. with relief work, Nov., 1902; col. sec., S. St. Lucia, June, 1906; admtd. govt., Feb. to May, 1909; ch. sec., F.M.S., 1910; gov., S. St. Lucia, 8th Aug., 1911; assumed govt., 2nd Sept., 1911; also high comsnr. for Malay States and for Brunei and Brit. Agt. for N. Borneo and Sarawak; ret. 25th Nov., 1919.

YOUNG, HON. SIR FREDERICK WILLIAM, KT. BACH. (1918), LL.B.—M.H.A., S. Australia, 1909; comsnr. of crown lands and immigrn., 1912-14; agt.-gen. for S. Australia, 1915-18; mem. of comtee. for stlmnt. of ex-service men within the Empire, 1917; M.P. (Co. U.), Swindon, 1918.

YOUNG, HENRY ALFRED, K.C.—Ed. at Derby Schl. and Edin. Univ.; called to the bar (Scotland), July, 1899; asst. crown advocate, E. Africa Prot., 22nd June, 1906; asst. atty.-gen., 1913; res. mag., 1917; stip. mag., B. Guiana, Aug., 1921.

YOUNG, MAJOR HUBERT WINTHROP, C.M.G. (1923), D.S.O. (1918).—B. 1885; ed. Eton and R. Milly. Acad., Woolwich; comsmd., R. Garrison Art., 1904; Indian Army, 1908; capt., 1913; major, 1919; asst. censor, Army headqrs., Simla, July, 1914 to Feb., 1915; N.W. Frontier, Feb.-Dec., 1915 (1914-15 Star); asst. polit. offr., Mesopotamia, Dec., 1915 to Aug., 1917; dep. dir., local resources, Mesopotamia, Aug., 1917 to Mar., 1918 (ment. in desps.); gen. staff offr., 2nd grade, Hejaz operations, Mar. to Oct., 1918 (ment. in desps., D.S.O., 3rd class Order of Nahda); pres., local resources btl., Damascus, Oct., 1918; seconded to F.O., Feb., 1919 to Mar., 1921; seconded to C.O., Middle East Dept. as asst. sec., Mar., 1921 to Dec., 1926; accompanied Mr. Churchill to Cairo

confec., Apr., 1921; visited Palestine and Iraq on sp. serv., Sept., 1921 to Jan., 1922; sp. serv., Lausanne for Turkish peace treaty., Jan., 1922 and at Brussels and Geneva for Iraq frontier dispute on various occasions during 1925 and 1926; ret. from army and apptd. col. sec., Gibraltar, Feb., 1927.

YOUNG, JAMES.—B. 1869; ed. Ayr Acad.; served in Bechuanaland Border Pol., 1890-93; served in Bechuanaland Field Force, Dec., 1896 to Oct., 1897; clk., office of commissary of ordnance C.C., Nov., 1897; Bechuanaland Rebellion, 1897 (med. and clasp); Anglo-Boer War, 1899-1900, (Queen's med. and 2 clasps); served in Bechuanaland Rifles, 1899-1900; acct., mil. adminstrn., W. Transvaal, Dec., 1900; clk., mag.'s office, Zeerust, June, 1901; A.R.M., Standerton, Sept., 1902; detached A.R.M. Ventersdorp, Sept., 1903; relieving mag., Transvaal, Nov., 1903; senr. A.R.M. (detached) Krugersdorp, May, 1904; ag. 2nd civ. mag., Johannesburg, Sept., 1905; ag. 3rd ditto, Sept., 1906; A.R.M. (detached), Boksburg, Dec., 1906; A.R.M. (detached), Krugersdorp, Apr., 1907; R.M., Germiston, July, 1909; inspg. mag., Transvaal, Griqualand West and Bechuanaland, Nov., 1915; civ. mag., Johannesburg, Nov., 1916; mag., Pietersburg, Nov., 1922; mag., Johannesburg, Feb., 1925.

YOUNG, HON. JAMES ALEXANDER.—Mem. N.Z. parl. since 1911; min. of health, 1926.

YOUNG, JAMES ANDERSON, M.C., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), Certif., L.S.T.M.—B. 1889; ed. St. Andrews and Edinburgh Univs.; late house surg., Derbyshire R. Infirmary; served with R.A.M.C. (T.F.), 1915-19; granted hon. rank of major on resignation; med. offr., Somaliland, Sept., 1919; asst. bacteriologist, Nigeria, 1927.

YOUNG, MARK AITCHISON.—B. 1886; ed. Eton and King's Coll., Camb. (B.A.); cadet, Ceylon civ. ser., Nov., 1909; off. asst. to govt. agt., N. Prov., Aug., 1910; ditto, Kandy, Nov., 1911; ag. asst. govt. agt., Mullaitivu, Jan., 1913; 4th asst. col. sec., Nov., 1913; ag. 3rd ditto, Feb., 1914; 2nd ditto and clk. of leg. coun., Sep., 1914; 3rd asst. sec. col., Oct., 1914; on mil. duty, 1915-1919; 3rd asst. col. sec., Jan., 1920; 2nd asst. col. sec., July, 1920; asst. govt. agt., Hambantota, Mar., 1922; prin. asst. col. sec. and clk., exec. coun., Mar., 1923.

YOUNG, MAJOR-GEN. ROBERT, C.B. (1919), C.M.G. (1916), D.S.O. (1915).—Volunteer serv. in N.Z.; left N.Z. with main body, N.Z. Expd. Force with rank of major, 1914; temp. lieut.-col., May, 1915; lieut.-col., Nov., 1915; in command,

1st batt., Canterbury Regt., Nov., 1915 to Aug., 1917; brig.-gen. (temp.), Aug., 1917; in command, 1st N.Z. infy. brig., Dec., 1917 to Feb., 1918; in command, 2nd N.Z. infy. brig., Feb., 1918 to Apr., 1919; comdr., "A" group, N.Z. Expd. Force, Sling Camp, Apr. to July, 1919; col., N.Z. staff corps, Oct., 1919; O.C., Canterbury dist., Nov., 1919 to Jan., 1921; O.C., Southern Command, Feb., 1921 to Dec., 1925; col.-comdt., 1921; major-gen. and comdt., N.Z. mily. forces, Dec., 1925; chevalier of Legion of Honour; six times ment. in desps.

YOUNG, W. A., M.A., B.M., B.Ch. (Oxon.), B.Sc. (War.), Lond., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.T.M. & H. (Lond.), cert., Lond. Schl. of Trop. Med. (with distinction, 2nd place), late exhibitor, Jesus Coll., Oxford.—War serv., France, 1916-18; clin. asst., children and ear depts., St. Thomas's hosp., 1922; R.M.O., Ealing hosp., 1922-23; East Africa med. serv. (Zanzibar), Sept., 1923; ag. R.S.O., Zanzibar, July, 1927.

YOUNG, SIR WILLIAM DOUGLAS, K.B.E. (1919); C.M.G. (1907).—Ed. at Charterhouse; clk. in govt. sec.'s office, Br. Guiana, Jan., 1877; ch. clk., 1889; ag. priv. sec. on several occasions, 1877-1893, to govrs. of Br. Guiana, Trinidad, and G. Coast; ag. asst. govt. sec., Br. Guiana, 1892-3-4-5; ag. govt. sec., Dec., 1892; ag. govt. agt. N.W. dist., 1895; asst. col. sec., Mauritius, 1895; ag. col. sec., 1896-7-8, 1900-01; admt'd. govt., Mauritius, Aug., 1897; comsnr., Turks and Caicos Islands, 1901; admstr., Dominica, 19th Apr., 1906; ag. govt., Leeward Is., 1909; admstr., St. Lucia, 1913; ag. govt., Windward Is., May to Dec., 1914; gov., Falkland Is., 28th Dec., 1914; assumed govt., 15th May, 1915; ret., 1920.

ZAMMIT, HON. PROFESSOR THEMISTOCLES, C.M.G. (1911), M.D. (hon.) D.Litt. (Oxon).—B. 1864; ed. Malta Lyceum; matric., Malta Univ., 1882; grad. in medicine, 1889; govt. analyst, 1891-1920; curator, Valletta Museum, 1903; prof. of chemistry, Malta Univ., 1905-20; mem. Mediterranean fever coms., 1904-07; rector, Malta Univ., July, 1920; mem., exec. and leg. coun., 1920-21; hon. fellow, Royal Anthropological Inst., 1919; local sec. (Malta) of Socy. of Antiquaries, 1921; medallist (Mary Kingsley), Liverpool Schl. of Trop. Med.; delegate of Malta govt. at Imp. Educn. Conf., London, June to July, 1923.

ZIAI, MUSTAFA FUAD.—B. 1888; barrister-at-law, Gray's Inn, 1922; inspr., Cyprus mily. pol., Nov., 1906; judge, dist. ct., Apr., 1913; puisne judge, Oct., 1927.

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REGULATIONS FOR HIS MAJESTY'S COLONIAL SERVICE.

CHAPTER I.—CONSTITUTIONS.

§ 1. Classification.

I. The self-governing Dominions which fall constitutionally into two groups :—

(i) Dominion of Canada, Dominion of New Zealand, Union of South Africa, Irish Free State, Newfoundland.

(ii) The Australian Commonwealth and its six component States :—New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania. (The Northern Territory, Norfolk Island and Papua are administered by the Commonwealth.)

II. Southern Rhodesia, which possesses responsible government subject to certain powers with regard to native administration which are reserved to the High Commissioner for South Africa.

III. Malta, which possesses responsible government as regards its internal affairs. In matters of Imperial concern, laws are enacted by the Governor, the administration is carried on by him with the advice of a Nominated Council of Officials and subject to the control of the Secretary of State, and the Crown has also the power of legislating by Order in Council.

IV. Colonies not possessing responsible government, in which the administration is carried on by public officers under the control of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and Protectorates similarly controlled.

(i) Colonies possessing an elected House of Assembly and a nominated Legislative Council :—
Bahamas, | Barbados, | Bermuda.

(ii) Colonies possessing a partly elected Legislative Council, the constitution of which does not provide for an official majority :—

British Guiana. | Ceylon. | Cyprus.

(iii) Colonies and Protectorates possessing a partly elected Legislative Council, the constitution of which provides for an official majority :—

Fiji,	Leeward Islands,	St. Vincent,
Grenada,	Mauritius,	Sierra Leone (Colony and Protectorate),
Jamaica,	Nigeria (Colony and Protectorate),	Straits Settlements,
Kenya,	St. Lucia,	Trinidad.

The Legislative Council of Kenya has power to legislate for the Kenya Protectorate.

(iv) Colonies and Protectorates possessing a Legislative Council nominated by the Crown :—

British Honduras,	Gold Coast,	Nyasaland Protectorate,
Falkland Islands,	Hong Kong,	Seychelles,
Gambia,	Northern Rhodesia,	Uganda Protectorate,

In all the above Councils, except British Honduras, the constitution provides for an official majority.

The constitution of Northern Rhodesia provides for the election of the Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council when the necessary local legislation has been enacted.

The Legislative Council of Gambia has power to legislate for the Gambia Protectorate.

(v) Colonies and Protectorates without a Legislative Council :—

Ashanti,	Northern Territories of	Weihsaiwei,
Basutoland,	the Gold Coast,	Islands included under the
Bechuanaland Protec-	St. Helena,	Western Pacific High
torate,	Somaliland,	Commission.
Gibraltar,	Swaziland.	

In all these Colonies and Protectorates, except Bahamas, Barbados, Bermuda, British Honduras, and the Leeward Islands, the Crown has the power of legislating by Order in Council.

§ 2. The Governor.

2. In the case of Colonies, the officer appointed by the Crown to administer the Government is styled either :—

Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief, or
Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief.

In the case of Protectorates, the officer appointed by the Crown to administer the Government is styled either :—

Governor and Commander-in-Chief,
High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief.
High Commissioner,
Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief, or
Commissioner.

In these regulations the term "the Governor" includes all officers appointed to administer Governments, however styled.

3. The officer so appointed receives a Commission under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, and, if through death or absence or otherwise he should become incapable of acting, the government devolves on such officer or person as may have been designated for that purpose in the Letters Patent constituting the office.

4. The Governor is the single and supreme authority responsible to, and representative of, His Majesty. He is, by virtue of his Commission and the Letters Patent constituting his office, entitled to the obedience, aid and assistance of all military and civil officers; but although bearing the title of captain-general or commander-in-chief and although he may be a military officer, senior in rank to the officer commanding the troops, he is not, except on special appointment from His Majesty, invested with the command of His Majesty's regular forces in the Colony. He is, therefore, not entitled to receive the allowances annexed to that command or to take the immediate direction of any military operations, or, except in cases of urgent necessity, to communicate officially with subordinate military officers without the concurrence of the officer in command of the forces, to whom any such exceptional communication must be immediately notified.

5. The Governor, as the King's representative, will give the "word" (parole) in all places within his government.

6. The officer commanding the troops will render to the Governor such returns as he may require relating to the strength and condition of the troops, or to the military defences of the Colony.

7. On the receipt of the Army (Annual) Act, the officer commanding the troops will communicate to the Governor the "General Orders" in which it may be promulgated.

8. Where several Colonies are comprised in one military command, the officer in command of the whole may transfer troops from one Colony to another on the application of the Governor of the Colony to which the troops are to be sent. This application should, when practicable, contain the written expression of opinion of the military officer, if any, there in command; but the officer in command must in all cases consult with the Governor of the Colony from which the troops are sent, and will incur a special responsibility if he sends them away without the Governor's consent, except under special instructions from home.

9. For the purposes of Regulations 4 to 8 Colonies comprised under one government-in-chief are to be regarded as a single Colony.

10. The Governor has no authority over the movements of His Majesty's ships, and is not entitled to issue orders to officers of the Royal Navy. But, it being a general obligation on all His Majesty's civil and military officers to afford mutual assistance to each other in cases affecting the King's service, the Commander-in-chief of a station or the senior officer present at a port is instructed in the King's Regulations for the Navy to pay due regard to such requisitions as he may receive from the Governor having for their object the protection of His Majesty's possessions, the benefit of the trade of his subjects or the general good of his service.

11. In urgent cases, when the requisitions may conflict with the instructions from the superior naval authority under which he is acting and when reference by telegraph or otherwise to such superior authority is impracticable, a naval officer is instructed to consider the relative importance and urgency of the required service as compared with his instructions, whether general or special; and he is to decide as in his judgment may seem best for His Majesty's service. In so doing he is instructed to bear in mind the grave responsibility that would rest on him if the circumstances were not such as to fully warrant the postponement of the instructions from his naval superior to the more pressing requisition from the Governor.

12. In cases where high political considerations demand the decision of His Majesty's Government in respect of the action to be taken, the Governor should communicate his opinion that the presence of one of His Majesty's ships is necessary direct to the Secretary of State, instead of direct to the commanding officer of His Majesty's ship, unless the lives and property of British subjects are in such imminent peril as to demand immediate action.

13. The powers of every officer appointed to administer the government of a Colony or Protectorate are conferred, and his duties are defined, by His Majesty's Commission and the Instructions with which he is furnished. The following is a general outline of the nature of his powers and duties, subject to the special laws of each Colony :—

He is empowered to grant a pardon or respite to any criminal convicted in the colonial Courts of Justice and to remit any fines, penalties or forfeitures which may accrue to the King. It is his duty to transmit to the Secretary of State by the earliest opportunity a report on each case in which, after sentence of death, a pardon is granted or the capital sentence is remitted.

The moneys to be expended for the public service are issued under his warrant.

He has the power, in the King's name, of issuing writs for the election of Representative Assemblies and Councils, and of convoking, proroguing and dissolving legislative bodies.

He appoints, suspends and dismisses public servants in the Colony.

He is empowered to administer the appointed oaths to all persons, in office or not, whenever he may think fit, and particularly the oath of allegiance provided by 31 & 32 Vict. c. 72, s. 2.

He has the power of granting or withholding his assent to any Bills which may be passed by legislative bodies, but he is required, in the case of certain Bills, to reserve them for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure or to assent to them only if they contain a clause suspending their operation until they are confirmed by the Crown.

He is on no account to absent himself from the Colony without His Majesty's permission.

§ 3. *Councils and Assemblies.*

14. Legislative Councils nominated by the Crown generally consist in part of the principal executive officers of the Colony and in part of private persons appointed by name; the former being termed Official, and the latter Unofficial Members.

15. Legislative Councils which are partly elected, generally consist of Official and Nominated Members, appointed as in the preceding regulation, and of members elected by the inhabitants of the Colony.

16. The numbers respectively of Official, Unofficial or Nominated, and Elected Members are prescribed by the Letters Patent and Instructions to Governors.

17. When a vacancy occurs by the death, resignation, or otherwise, of a Legislative Councillor appointed by name, the Governor may in general appoint provisionally to such vacancy until His Majesty's pleasure be known.

18. Every law, vote or resolution the object or effect of which may be to dispose of or charge public revenue must be proposed by the Governor or with his consent.

19. A law comes into operation immediately on receiving the Governor's assent, unless some other date is prescribed by the law itself. The Crown, however, retains power to disallow it, and if this power be exercised the law ceases to have operation from the date at which notification of such disallowance is published in the Colony.

20. His Majesty's pleasure with regard to a law is signified through a Secretary of State, or by Order in Council where the constitution of a Colony so prescribes.

21. A law passed in a particular year by a Colonial Legislature should, unless reserved for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure, receive the Governor's assent in that year. In the absence of any legal provision to the contrary, it should be dated as of the day on which assent is given and numbered as of the year in which it is passed, whether it comes into operation immediately upon enactment or contains a provision postponing its operation to some future date. A law not assented to by the Governor but reserved by him for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure should be dated as of the day, and numbered as of the year, in which it is brought into force by public notification in the Colony.

22. In Colonies possessing responsible government the Governor is empowered to appoint and remove members of the Executive Council, it being understood that Councillors who have lost the confidence of the local legislature will tender their resignation to the Governor or discontinue the practical exercise of their functions in analogy with the usage prevailing in the United Kingdom.

23. In other Colonies the Executive Council consists of certain principal officers of the Government with or without the addition of unofficial members. These Executive Councillors are either the holders of offices specified in the Governor's instructions or persons appointed in pursuance either of a Royal Warrant or of instructions from the Crown signified through a Secretary of State. The Governor may in cases of vacancies make provisional appointments, subject to the confirmation of the Crown. Members of the Executive Council can be dismissed by the Crown alone, but in case of urgency may be suspended by the Governor, who must, however, at once report fully to the Secretary of State the grounds of his action.

24. In such Colonies the Executive Council has the duty of assisting the Governor with its advice, and the Governor is required by his instructions to consult the Council in all matters of importance, except in cases of urgency (when it is his duty at the earliest practicable period to communicate to the Council the measures which he may have adopted with the reasons therefor), and in cases of such a nature that in his judgment the King's service would sustain material prejudice by consulting the Council thereon. Unless otherwise provided in any particular case by law or by his instructions, the Governor may act in opposition to the advice of the Council, but he is then required to report the reasons for his action to the Secretary of State by the first convenient opportunity.

CHAPTER II.—OFFICERS.

25. The regulations in Chapter II. do not apply to any officer in a Colony under responsible government except to the Governor in his relation to the Crown.

§ 4. *Appointments.*

26. The regulations as to appointment to public offices are directions given by the Crown to the Governors for general guidance, and do not constitute a contract between the Crown and its servants.

27. Appointments to public offices are made by authority of His Majesty, and such offices, as a rule, are held during His Majesty's pleasure, but in some few cases are held during good behaviour.

28. The general rule is that appointments to public offices are made by letter signed by the Governor or written by his direction, except in the case of Judges of the Supreme Court, who are appointed in His Majesty's name by an instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony. This rule applies equally whether the appointments be provisional or definitive.

29. Public offices are divided into three classes :—

Class I. Those of which the initial emoluments do not exceed one hundred pounds per annum.

Class II. Those of which the initial emoluments exceed one hundred and do not exceed three hundred pounds per annum.

Class III. Those of which the initial emoluments exceed three hundred pounds per annum.

30. When a vacancy occurs in Class I, the appointment is made by the Governor.

31. When a vacancy occurs in Class II, the Governor reports it immediately to the Secretary of State together with the name and qualifications of the person, if any, whom he recommends for appointment. The Governor's recommendation is usually followed.

32. The powers of the Governor under the two preceding regulations do not extend to the appointment or provisional appointment of a person not resident in the Colony.

33. When a vacancy occurs in Class III, the Governor follows the same course as to reporting it, but he is distinctly to inform any person whom he may provisionally appoint that he holds the office only until his appointment is confirmed or superseded under directions from the Secretary of State. The Governor may recommend a candidate for the final appointment, but it must be clearly understood that the Secretary of State may select another candidate.

34. In reporting a vacancy in Class III, or in reporting the creation of any office in that class, the Governor will furnish in duplicate, in the form given in Appendix 1, full particulars respecting the nature and incidents of the office.

35. In the selection of candidates for vacancies in Classes II. and III. the claims of meritorious public officers, whether in the service of the same Colony or of some other Colony, will generally take precedence of those of persons new to the public service. In the case of the chief judicial and chief fiscal offices local connection with the Colony by birth, family ties or otherwise will usually be considered to render a candidate ineligible.

36. The Governor will make annually a confidential report on the qualifications of persons in the public service who apply or are fitted for promotion otherwise than in their own department whether in the Colony or elsewhere, and on all officers on the active list of the Army seconded for employment in the Colony, on whom reports are not made to the War Department direct.

The Governor will make a similar report in the case of persons resident in the Colony when such persons apply through him to the Secretary of State for employment in the public service.

37. The claims of candidates for promotion will be considered in order of their seniority, but the selection will be mainly decided by regard to official qualifications. Seniority in any Department is determined by the date of an officer's appointment to the particular grade or class in which he is serving. Seniority as between officers appointed on probation and subsequently confirmed in their appointments is determined by the date of the probationary appointment. Except where otherwise provided at the time of appointment, seniority as between persons selected for appointment from outside the Colony is determined by the date at which they begin to draw any salary of their new office or, where two or more begin to draw such salary on the same date, by the date of the letter from the Colonial Office confirming the selection.

38. Appointments, provisional or permanent, of gentlemen who have been connected with the Governor as private secretaries, Aides-de-Camp or otherwise are open to objection, and must not be made without previous reference to the Secretary of State.

39. Whenever an officer of His Majesty's Imperial Forces who is on the half-pay or retired list is appointed to a civil situation in any Colony, a report of the appointment specifying the amount of salary and the commencing date for payment thereof is to be made immediately to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, which will be transmitted by him to the proper authorities in this country. Promotions in the Civil Service of such officers are also to be notified forthwith to the Secretary of State for the Colonies for the information of the respective authorities.

§ 5. Discipline.

40. Salaried public officers whose remuneration is fixed on the assumption that their whole time is at the disposal of the Government are prohibited from engaging in trade, or employing themselves in any commercial or agricultural undertaking.

41. All salaried public officers, whether or not their whole time is at the disposal of the Government, are prohibited from directly or indirectly making or holding any local investment, speculating in the shares of, or being connected with any company, occupation or undertaking, which might bring their private interests into real or apparent conflict with their public duties, or in any way influence them in the discharge of their duties. In all cases of doubt as to the application of this regulation a public officer is required to submit the case for the Governor's decision.

42. No public officer on leave of absence is permitted to accept any paid employment without previously obtaining the express sanction of the Secretary of State or, if his leave is spent in the Colony, of the Governor.

43. No public officer is to undertake any private agency in any matter connected with the exercise of his public duties.

44. No public officer can be permitted to be the editor of a newspaper or directly or indirectly to take part in the management of it. He may not contribute anonymously to any newspaper in the Colony or elsewhere; nor may he write on questions which can properly be called political or administrative, though he may furnish signed articles upon subjects of general interest.

45. No public officer, whether on duty or on leave of absence, is to allow himself to be interviewed on questions of public policy or on matters affecting the defence and military resources of any British possession.

46. Governors, Lieutenant-Governors, and all other servants of the Crown in a Colony are prohibited during the continuance of their service in the Colony from receiving valuable presents (other than the ordinary gifts of personal friends), whether in the shape of money, goods, free passages or other personal benefits, and from giving such presents.

This regulation applies not only to the officers themselves, but also to their families, and officers will be held responsible for its observance by their families. It is not intended to apply to cases of remuneration for special services rendered and paid for with the consent of the Government.

Money which has been subscribed with a view of marking public approbation of an officer's conduct may be dedicated to objects of general utility and connected with the name of the person who has merited such a proof of the general esteem.

47. Presents from kings, chiefs or other members of the native population in or neighbouring to the Colony, which cannot be refused without giving offence, will be handed over to the Government.

When presents are exchanged between Governors or other officers acting on behalf of the Colonial Government in ceremonial intercourse with native kings, chiefs, or others, the presents received will be handed over to the Government, and any return presents will be given at the Government expense.

48. Governors will not without special permission accept or forward any articles for presentation to His Majesty.

49. Holders of patent offices may be removed from such offices by the Governor and Council under the second section of the Act 22 Geo. 3, c. 75, but care must be taken that the officer is heard after being apprised of the charge against him, and it is convenient that the course prescribed in case of suspension should be pursued in any proceedings for removal. Against any such removal an appeal lies to His Majesty in Council, which should be prosecuted like any other appeal.

50. Every other public officer holds office subject to the pleasure of the Crown, and the pleasure of the Crown that he should no longer hold it may be signified through the Secretary of State, in which case no special formalities are required.

51. An officer who has not been appointed by virtue of a Warrant from the Crown, and whose pensionable emoluments do not exceed £100 a year, may be dismissed by the Governor, provided that in every such case where the officer has not been convicted on a criminal charge the grounds of intended dismissal are definitely stated in writing, and communicated to the officer in order that he may have full opportunity of exculpating himself, and that the matter is investigated by the Governor with the aid of the head of the department.

If such an officer is convicted on a criminal charge, the Governor may call for the records of the trial and form his decision thereon, with the assistance if necessary of the officer who tried the case.

In lieu of dismissal the Governor may remove the officer to an office of lower rank in the service, or may require him to serve in his original office at a reduced salary, either permanently or for a stated period, or may deduct a portion of salary due, or about to become due, to the officer. Such dismissal or other punishment will not require the confirmation of the Secretary of State, but any memorial from the dismissed officer must be forwarded to the Secretary of State without delay with a short statement of the grounds of dismissal or other punishment.

52. Notwithstanding the above provisions, if the Governor considers that any such officer should be removed on grounds of general inefficiency, he must call for a full report from the heads of the departments in which the officer has served; and, if satisfied after considering that report that it is necessary in the interests of the public service, he may remove the officer. In every such case the question of pension will be dealt with under the laws or regulations of the Colony.

53. In the case of any officer whose pensionable emoluments exceed £100 a year, the Governor may suspend him from the exercise of his office and from the enjoyment of his salary, in which case the following regulations (54 to 71) must be strictly observed, unless the mode of suspension is otherwise provided for by local law.

54. The Governor shall signify to the officer, by a statement in writing, the grounds of the intended suspension, and shall call upon him to state in writing before a day to be specified (which day must allow a reasonable interval for the purpose) any grounds upon which he relies to exculpate himself.

55. If the officer does not furnish such statement within the time fixed by the Governor, or if he fails to exculpate himself to the satisfaction of the Governor, the Governor shall cause the officer to be informed that on a specified day the question of his suspension will be brought before the Executive Council, and that he will be allowed and, if the Council so determine, required to appear before the Council and defend himself orally.

56. For the purpose of the inquiry the Governor will appoint a Committee consisting of the Attorney-General as chairman and two other members of the Executive Council. If the head of the officer's department is a member of the Council, he will be one of the members of the Committee.

57. If witnesses are examined by the Committee, the officer must be allowed the opportunity of being present, and of putting questions on his own behalf. The officer must also be given a copy of any documentary evidence that is to be used against him, and that has not been already furnished to him.

58. The Council will not itself hear witnesses unless under special circumstances and at its own discretion, but if upon considering the report of the Committee the Governor in Council should consider that the inquiry ought to be amplified in any respect, he may refer any point back to the Committee for further evidence if necessary, and then decide upon their report.

59. If in the course of the inquiry further grounds of suspension are disclosed, the Governor, if he thinks fit to proceed upon such grounds, shall furnish the officer with a written statement thereof, and shall take the same steps as are above prescribed in respect of the original grounds of suspension.

60. If in any case the Governor considers that the interests of the public service require that an officer should cease to exercise the powers and functions of his office instantly, or before the proceedings above prescribed can be completed, he may at once interdict the officer from the exercise of the powers and functions of his office. Until proceedings have been taken for the suspension of an interdicted officer he shall in all cases be allowed to receive such proportion of the salary of his office, not being less than one-half, as the Governor shall think fit; but no such officer may be formally suspended from his office or deprived of his whole salary, except upon such formal proceedings as are above prescribed, which must in all cases be taken with as little delay as possible. If such proceedings do not result in the suspension or other punishment of the officer, he will be entitled to the full amount of salary which he would have received if he had not been interdicted.

61. If, upon considering the report of the Committee the Governor is of opinion that the officer deserves punishment, but not the full penalty of suspension, he may inflict such lesser penalty as seems proper in the circumstances. The Governor-in-Council may, if necessary, refer any point back to the Committee for further enquiry or evidence.

62. If the officer is suspended or otherwise punished as above mentioned, the Governor shall without loss of time, report the matter to the Secretary of State for approval and confirmation, transmitting the minutes of Council, the report of the Committee, the written statements and all material documents relating to the case. If the officer is suspended, the Governor shall at the same time transmit the usual return required in the case of a vacancy.

63. If the suspension is not confirmed by the Secretary of State, and no other punishment is awarded, the officer will be entitled to the full amount of salary which he would have received if he had not been interdicted or suspended, even though the officer discharging the functions of the office in the meantime has been allowed to receive some portion of the salary of the office.

64. If the officer is suspended, the Secretary of State, instead of confirming the suspension, may direct the Governor to subject the officer to one of the lesser punishments above mentioned; or if, in lieu of suspension, the officer has been so punished by the Governor, the Secretary of State may direct the Governor to reduce or to increase the punishment already awarded.

65. If the suspension is confirmed by the Secretary of State, the Governor shall forthwith cause the officer to be so informed, and thereupon his office shall become vacant.

66. If the suspension is confirmed by the Secretary of State, all salary will cease from the day of suspension. Pending the decision of the Secretary of State, the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may grant an alimentary allowance to an officer who has been suspended, and who appears urgently to need such assistance.

67. An officer whose suspension is confirmed by the Secretary of State forfeits all claim to a retiring allowance, even though he should have paid contributions towards such allowance.

68. If criminal proceedings are instituted against a public officer proceedings for his suspension upon any grounds involved in the criminal charge shall not be taken pending the criminal proceedings.

69. If an officer is convicted on a criminal charge the Governor may cause the proceedings of the Criminal Court on such charge to be laid before the Executive Council, and if the Council are of opinion that the officer should be suspended on account of the offence for which he has been convicted, he may thereupon be suspended without taking any of the proceedings above prescribed, but his suspension must be reported to the Secretary of State for approval and confirmation.

70. An officer acquitted of a criminal charge is not thereby rendered exempt from suspension on account of his conduct in the matter; and the Governor, if he thinks fit, may take the usual proceedings for the purpose.

71. An officer who is under suspension may not leave the Colony during the interval before he is reinstated or dismissed without the leave of the Governor.

72. Any officer, whether under suspension or not, who is absent from the Colony without leave will be held to have thereby vacated his office.

72A. An officer convicted on a criminal charge shall not be allowed to receive any salary from the date of sentence, pending consideration of his case by the Governor, and, if required, by the Secretary of State.

73. Notwithstanding the above provisions, if the Governor considers that an officer whose pensionable emoluments exceed £100 a year should be removed on grounds of general inefficiency which cannot properly be dealt with by specific charges under the foregoing rules, he must submit a full report upon the case to the Secretary of State, forwarding statements from the heads of the departments in which the officer has served; and if the Secretary of State is satisfied that the officer's removal is necessary in the interests of the public service it will be carried into effect by an intimation to the Governor that it is the pleasure of the Crown that the officer should no longer hold his office. In every such case the question of pension will be dealt with under the laws or regulations of the Colony.

§ 6. Salaries.

74. On appointment to an office of a person not within the Colony, half salary, if available, will be allowed as a general rule from the date of embarkation, and full salary, if available, from the date of arrival in the Colony, provided that the officer proceeds direct to the Colony to which he is appointed; otherwise he will be allowed to draw half salary for such time only as is ordinarily required to perform the journey between the point of embarkation and that of arrival in the Colony.

75. No advance of salary is allowed to officers either on first appointment or on leave of absence, except in special cases to be determined by the Secretary of State. Collateral security will be required when the advance exceeds a month's salary. The security of another officer serving in the same Colony as the applicant will not be accepted.

76. If an office be vacated in a Colony by the death, removal or absence on half-pay leave of the holder, the person appointed by the Governor to act in his stead will receive half the initial salary of the office. Should that person be the holder of another office, but not performing the duties of it while so acting, he may receive in addition half the initial salary of his own office and all the increments which he has earned in that office.

77. Should the person so appointed by the Governor to a vacant office be required at the same time to perform the duties of his own office, he may be allowed half the initial salary of the temporary office together with the whole salary of his own office; but no person should be appointed to discharge at the same time the duties of two distinct offices whenever any other arrangement may be practicable; and unless the offices are distinct and separate offices in different departments of the service, or offices not standing to one another in any intimate relation of superiority and subordination, such as two Magistracies, only half salary of each office can be allowed or the officer's own salary if that be greater.

78. The fees of the vacant office (in the absence of any regulation to the contrary) will be paid into the Colonial Treasury, and the Treasury will pay the acting officer one moiety with such further amount as the Governor shall consider advisable in case the services performed are of a special character or involve outlay.

79. Should the officer whom the Governor has appointed temporarily to a vacant office be confirmed therein, he will be entitled to draw the full salary of that office, if available, from the date at which he entered on the duties, but from the date from which he draws such full salary he will not be entitled to salary on account of any other office which he may have held at the same time.

79A. An officer who is promoted in ordinary course in the Colony in which he is serving should, in the absence of any statutory provision to the contrary, receive the salary of his new scale, grade, or appointment, if it be available, as from the date when the vacancy occurred in the superior post, whether he be in the Colony or on leave of absence at the date in question.

80. When the salary of an officer is on an incremental scale the holder is not entitled to draw any increment as of right but only by sanction of the Governor. In the case of a subordinate officer a certificate is required from the head of his department that he has discharged his duties with diligence and fidelity.

81. Service for increments is to be reckoned from the day on which an officer first begins to draw any salary of his office. In the case where the salary drawn by the officer at the time of promotion is not less than the minimum salary of his new office he will continue to draw his former rate of salary in his new office; and the period qualifying for the first increment is to be reckoned from the date at which he began to draw that rate of salary. His first increment will be of such amount as will bring his salary to the next incremental step in the scale of the salary of the new office.

When a duty allowance is attached to the new office, it is included with the salary for the purpose of this regulation.

82. The grant of pensions and retiring allowances is governed by the laws or regulations of the Colony concerned. The rates of pension vary in different Colonies, but the general principle is that the pension is based on the length of service and on the average salary drawn during the last three years of service, the maximum being two-thirds of final salary. In the case of officers who have served in more than one Colony a separate pension is awarded from each Colony based in most cases on the length of service in that Colony and the final salary drawn in that Colony; but in certain groups of Colonies the officer receives a total pension of the same amount as if the whole of his service had been in the Colony from which he finally retires. Commutation of pensions is not allowed.

§ 7. Leave of Absence.

83. The following regulations (84 to 102) apply to all public officers (other than Governors) except—

- (a) Officers in British Guiana and East Africa, who are subject to special regulations;
- (b) European Officers in West Africa, to whom the regulations in Section 10 of this Chapter apply; they are subject, however, to regulations 88, 89, 93, 94 and 99;
- (c) Native Officers in certain Colonies to whom special local rules are applicable.

84. Subject to the necessities of the service, leave of absence on half pay may be granted without any special grounds after three years' resident service from first appointment in the Colony. It may be given after a less duration of service in cases of serious indisposition, or of urgent private affairs, if the Governor is satisfied that the indulgence is indispensable. In cases of serious indisposition the state of the officer's health must be certified by his medical attendant or, if required by the Governor, by a medical board. In cases of urgent private affairs the nature of such urgent affairs must be stated confidentially to the Governor.

85. In the absence of special grounds half-pay leave must not exceed one-sixth of the officer's resident service in the Colony. On special grounds it may exceed that period by six months.

86. Half-pay leave is primarily intended to enable an officer to recruit his health by change of climate, and it must not be granted to be spent in the Colony except in special circumstances.

87. The Governor may not in any case grant more than twelve months' half-pay leave, but may report to the Secretary of State the period for which the leave may be extended without injury to the public service. The officer seeking an extension must apply to the Secretary of State in sufficient time, if practicable, to allow of reference to the Colony. Leave will not be extended as a matter of course nor unless public convenience permits.

88. When an officer receives, in addition to the salary of his appointment, an allowance granted to himself personally, and not permanently attached to his office, he may, when absent on half-pay leave, draw only half of such personal allowance, the remaining moiety being left undrawn and lapsing to the Colonial Treasury. The undrawn moiety of the increments of salary of the absent officer will similarly lapse.

89. Governors will report to the Secretary of State each case in which leave of absence has been granted, transmitting a certificate in the form given in Appendix 3*. The officer proceeding on leave will be furnished with a duplicate of the certificate to enable him to draw his salary. A third copy of the certificate will be sent direct to the Crown Agents for the Colonies when the officer's salary is to be paid through them, with instructions to issue the salary accordingly as it becomes due.

90. In special cases where an officer has served in one Colony for some years with little or no leave immediately preceding his transfer to another Colony, the Governor of the latter Colony may, as an act of grace, recommend him for special leave in respect of his service in the former Colony, such recommendation being accompanied by any necessary particulars of former service and of the last leave taken in respect thereof. The amount of leave which should be shown on his leave certificate as his proper claim should be calculated according to the length of service in the Colony in which he is serving.

91. When an officer is entitled to half-pay leave no private arrangement made with the object of securing to him more than half-pay will be allowed.

92. An officer on leave may receive so much of any allowance for house rent as may not be required to cover special expenses for housing accommodation incurred by the acting officer, the amount so allowed being reported on the leave certificate.

93. No part of any horse or travelling allowance and no fees will be paid to an officer on leave.

94. On arriving in this country the officer on leave will report his arrival by letter to the Colonial Office, mentioning his address, and he will similarly notify any subsequent change of address. Treasurers and Auditors of colonies whose accounts are subject to audit in this country should also send their addresses to the Director of Colonial Audit.

95. Except in very special cases, as of unbroken official residence in the same Colony for fifteen years, no extensions will exceed six months at a time, nor will any officer on leave be allowed to receive half salary continuously for more than the following periods in respect of the following Colonies:—

Mediterranean Colonies	9 months.
West Indies, St. Helena, and Falkland Islands	18 "
Mauritius, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Straits Settlements and Fiji	24 "

96. The foregoing regulations do not apply to vacation leave not exceeding, in the case of ordinary civil officers, three calendar months during and in respect of any two consecutive years' service. It is not necessary that any specific period should elapse between two successive grants of vacation leave; but an officer will not be granted his full three months at the beginning of a biennial period without some special reason.

97. In the case of judicial or educational officers, such vacation leave may extend to, but must not exceed, the ordinary vacations of the court or institution to which they belong; and they may generally, when absent on half-pay leave, receive full pay during any ordinary vacation of such court or institution which may occur during the period of their leave of absence. In Colonies where there is no ordinary vacation of the Court or no vacation exceeding one month at one time, a judicial officer may have the leave allowed to ordinary civil officers.

98. Vacation leave need not be reported to the Secretary of State unless the officer intends to visit the United Kingdom, in which case his departure must be reported as required when half-pay leave is granted. There is no abatement of salary during vacation leave; but the leave must be duly recorded and arrangements must have been made and approved by the Governor, for the adequate discharge of the officer's duties without cost to the public, except in very special circumstances.

99. Short periods of absence from duty owing to sickness are allowed on full pay, in accordance with the local rules of each Colony, without affecting vacation leave.

* A special form is used for European officers in West Africa.

100. An officer applying for leave with the intention of retiring must only receive such term of leave as will allow time for a decision upon his application for retirement; and the Governor giving leave under such circumstances will report the matter to the Secretary of State. An officer's salary will in such case cease and his pension commence when his retirement is sanctioned.

101. If an officer retires during his leave of absence without having originally given notice of his desire to do so, the date at which his half-salary is to cease will be determined according to the circumstances of the case.

102. Leave will count from the date of relinquishment to that of resumption of duty.

§ 8. Salaries and Leave of Governors.

103. A Governor is appointed during His Majesty's pleasure, but his tenure of office is, as a rule, confined to a period of six years from his assumption of the administration.

104. When the office of Governor becomes vacant or when the Governor is on leave, other than full-pay leave, the person succeeding to the administration of the Government will (if previously resident in the Colony) receive half of the salary of the Governor. If he be an officer in the service of the Colony he will receive in addition half the salary of his own office.

105. Should the person called to the temporary administration have been transferred from the public service elsewhere, he will receive the whole salary of the Governor, if available, but in that case he will not be entitled to any portion of the salary of the office from which he has been transferred. During the absence on leave, other than full-pay leave, of a Governor, and after the embarkation of a newly appointed Governor, such person is only entitled to the half salary available. Whether he can draw also half the salary of the office from which he has been temporarily transferred will depend on the arrangements made for payment of his substitute, and will be decided in each instance by the Secretary of State.

106. The leave of Governors is regulated by special rules of local application; but in most of the Colonies not possessing responsible government, the Governor may be granted leave with full salary, exclusive of entertainment or duty allowance, for a period not exceeding six weeks in any one year. The officer administering the government is entitled in the absence of the Governor from the Colony to draw in full any allowance provided for entertainment and also any duty allowance.

107. If the period of a vacancy or of the absence of the Governor should exceed nine months, and there should be any salary available, the Secretary of State will approve such arrangements as may appear reasonable for the increase of the salary of the temporary holder for the period of excess.

108. On appointment to a Government, half salary when available and when permitted by law will be allowed as a general rule from the date of embarkation from England or a colony. An officer succeeding to the administration or the provisional administration of a Colonial Government will be entitled to draw full or half salary, as the case may be, in respect of the day on which he assumes the administration. The officer whom he succeeds will not be entitled to any payment for that day, except the half salary granted in cases of absence on leave.

109. If a Governor is transferred from one colony to another and comes to England on his way thereto, he will, if the Secretary of State is satisfied that such return is unavoidable or in furtherance of the public interest, usually receive the half salary of the Government which he relinquishes, until the date of his embarkation from England for the Government to which he is appointed; but if such half salary is not available he will usually receive the half salary of the new Government. If no half salary is available from either Government he can receive no salary.

§ 9. Passages.

110. The following is the scale of allowances to be granted from Imperial Funds to Governors, including in that term all officers administering governments, where appointed for the usual term of years, for their passages* from this country:

Australia: Governor-General	£2,000	Mauritius	£ 700
Australian States	800	Newfoundland	300
Bermuda	350	New Zealand	1,500
British Honduras	300	Nigeria	200
Canada: Governor-General	800	Nyasaland	450
Ceylon	700	St. Helena	300
Cyprus	400	Seychelles	400
Kenya	500	Sierra Leone	200
Falkland Islands	400	Somaliland	100
Fiji	800	South Africa: Governor-General	1,500
Gambia	150	Southern Rhodesia	700
Gibraltar	200	Straits Settlements	800
Gold Coast	200	Uganda	400
Hong Kong	800	Weihaiwei	500
Malta	300	West Indian Colonies	350

The passages of the Governor of Somaliland are paid from Protectorate funds.

111. A Governor will be granted the same amount of passage allowance on retiring at the expiration of his term of office or on being transferred to another appointment, but he must not draw for the amount without the previous sanction of the Secretary of State. If, however, he comes home on leave of absence or is relieved at his own request, before the expiration of his term of office, he must provide his own passage.

* Editorial Note.—The passage allowance of the High Commissioner for Palestine and of the Governor of Tanganyika Territory is 400*l*.

112. If a Governor is transferred to another appointment he will not be entitled to passage allowance to this country from the Colony from which he is so transferred and also from this country to the Colony to which he is about to proceed, unless the Secretary of State is satisfied that his return to this country was unavoidable, or in furtherance of the public interests; but the allowance to be granted to him will be calculated according to the probable expense of the direct passage from one Colony to the other, estimated on the same principle as the passage allowance from England. In the case of a public officer (not a Governor) or other person resident in a Colony who may be appointed to the government of another Colony, the same principle will be followed as nearly as circumstances will admit. A Governor who may return to this country for other reasons than those above stated, or who is transferred while he is on leave in this country, will be entitled to the single passage allowance from England to his new Colony, unless that allowance be greater than the sum which might have been allowed for a direct journey from the old Colony to the new one, in which case the latter amount only will be allowed.

113. When a Governor or other officer is proceeding to another Colony to administer the government temporarily, or returning therefrom, he will be allowed from Imperial funds such expenses as the Secretary of State may deem to have been reasonably incurred for the removal of himself and his family.

114. No passage in His Majesty's ships is to be given to Governors or other public officers at the public expense except on the application of the Governor to the senior naval officer on the spot. The expense for the entertainment of such passengers will not be paid from public funds unless the Secretary of State approves.

115. The expense for the entertainment on board of His Majesty's ships of a Governor or other public officer must be paid to the paymaster of the ship at the end of the voyage, and, if possible, before leaving the ship.

116. If such expense is to be charged on the Imperial or Colonial Treasury, it may be defrayed by a bill drawn in the former case on the Paymaster-General, and in the latter case on the Colonial Government. Such bills must be drawn at not less than ten days' sight, either by the Governor or with his written sanction. In case the expense is to be borne on Imperial funds, the Governor will report by the first opportunity his having given such sanction, and will direct the public officer to whom it may have been given to transmit an immediate and direct advice to the Secretary of State of his having drawn the bill, and to forward at the same time the Governor's sanction for his having done so, and a receipt from the paymaster of the vessel for the amount so drawn.

117. The scale of allowance for entertainment on His Majesty's ships at the table of the Captain or Commanding Officer is as follows:—

- I. For any Governor or High Commissioner whose salary is not less than £3,000 per annum, exclusive of allowances, £4 per diem for the first seven days, and afterwards 21s. a day.
- II. For any other Governor, or for a Lieutenant-Governor, Administrator, or Commissioner, £3 per diem for the first seven days, and afterwards 21s. a day.
- III. For the persons composing the suite of Governors, etc., 21s. a day for each male person above the age of 16; two-thirds of that sum for every female above 16; one-third for such of either sex as shall be between the ages of 7 and 16; and one-fourth for such as may be under 7 years of age.
- IV. For other public officers 21s. a day for the first fourteen days, and 15s. a day afterwards; and the proportions with respect to age and sex, as stated in the preceding paragraph.

Payment for entertainment in His Majesty's ships is to be calculated according to the dates of the first and last dinners taken on board.

118. When a Governor or other public officer is proceeding in a ship of war on a tour of inspection which requires him to disembark at various ports, the higher rate per diem will in general only be paid for the seven days' entertainment following his first embarkation. If there are special reasons for repeating this higher rate, it must form a subject of special representation to the Secretary of State before it is made.

119. When a Governor or other public officer disembarks for the purpose of performing *bonâ-fide* public service, and has not been able to give the Captain or Commanding Officer beforehand such information as to the days on which he will be absent from the ship as will prevent expense in preparing for his entertainment on those days, one-half of the rates of allowance above authorised will be payable in respect of such absence, and each day in respect of which such half rates are paid will be counted as a full day for the purpose of computing the seven or fourteen days referred to in the preceding regulations.

120. When a Governor or other public officer who is entitled to conveyance at the expense of the Imperial Treasury has to obtain passages in mail packets or private ships, it will be necessary that certified statements of the expenses and of the dates at which they were incurred should be sent without delay to the Secretary of State, supported by such vouchers as can reasonably be procured. Evidence of the ordinary kind, as reference to a tariff (if any) or the certificate of two merchants, should as a rule be forwarded, that the rate of charge is usual or reasonable. The statements of officers other than the Governor must bear his countersignature. The expenditure will be subject to review, and if necessary to disallowance, by the Secretary of State; and it will be desirable, though not indispensable, that his sanction should be obtained before bills be drawn for the sums spent. Such bills should be drawn on the Paymaster-General, at not less than ten days' sight, and an immediate and direct advice should in each case be sent to the Secretary of State.

121. On appointment, the officer selected will be entitled, in the absence of any local law or regulation to the contrary, to a free passage from this country from Colonial funds for himself

and for his wife and children not exceeding four persons besides himself, if they accompany him or follow him within twelve months. The person so appointed will be required to execute an agreement in the form inserted in Appendix 4.

When an officer is transferred from one Colony to another he will be entitled to free passages by the cheapest and most direct route under similar conditions.

No outfit is allowed on any occasion.

§ 10. Leave and Passage Rules in West Africa.

122 Subject to the necessities of the service, European officers may be granted by the Governor vacation leave on full salary not exceeding in all one week's leave in the United Kingdom for every completed calendar month of total residential service in West Africa, *plus* the time necessarily taken on the journey to the United Kingdom, and, if the officer is returning to West Africa for further service, the time necessarily taken on the journey from the United Kingdom to the Colony.

No additional leave will be granted in respect of any fraction of a month.

If an officer on vacation leave instead of proceeding to the United Kingdom is allowed by the Governor to proceed to another country, the leave in respect of the journey or journeys shall be the time necessarily taken on the journey to or from such country provided that this is not greater than the time necessarily taken on the journey to or from the United Kingdom.

123. Vacation leave may be granted without any special grounds after 18 consecutive calendar months of residential service in West Africa. A European officer will not be required to serve a tour of more than 24 consecutive calendar months' residential service except in special circumstances, and the Governor may, should he think fit, grant vacation leave to any European officer at any time after he has completed 12 consecutive calendar months' residential service. Within the above limits the actual length of each officer's tour shall be at the discretion of the Governor who will take into consideration the necessities of the service, the character of the station or stations at which the officer has been serving, and his medical history.

Vacation leave on full salary may also be granted by the Governor to a European officer after less than 12 consecutive calendar months' residential service in West Africa (a) if he is invalided from West Africa or (b) in special cases where the Governor considers that the arrangement will be in the public interest.

124. Vacation leave may be extended by the Secretary of State on full or half salary at his discretion if the officer is required or permitted to remain in the United Kingdom by the Secretary of State on public grounds,

125. Sick leave on full salary may be granted by the Secretary of State at his discretion to a European officer on the ground of ill-health for any period not exceeding six calendar months from the date of the expiration of his vacation leave; and, where there is reason to believe that the officer will ultimately be fit to return to West Africa, the Secretary of State may at his discretion extend such leave with half salary for a further period not exceeding six calendar months.

If an officer who has been granted sick leave is found by the Medical adviser to the Colonial Office to be fit to return to West Africa and fails to do so when ordered, he shall be liable to refund any pay which he may have drawn in respect of such leave.

126. Any extension of leave, however short, which may be granted on any other grounds than those mentioned in the two foregoing regulations must be without pay.

127. In addition to the leave mentioned above; a European officer who has completed eight months' residential service and is expected, subject to good health, to complete at least a further six months' residential service, or who has been on the sick list and is reported by a Government Medical Officer to require a period of relaxation from duty to render him fit to complete a further 6 months' residential service, may, at the discretion of the Governor, be granted leave to be spent in West Africa or on a sea voyage for purposes of relaxation from duty, up to an amount not exceeding 21 days in each tour of service plus the whole or part of the time necessarily taken in travelling to and from a place approved by the Governor up to a maximum amount of six days in all. During such leave full salary but not duty allowance will be paid, and the officer will be paid travelling expenses on the authorised scale up to a maximum of six days in all.

128. An officer returning to West Africa will be required to embark by the first steamer leaving England after the date on which his leave of absence expires, and will be allowed pay at the rate which he is then drawing for any days which may elapse between the expiration of his leave and the departure of the steamer; provided that, if there is a later steamer which is timed to arrive at his destination before the first one, he will be required to proceed by the later one. Extensions of leave will date from the expiration of the original leave, and not from the day on which the officer would have had to embark if his leave had not been extended.

129. Officers desiring leave, on the ground of "urgent private affairs," before completing a tour of 12 consecutive calendar months' residential service, may be granted by the Governor at his discretion permission to proceed on leave. In such cases the officer may be granted any vacation leave for which he is eligible under Regulation 122 (including leave for the period of the two voyages), but any extension must be without pay.

130.—(a) Every officer immediately before proceeding on leave of absence will present himself to the medical officer of his station (or other medical officer), as provided by the local regulations for examination as to the state of his health. The medical officer will furnish him with a paper of advice in proper form, which will contain directions as to the precautions he should take during the voyage home and after arrival in the United Kingdom, and also an expression of opinion as to the

necessity or otherwise of his being seen by one of the Medical Advisers to the Colonial Office. Immediately after the examination the medical officer will himself post a certificate in the approved form direct to the Colonial Office, so that it will arrive in England by the same steamer as the officer examined.

(b) When the officer arrives in the United Kingdom he will receive instructions to present himself to one of the Medical Advisers of the Colonial Office if that course is thought necessary, and in any case he may be required to show that the recommendations of the local medical officer are being carried out.

(c) If an officer falls ill so as to require medical attendance during the voyage home or during his leave of absence and remains ill for a week, he will report the fact to the Colonial Office, and will send fortnightly reports from his medical attendant as long as he remains under medical care. This also applies to the case of invalided officers who are unable, on arrival in this country, to comply within a week with instructions to visit the Medical Adviser.

(d) Unless these rules are observed, an officer will not be entitled to pay during any extension of leave which it may be necessary to grant him on the ground of ill-health.

131. Officers to whom the foregoing regulations of this section apply are required to discharge any duties upon which the Governor may think it desirable to employ them; and they are not entitled to receive any available half salary under Regulations 76, 77, 104, 105 and 108, in addition to the salary of their own office, for performing the duties of an office vacated by the death or removal or temporary absence of the holder, but they will draw the duty allowance, if available, when acting in any office to which such an allowance is attached.

They may also be required by the Secretary of State to discharge any duty or to go through any course of instruction which he may think necessary during their leave of absence, and will not be entitled to any additional remuneration or leave of absence in consideration of such employment. Allowances granted to cover necessary out-of-pocket expenses are not regarded as remuneration.

132. Free passages to England and out again will be allowed to all officers under the rank of Governor who may be granted leave of absence under Regulations 122, 123, and 129, and a free passage out will be allowed on their first appointment to all such officers on their executing the usual agreement under which they will be bound to refund the cost of the passage in the event of their relinquishing their appointment within three years from the date of their arrival in the Colony or Protectorate for any other reason than bodily or mental infirmity.

Any officer below the rank of Governor, who with Government permission is accompanied or followed to West Africa by his wife, will be paid half a single fare outwards, and, if she remains in West Africa six months, or if she or her husband is invalided within that period, half a single fare homewards on returning to England. These payments will not be made unless the officer's wife

- (a) before departure from the United Kingdom submits a certificate from one of the Medical Advisers to the Colonial Office or from her own medical attendant which will satisfy the Secretary of State that she is in good health and physically fit to proceed to West Africa, or
- (b) actually does reside there with him for at least that period during his tour.

The grant towards a wife's passage to West Africa will not be payable, except with the special sanction of the Governor, if she does not arrive in the Colony at least six months before the date on which her husband will become eligible for leave.

Free passages will not be granted to wives or children under Regulation 121.

133. If an officer is transferred while in West Africa from one West African Colony or Protectorate to another, his service during that tour in the two Colonies or Protectorates will be regarded as consecutive for the purposes of Regulations 122 and 123, and the whole of his salary during leave of absence will be paid from the funds of the last Colony or Protectorate.

134. Persons engaged under agreements in the West Indies or Asia for certain subordinate posts in West Africa are employed on special terms as to leave of absence, under which, after three consecutive years of residential service, they may be granted vacation leave with full pay for two calendar months *plus* the time necessarily taken on the journey to England, and (if they are returning to West Africa) return leave with full pay for two calendar months *plus* the time necessarily taken on the journey from England, with free passages to and from their homes. Such persons may also be granted the same vacation for the purpose of relaxation from business as is allowed to native officials of similar grade, but this annual vacation must not be continuous with the vacation leave or return leave provided for in their agreements.

135. The foregoing regulations (122 to 134) do not apply to officers who are natives of West Africa. All such officers are subject to the general regulations as to leave of absence and passages, with the exception that they are not entitled to any pay under Regulations 76 and 77, when acting in the place of a European officer. They will, however, in lieu of such pay, draw the duty allowance when acting in any office to which a duty allowance is attached; and when they are acting for a European officer and not receiving any duty allowance, the Governor may, if he thinks fit, award a gratuity in respect of such acting service, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State. On the other hand, the regulations numbered 84 to 87, 90, 91, 92, 95 to 98, 100, 101 and 102 do not apply to European officers.

All officers who are not of pure European descent will be regarded as natives of West Africa for the purpose of these regulations, unless special arrangements are made on engagement either as provided in regulation 134 or otherwise.

CHAPTER III.—CEREMONIES.

136. The regulations in Chapter III. apply to all Colonies and Protectorates except when otherwise stated.

§ 11. *Precedence.*

137. The precedence of officers in Colonies is determined by local enactments, by Royal Charters, by Instructions either under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet or through the Secretary of State, or by authoritative local usage.

138. In the absence of any special authority Governors will guide themselves by the following general table of Colonial precedence:—

The Governor, or Officer administering the Government.

The Lieutenant-Governor.

The officer in command of His Majesty's Naval Forces on the Station, if of the rank of Flag Officer, and the senior officer in command of the troops, if of the rank of General Officer, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.

* The Bishop.

The Chief Justice.

The officer in command of His Majesty's Naval Forces on the Station, if of the rank of Captain or Commander, and the senior officer in command of the troops, if of the rank of Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.

The Members of the Privy or Executive Council.

The Puisne Judges.

The President of the Legislative Council.

The Members of the Legislative Council.

The Speaker of the House of Assembly.

The Members of the House of Assembly.

The Colonial Secretary (not being in the Executive Council).

The chief Commissioners, Government Agents or Residents of Provinces.

The Attorney-General (not being in the Executive Council).

The Solicitor-General.

The senior naval officer, if below the rank of Commander, and the senior officer in command of the Troops, if below the rank of Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.

The Auditor-General or Inspector-General of accounts.

The Treasurer, or other principal financial officer.

The Principal Medical Officer.

The Controller, or other chief officer of customs.

The Director of Public Works or Surveyor-General.

The Clerk of the Executive Council.

The Clerk of the Legislative Council.

The Clerk of the House of Assembly.

} Not being Members
of Executive or
Legislative Councils.

In this table the term "Flag Officer" means a naval officer holding rank equivalent or superior to that of Rear-Admiral, and the term "General Officer" means a military officer holding rank equivalent or superior to that of Major-General.

In Colonies possessing responsible government, and having no special table of precedence, the Puisne Judges take precedence next after the Speaker of the House of Assembly.

139. When two or more Colonies are comprised within one naval or military command, the naval and military officers holding the commands in any one of such Colonies in the absence of the superior commanding officers will take the precedence assigned to them in the Colonial Regulations, and will retain that precedence notwithstanding the presence of the chief superior officers of the whole naval and military commands. No other naval or military officers have any place at all in the general table of Colonial precedence, and the places accorded therein to the senior naval officer and the senior military officer have no connection, except as between those two officers, with the regulations governing naval and military precedence.

140. When a naval officer is a member of a Court of Enquiry into the circumstances attending the loss of a merchant ship but does not preside over the Court he should sit at the right hand of, and so next in seniority to, the President.

141. The precedence of Members of Councils in Colonies not possessing responsible government between themselves is regulated by the Royal Instructions.

142. Members of the Royal Family take precedence in His Majesty's oversea dominions, next after the Governor.

Except as provided in the following paragraph, British Subjects who enjoy in the United Kingdom precedence by right of birth or by dignity conferred by the Crown do not lose such precedence while either temporarily or permanently residing in any part of His Majesty's oversea dominions.

In the absence of special Instructions from the King, and subject to any specific provision in the authorised local tables, the precedence within any of the Governments of His Majesty's oversea dominions of all persons holding office or discharging official duties, whether naval, military or civil.

* The precedence of the Bishop is of an honorary nature and to be accorded to him by courtesy.

within that Government is determined solely by official rank, and the wives of such persons, even though they enjoy precedence in the United Kingdom by right of birth, take their place according to the precedence of their husbands.

Persons entitled to official precedence in the United Kingdom, in foreign countries, or in any particular part of His Majesty's dominions, are not entitled as of right to the same precedence elsewhere. In the absence of any special instructions from the King, the precedence of such persons will be determined by the Governor.

§ 12. *Medals and Decorations.*

143. All medals and decorations emanate from the Sovereign and no decoration or medal may be issued without His Majesty's approval having been first obtained. The King's Regulations respecting foreign Orders and Medals are inserted in Appendix 5.

§ 13. *Salutes.*

144. The salutes to which Colonial Officials are entitled are determined by the table in Appendix 6.

145. Officers acting temporarily in any civil office are entitled during their temporary tenure to all the honours or salutes that may appertain to such office.

146. Governors are authorised to sanction such salutes as may have been customary, also such as they may deem right and proper at religious ceremonies, and further to cause the usual salutes to be fired at the opening and closing of the Houses of Parliament or Assembly; but these salutes are in no cases to exceed nineteen guns.

147. A Colonial Governor absent from his Colony on leave, or otherwise than on a special mission expressly authorised by His Majesty's Government, is not entitled to receive any salute, or to fly any flag, as these privileges are only permitted when he is actually representing the Sovereign. A Governor so absent should decline all salutes or other official recognitions of a royal character from any foreign ship or troops.

§ 14. *Flags.*

149. The Union Flag, without any badge, will be flown at Government House daily from sunrise to sunset.

150. The Union Flag with the approved arms or badge of the Colony, emblazoned in the centre thereof on a white shield surrounded by a green garland (as shown in the drawing in Appendix 7), will be used by a Governor, a Lieutenant-Governor or other officer administering a government, when embarked in a boat or other vessel.

151. The British Blue Ensign with the arms or badge of the Colony emblazoned in the centre of the fly, i.e., in the centre of that part between the union jack and the end of the flag, and the pendant (as shown in the drawing in Appendix 8), shall be flown by all armed vessels which belong to or are in the service of the Government of a Colony. Such vessels when not armed shall fly a similar blue ensign, but no pendant.

152. All other vessels registered as belonging to His Majesty's subjects in His Majesty's Colonies or Dependencies will fly the red ensign without any badge unless otherwise authorised by warrant from His Majesty or from the Admiralty. Such warrants have been issued in the case of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa, Newfoundland, Cyprus, Tanganyika Territory and Western Samoa. Colonial Merchant Vessels may carry distinguishing flags with the badge of the Colony thereon, in addition to the red ensign, provided that such flags do not infringe Section 73 (2) of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894.

153. Whenever a requisition is received by any officer in command of one of His Majesty's Ships for the embarkation or conveyance of a Governor, High Commissioner, Lieutenant-Governor or other officer administering a government, the senior naval officer present may direct the flag which such official is entitled to use to be hoisted at the foretop-gallant masthead of the ship in which he is embarked; provided that after consultation with, and on requisition from that official, the senior naval officer considers it for the benefit of the service about to be performed that such flag should be hoisted, and provided that it is only hoisted or carried within the limits of the Government.

154. If the senior officer considers it, in any circumstances, undesirable to hoist the flag, he will inform the Governor, High Commissioner, or other official concerned, of his reasons, and will at once report the same to the Admiralty.

155. In the event of a Governor, High Commissioner, or officer administering the government of a Colony being detached on a foreign mission in his official capacity, special instructions will be issued in each case as to the flag which should be carried by the man-of-war in which he may be embarked. In the absence of such instructions the senior naval officer present will exercise his discretion in consultation with the official proceeding on the mission.

§ 15. *Visits.*

156. Official visits between Naval Officers and Governors, Lieutenant-Governors and Administrators of His Majesty's Colonies and Protectorates abroad, will be exchanged on the following occasions:—

(a) On the arrival of one or more of His Majesty's ships at a port at which the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Administrator or Commissioner of the Colony, Territory, or Dependency is present, between such officer and the senior officer in command of the squadron or ship.

CHAPTER III.—CEREMONIES.

136. The regulations in Chapter III. apply to all Colonies and Protectorates except when otherwise stated.

§ 11. *Precedence.*

137. The precedence of officers in Colonies is determined by local enactments, by Royal Charters, by Instructions either under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet or through the Secretary of State, or by authoritative local usage.

138. In the absence of any special authority Governors will guide themselves by the following general table of Colonial precedence:—

The Governor, or Officer administering the Government.

The Lieutenant-Governor.

The officer in command of His Majesty's Naval Forces on the Station, if of the rank of Flag Officer, and the senior officer in command of the troops, if of the rank of General Officer: their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.

* The Bishop.

The Chief Justice.

The officer in command of His Majesty's Naval Forces on the Station, if of the rank of Captain or Commander, and the senior officer in command of the troops, if of the rank of Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.

The Members of the Privy or Executive Council.

The Puisne Judges.

The President of the Legislative Council.

The Members of the Legislative Council.

The Speaker of the House of Assembly.

The Members of the House of Assembly.

The Colonial Secretary (not being in the Executive Council).

The chief Commissioners, Government Agents or Residents of Provinces.

The Attorney-General (not being in the Executive Council).

The Solicitor-General.

The senior naval officer, if below the rank of Commander, and the senior officer in command of the Troops, if below the rank of Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.

The Auditor-General or Inspector-General of accounts.

The Treasurer, or other principal financial officer.

The Principal Medical Officer.

The Controller, or other chief officer of customs.

The Director of Public Works or Surveyor-General.

The Clerk of the Executive Council.

The Clerk of the Legislative Council.

The Clerk of the House of Assembly.

} Not being Members
of Executive or
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In this table the term "Flag Officer" means a naval officer holding rank equivalent or superior to that of Rear-Admiral, and the term "General Officer" means a military officer holding rank equivalent or superior to that of Major-General.

In Colonies possessing responsible government, and having no special table of precedence, the Puisne Judges take precedence next after the Speaker of the House of Assembly.

139. When two or more Colonies are comprised within one naval or military command, the naval and military officers holding the commands in any one of such Colonies in the absence of the superior commanding officers will take the precedence assigned to them in the Colonial Regulations and will retain that precedence notwithstanding the presence of the chief superior officers of the whole naval and military commands. No other naval or military officers have any place at all in the general table of Colonial precedence, and the places accorded therein to the senior naval officer and the senior military officer have no connection, except as between those two officers, with the regulations governing naval and military precedence.

140. When a naval officer is a member of a Court of Enquiry into the circumstances attending the loss of a merchant ship but does not preside over the Court he should sit at the right hand of, and so next in seniority to, the President.

141. The precedence of Members of Councils in Colonies not possessing responsible government between themselves is regulated by the Royal Instructions.

142. Members of the Royal Family take precedence in His Majesty's oversea dominions, next after the Governor.

Except as provided in the following paragraph, British Subjects who enjoy in the United Kingdom precedence by right of birth or by dignity conferred by the Crown do not lose such precedence while either temporarily or permanently residing in any part of His Majesty's oversea dominions.

In the absence of special Instructions from the King, and subject to any specific provision in the authorised local tables, the precedence within any of the Governments of His Majesty's oversea dominions of all persons holding office or discharging official duties, whether naval, military or civil,

* The precedence of the Bishop is of an honorary nature and to be accorded to him by courtesy.

within that Government is determined solely by official rank, and the wives of such persons, even though they enjoy precedence in the United Kingdom by right of birth, take their place according to the precedence of their husbands.

Persons entitled to official precedence in the United Kingdom, in foreign countries, or in any particular part of His Majesty's dominions, are not entitled as of right to the same precedence elsewhere. In the absence of any special instructions from the King, the precedence of such persons will be determined by the Governor.

§ 12. *Medals and Decorations.*

143. All medals and decorations emanate from the Sovereign and no decoration or medal may be issued without His Majesty's approval having been first obtained. The King's Regulations respecting foreign Orders and Medals are inserted in Appendix 5.

§ 13. *Salutes.*

144. The salutes to which Colonial Officials are entitled are determined by the table in Appendix 6.

145. Officers acting temporarily in any civil office are entitled during their temporary tenure to all the honours or salutes that may appertain to such office.

146. Governors are authorised to sanction such salutes as may have been customary, also such as they may deem right and proper at religious ceremonies, and further to cause the usual salutes to be fired at the opening and closing of the Houses of Parliament or Assembly; but these salutes are in no cases to exceed nineteen guns.

147. A Colonial Governor absent from his Colony on leave, or otherwise than on a special mission expressly authorised by His Majesty's Government, is not entitled to receive any salute, or to fly any flag, as these privileges are only permitted when he is actually representing the Sovereign. A Governor so absent should decline all salutes or other official recognitions of a royal character from any foreign ship or troops.

§ 14. *Flags.*

149. The Union Flag, without any badge, will be flown at Government House daily from sunrise to sunset.

150. The Union Flag with the approved arms or badge of the Colony, emblazoned in the centre thereof on a white shield surrounded by a green garland (as shown in the drawing in Appendix 7), will be used by a Governor, a Lieutenant-Governor or other officer administering a government, when embarked in a boat or other vessel.

151. The British Blue Ensign with the arms or badge of the Colony emblazoned in the centre of the fly, i.e., in the centre of that part between the union jack and the end of the flag, and the pendant (as shown in the drawing in Appendix 8), shall be flown by all armed vessels which belong to or are in the service of the Government of a Colony. Such vessels when not armed shall fly a similar blue ensign, but no pendant.

152. All other vessels registered as belonging to His Majesty's subjects in His Majesty's Colonies or Dependencies will fly the red ensign without any badge unless otherwise authorised by warrant from His Majesty or from the Admiralty. Such warrants have been issued in the case of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa, Newfoundland, Cyprus, Tanganyika Territory and Western Samoa. Colonial Merchant Vessels may carry distinguishing flags with the badge of the Colony thereon, in addition to the red ensign, provided that such flags do not infringe Section 73 (2) of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894.

153. Whenever a requisition is received by any officer in command of one of His Majesty's Ships for the embarkation or conveyance of a Governor, High Commissioner, Lieutenant-Governor or other officer administering a government, the senior naval officer present may direct the flag which such official is entitled to use to be hoisted at the foretop-gallant masthead of the ship in which he is embarked; provided that after consultation with, and on requisition from that official, the senior naval officer considers it for the benefit of the service about to be performed that such flag should be hoisted, and provided that it is only hoisted or carried within the limits of the Government.

154. If the senior officer considers it, in any circumstances, undesirable to hoist the flag, he will inform the Governor, High Commissioner, or other official concerned, of his reasons, and will at once report the same to the Admiralty.

155. In the event of a Governor, High Commissioner, or officer administering the government of a Colony being detached on a foreign mission in his official capacity, special instructions will be issued in each case as to the flag which should be carried by the man-of-war in which he may be embarked. In the absence of such instructions the senior naval officer present will exercise his discretion in consultation with the official proceeding on the mission.

§ 15. *Visits.*

156. Official visits between Naval Officers and Governors, Lieutenant-Governors and Administrators of His Majesty's Colonies and Protectorates abroad, will be exchanged on the following occasions:—

(a) On the arrival of one or more of His Majesty's ships at a port at which the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Administrator or Commissioner of the Colony, Territory, or Dependency is present, between such officer and the senior officer in command of the squadron or ship.

(b) On the first arrival at such a port of any Flag Officer or Commodore since taking up his appointment.

(c) On a Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Administrator, or Commissioner newly appointed assuming office, between him and all Flag Officers and Commodores present.

(d) These visits need not be exchanged more than once during the respective tenure of office of the King's representative and the naval officers mentioned above.

157. In exchanging visits.

(a) A Governor will always receive the first visit from the senior officer in command of the squadron or ship.

(b) A Lieutenant-Governor will pay the first visit to a Flag Officer or Commodore, 1st Class, who is a Commander-in-Chief, but will receive the first visit in all other cases.

(c) An Administrator or Commissioner will pay the first visit to all Flag Officers or Commodores, but will receive the first visit in all other cases.

158. Return visits must be paid within 24 hours.

(a) A Governor will return visits in person to all Flag Officers and Commodores.

(b) A Lieutenant-Governor will do so in person to all Flag Officers and Commodores, not being Commanders-in-Chief.

(c) An Administrator or Commissioner will do so in person to all Captains.

(d) A Flag Officer or Commodore will do so in person to all Lieutenant-Governors, Administrators or Commissioners.

(e) In all other cases the return visit will be paid by an Aide-de-Camp or other officer deputed.

159. Should the Governor or any other officer administering the government find that from indisposition or pressure of important business he is unable to return or pay a visit in person he will depute his Aide-de-Camp or some other officer to do so. In like manner should a Flag Officer or Commodore from indisposition or pressing occupation be precluded from paying or returning a visit he will depute his Flag-Lieutenant or other officer not below that rank to do so. In each case the officer failing to pay the required visit in person will report the circumstance, and the reasons which led to the omission, to the Department under which he is acting.

160. Officers acting temporarily in higher civil offices or commands will, in respect of these visits be upon the same footing as if they were confirmed in such offices or commands.

161. The senior naval officer present will arrange, when necessary, to provide suitable boats to enable Governors, etc., to pay any official visits afloat, and to re-land them, on their notifying their wishes to that effect.

162. For the purpose of Regulations 156 to 161.

(a) The term "Governor" includes the Governors-General of the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand and the Union of South Africa, the High Commissioners for the Western Pacific, Cyprus, Zanzibar and the Malay States.

(b) The term "Lieutenant-Governor" means a Lieutenant-Governor administering the Government as such. As regards visits, the status of the Commissioner of Weihaiwei, the Administrator of the Northern Territory, and the Administrators of the mandated territories of New Guinea and Western Samoa is that of a Lieutenant-Governor.

(c) The terms "Administrator" and "Commissioner" signify the Administrator or Commissioner of a Colony, Territory, or Dependency acting in subordination to a Governor or High Commissioner. As regards visits, the status of the British Resident, Zanzibar, is that of an Administrator.

§ 16. Uniforms.

163. Governors-General, Governors and High Commissioners, unless at the time of their appointment they hold the rank of Admiral in the Royal Navy or of General in the Army (in which case they will during their tenure of office continue to wear their naval and military uniforms), will wear the special uniform prescribed for them.

164. The civil uniform of the second class will be worn by:—

Lieutenant-Governors (other than Lieutenant-Governors in the Protectorate of Nigeria.)

Cabinet Ministers of the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa.

165. The civil uniform of the third class will be worn by Lieutenant-Governors in the Protectorate of Nigeria and by officers administering Governments but not holding the rank of Lieutenant-Governor. It may also be worn by all members of the Privy or Executive Councils (other than those covered by the preceding regulation) in Dominions, Colonies and States having responsible government and by official members of the Privy and Executive Councils of other Colonies.

166. Subject to the sanction of His Majesty, obtained through the Secretary of State on the recommendation of the Governor, the civil uniform of the fourth class may be worn by heads of principal departments not having a seat in the Privy or Executive Councils, and the civil uniform of the fifth class may be worn by heads of minor departments and chief assistants in the principal departments; and His Majesty has sanctioned the wearing of the uniform of the fourth and fifth classes by the holders of certain other offices.

167. Private Secretaries to Governors or officers administering Governments may wear the civil uniform of the fifth class.

168. No person is entitled without the consent of the King to wear the uniform attached to any office after he has ceased to hold that office. Such consent can only be obtained on the recommendation of the Governor made through the Secretary of State, and only in cases where an officer has actually worn the uniform during his tenure of the office to which it is attached. No retired officer will be allowed to wear any other uniform than that which was attached to his office during his tenure of it.

169. A white undress uniform has been approved for use in tropical countries on ordinary ceremonial occasions, though the ordinary civil uniform will be worn by those in possession of it on special occasions, such as the celebration of the Sovereign's Birthday, or the opening or closing of the Legislature. On such special occasions, however, at outdoor functions in the day time, officers are at liberty to wear with the blue uniform the white helmet worn with the white undress uniform.

Only Governors-General, Governors, or High Commissioners may wear the first class of this uniform, and they may wear with it, if they so desire, a plumed helmet bearing a plume similar to that on the cocked hat worn with the Governor's special uniform.

The other classes of white uniform will be worn by persons who are entitled, or have received permission, to wear the corresponding class of the ordinary civil uniform.

170. The adoption of the white undress uniform in any tropical Colony is left to the discretion of the Governor, but if it is adopted its use is compulsory on the occasions duly prescribed.

CHAPTER IV.—CORRESPONDENCE.

171. The regulations in Chapter IV. apply to all Colonies and Protectorates, with the exception of Nos. 188, 189 and 190, which do not apply to Colonies possessing responsible government.

§ 17. Colonial Office.

172. Governors or officers administering governments must address the Secretary of State for the Colonies in all correspondence with His Majesty's Government. Every communication, therefore, to whatever public department in this country it may more immediately relate, must be addressed to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, with the exceptions mentioned in Regulations 192 to 207.

173. Despatches are classified, and should be dealt with as follows :—

(1) *Numbered* despatches which the Governor is to lay before his responsible advisers or the Executive Council, as the case may be, unless there be some special reason to the contrary, which should be reported to the Secretary of State in a confidential despatch. Such despatches may be published unless express directions are given to the contrary. *Circular* despatches and despatches from the Secretary of State marked "*Accounts*," "*Honours*," or "*Miscellaneous*," are to be treated in all respects as numbered despatches, unless also marked "*Confidential*" or "*Secret*."

(2) *Formal correspondence*, such as schedules and records of telegrams, which should not be numbered.

(3) *Confidential* despatches which the Governor may, if he thinks fit, communicate under the obligation of confidence to his responsible advisers or to the Executive Council, as the case may be. No confidential despatch, either to or from the Secretary of State, may be made public without his permission. The Secretary of State will only publish such despatches if he considers it desirable in the public interest, and will, as a rule, consult the Governor before so doing.

(4) *Secret* despatches, the contents of which the Governor is forbidden to communicate to any one without express authority from the Secretary of State.

174. Whenever it may be found necessary to address the Secretary of State confidentially the communication should be marked "*Confidential*"; but care must be taken that the series of numbered despatches shall contain a full report of all important transactions in the colony; so that, should Parliament call for information as to any of these transactions, a connected and complete account of what has taken place may be afforded by such despatches without adding those which are "*Confidential*." No reference to a confidential despatch should ever be made in a numbered despatch.

175. The Governor will cause the Secretary of State's despatches addressed to himself, as well as copies of his own addressed to the Secretary of State, whether confidential or not, to be deposited in the recognised office of record in the colony or in some other safe building belonging to the Government. Secret despatches must be deposited in the custody of the Governor for the time being, and must be handed by him to his successor.

176. The Governor is forbidden to withdraw at any time any despatch or other public document so deposited.

177. The Governor's despatches should be numbered in succession, commencing annually with a fresh series. Each despatch should be confined as much as possible to a single subject. The paragraphs should be numbered and the enclosures noted in the margin. When any Colonial or Imperial law or any previous letters or despatches are referred to, they must be described by their numbers and dates, either in the body of the despatch or in the margin, and the number of the particular section or paragraph in question must be noted.

178. Each enclosure should be separately numbered or marked and, if in any foreign language except French, should be accompanied by a translation. In the case of printed documents which can be procured without difficulty, six copies should be forwarded.

179. Despatches forwarded to the Secretary of State should be accompanied by a schedule in duplicate, giving their serial numbers, dates and subjects, and also by a statement of the numbers and dates of all despatches which the Governor may have received from the Secretary of State since the preceding occasion. Separate schedules and statements should be furnished for confidential and secret despatches.

180. With the view of facilitating the despatch of business, the Governor will send home by the first mail of every month :—

(1) A schedule of despatches received from the Secretary of State which have been more than a month in his hands without an answer. The cause of the delay should be briefly stated in each case.

(2) A schedule of despatches sent by the Governor to the Secretary of State which appear to have remained unanswered for more than a month after receipt. Attention should be called to any case where inconvenience is occurring or likely to occur by the delay in answering.

181. In the case of telegraphic despatches, the Governor should transmit by mail schedules of all code telegrams despatched giving a brief indication of the subjects. "Confidential" and "Secret" Code telegrams should be shown in separate Schedules as in the case of despatches.

182. Every Legislative Act must be accompanied by a statement from the Law Officer of the Crown to the effect that in his opinion the Governor's assent may or may not be properly given thereto, and also by a report from the Governor or from the Law Officer giving all requisite explanation respecting the object of the Act and any legal or political question which it may involve. If the Act is based on any Imperial or Colonial statute a reference to that statute should be given.

183. The Secretary of State will not certify signatures other than those of the Governor or the officer administering the government. It is the duty of the Governor to cause it to be made known that the authentication of documents requiring to be certified can only be effected in this manner.

§ 18. Returns.

184. All returns, reports, and local publications referred to in the Royal Instructions, or directed in circular instructions from the Secretary of State or in these regulations must be punctually forwarded to the proper department. A list of the more important returns is given in Appendix 9.

185. Reports of the proceedings of each meeting of the Legislature must be forwarded by the earliest opportunity.

186. The Governor will transmit to the Secretary of State ten copies of all Acts as soon as printed, and six copies of annual volumes of Acts. Fifteen copies of all Acts will be sent addressed as below :—

1. House of Lords.
2. House of Commons.
3. Board of Trade.
4. British Museum.
5. Bar Library, Royal Courts of Justice.
6. Law Society.
7. Library of the Faculty of Advocates of Scotland.
8. Library of Lincoln's Inn.
9. Library of the Inner Temple.
10. Library of the Middle Temple.
11. Library of Gray's Inn.
12. Library of King's Inns, Dublin.
13. Library of the Royal Colonial Institute.
14. Signet Library, Edinburgh.
15. Library of the Judicial Department of the Privy Council Office.

187. Ten copies of every new compilation or corrected edition of the Colonial Laws in volume form and ten copies of separate prints of the laws contained in the volumes will be forwarded to the Secretary of State.

188. As soon as possible after the close of each year the Colonial Secretary will cause the annual Blue Book to be completed, and will certify the accuracy of its contents. The Governor will immediately transmit it in duplicate to the Secretary of State.

189. The Blue Book shall be accompanied by a report containing a brief account of the financial position of the Colony, its industries and commerce, the condition of its inhabitants, and other matters of interest to persons outside the Colony, with a summary of the more important occurrences of the past year. Opinions, forecasts, controversial matter, details of merely local interest, and tabular statements other than those required for the elucidation of the text should be excluded.

190. The Governor will transmit annually to the Secretary of State a list of capital sentences executed during the year in the Colony.

191. It is desirable that Colonial Governments should arrange for the interchange of reports on subjects of common interest.

§ 19. Military.

192. Governors who are actually in command of His Majesty's troops must separate their correspondence with the Secretary of State for the Colonies and the Secretary of State for War, as prescribed in the following Regulations 193 to 197.

193. All matters which relate to the discipline of the troops, or to the employment of them in any ordinary and established service, or to the relief of the troops after their time of local service shall have expired, or to the interior economy of His Majesty's land forces, will properly form the subject of correspondence with the Secretary of State for War exclusively.

194. In the event of actual hostilities with any foreign enemy, or of any extraordinary employment of the troops for the maintenance of the public peace, such occurrences must be reported both to the Secretary of State for War and to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

195. In the event of its being thought necessary to make or to advise any military convention with the officer in command of the troops of any foreign Power, a Governor commanding His Majesty's troops will at the same time report to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and to the Secretary of State for War, the measures which he may have so taken, or those which he may wish to recommend for adoption.

196. In case it should be necessary, in order to render the Governor's military reports clear, to make reference, in his correspondence with the Secretary of State for War, to questions connected with his civil authority, he will in every such case at the same time bring such questions under the notice of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

197. As any attempt to define the limits of a Governor's civil and military correspondence may, from the nature of the case, be imperfect and may omit to provide for some unforeseen exigency, he will best meet the requirements of the Secretary of State for War and of the Secretary of State for the Colonies by conducting his civil correspondence exactly as he would conduct it if he possessed no military command, and *vice versa*. The two functions of Governor and of Commander of the Forces, though for the time combined in the same person, should be regarded in this respect as entirely separate, and the reports made by the Governor in each capacity should be made precisely in the same manner as if that combination of functions did not exist.

198. When a Governor shall have occasion to report upon, or bring under the consideration of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, matters which involve military as well as civil considerations, or which require the concurrence or decision of the Secretary of State for War, he will first communicate with the officer commanding the forces in the Colony respecting the matters in question, and, having obtained that officer's opinion or observations thereon, he will transmit the same, with his own report, to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and will, in every case, furnish the officer commanding the troops with a copy of any report he may make involving military considerations. If the officer commanding considers that these reports require the consideration of the Secretary of State for War, he will forward the duplicates with his observations by the same mail which conveys the original report to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

199. Similarly under the King's Regulations, when the officer commanding the troops in a Colony desires to bring to the notice of his military superiors any matter which may involve civil as well as military considerations, he will first communicate with the Governor with a view to obtaining his opinion thereon. He will transmit with his own report any opinion or observations he may thus obtain; and will in every case furnish the Governor with a copy of any reports he may make on subjects other than military discipline and routine. If the Governor considers that these reports require the consideration of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, he will forward the duplicates with his observations by the same mail which conveys the original report to the Secretary of State for War.

§ 20. *Naval.*

200. The Governor, or, in his absence, the Governor's Deputy, if one has been appointed, will write in his own name to any senior naval officer (that is to say, the senior officer then within his immediate reach), holding the rank of Flag Officer, Captain or Commander, but will communicate with any senior officer of lower rank through his private secretary. In no case will he so communicate through the Colonial Secretary.

201. Any notice or direction, which the Governor may have occasion to convey to the commander of any foreign vessel in the waters of the Colony, will be transmitted through the officers of the Colonial Government, and not through the officers of His Majesty's Navy, whose intervention should not be applied for, unless the directions forwarded through the ordinary channel should fail to produce their effect.

§ 21. *Shipping.*

202. The Imperial Acts relating to merchant shipping are:—

1. The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894.
2. The Merchant Shipping Act, 1897.
3. The Merchant Shipping (Exemption from Pilotage) Act, 1897.
4. The Merchant Shipping (Liability of Shipowners) Act, 1898.
5. The Merchant Shipping (Mercantile Marine Fund) Act, 1898.
6. The Merchant Shipping (Liability of Shipowners and others) Act, 1900.
7. The Merchant Shipping Act, 1906.

Under these Acts certain duties in relation to merchant shipping are imposed on officers in British possessions. Officers who are entrusted with duties in connection with merchant shipping will make themselves familiar with the provisions of the Acts.

203. Detailed instructions with regard to general duties in connection with merchant ships and seamen are contained in the "Instructions to Officers in British Possessions Abroad" issued by the Board of Trade; and instructions on matters relating to the registry of ships are contained in the "Instructions to Registrars of Shipping" issued by the Commissioners of Customs with the approval of the Board of Trade. Officers in Colonies performing duties in connection with shipping will be guided by these Instructions.

204. At the end of each year the colonial officer performing the duties of Registrar of Shipping will prepare and transmit to the Registrar-General of Shipping and Seamen, Tower Hill, London, E., an account made up to the 31st December, showing :—

- (a) The names and particulars of all ships on the register of the port on the previous 1st January and
- (b) The names and particulars of all ships registered at the port during the year or of those whose register has been closed. In the latter case, the cause of closing the register should be stated. At the end of the list an abstract should be given of the number and tonnage of vessels belonging to the port on 31st December. It is important that this list should be transmitted as early as possible in the month of January.

205. Notice of any new light-houses, buoys, or beacons placed or erected on the shores of the Colony, and of any alterations in those already existing, will be forwarded as early as possible by the Governor to the Board of Trade, and also direct to the Hydrographic Department of the Admiralty. These notices should be given in the form shown in Appendix 10, which in the case of buoys or beacons should be amended as necessary.

206. Any information of interest to navigators, such as the formation or discovery of new reefs, shoals or currents, should also be forwarded as early as possible by the Governor to the Board of Trade, and to the Hydrographic Department of the Admiralty.

207. For the purposes of the Wreck Abstract, which is presented annually to Parliament, particulars of every casualty to shipping on the shores of any British possession, or to any British shipping at sea concerning which information can be obtained, should be forwarded by the proper officer in the Colony to the Assistant Secretary, Marine Department, Board of Trade, as soon as possible after the occurrence.

Forms for the purpose of making such returns will be supplied on application by the Board of Trade.

§ 22. Consular.

208. Communications from the Governor to a British Consul-General should be signed by the Governor.

209. Communications from the Governor to a British Consul, a foreign Consul or Consul-General, should, in the case of a Colony having responsible government, be signed by the Governor's private secretary, and in the case of other Colonies by the Colonial Secretary.

210. Communications from a Consular Officer to the Governor should be signed by the senior officer, not by a subordinate.

§ 23. Individuals.

211. Persons in a Colony, whether public functionaries or private individuals, who have any representations of a public or private nature to make to the Government, should address them to the Governor through the Colonial Secretary. The duty of the Governor is to consider and act upon each such representation as public expediency or justice to the individual may appear to require, with the assistance in certain cases of his Executive Council; and if he doubts what steps to take thereupon, or if public advantage may appear to require it, he will refer the matter to the Secretary of State.

212. Every individual has the right to address the Secretary of State, if he thinks proper; in which case he must transmit such communication, unsealed, and in triplicate, to the Governor requesting him to forward it in due course to the Secretary of State. Every letter, memorial or other document which may be received by the Secretary of State from a Colony otherwise than through the Governor will be referred back to the Governor for his report.

213. The preceding rule requiring transmission of correspondence with the Secretary of State through the Governor is based on the strongest grounds of public convenience, in order that all communications may be duly verified, as well as reported on, before they reach the Secretary of State. It extends therefore to communications relating to public affairs as well as to the concerns of the writer, to those from all public functionaries of whatever rank, and to those from public bodies.

214. Petitions addressed to the King, or the King in Council, memorials to public officers or departments of His Majesty's Government, must be in like manner sent to the Governor for transmission to the Secretary of State.

215. The Governor is bound to transmit to the Secretary of State with all reasonable despatch every communication so received by him, accompanied by such report as its contents may appear to him to require.

CHAPTER V.—FINANCE.

216. The regulations in Chapter V. do not apply to Colonies possessing responsible government.

§ 24. Accounting Officers.

217. The Treasurer is the chief Accounting Officer of the Colonial Government, and, subject to these regulations and to such instructions as may with the authority of the Secretary of State be approved by the Governor, the financial and accounting operations of the Government are under his general management and supervision, but it is also the duty of the Colonial Secretary, the Auditor, the heads of departments, officers in charge of districts, and all the Treasurer's sub-accountants to take care that these regulations are duly observed :—

218. It is the duty of the Treasurer—

- (i.) To see that the proper system of account is established in every department of the Colonial Government ;
- (ii.) To keep watch on the receipts of the public revenue and as far as possible to secure its punctual collection ;
- (iii.) To bring promptly to account, under the proper heads and items, all money, whether revenue or other receipts, paid into the Treasury or accounted for to him ;
- (iv.) To see that proper provision is made for the safe keeping of all public money and stamps ;
- (v.) To exercise strict supervision over all the officers of his department and sub-accountants entrusted with the receipt or expenditure of public money, and to take precautions, by the maintenance of efficient checks, against the occurrence of fraud, embezzlement or carelessness in connection therewith ;
- (vi.) To watch the expenditure and other disbursements of the Government ; to take care that no payment is made which is not covered by proper authority, expressed or referred to on the voucher relating to it ; and, in case of any apparent extravagance or of any apparent defect in the provision for a charge owing to the exhaustion or absence of a Vote, to call the attention of the Colonial Secretary in writing to the matter ;
- (vii.) Promptly to charge in his accounts under the proper heads and items of estimate all disbursements of the Government ; to render the accounts for audit ; and to prepare the Financial Statements and Returns.

219. The Treasurer will from time to time, personally or by deputy, make surprise inspections of the accounts of his sub-accountants. He is entitled at all times to have access to all books, records and vouchers in the charge of such officers.

On the completion of such inspections, he will report to the Colonial Secretary any material irregularity connected with the public accounts that he may have noticed and any particular in which the provisions of the revenue laws may appear to him to need amendment.

220. Heads of departments and sub-accountants are personally and pecuniarily responsible for the due performance of the financial duties of their departments or offices ; for the proper collection and custody of all public money receivable by them, and for any inaccuracies in the accounts rendered by them, or under their authority.

The responsibility of the Auditor for checking and reporting any shortcomings in connection with the public accounts or finances does not absolve any officer from his responsibility for complying, or securing compliance, with instructions within the scope of his own authority. It is his duty without fail to bring to notice any incompetence or repeated carelessness on the part of his subordinates. No officer will be relieved from any portion of his responsibility should he depute to his subordinates the performance of duties which he should have performed himself.

221. The Auditor and his deputies are at all times entitled to have access to all books, records or returns relating to accounts, and all accounting officers will give them every facility for inspecting such documents.

222. It is the duty of all accounting officers promptly to reply to any queries addressed to them by the auditor, giving fully the particulars or information desired.

§ 25. *The Estimates.*

223. Annual Estimates of the revenue and expenditure of a Colony will be prepared by the Colonial Secretary and submitted to the Governor at such a date as will admit of their consideration by the Legislature, their transmission to the Secretary of State, and the receipt of his reply by post, before the beginning of the year to which the Estimates relate. Where local circumstances render this impossible, the Estimates should be transmitted not later than will allow of a reply by telegraph before the beginning of the year. The Colonial Secretary will obtain the necessary materials for framing the Estimates from the Treasurer and other heads of departments in time to admit of this rule being complied with.

224. The Estimates will contain four columns (two for details, and two for totals), showing against each item of revenue or expenditure the amount estimated for the coming year and the amount of the approved estimate of the current year. Where the expenditure of a department is provided partly by annual votes and partly by a civil list or special law, the amount provided by law will appear in a fifth (inner) column, the total of which should be added to that of the items not so provided. The Estimates will thus show under each head every item which is expected to come in course of payment during the year of estimate, including not only those which are submitted to the Legislature for discussion and appropriation, but also those which, being already provided, are included in the Estimates for information only. The law authorising the provided expenditure should be named in each case.

225. The Abstracts preceding the body of the Estimates will show the totals of all the heads in the Estimates and will have four columns, one for the actual revenue or expenditure of the last completed year, one for the approved estimates of the current year, one for the revised estimates of the same, and one for the estimated revenue or expenditure of the coming year.

226. The Estimates of Revenue should include the gross receipts of the Colonial Government, other than repayments of advances, proceeds of loans appropriated by law for special works or of sales of investments, deposits or remittances. They should include all fees, dues, fines and rents payable into the Colonial Treasury, any amounts payable to officers in respect of such receipts being provided for in the estimates of expenditure under the sub-divisions entitled "Personal Emoluments."

204. At the end of each year the colonial officer performing the duties of Registrar of Shipping will prepare and transmit to the Registrar-General of Shipping and Seamen, Tower Hill, London, E., an account made up to the 31st December, showing :—

- (a) The names and particulars of all ships on the register of the port on the previous 1st January and
- (b) The names and particulars of all ships registered at the port during the year or of those whose register has been closed. In the latter case, the cause of closing the register should be stated. At the end of the list an abstract should be given of the number and tonnage of vessels belonging to the port on 31st December. It is important that this list should be transmitted as early as possible in the month of January.

205. Notice of any new light-houses, buoys, or beacons placed or erected on the shores of the Colony, and of any alterations in those already existing, will be forwarded as early as possible by the Governor to the Board of Trade, and also direct to the Hydrographic Department of the Admiralty.

These notices should be given in the form shown in Appendix 10, which in the case of buoys or beacons should be amended as necessary.

206. Any information of interest to navigators, such as the formation or discovery of new reefs, shoals or currents, should also be forwarded as early as possible by the Governor to the Board of Trade, and to the Hydrographic Department of the Admiralty.

207. For the purposes of the Wreck Abstract, which is presented annually to Parliament, particulars of every casualty to shipping on the shores of any British possession, or to any British shipping at sea concerning which information can be obtained, should be forwarded by the proper officer in the Colony to the Assistant Secretary, Marine Department, Board of Trade, as soon as possible after the occurrence.

Forms for the purpose of making such returns will be supplied on application by the Board of Trade.

§ 22. Consular.

208. Communications from the Governor to a British Consul-General should be signed by the Governor.

209. Communications from the Governor to a British Consul, a foreign Consul or Consul-General should, in the case of a Colony having responsible government, be signed by the Governor's private secretary, and in the case of other Colonies by the Colonial Secretary.

210. Communications from a Consular Officer to the Governor should be signed by the senior officer, not by a subordinate.

§ 23. Individuals.

211. Persons in a Colony, whether public functionaries or private individuals, who have any representations of a public or private nature to make to the Government, should address them to the Governor through the Colonial Secretary. The duty of the Governor is to consider and act upon each such representation as public expediency or justice to the individual may appear to require, with the assistance in certain cases of his Executive Council; and if he doubts what steps to take thereupon, or if public advantage may appear to require it, he will refer the matter to the Secretary of State.

212. Every individual has the right to address the Secretary of State, if he thinks proper; in which case he must transmit such communication, unsealed, and in triplicate, to the Governor requesting him to forward it in due course to the Secretary of State. Every letter, memorial or other document which may be received by the Secretary of State from a Colony otherwise than through the Governor will be referred back to the Governor for his report.

213. The preceding rule requiring transmission of correspondence with the Secretary of State through the Governor is based on the strongest grounds of public convenience, in order that all communications may be duly verified, as well as reported on, before they reach the Secretary of State. It extends therefore to communications relating to public affairs as well as to the concerns of the writer, to those from all public functionaries of whatever rank, and to those from public bodies.

214. Petitions addressed to the King, or the King in Council, memorials to public officers or departments of His Majesty's Government, must be in like manner sent to the Governor for transmission to the Secretary of State.

215. The Governor is bound to transmit to the Secretary of State with all reasonable despatch every communication so received by him, accompanied by such report as its contents may appear to him to require.

CHAPTER V.—FINANCE.

216. The regulations in Chapter V. do not apply to Colonies possessing responsible government.

§ 24. Accounting Officers.

217. The Treasurer is the chief Accounting Officer of the Colonial Government, and, subject to these regulations and to such instructions as may with the authority of the Secretary of State be approved by the Governor, the financial and accounting operations of the Government are under his general management and supervision, but it is also the duty of the Colonial Secretary, the Auditor, the heads of departments, officers in charge of districts, and all the Treasurer's sub-accountants to take care that these regulations are duly observed :—

218. It is the duty of the Treasurer—

- (i.) To see that the proper system of account is established in every department of the Colonial Government;
- (ii.) To keep watch on the receipts of the public revenue and as far as possible to secure its punctual collection;
- (iii.) To bring promptly to account, under the proper heads and items, all money, whether revenue or other receipts, paid into the Treasury or accounted for to him;
- (iv.) To see that proper provision is made for the safe keeping of all public money and stamps;
- (v.) To exercise strict supervision over all the officers of his department and sub-accountants entrusted with the receipt or expenditure of public money, and to take precautions, by the maintenance of efficient checks, against the occurrence of fraud, embezzlement or carelessness in connection therewith;
- (vi.) To watch the expenditure and other disbursements of the Government; to take care that no payment is made which is not covered by proper authority, expressed or referred to on the voucher relating to it; and, in case of any apparent extravagance or of any apparent defect in the provision for a charge owing to the exhaustion or absence of a Vote, to call the attention of the Colonial Secretary in writing to the matter;
- (vii.) Promptly to charge in his accounts under the proper heads and items of estimate all disbursements of the Government; to render the accounts for audit; and to prepare the Financial Statements and Returns.

219. The Treasurer will from time to time, personally or by deputy, make surprise inspections of the accounts of his sub-accountants. He is entitled at all times to have access to all books, records and vouchers in the charge of such officers.

On the completion of such inspections, he will report to the Colonial Secretary any material irregularity connected with the public accounts that he may have noticed and any particular in which the provisions of the revenue laws may appear to him to need amendment.

220. Heads of departments and sub-accountants are personally and pecuniarily responsible for the due performance of the financial duties of their departments or offices; for the proper collection and custody of all public money receivable by them, and for any inaccuracies in the accounts rendered by them, or under their authority.

The responsibility of the Auditor for checking and reporting any shortcomings in connection with the public accounts or finances does not absolve any officer from his responsibility for complying, or securing compliance, with instructions within the scope of his own authority. It is his duty without fail to bring to notice any incompetence or repeated carelessness on the part of his subordinates. No officer will be relieved from any portion of his responsibility should he depute to his subordinates the performance of duties which he should have performed himself.

221. The Auditor and his deputies are at all times entitled to have access to all books, records or returns relating to accounts, and all accounting officers will give them every facility for inspecting such documents.

222. It is the duty of all accounting officers promptly to reply to any queries addressed to them by the auditor, giving fully the particulars or information desired.

§ 25. *The Estimates.*

223. Annual Estimates of the revenue and expenditure of a Colony will be prepared by the Colonial Secretary and submitted to the Governor at such a date as will admit of their consideration by the Legislature, their transmission to the Secretary of State, and the receipt of his reply by post, before the beginning of the year to which the Estimates relate. Where local circumstances render this impossible, the Estimates should be transmitted not later than will allow of a reply by telegraph before the beginning of the year. The Colonial Secretary will obtain the necessary materials for framing the Estimates from the Treasurer and other heads of departments in time to admit of this rule being complied with.

224. The Estimates will contain four columns (two for details, and two for totals), showing against each item of revenue or expenditure the amount estimated for the coming year and the amount of the approved estimate of the current year. Where the expenditure of a department is provided partly by annual votes and partly by a civil list or special law, the amount provided by law will appear in a fifth (inner) column, the total of which should be added to that of the items not so provided. The Estimates will thus show under each head every item which is expected to come in course of payment during the year of estimate, including not only those which are submitted to the Legislature for discussion and appropriation, but also those which, being already provided, are included in the Estimates for information only. The law authorising the provided expenditure should be named in each case.

225. The Abstracts preceding the body of the Estimates will show the totals of all the heads in the Estimates and will have four columns, one for the actual revenue or expenditure of the last completed year, one for the approved estimates of the current year, one for the revised estimates of the same, and one for the estimated revenue or expenditure of the coming year.

226. The Estimates of Revenue should include the gross receipts of the Colonial Government, other than repayments of advances, proceeds of loans appropriated by law for special works or of sales of investments, deposits or remittances. They should include all fees, dues, fines and rents payable into the Colonial Treasury, any amounts payable to officers in respect of such receipts being provided for in the estimates of expenditure under the sub-divisions entitled "Personal Emoluments."

227. The revenue should be arranged under comprehensive heads. It falls naturally into four broad classes:—(1) Duties, taxes, licences, &c.; (2) Receipts for, or in aid of, specific Government services—such as fees or hospital receipts; (3) Receipts on account of undertakings of a commercial character—such as the Post Office, or Government railways; and (4) Revenue from Government property, such as land, houses, and investments. It will be convenient to have several heads for each of these classes, but care should be taken that no head comprises items coming under different classes, and that revenue derived from taxation is easily distinguishable from revenue not so derived.

228. Stamp Duties should not form a separate head. If the same description of stamp is sold for different revenue purposes, and there is thus no means of distinguishing the use to which the stamp is put, the total receipts from such stamps should be provided for under a separate sub-head—"Stamp Duties (various revenue services)"—under the head for licenses, or that for payments for specific services, according to the nature of the bulk of the receipts.

229. The proceeds of the sale of government lands and premiums on leases should be kept distinct in the Estimates from the total revenue from other sources.

230. In Colonies where a temporary deficit is to be met by a loan from Imperial funds, the estimate of the amount to be so received should appear under a separate head following and distinct from the total receipts from other sources; and any anticipated repayments of such loans should appear under a separate head of expenditure, following and distinct from the total of other expenditure. If the Colony is receiving a grant from Imperial funds to meet certain specific expenditure, the estimate of the grant should, in like manner, be shown under a distinct head, and the expenditure in respect of which it is made should be shown also, if possible, under a separate head below the total ordinary expenditure of the Colony.

231. There should be no head for "Arrears of Revenue." Interest received on arrears of revenue should be brought to account under the same head as the revenue on which the arrears accrued.

232. The Estimates of Expenditure should be framed so as to show as nearly as possible the amounts which it is expected will actually be spent during the year. No deductions will however be made from the total of the Estimates, or of any head, on account of probable savings on salaries owing to the absence of officers on leave, or on account of any general presumption that the expenditure will be kept within the Estimate.

233. Each head of department is responsible that all services that can be reasonably foreseen are included in his departmental estimate, and that no unauthorised increase of salary is inserted therein.

234. Under the heading for each department there will be two sub-divisions—"Personal Emoluments" and "Other Charges."

235. All items whatsoever of personal emoluments to public officers will appear under "Personal Emoluments," which will, therefore, include (besides salaries) personal, duty, entertainment and house allowances, allowances in lieu of quarters, fuel and light, clothing allowances paid in money, fees, and percentages or commissions. Each allowance will be described in a separate line, and not included with the salary, but the whole of the personal emoluments of each officer in respect of each department will be shown together. Pensionable offices should be distinguished from those not pensionable by a star or other indication.

236. Where salaries are increased by regular increments, the minimum and maximum salaries, with the increment, should be stated within brackets, the amount payable within the year being inserted in the estimate.

237. Where an officer receives emoluments under more than one head the fact will be indicated by cross references or explanatory footnotes. Any pension or compensation allowance, or other emolument in respect of public service, including the provision of an official residence, will be similarly shown.

238. Allowances made in reimbursement of public expenses, such as horse, forage, hammock, or chair allowances, travelling allowances, and allowances for office or clerical expenses will, however, be placed under "Other Charges."

239. The sub-division "Other Charges" will include all services other than personal emoluments which can be properly apportioned to the particular department.

240. Every head of expenditure will include, as far as possible, all the items relating to the particular department, so as to show clearly the total estimated cost of that department during the year. Where, however, services of a general character cannot be divided and charged to different departments, they will be provided for in separate subheads under the head "Miscellaneous."

241. Each head of expenditure will be divided into such subheads as may be decided in the case of each Colony. The total Personal Emoluments of each department will make up one subhead and small items under "Other Charges" not of a distinctive character may be grouped under a subhead of "Incidental Expenses." Items not so grouped will be shown as separate subheads.

242. No items of receipt or expenditure will be included under the head "Miscellaneous" which can appropriately be placed under any other head, and, if necessary, new subheads will be opened for any such items.

243. Provision under general heads of expenditure such as "Transport" should be made for such expenditure only as cannot accurately be apportioned to any particular departments.

244. No head should be allotted to "Rent" or "Taxes" in the estimate of expenditure, as all payments for offices, houses, or allowances for quarters will be provided for in the votes for the particular departments concerned.

245. No provision is to be made for "Unforeseen Expenditure"; and any item for "Contingencies" or for "Miscellaneous" under the head "Miscellaneous" should be strictly confined to petty and casual charges which are foreseen but which are too unimportant to be provided for separately.

246. New heads or subheads should be opened for items of receipt or expenditure not properly falling within any of those already appearing in the Estimates.

247. The Governor is not authorised to make any addition to the fixed establishment of the Colony, or to alter the appropriation of the established salaries of any public department, either as regards the number of appointments or the rates of salary and emoluments, or payment for work outside the scope of ordinary duties, without the previous sanction of the Secretary of State.

248. The total estimated expenditure of the year should not be allowed to exceed the total estimated revenue, exclusive of land sales, except where such excess is caused by provision for extraordinary public works to be met out of surplus balances. In case of an excess a footnote should explain in what manner it is to be met, and in the Appropriation Law the expenditure for the year should be made a charge on the revenue of the year "and other funds of the Colony."

249. The estimates of the charges of Public Debt should be arranged in the chronological order of the loans provided for. In Colonies where there are government railways, telegraphs, or other large revenue-yielding undertakings, the first cost of which has been defrayed by a loan, the annual charges for interest and sinking fund should, if it can conveniently be done, be so set out as to show the annual charge in respect of each such undertaking.

250. There will be two heads for public works in addition to that for the establishment of the Public Works Department. All annually recurrent services will be placed under the first of these heads; other works to be paid for out of general revenue or surplus balances under the second. The three heads of expenditure administered by the Public Works Department ("Public Works Department," "Public Works Annually Recurrent," and "Public Works Extraordinary") should be arranged consecutively in the Estimates and Abstract.

251. In the case of works not annually recurrent which will extend over more than one year, there should be shown not only the estimate for the year, but also the original estimate for the whole work, the revised estimate (if any), the total amount actually expended so far as accounts are complete, and the total amount likely to have been expended on the work up to the beginning of the year of estimate.

252. Where the cost of any public works is to be met by loan, and it is anticipated that the loan funds will be available within the year of estimate, the anticipated expenditure on such works will not appear in the body of the estimates; but a full statement of such expenditure, containing the particulars mentioned in the preceding regulation and including a schedule showing the salaries of any staff specially engaged, should be appended to the general Estimates; and, unless the Law raising the loan specifically authorises the execution of the particular works contemplated, the amount to be expended upon each must be sanctioned by the Legislature. If sufficient loan funds are not immediately available and the expenditure is to be met in whole or in part out of current revenue or surplus balances, and to be repaid in a subsequent year when the contemplated loan has been raised, provision must be made in the Estimates under a separate head of expenditure following and distinct from the total of other expenditure. The charge will be brought to account accordingly, pending reimbursement. Such expenditure will not be charged as an advance nor appear as an asset in the balance sheet.

253. The Estimates should be accompanied by explanations respecting every item of an unusual nature therein comprised and of the difference under each item between the proposed expenditure or anticipated revenue, and the approved estimate for the preceding year, as shown in the parallel columns. Six copies of the Estimates should be sent to the Secretary of State or, where they are not printed two copies at least.

254. The Estimates should be accompanied by the statement of the assets and liabilities of the Colony at the close of the last completed year of account, and a statement, partly estimated, of the assets and liabilities at the beginning of the year of estimate.

255. The Appropriation Law will not include sums already provided by Law, but only such sums as require to be voted by the Legislature for the service of the year, and will appropriate these sums under each head of expenditure in the Estimates. In cases of expenditure in excess of these sums only the net excess on each head will require supplementary appropriation, but Appropriation Accounts, showing the excesses and savings on each sub-head of the Estimates, should be laid before the Legislature and the Secretary of State with the supplementary Appropriation Bill.

256. When the annual estimates have been passed by the Legislature, and the appropriation law allowed by His Majesty, the expenditure of the year must be held to be definitely limited and arranged. Should any further disbursements on account of the service of that year be required, which could not have been foreseen, cannot be postponed without detriment to the public service, and cannot be met out of savings under the proper head of the Estimates, the Governor will at the earliest opportunity and, if possible, before any expenditure is incurred, submit to the Legislature a supplementary estimate of the expenditure so required, obtain a vote of the amount, and report it to the Secretary of State for approval. If such further expenditure should cause an excess on the appropriation voted under any head of the Estimates, the amount of such excess should be ultimately covered by a supplementary appropriation law.

257. The Governor will not propose to the Legislature the execution of any important public work for which he has not obtained the previous sanction of the Secretary of State. In applying for such sanction he should send the plans, estimates and specifications, and an explanation of the grounds on which the work is recommended.

258. The sanction of the Secretary of State having been obtained, the Governor will lay before the Legislature, with the general Estimates in which provision is made for the work, the plans, estimates and specifications relating thereto, with any other information which he may consider necessary; and when the Legislature has voted the funds required, the Governor may proceed with the work without waiting for further authority.

259. Special cases of pressing emergency may arise in which it is impossible to obtain the previous requisite sanction of the Secretary of State for a proposed work. In such a case the Governor will submit to the Legislature the necessary plans, estimates and specifications, and having obtained their approval, will report to the Secretary of State by the earliest opportunity on the necessity of any expenditure which he may have incurred.

§ 26. Receipts.

260. All receipt entries in the accounts must be vouched for on the form prescribed by law or regulation.

261. Except when otherwise provided and in cases when receipts are not required (such as customs duties or sale of stamps) accounting officers must give receipts from books of counterfoil forms bearing printed consecutive numbers, for every sum paid to them. Where such a check can be obtained the counterfoils should be signed by the payers and, in cases in which dues are payable by adhesive stamps, the stamp must be effectually cancelled by the receiving officer or the head of his department. Numbered counterfoil receipt books will be supplied by the Treasurer, who will be responsible for their custody, and to whom the counterfoils will be returned when the receipt forms are exhausted. Counterfoil books should not be cut or divided.

262. All licenses, permits, certificates, passage orders and other documents for which payments are made, will be issued from counterfoil books printed with consecutive numbers.

263. Court fees, licenses and similar receipts should be collected by means of stamps whenever practicable. In such cases the stamps will be affixed by the persons paying in such revenue and effectually cancelled by the proper officer. The cancellation should whenever possible be performed by an officer other than the officer employed to sell the stamps.

264. All officers, other than the Treasurer and the sub-accountants, who receive in their public capacity any duties, taxes, licenses, fees, rents or other public money whether forming a portion of the colonial revenue or not, are required to pay the whole amount of such money, daily or at the earliest possible opportunity, either into the bank to the credit of the Colonial Treasurer, or into the Treasury, or to the sub-accountant for the district.

265. In all cases the gross amounts due must be collected and paid into, or accounted or to, the Treasury. No abatements or counter-claims are to be admitted except in respect of commission to auctioneers, which will be dealt with by deduction from the amounts realised by sales by auction, the net proceeds only being brought to credit. Any other charges upon the revenue, such as drawbacks of Customs duties and percentages on collection or postage and money order commissions, will require authority, and should appear as expenditure, supported by proper vouchers.

266. Between the time of receipt and the time of payment into the bank, Treasury, or Sub-Treasury, no public money shall be made use of in any way whatsoever; nor will any officer advance, lend or exchange any sum for which he is answerable to the Government.

267. Bills of exchange, cheques or promissory notes will not be received as revenue, except under such conditions as, having regard to local circumstances, the Governor may prescribe by standing order. When so authorised, accounting officers, on the receipt of any such negotiable instrument, will enter the amount thereof in their cash books as revenue collected, taking credit for the same when handed over to the Treasurer.

268. All fees received by an officer in his public capacity, which are specially appropriated, either wholly or in part, to the remuneration of such officer, and which form part of his pensionable emoluments, will be dealt with in the same manner as other receipts of public money, and the total amount paid into or accounted for to the Treasury. The amount to which the officer is entitled will then be issued to him, on a proper voucher, by the Treasurer. In all cases where any portion of such fees is receivable by the Government the total sum collected will be brought to account as revenue, the amount paid to the officer being charged as expenditure against the proper head, under "Personal Emoluments." Where the Government is not entitled to any portion of such fees and they are not a pensionable emolument, the officer receiving them will be required to make a monthly report of their amount for record in the Treasury. The estimated amounts receivable as fees by any officer should be shown in footnotes to the annual Estimates.

269. Payments to the Treasury or to sub-accountants by collectors of revenue will be supported in each case by such subsidiary detailed schedules or abstracts as the Treasurer may prescribe, together with a transcript of the cash book or where possible the cash book itself. In the latter case the Treasurer or sub-accountant will sign on the cash book a receipt for the amount taken over, which will be the full balance shown. He will at the same time check the cash book, or transcript thereof by the counterfoils of the receipt given by the collector, and no collector will be paid any portion of his salary until he has accounted for all money received by him.

270. Whenever a public officer not being a regular collector of revenue comes into receipt of public money, he will pay it to the Treasurer or the nearest sub-accountant without delay, obtaining a receipt for the amount so paid in.

271. Should an accounting officer at any time experience difficulty in collecting money due from public officers or others, he will at once report the circumstances officially.

272. In every case in which an accounting officer shall fail to obtain the regular and punctual payment of public money receivable by him, his salary may be surcharged with the amount due, unless and until he shall show that the failure was occasioned by a cause beyond his control; and if, when such a surcharge is made, the amount in default be not ascertainable from the vouchers and accounts furnished, the salary of the officer will not be paid until he has furnished to the Treasurer a satisfactory statement of the amount due.

273. In case it shall appear, at any time, that the public revenue has sustained a loss by reason of the neglect or wilful fault of any head of a department or other accounting officer, he will be surcharged with the amount and the circumstances reported to the Governor.

274. The Treasurer will report immediately to the Colonial Secretary whenever any sum receivable appears not to have been duly received by an accounting officer, or accounted for by him. He will also report any case in which he may have reason to think that the revenue is falling unduly into arrear. The Auditor will similarly report in like circumstances.

275. All officers charged with the supervision of the collection of revenue will furnish the Auditor with periodical returns showing the state of the arrears in the collection of taxes or any other revenue receivable by them. In the event of there being no such arrears a nil return will be furnished.

276. In the case of irrecoverable arrears of revenue, except where other authority is by law established, the authority of the Secretary of State is required for any general cancellation of claims prior to a given date.

277. In cases of arrears due by particular individuals, in which the necessity or justification for writing them off depends upon local circumstances, and when no question is involved either of large amount, of important or novel principle, or of the negligence of an accounting officer, the Colonial Secretary or other officer appointed by law to deal with such claims will from time to time furnish to the Auditor a list of cases in which it has been decided to write off such arrears, with the reason for so doing entered against each case. Unless the Auditor sees cause to challenge the decision in any case, this list will be accepted as a valid discharge for the accounting officer in respect of the non-collection of any amount specified thereon.

§ 27. *Expenditure.*

278. All disbursements of public money in the Colony will be made by the Treasurer under authority from the Governor, either personally or by officers acting, by instruction, as his sub-accountants. The Treasurer and all accounting officers will be held personally and pecuniarily responsible for inaccuracies in the rendering of accounts and for any payments made, except as prescribed by these regulations. Disbursements in England will be made by the Crown Agents, whose accounts will, as soon as received, be incorporated by the Treasurer in his monthly accounts.

279. Where a bank account is kept, all payments of not less than £2 (or the equivalent in local currency) will be made by cheques signed by the Treasurer or by the authorised sub-accountant, and countersigned by such other departmental officer as may be appointed by the Governor to do so. The Governor will, if he sees fit, appoint a lower or higher limit. The counterfoils of all cheques will be preserved for reference.

280. Any officer allowing or directing any disbursement without proper authority will be held personally responsible for the amount.

281. The complete authority requisite for expenditure out of public funds consists of a vote or enactment of the legislature and the sanction of the Secretary of State. The authority thus conveyed is addressed solely to the Governor, and the Treasurer is strictly prohibited from making any payments, or accepting any charge on his accounts (notwithstanding that the services to which they relate may be duly provided for in the Estimates or Appropriation Law), unless authorised so to do by—

- (i.) General Warrant, under the hand of the Governor or of the Colonial Secretary signing "by command";
- (ii.) Special Warrant, or Imprest Warrant;
- (iii.) Requisition, approved by the Governor;
- (iv.) The Secretary of State's approval of expenditure incurred by the Crown Agents in England.

282. Before the commencement of each year a complete schedule will be prepared by the Treasurer of all public services, as provided for in the Estimates for the year. This schedule will be annexed to the General Warrant of the Governor, authorising the payment by the Treasurer monthly, or at such periods as may be necessary during the year, of the personal emoluments and other services of a uniform character therein enumerated. This General Warrant will be prepared in triplicate and copies filed in the Colonial Secretary's Office, the Treasury and the Audit Office.

283. Vouchers for all salaries, allowances, and other services scheduled in the General Warrant will be delivered duly certified by the heads of departments, to the Treasurer, or, in the out-stations, to the nearest sub-accountant, three clear days at least before the last day of public business in each month. Any vouchers delivered after the date prescribed will be liable to be held over until the pay day of the following month. All officers are required to draw their salaries, allowances or pensions

on the day appointed, and any officer failing to do so will not be allowed to draw his salary, allowance or pension until the next pay day, unless he can show that the omission was unavoidable. Officers whose salaries do not exceed £100 a year may be paid weekly or half-monthly. In the last month of each financial year the vouchers for salaries, allowances and pensions should be delivered not later than the 26th of that month.

284. All travelling, horse and forage allowances are granted in respect of expenditure actually incurred on the public service, no part being intended as a personal emolument to any officer. In the case of horse and forage allowances, the head of the department will certify on each claim that a horse has been kept, or sub-vouchers for horse or carriage hire will be appended where such hire is approved. The rates of charges which may be paid for travelling expenses, and the rate of subsistence allowance payable to any officer for each night that he is absent from his headquarters on duty, will be fixed for all officers by the Governor in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State.

285. In the event of any unauthorised payment being made in consequence of an incorrect certificate on a voucher, the certifying officer will be held responsible for the same, and the amount will be charged against him as an advance recoverable out of any salary or allowance that may subsequently accrue to his credit.

286. In case of any addition being made to the rates or amounts of expenditure authorised in the General Warrant, a special warrant will be necessary before any further payment can be made for the service affected. Special warrants will also be required for all payments on account of services not included in the Estimates, even though provided by law, and for payments in excess of the amounts so included. Such warrants shall be prepared and filed in triplicate, as in the case of the General Warrant, and copies supplied to the same offices.

287. When an officer considers it necessary to provide for a service for which there is no specific provision in the General Warrant, he will, as soon as possible and before incurring the expenditure, submit a requisition in duplicate stating the whole extent and estimated cost of the service required, and giving all details, as far as he is able. In the case of any public works, plans, specifications, tenders and estimates, as far as practicable, should accompany the requisition. Separate requisitions will be required for expenditure under each subhead of service.

288. The head of the department responsible for the vote to which the expenditure is to be charged will examine the requisition, fill in from his departmental vote account the statement of expenditure already incurred or authorised under the vote, countersign it, and forward it to the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary, as may be prescribed) for submission to the Governor.

289. It is the duty of the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary) on receipt of a requisition to satisfy himself that the expenditure for which authority is required is sufficiently provided for on the Estimates, or by supplementary vote or votes, and that it is proposed to be charged against the proper head and subhead; that the particulars given in the requisition are accurate and sufficient for the guidance of the Governor in considering the propriety of the expenditure, and that all regulations which may affect the duty of the officer concerned in respect of the requisition have been complied with. He will obtain from the officer any information that may be necessary for the assistance of the Governor, and will return the requisition for amendment, if incomplete or indefinite. In forwarding the requisition, the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary) will advise as to the funds available for meeting the proposed expenditure, having due regard to the whole of the services which appear likely to be chargeable against the vote in the course of the year. Both copies of the requisition, with the Governor's allowance or disallowance noted thereon, will be returned to the officer from whom it was received, with the Governor's instructions. If approved it will be sufficient authority for the expenditure to be incurred, and one copy will be attached to the account in which the first charge is made by virtue of such authority. The other copy will be retained by the officer for record and reference.

290. Should the expenditure authorised upon any requisition be found insufficient, the head of the department requiring authority for further expenditure will, so soon as he foresees the necessity therefor, forward to the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary) a supplementary requisition for such further expenditure, drawn up in the same form as the original requisition, and accompanied by a memorandum explaining the necessity for the excess.

291. In any exceptional case where it is manifestly for the benefit of the public service that expenditure should be immediately incurred, and time does not permit of authority being obtained in the usual way, an officer may, on his own responsibility, incur the expenditure; but he will at once forward a requisition as above provided with a covering memorandum explaining the reasons which induced him to depart from the ordinary course. In every such case he will be held personally liable for the expenditure in the event of the payment not being finally approved; and any items which may appear unnecessary or extravagant will be disallowed and surcharged against him.

292. At the end of each month heads of departments will call upon persons employed for the supply of authorised services to furnish their accounts on the proper forms. All claims, supported by particulars, and sub-vouchers if any, and duly certified by the head of the department, should be presented by the claimants to the Treasurer or, in the out-stations, to the nearest sub-accountant, as soon as possible after the end of the month.

293. Separate vouchers will, as far as possible, be used for separate subheads and for the payment of different services, especially in cases where each service has been separately authorised.

294. All vouchers will contain full particulars of each service, such as dates, numbers, quantities, distances and rates, so as to enable them to be checked without reference to any other document.

295. The signature of the head of a department certifies to the accuracy of every detail on the voucher. He will therefore be held responsible that the services specified have been duly performed, that the prices charged are either according to contracts or approved scales or fair and reasonable according to current local rates, that authority has been obtained as quoted, that the computations and castings have been verified and are arithmetically correct, and that the persons named in the vouchers are those entitled to receive payment.

296. When supplies are furnished or work done under agreement or contract, there will be attached to the voucher a certificate that the payments are in accordance with the terms of the contract or agreement, that, as regards supplies, the articles have been received and duly brought on charge in the proper Stores Ledger and, in the case of work, that it has been properly done. In the case of a payment on account no more will be claimed than the cost of the work certified to have been performed. When a deduction is made from the amount payable on a contract in respect of a penalty or fine, the net sum only will be paid.

297. In cases where public officers present claims for small payments made by them, sub-vouchers, in the shape of actual receipts, must be produced whenever practicable. When sub-vouchers cannot be obtained the officer will certify that the charges have been incurred solely upon the public service and actually paid by him.

298. Wages may be paid weekly or fortnightly where so prescribed by regulation. Payment will whenever possible be made by an officer of the Treasury and witnessed by another public officer or other responsible person approved by the Treasurer, who will sign the sheets as witness to the payments having been made to the persons entitled to the money. In no case should money be paid to unofficial persons for distribution in wages.

299. The Treasurer, before paying any claim, will satisfy himself that—

- (i.) The payment will not cause an excess on the amount provided on the Estimates, or by supplementary vote or votes, for the sub-head to which it is chargeable;
- (ii.) The expenditure has been authorised by warrant or approved requisition, as quoted on the voucher;
- (iii.) The certificate is signed by the proper officer, and that any voucher for salaries, allowances, and other services paid under General Warrant is duly certified by the head of the department;
- (iv.) All proper deductions from salaries or pensions on account of contributions, repayment of advances, family remittances or other liabilities have been duly made by the department concerned.

Sub-accountants making payments for the Treasurer will similarly satisfy themselves in regard to these points so far as they are in a position to do so.

300. Payment will be made only to the persons named in the vouchers, or their legal representatives, from whom signed receipts (duly stamped, where necessary) must be taken at the time of payment. Where the recipient is unable to write, he will make his mark in acknowledgment of receipt, the act being witnessed and the receipt countersigned by some person other than the paying officer. When payments are made to persons other than those named in the vouchers, or to the agents of officers absent on leave, the authorities under which they are made (such as powers of attorney, and letters of administration), shall be registered in the Treasury and notified on the vouchers, except where the law permits of a declaration being substituted for letters of administration in cases of succession to small estates. In the case of an officer absent on leave, the amount of whose salary is paid to his agent, a certificate that the officer was alive on the date to which salary is claimed must be furnished to the Treasurer and attached to the payment voucher. When an alteration occurs in the amount expressed to be received, the initials of the recipient should be written against such alteration. A receipt given by an officer for money paid to him by way of imprest, or in adjustment of an account where he derives no personal benefit therefrom, is not, unless specially required by local law, chargeable with stamp duty. Payments of subsistence and other allowances in reimbursement of expenses actually incurred, are likewise exempt.

§ 28. Classification and Control.

301. The Estimates, when approved by the Legislature and the Secretary of State, form the basis of the accounts of the year to which they relate, and the classification and sub-division of the accounts of revenue and expenditure must accord with the detail of the Estimates; but, if the latter are wrongly arranged or misleading, the facts should be noted by the head of the department concerned and reported to the Colonial Secretary with a view to their alteration in subsequent years.

302. It is the duty of heads of departments to watch the expenditure of their departments with reference to the amounts provided for them in the Colonial Estimates, and to report at once to the Colonial Secretary whenever it may appear that the amounts provided will prove insufficient for the service of the year. Whenever the Treasurer makes any charge against a vote by transfer from the Crown Agents' account or the account of another department, he will immediately notify the head of the department responsible for the vote, who will post his vote account accordingly.

303. If charges are made against a head, which, although apparently chargeable to that head, do not clearly come within the meaning of any of the subheads, they should be brought by the Treasurer under the notice of the head of the department concerned and of the Colonial Secretary, with a view to the insertion of an additional subhead in the account.

304. The authority of the Secretary of State and of the Legislature will be required for defraying any excess of expenditure beyond the amount provided under any subhead out of savings on another subhead; and, if the total provision for the head is exceeded, the excess should be ultimately covered by supplementary appropriation law. The Secretary of State's authority is also required for all rates and scales of personal remuneration, and for any special expenditure.

on the day appointed, and any officer failing to do so will not be allowed to draw his salary, allowance or pension until the next pay day, unless he can show that the omission was unavoidable. Officers whose salaries do not exceed £100 a year may be paid weekly or half-monthly. In the last month of each financial year the vouchers for salaries, allowances and pensions should be delivered not later than the 26th of that month.

284. All travelling, horse and forage allowances are granted in respect of expenditure actually incurred on the public service, no part being intended as a personal emolument to any officer. In the case of horse and forage allowances, the head of the department will certify on each claim that a horse has been kept, or sub-vouchers for horse or carriage hire will be appended where such hire is approved. The rates of charges which may be paid for travelling expenses, and the rate of subsistence allowance payable to any officer for each night that he is absent from his headquarters on duty, will be fixed for all officers by the Governor in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State.

285. In the event of any unauthorised payment being made in consequence of an incorrect certificate on a voucher, the certifying officer will be held responsible for the same, and the amount will be charged against him as an advance recoverable out of any salary or allowance that may subsequently accrue to his credit.

286. In case of any addition being made to the rates or amounts of expenditure authorised in the General Warrant, a special warrant will be necessary before any further payment can be made for the service affected. Special warrants will also be required for all payments on account of services not included in the Estimates, even though provided by law, and for payments in excess of the amounts so included. Such warrants shall be prepared and filed in triplicate, as in the case of the General Warrant, and copies supplied to the same offices.

287. When an officer considers it necessary to provide for a service for which there is no specific provision in the General Warrant, he will, as soon as possible and before incurring the expenditure, submit a requisition in duplicate stating the whole extent and estimated cost of the service required, and giving all details, as far as he is able. In the case of any public works, plans, specifications, tenders and estimates, as far as practicable, should accompany the requisition. Separate requisitions will be required for expenditure under each subhead of service.

288. The head of the department responsible for the vote to which the expenditure is to be charged will examine the requisition, fill in from his departmental vote account the statement of expenditure already incurred or authorised under the vote, countersign it, and forward it to the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary, as may be prescribed) for submission to the Governor.

289. It is the duty of the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary) on receipt of a requisition to satisfy himself that the expenditure for which authority is required is sufficiently provided for on the Estimates, or by supplementary vote or votes, and that it is proposed to be charged against the proper head and subhead; that the particulars given in the requisition are accurate and sufficient for the guidance of the Governor in considering the propriety of the expenditure, and that all regulations which may affect the duty of the officer concerned in respect of the requisition have been complied with. He will obtain from the officer any information that may be necessary for the assistance of the Governor, and will return the requisition for amendment, if incomplete or indefinite. In forwarding the requisition, the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary) will advise as to the funds available for meeting the proposed expenditure, having due regard to the whole of the services which appear likely to be chargeable against the vote in the course of the year. Both copies of the requisition, with the Governor's allowance or disallowance noted thereon, will be returned to the officer from whom it was received, with the Governor's instructions. If approved it will be sufficient authority for the expenditure to be incurred, and one copy will be attached to the account in which the first charge is made by virtue of such authority. The other copy will be retained by the officer for record and reference.

290. Should the expenditure authorised upon any requisition be found insufficient, the head of the department requiring authority for further expenditure will, so soon as he foresees the necessity therefor, forward to the Treasurer (or Colonial Secretary) a supplementary requisition for such further expenditure, drawn up in the same form as the original requisition, and accompanied by a memorandum explaining the necessity for the excess.

291. In any exceptional case where it is manifestly for the benefit of the public service that expenditure should be immediately incurred, and time does not permit of authority being obtained in the usual way, an officer may, on his own responsibility, incur the expenditure; but he will at once forward a requisition as above provided with a covering memorandum explaining the reasons which induced him to depart from the ordinary course. In every such case he will be held personally liable for the expenditure in the event of the payment not being finally approved; and any items which may appear unnecessary or extravagant will be disallowed and surcharged against him.

292. At the end of each month heads of departments will call upon persons employed for the supply of authorised services to furnish their accounts on the proper forms. All claims, supported by particulars, and sub-vouchers if any, and duly certified by the head of the department, should be presented by the claimants to the Treasurer or, in the out-stations, to the nearest sub-accountant, as soon as possible after the end of the month.

293. Separate vouchers will, as far as possible, be used for separate subheads and for the payment of different services, especially in cases where each service has been separately authorised.

294. All vouchers will contain full particulars of each service, such as dates, number, quantities, distances and rates, so as to enable them to be checked without reference to any other document.

295. The signature of the head of a department certifies to the accuracy of every detail on the voucher. He will therefore be held responsible that the services specified have been duly performed, that the prices charged are either according to contracts or approved scales or fair and reasonable according to current local rates, that authority has been obtained as quoted, that the computations and castings have been verified and are arithmetically correct, and that the persons named in the vouchers are those entitled to receive payment.

296. When supplies are furnished or work done under agreement or contract, there will be attached to the voucher a certificate that the payments are in accordance with the terms of the contract or agreement, that, as regards supplies, the articles have been received and duly brought on charge in the proper Stores Ledger and, in the case of work, that it has been properly done. In the case of a payment on account no more will be claimed than the cost of the work certified to have been performed. When a deduction is made from the amount payable on a contract in respect of a penalty or fine, the net sum only will be paid.

297. In cases where public officers present claims for small payments made by them, sub-vouchers, in the shape of actual receipts, must be produced whenever practicable. When sub-vouchers cannot be obtained the officer will certify that the charges have been incurred solely upon the public service and actually paid by him.

298. Wages may be paid weekly or fortnightly where so prescribed by regulation. Payment will whenever possible be made by an officer of the Treasury and witnessed by another public officer or other responsible person approved by the Treasurer, who will sign the sheets as witness to the payments having been made to the persons entitled to the money. In no case should money be paid to unofficial persons for distribution in wages.

299. The Treasurer, before paying any claim, will satisfy himself that—

- (i.) The payment will not cause an excess on the amount provided on the Estimates, or by supplementary vote or votes, for the sub-head to which it is chargeable;
- (ii.) The expenditure has been authorised by warrant or approved requisition, as quoted on the voucher;
- (iii.) The certificate is signed by the proper officer, and that any voucher for salaries, allowances, and other services paid under General Warrant is duly certified by the head of the department;
- (iv.) All proper deductions from salaries or pensions on account of contributions, repayment of advances, family remittances or other liabilities have been duly made by the department concerned.

Sub-accountants making payments for the Treasurer will similarly satisfy themselves in regard to these points so far as they are in a position to do so.

300. Payment will be made only to the persons named in the vouchers, or their legal representatives, from whom signed receipts (duly stamped, where necessary) must be taken at the time of payment. Where the recipient is unable to write, he will make his mark in acknowledgment of receipt, the act being witnessed and the receipt countersigned by some person other than the paying officer. When payments are made to persons other than those named in the vouchers, or to the agents of officers absent on leave, the authorities under which they are made (such as powers of attorney, and letters of administration), shall be registered in the Treasury and notified on the vouchers, except where the law permits of a declaration being substituted for letters of administration in cases of succession to small estates. In the case of an officer absent on leave, the amount of whose salary is paid to his agent, a certificate that the officer was alive on the date to which salary is claimed must be furnished to the Treasurer and attached to the payment voucher. When an alteration occurs in the amount expressed to be received, the initials of the recipient should be written against such alteration. A receipt given by an officer for money paid to him by way of imprest, or in adjustment of an account where he derives no personal benefit therefrom, is not, unless specially required by local law, chargeable with stamp duty. Payments of subsistence and other allowances in reimbursement of expenses actually incurred, are likewise exempt.

§ 28. Classification and Control.

301. The Estimates, when approved by the Legislature and the Secretary of State, form the basis of the accounts of the year to which they relate, and the classification and sub-division of the accounts of revenue and expenditure must accord with the detail of the Estimates; but, if the latter are wrongly arranged or misleading, the facts should be noted by the head of the department concerned and reported to the Colonial Secretary with a view to their alteration in subsequent years.

302. It is the duty of heads of departments to watch the expenditure of their departments with reference to the amounts provided for them in the Colonial Estimates, and to report at once to the Colonial Secretary whenever it may appear that the amounts provided will prove insufficient for the service of the year. Whenever the Treasurer makes any charge against a vote by transfer from the Crown Agents' account or the account of another department, he will immediately notify the head of the department responsible for the vote, who will post his vote account accordingly.

303. If charges are made against a head, which, although apparently chargeable to that head, do not clearly come within the meaning of any of the subheads, they should be brought by the Treasurer under the notice of the head of the department concerned and of the Colonial Secretary, with a view to the insertion of an additional subhead in the account.

304. The authority of the Secretary of State and of the Legislature will be required for defraying any excess of expenditure beyond the amount provided under any subhead out of savings on another subhead; and, if the total provision for the head is exceeded, the excess should be ultimately covered by supplementary appropriation law. The Secretary of State's authority is also required for all rates and scales of personal remuneration, and for any special expenditure.

305. The authority for expenditure conveyed by an Appropriation Law lapses at the end of the financial year to which it relates, and if further expenditure is necessary for the completion of any service it must be provided for in the Estimates or Supplementary Estimates of the year in which the sum will actually be expended. The authority conveyed by warrants and requisitions similarly lapses on the last day of the financial year in which they are issued, and no payments may be made after that date, except under the authority of warrants or requisitions issued for the service of the ensuing financial year.

306. The date of payment governs the date of the record of the charge in the accounts. In no circumstances may payments be made before they are due for the purpose of utilising an anticipated saving on a subhead, nor may the unexpended portion of any subhead be drawn from the Treasury for the purpose of setting it in reserve to meet impending payments, or to be carried to a deposit or suspense account. On the other hand, expenditure properly chargeable to the account of a given year must, as far as possible, be met within the year, and must not be deferred for the purpose of avoiding an excess on the amount provided in the Estimates.

307. Where any officer, department or board administers on behalf of the Government any commercial or industrial enterprise, or any service involving receipts and payments, the whole of such receipts and payments shall be accounted for to the Treasurer, and their total amount exhibited in his monthly and annual accounts; and the estimates of the department will be prepared accordingly. Where a strict observance of this regulation is considered impracticable it may be relaxed with the previous sanction of the Secretary of State.

308. When a personal advance in anticipation of salary is allowed, it will be debited as an advance to the recipient, and not to the vote for his salary. Any advance made to an officer is to be notified by the Treasurer to the head of his department, who will take care that proper arrangements are made for repayment and that no salary is subsequently paid unless such arrangements have been made and are complied with.

309. The purchase and sale of securities will be included in the accounts "below the line," that is to say, following after and distinct from the entries relating to revenue and to expenditure charged against revenue. Amounts realised by the sale of securities will be brought to account under Investments Realised, and no record of any profit or loss in relation to the purchase price will be made except in the case of a sale of investments on account of surplus balances, when any resulting profit will be carried to current revenue and any loss charged to expenditure. In all other cases the difference between the purchase and sale prices will be left in or borne by the balance of the fund in respect of which the investment was made.

310. Any necessary expenditure on services of a confidential nature, the purpose and particulars of which cannot be divulged, will be specially reported to the Secretary of State, and will be supported in the accounts by the Governor's certificate of payment and declaration that he has satisfied himself that the money has been properly expended.

311. The authority of the Secretary of State is required for writing off any loss of public money and, subject to the provisions of these regulations, of any amount which has appeared as an asset in previous accounts.

§ 29. Remittances.

312. All payments due by a Colonial government to other governments, or to public departments or other creditors in the United Kingdom, should be made through the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

313. The Crown Agents will keep themselves continuously in funds by arranging to draw when necessary on the Colonial Treasurer, whose duty it is to watch the account of the Colony with the Crown Agents, to be prepared to meet their drafts, and to notify them in good time if local circumstances make it necessary to arrange for temporary accommodation in aid of the Government's account with them.

314. The maximum cash balance which may be retained by sub-accountants will be calculated upon their average current requirements and fixed by authority of the Governor, and the Treasurer will keep such balances up to their authorised limits.

315. Remittances to public creditors other than those made through the Crown Agents will be made only by the Colonial Secretary, who for such purpose will be furnished by the Treasurer with a draft payable to the order of the creditor concerned.

316. The cost of remittance of salaries or pensions not drawn through an Agent of the Colony will be deducted from the amount remitted.

317. A public officer will be allowed to remit through the Crown Agents for the Colonies, in equal monthly instalments, a portion of his salary for the support of members of his family. The sums thus remitted will not, as a rule, exceed half his salary in any one year, but in exceptional cases the Governor may authorise remittances in excess of half salary. Duty pay or other allowances will not be included for the purpose of calculating the maximum amount of the remittances. Life insurance premiums may be remitted by drafts on the Crown Agents.

318. All applications for family remittances must be made through the head of the officer's department.

319. If it is necessary for any officer other than a sub-accountant to have at his disposal, for disbursement on the public service, money for which vouchers cannot be presented direct to the Treasurer or a sub-accountant for payment, he will receive an imprest of such amount as the Governor may sanction.

320. The Governor's sanction will be conveyed by Imprest Warrant, and the Treasurer will be held responsible that no imprest is made without such warrant, and also for seeing that all imprests are duly accounted for in accordance with the terms of the warrant covering them. The Governor may give a general Imprest Warrant to the Treasurer authorising him to make imprests, as may be necessary, for any regularly recurrent service.

321. Imprests are not to be charged in the accounts as final expenditure, the actual payments only out of such imprests, being so charged. Cash payments made by the Treasurer or his sub-accountant, by way of imprest will be entered in the cash-book and totalled with the rest of the payments in balancing it. Imprests will not be treated by the Treasurer as "Advances" or "Remittances" but will be accounted for, below the line, under a separate head "Imprests." The imprests and the amounts of the authorised payments accounted for will be posted to a personal imprest account of the officer concerned.

§ 30. *Custody of Public Money.*

322. The Governor may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, avail himself of the services of any banks in the Colony for the custody of public money either on current account or on deposit. He will be responsible for seeing that effect is given to any instructions from the Secretary of State for limiting the amount of public money that may be at any one time in the custody of a bank. He will communicate such instructions to the Treasurer, who will be responsible to him for their strict observance, and also to the Auditor, whose duty it will be to report at once to the Governor for the information of the Secretary of State, if he should find that the prescribed limit has been exceeded.

323. The Governor will take care that a secure fireproof vault or safe is provided for the custody of money not in the charge of a bank. The door of such vault or safe will be furnished with three different locks, the keys of which will be kept in the personal charge of the Treasurer and such two other principal officers of the Government as the Governor may appoint.

324. The Colonial Treasurer will keep in his own immediate charge such sums of money only as may be necessary to meet the current disbursements of his department, not exceeding a certain fixed maximum.

325. The strong vault will on no occasion be opened, nor will any money be deposited therein or withdrawn therefrom, except by the three officers entrusted with the keeping of the separate keys, and on every such occasion they will sign a joint record of every sum deposited, which record will be retained by the Treasurer.

326. The Treasurer will sign receipts in duplicate for every amount re-issued to him, which receipts will be delivered to the other officers in charge of the keys of the vault.

327. All cash received by public officers will be deposited as soon as possible in the safe or vault provided for the purpose, or paid into a bank. Negligence in this respect will throw the entire responsibility for any loss upon the officer concerned. No public officer shall keep or allow to be kept in any Government safe under his charge any money except public money or such as by virtue of his office he is bound to receive and account for.

328. Where public money is deposited in a bank, the Treasurer and the sub-accountants so instructed will pay into the bank, at the close of business on each day, all public money received by them up to that time. Private money will in no circumstances be included in a public banking account.

329. The Treasurer's bank account must not be overdrawn, nor any temporary advance obtained from the bank, without the special sanction in writing of the Governor.

330. The main stock of stamps, both postage and revenue, will be kept in the safe or vault appointed for that purpose. A stock book will be kept, in which will be entered under each denomination, the number and value of stamps received and issued; and this book, on each occasion of either a receipt or issue, will be initialed by the Treasurer and by any other officer appointed to have joint charge of stamps with him. Stamps will be issued on requisition and a receipt taken from the officer to whom they are issued.

331. Boards of Survey, to be held after the close of business on the last business day of each year, or before the commencement of business on the first day of the new year, will be appointed by the Governor to examine the Treasury cash, bank balances and stamps, both at head quarters and as far as practicable at the out-stations. Boards will also be appointed from time to time to hold surprise surveys of the cash and stamps in the custody of the Treasurer and his sub-accountants.

332. Officers entrusted with the receipt, custody or disbursement of public money may be required to give security, in accordance with the local law and regulations, for the faithful discharge of their duty. In every case of default the liability of sureties must be enforced.

333. An officer appointed to act for another officer on leave will be required by the Governor to give the same security as that required to be given by the officer for whom he acts.

§ 31. *Accounts and Bookkeeping.*

334. Every entry in the accounts will be supported by a voucher containing full particulars of the item or items to which it relates.

335. The Treasurer will keep in his Office the following principal books of accounts:—Cash Book, Daily Abstract, Journal, Ledger, and Monthly Abstract; together with such subsidiary books as may be necessary.

336. In the Cash Book will be entered all cash transactions as they occur. The entries will be numbered consecutively, on each side of the book, in the order of the receipts or payments and corresponding numbers will be affixed to the supporting vouchers. The Cash Book will be balanced at the close of each day, and the balance shown compared with the cash in hand. If the balances do not agree, the discrepancy will forthwith be investigated by the Treasurer. If they agree, a certificate will be filled in by the officer in charge of the Cash Book, showing the opening cash and bank balances, the receipts and payments for the day, and the closing balances. This certificate will be countersigned by the Treasurer and sent to the Colonial Secretary next morning, or as often as may be prescribed by the Governor.

337. Every sub-accountant will keep a cash book, in which he will enter all sums of money received or paid by him as a public officer, for whatever service, whether they form a part of the colonial revenue or not. He will balance his cash book weekly at least and check the balance with the money in his hands. Officers having large financial responsibility will be required to balance their cash books daily.

338. Every sub-accountant will send his cash book or a certified transcript or summary of it to the Treasurer immediately after the close of each month, accompanied by the necessary supporting vouchers.

339. When the various cash books, or the transcripts or summaries thereof, are received in the Treasury, they will be checked with the supporting vouchers, and any items insufficiently accounted for will be disallowed. Amounts so disallowed will remain with the balance of the account as a charge against the sub-accountant and, if not in due time properly vouched and justified, must be either recovered from such officer as the Governor may hold responsible or provided for by proper authority.

340. The Daily Abstract will be posted by an officer or officers other than the officer in charge of the Treasury Cash Book, when the Treasury staff permits of this arrangement. The posting will be done every morning from the vouchers put in on the previous day, checked by comparison with the Cash Book, and tested by the Treasurer.

341. The accounts of the various sub-accountants and of the Crown Agents will be abstracted as soon as they are received below the record of the transactions of the Treasurer for the period to which they relate.

342. In the Journal will be entered, from day to day, all adjustments authorised to be made between the various ledger accounts; and also, at the close of each month, any adjustments appearing in the accounts rendered by sub-accountants.

343. As soon after the end of each month as the sub-accountants' accounts have been abstracted the entries in the Daily Abstract will be totalled, and the totals for each head of the estimates or Ledger Account be posted into the Journal. The totals of the other entries which have been made in the Journal for the month will then be posted into the Daily Abstract; the expenditure credits (including recoveries of overpayments) will be deducted from the expenditure, and the revenue debits from the revenue; and the resulting totals will be entered in the Monthly Abstract.

344. The Ledger will be posted monthly from the Journal. It will contain one account for revenue and one for expenditure, an account of surplus and deficit, accounts of loan funds, of advances, deposits, drafts and remittances and of every fund in the custody of the Government, and such other accounts as the Governor of the Colony shall approve. A trial balance of the Ledger will be made as soon as each month's account has been posted, and a summary of the balance sheet under its principal divisions, but excluding the balances of the accounts of funded debt and sinking funds, will be published in the Official Gazette. This summary will form the statement of the General Assets and Liabilities of the Colonial Government, and show the excess of Assets over Liabilities as a balance identical with the balance of the Surplus and Deficit account.

345. The Surplus and Deficit account will be posted exclusively from the accounts of revenue and expenditure, and will accordingly furnish the accurate record of the balance between them, from month to month and from year to year.

346. The Monthly Abstract will be posted from the totals in the Daily Abstract, as soon as they have been completed for the month.

347. The Treasurer will keep a subsidiary Journal, in which will be recorded the details of transfers between heads and subheads, and of other transactions which cannot be shown in the principal Journal and Ledger.

348. Every head of a department will keep a Departmental Vote Account in such form as will clearly show at any time the exact amount of expenditure charged against the vote or votes for his department, and also the expenditure authorised to be incurred.

§ 32. Audit.

349. The Treasurer will render his accounts for audit monthly, in the prescribed form, as soon as possible after the close of the month to which they relate.

350. The monthly accounts should consist of the under-mentioned documents:—

- (a.) An Abstract Account of cash receipts and payments showing, under the several heads, the totals of the receipts and payments in the months and in the then expired period of the year, together with the balances at the commencement and close of the periods;
- (b.) Schedules of the vouchers, under each head of receipt and payment, setting out the various items, arranged according to subheads;
- (c.) Vouchers for all items arranged in the order of the schedules.

In Colonies in which the accounts are audited direct from the Treasury books, it will not be necessary to prepare the documents (a) and (b).

351. Copies of the reports of all Boards of Survey on the various Treasury Chests, together with a certificate, signed by the manager of the bank, of the bank balance at the time of the survey, will be furnished to the Auditor.

352. As soon as possible after the expiration of each year, the Treasurer will furnish an Annual Abstract Account showing the whole of the receipts and payments in the year, and the full opening and closing balances.

353. The Annual Abstract Account will be accompanied by detailed statements of revenue and expenditure, showing the amounts actually received or expended during the year as compared with the estimates under each subhead, together with explanations of the differences.

354. With the Annual Account, there will also be furnished the Statement of the Assets and Liabilities of the Colony at the close of the year, together with the following documents:—

- (a.) A statement of Advances and Repayments of Advances within the year;
- (b.) A statement of Deposits received and repaid within the year;
- (c.) A statement of Investments, showing the amount of stock held on the last day of the year, together with the actual cost and the market value at that date;
- (d.) A statement of the outstanding amount of funded debt or loans, and of any accumulated sinking funds.

355. The Auditor is responsible for the audit and inspection of all public accounts of the Government, whether such accounts be of general revenue and expenditure, or accounts of special funds, or departmental accounts.

356. He will satisfy himself that the laws of the Colony, the Colonial Regulations, and the instructions of the Governor in all matters of finance and account, are strictly observed, and will bring to the notice of the Governor any failure in their observance.

357. He will from time to time examine the cash books and compare the entries with the various receipt and payment vouchers; he will also from time to time examine the Journal and follow the entries into the Ledger in order to ascertain that they are correctly and punctually posted. He will periodically scrutinise the bank pass book; and he will compare the bank balance, as shown in the Ledger and in the Cash Book, with the actual balance at the bank.

358. He will examine and check the subsidiary books, and the accounts of the authorised imprests and advances, and ascertain whether such imprests and advances are punctually accounted for and repaid. In the event of any imprest having been made to an officer without special authorisation, before a previous imprest has been accounted for, he will report the fact to the Governor. He will at once report any unauthorised advance to any officer or account or any other unauthorised disbursement appearing in the books. In his examination of the deposit accounts he will ascertain that all deposits which have remained unclaimed for five years are, in the absence of special reasons to the contrary, written off to revenue.

359. He will call attention to any apparent neglect in the collection of arrears of revenue. He will see that proper records are kept of all rents receivable and that an efficient system exists for their due collection and for ensuring that they are regularly brought to account.

360. He will check the counterfoils of receipt books, and will see that the pages of all such books bear printed consecutive numbers, and that the books are intact. He will also satisfy himself that stamps used in payment of revenue are affixed to the proper documents and have been effectually cancelled in the authorised manner. He will also, by test examination of documents filed in previous years, ascertain that stamps have not been improperly removed therefrom.

361. He will promptly make such examination of the customs vouchers as will satisfy him that the duty has been correctly calculated according to the Customs Law. In order to satisfy himself that the customs revenue has been fully collected, he will ascertain that the examination of ships' manifests with the corresponding revenue vouchers is regularly and promptly carried out by the Customs Department, and he will also from time to time make a test examination of a certain number of examined manifests.

362. He will examine the Customs warehouse books and will also make occasional test surveys of the contents of the warehouses. He will satisfy himself that due precautions are taken by the Customs authorities by occasional examination of the contents of packages and comparison with the invoices, to prevent evasions of the Customs Law.

363. He will examine the Excise vouchers and satisfy himself that the duty has been correctly computed. He will also examine the Warehouse and Excise books and registers, and make occasional surprise surveys of the contents of warehouses and distillery stores.

364. He will examine tax rolls and assessment lists of rents, rates, land and house taxes, and other direct taxes, and will, as far as possible, satisfy himself that all persons liable have been included, that the dues are promptly and fully collected, and that warrants to levy have been issued when required and duly put into execution.

365. He will satisfy himself as to the due collection of school, hospital and dispensary fees, and similar revenue; and also of the fees, fines and executions leviable by the Courts of Law.

366. He will examine the monthly accounts of the Post Office and will satisfy himself that the adjustments of the accounts with the Post Offices of the United Kingdom and other countries is correctly carried out. He will examine the accounts of stamps, postal notes, money orders, post cards, registered envelopes and all stamped forms in the hands of the various Postmasters, and will ascertain by the frequent inspection of stocks that the proceeds of sales are duly brought to account.

367. He will examine the Court accounts and will compare them with the books kept by the Registrars. He will also examine and compare with the Orders of Court the accounts of all money under the administration of the Court.

368. He will examine the accounts of the Government Savings Bank. In addition to the verification of all deposits and withdrawals, his examination will include, as far as possible, the comparison of the bank ledgers with the pass books of the depositors. Interest due or paid to depositors will be checked in detail.

369. He will in all cases refer to the authorities regulating the expenditure provided for in the estimates, and will see that the expenditure is in accordance therewith. In the case of expenditure which has not been provided for in the estimates he will ascertain whether the necessary funds have been voted by the Legislature, and whether the expenditure has been duly sanctioned by the Secretary of State. He will see that in every charge against a head the money expended has been applied to the purpose or purposes for which such head was intended to provide, and that it is charged to the proper subhead.

370. He will see that all vouchers are properly filled in, and are accompanied by such certificates, declarations, authorities, accounts of particulars, or other documents as may be required. In the case of authorities, certified copies or extracts may be accepted. He will verify castings and computations, and will check rates and prices charged with the approved contract or other authorities.

371. He will verify investments quarterly and will see that all dividends have been duly brought to account, and all contributions to sinking funds duly invested.

372. He will once a year, or more often if considered necessary, and also in all cases of new and temporary appointments, inspect the securities given by public officers in respect of pecuniary responsibility attaching to their offices. He will ascertain that security has been furnished by every officer required to do so, and he will report to the Governor any circumstances coming to his notice affecting the responsibility of any of the sureties, and will also call attention to any cases where the securities may seem to be defective, either in amount or otherwise.

373. He will satisfy himself that adequate regulations exist for the guidance of store accountants.

374. His examination of store accounts will include test comparisons, at irregular intervals, between the stores in hand and the balances shown in the storekeepers' books, and he will satisfy himself that all stores purchased have been duly brought on charge. He will call attention to any excessive accumulation of stocks and will take care that no stores are written off charge without proper authority. He will also see that when stores are sold the proceeds are duly brought to account.

375. He will call upon the accounting officer for explanations of the cause of any undue delay in the rendering of accounts, or in furnishing any statements or returns that he may require, and, if the explanation is not satisfactory, will report the circumstances to the Governor.

376. If the Auditor finds any irregularity in the books, cash, stamps or stores, for which the head of a department is responsible, he will at once notify the Governor. Should he find the books of any subordinate officer in an unsatisfactory state, or discover any irregularity, he will at once notify the head of the department, and, if the case be serious, report the circumstances to the Governor.

377. As soon as possible after the close of the financial year the Auditor will prepare a report on the revenue and expenditure of the year, in which he will deal with the collection of the revenue, the state of the arrears, the manner in which the accounts of the Colony are kept, the sufficiency of existing checks against fraud, the nature and extent of the audit applied, and any special questions arising out of the accounts.

378. The Governor will report forthwith for the decision of the Secretary of State any case in which he has overruled the maintained opinion of the Auditor in any matter relating to the public accounts.

§ 33. *Supplies and Stores.*

379. All requisitions from a Colony for stores required from the United Kingdom, or from countries not being adjacent to a particular Colony, will be sent direct in duplicate to the Crown Agents by the Colonial Government if the expenditure has been duly sanctioned.

380. Where the expenditure has not been sanctioned the requisition accompanied by all necessary explanations, will be transmitted by the Governor in duplicate to the Secretary of State who, if he sanctions the expenditure, will give the necessary instructions to the Crown Agents.

381. The Crown Agents, being the agents of the Colonial Governments, will comply with all requisitions sent to them which bear the signature of, or are forwarded by, the proper officer of the Colonial Government in question, and they will not refer to the Secretary of State for instructions unless they have reason to doubt whether in existing circumstances any particular requisition should be complied with. The officer concerned will therefore be held responsible that no requisitions are sent to the Crown Agents unless the expenditure has been duly sanctioned.

382. Orders will in no case be given directly or through local agents to firms in this country or on the continent of Europe, although the names of firms whom the Colonial Government may for any reason wish to employ may be mentioned in the body of the requisition forwarded to the Crown Agents. The Crown Agents will be guided by the wishes of the Colonial Government unless they have reason to consider that this course is not in the interest of the Colony, in which case they will subsequently explain to the Colonial Government the grounds for their action.

383. Any supplies which may be procured in the Colony should be obtained by contract after public tender. If however no tenders are made or the Governor has ground for belief that the tenders sent in are collusive or unreasonable, other arrangements may be made. All tenders will be submitted to a Board of not less than three persons appointed by the Governor.

384. Every officer having in his charge or custody any articles which are public property will keep an inventory of the same.

385. Boards of officers, which should not include the storekeeper of the stores to be surveyed, will be appointed by the Governor at the end of each year, and at such other times as may be necessary, to

inspect and report upon Government stores; but this will not relieve heads of departments of their responsibility for satisfying themselves by occasional stocktaking that the balances on the ledger are actually in stock.

386. Articles will only be condemned as unserviceable on the report of a Board of Survey, except in the case of minor articles of a perishable nature, where the Governor may at his discretion dispense with a Board.

387. Unserviceable stores, if sold, will be disposed of by public auction or by tenders after public advertisement. If such stores are unsuitable for sale they must be destroyed, unless they can be utilised immediately or within a reasonable time for some public service other than that for which they were purchased; but any condemned stores so retained must be suitably marked to prevent their use for the original purpose and should be brought on charge in a subsidiary ledger for obsolete stores.

388. Losses and deficiencies of stores may not in any case be written off without the authority of the Governor; but where such losses are caused by fraud or negligence, and it is desired to relieve the responsible officer of any part of his pecuniary liability, the authority of the Secretary of State will also be required.

389. The Government House, together with its stables, outbuildings, fences and other appurtenances, will be kept in substantial repair throughout at the cost of the Colony. The rooms will be painted and papered (when necessary) and furnished at the public expense. Plate and table ornaments to a moderate and reasonable amount, together with crockery, glass, cutlery, and kitchen utensils will also be provided at the cost of the Colony. Unless it is otherwise provided by local law the Governor will pay 5 per cent. per annum on the estimated value of the furniture in the bedrooms, kitchens and other rooms not used for the public reception of company, and of all other articles provided at the cost of the Colony and used by him, but he will be subject to no charge on account of the furniture of the public reception rooms or of the offices used by himself or by his private secretary or Aide-de-Camp. This payment is to be regarded as a standing charge on the Governor's salary, and is payable by him so long as he draws full salary. While the Governor is on half-pay leave he will pay one half and the officer temporarily administering the Government the other half. Should the Government House be left unoccupied this arrangement will not be affected. In the event of a vacancy the officer administering the Government will become liable for the whole amount.

390. For the purpose of arriving at the estimated value of the furniture and effects on which the Governor is to pay the percentage, a valuation will be made on the Governor's assumption of the Government, and annually thereafter during his tenure of office by such persons as may be appointed for that purpose by the Executive Council. Instead, however, of a re-valuation being made each year, the percentage may be charged on the sum arrived at by adding the amount of the last valuation, reduced (by way of allowance for depreciation) by 5 per cent. for each year since the date of that valuation, to the value of any subsequent additions similarly reduced by 5 per cent. for each year since they were made.

In valuing new articles the cost of freight and all other charges incidental to their supply will be included.

391. All furniture and effects supplied at the public expense will be kept complete, and any article lost or damaged otherwise than by fair wear and tear during the occupation of the Government House by any officer will be made good at his expense.

392. An accurate inventory of all furniture and effects provided at the public expense will be made and kept by the Director of Public Works, or other officer designated for that purpose, who will at least once in every two years inspect the furniture and effects and prepare a list of all deficiencies, which the officer responsible will thereupon make good at his own expense. "Fair wear and tear" may be held to include breakages or deficiencies of crockery or similar small or fragile articles, but a reasonable limit must be placed upon the amount allowed in this respect, based as far as possible upon the previous practice in the Colony concerned.

393. Whenever a Governor vacates his Government, a similar inspection will be made; and if the retiring officer does not cause the deficiencies for which he is responsible to be made good, the inspecting officer will prepare for immediate transmission to the Secretary of State a statement of the expenses to be incurred for that purpose. The Secretary of State will then take steps to recover the amount from the officer responsible.

394. The provision made in the estimates for the purchase of furniture and effects for the Government House will be administered by the Director of Public Works or other officer designated for the purpose, who will from time to time receive from the Governor requests for repairs, replacements and additions.

395. Expenditure on Government House furniture incurred in the United Kingdom will only be admitted as a charge against Colonial Funds when made through the Crown Agents.

§ 34. Returns.

396. The Treasurer will furnish to the Colonial Secretary, for transmission by the Governor to the Secretary of State, the following periodical returns:—

(a) Annually.

- (i.) An Abstract Account of the total revenue and expenditure of the year under each head of receipt and payment, showing the opening and closing balances in both the Treasurer's and Crown Agents' accounts;
- (ii.) Detailed statements of revenue and expenditure, arranged according to sub-heads, showing the excess or saving on each sub-head and the net excess or saving on each head, and showing also any supplementary votes for expenditure under any sub-head;

369. He will in all cases refer to the authorities regulating the expenditure provided for in the estimates, and will see that the expenditure is in accordance therewith. In the case of expenditure which has not been provided for in the estimates he will ascertain whether the necessary funds have been voted by the Legislature, and whether the expenditure has been duly sanctioned by the Secretary of State. He will see that in every charge against a head the money expended has been applied to the purpose or purposes for which such head was intended to provide, and that it is charged to the proper subhead.

370. He will see that all vouchers are properly filled in, and are accompanied by such certificates, declarations, authorities, accounts of particulars, or other documents as may be required. In the case of authorities, certified copies or extracts may be accepted. He will verify castings and computations, and will check rates and prices charged with the approved contract or other authorities.

371. He will verify investments quarterly and will see that all dividends have been duly brought to account, and all contributions to sinking funds duly invested.

372. He will once a year, or more often if considered necessary, and also in all cases of new and temporary appointments, inspect the securities given by public officers in respect of pecuniary responsibility attaching to their offices. He will ascertain that security has been furnished by every officer required to do so, and he will report to the Governor any circumstances coming to his notice affecting the responsibility of any of the sureties, and will also call attention to any cases where the securities may seem to be defective, either in amount or otherwise.

373. He will satisfy himself that adequate regulations exist for the guidance of store accountants.

374. His examination of store accounts will include test comparisons, at irregular intervals, between the stores in hand and the balances shown in the storekeepers' books, and he will satisfy himself that all stores purchased have been duly brought on charge. He will call attention to any excessive accumulation of stocks and will take care that no stores are written off charge without proper authority. He will also see that when stores are sold the proceeds are duly brought to account.

375. He will call upon the accounting officer for explanations of the cause of any undue delay in the rendering of accounts, or in furnishing any statements or returns that he may require, and, if the explanation is not satisfactory, will report the circumstances to the Governor.

376. If the Auditor finds any irregularity in the books, cash, stamps or stores, for which the head of a department is responsible, he will at once notify the Governor. Should he find the books of any subordinate officer in an unsatisfactory state, or discover any irregularity, he will at once notify the head of the department, and, if the case be serious, report the circumstances to the Governor.

377. As soon as possible after the close of the financial year the Auditor will prepare a report on the revenue and expenditure of the year, in which he will deal with the collection of the revenue, the state of the arrears, the manner in which the accounts of the Colony are kept, the sufficiency of existing checks against fraud, the nature and extent of the audit applied, and any special questions arising out of the accounts.

378. The Governor will report forthwith for the decision of the Secretary of State any case in which he has overruled the maintained opinion of the Auditor in any matter relating to the public accounts.

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380. Where the expenditure has not been sanctioned the requisition accompanied by all necessary explanations, will be transmitted by the Governor in duplicate to the Secretary of State who, if he sanctions the expenditure, will give the necessary instructions to the Crown Agents.

381. The Crown Agents, being the agents of the Colonial Governments, will comply with all requisitions sent to them which bear the signature of, or are forwarded by, the proper officer of the Colonial Government in question, and they will not refer to the Secretary of State for instructions unless they have reason to doubt whether in existing circumstances any particular requisition should be complied with. The officer concerned will therefore be held responsible that no requisitions are sent to the Crown Agents unless the expenditure has been duly sanctioned.

382. Orders will in no case be given directly or through local agents to firms in this country or on the continent of Europe, although the names of firms whom the Colonial Government may for any reason wish to employ may be mentioned in the body of the requisition forwarded to the Crown Agents. The Crown Agents will be guided by the wishes of the Colonial Government unless they have reason to consider that this course is not in the interest of the Colony, in which case they will subsequently explain to the Colonial Government the grounds for their action.

383. Any supplies which may be procured in the Colony should be obtained by contract after public tender. If however no tenders are made or the Governor has ground for belief that the tenders sent in are collusive or unreasonable, other arrangements may be made. All tenders will be submitted to a Board of not less than three persons appointed by the Governor.

384. Every officer having in his charge or custody any articles which are public property will keep an inventory of the same.

385. Boards of officers, which should not include the storekeeper of the stores to be surveyed, will be appointed by the Governor at the end of each year, and at such other times as may be necessary, to

inspect and report upon Government stores ; but this will not relieve heads of departments of their responsibility for satisfying themselves by occasional stocktaking that the balances on the ledger are actually in stock.

386. Articles will only be condemned as unserviceable on the report of a Board of Survey, except in the case of minor articles of a perishable nature, where the Governor may at his discretion dispense with a Board.

387. Unserviceable stores, if sold, will be disposed of by public auction or by tenders after public advertisement. If such stores are unsuitable for sale they must be destroyed, unless they can be utilised immediately or within a reasonable time for some public service other than that for which they were purchased ; but any condemned stores so retained must be suitably marked to prevent their use for the original purpose and should be brought on charge in a subsidiary ledger for obsolete stores.

388. Losses and deficiencies of stores may not in any case be written off without the authority of the Governor ; but where such losses are caused by fraud or negligence, and it is desired to relieve the responsible officer of any part of his pecuniary liability, the authority of the Secretary of State will also be required.

389. The Government House, together with its stables, outbuildings, fences and other appurtenances, will be kept in substantial repair throughout at the cost of the Colony. The rooms will be painted and papered (when necessary) and furnished at the public expense. Plate and table ornaments to a moderate and reasonable amount, together with crockery, glass, cutlery, and kitchen utensils will also be provided at the cost of the Colony. Unless it is otherwise provided by local law the Governor will pay 5 per cent. per annum on the estimated value of the furniture in the bedrooms, kitchens and other rooms not used for the public reception of company, and of all other articles provided at the cost of the Colony and used by him, but he will be subject to no charge on account of the furniture of the public reception rooms or of the offices used by himself or by his private secretary or Aide-de-Camp. This payment is to be regarded as a standing charge on the Governor's salary, and is payable by him so long as he draws full salary. While the Governor is on half-pay leave he will pay one half and the officer temporarily administering the Government the other half. Should the Government House be left unoccupied this arrangement will not be affected. In the event of a vacancy the officer administering the Government will become liable for the whole amount.

390. For the purpose of arriving at the estimated value of the furniture and effects on which the Governor is to pay the percentage, a valuation will be made on the Governor's assumption of the Government, and annually thereafter during his tenure of office by such persons as may be appointed for that purpose by the Executive Council. Instead, however, of a re-valuation being made each year, the percentage may be charged on the sum arrived at by adding the amount of the last valuation, reduced (by way of allowance for depreciation) by 5 per cent. for each year since the date of that valuation, to the value of any subsequent additions similarly reduced by 5 per cent. for each year since they were made.

In valuing new articles the cost of freight and all other charges incidental to their supply will be included.

391. All furniture and effects supplied at the public expense will be kept complete, and any article lost or damaged otherwise than by fair wear and tear during the occupation of the Government House by any officer will be made good at his expense.

392. An accurate inventory of all furniture and effects provided at the public expense will be made and kept by the Director of Public Works, or other officer designated for that purpose, who will at least once in every two years inspect the furniture and effects and prepare a list of all deficiencies, which the officer responsible will thereupon make good at his own expense. "Fair wear and tear" may be held to include breakages or deficiencies of crockery or similar small or fragile articles, but a reasonable limit must be placed upon the amount allowed in this respect, based as far as possible upon the previous practice in the Colony concerned.

393. Whenever a Governor vacates his Government, a similar inspection will be made ; and if the retiring officer does not cause the deficiencies for which he is responsible to be made good, the inspecting officer will prepare for immediate transmission to the Secretary of State a statement of the expenses to be incurred for that purpose. The Secretary of State will then take steps to recover the amount from the officer responsible.

394. The provision made in the estimates for the purchase of furniture and effects for the Government House will be administered by the Director of Public Works or other officer designated for the purpose, who will from time to time receive from the Governor requests for repairs, replacements and additions.

395. Expenditure on Government House furniture incurred in the United Kingdom will only be admitted as a charge against Colonial Funds when made through the Crown Agents.

§ 34. Returns.

396. The Treasurer will furnish to the Colonial Secretary, for transmission by the Governor to the Secretary of State, the following periodical returns :—

(a) Annually.

- (i.) An Abstract Account of the total revenue and expenditure of the year under each head of receipt and payment, showing the opening and closing balances in both the Treasurer's and Crown Agents' accounts ;
- (ii.) Detailed statements of revenue and expenditure, arranged according to sub-heads, showing the excess or saving on each sub-head and the net excess or saving on each head, and showing also any supplementary votes for expenditure under any sub-head ;

- (iii.) A full statement of the expenditure on works and other payments chargeable to Loan Accounts;
- (iv.) A statement of the Assets and Liabilities at the close of the year;
- (v.) A statement of the public debt of the Colony, showing the several amounts of the loans issued and of their respective sinking funds;
- (vi.) A statement of the Investments of the Colonial Governments at the close of the year;
- (vii.) A statement of the receipts, issues, balances in hand and the assets and liabilities of the Savings Bank showing separately the revenue derived from Savings Bank investments, the interest credited to depositors, and the expenses of the management of the institution.

In the case of Colonies receiving grants in aid from the Imperial Exchequer, three certified copies of Returns (i.), (ii.), (iv.), and (v.) will be furnished for the year of grant and for each of the three succeeding years.

(b) Quarterly.

- (viii.) A schedule of all charges of an unusual or special description, or not covered by the appropriation law for the year, incurred during the previous quarter;
- (ix.) A comparative statement of revenue and expenditure to the close of the previous quarter;

397. The Colonial Secretary will furnish, for transmission to the Secretary of State, the following returns:—

- (i.) Returns of all appointments to public offices of classes II. and III. (Regulation 29) and changes in the holders of existing offices and appointments in these classes, arising from promotions or otherwise, during the previous quarter; and of all alterations made in the salaries and allowances of public offices of any class;
- (ii.) Quarterly return of all new offices created, and all additions to salaries and allowances.

§ 35. *Funds derived from Imperial Revenues.*

398. Governors are not, without special authority, at liberty to draw funds before the commencement of a financial year on the credit of any proposed Parliamentary Vote for that year.

399. All bills on the credit of a Parliamentary Vote should be drawn on the Paymaster-General. When the service is of an ordinary description, they should be drawn at ten days' sight; but in every case of an unusual character, they should be at thirty days' sight. Salary bills should be in the form prescribed in Appendix 11, with the addition of a serial number commencing anew in each financial year. All other bills should specify the service and the particular Parliamentary Vote in respect of which they are drawn; and whenever the service is of an unusual character the bills should also show the date and description of the document conveying the authority for the expenditure.

400. The Secretary of State should be furnished with a direct advice by the earliest possible mail of every bill that may be drawn on the credit of the Vote. A duplicate of the advice should be sent by the first subsequent opportunity. Salary bills should be advised on the form given in Appendix 11 (the serial number being added). The advice of other bills should contain all the particulars given in the bills themselves.

401. Governors and other officers whose salaries are specified in the Parliamentary Votes may elect to have their salaries paid through the medium of agents in this country, in which case periodical applications for payment must be made to the Secretary of State.

402. When salaries are specified in the Parliamentary Votes, income tax will be levied on them. It is, therefore, the duty of the Governor on all occasions to make the proper deductions from the amount of the bills which he may draw on the Paymaster-General, whether on his own account or for the salaries or allowances of other persons.

403. In cases where total or partial exemption from the tax is claimed, an affidavit must be made by the claimant and transmitted with the bill, to the effect that his income from sources arising within or from the United Kingdom, including that on account of which the bill is drawn, does not exceed the limits entitling him to exemption or abatement, distinction being made, if necessary, between earned and unearned income.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX 1.

Regulation 34.

Particulars of the Office of
now vacant in the Colony of

1. Duties of Office, and qualifications required for their performance.
2. Salary of Office.
3. Allowances, quarters and other circumstances affecting the value of the Office.
4. Nature, number and amount of securities required, and mode of giving them.
5. Whether free passage is provided for the person selected and his family.
6. Acts, laws or ordinances, making provision respecting any of the above matters, and especially respecting the permanency of the emoluments and the particulars of the security required, with references to the sections in which such provision is made.
7. Whether house accommodation is available or readily procurable, whether furniture, etc., should be brought from England, and any other particulars of a like nature likely to be useful for the information of candidates.

APPENDIX 3.

Regulation 89.

I HEREBY Certify that

- (1.) The Governor has granted to _____ months' leave of absence, to commence on the _____ of _____ and to end on the _____ of _____ on the ground of [Ill-health, and that the Medical Certificate was produced, of which a copy is annexed.] [Service.] [Urgent private affairs.]
- (2.) _____ has been in service of the Colony for _____ years from the date of first arrival, viz., the _____.
- (3.) In the course of that Service he has been absent on leave (other than vacation leave and leave without salary) on several occasions at the dates and for the terms specified below, viz:—
 1st. For _____ months beginning on _____ and ending on _____
 2nd. _____
 3rd. _____
- (4.) _____ has notified to the Governor his intention to apply to the Secretary of State for an extension of leave and that the Governor has granted him permission to do so.
- (5.) Provision has been made for the due execution of his office during his absence by _____

	Years.	Months.
1. Total service from date of arrival in the colony to date of certificate.		
2. Deduct total absences since arrival (other than vacation leave) whether with or without salary.		
3. Period of resident service		
4. Maximum amount of leave authorised by regulations in respect of the above period of resident service (viz., one-sixth of resident service plus six months).		
5. Leave on half salary already taken since first arrival in the Colony.		
6. Leave now granted (other than vacation leave).		

Signed _____

Colonial Secretary.

I HEREBY Certify that _____ has received Full Salary at the rate of £ _____ per Annum up to the _____ as _____ and that he is entitled to salary at the net rate of £ _____ a year from the _____ to _____ inclusive, and thereafter to salary at the rate of £ _____, being the net amount due to him after deducting his contributions to local funds.

Signed _____

Colonial Treasurer.

[The salary of the above-named officer will be drawn _____ in the Colony.
through the Crown Agents for the Colonies.]

(1) Note.—Every Officer proceeding on leave of absence must be furnished with a duplicate of this certificate which he must produce to the Crown Agents if required, in order to receive his salary.

(2) Note.—On arriving in England, an Officer on leave must report his arrival by letter to the Colonial Office and Crown Agents, mentioning the place of his residence; and he must similarly notify any change of residence.

(3) Note.—Leave of absence beyond one-sixth of resident service will not be granted by the Secretary of State except on medical certificate from the Medical Officer employed by the Colonial Office, or on urgent private affairs, the nature of which must be stated and must be satisfactory to the Secretary of State.

(4) Note.—Any Officer desiring an extension of his leave of absence must, if in Europe, apply to the Secretary of State for such extension, in sufficient time, if practicable, to allow of reference to the Colony.

(5) Note.—Any Officer desiring to forego a portion of his leave should obtain the previous permission of the Secretary of State in sufficient time to allow of at least one clear month's notice being given to the Governor; and on his arrival in the Colony he cannot claim as a right to resume his own appointment before the expiration of the leave granted to him, but must place himself at the orders of the Governor.

APPENDIX 4.

Regulation 121.

AGREEMENT made this _____ day of _____ One thousand nine hundred and _____ between _____ of _____ in the County of _____ of the one part, and the undersigned, ONE OF THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES, of Whitehall Gardens, London, in the County of Middlesex, for and on behalf of His Majesty of the other part.

WHEREAS _____ (hereinafter called the person selected) hath been duly selected for appointment as _____ in _____ and will be provided with a passage to that Colony.

Now the person selected, in consideration of the premises, doth hereby agree that, should he fail to proceed to _____, or, within the period of three years from the date of his arrival in the Colony, either quit the Colony without leave, or leave the service of the Government of the Colony, or be dismissed or removed from his appointment in consequence of misconduct, he will refund and repay to the Government of the Colony, or to the Crown Agents for the Colonies in London, the amount paid for his passage to the Colony, and for the passage of any member or members of his family.

Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall bind or oblige the person selected to repay the aforesaid passage money, if, at the time he shall leave the service of the Government of the Colony, or quit the Colony, as aforesaid, the Colonial Secretary of the Government of the Colony, or person acting as such, shall certify that the person selected is unable, from bodily or mental infirmity, to continue in the performance of his duty.

WITNESS our Hands the Day and Year above written.

Signed by the said _____

in the presence of _____

Signature, _____

Address, _____

Occupation, _____

Sixpenny Stamp.

Signed by _____

(One of the Crown Agents for the Colonies, as aforesaid), in the presence of _____

Signature, _____

Address, _____

APPENDIX 5.

Regulation 143.

*A.—Regulations respecting Foreign Orders and Medals applicable to Persons in the Service of the Crown.**Orders.*

1. It is the King's wish that no subject of His Majesty in the Service of the Crown shall accept and wear the Insignia of any Foreign Order without having previously obtained His Majesty's permission to do so, signified either:

- (a) By Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual, or
- (b) By restricted permission conveyed through the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse.

2. Permission given by Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual will enable the Insignia of the Foreign Order to be worn at all times and without any restriction.

Restricted permission will only enable the Insignia to be worn on the occasions specified in the terms of the letter from the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse conveying the Royal sanction.

3. Full and unrestricted permission by Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual is contemplated in the following cases:—

For a Decoration conferred—

On an Officer in His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces lent to a Foreign Government; on an Officer in His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces attached by his Government to a Foreign Navy, Army or Air Force during hostilities; or on any British Official lent to a Foreign Government and not in receipt of any emoluments from British public funds during the period of such loan.

Red Cross and kindred services will only be regarded as "valuable" for the purposes of these Regulations when they have been rendered in a war in which the Empire has itself been engaged, and when the Decoration for the wearing of which permission is sought has been conferred by an Allied State.

4. Restricted permission is particularly contemplated for Decorations which have been conferred in recognition of personal attention to the Head of a Foreign State, and which are therefore of a more or less complimentary character, but will also be granted for Decorations conferred on other exceptional occasions when in the public interest it is deemed expedient that they should be accepted.

5. Restricted permission will generally be given for Decorations conferred in the following cases, but, as indicated in the preceding paragraph, will not necessarily be limited to these cases:—

(1.) On British Ambassadors or Ministers abroad when the King pays a State visit to the country to which they are accredited;

(Note.—A State visit is defined as one on which the King is accompanied by a Minister or High Official in attendance.)

(2.) On Members of Deputations of British Regiments to Foreign Heads of States;

(3.) On Members of Special Missions when the King is represented at a Foreign Coronation, Wedding, Funeral or similar occasion; or on any Diplomatic Representative when specially accredited to represent His Majesty on such occasions.

Restricted permission will not be given to—

- (a) British Ambassadors or Ministers abroad when leaving;
- (b) British Officers attending Foreign Manœuvres;
- (c) Naval Officers of British Squadrons visiting Foreign Waters.

6. The desire of the Head of a Foreign State to confer upon a British subject in the Service of the Crown the Insignia of an Order must be notified to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs either through the British Diplomatic Representative accredited to the Head of the Foreign State, or through his Diplomatic Representative at the Court of St. James.

7. When His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall have taken the King's pleasure on any such application, and shall have obtained His Majesty's permission for the person in whose favour it has been made to wear the Insignia of a Foreign Order, he shall signify the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may cause a Warrant, if it be a case for the issue of a Warrant as defined in Rule 2, to be prepared for the Royal Sign-Manual.

When such Warrant shall have been signed by the King, a notification thereof shall be inserted in the "Gazette," stating the service for which the Foreign Order has been conferred.

Persons in whose favour such Warrants are issued will be required to pay to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department a stamp duty of 10s.

8. The Warrant signifying His Majesty's permission may, at the request and at the expense of the person who has obtained it, be registered in the College of Arms. Every such Warrant as aforesaid shall contain a clause providing that His Majesty's licence and permission does not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of His Majesty's Realm.

9. A British subject in the Service of the Crown who has received the Royal permission, full or restricted, to accept and wear the Decoration of a Foreign Order, will, on application, be allowed to accept and wear the Decoration of a higher class of the same Order.

Medals.

10. Medals conferred by the Head or Government of a Foreign State for saving or attempting to save life at sea or on land may be accepted and worn without His Majesty's special permission.

11. Other Medals, with the exceptions specified below, are subject to the Regulations in the same manner as Orders, but permission is given by Letter and not by Royal Warrant.

12. In the case of medals for Red Cross services, permission will only be granted in the conditions laid down in Rule 3 above.

13. Applications for His Majesty's permission to wear Medals, other than medals for saving life, conferred by Private Societies or Institutions and Commemorative Medals cannot be entertained.

14. The King's unrestricted permission to accept and wear a Foreign War Medal will only be given to (1) Officers of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces if serving with a Foreign Army, Navy or Air Force with His Majesty's licence, and (2) Military, Naval or Air Attachés or other Officers officially attached to Foreign Armies, Navies or Air Forces during hostilities.

15. In exceptional cases, when for special reasons it is deemed expedient that the acceptance of the Medal should not be declined, His Majesty will grant restricted permission. Such cases will be judged on their merits, and the circumstances in which the Medal may be worn will be specified in the Letter conveying His Majesty's permission.

General.

16. The term "person in the Service of the Crown" includes persons in receipt of a salary from Public Funds, or holding a Royal Commission in any part of His Majesty's Dominions, Protectorates, or Possessions.

17. Ladies are subject to the Regulations in all respects in the same manner as men.

Foreign Office, January, 1926.

B.—Regulations respecting Foreign Orders and Medals applicable to Persons NOT in the Service of the Crown.

Orders.

1. It is the King's wish that no subject of His Majesty shall wear the Insignia of any Foreign Order without having previously obtained His Majesty's permission to do so, signified either :

- (a) By Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual, or
- (b) By restricted permission conveyed through the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse.

2. Permission given by Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual will enable the Insignia of the Foreign Order to be worn at all times and without any restriction.

Restricted permission will only enable the Insignia to be worn on the occasions specified in the terms of the letter from the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse conveying the Royal sanction.

3. The full and unrestricted permission by Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual is designed to meet cases where the Decoration may be said to have been earned by some valuable service rendered to the Head of the State conferring it, or to the State itself. Such service must have been both of manifest and substantial value to the Head of the State or State concerned and not inconsistent with British interests; and must have been rendered within the period of five years immediately preceding the notification of the Decoration to His Majesty's Government as prescribed under Rule 5.

4. Restricted permission is particularly contemplated for Decorations which have been conferred in recognition of personal attention to the Head of a Foreign State and which are therefore of a more or less complimentary character, but will also be granted for Decorations conferred on other exceptional occasions, when in the public interest it is deemed expedient that they should be accepted.

5. Both in the case of full and of restricted permission the matter will be submitted to the King by His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, who shall be under no obligation to consider applications for permission unless the desire of the Head of a Foreign State to confer upon a British subject the insignia of an Order is notified to him before the Order is conferred, either through the British Diplomatic Representative accredited to the Head of the Foreign State or through the Diplomatic Representative of the latter at the Court of St. James.

6. When His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall have taken the King's pleasure on any such application, and shall have obtained His Majesty's permission for the person in whose favour it has been made to wear the Insignia of a Foreign Order, he shall signify the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may cause a Warrant, if it be a case for the issue of a Warrant as defined in Rule 2, to be prepared for the Royal Sign-Manual.

When such Warrant shall have been signed by the King, a notification thereof shall be inserted in the "Gazette," stating the service for which the Foreign Order has been conferred.

Persons in whose favour such Warrants are issued will be required to pay to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department a stamp duty of 10s.

7. The Warrant signifying His Majesty's permission may, at the request and at the expense of the person who has obtained it, be registered in the College of Arms. Every such Warrant as aforesaid shall contain a clause providing that His Majesty's licence and permission does not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of His Majesty's Realms.

8. A British subject who has received the Royal permission, full or restricted, to accept and wear the Decoration of a Foreign Order, will, on application, receive permission to accept the Decoration of a higher class of the same Order.

9. These Regulations apply only to Orders of Chivalry. Decorations conferred by Private Societies and Decorations of a purely academic nature, and all Decorations not being Orders of Chivalry, may be accepted without His Majesty's permission, but must not be worn.

Exception is made in the case of a few Foreign Orders, which, though not in strictness Orders of Chivalry, yet are of such a high distinction that, for the purpose of these Regulations, they are to be considered and treated as Orders of Chivalry.

Medals.

10. Medals, with the exceptions specified below, are subject to the Regulations in the same manner as Orders, but permission to wear is given by Letter and not by Royal Warrant. No permission is needed to accept a Foreign Medal if it is not to be worn.

11. Medals for saving or attempting to save life at sea or on land conferred on behalf of the Head or Government of a Foreign State may be accepted and worn without His Majesty's special permission.

12. In the case of Medals for Red Cross services, permission will only be granted in the conditions laid down in Rule 3, paragraph 3, above.

13. Applications for His Majesty's permission to wear Medals, other than medals for saving life, conferred by Private Societies or Institutions and Commemorative Medals cannot be entertained.

14. His Majesty will not grant permission to wear any Foreign War Medal if the person on whom it is to be or has been conferred was during the war acting in contravention of the Foreign Enlistment Act.

General.

15. Ladies are subject to the Regulations in all respects in the same manner as men.

Foreign Office, January, 1926.

8. The Warrant signifying His Majesty's permission may, at the request and at the expense of the person who has obtained it, be registered in the College of Arms. Every such Warrant as aforesaid shall contain a clause providing that His Majesty's licence and permission does not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of His Majesty's Realms.

9. A British subject in the Service of the Crown who has received the Royal permission, full or restricted, to accept and wear the Decoration of a Foreign Order, will, on application, be allowed to accept and wear the Decoration of a higher class of the same Order.

Medals.

10. Medals conferred by the Head or Government of a Foreign State for saving or attempting to save life at sea or on land may be accepted and worn without His Majesty's special permission.

11. Other Medals, with the exceptions specified below, are subject to the Regulations in the same manner as Orders, but permission is given by Letter and not by Royal Warrant.

12. In the case of medals for Red Cross services, permission will only be granted in the conditions laid down in Rule 3 above.

13. Applications for His Majesty's permission to wear Medals, other than medals for saving life, conferred by Private Societies or Institutions and Commemorative Medals cannot be entertained.

14. The King's unrestricted permission to accept and wear a Foreign War Medal will only be given to (1) Officers of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces if serving with a Foreign Army, Navy or Air Force with His Majesty's licence, and (2) Military, Naval or Air Attachés or other Officers officially attached to Foreign Armies, Navies or Air Forces during hostilities.

15. In exceptional cases, when for special reasons it is deemed expedient that the acceptance of the Medal should not be declined, His Majesty will grant restricted permission. Such cases will be judged on their merits, and the circumstances in which the Medal may be worn will be specified in the Letter conveying His Majesty's permission.

General.

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Foreign Office, January, 1926.

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Orders.

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- (a) By Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual, or
- (b) By restricted permission conveyed through the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse.

2. Permission given by Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual will enable the Insignia of the Foreign Order to be worn at all times and without any restriction.

Restricted permission will only enable the Insignia to be worn on the occasions specified in the terms of the letter from the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse conveying the Royal sanction.

3. The full and unrestricted permission by Warrant under the Royal Sign-Manual is designed to meet cases where the Decoration may be said to have been earned by some valuable service rendered to the Head of the State conferring it, or to the State itself. Such service must have been both of manifest and substantial value to the Head of the State or State concerned and not inconsistent with British interests; and must have been rendered within the period of five years immediately preceding the notification of the Decoration to His Majesty's Government as prescribed under Rule 5.

4. Restricted permission is particularly contemplated for Decorations which have been conferred in recognition of personal attention to the Head of a Foreign State and which are therefore of a more or less complimentary character, but will also be granted for Decorations conferred on other exceptional occasions, when in the public interest it is deemed expedient that they should be accepted.

5. Both in the case of full and of restricted permission the matter will be submitted to the King by His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, who shall be under no obligation to consider applications for permission unless the desire of the Head of a Foreign State to confer upon a British subject the insignia of an Order is notified to him before the Order is conferred, either through the British Diplomatic Representative accredited to the Head of the Foreign State or through the Diplomatic Representative of the latter at the Court of St. James.

6. When His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall have taken the King's pleasure on any such application, and shall have obtained His Majesty's permission for the person in whose favour it has been made to wear the Insignia of a Foreign Order, he shall signify the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may cause a Warrant, if it be a case for the issue of a Warrant as defined in Rule 2, to be prepared for the Royal Sign-Manual.

When such Warrant shall have been signed by the King, a notification thereof shall be inserted in the "Gazette," stating the service for which the Foreign Order has been conferred.

Persons in whose favour such Warrants are issued will be required to pay to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department a stamp duty of 10s.

7. The Warrant signifying His Majesty's permission may, at the request and at the expense of the person who has obtained it, be registered in the College of Arms. Every such Warrant as aforesaid shall contain a clause providing that His Majesty's licence and permission does not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of His Majesty's Realm.

8. A British subject who has received the Royal permission, full or restricted, to accept and wear the Decoration of a Foreign Order, will, on application, receive permission to accept the Decoration of a higher class of the same Order.

9. These Regulations apply only to Orders of Chivalry. Decorations conferred by Private Societies and Decorations of a purely academic nature, and all Decorations not being Orders of Chivalry, may be accepted without His Majesty's permission, but must not be worn.

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Medals.

10. Medals, with the exceptions specified below, are subject to the Regulations in the same manner as Orders, but permission to wear is given by Letter and not by Royal Warrant. No permission is needed to accept a Foreign Medal if it is not to be worn.

11. Medals for saving or attempting to save life at sea or on land conferred on behalf of the Head or Government of a Foreign State may be accepted and worn without His Majesty's special permission.

12. In the case of Medals for Red Cross services, permission will only be granted in the conditions laid down in Rule 3, paragraph 3, above.

13. Applications for His Majesty's permission to wear Medals, other than medals for saving life, conferred by Private Societies or Institutions and Commemorative Medals cannot be entertained.

14. His Majesty will not grant permission to wear any Foreign War Medal if the person on whom it is to be or has been conferred was during the war acting in contravention of the Foreign Enlistment Act.

General.

15. Ladies are subject to the Regulations in all respects in the same manner as men.

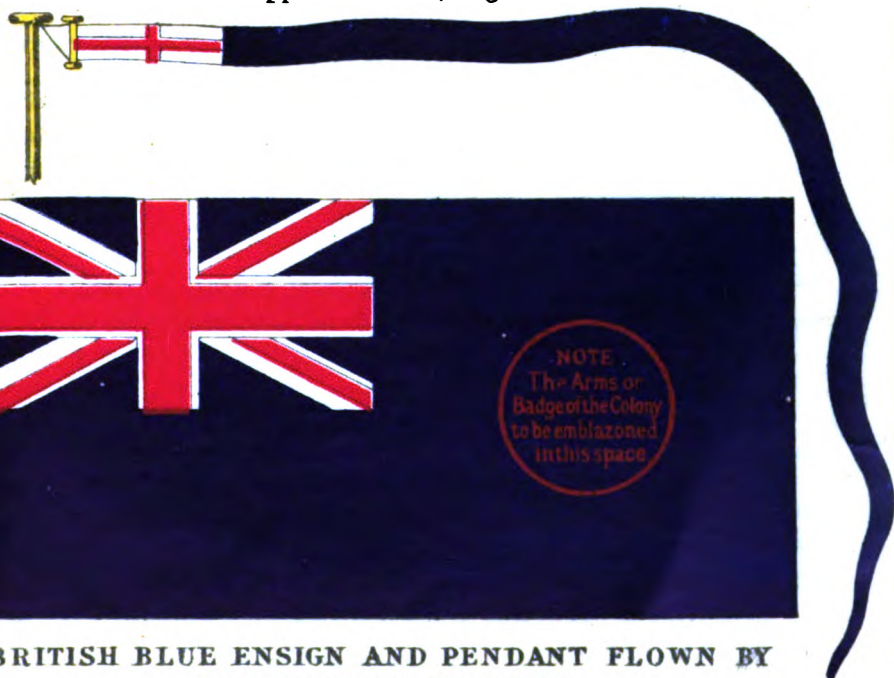
Foreign Office, January, 1926.

Appendix 7. (Reg. 150)



**FLAG USED BY GOVERNORS & WHEN EMBARKED
IN BOATS OR OTHER VESSEL.**

Appendix 8. (Reg. 151)



**BRITISH BLUE ENSIGN AND PENDANT FLOWN BY
GOVERNMENT VESSELS.**

This Ensign and Pendant are used by all armed vessels which belong to or are in the service of the Government of a Colony. Such vessels when not armed fly the Blue Ensign but no Pendant.

APPENDIX 9.

Regulation 184.

PERIODICAL RETURNS, REPORTS, PUBLICATIONS, &c., to be transmitted by COLONIAL GOVERNMENTS to the SECRETARY OF STATE for the COLONIES, except where otherwise shown in the third column.

When these returns are printed, the number sent to the Secretary of State should not be less than six.

Subject.	Period.	No. of Copies.	Address to which sent.
AGRICULTURE—			
Annual Report	Annual	1	Board of Agriculture, and Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.
		1	
Reports, Regulations or other documents	From time to time.	1	
Regulations regarding importation of plants	As issued	1	Board of Agriculture for Scotland, 29 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.
ALIENS—			
Laws and Regulations	From time to time.	5	Home Office.
BANKRUPTCY—			
Reports or Statistics	Annual	1	Board of Trade.
BLUE BOOK	Annual	2	Board of Trade. Imperial Institute. War Office.
		1	
		1	
Blue Book Report. . . .	Annual	1	
BOTANICAL GARDENS—			
Annual Report	Annual	1	The Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.
		1	
Publications or papers for Kew Gardens.	From time to time.	1	The Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.
CATALOGUE—			
of Books registered	From time to time.	2	British Museum. Board of Trade. Industrial Property Dept., B. of T.
		1	
Copyright Laws and Regulations .	As issued	2	
COPYRIGHT—			
Laws and Regulations	From time to time.	2	Industrial Property Dept., Board of Trade.
		1	
CORRESPONDENCE—			
Schedules of unanswered despatches.	Monthly	1	Secretary, Board of Trade.
COUNCILS—			
Proceedings of Executive Councils	Half-yearly	1	Annually and on provisional appointments.
Proceedings of Legislative bodies .	After each Meeting.	1	
Lists of Members of Legislative and Executive Councils.	Annually and on provisional appointments.	1	
CRIMINAL—			
Capital Sentences, Execution of .	Annual	1	
Crime and Prison Discipline . . .	Annual	1	
Flogging of Prisoners	Annual	1	
Gaols	Annual	1	

Subject.	Period.	No. of Copies.	Address to which sent.
DANGEROUS DRUGS —			
Legislation	From time to time.	30	Secretary of State (for League of Nations).
Annual Report	Annual	3	Secretary of State (for League of Nations).
DEFENCE—			
Naval and Military resources	Annual	3	
EDUCATION AND SCHOOLS	Annual	1	
Documents of general interest	As issued	1	Board of Education.
List of Official Publications	Annual	1	Board of Education.
EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION	Annual	1	
GOLD AND SILVER, Production of	Annual	1	
GOVERNMENT HOUSES—			
Changes in accommodation	As effected	1	
LABOUR—			
Legislation	From time to time.	2	Secretary of State (for International Labour Office).
LAWS	As printed	25	As prescribed in Regulation 186.
Aliens	From time to time.	5	Home Office.
Companies' Legislation	As passed	1	Board of Trade.
New Compilations or Corrected Editions.	Annual or as printed.	10	
LEGAL PRACTITIONERS	Annual	1	
MEDICAL AND SANITARY—			
Annual Report	Annual	6	
		6	Sanitary Commissioner for Government of Bombay, Poona.
Bacteriological Report	Annual	1	
Cancer Research	From time to time.	1	
Hospitals and Asylums	Annual	1	
Leprosy Asylums	Annual	1	
Indian Immigrant Lepers	From time to time.	1	
Medical Practitioners:—			
Lists of qualified persons.	From time to time.	1	Royal College of Surgeons of England.
Lists of persons disqualified	From time to time.	1	General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom.
Staff Alterations	Annual	1	General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom.
Plague Reports (as required by the International Sanitary Convention).	From time to time.	1	
Plague Reports	Monthly	2	
Plague Returns	Weekly	—	
METEOROLOGICAL—			
Reports and Returns	Annual	2	Director, Meteorological Office
MILITARY—			
Local Forces—Acts, Ordinances, Proclamations, Orders, and Regulations.	As issued	3	
Nominal Rolls of British Non-Commissioned Officers in Service of Colony.	Annual	1	
Reports on Army Officers on the Active List, lent for duty in Colonies.	Annual	1	
MINES DEPARTMENT—			
Annual Report	Annual	6	
NAVAL—			
Source of Supply of Coal, Liquid Fuel, Provisions.	Annual	1	Admiralty or Naval Commander-in-Chief, as directed.

Subject.	Period.	No. of Copies	Address to which sent.
PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS—			
Laws, Notifications, Regulations, and Specifications.	As issued	6	Commissioner of Patents.
Laws and Regulations	As issued	2	International Office at Berne.
PUBLIC WORKS—			
Annual Report	Annual	1	
PUBLICATIONS—			
Almanac, Local Directory, or Handbook.	Annual	2	
Books and Pamphlets issuing from Colonial Press.	As issued	1	
Government Gazettes	Each mail	6	
Maps produced in Colony	As issued	6	
Newspapers (Two of the leading journals).	Each mail	1	
RAILWAYS—			
Annual Report	Annual	1	
SHIPPING AND SEAMEN—			
Lascars and Asiatic Seamen on British Ships making voyages to places outside the United Kingdom.	Monthly	1	Marine Department, Board of Trade.
Laws	From time to time.	6	Mercantile Marine Department, Board of Trade.
Legislation	From time to time.	6	Marine Department, Board of Trade.
Lighthouses, Buoys, Beacons. . .	From time to time.	1	Board of Trade and Admiralty.
Navigation, new Reefs, Shoals, Currents.	From time to time.	1	Board of Trade and Admiralty.
Returns required under Merchant Shipping Acts	Various	—	Board of Trade.
Ships registered	Annual	1	Registrar-General of Shipping and Seamen.
Wrecks and Casualties	From time to time.		Board of Trade.
Ditto, Notification to Lloyds . .	From time to time.	1	The Secretary of Lloyds
Ditto, Salvaged property, notification to Lloyds.	From time to time.	1	The Secretary of Lloyds.
STATISTICAL—			
Cotton-production and Export . .	Quarterly	1	
Information for Colonial Statistical Abstract.	Annual	1	Board of Trade.
Information for Statistical Department of the Commonwealth of Australia.	From time to time.	1	Commonwealth Statistical Department.
Vital Statistics	Annual	2	
TRADE AND COMMERCE—			
Customs Tariffs and Regulations .	As passed (or Annual)	3	Board of Trade.
Colonial Statistical Abstract . . .	Annual	1	Board of Trade.
Reports on Commercial Developments, new products, etc.	From time to time.	1	Librarian, Board of Trade.
WOMEN AND CHILDREN—			
Report	Annual	4	Secretary of State (for League of Nations).

Regulation 205.

The Form should be sent to the Assistant Secretary, Harbour Department, Board of Trade, London, S.W.

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